# **Sprocomm Intelligence Limited**

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability | 於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 1401)



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## **CORPORATE INFORMATION** 公司資料

### **Board of Directors**

## Executive Directors

#### Mr. Li Chengjun

*(Chairman and Chief executive officer)* Mr. Xiong Bin *(Vice chairman)* Mr. Li Hongxing Mr. Guo Qinglin

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Hung Wai Man Mr. Wong Kwan Kit Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen Ms. Tseng Chin I

## **Committees of the Board**

#### Audit Committee

Mr. Wong Kwan Kit *(Chairman)* Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen Mr. Hung Wai Man

#### **Remuneration Committee**

Mr. Hung Wai Man *(Chairman)* Mr. Wong Kwan Kit Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen Ms. Tseng Chin I

#### **Nomination Committee**

Mr. Li Chengjun *(Chairman)* Mr. Wong Kwan Kit Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen Ms. Tseng Chin I

## **Company Secretary**

Ms. Jian Xuegen

#### **Authorised Representatives**

Mr. Xiong Bin Ms. Jian Xuegen

#### 董事會

#### **執行董事** 李承軍先生

*(主席兼行政總裁)* 熊彬先生*(副主席)* 李紅星先生 郭慶林先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

洪為民先生 黃昆杰先生 呂永琛先生 曾瀞漪女士

#### 董事會委員會

#### **審核委員會** 黃昆杰先生*(主席)* 呂永琛先生

呂永琛先生 洪為民先生

#### 薪酬委員會

洪為民先生(*主席)* 黃昆杰先生 呂永琛先生 曾瀞漪女士

#### 提名委員會

李承軍先生(*主席)* 黃昆杰先生 呂永琛先生 曾瀞漪女士

## 公司秘書

簡雪艮女士

## 授權代表

熊彬先生 簡雪艮女士

## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

公司資料

### **Compliance Adviser**

Dakin Capital Limited Suites 4505–06, 45/F Tower 1, Lippo Centre 89 Queensway Hong Kong

#### Auditor

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants 43/F, Lee Garden One 33 Hysan Avenue, Causeway Bay Hong Kong

## **Registered Office in Cayman Islands**

P.O. BOX 31119 Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman KY1-1205 Cayman Islands

## Principal Place of Business and Headquarters in the PRC

5D-506 F1.6 Block Tianfa Building Tianan Chegongmiao Industrial Park Futian District Shenzhen, China

#### Place of Business In Hong Kong

Room A, 12/F Granville House 41C Granville Road Tsim Sha Tsui Kowloon, Hong Kong

## **Principal Banks**

Citibank ICICI Bank Limited

## 合規顧問

德健融資有限公司 香港 金鐘道89號 力寶中心第一座 45樓4505-06室

### 核數師

信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 香港 銅鑼灣希慎道33號 利園一期43樓

### 開曼群島註冊辦事處

P.O. BOX 31119 Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman KY1-1205 Cayman Islands

#### 中國主要營業地點及總部

中國深圳市 福田區 天安車公廟工業區 天發大廈 F1.6棟5D-506室

#### 香港營業地點

香港九龍 尖沙咀 加連威老道41C號 嘉威大廈 12樓A室

## 主要銀行

花旗銀行 ICICI Bank Limited

## CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

## **Share Registrars and Transfer Offices**

#### Hong Kong

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### **Cayman Islands**

Tricor Services (Cayman Islands) Limited 2nd Floor, Century Yard Cricket Square, P.O. Box 902 Grand Cayman, KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

## Stock Name

SPROCOMM INTEL

## **Stock Code**

1401

## Company's Website

www.sprocomm.com

#### 股份過戶登記處

**香港** 卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

#### 開曼群島

Tricor Services (Cayman Islands) Limited 2nd Floor, Century Yard Cricket Square, P.O. Box 902 Grand Cayman, KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

股份名稱 SPROCOMM INTEL

**股份代號** 1401

本公司網站 www.sprocomm.com

## FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

五年財務概要

RESULTS			業績			
				ended 31 Dece -二月三十一日」		
		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2018 二零一八年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue Cost of sales Gross profit Profit before tax Profit for the year	收益 銷售成本 毛利 除税前溢利 年內溢利	2,182,038 (1,988,615) 193,423 33,651 30,684	3,117,648 (2,890,495) 227,153 44,414 37,763	2,943,724 (2,680,527) 263,197 54,658 43,951	2,889,658 (2,648,995) 240,663 32,144 32,079	2,171,867 (2,006,230) 165,637 44,451 42,695
Profit (loss) attributable to:	以下各方應佔溢利 (虧損): 一本公司擁有人	30,879	38,998	45,393	32,674	42,729
<ul> <li>Owners of the Company</li> <li>Non-controlling interests</li> </ul>	一非控股權益	(195)	(1,235)	(1,442)	(595)	(34)
		30,684	37,763	43,951	32,079	42,695

## **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

## 資產及負債

		As at 31 December 十二月三十一日				
		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2018 二零一八年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2017 二零一七年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2016 二零一六年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	1,207,484 (872,337)	1,625,965 (1,322,972)	1,190,417 (1,026,555)	942,502 (829,559)	676,988 (610,347)
		335,147	302,993	163,862	112,943	66,641
Equity (deficit) attributable to:	以下各方應佔權益 (虧絀):					
<ul> <li>Owners of the Company</li> <li>Non-controlling interests</li> </ul>	─本公司擁有人 ─非控股權益	333,336 1,811	300,987 2,006	160,305 3,557	107,947 4,996	66,676 (35)
		335,147	302,993	163,862	112,943	66,641

Notes:

#### 附註:

- (a) The financial figures for each of the two years ended 31 December 2020/ as at the respective year-end were extracted from the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.
- (b) The financial figures for each of the three years ended 31 December 2018/ as at the respective year-end were extracted from the prospectus dated 30 October 2019 (the "Prospectus").

The summary above does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

- (a) 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止兩個年度各年/ 於該等相關年度末的財務數據乃摘錄自本年報的綜 合財務報表。
- (b) 截至二零一八年十二月三十一日止三個年度各年/ 於該等相關年度末的財務數據乃摘錄自二零一九年 十月三十日的招股章程(「招股章程」)。

以上概要不屬於經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

On behalf of the board (the "**Board**") of directors (the "**Directors**") of Sprocomm Intelligence Limited (the "**Company**"), I present the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "**Group**") for the year ended 31 December 2020 to the shareholders of the Company.

#### **Business Review**

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the outbreak of the novel coronavirus (the "**COVID-19**") caused significant adverse impact on the global economy and consumer confidence. The worldwide smartphone market was also affected as the production capacities and schedules of the mobile phone manufacturers were interrupted by lockdown measures and consumers were more conscious on their spending.

The Group, as one of the leading ODM mobile phone suppliers based in China, continues to focus on the research and development, designing, manufacturing and sale of mobile phones, PCBAs for mobile phones and IoT related products, targeting emerging markets. Since the outbreak of COVID-19, a number of provinces and municipalities in China have taken emergency public health measures and various actions to prevent the spread of the COVID-19, including imposing restriction on resumption date of production after the Chinese New Year Holidays. Under these public health measures, the Group experienced delays in the supply of raw materials from its suppliers and certain workers had difficulties to return to work as usual. The Group halted production at its production plants in Shenzhen and Luzhou for a few weeks and production was gradually resumed by end of February. As a result of the aforesaid, the Group's original production plans and production capacity were significantly affected, leading to late delivery of products in the first half of 2020. The Group has taken corresponding actions to mitigate the adverse impact arising from COVID-19, including prioritisation of sales orders, regular communications with customers to secure the sales orders, close monitoring and follow up on the delivery schedule of raw materials and rescheduling production plans to speed up the production process and meet the customer demand. Amid the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2020 decreased by 30.0% to RMB2,182.0 million from RMB3,117.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, primarily attributed to the decrease in sales of mobile phones. The Group's net profit for the year ended 31 December 2020 also decreased by 18.8% to RMB30.7 million from RMB37.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2019.

本人謹代表Sprocomm Intelligence Limited(「本 公司」)董事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)向本公司 股東提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的經 審核綜合業績。

#### 業務回顧

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,新 型冠狀病毒(「COVID-19」)爆發對全球經濟及 消費者信心有顯著負面影響。由於手機生產 商的產能以及計劃受到封鎖措施影響,而消 費者在消費時更為謹慎,因此全球智能手機 市場亦受到影響。

本集團作為中國領先的ODM手機供應商之一, 一直致力於研發、設計、生產以及銷售手機、 手機的印刷電路板組裝以及物聯網相關產品, 著力開拓新興市場。自爆發COVID-19疫情以 來,中國多個省市採取緊急公共衛生措施及 多項行動(包括對農歷新年假期後復產日期作 出限制),防止COVID-19散播。因採取有關公 共衛生措施,本集團供應商延遲供應原材料, 而若干員工難以如常返回崗位。本集團於深 圳及瀘州的生產工廠停產數週,直至二月下 旬方逐漸恢復正常。基於上述原因,本集團原 有生產計劃及產能大受影響,導致二零二零 年上半年延遲交付產品。本集團已採取相應 行動減低COVID-19引起的負面影響,包括訂 單排序、與客戶保持溝通以保障訂單、密切監 察及跟進原材料交付時間表,以及重新編排 生產安排以加快生產程序及滿足客戶需求。 COVID-19疫情爆發後,本集團的收益由截至 二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣 3,117.6百萬元下降30.0%至截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣2,182.0百萬 元,主要是由於手機銷售減少所致。本集團的 純利亦由截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度的人民幣37.8百萬元下降18.8%至截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣 30.7百萬元。

## 

主席報告

Highlights of the audited results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020, as compared to 2019, are shown in the following table:

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的經審核業績摘要(與二零一九相比)載於 下表:

		Year ended 31 截至十二月三十 2020 二零二零年 (Audited) (經審核)	
Revenue (RMB'000)	收益(人民幣千元)	2,182,038	3,117,648
Net profit for the year (RMB'000)	年內純利(人民幣千元)	30,684	37,763
Earnings per share – Basic (RMB cents) – Diluted (RMB cents)	每股盈利 -基本(人民幣分) -攤薄(人民幣分)	3.09 3.09	4.98 4.98

#### **Outlook and Strategy**

Going forward, China's ODM mobile phone market will be filled with challenges and opportunities. While the global economy still requires some time to recover, the Group will take this opportunity to solidify its leading market position. Further, the Directors consider that the rapid roll-out of 5G telecommunication network in different parts of the world will drive the demand for smartphones and IoT products.

Leveraging on strong research and development ability, the Group successfully entered into framework sales agreement with Ant Financial (Hainan) Digital Technology Limited Company\* (螞蟻金服(海南)數字技術有限公司, "Ant Financial") for product validation and supply of Ali-POS (point of sales) devices supported with facial recognition feature (face ID) in 2019. The cooperation with Ant Financial stimulated the Group's revenue from IoT related products for the year ended 31 December 2020, which significantly increased by 2.8 times to RMB481.0 million from RMB127.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2019.

In order to capture the potential market opportunities and maximise the interests of the Company and its shareholders, the Group will continue to strengthen its cooperation with Ant Financial and it will adopt a prudent approach to develop its business and gradually expand its production capacity, enhance its research and development capability, enrich its product portfolio and increase its sales and marketing effort to diversify its geographical locations.

\* For identification purpose only

#### 前景與策略

展望未來,中國的ODM手機市場將會充滿挑 戰及機遇。全球經濟回復需時,本集團將把握 機會鞏固於市場的領先地位。此外,董事認為 全球各地迅速推出5G電訊網絡,將帶動智能 手機以及物聯網產品的需求。

憑著強勁研發實力,本集團已於二零一九年 成功與螞蟻金服(海南)數字技術有限公司(「 螞金服」)就產品認證及具人臉識別功能的阿 里銷售終端(POS)供應訂立框架銷售協議。截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,與螞 蟻金服的合作刺激本集團的物聯網相關產品 收益增長,由截至二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度的人民幣127.7百萬元大幅增加2.8 倍至人民幣481.0百萬元。

為把握潛在市場機遇及使本公司及其股東的 利益最大化,本集團會繼續加強與螞蟻金服 的合作,並會審慎發展業務以及逐步增加產 能,提升研發能力,豐富產品組合及加大銷售 及營銷力度,達致地域多元化。

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

#### Gratitude

On behalf of the Company, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to our valued shareholders, customers, suppliers, banks and to our management and employees for their continuous trust and support to the Group. The coming year will be full of opportunities and challenges and we will strive our best to create greater value for our shareholders and investors.

## 致謝

本人謹代表本公司感謝尊貴股東、客戶、供應 商和銀行以及管理層和僱員對本集團一直以 來的信任及支持。未來一年將會充滿機遇及挑 戰,我們會致力為股東及投資者創造更多價值。

By order of the Board	承董事會命
Mr. Li Chengjun	主席
Chairman	李承軍先生
Hong Kong, 26 March 2021	香港,二零二一年三月二十六日

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

#### **Business Overview**

The Group is an ODM mobile phone supplier based in the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**"), primarily engaged in research and development, designing, manufacturing and sale of mobile phones, PCBAs for mobile phones and IoT related products, targeting emerging markets.

The Group's products are sold worldwide with strategic focus on emerging markets which have high population and growing demands on mobile phones. Revenue generated from PRC and other emerging markets accounted for 98.9% of the Group's total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2020. The Group's customers include various top local branded mobile phone suppliers, telecommunication operators and trading companies in the PRC, India, other Asian countries and other parts of the world.

Amid the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2020 decreased by 30.0% to RMB2,182.0 million from RMB3,117.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, primarily attributed to the decrease in sales of mobile phones. On the other hand, leveraging on strong research and development ability and the cooperation with Ant Financial, the Group's revenue from IoT related products for the year ended 31 December 2020 significantly increased by 2.8 times to RMB481.0 million from RMB127.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2019. The Group's net profit for the year ended 31 December 2020 also decreased by 18.8% to RMB30.7 million from RMB37.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2019.

#### 業務概覽

本集團為一間位於中華人民共和國(「**中國**」) 並專注於新興市場的ODM手機供應商,主要 從事研發、設計、製造及銷售手機、手機的印 刷電路板組裝及物聯網相關產品。

本集團向全世界銷售產品,並將人口眾多且 手機需求不斷增長的新興市場作為策略重點。 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團來自中國及其他新興市場的收益佔總收 益的98.9%。本集團的客戶包括中國、印度、 其他亞洲國家及全球其他地方的多家頂尖的 本土品牌手機供應商、電信運營商及貿易公司。

COVID-19疫情爆發後,本集團的收益由截至 二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣 3,117.6百萬元下降30.0%至截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣2,182.0百萬 元,主要是由於手機銷售減少所致。另一方面, 憑著強勁研發能力及與螞蟻金服合作,本集團 來自物聯網相關產品的收益由截至二零一九 年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣127.7百萬 元大幅增加2.8倍,至截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度的人民幣481.0百萬元。本集 團的純利亦由截至二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度的人民幣37.8百萬元下降18.8%至 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的人 民幣30.7百萬元。

管理層討論及分析

#### **Financial Review**

#### Revenue

#### Revenue by product categories

The Group's product portfolio includes smartphones, feature phones, PCBAs for mobile phones and IoT related products. The Group mainly derives its revenue from the sales of smartphones and IoT products. Set out below is a breakdown of the Group's total revenue by product categories and the revenue generated from each product category as a percentage of total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019:

#### 財務回顧

#### <mark>收益</mark> 按產品類別劃分的收益

本集團的產品組合包括智能手機、功能型手機、 手機的印刷電路板組裝及物聯網相關產品。 本集團的收益主要來自銷售智能手機及物聯 網產品。下表載列截至二零二零年及二零一九 年十二月三十一日止年度按產品類別劃分的 總收益及各產品類別產生的收益佔本集團總 收益的百分比:

#### Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度 2020 2019 二零二零年 二零一九年 % of total % of total **RMB'000** RMB'000 revenue revenue 人民幣千元 佔總收益的% 人民幣千元 佔總收益的% 手機 Mobile phones 一智能手機 54.4 2,053,460 65.9 - Smartphones 1,186,640 一功能型手機 - Feature phones 296,746 13.6 357,123 11.4 Sub-total: 小計: 1,483,386 68.0 2,410,583 77.3 PCBAs 印刷電路板組裝 103,532 4.7 471,862 15.1 IoT related products 物聯網相關產品 480,950 22.0 127,697 4.1 Others (Note) 其他(附註) 114,170 107,506 3.5 5.3 Total 2,182,038 100.0 3,117,648 100.0

Note: Others mainly include revenue from the sales of mobile device components used for after sales-services and the provision of research and development and technical services for mobile phones, PCBAs and cloud related products.

The Group's total revenue decreased by 30.0% to RMB2,182.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB3,117.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, primarily attributed to the decreased sales of mobile phones amid the outbreak of COVID-19, but partially offset by the increased sales of IoT related products.

附註:其他主要包括銷售用於售後服務的移動設備組件的 收益以及提供手機、印刷電路板組裝及雲相關產品 的研發及技術服務。

本集團的總收益由截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度的人民幣3,117.6百萬元減 少30.0%至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的人民幣2,182.0百萬元,主要是由於 COVID-19疫情爆發期間手機銷售額下降,惟 部分被物聯網相關產品銷售額增加所抵銷。

管理層討論及分析

Revenue from mobiles phones decreased by 38.5% to RMB 1,483.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB2,410.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, primarily attributed to the decrease in sales of smartphones to India, Algeria and PRC amid the outbreak of the COVID-19.

Revenue from PCBAs decreased by 78.1% to RMB103.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB471.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, primarily attributed to the decrease in demand on PCBAs for mobile phones.

Revenue from IoT related products increased by 2.8 times to RMB481.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB127.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, primarily attributed to the increase in sales of (i) Ali-POS (point of sales) devices supported with facial recognition feature (face ID); and (ii) smart locks. 手機的收益由截至二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度的人民幣2,410.6百萬元減少38.5% 至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 的人民幣1,483.4百萬元,主要是由於爆發 COVID-19疫情導致印度、阿爾及利亞及中國 的智能手機銷售下降所致。

印刷電路板組裝的收益由截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣471.9百萬元 減少78.1%至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的人民幣103.5百萬元,主要是由於手 機的印刷電路板組裝的需求減少所致。

物聯網相關產品的收益由截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣127.7百萬元 增加2.8倍至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的人民幣481.0百萬元,主要是由於(i) 具人臉識別功能的阿里銷售終端(POS);及(ii) 智能門鎖的銷售增加所致。

管理層討論及分析

#### Revenue by geographical regions

The Group's products are sold worldwide with strategic focus on emerging markets which have high population and growing demands on mobile phones. Set out below is a breakdown of the Group's total revenue by geographical region and the revenue generated from each region as a percentage of total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019:

#### 按地理位置劃分的收益

本集團向全世界銷售產品,並將人口眾多且 手機需求不斷增長的新興市場作為策略重點。 下表列載截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度按地區劃分的總收益及各 地區產生的收益佔本集團總收益的百分比:

		Year ended 31 December				
		截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		20	020	20	2019	
		二零	二零年	二零	一九年	
			% of total		% of total	
		RMB'000	revenue	RMB'000	revenue	
		人民幣千元	佔總收益的%	人民幣千元	佔總收益的%	
Emerging Asia	亞洲新興國家					
India	印度	1,011,279	46.3	1,392,492	44.7	
Pakistan	巴基斯坦	56,749	2.6	67,889	2.2	
Bangladesh	孟加拉國	170,764	7.8	111,789	3.6	
The PRC	中國	919,927	42.2	1,167,572	37.4	
Sub-total:	小計:	2,158,719	98.9	2,739,742	87.9	
Other regions	其他地區					
Algeria	阿爾及利亞	22,935	1.0	275,305	8.8	
Others	其他	384	0.1	102,601	3.3	
Sub-total:	小計:	23,319	1.1	377,906	12.1	
Total	合計	2,182,038	100.0	3,117,648	100.0	

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

Revenue from India decreased by 27.4% to RMB1,011.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB1,392.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 as the outbreak of COVID-19 caused delays in the Group's production schedules and delivery of products to customers. Revenue from India in the second half of 2020 significantly improved as compared with the first half of 2020.

Revenue from Bangladesh increased by 52.8% to RMB170.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB111.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, primarily attributed to increase in demand for smartphones.

Revenue from the PRC decreased by 21.2% to RMB919.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB1,167.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, primarily attributed to decrease in sales of mobile phones, but partially offset by the increase in sales of IoT-related products.

Revenue from Algeria decreased by 91.7% to RMB22.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB275.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, primarily attributed to the decrease in purchase orders for smartphones from one of the Group's major customers.

#### Gross profit and gross profit margin

Gross profit decreased by 14.9% to RMB193.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB227.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2019, primarily due to the decreased sales of mobile phones. Gross profit margin improved to 8.9% for the year ended 31 December 2020 from 7.3% for the year ended 31 December 2019. The increase in gross profit margin was primarily attributed to the increase in proportion of sales of IoT related products which had a higher gross profit margin than other products.

來自印度的收益由截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度的人民幣1,392.5百萬元減 少27.4%至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的人民幣1,011.3百萬元,是由於爆發 COVID-19疫情導致本集團生產時間表及向客 戶交付產品延誤所致。二零二零年下半年來 自印度的收益較二零二零年上半年顯著改善。

來自孟加拉國的收益由截至二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度的人民幣111.8百萬元增加 52.8% 至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的人民幣170.8百萬元,主要是由於智能手 機的需求增加所致。

來自中國的收益由截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度的人民幣1,167.6百萬元減少 21.2% 至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的人民幣919.9百萬元,主要是由於手機銷 售額下降所致,惟部分被物聯網相關產品的 銷售增加抵銷。

來自阿爾及利亞的收益由截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣275.3百萬元 減少91.7%至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的人民幣22.9百萬元,主要是由於本 集團其中一名主要客戶的智能手機訂單減少 所致。

#### 毛利及毛利率

毛利由截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年 度的人民幣227.2百萬元減少14.9%至截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣 193.4百萬元,主要是由於手機銷售減少所 致。毛利率由截至二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度的7.3% 增至截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度的8.9%。毛利率增加主要是 由於較其他產品有較高毛利率的物聯網相關 產品的銷售比例增加所致。

管理層討論及分析

#### Other gains and income

Other gains and income mainly include comprises government subsidies and amortisation of government subsidies, net exchange gain, reversal of provision for social insurance, gain arising from change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, bank interest income and sundry income. The Group's other gains and income slightly decreased to RMB59.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB59.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2019.

#### Selling expenses

Selling expenses mainly represent transportation and custom declaration expenses, salaries and employee benefits of our sales and marketing staff, business-related travelling and entertainment expenses. Selling expenses for the year ended 31 December 2020 decreased by 8.9% to RMB38.1 million from RMB41.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 because the higher proportion of sales to the PRC for the year ended 31 December 2020 reduced the transportation and custom declaration expenses incurred by the Group.

#### Administrative and other expenses

Administrative and other expenses mainly represent salaries and benefits of our administrative and management staff, depreciation, amortisation of intangible assets, general office expenses, legal and professional fees, rental expenses, insurance expenses, bank charges, exchange losses, listing expenses and other miscellaneous administrative expenses. Administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2020 decreased by 18.1% to RMB62.4 million from RMB76.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2019. The significant decrease in administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2020 was primarily attributed to the recognition of a one-off listing expenses of RMB18.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2019.

#### 其他收益及收入

其他收益及收入主要包括政府補貼及政府補助攤銷、匯兑收益淨額、撥回社保撥備、按公 平值計入損益的金融資產的公平值變動產生 的收益、銀行利息收入及雜項收入。本集團 的其他收益及收入由截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度的人民幣59.1百萬元微跌至 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的人 民幣59.0百萬元。

#### 銷售開支

銷售開支主要為運輸及清關費用、我們銷售及 市場營銷員工的薪金及僱員福利以及業務相 關差旅及酬酢開支。銷售開支由截至二零一九 年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣41.8百萬 元減少8.9%至截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度的人民幣38.1百萬元,是由於截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度來自中國 的銷售佔比較高導致本集團產生的運輸及清 關費用減少。

#### 行政及其他開支

行政及其他開支主要為我們行政及管理員工 的薪金及福利、折舊、無形資產攤銷、一般辦 公室開支、法律及專業費用、租金開支、保險 開支、銀行費用、匯兑虧損、上市開支及其他 雜項行政開支。行政開支由截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣76.2百萬元 減少18.1%至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的人民幣62.4百萬元。截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止年度的行政開支大幅減 少主要是由於截至二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度確認一次性上市開支人民幣18.1百 萬元。

管理層討論及分析

#### **Research and development expenses**

Research and development expenses for the year ended 31 December 2020 were maintained stable at RMB112.8 million as compared with RMB111.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2019.

#### **Finance costs**

Finance costs mainly represent interests on discounted bills, interest portion of lease liabilities, bank borrowings and factoring loans. The Group's finance costs for the year ended 31 December 2020 decreased by 54.2% to RMB5.5 million from RMB12.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 as the Group recorded a decrease in finance costs on discounted bills financing and factoring loans resulting from the decrease in sales to countries outside the PRC.

#### Income tax expenses

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's income tax expenses amounted to RMB3.0 million as compared with RMB6.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2019. The decrease in income tax expenses was primarily attributed to the decrease in assessable profits for the year ended 31 December 2020. The Group's effective income tax rate for the year ended 31 December 2020 decreased to 8.8% from 15.0% for the year ended 31 December 2019 as the Group had a one-off listing expenses of RMB18.1 million that were non-deductible for tax purpose.

#### Net profit

As a result of the above factors, the Group's net profit for the year ended 31 December 2020 was RMB 30.7 million, representing a decrease of 18.8% as compared with the year ended 31 December 2019. Net profit margin for the year ended 31 December 2020 slightly increased to 1.4% from 1.2% for the year ended 31 December 2019.

#### Dividend

The Board does not recommend the payment of dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: nil).

#### 研發開支

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的研發開支維持穩定於人民幣112.8百萬元,而截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度為人民幣111.9百萬元。

#### 融資成本

融資成本主要為貼現票據、租賃負債的利息部 分、銀行借貸及保理貸款利息。本集團截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的融資成本 由截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的 人民幣12.0百萬元減少54.2%至人民幣5.5百 萬元,是由於向中國境外國家作出的銷售減少, 導致本集團錄得票據融資貼現及保理貸款之 融資成本減少。

#### 所得税開支

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的所得税開支為人民幣3.0百萬元,而截至 二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的所得税 開支則為人民幣6.7百萬元。所得税開支減少 主要是由於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的應課税溢利減少。本集團的實際所得 税率由截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年 度的15.0%降至截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度的8.8%,是由於本集團有不可扣税 的一次性上市開支人民幣18.1百萬元所致。

#### 純利

由於上述各項因素,本集團截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的純利為人民幣30.7 百萬元,較截至二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度減少18.8%。純利率由截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度的1.2%輕微增加至截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的1.4%。

#### 股息

董事會不建議派付截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度的股息(二零一九年:零)。

管理層討論及分析

#### Trade and bills receivables

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's trade and bills receivables amounted to RMB339.2 million (31 December 2019: RMB622.2 million). The Group generally grants credit period ranging from 30 to 90 days to its customers and allows its PRC customers to settle their purchases by way of bills with maturity period ranging from three to six months.

In order to minimise credit risk, the Group carefully assesses the background information and credit worthiness of its customers before it decides to grant them credit periods. Further, the Group also closely monitors the payment record of its customers and regularly reviews the credit terms granted to them. The Group's credit assessment is based on various factors, including but not limited to the financial strength, size of the business and payment history of customers and length of their business relationship with the Group.

The Group's average trade and bills receivables turnover days for the year ended 31 December 2020 were 80.4 days (2019: 60.8 days), which were within the range of credit periods normally offered by the Group to its customers. The decrease in the Group's trade and bills receivables as at 31 December 2020 and the lengthened average trade and bills receivables turnover days for the respective year were primarily attributed to the decreased sales for the year ended 31 December 2020. Based on the dates of the relevant sales invoices, 5.5% of the Group's trade and bills receivables aged within 90 days and the Group did not notice any substantial long outstanding balances.

#### 貿易應收款項及應收票據

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的貿易 應收款項及應收票據為人民幣339.2百萬元(二 零一九年十二月三十一日:人民幣622.2百萬 元)。本集團通常向客戶授出介乎30至90天 的信貸期,並容許中國客戶以到期期限介乎 三至六個月的票據結付彼等之採購款。

為盡量降低我們的信貸風險,本集團於決定 向客戶授出信貸期前謹慎評估其背景資料及 信譽。此外,本集團亦密切監測客戶的支付紀 錄,定期審閱我們向彼等授出的信貸期。本集 團的信貸評估乃基於多項因素,包括但不限 於客戶的財務實力、業務規模及支付紀錄以 及彼等與本集團業務關係的年期。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團的貿易應收款項及應收票據平均週轉天數 為80.4天(二零一九年:60.8天),處於本集 團通常向客戶提供的信貸期範圍內。本集團 於二零二零年十二月三十一日的貿易應收款 項及應收票據減少以及貿易應收款項及應收 票據平均週轉天數按年延長主要是由於截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的銷售減少。 根據相關銷售發票日期,本集團5.5%的貿易 應收款項及應收票據於90日內到期,本集團 並未發現任何重大長期未付結餘。

管理層討論及分析

#### Trade and bills payables

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's trade and bills payables amounted to RMB592.0 million (31 December 2019: RMB876.7 million). Suppliers generally grant the Group credit period ranging from 30 to 60 days, with certain suppliers require the Group to make advance payment before product delivery. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit timeframe. Certain suppliers allow the Group to settle its purchases by way of bank acceptance bills and the Group may also endorse certain bills receivables to its suppliers in order to settle the trade payable due to them.

The Group's average trade and bills payables turnover days for the year ended 31 December 2020 were 134.8 days (2019: 96.2 days). The decrease in the Group's trade and bills payables as at 31 December 2020 and the lengthened average trade and bills payables turnover days for the respective year were primarily attributed to the decreased purchases for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### 貿易應付款項及應付票據

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的貿易 應付款項及應付票據為人民幣592.0百萬元(二 零一九年十二月三十一日:人民幣876.7百萬 元)。供應商通常授予本集團介乎30至60日 的信貸期,其中若干供應商要求本集團於交 付產品前提前付款。本集團訂有金融風險管 理政策以確保所有應付款項於信貸期限內結清。 若干供應商允許本集團以銀行承兑票據的方 式結算採購款。本集團亦向若干供應商背書若 干應收票據,以償付結欠彼等之貿易應付款項。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團貿易應付款項及應付票據的平均週轉天 數分別為134.8天(二零一九年:96.2天)。本 集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日的貿易應 付款項及應付票據減少以及貿易應付款項及 應付票據平均週轉天數按年延長主要是由於 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的購 買額減少。

管理層討論及分析

## Capital structure, liquidity, financial resources and gearing

The Company's shares were successfully listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 13 November 2019 (the "**Listing Date**"). There has been no change in the capital structure of the Group since then. The Group mainly funds its business and working capital requirements by using a balanced mix of internal resources, borrowings and funds from the global offering.

The funding mix will be adjusted depending on the costs of funding and the actual needs of the Group. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group recorded a positive operating cash flow before working capital changes of RMB25.6 million (Year ended 31 December 2019: RMB36.2 million).

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had net current assets of RMB232.1 million (31 December 2019: RMB211.4 million), cash and cash equivalents amounted to RMB26.3 million (31 December 2019: RMB126.7 million), pledged bank deposits of RMB251.1 million (31 December 2019: RMB81.2 million) and borrowings amounted to RMB53.5 million (31 December 2019: RMB206.3 million). The Group's cash and cash equivalents and bank borrowings as at 31 December 2020 were mainly denominated in RMB.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had borrowings of RMB31.4 million (31 December 2019: RMB181.1 million) subject to fixed interest rates and borrowings of RMB22.1 million (31 December 2019: RMB25.2 million) subject to variable interest rates. As at 31 December 2020, the Group had a current ratio of 1.3 times (31 December 2019: 1.2 times) and gearing ratio of 0.2 (calculated by dividing total debt by total equity) (31 December 2019: 0.7).

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's unutilised borrowing facilities amounted to RMB148.7 million. As at 31 December 2019, the Group's borrowing facilities were fully utilised.

#### 資本架構、流動資金、財務資源及 資本負債

本公司股份於二零一九年十一月十三日(「上 市日期」)成功於聯交所主板上市。本集團的 資本架構自此並無變動。本集團主要透過平 衡地動用內部資源、借款及全球發售所得資 金撥付業務及營運資金需求。

資金組合將根據資金成本及本集團實際需求 進行調整。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團錄得正營運資金變動前經營 現金流量人民幣25.6百萬元(截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度:人民幣36.2百萬元)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的流 動資產淨值為人民幣232.1百萬元(二零一九 年十二月三十一日:人民幣211.4百萬元), 現金及現金等價物為人民幣26.3百萬元(二零 一九年十二月三十一日:人民幣126.7百萬元), 已抵押銀行存款為人民幣251.1百萬元(二零 一九年十二月三十一日:人民幣81.2百萬元), 而借款為人民幣53.5百萬元(二零一九年十二 月三十一日:人民幣206.3百萬元)。本集團 於二零二零年十二月三十一日的現金及現金 等價物和銀行借款主要以人民幣計值。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團有固 定利率的借款人民幣31.4百萬元(二零一九 年十二月三十一日:人民幣181.1百萬元), 另有浮動利率的借款人民幣22.1百萬元(二零 一九年十二月三十一日:人民幣25.2百萬元)。 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團流動 比率為1.3倍(二零一九年十二月三十一日:1.2 倍),而資本負債比率(按總債務除以總權益 計算得出)為0.2(二零一九年十二月三十一日: 0.7)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的未 動用借款融資金額為人民幣148.7百萬元。於 二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團已悉數 動用借款融資。

管理層討論及分析

#### **Capital commitments**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group did not have capital commitments in relation to the purchase of property, plant and equipment (31 December 2019: nil).

#### **Contingent liabilities**

As at 31 December 2020, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities or guarantees (31 December 2019: nil).

#### Pledge of assets and restricted deposit

As at 31 December 2020, the Group pledged trade and bills receivables with carrying amount of RMB9.7 million (31 December 2019: RMB30 million), bank deposits with carrying amount of RMB251.1 million (31 December 2019: RMB81.2 million) and land and building with carrying amount of RMB56.8 million (31 December 2019: RMB59.9 million) to secure its borrowings and banking facilities.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("financial assets at FVTPL") amounted to nil (31 December 2019: RMB285.7 million). The Group's financial assets at FVTPL as at 31 December 2019 have been pledged to certain banks for the issuance of bank acceptance bills to the Group's suppliers for the settlement of purchases of raw materials and components.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had restricted deposit of RMB16.2 million (31 December 2019: nil), representing bank balances frozen by banks that had received notice from court with regard to the litigation claim detailed in note 41 of consolidated financial statements.

#### 資本承擔

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 有關購置物業、廠房及設備的資本承擔(二零 一九年十二月三十一日:零)。

#### 或然負債

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 任何重大或然負債或擔保(二零一九年十二月 三十一日:零)。

#### 資產抵押及受限制存款

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,為取得借款 及銀行融資,本集團已抵押賬面值為人民幣9.7 百萬元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:人民幣 30百萬元)的貿易應收款項及應收票據、賬面 值為人民幣251.1百萬元(二零一九年十二月 三十一日:人民幣81.2百萬元)的銀行存款及 賬面值為人民幣56.8百萬元(二零一九年十二 月三十一日:人民幣59.9百萬元)的土地及樓 宇。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團按公平 值計入損益的金融資產(「按公平值計入損益 的金融資產」)為零(二零一九年十二月三十一 日:人民幣285.7百萬元)。本集團於二零 一九年十二月三十一日按公平值計入損益的 金融資產已就發行銀行承兑票據予本集團供 應商以償付採購原材料及元件的款項質押予 若干銀行。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的受限 制存款為人民幣16.2百萬元(二零一九年十二 月三十一日:零),屬於已收到法院關於訴訟 請求的通知(詳述於本公告附註41)的銀行所 凍結的銀行結餘。

管理層討論及分析

## Material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

During the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures.

#### Significant investments held by the Group

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group invested some of its funds in the structured deposits of PRC licensed commercial banks, which were principal guaranteed and carried interest at a variable rate per annum with reference to the performance of foreign currency or interest rate during the investment period. These structured deposits were classified as financial assets at FVTPL in the Group's consolidated financial statements. As at 31 December 2020, the Group's financial assets at FVTPL amounted to nil as they have been fully redeemed upon maturity (31 December 2019: RMB285.7 million). The Group's financial assets at FVTPL as at 31 December 2019 represented 17.6% of the Group's total assets, and they have been pledged to certain banks for the issuance of bank acceptance bills to the Group's suppliers for the settlement of purchases of raw materials and components. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the realised gain arising from change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL amounted to RMB7.3 million (2019: RMB10.1 million) and no interest income and dividend (2019: nil) were derived from these financial assets.

The following sets forth the fair value of the Group's financial assets at FVTPL by the respective issuing bank as at 31 December 2020 and 2019:

#### 重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營公 司及合資企業

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團並無任何重大收購及出售 附屬公司、聯營公司或合資企業。

#### 本集團持有的重大投資

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團將若干基金投資於中國持牌商業銀行發 行的結構性存款,該等存款為保本型目參考 投資期間的外幣表現或利率按浮動年利率計息。 該等結構性存款於本集團綜合財務報表分類 為按公平值計入損益的金融資產。於二零二零 年十二月三十一日,本集團按公平值計入損益 的金融資產為零,因為已於到期間悉數贖回(二 零一九年十二月三十一日:人民幣285.7百萬 元)。本集團於二零一九年十二月三十一日的 按公平值計入損益的金融資產佔本集團總資 產17.6%,已就發行銀行承兑票據予本集團供 應商以償付採購原材料及元件的款項質押予 若干銀行。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,按公平值計入損益的金融資產的公 平值變動產生的收益為人民幣7.3百萬元(二 零一九年:人民幣10.1百萬元),並無就該等 金融資產收取利息及股息(二零一九年:零)。

下表載列於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日按各發行銀行劃分的本集團按公平 值計入損益的金融資產之公平值:

		As at 31 Dec 十二月三十	
Issuing Bank 發行銀行	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
The Bank of East Asia (China) Limited	東亞銀行(中國)有限公司	-	245,460
Bank of Ningbo	寧波銀行	-	24,790
China Merchants Bank	招商銀行	-	15,400
		_	285,650

管理層討論及分析

The Group adopts prudent and pragmatic investment strategies. The Group purchases principal guaranteed financial assets at FVTPL from sizable PRC licensed commercial banks with good credit ratings. Further, the Group has implemented the following internal controls to minimise the potential risks for investing in financial assets:

- all the existing financial assets shall be closely monitored by the Group's finance controller;
- no new investments can be made unless it is principal guaranteed;
- all investments shall be assessed by the Group's finance controller after taking into account the maturity term, expected rate of return and features of proposed investments and analysis on impact on working capital and cashflow, identification of any legal risks from reviewing the terms with the assistance of any external legal advisers as the Group's finance controller considers appropriate;
- the Group's finance controller shall prepare an assessment report stating the factors considered as stated above to be submitted to the Group's chief executive officer for approval shall he considers appropriate; and
- single investment with principal amount exceeding RMB50 million or any new investments which would result in the outstanding principal sum of the financial assets exceeding RMB100 million which are endorsed by the Group's chief executive officer shall be further approved by the audit committee who would re-assess the risks involved.

Saved as disclosed herein, the Group did not make any other significant investments during the year ended 31 December 2020.

本集團採取審慎務實的投資策略。本集團向 信貸評級良好的大型中國持牌商業銀行購買 按公平值計入損益的保本型金融資產。此外, 本集團已實施以下內控措施盡量減少投資金 融資產的潛在風險:

- 本集團財務總監將密切監控所有現有 金融資產;
- 不會作出新投資,惟保本型除外;
- 所有投資須由本集團財務總監進行評 估,當中考慮因素包括建議投資的屆 滿期、預期回報率及特徵、對營運資金 及現金流量影響的分析以及於本集團 財務總監認為適當時藉助任何外聘法 律顧問透過檢討相關條款識別的任何 法律風險;
- 本集團財務總監須編製載有上述考慮 因素之評估報告以提呈予本集團行政 總裁,供其酌情批准;及
- 本金額超過人民幣50百萬元之單項投 資或任何可能導致金融資產在外本金 超過人民幣100百萬元的新投資(已獲 本集團行政總裁批准)須進一步取得審 核委員會的批准,而審核委員會將重 新評估當中風險。

除本文所披露者外,截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無任何其他重大 投資。

管理層討論及分析

## Future plans for material investments and capital assets

The Group set out its future plans in its prospectus dated 30 October 2019 (the "**Prospectus**"). As part of its future plans, the Group will acquire new SMT lines to expand its SMT production capacity. The Group will also devote more resources into research and development to enrich its product offering on both mobile phone related products and IoT related products. These future plans will be funded by a balanced mix of internal resources, borrowings and proceeds from the global offering. To further enhance the value the Group and its shareholders, the Group will also consider potential investment opportunities when they arise.

On 26 November 2020, Sprocomm Intelligence Limited ("Sprocomm Intelligence"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an investment agreement with the Management Committee of New Lingang Area of PRC (Shanghai) Pilot Free Trade Zone\* (中國(上海)自由貿易試驗區臨港新 片區管理委員會) (the "Lingang Committee"), pursuant to which, among others, (i) Sprocomm Intelligence agreed to set up a smart device R&D headquarters at New Lingang Area with an investment of fixed assets of not less than RMB120 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$142 million); and (ii) Lingang Committee agreed to provide various kinds of support and subsidy to Sprocomm Intelligence. As at 31 December 2020, the aforesaid investment was still in a preliminary planning stage. For the investment amount and schedule and other details of this investment agreement, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 26 November 2020.

#### 重大投資及資本資產的未來計劃

本集團的未來計劃載於本集團日期為二零 一九年十月三十日的招股章程(「**招股章程**」)。 根據未來計劃,本集團將購買新貼片線以擴 充貼片的產能。本集團亦將會投入更多資源 進行研發,以豐富手機相關產品及物聯網相 關產品的產品供應。本集團將透過平衡地動 用內部資源、借款及全球發售所得資金撥付 該等未來計劃。為進一步提高本集團及其股 東的價值,本集團亦將會在潛在的投資機會 出現時考慮有關投資機會。

本公司間接全資附屬公司禾苗智能科技有限公司(「禾苗智能」)於二零二零年十一月 二十六日與中國(上海)自由貿易試驗區臨港 新片區管理委員會(「臨港管理委員會」)訂立 投資協議,其中包括(i)禾苗智能同意於臨港新 片區設立智能設備研發總部,固定資產投資 額不少於人民幣120百萬元(相當於約142百 萬港元):及(ii)臨港管理委員會同意向禾苗智 能提供多方面支援及補貼。於二零二零年十二 月三十一日,上述投資正處於初步規劃階段。 有關投資金額及時間表以及本投資協議的其 他詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二零年十一 月二十六日之公告。

\* For identification purposes only

管理層討論及分析

#### Foreign exchange risks

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group derived 57.8% (2019: 55.5%) of its total revenue from export sales and these export sales were principally denominated in USD. As at 31 December 2020, the Group had USD-denominated monetary assets with carrying amount of RMB201.4 million (31 December 2019: RMB269.4 million) and USD-denominated monetary liabilities of RMB19.1 million (31 December 2019: RMB188.0 million). The Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from its export sales, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Any appreciation of RMB against USD will have a negative impact on the Group's profit margin. Management of the Group regularly reviews the impact of exchange risk exposure on the Group's financial performance and may use foreign exchange hedging instruments to reduce the Group's exchange risk exposure if appropriate.

## Employees, remuneration policy and training

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had 1,836 employees (31 December 2019: 1,400 employees), whose remunerations and benefits are determined based on market rates, government policies and individual performance. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's total staff costs amounted to RMB143.9 million (2019: RMB145.2 million). The Group provides comprehensive training and development opportunities to its employees on a regular basis. The trainings are arranged according to needs of employees, which are identified annually by individual departments.

#### 外匯風險

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團總收益的57.8%(二零一九年:55.5%)乃 來自出口銷售,而該等出口銷售主要以美元 計值。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 有賬面值為人民幣201.4百萬元的貨幣資產以 美元計值(二零一九年十二月三十一日:人民 幣269.4百萬元)及賬面值為人民幣19.1百萬 元的貨幣負債以美元計值(二零一九年十二月 三十一日:人民幣188.0百萬元)。本集團因 出口銷售以及以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債 而面臨外匯風險。人民幣兑美元的任何升值 將對本集團的利潤率產生負面影響。本集團 管理層定期檢討外匯風險敞口對本集團財務 表現的影響,並在適當的情況下使用外匯對 沖工具降低本集團的外匯風險敞口。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團有1,836 名僱員(二零一九年十二月三十一日:1,400 名僱員)。僱員的薪酬及福利乃按市場水平、 政府政策及個人表現釐定。截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的總員工成 本為人民幣143.9百萬元(二零一九年:人民 幣145.2百萬元)。本集團定期為僱員提供全 面的培訓及發展機會。本集團按僱員需求安 排培訓,僱員需求每年由各部門確定。

管理層討論及分析

#### Use of proceeds from initial public offering

Shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 13 November 2019. The net proceeds from the initial public offering (the "**IPO**"), net of underwriting commissions and other relevant expenses, amounted to approximately HK\$84.4 million. The Group will apply such proceeds in accordance with the section headed "Future plans and use of proceeds" set out in the Prospectus.

#### 首次公開發售所得款項用途

本公司股份於二零一九年十一月十三日於聯 交所主板上市。經扣除包銷佣金及其他相關 開支,首次公開發售(「首次公開發售」)所得 款項淨額約為84.4百萬港元。本集團將按招 股章程「未來計劃及所得款項用途」一節所述 動用該等所得款項。

The use of the net proceeds from the Listing Date up to 31 December 2020 had been applied as follows:

自上市日期至二零二零年十二月三十一日, 所得款項淨額的使用情況如下:

		Utilised net proceeds from IPO as at	Unutilised net proceeds from IPO as at	
	Planned use of net proceeds (approximately)	31 December 2020 (approximately) 截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日	31 December 2020 (approximately) 截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日	Expected timeline for unutilised net proceeds from IPO
	計劃使用所得 款項淨額 (概約)	已動用之首次 公開發售所得 款項淨額 (概約)	未動用之首次 公開發售所得 款項淨額 (概約)	動用首次公開發售未動用 所得款項淨額的預期時間
Enhance SMT production capacity	HK\$38.8 million	HK\$33.8 million	HK\$5.0 million	By 31 December 2021
提升貼片產能	38.8百萬港元	33.8百萬港元	5.0百萬港元	二零二一年十二月 三十一日前

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

	Planned use of net proceeds (approximately) 計劃使用所得 款項淨額 (概約)	Utilised net proceeds from IPO as at 31 December 2020 (approximately) 截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日 已動用之首次 公開發售所得 款項淨額 (概約)	Unutilised net proceeds from IPO as at 31 December 2020 (approximately) 截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日 未動用之首次 公開發售所得 款項淨額 (概約)	Expected timeline for unutilised net proceeds from IPO 動用首次公開發售未動用 所得款項淨額的預期時間
Enhance research and development capabilities	HK\$14.2 million	HK\$9.5 million	HK\$4.7 million	By 31 December 2021
增強研發能力	14.2百萬港元	9.5百萬港元	4.7百萬港元	二零二一年十二月 三十一日前
Enhance sales and marketing force to diversify customer base	HK\$8.6 million	HK\$6.6 million	HK\$2.0 million	By 31 December 2021
加大銷售及市場推廣 力度以多樣化客戶基 礎	8.6百萬港元	6.6百萬港元	2.0百萬港元	二零二一年十二月 三十一日前
			二零二零年年	報 Sprocomm Intelligence Limited 25

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	Planned use of net proceeds (approximately) 計劃使用所得 款項淨額 (概約)	Utilised net proceeds from IPO as at 31 December 2020 (approximately) 截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日 已動用之首次 公開發售所得 款項淨額 (概約)	Unutilised net proceeds from IPO as at 31 December 2020 (approximately) 截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日 未動用之首次 公開發售所得 款項淨額 (概約)	Expected timeline for unutilised net proceeds from IPO 動用首次公開發售未動用 所得款項淨額的預期時間
Upgrade enterprise planning resource system	HK\$5.7 million	HK\$3.2 million	HK\$2.5 million	By 30 June 2021
升級企業計劃資源系 統	5.7百萬港元	3.2百萬港元	2.5百萬港元	二零二一年六月三十日前
Repayment of bank loans	HK\$8.8 million	HK\$6.6 million	HK\$2.2 million	By 30 June 2021
償還銀行貸款	8.8百萬港元	6.6百萬港元	2.2百萬港元	二零二一年六月三十日前
General working capital	HK\$8.3 million	HK\$8.3 million	-	N/A
一般營運資金	8.3百萬港元	8.3百萬港元	-	不適用
Total	HK\$84.4 million	HK\$68.0 million	HK\$16.4 million	
總計	84.4百萬港元	68.0百萬港元	16.4百萬港元	

### Event after the reporting period

### 報告期後事項

Saved as disclosed herein, the Group does not have any important events after the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this annual report.

除本節所披露者外,於截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度後及截至本年報日期,本 集團並無任何重大事件。

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. LI Chengjun (李承軍), aged 48, is an executive Director, the chief executive officer and the chairman of the Board and is mainly responsible for corporate strategic planning, overseeing the overall operations, day-to-day management and business development of the Group. Mr. Li established Shenzhen Sprocomm Telecommunication Technology Co., Ltd.\* (深圳禾苗通信科技有限公司) ("Shenzhen Sprocomm"), the main operating subsidiary of the Group, with Mr. Xiong Bin on 16 September 2009. He is also currently the director of the Company's subsidiaries, namely Shenzhen Sprocomm, Sprocomm Intelligence (HK) Holdings Limited (禾苗智能控股有 限公司), Sprocomm Technologies Co., Ltd. (禾苗通信科技有限 公司), Guizhou Sprocomm Telecommunication Technology Co., Ltd.\* (貴州禾苗通信科技有限公司), Chengdu Sprocomm Cloud Technology Co., Ltd.\* (成都禾苗雲科技有限公司), Guizhou Mars Exploration Technology Co., Ltd.\* (貴州火星探索科技有 限公司), Grace Kirin Limited (俊麟有限公司) and Sprocomm Intelligence Technology Limited (禾苗智能科技有限公司). Mr. Li is a director of Leap Elite Limited, a controlling Shareholder of the Company.

Mr. Li has more than 20 years of relevant experience in the mobile communications industry. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Li held a senior management position in the wireless network department and terminal department of Shenzhen Huawei Technologies Co., Ltd\* (深圳華為技術有限公司), a company principally engaged in the telecommunication equipment business from April 1997 to February 2007, where he was mainly responsible for the research and development of communication terminal and sales and marketing. From August 2007 to June 2009, Mr. Li served as the chief executive officer of the business operation headquarters of SIM Technology Group Limited (晨訊 科技集團有限公司) (stock code of Stock Exchange: 02000) ("SIM Technology"), a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange and is principally engaged in the manufacturing, design and development and sale of liquid crystal display modules, mobile handset solutions, and wireless communication module solutions, where he was mainly responsible for overseeing its PRC operation and management.

Mr. Li graduated from Beihang University (北京航空航天大學) in July 1994 with a bachelor degree majoring in electrical technology, and then, graduated with a master degree of engineering in March 1997.

\* For identification purpose only

#### 執行董事

**李承軍先生**,48歲,為執行董事、行政總裁及 董事會主席,主要負責本集團的公司策略規劃、 監管整體營運、日常管理及業務發展。李先生 於二零零九年九月十六日與熊彬先生共同成 立本集團主要營運附屬公司深圳禾苗通信科 技有限公司(「**深圳禾苗**」)。彼現亦為本公司 附屬公司深圳禾苗、禾苗智能控股有限公司、 禾苗通信科技有限公司、貴州禾苗通信科技 有限公司、成都禾苗雲科技有限公司、貴州火 星探索科技有限公司及俊麟有限公司及禾苗 智能科技有限公司的董事。李先生為本公司 控股股東立堅有限公司的董事。

李先生擁有逾20年的移動通訊行業相關經驗。 於加入本集團之前,李先生於一九九七年四 月至二零零七年二月曾擔任深圳華為技術有 限公司(一間主要從事電訊設備業務的公司) 無線網絡部及終端部的高級管理職位,主要 負責通訊終端的研發及銷售與營銷。於二零 零七年八月至二零零九年六月,李先生曾擔 任晨訊科技集團有限公司(聯交所股份代號: 02000)(「**晨訊科技**」,其股份於聯交所上市並 主要從事液晶顯示模塊、手機解決方案及無 線通訊模塊解決方案的製造、設計與開發及 銷售)業務營運總部的行政總裁,主要負責監 督其中國的營運及管理。

李先生於一九九四年七月畢業於北京航空航 天大學,獲得電子技術專業學士學位,其後於 一九九七年三月獲得工程碩士學位。

Mr. XIONG Bin (熊彬), aged 43, is an executive Director and vice chairman of the Board and is mainly responsible for overseeing the sales and marketing of the Group. Mr. Xiong is one of the founders of Shenzhen Sprocomm on 16 September 2009. He is also currently the director and vice general manager of Shenzhen Sprocomm and the supervisor of Shanghai Sprocomm Telecommunication Technology Co., Ltd.\* (上海禾 苗通信科技有限公司), Guizhou Sprocomm Telecommunication Technology Co., Ltd.\* (貴州禾苗通信科技有限公司), Guizhou Mars Exploration Technology Co., Ltd.\* (貴州火星探索科技有 限公司) and Luzhou Sipukang Technology Co., Ltd.\* (瀘州思普 康科技有限公司). Mr. Xiong is a director of Beyond Innovation Limited, a controlling Shareholder of the Company.

Mr. Xiong has over 15 years of relevant experience in the mobile communications industry. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Xiong served in Amoi Electronics Co., Ltd. (夏新電子股份有限公司) ("Amoi Electronics") from July 1999 to May 2008, where he first served as the vice general manager of finance department responsible for handling the export business and finance work of the overseas subsidiaries and later as the vice general manager of the overseas sales department responsible for overseas sales of smartphone products. Amoi Electronics is principally engaged in research, manufacturing and sales of smartphone and other electronic products. From May 2008 to August 2009, Mr. Xiong served as the general manager of the overseas sales department of SIM Technology, where he was mainly responsible for marketing and sales of the overseas smartphone ODM business.

Mr. Xiong graduated from Huazhong University of Science and Technology (華中理工大學) in June 1999 and obtained a bachelor degree of economics majoring in taxation. Mr. Xiong also obtained the qualification of Certified Public Accountant (non-practising) in the PRC in December 2004. **熊彬先生**,43歲,為執行董事及董事會副主 席,主要負責監管本集團的銷售及市場推廣。 熊先生於二零零九年九月十六日成為深圳禾 苗創辦人之一。彼現亦為深圳禾苗的董事兼 副總經理和上海禾苗通信科技有限公司、貴 州禾苗通信科技有限公司、貴州火星探索科 技有限公司及瀘州思普康科技有限公司的監事。 熊先生為本公司控股股東超新有限公司的董事。

熊先生擁有逾15年的移動通訊行業相關經驗。 於加入本集團之前,自一九九九年七月至二 零零八年五月,熊先生曾任職於夏新電子股 份有限公司(「**夏新電子**」),首先擔任財務部 副總經理,負責處理出口業務及海外附屬公 司的財務工作,其後擔任海外銷售部副總經理, 負責智能手機產品的海外銷售。夏新電子主要 從事智能手機及其他電子產品的研究、製造 及銷售。於二零零八年五月至二零零九年八月, 熊先生曾擔任晨訊科技的海外銷售部總經理, 主要負責海外智能手機ODM業務的營銷與銷售。

熊先生於一九九九年六月畢業於華中理工大學, 獲得税務專業經濟學學士學位。此外,熊先生 於二零零四年十二月取得中國註冊會計師(非 執業)資格。

\* For identification purpose only

**Mr. LI Hongxing (李紅星)**, aged 41, is an executive Director and is mainly responsible for overseeing the research and development of the Group's products. He is also currently the vice president, the director of the product research and development department and the director of Shenzhen Sprocomm and the director of Shanghai Sprocomm Telecommunication Technology Co., Ltd.\* (上海禾苗通信科技有限公司).

Mr. Li Hongxing has over 10 years of relevant experience in the mobile communications industry. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Li Hongxing served as a technician of Shanghai Hongyue Communication Technology Company Limited\* (上海泓越通 訊技術有限公司) from July 2002 to October 2003, a company principally engaged in research and development of digital radio communication terminal equipment and transmission equipment. where he was mainly responsible for research and development of the communication products. From January 2006 to March 2007, Mr. Li Hongxing served as the research and development manager of Sailong Shenke Communication Technology (Shanghai) Company Limited\* (賽龍申科通信技術(上海)有限公 司), a company principally engaged in technology development of communication products and system engineering, where he was mainly responsible for research and development of the electronic communication products. From November 2007 to June 2009, Mr. Li Hongxing had been a research and development director of Jiandao Communication Products Company Limited\* (簡道通信產品有限公司), a company principally engaged in manufacturing and sales of communication equipment and the relevant products and the electronic products, where he was mainly responsible for research and development of the products. Mr. Li Hongxing served as the research and development director of Shanghai Feiyang Electronic Technology Company Limited\* (上海菲陽電子科技有限公司) from July 2009 to November 2009, a company principally engaged in manufacturing and sales of electronic products, where he was mainly responsible for research and development of the products and management of the research and development team.

Mr. Li Hongxing graduated from East China Normal University (華東師範大學) in July 2002 and obtained a bachelor degree of science majoring in electronics and information systems. **李紅星先生**,41歲,為執行董事,主要負責 監管本集團產品的研發。彼現亦為深圳禾苗 的副總裁、產品研發部總監及董事以及上海 禾苗通信科技有限公司的董事。

李紅星先生擁有逾10年的移動通訊行業相關 經驗。於加入本集團之前,李紅星先生於二零 零二年七月至二零零三年十月曾擔任上海泓 越通訊技術有限公司(一間主要從事數字無線 電通訊終端設備及傳輸設備研發的公司)的技 術員,主要負責通訊產品的研發。於二零零六 年一月至二零零十年三月,李紅星先生曾擔任 賽龍申科通信技術(上海)有限公司(一間主要 從事通訊產品及系統工程技術開發的公司)的 研發經理,主要負責電子通訊產品的研發。於 二零零七年十一月至二零零九年六月,李紅 星先生曾擔任簡道通信產品有限公司(一間主 要從事製造及銷售通訊設備和相關產品以及 電子產品的公司)的研發總監,主要負責產品 研發。於二零零九年七月至二零零九年十一月, 李紅星先生曾擔任上海菲陽電子科技有限公 司(一間主要從事製造及銷售電子產品的公司) 的研發總監,主要負責產品研發及研發團隊 管理。

李紅星先生於二零零二年七月畢業於華東師 範大學,獲得電子信息系統專業理學學士學位。

\* For identification purpose only

**Mr. GUO Qinglin (郭慶林)**, aged 37, is an executive Director and is mainly responsible for managing the operation of supply chain and sales activities of the Group. He is also currently the director of the supply chain operation centre of Shenzhen Sprocomm.

Mr. Guo has approximately 13 years of relevant experience in the mobile communications industry. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Guo served as a manager in the overseas sales department of Amoi Electronics from September 2005 to December 2008, where he was mainly responsible for developing overseas customers, maintaining the customer relationship and sales of the company's main products. From April 2009 to December 2009, Mr. Guo served as sales director in the overseas sales department of Nanjing Wanlida Technology Co., Ltd.\* (南靖 萬利達科技有限公司), a company principally engaged in the production of computers, mobile phones and projectors, where he was mainly responsible for developing overseas customers, maintaining the customer relationship and sales of the company's main products.

Mr. Guo graduated from Jimei University\* (集美大學) in July 2005 and obtained a bachelor degree of economics majoring in international economy and trading.

#### Independent Non-Executive Directors

**Mr. HUNG Wai Man JP** (洪為民), aged 52, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 October 2019. Mr. Hung is the Principal Liaison Officer for Hong Kong, Shenzhen Qianhai Authority, Executive Chairman of Chinese Big Data Society, and Adjunct Professor of the Belt and Road Research Institute of Hainan University.

Mr. Hung is a seasoned ICT professional and angel investor. He has worked in the computer industry for almost 30 years. A wellknown figure in the industry, Mr. Hung has extensive experience in management consulting, project management and outsourcing services. Mr. Hung is a Chartered Information Technology Professional and a fellow of the British Computer Society, the Hong Kong Institute of Directors, the Hong Kong Computer Society and the Internet Professional Association. He has been appointed as the Global Council by the World Summit Awards. **郭慶林先生**,37歲,為執行董事,主要負責 管理本集團的供應鏈運作及銷售活動。彼現 亦為深圳禾苗供應鏈營運中心總監。

郭先生擁有約13年的移動通訊行業相關經驗。 於加入本集團之前,郭先生於二零零五年九 月至二零零八年十二月曾擔任夏新電子的海 外銷售部經理,主要負責發展海外客戶、維持 客戶關係及公司主要產品的銷售。於二零零 九年四月至二零零九年十二月,郭先生曾擔 任南靖萬利達科技有限公司(一間主要從事計 算機、手機及投影儀生產的公司)的海外銷售 部銷售總監,主要負責開發海外客戶、維護客 戶關係及公司主要產品的銷售。

郭先生於二零零五年七月畢業於集美大學, 獲得國際經濟與貿易專業經濟學學士學位。

#### 獨立非執行董事

**洪為民先生,太平紳士**,52歲,於二零一九 年十月十八日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。洪 先生為深圳市前海管理局香港事務首席聯絡官、 華人大數據學會執行主席及海南大學「一帶一 路」研究院特聘教授。

洪先生為擁有豐富經驗的資訊通訊科技專家 及天使投資者。彼從事電腦行業近30年。洪 先生於業內享負盛名,於管理顧問、項目管理 及外判服務方面擁有豐富經驗。洪先生為特 許資訊科技專業人士,亦是英國電腦學會、 香港董事學會、香港電腦學會及互聯網專業 協會資深會員。彼獲世界信息峰會大獎(World Summit Awards)委任為全球委員。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

Mr. Hung is currently the Member of the Shenzhen Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Member of the Chinese Association of Hong Kong and Macau Studies, Vice President of Guangdong's Association For Promotion of Cooperation between Guangdong, Hong Kong and Macao, Commissioner of Hong Kong Road Safety Patrol, Chairman Emeritus of the Y.Elites Association, President Emeritus of Internet Professional Association, Vice Chairman of the Monte Jade Science and Technology Association of Hong Kong. Secretary General of Hong Kong-ASEAN Economic Cooperation Foundation and Council Member of Hong Kong Professionals and Senior Executives Association etc. In 2012 to 2014, he had served as an associate member of the Central Policy Unit of the HKSAR Government. In 2008, Mr. Hung was selected as one of the Ten Outstanding Young Persons of Hong Kong. He was the 11th Standing Member of the All China Youth Federation. In 2015, he was appointed as a Justice of the Peace by the Hong Kong SAR Government. In 2016, he was given the Asia Social Innovation Leadership Award by CMO Asia. Mr. Hung graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Higher Diploma in Mathematics. Statistics and Computing. He then obtained a Bachelor of Arts Degree in Business Administration (Hons) from the University of Bolton, MBA from the University of Hull and a Master Degree of Business Administration in Public and Comparative History from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He also obtained a LLM from the Renmin University of China and PhD in Business Administration from Bulacan State University, the Philippines and is currently pursuing his LLD study with the Renmin University of China.

Mr. Hung is currently an independent non-executive director of LH Group Limited (stock code: 01978), Sino Hotels (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 01221) and VSTECS Holdings Limited (stock code: 00856), the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. He was formerly an independent non-executive director of Hsin Chong Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 00404), the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange.

洪先生現為中國人民政治協商會議深圳市委 員、全國港澳研究會會員、廣東省粵港澳合作 促進會副會長、香港交通安全隊總監、香港菁 英會榮譽主席、互聯網專業協會榮譽會長、香 港玉山科技協會副理事長、香港一東盟經濟合 作基金會秘書長及香港專業及資深行政人員 協會理事等。於二零一二年至二零一四年,彼 為香港特區政府中央政策組特邀會員。於二 零零八年,洪先生獲選為香港十大傑出青年。 彼曾任中華全國青年聯合會第十一屆常務委員。 於二零一五年,彼獲香港特區政府委任為太 平紳士。於二零一六年,彼獲CMO Asia頒發 亞洲社企創新獎。洪先生畢業於香港理工大學, 取得數學、統計及電子計算學高級文憑。彼其 後取得英國柏爾頓大學商業管理(榮譽)文學 士、英國赫爾大學商管碩士及香港中文大學 比較和公共史學文學碩士。彼亦取得中國人 民大學法學碩士及菲律賓比立勤國立大學工 商管理博士。洪先生現為中國人民大學法學 博士研究生。

洪先生現任叙福樓集團有限公司(股份代號: 01978)、信和酒店(集團)有限公司(股份代號: 01221)及偉仕佳杰控股有限公司(股份代號: 00856)的獨立非執行董事,上述所有公司的 股份均在聯交所上市。彼曾任新昌集團控股 有限公司(股份代號:00404)的前獨立非執行 董事,該公司股份於聯交所上市。

董事及高級管理人員簡介

Mr. WONG Kwan Kit (黃昆杰), aged 48, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 October 2019.

Mr. Wong has over 19 years of experience in accounting and financial management, mergers and acquisitions gained from certain finance related positions of companies listed in Hong Kong. Mr. Wong is currently an independent non-executive director of Man Sang International Limited (stock code: 00938) and Culturecom Holdings Limited (stock code: 00343), both of companies are listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Wong holds a Master of Business Administration degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

**Mr. LU Brian Yong Chen (**呂永琛), aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 October 2019. Mr. Lu has been serving as an independent non-executive Director of InvesTech Holdings Limited (stock code: 1087), a company whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange and is principally engaged in designs, development and provision of communication system and manufacture and sale of signal transmission and connectivity products since June 2015.

Mr. Lu has over 22 years of management experience in Fortune 100 companies in Australia, Hong Kong and the PRC, assisting in their business transformation and growth. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Lu served as a manager, design/architecture of IBM Australia Limited, a company principally engaged in manufacturing and selling computer hardware and software and providing relevant services from May 1995 to April 2001, where he was responsible for managing network architecture. From April 2001 to June 2012, Mr. Lu then served as a client unit executive in the IBM global technology services department of IBM China/Hong Kong Limited, a company principally engaged in manufacturing and selling computer hardware and software and providing relevant services, where he was responsible for the department's strategic planning and execution.

Mr. Lu was an industry consultant of IBM (China) Company Limited, a company principally engaged in manufacturing and selling computer hardware and software and providing relevant services from June 2012 to June 2015. **黃昆杰先生**,48歲,於二零一九年十月十八 日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

黃先生曾於香港上市公司擔任若干財務相關 職位,累積了逾19年的會計及財務管理、併 購經驗。黃先生現任民生國際有限公司(股份 代號:00938)及文化傳信集團有限公司(股份 代號:00343)的獨立非執行董事,兩間公司 均於聯交所上市。黃先生持有香港中文大學 工商管理碩士學位。彼為香港會計師公會資 深會員。

**呂永琛先生**,56歲,於二零一九年十月十八 日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。呂先生自二零 一五年六月起至今擔任威訊控股有限公司(股 份代號:1087)的獨立非執行董事,該公司於 聯交所上市,主要從事設計、開發及提供通訊 系統以及製造及銷售信號傳輸及連接產品。

呂先生於澳洲、香港及中國的財富100強公司 累積了逾22年的管理經驗,曾協助該等公司 實現業務轉型及增長。加入本集團之前,呂先 生於一九九五年五月至二零零一年四月擔任 IBM Australia Limited (一間主要從事製造及銷 售電腦硬件及軟件以及提供相關服務的公司) 的設計/架構經理,負責管理網絡架構。其後 於二零零一年四月至二零一二年六月,呂先 生擔任IBM China/Hong Kong Limited (一間主 要從事製造及銷售電腦硬件及軟件以及提供 相關服務的公司)的IBM全球技術服務部客戶 單位主管,負責部門的策略規劃及執行。

於二零一二年六月至二零一五年六月,呂先 生擔任IBM (China) Company Limited (一間主要 從事製造及銷售電腦硬件及軟件以及提供相 關服務的公司)的行業顧問。

Mr. Lu graduated from South China University of Technology (華南理工大學) with a bachelor degree majoring in engineering in Computer Science in July 1986 and from the University of New South Wales, Australia with a master degree of information science in October 1994.

Ms. TSENG Chin I (曾瀞漪), aged 52, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 October 2019.

Ms. Tseng is a media veteran with over 25 years of experience in Hong Kong, including hosting, presenting and moderating television programmes and forums in relation to the PRC and international economy and finance. Ms. Tseng has been serving as a presenter in Phoenix Satellite Television Company Limited (鳳 凰衛視有限公司), which is an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of Phoenix Satellite Television Holdings Limited (currently known as Phoenix Media Investment (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 2008), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, where she is responsible for hosting and presenting television programmes and broadcasts relating to the PRC and international economy and finance. She has also been a standing committee member of Ifeng Finance Institute (鳳凰網財經研究 院), a non-profit making research institute focusing on providing financial information via expert interview, conference reports, research reports, financial and wealth management forums since November 2016. She has been a life associate member of the Hong Kong Independent Non-Executive Director Association since January 2017.

Ms. Tseng graduated from Fu Jen Catholic University (天主教 輔仁大學, formerly known as私立輔仁大學) with a bachelor degree of arts majoring in mass communication in June 1991. 呂先生於一九八六年七月畢業於華南理工大學, 獲計算機科學工程學學士學位及於一九九四 年十月獲澳洲新南威爾士大學信息科學碩士 學位。

曾瀞漪女士,52歲,於二零一九年十月十八 日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

曾女士為香港資深媒體人士,擁有逾25年經 驗,包括製作、主持及協調中國及國際財經相 關電視節目及論壇。曾女士現擔任鳳凰衛視 有限公司的主持人,該公司為鳳凰衛視控股 有限公司(現稱鳳凰衛視投資(控股)有限公司, 一間於聯交所主板上市之公司)(股份代號: 2008))之間接全資附屬公司,曾女士於該公 司主要負責製作及主持中國及國際財經相關 電視節目廣播。自二零一六年十一月起,彼亦 為鳳凰網財經研究院(一間非營利性研究機構, 專注透過專家專訪、會議報道、研究報告、財 經及財富管理論壇提供財經資訊)的常務委員 會成員。彼自二零一七年一月起成為香港獨 立非執行董事協會的終身會員。

曾女士於一九九一年六月畢業於天主教輔仁 大學(前稱私立輔仁大學)並獲得大眾傳媒學 文學學士學位。

#### **Senior Management**

**Mr. LIU Shangheng (劉尚恆)**, aged 37, has been serving as the financial controller of Shenzhen Sprocomm since December 2011.

Mr. Liu has over 10 years of experience in financial work and management. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Liu held office relating to cost accounting in Qingdao Haixin Communication Technology Company Limited\* (青島海信通信技術有限公司), a company principally engaged in research, development, manufacturing and sales of mobile communication terminal products from August 2006 to October 2008, where he was mainly responsible for production cost accounting, cost analysis and control related work. Mr. Liu then served as a director of finance in Shenzhen Xiongtao Power Supply Technology Company Limited\* (深圳市雄韜電源科技股份有限公司), a company principally engaged in research, manufacturing and sales of battery from November 2008 to October 2011, where he was mainly responsible for cost accounting and preparing the financial statements and analysis.

Mr. Liu graduated from the Zhongnan University of Economics and Law (中南財經政法大學) in June 2006 and obtained two bachelor degrees majoring in accounting and economics.

**Mr. WEN Chuanchuan (溫川川)**, aged 35, vice president and general manager of the Group's production centre, is currently responsible for managing and supervising the operation of the Group's production centre.

Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Wen worked as an assistant engineer of Huawei Machine Company Limited\* (華為機器有限 公司), a company principally engaged in research, development, manufacturing and sales of communication products from July 2011 to October 2014, where he was mainly responsible for reviewing the manufacturing plan and leading trial verification for new smartphone products. Mr. Wen served as a director of the assembly plant of Shenzhen Andao Yunke Company Limited\* (深圳安道雲科股份有限公司), a company principally engaged in development and manufacturing of smart terminals, capacitive touch screens, machine assembly, metal and glass components and mobile phone accessories from November 2014 to September 2016, where he was responsible for the establishment of machine assembly department and assisting in the operation of the company's departments and subsidiaries.

Mr. Wen graduated from the Northwest A&F University (西 北農林科技大學) with a bachelor degree of management majoring in electronic commerce in the PRC in July 2008, and also, graduated from the Xi'an Jiaotong University\* (西安交通 大學管理學院) in June 2011 and obtained a master degree of engineering majoring in industrial engineering.

#### 高級管理層

**劉尚恒先生**,37歲,自二零一一年十二月至 今一直擔任深圳禾苗財務總監。

劉先生擁有逾10年的財務工作及管理經驗。 加入本集團之前,劉先生於二零零六年八月 至二零零八年十月在青島海信通信技術有限 公司(一間主要從事移動通訊終端產品的研究、 開發、製造及銷售的公司)擔任成本會計相關 職位,主要負責生產成本核算、成本分析及控 制相關工作。劉先生其後於二零零八年十一 月至二零一一年十月擔任深圳市雄韜電源科 技股份有限公司(一間主要從事電池的研究、 製造及銷售的公司)的財務主管,主要負責成 本核算以及編製財務報表及分析。

劉先生於二零零六年六月畢業於中南財經政 法大學,獲得會計及經濟學專業雙學士學位。

**溫川川先生**,35歲,擔任本集團生產中心副 總裁及總經理,目前負責管理監督本集團生 產中心的營運。

加入本集團之前,溫先生於二零一一年七月 至二零一四年十月為華為機器有限公司(一間 主要從事通訊產品的研究、開發、製造及銷售 的公司)的一名助理工程師,主要負責審閱生 產計劃及領導新智能手機產品的測試驗證。 溫先生於二零一四年十一月至二零一六年九 月擔任深圳安道雲科股份有限公司(一間主 從事開發及製造智能終端、電容式觸摸屏、機 器組裝、金屬和玻璃組件以及手機配件的公司) 的裝配廠廠長,負責組建機器裝配部以及協 助公司各部門及附屬公司的運作。

溫先生於二零零八年七月自西北農林科技大 學畢業,獲電子商務專業管理學學士學位,並 於二零一一年六月自西安交通大學管理學院 畢業,獲工業工程專業工程碩士學位。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT** 企業管治報告

The Company is committed to the establishment of good corporate governance practices and procedures with a view to being a transparent and responsible organisation which is open and accountable to the shareholders of the Company. The Board strives to adhere to the principles of corporate governance and has adopted sound corporate governance practices to meet the legal and commercial standards, focusing on areas such as internal control, fair disclosure and accountability to all shareholders of the Company to ensure the transparency and accountability of all operations of the Company. The Company believes that effective corporate governance is an essential factor to create more value for the shareholders of the Company. The Board will continue to review and improve the corporate governance practices of the Group from time to time to ensure that the Group is led by an effective Board in order to optimise return.

## Adoption and compliance of corporate governance practices

The Company has adopted a set of corporate governance practices which aligns with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") as set out in Appendix 14 of The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "**Listing Rules**") since the Listing Date. Except for code provision A.2.1, the Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the CG Code for the year ended 31 December 2020.

Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code states that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Under the current organisation structure of the Company, Mr. Li Chengjun is the Group's chief executive officer, and he also performs as the chairman of the Board as he has considerable experience in the mobile communication industry. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both the chairman of our Board and the chief executive officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning of the Group. 本公司致力建立良好企業管治常規及程序, 以成為具透明度且盡責的企業,對本公司股 東公開問責。董事會致力秉持企業管治原則, 並已採取有效的企業管治常規以符合法律及 商業標準,專注內部控制、公平披露及向本公 司所有股東負責等範疇,以確保本公司所有營 運具透明度及問責性。本公司認為,有效企業 管治是為本公司股東創造更多價值的重要因素。 董事會將繼續不時檢討及改善本集團的企業 管治常規,以確保本集團由有效的董事會帶領, 提高回報。

#### 採用及遵守企業管治常規

自上市日期,本公司已採納一套企業管治常規, 符合聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄 十四所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」) 的守則條文。除守則條文第A.2.1條外,本公 司於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 已遵守企業管治守則所載的守則條文。

企業管治守則條文第A.2.1條列明,主席與行 政總裁的角色應予區分,不應由同一人兼任。 根據本公司目前組織架構,李承軍先生為本 集團行政總裁兼董事會主席,彼於移動通信 行業擁有大量經驗。董事會相信,由同一人擔 任董事會主席和行政總裁的角色,有利於確 保本集團內部領導貫徹一致,並為本集團提 供更有效及高效的整體戰略規劃。
企業管治報告

Although Mr. Li Chengjun performs both the roles of chairman of the board and chief executive officer, the division of responsibilities between the chairman of the board and chief executive officer is clearly established. In general, the chairman of the board is responsible for supervising the functions and performance of the Board, while the chief executive officer is responsible for the management of the Group's businesses. The two roles are performed by Mr. Li Chengjun distinctly. Further, the current structure does not impair the balance of power and authority between the Board and management of the Company given the appropriate delegation of the power of the Board and the effective functions of the independent non-executive Directors.

## Model code for securities transactions by directors of listed issuers (the "Model Code")

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. All Directors have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this annual report.

## Chairman and chief executive officer

CG Code provisions A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not segregate the roles of chairman and chief executive officer and Mr. Li Chengjun currently holds both of the chairman and chief executive officer positions, as explained in the paragraph headed "Adoption and compliance of corporate governance practices" above in this Corporate Governance Report. 儘管李承軍先生同時擔任董事會主席兼行政 總裁,但董事會主席及行政總裁職責的分工已 清楚界定。總體而言,董事會主席負責監察董 事會職能及表現,而行政總裁則負責管理本 集團業務,兩個職位均由李承軍先生分別擔任。 再者,由於董事會已有適當的權力分配,且獨 立非執行董事亦能有效發揮職能,故目前的 架構不會削弱董事會與本公司管理層之間的 權力及權限制衡。

# 上市發行人董事進行證券交易的 標準守則(「標準守則」)

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載的標準守 則,作為其有關董事進行證券交易之行為守 則。經本公司作出具體查詢後,所有董事確認 彼等於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度及直至本年報日期一直遵守標準守則所載 之規定標準。

# 主席及行政總裁

企業管治守則條文第A.2.1條訂明,主席與行 政總裁的角色應予區分,不應由同一人兼任。 本公司並無區分主席與行政總裁的角色,且 如本企業管治報告上文「採用及遵守企業管治 常規」一段所解釋,李承軍先生目前擔任主席 與行政總裁職務。

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT** 企業管治報告

#### Independent non-executive directors

The independent non-executive Directors are highly skilled professionals with a broad range of expertise and experience in the fields of accounting, finance, business and corporate governance. Their skills, expertise and number in the Board ensure that strong independent views and judgement are brought in the Board's deliberations and that such views and judgement carry weight in the Board's decision-making process. Their presence and participation also enable the Board to maintain high standards of compliance in financial and other mandatory reporting requirements, and provide adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Company annually assesses the independence of each independent non- executive Director during their terms of appointment. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a written confirmation of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent from 1 January 2020 to the date of this report.

## 獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事均為在會計、金融、商業及企 業管治領域中具備廣泛專業知識及經驗的技 巧嫻熟專業人士。彼等之技能、專業知識及於 董事會的人數確保為董事會審議帶來有力之 獨立觀點及判斷,且有關觀點及判斷在董 會的決策過程中具有影響力。彼等的出席在 參與亦使董事會能維持嚴格遵守財務及其斷 發制報告規定,並提供足夠權力制衡,保障本 公司及其股東的利益。本公司每年於各獨立 非執行董事的任期內對其獨立性作出評估。 截至二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司已根據上市規則第3.13條從各獨立非執行 董事接獲有關其獨立性之書面確認。本公司 派為,於二零二零年一月一日起至本報告日期, 所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

企業管治報告

# **The Board**

The Board currently comprises four executive Directors and four independent non-executive Directors. The Board's composition as at 31 December 2020 is set out as follows:

## **Executive Directors**

# 董事會

董事會現由四名執行董事及四名獨立非執行 董事組成。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,董 事會的組成載列如下:

# 執行董事

Name 姓名	Age 年齡	Gender 性別	Date of joining the Group 加入本集團的日期	Roles and responsibilities 職務及職責
Mr. Li Chengjun 李承軍先生	48	Male 男	16 September 2009 二零零九年九月十六日	Corporate strategic planning, overseeing the overall operations, day-to-day management and business development of the Group 本集團的公司策略規劃、監督整體營 運、日常管理及業務發展
Mr. Xiong Bin 熊彬先生	43	Male 男	16 September 2009 二零零九年九月十六日	Overseeing the sales and marketing of the Group 監管本集團的銷售及市場推廣
Mr. Li Hongxing 李紅星先生	41	Male 男	24 November 2009 二零零九年十一月二十四日	Overseeing the research and development of the Group's products 監管本集團產品的研發
Mr. Guo Qinglin 郭慶林先生	37	Male 男	18 January 2010 二零一零年一月十八日	Managing the operation of supply chain and sales activities of the Group 管理本集團的供應鏈運作及銷售活動

企業管治報告

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

#### 獨立非執行董事

Name 姓名	Age 年齡	Gender 性別	Date of joining the Group 加入本集團的日期	Roles and responsibilities 職務及職責
Mr. Hung Wai Man 洪為民先生	52	Male 男	18 October 2019 二零一九年十月十八日	Supervising and providing independent judgement to the Board 監督及為董事會提供獨立判斷
Mr. Wong Kwan Kit 黃昆杰先生	48	Male 男	18 October 2019 二零一九年十月十八日	Supervising and providing independent judgement to the Board 監督及為董事會提供獨立判斷
Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen 呂永琛先生	56	Male 男	18 October 2019 二零一九年十月十八日	Supervising and providing independent judgement to the Board 監督及為董事會提供獨立判斷
Ms. Tseng Chin I 曾瀞漪女士	52	Female 女	18 October 2019 二零一九年十月十八日	Supervising and providing independent judgement to the Board 監督及為董事會提供獨立判斷

For the biographical details of and relationships among the members of the Board, please refer to the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" in this annual report.

The Directors believe that the composition of the Board reflects the necessary balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business development of the Group and for effective leadership as the executive Directors possess extensive experience in managing the Group's business operations; and professional knowledge in the telecommunication and internet industry, while the four independent non-executive Directors possess professional knowledge and broad experience in accounting, finance, business and corporate governance. The Directors are of the opinion that the current Board structure can ensure the independence and objectivity of the Board and provide a system of checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company. It also oversees the Group's business, strategic decisions and performance and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. Directors of the Board shall take decisions objectively in the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

有關董事會成員的履歷詳情及關係,請參閱 本年報「董事及高級管理人員簡介」一節。

董事相信,由於執行董事對管理本集團業務 營運有豐富經驗,且具備電訊與互聯網行業 的專業知識,而四名獨立非執行董事則具備 會計、金融、商業及企業管治方面的專業知識 及廣泛經驗,故董事會的組成反映本集團業 務發展所需及有效領導所適用的技能及經驗 之間的必要平衡。董事認為,目前的董事會架 備能確保董事會的獨立性及客觀性,並為保 障本公司及其股東的利益提供制衡體系。

董事會負責領導及監控本公司,亦監督本集團 業務、策略決定及表現,並共同負責指導及監 督本公司事務以推動其成功運作。董事會董 事須作出符合本公司及其股東利益的客觀決定。

企業管治報告

# Appointment, re-election and removal of directors

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing on the Listing Date, until terminated by enter party giving not less than three months' notice in writing to the other. Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years commencing on Listing Date, until terminated by either party giving not less than three months' notice in writing to the other.

According to article 109(a) of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), at each annual general meeting one third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. The Company at the general meeting at which a Director retires may fill the vacated office.

According to article 113 of the Articles, the Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the shareholders in general meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Any Director appointed under this article shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at an annual general meeting.

According to 109(a) of the Articles, Mr. Guo Qinglin, Mr. Wong Kwan Kit and Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen will retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

# 董事之委任、重選及罷免

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,自上 市日期起為期三年,直至任何一方向對方發 出不少於三個月的書面通知予以終止。各獨 立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任函件,自 上市日期起計為期三年,直至任何一方向對 方發出不少於三個月的書面通知予以終止。

根據本公司組織章程細則(「細則」)第109(a) 條,在每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分之一董 事(若人數並非三或三的倍數,則須為最接近 但不少於三分之一的人數)將輪值告退,惟各 董事(包括該等有特定任期的董事)須至少每 三年告退一次。退任董事將有資格重選連任。 本公司可在董事於股東週年大會退任時填補 空缺。

根據細則第113條,董事會有權不時及隨時委 任任何人士為董事,以填補臨時空缺或新增 董事,惟不得超過股東於股東大會不時釐定 的董事人數上限。任何獲董事會委任以填補 臨時空缺的董事任期將直至其獲委任後首屆 股東大會為止,並於該大會上重選連任。任何 獲董事會委任加入現有董事會的董事任期應 僅至本公司下屆股東週年大會為止,屆時將 符合資格重選連任。任何根據本條細則獲委 任的董事在釐定將於股東週年大會上輪值退 任的董事或董事人數時不應被計入。

根據細則第109(a)條,郭慶林先生、黃昆杰先 生及呂永琛先生將於本公司應屆股東週年大 會上輪值退任,且合資格膺選連任。

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## **Board diversity policy**

The Company adopted a board diversity policy (the "**Board Diversity Policy**") on 12 November 2019, which sets out the objective and approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board. The Board Diversity Policy provides that the Company should endeavor to ensure that the Board members have the appropriate balance of skills, experience, and diversity of perspectives that are required to support the execution of its business strategy.

All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against appropriate criteria and the attributes that they will bring to the Board to complement and enrich the competencies, experience and diversity of the Board. Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, a number of factors will be taken into account in determining the board composition to achieve board diversity, including but not limited to professional experience, skills, knowledge, age, gender, education, cultural background and length of service.

The Nomination Committee reviews the Board Diversity Policy from time to time to ensure its continued effectiveness, such as assessing annually on the board's diversity profile and gender balance. The Nomination Committee would discuss any revisions to the Board Diversity Policy that may be required and recommend any such revisions and the appointment of suitable candidates to the Board for consideration and approval.

## 董事會成員多元化政策

本公司於二零一九年十一月十二日已採納董 事會多元化政策(「董事會多元化政策」),當 中載有實現及維持董事會多元化的目標及方 針,以提高董事會的有效性。董事會多元化政 策規定,本公司應致力確保董事會成員在支 持其業務策略執行所需的技能、經驗及多元 化視角方面達到適當平衡。

董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,以適 當標準考慮人選,並為董事會補充及豐富董 事會的能力,經驗和多元化。根據董事會多元 化政策,我們在釐定董事會組成時會考慮多 項因素(包括但不限於專業經驗、技能、知識、 年齡、性別、教育、文化背景及服務年限)以 實現董事會多元化。

提名委員會不時審閲董事會多元化政策以確 保其持續有效,包括每年評估董事會多元化 組合以及在性別平衡方面的表現。提名委員 會亦會討論須就董事會多元化政策作出的任 何修訂,並就任何相關修訂及合適人選的委 任提出建議以供董事會審批。

企業管治報告

## **Nomination policy**

The Company has adopted a nomination policy (the "**Nomination Policy**") which sets out the criteria, process and procedures for the Nomination Committee to recommend suitable candidates for directorship with a view to ensuring that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business.

# 提名政策

本公司已採納提名政策(「提名政策」),當中 載有提名委員會推薦合適董事人選的標準、 過程及程序,以確保董事會可平衡本公司業 務所需的合適技能、經驗及多元化。

## Selection criteria

The Nomination Committee will propose a candidate for nomination or a Director for re-election based on the followings:

- the Board Diversity Policy and the requirements under the Listing Rules;
- the expected contribution the candidate would add to the Board and to ensure the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business;
- the candidate or the re-elected Director is able to commit and devote sufficient time and attention to the Company's affairs;
- the level of independence from the Company, and potential or actual conflicts of interest of the candidate or the reelected Director; and
- other relevant factors considered by Nomination Committee on a case-by-case basis.

The aforesaid factors are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person as it considers appropriate.

#### 甄選標準

提名委員會將根據以下內容提名一名候選人 或重選一名董事:

- 董事會多元化政策及上市規則的規定;
- 一 候選人預計對董事會作出的貢獻以及確
   保董事會可平衡本公司業務所需的合適
   技能、經驗及多元化;
- 候選人或重選連任的董事可致力為本公司事務投入足夠時間及精力;
- 本公司獨立程度,以及候選人或重選連
   任的董事潛在或實際利益衝突;及
- 提名委員會按個別情況考慮的其他相關
   因素。

上述因素僅供參考,並不旨在涵蓋所有因素, 也不具決定性作用。提名委員會可酌情提名 其認為合適的任何人士。

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#### Nomination process

The Nomination Committee is responsible for ensuring that the selection criteria are being applied consistently and fairly in the nomination process and confirming the same to the Board when making its recommendation on appointment.

#### A. Procedures for appointment of new Director

Subject to the provisions in the Articles, if the Board recognises the need to appoint a new Director, the following procedures should be adopted:

- the Nomination Committee identifies candidates in accordance with the selection criteria set out in the Nomination Policy and with the assistance from the Group's human resources department and external agencies (if necessary);
- the Nomination Committee evaluates the candidates and recommends to the Board the appointment of the appropriate candidate for directorship; and
- the Board decides the appointment based upon the recommendation of the Nomination Committee.

# B. Procedures for re-election of Director at general meeting

Procedures for re-election of Director at general meeting are set out as follows:

- the Nomination Committee reviews the overall contribution to the Company of the retiring Director;
- the Nomination Committee also reviews and determines whether the retiring Director continues to meet the selection criteria set out in the Nomination Policy; and
- the Nomination Committee shall recommend to the Board which shall then make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of Director at the general meeting.

# 提名過程

提名委員會負責確保甄選標準於提名過程中 獲一致及公平應用,並於提供有關委任的推 薦建議時向董事會確認已一致及公平應用。

## A. 任命新董事程序

在不違反細則條文的情況下,倘董事會 確認有需要任命新董事,應採取以下程序:

- 提名委員會根據提名政策所載甄選
   標準在本集團人力資源部及外來機
   構(如有)的協助下物色候選人;
- 提名委員會評估候選人,並向董事 會推薦委任合適的董事候選人;及
- 董事會根據提名委員會的推薦建議
   決定委任。

#### B. 於股東大會重選董事程序

於股東大會重選董事程序載列如下:

- 提名委員會檢討退任董事對本公司
   的整體貢獻;
  - 提名委員會亦檢討及考慮退任董事 是否仍然符合提名政策列明的甄選 標準;及
- 提名委員會須向董事會提出推薦建
   議,並由董事會於股東大會上就建
   議重選董事向股東提出推薦建議。

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- C. Procedures for nomination by shareholders Procedures for nomination by shareholders are set out as follows:
  - the Company's website sets out the procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director; and
    - for any person that is nominated by a shareholder for election as a Director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee shall evaluate such candidate based on the selection criteria set out in the Nomination Policy and to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship and where appropriate, the Nomination Committee shall recommend to the Board which shall then make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed election of Director at the general meeting.

#### Monitoring and reporting

The Nomination Committee will report annually, in the Corporate Governance section of the Company's Annual Report, how the Policy is being applied in recommending candidates for directorship and retiring Directors for re-election during the year.

#### **Review of the Nomination Policy**

The Nomination Committee will review the Nomination Policy periodically in line with the Company's strategy and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.

- C. 股東提名程序 股東提名程序載列如下:
  - 本公司網站載有股東提名董事人選 的程序;及
  - 一對於獲股東在本公司股東大會上提 名出任董事的人士,提名委員會須 就提名政策所載的甄選標準評估該 候選人,並確定該候選人是否合資 格擔任董事,且(如適用)提名委員 會須向董事會提出推薦建議,並由 董事會於股東大會上就建議選舉董 事向股東提出推薦建議。

## 監察及匯報

提名委員會每年會於本公司年報的企業管治 一節匯報政策於年內應用於推薦董事候選人 及退任董事重選連任的情況。

# 檢討提名政策

提名委員會定期檢討提名政策是否符合本公司的策略,並提出建議變動供董事會審批。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Nomination Committee conducted the followings:

- reviewed and confirmed the structure, size and composition of the Board and the split between number of executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors remained appropriate for the Board to perform its duties;
- reviewed and confirmed the Board has a diverse mix of skills, knowledge, experience and gender;
- reviewed the Board Diversity Policy; and
- formulated the Nomination Policy and made a recommendation to the Board for adoption.

# Proceedings of board meetings and board committee meetings

The Board may meet for the dispatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate its meeting and proceedings as it thinks fit and may determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. An annual general meeting of the Company (the "**AGM**") shall be called by at least 21 days' (and not less than 20 clear business days') notice in writing, and a general meeting of the Company, other than an AGM, shall be called by at least 14 days' (and not less than 10 clear business days') notice in writing. A meeting of the Board or any committee of the Board may be held by means of such telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permit all persons participating in the meeting.

A Director shall not vote (nor shall he be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the Board in respect of any contract or arrangement or proposal in which he or any of his close associate(s) has/have a material interest, and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted (nor shall he be counted in the quorum for that resolution). 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,提 名委員會已進行以下事項:

- 檢討及確認董事會的架構、規模及組成,
   以及執行董事與獨立非執行董事人數的
   分配是否仍然適合董事會執行其職務;
- 檢討及確認董事會的組成符合技術、知識、 經驗及性別多元化;
- 檢討董事會多元化政策;及
- 制訂提名政策並提出推薦建議供董事會 採納。

## 董事會會議及董事會委員會會議 的議事程序

董事會可按其認為合適的方式召開會議處理 事務、延會及以其他方式規管其會議及議事 程序,並可釐定處理事務所需的法定人數。本 公司召開股東週年大會(「**股東週年大會**」), 須有為期最少21日(至少足20個工作日)的書 面通知,而除股東週年大會外,本公司的其他 股東大會亦須有為期最少14日(至少足10個 工作日)的書面通知,方可召開。董事會或董 事會轄下任何委員會可透過電話、電子或其 他通訊設備(必須讓全體與會人士互相聆聽) 舉行會議。

董事不得就有關其或其任何緊密聯繫人擁有 重大權益的任何合約或安排或建議的任何董 事會決議案投票或計入法定人數內,而倘董 事就任何上述決議案投票,彼就該項決議案 的投票將不計算在內,且該董事將不計入法 定人數。

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Set out below are details of the attendance record of each Director at the Board, committee and general meetings of the Company held during the year ended 31 December 2020: 以下載列各董事出席截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度所舉行的本公司董事會會議、 委員會會議及股東大會的詳細紀錄:

				ce/Number of Me ¦席率/會議舉行≿	0	
Name of Directors	董事姓名	Regular Board Meeting 常規董事會會議	Audit Committee Meeting 審核委員會會議	Nomination Committee Meeting 提名委員會會議	Remuneration Committee Meeting 薪酬委員會會議	General Meeting 股東大會
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Li Chengjun	李承軍先生	5/5	-	1/1	-	1/1
Mr. Xiong Bin	熊彬先生	5/5	-	-	-	1/1
Mr. Li Hongxing	李紅星先生	5/5	-	-	-	1/1
Mr. Guo Qinglin	郭慶林先生	5/5	-	-	-	1/1
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Hung Wai Man	洪為民先生	5/5	2/2	-	2/2	0/1
Mr. Wong Kwan Kit	黃昆杰先生	5/5	2/2	1/1	2/2	1/1
Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen	呂永琛先生	5/5	2/2	1/1	2/2	1/1
Ms. Tseng Chin I	曾瀞漪女士	5/5	-	1/1	2/2	1/1

The Board will make arrangements for holding at least four regular Board Meetings in each financial year.

The Board has established three committees: (i) the audit committee ("Audit Committee"); (ii) the remuneration committee ("Remuneration Committee"); and (iii) the nomination committee ("Nomination Committee"), for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All committees have been established with defined written terms of reference, which were posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkex.com.hk) and the Company (www.sprocomm.com). All committees should report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made. All committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

董事會將於各財政年度安排舉行至少四次常 規董事會會議。

董事會已成立三個委員會:(I)審核委員會 (「審核委員會」);(ii)薪酬委員會(「薪酬委 員會」);及(iii)提名委員會(「提名委員會」), 以監察本公司事務的特定方面。所有委員會 均設有特定書面職權範圍,分別刊載於聯 交所網站(www.hkex.com.hk)及本公司網站 (www.sprocomm.com)。所有委員會須向董事 會匯報其作出的決定或推薦意見。所有委員 會均獲提供充足資源以履行其職責,並可於 適當情況下提出合理要求以尋求獨立專業意見, 費用由本公司支付。

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#### Audit committee

The Company has established the Audit Committee on 18 October 2019 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Audit Committee consists of three independent nonexecutive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Kwan Kit, Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen and Mr. Hung Wan Man. Mr. Wong Kwan Kit is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include ensuring that an effective financial reporting, internal control and risk management systems are in place and compliance of the Listing Rules, reviewing the financial statements, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and removal of external auditors and assessing their independence and qualifications, and ensuring the effective communication with external auditors.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Audit Committee held two meetings and the work performed by the Audit Committee was summarised as follows:

- reviewed the Company's interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and annual results for the year ended 31 December 2020;
- reviewed the Company's interim report for the six months ended 30 June 2020 and annual report for the year ended 31 December 2020, which set out the Group's accounting policies, financial performance and position;
- 3. reviewed the findings and recommendations from external auditors and the independent internal control reviewer;

# 審核委員會

本公司已遵照上市規則第3.21條及企業管治 守則,於二零一九年十月十八日成立審核委員會,並訂明書面職權範圍。審核委員會的職 權範圍可於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即 黃昆杰先生、呂永琛先生及洪為民先生。黃昆 杰先生為審核委員會主席。

審核委員會的主要職責包括確保設有有效的 財務申報、內部控制及風險管理系統及遵守上 市規則,審閲財務報表,就外聘核數師的任免 向董事會提出推薦建議及評估其獨立性與資歷, 以及確保與外聘核數師之間的有效溝通。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,審 核委員會已舉行兩次會議,審核委員會的工 作概述如下:

- 審閲本公司截至二零二零年六月三十日 止六個月的中期業績及截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的年度業績;
- 審閱本公司截至二零二零年六月三十日 止六個月的中期業績及截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的年度報告,當 中載有本集團的會計政策、財務表現及 狀況;
- 檢討外聘核數師及獨立內控審查員的調 查結果及推薦建議;

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- 4. reviewed the independence of the external auditors and engagement of external auditors;
- 5. reviewed the audit plan, internal control plan, the development in accounting standards and their effects on the Group, financial reporting and risk management matters;
- 6. reviewed the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff in the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions; and
- 7. reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.

## Remuneration committee

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee on 18 October 2019 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Remuneration Committee consists of four independent nonexecutive Directors, namely Mr. Hung Wai Man, Mr. Wong Kwan Kit, Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen and Ms. Tseng Chin I. Mr. Hung Wai Man is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations to the Board in determining the remuneration policy for and remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management, reviewing incentive schemes and service contracts of the Directors and senior management, and evaluating the performance of the Directors and senior management.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Remuneration Committee held two meetings to review and the work performed by the Remuneration Committee was summarised as follows:

- made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of Directors, senior management and employees of the Group;
- 2. reviewed the appropriateness of the remuneration policy; and
- 3. evaluated the performance of Directors and senior management of the Group.

- 4. 檢討外聘核數師的獨立性及聘用;
- 檢討審計計劃、內部控制計劃、會計準 則的變化及對本集團、財務報告及風險 管理事項的影響;
- 檢討本集團會計和財務報告職能的資源、 員工資歷及經驗是否充足;及
- 評審本集團風險管理及內部控制系統的 成效。

## 薪酬委員會

本公司已遵照上市規則第3.25條及企業管治 守則,於二零一九年十月十八日成立薪酬委 員會,並訂明書面職權範圍。薪酬委員會的職 權範圍可於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。

薪酬委員會由四名獨立非執行董事組成,即 洪為民先生、黃昆杰先生、呂永琛先生及曾瀞 漪女士。洪為民先生為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括就釐定董事及高 級管理層的薪酬政策及薪酬待遇向董事會提 出推薦建議,檢討獎勵計劃及董事和高級管 理層服務合約,以及評估董事及高級管理層 的表現。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,薪 酬委員會已舉行兩次會議,薪酬委員會的工 作概述如下:

- 就本集團董事、高級管理層及僱員的薪 酬向董事會提出推薦建議;
- 2. 檢討薪酬政策是否合適;及
- 3. 評估本集團董事及高級管理層的表現。

企業管治報告

#### Nomination committee

The Company has established a Nomination Committee on 18 October 2019 with written terms of reference in compliance with CG Code provision A.5.1. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Nomination Committee consists of four Directors, namely Mr. Li Chengjun, Mr. Wong Kwan Kit, Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen and Ms. Tseng Chin I. Mr. Li Chengjun is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include assisting the Board in identifying suitable candidates for the Directors and making recommendations to the Board, assessing the structure and composition of the Board, preparing, making recommendations to and supervising the execution of the board diversity policy and nomination policy of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Nomination Committee held one meeting and the work performed by the Nomination Committee was summarised in the paragraph headed "Nomination policy" of this corporate governance report.

## **Dividend policy**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy (the "**Dividend Policy**") which aims to ensure sustainable development of its business operations and to provide a favorable return to its shareholders.

Declaration of dividend will be made at the discretion of the Board and will be based upon the Group's earnings, cash flows, financial conditions, capital requirements, statutory fund reserve requirements and any other conditions that our Directors consider relevant. The declaration, payment and amount of dividend will also be subject to the Company's constitutional documents including, where necessary, the approval of the shareholders.

## 提名委員會

本公司已遵照企業管治守則第A.5.1條,於二 零一九年十月十八日成立提名委員會,並訂 明書面職權範圍。提名委員會的職權範圍可 於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。

提名委員會由四名董事組成,即李承軍先生、 黃昆杰先生、呂永琛先生及曾瀞漪女士。李承 軍先生為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會的主要職責包括協助董事會物色 合適的董事人選並向其提出推薦建議,評估 董事會的架構及組成,制定、建議及監督實行 本公司的董事會多元化政策及提名政策。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,提 名委員會已舉行一次會議,提名委員會的工 作概述於本企業管治報告[提名政策]一段。

# 股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策(「**股息政策**」),旨在 確保其業務營運可持續發展,並為其股東提 供可觀回報。

宣派股息將由董事會酌情決定,並將以本集 團盈利、現金流量、財務狀況、資金需求、法 定基金儲備要求及董事認為相關的任何其他 狀況為依據。股息的宣派、派付及數額亦須受 公司章程文件規限,其中包括(如有需要)股 東批准。

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The Board will review the Dividend Policy from time to time and may exercise its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time as the Board thinks fit and necessary. There is no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period. The Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company that any dividend will be paid in any particular amount and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time. 董事會將不時檢討股息政策,倘董事會認為 合適或必要,可行使其唯一及絕對酌情權隨 時更新、修訂及/或修改股息政策。概不保證 會在任何指定期間派付任何特定金額的股息。 股息政策並非本公司就派付任何特定金額股 息的具有法律約束力承諾及/或不會規定本 公司於任何時間或不時宣派股息。

#### **Corporate governance function**

The Board does not have a Corporate Governance Committee. The functions that would be carried out by a Corporate Governance Committee are performed by the Board as a whole and are as follows:

- 1. to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and directors; and
- 5. to review the Company's compliance with the CG code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

The corporate governance policy is formulated with an emphasis on the Board's quality, effective internal control, stringent disclosure practices and transparency and accountability to all shareholders of the Company. The Board strives to comply with the code provisions and reviews its corporate governance policy regularly in order to maintain high standards of business ethics and corporate governance, and to ensure the full compliance of the Group's operations with applicable laws and regulations.

# 企業管治職能

董事會並無成立企業管治委員會。由企業管 治委員會履行的職能將由董事會整體履行並 列示如下:

- 1. 制訂及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及 持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規 定方面的政策及常規;
- 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的 行為守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及 在企業管治報告內的披露。

企業管治政策的制定重點在於董事會質素、 有效內部控制、嚴格披露慣例,以及對本公司 所有股東的透明度及問責性。董事會致力遵 守守則條文,並定期檢討其企業管治政策以 維持高水平商業操守及企業管治,確保本集 團營運全面符合適用法律及法規。

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#### **Continuous professional development**

Pursuant to the CG Code provision A.6.5, all Directors should participate in a programme of continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Company should be responsible for arranging and funding training, placing an appropriate emphasis on the roles, functions and duties of the Directors. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company had arranged to provide trainings to all the Directors. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Directors participated in the following continuous professional development:

## 持續專業發展

根據企業管治守則條文第A.6.5條,全體董事 應參與持續專業發展項目以發展及更新彼等 之知識及技能,確保彼等對董事會作出明智 及相關之貢獻。本公司須負責安排及資助培訓, 並適當強調董事之角色、職能及職責。截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司已 安排向所有董事提供培訓。截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度,董事參與下列持續 專業發展:

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Training on corporate governance, director's duties, environment, social and governance, and/or regulatory update <i>(Note 1)</i> 企業管治、董事職責、 環境、社會及管治的 培訓及/或最新規章 <i>(附註 1)</i>	Reading materials updating on new rules and regulations 閲覽有關最 新規例及規章 的資料
			的貝科
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Li Chengjun	李承軍先生	•	
Mr. Xiong Bin	熊彬先生		
Mr. Li Hongxing	李紅星先生		
Mr. Guo Qinglin	郭慶林先生		
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Hung Wai Man	洪為民先生	1	
Mr. Wong Kwan Kit	黃昆杰先生	1	1
Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen	呂永琛先生		1
Ms. Tseng Chin I	曾靜漪女士	1	- / /
Notes:		附註:	
<ol> <li>Professional training was arranged by the knowledge.</li> </ol>	Company to update the Dire	ctors' 1. 本公司安排專業培訓以更新董事	知識。
<ol> <li>The Company received from each of the taking continuous professional training.</li> </ol>	e Directors the confirmation	as on 2. 本公司已接獲各董事參與持續專	業培訓的確認。

企業管治報告

## Auditor's remuneration

The Company engaged SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited as its auditor for the year ended 31 December 2020. There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the auditor.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the remuneration paid/payable to SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited is set out as follows:

## 核數師薪酬

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司委聘信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限 公司為其核數師。董事會與審核委員會對甄選、 委任、辭任或解僱核數師並無意見分歧。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,信永 中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司的已付/ 應付薪酬載列如下:

Services rendered 提供的服務		Remuneration paid/payable 已付/應付薪酬 RMB'000 人民幣千元		
Audit services Non-audit services	審核服務 非審核服務	929 71		
Total	約言十	1,000		

# Acknowledgement of responsibility for consolidated financial statements

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020, the Directors:

- assessed the reasonableness of preparing the consolidated financial statements taking into consideration the Group's financial performance, position, cashflows and liquidity ratios;
- selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; and
- made judgements and estimates in a prudent, fair and reasonable manner.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" from page 115 to page 122 of this annual report.

# 綜合財務報表的責任確認

董事確認彼等編製本公司截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度財務報表的責任。編 製截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的 綜合財務報表時,董事已:

- 根據本集團的財務表現、狀況、現金流量及流動資金比率,評估編製綜合財務報表的合理性;
- 挑選適當會計政策及貫徹應用該等政策;
   及
- 作出審慎、公平及合理的判斷及估計。

就董事所知,並無任何重大不明朗事件或情況可能會嚴重影響本公司持續經營能力。本 公司獨立核數師就其對綜合財務報表的申報 責任聲明載於本年報第115頁至122頁「獨立 核數師報告」一節。

企業管治報告

## **Internal control**

#### **Risk management and internal control**

The Board emphasises on the importance of risk management and internal controls on the Group's business operations and development and acknowledges its overall responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and the review of their effectiveness.

The Board evaluates and determines the nature and extent of risks it is willing to accept, while achieving the Group's strategic business objectives. The Board also ensures implementation and maintenance of effective risk management and internal control systems; and oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Board has delegated the responsibility to physically implement and maintain the risk management and internal control systems to the management of the Company. The management, under the supervision of the Board, has implemented and maintained appropriate and effective risk management and internal control system, which aims to manage and reduce (i) risks associated with the Group's daily operations; (ii) risks of failing to achieve business objectives; (iii) risks of asset misappropriation; and (iv) risks of making potential material misstatements or losses. However, the risk management and internal control system can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatements or losses.

The Group does not have an internal audit function. Taking into account the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business, the Board have sufficient capacity to oversee the design and implementation of the risk management and internal control system and to assess its effectiveness, and accordingly there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit function within the Group.

# 內部控制 風險管理及內部控制

董事會強調風險管理及內部控制對本集團業 務營運及發展的重要性,並確認其對風險管 理及內部控制系統以及檢討其成效的整體責任。

董事會評估及釐定於達致本集團策略性業務 目標時可承擔風險的性質及程度。董事會亦 確保實施及維持有效的風險管理及內部控制 系統:以及監督風險管理及內部控制系統設計、 實施和監控的管理。

董事會已委派本公司管理層負責具體實施及 維持風險管理及內部控制系統,受董事會監 察的管理層已實施及維持適當及有效的風險 管理及內部控制系統,目的是管理及減少(I)與 本集團日常業務有關的風險;(ii)未能達成業務 目標的風險;(ii)資產挪用的風險;及(iv)潛在 重大錯誤陳述或損失的風險。然而,風險管理 及內部控制系統只可就重大錯誤陳述或損失 提供合理而非絕對的保障。

本集團並無內部審核職能。經考慮本集團業務的規模、性質及複雜程度,董事會擁有充足的能力監督風險管理及內部控制系統的設計 及實施,並可評估其有效性,因此毋須即時於 本集團建立內部審核職能。

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The process to identify, evaluate and manage risks are carried out on a regular and on-going basis. These processes are summarised as follows:

#### **Risk identification**

 Identify risks that may potentially affect the Group's business and operations.

#### **Risk assessment**

• Assess the impact and consequence of the identified risks on the business and the likelihood of their occurrence.

#### Response to findings of risk assessment

- Prioritise the risks by comparing the results of the risk assessment; and
- Determine the risk management strategies and internal control processes to prevent, avoid or mitigate the risks.

#### **Risk monitoring and reporting**

- Perform ongoing and regular monitoring of the risk and ensure that appropriate internal control processes are in place;
- Enhance the risk management strategies and internal control processes in case of any significant change of situation; and
- Report the results and effectiveness of risk management and internal control to the Board regularly.

In relation to the handling and dissemination of inside information, the Group has implemented in information disclosure policy to ensure potential inside information being captured and confidentiality of such information being maintained until consistent and timely disclosure are made in accordance with the Listing Rules. The policy is summarised as follows:

- Designated reporting channels from different operations informing any potential inside information to designated departments;
- Designated persons and departments to determine further escalation and disclosure as required; and

識別、評估及管理風險的程序乃按定期及持 續基準進行。該等程序概述如下:

#### 風險識別

識別可能對本集團業務及營運有潛在影響的風險。

#### 風險評估

 評估已識別風險對業務的影響及後果及 其發生的可能性。

#### 應對風險評估結果

- 透過比較風險評估的結果對風險按優先 順序進行處理;及
- 確定風險管理策略及內部控制程序,以 預防、避免或減輕風險。

#### 風險監察及匯報

- 持續及定期監察風險,確保有適當的內 部控制程序;
- 出現任何重大變動時,加強風險管理策
   略及內部控制程序;及
- 向董事會定期匯報風險管理及內部控制 結果和成效。

本集團已就處理及發放內幕消息的方式訂立 資料披露政策,確保在保密的情況下存取潛 在內幕消息,直至按上市規則作出貫徹和及 時的披露為止。該政策概述如下:

- 特設匯報渠道,讓不同營運單位向指定 部門匯報潛在內幕消息;
- 指定人士及部門按需要決定匯報及披露 方式;及

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• Designated persons authorised to act as spokespersons and respond to external enquiries.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group engaged an independent internal control reviewer to review the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control system. The scope of review was determined by the Board. The independent internal control reviewer submitted a report of findings and areas for improvement to the management. The management presented these findings and areas for improvements to the Board and Audit Committee. Having considered (i) the existence of the risk management and internal control system; (ii) the findings of the independent internal control reviewer; (iii) management will take into account the areas for improvement suggested by the independent internal control reviewer and further enhance the risk management and internal control system, the Board and Audit Committee were of the view that the Group had no material internal control deficiencies and its risk management and internal control systems were effective and adequate.

#### **Company secretary**

Ms. Jian Xuegen ("**Ms. Jian**") was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 21 September 2019 and is responsible for overseeing all the company secretarial matters of the Group. In the opinion of the Board, Ms. Jian possesses the necessary qualification and experience, and is capable of performing the functions of a company secretary. During the year ended 31 December 2020, Ms. Jian confirmed that she has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training as required under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

## Shareholders' rights

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. An AGM of the Company shall be held in each year and at the place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an AGM, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting. 指定授權人士擔任發言人,回應外界查詢。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團聘請獨立內控審查員檢討其風險管理及 內部控制系統的成效。檢討範圍由董事會釐定。 獨立內控審查員向管理層提交調查結果及需 要改善範疇報告,管理層則向董事會及審 委員會呈交該等調查結果及需要改善範疇。 經考慮(1)現有的風險管理及內部控制系統;(i) 獨立內控審查員提出需要改善範疇,進一步 獨立內控審查員提出需要改善範疇,進一步 核委員會認為本集團概無重大內部控制缺陷, 且其風險管理及內部控制系統有效和足夠。

## 公司秘書

簡雪艮女士(「簡女士」)於二零一九年九月 二十一日獲委任為本公司之公司秘書,並負責 監察本集團之一切公司秘書事宜。董事會認為, 簡女士具備必要資格及經驗,有能力履行公司 秘書職務。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,簡女士確認彼已根據上市規則第3.29 條的規定參與不少於15/小時的相關專業培訓。

# 股東權利

本公司的股東大會為股東與董事會提供溝通 機會。本公司每年舉行股東週年大會,地點由 董事會釐定。股東週年大會以外的各股東大 會均稱為股東特別大會。

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# Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Pursuant to article 64 of the Articles, extraordinary general meeting shall be convened on the requisition of one or more shareholders of the Company holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisition(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

#### Putting enquiries by shareholders to the Board

Shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company for the attention of the company secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

# Procedures for putting forward proposals by shareholders at shareholders' meetings

Shareholders of the Company are requested to follow article 64 of the Articles for including a resolution at an extraordinary general meeting. The requirements and procedures are set out above in the paragraph headed "Shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting".

Pursuant to article 114 of the Articles, no person (other than a retiring Director) shall, unless recommended by the Board for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office of the Company or at the Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company. The period for lodgement of the notices required under this Article will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least seven days.

#### 股東召開股東特別大會

根據細則第64條,本公司一名或以上股東(於 遞呈要求當日持有有權於股東大會上投票的 本公司繳足股本不少於十分之一者)應有權以 書面方式向董事會或本公司之公司秘書遞呈 要求的方式,述明要求董事會召開股東特別 大會以處理要求內訂明的任何事項。該大會 須於該項要求遞呈後兩個月內舉行。倘於有 關遞呈後21日內,董事會未有召開該大會, 則遞呈要求人士可以相同方式召開大會,而本 公司須向遞呈要求人士償付所有由遞呈要求 人士因董事會未能召開大會而產生的合理開支。

#### 股東向董事會提問

股東可透過本公司的香港主要營業地點向本 公司發出書面查詢,並註明收件人為公司秘書。

#### 股東於股東大會提呈議案的程序

本公司股東向股東特別大會提呈決議案時須 遵守細則第64條。規定及程序載於上文「股東 召開股東特別大會」一段。

根據細則第114條,除退任董事外,任何人士 如未獲董事推薦參選,均無資格在任何股東 大會上獲選出任董事,除非本公司總辦事處 或本公司香港股份過戶登記分處已收到一份 書面通知,其內表明彼擬提議推薦該人士參 選董事之職,以及一份該獲提議推薦人士表 示候選意願的通知。根據細則規定提交通知 的期間須由不早於寄發指定進行選舉的股東 大會日期前七日完結,而向本公司發出有關 通知的最短期間須至少為七日。

企業管治報告

The procedures for shareholders of the Company to propose a person for election as a Director is posted on the website of the Company. Shareholders or the Company may refer to the above procedures for putting forward any other proposals at general meetings.

### **Investors relations**

The Company is committed to a policy of open and regular communication and reasonable disclosure of information to its shareholders. Information of the Company is disseminated to the shareholders in the following manner:

- Delivery of annual and interim results and reports to all shareholders;
- Publication of announcements on the annual and interim results on the website of the Company and the website of the Stock Exchange, and issue of other announcements and shareholders' circulars in accordance with the continuing disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules; and
- The general meeting of the Company is also an effective communication channel between the Board and shareholders.

The Company has in place a shareholder communication policy to ensure that Shareholders' views and concerns are appropriately addressed. The policy is regularly reviewed to ensure its effectiveness.

The Company keeps on promoting investor relations and enhancing communication with the existing shareholders and potential investors. It welcomes suggestions from investors, stakeholders and the public. Enquiries to the Board or the Company may be sent by post to the Company's head office. The Company also maintains a website at www.sprocomm.com where up-to-date information and updates of the Company's operations, performances and strategies are available to public access.

#### **Constitutional Documents**

On 18 October 2019, the Company adopted an amended and restated memorandum and articles of association which had been uploaded to the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. Save as disclosed above, there had been no changes in the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2020.

本公司股東提名某一人士參選董事的程序刊 載於本公司網站。股東或本公司可參閱上述 於股東大會提呈任何其他議案的程序。

## 投資者關係

本公司致力實行公開、定期溝通及向其股東 合理披露資料的政策。本公司透過下列方式 向股東傳達資料:

- 向所有股東送呈年度及中期業績及報告;
- 根據上市規則的持續披露責任,於本公司網站及聯交所網站刊登年度及中期業績公告,以及刊發其他公告及股東通函;
   及
- 本公司股東大會亦為董事會與股東的有 效溝通橋樑。

本公司已訂立股東溝通政策以確保股東的意 見及關注得到適當解決。該政策定期檢討以 確保其有效性。

本公司持續促進投資者關係,加強與現有股 東及潛在投資者的溝通,同時歡迎各位投資者、 持份者及公眾的建議。如對董事會或本公司有 任何詢問,可郵寄至本公司總辦事處。本公司 亦設有網站(網址為www.sprocomm.com), 刊載最新資料及更新本公司營運、表現及策略, 以供公眾查閱。

#### 組織章程文件

於二零一九年十月十八日,本公司採取經修訂 及重列之組織章程大綱及細則,並已上載於 本公司及聯交所網站。除上文所披露者外,本 公司的組織章程文件於截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度概無變動。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

### Scope and reporting period

The Group presents its Environmental, Social and Governance ("**ESG**") report, which highlights its ESG performance from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020.

This ESG report was prepared with reference to the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the **"ESG Reporting Guide**") as described in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules and Guidance set out by the Stock Exchange.

The Group is an ODM mobile phone supplier based in the PRC, primarily engaged in research and development, designing, manufacturing and sale of mobile phones, PCBAs for mobile phones and IoT related products, targeting emerging markets. The Group operates two production bases in the PRC, including one in Shenzhen that is responsible for the mobile phone assembly and the other one in Luzhou that is equipped with SMT lines for the production of PCBAs.

The Group applied the principles of materiality, measurability and consistency in the preparation of this ESG report. The scope of this ESG report concentrates on the Group's business in the PRC, where the Group carries out its principal business operations and most of its employees and assets are located. The Group's operations outside the PRC were not included in the scope as they do not have significant environmental and social impacts. The effectiveness of the Group's ESG policies was assessed by comparing the Group's performance for the year ended 31 December 2020 with prior year comparative figures. Further, the information in this ESG was presented in a consistent manner. In the event there are any changes in methods or key performance indicators used or other factors affecting a meaningful comparison, these changes would be disclosed in this ESG report.

## 範圍及報告期

本集團提呈首份環境、社會及管治(「環境、社 會及管治」)報告,報告反映本集團二零二零 年一月一日至二零二零年十二月三十一日的 環境、社會及管治表現。

本環境、社會及管治報告乃參考聯交所上市 規則及指引附錄二十七環境、社會及管治報 告指引(「環境、社會及管治報告指引」)而編製。

本集團為一間位於中國的ODM手機供應商, 主要從事研發、設計、製造及銷售手機、手機 的印刷電路板組裝及物聯網相關產品。本集 團於中國經營兩個生產基地,包括負責手機 組裝的深圳廠房及配備生產印刷電路板組裝 的貼片線的瀘州廠房。

本集團在編制本環境、社會及管治報告時,應 用重要性、可衡量性及一致性的原則。本環境、 社會及管治報告範圍集中於本集團中國業務, 本集團在中國經營主要業務,大部分僱員及 資產亦位於中國。由於本集團中國境外業務 的環境及社會影響並不重大,故不在報告範 圍。通過比較本集團截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度的業績與上個年度的比較數字, 來評估本集團環境、社會及管治政策的有效性。 此外,本環境、社會及管治中的資料以一致的 方式呈列。如果所使用的方法或關鍵績效指標, 這些變化將在本環境、社會及管治報告內披露。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

## **ESG** governance

The board of directors (the "**Board**") holds the overall responsibility for the Group's ESG strategy and reporting by overseeing the overall governance and progress of the Group's ESG management system, policies, commitments, strategies and objectives.

Management of the Group is responsible for the collection and analysis of ESG data, implementation of appropriate measures to improve the Group's ESG performance, assessment of whether current ESG policies and improvement measures are effective, compliance with relevant ESG laws and regulations and the reporting of major issues to the Board. To assess the effectiveness of the Group's ESG policies, management sets key performance indicators and compares the indicators of current year with those of prior year.

The data and information in this ESG report are sourced from the relevant documents, reports, statistical data, management and operation information collected by the Group. The Board has reviewed the contents of this ESG report.

# 環境·社會及管治

董事會(「**董事會**」)透過監督本集團的環境、 社會及管治管理系統、政策、承諾、策略及目 標的全面管治及進度,全面責任本集團的環境、 社會及管治策略及報告。

本集團管理層負責收集分析環境、社會及管 治數據,執行適當措施以改善本集團的環境、 社會及管治績效,評估當前環境、社會及管治 政策及改善措施是否有效,遵守相關環境、社 會及管治法律及法規以及向董事會報告重大 問題。為評估本集團的環境、社會和公司治理 政策的有效性,管理層定立關鍵績效指標,並 將本年度的指標與上年度的指標作比較。

本環境、社會及管治報告的數據及資料均來 自本集團收集的相關文件、報告、統計數據、 管理和營運資料。董事會已審閱本環境、社會 及管治報告的內容。

# **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

環境、社會及管治報告

## Stakeholder engagement

The Group values the contributions from its stakeholders as they can bring potential impacts to the Group's business. The Group maintains regular communications with its stakeholders from time to collect their views on the ESG aspects that they regard as relevant and important. Its key stakeholders include governments and regulatory bodies, shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers and the public society. The Group maintains an open and transparent dialogue with its stakeholders through various channels including meetings, trade exhibitions, surveys, seminars and workshops.

# 持份者參與

本集團十分重視對業務有潛在影響的持份者 意見。本集團定期與持份者溝通,不時收集彼 等認為與環境、社會及管治相關的重要意見。 本集團的主要持份者包括政府及監管機構、 股東、僱員、客戶、供應商及社會公眾。本集 團透過會議、商貿展覽、調查、研討會及工作 坊等多種渠道,與持份者公開透明交流。

The following table summarises the main expectations and concerns of the key stakeholders identified by the Group, and the corresponding management responses.

下表概述本集團所識別主要持份者的主要預 期和關注以及管理層相應的回應。

Management responses/

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations 預期	Communication channels 管理層回應/溝通渠道
Governments and regulatory bodies 政府及監管機構	<ul> <li>Compliance with laws and regulations</li> <li>遵守法律法規</li> <li>Tax payment in accordance with laws</li> <li>依法納税</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compliance operation</li> <li>合規營運</li> <li>Tax payment in full and on time</li> <li>按時全額納税</li> </ul>
Shareholders 股東	<ul> <li>Financial results</li> <li>財務業績</li> <li>Corporate transparency</li> <li>企業透明</li> <li>Sound risk control</li> <li>穩健風險管理</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To improve profitability</li> <li>提升盈利能力</li> <li>Regular information disclosure</li> <li>定期信息披露</li> <li>To optimise risk management and internal control</li> <li>優化風險管理及內部控制</li> </ul>
Employees 僱員	<ul> <li>Career development platform</li> <li>職業發展平台</li> <li>Salary and benefits</li> <li>薪金及福利</li> <li>Safe working environment</li> <li>安全工作環境</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Promotion mechanism</li> <li>晉升機制</li> <li>Competitive salary and employee benefits</li> <li>有競爭力的薪金及僱員福利</li> <li>To provide trainings for employees and strengthen their safety awareness</li> </ul>

提供僱員培訓,加強安全意識

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations 預期	Management responses/ Communication channels 管理層回應/溝通渠道
Customers 客戶	<ul> <li>Logistics and delivery service standards</li> <li>物流及配送服務標準</li> <li>Customer information security</li> <li>客戶信息安全</li> <li>Customer rights and interests protection</li> <li>客戶權益保障</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To get delivery status through product tracking system</li> <li>通過產品追蹤系統獲得配送狀態</li> <li>Customer privacy protection 客戶私隱保障</li> <li>Compliance marketing</li> <li>合規營銷</li> </ul>
Suppliers 供應商	<ul> <li>Integrity cooperation</li> <li>誠信合作</li> <li>Business ethics and credibility</li> <li>商業道德及信譽</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To build a responsible supply chain</li> <li>建立負責的供應鏈</li> <li>To perform the contract according to law</li> <li>依法履行合約</li> </ul>
Society and the public 社會公眾	<ul> <li>Environmental protection</li> <li>環境保護</li> <li>Employment opportunities</li> <li>僱傭機會</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To reduce environmental pollutions</li> <li>減少環境污染</li> <li>To put into use environmental protection and energy saving equipment</li> <li>使用環保節能設備</li> <li>To provide equal employment opportunities</li> <li>提供平等僱傭機會</li> </ul>

# **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

環境、社會及管治報告

## **Materiality assessment**

With reference to the scopes as required under the ESG Reporting Guide and taking into consideration of the Group's business operations, the Group identified the following environmental, social and operating issues that are material and relevant to the Group's business operations during the year ended 31 December 2020. If the Group does not implement effective strategies to monitor and solve these issues, these issues may affect the Group's financial condition or operating performance. Further, the Group made a materiality assessment on these environmental, social and operating issues by conducting interviews with its stakeholders.

# 重要性評估

本集團參考環境、社會及管治報告指引規定 的範圍和考慮業務營運,識別以下與本集團 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度業務 相關的重大環境、社會及營運事項。倘本集團 不採取有效策略以監察及解決該等事項,則 本集團財務狀況或經營表現或會受到影響。 本集團透過訪問持份者,進一步對該等環境、 社會及營運事項進行了重要性評估。

	rironmental issues 意事項		sial issues 會事項	•	erating issues ፤事項
1.	Greenhouse gas emissions 溫室氣體排放	8.	Local community engagement 參與地方社區	15.	Economic value generated 產生的經濟價值
2.	Energy consumption 能源消耗	9.	Community investment 社區投資	16.	Corporate governance 企業管治
З.	Water consumption 水源消耗	10.	Occupational health and safety 職業健康及安全	17.	Anti-corruption 反貪腐
4.	Waste 廢物	11.	Labour standards in supply chain 供應鏈勞工標準	18.	Supply chain management 供應鏈管理
5.	Saving energy measures 節能措施	12.	Training and development 培訓與發展	19.	Customer satisfaction 客戶滿意度
6.	Use of raw materials and packaging materials 原材料及包裝材料使用	13.	Employee welfare 僱員福利	20.	Customer privacy 客戶私隱
7.	Compliance with laws and regulations relating to environmental protection 遵守環保相關法律法規	14.	Inclusion and equal opportunities 共融與平等機會		

The Group prioritised the above-mentioned environmental, social and operating issues in terms of their importance to the Group's stakeholders and business operations. 本集團按對持份者及業務營運的重要程度對 上述環境、社會及營運事項劃分優先等級。

# **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT** 環境、社會及管治報告

# Importance to the Group's stakeholders and business operations 對本集團持份者及業務營運的重要程度 High 高

Medium 中 Low 低

#### 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20

4, 10, 11, 12, 13

ESG issues

環境·社會及管治事項

8, 9

Based on the results of the Group's materiality assessment, the Group would formulate and implement appropriate strategies to monitor and solve the identified issues and to achieve sustainable business development. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's first priority was to ensure the health and safety of its employees amid the outbreak of novel coronavirus (the "**COVID-19**"). Please refer to the section headed "(iii) Employee health and safety" in this ESG report for details of the strategies implemented by the Group to ensure the health and safety of its employees.

本集團將根據重要性評估結果制定及實施適 當策略以監察和解決上述事項,達致業務可 持續發展。截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團首要工作為在新型冠狀病毒 (「COVID-19」)爆發的情況下,確保旗下僱員 的健康和安全。有關本集團確保員工健康與 安全而實行的策略詳情,請參閱本環境、社會 及管治報告[(iii)僱員健康和安全」一節。



# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

## A. Environment

The Group acknowledges its responsibility to protect the environment and it has implemented policies to reduce emissions and improve the efficiency in the use of resources.

The Group's business operations are subject to certain environmental requirements pursuant to the laws in the PRC such as Environmental Protection Law of the PRC (《中華 人民共和國環境保護法》). Evaluation of Environmental Effects Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國環境影響評價 法》), Prevention and Control of Water Pollution Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》), Prevention and Control of Atmospheric Pollution Law of the PRC (《中華 人民共和國大氣污染防治法》), Prevention and Control of Environmental Noise Pollution Law of the PRC (《中華人 民共和國環境噪聲污染防治法》). Prevention and Control of Solid Waste Pollution Law of the PRC (《中華人民共 和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》), and Regulations on the Administration of Construction Project Environmental Protection (《建設項目環境保護管理條例》), and Promotion of Cleaner Production Law of the PRC (《中華人民共和國 清潔生產促進法》).

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group complied with all applicable PRC environmental laws and regulations in all material respects and had not been subject to any material penalty in relation to environmental protection.

# A. 環境

本集團深明其環保責任,已實施政策減 少排放和提高資源使用效率。

本集團業務營運須遵守中國法律若干環 境要求,該等法律包括《中華人民共和國 環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國環境影 響評價法》、《中華人民共和國大氣污染防 治法》、《中華人民共和國環境噪聲污染防 治法》、《中華人民共和國環境保護管理 條例》及《中華人民共和國清潔生產促進 法》。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團於所有重大方面遵守所有適用中 國環境法律法規,且並無受到任何環保 相關重大處罰。

#### ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 理语, 社会及答公報生

環境、社會及管治報告

#### A.1 Emissions

During the Group's production process, there are certain wastage generated (sources of emissions) including solid waste, water, noise and polluted air. The Group has in place standard procedures to manage, treat and reduce the pollution and wastage in accordance with national and local requirements. The Group also has in place facilities for air filtration to ensure that the level of wastage or pollutants generated during its production process is within statutory limits. In addition, the Group has engaged a professional waste disposal service company for the disposal of hazardous wastes. To ensure compliance with the latest environmental laws and regulations, the Group has internal compliance manuals setting out its goals and policies in relation to environmental matters. The Group has been accredited with the ISO 14001 certification of environmental management system.

#### (i) Air pollutant emissions

During the year ended 31 December 2020, air pollutant emissions were mainly related to petrol consumption for the use of the Group's self-owned vehicles, which contributed to the emission of 11.03 kg (2019: 14.39 kg) of nitrogen oxides (NOx), 0.22 kg (2019: 0.29 kg) of sulphur oxides (SOx) and 0.81 kg (2019: 1.06 kg) of respiratory suspended particles (PM).

# A.1 排放

本集團於生產過程中產生若干廢物 (排放源),包括固體廢物、廢水、 噪音及空氣污染。本集團已根據國 家及地方要求設立標準程序,以管 理、處理及減少污染及廢物。本集 團設有空氣過濾設施,確保生過 程中產生的廢物或污染物不超過法 定範圍,亦聘請專業廢物處建服務 公司處理有害廢物。為確保遵守最 新環境法律法規,本集團設有內部 合規手冊,列明環境相關的目標及 政策。本集團亦獲得ISO 14001環境 管理系統認證。

# (i) 空氣污染物排放截至二零二零年十二月三十一

田上午度,空氣污染物排放主要與本集團使用自有汽車而消耗汽油有關,包括11.03千克氮氧化物(NOx)(二零一九年: 14.39千克)、0.22千克硫氧化物(SOx)(二零一九年:0.29千克)及0.81千克可吸入懸浮粒子(PM)(二零一九年:1.06千克)。

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#### (ii) Greenhouse gas emissions

## (ii) 溫室氣體排放

				For the year ended		
			ber 2020	31 December 2019		
		截至二零	<b>『二零</b> 年	截至二零一九年		
		十二月三十一日止年度		十二月三十一日止年度		
		Emission	Percentage to	Emission	Percentage to	
		(in tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	total emission	(in tCO <sub>2</sub> e)	total emissior	
		排放量(噸量	佔總排放量	排放量 (噸量	佔總排放量	
Scope of greenhouse gas emissions	溫室氣體排放範圍	二氧化碳當量)	百分比	二氧化碳當量)	百分比	
Scope 1 Direct emission	範圍1直接排放					
Combustion of petrol for mobile vehicles	汽車汽油燃燒	34.57	2.5%	46.46	2.6%	
Consumption of refrigerant	製冷劑消耗量	92.31		90.50		
Scope 2 Indirect emission	範圍2間接排放					
Purchased electricity	購買電力	4,707.32	92.9%	4,652.76	89.1%	
Scope 3 Other indirect emission	範圍3其他間接排放					
Paper waste disposal	廢紙處理	0.01	4.6%	0.01	8.3%	
Water consumption	耗水	37.51		28.76		
Business air travel	商務飛行	195.96		404.40		
Total	總計	5,067.68	100%	5,222.89	100%	

Notes:

 Emission factors were made by reference to Appendix 27 of the Main Board Listing Rules and their referred documentation as set out by the Stock Exchange, unless stated otherwise.

(2) The above emission data does not include the removal of CO2 contributed by recycling of paper.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's activities contributed to 5,067.68 tonnes (2019: 5,222.89 tonnes) or 0.1 tCO2/m2 (2019: 0.1 tCO2/m2) of carbon dioxide equivalent (carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide and hydrofluorocarbons) emission. Details of the Group's measures to reduce the consumption of resources and the related emissions are set out below. As a result of these measures, the employees' awareness of reducing the consumption of resources and the related emissions has been increased. Same as the previous two years, the Group did not receive any complaints or warnings on greenhouse gas emissions during the year ended 31 December 2020, and targets to achieve the same performance in 2021.

附註:

- (1) 除非另有說明,否則排放系數均 參考主板上市規則附錄二十七及 由聯交所規定參考文件釐定。
- (2) 上述排放數據不包括回收紙張產 生的二氧化碳。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團的活動排 放5,067.68噸(二零一九年: 5.222.89 噸) 或 0.1 噸 二 氧 化 碳 當量/平方米(二零一九年:0.1 噸二氧化碳當量/平方米)二氧 化碳當量(二氧化碳、甲烷,一 氧化二氮和氫氟碳化合物)。本 集團減少資源消耗及相關排放 的措施詳情載列如下。由於該 等措施,僱員減少資源消耗及 相關排放的意識有所增強。與 過去兩年一樣,本集團截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度並無接獲任何溫室氣體排放 的投訴或警告,並目標於二零 二一年達致同樣表現。

#### Petrol consumption

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's motor vehicles travelled 147,591 km (2019: 192.647 km), which consumed 14.650 litres (2019: 19,688 litres) of petrol (9.2 litres (2019: 13.8 litres) of petrol per employee) and contributed to 34.57 tonnes (2019: 46.46 tonnes) of carbon dioxide equivalent emissions. To reduce the emissions arising from petrol consumption, the Group encourages its employees to use public transport when they attend business activities. For business activities that take place within walking distance, the Group encourages its employees to walk or cycle to the destination. The Group targets that its petrol consumption in 2021 will not exceed the level consumed during the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### Refrigerant consumption

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group consumed 51 kg (2019: 50 kg) of refrigerant (0.03 kg (2019: 0.04 kg) per employee) in connection with the use of air conditioning during its daily production and office operations, which contributed to 92.31 tonnes (2019: 90.50 tonnes) of carbon dioxide equivalent emissions. To reduce the emissions arising from refrigerant consumption, the Group encourages its employees to switch off the air conditioning when they leave the office and production premises. The Group targets that its refrigerant consumption in 2021 will not exceed the level consumed during the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### 汽油消耗

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團汽車行駛 147.591公里(二零一九年: 192.647公里),消耗14.650升 汽油(二零一九年:19,688升 汽油) (每名僱員消耗9.2升汽 車(二零一九年:13.8升汽油) 及排放34.57噸(二零一九年: 46.46噸)二氧化碳當量。為減 少汽油消耗產生的排放,本集 團鼓勵僱員使用公共交通工具 前往業務活動。就步行距離之 內的業務活動而言,本集團鼓 勵員工步行或騎單車前往目的 地。本集團的目標為二零二一 年汽油的消耗不會超逾截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度所消耗的水平。

#### 製冷劑消耗

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團在日常生 產及辦公室運營過程中因力 年:50千克)製冷劑(每名個人 年:50千克)製冷劑(每名個人 年:50千克)製冷劑(每名個人 年:90.50噸)二氧化碳當量不 年:90.50噸)二氧化碳當量而 離 時辦公室及生產場所時 關。本集製冷劑不會 一 月三十一日止年 度所消耗的水平。 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

#### Electricity consumption

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group consumed 5,230,352 kWh (2019: 5,169,737 kWh) of electricity (3,279 kWh (2019: 3,620 kWh) per employee) in connection with its daily production and office operations, which contributed to 4,707.32 tonnes (2019: 4,652.76 tonnes) of carbon dioxide equivalent emissions. To reduce the emissions arising from electricity consumption, the Group encourages its employees to switch off the lights and other electricity appliances when they leave the office and production premises. The Group targets that its electricity consumption in 2021 will not exceed the level consumed during the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### Paper consumption

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group consumed 1.3 tonnes (2019: 1.8 tonnes) of paper (0.001 tonnes (2019: 0.001 tonnes) per employee) in connection with its daily business operations, which contributed to 0.01 tonnes (2019: 0.01 tonnes) of carbon dioxide equivalent emissions. To reduce the emissions arising from paper usage, the Group encourages its employees to conserve paper, review documents on computers, send messages to customers via emails, use recycled paper and adopt double-sided printing. The Group targets that its paper consumption in 2021 will not exceed the level consumed during the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### 電力消耗

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團在日常生產 和辦公中消耗5,230,352千瓦 時(二零一九年:5,169,737千 瓦時)電力(每名僱員3,279千 瓦時)、排放4,707.32噸(二 時)、排放4,707.32噸(二 下,4,652.76噸)二氧的 前 前時、本集團的目標之 一九年:4,652.76噸)二氧 的,本集產場所時關掉標 之室和生產場所時關掉標 和 生產場所時關 時間和 二零二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度所消耗的水平。

#### 用紙

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團因日常業務 而使用1.3噸(二零一九年:1.8 噸)紙張(每名僱員0.001噸(二 零一九年:0.001噸)),產 一九年:0.01噸)),產 個(二零一九年:0.01噸) 二氧化碳當量排放。為減少 一 氧化碳當量排放,本集團 員工節約紙張,用電路 一 年的排放,本集團的目標 為二 零 二 年 的用紙不會 超 一 日 上年 慶 所 消耗的水平。

#### Water consumption

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group consumed 41,865 cubic metres (2019: 32,105 cubic metres) of water (26,2 cubic metres (2019: 22.5 cubic metres) per employee) in connection with its daily business operations, which contributed to 37.50 tonnes (2019: 28.76 tonnes) of carbon dioxide equivalent emissions. To reduce the emissions arising from water usage, the Group encourages its employees to conserve water and remember to turn off the water tap after use. As a result, the employees have increased their awareness to reduce water consumption. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group did not encounter any problems in sourcing water that is fit for purpose. Further, the Group did not consume a significant amount of water that was and disproportional to the scale of its business operations. The Group targets that its water consumption in 2021 will not exceed the level consumed during the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### Business air travel

The Group's business nature requires employees to travel by air to other countries for meetings with customers and suppliers. They would only travel by air when necessary and the Group keeps track of their business air travels. During the year ended 31 December 2020, business air travels of the Group's employees had contributed a total of 195.96 tonnes (2019: 404.40 tonnes) of carbon dioxide equivalent emission.

#### 用水

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團日常業務消 耗41.865立方米(二零一九年: 32,105立方米)水(每名僱員 26.2立方米(二零一九年:22.5 立方米)),排放37.50噸(二零 一九年:28.76噸)二氧化碳當 量。為減少用水引起的排放, 本集團鼓勵僱員節約用水和用 後關水。因此,僱員的節水意 識得以提高。截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團在獲取適用水源上並無遭遇 任何困難。此外,本集團的用 水量與其業務運營規模相符。 本集團的目標為二零二一年的 用水不會超逾截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度所消耗 的水平。

#### 商務飛行

本集團的業務性質要求僱員乘 飛機前往其他國家與客戶和供 應商會面。彼等僅在必要時乘 飛機旅行,旅程由本集團記錄。 截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團僱員商務 飛行合共排放195.96噸(二零 一九年:404.40噸)二氧化碳當 島。

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#### (iii) Hazardous waste

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group generated minimal amount of hazardous waste. The major hazardous waste generated by the Group was waste light tube. To minimise the impact on environment, the Group has engaged a professional waste disposal service company for the disposal of hazardous wastes. The Group will strive to reduce generation of hazardous waste through upgrading technologies whenever possible. Same as the previous two years, the Group did not receive any complaints or warnings on disposal of its hazardous waste during the year ended 31 December 2020, and targets to achieve the same performance in 2021.

#### (iv) Non-hazardous waste

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group generated a total of 1565 tonnes (2019: 1,440 tonnes) of non-hazardous waste (0.98 tonnes (2019: 1.01 tonnes) per employee). The non-hazardous waste generated by the Group were packaging materials generated from the Group's production process. The Group regularly reminds its employees to use resources efficiently and try to avoid the generation of waste. As a result, the employees' awareness of waste management has been increased. Same as the previous two years, the Group did not receive any complaints or warnings on disposal of its non-hazardous waste during the year ended 31 December 2020, and targets to achieve the same performance in 2021.

#### (iii) 有害廢物

#### (iv) 無害廢物

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團合共產生 1565噸(二零一九年:1,440 噸)無害廢物(每名僱員0.98噸 (二零一九年:1.01噸))。本集 團產生的主要無害廢物為本 調在生產過程中產生的包裝 利用資源,盡量避免浪費,提 高了僱員對廢物管理的認識。 與過去兩年一樣,本集集已 二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度並無接獲任何處理無完於 物的投訴或警告,並目標於二 零二一年達致同樣表現。

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#### A.2 Use of resources

Reducing consumption of resources and enhancing utilisation efficiency are the Group's principles in minimising adverse impact on the environment and natural resources that may be caused by its business operations. The Group has adopted a set of guidelines to achieve efficient use of energy, water and other resources for long-term sustainability.

The Group's total consumption of resources during the year ended 31 December 2020 together with the relevant conservation measures adopted by the Group are detailed in the section headed "A.1 Emissions" above.

#### A.3 The environment and natural resources

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's business activities did not cause significant adverse impact on the environment and natural resources.

To further improve the use of resources, the Group takes the following actions on an ongoing basis:

- keep track of its consumption level of resources;
- review the effectiveness of its conservation measures; and
- design improvement measures.

As a result, the Group's employees are more aware of the importance of using resources efficiently.

### A.2 資源使用

本集團盡量減輕業務運營可能對環 境及自然資源造成的不利影響的原 則是減少資源消耗和提高利用率。 本集團已採取一系列指引,以實現 能源、水和其他資源的長期可持續 有效利用。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團的資源總消耗量以及 本集團採取的相關節約措施詳述於 上文[A.1排放]一節。

## A.3.環境及自然資源

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團的業務活動並無對環 境及自然資源造成重大不利影響。

為進一步優化資源使用,本集團持 續採取以下措施:

- 記錄資源消耗水平;
- 檢討節約措施成效;及
- 設計改進措施。

因此,本集團僱員深知有效利用資 源的重要性。
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#### A.4 Climate change

Management of the Group regularly monitors and identifies climate change risk that is relevant to the Group's business operations.

Climate change is mainly caused by the release of carbon dioxide into the atmosphere, resulting from the use of fossil fuels for electricity generation and for transportation. As mentioned above, the Group has implemented appropriate strategies to use resources more efficiently and reduce emissions to combat climate change and reduce potential costs in the future.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, management was not aware of any significant climaterelated issues that had/might have significant adverse impact on the Group's business operations.

Going forward, if there are any significant climate related issues and transitional risks posed from climate change that will have significant adverse impact on the Group's business operations, management will implement appropriate strategies to mitigate such issues or risks in a timely manner.

#### A.4 氣候變化

本集團管理層定期注視及識別與本 集團業務經營有關的氣候變化風險。

氣候變化主要是由於使用化石燃料 發電和運輸,而向大氣層釋放二氧 化碳所致。如上文所述,本集團已 實施適當的策略,以更有效地利用 資源和減少排放,以應對氣候變化 並降低未來的潛在成本。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度,管理層並未知悉任何已/可 能對本集團業務經營產生重大不利 影響的重大氣候相關事宜。

展望未來,如氣候變化帶來的任何 重大氣候相關事宜和過渡性風險對 本集團的業務經營產生重大不利影 響,管理層將及時實施適當的策略, 減輕該等問題或風險。

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#### **B.** Social

#### **B.1 Employment and labour practices**

(i) Employment

#### Total employees

The Group had a total number of 1,836 full-time employees in the PRC as at 31 December 2020. The Group did not have any part-time employees as at 31 December 2020. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group adjusted the number of staff according to its actual business needs and staff turnover rate was within an acceptable level.

Set forth below are the distribution of the Group's employees as at 31 December 2020 by gender and age group:

DISTRIBUTION OF

#### B. 社會

#### B.1 僱傭及勞工常規

(I) 僱傭

DISTRIBUTION OF

僱員總數

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團在中國共有1,836名全 職僱員。於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,本集團並無任何兼 職員工。截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度,本集團根 據實際業務需求調整員工人數, 而員工流失率處於可接受範圍 內。

以下是二零二零年十二月 三十一日按性別和年齡組劃分 的本集團僱員分佈:



#### Employee benefits and welfare

The Group enters into employment contracts with its employees and the employment contract terms were stipulated under the principles of fairness, voluntarism, mutual consent, integrity and credibility. The remuneration package offered to employees includes salary, bonuses and other subsidies. In general, the remuneration package is based on each employee's qualifications, position, seniority and work performance. The Group carries out an annual review system to assess the performance of its employees, which forms the basis of decisions with respect to salary raises, bonuses and promotions.

#### 僱員福利

本集團與僱員簽訂僱傭合約, 僱傭合約的條款基於公平、自 願、雙方同意、誠信及信譽原 則制定。僱員薪酬包括薪金、 花紅和其他補貼。薪酬待遇一 般根據僱員資格、職位、資歷 和工作表現釐定。本集團實行 年度檢討制度以評估僱員的表 現,作為加薪、花紅和晉升的 決策基礎。

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During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group maintains social insurance for its employees pursuant to the applicable PRC laws and regulations by making contributions to the mandatory social insurance and housing provident funds which provide basic retirement, medical, work-related injury, maternity and unemployment benefits.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group complies with the Labour Law of the PRC and did not experience any significant disputes with its employees or any disruption to business operations due to labour disputes. In addition, the Group did not experience any difficulties in the recruitment and retention of experienced core staff or skilled personnel.

#### Labour standards

During the year ended 31 December 2020, there was no child labour nor forced labour working in the Group. The job application requirement specifies that job applicants must be at least 18 years old. To ensure that job applicants can meet the age requirement, identities of job applicants are verified against their valid identity documents, relevant permits and certificates.

The human resources department is required to carry out background checks to authenticate information provided by job applicants and is required to fill in forms that confirm hired employees have met the age requirement. If child labour or forced labour is discovered, such matter will be reported to the human resources department and the senior management and the Group will enhance the internal controls immediately. No material non-compliance in relation to laws and regulations regarding prevention of child and forced labour was recorded during the year ended 31 December 2020. 截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團根據適用中 國法律法規為僱員繳納社會保 險,包括向強制社保及住房公 積金供款,提供基本退休、醫 療、工傷、生育及失業保險。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團一直遵守中 華人民共和國勞動法,並無與 僱員發生重大糾紛或因勞資糾 紛導致經營活動中斷。此外, 本集團在聘任和留任經驗豐富 的核心員工或熟練人員方面並 無任何困難。

#### 勞工標準

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團概無童工或 強制勞工。招聘要求規定求職 者必須年滿18歲。為確保求職 者符合年齡要求,本集團根據 有效身份證明文件、相關許可 證及證書核實求職者身份。

人力資源部須進行背景調查以 驗證求職者提供的資料,並須 填寫表格以確認僱傭的僱員已 達到年齡要求。倘發現童報。 做迫勞工,有關事宜將滙報至 人力資源部及高級管理層,而 本集團將即時加強內部控制。 截至二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,未發生任何重 民防止童工和強迫勞工相關法 律法規的行為。

#### Equal opportunity

The Group provides equal opportunities for employees in respect of recruitment, job advancement, training and development, etc. Employees are not discriminated against or deprived of such opportunities on the basis of race, nationality, religion, physical condition, disability, gender, pregnancy, sexual orientation, political status, age and any other discrimination prohibited by applicable law. Employees shall not act in discriminatory manner or they can be subject to disciplinary actions.

#### (ii) Employee relations

The Directors consider that it is important to maintain good relationship with employees. The Group maintains regular communications with its employees by arranging gatherings, celebration activities and trainings. Through these activities, the Group would collect feedback from its employees on job satisfactions and their expectations on the Group and would implement appropriate strategies to improve the work environment and its relationship with the employees.

#### (iii) Employee health and safety

The Group places emphasis on occupational health and work safety. It provides a safe working environment and training sessions for its employees to ensure that they can work safely. It has also implemented a system of recording and handling accidents. Further, the Group also has dedicated personnel responsible for administering the internal worker safety policies, providing relevant training and education, and conducting regular inspections. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group had not experienced any material safety accidents or been penalised for any non-compliance relating to work safety laws and regulations.

#### 平等機會

本集團在招聘、晉升、培訓及 發展等方面為僱員提供平等機 會。僱員不會因種族、國籍、 宗教、身體狀況、殘疾、性別、 懷孕、性取向、政治取向、年 齡或適用法例禁止的任何其他 歧視而遭歧視或剝奪有關機會。 僱員不得歧視他人,否則可能 會受到紀律處分。

(ii) 僱員關係

董事認為,與僱員維持良好關 係十分重要。本集團通過安排 聚會、慶祝活動及培訓定期與 僱員溝通。藉助該等活動,本 集團可聽取僱員有關工作滿意 度及對本集團期望的意見,實 施適當策略改善工作環境及與 僱員的關係。

(i∨)

	cupational health and safety data for three years ended 31 December 2020	截至二零二零 三十一日止三 的職業健康與	個年	度
Wor Wor	rk related fatality rk injury cases >3 days rk injury cases <=3 days t days due to work injury	因工死亡 3天以上的工作 3天及以內的 工傷停工天數	⊥傷	
follo aut stra	id the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group wed the guidelines of the relevant government horities and implemented the following tegies to ensure the health and safety of its ployees:		遵循 施了	OVID-19爆發之際,本集團 動府相關部門的指引,實 以下策略,確保員工的健 コ安全:
•	Implement flexible work practices		•	實施彈性工作方式
•	Make sure employees follow cleaning protocol at work		•	確保員工在工作上遵守清 潔協議
•	Provide protective masks to employees		•	向員工提供防護口罩
•	Measure the body temperatures of employees to monitor their health condition		•	測量員工體溫,監測其健 康狀況
•	Attend virtual meetings instead of face-to- face meetings as far as practicable		•	盡可能參加虛擬會議,而 非面對面會談
The and on acc	<ul> <li>velopment and training</li> <li>a Group provides comprehensive training development opportunities to its employees a regular basis. The trainings are arranged ording to needs of employees, which were titified annually by individual departments:</li> <li>Orientation training – To familiarise employees with the Group's objectives, culture, rules and regulations, safety and product-related knowledge on the first day of work;</li> </ul>	(i∨)	本集 培訓 員需	展及培訓 團定期為僱員提供全面的 以及發展機會。本集團按僱 要求安排培訓,僱員需求每 各部門確定: 入職培訓一在入職當天培 訓僱員熟悉本集團的目標、 文化、規則制度、安全及 產品相關知識;

- b. Pre-job training To familiarise new employees or transferred employees with their new duties: and
- On-the-job training To ensure that the C. employees are familiar with the Group's products, to sharpen the sales technique and customer service standard of sales and marketing personnel and to ensure the production and quality control personnel perform proper quality control procedures.

Set forth below is the number and percentage of training hours completed by the Group's employees by gender and employee category for the year ended 31 December 2020:

- b. 崗前培訓--培訓新僱員或 轉崗僱員熟悉新崗職責; 及
- c. 在職培訓一確保僱員熟悉 本集團的產品,提升銷售 及營銷人員的銷售技巧及 客戶服務標準,確保生產 及質控人員妥善履行質控 程序。

以下為截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團僱員按性別及僱員 類別所完成的培訓時數及 百分比:

> % of training hours by

For the year ended 31 December 2020	
截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度	

Employee category 僱員類別	Male 男性	Female 女性	Total 合計	employee category 按僱員類別 劃分的受訓 時數的百分比
	Training hours 受訓時數	Training hours 受訓時數	Training hours 受訓時數	
Senior management 高級管理層	288	_	288	0.1%
Middle management 中級管理層	17,561	5,699	23,260	6.9%
Other employees 其他僱員	170,780	143,791	314,571	93.0%
Total 總計 % of training hours	188,629	149,490	338,119	100.0%
by gender 按性別劃分的受訓 時數的百分比	55.8%	44.2%	100.0%	

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT**

環境、社會及管治報告

#### **B.2 Operating practices**

#### (i) Supply chain management

The Group purchases raw materials and equipment based on its own needs, specifications, quality and safety performance of equipment, reputation, after-sales service and delivery time of the supplier. The Group compares different suppliers to select qualified suppliers (based on their product specifications, product compliances, production management, quality management and also ESG performances) before the Group enters into contract with the qualified suppliers.

When selecting equipment, the Group would also consider whether they are energy efficient and environmental friendly. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group principally sourced its major raw materials (including PCBAs, display modules, camera modules and mobile chips) and equipment from PRC suppliers.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the geographical locations of the Group's suppliers of raw materials and equipment were as follows:

#### B.2 經營常規

#### (i) 供應鏈管理 本集團基於自身需求以及供應 商的設備規格、質量及安全表 現、聲譽、售後服務及交付時 間採購原材料及設備。與合資 格供應商訂立合約前,本集團 會比較不同供應商以甄選合資 格供應商(基於產品規格、產品 合規、生產管理、質量管理以 環境、社會及管治表現)。

在選擇設備時,本集團亦會考 慮設備是否節能及環保。截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團的主要原材料(包 括印刷電路板、顯示屏模件、 攝像頭模件及移動芯片)及設備 主要採購自中國供應商。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團原材料及設 備的供應商之地理位置如下:

Geographical locations of the Group's suppliers	本集團供應商的地理位置	Number of suppliers 供應商數目
The PRC	中國	545
Hong Kong	香港	25
Total	合計	570

The Group expects its suppliers to uphold the environmental, social and governance principles that the Group has adopted into the management of its business operations. In order to ensure that the components and raw materials meet the requisite safety and quality standards, the Group adopts stringent criteria in supplier selection (including but not limited to whether they provide high quality raw materials, whether they maintain a high standard on environmental protection and comply with relevant laws on environmental issues, whether price is comparable to market rate and location of their factories) and continuously monitors existing suppliers on an annual basis, based on criteria such as product quality, product defect ratio, delivery punctuality ratio and responsiveness.

Whether the supplier will continue to be included in the Group's list of approved suppliers depends on the marks it achieved under annual evaluation. The awareness of environmental protection is one of the key criteria for the Group to evaluate the suppliers. 供應商是否繼續納入本集團的 認可供應商名單,取決於其在 年度評估中達到的分數。環保 意識是本集團評估供應商的重 要標準之一。

(ii) Product responsibility Product assurance and recall

Product quality is crucial to the Group's continued success. The Group places strong emphasis on achieving a consistently high quality for its products. To achieve such purpose, stringent quality control measures throughout the production process were implemented to ensure the quality and safety of our products. The Group's quality control department performs regular inspections to evaluate the effectiveness of the quality control measures and further enhance these measures when necessary.

The Group's quality management system has complied with the standard of GB/T 19001-2016/ ISO9001: 2015 Quality Management Systems Requirements and awarded a certificate for the design, development, production and services of communication products, including exportable mobile phone, on 18 January 2019, which remains valid until 17 January 2022. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group did not experience any claims, litigations and arbitrations or material adverse findings in inspection by government authorities with respect to product quality.

The Group only accepts product returns if there is manufacture or design defect or the product specification deviates from customers' specifications During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group did not experience any product recall, material non-compliance with laws and regulations in relation to product safety nor receive any material complaints from consumers.

## (ii) 產品責任 *產品保證及召回*

產品質量對本集團取得持續成功至關重要。本集團極之注重維持產品的一貫優質表現。為達致此目的,本集團對全生產過程我們產品的質量及安全。 確保我們產品的質量及安全。 本集團的質控部門會定期檢查,以 要時進一步強化該等措施。

我們的質量管理系統符合GB/T 19001-2016/ISO9001:2015質 量管理系統要求的標準,並於 二零一九年一月十八日獲得通 信產品(包括出口手機)的設計、 開發、生產及服務證書,有效 期至二零二二年一月十七日止。 截至二零二年一月十七日止。 截至二零二年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團並無面臨與 產品質量有關的任何索賠、訴 訟及仲裁或政府機關發出的重 大不利檢查結果。

本集團僅於出現生產或設計瑕 疵或產品規格偏離客戶規格的 情況下方會接受退貨。截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團並無進行任何產品 召回,亦無嚴重違反產品安全 相關法律法規的情況或收到任 何重大客戶投訴。

## Intellectual property rights and information security

As a mobile phone supplier with strong design capability, the Group registers patents to safeguard the technologies and mobile phone applications developed by the research and development department time to time. The Group relies on the relevant laws and regulations to protect its brand names, trademarks and other intellectual property rights.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group was not aware of any material infringement (i) by the Group of any intellectual property rights owned by any third parties ; or (ii) by any third party of any intellectual property rights owned by the Group. Further, there were no pending or threatened material claims made against the Group, nor had there been any material claims made by the Group against third parties, with respect to the infringement of intellectual property rights owned by the Group.

#### (iii) Anti-corruption

According to the Group's anti-corruption policy, all employees shall abide by the laws and regulations of the PRC and shall not engage in any illegal activities. Employees shall uphold the code of ethics, advocate fair competition and act against bribery. Any bribery, fraud, money laundering and embezzlement are prohibited.

Employees must not accept or request any improper benefits including banquets, gifts, securities, valuables and high-expenditure entertainment activities from business partners, suppliers and merchants, etc. When there is any alleged case in violation of laws, regulations, code of conduct or Group's policies, the Group will investigate and impose disciplinary actions upon offenders after verification. The Group also provides trainings to directors and employees from time to time to ensure that they comply and familiar with the anti-corruption guides, policies and procedures of the Group.

#### 知識產權及信息安全

作為擁有雄厚設計能力的手機 供應商,本集團已註冊專利以 保障研發部門不時開發的技術 及手機應用程式。本集團依賴 相關法律及法規保護品牌、商 標及其他知識產權。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,就本集團所知,(()本 集團並無嚴重侵犯任何第三方 擁有的任何知識產權;或(ii) 何第三方並無嚴重侵犯本集。此外 何第三方並無嚴重侵犯本集團 並無任何未決或可能 握起的重大索賠,本集團亦遭 因本集團所擁有知識產權 犯而向第三方提起的任何重大 索賠。

#### (iii) 反貪腐

根據本集團的反貪腐政策,所 有僱員均須遵守中國的法律及 法規,不得從事任何非法活動。 僱員應恪守職業道德,倡導公 平競爭和防止賄賂。本集團禁 止任何賄賂、欺詐、洗錢及侵 吞公款行為。

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

環境、社會及管治報告

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group complied with all applicable laws on prohibiting corruption and bribery of the PRC and there was no concluded legal case regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees.

#### (iv) Data protection and privacy policy

The Group is committed to protecting the privacy of its customers, employees, business partners and suppliers by maintaining a safe and secure data environment. The Group has implemented appropriate policies to ensure that all personal and business data collected during the Group's business activities are organised and secured properly. Computers and servers are protected from access passwords, Employees are instructed of their responsibility to follow the confidentiality code on the access to information and to ensure the safekeeping of all personal, customer and business data, trade secrets and proprietary information. Employees are prohibited from disclosing the information to unauthorised parties.

#### **B.3 Community investment**

The Group acknowledges corporate social responsibility and allocates resources to satisfy the needs of the community. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group spent reasonable amount of time and resources on environmental protection as well as cultural and sport promotion. The Group encouraged its employees to participate charitable events. Going forward, the Group will continue to focus on community needs and increase its investment in community.

截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團已遵守中國 有關禁止貪污受賄的所有適用 法律,且並無針對本集團或僱 員提出的已審結貪污法律案件。

(iv) 資料保護及私穩政策

本集團致力透過維持安全及有 保障的資料環境來保護其客戶、 員工、業務夥伴及供應商的私 。本集團已實施適當的政策, 以確保在本集團的業務資動政策, 收集的所有個人及業務資料 。在保在本集團的業務資料 。 一個人及業務資料。 個人、客戶及業務資料、 商品。 一個人、客戶及業務資料、 個人、客戶及業務資料、 商業。 員工被禁止向未經授權人士透 露資料。

#### B.3 社區投資

本集團深知企業社會責任,分配資 源滿足社區需求。截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集團專 注花費合理的時間和資源在環保與 文化及體育推廣。本集團鼓勵僱員 參與公益活動。日後,本集團將繼 續專注於社區需求和加大社區投資。

#### The ESG Reporting Guide content index of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

#### 香港聯合交易所有限公司的環境、 社會及管治報告指引內容索引表

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and KPIs	Description	Relevant section in the ESG report/Declaration	
主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	描述	環境 <sup>、</sup> 社會及管治報告的相關 章節/聲明	
Aspect A1: Emissions 層面 A1:排放物			
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的 排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的:	A. ENVIRONMENT A. 環境	
	(a) the policies; and 政策;及		
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and nonhazardous waste. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律 及規例的資料。		
KPI A1.1 關鍵績效指標 A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 排放物種類及相關排放數據。	A.1 Emissions A.1 排放	
KPI A1.2 關鍵績效指標 A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions in total (in tonnes) and intensity. 溫室氣體總排放量(以噸計算)及密度。	A.1 Emissions – (ii) Greenhouse gas emissions A.1 排放一(ii) 溫室氣體排放	
KPI A1.3 關鍵績效指標A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and intensity. 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及密度。	A.1 Emissions – (iii) Hazardous waste (Not applicable – Explained) A.1排放-(iii)有害廢物 (不適用-已解釋)	
KPI A1.4 關鍵績效指標 A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and intensity. 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及密度。	A.1 Emissions – (iv) Non-hazardous waste A.1 排放一(iv) 無害廢物	
KPI A1.5 關鍵績效指標 A1.5	Description of reduction initiatives and results achieved. 描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果。	A.1 Emissions A.1 排放	
KPI A1.6 關鍵績效指標A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non- hazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved. 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低 產生量的措施及所得成果。	A.1 Emissions – (iii) Hazardous waste A.1 排放 – (iii) 有害廢物 A.1 Emissions – (iv) Non-hazardous waste A.1 排放 – (iv) 無害廢物	

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Relevant section in the ESG report/Declaration 環境、社會及管治報告的相關 章節/聲明
Aspect A2: Use of Resources 層面 A2:資源使用 General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料) 的政策。	A.2 Use of resources A.2 資源使用
KPI A2.1 關鍵績效指標 A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity. 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量 及密度。	A.1 Emissions A.1 排放
KPI A2.2 關鍵績效指標A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity. 總耗水量及密度。	A.1 Emissions – (ii) Greenhouse gas emissions – Water consumption A.1 排放一(ii)溫室氣體排放一 用水
KPI A2.3 關鍵績效指標A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved. 描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果。	A.1 Emissions A.1 排放
KPI A2.4 關鍵績效指標A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved. 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及 提升用水效益計劃及所得成果。	A.1 Emissions – (ii) Greenhouse gas emissions – Water consumption A.1 排放一(ii)溫室氣體排放一 用水
KPI A2.5 關鍵績效指標A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes). 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)。	A.1 Emissions – (iv) Non-hazardous waste A.1 排放一(iv) 無害廢物

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and KPIs	Description	Relevant section in the ESG report/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	描述	環境、社會及管治報告的相關 章節/聲明
Aspect A3: The Environment ar 層面A3:環境及天然資源	nd Natural Resources	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	A.3 The environment and natural resources A.3環境及自然資源
KPI A3.1 關鍵績效指標 A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影 響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	A.3 The environment and natural resources A.3環境及自然資源
Aspect A4: Climate Change 層面 A4:氣候變化		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer. 識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	A.4 Climate change A.4氣候變化
KPI A4.1 關鍵績效指標 A4.1	Description of significant climate-related issues which have impacted and/or may impact the issuer and the actions taken to manage them. 說明已影響和/或可能影響發行人的重大 氣候相關問題,以及為解決這些問題而採 取的行動。	A.4 Climate change A.4 氣候變化

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Relevant section in the ESG report/Declaration 環境、社會及管治報告的相關 章節/聲明
Aspect B1: Employment 層面 B1:僱傭 General Disclosure 一般披露	<ul> <li>Information on: 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、 假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其 他待遇及福利的:</li> <li>(a) the policies; and 政策;及</li> <li>(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation</li> </ul>	B.1 Employment and labour practices B.1 僱傭及勞工常規
	and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti- discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律 及規例的資料。	
KPI B1.1 關鍵績效指標B1.1	Total workforce by gender, age group and geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	B.1 Employment and labour practices – (i) Employment – Total employees B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一(i)僱傭一 僱員總數
KPI B1.2 關鍵績效指標B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失 比率。	B.1 Employment and labour practices – (i) Employment – Total employees B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一 (i) 僱傭一僱員總數
KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 工傷誤工天數。	B.1 Employment and labour practices – (iii) Employee health and safety B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一(iii) 僱員 健康和安全
KPI B2.3 關鍵績效指標B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored. 員工健康及安全措施,以及如何執行及監 督此等措施的描述。	B.1 Employment and labour practices – (iii) Employee health and safety B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一(iii) 僱員 健康和安全

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and KPIs	Description	Relevant section in the ESG report/Declaration	
主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	描述	環境、社會及管治報告的相關 章節/聲明	
Aspect B2: Health and Safety 層面 B2:健康與安全			
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職 業性危害的:	B.1 Employment and labour practices – (iii) Employee health and safety B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一(iii) 僱員	
	(a) the policies; and 政策;及	健康與安全	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律 及規例的資料。		
KPI B2.1 關鍵績效指標B2.1(建議披露)	Number and rate of work-related fatalities. 因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率。	B.1 Employment and labour practices – (iii) Employee health and safety B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一(iii) 僱員 健康與安全	
Aspect B3: Development and T 層面 B3:發展及培訓	raining		
眉面 D3、發展及右嗣 General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge	B.1 Employment and labour	
一般披露	and skills for discharging duties at work.	practices – (iv) Development	
	Description of training activities.	and training	
	有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能 的政策。描述培訓活動。	B.1僱傭及勞工常規一(iv)發展 及培訓	
KPI B3.1 關鍵績效指標B3.1	Percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	B.1 Employment and labour practices – (iv) Development and training B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一(iv)發展 及培訓	
KPI B3.2	Average training hours completed by gender	B.1 Employment and labour	
關鍵績效指標B3.2	and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受 訓的平均時數。	practices – (iv) Development and training B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一(iv)發展 及培訓	
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Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Des 描过	cription	Relevant section in the ESG report/Declaration 環境、社會及管治報告的相關 章節/聲明
Aspect B4: Labour Standards 層面 B4:勞工準則			
General Disclosure 一般披露		mation on: 附止童工或強制勞工的: the policies; and 政策;及	B.1 Employment and labour practices – (i) Employment B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一(i)僱傭
	(b)	compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律 及規例的資料。	
KPI B4.1 關鍵績效指標B4.1	emp forc 描述	cription of measures to review oloyment practices to avoid child and ed labour. 社檢討僱傭慣例的措施以避免童工及強 等工。	B.1 Employment and labour practices – (i) Employment B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一(i)僱傭
KPI B4.2 關鍵績效指標B4.2	prac 描述	cription of steps taken to eliminate such stices when discovered. 立在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採 D步驟。	B.1 Employment and labour practices – (i) Employment B.1 僱傭及勞工常規一(i)僱傭

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及	Description 描述	Relevant section in the ESG report/Declaration 環境、社會及管治報告的相關
關鍵績效指標 Aspect B5: Supply Chain Mana 層面 B5:供應鏈管理	gement	章節/聲明
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	B.2 Operating practices – (i) Supply chain management B.2經營常規一(i)供應鏈管理
KPI B5.1 關鍵績效指標B5.1	Geographical locations of major suppliers. 主要供應商的地理位置。	B.2 Operating practices – (i) Supply chain management B.2經營常規一(i)供應鏈管理
KPI B5.2 關鍵績效指標B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers. 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例。	B.2 Operating practices – (i) Supply chain management B.2經營常規一(i) 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.3 關鍵績效指標 B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社 會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	B.2 Operating practices – (i) Supply chain management B.2 經營常規一(i) 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.4 關鍵績效指標B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及 服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	B.2 Operating practices – (i) Supply chain management B.2 經營常規一(i) 供應鏈管理

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Relevant section in the ESG report/Declaration 環境 <sup>、</sup> 社會及管治報告的相關 章節/聲明
Aspect B6: Product Responsibi 層面 B6:產品責任 General Disclosure 一般披露	lity Information on: 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、 標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的:	B.2 Operating practices – (ii) Product responsibility B.2經營常規一(ii)產品責任
	(a) the policies; and 政策;及	
	<ul> <li>(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.</li> <li>遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律 及規例的資料。</li> </ul>	
KPI B6.1 關鍵績效指標B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理 由而回收的百分比。	B.2 Operating practices – (ii) Product responsibility B.2經營常規一(ii)產品責任
KPI B6.2 關鍵績效指標B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with. 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對 方法。	B.2 Operating practices – (ii) Product responsibility B.2 經營常規一(ii)產品責任
KPI B6.3 關鍵績效指標B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	B.2 Operating practices – (ii) Product responsibility B.2經營常規一(ii)產品責任
KPI B6.4 關鍵績效指標B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	B.2 Operating practices – (ii) Product responsibility B.2經營常規一(ii)產品責任
KPI B6.5 關鍵績效指標B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相 關執行及監察方法。	B.2 Operating practices – (iv) Data protection and privacy policy B.2經營常規一(iv)資料保護及 私穩政策

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Relevant section in the ESG report/Declaration 環境、社會及管治報告的相關 章節/聲明	
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption 層面 B7:反貪污			
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的:	B.2 Operating practices – (iii) Anti-corruption B.2經營常規一(iii)反貪腐	
	(a) the policies; and 政策;及		
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律 及規例的資料。		
KPI B7.1 關鍵績效指標B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases. 於報告期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審 結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	B.2 Operating practices – (iii) Anti-corruption B.2經營常規一(iii) 反貪腐	
KPI B7.2 關鍵績效指標B7.2	Description of preventive measures and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行 及監察方法。	B.2 Operating practices – (iii) Anti-corruption B.2經營常規一(iii) 反貪腐	
KPI B7.3 關鍵績效指標B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	B.2 Operating practices – (iii) Anti-corruption B.2經營常規一(iii) 反貪腐	

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 描述	Relevant section in the ESG report/Declaration 環境、社會及管治報告的相關 章節/聲明
Aspect B8: Community Investm 層面 B8:社區投資	ent	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解發行人營運所在社 區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益 的政策。	B.3 Community investment B.3社區投資
KPI B8.1 關鍵績效指標B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(例如教育、環境問題、勞工 需求、健康、文化、體育)。	B.3 Community investment B.3社區投資
KPI B8.2 關鍵績效指標B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	B.3 Community investment B.3社區投資

The directors present to the shareholders the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **Principal activities**

The Group is an ODM mobile phone supplier based in the PRC, primarily engaged in research and development, designing, manufacturing and sale of mobile phones, PCBAs for mobile phones and IoT related products, targeting emerging markets. Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Business review**

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 is set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement", "Management and Discussion and Analysis", "Corporate Governance Report", "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" and "Financial Summary" of this annual report.

#### Principal risk factors and uncertainties

The following sets out the principal risks and uncertainties encountered by the Group in its business operations:

#### Rapid technological changes

The Group operates in the mobile phone industry characterised by rapid technological changes with short product life cycle, and the Group may not be able to maintain its revenue growth and any delay by us in rolling out new and competitive mobile phones will adversely affect its financial performance.

#### Thin net profit margin

The Group has a relatively thin net profit margin and hence are highly sensitive to any unfavorable change in the cost of sales, selling price and sales volume.

#### **Concentration of customers**

The Group has a concentration of customers and any decrease or loss of business from these major customers could adversely and substantially affect its business operations and financial conditions. 董事向股東提呈截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度的年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

#### 主要業務

本集團為一間位於中國的ODM手機供應商, 主要從事研發、設計、製造及銷售手機、手機 的印刷電路板組裝及物聯網相關產品,主要 面向新興市場。本公司主要附屬公司的詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註39。

#### 業務回顧

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的業務回顧載於本年報「主席報告」、「管理 層討論及分析」、「企業管治報告」、「環境、社 會及管治報告」及「財務概要」各節。

#### 主要風險因素及不確定因素

下文載列本集團業務營運面臨的主要風險及 不確定因素:

#### 技術轉變快速

本集團於手機業營運,行業特點是技術轉變快 速、產品生命週期短。本集團可能無法維持收 益增長且我們於推出全新及具競爭力的手機 時出現任何延誤將會對財務表現造成不利影響。

#### 純利率稀薄

本集團的純利率相對稀薄,因此對銷售成本、 銷售價格及銷售量的任何不利變化都非常敏感。

#### 客戶集中

本集團存在客戶集中的情況及來自該等主要 客戶的業務減少或流失可能對我們的業務經 營及財務狀況產生重大不利影響。

#### Fluctuations in the prices of raw materials

Fluctuations in the prices of raw materials may affect the Group's cost of sales and adversely affect its business operations and profitability.

#### Future prospect and development

The Group's business growth is expected to be driven by (i) the huge population and the increasing disposable income of the Group's target sales locations; (ii) increasing demand for IoT products; and (iii) the roll-out of 5G telecommunication network. In order to capture the potential market opportunities, the Group will continue to expand its production capacity, enhance its research and development capability, enrich its product portfolio and increase its sales and marketing effort to diversify its geographical locations.

#### Major suppliers and customers

During the year ended 31 December 2020, sales to the Group's largest customer and five largest customers accounted for 23.4% and 49.2% (2019: 18.4% and 70.8%) of the total revenue, respectively.

On the other hand, purchases from the Group's largest supplier and the five largest suppliers during the year ended 31 December 2020 accounted for approximately 15.2% and 48.5% (2019: 13.5% and 49.9%) of the total purchases, respectively.

None of the Directors of the Company or any of their close associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers for the year ended 31 December 2020.

## Key relationships with employees, customers and suppliers

Maintaining good relationships with employees, customers and suppliers is critical to the Group's business success. The Group creates a decent working environment for its employees, where they can work comfortably and achieve a work life balance. The Group rewards its employees based on their performance and also provides training to enhance their skills and knowledge. No strikes and cases of fatality due to workplace accidents are found in the reporting period under review.

#### 原材料價格波動

原材料價格波動可能會影響本集團銷售成本 並對業務經營及盈利能力造成不利影響。

#### 未來前景及發展

本集團業務增長預期由以下因素帶動:(i)本集 團目標銷售地點人口龐大及可支配收入增加;(ii) 物聯網產品需求上升;及(iii)推出5G通訊網絡。 為把握潛在市場機遇,本集團將繼續擴大產能, 提升研發能力,豐富產品組合,加強銷售及營 銷以開拓多元化地區覆蓋。

#### 主要供應商及客戶

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團最大客戶及五大客戶的銷售額分別佔總 收益的23.4%及49.2%(二零一九年:18.4% 及70.8%)。

另一方面,截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團最大供應商及五大供應商的 採購額分別佔總採購額的約15.2%及48.5%(二 零一九年:13.5%及49.9%)。

本公司董事或彼等任何緊密聯繫人或就董事 所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上的任何股 東,概無於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度擁有本集團五大客戶或供應商任何實 益權益。

#### 與僱員、客戶及供應商的關係

與僱員、客戶及供應商維持良好關係對本集 團業務成功至關重要。本集團為僱員營造良 好工作環境,讓僱員能舒適工作,平衡工作與 生活。本集團根據表現獎勵僱員,亦提供培訓 提升僱員的技能及知識。回顧報告期內,概無 出現罷工及因工作場所意外而導致死亡的個案。

The Group believes that it is important to listen to customers' needs and feedbacks on its products in order to maintain sustainable relationship with customers. The Group collects such information from various channels and performs detailed analysis on how to improve existing products and develop new products that would satisfy its customers.

The Group encompasses working relationships with suppliers to meet our customers' needs in an effective and efficient manner. The departments work closely to make sure the tendering and procurement process is conducted in an open, fair and just manner.

#### **Compliance with laws and regulations**

During the year ended 31 December 2020, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Group has complied with all the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group. The Group also complied with (i) the requirements under the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "**SFO**") for the disclosure of information and corporate governance; and (ii) the ordinances relating to occupational safety for the interest of its employees.

## Business activities in countries subject to international sanctions

During the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group did not sell any products to countries that are subject to international sanctions. The Group would not enter into any transactions to finance or facilitate, directly or indirectly, activities or business with, or for the benefit of, the countries subject to international sanctions or sanctioned persons where this would be in breach of the international sanctions.

The Directors believe that the Group has a reasonably adequate and effective internal control framework to continue to assist the Group in identifying and monitoring any material risk relating to international sanctions laws so as to protect the interests of the Company and the Shareholders. 本集團認為, 聆聽客戶對產品的需求及意見 以維持與客戶的長久關係相當重要。本集團 從各種渠道收集資料, 仔細分析如何改善現 有產品和開發滿足客戶的新產品。

本集團與供應商建立工作關係,以有效且高 效滿足客戶需求。各部門緊密合作,確保招標 及採購過程公開、公平及公正。

#### 遵守法律及法規

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,就董 事所知,本集團已遵守對本集團有重大影響 的一切相關法律及法規。本集團亦已遵守(1)香 港公司條例、上市規則和證券及期貨條例(「證 券及期貨條例」)有關披露資料及企業管治的 規定;及(i)有關職業安全的條例,以保障僱員 權益。

#### 於受國際制裁的國家開展的業務 活動

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團概無向受國際制裁的國家 出售任何產品。本集團不會訂立任何會違反 國際制裁的交易,以直接或間接資助或促成 受國際制裁國家或受制裁人士開展的活動或 業務或為受國際制裁國家或受制裁人士的利 益開展的活動或業務。

董事認為,本集團設有合理充足且有效的內 部控制框架,可持續協助本集團識別及監控 與國際制裁法有關的重大風險,保障本公司 及股東的權益。

### DIRECTORS' REPORT

董事會報告書

## Environmental policy and social responsibility

The Group understands the importance of environmental sustainability and protection and has adopted policies on pollution prevention, preservation of natural resources and adherence to environmental laws and regulations. Please refer to the ESG Report on pages 58 to 92 for details of the Group's ESG performance.

#### **Results and dividends**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on page 123. The directors do not recommend the payment of dividend for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: nil).

#### **Subsidiaries**

Details of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 December 2020 are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **Share capital**

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 環境政策及社會責任

本集團明白環境可持續發展及保護的重要, 已採納有關預防污染、保護自然資源及遵守 環境法律及法規的政策。有關本集團環境、社 會及管治表現的詳情,請參閱第58頁至92頁 的環境、社會及管治報告。

#### 業績及股息

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的業績及本公司與本集團於該日的事務狀 況載於第123頁的財務報表。董事建議不派付 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的股 息(二零一九年:零)。

#### 附屬公司

本公司於二零二零年十二月三十一日的附屬 公司詳情載於綜合財務報表附註39。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註15。

#### 股本

本公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的股本變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註30。

#### **Closure of the register of members**

For the purposes of determining the shareholders' eligibility to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on 28 May 2021 (Friday), the register of members of the Company will be closed from 25 May 2021 (Tuesday) to 28 May 2021 (Friday), both days inclusive. The latest time to lodge transfer documents for registration will be at 4:30 p.m. on 24 May 2021 (Monday). During the above closure period, no transfer of shares will be registered. To be eligible to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on 24 May 2021 (Monday).

#### **Pre-emptive rights**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

## Purchase, redemption or sale of listed securities of the Company

For the year ended 31 December 2020, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### **Reserves and distributable reserves**

The movements in the reserves of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of this annual report. The distributable reserves of the Company are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Tax relief and exemption

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to the shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

#### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記

為釐定股東出席將於二零二一年五月二十八 日(星期五)舉行的應屆股東週年大會並於會 上投票的資格,本公司將於二零二一年五月 二十五日(星期二)至二零二一年五月二十八 日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過 戶登記。遞交過戶文件登記的截止時間將為 二零二一年五月二十四日(星期一)下午四時 三十分。上述暫停期間不會辦理股份過戶登記。 為合資格出席應屆股東週年大會並於會上投票, 所有過戶文件連同相關股票及過戶表格須於 二零二一年五月二十四日(星期一)下午四時 三十分前遞交至本公司香港股份過戶登記分 處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港皇后 大道東183號合和中心54樓。

#### 優先購買權

本公司組織章程細則或開曼群島法律概無有 關優先購買權的條文,致使本公司有責任按 比例向現有股東發售新股份。

#### 購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日年度,本公 司或任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本 公司任何上市證券。

#### 儲備及可供分派儲備

本公司截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的儲備變動載於本年報綜合權益變動表。本 公司可供分派儲備載於綜合財務報表附註31。

#### 税務減免及豁免

就董事所知,概無股東因持有本公司證券而 享有任何税務減免或豁免。

#### DIRECTORS' REPORT

董事會報告書

#### **Charitable donations**

The Group did not make any donation during the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: RMB nil).

#### **Management contracts**

During the year ended 31 December 2020, no contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company or its subsidiaries were entered into or existed.

#### Directors

The directors of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Chengjun *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Xiong Bin *(Vice-chairman)* Mr. Li Hongxing Mr. Guo Qinglin

#### Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Hung Wai Man Mr. Wong Kwan Kit Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen Ms. Tseng Chin I

In accordance with article 109(a) of the Company's articles of association, at each annual general meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. The Company at the general meeting at which a Director retires may fill the vacated office.

#### 慈善捐贈

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團並無作出任何捐贈(二零一九年:人民幣 零元)。

#### 管理合約

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,概 無訂立或存在有關管理和經營本公司或附屬 公司全部或任何重大部分業務的合約。

#### 董事

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度及直 至本報告日期的本公司董事為:

#### 執行董事

李承軍先生*(主席兼行政總裁)* 熊彬先生*(副主席)* 李紅星先生 郭慶林先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

洪為民先生 黃昆杰先生 呂永琛先生 曾瀞漪女士

根據本公司組織章程細則第109(a)條,於每屆 股東週年大會上,當時三分之一的董事(或倘 董事人數並非三或三的倍數,則以最接近但 不少於三分之一的人數為準)須輪值退任,惟 每位董事(包括有特定任期的董事)須至少每 三年輪值退任一次。退任董事可重選連任。本 公司可於股東大會就董事退任填補空缺。

In accordance with article 113 of the Company's articles of association, the Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the shareholders in general meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the first general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting. Any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Any Director appointed under this article shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at an annual general meeting.

All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation as required by the Company's articles of association, and the code provisions of CG Code.

In accordance with 109(a) of the Company's articles of association, Mr. Guo Qinglin, Mr. Wong Kwan Kit and Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen will retire by rotation and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

## Biographical details of directors and senior management

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 27 to 34 of this annual report.

None of the members of the Board is related to one another.

根據本公司組織章程細則第113條,董事會有 權不時及隨時委任任何人士為董事,以填補 臨時空缺或新增董事,惟不得超過股東於股 東大會不時釐定的董事人數上限。獲董事會 委任以填補臨時空缺的任何董事的任期僅至 獲委任後的本公司首次股東大會為止,可於 該大會上膺選連任。獲董事會委任以增加現 有董事會成員的董事的任期僅至獲委任後的 本公司下屆股東週年大會為止,可於該大會 上膺選連任。任何根據本條細則獲委任的董 事在釐定將於股東週年大會上輪值退任的董 事或董事人數時不應被計入。

根據本公司組織章程細則及企業管治守則的 守則條文,所有董事均須輪值退任。

根據本公司組織章程細則第109(a)條,郭慶林 先生、黃昆杰先生及呂永琛先生將於本公司 應屆股東週年大會上輪值退任,且合資格膺 選連任。

#### 董事及高級管理人員簡介

本集團董事及高級管理人員簡介載於本年報 第27頁至34頁。

董事會成員之間概無關連。

### DIRECTORS' REPORT

董事會報告書

#### Emoluments of directors and senior management and five highest paid individuals

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and senior management and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report. The remuneration of the senior management of the Group for the reporting period falls within the following band:

#### 董事、高級管理人員及五名最高薪 人士的酬金

本集團董事、高級管理人員及五名最高薪人 士的酬金詳情載於本年報綜合財務報表附註 12。報告期內,本集團高級管理人員的酬金 介乎以下範圍:

Remuneration band 酬金範圍	Number of senior management 高級管理人員數目
Up to RMB1,000,000	3
不多於人民幣1,000,000元	

#### **Directors' service contracts**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing on the Listing Date, until terminated by enter party giving not less than three months' notice in writing to the other.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of three years commencing on Listing Date, until terminated by either party giving not less than three months' notice in writing to the other.

Apart from the foregoing, no Directors proposed for re-election at the AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment or compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### 董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,自上 市日期起為期三年,直至任何一方向對方發 出不少於三個月的書面通知予以終止。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任函件, 自上市日期起計為期三年,直至任何一方向 對方發出不少於三個月的書面通知予以終止。

除上述者外,概無建議於股東週年大會重選 的董事與本公司訂立不得由本公司於一年內 終止而毋須支付款項或賠償(法定賠償除外) 的服務合約。

#### Permitted indemnity provision

Pursuant to the articles of association of the Company, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities (to the fullest extent permitted by the Companies Laws of the Cayman Islands) which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group. As of the date of this annual report, such insurance coverage is currently in force for the benefit of the Directors.

#### Directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures

As at 31 December 2020, interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares and underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO, which have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or have been entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code are as follows:

#### Interest in the Company

#### 獲准許的彌償條文

根據本公司組織章程細則,各董事可(在開曼 群島公司法准許下盡可能)就於或有關執行其 職責或其他與此有關而蒙受或招致的所有損 失或責任獲得以本公司資產作出的彌償。本 公司亦為本集團董事及高級職員投保合適的 董事及高級職員責任保險。於本年報日期,為 董事利益投購的保險有效。

#### 董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關 股份及債券之權益及淡倉

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,董事及最高 行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券 及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債券 中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分 部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括 根據證券及期貨條例有關條文被當作或視為 擁有之權益及淡倉)或根據證券及期貨條例第 352條須載入本公司存置的登記冊的權益及淡 倉,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所 的權益及淡倉如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity/nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of shares held 持股數目 (Note 1) (附註1)	Percentage of shareholding in the Company 於本公司持股 百分比 (Approximate) (概約)
Mr. Li Chengjun (" <b>Mr. Li</b> ") <i>(Note 2)</i> 李承軍先生(「 <b>李先生</b> 」) <i>(附註2)</i>	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創辦人	369,967,204 (L)	37.0%
Mr. Xiong Bin (" <b>Mr. Xiong</b> ") <i>(Note 3)</i> 熊彬先生(「 <b>熊先生</b> 」) <i>(附註3)</i>	Founder of a discretionary trust 全權信託創辦人	305,032,256 (L)	30.5%
Mr. Li Hongxing <i>(Note 4)</i> 李紅星先生 <i>(附註4)</i>	Share option 購股權	9,000,000 (L)	0.90%
Mr. Guo Qinglin <i>(Note 5)</i> 郭慶林先生 <i>(附註5)</i>	Share option 購股權	3,500,000 (L)	0.35%
		二零二零年年報 Sprocomm Ir	ntelligence Limited 101

#### 於本公司之權益

Notes:

- 1. The letter "L" denotes long position of the shares.
- Leap Elite Limited is legally owned as to 100% by Mr. Li for the benefit of the beneficiaries of the family trust found by himself. Accordingly, Mr. Li is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Leap Elite Limited pursuant to the SFO.
- Beyond Innovation Limited is legally owned as to 100% by Mr. Xiong for the benefit of the beneficiaries of the family trust found by himself. Accordingly, Mr. Xiong is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Beyond Innovation Limited pursuant to the SFO.
- 4. The personal interest of Mr. Li Hongxing represents the interest in 9,000,000 underlying shares in respect of the share options granted by the Company, the details of which are stated in the section headed "Share option scheme" below.
- 5. The personal interest of Mr. Guo Qinglin represents the interest in 3,500,000 underlying shares in respect of the share options granted by the Company, the details of which are stated in the section headed "Share option scheme" below.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had registered any interests or short positions in any shares and underlying shares in, and debentures of, the Company or any associated corporations as at 31 December 2020, as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Part XV of the SFO or the Model Code. 附註:

- 1. 字母[L]代表於股份中的好倉。
- 2. 立堅有限公司由李先生為其建立的家族信託受益人 的利益而合法擁有100%權益。因此,根據證券及期 貨條例,李先生被視為於立堅有限公司所持股份中 擁有權益。
- 超新有限公司由熊先生為其建立的家族信託受益人 的利益而合法擁有100%權益。因此,根據證券及期 貨條例,熊先生被視為於超新有限公司所持股份中 擁有權益。
- 李紅星先生的個人權益為本公司所授出購股權所涉 的9,000,000股相關股份,詳情載於下文「購股權計劃」 一節。
- 郭慶林先生的個人權益為本公司所授出購股權所涉 的3,500,000股相關股份,詳情載於下文「購股權計劃」 一節。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,概無本公司董事或最高行政人員 於本公司或任何相聯法團的任何股份、相關 股份及債券中,擁有記入本公司根據證券及 期貨條例第352條須存置的登記冊或根據證券 及期貨條例第XV部或標準守則須另行知會本 公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

## Arrangement for directors to purchase shares or debentures

Saved as disclosed in this report, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2020 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director of the Company or their respective spouses or minor children, or were such rights exercised by them, or was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of the Company or any other body corporate.

# Substantial shareholders' and others' interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares of the company

So far as is known to the Directors, as at 31 December 2020, the following corporation/persons (other than the interests of the Directors or chief executives of the Company as disclosed above) had interests of 5% or more in the issued shares which fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

#### 董事購買股份或債券的安排

除本報告所披露者外,於截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度的任何時間,概無向本公 司任何董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女 授出任何可藉收購本公司股份或債券而獲得 利益之權利,彼等亦無行使任何該等權利,且 本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司概無 訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉收購本 公司或任何其他法團股份或債務證券(包括債 券)而獲得利益。

#### 主要股東及其他人士於本公司股 份及相關股份中擁有的權益及淡 倉

就董事所知,於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 下列法團/人士(上文所披露之本公司董事或 最高行政人員權益除外)擁有本公司已發行股 份中5%或以上的權益且根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司及聯交所 披露或須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 336條須存置的登記冊:

Nam 名稱		Capacity/nature of interest 身份/權益性質		Number of shares held 持股數目 (Note 1) (附註1)	Percentage of shareholding in the Company 於本公司持股 百分比 (Approximate) (概約)
	o Elite Limited 3有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益權益		369,967,204 (L)	37.0%
-	ond Innovation Limited 有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益權益		305,032,256 (L)	30.5%
	Sui Rongmei <i>(Note 2)</i> 《梅女士 <i>(附註2)</i>	Interest of spouse 配偶權益		369,967,204 (L)	37.0%
	Yan Xue <i>(Note 3)</i> \$女士 <i>(附註3)</i>	Interest of spouse 配偶權益		305,032,256 (L)	30.5%
	capital Limited <i>(Note 4)</i> Capital Limited (附註4)	Beneficial owner 實益權益		75,000,540 (L)	7.5%
	Ko Hin Ting, James <i>(Note 4)</i> F庭先生 <i>(附註4)</i>	Interest in a controlled corpor 受控法團權益	ation	75,000,540 (L)	7.5%
	Chu Wing Yee, Vaneese <i>(Note 5)</i> k儀女士 <i>(附註5)</i>	Interest of spouse 配偶權益		75,000,540 (L)	7.5%
Notes	5:		附註	:	
1.	The letter "L" denotes long position of the s	hares.	1.	字母「L」代表於股份中的好倉	٥
2.	Ms. Sui Rongmei is the spouse of Mr. Li she is deemed to be interested in the same Chengjun.		2.	隋榮梅女士為李承軍先生之前 條例,彼被視為於李承軍先生 擁有權益。	
3.	Ms. Yan Xue is the spouse of Mr. Xiong Bin. By virtue of the SFO, she is deemed to be interested in the same number of shares held by Mr. Xiong Bin.		3.	鄢雪女士為熊彬先生之配偶。 彼被視為於熊彬先生所持相同	
4.	JZ Capital is owned as to 99% by Mr. Ko Hin Ting, James. As such, Mr. Ko Hin Ting, James is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by JZ Capital Limited pursuant to the SFO. JZ Capital 由高軒庭先生擁有99%權益。因」 據證券及期貨條例,高軒庭先生被視為於JZ Capital Limited 所持股份中擁有權益。		先生被視為於JZ Capital		
5.	Ms. Chu Wing Yee, Vaneese is the spous such, Ms. Chu Wing Yee, Vaneese is deem Shares in which Ko Hin Ting, James is inter	ed or taken to be interested in the	5.	朱詠儀女士為高軒庭先生之配 期貨條例,朱詠儀女士被視 有的股份中擁有權益。	

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2020, the Company has not been notified of any other relevant interests or short positions in the issued share capital of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

## Directors' interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No Director or his/her connected entity has or had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its parent company was a party subsisting during or at the end of the year ended 31 December 2020.

## Directors' and controlling shareholders' interest in competing business

Apart from the Group's business, none of the Directors, the Controlling Shareholders (including Mr. Li, Leap Elite Limited, Mr. Xiong and Beyond Innovation Limited) or any of their respective close associates was engaged in or had any interest in any business that competes or may compete with the principal business of the Group, which would require disclosure under Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules. or has any other conflict of interest with the Group during the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this report.

#### Share option scheme

The Company conditionally adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 18 October 2019 (the "Adoption Date"), which become effective on the Listing Date. The purpose of which is to motivate the eligible participants to optimise their future contributions to the Group and/or to reward them for their past contributions, to attract and retain or otherwise maintain on-going relationships with such participants who are significant to and/or whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the performance, growth or success of the Group.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,本公司概無獲悉本公司已發行股 本中根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部 條文須向本公司披露之任何相關權益或淡倉, 或須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條 須存置的登記冊之任何相關權益或淡倉。

#### 董事於交易、安排或合約的權益

概無董事或其關連實體於截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度內或年末時仍存續且 由本公司或其任何附屬公司、同系附屬公司 或其母公司所訂立並對本公司業務而言屬重 要的任何交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁 有或曾擁有重大權益。

#### 董事及控股股東於競爭業務的權 益

除本集團業務外,截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度內及截至本報告日期,概無 董事、控股股東(包括李先生、立堅有限公司、 熊先生及超新有限公司)或任何彼等各自緊密 聯繫人從事根據上市規則第8.10條須予披露 與本集團主要業務競爭或可能競爭的任何業 務或於其中擁有利益,或與本集團有任何其 他利益衝突。

#### 購股權計劃

本公司已於二零一九年十月十八日(「採納日 期」)有條件採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」), 於上市日期生效。購股權計劃的目的為激勵 合資格參與者,令其竭力提升對本集團的未 來貢獻及/或獎勵彼等過往的貢獻,以吸引 及挽留對本集團的表現、成長或成功而言極 為重要及/或其貢獻對該等方面有利或將會 有利的參與者或與彼等維持持續關係。

The eligible participants include any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers, directors, advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers and agents of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and such other persons who, in the sole opinion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Group.

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme, the maximum numbers of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other schemes shall not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the Company's shares in issue as at the Listing Date (i.e. 100,000,000 shares) unless approved by the shareholders of the Company. Such limit also represented 10% of the of the total issued shares of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

Unless approved by shareholders of the Company in general meeting in the manner stipulated in the Listing Rules, the maximum entitlement for each eligible participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue.

An option shall be deemed to have been granted and accepted by the grantee and to have taken effect when the duplicate offer document constituting acceptance of the options duly signed by the grantee, together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof, is received by the Company on or before the relevant acceptance date.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time after the date upon which the option is deemed to be granted and accepted and prior to the expiry of ten years from that date. The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised will be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, save that no option may be exercised more than ten years after it has been granted. 合資格參與者包括本公司或其任何附屬公司 任何全職或兼職僱員、行政人員或高級職員、 董事、顧問、諮詢人、供應商、客戶及代理, 及董事會全權認為將會或已對本集團作出貢 獻的其他人士。

根據購股權計劃的條款及條件,除非經本公司 股東批准,否則根據購股權計劃及任何其他 計劃可能授出的購股權所涉的股份數目上限 合共不得超過上市日期本公司已發行股份的 10%(即100,000,000股股份)。於本年報日期, 有關上限亦佔本公司已發行股份總數的10%。

除非經本公司股東在股東大會按上市規則規 定的方式批准,於任何12個月期間直至授出 日期,各合資格參與者根據本公司購股權計 劃或任何其他購股權計劃獲授的配額上限(包 括已行使及尚未行使的購股權)不得超過已發 行股份總數的1%。

本公司於有關接納日期或之前一經收到經承授人正式簽署構成接納購股權的要約文件副本, 連同付予本公司1.00港元的款項作為授出購 股權的代價後,購股權即被視為已授出及獲 承授人接納並已生效。

購股權可根據購股權計劃的條款於購股權被 視為已授出並獲接納當日之後及自該日起計 十年屆滿前隨時行使。購股權可行使前必須 持有的最短期限將由董事會全權酌情釐定, 惟於授出購股權起計十年後,不得行使購股權。

The exercise price of share option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price solely determined by the Board and shall be at least highest of: (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant of the option; (b) the average of the closing prices of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option; and (c) the nominal value of a share.

Subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Directors, the Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years from the Adoption Date. As at 31 December 2020, the remaining life of the Share Option Scheme was approximately 8 years and 9.5 months.

For further details on the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme, please refer to the paragraph headed "Statutory and General Information – Other Information – 1. Share Option Scheme" in Appendix IV to the Prospectus. 根據購股權計劃授出的購股權行使價須由董 事會全權酌情釐定,且須至少為下列各項當 中的最高者:(a)股份於授出購股權日期於聯 交所每日報價表所報的收市價;(b)緊接授出 日期前五個營業日股份於聯交所每日報價表 所報的平均收市價;及(c)股份面值。

除非本公司經由股東大會或經由董事提前終止, 否則購股權計劃自採納日期起10年期間內合 法及有效。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,購 股權計劃的剩餘年期約為8年零9.5個月。

有關購股權計劃主要條款的詳情,請參閱招 股章程附錄四「法定及一般資料-其他資料-1.購股權計劃」一段。
# DIRECTORS' REPORT

董事會報告書

#### (i) Outstanding options

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company granted 69,100,000 share options and no share options were exercised and 3,300,000 share options lapsed. Details of the Company's share options from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020 are as follows:

#### (i) 尚未行使的購股權

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司已授出69,100,000份購股權,概 無購股權獲行使,而3,300,000份購股權 已失效。二零二零年一月一日至二零二 零年十二月三十一日的本公司購股權的 詳情載列如下:

	Date of grant	Exercise price	Vesting period	Exercise period	Outstanding as at 1 January 2020	Number of share options granted	Number of share options exercised	lapsed	as at 1 December 2020 《二零二零年
					於二零二零年 一月一日	已授出	已行使	已失效	十二月 三十一日
	授出日期	行使價	歸屬期	行使期	尚未行使	購股權數目	購股權數目	購股權數目	尚未行使
Category 1: Directors 類別1:董事 Mr. Li Hongxing 李紅星先生									
Tranche 1	14 April 2020	HK\$0.51	14 April 2020 to 30 June 2021	1 July 2021 to 13 April 2025	-	2,700,000	-	-	2,700,000
第一期	二零二零年 四月十四日	0.51港元	二零二零年 四月十四日至 二零二一年 六月三十日	二零二一年 七月一日至 二零二五年 四月十三日					
Tranche 2	14 April 2020	HK\$0.51	14 April 2020 to 30 June 2022	1 July 2022 to 13 April 2025	-	2,700,000	-	-	2,700,000
第二期	二零二零年 四月十四日	0.51港元	二零二零年 四月十四日至 二零二二年 六月三十日	二零二二年 七月一日至 二零二五年 四月十三日					
Tranche 3	14 April 2020	HK\$0.51	14 April 2020 to 30 June 2023	1 July 2023 to 13 April 2025	-	3,600,000	-	-	3,600,000
第三期	二零二零年 四月十四日	0.51港元	二零二零年 四月十四日至 二零二三年 六月三十日	二零二三年 七月一日至 二零二五年 四月十三日					
Subtotal 小計					-	9,000,000	-	-	9,000,000

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT** 董事會報告書

	Date of grant	Exercise price	Vesting period	Exercise period	Outstanding as at 1 January 2020	Number of share options granted	Number of share options exercised	share options lapsed	Outstanding as at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年
	授出日期	行使價	歸屬期	行使期	於二零二零年 一月一日 尚未行使	已授出 購股權數目	已行使 購股權數目	已失效 購股權數目	バーマーマー 十二月 三十一日 尚未行使
Mr. Guo Qinglin 郭慶林先生							1		
Tranche 1	14 April 2020	HK\$0.51	14 April 2020 to 30 June 2021	1 July 2021 to 13 April 2025	-	1,050,000	-	-	1,050,000
第一期	二零二零年 四月十四日	0.51港元	二零二零年 四月十四日至 二零二一年 六月三十日	二零二一年 七月一日至 二零二五年 四月十三日					
Tranche 2	14 April 2020	HK\$0.51	14 April 2020 to 30 June 2022	1 July 2022 to 13 April 2025	-	1,050,000	-	-	1,050,000
第二期	二零二零年 四月十四日	0.51港元	二零二零年 四月十四日至 二零二二年 六月三十日	- 二零二二年 七月一日至 二零二五年 四月十三日					
Tranche 3	14 April 2020	HK\$0.51	14 April 2020 to 30 June 2023	1 July 2023 to 13 April 2025	-	1,400,000	-	-	1,400,000
第三期	二零二零年 四月十四日	0.51港元	二零二零年 四月十四日至 二零二三年 六月三十日	二零二三年 七月一日至 二零二五年 四月十三日					
Subtotal 小計					-	3,500,000	-	<b>R</b> -	3,500,000
							/		

DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

	Date of grant	Exercise price	Vesting period	Exercise period	Outstanding as at 1 January 2020	Number of share options granted	Number of share options exercised	lapsed	Outstanding as at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年
	授出日期	行使價	歸屬期	行使期	於二零二零年 一月一日 尚未行使	已授出 購股權數目	已行使 購股權數目	已失效 購股權數目	+二月 三十一日 尚未行使
Category 2: Employee	s								
類別2:僱員 Tranche 1	14 April 2020	HK\$0.51	14 April 2020 to 30 June 2021	1 July 2021 to 13 April 2025	-	16,980,000	-	(990,000)	15,990,000
第一期	二零二零年 四月十四日	0.51港元	二零二零年 四月十四日至 二零二一年 六月三十日	二零二一年 七月一日至 二零二五年 四月十三日					
Tranche 2	14 April 2020	HK\$0.51	14 April 2020 to 30 June 2022	1 July 2022 to 13 April 2025	-	16,980,000	-	(990,000)	15,990,000
第二期	二零二零年 四月十四日	0.51港元	二零二零年 四月十四日至 二零二二年 六月三十日	二零二二年 七月一日至 二零二五年 四月十三日					
Tranche 3	14 April 2020	HK\$0.51	14 April 2020 to 30 June 2023	1 July 2023 to 13 April 2025	-	22,640,000	-	(1,320,000)	21,320,000
第三期	二零二零年 四月十四日	0.51港元	二零二零年 四月十四日至 二零二三年 六月三十日	二零二三年 七月一日至 二零二五年 四月十三日					
Subtotal 小清十					-	56,600,000	-	(3,300,000)	53,300,000
Total 總計					65,800,000	69,100,000	-	(3,300,000)	65,800,000

As at the date of this annual report, the number of shares of the Company available for issue under the Share Option Scheme upon the exercise of all above outstanding share options was 65,800,000, representing 6.58% of the total issued shares of the Company.

於本年報日期,根據購股權計劃,本公 司於上述所有尚未行使之購股權獲行使 時可供發行之股份數目為65,800,000股, 佔本公司已發行股份總數6.58%。

# **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

董事會報告書

# (ii) Valuation of share options

預計股息率

 The following significant assumptions were used to derive the fair value of the share options using the Binominal Options pricing model:

# (ii) 購股權的估值

(1) 該購股權之公平值乃採用二項式期 權定價模式,並使用下列主要假設 得出:

	Tranche 1 第一期	Tranche 2 第二期	Tranche 3 第三期
Date of grant	14 April 2020	14 April 2020	14 April 2020
授出日期	二零二零年	二零二零年	二零二零年
	四月十四日	四月十四日	四月十四日
Fair value at grant date	HK\$0.211	HK\$0.220	HK\$0.227
於授出日期公平值	0.211港元	0.220港元	0.227港元
Share price	HK\$0.51	HK\$0.51	HK\$0.51
股價	0.51港元	0.51港元	0.51港元
Exercise price	HK\$0.51	HK\$0.51	HK\$0.51
行使價	0.51港元	0.51港元	0.51港元
Expected volatility	53.00%	53.00%	53.00%
預期波幅			
Expected life	5 years	5 years	5 years
預計年期	5年	5年	5年
Exercise period	1 July 2021 to	1 July 2022 to	1 July 2023 to
	13 April 2025	13 April 2025	13 April 2025
行使期	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二三年
	七月一日至	七月一日至	七月一日至
	二零二五年	二零二五年	二零二五年
	四月十三日	四月十三日	四月十三日
Risk-free rate	0.58%	0.58%	0.60%
無風險息率			
Expected dividend yield	-	/-	- \

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

- (2) Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the price of listed companies with businesses similar to the Group. The expected dividend yield is determined by the directors based on the expected future performance and dividend policy of the Group.
- (3) No share-based payment expense was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: nil) in relation to share options granted by the Company as the performance condition was not satisfied.

# **Connected transactions**

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company has not entered into or conducted any connected transactions, which were subject to the reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements as required under the Listing Rules.

### **Related party transactions**

Details of the Group's related party transactions during the year ended 31 December 2020 are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements. None of these related party transactions are connected transactions which are subject to the reporting, announcement and shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

# Purchase, sale or redemption of the company's listed securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### **Corporate governance practices**

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report.

### **Equity-linked agreements**

Other than the Share Option Scheme, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2020.

- (2) 預計波幅乃透過計算與本集團業務 相似的上市公司的過往價格波幅釐 定。預計股息率乃由董事根據預期 未來表現及本集團股息政策釐定。
- (3) 就本公司授出之購股權,於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度並無確認股份支付開支(二零一九年: 無),乃由於履約條件尚未達成。

# 關連交易

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司概無訂立或進行任何須遵守上市規則有 關申報、公告或獨立股東批准規定的關連交易。

### 關聯方交易

本集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的關聯方交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 37。概無關聯方交易為須遵守上市規則有關 申報、公告及股東批准規定的關連交易。

## 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖 回任何本公司上市證券。

### 企業管治常規

本公司的企業管治常規詳情載於本年報「企業 管治報告」一節。

# 股權掛鈎協議

除購股權計劃外,本公司於截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度概無訂立股權掛鈎協議。

## Sufficiency of public float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a public float of no less than 25% of the issued shares for the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of this report.

# Interest of compliance adviser

In accordance with Rule 3A.19 of the Listing Rules, the Company has appointed Dakin Capital Limited ("**Dakin Capital**") to be the compliance adviser. Dakin Capital, being the sponsor of the Company in relation to the Listing, has declared its independence pursuant to Rule 3A.07 of the Listing Rules. Save as provided for in relation to the share offer and/or disclosed in the Prospectus, neither Dakin Capital nor any of its associates and none of the directors or employees of Dakin Capital who have been involved in providing advice to the Company as the sponsor, has or may, as a result of the share offer, have any interest in any securities of the Company or any other companies of the Group (including options or rights to subscribe for such securities).

### **Review of audited annual results**

The Company's audited annual results for the year ended 31 December 2020 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

# Model code for securities transactions by directors of listed issuers

The Company has adopted the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. All Directors of the Company have confirmed that, following specific enquiry by the Company, they have compiled with the required standard set out in the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2020 and up to the date of the report.

### Use of proceeds from the listing

Details of the use of the proceeds from the Listing are set out on pages 24 to 26 of this annual report.

# 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司經公開可得資料及就董事所知, 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司已維持不少於已發行股份25%的公眾持 股量。

# 合規顧問的權益

本公司已根據上市規則第3A.19條委任德健融 資有限公司(「德健融資」)為合規顧問。德健 融資(作為本公司上市保薦人)已根據上市規 則第3A.07條就其獨立性作出聲明。除就股份 發售及/或於招股章程披露者外,德健融資 或其任何聯繫人及德健融資之董事或僱員(涉 及作為保薦人而向本公司提供建議)概無已或 可能因股份發售而於本公司或本集團任何其 他公司之任何證券中擁有任何權益(包括購股 權或認購該等證券之權利)。

### 審閲經審核年度業績

審核委員會已審閱本公司截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的經審核年度業績。

# 上市發行人董事進行證券交易的 標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之標準守 則,作為其有關董事進行證券交易之行為守 則。經本公司作出具體查詢後,所有本公司董 事確認彼等截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度至本報告日期一直遵守標準守則所載 之規定準則。

# 上市所得款項用途

上市所得款項用途詳情載於本年報第24至26 頁。

# DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告書

### **Auditor**

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, the auditor of the Company, will retire at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM of the Company and be eligible to offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution will be submitted to the AGM to be held on 28 May 2021 to seek Shareholders' approval on the appointment of SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited as the Company's auditor until the conclusion of the next AGM and to authorise the Board to fix their remuneration.

By order of the Board Sprocomm Intelligence Limited Mr. Li Chengjun Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 26 March 2021

# 核數師

本公司核數師信永中和(香港)會計師事務所 有限公司將於本公司應屆股東週年大會結束 時退任,並合資格膺選連任。有關決議案將於 二零二一年五月二十八日舉行的股東週年大 會上提呈,以尋求股東批准委任信永中和(香 港)會計師事務所有限公司為本公司核數師, 直至下一屆股東週年大會結束止,並授權董 事會釐定其薪酬。

承董事會命 Sprocomm Intelligence Limited *主席兼執行董事* 李承軍先生

香港,二零二一年三月二十六日

獨立核數師報告



SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited 43/F., Lee Garden One 33 Hysan Avenue Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

# TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SPROCOMM INTELLIGENCE LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

# Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Sprocomm Intelligence Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "**Group**") set out on pages 123 to 220, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. **信永中和(香港)** 會計師事務所有限公司 香港銅鑼灣 希慎道33號 利園一期43樓

**致 SPROCOMM INTELLIGENCE LIMITED** 股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

# 意見

吾等已審核列載於第123至220頁Sprocomm Intelligence Limited (「貴公司」)及其附屬公司 (以下合稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜 合財務報表包括於二零二零年十二月三十一 日的綜合財務狀況表及截至該日止年度的綜 合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表 和綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註, 包括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈的香港財務 報告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)真實而中肯 地反映了 貴集團於二零二零年十二月三十一 日的綜合財務狀況以及其截至該日止年度的 綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香 港公司條例的披露要求妥為擬備。

獨立核數師報告

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "**Code**") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

# 意見的基礎

吾等根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「**香港審計準則**」)進行審核。吾等根據該 等準則的責任詳述於本報告核數師就審核綜 合財務報表須承擔的責任一節。根據香港會 計師公會的專業會計師道德守則(「**守則**」), 吾等獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循守則履行其他 道德責任。吾等相信,吾等所獲取的憑證充分 恰當地為吾等的意見提供基礎。

# 關鍵審計事項

根據吾等的專業判斷,關鍵審計事項為吾等 於審核本期綜合財務報表中最重要的事項。 吾等在審核綜合財務報表整體及就此出具意 見時處理此等事項,而不會就此等事項單獨 發表意見。

獨立核數師報告

# Expected credit loss ("ECL") of trade and bills receivables

Refer to Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 3.

# 貿易應收款項及應收票據之預期 信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)

請參閱綜合財務報表附註19及附註3的會計 政策。

## How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等於審計中如何處理相關事項

The key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 As at 31 December 2020, the Group had trade and bills Our procedures were designed to review the receivables of RMB339,218,000, representing 32% of the management's judgement and estimates used Group's total current assets. in assessment process and challenge the reasonableness of inputs and assumptions used in estimating the ECL of trade and bills Loss allowance for trade and bills receivables is estimated based on lifetime expected credit losses ("ECL") model, which is receivables. estimated based on historical credit loss experience and forward-We obtained an understanding of how the ECL looking information at the end of the reporting period. of trade and bills receivables were assessed by We have identified impairment of trade and bills receivables the management. as a key audit matter because the impairment assessment of trade receivables involved a significant degree of management We have challenged management's assumption estimation and may be subject to management bias. and judgement in determining ECL on trade and bills receivables as at 31 December 2020, the reasonableness of management's grouping of the trade debtors in the provision matrix, and the basis of expected credit loss rates applied. We have tested, on sample basis, payment history, past due status of the trade and bills receivables, and the settlements subsequent to the end of the reporting period. 於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的貿易應收款項及應 吾等的程序旨在審閲管理層於評估過程所採 收票據為人民幣339,218,000元,佔 貴集團流動資產總值的 用的判斷及估計,並質疑於估計貿易應收款 32%。 項及應收票據之預期信貸虧損中所採用輸入 數據及假設的合理性。 貿易應收款項及應收票據根據全期預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸 虧損」)模式估計虧損撥備,而預期信貸虧損乃基於報告期末 吾等已了解管理層對貿易應收款項及應收票 的過往信貸虧損經驗及前瞻性資料估算得出。 據之預期信貸虧損的評估方式。 由於貿易應收款項減值評估涉及重大管理估計及管理層可能 吾等已質疑管理層釐定二零二零年十二月 出現偏頗,吾等已將貿易應收款項及應收票據的減值識別為 三十一日的貿易應收款項及應收票據之預期 一項關鍵審計事項。 信貸虧損的假設及判斷、管理層對撥備矩陣 內貿易應收賬款的分類之合理性以及所應用 的預期信貸虧損率基準。 吾等抽樣測試貿易應收款項及應收票據的付 款歷史、過往逾期狀況及報告期末後結算情況。

獨立核數師報告

# Valuation on inventories

Refer to Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 3.

#### The key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had inventories of approximately RMB319,386,000, which was significant to the Group's total current assets.

We identified the valuation of inventories as a key audit matter due to the use of judgements in identifying obsolete and slow moving inventories and determining the net realisable value which are based on conditions and the marketability of the inventories.

# 存貨估值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註18及附註3的會計 政策。

#### How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等於審計中如何處理相關事項

Our audit procedures were designed to evaluate management's assessment of the conditions and the marketability of the obsolete and slow moving inventories and identify any valuation risk of inventories.

We have assessed the net realisable value and utilisation of inventories subsequent to the end of the reporting period and discussed with the management in respect of the adequacy of the allowance made by the management based on subsequent usage and sales, ageing analysis and current market conditions. We have challenged the assumptions and judgements used by the management by assessing the reliability of the management's past estimates.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的存貨約人民幣 319,386,000元,對 貴集團的流動資產總值至關重要。

吾等將存貨估計視為關鍵審計事項,是由於識別陳舊和滯銷 存貨,以及根據存貨條件及適銷性釐定可變現淨值時會運用 判斷。 吾等的審計程序旨在評估管理層對陳舊和滯 銷存貨狀況及適銷性的估計,並確定存貨的 任何估值風險。

吾等已評估報告期末後的可變現淨值及存貨 的使用情況,並與管理層討論基於後續使用及 銷售、賬齡分析及當前市況作出的撥備是否 充足。吾等透過評估管理層過往估計的可靠性, 對管理層所採用的假設及判斷提出質疑。

獨立核數師報告

## **Other Information**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Directors of the Company and the Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# 其他資料

貴公司董事對其他資料承擔責任。其他資料 包括年報所載的全部資料,惟不包括當中的 綜合財務報表及核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表作出的意見並無涵蓋其 他資料,且不會對其他資料發表任何形式的 核證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,吾等的責任為閱 讀其他資料,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務 報表或吾等在審核過程中獲悉的資料存在重 大不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。倘若吾等 基於已進行的工作認為其他資料出現重大錯 誤陳述,吾等須報告有關事實。吾等並無就此 作出報告。

# 貴公司董事及審核委員會就綜合財 務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會發佈 的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露 要求編製真實公平的綜合財務報表,亦須負 責 貴公司董事釐定對編製綜合財務報表屬 必要的內部控制,以使該等綜合財務報表不 存在因欺詐或錯誤引致的重大錯誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評 估 貴集團持續經營能力,並披露與持續經營 有關的事項(如適用),除非 貴公司董事擬 將 貴集團清盤或停止營運,或除此之外並無 其他實際可行辦法,否則須採用以持續經營 為基礎的會計法。

審核委員會負責監督 貴集團的財務報告流程。

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** 獨立核數師報告

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion, solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.

# 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

吾等的目標為根據約定的委聘條款合理確定 綜合財務報表整體不會存在由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致的重大失實陳述,並發出載有吾等意 見的核數師報告。本報告僅向全體股東報告, 除此之外別無其他目的。吾等不會就本報告的 內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔責任。合理 確定屬高層次的確定,惟根據香港審計準則 進行的審核工作不能保證總能察覺所存在的 重大失實陳述。失實陳述可因欺詐或錯誤產生, 倘個別或整體在合理預期情況下可影響使用 者根據該等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定時, 則被視為重大失實陳述。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,吾 等運用專業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大失實陳述的風險、設 計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以 及獲取充足適當的審計憑證,作為吾等 意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、 偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或凌駕內部 控制的情況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導 致的重大失實陳述的風險高於未能發現 因錯誤而導致的重大失實陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,惟並非旨在對 貴集團
   內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估 貴公司董事所採用會計政策的恰 當性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** 獨立核數師報告

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

# 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任(續)

- 對 貴公司董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與可能令 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑問的事項或情況有關的重大不確定性。倘吾等認為存在重大不確定性,則須在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表的相關披露,倘有關披露不足,則發表非無保留意見。吾等的結論乃基於截至核數師報告日期止所取得的審計憑證。然而, 未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團無法 持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足適當的審計憑證,以便對綜 合財務報表發表意見。吾等負責集團審 計的方向、監督和執行。吾等為審核意 見承擔全部責任。

吾等與審核委員會就(其中包括)審計的計劃 範圍、時間安排及重大審計發現進行溝通,該 等發現包括吾等在審計過程中識別的內部控 制的任何重大缺失。

吾等亦向審核委員會作出聲明,吾等已符合 有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通 可能被合理認為會影響獨立性的所有關係及 其他事項,以及相關防範措施(如適用)。

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT** 獨立核數師報告

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Wong Chuen Fai.

# 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,吾等釐定對 本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項, 即關鍵審計事項。吾等在核數師報告中描述 該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露 該等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,倘合理預 期在吾等報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果 超出產生的公眾利益,則吾等決定不應在報 告中傳達該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為 黃銓輝先生。

# SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Wong Chuen Fai Practising Certificate Number: P05589

Hong Kong 26 March 2021

# 信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 黃銓輝 執業證書編號: P05589

香港 二零二一年三月二十六日

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** 综合損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	5	2,182,038	3,117,648
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(1,988,615)	(2,890,495)
Gross profit	毛利		193,423	227,153
Other gains and income Selling expenses Administrative and other expenses Research and development	其他收益及收入 銷售開支 行政及其他開支 研發開支	7	58,977 (38,108) (62,355)	59,103 (41,756) (76,203)
expenses Finance costs	財務費用	8	(112,803) (5,483)	(111,923) (11,960)
Profit before tax Income tax expenses	<b>除税前溢利</b> 所得税開支	9	33,651 (2,967)	44,414 (6,651)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange difference arising on	<b>年內溢利</b> 年內其他全面收益: <i>其後可能重新分類至損益 的項目</i> 換算海外業務產生的	10	30,684	37,763
translating foreign operations	匯兑差額		1,470	3,614
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額		32,154	41,377
Profit (loss) attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下各方應佔溢利(虧損): 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		30,879 (195)	38,998 (1,235)
			30,684	37,763
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下各方應佔全面收益總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		32,349 (195)	42,610 (1,233)
			32,154	41,377
Earnings per share Basic and diluted (RMB cents)	每股盈利 基本及攤薄(人民幣分)	14	3.09	4.98

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current Assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	139,564	127,913
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16	7,007	17,345
Intangible assets	無形資產	17	6,233	6,391
Deferred tax asset	遞延税項資產	29	795	707
/			153,599	152,356
Current Assets	流動資產			
Inventories	<b>加到貝</b> 進 存貨	18	319,386	202 056
Trade and bills receivables	行員 貿易應收款項及應收票據	18	339,218	283,956 622,161
Financial assets at fair value through	貢 勿應 收 款 項 反 應 收 宗 诼 按 公 平 值 計 入 損 益 的	19	339,210	022,101
profit or loss	金融資產 (1)	21		285,650
Prepayments and other receivables	<sup>並 融員 産</sup> 預付款項及其他應收款項	20	- 101,673	73,995
Pledged bank deposits	已質押銀行存款	20	251,071	81,165
Restricted deposits	受限制存款	22	16,210	01,100
Bank balances and cash	又限前任款 銀行結餘及現金	23 24		126,682
	<u> </u>	24	26,327	120,002
			1,053,885	1,473,609
Current Liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據	25	591,972	876,707
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	26	84,585	115,641
Contract liabilities	合約負債	26	93,317	63,331
Borrowings	借款	27	34,463	184,153
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16	6,484	11,962
Deferred income	遞延收入	28	6,012	5,228
Income tax payable	應付所得税		4,907	5,151
			821,740	1,262,173
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		232,145	211,436
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		385,744	363,792

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Capital and Reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	8,945	8,945
Reserves	儲備	31	324,391	292,042
Equity attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Company			333,336	300,987
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		1,811	2,006
Total Equity	權益總額		335,147	302,993
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred income	遞延收入	28	16,777	22,167
Deferred tax liability	遞延税項負債	29	14,596	10,846
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16	169	5,682
Borrowings	借款	27	19,055	22,104
			50,597	60,799
			385,744	363,792

The consolidated financial statements on pages 123 to 220 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 26 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by: 第123至220頁的綜合財務報表已於二零二一 年三月二十六日獲董事會批准及授權刊發, 並由下列董事代表簽署:

Xiong Bin 熊彬 Director 董事

Li Chengjun 李承軍 Director 董事

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

綜合權益變動表

		17		Att	ributable to owner 本公司擁有		у				
0		Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note 30)</i> <i>(附註30)</i>	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note 310)</i> <i>(附註310)</i>	Translation reserve 換算儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note 31個)</i> <i>(附註31個)</i>	Other reserves 其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note 31何))</i> <i>(附註31何))</i>	Retained profits 保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Sub-total 小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	5	-	10,921	(8,239)	(26,744)	86,445	97,917	160,305	3,557	163,862
Profit (loss) for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利(虧損) 年內其他全面收益	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,998	38,998	(1,235)	37,763
Exchange difference arising on translating foreign operations	換算海外業務產生的 匯兑差額	-	-	-	3,612	-	-	-	3,612	2	3,614
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內全面收益(開支) 總額	-	-	-	3,612	_	-	38,998	42,610	(1,233)	41,377
	カ Tキ マジ AE n+ マジ パー ロワ /A										
Issuance of shares upon global offering Transaction cost attributable to		2,237	109,577	-	-	-	-	-	111,814	-	111,814
issue of new shares	成本	-	(13,435)	-	-	-	-	-	(13,435)	-	(13,435)
Capitalisation issue Acquisition of non-controlling	資本化發行 收購非控股權益	6,703	(6,703)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
interests Appropriation to statutory reserve	轉撥至法定儲備	-	-	5,305	-	-	(307)	(5,305)	(307)	(318)	(625)
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日	8,945	89,439	16,226	(4,627)	(26,744)	86,138	131,610	300,987	2,006	302,993

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔									
		Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note 30)</i> <i>(附註30)</i>	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Statutory Reserve 法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note 31())</i> <i>(附註 31())</i>	Translation reserve 換算儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 <i>(Note 31(前))</i> <i>(附註31(前)</i>	Other reserves 其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 31(iii)) (附註31(iii))	Retained profits 保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Sub-total 小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	8,945	89,439	16,226	(4,627)	(26,744)	86,138	131,610	300,987	2,006	302,993
Profit (loss) for the year Other comprehensive income for the year Exchange difference arising c	年內溢利(虧損) 年內其他全面收益 n 換算海外業務產生的	-	-		-	-	-	30,879	30,879	(195)	30,684
translating foreign operation		-	-	-	1,470	-	-	-	1,470	-	1,470
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內全面收益(開支) 總額	-	-	-	1,470	-	-	30,879	32,349	(195)	32,154
Appropriation to statutory reserve	轉撥至法定儲備	-	-	6,312	-	-	-	(6,312)	-	-	
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	8,945	89,439	22,538	(3,157)	(26,744)	86,138	156,177	333,336	1,811	335,147

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動		
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	33,651	44,414
Adjustments for:	就以下各項作出調整:		
Finance costs	財務費用	5,483	11,960
Government subsidies received	已收政府補貼	(29,209)	(30,945
Amortisation of government grant	政府補助攤銷	(6,010)	(5,920
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	(4,229)	(853
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及		,
equipment	設備的收益	-	(59
Written off of property, plant and equipment	撇銷物業、廠房及設備	95	-
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	932	728
Loss allowance recognised in respect of trade	就貿易應收款項及應收		
and bills receivables	票據確認的虧損撥備	2,170	1,733
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	18,778	16,745
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	11,259	8,498
Gain arising from change in fair value of	按公平值計入損益(「 <b>按</b>		
financial assets at fair value through	<b>公平值計入損益</b> 」)		
profit or loss (" <b>FVTPL</b> ")	的金融資產公平值		
	變動收益	(7,305)	(10,099
Operating cash flows before working capital	營運資金變動前經營		
changes	現金流量	25,615	36,202
Increase in inventories	存貨增加	(35,430)	(99,664
Decrease (increase) in trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款項及應收		
	票據(減少)增加	267,755	(203,68-
Increase in prepayment and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收		X ·
	款項增加	(27,708)	(4,988
(Decrease) increase in trade and bill payables	貿易應付款項及應付		
	票據(減少)增加	(270,086)	230,102
(Decrease) increase in accruals and	應計費用及其他應付		
other payables	款項(減少)增加	(31,037)	8,199
Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities	合約負債增加(減少)	30,288	(45,998
Cash used in operations	營運所用現金	(40,603)	(79,828
Income tax refund (paid)	已退(付)所得税	457	(1,017
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所用現金淨額	(40,146)	(80,845

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

綜合現金流量表

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動		
Payments for property, plant and equipment	就物業、廠房及設備付款	(30,524)	(13,325)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及		
equipment	設備所得款項	-	77
Payments for intangible assets	就無形資產付款	(774)	(1,933)
Purchase of financial assets at FVTPL	購買按公平值計入損益		
	的金融資產	(7,020)	(1,003,131)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at	出售按公平值計入損益		( · · · )
FVTPL	的金融資產所得款項	299,975	1,023,060
Increase in restricted deposit	受限制存款增加	(16,210)	_
Placement in pledged bank deposits	存入已質押銀行存款	(170,353)	(57,806)
Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits	提取已質押銀行存款	_	1,363
Repayment from a shareholder	股東還款	_	1,076
Repayment from a former related company	一間前關聯公司還款		
(note 37(c))	(附註37(c))	_	5,774
Interest received	已收利息	4,229	853
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得(所用) 現金淨額	79,323	(43,992)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動		
Government subsidies received	已收政府補貼	30,613	30,945
Proceeds from issue of shares	發行股份所得款項	-	111,814
New borrowings raised	新籌集借款	32,905	343,421
Repayment of borrowings	償還借款	(184,153)	(258,625)
Payments for capital element of lease liabilities	租賃負債資本部分的付款	(11,912)	(8,199)
Interest paid	已付利息	(5,483)	(11,960)
Expenses directly attributable to issue of shares	發行股份直接應佔開支	-	(13,435)
NET CASH (USED IN) FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動(所用)所得 現金淨額	(138,030)	193,961
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物 (減少)增加淨額	(98,853)	69,124
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	年初現金及現金等價物	126,682	56,118
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動的影響	(1,502)	1,440
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年末現金及現金等價物	26,327	126,682

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# **1. GENERAL INFORMATION**

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands under the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as combined and revised) of the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability on 15 August 2018 and its shares have been listed on Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Stock Exchange**") since 13 November 2019 (the "**Listing**"). The ultimate controlling parties are Mr. Li Chengjun and Mr. Xiong Bin (the "**Controlling Shareholders**").

The address of the registered office is located in P.O. BOX 31119, Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205, Cayman Islands and the principal place of business of the Company is located in 5D-506, F1.6 Block, Tianfa Building, Tianan Chegongmiao Industrial Park, Futian District, Shenzhen, China.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are designing, manufacturing and sales of mobile phones and printed circuit board assembly ("**PCBA**") and Internet of things ("**IoT**") related products and investment holding. Particulars of the subsidiaries have been set out in note 39.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("**HKASs**") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which have been measured at fair value.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB which is also the functional currency of the Company, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands, except when otherwise indicated.

## 1. 一般資料

本公司於二零一八年八月十五日根據開 曼群島法律第22章公司法(一九六一年 法例三,經合併及修訂)在開曼群島註冊 成立為獲豁免有限公司,其股份於二零 一九年十一月十三日在香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「**聯交所**」)主板上市(「上市」)。 最終控股方為李承軍先生及熊彬先生(「**控** 股股東」)。

本公司註冊辦事處地址為P.O. BOX 31119, Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205, Cayman Islands及主要營業地點為中國深 圳市福田區天安車公廟工業區天發大廈 F1.6棟5D-506室。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司的主要業務活動為設計、製造及銷售 手機、印刷電路板組裝(「印刷電路板組 裝」)及物聯網(「物聯網」)相關產品以及 投資控股。有關附屬公司的詳情載於附 註39。

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「**香 港會計師公會**」)頒佈之香港財務報告準 則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)(包括所有香港 財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「**香港會** 計準則」)及詮釋)、香港普遍採納之會計 原則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製。

除按公平值計入損益的金融資產已按公 平值計量外,綜合財務報表已按歷史成 本基準編製。

除另有註明者外,綜合財務報表乃以本 公司功能貨幣呈列及所有數值均調整至 最接近的千元人民幣。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRSs and the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA which are effective for the Group's financial year beginning 1 January 2020:

Amendments to HKFRS 3	Definition of a Business
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	Definition of Material
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The application of the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRSs and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material effect on the Group's financial performance and positions for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

# 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報 告準則

於本年度,本集團首次應用香港會計師 公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則中對概念 框架之提述(修訂本)及下列香港財務報 告準則之修訂,自本集團二零二零年一 月一日開始的財政年度生效:

香港財務報告準則	業務之定義
第3號(修訂本)	
香港會計準則第1號	重大之定義
及香港會計準則	
第8號(修訂本)	
香港財務報告準則	利率基準改革
第9號、香港會計	
準則第39號及	
香港財務報告準則	
第7號(修訂本)	
於本年度應用香港財	務報告準則中對

於本年度應用香港財務報告準則中對概 念框架之提述(修訂本)及香港財務報告 準則之修訂對本集團本期間及過往期間 之財務表現及狀況及/或披露資料並無 重大影響。

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# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

# New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendment to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKFRS 17 Amendments to HKFRS 3	Insurance Contracts and related Amendments <sup>5</sup> Reference to Conceptual Framework <sup>3</sup>	香港財務報告準則第17號 香港財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本)	保險合約及相關修訂 <sup>5</sup> 對概念框架之提述 <sup>3</sup>	
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between in Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>2</sup>	香港財務報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則第28號 (修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營 企業之間的資產出售或 注資 <sup>2</sup>	
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause <sup>5</sup>	香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	將負債分類為流動或非流動 以及香港詮釋第5號 (二零二零年)財務報表 的呈列一借款人對包含 按要求償還條款的定期 貸款的分類」之相關修訂⁵	
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use <sup>3</sup>	香港會計準則第16號 (修訂本) 香港會計準則等 67 號	物業、廠房及設備一擬定 用途前之所得款項 <sup>3</sup>	
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract <sup>3</sup>	香港會計準則第37號 (修訂本)	虧損性合約-履行合約之 成本 <sup>3</sup>	
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS4 and HKFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 21	香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港會計準則第39號、 香港財務報告準則第7 號、香港財務報告準則 第4號及香港財務報告 準則第16號(修訂本)	利率基準改革-第二階段1	
Amendments to HKFRS 16	COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions <sup>4</sup>	香港財務報告準則第16號 (修訂本)	COVID-19相關租金寬減 <sup>4</sup>	
Amendment to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 cycle <sup>1</sup>	香港財務報告準則(修訂本)	對香港財務報告準則二零 一八年至二零二零年 週期之年度改進1	
<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual	periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021.	1 於二零二一年一月 生效。	一日或之後開始的年度期間	
<sup>2</sup> Effective for annu determined.	Encouve for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be		<sup>2</sup> 於待定日期或之後開始的年度期間生效。	
<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual	periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.	<sup>3</sup> 於二零二二年一月 生效。	一日或之後開始的年度期間	
<sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 June 2020.		4 於二零二零年六月一日或之後開始的年度期間 生效。		
<sup>5</sup> Effective for annual	periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.	1/10	一日或之後開始的年度期間	
of the new and an	Company anticipate that the application nendments to HKFRSs will have no the results and the financial position of		用新訂及經修訂香港 會對本集團之業績及 影響。	

# 2.應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

# 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修 訂香港財務報告準則

本集團並未提早應用下列已頒佈但尚未 生效之新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。

the Group.

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#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

Details of fair value measurement are explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statement of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries.

Control is achieved where the Group has: (i) the power over the investee; (ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and (iii) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Group's returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

## 3. 主要會計政策

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒 佈之香港財務報告準則編製。此外,綜 合財務報表包括聯交所主板證券上市規 則及香港公司條例規定之適用披露。

按下文會計政策所述,綜合財務報表乃 於各報告期末按歷史成本基準編製,惟 若干按公平值計量之金融工具除外。

歷史成本一般基於用作交換貨品及服務 之代價之公平值計算。

公平值指市場參與者之間在計量日於主 要(或最有利的)市場進行的有序交易中 根據現時市場條件(即平倉價)出售一項 資產所收取的價格或轉移一項負債所支 付的價格,無論該價格是直接可觀察或 採用另一估值技術估計而得出。

公平值計量的詳情於下文所載之會計政 策闡釋。

主要會計政策載列如下。

#### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及由本公司與 其附屬公司所控制的實體的財務報表。

倘本集團:(i)對投資對象擁有權力;(ii)自 參與投資對象業務而取得或有權取得浮 動回報;及(iii)有能力以其對投資對象的 權力影響本集團回報金額,則取得控制權。

如有事實及情況顯示,上述該等控制權 元素有一項或以上出現變動,本集團將 重新評估其對被投資方的控制權。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary.

Income and expenses of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries are attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interest.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries in preparing the consolidated financial statements to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

# Merger accounting for business combination involving entities under common control

The consolidated financial statements incorporates the financial statements items of the combining entities or businesses in which the common control combination occurs as if the combination had occurred from the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the control of the controlling party.

The net assets of the combining entities or businesses are consolidated using the existing book values from the controlling party's perspective. No amount is recognised in respect of goodwill or excess of acquirer's interest in the net fair value of acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of common control combination, to the extent of the continuation of the controlling party's interest.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 綜合基準(續)

倘有事實及情況顯示上文列出的三項控 制因素中有一項或多項出現變化,則本 集團會重新評估其是否對投資對象擁有 控制權。

附屬公司收入及開支自本集團取得控制 權當日起,計入綜合損益及其他全面收 入表,並直至本集團不再控制附屬公司。

附屬公司損益及其他全面收益的各組成 部分乃歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。

集團內公司間交易涉及之所有資產、負 債、權益、收入、開支及現金流量於綜合 入賬時悉數對銷。

編製綜合財務報表於必要時會調整附屬 公司財務報表以使其會計政策與本集團 會計政策一致。

## 涉及受共同控制實體業務合併的 合併會計處理

綜合財務報表包括發生共同控制合併的 合併實體或業務的財務報表項目,猶如 自該等合併實體或業務首次受控制方控 制日期起已進行合併。

合併實體或業務的資產淨值乃按控制方 認為的現有賬面值綜合入賬。在控制方 持續擁有權益的情況下,於共同控制合 併時並無就商譽或收購方於被收購方可 識別資產、負債及或然負債的淨公平值 中的權益超出成本的部分確認任何金額。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Merger accounting for business combination involving entities under common control (Continued)

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income include the results of each of the combining entities or businesses from the earliest date presented or since the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under the common control, where this is a shorter period, regardless of the date of the common control combination.

The comparative amounts in the consolidated financial statements are presented as if the entities or businesses had been combined at the end of the previous reporting period or when they first came under common control, whichever is earlier.

#### **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is recognised to depict the transfer of promised goods and services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services to a customer. Specifically, the Group uses a five-step approach to recognise revenue:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation.

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligations is transferred to customer.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

# 涉及受共同控制實體業務合併的 合併會計處理(續)

綜合損益及其他全面收益表包括自最早 呈列日期起或自該等合併實體或業務首 次受共同控制之日起(以較短期間為準而 不論共同控制合併的日期)各合併實體或 業務的業績。

綜合財務報表中的比較金額以假設實體 或業務於過往報告期間結算日合併的方 式或於彼等首次受到共同控制時(以較早 者為準)呈列。

#### 收益確認

收益按可描述向客戶轉讓承諾貨品及服務的金額確認,該金額反映實體預期就向客戶交換該等貨品或服務而有權獲得的代價。具體而言,本集團使用五步法確認收益:

- 步驟1:識別與一名客戶訂立的合約
- ▶ 步驟2:識別合約的履約責任
- ▶ 步驟3:釐定交易價格
- 步驟4:將交易價格分配至合約的履約責任
- 步驟5:於本集團完成一項履約責任
  時(或就此)確認收益

本集團於完成一項履約責任時(或就此) 確認收益,即當與特定履約責任相關的 商品或服務的「控制權」轉讓予客戶時。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Revenue recognition (Continued)**

A performance obligation represents a good (or a bundle of goods) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- The Group' performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer, excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties, discounts and sales related taxes.

#### Sales of goods

The Group produces and sells mobile phones, PCBAs for mobile phone, IoT related products, and other products related to mobile phones. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when control of the product has transferred to the customer. Control of the product is considered transferred to the customer generally on delivery of goods to the customer's specified location and when customer acceptance has been obtained which is the point of time the customer has the ability to direct the use of these products and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of these products.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 收益確認(續)

一項履約責任指一件明確貨品(或一批貨品)或一系列大致相同的明確貨品。

若符合下列其中一項條件,控制權隨時 間轉移及收益參照履行相關履約責任的 完成進度隨時間確認:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同時取得及消
  耗由本集團履約所帶來的利益;
- 本集團的履約創建或增強一項資產, 而該資產於創建或增強時由客戶控 制;或
- 本集團的履約並無創建對本集團有 替代用途的資產,且本集團有權就 迄今已完成的履約部分收取款項。

否則,收益於客戶獲得明確商品或服務 控制權的時間點確認。收益乃根據與客 戶所訂合約指定的代價進行計量,不包 括代表第三方收取的金額、折扣及銷售 相關税款。

#### 銷售貨品

本集團生產及銷售手機,手機用印刷電路板組裝,物聯網產品及其他與手機相關的產品。銷售貨品的收益於產品控制權已轉移予客戶時確認。產品控制權一般於產品交付至客戶指定地點及客戶確認收貨(即為客戶有能力直接使用該等產品並獲得該等產品之幾乎所有剩餘好處的時間點)時被視為轉移予客戶。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Revenue recognition** (Continued)

#### Sales of goods (Continued)

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered and accepted by customers as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due. Payment of the transaction price is usually due within 30–90 days of the date when control of the products is transferred to the customer.

The Group normally received range from 5% to 30% of the contract value as deposit from customers when they signed the sale and purchase agreement for sales of products. For certain sale order received from customer relating to IOT related products, the Group received 80% of the contract value as upfront deposit when they signed the sale agreement. These deposits are recognised as contract liabilities until the goods have been delivered to the customers.

The Group provides warranties for general repairs of defects to ensure that the products comply with agreed upon specification and they are therefore assurance-type warranties and the Group accounts for the warranty in accordance which HKAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 收益確認(續)

#### 銷售貨品(續)

應收款項於產品交付及獲客戶接受時確 認,因為付款需要時間的推移方會到期 應付,故此為代價為無條件的時間點。 支付交易價格通常於產品控制權轉移予 客戶之日起30-90天內到期。

本集團在簽訂產品銷售買賣協議時,通 常收取合約價值的5%至30%作為客戶押 金。對於若干物聯網相關產品相關客戶 的訂單,本集團在簽訂銷售協議時收到 80%的合約價值作為預付款。有關按金 在貨物交付客戶之前確認為合約負債。

本集團提供一般產品缺陷保修,以確保 產品符合協定規格,因此,擔保屬保證 型擔保,本集團根據香港會計準則第37 號撥備、或然負債及或然資產對該等擔 保進行會計處理。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Leasing

#### Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### The Group as lessee

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at inception of the contract. The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 租賃

# 租賃的定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內 控制可識別資產使用的權利,則該合約 為或包含租賃。

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為或 包括租賃。本集團就其作為承租人的所 有租賃安排(除短期租賃(界定為自開始 日期起計租期為十二個月或更短且不包 含購買選擇權的租賃)及低值資產租賃外) 確認使用權資產及相關租賃負債。就該 等租賃而言,本集團於租期內以直線法 確認租賃付款為經營開支,惟倘有另一 系統化基準更能代表耗用租賃資產經濟 利益的時間模式則除外。

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## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date, the Group measures lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted by using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability represents the fixed lease payments (including insubstance fixed payments).

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

#### **Right-of-use assets**

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement date and any initial direct costs, less lease incentives received.

Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. They are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The Group applies HKAS 36 to determine whether a rightof-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss as described in the "Impairment losses on tangible assets and intangible assets" policy as stated below.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

# 租賃負債

於開始日期,本集團以該日未支付租賃 付款之現值計量租賃負債。租賃付款使 用租賃中的內含利率進行貼現。倘上述 利率不易確定,則本集團會使用增量借 款利率。

計入租賃負債計量之租賃付款指固定租 賃付款(包括實質固定付款)。

租賃負債於綜合財務狀況表中單獨呈示。

租賃負債其後透過增加賬面值以反映租 賃負債利息(使用實際利息法)及減少賬 面值以反映所作出的租賃付款加以計量。

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產包括相應租賃負債之初始計 量、於開始日期或之前作出的租賃付款 及任何初始直接成本,減收取的租賃優惠。

使用權資產其後按成本減累計折舊及減 值虧損計量,並就任何重新計量租賃負 債作出調整。使用權資產於相關資產的 租期及使用年期(以較短者為準)內折舊。 折舊於租賃開始日期開始。

誠如下文「有形及無形資產減值虧損」政 策所述,本集團使用香港會計準則第36 號釐定使用權資產是否減值及入賬任何 已識別減值虧損。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

As a practical expedient, HKFRS 16 permits a lessee not to separate non-lease components, and instead account for any lease and associated non-lease components as a single arrangement. The Group has used this practical expedient for all leases.

#### **Foreign currencies**

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. RMB) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of translation reserve.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

# 分配代價至合約組成部分

對於包含一項租賃及一項或以上額外租 賃或非租賃部分之合約,本集團基於租 賃組成部分的相對獨立價格及非租賃部 分的獨立價格總和分配合約代價至各租 賃組成部分。

作為實際權宜法,香港財務報告準則第 16號准許承租人不分離出非租賃部分, 而將任何租賃及相關非租賃部分作為單 項安排入賬。本集團已就所有租賃使用 本實際權宜法。

### 外幣

編製個別集團實體之財務報表時,以該 實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)所進行 之交易乃按交易當日之現行匯率以各自 的功能貨幣(即實體經營所在的主要經濟 環境的貨幣)入賬。於報告期末,以外幣 列值之貨幣項目乃按該日之當時匯率重 新換算。

因結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目而 產生之匯兑差額,於其產生期間在損益 內確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團之海 外業務的資產及負債按報告期末之現行 匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即人民 幣)。收入及開支按年內平均匯率換算。 所產生之匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面收 益確認並於權益下以匯兑儲備累計。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### **Government subsidies**

Government subsidies are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the subsidies will be received.

Government subsidies are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related cost for which the subsidies are intended to compensate. Specifically, government subsidies whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government subsidies that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

#### **Retirement benefits cost**

Payments to the People's Republic of China (the "**PRC**") state-managed retirement benefit schemes and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "**MPF Scheme**") are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

### 借款成本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即需要一 段長時間才可作擬定用途或出售)直接應 佔之借款成本,加入該等資產的成本, 直至資產大致上可作擬定用途或出售之 時為止。

所有其他借款成本均在產生期間之損益 內確認。

#### 政府補貼

在合理保證本集團會遵守政府補貼的附 帶條件以及將會得到補助後,政府補貼 方會予以確認。

政府補貼乃於本集團將開支確認為預期 補助可予抵銷的相關成本期間按系統化 的基準於損益中確認。具體而言,以要 求本集團購買、建造或收購非流動資產 為主要條件的政府補貼乃於綜合財務狀 況表確認為遞延收入,並於相關資產的 可用年期內基於系統合理基準轉撥至損 益中。

政府補貼於成為抵銷已產生開支或虧損 或旨在為本集團提供即時財務支援(而無 未來相關成本)之應收款項的期間在損益 中確認。

#### 退休福利成本

於員工提供服務且有權獲得供款時,向 中華人民共和國(「中國」)國家管理的退 休福利計劃及強制性公積金計劃(「強積 金計劃」)之付款被確認為開支。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Short-term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

#### Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 短期僱員福利

負債乃就僱員於該期間(按預期將就換取 該服務而支付的未貼現福利金額所提供 服務的期間)按工資及薪金、年假及病假 應計的福利予以確認。

就短期僱員福利確認的負債乃按預期將 就換取相關服務而支付的未貼現福利金 額計量。

#### 税項

所得税開支指現時應付税項及遞延税項 之總和。

現時應付税項乃按年內應課税溢利計算。 應課税溢利與綜合損益及其他全面收益 表中所報「除税前溢利」不同,乃由於前 者不包括在其他年度應課税或可扣税之 收入或開支,亦不包括永不課税或扣税 之項目。本集團乃按報告期末已實行或 實際已實行之税率計算即期税項負債。

遞延税項就綜合財務報表內資產及負債 賬面值與計算應課税溢利所採用相應税 基之間的暫時差額而確認。遞延税項資 產則須就應課税溢利很可能 用作扣減該等可與用的可扣減暫時差額 因首次確認。若暫時差額因首次確認一 既不影響應課税溢利亦不影響會計溢利 之交易中的資產及負債而產生,則不予 確認遞延税項資產及負債。

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## 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Taxation** (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

## 税項(續)

遞延税項負債乃按投資附屬公司而引致 之應課税暫時差額而確認,惟若本集團 可控制暫時差額之撥回及暫時性差額很 可能於可見將來無法撥回之情況除外。 與該等投資相關的可扣税暫時性差額所 產生的遞延税項資產,僅於很可能有足 夠應課税溢利可以使用暫時差額的利益 且預計於可見將來可以撥回時確認。

遞延税項資產之賬面值會於各報告期末 作出檢討,倘不再可能有足夠應課税溢 利可用於收回全部或部分資產則會予以 扣減。

遞延税項資產及負債,以報告期末已頒 佈或實質上已頒佈的税率(及税法)為基 礎,按預期適用於清償該負債或變現該 資產的期間的税率計量。

遞延税項負債及資產的計量反映本集團 於報告期末預期收回或清償其資產及負 債賬面值的方式所導致的税務後果。

即期税項及遞延税項於損益內確認。
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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to allocate the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straightline method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

# Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition. To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備於綜合財務狀況表內 按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值 虧損(如有)列賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目折舊乃於其估計 可使用年期內採用直線法確認以分配成 本減剩餘價值。估計可使用年期、剩餘 價值及折舊方法於各報告期末檢討,任 何估計變動的影響按未來基準入賬。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或預期 日後持續使用資產將不會產生經濟利益 時不再確認入賬。出售或報廢物業、廠 房及設備項目的任何盈虧乃按銷售所得 款項與該資產的賬面值的差額釐定,並 於損益內確認。

#### 於租賃土地及樓宇的所有權權益

當本集團就物業擁有權權益(包括租賃土 地及樓宇部分)作出付款,則代價按於首 次確認時之相對公平值比例,於租賃土 地及樓宇部分之間悉數分配。倘相關付 款能可靠計量時,入賬列為經營租賃的 租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表呈列為 「使用權資產」。當代價無法在相關租賃 土地的非租賃樓宇部分及為分配權益之 間可靠分配時,則整項物業分類為物業、 機器及設備。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Intangible assets

#### Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Bank balances and cash in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and on hand.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash as defined above.

#### Interests in subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are stated on the statement of financial position of the Company at cost less any identified impairment loss.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are calculated using weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

### 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 無形資產

#### 分開購入之無形資產

分開購入且具有限可使用年期之無形資 產按成本減累計攤銷及任何累計減值虧 損列賬。具有限可使用年期之無形資產 攤銷則以直線法按其估計可使用年期確 認。估計可使用年期及攤銷方法會於各 報告期末檢討,任何估計變動的影響按 未來基準入賬。

#### 現金及現金等價物

綜合財務狀況表內的銀行結餘及現金包 括銀行現金及手頭現金。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 價物包括上述界定之現金。

#### 於附屬公司之權益

於附屬公司之權益於本公司之財務狀況 表內按成本減任何已識別減值虧損列賬。

#### 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者之較低者 列賬。存貨成本使用加權平均法計算。 可變現淨值指存貨的估計售價減所有估 計完工成本及必要銷售成本。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Financial assets

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trade) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the assets.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets. The Group's financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具

當集團實體訂立工具合約條文時,於綜 合財務狀況表內確認金融資產及金融負債。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值計量, 惟與客戶合約產生的貿易應收款項按香 港財務報告準則第15號進行初始計量除 外。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債(按 公平值計入損益的金融資產或金融負債 除外)的直接相關交易成本於初始確認時 計入或扣除自金融資產或金融負債的公 平值(視適用情況而定)。收購按公平值 計入損益的金融資產或金融負債直接相 關交易成本即時於損益確認。

#### 金融資產

須於市場規則或慣例所設定的時間範圍 內交付資產的金融資產購置或出售(定期 交易)於交易日(即本集團承諾購買或出 售資產的日期)確認。

所有已確認的金融資產,視乎金融資產 的分類而定,其後全面按攤銷成本或公 平值計量。本集團的金融資產於初始確 認時分類為其後按攤銷成本計量及按公 平值計入損益。

金融資產於初始確認時的分類取決於金 融資產的合約現金流量特徵及本集團管 理該等資產的業務模式。

綜合財務報表附註

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

#### Classification of financial assets

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment.

#### Amortised cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding ECL, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) *金融資產之分類* 

符合以下條件的債務工具其後按攤銷成 本計量:

- 於目標為持有資產以收取合約現金
   流量的業務模式持有的金融資產;
   及
- 金融資產的合約條款於指定日期產 生現金流量,而純粹作為本金及尚 未清償的本金利息之付款。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後使用實 際利率法計量,或會減值。

#### 攤銷成本及實際利息法

實際利息法是計算債務工具的攤銷成本 及在相關期間分配利息收入的方式。

就購入或原本已信貸減值之金融資產以 外之金融工具而言,實際利率為將債務 工具於預計年期或較短期間(如適用)的 估計未來現金收款(包括組成實際利率整 體部分的全部已付或已收費用及貼息、 交易成本及其他溢價或折讓,不包括預 期信貸虧損)準確折現至債務工具於初始 確認時的賬面總值的利率。

金融資產之攤銷成本相當於該金融資產 於初始確認時計量之金額減本金還款, 加使用實際利息法就上述初始金額與到 期金額之間的任何差額計算之累計攤銷 額,再經任何虧損撥備予以調整後之金額。 另一方面,金融資產之賬面總值為經任 何虧損撥備予以調整前之金融資產攤銷 成本。

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#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

# Financial assets (Continued) Amortised cost and effective interest method (Continued)

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost. For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "other gains and income" line item.

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income ("**FVTOCI**") are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with any gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "other gains and income" line item. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 36(c).

# **3.** 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) *攤銷成本及實際利息法*(續)

就其後按攤銷成本計量之債務工具而言, 利息收入乃使用實際利息法確認。就購 入或原本已信貸減值之金融資產以外之 金融工具而言,利息收入乃透過對金融 資產之賬面總值應用實際利率計算,惟 其後出現信貸減值之金融資產除外。

利息收入於損益內確認,並計入「其他收 益及收入」項目。

#### 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

不符合按攤銷成本或按公平值計入其他 全面收益(「按公平值計入其他全面收益」) 計量標準的金融資產按公平值計入損益 計量。

按公平值計入損益的金融資產按公平值 計量,任何收益或虧損於損益內確認。 於損益確認的收益或虧損淨額計入「其他 收益及收入」項目。公平值的釐定方式於 附註36(c)詳述。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on financial assets which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9 (including trade and bills receivables, pledged bank deposits, restricted deposits, other receivables and bank balances and cash). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instruments.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("**12m ECL**") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience and forward looking information including both current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9 for trade and bills receivables.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 金融資產減值

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第9號就發 生減值之金融資產(包括貿易應收款項及 應收票據、已抵押銀行存款、受限制存款、 其他應收款項以及銀行結餘及現金)確認 預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備。預期信貸虧 損的金額於各報告日期更新,以反映各 金融工具自初始確認後信貸風險的變化。

全期預期信貸虧損指將相關工具的預期 使用期內所有可能的違約事件產生之預 期信貸虧損。相反,12個月預期信貸虧 損(「12個月預期信貸虧損」)為預期於報 告日期後12個月內可能發生的違約事件 導致之全期預期信貸虧損部分。

評估乃根據本集團的歷史信貸虧損經驗 以及報告日期當前及預測整體經濟狀況 等前瞻性資料進行。

本集團就貿易應收款項及應收票據應用 香港財務報告準則第9號規定為預期信貸 虧損計提撥備的簡化方法。

對於所有其他工具,本集團計量的虧損 撥備等於12個月預期信貸虧損,除非自 初始確認後信貸風險顯著增加,本集團 確認全期預期信貸虧損。是否應確認全 期預期信貸虧損的評估乃基於自初始確 認以來發生違約之可能性或風險的顯著 增加。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

#### Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular debtors, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor, or the length of time or the extent to which the fair value of a financial asset has been less than its amortised cost;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) *信貸風險顯著增加* 

於評估金融工具自初始確認後信貸風險 是否顯著增加時,本集團將於報告日期 金融工具發生之違約風險與初始確認日 起金融工具發生之違約風險進行比較。 在進行該評估時,本集團會考慮合理且 可支持的定量和定性資料,包括無需付 出不必要的成本或努力而可得之歷史經 驗及前瞻性資料。

特別是,在評估信貸風險自初始確認以 來是否顯著增加時,會考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具的外部(如有)或內部信貸 評級的實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 特定債務人外部市場信貸風險指標 的顯著惡化,如信貸利差大幅增加, 債務人的信貸違約掉期價格,或金 融資產公平值低於攤銷成本的時長 或幅度顯著增加;
- 預計會導致債務人償還債務能力大 幅下降的業務、財務或經濟狀況的 現有或預測的不利變化;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期顯著
   惡化;
- 同一債務人的其他金融工具的信貸
   風險顯著增加;及
- 導致債務人償還債務能力大幅下降 的債務人監管、經濟或技術環境的 實際或預期的重大不利變化。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default, ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfill its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of 'investment grade' as per globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of 'performing'. Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there is no past due amounts.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) *信貸風險顯著增加(續*)

不論上述評估之結果如何,本集團認為, 當合約付款逾期超過30天,則金融資產 自初始確認以來信貸風險已顯著增加, 除非本集團有合理且可支持之資料證明。

本集團定期監察用以確定信貸風險曾否 顯著增加的標準的成效,並於適當時候 作出修訂,從而確保有關標準能夠於款 項逾期前確定信貸風險顯著增加。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable.

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

The Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade and bills receivables, when the amounts are over 24 months past due, whichever occur sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) *違約的定義* 

本集團認為以下各項為內部信貸風險管 理時被視為構成違約事件的標準,因為 過往經驗顯示符合以下標準的應收款項 通常不可收回。

- 當對手方違反財務契諾;或
- 內部產生或外部獲取的資料顯示債務人可能無法向其債權人(包括本集團)悉數付款(其中並無計及本集團所持有的任何抵押品)。

本集團認為,當金融資產逾期超過90天, 則金融資產已出現違約,除非本集團有 合理且可支持之資料證明較寬鬆之違約 標準更為適用則當別論。

#### 撇銷政策

當有資料顯示交易對手陷入嚴重財務困 難,且並無實際收回的可能之時(例如交 易對手已清算或進入破產程序,或貿易 應收款項及應收票據逾期超過24個月(以 較早發生者為準)),本集團會撇銷金融資 產。已撇銷的金融資產仍可根據本集團 的收回程序實施強制執行,在適當情況 下考慮法律意見。任何收回款項會於損 益中確認。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

#### Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

# Measurement and recognition of expected credit losses

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) *信貸減值之金融資產* 

當一項或多項對金融資產估計未來現金 流量造成負面影響的事件發生時,即代 表金融資產已出現信貸減值。金融資產 出現信貸減值的證據包括有關以下事件 的可觀察數據:

- 發行人或借款人遇到嚴重財務困難;
- 違反合約,如拖欠或逾期事件;
- 向借款人作出貸款之貸款人出於與 借款人財務困難有關的經濟或合約 考慮,給予借款人在其他情況下不 會作出的讓步;
- 借款人有可能破產或進行其他財務 重組;或
- 由於財務困難致使金融資產之活躍 市場消失。

#### 計量及確認預期信貸虧損

預期信貸虧損之計量可計算出違約概率、 違約損失率(即違約時的虧損大小)及違 約風險敞口。違約概率及違約損失率之 評估乃基於上述經前瞻性資料調整的過 往數據。至於違約風險敞口,就金融資 產而言,其於資產於報告日期的賬面總 值中反映。

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#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued) Measurement and recognition of expected credit losses(Continued)

For the financial assets, the expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

#### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

金融資產(續) 計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續)

金融資產之預期信貸虧損按根據合約應 付本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集團 預期可收取的所有現金流量(按原定實際 利率貼現)之間的差額估算。

倘本集團已按相等於前一個報告期間之 全期預期信貸虧損金額計量一項金融工 具之虧損撥備,惟倘於當前報告日期確 定不再符合全期預期信貸虧損之條件, 則本集團於當前報告日期將計量虧損撥 備為相等於12個月預期信貸虧損金額(已 採用簡化方法的資產除外)。

本集團於損益中確認所有金融工具的減 值收益或虧損,並通過虧損撥備賬對其 賬面值進行調整。

#### 終止確認金融資產

於終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 時,資產的賬面值與已收及應收代價的 總和之間的差額會於損益內確認。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

#### Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities including trade and bills payables, accruals and other payables, borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具 *分類為債務或權益* 由集團實體發行之債務及股本工具按合 約安排之實質,以及金融負債及股本工 具之定義分類為金融負債或權益。

#### 股本工具

股本工具為證明實體資產於扣除其所有 負債後的剩餘權益的任何合同。集團實 體所發行的股本工具乃按已收所得款項 扣除直接發行成本確認。

#### 金融負債

本集團金融負債(包括貿易應付款項及應 付票據、應計費用及其他應付款項、借款) 其後使用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

# 終止確認金融負債

當且僅當本集團責任獲免除、取消或已 屆滿時,方會終止確認金融負債。獲終 止確認之金融負債之賬面值與已付及應 付代價間差額會於損益確認。

#### 撥備

倘本集團因過往事件須承擔現有責任(法 定或推定),而本集團可能須履行該責任 且能夠對責任金額作出可靠估計,則會 確認撥備。

經計及責任所附帶的風險及不明朗因素後,撥備按於報告期末對履行現有責任 所需代價的最佳估計計量。倘撥備採用 估計履行現有責任所需的現金流量計算, 則其賬面值為該等現金流量之現值(倘貨 幣時間值之影響重大)。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Equity-settled share based payment transactions

#### Share options granted to employees

The fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of equity instruments granted at the date of grant is expensed on a straight line basis over the vesting period with a corresponding increase in equity (share options reserve).

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of equity instruments, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an equity instrument, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of the equity instrument and lead to an immediate expensing of an equity instrument unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to ultimately vest based on assessment of all relevant non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to share options reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to retained profits.

#### **3.** 主要會計政策(續)

#### 以權益結算之股份基礎支付交易

#### 向僱員授出的購股權

所獲服務之公允價值乃參考權益工具於 授出當日之公允價值釐定,並於歸屬期 間以直線法攤銷,而權益(購股權儲備) 亦作相應增加。

釐定權益工具的授出日期公允價值並不 計及服務及非市場表現條件,惟能達成 該等條件的可能性則被評定為將最終件的可能性則被評定為將最結 的一部分。市場表現條件反映於提出日 期公允價值內。附帶於權益工具中包 歸屬條件。除非有另外的服務及/或 式 現條件,否則非歸屬條件將反映於權 工具的公允價值內並將即時予以支銷。

於報告期末,本集團根據對所有相關非 市場歸屬條件的評估修訂對預期最終可 歸屬權益工具數目的估計,並將於歸屬 期間原始估計修訂之影響(如有)於損益 確認,致使累計開支反映經修訂估計, 以股份支付購股權儲備亦作相應之調整。

購股權獲行使時,過往於以股份支付購 股權儲備中確認之金額將轉撥至股份溢 價。當購股權於歸屬期後被沒收或於屆 滿日仍未獲行使,過往於以股份支付購 股權儲備中確認之金額將轉撥至保留溢利。

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### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Impairment losses on tangible assets and intangible assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generation units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as immediately in profit or loss as income.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 有形及無形資產減值虧損

於報告期末,本集團審閱其有形資產及 無形資產之賬面值,以確定有否任何跡 象顯示該等資產蒙受減值虧損。倘存在 任何有關跡象,則會估計資產之可收回 金額,以確定减值虧損(如有)之程度。 倘無法估計個別資產了可收回金額,則 之程(如有)之程。 倘無點將估計資產所屬現金產單位之 可收,公司資產亦會被分配至可識別合理 一致之分配基準之最小現金產生單位組 別中。

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本與使用 價值之較高者。評估使用價值時,估計 未來現金流量按税前貼現率貼現至其現 值。該貼現率反映現時市場對貨幣時間 價值及未調整未來現金流量估計之資產 特定風險之評估。

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回 金額低於其賬面值,則資產(或現金產生 單位)賬面值扣減至其可收回金額。減值 虧損即時於損益確認。

倘某項減值虧損其後撥回,則資產(或現 金產生單位)賬面值增至其可回收金額經 修訂後之估值,惟增加後之賬面值不得 超過該項資產(或現金產生單位)於過往 年度未有確認減值虧損而會釐定之賬面 值。減值虧損撥回即時於損益確認為收入。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fair value measurement

When measuring fair value, except for the Group's sharebased payment transactions, leasing transactions and the value in use of assets for the purpose of impairment assessment, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. Specifically, the Group categorised the fair value measurements into three levels, based on the characteristics of inputs, as follow:

Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 – Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 公平值計量

就減值評估目的計量公平值(本集團股份 支付交易,租賃交易及資產的使用價值 除外)時,本集團考慮市場參與者於計量 日對資產或負債定價時所考慮之資產或 負債之特點。

本集團採納適用於不同情況且具備充分 數據以供計量公平值的估值技術,以最 大限度使用相關可觀察輸入數據及盡量 減少使用不可觀察輸入數據。具體而言, 本集團根據輸入數據之特點,將公平值 計量分為以下三個層級:

第一級-相同資產或負債於活躍市場的 市場報價(未經調整)。

第二級-對公平值計量而言屬重大的最 低層輸入數據可直接或間接觀察的估值 技術。

第三級-對公平值計量而言屬重大的最 低層輸入數據不可觀察的估值技術。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fair value measurement (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group determines whether transfer occur between levels of the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value on recurring basis by reviewing their respective fair value measurement.

# 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses reported and disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

# 3. 主要會計政策(續)

#### 公平值計量(續)

於報告期末,本集團透過檢討資產及負 債各自之公平值計量,確定按公平值計 量之資產及負債之公平值層級之間是否 存在經常性轉移。

# 4. 估計不確定因素的主要來源

在應用附註3所述的本集團會計政策時, 本公司董事須就綜合財務報表所呈報的 資產、負債、收益及開支金額以及所作 出的披露作出判斷、估計及假設。該等 估計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及被視 為相關的其他因素作出。實際結果可能 有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會持續檢討。倘會計估 計之修訂僅對作出修訂之期間構成影響, 則有關修訂只會在該期間內確認;倘會 計估計之修訂對現時及未來期間均構成 影響,則會在作出該修訂期間及未來期 間內確認。

以下為有關日後之主要假設及於報告期 末估計不確定因素之其他主要來源,乃 具有對下個財政年度之資產及負債之賬 面值造成重大調整之重大風險。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) and intangible assets

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any. The estimated useful lives reflect the Company's directors' estimate of the periods that the Group intends to derive future economic benefits from the use of the Group's property, plant and equipment, based on various factors. The Group's replacement policy for property, plant and equipment is mainly based on repairs and useful lives duration of assets. The estimation of useful lives impacts the level of annual depreciation expenses recorded. Property, plant and equipment are evaluated for possible impairment and the process requires management's estimate of future cash flows generated by the assets. For any instance where this evaluation process indicates impairment, the relevant asset's carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount and the amount of the write-down is charged against the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. As at 31 December 2020 the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment were approximately RMB139,564,000 (2019: RMB127,913,000). No impairment loss has been recognised during the years.

# 4. 估計不確定因素的主要來源(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備(包括使用權資 產)及無形資產的估計可使用年期

物業、廠房及設備按成本減其後累計折 舊以及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於綜合 財務狀況表列賬。估計使用年期反映本 公司董事基於多個因素,對本集團計劃 透過使用本集團物業、廠房及設備產生 未來經濟利益期間之估計。本集團主要 基於資產的維修及可使用年期制定物業、 廠房及設備的更換政策。估計可使用年 期會對記錄之年度折舊開支水平造成影 響。物業、廠房及設備評估可能出現之減 值,管理層須於此過程中評估資產所產 生之未來現金流量之估計。倘此評估過 程顯示出現減值,則有關資產之賬面值 會撇減至可收回金額,而撇減金額會自 综合損益及其他全面收益表內扣除。於 二零二零年十二月三十一日,物業、廠房 及設備之賬面值為約人民幣139,564,000 元(二零一九年:人民幣127,913,000 元)。年內並無確認減值虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

# Impairment losses recognised in respect of trade and bills receivables

The impairment for trade and bills receivables is based on assumptions about ECL. The Group used judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the number of days that trade and bills receivables are outstanding as well as the Group's historical experience and forwardlooking information at the end of the reporting period. Due to the unprecedented nature of the COVID-19 pandemic, its effect on the Group's customer and the ability to meet their financial obligations to the Group is difficult to predict. Changes in these assumptions and estimates could materially affect the result of the assessment and it may be necessary to make additional impairment charge to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

As at 31 December 2020, the carrying values of trade and bills receivables is approximately RMB339,218,000 (31 December 2019: RMB622,161,000) net of allowance for doubtful debt of approximately RMB4,999,000 (31 December 2019: RMB2,829,000).

# Allowances recognised in respect of inventories

The management of the Group reviews an ageing analysis at the end of each reporting period and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving items identified that are no longer suitable for sale or use. The Group makes allowance for inventories based on the assessment of the net realisable value. The management estimates the net realisable value for inventories based on subsequent usage and sales, ageing analysis and current market conditions. As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amounts of inventories were approximately RMB319,386,000 (2019: RMB 283,956,000) and no impairment loss has been recognised for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019. 4. 估計不確定因素的主要來源(續)

#### 就貿易應收款項及應收票據確認 之減值虧損

貿易應收款項及應收票據的減值乃基於 對預期信貸虧損的假設。於報告期末, 本集團基於貿易應收款項及應收票據的 者集團基於貿易應收款項及應收票據的 者償還天數以及本集團的過往經驗及 前瞻性資料,於作出該等假設時採驗 對於 COVID-19疫情帶來空前挑戰,其對在 能力之影響難以預測。該等假設及結 之變動可能對評估結果構成重大影響 並可能需要就綜合損益及其他全面收益 表作出額外減值開支。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,貿易應 收款項及應收票據的賬面值扣除呆賬 撥備約人民幣4,999,000元(二零一九年 十二月三十一日:人民幣2,829,000元) 後約為人民幣339,218,000元(二零一九 年十二月三十一日:人民幣622,161,000 元)。

#### 就存貨確認之撥備

本集團管理層於各報告期末審閲賬齡分 析並就所識別的不再適合於銷售或使用 的陳舊或滯銷項目作出撥備,本集團根 據對可變現淨值的評估對存貨作出撥備。 管理層根據其後的用途及銷售額、賬齡 分析及當前市況對存貨的可變現淨值作 出估計。於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 存貨的賬面值為約人民幣319,386,000元 (二零一九年:人民幣283,956,000元), 並無就截至二零二零年及二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度確認減值虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

#### Provision for litigation

During the year, the Group has been involved in certain litigations and claims (see Note 41). The management determines the provision for claims based on their best estimates according to their understanding of legal advice. Where the final outcome of the claim and negotiation with the respective party is different from the estimation made by the management, such difference will result in a decrease or an increase in profit in the year in which such determination is finalised. As at 31 December 2020, the Group had provision for litigation of approximately RMB2,093,000 (2019: RMB1,767,000).

# 5. REVENUE

Revenue represents revenue arising on sales of goods in the normal course of business, net of discounts and sales related taxes. The Group's revenue for the year is recognised at a point in time.

An analysis of revenue from contracts with customer disaggregated by major product types is as follows:

# 4. 估計不確定因素的主要來源(續)

#### 訴訟撥備

年內,本集團涉及數宗訴訟及索償(見附 註41)。管理層根據其對法律意見的理解 並基於其最佳估計釐定索償撥備。倘索 償及與相關方進行協商的最後結果與管 理層所作估計不同,則有關差額將於最 終確定有關結果的年度內導致溢利減少 或增加。於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團訴訟撥備約人民幣2,093,000元(二 零一九年:人民幣1,767,000元)。

### 5. 收益

收益指於一般業務過程中銷售貨品產生 之收益(經扣除折讓及銷售相關税項)。 本集團年內之收益於某一時間點確認。

按主要產品類型分列的客戶合約收益分 析如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Mobile phone	手機	1,483,386	2,410,583
PCBAs	印刷電路板組裝	103,532	471,862
IOT related products	物聯網相關產品	480,950	127,697
Others	其他	114,170	107,506
		2,182,038	3,117,648

# Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

The sales contracts are with an original expected duration of less than one year. Accordingly, the Group has elected the practical expedient and has not disclosed the amount of transaction price for the performance obligation that is unsatisfied as of the end of respective reporting period.

#### 分配予餘下履約責任的交易價格

銷售合約的原預期期限少於一年。因此, 本集團選擇了實際的權宜的方式,並無 披露各報告期末尚未達成的履約責任的 交易價格金額。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision makers, review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resource. The Group is principally engaged in designing, manufacturing and sales of mobile phones and PCBA and IOT related products. Information reported to the chief operating decision makers, for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment, focuses on the operating results of the Company as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated and no discrete operating segment financial information is available. Accordingly, no operating segment information is presented.

#### **Geographical information**

The Group's operations are mainly located in the PRC (the place of domicile of the Group's operation).

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers presented based on the location of customers is as follows.

#### 6. 分部資料

本公司執行董事(即主要營運決策者)收 到所呈報的資料,檢討本集團內部報告 以評估表現及分配資源。本集團主要從 事設計、製造及銷售手機、印刷電路板 組裝及物聯網相關產品。向主要營運決 策者呈報以供資源分配及表現評估之資 料專注於本公司整體經營業績,因為本 集團之資源已作整合,並無獨立之經營 分部財務資料。因此,並無呈列經營分 部資料。

#### 地域資料

本集團的經營主要於中國(本集團業務所 在地)進行。

按客户位置呈列的本集團外部客戶收益 資料如下。

Revenue	from	external	customers
	小立	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	ŧ

		外部各户收益	
		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
India	印度	1,011,279	1,392,492
Algeria	阿爾及利亞	22,935	275,305
The PRC	中國	919,927	1,167,572
Pakistan	巴基斯坦	56,749	67,889
People's Republic of Bangladesh	孟加拉人民共和國	170,764	111,789
Other regions	其他地區	384	102,601
		2,182,038	3,117,648

The Group's non-current assets are all located in the PRC.

本集團非流動資產均位於中國。

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# 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 6. 分部資料(續)

# ). 分部資料(續)

#### Information about major customers

Revenue from customers contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

# 有關主要客戶之資料

貢獻收益佔本集團總收益10%以上之客 戶如下:

0		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Customer A	客戶A	511,520	581,357
Customer B	客戶B	N/A不適用*	395,416

The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

#### 相應收益並無佔本集團總收益10%以上。

# 7. OTHER GAINS AND INCOME

# 7. 其他收益及收入

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	4,229	853
Exchange gain, net	匯兑收益淨額	-	8,532
Reversal of provision for social insurance	撥回社會保險撥備	8,384	-
Gain arising from change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益的 金融資產的公平值		
	變動產生的收益	7,305	10,099
Government subsidies (Note)	政府補貼( <i>附註)</i>	29,209	30,945
Amortisation of government grant	政府補助攤銷		
(Note 28)	(附註28)	6,010	5,920
Sundry income	雜項收入	3,840	2,754
		58,977	59,103

*Note:* The government subsidies represent the one-off government grants that were received from local government authorities of which the entitlements were unconditional and were therefore immediately recognised as other income.

附註:政府補貼指來自多個地方政府機關的一次性政 府補助金,有關補貼為無條件,因此即時確認 為其他收入。

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### 8. FINANCE COSTS

# 8. 融資成本

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interests on:	下列各項之利息:		
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	643	860
Discounted bills financing and	票據融資貼現及		
factoring loans	保理貸款	3,546	9,571
Borrowings	借款	1,294	1,529
		5,483	11,960

# 9. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

# 9. 所得税開支

			2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
PRC Enterprise Income Tax (" <b>EIT</b> "):	中國企業所得税 (「 <b>企業所得税</b> 」):			
– Current income tax – (Overprovision) underprovision in	即期所得税 過往年度(超額		880	3,114
prior year	撥備)撥備不足		(1,576)	744
Deferred tax <i>(Note 29)</i> : – Charge to current year	遞延税項(附註29): 於本年度扣除		3,663	2,793
Income tax expense	所得税開支		2,967	6,651
<ul> <li>(i) Pursuant to the rules and regulation</li> <li>Virgin Islands and Cayman Islands</li> <li>subject to any income tax in these</li> </ul>	ds, the Group is not	(i)		詳島及開曼群島規則 團無須在該等司法權 }税。
(ii) The statutory tax rate of subsidiar 16.5%. No provision for Hong K been provided for the years ended and 2019 as the subsidiaries in assessable profits for both years.	ong Profits Tax had d 31 December 2020	(ii)	由於香港附屬2 及二零一九年-	2法定税率為16.5%。 公司截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年 益利,故於該兩年度 }税進行撥備。
(iii) Under the Law of the PRC on Er	nterprise Income Tax	(iii)	根據中國企業的	所得税法(「 <b>企業所得</b>

(iii) Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the subsidiaries established in the PRC is 25%.

25% °

税法」)及企業所得税法實施條例,

於中國成立的附屬公司的税率為

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 9. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

- (iv) One of the Group's subsidiaries, Shenzhen Sprocomm Telecommunication Technology Co., Ltd. ("Shenzhen Sprocomm") is recognised as a High and Newtechnology Enterprise for the first time in July 2014, which has been granted tax concessions by the local tax bureau and is entitled to PRC EIT at concessionary rate of 15% during the year ended 31 December 2016 and Shenzhen Sprocomm has further obtained the renewal of its high technology qualification in October 2017 and is entitled to the concession rate of 15% from 2017 to 2019. Shenzhen Sprocomm has further obtained the renewal of its high technology qualification in December 2020 and is entitled to the concession rate of 15% from 2020 to 2023.
- (v) One of the Group's subsidiaries, Shanghai Sprocomm Telecommunication Technology Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Sprocomm"), is awarded the Software Enterprise Certificate and was accredited as software enterprise under the relevant PRC laws and regulations in December 2015. Accordingly, Shanghai Sprocomm was granted a tax holiday of two years' tax exemption and a 50% reduction in the EIT rate of 25% for the next three years. The subsidiary was exempted from enterprise income tax from 2016 to 2017, and is subject to a reduced corporate income tax rate of 12.5% from 2018 to 2020.
- (vi) The India taxation was calculated based on the rates applicable in the relevant jurisdiction on the estimated assessable profits. No provision of overseas profits tax has been made, as the Group did not have any assessable profits subject to overseas profits tax for both years.

#### 9. 所得税開支(續)

- (iv)本集團一間附屬公司深圳禾苗通信 科技有限公司(「深圳禾苗」)於二 零一四年七月首次獲認定為高新 技術企業,並獲地方税務局授予税 項優惠,於截至二零一六年十二月 三十一日止年度有權以優惠税率 15%繳交中國企業所得税,深圳禾 苗於二零一七年十月已進一步續新 其高新技術企業資格並有權自二零 一七年至二零一九年享受優惠税率 15%。深圳禾苗於二零二零年十二 月已進一步續新其高新技術企業資 格並有權自二零二零年至二零二三 年享受優惠税率15%。
- (v) 本集團一間附屬公司上海禾苗通信 科技有限公司(「上海禾苗」)於二零 一五年十二月根據相關中國法律法 規獲授予軟件企業證書及獲認證為 軟件企業。因此,上海禾苗獲授兩 年免税的免税期,並於未來三年企 業所得税税率下調50%至25%。該 附屬公司於二零一六年至二零一七 年期間豁免繳納企業所得税,並於 二零一八年至二零二零年期間減按 12.5%的税率繳納企業所得税。
- (vi) 印度税項乃就估計應課税溢利按照 相關司法管轄區所適用之税率計算。 由於本集團於兩年間並無須繳付海 外利得税之任何應課税溢利,故並 無作出海外利得税撥備。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 9. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (Continued)

# 9. 所得税開支(續)

The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows: 本年度的所得税開支與綜合損益及其他 全面收益表的除税前溢利對賬如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	33,651	44,414
Tax at the domestic income tax rate	按國內所得税税率	0.440	
of 25%	25%計算的税項	8,413	11,104
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for	不可扣税開支的		
tax purpose	税務影響	3,079	6,685
Tax effect of non taxable income	非課税收益的		
	税務影響	(10)	-
Utilisation of tax loss not recognised	動用未確認的		
	税項虧損	(321)	(1,230)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損的		
	税務影響	7,126	2,404
Additional deduction arising from research	研發開支產生的		
and development expenses	額外扣減	(11,509)	(8,497)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	於其他司法權區經營		
operating in other jurisdictions	的附屬公司的		
	不同税率影響	418	(93)
(Overprovision) underprovision	過往年度(超額撥備)		
in prior years	撥備不足	(1,576)	744
Withholding tax on undistributed	一間中國附屬公司未	()/	
earnings of a PRC subsidiary (Note 29)	分派盈利的預扣税		
	(附註29)	1,947	2,563
Tax effect of tax exemption/deduction from	税務機關税項豁免/	.,	_,
tax authority ( <i>Notes 9 (iv) and (v</i> ))	扣減的税務影響		
	(附註9(iv)及(v))	(4,600)	(7,029)
			, . , ,
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	2,967	6,651

Details of deferred tax are set out in Note 29.

遞延税項的詳情載於附註29。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# **10. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR**

10. 年內溢利

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	年內溢利經扣除(計 入)下列各項後達 致:		
Directors' emoluments <i>(Note 11)</i> Salaries, allowances and other benefits (excluding directors' emoluments)	董事酬金( <i>附註11)</i> 薪金、津貼及其他 福利(不包括董事	1,981	1,731
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme (excluding directors' emoluments) (Note)	酬金) 退休福利計劃供款 (不包括董事酬金)	135,857	122,372
	(附註)	6,016	21,077
Total staff costs	員工成本總額	143,854	145,180
Auditors' remuneration	核數師薪酬	1,000	920
Listing expenses	上市開支	-	18,073
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	932	728
Amount of inventories recognised as	已確認為開支的		
an expense	存貨金額	1,757,285	2,890,495
Net foreign exchange losses (gains) Depreciation of property, plant and	匯兑虧損(收益)淨額 物業、廠房及	3,362	(8,532)
equipment	設備折舊	18,778	16,745
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	11,259	8,498
Gains on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備的收益	-	(59)
Impairment loss recognised in respect of	就貿易應收款項及		
trade and bills receivables	應收票據確認的		
	減值虧損	2,170	1,733
Loss on written off of property, plant and	撇銷物業、廠房及		
equipment	設備的虧損	95	-
Provision for litigation	法律訴訟之撥備	326	742

Note: According to the policies on reduction of social insurance fees announced by the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the PRC during the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company's PRC subsidiaries were entitled to waivers of the social insurance fees during February to December 2020.

附註:根據中國人力資源和社會保障部於截至二零二 零年十二月三十一日止年度公佈的社會保險費 減免政策,本公司的中國附屬公司可於二零二 零年二月至十二月期間豁免社會保險費。

綜合財務報表附註

Emoluments paid or

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

# 11. 董事酬金

Details of directors' emoluments are as follows:

董事酬金詳情如下:

Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of services in connection with the management of the affair of the Company or its subsidiary undertakings: 個人就管理事務相關服務的已	5	Fees	Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪金、	Contributions to retirement benefits scheme	Total
付或應收的酬金(不論由本 公司或其附屬公司承擔):		<b>袍金</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>津貼及</b> <b>其他福利</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>退休福利</b> 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2020	截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止年度				
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Mr. Li Chengjun (Chief	李承軍先生(本公司				
Executive of the Company)	行政總裁)	-	492	9	501
Mr. Xiong Bin	熊彬先生	-	251	5	256
Mr. Li Hongxing	李紅星先生	-	439	52	491
Mr. Guo Qinglin	郭慶林先生	-	300	5	305
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事				
Mr. Wong Kwan Kit <sup>1</sup>	黃昆杰先生	107	-	-	107
Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen <sup>1</sup>	呂永琛先生	107	-	-	107
Mr. Hung Wai Man <sup>1</sup>	洪為民先生	107	-	-	107
Ms. Tseng Chin I <sup>1</sup>	曾瀞漪女士	107	-	-	107
		428	1,482	71	1,981
Year ended 31 December	截至二零一九年				
2019	截主二令 几十 十二月三十一日 止年度				
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Mr. Li Chengjun (Chief	李承軍先生(本公司				
Executive of the Company)	行政總裁)	-	492	25	517
Mr. Xiong Bin	熊彬先生	- //	251	14	265
Mr. Li Hongxing	李紅星先生	-	448	100	548
Mr. Guo Qinglin	郭慶林先生		307	10	317
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事				
Mr. Wong Kwan Kit¹	黄昆杰先生1	21		-	21
Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen <sup>1</sup>	呂永琛先生1	21	-	_	21
Mr. Hung Wai Man <sup>1</sup>	洪為民先生1	21	-	-	21
Ms. Tseng Chin I <sup>1</sup>	曾瀞漪女士1	21	_		21
		84	1,498	149	1,731

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 11. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS(Continued)

 Mr. Wong Kwan Kit, Mr. Lu Brian Yong Chen, Mr. Hung Wai Man and Ms. Tseng Chin I were appointed as independent non-executive directors on 18 October 2019. The independent non-executive directors had not yet been appointed nor received any remuneration prior to 18 October 2019.

The amounts disclosed above represent remuneration paid or payable to the directors of the Company (including emoluments for services an employee/director of the group entities prior to becoming the directors of the Company) by entities comprising the Group.

None the chief executive nor any of the directors of the Company waived or agreed to waive any emoluments paid by the Group for the years ended 31 December 2019 and 2020. No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors of the Company as an incentive payment for joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during both years.

# **12. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS**

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2019: two) were the directors (including chief executive) of the Company, whose emoluments are set out in Note 11 above. The emolument of the remaining three (2019: three) highest paid individuals were as follows:

#### 11. 董事酬金(續)

 黃昆杰先生、呂永琛先生、洪為民先生及曾瀞 漪女士於二零一九年十月十八日獲委任為本 公司獨立非執行董事。獨立非執行董事於二零 一九年十月十八日尚未獲委任,亦未收取任何 薪酬。

上文披露金額為本集團旗下公司已付或 應付本公司董事之薪酬,包括於集團公 司之僱員/董事在成為本公司董事前所 提供服務的相關薪酬。

截至二零一九年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度, 概無本公司主要行政 人員或任何董事放棄或同意放棄本集團 支付的任何酬金。兩年間本集團概無向 本公司任何董事支付酬金作為加入本集 團的激勵或作為離職補償。

# 12. 僱員酬金

本集團五名最高薪人士中,兩名(二零 一九年:兩名)為本公司董事(包括主要 行政人員),其酬金載於上文附註11。餘 下三名(二零一九年:三名)最高薪人士 的酬金如下:

	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and other benefits 薪金、津貼及		
其他福利	1,215	1,213
Contributions to retirement benefits scheme 退休福利計劃供款	157	301
	1,371	1,514

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#### 12. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

**12. 僱員酬金**(續)

Their emoluments were within the following band:

彼等的酬金介乎下列範圍:

		2020 二零二零年 Number of individuals 人數	2019 二零一九年 Number of individuals 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 (equivalent to RMB899,000 (2019: RMB869,393))	零至1,000,000港元 (相等於人民幣 899,000元(2019 年:人民幣869,393 元))	3	3

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals of the Group including the directors of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019.

# **13. DIVIDENDS**

No dividend was paid or proposed during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period. 截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團概無向本集團 任何五名最高薪人士(包括本公司董事) 支付酬金作為吸引加入或加入本集團時 的激勵或作為離職補償。

### 13. 股息

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無支付或建議宣派 任何股息,自報告期末起亦無建議宣派 任何股息。

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# **14. EARNINGS PER SHARE**

# 14. 每股盈利

The calculation of the basic earnings per share during the years is based on the profit attributable to the owners of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue.

年內,每股基本盈利之計算乃基於本公 司擁有人應佔溢利及已發行普通股加權 平均數計算。

0	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Earnings for the purpose of basic earnings 用於計算每股基本 per share (profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company) 描有人應佔年度 溢利)		38,998
Weighted average number of ordinary 用於計算每股基本 shares for the purpose of basic 利的普通股加權		'000 千股
earnings per share 均數	1,000,000	783,562

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the year ended 31 December 2019 has been adjusted for the capitalisation issue on 13 November 2019 as detailed in note 30.

#### Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is same as basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2019 as there were no outstanding dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The Company's potentially dilutive ordinary shares comprise share options. Performance-related employee share options are treated as contingently issuable shares. Contingently issuable shares are considered outstanding and where applicable, included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share as if the conditions of the contingency are deemed to have been met, based on the information available, at the end of reporting period.

As at 31 December 2020, none of the performance conditions of the share options were met, and thus the dilutive potential ordinary shares are not included in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. As a result, diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2020.

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 之普通股加權平均數已就二零一九年 十一月十三日之資本化發行(詳述於附註 30)作出調整。

#### 每股攤薄盈利

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 的每股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利相同, 因為沒有尚未發行的潛在攤薄普通股。

本公司的潛在攤薄普通股包括購股權。 與業績相關的員工購股權被視為或然發 行股份。或然可發行股份被視為未發行 股份,並在適用的情況下,計入每股攤 薄盈利的計算,猶如於報告期末,根據 可得資料,或然條件被視為已達成。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,購股權 之履約條件概無達成,故攤薄潛在普通 股並無納入每股攤薄盈利的計算。因此, 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 之每股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利相同。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvement	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fixture	Motor vehicles	Office equipment	Ownership interests in land and building 於土地	Total
		<b>租賃物業</b> 裝修 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>廠房及機器</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>傢俬及</b> 固定裝置 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>汽車</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>辦公設備</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>及樓宇的</b> 所有權權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>總計</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元
COST	成本							
At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposal	於二零一九年一月一日 添置 出售	29,124 1,248 -	53,639 11,054 (79)	3,885 12 -	703 _ _	7,204 1,012 -	64,840 _ _	159,395 13,326 (79)
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日 法第二	30,372	64,614	3,897	703	8,216	64,840	172,642
Additions Written off	添置 撇銷	1,369 -	25,817 (57)	54 (13)	712	2,572 (830)		30,524 (900)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	31,741	90,374	3,938	1,414	9,959	64,840	202,266
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	累計折舊							
At 1 January 2019 Charge for the year Disposal	於二零一九年一月一日 年內支出 出售	10,325 4,054 –	8,637 7,406 (61)	2,293 553 –	358 295 –	4,544 1,357 –	1,888 3,080 –	28,045 16,745 (61)
At 31 December 2019 Charge for the year Written off	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日 年內支出 撤銷	14,379 3,874	15,982 10,528 –	2,846 281 (13)	652 76 –	5,901 939 (792)	4,968 3,080 –	44,729 18,778 (805)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	18,253	26,510	3,115	728	6,048	8,048	62,702
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值							
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	13,488	63,864	823	686	3,911	56,792	139,564
As at 31 December 2019	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	15,993	48,632	1,050	51	2,315	59,872	127,913

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#### **15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續) (Continued)

- The above items of property, plant and equipment (i) are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follow:
- (i) 上述物業、廠房及設備項目於其估 計可使用年期按百線法折舊如下:

Leasehold improvement	5 years or over lease term
	whichever is shorter
Plant and machinery	3 years to 5 years
Furniture and fixture	3 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Office equipment	3 years
Ownership interests in	20 years
land and building	

Note: The Group has pledged its ownership interests in land and building with a carrying value of approximately RMB56,792,000 as at 31 December 2020 (2019: RMB59,872,000) to secure the Group's mortgage loan.

# 16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

(i) Right-of-use assets

- 租賃物業裝修 五年或租期 (以較短者為準) 廠房及機器 三年至五年 傢俬及固定裝置 三年 五年 汽車 三年 辦公設備
  - 二十年 土地及樓宇 所有權權益
  - 附註:於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 已抵押其賬面值約為人民幣56,792,000 元(二零一九年:人民幣59,872,000元) 的土地及樓宇所有權權益以為本集團的 按揭貸款提供擔保。

# 16. 使用權資產及租賃負債

# (i) 使用權資產

		31/12/2020 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31/12/2019 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Machines Buildings	機器 樓宇	1,902 5,105	3,313 14,032
		7,007	17,345
·	rangements for buildings and erms range from one to six	本集團就樓宇及 租期介乎一至六	機器訂立租賃安排。 <年。
	rrangements for machines urchase, the ownership of the	所有權將於租其	的租賃安排,機器的 期結束後轉移至本集

machines will be transferred to the Group by the end of the lease terms. The Group's obligations are secured by the lessors' title to the leased assets for such leases.

團。本集團於該等租賃的責任由出 租人的租賃資產業權擔保。

綜合財務報表附註

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# **16.** RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE 16. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續) **LIABILITIES** (Continued)

(ii) Lease liabilities

(ii) 租賃負債

		31/12/2020 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31/12/2019 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current portion	非流動部分	169	5,682
Current portion	流動部分	6,484	11,962

Amounts payable under lease liabilities:

租賃負債的應付款項:

6,653

17,644

		31/12/2020 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31/12/2019 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within one year	一年內	6,484	11,962
After one year but within two years	一至兩年	169	5,682
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown	減:12個月內到期 結算款項(於	6,653	17,644
under current liabilities)	流動負債列示)	(6,484)	(11,962)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	12個月後到期結算 款項	169	5,682

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### 16. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

#### 16. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

#### (ii) Lease liabilities (Continued)

As at 31 December 2020, the lease liabilities in respect of machines under hire purchase agreements amounted to approximately RMB1,827,000 (31 December 2019: RMB3,508,000) was secured by the lessors' title to the leased assets of RMB1,902,000 (31 December 2019: RMB3,313,000). During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group entered into a number of new lease agreements in respect of renting properties and machines, and recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of approximately RMB921,000 (2019: RMB9,179,000).

#### (ii) 租賃負債(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,租 購協議項下機器的租賃負債約人 民幣1,827,000元(二零一九年十二 月三十一日:人民幣3,508,000元) 由出租人的租賃資產業權人民幣 1,902,000元(二零一九年十二月 三十一日:人民幣3,313,000元)擔 保。截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度,本集團就租賃物業及機 器訂立若干新租賃協議,確認使用 權資產及租賃負債約人民幣921,000 元(二零一九年:人民幣9,179,000 元)。

#### (iii) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

#### (iii) 於損益確認的金額

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Depreciation expenses on right-of-use assets	使用權資產的折舊 開支		
– Buildings	一樓宇	9,848	7,579
- Machines	一機器	1,411	919
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息開支	643	860
Expenses relating to short-term leases	短期租賃相關開支	1,596	2,938

#### (iv) Others

During the year ended 31 December 2020, total cash outflow for leases amount to approximately RMB14,151,000 (2019: RMB11,997,000).

#### (iv) 其他

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度,租賃之現金流出總額約為 人民幣14,151,000元(二零一九年: 人民幣11,997,000元)。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# **17. INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

17. 無形資產

		Computer software 電腦軟件 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Patents</b> <b>專利</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
COST	成本			
At 1 January 2019 Additions	於二零一九年一月一日 添置	5,572 1,933	1,266 –	6,838 1,933
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	7,505	1,266	8,771
Additions	添置	774	_	774
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	8,279	1,266	9,545
AMORTISATION	攤銷			
At 1 January 2019 Charge for the year	於二零一九年一月一日 年內支出	1,540 664	112 64	1,652 728
At 31 December 2019	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	2,204	176	2,380
Charge for the year	年內支出	868	64	932
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	3,072	240	3,312
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值			
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	5,207	1,026	6,233
As at 31 December 2019	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	5,301	1,090	6,391
		0,001	1,090	0,091

The above intangible assets have finite useful lives. Such intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over five to ten years.

上述無形資產的可使用年期有限。該等無形資產於五年至十年內按直線法攤銷。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

# **18. INVENTORIES**

**18.** 存貨

-0		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Raw materials	原材料	211,366	131,373
Work in progress	在製品	59,684	15,380
Finished goods	製成品	48,336	137,203

**319,386** 283,956

# **19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES**

#### 19. 貿易應收款項及應收票據

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	333,696	604,316
Bills receivables	應收票據	10,521	20,674
Less: Loss allowance	減:虧損撥備	(4,999)	(2,829)
Trade and bills receivables	貿易應收款項及應收票據	339,218	622,161

The gross amount of trade and bills receivables arising from contracts with customers amounted to approximately RMB344,217,000 as at 31 December 2020 (2019: RMB 624,990,000)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,客戶合約產生的貿易應收款項及應收票據總額約為人民幣344,217,000元(二零一九年: 人民幣624,990,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

(Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

#### **19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES**

# 19.貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

The Group allows credit period of 30-90 days to its trade customers depending on creditability of the customers. The Group does not hold any collateral over its trade and bills receivables. The following is an aged analysis of trade and bills receivables, net of allowance for impairment of trade and bills receivables presented based on invoice dates, which approximates the respective revenue recognition dates, at the end of the reporting period. 本集團視乎客戶的信用度向其貿易客戶 授出30至90天的信貸期。本集團並無就 其貿易應收款項及應收票據持有任何抵 押品。下表載列於報告期末根據發票日 期(與各自收益確認日期相若)呈列的貿 易應收款項及應收票據(經扣除貿易應收 款項及應收票據減值撥備)的賬齡分析。

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 30 days	30天以內	261,873	459,100
31 to 60 days	31至60天	34,177	91,441
61 to 90 days	61至90天	24,672	25,784
Over 90 days	90天以上	18,496	45,836
Total	總計	339,218	622,161

No interest is charged on the trade and bills receivables.

概無就貿易應收款項及應收票據收取利息。
For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group applies internal credit rating for its customers. The debtors are grouped under a provision matrix into three internal credit rating buckets (namely: low risk, medium risk and high risk) based on shared credit risk characteristic by reference to past due exposure of the debtor, and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position. There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current year. The Group recognised lifetime ECL for trade and bills receivables individually and/or collectively as follows:

### 19. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

作為本集團信貸風險管理的一部分,本 集團對客戶進行內部信貸評級。我們按 共同信貸風險特徵參考債務人過往逾期 資料及債務人當前財務狀況分析,根據 撥備矩陣將債務人分為三個內部信用第 級組別(即:低風險、中風險和高風險)。 估計技術或本年度作出的重大假設並無 變個別及/或共同確認的全期預期信貸 虧損如下:

		Average expected loss rate 平均預期	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance
		虧損率	總賬面值	虧損撥備
		%	RMB'000	RMB'000
		%	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日			
Low risk	低風險	1.45%	344,217	4,999
As at 31 December 2019	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日			
Low risk	低風險	0.45%	624,990	2,829

The estimated loss rate are estimated based on historical default rates and adjusted for forward-looking information (for example, the current and forecasted economic growth rates in PRC, India and other countries, which reflect the general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate) that is available without undue cost or effort. Such forward-looking information is used by the management of the Group to access both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. The grouping is regularly reviewed by the management of the Group to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated.

估計虧損率乃根據過往違約率估算,並 就無需耗費過多成本或精力獲得的前瞻 性資料進行調整(例如,反映債務人經營 所處行業整體經濟狀況的中國、印度等 國家當前及預期經濟增長率)。報告日期, 本集團管理層使用該等前瞻性資料分析 當前及未來變化趨勢。本集團管理層會 定期審查有關組別,確保特定債務人的 相關資料為最新。

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For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### **19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES**

# 19. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

(Continued)

receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款項及應收票據的減值虧損撥 Movements of impairment loss allowances of trade and bills 備變動如下:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2019	於二零一九年一月一日	1,096
ECL Impairment loss allowance	預期信貸虧損減值虧損撥備	1,733
As at 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	2,829
ECL Impairment loss allowance	預期信貸虧損減值虧損撥備	2,170
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	4,999

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group discounted and factored trade and bills receivables in aggregate amounts of approximately RMB29,361,000 (2019: RMB30,040,000) to banks and factoring company for short term financing.

### Transfers of financial assets

The following were the Group's trade and bills receivables as at 31 December 2019 and 2020 that were transferred to banks and factoring company by discounting those trade and bills receivables on a full recourse basis. As the Group has not transferred the significant risks and rewards relating to these trade and bills receivables, it continues to recognise the full carrying amount of the trade and bills receivables and has recognised the cash received on the transfer as secured borrowings (see Note 27). These trade and bills receivables are carried at amortised cost in the consolidated statement of financial position.

於本報告期間,估計方法或所作重大假 設並無發生變動。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 就短期融資向銀行及保理公司貼現及保 理總額為約人民幣29,361,000元(二零 一九年:人民幣30,040,000元)的貿易應 收款項及應收票據。

#### 金融資產轉讓

下文載列本集團於二零一九年及二零二 零年十二月三十一日的貿易應收款項及 應收票據,而該等貿易應收款項及應收 票據透過按全面追索權基準貼現已轉讓 予銀行及保理公司。由於本集團並無轉 讓該等貿易應收款項及應收票據相關的 重大風險及回報,其繼續確認該等貿易 應收款項及應收票據的賬面總值,並已 將因轉讓而收到的現金確認為有抵押借 貸(見附註27)。該等貿易應收款項及應 收票據於綜合財務狀況表按攤銷成本列賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

### 19. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

### Transfers of financial assets (Continued)

The trade and bills receivables discounted and factored to banks and a factoring company with full recourse are as follows:

### 19. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

### 金融資產轉讓(續)

已向銀行及保理公司貼現及保理且具全 面追索權的貿易應收款項及應收票據如下:

0		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Carrying amount of transferred assets	已轉讓資產的賬面值	29,361	30.040
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	相關負債的賬面值	(29,361)	(30,040)
Net position	淨頭寸	_	

### 20. PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

# 20. 預付款項及其他應收款項

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Prepayments	預付款項	36,664	38,221
Deposits	押金	1,776	1,255
Other tax recoverable	其他可收回税項	59,343	29,417
Others	其他	3,890	5,102
		101,673	73,995

*Note:* Included in prepayments and other receivables are other receivables and refundable deposits of approximately RMB5,666,000 as at 31 December 2020 (2019: RMB6,357,000). These balances have low risk of default or have not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and no impairment loss is recognised. 附註:預付款項及其他應收款項之計入款項為於二零 二零年十二月三十一日之其他應收款項及可退 還按金約人民幣5,666,000元(二零一九年:人 民幣6,357,000元)。該等結餘違約風險低或自 初始確認以來信貸風險並無顯著增加及未確認 減值虧損。

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### 21. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

# 21. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

			2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Structured deposits stated at fair	按公平值列賬的結構性存款			
value			-	285,650
		<u>→</u>	+ <i>t</i>	

The financial assets at FVTPL as at 31 December 2019 represented contracts of principal guaranteed structured deposits with banks in the PRC which are presented as current assets since their maturities are within 12 months from the end of the reporting period based on the contract terms.

Pursuant to the relevant agreements, these structured deposits carry interest at a variable rate per annum with reference to the performance of foreign currency or interest rate during the investment period and the principal sums are denominated in RMB. The directors of the Company consider the fair values of the structured deposits, which are based on the prices provided by the counterparty banks representing the prices they would pay to redeem the deposits, approximate to their carrying values on the same day. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's financial assets at FVTPL had been fully redeemed upon maturity. The Group had no outstanding financial assets at FVTPL as at 31 December 2020.

Management has assessed the credit quality of the financial institution and considered the credit risk to be not significant. Details of fair value measurement are stated in Note 36(b).

於二零一九年十二月三十一日,按公平 值計入損益的金融資產指與中國之銀行 訂立的保本型結構性存款合約,由於根 據合約條款其於報告期末起12個月內到 期,該等存款呈列為流動資產。

根據相關協議,該等結構性存款參考投 資期間外幣表現或利率每年按浮動利率 計息,而本金以人民幣計值。本公司董 事認為,結構性存款之公平值按對手方 銀行提供之價格(即彼等為贖回存款而支 付的價格)釐定,與同日之賬面值相若。 截至二零年十二月三十一日此年度, 本集團按公平值計入損益的金融資產於 到期時已全額贖回。於二零二零年十二 月三十一日,本公司並無未償還的按公 平值計入損益的金融資產。

管理層已評估金融機構的信貸質素並認 為信貸風險並不重大。有關公平值計量 的詳情載於附註36(b)。

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### 22. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

As at 31 December 2020, bank deposits of approximately RMB251,071,000 (2019: RMB81,165,000) were pledged by the Group for the purpose of securing discounted bills loans (Note 27) and general banking facility granted to the Group.

As at 31 December 2020, pledged bank deposits of RMB62,768,000 (2019: RMB 60,000,000) carried fixed interest at 4% per annum (2019: 4%) and RMB188,303,000 (2019: RMB21,165,000) carried floating interest rate.

### **23. RESTRICTED DEPOSITS**

As at 31 December 2020, bank deposits of approximately RMB16,210,000 (31 December 2019: Nil) in Shenzhen Sprocomm were being frozen by banks as the respective banks had received notice from court with regard to the litigation claim as disclosed in Note 41.

### 24. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

At 31 December 2020, bank balances carry interest at floating rates based on bank deposit rates.

### 22. 已抵押銀行存款

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 已質押約人民幣251,071,000元(二零 一九年:人民幣81,165,000元)的銀行存 款作為本集團獲授貼現票據貸款(附註 27)及一般銀行融資的抵押。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,已質押 銀行存款人民幣62,768,000元(二零一九 年:人民幣60,000,000元)按固定利息年 利率4%(二零一九年:4%)計息及人民 幣188,303,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 21,165,000元)按浮動利率計息。

### 23. 受限制存款

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,深圳禾 苗的銀行存款餘額約人民幣16,210,000 元(二零一九年十二月三十一日:零)被 銀行凍結,因相關銀行收到法院關於訴 訟索償的通知(披露於附註41)。

### 24. 銀行結餘及現金

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,銀行結 餘基於銀行存款利率按浮動利率計息。

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### 25. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

### 25. 貿易應付款項及應付票據

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	333,546	446,297
Bills payables	應付票據	258,426	430,410
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據	591,972	876,707

The following is an aged analysis of trade and bills payables presented based on invoice date at the end of the reporting period. 於報告期末,貿易應付款項及應付票據 按發票日期呈列的賬齡分析如下。

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 30 days	30天內	286,118	496,730
31 to 60 days	31至60天	158,663	78,763
61 to 90 days	61至90天	53,480	58,727
Over 90 days	90天以上	93,711	242,487
Total	總計	591,972	876,707

The average credit period on purchases of goods is ranging from 30 to 60 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit timeframe. 採購貨品的平均信貸期介乎30至60天。 本集團已制定金融風險管理政策以確保 所有應付款項可於信貸期內償付。

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# 26. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

# 26. 應計費用及其他應付款項以及 合約負債

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		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salary payable	應付薪金	52,926	64,988
Other payables ( <i>Note (i)</i> ) Consideration payable for acquisition	其他應付款項 <i>(附註(j))</i> 就收購非控股權益應付代價	13,719	21,654
of non-controlling interest		-	625
Accrued listing expenses Government subsidies in advance	應計上市開支 預收政府補助 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	231
(Note (ii))		12,357	11,813
Other tax payables	其他應付税項	5,583	16,330
		84,585	115,641
Contract liabilities (Note (iii))	合約負債 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	93,317	63,331

Notes:

附註:

- As at 31 December 2020, included in other payables was provision (i) for litigations of approximately RMB2,093,000 (2019: RMB1,767,000). Details of the litigations are set out in Note 41.
- Government subsidies in advance included in accruals and other (ii) payables are mainly related to the capital expenditure incurred for property and equipment, leasehold improvement and subsidies for recruitment of certain number of workers for factory operation, before fulfilling certain conditions under the terms of the government subsidies. The government subsidies received may need to be refunded if the subsidiary failed to fulfill the attached conditions within the stipulated time. Upon fulfillment of those conditions, government subsidies related to compensation of expenses are credited to the profit or loss in the year the Group complied with the conditions attached to the subsidies, whereas assets-related subsidies are reclassified to deferred income and credited to the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.
- Contract liabilities as at 31 December 2020 amounted to approximately (iii) RMB93,317,000 (2019: RMB63,331,000), which represented receipts in advance from customers.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,其他應付款項 (i) 包括訴訟撥備約人民幣2,093,000元(二零一九 年:人民幣1,767,000元)。訴訟詳情載於附註 41 °

- 列入應計費用及其他應付款項的預收政府預補 (ii) 貼主要與在達成政府補貼的若干條款下的若干 條件前物業及設備所產生的資本開支、租賃裝 修及為廠房營運招募若干數量工人的補貼有關。 倘補貼未能在規定時間內符合附帶條件,所取 得的政府補貼可能需要退回。達成該等條件後, 有關開支補償之政府補貼遵循補貼所附條件計 入本集團之年度損益,而資產相關補貼重新分 類至遞延收入,並按相關資產的預期年期使用 直線法計入損益。
- 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,合約負債為 (iii) 約人民幣93,317,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 63,331,000元),指已收客戶墊款。

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### **26. ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES** AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

#### Significant changes in contract liabilities

The significant increase in contract liabilities as at 31 December 2020 was mainly due to the advance from customers in relation to the sales of IoT products at the end of the year.

#### Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities

Revenue recognised during the year ended 31 December 2020 that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year is approximately RMB41,668,000 (2019: RMB87,475,000). There was no revenue recognised in the current year that related to performance obligations that were satisfied in prior year.

### 26. 應計費用及其他應付款項以及 合約負債(續)

*附註:*(續)

#### 合約負債大幅變動

於二零二零年十二月三十一日的合約負債出現 大幅增加乃主要由於年末收到有關物聯網產品 銷售的客戶墊款。

#### 就合約負債確認的收益

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度確 認的收益計入年初合約負債,約為人民幣 41,668,000元(二零一九年:人民幣87,475,000 元)。於本年度確認的收益概無與於過往年度 完成的履約責任相關者。

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# 27. BORROWINGS

27. 借款

9		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Bank borrowings, secured ( <i>Note a(i)</i> ) Other loan, secured ( <i>Notes a(ii</i> ) & c)	銀行借款,有抵押 <i>(附註a(i))</i> 其他貸款,有抵押 <i>(附註a(ii)及(c))</i>	36,445 17,073	189,184 17,073
-0		53,518	206,257
Borrowings comprise: Variable-rate borrowing <i>(Note b)</i> Fixed-rate borrowings <i>(Note a)</i>	借款包括: 浮息借款(附註b) 定息借款(附註a)	22,104 31,414	25,152 181,105
		53,518	206,257
Carrying amount repayable (based on scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements):	應付賬面值(基於貸款協議所載 計劃還款日期):		
Within one year More than 1 year but less than	一年內 一年以上但兩年以內	34,463	184,153
2 years More than 2 year but less than	兩年以上但五年以內	3,049	3,049
5 years More than 5 years	超過五年	9,146 6,860	9,146 9,909
		53,518	206,257
Carrying amount repayable on demand or within one year shown under current liabilities	流動負債下列示的按要求償還 或一年內償還的賬面值	34,463	184,153
Amount shown under non-current liabilities	非流動負債下列示的金額	19,055	22,104
		53,518	206,257

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### 27. BORROWINGS (Continued)

#### Notes:

- As at 31 December 2020, the fixed-rate borrowings included (i) (a) discounted bills loans and packing loans from banks of approximately RMB16,539,000 (2019: RMB164,032,000) carried interest rate ranged from 3.62% to 4.42% (2019: 3.62% to 4.35%) per annum and (ii) a receivables factoring loan of approximately RMB17,073,000 (2019: RMB17,073,000) carried interest at 4% per annum (2019: 4% per annum).
- The variable rate borrowing represent a bank borrowing repayable (b) by installments within 10 years, bears interest at 10% premium over People's Bank of China ("PBOC") benchmark lending rate per annum and subject to annual repricing based on the same benchmark. The borrowing is secured by mortgages over the Group's ownership of land and buildings as at 31 December 2020 and 2019.
- (c) In December 2017, the Group entered into a receivables factoring agreement with a factoring company and discounted certain receivables to the factoring company with recourse. As at 31 December 2020, the carrying amount of the receivables not derecognised and the borrowings were approximately RMB17,073,000 (2019: RMB17,073,000) and carry effective interest rate of 4% per annum (2019: 4% per annum). On 28 November 2018, an independent factoring company filed a joint lawsuit against a subsidiary of the Group in relation to this factoring loan. Details of the litigation are set out in Note 41.

The amounts of borrowing facilities and their utilisation at the end of the reporting period are set out as follows:

# 27. 借款(續)

附註:

- (a) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,定息借貸包括 (1)約為人民幣16.539.000元(二零一九年:人 民幣164,032,000元)的貼現票據貸款及銀行打 包貸款,按年利率3.62%至4.42%(二零一九 年:3.62%至4.35%)計息;及(ii)約為人民幣 17,073,000元(二零一九年:人民幣17,073,000 元)的應收款項保理貸款,按年利率4%(二零 一九年:每年4%)計息。
- (b) 浮息借款指須於十年內分期償還,並按中國人 民銀行(「中國人民銀行」)基準貸款年利率加 10%計算利息及須每年基於相同基準重新定價 的銀行借款。於二零二零年及二零一九年十二 月三十一日,借款由本集團的土地及樓宇所有 權按揭作抵押。
- (c) 於二零一七年十二月,本集團與一間保理公司 訂立應收款項保理協議,並向該保理公司折現 若干具追索權應收款項。於二零二零年十二月 三十一日, 並無取消確認的應收款項及借款的 賬面值為約人民幣17,073,000元(二零一九年: 人民幣17,073,000元)及按實際利率每年4%計 息(二零一九年:每年4%)。於二零一八年十一 月二十八日,一間獨立保理公司就該保理貸款 針對本集團一間附屬公司提起共同訴訟。訴訟 詳情見附註41。

於報告期末,借款融資金額及動用情況 載列如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Facility amount	融資額度	162,992	164,032
Utilisation Secured bank borrowings	動用情況 有抵押銀行借款	14,341	164,032

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# **28. DEFERRED INCOME**

28. 遞延收入

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At the beginning of the year	於年初	27,395	33,315
Received during the year	年內已收	1,404	_
Amortisation of government grant	政府補助攤銷 <i>(附註7)</i>	28,799	33,315
(Note 7)		(6,010)	(5,920)
Balance as at the end of year	年末結餘	22,789	27,395
Analysed as:	分析為:		
Current liabilities	流動負債	6,012	5,228
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	16,777	22,167
		22,789	27,395

*Note:* Deferred income consists of government subsidies provided by the relevant PRC government authorities for the purposes of financing the purchase of plant and machinery and the expenses related to the leasehold improvement. The amounts are recognised as income to match with related expenses and cost incurred on systematic basis over the useful lives of the relevant assets upon completing inspection by the related government authorities. During the year ended 31 December 2020, government subsidies released to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to approximately RMB6,010,000 (2019: RMB5,920,000).

附註:遞延收入包括有關中國政府部門就購買廠房及 機器以及租賃物業裝修有關開支撥付資金而提 供的政府補助。該款項將在相關政府部門完成 檢查後確認為收入以配合於相關資產的可使用 年期內以系統性基準產生的有關開支或成本。 於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表的政府補助 為約人民幣6,010,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 5,920,000元)。

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### 29. DEFERRED TAX ASSET (LIABILITY)

# 29. 遞延税項資產(負債)

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax asset (liabilities), after set off certain deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities of the same taxable entity, for financial reporting purposes: 以下為就財務呈報目的之遞延税項資產 (負債)分析,經抵銷相同課税實體之若 干遞延税項資產與遞延税項負債:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred tax asset	遞延税項資產	795	707
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(14,596)	(10,846)
		(13,801)	(10,139)

The followings are the major deferred tax asset (liabilities) recognised and movements thereon during the years:

下文載列於年內確認的重大遞延税項資 產(負債)及有關變動:

		Unrealised profit due to intra-group transaction	Withholding tax on undistributed profit of a PRC subsidiary	Impairment loss on receivables	Accelerated tax depreciation	Total
		<ul> <li>由於</li> <li>集團內</li> <li>公司間交易</li> <li>產生的</li> <li>未變現溢利</li> <li>RMB'000</li> <li>人民幣千元</li> </ul>	就一間 中國附屬 公司未分派 溢利繳納 預扣税 RMB'000 人民幣千元	應收款項 減值虧損 RMB <sup>2</sup> 000 人民幣千元	加速 税項折舊 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2019 (Charge) credit to profit or loss	於二零一九年一月一日 (扣自)計入損益	165 (165)	(7,785) (2,563)	274 433	(498)	(7,346) (2,793)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020 (Charge) credit to profit or loss At 31 December 2020	於二零一九年十二月三十一日 及二零二零年一月一日 (扣自)計入損益 於二零二零年十二月三十一日	-	(10,348) (1,947) (12,295)	707 88 795	(498) (1,803) (2,301)	(10,139) (3,663) (13,801)

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### 29. DEFERRED TAX ASSET (LIABILITY) (Continued)

Under the EIT Law, withholding tax of 10% is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by a PRC subsidiary from 1 January 2008 onwards. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. The directors determined that the management of the Group can control the quantum and timing of distribution of profits of their PRC subsidiaries. Deferred tax liability is only provided to the extent that such profits are expected to be distributed in the foreseeable future. Deferred taxation has been provided in respect of the temporary differences associated with the undistributed profits earned by a PRC subsidiary, Shenzhen Sprocomm at the applicable withholding tax of 5%.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately RMB91,204,000 (2019: RMB49,519,000) available for offset against future profits. These unused tax losses mainly arose from (i) the preferential tax treatments of the research and development expenditure which resulted in additional tax deductions related to qualified research and development costs of Shenzhen Sprocomm; or (ii) losses incurred by Chengdu Sprocomm Cloud Technology Co., Ltd. ("Chengdu Sprocomm"), Sprocomm Technologies Co., Ltd. ("HK Sprocomm"), Guizhou Sprocomm Telecommunication Technology Co., Ltd. ("Guizhou Sprocomm") and Guizhou Mars Exploration Technology Co., Ltd ("Guizhou Mars"). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams for these subsidiaries. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately RMB81,220,000 as at 31 December 2020 that will expire in the next five years (2019: RMB 38,535,000). Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

### 29. 遞延税項資產(負債)(續)

根據企業所得税法,由二零零八年一月 一日起從中國附屬公司賺取的溢利所宣 派的股息需繳納10%預扣税。倘中國內 地與外國投資者所在司法權區訂有税務 條約,則可應用較低的税率繳付預扣税。 董事認為,本集團管理層能控制中國附 屬公司分派溢利的數量及時間。僅於有 關溢利預期將於可預見未來分派時國附 屬公司深圳禾苗所賺取未分派溢利相關 的暫時差額按適用預扣税率5%作出撥備。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 可用以抵銷未來溢利的未動用税項虧損 為約人民幣91,204,000元(二零一九年: 人民幣49.519.000元)。該等未動用税 項虧損主要來自(i)導致深圳禾苗合資格 研發成本相關額外税項扣減的研發開支 税收優惠;或(ii)成都禾苗雲科技有限公 司(「成都禾苗」)、禾苗通信科技有限公 司(「香港禾苗」)、貴州禾苗通信科技有 限公司(「貴州禾苗」)及貴州火星探索科 技有限公司(「貴州火星」)產生的虧損。 鑒於該等附屬公司的未來溢利來源不可 預測,概無就未動用税項虧損確認任何 二零二零年十二月三十一日的虧損約人 民幣81.220.000元(二零一九年:人民幣 38,535,000元),有關款項將於未來五年 內到期。其他虧損可無限期結轉。

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### **30. SHARE CAPITAL**

30. 股本

Details of movements of authorised and issued share capital of the Company are as follows:

本公司的法定及已發行股本變動詳情如 下:

			Number of shares 股份數目		ount 額
		2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	每股0.01港元的普通股				
Authorised: At 31 December 2019 and 2020	法定: 於二零一九年及二零二零 年十二月三十一日	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000	8,945	86,213
Issued and fully paid: At the beginning of the year	已發行及繳足: 於年初	1,000,000,000	555,556	8,945	5
Issue of shares by global offering <i>(note (ii))</i> Capitalisation issue of shares <i>(note (iii))</i>	通過全球發售發行股份 <i>(附註(ii))</i> 資本化發行股份 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	-	250,000,000 749,444,444	-	2,237 6.703
At the end of the year	於年終	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	8,945	8,945

All new shares rank pari passu with the existing shares in all respects.

- (i) Pursuant to a shareholders' written resolution dated 18 October 2019 (the "Resolution"), the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$380,000 divided into 38,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each to HK\$100,000,000 divided into 10,000,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each by the creation of an additional 9,962,000,000 unissued shares and such shares shall rank pari passu with all existing shares upon issue.
- (ii) On 13 November 2019, 250,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each were issued by way of global offering at an offer price of HK\$0.50 per share with gross proceed amounting to HK\$125,000,000, resulting in a share premium of HK\$122,500,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB109,577,000) (the "Global Offering").
- (iii) Pursuant to the Resolution, the Company issued additional 749,444,444 shares, credited as fully paid, to the then shareholders of the Company in proportion to their then existing holdings in the Company at the close of business on the day prior to the Global Offering, by way of capitalisation of approximately HK\$7,494,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB6,703,000) crediting to the Company's share premium account.

所有新股份在各方面均與現有股份享有 同等權益。

- (i) 根據股東於二零一九年十月十八日的書面決 議案(「決議案」),本公司增設9,962,000,000 股未發行股份,法定股本由380,000港元(分 拆為每股0.01港元的38,000,000股份)增加 至100,000,000港元(分拆為每股0.01港元的 10,000,000,000股股份),該等股份發行後應 與所有現有股份享有同等權益。
- (ii) 於二零一九年十一月十三日,本公司以全 球發售的方式按發售價每股0.50港元發行 250,000,000股每股0.01港元的普通股, 所得款項總額為125,000,000港元,產生股 份溢價122,500,000港元(相當於約人民幣 109,577,000元)(「全球發售」)。
- (iii) 根據決議案,本公司根據全球發售前一日營業時間結束時本公司當時股東的持股比例向其額 外發行749,444,444股入賬列作繳足的股份, 資本化金額約為7,494,000港元(相當於約人民幣6,703,000元)計入本公司的股份溢價賬。

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### 31. RESERVES

### (i) Statutory reserve

According to the PRC Company Law, companies in the PRC are required to transfer 10% of their respective after-tax profits, calculated in accordance with the relevant accounting principles and financial regulations applicable to entities established in the PRC, to the statutory surplus reserve until the reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital of the relevant subsidiaries. The statutory surplus reserve can be utilised, upon approval of the relevant authorities, to offset accumulated losses or to increase registered capital of these companies, provided that such fund is maintained at a minimum of 25% of the registered capital of the relevant subsidiaries. The statutory reserve is not distributable as cash dividends and must be made before distribution of dividend to equity owners.

### (ii) Merger reserve

The merger reserve represents the difference between the consideration and the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation.

#### (iii) Other reserves

The amount represents (i) the amount paid by an equity holder in excess of registered capital of Shenzhen Sprocomm, (ii) the deemed capital contribution pursuant to the reorganisation of the Group in 2018; and (ii) the difference of the consideration paid for the acquisition of the additional equity interest in Chengdu Sprocomm Cloud Technology Co., Ltd. ("**Chengdu Sprocomm**") and the carrying value of the additional equity interests of the subsidiary acquired during the year ended 31 December 2019.

### 31. 儲備

- (i) 法定儲備
  - 根據中國公司法,中國境內公司必 須按照適用於在中國境內成立的實 體的有關會計原則和財務條例,轉 入彼等各自税後溢利的10%至法定 盈餘儲備直至儲備餘額達到相關附 屬公司註冊資本的50%。法定盈餘 儲備在有關部門批准後可以利用, 以抵銷累計虧損或增加此等公司的 註冊資本,惟該資金至少維持在相 關附屬公司註冊資本的25%。法定 儲備不可作為現金股息分配,必須 在向權益擁有人分配股息前轉入。

### (ii) 合併儲備

合併儲備為根據集團重組收購附屬 公司資產及負債的代價與賬面值之 間的差額。

# (iii) 其他儲備

該金額指(i)權益持有人支付的金額 超出深圳禾苗註冊資本、(ii)根據本 集團於二零一八年的重組進行的視 作注資:及(ii)收購成都禾苗雲科技 有限公司(「成都禾苗」)其他股權的 已付代價與截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度收購的附屬公司其 他股權的賬面值的差額。

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### 32. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

### Share-option scheme

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") upon Listing. The Share Option Scheme is a share incentive scheme and is established to recognise and acknowledge the contributions that the eligible participants, including (i) any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (ii) any Directors (including non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (iii) any advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers and agents to the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and (iv) such other persons who, in the sole opinion of the board of directors of the Company, will contribute or have contributed to the Group. The Share Option Scheme shall remain in force unless otherwise cancelled or amended.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Share Option Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Share Option Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to Directors, chief executives, substantial shareholders or any of their respective associates are subject to approval by the independent non-executive directors (excluding the independent nonexecutive directors who are the grantees of the options). In addition, any grant of share options to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors or to any of their respective associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue on the date of offer with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the Company's shares quoted on the Stock Exchange at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million made within any 12-month period from the date of grant (inclusive) would be subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

# **32.** 股份支付交易

### 購股權計劃

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司已於上市後採納購股權計劃(「購 股權計劃」)。購股權計劃為一項股份獎 勵計劃,乃為表揚及肯定將會或已經對 本集團作出貢獻的合資格參與者,包括: (i)本公司或其任何附屬公司任何全職或新 或其任何附屬公司任何董事(包括非執行 董事及獨立非執行董事);(ii)本公司或其 任何附屬公司的任何顧問、諮詢人、供 應商、客戶及代理;及(iv)本公司董事會 全權認定的其他人士。除非遭取消或修訂, 否則購股權計劃一直有效。

現時根據購股權計劃可授出的未行使購 股權數目最多相當於購股權獲行使後本 公司任何時間已發行股份的10%。於任 何12個月期間內就根據購股權計劃向各 合資格參與者授出的購股權而發行的股 份最多不超過本公司任何時間已發行股 份的1%。任何進一步授出購股權若超出 此限制,則須經股東於股東大會批准。

向董事、最高行政人員、主要股東或任 何彼等各自的聯繫人授出購股權須經獨 立非執行董事(不包括為購股權承授人的 獨立非執行董事)批准。此外,自授出日 期(包括當日)起計任何12個月期間向主 要股東或獨立非執行董事或任何彼等各 自的聯繫人授出的任何購股權若超過本 公司於發售日期已發行股份0.1%且總價 值(基於授出日期本公司股份於聯交所所 報收市價計算)超過5百萬港元,則須經 股東於股東大會批准。

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### 32. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

### Share-option scheme (Continued)

The offer of a grant of share options under the Share Option Scheme may be accepted within on or before the relevant acceptance date, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee.

The exercise price of share options is determinable by the board of directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the HKSE closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant of the share options; (ii) the average closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the share options; and (iii) the nominal value of shares of the Company.

Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme of the Company adopted in 2019, the Company granted share options to subscribe for an aggregate of 69,100,000 shares (the "**Share Options**") on 14 April 2020 to certain directors and employees. The options have a validity period of five years from the date of grant. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to repurchase or settle the options in cash. These options vest in tranches over a period of up to 3 years.

The options are to be vested in three tranches, subject to the Group achieving its profit target and the directors and employees meeting their service conditions as well (the "**Performance Conditions**"). The directors and employees should remain in the Group's employment until those Performance Conditions are satisfied. Subject to the fulfillment of the certain financial performance targets by the Group, the three tranches of options are exercisable in the following manner:

- (i) 30% of the Share Options will be exercisable commencing from 1 July 2021;
- (ii) 30% of the Share Options will be exercisable commencing from 1 July 2022;
- (iii) the remaining 40% of the Share Options will be exercisable commencing from 1 July 2023.

# **32.**股份支付交易(續)

### 購股權計劃(續)

根據購股權計劃授出購股權的要約可能 於相關接納日期或之前獲接受,即於承 授人支付名義總代價1港元後。

購股權的行使價由董事會釐定,但不得 少於以下最高者:(i)授出購股權當日本公 司股份於香港聯交所的收市價;(ii)緊接 授出購股權當日前五個交易日本公司股 份的平均收市價;及(iii)本公司股份的名 義價值。

根據本公司於二零一九年採納的購股權 計劃,本公司已於二零二零年四月十四 日向若干董事及僱員授出可認購合共 69,100,000股股份的購股權(「購股權」)。 購股權的有效期自授出日期起計為期五 年。本集團並無法定或推定責任以現金 購回或結清購股權。該等購股權於不多 於三年的期間內分期歸屬。

購股權將分三期歸屬,惟須待本集團達 成溢利目標及董事與僱員達成服務條件 (「表現條件」)後方可作實。董事及僱員 須受僱於本集團直至該等表現條件達成。 該三期購股權可以下述方式行使(惟須滿 足本集團若干財務表現目標):

- (i) 30%的購股權可自二零二一年七月 一日起行使;
- (ii) 30%的購股權可自二零二二年七月 一日起行使;
- (iii) 餘下的40%購股權可自二零二三年 七月一日起行使。

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### 32. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

# 32. 股份支付交易(續)

### Share-option scheme (Continued)

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options held by directors and employees during the year ended 31 December 2020:

### 購股權計劃(續)

下表載列截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度董事及僱員持有本公司購股權 的變動:

		Outstanding at 1 January 2020 於二零二零年 一月一日	Granted during the year	Laped during the year	Outstanding at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日
Option type	購股權類型	尚未行使	年內已授出	年內已失效	尚未行使
Directors 14 April 2020 Employees	董事 二零二零年四月十四日 僱員	-	12,500,000		12,500,000
14 April 2020	二零二零年四月十四日	_	56,600,000	(3,300,000)	53,300,000
		-	69,100,000	(3,300,000)	65,800,000
Exercisable at the end of the period	期末可行使	_	_		-
Exercise price	行使價	-	HK\$0.51		HK\$0.51

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### 32. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

# 32. 股份支付交易 (續)

購股權計劃(續)

### Share-option scheme (Continued)

The total fair value, which was determined by using Binomial option price model, of the options granted under the shareoption scheme as at the grant date are approximately HK\$15,209,000 (equivalent to RMB13,812,000) on 14 April 2020. The significant inputs into the Binomial Model are as follows: 於二零二零年四月十四日,根據購股 權計劃於授出日期授出的購股權之公 平值(採用二項式期權定價模型釐定) 約為15,209,000港元(相當於人民幣 13,812,000元)。二項式模型的主要輸入 數據如下:

	Tranche 1 第一批	Tranche 2 第二批	Tranche 3 第三批
Exercisable period (subject to vesting conditions	1 July 2021 to	1 July 2022 to	1 July 2023 to
being fulfilled)	13 April 2025	13 April 2025	13 April 2025
授出日期可行使期間(惟須符合歸屬條件)	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二三年
	七月一日至	七月一日至	七月一日至
	二零二五年	二零二五年	二零二五年
	四月十三日	四月十三日	四月十三日
Share price at the grant date	HK\$0.51	HK\$0.51	HK\$0.51
授出日期股價	0.51港元	0.51港元	0.51港元
Exercise price per share	HK\$0.51	HK\$0.51	HK\$0.51
每股行使價	0.51港元	0.51港元	0.51港元
Expected volatility 預期波幅	53.00%	53.00%	53.00%
Expected life of options	5 years	5 years	5 years
購股權預計年期	5年	5年	5年
Expected dividend yield 預計股息率	0%	0%	0%
Annual risk-free interest rate 無風險年利率	0.58%	0.58%	0.60%

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### 32. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

### Share-option scheme (Continued)

The expected volatility is determined by calculating the historical volatility of the price of listed companies with businesses similar to the Group. The expected dividend yield is determined by the directors based on the expected future performance and dividend policy of the Group.

The Binomial Model has been used to estimate the fair value of the options. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of the share options are based on the director's best estimate. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions.

During the year ended 31 December 2020, no sharebased payment expense was recognised based on the management's best available estimate of the number of share options expected to vest.

### **33. RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLAN**

The Group operates a MPF Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs, capped at HK\$1,500 per month, to the MPF Scheme, in which the contribution is matched by the employees.

The subsidiary established in the PRC contributes based on certain percentage of the salaries of the employee to a defined contribution retirement benefit plan organised by relevant government authorities in the PRC on a monthly basis. The government authorities undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations payable to all existing and further retired employees under these plans and the Group has no further obligation for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred. Assets of the plans are held and managed by government authorities and are separate from those of the Group.

# **32.**股份支付交易(續)

### 購股權計劃(續)

預計波幅乃透過計算與本集團業務相似 的上市公司的過往價格波幅釐定。預計 股息率乃由董事根據預期未來表現及本 集團股息政策釐定。

購股權的公平值乃使用二項式模式估計 得出。計算購股權公平值所用的變量及 假設乃基於董事的最佳估計。購股權的 價值會因若干主觀假設的不同變量而有 所不同。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,按管理層現時對購股權預計歸屬數 目的最佳估計,並無確認股份支付開支。

# 33. 退休福利計劃

本集團為其於香港的所有合資格僱員設 立強積金計劃。該計劃之資產乃與本集 團之資產分開持有,並由受託人管理之 基金持有。本集團按僱員之相關薪資成 本的5%每月向強積金計劃作出供款,每 月供款上限為1,500港元,僱員亦須按相 同比例作出供款。

於中國成立的附屬公司基於僱員薪金的 特定比例按月向中國相關政府部門組織 的一項界定供款退休福利計劃供款。政 府部門根據有關計劃承諾承擔應賦予現 有或日後退休的僱員的退休福利責任及 本集團除供款外並無有關退休後福利的 進一步的責任。向該等計劃的供款乃於 產生時支銷。計劃的資產乃由政府部門 持有及管理並獨立於本集團的資產。

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### 33. RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLAN (Continued)

The total cost charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of approximately RMB6,608,000 (2019: RMB21,226,000), representing contributions payable to these schemes by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2020.

### **34. PLEDGE OF ASSETS**

At 31 December 2020, the Group had pledged or discounted the following assets to secure banking and borrowing facilities and factoring loan granted to the Group:

### 33. 退休福利計劃(續)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團應向該等計劃繳納之供款為扣除 自綜合損益及其他全面收益表之總成本 約人民幣6,608,000元(二零一九年:人 民幣21,226,000元)。

### 34. 資產抵押

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,為取得 授予本集團銀行及借款融資以及保理貸 款,本集團已抵押或折現以下資產:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade and bills receivables Pledged bank deposits Ownership interests in land and	貿易應收款項及應收票據 已抵押銀行存款 土地及樓宇所有權權益	29,361 251,071	30,040 81,165
building		56,792	59,872
Total	總計	337,224	171,077

### **35. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities within the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from period year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of borrowings, net of bank balances and cash and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure of the Group periodically. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through capital injection as well as the raise of additional borrowings as additional capital or the redemption of existing debt.

### 35. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本以確保本集團旗下實 體將能夠繼續持續經營,同時透過優化 債務及股權之平衡讓股東的回報最大化。 本集團的整體策略於年內保持不變。

本集團的資本架構包括借款,並已扣除 銀行結餘及現金及本公司擁有人應佔權 益(包括股本及儲備)。

本公司董事定期檢討本集團之資本架構。 作為是項檢討的一部份,本公司董事考 慮資本成本及與各類資本有關的風險。 本集團將根據本公司董事之推薦建議, 透過注資及籌集額外借款作為額外資金 或償還現有債務以平衡其整體資本架構。

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### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

# **36.** 金融工具

### (a) Categories of financial instruments

(a) 金融工具之分類

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益		
	的金融資產	-	285,650
Loans and receivables/at amortised	貸款及應收款項/		
cost (including bank balances	按攤銷成本計量		
and cash)	之款項(包括銀		
	行結餘及現金)	638,492	836,365
		638,492	1,122,015
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities measured at	按攤銷成本計量之		
amortised cost	金融負債	730,075	1,170,462

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and bills receivables, other receivables, pledged bank deposits, restricted deposits, financial assets at FVTPL, bank balances and cash, trade and bills payables, accruals and other payables, borrowings and lease liabilities.

Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments included credit risk, currency risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括貿易應 收款項及應收票據、其他應收款項、 已抵押銀行存款、受限制存款、按 公平值計入損益的金融資產、銀行 結餘及現金、貿易應付款項及應付 票據、應計費用及其他應付款項、 借款及租賃負債。

有關該等金融工具的詳情於相關附 註披露。與該等金融工具相關的風 險包括信貸風險、貨幣風險、利率 風險及流動資金風險。有關如何減 低該等風險的政策載於下文。管理 層管理及監察該等風險,以確保及 時有效地實施適當措施。

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### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- 36. 金融工具(續)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk

### (i) Currency risk

The Group's major operating subsidiary has foreign currency sales, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

As the Group had no material foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities at 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, no significant impacts on the results of the Group would arise from the changes in foreign currency rates, accordingly sensitivity analysis in this respect is not presented.

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
  - 市場風險
  - (i) 貨幣風險
    - 本集團主要經營附屬公司擁有 外幣銷售,使本集團面臨外幣 風險。本集團現時並無外幣對 沖政策。然而,管理層會持續 監控外匯風險並將於有需要時 考慮對沖重大外幣風險。

由於本集團於二零二零年十二 月三十一日和二零一九年十二 月三十一日並無重大外幣計價 的貨幣資產和負債,故外幣匯 率的變動不會對本集團的業績 產生重大影響,因此並無就此 進行敏感度分析。

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### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### 36. 金融工具(續)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

### (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to certain fixed rate borrowings (Note 27) and certain pledged bank deposits (Note 22). The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider other necessary actions when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to certain variable-rate pledged bank deposits (Note 22), bank balances (Note 24) and variable-rate bank borrowings (Note 27). It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowing at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of PBOC benchmark lending rate arising from the Group's variable-rate bank borrowings which are denominated in RMB.

#### Sensitivity analysis

In the management's opinion, the Group does not have material interest rate risk exposure and hence no sensitivity analysis is presented.

- (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)
  - 市場風險(續)
  - (ii) 利率風險

本集團就若干固定利率借款(附 註27)及若干已抵押銀行存款 (附註22)面臨公平值利率風險。 本集團現時並無利率對沖政策。 然而,管理層會監控利率風險 並將於預計面臨重大利率風險 時採取其他必要措施。

本集團亦就若干浮息已抵押銀 行存款(附註22)、銀行結餘(附 註24)及浮息銀行借款(附註 27)面臨現金流量利率風險。本 集團的政策是以浮息借款,藉 以盡量減少公平值利率風險。

本集團的金融負債利率風險詳 情載於本附註流動資金風險管 理一節。本集團現金流量利率 風險主要集中在本集團以人民 幣計值的浮息銀行借款的中國 人民銀行基準貸款利率波動。

敏感度分析

管理層認為,本集團並無重大 利率風險,故並無呈列敏感度 分析。

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### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### Credit risk

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties provided by the Group is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts.

In determining the ECL for trade and bills receivables, the management of the Group has taken into account the historical default experience and forward-looking information and concluded that credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding trade and bills receivables are insignificant.

The Group applies the simplified approach to assess the expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected credit loss for all trade and bills receivables. The Group determines the ECL on an individual basis and/or collectively by using a provision matrix, estimated based on historical credit loss experience, as well as the general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

### 36. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本 集團因對手方未能履行責任(本集團 已就此作出撥備)而可能面臨財務虧 損的最高信貸風險,來自綜合財務 狀況表所述各已確認金融資產的賬 面值。

為將信貸風險降至最低,本集團管 理層已委派團隊負責釐定信貸額度、 信貸審批及其他監察程序,以確保 採取跟進措施收回逾期債務。

就貿易應收款項及應收票據釐定預 期信貸虧損時,本集團管理層已計 及過往違約經驗及前瞻性資料,認 為本集團未償還貿易應收款項及應 收票據的固有信貸風險不重大。

本集團按香港財務報告準則第9號 規定應用簡化方法評估預期信貸虧 損,該準則准許就所有貿易應收款 項及應收票據採用全期預期信貸虧 損。本集團運用撥備矩陣(基於過往 信貸虧損經驗以及債務人經營行業 的整體經濟狀況估計)按個別基準 及/或組合基準釐定預期信貸虧損。 就此而言,本公司董事認為本集團 的信貸風險已大幅減少。

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### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk (Continued)

In order to minimise the credit risk of other receivables, the Group's management continuously monitors the level of exposure to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual receivable at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on liquid funds is considered minimal as such amounts are placed with banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical location is mainly in China, which accounted for 12% (2019: India 23%) of the total trade and bill receivables respectively as at 31 December 2020.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 23% (31 December 2019: 32%) of the total trade and bills receivables was due from the Group's largest trade debtor as at 31 December 2020:and 49% (31 December 2019: 67%) of the total trade and bills receivables was due from the Group's five largest trade debtors as at 31 December 2020.

### 36. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 信貸風險(續)

為盡量降低其他應收款項,本集團 管理層持續監控風險水平,確保採 取後續措施收回逾期債務。此外, 本集團於各報告期末審閱各個別應 收款項的可收回金額,以確保就不 可收回金額作出足夠的減值虧損。 就此而言,本公司董事認為本集團 的信貸風險已大幅減少。

流動資金的信貸風險被視為甚微, 因為該等款項存放於國際信貸評級 機構指派的高信貸評級銀行。

本集團按地理位置劃分的信貸風 險主要集中在中國,於二零二零年 十二月三十一日分別佔貿易應收款 項及應收票據總額的12%(二零一九 年:印度23%)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 貿易應收款項及應收票據總額的 23%(二零一九年十二月三十一日: 32%) 為應收本集團最大銷貨客戶款 項,故本集團擁有集中信貸風險。 於二零二零年十二月三十一日, 貿易應收款項及應收票據總額的 49%(二零一九年十二月三十一日: 67%)為應收本集團五大銷貨客戶款 項。

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### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, the Group relies on borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. The management monitors the utilisation of borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The maturity dates for non-derivative financial liabilities are prepared based on the agreed repayment dates. Specifically, borrowings with a repayment on demand clause are included in "Less than 1 year or on demand" band regardless of the probability of the financial institution choosing to exercise their rights.

The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curve at the end reporting period.

### 36. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險

為管理流動資金風險,本集團監控 及維持管理層認為足以支付本集團 營運的現金及現金等價物水平,並 減輕現金流量波動的影響。此外, 本集團亦將借貸視為重要的流動資 金來源。管理層監督借貸的使用情 況,確保遵守貸款契據。

下表詳列本集團非衍生金融負債之 餘下合約到期情況。該表根據本集 團須付款之最早日期之金融負債中 未折現現金流量編製。非衍生金融 負債之到期日期乃根據協定還款日 期編製。尤其是,「少於一年或按要 求」組別包括按要求償還條款之借款 (不論金融機構選擇行使其權利之可 能性)。

表格包括利息及主要現金流量。倘 利息流量為浮息,則未貼現金額源 自報告期末的利率曲線。

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# 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

36. 金融工具(續)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued) Liquidity table 流動資金風險(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

流動資金表格

		More than	More than			
	Less than	1 year but not	two year but		Total	
	1 year or	exceeding	not exceeding	More than	undiscounted	Carrying
	on demand	two years	five years	five years	cash flows	Amount
	少於一年	一年以上但	兩年以上但		未貼現	
	或按要求	不超過兩年	不超過五年	五年以上	現金流量總額	賬面值
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
於二零二零年						
十二月三十一日						
貿易應付款項及						
應付票據	591,972	-	-	-	591,972	591,972
應計費用及其他應付						
款項	84,585	-	-	-	84,585	84,585
租賃負債	6,754	183	-	-	6,937	6,653
借款	35,900	3,309	10,777	7,954	57,940	53,518
	719,211	3,492	10,777	7,954	741,434	736,728
		M 11	NA 11			
		More than	More than			
	Less than	1 year but not	two years but	Mara than	Total	Comins
	1 year or	1 year but not exceeding	two years but not exceeding	More than	undiscounted	
	1 year or on demand	1 year but not exceeding two years	two years but not exceeding five years	More than five years	undiscounted cash flows	
	1 year or on demand 少於一年或	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上	five years	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現	Amount
	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年	five years 五年以上	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額	Amouni 賬面值
	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求 RMB'000	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年 RMB'000	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年 RMB'000	five years 五年以上 RMB'000	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額 RMB'000	Amoun 賬面值 RMB'000
	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年	five years 五年以上	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額	Carrying Amount 賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求 RMB'000	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年 RMB'000	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年 RMB'000	five years 五年以上 RMB'000	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額 RMB'000	Amount 賬面值 RMB'000
十二月三十一日	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求 RMB'000	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年 RMB'000	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年 RMB'000	five years 五年以上 RMB'000	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額 RMB'000	Amount 賬面值 RMB'000
	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求 RMB'000	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年 RMB'000	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年 RMB'000	five years 五年以上 RMB'000	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額 RMB'000	Amount 賬面值 RMB'00C 人民幣千元
<b>十二月三十一日</b> 貿易應付款項及	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年 RMB'000	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年 RMB'000	five years 五年以上 RMB'000	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Amount 賬面值 RMB'000
<b>十二月三十一日</b> 貿易應付款項及 應付票據	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年 RMB'000	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年 RMB'000	five years 五年以上 RMB'000	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Amount 賬面值 RMB'00C 人民幣千元
十二月三十一日 貿易應付款項及 應付票據 應計費用及其他	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元 876,707	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年 RMB'000	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年 RMB'000	five years 五年以上 RMB'000	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 876,707	Amoun 賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元 876,707
十二月三十一日 貿易應付款項及 應付票據 應計費用及其他 應付款項	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元 876,707 87,498	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年 RMB'000	five years 五年以上 RMB'000	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 876,707 87,498	Amouni 賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元 876,707 87,498
十二月三十一日 貿易應付款項及 應付票據 應計費用及其他 應付款項 租賃負債	1 year or on demand 少於一年或 按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元 876,707 87,498 12,602	1 year but not exceeding two years 一年以上 但不超過兩年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	two years but not exceeding five years 兩年以上 但不超過五年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	five years 五年以上 RMB'000 人民幣千元 - -	undiscounted cash flows 未貼現 現金流量總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 876,707 87,498 18,441	Amoun 賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元 876,707 87,498 17,644
	十二月三十一日 貿易應付款項及 應付票據 應計費用及其他應付 款項 租賃負債	1 year or         on demand         少於一年         或按要求         RMB'000         人民幣千元         於二零二零年         十二月三十一日         貿易應付款項及         應付票據         591,972         應計費用及其他應付         款項         路4,585         租賃負債         6,754         借款	Less than         1 year or           exceeding on demand         two years           少於一年         一年以上但           或按要求         不超過兩年           RMB'000         RMB'000           人民幣千元         人民幣千元           放二零二零年         人民幣千元           十二月三十一日         貿易應付款項及 應付票據           應付票據         591,972           一         名4,585           和賃負債         6,754           借款         35,900           35,900         3,309	Less than         1 year but not         two year but not exceeding           1 year or         exceeding         not exceeding           1 year or         exceeding         five years           少於一年         一年以上但         兩年以上但           或按要求         不超過兩年         不超過五年           RMB'000         RMB'000         RMB'000           人民幣千元         人民幣千元         人民幣千元           第二零二零年         +         -           十二月三十一日         貿易應付款項及         591,972         -           應計費用及其他應付         591,972         -         -           租賃負債         6,754         183         -           借款         35,900         3,309         10,777	Less than         1 year but not         two year but two years         More than not exceeding         More than five years           の demand         two years         five years         five years         five years           少於一年         一年以上但         兩年以上但          五年以上           或按要求         不超過兩年         不超過五年         五年以上           RMB'000         RMB'000         RMB'000         RMB'000           人民幣千元         人民幣千元         人民幣千元         人民幣千元           第二零二零年         十二月三十一日         貿易應付款項及 應付票據         591,972         -         -           酸計費用及其他應付 款項         84,585         -         -         -           租賃負債         6,754         183         -         -           借款         35,900         3,309         10,777         7,954	Less than         1 year but not 1 year or         two year but exceeding         mot exceeding five years         More than five years         undiscounted cash flows           少於一年         一年以上但         兩年以上但         末貼現           或按要求         不超過兩年         不超過五年         五年以上         現金流量總額           RMB'000         RMB'000         RMB'000         RMB'000         RMB'000           人民幣千元         人民幣千元         人民幣千元         人民幣千元         人民幣千元           放二零二零年 十二月三十一日 貿易應付款項及 應付票據         591,972         一         一         591,972           應付票據         591,972         -         -         591,972           應計費用及其他應付 款項         84,585         -         -         84,585           租賃負債         6,754         183         -         -         6,937           借款         35,900         3,309         10,777         7,954         57,940

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### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

### Liquidity risk (Continued)

Borrowings with a repayment on demand clause is included in the "less than 1 year or on demand" time band in the above maturity analysis. As at 31 December 2020, the aggregate undiscounted principal amounts of these borrowings amounted to RMB34,463,000 (2019: RMB164,032,000). Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors of the Company do not believe that it is probable that the financial institutions will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment. The directors of the Company believe that such borrowings will be repaid in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements. At that time, the aggregate principal and interest cash outflows will amount to approximately RMB37,076,000 (2019: RMB184,153,000). All borrowings with a "repayable on demand clause" are with scheduled repayment of less than 1 year.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities are subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of reporting period.

### 36. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險(續)

包含按要求償還條款的借款計入上 述到期分析「少於一年或按要求」 時間範圍內。於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,該等借款的未貼現本金 總額為人民幣34,463,000元(二零 一九年:人民幣164,032,000元)。 經考慮本集團財務狀況,本公司。 經考處本集機構不會行使彼司董 關借款將根據貸款協議所載之 計劃還款日期償還。屆時,本金及 利息現金流出總額將為約人民幣 37,076,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 184,153,000元)。所有附帶「按要求 償還條款」的借款計劃於一年內償還。

如浮息變動有別於報告期末釐定的 估計利率,則上列非衍生金融負債 的浮息工具金額會有所改變。

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### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (c) Fair values measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period for recurring measurement, grouped into Level 2 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable in accordance with the Group's accounting policy.

# 36. 金融工具(續)

# (c) 於綜合財務狀況表確認之公 平值計量

下表提供金融工具之分析,乃按就 經常性計量於各報告期末之公平值 計量,並根據本集團會計政策基於 公平值可觀察之程度分類為第二級別。

		2020	2019
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Financial assets at FVTPL	按公平值計入損益的金融資產		
Structured deposits	結構性存款	-	285,650

The valuation method for fair value measurement of structure deposits refers to the price quotation from the issuing banks.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of other financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair value due to their immediate or short-term maturities.

There were no transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy in the current and prior years.

結構性存款公平值計量使用的估值 方法指發行銀行的報價。

本公司董事認為,按攤銷成本於綜 合財務報表入賬之其他金融資產及 金融負債之賬面值與彼等之公平值 相若,乃由於彼等為即時或短期到期。

於本年度及過往年度,公平值層級 間並無轉撥。

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# **37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

# 37. 關聯方交易

- (a) Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, during the years, the Group has entered into the following transactions with related companies.
- (a) 除綜合財務報表其他章節所披露者 外,於年內,本集團與關聯公司訂 立以下交易:

Related companies	關聯公司	Nature of transaction	交易性質	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Shenzhen Mars	深圳火星	Sales	銷售	751	-

*Note:* These transactions were carried out at terms determined and agreed by the Group and the relevant parties.

(b) During the year ended 31 December 2019, a joint personal guarantee on a banking facility of approximately RMB 70,092,000 by the controlling shareholders of the Company, have been replaced by corporate guarantee from the Company upon Listing.

# (c) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors of the Company and other members of key management during the year was as follows: *附註:*該等交易按本集團及相關訂約方釐定及 協定之條款進行。

(b) 截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度,本公司控股股東就銀行融資 約人民幣70,092,000元的共同個人 擔保於上市後由本公司的公司擔保 取代。

# (c) 主要管理人員之薪酬

本公司董事及其他主要管理人員於 本年度的薪酬如下:

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	短期福利 離職後福利	2,115 81	2,168 167
		2,196	2,335

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### 38. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

38. 有關本公司財務狀況表的資料

		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current Assets Interests in subsidiaries (Note a)	<b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司的權益 <i>(附註a)</i>	65,287	72,118
		05,207	12,110
Current Assets	流動資產		
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	145	_
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	143	1,504
			1 50 4
		288	1,504
Current Liabilities	流動負債		
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	1,217	1,099
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	2,884	3,070
		4,101	4,169
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(3,813)	(2,665)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	61,474	69,453
Capital and Reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	8,945	8,945
Reserves <i>(Note b)</i>	成本 儲備 <i>(附註b)</i>	52,529	60,508
Total Equity (Deficiency in Equity)	權益總額(權益虧絀)	61,474	69,453

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### 38. INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

# 38. 有關本公司財務狀況表的資料

指金額低於人民幣1,000元。

### (a) Interests in subsidiaries

### (a) 於附屬公司的權益

0		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Unlisted investment, at cost Amount due from a subsidiary	非上市投資(按成本) 應收附屬公司款項	_* 65,287	_* 72,118
		65,287	72,118

\* Represent amount less than RMB1, 000

(b) Reserves of the Company

### (b) 本公司儲備

\*

		Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated loss 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2018 and	於二零一八年十二月			
1 January 2019	三十一日及			
	二零一九年一月一日	-	(6,148)	(6,148)
Loss and total comprehensive	年內虧損及全面開支			
expense for the year	總額	-	(22,783)	(22,783)
Issue of shares by way of	以全球發售的方式發行			
global offering	股份	109,577	-	109,577
Transaction cost attributable	發行新股份應佔交易			
to issue of new shares	成本	(13,435)	-	(13,435)
Capitalisation issue	資本化發行	(6,703)	-	(6,703)
At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	於二零一九年十二月 三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日	89,439	(28,931)	60,508
Loss and total comprehensive	年內虧損及全面開支	,	(,)	,
expense for the year	總額	-	(7,979)	(7,979)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年			
	十二月三十一日	89,439	(36,910)	52,529

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# 39. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

# 39. 附屬公司之詳情

# (a) General information of subsidiaries

(a)	附屬	公司的	一般資料
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Name of subsidiaries	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及	Equity interes power attri the Cor	butable to	Principal activity	
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立/ 成立地點及日期	出版 10 次 徽 足 股 本 / 註 冊 資 本	本公司應 權益及		主要業務	
			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年		
Directly held 直接持有						
Grace Kirin <sup>1</sup>	BVI 28 June 2018	USD1	100%	100%	Investment holding	
俊麟1	英屬處女群島 二零一八年 六月二十八日	1美元	100%	100%	投資控股	
Indirectly held 間接持有						
Sprocomm Intelligence (HK) Limited <sup>2</sup>	Hong Kong 27 August 2018	HK\$10,000	100%	100%	Investment holding	
禾苗智能控股有限公司 <sup>2</sup>	香港 二零一八年 八月二十七日	10,000港元	100%	100%	投資控股	
Shenzhen Sprocomm*3	PRC 16 September 2009	RMB55,556,000	100%	100%	Trading of feature phones and smart phone	
深圳禾苗3	中國 二零零九年 九月十六日	人民幣 55,556,000元	100%	100%	買賣功能型手機及 智能手機	
Shanghai Sprocomm*4	PRC 24 November 2009	RMB2,000,000	100%	100%	Research and development of cloud computing and related technology	
上海禾苗4	中國 二零零九年 十一月二十四日	人民幣 2,000,000元	100%	100%	研發雲計算及 相關技術	

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### **39. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES** (Continued)

# 39. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

- (a) General information of subsidiaries (Continued)
- (a) 附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及	Equity interes power attrib the Con	outable to	Principal activity
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立/ 成立地點及日期	繳足股本/ 註冊資本	本公司應 權益及抄		主要業務
			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	
Guizhou Sprocomm*4	PRC 8 June 2016	RMB5,000,000	100%	100%	Research and development of cloud computing and related technology
貴州禾苗4	中國 二零一六年 六月八日	人民幣 5,000,000元	100%	100%	研發雲計算及 相關技術
Chengdu Sprocomm*4	PRC 2 August 2017	RMB15,000,000	66.67%	66.67%	Research and development of cloud computing and related technology
成都禾苗⁴	中國 二零一七年 八月二日	人民幣 15,000,000元	66.67%	66.67%	研發雲計算及 相關技術
HK Sprocomm <sup>2</sup>	Hong Kong 15 January 2016	USD50,000	100%	100%	Trading of feature phones and smart phone
香港禾苗2	香港 二零一六年 一月十五日	50,000美元	100%	100%	買賣功能型手機及 智能手機
Sprocomm Technologies India <sup>5</sup>	India 24 August 2016	INR145,647	82.03%	82.03%	Customer service and technical support
Sprocomm Technologies India <sup>5</sup>	印度 二零一六年 八月二十四日	145,647 印度盧比	82.03%	82.03%	客戶服務及技術支持
Guizhou Mars*4	PRC 29 June 2016	RMB5,000,000	100%	100%	Research and development of cloud computing and
貴州火星4	中國 二零一六年 六月二十九日	人民幣 5,000,000元	100%	100%	related technology 研發雲計算及 相關技術

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### 39. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

# (Continued)

# 39. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

- (a) General information of subsidiaries (Continued)
- (a) 附屬公司的一般資料(續)

Name of subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱	Place and date of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/ 成立地點及日期	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及 繳足股本/ 註冊資本	Equity interest and voting power attributable to the Company 本公司應佔股本 權益及投票權		Principal activity 主要業務	
			2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年		
Liuzhou Sprocomm*4 (former known as "Liuzhou Spiking")	PRC 1 September 2017	RMB100,000,000	100%	100%	Manufacturing of feature phones and smart phones	
柳州禾苗4 (前稱「柳州思普康」)	中國 二零一七年 九月一日	人民幣 100,000,000元	100%	100%	製造功能型手機及 智能手機	
Sprocomm Intelligence Technologies Limited	PRC 24 December 2019	RMB20,000,000	100%	100%	Research and development of cloud computing and	
Sprocomm Intelligence Technologies Limited	中國 二零一九年 十二月二十四日	人民幣 20,000,000元	100%	100%	related technology 研發雲計算及 相關技術	
Shanghai Hai Huan Ming Chong Limited Shanghai Hai Huan Ming Chong Limited	PRC 1 June 2020 中國 二零二零年 六月一日	RMB 2,100,000 人民幣 2,100,000元	70% 70%	N/A 不適用	Software development company 軟件開發公司	
* The English name is	for identification only.		*	英文名稱僅供講	戦別。	
<sup>1</sup> Company with limit Islands.	ted liabilities incorpora	ted in British Virgin	1	於英屬處女群島	島註冊成立的有限公司。 -	
<sup>2</sup> Company with limite	ed liabilities incorporated	in Hong Kong.	2	於香港註冊成立	工的有限公司。	
<sup>3</sup> Wholly foreign owne	ed enterprises establishe	d in the PRC.	3	於中國成立的外	卜商獨資企業。	
<sup>4</sup> Company with limite	ed liabilities established i	n the PRC.	4	於中國成立的有	可限公司。	
<sup>5</sup> Company with limite	ed liabilities incorporated	in India.	5	於印度成立的有	可限公司。	
All subsidiaries now liability companies a as their financial yea Technologies India y March.	and have adopted r end date, except	d 31 December t for Sprocomm	為 祖 日 仲 Spr	有限公司並持 作為彼等之財 ocomm Techr	之所有附屬公司均 采納十二月三十一 ↑政年度結算日(惟 hologies India除外・ 三月三十一日)。	

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# **39. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES**

### (Continued)

# (b) Details of non-wholly owned subsidiary that have non-controlling interest

The following table set out the summarised financial information of the non-wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group:

# 39. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

### (b) 擁有非控股權益的非全資附 屬公司詳情

下表載列本集團非全資附屬公司的 財務資料概要:

		at 31 De 於十二月	ghts held by ing interests ecember 三十一日	Loss allo non-controll for the ye 31 Dec	ing interests ear ended eember	Accumulated r interests at 3	1 December
		由非控股林 所有權權益及		截至十二月三 分配至非控胜		於十二月三 累計非担	
		2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Chengdu Sprocomm Individually immaterial subsidiary with non-controlling interest	成都禾苗 擁有非控股權益之個別非 重要附屬公司	33.33%	33.33%	23 172	1,231 4	2,064 (253)	2,092 (86)
Total	總計			195	1,235	1,811	2,006

The summarised financial information in respect of the Group's subsidiary that has non-controlling interest that is material to the Group, before intra-group eliminations:

擁有對本集團屬重要之非控股權益 的本集團附屬公司之財務資料(於集 團內公司間對銷前)概述如下:

Chengdu Sprocomm	成都禾苗	31/12/2020 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31/12/2019 二零一九年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current assets	流動資產	7,193	8,308
Non-current assets	非流動資產	47	79
Current liabilities	流動負債	(1,050)	(2,126)
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人		
the Company	應佔權益	4,126	4,169
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	2,064	2,092

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(b) Details of non-wholly owned subsidiary that have non-controlling interest

### 39. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

# 39. 附屬公司之詳情(續)

(Continued)

(Continued)

(b) 擁有非控股權益的非全資附 屬公司詳情(續)

		Year ended 31/12/2020 截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Year ended 31/12/2019 截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	164	11
Expense	開支	(234)	(3,458)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(70)	(3,447)
Loss and total comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company Loss and total comprehensive expense attributable to non- controlling interest	本公司擁有人應佔虧損 及全面開支總額 非控股權益應佔虧損 及全面開支總額	(47) (23)	(2,226) (1,231)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	年內虧損及全面開支 總額	(70)	(3,447)
Net cash outflow from operating activities Net cash inflow from investing activities Net cash inflow from financing activities	經營活動的現金流出 淨額 投資活動的現金流入 淨額 融資活動的現金流入 淨額	(281) 300 –	(2,811) 2,670 –
Net cash inflow (outflow)	現金流入(流出)淨額	19	(141)

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### 40. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the consolidated statements of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

# 40. 融資活動產生之負債對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動產生的負債變 動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動 產生的負債是指現金流量或未來現金流 量將在綜合現金流量表中分類為融資活 動現金流量的負債。

		<b>Borrowings</b> 借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Lease liabilities</b> 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 31 December 2018 and	於二零一八年十二月三十一日			
1 January 2019	及二零一九年一月一日	120,661	16,664	137,325
Non-cash movements	非現金變動			
New lease arrangement	新租賃安排	-	9,179	9,179
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	800	-	800
Finance costs incurred (Note 8)	已產生融資成本 <i>(附註8)</i>	11,100	860	11,960
Financing cash inflows	融資現金流入	343,421	-	343,421
Financing cash outflows	融資現金流出	(269,725)	(9,059)	(278,784)
As at 31 December 2019	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	206,257	17,644	223,901
As at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	206,257	17,644	223,901
Non-cash movements	非現金變動		001	001
New lease arrangement	新租賃安排	-	921	921
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整 □ 文生动波式士 (WHHO)	(1,491)	-	(1,491)
Finance costs incurred (Note 8)	已產生融資成本(附註8)	4,840	643	5,483
Financing cash inflows	融資現金流入	32,905	-	32,905
Financing cash outflows	融資現金流出	(188,993)	(12,555)	(201,548)
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	53,518	6,653	60,171

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### **41. LITIGATIONS**

41. 訴訟

During the reporting period, there were legal claims arising from the normal course of business being lodged against the Group and no specific claim amount has been specified in the applications of these claims except as detailed below. In the opinion of the directors of the Company and after consulting the legal professional advice, the ultimate liability under these claims would not have a material adverse impact on the financial position or results of the Group.

On 7 May 2019, an independent factoring company (the "**Plaintiff**") filed a lawsuit at Beijing Haidian District People's Court (the "**District Court**") against Shenzhen Sprocomm Technology Co., (Sprocomm Limited) and a customer of Shenzhen Sprocomm owing the factored accounts receivable (the "**First Defendant**") for the repayment of the outstanding accounts receivable under the factoring agreement in the amount of RMB29,200,000 (the "**Relevant Sum**") and the relevant interests.

Based on the legal opinion from the PRC lawyer which considered the Relevant Sum and previous payments from First Defendant to the Plaintiff, the directors of the Company estimated that the outstanding liability of Shenzhen Sprocomm amounted to be RMB17,073,000 (which is included in borrowings in the consolidated statement of financial position) plus the relevant interest, legal costs and court fees of an aggregate of approximately RMB 2,093,000 (31 December 2019: RMB1,767,000).

In December 2020, Shenzhen Sprocomm has received the judgement of the first trial from the District Court ruling it to repay the factored loan amount at approximately RMB26,805,000 and the relevant interest at approximately RMB3,303,000. Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, Shenzhen Sprocomm filed an appeal to the First Intermediate People's Court of Beijing Municipality in February 2021 and the court hearing date is not yet fixed. 於報告期間,本集團於一般業務過程中 涉入一項法律索償,除下文詳述者外, 該等索償申請中無指明具體索償金額。 本公司董事經諮詢法律專業意見後認為, 該等索償之最終責任將不會對本集團之 財務狀況或業績造成重大不利影響。

於二零一九年五月七日,一間獨立保理 公司(「原告」)於北京市海淀區人民法院 (「區域法院」)就償還保理協議項下未償 還應收賬款人民幣29,200,000元(「相關 款項」)及相關利息針對深圳禾苗通信科 技有限公司(禾苗有限公司)及一名結欠 保利應收賬款的深圳禾苗客戶(「第一被 告」)提起訴訟。

根據中國律師出具的法律意見,考慮到 相關款項及第一被告先前向原告支付的 款項,本公司董事估計深圳禾苗的未清 償負債為人民幣17,073,000元(已計入 綜合財務狀況表的借款),加上相關利 息、法律成本及法院開支合計約人民幣 2,093,000元(二零一九年十二月三十一 日:人民幣1,767,000元)。

於二零二零年十二月,深圳禾苗已收到 區域法院一審判決書,裁定其須償還保 理貸款金額約人民幣26,805,000元及相 關利息約人民幣3,303,000元。報告期結 束後,深圳禾苗於二零二一年二月向北 京市第一中級人民法院提起上訴,法院 開庭日期尚未確定。

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### 41. LITIGATIONS (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2020, the legal proceeding is still in progress and additional provision of RMB326,000 was made by the directors of the Company, with reference to legal opinion obtained and available information. The provision was recognised in the administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and other payable in the consolidated statements of financial position.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had provision for litigation of approximately RMB2,093,000 (31 December 2019: RMB1,767,000) included in other payables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

As at 31 December 2020, aggregate bank balances of approximately RMB16,210,000 in Shenzhen Sprocomm were being frozen by banks as the respective banks had received notice from court with regard to the litigation claim. Such bank balances were included in restricted deposits in the consolidated statement of financial position.

As at the date of this report, the legal proceeding is still in progress. The directors of the Company, with reference to the legal opinion obtained and available information, considered that the provision has adequately covered the maximum exposure including of total claims and legal cost of the case. In addition, in connection with the listing of the Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, a deed of indemnity was signed on 18 October 2019, pursuant to which the Controlling Shareholders, irrecoverably and unconditionally undertakes to jointly pay up the entire sum or the shortfall and other costs and expenses which may be made, suffered, or incurred in relation to this litigation in progress.

### 41. 訴訟(續)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 法律程序仍在進行中,本公司董事參考 已取得的法律意見及現有資料,額外計 提撥備人民幣326,000元。該項撥備已在 綜合損益表的行政開支及綜合財務狀況 表的其他綜合收入及其他應付款項中確認。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團 法律訴訟之撥備約為人民幣2,093,000元 (二零一九年十二月三十一日:人民幣 1,767,000元),計入綜合財務狀況表的 其他應付款項內。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,由於 各銀行已收到法院有關訴訟索賠的通 知,深圳禾苗的銀行結餘總額約人民幣 16,210,000元已被銀行凍結。該等銀行餘 額已計入綜合財務狀況表的受限制存款中。

於本報告日期,法律訴訟程序仍在推進。 本公司董事經參考已獲取之法律意見及 可用資料認為,撥備已足以覆蓋該案件 最高風險(包括總索償及法律成本)。 此外,就本公司在香港聯合交易所有限 公司主板上市,一份彌償契據已於二零 一九年十月十八日簽署,據此控股股東 不可撤回及無條件承諾共同支付因此項 仍在推進的訴訟而可能作出、遭受或產 生的全部款項或差額及其他費用及開支。 Sprocomm Intelligence Limited