

DINGYI GROUP INVESTMENT LIMITED 鼎億集團投資有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 508)



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SEGMENT REVENUE BY GEOGRAPHICAL MARKET 按地區市場劃分之分類收入

		custo	Revenue from external customers 來自外部客戶之收入	
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	
Mainland China Hong Kong Total	中國內地 香港 總額	154,679 305 154,984	224,033 2,036 226,069	

Financial Summary 財務概要

The following is a summary of the total assets, total liabilities, total equity, share capital, results and other financial information of DINGYI GROUP INVESTMENT LIMITED (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries collectively, the "**Group**") as of year ended 31 March for the last five years.

下列為鼎億集團投資有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬 公司(統稱「本集團」)於過往五年截至三月三十一日 止年度之總資產、總負債、總權益、股本、業績及 其他財務資料概況。

Financials (HK\$ Million)	財務項目(港幣百萬元)	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年
Total assets	總資產	4,416	3,956	2,788	2,827	3,055
Total liabilities	總負債	2,942	2,482	1,572	1,296	1,447
Total equity	總權益	1,475	1,474	1,216	1,531	1,609
Shareholders' funds	股東資金	1,475	1,474	1,216	1,531	1,609
Share capital	股本					
– in number (Million)	-數目(百萬股)	7,357	7,357	7,357	7,328	6,944
– in value	一數值	74	74	74	73	69
Revenue	收入	155	226	185	271	668
(Loss)/profit attributable to the	本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/					
owners of the Company	盈利	(101)	43	(348)	(213)	(222)
Per Share Basis (HK cents)	每股(港仙)					
(Loss)/earnings – Basic	(虧損)/盈利 -基本	(1.38)	0.58	(4.75)	(3.00)	(3.79)
– Diluted	一攤薄	(1.38)	0.58	(4.75)	(3.00)	(3.79)
Dividends	股息	-	_	-	-	-
Net asset value	資產淨值	20.04	20.03	16.53	20.90	23.17

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Corporate Information 企業資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. LI Kwong Yuk *(Chairman)* Mr. SU Xiaonong *(Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. WANG Xiaohua

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. CHOW Shiu Ki Mr. CAO Kuangyu Mr. IP Chi Wai

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. CHAN Kwong Leung, Eric

AUDITOR Elite Partners CPA Limited

LEGAL ADVISERS

Jeffrey Mak Law Firm

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. SU Xiaonong Mr. CHAN Kwong Leung, Eric

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. CHOW Shiu Ki *(Chairman)* Mr. CAO Kuangyu Mr. IP Chi Wai

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. CHOW Shiu Ki *(Chairman)* Mr. SU Xiaonong Mr. CAO Kuangyu Mr. IP Chi Wai

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. LI Kwong Yuk *(Chairman)* Mr. CHOW Shiu Ki Mr. IP Chi Wai

董事會

執行董事

李光煜先生(*主席)* 蘇曉濃先生(*行政總裁)* 王曉華先生

獨立非執行董事 周肇基先生 曹貺予先生 葉志威先生

公司秘書 陳*鄺*良先生

核數師 開元信德會計師事務所有限公司

法律顧問 麥振興律師事務所

授權代表

蘇曉濃先生 陳鄺良先生

審核委員會

周肇基先生(*主席)* 曹貺予先生 葉志威先生

薪酬委員會

周肇基先生(*主席)* 蘇曉濃先生 曹貺予先生 葉志威先生

提名委員會

李光煜先生(*主席)* 周肇基先生 葉志威先生

Corporate Information 企業資料

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Construction Bank Corporation Zhanjiang Branch Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 2703, 27/F Convention Plaza – Office Tower 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT IN BERMUDA

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North, Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Standard Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong (Address to be changed to 17th Floor, Far East Finance Centre, No. 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong with effect from 15 August 2022)

SHARE LISTING

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited Stock Code: 508

WEBSITE http://www.dingyi.hk

主要往來銀行

中國建設銀行股份有限公司(湛江分行) 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司

註冊辦事處

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

於香港之主要營業地點

香港灣仔港灣道1號 會展廣場辦公大樓 27樓2703室

於百慕達之股份過戶登記總處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North, Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

於香港之股份過戶登記分處

卓佳標準有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓 (地址將更改為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17 樓,自二零二二年八月十五日起生效)

股份上市

香港聯合交易所有限公司 股份代號:508

網址

http://www.dingyi.hk

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Chairman's Statement 主席報告

By abiding the corporate spirit of "seizing early opportunities, pursuing excellence, progressing proactively and forging ahead innovatively", over the years, we have been adhering to the industry intrinsic value as the core of our investment philosophy. We believe all investment values are built on the growth and success of business operation. We applied the comprehensive investment evaluation and management system to select and invest in those enterprises that have high growth potential and solid business in their respective industry sector. Meanwhile, we also worked closely with the management teams of prominent enterprises, seeking mutual development to maximize our own investment value through the joint growth with the investees.

Like in the past, we continue to move forward dependably in achieving to "leap into the world with our foothold in China and become a professional investment institute with international competitiveness focusing on scalable industry investment". Apart from our existing securities trading, loan financing, properties development and other businesses, we persevered unremittingly to make the best use of various resources and channels to proactively seek significant opportunities that are suitable for enterprise development, so as to achieve growth for the Group in repaying the shareholders of the Company (the "**Shareholders**") for their long-term support.

During the past year, the Company devoted much time to continue exploring different investment opportunities proactively. In addition, the management team did some research in different regions in the world to explore and study other investment opportunities in resources and energy projects, properties development, financial technology, pharmaceutical and ocean industry. The Company is confident about the prospect of such investment projects. We will notify our Shareholders important information whenever is available. 秉承「把握先機、追求卓越、鋭意進取、勇於創新」 的企業精神,多年來,我們一直堅持以產業內在價 值為核心的投資理念,我們相信,一切投資價值都 是建立在產業經營的成長與成功之上。我們運用完 善的投資評價管理體系,選擇那些具有高成長性, 按照產業發展規律紮紮實實經營的企業進行投資。 與此同時,我們還和這些優秀企業的經營管理團隊 緊密合作,共謀發展,真正通過與被投資企業共同 成長來實現自身投資價值的最大化。

在實現「立足中國、面向世界,成為一家專注於規 模化產業投資、擁有國際競爭力的專業投資機構」 的征途上,我們一如既往的踏實前進著。除現有證 券買賣、貸款融資、物業發展及其他業務之外,我 們堅持不懈地使各種資源及平台得到最佳利用,以 積極尋求適合企業發展的重要機會,從而在報答本 公司股東(「**股東**」)的長期支持時亦實現本集團的成 長。

過去一年,本公司除了投入不少時間積極探討不同 的投資機會,管理團隊對世界各地進行多項調查, 考察和研究資源及能源項目、物業開發、金融科 技、醫藥及海洋產業之投資機遇。本公司對這方面 的投資項目的前景有信心,若有重要消息,當盡快 通知股東。 The loss of the Company during the year was mainly attributable to (i) the decrease in revenue of properties development business; (ii) the non-recurrence of a one-off gain on modification of the terms of convertible bonds in the amount of approximately HK\$69 million for the year ended 31 March 2021 whereas such gain was not recognised for the year ended 31 March 2022; and (iii) the increase in non-cash recognition of impairment loss for the expected credit losses of loan and interest receivables. The Group's annual revenue was mainly contributed by sale of properties and loan financing interest income.

In March 2018, the Group completed the acquisition of the 100% indirect equity interest in Xintai Investment Company Limited* (湛江鑫泰投資有限公司) ("Xintai"). Xintai is principally engaged in the development, operation and investment of property. Xintai also holds One Parkview* (${\it C}$ ${\it B}$ - ${\it fit}$), a complex land use development which is located at Chikan District, Zhanjiang, Guangdong Province, the PRC (the "Properties"). The Properties comprises of three phases, (i) phase I comprises of two blocks of residential buildings with a number of retail shops, car parks and facilities; (ii) phase II comprises of four blocks of residential buildings with a number of retail shops, car parks and facilities; and (iii) phase III comprises of ten blocks of residential buildings with a number of retail shops, car parks and facilities. The Group has obtained pre-sales permit for certain blocks of the Phase III of One Parkview project starting from June 2020 and is commencing the pre-sales under the pre-sales permits. The Company is very optimistic about the revenue and profit to be brought by the property development industry in which it will engage in the PRC in future.

The COVID-19 outbreak has resulted in an extremely complicated external environment with lots of uncertainties. However, the Group's business and operation were not adversely impacted or disrupted by COVID-19 pandemic for the year ended 31 March 2022. The Group will implement proactive epidemic prevention measures to ensure the health and safety of its employees and customers. The Group will continue to monitor the developments of the COVID-19 outbreak closely, assess and react actively to its impacts on the financial position and operating results of the Group.

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

本公司於本年度的虧損主要歸因於(1)物業發展業務 之收益減少:(ii)截至二零二一年三月三十一日止 年度之一筆過修訂可換股債券條款之收益約港幣 6,900萬元屬非經常性收益,而截至二零二二年三 月三十一日止年度並無確認有關收益:及(ii)應收貸 款及利息之預期信貸虧損之減值虧損非現金確認增 加。本集團的年度收入主要來自銷售物業及貸款融 資之利息收入。

於二零一八年三月,本集團完成收購湛江鑫泰投資 有限公司(「**鑫泰**」)的100%間接股權。鑫泰主要從 事物業開發、營運及投資。鑫泰亦持有公園一號, 為一個位於中國廣東省湛江市赤坎區之綜合土地使 用發展項目(「**該等物業**」)。該等物業包括三期,(() 第一期由兩幢住宅樓宇連同多個零售舖位、停車位 及設施組成;(ii)第二期由四幢住宅樓宇連同多個零 售舖位、停車位及設施組成;及(iii)第三期由十幢住 宅樓宇連同多個零售舖位、停車位及設施組成。本 集團自二零二零年六月起就公園一號項目第三期若 干幢樓宇取得預售許可證,且已根據預售許可證展 開預售。本公司對於未來在國內將會從事的物業開 發行業,所帶來的收入及盈利感到非常樂觀。

新冠肺炎疫情導致外圍環境極其複雜,並存在大 量不確定性。幸而,本集團截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度的業務及營運,並無受到新冠肺炎 疫情的不利影響或破壞。本集團將實施積極疫情防 範措施,確保其僱員及客戶的健康及安全。本集團 將繼續密切注意新冠肺炎疫情的發展,評估及積極 應對其對本集團財務狀況及經營業績的影響。

For identification purpose only

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Chairman's Statement 主席報告

In the future, the Group will continue to explore more investment opportunities, especially in new energy, finance, ocean industry and property development.

Finally, I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude and also my sincere thanks to all stakeholders who had made valuable contributions to the Group this year. They include our loyal Shareholders, fellow directors of the Company (the "**Directors**"), our business partners, our steadfast customers, and those hardworking and dedicated staff who have longed been supporting us.

Reward Others While Enriching Ourselves, Thus Enlightening Dingyi!

在未來,本集團將繼續探索更多投資機會,重點產 業放在新能源、金融業、海洋產業及物業開發等領 域上。

最後,本人謹藉此機會感謝為本集團於本年度做出 寶貴貢獻之所有人士,包括一直支持本集團之股 東、本公司之董事(「**董事**」)、業務夥伴、長期客戶 以及努力不懈懇於奉獻的員工,致以最衷心的謝 意。

成人道己,智慧鼎億!

Li Kwong Yuk Chairman *主席* **李光煜**

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group is principally engaged in securities trading, loan financing, properties development and other businesses.

The Group's revenue from its continuing operations for the year amounted to approximately HK\$155 million or HK\$71 million less than that for the previous year. There was a loss for the year attributable to the Company's owners of approximately HK\$101 million (2021: profit of approximately HK\$43 million). Such turnaround from profit to loss was mainly attributable to (i) the decrease in revenue of properties development business; (ii) the non-recurrence of a one-off gain on modification of the terms of convertible bonds in the amount of approximately HK\$69 million for the year ended 31 March 2021 whereas such gain was not recognised for the year ended 31 March 2022; and (iii) the increase in non-cash recognition of impairment loss for the expected credit losses of loan and interest receivables.

The basic and diluted loss per share was HK1.38 cents as compared with earnings per share of HK0.58 cents last year.

Securities trading

During the year, the Group has been involved in the securities trading business. The Group had realised loss on the disposal of these listed securities investments amounting to approximately HK\$60,000 during the year (2021: approximately HK\$1 million). The Group recorded a loss of approximately HK\$1 million (2021: gain of approximately HK\$33 million) arising from changes in the fair value of the listed securities. As a result, the Group reported a segment loss of approximately HK\$1 million (2021: gain of approximately HK\$32 million) during the year. Going forward, the Group expects that the future performance of the listed securities investments held by the Group will be volatile and substantially affected by overall economic environment, equity market conditions, investor sentiment and the business performance and development of the investee companies. The Board will closely monitor the performance progress of the investment portfolio from time to time.

Loan financing

During the year, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$148 million (2021: approximately HK\$171 million) from Ioan financing segment. The Group recorded an allowance for impairment of Ioan and interest receivables of approximately HK\$60 million (2021: reversal of approximately HK\$20 million). As a result, the Group reported a segment profit of approximately HK\$88 million (2021: approximately HK\$191 million). The Group will further develop this segment in order to earn a higher interest income.

業務回顧

本集團主要從事證券買賣、貸款融資、物業發展及 其他業務。

本集團於本年度之持續經營業務收入為約港幣1.55 億元,較去年減少港幣7,100萬元。本公司之擁有 人應佔年度虧損為約港幣1.01億元(二零二一年: 溢利約港幣4,300萬元)。該由盈轉虧主要歸因於(i) 物業發展業務之收益減少;(ii)截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度之一筆過修訂可換股債券條款之收 益約港幣6,900萬元屬非經常性收益,而截至二零 二二年三月三十一日止年度並無確認有關收益;及 (iii)應收貸款及利息之預期信貸虧損之減值虧損非現 金確認增加。

每股基本及攤薄虧損為港幣1.38仙,而去年則為每 股盈利港幣0.58仙。

證券買賣

年內,本集團開展證券買賣業務。年內,本集團 就出售該等上市證券投資之已變現虧損約港幣 60,000元(二零二一年:約港幣100萬元)。本集團 錄得上市證券公允值變動產生之虧損約港幣100萬 元(二零二一年:收益約港幣3,300萬元)。因此, 年內,本集團呈報分類虧損約港幣100萬元(二零 二一年:收益約港幣3,200萬元)。展望未來,本集 團預計,本集團持有的上市證券投資的未來表現將 有所波動,並很大程度上受整體經濟環境、股權市 場狀況、投資者情緒及被投資公司的業務表現及發 展的影響,董事會將不時密切監察投資組合之表現 進展。

貸款融資

於本年度內,本集團從貸款融資分類錄得收入約 港幣1.48億元(二零二一年:約港幣1.71億元)。 本集團就應收貸款及利息的減值撥備錄得約港幣 6,000萬元(二零二一年:撥回約港幣2,000萬元)。 因此,本集團匯報分類盈利約港幣8,800萬元(二零 二一年:約港幣1.91億元)。本集團將進一步發展 此分類以賺取更高利息收入。

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Properties development

During the year, the Group recorded a revenue of approximately HK\$7 million (2021: approximately HK\$55 million) and segment loss of approximately HK\$15 million (2021: profit of approximately HK\$11 million). The decrease in revenue was mainly due to the decrease from sales of car parks and remaining units left over from old property projects. The Group has obtained pre-sales permit for certain blocks of the Phase III of One Parkview project starting from June 2020 and is commencing the pre-sales under the pre-sales permits. The Group anticipates further revenue and positive results from this segment in the future upon completion of properties under development and the sales of completed properties.

Other businesses – trading of wine

The Group has kept certain quantities of fine wines. The stocks will be offered to sell when the market prices are favorable such that the Group can obtain a good return on the trading. At present, the stocks are kept in the wine cellar situated in Hong Kong.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

As at 31 March 2022, the total number of issued shares of the Company was 7,356,783,015 (31 March 2021: 7,357,008,015) of HK\$0.01 each and its issued share capital was HK\$73,567,830 (31 March 2021: HK\$73,570,080).

During the year ended 31 March 2022, a total of 225,000 repurchased shares were cancelled.

Save as disclosed above, there was no change in the capital structure of the Company during the year.

OUTSTANDING CONVERTIBLE BONDS

As at 31 March 2022, the Company has outstanding convertible bonds in the aggregate principal amount of HK\$980,000,000 (the "**Outstanding Convertible Bonds**") with the conversion price of HK\$0.80 per share. The number of shares that would be issued upon full conversion of the Outstanding Convertible Bonds is 1,225,000,000 shares (representing approximately 16.65% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 March 2022 and approximately 14.27% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by such outstanding conversion shares).

物業發展

年內,本集團錄得收入約港幣700萬元(二零二一 年:約港幣5,500萬元)及分類虧損約港幣1,500萬 元(二零二一年:溢利約港幣1,100萬元)。收入減 少主要由於停車場及舊物業項目的餘下單位銷售減 少。本集團已於二零二零年六月起就公園一號項目 第三期若干幢樓宇取得預售許可證,且已根據預售 許可證展開預售。於完成發展中物業及出售已竣工 物業後的未來年度,本集團預期將進一步錄得來自 該分類的收入及正面業績。

其他業務-酒類買賣

本集團已保存一定數量之優質酒。該等存貨將於市 價高時賣出,以令本集團可獲得理想之貿易回報。 現時,該等存貨存置於香港之酒窖。

資本架構

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本公司之已發行股 份總數為7,356,783,015股(二零二一年三月三十一 日:7,357,008,015股)每股面值港幣0.01元之股份 及其已發行股本為港幣73,567,830元(二零二一年 三月三十一日:港幣73,570,080元)。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,合共 225,000股已回購股份已被註銷。

除上文所披露者外,本公司於年內之資本架構並無 變動。

尚未行使可換股債券

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本公司有面值總額 為港幣980,000,000元之可換股債券尚未行使(「**尙** 未行使可換股債券」),轉換價為每股港幣0.80 元。悉數轉換尚未行使可換股債券將發行之股份 為1,225,000,000股(佔本公司於二零二二年三月 三十一日之已發行股本約16.65%及經有關未發行 換股股份擴大之本公司已發行股本約14.27%)。

Assuming that the Outstanding Convertible Bonds were converted in full as at 31 March 2022, the respective shareholdings of the substantial shareholders of the Company would have been changed as follows:

假設尚未行使可換股債券於二零二二年三月三十一 日獲悉數轉換,本公司主要股東各自之持股量將出 現下列變動:

Before conversion of Outstanding Convertible Bonds

列變動: Immediately after conversion of

Outstanding Convertible Bonds

	尚未行使可換服	伇債券轉換前	緊隨尙未行使可換股債券 轉換後		
Name of Substantial Shareholders 主要股東姓名/名稱	Number of shares held 持有股份數量	% of total issued shares 佔總發行股份%	Number of shares held 持有股份數量	% of total issued shares 佔總發行股份%	
Mr. LI Kwong Yuk 李光煜先生	3,288,685,405 (Note 1) (附註1)	44.70%	4,513,685,405 (Note 1) (附註1)	52.60%	
China State Shipbuilding Corporation Limited* (Note 2) 中國船舶集團有限公司(附註2)	908,685,000	12.35%	908,685,000	10.59%	
China Shipbuilding Capital Limited (Note 2) 中國船舶資本有限公司(附註2)	908,685,000	12.35%	908,685,000	10.59%	
Total issued shares 總發行股份	7,356,783,015		8,581,783,015		
Notos		K (力 言主) :			

- Notes:
- 1. Including shares held by Mr. Li Kwong Yuk, Wincon Capital Investment Limited ("WCIL"), Wincon Asset Management Limited ("WAML") and Win Master Group Limited ("WMGL"). WCIL, WAML and WMGL are wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Li. To the best of the Directors' knowledge, as at the date of this report, Mr. Li has no present intention to exercise the conversion rights attached to the Outstanding Convertible Bonds to an extent which would render him obliged to make a mandatory offer under Rule 26 of the Code on Takeovers and Mergers issued by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong.
- China Shipbuilding Capital Limited was wholly owned by 中國船舶集團有限公司 (China State Shipbuilding Corporation Limited*). By virtue of the SFO, 中國船 舶集團有限公司 (China State Shipbuilding Corporation Limited*) was deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by China Shipbuilding Capital Limited.

附註:

- 包括李光煜先生、永冠資本投資有限公司(「永冠資本」)、永冠資產管理有限公司(「永冠資產」)及Win Master Group Limited(「WMGL」)持有的股份。永冠 資本、永冠資產及WMGL由李先生全資及實益擁有。 據董事所深知,於本報告日期,李先生目前無意行使 尚未行使可換股債券所附的換股權,據此其須根據香 港證券及期貨事務監察委員會頒佈的公司收購及合併 守則第26條提出強制性要約。
- 中國船舶資本有限公司由中國船舶集團有限公司全資 擁有。根據證券及期貨條例,中國船舶集團有限公司 被視為於中國船舶資本有限公司所持有本公司股份中 擁有權益。

* For identification purpose only

僅供識別

The dilutive impact on the loss per share of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 is not applicable as conversion of the Outstanding Convertible Bonds (if any) would have resulted in decrease in loss per share.

EVENTS AFTER REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent amendments to the terms and conditions of the other bond

On 24 June 2022, the Company entered into the fourth deed of amendments to further extend the maturity date of the other bond in the principal amounts of HK\$220,000,000 and HK\$59,500,000 to 31 May 2023.

Cancellation of Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") offsetting mechanism

On 9 June 2022, the third reading of a bill for cancelling the MPF offsetting mechanism (the "**Bill**") was passed in the Legislative Council. After the Bill takes effect, employers can no longer offset employees' severance payments or long-service payments against the MPF derived from the employer's mandatory and voluntary contributions. The offsetting mechanism will be cancelled starting from 2025.

The matter mentioned above will have impact to the Group's provision for long service payments ("**LSP**"). Upon the MPF offsetting mechanism is cancelled, the Group can no longer deduct LSP from their portion of MPF contributions. The abolition of the offsetting arrangement has no retrospective effect.

As at the date of the issue of the financial statements, the exact effective date of the abolition is yet to be determined and the details arrangement is yet to be announced by the government. This is a nonadjusting event after the reporting period as the event did not relate to the obligation of the LSP at the end of the reporting period, but reflects the circumstances (i.e. the law) that have arisen subsequently.

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of the Bill to the Group. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether the abolishment of the MPF offsetting mechanism will result in a substantial change to the Group's financial statements.

Other than the abovementioned, no other material subsequent event is noted.

本集團截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度每股虧 損之攤薄影響並不適用,原因為轉換尚未行使可換 股債券(如有)將令每股虧損減少。

報告期後事項

對其他債券條款及條件之後續修訂

於二零二二年六月二十四日,本公司訂立第四份修 訂契據,以進一步將本金額為港幣220,000,000元 及港幣59,500,000元之其他債券的到期日延長至二 零二三年五月三十一日。

取消強積金(「強積金」)抵銷機制

於二零二二年六月九日,立法會第三次通過取消強 積金抵銷機制法案(「**法案**」)。法案生效後,僱主不 得再以僱主強制性及自願性供款產生的僱員遣散 費或長期服務金與強積金抵銷。抵銷機制將自二零 二五年起取消。

上述事項將影響本集團之長期服務金(「**長期服務** 金」)撥備。於強積金抵銷機制取消後,本集團不能 再從彼等之強積金供款部分中扣除長期服務金。廢 除抵銷安排並無追溯效力。

於財務報表刊發日期,有關廢除之確實生效日期尚 未釐定,而政府尚未公佈詳細安排。該事件為報告 期後的非調整事件,原因為該事件與長期服務金於 報告期末的責任無關,惟反映其後出現的情況(即 法律)。

本集團已開始評估法案對本集團的影響。本集團尚 未能確定廢除強積金抵銷機制會否導致本集團財務 報表出現重大變動。

除上文所述者外,概無發現其他重大其後事項。

STRATEGY AND OUTLOOK

The COVID-19 outbreak has resulted in an extremely complicated external environment with lots of uncertainties. However, the Group's business and operation were not adversely impacted or disrupted by COVID-19 pandemic for the year ended 31 March 2022. The Group will implement proactive epidemic prevention measures to ensure the health and safety of its employees and customers. The Group will continue to monitor the developments of the COVID-19 outbreak closely, assess and react actively to its impacts on the financial position and operating results of the Group.

Apart from the existing businesses of securities trading, loan financing, properties development and other businesses, the Group will continue to explore other potential investment opportunities with reasonable returns that meet the Company's criteria. This will not only strengthen our core business but also increase the shareholders' values. The Group has been exploring some investment opportunities in resources and energy projects, properties development, financial technology, pharmaceutical and ocean industry.

策略及展望

新冠肺炎疫情導致外圍環境極其複雜,並存在大 量不確定性。幸而,本集團截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度的業務及營運,並無受到新冠肺炎 疫情的不利影響或破壞。本集團將實施積極疫情防 範措施,確保其僱員及客戶的健康及安全。本集團 將繼續密切注意新冠肺炎疫情的發展,評估及積極 應對其對本集團財務狀況及經營業績的影響。

除現有證券買賣、貸款融資、物業發展及其他業務 外,本集團將繼續探索其他符合本公司合理回報標 準之潛在投資機遇。此舉不僅將鞏固本集團之核心 業務,亦將提升股東之價值。本集團一直在物色若 干於資源及能源項目、物業開發、金融科技、醫藥 及海洋產業之投資機遇。

Financial Review 財務回顧

REVENUE

The Group's revenue decreased from approximately HK\$226 million in 2021 to approximately HK\$155 million in 2022, mainly because of a decrease of revenue in properties development segment.

GROSS PROFIT

The gross profit decreased by approximately HK\$55 million, or 26.5%, from approximately HK\$208 million in 2021 to approximately HK\$153 million in 2022. The gross profit margin increased from approximately 92.2% in 2021 to approximately 98.8% in 2022.

OTHER INCOME

Other income decreased to approximately HK\$1 million this year (2021: approximately HK\$3 million). The decrease was mainly because no government grant was received for the year ended 31 March 2022.

SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION COSTS AND GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling and distribution costs decreased to approximately HK\$11 million (2021: approximately HK\$14 million) which was mainly due to the decrease of marketing expenses. General and administrative expenses decreased to approximately HK\$43 million (2021: approximately HK\$45 million) which was mainly due to the cost saving resulted by an implementation of cost control during the year.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment decreased to approximately HK\$11 million in this year (2021: approximately HK\$14 million).

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, representing equity securities listed in Hong Kong, Shanghai and London, of approximately HK\$33 million (2021: approximately HK\$34 million). The Group recorded a loss of approximately HK\$1 million (2021: gain of approximately HK\$33 million) arising from changes in fair value of listed securities. Since there was no financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group valued more than 5% of the total assets of the Group as at 31 March 2022, there were no significant investments held by the Group.

收入

本集團之收入由二零二一年約港幣2.26億元減少至 二零二二年約港幣1.55億元,乃主要由於物業開發 分類收入減少所致。

毛利

毛利由二零二一年約港幣2.08億元減少至二零 二二年約港幣1.53億元,減幅約港幣5,500萬元或 26.5%。毛利率由二零二一年約92.2%増加至二零 二二年約98.8%。

其他收入

本年度之其他收入減少至約港幣100萬元(二零 二一年:約港幣300萬元)。減少主要由於截至二 零二二年三月三十一日止年度並無收到政府補貼所 致。

銷售及分銷成本及一般及行政費用

銷售及分銷成本減少至約港幣1,100萬元(二零二一年:約港幣1,400萬元),主要歸因於營銷開支減 少。一般及行政費用減少至約港幣4,300萬元(二零 二一年:約港幣4,500萬元),乃主要由於透過實施 成本控制節省成本。

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備於本年度減少至約港幣1,100萬 元(二零二一年:約港幣1,400萬元)。

重大投資

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團擁有於損益賬 按公允值處理的金融資產,即在香港、上海及倫敦 上市的股權證券,為約港幣3,300萬元(二零二一 年:約港幣3,400萬元)。本集團錄得上市證券公允 值變動產生之虧損約港幣1百萬元(二零二一年: 收益約港幣3,300萬元)。由於本集團持有於損益賬 按公允值處理的金融資產價值不超過本集團在二零 二二年三月三十一日的資產總值5%,因此本集團 概無持有重大投資。

CASH AND BANK BALANCES

Cash and bank balances decreased from approximately HK\$307 million in last year to approximately HK\$152 million this year.

SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND FINANCIAL RATIOS

As at 31 March 2022, the Group's net assets attributable to the owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$1,475 million (2021: HK\$1,474 million), an increase of approximately HK\$1 million when compared with that of 2021.

As at 31 March 2022, total debt to equity ratio was 0.61 (2021: 1.04) and net debt to equity ratio was 0.51 (2021: 0.83), which were expressed as a percentage of total borrowings and total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents respectively, over the total equity of approximately HK\$1,475 million (2021: HK\$1,474 million).

BANK BORROWING, PROMISSORY NOTE AND CONVERTIBLE BONDS

As at 31 March 2022, the Group's bank borrowing, promissory note and convertible bonds amounted to approximately Nil, HK\$6 million and HK\$893 million respectively (31 March 2021: approximately HK\$384 million, HK\$5 million and HK\$1,141 million respectively).

CHARGE ON ASSETS

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had no charge on assets.

As at 31 March 2021, the Group's properties under development with a carrying amounts of approximately HK\$980 million was pledged to a bank for bank borrowing.

現金及銀行結餘

現金及銀行結餘由去年之港幣3.07億元減少至本年 度約港幣1.52億元。

股東資金及財務比率

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本公司擁有人應佔之 本集團資產淨值約港幣14.75億元(二零二一年: 港幣14.74億元),較二零二一年增加約港幣100萬 元。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,總債務與權益比率 為0.61(二零二一年:1.04),而淨債務與權益比率 為0.51(二零二一年:0.83),此乃分別將借款總額 及借款總額減現金及現金等價物除以總權益約港幣 14.75億元(二零二一年:港幣14.74億元)而得出之 比率。

銀行借款、承兑票據及可換股債券

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團銀行借款、承 兑票據及可換股債券分別約為零、港幣600萬元及 港幣8.93億元(二零二一年三月三十一日:分別約 港幣3.84億元、港幣500萬元及港幣11.41億元)。

資產抵押

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團並無已抵押之 資產。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團賬面值約為港 幣9.80億元之發展中物業已抵押予銀行以獲得銀行 借款。

Financial Review 財務回顧

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

Most of the Group's assets are denominated in Hong Kong dollars ("**HKD**"), Renminbi ("**RMB**"), United States dollars ("**USD**") and Australian dollars ("**AUD**"). Considering the exchange rates between these currencies are relatively stable, the Group believed that the corresponding exposure to RMB, USD and AUD exchange rates fluctuation was relatively limited. The Group does not undertake any derivative financial instruments or hedging instruments. The Group will constantly review the economic situation and its foreign currency risk profile, and continues to actively monitor foreign exchange exposure to minimise the impact of any adverse currency movement.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 March 2022 and 2021, the Group had no contingent liabilities.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had capital commitments of approximately HK\$262,578,000 (2021: approximately HK\$132,279,000).

TREASURY POLICIES

The Group adopts conservative treasury policies in cash and financial management. To achieve better risk control and minimise the cost of funds, the Group's treasury activities are centralised. Cash is generally placed in short-term deposits mostly denominated in HKD, USD, RMB or AUD. The Group's liquidity and financing requirements are frequently reviewed. In anticipating new investments, the Group will consider new financing channels while maintaining an appropriate level of gearing.

外匯風險

本集團的大部份資產以港幣(「**港幣**」)、人民幣(「**人** 民幣」)、美元(「**美元**」)及澳元(「**溴元**」)計值。考慮 到該等貨幣之間的匯率相對穩定,本集團認為人民 幣、美元及澳元匯率波動的相應風險相對有限。本 集團並無涉及任何衍生金融工具或對沖工具。本集 團將持續檢討經濟狀況及其外幣風險情況,並繼續 積極監察外匯風險以盡量減少任何不利貨幣變動的 影響。

或有負債

於二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團 並無或有負債。

資本承擔

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團資本承擔 為約港幣262,578,000元(二零二一年:約港幣 132,279,000元)。

庫務政策

本集團對現金及財務管理採取審慎之庫務政策。為 更好管控風險及將資金成本降至最低,本集團之庫 務事宜均集中處理。現金一般以大部份以港幣、美 元、人民幣或澳元為單位之短期存款存置。本集團 經常對其流動資金及融資需要作出檢討。因應新投 資項目,在維持適當之資產負債水平下,本集團將 考慮新的融資渠道。

Directors and Senior Management Profile 董事及高級管理層簡介

Set out below are the biographical details of the current Directors:

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Li Kwong Yuk ("Mr. Li")

Mr. Li, aged 60, joined the Company as executive Director and chairman of the Company on 27 October 2011. He is also the chairman of the nomination committee (the "Nomination **Committee**") and directors of various subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Li is a businessman with over 13 years' investment experience in the highway industry in The People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). He studied at Guangzhou Institute of Foreign Trade from 1978 to 1981. Mr. Li had worked on various investment projects in areas such as infrastructure and finance in Hong Kong and the PRC. He has 50% shareholding in Wincon International Limited ("Wincon International"), a company set up by Mr. Li and incorporated in Hong Kong, which is principally engaged in investment business in highways in the PRC. He is a sole director and the beneficial owner of Wincon Capital Investment Limited, the controlling Shareholder. and also directors of various companies including Wincon International, Wincon Asset Management Limited, Win Master Group Limited, Dingyi Wantong Investment (HK) Limited, Dingyi Venture Capital (HK) Limited, Dingyi New Energy Investment Limited, 廣州環 龍高速公路有限公司 (Guangzhou Huan Long Expressway Co., Ltd., being its unofficial English translation) and 深圳市鼎億萬通投資有 限公司 (Shenzhen Dingyi Wantong Investment Co., Ltd., being its unofficial English translation).

現任董事之履歷詳情載列如下:

執行董事 李光煜先生(「李先生」)

李先生,60歲,於二零一一年十月二十七日加入 本公司出任執行董事兼主席。彼亦為本公司提名委 員會(「提名委員會」)主席及多間附屬公司之董事。 李先生現為商人,於中華人民共和國(「中國」)之公 路行業擁有逾十三年投資經驗。彼於一九七八年至 一九八一年就讀於廣州對外貿易學院。李先生曾在 香港及中國之各投資項目領域(如基礎設施及金融) 工作。彼持有永冠國際有限公司(「永冠國際」)(一 家由李先生成立及於香港註冊成立之公司)之50% 股權,該公司主要於中國從事公路投資業務。彼為 控股股東永冠資本投資有限公司之唯一董事及實益 擁有人,亦為多家公司(包括永冠國際、永冠資產 管理有限公司、Win Master Group Limited、鼎億 萬通(香港)投資有限公司、鼎億資本(香港)投資有 限公司、鼎億新能源投資有限公司、廣州環龍高速 公路有限公司及深圳市鼎億萬通投資有限公司)之 董事。

Directors and Senior Management Profile 董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Su Xiaonong ("Mr. Su")

Mr. Su, aged 58, joined the Company as executive Director and chief executive officer of the Company (the "Chief Executive Officer") on 27 October 2011. He is also a member of the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and directors of various subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Su graduated from East China College of Political Science and Law in 1986. He has been director or management of various venture capital, private equity and investment consultancy companies in the PRC, including 深圳市國發投資管理 有限公司 (Shenzhen Gofar Investment Management Co., Ltd., being its unofficial English translation) during the period from April 2003 to November 2007. Mr. Su currently works at 深圳市中聯易業投資顧 間有限公司 (Shenzhen Union Venture Capital Consulting Co., Ltd., being its unofficial English translation) and 深圳市鼎億萬通投資有限公 司 (Shenzhen Dingyi Wantong Investment Co., Ltd., being its unofficial English translation). He is also a partner and vice president of Shenzhen Dingvi Venture Capital L.P.,

Mr. Wang Xiaohua ("Mr. Wang")

Mr. Wang, aged 60, graduated from the Nankai University with a bachelor's degree in Economics and a master's degree in International Economics and Trade. He has more than 30 years' experience in investment banking and equity investment fund. He served as a lecturer in the Faculty of Economics in the Nankai University from July 1986 to October 1996 and worked as a senior manager in the investment banking department of CITIC Securities Company Limited from May 1996 to December 1998. Mr. Wang joined 深圳市創新投資集團有限公司 (Shenzhen Capital Group Co., Limited) in August 1999 and currently serves as a senior investment manager of that company. He was a director of 廣州瑞立科密汽車電 子股份有限公司 (Guangzhou Ruili Kormee Automatic Electronics Co., Ltd.) (being a subsidiary of 瑞立集團有限公司 (Ruili Group Co., Ltd) which was previously listed on NASDAQ) and 深圳市意可曼生物科技 有限公司 (Shenzhen Ecomann Biotechnology Co., Ltd.).

蘇曉濃先生(「蘇先生」)

蘇先生,58歲,於二零一一年十月二十七日加入 本公司出任本公司之執行董事兼行政總裁(「**行政總** 裁」)。彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會(「**薪酬委員會**」)之 成員及多間附屬公司之董事。蘇先生於一九八六年 於華東政法大學畢業。彼一直擔任中國多間風險資 本、私募股權及投資顧問公司之董事或管理層職 務,其中包括於二零零三年四月至二零零七年十一 月期間任職於深圳市國發投資管理有限公司。蘇先 生現任職於深圳市中聯易業投資顧問有限公司及深 圳市鼎億萬通投資有限公司。彼亦為深圳市鼎億資 本投資企業(有限合夥)之合夥人兼副總裁。

王曉華先生(「王先生」)

王先生,60歲,畢業於南開大學,獲經濟學學士 學位及國際經濟貿易碩士學位。彼於投資銀行及股 權投資基金擁有超過30年經驗。彼於一九八六年 七月至一九九六年十月擔任南開大學經濟學院講 師,於一九九六年五月至一九九八年十二月擔任中 信證券股份有限公司投資銀行部高級經理。王先生 於一九九九年八月加入深圳市創新投資集團有限公 司,目前擔任該公司的高級投資經理。彼亦曾擔任 廣州瑞立科密汽車電子股份有限公司(為曾於納斯 達克上市之瑞立集團有限公司的董事。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chow Shiu Ki ("Mr. Chow")

Mr. Chow, aged 54, joined the Company as independent non-executive Director on 27 October 2011. He is also chairman of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee. Mr. Chow has accumulated years of working experience in auditing, accounting and corporate finance areas. He holds a Master Degree in Professional Accounting. Mr. Chow is a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has worked for various private and listed companies at senior management level. He is currently serving in a senior management role in a consultancy services company. He served as an independent non-executive director of China Assurance Finance Group Limited (a company listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange, stock code: 8090 and was delisted on 12 March 2021) from December 2011 to March 2021.

Mr. Cao Kuangyu ("Mr. Cao")

Mr. Cao, aged 72, joined the Company as independent non-executive Director on 12 December 2014. He is also a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Cao holds a Bachelor Degree in Economics from the University of Hunan and a Master Degree in Financial Management from the University of London. Mr. Cao has extensive experience in the areas of banking and finance. He worked in Bank of China, Hunan Province branch for the period from July 1981 to February 1996 and his last position was the deputy president of the branch. For the period from February 1996 to September 1999, Mr. Cao was the deputy general manager of Bank of China, Singapore branch. For the period from September 1999 to September 2003, he was the president of China Citic Bank, Shenzhen branch. Then he worked as the managing director of the investment banking division of BOCI Asia Limited from September 2003 to September 2007. Mr. Cao is currently an independent non-executive director of New Silkroad Culturaltainment Limited (stock code: 472) and Dongwu Cement International Limited (stock code: 695), both of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He was an independent non-executive director of Macrolink Capital Holdings Limited (stock code: 758), which is listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from January 2013 to June 2021.

獨立非執行董事

周肇基先生(「周先生」)

周先生,54歲,於二零一一年十月二十七日加入 本公司出任獨立非執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會及 薪酬委員會之主席及提名委員會之成員。周先生在 核數、會計及企業融資方面累積多年的工作經驗。 彼持有專業會計學碩士學位。周先生為英國特許公 認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會資深會 員。彼曾於多家私人企業及上市公司出任高級管理 層職務。彼現於一間顧問服務公司擔任高管職務。 彼曾於二零一一年十二月至二零二一年三月於中國 融保金融集團有限公司(一間於聯交所GEM上市之 公司,股份代號:8090,於二零二一年三月十二 日除牌)任獨立非執行董事。

曹貺予先生(「曹先生」)

曹先生,72歲,於二零一四年十二月十二日加入 本公司出任獨立非執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會 及薪酬委員會成員。曹先生持有湖南大學經濟學 學士學位及倫敦大學金融管理碩士學位。曹先生 於銀行業及金融界積累豐富經驗。彼曾於一九八一 年七月至一九九六年二月期間於中國銀行湖南省分 行就職,位至分行副行長。於一九九六年二月至 一九九九年九月期間,曹先生曾出任中國銀行新加 坡分行副總經理。於一九九九年九月至二零零三年 九月期間,彼曾擔任中信銀行深圳分行行長,其後 於二零零三年九月至二零零七年九月期間為中銀國 際亞洲有限公司投資銀行部董事總經理。曹先生現 為新絲路文旅有限公司(股份代號:472)及東吳水 泥國際有限公司(股份代號:695)(兩間公司均於 聯交所主板上市)之獨立非執行董事。彼亦曾於二 零一三年一月至二零二一年六月擔任新華聯資本有 限公司(股份代號:758)之獨立非執行董事,該公 司於聯交所主板上市。

Directors and Senior Management Profile 董事及高級管理層簡介

Mr. Ip Chi Wai ("Mr. Ip")

Mr. Ip, aged 54, joined the Company as independent non-executive Director on 31 March 2016. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee. He graduated from The University of Hong Kong with a Degree of a Bachelor of Laws. He is a qualified solicitor in Hong Kong and has more than 20 years of experience in the legal profession. Mr. Ip is currently an independent non-executive director of Asia Standard Hotel Group Limited (stock code: 292) and Wealthy Way Group Limited (stock code: 3848), both of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Ji Jiaqi ("Mr. Ji")

Mr. Ji, aged 55, joined the Company as executive president on 20 February 2017. Mr. Ji has over 20 years of experience in scientific research and practical work on risk control and investment operation in financial market. Mr. Ji holds a Bachelor's Degree in Science from South China Normal University, a Postgraduate Degree in Economics from the Communist Party School in Guangdong and a Doctoral Degree in Finance from College of Economics of Jinan University. He has published numerous articles in major periodicals relating to financial and public management sectors. He once worked in provincial governments, universities, and engaged in the bankruptcy works of (廣東國際信託投資公司) Guangdong International Trust Investment Corporation* and reorganization of Guangdong Holdings Limited. He is currently an adjunct professor of Tsinghua University and Jinan University respectively, and also a distinguished visiting professor of Central University of Finance and Economics.

葉志威先生(「葉先生」)

葉先生,54歲,於二零一六年三月三十一日加入 本公司出任獨立非執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會、 提名委員會及薪酬委員會成員。彼畢業於香港大 學,持有法學學士學位。彼為香港之合資格律師, 擁有逾二十年法律執業經驗。葉先生現為泛海酒店 集團有限公司(股份代號:292)及富道集團有限公 司(股份代號:3848)之獨立非執行董事,該等公 司均於聯交所主板上市。

高級管理層 紀家琪先生(「紀先生」)

紀先生,55歲,於二零一七年二月二十日加入本 公司,擔任執行總裁。紀先生於金融市場風險管控 及投資運作之科研與實踐工作擁有逾二十年經驗。 紀先生持有華南師範大學理學學士學位、中共廣東 省委黨校經濟學研究生及暨南大學經濟學院金融學 博士學位。彼曾發表多篇文章於金融及公共管理領 域之重要雜誌。彼曾任職於省政府、高校,參與過 廣東國際信託投資公司破產和廣東粵海控股集團有 限公司重組工作。彼目前仍分別擔任清華大學及暨 南大學之兼職教授,並為中央財經大學特聘教授。

For identification purpose only

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Directors and Senior Management Profile 董事及高級管理層簡介

Ms. Kuang Yating ("Ms. Kuang")

Ms. Kuang, aged 32, joined the Company as an investment analyst on 3 January 2017. Ms. Kuang has 5 years of experience in data analysis, corporate finance and investment management. Ms. Kuang holds a Dual Bachelor's Degree in Management and Law from Jinan University, a Master's Degree in Finance from University of Bath, England. She was granted the international mathematical modelling award. She obtained the Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA) and Financial Risk Manager (FRM) Licenses and is a member of the HK Society of Financial Analysts. She worked at the group business unit of China Construction Bank Corporation, specializing in constructing performance models for banks and provision of investment and financing proposals for clients.

鄺雅婷女士(「鄺女士」)

鄺女士,32歲,於二零一七年一月三日加入本公司,擔任投資分析師。鄺女士於數據分析、企業融資及投資管理擁有五年經驗。鄺女士持有暨南大學管理學及法學雙學士學位,英國巴斯大學金融學碩士學位。彼曾獲國際數學建模獎項。彼持特許金融分析師證書及金融風險管理師證書,並為香港財經分析師學會會員。彼曾任職於中國建設銀行股份有限公司之集團客戶部門,專長於為銀行構建業績模型及為客戶提供投融資方案。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance and has introduced corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of its business.

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "**Listing Rules**") on the Stock Exchange.

In the opinion of the Directors, the Company has complied with all code provisions of the CG Code during the year ended 31 March 2022 except for certain deviations disclosed in this report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code (the "**Model Code**") for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as its code of conduct for securities transactions by Directors during the year ended 31 March 2022.

The Company has made specific enquiries to all the Directors and they have confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2022.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The overall management of the business of the Company is vested in the Board, which assumes the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. All Directors should make decisions objectively in the interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company (the "**Shareholders**") as a whole. The Board has delegated the power to oversee the daily operational matters of the Group to the management of the Company under the supervision of the Board.

企業管治守則

本公司致力於維持高水平之企業管治,並已引入適 合其業務之進行及發展之企業管治常規。

本公司之企業管治常規乃根據聯交所證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄十四所載企業管治守則(「企業管 治守則」)內載有之原則及守則條文制定。

董事認為,除本報告披露的若干偏離外,本公司已 於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內遵守企業 管治守則之所有守則條文。

董事進行之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董 事進行證券交易的標準守則(「**標準守則**」)作為其董 事於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內進行證 券交易的守則。

本公司已向全體董事作出特定查詢,彼等確認於截 至二零二二年三月三十一日止整個年度已遵守標準 守則所載的規定準則。

董事會

董事會負責整體管理本公司的業務,其肩負著領導 及控制本公司的責任,並共同承擔指導及監督本公 司事務的責任,推動本公司達致成功。全體董事 應以本公司及本公司股東(「**股東**」)的整體利益為依 歸,客觀地作出決策。董事會已授權本公司之管理 層在董事會的監察下監管本集團的日常營運事務。

The functions of the Board are carried out either directly or through the Board committees. To ensure the Board is in a position to exercise its power in an informed manner, all members of the Board have full and timely access to all relevant information and may take independent professional advice if necessary.

The Board has full support from the Chief Executive Officer and the management of the Company to discharge its responsibilities.

Appropriate insurance cover for the Directors' liabilities in respect of legal actions against the Directors and senior management of the Group arising out of corporate activities of the Group has been arranged.

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in the code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code.

BOARD COMPOSITION

During the year ended 31 March 2022 and up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprised the following Directors and their respective roles are set out as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Li Kwong Yuk *(Chairman)* Mr. Su Xiaonong *(Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Wang Xiaohua

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chow Shiu Ki Mr. Cao Kuangyu Mr. Ip Chi Wai

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告書

董事會直接或透過董事委員會履行職能。為確保董 事會在知情的情況下行使其職權,董事會全體成員 均獲提供所有全面及適時的相關資料,並可於有需 要時諮詢獨立專業意見。

行政總裁及本公司管理層均全力支持董事會履行其 責任。

本集團已為董事安排適當之責任保險,就本集團的 董事及高級管理層因安排本集團企業活動而引致對 其展開的法律訴訟提供保障。

董事會負責履行企業管治守則的守則條文第D.3.1 條所載的企業管治職責。

董事會組成

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內及直至本 年報日期,董事會包括下列董事,彼等各自之職位 載列如下:

執行董事

李光煜先生(*主席)* 蘇曉濃先生(*行政總裁)* 王曉華先生

獨立非執行董事

周肇基先生 曹貺予先生 葉志威先生

The biographical details of each current Director are set out in the "Directors and Senior Management Profile" in this annual report. Their roles and functions are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Board possesses a balance of skills and experience which are appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company. A balanced composition of executive Directors and independent nonexecutive Directors also generates a strong independent element on the Board, which allows independent and objective decision making process for the best interest of the Company. The Company will review the composition of the Board regularly to ensure the Board possesses the appropriate and necessary expertise, skills and experience to meet the needs of the business development of the Group.

Mr. Chow Shiu Ki has served on the Board for more than nine years. He has clearly demonstrated diligence, his willingness to exercise independent judgement and provide objective opinion to the management of the Company. There is no evidence that length of tenure is having any adverse impact on his independence. The Board therefore considers that Mr. Chow remains independent, notwithstanding the length of his tenure.

The Company has received written annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

各現任董事之履歷詳情載於本年報「董事及高級管 理層簡介」一節。彼等之職責及職能刊載於聯交所 及本公司之網站。

董事會具備經營本公司業務所需之各種技能及經 驗。執行董事及獨立非執行董事之均衡分配比例亦 使董事會上有強大之獨立元素,能夠有效地作出獨 立判斷及客觀地為本公司之最佳利益制訂決策。本 公司將定期檢討董事會之組成,確保董事會擁有適 當及所需之專長、技能及經驗,以滿足本集團之業 務發展需求。

周肇基先生已出任董事會超過九年。彼明確展現出 盡職、行使獨立判斷的意願以及及向本公司管理層 提供客觀意見。概無證據顯示任期時長對彼之獨立 性構成任何不利影響。因此,董事會認為儘管周先 生任期較長,但彼仍屬獨立。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第 3.13條發出之書面年度獨立確認書,且根據上市規 則第3.13條所載之獨立性指引,認為全體獨立非執 行董事均屬獨立。

BOARD MEETING

The Board meets either in person or through other electronic means of communication to monitor the execution of plans, review the Group's business performance and review financial reporting as well as all other material matters. The Board held 4 regular meetings during the year ended 31 March 2022. Individual attendance records of each Director at the Board meetings are set out in the table on page 31 of this report. Code provision A.1.3 of the CG Code, notice of at least 14 days should be given of a regular board meeting to all Directors to give all Directors an opportunity to attend. During the year ended 31 March 2022, certain regular Board meetings were convened with less than 14 days' notice to facilitate the Directors' timely reaction and expeditious decision making process in respect of internal affairs of the Group. All Board meetings, nevertheless, were duly convened and held in the way prescribed by the Bye-laws of the Company. The Board will use reasonable endeavour to meet the requirement of code provision A.1.3 of the CG Code in future. Minutes of the Board meetings and meetings of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee were sent to all Directors for comments and approval. The signed minutes of the said meetings are open for inspection by all Directors. If a substantial Shareholder or a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matters will be dealt with by a Board meeting rather than written resolutions and the Board will ensure that an adequate number of independent non-executive Directors are involved in the consideration of the relevant matters. Independent nonexecutive Directors are encouraged to take an active role in the Board meetings.

董事會會議

董事會以親身出席或透過其他電子通訊方式舉行會 議以監察計劃之執行、檢討本集團之業務表現及審 閱財務報告,以及所有其他重要事項。董事會於截 至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內舉行4次定期 會議。各董事於董事會會議之個人出席記錄載於本 報告第31頁之表格內。企業管治守則之守則條文 第A.1.3條規定,應就定期董事會會議向全體董事 發出至少14日通知,令全體董事有機會出席。截 至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,若干定期董 事會會議以少於14日通知召開,以令董事會能夠 就本集團內部事務及時回應及迅速作出決策。儘管 如此,所有董事會會議均已按本公司之公司細則訂 明的方式召開及舉行。董事會將於日後盡合理努力 遵守企業管治守則之守則條文第A.1.3條。董事會 會議及審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會會議 之會議記錄會發送予全體董事供彼等發表意見及批 准。經簽署的上述會議記錄公開供全體董事查閱。 倘主要股東或董事於董事會將予考慮之事項中有衝 突利益,而董事會認為該事項屬重大,則有關事項 須以舉行董事會會議而非書面決議案處理,而董事 會將確保有足夠數量之獨立非執行董事參與考慮相 關事項。本公司鼓勵獨立非執行董事於董事會會議 上擔當積極角色。

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN THE BOARD MEMBERS

There is no relationship, including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships, among the Board members.

董事會成員間之關係

董事會成員間並無財務、業務、家族或其他重大/ 相關關係。

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Newly appointed Directors are provided with an induction after their appointment so as to ensure that they have appropriate understanding of the Group's business and of their duties and responsibilities under the Listing Rules and the relevant statutory and regulatory requirements. The Company provides regular updates on the business performance of the Group to the Directors. The Directors are continually updated on the latest development regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable statutory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeeping of good corporate governance practices.

The Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development by way of attending trainings and/or seminars organised by professional organisations and director training webcasts organised by the Stock Exchange and also reading materials for updating new practices, rules and regulations to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. According to the records maintained by the Company, the training that the Directors received for the year ended 31 March 2022 is summarized below:

持續專業發展

獲委聘的新董事,將會於獲委任後獲提供一個簡 介,以確保其適當了解本集團的業務及於上市規則 及相關法定及監管規定項下的職責及責任。本公司 定期向董事更新本集團之業務表現資料。董事持續 獲得有關上市規則及其他適用法定規定之最新發展 資料,以確保符合及維持良好企業管治常規。

本公司鼓勵董事透過參加專業組織所舉辦的培訓 及/或研討會、聯交所組織的網上董事培訓以及有 關最新常規、規則及法規的閱讀材料參與持續專業 發展,以發展及更新彼等之知識及技能。根據本公 司保存之記錄,董事於截至二零二二年三月三十一 日止年度接受之培訓概述如下:

News	Training courses/	De adia a su staniala
Name	seminars/webcasts 培訓課程/座談會/	Reading materials
姓名	網上培訓	閱讀資料
Executive Directors		
執行董事		
Mr. Li Kwong Yuk	1	-
李光煜先生		
Mr. Su Xiaonong	\checkmark	_
蘇曉濃先生		
Mr. Wang Xiaohua	\checkmark	-
王曉華先生		
Independent Non-executive Directors		
獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Chow Shiu Ki	1	\checkmark
周肇基先生		
Mr. Cao Kuangyu	\checkmark	-
曹貺予先生		
Mr. Ip Chi Wai	\checkmark	\checkmark
葉志威先生		

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Li Kwong Yuk is currently the Chairman of the Board and Mr. Su Xiaonong is currently the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. In accordance with the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer are separate and performed by different persons.

The Chairman of the Board is responsible for overseeing the functions of the Board and providing leadership for the Board while the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for managing the businesses of the Group.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each independent non-executive Director has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a fixed term of two years from the effective date of the service agreement and automatically renewed for one year from the expiry date of the appointed period until terminated by either party giving at least three months' notice.

APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Each of the Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a fixed term of two years from the effective date of the service agreement and automatically renewed for one year from the expiry date of the appointed period until terminated by either party giving at least three months' notice.

In accordance with the Bye-laws of the Company, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meeting of the Company. Under Bye-law 112(A) of the Company's Byelaws, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. Every Director shall retire from office no later than the third annual general meeting since the last re-election or appointment of such Director.

The emolument payable to Directors is determined by the Board with reference to the Remuneration Committee's recommendation as well as the Directors' duties and responsibilities and the prevailing market conditions.

主席及行政總裁

李光煜先生現時為董事會主席及蘇曉濃先生現時為 本公司行政總裁。根據企業管治守則的守則條文第 A.2.1條,主席與行政總裁的職務明確劃分並由不 同人士履行。

董事會主席負責監督董事會的運作並領導董事會, 而行政總裁則負責管理本集團的業務。

非執行董事

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,由服 務協議生效日期起計固定為期兩年,並自委任期間 屆滿日期起自動續期一年直至一方發出至少三個月 之通知終止為止。

董事之委任及重選

各董事已與本公司訂立服務協議,由服務協議生效 日期起計固定為期兩年,並自委任期間屆滿日期起 自動續期一年直至一方發出至少三個月之通知終止 為止。

根據本公司之公司細則,全體董事均須於本公司之 股東週年大會上輪值告退,並膺選連任。根據本 公司之公司細則第112(A)條,於每屆股東週年大會 上,三分之一或(如人數並非三的倍數)最接近但不 少於三分之一的當時在任董事須輪值退任。每位董 事均須在其上次重選或獲委任後不超過三屆之股東 週年大會上退任。

應付董事之酬金乃由董事會經參考薪酬委員會之推 薦意見及董事之職責及責任以及現行市況後釐定。

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee in order to maintain high level of corporate governance standard of the Company.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the relevant code provisions in the CG Code.

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chow Shiu Ki (chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Cao Kuangyu and Mr. Ip Chi Wai. The chairman of the Audit Committee, Mr. Chow Shiu Ki, possesses appropriate professional qualifications in finance and accounting and meets the requirements of Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

The principal responsibilities of the Audit Committee are to review and provide supervision over the financial reporting system and risk management and internal control procedures of the Group and to review the Company's annual report and accounts and the interim report and to provide advices and comments thereon to the Board.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Audit Committee met twice with the auditor of the Company (the "**Auditor**"). Details of the duties and responsibilities of the Audit Committee are set out in the "Terms of Reference of the Audit Committee" which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Audit Committee reviewed annual audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021 and the unaudited interim financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2021 with recommendations to the Board for approval; reviewed the Group's enterprise risk assessment report and internal audit report for the year 2020/2021.

The Audit Committee held 2 meetings during the year ended 31 March 2022. Individual attendance record of each member of the Audit Committee is set out in the table on page 31 of this report.

董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審核委員會、薪酬委 員會及提名委員會以維持本公司高水平之企業管治 標準。

審核委員會

本公司根據企業管治守則之有關守則條文成立審核 委員會,並載有書面職權範圍。

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即周肇基 先生(審核委員會主席)、曹貺予先生及葉志威先 生。審核委員會主席周肇基先生擁有適當財務及會 計專業資格並符合上市規則第3.21條之規定。

審核委員會之主要職責為審閱及監管本集團之財務 申報系統以及風險管理及內部監控程序,以及審閱 本公司之年報及賬目以及中期報告,並就此向董事 會提供意見及評論。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,審核委 員會與本公司之核數師(「**核數師**」)舉行兩次會議。 有關審核委員會之職責及責任之詳情已於「審核委 員會之職權範圍」內披露,其已刊載於聯交所及本 公司之網站。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,審核委 員會審閱本集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年 度之年度經審核財務報表及及本集團截至二零二一 年九月三十日止六個月之未經審核中期財務報表以 及向董事會作出推薦建議以供批准;審閱本集團二 零二零/二零二一年的企業風險評估報告及內部審 核報告。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,審核委員會已舉行2次會議。審核委員會各成員之個別出 席記錄載於本報告第31頁之表格內。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the relevant code provisions in the CG Code.

The Remuneration Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chow Shiu Ki (chairman of the Remuneration Committee), Mr. Cao Kuangyu and Mr. Ip Chi Wai, and one executive Director, namely Mr. Su Xiaonong.

The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include but not limited to, making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of all Directors and the senior management of the Company and establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy. Details of the duties and responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee are set out in the "Terms of Reference of the Remuneration Committee" which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Remuneration Committee reviewed and made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the existing Directors and senior management of the Company.

The Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting during the year ended 31 March 2022. Individual attendance record of each member of the Remuneration Committee is set out in the table on page 31 of this report.

Remuneration of Members of Senior Management by Band

Pursuant to code provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 March 2022 is set out below:

薪酬委員會

本公司根據企業管治守則之有關守則條文成立薪酬 委員會,並載有書面職權範圍。

薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事,即周肇基先生 (薪酬委員會主席)、曹貺予先生及葉志威先生,以 及一名執行董事,即蘇曉濃先生組成。

薪酬委員會之主要職責為,包括但不限於,就本公 司有關全體董事及本公司高級管理層薪酬之政策及 架構以及就制定薪酬政策建立正式及透明之程序向 董事會提出建議。薪酬委員會之職責與責任詳情於 「薪酬委員會之職權範圍」內披露,其已刊載於聯交 所及本公司之網站內。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,薪酬委 員會審閱及向董事會建議本公司現任董事及高級管 理人員之薪酬待遇。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,薪酬委員會已舉行一次會議。薪酬委員會各成員之個別出 席情況記錄載於本報告第31頁之表格內。

按範圍計的高級管理層成員薪酬

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第B.1.5條,截至二 零二二年三月三十一日止年度,按範圍計的高級管 理層成員薪酬載列如下:

		No. of employees 僱員人數
Nil – HK\$1,000,000	零至港幣1,000,000元	2

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the relevant code provisions in the CG Code.

The Nomination Committee comprises one executive Director, namely Mr. Li Kwong Yuk (chairman of the Nomination Committee) and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chow Shiu Ki and Mr. Ip Chi Wai.

The principal responsibilities of the Nomination Committee include but not limited to, reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience, length of service and diversity of perspectives) of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy. Details of the duties and responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are set out in the "Terms of Reference of the Nomination Committee" which are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Board has adopted a board diversity policy (the "**Board Diversity Policy**") which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. The Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

提名委員會

本公司根據企業管治守則之有關守則條文成立提名 委員會,並載有書面職權範圍。

提名委員會由一名執行董事,即李光煜先生(提名 委員會主席)及兩名獨立非執行董事,即周肇基先 生及葉志威先生組成。

提名委員會之主要職責為,包括但不限於,至少每 年檢討董事會之架構、規模及組成(包括技能、知 識、經驗、服務年期及多元化觀點),並就任何建 議變動向董事會作出推薦建議,以配合本公司之企 業策略。提名委員會之職責與責任詳情載於「提名 委員會之職權範圍」內,其於聯交所及本公司之網 站可供查閱。

董事會採納董事會成員多元化政策(「董事會成員多 元化政策」),當中載列達致董事會成員多元化的方 法。本公司尋求透過多方面考慮(包括但不限於性 別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業資格、技 能、知識及服務年期)而達致董事會成員多元化。 所有董事會委任均以用人唯才為原則,並於考慮人 選時以客觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多元化之裨 益。 The Board has also adopted a Directors' nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") to formally set out the criteria and nomination procedures on the appointment of Directors and succession planning of Directors. According to the Nomination Policy, the ultimate responsibility for selection and appointment of Directors rests with the entire Board or the Shareholders in general meeting, as the case may be. The Board has delegated the relevant screening and evaluation process to the Nomination Committee, which identifies suitably gualified candidates and recommends them to the Board. In assessing the suitability of the proposed candidate, the Nomination Committee takes into consideration the candidate's character, integrity, competence, skills, knowledge and experience relevant to the Group's principal business, devoting sufficient time and attention to the Board, fulfilment of the independence requirements as set out in the Listing Rules (for independent non-executive Directors) and diversity on the Board. After reaching its decision, the Nomination Committee nominates relevant Director candidates to the Board for approval and for consideration and recommendation in respect of re-appointment of any existing Director(s) of the Board, for the proposed candidate to stand for re-election at a general meeting. The Board will have the final decision relating to its recommendation of candidates to stand for re-election as Directors at general meetings.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board; assessed the independence of all independent non-executive Directors; and recommended to the Board on the nomination of retiring Directors for re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 29 September 2021 (the "2021 AGM").

The Nomination Committee held 1 meeting during the year ended 31 March 2022. Individual attendance record of each member of the Nomination Committee is set out in the table on page 31 of this report.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the fees paid/payable to the Auditor in respect of audit services provided by the Auditor were as follows:

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告書

董事會亦已採納提名董事的政策(「提名政策」),正 式載列委任董事及董事繼任計劃的標準及提名程 序。根據提名政策,董事甄選及委任的最終責任由 整個董事會或股東大會的股東(視乎情況而定)承 擔。董事會將相關篩選及評估的過程委派予提名委 員會,提名委員會物色合適合資格的候選人及向董 事會推薦。於評估建議候選人是否合適時,提名委 員會將考慮該候選人的性格、誠信、勝任與否、技 能、與本公司主營業務相關的知識及經驗、其對董 事會是否投入足夠時間及關注、是否滿足上市規則 所載的獨立性規定(就獨立非執行董事而言)以及符 合董事會成員多元化等因素。於達致其決定後,提 名委員會將向董事會提名有關董事候選人以供考慮 及批准, 並就任何董事會現有董事的續聘作出推薦 建議,以使建議候選人於股東大會膺選連任。董事 會將有與推薦候選人作為董事於股東大會上膺選連 任有關的最終決定權。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,提名委 員會已檢討董事會之架構、規模及組成;評估全體 獨立非執行董事之獨立性;及向董事會推薦於本公 司於二零二一年九月二十九日舉行的股東週年大會 (「二零二一年股東週年大會」)上重選的退任董事提 名。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,提名委 員會已舉行一次會議。提名委員會各成員之個別出 席情況記錄載於本報告第31頁之表格內。

核數師之酬金

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,就核數 師提供之核數服務已支付/應付核數師費用如下:

Nature of services 服務性質		Amount 金額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Audit services 核數服務 Non-audit services 非核數服務	- Elite Partners CPA Limited 一開元信德會計師事務所有限公司 - Elite Partners CPA Limited 一開元信德會計師事務所有限公司	1,280 300

ATTENDANCE RECORD OF MEETINGS

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the individual attendance record of the Directors at the Board meetings, the Audit Committee meetings, the Remuneration Committee meeting, the Nomination Committee meeting and the 2021 AGM is set out below:

會議出席記錄

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,各董事 於董事會會議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委員會會 議、提名委員會會議及二零二一年股東週年大會之 個別出席記錄載列如下:

	Attended/Eligible to attend 已出席/合資格出席				
Name	Board Meeting 董事會	Audit Committee Meeting 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee Meeting 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee Meeting 提名委員會	2021 AGM 二零二一年
姓名	會議	會議	會議	會議	股東週年大會
Executive Directors					
執行董事					
Mr. Li Kwong Yuk	4/4	N/A	N/A	1/1	0/1
李光煜先生		不適用	不適用		
Mr. Su Xiaonong	4/4	N/A	1/1	N/A	0/1
蘇曉濃先生		不適用		不適用	
Mr. Wang Xiaohua	4/4	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/1
王曉華先生		不適用	不適用	不適用	
Independent non-executive Directors					
獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Chow Shiu Ki	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
周肇基先生					
Mr. Cao Kuangyu	4/4	2/2	1/1	N/A	0/1
曹貺予先生				不適用	
Mr. Ip Chi Wai	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	1/1
葉志威先生					

Due to travel restrictions as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, Mr. Li Kwong Yuk, the Chairman of the Board, was unable to attend the 2021 AGM as required by code provision E.1.2 of the CG Code. The 2021 AGM was chaired by the independent non-executive Director, Mr. Chow Shiu Ki. The annual general meetings provide a channel for communication between the Board and the Shareholders. Other than the annual general meetings, the Shareholders may communicate with the Company through the contact methods listed on the Company's website.

由於因應新冠肺炎疫情而實施的旅遊限制,董事 會主席李光煜先生未能按企業管治守則的守則條 文E.1.2條,出席二零二一年股東週年大會。二零 二一年股東週年大會由獨立非執行董事周肇基先生 主持。股東週年大會為董事會與股東提供互相溝通 的渠道。除股東週年大會外,股東可透過本公司網 頁列出的聯繫方法與本公司通訊。

DIRECTORS' ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors acknowledged their responsibility for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

AUDITOR'S STATEMENT

The statement by the Auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" of this annual report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Group has complied with Principle C.2 of the CG Code by establishing appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. Management is responsible for the design, implementation and monitoring of such systems, while the Board oversees management in performing its duties on an ongoing basis. Main features of the risk management and internal control systems are described in the sections below:

Risk management system

The Group adopts a risk management system which manages the risk associated with its business and operations. The system comprises the following phases:

- *Identification:* Identify ownership of risks, business objectives and risks that could affect the achievement of objectives.
- *Evaluation:* Analyse the likelihood and impact of risks and evaluate the risk portfolio accordingly.
- *Management:* Consider the risk responses, ensure effective communication to the Board and on-going monitor the residual risks.

Based on the risk assessments conducted during the year ended 31 March 2022, no significant risk was identified.

董事之確認

董事確認彼等根據法定規定及適用會計準則編製財 務報表之責任。董事並不知悉關於可能對本公司持 續經營能力存在重大疑問之事件或狀況之任何重大 不確定性。

核數師聲明

核數師關於其對於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止 年度財務報表之申報責任之聲明,載於本年報[獨 立核數師報告]內。

風險管理及內部監控

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團 已透過建立適當且有效的風險管理及內部監控系統 遵守企業管治守則的第C.2條原則。管理層負責設 計、實施及監控有關系統,同時董事會持續監察管 理層履行其職責。風險管理及內部監控系統的主要 特點載於下文各節:

風險管理系統

本集團採用風險管理系統管理與其業務及營運有關 的風險。該系統包含下列階段:

- *識別:*識別自身風險、業務目標及可能影響
 目標實現的風險。
- *評估*:分析風險的可能性及影響並相應評估
 風險組合。
- 管理:考慮風險應對,確保向董事會有效溝
 通及持續監督剩餘風險。

根據截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度進行的風 險評估,並無識別出任何重大風險。

Internal control system

The Company has in place an internal control system which is compatible with the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("**COSO**") 2013 framework. The framework enables the Group to achieve objectives regarding effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The components of the framework are shown as follows:

- *Control Environment:* A set of standards, processes and structures that provides the basis for carrying out internal control across the Group.
- *Risk Assessment:* A dynamic and iterative process for identifying and analysing risks to achieve the Group's objectives, forming a basis for determining how risks should be managed.
- Control Activities: Action established by policies and procedures to help ensure that management directives to mitigate risks to the achievement of objectives are carried out.
- Information and Communication: Internal and external communication to provide the Group with the information needed to carry out day-to-day controls.
- *Monitoring:* Ongoing and separate evaluations to ascertain whether each components of internal control is present and functioning.

In order to enhance the Group's system of handling inside information, and to ensure the truthfulness, accuracy, completeness and timeliness of its public disclosures, the Group also adopts and implements an inside information policy and procedures. Certain reasonable measures have been taken from time to time to ensure that proper safeguards exist to prevent a breach of a disclosure requirement in relation to the Group, which include:

- The access of information is restricted to a limited number of employees on a need-to-know basis. Employees who are in possession of inside information are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentiality.
- Confidentiality agreements are in place when the Group enters into significant negotiations.

內部監控系統

本 公 司 已 制 定 符 合 Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (「COSO」)二零一三年框架的內部監控系統。該框 架使本集團能實現有關營運的效能及效率、財務報 告的可靠性及符合適用法律及法規的目標。該框架 的各部分列示如下:

- *監控環境:*一套為進行本集團內部監控提供 基礎的準則、程序及架構。
- 風險評估:一個不斷轉變而反覆的過程,以 識別及分析達成本集團目標的風險,形成釐 定如何管理風險的依據。
- <u>監控活動</u>:根據政策及程序確立的行動,以 確保執行管理層為減低風險以達成目標所作 出的指示。
- 資訊及溝通:內部及外部溝通以向本集團提 供進行日常監控所需的資料。
- *監察*:持續及個別評估以查明內部監控的各 元素是否存在並運作正常。

為提升本集團處理內幕消息的制度,及確保真實、 準確、完備及及時公開披露,本集團亦採納及實施 內幕消息政策及程序。本集團已不時實施若干合理 措施以確保存在適當的保護措施以防違反與本集團 有關的披露規定,其包括:

- 資料僅限部分僱員按須知基準查閱。擁有內 幕消息的僱員完全熟知彼等的保密義務。
- 本集團進行重大磋商時皆訂有保密協議。

- The executive Directors are designated persons who speak on behalf of the Company when communicating with external parties such as the media, analysts or investors.
- Refer to inside information policy and procedures for more procedures.

Based on the internal control reviews conducted during the year ended 31 March 2022, no significant control deficiency was identified.

INTERNAL AUDITORS

The Group has an Internal Audit ("**IA**") function, which consists of professional staff with relevant expertise (such as Certified Public Accountant). The IA function is independent of the Group's daily operation and carries out appraisal of the risk management and internal control systems by conducting interviews, walkthroughs and tests of operating effectiveness.

An IA plan has been approved by the Board. According to the established plan, review of the risk management and internal control systems is conducted annually and the results are reported to the Board via the Audit Committee afterwards.

EFFECTIVENESS OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and ensuring review of the effectiveness of these systems has been conducted annually. Several areas have been considered during the Board's reviews, which include but not limited to (i) the changes in the nature and extent of significant risks since the last annual review, and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment; and (ii) the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control systems.

The Board, through its reviews and the reviews made by IA function and the Audit Committee, concluded that the risk management and internal control systems were effective and adequate. Such systems, however, are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. It is also considered that the resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting functions were adequate and their training programmes and budget provided were sufficient.

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- 與外界(如媒體、分析師或投資者)溝通時, 執行董事為代表本公司的指定發言人。
- 更多程序請參閱內幕消息政策及程序。

根據截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度進行的內 部監控審閱,並無識別出任何重大監控瑕疵。

內部核數師

本集團具有內部審核(「**內部審核**」)職能,由具備相 關專業知識的專業職員(如執業會計師)組成。內部 審核職能獨立於本集團日常營運並透過進行會談、 走訪及測試營運效能對風險管理及內部監控系統進 行評估。

內部審核計劃已獲董事會批准。根據既定計劃,每 年對風險管理及內部監控系統進行審閱,其後通過 審核委員會向董事會報告結果。

風險管理及內部監控系統的效能

董事會負責本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統及確 保每年對該等系統的效能進行審閲。於董事會的審 閲中,已考慮若干領域,包括但不限於(i)自上一次 年度審閲以來,重大風險的性質及範圍的改變,及 本集團對其業務及外部環境變化的應對能力;及(ii) 管理層持續監察風險及內部監控系統的範圍及質 量。

董事會透過其審閱及由內部審核職能及審核委員會 進行的審閱,認定風險管理及內部監控系統為有效 及完備。然而,有關系統乃制定以管理(而非消除) 業務目標未能達標的風險,且僅能提供合理(而非 絕對)的保證,以防出現嚴重誤報或損失的情況。 董事會亦認為本集團會計及財務申報職能員工的資 源、資格及經驗充足以及所提供的培訓計劃及預算 為足夠。
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COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company appointed Mr. Chan Kwong Leung, Eric ("**Mr. Chan**") as the Company Secretary from an external secretarial service provider. The primary corporate contact person at the Company with the external secretarial service provider is Mr. Su Xiaonong.

In accordance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, Mr. Chan confirmed that he has taken no less than 15 hours of the relevant professional training during the year ended 31 March 2022.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Rights to convene a special general meeting

Shareholders may convene special general meeting (the "**SGM**") of the Company according to the Bye-Laws of the Company and the provisions as set out in Section 74 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (the "**Bermuda Act**"). The Board shall, on the requisition of Shareholders holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, forthwith proceed duly, to convene the SGM. The requisition must state the purposes of the SGM, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the principal place of business in Hong Kong of the Company at Unit 2703, 27/F, Convention Plaza – Office Tower, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the SGM, the requisitionists or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene the SGM in accordance with the provisions of Section 74(3) of the Bermuda Act, but any SGM so convened shall not be held after the expiration of 3 months from the said date.

公司秘書

陳鄺良先生(「**陳先生**」)獲本公司委任為公司秘書, 彼來自外部秘書服務供應商。本公司與外部秘書服 務供應商之主要公司聯絡人為蘇曉濃先生。

根據上市規則第3.29條,於截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度內,陳先生確認彼已接受不少於 15小時之相關專業培訓。

股東權利

召開股東特別大會之權利

股東可根據本公司公司細則及載於百慕達一九八一 年公司法(「**百慕達公司法**」)第74條之條文召開本 公司股東特別大會(「**股東特別大會**」)。董事會須應 於遞呈請求書之日期持有不少於附帶於本公司股東 大會投票權之本公司繳足股本十分之一之股東之請 求正式召開股東特別大會。該請求書須説明召開股 東特別大會之目的並須經發出請求者簽署及送達本 公司於香港之主要營業地點香港灣仔港灣道1號會 展廣場辦公大樓27樓2703室,其可由形式類似及 每份由一名或以上發出請求者簽署之若干份文件組 成。

倘董事會未能於遞呈請求書之日期起計21日內正 式召開股東特別大會,則發出請求者或代表全部發 出請求者總投票權一半以上之任何發出請求者可自 行根據百慕達公司法第74(3)條之條文召開股東特 別大會,惟如此召開之股東特別大會不得於上述日 期起計三個月屆滿後舉行。

Procedures for putting enquiries by the Shareholders to the Board

The Company endeavors to maintain two way communications with the Shareholders through various channels. The Shareholders are encouraged to put their enquiries about the Group through the Company's email at info@dingyi.hk or by mail to the principle place of business of the Company in Hong Kong at Unit 2703, 27/F, Convention Plaza - Office Tower, 1 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, All the enquiries are dealt with in a timely manner. The Shareholders are also encouraged to attend the annual general meeting and the SGM and to put their enquiries to the Board directly. Notices are duly circulated to the Shareholders in order to ensure each Shareholder is informed to attend the annual general meeting and the SGM. The Chairman of the Board, the chairmen of each of the Remuneration Committee. the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee, the senior management and the Auditor will attend the annual general meeting and respond to the Shareholders' enquiries in a promptly manner. The procedures for conducting a poll will be explained by the chairmen of the annual general meeting and the SGM orally at the beginning of the aforesaid meetings.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at the general meetings

(i) Pursuant to Sections 79 and 80 of the Bermuda Act, either any number of the Shareholders representing not less than onetwentieth of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates or not less than 100 Shareholders, can request the Company in writing to (a) give to the Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and (b) circulate to the Shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

股東向董事會作出查詢之程序

本公司致力透過不同渠道與股東維持雙向溝通。歡 迎股東透過本公司電郵info@dingyi.hk或郵寄至本 公司於香港之主要營業地點香港灣仔港灣道1號會 展廣場辦公大樓27樓2703室,查詢有關本集團之 事項。所有查詢將會盡快處理。本公司亦歡迎股東 出席股東週年大會及股東特別大會,直接向董事會 發問。大會通告將正式寄發予股東,確保各股東已 發問、大會通告將正式寄發予股東,確保各股東已 養通知出席股東週年大會及股東特別大會。董事會 主席、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及審核委員會各自 之主席、高級管理人員以及核數師將會出席股東週 年大會,並即時回應股東之查詢。進行表決之程序 將由股東週年大會及股東特別大會之主席於上述大 會開始時作出口頭解釋。

於股東大會上提出建議之程序

(i) 根據百慕達公司法(第79及80條,於發出請求書日期有權於請求書相關之大會上投票之佔所有股東總投票權不少於二十分之一的任何股東數目或不少於100名股東可以書面方式請求本公司(a)向有權收取下屆股東週年大會通告之股東提供可能於該大會上正式動議及擬動議之任何決議案;及(b)向有權擁有獲寄發任何股東大會通告之股東發出有關將於該大會上處理之任何建議決議案或事務中所提述事宜不超過1,000字之任何聲明。

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Notice of any such intended resolution shall be deposited to the above-stated principle place of business of the Company in Hong Kong not less than six weeks before the meeting (in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution); and not less than one week before the meeting (in the case of any other requisition) together with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the relevant expenses of the Company.

Upon receiving the requisition, the Company would take appropriate actions and make necessary arrangements in accordance with the requirements under the provisions as stated in Sections 79 and 80 of the Bermuda Act.

(ii) For procedures for the Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director, please refer to the information available on the website of the Company at http://www.dingyi.hk.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company adopted a dividend policy (the "**Dividend Policy**") in March 2019.

Under the Dividend Policy, the Company considers it appropriate to align the dividend payments with profit and ensure that it is able to pay dividend on a sustainable and affordable basis. The Company may declare dividend in any financial year after taking into consideration the Company's financial position, liquidity and cash flow, capital requirement for future growth, economic conditions and any other factors to be considered by the Directors. The Company will declare dividend out of retained profit under certain circumstances, and therefore there can be no assurance that a dividend will be proposed or declared in any given year.

INVESTOR RELATIONS

To promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website at http://www.dingyi.hk, where the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are posted.

There was no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 March 2022.

任何有關擬動議決議案之通知須連同一筆合 理足以支付本公司相關費用之款項,於大會 前不少於六個星期前(就要求發出決議案通知 之請求書而言)及於大會不少於一個星期前 (就任何其他請求書而言)寄送至上述本公司 之香港主要營業地點。

於接獲請求書後,本公司將根據百慕達公司 法第79及80條所載條文項下之規定,採取適 當行動及作出必要安排。

(ii) 至於股東提議人士參選董事之程序,請參閱 本公司網站http://www.dingyi.hk所載之資料。

股息政策

本公司於二零一九年三月採納一項股息政策(「**股息** 政策」)。

本公司認為,根據股息政策配合盈利而派發股息屬 合適,並確保其能夠以可持續及可承擔基準支付股 息。本公司可於任何財政年度經考慮本公司之財 務狀況、流動資金及現金流量、未來增長之資金需 求、經濟狀況及董事所考慮之任何其他因素後宣派 股息。本公司將於若干情況下從保留盈利中宣派股 息,因此無法保證於任何指定年度建議或宣派股 息。

投資者關係

為 促 進 有 效 溝 通 , 本 公 司 設 有 網 站 http://www.dingyi.hk以刊載本公司之業務經營及發 展、財務資料、企業管治常規及其他資料。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,本公司 之憲章文件概無重大變動。

ABOUT THIS REPORT

DINGYI GROUP INVESTMENT LIMITED (the "**Company**"), together with its subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Group**"), is pleased to present this Environmental, Social and Governance (the "**ESG**") Report (the "**Report**") to provide an overview of the Group's management of significant issues affecting its operation, including environmental, social and governance issues.

The objective of this Report is to highlight the Group's ESG performance for the purpose of assisting all stakeholders in understanding the Group's ESG concepts and practices in achieving sustainable development for the future.

The Group is principally engaged in loan financing, securities trading and properties development. The Board of Directors (the "**Board**") acknowledged the responsibility for monitoring and managing ESGrelated risks and the effectiveness of the ESG management system. The Board reviews and discusses the goals and targets under the ESG initiatives to optimise efficient use of resources and to minimise the impact on the environment and natural resources from the Group's operation on an annual basis.

Sustainable development is an integral part of the Group's business strategy in order to achieve business excellence and enhance capabilities for long-term competitiveness. The Group is committed to operating in a manner that is economically, socially and environmentally sustainable while balancing the interests of various stakeholders and fostering a positive impact on the society. The Group's sustainability strategy is based on compliance with the applicable legal requirements, principle of sustainability and opinions from stakeholders. The Group has established and implemented various policies to manage and monitor the risks related to the environment, employment, operating practices and community.

The Board believes that a sound environmental, social and governance structure is vital for the continued sustainability and development of the Group's activities. The Group is willing to take more responsibilities for the society but with a view to balancing the Shareholders' interests and the society's benefits. The Group will continue to strengthen the efforts in information collection for better performance in the ESG areas and broader disclosure of related information in sustainable development.

關於本報告

鼎億集團投資有限公司(「本公司」)連同其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)欣然提呈本環境、社會及管治(「環 境、社會及管治」)報告(「報告」),總結本集團對影 響運營的重大問題的管理包括環境、社會及管治的 問題。

本報告目的強調本集團的環境、社會及管治表現, 旨在協助所有持份者瞭解本集團在實現未來可持續 發展方面的環境、社會及管治理念及常規。

本集團主要從事貸款融資、證券買賣及物業發展。 董事會(「**董事會**」)認同監察及管理環境、社會及管 治相關風險的責任及環境、社會及管治管理系統的 有效性。董事會每年審視及討論環境、社會及管治 措施的目的及目標,以優化善用資源並降低本集團 營運對環境及天然資源的影響。

可持續發展為本集團業務策略的組成部分,藉以取 得業務上的卓越成就及提升維持長遠競爭力的能 力。本集團致力於以經濟、社會及環境可持續的方 式營運,同時兼顧各持份者的利益,並為社會帶來 積極影響。本集團之可持續策略乃基於遵守適用法 例規定、可持續原則及持份者意見。本集團已制定 及實施各項政策以管理及監察環境、僱傭、營運常 規及社區的相關風險。

董事會認為,健全的環境、社會及管治架構對本集 團業務今後的可持續發展及增長相當重要。本集團 願意為社會承擔更多責任,同時兼顧股東利益及社 會利益。本集團將繼續加強資源收集方面的力度, 務求環境、社會及管治範疇的表現得以改善,且就 可持續發展的相關資訊作更廣泛的披露。

Quality ESG governance is inextricably linked to the sustainable development of business. The Board assumes the ESG management responsibility of the Group. It is responsible for monitoring the formulation and report of the ESG policy and identifying and controlling the risks related to ESG to ensure appropriate ESG governance policies are formulated. The Board delegates ESG management and implementation powers to the management of each department, and the management will implement the ESG policies and measures established.

REPORTING STANDARDS AND PRINCIPLES

This Report is prepared in accordance with Appendix 27 of the Main Board Listing Rules – "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" and has complied with the "comply or explain" provision in the Listing Rules.

The Group has prepared this Report in accordance with the following reporting principles:

良好的環境、社會及管治與業務的可持續發展密不 可分。董事會承擔本集團的環境、社會及管治的管 理責任。其負責監督環境、社會及管治政策的制定 和匯報工作,以及識別和控制於環境、社會及管治 方面的風險,從而確保訂立適當的環境、社會及管 治政策。董事會將環境、社會及管治的管理及實行 權力下放至各部門管理層,由管理層落實執行所訂 立的環境、社會及管治政策及措施。

報告準則及原則

本報告乃依照主板上市規則附錄二十七-「環境、 社會及管治報告指引」編製,並遵守上市規則「不遵 守就解釋」條文。

本集團已依照以下報告原則編製本報告:

•	Materiality:	Important and relevant information to stakeholders on different ESG aspects is covered in the Report. A materiality assessment was conducted to determine material ESG issues with results approved by the Board.
	重大性:	本報告涵蓋於不同環境、社會及管治方面對持份者而言屬重要且相關的資料。我們已進行重大性 評估以釐定重大環境、社會及管治事宜,且評估結果獲董事會批准。
•	Quantitative:	The relevant standards, methodologies and assumptions used to prepare the quantitative information is disclosed, as appropriate. Quantitative information is provided with narrative and comparative figures, where possible.
	量化:	用於編製量化資料的相關標準、方法及假設已酌情披露。在可能情況下,通過敘述及比較數字提 供量化資料。
•	Consistency:	Consistent methodologies are used to prepare and present ESG data in the Report, unless otherwise specified, to allow for meaningful comparisons.
	一致性:	除另有指明外,本報告使用一致的方法編製及呈列環境、社會及管治數據,以便進行有意義的比較。
•	Balance:	The information is presented without the inappropriate use of selections, omissions or other forms
	平衡度:	of manipulation that would influence a decision or judgment by the reader. 資料的呈列並無不恰當地使用影響讀者決策或判斷的選擇、遺漏或其他形式的操縱。

REPORTING PERIOD AND BOUNDARY

This Report demonstrates the Group's sustainability initiatives during the reporting period from 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022 (the **"Reporting Period**"). There was no material change to the methods or key performance indicators ("**KPIs**") used by the Group in the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021. The Report focuses on the environmental and social performance of the Group in Hong Kong and PRC during the Reporting Period and the disclosure of relevant key performance indicators. The Group did not have any reporting boundaries for this Report.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group values the opinions of our stakeholders have significant value in improving the ESG performances. Therefore, we are committed to effective communication with different stakeholders through a variety of communication channels to listen and respond to the expectations and requirements of the stakeholders.

The Group acknowledges the importance of intelligence gained from the stakeholders' insights, inquiries and continuous interest in the Group's business activities. The Group has identified key stakeholders that are important to the Group's business and established various channels for communication. The following table provides an overview of the Group's key stakeholders, and various platforms and methods of communication are used to reach, listen and respond.

報告期間及範圍

本報告闡述本集團於二零二一年四月一日至二零 二二年三月三十一日報告期間(「報告期間」)的可持 續發展措施。本集團於截至二零二二年及二零二一 年三月三十一日止年度所用的方法或關鍵績效指標 (「關鍵績效指標」)並無重大變動。本報告重點説明 本集團在報告期內於香港及中國的環境及社會表 現,並披露相關的關鍵績效指標。本集團並無為本 報告設下任何報告界限。

持份者參與及重大性評估

本集團重視持份者的意見,其對提升環境、社會及 管治方面的表現有重大價值。因此,我們致力透過 多種溝通渠道與不同持份者進行有效溝通,聆聽並 回應持份者的期望與要求。

本集團認同自持份者對本集團業務活動之見解、查 詢及持續關注所得資料之重要性。本集團已識別對 本集團業務而言屬重要之主要持份者,並設立多種 溝通渠道。下表提供本集團主要持份者以及用於接 觸、聆聽及回應的各種溝通平台及方式的概要。

Key stakeholders 主要持份者	Main concerns 主要關注	Channels for communication/response 溝通/回應渠道
Shareholders 股東	 Operation performance 營運表現 Risk management 風險管理 	 General meeting 股東大會 Company's announcements 公司公告 Email and telephone communications 電郵及電話通訊 Company's website 公司網站
Suppliers/service providers 供應商/服務提供者	 Close communication 密切溝通 Order/contract execution 履行指令/合約 Product quality 產品質素 	 Meetings 會議 Email and telephone communications 電郵及電話通訊

Key stakeholders 主要持份者	Main concerns 主要關注	Channels for communication/response 溝通/回應渠道
Customers 客戶	 Customer relationship 客戶關係 Responsible investment 負責任投資 Risk management 風險管理 	 Customer hotlines 客戶熱線 Suggestion box 意見箱 Email and telephone communications 電郵及電話通訊
Employees 僱員	 Long-term career development 長期職業發展 Health and safety 健康與安全 Remuneration and benefits 薪酬及福利 Staff training 員工培訓 	 Meetings 會議 Email and telephone communications 電郵及電話通訊
The Public 公眾	 Community service 社區服務 	 Company's announcements 公司公告 Company's website 公司網站

Through general communication with stakeholders, the Group understands the expectations and concerns of stakeholders. The feedbacks obtained allow the Group to make more informed decisions, and to better assess and manage the resulting impact.

The Group have adopted the principle of materiality in the ESG reporting by understanding the key ESG issues that are important to the business of the Group. All the key ESG issues and KPIs are reported in the Report according to the recommendations of the ESG Reporting Guide (Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules). 透過與持份者進行一般溝通,本集團了解到持份者 的期望及關注。所獲得的反饋讓本集團能夠作出更 為明智的決策,且更好地評估及管理由此產生的影 響。

本集團通過了解對本集團業務而言屬重要的關鍵環 境、社會及管治事宜,於環境、社會及管治報告中 採用重大性原則。根據環境、社會及管治報告指引 (上市規則附錄二十七)的建議,本報告就所有關鍵 環境、社會及管治事宜及關鍵績效指標作出匯報。

The Group has evaluated the materiality and importance of ESG aspects through the following steps:

Step 1: Identification – Industry Benchmarking

- Relevant ESG areas were identified through the review of relevant ESG reports of the local and international industry peers.
- The materiality of each ESG area was determined based on the importance of each ESG area to the Group through internal discussion of the management and the recommendation of the ESG Reporting Guide (Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules).

Step 2: Prioritisation – Stakeholder Engagement

• The Group discussed with key stakeholders about key ESG areas identified above to ensure that all the key aspects were covered.

Step 3: Validation – Determining Material Issues

 Based on the discussion with key stakeholders and internal discussion among the management, the Group's management ensured that all the key and material ESG areas, which were important to the business development, were reported and in compliance with ESG Reporting Guide.

As a result of this process carried out in 2021, those important ESG areas to the Group were discussed in this Report.

STAKEHOLDER FEEDBACK

The Group welcomes stakeholders' feedback on this Report for the Group's sustainability initiatives. Please contact us by email at info@dingyi.hk.

A. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS

The Group is mainly involved in office operations and its business activities do not have a significant impact on the environment or natural resources. In spite of this, the Group are committed to continuously improving the environmental sustainability of the Group's business and ensuring that environmental consideration remains one of the key focuses in fulfilling the obligations to both the environment and community. To demonstrate the commitment to sustainable development, the Group have established relevant emission reduction and energy-saving initiatives to manage the emission and maintain green operations. 本集團已透過以下步驟評估環境、社會及管治方面 的重大性及重要性:

步驟一:識別一行業基準

- 透過審查當地及國際同業的相關環境、社會 及管治報告,確定相關的環境、社會及管治 範疇。
- 根據各個環境、社會及管治範疇對本集團的 重要性,透過管理層的內部討論及環境、社 會及管治報告指引(上市規則附錄二十七)建 議,釐定各個環境、社會及管治範疇的重大 性。

步驟二:排序-持份者的參與

 本集團已就上文確定的關鍵環境、社會及管 治範疇與主要持份者進行討論,以確保涵蓋 所有關鍵方面。

步驟三:確認-釐定重大議題

 根據與主要持份者的討論以及管理層之間的 內部討論,本集團的管理層確保所有對業務 發展至關重要的關鍵及重大環境、社會及管 治範疇已予報告並遵守環境、社會及管治報 告指引。

由於此步驟於二零二一年進行,本報告闡述對本集 團而言重要的環境、社會及管治領域。

持份者反饋

本集團歡迎持份者對本報告提出本集團可持續發展 措施方面的反饋。請電郵至info@dingyi.hk聯絡我 們。

A. 環境層面

本集團主要從事辦公室營運,其業務活動對 環境或天然資源並無重大影響。儘管如此, 本集團仍致力於不斷改進業務環境層面之可 持續發展,並確保環境因素為履行環境及社 區責任時的主要關注之一。為表明本集團致 力於可持續發展,其已制定相關節能減排措施,以管理排放及維持綠色營運。

Throughout the year, the Group fully complied with all of the relevant environmental laws and regulations in Hong Kong, such as the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Chapter 311), the Sewage Services Ordinance (Chapter 463) and the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Chapter 354). Besides, during the Reporting Period, the Group were not aware of any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group related to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. The Group also regularly update with the latest development of the applicable laws and regulations on environmental protection.

A1. EMISSIONS

Air Pollutant Emissions

Air emission control is essential to mitigate environmental impacts and protect employees' health. As the Group is mainly involved in general office activities, the amount of air pollutant emissions are insignificant. The air pollutant emissions are mainly generated from the vehicles used for transportation. The emission from the vehicles imposed an immaterial impact on the overall air pollution in Hong Kong. The detail of air pollutant emissions of the Group during the Reporting Period was as follows: 年內,本集團全面遵守香港所有相關環境法 例及法規,例如空氣污染管制條例(第311 章)、污水處理服務條例(第463章)及廢物處 置條例(第354章)。此外,於報告期間,本 集團概不知悉任何未遵守有關氣體及溫室氣 體排放、向水及土地排污、產生有害及無害 廢棄物之相關法律及法規而對本集團產生重 大影響之情況。另外,本集團定期了解適用 於環境保護的法律及法規的最新發展。

A1. 排放 空氣污染物排放

氣體排放控制對減低環境影響及保障僱 員健康至關重要。由於本集團主要從事 一般辦公室業務,故空氣污染物排放量 微乎其微。空氣污染物排放主要源自用 作運輸的汽車。來自汽車的排放對香港 整體空氣污染施加的影響不大。於報告 期間,本集團的空氣污染物排放詳情如 下:

Type of air pollutants 空氣污染物類別	Unit 單位	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Nitrogen oxides (NO _x)	g	1,189	108
氮氧化物(NO _x)	克		
Sulphur oxide (SO _x)	g	20	98
硫氧化物(SO _x)	克		
Particulate matter (PM)	g	54	7
顆粒物(PM)	克		

Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") Emissions

Climate change is gradually concern by the community. The Group recognises that climate change poses a risk to its business and it is committed to mitigating the effects of climate change. Regarding GHG emissions of the Group, scope 1 direct emissions and scope 2 and 3 indirect emissions have mainly resulted from the mobile combustion sources and purchased electricity. Giving the majority of the GHG emissions of the Group come from energy consumption, the Group place great emphasis on improving energy efficiency and reducing energy consumption. The Group aims to reduce or maintain the current GHC emissions at a stable level in the next 3 years in the future compared to this Reporting Period. The GHG emissions of the Group during the Reporting Period were as follows:

溫室氣體(「溫室氣體」)排放

氣候變化正逐漸受到社區的關注。本集 團深明氣候變化對其業務構成風險,並 致力於紓緩氣候變化的影響。就本集團 溫室氣體排放而言,範圍1直接排放及 範圍2及3間接排放主要源自移動燃燒 源及購入電力。鑒於本集團大部分溫室 氣體排放來自能源消耗,故本集團高度 重視提高能效及減少能耗。與本報告期 間相比,本集團務求於未來日後三年將 目前的溫室氣體排放量減少或維持於穩 定水平。於報告期間,本集團的溫室氣 體排放如下:

	e of air pollutants 污染物類別	Units 單位		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Scop 範圍	De 1 ¹ 1	tonnes of CO ₂ -e 噸二氧化碳當量		6	20
	De 2 ²	tonnes of CO ₂ -e 噸二氧化碳當量		736	1,391
Scop 範圍	be 3³ ≡³	tonnes of CO ₂ -e 噸二氧化碳當量		6	94
	I GHG Emission 氣體總排放量	tonnes of CO ₂ -e 噸二氧化碳當量		748	1,505
	G Intensity 氣體密度	tonnes of CO ₂ -e/million of revenue* 噸二氧化碳當量/百萬		5	7
/m ±	术阻讧反	喷—书儿吹鱼里/ 口齿	764X 血		
1	Scope 1: Direct emission from sou controlled by the Group.	rces that are owned or	1	範圍一:來自本集團排 的直接排放。	擁有或控制的來源
2 Scope 2: Indirect emissions from the generation of purchased 2 electricity consumed by the Group.		範圍二:來自本集團所 產生的間接排放。	所消耗的購入電力		
3	Scope 3: Includes all other indirect en Group's value chain.	hissions that occur in the	3	範圍三:包括本集團(有其他間接排放。	價值鏈中產生之所
*	As at 31 March 2022, the Group reve This data will also be used for calculation		*	截至二零二二年三月三 收入為港幣154.9百萬 用於計算其他強度。	

Sewage Discharge

The Group does not consume a significant volume of water in its daily operation due to its office-based nature, therefore its business activities did not generate a material portion of discharge into water. Since the sewage discharged by the Group is discharged into the municipal sewage pipe network to the regional water purification plant, water consumed by the Group is considered sewage discharged.

Hazardous and Non-hazardous Wastes

The Group recognises the importance of waste reduction. Waste management measures have been introduced to minimise the amount of waste generated and reduce the impact of the Group's operation on the environment. Due to the Group's business operation nature, no hazardous waste was generated during the Reporting Period.

Due to the nature of office operation, non-hazardous waste was mainly attributed to domestic wastes of office. The Group strives to reduce the amount of non-hazardous waste generated and strengthen the environmental awareness of employees by introducing various waste reduction measures and education as mentioned in the section "Use of Resources" of this Report. The Group aims to reduce or maintain the current non-hazardous consumption at a stable level in the next 3 years in the future compared to this Reporting Period.

The non-hazardous waste generated by the Group during the Reporting Period was as follows:

污水排放

由於本集團的性質以在辦公室辦公為 主,其日常營運中的耗水量並不重大, 故其業務活動並未產生大量向水排污。 由於本集團排出的污水被排入市政污水 管網至區域污水淨化廠,本集團的耗水 被視為污水排放。

有害及無害廢棄物

本集團深知減廢之重要性,並已推行廢 棄物管理措施以將廢棄物產生量減至最 低,並降低本集團營運對環境之影響。 鑒於本集團的業務經營性質,報告期間 內並無產生有害廢棄物。

鑒於辦公室營運的性質,無害廢棄物主 要源自辦公室生活垃圾。本集團致力減 少無害廢棄物產生量,並透過引入本報 告「資源使用」一節所述的各種減廢措施 及教育以提高僱員的環保意識。與本報 告期間相比,本集團目標為於未來日後 三年將目前無害廢棄物量減少或維持於 穩定水平。

於報告期間,本集團產生的無害廢棄物 如下:

Type of waste 廢棄物類別	Units 單位	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Non-hazardous waste 無害廢棄物	tonnes 噸	1.32	4.64
Non-hazardous waste intensity 無害廢棄物密度	tonnes/million dollars of revenue 噸/百萬元收益	0.01	0.02

A2. USE OF RESOURCES

The Group considers environmental protection as an essential component of a sustainable and responsible business. The Group has an in-depth understanding of the importance of safeguarding sustainable development of the environment and attaches importance to efficient utilisation of resources by introducing various measures in daily business operations. The Group understand that staff participation is the key to achieving such goals. The Group have adopted energy and water efficiency initiatives policies to motivate the employees to participate in resource conservation activities.

Energy Consumption

The Group is committed to upholding high environmental standards in order to promote environmental friendliness. Throughout the Group, the following actions have been taken to reduce carbon and energy footprints:

- maintain the indoor temperature of offices at an optimal temperature;
- adopt low-emissivity glass to block ultraviolet, which in turn reduces the power consumption of the air conditioning system;
- choosing environmentally friendly materials and energy-saving lightings and electrical appliances;
- switch off idle electrical appliances; and
- regular maintenance and repair for motor vehicles to lower energy waste.

A2. 資源使用

本集團視環境保護為可持續及負責任企 業的重要組成部分。本集團已深入了解 保障環境可持續發展的重要性,因此在 日常業務營運過程中推行各種措施,藉 此強調有效使用資源。本集團深明員工 參與是達致有關目標的關鍵,因而採納 能源效益及用水效益措施政策,激勵僱 員參加資源保育活動。

能源耗用

本集團致力持守高環境標準,以促進環 保。在整個本集團內,我們已採取以下 措施來減少碳足跡及能源足跡:

- 辦公室的室內溫度保持於最合適
 溫度;
- 採用低輻射玻璃阻隔紫外線,從
 而減少空調系統耗電量;
- 選擇環保材料及節能燈具和電器;
- 關掉閒置的電器;及
- 定期保養及維修機動車輛,以減
 少能源浪費。

The energy consumption of the Group during the Reporting於報告期間,本集團的能源消耗如下:Period was as follows:

Energy consumption 能源類別	Units 單位	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Purchased electricity	MWh	917	1,666
購入電力	兆瓦時		
Petrol	MWh	11	86
汽油	兆瓦時		
Natural gas	MWh	13	_
天然氣	兆瓦時		
Total energy consumption	MWh	941	1,752
能源總消耗量	兆瓦時		
Energy intensity 能源密度	MWh/million dollars of revenue 兆瓦時/百萬元收益	6	8

The Group aims to reduce or maintain the current energy consumption at the stable level in the next 3 years in the future compared to this Reporting Period. 與本報告期間相比,本集團目標為於未 來日後三年將目前的能源消耗減少或維 持於穩定水平。

Water Consumption

Water is an important natural resource. The business of the Group is operated in leased office premises where the water supply is solely controlled and centrally managed by the building management company. In this case, it is not feasible for us to provide water consumption data as there is no separate meter for each individual office unit to record water usage data. In spite of this, we still activity seek ways to reduce water consumption in daily operation by encouraging employees to turn taps off tightly to prevent dripping of water and giving priority to effective water-saving products. As said, due to the Group's office-based business nature, there is no issue in water sourcing. The water consumption of the Group during the Reporting Period was as follows:

耗水

食水是珍貴的天然資源。本集團於租賃 辦公場所經營業務,供水僅受樓宇管理 公司控制及集中管理。在此情況下,我 們無法提供耗水數據,原因是每個辦公 單位並無單獨設置水錶以記錄用水數 據。儘管如此,我們仍透過鼓勵僱員關 緊水龍頭以防止滴水,並首選有效節水 的產品,積極探索方法減少日常營運中 的耗水量。如以上所述,鑒於本集團的 業務性質以在辦公室辦公為主,並無求 取水源的問題。於報告期間,本集團的 耗水量如下:

Water consumption 耗水量	Units 單位	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Water	m ³	10,113	84,743
用水	立方米		
Water intensity 耗水量強度	m³/million dollars of revenue 立方米/百萬元收益	65	375

The Group aims to reduce or maintain the current water consumption at a stable level in the next 3 years compared to this Reporting Period.

Use of Packaging Material

Due to the business nature, the Group does not consume a significant amount of product packaging materials as the Group does not have any industrial productions nor any manufacturing facilities. 與本報告期間相比,本集團目標為於未 來日後三年將目前的耗水量減少或維持 於穩定水平。

使用包裝材料

鑒於業務性質,由於本集團並無任何工 業生產或任何製造設施,本集團並無消 耗大量產品包裝材料。

A3. THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

The Group understands that implementing environmental protection can reduce operational risk and increase business opportunities. Regarding the business nature of the Group, the Group do not aware of any significant impact of the business activities on the environment and natural resources. Despite this, the Group endeavour to consistently improve the environmental performance by implementing the aforementioned waste reduction measures and resource-saving initiatives. The Group will continue to seek opportunities to further reduce emissions and resource consumption with the aim to reduce the impacts on the environment and natural resources to minimal.

A4. CLIMATE CHANGE

The Group's principal businesses have no direct effect on facing climate change. However, climate change risk is increasing and extreme weather is affecting the Global in recent years. The Group believes that no one can escape from climate change, and everyone should put effort into tackling the issue.

Physical Risks

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and PRC and the Group considered rainstorm and typhoon as the major threats from the increasing climate change. The Group has developed mitigation measures to reduce the effect raised by extreme weather conditions such as typhoons on our employees, properties and our operation For instance, before the Black Rainstorm Warning Signals and No. 8 or above Tropical Cyclone Warning Signals incurred, the Group will release employees from work and ensure there is sufficient time for their journeys between living place and office. The Group also conducts inspection on windows during the typhoon and rainstorm season and ensure all inventories will be stocked on the shelves for the protection from the risk of water invasion.

Transition Risks

The Group keeps on monitoring changes in regulatory, technological and market landscape due to climate change, including the tightening of national policies and listing rules. The Group has been taking comprehensive measures to deal with changing situation.

A3. 環境及天然資源

本集團深明推行環保可降低營運風險, 並增加業務機遇。鑒於本集團的業務性 質,本集團並不知悉業務活動對環境及 天然資源產生的任何重大影響。儘管如 此,本集團致力實施上述減廢及節約資 源措施,不斷改進環保表現。本集團將 繼續物色進一步減少排放及耗用資源的 機會,務求將對環境及天然資源的影響 降至最低。

A4. 氣候變化

本集團的主要業務對面臨氣候變化並無 直接影響。然而,近年來氣候變化風險 不斷增加,極端氣候正在影響全球。本 集團認為沒有誰能獨善其身,避開氣候 變化,每個人均應致力解決該問題。

物理風險

本集團主要於香港及中國營運,本集團 認為暴雨及颱風為氣候變化日益加劇的 主要威脅。本集團已制定緩解措施,以 減少諸如颱風等極端天氣狀況對我們的 僱員、物業或營運的影響。舉例而言, 在黑色暴雨警告訊號或八號或以上熱帶 氣旋警告訊號生效前,本集團將安排僱 員下班,並確保彼等有足夠時間從辦公 室返回居所。本集團亦會於颱風及暴雨 季節期間對窗戶進行檢查,並確保所有 存貨均放置架上,以保障其免受進水風 險。

過渡風險

本集團持續監察氣候變化導致的監管、 科技及市場格局方面的變動,包括日益 收緊的國家政策及上市規則。本集團一 直採取全面的措施應付變化多端的環 境。

B. SOCIAL ASPECTS

EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES B1. EMPLOYMENT

All labour-related issues in terms of compensation, working hours, rest periods, recruitment and promotion, dismissal procedures, equal opportunity, diversity and antidiscrimination are in compliance with the Employment Ordinance in Hong Kong, the Labour Law of the PRC.

The Group is committed to creating a working atmosphere free of discrimination and harassment. Discriminatory acts or motives in all phases of employment on the grounds of nationality, physical ability, gender, age and any other legally protected status are strictly prohibited in the Group. Employees are encouraged to report any unlawful discrimination or any form of harassment. The Group investigates expeditiously and takes appropriate corrective actions once we have confirmed the allegations.

The Group strives to maintain the employee turnover rate at an acceptable level so as to facilitate the accumulation of professional skills and experience. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not become aware of any material non-compliance relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, discriminations.

B. 社會層面

僱傭及勞工常規

B1. 僱傭

所有與勞工有關的事宜,如薪酬、工作時間、休息時間、招聘及晉升、解僱程序、平等機會、多樣性及反歧視等,均符合香港《僱傭條例》及中國《勞動法》的 規定。

本集團致力創造沒有歧視及騷擾的工作 氛圍。本集團嚴格禁止在僱傭各階段出 現基於國籍、身體能力、性別、年齡及 任何其他受法律保護身分的歧視行為或 動機。我們鼓勵員工舉報任何非法歧視 或任何形式的騷擾行為。一旦確認相關 指控,本集團會迅速進行調查,並採取 適當的糾正措施。

本集團致力將員工流失率保持於可接受 水平,以促進專業技能及經驗的積累。 在報告期內,本集團概無發現任何與薪 酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時間、休 息時間、平等機會、多樣性及歧視有關 的重大違規行為。

As at 31 March 2022, the employee compositions (in numbers of employees, excluding independent nonexecutive directors) by gender, employee category, age group and geographical region were as follows: 於二零二二年三月三十一日,按性別、 僱員類別、年齡組別及地理區域劃分的 僱員組成(以僱員(不包括獨立非執行董 事)數目計算)如下:

		2022	2021
Employee structure	僱員結構	二零二二年	二零二一年
By gender	按性別		
Male	男性	37	31
Female	女性	54	44
By age	按年齡		
Aged below 30	30歲以下	25	16
Aged 30–50	30至50歲	49	41
Aged 51 or above	51歲或以上	17	18
By employment type	按僱員類型		
Full time	全職	91	75
Part time	兼職	_	_
By employment category	按僱員類別		
Senior management	高級管理層	7	8
Middle management	中級管理層	21	12
General staff	一般員工	63	55
By geographical region	按地理區域		
PRC	中國	77	65
Hong Kong	香港	14	10

The employee turnover rate was 25% during the Reporting Period. The employee turnover rates by gender and age group during the Reporting Period were as follows:

於報告期間,僱員流失率為25%。於報 告期間,按性別及年齡組別劃分的僱員 流失率如下:

		Units	2022
Employment	僱傭	單位	二零二二年
By gender	按性別		
– Male	一男性	%	17.1
– Female	一女性	%	30.6
By age	按年齡		
– Aged below 30	-30歲以下	%	48.8
– Aged 30–50	-30至50歲	%	22.2
– Aged 51 or above	一51歲或以上	%	5.4
By geographical region	按地理區域		
– PRC	一中國	%	30.7
– Hong Kong	一香港	%	_
Overall	整體		25

B2. HEALTH AND SAFETY

Work safety is the key to the sustainable development of the Group. We continue to strictly comply with the laws and regulations related to occupational health and safety, such as the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance, in our endeavour to create a safe and healthy working environment for employees. Rescue, fire and evacuation drills are conducted regularly to increase employees' awareness and involvement in accident prevention. The Group also creates a pleasant and comfortable workplace by carrying out various measures, including the provision of adjustable seats and regular repair and maintenance of office equipment.

B2. 健康與安全

工作安全是本集團可持續發展的關鍵。 我們繼續嚴格遵守有關職業健康與安 全的法律法規,如《職業安全及健康條 例》,致力為員工創造安全健康的工作 環境。我們定期進行救援、消防及疏散 演習,提升員工的事故防範意識及參與 程度。本集團亦實施多項措施,締造舒 適愜意的工作環境,如提供可調校高度 的座椅以及定期維修保養辦公室設備 等。

Due to the impact of COVID-19, the Company holds a cautious attitude on a series of prevention measures to ensure employees with a safe and comfortable working environment during the review period. The Group has purchased additional cleaning and epidemic prevention equipment and consumables such as surgical face masks, sanitizer etc. The Group has implemented the precautionary measures to prevent and control the spread of the COVID-19 in the working place, including compulsory body temperature checks, the mandatory wearing of a surgical face mask, limit the visitor to access the office.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group in providing a safe and healthy working environment. The occupational health and safety statistics during the Reporting Period were as follows: 鑒於新冠肺炎的影響,本公司對一系列 防控措施抱持審慎態度,以確保僱員於 回顧期間內的工作環境安全舒適。本集 團已購入額外清潔及防疫設備及消耗 品,例如外科口罩、消毒劑等。為預防 及控制新冠肺炎於工作場所擴散,本集 團已實施防疫措施,包括強制體溫檢 測、強制佩戴外科口罩、限制訪客到訪 辦公室。

於報告期間,本集團並不知悉於提供安 全健康的工作環境方面存在任何未遵守 相關法律及法規而對本集團產生重大影 響的情況。於報告期間,職業健康及安 全數據如下:

Occupational health and safety statistics 職業健康及安全統計情況	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Number of lost days due to work injury 因工傷損失的日數	_	43	_
Number of work-related fatalities 與工作有關的死亡人數	_	_	_
Number of work injuries incident 工傷事故宗數	1	1	-

B3. DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

The Group encourages employees to participate in on-the-job training and continuing education to create opportunity for career development. On-the-job training is tailored to equip our workplace with the necessary knowledge and skills relevant to work. Other than providing diversified on-the-job training to employees and ensuring employees meet the changing demands in the Group and the market. By providing continuous training, employees gain satisfaction and enjoyment from fulfilling their roles and boost morale. Employees are required to comply with continuous professional training and examination requirements as stipulated in relevant regulations.

The training details during the Reporting Period were as follows:

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B3. 發展及培訓

本集團鼓勵僱員參與在職培訓及持續進 修,為職業發展創造機會。在職培訓專 為我們的工作場所而設計,令參與員工 能夠具備所需知識及相關工作技能。除 了為僱員提供多元化的在職培訓,使僱 員能夠應付本集團及市場上不斷變化的 需求之外,藉著持續培訓,員工在履行 職責時會獲得滿足感及樂趣,且能激勵 士氣。員工必須遵守相關規例所規定的 持續專業培訓及考試要求。

於報告期間的培訓詳情如下:

The percentage of employees trained		
by gender	按性別劃分的受訓僱員百	分比
Male	男性	56.4%
Female	女性	83.3%
The percentage of employees trained		
by employment category	按僱傭類別劃分的受訓僱	員百分比
General	一般員工	93.7%
Middle management	中級管理層	93.7% 78.6%
Senior management	市級管理層	94.4%
Average training hours for employees		
by gender	按性別劃分的僱員平均培	訓時數
Male	男性	1.85 hours 小時
Female	女性	2.69 hours 小時
Average training hours for employees		
by employment category	按僱傭類別劃分的僱員平	均培訓時數
General	一般員工	2.83 hours 小時
Middle management	中級管理層	1.71 hours 小時
Senior management	高級管理層	0.33 hours 小時

B4. LABOUR STANDARDS

The operations of the Group require sophisticated training in the field of finance and the planning of property development. Hence the Group does not rely on labour or involve in any labour-intensive work. As such, management is certain that the Group would not be involved in child or forced labour. Further, the employment policies of the Group focus on the capabilities of the particular regardless of personal traits such as gender or ethnic groups.

The Group has strictly complied with the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China. Overtime work is compensated in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations. According to the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong and the Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour and the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Minors and as stipulated by the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China in terms of employment management, there is neither child nor forced labour in the Group's operation.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not aware of any non-compliance with laws and regulations regarding child labour and forced labour.

OPERATING PRACTICES B5. SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Group's business nature is service-oriented. The major supply chain business partners of the Group are construction suppliers, contractors and other office services suppliers. Apart from taking into account the factors such as reputation, quality and the price-performance ratio of suppliers, the Group also priorities suppliers with a similar value in social responsibility and environmental protection policy. During the Reporting Period, there are 30 designated suppliers and qualified sub-contractors in PRC for the business of property development.

The Group has a preference on choosing products with higher recycling value, fewer packing materials and higher energy efficiency. Under the principles of green procurement, we also assess the use of materials constantly to avoid overstocking and waste of resources.

B4. 勞工準則

本集團的營運要求高階金融業培訓及房 地產開發策劃,故本集團並不依賴勞工 或涉及任何勞工密集工作。因此,管理 層確定本集團不會涉及聘用童工或強制 勞工。此外,本集團的僱傭政策注重個 人能力,而不論性別或族群等個人特 質。

本集團一直嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國 勞動合同法》。加班工作按照相關法律 法規給予補償。根據香港《僱傭條例》、 《禁止使用童工規定》及《中華人民共和 國未成年人保護法》,以及《中華人民共 和國勞動法》就僱傭管理列明的規定, 本集團的營運並無童工及強制勞工。

在報告期內,本集團概無發現任何不遵 守有關童工及強迫勞動的法律法規的情 況。

營運慣例

B5. 供應鏈管理

本集團的業務性質為服務主導。本集團 的主要供應鏈業務夥伴為建築供應商、 承包商及其他辦公室服務供應商。除考 慮供應商聲譽、質量及價值績效比率等 因素外,本集團亦會優先考慮在社會責 任及環境保護政策方面具有相若價值的 供應商。在報告期內,在房地產開發業 務方面在中國有30家指定供應商及合 資格分包商。

本集團傾向於選用回收價值較高、包裝 材料較少、能源效益較高的產品。在環 保採購原則下,我們亦會不斷評估材料 的使用情況,以避免過度儲存及浪費資 源。

B6. PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

The Group strives to create maximum value for our customers to gain their trust and support. The Group has outsourced the construction works in property development projects to independent construction firms. Thus, a comprehensive supply chain management is of great importance for the provision of high-quality properties, which can ensure that customers are healthy and safe. The Group has implemented control measures at different stages and scopes of operation to protect customers' benefits and boost satisfaction. During the Reporting Period, no properties sold are recalled for safety and health reasons.

Further, internal control and compliance procedures are in place to ensure compliance with all relevant laws and regulations. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not aware of any violation of any laws or regulations regarding to the products and services we provided.

Customer Satisfaction

The Group has earned trusted relationships with its broad customer base through providing dedicated customer services. In order to provide quality service to our clients, the Group communicates with our customers and confirms their expectation and direction prior to project commencement and actively coordinated with customers in the process of providing service.

When customers lodge a complaint, the Group will make every effort to investigate and resolve the disputes fairly and promptly. During the Reporting Period, there are no complaints received.

Customer Data Protection and Privacy Policies

Being a service provider with a range of financial services, the Group has access to significant financial information and personal data of the lessee, clients and potential customers; therefore, ensuring the privacy of customer information is one of the issues the Group cares about the most.

B6. 產品責任

本集團努力為客戶創造最大價值,以取 得他們的信任及支持。本集團已將房地 產開發項目的建築工程外包予獨立建築 公司。因此,全面的供應鏈管理對於提 供高質量物業乃至關重要,足以確保客 戶健康及安全。本集團在不同階段及經 營範圍實施控制措施,以保護客戶利 益,提高滿意度。在報告期內,概無任 何已售出的物業因安全及健康理由而須 收回。

此外,我們已設有內部控制及合規程 序,以確保遵守所有相關法律法規。在 報告期內,本集團概無發現任何違反與 我們提供的產品及服務有關的任何法律 法規的情況。

客戶滿意度

通過提供盡心的客戶服務,本集團得以 與廣大客戶群建立信任關係。為提供優 質服務予客戶,本集團在項目開始前與 客戶進行溝通,確認客戶的期望及方 向,並在提供服務的過程中積極與客戶 協調。

當客戶提出投訴時,本集團將盡一切努 力公平、及時地調查及解決糾紛。在報 告期內,概無收到任何投訴。

消費者資料保護及私隱政策

作為一系列金融服務的提供者,本集團 能夠接觸到承租人、顧客及潛在客戶大 量財務資料及個人資料,因此,保障客 戶資料私隱乃本集團極為重視的事務之 一。

The Group has formulated a set of privacy principal in collection, retention, use, security, openness and accessibility of information to ensure all lessees' information received is only for its intended purpose and to prevent information leakage, such as:

- Access control to all information of lessees;
- Requiring employees not to retain and disclose any confidential information about the Group's business and other sensitive, confidential data to any third party; and
- Requiring employees not to obtain any unnecessary information from the lessees and its associated parties.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not notice any violations of laws or regulations regarding customer data protection and advertising relating to the services provided.

B7. ANTI-CORRUPTION

It is the unwavering principle of the Group to combat corruption and advocate integrity and self-discipline. The Group continues to strictly comply with the laws and regulations relating to bribery prevention, extortion, fraud and money laundering, such as the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance.

A mechanism for declaration of interest is in place by the Group to prohibit employees engagement in any investment activities that collide with the interest of the Group, and requires employees to report any situations that may involve conflict of direct or indirect interest with the Group. There is also a whistle-blowing policy to provide a channel for employees to report any suspicious cases of unethical behaviours in writing. The Group would report the cases to the authorities if the case was found to be sufficiently supported with evidence. During the Reporting Period, no legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer, the Group and our employees.

為確保所有已接收的承租人資料僅用作 擬定用途,以及防止資料洩漏,本集團 已制定一系列收集、保留、使用、保 護、公開及存取資料的私隱原則,例 如:

- 對承租人的所有資料設置存取限 制;
- 規定僱員不得保有任何有關本集
 團業務的機密資料及其他敏感機
 密資料,以及向任何第三方披露
 前述資料;及
- 規定僱員不得向承租人及其關聯 方索取任何不必要的資料。

在報告期內,本集團概無發現任何違反 與客戶資料保護及與所提供服務有關的 廣告的法律法規的情況。

B7. 反貪污

抵制貪污腐敗、倡導廉潔自律是本集團 一貫的原則。本集團繼續嚴格遵守與防 止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢相關的法 律法規,如《防止賄賂條例》。

本集團建立明確的利益申報制度,員工 不可從事與本集團有利益衝突的投資活 動,並明確規定員工必須申報任何與本 集團有直接或間接利益衝突的情況。本 集團亦已制定舉報政策,為員工提供渠 道,以書面形式舉報任何可疑的不道德 行為。倘發現案件有充分證據支持,則 本集團會向有關當局報告。在報告期 內,概無針對發行人、本集團及員工的 貪污行為提起法律訴訟。

Anti-Money Laundering

The Group strictly implements a series of policies and procedures to prevent and detect money laundering and terrorist financing. Following measures have been taken to prevent and detect money laundering and terrorist financing:

- carries out know-your-client procedures by verifying customers' identity with reference to a reliable and independent source of documents;
- reports any suspicious transactions to the relevant government department; and
- repayments and deposits are only made by cheque, bank transfer with customers' bank accounts.

During the Reporting Period, The Group did not become aware of any non-compliances of laws and regulations relating to corruption, fraud, money laundering and bribery in Hong Kong and China.

COMMUNITY

B8. COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

As a socially responsible company, the Group is committed to understanding the needs of the communities in which the Group operate. The Group encourage our employees to pursue their personal passions and dedicate their time and skills to supporting local communities. The Group strive to develop long-term relationships with the stakeholders and bring a positive impact on community development.

反洗黑錢

本集團嚴格實施一系列防止及偵測洗黑 錢及恐怖份子資金籌集活動的政策與程 序。本集團已採取以下措施防止及偵測 洗黑錢及恐怖份子資金籌集活動:

- 透過參考可靠獨立文件來源核實 客戶身份,藉以進行瞭解你的客
 戶程序;
- 向相關政府部門匯報任何可疑交
 易;及
- 還款及存款僅可以支票、在客戶
 的銀行賬戶進行銀行轉賬的方式
 作出。

在報告期內,本集團概無發現在香港及 中國有任何不遵守有關貪污、欺詐、洗 黑錢及賄賂的法律法規的情況。

社區

B8. 社區投資

作為一間對社會負責的公司,本集團致 力於了解本集團營運所在社區的需求。 本集團鼓勵僱員追求其個人熱忱並奉獻 時間及技能回饋本地社區。本集團致力 與持份者保持長期關係及為社區發展帶 來正面影響。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE 環境、社會及管治報告索引 REPORTING INDEX

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and		
Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) Section		
主題範疇丶層面丶一般披露及關鍵績效指標(關鍵績效指標)	章節	

A. Environmental

A. 環境		
A1: Emissions		
A1:排放物		
General Disclosu	re	"Emissions"
一般披露		「排放」
KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data	"Emissions – Air Pollutant Emissions"
關鍵績效指標	排放物類別及相關排放數據	「排放-空氣污染物排放」
A1.1		
KPI A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions in total and, where appropriate, intensity	"Emissions – Greenhouse Gas Emission"
關鍵績效指標	溫室氣體總排放量及(倘適用)密度	「排放-溫室氣體排放」
A1.2		
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity	Not applicable – The Group
		generates no hazardous waste.
關鍵績效指標 A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量及(倘適用)密度	~ 不適用-本集團並無有害廢棄物產 生。
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity	"Emissions – Hazardous and
		Non-hazardous Wastes"
關鍵績效指標	所產生無害廢棄物總量及(倘適用)密度	「排放-有害及無害廢棄物」
A1.4		
KPI A1.5	Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved	"Emissions – Greenhouse Gas Emission"
關鍵績效指標	描述減低排放量的措施及所獲成效	「排放-溫室氣體排放」
A1.5		
KPLA1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled,	"Emissions – Hazardous and
14 17 110	reduction initiatives and results achieved	Non-hazardous Wastes"
月月 叔妻 4主 六斤 ∔匕 ∔西		
關鍵績效指標 A1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減廢措施及所獲成效	「排放-有害及無害廢棄物」

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) Section 主題範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標(關鍵績效指標) 章節

A2: Use of Resources A2:資源使用			
General Disclosu 一般披露	re	"Use of Resources" 「資源使用」	
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity	"Use of Resources – Energy Consumption"	
關鍵績效指標 A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量及密度	「資源使用-能源消耗」	
KPI A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity	"Use of Resources – Water Consumption"	
關鍵績效指標 A2.2	總耗水量及密度	「資源使用-水消耗」	
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved	"Use of Resources – Energy Consumption"	
關鍵績效指標 A2.3	描述能源使用效益措施及所獲成效	「資源使用-能源耗用」	
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved	"Use of Resources – Water Consumption"	
關鍵績效指標 A2.4	描述求取適用水源是否有任何問題、用水效益措施及所獲成效	「資源使用-水耗用」	
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced	"Use of Resources – Use of Packing Material"	
關鍵績效指標 A2.5	製成品所用包裝物料的總量及(倘適用)每生產單位佔量	「資源使用-包裝材料使用」	
A3: The Environment and Natural Resources			
A3:環境及天然 General Disclosu		"The Environment and Natural	
一般披露		Resources" 「環境及天然資源」	
KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them	No significant impact of activities on the environment and natural resources was noted.	
關鍵績效指標 A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響以及所採取管理有關影響 的行動	並未發現業務活動對環境及天然資 源的重大影響。	
A4: Climate Char A4:氣候變化	nge		
General Disclosu 一般披露	re	"Climate Change" 「氣候變化」	
KPI A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the	No significant impact on climate change was noted.	
關鍵績效指標 A4.1	actions taken to manage them 描述已對或可能對發行人構成影響的重大氣候相關問題,以及所採取 處理該等問題的行動	並未發現對氣候變化的重大影響。	

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and
Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)
主題範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標(關鍵績效指標)

B. Social

	В.	社	會
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B. 社曾		
Employment	and Labour Practices	
僱傭及勞工常	常規	
B1: Employn	nent	
B1:僱傭		
General Disc	losure	"Employment"
一般披露		「僱傭」
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment category, age group and geographical region	"Employment"
關鍵績效指樹 B1.1	票 按性別、僱員類別、年齡組別及地理區域劃分的僱員總數	「僱傭」
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region	"Employment"
關鍵績效指樹 B1.2	票 按性别、年齡組別及地理區域劃分的僱員流失率	「僱傭」
B2: Health a		
B2:健康與		
General Disc	losure	"Health and Safety"
一般披露		「健康與安全」
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities	No case of work-related fatality was noted.
關鍵績效指標	票 因工亡故的人數及比率	並未發現因工亡故的個案。
B2.1		
KPI B2.2	Lost days due to work injury	 case of work injury with no lost days to work was noted.
關鍵績效指樹 B2.2	票 因工傷損失工作日數	1宗工傷個案,並未發現損失工作日 數。
KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures	"Health and Safety"
	adopted, how they are implemented and monitored	-
關鍵績效指樹 B2.3		「健康與安全」

Section 章節

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and		
Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) Section		
主題範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標(關鍵績效指標)	章節	

B3: Developmen	t and Training	
B3:發展及培訓		
General Disclosu	re	"Development and Training"
一般披露		「發展及培訓」
KPI B3.1	The percentage of employee trained by gender and employee category	"Development and Training"
關鍵績效指標	按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比	「發展及培訓」
B3.1		
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category	"Development and Training"
關鍵績效指標 B3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分的每名員工完成受訓的平均時數	「發展及培訓」
B4: Labour Stand	dards	
B4:勞工準則		
General Disclosu	re	"Labour Standards"
一般披露		「勞工準則」
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour	"Labour Standards"
關鍵績效指標	描述檢討僱傭慣例的措施以避免聘用童工及強制勞工	「勞工準則」
B4.1		
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered	No non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations related to recruitment of child labour or forced labour practices was noted.
關鍵績效指標 B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除該等行為所採取的步驟	並未發現任何未遵守有關聘用童工 或強制勞工行為的相關法律及法 規的情況。

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) 主題範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標(關鍵績效指標)

Operating Practi 營運常規	ces	
B5: Supply Chai	n Management	
B5:供應鏈管理		
General Disclosu 一般披露	Jre	"Supply Chain Management" 「供應鏈管理」
KPI B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region	"Supply Chain Management"
關鍵績效指標	按地理區域劃分的供應商數目	「供應鏈管理」
B5.1		
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored	"Supply Chain Management"
關鍵績效指標 B5.2	描述委聘供應商的常規、實施有關常規的供應商數目、實施及監察 方式	「供應鏈管理」
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored	"Supply Chain Management"
關鍵績效指標 B5.3	描述用以識別供應鏈中環境及社會風險的常規,以及實施及監察方式	「供應鏈管理」
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	"Supply Chain Management"
關鍵績效指標 B5.4	· 描述用以於挑選供應商時提倡環保產品及服務的常規,以及實施及 監察方式	「供應鏈管理」

Section

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Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) 主題範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標(關鍵績效指標)		Section 章節
B6: Product Re	sponsibility	
B6:產品責任		
General Disclos	ure	"Product Responsibility"
一般披露		「產品責任」
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for	No product sold or shipped subject
	safety and health reasons	to recalls for safety and healty
		reasons.
關鍵績效指標	已出售或出運產品總數中因安全及健康原因而須回收的百分比	並無已出售或出運產品因安全及健
B6.1		康原因而須回收。
KPI B6.2	Number of products and services related complaints received and how	No products and services related
	they are dealt with	complaints received.
關鍵績效指標	接獲有關產品及服務的投訴宗數及處理方式	並未接獲有關產品及服務的投訴。
B6.2		
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual	"Product Responsibility"
	property rights	

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and

「產品責任」 關鍵績效指標 描述遵守及保護知識產權的相關常規 B6.3 KPI B6.4 "Product Responsibility" Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures 關鍵績效指標 描述質量檢定過程及回收程序 「產品責任」 B6.4 KPI B6.5 Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, "Product Responsibility" how they are implemented and monitored 關鍵績效指標 描述消費者資料保護及私隱政策、實施及監察方式 「產品責任」 B6.5

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Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and **Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)** 主題範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標(關鍵績效指標)

B7: Anti-corrupti	on	
B7:反貪污		
General Disclosu	ire	"Anti-corruption"
一般披露		「反貪污」
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought	No concluded legal case regarding
	against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and	corrupt practices was noted.
	the outcomes of the case	

Section

童節

關鍵績效指標	於報告期內向發行人或其僱員提出的已結案貪污法律案件數目及	並未發現已結案的貪污法律案件。
B7.1	案件結果	
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures,	"Anti-corruption"
	how they are implemented and monitored	
關鍵績效指標	描述預防措施及舉報程序、實施及監察方式	「反貪污」
B7.2		
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors	"Anti-corruption"
	and staff	
關鍵績效指標	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓	「反貪污」

B7.3

Community 社區		
B8: Community Investment		
B8:社區投資		
General Disclosure		"Community Investment"
一般披露		「社區投資」
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport)	"Community Investment"
關鍵績效指標	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、	「社區投資」
B8.1	體育)	
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area	N/A
關鍵績效指標	對專注範疇所動用的資源(如金錢或時間)	不適用
B8.2		

The Directors present this report together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group's revenue and results for the year ended 31 March 2022 analysed by reportable segments are set out in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 are provided in the Chairman's Statement and Management Discussion and Analysis of this annual report. An analysis of the Group's performance during the year under review using financial key performance indicators is provided in the Financial Summary on pages 2 and 3 of this annual report.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on pages 91 and 92 of this annual report. No interim dividend was paid during the year. The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2022.

SHARE CAPITAL AND CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Movements in the share capital and convertible bonds during the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in Notes 29 and 30 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

RESERVES

Movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out on pages 95 to 97 of this annual report and Note 40(a) to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

As at 31 March 2022, there is no reserve of the Company which is available for distribution to Shareholders (2021: nil).

董事會提呈本報告及本集團於截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告書

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股及其附屬公司之主要 業務載於合併財務報表附註41內。

本集團於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度按須 予呈報分類之收入及業績分析載於合併財務報表附 註7內。

業務回顧

本集團於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之業 務回顧載於本年報之主席報告及管理層討論及分析 內。本集團採用財務關鍵表現指標對回顧年內表現 作出的分析則載於本年報第2至3頁之財務概要。

業績及撥用

本集團於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之業 績載於本年報第91至92頁之合併損益表內。於年 內並無派發中期股息。董事會不建議派發截至二零 二二年三月三十一日止年度之末期股息。

股本及可換股債券

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,股本及 可換股債券之變動分別載於合併財務報表附註29 及附註30內。

儲備

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團 及本公司儲備之變動分別載於本年報第95至97頁 及合併財務報表附註40(a)內。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本公司概無可供分派 予股東之儲備(二零二一年:無)。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告書

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2022 are set out in Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

FINANCIAL SUMMARY AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

A financial summary and a financial review of the Group are shown on pages 2 and 3 and on pages 14 to 16 respectively of this annual report.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 March 2022, the aggregate amount of revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 8% of the Group's total revenue and the aggregate amount of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 93% of the Group's total purchases. None of the Directors, their associates nor any Shareholder (whom to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any interest in the Group's five largest suppliers or five largest customers.

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Group employed 91 full-time staff under its subsidiaries globally as at 31 March 2022 (2021: 75). Total staff costs amounted to approximately HK\$20 million for the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: HK\$15 million). The remuneration policies of the Group are reviewed periodically on the basis of job nature, market trend, company performance and individual performance. Other staff benefits include bonuses awarded on a discretionary basis, retirement schemes and the share option scheme of the Company (the "**Share Option Scheme**").

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-Laws of the Company although there are no restrictions against such rights under the laws in Bermuda where the Company is incorporated.

物業、廠房及設備

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團物業、廠房及設備之變動載於合併財務報表附註 16內。

財務概要及財務回顧

本集團之財務概要及財務回顧分別載於本年報第2 至3頁及第14至16頁。

主要客戶及供應商

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 之五大客戶所佔之總收入佔本集團之總收入約8% 及本集團之五大供應商所佔之購買總額佔本集團之 總購買額約93%。各董事、其聯繫人士或任何股 東(就董事所知,擁有本公司已發行股份逾5%之股 東)概無於本集團的五大供應商或五大客戶中擁有 任何權益。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團旗下附屬公司 於全球僱用91名全職員工(二零二一年:75名)。 於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,員工總成 本為約港幣2,000萬元(二零二一年:港幣1,500萬 元)。本集團之薪酬政策乃根據僱員之工作性質、 市場趨勢、公司業績及個別員工之表現而定期作出 檢討。其他員工福利包括酌情發放花紅獎賞、退休 計劃及本公司購股權計劃(「**購股權計劃**」)。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則並無優先購買權之規定,雖然根 據本公司之註冊地百慕達之法例,對此權利並無作 出任何限制。

RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES

The employees of the Group are one of the most important assets and stakeholders of the Group and their contribution and support are values at all times. The Group regularly reviews compensation and benefits policies accordingly to industry benchmark as well as the individual performance of employees. Other fringe benefits, mandatory provident fund and share options are provided to retain loyal employees with the aim to form a professional staff and management team that can bring the Group to different levels of success.

RELATIONSHIP WITH CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Directors believe that maintaining good relationships with customers has been one of the critical reasons for the Group's success. Our business model is to maintain and build on our strong relationships within our client base. Our mission is to provide the finest service to our customers and the Group is constantly looking ways to improve customer relations through enhanced services. Regarding the securities trading and loan financing businesses, the Group has no major suppliers. Whereas regarding the other principal businesses, the Group has maintained good relationship with the suppliers to ensure their continued support to the Group in the foreseeable future.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company repurchased 225,000 shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange at an aggregate consideration of approximately HK\$17,000. All these repurchased shares were cancelled during the year.

The Directors consider that the above share repurchases are in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders and that such repurchases would lead to an enhancement of the earnings per share of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2022.

與僱員之關係

本集團僱員為本集團的最重要資產及利益攸關方之 一,而彼等之貢獻及支持一直為本集團帶來重要價 值。本集團根據行業標準及僱員之個別表現定期 檢討補償及福利政策,並提供其他額外福利、強制 性公積金及購股權以挽留忠誠僱員,旨在組成一支 可為本集團帶來不同層面成功之專業員工及管理隊 伍。

與客戶及供應商之關係

董事認為,維持與客戶之良好關係一直為本集團成 功之至關重要因素之一。我們的業務模式為維持及 構建我們與客戶基礎之堅固關係。我們的使命為 向我們的客戶提供最優質服務,而本集團正持續尋 求途徑以透過強化服務提升客戶關係。就證券買賣 及貸款融資業務而言,本集團並無主要供應商,而 就其他主要業務而言,本集團一直與供應商維持良 好關係以確保彼等於可預見將來對本集團之持續支 持。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本公司於聯 交所購回225,000股本公司股份,總代價約為港幣 17,000元。所有該等已購回之股份已於年內註銷。

董事認為,上述股份購回符合本公司及其股東之最 佳利益,且有關購回將會提高本公司之每股盈利。

除上文所述者外,截至二零二二年三月三十一日止 年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或 贖回任何本公司上市證券。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告書

DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the year ended 31 March 2022 and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors

Mr. Li Kwong Yuk *(Chairman)* Mr. Su Xiaonong *(Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Wang Xiaohua

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Chow Shiu Ki Mr. Cao Kuangyu Mr. Ip Chi Wai

In accordance with bye-law 112 of the Company's Bye-laws, Mr. Su Xiaonong and Mr. Ip Chi Wai shall retire from office and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The directors who have served on the boards of directors of the subsidiaries of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2022 and up to the date of this report were:

Mr. Li Kwong Yuk Mr. Su Xiaonong Ms. Lo Kwan

CHANGE OF INFORMATION OF THE DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in information of the Directors are set out below:

- (a) The annual salary of Mr. Li Kwong Yuk was adjusted from HK\$3,900,000 to HK\$3,900,000 plus RMB120,000 with effect from 1 April 2021.
- (b) The annual salary of Mr. Su Xiaonong was adjusted from HK\$451,666.69 and RMB154,680.07 to HK\$560,000 and RMB74,318.19 with effect from 1 April 2021.

董事

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內及截至本 報告日期止之在任董事如下:

執行董事

李光煜先生*(主席)* 蘇曉濃先生*(行政總裁)* 王曉華先生

獨立非執行董事

周肇基先生 曹貺予先生 葉志威先生

根據本公司之公司細則第112條細則,蘇曉濃先生 及葉志威先生將於應屆股東週年大會上退任並符合 資格願意膺選連任。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內直至本報 告日期止於本公司附屬公司之董事會任職之董事 為:

李光煜先生 蘇曉濃先生 勞筠女士

董事資料變動

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,董事資料變動載列 如下:

- (a) 李光煜先生的年薪已由港幣3,900,000元調整 為港幣3,900,000元加人民幣120,000元,自 二零二一年四月一日起生效。
- (b) 蘇曉濃先生的年薪已由港幣451,666.69元及 人民幣154,680.07元調整為港幣560,000元 人民幣74,318.19元,自二零二一年四月一日 起生效。

(c) Mr. Wang Xiaohua resigned as director of 廣州瑞立科密汽車電子股份有限公司 (Guangzhou Ruili Kormee Automatic Electronics Co., Ltd.) (being a subsidiary of 瑞立集團有限公司 (Ruili Group Co., Ltd) which was previously listed on NASDAQ) and 深圳市意可曼生物科技有限公司 (Shenzhen Ecomann Biotechnology Co., Ltd.) with effect from 20 May 2022.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received annual written confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors in respect of their independence during the year ended 31 March 2022 and all of them are still being considered to be independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who proposed for re-election at the annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Related Party Transactions" as set out in Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements, no contracts of significance relating to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 March 2022.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company had no contract entered into in respect of the management or administration of the overall business or any material business.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 March 2022, none of the Directors had interests in business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

(c) 王曉華先生辭任廣州瑞立科密汽車電子股份 有限公司(曾於納斯達克上市之瑞立集團有限 公司之附屬公司)及深圳市意可曼生物科技有 限公司的董事,自二零二二年五月二十日起 生效。

除上文披露者外,概無其他資料須根據上市規則 第13.51B(1)條予以披露。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事就其於截至二零 二二年三月三十一日止年度內之獨立性作出之年度 書面確認,並認為全體獨立非執行董事仍均為獨 立。

董事之服務合約

擬於股東週年大會重選連任之董事概無與本公司訂 立在一年內不可在不予賠償(法定賠償除外)的情況 下終止之服務合約。

董事於合約內之權益

除合併財務報表附註39所載「有關連人士之交易」 一節所披露者外,於本年底或於截至二零二二年三 月三十一日止年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附 屬公司並無簽訂任何董事直接或間接擁有重大權益 之有關本集團業務之重大合約。

管理合約

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,本公司 概無訂立有關管理或經營整體業務或任何重大業務 之合約。

董事於競爭性業務之權益

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,概無董 事於與本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成 競爭之任何業務中有任何權益。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告書
DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 March 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations, within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "**SFO**"), which have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required to be recorded in the register to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

Long positions in ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company

董事及主要行政人員之證券權益

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本公司董事及主要行 政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股 份及債券中所擁有已根據證券及期貨條例第XV部 第7及第8分部知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉 (包括根據證券及期貨條例之有關條文被列為或視 作擁有之權益及淡倉),或必須記錄於本公司根據 證券及期貨條例第352條規定須予存置之登記冊內 之權益及淡倉,或根據標準守則須另行知會本公司 及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

於本公司普通股及相關股份之好倉

Name of Directors	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares	Number of underlying shares	Total	Approximate percentage of total number of issued shares of the Company 佔本公司 已發行股份 總數之
董事姓名 	身份	普通股數目	相關股份數目	總數	概約百分比 (Note 1) (附註1)
Mr. Li Kwong Yuk (" Mr. Li ") 李光煜先生(「 李先生 」)	Interest of controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	3,066,645,405 (Note 2) (附註2)	_	3,066,645,405	
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	222,040,000	1,232,000,000 (Note 3) (附註3)	1,454,040,000	
				4,520,685,405	61.45%
Mr. Su Xiaonong 蘇曉濃先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	14,655,000	50,000,000 (Note 4) (附註4)	64,655,000	0.88%

Notes:

附註:

1.

- 1. Based on 7,356,783,015 ordinary shares of the Company in issue as at 31 March 2022.
- These shares were held by WCIL as to 3,053,170,405 shares, WAML as to 11,475,000 shares and WMGL as to 2,000,000 shares. WCIL, WAML and WMGL were wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Li. Pursuant to the SFO, Mr. Li was deemed to be interested in these 3,066,645,405 shares.
- 3. These underlying shares comprised (i) 7,000,000 share options granted on 11 April 2019 under the Share Option Scheme at the exercise price of HK\$0.456 per share and (ii) 1,225,000,000 conversion shares which will be issued and allotted upon full conversion of the convertible bonds in the principal amount of HK\$980,000,000 issued by the Company to Mr. Li on 26 March 2018 at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.80 per share.
- These underlying shares were share options granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme on 11 April 2019 at the exercise price of HK\$0.456 per share.

- 按於二零二二年三月三十一日已發行7,356,783,015股 本公司普通股計算。
- 該等股份由永冠資本持有其中3,053,170,405股股份、 由永冠資產持有其中11,475,000股股份及由WMGL 持有其中2,000,000股股份。永冠資本、永冠資產及 WMGL乃由李先生全資及實益擁有。根據證券及期貨 條例,李先生被視為於該等3,066,645,405股股份中擁 有權益。
- 3. 該等相關股份包括(i)於二零一九年四月十一日根據購 股權計劃按行使價每股港幣0.456元授出之7,000,000 份購股權及(ii)當悉數轉換本公司於二零一八年三月 二十六日發行予李先生之本金額為港幣980,000,000 元之可換股債券時將按初步換股價每股港幣0.80元予 以發行及配發之合共1,225,000,000股換股股份。
- 該等相關股份為本公司根據購股權計劃於二零一九年 四月十一日按行使價每股港幣0.456元授出之購股權。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 March 2022, so far as is known to the Directors and the chief executive of the Company, the interests and short positions of the persons or corporations other than the Director or chief executive of the Company, in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Long positions in ordinary shares and underlying shares of the Company

主要股東之證券權益

於二零二二年三月三十一日,就本公司董事及主要 行政人員所知,下列人士或法團(本公司董事或主 要行政人員除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中所擁 有須記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存 置之登記冊內之權益及淡倉如下:

於本公司普通股及相關股份之好倉

Name of substantial Shareholders	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares	Number of underlying shares	Total	Approximate percentage of total number of issued shares of the Company 佔本公司 已發行股份 總數之
主要股東姓名/名稱	身份	普通股數目	相關股份數目	總數	概約百分比 (Note 1) (附註1)
WCIL (Note 2) 永冠資本(附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	3,053,170,405	_	3,053,170,405	41.50%
China State Shipbuilding Corporation Limited* (Note 3) 中國船舶集團有限公司(附註3)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	908,685,000	_	908,685,000	12.35%
China Shipbuilding Capital Limited (Note 3) 中國船舶資本有限公司(附註3)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	908,685,000	-	908,685,000	12.35%

For identification purpose only

Notes:

附註:

- 1. Based on 7,356,783,015 ordinary shares of the Company issued as at 31 March 2022.
- WCIL was wholly owned by Mr. Li Kwong Yuk. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Li Kwong Yuk was deemed to be interested in these shares.
- China Shipbuilding Capital Limited was wholly owned by 中國船舶集團有限公司 同 (China State Shipbuilding Corporation Limited*). By virtue of the SFO, 中國船 舶集團有限公司 (China State Shipbuilding Corporation Limited*) was deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by China Shipbuilding Capital Limited.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2022, so far as is known to the Directors and the chief executive of the Company, no other person has interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, or, were directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

On 21 September 2012, the Shareholders approved the adoption of the Share Option Scheme. A summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme, as disclosed in accordance with the Listing Rules, are as follows:

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to enable the Group to grant the share options to the eligible participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group.

- 按於二零二二年三月三十一日已發行7,356,783,015股 本公司普通股計算。
- 永冠資本由李光煜先生全資擁有。根據證券及期貨條 例,李光煜先生被視為於該等股份中擁有權益。
- 中國船舶資本有限公司由中國船舶集團有限公司全資 擁有。根據證券及期貨條例,中國船舶集團有限公司 被視為於中國船舶資本有限公司持有之本公司股份中 擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年三月三十一日, 就本公司董事及主要行政人員所知,概無其他人士 於本公司之股份或相關股份中擁有須記錄於本公司 根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊內之權 益或淡倉,或直接或間接擁有附帶可在任何情況下 在本公司股東大會上投票之權利之任何類別股本面 值5%或以上權益。

購股權計劃

於二零一二年九月二十一日,股東批准採納購股權 計劃。根據上市規則披露之購股權計劃之主要條款 概要如下:

購股權計劃旨在令本集團向合資格參與者授出購股 權,作為彼等對本集團之貢獻之獎勵或回報。

Under the Share Option Scheme, the Directors may grant share options to the following persons or entities (the "**Eligible Participants**") to subscribe for shares in accordance with the provisions of the Share Option Scheme and the Listing Rules:

- (a) any employee (whether full-time or part-time and including the Directors) of the Company, any of its subsidiaries (the "Subsidiaries") or any entity in which any member of the Group holds an equity interest (the "Invested Entity");
- (b) any Directors (including non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors), any Subsidiaries or any Invested Entity;
- (c) any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (d) any customer of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (e) any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (f) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity;
- (g) any adviser (professional or otherwise), consultant, individual or entity who in the opinion of the Directors has contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group;
- (h) any other group or classes of participants who have contributed or may contribute by way of joint venture, business alliance or other business arrangement to the development and growth of the Group; and
- (i) any company wholly-owned by one or more Eligible Participants.

The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the share options and the share options granted under any other share option scheme of the Group (including both exercised or outstanding share options) to each grantee in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued shares of the Company for the time being. 根據購股權計劃,董事可根據購股權計劃之條款及 上市規則向以下人士或實體(「**合資格參與者**」)授出 購股權以認購股份:

- (a) 任何本公司、其任何附屬公司(「附屬公司」)
 或本集團任何成員公司持有股權之任何實體
 (「投資實體」)之僱員(無論全職或兼職並包括
 董事);
- (b) 任何董事(包括非執行董事及獨立非執行董 事)、任何附屬公司或任何投資實體;
- (c) 本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體之商品 或服務之任何供應商;
- (d) 本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體之任何 客戶;
- (e) 向本集團之任何成員公司或任何投資實體提 供研究、開發或其他技術支援之任何人士或 實體;
- (f) 本集團任何成員公司或任何投資實體之任何 股東或本集團之任何成員公司或任何投資實 體發行之任何證券之任何持有人;
- (g) 董事認為已經或將為本集團之增長及發展作 出貢獻之任何諮詢人(專業或其他方面)、專 家顧問、個人或實體;
- (h) 已經或可能藉合營企業、業務聯盟或其他業務安排而對本集團的發展及增長作出貢獻的任何其他組別或類別參與者;及
- (i) 由一名或多名合資格參與者全資擁有之任何 公司。

於任何12個月期間向各承授人已發行及因行使購 股權及行使根據本集團任何其他購股權計劃授出之 購股權(包括已行使或尚未行使之購股權)而可能發 行之股份總數不得超過本公司當時已發行股份之 1%。

In respect of any particular option, such period as the Directors may determine, may not be later than 10 years from the date of grant of the relevant share options.

There is no minimum period required under the Share Option Scheme for holding of the share options before it can be exercised.

An offer of the grant of an option shall remain open for acceptance for a period of 21 days from the date of grant. An offer of the grant of the option shall be regarded as having been accepted when the duplicate of the letter by the grantee together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1.00 by way of consideration for the grant thereof is received by the Company.

The exercise price shall not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

The Directors shall be entitled at any time within 10 years commencing on 21 September 2012 to make an offer for the grant of a share option.

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 18 September 2019, the scheme mandate limit for the Share Option Scheme was refreshed and approved by the then Shareholders to allow the Company to issue a maximum of 735,306,071 share options under the Share Option Scheme, representing approximately 9.99% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (i.e. 7,356,783,015 shares) as at 31 March 2022.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, (i) no share options were granted; (ii) 467,000,000 share options lapsed; and (iii) no share options were exercised, cancelled and re-classified. The total number of the shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 1,452,306,071, representing approximately 19.74% of the total number of issued shares of the Company (i.e. 7,356,783,015 shares) as at the date of this report.

就任何特定購股權而言,董事可釐定之有關期限不可遲於自授出有關購股權之日期起計10年。

購股權計劃項下並無規定於購股權可獲行使前須持 有購股權之最短期限。

授出購股權之要約將自授出日期起計21日之期間 內維持可供接納。當本公司自承授人收到有關函件 副本連同以本公司為受益人之匯款港幣1.00元作為 授出代價時,授出購股權之要約將視為已獲接納。

行使價不得少於以下最高者:(1)股份於授出日期於 聯交所每日報價表所列之收市價:(ii)股份於緊接授 出日期前五個營業日於聯交所每日報價表所列之平 均收市價;及(iii)股份之面值。

董事有權於二零一二年九月二十一日起計10年內 隨時提呈授出購股權。

於二零一九年九月十八日舉行之本公司股東週年 大會上,購股權計劃之計劃授權限額經更新並獲 當時之股東批准,以允許本公司根據購股權計劃 發行最多735,306,071份購股權,相當於本公司 於二零二二年三月三十一日之已發行股份總數(即 7,356,783,015股股份)之約9.99%。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,()並 無購股權已予授出:(ii) 467,000,000份購股權 已失效:及(iii)概無購股權獲行使、註銷及重新 分類。根據購股權計劃可供發行之股份總數為 1,452,306,071股,相當於本公司於本報告日期 已發行股份總數(即7,356,783,015股股份)之約 19.74%。

The movements in the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme during the year ended 31 March 2022 are shown below: 於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,根據購 股權計劃所授出之購股權之變動詳情如下表所示:

			Number of sh	are options					
			購股權	數目					
	At	Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed	At			Exercise price
Name or category	1 April	during	during	during	during	31 March	Date of grant	Validity period	of share
of participant	2021	the year	the year	the year	the year	2022	of share options	of share options	options
	於二零二一年					於二零二二年	購股權		
參與者姓名或類別	四月一日	於年內授出	於年內行使	於年內註銷	於年內失效	三月三十一日	授出日期	購股權有效期	購股權行使價
									HK\$ per share 每股港幣
Executive Directors 執行董事									
Mr. Li Kwong Yuk 李光煜先生	7,000,000	-	-	-	-	7,000,000	11-4-2019 二零一九年四月十一日	11-4-2019 to 10-4-2024 二零一九年四月十一日至 二零二四年四月十日	0.456
Mr. Su Xiaonong 蘇曉濃先生	50,000,000	-	-	-	-	50,000,000	11-4-2019 二零一九年四月十一日	11-4-2019 to 10-4-2024 二零一九年四月十一日至 二零二四年四月十日	0.456
Sub-total 小計	57,000,000	-	-	-	-	57,000,000			

			Number of sha 購股權	•					
Name or category of participant	At 1 April 2021 於二零二一年	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Cancelled during the year	Lapsed during the year	At 31 March 2022 於二零二二年	Date of grant of share options 購股權	Validity period of share options	Exercise price of share options
参與者姓名或類別	四月一日	於年內授出	於年內行使	於年內註銷	於年內失效	三月三十一日	授出日期	購股權有效期	購股權行使價 HK\$ per share 每股港幣
Others 其他									
Employees 僱員	231,000,000	-	-	-	-	231,000,000	11-4-2019 二零一九年四月十一日	11-4-2019 to 10-4-2024 二零一九年四月十一日至 二零二四年四月十日	0.456
Other eligible participants 其他合資格參與者	467,000,000	-	-	-	(467,000,000)	-	19-12-2016 二零一六年十二月十九日	19-12-2016 to 18-12-2021 二零一六年十二月十九日至 二零二一年十二月十八日	0.738
	100,000,000	-	-	-	-	100,000,000	19-10-2017 二零一七年十月十九日	19-10-2017 to 18-10-2022 二零一七年十月十九日至 二零二二年十月十八日	0.488
	329,000,000	-	-	-	-	329,000,000	11-4-2019 二零一九年四月十一日	11-4-2019 to 10-4-2024 二零一九年四月十一日至 二零二四年四月十日	0.456
Sub-total 小計	1,127,000,000			_	(467,000,000)	660,000,000			
Total 總計	1,184,000,000	-	-	-	(467,000,000)	717,000,000			

The closing prices of the Company's shares immediately before the dates on which the share options were granted, i.e. 16 December 2016, 18 October 2017 and 10 April 2019, were HK\$0.74, HK\$0.46 and HK\$0.455 per share respectively.

於緊接購股權授出日期前(即二零一六年十二月 十六日、二零一七年十月十八日及二零一九年四月 十日)本公司股份收市價分別為每股港幣0.74元、 港幣0.46元及港幣0.455元。

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions undertaken in the normal course of business of the Group are set out in Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements. None of the related party transactions constituted discloseable non-exempted connected transaction or non-exempted continuing connected transaction under the Listing Rules.

RETIREMENT SCHEMES

Details of the Company's retirement benefits scheme are set out in Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements.

ARRANGEMENT FOR ACQUISITION OF SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the section headed "OUTSTANDING CONVERTIBLE BONDS" in Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 10 to 12 of this annual report and the section headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" on pages 74 to 78 of this report, at no time during the year ended 31 March 2022 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Full details on the Company's corporate governance practices are set out on pages 21 to 37 in this annual report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES

The Group is committed to reducing its carbon footprint and consumption of natural resources in all possible aspects of business operations. Our environmental strategy is to achieve a balance between the quality and efficiency of our services and the minimization of greenhouse gas emissions and environmental degradation. Accordingly, the Group has taken a proactive approach to effect internal and external communications by means of telephone, emails and conferences or such other communication means which are efficient yet environmentally friendly. Also, we are able to minimize physical travelling and printing.

有關連人士之交易及關連交易

於本集團日常業務過程中進行的有關連人士之交易 詳情載於合併財務報表附註39。概無有關連人士 之交易構成上市規則項下須予披露的不獲豁免關連 交易或不獲豁免的持續關連交易。

退休計劃

本公司之退休福利計劃詳情載於合併財務報表附註 37內。

收購股份或債券之安排

除於本年報第10至12頁管理層討論及分析中「尚未 行使可換股債券」一節及本報告第74至78頁「購股 權計劃」一節所披露者外,於截至二零二二年三月 三十一日止年度內任何時間,概無向任何董事或彼 等各自的配偶或未成年子女授出權利以藉收購本公 司股份或債權證的方式獲益,彼等亦無行使任何該 等權利;本公司或任何其控股公司、附屬公司或同 系附屬公司概無訂立任何安排以令董事可獲得任何 其他法人團體的相關權利。

企業管治

有關本公司之企業管治常規之全面詳情載於本年報 第21至37頁。

環保政策

本集團致力於所有潛在業務營運方面減少其碳排放 量及自然資源消耗。我們的環境策略為於服務質量 及效率與減少溫室氣體排放及環境惡化之間達致平 衡。因此,本集團已採取積極措施,透過電話、電 郵及會議或其他高效且環保之通訊方式進行內部及 外部交流。此外,本集團可減少差旅及印刷。

Detailed information about the Group's environmental policies and performance for the year ended 31 March 2022 is set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 38 to 65 of this annual report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group include strategic, operational and financial risks.

Strategic risks

The Directors maintain a strategic plan based on the knowledge to the external environments. The Group will invest in projects and investments based on the strategic plan in order to cope with the market demand and expectation. Given the rapid change of unforeseeable external environments in the financial and equity markets, the Group is facing significant strategic risks on its investments when changing the strategic plans to adopt the unexpected changes of external environments.

Operational risks

Management regularly reviews the Group's operations to ensure that the Group's risk of losses, whether financial or otherwise, resulting from fraud, errors, omissions and other operational and compliance matters, are adequately managed.

Financial risks

The principal financial risks are set out in Note 34(b) to the consolidated financial statements headed "FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS" – "Financial risk management objectives and policies".

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for disclosed in the section headed "OUTSTANDING CONVERTIBLE BONDS" in Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 10 to 12 of this annual report and the section headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" on pages 74 to 78 of this report, the Company has not entered into any equity-linked agreements during the year ended 31 March 2022.

有關本集團於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度 的環境政策及表現的詳細資料載於本年報38至65 頁的環境、社會及管治報告。

主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團面對之主要風險及不明朗因素包括策略、營 運及財務風險。

策略風險

董事根據對外部環境之認識維持策略計劃。本集團 將根據策略計劃投資項目及作出投資以迎合市場需 求及預期。鑑於金融及股票市場之不可預見外部環 境之迅速變化,當改變策略計劃以應對外部環境之 不可預期變化時,本集團面臨有關投資之重大策略 風險。

營運風險

管理層定期審閱本集團之營運以確保本集團因欺 詐、差錯、遺漏及其他營運及合規事宜導致之損失 風險(不論財務或其他)得到充足監管。

財務風險

主要財務風險載於合併財務報表附註34(b)「金融工 具」一「金融風險管理目的及政策」內。

股票掛鈎協議

除本年報第10至12頁之管理層討論及分析一節內 的「尚未行使可換股債券」,以及本報告第74至78 頁之「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,本公司於截至 二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內並無訂立任何股 票掛鈎協議。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's Bye-laws, every Director or other officer of the Company and the liquidator or trustees (if any) for the time being of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities, which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has taken out insurance against all losses and liabilities associated with defending any proceedings which may be brought against Directors and other officers of the Company.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company was not aware of any non-compliance with any relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on it.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report.

AUDITOR

Elite Partners CPA Limited was appointed as the Auditor, following the retirement of SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, at the annual general meeting held on 30 September 2020.

The financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022 have been audited by Elite Partners CPA Limited, which retires and, being eligible, offers itself for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting for the re-appointment of Elite Partners CPA Limited as the Auditor.

By order of the Board

LI Kwong Yuk

Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 June 2022

獲允許彌償條文

根據本公司之公司細則,本公司各董事或其他高級 職員以及本公司現時之清算人或受託人(如有)有權 就履行其職務或在其他有關方面蒙受或產生之所有 損失或負債自本公司之資產中獲得彌償。本公司已 就其董事及本公司其他高級職員可能面對任何訴訟 時產生之所有損失及負債購買保險。

遵守法律及法規

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,本公司 並無注意到有任何對本公司產生重大影響之不遵守 任何相關法律及法規。

足夠公眾持股量

於本年報刊發前之最後實際可行日期,根據本公司 獲得之公開資料及據其董事所知,本公司一直維持 上市規則所規定之足夠公眾持股量。

核數師

信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司退任後,開 元信德會計師事務所有限公司已於二零二零年九月 三十日舉行的股東週年大會上獲委任為核數師。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之財務報表 已由開元信德會計師事務所有限公司審核,開元信 德會計師事務所有限公司退任,並符合資格於應屆 股東週年大會上膺選連任。本公司將於應屆股東週 年大會提呈一份決議案,以重新委任開元信德會計 師事務所有限公司為核數師。

承董事會命

主席 **李光煜**

香港,二零二二年六月三十日

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

elite partners certified public accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF DINGYI GROUP INVESTMENT LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of DINGYI GROUP INVESTMENT LIMITED (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 91 to 212, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

獨立核數師報告 致鼎億集團投資有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第91至 212頁鼎億集團投資有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的合併財務報表,此 合併財務報表包括於二零二二年三月三十一日的合 併財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的合併損益表、合 併損益及其他綜合收益表、合併權益變動表及合併 現金流量表,以及合併財務報表附註及主要會計政 策概要。

我們認為,該等合併財務報表已根據香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映 貴集團 於二零二二年三月三十一日的合併財務狀況,及其 截至該日止年度的合併財務表現及合併現金流量, 並已按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為編製。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則 (「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下 承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計合併財務報 表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會 計師公會頒佈之專業會計師道德守則(以下簡稱「守 則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其 他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑 證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告 For the vear ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment Assessment on Loan and Interest Receivables

Refer to Note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期 合併財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是 在我們審計整體合併財務報表及出具意見時進行處 理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

應收貸款及利息的減值評估

請參閱合併財務報表附註23。

Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
關鍵審計事項	我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

As at 31 March 2022, the Group had loan and interest receivables measured at amortised cost amounted to approximately HK\$2,037,040,000 and allowance for impairment of approximately HK\$60,423,000 has been recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2022.

於二零二二年三月三十一日, 貴集團按攤銷成本計量的 應收貸款及利息約為港幣2,037,040,000元及於截至二零 二二年三月三十一日止年度於損益內確認減值撥備約港幣 60,423,000元。

Management judgment is required in assessing and determining the recoverability of loan and interest receivables and adequacy of allowance made using the expected credit losses ("ECL") model under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments".

管理層須於根據香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」使用預 期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模型評估及釐定應收貸款及 利息的可收回性以及所計提撥備的充足性時作出判斷。

We have identified the ECL for loan and interest receivables as a key audit matter because the determination of ECL for loan and interest receivables are based on management's estimation by taking into account the credit loss experience, repayment history, financial background and financial condition of each borrower, all of which involve a significant degree of management judgment.

我們已將應收貸款及利息的預期信貸虧損識別為關鍵審計 事項,乃因為釐定應收貸款及利息的預期信貸虧損是基於 管理層計及各借款人的信貸虧損經驗、還款歷史、財務背 景及財務狀況作出的估計,所有事宜均涉及管理層判斷的 重大程度。 Our audit procedures in relation to the impairment assessment of loan and interest receivables included the following:

我們有關應收貸款及利息減值評估的審核程序包括以下各項:

- Understanding the procedures performed by management, including periodic review on overdue receivables and the assessment of expected credit losses allowance on the loan and interest receivables;
- 了解管理層進行的程序,包括定期審閱逾期應收款項
 及評估應收貸款及利息的預期信貸虧損撥備;
- Understanding and evaluating the modelling methodologies for expected credit losses measurement, assessed the reasonableness of the model selection and key measurement parameters determination;
- 了解及評估預期信貸虧損計量的模型方法,評估模型
 選擇及主要計量參數的釐定方法是否合理;
- Understanding the management's identification of significant increase in credit risk, defaults and credit-impaired loans, corroborated management's explanation with supporting evidence for the historical information;
- 了解管理層識別信用風險顯著增加、違約及已出現信 貸減值的貸款的方法,並以過往資料的支持證據證實 管理層的解釋;

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KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Impairment Assessment on Loan and Interest Receivables (Continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

應收貸款及利息的減值評估(績)

Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
關鍵審計事項	我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項
	 Assessing the reasonableness of economic indicator selection, economic scenarios and weightings application, assessed the reasonableness of the estimation by comparing with industry data for forward-looking measurement; 評估經濟指標選擇、經濟情景及權重應用的合理性, 評估估計合理性,方式為透過就前瞻性計量比較行業

數據;

 Checking major data inputs used in the expected credit losses models, on sample basis, to the Group's record; and

 對本集團記錄抽樣檢查預期信貸虧損模型所用的主要 輸入數據;及

 Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the independent external valuer taking into account its experience and qualifications.

評估獨立外部估值師的能力及客觀性時,會考慮其經驗及資格。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Assessment of Net Realisable Value of Properties under Development and Completed Properties Held for Sale

Refer to Notes 18 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審計事項(續)

發展中物業及持作出售的已竣工物業的可 變現淨值評估

請參閱合併財務報表附註18及19。

Key audit matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
關鍵審計事項	我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

The Group's properties under development ("PUD") and completed properties held for sale ("PHS") amounted to approximately HK\$2,145,681,000 and HK\$108,828,000 respectively as at 31 March 2022. The management assessed the net realisable value ("NRV") of PUD and PHS as at 31 March 2022 and the carrying amounts of PUD and PHS were stated at the lower of cost and NRV.

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團之發展中物業(「發展 中物業」)及持作出售的已竣工物業(「持作出售的已竣工物 業」)分別約為港幣2,145,681,000元及港幣108,828,000元。 管理層於二零二二年三月三十一日評估發展中物業及持作 出售的已竣工物業的可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」),發展中 物業及持作出售的已竣工物業的賬面值按成本及可變現淨 值之較低者列賬。

The assessment requires management judgement and estimates. The risk in relation to assessment of net realisable value of properties under development and properties held for sale is considered relatively higher due to high degree of management judgement.

評估需要管理層作出判斷及估計。有關評估發展中物業及 持作出售物業可變現淨值的因管理層的高度判斷而被視為 具有相對較高的風險。

We have identified the assessment of net realisable value of properties under development and completed properties held for sales as a key audit matter because the assessment requires management judgement and estimates. The assessment of net realisable value of properties under development and properties held for sale is considered relatively higher due to high degree of management judgement.

鑑於管理層須就發展中物業及持作出售的已竣工物業之可 變現淨值評估作出判斷及估計,我們已將有關評估確定為 關鍵審計事項。鑑於管理層的高度判斷,發展中物業及持 作出售物業之可變現淨值評估的風險被認為相對較高。 Our audit procedures in relation to the assessment of net realisiable value of properties under development and completed properties held for sale included the following: 我們有關評估發展中物業及持作出售的已竣工物業可變現 淨值的審核程序包括以下各項:

- Evaluating management's assessment by comparing, on a sample basis, the estimated selling price less selling expenses and the estimated costs to completion used in the assessment with the price and cost data from recent transactions or available market information;
- 評估管理層作出的評估,方式為抽樣將評估所用的估計售價減銷售開支及估計竣工成本與來自近期交易或可得市場資料的成本數據進行比較。
- Obtaining understanding from management and performing assessment on the latest status and development plans of the underlying property projects, such as budgeted estimated costs to completion approved by management; and
- 向管理層了解相關物業項目最近期狀況及發展計劃 (例如管理層批准的預算估計竣工成本),並就此進行 評估;及
- Checking management's adjustments to recoverable amounts of the underlying property projects if their carrying amounts are below net realisable value.
- 倘相關物業項目的賬面值低於可變現淨值,則檢查管
 理層對相關物業項目可收回金額作出的調整。

Independent Auditor's Report

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OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報內的資料,但不包括合併財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我 們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對合併財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱 讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與合 併財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在 重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於 我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他資料存在重 大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在此方面,我 們並無任何匯報。

董事及審核委員會就合併財務報表須 承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報 告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定擬備真實而中肯 的合併財務報表,並對其認為為使合併財務報表的 擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備合併財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持 續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有 關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董 事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實 際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監察 貴集團的財務報告過程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標是合理保證合併財務報表整體是否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述(不論是否因欺詐或錯誤而 導致),並根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條僅 向 閣下全體出具載有我們意見的核數師報告,除 此以外,我們的報告不可用作其他用途。我們概不 就本報告的內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔責 任。合理保證乃屬高水平保證,但並不保證根據香 港審計準則進行的審計工作一定能發現重大錯誤陳 述(倘存在)。錯誤陳述可能由欺詐或錯誤引起,並 且倘若個別或整體合理預期可能影響使用者根據該 等合併財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則被視為重大 錯誤陳述。

作為根據香港審計準則進行審計工作的一部分,我 們在整個審計工作中運用專業判斷及維持專業懷疑 態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合併財務 報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行 審計程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足及 適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由 於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛 假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能 發現因欺詐而出現的重大錯誤陳述的風險高 於未能發現因錯誤而出現的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 瞭解與審核相關的內部控制,以設計在有 關情況下屬適當的審核程序,但目的並非 對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的適當性以及作出 會計估計及相關披露的合理性。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

- 對 貴公司董事採用持續經營基準會計法的 適當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審計憑 證,確定是否存在與可能導致對 貴集團持 續經營能力產生重大疑慮的事項或情況有關 的重大不確定因素。倘我們斷定存在重大不 確定因素,則我們須在核數師報告中提請垂 注合併財務報表中的相關披露,或倘若有關 披露不足,則修訂我們的意見。我們的結論 乃基於截至核數師報告日期止所獲得的審計 憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴 集團不能持續經營業務。
- 評估合併財務報表的整體呈列方式、結構及 內容(包括披露事項)以及合併財務報表是否 公平呈列相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲 取充足適當的審計憑證,以便對合併財務報 表發表意見。我們負責指引、監督及執行集 團審計工作。我們僅為我們的審計意見承擔 責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審 計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在 審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,表明我們已符合有 關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與其溝通有可能 合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他 事項及(倘適用)用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行動 或採取的防範措施。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Wai Nam, William with practising certificate number: P05957.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

從與審核委員會進行溝通的項目中,我們確定對本 期合併財務報表的審計工作最為重要的項目,並因 此將該等事項定為關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報 告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披 露該等事項,或於極端罕見情況下,倘合理預期在 報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過其產生的公 眾利益,則我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為陳偉楠(執 業證書編號: P05957)。

Elite Partners CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 30 June 2022

10th Floor 8 Observatory Road Tsim Sha Tsui Kowloon, Hong Kong

開元信德會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

香港,二零二二年六月三十日

香港九龍 尖沙咀 天文臺道8號 10樓

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 合併損益表

		NOTES 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue	收入	6	154,984	226,069
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(1,866)	(17,681)
Gross profit	毛利		153,118	208,388
Other income	其他收入	8	1,486	2,506
Loss on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Loss)/gain arising from financial assets at	出售於損益賬按公允值處理之 金融資產虧損 於損益賬按公允值處理之		(60)	(993)
fair value through profit or loss	金融資產產生之(虧損)/收益		(670)	32,688
Gain on modification of convertible bonds	修訂可換股債券之收益		-	69,321
(Provision)/reversal of allowance for	(計提)/撥回應收貸款及利息之			
impairment of loan and interest receivables	減值撥備		(60,423)	19,696
Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷成本		(11,228)	(14,496)
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政費用		(42,624)	(45,359)
Finance costs	融資成本	9	(121,327)	(156,475)
(Loss)/profit before tax	除税前(虧損)/盈利	10	(81,728)	115,276
Income tax expense	所得税費用	12	(19,598)	(72,341)
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to the	本公司擁有人應佔年度			
owners of the Company	(虧損)/盈利		(101,326)	42,935
(Loss)/earnings per share	每股(虧損)/盈利			
Basic and diluted (HK cents)	基本及攤薄(港仙)	14	(1.38)	0.58

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 合併損益及其他綜合收益表

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
(Loss)/profit for the year	年度(虧損)/盈利	(101,326)	42,935
Other comprehensive income for the year	年度其他綜合收入		
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後可能重新分類至損益之 項目:		
Exchange difference arising on translating foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之匯兑差額	102,069	215,101
Total other comprehensive income for the year	年度其他綜合收入總額	102,069	215,101
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年度綜合 收入總額	743	258,036

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

合併財務狀況表

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment property	投資物業	15	15,523	15,763
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	11,485	14,295
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	17	6,360	10,543
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金	22	1,231	2,881
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	32	54,791	39,573
			89,390	83,055
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	21	7,250	7,250
Properties under development	發展中物業	18	2,145,681	1,001,215
Completed properties held for sale	持作出售的已竣工物業	19	108,828	106,232
Other receivables, prepayments	其他應收賬款、預付款項及			
and deposits	按金	22	61,995	222,451
Loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息	23	1,817,875	2,195,162
Financial asset at fair value through	於損益賬按公允值處理之			
profit or loss	金融資產	20	33,043	34,222
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	24	152,120	306,515
			4,326,792	3,873,047
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	26	36,664	47,033
Contract liabilities	合約負債	26	1,522,042	741,020
Amount due to a related company	應付一間關連公司賬款	25	41,091	15,239
Tax payables	應付税項		156,282	137,742
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	17	2,418	7,735
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	30	893,329	327,971
Other bond	其他債券	31	279,500	_
Promissory note	承兑票據	28	5,639	5,389
			2,936,965	1,282,129
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		1,389,827	2,590,918
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		1,479,217	2,673,973

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

合併財務狀況表

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	29	73,568	73,570
Reserves	儲備		1,401,027	1,400,299
Total equity	總權益		1,474,595	1,473,869
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	30	-	813,277
Bank borrowing	銀行借款	27	-	383,884
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	17	1,357	_
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	32	3,265	2,943
			4,622	1,200,104
			1,479,217	2,673,973

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 June 2022 and are signed on its behalf by: 合併財務報表於二零二二年六月三十日由董事會批 准及授權刊發並由下列董事代表簽署:

LI Kwong Yuk 李光煜 Director 董事 SU Xiaonong 蘇曉濃 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 合併權益變動表

						the owners of th 公司擁有人應佔	e Company			
				Capital	Share		Exchange	Convertible bonds – equity		
		Share	Share	redemption reserve	option reserve	Other reserve	fluctuation reserve	conversion reserve	Accumulated	
		capital	premium	(Note i) 資本贖回 儲備	(Note iii) 購股權儲備	(Note ii) 其他儲備	(Note iv) 匯兌波動 儲備	(Note v) 可換股債券一 權益轉換儲備	losses	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 港幣千元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 港幣千元	■mm (附註i) HK\$'000 港幣千元	(附註iii) HK\$'000 港幣千元	共に留備 (附註ii) HK\$'000 港幣千元	留 (附註iv) HK\$'000 港幣千元	11 <u>22</u> 47,≪181,200 (附註v) HK\$'000 港幣千元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總權益 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2021	於二零二一年 四月一日	73,570	3,313,723	14	294,914	(795,421)	(5,408)	728,704	(2,136,227)	1,473,869
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year – Exchange difference arising on	年度虧損 年度其他綜合收益 一換算海外業務産生之	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(101,326)	(101,326)
translating foreign operations	匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	-	102,069	-	-	102,069
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度綜合收益總額	-	-	-	-	-	102,069	-	(101,326)	743
Shares repurchased and cancelled Share options lapsed	股份購回及註銷 已失效購股權	(2) -	(15) -	-	- (142,064)	-	-	-	- 142,064	(17) -
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年 三月三十一日	73,568	3,313,708	14	152,850	(795,421)	96,661	728,704	(2,095,489)	1,474,595

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

合併權益變動表

		_					o the owners of the 本公司擁有人應佔	Company			
									Convertible bonds –		
					Capital	Share		Exchange	equity		
					redemption	option	Other	fluctuation	conversion		
			Share	Share	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	Accumulated	T
			capital	premium	(Note i) 次士時回	(Note iii)	(Note ii)	(Note iv) 医 分析制	(Note v)	losses	Total equity
					資本贖回	进现播放进	其他儲備	匯兑波動 儲備	可換股債券一		
			股本	股份溢價	儲備 (附註i)	購股權儲備 (附註iii)	兵他陥禰 (附註ii)	^{陥佣} (附註iv)	權益轉換儲備 (附註v)	累計虧損	總權益
		NOTES	版本 HK\$'000	政団産頂 HK\$'000	(PN ≣±1) HK\$'000	(mit) HK\$'000	(P) ====) HK\$'000	(四計) (四計) (四)	(PI) ==V) HK\$'000	系可相供 HK\$'000	総催血 HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年										
	四月一日		73,570	3,313,723	14	443,765	(795,421)	(220,509)	824,849	(2,424,158)	1,215,833
Loss for the year	年度虧損		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,935	42,935
Other comprehensive	年度其他綜合收益										
income for the year											
- Exchange difference arising	一換算海外業務產生										
on translating foreign	之匯兑差額										
operations			-	-	-	-	-	215,101	-	-	215,101
Total comprehensive	年度綜合收益總額										
income for the year			-	-	-	-	-	215,101	-	42,935	258,036
Redemption of convertible	贖回可換股債券										
bonds		30(iv)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,361)	26,361	-
Modification of convertible	修訂可換股債券										
bonds		30(iv)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(69,784)	69,784	-
Share options lapsed	已失效購股權		-	-	-	(148,851)	-	-	-	148,851	-
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年										
	三月三十一日		73,570	3,313,723	14	294,914	(795,421)	(5,408)	728,704	(2,136,227)	1,473,869

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

附註:

- Capital redemption reserve in accordance with law of Bermuda which has been (i) paid out of the distributable reserves of the Company.
- (ii) Other reserve represents:

Notes:

(i)

- (a) The change in the Group's ownership interests in existing subsidiaries that do not result in loss of control over those subsidiaries; and
- (b) The recognition of deemed contribution from Mr. Li Kwong Yuk ("Mr. Li") under merger accounting upon the completion of acquisition of United Faith Investments Limited ("United Faith") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "United Faith Group") on 26 March 2018, representing the differences amongst the investment cost for the acquisition of United Faith Group and the amount due to related companies, and elimination of the share capital of the United Faith.
- (iii) Share option reserve represents the fair value of unexercised share options granted by the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy of share-based payments set out in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (iv) The exchange fluctuation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (v) The convertible bonds-equity conversion reserve represents the value of the unexercised equity component of convertible bonds issued by the Company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible bonds set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

- 資本贖回儲備指根據百慕達法例已自本公司可供分派 儲備支付。
- (ii) 其他儲備指:
 - (a) 本集團於現有附屬公司之擁有權權益之變動而 並無導致本集團對附屬公司失去控制權;及
 - (b) 於二零一八年三月二十六日完成收購團信投資 有限公司(「團信」)及其附屬公司(「下文統稱為 「團信集團」)後確認於合併會計下李光煜先生 (「李先生」)視作供款指收購團信集團之投資成 本與應付關連公司賬款之間的差額及團信股本 的對銷。
- (iii) 購股權儲備指本公司根據合併財務報表附註4所載以 股份為基礎的付款之會計政策已確認授出之尚未行使 購股權之公允值。
- (iv) 匯兑波動儲備包括換算海外業務財務報表所產生之所 有外匯差額。該儲備已按合併財務報表附註4所載之 會計政策處理。
- (v) 可換股債券-權益轉換儲備指本公司發行的可換股債 券中根據合併財務報表附註4所載的可換股債券所採 納之會計政策確認的未行使權益部分價值。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

合併現金流量表

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動		
(Loss)/profit before tax	程宮石期 除税前(虧損)/盈利	(81,728)	115,276
		(01,120)	110,270
Adjustments for: Bank interest income	已調整以下各項: 銀行利息收入	(700)	(604)
		(722)	(624)
Gain on modification of convertible bonds	修訂可換股債券之收益	-	(69,321)
Finance costs	融資成本	121,327	156,475
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊	0.017	0.000
equipment	机浓励光忙在	3,317 892	3,269
Depreciation of investment property	投資物業折舊		843
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	9,186	9,800
Loss/(gain) arising from financial assets at	於損益賬按公允值處理之金融	670	
fair value through profit or loss	資產產生之虧損/(收益)	670	(32,688)
Provision/(reversal) of allowance for	計提/(撥回)應收貸款及	00,400	(10,000)
impairment of loan and interest receivab		60,423	(19,696)
Operating cash flows before movements	營運資金變動前之經營現金		
in working capital	流量	113,365	163,334
Increase in properties under development	發展中物業增加	(1,102,149)	(427,875)
Decrease in completed properties held for	持作出售已竣工物業減少		
sale		1,545	17,681
Decrease/(increase) in other receivables,	其他應收賬款、預付款項及		
prepayments and deposits	按金減少/(増加)	168,544	(138,589)
Decrease/(increase) in loan and interest	應收貸款及利息減少/(增加)		
receivables		437,966	(36,455)
Changes on fair value of financial asset at	於損益賬按公允值處理之金融		
fair value through profit or loss	資產公允值變動	509	2,657
Decrease in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款減少	(22,441)	(21,613)
Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債增加	741,125	701,622
Cash generated from operations	營運所得之現金	338,464	260,762
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(22,581)	(24,930)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM	經營活動所得之現金淨額		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		315,883	235,832

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

合併現金流量表

		TES t註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		(37)	(29)
Interest received	已收利息		722	624
NET CASH GENERATED FROM	投資活動所得之現金淨額			
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			685	595
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Repayment to a director	償還予一名董事		-	(28,940)
Advance from a related company	墊款來自一間關連公司		24,890	8,612
Interest paid	已付利息		-	(63,660)
Payments on repurchase of shares	股份購回之付款		(17)	_
New bank borrowing raised	新籌集之銀行借款		-	229,620
Repayment of bank borrowing	償還銀行借款		(393,170)	(63,720)
Repayment of convertible bonds	償還可換股債券		(63,750)	(32,614)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債		(9,054)	(10,604)
NET CASH (USED IN)/GENERATED FROM	融資活動(所用)/產生之現金			
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	淨額		(441,101)	38,694
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH	現金及現金等價物(減少)/增加			
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	淨額		(124,533)	275,121
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	於四月一日之現金及現金等價物			
1 APRIL			306,515	21,367
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	外匯匯率變動之影響		(29,862)	10,027
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	於三月三十一日之現金及			
31 MARCH	現金等價物 2	24	152,120	306,515

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

DINGYI GROUP INVESTMENT LIMITED (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability and its shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information to the annual report.

The directors of the Company regard Wincon Capital Investment Limited ("Wincon Capital"), a private limited liability company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, as the immediate and ultimate holding company of the Company. Its ultimate controlling party is Mr. Li Kwong Yuk who is the executive director of the Company.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in loan financing, securities trading and properties development.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of units of Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$'000"), unless otherwise stated, which is the same as the functional currency of the Company. Other than those subsidiaries established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), whose functional currency is Renminbi ("RMB"), the functional currency of its subsidiaries is HK\$.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and by the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Going concern assessment

The directors of the Company have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

1. 一般資料

鼎億集團投資有限公司(「本公司」)於百慕達 註冊成立及其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「聯交所」)主板上市。本公司註冊辦事處 及主要營業地點的地址披露於年報公司資料。

本公司董事將永冠資本投資有限公司(「永冠 資本」)(於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立之私人有 限公司)視為本公司之直接及最終控股公司, 其最終控股人士為本公司執行董事李光煜先 生。

本公司主要業務為投資控股。本公司及其附 屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)主要從事貸款融 資、證券買賣及物業發展。

除另有指明外,此等合併財務報表以港幣千元(「港幣千元」)呈列,與本公司之功能貨幣 相同。除於中華人民共和國(「中國」)成立及 功能貨幣為人民幣(「人民幣」)之該等附屬公 司外,其附屬公司之功能貨幣為港幣。

2. 合併財務報表編製基準

合併財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「香港 會計師公會」)所頒佈的香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)編撰。此外,合併財 務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)及香港公司條例之披露規定所規定之適 用披露。

持續經營評估

於批准合併財務報表時,本公司董事合理期 望本集團有充足資源於可預見未來繼續經 營。因此,彼等於編製合併財務報表繼續採 用持續經營會計基礎。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

2.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

For financial instruments which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs are to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that at initial recognition the results of the valuation technique equals the transaction price.

合併財務報表編製基準(續)

合併財務報表乃以歷史成本基準編撰,惟於 各報告期末按公允值計量之若干金融工具除 外。

歷史成本一般以作為交換貨品及服務的代價 的公允值為依據。

公允值是於計量日期市場參與者間於有秩序 交易中出售資產所收取或轉讓負債須支付之 價格,而不論該價格為可直接觀察取得或可 使用其他估值方法估計。於估計資產或負債 之公允值時,本集團會考慮該等市場參與者 於計量日期對資產或負債定價時所考慮之資 產或負債之特點。於該等合併財務報表中作 計量及/或披露用途之公允值乃按此基準釐 定,惟以下各項除外:屬於香港財務報告準 則第2號「以股份為基礎付款」範圍內之以股 份為付款基礎交易、根據香港財務報告準則 第16號入賬之租賃交易,以及其計量與公允 值之計量存在某些相似之處但並非公允值, 例如香港會計準則第2號「存貨」之可變現淨 值或香港會計準則第36號「資產減值 /之使用 價值。

就按公允值交易的金融工具而言,不可觀察 輸入值之估值技術將於隨後期間用於計量公 允值,則估值技術予以校準,因此於初始確 認時,估值技術結果與交易價相等。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendment to HKFRS 16

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements. 2. 合併財務報表編製基準(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公允值計量分為第 一級、第二級或第三級,此等級別之劃分根 據其輸入數據的可觀察程度及該輸入數據對 公允值計量的整體重要性,概述如下:

- 第一級輸入數據指該實體於計量日期由
 活躍市場上相同資產或負債獲得的標價
 (未經調整);
- 第二級輸入數據指除第一級別所包含之
 標價以外,可直接或間接從觀察資產或
 負債之資料而得出的輸入數據;及
- 第三級輸入數據指該輸入數據不可從觀 察資產或負債的資料而獲得。
- 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則

本年度強制生效的香港財務報告準 則修訂本

於本年度,本集團編製合併財務報表時已首 次應用以下香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公 會」)所頒佈之香港財務報告準則修訂本,已 於二零二一年四月一日或之後開始的年度期 間強制生效:

香港財務報告準則第16號	二零二一年六月
(修訂本)	三十日後的
	Covid-19相關
	租金寬免
香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會	利率基準改革-
計準則第39號、香港財務報告	第二階段
準則第7號、香港財務報告準則	
第4號及香港財務報告準則第16	
號(修訂本)	

於本年度應用經修訂香港財務報告準則並無 對本集團於本年度及過往年度之財務狀況及 表現及/或合併財務報表所載之披露帶來任 何重大影響。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but not yet effective:

3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

已頒佈但尙未生效的新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則

本集團並無提前應用以下已頒佈但尚未生效 的新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments ²	香港財務報告準則第17號	保險合同及相關修 訂本 ²
Amendments to HKFRS 3 Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Reference to the Conceptual Framework ¹ Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ³	香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會 計準則第28號(修訂本)	提述概念框架1 投資者與其聯營公 司或合營企業之 間的資產出售及 投入3
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) ²	香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)	將負債分類為流動 或非流動以及 香港詮釋第5號的 相關修訂(二零二 零年) ²
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies ²	香港會計準則第1號及香港財務 報告準則實務聲明第2號(修訂本	會計政策的披露 ²)
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates ²	香港會計準則第8號(修訂本)	會計估計的定義 ²
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction ²	香港會計準則第12號(修訂本)	單一交易產生的資 產及負債的相關 遞延税項 ²
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use ¹	香港會計準則第16號(修訂本)	物業,廠房及設 備-作擬定用途 前之所得款項1
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract ¹	香港會計準則第37號(修訂本)	虧損性合約-履行 合約成本 ¹
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 ¹	香港財務報告準則(修訂本)	香港財務報告準則 二零一八年至二 零二零年之年度

改進1

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRSs (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (*Continued*)

- ¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.
- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.
- ³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above. 3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則(續)

已頒佈但尙未生效的新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則(續)

- 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間 生效。
- ² 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間 生效。
- ³ 於待定日期或之後開始的年度期間生效。

本公司董事預計,應用所有新訂及經修訂香 港財務報告準則在可見未來將不會對本集團 的合併財務報表產生任何重大影響。

4. 主要會計政策

合併基準

合併財務報表包括本公司及本公司控制的實 體及其附屬公司的財務報表。在以下情況 下,本公司獲得控制權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 承受及享有其所參與投資對象的浮動回 報的風險或權利;及
- 有能力運用其權力影響其回報。

若事實及情況表明上文所列控制權的該三個 元素中一個或以上元素出現變動,本集團會 重估其是否控制投資對象。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

合併财務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of investment property over the estimated useful live and after taking into account of the estimated residual value, using the straight-line method.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal. A leased property which is recognised as a right-ofuse asset is derecognised if the Group as intermediate lessor classifies the sublease as a finance lease. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

合併基準(續)

合併附屬公司於本集團取得該附屬公司的控 制權時開始,並於本集團失去該附屬公司的 控制權時結束。特別是,於年內已收購或出 售的附屬公司的收入及開支自本集團取得控 制權之日起至本集團不再控制該附屬公司之 日止列入合併損益表。

為使附屬公司的會計政策與本集團的會計政 策一致,必要時已對附屬公司的財務報表進 行調整。

與本集團成員公司之間交易有關的所有集團 內部資產及負債、權益、收入、支出及現金 流均在合併賬目時全數對銷。

投資物業

投資物業乃持有以賺取租金的物業。

已擁有的投資物業初步按成本(包括任何直接 應佔開支)計量。於初步確認後,投資物業按 成本減其後累計折舊及任何累計減值虧損列 賬。折舊乃按投資物業的估計可使用年期並 考慮其估計剩餘價值後以直線法撇銷其成本 進行確認。

於投資物業出售或永久停止使用或預計不會 從出售該物業中獲得未來經濟收益時,投資 物業會被取消確認。倘本集團作為中間出租 人將分租分類為融資租賃,則確認為使用權 資產的租賃物業會被終止確認。取消確認物 業所產生之任何收益或虧損(按出售所得款項 淨值與該資產之賬面值之差額計算)於物業被 取消確認期間計入損益賬內。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings held for own use in the production or supply of services, or for administrative purposes are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	20 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of lease term or
	3 years
Furniture, fixtures and office	331/3%
equipment	
Motor vehicles	20%

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備包括持作生產或提供服務 或作行政用途之樓宇,以成本減其後累計折 舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於合併財務狀 況表列賬。

折舊乃按撇銷物業、廠房及設備項目成本減 估計可使用年期剩餘價值,以直線法確認。 估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法乃於 各報告期末檢討,任何估計變動之影響按預 先計提之基準入賬。估計可使用年期載列如 下:

樓宇	20年
租賃物業裝修	租賃年期或3年之
	較短者
傢俬、裝置及辦公室	331/3%
設備	
汽車	20%

物業、廠房及設備項目乃於出售後或當預期 持續使用該資產將不會產生未來經濟利益時 不再確認。於出售或棄置物業、廠房及設備 項目時產生之任何收益或虧損(以出售所得款 項與該資產之賬面值之差額釐定)乃於損益確 認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

合併财務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are calculated using the first-in, first out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Properties under development/completed properties held for sale

Properties under development which are intended to be sold upon completion of development and completed properties held for sale are classified as current assets. Except for the leasehold land element which is measured at cost model in accordance with the accounting policies of right-of-use assets, properties under development/completed properties held for sale are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a specific identification basis including allocation of the related development expenditure incurred and where appropriate, borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for the properties less estimated cost to completion and costs necessary to make the sales. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

Properties under development are transferred to completed properties held for sale upon completion.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者的較低者列 賬。存貨成本利用先入先出法釐定。可變現 淨值指存貨之估計銷售價減完成之全部估計 成本及銷售所需成本。

發展中物業/持作出售的已竣工物 業

擬於開發完成後出售的發展中物業及持作出 售的已竣工物業分類為流動資產。除租賃 土地部分根據使用權資產之會計政策按成本 模型計量外,發展中物業/持作出售的已竣 工物業以成本與可變現淨值兩者中的較低者 列賬。成本根據特定識別基準確定,包括分 配已發生的相關開發支出以及在適當情況下 資本化的借貸成本。可變現淨值指物業的估 計售價減估計完成成本及進行銷售所需的成 本。作出銷售的必要成本包括直接歸屬於銷 售的遞增成本及本集團為作出銷售須產生的 非遞增成本。

發展中物業在竣工後轉至持作出售的已竣工 物業。
4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and in hand and cash at financial institutions. For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash, as defined above.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

現金及現金等價物

合併財務狀況表所列之現金包括銀行及手頭 現金及於金融機構的現金。就合併現金流量 表而言,現金及現金等價物包括以上界定的 現金。

金融工具

金融資產及金融負債乃於當集團實體成為工 具合約條文之訂約方時確認。所有常規購買 或出售金融資產乃按交易日基準確認及取消 確認。常規買賣指須於按市場規則或慣例設 定時限內交付資產的金融資產買賣。

除了客戶合約所產生的貿易應收款項根據香 港財務報告準則第15號初步計量。金融資產 及金融負債初步按公允值計算,因收購或發 行金融資產及金融負債(於損益賬按公允值處 理(「於損益賬按公允值處理」)之金融資產或 金融負債除外)而直接應佔的交易成本,於初 步確認時按適用情況於該項金融資產或金融 負債的公允值中加入或扣除。因收購於損益 賬按公允值處理之金融資產或金融負債而直 接應佔的交易成本即時於損益確認。

實際利率法為計算金融資產或金融負債的攤 銷成本以及分配相關期間的利息收入及利息 開支之方法。實際利率乃於金融資產或金融 負債之預期可用年期或(如適用)較短期間內 將估計日後現金收入(包括構成實際利率不可 或缺部分而已付或已收之所有費用、交易成 本及其他溢價或折讓)準確折現至初步確認之 賬面淨值之比率。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 *Business Combinations* applies.

主要會計政策(續) 金融工具(續) 金融資產 金融資產分類及其後計量

4.

符合以下條件的金融資產其後按攤銷成本計 量:

- 以收取合約現金流量為目的之業務模式
 下持有之金融資產;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之現金流量純 粹為支付本金及未償還本金之利息。

符合以下條件的金融資產其後於其他綜合收 益賬按公允值處理(「於其他綜合收益賬按公 允值處理」)計量:

- 金融資產於目的為同時出售及收集合約
 現金流量的業務模式內持有;及
- 合約條款於特定日期產生的現金流量僅 為支付本金及未償還本金額的利息。

所有其他金融資產其後於其他綜合收益賬按 公允值處理計量,惟根據首次確認金融資產 時,倘某項股權投資並非持作買賣,亦非由 於收購方在香港財務報告準則第3號*業務合* 併所適用的業務合併中確認的或有代價,則 本集團可不可撤銷地選擇於其他綜合收益賬 呈列該項股權投資公允值的其後變動。 **Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements** 合併財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired. For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit impaired.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

<mark>金融工具(*績)* 金融資產(*績*) *金融資產分類及其後計量(績)*</mark>

一項金融資產為持作買賣,倘:

- 收購該資產時主要的目的是為了近期銷售;或
- 於初始確認時屬於本集團集中管理的可 辨認金融工具組合的一部分,並且實際 按照短期獲利方式進行管理;或
- 並非為指定及有效作為對沖工具的衍生 工具。

此外,本集團可不可撤回地指定一項須按攤 銷成本或於其他綜合收益賬按公允值處理的 金融資產以於損益賬按公允值處理計量,前 提為有關指定可消除或大幅減少會計錯配。

攤銷成本及利息收入

就其後按攤銷成本計量的金融資產而言,利 息收入採用實際利率法確認。就金融工具(除 了收購或原有信貸減值的金融資產)而言, 利息收入透過對金融資產的賬面總值應用實 際利率計算,惟其後出現信貸減值的金融資 產除外。就其後出現信貸減值的金融資產而 言,利息收入透過對金融資產於下一報告調 的攤銷成本應用實際利率確認。倘信貸減值 金融工具的信貸風險降低,使金融資產不再 出現信貸減值後,透過對金融資產於該報告 期開始時的賬面總值應用實際利率確認。

For the vear ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "(loss)/gain arising from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" line item or "loss on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss".

- 4. 主要會計政策(續)
 - 金融工具(績)
 - 金融資產(績)

於損益賬按公允值處理的金融資產

不符合按攤銷成本或於其他綜合收益賬按公 允值處理計量的標準的金融資產乃於損益賬 按公允值處理計量。

於損益賬按公允值處理的金融資產於各報告 期末按公允值計量,任何公允值收益或虧損 於損益中確認。已於損益中確認之收益或虧 損淨額不包括金融資產所賺取之任何股息或 利息並計入「於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資 產產生之(虧損)/收益」或「出售於損益賬按 公允值處理之金融資產虧損」。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including loan and interest receivables, other receivables, deposits and cash and cash equivalents) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group measures the loss allowance for financial assets at amortised cost equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具*(績)* 金融資產*(績)*

金融資產減值

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第9號就須予 減值評估之金融資產(包括應收貸款及利息、 其他應收款項、按金以及現金及現金等價物) 按預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模型進行 減值評估。預期信貸虧損的金額於各報告日 期更新,以反映自初始確認後信貸風險的變 化。

整個存續期預期信貸虧損指相關工具的預期 使用期內所有可能的違約事件產生之預期信 貸虧損。相反,12個月預期信貸虧損(「12個 月預期信貸虧損」)指預期於報告日期後12個 月內可能發生的違約事件導致之整個存續期 預期信貸虧損部分。評估乃根據本集團的歷 史信貸虧損經驗進行,並根據債務人特有的 因素、一般經濟狀況以及對報告日期當前狀 況及對未來狀況預測的評估作出調整。

本集團計量按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產的虧 損撥備等於12個月預期信貸虧損,除非自初 始確認後信貸風險顯著增加,則本集團確認 整個存續期預期信貸虧損。是否應確認整個 存續期預期信貸虧損的評估乃基於自初始確 認以來發生違約之可能性或風險的顯著增加 程度。

合併財務報表附註 For the vear ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular debtor, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor, or the length of time or the extent to which the fair value of a financial asset has been less than its amortised cost;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;

主要會計政策(續)
 金融工具(續)
 金融資產(續)
 金融資產減值(續)
 信貸風險大幅增加

在評估自初始確認以來信貸風險是否大幅增 加時,本集團會比較截至報告日期金融工具 發生違約風險與截至初始確認日期金融工具 發生違約風險。對於這個評估,本集團考慮 合理且有理據支持的量性及質性的資料,包 括過往經驗及無需付出不必要的成本或努力 即可取得的前瞻性資料。

尤其是,在評估信貸風險是否顯著增加時, 將考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具的外部(倘有)或內部信用評級
 的實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 特定金融工具的外部市場信貸風險指標 顯著惡化,如信貸息差、債務人信用違 約掉期價格或金融資產的公允值低於其 攤銷成本的時間長或幅度;
- 業務、財務或經濟條件出現或預期出現
 不利變動,可能導致債務人償債能力大
 幅下降;
- 債務人經營業績出現實際或預期出現顯 著惡化;

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

 an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

- 4. 主要會計政策(續)
 - 金融工具(績)
 - 金融資產(績)
 - 金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險大幅增加(續)

債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境出現實
 際或預期出現重大不利變動,可能導致
 債務人償債能力大幅下降。

無論上述評估結果如何,本集團假設,於合約付款逾期超過30日時,信貸風險已自初始確認起大幅增加,除非本集團有合理且有理據支持的資料證明可予收回則當別論。

合併财務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the debtor; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

The Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

- 4. 主要會計政策(續)
 - 金融工具(續)
 - 金融資產(續)
 - 金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險大幅增加(續)

本集團定期監控用於識別信貸風險是否大幅 增加的標準的有效性,並適當對其作出修 訂,以確保該標準能在款項逾期前識別信貸 風險的大幅增加。

違約定義

本集團認為以下事項構成內部信貸風險管理 違約事件,此乃由於過往經驗顯示符合以下 任何一項標準的應收款項通常無法收回:

- 對手方違反財務契約時;或
- 內部建立或自外部取得的資料顯示,債
 務人不大可能支付全額款項予債權人
 (包括本集團)(並未考慮本集團所持有
 的任何抵押品)。

本集團認為,倘金融資產逾期超過90日時則 發生違約,除非本集團有合理且有理據支持 的資料證明更滯後的違約標準屬更合適。

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For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月二十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the counter party has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

- 金融工具(績)
- 金融資產(績)
- 金融資產減值(續)

發生信貸減值的金融資產

當發生一個或多個事項對金融資產的未來現 金流量的估計有不利影響時,則金融資產會 已發生信貸減值。其金融資產信貸減值的現 象包括以下可觀察的數據:

- 發行者或借款方發生嚴重的財務困難;
- 違反合約,如未能及時支付本金或利息
 或逾期;
- 借款人的貸款人出於與借款人財困相關
 的經濟或合約原因,而向借款人授予貸
 款人原本不會考慮的優惠;
- 借款方很可能進入破產或其他財務重組
 程序;或
- 由於財政困難導致金融資產缺乏活躍市場。

撇銷政策

當有資料顯示對手方有嚴重財務困難及沒有 實際可收回預期,例如,當對手方被清算或 已進入破產程序時,本集團會把該金融資產 撤銷。根據本集團收回程序並考慮法律建議 (如適用),金融資產撤銷可能仍受到執法活 動的約束。任何收回均於損益中確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements $\triangle W H = W H$

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weight amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occuring as the weights. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

主要會計政策(續)
 金融工具(續)
 金融資產(續)
 金融資產減值(續)
 計量及確認預期信貸虧損

計量預期信貸虧損乃指違約概率、違約損失 率程度(即倘違約損失的程度)及違約風險的 函數。評估違約概率及違約損失率程度根據 歷史數據作出,並根據前瞻性資料調整(如上 文所述)。對預期信貸虧損的估計反映無偏和 概率加權金額,該金額以發生違約的風險為 權重釐定。關於違約風險,對於金融資產而 言,乃指資產於報告日期的賬面總值。

就金融資產而言,預期信貸虧損乃估計為本 集團根據合約應收所有合約現金流量與本集 團預期將收回的所有現金流量之間的差額, 並按最初實際利率貼現。

管理層定期檢討分組,確保各組的組成部分 繼續具有類似的信貸風險特徵。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial assets (Continued) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

- 4. 主要會計政策(續)
 - 金融工具(績)
 - 金融資產(續)
 - 金融資產減值(續)
 - 計量及確認預期信貸虧損(續)

倘本集團於之前報告期按相等於整個存續期 預期信貸虧損之金額計量金融工具的虧損撥 備,但於當前報告日期確定不再符合整個存 續期預期信貸虧損之條件,則本集團於當前 報告日期按相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的金 額計量虧損撥備,惟採用簡化法之資產除外。

本集團於損益中確認所有金融工具的減值收 益或虧損,並通過虧損撥備賬戶對其賬面值 進行相應調整。

終止確認金融資產

僅當收取現金流量的合約權利失效,或轉移 金融資產及其所有權的絕大部分風險及回報 予其他實體時,本集團才終止確認該金融資 產。

在終止確認一項按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 時,該資產的賬面值與已收取及應收代價總 和之間的差額已於損益內確認。

合併财務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial liabilities and equity Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including bank borrowings, trade and other payables, amount due to a related company, liabilities component of convertible bonds, other bond, promissory note and bank borrowing are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. 主要會計政策(續)
 金融工具(續)
 金融負債及權益

分類為債項或權益

由集團實體發行之金融負債及權益工具乃根 據合同安排之性質與金融負債及權益工具之 定義分類為金融負債或權益。

權益工具

權益工具乃證明實體於扣減其所有負債後之 資產中擁有剩餘權益之任何合同。集團實體 發行的權益工具乃按已收取的所得款項(扣除 直接發行成本)確認。

購回本公司自身權益工具於權益確認並直接 於其中扣除。概無就購買、出售、發行或註 銷本公司自身權益工具之損益確認收益或虧 損。

金融負債

所有金融負債其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成 本計量。

按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債

金融負債(包括銀行借貸、貿易及其他應付賬 款、應付一間關連公司賬款、可換股債券負 債部分、其他債券、承兑票據及銀行借款)其 後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial liabilities and equity (Continued) Convertible bonds

The component parts of the convertible bonds are classified separately as financial liability and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component (including any embedded non-equity derivatives features) is estimated by measuring the fair value of similar liability that does not have an associated equity component.

A conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible note, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible bonds are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible bonds using the effective interest method.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具*(績)* 金融負債及權益*(績) 可換股債券*

可換股債券之組成部分乃根據實質合約安排 以及金融負債及權益工具之定義個別分類為 金融負債及權益。倘換股權將以固定金額之 現金或其他金融資產換取固定數量之本公司 本身權益工具結算,則其屬權益工具。

於發行日期,負債部分的公允值(包括任何嵌入式非權益衍生工具特徵)乃通過計量不具有 關聯權益部分的類似負債的公允值進行估計。

分類為權益之換股權乃透過從複合工具整體 之公允值中扣減負債部分金額而釐定。其將 在權益中確認,並計入當中(扣除所得税影 響),且其後不會重新計量。此外,分類為權 益之換股權將一直保留於權益內,直至換股 權獲行使為止,在該情況下,在權益中確認 之結餘將轉撥至股份溢價賬。倘換股權於可 換股票據到期日仍未獲行使,在權益中確認 之結餘將轉撥至累計虧損。在換股權獲兑換 或到期時,不會在損益中確認任何收益或虧 損。

與發行可換股債券相關之交易成本乃按負債 及權益部分佔所得款項總額的比例分配至負 債及權益部分。與權益部分相關之交易成本 直接於權益中扣除。與負債部分相關之交易 成本乃計入負債部分之賬面值,並按可換股 債券之期限採用實際利率法予以攤銷。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial liabilities and equity (Continued) Modification of financial liabilities

Except for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows as a result of interest rate benchmark reform in which the Group applies the practical expedient, when the contractual terms of a financial liability are modified, the Group assess whether the revised terms result in a substantial modification from original terms taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances including qualitative factors. If qualitative assessment is not conclusive, the Group considers that the terms are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received, and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is at least 10 per cent different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability. Accordingly, such modification of terms is accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred are recognised as part of the gain or loss on the extinguishment. The exchange or modification is considered as non-substantial modification when such difference is less than 10 per cent.

For non-substantial modifications of financial liabilities that do not result in derecognition, the carrying amount of the relevant financial liabilities will be calculated at the present value of the modified contractual cash flows discounted at the financial liabilities' original effective interest rate. Transaction costs or fees incurred are adjusted to the carrying amount of the modified financial liabilities and are amortised over the remaining term. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial liability is recognised in profit or loss at the date of modification

主要會計政策(續) 金融工具(績) 金融負債及權益(績)

修改金融負債

除因利率基準改革而導致釐定合約現金流量 的基礎發生變化(在該情況下,本集團應用可 行權宜方法)外,當金融負債的合約條款被修 改時,本集團將考慮所有相關事實和情況(包 括定性因素),評估修改後的條款是否導致對 原始條款的實質性修改。如果定性評估不能 得出結論,倘根據新條款現金流量的折現現 值(包括所付按原實際利率折現的任何費用 (已扣除任何所收費用))與原金融負債剩餘現 金流量的折現現值至少有10%差別,則本集 團視該等條款大不相同。因此,該等條款的 修改作為終止確認核算入賬,產生的任何成 本或費用確認為終止確認核算的損益的一部 分。如果有關差別低於10%,則該交換或修 改視為非實質性修改。

對於不會導致終止確認的金融負債的非實質 性修改,相關金融負債的賬面值將按以金融 負債的原實際利率折現的修改後的合約現金 流量的現值計算。產生的交易成本或費用調 整為修改後的金融負債的賬面值,並在剩餘 期間內攤銷。對金融負債賬面值的任何調整 均於修改日在損益中確認。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) Financial liabilities and equity (Continued) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Share-based payments Equity-settled share-based payments transactions Share options granted to employees

For share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of services received determined by reference to the fair value of the share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss, with a corresponding increase in equity (i.e. share

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share option reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

Share options granted to consultants

Share options issued in exchange for goods or services are measured at the fair values of the goods or services received, unless that fair value cannot be reliably measured, in which case the goods or services received are measured by reference to the fair value of the share options granted. The fair values of the goods or services received are recognised as expenses, with a corresponding increase in equity (share option reserve), when the Group obtains the goods or when the counterparties render services, unless the goods or services qualify for recognition as assets. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(績) 金融負債及權益(績) 終止確認金融負債

本集團僅於其責任獲解除、取消或已到期時 終止確認金融負債。終止確認之金融負債之 賬面值與已付及應付代價(包括任何所轉讓非 現金資產或所承擔負債)之差額於損益中確 認。

以股份為基礎之付款 權益結算以股份為基礎之付款交易

授予僱員之購股權

若購股權於授出日期即時歸屬,參考授出購 股權的公允值釐定之所接收服務之公允值即 時於損益支銷,股本(即購股權儲備)相應增 加。

於行使購股權時,以往於購股權儲備確認的 金額將轉撥至股份溢價。購股權於歸屬日期 後被沒收或於屆滿日期仍未獲行使時,則先 前於購股權儲備確認的金額將轉撥至累計虧 損。

授予顧問的購股權

為換取貨品或服務而發行之購股權按所獲貨 品或服務之公允值計量,惟倘公允值不能可 靠計量,則所獲貨品或服務的價值乃參考所 授購股權之公允值計量。當本集團取得貨品 或當對手方提供服務時,所獲貨品或服務之 公允值即時確認為開支,權益(購股權儲備) 亦相應增加,惟貨品或服務符合資格確認為 資產則除外。

option reserve).

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date when derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of the reporting period. Changes in the fair value of these derivative financial instruments are recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Impairment losses on tangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual CGU, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of CGU for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

衍生金融工具

衍生工具初步以衍生工具合約簽訂日的公允 值確認,其後則以報告期末的公允值重新計 量。該等衍生金融工具的公允值變動於合併 損益表即時確認。

有形資產之減值虧損

於各報告期末,本集團會評估其有形資產之 賬面值,以決定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資 產出現減值虧損。如有任何此等跡象,則會 估計資產之可收回金額以釐定減值虧損(如 有)之程度。

倘若不大可能估計個別資產的可收回金額, 則本集團估計資產屬於的現金產生單位(「現 金產生單位」)的可收回金額。如分配的合理 及一致基準可識別,則公司資產亦被分配至 個別現金產生單位,或於其他情況彼等被分 配至現金產生單位的最小組合,而該現金產 生單位的合理及一致分配基準可識別。

可收回金額為公允值減去出售成本及使用價 值兩者中之較高者。於評估使用價值時, 估計未來現金流量乃以税前貼現率貼現至現 值,該貼現率能反映當前市場所評估之貨幣 時間值及資產特定風險(就此而言,未來現金 流量估計尚未作出調整)。

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回金額 低於其賬面值,資產(或現金產生單位)之賬 面值將減低至其可收回金額。減值虧損即時 於損益內確認。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment losses on tangible assets (Continued)

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a CGU) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a CGU) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which an entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services to a customer. Specifically, the Group uses a five-step approach to recognise revenue:

Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer

Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract

Step 3: Determine the transaction price

Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract

Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligations is transferred to customer.

A performance obligation represents goods or services (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods that are substantially the same.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

有形資產之減值虧損(績)

倘減值虧損其後逆轉,資產(或現金產生單 位)之賬面值將增加至其經修訂之估計可收回 金額,惟增加後之賬面值不得超出倘若該資 產(或現金產生單位)於過往年度並無確認減 值虧損時原應確認之賬面值。減值虧損之轉 回即時於損益內確認。

收入確認

收入按向客戶轉移所承諾貨品或服務的金額 確認,該金額反映有關實體預期有權就該等 貨品或服務從客戶換取的代價。具體而言, 本集團採用五步法確認收入:

步驟一:確定與客戶訂立的合約

步驟二:確定合約中的履約義務

步驟三:釐定交易價格

步驟四:將交易價格分攤至合約中的履約義 務

步驟五:當(或於)本集團完成履約義務時確 認收入

本集團當(或於)履約義務獲完成時確認收 入,即當與特定履約義務相關的貨品或服務 「控制權」轉移至客戶時。

履約義務指可明確區分的一項貨品或服務(或 一組貨品或服務)或一系列大致相同的可明確 區分的貨品。

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct goods.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer, excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties and sales related taxes.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(績)

倘符合下列任一標準,則控制權會隨時間轉 移,而收入會隨著有關履約義務的完成進度 在一段時間內確認:

- 客戶在本集團履約時同時取得並消耗本 集團履約所帶來的利益;
- 本集團的履約導致產生及提升一項資
 產,而該項資產於產生或提升時由客戶
 控制;或
- 本集團的履約並未產生對本集團有替代
 用途的資產,且本集團對迄今已履約部
 分的付款享有可強制執行的權利。

否則,收入於客戶獲得可明確區分貨品或服 務的控制權的時間點確認。

收入按客戶合約指定的代價計量,不包括代 表第三方收取的金額及銷售相關税費。

合約負債指本集團已收客戶代價(或應收客 戶代價金額)而應向客戶轉移貨品或服務的 義務。倘本集團於其確認相關收入前擁有無 條件權利可收取代價,合約負債亦將予以確 認。在此情況下,亦會確認相應的應收款項。

就與客戶的單一合約而言,呈列合約資產淨 額或合約負債淨額。就多項合約而言,無關 聯合約之合約資產及合約負債不會按淨額基 準呈列。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

The Group recognised revenue from the following major source:

- Sales of properties

Sales of properties

The Group's property development activities are mainly carried out in the PRC. Taking into account the contract terms, the Group's business practice and the legal and regulatory environment, revenue from property sales contracts is recognised at a point in time. Under the transfer-of-control approach in HKFRS 15, revenue from property sales is generally recognised when the property is accepted by the customer, or deemed as accepted according to the contract, whichever is earlier, which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the property and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the property.

The Group receives the deposits from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreement. Such deposits result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the property construction period for the full amount of the contract price. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

收入確認(績)

本集團就來自下列主要來源確認收入:

- 銷售物業

物業銷售

本集團的物業發展活動主要在中國進行。經 計及合約條款、本集團的業務慣例及法律及 監管環境後,物業銷售所得收入於某個時間 點確認。根據香港財務報告準則第15號轉移 控制權方法,物業銷售收入通常於客戶接受 物業時或根據合約被視為獲接受(以較早者為 準)時確認,乃為當客戶有能力直接使用物業 並取得該物業之絕大部分餘下利益之某個時 間點。

本集團於客戶簽訂買賣協議時收取客戶按 金。有關按金導致合約負債於整個物業建造 期間內就合約價格全款確認。

合併財務報表附註

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Lease

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application of HKFRS 16 or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed. As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effects on the consolidated financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

The Group as a lessee Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. Lease payments on short-term leases is recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃 租賃之定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時間內控制 可識別資產使用之權利,則該合約為租賃或 包含租賃。

就於初次應用香港財務報告準則第16號日期 或之後訂立或修訂或源自業務合併的合約而 言,本集團於開始、修訂或收購(視情況而 定)日期,根據香港財務報告準則第16號的 定義評估合約是否屬於或包含租賃。除非合 約條款及條件其後改變,否則不得重新評估 有關合約。作為可行權宜方法,具有類似特 徵的租賃於本集團合理預期其對合併財務報 表的影響將不會與組合內個別租賃出現重大 差異時按組合基準入賬。

本集團作為承租人 *分配代價至合約的組成部分*

對於包含一項租賃組成部分及一項或多項額 外租賃或非租賃組成部分之合約而言,本集 團會按照租賃組成部分之相對獨立價格及非 租賃組成部分之合計獨立價格,將合約代價 分配至各租賃組成部分。

短期租賃

本集團對自開始日期起計租期為12個月或以 下並且不包括購買選擇權的租賃採用短期租 賃確認豁免。短期租賃的租賃付款乃於租賃 期內以直綫法基準確認為開支。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Lease (Continued) The Group as a lessee (Continued) Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃*(績)* 本集團作為承租人*(績)* 使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出的任何租賃付款,減已收取的任何租賃優惠;
- 本集團產生的任何初始直接成本;及
- 本集團拆除及移除相關資產、恢復相關 資產所在場地或將相關資產恢復至租賃 條款及條件所規定狀態將產生的估計成 本。

使用權資產按成本減去任何累計折舊及減值 虧損計量,並就租賃負債的任何重新計量作 出調整。

倘本集團合理確信在租賃期屆滿時取得相關 租賃資產的擁有權,則使用權資產於開始日 期起至可使用年期屆滿期間折舊。否則,使 用權資產按其估計可使用年期及租賃期兩者 中的較短者以直綫法折舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表中將使用權資產列 為單獨項目。

租賃負債

於租賃開始日,本集團按當時尚未支付租賃 付款的現值確認並計量租賃負債。在計算租 賃付款的現值時,如果租賃中隱含的利率難 以確定,則本集團使用租賃開始日的增量借 款利率。

合併財務報表附註

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Lease (Continued) The Group as a lessee (Continued) Lease liabilities (Continued)

The lease payments include: fixed payments (including insubstance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

4. 主要會計政策*(續)*

租賃*(績)* 本集團作為承租人*(績)* 租賃負債(績)

租賃付款包括:固定付款(包括實質上是固定 之付款)減任何應收租賃優惠。

於開始日期後,租賃負債會按增計利息及租 賃付款進行調整。

倘出現以下情況,本集團會重新計量租賃負 債(並對相關使用權資產作出相應調整):

- 租期有所變動或行使購買選擇權之評估 發生變化,在此情況下,相關租賃負債
 透過使用重新評估日期之經修訂貼現率
 貼現經修訂租賃付款而重新計量。
- 租賃付款因進行市場租金調查後市場租
 金費率變動,在此情況下,相關租賃負
 債透過使用初始貼現率貼現經修訂租賃
 付款而重新計量。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將租賃負債列為 單獨項目。

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Lease (Continued) The Group as a lessee (Continued) Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability, less any lease incentives receivable, based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

租賃*(績)* 本集團作為承租人*(績) 租賃修改*

倘出現以下情況,本集團將租賃修改作為獨 立租賃入賬:

- 修改透過加入使用一項或以上相關資產
 之權利擴大租賃範圍;及
- 租賃代價增加,增加之金額相當於範圍 擴大對應之單獨價格及為反映特定合約 之實際情況而對該單獨價格進行之任何 適當調整。

就未作為單獨租賃入賬之租賃修改而言,本 集團按透過使用修改生效日期之經修訂貼現 率貼現經修訂租賃付款之經修改租賃之租期 重新計量租賃負債(扣除任何應收租賃優惠)。

本集團通過對相關使用權資產進行相應調 整,將租賃負債的重新計量入賬。當修改後 的合約包含租賃組成部分及一個或多個額外 租賃或非租賃組成部分時,本集團會根據租 賃組成部分的相對獨立價格及非租賃組成部 分的總獨立價格,將修改後的合約代價分配 至各租賃組成部分。

合併财务報表附註

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the year. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange fluctuation reserve.

On the disposal of a foreign operation, all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the Company is reclassified to profit or loss.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

外幣

編製各個別集團實體之財務報表時,以該實 體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣(外幣)進行之交易 乃按交易日之現行匯率以其功能貨幣(即該實 體營運所在之主要經濟環境之貨幣)記錄。於 報告期末,以外幣列值之貨幣項目乃按該日 之現行匯率重新換算。按歷史成本計量以外 幣定值之非貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目所產生之 匯兑差額於產生期間內在損益中確認。

就呈列合併財務報表而言,本集團海外業務 之資產及負債乃採用於各報告期末之現行匯 率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣(即港幣)。收入 及開支項目乃按年內之平均匯率換算。產生 之匯兑差額(如有)於其他綜合收入內確認並 於權益內匯兑波動儲備項下累計。

對於出售海外業務,就該項歸屬於公司擁有 人的經營於權益累計的所有滙兑差額均重新 分類至損益。

借款成本

與購買、建造或生產合資格資產(須耗用大量 時間以達至其擬定用途或出售)直接相關之借 款成本可撥入該等資產之成本,直至該等資 產已大致上預備妥當作其預定用途或出售為 止。

所有其他借款成本均於其產生期間內於損益 確認。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Employee benefits Retirement benefit costs

Group entities operate various pension schemes. The schemes are generally funded through payments to insurance companies or trustee-administered funds, determined by periodic actuarial calculation. The Group has defined contribution plans.

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

Payments to a state-managed retirement benefit scheme in the PRC and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

僱員福利 退休福利成本

集團實體運作多個退休金計劃。此等計劃一 般由定期精算計算釐定並透過向保險公司或 受託管理基金付款而獲得注資。本集團設有 設定提存計劃。

設定提存計劃是一項本集團向一個單獨主體 支付固定供款的退休計劃。若該基金並無持 有足夠資產向所有職工就其在當期及以往期 間的服務支付福利,本集團亦無法定或推定 義務支付進一步供款。

本集團以強制性、合同性或自願性方式向公 開或私人管理的退休保險計劃供款。本集團 作出供款後,即無進一步付款義務。

向中國國家管理之退休福利計劃及香港強制 性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)作出之付款乃 當僱員提供服務令彼等有權享有供款時確認 為開支。

短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利按僱員提供服務時預期支付的 未貼現金額確認。除非另一項香港財務報告 準則規定或允許將福利納入資產成本,否則 所有短期僱員福利均確認為開支。

負債於扣除已支付的任何金額後,就應計僱 員福利(如工資及薪金、年假及病假)予以確 認。

合併財務報表附註

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4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from (loss)/profit before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary difference to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

稅項

所得税費用指現時應付税項及遞延税項之總 額。

現時應付税項乃按本年度應課税利潤計算。 應課税盈利與除税前(虧損)/盈利不同,乃 由於前者不包括在其他年度應課税或可扣税 之收入或開支,亦不包括永不須課税或可扣 税之項目。本集團之即期税項負債乃按於報 告期末已頒佈或實際已頒佈之税率計算。

遞延税項乃就合併財務報表內資產及負債賬 面值與計算應課税利潤所用相應税基之間之 暫時性差異而確認。遞延税項負債通常會就 所有應課税暫時性差異確認。遞延税項資產 一般就所有可扣減暫時性差異而確認,而該 等可扣減暫時性差異可用以抵銷可能會出現 之應課税利潤。若於一項交易中,因其他資 產及負債之初始確認(不包括業務合併)而引 致之暫時性差異既不影響應課税利潤亦不影 響會計盈利,則不會確認該等遞延税項資產 及負債。

遞延税項負債按與於附屬公司之投資有關之 應課税暫時性差異而予以確認,惟本集團可 控制撥回之暫時性差異及不大可能於可見將 來撥回之暫時性差異則除外。與該等投資有 關之可扣減暫時性差異所產生之遞延税項資 產,僅於可能會存在充足應課税利潤而須動 用暫時性差異之利益抵銷及預期彼等於可預 見將來撥回時方會確認。

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 *Income Taxes* requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to rightof-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

稅項(續)

遞延税項資產的賬面值會於各報告期末檢討 及進行扣減,直至不再可能有足夠應課税盈 利可供收回全部或部份資產為止。

遞延税項資產及負債按預期於清償負債或變 現資產期間之適用税率,並根據報告期末已 頒佈或實質頒佈之税率(及税法)計量。

遞延税項負債及資產的計算反映本集團於報 告期末預期收回或結算其資產及負債賬面值 之方式造成的税務後果。

當有可依法執行的權利將即期税項資產與即 期税項負債抵銷,而兩者乃涉及同一税務機 關徵收的所得税時,遞延税項資產及負債予 以抵銷。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負 債的租賃交易的遞延税項而言,本集團首先 釐定税項扣減是否歸因於使用權資產或租賃 負債。

對於税項扣除應歸因於租賃負債的租賃交易,本集團對使用權資產及租賃負債單獨採 用香港會計準則第12號「所得税」的規定。由 於應用初始確認豁免,有關使用權資產及租 賃負債的暫時性差異不會於初始確認時及租 期內確認。

因租賃負債的重新計量及租賃修訂,後續修 訂使用權資產及租賃負債賬面值所產生的不 予初始確認豁免的暫時性差異,在重新計量 或修訂之日確認。

合併财務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably. 4. 主要會計政策(續)

稅項(續)

即期及遞延税項於損益賬確認,除非其與於 其他全面收入確認或直接於權益確認的項目 有關,在該情況下,即期及遞延税項亦分別 於其他全面收入確認或直接於權益確認。倘 因業務合併的初步會計核算而產生即期或遞 延税項,有關税務影響會計入業務合併的會 計核算內。

撥備

當由於過往事件導致本集團現時須承擔法律 或推定責任,本集團可能將須履行該責任且 能可靠估計該責任之數額時,則會確認撥備。

確認為撥備之金額是於報告期末經計入有關 責任之風險及不確定因素後,對結算現有責 任之所需代價之最佳估計。倘撥備使用結算 現有責任之估計現金流量計量,則其賬面值 為該等現金流量之現值(其對貨幣時間價值影 響屬重大)。

當結算撥備所需之部份或全部經濟利益預期 可自第三方收回時,倘大致確定將可獲償付 及應收款項金額可作可靠估算,則將應收款 項確認為資產。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Contingent assets/liabilities Contingent assets

Contingent assets arise from unplanned or other unexpected events that give rise to the possibility of an inflow of economic benefits to the Group and they are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. The Group assesses continually the development of contingent assets. If it has become virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the Group recognises the asset and the related income in the consolidated financial statements in the reporting period in which the change occurs.

Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a present obligation arising from past events but is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Where the Group is jointly and severally liable for an obligation, the part of the obligation that is expected to be met by other parties is treated as a contingent liability and it is not recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

The Group assesses continually to determine whether an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits has become probable. If it becomes probable that an outflow of future economic benefits will be required for an item previously dealt with as a contingent liability, a provision is recognised in the consolidated financial statements in the reporting period in which the change in probability occurs, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

4. 主要會計政策(續)

<mark>或有資產/負債</mark> 或有資產

或有資產產生自非計劃或其他意外事件,其 可能為本集團帶來經濟利益流入,且不會於 合併財務報表內確認。本集團持續評估或有 資產的發展。倘實際上確定將會產生經濟利 益流入,則本集團於出現變動的報告期間於 合併財務報表確認資產及相關收入。

或有負債

或有負債指因已發生的事件而產生的現有責 任,但由於可能不需要流出具有經濟利益的 資源以履行責任,故不予確認。

倘本集團須共同及個別承擔責任,則預期由 其他方履行的責任部分會被視為或有負債, 而不會於合併財務報表確認。

本集團持續評估以釐定包含經濟利益的資源 流出是否可能。倘先前作為或有負債處理的 項目可能須流出未來經濟利益,則於發生可 能性變動的報告期間於合併財務報表確認撥 備,惟在極端罕見的情況下無法作出可靠估 計則除外。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 4, the directors are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses reported and disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group estimates and recognises liabilities based on the submitted tax returns and expected the final tax assessment to be received will have no additional tax become due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

5. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

應用載列於附註4之本集團會計政策時,董 事須就合併財務報表中呈報及披露的資產、 負債、收入及開支帳面值作出判斷、估計及 假設。估計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及其 他視為相關之因素作出。實際情況可能有別 於該等估計。

估計及相關假設按持續基準審閱。倘會計估 計之修訂僅會對修訂估計之期間產生影響, 則有關修訂會於該期間確認,或倘修訂影響 當前及未來期間,則於修訂期間及未來期間 確認。

估計不明朗因素之主要來源

以下為有關未來之主要假設及於報告期末時 估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源,有關假設 及不明朗因素構成須對下一財政年度資產及 負債賬面值作出重大調整之重大風險。

所得稅

本集團須於多個司法權區繳付所得税。於釐 定世界各地之所得税撥備時須作出重大判 斷。涉及許多交易及計算仍難以確定最終税 項。本集團根據所提交之報税表估計及確認 負債及預期最終税務評估將無應繳額外税 項。倘該等事宜之最終税務結果與初步記錄 之金額有所不同,則有關差異將影響於作出 有關釐定期間內之當期及遞延所得税資產及 負債。

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued) Deferred tax assets

As at 31 March 2022, deferred tax assets of approximately HK\$54,791,000 (2021: approximately HK\$39,573,000) in relation to allowance for loan and interest receivable are set out in Note 32. The realisability of the deferred tax assets mainly depends on whether sufficient future profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. In cases where the actual future taxable profits generated are less or more than expected, or change in facts and circumstances which result in revision of future taxable profits estimation, a material reversal or further recognition of deferred tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in profit or loss for the period in which such a reversal or further recognition takes place.

PRC Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT")

The PRC LAT is levied at progressive rates on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible allowance and expenditures including sales charges, borrowing costs and all properties development expenditures.

The Group is subject to the PRC land appreciation tax in accordance with the relevant rules and regulations. In recognising the PRC land appreciation tax, the management estimated the tax rates enacted to the Group with reference to the latest tax jurisdictions of the cities of the PRC in which the properties of the Group situated in. However, the PRC land appreciation tax rates might vary upon the finalisation of payment.

5. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(績) 遞延稅項資產

於二零二二年三月三十一日,與應收貸 款及利息撥備相關之遞延税項資產約港 幣54,791,000元(二零二一年:約港幣 39,573,000元)載於附註32。遞延税項資產 能否變現主要取決於日後是否有充足之未來 盈利或應課税臨時差額。倘所產生之實際未 來應課税盈利少於或多於預期,或導致事實 及情況有變而須修訂未來應課税盈利估計, 則遞延税項資產可能大幅撥回或進一步確 認,並於撥回或進一步確認之期間在損益確 認。

中國土地增值稅(「土地增值稅」)

中國土地增值税乃累進税率對土地增值額徵 收,土地增值額為出售物業所得款項減可扣 減撥備及開支(包括銷售費用、借款成本及所 有物業發展開支)。

本集團根據相關法律及法規須支付中國土地 增值税。於確認中國土地增值税時,管理層 已參考本集團物業所在之中國城市之最近税 法估計適用於本集團之税率。然而,中國土 地增值税率可能會於落實付款後出現變動。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

5.

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued) Estimated net realisable value of completed properties held for sale and properties under development

Management performs a review at each reporting period on the carrying amounts of completed properties held for sale and properties under development. Based on management's review, write-down of completed properties held for sale and properties under development will be made when the estimated net realisable value has declined below the carrying amount. In determining the net realisable value of completed properties held for sale and properties under development, management based on recent global and local economic developments, recent sales transactions of the Group and other similar properties in the surrounding areas, marketability of the Group's existing properties, market survey reports available from independent property valuers, internally available information and management's expectation on future sales.

As at 31 March 2022, the carrying amounts of the completed properties held for sales and properties under development were approximately HK\$108,828,000 (2021: approximately HK\$106,232,000) and HK\$2,145,681,000 (2021: approximately HK\$1,001,215,000) respectively. No write down of completed properties held for sales and properties under development was recognised during the year ended 31 March 2022 (2021: nil).

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續) 持作出售的已竣工物業及發展中物 業之估計可變現淨值

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

管理層於各報告期對持作出售的已竣工物業 及發展中物業之賬面值進行審閲。根據管理 層之審閲,當估計可變現淨值跌至低於賬面 值時,將會對持作出售的已竣工物業及發展 中物業作出撇減。管理層會按照近期環球及 本地經濟發展、本集團及周邊地區其他同類 物業之最近銷售交易、本集團現有物業之市 場吸引力、由獨立物業估值師所提供之市場 調查報告、內部可得資料及管理層對未來銷 售之預測釐定持作出售的已竣工物業及發展 中物業之可變現淨值。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,持作出售的已 竣工物業及發展中物業之賬面值分別約為 港幣108,828,000元(二零二一年:約港幣 106,232,000元)及港幣2,145,681,000元(二 零二一年:約港幣1,001,215,000元)。截至 二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,概無確認 持作出售的已竣工物業及發展中物業之撇減 (二零二一年:無)。

5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued) Provision of ECL for loan and interest receivables

ECL on loan and interest receivables are assessed individually. Allowance for impairment of loan and interest receivables are based on assumptions about ECL. The Group uses judgment in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, bases on the number of days that an individual loan and interest receivable is outstanding as well as the Group's forward-looking information at the end of the reporting period. Changes in these assumptions and estimates could materially affect the result of the assessment and it may be necessary to make additional allowance for impairment to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

As at 31 March 2022, the carrying amount of loan and interest receivables was approximately HK\$1,817,875,000 (2021: approximately HK\$2,195,162,000), net of allowance of approximately HK\$219,165,000 (2021: approximately HK\$158,742,000). The information about the ECL and the Group's loan and interest receivables are disclosed in Note 23.

5. 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源*(績)* 應收貸款及利息之預期信貸虧損撥 備

應收貸款及利息的預期信貸虧損個別進行評 估。應收貸款及利息的減值撥備乃基於有關 預期信貸虧損的假設。本集團在作出該等假 設及選擇減值計算的輸入數據時,乃根據個 別應收貸款及利息未清償的天數以及本集團 於報告期末的前瞻性資料作出判斷。該等假 設及估計的變動可能對評估結果產生重大影 響,且可能有必要於合併損益表中作出額外 減值撥備。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,應收貸款及 利息的賬面值約港幣1,817,875,000元(二零 二一年:約港幣2,195,162,000元),扣除撥 備約港幣219,165,000元(二零二一年:約港 幣158,742,000元)。有關預期信貸虧損以及 本集團的應收貸款及利息的資料於附註23披 露。

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

6. REVENUE

6. 收入

Revenue represents the amount received and receivable arising from loan financing, securities trading and properties development, excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties and sales related taxes. An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows: 收入指貸款融資、證券買賣及物業開發產生 的已收及應收款項(不包括代表第三方收取的 款項及銷售相關税項)。本集團收入之分析如 下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customer	香港財務報告準則第15號		
within the scope of HKFRS 15	範疇內的客戶合約收入		
Sales of properties – at point of time	銷售物業一於時間點	6,512	55,017
		6,512	55,017
Revenue from other sources	其他來源收入		
Interest income from provision of loan	提供貸款融資服務之利息		
financing services	收入	148,432	171,044
Dividend income	股息收入	40	8
		148,472	171,052
		154,984	226,069

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

The amount of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) regarding contracts for sale of properties as at 31 March 2022 was approximately HK\$954,988,000 (2021: approximately HK\$709,828,000) and is expected to be recognised as revenue within one year.

The ultimate consideration for those contracts will depend on the occurrence or non-occurrence of future customer's fulfillment of contracts. Accordingly, the above may not reflect the actual performance of the Group in the future. The analysis is solely for compliance with the HKFRS 15 disclosure requirement in respect of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations.

分攤至餘下履約義務之交易價格

於二零二二年三月三十一日,分攤至有關銷 售物業合約之餘下履約義務(未履行或部分 未履行)之交易價格為約港幣954,988,000元 (二零二一年:約港幣709,828,000元),並 預計於一年內確認為收入。

該等合約之最終代價將取代於未來客戶能否 履行合約而定。因此,上述事項未必能反映 本集團日後之實際表現。有關分析僅為根據 香港財務報告準則第15號有關分攤至餘下履 約義務之交易價格之披露規定而作出。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the board of directors, being the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), for the purpose of resources allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods delivered or service rendered.

The Group has three reportable and operating segments (i) securities trading business; (ii) loan financing business; and (iii) properties development business. Segment revenue is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segment:

Year ended 31 March 2022

7. 分類資料

向董事會(即主要營運決策者「主要營運決策 者」)呈報之資料乃就資源分配及評估分類表 現而作出,側重於所交付貨物或所提供服務 之類別。

本集團有三個可呈報及營運分類:(1)證券買 賣業務:(ii)貸款融資業務:及(iii)物業發展業 務。分類收入以綜合損益表中一致的方法計 量。

分類收入及業績

本集團按須予呈報及經營分類劃分之收入及 業績分析如下:

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

		Securities trading business 證券買賣業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Loan financing business 貸款融資業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Properties development business 物業開發業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue	收入				
External revenue	外部收入	40	148,432	6,512	154,984
Loss on disposal of financial assets	出售於損益賬按公允值處理				
at FVTPL	之金融資產之虧損	(60)	-	-	(60)
Loss arising from financial assets at FVTPL	於損益賬按公允值處理之金融				
	資產產生之虧損	(670)	-	-	(670)
Provision of allowance for impairment of	計提應收貸款及利息之減值				
loan and interest receivables	撥備	-	(60,423)	-	(60,423)
Segment (loss)/profit	分類(虧損)/盈利	(690)	87,919	(14,686)	72,543
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入				722
Finance costs	融資成本				(121,327)
Unallocated corporate income	未分配公司收入				218
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配公司開支				(33,884)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損				(81,728)

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Year ended 31 March 2021

7. 分類資料(續)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

分類收入及業績*(績)*

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度

		Securities trading business 證券買賣業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Loan financing business 貸款融資業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Properties development business 物業開發業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Revenue	收入				
External revenue	外部收入	8	171,044	55,017	226,069
Loss on disposal of financial assets	出售於損益賬按公允值處理之				
at FVTPL	金融資產之虧損	(993)	_	-	(993)
Gain arising from financial assets at FVTPL	於損益賬按公允值處理之				
	金融資產產生之收益	32,688	-	-	32,688
Reversal of allowance for impairment of loan	撥回應收貸款及利息之減值撥備				
and interest receivables		-	19,696	-	19,696
Segment profit	分類盈利	31,703	190,740	11,201	233,644
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入				624
Finance costs	融資成本				(156,475)
Gain on modification of convertible bonds	修訂可換股債券之收益				69,321
Unallocated corporate income	未分配公司收入				1,882
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配公司開支				(33,720)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利				115,276

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 4. Segment profit/loss represents the profit earned by/(loss) from each segment without allocation of certain other income, finance costs, gain on modification of convertible bonds and certain central administration expenses. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment. 經營分類之會計政策與附註4所述之本集團 之會計政策相同。分類盈利/虧損指各分類 賺取之盈利/產生之(虧損),而並無分配若 干其他收入、融資成本、修訂可換股債券之 收益及若干中央行政費用。就資源分配及表 現評估而言,此乃向主要營運決策者呈報之 措施。
7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segment:

7. 分類資料(續)

分類資產及負債

本集團按須予呈報及經營分類劃分之資產及 負債分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Segment assets	分類資產		
Securities trading business	證券買賣業務	33,043	34,222
Loan financing business	貸款融資業務	1,817,875	2,195,162
Properties development business	物業開發業務	2,329,284	1,340,269
Total segment assets	分類資產總額	4,180,202	3,569,653
Unallocated corporate assets	未分配公司資產	235,980	386,449
Total consolidated assets	合併資產總值	4,416,182	3,956,102
Segment liabilities	分類負債		
Securities trading business	證券買賣業務	-	_
Loan financing business	貸款融資業務	-	_
Properties development business	物業開發業務	1,528,653	1,128,836
Total segment liabilities	分類負債總額	1,528,653	1,128,836
Unallocated corporate liabilities	未分配公司負債	1,412,934	1,353,397
Total consolidated liabilities	合併負債總額	2,941,587	2,482,233

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than certain property, plant and equipment, investment property, certain right-of-use assets, deferred tax assets, certain deposits, prepayments and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than certain other payables, tax payables, deferred tax liabilities, amount due to a related company, promissory note, convertible bonds, other bond and lease liabilities.

就監察分類表現及向分類間分配資源而言:

- 所有資產均分配至經營分類(若干物 業、廠房及設備、投資物業、若干使用 權資產、遞延税項資產、若干按金、預 付款項及其他應收賬款以及現金及現金 等價物除外);及
- 所有負債已分配至經營分類(若干其他 應付賬款、應付税項、遞延税項負債、
 應付一間關連公司款項、承兑票據、可 換股債券、其他債券及租賃負債除外)。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Other segment information

For the year ended 31 March 2022

7. 分類資料(續)

其他分類資料

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

		Securities trading business 證券買賣業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Loan financing business 貸款融資業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Properties development business 物業開發業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:	於計量分類盈利或虧損或 分類資產時計入之金額:					
Additions to non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets)	非流動資產添置(不包括金融 工具及遞延税項資產)	_	-	37	_	37
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	-	-	1,741	1,576	3,317
Depreciation of investment property Depreciation of right-of-use assets	投資物業折舊 使用權資產折舊	-	- -	892	9,186	892 9,186

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Other segment information (*Continued***)**

7. 分類資料(續)

其他分類資料(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

截至二零二一年三月	月三十一日止年度
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		Securities trading business 證券買賣業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Loan financing business 貸款融資業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Properties development business 物業開發業務 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Unallocated 未分配 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss or segment assets:	於計量分類盈利或虧損或 分類資產時計入之金額:					
Additions to non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets)	非流動資產添置(不包括金融 工具及遞延税項資產)	-	-	29	4,169	4,198
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	-	_	1,714	1,555	3,269
Depreciation of investment property Depreciation of right-of-use assets	投資物業折舊 使用權資產折舊	-	-	843 –	- 9,800	843 9,800

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Geographical information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong (country of domicile) and the PRC.

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers is presented based on the location of the operations. Information about the Group's non-current assets (other than prepayment and deposits and deferred tax assets) is presented based on the geographical location of the assets.

7. 分類資料(續)

地區資料

本集團之營運位於香港(所在國家/地區)及 中國。

有關本集團來自外部客戶之收入之資料按經 營所在地呈列。有關本集團之非流動資產(預 付款項及按金及遞延税項資產除外)之資料按 資產所在地理位置呈列。

		Revenue from external customers						
		來自外部客戶之收入						
		2022 2021						
			二零二二年			二零二一年		
		Revenue from			Revenue from			
		contract with	From other		contract with	From other		
		customers	sources	Total	customers	sources	Total	
		客戶合約收入	來自其他來源	總計	客戶合約收入	來自其他來源	總計	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	
The PRC	中國	6,512	148,167	154,679	55,017	169,016	224,033	
Hong Kong	香港	-	305	305	-	2,036	2,036	
		6,512	148,472	154,984	55,017	171,052	226,069	

		Non-current assets 非流動資產 As at 31 March 於三月三十一日
		20222021二零二二年二零二一年HK\$'000HK\$'000港幣千元港幣千元
The PRC Hong Kong	中國 香港	29,273 32,435 4,095 8,166
		33,368 40,601

The Group had no inter-segment sales for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021.

本集團於截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度並無內部間分類銷售。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

7. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

Information about major customers

The Group has a large number of customers, none of whom contributed 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

8. OTHER INCOME

7. 分類資料(續)

有關主要客戶的資料

本集團擁有大量客戶,概無任何客戶貢獻本 集團收入的10%或以上。

8. 其他收益

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Bank interest income	銀行利息收益	722	624
Government grants (Note)	政府補助(附註)	-	702
Rental income	租金收入	216	238
Exchange gain	匯兑收益	2	552
Others	其他	546	390
		1,486	2,506

Note: The amount represents salaries and wage subsidies granted under Anti-Epidemic Fund by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region for the use of paying wages of employees for the year ended 31 March 2021. 附註:該金額為香港特別行政區政府在抗疫基金項下 發放的薪金及工資補貼,用於支付截至二零 二一年三月三十一日止年度的僱員工資。

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 融資成本

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$ [*] 000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Interest on bank borrowing Less: amount capitalised in properties under development	銀行借款之利息 減:於發展中物業資本化之金額	-	13,326 (13,326)
		_	
Effective interest expenses on convertible bonds (Note 30)	可換股債券之實際利息開支(附註30)	104,530	155,577
Interest on promissory note Interest on other bond Interest on lease liabilities	承兑票據之利息 其他債券之利息 租賃負債之利息	250 16,295 252	250 - 648
		121,327	156,475

During the year ended 31 March 2021, interest on bank borrowing had been fully capitalised to expenditure on qualifying assets under properties under development as the borrowing is specifically arranged for property development. 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,銀行 借款之利息已全面資本化至發展中物業下的 合資格資產開支,因相關借款乃特定為發展 物業安排。

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

10. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX

(Loss)/profit before tax has been arrived at after charging:

10. 除税前(虧損)/盈利

除税前(虧損)/盈利已扣除下列各項:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Directors' and chief executive's emoluments Other staff costs (excluding directors' and	董事及主要行政人員酬金 其他員工成本(不包括董事及	5,422	5,843
chief executive's emoluments)	主要行政人員酬金)	13,820	8,396
Retirement benefit schemes contribution (excluding directors' and chief executive's	退休福利計劃供款(不包括 董事及主要行政人員酬金)		
emoluments)		315	299
Total staff costs	員工成本總額	19,557	14,538
Amount of inventories recognised as an	已確認為開支之存貨金額		
expense		1,866	17,681
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		
– Audit services	—審核服務	1,280	1,250
– Non-audit services	—非審核服務	300	459
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	3,317	3,269
Depreciation of investment property	投資物業折舊	892	843
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	9,186	9,800

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

11. 董事及主要行政人員之薪酬

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

(a) Directors' and Chief Executive's emoluments

(a) 董事及主要行政人員之酬金

Emoluments paid or payable to each of the directors and chief executive for the year are as follows:

已支付或應付本年度董事及主要行政人 員各自之酬金如下:

			For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度		
			Retirement benefits		
			Salaries and	scheme	
		Fees	other benefits 薪金及	contribution 退休福利	Total
		袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Executive Directors:	執行董事:				
Li Kwong Yuk	李光煜	-	4,046	59	4,105
Su Xiaonong	蘇曉濃	-	650	58	708
Wang Xiaohua	王曉華	-	180	9	189
Independent Non-Executive	獨立非執行董事:				
Directors:					
Cao Kuangyu	曹貺予	120	-	-	120
Chow Shiu Ki	周肇基	150	-	-	150
Ip Chi Wai	葉志威	150	-	-	150
		420	4,876	126	5,422

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Directors' and Chief Executive's emoluments (Continued)

11. 董事及主要行政人員之薪酬(續)

(a) 董事及主要行政人員之酬金(續)

		For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度				
				Retirement		
				benefits		
			Salaries and	scheme		
		Fees	other benefits	contribution	Total	
			薪金及	退休福利		
		袍金	其他福利	計劃供款	總額	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	
Executive Directors:	執行董事:					
Li Kwong Yuk	李光煜	_	3,900	35	3,935	
Su Xiaonong	蘇曉濃	_	606	31	637	
Li Zhongxia	李仲夏(於二零二零年					
(resigned on 8 October 2020)	十月八日辭任)	_	749	11	760	
Wang Xiaohua	王曉華(於二零二零年					
(appointed on 8 October 2020)	十月八日獲委任)	-	87	4	91	
Independent Non-Executive	獨立非執行董事:					
Directors:						
Cao Kuangyu	曹貺予	120	-	-	120	
Chow Shiu Ki	周肇基	150	-	_	150	
Ip Chi Wai	葉志威	150	-	-	150	
		420	5,342	81	5,843	

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Directors' and Chief Executive's emoluments (Continued)

Mr. Su Xiaonong is also the chief executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by him as the chief executive.

No emoluments were paid or payable by the Group to the directors and chief executive of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office during the two years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021.

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals included two directors (2021: three directors) of the Company, details of whose emoluments are set out in Note 11(a) above. The emoluments paid to the remaining three (2021: two) highest paid individuals are as follows:

11. 董事及主要行政人員之薪酬(續)

(a) 董事及主要行政人員之酬金(績)

蘇曉濃先生亦為本公司之主要行政人員 而其在上文所披露之酬金包括其身為主 要行政人員所提供之服務而獲得之酬 金。

於截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月 三十一日止兩個年度,本集團概無向本 公司董事及主要行政人員支付或應付酬 金,作為吸引加入或於加入本集團時的 獎金或離職補償。

上述執行董事酬金乃與彼等就管理本公 司及本集團事務所提供之服務有關。上 述獨立非執行董事酬金乃彼等擔任本公 司董事所提供之服務。

(b) 五名最高薪人士

五名最高薪人士包括本公司兩名董事 (二零二一年:三名董事),彼等酬金之 詳情載列於上文附註11(a)。支付予餘 下三名(二零二一年:兩名)最高薪人士 之酬金如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefits scheme contribution	薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	6,504 48 6,552	2,005 21 2,026

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments were within the following bands:

11. 董事及主要行政人員之薪酬(續)

(b) 五名最高薪人士(續)

薪酬劃分為下列範圍:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		No. of	No. of
		employees	employees
		僱員人數	僱員人數
Nil-HK\$1,000,000	零至港幣1,000,000元	-	1
HK\$1,000,001–HK\$1,500,000	港幣1,000,001元至		
	港幣1,500,000元	2	1
HK\$3,500,001-HK\$4,000,000	港幣3,500,001元至		
	港幣4,000,000元	1	-

No emoluments were paid or payable by the Group to the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the two years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021. 於截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一 日止兩個年度期間,本集團概無已付或應付 最高薪人士酬金,作為吸引加入或於加入本 集團時的獎勵,或作為離職補償。

For the vear ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

12. 所得税費用

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Current income tax	當期所得税		
The PRC Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT")	中國企業所得税(「企業所得税」)	35,339	40,922
LAT	土地增值税	194	29,991
Over provision in prior years	往年超額撥備	(911)	_
Deferred tax	遞延税項	(15,024)	1,428
Income tax expense	所得税費用	19,598	72,341

(i) Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime of Hong Kong profits tax, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%.

Since group entities are not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, Hong Kong Profits tax was calculated at a flat rate of 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits (2021: 16.5%). No provision for Hong Kong tax has been made during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 as the assessable profits is wholly absorbed by tax losses brought forwards for both years.

(i) 根據香港利得税的利得税率兩級制,合 資格集團實體首港幣200萬元盈利之税 率為8.25%,而超過港幣200萬元盈利 之税率為16.5%。

> 由於集團實體不符合利得税率兩級制資 格,香港利得税就估計應課税盈利按 16.5%的劃一税率計算(二零二一年: 16.5%)。因截至二零二二年及二零 二一年三月三十一日止年度的應課税盈 利已被承前税項虧損全數抵銷,故並無 就該兩年的香港税項計提撥備。

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

- (ii) Under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years.
- (iii) Pursuant to the laws and regulations of the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI"), Singapore and Bermuda, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the BVI, Singapore and Bermuda for both years.
- (iv) LAT in the PRC is levied on properties developed by the Group for sale, at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% (2021: ranging from 30% to 60%) on the appreciation of land value, which under the applicable regulations, is calculated based on the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including cost of land use rights and all properties development expenditures.

12. 所得税費用(續)

- (ii) 根據中華人民共和國企業所得税法(「企業所得税法」)及企業所得税法實施條例,中國附屬公司於兩個年度之税率為 25%。
- (iii) 根據英屬維爾京群島(「英屬維爾京群島」)、新加坡及百慕達之法例及規例, 本集團於兩個年度毋須繳付英屬維爾京 群島、新加坡及百慕達之任何所得税。
- (iv) 中國土地增值税乃就本集團發展作銷售 之物業,以累進税率30%至60%(二零 二一年:30%至60%)對土地增值額徵 收,根據適用規例,其計算方法乃以出 售物業所得款項扣除可扣減開支(包括 土地使用權成本及所有物業發展開支) 作出。

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

12. 所得税費用(續)

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the (loss)/profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

本年度所得税費用與合併損益表列示之除税 前(虧損)/盈利對賬如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
(Loss)/profit before tax	除税前(虧損)/盈利	(81,728)	115,276
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 25%	按本地所得税税率25%		
(2021: 25%)	(二零二一年:25%)計算之税項	(20,432)	28,819
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可抵扣支出之税務影響	42,692	51,821
Tax effect of non-taxable income	毋須課税收益之税務影響	(581)	(16,980)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認之税項虧損之税務影響	7,028	2,866
Utilisation of tax losses previously not	動用過往未確認之税項虧損		
recognised		-	(544)
Effect of tax exemption granted (Note (ii))	授予税項豁免的影響(附註(ii))	-	(10)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	於其他司法權區經營附屬公司之		
operating in other jurisdictions	不同税率影響	(8,198)	6,369
Over provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(911)	_
Income tax expense	所得税費用	19,598	72,341

Notes:

附註:

(i)

- (i) The domestic tax rate in the PRC is used as it is where the operation of the Group is substantially based.
- (ii) Tax exemptions represented reduction of Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year of assessment of 2021/2022 and 2020/2021 by 100%, subject to a ceiling of HK\$10,000 (2021: HK\$10,000) per company.
- 由於本集團大部份業務均於中國經營,故採用 中國的本地税率。
- (ii) 税項減免即二零二一年/二零二二年及二零 二零年/二零二一年評税年度香港利得税扣 減100%,每間公司最高扣減金額均為港幣 10,000元(二零二一年:港幣10,000元)。

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

13. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or proposed during the year ended 31 March 2022, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2021: nil).

14. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

13. 股息

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內概 無派付或建議任何股息,亦無自報告期末以 來建議任何股息(二零二一年:無)。

14. 每股(虧損)/盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄(虧損)/ 盈利乃按照以下數據計算:

(Loss)/profit	(虧損)/盈利	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年度 (虧損)/盈利	(101,326)	42,935
Number of shares	股份數目	'000 千股	'000 千股
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss pa share		7,356,861	7,357,008

The basic and diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2022 are the same since the computation of diluted loss per share does not assume the conversion or exercise of the Company's outstanding convertible bonds and share options since they would result in decrease in loss per share for 2022.

The computation of diluted earnings per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's share options and the conversion of the Company's convertible bonds because both of the exercise price of the share options and the conversion price of those convertible bonds were higher than the average market price for shares for 2021. 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度之每股 基本及攤薄虧損相同,乃由於計算每股攤薄 虧損並無假設轉換或行使本公司之尚未行使 可換股債券及購股權,原因為該等轉換或行 使會令二零二二年之每股虧損減少。

計算每股攤薄盈利並無假設本公司購股權獲 行使及本公司可換股債券獲轉換,原因為購 股權行使價及該等可換股債券的轉換價均高 於股份於二零二一年的平均市價。

合併財務報表附註

Completed

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

15. 投資物業

		investment property 已竣工投資物業 HK\$ 港幣
COST	成本	
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	17,867
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	1,439
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及	
	二零二一年四月一日	19,306
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	816
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	20,122
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	累計折舊	
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	2,475
Charge for the year	年度開支	843
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	225
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及	
	二零二一年四月一日	3,543
Charge for the year	年度開支	892
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	164
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	4,599
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值	
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	15,523
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	15,763

The fair value of the Group's investment property at 31 March 2022 was approximately HK\$19,800,000 (2021: approximately HK\$23,421,000). As at 31 March 2022, the fair value has been arrived at based on a valuation carried out by an independent valuer, not connected with the Group, International Valuation Limited (2021: International Valuation Limited).

The Group lease out the kindergarten under operating lease with rental payable quarterly and the Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of the lease arrangements, as the lease is denominated in the respective functional currency of group entities. 於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團之投資 物業公允值約為港幣19,800,000元(二零二一 年:約港幣23,421,000元)。於二零二二年三 月三十一日,公允值乃基於與本集團並無關 連之獨立估值師國際評估有限公司(二零二一 年:國際評估有限公司)進行的估值計算得 出。

本集團根據經營租賃出租幼兒園,每季度支 付租金,而由於租賃以集團實體各自的功能 貨幣計值,因此本集團不會因租賃安排而面 臨外匯風險。 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

15. INVESTMENT PROPERTY (Continued)

The fair value was determined based on the comparison approach with reference to the realised price or current asking prices for the comparable properties and adjusted to take into account the market expectation from property investors to reflect factors specific to the Group's investment property. There has been no change from the valuation techniques used in the prior year.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the property is their current use.

Details of the Group's investment property and information about the fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period are as followings:

15. 投資物業(續)

公允值乃根據比較法參考可資比較物業之實 際價格或目前詢價釐定,並就物業投資者之 市場預期作出調整以反映本集團投資物業特 有之因素。於上個年度,所用估值技術並無 變動。

於評估該等物業的公允值時,該等物業之最 高及最佳用途為彼等目前用途。

本集團於報告期末的投資物業詳情及有關公 允值等級的資料如下:

			Carrying Amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Fair value at level 3 as at 31 March 2022 於第3級之 公允值 於二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Kindergarten located in the PRC	位於中國之幼兒園		15,523	19,800
			Carrying Amount	Fair value at level 3 as at 31 March 2021 於第3級之 公允值 於二零二一年
			賬面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○○
Kindergarten located in the PRC	位於中國之幼兒園		15,763	23,421
The above investment property is deprec basis over the term of lease of 20 years.	iated on a straight-line	上述投資 舊。	愛物業以直線法 技	安20年租期計提折

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For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16. 物業、廠房及設備

			Leasehold	Furniture, fixtures, and office	Motor	
		Buildings	improvements	equipment	vehicles	Total
		梅白	如任毕业中	傢俬、裝置及 辦公室設備	汽車	6曲 吹 石
		樓宇 HK\$'000	租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000	辦公主設備 HK\$'000	八早 HK\$'000	總額 HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
COST	成本					
At 1 April 2020	₩ ₩ 於二零二零年四月一日	17,766	7,403	9,684	15,487	50,340
Additions	添置	-	-	29	_	29
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	1,431	251	611	323	2,616
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及					
	二零二一年四月一日	19,197	7,654	10,324	15,810	52,985
Additions	添置	-	-	37	-	37
Written-off	撇銷	-	-	(162)	-	(162)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	811	-	408	183	1,402
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	20,008	7,654	10,607	15,993	54,262
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	累計折舊					
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	5,867	7,317	9,532	11,154	33,870
Charge for the year	年度開支	1,499	-	51	1,719	3,269
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	518	251	680	102	1,551
At 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及					
	二零二一年四月一日	7,884	7,568	10,263	12,975	38,690
Charge for the year	年度開支	1,687	-	54	1,576	3,317
Written-off	撇銷	-	-	(162)	-	(162)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	362	-	402	168	932
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	9,933	7,568	10,557	14,719	42,777
CARRYING VALUES	賬面值					
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	10,075	86	50	1,274	11,485
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	11,313	86	61	2,835	14,295

The Group estimates the recoverable amounts of the property, plant and equipment and the right-of-use assets based on higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. The carrying amount of the relevant assets does not exceed the recoverable amount based on value in use and no impairment has been recognised. 本集團根據公允值減出售成本以及使用價值 之較高者估計物業、廠房及設備以及使用權 資產之可收回金額。相關資產之賬面值並無 超過基於使用價值計算之可收回金額,故並 無確認減值。

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17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES

(i) Right-of-use assets

17. 使用權資產及租賃負債

(i) 使用權資產

		Leasehold land 租賃土地 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Leased properties 租賃樓宇 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
As at 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	2,411	13,630	16,041
Addition	添置	_	4,169	4,169
Depreciation during the year	年內折舊	(69)	(9,731)	(9,800)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	192	(59)	133
As at 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日			
	及二零二一年四月一日	2,534	8,009	10,543
Addition	添置	_	4,842	4,842
Depreciation during the year	年內折舊	(73)	(9,113)	(9,186)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	106	55	161
As at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	2,567	3,793	6,360

Leasehold land represent land use rights located in the PRC and under medium-term lease. The lease terms of leased properties range from 2 to 3 years (2021: 2 to 3 years).

租賃土地指位於中國之土地使用權,並 按中期租賃持有。租賃物業的租賃期限 介乎2至3年(二零二一年:2至3年)。

(ii) Lease liabilities

(ii) 租賃負債

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Current portion	流動部分	2,418	7,735
Non-current portion	非流動部分	1,357	_
		3,775	7,735

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17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

17. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

(ii) Lease liabilities (Continued)

(ii) 租賃負債(續)

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$ ⁹ 000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Amounts payable under lease liabilities:	租賃負債項下應付款項:		
Within one year	祖員員頃項「您门款項・ 一年內	2,418	7,735
After one year but within two years	一年後但兩年內	1,357	
		3,775	7,735
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under current	減:於12個月內到期結算之金額 (於流動負債項下列示)		
liabilities)		(2,418)	(7,735)
		1,357	-

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities range from 2.96% to 3.99% (2021: from 3.51% to 3.99%).

適用於租賃負債之加權平均增量借款利 率介乎2.96%至3.99%(二零二一年: 由3.51%至3.99%)。

(iii) Amounts recognised in profit or loss

(iii) 於損益確認之金額

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Depreciation expenses on right-of-use	assets 使用權資產之折舊開支		
 Leased properties 	一租賃樓宇	9,113	9,731
- Leased land	一租賃土地	73	69
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債之利息開支	252	648

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17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

(iv) Others

During the year ended 31 March 2022, total cash outflow for leases amount to approximately HK\$9,054,000 (2021: approximately HK\$10,604,000).

18. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

17. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

(iv) 其他

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止 年度,租賃之現金流出總額達約港 幣9,054,000元(二零二一年:約港幣 10,604,000元)。

18. 發展中物業

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000
At the beginning of the financial year Additions Exchange difference	於財政年度初 添置 匯兑差額	1,001,215 1,102,149 42,317	
At the end of the financial year	於財政年度末	2,145,681	1,001,215

Properties under development are classified as current assets as the construction period of the relevant properties development project is expected to be completed in the normal operating cycle.

The Group has pledged certain properties under development of HK\$Nil to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (2021: HK\$980,382,000).

19. COMPLETED PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

The Group's completed properties held for sale are situated on a leasehold land in the PRC. All the completed properties held for sale are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value.

發展中物業分類為流動資產,乃由於相關物 業發展項目之建築期預計在一般營運週期內 完成。

本集團已抵押若干發展中物業港幣零元(二零 二一年:港幣980,382,000元)作為本集團獲 授一般銀行融資的擔保。

19. 持作出售的已竣工物業

本集團持作出售的已竣工物業位於中國的租 賃土地。所有持作出售的已竣工物業均按成 本與可變現淨值兩者之較低者列賬。

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20. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

20. 於損益賬按公允值處理之金融資產

Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL	必須按於損益賬按公允值 處理計量之金融資產	31 March 2022 二零二二年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元	31 March 2021 二零二一年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Listed equity securities held for trading	持作買賣上市股本證券	33,043	34,222

The fair value of listed equity securities is determined based on the quoted market bid prices available on the Stock Exchange, the Shanghai Stock Exchange and the London Stock Exchange.

Included in the Group's financial assets at FVTPL are the following amounts denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the relevant group entity: 已上市股本證券之公允值乃根據於聯交所、 上海證券交易所及倫敦證券交易所可用之所 報市場出價而釐定。

以下以相關集團實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣列 值的金額計入本集團的於損益賬按公允值處 理之金融資產:

		31 March	31 March
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		三月三十一日	三月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Pound Sterling ("GBP")	英鎊(「英鎊」)	30,676	29,709
RMB	人民幣	344	414

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21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Wine	酒類	7,250	7,250

22. OTHER RECEIVABLES, PREPAYMENTS AND 22. 其他應收賬款、預付款項及按金 DEPOSITS

UE	РU	5	12	

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Prepayments	預付款項	58,985	218,722
Deposits paid	已付按金	2,510	6,454
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	1,731	156
		63,226	225,332
Analysed for reporting purposes:	作報告用途之分析:		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,231	2,881
Current assets	流動資產	61,995	222,451
		63,226	225,332

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23. LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES

23. 應收貸款及利息

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Loan receivables	應收貸款	1,910,003	2,203,570
Interest receivables	應收利息	127,037	150,334
		2,037,040	2,353,904
Less: Allowance for impairment of loan and	減:應收貸款及利息減值撥備		
interest receivables		(219,165)	(158,742)
		1,817,875	2,195,162

The loans and interest receivables are due from independent third parties, which are unsecured and their relevant due dates started from April 2022 to March 2023 (2021: started from May 2021 to March 2022). The interest rates on the loan and interest receivables are fixed ranging from 8% to 15% per annum (2021: 8% to 24% per annum).

為無抵押及其相關償還日期為自二零二二年 四月至二零二三年三月止(二零二一年:自二 零二一年五月至二零二二年三月止)。應收貸 款及利息之利率定於介乎每年8%至15%(二 零二一年:每年8%至24%)。

應收貸款及利息乃應收獨立第三方之款項,

The balance of loan and interest receivables of HK\$1,962,000,000 was settled up to the date of approval of this financial statements.

截至批准本財務報表日期,應收貸款及利息 結餘港幣1,962,000,000元經已償付。

23. LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The following is an ageing analysis of loan and interest receivables, net of allowance for impairment of loan and interest receivables recognised presented based on the loan drawn down date and interests accrued at the end of the reporting period:

23. 應收貸款及利息(續)

於報告期末,應收貸款及利息(扣除已確認應 收貸款及利息之減值撥備)按貸款提取日期及 應計利息呈報之賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within 90 days	90日內	66,910	114,169
91 days to 180 days	91至180日	-	_
181 days to 365 days	181至365日	1,750,965	2,076,718
Over 365 days	365日以上	-	4,275
		1,817,875	2,195,162

The Group's loan financing customers included in the loan and interest receivables are due for settlement at the date specified in the respective loan agreements. The Group did not hold any collateral over these balances.

The credit risk of loan and interest receivables is considered as low since initial recognition as loan and interest receivables at the end of both reporting periods are not past due. There was no recent history of default of the debtors. To measure the ECL of loan and interest receivables, loan and interest receivables are assessed individually by the management of the Group, based on the credit loss experience, the customers' repayment history, financial background and financial condition of each borrower and reasonable and supportable forward-looking information such as macroeconomic data that is available without undue cost or effort. 計入應收貸款及利息之本集團貸款融資客戶 於各貸款協議內指定之日期到期應結算。本 集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

由於於兩個報告期末的應收貸款及利息均未 逾期,應收貸款及利息的信貸風險被視為 自初次確認以來為低。債務人近期沒有違約 歷史。為計算應收貸款及利息的預期信貸虧 損,本集團管理層會根據各借款人的信貸虧 損經驗、客戶還款紀錄、財務背景及財務狀 況以及合理及有理據的前瞻性資料(如毋須 花費不必要成本或努力可獲得的宏觀經濟數 據),個別評估應收貸款及利息。

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23. LOAN AND INTEREST RECEIVABLES (Continued)

23. 應收貸款及利息(續)

The movement in the allowance for impairment of loan and interest receivables is as follows:

應收貸款及利息減值撥備之變動如下:

		Total 總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Balance as at 1 April 2020 Reversal of allowance for impairment on loan and interest	於二零二零年四月一日之餘額 撥回應收貸款及利息之減值撥備	178,438
receivables	撥凹應收員	(19,696)
Balance as at 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日及 二零二一年四月一日之餘額	158,742
Provision of allowance for impairment on loan and interest receivables	計提應收貸款及利息的減值撥備	60,423
Balance as at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日之結餘	219,165

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made.

The Group has conducted an assessment of ECL according to forward-looking information and used appropriate model and assumption in its measurement of expected credit losses. The assumptions included the future macroeconomic conditions and borrower's creditworthiness. (e.g. the probability of default and the corresponding losses). 估計技巧或所作出的重大假設概無變動。

本集團已根據前瞻性資料及計量預期信貸虧 損所用適當模式及假設進行預期信貸虧損評 估。相關假設包括未來宏觀經濟狀況及借款 人的信貸質素(如拖欠的可能性及相關虧損)。

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24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank, cash in hand and cash at financial institutions with an original maturity of three months or less:

24. 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行現金、手頭現金 及原到期期限為三個月或以內之存於金融機 構之現金如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Cash at bank and in hand	銀行現金及手頭現金	152,120	306,515

Cash at bank and financial institutions carried interest at market rates which range from 0.001% to 0.3% (2021: 0.01% to 0.25%) per annum.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents denominated in RMB which are placed with banks in the PRC are subject to the Foreign Exchange Control Regulations imposed by the PRC government.

As at 31 March 2022, deposits of approximately HK\$Nil (2021: HK\$288,536,000) were held at banks as restricted cash for pre sales of properties under development in PRC.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

銀行現金及於金融機構之現金按介乎每年 0.001%至0.3%(二零二一年:0.01%至 0.25%)之市場利率計息。

本集團之現金及現金等價物以人民幣計值, 並存置於中國之銀行,且受限於中國政府實 施之外匯管制條例。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,存款約港幣零 元(二零二一年:港幣288,536,000元)存放 於銀行,為中國發展中物業預售的受限制現 金。

本集團現金及現金等價物以下列貨幣計值:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
HKD	港幣	511	987
Australian dollar ("AUD")	澳元(「澳元」)	36	37
RMB	人民幣	151,523	305,328
USD	美元	5	116
Others	其他	45	47
		152,120	306,515

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25. AMOUNT DUE TO A RELATED COMPANY

The amounts are non-interest bearing, unsecured and are repayable on demand.

26. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES/CONTRACT LIABILITIES

 應付一間關連公司款項 該款項為免息、無抵押及須於要求時償還。

26. 貿易及其他應付賬款/合約負債

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$ [*] 000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	5,854	3,526
Accruals	應計費用	27,587	33,749
Other payables	其他應付賬款	3,223	9,758
		36,664	47,033

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of the reporting period.

於報告期末,貿易應付賬款按發票日期呈報 之賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within 30 days	30日內	3,543	-
31 to 60 days	31至60日	-	-
61 to 90 days	61至90日	-	-
91 to 180 days	91至180日	-	1,875
Over 181 days	181日以上	2,311	1,651
		5,854	3,526

The average credit term on purchase of goods is 60–180 days (2021: 60–180 days). The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit timeframe.

The Group receives the deposits from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreement. Such deposits result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the property construction period until the customer obtains control of the completed property for sales.

Revenue of approximately HK\$6,582,000 and HK\$55,017,000 were recognised relates to arrived-forward contract liabilities upon the respective performance obligations were satisfied during the year ended 31 March 2022 and 2021.

採購貨品之平均信貸期為60至180日(二零 二一年:60至180日)。本集團已制定財務風 險管理政策,確保所有應付款項於信貸期限 內清償。

本集團於客戶簽訂買賣協議時收取客戶按 金。有關按金導致合約負債於整個物業建造 期間內確認,直至客戶取得已竣工待售物業 之控制權。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度,各項履約責任已履行後已確認與已 到期合約負債有關之收入為約港幣6,582,000 元及港幣55,017,000元。

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27. BANK BORROWING

27. 銀行借款

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Bank borrowing – secured 銀行借款一有抵押	-	383,884

Carrying amount repayable*:

應付賬面值*:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Within one year In the second year	於一年內 第二年	-	- 383,884
		-	383,884

* The amounts due are based on the specific repayment terms set out in the facilities letters with no demand clause included, which allow the bank borrowing to be repaid according to the Group's future properties sales plan. According to the future properties sales plan, the bank borrowing will be fully repaid on or before the year 2023.

The bank borrowing was denominated in RMB as at 31 March 2021.

The bank borrowing carried floating rate at Loan Prime Rate plus 0.45% per annum as at 31 March 2021. The finance cost have been capitalised in properties under development during the year ended 31 March 2021. Details are set out in Note 9.

As at 31 March 2021, banking facilities were secured by assets pledged as set out in Note 38.

到期金額乃基於融資函所載特定償還條款(並 無按要求償還條款)計算,可根據本集團未來 物業銷售計劃償還銀行借款。根據未來物業銷 售計劃,銀行借款將於二零二三年或之前悉數 償還。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,銀行借款以人 民幣計值。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,銀行借款按貸 款優惠利率加年利率0.45%的浮息計息。截 至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,融資成 本已於發展中物業中資本化。詳情載於附註 9。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,銀行融資按附 註38所載以已抵押資產作為擔保。

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27. BANK BORROWING (Continued)

27. 銀行借款(續)

The amounts of banking facilities and the utilisation at the end of the reporting period are set out as follows:

於報告期末的銀行融資款項及動用載列如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Facility amount	融資款項	-	436,278
Utilisation:	動用:		
- Secured bank borrowing	一有抵押銀行借款	-	383,884

28. PROMISSORY NOTE

28. 承兑票據

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Promissory note	承兑票據	5,639	5,389

On 11 September 2019, the Group issued an unsecured promissory note with principal amount of HK\$5,000,000 to an independent third party. The promissory note bears interest at a rate of 5% per annum and has a term of one calendar year. During the year ended 31 March 2021, supplementary agreement was signed on 10 September 2020 for further extension to 10 September 2021.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, supplementary agreement was signed on 10 September 2021 for further extension to 10 September 2022.

Subsequent to the year ended 31 March 2022, supplementary agreement was signed on 13 June 2022 for further extension to 10 September 2023. The promissory note was denominated in HK\$.

於二零一九年九月十一日,本集團向一名獨 立第三方發行本金額港幣5,000,000元之無 抵押承兑票據。承兑票據按年利率5%計息 及期限為一個曆年。於截至二零二一年三月 三十一日止年度,補充協議已於二零二零年 九月十日簽訂,以進一步延長至二零二一年 九月十日。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,補充協議已於二零二一年九月十日簽訂,以進 一步延長至二零二二年九月十日。

於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度後, 補充協議已於二零二二年六月十三日簽訂, 以進一步延長至二零二三年九月十日。承兑 票據以港幣計值。

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29. SHARE CAPITAL

29. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目		Share capital 股本	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年
		'000	'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千股	千股	港幣千元	港幣千元
Authorised ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each:	每股面值港幣0.01元之法定普通股:				
At the beginning and the end of the financial year	於財政年度年初及年末	10,500,000	10,500,000	105,000	105,000
Issued and fully paid ordinary shares of HK\$0.01	每股面值港幣0.01元之已發行				
each:	及繳足普通股:				
At the beginning of the financial year	於財政年度年初	7,357,008	7,357,008	73,570	73,570
- Shares repurchased and cancelled (Note)	一股份購回及註銷(附註)	(225)	-	(2)	-
At the end of the financial year	於財政年度年末	7,356,783	7,357,008	73,568	73,570

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29. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued) 29. 股本(續) Note: 附註:

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company repurchased its own shares through the Stock Exchange as follows:

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本公司透過聯 交所回購其本身股份,如下所示:

Month of repurchase	勝回日公	No. of ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each 每股面值 港幣0.01元之 購回月份 普通股數目		Price per share 每股價格	
Month of reputchase			Highest	Lowest	已付總代價
			最高價	最低價	
		'000	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$'000
		千股	港幣	港幣	港幣千元
	二零二一年四月				

The above shares were cancelled upon repurchase.

上述股份已於購回後註銷。

30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS

30. 可換股債券

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Liability components	負債部分		
Current liabilities	流動負債		
– Convertible bond 3 ("CB 3") (Notes i & ii)	一可換股債券3(「可換股債券3」) (附註i及ii)	_	327,971
- Convertible bond 4 ("CB 4") (Note iv)	-可換股債券4(「可換股債券4」) (附註iv)	893,329	_
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
– CB4 (Note iv)	一可換股債券4(附註iv)	-	813,277
		893,329	1,141,248

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30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

30. 可換股債券(續)

		NOTES	CB 3 可換股債券3 (Notes i & ii & iii) (附註i及ii及ii) HK\$'000	CB 4 可換股債券4 (Note iv) (附註iv) HK\$'000	Total 合計 HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
Liability component at 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日之負債部份		367,591	740,476	1,108,067
Add: Effective interest expense	加:實際利息費用	9	82,776	72,801	155,577
Reclassification of accrued coupon	重新分類應計票息至其他應付賬款				
interest to other payables			(20,461)	_	(20,461)
Derecognition upon modification of	於修訂可換股債券時取消確認		(- · · ·)		()
convertible bonds		30(iv)	(344,326)	_	(344,326)
Recognition of new liability component upon	於修訂可換股債券時確認新增	00%)	075 005		075 005
modification of convertible bonds	負債部分	30(iv)	275,005	_	275,005
Repayment	還款		(32,614)		(32,614)
Liability component at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日之				
	負債部份		327,971	813,277	1,141,248
Add: Effective interest expense	加:實際利息費用	9	24,478	80,052	104,530
Reclassification of accrued coupon	重新分類應計票息至其他應付賬款				
interest to other payables			(9,199)	_	(9,199)
Reclassification of convertible bonds to	重新分類可換股債券至其他債券				
other bond		31	(279,500)	-	(279,500)
Repayment	還款		(63,750)	_	(63,750)
Liability component at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日之				
	負債部份		_	893,329	893,329

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Notes:

(i)

The Group issued CB 3 with 7% coupon rate at a total principal value of HK\$279,500,000 on 17 February 2017 and 14 March 2017 to an independent third party. The convertible bonds will mature in 3 years from date of issue at its principal amount or can be converted into 328,823,529 shares at any time between the three months after the date of issue of the convertible bonds and the maturity date at the bondholder's option at rate of HK\$0.85 per share. The convertible bonds will be matured on 17 February 2020 and 14 March 2020 respectively. The Company shall have the right, as from the expiry of 15 months following the date of issue of the convertible bond early, by giving one month's prior notice in writing to the bondholder.

The Group further issued CB 3 at a total principal value of HK\$630,000,000 on 28 April 2017, 5 June 2017, 28 June 2017 and 30 June 2017 to independent third parties. The convertible bonds will mature in 3 years from date of issue at its principal amount or can be converted into 741,176,471 shares at any time between the three months after the date of issue of the convertible bonds and the maturity date at the bondholder's option at rate of HK\$0.85 per share. The Company shall have the right, as from the expiry of 15 months following the date of issue of the convertible bond, to partly or fully redeem the convertible bond early, by giving one month's prior notice in writing to the bondholder.

During the year ended 31 March 2020, convertible bonds with principal amounts of HK\$24,886,000 were converted into approximately 29,277,000 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each at the fixed conversion price of HK\$0.85 per share. As a result, the amount of approximately HK\$17,745,000 in convertible bond reserves was transferred within equity.

All the new shares issued during the year ended 31 March 2020 rank pari passu with the existing shares in all respects.

30. 可換股債券(續)

附註:

(i) 本集團於二零一七年二月十七日及二零一七年 三月十四日發行本金總值為港幣279,500,000 元7%票息率之可換股債券3予一名獨立第三 方。可換股債券將按其本金額自發行日期起計 3年內到期或債券持有人(於發行可換股債券 之日後三個月至屆滿日期間隨時)可選擇按每 股港幣0.85元之比率轉換為328,823,529股股 份。可換股債券分別於二零二零年二月十七日 及二零二零年三月十四日到期,表示本公司將 有權自發行可換股債券之日後15個月屆滿起透 過向債券持有人發出一個月之事先書面通知而 部份或悉數提早贖回可換股債券。

> 本集團於二零一七年四月二十八日、二零一七 年六月五日、二零一七年六月二十八日及二零 一七年六月三十日進一步發行本金總值為港幣 630,000,000元之可換股債券3予獨立第三方。 可換股債券將按其本金額自發行日期起計3年 內到期或債券持有人(於發行可換股債券之日 後三個月至屆滿日期間隨時)可選擇按每股港 幣0.85元之比率轉換為741,176,471股股份。 本公司將有權自發行可換股債券之日後15個月 屆滿起透過向債券持有人發出一個月之事先書 面通知而部份或悉數提早贖回可換股債券。

> 於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度, 本金額約為港幣24,886,000元之可換股債 券已按固定轉換價每股港幣0.85元獲轉換為 約29,277,000股每股面值港幣0.01元之本公 司普通股。因此,可換股債券儲備約港幣 17,745,000元之金額撥入於權益內。

> 於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度發行的 所有新股份在各方面均與現有股份享有同等地 位。

30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- On 15 August 2019, the Company had early redeemed the CB 3 (ii) partially with the principal amount of HK\$10,000,000 at redemption amount of approximately HK\$10,211,000, which held by a bondholder, Safe Arena Limited. The accrual interests up to redemption date are approximately HK\$529,000, which included accrued coupon interest of approximately HK\$211,000 up to redemption date. The fair value of the liability component was remeasured at the date of redemption with the difference between the fair value of the liability component and the redemption cost allocated to equity component and the equity component of approximately HK\$8,650,000 had been derecognised. As a result, an aggregated loss of approximately HK\$129,000 (i.e. loss on early redemption of liability component of the convertible bonds and early redemption options of approximately HK\$120,000 and HK\$9,000 respectively) was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Upon the redemption of the convertible bonds, the remaining value of the conversion option reserve of approximately HK\$8,650,000 was released to accumulated losses.
- (iii) On 13 March 2020, the Group entered into the deed of amendments (the "Amendment Deed") with the bondholder to extend the maturity date of CB 3 with the principal amounts of HK\$220,000,000 and HK\$59,500,000 from 17 February 2020 to 17 August 2020 and from 14 March 2020 to 14 September 2020 respectively (the "Extended CBs"). On 23 March 2020 (the "Date of Modification"), the Company had, with the approval of the bondholder and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, executed the Amendment Deed. The bondholder has granted to the Company a waiver in respect of the failure of the Company to pay any principal or interest on the convertible bonds when due under the terms and conditions to the extent necessary and solely to effect the Amendment Deed. Details are set out in the Company's announcements on 13 March 2020 and 23 March 2020.

At the Date of Modification, the carrying amounts of the liability components, the equity components, and derivative financial assets in respect of early redemption options of the Extended CBs immediately before the modification were approximately HK\$314,301,000, HK\$112,857,000 and nil, respectively. According to a valuation report issued by an independent professional valuer not connected with the Group, the fair value of the new liability component, the equity component and the derivative financial assets in respect of early redemption options of the Extended CBs immediately following the modification are approximately HK\$271,974,000, nil and nil, respectively. Upon modification, the original CB 3 was extinguished and a gain of approximately HK\$42,327,000 arising from the fair value difference of the liability portion was recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2020 and an aggregate amount of HK\$112,857,000 from the equity conversion reserve was transferred to the accumulated losses. The effective interest rate of the new liability components of Extended CBs are 18.33% to 19.55% whereas the effective interest rate of the liability components immediately before the modification are 14.3% to 14.7%.

30. 可換股債券(續)

附註:*(續)*

- 於二零一九年八月十五日,本公司以贖回金 (ii) 額約港幣10,211,000元提早贖回一名債券持 有人 Safe Arena Limited 持有之本金額港幣 10,000,000元之部分可换股債券3 。截至贖回 日期之應計利息約為港幣529,000元,其中截 至贖回日期之應計票息約港幣211,000元。負 **债部分之公允值於贖回當日重新估值,而負債** 部分之公允值與贖回成本之差額已分配至權 益部份,而權益部分約港幣8.650.000元已取 消確認。因此,約港幣129,000元之虧損總額 (即提早贖回可換股債券負債部分之虧損及提 早贖回期權之虧損分別約港幣120,000元及港 幣9.000元)於合併損益表中確認。當可換股 債券被贖回後,可換股債券儲備之餘額約港幣 8,650,000元轉撥至累計虧損。
- (iii) 於二零二零年三月十三日,本集團與債券持有 人訂立修訂契據(「修訂契據」),以將本金額 為港幣220,000,000元及港幣59,500,000元的 可换股債券3的到期日分別由二零二零年二月 十七日延長至二零二零年八月十七日及由二零 二零年三月十四日延長至二零二零年九月十四 日(「經延長可換股債券」)。於二零二零年三月 二十三日(「修訂日期」),本公司經債券持有人 及香港聯合交易所有限公司批准,已簽立修訂 契據。債券持有人已就本公司未能根據條款及 條件於到期時支付可換股債券之任何本金或利 息向本公司授出豁免(以必要者為限及僅為使 修訂契據生效)。詳情載於本公司日期為二零 二零年三月十三日及二零二零年三月二十三日 之公佈。

於修訂日期,就緊接修訂前提早贖回經延長可 换股債券期權的負債部分、權益部分及衍生金 融資產的賬面值分別約港幣314,301,000元、 港幣112,857,000元及零。根據獨立專業估值 師(與本集團並無關連)發出的估值報告,就緊 隨修訂後提早贖回經延長可換股債券期權的新 增負債部分、權益部分及衍生金融資產的公允 值分別約為港幣271,974,000元、零及零。於 修訂後,原可換股債券3予以註銷及負債部分 的公允值差額所產生之收益約港幣42,327,000 元於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度的 損益中確認,而來自股權轉換儲備的總額港幣 112,857,000元轉撥至累計虧損。經延長可換 股債券的新增負債部分之實際利率介乎18.33% 至19.55%,而緊接修訂前負債部分的實際利率 介乎14.3%至14.7%。

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30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

30. 可換股債券(續)

附註:*(續)*

(iv) On 27 May 2020, the Group entered into the deed of amendments (the "Amendment Deed 1") with the bondholder to extend the maturity date of CB 3 with principal amounts of HK\$220,000,000 and HK\$59,500,000 from 17 August 2020 to 31 May 2021 and from 14 September 2020 to 31 May 2021, respectively (the "Extended CBs"). On 9 June 2020 (the "Date of Modification 1"), the Company, with the approval of the bondholder and the Stock Exchange, executed the terms of the Amendment Deed 1. The bondholder has granted to the Company a waiver in respect of the failure of the Company to pay any principal or interest on the convertible bonds when due under the terms and conditions to the extent necessary and solely to effect the Amendment Deed 1. Details are set out in the Company's announcements on 27 May 2020 and 9 June 2020.

At the Date of Modification 1, the carrying amounts of the liability components, the equity components, and derivative financial assets in respect of early redemption options of the Extended CBs immediately before the modification were approximately HK\$279,884,000, Nil and Nil, respectively. According to a valuation report issued by an independent professional valuer not connected with the Group, the fair value of the new liability component, the equity component and the derivative financial assets in respect of early redemption options of the Extended CBs immediately following the modification are approximately HK\$222,959,000, Nil and Nil, respectively. Upon modification, the original CB 3 was extinguished and a gain of approximately HK\$56,924,000 arising from the fair value difference of the liability portion was recognised in profit or loss during the six months ended 30 September 2020. The effective interest rate of the new liability components of Extended CBs are 35.91% whereas the effective interest rate of the liability components immediately before the modification are 14.37%

於二零二零年五月二十七日,本集團與債券持 (iv) 有人訂立修訂契據(「修訂契據1」),以將本金 額為港幣220,000,000元及港幣59,500,000元 的可换股債券3的到期日分別由二零二零年八 月十七日延長至二零二一年五月三十一日及由 二零二零年九月十四日延長至二零二一年五月 三十一日(「經延長可換股債券」)。於二零二 零年六月九日(「修訂日期1」),本公司經債券 持有人及聯交所批准,已執行修訂契據1的條 款。債券持有人已就本公司未能根據條款及條 件於到期時支付可換股債券之任何本金或利息 向本公司授出豁免(以必要者為限及僅為使修 訂契據1生效)。詳情載於本公司日期為二零二 零年五月二十七日及二零二零年六月九日之公 佈。

> 於修訂日期1,就緊接修訂前經延長可換股 債券的提早贖回選擇權的負債部份、權益部 份及衍生金融資產的賬面值分別約為港幣 279,884,000元、零及零。根據獨立專業估值 師(與本集團並無關連)發出的估值報告,就緊 隨修訂後經延長可換股債券的提早贖回選擇 權的新增負債部份、權益部份及衍生金融資 產的公允值分別約為港幣222,959,000元、零 及零。於修訂後,原可換股債券3予以註銷及 負債部份的公允值差額所產生之收益約港幣 56,924,000元於截至二零二零年九月三十日止 六個月的損益中確認。經延長可換股債券的新 增負債部份之實際利率為35.91%,而緊接修訂 前負債部份的實際利率為14.37%。
30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(iv) (Continued)

On 15 June 2020, the Group entered into the deed of amendments (the "Amendment Deed 2") with the bondholder to extend the maturity date of CB 3 with principal amounts of HK\$63,750,000 from 5 June 2020 to 30 June 2021 (the "Extended CB"). On 29 June 2020 (the "Date of Modification 2"), the Company, with the approval of the bondholder and the Stock Exchange, executed the terms of the Amendment Deed 2. The bondholder has granted to the Company a waiver in respect of the failure of the Company to pay any principal or interest on the convertible bonds when due under the terms and conditions to the extent necessary and solely to effect the Amendment Deed 2. Details are set out in the Company's announcements on 15 June 2020 and 29 June 2020.

At the Date of Modification 2, the carrying amounts of the liability components, the equity components, and derivative financial assets in respect of early redemption options of the Extended CB immediately before the modification were approximately HK\$64,442,000, HK\$69,783,000 and Nil, respectively. According to a valuation report issued by an independent professional valuer not connected with the Group, the fair value of the new liability component, the equity component and the derivative financial assets in respect of early redemption options of the Extended CB immediately following the modification are approximately HK\$52,046,000, Nil and Nil, respectively. Upon modification, the original CB 3 was extinguished and a gain of approximately HK\$12,396,000 arising from the fair value difference of the liability portion was recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2021 and an aggregate amount of HK\$69,783,000 from the equity conversion reserve was transferred to the accumulated losses. The effective interest rate of the new liability components of Extended CBs are 30.99% whereas the effective interest rate of the liability components immediately before the modification are 17.85%.

30. 可換股債券(續)

附註:*(續)*

(iv) *(續)*

於二零二零年六月十五日,本集團與債券持有 人訂立修訂契據(「修訂契據2」),以將本金額 為港幣63,750,000元的可換股債券3的到期日 由二零二零年六月五日延長至二零二一年六月 三十日(「經延長可換股債券」)。於二零二零年 六月二十九日(「修訂日期2」),本公司經債券 持有人及聯交所批准,已執行修訂契據2的條 款。債券持有人已就本公司未能根據條款及條 件於到期時支付可換股債券之任何本金或利息 向本公司授出豁免(以必要者為限及僅為使修 訂契據2生效)。詳情載於本公司日期為二零二 零年六月十五日及二零二零年六月二十九日之 公佈。

於修訂日期2,就緊接修訂前經延長可換股債 券的提早贖回選擇權的負債部份、權益部份及 衍生金融資產的賬面值分別約港幣64,442,000 元、港幣69.783.000元及零。根據獨立專業 估值師(與本集團並無關連)發出的估值報告, 就緊隨修訂後經延長可換股債券的提早贖回選 擇權的新增負債部份、權益部份及衍生金融 資產的公允值分別約為港幣52,046,000元、 零及零。於修訂後,原可換股債券3予以註銷 及負債部份的公允值差額所產生之收益約港幣 12,396,000元於截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度的損益中確認,而來自股權轉換儲備的 總額港幣69,783,000元轉撥至累計虧損。經 延長可換股債券的新增負債部份之實際利率為 30.99%,而緊接修訂前負債部份的實際利率為 17.85%。

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30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

30. 可換股債券(續)

附註:*(續)*

(v) On 11 June 2021, the Company entered into the third deed of amendments (the "Third Amendment Deed") to further extend the maturity date of such other bond with the principal amounts of HK\$220,000,000 and HK\$59,500,000 (the "Relevant CB") to 31 May 2022 (the "Third Amendments"). The bondholder has granted to the Company a waiver in respect of the failure of the Company to pay any principal or interest on the convertible bonds when due under the terms and conditions to the extent necessary and solely to effect the Third Amendment Deed. The conversion rights attaching to the Relevant CB expired on 31 May 2021. As such, the Relevant CB has become a straight debt and no longer been classified as convertible debt securities but other bond. Details are set out in the Company's announcements dated 11 June 2021 and 17 June 2021.

In June 2021, the Company has settled all remaining CB 3 amounting to approximately HK\$68,500,000 (including principal amounts of approximately HK\$63,750,000 and interest payable amounts of approximately HK\$4,750,000).

The Group issued CB 4 with zero coupon rate at a total principal value of HK\$1,000,000,000 to the substantial shareholder of the Company on 26 March 2018 as the consideration for the acquisition of 100% equity interest of United Faith Group pursuant to the acquisition agreement dated 21 June 2017. Details of such acquisition are set out in Company's circular dated on 28 February 2018. The convertible bonds will mature at five years after issuing of the convertible bond. The detail maturity dates of each batch of issue are shown in following table at its principal amount or can be converted into 1,250,000,000 shares at any time between the date of issue of the convertible bonds and the maturity date at the bondholder's option at rate of HK\$0.8 per share.

(v) 於二零二一年六月十一日,本公司訂立第三份 修訂契據(「修訂契據3」),以進一步延長本金 額為港幣220,000,000元及港幣59,500,000元 的有關其他債券(「相關可換股債券」)的到期日 至二零二二年五月三十一日(「第三次修訂」)。 債券持有人已就本公司未能根據條款及條件於 到期時支付可換股債券之任何本金或利息向本 公司授出豁免(以必要者為限及僅為使修訂契 據3生效)。相關可換股債券附帶的轉換權已於 二零二一年五月三十一日到期。因此,相關可 換股債券已成為普通債項,不再被分類為可換 股債務證券,而是其他債券。詳情載於本公司 日期為二零二一年六月十一日及二零二一年六 月十七日的公佈。

> 於二零二一年六月,本公司已結付所有餘下可 換股債券3,金額約為港幣68,500,000元(包括 本金額約港幣63,750,000元及應付利息約港幣 4,750,000元)。

> 本集團於二零一八年三月二十六日發行本金總 額為港幣1,000,000,000元之零票息可換股債 券4予本公司主要股東,作為根據日期為二零 一七年六月二十一日的收購協議收購團信集團 全部權益的代價。該收購事項的詳情載於本公 司日期為二零一八年二月二十八日的通函。可 換股債券將於發行可換股債券後五年到期。各 發行批次之詳細到期日於下表按其本金額所示 或債券持有人(於發行可換股債券之日至屆滿 日期間隨時)可選擇按每股港幣0.8元之比率轉 換為1,250,000,000股股份。

30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(v) (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2020, convertible bonds with principal amounts of HK\$20,000,000 were converted into approximately 25,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each at the fixed conversion price of HK\$0.8 per share. As a result, the amount of approximately HK\$14,872,000 in convertible bond reserves was transferred within equity.

All the new shares issued during the year ended 31 March 2020 rank pari passu with the existing shares in all respects.

(vi) The fair values of the above convertible bonds were valued by an independent valuer, Jones Lang LaSalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Limited ("JLL"), as at issue date, early redemption date and modification date. The fair values of above convertible bonds as at Date of Modification 1 and Date of Modification 2 were valued by an independent valuer, International Valuation Limited. CB 3 comprise a liability component and an equity conversion component whereas CB 4 comprise a liability component and equity conversion component.

The fair values of the unlisted bond component were calculated by using a market interest rate of similar non-extendable and non-convertible bonds. The fair values of the convertible bonds were valued by using the Binomial Option Pricing Model. The residual amount, representing the value of the equity conversion component, is included in the convertible bond – equity conversion reserve under equity attributable to the owners of the Company.

31. OTHER BOND

30. 可換股債券(續)

附註:(*續)*

(v) *(續)*

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度,本金額 港幣20,000,000元之可換股債券已按固定轉換 價每股港幣0.8元獲轉換為約25,000,000股每 股面值港幣0.01元之本公司普通股。因此,約 港幣14,872,000元撥入權益內之可換股債券儲 備。

於截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度發行的 全部新股份在各方面均與現有股份享有同等地 位。

(vi) 上述可換股債券之公允值乃由獨立估值師仲量 聯行企業評估及諮詢有限公司(「仲量聯行」)於 發行日期、提早贖回日期及修訂日期進行估 值。上述可換股債券於修訂日期1及修訂日期2 的公允值由獨立估值師國際評估有限公司進行 估值。可換股債券3包括負債部份及權益轉換 部份,而可換股債券4包括負債部份及權益轉 換部份。

> 非上市債券部份之公允值乃使用類似不可續期 及不可換股債券之市場利率計算。可換股債券 之公允值乃使用二項式期權定價模型進行估 值。殘值(相當於權益轉換部份之價值)乃計入 本公司擁有人應佔權益項下之可換股債券一權 益轉換儲備。

31. 其他債券

		HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	_
Recognition of other bond upon modification of	於二 、 一十日月一日 修訂可換股債券後由可換股債券確認其他	
convertible bond from convertible bonds	債券	279,500
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	279,500

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31. OTHER BOND (Continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2022, the Company entered into the Third Amendment Deed to further extend the maturity date of CB 3 with the principal amounts of HK\$220,000,000 and HK\$59,500,000 to 31 May 2022 (the "Relevant CB"). The conversion rights attached to the Relevant CB expired on 31 May 2021. As such, the Relevant CB has become a straight debt and no longer been classified as convertible debt securities but other bond. The effective interest rate is 7% per annum.

On 24 June 2022, the Company entered into the fourth deed of amendments to further extend the maturity date of the other bond in the principal amounts of HK\$220,000,000 and HK\$59,500,000 to 31 May 2023.

32. DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax relates to the same fiscal authority.

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax assets and liabilities, after set off certain deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities of the same taxable entity, for financial reporting purposes:

31. 其他債券(續)

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本 公司訂立修訂契據3,以進一步延長本金額 為港幣220,000,000元及港幣59,500,000元 的可換股債券3的到期日至二零二二年五月 三十一日(「相關可換股債券」)。相關可換 股債券附帶的轉換權已於二零二一年五月 三十一日到期。因此,相關可換股債券已成 為普通債項,不再分類為可換股債務證券, 而是其他債券。實際利率為每年7%。

於二零二二年六月二十四日,本公司訂立第 四份修訂契據,以進一步將本金額為港幣 220,000,000元及港幣59,500,000元之其他 債券的到期日延長至二零二三年五月三十一 日。

32. 遞延税項

倘有可依法強制執行之權利將當期税項資產 抵銷當期税項負債及當遞延所得税與同一財 政機關有關時,遞延所得税資產及遞延所得 税負債互相抵銷。

就財務報告目的而言,遞延税項資產及負債 經抵銷相同應課税實體的若干遞延税項資產 及遞延税項負債後,分析如下:

			Group 集團
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	54,791	39,573
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	3,265	2,943

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32. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities/(assets) recognised and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

32. 遞延税項(續)

以下為本年度及過往年度已確認之主要遞延 税項負債/(資產)及其變動情況:

		Allowance for impairment of loan and interest receivable 應收貸款及	Accelerated tax Depreciation	Tax losses	LAT	Total
		利息之減值	加速			
		撥備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	稅項折舊 HK\$'000 港幣千元	稅項虧損 HK\$'000 港幣千元	土地增值稅 HK\$'000 港幣千元	總計 HK\$'000 港幣千元
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	(43,400)	425	(425)	5,012	(38,388)
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	於損益扣除/(計入)	3,827	(425)	425	(2,399)	1,428
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	-	-	-	330	330
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	(39,573)	_	-	2,943	(36,630)
Credited to profit or loss	於損益計入	(14,830)	-	-	(194)	(15,024)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(388)	-	-	516	128
At 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	(54,791)	-	-	3,265	(51,526)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$544,768,000 (2021: approximately HK\$502,110,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of (2021: Nil) tax losses.

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining unused tax losses of approximately HK\$544,768,000 (2021: approximately HK\$520,110,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$5,300,000 (2021: approximately HK\$5,300,000) that will expire in the next five years. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

於報告期末,本集團有未動用税項虧損約 港幣544,768,000元(二零二一年:約港幣 502,110,000元)可供抵銷未來盈利。概無就 税項虧損確認遞延税項資產(二零二一年: 零)。

由於未來盈利來源之不可預測,故並無就餘 下未動用税項虧損約港幣544,768,000元(二 零二一年:約港幣520,110,000元)確認任何 遞延税項資產。未確認税項虧損包括將於未 來五年屆滿之虧損約港幣5,300,000元(二零 二一年:約港幣5,300,000元)。其他虧損可 無限期結轉。

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32. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has deductible temporary differences of approximately HK\$768,280 (2021: approximately HK\$1,761,700). No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary difference as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Under the EIT Law, withholding tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned by PRC subsidiaries from 1 January 2008 onwards. Deferred taxation has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to accumulated profits of the PRC subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$97,573,000 (2021: approximately HK\$77,159,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

33. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital structure to ensure that the entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes convertible bonds, lease liabilities, bank borrowing, other bond, promissory note and amount due to a related company net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company comprising share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risk associated with each class of capital. Based on the recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

32. 遞延税項(續)

於報告期末,本集團的可扣減暫時差額約 為港幣768,280元(二零二一年:約港幣 1,761,700元)。由於不可能取得應課税盈利 以動用不可扣減暫時差額,故並無就可扣税 暫時差額確認任何遞延税項資產。

根據企業所得税法,自二零零八年一月一日 起就中國附屬公司所賺取盈利宣派之股息須 徵收預扣税。並無於合併財務報表內就中國 附屬公司之累計盈利約港幣97,573,000元(二 零二一年:約港幣77,159,000元)應佔之暫時 差額之遞延税項作出撥備,原因為本集團能 夠控制該等暫時差額之撥回時間及該等暫時 差額將不大可能於可預見將來撥回。

33. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本架構,以確保集團內各實 體有能力以持續基準經營,同時透過優化債 務及權益結餘為股東爭取最大回報。本集團 整體策略自上一年度維持不變。

本集團之資本架構包括債務淨額(包括可換股 債券、租賃負債、銀行借款、其他債券、承 兑票據及應付一間關連公司賬款)、扣除現金 及現金等價物以及本公司擁有人應佔權益(包 括股本及儲備)。

本公司董事定期檢討資本結構。作為該檢討 之一部分,本公司董事考慮各類資本有關之 資本成本及風險。本集團會根據本公司董事 之推薦建議,透過派付股息、發行新股及股 份購回以及發行新債務或贖回現有債務以平 衡其整體資本結構。

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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

34. 金融工具

(a) Categories of financial instruments

(a) 金融工具的類別

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial assets at FVTPL	於損益賬按公允值處理之		
	金融資產	33,043	34,222
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產		
(including cash and cash equivalents)	(包括現金及現金等價物)	1,974,236	2,508,287
		2,007,279	2,542,509
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債		
cost		1,256,223	1,592,793

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include other receivables and deposits, loan and interest receivables, financial assets at FVTPL, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables, promissory note, amount due to a related company, other bond, bank borrowing and convertible bonds. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括其他應收賬 款及按金、應收貸款及利息、於損益賬 按公允值處理之金融資產、現金及現金 等價物、貿易及其他應付賬款、承兑票 據、應付一間關連公司賬款、其他債 券、銀行借款及可換股債券。該等金融 工具之詳情於各相關附註內披露。與 此等金融工具相關的風險包括市場風 險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。下文 載列降低此等風險的政策。管理層管理 及監控該等風險,以確保及時與有效地 實施適當措施。

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合併財務報表附註

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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- 34. 金融工具(續)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Market risk

(i) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed rate promissory note, other bond, lease liabilities and loan and interest receivables.

The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank borrowing and cash and cash equivalents carried at prevailing market rates.

The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider other necessary action when significant interest rate exposure is anticipated.

The Group's exposures to interest rates on financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of prevailing market rates arising from the Group's floating-rate bank borrowing.

The directors of the Company consider that the interest rate risk in relation to variable rate bank borrowing and bank balances is insignificant as the outstanding balances are not significant. (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

市場風險

(i) 利率風險

本集團因固定利率承兑票據、其 他債券、租賃負債及應收貸款及 利息承擔面臨公允值利率風險。

本集團亦因以現行市場利率計息 之可變銀行借款及現金及現金等 價物面臨現金流量利率風險。

本集團目前並無利率對沖政策。 然而,管理層會監控利率風險, 並將於預期出現重大利率風險時 考慮採取其他必要行動。

本集團因金融負債承受之利率風 險於本附註流動資金風險管理一 節詳述。本集團現金流量利率風 險主要集中於本集團浮息銀行借 款所承受現行市場利率之波動風 險。

本公司董事認為,有關浮息銀行 借款及銀行結餘之利率風險並不 重大,原因是未償還結餘並不重 大。 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (*Continued*)

Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and PRC with most transactions mainly settled in HK\$ and RMB. As at 31 March 2022 and 2021, the Group holds financial assets at FVTPL (see Note 20) and bank balances (see Note 24) denominated in AUD, USD, RMB and GBP. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets are denominated in a currency that is not the Group's functional currency. The Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging the potential foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The carrying amounts of the Group's monetary assets denominated in currencies other than the respective functional currencies of the relevant group entities at the end of the reporting period are as follows: 34. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(績)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 外幣風險

本集團主要於香港及中國經營業 務,其大部份交易主要以港幣及 人民幣結算。於二零二二年及二 零二一年三月三十一日,本集團 持有以澳元、美元、人民幣及英 鎊計值之於損益賬按公允值處理 之金融資產(見附註20)及銀行結 餘(見附註24)。外匯風險於當未 來商業交易或已確認資產以並非 本集團功能貨幣之貨幣計值時產 生。本集團並無外幣對沖政策。 然而,管理層會監察外匯風險及 將於必要時考慮對沖潛在外幣風 險。

於報告期末,本集團以除有關集 團實體之各自功能貨幣以外之 貨幣計值之貨幣資產之賬面值如 下:

		Asse 資產	
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
AUD USD GBP Others	澳元 美元 英鎊 其他	5 37 - 45	37 116 29,709 47

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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Foreign currency risk (Continued) Sensitivity analysis

> As the Group had no material foreign currency denominated monetary assets at 31 March 2021 and 2022, no significant impacts on the results of the Group would arise from the changes in foreign currency rates, accordingly no sensitivity analysis is presented.

(iii) Other price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its investments in listed equity securities and these investments are classified on the consolidated statement of financial position as financial assets at FVTPL. The management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risks. In addition, the management has appointed a special team to monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If the share price of the respective listed equity securities had been increased/decreased by 20% and all other variables were held constant, the posttax profit for the year ended 31 March 2022 would increase/decrease by approximately HK\$6,609,000 (2021: approximately HK\$6,844,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL.

- 34. 金融工具(續)
 - (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(績)

市場風險(續)

(ii) **外幣風險**(續) 敏感度分析

> 由於本集團於二零二一年及二零 二二年三月三十一日概無任何重 大外幣計值貨幣資產,本集團的 業績不會因外匯變動而受到任何 重大影響,故並無列報敏感度分 析。

(iii) 其他價格風險

本集團透過其上市股本證券投資 而面臨股本價格風險,而該等投 資於合併財務狀況表列作於損益 賬按公允值處理之金融資產。管 理層透過維持不同風險之投資組 合管理該等風險。此外,管理層 已委任特別小組監察價格風險, 並於必要時考慮對沖有關風險。

於報告期末,下文之敏感度分析 已根據所面臨股本價格風險釐 定。

倘有關上市股本證券的股價上 升/下跌20%,且所有其他變 量維持不變,本集團於截至二零 二二年三月三十一日止年度之除 税後盈利將增加/減少約港幣 6,609,000元(二零二一年:約港 幣6,844,000元),乃由於於損益 賬按公允值處理之金融資產之公 允值變動。

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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

4. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) Credit risk

As at 31 March 2022, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The credit risk of our Group mainly arises from cash and cash equivalents, loan and interest receivables, other receivables and deposits. The carrying amounts of these balances represent our Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts.

34. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(績)

信貸風險

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團所 面對最高信貸風險將導致本集團因對手 方未能履行責任而產生財務虧損,有關 虧損乃來自合併財務狀況表所載各項已 確認金融資產之賬面值。

本集團之信貸風險主要來自現金及現金 等價物、應收貸款及利息、其他應收賬 款及按金。該等結餘之賬面值指本集團 可承受有關金融資產之最大信貸風險。

為了盡量減低信貸風險,本集團管理層 已委派一組人員負責釐定信貸額度、信 貸批核及進行其他監測程序,以確保採 取跟進措施收回逾期未付債項。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

34. 金融工具(續)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

The Group recognised 12m ECL for Ioan and interests receivables with gross carrying amount of approximately HK\$2,037,040,000 (2021: approximately HK\$2,354,904,000) as at 31 March 2022, based on individually assessment for significant debtors by applying weighted average expected credit loss rate of 10.76% (2021: 6.74%). Allowance for impairment of approximately HK\$60,423,000 is provided as at 31 March 2022 (2021: reversal of approximately HK\$19,696,000). The directors of the Company consider that the changes in expected credit loss rates is mainly due to economic condition of the industry.

The weighted average expected credit loss rates are estimated based on forward-looking information and used appropriate model and assumption in its measurement of expected credit losses. Such forward-looking information is used by the management of the Group to assess both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. The details are disclosed in Note 23.

Management considered other receivables and deposits to be low credit risk and thus the allowance for impairment recognised during the year was limited to 12m ECL.

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

於二零二二年三月三十一日,本集團根 據重大應收賬款的個別評估,通過應 用加權平均預期信貸虧損率10.76%(二 零二一年:6.74%),確認應收貸款及 利息的12個月預期信貸虧損賬面總值 約港幣2,037,040,000元(二零二一年: 約港幣2,354,904,000元)。於二零二二 年三月三十一日計提減值撥備約港幣 60,423,000元(二零二一年:撥回約港 幣19,696,000元)。本公司董事認為, 預期信貸虧損率變動主要由於行業經濟 狀況。

加權平均預期信貸虧損率乃根據前瞻性 資料及計量預期信貸虧損所用適當模式 及假設進行評估。本集團管理層將相關 前瞻性資料用於評估報告日期當前及未 來狀況。有關詳情於附註23披露。

管理層認為,其他應收賬款及按金的信 貸風險為低,因此於年內確認的減值撥 備以12個月預期信貸虧損為限。 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout the reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- Internal credit rating;
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower;
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers in the Group and changes in the operating results of the borrower.

In respect of the loan and interest receivables arising from the Group's loan financing business, 2% (2021: 3%) of the total gross loan and interest receivables as at 31 March 2022 was due from the Group's largest customer and 8% (2021: 16%) of the total gross loan and interest receivables as at 31 March 2022 was due from the Group's five largest customers for the Group's loan financing business.

34. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

本集團在資產的初始確認時考慮違約的 可能性,及在整個報告期間持續評估是 否信貸風險顯著增加。為評估信貸風險 是否顯著增加,本集團將報告日期的資 產發生違約的風險與初始確認日期的違 約風險進行比較,其亦考慮可獲得的合 理及有理據的前瞻性資料。尤其是納入 以下指標:

- 內部信貸評級;
- 預期會造成借款人支付其債務的 能力重大變化的業務、財務或經 濟狀況的實際或預期重大不利變 動;
- 借款人的經營業績的實際或預期 重大變動;
- 借款人的預期表現或行為的重大
 變化,包括本集團借款人的付款
 情況之變化及借款人的經營業績
 之變化。

就本集團的貸款融資業務產生的應收 貸款及利息而言,於二零二二年三月 三十一日應收貸款及利息總額中的2% (二零二一年:3%)乃應收本集團最 大客戶的款項,而於二零二二年三月 三十一日應收貸款及利息總額中的8% (二零二一年:16%)乃應收本集團的貸 款融資業務五大客戶的款項。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

34.	FIN	ANCIAL IN	STRUMENTS (Continued)	84. 金麗	融工具(續)
	(b)	Financial policies (0	risk management objectives and Continued)	(b)	金融風險管理目的及政策 <i>(績)</i>
		Credit ris	K (Continued)		信貸風險 (續)
		locations for which accourt	concentration of credit risk by geographical loan and interest receivables is in the PRC, nted for 100% (2021: 99%) of loan and interest s at 31 March 2022 and 2021.		本集團按地區劃分之應收貸款及利息之 信貸風險集中於中國,佔於二零二二年 及二零二一年三月三十一日之應收貸款 及利息之100%(二零二一年:99%)。
		counterpartie	isk on liquid funds is limited because the as are banks with high credit ratings assigned nal credit-rating agencies.		流動資金之信貸風險有限,乃由於對手 方為獲得國際信貸評級機構指定之良好 信貸評級之銀行。
			s current credit risk grading framework e following categories:		本集團目前的信貸風險評級框架包括以 下類別:
		Category 類別	Description 描述		Basis for recognising ECL 確認預期信貸虧損的基準
		Performing	For financial assets where there has low risk of defaution has not been a significant increase in credit risk since recognition and that are not credit impaired (refer to Stage 1)	e initial	12m ECL
		良好	違約風險較低或自初次確認起信貸風險未有大幅增加 無信貸減值之金融資產(為第一階段)	加,且	12個月預期信貸虧損
		Doubtful	For financial assets where there has been a significa increase in credit risk since initial recognition but tha not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 2)		Lifetime ECL — not credit impaired
		可疑	自初次確認起,信貸風險大幅增加但無信貸減值之 資產(為第二階段)	金融	整個存續期預期信貸虧損-無信貸減值
		Default	Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired wh one or more events that have a detrimental impact of estimated future cash flows of that asset have occur (refer to as Stage 3)	on the	Lifetime ECL — credit impaired
		違約	當一項或多項事件對金融資產的預期未來現金流量。 利影響時,該資產被評估為信貸減值(為第三階段)	產生不	整個存續期預期信貸虧損-信貸減值
		Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in sev financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic pro- of recovery		Amount is written off
		撇銷	有跡象表明債務人陷入嚴重的財務困境因而本集團」 項的希望渺茫	收回款	款項被撇銷

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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) **Credit risk** (Continued)

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's financial assets, as well as the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades.

34. 金融工具(續)

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(績)

信貸風險(續)

Gross

下表詳細列出本集團金融資產之信貸質 量以及本集團按信貸風險評級評定的最 大信貸風險。

Allowance

Net

	Internal credit rating	12m ECL or lifetime ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損或	carrying amount	for impairment	carrying amount
	內部信貸評級	整個存績期預期信貸虧損	賬面總值 HK\$'000 港幣千元	減值撥備 HK\$'000 港幣千元	賬面淨值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
2022 二零二二年					
Loan and interest receivables	Performing	12m ECL (not credit-impaired and assessed individually)	2,037,040	(219,165)	1,817,875
應收貸款及利息	良好	12個月預期信貸虧損(並無信貸減值及 個別進行評估)			
Deposits and other receivables	Performing	12m ECL (not credit-impaired and assessed individually)	4,241	-	4,241
按金及其他應收賬款	良好	12個月預期信貸虧損(並無信貸減值及 個別進行評估)			
2021 二零二一年					

Loan and interest receivables	Performing	12m ECL (not credit-impaired and	2,353,904	(158,742)	2,195,162
		assessed individually)			
應收貸款及利息	良好	12個月預期信貸虧損(並無信貸減值及 個別進行評估)			
Deposits and other receivables	Performing	12m ECL (not credit-impaired and assessed individually)	6,610	_	6,610
按金及其他應收賬款	良好	12個月預期信貸虧損(並無信貸減值及 個別進行評估)			

二零二

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- 34. 金融工具(續)
- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued) **Liquidity risk**

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

Liquidity tables

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

流動資金風險

管理流動資金風險方面,本集團監察及 維持現金及現金等價物於管理層視為充 足之水平,以提供本集團經營業務所需 資金,並減少現金流量波動之影響。

下表載列本集團非衍生金融負債之剩餘 合約年期詳情。該列表按於本集團可能 獲要求付款最早日期之金融負債未貼現 現金流量編製。下表包括利息及本金現 金流。

資金流動表

		On demand or within one year 按要求或 於一年內 HK\$'000 港幣千元	More than one year but less than two years 超過一年 但少於兩年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 港幣千元	Carrying Amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 港幣千元
2022	二零二二年				
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生金融負債				
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	36,664	-	36,664	36,664
Promissory note	承兑票據	5,764	-	5,764	5,639
Amount due to a related company	應付一間關連公司賬款	41,091	-	41,091	41,091
Convertible bonds	可换股債券	980,000	-	980,000	893,329
Other bond	其他債券	299,065	-	299,065	279,500
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	2,445	1,427	3,872	3,775
		1,365,029	1,427	1,366,456	1,259,998

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

34. 金融工具(續)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
 Liquidity risk (Continued)
 Liquidity tables (Continued)
- (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策(績)

流動資金風險(*績) 資金流動表(績)*

			More than		
		On demand	one year but	Total	
		or within	less than	undiscounted	Carrying
		one year	two years	cash flows	Amount
		按要求或	超過一年	未貼現現金	
		於一年內	但少於兩年	流量總額	賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
2021	二零二一年				
Non-derivative financial liabilities	 非衍生金融負債				
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付賬款	47,033	_	47,033	47,033
Promissory note	承兑票據	5,500	-	5,500	5,389
Amount due to a related company	應付一間關連公司賬款	15,239	-	15,239	15,239
Bank borrowing	銀行借款	-	414,595	414,595	383,884
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	366,807	980,000	1,346,807	1,141,248
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	7,923	-	7,923	7,735
		442,502	1,394,595	1,837,097	1,600,528

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34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

34. 金融工具(續)

(c) Fair value measurements recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period for recurring measurement, grouped into Levels 1 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable in accordance to the Group's accounting policy.

(c) 合併財務狀況表內確認之公允 值計量

下表提供金融工具之分析,乃按就經常 性計量於各報告期末之公允值計量,並 根據本集團會計政策基於公允值可觀察 之程度分類為第一級。

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		Level 1	Level 1
		第一級	第一級
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Financial assets at FVTPL	於損益賬按公允值處理之		
	金融資產		
Listed equity investments	上市股本投資	33,043	34,222

There were no transfers between level of fair value hierarchy in current and prior years.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of other current financial assets and liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their corresponding fair values due to short-term maturities. The directors of the Company consider that carrying amounts of other non-current financial assets and liabilities approximate to their fair value as the impact of discounting of non-current assets is not significant and the non-current liabilities are amortised at market interest rates. 於本年度及過往年度,各公允值級別間 並無轉撥。

本公司董事認為,由於短期到期性質, 於合併財務報表內以攤銷成本記錄之其 他流動金融資產及負債之賬面值與其相 應之公允值相若。本公司董事認為,由 於非流動資產貼現之影響並不重大及非 流動負債乃按市場利率攤銷,故其他非 流動金融資產及負債賬面值與其公允值 相若。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

35. COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating lease commitments The Group as lessor

The Group leases out investment property under operating leases in the PRC. The leases typically run for an initial period of 20 years. None of the leases includes variable lease payments. All are fixed lease payments.

Undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the reporting date will be receivable by the Group in future periods as follows:

35. 承擔

(a) 經營租賃承擔 本集團作為出租人

本集團於中國根據經營租賃租出投資物 業。初始租期通常為20年。概無租賃 包含浮息租賃付款。所有租賃為固定租 賃付款。

於報告日期不可撤銷經營租賃下之未貼 現租賃付款將由本集團於以下未來期間 收取:

		31	March 2022	31 March 2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		3	三月三十一日	三月三十一日
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			港幣千元	港幣千元
Within one year	一年內		207	199
Between one and two years	一年至兩年		207	199
Between two and five years	兩年至五年		623	596
Over five years	超過五年		2,196	2,310
			3,233	3,304

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35. COMMITMENTS (Continued)

35. 承擔(續)

(b) Capital commitments Contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements

(b) 資本承擔

已訂約但未於合併財務報表中 撥備

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 港幣千元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 港幣千元
For properties under development	有關發展中物業	262,578	132,279

36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS EXPENSES

A share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted by the shareholders pursuant to a resolution passed on 21 September 2012 for the primary purpose of providing incentives and rewards to its employees, the directors and other selected participants for their contributions to the Group and to encourage them to contribute further to the development of the Group so as to enhance value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

As at 31 March 2022, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Scheme was 717,000,000 (2021: 1,184,000,000), representing 9.8% (2021: 16.1%) of the shares of the Company in issue at that date.

The total number of shares in respect of which options might be granted under the Scheme and any other schemes is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of shareholders' approval of the Scheme (the "Scheme Mandate Limit") or, if such 10% limit was renewed, at the date of shareholders' approval of the renewal of the Scheme Mandate Limit. The maximum aggregate number of shares which might be issued upon the exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes, must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

36. 以股份為基礎之付款開支

一項購股權計劃(「該計劃」)根據於二零一二 年九月二十一日通過之決議案獲股東採納, 主要目的乃向其僱員、董事以及其他所選之 參與者為彼等向本集團提供之貢獻作出激勵 及獎勵,並鼓勵彼等為本集團之發展繼續努 力,從而提高本公司及其股份之價值,從而 令本公司及其全體股東均能受惠。

於二零二二年三月三十一日,根據該計劃 已授出且仍未行使之購股權之股份數目為 717,000,000股(二零二一年:1,184,000,000 股),相當於該日本公司已發行股份的9.8% (二零二一年:16.1%)。

根據該計劃及任何其他計劃所授出之購股權 之股份總數不得超過本公司於股東批准該 計劃當日已發行股份之10%(「計劃授權限 額」),或於股東批准更新計劃授權限額當 日,倘該10%限額獲更新後之限額。因根據 該計劃及任何其他購股權計劃已授出但尚未 行使之所有未獲行使之購股權獲行使而發行 之最多股份總額,不得超過本公司不時已發 行之股份總數之30%。

36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS EXPENSES (Continued)

The number of shares in respect of which options might be granted to any individual in any one year was not permitted to exceed 1% of the shares of the Company then in issue, without prior approval from the shareholders in general meeting.

Each grant of options to any director, chief executive or substantial shareholder must be approved by independent non-executive directors of the Company. Where any grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director or any of their respective associates would result in the shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of options already granted and to be granted in excess of 0.1% of the Company's issued share capital and with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 in the 12-month period up to the date of such grant must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

Options granted must be taken up within 21 days from the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1 per grant. An option might be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during the effective period of the Scheme to be notified by the board of directors which shall not be later than 10 years from the date of grant.

The exercise price was determined by the directors of the Company, and would not be less than the highest of the closing price of the Company's share on the date of grant, the average closing price of the share on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant, and the nominal value.

36. 以股份為基礎之付款開支(續)

未經股東於股東大會之事先批准,於任何一 個年度授予任何個別人士之購股權股份數目 不得超過當時本公司已發行股份之1%。

授予任何董事、主要行政人員或主要股東之 每一份購股權均須經本公司之獨立非執行 董事批准。倘若向主要股東或獨立非執行董 事或彼等各自任何聯繫人士授出之任何購股 權,會導致直至有關授出日期止十二個月內 期間因行使已獲授及將獲授之購股權而發行 及將予發行之本公司股份超過本公司已發行 股本之0.1%及價值超過港幣5,000,000元, 有關授出購股權須獲本公司股東之事先批准。

授出購股權須於授出日期起計21日內就每項 授出支付港幣1元以接納獲授予之購股權。 購股權可根據該計劃條款於該計劃之有效期 限內任何時間行使,董事會將就有效期限作 出知會,有關期限不得遲於授出日期起計十 年。

行使價由本公司之董事釐定,將不少於本公 司股份於授出日期之收市價、本公司股份於 緊接授出日期前五個營業日在香港聯交所之 平均收市價及本公司股份之面值,以最高者 為準。

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS EXPENSES (Continued)

36. 以股份為基礎之付款開支(續)

Details of specific categories of options granted under the share option scheme are as follows:

根據購股權計劃授出之特定類別購股權之詳 情如下:

			_ .	Fair value	Fair value	Fair value
Date of grant	Vesting period	Exercise period	Exercise price	at grant date for consultants 顧問於授出	at grant date for employees 僱員於授出	at grant date for directors 董事於授出
授出日期	歸屬期	行使期	行使價	日期的公允值	日期的公允值	日期的公允值
11 November 2015	Noto	11 November 2015 to 10 November 2020				
二零一五年十一月十一日	Note 附註	二零一五年十一月十一日至 二零二零年十一月十日至	HK\$0.638 港幣0.638元	HK\$0.27 港幣0.27元	_	_
28 December 2015	Note	28 December 2015 to 27 December 2020	HK\$0.792	HK\$0.35	_	HK\$0.35
二零一五年十二月二十八日	附註	二零一五年十二月二十八日至 二零二零年十二月二十七日	港幣0.792元	港幣0.35元	_	港幣0.35元
19 December 2016	Note	19 December 2016 to 18 November 2021	HK\$0.738	HK\$0.73	HK\$0.73	_
二零一六年十二月十九日	附註	二零一六年十二月十九日至 二零二一年十一月十八日	港幣0.738元	港幣0.73元	港幣0.73元	_
19 October 2017	Note	19 October 2017 to 18 October 2022	HK\$0.488	HK\$0.22	_	_
二零一七年十月十九日	附註	二零一七年十月十九日至 二零二二年十月十八日	港幣0.488元	港幣0.22元	_	_
11 April 2019	Note	11 April 2019 to 10 April 2024	HK\$0.456	HK\$0.2107	HK\$0.2107	HK\$0.224
二零一九年四月十一日	附註	二零一九年四月十一日至 二零二四年四月十日	港幣0.456元	港幣0.2107元	港幣0.2107元	港幣0.224元

Note: In accordance with the terms of the Scheme, these share options were vested at the date of grant.

附註:根據該計劃的條款,該等購股權於授出日期歸 屬。

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS EXPENSES

(Continued)

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options held by directors, employees and consultants during the year ended 31 March 2022:

36. 以股份為基礎之付款開支(續)

下表披露董事、僱員及顧問所持的本公司購 股權於截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度 的變動:

Option type	購股權類型	Outstanding at 1 April 2021 於二零二一年 四月一日 尚未行使	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Outstanding at 31 March 2022 於二零二二年 三月三十一日 尚未行使
Directors	董事			
11 April 2019	二零一九年四月十一日	57,000,000	-	57,000,000
Employees	僱員			
11 April 2019	二零一九年四月十一日	231,000,000	-	231,000,000
Consultants	顧問			
19 December 2016	二零一六年十二月十九日	467,000,000	(467,000,000)	-
19 October 2017	二零一七年十月十九日	100,000,000	-	100,000,000
11 April 2019	二零一九年四月十一日	329,000,000	-	329,000,000
		1,184,000,000	(467,000,000)	717,000,000
Exercisable at the end of the year	年末可行使			717,000,000
Weighted average exercise price	加權平均行使價	HK\$0.570	HK\$0.738	HK\$0.460
		港幣0.570元	港幣0.738元	港幣0.460元

A total of 467,000,000 share options at the weighted average exercise price of HK\$0.738 lapsed during the year 31 March 2022 upon expiration of the options.

截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度,於購 股權屆滿時,合共467,000,000份加權平均 行使價為港幣0.738元的購股權已失效。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements $\triangle B H = B H$

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS EXPENSES (Continued)

36. 以股份為基礎之付款開支(續)

The following table discloses movements of the Company's share options held by directors, employees and consultants during the year ended 31 March 2021:

下表披露董事、僱員及顧問所持的本公司購 股權於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 的變動:

Option type	購股權類型	Outstanding at 1 April 2020 於二零二零年 四月一日 尚未行使	Granted during the year 年內授出	Lapsed during the year 年內失效	Outstanding at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年 三月三十一日 尚未行使
				1132 070	13111372
Directors	董事				
28 December 2015	二零一五年十二月二十八日	5,000,000	_	(5,000,000)	_
11 April 2019	二零一九年四月十一日	107,000,000	_	(50,000,000)	57,000,000
Employees	僱員				
19 December 2016	二零一六年十二月十九日	53,000,000	-	(53,000,000)	-
11 April 2019	二零一九年四月十一日	280,300,000	_	(49,300,000)	231,000,000
Consultants	顧問				
11 November 2015	二零一五年十一月十一日	50,000,000	_	(50,000,000)	_
28 December 2015	二零一五年十二月二十八日	275,460,000	_	(275,460,000)	_
19 December 2016	二零一六年十二月十九日	467,000,000	_	_	467,000,000
19 October 2017	二零一七年十月十九日	100,000,000	_	_	100,000,000
11 April 2019	二零一九年四月十一日	329,000,000	-	-	329,000,000
		1,666,760,000	_	(482,760,000)	1,184,000,000
Exercisable at the end of the year	年末可行使				1,184,000,000
Weighted average exercise price	加權平均行使價	HK\$0.608	_	HK\$0.701	HK\$0.570
		港幣0.608元	-	港幣0.701元	港幣0.570元

A total of 482,760,000 share options at the weighted average exercise price of HK\$0.701 lapsed during the year 31 March 2021 upon expiration of the options.

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,於購 股權屆滿時,合共482,760,000份加權平均 行使價為港幣0.701元的購股權已失效。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

37. RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Hong Kong

The Group operates the MPF Scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees in Hong Kong. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the Group companies (the "employer") in Hong Kong and its employees are required to make contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund Legislation. The contributions from each of the employer and employees are subject to a cap of HK\$1,250 per month before 1 June 2014 and HK\$1,500 per month, since 1 June 2014 onwards. During the year ended 31 March 2022, the total amount contributed by the Group to this scheme and charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss was approximately HK\$207,000 (2021: approximately HK\$198,000).

The PRC

As stipulated by rules and regulations in the PRC, subsidiaries in the PRC are required to contribute to a state-managed retirement plan for all its employees at a certain percentage of the basic salaries of its employees. The state-managed retirement plan is a defined contribution retirement plan and responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to all retired employees. Under the state-managed retirement plan, the Group has no further obligations for the actual pension payments or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. During the year ended 31 March 2022, the total amount contributed by the Group to this scheme and charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss was approximately HK\$234,000 (2021: approximately HK\$182,000).

37. 退休福利

香港

本集團根據《香港強制性公積金計劃條例》為 其香港僱員運作強積金計劃。強積金計劃 為由獨立受託人管理之一項定額供款退休計 劃。根據強積金計劃,本集團於香港之各公 司(「僱主」)及其僱員須按照強制性公積金法 例規定按僱員收入之5%向該計劃作出供款。 於二零一四年六月一日前,僱主及僱員各自 之供款每月上限為港幣1,250元,而自二零 一四年六月一日起為港幣1,500元。於截至二 零二二年三月三十一日止年度,本集團向該 計劃作出之供款總額於合併損益表內扣除, 約為港幣207,000元(二零二一年:約港幣 198,000元)。

中國

根據中國有關規則及規例,於中國之附屬公 司須按其僱員基本薪金之一定比例為其全部 僱員向由國家管理退休計劃供款。國家管理 退休計劃為定額供款退休計劃及向全體退休 僱員支付之全部退休金負責。根據國家管理 退休計劃,除每年之供款外,本集團並無就 實際退休金付款或退休後福利承擔進一步責 任。截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團向該計劃作出之供款總額於合併損益 表內扣除,約為港幣234,000元(二零二一 年:約港幣182,000元)。

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

38. PLEDGE OF ASSET

38. 抵押資產

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had pledged the following assets to a bank to secure the banking facilities granted to the Group:

於報告期末,本集團已向銀行抵押以下資產 作為授予本集團銀行融資的擔保:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'000 港幣千元	HK\$'000 港幣千元
Properties under development	發展中物業	-	980,382

39. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Such as disclosed in elsewhere of the consolidated financial statement, the Group had the following significant transactions with its related parties:

Compensation of key management personnel

The emoluments of the directors and other key management personnel of the Group during the year were disclosed in Note 11.

39. 有關連人士之交易

除合併財務報表其他地方所披露者外,本集 團已與其有關連人士進行下列重大交易:

主要管理人員之酬金

年內董事及本集團其他主要管理人員之酬金 於附註11中披露。

合併财务報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 40. 本公司財務狀況表 COMPANY

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Interests in subsidiaries	升加到員產 所佔附屬公司之權益	807,245	807,245
Non-current prepayments and deposits	非流動預付款項及按金	473	2,313
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	2,934	5,842
		810,652	815,400
Current assets	流動資產		0.0,100
Other receivables, prepayments and deposits	其他應收賬款、預付款項及按金	637	592
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司賬款	962,522	1,362,813
Financial assets at fair value through	於損益賬按公允值處理之	, i	
profit or loss	金融資產	3,223	3,121
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	260	695
		966,642	1,367,221
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付賬款及應計費用	25,884	32,035
Amount due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司賬款	88,372	88,511
Amount due to a related company	應付一間關連公司賬款	50,478	34,138
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,824	5,527
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	893,329	327,971
Promissory note	承兑票據	5,639	5,389
Other bond	其他債券	279,500	
		1,345,026	493,571
Net current (liabilities)/assets	流動(負債)/資產淨值	(378,384)	873,650
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	432,268	1,689,050
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	73,568	73,570
Reserves (Note a)	儲備(附註a)	357,454	802,203
Total equity	總權益	431,022	875,773
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債		
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	-	813,277
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	1,246	
		1,246	813,277
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債	432,268	1,689,050

ロ リ 約 初 北 4 円 日 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 40. 本公司財務狀況表(續) COMPANY (Continued)

Note: 附註: (a) Reserves (a) 儲備

								Convertible		
								bonds -		
						Capital	Share	equity		
			Share	Contributed	Other	redemption	option	conversion	Accumulated	
			premium	surplus	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	losses	Tota
				(Note i)	(Note ii)					
								可換股		
						資本	購股權	債券一股權		
			股份溢價	繳入盈餘	其他儲備	贖回儲備	儲備	轉換儲備	累計虧損	總額
				(附註i)	(附註ii)					
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日		3,313,723	55,215	(795,421)	14	443,765	824,849	(2,935,432)	906,713
Loss and total comprehensive loss	年內虧損及綜合虧損總額				. , ,				(, , ,	
for the year			_	_	_		_	-	(104,510)	(104,510
Redemption of convertible bonds	贖回可換股債券	30(iv)	_	_	_	_	_	(26,361)	26,361	-
Modification of convertible bond	修訂可換股債券	30(iv)	_	_	_	-	_	(69,784)	69,784	_
Share option lapsed	已失效購股權	. ,	-	-	-	-	(148,851)	-	148,851	-
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日		3,313,723	55,215	(795,421)	14	294,914	728,704	(2,794,946)	802,203

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 40. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

儲備*(續)*

附註: *(續)*

(a)

COMPANY (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

Reserves (Continued) (a)

Notes:

(i) As at 31 March 2022 and 2021, the contributed surplus of approximately HK\$55,215,000 represents the difference between the fair value of net assets of subsidiaries acquired and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition and approximately HK\$48,989,000 represents the amount being transferred from share capital and share premium as distributable reserve.

Under the Companies Act of 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus of the Company is available for distribution to shareholders.

Other reserve represents the differences amongst the investment (ii) cost for acquisition of United Faith Group and elimination of the share capital of the United Faith on 26 March 2018.

附註:

於二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一 (i) 日,繳入盈餘約港幣55,215,000元指所 收購附屬公司淨資產之公允值與本公司 就收購所發行股份之面值之間之差額, 而約港幣48,989,000元指自股本及股份 溢價轉出作為可分派儲備之金額。

> 根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修 訂),本公司之繳入盈餘可供分派予股 東。

其他儲備指收購團信集團之投資成本與 (ii) 團信於二零一八年三月二十六日之股本 對銷之間的差額。

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

41. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

41. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情

於二零二二年及二零二一年三月三十一日, 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 March 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

Name of company 公司名稱	Place or country of incorporation/ establishment/ operations 註冊成立/成立/ 營業地點或國家	n/ paid up share / Class of shares capital/registered held capital :/ 已發行及繳足股本/		ncorporation/ paid up share ablishment/ Class of shares capital/registered erations held capital 册成立/成立/ 已發行及繳足股本/		Number of shares 股份數目	voti	ng power hel	ership interest a d by the Compa 藿權益及投票權比	ny	Principal activities 主要業務
м • э ы пт	<u>а тайоди</u> т		64 114 55 T	UA 173 SA 14	20	22 二二年 Indirectly 間接 %	2021 二零二- Directly 直接 %		13.40		
Dingyi Jin Hui (Shenzhen) Investment Consulting Limited*1 鼎億金匯(深圳)投資諮詢 有限公司1	The PRC 中國	-	Registered capital of RMB50,000,000 and paid-up capital of RMB22,082,000 註冊資本人民幣 50,000,000元及繳足股本	N/A 不適用	-	100	-	100	Investment advisory service and loan financing 投資諮詢服務及貸款 融資		
Golden Season International Limited ²	The BVI	Ordinary	人民幣22,082,000元 US\$1	1	-	100	-	100	Securities trading and trading of wine		
金季國際有限公司 ² Ease Main Limited ²	英屬維爾京群島 The BVI	普通 Ordinary	1美元 US\$1,000	1,000	-	100	-	100	證券買賣及酒類買賣 Investment holding and securities		
逸明有限公司 ² Dingyi Financial Services Investment Limited ³	英屬維爾京群島 Hong Kong	普通 一	1,000美元 HK\$1	1	-	100	_	100	trading 投資控股及證券買賣 Loan financing		
investment Linnied* 鼎億金融服務投資有限公司 ³ Dingyi Bao Yin (Shenzhen) Financial Leasing Limited*1	香港 The PRC	_	港幣1元 Registered capital of RMB800,000,000 and paid-up capital of	N/A	-	100	-	100	貸款融資 Financial leasing and Ioan financing		
鼎億寶銀(深圳)融資租賃 有限公司*1	中國		RMB85,700,000 註冊資本人民幣 800,000,000元及繳足股本	不適用					融資租賃及貸款融資		
Zhanjiang Xintai Investment Company Limited*1 湛江鑫泰投資有限公司*1	The PRC 中國	-	人民幣85,700,000元 RMB50,000,000 人民幣50,000,000元	N/A 不適用	-	100	-	100	Properties development 物業開發		
-	anslation of the co of these compani		s is for reference only. These.	ne	*	公司名稱 方名稱為		僅供參考	●。該等公司之官		
¹ Company with	limited liabilities e	established in t	he PRC.		1	於中國成	之的有限責	任公司。			
² Company with	limited liabilities i	ncorporated in	British Virgin Islands.		2	於英屬維	主爾京群島註	冊成立的]有限公司。		
³ Company with	limited liabilities i	ncorporated in	Hong Kong.		3	於香港詞	E冊成立的有	限公司。			
None of the subsi the end of both ye			ot securities neither a both years.	at			末或兩個年 發行任何債		何時間,各附 。		

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42. MAJOR NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the original CB 3 was extinguished and the extended CB 3 at a fair value of HK\$275,005,000 was recognised. Details are set out in Note 30(iv).

43. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

42. 主要非現金交易

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,原 可換股債券3已予以註銷及確認公允值為港 幣275,005,000元的經延長可換股債券3。詳 情載於附註30(iv)。

43. 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

下表為本集團融資活動所產生負債的變動詳 情,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動所產 生負債乃為現金流量或未來現金流量的合併 現金流量表分類為融資活動現金流量的負債。

Accrued

		Amount due to a related	Amount due to	Convertible	Promissory	Lease	Bank	coupon interest (included in "trade and other	
		company	a director	bonds	note	liabilities	borrowing	payables")	Total
							Ū	應計票息	
		應付						(計入「貿易	
		一間關連	應付一名	可換股				及其他	
		公司賬款	董事款項	債券	承兑票據	租賃負債	銀行借款	應付賬款」)	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
As at 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	7,211	26,479	1,108,067	5,000	13,580	197,064	57,898	1,415,299
Non-cash movements	非現金變動								
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(584)	2,461	-	-	(58)	20,920	_	22,739
Reclassification of accrued coupon	重新分類應計票息至其他								
interest to other payables	應付賬款	-	-	(20,461)	-	-	-	20,461	_
Effective interest expense incurred	已產生實際利息開支	-	-	155,577	250	648	-	-	156,475
Reclassification of accrued interest to									
other payables	應計利息	-	-	-	139	-	-	(139)	-
Derecognition upon modification of	於修訂可換股債券時取消								
convertible bonds	確認	-	-	(344,326)	-	-	-	-	(344,326)
Recognition upon modification of	於修訂可換股債券時確認								
convertible bonds		-	-	275,005	-	-	-	-	275,005
Recognition of new lease	確認新租賃	-	-	-	-	4,169	-	-	4,169
Financing cash inflows	融資現金流入	39,725	-	-	-	-	229,620	-	269,345
Financing cash outflows	融資現金流出	(31,113)	(28,940)	(32,614)	_	(10,604)	(63,720)	(56,811)	(223,802)
As at 31 March 2021	於二零二一年三月三十一日	15,239	-	1,141,248	5,389	7,735	383,884	21,409	1,574,904

合併財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

43. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES (Continued)

43. 融資活動所產生負債的對賬(續)

		Amount due to						Accrued interest (included in "trade	
		a related	Convertible	Other	Promissory	Lease	Bank	and other	
		company	bonds	bond	note	liabilities	borrowing	payables")	Total
		應付						應計利息 (計入「貿易	
		一間關連	可換股					していていた。	
		公司賬款	債券	其他債券	承兌票據	租賃負債	銀行借款	應付賬款」)	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
As at 1 April 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	15,239	1,141,248	-	5,389	7,735	383,884	21,409	1,574,904
Non-cash movements	非現金變動	962	-	-	-	327	9,286	905	11,480
Reclassification of accrued coupon	重新分類應計票息至其他								
interest to other payables	應付賬款	-	(9,199)	(16,295)	-	-	-	25,494	-
Effective interest expense incurred	已產生實際利息開支	-	104,530	16,295	250	252	-	-	121,327
Recognition upon modification of	於修訂可換股債券時確認								
convertible bonds		-	(279,500)	279,500	-	-	-	-	-
Recognition of lease	租賃確認	-	-	-	-	4,515	-	-	4,515
Financing cash inflows	融資現金流入	24,890	-	-	-	-	-	-	24,890
Financing cash outflows	融資現金流出	-	(63,750)	-	-	(9,054)	(393,170)	(38,609)	(504,583)
As at 31 March 2022	於二零二二年三月三十一日	41,091	893,329	279,500	5,639	3,775	-	9,199	1,232,533

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註 For the year ended 31 March 2022 截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度

44. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent amendments to the terms and conditions of the other bond

On 24 June 2022, the Company entered into the fourth deed of amendments to further extend the maturity date of the other bond in the principal amounts of HK\$220,000,000 and HK\$59,500,000 to 31 May 2023.

Cancellation of Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") offsetting mechanism

On 9 June 2022, the third reading of a bill for cancelling the MPF offsetting mechanism (the "Bill") was passed in the Legislative Council. After the Bill takes effect, employers can no longer offset employees' severance payments or long-service payments against the MPF derived from the employer's mandatory and voluntary contributions. The offsetting mechanism will be cancelled starting from 2025.

The matter mentioned above will have impact to the Group's provision for long service payments ("LSP"). Upon the MPF offsetting mechanism is cancelled, the Group can no longer deduct LSP from their portion of MPF contributions. The abolition of the offsetting arrangement has no retrospective effect.

As at the date of the issue of the financial statements, the exact effective date of the abolition is yet to be determined and the details arrangement is yet to be announced by the government. This is a non-adjusting event after the reporting period as the event did not relate to the obligation of the LSP at the end of the reporting period, but reflects the circumstances (i.e. the law) that have arisen subsequently.

The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of the Bill to the Group. The Group is not yet in a position to state whether the abolishment of the MPF offsetting mechanism will result in a substantial change to the Group's financial statements.

Other than the abovementioned, no other material subsequent event is noted.

44. 報告期後事項

對其他債券條款及條件之後續修訂

於二零二二年六月二十四日,本公司訂立第 四份修訂契據,以進一步將本金額為港幣 220,000,000元及港幣59,500,000元之其他 債券的到期日進一步延長至二零二三年五月 三十一日。

取消強制性公積金(「強積金」)對沖 機制

於二零二二年六月九日,立法會三讀通過取 消強積金對沖機制法案(「法案」)。法案生 效後,僱主不得再以僱主強制性及自願性供 款產生的強積金抵銷僱員遣散費或長期服務 金。對沖機制將自二零二五年起取消。

上述事項將影響本集團之長期服務金(「長期 服務金」)撥備。於強積金對沖機制取消後, 本集團不能再從彼等之強積金供款部分中扣 除長期服務金。廢除對沖安排並無追溯效力。

於財務報表刊發日期,有關廢除之確實生效 日期尚未釐定,而政府尚未公佈詳細安排。 該事件為報告期後的非調整事件,原因為該 事件與於報告期末的長期服務金責任無關, 惟反映其後出現的情況(即法律)。

本集團已開始評估法案對本集團的影響。本 集團尚未能確定廢除強積金對沖機制會否導 致本集團財務報表出現重大變動。

除上文所述者外,概無注意到其他重大期後 事項。

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