

**November 8, 2019**

**HONDA MOTOR CO., LTD. REPORTS  
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS  
FOR THE FISCAL SECOND QUARTER AND  
THE FISCAL FIRST HALF YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

Tokyo, November 8, 2019--- Honda Motor Co., Ltd. today announced its consolidated financial results for the fiscal second quarter and the fiscal first half year ended September 30, 2019.

**Second Quarter Results**

Honda's consolidated sales revenue for the three months ended September 30, 2019 decreased by 2.9%, to JPY 3,729.1 billion from the same period last year, due mainly to decreased sales revenue in Automobile business, Motorcycle business, Life creation and other businesses operations as well as negative foreign currency translation effects, which was partially offset by increased sales revenue in Financial services business operations. Operating profit increased by 2.6%, to JPY 220.1 billion from the same period last year, due mainly to decreased selling, general and administrative expenses as well as continuing cost reduction, which was partially offset by a decrease in profit attributable to decreased sales revenue and model mix. Profit before income taxes increased by 2.3%, to JPY 289.6 billion from the same period last year. Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent decreased by 6.7%, to JPY 196.5 billion from the same period last year, due mainly to increased income tax expense.

Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent for the quarter amounted to JPY 111.70, a decrease of JPY 7.96 from the corresponding period last year. One Honda American Depository Share represents one common share.

**First Half Year Results**

Honda's consolidated sales revenue for the six months ended September 30, 2019 decreased by 1.8%, to JPY 7,725.3 billion from the same period last year, due mainly to decreased sales revenue in Automobile business, Motorcycle business, Life creation and other businesses operations as well as negative foreign currency translation effects, which was partially offset by increased sales revenue in Financial services business operations. Operating profit decreased by 8.0%, to JPY 472.6 billion from the same period last year, due mainly to a decrease in profit attributable to decreased sales revenue and model mix as well as negative foreign currency effects, which was partially offset by continuing cost reduction. Profit before income taxes decreased by 9.7%, to JPY 579.4 billion from the same period last year. Profit for the period attributable to owners of the parent decreased by 19.0%, to JPY 368.8 billion from the same period last year.

Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent for the period amounted to JPY 209.63, a decrease of JPY 47.81 from the corresponding period last year.

### **Consolidated Statements of Financial Position for the Fiscal First Half Year Ended September 30, 2019**

Total assets decreased by JPY 98.1 billion, to JPY 20,320.9 billion from March 31, 2019 mainly due to foreign currency translation effects, despite an increase in equipment on operating leases as well as property, plant and equipment which includes right-of-use assets through the adoption of IFRS 16. Total liabilities decreased by JPY 142.5 billion, to JPY 11,710.7 billion from March 31, 2019 mainly due to decreased trade payables and foreign currency translation effects, despite an increase in other financial liabilities which includes lease liabilities through the adoption of IFRS 16. Total equity increased by JPY 44.4 billion, to JPY 8,610.1 billion from March 31, 2019 due mainly to an increase in retained earnings attributable to profit for the period, despite foreign currency translation effects.

### **Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Fiscal First Half Year Ended September 30, 2019**

Consolidated cash and cash equivalents on September 30, 2019 decreased by JPY 159.1 billion from March 31, 2019, to JPY 2,334.9 billion. The reasons for the increases or decreases for each cash flow activity, when compared with the same period last year, are as follows:

Net cash provided by operating activities amounted to JPY 409.9 billion of cash inflows. Cash inflows from operating activities increased by JPY 12.7 billion from the same period last year, due mainly to a decrease in receivables from financial services, despite increased payments for parts, raw materials and purchase of equipment on operating leases.

Net cash used in investing activities amounted to JPY 375.5 billion of cash outflows. Cash outflows from investing activities decreased by JPY 1.3 billion from the same period last year, due mainly to decreased payments for acquisitions of other financial assets as well as for additions to property, plant and equipment, which was partially offset by a decrease in proceeds from sales and redemptions of other financial assets.

Net cash used in financing activities amounted to JPY 134.2 billion of cash outflows. Cash outflows from financing activities increased by JPY 70.3 billion from the same period last year, due mainly to an increase in repayments of financing liabilities, which was partially offset by an increase in proceeds from financing liabilities.

## **Forecasts for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2020**

In regard to the forecasts of the financial results for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2020, Honda projects consolidated results to be as shown below:

<b>Fiscal year ending March 31, 2020</b>	<u>Yen (billions)</u>	<u>Changes from FY 2019</u>
Sales revenue	15,050.0	-5.3%
Operating profit	690.0	-5.0%
Profit before income taxes	905.0	-7.6%
Profit for the year	640.0	-5.4%
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent	575.0	-5.8%

### Yen

Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent

Basic and diluted	329.64
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Note: The forecasts are based on the assumption that the average exchange rates for the Japanese yen to the U.S. dollar will be JPY 107 for the full year ending March 31, 2020.

The reasons for the increases or decreases in the forecasts of the operating profit, and profit before income taxes for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2020 from the previous year are as follows.

	<u>Yen (billions)</u>
Revenue, model mix, etc.	- 133.9
Cost reduction, the effect of raw material cost fluctuations, etc.	+ 134.0
SG&A expenses	+ 78.0
R&D expenses	- 7.0
Currency effect	- 138.0
The impact related to changes of the global automobile production network and capability*	+ 30.6
<hr/> Operating profit compared with fiscal year ended March 31, 2019	<hr/> - 36.3
Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	- 18.8
Finance income and finance costs	- 19.1
<hr/> Profit before income taxes compared with fiscal year ended March 31, 2019	<hr/> - 74.3

\*The impact related to changes of the global automobile production network and capability in FY2019 was JPY 68.0 billion and the forecast for the FY2020 is JPY 37.4 billion

## **Dividend per Share of Common Stock**

Fiscal second quarter dividend is JPY 28 per share of common stock. The total expected annual dividend per share of common stock for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2020, is JPY 112 per share.

This announcement contains "forward-looking statements" as defined in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such statements are based on management's assumptions and beliefs taking into account information currently available to it. Therefore, please be advised that the actual results of the Company could differ materially from those described in these forward-looking statements as a result of numerous factors, including general economic conditions in the principal markets of the Company, its consolidated subsidiaries and its affiliates accounted for by the equity-method, and fluctuation of foreign exchange rates, as well as other factors detailed from time to time. The various factors for increases and decreases in profit have been classified in accordance with a method that Honda considers reasonable.

## [1] Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

March 31, 2018 and September 30, 2019

		Yen (millions)	
		Mar. 31, 2019	Sep. 30, 2019
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		2,494,121	<b>2,334,967</b>
Trade receivables		793,245	<b>691,505</b>
Receivables from financial services		1,951,633	<b>1,834,070</b>
Other financial assets		163,274	<b>183,205</b>
Inventories		1,586,787	<b>1,629,194</b>
Other current assets		358,234	<b>331,887</b>
Total current assets		<u>7,347,294</u>	<u><b>7,004,828</b></u>
Non-current assets:			
Investments accounted for using the equity method		713,039	<b>782,670</b>
Receivables from financial services		3,453,617	<b>3,397,659</b>
Other financial assets		417,149	<b>431,105</b>
Equipment on operating leases		4,448,849	<b>4,529,760</b>
Property, plant and equipment		2,981,840	<b>3,069,893</b>
Intangible assets		744,368	<b>778,431</b>
Deferred tax assets		150,318	<b>140,412</b>
Other non-current assets		162,648	<b>186,231</b>
Total non-current assets		<u>13,071,828</u>	<u><b>13,316,161</b></u>
Total assets		<u><u>20,419,122</u></u>	<u><u><b>20,320,989</b></u></u>
Liabilities and Equity			
Current liabilities:			
Trade payables		1,184,882	<b>1,017,489</b>
Financing liabilities		3,188,782	<b>3,102,039</b>
Accrued expenses		476,300	<b>411,672</b>
Other financial liabilities		132,910	<b>177,132</b>
Income taxes payable		49,726	<b>52,803</b>
Provisions		348,763	<b>284,611</b>
Other current liabilities		599,761	<b>586,633</b>
Total current liabilities		<u>5,981,124</u>	<u><b>5,632,379</b></u>
Non-current liabilities:			
Financing liabilities		4,142,338	<b>4,072,361</b>
Other financial liabilities		63,689	<b>297,442</b>
Retirement benefit liabilities		398,803	<b>417,454</b>
Provisions		220,745	<b>221,403</b>
Deferred tax liabilities		727,411	<b>740,341</b>
Other non-current liabilities		319,222	<b>329,412</b>
Total non-current liabilities		<u>5,872,208</u>	<u><b>6,078,413</b></u>
Total liabilities		<u>11,853,332</u>	<u><b>11,710,792</b></u>
Equity:			
Common stock		86,067	<b>86,067</b>
Capital surplus		171,460	<b>171,664</b>
Treasury stock		(177,827)	<b>(177,752)</b>
Retained earnings		7,973,637	<b>8,242,571</b>
Other components of equity		214,383	<b>18,473</b>
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		<u>8,267,220</u>	<u><b>8,341,023</b></u>
Non-controlling interests		298,070	<b>269,174</b>
Total equity		<u>8,565,790</u>	<u><b>8,610,197</b></u>
Total liabilities and equity		<u><u>20,419,122</u></u>	<u><u><b>20,320,989</b></u></u>

**[2] Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income and Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income**

**Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income**

For the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2019

	Yen (millions)	
	Six months ended Sep. 30, 2018	<b>Six months ended Sep. 30, 2019</b>
Sales revenue	7,865,845	<b>7,725,356</b>
Operating costs and expenses:		
Cost of sales	(6,167,404)	<b>(6,123,574)</b>
Selling, general and administrative	(809,945)	<b>(783,943)</b>
Research and development	(374,638)	<b>(345,234)</b>
Total operating costs and expenses	<u>(7,351,987)</u>	<u><b>(7,252,751)</b></u>
Operating profit	513,858	<b>472,605</b>
Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	118,228	<b>108,179</b>
Finance income and finance costs:		
Interest income	23,324	<b>26,260</b>
Interest expense	(5,957)	<b>(7,595)</b>
Other, net	(8,129)	<b>(20,014)</b>
Total finance income and finance costs	<u>9,238</u>	<u><b>(1,349)</b></u>
Profit before income taxes	641,324	<b>579,435</b>
Income tax expense	<u>(145,377)</u>	<u><b>(179,670)</b></u>
Profit for the period	<u>495,947</u>	<u><b>399,765</b></u>
Profit for the period attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	455,101	<b>368,856</b>
Non-controlling interests	40,846	<b>30,909</b>
	Yen	
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent		
Basic and diluted	257.44	<b>209.63</b>

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2019

	Yen (millions)	
	Six months ended Sep. 30, 2018	<b>Six months ended Sep. 30, 2019</b>
Profit for the period	495,947	<b>399,765</b>
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	—	—
Net changes in revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	434	<b>(4,693)</b>
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the equity method	(745)	<b>(604)</b>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		
Net changes in revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(41)	<b>164</b>
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	199,376	<b>(167,710)</b>
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the equity method	(17,750)	<b>(31,571)</b>
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	181,274	<b>(204,414)</b>
Comprehensive income for the period	677,221	<b>195,351</b>
Comprehensive income for the period attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	635,015	<b>173,092</b>
Non-controlling interests	42,206	<b>22,259</b>

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2019

	Yen (millions)	
	Three months ended Sep. 30, 2018	Three months ended Sep. 30, 2019
Sales revenue	3,841,712	<b>3,729,103</b>
Operating costs and expenses:		
Cost of sales	(3,004,708)	<b>(2,957,091)</b>
Selling, general and administrative	(438,289)	<b>(376,494)</b>
Research and development	(184,240)	<b>(175,382)</b>
Total operating costs and expenses	(3,627,237)	<b>(3,508,967)</b>
Operating profit	214,475	<b>220,136</b>
Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	63,926	<b>63,949</b>
Finance income and finance costs:		
Interest income	11,411	<b>12,065</b>
Interest expense	(2,994)	<b>(4,000)</b>
Other, net	(3,776)	<b>(2,526)</b>
Total finance income and finance costs	4,641	<b>5,539</b>
Profit before income taxes	283,042	<b>289,624</b>
Income tax expense	(53,817)	<b>(79,451)</b>
Profit for the period	229,225	<b>210,173</b>
Profit for the period attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	210,771	<b>196,554</b>
Non-controlling interests	18,454	<b>13,619</b>
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the parent		
Basic and diluted	119.66	<b>111.70</b>

## Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2019

	Yen (millions)	
	Three months ended Sep. 30, 2018	Three months ended Sep. 30, 2019
Profit for the period	229,225	<b>210,173</b>
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	—	—
Net changes in revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	310	<b>1,655</b>
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the equity method	539	<b>221</b>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		
Net changes in revaluation of financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	(40)	<b>54</b>
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	127,842	<b>(38,492)</b>
Share of other comprehensive income of investments accounted for using the equity method	(3,909)	<b>(17,312)</b>
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax	124,742	<b>(53,874)</b>
Comprehensive income for the period	353,967	<b>156,299</b>
Comprehensive income for the period attributable to:		
Owners of the parent	332,427	<b>144,815</b>
Non-controlling interests	21,540	<b>11,484</b>



### [3] Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the six months ended September 30, 2018

	Yen (millions)							
	Equity attributable to owners of the parent					Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Retained earnings	Other components of equity			
Balance as of April 1, 2018	86,067	171,118	(113,271)	7,611,332	178,292	7,933,538	300,557	8,234,095
Effect of changes in accounting policy				(46,833)	(208)	(47,041)	6	(47,035)
Effect of hyperinflation				(9,454)	14,896	5,442		5,442
Adjusted balance as of April 1, 2018	86,067	171,118	(113,271)	7,555,045	192,980	7,891,939	300,563	8,192,502
Comprehensive income for the period								
Profit for the period				455,101		455,101	40,846	495,947
Other comprehensive income, net of tax					179,914	179,914	1,360	181,274
Total comprehensive income for the period				455,101	179,914	635,015	42,206	677,221
Reclassification to retained earnings				(1,906)	1,906	—		—
Transactions with owners and other								
Dividends paid				(95,696)		(95,696)	(57,152)	(152,848)
Purchases of treasury stock			(64,552)			(64,552)		(64,552)
Disposal of treasury stock			1			1		1
Share-based payment transactions		110				110		110
Total transactions with owners and other		110	(64,551)	(95,696)		(160,137)	(57,152)	(217,289)
Other changes				(3,770)		(3,770)		(3,770)
Balance as of September 30, 2018	86,067	171,228	(177,822)	7,908,774	374,800	8,363,047	285,617	8,648,664

### For the six months ended September 30, 2019

	Yen (millions)							
	Equity attributable to owners of the parent					Total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Treasury stock	Retained earnings	Other components of equity			
Balance as of April 1, 2019	<b>86,067</b>	<b>171,460</b>	<b>(177,827)</b>	<b>7,973,637</b>	<b>214,383</b>	<b>8,267,720</b>	<b>298,070</b>	<b>8,565,790</b>
Comprehensive income for the period								
Profit for the period				<b>368,856</b>		<b>368,856</b>	<b>30,909</b>	<b>399,765</b>
Other comprehensive income, net of tax					<b>(195,764)</b>	<b>(195,764)</b>	<b>(8,650)</b>	<b>(204,414)</b>
Total comprehensive income for the period				<b>368,856</b>	<b>(195,764)</b>	<b>173,092</b>	<b>22,259</b>	<b>195,351</b>
Reclassification to retained earnings				<b>146</b>	<b>(146)</b>	—		—
Transactions with owners and other								
Dividends paid				<b>(98,575)</b>		<b>(98,575)</b>	<b>(51,155)</b>	<b>(149,730)</b>
Purchases of treasury stock			<b>(4)</b>			<b>(4)</b>		<b>(4)</b>
Disposal of treasury stock			<b>79</b>			<b>79</b>		<b>79</b>
Share-based payment transactions		<b>204</b>				<b>204</b>		<b>204</b>
Total transactions with owners and other		<b>204</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>(98,575)</b>		<b>(98,296)</b>	<b>(51,155)</b>	<b>(149,451)</b>
Other changes				<b>(1,493)</b>		<b>(1,493)</b>		<b>(1,493)</b>
Balance as of September 30, 2019	<b>86,067</b>	<b>171,664</b>	<b>(177,752)</b>	<b>8,242,571</b>	<b>18,473</b>	<b>8,341,023</b>	<b>269,174</b>	<b>8,610,197</b>

#### [4] Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the six months ended September 30, 2018 and 2019

	Yen (millions)	
	Six months ended Sep. 30, 2018	<b>Six months ended Sep. 30, 2019</b>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Profit before income taxes	641,324	<b>579,435</b>
Depreciation, amortization and impairment losses excluding equipment on operating leases	352,269	<b>327,903</b>
Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method	(118,228)	<b>(108,179)</b>
Finance income and finance costs, net	(51,523)	<b>(37,602)</b>
Interest income and interest costs from financial services, net	(60,705)	<b>(64,586)</b>
Changes in assets and liabilities		
Trade receivables	30,775	<b>72,277</b>
Inventories	(45,257)	<b>(102,759)</b>
Trade payables	(58,246)	<b>(78,278)</b>
Accrued expenses	(68,534)	<b>(58,310)</b>
Provisions and retirement benefit liabilities	1,389	<b>(26,074)</b>
Receivables from financial services	(106,677)	<b>47,293</b>
Equipment on operating leases	(94,718)	<b>(173,982)</b>
Other assets and liabilities	(30,181)	<b>(12,447)</b>
Other, net	2,343	<b>(550)</b>
Dividends received	84,022	<b>85,621</b>
Interest received	130,371	<b>145,241</b>
Interest paid	(67,779)	<b>(78,768)</b>
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	(143,450)	<b>(106,284)</b>
Net cash provided by operating activities	397,195	<b>409,951</b>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Payments for additions to property, plant and equipment	(224,775)	<b>(153,354)</b>
Payments for additions to and internally developed intangible assets	(89,682)	<b>(111,292)</b>
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	13,882	<b>8,668</b>
Payments for acquisitions of subsidiaries, net of cash and cash equivalents acquired	—	<b>(3,047)</b>
Payments for acquisitions of investments accounted for using the equity method	(2,401)	<b>(2,401)</b>
Payments for acquisitions of other financial assets	(311,231)	<b>(197,620)</b>
Proceeds from sales and redemptions of other financial assets	237,321	<b>84,874</b>
Other, net	—	<b>(1,404)</b>
Net cash used in investing activities	(376,886)	<b>(375,576)</b>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Proceeds from short-term financing liabilities	3,803,313	<b>4,123,201</b>
Repayments of short-term financing liabilities	(3,778,832)	<b>(4,268,863)</b>
Proceeds from long-term financing liabilities	851,623	<b>967,835</b>
Repayments of long-term financing liabilities	(706,970)	<b>(785,267)</b>
Dividends paid to owners of the parent	(95,696)	<b>(98,575)</b>
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(47,423)	<b>(36,377)</b>
Purchases and sales of treasury stock, net	(64,551)	<b>75</b>
Repayments of lease liabilities	(25,380)	<b>(36,255)</b>
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(63,916)	<b>(134,226)</b>
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	37,998	<b>(59,303)</b>
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(5,609)	<b>(159,154)</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	2,256,488	<b>2,494,121</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	2,250,879	<b>2,334,967</b>

## **[5] Assumptions for Going Concern**

None

## **[6] Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

### **[A] Changes in accounting policies**

#### IFRS 16 "Leases"

Honda has adopted IFRS 16 "Leases" with a date of initial application of April 1, 2019. Honda used the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application was recognized as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at the date of initial application. Therefore, the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under the previous accounting policy.

Previously, Honda determined at contract inception whether an arrangement was or contained a lease under IAS 17 "Leases" and IFRIC 4 "Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease". Honda assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease under IFRS 16 on or after April 1, 2019. Honda applied the practical expedient to grandfather the assessment of which a contract was or contained a lease when applying IFRS 16. Therefore, Honda applied IFRS 16 to all contracts entered into prior to April 1, 2019 and identified as leases under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4.

IFRS 16 introduced a single on-balance lease accounting model for lessees. A lessee recognizes a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. In addition, expenses related to leases change from straight-line operating lease expenses to depreciation charge for right-of-use assets and interest expense on lease liabilities. At transition, Honda recognized the lease liabilities for leases previously classified as an operating lease under IAS 17, and measured these liabilities at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using Honda's incremental borrowing rate as of April 1, 2019. The weighted average rate applied was 1.19%. The right-of-use assets were measured at the amount equal to the lease liability, adjusted by the amount of any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to that lease recognized in the statement of financial position immediately before the date of initial application. In addition, Honda applied the following practical expedients when applying IFRS 16.

- Applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics;
- Adjusted the right-of-use assets by the amount of any provision for onerous leases under IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" recognized immediately before the date of initial application as an alternative to performing an impairment review; and
- Excluded initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use assets at the date of initial application.

In the condensed consolidated statements of financial position, lease liabilities are included in other financial liabilities and right-of-use assets are included in property, plant and equipment.

Honda recognized additional lease liabilities of JPY 272,232 million and total assets, mainly right-of-use assets were recognized approximately in the same amounts in the condensed consolidated statements of financial position as of April 1, 2019.

The difference between the future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases as of March 31, 2019 disclosed in the consolidated financial statements immediately before the date of initial application, and the lease liabilities recognized as of April 1, 2019, is as follows:

	<u>Yen(millions)</u>
Future minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases as of March 31, 2019	115,634
Discounted using the incremental borrowing rate as of April 1, 2019	<u>108,147</u>
Add: Finance lease obligations	62,308
Add: Cancelable operating leases	11,612
Add: Extension options reasonably certain to be exercised	<u>152,473</u>
Lease liabilities recognized as of April 1, 2019	<u>334,540</u>

## [B] Segment Information

Honda has four reportable segments: Motorcycle business, Automobile business, Financial services business and Life creation and other businesses, which are based on Honda's organizational structure and characteristics of products and services. Operating segments are defined as the components of Honda for which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. The accounting policies used for these reportable segments are consistent with the accounting policies used in the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Principal products and services, and functions of each segment are as follows:

Segment	Principal products and services	Functions
Motorcycle Business	Motorcycles, all-terrain vehicles (ATVs), side-by-sides (S×S) and relevant parts	Research and development Manufacturing Sales and related services
Automobile Business	Automobiles and relevant parts	Research and development Manufacturing Sales and related services
Financial Services Business	Financial services	Retail loan and lease related to Honda products Others
Life Creation and Other Businesses*	Power products and relevant parts, and others	Research and development Manufacturing Sales and related services Others

Explanatory note:

\* Power product business has been renamed Life creation business from April 1, 2019. Honda expands the concept of our Power product business and continues pursuing it under a new concept of "Life Creation Business". This renaming of the business represents our intention to evolve our business as a function to create new value for "mobility" and "daily lives", which includes our existing Power product business as well as new businesses for the future, including energy business.

## Segment information based on products and services

As of and for the six months ended September 30, 2018

	Yen (millions)						
	Motorcycle Business	Automobile Business	Financial Services Business	Life Creation and Other Businesses	Segment Total	Reconciling Items	Consolidated
Sales revenue:							
External customers	1,094,226	5,421,971	1,185,980	163,668	7,865,845	—	7,865,845
Intersegment	—	93,384	7,486	11,136	112,006	(112,006)	—
Total	1,094,226	5,515,355	1,193,466	174,804	7,977,851	(112,006)	7,865,845
Segment profit (loss)	177,174	221,506	116,372	(1,194)	513,858	—	513,858
Segment assets	1,458,540	7,984,546	10,153,832	316,353	19,913,271	354,470	20,267,741
Depreciation and amortization	33,942	309,249	384,060	7,227	734,478	—	734,478
Capital expenditures	23,957	238,173	1,000,337	5,493	1,267,960	—	1,267,960

## As of and for the six months ended September 30, 2019

	Yen (millions)						
	Motorcycle Business	Automobile Business	Financial Services Business	Life Creation and Other Businesses	Segment Total	Reconciling Items	Consolidated
Sales revenue:							
External customers	<b>1,055,543</b>	<b>5,167,970</b>	<b>1,345,634</b>	<b>156,209</b>	<b>7,725,356</b>	—	<b>7,725,356</b>
Intersegment	—	<b>113,050</b>	<b>7,156</b>	<b>10,846</b>	<b>131,052</b>	<b>(131,052)</b>	—
Total	<b>1,055,543</b>	<b>5,281,020</b>	<b>1,352,790</b>	<b>167,055</b>	<b>7,856,408</b>	<b>(131,052)</b>	<b>7,725,356</b>
Segment profit (loss)	<b>147,655</b>	<b>195,293</b>	<b>132,162</b>	<b>(2,505)</b>	<b>472,605</b>	—	<b>472,605</b>
Segment assets	<b>1,473,282</b>	<b>7,903,911</b>	<b>10,131,384</b>	<b>336,266</b>	<b>19,844,843</b>	<b>476,146</b>	<b>20,320,989</b>
Depreciation and amortization	<b>32,563</b>	<b>283,570</b>	<b>406,833</b>	<b>7,146</b>	<b>730,112</b>	—	<b>730,112</b>
Capital expenditures	<b>30,698</b>	<b>207,122</b>	<b>1,193,874</b>	<b>7,190</b>	<b>1,438,884</b>	—	<b>1,438,884</b>

For the three months ended September 30, 2018

	Yen (millions)						
	Motorcycle Business	Automobile Business	Financial Services Business	Life Creation and Other Businesses	Segment Total	Reconciling Items	Consolidated
Sales revenue:							
External customers	539,319	2,624,635	596,085	81,673	3,841,712	—	3,841,712
Intersegment	—	45,529	4,196	5,289	55,014	(55,014)	—
Total	539,319	2,670,164	600,281	86,962	3,896,726	(55,014)	3,841,712
Segment profit (loss)	85,044	69,825	59,193	413	214,475	—	214,475

For the three months ended September 30, 2019

	Yen (millions)						
	Motorcycle Business	Automobile Business	Financial Services Business	Life Creation and Other Businesses	Segment Total	Reconciling Items	Consolidated
Sales revenue:							
External customers	<b>522,525</b>	<b>2,473,492</b>	<b>657,233</b>	<b>75,853</b>	<b>3,729,103</b>	—	<b>3,729,103</b>
Intersegment	—	<b>57,388</b>	<b>3,532</b>	<b>5,958</b>	<b>66,878</b>	<b>(66,878)</b>	—
Total	<b>522,525</b>	<b>2,530,880</b>	<b>660,765</b>	<b>81,811</b>	<b>3,795,981</b>	<b>(66,878)</b>	<b>3,729,103</b>
Segment profit (loss)	<b>77,782</b>	<b>74,918</b>	<b>66,380</b>	<b>1,056</b>	<b>220,136</b>	—	<b>220,136</b>

Explanatory notes:

- Intersegment sales revenues are generally made at values that approximate arm's-length prices.
- Reconciling items include elimination of intersegment transactions and balances as well as unallocated corporate assets. Unallocated corporate assets, included in reconciling items as of September 30, 2018 and 2019 amounted to JPY 633,623 million and JPY 751,369 million, respectively, which consist primarily of the Company's cash and cash equivalents and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

In addition to the disclosure required by IFRS, Honda provides the following supplemental information for the financial statements users:

**Supplemental geographical information based on the location of the Company and its subsidiaries**

As of and for the six months ended September 30, 2018

	Yen (millions)						Reconciling Items	Consolidated
	Japan	North America	Europe	Asia	Other Regions	Total		
Sales revenue:								
External customers	1,129,949	4,192,771	318,832	1,848,097	376,196	7,865,845	—	7,865,845
Inter-geographic areas	1,215,912	251,798	129,199	361,264	3,602	1,961,775	(1,961,775)	—
Total	2,345,861	4,444,569	448,031	2,209,361	379,798	9,827,620	(1,961,775)	7,865,845
Operating profit (loss)	42,114	163,843	7,271	250,109	30,625	493,962	19,896	513,858
Assets	4,373,170	11,496,432	683,043	3,039,075	620,567	20,212,287	55,454	20,267,741
Non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets	2,596,051	4,857,844	97,064	671,714	145,792	8,368,465	—	8,368,465

As of and for the six months ended September 30, 2019

	Yen (millions)						Reconciling Items	Consolidated
	Japan	North America	Europe	Asia	Other Regions	Total		
Sales revenue:								
External customers	<b>1,212,399</b>	<b>4,184,239</b>	<b>291,376</b>	<b>1,677,663</b>	<b>359,679</b>	<b>7,725,356</b>	—	<b>7,725,356</b>
Inter-geographic areas	<b>1,080,995</b>	<b>197,596</b>	<b>101,358</b>	<b>339,309</b>	<b>3,650</b>	<b>1,722,908</b>	<b>(1,722,908)</b>	—
Total	<b>2,293,394</b>	<b>4,381,835</b>	<b>392,734</b>	<b>2,016,972</b>	<b>363,329</b>	<b>9,448,264</b>	<b>(1,722,908)</b>	<b>7,725,356</b>
Operating profit (loss)	<b>81,200</b>	<b>178,981</b>	<b>9,803</b>	<b>186,278</b>	<b>8,425</b>	<b>464,687</b>	<b>7,918</b>	<b>472,605</b>
Assets	<b>4,731,555</b>	<b>11,201,065</b>	<b>618,461</b>	<b>2,972,541</b>	<b>589,213</b>	<b>20,112,835</b>	<b>208,154</b>	<b>20,320,989</b>
Non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets	<b>2,969,630</b>	<b>4,712,010</b>	<b>90,759</b>	<b>664,300</b>	<b>127,616</b>	<b>8,564,315</b>	—	<b>8,564,315</b>

For the three months ended September 30, 2018

	Yen (millions)							Reconciling Items	Consolidated
	Japan	North America	Europe	Asia	Other Regions	Total			
Sales revenue:									
External customers	575,806	2,015,472	145,853	929,374	175,207	3,841,712	—	3,841,712	
Inter-geographic areas	629,840	115,747	64,937	184,275	1,256	996,055	(996,055)	—	
Total	1,205,646	2,131,219	210,790	1,113,649	176,463	4,837,767	(996,055)	3,841,712	
Operating profit (loss)	27,402	53,483	236	127,595	7,990	216,706	(2,231)	214,475	

**For the three months ended September 30, 2019**

	Yen (millions)							Reconciling Items	Consolidated
	Japan	North America	Europe	Asia	Other Regions	Total			
Sales revenue:									
External customers	<b>618,099</b>	<b>1,971,113</b>	<b>135,984</b>	<b>833,561</b>	<b>170,346</b>	<b>3,729,103</b>	—	<b>3,729,103</b>	
Inter-geographic areas	<b>524,540</b>	<b>94,677</b>	<b>50,520</b>	<b>164,146</b>	<b>1,707</b>	<b>835,590</b>	<b>(835,590)</b>	—	
Total	<b>1,142,639</b>	<b>2,065,790</b>	<b>186,504</b>	<b>997,707</b>	<b>172,053</b>	<b>4,564,693</b>	<b>(835,590)</b>	<b>3,729,103</b>	
Operating profit (loss)	<b>44,528</b>	<b>76,280</b>	<b>7,203</b>	<b>88,317</b>	<b>(54)</b>	<b>216,274</b>	<b>3,862</b>	<b>220,136</b>	

Explanatory notes:

1. Major countries or regions in each geographic area:

North America	United States, Canada, Mexico
Europe	United Kingdom, Germany, Belgium, Italy, France
Asia	Thailand, Indonesia, China, India, Vietnam
Other Regions	Brazil, Australia

2. Sales revenues between geographic areas are generally made at values that approximate arm's-length prices.

3. Reconciling items include elimination of inter-geographic transactions and balances as well as unallocated corporate assets. Unallocated corporate assets, included in reconciling items as of September 30, 2018 and 2019 amounted to JPY 633,623 million and JPY 751,369 million, respectively, which consist primarily of the Company's cash and cash equivalents and financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

**[C] Subsequent Event**

**Acquisition of the Company's Own Shares**

The Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on November 8, 2019, resolved that the Company will acquire its own shares pursuant to Article 459, Paragraph 1 of the Company Law and Article 33 of the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

1. Reason for acquisition of own share

The Company will acquire its own shares for the purpose, among others, of improving efficiency of its capital structure and implementing a flexible capital strategy.

2. Details of the acquisition

(1) Class of shares to be acquired:

Shares of common stock

(2) Total number of shares to be acquired:

Up to 33,000,000 shares (1.9% of total number of issued shares (excluding treasury stock))

(3) Total amount of shares to be acquired:

Up to 100,000 million yen

(4) Period of acquisition:

Starting on November 11, 2019 and ending on March 31, 2020

(5) Method of acquisition:

Market purchases on the Tokyo Stock Exchange

1. Purchases through the Tokyo Stock Exchange Trading Network Off-Auction Own Share Repurchase Trading System (ToSTNeT-3)
2. Market purchases based on a discretionary trading contract regarding acquisition of own shares

**[D] Other****Loss related to airbag inflators**

Honda has been conducting market-based measures in relation to airbag inflators. Honda recognizes a provision for specific warranty costs when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. There is a possibility that Honda will need to recognize additional provisions when new evidence related to the product recalls arise, however, it is not possible for Honda to reasonably estimate the amount and timing of potential future losses as of the date of this report.

For the related civil lawsuits mainly in the United States, Honda did not recognize a provision for loss contingencies because the conditions for a provision have not been met as of the date of this report. Therefore, it is not possible for Honda to reasonably estimate the amount and timing of potential future losses as of the date of this report because there are some uncertainties, such as the period when these lawsuits will be concluded.