



易生活控股有限公司 Elife Holdings Limited

Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability
於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司

STOCK CODE 股份代號:223

Annual Report
2021
年報



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Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors:

Zhang Xiaobin (Chairman)
Gao Feng (Vice-Chairman)
Chiu Sui Keung (Chief Executive Officer)
Sun Qiang (Chief Technology Officer) (Resigned on 24 March 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond
Lam Williamson
Wong Hoi Kuen
Lam Lee G.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Lam Williamson (Chairman)
Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond
Wong Hoi Kuen

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Lam Williamson (Chairman)
Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond
Chiu Sui Keung

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond (Chairman)
Lam Williamson
Wong Hoi Kuen

COMPANY SECRETARY

Chow Chi Fai

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 806, Level 8, Core D,
Cyberport 3, 100 Cyberport Road,
Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square,
Hutchins Drive,
P.O. Box 2681,
Grand Cayman KY1-1111,
Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited
Certified Public Accountants
31/F., Gloucester Tower, The Landmark,
11 Pedder Street, Central, Hong Kong

SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Tengis Limited
Level 54, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISERS

Loong & Yeung Solicitors
Room 1603, 16/F, China Building,
29 Queen's Road Central, Central,
Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

00223

董事會

執行董事：

張曉彬 (主席)
高峰 (副主席)
趙瑞強 (行政總裁)
孫強 (首席技術官) (於二零二一年三月二十四日辭任)

獨立非執行董事：

鄭永強
林全智
黃海權
林家禮

審核委員會

林全智 (主席)
鄭永強
黃海權

薪酬委員會

林全智 (主席)
鄭永強
趙瑞強

提名委員會

鄭永強 (主席)
林全智
黃海權

公司秘書

周志輝

香港主要營業地點

香港數碼港道100號
數碼港3座
D區8樓806室

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square,
Hutchins Drive,
P.O. Box 2681,
Grand Cayman KY1-1111,
Cayman Islands

主要來往銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司

核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司
香港執業會計師
香港中環畢打街11號
置地廣場告羅士打大廈31字樓

股份登記處

卓佳登捷時有限公司
香港皇后大道東183號
合和中心54樓

法律顧問

龍炳坤、楊永安律師行
香港
中環皇后大道中29號
華人行16樓1603室

股份代號

00223

Corporate Profile

公司簡介

Elife Holdings Limited (the “Company”, together with its subsidiaries, the “Group”) is principally engaged in commodities trading, sales, marketing and brand building of anti-epidemic and daily cleaning products businesses across Greater China as well as the provision of esmart digital services. It has also been expanding its businesses into the consumer products market conforming to the Group’s business principle of “making life easier and benefiting people’s livelihood” (易生活，惠民生).

The Group has been managing the following businesses:

COMMODITIES TRADING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group continues to focus on sourcing domestic quality products as well as metals commodities for sale to retail channels or lower-tier agents in the People’s Republic of China (the “PRC”). To rapidly expand the customer base and trading volume as well as to broaden different types of product categories, the Group continues to adopt a low margin strategy which attracts more sales channels for cooperation. The profit margin for trading business had improved due to an increase in the variety of products and new customers during the year.

DAILY CLEANING AND ANTI-EPIDEMIC PRODUCTS BUSINESS

On 31 July 2020, the Company and Mr. Zhu Qian (“Mr. Zhu”) entered into the cooperation agreement to establish a joint venture group (the “Joint Venture Group”) which possesses the brand “易安生”/“E’ANSN” and the supply chain including the formula, brand and package design of the anti-epidemic and daily cleaning products and is principally engaged in the sale, marketing and brand building of such products in the PRC and overseas. The Joint Venture Group also has further differentiated and expanded its business by developing the sales and marketing of personal healthcare, protective products (e.g. medical diagnostic test kit of COVID-19 and surgical gloves and nitrile gloves).

The Joint Venture Group was set up in August 2020 in which the Company holds 26.01% effective interest. The Company controls the Joint Venture Group and thus its financial results have been consolidated into the financial statements of the Company.

LICENSED BRANDED WATCHES BUSINESS

On 29 June 2020, the Company entered into a cooperation agreement with Mr. Chen Yulong and Mr. Chan Tim Hung to establish a joint venture group which is principally engaged in the sale of mechanical and quartz watches under licensed brands in the PRC and Taiwan, such as “ROYALELASTICS”, “ARSA” and “JOE-JOE”. The joint venture group set up its own sales channels through direct export sales, self-operate e-commerce app, live video streaming channel and third-party e-commerce apps such as Taobao or Tmall.

The joint venture group was set up in July 2020 and the Company holds 26.01% effective interest. The Company controls the joint venture group and thus its financial results have been consolidated into the financial statements of the Company. The joint venture group commenced its operation in the middle of July 2020.

ESMART DIGITAL SERVICES

Esmart Group (that is, Admiral Glory Global Limited and its subsidiaries) leverages on the intelligentisation of retail information as its core technology and relies on the combined application of internet, cloud computing, artificial intelligence and big data to create a brand-new platform that is closely integrated with traditional industries. With digital marketing solution as service objective and retailers as the service object, the Group provides an integrated software and hardware store management system and an information marketing solution, and is an advanced online-to-offline smart retail service provider.

易生活控股有限公司 (「本公司」，連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」) 主要於大中華地區從事防疫和日用清潔品之商品貿易、銷售、行銷及品牌建設，以及提供智能數據服務。其亦正在拓展其業務至消費品市場，以配合本集團「易生活，惠民生」之經營原則。

本集團管理以下業務：

商品貿易業務

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團繼續專注採購本地優質產品及金屬商品，以銷往中華人民共和國 (「中國」) 各零售渠道或較下層之代理商。為快速擴展客戶基礎及貿易量，以及擴大產品種類，本集團繼續採取低利潤策略，以吸引更多銷售合作渠道。貿易業務之利潤率因年內產品種類增加及獲得新客戶而上升。

日用清潔和防疫用品業務

於二零二零年七月三十一日，本公司與朱其安先生 (「朱先生」) 訂立合作協議，以成立一間擁有「易安生」/「E’ANSN」品牌以及防疫和日用清潔品之配方、品牌及包裝設計等過程之供應鏈，並主要於中國及海外從事該等產品之銷售、行銷及品牌建設之合營企業集團 (「該合營企業集團」)。該合營企業集團亦通過拓展個人保健和防護產品 (如COVID-19醫療診斷測試套件及手術手套和丁腈手套等) 之銷售及行銷，進一步區分並擴大其業務。

該合營企業集團已於二零二零年八月成立，而本公司持有其26.01%實際權益。本公司控制該合營企業集團，其財務業績因此已綜合計入本公司財務報表。

特許品牌手錶業務

於二零二零年六月二十九日，本公司與陳昱龍先生及陳添雄先生訂立合作協議，以成立一間主要於中國及台灣銷售不同特許品牌的機械及石英手錶之合營企業集團，品牌包括ROYALELASTICS、ARSA及JOE-JOE等。上述合營企業集團透過直接進口銷售、自營電商APP、直播串流頻道及第三方電商APPs (如淘寶或天貓) 等不同方式，建立自身之銷售渠道。

上述合營企業集團已於二零二零年七月成立，而本公司持有其26.01%實際權益。本公司控制上述合營企業集團，其財務業績因此已綜合計入本公司財務報表。上述合營企業集團於二零二零年七月中旬開始營運。

智能數據服務

惠付通集團 (即Admiral Glory Global Limited及其附屬公司) 以零售資料智慧化為核心技術，並依靠互聯網、雲計算、人工智慧和大量數據的組合應用，開創一個全新的，與傳統實業緊密結合的平台。並以數位行銷解決方案為服務目標及以零售終端用戶為服務物件，提供軟硬體一體化的店鋪管理系統及資料化行銷方案，是先進的線上線下結合的智慧零售服務提供者。

Financial Highlights

財務摘要

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Operating Performance		經營表現				
Turnover	營業額	276,040	54,789	89,373	153,039	19,450
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(28,931)	(95,945)	(161,177)	(144,506)	(154,767)
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損	(26,403)	(76,932)	(138,609)	(126,655)	(152,116)
Financial Position		財務狀況				
Total assets	資產總值	123,552	134,790	227,479	305,208	350,661
Cash reserves	現金儲備	14,590	16,201	19,383	7,867	132,453
Total bank borrowings	銀行借貸總額	-	-	329	-	-
Net cash reserves	現金儲備淨額	14,590	16,201	19,054	7,867	132,453
Shareholders' funds	股東資金	70,123	61,629	131,749	257,805	337,472

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

Dear Valued Shareholders,

First of all, I would like to thank everyone for your understanding and support over the years.

MARKET REVIEW

Despite signs of global slowdown, coupled with a challenging operating environment due to the COVID-19 pandemic and pressure posed by the US trade negotiation, the PRC has adopted hardline epidemic prevention measures together with a series of proactive fiscal policies to contain the spread of the pandemic and strengthen countercyclical adjustments. These policies have been well executed and China's economy managed to grow in 2020.

PROSPECT

The past year has been difficult for the Company as it has been working towards establishing a new business model, a technology platform and a new operational and technical team since the Company has changed its name, while it requires time to adjust and a large amount of capital to meet market changes and challenges. Through everyone's effort, the Company's business development has headed towards the expected direction. Although the profitability is still not satisfactory, the foundation for the direction of business development has been laid, and the Company's business is expected to make greater progress and have more room for expansion in the future.

We have taken various cost control measures earlier this year to retain more cash for the development of the Group's business. Such measures have saved approximately HK\$24,322,000 of operating costs during this year. At the same time, we have also taken the opportunity to increase its business activities in Greater China and set up two joint venture groups for the sale, marketing and brand-building of anti-epidemic and daily cleaning products and licensed branded watches in the PRC and overseas. As the demand for daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products will continue in the future, we have seized the opportunity of the pandemic to expand its daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products business and establish our own brand "易安生"/"E'ANSN" as our marketing persona, while adhering with the Group's business principle of "making life easier and benefiting people's livelihood" (易生活，惠民生). We expect that the daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products business will improve the future results of the Company.

In view of the huge consumer market, the continuous growth every year and the large-scale and gradual upgrade of the consumer market in the PRC, we are presented with great opportunities in relation to its future prospect and development. Therefore, we wish to look for opportunities to develop our own businesses and create a specific revenue model and generate revenue for the Company, thereby establishing the initial direction for the Company's development in the consumer market and livelihood related businesses in the PRC.

We hope for the continued understanding and support from our shareholders, and we will continue to work persistently to achieve results in return for your understanding and support.

Thank you!

Zhang Xiaobin
Chairman of the Board

Hong Kong, 29 June 2021

各位寶貴的股東：

首先，感謝大家一年來對公司工作的理解與支持！

市場回顧

儘管全球經濟出現放緩跡象，加上COVID-19的大流行及美國貿易談判帶來的壓力，經營環境充滿挑戰，但中國已採取強硬的防疫措施以及一系列積極的財政政策，以遏制疫情蔓延及加強逆週期調整。該等政策的執行情況良好，中國經濟於二零二零年仍錄得增長。

展望

過去一年，對於公司來說，是比較困難的一年，公司自從更改公司名稱之後，一直在建立新的經營模式，技術平台，組織新的運營與技術團隊，同時需要時間調整和投入大量的資金來迎接市場變化和挑戰。經過各方的努力，公司的業務已經進入了預期的發展方向，雖然盈利仍然不盡人意，但是已經打下了發展方向的基礎，預期公司業務在未來會有較大的進步和拓展業務的空間。

本公司在今年年初採取了各種成本控制措施，以保留更多現金作本集團業務發展。有關措施為今年節省營運成本約24,322,000港元。與此同時，本公司亦藉此機會增加在大中華地區之業務活動，並成立兩個合營企業集團，以於中國及海外進行防疫和日用清潔品及特許品牌手錶之銷售、行銷及品牌建設。未來，日用清潔和防疫用品的需求將會持續，本公司已抓緊疫情機會，擴大清潔和消毒產品業務，並建立自己的品牌「易安生」/「E'ANSN」作為市場推廣的方向，同時配合本集團「易生活，惠民生」之經營原則。本公司預期，日用清潔和防疫用品業務將改善本公司未來業績。

公司面對中國龐大的消費市場，每年持續增長和巨大規模消費市場的逐步升級，正是公司的前途和發展的巨大機會，因此公司希望可以看準機會，發展自己的業務並形成公司特定的收入模式和創造收入，從而奠定公司在中國消費市場和民生業務有關的初始發展方向。

我們希望得到廣大股東們一如既往的理解與支持，我們將通過堅持不懈的努力取得業績回報諸位。

謝謝！

董事會主席
張曉彬

香港，二零二一年六月二十九日

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group is principally engaged in commodities trading, sales, marketing and brand building of anti-epidemic and daily cleaning products businesses across Greater China as well as the provision of esmart digital services. It has also been expanding its businesses into the consumer products market conforming to the Group's business principle of "making life easier and benefiting people's livelihood" (易生活，惠民生).

COMMODITIES TRADING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company expanded its commodities trading into metals commodities, daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products and licensed branded watches in the PRC and overseas. The Joint Venture Group possesses the supply chain including the formula, brand and packages design of the anti-epidemic and daily cleaning products and engages in the sales, marketing and brand building of such products. It also has further differentiated and expanded its business by developing the sales and marketing of personal healthcare and protective products (e.g. medical diagnostic test kit for testing COVID-19 and surgical gloves and nitrile gloves). The profit margin for trading business has improved due to high margin of the daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products.

For the business of licensed branded watches, development of the official website of ROYALELASTICS and Wechat Mall of the AiShang e-buy is almost complete and the watches will be sold online starting from June or July 2021.

ESMART DIGITAL SERVICES

Esmart Group leverages on the intelligentisation of retail information as its core technology and relies on the combined application of internet, cloud computing, artificial intelligence and big data to create a brand-new platform that is closely integrated with traditional industries. With digital marketing solution as service objective and retailers as the service object, the Group provides an integrated software and hardware store management system and an information marketing solution, and is an advanced online-to-offline smart retail service provider.

業務回顧

本集團主要於大中華地區從事防疫和日用清潔品之商品貿易、銷售、行銷及品牌建設，以及提供智能數據服務。其亦正在拓展其業務至消費品市場，以配合本集團「易生活，惠民生」之經營原則。

商品貿易業務

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本公司拓展其商品貿易業務至涵蓋金屬商品、日用清潔和防疫用品及特許品牌手錶。該合營企業集團擁有防疫和日用清潔品之配方、品牌及包裝設計等過程之供應鏈，並從事該等產品之銷售、行銷及品牌建設。其亦通過拓展個人保健和防護產品（如COVID-19醫療診斷測試套件及手術手套和丁腈手套等）之銷售及行銷，進一步區分並擴大其業務。貿易業務之利潤率上升乃歸因於日用清潔和防疫用品之利潤較高。

特許品牌手錶業務方面，ROYALELASTICS之官方網站及愛尚易購之微信商城已接近開發完畢，各款手錶將於二零二一年六月或七月在線上銷售。

智能數據服務

惠付通集團以零售資料智慧化為核心技術，並依靠互聯網、雲計算、人工智慧和大數據的組合應用，開創一個全新的，與傳統實業緊密結合的平台。並以數位行銷解決方案為服務目標及以零售終端商戶為服務物件，提供軟硬體一體化的店鋪管理系統及資料化行銷方案，是先進的線上線下結合的智慧零售服務提供者。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

RESULTS ANALYSIS

REVENUE

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group recorded a turnover of approximately HK\$276,040,000 (2020: approximately HK\$54,789,000), representing an increase of approximately 4 times. The revenue was mainly generated from commodities trading and sales of anti-epidemic and daily cleaning products. The increase in revenue during the year was primarily due to (i) an increase in the sales volume of metals trading; (ii) the fact that the Group has been proactively increasing its business activities in the PRC by setting up two joint venture companies for the sale of daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products and licensed branded watches in the PRC and overseas. The revenue generated from the sales of daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products and licensed branded watches contributed approximately HK\$39,473,000 and approximately HK\$672,000 respectively for the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil and Nil respectively); and (iii) the Group increased its variety of products and customers.

More details of the Company's performance by business segments are set out in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

COST OF SALES

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the cost of sales of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$266,582,000 (2020: approximately HK\$56,514,000), representing approximately 96.6% (2020: approximately 103.2%) of the Group's revenue and an increase of approximately 3.7 times which is in line with the fluctuation of the turnover.

GROSS PROFIT/(LOSS) AND GROSS PROFIT/(LOSS) MARGIN

The Group's gross profit for the year ended 31 March 2021 was approximately HK\$9,458,000 (2020: gross loss approximately HK\$1,725,000). For the year ended 31 March 2021, the gross profit margin in commodities trading business was approximately 3.4% (2020: approximately 0.7%) and gross loss margin in esmart digital services was Nil (2020: gross loss margin approximately 867.5%). The increase of gross profit margin in commodities trading business was due to the sales of daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products with high margin during the year.

業績分析

收益

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團錄得營業額約276,040,000港元（二零二零年：約54,789,000港元），增加約4倍。收益主要來自商品貿易以及防疫和日用清潔品之銷售。本年度收益增加主要是由於(i)金屬貿易銷售量增加；(ii)本集團透過成立兩間合營企業公司，於中國及海外進行日用清潔和防疫用品及特許品牌手錶之銷售業務，以此積極增加在中國之業務活動。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度日用清潔和防疫用品之銷售業務及特許品牌手錶之銷售業務分別貢獻收益約39,473,000港元及約672,000港元（二零二零年：分別為無及無）；及(iii)本集團產品種類增加及獲得新客戶。

有關本公司業務分部表現之更多詳情載於綜合財務報表附註6。

銷售成本

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團之銷售成本約為266,582,000港元（二零二零年：約56,514,000港元），佔本集團收益約96.6%（二零二零年：約103.2%），並相當於增加約3.7倍，與營業額之變動一致。

毛利／（毛損）及毛利／（毛損）率

本集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之毛利約為9,458,000港元（二零二零年：毛損約1,725,000港元）。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，商品貿易業務之毛利率約為3.4%（二零二零年：約0.7%），智能數據服務之毛損率為零（二零二零年：毛損率約867.5%）。商品貿易業務之毛利率增加乃主要由於本年度銷售利潤較高之日用清潔和防疫用品。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

SELLING EXPENSES

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group recorded selling expenses of approximately HK\$994,000 (2020: approximately HK\$7,056,000). The decrease was mainly due to the scaling down of the esmart digital services segment in light of strong competition in the PRC. The Group also implemented cost control policy to lower the operating costs and streamline the workforce by cutting down the number of staff in the sales department. Thus, the selling expenses dropped accordingly in the current year.

OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

Other operating expenses incurred by the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 was approximately HK\$34,971,000 (2020: approximately HK\$80,346,000), representing a decrease of approximately 56.5%. The decrease was attributable to: (i) the cost-saving policy implemented by the Group under the COVID-19 outbreak, especially staff costs, legal and professional fees and other office expenses; and (ii) significant reduction of staff costs by approximately HK\$12.8 million as a result of streamlining the sales department by decreasing the number of sales personnel and the voluntary reduction of salary by the directors by 50%.

FINANCE COSTS

The finance costs incurred by the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 was approximately HK\$1,727,000 (2020: approximately HK\$570,000), representing an increase of approximately 203% (2020: approximately 24.7%). The increase was mainly due to the increase of the imputed interest expenses on shareholders' loan incurred during the year.

LOSS FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group recorded a loss attributable to shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") of approximately HK\$26,403,000 (2020: approximately HK\$76,932,000), representing a decrease of approximately 65.7%. Basic loss per Share was approximately HK0.9 cents (2020: approximately HK2.6 cents) for the year ended 31 March 2021. The substantial decrease in loss for the year was mainly due to the substantial drop in operating costs of approximately HK\$24 million after implementing the cost-saving measures during the year. In addition, the gross profit margin of the Group for the year was significantly improved as the COVID-19 pandemic led to a higher demand of the daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products.

銷售開支

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團錄得銷售開支約994,000港元（二零二零年：約7,056,000港元）。減少乃主要由於智能數據服務分部之規模在中國面對強勁競爭下有所縮小。本集團亦實施了成本控制政策，以減低營運成本及精簡人員，削減銷售部門之人員數目。因此，本年度之銷售開支同步下跌。

其他營運開支

本集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之其他營運開支約為34,971,000港元（二零二零年：約80,346,000港元），減少約56.5%。減少乃由於(i)因應COVID-19疫情爆發，本集團特別針對員工成本、法律及專業費用以及其他辦公室開支而實施成本節約政策；及(ii)通過削減銷售人員數目來精簡銷售部門，以及董事自願減薪50%，員工成本大幅下跌約12,800,000港元。

融資成本

本集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度產生融資成本約1,727,000港元（二零二零年：約570,000港元），上升約203%（二零二零年：約24.7%）。上升乃主要由於本年度產生之股東貸款推定利息開支增加。

本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團錄得本公司股東（「股東」）應佔虧損約26,403,000港元（二零二零年：約76,932,000港元），減少約65.7%。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之每股基本虧損約為0.9港仙（二零二零年：約2.6港仙）。本年度虧損顯著減少，主要是由於年內實施成本節約措施後，營運成本大幅下跌約24,000,000港元。此外，COVID-19疫情導致日用清潔和防疫用品之需求增加，致使本集團於本年度之毛利率明顯改善。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group derived its working capital mainly from financing activities. For the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group had net cash used in operating activities of approximately HK\$10,981,000 (2020: approximately HK\$22,963,000), net cash generated from investing activities of approximately HK\$264,000 (2020: approximately HK\$905,000) and net cash generated from financing activities of approximately HK\$8,331,000 (2020: approximately HK\$19,787,000). As at 31 March 2021, the Group had available cash and cash balances of approximately HK\$14,590,000 (2020: approximately HK\$16,201,000).

As at 31 March 2021, surplus on Shareholders' funds of the Group aggregately amounted to approximately HK\$70,123,000 (2020: approximately HK\$61,629,000). Net current assets of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$73,169,000 (2020: approximately HK\$45,174,000). The Group's total current assets and current liabilities were approximately HK\$108,340,000 (2020: approximately HK\$117,044,000) and HK\$35,171,000 (2020: approximately HK\$71,870,000) respectively, while the current ratio was approximately 3.1 times (2020: approximately 1.6 times). The Group's assets-liabilities ratio (total liabilities to total assets) was approximately 0.4 times (2020: approximately 0.5 times).

As at 31 March 2021, the Group's gearing ratio (total debts to total equity) was approximately 40.8% (2020: approximately 71.4%).

財務回顧

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

本集團之營運資金主要來自融資活動。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團經營業務動用之現金淨額約10,981,000港元(二零二零年：約22,963,000港元)、投資活動產生之現金淨額約為264,000港元(二零二零年：約905,000港元)及融資活動產生之現金淨額約為8,331,000港元(二零二零年：約19,787,000港元)。於二零二一年三月三十一日，本集團擁有現金及現金結餘約14,590,000港元(二零二零年：約16,201,000港元)。

於二零二一年三月三十一日，本集團之股東資金盈餘共約70,123,000港元(二零二零年：約61,629,000港元)。本集團淨流動資產約為73,169,000港元(二零二零年：約45,174,000港元)。本集團之流動資產及流動負債總值分別約為108,340,000港元(二零二零年：約117,044,000港元)及35,171,000港元(二零二零年：約71,870,000港元)，而流動比率約為3.1倍(二零二零年：約1.6倍)。本集團之資產負債比率(以總負債對比總資產)約為0.4倍(二零二零年：約0.5倍)。

於二零二一年三月三十一日，本集團之槓桿比率(以債務總額對比權益總額)約為40.8%(二零二零年：約71.4%)。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

On 26 October 2018, the Company entered into the subscription agreement (the "Subscription Agreement") with Mr. Gao Feng ("Mr. Gao"), the vice-chairman of the Board (the "Vice-Chairman") and an executive director of the Company (together with other members of the Board, the "Directors", and each a "Director") whereby Mr. Gao agreed to subscribe for an aggregate of 952,380,952 Shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.105 each. The subscription price and the number of subscription Shares were subsequently adjusted to HK\$0.21 and 476,190,476 Shares pursuant to the supplemental agreement dated 15 November 2018 to the Subscription Agreement in order to reflect the adjusted subscription price and the number of subscription Shares once the share consolidation has become effective.

On 26 April 2019, the Company entered into the third supplemental agreement with Mr. Gao whereby Mr. Gao agreed to subscribe for an aggregate of 212,765,957 Shares at the subscription price of HK\$0.188 each.

On 15 December 2020, an aggregate of 111,702,127 Shares were issued to Mr. Gao at the subscription price of HK\$0.188 each upon receiving part of the cash consideration of HK\$21,000,000 from Mr. Gao. On 31 March 2021, 18,973,404 Shares were allotted and issued to Mr. Gao at the subscription price of HK\$0.188 each upon receiving part of the cash consideration of HK\$3,567,000 from Mr. Gao.

On 31 March 2021, the Company and Mr. Gao entered into the termination agreement (the "Termination Agreement"), pursuant to which both parties agreed to terminate the Subscription Agreement with effect from 31 March 2021. Pursuant to the Termination Agreement, the parties to the Subscription Agreement decided not to proceed further with the subscription under the Subscription Agreement and all parties thereto shall be released and discharged from their respective obligations from the Subscription Agreement, and will not proceed with the completion of the subscription in relation to the outstanding subscription amount of HK\$15,433,000 payable by Mr. Gao. For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 31 March 2021.

The net proceeds of approximately HK\$24,480,000 from the subscription has been used for general working capital purpose.

資本架構

於二零一八年十月二十六日，本公司與董事會副主席（「副主席」）兼本公司執行董事（連同其他董事會成員統稱「董事」，個別亦稱「董事」）高峰先生（「高先生」）訂立認購協議（「認購協議」），據此，高先生同意按認購價每股0.105港元認購合共952,380,952股股份。其後，根據日期為二零一八年十一月十五日之認購協議之補充協議，認購價及認購股份數目分別調整至0.21港元及476,190,476股股份，以反映股份合併生效後之經調整認購價及認購股份數目。

於二零一九年四月二十六日，本公司與高先生訂立第三份補充協議，據此，高先生同意按認購價每股0.188港元認購合共212,765,957股股份。

於二零二零年十二月十五日，在收取高先生之部分現金代價21,000,000港元後，高先生按認購價每股0.188港元獲發行合共111,702,127股股份。於二零二一年三月三十一日，在收取高先生之部分現金代價3,567,000港元後，高先生按認購價每股0.188港元獲配發及發行18,973,404股股份。

於二零二一年三月三十一日，本公司與高先生訂立終止協議（「終止協議」），據此，雙方同意終止認購協議，自二零二一年三月三十一日起生效。根據終止協議，認購協議各訂約方決定不再進行認購協議項下之認購，而所有訂約方各自於認購協議中之義務將獲解除及免除，亦不會繼續完成與高先生尚未支付之應付認購金額15,433,000港元有關之認購。有關詳情，請參閱本公司日期為二零二一年三月三十一日之公佈。

認購所得款項淨額約24,480,000港元已用作一般營運資金用途。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the capital expenditures mainly for additions in property, plant and equipment amounted to approximately HK\$106,000 (2020: approximately HK\$63,000). These capital expenditures were funded by internal cash flow from operating activities.

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had capital commitments of approximately HK\$181,103,000 (2020: approximately HK\$259,476,000) in respect of the authorised and contracted for capital contributions payable to subsidiaries.

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES AND ANY RELATED HEDGES

The Group's sales and purchase are mainly transacted in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars and Renminbi and the books are recorded in Hong Kong dollar. Therefore, it may be exposed to foreign exchange risks. However, in view of the stable currency policies adopted by the PRC government, the Directors consider that the foreign exchange risks are insignificant.

The Group currently has no foreign exchange rate hedging policy in respect of commercial transactions denominated in foreign currencies. However, the Directors monitor exchange rate exposure regularly and will consider hedging significant exchange rate exposure when necessary.

KEY RISK FACTORS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group monitors the development of the industry on a regular basis and timely assesses different types of risks in order to formulate proper strategies to minimise the adverse impact on the Group.

For details, please refer to Note 5 "Financial Risk Management" to the consolidated financial statements.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS OF THE GROUP

There was no pledge of assets of the Group as at 31 March 2021.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group did not have any material contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2021.

DIVIDEND

The Board did not recommend any payment of final dividend to the Shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

OTHER EVENTS

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had a total of 42 employees (2020: 31 employees) in Hong Kong, the PRC and the United States. All employees are remunerated according to their performance, experience and the prevailing industry practices.

The Group also participates in retirement benefit scheme for its staff in Hong Kong and the PRC.

資本開支及資本承擔

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，資本開支主要為增添物業、廠房及設備約106,000港元（二零二零年：約63,000港元）。該等資本開支以經營活動所得之內部現金流量撥付。

於二零二一年三月三十一日，本集團就應付附屬公司之法定及已訂約出資擁有資本承擔約181,103,000港元（二零二零年：約259,476,000港元）。

匯率波動風險及任何有關對沖

本集團銷售及購買主要以港幣、美元及人民幣進行交易，而簿冊則以港元記錄。因此，可能會面臨一定的外匯風險。不過，鑒於中國政府採取穩定之貨幣政策，故董事認為外匯風險並不重大。

本集團現時並無就以外幣為單位之商業交易設有外幣匯率對沖政策。然而，董事就匯率風險作定期的監察，並將於有需要時考慮對沖重大匯率風險。

主要風險因素及不明朗因素

本集團定期觀察行業發展，並適時評估不同種類之風險，以制定合適的策略，減低有關風險對本集團之不利影響。

有關詳情請參閱綜合財務報表附註5「財務風險管理」。

資產抵押

本集團於二零二一年三月三十一日並無任何資產抵押。

或然負債

本集團於二零二一年三月三十一日並無任何重大或然負債。

股息

董事會不建議向股東派發截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之末期股息（二零二零年：無）。

其他事宜

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二一年三月三十一日，本集團於香港、中國及美國共有42名員工（二零二零年：31名員工）。所有僱員之薪酬乃按照其工作表現、經驗及現行市場慣例而釐定。

本集團已為香港及中國之員工登記參加退休福利計劃。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

The existing share option scheme of the Company was adopted on 8 October 2010 and amended on 17 August 2017, with options to be granted to any directors, employees and other parties at the discretion of the Board. During the year ended 31 March 2021, no share options were granted to directors, employees or other parties while 121,960,000 share options lapsed. As at 31 March 2021, 346,557,000 share options remained outstanding.

The Group also adopted a share award scheme on 27 July 2017. During the year ended 31 March 2021, no award was granted to any eligible Directors, employees or other parties.

The Group is committed to providing employees with a stable working environment and continuing to uphold the principles of impartiality, fairness and merit-based employment, and constantly improves the criteria for personal selection and appointment.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL

MAJOR TRANSACTION AND CONNECTED TRANSACTION IN RELATION TO INCREASE OF SHAREHOLDING INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES INVOLVING ISSUE OF CONSIDERATION SHARES AND CONVERTIBLE BONDS UNDER SPECIFIC MANDATE

On 27 November 2020, the Company (as purchaser), Century Smart Group Limited ("Century Smart") (as purchaser) and Mr. Zhu Qian (朱其安先生) (the "Vendor") entered into the share transfer agreement (the "Share Transfer Agreement"), pursuant to which (a) the Company conditionally agreed to purchase through Century Smart, Century Smart conditionally agreed to purchase and the Vendor conditionally agreed to sell, 49 ordinary shares of Smart Challenger Global Limited ("Smart Challenger"), an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, representing 49% shareholding interests in Smart Challenger; and (b) the Company conditionally agreed to purchase and the Vendor conditionally agreed to sell, 19 ordinary shares of Century Smart, a direct non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, representing 19% shareholding interests in Century Smart, at a total consideration of RMB34,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$40,000,000), which shall be satisfied by the issue of (i) consideration Shares of RMB17,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$20,000,000); and (ii) the convertible bonds of RMB17,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$20,000,000) (the "Convertible Bonds").

The Convertible Bonds carry the conversion rights to convert into the conversion Shares at HK\$0.1 per conversion Share (the "Conversion Price"). Assuming the conversion rights are exercised in full at the Conversion Price and after conversion the Vendor will hold 9.99% of the Shares, a maximum of 129,185,875 conversion Shares may be allotted and issued to the Vendor subject to the condition that the Joint Venture Group, comprising Century Smart, Smart Challenger, Elife International Trading Limited and Yiansheng International Trading (Yangzhou) Co., Ltd. (易安生國際貿易(揚州)有限公司) ("Yiansheng"), has achieved an aggregate net profit of RMB15 million for the 12 months ending 31 August 2021. The maximum number of conversion Shares are limited as it is subject to a restriction that disallows Mr. Zhu to convert any additional Convertible Bonds into conversion Shares if Mr. Zhu will hold 10% or more of the Shares.

本公司現有之購股權計劃乃於二零一零年十月八日採納，並於二零一七年八月十七日修訂，據此，董事會可酌情向任何董事、僱員及其他方授出購股權。於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，並無向董事、僱員或其他方授出購股權，另有121,960,000份購股權失效。於二零二一年三月三十一日，346,557,000份購股權尚未行使。

本集團亦於二零一七年七月二十七日採納股份獎勵計劃。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，並無向合資格董事、僱員及其他方授出獎勵。

本集團致力為僱員提供穩定工作環境，並一直堅守平等、公平及用人唯才的僱用原則，以及持續改良選人及委聘之標準。

重大收購及出售

有關增加於附屬公司之持股權益而涉及根據特別授權發行代價股份及可換股債券之主要及關連交易

於二零二零年十一月二十七日，本公司(作為買方)、Century Smart Group Limited(「Century Smart」)(作為買方)及朱其安先生(「賣方」)訂立股份轉讓協議(「股份轉讓協議」)，據此：(a)本公司有條件同意透過Century Smart購買(而Century Smart亦有條件同意購買以及賣方亦有條件同意出售)本公司之間接非全資附屬公司Smart Challenger Global Limited(「Smart Challenger」)之49股普通股，佔Smart Challenger之49%股權；及(b)本公司有條件同意購買(而賣方亦有條件同意出售)本公司之直接非全資附屬公司Century Smart之19股普通股，佔Century Smart之19%股權。所涉總代價為人民幣34,000,000元(相當於約40,000,000港元)，其將透過發行以下各項而支付：(i)人民幣17,000,000元(相當於約20,000,000港元)之代價股份；及(ii)人民幣17,000,000元(相當於約20,000,000港元)之可換股債券(「可換股債券」)。

可換股債券附帶換股權，其可按每股0.1港元轉換為換股股份。假設換股權獲悉數行使及賣方於換股完成後將持有9.99%股份，則在符合包含Century Smart、Smart Challenger、易生活國際貿易有限公司及易安生國際貿易(揚州)有限公司(「易安生」)在內之該合營企業集團於截至二零二一年八月三十一日止十二個月之純利總額達到人民幣15,000,000元之條件下，就此可予配發及發行予賣方之上限數目換股股份將為129,185,875股。換股股份之上限數目受限於倘朱先生因轉換任何額外可換股債券為換股股份而將持有10%或以上股份，其將不獲准進行有關轉換。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

For further information, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 27 November 2020.

On 31 March 2021, the Company, Century Smart and the Vendor entered into the supplemental agreement (the "Supplemental Agreement") which (i) extended the long stop date under the Share Transfer Agreement from 31 March 2021 to 30 September 2021; (ii) modified the formula for calculating the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds if the guaranteed profit and the actual profit has been adjusted in favour of the Company; and (iii) required the deposit of the certificate of the Convertible Bonds with an escrow agent which will release the certificate to the Vendor after publication of the auditor's report of the Joint Venture Group for the 12 months ending 31 August 2021. For further information, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 31 March 2021. The acquisition under the Share Transfer Agreement has not been completed as at the date of this annual report.

MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of material related party transactions of the Group as at 31 March 2021 are set out in Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT

The Group did not hold any significant investment for the year ended 31 March 2021.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

For further information about the environmental policies and performance of the Company for this financial year, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report to be issued on or before the end of August 2021.

FUTURE PROSPECT

In the foreseeable future, the Company intends to allocate resources for developing the benefit of people related consumer goods market, in particular, the daily consumer products market, by expanding its existing trading business to this area and considers acquisitions of relevant businesses with growth potentials.

有關進一步資料，請參閱本公司日期為二零二零年十一月二十七日之公佈。

於二零二一年三月三十一日，本公司、Century Smart及賣方訂立補充協議（「補充協議」），以(i)將股份轉讓協議之最後完成日由二零二一年三月三十一日延長至二零二一年九月三十日；(ii)修正在保證溢利及實際溢利為了本公司之利益而有所調整之情況下，計算可換股債券本金額之算式；及(iii)規定可換股債券之證書須寄存於一名託管代理內，並將於該合營企業集團截至二零二一年八月三十一日止十二個月之核數師報告刊發後向賣方發放。有關進一步資料，請參閱本公司日期為二零二一年三月三十一日之公佈。於本年報日期，股份轉讓協議項下之收購尚未完成。

重大關連人士交易

本集團於二零二一年三月三十一日之重大關連人士交易之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註38。

重大投資

本集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度並無持有任何重大投資。

環保政策及表現

有關本公司於本財政年度之環保政策及表現詳情，請參閱於二零二一年八月下旬或之前刊發之環境、社會及管治報告。

未來展望

於可見將來，本公司擬透過擴展其現有貿易業務，並分配資源以發展惠及民生之相關消費品市場（特別是日用消費品市場），以及考慮收購具增長潛力之相關業務。

Directors & Senior Management Profiles

董事及高級管理層簡介

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. ZHANG Xiaobin, aged 68, was appointed as the chairman (the "Chairman") and an executive Director of the Company on 22 September 2015. He has over 30 years of experience in the investment and financial service fields. From 2010 through 2015, he was the Managing Director and the China Senior Advisor for J.P. Morgan. He worked closely with senior management in driving J.P. Morgan's franchise expansion in China with his profound understanding and knowledge of China's capital markets. Between 2012 and 2015, he acted as the Chairman of the Supervision Committee of China United SME Financial Guarantee Corporation (a joint venture of J.P. Morgan with the Export-Import Bank of China and other global institutions), the largest credit guarantee company in China. Prior to joining J.P. Morgan China as the Managing Director and China Senior Advisor in 2010, Mr. Zhang led a storied career, including one of the founders of Chinese Stock Exchange system, Secretary General of Stock Exchange Executive Council, the chairman and Chief Executive Officer of China Venturetech Investment Corporation. Mr. Zhang graduated from Xian Jiaotong University (西安交通大學) in 1977 with a major in mechanical engineering. He was a UNESCO Scholar from 1981 to 1982 and a visiting scholar at Stanford University in 1983 and was then selected as a Eisenhower Fellow in 1987. In 1994, he studied in Advanced Management Program ("AMP") at Harvard Business School.

Mr. GAO Feng, aged 51, was appointed as the Vice-Chairman and an executive Director of the Company on 18 June 2009. He has extensive management experience, in PRC businesses, in particular for over 20 years, and has served various important roles in a couple of listed companies and sizable financial institutions. Mr. Gao was the former president of North America for I.N.C. Financial Organization Ltd. and the former president of Asia-Pacific for Morgan Funding Organization. Mr. Gao holds a Master of Business Administration degree from Keuka College in New York.

Mr. CHIU Sui Keung, aged 54, was appointed as the chief executive officer (the "Chief Executive Officer") and an executive Director of the Company on 20 April 2009. Mr. Chiu has over 24 years of experience in the financial industry and accounting field. He possesses extensive experience in corporate finance including initial public offerings, takeovers, mergers and acquisitions, fund raising and corporate advisory. Mr. Chiu graduated with a bachelor's degree in Commerce from the University of Melbourne, Australia and has obtained a master's degree in Applied Finance from Macquarie University in Sydney, Australia. He also obtained a Diploma in Practices in Chinese Laws and Regulations Affecting Foreign Businesses jointly organized by Southwest University of Political Science and Law, the PRC and the Hong Kong Management Association. At present, Mr. Chiu is an independent non-executive director of King Stone Energy Group Limited (stock code: 0663).

執行董事

張曉彬先生，68歲，於二零一五年九月二十二日獲委任為本公司主席（「主席」）兼執行董事。彼擁有逾三十年的投資及金融服務領域經驗。於二零一零年至二零一五年期間，彼曾任摩根大通董事總經理及中國區高級顧問。彼在中國推動摩根大通運營權擴張時，利用其對中國資本市場的深厚了解及知識與高級管理團隊緊密合作。於二零一二年至二零一五年期間，彼擔任中國最大的融資擔保公司中合中小企業融資擔保股份有限公司（摩根大通與中國進出口銀行及其他環球機構成立的合資企業）的監事會主席。於二零一零年加入摩根大通中國擔任董事總經理及中國區高級顧問之前，張先生曾擔任多項重要領導職務，包括中國證券交易系統創始人之一、證券聯合辦公室秘書長、中國新技術創業投資公司主席及首席執行官。張先生於一九七七年畢業於西安交通大學，主修機械工程。從一九八一年至一九八二年，彼是聯合國教科文組織學者，於一九八三年擔任斯坦福大學訪問學者，此後於一九八七年入選艾森豪威爾學者。一九九四年，彼於美國哈佛大學商學院學習高級管理課程。

高峰先生，51歲，於二零零九年六月十八日獲委任為本公司副主席及執行董事。他擁有逾20年豐富管理經驗，對中國業務尤其熟悉，並在多個上市公司及規模龐大之財務機構擔任若干重要職務。高先生曾為美國摩根家族金融財團之北美地區前總裁及摩根基金組織之亞太區前總裁。高先生持有紐約庫克大學工商管理碩士學位。

趙瑞強先生，54歲，於二零零九年四月二十日獲委任為本公司行政總裁（「行政總裁」）及執行董事。趙先生於金融業及會計界具有24年以上經驗，並於企業融資方面擁有豐富經驗，包括首次公開發售、收購、併購、集資及企業諮詢。趙先生畢業於澳洲墨爾本大學，持有商學士學位，並於澳洲悉尼麥格里大學取得應用金融碩士學位，另外取得由中國西南政法大學及香港管理專業協會合辦的影響外地商務之中國法律及法規實務文憑。目前，趙先生是金山能源集團有限公司（股份代號：0663）之獨立非執行董事。

Directors & Senior Management Profiles

董事及高級管理層簡介

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LAM Williamson, aged 45, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 January 2011. Mr. Lam is a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and a member of the CPA (Australia). He holds a Bachelor of Business degree from Monash University, Australia and a Master of Professional Accounting degree from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. Mr. Lam had held directorships and senior finance positions in various listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. Lam is currently an independent non-executive director of Lerado Financial Group Company Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), stock code: 1225) since 20 July 2018.

Mr. CHENG Wing Keung, Raymond, aged 61, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 25 August 2007. Mr. Cheng is a solicitor practicing in Hong Kong and has over 31 years of experience in corporate, company secretarial and listing affairs. He holds a degree in Laws in the University of London and a master's degree in Business Administration in the University of Strathclyde, Scotland. He has been appointed by the Hon Chief Justice Ma of the Court of Final Appeal as a Practising Solicitor Member of the Solicitors Disciplinary Tribunal Panel with effect from 4 October 2017. Besides, Mr. Cheng has also been appointed by The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region as a member of the Panel of the Board of Review (Inland Revenue Ordinance) with effect from 1 January 2018. At present, Mr. Cheng is an independent non-executive director in one listed company in Hong Kong: Skyfame Realty (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 0059).

Mr. WONG Hoi Kuen, aged 60, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 9 May 2011. Mr. Wong is a practising certified public accountant in Hong Kong and a chartered accountant in the United Kingdom. Mr. Wong is a fellow member of both the HKICPA, the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr. Wong is currently an independent non-executive director of China Information Technology Development Limited (stock code: 8178). Mr. Wong was also an independent non-executive director of China Baoli Technologies Holdings Limited (stock code: 164) from 13 February 2006 to 16 July 2018 and REXLot Holdings Limited (stock code: 555) from 29 June 2018 to 27 November 2020 respectively.

獨立非執行董事

林全智先生，45歲，於二零一一年一月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。林先生為香港會計師公會（「香港會計師公會」）之資深會員及澳洲會計師公會之會員。彼持有澳洲蒙納殊大學商學士學位及香港理工大學專業會計學碩士學位。林先生曾於香港多間上市公司擔任董事及高級財務職位。林先生自二零一八年七月二十日起為隆成金融集團有限公司（香港聯合交易所有限公司（「聯交所」）主板上市公司，股份代號：1225）之獨立非執行董事。

鄭永強先生，61歲，於二零零七年八月二十五日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。鄭先生為香港執業律師，於企業、公司秘書及上市事務方面累積逾三十一年經驗。鄭先生由二零一七年十月四日起獲終審法院馬道立首席法官委任為律師紀律審裁團的執業律師成員。此外，鄭先生亦由二零一八年一月一日起，獲香港特別行政區政府委任為稅務上訴委員會（稅務條例）小組成員。彼持有倫敦大學法律學位及蘇格蘭University of Strathclyde 工商管理碩士學位。目前，鄭先生亦為一間香港上市公司：天譽置業（控股）有限公司（股份代號：0059）之獨立非執行董事。

黃海權先生，60歲，於二零一一年五月九日起獲委任為獨立非執行董事。黃先生為香港執業會計師及英國特許會計師。黃先生為香港會計師公會、英國特許公認會計師公會以及英格蘭及威爾斯特許公認會計師公會資深會員。黃先生目前為中國信息科技發展有限公司（股份代號：8178）之獨立非執行董事。黃先生亦於二零零六年二月十三日至二零一八年七月十六日擔任中國寶力科技控股有限公司（股份代號：164）及於二零一八年六月二十九日至二零二零年十一月二十七日擔任御泰中彩控股有限公司（股份代號：555）之獨立非執行董事。

Directors & Senior Management Profiles

董事及高級管理層簡介

Dr. LAM Lee G, aged 61, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 November 2015. Dr. Lam has over 30 years of international experience in general management, strategy consulting, corporate governance, direct investment, investment banking and fund management. He is the Chairman of Hong Kong Cyberport, a member of the Committee on Innovation, Technology and Re-Industrialization, the Governance Committee of the Hong Kong Growth Portfolio, and the Development Bureau Common Spatial Data Advisory Committee of the Government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("SAR"), Convenor of the Panel of Advisors on Building Management Disputes of the Home Affairs Department of the Government of Hong Kong SAR, a member of the Court of the City University of Hong Kong and the Tencent Finance Academy (Hong Kong) Advisory Board, Chairman of the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (UN ESCAP) Sustainable Business Network (ESBN), Vice Chairman of Pacific Basin Economic Council (PBEC), and a member of the Hong Kong Trade Development Council Belt and Road and Greater Bay Area Committee and the Sir Murray MacLehose Trust Fund Investment Advisory Committee.

Dr. Lam holds a BSc degree in sciences and mathematics, an MSc degree in systems science and an MBA degree from the University of Ottawa in Canada degree, a post-graduate diploma in public administration from Carleton University in Canada, a post-graduate diploma in English and Hong Kong Law and an LLB (Hons) in Law from Manchester Metropolitan University in the UK, a LL.M in Law from the University of Wolverhampton in the UK, a PCLL in Law from the City University of Hong Kong, a Certificate in Professional Accountancy from the Chinese University of Hong Kong SCS, an MPA and a PhD from the University of Hong Kong. A former member of the Hong Kong Bar, Dr. Lam is a Solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong, an Accredited Mediator of the Centre for Effective Dispute Resolution (CEDR), a Fellow of Certified Management Accountants (CMA) Australia, the Hong Kong Institute of Arbitrators, the Hong Kong Institute of Directors and the Institute of Corporate Directors Malaysia (ICDM) and an Honorary Fellow of Certified Public Accountants (CPA) Australia, the Hong Kong Institute of Facility Management and the University of Hong Kong School of Professional and Continuing Education. In 2019, Dr. Lam was awarded by the Government of Hong Kong SAR a Bronze Bauhinia Star for serving the public.

Dr. Lam is currently an independent non-executive director of each of CSI Properties Limited (stock code: 497), Vongroup Limited (stock code: 318), Mei Ah Entertainment Group Limited (stock code: 391), Haitong Securities Company Limited (stock code: 6837, 600837 on the Shanghai Stock Exchange), Hang Pin Living Technology Company Limited (stock code: 1682), Kidsland International Holdings Limited (stock code: 2122), and Greenland Hong Kong Holdings Limited (stock code: 337), and a non-executive director of each of Sunwah Kingsway Capital Holdings Limited (stock code: 188), China LNG Group Limited (stock code: 931), National Arts Entertainment and Culture Group Limited (stock code: 8228), Tianda Pharmaceuticals Limited (stock code: 455), Mingfa Group (International) Company Limited (stock code: 846,

林家禮博士，現年61歲，於二零一五年十一月十八日起出任本公司之獨立非執行董事。林博士於企業管理、策略諮詢、公司管治、直接投資、投資銀行及基金管理方面擁有逾30年國際經驗。他現為香港數碼港主席、香港特別行政區（「特區」）政府創新、科技及再工業化委員會委員及「香港增長組合」管治委員會成員及發展局空間數據共享諮詢委員會非官方成員、香港特區政府民政事務總署大廈管理糾紛顧問小組召集人、香港城市大學及騰訊金融學院（香港）顧問委員會成員、聯合國亞洲及太平洋經濟社會公署（UN ESCAP）可持續發展企業網絡（ESBN）主席、太平洋地區經濟理事會（PBEC）副主席、香港貿易發展局一帶一路及大灣區委員會委員及麥理浩爵士信託基金投資顧問委員會成員。

林博士持有加拿大渥太華大學之科學及數學學士、系統科學碩士及工商管理碩士學位、加拿大加爾頓大學之國家行政研究院文憑、英國曼徹斯特城市大學之香港及英國法律深造文憑及法律榮譽學士學位、香港城市大學之法學專業證書、香港中文大學專業進修學院專業會計證書、英國胡佛漢頓大學之法律碩士學位、香港大學之公共行政碩士及哲學博士學位。他亦為香港高等法院律師（前大律師）、CEDR認可調解員、澳洲管理會計師公會（CMA）、香港仲裁司學會、香港董事學會及馬來西亞企業董事學會（ICDM）資深會員、澳洲會計師公會（CPA）及香港設施管理學會榮譽資深會員以及香港大學專業進修學院榮譽院士。林博士於二零一九年獲香港特區政府頒授銅紫荊星章。

林博士現擔任資本策略地產有限公司（股份代號：497）、黃河實業有限公司（股份代號：318）、美亞娛樂資訊集團有限公司（股份代號：391）、海通證券股份有限公司（股份代號：6837，亦於上海證券交易所上市，股份代號：600837）、杭品生活科技股份有限公司（股份代號：1682）、凱知樂國際控股有限公司（股份代號：2122）及綠地香港控股有限公司（股份代號：337）之獨立非執行董事；並為新華滙富金融控股有限公司（股份代號：188）、中國天然氣集團有限公司（股份代號：931）、國藝娛樂文化集團有限公司（股份代號：8228）、天大藥業有限公司（股份代號：455）、明

Directors & Senior Management Profiles

董事及高級管理層簡介

re-designated from independent non-executive director on 23 April 2020) and Eternity Technology Holdings Limited (stock code: 1725, appointed on 13 May 2021), the shares of all of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. Dr. Lam is also an independent non-executive director of Asia-Pacific Strategic Investments Limited (formerly known as China Real Estate Group Limited, stock code: 5RA), Top Global Limited (stock code: BHO), Alset International Limited (formerly known as Singapore eDevelopment Limited, stock code: 40V, re-designated from non-executive director on 2 July 2020), Beverly JCG Limited (formerly known as JCG Investment Holdings Ltd., stock code: VFP), and Thomson Medical Group Limited (stock code: A50), the shares of all of which are listed on the Singapore Exchange. Dr. Lam is an independent non-executive director of Sunwah International Limited (stock code: SWH), whose shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange, AustChina Holdings Limited (stock code: AUH), whose shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange and TMC Life Sciences Berhad (stock code: 0101), whose shares are listed on the Bursa Malaysia, and a non-executive director of Jade Road Investments Limited (formerly known as Adamas Finance Asia Limited, stock code: JADE), whose shares are listed on the London Securities Exchange.

In the past three years, Dr. Lam was a non-executive director of China Shandong Hi-Speed Financial Group Limited (stock code: 412) up to 14 May 2020 and Green Leader Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 0061) up to 22 July 2019, and was also an independent non-executive director of Aurum Pacific (China) Group Limited (stock code: 8148) up to 1 March 2021, Huarong Investment Stock Corporation Limited (stock code: 2277, privatized on 12 November 2020) up to 31 December 2020, Hsin Chong Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 404) up to 27 September 2019 (the shares of which were delisted on the Stock Exchange in December 2019), Glorious Sun Enterprises Limited (stock code: 393) up to 31 August 2019, Xi'an Haitiantian Holdings Co., Ltd. (stock code: 8227) up to 23 July 2018, the shares of all of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. He was also an independent non-executive director of Singapore Exchange listed company, Rowsley Ltd. (stock code: A50, retired 25 April 2018), and Stuttgart Stock Exchange listed company, Vietnam Equity Holding (stock code: 3MS) up to 28 February 2018.

發集團(國際)有限公司(股份代號: 846, 於二零二零年四月二十三日由獨立非執行董事調任)及恒達科技控股有限公司(股份代號: 1725, 於二零二一年五月十三日獲委任)之非執行董事, 而上述各公司之股份均於聯交所上市。彼亦為Asia-Pacific Strategic Investments Limited(前稱: China Real Estate Grp Ltd, 股份代號: 5RA)、Top Global Limited(股份代號: BHO)、Alset International Ltd.(前稱: Singapore eDevelopment Limited, 股份代號: 40V, 於二零二零年七月二日由非執行董事調任)、Beverly JCG Investment Holdings Ltd.(前稱: JCG Investment Holdings Ltd, 股份代號: VFP)及Thomson Medical Group Limited(股份代號: A50)之獨立非執行董事, 而上述各公司之股份均於新加坡證券交易所上市。林博士亦為多倫多證券交易所上市公司Sunwah International Limited(股份代號: SWH)之獨立董事、澳洲證券交易所上市公司AustChina Holdings Limited(股份代號: AUH)及馬來西亞交易所(Bursa Malaysia)上市TMC生命科學(股份代號: 0101)之獨立非執行董事以及倫敦證券交易所上市公司Jade Road Investments Limited(股份代號: JADE)之非執行董事。

林博士於過去三年曾任聯交所上市中國山東高速金融集團有限公司(股份代號: 412, 於二零二零年五月十四日辭任)及綠領控股集團有限公司(股份代號: 0061, 於二零一九年七月二十二日辭任)之非執行董事; 奧柏中國集團有限公司(股份代號: 8148, 於二零二一年三月一日辭任)、華融投資股份有限公司(股份代號: 2277, 公司於二零二零年十一月十二日私有化及於同年十二月三十一日辭任)、新昌集團控股有限公司(股份代號: 404, 於二零一九年九月二十七日辭任, 該公司於同年十二月在聯交所退市)、旭日企業有限公司(股份代號: 393, 於二零一九年八月三十一日辭任)、西安海天天實業股份有限公司(股份代號: 8227, 於二零一八年七月二十三日辭任)之獨立非執行董事; 另外亦為新加坡交易所上市Rowsley Ltd.(股份代號: A50, 於二零一八年四月二十五日退任)及斯圖加特證券交易所上市Vietnam Equity Holding(股份代號: 3MS, 於二零一八年二月二十八日辭任)之獨立非執行董事。

Directors & Senior Management Profiles

董事及高級管理層簡介

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. CHOW Chi Fai, aged 50, was appointed as the company secretary of the Company (the “Company Secretary”) on 29 December 2008 and possesses over 23 years of experience in accounting and finance field. Mr. Chow holds a bachelor’s degree in Accountancy from the University of South Australia and is a member of the HKICPA. Mr. Chow is currently an independent non-executive director of Wah Wo Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 9938) and Sun Hing Vision Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 125) respectively.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. ZHANG Shao Yan, aged 46, was appointed as the chief investment officer on 1 October 2019 and is primarily responsible for the development of the domestic and overseas investment and financial business and the merger and acquisition business of the Company. Mr. Zhang has nearly 20 years of experience in investment industry and has served as the chief listing representative of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange, the managing director of China RE Asset Management Co. Ltd. and the chairman of Beijing Hilltop Asset Management Co. Ltd. Mr. Zhang Shao Yan holds a doctorate degree in Finance from Nankai University and is a postdoctoral fellow of the Chinese Academy of Social Sciences.

公司秘書

周志輝先生，50歲，於二零零八年十二月二十九日獲委任為本公司之公司秘書（「公司秘書」），並於會計及財務領域擁有超過23年經驗。周先生持有澳洲南澳大學頒發之會計學學士學位，並為香港會計師公會會員。周先生目前為華和控股集團有限公司（股份代號：9938）及新興光學集團控股有限公司（股份代號：125）之獨立非執行董事。

高級管理層

張紹岩先生，46歲。自2019年10月1日委任為首席投資總監，總體負責易生活控股在境內外的投融資及併購等相關業務的開展。張先生具有近20年投資行業相關經驗，歷任深圳證券交易所首席上市代表、中再資產管理有限公司董事總經理及北京岳領資產管理有限公司董事長等職位。張紹岩先生持有南開大學金融學博士學位，張先生也是中國社會科學院博士後。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to ensuring high standards of corporate governance through the establishment and adoption of good practices and procedures which are in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders. The principles of corporate governance adopted by the Company enhance board practices, internal controls, transparency and accountability to the Shareholders.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company had applied and complied with all code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange save for the deviations from Code Provisions A.1.2 and A.1.3 of the CG Code.

During the year, the Board held seven meetings, out of which five meetings did not have meeting agendas and three meetings did not have notices, not in full compliance with Code Provisions A.1.2 and A.1.3 of the CG Code.

The Board has updated or established various policies and procedures and the committees have updated their terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code.

The Board has taken up the corporate governance function stipulated in the CG Code and has included such function in its terms of reference. The Board has reviewed the compliance status of the Company with the CG Code.

The Board will review the CG Code from time to time and shall make necessary arrangements when the Board considers appropriate.

We have summarised the CG Code adopted by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2021 as below:

企業管治常規

本公司承諾透過制定及採納符合本公司及其股東最佳利益之良好常規及程序，以確保達致高水平之企業管治。本公司所採納之企業管治原則有助加強董事會常規、內部監控、對股東之透明度及問責。

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本公司已應用及遵守聯交所證券上市規則（「上市規則」）附錄十四所載之企業管治守則（「企業管治守則」）之所有守則條文，惟偏離企業管治守則之守則條文第A.1.2條及A.1.3條除外。

年內，董事會舉行了七次會議，其中五次並無會議議程及三次並無會議通知，因此並無充分遵守企業管治守則之守則條文第A.1.2條及A.1.3條。

董事會已更新既有之各項政策及程序，而各委員會已更新彼等之職權範圍，以遵守企業管治守則。

董事會已採納企業管治守則所規定之企業管治職能，並於其職權範圍內納入有關職能。董事會已檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則之情況。

董事會將不時檢討企業管治守則，並於董事會認為適當時作出必要安排。

吾等已於下文概述本公司於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內所採納之企業管治守則：

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

THE BOARD

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises a total of seven Directors, including three executive Directors and four independent non-executive Directors (the "INEDs"). Two of the INEDs have the relevant accounting and related financial management expertise as required by the Listing Rules. The names of the Directors by category are as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Xiaobin (Chairman)
Mr. Gao Feng (Vice-Chairman)
Mr. Chiu Sui Keung (Chief Executive Officer)
Mr. Sun Qiang (Chief Technology Officer) (Resigned on 24 March 2021)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond
Mr. Lam Williamson
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen
Dr. Lam Lee G.

Biographical details of each of the Directors are set out under the Directors and Senior Management Profiles section on pages 13 to 17 of this annual report.

Each of the executive Directors has respectively entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of three years but is subject to retirement by rotation and is eligible for re-election.

Each of the INEDs has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of three years but subject to retirement by rotation and is eligible for re-election.

None of the Directors has any financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships among members of the Board.

The Company has received confirmation from each of the INEDs about his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all INEDs meet the independence rules and continues to consider each of them to be independent.

The Board, as led by the Chairman, Mr. Zhang Xiaobin, and the Vice-Chairman, Mr. Gao Feng, is collectively responsible for the establishment of the Group's overall strategies, operating and financial policies, approval of annual budgets and business plans, evaluation of the performance of the Company's business, and oversight of the management team. The management team is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Group under the supervision of the Chief Executive Officer and executive Director, Mr. Chiu Sui Keung.

董事會

於本報告日期，董事會共由七名董事組成，包括三名執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事（「獨立非執行董事」）。其中兩名獨立非執行董事擁有上市規則所規定之有關會計及相關財務管理專長。茲按類別列出董事之姓名如下：

執行董事

張曉彬先生（主席）
高峰先生（副主席）
趙瑞強先生（行政總裁）
孫強先生（首席技術官）（於二零二一年三月二十四日辭任）

獨立非執行董事

鄭永強先生
林全智先生
黃海權先生
林家禮博士

各位董事之履歷詳情載於本年報第13至第17頁之董事及高級管理層簡介一節。

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約，初步為期三年，惟須輪席告退並符合資格膺選連任。

每位獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任書，初步為期三年，惟須輪席告退並符合資格膺選連任。

概無董事與其他董事會成員有任何財務、業務、家族或其他重大或相關關係。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條作出關於其獨立性之確認書。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均符合獨立性規則，並繼續認為彼等各自均為獨立人士。

在主席張曉彬先生及副主席高峰先生之領導下，董事會共同負責制定本集團之整體策略、經營及財務政策、審批年度預算與業務計劃、評估本公司之業務表現以及監督管理層團隊。管理層團隊在行政總裁兼執行董事趙瑞強先生之監督下負責本集團之日常經營業務。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

CONTINUOUS TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT FOR DIRECTORS

The Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company would provide a comprehensive induction package covering the summary of the responsibilities and legal obligations of a director of a Hong Kong listed company, the Company's constitutional documents and the Guides on Directors' Duties issued by the Companies Registry to each newly appointed Director to ensure that he/she is sufficiently aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The Company Secretary reports from time to time the latest changes and development of the Listing Rules, corporate governance practices and other regulatory regime to the Directors with written materials, and the legal advisers of the Company prepare and provide the Directors with detailed interpretations and analysis on the revised contents for them to understand the latest developments in a timely and accurate manner and to perform their duties in accordance with relevant laws and regulatory requirements.

During the year, all Directors were provided with regular updates on the Group's business and operations. The Company has arranged to update the Directors on the amendments on the Listing Rules and guidelines on disclosure of insider information and connected transactions.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

At no time during the financial year and up to the date of this report, there was or is, any permitted indemnity provision being in force for the benefit of any of the directors of the Company (whether made by the Company or otherwise) or an associated company (if made by the company).

The Company has taken out and maintained directors' and officers' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover the certain legal actions brought against its Directors and officers.

CHAIRMAN, VICE-CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The positions of the Chairman, the Vice-Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are held by separate individuals with a view to maintaining an effective segregation of duties regarding the management of the Board and the day-to-day management of the Group's businesses.

The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman lead the Board and oversee the functioning of the Board to ensure that the Board acts in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders, and Board meetings are planned and conducted effectively. The Chairman is primarily responsible for the approval of the agenda prepared by the Company Secretary for each Board meeting, and taking into account, where appropriate, matters proposed by members of the Board and including them in the agendas. With the support of the Vice-Chairman, other executive Directors and the Company Secretary, the Chairman seeks to ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and receive sufficient and reliable information in a timely manner before the Board meetings. The Chairman and the Vice-Chairman also actively encourage Directors to engage in the Board's affairs and make contribution to the Board's decisions.

董事的持續培訓及發展

本公司鼓勵董事參與持續專業發展，發展並更新彼等之知識及技能。本公司向每名新委任的董事提供全面的就任資料文件，涵蓋香港上市公司董事之職責及法律責任概要、本公司之組織章程文件以及香港公司註冊處發出的董事責任指引，確保有關董事充份知悉其於上市規則及其他監管規定下的職責及責任。

公司秘書不時向董事匯報上市規則、企業管治常規以及其他監管制度之最新變動及發展並提供相關書面資料，並由公司律師就修訂內容製作了詳盡的解讀分析並提供給董事，以便於董事及時準確地瞭解最新事態發展，並按相關法律及監管規定履職。

年內，全體董事定期獲提供有關本集團業務及營運之更新資料。本公司已安排為董事提供上市規則修訂之更新資料及內幕消息及關連交易披露指引。

獲准許的彌償條文

在財政年度內及直至本報告日期止任何時間，均並無曾經或現時生效的任何獲准許彌償條文惠及本公司任何董事（不論是否由本公司訂立）或聯營公司任何董事（如由本公司訂立）。

本公司於年內已購買及維持董事及高級職員責任保險，為其董事及高級職員在面對若干法律行動時提供適當的保障。

主席、副主席及行政總裁

主席、副主席及行政總裁之職務由不同人士擔任，以便有關董事會管理與本集團業務日常管理之職責得到有效分配。

主席及副主席領導董事會及監督董事會之職能，以確保董事會按符合本公司及其股東之最佳利益行事，並有效籌劃及進行董事會會議。主席主要負責審批公司秘書為每次董事會會議準備之議程，並考慮（如適用）董事會成員提呈之事項並將其納入會議議程。在副主席、其他執行董事及公司秘書之支持下，主席致力確保所有董事就於董事會會議上提出之事項得到適當說明，並於董事會會議前及時獲得充份而可靠之資料。主席及副主席亦積極鼓勵董事參與董事會事務，為董事會之決策作出貢獻。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the day-to-day management of the Group's businesses, the formation and implementation of operating and financial policies of the Group and accountability to the Board for all the Group's operations. The Chief Executive Officer together with the management team ensure that the Company's business plans are consistent with the strategies and objectives established by the Board. In addition, the Chief Executive Officer ensures that the Company meets its funding requirements and closely monitors the operating and financial results against the Company's business plans and budgets, and takes remedial actions if necessary. The Chief Executive Officer is also responsible for the establishment and maintenance of an effective management team to assist him in the day-to-day management of the Group's businesses.

BOARD PRACTICES

Regular Board meetings are scheduled in advance to give all Directors an opportunity to attend in person. Seven regular Board meetings had been held during the year ended 31 March 2021. Each of the Directors has full access to information of the Company and has access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary in respect of compliance with board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations. Each of the Directors may also take independent professional advice at the Company's expense, if necessary, in accordance with the approved procedures. The minutes of the Board are prepared by the Company Secretary with details of the matters considered by the Board and decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the members of the Board or dissenting views expressed.

The Board held seven Board meetings and one general meeting during the year ended 31 March 2021 and the attendance record of each member of the Board is set out below:

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Xiaobin (Chairman)
Mr. Gao Feng (Vice-Chairman)
Mr. Chiu Sui Keung (Chief Executive Officer)
Mr. Sun Qiang (Chief Technology Officer)
(Resigned on 24 March 2021)

執行董事

張曉彬先生(主席)
高峰先生(副主席)
趙瑞強先生(行政總裁)
孫強先生(首席技術官)
(於二零二一年三月二十四日辭任)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond
Mr. Lam Williamson
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen
Dr. Lam Lee G.

獨立非執行董事

鄭永強先生
林全智先生
黃海權先生
林家禮博士

行政總裁負責本集團業務之日常管理、制定及執行本集團之經營及財務政策，並就本集團之所有經營業務對董事會負責。行政總裁及管理層團隊確保本公司之業務計劃與董事會制定之策略及目標一致。另外，行政總裁確保本公司可應付其資金需求及以本公司業務計劃及預算密切監察其經營及財務業績，並於必要時採取補救措施。行政總裁亦負責建立及維護一支有效的管理層團隊，以協助其進行本集團業務之日常管理。

董事會常規

董事會常規會議乃預先安排，好讓所有董事均有機會親自出席。於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內舉行了七次董事會常規會議。各董事可索取本公司之一切資料，並可就遵守董事會程序及所有適用規則及規例請公司秘書提供意見及服務。各董事亦可按照所需及根據既定程序尋求獨立專業意見，有關支出由本公司承擔。載有董事會所考慮之事宜及所達致之決定(包括董事會成員提出之任何關注事項或表達之不同看法)之董事會會議紀錄由公司秘書備存。

董事會於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內舉行了七次董事會會議及一次股東大會，董事會各位成員之出席紀錄如下：

		Attendance of Board Meetings 董事會會議出席次數	Attendance of General Meeting 股東大會出席次數
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Zhang Xiaobin (Chairman)	張曉彬先生(主席)	7/7	1/1
Mr. Gao Feng (Vice-Chairman)	高峰先生(副主席)	7/7	1/1
Mr. Chiu Sui Keung (Chief Executive Officer)	趙瑞強先生(行政總裁)	7/7	1/1
Mr. Sun Qiang (Chief Technology Officer) (Resigned on 24 March 2021)	孫強先生(首席技術官) (於二零二一年三月二十四日辭任)	3/4	1/1
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond	鄭永強先生	7/7	1/1
Mr. Lam Williamson	林全智先生	7/7	1/1
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen	黃海權先生	6/7	1/1
Dr. Lam Lee G.	林家禮博士	7/7	1/1

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

In accordance with Article 86(3) of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy should be subject to election by Shareholders at the first general meeting of the Company. In accordance with Article 87(1) of the Articles, every Director (including those appointed for a specific term or holding office as the Chairman or the Chief Executive Director) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF LISTED ISSUERS (THE "MODEL CODE")

The Company adopted a code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions as set out in the Model Code in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules on the terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2021. After having made specific enquiry to all Directors, the Directors are of the opinion that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions throughout the year ended 31 March 2021.

ACCOUNTABILITY

The following statement, which sets out the responsibilities of the Directors in relation to the financial statements, should be read in conjunction with, but distinguished from, the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 51 to 55 of the annual report which acknowledges their reporting responsibilities as the external auditors of the Company:

(i) Annual and Interim Reports and Financial Statements

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility to prepare the financial statements of the Company and of the Group for each financial year which gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at the year end and of the Group's profit or loss and cash flow for the year then ended.

(ii) Accounting Policies

In preparing the financial statements for each financial year, the Directors have selected appropriate accounting policies and apart from those new and amended accounting policies as disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, have applied them consistently with previous financial periods. Judgments and estimates have been made that are prudent and reasonable.

董事之委任、重選及免職

根據本公司組織章程細則（「細則」）第86(3)條，董事會所委任以填補臨時空缺之任何董事應於隨後的本公司首次股東大會上接受股東選舉。根據細則第87(1)條，每位董事（包括獲委任一個指定任期或擔任主席或行政總裁職務者）須至少每三年輪值退任一次。

上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則（「標準守則」）

本公司於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內一直採納上市規則附錄十標準守則規定之董事進行證券交易之行為守則，其條款之嚴格程度不遜於標準守則所載之必守準則。經向全體董事作出特定查詢後，各董事認為彼等於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內一直遵守標準守則所載之必守準則及其有關董事進行證券交易之行為守則。

問責

下文陳述（載有董事有關財務報表之責任）應與年報第51至第55頁確認本公司外聘核數師呈報職責之獨立核數師報告書一併閱讀，但兩者應分別獨立理解：

(i) 年度及中期報告與財務報表

董事確認負責編製本公司及本集團於各財政年度之財務報表，而有關財務報表應真實及公平地反映本公司及本集團於年結日之財務狀況以及本集團於截至年結日止年度之盈虧及現金流量狀況。

(ii) 會計政策

於編製各財政年度之財務報表時，董事已選用適當之會計政策，並（除財務報表附註所披露之新訂及經修訂之會計政策外）採納與先前財政期間一致之會計政策。本公司已作出謹慎合理之判斷及估計。

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(iii) Accounting Records

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the Group keeps accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Group and enable the preparation of financial statements in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and applicable disclosure provisions of the Listing Rules.

(iv) Safeguarding Assets

The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

(v) Going Concern

The Directors, having made specific enquiries, consider that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements of the Company and of the Group.

BOARD COMMITTEES

As an integral part of good corporate governance, the Board has established the following Board committees to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. A majority of the members of each of these committees are INEDs. Each of the audit, remuneration and nomination committees is governed by its respective terms of reference.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

On 18 March 2002, the Board established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") which currently comprises three INEDs, chaired by Mr. Lam Williamson and the other two members of the Audit Committee are Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond and Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen.

The Audit Committee's major responsibilities include:

(i) Relationship with external auditors

- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards; and
- to develop and implement policy on engaging an external auditor to supply non-audit services;

(ii) Review of financial information

To monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements and annual report and accounts, interim report and, if prepared for publication reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them.

(iii) 會計紀錄

董事有責任確保本集團存置會計紀錄，而該等紀錄可合理準確披露本集團之財務狀況，以及可根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則、香港普遍採納之會計原則及公司條例（香港法例第622章）之披露規定以及上市規則之適當披露條文編製財務報表。

(iv) 保護資產

董事有責任採取一切合理必要措施，以保護本集團之資產以及防範及查明欺詐和其他違規問題。

(v) 持續經營

經作出特定查詢後，董事認為本集團擁有充足資源以供在可見將來繼續經營業務，有鑒於此，採用持續經營基準編製本公司及本集團之財務報表實屬恰當。

董事委員會

作為良好企業管治不可或缺的一環，董事會已成立下列董事委員會，以監督本公司之各類具體事務。該等委員會之成員大多數為獨立非執行董事。審核、薪酬及提名委員會均受其本身之職權範圍所規管。

審核委員會

於二零零二年三月十八日，董事會成立審核委員會（「審核委員會」），目前由三名獨立非執行董事組成，林全智先生為主席，而其餘兩名審核委員會成員為鄭永強先生及黃海權先生。

審核委員會之主要職責包括：

(i) 與外部核數師之關係

- 就外部核數師之聘任、重新聘任及解聘向董事會提供建議，批准外部核數師之薪酬及聘用條款，及處理任何有關外部核數師辭職或解聘的問題；
- 根據適用準則，評估及監控外部核數師是否獨立客觀及審核程序是否有效；及
- 就外聘核數師提供非核數服務制定政策，並予以執行；

(ii) 審閱財務資料

監察本公司之財務報表以及年度報告及賬目、中期報告及（若擬刊發）季度報告之完整性，並審閱報表及報告所載有關財務申報之重大意見。

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(iii) Oversight of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control and risk management systems

- to review the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
- to discuss the internal control system and risk management system with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have an effective internal control system; and
- to consider major investigations findings on internal control and risk management matters as delegated by the Board.

The Audit Committee's authority and duties are set out in written terms of reference which are publicly available on the websites of the Group and the Stock Exchange.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 March 2021 and the attendance record of each Audit Committee member is set out below:

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond
Mr. Lam Williamson
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen

獨立非執行董事

鄭永強先生
林全智先生
黃海權先生

2/2
2/2
2/2

The major work performed by the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 March 2021 is summarised below:

(i) Review of Financial Statements

The Audit Committee met and held discussions with the Group's external auditors and senior management, and reviewed the draft annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 and interim report and financial statements for the six months ended 30 September 2020 before making recommendations for the Board's approval. It reviewed and discussed the management's reports and representations with a view to ensuring that the Group's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules.

(ii) Review of the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems

The Audit Committee reviewed the process by which the Group evaluated its control environment and its risk assessment process, and the way in which business and control risks were managed. It made recommendations to the Board about the effectiveness of internal control systems in the Group's business operations. These controls and systems allowed the Board to monitor the Company's overall financial position and to protect its assets.

(iii) 監察本公司之財務報告制度、內部監控及風險管理制度

- 檢討本公司之財務監控、內部監控及風險管理制度；
- 與管理人員討論內部監控系統及風險管理制度，以確保管理層已履行職責建立有效之內部監控系統；及
- 應董事會之委派，就有關內部監控及風險管理事宜之重要調查結果進行研究。

審核委員會之權力及職責載於書面職權範圍內，而書面職權範圍可於本集團及聯交所之網站上公開查閱。

審核委員會已於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內舉行兩次會議，各審核委員會成員之出席紀錄載列如下：

Attendance of Audit Committee Meetings 審核委員會會議出席次數

審核委員會於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內履行之主要工作概述如下：

(i) 審閱財務報表

審核委員會與本集團之外聘核數師及高級管理層舉行會議及進行討論，並向董事會提出批准推薦建議前審閱截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之年報及財務報表以及截至二零二零年九月三十日止六個月之中期報告及財務報表之草稿。審核委員會審閱及討論管理層之報告及陳述，旨在確保本集團之綜合財務報表乃按照香港普遍採納之會計原則及上市規則附錄十六之適用披露規定編製。

(ii) 檢討本公司之財務監控、風險管理及內部監控系統

審核委員會檢討本集團對其監控環境與風險管理之評估程序，以及對營運及監控風險之管理方式，並就本集團業務營運之內部監控系統之有效性向董事會提出推薦建議。該等監控及系統可讓董事會監察本公司之整體財務狀況及保護其資產。

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REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

On 14 July 2006, the Board established a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") which currently comprises two INEDs and one executive Director, chaired by Mr. Lam Williamson and the other two members of the Remuneration Committee are Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond and Mr. Chiu Sui Keung.

The Remuneration Committee's major responsibilities include:

- (i) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management and establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (ii) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages to individual executive Directors and senior management;
- (iii) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- (iv) to make recommendations to the Board of the remuneration of non-executive Directors;
- (v) to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and otherwise fair and not excessive;
- (vi) to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that they are consistent with contractual terms and are otherwise reasonable and appropriate; and
- (vii) to ensure that no Director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee's authority and duties are set out in written terms of reference which are publicly available on the websites of the Group and the Stock Exchange.

No Remuneration Committee meeting was held during the year ended 31 March 2021.

薪酬委員會

於二零零六年七月十四日，董事會成立薪酬委員會（「薪酬委員會」），目前由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名執行董事組成，林全智先生為主席，而其餘兩名薪酬委員會成員為鄭永強先生及趙瑞強先生。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括：

- (i) 就全體董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策及架構，及就設立正規而具透明度的程序制訂此等薪酬政策，向董事會提出建議；
- (ii) 向董事會建議個別執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬待遇；
- (iii) 透過參照董事會的公司目標，檢討及批准管理層的薪酬方案；
- (iv) 向董事會建議非執行董事的薪酬待遇；
- (v) 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理人員就其喪失或終止職務或委任而須支付的賠償，以確保該等賠償與合約條款一致；若未能與合約條款一致，賠償亦須公平合理，不致過多；
- (vi) 檢討及批准因董事行為失當而解僱或罷免有關董事所涉及的賠償安排，以確保該等安排與合約條款一致；若未能按有關合約條款釐定，有關賠償亦須合理適當；及
- (vii) 確保任何董事或其任何連絡人不得參與釐定他自己的薪酬。

薪酬委員會之權力及職責載於書面職權範圍內，而書面職權範圍可於本集團及聯交所之網站上公開查閱。

薪酬委員會於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內並無舉行會議。

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The remuneration of the members of the senior management of the Group by band for the year ended 31 March 2021 is set out below:

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度本集團高級管理層之薪酬組別如下：

Remuneration bands 薪酬組別		Number of persons 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	3
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元	2
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,000,001港元至3,000,000港元	1
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,000,001港元至4,000,000港元	-
Over HK\$4,000,000	超過4,000,000港元	1

Further particulars regarding Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid employees of the Group as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

根據上市規則附錄16須就董事酬金以及五名最高薪酬本集團僱員披露之進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註11。

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

On 14 July 2006, the Board established a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") which currently comprises three INEDs, chaired by Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond and the other two members of the Nomination Committee are Mr. Lam Williamson and Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen.

提名委員會

於二零零六年七月十四日，董事會成立提名委員會（「提名委員會」），現由三名獨立非執行董事組成，鄭永強先生為主席，而其餘兩名提名委員會成員為林全智先生及黃海權先生。

The Nomination Committee's major responsibilities include:

提名委員會之主要職責包括：

- (i) to review the structure, size, composition (including skills, knowledge and experience) and diversity of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
 - (ii) to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship, having due regard to the board diversity policy and the nomination policy of the Company;
 - (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors;
 - (iv) to make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors;
 - (v) to review the board diversity policy as appropriate and make recommendations on any required changes to the Board for consideration and approval, and monitor its implementation so as to ensure its effectiveness, and make disclosure of its summary and the progress of its implementation in the corporate governance report; and
 - (vi) to review the nomination policy for directors of the Company and to make disclosure of the summary of nomination policy in the annual report of the Company annually.
- (i) 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成（包括技能、知識及經驗方面）及多元化，並就任何為配合公司策略而擬對董事會作出變動提出建議；
 - (ii) 經考慮本公司董事會成員多元化政策及提名政策，物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士，並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向董事會提供意見；
 - (iii) 評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性；
 - (iv) 就與委任或重新委任董事及董事繼任計劃有關之事宜向董事會提供推薦意見；
 - (v) 檢討董事會成員多元化政策，就該政策的任何所需變動向董事會提出建議，以供考慮及批准，監察其實行，以確保其行之有效，以及在企業管治報告內披露其概要及執行進度；及
 - (vi) 檢討本公司的董事提名政策，並每年在公司的年報內披露提名政策摘要。

The Nomination Committee's authority and duties are set out in written terms of reference which are publicly available on the websites of the Group and the Stock Exchange.

提名委員會之權力及職責載於書面職權範圍內，而書面職權範圍可於本集團及聯交所之網站上公開查閱。

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The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the year ended 31 March 2021.

提名委員會於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內舉行了一次會議。

Directors

董事

		Attendance of Nomination Committee Meeting
		提名委員會會議出席次數
Mr. Cheng Wing Keung	鄭永強先生	1/1
Mr. Lam Williamson	林全智先生	1/1
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen	黃海權先生	1/1

The Nomination Committee has reviewed and discussed: (1) the prevailing structure, size and composition of the Board; (2) the independence of the INEDs; and (3) nomination of Directors for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The Nomination Committee has made recommendations to the Board.

提名委員會曾審閱及討論：(1)董事會之現行架構、規模及組成；(2)獨立非執行董事之獨立性；及(3)於應屆股東週年大會上提名有關重選之董事。提名委員會已向董事會提出建議。

Nomination Policy

The Board has adopted a nomination policy aims to:

- (i) sets out the criteria and process in the nomination and appointment of directors;
- (ii) ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company; and
- (iii) ensure the Board continuity and appropriate leadership at Board level.

提名政策

董事會已採納提名政策，其旨在：

- (i) 載列本公司提名及委任董事之標準及程序；
- (ii) 確保董事會具備切合本公司業務所需之技能、經驗及多元觀點；及
- (iii) 確保董事會之持續性及維持其在董事會層面之適當領導角色。

Below are the nomination procedures and the process and criteria adopted by the Nomination Committee to select and recommend candidates for directorship.

有關提名委員會所採納以甄選及建議董事人選之提名程序以及過程及標準乃載於下文。

Selection Criteria

The Nomination Committee shall consider the following criteria in evaluating and selecting candidates for directorships:

- character and integrity;
- qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience and diversity aspects under the board diversity policy that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board;
- requirement for the Board to have independent Directors in accordance with the Listing Rules and whether the candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules;
- any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity;

甄選標準

在評估及甄選候選人擔任董事時，提名委員會應考慮下列標準：

- 品格與誠信；
- 資格，包括符合本公司業務及公司策略之相關專業資格、技能、知識及經驗，以及董事會成員多元化政策下之多元化範疇；
- 為達致董事會成員多元化而採納之任何可計量目標；
- 上市規則有關董事會需包括獨立董事之規定，以及參照上市規則所載之獨立指引，考慮有關候選人是否被視為獨立；
- 候選人在資格、技能、經驗、獨立性及性別多元化方面可為董事會帶來之任何潛在貢獻；

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- willingness and ability to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board committee(s) of the Company; and
- any other perspectives that are appropriate to the Company's business and succession plan and where applicable, may be adopted and/or amended by the Board and/or the Nomination Committee from time to time for nomination of Directors and succession planning.

Directors' Nomination Procedures

The Board has the relevant procedures for Directors' nomination which are pursuant to the Listing Rules and the Articles as detailed below.

(a) Appointment of Directors

- (i) the Nomination Committee identifies individual(s) suitably qualified to become Board members, having due regard to the board diversity policy and the nomination policy of the Company, and assesses the independence of the proposed independent non-executive Director(s) as appropriate;
- (ii) The Nomination Committee makes recommendation(s) to the Board;
- (iii) The Board considers the individual(s) recommended by the Nomination Committee, having due regard to the board diversity policy and the nomination policy of the Company;
- (iv) The Board confirms the appointment of the individual(s) as Director(s) or recommends the individual(s) to stand for election at a general meeting. Individual(s) appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board will be subject to re-election by Shareholders at the next annual general meeting after initial appointment in accordance with the Articles.
- (v) The Shareholders approve the election of individual(s), who stand(s) for election at general meeting, as Director(s).

(b) Re-appointment of Directors

- (1) The Nomination Committee considers each retiring Director, having due regard to the board diversity policy and the nomination policy of the Company, and assesses the independence of each retiring independent non-executive Director.
- (2) The Nomination Committee makes recommendation(s) to the Board.
- (3) The Board considers each retiring Director recommended by the Nomination Committee, having due regard to the board diversity policy and the nomination policy of the Company.
- (4) The Board recommends the retiring Directors to stand for re-election at the annual general meeting in accordance with the Articles.
- (5) The Shareholders approve the re-election of Directors at the annual general meeting.

- 是否願意及能夠投放足夠時間履行身為董事會成員及／或本公司董事委員會委員之職責；及
- 其他適用於本公司業務及繼任計劃，及董事會及／或提名委員會可在有需要時不時就提名董事及繼任計劃採納及／或修訂之有關觀點。

董事提名程序

董事會已根據上市規則及細則就提名董事訂立相關程序，其詳列於下文。

(a) 委任董事

- (i) 提名委員會經適當考慮本公司之董事會成員多元化政策及提名政策，物色合資格成為董事會成員之人士，並評估所建議之獨立非執行董事之獨立性（如適用）。
- (ii) 提名委員會向董事會提出推薦建議。
- (iii) 董事會經適當考慮本公司董事會成員多元化政策及提名政策，考慮提名委員會建議之人士。
- (iv) 董事會確認有關人士之委任或建議有關人士參加股東大會之董事選舉。董事會所委任以填補臨時空缺或作為董事會增補成員之人士，須根據細則於首次委任後之下屆股東週年大會上接受股東重選。
- (v) 股東批准出席股東大會並於會上參選之有關人士為董事。

(b) 重選董事

- (1) 提名委員會經適當考慮本公司之董事會成員多元化政策及提名政策，考慮每名退任董事，並評估每名退任獨立非執行董事之獨立性。
- (2) 提名委員會向董事會提出推薦建議。
- (3) 董事會經適當考慮本公司董事會成員多元化政策及提名政策，考慮提名委員會建議之每名退任董事。
- (4) 董事會建議退任董事根據細則於股東週年大會上參選。
- (5) 股東於股東週年大會上批准重選有關董事。

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The Board has adopted a "Board Diversity Policy" in relation to the nomination and appointment of new Directors, which provides that the selection of Board candidates shall be based on a range of diversity perspectives with reference to the Company's business model and specific needs, including but not limited to gender, age, race, language, cultural background, educational background, industry experience and professional experience. The above measurements were also reviewed and adopted when the Nomination Committee reviewed the composition of the Board. After assessing the suitability of the Directors' skills and experience to the Company's business, the Nomination Committee confirmed that the existing Board was appropriately structured and no change was required.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Company's corporate governance functions are carried out by the Board pursuant to a set of written terms of reference adopted by the Board, which include:

- (a) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the directors and senior management of the Group;
- (c) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees of the Group and the Directors; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

During the financial year, the Board reviewed the current changes to corporate government requirements of the Stock Exchange and current were practices.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibilities for maintaining sound and effective internal control systems of the Group. The Group's systems of internal control include a defined management structure with limits of authority which is designed to help the achievement of business objectives, safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition, to ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and to ensure compliance with relevant legislation and regulations. The system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

董事會已採納有關提名及委任新董事的「董事會成員多元化政策」，當中載明在甄選董事會成員候選人上將以一系列多元化範疇為基準，並參考本公司的業務模式和特定需求，包括但不限於性別、年齡、種族、語言、文化背景、教育背景、行業經驗和專業經驗。上述計量標準在提名委員會檢討董事會組成過程中亦會予以考慮及採納。在就各董事的技能和經驗對本公司業務的適合度作出評估後，提名委員會確認，現有董事會架構合理，毋須作出調整。

企業管治職能

董事會根據其所採納之書面職權範圍進行本公司企業管治職能，當中包括：

- (a) 制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規，並向董事會提供推薦意見；
- (b) 檢討及監察本集團董事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專業發展；
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司有關遵守法例及規例規定之政策及常規；
- (d) 制定、檢討及監察本集團僱員及董事所適用之行為守則及遵守手冊(如有)；及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及企業管治報告之披露。

於本財政年度，董事會檢討聯交所及現時最佳應用指引之企業管治規定之現時變動。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會須全面負責維持本集團穩建及有效之內部監控系統。本集團之內部監控系統包括界定管理架構及授權限制，以協助實現各項業務目標、保障資產免於未經授權挪用或處置，從而確保維護妥當之會計紀錄以提供可靠之財務資料供內部使用或作發表之用，並確保遵守相關法例及規例。上述監控系統旨在合理(但並非絕對)保證並無重大錯誤陳述或損失，以及管理(而非消除)營運系統失誤及本集團未能達標之風險。

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(i) Organisational Structure

An organisational structure with operating policies and procedures, lines of responsibility and delegated authority has been established.

(ii) Authority and Control

The relevant executive Directors and senior management are delegated with respective levels of authorities with regard to key corporate strategy and policy and contractual commitments.

(iii) Budgetary Control and Financial Reporting

Proper controls are in place for the recording of complete, accurate and timely accounting and management information. Regular reviews and audits are carried out to ensure that the preparation of financial statements is carried out in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the Group's accounting policies and applicable laws and regulations.

(iv) Group Risk Management

The Group has developed and implemented risk mitigation strategies including the use of insurance to transfer the financial impact of risk upon directors and senior management.

During the year 31 March 2021, the Group has complied with Principle C.2 of the CG Code by establishing appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. Management is responsible for the design, implementation and monitoring of such systems, while the Board oversees management in performing its duties on an ongoing basis. Main features of the risk management and internal control systems are described in the sections below:

Risk Management System

The Group adopts a risk management system which manages the risks associated with its business and operations. The system comprises the following phases:

- (i) Identification: Identify ownership of risks, business objectives and risks that could affect the achievement of objectives;
- (ii) Evaluation: Analyse the likelihood and impact of risks and evaluate the risk portfolio accordingly; and
- (iii) Management: Consider the risk responses, ensure effective communication to the Board and on-going monitor the residual risks.

Based on the risk assessments conducted in for the year ended 31 March 2021, no significant risk was identified.

(i) 組織架構

本公司已建立一套訂明相關營運政策及程序、職責及權限之組織架構。

(ii) 權限及監控

相關執行董事及高級管理層各自獲授有關重要企業策略及政策及合約承諾之權限。

(iii) 預算控制及財務申報

本公司已建立適當監控程序，以確保全面、正確、及時紀錄會計及管理資料，並定期進行檢討及審查，以確保按照普遍採納之會計原則、本集團之會計政策及適用之法例及規例編製財務報表。

(iv) 集團風險管理

本集團已制訂及實施風險減輕策略，包括使用保險以轉移風險對董事及高級管理層之財務影響。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團已遵守企業管治守則第C.2條原則，建立適當及有效之風險管理及內部監控系統。管理層負責該等系統之設計、實施及監控，而董事會負責監督管理層持續執行其職責。風險管理及內部監控系統之主要特點於下文各節說明：

風險管理系統

本集團採納之風險管理系統負責管理與其業務及營運相關之風險。該系統包括以下階段：

- (i) 識別：識別風險歸屬、業務目標及可能影響目標實現之風險；
- (ii) 評估：分析風險之可能性及影響，並據此評估風險組合；及
- (iii) 管理：考慮風險應對措施，確保與董事會有效溝通並持續監控剩餘風險。

根據於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度進行之風險評估，並無發現任何重大風險。

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Internal Control System

The Company has in place an internal control system which is compatible with the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") 2013 framework. The framework enables the Group to achieve objectives regarding effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The components of the framework are shown as follows:

- (i) Control Environment: A set of standards, processes and structures that provide the basis for carrying out internal control across the Group;
- (ii) Risk Assessment: A dynamic and iterative process for identifying and analyzing risks to achieve the Group's objectives, forming a basis for determining how risks should be managed;
- (iii) Control Activities: Action established by policies and procedures to help ensure that management directives to mitigate risks to the achievement of objectives are carried out;
- (iv) Information and Communication: Internal and external communication to provide the Group with the information needed to carry out day-to-day controls; and
- (v) Monitoring: Ongoing and separate evaluations to ascertain whether each component of internal control is present and functioning.

In order to enhance the Group's system of handling inside information, and to ensure the truthfulness, accuracy, completeness and timeliness of its public disclosures, the Group also adopts and implements an inside information policy and procedures. Certain reasonable measures have been taken from time to time to ensure that proper safeguards exist to prevent a breach of the relevant disclosure requirements in relation to the Group, which include:

- (i) the access of information is restricted to a limited number of employees on a need-to-know basis. Employees who are in possession of inside information are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentiality;
- (ii) confidentiality agreements are in place when the Group enters into significant negotiations; and
- (iii) the executive Directors are designated persons who speak on behalf of the Company when communicating with external parties such as the media, analysts or investors.

內部監控系統

本公司設有內部監控系統，該系統與全美反舞弊性財務報告委員會發起組織（「COSO」）於二零一三年發表之框架相符。透過該框架，本公司能夠實現有關營運有效性及效率、財務報告可靠性以及遵守適用法律及法規之目標。框架之組成部分列示如下：

- (i) 監控環境：為於本集團進行內部監控提供基礎之一套準則、程序及架構；
- (ii) 風險評估：識別及分析風險以實現本集團目標，以及為釐定如何管理風險提供基礎之不斷轉變而反復之過程；
- (iii) 監控活動：根據政策及程序確立之行動，以確保執行管理層為減低風險以達成目標所作出之指示；
- (iv) 資訊及溝通：為本集團提供進行日常監控所需資訊之內部及外部溝通；及
- (v) 監控：持續及獨立評估以確定內部監控之各組成部分是否存在及運作正常。

為加強本集團處理內幕消息之制度，確保公開披露資料之真實性、準確性、完整性與及時性，本集團亦採納及執行內幕消息政策及程序。本集團已不時採取若干合理措施，確保已有防止違反相關披露規定之保障措施，其中包括：

- (i) 只有需要了解之有限數目之僱員可獲取消息。擁有內幕消息之僱員完全了解其保守機密之責任；
- (ii) 本集團訂立重大協商時簽訂保密協議；及
- (iii) 與外界（如媒體、分析師或投資者）溝通時，執行董事為代表本公司發言之指定人士。

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INTERNAL AUDIT

The Group has engaged an external professional to carry out the internal audit functions of the Group. The internal audit function is independent of the Group's daily operation and carries out appraisal of the risk management and internal control systems by conducting interviews, walk-throughs and tests of operating effectiveness.

An internal audit plan has been approved by the Board. According to the established plan, review of the risk management and internal control systems is conducted annually and the results are reported to the Board via the Audit Committee afterwards.

EFFECTIVENESS OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and ensuring review of the effectiveness of these systems has been conducted annually. Several areas have been considered during the Board's review, which include but not limited to (i) the changes in the nature and extent of significant risks since the last annual review, and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment; and (ii) the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control systems.

The Board, through its review and the review made by internal audit function and the Audit Committee, concluded that the risk management and internal control systems were effective and adequate. Such systems, however, are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. It is also considered that the resources, staff qualifications and experience of relevant staff were adequate and the training programs and budget provided were sufficient.

EXTERNAL AUDITORS

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited ("HLB") is currently appointed as the external auditors of the Company, which provides audit and non-audit services to the Company. In order to maintain HLB's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with the applicable standards, the Audit Committee, under its terms of reference, holds meetings with HLB to discuss the nature and scope of their audit and related fees, and to approve the nature and scope of non-audit services requested by the Company and related fees.

內部審核

本集團已聘請外部專業人士履行本集團之內部審核職能。內部審核職能獨立於本集團日常運作，並通過訪談、穿行測試及運行有效性測試對風險管理及內部監控系統進行評估。

內部審核計劃已經董事會批准。根據既定計劃，風險管理及內部監控系統之審查每年進行一次，結果將通過審核委員會向董事會報告。

風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性

董事會負責管理本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統，並確保每年對這些系統之有效性進行審查。董事會審查期間已對若干方面作出考慮，包括但不限於(i)自上次年度審查以來重大風險之性質及程度之變化，以及本集團對其業務及外部環境變化作出應對之能力；及(ii)管理層持續監控風險之範圍及質量，以及內部監控系統之範圍及質量。

經過董事會以及內部審核職能及審核委員會之審查結果顯示，風險管理及內部監控系統為有效及充分。然而，有關系統旨在管理而非消除未能實現業務目標之風險，並且只能就防止重大錯報或損失提供合理而非絕對之保證。董事會亦認為已有足夠的資源，工作人員具備足夠的資格及經驗，所提供的培訓及預算亦屬充裕。

外聘核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司(「國衛」)現獲委任為本公司之外聘核數師，向本公司提供核數及非核數服務。為維持國衛按照適用準則進行核數程序之獨立、客觀及有效，審核委員會在其職權範圍內與國衛舉行會議以討論其核數之性質及範圍以及相關費用，並審批本公司要求之非核數服務之性質及範圍以及相關費用。

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The nature of audit and non-audit services provided by HLB and fees paid to HLB (including any entity that is under common control, ownership or management with the audit firm or any entity that a reasonable and informed third party having knowledge of all relevant information would reasonably conclude as part of the audit firm nationally or internationally) are set out below:

Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	HK\$'000 千港元
- Audit services	- 核數服務	700
- Tax services	- 稅務服務	-
- Other services	- 其他服務	-
		700

The Board has accepted the recommendation from the Audit Committee on appointment HLB as the external auditors of the Company for the year ending 31 March 2022 at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board recognises the importance of maintaining clear, timely and effective communication with Shareholders and potential investors. Therefore, the Group is committed to maintaining a high degree of transparency to ensure the potential investors and the Shareholders receive accurate, clear and comprehensive and timely information of the Group by the regulatory publications such as publish financial statements, results announcements and circulars, press release and news articles, general meetings and other investment market communications such as roadshows and media interviews.

The primary platform for publication of all announcements and circulars made by the Company in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements is through a financial printer who maintains a site for the Company at <http://www.capitalfp.com.hk/eng/index.jsp?co=223> (English Version) and www.capitalfp.com.hk/chi/index.jsp?co=223 (Chinese Version). In addition, the Company also publishes all corporate correspondence on its website <http://www.elife.com.hk> as an additional communication channel to the Shareholders.

The Board maintains regular dialogues with institutional investors and analysts to keep them informed of the Group's strategy, operations, management and plans. The Directors and the members of various committees would attend and answer questions raised at the annual general meeting of the Company. Separate resolutions would be proposed at the general meeting on each substantially separate issue.

The Chairman of the general meetings of the Company would explain the procedures for conducting a poll before putting a resolution to vote. The results of the voting by poll would be published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively.

國衛提供之核數及非核數服務之性質及支付予國衛(包括與會計師事務所受共同控制、擁有或管理之任何機構，或知悉所有相關資料之合理知情第三方可合理斷定為該會計師事務所之國內或國際分部之任何機構)之費用如下：

董事會已接納審核委員會於應屆股東週年大會上提名國衛擔任本公司截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之外聘核數師之推薦建議。

與股東溝通

董事會承認維持與股東及潛在投資者進行清晰、及時及有效溝通之重要性。因此，本集團致力維持高度之透明度，以透過規定刊發(例如刊發財務報表、業績公佈及通函、新聞稿及新聞報導)、股東大會及其他投資市場溝通(例如路演及媒體訪談)，確保潛在投資者及股東收到本集團準確、清晰、全面、及時之資料。

本公司根據適用監管規定刊發所有公佈及通函之主要平台乃透過財經印刷商，該印刷商為本公司提供網站，網站連結為<http://www.capitalfp.com.hk/eng/index.jsp?co=223>(英文版)及www.capitalfp.com.hk/chi/index.jsp?co=223(中文版)。此外，本公司亦在網站<http://www.elife.com.hk>刊發所有公司通訊作為股東之額外溝通渠道。

董事會與機構投資者及分析師維持定期對話，以讓彼等瞭解本集團之策略、營運、管理及計劃。董事及各委員會之成員均會出席本公司股東週年大會，並回答於會上提出之問題。就各主要單獨事項，將於股東大會上提呈獨立決議案。

本公司股東大會主席將於提呈決議案供表決之前解釋進行投票之程序。以投票方式進行之表決結果將分別刊載於聯交所及本公司之網站。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Shareholders' rights to requisition for and convene an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM")

According to Article 58 of the Articles, any one or more Shareholders holding not less than 10 per cent of the paid-up capital of the Company may by written requisition to require an EGM to be called by the Board or the Company Secretary. The Board or the Company Secretary must proceed to convene an EGM as soon as possible, within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition. The meeting shall be held not later than 2 months after the date of deposit of the requisition. If the Board fails to convene the EGM as requisitioned by the Shareholders within 21 days after the date of requisition was received, all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitioner(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitioner(s) by the Company.

Shareholders' rights of procedures for sending enquiries to the Board and making proposals at Shareholders' meetings

Shareholders have the right to send their enquiries and concerns to the Board or make proposals at the Shareholders' meeting by addressing them to the Company Secretary by mail at the Company's correspondence address in Hong Kong or by email to the Company's official email address. The Company Secretary forwards all enquiries and proposals relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and consumer complaints to the Board.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is Mr. Chow Chi Fai. Details of the biography of the Company Secretary is set out in the section headed "Directors & Senior Management Profiles" of this annual report.

In compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Chow has undertaken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 March 2021.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There had been no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 March 2021.

股東之權利

股東要求召開股東特別大會（「股東特別大會」）之權利

根據細則第58條，持有不少於本公司繳足股本10%之任何一名或多名股東可透過書面請求要求董事會或公司秘書召開股東特別大會。董事會或公司秘書須於可行情況下儘快於要求送達日期起計21日內召開股東特別大會。大會將不遲於送達要求日期後2個月舉行。倘若董事會未能按股東要求於收到要求日期後21日內召開股東特別大會，則要求者因董事會未能如期舉行股東特別大會而所產生之所有合理開支將由本公司償付予要求者。

股東向董事會查詢及於股東大會上提出建議之權利

股東有權向董事會查詢及提出關注或於股東大會上提出建議，方法為向公司秘書（地址為本公司於香港之通訊地址）郵寄或向本公司之官方電郵地址發送有關查詢、關注及建議。公司秘書向董事會轉達所有與一般業務事項有關之查詢及建議（例如建議、查詢及消費者投訴）。

公司秘書

公司秘書為周志輝先生。公司秘書之履歷詳情載於本年報「董事及高級管理層簡介」一節。

為遵守上市規則第3.29條，於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，周先生已接受不少於15個小時之相關專業培訓。

章程文件

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本公司之章程文件並無重大變動。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy that, subject to the approval of the Shareholders and requirement of the relevant law, the Company shall pay annual dividends to the Shareholders if the Group is profitable, operations environment is stable and there is no significant investment or commitment made by the Group. The target annual dividend pay-out shall not exceed 30% of the consolidated annual net profits (excluding extraordinary items, if any) attributable to the Shareholders

In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account, among other things, the Group's financial results, financial position, cash flow situation, business conditions and strategies, expected future operations and earnings, capital requirements and expenditure plans, interests of Shareholders, any restrictions on payment of dividends and any other factors which the Board may consider relevant. Any payment of the dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the Articles and all applicable laws and regulations.

股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策，當中訂明在取得股東批准並在符合相關法律規定下，倘若本集團錄得盈利、經營環境穩定及本集團並無任何重大投資或承擔，本公司須向股東派付年度股息。年度股息之目標派息率不得超過股東應佔綜合年度純利（不包括任何特殊項目（如有））之30%。

董事會在建議任何股息派付時，亦須計及（其中包括）本集團之財務業績、財務狀況、現金流量狀況、業務狀況及策略、預期未來營運狀況及盈利、資本需求及開支計劃、股東權益、任何股息限制，以及董事會可能認為有關之任何其他因素。本公司所作之任何股息派付亦須受開曼群島公司法例、細則及所有適用法律及法規所限制。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

The Board submits herewith its report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements. The Group is engaged in commodities trading, sales, marketing and brand building of anti-epidemic and daily cleaning products businesses across Greater China as well as the provision of smart digital services. It has also been expanding its businesses into the consumer products market conforming to the Group's business principle of "making life easier and benefiting people's livelihood" (易生活·惠民生).

PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 March 2021 are set out in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's loss for the year ended 31 March 2021 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group as at that date are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 56 to 171.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend (2020: Nil) in respect of the year to the Shareholders.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following is a summary of the published consolidated results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group:

董事會謹此提呈彼等之報告及本集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本公司附屬公司之主要業務詳情載於綜合財務報表附註18。本集團於大中華地區從事防疫和日用清潔品之商品貿易、銷售、行銷及品牌建設，以及提供智能數據服務。其亦正在拓展其業務至消費品市場，以配合本集團「易生活，惠民生」之經營原則。

主要附屬公司

本公司於二零二一年三月三十一日之主要附屬公司之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註18。

業績及股息

本集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之虧損及本公司與本集團於該日之業務狀況載於綜合財務報表第56至第171頁內。

董事會不建議向股東派付本年度末期股息(二零二零年：無)。

財務資料概要

以下為本集團已刊發之綜合業績及資產與負債概要：

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

RESULTS

For the year ended 31 March 2021

業績

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover	營業額	6	276,040	54,789
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(266,582)	(56,514)
Gross profit/(loss)	毛利/(毛損)		9,458	(1,725)
Other income	其他收入	7	3,999	4,132
Other losses – net	其他虧損 – 淨額	7	(4,696)	(10,376)
Selling expenses	銷售開支		(994)	(7,056)
Other operating expenses	其他營運開支		(29,200)	(52,417)
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項	35	(4,957)	(763)
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	20	-	(18,320)
Net allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備淨額		(814)	(8,846)
Loss from operating activities	經營業務虧損	8	(27,204)	(95,371)
Finance costs	融資成本	9	(1,727)	(570)
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損		(28,931)	(95,941)
Taxation	稅項	12	(1,713)	(4)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損		(30,644)	(95,945)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收益/(虧損)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	不會重新分類至損益之項目:			
Change in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產公平值變動		(34)	(1,113)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後可能重新分類至損益之項目:			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	換算海外經營業務之匯兌差額		5,442	(7,327)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度其他全面收益/(虧損)		5,408	(8,440)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額		(25,236)	(104,385)

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

財務資料概要 (續)

		Note	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to:	歸屬於下列人士之			
	本年度虧損：			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(26,403)	(76,932)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(4,241)	(19,013)
			(30,644)	(95,945)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:	歸屬於下列人士之			
	本年度全面虧損總額：			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(20,285)	(85,713)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(4,951)	(18,672)
			(25,236)	(104,385)
Loss per share	每股虧損			
- Basic	- 基本	15	(0.9) cents港仙	(2.6) cents港仙
- Diluted	- 攤薄	15	(0.9) cents港仙	(2.6) cents港仙

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註屬本綜合財務報表整體之一部份。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION (continued)

財務資料概要(續)

		As at 31 March 於三月三十一日				
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets and liabilities	資產與負債					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	15,212	17,746	47,641	66,285	35,817
Current assets	流動資產	108,340	117,044	179,838	238,923	314,844
Current liabilities	流動負債	(35,171)	(71,870)	(70,410)	(21,970)	(13,189)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(18,258)	(1,291)	(25,320)	(25,433)	-
		70,123	61,629	131,749	257,805	337,472

Note: The results of the Group for the two years ended 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021 and its assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2020 and 31 March 2021 are those set out on pages 56 to 171 of the consolidated financial statements.

附註：本集團截至二零二零年三月三十一日及二零二一年三月三十一日止兩個年度之業績及其於二零二零年三月三十一日及二零二一年三月三十一日之資產與負債載於綜合財務報表第56至第171頁。

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

物業、廠房及設備

本集團年內之物業、廠房及設備變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year and details of the Company's share-based payment are set out in Notes 33 and 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

股本及以股份支付之款項

本公司年內之股本變動詳情及本公司以股份支付之款項詳情載於綜合財務報表附註33及35。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share-based payment as disclosed below and Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year or subsisted as at the end of the year.

股票掛鈎協議

除下文及綜合財務報表附註35所披露的以股份支付之款項外，本公司於年內並無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議，亦無於年終時存續的股票掛鈎協議。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

優先購買權

細則或開曼群島(本公司註冊成立所處之司法權區)法例概無載有關於優先購買權之條文，而令本公司須按比例向現有股東發售新股份。

PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

The Company or any of its subsidiaries had not purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

購買、贖回或出售本公司之上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司在年內概無購買、贖回或出售任何本公司之上市證券。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 March 2021, the Company did not have reserves available for cash distribution and/or distribution in specie, calculated in accordance with the Companies Law (2003 Revision) of the Cayman Islands to members. No final dividend has been proposed out of such reserves for the year (2020: Nil).

LARGEST AND TOP FIVE CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group's largest and five largest customers' aggregate amount represented approximately 33.1% (2020: approximately 62.2%) and approximately 66.4% (2020: approximately 100%) of the Group's total revenue, respectively. The Group's largest and five largest suppliers' aggregate amount represented approximately 11.5% (2020: approximately 68.6%) and approximately 50.4% (2020: approximately 98.5%) of the Group's cost of sales, respectively.

Save as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements, to the best knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors, their close associates or any Shareholder owning more than 5% of the number of issued Shares, has any interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Zhang Xiaobin (Chairman)
Mr. Gao Feng (Vice-Chairman)
Mr. Chiu Sui Keung (Chief Executive Officer)
Mr. Sun Qiang (Chief Technology Officer) (Resigned on 24 March 2021)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond
Mr. Lam Williamson
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen
Dr. Lam Lee G.

In accordance with Articles 87(1) and (2) of the Articles, Mr. Zhang Xiaobin and Mr. Gao Feng will be eligible for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Company has received confirmation from each of the INEDs about his independence pursuant of Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all INEDs meet the independent rules and continues to consider each of them to be independent.

儲備

本公司及本集團在年內之儲備變動詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註34及綜合權益變動表。

可供分派儲備

於二零二一年三月三十一日，本公司並無按照開曼群島公司法(二零零三年修訂版)計算之可供作現金分派及/或實物分派之儲備。於本年度並無建議自有關儲備中撥付末期股息(二零二零年：無)。

最大與首五名最大客戶及供應商

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團最大與首五名最大客戶貢獻之收益總額分別佔本集團總收益約33.1%(二零二零年：約62.2%)及約66.4%(二零二零年：約100%)。本集團最大與首五名最大供應商貢獻之銷售總額分別佔本集團銷售成本約11.5%(二零二零年：約68.6%)及約50.4%(二零二零年：約98.5%)。

除綜合財務報表所披露者外，據董事所深知，概無董事、其緊密聯繫人士或任何擁有已發行股份數目5%以上之股東於本集團首五名最大客戶或首五名最大供應商中擁有任何權益。

董事

年內及截至本報告日期為止之董事如下：

執行董事

張曉彬先生(主席)
高峰先生(副主席)
趙瑞強先生(行政總裁)
孫強先生(首席技術官)(於二零二一年三月二十四日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

鄭永強先生
林全智先生
黃海權先生
林家禮博士

根據細則第87(1)及(2)條，張曉彬先生及高峰先生將符合資格於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

本公司已收到各位獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條作出有關其獨立性之確認書。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均遵守獨立規則，並繼續認為彼等均為獨立人士。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 13 to 17 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of 3 years commencing from the date of the employment and continuing thereafter until terminated by either party by giving not less than three months' or one months' notice in writing to the other.

All INEDs entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of three years on 1 May 2018 and continuing thereafter until terminated by either party by giving notice.

Apart from the foregoing, no Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

During the year, Directors' remuneration, comprised payments to the directors of the Company and its subsidiaries in connection with the management of the affairs of the Group, is as follow:

Name of Director	Fees	Basic salaries	Other allowances	Equity-settled share-based payment	MPF contributions	Total
董事姓名	袍金	基本薪金	其他津貼	以權益結算並 以股份支付之款項	強積金供款	合計
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
2021:						
Executive Directors						
Mr. Zhang Xiaobin (Chairman)	-	3,600	-	663	-	4,263
Mr. Gao Feng (Vice-Chairman)	-	1,560	56	663	18	2,297
Mr. Chiu Sui Keung (Chief Executive Officer)	-	1,200	-	663	18	1,881
Mr. Sun Qiang (Chief Technology Officer) (Resigned on 24 March 2021)	-	490	-	66	-	556
Independent non-executive Directors						
Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond	120	-	-	66	-	186
Mr. Lam Williamson	120	-	-	66	-	186
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen	120	-	-	66	-	186
Dr. Lam Lee G.	120	-	-	66	-	186
	480	6,850	56	2,319	36	9,741

董事及高級管理層之簡歷

董事及本集團高級管理層之簡歷載於本年報第13至第17頁。

董事之服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約，由開始任職起計初步為期三年，並可於其後續約，直至其中一方向另一方發出不少於三個月或一個月之書面通知予以終止為止。

所有獨立非執行董事均於二零一八年五月一日與本公司訂立委任書，初步為期三年，其後將一直延續，直至任何一方發出通知而終止為止。

除上述者外，擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事概無與本公司訂立本公司不得於一年內終止而毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務合約。

董事酬金

年內，董事酬金(包括就管理本集團業務而支付予本公司及其附屬公司各董事之款項)如下：

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

董事酬金 (續)

Name of Director	Fees	Basic salaries	Other allowances	Equity-settled share-based payment 以權益結算並 並以股份 支付之款項	MPF contributions	Total
董事姓名	袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	基本薪金 HK\$'000 千港元	其他津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	強積金供款 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
2020:						
Executive Directors						
Mr. Zhang Xiaobin (Chairman)	張曉彬先生 (主席)	6,600	63	104	-	6,767
Mr. Gao Feng (Vice-Chairman)	高峰先生 (副主席)	2,860	50	104	18	3,032
Mr. Chiu Sui Keung (Chief Executive Officer)	趙瑞強先生 (行政總裁)	1,480	-	104	18	1,602
Mr. Sun Qiang (Chief Technology Officer)	孫強先生 (首席技術官)	1,354	-	10	-	1,364
Non-executive Directors						
Mr. Zhang Yichun (Vice-Chairman) (Resigned on 29 February 2020)	張一春先生 (副主席) (於二零二零年 二月二十九日辭任)	-	-	-	-	-
Ms. Xu Ying (Resigned on 1 March 2020)	徐英女士 (於二零二零年 三月一日辭任)	800	-	-	-	800
Independent non-executive Directors						
Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond	鄭永強先生	220	-	10	-	230
Mr. Lam Williamson	林全智先生	220	-	10	-	230
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen	黃海權先生	220	-	10	-	230
Dr. Lam Lee G.	林家禮博士	220	-	10	-	230
		880	13,094	113	36	14,485

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No Director had a significant beneficial interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year. Save as disclosed in this report, none of the Directors has had any direct or indirect interest in any assets which have been acquired or disposed of by, or leased to, or which are proposed to be acquired or disposed of by, or leased to, any member of the Group during the year.

董事之合約權益

本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司於年內概無訂立董事直接或間接擁有重大實益權益而對本集團業務影響重大之任何合約。除本報告披露者外，年內各董事概無直接或間接擁有本集團任何成員公司購入、出售或租賃或擬購入、出售或租賃之任何資產之任何權益。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed below, as at 31 March 2021, none of the Directors had any beneficial interests (including interests or short positions) in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which would be required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including the interests and short positions which they are taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO), or which will be required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to in that section, or will be required, pursuant to the Model Code in the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Long positions in the shares of the Company

Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

Name of Directors 董事名稱	Interest in shares/ Underlying shares 於股份/相關股份之權益	Capacity 身份	Number of shares/ Underlying shares held 所持股份/相關股份之數目
Zhang Xiaobin 張曉彬	Shares 股份	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	95,651,489
	Share options 購股權	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	51,500,000
Gao Feng (Note 1) 高峰(附註1)	Shares 股份	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	162,757,531
	Shares 股份	Interest of a controlled corporation 擁有受控制公司之權益	89,000,000
	Share options 購股權	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	51,500,000
Chiu Sui Keung 趙瑞強	Shares 股份	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	28,271,000
	Share options 購股權	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	51,500,000
Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond 鄭永強	Shares 股份	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,041,000
	Share options 購股權	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	3,900,000
Lam Williamson 林全智	Shares 股份	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,181,000
	Share options 購股權	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	3,900,000
Wong Hoi Kuen 黃海權	Shares 股份	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,181,000
	Share options 購股權	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	3,900,000
Lam Lee G. 林家禮	Shares 股份	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,000,000
	Share options 購股權	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	5,081,000

Note:

1. Mr. Gao Feng is beneficially interested in the entire issued share capital of ACE Channel Limited.

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債券之權益及淡倉

除下文披露者外，於二零二一年三月三十一日，概無董事於本公司或其任何聯營公司（具有證券及期貨條例（「證券及期貨條例」）第XV部所賦予之涵義）之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部份第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所（包括根據證券及期貨條例之有關條文被當作或被視為擁有之權益及淡倉）或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該條例所述之登記冊或須根據標準守則知會本公司及聯交所之任何實益權益（包括權益或淡倉）。

於本公司股份之好倉

於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

附註：

1. 高峰先生實益擁有ACE Channel Limited之全部已發行股本。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements, at no time during the year was the Company, its holding company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Details of the Company's share options scheme are set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, no share options were granted to directors, employees and other parties while 121,960,000 share options lapsed respectively. As at 31 March 2021, 346,557,000 share options remained outstanding.

The Group recognise equity-settled share-based payment of approximately HK\$4,957,000 during the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: approximately HK\$763,000) in relation to share options granted by the Company.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Board has approved the adoption of the Share Award Scheme (the "Old Share Award Scheme") on 11 February 2011, pursuant to which existing Shares will be purchased by Bank of East Asia (Trustees) Limited (the "BEA Trustee") from the market at the cost of the Company and be held in trust. On 9 March 2011, the Board approved and transferred HK\$5,000,000 to BEA Trustee. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company transferred Shares from the share award scheme from BEA Trustee to Xin Yongan International Securities Company Limited (the "Trustee"). As at 31 March 2021, 5,050,000 Shares were purchased and held by the Trustee, representing approximately 0.16% (2020: approximately 0.17%) of the issued share capital of the Company.

On 27 June 2017 (the "Adoption Date"), the Board resolved to terminate the Old Share Award Scheme with immediate effect. Such termination shall not affect the Shares awarded by the Board under the Old Share Award Scheme. On the same day, the Board resolved to adopt the new share award scheme (the "New Share Award Scheme").

董事購入股份或債券之權利

除於綜合財務報表附註33所披露者外，本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬公司在年內概無訂立任何安排，致使董事、彼等各自之配偶或18歲以下之子女可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而得益。

購股權計劃

本公司購股權計劃之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註35。

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，並無向董事、僱員及其他方授出購股權，另有121,960,000份購股權失效。於二零二一年三月三十一日，346,557,000份購股權尚未行使。

本集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度就本公司授出之購股權確認以權益結算並以股份支付之款項約4,957,000港元(二零二零年：約763,000港元)。

股份獎勵計劃

董事會於二零一一年二月十一日批准採納股份獎勵計劃(「舊股份獎勵計劃」)。據此，Bank of East Asia (Trustees) Limited (「BEA受託人」)將會從市場購入並以信託形式持有現有股份(有關成本由本公司支付)。於二零一一年三月九日，董事會批准及轉撥5,000,000港元予BEA受託人。於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度，本公司將股份獎勵計劃下之股份由BEA受託人轉撥至新永安國際證券有限公司(「受託人」)。於二零二一年三月三十一日，受託人已購買並持有5,050,000股股份，佔本公司已發行股本約0.16%(二零二零年：約0.17%)。

於二零一七年六月二十七日(「採納日期」)，董事會議決終止舊股份獎勵計劃，即時生效。有關終止概不影響董事會已根據舊股份獎勵計劃發行之股份。同日，董事會議決採納新股份獎勵計劃(「新股份獎勵計劃」)。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

SHARE AWARD SCHEME (continued)

The purposes and objectives of the New Share Award Scheme are to recognise the contributions by certain employees and persons to the Group and to provide them with incentives in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group. Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board in accordance with the scheme rules, the New Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for 10 years from the Adoption Date.

The Board may select any individual or corporate entity being a Director (including executive and non-executive Director), employee, officer, agent, advisor, consultant or business partner of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and other persons who/which in the opinion of the Board has contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group (the "Eligible Participant(s)") for participation in the New Share Award Scheme and determine the number of the awarded shares to be awarded to the selected participants (the "Selected Participants").

If the Board selects a director as the Selected Participant, the grant of the awarded shares to a Director may constitute a connected transaction of the Company. However, since the grant of awarded shares to Director forms part of the remuneration of the relevant Director under his/her service contract, such grant of awarded shares is exempted from all the reporting, announcement and independent Shareholder's approval requirement under Rules 14A.31(6) of the Listing Rules.

For the awarded shares granted to the Selected Participants who are connected persons (excluding Directors), the Company will comply with the relevant provisions of the Listing Rules in relation to the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements. However, any grant to any Director or senior management of the Company must first be approved by the Remuneration Committee.

There was no purchase of shares by the Trustee under the New Share Award Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2021.

For further details, please refer to Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

股份獎勵計劃 (續)

新股份獎勵計劃之目的及目標為嘉許本集團若干僱員及人士之貢獻並給予獎勵，務求挽留彼等繼續為本集團之持續營運及發展效力，以及為本集團之進一步發展吸引合適人才。除非董事會決定按計劃規則提前終止，否則新股份獎勵計劃將由採納日期起生效並維持10年有效。

董事會可挑選任何身份屬本公司董事(包括執行及非執行董事)、僱員、主管人員、代理、諮詢人、顧問或業務夥伴之任何人士及法團，或其任何附屬公司及董事會認為對本集團增長或發展有貢獻或將會有所貢獻之其他人士(「合資格參與者」)參與新股份獎勵計劃，並可釐定將向經甄選之參與者(「經甄選參與者」)授出之獎勵股份數目。

倘若董事會選出一名董事作為經甄選參與者，向該名董事授出獎勵股份可能構成本公司一項關連交易。然而，由於根據相關董事之服務合約，向董事授出獎勵股份構成相關董事之部分酬金，故有關授出獎勵股份一事可獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A.31(6)條項下之所有申報、公告及獨立股東批准規定。

倘若向身份屬關連人士之經甄選參與者(不包括董事)授予獎勵股份，本公司將遵守上市規則有關申報、公告及獨立股東批准規定之相關條文。然而，向本公司任何董事或高級管理人員作出任何授予前，必須先經薪酬委員會批准。

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，受託人並無根據新股份獎勵計劃購買任何股份。

有關進一步詳情，請參閱綜合財務報表附註35。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND INTERESTS DISCLOSABLE UNDER THE SFO

As at 31 March 2021, the following interests of 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

Name of Shareholders	Note	Number of shares interested	Nature of interests	Capacity	Approximate percentage of existing issued ordinary share capital of the Company (Note 4) 佔本公司現有已發行普通股股本之概約百分比 (附註4)
股東姓名／名稱	附註	持有權益之股份數目	權益性質	身份	
Ms. Liu Qihua 劉秋華女士		358,817,000	Long positions 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	11.59%
ACE Channel Limited ("ACE Channel")	1	89,000,000	Long positions 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2.87%
Mr. Gao Feng 高峰先生		162,757,531	Long positions 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	5.26%
	1	89,000,000	Long positions 好倉	interest of a controlled corporation 擁有受控制公司之權益	2.87%
	2	51,500,000	Long positions 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1.66%
Mr. Zhu Qian ("Mr. Zhu") 朱其安先生 (「朱先生」)	3	479,958,000	Long positions 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	15.50%

Notes:

- Mr. Gao Feng is beneficially interested in the entire issued share capital of ACE Channel. By virtue of the SFO, he is deemed to be interested in the 89,000,000 shares beneficially owned by ACE Channel.
- Mr. Gao Feng is beneficially interested in 51,500,000 share options.
- As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 27 November 2020, a maximum of 479,958,000 Shares (comprising 200,000,000 consideration shares, 200,000,000 conversion shares and 79,958,000 shares) may be allotted and issued to Mr. Zhu under the Share Transfer Agreement subject to fulfillment of the conditions precedent therein. However, the actual number of shares to be allotted and issued to him will be limited as Mr. Zhu is subject to a restriction in the Share Transfer Agreement that he shall not convert any additional convertible bonds to conversion shares if he will hold 10% or more of the shares.
- The shareholding percentage is calculated based on the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2021.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

During the year, save for the service contracts of the Directors, the Company had not entered into any contract with any individual, firm or body corporate to manage or administer the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company.

主要股東及根據證券及期貨條例須予披露之權益

於二零二一年三月三十一日，本公司已發行股本5%或以上之下列權益乃載於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之權益登記冊內：

Name of Shareholders	Note	Number of shares interested	Nature of interests	Capacity	Approximate percentage of existing issued ordinary share capital of the Company (Note 4) 佔本公司現有已發行普通股股本之概約百分比 (附註4)
股東姓名／名稱	附註	持有權益之股份數目	權益性質	身份	
Ms. Liu Qihua 劉秋華女士		358,817,000	Long positions 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	11.59%
ACE Channel Limited ("ACE Channel")	1	89,000,000	Long positions 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2.87%
Mr. Gao Feng 高峰先生		162,757,531	Long positions 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	5.26%
	1	89,000,000	Long positions 好倉	interest of a controlled corporation 擁有受控制公司之權益	2.87%
	2	51,500,000	Long positions 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1.66%
Mr. Zhu Qian ("Mr. Zhu") 朱其安先生 (「朱先生」)	3	479,958,000	Long positions 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	15.50%

附註：

- 高峰先生實益擁有ACE Channel全部已發行股本之權益。根據證券及期貨條例，他被視為擁有89,000,000股由ACE Channel實益擁有之股份之權益。
- 高峰先生實益擁有51,500,000份購股權之權益。
- 誠如本公司日期為二零二零年十一月二十七日之公佈所披露，根據股份轉讓協議，最多479,958,000股股份（包括200,000,000股代價股份、200,000,000股換股股份及79,958,000股股份）可配發及發行予朱先生，惟須待協議中之先決條件達成，方可作實。然而，實際配發及發行予朱先生之股份數目將按股份轉讓協議所載受限於倘朱先生因轉換任何額外可換股債券為換股股份而將持有10%或以上股份，其將不得進行有關轉換。
- 股份權益之百分比乃根據本公司於二零二一年三月三十一日之已發行股本計算。

管理合約

於本年度內，除各董事之服務合約外，本公司概無與任何人士、法團或法人團體訂立任何合約以就本公司任何業務之全部或任何重大部份進行管理或行政管理。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No other contracts of significance between the Company or any of its subsidiary companies and a controlling Shareholder or may compete with the business of the Group.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Certain related party transaction(s) as set out in Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements also constituted connected transaction(s) under the Listing Rules. Details of such connected transaction(s) of the Group during the year is/are set out below.

On 11 September 2014, Sino Talent Holdings Limited ("Sino Talent"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as lender, entered into a loan agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with Graceful Ocean International Group Holding Limited ("Graceful Ocean") as borrower and Mr. Ma Haike ("Mr. Ma") as first guarantor whereby Sino Talent agreed to advance to Graceful Ocean a term loan in the principal amount of HK\$18 million (the "Loan") with interest accrued at the rate of 13% per annum. The parties entered into five supplemental agreements to the Loan Agreement between April 2015 and June 2018 to, among other things, postpone the maturity date of the Loan to 31 March 2019. On 24 June 2019, the parties and Mr. Gao entered into the sixth supplemental agreement to the Loan Agreement with the interest rate of 10% per annum, to further postpone the maturity date of the Loan to 31 March 2020. Meanwhile, as an additional security of the repayment obligations of the Borrower under the Loan Agreement (as supplemented by the six supplemental agreements), Mr. Gao, an executive Director and the Vice-Chairman, entered into a second guarantee contract ("Mr. Gao's Second Guarantee") with Sino Talent and Graceful Ocean whereby Mr. Gao agreed to act as the second guarantor and in the event and only when Mr. Ma failed to or refused to fulfill its guarantee obligations as the first guarantor, guarantee the due performance of Graceful Ocean in respect of its repayment obligations under the Loan Agreement (as supplemented by the six supplemental agreements). On 12 June 2020, the parties and Mr. Gao entered into the seventh supplemental agreement to further postpone the maturity date of the Loan to 31 March 2021. As at 31 March 2021, the total outstanding amount of the Loan and the interest accrued thereon was approximately HK\$27,382,000. On 23 April 2021, Mr. Gao entered into a repayment agreement with Sino Talent to take up responsibilities to repay the outstanding balances according to the repayment schedule on behalf of Graceful Ocean when Mr. Ma failed to settle the Loan. The repayment schedule has been agreed and due on 31 December 2022. The interest rate was changed to 5% per annum. Up to the date of this report, HK\$1,582,000 was settled by Mr. Gao.

As at the date of Mr. Gao's Second Guarantee, Mr. Gao is an executive Director and the Vice-Chairman and is therefore a connected person of the Company. Mr. Gao's Second Guarantee therefore constituted a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, Mr. Gao's Second Guarantee is conducted on normal commercial terms or better terms and is not secured by the assets of the Group. In this regard, it is exempt from all requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules pursuant to Rule 14A.90 of the Listing Rules.

重大合約

本公司或其任何附屬公司與控股股東之間並無訂有其他重大或與本集團之業務構成或可能構成競爭之合約。

關連交易

於綜合財務報表附註38所載之若干關連人士交易亦根據上市規則構成關連交易。有關本集團於年內進行之關連交易之詳情載於下文。

於二零一四年九月十一日，本公司之全資附屬公司新圖集團有限公司（「新圖」）（作為貸方）與德海國際集團控股有限公司（「德海國際」）（作為借貸方）及馬海科先生（「馬先生」）（作為第一擔保人）訂立貸款協議（「貸款協議」），據此，新圖同意向德海國際提供本金額為18,000,000港元之定期貸款（「該貸款」），按年利率13%計息。各訂約方其後於二零一五年四月至二零一八年六月期間就貸款協議訂立五份補充協議，以（其中包括）延遲該貸款之到期日至二零一九年三月三十一日。於二零一九年六月二十四日，各訂約方與高先生就貸款協議訂立第六份補充協議，將利息訂為年利率10%，並進一步延遲該貸款之到期日至二零二零年三月三十一日。同時，作為借貸方履行其於貸款協議（經六份補充協議所補充）下之還款責任之額外擔保，執行董事兼副主席高先生與新圖及德海國際訂立第二擔保合約（「高先生之第二擔保」），據此，高先生同意擔任第二擔保人，並在（且只會在）馬先生無法或拒絕履行其作為第一擔保人之擔保責任之情況下，擔保德海國際妥當履行其於貸款協議（經六份補充協議所補充）下之還款責任。於二零二零年六月十二日，各訂約方與高先生訂立第七份補充協議，以進一步延遲該貸款之到期日至二零二一年三月三十一日。於二零二一年三月三十一日，該貸款之未償還金額連同累計利息合共約27,382,000港元。於二零二一年四月二十三日，高先生與新圖訂立還款協議，以於馬先生未能清償該貸款之情況發生時，代替德海國際承擔按照還款時間表償還未償還結餘之責任。有關之還款時間表經協定後，還款之到期日改為二零二二年十二月三十一日，利率則改為年利率5%。截至本報告日期，高先生已償付1,582,000港元。

於高先生之第二擔保之提供日期，高先生為執行董事兼副主席，並因此為本公司之關連人士。高先生之第二擔保因此根據上市規則第十四A章構成本公司之關連交易。然而，高先生之第二擔保乃按正常或較佳商業條款訂立，且並無使用本集團資產作抵押。就此而言，其根據上市規則第14A.90條獲豁免遵守上市規則第十四A章下之一切規定。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

On 9 November 2020, Smart Challenger, an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the procurement framework agreement (the "Procurement Framework Agreement") with Yangzhou Yiyuantang Commodity Co., Ltd ("Yangzhou Yuanda"), pursuant to which Smart Challenger agreed that Smart Challenger or its subsidiaries will procure and Yangzhou Yuanda agreed to supply the daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products for a term of two years and four months from 1 September 2020 to 31 December 2022 (both days inclusive) (the "Procurement Period"). Mr. Zhu controls more than 30% of the voting power in general meetings of Yangzhou Yuanda. Mr. Zhu is also a substantial shareholder of Century Smart and Smart Challenger, and is, therefore, a connected person of the Company. The transactions contemplated under the Procurement Framework Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under the Listing Rules.

Pursuant to the Procurement Framework Agreement, Yangzhou Yuanda agreed to supply the daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products to Smart Challenger and its subsidiaries during the Procurement Period. The selling prices of the daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products are determined principally by arm's length commercial negotiations with reference to the prevailing market prices and a markup to the per unit cost of the products.

Details of the continuing connected transactions are set out below, which are subject to the reporting and announcement requirements but are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules:

	For the period between 1 September 2020 and 31 December 2020 二零二零年九月一日至 二零二零年十二月 三十一日期間 RMB 人民幣元	For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度 RMB 人民幣元	For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度 RMB 人民幣元	
Annual Cap	年度上限	20,000,000	57,000,000	60,000,000

持續關連交易

於二零二零年十一月九日，本公司之間接非全資附屬公司Smart Challenger與揚州易遠棠日用品有限公司（「揚州遠大」）訂立採購框架協議（「採購框架協議」），據此，Smart Challenger同意其或其附屬公司將採購（而揚州遠大亦同意供應）日用清潔及防疫用品，協議為期兩年四個月，自二零二零年九月一日至二零二二年十二月三十一日（包括首尾兩日）（「採購期」）。朱先生控制揚州遠大股東大會之30%以上投票權，朱先生同時亦為Century Smart及Smart Challenger之主要股東，因此，朱先生為本公司之關連人士。根據上市規則，採購框架協議項下擬進行之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

根據採購框架協議，揚州遠大同意於採購期內向Smart Challenger及其附屬公司供應日用清潔及防疫用品。日用清潔及防疫用品之售價主要經公平商業磋商並參考現行市場價格及產品單位成本之加成而釐定。

根據上市規則第十四A章須遵守申報及公告規定但獲豁免遵守獨立股東批准規定之持續關連交易之詳情如下：

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The INEDs have reviewed and confirmed that the above continuing connected transactions for the period from 1 September 2020 to 31 December 2020 have been entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and (iii) according to the relevant agreement governing such transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole. The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the HKICPA. The auditor has issued its unqualified letter containing the auditor's findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed by the Group in Note 38 of this annual report in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange. The auditor of the Company confirmed that the above continuing connected transactions (i) have received the approval of the Board; (ii) are conducted in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group; (iii) have been entered into in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and (iv) have not exceeded the annual cap disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 9 November 2020.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

So far as the Directors were aware, none of the Directors or their associates had any interest in a business that competes or may compete with the business of the Group.

COMPLIANCE WITH CG CODE

The Company is committed to ensuring high standards of corporate governance through the establishment and adoption of good practices and procedures which are in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders. The Company has applied the principles and complied with all Code Provisions of the CG Code throughout the year save for the deviations from Code Provisions A.1.2 and A.1.3 of the CG Code.

持續關連交易 (續)

獨立非執行董事已審閱並確認上述於二零二零年九月一日至二零二零年十二月三十一日期間之持續關連交易均(i)於本集團日常及一般業務過程中；(ii)按正常商業條款或更佳條款；及(iii)按規管該等交易之相關協議之條款(而該等條款屬公平合理且符合股東之整體利益)訂立。本公司核數師已獲聘請根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港鑑證業務準則第3000號(經修訂)「非審核或審閱過往財務資料之鑑證工作」,以及參考香港會計師公會頒佈之實務說明第740號「關於香港上市規則項下持續關連交易之核數師函件」,就本集團持續關連交易作出報告。核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56條出具無保留意見函件,函件載有核數師對本集團於本年報附註38披露之持續關連交易之發現及總結。本公司已將核數師函件之副本送交聯交所。本公司核數師確認上述持續關連交易(i)已獲董事會批准；(ii)乃按照本集團定價政策進行；(iii)乃按照規管該等交易之相關協議訂立；及(iii)並無超出本公司日期為二零二零年十一月九日之公佈所披露之年度上限。

董事於競爭業務之權益

就董事所知,董事或其聯繫人士概無於對本集團任何業務構成或可能構成任何競爭之業務中擁有任何權益。

遵守企業管治守則

本公司承諾透過建立及採納符合本公司及其股東最佳利益之良好常規及程序,以確保高水準之企業管治。本公司於年內一直採用該等原則並遵守企業管治守則之所有守則條文,惟偏離企業管治守則之守則條文第A.1.2條及A.1.3條除外。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

COMPLIANCE WITH MODEL CODE

Details of compliance with the Model Code by the Directors is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 18 to 35 of this annual report.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Details of the composition of the Audit Committee and the major work performed by the Audit Committee during the year is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 18 to 35 of this annual report.

AUDITORS

The accounts for the year were audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited whose term of office will expire upon the forthcoming annual general meeting. The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board that HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited shall be nominated for appointment as the auditors of the Company for the year ending 31 March 2022 at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Zhang Xiaobin

Chairman

Hong Kong
29 June 2021

遵守標準守則

董事遵守標準守則之詳情載於本年報第18至第35頁之企業管治報告內。

足夠公眾持股量

於本報告日期，根據本公司已公開可用之資料及就董事所知，本公司已根據上市規則維持足夠公眾持股量。

審核委員會

審核委員會之組成及其於年內所履行之主要工作之詳情載於本年報第18至第35頁之企業管治報告內。

核數師

本年度之賬目已經國衛會計師事務所有限公司審核，其任期將於應屆股東週年大會時屆滿。審核委員會已向董事會建議，於應屆股東週年大會上提名國衛會計師事務所有限公司擔任本公司截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之核數師。

代表董事會

張曉彬

主席

香港
二零二一年六月二十九日

Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告書



31/F, Gloucester Tower
The Landmark
11 Pedder Street
Central
Hong Kong

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF ELIFE HOLDINGS LIMITED
(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Elife Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 56 to 171, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2021 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSA") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountant (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

香港
中環
畢打街11號
置地廣場
告羅士打大廈31樓

致：易生活控股有限公司
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)
全體股東

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計刊於第56至第171頁易生活控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,其中包括於二零二一年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了貴集團於二零二一年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》之披露規定妥為擬備。

意見基準

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於貴集團,並已履行守則中之其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們獲得之審計憑證屬充足及適當地為我們之審計意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要之事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨意見。

Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告書

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

Allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables
貿易及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備

Refer to Notes 4(iv), 5, 24 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements.
請參閱綜合財務報表附註4(iv)、5、24及25。

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had trade and other receivables of approximately HK\$16,864,000 and HK\$43,587,000 respectively, net of allowance for expected credit losses of approximately HK\$6,517,000 and HK\$80,575,000 respectively.

於二零二一年三月三十一日，貴集團擁有貿易及其他應收款項分別約為16,864,000港元及43,587,000港元，扣除預期信貸虧損撥備分別約為6,517,000港元及80,575,000港元。

Management performed periodic assessment on the recoverability of the trade and other receivables and the sufficiency of provision for allowance for expected credit losses based on information including credit profile of different customers or debtors, ageing of the trade and other receivables to historical settlement records, subsequent settlement status, expected timing and amount of realisation of outstanding balances, and on-going trading relationships with the relevant customers or debtors. Management also considered forward-looking information that may impact the customers' or debtors ability to repay the outstanding balances in order to estimate the expected credit losses for the allowance for expected credit losses assessment.

管理層已根據有關資料就貿易及其他應收款項之可收回性及預期信貸虧損撥備之充分性進行定期評估，有關資料包括不同客戶及債務人之信貸紀錄、貿易及其他應收款項之賬齡、歷史結算紀錄、其後結算狀況、預期變現未償還結餘之時間及金額，以及與有關客戶或債務人之間的持續貿易往來關係。管理層亦考慮可對客戶或債務人償還未償還結餘之能力構成影響之前瞻性資料，以估計預期信貸虧損撥備評估中之預期信貸虧損。

We focused on this area due to the allowance for expected credit losses assessment of trade and other receivables under expected credit losses model involved the use of significant management judgements and estimates. 我們關注這一方面是由於在預期信貸虧損模式下就貿易及其他應收款項進行之預期信貸虧損撥備評估涉及管理層作出重大判斷及估計。

關鍵審計事項 (續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment on trade and other receivables included:
針對管理層就貿易及其他應收款項所進行之減值評估，我們進行之程序包括：

- Understanding and evaluating the key controls that the Group has implemented to manage and monitor its credit risk;
了解並評估 貴集團就管理及監察其信貸風險所採取之主要控制措施；
- Checking, on a sample basis, the ageing profile of the trade and other receivables to the underlying financial records and post year-end settlements to bank receipts;
抽樣檢查相關財務紀錄所載之貿易及其他應收款項之賬齡以及銀行收據所載之年結日以後之結算；
- Inquiring of management for the status of each of the material trade and other receivables past due as at year end and corroborating explanations from management with supporting evidence, such as performing public search of credit profile of selected customers or debtors, understanding on-going business relationship with the customers based on trade records, checking historical and subsequent settlement records of and other correspondence with the customers or debtors; and
向管理層查詢各貿易及其他應收款項於年末之逾期狀況，並求證管理層之解釋，如透過公共渠道搜尋個別挑選客戶或債務人之信貸狀況、根據貿易紀錄了解與客戶之間的持續業務往來關係、檢查客戶或債務人之歷史和其後結算紀錄及其他與客戶或債務人之間的文件通信；及
- Assessing the appropriateness of the expected credit loss provisioning methodology, examining the key data inputs on a sample basis to assess their accuracy and completeness, and challenging the assumptions, including both historical and forward-looking information, used to determine the expected credit losses.
評估預期信貸虧損之撥備方法之恰當性、抽樣查驗主要數據輸入值以評估其準確性及完整性，以及審查於釐定預期信貸虧損時所用之假設，包括歷史及前瞻性資料。

We found that the management judgment and estimates used to assess the recoverability of the trade and other receivables and determine the allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables were to be supportable by available evidence.

我們發現就評估貿易及其他應收款項之可收回性及釐定貿易及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備所用之管理層判斷及估計均得到現有憑證支持。

Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告書

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon (the "Other Information").

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

其他資料

董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括刊載於年報中所包含的資料，但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告（「其他資料」）。

我們對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他資料，我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式之鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表之審計，我們的責任是閱讀其他資料，在此過程中，考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解之情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述之情況。基於我們已執行之工作，如果我們認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述，我們需要報告該事實。在這方面，我們沒有任何報告。

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》之披露規定擬備真實而中肯之綜合財務報表，並對其認為為使綜合財務報表之擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述所需的內部監控負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時，董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營之能力，並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關之事項，以及使用持續經營為會計基礎，除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或終止經營，或別無其他實際之替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團之財務報告過程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任

我們的目標，是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證，並出具包括我們意見之核數師報告。我們僅向 閣下（作為法人團體）報告我們之意見，除此以外，本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告之內容向任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平的保證，但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行之審計，在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起，如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出之經濟決定，則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告書

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任(續)

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計之過程中，我們運用了專業判斷，保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦：

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述之風險，設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險，以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證，作為我們意見之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述，或凌駕於內部監控之上，因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述之風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 了解與審計相關之內部監控，以設計適當的審計程序，但目的並非對 貴集團內部監控之有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策之恰當性及作出會計估計和相關披露之合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎之恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取之審計憑證，確定是否存在與事項或情況有關之重大不確定性，從而可能導致對 貴集團之持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性，則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中之相關披露。假若有關的披露不足，則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們之結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得之審計憑證。然而，未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表之整體列報方式、結構和內容，包括披露，以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務資料獲取充足、適當的審計憑證，以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計之方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外，我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等，包括我們在審計中識別出內部監控之任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明，說明我們已符合有關獨立性之相關道德要求，並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性之所有關係和其他事項，以及在適用的情況下，為消除威脅而採取之行動或採用之防範措施。

Independent Auditors' Report

獨立核數師報告書

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Kwok Tsz Chun.

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Kwok Tsz Chun

Practising Certificate Number: P06901

Hong Kong, 29 June 2021

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通之事項中，我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要，因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項，除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項，或在極端罕見的情況下，如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成之負面後果超過產生之公眾利益，我們決定不應在我們的報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審計項目董事是郭梓俊。

國衛會計師事務所有限公司

香港執業會計師

郭梓俊

執業證書編號：P06901

香港，二零二一年六月二十九日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
		附註		
Turnover	營業額	6	276,040	54,789
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(266,582)	(56,514)
Gross profit/(loss)	毛利/(毛損)		9,458	(1,725)
Other income	其他收入	7	3,999	4,132
Other losses – net	其他虧損 – 淨額	7	(4,696)	(10,376)
Selling expenses	銷售開支		(994)	(7,056)
Other operating expenses	其他營運開支		(29,200)	(52,417)
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項	35	(4,957)	(763)
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	20	-	(18,320)
Net allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備淨額		(814)	(8,846)
Loss from operating activities	經營業務虧損	8	(27,204)	(95,371)
Finance costs	融資成本	9	(1,727)	(570)
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損		(28,931)	(95,941)
Taxation	稅項	12	(1,713)	(4)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損		(30,644)	(95,945)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收益/(虧損)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	不會重新分類至損益之項目:			
Change in fair value of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產公平值變動		(34)	(1,113)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後可能重新分類至損益之項目:			
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	換算海外經營業務之匯兌差額		5,442	(7,327)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度其他全面收益/(虧損)		5,408	(8,440)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額		(25,236)	(104,385)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

	Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to:	歸屬於下列人士之本年度虧損：		
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(26,403)	(76,932)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(4,241)	(19,013)
		(30,644)	(95,945)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:	歸屬於下列人士之本年度全面虧損總額：		
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(20,285)	(85,713)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(4,951)	(18,672)
		(25,236)	(104,385)
Loss per share	每股虧損		
- Basic	- 基本	15 (0.9) cents港仙	(2.6) cents港仙
- Diluted	- 攤薄	15 (0.9) cents港仙	(2.6) cents港仙

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註屬本綜合財務報表整體之一部份。

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

	Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets			
非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	16	9,015	13,287
Right-of-use assets	17	6,108	4,345
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	22	89	114
		15,212	17,746
Current assets			
流動資產			
Inventories	23	56	1,559
Trade receivables	24	16,864	14,855
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	25	76,830	84,429
Cash and cash equivalents	26	14,590	16,201
Total current assets		108,340	117,044
Less: Current liabilities			
減：流動負債			
Trade payables	27	113	1,050
Accrued liabilities and other payables	28	22,173	26,901
Contract liabilities	29	1,067	1,186
Lease liabilities	30	2,485	1,728
Amounts due to shareholders	31	2,622	31,960
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	32	5,247	9,045
Tax payables		1,464	-
Total current liabilities		35,171	71,870
Net current assets		73,169	45,174
Total assets less current liabilities		88,381	62,920
Less: Non-current liabilities			
減：非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	30	2,446	1,291
Amounts due to shareholders	31	11,878	-
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	32	3,934	-
		18,258	1,291
Net assets		70,123	61,629

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	33	61,933	59,319
Reserves	儲備		73,809	64,261
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益		135,742	123,580
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(65,619)	(61,951)
Total equity	權益總額		70,123	61,629

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 June 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

於二零二一年六月二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發，並由下列人士代表簽署：

Zhang Xiaobin

張曉彬
Director
董事

Gao Feng

高峰
Director
董事

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註屬本綜合財務報表整體之一部份。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 由本公司擁有人應佔										
		Share capital	Share premium account	Exchange reserves	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income reserve 按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產儲備	Accumulated losses	Shares held for share award scheme 股份獎勵計劃所持股份	Share options reserve	Other reserve	Sub-total	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價賬 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 34(b)) (附註34(b))	匯兌儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	之財務資產儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	購股權計劃所持股份 HK\$'000 千港元	購股權儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 34(b)) (附註34(b))	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	小計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	55,755	281,481	795	-	(195,135)	(4,986)	59,671	(12,755)	184,826	(53,077)	131,749
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	(76,932)	-	-	-	(76,932)	(19,013)	(95,945)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	本年度其他全面虧損	-	-	(7,668)	(1,113)	-	-	-	-	(8,781)	341	(8,440)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	-	-	(7,668)	(1,113)	(76,932)	-	-	-	(85,713)	(18,672)	(104,385)
Change in non-controlling interest*	非控股權益變動*	-	-	-	-	(9,798)	-	-	-	(9,798)	9,798	-
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項	-	-	-	-	-	-	763	-	763	-	763
Share options lapsed	購股權失效	-	-	-	-	9,008	-	(9,008)	-	-	-	-
Subscription of shares (Note 33)	認購股份(附註33)	1,064	8,936	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	-	10,000
Issuance of shares for loan capitalisation (Note 33)	就貸款資本化發行股份(附註33)	2,500	21,002	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,502	-	23,502
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及二零二零年四月一日	59,319	311,419	(6,873)	(1,113)	(272,857)	(4,986)	51,426	(12,755)	123,580	(61,951)	61,629
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	-	-	(26,403)	-	-	-	(26,403)	(4,241)	(30,644)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度其他全面收益/(虧損)	-	-	6,152	(34)	-	-	-	-	6,118	(710)	5,408
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	-	-	6,152	(34)	(26,403)	-	-	-	(20,285)	(4,951)	(25,236)
Change in non-controlling interest of subsidiaries	附屬公司之非控股權益變動	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	773	773	(769)	4
Deemed capital contribution arising from shareholders and non-controlling interests (note)	由股東及非控股權益產生之視作出資額(附註)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,153	2,153	2,052	4,205
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,957	-	4,957	-	4,957
Share options lapsed	購股權失效	-	-	-	-	21,240	-	(21,240)	-	-	-	-
Subscription of shares (Note 33)	認購股份(附註33)	2,614	21,953	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,567	-	24,567
Transaction costs attribute to subscription of shares	認購股份所產生之交易成本	-	(3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3)	-	(3)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	61,933	333,369	(721)	(1,147)	(278,020)	(4,986)	35,143	(9,829)	135,742	(65,619)	70,123

* Release of non-controlling interest due to de-recognition of a non-wholly owned subsidiary.

Note:

The aggregated amount of the deemed capital contribution arising from shareholders and non-controlling interests were approximately HK\$4,205,000, which were aroused from the difference between the provision of an unsecured and unguaranteed interest-free loans with principal amounts of approximately HK\$18,630,000 and the fair value of the loans initially recognised of approximately HK\$14,425,000.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

* 因取消確認非全資附屬公司而解除非控股權益。

附註：

由股東及非控股權益產生之視作出資額總額約為4,205,000港元，其源於本金額約18,630,000港元之無抵押及無擔保免息貸款之撥備與該等貸款初步確認時之公平值約14,425,000港元所得之差額。

隨附之附註屬本綜合財務報表整體之一部份。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

	Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營業務之現金流量		
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(28,931)	(95,941)
Adjustments for:	作出以下調整：		
Finance costs	融資成本	9 1,727	570
Interest income	利息收入	7 (2,646)	(3,588)
Net exchange losses	匯兌虧損淨額	7 183	39
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項	4,957	763
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	16 3,623	6,506
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產之折舊	17 1,985	3,174
Net allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備淨額	8 814	8,846
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽之減值虧損	20 -	18,320
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	7 2	2,393
Loss on written off of property, plant and equipment	撤銷物業、廠房及設備之虧損	1,026	-
Written-off of obsolete and slow-moving inventories	撤銷陳舊及積壓存貨	7 213	836
Write-down of inventories	撇減存貨	7 -	7,108
Loss on lease termination	終止租約之虧損	8 -	210
COVID-19-related rent concession	COVID-19相關租金減免	(488)	-
Gain on disposal of associates	出售聯營公司之收益	7 (336)	-
Written-off of other receivables	撤銷其他應收款項	3,416	-
Written-off of prepayments	撤銷預付款項	529	-
Gain on waiver of other payable	豁免其他應付款項之收益	(1,320)	-
Loss from scrap materials sold	出售廢料之虧損	1,471	-
Operating loss before working capital changes	經營虧損，未計營運資金變動	(13,775)	(50,764)
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	存貨(增加)/減少	(56)	885
(Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	貿易應收款項(增加)/減少	(5,623)	12,979
Decrease in deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項減少	13,925	23,862
Decrease in trade payables	貿易應付款項減少	(937)	(6,845)
Decrease in accrued liabilities and other payables	累計負債及其他應付款項減少	(3,988)	(2,988)
Decrease in contract liabilities	合約負債減少	(150)	(88)
Cash used in operations	經營業務動用之現金	(10,604)	(22,959)
Income tax paid	已付所得稅	(258)	(4)
Net cash used in operating activities	經營業務動用之現金淨額	(10,862)	(22,963)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

	Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動之現金流量		
Interest received	已收利息	30	15
Proceeds from disposal of associates	出售聯營公司之所得款項	336	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(106)	(63)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之所得款項	5	953
Net cash generated from investing activities	投資活動產生之現金淨額	265	905
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量		
Repayment of bank borrowings	銀行借貸之還款	-	(316)
Repayment of lease liabilities	租賃負債之還款	(1,568)	(3,786)
Advances from non-controlling interests	非控股權益墊款	837	-
Advances from shareholders	股東墊款	-	16,250
Repayments to shareholders	向股東還款	(551)	(2,249)
Proceeds from subscription of shares	認購股份之所得款項	9,567	10,000
Share issuing expenses	股份發行開支	(3)	-
Interest paid	已付利息	(71)	(112)
Net cash generated from financing activities	融資活動產生之現金淨額	8,211	19,787
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目減少淨額	(2,386)	(2,271)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	年初之現金及現金等值項目	16,201	19,383
Effect of exchange rate changes foreign operations	海外經營業務之匯率變動之影響	775	(911)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終之現金及現金等值項目	14,590	16,201
Analysis of balances of cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目結餘分析		
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	14,590	16,201

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

隨附之附註屬本綜合財務報表整體之一部份。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Elife Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The registered office of the Company is located at Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Unit 806, Level 8, Core D, Cyberport 3, 100 Cyberport Road, Hong Kong.

The Directors consider that Mr. Zhu Qian, Ms. Liu Qihua and Mr. Gao Feng are the substantial shareholders of the Company which the register of interests held approximately 15.5%, 11.6% and 6.9% of existing issued ordinary share capital of the Company respectively.

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries include engaging commodities trading, sales, marketing and brand building of the anti-epidemic and daily cleaning products businesses across Greater China as well as the provision of esmart digital services. It has also been expanding its businesses into the consumer products market conforming to the Group's business principle of "making life easier and benefiting people's livelihood" (易生活, 惠民生). The principal activities, other particulars of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except when otherwise indicated.

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 April 2020 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8	Definition of material
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Definition of a Business
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

The application of the Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in HKFRS Standards and the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

1. 公司資料

易生活控股有限公司(「本公司」)為於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司,而其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司之註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。本公司之主要營業地點位於香港數碼港道100號數碼港3座D區8樓806室。

董事視朱其安先生、劉秋華女士及高峰先生為本公司主要股東,彼等分別持有本公司現有已發行普通股本約15.5%、11.6%及6.9%。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司之主要業務包括於大中華地區從事防疫和日用清潔品之商品貿易、銷售、行銷及品牌建設,以及提供智能數據服務。其亦正在拓展其業務至消費品市場,以配合本集團「易生活,惠民生」之經營原則。旗下附屬公司之主要業務及其他詳情載於綜合財務報表附註18。

綜合財務報表以港元呈列,而港元(「港元」)亦為本公司之功能貨幣;除另有指明外,所有數值均約整至千位(千港元)。

2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)修訂本

於本年度強制生效之香港財務報告準則修訂本

於本年度,為編製綜合財務報表,本集團首次應用「針對香港財務報告準則有關概念框架之提述(修訂本)」及香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之下列香港財務報告準則修訂本(該等修訂本於二零二零年四月一日或之後開始之年度期間強制生效):

香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號(修訂本)	重大之定義
香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本)	業務之定義
香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)	利率基準改革

於本年度應用「針對香港財務報告準則有關概念框架之提述(修訂本)」及該等香港財務報告準則修訂本並無對本集團於本年度及過往年度之財務狀況及表現及/或本綜合財務報表所載之披露資料造成重大影響。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (continued)

In addition, the Group has early applied the Amendment to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions.

Impacts on early application of Amendment to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

The Group has applied the amendment for the first time in the current year. The amendment introduces a new practical expedient for lessees to elect not to assess whether a Covid-19-related rent concession is a lease modification. The practical expedient only applies to rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 that meets all of the following conditions:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 Leases if the changes were not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

The application of the amendment had no impact to the opening retained profits at 1 April 2020. The Group has benefited from 3 months waiver of lease payments on several leases in leased office premises. The Group has derecognised the part of lease liability that has been extinguished by the forgiveness of lease payments using the discount rates originally applied to these leases respectively, resulting in a decrease in the lease liabilities of HK\$488,000, which has been recognised as variable lease payments in profit or loss for the current year.

2. 應用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)修訂本(續)

此外，本集團提早應用香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)「COVID-19相關租金減免」。

提早應用香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)「COVID-19相關租金減免」之影響

本集團已於本年度首次應用該修訂本。該修訂本為承租人引入新的簡便實務操作方法，使其可選擇不評估Covid-19相關租金減免是否屬於租約修改。該簡便實務操作方法僅適用於受到Covid-19直接影響所致之租金減免，且必須符合以下所有條件：

- 租賃付款之變動須致使修訂後所支付之租約代價大致等同於或少於緊接變動前所支付之租約代價；
- 僅影響原到期日為二零二一年六月三十日或之前之任何租賃付款之減少；及
- 租約之其他條款及條件並無重大改變。

承租人就因租金減免而引致之租賃付款變動應用簡便實務操作方法，其入賬方式與承租人假設有關變動並非租約修改並應用香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」來為有關變動入賬相同。租賃付款之寬免或豁免乃入賬列作可變租賃付款。相關租賃負債須予調整，以反映所寬免或豁免之金額，並於該調整事項發生之期間內於損益中確認相應調整。

應用該修訂本並無對於二零二零年四月一日之期初保留溢利產生影響。本集團數項已租用之寫字樓租約獲得3個月租賃付款豁免優惠。本集團採用該等租約各自原本適用之貼現率，對因租賃付款獲寬免而消除之有關部分之租賃負債進行取消確認，導致租賃負債減少約488,000港元。有關金額已於本年度損益內確認為可變租賃付款。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”) (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework ²
Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2 ⁴
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sales or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of liabilities as Current or Non Current, and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) ¹
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended use ²
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts — Cost of Fulfilling a Contracts ²
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvement to HKFRSs 2018–2020 ²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after date to be determine

⁴ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021

The directors anticipate that the application of all the new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則（「香港財務報告準則」）及其修訂本（續）

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂香港財務報告準則及其修訂本

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂香港財務報告準則及其修訂本：

香港財務報告準則第17號	保險合約及相關修訂本 ¹
香港財務報告準則第3號（修訂本）	概念框架之提述 ²
香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號（修訂本）	利率基準改革—第二段 ⁴
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號（修訂本）	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間之資產買賣或注資 ³
香港會計準則第1號（修訂本）	負債之流動與非流動劃分（以及相關之香港詮釋第5號（二零二零年）修訂本 ¹
香港會計準則第16號（修訂本）	物業、廠房及設備：達到預定用途前之所得款 ²
香港會計準則第37號（修訂本）	條件繁苛之合約—履約成本 ²
香港財務報告準則修訂本	香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零年周期之年度改進 ²

¹ 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。

² 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。

³ 於待定之日期或之後開始之年度期間生效。

⁴ 於二零二一年一月一日或之後開始之年度期間生效。

董事預計，應用所有新訂香港財務報告準則及其修訂本不會於可見將來對綜合財務報表造成重大影響。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, which is a collective term that includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs"), and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability of market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in the consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within HKFRS 2 *Share-based Payment*, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 *Leases*, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 *Inventories* or value in use in HKAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*.

3. 重大會計政策概要

以下為編製此等綜合財務報表時應用之主要會計政策。除另有指明外，此等政策已於所呈列之各年度貫徹應用。

此等綜合財務報表已按照所有適用之香港財務報告準則及香港普遍採納之會計原則而編製。香港財務報告準則為一項統稱，其包括香港會計師公會（「香港會計師公會」）頒佈之所有適用之各項香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則（「香港會計準則」）及詮釋。此外，綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則（「上市規則」）及香港公司條例之適用披露規定。

(a) 編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製，惟誠如下述會計政策所解釋，於各報告期末，若干財務工具乃按公平值計量。

歷史成本一般基於為交換貨品及服務而給予之代價之公平值。

公平值乃指市場參與者之間在計量日進行的有序交易中出售一項資產所收取的價格或轉移一項負債所支付的價格，無論該價格乃直接觀察而得出，或是採用其他估值技術而估計得出。在對資產或負債之公平值作出估計時，本集團考慮了市場參與者在計量日為該資產或負債進行定價時將會考慮之該等特徵。於綜合財務報表中計量及／或披露之公平值均按此基準釐定，惟香港財務報告準則第2號「以股份為基礎之付款」範圍內之以股份為基礎之付款交易、按香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」（自二零一九年四月一日起）或香港會計準則第17號（於應用香港財務報告準則第16號之前）入賬之租賃交易，以及與公平值類似但並非公平值之計量（例如香港會計準則第2號「存貨」中之可變現淨值或香港會計準則第36號「資產減值」中之使用價值）除外。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Basis of preparation (continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

(b) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(a) 編製基準 (續)

此外，就財務報告而言，公平值計量根據公平值計量之輸入值可觀察程度及公平值計量的輸入值對其整體的重要性分類為第一級、第二級或第三級，詳情如下：

- 第一級輸入值乃實體於計量日可取得的相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價（未經調整）；
- 第二級輸入值乃就資產或負債直接或間接地可觀察之輸入值（第一級內包括之報價除外）；及
- 第三級輸入值乃資產或負債的不可觀察輸入值。

主要會計政策載列如下。

(b) 綜合賬目之基準

本綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司及其附屬公司控制的實體的財務報表。倘本公司同時符合以下標準，則本公司取得控制權：

- 對被投資方擁有權力；
- 面對或擁有自其參與被投資方產生之可變回報之風險或權利；及
- 有能力行使其權力以影響其回報時。

倘事實及情況表明上述控制之三個要素的其中一項或多項出現變動，則本集團重新評估其是否控制被投資方。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Basis of consolidation (continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(b) 綜合賬目之基準(續)

當本公司獲得附屬公司之控制權時，即開始對其綜合入賬，而當本公司失去附屬公司之擁有權時，即不再對其綜合入賬。具體而言，本年度收購或出售附屬公司之收入及開支，從本公司獲得附屬公司控制權之日計起，直至本公司不再擁有附屬公司控制權之日止，列入綜合損益及其他全面收益表內。

溢利或虧損及其他全面收益之每一項目，均歸屬於本公司之擁有者及非控股權益。即使附屬公司全面收益總額歸屬於非控股權益會產生虧絀餘額，附屬公司之全面收益總額仍然歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股權益。

如有需要，本集團會對附屬公司之財務報表作出調整，使其會計政策與本集團之會計政策保持一致。

所有集團內資產及負債、股本、收益、開支及有關集團成員之間交易之現金流量於綜合入賬時悉數對銷。

於附屬公司之非控股權益與於該附屬公司之本集團權益分開呈列，非控股權益指賦予其持有人權利於相關附屬公司清盤時按比例享有該公司資產淨值之現時所有權權益。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(b) Basis of consolidation (continued)

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities of the subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

(c) Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are generally recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities, and assets or liabilities related to employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 *Income Taxes* and HKAS 19 *Employee Benefits* respectively;

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(b) 綜合賬目之基準(續)

本集團於現有附屬公司之所有權權益變動

本集團於現有附屬公司之所有權權益並無導致本集團失去對該等附屬公司之控制權之變動入賬為股本交易。調整本集團之權益及非控股權益之賬面值，以反映彼等於附屬公司之相對權益之變動。調整非控股權益之金額與已付或已收代價之公平值間之任何差額乃直接於權益內確認，並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

當本集團失去對附屬公司之控制，盈虧乃於損益中確認，並按(i)已收代價公平值及任何保留權益公平值之總和與(ii)資產(包括商譽)的先前賬面值及附屬公司之負債及任何非控股權益之間的差額計算。所有先前於其他全面收益確認之有關該附屬公司之款項，將按猶如本集團已直接出售該附屬公司之相關資產或負債入賬(即按適用香港財務報告準則之規定/許可條文重新分類至損益或轉撥至另一類權益)。於失去控制權當日於前附屬公司保留之任何投資之公平值將根據香港財務報告準則第9號，於其後入賬時被列作初步確認之公平值，或(如適用)於初步確認時於聯營公司或合營企業之投資成本。

(c) 業務合併

收購業務乃採用收購法入賬。於業務合併中轉讓之代價乃按公平值計量，其計算為本集團所轉讓資產於收購日期之公平值、本集團為被收購方之前擁有人所產生負債及本集團為交換被收購方之控制權而所發行股本權益之總和。收購相關成本一般於產生時在損益中確認。

於收購日期，所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債均按彼等之公平值確認，惟以下情況除外：

- 遞延稅項資產或負債，及與僱員福利安排有關之資產或負債分別根據香港會計準則第12號*所得稅*及香港會計準則第19號*僱員福利*確認及計量；

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Business combinations (continued)

- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree or share-based payment arrangements of the Group entered into to replace share-based payment arrangements of the acquiree are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 *Share-based Payment* at the acquisition date (see the accounting policy below);
- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations* are measured in accordance with that standard; and
- lease liabilities are recognised and measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments (as defined in HKFRS 16) as if the acquired leases were new leases at the acquisition date. Right-of-use assets are recognised and measured at the same amount as the relevant lease liabilities, adjusted to reflect favourable or unfavourable terms of the lease when compared with market terms.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after reassessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a bargain purchase gain.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets or at fair value.

When the consideration transferred by the Group in a business combination includes assets or liabilities resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, the contingent consideration is measured at its acquisition-date fair value and included as part of the consideration transferred in a business combination. Changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with the corresponding adjustments against goodwill. Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during the "measurement period" (which cannot exceed one year from the acquisition date) about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(c) 業務合併 (續)

- 與被收購方之以股份支付支出安排或所訂立以取代被收購方之以股份支付支出安排之本集團以股份支付支出安排有關之負債或股本工具均根據香港財務報告準則第2號以股份支付之支出於收購日期計量(見以下會計政策);
- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號持作出售非流動資產及已終止經營業務被分類為持作出售之資產(或組合出售項目)乃根據該準則計量;及
- 租賃負債按剩餘租約付款額(定義見香港財務報告準則第16號)之現值確認及計量,當中假設被收購之租約於收購日列為新租約。使用權資產按與相關租賃負債相同之金額確認及計量,並予以調整以反映較市場條款較佳或較遜之有關租約條款。

商譽計量為所轉讓代價、於被收購方之任何非控股權益之金額,及收購方先前於被收購方持有之股本權益(如有)之公平值之總和超過所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債於收購日期之淨額之部份。倘於重估後所收購可識別資產及所承擔負債於收購日期金額之淨額超過所轉讓代價、於被收購方之任何非控股權益之金額及收購方先前於被收購方所持有權益(如有)之公平值之總和,則超出部份即時於損益中確認為廉價購買收益。

屬現時所有權權益並賦予彼等之持有人於清盤時按比例分佔該實體之資產淨值之非控股權益可初步按公平值或按非控股權益按比例分佔被收購方之可識別資產淨值之已確認金額或按公平值計量。

倘本集團於業務合併中所轉讓代價包括或然代價安排所引致之資產或負債,則或然代價按收購日期公平值計量,並作為業務合併中所轉讓代價之一部份入賬。合資格作為計量期間調整之或然代價之公平值變動為於「計量期間」(其不可超過收購日期起計一年)所獲得之有關於收購日期存在之事實及情況之額外資料產生之調整。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(c) Business combinations (continued)

The subsequent accounting for changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments depends on how the contingent consideration is classified. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity. Contingent consideration that is classified as an asset or a liability is remeasured at subsequent reporting dates in accordance with HKAS 39, or HKAS 37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*, as appropriate, with the corresponding gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss.

When a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date when the Group obtains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income and measured under HKFRS 9 would be accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the Group had disposed directly of the previously held equity interest.

If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the end of the reporting period in which the combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the items for which the accounting is incomplete. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period (see above), or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised at that date.

(d) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company control another entity.

In the Company's financial statements, the investments in subsidiaries that are not classified as held for sale are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(c) 業務合併 (續)

不合資格作為計量期間調整之或然代價之公平值變動之其後會計處理取決於或然代價如何分類。被分類為權益之或然代價於其後報告日期不會重新計量，而其其後結算於權益內確認。分類為一項資產或一項負債之或然代價於其後報告日期根據香港會計準則第39號或香港會計準則第37號撥備、或然負債及或然資產(如適用)重新計量，而相應收益或虧損於損益中確認。

倘業務合併乃分階段取得，則本集團先前於被收購方持有之股本權益於收購日期(即本集團獲得控制權日期)重新按公平值計量，而就此產生之收益或虧損(如有)於損益或其他全面收益(如適用)中確認。於收購日期前因於被收購方之權益產生且以往已於其他全面收益確認並根據香港財務報告準則第9號計量之金額將按假設本集團已直接出售該等先前持有之股本權益而將須予入賬之基準入賬。

倘業務合併之初步會計處理於合併發生之報告期末前未完成，則本集團報告會計處理未完成之項目之暫時金額。於計量期間(見上文)調整該等暫時金額，或確認額外資產或負債，以反映所獲得之有關於收購日期存在之事實及情況之新資料(倘獲悉，則應會影響於該日所確認之金額)。

(d) 附屬公司

附屬公司乃由本公司控制之企業。當本公司有權力直接或間接監管一間企業之財務及經營政策，藉此自其業務獲得利益，則存在控制權。在評估本集團是否控制另一企業時，將考慮目前可行使或可轉換的潛在投票權是否存在及其影響。

於本公司之財務報表，並非列為持作銷售之附屬公司投資乃按成本值減去減值虧損撥備列賬。附屬公司之業績由本公司根據已收及應收股息入賬。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when “control” of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group’s performance as the Group performs;
- the Group’s performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group’s performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group’s right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group’s unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group’s obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(e) 來自客戶合約之收入

本集團於(或隨著)履約責任完成時確認收入，即與特定履約責任相關之貨品或服務之「控制權」轉移予客戶時確認收入。

履約責任指明確的貨品或服務(或一組貨品或服務)或大致相同之一系列明確的貨品或服務。

控制權隨時間轉移，而倘符合以下任何一項標準，則收入將參照完全履行相關履約責任之進度而隨時間確認：

- 隨著本集團履約，客戶同時取得並耗用本集團履約所提供之利益；
- 本集團之履約創建或強化一項資產，該資產隨著本集團履約即由客戶控制；或
- 本集團之履約並未創建對本集團具有其他用途之資產，且本集團對迄今已完成履約之款項具有可強制執行之權利。

否則，收入於客戶獲得明確的貨品或服務之控制權之時間點確認。

合約資產指本集團就向客戶轉讓之貨品或服務以換取可收取代價(但尚未成為無條件)之權利。其根據香港財務報告準則第9號評估減值。反之，應收款項指本集團收取代價之無條件權利，即僅需待時間推移即到期支付有關代價。

合約負債指本集團就已向客戶收取之代價(或一部分到期應付代價)，而須履行之轉讓貨品或服務予客戶之責任。

同一合約所涉之合約資產及合約負債乃按淨額基準入賬及呈列。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(e) Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

The Group recognises revenue from the following major sources:

Revenue from the trading of commodities

Revenue from the trading of commodities directly to its customer. For trading of commodities to the wholesale market, the Group considers the revenue is recognised when the control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods have been delivered to the customers and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. The customer has accepted the products and the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time at which the products are delivered according to the term of sales contract.

Payment of the transaction price is due immediately when the customer purchases the goods.

Esmart digital services income

Esmart digital service income is recognised at a point in time in the accounting period in which the services are based on the actual service provided.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(e) 來自客戶合約之收入 (續)

本集團從下列重要來源確認收益：

商品貿易收益

商品貿易收益乃直接自客戶收取。就於批發市場之商品貿易而言，本集團視有關收益為於轉移貨品控制權時（即向客戶交付貨品，且並無任何尚未履行之責任可影響客戶接收有關貨品之時）確認。客戶接收貨品以及履約責任之履行均於貨品按照銷售合約之條款進行交付時之時間點完成。

交易價格須於客戶購買貨品時即時支付。

智能數據服務收入

智能數據服務收入乃按實際所提供服務於提供服務之時間點之會計期間確認。

利息收入

利息收入乃隨著其累計而採用實際利息法確認。就並無出現信貸減值而按攤銷成本計量之財務資產而言，實際利率適用於資產之總賬面值。就已出現信貸減值之財務資產而言，實際利率適用於資產之攤銷成本（即總賬面值扣除虧損撥備）。

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綜合財務報表附註

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Freehold lands is not depreciated and is measured at cost less subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(f) 物業、廠房及設備

持作生產或供應貨品或服務或作行政用途之物業、廠房及設備按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值於綜合財務狀況表內列賬。

永久業權土地不可折舊，其按成本減其後累計減值虧損計量。

折舊按其估計可使用年期並計入其估計餘值以直線法撇銷其成本。估計可使用年期、餘值及折舊方法於每個報告期間末進行檢討，而估算任何變動之影響按未來適用基準入賬。

根據融資租約持有之資產按彼等之預計可使用年期按自有資產相同之基準進行折舊。然而，當無法合理確定於租期結束前將獲得所有權，則資產按租期及彼等之可使用年期兩者之較短者進行折舊。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售時或當繼續使用該資產預期不會產生任何日後經濟利益時取消確認。出售或報廢物業、廠房及設備項目所產生之任何收益或虧損按該資產之出售所得款項與賬面值間之差額釐定，並於綜合損益及其他全面收益表中確認。

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綜合財務報表附註

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. Changes in net assets of the associates other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in an associate may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(g) 於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司為本集團對其有重大影響力之實體。重大影響力指有權參與決定被投資方財務及營運政策，惟並無控制或共同控制該等政策。

聯營公司之業績以及資產及負債已採用權益會計法計入綜合財務報表內。根據權益法，於聯營公司之投資初步以成本值於綜合財務狀況表內確認，其後予以調整以確認本集團於聯營公司應佔溢利或虧損及其他全面收益。於聯營公司之資產淨值(損益及其他全面收益除外)變動不入賬，除非該等變動導致本集團持有之所有權權益發生變動除外。倘本集團應佔聯營公司虧損超出本集團於聯營公司之權益(包括實質上構成本集團於聯營公司之投資淨額部分之任何長期權益)，則本集團終止進一步確認應佔虧損。僅當本集團產生法定或推定責任或代表該聯營公司付款時，方會確認額外虧損。

於聯營公司之投資乃自該被投資方成為聯營公司之日起採用權益法入賬。於收購聯營公司投資時，該投資成本超出本集團分佔該被投資方之可識別資產及負債之公平淨值之任何部份乃確認為商譽，該商譽計入該投資之賬面值。本集團分佔可識別資產及負債之公平淨值超過該投資成本之任何部份經重新評估後即時於收購該投資期間之損益中確認。

本集團會評估是否有客觀證據證明於聯營公司之權益可能已出現減值。如有任何客觀證據，該投資(包括商譽)之全部賬面值會作為單一資產，按照香港會計準則第36號透過比較其可收回金額(使用價值與公平值減出售成本兩者中之較高者)與其賬面值以進行減值測試。任何已確認之減值虧損不會分配至構成投資賬面值一部分之任何資產(包括商譽)。倘投資之可收回金額其後增加，則根據香港會計準則第36號確認該等減值虧損之任何撥回。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Investment in associates (continued)

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate and the fair value of any retained interest and any proceeds from disposing the relevant interest in the associate is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required if that associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate.

The Group continues to use the equity method when an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate. There is no remeasurement to fair value upon such changes in ownership interests.

When the Group reduces its ownership interest in an associate but the Group continues to use the equity method, the Group reclassifies to profit or loss the proportion of the gain or loss that had previously been recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that reduction in ownership interest if that gain or loss would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group (such as a sale or contribution of assets), profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(g) 於聯營公司之投資 (續)

當本集團不再於某聯營公司中擁有重大影響力，此將入賬為出售被投資方之全部權益，就此產生之盈虧於損益確認。當本集團保留於前聯營公司之權益及該保留權益為一項財務資產時，本集團按該日之公平值計量保留權益，而該公平值被視為其於初步確認時之公平值。於釐定出售該聯營公司之盈虧時，乃計入該聯營公司之賬面值與任何保留權益及出售該聯營公司相關權益之任何所得款項之公平值之間的差額。此外，本集團按假設倘該聯營公司直接出售相關資產或負債而須採取之相同基準，將先前於其他全面收益內確認而與該聯營公司有關之所有款項入賬。因此，倘該聯營公司先前於其他全面收益內確認之盈虧須於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類至損益，則本集團於出售／部分出售相關聯營公司時會將盈虧從權益重新分類至損益（列作重新分類調整）。

於聯營公司之投資成為於合營企業之投資或於合營企業之投資成為於聯營公司之投資時，本集團繼續應用權益法。於擁有權益有變時，概不會重新計量公平價值。

倘本集團削減其於聯營公司之擁有權益而本集團繼續應用權益法，若有關收益或虧損會於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類至損益，則本集團會將先前已於其他全面收益確認與削減擁有權益有關之收益或虧損部分重新分類至損益。

倘集團實體與本集團之聯營公司進行交易（例如出售或注入資產），僅在聯營公司之權益與本集團無關之情況，與聯營公司進行交易所產生之溢利及虧損，方會於本集團綜合財務報表中確認。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Interest and dividend income which are derived from the financial assets and shareholders' rights are presented as other revenue and other income.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(h) 財務工具

當有集團實體成為財務工具合約其中一方時將會確認財務資產及財務負債。財務資產之所有正常購買或出售活動均按交易日期基準確認及取消確認。正常購買或出售是指該等須按規例或市場慣例規定之時間框架交付資產之財務資產購買或出售。

財務資產及財務負債初步以公平值計量，惟由客戶合約產生之貿易應收款項乃初步按香港財務報告準則第15號之規定而計量除外。直接歸於收購或發行財務資產或財務負債之交易成本（按公平值計入損益賬（「按公平值計入損益賬」）之財務資產除外），於初步確認時視乎適用情況計入財務資產或財務負債之公平值或從當中扣減。直接歸於收購按公平值計入損益賬之財務資產之交易成本乃即時於損益賬確認。

實際利息法為計算財務資產或財務負債之攤銷成本以及分攤於有關期間之利息收入及利息開支之方法。實際利率為一個可將在財務資產或財務負債之預計可用年期或（倘適用）較短期間內之估計未來現金收入及付款（包括已支付或收取並構成實際利率重要部分之所有費用及點子、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓）準確折現至初步確認時之賬面淨值之利率。

自財務資產及股東權利所產生之利息及股息收入乃呈列為其他收益及其他收入。

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial application of HKFRS 9/initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 *Business Combinations* applies.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(h) 財務工具 (續)

財務資產

財務資產之分類及其後計量

符合以下條件之財務資產其後按攤銷成本計量：

- 以收取合約現金流量為目的而持有資產之經營模式下持有之財務資產；及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之現金流量純粹為支付本金及未償還本金之利息。

符合以下條件之財務資產其後按公平值計入其他全面收益（「按公平值計入其他全面收益」）計量：

- 該財務資產同時以出售及收取合約現金流量為目的之業務模式下持有；及
- 該合約條款令於特定日期產生之現金流量僅為支付本金及未償還本金之利息。

所有其他財務資產其後按公平值計入損益賬計量，惟在首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號／初步確認財務資產之日，本集團可以不可撤銷地選擇於其他全面收益呈列股本投資之公平值其後變動，前提是該股本投資並非持作買賣，亦非收購方在香港財務報告準則第3號「業務合併」所適用之業務合併中確認之或然代價。

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit impaired.

Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the financial assets at FVTOCI reserve; and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, and will be transferred to retained profits/will continue to be held in the financial assets at FVTOCI reserve.

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Dividends are included in the "other income and other losses – net" line item in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(h) 財務工具 (續)

財務資產 (續)

財務資產之分類及其後計量 (續)

攤銷成本及利息收入

就其後按攤銷成本計量之財務資產而言，利息收入採用實際利息法確認。利息收入乃透過對財務資產之總賬面值採用實際利率而計算，惟其後出現信貸減值之財務資產除外（見下文）。就其後出現信貸減值之財務資產而言，利息收入乃透過於其後之報告期起對財務資產之攤銷成本採用實際利率而確認。倘已出現信貸減值之財務工具之信貸風險得到改善，從而使財務資產不再出現信貸減值，則利息收入乃透過於釐定該項資產不再出現信貸減值後之報告期開始起，對財務資產之總賬面值採用實際利率而確認。

指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益之股本工具

按公平值計入其他全面收益之股本工具投資其後按公平值計量，而公平值變動所產生之盈虧於其他全面收益中確認，並於按公平值計入其他全面收益儲備中累計；毋須進行減值評估。累計盈虧不會在出售股本投資時重新分類至損益，而是會轉撥至保留溢利／會繼續留存於按公平值計入其他全面收益儲備之財務資產中。

該等股本工具投資之股息乃於本集團收取股息之權利確立時在損益確認，除非有關股息明顯屬於收回一部分投資成本。股息在損益中計入「其他收入及其他虧損—淨額」項目。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents which are subject to impairment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting period to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting period as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtor with significant balances or collectively using a provision matrix with debtors having similar credit ratings.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting period with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(h) 財務工具 (續)

財務資產 (續)

財務資產之減值

本集團根據預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模式對就可能減值之財務資產(包括貿易應收款項、按金及其他應收款項以及現金及現金等值項目)進行減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額於各報告期更新,以反映信貸風險自初步確認以來之變化。

全期預期信貸虧損指在相關工具之預計年期內所有可能發生之違約事件所導致之預期信貸虧損。相反,12個月預期信貸虧損(「12個月預期信貸虧損」)為部分之全期預期信貸虧損,其預期自報告期後12個月內可能發生之違約事件導致。根據本集團之歷史信貸虧損經驗已作出評估,並根據債務人特有之因素、整體經濟狀況以及對報告期當前狀況及未來預測狀況之評估作出調整。

本集團必定就貿易應收款項確認全期預期信貸虧損。該等資產之預期信貸虧損會就具有重大結餘之債項進行個別評估,或就具有類似信貸評級之債項採用撥備矩陣進行集體評估。

至於所有其他工具,本集團計量之虧損撥備等於12個月預期信貸虧損,除非信貸風險自初步確認以來顯著增加,則本集團將確認全期預期信貸虧損。有關應否確認全期預期信貸虧損之評估乃基於自初步確認以來發生違約之可能性或風險是否顯著增加而定。

信貸風險顯著增加

於評估信貸風險自初步確認以來是否顯著增加時,本集團會比較財務工具於報告期所發生之違約風險與財務工具於初步確認日所發生之違約風險。為進行此評估,本集團會考慮合理且有理據支持之定量及定性資料,包括無需付出不必要成本或努力就可取得之歷史經驗及前瞻性資料。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 90 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of above, the Group considers that default has occurred when the instrument is more than 1 year past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(h) 財務工具 (續)

財務資產 (續)

財務資產之減值 (續)

信貸風險顯著增加 (續)

特別是，在評估信貸風險是否顯著增加時，會考慮以下資料：

- 財務工具之外部 (如有) 或內部信貸評級實際或預期顯著惡化；
- 外部市場信貸風險指標顯著惡化，如信貸利差大幅增加、債務人之信貸違約掉期價格大幅增加等；
- 商業、財務或經濟環境之現有或預測之不利變化，而有關變化預計會導致債務人履行其債務責任之能力大幅下降；
- 債務人經營業績實際或預期顯著惡化；
- 債務人所處之監管、經濟或技術環境實際或預期出現之重大不利變動，而有關變動會導致債務人履行其債務責任之能力大幅下降。

不論上述評估結果如何，當合約付款逾期超過90日，本集團將假定信貸風險自初步確認以來已顯著增加，除非本集團有合理且有理據支持之資料證明事實並非如此。

本集團定期監控就識別信貸風險有否顯著增加所用之標準之效益，並於適當情況下修訂有關標準，以確保該標準能在金額逾期前識別信貸風險之顯著增加。

違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言，當自內部生成或自外部來源取得之資料顯示債務人不大可能償付其債權人 (包括本集團) 全數款項 (不計及本集團持有之任何抵押品)，本集團將視之為發生違約事件。

不論上述定義如何，當有關工具逾期超過1年，除非本集團有合理且有理據支持之資料證明使用較寬鬆之違約標準將較為適合，否則本集團將視違約已經發生。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(h) 財務工具 (續)

財務資產 (續)

財務資產之減值 (續)

已出現信貸減值之財務資產

財務資產在一項或以上違約事件(可對該財務資產之估計未來現金流量構成不利影響)發生時乃代表出現信貸減值。財務資產出現信貸減值之證據包括有關下列事件之可觀察數據：

- (a) 發行人或借貸方出現重大財政困難；
- (b) 違反合約(如違約或逾期事件)；
- (c) 借貸方之貸款人基於借貸方財政困難之經濟或合約理由，而向借貸方提供貸款方在其他情況下不會考慮之寬減；
- (d) 借貸方將可能破產或進行其他財務重組；或
- (e) 因財務困難導致財務資產失去活躍市場。

撇銷政策

當有資料顯示交易對手處於嚴重財政困難且無實際收回款項之可能性時(例如交易對手被清盤或已進入破產程序時，或就貿易應收款項而言，當金額逾期超過兩年時(以最早發生者為準))，本集團將撇銷財務資產。遭撇銷之財務資產在本集團之收回程序下可能仍須受強制執行活動規限，在適當時候將就此考慮法律意見。撇銷構成取消確認事件。任何其後收回之款項將在損益中確認。

預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損之計量為違約概率、違約虧損率(即違約時之虧損程度)及違約風險敞口之函數。違約概率及違約虧損率之評估乃基於歷史數據並按前瞻性資料作調整。預期信貸虧損之估計金額反映無偏概率加權金額，乃以其相應發生違約之風險為權重釐定。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL (continued)

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis or cater for cases where evidence at the individual instrument level may not yet be available, the financial instruments are grouped on the following basis:

- Nature of financial instruments (i.e. the Group's trade and other receivables are each assessed as a separate group);
- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables, deposits and other receivables where the corresponding adjustments are recognised through a loss allowance account.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(h) 財務工具 (續)

財務資產 (續)

財務資產之減值 (續)

預期信貸虧損之計量及確認 (續)

一般而言，預期信貸虧損為根據合約應付本集團之所有合約現金流量與本集團預期收取之所有現金流量之間的差額（按於初步確認時釐定之實際利率折現）。

倘預期信貸虧損按集體基準計量，或因應在個別工具層面上尚未得到證據之情況下，財務工具將按以下基準歸類：

- 財務工具之性質（即本集團之貿易及其他應收款項乃以不同組別分開評估）；
- 逾期狀況；
- 債務人之性質、規模及行業；及
- 外部信貸評級（如有）。

有關歸類事項經管理層定期檢討，以確保各組成部分繼續共同擁有類似之信貸風險特徵。

利息收入乃按財務資產之總賬面值計算，除非財務資產已出現信貸減值，則在此情況下，利息收入將按財務資產之攤銷成本計算。

本集團透過調整財務工具之賬面值而於損益中確認所有財務工具之減值收益或虧損，惟於虧損撥備賬中確認相應調整之貿易應收款項、按金及其他應收款項除外。

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綜合財務報表附註

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the financial assets at FVTOCI reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to retained earnings.

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(h) 財務工具 (續)

財務資產 (續)

取消確認財務資產

本集團在資產產生現金流量之合約權利屆滿，或於其轉讓財務資產及絕大部分資產擁有權之風險及回報予另一方時，取消確認財務資產。倘本集團並無轉讓亦無保留擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報，並繼續控制被轉讓之資產，則本集團將確認其於該資產中之保留權益，以及就其可能須支付之金額確認相關負債。倘本集團保留被轉讓財務資產之擁有權之絕大部分風險及回報，本集團將繼續確認該財務資產，及就已收所得款項確認有抵押借款。

於取消確認按攤銷成本計量之財務資產時，資產賬面值與已收及應收代價總和之差額乃於損益確認。

於取消確認本集團於初步確認時選擇以按公平值計入其他全面收益之方式計量之股本工具之投資時，過往於按公平值計入其他全面收益儲備內累計之累計盈虧不會重新分類至損益，但會轉撥至保留盈利。

財務負債及股本工具

分類為債務或股本

債務及股本工具乃視乎合約安排之內容及財務負債和股本工具之定義而決定分類為財務負債或股本。

股本工具

權益工具為任何可證實於某實體之資產之剩餘權益(扣減其所有負債後)之合約。本公司發行之股本工具按所收取之所得款項扣除直接發行成本確認。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(h) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (continued) Classification as debt or equity (continued)

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including trade payables, accrued liabilities and other payables, lease liabilities, amounts due to shareholders and amounts due to non-controlling interests are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discount) through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition. Interest expense is recognised on an effective interest basis.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(h) 財務工具 (續)

財務負債及股本工具 (續) 分類為債務或股本 (續)

財務負債

所有財務負債其後採用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

按攤銷成本計量之財務負債

財務負債(包括貿易應付款項、累計負債及其他應付款項、租賃負債、應付股東款項以及應付非控股權益款項)其後採用實際利息法按攤銷成本計量。

實際利息法

實際利息法為計算財務負債之攤銷成本以及分攤於有關期間之利息開支之方法。實際利率為一個可將在財務負債之預計可用年期或(倘適用)較短期間內之估計未來現金付款(包括已支付或收取並構成實際利率重要部分之所有費用及點子、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)準確折現至初步確認時之賬面淨值之利率。利息開支按實際利息基準確認。

取消確認財務負債

本集團只會於本集團之責任獲解除、註銷或已屆滿時取消確認財務負債。已取消確認之財務負債賬面值與已付及應付代價總和之差額乃於損益確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Leases

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified or arising from business combinations on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(i) 租賃

租約之定義

倘某合約賦予為換取代價而在一段時間內控制可識別資產之使用之權利，該合約屬租約或包含租約。

就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修改或因業務合併而產生之合約而言，本集團根據香港財務報告準則第16號之定義於初始、修改日期或收購日期(如適用)評估該合約是否屬租約或包含租約。除非合約條款及條件其後出現變動，否則有關合約將不予重新評估。

本集團作為承租人

將代價分配至合約不同組成部分

就含有租賃部分以及一項或多項額外租賃或非租賃部分之合約而言，本集團根據租賃部分之相對獨立價格及非租賃部分之總計獨立價格，將合約代價分配至各租賃部分。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("HKFRS 9") and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(i) 租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人 (續)

使用權資產

使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及減值虧損計量，並就任何重新計量之租賃負債作出調整。

使用權資產之成本包括：

- 初步計量之租賃負債金額；
- 於開始日期或之前作出之任何租賃付款，減任何已收租賃激勵；
- 本集團產生之任何初始直接成本；及
- 本集團於拆除及移除相關資產、還原相關資產所在場地或將相關資產復原至租約條款及條件所規定狀況而產生之估計成本。

就本集團於租期結束時合理確定獲取相關租賃資產所有權之使用權資產，自開始日期起至可使用年期結束期間計提折舊。在其他情況下，使用權資產按直線法於其估計可使用年期及租期（以較短者為準）內折舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表將使用權資產呈列為單獨項目。

可退回租賃按金

已支付之可退回租賃按金乃根據香港財務報告準則第9號「財務工具」(「香港財務報告準則第9號」)入賬，並按公平值初步計量。於初步確認時之公平值調整視作額外租賃付款，並計入使用權資產之成本。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments included:

- fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate at the commencement date;
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options, if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the exercise of an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(i) 租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人 (續)

租賃負債

於租約開始日期，本集團按該日未付之租賃付款現值確認及計量租賃負債。於計算租賃付款現值時，倘租賃中所隱含之利率不易確定，則本集團使用於租約開始日期之增量借貸利率計算。

租賃付款包括：

- 固定租賃付款 (包括實質性之固定付款) 減任何應收租賃激勵；
- 可變租賃付款，其取決於指數或利率，初步計量時使用開始日期之指數或利率；
- 承租人在剩餘價值擔保項下預期應付之金額；
- 購買選擇權之行使價 (倘承租人合理確定將行使該選擇權)；及
- 終止租約之罰金付款 (倘租期反映終止租約之選擇權獲行使)。

於租約開始日期後，租賃負債按累計利息及租賃付款作出調整。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities (continued)

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Lease modifications

Except for COVID-19 related rent concession in which the Group applied the practical expedient, the Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(i) 租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人 (續)

租賃負債 (續)

當以下情況發生，本集團會重新計量租賃負債 (並對相關使用權資產作出相應調整)：

- 租期有所變動或行使購買選擇權之評估發生變化，在此情況下，相關租賃負債透過使用於重新評估日期之經修訂貼現率來貼現經修訂租賃付款而重新計量。
- 經過市場租金檢討後，租賃付款因市場租金率變動而發生變化，在此情況下，相關租賃負債透過按初始貼現率來貼現經修訂租賃付款而重新計量。

租賃負債於綜合財務狀況表內呈列為單獨項目。

租約修改

除COVID-19相關租金減免 (本集團乃採用簡便實務操作方法來處理有關情況) 外，倘出現以下情況，本集團將租約修改作為一項單獨之租約入賬：

- 通過新增使用一項或多項相關資產之權利，該項修改擴大了租約範圍；及
- 租約之代價增加，增加之金額幅度相當於範圍擴大所對應之單獨價格，加上為反映合約之實際情況而對單獨價格進行之任何適當調整金額。

就並不以單獨租約入賬之租約修改而言，本集團透過使用於修改生效日期之經修訂貼現率來貼現經修訂之租賃付款，根據經修改租約之租期重新計量租賃負債。

本集團通過對相關使用權資產進行相應調整，以對租賃負債重新計量入賬。當經修改合約包含租賃組成部分以及一項或多項額外租賃或非租賃組成部分時，本集團會根據租賃組成部分之相對獨立價格及非租賃組成部分之總計獨立價格，將經修改合約之代價分配至各租賃組成部分。

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綜合財務報表附註

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Covid-19-related rent concessions

In relation to rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic, the Group has elected to apply the practical expedient not to assess whether the change is a lease modification if all of the following conditions are met:

- the change in lease payments results in revised consideration for the lease that is substantially the same as, or less than, the consideration for the lease immediately preceding the change;
- any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2021; and
- there is no substantive change to other terms and conditions of the lease.

A lessee applying the practical expedient accounts for changes in lease payments resulting from rent concessions the same way it would account for the changes applying HKFRS 16 if the changes are not a lease modification. Forgiveness or waiver of lease payments are accounted for as variable lease payments. The related lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect the amounts forgiven or waived with a corresponding adjustment recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the event occurs.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(i) 租賃 (續)

本集團作為承租人 (續)

Covid-19相關租金減免

就受到Covid-19疫情直接影響所致之租金減免而言，本集團已選擇應用簡便實務操作方法，而不評估有關租金變動是否屬於租約修改，惟必須符合以下所有條件：

- 租賃付款之變動須致使修訂後所支付之租約代價大致等同於或少於緊接變動前所支付之租約代價；
- 僅影響原到期日為二零二一年六月三十日或之前之任何租賃付款之減少；及
- 租約之其他條款及條件並無重大改變。

承租人只因租金減免而引致之租賃付款變動應用簡便實務操作方法，其入賬方式與承租人假設有相關變動並非租約修改並應用香港財務報告準則第16號來為有關變動入賬相同。租賃付款之寬免或豁免乃入賬列作可變租賃付款。相關租賃負債須予調整，以反映所寬免或豁免之金額，並於該調整事項發生之期間內於損益中確認相應調整。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

(k) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for:

- exchange differences on foreign currency borrowings relating to assets under construction for future productive use, which are included in the cost of those assets when they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings;

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(i) 撥備

倘若本集團須就已發生的事件承擔法律或推定責任，而本集團可能須履行該責任，並可就責任金額作出可靠的估計，便會就此計提撥備。

確認為撥備之金額為於報告期末履行現時責任所需代價之最佳估計，而估計乃經考慮圍繞責任之風險及不確定性而作出。倘撥備以估計履行現時責任之現金流量計量時，其賬面值為該等現金流量之現值（倘貨幣時間價值之影響屬重大）。

當結算撥備所需之部份或全部經濟利益預期可自第三方收回時，倘大致確定將可獲償付及應收款項金額可作可靠估算，則將應收款項確認為資產。

(k) 外幣

於編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時，以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣（外幣）進行之交易均按交易日期之適用匯率確認。於報告期末，以外幣定值之貨幣項目均按該日之適用匯率重新換算。按公平值以外幣定值之非貨幣項目乃按於公平值釐定當日之適用匯率重新換算。按外幣過往成本計量之非貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

貨幣項目之匯兌差額均於彼等產生期間內在損益中確認，惟以下各項除外：

- 與作未來生產用途之在建資產有關之外幣借貸之匯兌差額，該等匯兌差額於被視為該等外幣借貸利息成本之調整時計入該等資產之成本；

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(k) Foreign currencies (continued)

- exchange differences on transactions entered into in order to hedge certain foreign currency risks; and
- exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss.

In addition, in relation to a partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint arrangements that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(k) 外幣 (續)

- 為了對沖若干外幣風險而訂立之交易之匯兌差額；及
- 應收或應付海外業務而結算並無計劃亦不可能發生 (因此構成海外業務投資淨額之一部分) 之貨幣項目之匯兌差額，該等匯兌差額初步於其他全面收益內確認，並於償還貨幣項目時自權益重新分類至損益。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言，本集團之海外業務之資產及負債乃按於各報告期末之適用匯率換算為本集團之列賬貨幣 (即港元)。收入及支出項目乃按該期間之平均匯率進行換算，除非匯率於該期間內出現大幅波動，於此情況下，則採用於交易當日之適用匯率。所產生之匯兌差額 (如有) 於其他全面收益確認並於匯兌儲備下之權益累計 (歸入非控股權益 (如適用))。

於出售海外業務 (即出售本集團於海外業務之全部權益或涉及失去對一間附屬公司 (包括海外業務) 之控制權之出售、部分出售於共同安排或聯營公司 (包括海外業務) 之權益 (其保留權益成為財務資產)) 時，就本公司擁有人應佔該業務而於權益內累計之所有匯兌差額重新分類至損益賬。

此外，有關部份出售並未導致本集團失去包含海外業務之附屬公司之控制權，則按此比例將累計匯兌差額重新歸類為非控股權益，而並不於損益內確認。就所有其他部份出售 (即部分出售聯營公司或共同安排但不引致本集團失去重大影響力或共同控制權) 而言，按比例分佔之累計匯兌差額重新分類至損益。

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(l) Employee benefits

i. Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of the reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. No accrual is made at the end of the reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward as the amount is immaterial.

ii. Pension scheme

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefits scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

As at 31 March 2021, no forfeited contribution is available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years (2020: Nil).

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operates in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. The contributions are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

(m) Equity-settled share-based payment transaction

Share Options Scheme and Share Award Scheme

The fair value of share options and awarded shares granted to employees in an equity-settled share based payment transaction is recognised as an employment cost with a corresponding increase in the share options reserve within equity. In respect of share options, the fair value is measured at grant date using the Binomial option pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. In respect of awarded shares, the fair value is based on the closing price at the grant date. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the share options and awarded shares, the total estimated fair value of the share options and awarded shares is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the share options and awarded shares will vest.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(l) 僱員福利

i. 有薪假期結轉下年度

本集團根據僱員合約，按曆年基準向僱員提供有薪年假福利。在若干情況，有關僱員在報告期末尚餘之有薪假期可結轉下一個曆年並由僱員動用。基於涉及之款額微不足道，故在報告期末並未就此等僱員年內應計及結轉下年度之有薪假期之預期未來累計成本列賬。

ii. 退休福利計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例設立界定供款強制性公積金退休福利計劃（「強積金計劃」）供合資格參與強積金計劃之有關僱員參與。根據強積金計劃之規則，供款額為僱員基本薪金之某個百分比，並於應繳付時在綜合全面損益賬扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持有，並由獨立運作之基金管理。本集團之僱主供款於對強積金計劃供款時全數歸於僱員。

於二零二一年三月三十一日，並無任何已沒收之供款可供用作削減未來年度應付之供款（二零二零年：無）。

於中國內地經營之本集團附屬公司之僱員須參與由當地市政府設立之中央退休福利計劃。根據中央退休福利計劃之規則，供款乃當其應繳付時於綜合全面損益賬扣除。

(m) 以權益結算並以股份為基礎之付款交易

購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃

於股本償本之股份為本交易賦予員工的購股權及獎勵股份之公平值被確認為員工成本，並在股東權益內的購股權儲備作相應的增加。有關購股權之公平值乃採用二項式期權定價模式，按購股權授予日及授予購股權的條款而計算。至於獎勵股份方面，其公平值是已支付之代價。當僱員須符合歸屬期條件才可無條件享有該等購股權及獎勵股份，購股權及獎勵股份的預計公平值總額在歸屬期內攤分入賬，並已考慮購股權及獎勵股份歸屬的或然率。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(m) Equity-settled share-based payment transaction (continued)

Share Options Scheme and Share Award Scheme (continued)

During the vesting period, the number of share options and awarded shares that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the statement of comprehensive income for the year of the review, with a corresponding adjustment to the share options reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options and awarded shares that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the share options reserve).

The equity amount for the share options is recognised in the share options reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

Shares held for Share Award Scheme

Where the shares of the Company are acquired under the Share Award Scheme, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs, is presented as "Shares held for Share Award Scheme" and deducted from total equity.

When the awarded shares are transferred to the awardees upon vesting, the related weighted average cost of the awarded shares vested are credited to "Shares held for Share Award Scheme", and the related employment costs of the awarded shares vested are debited to the share options reserve. The difference between the related weighted average cost and the related employment costs of the awarded shares is transferred to retained profits.

Where the Shares held for Share Award Scheme are revoked and the revoked shares are disposed of, the related gain or loss is transferred to retained profits, and no gain or loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Where the cash or non-cash dividend distribution is declared in respect of the shares held for Share Award Scheme, the cash or fair value of the non-cash dividend is transferred to retained profits, and no gain or loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(m) 以權益結算並以股份為基礎之付款交易 (續)

購股權計劃及股份獎勵計劃 (續)

估計可歸屬購股權及獎勵股份的數目須在歸屬期內作出檢討。任何已在往年確認的累積公平值調整須在檢討年度內的綜合全面損益賬支銷或回撥，並在購股權儲備作相應調整。在歸屬日，確認為支出之金額按歸屬購股權及獎勵股份的實際數目作調整（並在購股權儲備作相應調整）。

屬購股權的權益金額在購股權儲備確認，直至當購股權被行使時（轉入股份溢價），或當購股權之有效期屆滿時（轉入保留溢利）。

為股份獎勵計劃而持有之股份

倘根據股份獎勵計劃下購入的公司股份，已支付之代價，包括所有直接有關的增量成本，被提出作為「為股份獎勵計劃而持有之股份」並從總權益中扣除。

當獎勵股份於歸屬時轉至獲獎勵人時，有關已歸屬獎勵股份的加權平均成本計入「為股份獎勵計劃而持有之股份」的貸方及有關的員工成本計入購股權儲備借方。有關加權平均成本及有關獎勵股份的員工成本之差額轉入保留溢利。

當取消為股份獎勵計劃而持有之股份時，取消之股份將出售有關損益轉入保留溢利，綜合全面收益表不確認任何損益。

當為股份獎勵計劃而持有之股份宣派現金或非現金股息，分派之現金或非現金股息之公平值轉入保留溢利，綜合全面收益表不確認任何損益。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Related party transactions

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group if:

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group.
- (B) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A).
 - (vii) a person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is part, provides key management personnel services to the Group.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(n) 關連人士交易

倘出現以下情況，則有關人士為與本集團有關連之人士或實體：

- (A) 倘某人士出現以下情況，則該人士或該人士之近親與本集團有關連：
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團；
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響；或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司之主要管理層成員。
- (B) 倘符合下列任何條件，即實體與本集團有關連：
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團之成員公司（即各母公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此間有關連）。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營企業（或另一實體為成員公司之集團旗下成員公司之聯營公司或合營企業）。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方之合營企業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營企業，而另一實體為該第三方實體之聯營公司。
 - (v) 實體為本公司或與本公司有關連之實體就僱員利益設立之離職福利計劃。
 - (vi) 實體受(A)所識別人士控制或受共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(A)(i)所識別人士對實體有重大影響力或屬該實體（或該實體之母公司）主要管理層成員。
 - (viii) 實體或其任何集團成員公司提供主要管理人員服務予本集團。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(n) Related party transactions (continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependants of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

A transaction is considered to be a related party transaction when there is a transfer of resources or obligations between related parties.

(o) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

(p) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit/loss before tax' because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(n) 關連人士交易 (續)

任何人士的近親是指與該實體交易時預期可影響該名人士或受該人士影響的家庭成員，並包括：

- (i) 該人士之兒女及配偶或同居伴侶；
- (ii) 該人士之配偶或同居伴侶之兒女；及
- (iii) 該人士或該人士之配偶或同居伴侶之受養人。

關連人士交易是指關連人士之間轉移資源或義務。

(o) 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目包括銀行及手頭上現金、活期存款及可隨時轉換為已知數額的現金、並無重大價值變動風險及一般於購入後三個月內屆滿的短期高流動投資，減去須按要求償還之銀行透支，並構成本集團現金管理之整體部份。

(p) 稅項

所得稅指本年度應付稅項及遞延稅項之總額。

現時稅項

現時應付的稅項乃根據本年度的應課稅溢利計算。應課稅溢利與「除稅前溢利／虧損」不同，乃由於應課稅溢利不包括於其他年度的應課稅或可予扣減的收入或開支項目，而該等項目為永遠毋須課稅或扣減的項目。本集團現時稅項之負債乃採用於報告期末前已實行或大致實行之稅率計算。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(p) 稅項 (續)

遞延稅項

遞延稅項確認為在綜合財務報表內資產與負債的賬面值與採用應課稅溢利計算的相應稅基的暫時差額。遞延稅項負債一般就所有應課稅暫時差額確認入賬，而遞延稅項資產一般則會在預期應課稅溢利可供用作抵銷可予扣減暫時差額時確認為所有可扣減暫時差額。倘暫時差額乃因商譽或因一項交易涉及的其他資產及負債進行初步確認時（不包括業務合併）產生，而不會影響應課稅溢利或會計溢利，則不會確認該等遞延資產及負債。此外，倘暫時差額乃因初步確認商譽時產生，將不會確認遞延稅項負債。

遞延稅項負債將會就與於附屬公司及聯營公司的投資相關的應課稅暫時差額確認入賬，惟倘本集團可控制暫時差額的撥回，並預期該暫時差額將不會在可見將來撥回者除外。可扣減暫時差額產生之遞延稅項資產（與該等投資有關）可確認，惟僅以可能將有足夠應課稅溢利可動用暫時差額之利益，且彼等預期於可預見將來撥回為限。

遞延稅項資產的賬面值乃於報告期末進行檢討，並調低至預期將不可能有充裕的應課稅溢利以收回所有或部份資產。

倘負債可結算或資產可變現，遞延稅項資產及負債按預期於期間內可應用之稅率以於報告期末已施行或大部份施行之稅率（及稅法）之稅率為基準。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(p) Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax (continued)

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 Income Taxes requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences on initial recognition of the relevant right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised due to application of the initial recognition exemption. Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(p) 稅項 (續)

遞延稅項 (續)

遞延稅項負債及資產之計量反映稅務影響，可由本集團於報告期末預期之方式以收回或結算其資產及負債之賬面值。

倘租約交易中之稅項扣減乃歸因於租賃負債，本集團會就該租賃交易分別對使用權資產與租賃負債應用香港會計準則第12號「所得稅」之規定。由於應用了有關初步確認之豁免，故於初步確認相關使用權資產及租賃負債時並無確認暫時差額。而毋須應用初步確認豁免，並因重新計量租賃負債及租約修改而導致其後須修改使用權資產及租賃負債之賬面值而產生之暫時差額，則於重新計量或租約修改之日確認。

遞延稅項資產與負債在有可依法強制執行之權利將即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債抵銷，且該等遞延稅項資產及負債涉及同一稅務機關向同一應課稅實體徵收之所得稅時會互相抵銷。

年內即期及遞延稅項

即期及遞延稅項於損益確認，惟倘該等稅項與於其他全面收益或直接於權益中確認之項目有關，則即期及遞延稅項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益中確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(q) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type of class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

(r) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a first-in, first out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less all estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(t) Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

3. 重大會計政策概要 (續)

(q) 分部呈報

經營分部及財務資料所呈報之各分部項目之金額，乃從為向本集團各項業務及地理位置分配資源及評估其業績而定期向本集團最高行政決策者提供之財務報表中加以識別。

就財務報告而言，將不會併入個別重要經營分部，除非該分部的產品及服務性質、生產工序性質、客戶類型或階層、分銷產品或提供服務方法及監管環境的性質等方面的經濟特性類似。倘個別不重要的經營分部符合上述大部份條件，則可併為一個報告分部。

(r) 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者中之較低者入賬。存貨成本按先入先出法釐定。可變現淨值為在日常業務過程下估計之售價，扣除出售該存貨所需之一切估計成本。

(s) 借貸成本

因收購、興建或生產需要長時間籌備方可用於擬定用途或銷售之合資格資產而直接產生之借貸成本，乃計入該等資產之成本中，直至該等資產基本上達致其擬定用途或可供銷售為止。

所有其他借貸成本均於其產生期間在損益中確認。

(t) 政府補助

政府補助在可合理保證本集團將會滿足有關補助之條件且會收到有關補助之情況下，方予以確認。

倘政府補助與應收收入有關，而有關收入乃作為已產生之開支或損失之補償，或基於向本集團提供直接財務資助（並無未來相關成本）之目的而應收之補償，則其於成為應收款項之期間於損益中確認。此類補助列入「其他收入」。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements, management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The followings are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations, that management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

(i) *Income taxes*

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

4. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不確定性之主要來源

於應用綜合財務報表附註3載本集團之會計政策時，管理層須就從其他來源不顯而易見之資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。該等估計及相關假設乃以經驗及認為屬有關之其他因素而作出。實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設按持續基準審閱。倘若會計估計修訂僅影響該期間，有關修訂會在修訂估計期間確認。倘若有關修訂影響當期及未來期間，有關修訂會在修訂期間及未來期間確認。

應用會計政策所涉及之關鍵判斷

除該等涉及估計之判斷外，以下關鍵判斷為董事於應用本集團之會計政策時所作出，並對綜合財務報表內已確認金額構成最重大影響。

(i) *所得稅*

本集團須繳納多個司法權區之所得稅。於釐定世界各地之所得稅撥備時需作出重要判斷。於正常業務過程中，有許多交易及計算均難以明確作出最終稅務釐定。本集團須估計未來會否繳納額外稅項，從而確認對預期稅務審核事宜之責任。倘該等事宜之最終稅務結果與起初錄得之金額不同，差額將影響稅務釐定期內之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies (continued)

(ii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are stated at costs less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgment and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset (including right-of-use assets), the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the assets belongs. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test.

As at 31 March 2021, the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are approximately HK\$9,015,000 and HK\$6,108,000 respectively (2020: approximately HK\$13,287,000 and HK\$4,345,000 respectively). During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group has not recognised impairment loss on property, plant and equipment (2020: HK\$Nil) and right-of-use assets (2020: HK\$Nil). Details are disclosed in Notes 16 and 17.

4. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不確定性之主要來源 (續)

應用會計政策所涉及之關鍵判斷 (續)

(ii) 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之減值

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產按成本減累計折舊及減值(如有)列賬。釐定資產是否減值時,本集團須行使判斷及作出估計,特別是評估(1)是否發生事件或有任何跡象而可能影響資產價值;(2)資產之賬面值是否得到可收回金額作引證,而倘為使用價值,則是否得到未來現金流量之現值淨額作引證,此乃以持續使用資產為基礎而估計;及(3)於估計可收回金額(包括現金流量預測)及適當的貼現率時所應用之適當主要假設。當無法估計個別資產(包括使用權資產)之可收回金額,本集團估計該資產所屬之現金產生單位之可收回金額。更改任何假設及估計(包括貼現率或於現金流量預測中之增長率)均可能會嚴重影響減值測試中使用之現值淨額。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之賬面值分別約為9,015,000港元及6,108,000港元(二零二零年:分別約13,287,000港元及4,345,000港元)。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,本集團並無就物業、廠房及設備(二零二零年:零港元)及使用權資產(二零二零年:零港元)確認減值虧損。有關詳情於附註16及17披露。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies (continued)

(iii) Equity-settled share-based payment

The valuation of the fair value of share options granted requires judgment in determining the expected volatility of the share price, the dividends expected on the shares, the risk free interest rate during the life of the options and the number of share options that are expected to become exercisable, details of which are set in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements. Where the actual outcome of the number of exercisable options is different from the previously estimated number of exercisable options, such difference will have impact on the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the subsequent remaining vesting period of the relevant share options.

(iv) Allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortised cost

The loss allowances for financial assets at amortised cost are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in Note 5.

As at 31 March 2021, the carrying amount of trade receivables and other receivables are approximately HK\$16,864,000 and approximately HK\$43,587,000 respectively (net of loss allowance of approximately HK\$6,517,000 and approximately HK\$80,575,000 respectively).

The provision of expected credit losses is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the expected credit losses and the Group's trade receivables and other receivables are set out in Notes 5, 24 and 25.

4. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不確定性之主要來源 (續)

應用會計政策之關鍵判斷 (續)

(iii) 以權益結算並以股份支付之款項

評估已授出購股權之公平值時需要作出判斷，以釐定股價之預期波幅、股份之預計股息、購股權有效期內的無風險利率，以及預期可以行使之購股權的數目，有關詳情載於綜合財務報表附註35。若可行使購股權之實際數目有別於原先估計，差額將影響有關購股權於其後歸屬期之綜合全面收益表。

(iv) 就按攤銷成本之財務資產作出預期信貸虧損撥備

按攤銷成本之財務資產之虧損撥備乃基於就違約風險及預期虧損率所作之假設而定。本集團根據其過往歷史、現行市況及於各報告期末之前瞻性估計，運用判斷以作出有關假設及挑選於減值計算中使用之輸入值。所採用之主要假設及輸入值之詳情於附註5披露。

於二零二一年三月三十一日，貿易應收款項及其他應收款項之賬面值分別約16,864,000港元及約43,587,000港元（分別扣除虧損撥備約6,517,000港元及約80,575,000港元）。

預期信貸虧損撥備對估計值之變動相當敏感。有關預期信貸虧損、本集團之貿易應收款項及其他應收款項之資料載於附註5、24及25。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies (continued)

(v) *Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income*

The fair value of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income that are not traded in active market is determined by valuation techniques. Fair value of financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income is determined by an independent valuer, APAC Asset Valuation and Consulting Limited, with reference to the adjusted profit-to-sales ratio and marketability discount rate of the financial asset. Valuation techniques that include inputs that are not based on observable market data and make assumptions that are primarily based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. Note 5 provide detailed information about key assumptions used in the determination of the fair value.

(vi) *Incremental borrowing rate*

In determination on incremental borrowing rate, the Group applies judgement to determine the applicable rate to calculate the present value of lease payments. The incremental borrowing rate of the Group applied will significantly affects the amount of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets recognised.

4. 關鍵會計判斷及估計不確定性之主要來源 (續)

應用會計政策之關鍵判斷 (續)

(v) *按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產*

並無於活躍市場買賣之按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產之公平值乃採用估值技術釐定。按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產之公平值由獨立估值師亞太資產評估及顧問有限公司參考財務資產之經調整銷售利潤率及市場流通性折扣率釐定。估值技術包括並非以可觀察市場數據為基礎之輸入數據，並主要基於各報告期末之當前市場狀況作出假設。附註5提供了有關釐定公平值所採用之主要假設之詳細資料。

(vi) *增量借貸利率*

在釐定增量借貸利率時，本集團運用判斷以釐定計算租賃付款現值之適用利率。本集團所應用之增量借貸利率將顯著影響所確認之租賃負債及使用權資產金額。

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	財務資產		
<i>At amortised cost</i>	<i>按攤銷成本</i>	75,954	90,214
<i>At fair value</i>	<i>按公平值</i>		
Financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之 財務資產	89	114
		76,043	90,328
Financial liabilities	財務負債		
<i>At amortised cost</i>	<i>按攤銷成本</i>	50,849	71,926

(b) Financial risk management objectives

The Group's major financial instruments include financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, trade payables, accrued liabilities and other payables, amounts due to shareholders, amounts due to non-controlling interests and lease liabilities. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

5. 財務工具

(a) 財務工具類別

(b) 財務風險管理目標

本集團之主要財務工具包括按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產、貿易應收款項、按金及其他應收款項、現金及現金等值項目、貿易應付款項、累計負債及其他應付款項、應付股東款項、應付非控股權益款項以及租賃負債。該等財務工具之詳情乃於相關附註披露。與該等財務工具有關之風險及如何減低該等風險之政策載於下文。管理層會管理及監察該等風險，以確保可及時有效地實行適當措施。

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives (continued)

Market risk

(i) Foreign currency risk

The Group operates mainly in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Hong Kong and majority of transactions are denominated in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and Renminbi ("RMB"). The Group is exposed to limited foreign exchange risk as most of the commercial transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency same as the functional currency of each entity of the Group. Therefore the Group will only exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the assets and liabilities which are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entity to which related. The conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise. The Group does not have significant exposure to foreign currency risk.

(ii) Interest rate risk

At the end of the reporting period, the Group did not have any financial assets and liabilities which are at floating rate of interests. The Group does not have significant exposure to interest rate risk.

Credit risk and impairment assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, and cash and cash equivalents. At 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arising from the carrying amounts of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

5. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標(續)

市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

本集團主要在中華人民共和國(「中國」)及香港經營業務,且大部份交易以港元(「港元」)及人民幣(「人民幣」)計值。由於大部份商業交易、資產及負債是以與本集團各實體功能貨幣相同之貨幣計值,本集團面對之外匯風險有限。因此,本集團將僅面對以該實體相關之功能貨幣以外之貨幣定值之資產及負債產生之外匯風險。人民幣兌換為外幣須遵守中國政府頒佈之外匯管制法規。本集團現時並無任何外國流動資產及負債之外幣對沖工具。本集團將密切監管其外幣風險,並於必要時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。本集團並無面對重大外匯風險。

(ii) 利率風險

於報告期末,本集團並無按浮動利率計息之任何財務資產及負債。本集團並無面臨重大利率風險。

信貸風險及減值評估

信貸風險指交易對手不履行其合約責任給本集團帶來財務虧損之風險。本集團之信貸風險主要來自貿易應收款項、按金及其他應收款項以及現金及現金等值項目。於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日,本集團就因交易對手未能履行責任而將導致財務虧損所承受之最高信貸風險額,乃來自綜合財務狀況表所列各項已確認財務資產之賬面值。本集團並無就其財務資產持有任何抵押品或其他信用增級。

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives (continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables and other receivables

Credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit terms. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as to the economic environment.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arises when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers.

In respect of trade receivables arising from provision of esmart digital services for retail stores in the PRC and trading businesses across Asia, the Group has a concentration of credit risk in certain individual customers. At the end of each reporting period, the five largest receivable balances accounted for approximately 80.7% (2020: approximately 75.6%) of the trade receivables and the largest trade receivable was approximately 28.9% (2020: approximately 26.2%) of the Group's total trade receivables. The Directors closely monitor the risk exposure of the customers and collateral and would take appropriate action to ensure the risk exposure is acceptable. The Directors are of the view that the expected cash flow of trade receivables are sufficient to cover the carrying amount of trade receivables as at 31 March 2021.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the management reviews the recoverability of each trade debt at the end of each reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group applies simplified approach on trade receivables to provide for the ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9. The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix and considered relevant credit information such as forward-looking macroeconomic information. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

5. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項及其他應收款項

信貸評估乃針對所有要求取得信貸期之客戶作出。該等評估專注於客戶支付到期款項之過往歷史及現時之支付能力，並考慮客戶個別資料以及經濟環境之特定資料。

本集團承受之信貸風險主要受每名客戶之個別特性影響，因此，倘本集團就個別客戶承受重大風險，其將代表有高度集中之信貸風險。

就於中國零售商店提供智能數據服務及於亞洲各地從事貿易業務所產生之貿易應收款項而言，本集團就若干個別客戶承受集中信貸風險。於各報告期末，最大五筆應收款項結餘佔貿易應收款項約80.7%（二零二零年：約75.6%），而最大筆貿易應收款項佔本集團貿易應收款項總額約28.9%（二零二零年：約26.2%）。董事密切監察客戶風險敞口及抵押品情況，並採取適當措施以保證風險敞口處於可控範圍。董事認為，於二零二一年三月三十一日，貿易應收款項之預期現金流量足以抵償貿易應收款項之賬面值。

為使信貸風險減至最低，管理層已委派一支團隊負責釐定信貸額度、審批信貸及執行其他監察程序以確保就收回逾期債務已採取跟進行動。此外，管理層於各報告期末檢討各貿易債務之可收回性，確保就不可收回款項作出足夠的減值虧損。本集團將就貿易應收款項採用簡化方法，以按香港財務報告準則第9號所規定就預期信貸虧損計提撥備。本集團按相等於全期預期信貸虧損之金額計量貿易應收款項之虧損撥備，有關金額乃使用撥備矩陣計算，並考慮了諸如前瞻性宏觀經濟資料等相關信貸資料。由於按本集團之歷史信貸虧損經驗所顯示，不同客戶分部之虧損模式並無顯著不同，故基於過往逾期狀態作出之虧損撥備並無進一步按本集團不同客戶基礎作區分。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives (continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables and other receivables (continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade and other receivables as at 31 March 2021 and 2020:

Trade receivables

At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 %	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Current (not past due)	即期 (未逾期)	21.0	202	(42)
Less than 1 month past due	逾期少於一個月	21.3	-	-
Over 1 to 3 months past due	逾期超過一至三個月	21.4	-	-
Over 3 months to 1 year past due	逾期超過三個月至一年	22.3	7,441	(1,659)
More than 1 year past due	逾期超過一年	30.6	15,738	(4,816)
		27.9	23,381	(6,517)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 %	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Current (not past due)	即期 (未逾期)	6.0	1,572	(130)
Less than 1 month past due	逾期少於一個月	6.0	-	-
Over 1 to 3 months past due	逾期超過一至三個月	6.0	-	-
Over 3 months to 1 year past due	逾期超過三個月至一年	7.5	7	(1)
More than 1 year past due	逾期超過一年	17.0	16,180	(2,773)
		16.5	17,759	(2,904)

5. 財務工具 (續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標 (續)

信貸風險及減值評估 (續)

貿易應收款項及其他應收款項 (續)

下表提供有關本集團於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日就貿易應收款項及其他應收款項所承受之信貸風險及其預期信貸虧損之資料：

貿易應收款項

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives (continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables and other receivables (continued)

Other receivables

5. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項及其他應收款項(續)

其他應收款項

At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	Expected loss rate 預期信貸虧損 %	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Stage 1-12 months ECL	第1階段 - 12個月預期信貸虧損	-	59	-
Stage 2-Life time ECL	第2階段 - 全期預期信貸虧損	-	42	-
Stage 3-Life time ECL (credit impaired)	第3階段 - 全期預期信貸虧損 (已出現信貸減值)	64.9	124,061	(80,575)
		64.9	124,162	(80,575)
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	Expected loss rate 預期信貸虧損 %	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Stage 1-12 months ECL	第1階段 - 12個月預期信貸虧損	-	20	-
Stage 2-Life time ECL	第2階段 - 全期預期信貸虧損	-	12	-
Stage 3-Life time ECL (credit impaired)	第3階段 - 全期預期信貸虧損 (已出現信貸減值)	59.0	141,321	(83,374)
		59.0	141,353	(83,374)

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives (continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables and other receivables (continued)

The closing loss allowances for including trade receivables and other receivables as at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 reconciled to the opening loss allowances as follows:

		Trade receivables loss allowances 貿易應收款項 減值撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Other receivables loss allowances 其他應收款項 減值撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	1,400	76,032	77,432
Increase in loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year	年內於損益確認之虧損撥備增加	1,696	7,585	9,281
Reversal of loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year	年內於損益確認之虧損撥備撥回	(192)	(243)	(435)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日	2,904	83,374	86,278
Increase in loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year	年內於損益確認之虧損撥備增加	3,925	601	4,526
Reversal of loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year	年內於損益確認之虧損撥備撥回	(312)	(3,400)	(3,712)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	6,517	80,575	87,092

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group, and a failure to make contractual payments for a period greater than agreed contract terms.

Impairment losses on trade receivables are presented as net allowances for expected credit losses on track and other receivables within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 2 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

As at 31 March 2021, the Group has trade and other receivables with approximately HK\$6,517,000 and HK\$80,575,000 respectively (2020: approximately HK\$2,904,000 and HK\$83,374,000 respectively) being impaired since the management of the Company considered these balances are unlikely to be recoverable or partially recoverable.

5. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項及其他應收款項(續)

於二零二一年三月三十一日及二零二零年三月三十一日，對包括貿易應收款項及其他應收款項計提之期末虧損撥備與期初虧損撥備對賬如下：

		Trade receivables loss allowances 貿易應收款項 減值撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Other receivables loss allowances 其他應收款項 減值撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	1,400	76,032	77,432
Increase in loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year	年內於損益確認之虧損撥備增加	1,696	7,585	9,281
Reversal of loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year	年內於損益確認之虧損撥備撥回	(192)	(243)	(435)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日	2,904	83,374	86,278
Increase in loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year	年內於損益確認之虧損撥備增加	3,925	601	4,526
Reversal of loss allowance recognised in profit or loss during the year	年內於損益確認之虧損撥備撥回	(312)	(3,400)	(3,712)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	6,517	80,575	87,092

貿易應收款項於無合理期望可收回款項時撇銷。沒有合理期望可收回款項之跡象(其中包括)債務人未能與本集團共同制定還款計劃，以及於遠超過協定合約期限之期間內未能作出合約付款。

貿易應收款項之減值虧損乃於經營溢利內呈列為貿易及其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備淨額。其後倘收回先前已撇銷之金額，其將於同一單行項目內撥回。

預期虧損率乃基於過去兩年之實際虧損經驗釐定。該等虧損率經過調整以反映於收集歷史數據期間之經濟狀況、當前狀況與本集團對於應收款項預計年期之經濟狀況所持觀點之間的差異。

於二零二一年三月三十一日，由於本公司管理層視本集團之貿易及其他應收款項分別約6,517,000港元及80,575,000港元(二零二零年：分別約2,904,000港元及83,374,000港元)為不大可能收回或部分收回，故有關結餘已出現減值。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives (continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

Trade receivables and other receivables (continued)

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables and other receivables are set out in Notes 24 and 25 to the consolidated financial statement.

The management monitored the financial background and creditability of those debtors on an ongoing basis. The Group seeks to minimise its risk by dealing with counterparties which have good credit history. Majority of the trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired have no default payment history. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Deposits

The Group accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected credit losses on a timely basis. The Group has assessed that the expected credit loss rate for these receivables are immaterial under 12 months expected credit losses method. Thus, no loss allowance for deposits was recognised as at 31 March 2021 and 2020.

Deposits with bank

In respect to the Group's deposit with bank, the Group limits its exposure to credit risk by placing deposits with financial institution with high credit rating and no recent history of default. Given the high credit ratings of the banks, management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations. The Group has assessed that the expected credit loss rate for the deposits with bank are immaterial under 12 months expected credit losses method. Thus, no loss allowance was recognised as at 31 March 2021 and 2020. Management will continue to monitor the position and will take appropriate action if they are changed. As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk in relation to deposit with bank.

In these regards, other than the credit risks mentioned above, the management considers the Group does not have any other significant credit risk and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

5. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

貿易應收款項及其他應收款項(續)

有關本集團就貿易應收款項及其他應收款項所承受之信貸風險之進一步定量披露，乃分別載於附註24及25。

管理層持續監控該等債務人之財務背景及信用度。本集團透過與具有良好信貸歷史之交易對手進行交易，以盡量降低其風險。尚未逾期亦未減值之大部分貿易應收款項均無不償還款項之往績。就此而言，董事認為本集團之信貸風險已大幅降低。

按金

本集團透過適時為預期信貸虧損作出適當撥備來應付其信貸風險。本集團已根據12個月預期信貸虧損法評定該等應收款項之預期信貸虧損率為不重大。因此，於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日，並無就按金確認虧損撥備。

銀行存款

就本集團之銀行存款而言，本集團將存款存放於具有良好信貸評級且近期並無違約紀錄之財務機構，以限制其承受之信貸風險。鑒於該等銀行具有高信貸評級，管理層預期不會有任何交易對手無法履行其責任。本集團已根據12個月預期信貸虧損法評定該等銀行存款之預期信貸虧損率為不重大。因此，於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日，並無確認虧損撥備。管理層將持續監察評級狀況；倘其評級發生變化，將採取適當行動。於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日，本集團並無就銀行存款承受高度集中之信貸風險。

就此而言，除上述信貸風險外，管理層認為本集團並無任何其他重大信貸風險，而所承受之該等信貸風險乃予以持續監察。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives (continued)

Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents, monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The liquidity risk is under continuous monitoring by management. Reports with maturity dates of borrowings and thus the liquidity requirement are provided to management for review periodically. Management will raise or refinance borrowings whenever necessary.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities that will be settled into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are based on the contractual undiscounted payments, as follows:

		At 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日						
	Weighted average effective interest rate 加權平均實際利率 %	On demand or less than 1 month 應要求或一個月內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 to 3 months 一至三個月 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 3 months to 1 year 三個月至一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 year to 5 years 一年至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flow 總未貼現現金流 HK\$'000 千港元	Total carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債							
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	-	113	-	-	-	113	
Accrued liabilities and other payables	累計負債及其他應付款項	-	22,124	-	-	-	22,124	
Amounts due to shareholders	應付股東款項	10.5	2,622	-	-	13,995	14,500	
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控股權益款項	5.5	5,247	-	-	4,635	9,882	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	9.04	239	477	2,146	2,629	5,491	
			30,345	477	2,146	21,259	54,227	
							50,849	

		At 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一日						
	Weighted average effective interest rate 加權平均實際利率 %	On demand or less than 1 month 應要求或一個月內 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 to 3 months 一至三個月 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 3 months to 1 year 三個月至一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 year to 5 years 一年至五年 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flow 總未貼現現金流 HK\$'000 千港元	Total carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債							
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	-	1,050	-	-	-	1,050	
Accrued liabilities and other payables	累計負債及其他應付款項	-	26,852	-	-	-	26,852	
Amounts due to shareholders	應付股東款項	6.13	17,965	-	14,004	-	31,969	
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控股權益款項	-	-	-	9,045	-	9,045	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4.07	306	612	897	1,327	3,019	
			46,173	612	23,946	1,327	72,058	
							71,926	

5. 財務工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標(續)

流動資金風險

本集團通過維持充足現金及銀行結餘、監管預測及實際現金流量，以及配合財務資產及負債之到期時間表，藉此管理流動資金風險。

管理層持續監管流動資金風險。載有借貸到期日及相關流動資金需求之報告定期向管理層提交以供審閱。必要時，管理層將增加借貸或對其進行再融資。

下表顯示本集團將結算之財務負債，此乃按照相關到期組別，根據由報告期末至合約到期日之剩餘期間進行分析。表內披露之金額根據合約未貼現付款計算，詳情如下：

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) with standard terms and conditions and traded on active liquid markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively; and
- the fair value of other financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis using prices or rates from observable current market transaction as input. For an option-based derivative, the fair value is estimated using option pricing model.

The Directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values.

Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 in the current year.

Financial asset measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2021

Financial asset	財務資產	於二零二一年三月三十一日之公平值層級			
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial asset at FVTOCI (Note 22) (Note)	按公平值計入其他全面收益之 財務資產(附註22)(附註)	-	-	89	89

Fair value hierarchy as at 31 March 2020

Financial asset	財務資產	於二零二零年三月三十一日之公平值層級			
		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 2 第二級 HK\$'000 千港元	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial asset at FVTOCI (Note 22) (Note)	按公平值計入其他全面收益之 財務資產(附註22)(附註)	-	-	114	114

5. 財務工具(續)

財務工具之公平值

財務資產及財務負債之公平值按以下方式釐定：

- 具備標準條款及條件，並於交投活躍市場買賣之財務資產及財務負債(包括衍生工具)之公平值，乃分別參考市場買入及賣出報價釐定；及
- 其他財務資產及財務負債(包括衍生工具)之公平值，乃根據公認定價模式，並按折現現金流量分析，採用作為輸入之可觀察現時市場交易之價格或費率計算。就以期權為基準之衍生工具而言，公平值乃採用期權定價模式估計。

董事認為綜合財務報表所記錄之財務資產及財務負債之賬面值與其公平值相若。

於綜合財務狀況表內確認之公平值計量

以下提供初步確認後按公平值計量之財務工具分析，乃根據公平值之可觀察程度分為第一至第三級。

- 第一級公平值計量乃有相同資產或負債在活躍市場之報價(未經調整)得出；
- 第二級公平值計量由第一級所載報價以外之可觀察資產或負債數據直接(即價格)或間接(即源自價格)得出；及
- 第三級公平值計量由包括並非以可觀察市場數據(不可觀察數據)為基礎之資產或負債數據之估值技術得出。

於本年度，第一級、第二級與第三級之間並無轉撥。

按公平值計量之財務資產

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Note:

As at 31 March 2021, the fair value of financial asset at FVTOCI of approximately HK\$89,000 (2020: approximately HK\$114,000) was valued by an independent valuer, APAC Asset Valuation and Consulting Limited. The calculation was based on investment costs and including some unobservable inputs.

Below is a summary of the valuation technique used and the key inputs to the valuation of financial asset at FVTOCI:

	Valuation technique 估值技術	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察數據	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Financial asset at FVTOCI 按公平值計入其他全面收益 之財務資產	Market comparative 市場可比較值	Financial performance – Sales 財務表現—銷售	2,902	3,576
		Adjusted Profit-To-Sales ratio 經調整銷售利潤率	0.7	0.78
		Marketability discount rate 市場流通性折扣率	20.6%	25%

Sensitivity analysis

If the financial performance - sales is lower and all other variables were held constant, the fair value of the financial asset at FVTOCI would be lower.

If the adjusted profit-to-sales ratio is higher and all other variables were held constant, the fair value of the financial asset at FVTOCI would be higher.

If the marketability discount rate is higher and all other variables were held constant, the fair value of the financial asset at FVTOCI would be lower.

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial asset

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 April	於四月一日	114	1,313
Change in fair value of financial asset at FVTOCI in other comprehensive income	按公平值計入其他全面收益之 財務資產之公平值變動	(34)	(1,113)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	9	(86)
As at 31 March	於三月三十一日	89	114

Included in other comprehensive income is an amount of approximately HK\$34,000 (2020: approximately HK\$1,113,000) fair value loss relating to unlisted equity securities classified as financial asset at FVTOCI held at the end of the current reporting period and is reported as changes of "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income reserve".

5. 財務工具(續)

財務工具之公平值(續)

附註:

於二零二一年三月三十一日,按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產公平值約89,000港元(二零二零年:約114,000港元)乃由獨立估值師亞太資產評估及顧問有限公司估值。有關計算基於投資成本並包含若干不可觀察數據。

以下概述於按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產之估值中所用估值技術及主要數據:

敏感度分析

倘財務表現—銷售下跌及所有其他變量維持不變,按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產之公平值將減少。

倘經調整銷售利潤率上升及所有其他變量維持不變,按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產之公平值將增加。

倘市場流通性折扣率上升及所有其他變量維持不變,按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產之公平值將減少。

財務資產第三級公平值計量之對賬

列於其他全面收益之款項約34,000港元(二零二零年:約1,113,000港元)為與於報告期末持有並分類為按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產之非上市股本證券有關之公平值虧損,其呈列為「按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產儲備」之變動。

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5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Except as disclosed as above, the Directors consider the carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised costs in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair value.

Capital risk management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts which includes amounts due to shareholders, amounts due to non-controlling interests, lease liabilities, less cash and cash equivalents, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The Directors of the Company review the capital structure on an annual basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

The Group monitors capital using gearing ratio, which is calculated as either total borrowings divided by total capital or net borrowings divided by total capital. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

		31 March 2021 二零二一年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 March 2020 二零二零年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Total debt (i)	總債務(i)	28,612	44,024
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減：現金及現金等值項目	(14,590)	(16,201)
Net debt	淨債務	14,022	27,823
Equity (ii)	權益(ii)	70,123	61,629
Net debt to equity ratio	淨債務對權益比率	20.0%	45.1%
Total debt to equity ratio	總債務對權益比率	40.8%	71.4%

Notes:

- (i) Total debt comprise lease liabilities, amounts due to shareholders and amounts due to non-controlling interests as detailed in Notes 30, 31 and 32.
- (ii) Equity includes all capital and reserves of the Group.

附註：

- (i) 總債務包括附註30、31及32所述之租賃負債、應付股東款項及應付非控股權益款項。
- (ii) 權益包括本集團之所有資本及儲備。

5. 財務工具(續)

財務工具之公平值(續)

除上文所披露者外，董事認為於綜合財務報表按攤銷成本記賬之財務資產及財務負債之賬面值與其公平值相若。

資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本，以確保本集團之實體將可持續經營，並透過優化債務及權益結餘為利益相關者帶來最大回報。本集團之整體策略維持不變，與去年無異。

本集團之資本結構包括應付股東款項、應付非控股權益款項及租賃負債等債務，減去現金及現金等值項目，以及本公司擁有人應佔權益(包括已發行股本及儲備)。

本集團董事每年檢討資本結構。作為此檢討之一部份，本集團董事考慮資本成本及各類資本隨附之風險。

本集團採用資本負債比率監控資本，即總借貸除以總資本或淨借貸除以總資本。於報告期末之資本負債比率如下：

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided.

The Group organised into three operating divisions: unconventional gas business, commodities trading business and esmart digital services. These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its segment information.

The three operating and reportable segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

Unconventional gas business	Provision of services in connection with unconventional gas and import of technical equipment for the unconventional gas industry
Commodities trading business	Provision of agency services and commodities trading in the PRC, Hong Kong and overseas
Esmart digital services	Provision of esmart digital services in the PRC

Revenue represents the aggregate of the amounts received and receivable from third parties, income from commodities trading business and esmart digital services. Revenue recognised during the years are as following:

6. 分部資料

向主要營運決策者報告以進行資源調配及評估分部表現之資料乃集中於所交付或提供之貨品或服務之類別。

本集團分為三個經營分部：非常規天然氣業務、商品貿易業務及智能數據服務。該等分部為本集團呈報其分部資料之基準。

根據香港財務報告準則第8號，三個經營及可申報分部如下：

非常規天然氣業務	從事提供與非常規天然氣相關服務及非常規天然氣行業輸入技術設備
商品貿易業務	於中國、香港及海外提供中介服務與商品貿易
智能數據服務	於中國提供智能數據服務

收益指已向及應向第三方收取之款項總額，有關收入來自商品貿易業務及智能數據服務。年內確認之收益如下：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收入細分		
Recognised at a point in time	於單一時間點確認		
Commodities sales	商品銷售	276,040	54,544
Service fee	服務費	-	245
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收入總額	276,040	54,789

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segment:

2021

		Unconventional gas business 非常規 天然氣業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Commodities trading business 商品貿易業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Esmart digital services 智能 數據服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover	營業額				
Turnover from external customers	來自外界客戶之營業額	-	276,040	-	276,040
Result	業績				
Segment (loss)/profit	分部(虧損)/溢利	(940)	1,061	(7,838)	(7,717)
Unallocated other income	未分配其他收入				3,414
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配企業支出				(17,944)
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項				(4,957)
Finance costs	融資成本				(1,727)
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損				(28,931)
Taxation	稅項				(1,713)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損				(30,644)

6. 分部資料(續)

分部收入及業績

本集團收入及業績按可申報分部劃分之分析如下：

二零二一年

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment revenue and results (continued)

2020

		Unconventional gas business 非常規 天然氣業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Commodities trading business 商品貿易業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Esmart digital services 智能 數據服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover	營業額				
Turnover from external customers	來自外界客戶之營業額	-	54,536	253	54,789
Result	業績				
Segment loss	分部虧損	(9,751)	(11,765)	(42,622)	(64,138)
Unallocated other income	未分配其他收入				2,107
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配企業支出				(32,577)
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項				(763)
Finance costs	融資成本				(570)
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損				(95,941)
Taxation	稅項				(4)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損				(95,945)

Turnover reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales during the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 3. Segment results represent the loss from each segment without allocation of certain other income, equity-settled share-based payment, corporate expenses, finance costs and taxation. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

6. 分部資料(續)

分部收入及業績(續)

二零二零年

		Unconventional gas business 非常規 天然氣業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Commodities trading business 商品貿易業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Esmart digital services 智能 數據服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover	營業額				
Turnover from external customers	來自外界客戶之營業額	-	54,536	253	54,789
Result	業績				
Segment loss	分部虧損	(9,751)	(11,765)	(42,622)	(64,138)
Unallocated other income	未分配其他收入				2,107
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配企業支出				(32,577)
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項				(763)
Finance costs	融資成本				(570)
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損				(95,941)
Taxation	稅項				(4)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損				(95,945)

上文所呈報之營業額指來自外界客戶之收益。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內並無內部銷售(二零二零年：無)。

可申報分部之會計政策與本集團附註3所述之會計政策相同。分部業績指未分配若干其他收入、以權益結算並以股份支付之款項、企業開支、融資成本及稅項之前各分部產生之虧損。此為向主要經營決策者報告以分配資源及評估分部表現之方法。

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued) Segment assets and liabilities

6. 分部資料(續) 分部資產及負債

		Unconventional gas business 非常規 天然氣業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Commodities trading business 商品貿易業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Esmart digital services 智能 數據服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日				
Segment assets	分部資產	4,067	75,079	11,807	90,953
Segment liabilities	分部負債	108	6,404	10,114	16,626
		Unconventional gas business 非常規 天然氣業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Commodities trading business 商品貿易業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Esmart digital services 智能 數據服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日				
Segment assets	分部資產	4,482	83,636	16,836	104,954
Segment liabilities	分部負債	518	7,455	9,369	17,342

Reconciliation of reportable segment assets and liabilities:

可申報分部資產與負債對賬：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets	資產		
Total assets of reportable segments	可申報分部之資產總值	90,953	104,954
Unallocated and other corporate assets:	未分配及其他企業資產：		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	2,101	2,627
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	2,449	310
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	按金、預付款項及其他應收款項	23,215	21,887
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	4,834	5,012
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總值	123,552	134,790
Liabilities	負債		
Total liabilities of reportable segments	可申報分部之負債總值	16,626	17,342
Unallocated and other corporate liabilities:	未分配及其他企業負債：		
Accrued liabilities and other payables	累計負債及其他應付款項	9,958	11,795
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3,164	3,019
Amounts due to shareholders	應付股東款項	14,500	31,960
Amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控股權益款項	9,181	9,045
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總值	53,429	73,161

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment assets and liabilities (continued)

For the purpose of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than unallocated corporate assets (mainly comprising certain property, plant and equipment, certain right-of-use assets, certain deposits, prepayments and other receivables and certain cash and cash equivalents); and
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than unallocated corporate liabilities (mainly comprising certain accrued liabilities and other payables, certain lease liabilities, amounts due to shareholders and amounts due to non-controlling interests).

Other segment information

For the year ended 31 March 2021

	Unconventional gas business 非常規天然氣業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Commodities trading business 商品貿易業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Esmart digital services 智能數據服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	-	696	2,400	527	3,623
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	-	906	69	1,010	1,985
Written-off obsolete and slow-moving inventories	-	213	-	-	213
Written-off of other receivables	667	2,749	-	-	3,416
Written-off of prepayments	529	-	-	-	529
Loss of disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	-	2	-	2
Loss on written-off of property, plant and equipment	-	-	1,026	-	1,026
Gain on disposal of an associate	-	-	-	(336)	(336)
Gain on waiver of other payables	-	(1,320)	-	-	(1,320)
Loss from scrap materials sold	-	-	(1,471)	-	(1,471)
Net allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables	(377)	271	319	601	814
Additions to non-current assets*	-	106	-	-	106

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度

For the year ended 31 March 2020

	Unconventional gas business 非常規天然氣業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Commodities trading business 商品貿易業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Esmart digital services 智能數據服務 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	886	1,362	3,725	533	6,506
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	-	1,972	270	932	3,174
Additions to non-current assets*	-	32	10	21	63
Impairment loss on goodwill	-	-	18,320	-	18,320
Write-down of inventories	-	-	7,108	-	7,108
Written-off of obsolete and slow-moving inventories	-	836	-	-	836
Loss of disposal of property, plant and equipment	2,368	-	25	-	2,393
Net allowance for expected credit losses on trade and other receivables	377	3,209	792	4,468	8,846

* Additions to non-current assets excluding goodwill, interests in associates, right-of-use assets, and financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income.

* 非流動資產之增加不包括商譽、於聯營公司之權益、使用權資產以及按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產。

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Geographical information

The Company is domiciled in Hong Kong. The Group's operations are mainly located in the PRC and Hong Kong. The following analysis of the Group's turnover by geographical area is disclosed for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
The PRC	中國	264,930	14,388
Hong Kong	香港	10,438	40,401
Overseas	海外	672	-
		276,040	54,789

The following is an analysis of the carrying amount of non-current assets (excluding financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income) analysed by the geographical area in which the assets are located:

		Carrying amount of non-current assets 非流動資產之賬面值	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
The PRC	中國	1,794	5,236
Hong Kong	香港	7,796	6,669
Overseas	海外	5,533	5,727
		15,123	17,632

6. 分部資料(續)

地區資料

本公司主要營業地點位於香港。本集團之業務主要位於中國及香港。截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度，本集團營業額按地區所作之分析披露如下：

下表為非流動資產(不包括按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產)按資產所在地劃分之地區分析：

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Information about major customers

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group's largest one customer (2020: three) contributed revenue from commodities trading business of approximately HK\$91,336,000 (2020: approximately HK\$49,595,000), which represent approximately 33.1% (2020: approximately 90.5%) of total turnover.

6. 分部資料(續)

有關主要客戶之資料

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團最大一名(二零二零年：三名)客戶貢獻來自商品貿易業務之收入約91,336,000港元(二零二零年：約49,595,000港元)，佔總營業額約33.1%(二零二零年：約90.5%)。

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer A (Note (i))	客戶甲(附註(i))	91,336	-
Customer B (Note (i))	客戶乙(附註(i))	-	34,074
Customer C (Note (i))	客戶丙(附註(i))	-	9,194
Customer D (Note (i))	客戶丁(附註(i))	-	6,327

Notes:

* The customer contribution less than 10% of total revenue of the Group.

(i) Revenue generated from commodities trading business

附註：

* 有關客戶之貢獻佔本集團總收入少於10%。

(i) 來自商品貿易業務之收入

7. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER LOSSES - NET

7. 其他收入及其他虧損－淨額

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other income	其他收入		
Interest income on:	利息收入：		
Bank deposits	銀行存款	30	15
Other receivables	其他應收款項	2,616	3,573
		2,646	3,588
Government grant (Note)	政府補助(附註)	483	-
Forfeiture of trade deposits from customer	沒收客戶貿易按金	209	-
Sundry income	雜項收入	661	544
		3,999	4,132
Other losses - net	其他虧損－淨額		
Net exchange losses	匯兌虧損淨額	(183)	(39)
Written-off of other receivables	撇銷其他應收款項	(3,416)	-
Written-off of prepayments	撇銷預付款項	(529)	-
Write-down of inventories	撇減存貨	-	(7,108)
Written-off of obsolete and slow-moving inventories	撇銷陳舊及積壓存貨	(213)	(836)
Gain on disposal of associates	出售聯營公司之收益	336	-
Gain on waiver of other payables	豁免其他應付款項之收益	1,320	-
COVID-19-related rent concession	COVID-19相關租金減免	488	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之虧損	(2)	(2,393)
Loss on written-off of property, plant and equipment	撇銷物業、廠房及設備之虧損	(1,026)	-
Loss from scrap materials sold	出售廢料之虧損	(1,471)	-
		(4,696)	(10,376)

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7. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER LOSSES – NET (continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group recognised government grant of approximately HK\$483,000 (2020: Nil) in respect of COVID-19-related subsidies which is related to Employment Support Scheme provided by the Hong Kong government.

7. 其他收入及其他虧損－淨額（續）

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團就香港政府提供之保就業計劃所涉及之COVID-19相關補貼確認政府補助約483,000港元（二零二零年：無）。

8. LOSS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

8. 經營業務虧損

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
The Group's loss from operating activities is arrived at after charging/(crediting): 本集團經營業務虧損已扣除／（計入）：			
Cost of inventory sold	已售存貨成本	266,582	54,142
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	3,623	6,506
Depreciation of right-of-use-assets	使用權資產之折舊	1,985	3,174
Net allowance for expected credit losses	預期信貸虧損撥備淨額		
– allowance for expected credit losses on trade receivables	– 貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備	3,925	1,696
– allowance for expected credit losses on other receivables	– 其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備	601	7,585
– reversal of allowance for expected credit losses on trade receivables	– 貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備撥回	(312)	(192)
– reversal of allowance for expected credit losses on other receivables	– 其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備撥回	(3,400)	(243)
		814	8,846
Staff costs (including directors' remuneration (Note 10))	員工成本（包括董事酬金）（附註10）		
– wages and salaries	– 工資及薪金	13,494	29,445
– equity-settled share-based payment	– 以權益結算並以股份支付	4,957	763
– retirement benefits scheme contributions	– 退休福利計劃供款	580	1,614
		19,031	31,822
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		
– audit services	– 核數服務	700	700
Expenses relating to short-term lease	與短期租約有關之開支	551	150
Loss on lease termination	終止租賃之虧損	-	210

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9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 融資成本

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interests on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息	339	390
Imputed interests on amounts due to shareholders	應付股東款項之推算利息	1,043	-
Imputed interests on amounts due to non-controlling interests	應付非控股權益款項之推算利息	345	-
Interests on amounts due to shareholders	應付股東款項之利息	-	50
Interests on other borrowings	其他借貸之利息	-	128
Interests on bank borrowings	銀行借貸之利息	-	2
		1,727	570

10. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules and Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

10. 董事酬金

根據上市規則及香港公司條例之規定而須披露截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之董事酬金如下：

Name of director 董事姓名	Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Basic salaries 基本薪金 HK\$'000 千港元	Other allowances 其他津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity-settled share-based payment 以權益結算並以股份支付之款項 HK\$'000 千港元	MPF contributions 強積金供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
2021:						
Executive directors						
Mr. Zhang Xiaobin (Chairman)	-	3,600	-	663	-	4,263
Mr. Gao Feng (Vice-Chairman)	-	1,560	56	663	18	2,297
Mr. Chiu Sui Keung (Chief Executive Officer)	-	1,200	-	663	18	1,881
Mr. Sun Qiang (Chief Technology Officer) (Resigned on 24 March 2021)	-	490	-	66	-	556
Independent non-executive directors						
Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond	120	-	-	66	-	186
Mr. Lam Williamson	120	-	-	66	-	186
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen	120	-	-	66	-	186
Dr. Lam Lee G.	120	-	-	66	-	186
	480	6,850	56	2,319	36	9,741

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

10. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

10. 董事酬金 (續)

Name of director 董事姓名	Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Basic salaries 基本薪金 HK\$'000 千港元	Other allowances 其他津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	Equity-settled share-based payment 以權益結算並以股份支付之款項 HK\$'000 千港元	MPF contributions 強積金供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
2020						
Executive directors 執行董事						
Mr. Zhang Xiaobin (Chairman) 張曉彬先生(主席)	-	6,600	63	104	-	6,767
Mr. Gao Feng (Vice-Chairman) 高峰先生(副主席)	-	2,860	50	104	18	3,032
Mr. Chiu Sui Keung (Chief Executive Officer) 趙瑞強先生(行政總裁)	-	1,480	-	104	18	1,602
Mr. Sun Qiang (Chief Technology Officer) 孫強先生(首席技術官)	-	1,354	-	10	-	1,364
Non-executive directors 非執行董事						
Mr. Zhang Yichun (Vice-Chairman) (Resigned on 29 February 2020) 張一春先生(副主席) (於二零二零年 二月二十九日辭任)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ms. Xu Ying (Resigned on 1 March 2020) 徐英女士(於二零二零年 三月一日辭任)	-	800	-	-	-	800
Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond 鄭永強先生	220	-	-	10	-	230
Mr. Lam Williamson 林全智先生	220	-	-	10	-	230
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen 黃海權先生	220	-	-	10	-	230
Dr. Lam Lee G. 林家禮博士	220	-	-	10	-	230
	880	13,094	113	362	36	14,485

Note: Mr. Zhang Yichun and Ms. Xu Ying resigned as non-executive directors with effect from 29 February 2020 and 1 March 2020 respectively due to their decision to devote more time to their other business commitments.

附註：由於張一春先生及徐英女士決定投入更多時間處理其他商業事務，故彼等分別自二零二零年二月二十九日及二零二零年三月一日起辭任非執行董事職務。

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內並無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金之安排。

During the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office. None of the directors has waived any emoluments during the year (2020: Nil).

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內，本集團並無為吸引加盟或於加盟本集團時，或作為離職補償向董事支付酬金。年內並無董事放棄任何酬金(二零二零年：無)。

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11. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included three (2020: four) directors. Details of whose remuneration are set out in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the details of the remuneration of the remaining two (2020: one) highest paid employee who is non-director is as follows:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Basic salaries and allowances	基本薪金及津貼	1,440	820
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項	655	29
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	36	18
		2,131	867

The number of the highest paid employee who are not directors of the Company whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

		Number of employees	
		僱員人數	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零港元至1,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,000港元至1,500,000港元	1	-

During the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, no emoluments were paid by the Group to the non-directors, highest paid employees as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

11. 五名最高薪僱員

年內五名最高薪僱員包括三名(二零二零年:四名)董事,其酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表附註10內。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,餘下兩名(二零二零年:一名)非董事最高薪僱員之酬金詳情如下:

酬金介乎以下金額範圍之非本公司董事最高薪僱員之人數如下:

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團並無為吸引加盟或於加盟本集團時,或作為離職補償向非董事最高薪僱員支付酬金。

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12. TAXATION

12. 稅項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax	本期稅項		
– Hong Kong	– 香港	–	–
– PRC	– 中國	1,713	–
		1,713	–
Under-provision in prior years	往年撥備不足		
– Hong Kong	– 香港	–	4
		1,713	4

On 21 March 2018, the Hong Kong Legislative Council passed the Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No.7) Bill 2017 (the “Bill”) which introduces the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The Bill was signed into law on 28 March 2018 and was gazetted on the following day. Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits of qualifying corporations will be taxed at 8.25%, and assessable profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The assessable profits of corporation not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%. The two-tiered profits tax rates regime is applicable to the Group for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

The Directors considered the amount involved upon implementation of the two-tiered profits tax rates regime as insignificant to the consolidated financial statements.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the “EIT Law”) and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% from 1 January 2008 onwards.

Taxation in other jurisdictions are calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions. No provision has been made as the Group had no assessable profit for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

於二零一八年三月二十一日，香港立法會通過《2017年稅務(修訂)(第7號)條例草案》(「條例草案」)，引入兩級利得稅稅率制度。條例草案於二零一八年三月二十八日獲簽署成為法律，並於翌日刊憲。根據兩級利得稅稅率制度，合資格集團實體首2,000,000港元之應課稅溢利將會按8.25%徵稅，而超過2,000,000港元之應課稅溢利則會按16.5%徵稅。不符合兩級利得稅稅率制度之公司之應課稅溢利將繼續劃一按16.5%徵稅。兩級利得稅稅率制度乃於截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度對本集團適用。

董事認為，實行兩級利得稅稅率制度後之所涉金額對綜合財務報表而言並不重大。

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及企業所得稅法之實施細則，自二零零八年一月一日起，中國附屬公司之稅率為25%。

其他司法權區之稅項按相關司法權區之當前稅率計算。由於本集團於截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度並無產生應課稅溢利，故並無作出撥備。

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12. TAXATION (continued)

The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the loss before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(28,931)	(95,941)
Notional tax on loss before taxation, calculated at rates applicable to loss in the tax jurisdiction concerned	按所屬稅務司法權區適用虧損稅率計算之除稅前虧損之名義稅項	(5,113)	(19,757)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣減開支之稅務影響	4,107	9,352
Tax effect of non-taxable income	毋須課稅收入之稅務影響	(1,340)	(39)
Tax effect of taxable temporary difference	應課稅暫時差額之稅務影響	17	81
Tax effect of unrecognised tax losses	未確認稅項虧損之稅務影響	4,042	10,363
Under-provision in prior years	往年撥備不足	-	4
Tax charge at the Group's effective rate for the year	按本集團於本年度之實際稅率計算之稅項開支	1,713	4

12. 稅項 (續)

本年度稅項開支可於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內與除稅前虧損對賬如下：

13. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

At 31 March 2021, the Group had unused estimated tax losses of approximately HK\$352,603,000 (2020: approximately HK\$333,587,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$84,909,000 (2020: approximately HK\$79,693,000) arising from the PRC which may be carried forward for five years while other losses of approximately HK\$267,694,000 (2020: approximately HK\$253,894,000) can be carried forward indefinitely.

13. 遞延稅項資產

於二零二一年三月三十一日，本集團有為數約352,603,000港元（二零二零年：約333,587,000港元）之未動用估計稅項虧損可用以抵銷未來溢利。由於無法預料未來之溢利來源，故並未確認遞延稅項資產。自中國產生之虧損約84,909,000港元（二零二零年：約79,693,000港元）乃計入未確認稅項虧損，並可承前結轉五年，而其他虧損約267,694,000港元（二零二零年：約253,894,000港元）可無限期承前結轉。

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14. DIVIDENDS

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

15. LOSS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

(a) Basic

The calculation of basic loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on following data:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司擁有人應佔本年度虧損(千港元)	(26,403)	(76,932)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	已發行普通股之加權平均數(千股)	2,998,548	2,910,349
Basic and diluted loss per share (HK cents per share)	每股基本及攤薄虧損(每股港仙)	(0.9)	(2.6)

(b) Diluted

The basic and diluted loss per share are the same for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020. The calculation of the diluted loss per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's share options because the exercise price of those share options was higher than the average market price for the shares for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020.

14. 股息

本公司董事不建議就截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度派付任何股息(二零二零年:無)。

15. 本公司擁有人應佔每股虧損

(a) 基本

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損乃按以下數據計算:

	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	(26,403)	(76,932)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	2,998,548	2,910,349
Basic and diluted loss per share (HK cents per share)	(0.9)	(2.6)

(b) 攤薄

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之每股基本及攤薄虧損與截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度相同。每股攤薄虧損之計算方式並無假設本公司購股權獲行使，原因是該等購股權之行使價高於股份於截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之平均市價。

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16. 物業、廠房及設備

		Freehold land 永久業權土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Building 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and equipment 機器及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvement 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and equipment 傢俬及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Fixtures and fittings 裝置及配件 HK\$'000 千港元	Computer equipment 電腦設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost:	成本值：									
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	1,513	4,346	30,931	7,878	3,142	1,011	1,944	1,910	52,675
Additions	增添	-	-	-	32	2	-	29	-	63
Written off	撇銷	-	-	-	-	(25)	-	(27)	-	(52)
Disposal	出售	-	-	(22,888)	-	(1)	(29)	(152)	(619)	(23,689)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	-	(1,431)	(340)	(137)	(55)	(77)	(65)	(2,105)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日	1,513	4,346	6,612	7,570	2,981	927	1,717	1,226	26,892
Additions	增添	-	-	-	-	65	-	41	-	106
Written off	撇銷	-	-	-	(3,607)	-	-	-	-	(3,607)
Disposal	出售	-	-	-	-	-	(2)	(13)	-	(15)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	-	549	282	161	64	84	46	1,186
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	1,513	4,346	7,161	4,245	3,207	989	1,829	1,272	24,562
Accumulated depreciation and impairment:	累計折舊及減值：									
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	-	264	23,316	2,001	1,129	352	952	856	28,870
Charge for during the year	年內開支	-	111	3,256	1,829	563	176	303	268	6,506
Written off	撇銷	-	-	-	-	(25)	-	(27)	-	(52)
Disposal	出售	-	-	(20,023)	-	-	(14)	(77)	(229)	(20,343)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	-	(1,092)	(149)	(55)	(24)	(35)	(21)	(1,376)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日	-	375	5,457	3,681	1,612	490	1,116	874	13,605
Charge for during the year	年內開支	-	111	1,210	1,121	573	170	252	186	3,623
Written off	撇銷	-	-	-	(2,581)	-	-	-	-	(2,581)
Disposal	出售	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(7)	-	(8)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	-	-	494	196	97	40	55	26	908
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	-	486	7,161	2,417	2,282	699	1,416	1,086	15,547
Net book value:	賬面淨值：									
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	1,513	3,860	-	1,828	925	290	413	186	9,015
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	1,513	3,971	1,155	3,889	1,369	437	601	352	13,287

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account of their residual value, on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Building	樓宇	2.5%
Plant and equipment	物業及設備	20%
Leasehold improvement	租賃物業裝修	10%
Furniture and equipment	傢俬及設備	20-33.3%
Fixtures and fittings	裝置及配件	20-33.3%
Computer equipment	電腦設備	20%
Motor vehicles	汽車	10%

Impairment loss assessment

As a result of the poor performance the Group's commodities trading business, unconventional gas business and Esmart digital services for the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets for impairment assessment from the valuation performed by an independent professional valuer. The recoverable amount was calculated based on fair value less costs of disposal as the management considered that the calculation based on fair value less costs of disposal would be higher than the amount estimated by using value-in-use method.

As a result of the poor performance of commodities trading business and esmart digital services for the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group considered there was an indication that the property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (the "Tested Assets") were impaired. The Group carried out impairment testing on the Tested Assets using value-in-use method and the results were satisfied. No impairment loss were recognised in regards to the Tested Assets for the year ended 31 March 2020.

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group has not recognised impairment loss on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (2020: Nil) in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

16. 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

上述物業、廠房及設備項目均按其估計可使用年期並計入其估計餘值後以直線法折舊，所用年利率如下：

減值虧損評估

由於本集團之商品貿易業務、非常規天然氣業務及智能數據服務於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度表現不振，本集團參照獨立專業估值師所進行之估值，對物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之可收回金額進行檢討，以便進行減值評估。由於管理層認為按公平值減出售成本計算之可收回金額將高於採用在用價值法所估計者，故可收回金額乃按公平值減出售成本計算。

由於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度商品貿易業務及智能數據服務表現不振，本集團認為，物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產（「經測試資產」）已出現減值。本集團採用在用價值法對經測試資產進行減值測試，並信納有關結果。於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度未有就經測試資產確認減值虧損。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本集團並無於綜合損益及其他全面收益表確認物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之減值虧損（二零二零年：無）。

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17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

17. 使用權資產

		Leased office premises 租用寫字樓 HK\$'000 千港元	Leased motor vehicles 租用汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost	成本			
Adjustment upon application of HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日應用香港財務報告準則第16號後作出之調整	3,957	4,849	8,806
Lease termination	租約終止	(980)	-	(980)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(153)	-	(153)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及二零二零年四月一日	2,824	4,849	7,673
Additions	增添	3,690	-	3,690
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	180	-	180
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	6,694	4,849	11,543
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊			
Adjustment upon application of HKFRS 16 at 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日應用香港財務報告準則第16號後作出之調整	-	646	646
Charge for the year	年內開支	2,689	485	3,174
Lease termination	租約終止	(457)	-	(457)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(35)	-	(35)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及二零二零年四月一日	2,197	1,131	3,328
Charge for the year	年內開支	1,500	485	1,985
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	122	-	122
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	3,819	1,616	5,435
Carrying amounts:	賬面值			
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	2,875	3,233	6,108
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	627	3,718	4,345

The lease terms of the Group's office premises and motor vehicles range from 1 to 10 years for the year ended 31 March 2021 and their useful lives are as follows:

Leased office premises	1 to 2 years
Leased motor vehicles	10 years

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度本集團寫字樓及汽車之租期為1至10年，其可使用年期如下：

租用寫字樓	1至2年
租用汽車	10年

Lease liabilities of HK\$4,931,000 are recognised with related right-of-use assets of HK\$6,108,000 as at 31 March 2021. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor.

於二零二一年三月三十一日，4,931,000港元之租賃負債與相關使用權資產6,108,000港元一併確認。除出租人持有之租賃資產中之抵押權益外，租賃協議並不施加任何契諾。

Details of total cash outflow of leases is set out in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

有關租約產生之現金流出總額詳情載於綜合現金流量表。

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

- (a) General informations of subsidiaries
Details of the Group's material subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are set out below:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立及經營地點	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Nominal value of issued share capital/ paid up capital 已發行股本/已繳足股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company and proportion of voting power held 本公司應佔權益百分比及所持投票權比例		Principal activities 主要業務
				Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Sino Talent Holdings Limited 新圖集團有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Operation company 營運公司
Profull Int'l Holdings Limited 保富國際控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Twinkle Win Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Multi Century Technology Development Limited 創紀科技發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	HK\$490 490港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
北京創紀傑仕科技有限公司(ii) (Formerly named 前稱 創紀傑仕能源科技有限公司)	The PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB15,000,000 人民幣15,000,000元	-	100	Provision of services in connection with unconventional gas and import of technical equipment for the unconventional gas industry 從事提供與非常規天然氣相關服務及非常規天然氣行業輸入技術設備
Zhan Sheng Investments Limited 展昇投資有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$10,000 10,000美元	70.97	-	Investment holding 投資控股
World Grace Enterprises Limited 世悅企業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Trading of commodities 商品貿易
Miles Trading Investment Limited 萬里貿易投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	HK\$100 100港元	-	100	Trading of commodities 商品貿易
珠海鐵港商貿有限公司(ii)	The PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	US\$151,611 151,611美元	-	100	Provision of agency services and trading of commodities in the PRC 於中國提供中介服務及商品貿易
Amber Century Limited 琥珀世紀有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$1,000 1,000美元	51	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Power Bright Global Limited 威明環球有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$1,000 1,000美元	-	51	Investment holding 投資控股
Elife Capital Limited 易生活資本有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Shenzhen Aishang e-buy Technology Co., Ltd. 深圳市愛尚易購科技有限公司(ii)	The PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB726,348 人民幣726,348元	-	100	Trading of licensed brands watches 特許品牌手錶貿易

18. 於附屬公司之權益

- (a) 附屬公司之一般資料
於報告期末，本集團之重要附屬公司之詳情載列如下：

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(a) General informations of subsidiaries (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and operations 註冊成立及經營地點	Form of business structure 業務架構形式	Nominal value of issued share capital/ paid up capital/ 已發行股本/已繳足股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company and proportion of voting power held 本公司應佔權益百分比及所持投票權比例		Principal activities 主要業務
				Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Elife Investment Holdings Limited 易生活投資控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
National Gain Holdings Limited 惠民控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Hui Min International (HK) Limited 惠民國際(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Elife International Trading Limited 易生活國際貿易有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Trading of commodities 商品貿易
中農信供應鏈管理有限公司(ii)	The PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB49,999,999 人民幣49,999,999元	-	100	Trading of commodities 商品貿易
珠海易鐵轨道交通管理有限公司(iii)	The PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB10,640,160 人民幣10,640,160元	-	100	Trading of commodities 商品貿易
Elife (North America) Limited	The United States 美國	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Trading of commodities 商品貿易
Admiral Glory Global Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$1,000 1,000美元	51.2	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Sunfield Global Investments Limited 新輝環球投資有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$100 100美元	-	51	Investment holding 投資控股
Esmart Holdings Limited 惠付通控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Limited liability company 有限公司	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
珠海惠付通科技有限公司(iii)	The PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB31,887,168 人民幣31,887,168元	-	100	Provision of esmart digital services 提供智能數據服務
Century Smart Group Limited (iii)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$100 100美元	51	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Smart Challenger Global Limited (iii)	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Limited liability company 有限公司	US\$100 100美元	-	51	Investment holding 投資控股
易安生國際貿易(揚州)有限公司(ii)	The PRC 中國	Limited liability company 有限責任公司	RMB989,913 人民幣989,913元	-	100	Trading of daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products 日用清潔及防疫用品貿易

Notes:

- (i) The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Group, which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive lengths.
- (ii) These companies are wholly-foreign owned enterprises in the PRC.
- (iii) Incorporated during the year.

18. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

(a) 附屬公司之一般資料(續)

附註:

- (i) 上表所列出本集團之附屬公司，乃董事認為特別對本集團之業績或資產有影響者。董事認為，列出其他附屬公司之詳情，會令資料過份冗長。
- (ii) 該等公司為中國之外商獨資企業。
- (iii) 於本年度註冊成立。

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

- (b) Details of non-wholly owned subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests:

The table below shows details of the non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Group that have material non-controlling interests:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and principal place of business 註冊成立地點及 主要營業地點	Proportion of ownership interests and voting rights held by non-controlling interests 非控股權益所持有 之所有權權益及 投票權之比例		Loss allocated to non-controlling interests 分配予 非控股權益 之虧損		Accumulated non-controlling interests 累計 非控股權益	
		2021 二零二一年 %	2020 二零二零年 %	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hubei Tiegang 湖北鐵港	The PRC 中國	-	22.5	-	(1)	-	2,383
Sunfield Global*	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	49.0	49.0	(4,440)	(12,314)	(43,214)	(39,134)
Individually immaterial subsidiaries with non-controlling interests 於當中擁有非控股權益之個別非重大附屬公司						(22,405)	(25,200)
						(65,619)	(61,951)

* An non-wholly owned subsidiary of Admiral Glory

Summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations.

18. 於附屬公司之權益 (續)

- (b) 於當中擁有重大非控股權益之非全資附屬公司之詳情：

下表顯示於當中擁有重大非控股權益之本集團非全資附屬公司之詳情：

* Admiral Glory之非全資附屬公司

有關各有重大非控股權益之非全資附屬公司之財務資料概要載列如下。以下財務資料概要指於集團內公司間撇銷前之金額。

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

- (b) Details of non-wholly owned subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests: (continued)

Hubei Tiegang
湖北鐵港

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	10,681
Non-current assets	非流動資產	-
Current liabilities	流動負債	(90)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	-
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	8,208
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	2,383
Revenue	收入	-
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(3)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔虧損	(2)
Loss attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔虧損	(1)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(3)
Other comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔其他全面虧損	(580)
Other comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔其他全面虧損	(168)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	本年度其他全面虧損	(748)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔全面虧損總額	(582)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔全面虧損總額	(169)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	(751)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	已付非控股權益之股息	-
Net cash inflow from operating activities	經營業務之現金流入淨額	10,650
Net cash inflow from investing activities	投資活動之現金流入淨額	-
Net cash outflow from financing activities	融資活動之現金流出淨額	(9,901)
Net cash inflow	現金流入淨額	749

18. 於附屬公司之權益 (續)

- (b) 有重大非控股權益之非全資附屬公司之詳情：(續)

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18. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

- (b) Details of non-wholly owned subsidiary that has material non-controlling interests: (continued)

Sunfield Global

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	12,577	13,130
Non-current assets	非流動資產	807	4,119
Current liabilities	流動負債	(58,984)	(48,076)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(42,592)	(49,040)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔權益	(44,978)	(40,733)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(43,214)	(39,134)
Revenue	收入	-	253
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(9,061)	(25,131)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔虧損	(4,621)	(12,817)
Loss attributable to owners of non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔虧損	(4,440)	(12,314)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(9,061)	(25,131)
Other comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔其他全面收益	374	(446)
Other comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔其他全面收益	360	(429)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	本年度其他全面收益/(虧損)	734	(875)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔全面虧損總額	(4,247)	(13,263)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益應佔全面虧損總額	(4,080)	(12,743)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	(8,327)	(26,006)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	經營業務之現金流入/(流出)淨額	4,165	(16,229)
Net cash inflow from investing activities	投資活動之現金流入淨額	-	446
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from financing activities	融資活動之現金(流出)/流入淨額	(4,759)	16,043
Net cash (outflow)/inflow	現金(流出)/流入淨額	(594)	260

18. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

- (b) 有重大非控股權益之非全資附屬公司之詳情：(續)

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19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

Details of the Group's interest(s) in an associate(s) is as follows:

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investment in associates – Unlisted	於聯營公司之投資成本 – 非上市	46,568
Less: Accumulated impairment loss on interests in associates	減：於聯營公司之權益之累計減值虧損	(19,194)
		27,374
Share of post-acquisition loss and other comprehensive loss	分佔收購後虧損及其他全面虧損	(27,374)

Details of the Group's associates for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

19. 於聯營公司之權益

本集團於聯營公司之權益之詳情如下：

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of investment in associates – Unlisted	於聯營公司之投資成本 – 非上市	46,568
Less: Accumulated impairment loss on interests in associates	減：於聯營公司之權益之累計減值虧損	(19,194)
		27,374
Share of post-acquisition loss and other comprehensive loss	分佔收購後虧損及其他全面虧損	(27,374)

Details of the Group's associates for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 are as follows: 截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度，本集團之聯營公司詳情如下：

Name 姓名	Form of entity 實體形式	Place of incorporation 註冊成立地點	Principal place of operation 主要營業地點	Class of shares held 所持股份類別	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by the Group 本集團所持有之所有權 及投票權比例	Principal activities 主要業務
Wisdom Orchid Limited ("Wisdom Orchid") (Note (i)) 智蘭有限公司(「智蘭」) (附註(i))	Incorporated 註冊成立	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	The PRC 中國	Ordinary 普通股	N/A 不適用 (2020: 40%) (二零二零年: 40%)	Investment holding 投資控股

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19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

Notes:

- (i) The Group holds 40% equity interest in Wisdom Orchid and possesses the right of participation in policy-making processes, including participation in decisions about dividends or other distributions. Therefore, the directors of the Company consider that the Group had significant influence over Wisdom Orchid.

Wisdom Orchid's principal assets is the entire equity interest in Wisdom Mega Inc Limited and Qinglong Manchu Autonomous County Shuangxin Mining Co., Ltd. ("Shuangxin Mining") (collectively referred to as "Wisdom Mega Group"). Wisdom Mega Group's are principally engaged in extraction of iron ores, production and sales of iron ore concentrates.

On 2 March 2021, the Group disposed all equity interest in Wisdom Orchid at a cash consideration of HK\$336,000, resulting in a gain on disposal of approximately HK\$336,000. The disposal was completed on 2 March 2021. Upon completion of the disposal, Wisdom Orchid ceased to be classified as an associate.

19. 於聯營公司之權益 (續)

附註：

- (i) 本集團持有智蘭40%股權及擁有參與決策之權利，包括參與有關股息或其他分派之決定。因此，本公司董事認為，本集團對智蘭擁有重大影響力。

智蘭之主要資產為於智昭有限公司及青龍滿族自治縣雙信礦業有限公司(「雙信」)(統稱為「智昭集團」)之全部股權。智昭集團主要從事鐵礦石提煉、生產及銷售鐵精礦。

於二零二一年三月二日，本集團以現金代價336,000港元出售智蘭全部股權，就此確認出售之收益約336,000港元。有關出售於二零二一年三月二日完成。出售完成後，智蘭不再分類為聯營公司。

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19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates are set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associate's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

The associates are accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

Wisdom Orchid 智蘭

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	435
Non-current assets	非流動資產	7,662
Current liabilities	流動負債	(9,752)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(27)
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(1,682)
Revenue	收入	-
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(611)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	本年度其他全面虧損	(184)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	(795)
Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in an associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:	上述財務資料概要與已於綜合財務報表內確認之於聯營公司之權益之賬面值之對賬：	
Net liabilities of the associate	聯營公司之負債淨額	(1,682)
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Wisdom Orchid	本集團於智蘭之所有權權益比例	40%
Effect of fair value adjustment at acquisition (Note (i))	於收購時公平值調整之影響 (附註(i))	44,175
Accumulated impairment loss on interest in associate (Note (ii))	於聯營公司之權益之累計減值虧損 (附註(ii))	(19,194)
Other adjustments	其他調整	(37,666)
Goodwill	商譽	12,685
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Wisdom Orchid	本集團於智蘭之權益之賬面值	-

Notes:

- (i) The fair value of the net assets of associate at the date of acquisition were determined by the directors of the Company with reference to the valuation performed by Roma Appraisals Limited, an independent firm of professional valuers.
- (ii) The Group completed its annual impairment test for interests in Wisdom Orchid by comparing the recoverable amount of interests in associate to its carrying amount as at 31 March 2020. The carrying amount of Wisdom Orchid was HK\$Nil as at 31 March 2020. No further profits and losses shared by Wisdom Orchid to the Group during the year ended 31 March 2020.

19. 於聯營公司之權益 (續)

有關本集團聯營公司之財務資料概要載列如下。以下財務資料概要指根據香港財務報告準則編製之聯營公司財務報表所示之金額。

聯營公司於綜合財務報表中採用權益法入賬。

		2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	435
Non-current assets	非流動資產	7,662
Current liabilities	流動負債	(9,752)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(27)
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(1,682)
Revenue	收入	-
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	(611)
Other comprehensive loss for the year	本年度其他全面虧損	(184)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本年度全面虧損總額	(795)
Reconciliation of the above summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in an associate recognised in the consolidated financial statements:	上述財務資料概要與已於綜合財務報表內確認之於聯營公司之權益之賬面值之對賬：	
Net liabilities of the associate	聯營公司之負債淨額	(1,682)
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Wisdom Orchid	本集團於智蘭之所有權權益比例	40%
Effect of fair value adjustment at acquisition (Note (i))	於收購時公平值調整之影響 (附註(i))	44,175
Accumulated impairment loss on interest in associate (Note (ii))	於聯營公司之權益之累計減值虧損 (附註(ii))	(19,194)
Other adjustments	其他調整	(37,666)
Goodwill	商譽	12,685
Carrying amount of the Group's interest in Wisdom Orchid	本集團於智蘭之權益之賬面值	-

附註：

- (i) 於收購日期，聯營公司之資產淨值之公平值乃由本公司董事參考獨立專業估值師行羅馬國際評估有限公司所進行之估值而釐定。
- (ii) 透過比較於聯營公司之權益之可收回金額與其於二零二零年三月三十一日之賬面值，本集團就於智蘭之權益完成年度減值測試。於二零二零年三月三十一日，智蘭之賬面值為零港元。智蘭於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度再無向本集團貢獻溢利及虧損。

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20. GOODWILL

20. 商譽

HK\$'000
千港元

Cost:	成本值：	
At 1 April 2019, 31 March 2020, 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2021	於二零一九年四月一日、二零二零年三月三十一日、 二零二零年四月一日及二零二一年三月三十一日	69,757
Accumulated impairment:	累計減值：	
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	(51,437)
Impairment for the year	本年度減值	(18,320)
At 31 March 2020, 1 April 2020 and 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日、二零二零年四月一日及 二零二零年三月三十一日	(69,757)
Carrying amounts:	賬面淨值：	
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	-
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日	-

Particulars regarding impairment testing on goodwill are disclosed in Note 21.

有關商譽減值測試之詳情於附註21披露。

21. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL

As explained in Note 6, the Group uses business segments as its primary segment for reporting segment information. For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill with indefinite useful lives set out in Note 20 has been allocated to following cash generating unit (CGUs). In performing the impairment testing for the year ended 31 March 2020, the directors of the Company have engaged an independent valuer, APAC Asset Valuation and Consulting Limited, to determine the recoverable amount of each CGUs.

21. 商譽減值測試

如附註6所述，本集團採用業務分部作為包括分部資料之主要分部。就進行減值測試而言，附註20所載並無設定可使用年期之商譽已分配予下列現金產生單位（「現金產生單位」）。於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度進行減值測試時，本公司董事已委聘獨立估值師亞太資產評估及顧問有限公司釐定各現金產生單位之可收回金額。

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21. IMPAIRMENT TESTING ON GOODWILL (continued)

Esmart digital services

The recoverable amount of this cash-generating unit is determined based on a value-in-use calculation which uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the directors covering a five-year period, and a pre-tax discount rate of 23% per annum for the year ended 31 March 2020. Cash flow projections during the budget period are based on the same expected gross margins throughout the budget period. The cash flows beyond that five-year period have been extrapolated using a steady 3% per annum growth rate for the year ended 31 March 2020. The growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the market.

The management of the Company assessed the recoverable amount of the goodwill and it is calculated to be lower than its carrying amount, an impairment loss on goodwill of approximately HK\$18,320,000 was recognised during the year ended 31 March 2020. The reasons leading to the impairment of goodwill were mainly due to: (i) the esmart digital services business recorded further operating loss for the year ended 31 March 2020 when compared with last year; (ii) strong competition in the esmart digital services industry, our competitors with similar products which is lower costs and higher gross profit margin; (iii) the cash flow demand in the esmart digital services business was huge with longer payback period than expected, thus the Group is scaling down the operation of esmart digital services; and (iv) the unfavourable macro-economic environment, especially the U.S.-China trade war and COVID-19 outbreak, which the business is significantly being affected. The impact of the weak performance of the global economy and the scaling down of the esmart digital services business which raised the Company's awareness of an indication of an impairment on the goodwill of the esmart digital services business.

The key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculations for the esmart digital services are as follows:

Budgeted market share	The values assigned to the assumption reflect past experience, except for the growth factor, which is consistent with the directors' plans for focusing operations in these markets. The directors believe that planned market share growth per year for the next five years is reasonably achievable.
Budgeted gross margin	Average gross margins achieved in the period immediately before the budget period, increased for expected efficiency improvements. This reflects past experience, except for efficiency improvements.

21. 商譽減值測試 (續)

智能數據服務

此現金產生單位之可收回金額乃根據在用價值算式釐定，而在用價值乃以董事所批准涵蓋五年期間之財政預算及截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度稅前貼現率每年23%為基礎所得之現金流量預測計算。於預算期內之現金流量預測乃基於在整個預算期之相同預期毛利率。截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度，超出五年期間之現金流量乃採用每年3%之穩定年增長率推算。該增長率並未超過市場長期平均增長率。

本公司管理層評估商譽可收回金額，並計算出有關金額為低於賬面值。於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度已確認商譽之減值虧損約18,320,000港元。導致商譽減值之主要原因為：(i)與去年相比，智能數據服務業務於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度錄得進一步經營虧損；(ii)智能數據服務業之競爭激烈，以及本集團之競爭對手亦生產類似產品，且成本較低；(iii)智能數據服務業務之現金流需求龐大且回本期較預期長，因此，本集團正縮減智能數據服務之營運規模；及(iv)宏觀經濟環境不景氣，尤其美中貿易戰及COVID-19疫情對業務影響極為重大。環球經濟表現疲弱及智能數據服務業務縮減規模所帶來之影響，引起本公司對智能數據服務業務之商譽有明顯減值跡象的注意。

就智能數據服務之在用價值算式所採用之主要假設如下：

預算市場佔有率	套用於該等假設之價值反映過往經驗，並與董事專注於該等市場之經營的計劃貫徹一致。董事相信，未來五年的計劃市場佔有率年增長率可合理地達成。
預算毛利率	緊接預算期前期間所取得之平均毛利率，隨預計效益改善而增加。此反映過往經驗，惟效益改善除外。

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22. FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

22. 按公平值計入其他全面收益之財務資產

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted equity securities in the PRC (Notes (i) & (ii))	中國非上市股本證券 (附註(i)及(ii))	89	114

Notes:

- (i) On 23 January 2019, Esmart Technology Company Limited, a non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, entered into a sale and purchase agreement to subscribed 4.61% of unlisted equity securities. The company is principally engaged in the business in relation to vending machine and convenience store. The directors of the Company have elected to designate these investments in financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income as they believe that the investment is strategic investment and intended to be held for medium to long-term.
- (ii) The unlisted equity securities are measured at fair value and are classified as Level 3 fair value measurement. The details of the fair value measurement reference to the Note 5.

附註：

- (i) 於二零一九年一月二十三日，本集團之非全資附屬公司珠海惠付通科技有限公司訂立了買賣協議以認購4.61%非上市股本證券。該公司主要從事有關自動販賣機及便利商店之業務。由於本公司董事相信該等投資屬戰略投資，且有意作中長期持有，故彼等已選擇將該等投資指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益。
- (ii) 非上市股本證券按公平值計量並分類為第三級公平值計量。有關公平值計量之詳情可參閱附註5。

23. INVENTORIES

23. 存貨

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Finished goods	製成品	56	1,559

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES

24. 貿易應收款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables (Note (i))	貿易應收款項 (附註(i))	23,381	17,759
Less: allowance for expected credit losses on trade receivables, net	減：貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備淨額	(6,517)	(2,904)
		16,864	14,855

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24. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

The following is an ageing analysis of trade receivables based on invoice date, at the end of reporting period.

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days	0至30日	202	1,572
31 to 60 days	31至60日	-	-
61 to 90 days	61至90日	-	-
91 to 180 days	91至180日	7,441	7
Over 180 days	超過180日	15,738	16,180
		23,381	17,759

Note:

- (i) According to the credit rating of different customers, the Group allows a range of credit periods within 90 days to its trade customers. Trade receivables are denominated in HK\$, RMB and US\$.

Details of impairment assessment of trade receivables for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 are set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

25. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deposits	按金	913	1,181
Prepayments	預付款項	32,330	25,271
Other receivables (Notes (i), (ii) & (iii))	其他應收款項 (附註(i)、(ii)及(iii))	124,162	141,351
		157,405	167,803
Less: allowance for expected credit losses on other receivables, net (Note (iv))	減：其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備淨額 (附註(iv))	(80,575)	(83,374)
		76,830	84,429

24. 貿易應收款項 (續)

以下為於報告期末根據發票日期按賬齡分析之貿易應收款項：

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days	0至30日	202	1,572
31 to 60 days	31至60日	-	-
61 to 90 days	61至90日	-	-
91 to 180 days	91至180日	7,441	7
Over 180 days	超過180日	15,738	16,180
		23,381	17,759

附註：

- (i) 根據不同客戶之信貸評級，本集團給予其貿易客戶之信貸期為90日內。貿易應收款項以港元、人民幣及美元計值。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度就貿易應收款項進行之減值評估詳情載於綜合財務報表附註5。

25. 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Deposits	按金	913	1,181
Prepayments	預付款項	32,330	25,271
Other receivables (Notes (i), (ii) & (iii))	其他應收款項 (附註(i)、(ii)及(iii))	124,162	141,351
		157,405	167,803
Less: allowance for expected credit losses on other receivables, net (Note (iv))	減：其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備淨額 (附註(iv))	(80,575)	(83,374)
		76,830	84,429

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

25. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes:

As at 31 March 2021, included the other receivables are several significant items as follows:

(i) *Outstanding consideration for sale of minority interest in an associated company*

Pursuant to the sale and purchase agreement dated 2 June 2015 (as supplemented and amended by two supplemental agreements thereto dated 23 June 2017 and 28 November 2017) (the "Disposal Agreement") between Elife Investment Holdings Limited (formerly known as Sino Rich Energy Holdings Limited) (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) ("Elife Investment") and Jetgo Group Limited ("Jetgo"), Elife Investment agreed to dispose of 10.5% of the issued share capital of an associated company to Jetgo at the consideration of HK\$150,000,000. The first and second instalments of the consideration of approximately HK\$75,304,000 were settled in accordance with the schedule.

In relation to the third instalment of the consideration of approximately HK\$74,696,000 due on 31 December 2018, Jetgo settled HK\$200,000 in June 2018 and approximately HK\$74,496,000 has remained outstanding as at 31 March 2021 and 2020.

(ii) *Performance deposit due from Zhongshang Huimin (Beijing) E-Commerce Co. Ltd. ("Huimin")*

An interest-free and unsecured performance deposit of RMB50,000,000 (the "Performance Deposit") was paid by Zhongnongxin Supply Chain Management Company Limited ("Zhongnongxin") (an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) to Huimin pursuant to the supply agreement dated 8 March 2017 (the "Supply Agreement") among Zhongnongxin, Huimin and Mr. Zhang Yichun ("Mr. Zhang"). Mr. Zhang, a non-executive Director and a vice-chairman of the board of the Company (the "Board") (resigned on 29 February 2020), provided a personal guarantee to Zhongnongxin for the repayment of the Performance Deposit in full when due.

25. 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項(續)

附註：

於二零二一年三月三十一日，以下數項重大項目乃計入其他應收款項：

(i) *出售聯營公司少數權益之未償還代價*

根據本公司之全資附屬公司易生活投資控股有限公司(前稱神州富卓能源控股有限公司)(「易生活投資」)與捷高集團有限公司(「捷高」)所訂立日期為二零一五年六月二日之買賣協議(經日期為二零一七年六月二十三日及二零一七年十一月二十八日之兩份補充協議所補充及修訂)(「出售協議」)，易生活投資同意按代價150,000,000港元出售聯營公司已發行股本之10.5%。代價之第一期及第二期分期款項約75,304,000港元已依照有關時間表結清。

有關於二零一八年十二月三十一日到期之代價之第三期分期款項約74,696,000港元，捷高於二零一八年六月償還200,000港元，餘下約74,496,000港元於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日尚未償還。

(ii) *應收中商惠民(北京)電子商務有限公司(「中商惠民」)之履約保證金*

根據本公司之間接全資附屬公司中農信供應鏈管理有限公司(「中農信」)、中商惠民與張一春先生(「張先生」)所訂立日期為二零一七年三月八日之供應協議(「供應協議」)，中農信向中商惠民支付了一筆免息及無抵押之履約保證金，金額為人民幣50,000,000元(「履約保證金」)。張先生為非執行董事兼本公司董事會(「董事會」)副主席(於二零二零年二月二十九日辭任)，彼就全數履約保證金能夠按時償還向中農信提供個人擔保。

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

25. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(ii) Performance deposit due from Zhongshang Huimin (Beijing) E-Commerce Co. Ltd. ("Huimin") (continued)

Pursuant to the Supply Agreement (as supplemented and amended by two supplemental agreements thereto on 11 September 2017 and 1 March 2018 respectively), the Performance Deposit shall become due on 16 September 2018. Huimin did not repay the Performance Deposit in full by the said due date. Since August 2018 (that is, one month before the due date), the Group has from time to time requested repayment of the Performance Deposit by Huimin by various means and in particular, (a) on 20 August 2018, the Group issued a letter to Huimin requesting for immediate repayment of the Performance Deposit; (b) on 22 August 2018 and 4 September 2018 respectively, the Group requested Huimin to repay the Performance Deposit in full before 16 September 2018 by email; (c) on 27 September 2018, the PRC legal counsel of the Company, issued a demand letter to Huimin and Mr. Zhang requesting Huimin for repayment of the Performance Deposit; (d) in early November 2018, the management of the Company attended physical meetings with representatives of Huimin to negotiate on, among other things, the means to settle the Performance Deposit, which is preliminarily proposed to be either by way of loan, equity pledge or equity transfer; (e) on 10 December 2018, Huimin provided a repayment schedule in respect of settlement of the Performance Deposit and approximately RMB2,000,000 had been received during the year ended 31 March 2019; (f) On 30 May 2019, a supplemental agreement was entered into among the parties and it was agreed that Huimin shall to repay the remaining balances of the Performance Deposit on or before 16 December 2019; and (g) On 15 June 2020, a supplemental agreement was entered into among the parties and it was agreed that Huimin shall to repay the remaining balances of RMB27,700,000 of the Performance Deposit on or before 31 December 2020. On 20 May 2021, a supplemental agreement was entered into among the parties and it was agreed that Huimin shall to repay the remaining balances of RMB17,200,000 of the Performance Deposit on or before 31 December 2021. The said supplemental agreement contains a clause that the Group shall have the right to demand repayment of the outstanding sum on or before the due date.

As at 31 March 2021, the Performance Deposit of approximately HK\$16,894,000 (equivalent to RMB14,200,000) (2020: approximately HK\$33,529,000) included in other receivables. The Performance Deposit was partially repaid of approximately RMB4,500,000 subsequently in accordance with the repayment schedule to the year ended 31 March 2021.

25. 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項(續)

附註：(續)

(ii) 應收中商惠民(北京)電子商務有限公司(「中商惠民」)之履約保證金(續)

根據供應協議(經日期為二零一七年九月十一日及二零一八年三月一日之兩份補充協議所補充及修訂),履約保證金將於二零一八年九月十六日到期。中商惠民並無於上述到期日償還全數履約保證金。自二零一八年八月(即到期日前一個月),本集團不時以各種方式要求中商惠民償還履約保證金,當中具體包括:(a)於二零一八年八月二十日,本集團發函要求中商惠民即時償還履約保證金;(b)於二零一八年八月二十二日及二零一八年九月四日,本集團以電郵方式要求中商惠民於二零一八年九月十六日前悉數償還履約保證金;(c)於二零一八年九月二十七日,本公司之中國法律顧問向中商惠民及張先生發出要求還款函件,要求中商惠民償還履約保證金;(d)於二零一八年十一月初,本公司管理層與中商惠民之代表當面會談,以商討有關(其中包括)結付履約保證金之方式,其初步建議為以貸款、股權質押或股權轉讓之方式結付;(e)於二零一八年十二月十日,中商惠民就結付履約保證金提供還款時間表,並於截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度已償還約人民幣2,000,000元;(f)於二零一九年五月三十日,各訂約方訂立補充協議並協定中商惠民須於二零一九年十二月十六日或之前償還餘下履約保證金;及(g)於二零二零年六月十五日,各訂約方訂立補充協議並協定中商惠民須於二零二零年十二月三十一日或之前償還餘下履約保證金之結餘人民幣27,700,000元。於二零二一年五月二十日,各訂約方訂立補充協議並協定中商惠民須於二零二一年十二月三十一日或之前償還餘下履約保證金之結餘人民幣17,200,000元。該補充協議訂有條款,訂明本集團有權要求未償還款項於到期日或之前償還。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,履約保證金約16,894,000港元(相當於人民幣14,200,000元)(二零二零年:約33,529,000港元)乃計入其他應收款項。於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度後已按照還款時間表償還部分履約保證金約人民幣4,500,000元。

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25. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(iii) Loan to Graceful Ocean International Group Holding Limited ("Graceful Ocean")

On 11 September 2014, Sino Talent Holdings Limited ("Sino Talent"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as lender, entered into a loan agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with Graceful Ocean, as borrower and Mr. Ma Haike ("Mr. Ma") as first guarantor whereby Sino Talent agreed to advance to Graceful Ocean a term loan in the principal amount of HK\$18 million (the "Loan") with interest accrued at the rate of 13% per annum. The parties entered into five supplemental agreements to the Loan Agreement between April 2015 and June 2018 to, among other things, postpone the maturity date of the Loan to 31 March 2019. On 24 June 2019, the parties and Mr. Gao Feng ("Mr. Gao"), an executive director and the vice-chairman of the Board, entered into the sixth supplemental agreement to the Loan Agreement with the interest rate of 10% per annum, to further postpone the maturity date of the Loan to 31 March 2020. Meanwhile, as an additional security of the repayment obligations of the borrower under the Loan Agreement (as supplemented by the six supplemental agreements), Mr. Gao, entered into a second guarantee contract ("Mr. Gao's Second Guarantee") with Sino Talent and Graceful Ocean whereby Mr. Gao agreed to act as the second guarantor and in the event and only when Mr. Ma failed to or refused to fulfill its guarantee obligations as the first guarantor, guarantee the due performance of Graceful Ocean in respect of its repayment obligations under the Loan Agreement (as supplemented by the six supplemental agreements). On 12 June 2020, the Seventh supplemental agreement entered into the parties to further postpone the maturity date of the Loan to 31 March 2021. On 23 April 2021, Mr. Gao entered into a repayment agreement with Sino Talent to take up responsibilities to repay the outstanding balances according to the repayment schedule on behalf of Graceful Ocean when Mr. Ma failed to settle of the Loan. The repayment schedule has been agreed and due on 31 December 2022. The interest rate was changed to 5% per annum.

As at 31 March 2021, the total outstanding amount of the Loan and the interest accrued thereon was approximately HK\$27,382,000 (2020: approximately HK\$25,598,000) and included in other receivables. The loan was repaid of approximately HK\$1,582,000 subsequently to year ended 31 March 2021.

25. 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項(續)

附註：(續)

(iii) 向德海國際集團控股有限公司(「德海國際」)提供貸款

於二零一四年九月十一日，本公司之全資附屬公司新圖集團有限公司(「新圖」)(作為貸款方)與德海國際(作為借貸方)及馬海科先生(「馬先生」)(作為第一擔保人)訂立貸款協議(「貸款協議」)，據此，新圖同意向德海國際提供本金額為18,000,000港元之定期貸款(「該貸款」)，按年利率13%計息。各訂約方其後於二零一五年四月至二零一八年六月期間就貸款協議訂立五份補充協議，以(其中包括)延遲該貸款之到期日至二零一九年三月三十一日。於二零一九年六月二十四日，各訂約方與執行董事兼董事會副主席高峰先生(「高先生」)就貸款協議訂立第六份補充協議，將利息訂為年利率10%，並進一步延遲該貸款之到期日至二零二零年三月三十一日。同時，作為借貸方履行其於貸款協議(經六份補充協議所補充)下之還款責任之額外擔保，高先生與新圖及德海國際訂立第二擔保合約(「高先生之第二擔保」)，據此，高先生同意擔任第二擔保人，並在(且只會在)馬先生無法或拒絕履行其作為第一擔保人之擔保責任之情況下，擔保德海國際妥當履行其於貸款協議(經六份補充協議所補充)下之還款責任。於二零二零年六月十二日，各訂約方訂立第七份補充協議，以進一步延遲該貸款之到期日至二零二一年三月三十一日。於二零二一年四月二十三日，高先生與新圖訂立還款協議，以於馬先生未能清償該貸款之情況發生時，代替德海國際承擔按照還款時間表償還未償還結餘之責任。有關之還款時間表經協定後，還款之到期日改為二零二二年十二月三十一日，利率則改為年利率5%。

於二零二一年三月三十一日，該貸款之未償還金額連同累計利息合共約27,382,000港元(二零二零年：約25,598,000港元)乃計入其他應收款項。於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度後已償還約1,582,000港元貸款。

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

25. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (iv) In respect of the sales consideration in Note (i), on 28 November 2018, 2 January 2019 and 25 April 2019, the Group (either by itself or through its legal advisers) issued demand letters to Jetgo while the management of both parties continued to discuss the means to settle the outstanding amount. The Company sought legal advices from two separate Hong Kong law firms on the viability and pros and cons of taking legal action against Jetgo on its failure to make the repayment in accordance with the Disposal Agreement. The Company will further instruct professionals to assess the assets and financial conditions of the Vendor, its associated companies and the sole shareholder of the Vendor in Hong Kong and elsewhere and will then decide whether or not to take legal action against the Vendor or explore other options including but not limited to disposal of the outstanding amount.

Due to the expected possibility of repayment from Jetgo in short period of time is very low and assessed its expected credit losses ("ECL") is very high by an independent firm of professional valuers, after thorough consideration, the Board decided to make an allowance for expected credit losses on the respective receivables, i.e. approximately HK\$74,496,000 for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Regarding the Performance deposits in Note (ii) and loan balance in Note (iii), the ECLs are relatively low as supported by the repayment schedules and the personal guarantees, the provision allowance for expected credit losses on other receivables are approximately HK\$370,000 and HK\$5,616,000 respectively as at 31 March 2021 (2020: HK\$688,000 and HK\$5,015,000 respectively).

Details of impairment assessment of other receivables for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 are set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

25. 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項(續)

附註：(續)

- (iv) 就附註(i)所述之銷售代價而言，本集團(自行或透過其法律顧問)已先後於二零一八年十一月二十八日、二零一九年一月二日及二零一九年四月二十五日向捷高發出要求還款函件，同時雙方管理層亦不斷就該筆未償還款項之償付商討解決辦法。本公司已就捷高未有依照出售協議作出還款一事而向其採取法律行動之可行性及利弊，分別向香港兩家律師行尋求法律意見。本公司將進一步指示有關專業人士評估賣方、其聯營公司及賣方之唯一股東於香港及其他地方之資產及財務狀況，然後將決定是否針對賣方採取法律行動還是應探討其他方法，包括但不限於出售該筆未償還款項。

由於捷高預期於短時間內還款之可能性極低及其預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)被獨立專業估值師評定為極高，故董事會經詳細考慮後，決定對有關應收款項作出預期信貸虧損撥備，於截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年度約為74,496,000港元。

關於附註(ii)所述之履約保證金及附註(iii)所述之貸款結餘，基於已有還款時間表及個人擔保，有關之預期信貸虧損相對較低，於二零二一年三月三十一日就其他應收款項作出之預期信貸虧損撥備計提分別約為370,000港元及5,616,000港元(二零二零年：分別約688,000港元及5,015,000港元)。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度就其他應收款項進行之減值評估詳情載於綜合財務報表附註5。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

26. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At the end of the reporting period, cash and cash equivalents were denominated in the following currencies:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
RMB	人民幣	9,368	9,604
HK\$	港元	5,042	5,348
US\$	美元	180	1,249
		14,590	16,201

The remittance of cash and cash equivalents denominated in RMB out of the PRC is subject to the foreign exchange control restrictions imposed by the government of the PRC.

Cash and cash equivalents carry interest at market rates which range from 1% to 2% per annum.

27. TRADE PAYABLES

The following is an ageing analysis of trade payables based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period.

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 30 days	0至30日	7	1,040
31 to 60 days	31日至60日	-	-
61 to 90 days	61日至90日	-	-
91 to 180 days	91日至180日	-	-
Over 180 days	超過180日	106	10
		113	1,050

The average credit period on purchases of certain goods is 90 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the credit timeframe.

26. 現金及現金等值項目

於報告期末，現金及現金等值項目乃以下列貨幣定值：

以人民幣定值之現金及現金等值項目匯出中國須遵守中國政府所實施之外匯管制。

現金及現金等值項目按市場利率計息，介乎每年1%至2%。

27. 貿易應付款項

以下為於報告期末根據發票日期按賬齡分析之貿易應付款項：

購買若干貨品之平均信貸期為90日。本集團有適當之財務風險管理政策，以確保所有應付款項於信貸時間框架內支付。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

28. ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND OTHER PAYABLES

28. 累計負債及其他應付款項

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Accrued liabilities	累計負債	6,629	11,482
Deposit received	已收按金	49	49
Other payables	其他應付款項	15,495	15,370
		22,173	26,901

29. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

29. 合約負債

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contract liabilities (Note)	合約負債(附註)	1,067	1,186

Reconciliation of contract liabilities for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020:

截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度之合約負債對賬：

		HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	1,374
Receipts in advance from customers during the year	年內預收客戶款項	37,686
Revenue recognised from performance obligations satisfied in prior year	就過往年度達成之履約責任 確認收益	(1,374)
Revenue recognised upon the product sales during the year	年內售出產品時確認之收益	(36,500)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及 二零二零年四月一日	1,186
Receipts in advance from customers during the year	年內預收客戶款項	7,331
Revenue recognised during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year	計入年初合約負債之 年內確認之收益	(1,186)
Revenue recognised upon the product sales during the year	年內售出產品時確認之收益	(6,264)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	1,067

Note:

Contract liabilities in relation to sales of finished goods are expected to be settled within one year. The revenue is recognised upon the performance obligation had been performed.

附註：

與銷售製成品有關之合約負債預計於一年內結算。收益於履約責任履行時隨即確認。

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

30. LEASE LIABILITIES

The Group's lease liabilities arise from the leasing of office premises and motor vehicles with a fixed lease term from 2 to 5 years. The incremental borrowing rates applied by the Group range from 1.85% to 12.90% (2020: 1.85% to 12.47%).

The Group had lease liabilities repayable as follows:

		As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日		As at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一日	
		Present value of the minimum lease payments 最低租賃 付款之現值 HK\$'000 千港元	Total minimum lease payments 最低租賃 付款總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Present value of the minimum lease payments 最低租賃 付款之現值 HK\$'000 千港元	Total minimum lease payments 最低租賃 付款總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year	1年內	2,485	2,862	1,728	1,815
Over 1 year, less than 2 years	1年後但2年內	1,900	2,070	1,027	1,059
Over 2 years, less than 5 years	2年後但5年內	546	559	264	268
		4,931	5,491	3,019	3,142
Less: total future interest expenses	減：未來利息開支總額		(560)		(123)
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債之現值		4,931		3,019
Analysis for reporting purpose as: 就報告目的作出分析：					
Current liabilities	流動負債		2,485		1,728
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		2,446		1,291
			4,931		3,019

The Group's leases in respect of approximately HK\$3,233,000 are secured by the lessor's title to the leased assets. The Group's lease liabilities are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and RMB, being the functional currency of the relevant group entity.

30. 租賃負債

本集團之租賃負債產生自租用寫字樓及汽車，有關租約之固定租期介乎2至5年。本集團採用之增量借貸利率介乎1.85%至12.90%（二零二零年：1.85%至12.47%）。

本集團須予償還之租賃負債如下：

		As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日		As at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一日	
		Present value of the minimum lease payments 最低租賃 付款之現值 HK\$'000 千港元	Total minimum lease payments 最低租賃 付款總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Present value of the minimum lease payments 最低租賃 付款之現值 HK\$'000 千港元	Total minimum lease payments 最低租賃 付款總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 year	1年內	2,485	2,862	1,728	1,815
Over 1 year, less than 2 years	1年後但2年內	1,900	2,070	1,027	1,059
Over 2 years, less than 5 years	2年後但5年內	546	559	264	268
		4,931	5,491	3,019	3,142
Less: total future interest expenses	減：未來利息開支總額		(560)		(123)
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債之現值		4,931		3,019
Analysis for reporting purpose as: 就報告目的作出分析：					
Current liabilities	流動負債		2,485		1,728
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		2,446		1,291
			4,931		3,019

金額約3,233,000港元之本集團租約以承租人之租賃資產業權作抵押。本集團租賃負債以港元及人民幣列值，即相關集團實體之功能貨幣。

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

31. AMOUNTS DUE TO SHAREHOLDERS

31. 應付股東款項

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current liabilities		
Amount due to Gao Feng ("Mr. Gao")		
– interest-bearing (Note (i))	–	212
– interest free (Notes (ii) & (iii))	256	27,044
Amount due to Zhang Xiaobin ("Mr. Zhang") (Note (iii))	2,366	4,479
Amount due to Chiu Sui Keung ("Mr. Chiu") (Note (iii))	–	225
	2,622	31,960
Non-current liabilities		
Amount due to Mr. Gao (Note (iv))	9,739	–
Amount due to Mr. Zhang (Note (iv))	1,948	–
Amount due to Mr. Chiu (Note (iv))	191	–
	11,878	–

Notes:

- (i) On 4 February 2019, the Company signed a shareholder's loan facility agreement of HK\$5,000,000 with Mr. Gao, a director of the Company, is unsecured, bearing interest at a prime rate plus 1% (i.e. 6.125%) per annum and due on 3 February 2020. The shareholder's loan was fully repaid during the year ended 31 March 2021.
- (ii) The amounts of approximately HK\$15,000,000 as at 31 March 2020 was part of the proceeds of share subscription from Mr. Gao which was completed during the year ended 31 March 2021.
- (iii) The amounts due to shareholders under current liabilities are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.
- (iv) On 27 July 2020, the Company signed a supplementary agreement with shareholders for extending the repayment date of the amounts due to shareholders for approximately HK\$13,995,000. The amounts due to shareholders are classified as non-current liabilities, and are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and repayable with fixed term of two years. The principal amount of the loans were approximately HK\$13,995,000 and the fair value were approximately HK\$10,836,000. Deemed capital contribution arising from shareholders amounted approximately HK\$3,159,000 were the difference of the principal amount and the fair value which initially recognised in other reserve.

附註：

- (i) 於二零一九年二月四日，本公司與本公司董事高先生簽訂金額5,000,000港元之股東貸款融資協議，有關股東貸款為無抵押、按最優惠利率加1%（即6.125%）計息及於二零二零年二月三日期到。股東貸款已於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度悉數償還。
- (ii) 於二零二零年三月三十一日約15,000,000港元款項為自高先生認購股份所得之部分款項，有關股份認購已於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度完成。
- (iii) 於流動負債下之應付股東款項屬非交易性質，其為無抵押、免息及須應要求償還。
- (iv) 於二零二零年七月二十七日，本公司與股東簽訂補充協議，以延長應付股東款項約13,995,000港元之還款日期。應付股東款項乃分類為非流動負債及屬非交易性質，其為無抵押、免息及須於兩年固定期內償還。該等貸款之本金額約為13,995,000港元，公平值約為10,836,000港元。由股東產生之視作出資額約3,159,000港元乃初步在其他儲備中確認之本金與公平值之間的差額。

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

32. AMOUNTS DUE TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The amounts due to non-controlling interests under current liabilities are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and repayable within one year (2020: repayable within one year).

On 27 July 2020, the Company signed a supplementary agreement with non-controlling interests for extending the repayment date of the amounts due to with several non-controlling interests for approximately HK\$4,635,000. The amounts due to non-controlling interests are classified as non-current liabilities and are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and repayable with fixed term of two years. Deem capital contribution arising from non-controlling interests amounted approximately HK\$1,046,000 were initially recognised from the difference of principal amount of approximately HK\$4,635,000 and fair value amount of approximately HK\$3,589,000.

32. 應付非控股權益款項

於流動負債下之應付非控股權益款項屬非交易性質，其為無抵押、免息及須於一年內償還（二零二零年：須於一年內償還）。

於二零二零年七月二十七日，本公司與數名非控股權益簽訂補充協議，以延長應付非控股權益款項約4,635,000港元之還款日期。應付非控股權益款項乃分類為非流動負債及屬非交易性質，其為無抵押、免息及須於兩年固定期內償還。自非控股權益產生之視作出資額約1,046,000港元乃初步確認自本金額約4,635,000港元與公平值約3,589,000港元之間的差額。

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current liabilities	流動負債	5,247	9,045
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	3,934	-
		9,181	9,045

33. SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

33. 本公司股本

		Number of shares 股份數目		Amount 金額	
		2021 二零二一年 '000 千股	2020 二零二零年 '000 千股	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定：				
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each	每股面值0.02港元之普通股	15,000,000	15,000,000	300,000	300,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足：				
At beginning of the year	於年初	2,965,967	2,787,767	59,319	55,755
Subscription of shares (Notes (i))	認購股份 (附註(i))	130,676	53,191	2,614	1,064
Issuance of shares for loan capitalisation (Note (ii))	就貸款資本化發行股份 (附註(ii))	-	125,009	-	2,500
At the end of the year	於年終	3,096,643	2,965,967	61,933	59,319

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

33. SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Notes:

- (i) The Company was successfully subscribed 111,702,000 shares and 18,974,000 shares at HK\$0.02 each on 15 December 2020 and 31 March 2021 respectively at a subscription price of HK\$0.188 per share for a total consideration, before expenses, of approximately HK\$24,567,000. The proceeds were used for the Group's daily operations and the funding for developing the daily consumer goods trading business of the Group.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company was successfully subscribed 53,191,000 Shares at HK\$0.02 each on 16 January 2020 at a subscription price of HK\$0.188 per share for a total consideration, before expenses of approximately HK\$10,000,000. The proceeds were used for the Group's daily operations and the funding for developing the daily consumer goods trading business of the Group.

- (ii) On 8 March 2019, Huimin International (HK) Limited ("Huimin Int'l"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and Mr. Wang Haoyu ("Mr. Wang") entered into a loan agreement whereby Mr. Wang provided Huimin Int'l with a loan in the principal amount of RMB20,000,000. The loan bears interest at a rate of 8% per annum and would be due on the 60 days from the drawdown date of the loan. On 26 April 2019, the Company, Huimin Int'l and Mr. Wang entered into the loan capitalisation agreement ("Loan Capitalisation Agreement") pursuant to which Mr. Wang conditionally agreed to subscribe for, and the Company conditionally agreed to allot and issue, an aggregate of 125,008,842 loan capitalisation shares, at the loan capitalisation subscription price of HK\$0.188 each. The subscription amount payable by Mr. Wang under the Loan Capitalisation Agreement was satisfied by capitalizing the outstanding principal amount of the loan and the interest accrued. The Loan Capitalisation took place on 10 May 2019.

33. 本公司股本(續)

附註：

- (i) 本公司於二零二零年十二月十五日及二零二一年三月三十一日成功按認購價每股0.188港元分別認購111,702,000股及18,974,000股每股面值0.02港元之股份，總代價(扣除開支前)約為24,567,000港元。有關所得款項用於本集團日常營運及為發展本集團日常消費品貿易業務提供資金。

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度，本公司於二零二零年一月十六日成功按認購價每股0.188港元認購53,191,000股每股面值0.02港元之股份，總代價(扣除開支前)約為10,000,000港元。有關所得款項用於本集團日常營運及為發展本集團日常消費品貿易業務提供資金。

- (ii) 於二零一九年三月八日，本公司之全資附屬公司惠民國際(香港)有限公司(「惠民國際」)與王浩宇先生(「王先生」)訂立貸款協議，就此，王先生向惠民國際提供本金額為人民幣20,000,000元之貸款。貸款按年利率8%計息及將於貸款提取日起計第60日期應付。於二零一九年四月二十六日，本公司、惠民國際與王先生訂立貸款資本化協議(「貸款資本化協議」)，據此，王先生有條件同意認購，而本公司亦有條件同意配發及發行合共125,008,842股貸款資本化股份，貸款資本化認購價為每股0.188港元。王先生根據貸款資本化協議應付之認購款項須透過將未償還貸款本金額及相關累計利息資本化之方式支付。有關之貸款資本化已於二零一九年五月十日落實進行。

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

34. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備

(a) Statement of Financial Position

(a) 財務狀況表

	Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets			
Interests in subsidiaries		14,313	33,242
Property, plant and equipment		2,094	2,540
Right-of-use assets		2,448	311
		18,855	36,093
Current assets			
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		1,398	1,233
Cash and cash equivalents		4,411	4,377
		5,809	5,610
Less: Current liabilities			
Accrued liabilities and other payables		9,075	12,874
Lease liabilities		1,255	403
Amount due to a shareholder		-	15,212
		10,330	28,489
Net current liabilities		(4,521)	(22,879)
Total assets less current liabilities		14,334	13,214
Less: Non-current liabilities			
lease liabilities		1,909	-
		1,909	-
Net assets		12,425	13,214
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	33	61,933	59,319
Reserves	34(b)	(49,508)	(46,105)
Total equity		12,425	13,214

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 June 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

於二零二一年六月二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發，並由下列人士代表簽署：

Zhang Xiaobin
張曉彬
Director
董事

Gao Feng
高峰
Director
董事

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

34. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備(續)

(b) Reserves

The detail movement of reserves of the Company is as follows:

(b) 儲備

本公司儲備之詳細變動如下：

		Share premium account	Contributed surplus	Accumulated losses	Shares held for share award scheme	Share options reserve	Total
		股份溢價賬	繳入盈餘	累計虧損	股份獎勵計劃所持股份	購股權儲備	總額
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
			(Note (i)) (附註(i))		(Note (ii)) (附註(ii))	(Note (iii)) (附註(iii))	
At 31 March 2019	於二零一九年三月三十一日	281,481	7,076	(319,493)	(4,986)	59,671	23,749
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	(100,555)	-	-	(100,555)
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項	-	-	-	-	763	763
Share options lapsed	購股權失效	-	-	9,008	-	(9,008)	-
Subscription of shares (Note 33)	認購股份 (附註33)	8,936	-	-	-	-	8,936
Issuance of shares for loan capitalisation	就貸款資本化發行股份	21,002	-	-	-	-	21,002
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及二零二零年四月一日	311,419	7,076	(411,040)	(4,986)	51,426	(46,105)
Loss for the year	本年度虧損	-	-	(30,310)	-	-	(30,310)
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項	-	-	-	-	4,957	4,957
Share options lapsed	購股權失效	-	-	21,240	-	(21,240)	-
Subscription of shares (Note 33)	根據股份獎勵計劃授出股份 (附註33)	21,953	-	-	-	-	21,953
Share issuing expenses	股份發行開支	(3)	-	-	-	-	(3)
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	333,369	7,076	(420,110)	(4,986)	35,143	(49,508)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

(b) Reserves (continued)

Notes:

- (i) **Contributed surplus**
The Company's contributed surplus represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation during the year ended 31 March 2002, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefore and the capitalisation of the 30,000,000 shares allotted and issued nil paid. Under the Companies Law (2001 Second Revision) of the Cayman Islands, the contributed surplus account is distributable to the shareholders of the Company under certain circumstances. Details of distributable reserve are set out in page 60 of the consolidated financial statements.
- (ii) **Shares held for share award scheme**
The shares held for share award scheme is the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs for purchase of shares under the Share Award Scheme, in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 3(m).
- (iii) **Share options reserve**
The share options reserve relates to share options granted to employees under the employee share option scheme. Further information about share-based payments to employees is set out in Note 35.
- (iv) **Distributable Reserves**
As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Company did not have reserves available for cash distribution and/or distribution in specie, calculated in accordance with the Company Law (2003 Revision) of the Cayman Islands to members. No final dividend has been proposed out of such reserves for the year (2020: Nil).

34. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備(續)

(b) 儲備(續)

附註：

- (i) **繳入盈餘**
本公司之繳入盈餘指根據於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內進行之集團重組而購入之附屬公司股份之公平值，高出作為換取該等附屬公司股份而發行之本公司股份面值之差額及資本化所配發及發行之30,000,000股未繳股款股份。根據開曼群島公司法(二零零一年第二次修訂版)，本公司可在若干情況以繳入盈餘賬內之款項向股東作出分派。本公司可供分派儲備之詳情載於綜合財務報表第60頁。
- (ii) **股份獎勵計劃所持股份**
根據附註3(m)所述之會計政策，股份獎勵計劃所持股份乃所支付之代價，包括根據股份獎勵計劃購買股份之任何直接應佔增值成本。
- (iii) **購股權儲備**
購股權儲備與根據僱員購股權計劃授予僱員之購股權有關。有關對僱員作出之股份形式付款之進一步資料載於附註35。
- (iv) **可供分派儲備**
於二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日，本公司並無按照開曼群島公司法(二零零三年修訂版)計算之可供作現金分派及／或實物分派予股東之儲備。於本年度並無建議自有關儲備中撥付末期股息(二零二零年：無)。

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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Share Options Scheme

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and/or rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include any directors and employees of the Company, including all executive directors of the Company and its subsidiaries. The Scheme became effective on 8 October 2010 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date. On 17 August 2017, the Company passed an ordinary resolution by the shareholders at the annual general meeting to amend certain provisions of the share option scheme.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share option in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

The share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their subsidiaries, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of the grant) in excess of HK\$5,000,000, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted would be determined by the directors.

The exercise price of the share options would be determined by the directors, but may not be less than the higher of (i) the Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares on the date of the offer of the share options, which must be a business day; and (ii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of the offer, provided that the subscription price shall not be lower than the nominal value of the shares.

35. 以股份支付之款項

購股權計劃

本公司設有一項購股權計劃(「該計劃」),藉以向對本集團業務成功作出貢獻之合資格參與者給予鼓勵及/或回報。該計劃之合資格參與者包括本公司任何董事及僱員(包括本公司及其附屬公司之所有執行董事)。該計劃於二零一零年十月八日起生效,除非以其他方式取消或修訂該計劃,否則該計劃自該日起計十年內保持有效。於二零一七年八月十七日,本公司股東於股東週年大會上通過一項普通決議案,以修訂購股權計劃若干條文。

根據該計劃現時獲准授出而尚未行使之購股權所發行之最高股份數目相等於購股權行使時本公司於任何時間已發行股份之10%。該計劃各合資格參與者於任何12個月期間根據購股權可獲發行之最高股份數目以本公司任何時間已發行股份之1%為限。凡進一步授出超逾此限額之購股權,必須於股東大會上獲股東批准。

凡向本公司董事、主要行政人員或主要股東或彼等之任何聯繫人士授出購股權,必須事先取得獨立非執行董事批准。此外,凡於任何12個月期間內向本公司或其任何附屬公司之主要股東或獨立非執行董事授出任何購股權,而有關數額超逾本公司任何時間已發行股份之0.1%或總值(根據授出日期本公司股份之價格計算)超過5,000,000港元,必須事先於股東大會上獲得股東批准。

授出購股權之建議可於提出建議日期起計28日內接納,承授人須支付合共1港元之象徵式代價。所授購股權之行使期由董事釐定。

購股權之行使價由董事釐定,惟不得低於(i)本公司股份於購股權建議提出日期(必須為營業日)在聯交所之收市價;及(ii)本公司股份於緊接提出建議日期前五個交易日在聯交所之平均收市價兩者中較高者,惟認購價不得低於股份面值。

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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Options Scheme (continued)

The fair value of share options granted to any directors, employees and other parties is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a share option reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

Movement in share options during the year ended 31 March 2021 are as follows:

Category of Participants	Date of grant (Note (b))	Exercisable period (Note (a))	Exercisable price per share HK\$	Adjusted exercisable price per share after share consolidation HK\$ 股份合併後之經調整可行使每股價格 港元	Outstanding at 1 April 2020 於二零二零年四月一日尚未行使	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Reclassified during the year 年內重新分類	Outstanding at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日尚未行使
Directors										
董事										
Mr. Zhang Xiaobin 張曉彬先生	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	22,500,000	-	-	-	-	22,500,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	29,000,000	-	-	-	-	29,000,000
					51,500,000	-	-	-	-	51,500,000
Mr. Gao Feng 高峰先生	22 September 2015 二零一五年九月二十二日	Period 1 第一期	0.17	0.34	8,000,000	-	-	(8,000,000)	-	-
	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	22,500,000	-	-	-	-	22,500,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	29,000,000	-	-	-	-	29,000,000
					59,500,000	-	-	(8,000,000)	-	(51,500,000)
Mr. Chiu Sui Keung 趙瑞強先生	22 September 2015 二零一五年九月二十二日	Period 1 第一期	0.17	0.34	8,000,000	-	-	(8,000,000)	-	-
	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	22,500,000	-	-	-	-	22,500,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	29,000,000	-	-	-	-	29,000,000
					59,500,000	-	-	(8,000,000)	-	(51,500,000)
Mr. Sun Qiang (Resigned on 24 March 2021) 孫強先生(於二零二一年三月二十四日辭任)	27 June 2017 二零一七年六月二十七日	Period 4 第四期	0.21	0.42	24,460,000	-	-	-	-	24,460,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	2,900,000	-	-	-	-	2,900,000
					27,360,000	-	-	-	-	27,360,000
Mr. Zhang Yichun (Resigned on 29 February 2020) 張一春先生(於二零二零年二月二十九日辭任)	20 October 2016 二零一六年十月二十日	Period 2 第二期	0.3	0.6	15,000,000	-	-	(15,000,000)	-	-
	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	7,500,000	-	-	(7,500,000)	-	-
					22,500,000	-	-	(22,500,000)	-	-

35. 以股份支付之款項(續)

購股權計劃(續)

授予任何董事、僱員及其他人士之購股權之公平值確認為一項僱員成本，而權益內之資本儲備會相應增加。該公平值乃於授出日期經計及購股權獲授出時之條款及條件後以畢蘇莫期權定價模式計量。

購股權持有人無權收取股息或在股東大會上投票。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度購股權變動如下：

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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Options Scheme (continued)

Movement in share options during the year ended 31 March 2021 are as follows: (continued)

Category of Participants	Date of grant (Note (b))	Exercisable period (Note (a))	Exercisable price per share HK\$	Adjusted exercisable price per share after share consolidation HK\$ 股份合併後之經調整可行使每股價格 港元	Outstanding at 1 April 2020 於二零二零年四月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Reclassified during the year 年內重新分類	Outstanding at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日 尚未行使
Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond 鄭永強先生	16 December 2016	Period 3	0.285	0.57	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
	二零一六年十二月十六日	第三期								
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	2,900,000	-	-	-	-	2,900,000
					3,900,000	-	-	-	-	3,900,000
Mr. Lam Williamson 林全智先生	16 December 2016	Period 3	0.285	0.57	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
	二零一六年十二月十六日	第三期								
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	2,900,000	-	-	-	-	2,900,000
					3,900,000	-	-	-	-	3,900,000
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen 黃海權先生	16 December 2016	Period 3	0.285	0.57	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
	二零一六年十二月十六日	第三期								
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	2,900,000	-	-	-	-	2,900,000
					3,900,000	-	-	-	-	3,900,000
Dr. Lam Lee G. 林家禮博士	20 October 2016	Period 2	0.3	0.6	1,181,000	-	-	-	-	1,181,000
	二零一六年十月二十日	第二期								
	16 December 2016	Period 3	0.285	0.570	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
	二零一六年十二月十六日	第三期								
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	2,900,000	-	-	-	-	2,900,000
					5,081,000	-	-	-	-	5,081,000
					Sub-total 小計	-	-	(38,500,000)	-	198,641,000
Employees of the Group 本集團僱員										
In aggregate 總計	22 September 2015 二零一五年九月二十二日	Period 1 第一期	0.17	0.34	25,500,000	-	-	(25,500,000)	-	-
	20 October 2016 二零一六年十月二十日	Period 2 第二期	0.3	0.6	9,500,000	-	-	(9,500,000)	-	-
	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.570	14,516,000	-	-	(9,000,000)	-	5,516,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	81,000,000	-	-	(15,000,000)	-	66,000,000
					Sub-total 小計	-	-	(59,000,000)	-	71,516,000

35. 以股份支付之款項 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度購股權變動如下：(續)

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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Options Scheme (continued)

Movement in share options during the year ended 31 March 2021 are as follows: (continued)

Category of Participants	Date of grant (Note (b))	Exercisable period (Note (a))	Exercisable price per share HK\$	Adjusted exercisable price per share after share consolidation HK\$ 股份合併後之經調整可行使每股價格 港元	Outstanding at 1 April 2020 於二零二零年四月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Reclassified during the year 年內重新分類	Outstanding at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日 尚未行使
Others 其他										
In aggregate 總計	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	22,500,000	-	-	-	-	22,500,000
	27 June 2017 二零一七年六月二十七日	Period 4 第四期	0.21	0.42	24,460,000	-	-	(24,460,000)	-	-
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	53,900,000	-	-	-	-	53,900,000
					Sub-total 小計	-	-	(24,460,000)	-	76,400,000
					Total 合計	-	-	(121,960,000)	-	346,557,000
Weighted average exercise price (in HK\$) (Note (c)) 加權平均行使價(港元) (附註(c))					0.3035	-	-	0.411		0.2656

35. 以股份支付之款項(續)

購股權計劃(續)

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度購股權變動如下:(續)

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For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Options Scheme (continued)

Movement in share options during the year ended 31 March 2020 are as follows:

Category of Participants	Date of grant (Note (b))	Exercisable period (Note (a))	Exercisable price per share HK\$	Adjusted exercisable price per share after share consolidation HK\$	Outstanding at 1 April 2019	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed during the year	Reclassified during the year	Outstanding at 31 March 2020
參與者類別	授出日期 (附註(b))	行使期 (附註(a))	每股行使價 港元	股份合併後之經調整可行使每股價格 港元	於二零一九年四月一日尚未行使	年內授出	年內行使	年內失效	年內重新分類	於二零二零年三月三十一日尚未行使
Directors										
董事										
Mr. Zhang Xiaobin 張曉彬先生	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	22,500,000	-	-	-	-	22,500,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	29,000,000	-	-	-	29,000,000
					22,500,000	29,000,000	-	-	-	51,500,000
Mr. Gao Feng 高峰先生	22 September 2015 二零一五年九月二十二日	Period 1 第一期	0.17	0.34	8,000,000	-	-	-	-	8,000,000
	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	22,500,000	-	-	-	-	22,500,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	29,000,000	-	-	-	29,000,000
					30,500,000	29,000,000	-	-	-	59,500,000
Mr. Chiu Sui Keung 趙瑞強先生	22 September 2015 二零一五年九月二十二日	Period 1 第一期	0.17	0.34	8,000,000	-	-	-	-	8,000,000
	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	22,500,000	-	-	-	-	22,500,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	29,000,000	-	-	-	29,000,000
					30,500,000	29,000,000	-	-	-	59,500,000
Mr. Sun Qiang 孫強先生	27 June 2017 二零一七年六月二十七日	Period 4 第四期	0.21	0.42	24,460,000	-	-	-	-	24,460,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	2,900,000	-	-	-	2,900,000
					24,460,000	2,900,000	-	-	-	27,360,000
Mr. Zhang Yichun (Resigned on 29 February 2020) 張一春先生 (於二零二零年二月二十九日辭任)	20 October 2016	Period 2	0.3	0.6	15,000,000	-	-	-	-	15,000,000
	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	7,500,000	-	-	-	-	7,500,000
					22,500,000	-	-	-	-	22,500,000
Ms. Xu Ying (Resigned on 1 March 2020) 徐英女士 (於二零二零年三月一日辭任)	16 December 2016	Period 3	0.285	0.57	22,500,000	-	-	-	(22,500,000)	-
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	2,900,000	-	-	(2,900,000)	-
					22,500,000	2,900,000	-	-	(25,400,000)	-

35. 以股份支付之款項 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度購股權變動如下：

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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Options Scheme (continued)

Movement in share options during the year ended 31 March 2020 are as follows: (continued)

Category of Participants	Date of grant (Note (b))	Exercisable period (Note (a))	Exercisable price per share HK\$	Adjusted exercisable price per share after share consolidation HK\$ 股份合併後之經調整可行使每股價格 港元	Outstanding at 1 April 2019 於二零一九年四月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Reclassified during the year 年內重新分類	Outstanding at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一日 尚未行使
Mr. Cheng Wing Keung, Raymond 鄭永強先生	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	2,900,000	-	-	-	2,900,000
					1,000,000	2,900,000	-	-	-	3,900,000
Mr. Lam Williamson 林全智先生	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	2,900,000	-	-	-	2,900,000
					1,000,000	2,900,000	-	-	-	3,900,000
Mr. Wong Hoi Kuen 黃海權先生	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	2,900,000	-	-	-	2,900,000
					1,000,000	2,900,000	-	-	-	3,900,000
Dr. Lam Lee G. 林家禮博士	20 October 2016 二零一六年十月二十日	Period 2 第二期	0.3	0.6	1,181,000	-	-	-	-	1,181,000
	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.570	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	2,900,000	-	-	-	2,900,000
					2,181,000	2,900,000	-	-	-	5,081,000
					Sub-total 小計	158,141,000	104,400,000	-	(25,400,000)	237,141,000
Employees of the Group 本集團僱員										
In aggregate 總計	22 September 2015 二零一五年九月二十二日	Period 1 第一期	0.17	0.34	25,500,000	-	-	-	-	25,500,000
	20 October 2016 二零一六年十月二十日	Period 2 第二期	0.3	0.6	19,500,000	-	-	(10,000,000)	-	9,500,000
	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.570	14,516,000	-	-	-	-	14,516,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	81,000,000	-	-	-	81,000,000
					Sub-total 小計	59,516,000	81,000,000	-	(10,000,000)	130,516,000

35. 以股份支付之款項 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度購股權變動如下：(續)

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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Options Scheme (continued)

Movement in share options during the year ended 31 March 2020 are as follows: (continued)

Category of Participants	Date of grant (Note (b))	Exercisable period (Note (a))	Exercisable price per share HK\$	Adjusted exercisable price per share after share consolidation HK\$ 股份合併後之經調整可行使每股價格港元	Outstanding at 1 April 2019 於二零一九年四月一日尚未行使	Granted during the year 年內授出	Exercised during the year 年內行使	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Reclassified during the year 年內重新分類	Outstanding at 31 March 2020 於二零二零年三月三十一日尚未行使
Others 其他										
In aggregate 總計	22 September 2015 二零一五年九月二十二日	Period 1 第一期	0.17	0.34	18,800,000	-	-	(18,800,000)	-	-
	20 October 2016 二零一六年十月二十日	Period 2 第二期	0.3	0.6	12,500,000	-	-	(12,500,000)	-	-
	16 December 2016 二零一六年十二月十六日	Period 3 第三期	0.285	0.57	-	-	-	-	22,500,000	22,500,000
	27 June 2017 二零一七年六月二十七日	Period 4 第四期	0.21	0.42	24,460,000	-	-	-	-	24,460,000
	21 January 2020 二零二零年一月二十一日	Period 5 第五期	0.11	N/A 不適用	-	51,000,000	-	-	2,900,000	53,900,000
		Sub-total 小計			55,760,000	51,000,000	-	(31,300,000)	25,400,000	100,860,000
		Total 合計			273,417,000	236,400,000	-	(41,300,000)	-	468,517,000
Weighted average exercise price (in HK\$) (Note (c)) 加權平均行使價 (港元) (附註(c))					0.4977	0.11	-	0.4816	-	0.3035

Notes:

- (a) Period 1 22 September 2015 to 21 September 2020
Period 2 20 October 2016 to 19 October 2021
Period 3 16 December 2016 to 15 December 2021
Period 4 27 June 2017 to 26 June 2022
Period 5 21 January 2020 to 20 January 2025
- (b) The vesting date of the share options for Period 1 to 4 is the date of grant. The vesting dates of the share options for Period 5 are as follows:
- 12.5% of the Share Options shall be vested on 31 March 2020 and exercisable from 31 March 2020 to 20 January 2025, both dates inclusive;
 - 12.5% of the Share Options shall be vested on 30 June 2020 and exercisable from 30 June 2020 to 20 January 2025, both dates inclusive;
 - 12.5% of the Share Options shall be vested on 30 September 2020 and exercisable from 30 September 2020 to 20 January 2025, both dates inclusive;

35. 以股份支付之款項 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度購股權變動如下：(續)

附註：

- (a) 第一期 二零一五年九月二十二日至二零二零年九月二十一日
第二期 二零一六年十月二十日至二零二一年十月十九日
第三期 二零一六年十二月十六日至二零二一年十二月十五日
第四期 二零一七年六月二十七日
二零二二年六月二十六日
第五期 二零二零年一月二十一日至二零二五年一月二十日
- (b) 第一期至第四期購股權之歸屬日期為授出日期。第五期購股權之歸屬日期如下：
- 購股權之12.5%將於二零二零年三月三十一日歸屬，並可自二零二零年三月三十一日至二零二五年一月二十日(包括首尾兩日)行使；
 - 購股權之12.5%將於二零二零年六月三十日歸屬，並可自二零二零年六月三十日至二零二五年一月二十日(包括首尾兩日)行使；
 - 購股權之12.5%將於二零二零年九月三十日歸屬，並可自二零二零年九月三十日至二零二五年一月二十日(包括首尾兩日)行使；

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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Options Scheme (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) (continued)

- (4) 12.5% of the Share Options shall be vested on 31 December 2020 and exercisable from 31 December 2020 to 20 January 2025, both dates inclusive;
- (5) 12.5% of the Share Options shall be vested on 31 March 2021 and exercisable from 31 March 2021 to 20 January 2025, both dates inclusive;
- (6) 12.5% of the Share Options shall be vested on 30 June 2021 and exercisable from 30 June 2021 to 20 January 2025, both dates inclusive;
- (7) 12.5% of the Share Options shall be vested on 30 September 2021 and exercisable from 30 September 2021 to 20 January 2025, both dates inclusive; and
- (8) 12.5% of the Share Options shall be vested on 31 December 2021 and exercisable from 31 December 2021 to 20 January 2025, both dates inclusive.

- (c) The exercise prices of the outstanding share options as at 31 March 2021 range from HK\$0.11 to HK\$0.6 (2020: from HK\$0.11 to HK\$0.6) per share and their weighted average remaining contractual life as at 31 March 2021 is 2.73 years (2020: 3.21 years).

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company did not grant any share options to directors, employees or other partners.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company granted 236,400,000 share options to directors, employees and other parties and the fair value of the share options granted are range from HK\$0.0232 to HK\$0.0304 each. The variables and assumptions used in computing the fair value of share options are based on the directors' best estimate. The value of an option varies with different variables of certain subjective assumptions. The fair value of the share options granted during the year ended 31 March 2020 was determined by an independent valuer, APAC Asset Valuation and Consulting Limited, using the Binomial option pricing model (the "Model"). Details of the inputs to the Model are as follows:

		22 September 2015 二零一五年 九月二十二日	20 October 2016 二零一六年 十月二十日	16 December 2016 二零一六年 十二月十六日	27 June 2017 二零一七年 六月二十七日	21 January 2020 二零二零年 一月二十一日
Grant date share price	授出日期股份價格	HK\$0.168港元	HK\$0.3港元	HK\$0.285港元	HK\$0.192港元	HK\$0.107港元
Grant date share price (after share consolidation)	授出日期股份價格 (股份合併後)	HK\$0.336港元	HK\$0.6港元	HK\$0.57港元	HK\$0.384港元	HK\$0.107港元
Exercise price	行使價	HK\$0.17港元	HK\$0.3港元	HK\$0.285港元	HK\$0.21港元	HK\$0.110港元
Exercise price (after share consolidation)	行使價(股份 合併後)	HK\$0.340港元	HK\$0.6港元	HK\$0.57港元	HK\$0.420港元	HK\$0.110港元
Expected volatility	預期波幅	72%	53%	53%	43%	40%
Expected life of the options	購股權預計年期	5 years年	5 years年	5 years年	5 years年	5 years年
Dividend yield	收益率	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Risk-free interest rate	無風險利率	0.97%	0.64%	1.56%	1.09%	1.49%

35. 以股份支付之款項(續)

購股權計劃(續)

附註:(續)

(b) (續)

- (4) 購股權之12.5%將於二零二零年十二月三十一日歸屬，並可自二零二零年十二月三十一日至二零二五年一月二十日(包括首尾兩日)行使；
- (5) 購股權之12.5%將於二零二一年三月三十一日歸屬，並可自二零二一年三月三十一日至二零二五年一月二十日(包括首尾兩日)行使；
- (6) 購股權之12.5%將於二零二一年六月三十日歸屬，並可自二零二一年六月三十日至二零二五年一月二十日(包括首尾兩日)行使；
- (7) 購股權之12.5%將於二零二一年九月三十日歸屬，並可自二零二一年九月三十日至二零二五年一月二十日(包括首尾兩日)行使；及
- (8) 購股權之12.5%將於二零二一年十二月三十一日歸屬，並可自二零二一年十二月三十一日至二零二五年一月二十日(包括首尾兩日)行使。

- (c) 於二零二一年三月三十一日尚未行使購股權之行使價介乎於每股0.11港元至0.6港元(二零二零年: 0.11港元至0.6港元)，而其於二零二一年三月三十一日之加權平均餘下合約期為2.73年(二零二零年: 3.21年)。

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，本公司並無向董事、僱員或其他方授出購股權。

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內，本公司向董事、僱員及其他人士授出236,400,000份購股權以及所授出之購股權之公平值介乎每份0.0232港元至0.0304港元。計算該等購股權公平值之變量及假設乃基於董事之最佳估計。購股權之價值隨著若干主觀假設之不同變化而有所不同。於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度所授出之購股權之公平值乃由獨立估值師亞太資產評估及顧問有限公司使用二項式期權定價模式(「該模式」)釐定。該模式之輸入值詳情如下：

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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Options Scheme (continued)

The Group recognised total expenses of approximately HK\$4,957,000 (2020: approximately HK\$763,000) during the year ended 31 March 2021 in relation to equity-settled share-based payment.

Share Award Scheme

The Board has approved the adoption of the Share Award Scheme (the "Old Share Award Scheme") on 11 February 2011, pursuant to which existing shares will be purchased by the Bank of East Asia (Trustees) Limited (the "BEA Trustee") from the market at the cost of the Company and be held in trust. On 9 March 2011, the Board approved and transferred HK\$5,000,000 to the BEA Trustee. During the year ended 31 March 2020, the Company transferred shares from the share award scheme from the BEA Trustee to Xin Yongan international Securities Company Limited (the "Trustee"). As at 31 March 2021, 5,050,000 (2020: 5,050,000) shares were purchased and held by the Trustee, representing approximately 0.16% (2020: approximately 0.17%) of the issued share capital of the Company. No awarded shares have been granted to any persons since the commencement of the Old Share Award Scheme.

On 27 June 2017 (the "Adoption Date"), the Board resolved to terminate the Old Share Award Scheme with immediate effect. Such termination shall not affect the share awarded by the Board under the Old Share Award Scheme. On the same day, the Board has conditionally resolved to adopt the new share award scheme (the "New Share Award Scheme").

The purposes and objectives of the New Share Award Scheme are to recognise the contributions by certain employees and persons to the Group and to provide them with incentives in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group. Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board in accordance with the scheme rules, the New Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for 10 years from the Adoption Date.

The Board may select any individual or corporate entity being a director (including executive and non-executive director), employee, officer, agent, advisor, consultant or business partner of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and other persons who/which in the opinion of the Board has contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group (the "Eligible Participant") for participation in the New Share Award Scheme and determine the number of the awarded shares to be awarded to the selected participants (the "Selected Participants").

35. 以股份支付之款項 (續)

購股權計劃 (續)

本集團於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度內確認有關以權益結算並以股份支付之款項之總支出約4,957,000港元(二零二零年：約763,000港元)。

股份獎勵計劃

董事會於二零一一年二月十一日批准採納股份獎勵計劃(「舊股份獎勵計劃」)。據此，Bank of East Asia (Trustees) Limited(「BEA受託人」)將會從市場購入並以信託形式持有現有股份(有關成本由本公司支付)。於二零一一年三月九日，董事會批准及轉撥5,000,000港元予BEA受託人。於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度，本公司將股份獎勵計劃下之股份由BEA受託人轉撥至新永安國際證券有限公司(「受託人」)。於二零二一年三月三十一日，受託人已購買並持有5,050,000股股份(二零二零年：5,050,000股)，佔本公司已發行股本約0.16%(二零二零年：約0.17%)。自舊股份獎勵計劃開始以來，概無任何人士獲授獎勵股份。

於二零一七年六月二十七日(「採納日期」)，董事會議決終止舊股份獎勵計劃，即時生效。有關終止概不影響董事會已根據舊股份獎勵計劃發行之股份。同日，董事會有條件議決採納新股份獎勵計劃(「新股份獎勵計劃」)。

新股份獎勵計劃之目的及目標為嘉許本集團若干僱員及人士之貢獻並給予獎勵，務求挽留彼等繼續為本集團之持續營運及發展效力，以及為本集團之進一步發展吸引合適人才。除非董事會決定按計劃規則提前終止，否則新股份獎勵計劃將由採納日期起生效並維持10年有效。

董事會可挑選任何身份屬本公司董事(包括執行及非執行董事)、僱員、主管人員、代理、諮詢人、顧問或業務夥伴之任何人士及法團，或其任何附屬公司及董事會認為對本集團增長或發展有貢獻或將會有所貢獻之其他人士(「合資格參與者」)參與新股份獎勵計劃，並可釐定將向經甄選之參與者(「經甄選參與者」)授出之獎勵股份數目。

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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Award Scheme (continued)

The Board shall offer the awarded shares ("Awarded Shares") to the Selected Participant(s) by any of the following ways as the Board deems fit:

- (a) subject to (i) the passing of an ordinary resolution by the Shareholders in general meeting approving the Scheme Mandate and the transactions contemplated thereunder; and (ii) the Listing Committee granting approval of the listing of, and permission to deal in, any new shares as Awarded Shares, pay such sum to the Trustee for the purpose of subscribing for the new Shares to be allotted and issued to the Trustee for the benefit of the Selected Participant(s) or allot and issue the new Shares as Awarded Shares to the Selected Participant(s) directly; and/or
- (b) pay the reference amount to the Trustee (or as it shall direct) and direct the Trustee to purchase Old Awarded Shares. The Board is entitled to impose any conditions as it deems appropriate with respect to the entitlement of the Selected Participant to the Awarded Shares.

Pursuant to the scheme rules, the total number of Shares, whether they are new shares or old shares purchased on-market by the Trustee, underlying all grants made pursuant to the New Share Award Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the total number of issued shares as at the Adoption Date. Such scheme limit may however be refreshed from time to time subject to the certain conditions set out in the New Share Award Scheme. The Company shall not make any further grant of Awarded Share(s) which would result in the total number of the Awarded Shares together with the shares which may be allotted and issued upon exercise of all outstanding share options granted but yet to be exercised under the other share option or award scheme(s) of the Company representing an aggregate over thirty per cent (30%) of the Share in issue as at the date of such grant.

Unless otherwise approved by the shareholders and subject to the adjustment in the event of consolidation or subdivision of shares, the maximum number of Shares which may be awarded to a Selected Participant under the New Share Awarded Scheme in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1 per cent (1%) of the issued share capital of the Company as at the Adoption Date or the date of refreshment of the scheme limit (as the case may be), excluding all the shares awarded under the New Share Awarded Scheme up to the Adoption Date or the latest date of refreshment.

Any Awarded Shares and the related income thereof held by the Trustee and which are referable to a Selected Participant shall vest in that Selected Participant in accordance with the timetable and conditions as imposed by the Board at its absolute discretion, provided that the Selected Participant remains at all times after the approved by the Board and on the relevant vesting date an Eligible Participant of the Group.

35. 以股份支付之款項 (續)

股份獎勵計劃 (續)

董事會可按以下其認為合適之任何方式，向經甄選參與者授出獎勵股份 (「獎勵股份」)：

- (a) 待(i)股東於股東大會上通過批准計劃授權之普通決議案以及其項下擬進行之交易；及(ii)上市委員會批准任何作為獎勵股份之新股份上市及買賣後，為經甄選參與者之利益認購將配發及發行予受託人之新股份，並就此目的向受託人支付有關款項，或直接向經甄選參與者發行新股份作為獎勵股份；及／或
- (b) 向受託人 (或按其指示) 支付參考款額，並指示受託人購買舊獎勵股份。董事會有權在其認為適當時就經甄選參與者於獎勵股份所享有之權利施加任何條件。

根據計劃規則，與根據新股份獎勵計劃作出任何獎勵有關之股份總數 (不論屬新股份或受託人在市場上購入之舊股份) 不得超過於採納日期已發行股份總數之10%。然而，上述計劃上限可在符合新股份獎勵計劃所載若干條件之情況下不時更新。倘若會導致獎勵股份總數 (連同根據本公司其他購股權或獎勵計劃已授出但有待行使之全部尚未行使購股權於獲行使時可予配發及發行之股份) 合共佔於授出當日已發行股份超過百分之三十 (30%)，本公司不得進一步授出任何獎勵股份。

除非獲股東另行批准，否則於任何12個月期間，根據新股份獎勵計劃可向一名經甄選參與者發放之股份上限數目，不得超過於採納日期或更新計劃上限當日 (視情況而定) 本公司已發行股本之百分之一 (1%) (不包括截至採納日期或最近期更新當日止根據新股份獎勵計劃發放之全部股份)。此項條件可於股份拆細或合併事件時予以調整。

受託人所持有並可轉介至經甄選參與者之任何獎勵股份及其相關收入，應按董事會全權酌情施加之時間表及條件歸屬予經甄選參與者，惟經甄選參與者須於董事會作出批准後任何時間及於相關歸屬日期時一直為本集團之合資格參與者。

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35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

Share Award Scheme (continued)

If the Board selects a director as the Selected Participant, the grant of the Awarded Shares to the director may constitute a connected transaction of the Company. However, since the grant of Awarded Shares to director forms part of the remuneration of the relevant director under his/her service contract, such grant of Awarded Shares is exempted from all the reporting, announcement and independent Shareholder's approval requirement under Rules 14A.31(6) of the Listing Rules.

For the Awarded Shares to the Selected Participants who are connected persons (excluding directors), the Company will comply with the relevant provisions of the Listing Rules in relation to the reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements. However, any grant to any director or senior management of the Company must first be approved by the Remuneration Committee.

The New Share Award Scheme shall terminate on the earlier of (i) the date falling on the 10th anniversary date of the Adoption Date and (ii) such date of early termination as determined by the Board provided that such termination shall not materially and adversely affect any subsisting rights of any Selected Participant thereunder.

On 27 June 2017, the Board has resolved 249,370,000 Awarded Shares (comprising (i) 234,140,000 Awarded Shares to be allotted and issued to the connected persons of the Company and (ii) 15,230,000 Awarded Shares to other non-connected persons of the Company) to 18 Selected Participants under the New Share Award Scheme by way of issue and allotment of new shares. On 17 August 2017, the Company passed the above ordinary resolution by the shareholders at the annual general meeting. On 22 August 2017, the Company issued the respective Awarded Shares at fair value of HK\$0.142 per share. The Group recognised total expenses of approximately HK\$35,411,000 during the year ended 31 March 2018 in relation to Awarded Shares granted by the Company.

There was no purchase of shares by the Trustee under the New Share Award Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: Nil).

36. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Authorised and contracted for capital contributions payable to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司之法定及已訂約出資

181,103 259,476

The Company did not have significant capital commitments at the end of the reporting period (2020: Nil).

於報告期末，本公司並無重大資本承擔（二零二零年：無）。

35. 以股份支付之款項（續）

股份獎勵計劃（續）

倘若董事會選出一名董事作為經甄選參與者，向該名董事授出獎勵股份可能構成本公司一項關連交易。然而，由於根據相關董事之服務合約，向董事授出獎勵股份構成相關董事之部分酬金，故有關授出獎勵股份一事可獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A.31(6)條項下之所有申報、公告及獨立股東批准規定。

倘若向身份屬關連人士之經甄選參與者（不包括董事）授予獎勵股份，本公司將遵守上市規則有關申報、公告及獨立股東批准規定之相關條文。然而，向本公司任何董事或高級管理人員作出任何授予前，必須先經薪酬委員會批准。

新股份獎勵計劃將於(i)採納日期滿第十週年之日或(ii)董事會決定提早終止（前提是有關終止不會對任何經甄選參與者在當中之任何存續權利有重大不利影響）之日期（以較早者為準）終止。

於二零一七年六月二十七日，董事會已議決根據新股份獎勵計劃以配發及發行新股份之方式，向18名經甄選參與者發放249,370,000股獎勵股份（包括(i)將向本公司關連人士配發及發行234,140,000股獎勵股份及(ii)將向其他非本公司關連人士配發及發行15,230,000股獎勵股份）。於二零一七年八月十七日，本公司股東於股東週年大會上通過上述普通決議案。於二零一七年八月二十二日，本公司按公平值每股0.142港元發行上述各數目之獎勵股份。本集團於截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度就本公司授出之獎勵股份確認總開支約35,411,000港元。

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度，受託人並無根據新股份獎勵計劃購買任何股份（二零二零年：無）。

36. 資本承擔

2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
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37. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

37. 融資活動所產生負債之對賬

下表載列本集團融資活動所產生負債之變動詳情，包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動所產生負債指現金流量曾或未來現金流量將於本集團綜合現金流量表被分類為融資活動所產生的現金流量之負債。

		Amounts due to shareholders	Amounts due to non-controlling interests	Other borrowings	Bank borrowings	Lease liabilities	Total
		應付股東款項	權益款項	其他借貸	銀行借貸	租賃負債	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		(Note 31)	(Note 32)			(Note 30)	
		(附註31)	(附註32)			(附註30)	
At 1 April 2019	於二零一九年四月一日	18,658	8,485	23,353	329	7,187	58,012
<i>Changes from financing cash flows:</i>	<i>融資現金流量之變動:</i>						
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	-	-	-	-	(3,786)	(3,786)
Repayment of bank borrowings	銀行借貸之還款	-	-	-	(316)	-	(316)
Advances from shareholders	股東墊款	16,250	-	-	-	-	16,250
Repayments to shareholders	向股東還款	(2,249)	-	-	-	-	(2,249)
Interest paid	已付利息	-	-	-	(2)	(110)	(112)
<i>Non-cash items:</i>	<i>非現金項目:</i>						
Finance costs	融資成本	50	-	128	2	390	570
Reclassification of amounts due to shareholders to amounts due to non-controlling interests	自應付股東款項重新分類至應付非控股權益款項	(560)	560	-	-	-	-
Issuance of shares for loan capitalisation	就貸款資本化發行股份	-	-	(23,502)	-	-	(23,502)
Lease termination	租約終止	-	-	-	-	(541)	(541)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(189)	-	21	(13)	(121)	(302)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	於二零二零年三月三十一日及二零二零年四月一日	31,960	9,045	-	-	3,019	44,024
<i>Changes from financing cash flows:</i>	<i>融資現金流量之變動:</i>						
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	-	-	-	-	(1,568)	(1,568)
Advances from non-controlling interests	非控股權益墊款	-	837	-	-	-	837
Repayments to shareholders	向股東還款	(551)	-	-	-	-	(551)
Interest paid	已付利息	-	-	-	-	(71)	(71)
<i>Non-cash items:</i>	<i>非現金項目:</i>						
Finance costs	融資成本	1,043	345	-	-	339	1,727
Additions of lease liabilities	新增租賃負債	-	-	-	-	3,690	3,690
Deemed capital contribution arising from shareholders	由股東產生之視作出資額	(3,159)	-	-	-	-	(3,159)
Deemed capital contribution arising from non-controlling interests	由非控股權益產生之視作出資額	-	(1,046)	-	-	-	(1,046)
Settled from issuance of shares (Note 39)	以發行股份之方式結算 (附註39)	(15,000)	-	-	-	-	(15,000)
COVID-19-related rent concession	COVID-19相關租金減免	-	-	-	-	(488)	(488)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	207	-	-	-	10	217
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	14,500	9,181	-	-	4,931	28,612

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38. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In additions to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group had entered into the following material related party transactions:

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statement is as follow:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short term employee benefits	短期僱員福利	8,127	14,848
MPF contributions	強積金供款	58	144
Equity-settled share-based payment	以權益結算並以股份支付之款項	2,366	460
		10,551	15,452

Total remuneration is included in "Staff costs" in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Related party transactions

During the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, the Group had the following material related party transactions:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Yangzhou Yuanda Daily Chemicals Co., Ltd	揚州市遠大日用化工品有限公司		
Procurement daily cleaning and anti-epidemic products (Note (i))	採購日用清潔及防疫用品 (附註(i))		
- for the period from 1 September 2020 to 31 December 2020	- 於二零二零年九月一日至二零二零年十二月三十一日期間	20,831	-
- for the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 March 2021	- 於二零二零年九月一日至二零二零年十二月三十一日期間	5,187	-
		26,018	-
Graceful Ocean International Group Holding Limited	德海國際集團控股有限公司		
Personal guarantee provided by Mr. Gao Feng for a loan (Note 25(iii))	高峰先生為貸款提供個人擔保 (附註25(iii))	27,382	25,598

The above related parties were company controlled by substantial shareholders during the reporting period. The transactions were conducted on terms and conditions mutually agreed between the relevant parties.

Note:

- (i) The transaction is continuing connected transaction during the year under Chapter 14A of Listing Rules.

38. 重大關連人士交易

除此等綜合財務報表其他地方所披露之交易及結餘外，於截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內，本集團曾訂立以下重大關連人士交易：

(a) 主要管理人員之酬金

主要管理人員之酬金(包括綜合財務報表附註10所披露之已付予本公司董事之款項)如下：

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short term employee benefits	8,127	14,848
MPF contributions	58	144
Equity-settled share-based payment	2,366	460
	10,551	15,452

酬金總額乃包括在「員工成本」(綜合財務報表附註8)內。

(b) 關連人士交易

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內，本集團曾進行以下重大關連人士交易：

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Yangzhou Yuanda Daily Chemicals Co., Ltd		
採購日用清潔及防疫用品 (附註(i))		
- 於二零二零年九月一日至二零二零年十二月三十一日期間	20,831	-
- 於二零二零年九月一日至二零二零年十二月三十一日期間	5,187	-
	26,018	-
Graceful Ocean International Group Holding Limited		
高峰先生為貸款提供個人擔保 (附註25(iii))	27,382	25,598

於報告期內，上述關連人士為主要股東所控制之公司。上述交易按關連人士之間共同協定之條款及條件進行。

附註：

- (i) 此交易根據上市規則第十四A章為本年度之持續關連交易。

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39. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTION

During the year, the Company had issued shares to settle amount due to a shareholder of approximately HK\$15,000,000.

40. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group has the following events occurred subsequent to the end of the reporting period:

- (i) On 8 April 2021, the Board has resolved to grant a total of 5,050,000 Awarded Shares to Mr. Zhang Shaoyan ("Mr. Zhang"). As Mr. Zhang is the chief investment officer of the Group and a director of Yiansheng, an indirect non wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Mr. Zhang is a connected person of the Company and the grant of the Awarded Shares constitutes a connected transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules. Since (i) Mr. Zhang is a connected person at the subsidiary level, (ii) all the applicable percentage ratios of the grant of the Awarded Shares to Mr. Zhang are below 1%, and (iii) the grant of the Awarded Shares is on normal commercial terms or better terms, such grant is fully exempt from the reporting, announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.
- (ii) On 8 April 2021, the Board has further resolved that 83,000,000 Awarded Shares are to be granted to eight non-connected grantees, which shall be satisfied by the allotment and issue of new Shares at par pursuant to the scheme mandate granted by the Shareholders at the 2020 annual general meeting and the terms of the share award Scheme adopted by the Company on 27 June 2017.

All non-connected grantees are employees of the Joint Venture Group but are not Directors or chief executive of the Group. To the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief, and having made all reasonable enquiries, none of the non-connected Grantees is a connected person of the Company.

The 83,000,000 new Awarded Shares represent the value of HK\$5,727,000, taking into account of the closing price of HK\$0.069 per Share as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on 7 April 2021.

39. 主要非現金交易

年內，本公司已透過發行股份而償付應付股東款項約15,000,000港元。

40. 報告期後事項

除該等綜合財務報表之其他地方所披露者外，本集團於報告期末後發生下列事項：

- (i) 於二零二一年四月八日，董事會議決根據本公司股份獎勵計劃向張紹岩先生（「張先生」）授出合共5,050,000股獎勵股份。由於張先生為本集團首席投資官及本公司間接非全資附屬公司易安生之董事，故張先生為本公司之關連人士，而根據上市規則，授出獎勵股份構成本公司之關連交易。由於(i)張先生為附屬公司層面之關連人士；(ii)就向張先生授出獎勵股份而言，所有適用百分比率均低於1%；及(iii)授出獎勵股份乃按正常商業條款或更佳條款進行，因此，根據上市規則，該授出可全面豁免遵守申報、公告及獨立股東批准之規定。
- (ii) 於二零二一年四月八日，董事會進一步議決向八名非關連承授人授出83,000,000股獎勵股份。該等獎勵股份將根據股東於二零二零年股東週年大會上授出之計劃授權及本公司於二零一七年六月二十七日採納之股份獎勵計劃之條款，以按面值配發及發行新股份之方式授出。

所有非關連承授人均為該合營企業集團之僱員，但並非本集團之董事或主要行政人員。據董事在作出一切合理查詢後所深知、盡悉及確信，非關連承授人概非本公司之關連人士。

按聯交所於二零二一年四月七日發出之每日報價表所載之收市價每股股份0.069港元計算，83,000,000股獎勵股份之價值為5,727,000港元。

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40. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (continued)

- (iii) Subsequent to the financial year ended 31 March 2021 and the entering into of the termination agreement on 31 March 2021 between Mr. Gao Feng, an executive Director, and the Company which terminated the subscription agreement dated 26 October 2018, Mr. Gao Feng, as lender and the Company as borrower entered into the loan facility agreement (the "Loan Facility Agreement") on 23 April 2021. Under the Loan Facility Agreement, Mr. Gao Feng granted a loan facility with zero interest to the Company in the amount of HK\$10 million until 31 December 2022. The borrowing under the loan facility will be used as general working capital for the Company. If one of the events of default happens such as if the Company is not able to repay when the payment is due under the Loan Facility Agreement, the Company will be liable to pay an interest of 5% per annum for the outstanding amount under the Loan Facility Agreement.

41. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 June 2021.

40. 報告期後事項(續)

- (iii) 於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止財政年度後，以及於訂立終止協議後，高先生(作為貸款人)與本公司(作為借款人)於二零二一年四月二十三日訂立貸款額度協議(「貸款額度協議」)。根據貸款額度協議，高先生將向本公司授出金額為10,000,000港元之零利率貸款額度至二零二二年十二月三十一日。貸款額度下之借款將用作本公司之一般營運資金。倘其中一項違約事件發生，例如本公司未能償還貸款額度協議下之到期款項，本公司將須就貸款額度協議下之未償還金額支付年利率5%之利息。

41. 綜合財務報表授權刊發

綜合財務報表已於二零二一年六月二十九日獲董事會批准及授權刊發。

