AUX ELECTRIC CO., LTD. (Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Audited Financial Statements

December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025

AUX ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

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Independent auditor's report
To the directors of Aux Electric Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Cayman with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Aux Electric Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 3 to 115, which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025 and the statements of financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025, and the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows for each of the years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the three months ended March 31, 2025 (the "Relevant Periods"), and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025 and the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025, and of the Group's consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for each of the Relevant Periods in accordance with the basis of presentation and the basis of preparation set out in notes 2.1 and 2.2 respectively to the consolidated financial statements.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other matter

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to the fact that the financial information for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (the "Interim Comparative Information") is unaudited.

Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements, which also include the Interim Comparative Information, that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the HKICPA, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements for the Relevant Periods as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



Independent auditor's report
To the directors of Aux Electric Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Cayman with limited liability)

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements(continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a
 material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial
 information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the
 consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit
 work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the board of directors of the Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Restriction on distribution and use

These consolidated financial statements are prepared for the purpose of preparation of financial information for inclusion in the prospectus of the Company in connection with the listing of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and accordingly may not be suitable for another purpose.

Our report is intended solely for the information and use by the directors of the Company and should not be distributed to or used by parties other than the Company.

Certified Public Accountants

Enst; you

Hong Kong August 25, 2025

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and three months ended March 31, 2025

	Notes	Year	ended Decembe	er 31,	Three mon Marc	
		2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (unaudited)	RMB'000
REVENUE Cost of sales	5	19,527,585 (15,377,689)	24,831,833 (19,409,654)	29,759,319 (23,518,994)	7,362,572 (5,785,050)	9,352,397 (7,376,697)
Gross profit Other income and gains Selling and distribution	5	4,149,896 321,657	5,422,179 465,572	6,240,325 616,263	1,577,522 101,623	1,975,700 124,222
expenses Administrative expenses Research and development		(785,288) (741,182)	(1,019,264) (949,135)	(1,276,678) (1,025,375)	(263,936) (221,844)	(363,619) (269,329)
expenses Impairment (loss)/gain on		(397,563)	(566,630)	(710,035)	(123,509)	(128,335)
financial assets, net Other expenses Finance costs	7 8	(13,075) (604,106) (96,032)	2,965 (151,804) (61,483)	(43,233) (207,074) (45,146)	(65,920) (31,412) (12,868)	(67,872) (44,577) (17,458)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	6	1,834,307	3,142,400	3,549,047	959,656	1,208,732
Income tax expense	11	(392,569)	(655,606)	(638,876)	(208,061)	(284,184)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD		1,441,738	2,486,794	2,910,171	751,595	924,548
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME						
Other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:						
Receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income:	:					
Changes in fair value Reclassification adjustments for		(1,023)	(6,931)	(1,274)	(2,377)	(12,996)
impairment losses Income tax effect		2,311 (256)	5,610 494	1,309 429	1,474 67	18,315 (554)
		1,032	(827)	464	(836)	4,765
Cash flow hedges: Effective portion of changes in fair value of hedging instruments arising during						
the year/period Income tax effect			<u>-</u>	55,192 7,197	8,562 (1,607)	65,896 (17,520)
				62,389	6,955	48,376

Aux Electric Co., Ltd.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

Years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and three months ended March 31, 2025

	Notes	Year e	ended Decembe	er 31,	Three mont March	
		2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		1,998	4,312	9,083	7,553	1,539
Net other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods		3,030	3,485	71,936	13,672	54,680
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD, NET OF TAX		3,030	3,485	71,936	13,672	54,680
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR/PERIOD		1,444,768	2,490,279	2,982,107	765,267	979,228
Profit attributable to: Owners of the parent		1,441,738	2,486,794	2,910,171	751,595	924,548
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the parent		1,444,768	2,490,279	2,982,107	765,267	979,228
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT Basic and diluted	. 13	RMB1.11	RMB1.91	RMB2.23	RMB0.58	RMB0.68

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025

					As at
			at December 3		March 31,
	Notes	2022	2023	2024	2025
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, plant and equipment	14	4,407,115	4,316,945	5,006,191	5,101,544
Investment property	15	348,893	353,355	331,489	325,845
Right-of-use assets	16(a)	976,236	1,027,026	1,217,277	1,216,690
Intangible assets	17	61,606	68,717	322,203	312,773
Pledged deposits	25	, <u> </u>	816,398	839,453	· _
Deferred tax assets	26	576,651	480,341	498,699	535,078
Prepayments	18	20,392	86,354	172,399	140,746
repayments	10	20,032	00,00+	172,000	140,740
Total non-current assets		6,390,893	7,149,136	8,387,711	7,632,676
CURRENT ASSETS					
Inventories	19	2,841,937	2,707,905	5,878,841	5,227,435
Trade and bills receivables	20	1,427,542	1,944,902	3,003,430	4,764,574
Receivables at fair value through other	20	1,421,342	1,944,902	3,003,430	4,704,374
comprehensive income	21	155,907	670,606	964,806	1,905,411
Prepayments, deposits and other		133,907	070,000	904,000	1,905,411
receivables	18	719,870	497,408	1,448,033	1,339,964
Tax recoverable		119,010	497,400	155,413	34,502
Financial assets at fair value through profit		-	-	155,415	34,302
or loss	24				300.000
Derivative financial instruments	23	38,728	20,762	-	41,290
Pledged deposits	25	600,834	1,231,371	1,424,909	2,621,775
Cash and bank balances	25 25	2,389,724	5,610,379	2,907,756	3,708,047
Amounts due from related parties	40			73	3,708,047
Amounts due nom related parties	40	141,514	137,001		
Total current assets		8,316,056	12,820,334	15,783,261	19,943,364
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade and bills payables	27	5,436,034	6,436,447	10,395,125	11,948,435
Other payables and accruals	28	1,964,235	3,098,603	3,660,304	3,819,287
Contract liabilities	20 29	1,330,375	2,209,731		2,805,624
Derivative financial instruments	23	1,330,373	2,209,731	2,850,473	
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	30	1,062,303	1,200,444	173,370 657,841	69,981 1,507,832
Lease liabilities				29,902	
Income tax payable	16(b)	4,625 169,125	6,190 85,077	126,736	31,979 255,395
Deferred income	21	,	,	,	,
Provision	31 32	47,416 175,734	49,700 185 346	57,317 150,864	50,745 164,828
	32 40		185,346	159,864	104,828
Amounts due to related parties	40	1,316,189	1,578,002	141,890	120,441
Total current liabilities		11,506,036	14,849,778	18,252,822	20,774,547

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025

December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and	i Marcii 3	1, 2025			As at March
	Notes	As	at December 3	31,	31,
		2022	2023	2024	2025
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(3,189,980)	(2,029,444)	(2,469,561)	(831,183)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		3,200,913	5,119,692	5,918,150	6,801,493
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	30	602,101	880	895,493	800,389
Lease liabilities	16(b)	433	4,538	88,000	95,062
Deferred tax liabilities	26 28	_	_	54,045 109,040	20,879 109,040
Other payables Deferred income	31	549,488	547,112	573,637	579,069
Provision	32	321,189	324,883	362,229	372,844
Total non-current liabilities		1,473,211	877,413	2,082,444	1,977,283
Net assets		1,727,702	4,242,279	3,835,706	4,824,210
EQUITY					
Share capital	33	-	-	48	48
Reserves	34	1,727,702	4,242,279	3,835,658	4,824,162
Total equity		1,727,702	4,242,279	3,835,706	4,824,210

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on August 25, 2025 and were signed on its behalf by:

Executive Director:

Evacutive Director

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and three months ended March 31, 2025

Year ended December 31, 2022

			Attributab	Attributable to owners of the parent	e parent		
	Merger	Reserve	Share award	Exchange fluctuation	Financial assets revaluation	Retained	
	reserve RMB'000 (note 34)	funds RMB'000 (note 34)	reserve RMB'000	reserve RMB'000	reserve RMB'000	profits RMB'000	Total equity RMB'000
At January 1, 2022 Profit for the year Other comprehensive	508,442	23,068	58,046	(14,263)	3,488	(303,302) 1,441,738	275,479 1,441,738
Income for the year: Changes in fair value of receivables at fair value through other							
comprehensive income, net of tax Exchange differences on translation	1	1	•	•	1,032	•	1,032
of foreign operations		1		1,998		'	1,998
Total comprehensive income for the year	,	ı	,	1,998	1,032	1,441,738	1,444,768
Transfer from retained profits Equity-settled share-based	1	30,489	1	1		(30,489)	1
payment		1	7,455	•	•	1	7,455
At December 31, 2022	508,442	53,557	65,501	(12,265)	4,520	1,107,947	1,727,702

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)
Years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and three months ended March 31, 2025

Year ended December 31, 2023

			Attributab	Attributable to owners of the parent	e parent		
					Financial		
			Share	Exchange	assets		
	Merger	Reserve	award	fluctuation	revaluation	Retained	
	reserve*	funds*	reserve*	reserve*	reserve*	profits*	Total equity
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(note 34)	(note 34)					
At January 1, 2023	508,442	53,557	65,501	(12,265)	4,520	1,107,947	1,727,702
Profit for the year	1	•	•	•	•	2,486,794	2,486,794
Other comprehensive							
income for the year:							
Changes in fair value of receivables							
at fair value through other							
comprehensive income, net of tax	1	1	1	1	(827)	1	(827)
Exchange differences on translation							
of foreign operations	'	'	'	4,312	'	1	4,312
Total comprehensive income for the							
year	1	ı	ı	4,312	(827)	2,486,794	2,490,279
Transfer from retained profits	ı	76,167	ı	ı		(76,167)	ı
Equity-settled share-based							
payment	'	'	24,298	'	'	'	24,298
				į			
At December 31, 2023	508,442	129,724	89,799	(7,953)	3,693	3,518,574	4,242,279
			c				

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)
Years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and three months ended March 31, 2025

Year ended December 31, 2024

					Attributable to	Attributable to owners of the parent	arent			
					Share	Exchange	Exchange Financial assets	Cash flow		
	Share	Capital	Merger	Reserve	award	fluctuation	revaluation	hedge	Retained	
	capital	reserve*	reserve*	*spunj	reserve*	reserve*	reserve*	reserve*	profits*	profits* Total equity
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Note 33)	(Note 34)	(Note 34)	(Note 34)						
At January 1, 2024	1	,	508,442	129,724	89,799	(7,953)	3,693		3,518,574	4,242,279
Profit for the year	1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	2,910,171	2,910,171
Other comprehensive income for the year:										
Changes in fair value of receivables at fair value through other										
comprehensive income, net of tax	•	1	,	•	•	•	464	•	•	464
Cash flow hedges	٠	•	•	٠	٠	٠	•	62,389	•	62,389
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	'	'	1	'	•	9,083	•	•	•	9,083
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	•	,	•	•	9,083	464	62,389	2,910,171	2,982,107
Transfer of cash flow hedge reserve to inventories	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	(83,984)	•	(83,984)
Equity-settled share-based payment	•	•	'	•	4,245	•	•	•	'	4,245
Deemed contribution from the controlling shareholder (note 34(ii))	٠	٠	321,174	•	•	•	•	•	•	321,174
Deemed distribution to the controlling shareholder (note 34(ii))	•	•	(14,426)	•	٠	•	•	•	•	(14,426)
Issue of shares (note 33)	48	177,809	(46)	•	٠	•	•	•	•	177,811
Transfer from retained profits	•	•	•	418,039	٠	•	•	•	(418,039)	•
Dividends paid (note 12)	'	'	1	'		•		'	(3,793,500)	(3,793,500) (3,793,500)
At December 31, 2024	48	177,809	815,144	547,763	94,044	1,130	4,157	(21,595)	2,217,206	3,835,706
			6							

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED)
Years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and three months ended March 31, 2025

Three months ended March 31, 2024 (unaudited)

Attributable to owners of the parent

				Exchange	Financial assets			
	Merger	Reserve	Share award	fluctuation	revaluation	Cash flow	Retained	Total
	reserve*	funds*	reserve*	reserve*	reserve*	hedge reserve*	profits*	equity
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(note 34)	(note 34)						
At January 1, 2024	508,442	129,724	89,799	(7,953)	3,693	,	3,518,574	4,242,279
Profit for the period (unaudited)	•	•	•	•	1	1	751,595	751,595
Other comprehensive income for the period:								
Changes in fair value of receivables at fair value through								
other comprehensive income, net of tax	•	•	1	•	(836)	ı	'	(836)
Cash flow hedges	•	•	•	•	1	6,955	•	6,955
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	•	•	1	7,553	1	ı	'	7,553
Total comprehensive income for the period	'	'	'	7,553	(836)	6,955	751,595	765,267
Transfer of cash flow hedge reserve to inventories	•	•	•	•	ı	(2,135)	'	(2,135)
Equity-settled share-based payment	'	'	4,770	'	ı	'	'	4,770
At March 31, 2024 (unaudited)	508,442	129,724	94,569	(400)	2,857	4,820	4,270,169	5,010,181

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED) Years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and three months ended March 31, 2025

Three months ended March 31, 2025

					Attributable to	Attributable to owners of the parent	rent			
					Share	Exchange	Financial assets	Cash flow		
	Share	Capital	Merger	Reserve	award	fluctuation	revaluation	hedge	Retained	Total
	Capital	reserve*	reserve*	funds*	reserve*	reserve*	reserve*	reserve*	profits*	equity
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(note 33)	(note 34)	(note 34)	(note 34)						
At January 1, 2025	48	177,809	815,144	547,763	94,044	1,130	4,157	(21,595)	2,217,206	3,835,706
Profit for the period	•	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	924,548	924,548
Other comprehensive income for the period:										
Changes in fair value of receivables at fair										
value through other comprehensive										
income, net of tax	•	1	•	•	i	•	4,765	•	1	4,765
Cash flow hedges	•	•	•	•	i	•	•	48,376	ı	48,376
Exchange differences on translation of foreign										
operations	'	'	'	'	'	1,539	'	'	'	1,539
Total comprehensive income for the period	•	1	•	•	i	1,539	4,765	48,376	924,548	979,228
Transfer of cash flow hedge reserve to										
inventories	•	•	•	•	•	1	•	4,186	•	4,186
Equity-settled share-based payment				·	5,090		'		'	5,090
At March 31, 2025 ==================================	48	177,809	815,144	547,763	99,134	2,669	8,922	30,967	3,141,754	4,824,210

^{*} These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of RMB1,727,702,000, RMB4,242,279,000, RMB3,835,658,000 and RMB4,824,162,000 as at December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025, respectively, in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and three months ended March 31, 2025

	Notes	Year e	ended Decembe	er 31	Three months	
		2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING						
ACTIVITIES Profit before tax Adjustments for:		1,834,307	3,142,400	3,549,047	959,656	1,208,732
Gains on disposal of leasehold land Interest income Fair value gains on financial assets at	5 5	(17,943) (46,612)	(186,525)	(217,790)	(45,280)	(24,531)
fair value through profit or loss	5	(34,835)	(14,582)	(28,389)	-	(1,191)
Impairment loss/(reversal of impairment loss) on financial assets, net Losses on disposal of items of property,	6	13,075	(2,965)	43,233	65,920	67,872
plant and equipment and intangible assets	7	4,174	4,395	5,674	2,805	386
Realized losses on derivative financial instruments		262,344	-	-	_	_
Finance costs Depreciation of property, plant and	8	96,032	61,483	45,146	12,868	17,458
equipment Depreciation of investment property Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortization of intangible assets	14 15 16 17	417,897 21,541 30,856 10,056	415,429 23,888 31,326 10,353	438,894 24,147 45,843 52,250	101,158 6,034 12,036 12,873	117,404 6,060 14,752 13,772
Assets-related government grants released Changes on derivative financial instruments Exchange gains, net	5,31	(49,935)	(47,408)	(56,134)	(13,083)	(12,685)
	23	(2,780)	18,204	165,102	25,138	(74,597)
Exchange gains, net Equity-settled share-based payment		(1,172)	(14,597)	(16,433)	523	(17,508)
expenses	35	7,455 2,544,460	24,298 3,465,699	4,245 4,054,835	4,770 1,145,418	5,090 1,321,014
(Increase)/decrease in inventories Increase in trade and bills receivables Increase in receivables at fair value through other comprehensive		(449,834) (170,003)	134,032 (512,829)	(3,170,936) (1,101,814)	(354,027) (1,453,684)	651,406 (1,809,104)
income		(15,145)	(521,630)	(295,474)	(149,204)	(953,601)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in pledged deposits Increase in trade and bills payables Increase/(decrease) in contract liabilities Increase in other payables and accruals Increase/(decrease) in warranty		568,241 (1,504) 1,030,511 273,502 209,601	226,506 (630,537) 1,000,413 879,356 1,069,024	(949,263) (216,593) 3,958,678 640,742 78,142	(483,079) 497,850 2,264,336 (45,113) 399,593	106,937 (357,413) 1,553,310 (44,849) 216,288
provision		3,231	13,263	11,864	(4,202)	15,579
Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from related parties Increase/(decrease) in amounts due to		996	-	(73)	(4,022)	(293)
related parties		19,115	11,299	57,940	45,714	(21,449)
Cash flows generated from operations		4,013,171	5,134,596	3,068,048	1,859,580	677,825
Income tax paid Interest received		(49,025) 39,849	(642,850) 139,675	(709,317) 159,348	(80,365) 38,729	(122,233) 24,066
Net cash flows generated from operating activities		4,003,995	4,631,421	2,518,079	1,817,944	579,658

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) Years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and three months ended March 31, 2025

	Notes		Year ended	d December 31,	Three months	
		2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		2,446	16,280	58,442	_	_
Purchases of items of property, plant and		2,440	10,200	30,442		
equipment		(256,948)	(328,043)	(809,970)	(281,188)	(201,932)
Purchases of intangible assets Additions to investment property		(3,475)	(18,729) (28,350)	(115,254)	(5,806)	(4,299)
Additions to investment property Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant		(8,980)	(20,350)	(2,281)		(416)
and equipment		25,980	7,006	2,667	1,739	2
Purchase of leasehold land	F 40(=)	400.004	(68,430)	(105,135)	(34,019)	(35,080)
Proceeds from disposal of leasehold land Receipt of government grants for	5,16(a)	100,021	-	-	_	_
property, plant and equipment		25,261	47,316	90,276	2,832	11,545
Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		(3,370,000)	(1,900,000)	(8,013,434)	(200,000)	(2,300,000)
Disposals of financial assets at fair value through		(3,370,000)	(1,900,000)	(0,013,434)	(200,000)	(2,300,000)
profit or loss		3,404,835	1,914,582	8,041,823	-	2,001,191
Payments under derivative financial instruments		(262,344)	(5.045.047)	(0.000.000)	(700.050)	(500,004)
Placement of time deposits Withdrawal of time deposits		(1,139,139)	(5,915,947)	(2,039,900)	(702,050)	(583,634)
Advanced to related parties		885,000 (20,542)	4,881,026 (5,815)	2,547,449	_	_
Repayments from related parties		479,423	10,328	137,001	32,834	_
,		470,420		107,001	02,004	
Net cash flow used in investing activities		(138,462)	(1,388,776)	(208,316)	(1,185,658)	(1,112,623)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from issue of shares	33	-	-	177,811	_	_
Dividends paid		-	-	(3,793,500)	_	-
Contribution from the controlling shareholder	34(ii)	-	-	321,174	_	_
Deemed distribution to the controlling shareholder New bank loans	34(ii)	4,750,880	5,888,399	(14,426) 7,137,804	1,453,240	1,437,507
Repayment of bank loans		(7,707,334)	(6,350,282)	(6,785,794)	(1,287,916)	(682,620)
Interest paid		(102,690)	(62,680)	(45,146)	(12,868)	(17,458)
Principle portion of lease payments		(5,247)	(8,078)	(23,713)	(2,973)	(5,171)
Advances from related parties		112,408	253,969	- (4.404.050)	- (40.404)	_
Repayments to related parties		-	(3,455)	(1,494,052)	(16,131)	- (4.000)
Listing expenses paid		<u>-</u>	-	(990)		(1,869)
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from financing		(0.054.000)	(000 407)	(4.500.000)	400.050	700 000
activities		(2,951,983)	(282,127)	(4,520,832)	133,352	730,389
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND						
CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the		913,550	2,960,518	(2,211,069)	765,638	197,424
year/period		1,227,470	2,131,268	5,102,830	5,102,830	2,907,756
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		(9,752)	11,044	15,995	16,501	19,233
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF						
THE YEAR/PERIOD		2,131,268	5,102,830	2,907,756	5,884,969	3,124,413
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND						
CASH EQUIVALENTS						
Cash and bank balances as stated in the consolidated statements of financial position	25	2,389,724	5,610,379	2,907,756	7,095,408	3,708,047
Less: short-term bank deposits with original		2,309,724	3,010,379	2,907,730	7,093,400	3,700,047
maturities of over three months and due						4
within one year		(258,456)	(507,549)		(1,210,439)	(583,634)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the						
consolidated statements of cash flows		2,131,268	5,102,830	2,907,756	5,884,969	3,124,413

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025

	Notes	As at December 31, 2024 RMB'000	As at March 31, 2025 RMB'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Investment in a subsidiary	44		
Total non-current assets			
CURRENT ASSETS Bank balances Prepayments	25	177,811 	179,224 897
Total current assets		177,811	180,121
CURRENT LIABILITIES Other payables and accruals			718
Total current liabilities			718
Net assets		177,811	179,403
EQUITY Share capital Reserves	33 34	48 177,763	48 179,355
Total equity		177,811	179,403

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on October 23, 2024. The registered address of the Company is PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries now comprising the Group underwent the reorganization in connection with the listing of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Reorganization"). During the Relevant Periods, the Company's subsidiaries were principally engaged in manufacturing and sales of household air-conditioners and central air-conditioners (the "Relevant Business") in mainland China and other countries/jurisdictions. The principal place of business of the Group is No. 1166 Mingguang North Road, Jiangshan Town, Yinzhou District, Ningbo, Zhejiang, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, since the completion date of the Reorganization, the immediate holding company of the Company is AUX Holdings Group Co., Ltd. ("AUX Holdings"), which is incorporated in the Cayman Islands, and the ultimate holding company of the Company is Ze Hui Limited ("Ze Hui"), which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

As at the date of this report, Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang, through his controlled entities, controlled approximately 96.36% of the voting rights of the Company. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang is the ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company.

As at the date of this report, the Company had direct and indirect interests in its subsidiaries, all of which are private limited liability companies (or, if incorporated outside Hong Kong, have substantially similar characteristics to a private company incorporated in Hong Kong), the particulars of which are set out below:

Name	Notes	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of operation	Nominal value of issued ordinary/registered share capital	Percentage attributable Compa Direct	e to the	Principal activities
China Bloom Industrial Co., Ltd.	(a)	British Virgin Islands March 22, 2004	United States dollars ("USD") 2	100	-	Investment holding Investment
Ze Kai Limited	(b)	Hong Kong August 5, 2011	Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") 2,000	_	100	holding
Ningbo Sanxing Technology Co.,		PRC/Mainland China	, , ,			Investment
Ltd.* (寧波三星科技有限公司)	(c)	May 13, 1999	RMB51,000,000	-	100	holding Manufacture
Ningbo AUX Electric Co., Ltd.* (寧		PRC/Mainland China				and sales of air
波奧克斯電氣有限公司)	(j)	June 24, 2003	RMB1,350,000,000	-	100	conditioners
AUX Air Conditioner Co., Ltd.* (奧		PRC/Mainland China				Manufacture and sales of air
克斯空調股份有限公司)	(j)	December 8, 2016	RMB2,434,627,564	-	100	conditioners
Ningbo AUX IMP.& EXP. Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(寧波奧克斯進出口有限公司)	(j)	November 10, 1997	RMB550,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Nanchang City Aux Electric Manufacture Limited Company* (南昌市奧克斯電氣製造有限公 司)	(j)	PRC/Mainland China October 17, 2003	RMB604,197,600	-	100	Manufacture of air conditioners

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

As at the date of this report, the Company had direct and indirect interests in its subsidiaries, all of which are private limited liability companies (or, if incorporated outside Hong Kong, have substantially similar characteristics to a private company incorporated in Hong Kong), the particulars of which are set out below: (continued)

Name	Notes	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary/registered share capital	Percentage attributab Comp	le to the	Principal activities
		-		Direct	Indirect	
Ningbo AUX Home Appliances Sales Co., Ltd.* (寧波奧克斯家電銷售有限公司)	(j)	PRC/Mainland China February 28, 2012	RMB100,000,000	-	100	Sales of air conditioners
Anhui Aux Intelligent Electric Co.,		PRC/Mainland China				Manufacture of air
Ltd.* (安徽奧克斯智能電氣有限公司) Ningbo AUX Information	(j)	November 2, 2017	RMB850,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Technology Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(寧波奧克斯信息技術有限公司)	(j)	May 14, 2015	RMB50,000,000	-	100	conditioners Trading of
Ningbo Huajie Trading Co., Ltd.* (寧波驊頡貿易有限公司)	(e)	PRC/Mainland China June 23, 2017	RMB50,000,000	-	100	metal material
Henan AUX Intelligent Electrical Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Manufacture of air
(河南奧克斯智能電氣有限公司) Ningbo Aoyunshang	(d)	December 6, 2018	RMB600,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Commercial Trading Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(寧波奧雲商商貿有限公司) Ningbo Hutssom Electric	(i)	September 7, 2018	RMB100,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(寧波華蒜電氣有限公司)	(a)	August 17, 2018	RMB200,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Ningbo Aoyunfu Technology Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(寧波奧雲服科技有限公司)	(a)	September 7, 2018 PRC/Mainland China	RMB100,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Tianjin AUX Electric Co., Ltd.* (天津奧克斯電氣有限公司)	(d)	March 24, 2008	RMB350,000,000	-	100	Property leasing Research and
						development
Zhuhai Tuoxin Technology Co.,						of air
Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				conditioning
(珠海拓芯科技有限公司)	(d)	June 29, 2016	RMB3,000,000	-	100	technology
Tianjin AUX Home Appliance Sales Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(天津奧克斯家電銷售有限公司) Ningbo AUX Intelligent	(d)	October 20, 2023	RMB100,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Manufacturing Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Manufacture of air
(寧波奧克斯智能製造有限公司)	(a)	April 30, 2024	RMB200,000,000	-	100	conditioners

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

As at the date of this report, the Company had direct and indirect interests in its subsidiaries, all of which are private limited liability companies (or, if incorporated outside Hong Kong, have substantially similar characteristics to a private company incorporated in Hong Kong), the particulars of which are set out below: (continued)

<u>Name</u>	Notes	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary/register ed share capital	Percentage attributat Com	ple to the pany	Principal activities
				Direct	Indirect	
Xtron Air-conditioning Manufacture (Thailand) Co.,		Thailand	Thai Baht ("THB")			Manufacture and sales of air
Ltd. Aux Cloud Commerce	(g)	September 24, 2018	1,170,000,000	-	100	conditioners Sales of air
(Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	(k)	Malaysia August 18, 2023	Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR") 100,000	-	100	conditioners
Aux Cloud Commerce (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	(1)	Thailand November 29, 2023 Singapore	THB100,000,000 Singapore dollars	-	100	Sales of air conditioners Sales of air
Aux Cloud Commerce PTE. Ltd. Aux Home Appliances (HK) Co.,	(m)	December 21, 2023 Hong Kong	1	-	100	conditioners Sales of air
Limited Hangzhou Aux Air-conditioning	(f)	July 26, 2017	HK\$10,000	-	100	conditioners
Sales Co., Ltd.* (杭州奥克斯空調銷售有限公司) Ningbo Hanyao Optoelectronics	(h)	PRC/Mainland China September 12, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	Sales of air conditioners
Co., Ltd.* (寧波瀚耀光電有限公司) Nanchang Hanyuan	(h)	PRC/Mainland China December 2, 2024	RMB20,000,000	-	100	Generation of electric power
Optoelectronics Co., Ltd.* (南昌瀚遠光電有限公司) Wuhu Hanfeng Optoelectronics	(h)	PRC/Mainland China November 8, 2024	RMB20,000,000	-	100	Generation of electric power
Co., Ltd.* (蕪湖瀚峰光電有限公司) Ma'anshan Hantu Optoelectronics	(h)	PRC/Mainland China November 4, 2024 PRC/Mainland	RMB20,000,000	-	100	Generation of electric power
Co., Ltd.* (馬鞍山市瀚途光電有限公司)	(h)	China November 4, 2024 Kingdom of Saudi	RMB20,000,000 Saudi Arabian	-	100	Generation of electric power
AUX Home Appliances Saudi Arabia Limited L.L.C	(h)	Arabia ("KSA") September 29, 2024 Socialist Republic	Riyal ("SAR") 30,000 Vietnamese Dong	-	100	Sales of air conditioners
Aux Cloud Commerce Vietnam Company Limited	(h)	of Vietnam October 18, 2024	("VND") 72,501,000	-	100	Sales of air conditioners

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

As at the date of this report, the Company had direct and indirect interests in its subsidiaries, all of which are private limited liability companies (or, if incorporated outside Hong Kong, have substantially similar characteristics to a private company incorporated in Hong Kong), the particulars of which are set out below: (continued)

Name	Notes	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary/regist ered share capital	Percentage attributal Com	ole to the	Principal activities
Name	110103	ороганопо	Capital	Direct	Indirect	donvinos
Observation Associations						
Changsha Aux Home Appliance Sales Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(長沙奧克斯家電銷售有限公司)	(h)	September 24, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Shanghai Aux Air-conditioning	()	. ,				
Sales Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(上海奧克斯空調銷售有限公司)	(h)	September 20, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Jinan Aux Air-conditioning Sales Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(濟南奧克斯空調銷售有限公司)	(h)	September 25, 2024	RMB10,000,000	_	100	conditioners
Fuzhou AUX Electric Sales Co.,	()	00010111201 20, 202 1				33114111311313
Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(福州奧克斯電器銷售有限公司)	(h)	October 22, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Jinhua Aux Air-conditioning Sales Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(金華奧克斯空調銷售有限公司)	(h)	September 29, 2024	RMB10,000,000	_	100	conditioners
Chengdu Aux Air-conditioning	()	Coptombol 20, 202 1	141112 10,000,000		100	CONTRIBUTION
Equipment Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(成都奧克斯空調設備有限公司)	(h)	September 30, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Shenyang Aux Xinchuang Sales Co., Ltd*		DD0/M : 1 101:				0 1 6 :
(瀋陽奧克斯新創銷售有限公司)	(h)	PRC/Mainland China October 16, 2024	RMB10,000,000		100	Sales of air conditioners
Shanxi Aux Home Appliance Sales	(11)	October 10, 2024	1101010,000,000		100	conditioners
Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(山西奧克斯家電銷售有限公司)	(h)	October 30, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Nanjing Aux Air Conditioning		55004				
Technology Co., Ltd.* (南京奧克斯空調科技有限公司)	(h)	PRC/Mainland China	DMP10 000 000		100	Sales of air
(南水英元朔王調神又有限公司) Wuxi Aux Electric Sales Co., Ltd.*	(h)	September 29, 2024 PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners Sales of air
(無錫奧克斯電器銷售有限公司)	(h)	November 7, 2024	RMB10,000,000	_	100	conditioners
Nanning Aux Home Appliance	()	, -	-,,			
Sales Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(南寧奧克斯家電銷售有限公司)	(h)	September 26, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Anhui Aux Home Appliance Sales Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(安徽奧克斯家電銷售有限公司)	(h)	September 23, 2024	RMB10,000,000	_	100	conditioners
(()		, 0 0 0 , 0 0 0			

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

As at the date of this report, the Company had direct and indirect interests in its subsidiaries, all of which are private limited liability companies (or, if incorporated outside Hong Kong, have substantially similar characteristics to a private company incorporated in Hong Kong), the particulars of which are set out below: (continued)

Name	Notes	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of operations	Nominal value of issued ordinary/regist ered share capital	Percentage attributak Com Direct	ole to the	Principal activities
Xian Aux Air-conditioning						
Sales Co., Ltd.* (西安奧克斯空調銷售有限公司)	(b)	PRC/Mainland China October 12, 2024	RMB10,000,000		100	Sales of air conditioners
(四女类元朔王嗣朝皆有限公司) Shijiazhuang Aux Air-conditioning	(h)	October 12, 2024	KIVID 10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Sales Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(石家莊奧克斯空調銷售有限公司)	(h)	October 18, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Shanxi Aux Air-conditioning Sales						
Co., Ltd.* (山西奧克斯空調銷售有限公司)	(b)	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10.000.000		100	Sales of air conditioners
Chongging Aux Air-conditioning	(h)	September 24, 2024	KIVID 10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Equipment Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(重慶奧克斯空調設備有限公司)	(h)	October 9, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Shenzhen Aux Air-conditioning		DDO(M.: 1 . 101:				0.1. ()
Sales Co., Ltd.* (深圳奧克斯空調銷售有限公司)	(h)	PRC/Mainland China September 27, 2024	RMB10,000,000		100	Sales of air conditioners
Zhengzhou Aux Electric Sales Co.,	(11)	September 27, 2024	KIVID 10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(鄭州奧克斯電器銷售有限公司)	(h)	September 23, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Nanchang Aux Home Appliance						
Marketing Co., Ltd.* (南昌奧克斯家電營銷有限公司)	(h)	PRC/Mainland China September 24, 2024	RMB10,000,000		100	Sales of air conditioners
Hubei Aux Air-conditioning Sales	(h)	September 24, 2024	KIVID 10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Co., Ltd.*		PRC/Mainland China				Sales of air
(湖北奧克斯空調銷售有限公司)	(h)	September 20, 2024	RMB10,000,000	-	100	conditioners
Foshan Aux Electric Sales Co.,						
Ltd.* (佛山奧克斯電器銷售有限公司)	(h)	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000		100	Sales of air conditioners
((h)	December 2, 2024	KIVID 10,000,000	-	100	conditioners

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company that the directors of the Company believe principally affect the results or assets of the Group. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, to give details of other subsidiaries would result in particulars of excessive length.

- (a) As at the date of their reports, no audited financial statements have been prepared for these entities since their dates of incorporation or registration as these entities were not subject to any statutory audit requirements under the relevant rules and regulations in the jurisdictions of their incorporation/registration.
- (b) The statutory financial statements of the entity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards were audited by Yuen Wai Ho, certified public accountant registered in Hong Kong. The statutory financial statements of the entity for the year ended December 31, 2024 prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards were audited by Manford CPA Limited, certified public accountant registered in Hong Kong.
- (c) The statutory financial statements of the entity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 prepared in accordance with China Accounting System for Business Enterprises were audited by Zhejiang Kexin Public Accountants LLP (浙江科信會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)), certified public accountants registered in the PRC. As at the date of this report, no audited financial statements have been prepared for the year ended December 31, 2024.

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

- (d) The statutory financial statements of these entities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 prepared in accordance with China Accounting System for Business Enterprises were audited by BDO China Shu Lun Pan Certified Public Accountants LLP (立信會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)), certified public accountants registered in the PRC. As at the date of this report, no audited financial statements have been prepared for the year ended December 31, 2024.
- (e) The statutory financial statements of the entity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 prepared in accordance with China Accounting System for Business Enterprises were audited by Ningbo Jiade Public Accountants LLP (寧波嘉德會計師事務所(普通合夥)), certified public accountants registered in the PRC. As at the date of this report, no audited financial statements have been prepared for the year ended December 31, 2024.
- (f) The statutory financial statements of the entity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards were audited by Tsang Kwong Yip, certified public accountants registered in Hong Kong. As at the date of this report, no audited financial statements have been prepared for the year ended December 31, 2024.
- (g) The statutory financial statements of this entity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards for Non- Publicly Account Entities were audited by BDO Audit Company Limited, a firm of certified public accountants registered in Thailand. As at the date of this report, no audited financial statements have been prepared for the year ended December 31, 2024.
- (h) No audited financial statements have been prepared for these entities for the years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 as they were incorporated in 2024.
- (i) For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2023, no audited financial statements have been prepared for the entity as the entity was not subject to any statutory audit requirements under the relevant rules and regulations in the jurisdiction of its registration. The statutory financial statements of the entity for the year ended December 31, 2024 prepared in accordance with China Accounting System for Business Enterprises were audited by Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP Shanghai Branch (安永華明會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)上海分所), certified public accountants registered in the PRC.
- (j) The statutory financial statements of these entities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 prepared in accordance with China Accounting System for Business Enterprises were audited by BDO China Shu Lun Pan Certified Public Accountants LLP (立信會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)), certified public accountants registered in the PRC. The statutory financial statements of these entities for the year ended December 31, 2024 prepared in accordance with China Accounting System for Business Enterprises were audited by Ernst & Young Hua Ming LLP Shanghai Branch (安永華明會計師事務所(特殊普通合夥)上海分所), certified public accountants registered in the PRC.
- (k) No audited financial statements have been prepared for the entity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 as it was incorporated in 2023. The statutory financial statements of this entity for the period from its date of incorporation to December 31, 2024 prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards were audited by YYC & CO PLT, a firm of certified public accountants registered in Malaysia.
- (I) No audited financial statements have been prepared for the entity for the years ended December 31, 2022 as it was incorporated in 2023. The statutory financial statements of this entity for the period from its date of incorporation to December 31, 2023 and the year ended December 31, 2024 prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards for Non- Publicly Account Entities were audited by Siriraporn Audit & Consulting Co., Ltd. and BDO Audit Company Limited, respectively, both of which are firms of certified public accountants registered in Thailand.

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

- (m) No audited financial statements have been prepared for the entity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2023 as it was incorporated in 2023. As at the date of this report, no audited financial statements have been prepared for the year ended December 31, 2024.
- * The English names of the companies registered in PRC represent the best efforts made by management of the Company to translate the Chinese names of the companies as they do not have official English names.

2.1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Pursuant to the Reorganization, the Company became the holding company of the companies now comprising the Group on November 22, 2024. The companies now comprising the Group were under the common control of Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang (the "Ultimate Controlling Shareholder") before and after the Reorganization.

Ningbo AUX Electric Co., Ltd. (the then "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries were principally engaged in the Relevant Business during the Relevant Periods. China Bloom Industrial Co., Ltd., Ze Kai Limited ("Ze Kai") and Ningbo Sanxing Technology Co., Ltd. ("Ningbo Sanxing") were investment holding companies, which are controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang. Ningbo Sanxing previously held a wholly-owned subsidiary, Ningbo AUX Fenghe Investment Co., Ltd. (寧波奧克斯豐和投資有限公司, "Ningbo Fenghe"), and Ze Kai previously held a wholly-owned subsidiary, Ningbo Zezhong Building Materials Trading Co., Ltd. (寧波澤眾建材貿易有限公司, "Ningbo Zezhong"), immediately before the Reorganization. Ningbo Fenghe and its subsidiaries, and Ningbo Zezhong were principally engaged in business unrelated to the Relevant Business during the Relevant Periods (the "Non-relevant Business"). As part of the Reorganization, Ningbo Sanxing acquired the entire equity interest in the then Holding Company from AUX Group Co., Ltd. (奧克斯集團有限公司, "AUX Group"), an entity controlled by the Ultimate Controlling Shareholder, and in consideration, AUX Group received the entire equity interest in Ningbo Fenghe from Ningbo Sanxing and RMB14.43 million in cash. In addition, Ze Kai disposed of the entire equity interests in Ningbo Zezhong to AUX Group. For the purpose of presenting the financial position, operating results and cash flows of the Relevant Business, Ningbo Fenghe and its subsidiaries, and Ningbo Zezhong were carved out from this financial information.

2.1 BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Accordingly, for the purpose of this report, the financial information has been prepared by applying the principles of merger accounting as if the Reorganization had been completed at the beginning of the Relevant Periods.

The consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group for the Relevant Periods include the results and cash flows of all companies now comprising the Group from the earliest date presented or since the date when the subsidiaries and/or the Relevant Business first came under the common control of the Ultimate Controlling Shareholder, where this is a shorter period. The consolidated statements of financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025 have been prepared to present the assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries and/or the Relevant Business using the existing book values from the Ultimate Controlling Shareholder's perspective. No adjustments are made to reflect fair values, or recognize any new assets or liabilities as a result of the Reorganization.

All intra-group transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation.

2.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial information has been prepared in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). All HKFRS Accounting Standards effective for the accounting period commencing from January 1, 2025, together with the relevant transitional provisions, have been early adopted by the Group in the preparation of the financial information throughout the Relevant Periods.

The financial information has been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments, which are carried at fair value.

The Group's net current liabilities amounted to approximately RMB831 million at March 31, 2025. Taking into account the available facilities from banks and cash flows from operations for the twelve months from March 31, 2025, the directors of the Company believe that the Group will have sufficient financial resources to settle the borrowings and payments that will be due within next twelve months and consequently, the financial information has been prepared on a going concern basis.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same relevant periods as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. Except for business combinations under common control and those mentioned in note 2.1 to the financial information, the results of subsidiaries are combined from the date on which the Group obtains control and continue to be combined until the date that such control ceases.

2.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognizes the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any non-controlling interest and the exchange fluctuation reserve; and recognizes the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and amended HKFRS Accounting Standards, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in the financial information. The Group intends to adopt them, if applicable, when they become effective.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture¹

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of

Financial Instruments²

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity²

Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, Standards - Volume 11 HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7²

HKFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements³
HKFRS 19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosure⁴

- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027
- Effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027

2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards upon initial application. HKFRS 18 introduces new requirements on presentation within the statement of profit or loss, including specified totals and subtotals. It also requires disclosure of management-defined performance measures in a note and includes new requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of financial information. The new requirements are expected to impact the Group's presentation in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and disclosures of the Group's financial performance. So far, the Group considers that these new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards are unlikely to have a significant impact on the Group's financial performance and financial position.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fair value measurement

The Group measures certain financial instruments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognized only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortization) had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties (continued)

A party is considered to be related to the Group if: (continued)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalized in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognizes such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Buildings	3% to 4.75%
Motor vehicles	9% to 31.67%
Machinery and equipment	9% to 31.67%
Office equipment and fixtures	9% to 31.67%
Freehold overseas land	0%

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at the end of each reporting period.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognized in profit or loss in the year/period the asset is derecognized is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is not depreciated. It is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

Investment property

Investment property is interests in land and buildings held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group measures its investment property at cost less depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings 20 years
Land use rights 50 years

An investment property is derecognized upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognized in profit or loss in the year/period of the retirement or disposal.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year/period end.

Software

Software is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortized on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 10 years.

Patent

Purchased patent is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortized on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 7 years.

Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is or contains a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

(a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognized at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings 2-10 years
Land use rights 50 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

(c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of buildings (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of office equipment and laptop computers that are considered to be of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Aux Electric Co., Ltd. NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative standalone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in profit or loss due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognized on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them as follows:

Financial assets at amortized cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets that are with the objective of holding to collect contractual cash flows, where those cash flows represent SPPI, are classified and measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized, modified or impaired.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments)

Financial assets that are with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, where those cash flows represent SPPI, are classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (i.e. receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income that are set out in note 21 to the financial information). For receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognized in profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortized cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognized in other comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognized in other comprehensive income is recycled to profit or loss. Losses arising on derecognition are presented in "other expense".

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognized in profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments and equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends and investment income on the equity and other investments are also recognized as other income in profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation
 to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through"
 arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the
 asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of
 the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognized in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when the contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortized cost and debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade and bills receivables, which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Simplified approach

For trade and bills receivables and receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognizes a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at the end of each reporting period. To measure the expected credit losses, trade and bills receivables have been assessed on individual basis for debtors in severe financial difficulty, or collectively basis by using a provision matrix, estimated based on the financial quality of debtors and historical credit loss experience, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current and forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and economic environment.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and financial liabilities at amortized cost, as appropriate..

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and bills payables, other payables and accruals, amounts due to related parties, interest-bearing bank borrowings and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

Financial liabilities at amortized cost (trade and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, trade and other payables, and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortization is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognized in profit or loss.

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, future contracts for the purchase of copper and foreign currency swaps, to hedge its foreign currency risk and commodity price risk. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as assets when the fair value is positive and as liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognized in other comprehensive income and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged item affects profit or loss.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting (continued)

For the purpose of hedge accounting, hedges are classified as:

- fair value hedges when hedging the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognised asset or liability or an unrecognized firm commitment; or
- cash flow hedges when hedging the exposure to variability in cash flows that is either attributable to a
 particular risk associated with a recognized asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction,
 or a foreign currency risk in an unrecognized firm commitment; or
- hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation.

At the inception of a hedge relationship, the Group formally designates and documents the hedge relationship to which the Group wishes to apply hedge accounting, the risk management objective and its strategy for undertaking the hedge.

The documentation includes identification of the hedging instrument, the hedged item, the nature of the risk being hedged and how the Group will assess whether the hedging relationship meets the hedge effectiveness requirements (including the analysis of sources of hedge ineffectiveness and how the hedge ratio is determined). A hedging relationship qualifies for hedge accounting if it meets all of the following effectiveness requirements:

- There is "an economic relationship" between the hedged item and the hedging instrument.
- The effect of credit risk does not "dominate the value changes" that result from that economic relationship.
- The hedge ratio of the hedging relationship is the same as that resulting from the quantity of the hedged item that the Group actually hedges and the quantity of the hedging instrument that the Group actually uses to hedge that quantity of hedged item.

Hedges which meet all the qualifying criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as follows:

Cash flow hedges

The effective portion of the gain or loss on the hedging instrument is recognized directly in other comprehensive income in the cash flow hedge reserve, while any ineffective portion is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The cash flow hedge reserve is adjusted to the lower of the cumulative gain or loss on the hedging instrument and the cumulative change in fair value of the hedged item.

The amounts accumulated in other comprehensive income are accounted for, depending on the nature of the underlying hedged transaction. If the hedged transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial item, the amount accumulated in equity is removed from the separate component of equity and included in the initial cost or other carrying amount of the hedged asset or liability. This is not a reclassification adjustment and will not be recognized in other comprehensive income for the period. This also applies where the hedged forecast transaction of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability subsequently becomes a firm commitment to which fair value hedge accounting is applied.

For any other cash flow hedges, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment in the same period or periods during which the hedged cash flows affect profit or loss.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting (continued)

Hedges which meet all the qualifying criteria for hedge accounting are accounted for as follows: (continued)

Cash flow hedges (continued)

If cash flow hedge accounting is discontinued, the amount that has been accumulated in other comprehensive income must remain in accumulated other comprehensive income if the hedged future cash flows are still expected to occur. Otherwise, the amount will be immediately reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. After the discontinuation, once the hedged cash flow occurs, any amount remaining in accumulated other comprehensive income is accounted for depending on the nature of the underlying transaction as described above.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on the moving weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realizable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term highly liquid deposits with a maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

Provisions

A provision is recognized when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognized for a provision is the present value at the end of each reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

The Group provides for warranties in relation to the sales of air-conditioners for general repairs of defects occurring during the warranty period. Provisions for these assurance-type warranties granted by the Group are initially recognized based on sales volume and past experience of the level of repairs, discounted to their present values as appropriate. The warranty-related cost is revised annually.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the Relevant Periods, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of each reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in
 a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither
 the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible
 temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial
 recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time
 of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give
 rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of each reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government grants

Government grants are recognized at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

(a) Sales of goods

The Group are principally engaged in manufacturing and sales of household air-conditioners and central air-conditioners in mainland China and other countries/jurisdictions.

Revenue from domestic sales of goods is recognized when the Group has delivered products to the location specified in the sales contract and the customer has confirmed the acceptance of the products, and the delivery note is signed by both parties. Upon confirming the acceptance, the customer has the right to sell the products at its discretion and takes the risks of any price fluctuations and obsolescence and loss of the products.

Revenue from overseas sales of goods is recognized when the products have been loaded on board and shipped out of the port in accordance with the sales contract.

The credit period granted to customers by the Group is determined based on their credit risk characteristics, which is consistent with industry practice, and there is no significant financing component.

(i) Rights of return

For contracts which provide a customer with a right to return the goods within a specified period, the expected value method is used to estimate the goods that will not be returned because this method best predicts the amount of variable consideration to which the Group will be entitled. The requirements in HKFRS 15 on constraining estimates of variable consideration are applied in order to determine the amount of variable consideration that can be included in the transaction price. For goods that are expected to be returned, instead of revenue, a refund liability is recognized. A right-of-return asset (and the corresponding adjustment to cost of sales) is also recognized for the right to recover products from a customer.

The Group bases its estimates of sales return on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customers, the type of transactions and the specifics of each arrangement.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

- (a) Sales of goods (continued)
 - (ii) Sales rebates

The Group provides distributors with sales rebate and discount, and the relevant revenue is recognized based on contract consideration net of the rebate and discount amount estimated.

(iii) Warranty

The periods and terms of product quality warranty are provided in accordance with the laws and regulations related to the products. The Group has not provided any additional services or product quality warranty, so the product quality warranty does not constitute a separate performance obligation.

(b) Rendering of services

The Group provides installation services which are bundled together with the sale of air-conditioners to certain customers. The installation services can be obtained from other providers and do not significantly customize or modify the products.

Contracts for bundled sales of air conditioner and installation services are comprised of two performance obligations because the promises to transfer the air-conditioner and provide installation services are capable of being distinct and separately identifiable. Accordingly, the transaction price is allocated based on the relative stand-alone selling prices of the sale of air-conditioner and installation services.

Revenue from installation services is recognized at a point in time upon completion of installation services. If the contractual consideration received or receivable exceeds the services performed, the excess is recognized as contract liabilities.

(c) Royalties

Royalties are brand royalties paid by authorized partners to the Group for the purpose of obtaining brand authorization rights. The Group appropriates and recognizes revenue over the term of the brand authorization contracts.

Revenue from other sources

Rental income is recognized on a time proportion basis over the lease terms. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as income in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

Other income

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognized when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Share-based payments

The Company operates an employee share incentive plan for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value of services received in return for shares granted was measured by reference to the fair value of shares granted and the subscription price paid by the grantees. The fair value of the shares granted is determined using discounted cash flow method, further details of which are given in note 35 to the financial information.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the lock-up restricted period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognized. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognized as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Other employee benefits

Pension scheme

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operates in mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain proportion of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Housing fund and other social insurances

The Group has participated in defined social security contribution schemes for its employees pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations of the PRC. These include housing fund, basic medical insurance, unemployment insurance, injury insurance and maternity insurance. The Group makes monthly contributions to the housing fund and other social insurances. The contributions are charged to profit or loss on an accrual basis. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions payable in each of the reporting periods.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalized as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalization of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Foreign currencies

This Financial information is presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of each reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than RMB. As at the end of each reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into RMB at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

The resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve, except to the extent that the differences are attributable to non-controlling interests. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognized in profit or loss.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's Financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial information:

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The amounts of unrecognised tax losses and deductible temporary differences at December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025 were RMB61,834,000, RMB132,247,000, RMB169,032,000 and RMB198,422,000, respectively. Further details are included in note 26 to the financial information.

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group applied the following judgement that significantly affects the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers:

Determining the method to estimate variable consideration and assessing the constraint for the sale of air-conditioners

Certain contracts for the sale of air-conditioners include volume rebates that give rise to variable consideration. In estimating the variable consideration, the Group is required to use either the expected value method or the most likely amount method based on which method better predicts the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled.

In estimating the variable consideration for the sale of air-conditioners with volume rebates, the Group determined that using a combination of the most likely amount method and the expected value method is appropriate. The selected method that better predicts the amount of variable consideration related to volume rebates is primarily driven by the number of volume thresholds contained in the contract. The most likely amount method is used for those contracts with a single volume threshold, while the expected value method is used for contracts with more than one volume threshold.

Before including any amount of variable consideration in the transaction price, the Group considers whether the amount of variable consideration is constrained. The Group determined that the estimates of variable consideration are not constrained based on its historical experience, business forecast and the current economic conditions. In addition, the uncertainty on the variable consideration will be resolved within a short time frame.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of each reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Variable consideration for sales rebates

The Group estimates variable consideration to be included in the transaction price for the sale of airconditioners with sales rebates.

The Group's expected sales rebates are analyzed on a per customer basis for contracts that are subject to a single volume threshold. Determining whether a customer is likely to be entitled to a rebate depends on the customer's historical rebate entitlement and accumulated purchases to date.

The Group has applied a statistical model for estimating expected sales rebates for contracts with more than one volume threshold. The model uses the historical purchasing patterns and rebate entitlement of customers to determine the expected rebate percentages and the expected value of the variable consideration. Any significant changes in experience as compared to historical purchasing patterns and rebate entitlements of customers will impact the expected rebate percentages estimated by the Group.

The Group updates its assessment of expected sales rebates monthly and the sales rebate accruals and payables are adjusted accordingly. Estimates of expected sales rebates are sensitive to changes in circumstances and the Group's past experience regarding rebate entitlements may not be representative of customers' actual rebate entitlements in the future. The refund liabilities at the end of each reporting period are recorded as "sales rebate accruals and payables" in note 28 to the financial information.

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables at amortized cost

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on ageing analysis of customers that have similar loss patterns.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the manufacturing sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analyzed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in note 20 to the financial information.

Net realizable value of inventories

Net realizable value of inventories is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal. These estimates, based on the current market condition and the historical experience in selling goods of a similar nature, include but not limited to economic outlook, sales forecasts and the forecast market value for the inventory items. They could change significantly as a result of changes in market conditions. The Group reassesses the estimation at the end of each reporting period.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment

In determining the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment, the Group has to consider various factors, such as technical or commercial obsolescence arising from changes or improvements in the production and provision of services, or from a change in the market demand for the product or service output of the asset, expected usage of the asset, expected physical wear and tear, care and maintenance of the asset, and legal or similar limits on the use of the asset. The estimation of the useful life of the asset is based on the experience of the Group with similar assets that are used in a similar way. Additional depreciation is made if the estimated useful lives and/or residual values of property, plant and equipment are different from previous estimation. Useful lives and residual values are reviewed at the end of each reporting period based on changes in circumstances. Further details of the property, plant and equipment are set out in note 14 to the financial information.

Fair value of equity-settled share-based payments

The fair value of the restricted shares granted is determined by using the discounted cash flow method at the grant dates. Valuation techniques are certified by an independent valuer before being implemented for valuation and are calibrated to ensure that outputs reflect market conditions. Some inputs, such as revenue growth rate and discount rate, require management estimates. Should any of the estimates and assumptions change, it may lead to a change in the fair value to be recognized in profit or loss. Further details are included in note 35 to the financial information.

Warranty provisions

The Group provides warranty in accordance with the laws and regulations related to the air-conditioners. Under the terms of warranty, the Group undertakes to repair the air-conditioners free of charge in the event of any malfunctioning within the warranty period.

Estimated costs related to warranty are accrued at the time of sales of air-conditioners based on contractual terms, historical experience on the cost incurred on the past warranty claims and volumes of products sold. In cases where the actual cost incurred on the warranty claims are less or more than expected, or change in facts and circumstances which result in revision of estimated costs related to product warranty, a material reversal or further provision of warranty may arise, which would be recognized in profit or loss for the period in which such a reversal or further provision takes place. Further details are included in note 32 to the financial information.

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

Description of segments and principal activities

For management purposes, the Group is mainly engaged in manufacturing and sales of household air-conditioners and central air-conditioners in mainland China and other countries/jurisdictions, which is regarded as a single reportable segment in a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's management for purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. Therefore, no further operating segment analysis thereof is presented.

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers

	Year e	Year ended December 31.			Three months ended March 31,		
	2022	2022 2023 2024		2024	2025		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (unaudited)	RMB'000		
Mainland China Asia (except for mainland	11,141,582	14,419,477	15,078,580	3,662,583	4,016,628		
China)	4,800,131	5,734,525	7,339,872	1,956,838	2,944,806		
European Union	1,789,547	2,282,070	3,024,817	810,999	1,091,794		
North America	1,041,432	1,132,694	2,095,134	579,639	392,876		
South America	460,827	719,836	1,507,028	184,027	518,585		
Other countries/ jurisdictions	294,066	543,231	713,888	168,486	387,708		
Total revenue	19,527,585	24,831,833	29,759,319	7,362,572	9,352,397		

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

(b) Non-current assets

	As	at December 3	1,	Three months ended March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Mainland China	5,555,661	5,587,248	6,761,527	6,795,114
Other countries/jurisdictions	258,581	265,149	288,032	302,484
Total non-current assets	5,814,242	5,852,397	7,049,559	7,097,598

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

Information about major customers

No revenue from sales to a single customer or a group of customers under common control accounted for 10% or more of the Group's total revenue for each of the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Information about products and services have been disclosed in note 5 to the financial information.

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

	Year ended December 31,			Three months ended March 31,		
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000	
Revenue from contracts with customers Revenue from other sources Gross rental income from operating	19,496,413	24,782,526	29,707,212	7,348,075	9,341,420	
leases	31,172	49,307	52,107	14,497	10,977	
Total	19,527,585	24,831,833	29,759,319	7,362,572	9,352,397	

Revenue from contracts with customers

(i) Disaggregated revenue information

	Year	ended Decembe	er 31,	Three mont	
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
Types of goods or services Sale of household air conditioners	16,429,431	20,518,561	24,568,233	6,387,906	8,208,217
Sale of central air conditioners Installation services of household	1,840,564	2,694,755	3,169,839	723,236	855,402
air-conditioners Installation services of central air-	854,529	1,164,534	1,336,230	154,418	167,960
conditioners Others*	44,592 327,297	55,379 349,297	53,661 579,249	11,742 70,773	9,806 100,035
Total	19,496,413	24,782,526	29,707,212	7,348,075	9,341,420
Timing of revenue recognition Revenue recognized at a point in time: Sale of household air					
conditioners	16,429,431	20,518,561	24,568,233	6,387,906	8,208,217
Sale of central air conditioners Installation services of household	1,840,564	2,694,755	3,169,839	723,236	855,402
air-conditioners Installation services of central air-	854,529	1,164,534	1,336,230	154,418	167,960
conditioners Others – sales of scrap and raw	44,592 278,066	55,379 290,975	53,661 521,228	11,742 56,412	9,806 84,997
materials .	270,000	250,515	521,220	50,412	04,557
Revenue recognized over time: Others	49,231	58,322	58,021	14,361	15,038
Total	19,496,413	24,782,526	29,707,212	7,348,075	9,341,420

^{*} Others mainly consist of the Group's sales of scrap and raw materials and royalty income.

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (CONTINUED)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognized in each reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of each reporting period:

				Three mon	
	Year	ended Decemb	er 31,	March	า 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
				(unaudited)	
Sale of air conditioners	724,786	958,442	1,665,425	1,431,267	1,975,849
Installation services	261,617	324,003	473,251	169,709	176,018
Royalty income	35,615	44,978	50,510	14,364	11,294
Total	1,022,018	1,327,423	2,189,186	1,615,340	2,163,161

(ii) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarized below:

Sales of air conditioners

Revenue from domestic sales of goods is recognized when the Group has delivered products to the location specified in the sales contract, the customer has confirmed the acceptance of the products, and the delivery note is signed by both parties. The Group generally requires domestic customers to make payments in advance before the delivery of products.

Revenue from overseas sales of goods is recognized when the products have been loaded on board and shipped out of the port in accordance with the sales contract. The Group generally collects a certain amount of deposits from overseas customers and the remaining payment is generally due within one to four months from the date when the products have been loaded on board and shipped out of the port in accordance with the sales contract.

Some contracts provide customers with a right of return and sales rebates which give rise to variable consideration subject to constraint. The Group provides distributors with sales rebates and discounts, and the relevant revenue is recognized based on contract consideration net of the rebate and discount amounts estimated.

The periods and terms of product quality warranty are provided in accordance with the laws and regulations related to the products. The Group has not provided any additional services or product quality

warranty, so the product quality warranty does not constitute a separate performance obligation.

The Group's obligation to transfer products to customers for consideration received or receivable is presented as contract liabilities.

Installation services

The performance obligation is satisfied at the point in time as installation services are completed and payments in advance are generally required.

Others

Others mainly consist of the Group's sales of scrap and raw materials and royalty income.

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (CONTINUED)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(ii) Performance obligations (continued)

(i) Sales of scrap and raw materials

The performance obligation is satisfied when the goods are delivered to and accepted by the customer at the location specified by the customer (delivery) and payments in advance are generally required.

(ii) Royalty income

The performance obligation is satisfied over the term of the franchise contract and payments in advance are generally required.

All contracts are for periods of one year or less. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to the unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

Other income and gains

An analysis of other income and gains is as follows:

				Three months e	
		ended Decembe	r 31,	31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
Other income: Government grants: (Note) Asset-related Income related Bank interest income	49,935 33,134 46,612	47,408 89,383 186,525	56,134 179,633 217,790	13,083 34,018 45,280	12,685 44,688 24,531
Other gains:	129,681	323,316	453,557	92,381	81,904
Foreign exchange differences, net Realized gains on derivative financial instruments	114,000	97,875 -	86,042 19,099	3,667	37,501
Fair value gains on derivative financial instruments	2,780	-	-	-	-
Gains on disposal of leasehold land Fair value gains on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	17,943 34,835	14,582	28,389	-	1,191
Compensations from suppliers Others	16,438 5,980	27,475 2,324	22,723 6,453	4,764 811	3,282 344
	191,976	142,256	162,706	9,242	42,318
Total	321,657	465,572	616,263	101,623	124,222

Note: The income related government grants were mainly incentives provided by local government authorities in the PRC, including various forms of government financial incentives and preferential tax treatments, to reward the Group's support and contribution for the development of local economies. The asset-related government grants are related to purchases of property, plant and equipment. The grants related to assets were recognized in profit or loss over the useful lives of relevant assets. As at December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025, there were no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these government grants.

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	Notes	es Year ended December 31,			Three months ended March 31,		
		2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000	
Cost of inventories sold Cost of services provided Depreciation of property, plant and		12,905,190 810,178	16,223,180 1,165,361	19,620,017 1,367,945	5,089,781 166,160	6,504,867 177,766	
equipment Depreciation of investment property Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortization of software* Amortization of patent* Research and development costs Lease payments not included in the	14 15 16 17 17	417,897 21,541 30,856 10,056 - 397,563	415,429 23,888 31,326 10,353 - 566,630	438,894 24,147 45,843 13,307 38,943 710,035	101,158 6,034 12,036 3,137 9,736 123,509	117,404 6,060 14,752 4,036 9,736 128,335	
measurement of lease liabilities Auditor's remuneration Listing expenses Employee benefit expense (excluding directors' and chief executive's	16(c)	42,620 5,523	35,212 14,805 -	56,909 4,837 20,471	11,429 4,538 -	30,287 215 8,257	
remuneration): Wages and salaries Pension scheme contributions and		976,406	1,364,243	1,801,365	387,368	444,469	
social welfare Equity-settled share-based payment		344,637	454,497	551,427	150,504	163,314	
expenses		6,100	21,635	1,581	4,104	4,424	
Total		1,327,143	1,840,375	2,354,373	541,976	612,207	
Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) arising from rental-earning investment property Foreign exchange differences, net Fair value (gains)/losses of derivative financial instruments	5,7 5,7	95 (114,000) (2,780)	956 (97,875) 18,204	3,521 (86,042) 165,102	466 2,459 17,598	67 28,669 2,870	
loss) of financial assets, net: Impairment loss/(gain) of trade receivables, net Impairment loss of receivables at fair value through other comprehensive	20	11,069	(4,531)	43,286	66,411	47,960	
income (Reversal of impairment loss)/impairment loss of financial assets included in prepayments,		2,311	5,610	1,309	1,474	18,316	
deposits and other receivables	18	(305)	(4,044)	(1,362)	(1,965)	1,596	
Total		13,075	(2,965)	43,233	65,920	67,872	
Write-down of inventories to net realizable value Interest income Losses on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment and intangible	5	9,364 (46,612)	19,359 (186,525)	19,657 (217,790)	(5,637) (45,280)	8,819 (24,531)	
assets Gains on disposal of leasehold land	7 5	4,174 (17,943)	4,395 -	5,674 -	2,805	386	

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (CONTINUED)

* The amortization of software and patent for the Relevant Periods are included in "Administrative expenses" and "Research and development expenses", respectively, in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

7. OTHER EXPENSES

	Year ei	nded Decembe	er 31,	Three mont Marc	hs ended h 31,
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
Foreign exchange differences, net Realized losses on derivative	-	-	-	2,459	28,669
financial instruments Fair value losses on derivative	579,663	91,508	-	-	-
financial instruments Losses on derecognition of receivables at fair value through other	-	18,204	165,102	17,598	2,870
comprehensive income Losses on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment and intangible	13,030	25,283	21,537	6,007	3,874
assets	4,174	4,395	5,674	2,805	386
Donations	1,230	1,025	1,020	1,000	1,000
Others	6,009	11,389	13,741	1,543	7,778
Total	604,106	151,804	207,074	31,412	44,577

8. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

	Year e	ended Decembe	er 31,	Three months ended March 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
Interest on bank borrowings Interest on lease liabilities	95,796	61,373	43,832	12,510	16,190
(note 16(b))	236	110	1,314	358	1,268
Total	96,032	61,483	45,146	12,868	17,458

9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Certain of the Company's directors received remuneration from the subsidiaries now comprising the Group prior to their appointment as the directors of the Company. Details of the remuneration received or receivable by the directors from the Group are as follows:

	Year e	nded Decembe	er 31,	Three months ended March 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
Fees	200	208	300	75	75
Other emoluments: Salaries, allowances and	4.000	0.470	0.400	004	755
benefits in kind Performance related bonuses* Equity-settled share-based	1,262 6,472	2,470 8,753	2,468 1,048	624 998	755 824
payment expenses** Pension scheme contributions	1,355	2,663	2,664	666	666
and social welfare	13	14	16	4	4
Subtotal	9,102	13,900	6,196	2,292	2,249
Total	9,302	14,108	6,496	2,367	2,324

^{*} Executive directors of the Company are entitled to bonus payments which are determined according to their performance.

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors were as follows:

				Three mor	nths ended
	Year e	ended Decemb	er 31,	Mar	ch 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
				(unaudited)	
Mr. XIANG Wei	100	100	100	25	25
Ms. JING Xian	100	100	100	25	25
Mr. TAO Shengwen		8	100	25	25
Total	200	208	300	75	75

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024.

^{**} Incentives were granted to one of the directors of the Company in respect of his service to the Group, further details of which are set out in note 35 to the financial information. The fair value of such share incentive awards, which has been recognized in profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amounts included in the financial information for the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024 are included in the above directors' and chief executive's remuneration disclosures.

9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Performance related bonuses RMB'000	Equity-settled share-based payment expenses RMB'000	Pension scheme contributions and social welfare RMB'000	Total remuneration RMB'000
Executive directors: Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang* Mr. XIN Ning**	1,262	6,472	- 1,355	13	9,102
Non-executive directors: Mr. ZHENG Jiang Mr. HE Xiwan Ms. LI Jian				<u>-</u>	
	1,262	6,472	1,355	13	9,102
Year ended December	31, 2023				
	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Performance related bonuses RMB'000	Equity-settled share-based payment expenses RMB'000	Pension scheme contributions and social welfare RMB'000	Total remuneration RMB'000
Executive directors: Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang* Mr. XIN Ning**	2,470	8,753	2,663	14	13,900
Non-executive directors: Mr. ZHENG Jiang Mr. HE Xiwan Ms. LI Jian	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
	2,470	8,753	2,663	14	13,900

9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

	Salaries,			Pension	
	allowances		Equity-settled	scheme	
	and	Performance	share-based	contributions	
	benefits in	related	payment	and social	Total
	kind	bonuses	expenses	welfare	remuneration
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Executive directors: Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang* Mr. XIN Ning**	2,468	1,048	2,664	16	6,196
Non-executive directors: Mr. ZHENG Jiang Mr. HE Xiwan	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-
Ms. LI Jian		_	<u> </u>		
	2,468	1,048	2,664	16	6,196
Three months ended M	arch 31, 2024	(unaudited)			
	Salaries, allowances		Equity-settled	Pension scheme	
	and	Performance	share-based	contributions	
	benefits in	related	payment	and social	Total
	kind RMB'000	bonuses RMB'000	expenses RMB'000	welfare RMB'000	remuneration RMB'000
Executive directors: Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang* Mr. XIN Ning**	- 624	- 998	- 666	- 4	- 2,292
Wii. Aliv Wiilg	024	990			
Non-executive directors: Mr. ZHENG Jiang	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. HE Xiwan Ms. LI Jian	-	-	-	-	-
	624	998	666	4	2,292

9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (continued)

Three months ended March 31, 2025

	Salaries,			Pension	
	allowances		Equity-settled	scheme	
	and	Performance	share-based	contributions	
	benefits in	related	payment	and social	Total
	kind	bonuses	expenses	welfare	remuneration
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Executive directors: Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang* Mr. XIN Ning**	755	- 824	666	4	2,249
Non-executive directors:					
Mr. ZHENG Jiang Mr. HE Xiwan	-	-	-	-	-
Ms. LI Jian		-			
	755	824	666	4	2,249

^{*} Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang is also the chairman of the Company's board of directors.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024.

^{**} Mr. XIN Ning is also the president of the Company.

10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024 included one, one, one, one, and one director, respectively, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 to the financial information.

Details of the remuneration for the remaining four, four, four and four highest paid employees who are neither directors nor the chief executive of the Company during the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024 are as follows:

	Year e	nded Decembe	er 31,	Three mon Marc	ths ended h 31,
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Performance related bonuses	5,465 7,985	4,711 28,654	2,969 6,963	3,101 3,086	3,191 3,482
Equity-settled share-based payment expenses Pension scheme contributions	2,315	4,511	1,559	627	541
and social welfare	51	57	65	15	17
Total	15,816	37,933	11,556	6,829	7,231

The numbers of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands are as follows:

	Year e	nded Decembe	er 31,	Three mon Marc	ths ended ch 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
				(unaudited)	
HK\$1,000,001 to				,	
HK\$1,500,000	-	-	-	2	2
HK\$1,500,001 to					
HK\$2,000,000	-	-	-	1	1
HK\$3,000,001 to					
HK\$3,500,000	2	-	3	1	1
HK\$3,500,001 to					
HK\$4,000,000	1	-	1	-	-
HK\$6,500,001 to					
HK\$7,000,000	-	1	-	-	-
HK\$7,500,001 to					
HK\$8,000,000	-	1	-	-	-
HK\$8,500,001 to					
HK\$9,000,000	1	-	-	-	-
HK\$10,500,001 to					
HK\$11,000,000	-	1	-	-	-
HK\$17,000,001 to					
HK\$17,500,000		1			
Total	4	4	4	4	4

11. INCOME TAX

The Group is subject to income tax on an entity basis on profit arising in or derived from the countries or jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operate.

Mainland China

Under the law of the PRC on corporate income tax (the "CIT Law") and the implementation regulation of the CIT Law, the CIT rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% unless they are subject to preferential tax as set out below.

In 2021, Ningbo Aux Electric Co., Ltd. was accredited as a "High and New Technology Enterprise" ("HNTE") and was entitled to a preferential income tax rate of 15% for a period of three years from December 2021 to December 2024. This subsidiary subsequently renewed its HNTE qualification in 2024 and was entitled to the preferential tax rate of 15% from December 2024 to December 2027.

The State Taxation Administration of the PRC ("STA") announced in March 2021 that manufacturing enterprises engaging in research and development activities would be entitled to claim 200% of their research and development expenses as an additional tax deduction since January 1, 2021. The STA further announced in March 2023 that eligible enterprises would be entitled to claim 200% of their research and development expenses as an additional tax deduction since January 1, 2023. The Group has made its best estimate for the additional tax deduction to be claimed for the Group's entities in ascertaining their assessable profits during the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands

Under the current laws of the Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands, the Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in the British Virgin Islands are not subject to tax on income or capital gains during the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Hong Kong

Hong Kong profits tax is calculated at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024, except for a subsidiary incorporated in Hong Kong which is a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2,000,000 of assessable profits of the qualifying entity are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining profits are taxed at 16.5%.

Thailand

Under the current laws of Thailand, the Company's subsidiaries incorporated in Thailand are not subject to tax on income or capital gains during the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024.

11. INCOME TAX (Continued)

Corporate income tax in other jurisdictions

Income tax on profit arising from other jurisdictions, including Singapore, Japan, Malaysia, USA, UAE and KSA is calculated on the estimated assessable profit for each of the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024 at the respective rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

The income tax expense of the Group is analyzed as follows:

				Three mont	hs ended	
	Year e	nded December	31,	March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
				(unaudited)		
Current income tax:						
Charge for the year/period	214,409	560,414	592,917	228,703	355,901	
Underprovision/						
(Overprovision) in respect						
of prior years	1,201	(1,612)	2,646	2,646	15,902	
Deferred income tax (note 26)	176,959	96,804	43,313	(23,288)	(87,619)	
Total	392,569	655,606	638,876	208,061	284,184	

A reconciliation of the income tax expense applicable to profit before tax using the statutory tax rate for the country or jurisdiction in which the majority of the Company's subsidiaries are domiciled to the income tax expense at the effective tax rate is as follows:

	Year e	ended December :	Three months ended March 31,		
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
Profit before tax	1,834,307	3,142,400	3,549,047	959,656	1,208,732
Tax at the statutory tax rate Effect of lower tax rate enacted	458,577	785,600	887,262	239,914	302,183
by local tax authorities	(26,714)	(71,204)	(143,202)	(27,461)	(20,380)
Expenses not deductible for tax Additional deductible allowance for research and development	8,037	10,461	4,937	3,279	1,596
costs Deductible temporary differences	(59,246)	(83,811)	(124,359)	(20,627)	(21,289)
and tax losses not recognized Utilization of tax losses not	10,714	16,172	17,482	10,310	7,357
recognized in previous years Adjustments in respect of current	-	-	(5,890)	-	(1,185)
tax of previous years	1,201	(1,612)	2,646	2,646	15,902
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate	392,569	655,606	638,876	208,061	284,184

11. INCOME TAX (Continued)

Pillar Two income taxes

The Group is within the scope of the Pillar Two model rules. The Group has applied the mandatory exception to recognizing and disclosing information about deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from Pillar Two income taxes, and will account for the Pillar Two income taxes as current tax when incurred. Pillar Two legislation has been enacted or substantively enacted in certain jurisdiction in which the Group operates, and the legislation is effective for the Group's financial year beginning January 1, 2024.

The Group is still in the process of assessing its potential exposure based on the information available regarding the financial performance of the Group in the year ended December 31, 2024 and the three months ended March 31, 2025. As such, it may not be entirely representative of future circumstances. Based on the current assessment, the Group does not expect a material exposure to Pillar Two income taxes.

12. DIVIDENDS

During the year ended December 31, 2024, a dividend of approximately RMB3,793,500,000 was declared and paid by Ningbo Aux Electric Co., Ltd. to its then shareholders.

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year/period attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares for all periods presented reflecting the aggregate of the weighted average number of the Company's ordinary shares which are outstanding after the completion of the Reorganization.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings per share amounts presented in respect of a dilution as the Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024.

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

	Year	ended December	31,	Three months ended March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
				(unaudited)		
				,		
Earnings						
Profit attributable to						
ordinary equity holders						
of the parent:	1,441,738	2,486,794	2,910,171	751,595	924,548	
•						
	Year	ended December	31,	Three months	ended March 31,	
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025	
				(unaudited)		
<u>Shares</u>						
Weighted average						
number of ordinary						
shares in issue during						
the year/period	1,300,921,250	1,300,921,250	1,302,530,389	1,300,921,250	1,350,000,000	

Aux Electric Co., Ltd.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Group

Buildings RMB'000	At January 1, 2022. Cost Accumulated depreciation (697,618)	Net carrying amount 3,103,284	At January 1, 2022, net of accumulated 3,103,284	เปล สเน แบวสแบบสามา 13,	Transters Depreciation provided during the year (181,863)		At December 31, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment 2,921,411	At December 31, 2022: Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	Net carrying amount 2,921,411
Motor vehicles RMB'000	68,440 (44,634) (253)	23,553	23,553	086	(7,034)	(287)	17,253	63,156 (45,736) (167)	17,253
Machinery and equipment RMB'000	2,191,286 (855,881) (27,697)	1,307,708	1,307,708	43,830	7,326 (204,570)	(5,905) 1,31 <u>2</u>	1,149,701	2,169,592 (992,428) (27,46 <u>3</u>)	1,149,701
Office equipment and fixtures RMB'000	224,103 (144,598) (653)	78,852	78,852	11,409	340 (24,430)	(863)	65,520	230,899 (164,726) (653)	65,520
Construction in progress RMB'000	131,142	131,142	131,142	80,540	(7,844)		203,838	203,838	203,838
Freehold overseas land RMB'000	46,879	46,879	46,879	•		2,513	49,392	49,392	49,392
Total RMB'000	6,462,752 (1,742,731) (28,603)	4,691,418	4,691,418	150,660	(417,897)	(30,122)	4,407,115	6,519,063 (2,083,665) (28,283)	4,407,115

Aux Electric Co., Ltd.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

The Group (continued)

Total RMB'000	6,519,063 (2,083,665) (28,283)	4,407,115	4,407,115 327,425	(415,429) (10,149) 7,98 <u>3</u>	4,316,945	6,818,349 (2,473,607) (27,79 <u>7</u>)	4,316,945
Freehold overseas land RMB'000	49,392	49,392	49,392	1,456	50,848	50,848	50,848
Construction in progress RMB'000	203,838	203,838	203,838 172,953 (111,096)		265,695	265,695	265,695
Office equipment and fixtures RMB'000	230,899 (164,726) (653)	65,520	65,520 25,336 8,170	(22,450) (362) (214)	76,000	261,508 (184,855) (653)	76,000
Machinery and equipment RMB'000	2,169,592 (992,428) (27,463)	1,149,701	1,149,701 100,544 2,595	(195,355) (2,719) 760	1,055,526	2,252,320 (1,169,817) (26,977)	1,055,526
Motor vehicles RMB'000	63,156 (45,736) (167)	17,253	17,253 27,656 863	(7,558) (397) 36	37,853	86,127 (48,107) (167)	37,853
Buildings RMB'000	3,802,186 (880,775)	2,921,411	2,921,411 936 99,468	(190,066) (6,671) 5,945	2,831,023	3,901,851 (1,070,828)	2,831,023
	December 31, 2023 At January 1, 2023: Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	Net carrying amount	At January 1, 2023, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment Additions Transfers	year Jisposals Exchange realignment	At December 31, 2023, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	At December 31, 2023: Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	Net carrying amount

Aux Electric Co., Ltd.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

The Group (continued)

Total RMB'000	6,818,349 (2,473,607) (27,79 <u>7</u>)	4,316,945	4,316,945 1,126,694	(438,894) (8,001) 9,447	5,006,191	7,908,722 (2,874,734) (27,797)	5,006,191
Freehold overseas land RMB'000	50,848	50,848	50,848	1,294	52,142	52,142	52,142
Construction in progress RMB'000	265,695	262,695	265,695 662,543 (227,070)		701,168	701,168	701,168
Office equipment and fixtures RMB'000	261,508 (184,855) (653)	76,000	76,000 45,101 1,364	(21,929) (245) 443	100,734	305,804 (204,417) (653)	100,734
Machinery and equipment RMB'000	2,252,320 (1,169,817) (26,977)	1,055,526	1,055,526 360,905 94,569	(218,042) (7,555) 1,581	1,286,984	2,669,328 (1,355,367) (26,977)	1,286,984
Motor vehicles RMB'000	86,127 (48,107) (167)	37,853	37,853 12,340 2,825	(11,804) (201) 149	41,162	97,995 (56,666) (167)	41,162
Buildings RMB'000	3,901,851 (1,070,828)	2,831,023	2,831,023 45,805 128,312	(187,119)	2,824,001	4,082,285 (1,258,284)	2,824,001
	December 31, 2024 At January 1, 2024: Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	Net carrying amount	At January 1, 2024, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment Additions Transfers	year Disposals Exchange realignment	At December 31, 2024, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	At December 31, 2024: Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	Net carrying amount

Aux Electric Co., Ltd.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)
December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Total RMB'000	7,908,722 (2,874,734) (27,797)	5,006,191	5,006,191	(117,404) (527) 55	5,101,544	8,094,420 (2,965,079) (27,797)	5,101,544
Freehold overseas land RMB'000	52,142	52,142	52,142	(4)	52,138	52,138	52,138
Construction in progress RMB'000	701,168	701,168	701,168 144,827 (625,592)		220,403	220,403	220,403
Office equipment and fixtures RMB'000	305,804 (204,417) (653)	100,734	100,734 10,293 1,603	(7,442) (23) 41	105,206	316,268 (210,409) (653 <u>)</u>	105,206
Machinery and equipment RMB'000	2,669,328 (1,355,367) (26,977)	1,286,984	1,286,984 47,555 231,156	(58,440) (500) (40)	1,506,795	2,922,751 (1,388,979) (26,977)	1,506,795
Motor vehicles RMB'000	97,995 (56,666) (767)	41,162	41,162 1,239	(3,311) (4) (4)	39,082	98,445 (59,196) (167)	39,082
Buildings RMB'000	4,082,285 (1,258,284)	2,824,001	2,824,001 9,315 392,833	(48,211)	3,177,920	4,484,415 (1,306,495)	3,177,920
The Group (continued)	March 31, 2025 At January 1, 2025: Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	Net carrying amount	At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment Additions Transfers	Deprectation provided during the period Disposals Exchange realignment	At March 31, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	At March 31, 2025: Cost Accumulated depreciation Accumulated impairment	Net carrying amount

As at December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025, certain of the Group's buildings with aggregate net carrying values of approximately RMB1,995,540,000, RMB751,361,000, RMB716,581,000 and RMB691,520,000, respectively, were pledged to secure certain interest-bearing bank borrowings and bank facilities of the Group (note 30).

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

The Group

	Buildings RMB'000	Land use right RMB'000	Total RMB'000
December 31, 2022 At January 1, 2022:			
Cost	386,026	160,869	546,895
Accumulated depreciation	(143,079)	(42,362)	(185,441)
Net carrying amount	242,947	118,507	361,454
At January 1, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided	242,947 8,980	118,507 -	361,454 8,980
during the year	(18,324)	(3,217)	(21,541)
At December 31, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation	233,603	115,290	348,893
·	·		
At December 31, 2022:	005 000	400.000	555.075
Cost Accumulated depreciation	395,006 (161,403)	160,869 (45,579)	555,875 (206,982)
Accumulated depreciation	(101,403)	(45,579)	(200,902)
Net carrying amount	233,603	115,290	348,893
	Buildings RMB'000	Land use right RMB'000	Total RMB'000
December 31, 2023 At January 1, 2023:			
Cost	395,006	160,869	555,875
Accumulated depreciation	(161,403)	(45,579)	(206,982)
Net carrying amount	233,603	115,290	348,893
At January 1, 2023, net of			
accumulated depreciation	233,603	115,290	348,893
Additions	28,350	-	28,350
Depreciation provided during the year	(20,671)	(3,217)	(23,888)
At December 31, 2023, net of			
accumulated depreciation	241,282	112,073	353,355
At December 31, 2023:			
At December 31, 2023.			
Cost	423,356	160,869	584,225
	423,356 (182,074)	160,869 (48,796)	584,225 (230,870)
Cost	•		

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (CONTINUED)

The Group (continued)

	Buildings RMB'000	Land use right RMB'000	Total RMB'000
December 31, 2024 At January 1, 2024:			
Cost	423,356	160,869	584,225
Accumulated depreciation	(182,074)	(48,796)	(230,870)
Net carrying amount	241,282	112,073	353,355
At January 1, 2024, net of	044.000	440.070	050.055
accumulated depreciation	241,282	112,073	353,355
Additions	2,281	-	2,281
Depreciation provided during the year	(20,930)	(3,217)	(24,147)
At December 31, 2024, net of	000 000	400.050	004.400
accumulated depreciation	222,633	108,856	331,489
At December 31, 2024:			
Cost	425,637	160,869	586,506
Accumulated depreciation	(203,004)	(52,013)	(255,017)
	((==,=:=)	
Net carrying amount	222,633	108,856	331,489
	Buildings RMB'000	Land use right RMB'000	Total RMB'000
March 31, 2025			
At January 1, 2025:	405.007	100.000	500 500
Cost Accumulated depreciation	425,637		
Accumulated debreciation		160,869	586,506
, 100 a.m.a.a.a.a. a.op. 00 a.a.om	(203,004)	(52,013)	(255,017)
Net carrying amount			
Net carrying amount At January 1, 2025, net of	(203,004)	(52,013)	(255,017)
Net carrying amount	(203,004)	(52,013)	(255,017)
Net carrying amount At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation Additions	(203,004)	(52,013) 108,856	(255,017)
Net carrying amount At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation	(203,004) 222,633 222,633	(52,013) 108,856	(255,017) 331,489 331,489
Net carrying amount At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided during the period	(203,004) 222,633 222,633 416	(52,013) 108,856 108,856	(255,017) 331,489 331,489 416
Net carrying amount At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided during the period At March 31, 2025, net of	(203,004) 222,633 222,633 416 (5,995)	(52,013) 108,856 108,856 - (65)	(255,017) 331,489 331,489 416 (6,060)
Net carrying amount At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided during the period	(203,004) 222,633 222,633 416	(52,013) 108,856 108,856	(255,017) 331,489 331,489 416
Net carrying amount At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided during the period At March 31, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation	(203,004) 222,633 222,633 416 (5,995)	(52,013) 108,856 108,856 - (65)	(255,017) 331,489 331,489 416 (6,060)
Net carrying amount At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided during the period At March 31, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation At March 31, 2025:	(203,004) 222,633 222,633 416 (5,995)	(52,013) 108,856 108,856 (65) 108,791	(255,017) 331,489 331,489 416 (6,060) 325,845
Net carrying amount At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided during the period At March 31, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation	(203,004) 222,633 222,633 416 (5,995)	(52,013) 108,856 108,856 - (65)	(255,017) 331,489 331,489 416 (6,060)
Net carrying amount At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided during the period At March 31, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation At March 31, 2025: Cost	(203,004) 222,633 222,633 416 (5,995) 217,054	(52,013) 108,856 108,856 (65) 108,791 160,869	(255,017) 331,489 331,489 416 (6,060) 325,845

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (CONTINUED)

The Group's investment property is measured using a cost model and depreciated to write off its costs net of estimated residual values over its estimated useful life on a straight-line basis.

The Group's investment property is located on the land in the PRC with a land use right period of 50 years for self-owned property.

There were no items of investment property pledged during the Relevant Periods.

Fair values of the investment property as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods are as follows:

		As at March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Investment property in the				
PRC	580,640	549,160	515,378	507,340

The fair values of the Group's investment property as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods are determined by valuations conducted by Jones Lang LaSalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Ltd., an independent professionally qualified valuer. Under the valuation models, an income approach has been adopted for this industrial property.

The income approach is based on the net rental income of this industrial property derived from the existing leases and/or achievable in the existing market with due allowance for the reversionary income potential of the leases.

The fair value estimations for the self-owned property (including the related leasehold land) were at Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. There were no transfers of fair value measurements into or out of Level 3 during each of the Relevant Periods.

16. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts mainly for various items of land use rights and buildings used in its operations. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire the leased land from the owners with lease periods of 50 years, and no ongoing payments will be made under the terms of these land leases. Leases of buildings generally have lease terms between 2 years and 10 years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during each of the Relevant Periods are as follows:

The Group

	Land use rights RMB'000	Buildings RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at January 1, 2022 Additions Depreciation provided Disposals Early cancellation of leases Exchange realignment	1,078,793 - (25,652) (82,078) - -	7,361 3,206 (5,204) - (106) (84)	1,086,154 3,206 (30,856) (82,078) (106) (84)
As at December 31, 2022 and January 1, 2023	971,063	5,173	976,236
As at December 31, 2022 and January 1, 2023 Additions Depreciation provided Early cancellation of leases Exchange realignment	971,063 68,430 (25,717)	5,173 13,991 (5,609) (239) (66)	976,236 82,421 (31,326) (239) (66)
As at December 31, 2023 and January 1, 2024	1,013,776	13,250	1,027,026
As at December 31, 2023 and January 1, 2024 Additions Depreciation provided Exchange realignment	1,013,776 105,135 (27,068)	13,250 130,904 (18,775) 55	1,027,026 236,039 (45,843) 55
As at December 31, 2024 and January 1, 2025	1,091,843	125,434	1,217,277
As at December 31, 2024 and January 1, 2025 Additions Depreciation provided Early cancellation of leases Exchange realignment	1,091,843 - (7,156) - 	125,434 16,445 (7,596) (2,002) (278)	1,217,277 16,445 (14,752) (2,002) (278)
As at March 31, 2025	1,084,687	132,003	1,216,690

16. LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets (continued)

As at December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025, certain of the land use rights with aggregate net carrying values of approximately RMB731,648,000, RMB442,502,000, RMB432,797,000 and RMB369,233,000, respectively, were pledged to secure certain interest-bearing bank borrowings and bank facilities of the Group (note 30).

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements during each of the Relevant Periods are as follows:

The Group

	As	at December 3	1,	As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Carrying amount at the beginning				
of the year/period	7,215	5,058	10,728	117,902
New leases	3,206	13,991	130,904	16,445
Accretion of interest recognized	,	,	,	•
during the year/period	236	110	1.314	1,268
Payments	(5,483)	(8,188)	(25,027)	(6,439)
Early cancellation of lease	(74)	(246)	-	(2,141)
Exchange realignment	(42)	3	(17)	6
Carrying amount at the end of the				
year/period	5,058	10,728	117,902	127,041
Analyzed into:				
Current portion	4,625	6,190	29,902	31,979
Non-current portion	433	4,538	88,000	95,062

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed as follow:

	As at December 31,			As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Withing one year	4,625	6,190	29,902	31,979
In the second year	433	4,538	13,664	15,918
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	-	-	25,074	35,789
Beyond five years			49,262	43,355
Takal	F 050	40.700	447.000	407.044
Total	5,058	10,728	117,902	127,041

16. LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(c) The amounts recognized in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

The Group

	Year er	nded Decembe	Three months ended March 31,		
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
Interest on lease liabilities Depreciation charge of right-of-	236	110	1,314	358	1,268
use assets Expense relating to short-term	30,856	31,326	45,843	12,036	14,752
leases Expense relating to short-term leases	42,502	34,025	54,805	11,429	30,194
low-value assets Loss/(gain) on early	118	1,187	2,104	-	93
cancellation of lease	32	(7)			(139)
Total amount recognized in profit or loss	73,744	66,641	104,066	23,823	46,168

(d) The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 36 to the financial information.

The Group as a lessor

(1) Rental income from investment property

The Group leases its investment property (note 15) consisting an industrial property in mainland China under operating lease arrangements with leases negotiated from terms ranging from one to ten years.

	Year	Year ended December 31,			ended March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (unaudited)	RMB'000
Rental income	15,972	31,018	38,160	9,705	8,547

16. LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group as a lessor (continued)

(2) Rental income from investment property(continued)

The undiscounted lease payments receivable by the Group in future periods under operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

	As	s at December 3	31,	As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within one year	20,295	39,567	33,893	35,927
After one year but within two years After two years but within three	16,496	30,860	31,661	33,139
years After three years but within four	5,455	24,371	22,120	21,193
years After four years but within five	5,455	19,032	13,315	10,977
years	3,255	10,718	5,535	4,935
After five years	1,075	16,403	14,312	13,313
Total	52,031	140,951	120,836	119,484

(3) Rental income from property, plant and equipment

The Group leases its properties consisting of buildings in mainland China under operating lease arrangements with leases negotiated from terms ranging from one to three years.

	As	at December 3	1,	As at Ma	arch 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
				(unaudited)	
Rental income	15,200	18,289	13,947	4,792	2,430

The undiscounted lease payments receivable by the Group in future periods under operating leases with its tenants are as follows:

	As	s at December 3	31,	As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within one year	13,039	11,297	2,044	944
After one year but within two years After two years but within three	11,532	53	470	734
years	71	11	287	423
Total	24,642	11,361	2,801	2,101

16. LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group has items of property, plant and equipment subject to an operating lease. These assets subject to an operating lease (by class of underlying asset), separate from owned assets held and used by the lessor, are as follows:

	Buildings RMB'000
December 31, 2022 At January 1, 2022: Cost Accumulated depreciation	14,215 (8,121)
Net carrying amount	6,094
At January 1, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation Depreciation provided during the year	6,094 (626)
At December 31, 2022, net of accumulated depreciation	5,468
At December 31, 2022: Cost Accumulated depreciation	14,215 (8,747)
Net carrying amount	5,468
December 31, 2023 At January 1, 2023: Cost Accumulated depreciation	14,215 (8,747)
Net carrying amount	5,468
At January 1, 2023, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Depreciation provided during the year	5,468 5,714 (1,098)
At December 31, 2023, net of accumulated depreciation	10,084
At December 31, 2023: Cost Accumulated depreciation	42,104 (32,020)
Net carrying amount	10,084

16. LEASES (CONTINUED)

The Group has items of property, plant and equipment subject to an operating lease. These assets subject to an operating lease (by class of underlying asset), separate from owned assets held and used by the lessor, are as follows: (continued)

	Buildings RMB'000
December 31, 2024 At January 1, 2024:	42.404
Cost Accumulated depreciation	42,104 (32,020)
Net carrying amount	10,084
At January 1, 2024, net of accumulated depreciation Depreciation provided during the year	10,084 (2,120)
At December 31, 2024, net of accumulated depreciation	7,964
At December 31, 2024: Cost Accumulated depreciation	42,104 (34,140)
Net carrying amount	7,964
March 31, 2025 At January 1, 2025:	
Cost	42,104
Accumulated depreciation	(34,140)
Net carrying amount	7,964
At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation	7,964
Depreciation provided during the period	(78)
At March 31, 2025, net of accumulated depreciation	7,886
At March 31, 2025:	42.404
Accumulated depreciation	42,104 (34,218)
Net carrying amount	7,886

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Group

	Software RMB'000	Patent RMB'000	Total RMB'000
December 31, 2022 At January 1, 2022:			
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment	114,566 (43,550) (2,808)	- -	114,566 (43,550) (2,808)
Net carrying amount	68,208		68,208
At January 1, 2022, net of accumulated amortization and impairment Additions Amortization provided during the year Exchange realignment	68,208 3,475 (10,056) (21)		68,208 3,475 (10,056) (21)
At December 31, 2022, net of accumulated amortization and impairment	61,606		61,606
At December 31, 2022: Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment	118,020 (53,606) (2,808)		118,020 (53,606) (2,808)
Net carrying amount	61,606		61,606
	Software RMB'000	Patent RMB'000	Total RMB'000
December 31, 2023 At January 1, 2023:			
Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment	118,020 (53,606) (2,808)		118,020 (53,606) (2,808)
Net carrying amount	61,606		61,606
At January 1, 2023, net of accumulated amortization and impairment Additions Amortization provided during the year Disposals Exchange realignment	61,606 18,729 (10,353) (1,259) (6)	- - - -	61,606 18,729 (10,353) (1,259)
At December 31, 2023, net of accumulated amortization and impairment	68,717	<u> </u>	68,717
At December 31, 2023: Cost Accumulated amortization Accumulated impairment Net carrying amount	135,484 (63,959) (2,808) 68,717		135,484 (63,959) (2,808) 68,717

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The Group (continued)

	Software RMB'000	Patent RMB'000	Total RMB'000
December 31, 2024 At January 1, 2024:			
Cost	135,484	_	135,484
Accumulated amortization	(63,959)	-	(63,959)
Accumulated impairment	(2,808)		(2,808)
Net carrying amount	68,717		68,717
At January 1, 2024, net of accumulated			
amortization and impairment	68,717	-	68,717
Additions	33,474	272,600	306,074
Amortization provided during the			
year	(13,307)	(38,943)	(52,250)
Disposals	(340)	-	(340)
Exchange realignment	2		2
At December 31, 2024, net of accumulated amortization and			
impairment	88,546	233,657	322,203
At December 31, 2024:			
Cost	165,024	272,600	437,624
Accumulated amortization	(73,670)	(38,943)	(112,613)
Accumulated impairment	(2,808)		(2,808)
Net carrying amount	88,546	233,657	322,203

17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The Group (continued)

	Software RMB'000	Patent RMB'000	Total RMB'000
March 31, 2025 At January 1, 2025:			
Cost	165,024	272,600	437,624
Accumulated amortization	(73,670)	(38,943)	(112,613)
Accumulated impairment	(2,808)		(2,808)
Net carrying amount	88,546	233,657	322,203
At January 1, 2025, net of accumulated			
amortization and impairment	88,546	233,657	322,203
Additions	4,299	-	4,299
Amortization provided during the			
period	(4,036)	(9,736)	(13,772)
Exchange realignment	43		43
At March 31, 2025, net of accumulated amortization and			
impairment	88,852	223,921	312,773
At March 31, 2025:			
Cost	169,366	272,600	441,966
Accumulated amortization	(77,706)	(48,679)	(126,385)
Accumulated impairment	(2,808)		(2,808)
Net carrying amount	88,852	223,921	312,773

18. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The Group

	As at December 31,			As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current				
Value-added-tax recoverable	506,967	198,162	896,828	728,673
Prepayments	182,784	176,131	408,117	467,111
Deposits and other receivables	23,025	106,524	122,774	115,132
Deferred listing expenses	-	-	3,472	5,182
Others	25,836	31,289	30,178	38,798
	738,612	512,106	1,461,369	1,354,896
Impairment allowance	(18,742)	(14,698)	(13,336)	(14,932)
	719,870	497,408	1,448,033	1,339,964
Non-current				
Prepayments for equipment	20,392	86,354	172,399	140,746

Impairment of other receivables is measured as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivable has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

Reconciliation of the allowance for deposits and other receivables is as follows:

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime	ECLs	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At January 1, 2022	686	2,360	16,001	19,047
Impairment (reversal)/loss	(311)	(1,759)	1,765	(305)
As at December 31, 2022	<u>375</u>	601	17,766	18,742
As at December 31, 2023				
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime	e ECLs	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At January 1, 2023	375	601	17,766	18,742
Impairment loss/(reversal)	1,120	48	(5,212)	(4,044)
As at December 31, 2023	1,495	649	12,554	14,698

18. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Reconciliation of the allowance for deposits and other receivables is as follows:

As at December 31, 2024

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime		
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At January 1, 2024	1,495	649	12,554	14,698
Impairment (reversal)/loss	(779)	118	(701)	(1,362)
As at December 31, 2024	716	767	11,853	13,336
As at March 31, 2025				
	12-month ECLs	Lifetime	ECLs	
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At January 1, 2025	716	767	11,853	13,336
Impairment loss/(reversal)	713	2,551	(1,668)	1,596
As at March 31, 2025	1,429	3,318	10,185	14,932

19. INVENTORIES

The Group

	А	As at March 31,		
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2025 RMB'000
Finished goods	1,773,654	1.745.886	3,890,577	3,152,705
Finished goods in transit	405,177	185,527	405,671	639,399
Raw materials Work in progress	399,323 263,783	434,942 341,550	936,380 646,213	912,093 523,238
1 0				
	2,841,937	2,707,905	5,878,841	5,227,435

20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

The Group

	As		As at March 31,	
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Trade receivables	866,552	1,270,782	2,221,953	4,142,971
Impairment	(72,943)	(67,962)	(109,379)	(157,339)
Trade receivables, net	793,609	1,202,820	2,112,574	3,985,632
Bills receivable	633,933	742,082	890,856	778,942
Trade and bills receivables	1,427,542	1,944,902	3,003,430	4,764,574

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit. The credit term is generally from one to four months. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control process to minimize credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. Trade and bills receivables are non-interest-bearing. Bills receivable are aged within six months.

An ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables, based on the revenue recognition date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

	As at December 31,			As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 3 months	732,895	1,037,203	1,987,016	3,680,236
3 to 6 months	41,989	121,221	84,672	265,758
6 to 12 months	15,550	36,907	39,772	37,866
1 to 2 years	3,109	6,784	1,114	1,772
2 to 3 years	66	705		
Total	793,609	1,202,820	2,112,574	3,985,632

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

	A	As at March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At beginning of the year/period	66,426	72,943	67,962	109,379
Impairment losses, net	11,069	(4,531)	43,286	47,960
Amounts written off as uncollectible	(4,552)	(450)	(1,869)	
At end of the year/period	72,943	67,962	109,379	157,339

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been assessed on an individual basis for debtors in severe financial difficulty, or by using a provision matrix, estimated based on the financial quality of debtors and historical credit loss experience, based on the aging of the trade receivables, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current and forward-looking information.

20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables are set out below:

	Expected credit loss rate	Gross carrying amount RMB'000	Expected credit losses RMB'000	Net carrying amount RMB'000
Provision on a collective basis:				
Aged within 1 year Aged 1 to 2 years Aged 2 to 3 years Aged over 3 years	1.49% 40.81% 99.67% 100.00%	802,375 5,253 19,945 16,272	(11,941) (2,144) (19,879) (16,272)	790,434 3,109 66
Provision on an individual basis	100.00%	22,707	(22,707)	-
		866,552	(72,943)	793,609
As at December 31, 2023				
	Expected credit loss rate	Gross carrying amount RMB'000	Expected credit losses RMB'000	Net carrying amount RMB'000
Provision on a collective basis:				
Aged within 1 year Aged 1 to 2 years Aged 2 to 3 years Aged over 3 years	1.74% 47.67% 74.59% 100.00%	1,216,491 12,965 2,774 15,150	(21,160) (6,181) (2,069) (15,150)	1,195,331 6,784 705
Provision on an individual basis	100.00%	23,402	(23,402)	
		1,270,782	(67,962)	1,202,820
As at December 31, 2024				
	Expected credit loss rate	Gross carrying amount RMB'000	Expected credit losses RMB'000	Net carrying amount RMB'000
Provision on a collective basis:				
Aged within 1 year Aged 1 to 2 years Aged 2 to 3 years Aged over 3 years Provision on an individual	1.88% 94.29% 100.00% 100.00%	2,151,844 19,533 9,381 17,808	(40,384) (18,419) (9,381) (17,808)	2,111,460 1,114 - -
basis	100.00%	23,387	(23,387)	
		2,221,953	(109,379)	2,112,574

20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables are set out below: (continued)

As at March 31, 2025

	Expected credit loss rate	Gross carrying amount RMB'000	Expected credit losses RMB'000	Net carrying amount RMB'000
Provision on a collective basis:				
Aged within 1 year	1.63%	4,050,014	(66,154)	3,983,860
Aged 1 to 2 years	94.30%	31,061	(29,289)	1,772
Aged 2 to 3 years	100.00%	11,014	(11,014)	-
Aged over 3 years	100.00%	36,733	(36,733)	-
Provision on an individual				
basis	100.00%	14,149	(14,149)	
		4,142,971	(157,339)	3,985,632

21. RECEIVABLES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

The Group

	As at December 31,			As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Bills receivable at fair value through other comprehensive income Trade receivables at fair value through other comprehensive	13,500	60,603	171,046	107,176
income	142,407	610,003	793,760	1,798,235
Total	155,907	670,606	964,806	1,905,411

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income are as follows:

	A	As at December 31,			
	2022	2023	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
At beginning of year/period	4,872	7,183	12,793	14,102	
Impairment losses, net	2,311	5,610	1,309	18,316	
At end of year/period	7,183	12,793	14,102	32,418	

All the receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income are aged within six months.

22. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

Transferred financial assets that are not derecognized in their entirety

At December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025, the Group endorsed certain bills receivables accepted by banks in mainland China (the "Endorsed Bills") with carrying amounts of RMB632,021,000, RMB510,660,000, RMB695,245,000 and RMB1,308,415,000, respectively, to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers (the "Endorsement"). In the opinion of the Company's directors, the Group has retained the substantial risks and rewards, which include default risks relating to such Endorsed Bills, and accordingly, it continued to recognize the full carrying amounts of the Endorsed Bills and the associated trade payables settled. Subsequent to the Endorsement, the Group did not retain any rights on the use of the Endorsed Bills, including the sale, transfer or pledge of the Endorsed Bills to any other third parties. The aggregate amounts of the trade payables settled by the Endorsed Bills to which the suppliers have recourse were RMB1,339,046,000, RMB1,398,064,000, RMB2,142,247,000 and RMB705,998,000 during the years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the three months ended March 31, 2025, respectively.

At December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025, the Group discounted certain bills receivables accepted by banks in mainland China (the "Discounted Bills") with carrying amounts of nil, nil, RMB61,982,000 and RMB41,982,000, respectively (the "Discounting"). In the opinion of the Company's directors, the Group has retained the substantial risks and rewards, which include default risks relating to such Discounted Bills, and accordingly, it continued to recognize the full carrying amounts of the Discounted Bills and the associated bank borrowings. Subsequent to the Discounting, the Group did not retain any rights on the use of the Discounted Bills, including the sale, transfer or pledge of the Discounted Bills to any other third parties. The aggregate amounts of the Discounted Bills to which the banks have recourse were RMB540,000,000, nil, RMB386,900,00 and RMB46,407,000during the years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the three months ended March 31, 2025, respectively.

Transferred financial assets that are derecognized in their entirety

At December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and March 31, 2025, the Group endorsed certain bills receivables accepted by banks in mainland China to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers with carrying amounts in aggregate of RMB2,386,391,000, RMB3,475,664,000, RMB1,348,224,000 and RMB562,615,000, respectively, and discounted certain bills receivables accepted by banks in mainland China (the "Derecognized Bills") with carrying amounts of nil, RMB1,178,399,000, RMB811,076,000 and RMB102,983,000, respectively. The Derecognized Bills had a maturity of one to six months at the end of each of the Relevant Periods. In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Derecognized Bills may exercise the right of recourse against any, several or all of the persons liable for the Derecognized Bills, including the Group, disregarding the order of precedence (the "Continuing Involvement"). In the opinion of the Company's directors, the risk of the Group being claimed by the holders of the Derecognized Bills is remote in the absence of a default of the accepted banks. The Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to the Derecognized Bills. Accordingly, it has derecognized the full carrying amounts of the Derecognized Bills and the associated trade payables. The maximum exposure to loss from the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognized Bills and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Derecognized Bills is equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the Company's directors, the fair values of the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognized Bills are not significant.

During the years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2025, the Group has recognized losses of RMB13,030,000, RMB25,283,000, RMB21,537,000, RMB6,007,000 (unaudited) and RMB3,874,000, respectively, which represent the difference between the face amount of the Derecognized Bills and the consideration received from the banks that determined by the discount rate ranging from 1.0% to 2.5% per annum and the remaining period of the Derecognized Rills

23. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group

	A	As at December 31	,	As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Assets: Forward currency contracts Futures contracts for the	38,728	15,584	-	-
purchase of copper		5,178		41,290
Total	38,728	20,762		41,290
Liabilities: Forward currency contracts Futures contracts for the	-	238	144,578	69,981
purchase of copper			28,792	
		238	173,370	69,981

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. Derivatives are used for economic hedging purposes and not as speculative investments. However, where derivatives do not meet the hedge accounting criteria, they are classified as "held for trading" for accounting purposes and are accounted for at fair value through profit or loss.

Cash flow hedge - futures contracts for the purchase of copper

Futures contracts for the purchase of copper are designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges of forecast purchases of copper. These forecast transactions are highly probable. There is an economic relationship between the hedged items and the hedging instruments as the terms of the futures contracts for the purchase of copper match the terms of the expected highly probable forecast transactions. To measure the hedge effectiveness, the Group compares the changes in the fair value of the hedging instruments against the changes in fair value of the hedged items attributable to the hedged risks.

During the years ended December 31, 2022, 2023, 2024 and the three months ended March 31, 2025, hedging gains of nil, nil, RMB55,192,000 and RMB65,896,000, respectively, were recognized in other comprehensive income, and nil, nil, RMB83,984,000 and RMB4,186,000, respectively, were removed from cash flow hedge reserve and included in the initial cost of the hedged asset (inventories).

All the other derivative instruments of the Group do not qualify for hedge accounting, thus, changes in the fair value of which are recognized immediately in "other income and gains" or "other expenses" in profit or loss.

24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

The balance as at March 31, 2025 represents structured deposits issued by a commercial bank in Mainland China, which were accounted for as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as their contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest. These structured deposits are with a maturity of 6 months and their yield are linked to foreign currency exchange rate.

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS

The Group

	As	at December 3	1,	As at March 31,
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2025 RMB'000
Cash and bank balances Pledged deposits	2,389,724 600,834	5,610,379 2,047,769	2,907,756 2,264,362	3,708,047 2,621,775
Subtotal	2,990,558	7,658,148	5,172,118	6,329,822
Less: Short-term bank deposits with original maturities of over three months and due				
within one year* Pledged deposits for bills payable*:	(258,456)	(507,549)	-	(583,634)
Current portion	(600,834)	(1,231,371)	(1,424,909)	(2,621,775)
Non-current portion**		(816,398)	(839,453)	
Cash and cash equivalents	2,131,268	5,102,830	2,907,756	3,124,413
Denominated in:				
RMB	1,646,834	4,848,870	1,186,163	1,892,534
USD Euro ("ELIB")	396,864 43,638	189,872 56,038	1,436,547 152,328	943,607 116,212
Euro ("EUR") THB	41,628	5,903	33,615	45,370
MYR	-1,020	376	71,833	92,884
Others	2,304	1,771	27,270	33,806
	2,131,268	5,102,830	2,907,756	3,124,413
The Company				
		As at De	cember 31,	As at March 31,
			2024	2025
			RMB'000	RMB'000
Bank balances			177,811	179,224
Denominated in USD			177,811	179,224

25. CASH AND BANK BALANCES AND PLEDGED DEPOSITS (CONTINUED)

- * Except for short-term bank deposits with original maturities of over three months and due within one year of RMB258, 456, 000, RMB507, 549,000 and nil as at December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 are denominated in USD, RMB400, 815,000 and RMB6, 379,000 as at March 31, 2025 are denominated in Japanese Yen and THB, respectively, all the other balances are denominated in RMB.
- ** The non-current portion of pledged deposits as at December 31, 2023, 2024 and March 31, 2025 are with a maturity between 30 months and 36 months.

The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorized to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

26. DEFERRED TAX

(a) Deferred tax assets

The movements in deferred tax assets of the Group during each of the Relevant Periods are as follows:

	Accrued expenses RMB'000	Warranty provision RMB'000	Tax losses RMB'000	Contract liabilities RMB'000	Impairment for financial assets RMB'000	Deferred income RMB'000	Employee benefits RMB'000	Derivative financial instruments RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Others RMB'000	Total RMB'000
As at January 1, 2022 Deferred tax	69,765	113,937	389,863	80,286	25,442	29,165	26,097	238	15,738	49,531	800,062
(charged)/credited (note 11)	(2,413)	2,869	(186,268)	17,360	(1,564)	(6,162)	4,902	(238)	(9,666)	1,248	_(179,932)
As at December 31, 2022 and January 1, 2023 Deferred tax credited/(charged) (note 11)	67,352 71,837	116,806 5,469	203,595	97,646 (21,572)	23,878	23,003	30,999	- 36	6,072	50,779	620,130
As at December 31,			_(100,201)	(,	(0,120)	0,010			(0,000)	10,020	(0.,0.0)
2023 and January 1, 2024 Deferred tax	139,189	122,275	50,394	76,074	20,458	26,952	34,062	36	2,563	63,808	535,811
(charged)/credited (note 11)	(31,753)	867	5,203	13,415	5,790	(3,662)	7,429	42,283	38,262	35,353	113,187
As at December 31, 2024 and January 1, 2025 Deferred tax	107,436	123,142	55,597	89,489	26,248	23,290	41,491	42,319	40,825	99,161	648,998
credited/(charged) (note 11)	14,989	2,943	(6,640)	19,941	12,970	9,677	2,809	(27,895)	(4,765)	14,851	38,880
At March 31, 2025	122,425	126,085	48,957	109,430	39,218	32,967	44,300	14,424	36,060	114,012	687,878

26. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

(b) Deferred tax liabilities

The movements in deferred tax liabilities of the Group during each of the Relevant Periods are as follows:

differences in	Derivative	interest of			
depreciation	financial	pledged	Right-of-use		
of fixed assets	instruments	deposits	assets	Others	Total
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
20,672	9,077	-	15,742	705	46,196
12,185	(104)		(14,454)	(344)	(2,717)
32,857	8,973	-	1,288	361	43,479
9,953	(3,783)	4,100	1,867	(146)	11,991
42,810	5,190	4,100	3,155	215	55,470
111,800	(5,190)	5,763	36,716	(215)	148,874
154,610	-	9,863	39,871	-	204,344
(39,465)	10,323	1,418	(2,941)		(30,665)
115,145	10,323	11,281	36,930	-	173,679
	depreciation of fixed assets RMB'000 20,672 12,185 32,857 9,953 42,810 111,800 154,610 (39,465)	depreciation of fixed assets RMB'000 financial instruments RMB'000 20,672 9,077 12,185 (104) 32,857 8,973 9,953 (3,783) 42,810 5,190 111,800 (5,190) 154,610 - (39,465) 10,323	depreciation of fixed assets nRMB'000 financial instruments deposits nstruments pledged deposits nstruments 20,672 9,077 - 12,185 (104) - 32,857 8,973 - 9,953 (3,783) 4,100 42,810 5,190 4,100 111,800 (5,190) 5,763 154,610 - 9,863 (39,465) 10,323 1,418	depreciation of fixed assets financial instruments pledged deposits Right-of-use assets RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 20,672 9,077 - 15,742 12,185 (104) - (14,454) 32,857 8,973 - 1,288 9,953 (3,783) 4,100 1,867 42,810 5,190 4,100 3,155 111,800 (5,190) 5,763 36,716 154,610 - 9,863 39,871 (39,465) 10,323 1,418 (2,941)	depreciation of fixed assets financial instruments pledged deposits Right-of-use assets Others RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 20,672 9,077 - 15,742 705 12,185 (104) - (14,454) (344) 32,857 8,973 - 1,288 361 9,953 (3,783) 4,100 1,867 (146) 42,810 5,190 4,100 3,155 215 111,800 (5,190) 5,763 36,716 (215) 154,610 - 9,863 39,871 - (39,465) 10,323 1,418 (2,941) -

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statements of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

_	As	As at March 31,		
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2025 RMB'000
Net deferred tax assets recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position Net deferred tax liabilities recognized	576,651	480,341	498,699	535,078
in the consolidated statements of financial position			54,045	20,879

26. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

The total amounts of tax losses at December 31, 2022, 2023, 2024 and March 31, 2025 were RMB1,094,849,000, RMB416,588,000, RMB363,594,000 and RMB386,451,000, respectively, most of which were generated within mainland China.

The amounts of unrecognized tax losses as at December 31, 2022, 2023, 2024 and March 31, 2025 were RMB47,499,000, RMB105,523,000, RMB139,674,000 and RMB167,080,000, respectively, which will expire in five to ten years for offsetting against future taxable profits of the subsidiaries in which the losses arose. The amounts of unrecognized temporary differences as at December 31, 2022, 2023, 2024 and March 31, 2025 were RMB14,335,000, RMB26,724,000, RMB29,358,000 and RMB31,342,000. No deferred tax assets have been recognized in relation to these tax losses and temporary differences as it is not considered probable that taxable profit will be available against which these tax losses and temporary differences can be utilized.

27. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

The Group

		As at December 31,			
	2022	2023	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Trade payables	3,375,084	3,338,697	6,451,406	6,769,518	
Bills payable	2,060,950	3,097,750	3,943,719	5,178,917	
Total	5,436,034	6,436,447	10,395,125	11,948,435	

Bills payable are aged within six months. An ageing analysis of the trade payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	A	As at March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 3 months	3,297,741	3,214,470	6,292,210	6,617,239
3 to 6 months	48,013	97,301	125,223	133,068
6 to 12 months	12,362	13,834	20,721	12,822
1 to 2 years	8,519	5,109	4,600	2,594
2 to 3 years	3,898	2,658	2,922	1,344
Over 3 years	4,551	5,325	5,730	2,451
Total	3,375,084	3,338,697	6,451,406	6,769,518

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of one to three months.

28. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

The Group

	A	As at March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Current				
Sales rebate accruals and payables	314,091	1,039,272	752,655	984,438
Other accrued expenses	326,572	379,566	395,337	440,589
Deposits	545,252	608,185	806,964	842,306
Payroll payables	389,964	491,445	582,358	498,637
Equipment and construction				
payables	173,354	238,698	723,247	667,811
Value-added tax payables	68,918	187,343	225,601	240,104
Other tax payables	49,524	59,144	63,612	65,578
Others	96,560	94,950	93,188	65,818
Accrual for listing expenses			17,342	14,006
	1,964,235	3,098,603	3,660,304	3,819,287
Non-current				
Equipment and construction				
payables			109,040	109,040

Other current payables are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand.

29. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

The Group

	A	As at March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Contract liabilities – advances received on sales of				
goods and services	1,330,375	2,209,731	2,850,473	2,805,624

As at January 1, 2022, the carrying amount of contract liabilities was RMB1,056,873,000.

The Group's contract liabilities are mainly related to short-term advances received to deliver goods and render installation services. The increase in contract liabilities in 2022, 2023 and 2024 was mainly due to the continuous growth in the scale of the Group's operations in 2022, 2023 and 2024. The decrease in contract liabilities as at March 31, 2025 was mainly due to the fulfilment of the performance obligations of delivering goods during the three months ended March 31, 2025.

30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

The Group

		As at December 31, 2022				
	Note	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000		
Current Bank loans – secured Bank loans – unsecured	(a) (b)	3.00 1.29-3.45	2023 2023	300,000 762,303		
Total – current				1,062,303		
Non-current Bank loans – secured	(a)	3.65-3.85	2024-2029	602,101		
Total – non-current				602,101		
		Asa	at December 31, 2	023		
	Note	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000		
Current Bank loans – unsecured		0.65-2.75	2024	1,200,444		
Total – current				1,200,444		
Non-current Bank loans – secured	(a)	3.65	2029	880		
Total – non-current				880		

30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

The Group (continued)

		As at December 31, 2024				
	Note	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000		
Current Bank loans – unsecured Current portion of long term bank		0.60-2.31	2025	641,982		
loans – unsecured		2.60-2.65	2025	15,859		
Total – current				657,841		
Non-current Bank loans – secured Bank loans – unsecured	(a)	2.80-3.65 2.40-2.65	2026-2029 2026-2027	50,640 844,853		
Total – non-current			i	895,493		
		As	at March 31, 202	5		
	Note	Effective interest rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000		
Current Bank loans – unsecured Current portion of long term bank		0.8-2.35	2025	1,492,982		
loans – unsecured		2.35-3.65	2025-2026	14,850		
Total – current				1,507,832		
Non-current Bank loans – secured Bank loans – unsecured	(a)	2.35-3.65 2.35-2.65	2026-2029 2026-2027	50,540 749,849		
Total – non-current				800,389		
An analysis of the carrying amounts of interest-bearing bank borrowings by type of interest rate is as follows:						

follows:

	А	As at December 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Fixed interest rate	1,327,524	800,444	900,640	1,515,640
Variable interest rate	336,880	400,880	652,694	792,581
	1,664,404	1,201,324	1,553,334	2,308,221

30. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

	As at December 31,			As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Analyzed into:				
Bank loans repayable:				
Within one year or on demand	1,062,303	1,200,444	657,841	1,507,832
In the second year	194,130	-	694,853	693,449
In the third to fifth years, inclusive	400,411	-	200,640	106,940
Beyond five years	7,560	880		
	1,664,404	1,201,324	1,553,334	2,308,221

Note:

- (a) As at December 31, 2022, 2023, 2024 and March 31, 2025, interest-bearing bank borrowings with the amount of RMB902,101,000, RMB880,000, RMB50,640,000 and RMB50,540,000 were pledged by buildings (note 14) and land use rights (note 16(a)) of the Group, respectively.
- (b) As at December 31, 2022, included in the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings was an amount due to a related party of RMB50,000,000, details of which were disclosed in note 40(d) to the financial information.
- (c) The above loan balances are all denominated in RMB.

31. DEFERRED INCOME

	As at December 31,			As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At the beginning of the year/period	621,578	596,904	596,812	630,954
Addition Amortization during the	25,261	47,316	90,276	11,545
year/period	(49,935)	(47,408)	(56,134)	(12,685)
At the end of the year/period	596,904	596,812	630,954	629,814
Current portion	47,416	49,700	57,317	50,745
Non-current portion	549,488	547,112	573,637	579,069

32. PROVISION

	RMB'000
At January 1, 2022 Additional provision Amounts utilized during the year Exchange realignment	493,587 167,805 (164,574) 105
At December 31, 2022 Portion classified as current liabilities	496,923 (175,734)
Non-current portion	321,189
At January 1, 2023 Additional provision Amounts utilized during the year Exchange realignment	496,923 171,133 (157,870) 43
At December 31, 2023 Portion classified as current liabilities	510,229 (185,346)
Non-current portion	324,883
At January 1, 2024 Additional provision Amounts utilized during the year Exchange realignment	510,229 150,628 (138,824)
At December 31, 2024 Portion classified as current liabilities	522,093 (159,864)
Non-current portion	362,229
At January 1, 2025 Additional provision Amounts utilized during the period Exchange realignment	522,093 39,654 (24,075)
At March 31, 2025 Portion classified as current liabilities	537,672 (164,828)
Non-current portion	372,844

The duration and terms of the product quality guarantee are provided in accordance with the laws and regulations relating to the product. The Group does not provide any additional services or product quality warranties, and therefore product quality warranties do not constitute separate performance obligations. The amount of the provision for the warranties is estimated based on contractual terms, historical experience on cost incurred on the past warranty claims and volumes of products sold. The estimation basis is reviewed on an ongoing basis and revised where appropriate.

^{*} The amount is less than RMB1,000.

33. SHARE CAPITAL

	Numbers of ordinary shares	Amount US\$
Authorized: As at January 1, 2022, December 31, 2022 and 2023 Authorized ordinary shares of US\$0.000005 each	10,000,000	50,000
As at December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025	10,000,000	50,000

A summary of movements in the Company's ordinary share capital is as follows:

	Numbers of	Nominal	Equivalent nominal
	ordinary shares	value of shares	value of shares
	'000	US\$	RMB'000
Issued and fully paid: As at January 1, 2022, December 31, 2022 and 2023	<u>-</u>		
Issue of ordinary shares of US\$0.000005 each	1,350,000	6,750	48
As at December 31, 2024 and March 31, 2025	1,350,000	6,750	48

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on October 23, 2024. Upon its incorporation, one ordinary share was issued and allotted at par value, which was then transferred to AUX Holdings.

On November 22, 2024, the Company issued and allotted 1,300,921,249 ordinary shares to AUX Holdings. Upon such issuance, AUX Holdings held 1,300,921,250 ordinary shares of the Company.

On December 20, 2024, 49,078,750 ordinary shares were issued and allotted to offshore shareholding platforms (as detailed in note 35 to the financial information) at an aggregated consideration of approximately US\$24.7 million (equivalent to approximately RMB177,811,000). The consideration was fully paid on December 24, 2024.

34. RESERVES

The Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein are presented in the consolidated statements of changes in equity.

(i) Capital reserve

As at March 31, 2025, the capital reserve of the Group represents the difference between the par value of the shares issued and the consideration received.

(ii) Merger reserve

As at December 31, 2022 and 2023, the merger reserve represents the sum of share capital of China Bloom Industrial Co., Ltd. (the oversea holding company) and Ningbo AUX Electric Co., Ltd. (the domestic holding company), offset by (i) share capital of Ningbo Fenghe, which is the consideration paid to AUX Group for the share swap; and (ii) share capital of Ningbo Zezhong, both of which have been disposed of/transferred as part of the Reorganization.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, consideration of RMB321,174,000 for the disposal of the entire equity interest in Ningbo Zezhong was received by the Group as deemed contribution from the ultimate controlling shareholder, and cash consideration of RMB14,426,000 for the share swap was paid by the Group as deemed distribution to the ultimate controlling shareholder.

(iii) Reserve funds

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC, certain subsidiaries of the Group, being domestic enterprises, are required to allocate 10% of their profit after tax, as determined in accordance with the relevant PRC accounting standards, to their reserve funds until the reserve funds reach 50% of its registered capital. Subject to certain restrictions set out in the Company Law of the PRC, part of the reserve funds may be converted to registered capital, provided that the remaining balance after the capitalization is not less than 25% of the registered capital.

The Company

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

	Capital reserve RMB'000	Merger reserve RMB'000	Retained profits RMB'000	Total equity RMB'000
As at January 1, 2022, December 31, 2022 and 2023	_	_	_	_
Issue of ordinary shares (note			-	
33)	177,809	-		177,809
Impact of the Reorganization		(46)		(46)
As at December 31, 2024 Profit and total comprehensive	177,809	(46)		177,763
income for the period	-		1,592	1,592
As at March 31, 2025			1,592	179,355

34. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

The Company (continued)

On November 22, 2024, the Company acquired the entire equity interest in China Bloom Industrial Co., Ltd. from AUX Holdings and in consideration, the Company issued and allotted 1,300,921,249 shares to AUX Holdings. The Company's merger reserve represents the difference between the carrying amount of the investment in China Bloom Industrial Co., Ltd. as at the acquisition date of less than RMB1,000 and the equivalent nominal value of the shares issued of approximately RMB46,000.

35. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

For the purpose of awarding the employees and directors of the Group to secure their services and incentivize their maximum effort towards the Group's success, the Group set up four limited partnerships in the PRC as onshore shareholding platforms.

In 2017, 2018 and 2022, 26,164,000 shares, 2,914,623 shares and 29,497,479 shares of Ningbo AUX Electric Co., Ltd. with par value of RMB1.00 each were granted to certain eligible participants and issued to the onshore shareholding platforms, the units of which were held by the grantees. Details of the granted restricted shares are as follows:

Date of grant	Number of shares	Subscription price per share RMB	Fair value at grant date per share RMB
October 11, 2017*	26,164,000	3.62	17.14
August 31, 2018	2,914,623	1.65-1.67	7.62
December 14, 2022	29,497,479	2.39	6.27

^{*} Due to the increase of share capital by capitalization of capital reserve of Ningbo AUX Electric Co., Ltd in July 2018, the total number of shares has been adjusted on a 1:2.25 basis. The number of restricted shares granted in October 11, 2017 has been increased to 58,869,000.

These restricted shares granted to grantees/employees shall be vested after 3 or 6 years since the completion of initial public offering of the Company's shares.

In October 2024, as a step of the Reorganization, for the purpose of better administration and to complete the relevant overseas direct investment (ODI) procedure, four offshore shareholding platforms were established. The onshore shareholding platforms swapped the shares in Ningbo AUX Electric Co., Ltd. to the Company. In return, the offshore shareholding platforms held the shares of the Company upon the completion of the Reorganization. The awarded employees are now holding the units of the four offshore shareholding platforms which held the shares of the Company on behalf of them. Each eligible participant's interests in the onshore shareholding platforms were reflected in such offshore shareholding platforms.

35. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following restricted shares were outstanding during the Relevant Periods:

	Number of restricted shares
At January 1, 2022 Granted during the year Forfeited during the year	37,138,271 29,497,479 (4,047,750)
At December 31, 2022	62,588,000
At January 1, 2023 Forfeited during the year	62,588,000 (2,706,000)
At December 31, 2023	59,882,000
At January 1, 2024 Forfeited during the year	59,882,000 (10,803,250)
At December 31, 2024	49,078,750
At January 1, 2025 Forfeited during the period	49,078,750
At March 31, 2025	49,078,750

The fair value of services received in return for shares granted was measured by reference to the fair value of shares granted less the subscription price paid by the eligible participants. The fair value of the shares granted is measured as the market value at the grant date, which is determined by an external valuer using discounted cash flow method, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the restricted shares were granted.

During the years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the three months ended March 31, 2025, the equity-settled share-based payment expenses of RMB7,455,000, RMB24,298,000, RMB4,245,000 and RMB5,090,000 were charged to profit or loss, respectively.

36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the years ended December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024 and the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of RMB3,206,000, RMB13,991,000, RMB130,904,000 and RMB16,445,000 respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for buildings.

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Interest-bearing bank borrowings RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Amounts due to related parties RMB'000
At January 1, 2022 Changes from financing cash flows	4,627,516 (3,058,908)	7,215 (5,483)	1,131,130 112,408
New leases Interest expense (note 8)	95.796	3,206 236	
Early cancellation of leases Exchange realignment	-	(74) (42)	-
At December 31, 2022	1,664,404	5,058	1,243,538

Year ended December 31, 2023

	Interest-bearing bank borrowings RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Amounts due to related parties RMB'000
At January 1, 2023	1,664,404	5,058	1,243,538
Changes from financing cash flows New leases	(524,453)	(8,188) 13,991	250,514
Interest expense (note 8)	61,373	13,991	-
Early cancellation of leases Exchange realignment	- 	(246)	
At December 31, 2023	1,201,324	10,728	1,494,052

36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2024

	Interest-bearing		Amounts due to
	bank borrowings RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	related parties RMB'000
At January 1, 2024	1,201,324	10,728	1,494,052
Changes from financing cash flows	308,178	(25,027)	(1,494,052)
New leases	-	130,904	-
Interest expense (note 8) Exchange realignment	43,832	1,314 (17)	-
Exertaing realignment		/	
At December 31, 2024	1,553,334	117,902	
Three months ended March 31, 2025	j		
		Interest-bearing	
		bank borrowings	Lease liabilities
		RMB'000	RMB'000
At January 1, 2025		1,553,334	117,902
Changes from financing cash flows		738,697	(6,439)
New leases Interest expense (note 8)		- 16,190	16,445 1,268
Early cancellation of leases		-	(2,141)
Exchange realignment		-	6
At March 31, 2025		2,308,221	127,041
Three months ended March 31, 2024	(unaudited)		
	Interest-bearing		Amounts due to
	bank borrowings	Lease liabilities	related parties
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
At January 1, 2024	1,231,024	10,728	1,494,052
Changes from financing cash flows	152,814	(3,331)	(16,131)
New leases Interest expense (note 8)	- 12,510	1,135 358	-
Exchange realignment		(6)	
At March 31, 2024 (unaudited)	1,396,348	8,884	1,477,921
. ,			

36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(c) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the consolidated statements of cash flows is as follows:

				Three mo	onths ended		
	Year er	nded December	31,		March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
				(unaudited)			
Within operating activities	42,620	35,212	56,909	11,429	30,287		
Within investing activities	-	68,430	105,135	34,019	-		
Within financing activities	5,483	8,188	25,027	3,333	6,439		
Total	48,103	111,830	187,071	48,781	36,726		

37. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

On December 8, 2022, a company (the "Plaintiff") filed a claim against Ningbo Aosheng Trading Co., Ltd. (an entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang), AUX Air Conditioner Co., Ltd. (a subsidiary of the Company) and five individuals, two of whom are the Group's current employees and three of whom are the Group's former employees, alleging infringement of the Plaintiff's business secrets and technical secrets related to eight patents. The Plaintiff's claims include (i) demanding that the defendants immediately cease infringing on the Plaintiff's trade secrets and transfer the eight involved patents to the Plaintiff; and (ii) seeking compensation from the defendants for economic losses and reasonable rights protection costs totaling RMB99.0 million.

In April 2025, the Group received the first- instance decision from the court, which decided, among others, that (i) Ningbo Aosheng Trading Co., Ltd. and two of the individual defendants shall compensate the Plaintiff for its economic losses and reasonable expenses in the amount of RMB3.5 million, and (ii) the Group shall transfer the eight involved patents, which were not used in the production activities of the Group and were not capitalized in the consolidated statements of financial position of the Group, to the Plaintiff. As of the date of this report, Ningbo Aosheng Trading Co., Ltd. has filed an appeal against the decision.

The directors of the Company, based on the aforementioned decision, believe it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required. Accordingly, the Group has not provided for any claim arising from the litigation, other than the related legal and other costs.

38. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of the Group's buildings and land use rights pledged for the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings and bank facilities are included in notes 14 and 16(a) to the financial information.

Details of the Group's deposits pledged for the Group's bills payable are included in note 25 to the financial information.

39. COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following contractual commitments at the end of each reporting period.

	As	As at December 31,				
	2022	2023	2024	2025		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Buildings	341,758	292,629	781,328	539,034		
Machinery	204,701	459,919	315,555	320,747		
Land use rights				35,070		
Total	546,459	752,548	1,096,883	894,851		

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Names of and relationships with related parties

The directors of the Company are of the view that the following parties were significant related parties of the Group that had transactions or balances with the Group during the Relevant Periods:

Name of the related party

Relationship with the Group

Xiwan

Director and controlling shareholder of the Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Company Mr. ZHENG Jiang Director of the Company Director of the Company Mr. HE Xiwan **AUX Holdings** Immediate parent company China Prosper Enterprise Holding Co., Ltd. ("China Prosper") Intermediate parent company **AUX Group** Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Mingzhou Hospital Co., Ltd.* 寧波明州醫院有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Hangzhou Aux Real Estate Co., Ltd.* 杭州奧克斯置業有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Yinzhou Mingao Pharmacy Co., Ltd.* 寧波市鄞州明奧大藥房有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Mingzhou Puhua Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.* 寧波明州普華醫藥有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Aux Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd.* 寧波奧克斯智能科技股份有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Mingzhou Medical Group Co., Ltd.* 寧波明州醫療集團有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Aux Real Estate Co., Ltd.* 寧波奧克斯置業有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Sanxing Medical Electric Co., Ltd.* 寧波三星醫療電氣股份有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Shu Yi Property Services Limited Co., Ltd.* 曙一物業服務有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo ShuYi Business Service Co., Ltd.* 寧波曙一商務服務有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Zezhong Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Fengtong Investment Co., Ltd.* 寧波豐通投資有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Shengyao Enterprise Management Co., Ltd.* 寧波聖耀企業管理有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Ningbo Aoneng Electric Co., Ltd* 寧波奧能電氣有限公司 Entity controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Jiangxi Longzhicheng Industry Co., Ltd.* Entity controlled by relatives of Mr. He 江西省龍之丞實業有限公司 ("Longzhicheng") Anhui Jiahuikai Intelligent Technology Co., Ltd.* Entity controlled by relatives of Mr. ZHENG 安徽嘉匯凱智能科技股份有限公司 ("Jiahuikai") Jianiiana Ningbo Wenbang Electronics Co., Ltd.* Entity controlled by relatives of Mr. ZHENG 寧波文邦電子有限公司 ("Wenbang") Jianiiang Ningbo Dewei Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.* A relative of Mr. ZHENG Jiang hold 20% of 寧波德偉電器有限公司 ("Dewei") the equity interest in this entity Ningbo Furno HVAC Engineering Co., Ltd.* A relative of Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang hold 寧波富諾暖通工程有限公司 ("Furno HVAC") 50% of the equity interest in this entity Ningbo Yinzhou Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.* 寧波鄞州農村商業銀行股份有限公司 Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang serves as a director ("Yinzhou Rural Commercial Bank") in this entity Ningbo Haishu Longguan Kunyuan Plastic Packaging Factory* Business operated by a relative of Mr. HE 寧波市海曙龍觀坤源塑料包裝廠 ("Kunyuan")

* The English names of the companies registered in the PRC represent the best efforts made by management of the Company to translate the Chinese names of the companies as they do not have official English names.

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Transactions with related parties

	Year e	nded December	. 31	Three months ended March 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000 (unaudited)	2025 RMB'000
Purchases of goods and services:					
Longzhicheng	54,945	106,614	126,361	31,849	26,435
Jiahuikai	41,047	65,888	110,846	22,973	29,926
Wenbang	20,065	44,913	42,077	10,086	11,372
Dewei	18,527	28,423	39,001	9,833	9,710
Entities controlled by Mr.	0.400	0.700	47.000	4.000	00
ZHENG Jianjiang	6,466	9,720	17,620	1,380	23
Kunyuan	1,945	2,995	3,106	1,110	1,269
=	142,995	258,553	339,011	77,231	78,735
Sales of goods and rendering of services:					
Entities controlled by Mr.	40.000	07.504	24.054	F 000	4.000
ZHENG Jianjiang Furno HVAC	10,689	27,581 14,540	31,251 7,220	5,960 296	4,969
Fullio HVAC	16,823	14,540	7,220		939
=	27,512	42,121	38,471	6,256	5,908
Lease income:					
Entities controlled by Mr.	222	4 400	0.050	0.40	0.4.4
ZHENG Jianjiang	333	1,403	2,953	842	344
Lease expense for short- term leases:					
Entities controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang	654	254	392	87	
Interest income: Entities controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang	18,810	-	-	-	-
Yinzhou Rural Commercial Bank	491	210	142	51	14
	19,301	210	142	51	14
Rental payments:					
Entities controlled by Mr.					
ZHENG Jianjiang	2,598	5,161	3,995	1,170	1,025
Interest expense:					
Entities controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang	104	38	284	70	38
Yinzhou Rural Commercial Bank	6,192	425			
Dalik					
•	6,296	463	284	70	38
Purchase of property, plant and equipment: Entities controlled by Mr.					
ZHENG Jianjiang	791	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	16,477

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Transactions with related parties (continued)

The above transactions were carried out between the Group and its related parties during the Relevant Periods and the three months ended March 31, 2024 at terms negotiated between the Group and the respective related parties.

(c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

				Three mo	onths ended
		Year ended D	ecember 31,		March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000 (unaudited)	RMB'000
Salaries, allowances and					
benefits in kind	2,706	4,107	4,032	1,112	1,445
Performance related					
bonuses	9,361	14,354	2,868	2,118	1,581
Pension scheme contributions and social					
welfare	39	43	53	12	13
Equity-settled share-based					
payment expenses	1,679	4,100	4,101	1,025	1,025
	13,785	22,604	11,054	4,267	4,064

(d) Balances with related parties

The following table sets forth the outstanding balances with related parties as of the dates indicated:

	Α	As at December 31,			
	2022	2023	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Bank balance* Yinzhou Rural					
Commercial Bank	230,466	13,925	43,031	54,972	

^{*} The balance is included in the "cash and bank balances" in the consolidated statements of financial position.

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(d) Balances with related parties (continued)

	,	As at December 31,				
	2022	2023	2024	2025		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Amounts due from related parties: Trade nature Entities controlled by Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang	_	<u>-</u>	73	366		
Non-trade nature						
China Prosper	107,459	97,135	-	-		
Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Entities controlled by	31,526	32,341	-	-		
Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang	2,529	7,525				
	141,514	137,001				

The maximum outstanding amounts of the following balances due from related parties – non-trade nature during each reporting period are as follows:

	Year	ended December	31.	Three months ended March 31,
	2022 RMB'000	2023 RMB'000	2024 RMB'000	2025 RMB'000
Amounts due from related parties: Non-trade nature				
Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang Entities controlled by	31,526	32,341	32,341	-
Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang	2,529	7,525	7,525	
	34,055	39,866	39,866	

The amounts due from related parties are unsecured, payable on demand and interest-free.

	A	As at December 31,			
	2022	2023	2024	2025	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
Bank borrowings – current#					
Yinzhou Rural Commercial Bank	50,000	_	-	-	

[#] The balance is included in "interest-bearing bank borrowings" in the consolidated statements of financial position.

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(d) Balances with related parties (continued)

	A	As at March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Amounts due to related parties: Trade nature				
Longzhicheng	25,698	26.899	50,368	39,684
Jiahuikai	15.984	23,050	44.571	39,579
Wenbang	16,708	16,057	20,884	18,055
Dewei	12,262	15,913	21,923	20,369
Kunyuan	1,239	52	235	1,511
Entities controlled by				
Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang	348	1,740	3,591	1,001
Furno HVAC	412	239	318	242
	72,651	83,950	141,890	120,441

An ageing analysis of the amounts due to related parties - trade nature, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

	,	As at March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Within 3 months	60,903	69,252	110,536	98,875
3 to 6 months	2,844	638	13,611	8,700
6 to 12 months	5,289	6,623	9,443	6,902
1 to 2 years	1,127	5,057	4,506	2,403
2 to 3 years	790	545	2,245	2,196
Over 3 years	1,698	1,835	1,549	1,365
Total	72,651	83,950	141,890	120,441
	,	As at December 31,		As at March 31,
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-trade nature				
AUX Holdings Entities controlled by	814,068	1,020,441	-	-
Mr. ZHENG Jianjiang	429,470	473,611		
	1,243,538	1,494,052		

The above amounts due to related parties are unsecured, payable on demand and interest-free.

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments of the Group as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods are as follows:

Financial assets

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income RMB'000	Financial assets at amortized cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income Trade and bills receivables Financial assets included in prepayments,	<u>-</u>	155,907 -	- 1,427,542	155,907 1,427,542
deposits and other receivables	-	-	11,455	11,455
Derivative financial instruments Pledged deposits Cash and bank balances	38,728 - -	- - -	- 600,834 2,389,724	38,728 600,834 2,389,724
Amounts due from related parties	<u> </u>		141,514	141,514
Total	38,728	155,907	4,571,069	4,765,704
As at December 31, 2023				
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income RMB'000	Financial assets at amortized cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income Trade and bills receivables Financial assets included in prepayments,	- -	670,606 -	1,944,902	670,606 1,944,902
deposits and other receivables Derivative financial instrumer Pledged deposits Cash and bank balances Amounts due from related	nts 20,762 -	- - -	99,905 - 2,047,769 5,610,379	99,905 20,762 2,047,769 5,610,379
parties			137,001	137,001
Total	20,762	670,606	9,839,956	10,531,324

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments of the Group as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods are as follows: (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

		•		as: amo	nancial sets at ortized cost 1B'000	Total RMB'000
Receivables at fair value the comprehensive income Trade and bills receivables Financial assets included in deposits and other receiv	prepayments,		964,806 -	,	03,430	964,806 3,003,430
Pledged deposits Cash and bank balances Amounts due from related p			- - -	2,26	51,692 64,362 07,756 73	151,692 2,264,362 2,907,756 73
Total			964,806	8,32	27,313	9,292,119
As at March 31, 2025						
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	Hedging instruments designated in cash flow hedges RMB'000	g at fa s throu n compre	al assets air value gh other chensive income RMB'000	Financial assets at amortized cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income Trade and bills receivables Financial assets included			- 1, -	905,411 -	- 4,764,574	1,905,411 4,764,574
in prepayments, deposits and other receivables Derivative financial instruments designated	-		-	-	145,976	145,976
as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges Financial assets at fair	-	41,290)	-	-	41,290
value through profit or loss Pledged deposits Cash and bank balances Amounts due from related	300,000		- - -	- - -	2,621,775 3,708,047	300,000 2,621,775 3,708,047
parties			<u> </u>	-	130	130
Total	300,000	41,290	1,	905,411	11,240,502	13,487,203

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments of the Group as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods are as follows: (continued)

Financial liabilities

					at amor	l liabilities tized cost RMB'000
Trade and bills payables Financial liabilities included in oth Interest-bearing bank borrowings Amounts due to related parties		nd accruals			1 1	5,436,034 1,444,879 1,664,404 1,316,189
Total					g	9,861,506
As at December 31, 2023						
			Financial liabili amortize RM			Total RMB'000
Trade and bills payables		-	6,43	6,447	6	6,436,447
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Derivative financial instruments Interest-bearing bank		- 238	2,34	5,942	2	2,345,942 238
borrowings (note 30) Amounts due to related parties		<u>-</u> _		1,324 8,002		1,201,324 1,578,002
Total	238		11,56	1,715	11,561,953	
As at December 31, 2024						
	th	Financia liabilities a fair value irough profi or los: RMB'000	it instrume e designated it cash f s hed	nts d in low ges	Financial liabilities at amortized cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Trade and bills payables			-	-	10,395,125	10,395,125
Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals Derivative financial instruments Derivative financial instruments designated		144,578	- 8	-	2,878,029	2,878,029 144,578
as hedging instruments in cash hedges Interest-bearing bank borrowings Amounts due to related parties			- 28,9 - -	972 - <u>-</u> –	1,553,334 141,890	28,972 1,553,334 141,890
Total		144,578	8 28,9	<u> </u>	14,968,378	15,141,748

41. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (CONTINUED)

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments of the Group as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods are as follows: (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

As at March 31, 2025

	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss RMB'000	Financial liabilities at amortized cost RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Trade and bills payables Financial liabilities included in	-	11,948,435	11,948,435
other payables and accruals Derivative financial instruments Interest-bearing bank	69,981	3,108,169	3,108,169 69,981
borrowings (note 30) Amounts due to related parties		2,308,221 120,441	2,308,221 120,441
Total	69,981	17,485,266	17,555,247

42. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and bank balances, pledged deposits, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, trade and bills receivables, amounts due from related parties, trade and bills payables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, amounts due to related parties and current portion of interest-bearing bank borrowings approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department headed by the finance manager is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. At the end of each reporting period, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

Derivative financial instruments, including forward currency contracts, futures contracts for the purchase of copper and foreign currency swaps are measured using valuation techniques similar to forward pricing and swap models, using present value calculations. The models incorporate various market observable inputs including the credit quality of counterparties, foreign exchange spot and forward rates and interest rate curves. The carrying amounts of forward currency contracts, futures contracts for the purchase of copper and foreign currency swaps are the same as their fair values.

The fair values of the non-current portion of pledged deposits have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The fair values have been assessed to be approximate to their carrying amounts.

The fair values of receivables at fair value through other comprehensive income have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

42. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The fair values of the non-current portion of interest-bearing bank borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The fair values have been assessed to be approximate to their carrying amounts.

The Group invests in unlisted investments, which represent structure deposits issued by a bank in Mainland China. The Group has estimated the fair value of these unlisted investments by using a discounted cash flow valuation model based on the market interest rates of instruments with similar terms and risks.

Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments.

Assets measured at fair value:

As at December 31, 2022							
	Fair value measurement using						
	Quoted prices in	Significant	Significant				
	active markets	observable	unobservable				
	(Level 1)	inputs(Level 2)	inputs(Level 3)	Total			
	RMB'000	. RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000			
Financial assets							
Derivative financial instruments	_	38,728	_	38,728			
Receivables at fair value		00,720		00,120			
through other comprehensive							
income	_	155,907	_	155,907			
income		100,001		100,007			
		194,635		194,635			
		194,033		194,033			
As at December 31, 2023							
As at December 31, 2023	Fair va	lue measurement	ucina				
	Quoted prices in	Significant	Significant				
	active markets	observable	unobservable				
				Tatal			
	(Level 1)	inputs(Level 2)	inputs(Level 3)	Total			
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000			
Financial consts							
Financial assets		20.762		20.762			
Derivative financial instruments	-	20,762	-	20,762			
Receivables at fair value							
through other							
comprehensive income		670,606		670,606			
		691,368		691,368			
As at December 31, 2024							
		value measureme					
	Quoted prices in	Significant	Significant				
	active markets	observable	unobservable				
	(Level 1)	inputs(Level 2)	inputs(Level 3)	Total			
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000			
Financial assets							
Receivables at fair value							
through other							
comprehensive income		964,806	-	964,806			
·	400			-			
	106						

42. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Assets measured at fair value: (continued)

As at March 31, 2025

	Fair value measurement using					
	Quoted prices in active markets	Significant observable	Significant unobservable			
	(Level 1) RMB'000	inputs(Level 2) RMB'000	inputs(Level 3) RMB'000	Total RMB'000		
Financial assets Derivative financial instruments		41 200		41 200		
Receivables at fair value through other	-	41,290	-	41,290		
comprehensive income Financial assets at fair value	-	1,905,411	-	1,905,411		
through profit or loss		300,000		300,000		
		2,246,701		2,246,701		
Liabilities measured at fair value	<u>2</u> :					
As at December 31, 2023	Fair	value measuremer	nt usina			
	Quoted	Significant	Significant			
	prices in active	observable	unobservable			
	markets (Level 1)	inputs(Level 2)	inputs(Level 3)	Total		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
Financial liabilities Derivative financial						
instruments	<u>-</u>	238		238		
As at December 31, 2024						
		value measuremer				
	Quoted	Significant	Significant			
	prices in active	observable	unobservable	Total		
	markets (Level 1) RMB'000	inputs(Level 2) RMB'000	inputs(Level 3) RMB'000	Total RMB'000		
Financial liabilities						
Derivative financial instruments		173,370		173,370		
As at March 31, 2025						
		lue measurement i				
	Quoted prices in	Significant	Significant			
	active markets	observable	unobservable	T-4-1		
	(Level 1) RMB'000	inputs(Level 2) RMB'000	inputs(Level 3) RMB'000	Total RMB'000		
Financial liabilities						
Derivative financial instruments	<u>-</u>	69,981		69,981		
	107					

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments, other than derivatives, comprise cash and bank balances, pledged deposits and interest-bearing bank borrowings. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to support the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and bills receivables and trade and bills payables, which arise directly from its operations.

The Group also enters into derivative transactions, including forward currency and foreign currency swaps. The purpose is to manage the currency risks arising from the Group's operations and its sources of finance.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarized below. The Group's accounting policies in relation to derivatives are set out in note 2.4 to the financial statements.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in fair value relates primarily to the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings with a floating interest rate.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit after tax through the impact on floating rate borrowings and the Group's equity.

	Increase/(decrease) in basis points	(Decrease)/increase in profit before tax RMB'000	(Decrease)/increase in equity RMB'000
December 31, 2022 RMB RMB	100 (100)	(3,369) 3,369	(2,863) 2,863
December 31, 2023 RMB RMB	100 (100)	(4,009) 4,009	(3,407) 3,407
December 31, 2024 RMB RMB	100 (100)	(6,368) 6,368	(5,412) 5,412
March 31, 2025 RMB RMB	100 (100)	(7,926) 7,926	(6,737) 6,737

Foreign currency risk

The Group's transactional currency exposures mainly arise from overseas sales of products.

Therefore, the Group is exposed to foreign currency risk.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of each reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the USD exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities). The remaining currency amounts are not material and are not tested separately.

	Increase/(decrease) in USD rate in basis points	Increase/(decrease) in profit before tax RMB'000	Increase/(decrease) in equity RMB'000
If the RMB weakens against the USD If the RMB strengthens against the USD	100	8,427	7,163
	(100)	(8,427)	(7,163)
As at December 31, 2023			
	Increase/(decrease) in	Increase/(decrease) in	Increase/(decrease)
	USD rate in basis	profit before tax	in equity
	points	RMB'000	RMB'000
If the RMB weakens against the USD If the RMB strengthens against the USD	100	11,376	9,670
	(100)	(11,376)	(9,670)
As at December 31, 2024			
	Increase/(decrease) in	Increase/(decrease)	Increase/(decrease)
	USD rate in basis	in profit before tax	in equity
	points	RMB'000	RMB'000
If the RMB weakens against the USD If the RMB strengthens against the USD	100	34,768	29,553
	(100)	(34,768)	(29,553)
As at March 31, 2025			
	Increase/(decrease) in	Increase/(decrease)	Increase/(decrease)
	USD rate in basis	in profit before tax	in equity
	points	RMB'000	RMB'000
If the RMB weakens against the USD If the RMB strengthens against the USD	100	51,625	43,881
	(100)	(51,625)	(43,881)

Credit risk

The Group trades only with recognized and creditworthy third parties and there is no requirement for collateral. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant. As at December 31, 2022, 2023 and 2024, the Group had certain concentrations of credit risk as 26.94%, 36.46% and 10.21% of the Group's trade receivables were due from the Group's largest customer, and 53.36%, 56.37% and 30.60% of the Group's trade receivables were due from the Group's five largest customers, respectively. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and has a credit control department to minimize credit risk.

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The table below shows the credit quality based on the Group's credit policy and the maximum exposure to credit risk presented at gross carrying amounts, which is mainly based on reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, and year-end staging classification as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods.

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECLs			
	Stage 1 RMB'000	Stage 2 RMB'000	Stage 3 RMB'000	Simplified approach RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Trade and bills receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits, and other	-	-	-	1,492,869	1,492,869
receivables**	7,665	3,004	19,528	-	30,197
Cash and bank balances	2,389,724	-	-	-	2,389,724
Pledged deposits Amounts due from	600,834	-	-	-	600,834
related parties Receivables at fair value through other	141,514	-	-	-	141,514
comprehensive income				155,907	155,907
	3,139,737	3,004	19,528	1,648,776	4,811,045

Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued) As at December 31, 2023

	12-month ECLs		Lifetime ECLs		
	Stage 1 RMB'000	Stage 2 RMB'000	Stage 3 RMB'000	Simplified approach RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Trade and bills receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits, and other	-	3,250	- 13,405	2,012,864	2,012,864
receivables** Cash and bank balances Pledged deposits Amounts due from	97,948 5,610,379 2,047,769	- - -	- - -	- - -	114,603 5,610,379 2,047,769
related parties Receivables at fair value through other	137,001				137,001
comprehensive income				670,606	670,606
	7,893,097	3,250	13,405	2,683,470	10,593,222
As at December 31, 2024					
	12-month ECLs		Lifetime ECLs		
	Stage 1 RMB'000	Stage 2 RMB'000	Stage 3 RMB'000	Simplified approach RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Trade and bills receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments,	-	-	-	3,112,809	3,112,809
deposits, and other receivables** Cash and bank balances	135,195 2,907,756	3,837	12,660	-	151,692 2,907,756
Pledged deposits Amounts due from related parties	2,264,362 73	-	-	-	2,264,362
Receivables at fair value through other	13	_	-	-	73
comprehensive income				964,806	964,806
	5,307,386	3,837	12,660	4,077,615	9,401,498

Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued)

As at March 31, 2025

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECLs			
	Stage 1 RMB'000	Stage 2 RMB'000	Stage 3 RMB'000	Simplified approach RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Trade and bills receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits, and other	-	-	-	4,921,913	4,921,913
receivables**	118,241	16,592	11,143	-	145,976
Cash and bank balances	3,708,047	-	, -	-	3,708,047
Pledged deposits Amounts due from	2,621,775	-	-	-	2,621,775
related parties Receivables at fair value through other	130	-	-	-	130
comprehensive income				1,905,411	1,905,411
	6,448,193	16,592	11,143	6,827,324	13,303,252

^{*} For trade and bills receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 20 to the financial information.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and bills receivables and other receivables are disclosed in notes 20 and 18 to the financial information, respectively.

^{**} The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".

Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its exposure to liquidity risk by monitoring the current ratio, which is calculated by comparing the current assets with the current liabilities.

The liquidity of the Group is primarily dependent on its ability to maintain adequate cash inflows from operations to meet its debt obligations as they fall due, and its ability to obtain external financing to meet its committed future capital expenditure.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

Trade and bills payable Company or c			As at December 31, 2022					
Payable - 5,436,034 - - 5,436,034 - - 5,436,034								
Interest-bearing bank	payable Financial liabilities included in other	-	5,436,034	-	-	5,436,034		
Dorrowings	accruals	-	1,444,879	-	-	1,444,879		
related parties Lease liabilities 1,316,189 - - - 1,316,189 - - 5,726 Total 1,316,189 7,997,025 645,800 7,886 9,966,900 Trade and bills payable - MB'000 - MB'000 Nemb'000 Nemb'000 <td< td=""><td>borrowings</td><td>-</td><td>1,110,824</td><td>645,362</td><td>7,886</td><td>1,764,072</td></td<>	borrowings	-	1,110,824	645,362	7,886	1,764,072		
As at December 31, 2023 On demand RMB'000 Within 1 year RMB'000 RMB'	related parties	1,316,189 	5,288	438	<u>-</u>			
On demand RMB'000 Within 1 year RMB'000 1 to 5 years RMB'000 Over 5 years RMB'000 Total RMB'000 Trade and bills payable - 6,436,447 6,436,447 - 6,436,447 Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals - 2,345,942 2,345,942 Interest-bearing bank borrowings - 1,207,038 128 883 1,208,049 Derivative financial instruments - 238 238 238 Amounts due to related parties 1,578,002 1,578,002 1,578,002 Lease liabilities - 6,273 4,863 - 11,136	Total	1,316,189	7,997,025	645,800	7,886	9,966,900		
RMB'000 R 6,436,447 -<			As at D	December 31, 20)23			
payable - 6,436,447 - - 6,436,447 Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals - 2,345,942 - - 2,345,942 Interest-bearing bank borrowings - 1,207,038 128 883 1,208,049 Derivative financial instruments - 238 - - 238 Amounts due to related parties 1,578,002 - - - 1,578,002 Lease liabilities - 6,273 4,863 - 11,136			•					
accruals - 2,345,942 2,345,942 Interest-bearing bank borrowings - 1,207,038 128 883 1,208,049 Derivative financial instruments - 238 238 Amounts due to related parties 1,578,002 1,578,002 Lease liabilities - 6,273 4,863 - 11,136	payable Financial liabilities included in other	-	6,436,447	-	-	6,436,447		
borrowings - 1,207,038 128 883 1,208,049 Derivative financial instruments - 238 - - 238 Amounts due to related parties 1,578,002 - - - 1,578,002 Lease liabilities - 6,273 4,863 - 11,136	accruals	-	2,345,942	-	-	2,345,942		
instruments - 238 238 Amounts due to related parties 1,578,002 Lease liabilities - 6,273 4,863 - 11,136	borrowings	-	1,207,038	128	883	1,208,049		
related parties 1,578,002 1,578,002 Lease liabilities - 6,273 4,863 - 11,136	instruments	-	238	-	-	238		
Total 1,578,002 9,995,938 4,991 883 11,579,814	related parties	1,578,002	6,273	4,863				
	Total	1,578,002	9,995,938	4,991	883	11,579,814		

Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows: (continued)

	As at December 31, 2024				
	On demand RMB'000	Within 1 year RMB'000	1 to 5 years RMB'000	Over 5 years RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Trade and bills payable Financial liabilities included in other	-	10,395,125	-	-	10,395,125
payables and accruals	-	2,768,989	109,040	-	2,878,029
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	-	682,238	915,047	-	1,597,285
Derivative financial instruments	-	173,370	-	-	173,370
Amounts due to related parties Lease liabilities	141,890	35,283	48,117	- 54,553	141,890 137,953
Total	141,890	14,055,005	1,072,204	54,553	15,323,652
As at March 31, 2025		A o ot	March 21, 2025		
_	0		March 31, 2025		T-4-1
	On demand RMB'000	Within 1 year RMB'000	1 to 5 years RMB'000	Over 5 years RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Trade and bills payable Financial liabilities included in other	-	11,948,435	-	-	11,948,435
payables and accruals	-	2,999,129	109,040	-	3,108,169
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	-	1,528,818	813,155	-	2,341,973
Derivative financial instruments	-	69,981	-	-	69,981
Amounts due to related parties	120,441	-	_	_	120,441
Lease liabilities		34,332	58,695	52,192	145,219
Total	120,441	16,580,695	980,890	52,192	17,734,218

43. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders, by pricing services commensurately with the level of risk.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the Relevant Periods.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the asset-liability ratios. The ratio as at the end of each of the Relevant Periods are as follows:

	A	As at March 31,		
	2022	2023	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Total assets	14,706,949	19,969,470	24,170,972	27,576,040
Total liabilities	12,979,247	15,727,191	20,335,266	22,751,830
Asset-liability ratio*	88%	79%	84%	83%

^{*} Asset-liability ratio is calculated by dividing total liabilities by total assets and multiplying the product by 100%.

44. INVESTMENT IN A SUBSIDIARY

The Company

	As at December 31,	As at March 31,
	2024	2025
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Investment in a subsidiary		
China Bloom Industrial Co., Ltd.	*	_*

^{*} The amount is less than RMB1,000.

45. EVENTS AFTER THE RELEVANT PERIODS

There is no significant event that occurred subsequent to March 31, 2025.

46. SUBSEQUENT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

No audited financial statements have been prepared by the Company, the Group or any of the companies now comprising the Group in respect of any period subsequent to March 31, 2025.