LungLife AI, Inc. (the "Company" or "LungLife")

Half-year Report

LungLife AI (AIM: LLAI), a developer of clinical diagnostic solutions for the early detection of lung cancerannounces its unaudited half-year report for the six months ended 30 June 2023.

Operational Highlights:

- Completed enrolment of the Company's 425-participant pivotal clinical validation study in May, in line with expectations.
- Health economics study highlighting the cost-effectiveness of LungLB® when added to the clinical care pathway for
 indeterminate lung nodule management peer-reviewed and published in the Journal of Medical Economics.
- Peer-reviewed publication of LungLB® study in the Nature-Springer journalBMC Pulmonary Medicinedemonstrating high test performance, successfully detecting lung cancer in its earliest stages when it is most curable.

Financial Highlights:

- Cash as of 30 June 2023 of \$5.36m (30 June 2022: \$10.63m, 31 December 2022: \$8.01m)
- Cash outflow from operating activities \$2.70m (six months to 30 June 2022: \$3.26m)
- Loss before tax of \$2.81m (six months to 30 June 2022: \$4.47m) and EBITDA loss of \$2.78m (six months to 30 June 2022: \$4.31m)

Commenting Paul Pagano, Chief Executive Officer of LungLife, said"This has been an important six months for the Company as we continue to meet our milestones. We have concluded participation in our clinical validation study and published two important reports that will assist with the commercialisation of LungLB®. Our present focus is the analysis of the results of our clinical validation study which we continue to expect to report on by the end of September."

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About LungLife

LungLife Al is a developer of clinical diagnostic solutions designed to make a significant impact in the early detection of lung cancer, the deadliest cancer globally. Using a minimally invasive blood draw, the Company's LungLB® test is designed to deliver additional information to clinicians who are evaluating indeterminate lung nodules. For more information visit www.lunglifeai.com

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

I am delighted to report on the Company's results for the six months ended 30 June 2023. We have continued to deliver on the Company's objectives and remain committed to creating shareholder value as we proceed with the aim of being a driving force in the early detection of lung cancer.

Our LungLB® test

According to the World Health Organization, over 2.2 million new cases of lung cancer were diagnosed in 2020 and approximately 1.8 million deaths from lung cancer were recorded in 2020 globally. Nearly 80% of all lung cancers in the United States are diagnosed in later stages when survival rates are low because the options for curative treatment are then limited. This is in part due to the lack of effective early detection solutions and the fact that lung cancer largely develops asymptomatically.

LungLB® is a blood-based test that uses circulating tumour cells ("CTC") to stratify indeterminant lung nodules as either cancerous or benign following their identification by CT scan. Biopsy is currently part of the standard care pathway for lung nodules and the LungLB® test is designed to support the physician's decision to biopsy only when necessary, or to monitor non-invasively using additional imaging. There are estimated to be over 1.5 million indeterminant lung nodules identified each year in the United States and LungLife's estimated one week turnaround from receipt of the blood sample to results can save a significant amount of stressful waiting time for the participant as well as unnecessary costly and often dangerous procedures.

Three important milestones achieved in the period

Our focus in this period was to conclude enrolment into our clinical validation study and take further steps towards the

commerciansation or our test.

Clinical validation study

We completed enrolment of the 425 participants in our clinical validation study in May. The Company is now focused on preparing the data for detailed analysis, including working with each clinical site to finalise monitoring of study data before it is unblinded. Monitoring ensures complete, accurate, and high-quality information will be received for all participants in the study prior to final analyses and results interpretation. We continue to expect this to be concluded by end of September 2023.

Health economics study

We published two important documents in the period, both of which are important components in establishing the ability of the Company to be paid for its tests, known as "coverage".

The first publication was a cost-effectiveness analysis ("CEA") model on LungLB® which provides evidence that the test can be utilised as a cost-effective tool within the current diagnostic pathway.

The principal aim of the research was to explore the incremental cost-effectiveness of LungLB® when added to the current clinical diagnostic pathway for patients with lung nodules, as described in guidelines ¹. The greater cost savings in the model were demonstrated by a reduction in unnecessary procedures and better patient outcomes from reduced delays in treatment.

Incremental Cost-Effectiveness Ratio (ICER) is a key metric used in the publication to demonstrate cost effectiveness. Integration of LungLB® leads to improvement in outcomes and results in an ICER that was 25% below the willingness to pay (WTP) threshold commonly considered by US commercial payors, suggesting overall savings when LungLB® is priced at \$2,300 per test. ICERs remain below WTP thresholds at prices up to \$3,647 per test.

¹Evaluation of individuals with pulmonary nodules: when is it lung cancer? Diagnosis and Management of lung cancer, 3 rd ed: American College of Chest Physicians evidence-based clinical practice guidelines.

Peer reviewed publication of our test

We also announced the peer-reviewed publication of the successful performance results for the Company's LungLB® test from a multi-site prospective study in patients with indeterminate pulmonary nodules. The pilot study was performed in collaboration with MD Anderson Cancer Center (Houston, TX) and Icahn School of Medicine at Mount Sinai (New York, NY) and appears in the journal BMC Pulmonary Medicine. The primary objective of the study was to compare the LungLB® test result with a lung biopsy diagnosis and assess performance in a patient cohort where commonly used nodule evaluation tools were not informative.

Key points from the study include:

- 151 study participants scheduled for CT-guided lung biopsy, 70% of whom were found to have "intermediate risk" nodules that represent the most challenging diagnostic subtype
- The LungLB® test outperformed commonly used evaluation tools, including the Mayo Clinic risk model and PET scan
- The test demonstrated robust performance in smaller nodules (<2 cm in diameter) and in early-stage cancer
- The LungLB® biomarker was found to be the strongest independent predictor of cancer in this study, exceeding commonly known strong predictors such as nodule size and smoking status
- The LungLB® test performed equally well in current, former, and never smokers
- The data support potential clinical utility of LungLB® in reducing delays in treatment, in which positive LungLB® test results were available months ahead of lung cancer diagnosis in three highlighted cases

We are delighted to have been able to achieve these important milestones in this six-month period.

Outlook

Our immediate focus is determining the results of our test in the clinical validation study. Alongside this we continue to prepare the necessary documentation and applications to support the commercialisation of our test.

This is a pivotal moment for the Company. On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank our employees, clinical partners, study participants, professional advisors, suppliers and shareholders for their continuing support, and we look forward to providing further updates on progress throughout the current year.

Roy Davis

FINANCIAL REVIEW

In the six months to 30 June 2023 our cash outflow from operating activities was \$2.70m (six months to 30 June 2022: \$3.26m), resulting in a period end total cash balance of \$5.36m, compared to the total cash balance at the start of the period of \$8.01m. We continue to hold monies on notice deposit, with the longest notice period being 95 days, which is shown as our short-term deposit balance on the balance sheet. At 30 June 2023 this represented \$2.77m of our total cash balance, and \$4.92m at 31 December 2022.

Minimal capital expenditure in the period, and a total of \$0.13m spent on the repayment of lease liabilities (six months to 30 June 2022: \$0.11m), being a combination of the payments on our financing of two microscopes and the rent on our premises in Thousand Oaks California, being the right of use asset.

Revenues of \$23k (six months to 30 June 2022: \$10k) related to royalties earned under our arrangement with our partner in China. The EBITDA loss for the period was \$2.78m (six months to 30 June 2022: \$4.31m), which includes the share-based payment charge of \$0.12m (six months to 30 June 2022: \$0.39m). The biggest contributors to the EBITDA loss were employment costs of \$1.34m (six months to 30 June 2022: \$1.29m) and research and development of \$0.81m (six months to 30 June 2022: \$1.31m). The lower research and development costs reflect mainly the completion of work on our Al algorithm in the prior period. In the current period we moved one of our part time employees to full time, and as such we now have 15 full time employees in the business.

David Anderson Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the period ended 30 June 2023

| | Note | 6 months ended 30 June 2023 US\$'000 Unaudited | 6 months ended 30 June 2022 US\$'000 Unaudited | Year ended 31 December 2022 US\$'000 Audited |
|---|------|---|---|--|
| Revenue | (3) | 23 | 10 | 24 |
| Cost of sales | . , | - | - | - |
| Gross profit | | 23 | 10 | 24 |
| Administrative expenses | | (2,687) | (3,924) | (6,865) |
| Share-based payments | | (120) | (398) | (614) |
| Depreciation | | (125) | (155) | (285) |
| Operating loss | | (2,909) | (4,467) | (7,740) |
| Other operating income | | - | - | 102 |
| Finance income | | 127 | 26 | 88 |
| Finance charges | | (22) | (27) | (52) |
| Loss before taxation | | (2,804) | (4,468) | (7,602) |
| Taxation | | (3) | (1) | (4) |
| Loss for the period / year | | (2,807) | (4,469) | (7,606) |
| Other comprehensive income | | - | - | |
| Total comprehensive loss for the period / year | | (2,807) | (4,469) | (7,606) |
| Loss per share from continuing activities attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company Basic and diluted (US Dollars per share) | (4) | (0.11) | (0.175) | (0.298) |

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 30 June 2023

| | Note | 30 June 2023 US\$'000 Unaudited | 30 June 2022 US\$'000 Unaudited | 31 December 2022 US\$'000 Audited |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Assets | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | (5) | 484 | 526 | 613 |
| Short term deposits | | 2,772 | 4,884 | 4,922 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | _ | 2,589 | 5,749 | 3,088 |
| Total non-current assets | - | 5,845 | 11,159 | 8,623 |
| Non-current assets | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | 445 | 693 | 566 |
| Intangible assets | | 5,818 | 5,818 | 5,818 |
| Other receivables | (5) | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| Total current assets | = | 6,276 | 6,524 | 6,397 |
| Total assets | - | 12,121 | 17,683 | 15,020 |
| Current liabilities | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | (7) | (970) | (706) | (1,055) |

| Lease Habilities Discontinued operations | (8) | (290) (174) | (217) (174) | (255) (174) |
|--|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Total current liabilities | _ | (1,434) | (1,097) | (1,484) |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | (8) | (184) | (477) | (346) |
| Provisions | | (50) | (50) | (50) |
| Total liabilities | _ | (1,668) | (1,624) | (1,880) |
| Net assets | - | 10,453 | 16,059 | 13,140 |
| Issued share capital and reserves | | | | |
| attributable to owners to the parent | | | | |
| Called up share capital | | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Share premium | | 91,266 | 91,264 | 91,266 |
| Share based payment reserve | | 1,694 | 1,358 | 1,574 |
| Accumulated losses | | (82,510) | (76,566) | (79,703) |
| Total equity | | 10,453 | 16,059 | 13,140 |

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY As at 30 June 2023

| | Share capital US\$'000 | Share premium US\$'000 | Share based payment reserve US\$'000 | Accumulated losses US\$'000 | Total equity US\$'000 |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | 3 | 91,264 | 960 | (72,097) | 20,130 |
| Comprehensive income: Loss for the period Transactions with owners: | - | - | - | (4,469) | (4,469) |
| Share based payments | _ | _ | 398 | _ | 398 |
| Balance at 30 June 2022 | 3 | 91.264 | 1,358 | (76,566) | 16,059 |
| Balance at 1 January 2023 Comprehensive income: Loss for the period Transactions with | 3 | 91,264 | 1,358 | (76,566) (3,137) | 16,059 (3,137) |
| owners: Exercise of share options Share based payments | - | 2 | - | - | 2 |
| Balance at 31 December | - | - | 216 | - | 246 |
| 2022 | 3 | 91,266 | 1,574 | (79,703) | 13,140 |
| Balance at 1 January 2023 Comprehensive income: Loss for the period Transactions with | 3 | 91,266 | 1,574 | (79,703) (2,807) | 13,140 (2,807) |
| owners: Share based payments | _ | - | 120 | - | 120 |
| Balance at 30 June 2023 | 3 | 91,266 | 1,694 | (82,510) | 10,453 |

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the period ended 30 June 2023

| | 6 months ended 30 June 2023 US\$'000 Unaudited | 6 months ended 30 June 2022 US\$'000 Unaudited | Year ended 31 December 2022 US\$'000 Audited |
|--|--|--|---|
| Cash flows from operating activities Loss for the period / year Adjustments for non-cash/non-operating | (2,807) | (4,469) | (7,606) |
| items: Depreciation Coin on cale of tangible accepts | 125 | 155 | 285 |

| Gain on sale of tangiple assets | - | - | (43) |
|--|-------------|------------|------------|
| Foreign exchange (gain) / loss on short | (100) | 527 | 562 |
| term deposits | | | |
| Finance income | (127) | (26) | (88) |
| Finance expense | 22 | 27 | 52 |
| Taxation | 3 | 1 | 4 |
| Share based compensation | 120 | 398 | 614 |
| | (2,764) | (3,387) | (6,220) |
| | , , , | , , , | , , , |
| Changes in working capital | | | |
| (Increase)/ decrease in trade and other | 150 | 221 | 128 |
| receivables (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables | | | |
| (Decrease)/increase in dade and other payables | (83) | (98) | 251 |
| Cash outflow from operations | (2,697) | (3,264) | (5,841) |
| | (=,===, | (-/ / | (=/= :=/ |
| Taxation paid | (3) | (1) | (4) |
| Net cash outflow from operating activities | (2,700) | (3,265) | (5,845) |
| | | | |
| Cash inflow / (outflows) from investing activities Proceeds from sale of tangible assets | | | 43 |
| Purchase of tangible assets | (5) | (82) | (85) |
| Short term deposits | 2,250 | (82) | (73) |
| Net cash flows from investing activities | 2,245 | (82) | (115) |
| | | | |
| Cash flows from financing activities | | | |
| Issue of common stock | - | - | 2 |
| Interest received Interest paid | 105 (22) | 20 (27) | 88 (52) |
| Repayment of lease liabilities | (127) | (114) | (207) |
| Net cash (outflow) / inflow from financing | (44) | (121) | (169) |
| activities | | (/ | (===, |
| | | | |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | (499) | (3,468) | (6,129) |
| · | | 9,217 | 9,217 |
| Cash and cash equivalents brought forward | 3,088 | 9,217 | 9,217 |
| Cash and cash equivalents carried forward | 2,589 | 5,749 | 3,088 |
| | | | |

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

LungLife AI, Inc, (the "Company") is a company based in Thousand Oaks, California which is developing diagnostic test for the early detection of lung cancer. The Company was incorporated under the laws of the state of Delaware on 30 December 2009.

Basis of preparation

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim consolidated financial information are consistent with those of the preparation of the Group's annual consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2022. No new IFRS standards, amendments or interpretations became effective in the six months to 30 June 2023.

Statement of compliance

This interim consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2023 has been prepared in accordance with UK adopted International Accounting Standards (UK IFRS) IAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as adopted by the European Union and the AIM Rules for UK Companies. This interim consolidated financial information is not the Group's statutory financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2022, which have been prepared in accordance with UK IFRS and have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies. The auditors have reported on those accounts; their report was unqualified, did not include references to any matters to which the auditors drew attention by way of emphasis of matter without qualifying their report and did not contain any statements of emphasis or other matters.

The interim consolidated financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2023 is unaudited. In the opinion of the Directors, the interim consolidated financial information presents fairly the financial position, and results from operations and cash flows for the period. Comparative numbers for the six months ended 30 June 2022 are unaudited.

Measurement convention

The financial information has been prepared under the historical cost convention. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

The preparation of the financial information in compliance with UK IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and management judgements in applying the accounting policies. The significant estimates and judgements that have been made and their effect is disclosed in note 2.

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Company's historical financial information under UK IFRS requires the directors to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed

to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The directors consider that the following estimates and judgements are likely to have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial information.

Carrying value of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment

In determining whether there are indicators of impairment of the Company's intangible assets, the directors take into consideration various factors including the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and when it relates to the intangible assets arising on a business combination, the expected future performance of the business acquired.

Classification of the Mount Sinai License as an intangible asset

On 18 June 2021, the Company entered into the Mount Sinai License Agreement, pursuant to which Mount Sinai granted an option to the Company to obtain a licence, on a non-exclusive basis, to use certain information held by Mount Sinai. After considering the criteria in IAS38 the directors have judged that the recognition criteria therein have been met and classified the Mount Sinai license as an intangible asset.

3. SEGMENT ANALYSIS

IFRS 8 requires operating segments to be identified on the basis of internal reports about components of the Company that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker (which takes the form of the Board of Directors) as defined in IFRS 8, in order to allocate resources to the segment and to assess its performance.

The chief operating decision maker has determined that LungLife AI, Inc has one operating segment, the development and commercialisation of its lung cancer early detection test. Revenues are reviewed based on the products and services provided.

The Company operates in the United States of America. Revenue by origin of geographical segment is as follows:

| Revenue | 6 months ended 30 June 2023 US\$'000 Unaudited | 6 months ended 30 June 2022 US\$'000 Unaudited | Year ended 31 December 2022 US\$'000 Audited |
|-----------------------------|--|---|--|
| People's Republic of China | 23 | 10 | 24 |
| | 23 | 10 | 24 |
| Non-current assets | 30 June 2023 US\$'000 Unaudited | 30 June 2022 US\$'000 Unaudited | 31 December 2022 US\$'000 Audited |
| United States of America | 6,276 6,276 | 6,524 6,524 | 6,397 6,397 |
| Product and service revenue | 6 months ended 30 June 2023 US\$'000 Unaudited | 6 months ended 30 June 2022 US\$'000 Unaudited | Year ended 31 December 2022 US\$'000 Audited |
| Royalty income | 23 | 10 | 24 |
| | 23 | 10 | 24 |

4. LOSS PER SHARE

The basic loss per share from continuing activities is based on a loss for the year attributable to equity holders of the Parent Company of \$2,807,760 for the 6 months ended 30 June 2023 (6 months ended 30 June 2022 loss \$4,469,915; year ended 31 December 2022: loss \$7,605,585) and the weighted average number of shares in issue for the 6 months to 30 June 2023 of 25,485,982 (6 months to 30 June 2022: 25,480,790 and year to 31 December 2022: 25,481,800).

The Company has one category of dilutive potential ordinary share, being share options. The potential shares were not dilutive in the period as the Company made a loss per share in line with IAS 33. Prior to the listing of its shares, between 2 July 2021 and 7 July 2021 the Company implemented a pre-Admission reorganisation of its capital which included the conversion of Series A and B Preferred Shares into Common Shares and a reverse share split by way of the issue of one new Common Share and Preferred Share for every 18 old Common Shares and Preferred Shares held.

5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

| Trade receivables 20 69 - Other receivables 194 99 150 Prepayments 270 358 463 484 526 613 Amounts falling due after one year Rent deposit 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 | Amounts falling due within one year | 30 June 2023 US\$'000 Unaudited | 30 June 2022 US\$'000 Unaudited | 31 December 2022 US\$'000 Audited |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Prepayments 270 358 463 484 526 613 Amounts falling due after one year Rent deposit 13 13 13 | Trade receivables | 20 | 69 | - |
| Amounts falling due after one year Rent deposit 13 13 13 | Other receivables | 194 | 99 | 150 |
| Amounts falling due after one year Rent deposit 13 13 13 | Prepayments | 270 | 358 | 463 |
| Rent deposit <u>13</u> 13 13 | | 484 | 526 | 613 |
| | Amounts falling due after one year | | | |
| 13 | Rent deposit | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| | | 13 | 13 | 13 |

All receivables are denominated in US dollars.

6. SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

The following is an analysis of movement in options issued and outstanding to purchase shares in the Company:

| | Total options Number | Weighted average exercise price US\$ |
|--|----------------------------|--|
| Outstanding at 1 January 2022 - audited | 2,065,527 | 1.74 |
| Granted | 75,000 | 2.37 |
| Exercised | (5,192) | 0.45 |
| Expired | (18,356) | 1.80 |
| Outstanding at 31 December 2022 - audited No movements in the period | 2,116,979 | 1.76 |
| Outstanding at 30 June 2023 - unaudited | 2,116,979 | 1.69 |
| TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES | | |

7. TI

| | 30 June 2023 | 30 June 2022 | 31 December 2022 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| | US\$'000 Unaudited | US\$'000 Unaudited | US\$'000 Audited |
| Trade payables | 369 | 368 | 358 |
| Other payables - tax and social security | 15 | 2 | 13 |
| Accruals and other payables | 586 | 336 | 684 |
| | 970 | 706 | 1,055 |

Trade and other payables comprise amounts outstanding for trade purchases and on-going costs. All trade and other payables are due in less than a year.

8 LEASE LIABILITIES

| | Land and | Plant and | |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|
| | buildings | machinery | Total |
| | US\$'000 | US\$'000 | US\$'000 |
| | | | |
| At 1 January 2022 | 504 | 304 | 808 |
| Interest expense | 19 | 8 | 27 |
| Repayments | (79) | (62) | (153) |
| | | | |
| At 30 June 2022 - unaudited | 444 | 250 | 694 |
| Repayments | (55) | (63) | (118) |
| Interest expense | 18 | 7 | 25 |
| | | | |

| At 31 December 2022 - audited | 407 | 194 | 601 |
|-------------------------------|------|------|-------|
| Repayments | (82) | (65) | (147) |
| Interest expense | 15 | 5 | 20 |
| At 30 June 2023 - unaudited | 340 | 134 | 474 |

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There have been no events which require disclosure in these unaudited interim financial statements.

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