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烟台市

<u>Yantai city</u>

河南省 Ya Henan Province



Qingdao



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年報2012 Annual Report

**Hufang Town** 

\* for identification purpose only 僅供識別

### **CONTENTS** 目錄

Corporate Profile 企業簡介	2
Simplified Business Structure 企業業務架構簡圖	3
Corporate Information 公司資料	4
Chairman's Letter 主席函件	8
Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層	18
Business Review 業務回顧	26
Financial Review 財務回顧	37
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告	47
Report of the Directors 董事會報告書	68
Independent Auditors' Report 獨立核數師報告書	85

### Audited Financial Statements 經審核財務報表

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Haier

**波**、东 長 真 臣

#### Consolidated:

<b>綜合:</b> Income Statement 收益表	87
Statement of Comprehensive Income 全面收益表	88
Statement of Financial Position 財務狀況表	89
Statement of Changes in Equity 權益變動表	91
Statement of Cash Flows 現金流量表	93
Company: 本公司:	
Statement of Financial Position 財務狀況表	96
Notes to Financial Statements 財務報表附註	97
Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要	216



#### **Corporate Profile**

企業簡介

Haier Electronics Group Co., Ltd. (Stock code: 01169) (the "Company"), a subsidiary of Haier Group, is listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are principally engaged in the research, development, manufacture and sale of washing machines and water heaters in the PRC under the brand name of "Haier". The Group is also engaged in the integrated channel services business for other home appliance products such as refrigerators, televisions and air-conditioners, of both "Haier" and "non-Haier" brands, substantially broadening its sources of revenue and driving its profit growth.

Founded in 1984, Haier Group is headquartered in Qingdao, Shandong Province, the PRC and is today one of the world's leading white goods home appliance manufacturers engaging in the research, development, production and sale of a wide variety of household appliances (including the white goods) and consumer electronic goods in the PRC. The products of Haier Group are now sold in over 100 countries. 海爾電器集團有限公司(股份代號:01169)(「本公司」)為海爾集團旗下一家在香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市之附屬公司。本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)主要於中國從事研究、開發、製造長以「海爾」為品牌之洗衣爾」為品牌之洗衣爾」品牌之其他家電」。本集團亦從事「海爾」品牌之其他家電」。 (包括冰箱、電視以及空調)的渠道綜合服務業務,大力拓展收益來源並推動利潤增長。

海爾集團於一九八四年創辦,其 總部位於中國山東省青島市,現 時為全球領先白色家電製造商之 一,於中國從事研究、開發、生 產及銷售各類家用電器(包括白 色家電)及電子消費品。海爾集 團旗下產品目前行銷全球逾100 個國家。

### Simplified Business Structure 企業業務架構簡圖



### **Corporate Information**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

公司資料

Ms. YANG Mian Mian (*Chairman*) Mr. ZHOU Yun Jie (*Chief Executive Officer*) Mr. LI Hua Gang

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. LIANG Hai Shan Ms. Janine Junyuan FENG

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. WU Yinong Mr. YU Hon To, David Dr. LIU Xiao Feng

#### Alternate Director

Mr. GUI Zhaoyu (alternate to Ms. Janine Junyuan FENG)

#### **Principal Board Committees**

#### Audit Committee

Mr. YU Hon To, David *(Committee Chairman)* Mr. WU Yinong Dr. LIU Xiao Feng

#### **Remuneration Committee**

Mr. WU Yinong (Committee Chairman) Dr. LIU Xiao Feng Mr. YU Hon To, David Mr. ZHOU Yun Jie Ms. Janine Junyuan FENG and Mr. GUI Zhaoyu (alternate to Ms. Janine Junyuan FENG)

#### Nomination Committee

Mr. YU Hon To, David *(Committee Chairman)* Mr. WU Yinong Dr. LIU Xiao Feng Mr. ZHOU Yun Jie Ms. Janine Junyuan FENG and Mr. GUI Zhaoyu *(alternate to Ms. Janine Junyuan FENG)* 

#### 董事會

執行董事

楊綿綿女士(*主席)* 周雲杰先生(行政總裁) 李華剛先生

#### 非執行董事

梁海山先生 馮軍元女士

#### 獨立非執行董事

吳亦農先生 俞漢度先生 劉曉峰博士

**替任董事** 桂昭宇先生(*馮軍元女士之替任人*)

#### 主要董事會委員會

#### 審核委員會

俞漢度先生*(委員會主席)* 吳亦農先生 劉曉峰博士

#### 薪酬委員會

吳亦農先生(委員會主席) 劉曉峰博士 俞漢度先生 周雲杰先生 馮軍元女士及桂昭宇先生 (馮軍元女士之替任人)

#### 提名委員會

俞漢度先生(委員會主席) 吳亦農先生 劉曉峰博士 周雲杰先生 馮軍元女士及桂昭宇先生 (馮軍元女士之替任人) Corporate Information (continued) 公司資料(續)

Strategic Committee Mr. ZHOU Yun Jie (*Committee Chairman*) Dr. LIU Xiao Feng Ms. Janine Junyuan FENG and Mr. GUI Zhaoyu (*alternate to Ms. Janine Junyuan FENG*)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. NG Chi Yin

#### **LEGAL ADVISORS**

As to Hong Kong Law

DLA Piper Hong Kong

As to Bermuda Law

Conyers Dill & Pearman

#### PRINCIPAL BANKER IN HONG KONG

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited

#### PRINCIPAL BANKER IN THE PRC

China Construction Bank Corporation

#### **AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young

#### FINANCIAL CALENDAR

Six-month interim period end Financial year end : 30 June : 31 December 戰略委員會 周雲杰先生(*委員會主席)* 劉曉峰博士 馮軍元女士及桂昭宇先生 *(馮軍元女士之替任人)* 

#### 公司秘書

伍志賢先生

#### 法律顧問

**香港法律** 歐華律師事務所

**百慕達法律** 康德明律師事務所

#### 香港主要往來銀行

中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司

#### 中國主要往來銀行

中國建設銀行股份有限公司

#### 核數師

安永會計師事務所

#### 財務日誌

六個月中期終結 財政年度年結 : 六月三十日 : 十二月三十一日

#### Corporate Information (continued) 公司資料(續)

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 3513 35/F., The Center 99 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

Haier Industrial Park No. 1, Haier Road Qingdao, the PRC

#### 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### 香港總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 皇后大道中99號 中環中心35樓 3513室

#### 中國主要營業地點

中國青島市 海爾路1號 海爾工業園

#### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER 主要股份過戶登記處 OFFICE

Codan Services Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Tengis Limited 26/F., Tesbury Center 28 Queen's Road East Hong Kong Codan Services Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 皇后大道東28號 金鐘匯中心26樓

#### TELEPHONE NUMBER

+852 2169 0000

#### **FAX NUMBER**

+852 2169 0880

#### STOCK CODE

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 01169

#### WEBSITE

www.haier-elec.com.hk

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS CONTACT**

Porda Havas International Finance Communications GroupUnits 2009–2018, 20/F, Shui On Centre6–8 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong KongTelephone Number:(852) 3150 6788Fax Number:(852) 3150 6728E-mail Address:haier-elec@pordahavas.com

#### 電話號碼

**Corporate Information (continued)** 

公司資料(續)

+852 2169 0000

#### 傳真號碼

+852 2169 0880

#### 股份代號

香港聯合交易所有限公司: 01169

#### 網站

www.haier-elec.com.hk

#### 投資者關係聯絡資料

博達浩華國際財經傳訊集團 香港灣仔港灣道6-8號瑞安中心 20樓2009-2018室 電話號碼 : (852)31506788 傳真號碼 : (852)31506728 電郵地址 : haier-elec@pordahavas.com



CHAIRMAN'S LETTER 主席函件



#### Chairman's Letter

主席函件



#### I. ACHIEVEMENTS OF 2012

We saw in year 2012 that, despite downturn of overall home appliances market, the company persisted in customer value creation and delivered another record performance:

- Our revenue as reported was RMB55.615 billion in 2012, representing an increase of 11.0%, while profit before tax was RMB2.244 billion. In 2012, profit attributable to owners of the Company reached RMB1.695 billion, representing an increase of 20.4%. Diluted earnings per share was RMB66.18 cents, up by 19.2%.
- In terms of single brand's sales volume, Haier washing machines continued to rank first in the world for the fourth consecutive year, and the global market share was enlarged to 11.8%, representing an increase of 0.9% as compared to 10.9% last year. Haier water heaters accounted for 19.9% of the domestic market share, and continued to rank first in the domestic market.

#### I. 二零一二年取得的成績

在過去的二零一二年,雖然整體家電市 場不景氣,但我們堅持以用戶價值創造 為中心的承諾,海爾電器再次取得創紀 錄的業績表現:

- 二零一二年我們的收入增長了 11.0%達到人民幣556.15億元,税 前利潤達到人民幣22.44億元。二 零一二年本公司股東應佔溢利增 長了20.4%達人民幣16.95億元,而 攤薄後每股收益增長了19.2%,達 到每股人民幣66.18分。
- 海爾洗衣機連續四年維持單品牌 世界銷量第一的地位,並且全球市 場份額得到強化達到11.8%,較去 年的10.9%提升了0.9個百分點。海 爾熱水器於國內市場佔有率達到 19.9%,保持了國內市場份額第一 的地位。

#### I. ACHIEVEMENTS OF 2012 (Continued)

Our capabilities to serve customers have been further enhanced. The coverage of our Haier brand store channel and Goodaymart channel was further expanded, with more than 8,500 sales points at county level in aggregate. In 2012, we achieved 24-hour delivery in 1,500 counties nationwide, and our "direct-delivery-totown" fulfillment capability was extended to cover 30% of town level sales points nationwide. With rapid development of online sales, at the TMALL.COM November 11th Shopping Festival (天 貓雙十一購物節), the sales value in our Haier Flagship Store at TMALL.COM was more than RMB70 million, making us champion for both sales value and user recognition under the home appliance category.



#### Profit Attributable to Owners of the Company 本公司股東應佔溢利

(RMB100 Million) (人民幣億元)



#### I. 二零一二年取得的成績(續)

 我們服務經銷商和消費者的能力 進一步提升。海爾品牌店渠道和日 日順渠道的覆蓋面進一步增強,在 縣級累計網點數目超過8,500家。
二零一二年我們實現在全國1,500 個區縣24小時定時送達和配送, 並且建成了直達配送覆蓋全國三 成鎮級網點的能力。網上銷售高速 發展,天猫雙十一購物節當天,海 爾天猫旗艦店的銷量超過人民幣 7,000萬元,成為家電行業銷量和 用戶口碑的雙料冠軍。



#### Diluted Earnings Per Share 攤薄每股收益 (RMB Cent)

(Livid Cerit) (人民幣分)



#### Chairman's Letter (continued) 主席函件(續)

#### I. ACHIEVEMENTS OF 2012 (Continued)

The accomplishment in 2012 was derived from our relentless focus on superior customer value creation during the entire shopping journey. We implemented the following strategies:

- Through an open research and development platform tailored to personalized customer demand, we have designed such creative and technologically-advanced products as "Crystal" series washing machines, which redefined market space and enabled our washing machine business to obtain further market share and lead the industry trends. We implemented the multi-brand strategy with three brands: "Casarte", "Haier" and "Leader" to serve under-developed segments and help growing our market share.
- We focus on superior customer experience such as product customization, on-time delivery, delivery with installation services, as well as ongoing after-sales services. We invested in the endto-end capabilities combining sales, logistics and after-sales services in order to support the "last mile" strategy. Such move has significantly expanded the scale effect and expansibility of the integrated channel services business segment.

#### **II. TRENDS ANALYSIS**

I shared with our shareholders the following three trends in the Annual Report of last year:

- The competition dynamic of the home appliance market will transform from price war into customer value creation
- For home appliance distribution in 3rd and 4th tier markets, the multi-layer agency model of trickling down from the city, county to town levels will change
- The Internet has brought impacts on conventional home appliance channels; we see the inevitable integration of virtual and physical networks

We have seen all these three trends being confirmed in 2012, and they will continue to have a significant influence on the industry in 2013. The evolution of the home appliance market, retail industry and distribution business in China will accelerate, and the home appliance brands will have to adapt themselves to this trend. I want to discuss these trends further.

#### I. 二零一二年取得的成績(續)

二零一二年業績的取得,是基於我們高 度關注對用戶全流程體驗的承諾,實施 了以下戰略舉措:

- 通過以個性化用戶需求為起點的 開放式研發平台,我們設計出了如 「水晶」洗衣機這樣的顛覆性產品, 重新定義了市場空間,使得傳統的 洗衣機業務做到了市場份額領先 且引領了行業規則。我們實施「卡 薩帝」、「海爾」、「統帥」多品牌並 舉的策略,開發以往沒有覆蓋的渠 道,擴大了市場份額。
- 我們致力於為消費者帶來用戶定 制、按時送達、送裝一體、持續服 務關懷的良好體驗,投資於達致 「最後一公里」戰略所需要的營銷、 物流、服務融合的全流程能力,大 大拓展了渠道綜合服務業務板塊 的規模效應和可延伸性。

#### II. 趨勢分享

去年年報我和股東們分享了三個趨勢:

- 家電產品競爭由價格戰轉向用戶 價值創造
- 三、四級市場家電分銷層層代理模 式面臨變遷
- 互聯網對現有實體渠道帶來衝擊, 虛實融合不可避免

我想説的是,這三個趨勢不僅在二零一 二年得到了驗證,在二零一三年仍將對 行業產生重大影響。中國家電市場、零 售業態和分銷業態演變將加速,家電品 牌商也必須適應這種趨勢,在此我想更 進一步地探討這趨勢。

#### II. TRENDS ANALYSIS (Continued)

The customers will be more brand-conscious, and the home appliance industry will be more consolidated. With the rising consumption power and importance of word of mouth, the branding of home appliance becomes more appealing to consumers, and the market share of famous brands will increase further. However, this does not imply that we will gain market share easily as the competition among major brands will remain fierce. As customers are becoming more demanding and increasingly require personalized products and services, the winning formula of brands is to innovate products that exceed the customers' expectations.

The on-line penetration of home appliances purchasing will increase especially large home appliances. China's number of internet users ranks first in the world, and the online penetration is ever increasing. The online users of inland provinces such as Henan and Yunnan are also growing at a fast pace. On the other hand, the variety of choices, high transparency of prices and relatively low prices offered by online and mobile phone shopping channels have attracted a large number of internet users to turn to purchasing home appliances on the internet from physical stores. In the past, the online sales of large home appliances were suppressed by bottleneck problems such as high logistic costs, complaints on delayed delivery and installation, and inability to handle large shipments at lower cost. However, it is expected that in the foreseeable future, the consolidation of third party logistic services industry in China will accelerate and the logistics and distribution services will be further enhanced. Consequently, the operating environment will improve and the proportion of online purchasing of large home appliances will increase.

User experience from multi-channels and entire shopping journey will influence brand competition of home appliance producers. In the era of internet and mobile communication, consumers can search products online and order them in physical stores, or they can also touch and feel in physical stores and order online. It is inevitable for the brands to manage online channels, outside retail chains and channels of own distributors at the same time, so that consumers can enjoy the seamless shopping experience.

#### II. 趨勢分享(續)

品牌忠誠度提高,家電行業集中度進一 步提高。在消費能力提升和口碑傳播影響下,家電品牌對消費者越來越重要, 知名品牌的市場份額將進一步提升。但 這不意味著我們可以不費力地獲取市 場份額,大品牌之間的競爭仍然會很激 烈。客戶需求越來越挑剔和個性化,創 造超出客戶預期需求的產品是品牌的競 爭之道。

**多渠道、全流程用戶體驗左右家電廠商 品牌競爭。**在移動互聯時代,消費者可 以在網上搜索實體店下單,也可以在實 體店體驗網上下單,品牌商已經開始不 可避免地同時管理網上渠道、零售渠道 和自有經銷商渠道,使得消費者能享受 到無衝突的用戶體驗。

#### Chairman's Letter (continued) 主席函件(續)

#### II. TRENDS ANALYSIS (Continued)

For direct selling channels, brand producers need to clearly understand consumers' interest at different stages of the shopping process, such as when they show shopping interests, consider selection of goods, choose shopping channels, compare orders, accept delivery, installation and after-sale services. They also need to enhance capabilities of rendering customers specific services and personalized solutions, and to manage well customers experience on the whole shopping process. The internet channel allows consumers to make online comments based on their own user experience, which may have an impact on other channels because of transparency and trust. This means that the brands will face significant losses if they fail to preserve their brands in online channels. The distributor channel will continue to be the key channel for most of the brand producers for a long time. In addition to high-guality products, the brands are required to provide more added values, such as reducing the costs of distributors' supply chain, advancing store operation management and assisting distributors to implement e-commerce strategy. This helps to create a sustainable co-inherent interest body between brand producer and distributors.

The current distribution and retail model of home appliance products is evolving, and I expect to see two general phenomena: "Less Big Stores (大店變少)" and "Larger Small Stores (小店放大)". Through effective layout and plentiful exhibitions, physical stores provide a pleasant shopping environment and stimulate consumption. The large physical stores in good locations used to be assets, but now the huge legacy of physical stores will be a disadvantage due to growing rental costs and increasing labor costs. As a result, the number of large stores in the 1st and 2nd tier cities will decrease. As to physical stores in rural areas, they would provide more variety of products and create better fulfillment experience to consumers with the support of online display and the integration of regional warehouses and logistics networks.

#### II. 趨勢分享(續)

對於直銷渠道,品牌商需要清晰理解消 費者在產牛購物興趣、研究購物選擇、 選擇購物渠道、比較下單、接受配送、 安裝、售後服務各個接觸點的關注點是 什麼,提升用戶定制和個性化服務能 力,做好全流程用戶體驗管理。在互聯 網渠道上,消費者根據自身用戶體驗在 網上做出的口碑評價,可以影響其他渠 道的認知,這意味著品牌商如果不能在 互聯網渠道立足,將面臨重大的損失。 經銷商渠道在長時間內仍然是大多數品 牌商的主要渠道,除了提供優質產品, 品牌商必須提供更多附加價值,比如降 低經銷商供應鏈成本、提高店面管理能 力、幫助經銷商實施電子商務策略等, 使得品牌商和經銷商之間形成可持續的 利益共同體。

現有家電產品的分銷和零售模式在演變 之中,我預見「大店變少」和「小店放大」 兩種現象將更普遍。實體門店的作用在 於透過有效陳列和豐富展示,營造良好 購物環境、促進消費,位於良好地段的 大型實體門店過去是資產,現在由於高 昂租金和上漲人工,可能反倒成了負 擔,很多在一、二線城市的大門店數目 會精簡。對於較為邊緣的鄉鎮實體店, 未來倒可以結合網上展示和區域倉配一 體化的支持,提供給消費者更多產品選 擇和更好配送體驗。

#### **III. STRATEGIC FOCUS FOR 2013**

After significant development and integration of our businesses in 2012, the Company has further identified its strategic initiatives for 2013. I would like to highlight four actions below:

- 1. Our "just-in-time" operating model has the effect of increasing market shares of the washing machine and water heater businesses thereby fostering our industry leadership. The customers' purchasing decision depends on brand and product features. This drives us to introduce global suppliers and research and development resources with an open mind, continuously launch "trend-defining and innovative" products by leveraging our large scale modular production facilities, and create differentiated user experience through our vertically integrated operation model, which combines consumer demand interaction, research and development, production, distribution and after-sale services. In terms of brand and channel strategy, we will continue to tap into new markets using multi-brand strategy and promote product customization to increase sales through emerging channels such as the Internet.
- 2. To improve the operating efficiency of channels and deeply exploit the value of the existing two self-developed channels. Firstly, we will improve store operation efficiency from Haier Exclusive Stores and Community Stores, then Goodaymart Stores. Aiming at creating the superior user experience and improving the operating profitability of franchise stores, we will promote installation of E-store system and the adoption of delicacy management for stores. Secondly, we will promote the "direct-delivery-to-town" model nationwide. Such model allows us to reduce distribution layers through directly distributing and delivering goods from regional distribution center to town level retail shops, and has been well-developed in Shandong province. Thirdly, we establish distribution and storage center in county level that can serve our county level distributors, and helps to lower their inventory and transportation costs.

#### Ⅲ. 明年戰略重點

經過二零一二年的業務整合,公司對於 二零一三年的戰略重心已經有了更加明 確的把握,將緊緊圍繞以下工作開展:

- 1 在即需即供模式下, 實現洗衣機和 熱水器業務份額的更大提升和樹 立行業引領形象。品牌和產品功用 將決定用戶的最終選擇,這要求我 們一方面以開放心態引入全球供 應商和研發資源,在龐大規模化生 產能力基礎上不斷推出「引領」級 別的新品,一方面繼續堅持從消費 者需求互動、研發、生產、配送、 直至後續服務的全價值鏈運營模 式,創造差異化用戶體驗。在品牌 和渠道上,我們將繼續以多品牌策 略切入市場,並透過產品定制等手 段提升在互聯網等新興渠道的銷 售。
- 提升渠道營運效率,深入挖掘現 有兩類自有渠道的價值。一、是從 海爾專賣店、社區店起步,逐步切 入到日日順店,以打造用戶最佳體 驗為目標,全面安裝E-store系統、 推廣門店精細化管理,以提升加盟 店經營利潤率。二、是複製推廣在 山東省相對較為成熟的鄉鎮直配 模式,由區域中心直接實現對鎮級 客戶的銷售,驅動鎮級客戶下沉到 村,減少代理層次。三、在縣級建 立倉配一體化的產品分銷兼倉儲 超市,服務於縣級經銷商並降低其 庫存和配送成本。

#### Chairman's Letter (continued) 主席函件(續)

#### III. STRATEGIC FOCUS FOR 2013 (Continued)

3. To develop vertically-integrated distribution service capabilities, increase the sales of third-party brands and expand into more appliance categories. For brand introduction development, we will emphasize on developing nationwide "Turn-Key" brand services business, deepen the cooperation relationship with suppliers and increase our profitability. As to product categories, we will stretch the development of high-potential area, such as small home electric appliances and lifestyle consumer electronic products, and penetrate our businesses into communication and household products through alliance and joint venture means.

- 4. To emphasize on developing end-to-end large items distribution capability and develop our logistics business as an open platform for third parties. From long-term perspective, the "last mile" logistics capability that can provide direct-delivery and installation services to customers in towns is a key competitiveness for developing channel business. Such capability is also a crucial element for customers experience in selling large items. In 2013, we will develop our end-to-end distribution capability for other types of large item products such as furniture and continue to strengthen distribution capability of home appliances.
- 5. To reinvent management model and provide organizational support for growth. We have almost 20,000 employees, our businesses spread all over the world and penetrate into villages and towns. The core theme of organizational revolution in the future is to maintain the entrepreneurial vitality of all staff and provide a development platform to frontline staff. We will aim to abolish the existing rigid hierarchy of positions and position-based remuneration system, and establish our organization as a self-driven "co-inherent interest body". It implies that the frontline staff in an organization serving customers may work closely with internal product development team and external distributors so as to integrate internal and external resources, create and share value. Such an organization has no boundary with market, and has the strongest vitality.

#### Ⅲ. 明年戰略重點(續)

- 利用總包分銷全價值鏈服務能力, 促進第三方品牌和更多家電品類 的銷售。在品牌拓展上,今年將重 點發展全國總包品牌業務,深化和 供應商的合作關係,提高盈利率。 在品類上,重點突破小家電、時尚 生活電子消費品等高增長業務, 以聯盟、合資等方式滲透進入通訊 類、家居生活品類的業務。
- 集中發展端到端大件物流配送能 力,把物流業務建成第三方開放平 台。長遠來看,可以直達鄉鎮、送 達用戶的送裝一體的「最後一公里」 物流能力是發展渠道業務的核心 競爭力之一,並且是大件產品銷售 中用戶體驗的重要環節。二零一三 年將在強化家電配送能力基礎上, 發展家具等其他品類大件物流產 品的端到端配送能力。
- 推進管理模式變革,為增長提供組 5. 織保障。我們公司已經擁有接近 2萬員工,市場遍佈全球、深入村 鎮,如何維繫全體員工的創業活 力,及提供發展平台給予一線人 員,是未來組織變革的核心課題。 我們的目標是廢除原有僵化的職 務序列和等級化的薪酬體系,改為 以用戶價值創造為導向,把組織建 成為自主驅動的利益共同體。利 益共同體意味著組織內面向客戶 的前線員工,可以自主聯合內部開 發團隊和外部經銷商,整合內外資 源,創造價值並且可以分享價值。 這樣的組織,和市場是無邊界的, 才具有最強的生命力。

#### **IV. PROSPECTS**

Looking forward to future, the Chinese companies' competitive strength of low-cost manufacturing will continue to be impacted by domestic production costs increase and the technological innovation. In addition, the traditional retailing model and marketing model will be under more challenges from the Internet, and the Internet retailing will return customers the power over the brands. We always remind our management team that the past success was merely a consequence of luckily catching up with the pace of the era. An ever winner will soon face fierce challenges or become a force-out. Therefore, in order to sustain our long-term growth, we must weed out the old mindset and think about how to seamlessly follow consumer trend and respond to consumer needs under the two main trends: the era of the Internet and new industrial revolution.

As a large organization, various organizational inertia accumulated would reduce our market competitiveness and affect our market agility, and thereby hinder our capabilities of continuously delivering growth higher than that of our peers. Accordingly, the only way to survive is to keep innovating, including our management innovation and strategic innovation. As our future success is entirely dependent on the strength of our talent pipeline, we will build the Board into a more open, diversified and constructive one and introduce talents with e-commerce and distribution background.

In 2013, the Company will aim to outgrow the industry, accompanying with sustainable profitability objectives and ensuring high-quality customer services. To achieve this, on one hand, we will re-organize our management structure to fuel growth by achieving operating efficiency, as well as empowering managers and frontline employees act like owners of the business. On the other hand, we need to vigorously explore new clients and serve emerging needs through new models. I am very confident about our growth strategies as well as our management team and look forward to witness the sustainable development with all our shareholders in 2013.

#### Ⅳ. 展望

對於一家大公司來説,各種累計的組織 慣性會降低我們的市場競爭力和影響 我們的市場敏鋭度,進而拖累我們持 創造超行業水平增長的能力,因此唯一 的出路在於不斷驅動創新,包括我們的 管理創新和戰略性創新。而創新能否成 功關鍵在於人才,我們將打造一個更開 放、更多元化、更具建設性的董事會以 及引入具電子商務、分銷管理經驗的管 理層。

二零一三年公司將繼續在可持續盈利和 創造高質量用戶體驗的前提下,實現高 於行業水平的增長。這個目標的實現, 一方面需要我們通過組織結構重組提升 運營效率和使得管理層、員工以主人心 態參與業務,另一方面需要我們以新模 式大量開發新客戶、新需求。我對我們 的增長戰略和管理團隊充滿信心,我期 待著和全體股東在二零一三年共同見證 公司的持續發展。

#### **Directors and Senior Management**

The directors and senior management of the Group as at the date of this report are as follows:

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

董事及高級管理層

**Ms. YANG Mian Mian**, aged 71, has served as the Chairman and an Executive Director of the Company since January 2005. Ms. Yang is responsible for determining corporate strategies and overall management of the Group. She graduated from Shandong Industrial Institute, which is now known as Shandong University, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") in 1963. As one of the founders of the Haier Group, she has been in charge of the overall management of the white goods business since 1984. She is currently the president of Haier Group Corporation ("Haier Corp") and the chairman of Qingdao Haier Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (the "A-Share Company")).

Ms. Yang is also a director of the following Group's subsidiaries: Beijing Haier Logistics Co., Ltd., Chongqing Haier Washing Machine Co., Ltd., Chongqing Haier Water Heater Co., Ltd., Foshan Shunde Haier Electric Co., Ltd., Foshan Shunde Haier Intelligent Electronic Co., Ltd., Haier Holdings (BVI) Limited, Hefei Haier Washing Machine Co., Ltd., Qingdao Economy and Technology Development Zone Haier Water Heater Co., Ltd., Qingdao Haier Drum Washing Machine Co. Ltd., Qingdao Goodaymart Lejia Trading Co., Ltd., Qingdao Goodaymart Supply Chains Co., Ltd., Qingdao Haier Washing Machine Co., Ltd., Qingdao Jiaonan Haier Washing Machine Co., Ltd., Qingdao New Goodaymart Logistics Service Co. Ltd. and Wuhan Haier Water Heater Co., Ltd. 於本報告日期,本集團之董事及高級管理層 如下:

#### 執行董事

楊綿綿女士,71歲,自二零零五年一月起出任 本公司主席兼執行董事。楊女士負責制定本 集團的企業策略及整體管理。彼於一九六三 年畢業於中華人民共和國(「中國」)山東工業 學院(現稱為山東大學)。楊女士為海爾集團 創辦人之一,自一九八四年起負責白色家電 業務的整體管理。彼現時為海爾集團公司(「海 爾集團公司」)總裁,以及於上海證券交易所上 市之青島海爾股份有限公司(「A股公司」)之主 席。

楊女士亦為下列本集團附屬公司之董事:北 京海爾物流有限公司、重慶海爾洗衣機有限 公司、重慶海爾熱水器有限公司、佛山市順德海爾智能電 海爾電器有限公司、佛山市順德海爾智能電 子有限公司、海爾控股(BVI)有限公司、合肥海 爾洗衣機有限公司、青島經濟技術開發區海 爾熱水器有限公司、青島海爾滾筒洗衣機有 限公司、青島日日順樂家貿易有限公司、青島 日日順供應鏈有限公司、青島海爾洗衣機有 限公司、青島膠南海爾洗衣機有限公司、青島 新日日順投資有限公司及武漢海爾熱水器有 限公司。

#### EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Continued)

**Mr. ZHOU Yun Jie**, aged 46, has served as an Executive Director of the Company since 12 November 2009. He is also a member of the remuneration committee, nomination committee and strategic committee of the Company. Mr. Zhou graduated from the Huazhong University of Science and Technology, the PRC with a Bachelor's degree in Engineering in 1988. He has a Master's degree in corporate management from the Ocean University of China, the PRC and has completed his Doctoral courses with a diploma in Management from the Xian Jiaotong University, the PRC. He joined the Haier Group in 1988 and has over 20 years of experience in the sales management and enterprise management. He has been appointed as Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company and resigned as the General Manager of the Company from 18 March 2013. He is also an Executive Vice President of Haier Group.

Mr. Zhou is also a director of the following Group's subsidiaries: Chongqing Hairi Logistics Co., Ltd., Chongqing New Goodaymart Electronics Sales Co., Ltd., Goodaymart (Shanghai) Investment Co., Ltd., Haier Electronics Sales (Hefei) Co., Ltd., Haier Electronics Sales (HK) Co., Ltd., Hefei Goodaymart Logistics Co., Ltd., Qingdao Goodaymart Supply Chains Co., Ltd., Qingdao Haier Logistics Co., Ltd, Qingdao Lejia Electric Appliances Co., Ltd., SHC International (HK) Ltd., Ocean Vast Enterprises Ltd., Haier Group E-commerce Co., Ltd., Qingdao Goodaymart Electronics Service Co., Ltd., Qingdao Haier Electronics Sales Service Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Bolang Housewares Trading Co., Ltd. (formerly Pegasus Telecom (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.), HH Retail Limited and Haier International Business Corporation Ltd., Haier Electrical Appliances Fourth Holdings (BVI) Limited, Haier Washing Machines Holdings (BVI) Ltd., Haier Water Heaters Holdings (BVI) Ltd., Haier Holdings (BVI) Ltd., and Sunlit Enterprise International Ltd.

#### 執行董事(續)

周雲杰先生,46歲,自二零零九年十一月十二 日起出任本公司執行董事。彼亦為本公司薪 酬委員會、提名委員會及戰略委員會成員。周 先生一九八八年畢業於中國華中理工大學, 並獲工學學士學位,並獲中國海洋大學企業 管理專業管理學碩士學位及中國西安交通 大學管理學博士畢業。周先生於一九八八年 加入海爾集團,在行銷管理領域及管理企業 方面擁有逾20年經驗。彼已自二零一三年三 月十八日獲委任為本公司行政總裁(「行政總 裁」)並辭任本公司總經理。彼亦為海爾集團之 執行副總裁。

周先生亦為下列本集團附屬公司之董事:重 慶海日物流有限公司、重慶新日日順家電銷 售有限公司、日日順(上海)投資有限公司、海 爾電器銷售(合肥)有限公司、海爾電器銷售 (香港)有限公司、合肥日日順倉儲有限公司、 青島日日順供應鏈有限公司、青島海爾物流 有限公司、青島樂家電器有限公司、森海國際 (香港)有限公司、海鴻企業有限公司、海爾集 團電子商務有限公司、青島日日順電器服務 有限公司、青島海爾電器銷售服務有限公司、 香港勃朗家居貿易有限公司(前稱飛馬通訊 (香港)有限公司)、HH Retail Limited、海爾國際 商社有限公司、海爾電器第四控股(BVI)有限公 司、海爾洗衣機控股(BVI)有限公司、海爾熱水 器控股(BVI)有限公司、海爾控股(BVI)有限公司 及陽光企業國際有限公司。

#### Directors and Senior Management (continued) 董事及高級管理層(續)

#### EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Continued)

**Mr. LI Hua Gang**, aged 43, has served as a Chief Operation Officer of the Company since 12 November 2009, and has served as an Executive Director since 19 April 2010. Mr. Li, graduated from the Huazhong University of Science and Technology, the PRC in 1991 with a Bachelor's degree in Economics. He joined the Haier Group in 1991 and has since held a number of senior positions in the sales and marketing functions with his expertise in the sales management in the 3rd and 4th tier markets of the PRC.

Mr. Li is also a director of the following Group's subsidiaries: Chengdu Haixin Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Chongqing Hairi Logistics Co., Ltd., Chongging New Goodaymart Electronics Sales Co., Ltd., Fujian Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Goodaymart (Shanghai) Investment Co., Ltd., Haier Electronics Sales (Hefei) Co., Ltd., Haier Electronics Sales (HK) Co., Ltd., Hefei Goodaymart Logistics Co., Ltd., Hunan Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Qingdao Haier Logistics Co., Ltd, Shandong Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Xuchang Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Yantai Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Hefei Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Suzhou Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Liaoning Goodaymart Trading Co., Ltd., Xinjiang Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Jiangsu Subei Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Tangshan Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Wuhan Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Shanxi Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Nanchang Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Wenzhou Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Qingdao Yatai Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Hong Kong Bolang Housewares Trading Company Limited (formerly Pegasus Telecom (Hong Kong) Co., Limited), HH Retail Limited, Foreland Agents Limited, Coreland Limited, Impressive Holdings Limited, Haier Washing Machines Holdings (BVI) Limited.

#### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. WU Ke Song**, aged 62, has served as an Executive Director of the Company since December 2001 and has been re-designated as Non-executive Director with effect from 12 November 2009. Mr. Wu is also the Deputy Chairman of the Company. Mr. Wu is responsible for worldwide business development of the Group and liaison with relevant government officials. He graduated from Shandong Industrial Institute, the PRC which is now known as Shandong University, the PRC in 1974 and joined the Haier Group in 1984. He is also a vice chairman of Haier Corp and a director of Qingdao Haier Investment and Development Holdings (BVI) Limited, a subsidiary of the Group. Mr. Wu has resigned as an Non-executive Director of the Company with effect from 16 December 2012 as he has reached the age of retirement. After his resignation, Mr. Wu has been retained as a senior consultant to the Company.

#### 執行董事(續)

李華剛先生,43歲,自二零零九年十一月十二 日起出任本公司之首席營運官,及自二零一 零年四月十九日起出任本公司之執行董事。 李先生於一九九一年畢業於中國華中理工大 學,並獲經濟學學士學位,彼於同年加入海爾 集團,並憑藉彼於營銷管理中國三、四級市場 方面之專業知識自始擔任市場營銷的多項要 職。

李先生亦為下列本集團附屬公司之董事:成 都海新日日順電器有限公司、重慶海日物流 有限公司、重慶新日日順家電銷售有限公司、 福建日日順電器有限公司、日日順(上海)投資 有限公司、海爾電器銷售(合肥)有限公司、海 爾電器銷售(香港)有限公司、合肥日日順倉儲 有限公司、湖南日日順電器有限公司、青島海 爾物流有限公司、山東日日順電器有限公司、 許昌日日順電器有限公司、煙台日日順電器 有限公司、合肥日日順電器有限公司、蘇州日 日順電器有限公司、遼寧日日順商貿有限公 司、新疆日日順電器有限公司、江蘇蘇北日日 順電器有限公司、唐山日日順電器有限公司、 武漢日日順電器有限公司、山西日日順電器 有限公司、南昌日日順電器有限公司、溫州日 日順電器有限公司、青島日日順雅泰電器有 限公司、香港勃朗家居貿易有限公司(前稱飛 馬通訊(香港)有限公司)、HH Retail Limited、 Foreland Agents Limited . Coreland Limited . Impressive Holdings Limited 及海爾洗衣機控股 (BVI)有限公司。

#### 非執行董事

武克松先生,62歲,自二零零一年十二月起出 任本公司執行董事,並於二零零九年十一月 十二日起轉任本公司非執行董事。武先生介 為本公司副主席。武先生負責本集團的全球 業務發展,並與有關政府官員聯繫。武先生球 一九七四年畢業於中國山東工業學院(現稱為 山東大學),於一九八四年加入海爾集團。彼 亦為海爾投資發展控股(BVI)有限公司之董 事。武先生因已屆退休年齡而已辭任本公司 非執行董事職位,自二零一二年十二月十六 日起生效。於其辭任後,武先生已留任為本公 司之高級顧問。

#### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Continued)

Mr. LIANG Hai Shan, aged 46, has served as an Executive Director of the Company since December 2001 and has been re-designated as Nonexecutive Director with effect from 12 November 2009. Mr. Liang was previously mainly responsible for strategic procurement and overall quality control of products of the Group. He is currently responsible for identifying market opportunities and white goods business strategies formulation of the Company. He received a Bachelor's degree of Industry from the Xian Jiaotong University, the PRC and has 24 years of experience in the manufacture of household electrical appliances, particularly in raw material procurement function and white goods business. He is also an Executive Vice President of Haier Corp, the General Manager and Vice Chairman of Qingdao Haier Co., Ltd. and a director of the following Group's subsidiaries: Beijing Haier Logistics Co., Ltd., Qingdao Economy and Technology Development Zone Haier Water Heater Co., Ltd., Chongging Haier Drum Washing Machine Co., Ltd., Foshan Haier Drum Washing Machine Co., Ltd. and Qingdao Haier Investment and Development Holdings (BVI) Limited.

Ms. Janine Junvuan FENG, aged 44, has been appointed as a Nonexecutive Director of the Company since 24 August 2011. She is also a member of the remuneration committee, nomination committee and strategic committee of the Company. Ms. Feng joined the Carlyle Group in 1998, she is currently a Managing Director of the Carlyle Group. Ms. Feng has been involved in many direct investments by the Carlyle Group in consumer, financial and industrial companies in the PRC. Prior to joining the Carlyle Group, Ms. Feng worked for Credit Suisse First Boston's New York office, engaging in investment banking business. Ms. Feng is currently serving as a non-executive director of China Pacific Insurance (Group) Co., Ltd., a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (stock code: 2601) and Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601601), since June 2007, a non-executive director of Natural Beauty Bio-Technology Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 157), since November 2009. Ms. Feng received an MBA degree from Harvard Business School in 1996.

#### **ALTERNATE DIRECTOR**

**Mr. GUI Zhaoyu**, aged 41, has been appointed as the alternate Director to Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng since 24 August 2011. Mr. Gui is a director of the Carlyle Group and is focused on Asia buyout opportunities with a particular focus on opportunities in the PRC. Mr. Gui is primarily based in Beijing. Prior to joining the Carlyle Group, Mr. Gui was a Vice President of the Investment Banking Department at China International Capital Corporation in Beijing, and a Vice President of J.P. Morgan Securities (Asia Pacific) Limited in Hong Kong. He also has working experience at the Special Investment Department of CIC and two state-owned companies, and had founded his own logistics company. Mr. Gui received his MBA degree from Massachusetts Institute of Technology Sloan School of Management.

#### 非執行董事(續)

**馮軍元女士**,44歲,自二零一一年八月二十 四日起獲委任為本公司非執行董事。彼亦為 本公司薪酬委員會、提名委員會及戰略委員 會成員。馮女士於一九九八年加入凱雷投資 集團,彼現時為凱雷投資集團之董事總經理。 馮女士一直從事凱雷投資集團在中國之消費 品、金融及工業公司之多項直接投資。加入凱 雷投資集團前,馮女士曾任職於紐約瑞士信 貸第一波士頓,從事投資銀行業務。目前,彼 自二零零七年六月起出任於香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)(股份代號:2601)暨於 上海證券交易所(股份代號:601601)上市之公 司中國太平洋保險(集團)股份有限公司之非 執行董事;自二零零九年十一月起出任聯交 所上市公司自然美生物科技有限公司(股份代 號:157)之非執行董事。馮女士於一九九六年 自哈佛大學商學院取得工商管理碩士學位。

#### 替任董事

**桂昭宇先生**,41歲,自二零一一年八月二十四 日起獲委任為馮軍元女士之替任董事。桂先 生為凱雷投資集團的董事,專注於亞洲之收 購機會,尤其是集中位於中國之機會。桂先生 主要以北京為據點。於加入凱雷投資集團之 前,桂先生為北京之中國國際金融有限公司 之投資銀行部副總經理,以及香港摩根大通 證券(亞太)有限公司之副總裁。彼亦具有中投 公司之專項投資部以及兩家國有公司之工作 經驗,還曾創辦過一家物流公司。桂先生持有 麻省理工學院斯隆商學院工商管理碩士學位。

#### Directors and Senior Management (continued) 董事及高級管理層(續)

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

**Mr. WU Yinong**, aged 50, has served as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company since January 2005. Mr. Wu graduated from Portland State University in the United States of America with a Master's degree in Business Administration in 1994. He is currently the Managing Director of China Investment Securities (Hong Kong) Financial Holdings Limited. He has been in the investment banking industry for more than 16 years.

**Mr. YU Hon To, David,** aged 65, was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Company on 21 June 2007. Mr. Yu is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He was formerly a partner of an international accounting firm with extensive experience in corporate finance. Mr. Yu is the Vice Chairman of MCL Partners Limited, a Hong Kong based financial advisory and investment firm. He serves as an independent non-executive director of several other companies listed on the Stock Exchange, namely China Datang Corporation Renewable Power Co., Limited, Great China Holdings Limited, China Renewable Energy Investment Limited, Media Chinese International Limited, One Media Group Limited, Playmates Holdings Limited, Sateri Holdings Limited, Synergis Holdings Limited, TeleEye Holdings Limited, VXL Capital Limited and China Resources Gas Group Limited.

**Dr. LIU Xiao Feng**, aged 50, was appointed as an Independent Nonexecutive Director of the Company on 21 June 2007. He is currently the Managing Director of China Resources Capital Holdings Co., Ltd.. He has worked in various international financial institutions since 1993, including N. M. Rothschild & Sons, JP Morgan and DBS. He has many years of experience in corporate finance. Dr. Liu has a Ph.D and Master degrees from the Faculty of Economics, University of Cambridge and a Bachelor's degree in Economics from Sichuan Institute of Finance and Economics, China. Dr. Liu is currently also an independent non-executive director of Kunlun Energy Company Limited and Honghua Group Limited, both of which are publicly listed companies on the Stock Exchange.

#### 獨立非執行董事

**吳亦農先生**,50歲,自二零零五年一月起出任 本公司獨立非執行董事。吳先生於一九九四 年畢業於美國波特蘭州立大學,持有工商管 理碩士學位。彼現職中投證券(香港)金融控股 有限公司董事總經理。彼具有超過十六年投 資銀行業經驗。

俞漢度先生,65歲,於二零零七年六月二十一 日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。俞先生 為英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會之資深會 員及香港會計師公會之會員。俞先生曾擔任 一間國際會計師事務所之合夥人,並於企業 融資方面擁有豐富經驗。俞先生為偉業資本 有限公司之副董事長,該公司是以香港為基 地之財務顧問及投資公司。彼為於聯交所上 市之多家其他公司之獨立非執行董事,包括 中國大唐集團新能源股份有限公司、大中華 集團有限公司、中國再生能源投資有限公司、 世界華文媒體有限公司、萬華媒體集團有限 公司、彩星集團有限公司、賽得利控股有限公 司、新昌管理集團有限公司、千里眼控股有限 公司、卓越金融有限公司及華潤燃氣控股有 限公司。

**劉曉峰博士**,50歲,於二零零七年六月二十一 日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼現任 華潤金融控股有限公司之董事總經理。彼自 一九九三年起曾任職於多間國際金融機構, 包括洛希爾父子、摩根大通及星展,並擁有多 年企業融資經驗。劉博士持有劍橋大學經濟 系博士及碩士學位及中國四川財經學院經濟 學士學位。劉博士現時亦出任聯交所上市公 司昆侖能源有限公司及宏華集團有限公司之 獨立非執行董事。

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. XIE Ju Zhi**, aged 47, graduated from Shandong Economics College in July 1989 specialised in Economics and Management. He has held senior positions in Electrothermal Product division and East China division of Marketing and Promotion Division of the Haier Group, and served as the general manager of the Customer Service Operation Company of the Haier Group since August 2002. He has over ten years of experience in service management. Currently, he is mainly responsible for the Group's customer service and channel business expansion of community stores in the 1st and 2nd tier markets. He also serves as the vice chairman of the Subcommittee on Household Electric Appliances of Standardization Administration of China, and the vice chairman of the presidium of the China National Household Electric Appliances Service & Maintenance Association.

**Mr. DIAO Yun Feng**, aged 41, graduated from the Southeast University, the PRC in 1995. He joined the Haier Group in 1995 and has held a number of senior positions including the director of overseas marketing management of the Haier Group and the general manager of Haier International Business Corporation Limited. He has experience in managing domestic small home electric appliances business, particularly has 18 years of experience in overseas market expansion and overseas corporate management. He is currently the director of small home electric appliances division of the Group, and is responsible for the global small home electric appliances segment of the integrated channel services business.

**Mr. HUANG Xiao Wu**, aged 35, was appointed as Deputy General Manager of the Company in November 2009. Mr. Huang holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from the University of Hong Kong and a Bachelor's degree in Engineering from the University of Chong Qing. Mr. Huang is responsible for assisting the General Manager in implementing the Group's corporate development strategy. Mr. Huang has 15 years of extensive experience in banking, investment and corporate finance. Prior to joining the Group, he had worked with a commercial bank and several investment banking firms.

#### 高級管理層

解居志先生,47歲,於一九八九年七月畢業於 山東經濟學院經濟管理學專業。曾擔任海爾 集團電熱產品事業部、海爾集團商流本部華 東事業部等高級職務,自二零零二年八月起 出任海爾集團顧客服務經營公司總經理,具 有十餘年服務管理經驗,現主要負責本集團 顧客服務及一、二級市場社區店渠道業務拓 展。同時擔任全國家用電器標準化技術委員 會家用電器服務分技術委員會副主任委員, 中國家用電器服務維修協會理事會主席團副 主席。

**刁雲峰先生**,41歲,於一九九五年畢業於中國 東南大學,並於一九九五年加入海爾集團,先 後擔任海爾集團海外行銷管理總監、海爾國 際商社有限公司總經理等多項要職,具備國 內小家電業務管理經驗,尤其具備18年海外 市場開拓與海外公司管理經驗。現擔任本集 團小家電部總監,負責渠道綜合服務業務中 的全球小家電業務。

**黃曉武先生**,35歲,於二零零九年十一月獲委 任為本公司副總經理。黃先生持有香港大學 工商管理學碩士學位和重慶大學工學學士學 位,負責協助總經理執行本集團企業發展策 略。黃先生在銀行、投資和公司財務領域擁有 十五年廣泛工作經驗。加入本集團前,彼曾在 一家商業銀行和數家投資銀行工作。

#### Directors and Senior Management (continued) 董事及高級管理層(續)

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

**Mr. PENG Jia Jun**, aged 35, was appointed as Chief Financial Officer of the Company on 10 February 2009. Mr. Peng has a Master's degree in Business Administration from the University of International Business and Economics, China and a Bachelor's degree in Business Administration from Northeasterm University, China. He is currently a Doctoral Candidate in accounting of Ocean University of China. He joined the Haier Group in 2000 and has since held a number of senior financial positions in Haier Group finance department, Haier Australia trading company and washing machine business of the Group. Subsequent to the balance sheet date, on 1 March 2013, Mr. Peng did not act as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company due to the reallocation of appointments within the Haier Group.

**Mr. Tao Jun**, age 48, has been appointed as Chief Financial Officer of the Company since 1 March 2013. Mr. Tao has a Master degree in Business Administration from the Murdoch University in Australia and his Bachelor degree in Economics from Zhongnan University of Finance and Law in China. Prior to joining the Haier Group, Mr. Tao was an executive director of a household electrical appliance company listed in Hong Kong, a financial director of a joined venture owned by a large state-owned company and a blue chip Hong Kong property company. Mr. Tao has over 20 years of financial management experience in retail, distribution and household electrical appliance business. Mr. Tao also has extensive experience in merger and acquisition business as he has worked in investment field over 10 years.

**Mr. SHU Hai**, aged 46, has served as the General Manager of washing machine product division of the Company since June 2009. Mr. Shu has a Master's degree in International Trade from Ocean University of China, the PRC. He joined the Haier Group in 1995 and has since held a number of senior positions in the washing machine business. He is currently responsible for the sales, research and development and production management of the washing machine business of the Group.

**Mr. SUN Jing Yan**, aged 42, has served as an Executive Director of the Company until August 2011 due to the reallocation of appointments within the Haier Group. Mr. Sun has been the General Manager of the Haier Group's Electrothermal Product Division since 2005 and is mainly responsible for the operation of the Group's water heater business. Mr. Sun graduated from Shandong Institute of Light Industry, the PRC in 1993 with a Bachelor in Engineering in Machine Design and Manufacture. He joined the Haier Group in 1993 and has since held a number of senior positions in the Electrothermal Appliance Department of the Haier Group. He has over 19 years of extensive experience in water heater business.

#### 高級管理層(續)

**彭家鈞先生**,35歲,於二零零九年二月十日獲 委任為本公司財務總監。彭先生持有中國對 外經濟貿易大學管理學碩士學位和中國東北 大學管理學學士學位。彼現為中國海洋大學 會計學博士生。彼於二零零零年加入海爾集 團,並自此在海爾集團財務部、海爾澳大利亞 貿易公司及本集團洗衣機業務出任多項財務 高級職務。於結算日後,於二零一三年三月一 日,彭先生由於海爾集團內部之工作變動而 不出任本公司財務總監。

**陶鈞先生**,48歲,自二零一三年三月一日獲委 任為本公司財務總監。陶先生持有澳州梅鐸 大學工商管理碩士學位和中國中南財經大學 經濟學學士學位。於加入海爾集團之前,陶先 生曾於香港上市之家電公司出任執行董事, 也曾經出任一間由大型央企公司與香港藍籌 地產公司合資的聯營公司的財務董事職務。 陶先生在零售、分銷及家電業務等財務管理 領域擁有逾二十年之豐富經驗。陶先生亦曾 在投資領域工作逾十年,於併購業務方面擁 有十分豐富的經驗。

**舒海先生**,46歲,自二零零九年六月起出任本 公司洗衣機產品部總經理。彼獲中國海洋大 學國際貿易專業碩士學位。彼於一九九五年 加入海爾集團,並自此出任洗衣機業務部的 多項要職,現負責本集團洗衣機業務營銷、研 發及生產等管理工作。

**孫京岩先生**,42歲,由於海爾集團內部調任而 出任本公司執行董事至二零一一年八月。孫 先生自二零零五年起出任海爾集團電熱產品 部之總經理,主要負責本集團之熱水器業務 營運。孫先生於一九九三年畢業於中國山東 輕工業學院,獲頒機械設計與製造工學學士 學位。彼於一九九三年加入海爾集團,並自此 出任海爾集團電熱器具部的多項要職。彼在 熱水器業務方面累積逾十九年之豐富經驗。

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT (Continued)

**Mr. WANG Zheng Gang**, aged 40, has served as the General Manager of Qingdao Haier Logistics Co., Ltd., since March 2003, and has currently served as the director of logistics division of the Group. Mr. Wang graduated from Tianjin University in 1995. He also graduated from the Xian Jiaotong University, the PRC with a Master's degree in Logistics Engineering in 2007. He has 17 years of experience in the manufacture of household electrical appliances, particularly in raw material procurement function and logistics business. He is currently responsible for developing the logistics business of the Company and identifying related market opportunities.

**Mr. REN Xian Cun**, aged 39, graduated from Jilin Industrial University in 1997, and obtained his Executive Master of Business Administration (EMBA) from the University of International Business and Economics, the PRC in 2005. He joined the Haier Group in 1997 and has held senior positions such as the general manager of Haier Air-conditioning in the PRC and the general manager of various regional centers of Haier. He has 17 years of experience in market planning and marketing management in the home electric appliances industry, particularly has professional experience in the operation and management of the home electric appliances channels. He is currently the director of Haier products of the Group, and is mainly responsible for Haier products segment of the integrated channel services business.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

**Mr. NG Chi Yin**, aged 47, joined the Company on 18 March 2009 as Company Secretary. Mr. Ng graduated from the Faculty of Business Administration of the Chinese University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor's degree in business administration. He is also a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. He has over 24 years of experience in auditing, finance and company secretarial matters.

#### 高級管理層(續)

**王正剛先生**,40歲,自二零零三年三月起出任 青島海爾物流有限公司總經理,目前擔任本 集團的物流總監。王先生於一九九五年畢業 於天津大學,並於二零零七年獲中國西安交 通大學物流工程碩士學位,累積十七年製造 家電經驗,更具原材料採購及物流運輸業務 經驗。王先生現時主要負責本公司物流業務 發展及物色相關市場商機。

任賢存先生,39歲,於一九九七年畢業於吉林 工業大學,並於二零零五年獲得中國對外經 濟貿易大學行政人員工商管理碩士(EMBA)學 位。於一九九七年加入海爾集團,先後擔任海 爾空調中國區總經理及海爾多個區域中心總 經理等要職。累積十七年家電行業的市場企 劃和行銷管理經驗,在家電渠道的營運管理 方面更具有專業經驗,現擔任本集團海爾產 品總監,主要負責渠道綜合服務業務中的海 爾產品業務。

#### 公司秘書

**伍志賢先生**,47歲,於二零零九年三月十八日 加入本公司出任公司秘書。伍先生持有香港 中文大學工商管理學院工商管理學士學位, 亦為英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員、香 港會計師公會會員及英格蘭及威爾斯特許會 計師公會會員。彼於審計、財務及公司秘書方 面擁有逾二十四年之經驗。

## BUSINESS REVIEW 業務回顧







**Business Review** 

In 2012, the Group's core businesses generated significant value for our shareholders by achieving high-quality growth in overall revenue and profit. The Company's overall profitability continued to improve. Profit attributable to owners of the Company elevated to a new record level, surged by 20.4% year-on-year to RMB1.695 billion. Diluted earnings per share increased by 19.2% year-on-year to RMB66.18 cents.

During the year,

業務回顧

- the Group's revenue grew steadily despite tough industry environment. Revenue for 2012 grew by 11.0% year-on-year to RMB55.615 billion.
- segment result from the washing machine business increased by 23.3% year-on-year to RMB1.105 billion, segment result from the water heater business increased by 30.8% year-on-year to RMB500 million, and segment result from the integrated channel services business was RMB735 million, it increased by 12.6% year-on-year to RMB841 million when excluding the loss of RMB106 million incurred in respect of the joint venture established with Home Retail Group (UK).
- cash flow improved significantly. Net operating cash flow increased by 32.8% year-on-year to RMB1.74 billion, accounting for 102.7% of the net profit attributable to shareholders. Cash balance increased by 35.5% year-on-year to RMB5.368 billion.

During the year, the profit growth was attributable to the increased market share, improved operating margin of the white goods manufacturing business, as well as the steady growth of Haier brand products distribution and the rapid increase in third-party brand products distribution of the channel services business, which were driven by the significantly strengthened "last mile" service capability. 二零一二年,本集團主營業務取得了創紀錄 的業績表現,實現了整體收入的高質量增長 和利潤快速增長,為股東創造更高價值。公司 整體盈利能力持續提升,公司股東應佔溢利 再創新高,同比增長20.4%達人民幣16.95億 元,攤薄後每股收益同比上升19.2%,達到每 股人民幣66.18分。

在年內,

- 本集團收入在行業不景氣中依然實現顯 著增長,二零一二年營業收入同比增長 了11.0%達到人民幣556.15億元。
- 洗衣機業務之分類業績同比增長23.3% 達人民幣11.05億元,熱水器業務之分 類業績同比增長30.8%達人民幣5億元, 渠道綜合服務業務之分類業績為人民幣
  7.35億元,若剔除與英國家悦集團合資
  帶來的虧損人民幣1.06億元,則達人民
  幣8.41億元,同比增長12.6%。
- 現金流不斷優化。年內營運淨現金流為 人民幣17.4億元,同比增長32.8%,為股 東應佔淨利潤的102.7%,現金結餘同比 上升35.5%至人民幣53.68億元。

年內,利潤的增長動力一方面來源於白電製 造業務在擴大產品市場份額的同時提升了經 營利潤率;另一方面,渠道業務通過強化渠道 「最後一公里」服務能力,帶動海爾品牌的穩定 增長和第三方品牌業務總量的高速增長。

#### MARKET ENVIRONMENT OF THE HOME APPLIANCES INDUSTRY

In 2012, following a slowdown in China's economic growth and the gradual termination of several stimulus policies, including the "Rural Area Subsidized Electrical Appliance Purchase Policy" ("Rural Subsidy"), the retail sales of home appliances were weak and declined compared to that of last year. According to a market research report from China Market Monitor Co., LTD (the "China Market Monitor Report"), the monitored total retail sales from 846 cities and counties declined 6.6% year-on-year during the year. However, the overall demand of the home appliances market could be in better shape than what is stated in the above-mentioned figures, as more home appliance sales occurred online instead of in physical stores due to the increasing popularity of online and mobile shopping, but such rapid-growing sales may not have been included in the monitored sales.

New demand in the 1st and 2nd tier markets was temporarily suppressed due to the high home appliances penetration rate and the governmental control policy on real estate market. However, withstanding the headwind of the gradual phase out of the "Rural Subsidy", the following factors could still underpin home appliances sales in the 3rd and 4th tier markets over the next few years: (a) under-saturated penetration rate in rural areas; (b) China's continuous urbanization process; and (c) rising income level in the rural areas.

During the year, affected by factors such as uncertain European sovereign debt outlook and slow recovery of US economy, the worldwide export growth for home appliances was slower than 2011. However, the export growth for China's home appliances remained positive, largely attributable to the continued healthy demand from emerging markets and the Asia Pacific region, and the manufacturing competitiveness of Chinese home appliance producers.

#### 家電市場環境

二零一二年,受制於中國經濟增速放緩,「家 電下鄉」等多項刺激政策陸續退出,家電零售 疲軟並呈現同比下滑。據中怡康時代市場研 究(「中怡康」)對全國846個市縣的零售監測 數據統計顯示,年內監測零售總額同比下滑 6.6%。我們認為家電市場的整體需求未必如 上述數字表述那麽差,因為網上和手機購物 渠道的快速普及,令更多的家電消費從實體 店渠道轉移到線上渠道發生,而這一快速增 長的銷售額可能並未被納入監測數字中。

其中,在一、二級市場,因家電產品滲透率接 近飽和及房地產調控政策影響,新增需求受 到暫時壓制。儘管受到「家電下鄉」逐步退出的 影響,但是下列因素仍將在未來幾年內對三、 四級家電市場銷售提供持續支持:(a)家電產品 滲透率在經歷了前幾年的高速增長後仍未達 到飽和:(b)中國的城鎮化進程持續;及(c)鄉鎮 地區的收入增加。

年內,儘管家電出口增速因歐洲主權債務前 景不明、美國經濟緩慢復蘇等因素而比二零 一一年有所放緩,但一方面由於新興市場和 亞太地區等市場維持健康的需求,另一方面 由於中國家電製造行業在全球製造鏈中的競 爭優勢仍然明顯所致,中國家電出口仍然維 持正增長。

#### IMPACT OF GOVERNMENT POLICIES

In June 2012, the Chinese advernment introduced the new energy-saving subsidies for home appliance products to encourage consumption of energysaving home appliance products and stimulate industrial upgrade. The policy did not contribute significantly to home appliance sales in 2012 as the implementation of such rules will take time. However, due to the stricter requirements of this policy in terms of technological standards and manufacturers' scale, the gradual implementation of the policy and the government's efforts to further promote energy-efficiency, this policy will help to optimize the product composition of the industry, and the industry's market share will increasingly be concentrated in the hands of the leading companies with stronger R&D and innovation capabilities over time. With Haier's achievements in the research and development of energy-efficient technologies over years, the Group earned the highest number of bid-winning products among the washing machines manufacturers in the product promotion list under the "Energy-Saving Product Promotion Project" announced by the National Development and Reform Commission ("NDRC"), and had 30 models of water heater products won the bidding.

Having lasted for nearly five years, the "Rural Subsidy" expired in phases from November 2011 to January 2013. In order to mitigate the possible market impact caused by the expiration of such policy, the Group has adjusted its product mix since 2011, which included reducing categories of bid-winning products in the total sales and promptly launching new products to replace bid-winning products. This enabled the Group to capture the upgrade consumption and to boost its business development.

#### 政府政策影響

中國政府在二零一二年六月出台節能家電補 貼政策,以鼓勵節能家電的消費和促進產業 升級。儘管因政策細節落實需時,使得該補貼 在年內對家電消費並未有顯著推動,但是此 次節能補貼比過往的政策在技術標準和企業 准入門檻有更嚴格的要求,隨著政策將有此 逐漸落實,政府加強推動力度,該政策將有助 優化行業產品結構,及推動行業的整體製造、 渠道資源向擁有研發創新能力的龍頭企業靠 的成果在國家發展和改革委員會(「發改委」) 公佈的「節能產品惠民工程」高效產品推廣目 錄中得到認可,本集團在洗衣機生產企業中 獲得最多中標產品,並有30個型號的熱水器 產品中標。

歷時近五年的「家電下鄉」政策自二零一一年 十一月起至二零一三年一月止分批到期。為 抵消此政策到期帶來的市場調整,本集團自 二零一一年起開始調整產品組合,及早降低 家電下鄉中標產品在總銷售中的比例,並及 時推出新型號產品以替代中標產品,使得本 集團緊抓市場對升級換代產品的需求,進一 步推動業務發展。

#### SEGMENT STRATEGIES

#### Washing Machine Business

In 2012, Haier washing machine won the prizes of the "Top Brand" and the "Top Manufacturer" among global washing machines. According to the market survey regarding the global home appliances market conducted by Euromonitor in 2012, "Haier" brand washing machine ranked first in the world for the fourth consecutive year and held a global market share of 11.8% in terms of the single-brand sales volume, increased by 0.9% as compared to last year.

During the year, sales of the Group's washing machine business in the overseas markets amounted to RMB1.523 billion, representing a year-onyear increase of 10.1%. In the domestic market, the Group's washing machine continued to maintain its leading position and hold a market share of 31.2% in terms of sales volume, up by 4.2% year-on-year, according to China Market Monitor Report. In the domestic market, the sales of washing machines through the Group's self-developed channel accounted for 61% of its national sales.

During the year, the washing machine business recorded stable growth, and outperformed industry growth rate in both urban markets and rural markets. This was mainly due to the Group's market share gain from the superior products, well recognized brands and efficient sales channels. The Group consistently focused on product innovation to create new market demand in a mature market, and adopted a multi-brand strategy to meet the needs of various market segments. In addition, our Just-In-Time model alleviated customers' pressures on inventory and working capital, which was welcomed by distributors under this tough market environment.

The Group has always been keen on product innovation and focused on personalized customer demand. The Group enhanced its capability to develop new products through the integration of global leading supplier resources, and utilized the research and development capabilities of its five R&D centers located at China, Asia, Europe, Americas and Australia. During the year, the Group cooperated with leading international suppliers, such as Fisher & Paykel, and developed the Haier "Crystal" Series front-loading washing machines. The "Crystal" Series dominated the consumption trends with breakthrough in technological areas including quietness, cleaning and speed. Such series redefined market opportunity and allowed us to gain further market share.

#### 分部業務戰略

#### 洗衣機業務

二零一二年,海爾洗衣機同時榮獲了全球洗 衣機[第一品牌]和[第一製造商]兩項殊榮。根 據歐睿國際(Euromonitor)發佈的全球家用電器 市場調查結果顯示,二零一二年海爾洗衣機 連續四年蟬聯全球第一,按單品牌零售量統 計於全球市場之佔有率高達11.8%,較去年提 升了0.9個百分點。

年內,本集團洗衣機業務在海外市場的銷售 額達到人民幣15.23億元,同比增長10.1%。在 國內市場,本集團洗衣機繼續維持第一的市 場份額,據中怡康報告,本集團國內洗衣機按 量統計市場佔有率為31.2%,同比提升4.2個百 分點。其中,洗衣機通過本集團自有渠道銷售 的佔比已經達到國內洗衣機銷售額的61%。

年內,洗衣機業務穩健增長,在一、二級城鎮 及三、四級鄉鎮市場全部實現優於行業的增 長率。這主要歸功於集團借助產品、品牌和渠 道的優勢持續提升市場份額。集團堅持開發 創新產品,在成熟的市場重新定義市場空間, 並運營多品牌策略以滿足不同細分市場需 要。在渠道方面,集團一直堅持的即需即供模 式減低客戶庫存及運營資金壓力,在行業不 景氣環境下更受經銷商青睞。

集團一直堅持產品創新,以個性化用戶需求 為起點,整合供應鏈上游的全球一流供應商 資源,並充分利用於中國、亞洲、歐洲、美 洲和澳洲的五大開放式研發中心加大新品研 發。年內,聯合國際領先分供商(如斐雪帕克) 研發推出引領市場消費趨勢的的海爾「水晶」 系列滾筒洗衣機,實現靜音、潔淨、速洗等多 項技術領域的顛覆性突破,重新定義了市場 空間,在傳統成熟的洗衣機業務做到了市場 份額領先且領導行業規則。

#### SEGMENT STRATEGIES (Continued)

#### Washing Machine Business (Continued)

In order to meet the needs of various market segments, the Group tapped into markets using a multi-brand strategy. While maintaining the dominance of Haier brand, two sub-brands "Casarte" and "Leader" capture the consumption upgrade trend and the personalized customer demand during the age of the Internet. "Casarte" targets the high-end market to seize the opportunity from home appliance consumption upgrade in the 1st and 2nd tier markets. "Leader" brand, with its modular customization, provides customers with products without unwanted functions, and its largest consumer groups are young people and consumers from the 3rd and 4th tier markets, who favored of Leader's high performance to price ratio. During the year, sales volume from washing machines under the "Leader" brand recorded rapid growth, increased by 90% year-on-year.

The Group has long applied the Just-In-Time model that alleviated retail partners' pressures on inventory and working capital, which is especially welcomed by small and medium-sized dealers and retailers in the sluggish market environment with tight liquidity. Our customer loyalty thus has been increasing and our distribution network has been expanding.

As a result of adherence to investment in new technologies for years, the Group has made significant achievements in the research and development of energy-efficient technologies. The NDRC, Ministry of Industry and Information Technology ("MIIT") and Ministry of Finance ("MOF") jointly announced the washing machine energy-efficient product promotion catalog under the "Energy-Saving Product Promotion Project", in which, Haier's washing machine products, including top-loading automatic washing machines were all included in the promotion list. The Group gained the highest number of subsidized products and ranked No. 1 in the Energy Saving Leading Company List under the 2012 "Energy Star" Product Catalog announced by the MIIT, achieving a leading position in the "green consumption upgrade" and the industry transformation towards energy saving products.

#### 分部業務戰略(續)

#### 洗衣機業務(續)

為滿足不同細分市場的需求,集團以多品牌 策略切入市場,在持續發展原有海爾品牌的 同時推出「卡薩帝」和「統帥」兩個子品牌以抓 住消費升級潮流和互聯網時代個性化的用戶 需求。「卡薩帝」定位高端市場,抓緊一、二級 市場家電消費升級的機會。「統帥」品牌配合模 塊化定制,讓消費者免於為不需要的功能買 單,以其高性價比獲年輕的以及三、四級市場 消費者的青睞。年內,統帥洗衣機銷量獲得高 速增長,同比上升超過90%。

集團多年來堅持即需即供的運營模式以減低 客戶庫存及運營資金壓力,在市場需求不振、 資金流動性緊張的時候尤其受中小型經銷商 和零售商的歡迎,經銷商網絡繼續擴大,客戶 黏度不斷提升。

由於本集團多年對新技術的堅持投入,在高效節能技術研發上累積了豐碩的成果,在由 國家發展和改革委員會(「發改委」)、工業和信 息化部(「工信部」)及財政部聯合公佈的「節能 產品惠民工程」高效節能洗衣機推廣目錄中, 海爾洗衣機產品,包括波輪式全自動洗衣機、 波輪式雙桶洗衣機以及滾筒式洗衣機均全部 中標,成為中標產品最多的企業。並且榮登工 信部公佈的《「能效之星」產品目錄(二零一二 年)》「節能領袖榜」榜首,引領消費緣色升級和 產業節能轉型。

#### SEGMENT STRATEGIES (Continued)

#### Washing Machine Business (Continued)

Haier washing machines have gained global recognition thanks to its innovative design and advanced technologies. At the 2012 China Home Appliances Industry Summit Forum organized jointly by the Development Department of Information Resources of the State Information Center and China Household Electrical Appliances Association, Haier washing machine brand was selected as one of the Global Leading Washing Machine Brands of the year and awarded the Leading Inverter Technology for Washing Machines Award and Innovative Washing Machine Product Award. In Awards for Design Excellence organized by the USA Design Journal, Haier stood out from more than 1,500 competing products attributable to the perfect design of its Touch Sense High-Efficiency Washer and won the "Platinum Award". Haier was the only Chinese washing machine brand awarded with this prize.

#### Water Heater Business

The Group's water heater business continued to maintain a rapid growth during the year. According to data from the China Market Monitor Report, the Group's water heaters earned a domestic market share of 19.9% in terms of sales volume, continued to rank first in domestic market, of which, domestic market share of the Group's electric water heaters in terms of sales volume increased by 1.3% to 28.5% as compared to that of last year. We remained the leader of the industry. The market share of the Group's gas water heaters also increased to 7.9% in 2012, representing an increase of 0.3% as compared to 2011. During the year, 81.1% of Group's water heaters were sold through self-developed channel.

While maintaining a leading position in the electric water heater business, the Group builds broad product categories including gas, solar and heat pump water heaters, providing further momentum for business growth; of which, gas water heaters achieved rapid growth, with a sales volume increase of over 30% year-on-year. In order to enhance our water heater full-range service capabilities, the Group developed over 1,100 water heater exclusive stores as at the end of the period through a comprehensive layout nationwide, providing professional sales and services to our customers.

The Group attained a series of technological achievements in the water heater business through enhanced technological innovation and R&D. In 2012, the Group successfully developed energy efficient Haier integral airsource heat pump water heaters and Haier "Flame" Series gas water heaters, which won the "Product Innovation Award" and "Design Innovation Award" respectively at the 2012 IFA exhibition in Germany. It was the fourth time that Haier water heaters won awards at IFA exhibition, which fully demonstrated the capabilities of Haier water heaters producer, as a world expert of water heater solutions, in fulfilling consumers' needs with its creativity.

#### 分部業務戰略(續)

#### 洗衣機業務(續)

憑藉創新設計和領先技術,海爾洗衣機在國 內外備受認可。在由國家信息中心信息資源 開發部聯合中國家電網舉辦的二零一二中國 洗衣機行業高峰論壇中,當選年度全球洗衣 機產業領袖品牌,還獲得了「洗衣機變頻技術 引領獎」及「洗衣機科技創新產品獎」兩項大 獎。在美國《設計》雜誌主辦的傑出設計大獎賽 (Awards for Design Excellence)中,海爾憑藉觸感 高效洗衣機的完美設計在1,500多個參賽產品 中脱穎而出,榮獲「鉑金優勝獎」,是唯一獲得 該獎項的中國洗衣機品牌。

#### 熱水器業務

熱水器業務在今年繼續保持高速增長。據中 怡康報告數據顯示,本集團之熱水器按量而 計於國內市場佔有率達到19.9%,保持了國內 市場份額第一的地位。其中,電熱水器國內 市場佔有率按量而計同比提高1.3個百分點至 28.5%,繼續保持行業第一。燃氣熱水器市場 佔有率比二零一一年提高0.3個百分點至二零 一二年的7.9%。年內,熱水器通過本集團自 有渠道銷售的熱水器佔總體熱水器銷售額的 81.1%。

集團一方面保持在電熱水器板塊的領先地 位,另一方面大力發展新品類如燃氣、太陽能 及熱泵熱水器等,為業務增長提供更多動力。 其中,燃氣熱水器實現高速增長,銷量同比提 升超過30%。為了提高熱水器全流程的服務解 決能力,截至期末本集團在全國範圍全方位 佈局共發展了一千一百多家熱水器專營渠道 門店,為用戶提供專業品類的銷售和服務。

通過加強技術創新研發能力,本集團熱水器 業務取得一系列豐富的技術成果。二零一二 年,本集團成功研發了高效節能的海爾一體 式空氣源熱泵和海爾聖火系列燃氣熱水器, 分別榮獲二零一二年德國消費電子博覽會(IFA) 「產品創新獎」及「設計創新獎」。此次為海爾熱 水器在IFA展會第四次獲獎,充分顯示出海爾 熱水器作為全球熱水器解決方案專家對消費 者需求的把握和創造能力。

#### SEGMENT STRATEGIES (Continued)

#### Water Heater Business (Continued)

Based on studies on customers' needs, Haier launched upgraded water heaters solutions which could enhance energy efficiency of home appliances and accelerate the pace of energy saving and emission reduction in the home appliance industry. In the promotion list of energy efficient water heaters under the "Energy-Saving Product Promotion Project" announced by NDRC, 30 models of Haier's water heater products won the bidding. In "2011 Leader List of Energy-saving Product Enterprises of China" issued by Energy Efficiency Label Management Center of China National Institute of Standardization in May 2012, Haier Group ranked first in the "List of Energy-Saving Product Enterprises in China" and won the first 8 seats in the ranking list of water heaters.

#### Integrated Channel Services Business

In 2012, the Group's integrated channel services business centered on competitive strength of "Integrating the Four Networks", which consisted of distribution network, logistics network, services network and virtual network, providing customers with end to end integrated solutions. During the year, in addition to deepening penetration of its channel networks, the Group improved operating efficiency of its own channel, which was critical for the continuous healthy growth of Haier brand products and expansion of non-Haier products distribution business.

#### **Distribution Unit**

In 2012, the Group advanced the information management system and strengthened existing brand's distribution management, which resulted in improving operating performance of its existing nationwide brands. The coverage of the Group's franchise network continued to expand and deepened its penetration into towns and villages. By the end of 2012, the Group had over 8,000 Haier Exclusive Stores and over 800 Goodaymart stores selling multi-brands home appliance at the county level and over 30,000 sales points nationwide.

The Group installed E-Store system in town-level Haier Exclusive Stores to help them advancing information management and keeping track of procurement, sales and inventory; established store operating manual on Delicacy Store Management for franchisees to enhance the store image, brand recognition and customers' shopping experience; provided staff training to franchisees to improve performance of store managers and salespersons. The information management and Delicacy Store Management have helped franchisees to improve operating efficiency and better manage their inventory, which in return increase loyalty of the Group's customers.

#### 分部業務戰略(續)

#### 熱水器業務(續)

在深挖用戶需求的基礎上,海爾熱水器推出 更新換代解決方案,不僅提高家電能效水平, 加快家電業完成節能減排任務的步伐。在由 發改委公佈的「節能產品惠民工程」高效節能 熱水器推廣目錄中,海爾熱水器中標30個型 號。在中國標準化究院的能效標識管理中心 於二零一二年五月公佈的「二零一一年中國節 能產品企業領袖榜」中,海爾集團位列「中國節 能產品企業榜」榜首,並獨佔了熱水器排行榜 前八個席位。

#### 渠道綜合服務業務

二零一二年,本集團渠道綜合服務業務緊緊 圍繞分銷網絡、物流網絡、服務網絡和虛擬網 絡相結合的「四網融合」戰略,為用戶及客戶提 供全流程一體化的解決方案。年內,本集團在 深化渠道佈局的基礎上,不斷提升自有渠道 的運營水平,在幫助海爾品牌穩定增長的同 時,擴張非海爾業務所需的平台能力。

#### 分銷單元

在分銷網絡已基本覆蓋全國的基礎上,本集 團加強對已有品牌的經營管理,推進信息化 進程,提升了品牌管理質量。營銷網絡加盟網 點的覆蓋面繼續擴大並向鄉鎮級深入,截至 期末,集團於縣級市場擁有海爾專門店超過 八千家以及售賣多品牌家電的日日順加盟店 逾八百家;全國專賣網點總數超過三萬家。

本集團以海爾專賣店體系為切入點,通過在 縣級網點門店鋪設E-Store系統幫助加盟店對 進、銷、存進行信息化的管理和跟蹤:通過為 加盟商製作標準化的經營手冊,提升門店的 形象和品牌認知度,提升了顧客的購物體驗; 通過為加盟商培訓職業經理人和優秀銷售人 員,為加盟商解決人才的短板。通過信息系統 的鋪設和標準化管理的輸出,為加盟客戶提 升了運營效率、降低了渠道庫存壓力,增加了 客戶黏度。
#### SEGMENT STRATEGIES (Continued)

#### **Distribution Unit (Continued)**

During the year, the Group piloted Delicacy Store Management Program in Zhengzhou. Well-trained supervisors were sent to the stores to ensure smooth implementation of the program, which help improve sales performance of the stores. During the year, the average sales of the 17 stores participated in this pilot program has increased by more than 30% year-on-year.

At the end of 2012, there were close to 2,400 Goodaymart stores which mainly sold third party brands, an increase of 20% compared to the beginning of the year. The Group introduced more third party brands with good potential and provided more comprehensive services to our business partner. The Group entered into master distribution agreements with a number of small home appliance suppliers to introduce more home appliance categories and enrich brands portfolio. The Group also entered into "Turn-Key" services agreement with third party brands to provide more value-added services, including product customization, marketing, distribution and services, to enhance the loyalty of the brands. Furthermore, with "direct-delivery–to-town" model, the Group strengthened its control over franchise network terminal.

#### **Logistics Unit**

During the year, the Group developed its "direct-delivery-to-town" capability to cover 30% town level markets through consolidation of warehouse resources at the town level, systematic design of delivery routes and optimization of delivery routes for returning defective products. Such services reduced distribution layers, as well as logistics cost and inventory risk for our customers. The Group also installed GPS devices to monitor the entire delivery process. With enhanced delivery scheduling capability which includes better inventory management and effective back-end IT system support, the group improved both scheduled and on-time delivery services. With its efficient B2B and B2C delivery and logistic solution services capabilities, the Group has attracted various third party customers including, leading home appliance brands, furniture brands and online retailer platforms. Haier's delivery services for Tmall customers are highly regarded as it is 45% faster than industry average. Haier was also selected as the Best Partner in 2012 by Amazon China.

## 分部業務戰略(續)

#### 分銷單元(續)

年內,本集團在鄭州地區進行精細化管理督 導的試點。在加盟網點內派駐經集團培訓的 業務人員,對各門店的精細化的進程進行全 程的跟蹤和指導,以幫助客戶提高銷售收入。 年內參與督導項目的門店有17家,參加督導 項目後平均單店銷售同比增幅達到30%以上。

截至期末,主營第三方品牌的日日順加盟店 接近2,400家,較期初增長20%。本集團積極 拓展第三方品牌家電產品,實現了數量與質 量的同步提升。本集團與多名小家電供貨商 訂立總分銷協議,將更多家電品類引入分銷 渠道中,豐富採購品牌。並通過與第三方品牌 簽訂品牌總包協議,為其提供更多增值服務, 增強渠道對品牌黏度。此外,憑藉著直營到鎮 的網絡體系及網絡分級管理模式,本集團成 功強化了加盟網絡的終端掌控力。

#### 物流單元

於年內,本集團通過整合鄉鎮級的倉儲資源、 系統化設計配送路線,以及優化不良品的返 程物流的配送路線,實現全國30%的地區物 流直接配送到鄉鎮級客戶。該等服務使渠道 佈局更加扁平化,降低了客戶的物流成本及 存貨風險。本集團亦通過安裝GPS設備,使配 送過程全程可視。本集團通過提升配送行程 安排的能力,包括更好的存貨管理及有效的 後端IT系統支持,改進限時送達及按約配送服 務。憑藉高效的B2B及B2C配送及物流解決方 案服務能力,本集團已吸引多家第三方客戶, 包括領先家電品牌、家具品牌和網上零售平 臺。海爾為天貓客戶提供的配送服務因速度 高出行業平均水平45%而受到高度好評。此 外,海爾亦被亞馬遜中國評為「2012年最佳合 作夥伴」。

#### SEGMENT STRATEGIES (Continued)

#### After-sale Service Unit

The Group further developed its service networks, and the number of aftersale service providers nationwide has exceeded 15,000 by the end of 2012. Haier's services are ranked the first on varies online retailing platform with a "Excellent" rating for 98.76% transactions, far exceeding industry average. The Group continued to expand its third party customer portfolio and provided comprehensive range of services, including feedback on product quality, customer sampling, installation and repair and maintenance to 13 external home appliance manufacturers. Haier's after-sale services awarded the first place in the "Customer Satisfaction Evaluation in China" conducted by China National Institute of Standardization for the eighth consecutive year, and was one of the first batch enterprises to receive "Five-star After-sale Services" certificate issued by China General Chamber of Commerce.

#### **E-commerce Unit**

During the year, ehaier.com took leadership role in providing integrated delivery and installation services among the home appliance online retail players. At present, ehaier.com has covered 2,558 districts and counties nationwide, among which more than 1,000 districts and counties have realized delivery within 24 hours. Moreover, Haier flagship store operated by e-Haier Team at tmall.com has become the best-selling home appliance brand at tmall.com.

To increase sales on online channels by product customization is a strategic focus of the Group. In September 2012, the Group launched a TV customization campaign at tmall.com. At the initial customer interaction section, 1,000,000 interested online buyers voted to determine functional characteristics of the TV sets, including the size, frame, clarity, energy consumption, color and interface within 8 days. The Group then arranged order and production based on the voting results. Finally, 10,000 customized LCD TVs of 3 different models were sold out in only 2 days.

In November 2011, we set up a joint venture with Home Retail Group (UK) to develop multi-channel retail business in China. The joint venture was established to develop our general merchandise distribution capability especially through online channel, by leveraging on the experience of the joint venture partner in multi-channel retail management. In early 2013, due to adjustment of strategic focus of the joint venture partner and after the detailed evaluation on the competition landscape of E-commerce in China, we have decided to terminate the joint venture, and we believe that such decision is beneficial to the interests of the shareholders as a whole. After the termination of the joint venture, we remain optimistic to the outlook of multi-channel retail business, particularly the Internet channel. We will strengthen investment in future, and remain committed to develop our core competitive capability on logistics and distribution, installation and services to support our online sales.

#### 分部業務戰略(續)

#### 售後服務單元

本集團繼續加強服務網絡建設,截至二零一 二年底,在全國範圍內擁有超過一萬五千家 服務提供商。海爾服務在多家網上購物平臺 上評級居行業首位,好評率達到98.76%,遙遙 領先於行業平均水平。本集團繼續擴大其第 三方客戶群並為13個外部品牌家電廠商提供 品質信息反饋、客戶出樣、用戶安裝、維修等 全流程服務。海爾售後服務連續八年獲得由 中國標準化研究院發佈的「中國顧客滿意度測 評」第一名,並被中國商業聯合會評為第一批 獲得「五星級售後」服務的認證企業。

#### 電子商務單元

年內,海爾電子商城(ehaier.com)在家電渠道服務行業中率先支持送裝同步服務,目前海爾電子商城已覆蓋全國2,558個區縣,其中超過1,000個區縣實現24小時限時送達。此外,由海爾商城團隊運營的海爾天猫旗艦店平台,更成為天猫電器第一品牌。

透過產品定制等手段提升在互聯網等新興渠 道的銷售是集團的戰略重點之一。於二零一 二年九月,集團在天猫網上就發起了一次電 視機定制活動,定制階段由一百萬網友在八 天內投票決定電視機的尺寸、邊框、清晰度、 能耗、色彩、接口等功能特點。集團根據投票 結果安排生產及預售,最終三種型號,一萬台 定制液晶電視在兩天內即告售罄。

二零一一年十一月,我們和英國家悦集團設 立了合資公司發展中國多渠道零售業務,設 立合資公司的目的是利用合資夥伴在多渠道 零售管理的經驗,提升我們在互聯網渠道進 行多品類銷售的服務能力。二零一三年初,由 於合資夥伴戰略重心調整,及詳細評估中國 互聯網電子商務競爭格局,我們認為現階段 終止該合資業務對股東整體利益有利。該合 資公司解散後,我們對多渠道零售業務特別 是互聯網渠道的前景仍然看好,未來會強化 投資,現階段則重點打造支持網上銷售的物 流配送、安裝、服務等核心競爭能力。 The Group achieved substantial financial performance in 2012. For the year ended 31 December 2012, the Group's revenue amounted to RMB55,615,047,000 representing an increase of 11.0% as compared to RMB50,089,857,000 (restated) in 2011. The profit attributable to owners of the Company was RMB1,695,122,000, representing an increase of 20.4% from RMB1,407,458,000 (restated) in 2011. The basic earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company was RMB70.73 cents, representing an increase of 15.6% from RMB61.19 cents (restated) in 2011.

二零一二年本集團取得可觀的業績,截 至十二月三十一日,年內收入達人民幣 55,615,047,000元,較二零一一年之人民幣 50,089,857,000元(重列)增長了11.0%。實現本 公司股東應佔溢利為人民幣1,695,122,000元, 較二零一一年之人民幣1,407,458,000元(重列) 增長了20.4%。而本公司普通股股東應佔每股 盈利(基本)為人民幣70.73分,較去年的人民 幣61.19分(重列)上升15.6%。

**Financial Review** 

財務回顧

## 1. ANALYSIS OF REVENUE AND PROFIT

## 1. 收入及溢利分析

Items	項目	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)	Change% 變動%
Revenue	14-1			
Washing machine business	<b>收入</b> 洗衣機業務	13,277,283	12,214,870	+8.7%
Water heater business	熱水器業務	4,489,460	3,828,303	+17.3%
Integrated channel services	渠道綜合服務業務	.,,	-,	
business		50,768,583	45,377,390	+11.9%
Inter-segment elimination	內部抵銷	(12,920,279)	(11,330,706)	+14.0%
Consolidated revenue	合併收入	55,615,047	50,089,857	+11.0%
EBITDA	EBITDA	2,384,332	1,950,345	+22.3%
Profit attributable to owners of the	本公司股東應佔溢利	1,695,122	1,407,458	+20.4%
Company Earnings per share attributable to	本公司普通股股東應佔	1,095,122	1,407,430	+20.4%
ordinary equity holders of the	每股盈利			
Company				
· •		RMB人民幣	RMB人民幣	
Basic	基本	70.73 cents分	61.19 cents分	+15.6%
Diluted	攤薄	RMB人民幣 66.18 cents分	RMB人民幣 55.50 cents分	+19.2%

## 1. ANALYSIS OF REVENUE AND PROFIT (Continued)

During the year, the increase of revenue was partly due to the stable growth of the washing machine business and the rapid growth of the water heater business of the Group. Revenue from the washing machine business amounted to RMB13,277,283,000 in 2012, representing an increase of 8.7% as compared to RMB12,214,870,000 in 2011. The revenue from the water heater business amounted to RMB4,489,460,000 in 2012, representing an increase of 17.3% as compared to RMB3,828,303,000 in 2011. The fast revenue growth in the water heater business was mainly attributable to the Group's continuous product and technological innovation, as well as alliance with the Group's channel department to vigorously develop the specialized water heater sales network for capturing new demand growth in the 1st and 2nd tier markets and meeting rapid growth demand in the 3rd and 4th tier markets.

On the other hand, the integrated channel services business was a major driver of the Group's revenue growth, and its stable growth in 2012 also made a substantial contribution to the revenue of the Group during the year. The revenue for the integrated channel services business in 2012 amounted to RMB50,768,583,000, representing an increase of 11.9% as compared to RMB45,377,390,000 (restated) in 2011, boosting the Group's total revenue.

The revenue increase in the integrated channel services business was, on one hand, primarily derived from the Group's deep understanding of the rural home appliance market in China, its unique business model that integrates virtual and physical networks and its Just-in-Time model that meets our customers' needs with greater, faster, better and more economical services. On the other hand, despite the current economic downturn, the revenue increase was also partly attributable to the continued increase of market share achieved by leveraging on its brand's strength, as well as innovative and differentiated products. In 2012, the Group's after-sale service and e-Haier businesses made contributions to the integrated channel services business, generating a revenue of RMB1,055,891,000, representing an increase of 154.8% as compared to RMB414,420,000 in 2011 (note: the after-sale service business commenced revenue contribution in the 2nd quarter of 2011).

## 1. 收入及溢利分析(續)

年內收入的增加一方面是由於本集團 洗衣機業務的穩定增長以及熱水器 業務的快速增長。二零一二年,本集 團洗衣機業務實現收入達到人民幣 13,277,283,000元,較二零一一年之收 入人民幣12,214,870,000元增長8.7%。 熱水器業務收入由二零一一年的人民幣 3,828,303,000元上升至二零一二年之人 民幣4,489,460,000元,增幅為17.3%。熱 水器業務收入快速增長主要得益於本集 團渠道部門大力發展熱水器專銷網絡, 開發一、二級市場之新增性需求及滿足 三、四級市場之快速增長。

另一方面,渠道綜合服務業務是本集團 收入的主要組成部分,其於二零一二年 的穩定增長為本集團年內收入亦做出了 巨大貢獻。二零一二年渠道綜合服務業 務實現收入為人民幣50,768,583,000元, 相較二零一一年的人民幣45,377,390,000 元(重列),增長了11.9%,從而拉動本集 團之總收入。

渠道綜合服務業務的收入增長一方面 得益於本集團對中國鄉鎮家電市場的 深入瞭解和其獨特的虛實融合、即需即 供的業務模式,滿足客戶多、快、好、 省的需要。另一方面,本集團憑著品牌 優勢和創新、差異化的產品優勢在行業 不景氣中持續提升市場份額。本集團的 售後服務業務和海爾商城業務於二零一 二年為渠道綜合服務貢獻了收入人民幣 1,055,891,000元,較二零一一年的人民 幣414,420,000元增長了154.8%(註: 售 後服務業務自二零一一年第二季度開始 實現收入)。

#### 1. ANALYSIS OF REVENUE AND PROFIT (Continued)

#### Profit attributable to owners of the Company

In 2012, the profit attributable to owners of the Company was RMB1,695,122,000, representing an increase of 20.4% from RMB1,407,458,000 (restated) in 2011. The basic earnings per share attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company was RMB70.73 cents in 2012, representing an increase of 15.6% from RMB61.19 cents (restated) in 2011. In 2012, the Group's EBITDA (earning before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation) was RMB2,384,332,000, representing an increase of 22.3% from RMB1,950,345,000 (restated) in 2011.

#### **Gross Profit Margins**

In 2012, the Group's gross profit margin of the washing machine business was 27.8%, flat with 2011. Gross profit margin of the water heater business was 43.0%, representing an increase of 1.1% from 41.9% in 2011. Through adopting a modular approach to improve production efficiency, strengthening research and development of differentiated and high-end products to enhance our product mix, the Group was able to offset the pressure from increased labor costs and other expenses, and the overall gross profit margins increased.

In 2012, the Group's gross profit margin of the integrated channel services business was 8.2%, representing an increase of 0.9% from 7.3% in 2011. It was mainly due to the increase in distribution business's gross profit margin from 6.8% in 2011 to 7.7% in 2012. In addition, the gross profit margin of the logistics business increased slightly from 7.6% in 2011 to 7.7% in 2012. The gross profit margin expansion for the integrated channel services business was mainly because the Group strengthened its sales function in the 3rd and 4th tier markets, and undertook more marketing and promotion initiatives, which correspondingly led to an increase in the selling and administrative expense ratio.

In 2012, the gross profit margin of the integrated channel services business increased by 0.9%. The total expense ratio of the integrated channel services business increased by 1.1%, which was slightly higher than that of the gross profit margin and mainly due to the loss of RMB106,081,000 in 2012 (2011: nil) incurred in respect of the joint venture established by the Group and Home Retail Group (UK), which has directly led to an increase of 0.2% in total expense ratio of the integrated channel services business. After excluding the impact of such loss, the net profit margin of the integrated channel services business was flat with last year.

## 1. 收入及溢利分析(續)

#### 本公司股東應佔溢利

二零一二年本公司股東應佔溢利為人 民幣1,695,122,000元,較二零一一年 之人民幣1,407,458,000元(重列)增長 了20.4%。二零一二年本公司普通股股 東應佔每股盈利(基本)為人民幣70.73 分,較二零一一年之人民幣61.19分 (重列)上升15.6%。本集團二零一二年 EBITDA(息税折舊攤銷前溢利)為人民幣 2,384,332,000元,較二零一一年之人民 幣1,950,345,000元(重列)增長22.3%。

#### 毛利率

二零一二年,本集團洗衣機業務的毛利 率為27.8%,與二零一一年持平;熱水器 業務之毛利率為43.0%,相比二零一一 年的41.9%上升1.1%。本集團通過不斷 推進模塊化策略與提升生產效率、加大 差異化和高端化產品的研發等策略改善 產品結構,抵消了人工成本和其他費用 上漲帶來的壓力,使得整體毛利率獲得 提升。

二零一二年本集團渠道綜合服務業務 整體毛利率為8.2%,相比二零一一年的 7.3%提升了0.9%,主要因為分銷業務的 毛利率由二零一一年的6.8%提升至二 零一二年的7.7%。另外,物流業務的毛 利率由二零一一年的7.6%微升至二零一 二年的7.7%。渠道毛利率的上升主要因 為本集團增強了三、四級市場的銷售職 能,承擔了更多營銷推廣工作,此舉也 相應令銷售及管理費用率有所提高。

在二零一二年,渠道綜合服務業務毛利 率的增長為0.9%,而渠道綜合服務業務 的總費用率增長1.1%,其費用率增幅略 高於毛利率增幅,主要是因為二零一二 年本集團與英國家悦集團成立的合資公 司之虧損人民幣106,081,000元(二零一 一年:零),直接影響渠道綜合服務業 務整體費用率上升0.2%。扣除該影響, 渠道綜合服務業務的淨利潤率和去年持 平。

## Financial Review (continued) 財務回顧(續)

#### ANALYSIS OF REVENUE AND PROFIT (Continued) 1. 收入及溢利分析(續) 1.

#### Gross Profit Margins (Continued)

The Group's overall gross profit margin increased to 16.1% in 2012 from 15.0% in 2011 due to the increase in the gross profit margins of the water heater business and the integrated channel services business.

#### Selling and Distribution Expenses

In 2012, the ratio of selling and distribution expenses of the Group's washing machine and water heater businesses to its segment revenue declined to 17.2% from 18.9% in 2011, which was mainly attributable to the enhanced efficiency of selling and marketing spending, as well as the decline in the after-sale costs for the year as a result of the improved quality of washing machines and water heaters.

The ratio of selling and distribution expenses of the integrated channel services business to its segment revenue was 4.7%, representing an increase of 0.7% from 4.0% in 2011. The selling and distribution expenses mainly arose from brand promotion and product promotion expenses incurred by the integrated channel services business. The compensations for sales staff and other selling and distribution expenses increased as a result of the increased marketing activities during the year to expand the Group's market share.

#### Administrative Expenses

During the year, the ratio of administrative expenses of the Group's washing machine and water heater businesses to its segment revenue was 5.8%, representing an increase of 1.2% from 4.6% in 2011, which was mainly due to the newly imposed taxes on waste home appliances and higher research and development costs incurred during the year. In 2012, the Group strengthened its research and development efforts and made significant investments in the development of product features, enhancement of product functions and efficiency.

The ratio of administrative expenses of the integrated channel services business to its segment revenue was 2.0%, representing an increase of 0.3% from 1.7% in 2011, which was mainly due to the administration and liquidation expenses incurred during the year by the joint venture established by the Group and Home Retail Group (UK).

#### 毛利率(續)

熱水器和渠道綜合服務業務整體毛利 率之上升,帶動本集團整體毛利率由二 零一一年之15.0%上升至二零一二年之 16.1% •

#### 銷售費用

二零一二年,本集團洗衣機與熱水器業 務之銷售費用佔該業務分類收入比例從 二零一一年的18.9%下降到17.2%,比例 下降主要由於本年市場營銷費用的效率 提升;此外,由於洗衣機和熱水器的產 品質量的提升,售後費用本年有所下降。

渠道綜合服務業務的銷售費用佔該業務 收入比率為4.7%,較二零一一年的4.0% 提升了0.7%,銷售費用主要用於渠道綜 合服務之品牌推廣成本及產品促銷。為 了提升市場份額,集團於年內增多了市 場促銷活動,從而增加了銷售人員的薪 酬和其他銷售費用。

#### 管理費用

年內洗衣機及熱水器業務的管理費用佔 該業務收入比率為5.8%,較二零一一年 的4.6%提升了1.2%,主要是因為本年 度新增的廢舊家電税金和研發費用的增 長。本集團在二零一二年加大了研發力 度,在產品功能開發、效果提升和效率 提高方面進行了較大的投入。

渠道綜合服務業務方面,管理費用佔該 業務收入的2.0%,較二零一一年的1.7% 提升了0.3%,該增長主要為本集團與英 國家悦集團成立的合資公司於本年度的 管理和清算費用。

### 2. FINANCIAL POSITION

#### 2. 财務狀況

		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
Items	項目		
Non-current assets	非流動資產	2,172,657	1,739,795
Current assets	流動資產	16,040,609	12,615,810
Current liabilities	流動負債	10,921,309	8,989,175
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	1,451,729	1,060,629
Net assets	資產淨值	5,840,228	4,305,801

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

In 2012, the Group maintained a healthy financial position. The cash and cash equivalents balance increased by 35.5% to RMB5,368,308,000 from RMB3,961,781,000 (restated) as at 31 December 2011. The increase was mainly attributable to the growth in net cash flows from operating activities during the year, representing an increase of 32.8% as compared to the same period of last year.

#### Net Assets

In 2012, the Group's net assets increased by 35.6% to RMB5,840,228,000 as at 31 December 2012 from RMB4,305,801,000 (restated) as at 31 December 2011.

#### Working Capital

#### Trade and Bills Receivables Turnover Days

The trade and bills receivables turnover days of the Group's washing machine and water heater businesses was 107 days at the end of 2012, among which, the trade receivables turnover days was 16 days, representing a decrease of 3 days as compared with last year. The proportion of bills receivables of the Group's washing machine and water heater businesses to its total trade and bills receivables was 85.2% (31 December 2011: 77.1%), which was mainly bank's acceptance bills with minimal risk of default.

#### 現金及現金等值項目

二零一二年本集團保持了良好的財務 狀況,現金及現金等值項目結餘從二 零一一年十二月三十一日之人民幣 3,961,781,000元(重列)上升35.5%至人 民幣5,368,308,000元。本次增長主要得 益於年內經營活動淨現金流的提升,同 比增長32.8%。

#### 資產淨值

二零一二年本集團之資產淨值從二 零一一年十二月三十一日之人民幣 4,305,801,000元(重列),增加了35.6% 至二零一二年十二月三十一日之人民幣 5,840,228,000元。

#### 營運資金

#### 應收賬款及票據周轉天數

本集團洗衣機及熱水器業務於二零一二 年年末的應收賬款及票據周轉天數為 107天。其中,應收賬款周轉天數為16 天,同比下降3天。本集團洗衣機及熱水 器業務之應收票據金額佔其應收賬款及 票據總額的比例為85.2%(二零一一年十 二月三十一日:77.1%),主要為銀行承 兑匯票,其違責風險甚微。

## Financial Review (continued) 財務回顧(續)

#### 2. FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

#### Working Capital (Continued)

#### Trade and Bills Receivables Turnover Days (Continued)

In the integrated channel services business, the majority of customers in the 3rd and 4th tier markets are relatively small customers, and the sales are generally under a payment term of cash on delivery. Our business model aims at reducing the customers' working capital requirements and facilitating the cash-settled payment method. As a result, the trade and bills receivables turnover days in 2012 decreased to 12 days from 15 days (restated) at the end of 2011. The trade receivables turnover days increased slightly from 5 days (restated) at the end of 2011 to 8 days, which is competitive in the industry.

#### Inventory Turnover Days

Under the Group's JIT policy, the Group has implemented a series of measurements including rolling order forecasts, made-to-order and procured-to-order productions, which help to maintain a relatively low inventory level. The Group's inventory turnover days of washing machine and water heater businesses was 23 days at the end of 2012, representing an increase of 5 days as compared to the end of 2011. The increase was mainly attributable to special purchases for the Spring Festival.

In 2012, inventory turnover days of the Group's integrated channel services business was 15 days, which was mainly attributable to the enhanced efficiency of transportation, distribution and transit. The inventory turnover days are competitive in the industry, which has greatly improved the cash flow arising from operating activities of the integrated channel services business.

#### Trade Payables Turnover Days

The trade payables turnover days of the Group's washing machine and water heater businesses was 23 days at the end of 2012.

The trade payables turnover days of the integrated channel services business was 14 days, which maintains a relatively lower level.

## 2. 財務狀況(續)

營運資金(續)

#### 應收賬款及票據周轉天數(續)

本集團渠道綜合服務業務於三、四級市 場的客戶多為小型客戶,收款方式主要 為現款現貨,目的體現集團勤進快銷商 業模式,加快客戶的資金周轉效率。故 二零一二年其應收賬款及票據周轉天數 由二零一一年年末之15天(重列)下降為 12天,應收賬款周轉天數由二零一一年 年末之5天(重列)微升為8天,頗具行業 競爭力。

#### 存貨周轉天數

本集團在「庫存最優化目標下的即需即 供」策略下,實施了滾動定單預測、按 單生產、按單採購等一系列改革措施從 而保持較低的庫存。洗衣機及熱水器業 務二零一二年年末的庫存周轉天數為23 天,較二零一一年年末提升5天,主要為 春節備貨所致。

本集團二零一二年渠道綜合服務業務的 庫存周轉天數為15天,主要是運輸、配 送中轉效率提高所致,庫存周轉天數在 同行業內處於領先水平,有效提升了渠 道綜合服務業務的經營活動現金流轉。

#### 應付賬款周轉天數

本集團洗衣機及熱水器業務二零一二年 年末的應付賬款周轉天數為23天。

渠道綜合服務業務的應付賬款周轉天數 為14天,保持在較低水平。

## 3. CASH FLOW ANALYSIS

## 3. 現金使用分析

		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
Items	項目		
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動之現金流量淨額	1,740,167	1,310,034
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動之現金流量淨額	(649,083)	(251,337)
Net cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量淨額	114,925	356,182
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目之增加淨額	1,206,009	1,414,879

The Group's net cash inflow from operating activities increased by 32.8% in 2012 as compared with 2011, which was mainly due to the cash flow contribution and continuous profit from the principal operations. Net cash outflow from investing activities increased by 158.3% compared to 2011, what was mainly consisting of the construction of additional logistics warehouse and purchase of plant and equipment for capacity expansion.

Net cash inflow from financing activities for the year decreased by 67.7% over 2011, which mainly included inflows upon exercise of warrants and share options (RMB82,948,000), investment from minority shareholders (RMB35,926,000), payment of interest of convertible bonds (RMB35,188,000) as well as new loans (RMB107,565,000).

二零一二年本集團經營活動之現金流入 淨額較二零一一年上升32.8%,主要由 於主營業務帶來的現金流貢獻及持續盈 利所致。投資活動之現金流出淨額較二 零一一年增加158.3%,主要由加設物流 自建倉、產業購建廠房及設備以擴充產 能所組成。

本 年 融 資 活 動 之 現 金 流 入 淨 額 較 二 零 一 一 年 減 少 67.7%, 主 要 包 括 行 使 認 股 權 證 及 購 股 權 之 收 款(人 民 幣 82,948,000元)、少數 股 東 投 入(人 民 幣 35,926,000元)、支付可換股債券利息(人 民 幣 35,188,000元)及新 増 借 款(人 民 幣 107,565,000元)。

## Financial Review (continued) 財務回顧(續)

### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group focuses on cash flow management and has been able to maintain a healthy financial and liquidity position. The Group recorded a current ratio of 146.9% as at 31 December 2012, representing an increase of 6.6% as compared to the 140.3% (restated) in 2011. As at 31 December 2012, the Group's cash and cash equivalents balance amounted to RMB5,368,308,000 (31 December 2011: RMB3,961,781,000 (restated)). The amount of bank and other borrowings, shareholder's borrowings and the liability component of convertible bonds were RMB39,800,000, RMB59,537,000 and RMB699,643,000 (31 December 2011: RMB25,000,000, nil and RMB669,849,000) respectively. As a result, the Group's net cash balance (cash and cash equivalents balance, net bank and other borrowings, shareholder's borrowings and the liability component of convertible bonds) as at 31 December 2012 amounted to RMB4,569,328,000 (31 December 2011: RMB3,266,932,000 (restated)), representing an increase of 39.9% over last year.

The Group will maintain significant operating cash flows and sources of liquidity in 2013 that are adequate to meet its working capital requirements, and for the distribution channel network expansion and construction of the logistics network, and maintain financial flexibility for any significant investment opportunities.

### **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE**

The Company assesses its capital expenditure and investments in the businesses of the washing machine, water heater and integrated channel services from time to time. The capital expenditure during the year was RMB476,587,000, which was mainly used for the investments in developing the integrated channel services business, including the construction of warehouse projects, as well as factory equipment modifications for washing machines and water heaters.

#### **GEARING RATIO**

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's gearing ratio (defined as total borrowings (including the liability component of convertible bonds) over net assets) was 13.7% (31 December 2011: 16.1% (restated)).

## 流動資金及財務資源

本集團著重現金流管理,且財政及流動資金 狀況穩健,於二零一二年十二月三十一日之 流動比率為146.9%,較二零一一年的140.3% (重列) 上升6.6%。本集團於二零一二年十二 月三十一日之現金及現金等值項目結餘為人 民幣5.368.308.000元(二零一一年十二月三十 一日:人民幣3,961,781,000元(重列)),銀行 及其他借貸為人民幣39,800,000元(二零一一 年十二月三十一日:人民幣25,000,000元),股 東借款人民幣59,537,000元(二零一一年十二 月三十一日人民幣:零),可換股債券負債部 份為人民幣699,643,000元(二零一一年十二月 三十一日:人民幣669,849,000元),故此於二 零一二年十二月三十一日本集團之現金結餘 淨額(現金及現金等值項目結餘減銀行及其他 借貸、股東借款及可換股債券負債部份)為人 民幣4,569,328,000元(二零一一年十二月三十 一日:人民幣3,266,932,000元(重列)),較去 年增長39.9%。

本集團將在二零一三年運營活動中繼續維持 強勁、穩定之流動資金用以確保未來一年運 營資金需求,及用以渠道分銷網絡的拓展以 及物流網絡建設,並且在未來重大性投資機 會出現時,在財務上具備靈活性。

## 資本性支出

本公司不時評估洗衣機、熱水器及渠道綜合 服務業務的資本性支出及投資,年內資本開 支為人民幣476,587,000元,該等金額主要用 於公司發展渠道綜合服務之投資,包括物流 自建倉項目建設,以及用於洗衣機、熱水器工 廠設備升級改造。

#### 負債資本比率

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團之負 債資本比率(定義為按借貸總額(包括可換股 債券負債部份)除以資產淨值計算)為13.7% (二零一一年十二月三十一日:16.1%(重列))。

## **TREASURY POLICIES**

The Group adopts a prudent approach for its cash management and risk control. Most of the Group's revenues and expenses are denominated in Renminbi. Cash is generally placed in short term deposits denominated either in Renminbi or Hong Kong dollars. Foreign currency risk is largely, though not fully, mitigated, as liabilities in Renminbi will be substantially offset by the Group's revenue, most of which are derived from domestic sales in China and denominated in Renminbi. Only approximately 4.7% of the Group's revenue is derived from export sales and is denominated in other currencies. The Group does not have any significant interest rate risk as it has an overall net cash balance. The Group does not have any financial instruments for hedging purposes.

#### **CAPITAL COMMITMENT**

The Group's capital commitments contracted but not yet provided for amounted to RMB106,883,000 as at 31 December 2012 (31 December 2011: RMB200,972,000), which were mainly related to the purchase of machinery for the Group's businesses capacity expansion as well as construction of warehouse for the logistics business. Capital commitments authorised but not yet contracted amounted to RMB179,008,000 (31 December 2011: RMB267,677,000) which mainly related to the warehouse construction for the logistics business in 2013.

#### **CHARGE OF ASSETS**

The Group's short-term bank loans as at 31 December 2012 were secured by floating charges over the Group's inventories totaling RMB76,740,000 (31 December 2011: RMB38,500,000; 1 January 2011: nil).

Further, as at 31 December 2012, certain of the Group's bills payables were secured by the pledge of the Group's bank deposits of RMB61,804,000 (31 December 2011: RMB87,402,000; 1 January 2011: RMB3,011,000) and the Group's bills receivables of RMB122,809,000 (31 December 2011: RMB250,453,000; 1 January 2011: RMB518,137,000).

## 庫務政策

本集團採取審慎現金管理及風險監控。本集 團大部分收支以人民幣結算。現金一般存作 人民幣或港元短期存款。由於人民幣負債將 與本集團收益(大部分來自於中國之國內銷 售、以人民幣計值,且本集團僅約4.7%之收 益乃來自出口銷售及以其他貨幣計值)大幅對 銷,因此外匯風險雖未全面緩和,但已大為降 低。本集團擁有整體現金結餘淨額,故此本集 團並無任何重大利率風險。本集團並無運用 任何財務工具進行對沖。

## 資本承擔

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團 之已訂約但未撥備之資本承擔為人民幣 106,883,000元(二零一一年十二月三十一日: 人民幣200,972,000元),主要為提高本集團 業務產能而購買機器及物流業務自建倉項目 所致。已授權但未訂約之資本承擔為人民幣 179,008,000元(二零一一年十二月三十一日: 人民幣267,677,000元),主要用於二零一三年 物流業務自建倉項目。

## 資產押記

本集團於二零一二年十二月三十一日之短期 銀行貸款以本集團總額為人民幣76,740,000 元(二零一一年十二月三十一日:人民幣 38,500,000元:二零一一年一月一日:零)的存 貨作出浮動押記擔保。

此外,於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集 團若干應付票據以本集團之銀行存款人民幣 61,804,000元(二零一一年十二月三十一日: 人民幣87,402,000元;二零一一年一月一日: 人民幣3,011,000元)及本集團之應收票據人民 幣122,809,000元(二零一一年十二月三十一 日:人民幣250,453,000元;二零一一年一月一 日:人民幣518,137,000元)作抵押。 Financial Review (continued) 財務回顧(續)

## **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

At the end of the reporting period, neither the Group nor the Company had any significant contingent liabilities.

#### EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

The total number of employees of the Group decreased by approximately 6.0% to 17,304 as at 31 December 2012 from 18,406 as at 31 December 2011. The Group ensures that the remuneration packages for its employees remain competitive, and its employees are generally remunerated with fixed monthly salaries, which are reviewed annually, along with discretionary performance bonuses.

#### DIVIDENDS

The Board has proposed distribution of a final dividend of HK8 cents per share in cash to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 18 June 2013 for the year ended 31 December 2012. All the dividends will be paid upon approval by shareholders at the Company's forthcoming annual general meeting. The final dividend will be paid on around Friday, 19 July 2013.

This dividend represented approximately 10% of the profit attributable to the owners of the Company for the year, and will be distributed out of the contributed surplus account of the Company. The Group shall retain sufficient cash for maintaining a strong financial position for capturing strategic investments when opportunities arise, and in particular, achieving the financial flexibility in relation to investments in the integrated channel services business. The Company will review the payout ratio in the coming period and will increase that ratio should the financial situation allow.

## 或然負債

於報告期末,本集團或本公司均無任何重大 或然負債。

## 僱員及薪酬政策

本集團之僱員總數由二零一一年十二月三十 一日之18,406精簡至二零一二年十二月三十 一日之17,304人,下降約6.0%。本集團確保僱 員薪金待遇具有競爭力,僱員一般獲發定額 月薪,另加按表現酌情發放之花紅,而薪酬通 常每年作回顧。

#### 股息

董事會建議向於二零一三年六月十八日(星 期二)名列本公司股東名冊之股東,派發截至 二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度的末期股 息,每股派發現金股息港幣8分。所有股息將 在本公司應屆股東週年大會獲股東批准後派 發。末期股息將於二零一三年七月十九日(星 期五)前後派發。

上述股息佔年內本公司股東應佔溢利約10% 並將自本公司之繳入盈餘賬戶內支付。本集 團須保留充裕現金以維持穩健的財務狀況以 便於適當時機進行策略性投資,特別是保持 在投資渠道綜合服務業務時的資金靈活性。 本公司將於未來期間檢討派息率並將在財務 狀況允許的情況下增加該比率。 **Corporate Governance Report** 

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") and the management (the "Management") of Haier Electronics Group Co., Ltd. (the "Company") recognise that sound corporate practices are crucial to the efficient operation of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") and the safeguarding of our shareholders' interests. In this regard, the Board attaches great priority to reinforce the Company's corporate governance standards with emphasis on transparency, accountability and independence in order to enhance our long-term shareholders' value.

The Company has complied with the applicable code provisions (the "Code Provision(s)") and principles under the Code on Corporate Governance Practices during the period from 1 January 2012 to 31 March 2012 and the Corporate Governance Code (collectively, the "Code") during the period from 1 April 2012 to 31 December 2012 as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") except for certain deviations as described below. The Board shall review its code from time to time to ensure its continuous compliance with the Code. This report describes the Company's corporate governance practices, explains its applications of and deviations from the Code, together with considered reasons for such deviations.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Composition

The Board currently comprises three Executive Directors, two Non-executive Directors (after the resignation of Mr. Wu Ke Song on 16 December 2012) and three Independent Non-executive Directors (the "INED(s)"). Throughout the year, the Board has at least one-third in number of its members comprising INEDs and at least one of the INEDs possesses appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise under Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules. The Directors are well-versed in respective areas such as legal, accounting and finance, business management and industry knowledge and the Board as a whole has achieved an appropriate balance of skills and experience. The Directors' biographical details, by category of Directors, are set out on pages 18 to 22 of this annual report.

To the best of the Company's knowledge, there is no financial or family relationship among the Board members. All of them are free to exercise their independent judgment on all matters concerning the Company.

## 企業管治常規

海爾電器集團有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董 事」)會(「董事會」)及管理層(「管理層」)深明 優良之企業常規為本公司及其附屬公司(統稱 「本集團」)高效經營及保障股東權益之重要關 鍵。就此方面,董事會非常著重提升本公司之 企業管治水平,尤其注重公司之透明度、問責 性與獨立性,務求提高本公司股東之長遠價 值。

企業管治報告

自二零一二年一月一日起至二零一二年三月 三十一日止期間內及自二零一二年四月一日 起至二零一二年十二月三十一日止期間內, 除下述若干偏離外,本公司一直遵守香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治常規 (「上市規則」)附錄十四所載之企業管治常規 守則及企業管治守則(統稱「守則」)之適用守 則條文(「守則條文」)及原則。董事會應不時檢 討其守則以確保其持續遵守守則。本報告説 明本公司之企業管治常規、闡釋其對守則之 應用與偏離,連同有關偏離之經考慮原因。

## 董事會

#### 組成

董事會現時由三名執行董事、兩名非執行董 事(於武克松先生於二零一二年十二月十六日 辭任後)及三名獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行 董事」)組成。於整個年度,董事會至少三分之 一之成員由獨立非執行董事組成,且其中至 少一名獨立非執行董事具備適當的職業資格 或上市規則第3.10條規定之會計或相關財務管 理專長。董事在法律、會計與財務、業務管理 及行業知識等各範疇擁有深入精闢之認識, 而董事會整體更具備各方面之適當技能與經 驗。董事之履歷詳情按董事類別載於本年報 第18至第22頁內。

就本公司所深知,董事會成員之間概無財務 或親屬關係。全體董事均可就本公司之一切 事宜作出獨立判斷。

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### **Composition** (Continued)

Under the Code Provision A.4.1, non-executive directors should be appointed for specific terms, subject to re-election. Currently, all non-executive directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws and their appointment will be reviewed when they are due for re-election.

The Bye-laws have stated clearly the procedures for the appointment of new directors, re-election and removal of directors. Under the Bye-laws, the Board may from time to time appoint a director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any such new director shall hold office until the next following general meeting of the Company or until the next following AGM and shall then be eligible for re-election at the same general meeting. Pursuant to bye-law 99 of the Bye-laws, Mr. Liang Hai Shan, Mr. Li Hua Gang and Mr. Wu Yinong will be subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the forthcoming AGM. Mr. Wu Yinong has tendered notice to the Company that he will retire as an INED with effect from the conclusion of the AGM and has decided not to offer himself for re-election. Further details regarding the retirement of Mr. Wu Yinong as an INED were as set out in a separate announcement of the Company.

#### Delegation by the Board

The Directors are collectively responsible for setting the Group's strategies, providing leadership and guidance to put them into effect, reviewing and monitoring the performance of the Group and are accountable to the Company's shareholders. To maximise the effectiveness of the Group's operations, the Board has delegated management and administration of the Group's daily operations to the Executive Directors and the Management while reserving several important matters for its approval. To this end, the Board has adopted written guidelines (the "Guidelines") laying down the division of functions between the Board and the Management (including the Executive Directors for the purpose of the Guidelines).

## 董事會(續)

#### 組成(續)

根據守則條文A.4.1,非執行董事之委任應有 指定任期,並須接受重新選舉。現時,本公司 全體非執行董事之委任均無指定任期,惟彼 等須根據本公司之公司細則於本公司股東週 年大會(「股東週年大會」)上輪流退任並膺選 連任,而彼等之委任將於到期膺選連任時檢 討。

公司細則已清楚列明委任新董事、重選及罷 免董事之程序。根據公司細則,董事會可不時 委任董事填補臨時空缺或新增加入董事會。 任何有關新增董事將就任至本公司下屆股東 個有關新增董事將就任至本公司下屆股東 支會或直至下屆股東週年大會,並符合資 下屆股東週年大會上重選連任。根據公司細則 第99條,梁海山先生、李華剛先生及吳亦農 先生及膺選連任。吳亦農先生已通知本公司 將由股東週年大會結束起退任獨立非執行董 事,並已決定不再重選連任。有關吳亦農先生 退任獨立非執行董事之進一步詳情載於本公 司一份獨立的公佈。

#### 董事會之授權

董事須共同負責制訂本集團之策略,並為有 關策略之實行提供領導與指引,亦肩負檢討 及監察本集團表現之責任,同時向本公司股 東負責。為盡量提高本集團之營運效益,董事 會已授權執行董事及管理層負責本集團日常 營運之管理及行政工作,但若干重要事宜則 須待其批准。就此而言,董事會已採納一套書 面指引(「指引」),列明董事會與管理層(就指 引而言,包括執行董事)間之職能劃分。

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Delegation by the Board (Continued)

Pursuant to the Guidelines, the major functions of the Board and the Management are summarized as follows:

The Board is principally responsible for:

- 1. determining the overall strategy;
- 2. reviewing all significant policies of the Group;
- 3. monitoring the performance of the Management to ensure that the business operations of the Group are properly planned and undertaken;
- 4. approving interim and annual results of the Group based on recommendations made by the audit committee of the Company;
- 5. approving material contracts and transactions for which the Management is required to obtain the Board's prior approval; and
- 6. subject to the requirements of the Listing Rules, approving transactions in which connected person(s) (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Group is/are considered having a material conflict of interests.

The Management is principally responsible for:

- exercising all such other powers and perform all such other acts as may be exercised and performed by the Directors, save and except for those that may specifically be reserved by the Board and/or the committees set up by the Board for decision and implementation; or those that may only be exercised by the Board pursuant to The Companies Act of Bermuda, the Bye-laws of the Company (the "Byelaws"), the Listing Rules and/or the Hong Kong Codes on Takeovers and Mergers and Share Repurchases;
- 2. formulating and implementing policies for business activities, internal controls and administration of the Company;
- 3. planning and deciding the Company's strategies on its business activities; and
- 4. keeping proper written records of its decisions taken which may be inspected by any members of the Board or the Board committees upon request.

The Board reviews those arrangements and the Guidelines on a periodic basis to ensure that they remain appropriate to the needs of the Group.

## 董事會(續)

董事會之授權(續) 根據指引,董事會與管理層之主要職能概述 如下:

董事會主要負責:

1. 釐定整體策略;

2. 檢討本集團之所有重大政策;

- 監察管理層之表現,確保本集團之業務 營運妥善規劃及執行;
- 根據本公司審核委員會作出之推薦建 議,批准本集團之中期及年度業績;
- 批准管理層須取得董事會事先批准之重 大合約及交易;及
- 在上市規則規定之規限下,批准本集團 關連人士(定義見上市規則)被視為於其 中有重大利益衝突之交易。

管理層主要負責:

- 除董事會及/或董事會所成立委員會可 能特別保留由其作決定及執行者:或根 據百慕達公司法、本公司之公司細則 (「公司細則」)、上市規則及/或香港公 司收購、合併及股份購回守則僅可由董 事會行使者外,行使及進行董事可能行 使及進行之一切其他有關權力及行動;
- 制訂及實行有關本公司業務活動、內部 監控及行政之政策;
- 策劃及決定本公司有關其業務活動之策 略;及
- 就其決策保存妥善之書面紀錄,以應董 事會或董事會委員會任何成員要求供其 查閱。

董事會定期檢討上述安排及指引,以確保此 等安排及指引仍然切合本集團之需要。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO")

Under the Code Provision A.2.1, the roles of chairman and CEO should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the year, the Company did not have any person holding the title of CEO. Ms. Yang Mian Mian has been the Chairman of the Board and has also been performing the functions of CEO. The Board has met regularly to consider major matters affecting the business and operations of the Group. The Board believes that through the supervision of the Board and its independent non-executive directors, checks and balances exist so that the interests of the shareholders are adequately and fairly represented.

As announced by the Company on 18 March 2013, Mr. Zhou Yun Jie, Executive Director of the Company, has been appointed as CEO of the Company (and he resigned as the General Manager of the Company) with immediate effect on 18 March 2013. There is therefore compliance with the terms of Code Provision A.2.1 with effect from 18 March 2013.

#### **INEDs**

The INEDs have the same duties of care and skill and fiduciary duties as the Executive Directors. They are expressly identified as such in all corporate communications that disclose the names of the Directors.

The INEDs are experienced professionals with expertise in areas of accounting and finance. With their professional knowledge and experience, the INEDs advise the Company on its operation and management; provide independent opinion on the Company's connected/continuing connected transactions; participate in the Company's audit committee meetings, remuneration committee meetings and nomination committee meetings. The INEDs also contribute to provide adequate checks and balance to protect the interests of the Company and the Company's shareholders as a whole, and to promote the development of the Company.

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of the INEDs pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers that all INEDs to be independent as the date of this report.

#### Supply of and access to information

Newly appointed Directors will receive induction packages containing the duties and responsibilities of directors under the Listing Rules and other applicable rules and regulations.

## 董事會(續)

#### 主席及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)

根據守則條文A.2.1,主席與行政總裁之角色 應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。年內,本 公司並無任何人士擁有行政總裁之職銜。楊 綿 4 女士為董事會主席,同時兼履行行政總 裁之職能。董事會定期舉行會議,對影響本集 團業務及運作之重要事宜加以考慮。董事會 認為,在董事會及獨立非執行董事的監管下, 通過制衡機制,股東的利益能夠得以充分及 公平的體現。

本公司於二零一三年三月十八日公佈,本公 司執行董事周雲杰先生已獲委任為本公司行 政總裁(並辭任本公司總經理),即時於二零一 三年三月十八日生效,因此自二零一三年三 月十八日起已遵守了守則條文A.2.1之條款。

#### 獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事與執行董事具有相同之審慎 責任及技能以及受信責任。於所有披露董事 姓名之公司通訊內,均會明確識別出獨立非 執行董事。

獨立非執行董事均為資深專業人士,具備會 計與金融各範疇之專業知識。憑藉其專業知 識及經驗,獨立非執行董事就本公司之營運 及管理向本公司提供建議:就本公司之關連/ 持續關連交易提供獨立意見:並參與本公司 之審核委員會會議、薪酬委員會會議和提名 委員會會議。獨立非執行董事亦對提供充分 監管與制衡作出貢獻,務求保障本公司及本 公司股東之整體利益,並促進本公司之發展。

於本報告日期,本公司已接獲各獨立非執行 董事根據上市規則第3.13條發出之年度獨立 確認書,並認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨 立人士。

#### 資料之提供與取閲

新委任之董事將接獲一套就任須知,當中包 括董事根據上市規則以及其他適用規則及法 規之職責與責任。

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### Supply of and access to information (Continued)

All the Directors are briefed and updated from time to time on the latest legislative and regulatory developments to ensure that they are fully aware of their responsibilities under the Listing Rules, applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

In order to ensure that their duties can be properly discharged, the Directors are entitled to seek advice from independent professional advisers whenever deemed necessary by them at the Company's expense.

#### Professional development

The Company encourages the Directors to attend any relevant programme to enhance their knowledge so as to discharge their duties and responsibilities more effectively. During the year, all Directors have attended various relevant training programmes which include:

- (a) In-house training sessions organized by the Company which was conducted by professional on topics including update on corporate governance rules, monitoring of connected transactions and latest revision of Securities and Futures Ordinance. Ms. Yang Mian Mian, Mr. Zhou Yun Jie, Mr. Li Hua Gang, Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng, Mr. Yu Hon To, David, Dr. Liu Xiao Feng, Mr. Wu Yinong and Mr. Gui Zhaoyu attended the sessions.
- (b) Participation in conferences and seminars organized by various external organizations relevant to the business or directors' duties. Ms. Yang Mian Mian, Mr. Zhou Yun Jie, Mr. Li Hua Gang, Mr. Wu Ke Song, Mr. Liang Hai Shan, Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng, Mr. Yu Hon To, David, Dr. Liu Xiao Feng, Mr. Wu Yinong and Mr. Gui Zhaoyu have undertaken the relevant conferences and seminars.
- (c) Private study of materials relevant to the director's duties and responsibilities. Ms. Yang Mian Mian, Mr. Zhou Yun Jie, Mr. Li Hua Gang, Mr. Wu Ke Song, Mr. Liang Hai Shan, Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng, Mr. Yu Hon To, David, Dr. Liu Xiao Feng, Mr. Wu Yinong and Mr. Gui Zhaoyu have undertaken the private study.

The Company Secretary of the Company, who is a full-time employee of the Company, has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

## 董事會(續)

#### 資料之提供與取閱(續)

全體董事均會不時獲介紹及更新法例及法規 之最新發展,以確保彼等全面瞭解其根據上 市規則、適用法例及規管規定之責任。

為確保董事能妥善履行其職責,董事有權在 彼等認為有需要時尋求獨立專業顧問之意 見,費用概由本公司承擔。

#### 職業發展

本公司鼓勵董事參與任何相關計劃,擴充彼 等之知識,以更加有效地履行彼等之職責。年 內,全體董事均已參與多項相關培訓計劃,包 括:

- (a) 本公司組織的內部培訓課程,由專業人員給予有關企業管治規則的更新、關連交易的監督以及證券及期貨條例的最新修訂等方面的指導。楊綿綿女士、周雲杰先生、李華剛先生、馮軍元女士、俞漢度先生、劉曉峰博士、吳亦農先生及 桂昭宇先生參加了有關課程。
- (b) 參與由不同外部機構組織的有關業務 或董事職責的會議及研討會。楊綿綿女 士、周雲杰先生、李華剛先生、武克松 先生、梁海山先生、馮軍元女士、俞漢 度先生、劉曉峰博士、吳亦農先生及桂 昭宇先生已參加相關會議及研討會。
- (c) 自學有關董事職責之資料。楊綿綿女 士、周雲杰先生、李華剛先生、武克松 先生、梁海山先生、馮軍元女士、俞漢 度先生、劉曉峰博士、吳亦農先生及桂 昭宇先生已參與自學。

本公司之公司秘書為本公司之全職僱員,已 參加不少於15個小時之相關職業培訓。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### **Board Meetings**

During the year ended 31 December 2012, apart from the adhoc meetings and consents obtained by means of written resolutions of all the Board members, the Board had held four scheduled meetings at approximately quarterly intervals and one additional meeting to review and approve, among other things, the 2011 annual results and 2012 interim results, the overall Group's strategy, discloseable and connected transactions and continuing connected transactions of the Group. The Company's board meetings (the "Board Meeting(s)") are permitted to be held by means of telephone or other means of electronic communication under the Bye-laws.

Sufficient notices are served and comprehensive information is provided to the Board members in advance of all the Board Meetings in order to enable them to make informed decisions on all matters transacted at the Board Meetings.

The proceedings of the Board Meetings are conducted by the Chairman of the Board or another Executive Director who ensures that sufficient time is allowed for discussion among the Directors and equal opportunities are being given to the Directors to express their views and share their concerns.

The Company Secretary attends the Board Meetings to advise Directors on corporate governance practices, and statutory compliance, accounting and financial issues whenever deemed necessary by the Board.

The Company Secretary is responsible for preparing minutes recording all matters transacted and resolved at the Board Meetings. All the Board minutes are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by the Directors.

## 董事會(續)

#### 董事會會議

於截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度 內,除特別會議及透過書面決議案以取得全 體董事會成員之同意外,董事會已舉行四次 定期會議(約每季舉行一次)及一次其他會 議,以審閱及批准(其中包括)二零一一年年度 業績及二零一二年中期業績、本集團之整體 戰略、本集團之須予披露及關連交易以及持 續關連交易。根據公司細則,本公司之董事會 會議([董事會會議])獲准以電話或以其他電 子通訊方式舉行。

於所有董事會會議前,董事會成員均會事先 獲發出充分通知及獲提供全面資料,以讓彼 等得以在董事會會議上就所處理之一切事宜 作出知情決定。

董事會會議程序由董事會主席或另一位執行 董事主持,而其亦會確保董事獲充裕時間進 行討論,而各董事亦獲同等機會發表其意見 及提出所關注之事宜。

如董事會認為有需要,則公司秘書會出席董 事會會議,以就企業管治常規、法規遵守、會 計及財務等事項向董事提供意見。

公司秘書負責編製會議紀錄,載列在董事會 會議上所處理及議決之一切事宜。公司秘書 會保管所有董事會會議紀錄,有關紀錄可供 董事查閱。

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### **Board Meetings** (Continued)

The following table shows the attendance of the Directors at the scheduled Board Meetings during the year ended 31 December 2012:

## 董事會(續)

董事會會議(續)

下表為截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年 度內,董事於定期董事會會議之出席率:

		No. of the scheduled Board Meetings attended/held 出席/舉行之定期董事會 會議次數
Executive Directors:	執行董事:	
Ms. Yang Mian Mian <i>(Chairman)</i> Mr. Zhou Yun Jie Mr. Li Hua Gang	楊綿綿女士 <i>(主席)</i> 周雲杰先生 李華剛先生	5/5 5/5 5/5
Non-Executive Directors:	非執行董事:	
Mr. Wu Ke Song <i>(Deputy Chairman)</i> <i>(resigned on 16 December 2012)</i> Mr. Liang Hai Shan Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng	武克松先生 <i>(副主席) (於二零一二年十二月十六日辭任)</i> 梁海山先生 馮軍元女士	2/5 2/5 5/5
INEDs:	獨立非執行董事:	
Mr. Wu Yinong Mr. Yu Hon To, David Dr. Liu Xiao Feng	吳亦農先生 俞漢度先生 劉曉峰博士	5/5 5/5 5/5

It is challenging to arrange the Board Meeting that fits in with the tight and busy schedules of all the Directors. In particular, as certain of the Nonexecutive Directors devote considerable time and efforts to the management and operation of the Group's business, they were only able to attend some of the Board Meetings in person and their attendance rate at the Board Meetings were relatively low during the year. To enable all the Directors to keep abreast of the Group's latest development and to discharge their duties properly, the Company Secretary briefed the Directors on those matters transacted at the Board Meetings that they were unable to attend. In addition, draft and final versions of the Board minutes were sent to all Directors for their comments and records. 為配合全體董事緊湊而繁忙之日程而安排董 事會會議實屬非常困難。尤其若干非執行董 事在本集團業務之管理及經營上付出不少時 間及努力,故彼等僅可親身出席某些董事會 會議,因而令彼等在年內之董事會會議出席 率相對較低。為令全體董事得悉本集團之最 新發展,並妥善履行彼等之職務,公司秘書已 向董事扼要報告在彼等無法出席之董事會 議上所處理之有關事宜。此外,董事會會議紀 錄之草稿及定稿亦已送交全體董事,以供彼 等提出意見及保存紀錄。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted a Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors (the "Haier Electronics Model Code") on no less exacting terms than the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Upon enquiry by the Company, all Directors have confirmed that they had complied with the required standard as set out in the Haier Electronics Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2012.

In addition, the Board has adopted written guidelines (the "Employees' Guidelines for Securities Transactions") for securities transactions by employees (the "Relevant Employees") who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price sensitive information of the Company on no less exacting terms than the Haier Electronics Model Code. Having made specific enquiries of all the Relevant Employees, the Company confirmed that all the Relevant Employees had complied with the required standard as set out in the Employees' Guidelines for Securities Transactions throughout the year ended 31 December 2012.

#### **Board Committees**

The Board has established an Audit Committee (the "Audit Committee"), a Remuneration Committee (the "Remuneration Committee"), a Nomination Committee (the "Nomination Committee") and a Strategic Committee (the "Strategic Committee") (collectively the "Committees") to oversee specific aspects of the Company's affairs. The Committees report to the Board regularly, and have been provided with sufficient resources to discharge their respective duties. To reinforce independence, the chairman of the Committees other than the Strategic Committee is an INED. Each of the Committees has adopted specific terms of reference covering its duties, powers and functions which will be reviewed by the Board from time to time. The Company Secretary also acts as secretary of the Committees. The Committees adopt as far as practicable, the procedures and arrangement of the Board Meeting in relation to the conduct of meetings, notice of meetings and recording of minutes. Further particulars of each of the Committees are set out below:

#### (1) Audit Committee

The Audit Committee currently comprises all three INEDs and is chaired by Mr. Yu Hon To, David. Mr. Yu is a professional accountant and was formerly a partner of an international accounting firm. In light of the amendments of the Listing Rules which became effective on 1 April 2012, the Board resolved to adopt a revised terms of reference for the Audit Committee in March 2012. The revised terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

## 董事會(續)

#### 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納一套董事進行證券交易之標準 守則(「海爾電器標準守則」),該守則之條款與 上市規則附錄十所載上市公司董事進行證券 交易的標準守則同樣嚴格。經本公司作出查 詢後,全體董事已確認彼等已於截至二零一 二年十二月三十一日止年度內一直遵守海爾 電器標準守則所載之規定標準。

此外,董事會已就可能擁有本公司未公佈價 格敏感資料之僱員(「相關僱員」)所進行之證 券交易採納書面指引(「僱員證券交易指引」), 該指引之條款與海爾電器標準守則同樣嚴 謹。經向全體相關僱員作出具體查詢後,本公 司確認全體相關僱員已於截至二零一二年十 二月三十一日止年度內一直遵守僱員證券交 易指引所載之規定標準。

#### 董事會委員會

董事會已成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、薪 酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)、提名委員會(「提名 委員會」)及戰略委員會(「戰略委員會」)(統稱 「委員會」),以對本公司事務之特定範疇進行 監督。委員會定期向董事會匯報,並已範疇 足夠資源以履行彼等各自之職責。為加強獨 立非執行董事。各委員會均已採納明確 職權範圍,包括其職責、權力及職能,並不時 自進行檢討。公司秘書亦擔任委員會 之秘書。在實際可行情況下,委員會就舉行會 議通告及記述會議紀錄方面盡量採納 與董事會會議相同之程序與安排。各委員會 之進一步詳情載列如下:

#### (1) 審核委員會

審核委員會現時由全體三名獨立非執行 董事組成,並由俞漢度先生擔任主席。 俞先生為專業會計師,曾擔任一間國際 會計師事務所之合夥人。鑑於上市規則 之修訂自二零一二年四月一日起生效, 董事會於二零一二年三月議決採納審核 委員會之經修訂職權範圍。審核委員會 之經修訂職權範圍於本公司及聯交所各 自之網站刊載。

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### **Board Committees (Continued)**

#### (1) Audit Committee (Continued)

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to ensure the objectivity and credibility of financial reporting, to make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the Group's external auditors and review of the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems. Each member of the Audit Committee has unrestricted access to the Group's external auditors and the Management.

During the year ended 31 December 2012, the Audit Committee held three meetings to review the management and accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and to discuss financial reporting matters including the review of 2011 annual results and 2012 interim results of the Group, review the adequacy of resources, accounting staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, review of the internal control procedures and the connected transactions and other related issues.

There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee regarding the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditors. The Audit Committee also met the external auditors at least twice without the presence of the Executive Directors.

The annual results for the year ended 31 December 2012 were also reviewed by the Audit Committee.

The Board also resolved to adopt the arrangement in March 2012 for employees of the Company to raise genuine concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters in the Company and its subsidiaries.

## 董事會(續)

董事會委員會(續)

(1) 審核委員會(續)

審核委員會之主要職責為確保財務申 報之客觀及可信程度、就委任、重新委 任及罷免本集團外聘核數師向董事會提 供推薦建議,以及檢討本公司之財務監 控、內部監控及風險管理系統。審核委 員會各成員在接觸本集團之外聘核數師 及管理層方面並無受到任何限制。

截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年 度內,審核委員會已舉行三次會議,會 上審閱本集團所採納之管理及會計原則 及慣例,並討論財務申報事宜,包括審 閱本集團二零一一年年度業績及二零一 二年度中期業績,審閱本公司會計及財 務報告職能之資源、會計員工資格及經 驗、培訓計劃及預算之充足性、審閱內 部監控程序及關連交易以及其他相關事 宜。

董事會與審核委員會就選舉、委任、辭 任或解僱外聘核數師並無分歧。審核委 員會在執行董事避席之情況下,與外聘 核數師至少舉行了兩次會議。

審核委員會亦已審閲了截至二零一二年 十二月三十一日止年度的全年業績。

於二零一二年三月,董事會亦決議採納 有關本公司及其附屬公司於財務申報、 內部監控或其他事宜方面之可能不當行 為之安排,以促使本公司僱員真誠關注 有關事宜。

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Board Committees (Continued)

#### (1) Audit Committee (Continued)

The following table shows the attendance of members of the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 December 2012:

## 董事會(續)

董事會委員會(續)

(1) 審核委員會(續)

下表為截至二零一二年十二月三十一 日止年度內,審核委員會成員之會議出 席率:

> No. of Audit Committee Meetings attended/held 出席/舉行之審核委員會 會議次數

> > 3/3

3/3

3/3

#### INEDs:

獨立非執行董事:

Mr. Wu Yinong	吳亦農先生
Mr. Yu Hon To, David	俞漢度先生
Dr. Liu Xiao Feng	劉曉峰博士

#### (2) Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises five members including one Executive Director, namely Mr. Zhou Yun Jie, one Nonexecutive Director namely, Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng (with Mr. Gui Zhaoyu as her alternate director) and all three INEDs. The Remuneration Committee is chaired by Mr. Wu Yinong, an INED. In light of the amendments of the Listing Rules which became effective on 1 April 2012, the Board resolved to adopt a revised terms of reference for the Remuneration Committee in March 2012. The revised terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on policy and structure of all remuneration of the Directors and Management. Each of the Directors has not involved in the determination of his/her own remuneration. The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee has held two meetings. At the meetings, members of the Remuneration Committee reviewed and made recommendations to the Board the remuneration proposal of the Directors and Management by taking into account factors such as remuneration packages and benefits offered by comparable companies, the respective contribution of each of the Directors and Management to the Group and the business objectives of the Group. The Remuneration Committee also considered the performance-based structure of the remuneration of Executive Directors and Management.

#### (2) 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會現時由五名成員組成,包括 一名執行董事周雲杰先生、一名非執行 董事元女士(其替任董事為桂昭宇 先生)以及全體三名獨立非執行董事吳亦 蒙酬委員會由獨立非執行董事吳亦農先 生擔任主席。鑑於上市規則之修訂自二 零一二年四月一日起生效,董事會於二 零一二年三月議決採納薪酬委員會之經修訂職 權範圍於本公司及聯交所各自之網站刊 載。

薪酬委員會之主要職責為就董事及管理 層之全部薪酬政策及架構向董事會作出 推薦建議。各董事均無參與釐定其本身 之薪酬。薪酬委員會每年最少舉行一次 會議。

薪酬委員會已於年內舉行了兩次會議。 薪酬委員會成員在會上檢討董事及管理 層之薪酬建議並向董事會作出推薦建 議,當中已考慮到可資比較公司所提供 之薪酬組合及福利、各董事及管理層各 自對本集團及其業務目標之貢獻等因 素。薪酬委員會亦考慮執行董事及管理 層薪酬之表現相關架構。

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### Board Committees (Continued)

Dr. Liu Xiao Feng

#### (2) Remuneration Committee (Continued)

The Remuneration Committee has adopted the model that it will review the proposals made by the management on the remuneration of Executive Directors and senior management, and make recommendations to the Board. The Board will have final authority to approve the recommendations made by the Remuneration Committee.

The following table shows the attendance of members of the Remuneration Committee during the year ended 31 December 2012:

## 董事會(續)

董事會委員會(續)

## (2) 薪酬委員會(續)

薪酬委員會已採納由其檢討管理層有關 執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬建議後, 向董事會作出推薦建議的模式。董事會 保留批准薪酬委員會作出之推薦建議之 最終權力。

下表為截至二零一二年十二月三十一日 止年度內,薪酬委員會成員之會議出席 率:

> No. of Remuneration Committee Meetings attended/held 出席/舉行之薪酬委員會 會議次數

> > 1/2

Executive Director:	執行董事:	
Mr. Zhou Yun Jie	周雲杰先生	1/2
Non-executive Director:	非執行董事:	
Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng Mr. Gui Zhaoyu (alternate to Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng)	馮軍元女士 桂昭宇先生 <i>(馮軍元女士之替任人)</i>	0/2 2/2
INEDs:	獨立非執行董事:	
Mr. Wu Yinong Mr. Yu Hon To, David	吴亦農先生 俞漢度先生	2/2 2/2

劉曉峰博士

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### **Board Committees (Continued)**

#### (3) Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was formed on 19 September 2008 and currently comprises five members including one Executive Director, namely, Mr. Zhou Yun Jie, one Non-executive Director namely, Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng (with Mr. Gui Zhaoyu as her alternate director) and all three INEDs. The Nomination Committee is chaired by Mr. Yu Hon To David, an INED. The Nomination committee meets at least once a year. In light of the amendments of the Listing Rules which became effective on 1 April 2012, the Board resolved to adopt a revised terms of reference for the Nomination Committee in March 2012. The revised terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for formulating nomination policy and making recommendations to the Board on nomination and appointment of Directors and Board succession. It also develops selection procedures of candidates for nomination, reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board and assesses the independence of the INEDs.

Nomination procedures include identification and acknowledgement of qualified individuals by the Nomination Committee and review and approval of such nomination by the Board. The Nomination Committee is to evaluate potential candidates by considering factors such as professional expertise, relevant experience, personal ethics and integrity. It also advises the Board in considering the suitability of the reelection of the Directors who are subject to the retirement by rotation at the AGM in accordance with the Bye-laws.

During the year, the Nomination Committee has held one meeting. At the meeting, members of the Nomination Committee have reviewed the composition of the Board, and advised the Board on the suitability of the retirement and re-election of the Directors at the AGM.

## 董事會(續)

董事會委員會(續)

- (3) 提名委員會
  - 提名委員會於二零零八年九月十九日成 立,現時由五名成員組成,包括一名執 行董事周雲杰先生、一名非執行董事馮 軍元女士(其替任董事為桂昭宇先生)以 及全體三名獨立非執行董事。提名委員 會由獨立非執行董事俞漢度先生擔任 主席。提名委員會每年最少舉行一次會 議。鑑於上市規則之修訂自二零一二年 四月一日起生效,董事會於二零一二年 三月議決採納提名委員會之經修訂職權 範圍。提名委員會之經修訂職權範圍於 本公司及聯交所各自之網站刊載。

提名委員會之職責包括制定提名政策, 及就董事之提名及委任與董事會繼任 向董事會提出推薦建議。委員會亦負責 制定提名人選之程序,檢討董事會之架 構、人數及組成,及評核獨立非執行董 事的獨立性。

提名程序包括由提名委員會識別和確 認合資格人士,並由董事會檢討及批准 此項提名。提名委員會將考慮如專業知 識、相關經驗、個人道德標準及誠信等 因素對候選人進行評估。委員會亦就考 慮按公司細則於股東週年大會上輪流退 任之董事是否適合膺選連任向董事會提 供意見。

提名委員會已於年內舉行一次會議。提 名委員會成員在會上檢討董事會之成員 架構,及就董事於股東週年大會上輪流 退任及膺選連任的適切性向董事會提供 意見。

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Board Committees (Continued)

(3) Nomination Committee (Continued) The following table shows the attendance of members of the Nomination Committee during the year ended 31 December 2012:

## 董事會(續)

董事會委員會(續)

(3) 提名委員會(續) 下表為截至二零一二年十二月三十一日 止年度內,提名委員會成員之會議出席 率:

> No. of Nomination Committee Meetings attended/held 出席/舉行之提名委員會 會議次數

> > 1/1 1/1

Executive Directors:	執行董事:	
Mr. Zhou Yun Jie	周雲杰先生	1/1
Non-executive Directors:	非執行董事:	
Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng Mr. Gui Zhaoyu (alternate to Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng)	馮軍元女士 桂昭宇先生 <i>(馮軍元女士之替任人)</i>	0/1
INEDs:	獨立非執行董事:	
Mr. Wu Yinong	吳亦農先生	1/1

俞漢度先生

Dr. Liu Xiao Feng	劉曉峰博士

#### (4) Strategic Committee

Mr. Yu Hon To, David

The Strategic Committee was formed on 18 October 2011 and currently comprises three members including one Executive Director, namely, Mr. Zhou Yun Jie, one INED, namely, Dr. Liu Xiao Feng and one Non-executive Director (unconnected with the Company, Haier Group Corporation, Qingdao Haier Co., Ltd., Qingdao Haier Investment and Development Co., Ltd. and their respective subsidiaries), namely Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng (with Mr. Gui Zhaoyu as her alternate director). The Strategic Committee is chaired by Mr. Zhou Yun Jie. The Strategic Committee shall meet four times a year.

#### (4) 戰略委員會

戰略委員會於二零一一年十月十八日成 立,現時由三名成員組成,包括一名執 行董事周雲杰先生、一名獨立非執行董 事劉曉峰博士及一名與本公司、海爾 邊爾投資發展有限公司及彼等各自之附 屬公司無關連之非執行董事馮軍元女士 (其替任董事為桂昭宇先生)。戰略委員 會由周雲杰先生擔任主席。戰略委員會 每年應舉行四次會議。

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

#### Board Committees (Continued)

#### (4) Strategic Committee (Continued)

The purpose of the Strategy Committee shall be to prepare recommendations for the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities relating to (a) the development, articulation, and execution of the Company's long term strategic plan, and (b) the review, evaluation, and approval of certain strategic transactions, including but not limited to acquisitions, mergers, divestitures, financings, capital structure and joint ventures.

The primary duties of the Strategic Committee are to review the major long term strategic proposals of the Group, review the issue, offer or sale of shares or other equity securities of the Company for the purposes of funding acquisitions or investments made or new businesses undertaken by the Group, review the proposed initial or follow-on equity investment by the Company through the establishment of a new business or venture or other means, review and comment on the annual budgets of the Group taken as a whole, and thereafter recommend to the Board for its consideration and approval.

During the year, the Strategic Committee has held four meetings. At the meeting, members of the Strategic Committee have discussed the strategies on the integrated channel business and made recommendations to the Board.

## 董事會(續)

#### 董事會委員會(續)

(4) 戰略委員會(續)

戰略委員會的目的為董事會編製推薦 建議,以協助其履行有關以下各項之職 責:(a)本公司長期戰略計劃之發展、傳 達及執行:及(b)審閱、評估及通過特定 之戰略性交易(包括但不限於收購、合 併、剝離、融資、資本重組及合資)。

戰略委員會之主要職責為審閱本集團之 主要長期戰略議案:審閱本公司為撥支 本集團所作收購或投資及所進行之新 業務而進行之股份或其他股本證券之發 行、要約或銷售:審閱本公司透過成立 新務或企業或以其他方式作出之建議 初步或後續股本投資:審閲本集團之整 體年度預算案,並就此提供意見:及於 其後向董事會作出推薦建議,以供其考 慮及批准。

戰略委員會已於年內舉行四次會議。戰 略委員會成員在會上討論有關渠道綜合 業務之戰略,並向董事會作出推薦建議。

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS (Continued)

Board Committees (Continued)

(4) Strategic Committee (Continued) The following table shows the attendance of members of the Strategic Committee during the year ended 31 December 2012:

## 董事會(續)

董事會委員會(續)

(4) 戰略委員會(續) 下表為截至二零一二年十二月三十一日 止年度內,戰略委員會成員之會議出席 率:

> No. of Strategic Committee Meetings attended/held 出席/舉行之戰略委員會 會議次數

Executive Directors:	執行董事:	
Mr. Zhou Yun Jie	周雲杰先生	4/4
Non-executive Director:	非執行董事:	
Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng	馮軍元女士	4/4
INEDs:	獨立非執行董事:	
Dr. Liu Xiao Feng	劉曉峰博士	4/4

#### **Corporate Governance Function**

In fulfilling the requirement of Listing Rules which became effective on 1 April 2012, the Board delegated the corporate governance duties to the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee.

The primary corporate governance duties are to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and to review the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

#### 企業管治職能

為符合自二零一二年四月一日起生效之上市 規則之規定,董事會向審核委員會及提名委 員會授出企業管治職責。

主要企業管治職責為發展及審閲本公司之企 業管治政策及常規,並向董事會作出推薦建 議;審閲及監管董事及高級管理層之培訓及 持續職業發展;審閲及監管本公司遵守法律 及監管規定之政策及常規;發展、審閲及監管 適用於僱員及董事之行為守則及合規手冊(如 有);及審閲本公司遵守企業管治報告守則及 披露的情況。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** (Continued)

#### Corporate Governance Function (Continued)

During the year, the Board and the board committees have developed and reviewed the Company's corporate governance practices, including the revision of terms of reference for the Remuneration Committee, the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee, set up of shareholder's communication policy and whistle blowing policy, and providing guideline on the training and professional development of Directors.

## 董事會(續)

企業管治職能(續)

年內,董事會及董事會委員會已發展及審閲 本公司之企業管治常規,包括修訂薪酬委員 會、審核委員會及提名委員會之職權範圍、制 訂股東通訊政策及舉報政策,以及提供董事 培訓及職業發展指引。

# COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

A shareholder's communication policy was established in March 2012. The Company has maintained different communication channels with its shareholders through the publication of annual and interim reports, circulars and announcements. Such information is also available on the Company's website.

It is the Company's practice to provide an explanation of the details of the procedures for voting by poll in the general meetings to shareholders in accordance with the Bye-laws and the Listing Rules. The poll results of the general meetings are also published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and of the Company. The Board regards general meetings as one of the principal channels of communications with our shareholders and the Directors provide detailed and complete answers to questions raised by the shareholders in the general meetings.

#### 與股東之溝通及投資者關係

本公司於二零一二年三月制定一套股東溝通 政策。本公司透過刊載年報及中期報告、通函 及公佈等不同渠道與其股東保持溝通。有關 資料亦於本公司網站刊載。

本公司之慣例為根據公司細則及上市規則之 規定,向股東説明於股東大會按股數投票表 決之程序之詳情。於股東大會上按股數投票 表決之結果亦會刊登於聯交所及本公司網 站。董事會視股東大會為與本公司股東溝通 之主要渠道之一,而董事於股東大會上會就 股東之提問提供詳盡完備之答案。

#### 與股東**之**溝涌及投資者關係(續) COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND **INVESTOR RELATIONS** (Continued)

## 下表顯示董事參加截至二零一二年十二月三

The following table shows the attendance of the Directors at the general meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2012:

十一日止年度舉行之股東大會之出席率:

		No. of the General Meetings attended/held 出席/舉行之股東大會 會議次數
Executive Directors:	執行董事:	
Ms. Yang Mian Mian <i>(Chairman)</i>	楊綿綿女士(主席)	2/2
Mr. Zhou Yun Jie	周雲杰先生	2/2
Mr. Li Hua Gang	李華剛先生	2/2
Non-Executive Directors:	非執行董事:	
Mr. Wu Ke Song (Deputy Chairman)	武克松先生(副主席)	
(resigned on 16 December 2012)	(於二零一二年十二月十六日辭任)	0/2
Mr. Liang Hai Shan	梁海山先生	0/2
Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng	馮軍元女士	
(with Mr. Gui Zhaoyu as her alternate director)	(其替任董事為桂昭宇先生)	1/2
INEDs:	獨立非執行董事:	
Mr. Wu Yinong	吳亦農先生	2/2
Mr. Yu Hon To, David	俞漢度先生	0/2
Dr. Liu Xiao Feng	劉曉峰博士	0/2
During the year, there have been no changes in the C documents.	ompany's constitutional  年內,本公司之章和	呈文件並無任何變動。

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

#### Procedures by which Shareholders may convene a special general meeting

Pursuant to Section 74(1) of the Bermuda Companies Act and the bye-law 62 of the Bye-laws of the Company, the shareholder(s) of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may request the Board to convene a special general meeting.

## 股東權利

股東召開股東特別大會所遵循之 程序

根據百慕達公司法第74(1)條及本公司之公司 細則第62條,於遞交呈請當日持有於遞交當 日附帶本公司股東大會表決權之本公司已繳 足股本不少於十分之一之本公司股東可要求 董事會召開股東特別大會。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Continued)

## Procedures by which Shareholders may convene a special general meeting (Continued)

The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and the head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong at Unit 3513, 35/F., The Center, 99 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, for the attention of the Company Secretary and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

If the Directors do not within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

## Procedures by which enquiries may be put to the Board

Shareholders may put forward enquiries to the Board through the Company Secretary who will direct the enquiries to the Board for handling. Such enquiries can be made by the following means:

Mail: Company Secretary Haier Electronics Group Co., Ltd. Unit 3513, 35/F., The Centre, 99 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong

E-mail: IR@haier-elec.com.hk

## Procedures for putting forward proposals at a Shareholders' meeting

On the requisition in writing of (i) either any number of Shareholders representing not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates, or (ii) not less than 100 Shareholders, the Company shall be under a duty to:

- (a) give to Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next AGM notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and
- circulate to Shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

## 股東權利 (續)

股東召開股東特別大會所遵循之 程序(續)

呈請必須列明會議目的,並必須由呈請人簽署及遞交至本公司註冊辦事處(地址為 Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda)以及本公司香港總辦事處及主要 營業地點(地址為香港皇后大道中99號中環中 心35樓3513室),註明收件人為公司秘書,及 呈請可由一位或以上呈請人簽署之同一格式 之多份文件組成。

如董事未能於遞交呈請之日起二十一天內正 式進行召開該大會,呈請人或持有超過全部 呈請人總投票權半數之任何呈請人可自行召 開大會,惟任何由此召開之會議不能於上述 日期起三個月屆滿後召開。

#### 向董事會轉達查詢之程序

股東可透過公司秘書向董事會提出查詢,公 司秘書會將查詢交由董事會處理。有關查詢 可經由以下方式提出:

郵遞:公司秘書

海爾電器集團有限公司 香港皇后大道中99號中環中心35樓 3513室

電郵: IR@haier-elec.com.hk

於股東大會上提出議案之程序

在(I)於遞交呈請日期持有不少於全體股東總投 票權(賦有於呈請相關股東大會上之投票權) 二十分一之股東(不論人數):或(iI)不少於100 名股東以書面方式提出呈請下,本公司應有 責任:

- (a) 向有權接收下一屆股東週年大會通告之 股東發出通知,以告知於該大會上可能 正式動議及擬動議之任何決議案;及
- (b) 向有權獲發送任何股東大會通告之股東 傳閱不超過一千字之陳述書,以告知於 該大會上提呈之決議案所述事宜或將處 理之事項。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (Continued)

## Procedures for putting forward proposals at a Shareholders' meeting (Continued)

The written request/statements must be signed by the shareholder(s) concerned and deposited at the Company's registered office in Bermuda at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda and head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong at Unit 3513, 35/F., The Center, 99 Queen's Road Central, Hong Kong, for the attention of the Company Secretary, not less than six weeks before the AGM in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and not less than one week before the general meeting in the case of any other requisition.

If the written request is in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board (i) to include the resolution in the agenda for the AGM; or (ii) to circulate the statement for the general meeting, provided that the shareholder(s) concerned have deposited a sum of money reasonably determined by the Board sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in serving the notice of the resolution and/or circulating the statement submitted by the shareholder(s) concerned in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered shareholders. On the contrary, if the requisition is invalid or the shareholder(s) concerned have failed to deposit sufficient money to meet the Company's expenses for the said purposes, the shareholder(s) concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, the proposed resolution will not be included in the agenda for the AGM; or the statement will not be circulated for the general meeting.

## Procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director

If a Shareholder wishes to nominate a person to stand for election as a Director at a general meeting, notice in writing of his intention to propose such person for election as a Director and the notice in writing executed by the nominee of his willingness to be elected must be validly served at the principal place of business in Hong Kong of the Company. The minimum length of the period during which such notices are given shall be at least 7 days and the period for lodgement of such notices shall commence no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting.

To enable shareholders to make an informed decision on their election at a general meeting, the names of all candidates submitted for election or reelection as a Director together with his/her biographical details as set out in Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules (including other directorships held in listed public companies in the past 3 years and other major appointments) are to be set out in a circular or supplementary circular to be sent to shareholders prior to the meeting in accordance with the Listing Rules.

## 股東權利(續)

## 於股東大會上提出議案之程序(續)

書面請求/陳述書須由相關股東簽署,並於 股東週年大會舉行前不少於六週(倘為須就決 議案發出通知之呈請)及股東大會舉行前不 少於一週(倘為任何其他呈請)遞交至本公司 百慕達註冊辦事處(地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda)以及本 公司香港總辦事處及主要營業地點(地址為香 港皇后大道中99號中環中心35樓3513室),註 明收件人為公司秘書。

倘書面要求適當,公司秘書將要求董事會(1)將 決議案載入股東週年大會議程:或(1)傳閱股東 大會陳述書,惟相關股東須支付董事會釐定 之合理金額之費用,以便本公司根據法定要 求向全體登記股東寄發決議案通知及/或向 彼等傳閱相關股東提呈之陳述書。相反,倘呈 請無效,或相關股東未有支付足夠費用供本 公司作出上述行動,則向相關股東告知此結 果,而建議決議案將不會載入股東週年大會 議程;或股東大會陳述書將不會傳閱。

#### 關 於 由 股 東 提 名 人 選 參 選 董 事 的 程 序

如有任何股東有意於股東大會提名人選參選 董事,須將其有關提名該人士參選董事的書 面通知,及獲提名人士表明有意參選的書面 通知送呈至本公司之香港主要營業地點。提 交通知書的期限至少應為七日,並由不早於 寄發為有關選舉所召開股東大會通告翌日起 計,至不遲於舉行有關股東大會日期前七日 為止。

為使股東能於股東大會上對選任董事作出知 情決定,所有新參選或連任重選的董事候選 人的名字及其按上市規則第13.51(2)條所載的 簡歷(包括過去三年內其於其他上市公司的董 事席位及其他主要任命),須根據上市規則載 於大會前將向股東寄發的通函或補充通函內。

#### **INSURANCE**

The Group has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance to indemnify the Directors and senior staff of the Group for their potential liabilities incurred by them in discharging their duties. The Group reviews the insurance coverage for the Directors and the Group's senior staff on an annual basis.

#### ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing financial statements of the Group in accordance with relevant statutory requirements and generally accepted accounting principles in Hong Kong and ensuring that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's financial position. In preparing the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012, the Directors have adopted suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; made judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The responsibilities of the external auditor with respect to the financial reporting are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report of this Annual Report.

The Board aims to present a comprehensive, balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's development and prospects in all corporate communications, including but not limited to annual and interim reports, any price sensitive announcements and financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules, any reports to regulators as well as to information required to be disclosed pursuant to other statutory requirements.

## INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group is committed to implementing effective internal controls and risk management procedures to identify and manage the risks that may be faced by the Group, as well as to safeguard the interests of the Group and our shareholders as a whole.

The Board is responsible for maintaining adequate internal controls and risk management procedures in the Group, and for reviewing their effectiveness on an on-going basis. The Board has clearly defined the anthorities and key responsibilities of each business and operational unit to ensure adequate checks and balances. The Board has delegated to the Management the implementation of the Group's internal controls covering financial, operational and compliance aspects, as well as risk management procedures.

## 保險

本集團已安排適當之董事及高級職員責任保 險,以彌償本集團董事及高級職員因履行職 責而可能產生之責任。本集團每年均會檢討 董事及本集團高級職員之受保範圍。

#### 問責性與審核

董事確認彼等根據相關法定規定及香港公認 會計原則編製本集團財務報表之責任,並確 保財務報表可真實公平地反映本集團之財務 狀況。董事在編製本集團截至二零一二年十 二月三十一日止年度之財務報表時,已採納 並貫徹應用合適之會計政策;作出審慎合理 之判斷及估計;及按持續經營基準編製財務 報表。

外聘核數師就財務申報之責任載於本年報之 獨立核數師報告。

董事會旨在於所有公司通訊中就本集團發展 及前景呈列全面、持平兼易於理解之評估,包 括但不限於年度及中期報告、上市規則所規 定之任何價格敏感公佈及財務披露、任何致 監管機構之報告,以及根據其他法定規定須 予披露之資料。

#### 內部監控與風險管理

本集團致力實行有效之內部監控及風險管理 程序,以識別並管理本集團可能面臨之風險, 並保障本集團及其股東之整體利益。

董事會負責為本集團維持充分內部監控及風 險管理程序,並有責任持續檢討上述程序之 成效。董事會已明確界定各業務及營運單位 之權力及主要職責以確保充分之制衡機制。 董事會已授權管理層涵蓋財務、營運及合規 各方面實行本集團之內部監控及風險管理程 序。

## INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The Board is also responsible for ensuring that the management has discharged its duty to have an effective internal control system including the adequacy of resources, qualification and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programme and budget.

The Company establishes an annual internal control review plan to cover its major internal control systems covering areas including operational control, financial control and compliance control. During the year, the Company has conducted a review of the effectiveness of Group's internal control systems and risk management procedures on the major business and operational processes, particularly on those divisions of the integrated channel services business which were newly set up. Recommendations for further improvements have been reported to the Audit Committee and the Audit Committee has, in turn, reported the same to the Board together with its assessment and recommendations. Such recommendations have been or are being followed up by management. The Company is committed to maintaining an effective internal control system and will make sure that adequate resources and management attention will be devoted to strengthen its internal controls and risk management procedures.

In response to the growth of the Company's business activities and the increase in geographical locations in which it operates, the Company recognizes the importance of internal controls and risk management procedures, and continues to strengthen the internal audit department and to seek the assistance of external independent professionals in establishing internal audit procedures and in provision of appropriate training to the relevant staff. This ensures the effectiveness of the Group's daily operations, that the Group's operations are in accordance with the corporate objectives, strategies.

#### **REMUNERATION OF EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

The Group's independent external auditors are Ernst & Young, Certified Public Accountants. During the year, the annual audit fees and non-audit fees payable/paid by the Group to Ernst & Young were RMB6,250,000 and RMB3,800,000, respectively. The non-audit services included the performance of agreed-upon procedures in respect of the Group's quarterly and interim financial information (RMB1,050,000), review of the connected transactions (RMB100,000), and the review of budgetary system and computerized information system of the Group (RMB2,650,000).

### 內部監控與風險管理(續)

董事會亦負責確保管理層履行職責以維持行 之有效的內部監控制度,包括負責本公司會 計及財務報告職能之員工具備足夠資源、資 格及經驗並為彼等提供充足培訓計劃及預算。

本公司已設立一項年度內部監控審閲計劃以 涵蓋其主要內部監控制度,所涵蓋範圍包括 營運監控、財務監控及合規監控。年內,本公 司已檢討本集團主要業務及運作程序(尤其是 新設之該等渠道綜合服務業務部門)之內部監 控制度及風險管理程序之成效。有關進一步 改善之建議已向審核委員會匯報,而審核委 員會亦已進而向董事會匯報有關事宜,並向 其提交所作評估及推薦建議。管理層已經 或之前 許監控制度,並確保將投入充分資源及管 理精力以鞏固其內部監控及風險管理程序。

隨著本公司業務活動增加及其經營所在地點 增多,本集團深明內部監控及風險管理程序 之重要性,因而繼續加強內部審計部門,並尋 求外部獨立專業人士之協助設立內部審計程 序,及向相關人員提供適當培訓。這確保本集 團之日常運作行之有效及本集團之營運符合 公司目標、策略。

## 外聘核數師之酬金

本集團之獨立外聘核數師為執業會計師安 永會計師事務所。年內,本集團應付/已付 予安永會計師事務所之年度核數費用及非 核數費用分別為人民幣6,250,000元及人民 幣3,800,000元。非核數服務包括就本集團之 季度及中期財務資料執行商定程序(人民幣 1,050,000元)、審閱本公司之關連交易(人民 幣100,000元)及審閱本集團之預算系統與電 腦化信息系統(人民幣2,650,000元)。 **Report of the Directors** 

The directors of the Company present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the year ended 31 December 2012.

## **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

董事會報告書

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding.

During the year, the Group's subsidiaries continued to be engaged in the manufacture and sale of washing machines and water heaters, as well as the provision of integrated channel services which comprised the provision of logistics services, distribution of home appliances and other products, the provision of after-sale service and on-line sales of home appliances. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2012 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 87 to 215.

The directors of the Company recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2012 of HK8 cents per share (2011: nil per share).

#### SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the results and assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 216. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment, and investment properties of the Group during the year are set out in notes 15 and 16 to the financial statements, respectively. 本公司董事同寅現謹提呈董事會報告書及本 公司及本集團截至二零一二年十二月三十一 日止年度之經審核財務報表。

## 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。

年內,本集團之附屬公司繼續從事製造及銷 售洗衣機及熱水器,以及提供渠道綜合服務, 包括提供物流服務、分銷家電及其他產品、提 供家電售後服務及網上銷售。本集團主要業 務性質於年內並無重大變動。

## 業績及股息

本集團截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年 度之溢利以及本公司及本集團於該日之財務 狀況載於財務報表第87至215頁。

本公司董事建議派發截至二零一二年十二月 三十一日止年度之末期股息每股港幣8分(二 零一一年:每股零港元)。

## 財務資料摘要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績與資產、負 債及非控股權益摘要載於第216頁。該摘要並 非經審核財務報表之一部分。

#### 物 業 <sup>、</sup> 廠 房 及 設 備 以 及 投 資 物 業

本集團物業、廠房及設備以及投資物業於年 內之變動詳情分別載於財務報表附註15及16。

### SHARE CAPITAL, SHARE OPTIONS, WARRANTS AND CONVERTIBLE BONDS

Details of movements in the Company's share capital, share options, warrants and convertible bonds during the year are set out in notes 33, 34 and 30 to the financial statements.

## **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

## PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

#### RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 35(b) to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

## DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

At 31 December 2012, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), amounted to RMB496,063,000. In addition, the Company's share premium account, in the amount of RMB1,973,786,000, may be capitalised and distributed to members in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

## MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for less than 20% of the total sales for the year. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 77% of the total purchases for the year and purchases from the largest supplier included therein amounted to 44%.

### 股本、購股權、認股權證及可 換股債券

本公司股本、購股權、認股權證及可換股債券 於年內之變動詳情載於財務報表附註33、34 及30。

## 優先認購權

根據本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例,並無 任何有關優先認購權之條文規定本公司須向 現時之股東按比例發售新股。

#### 購買、贖回或出售本公司上市 證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內並無購買、 贖回或出售本公司任何上市證券。

### 儲備

年內,本公司及本集團之儲備變動詳情分別 載於財務報表附註35(b)及綜合權益變動表。

## 可供分派儲備

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,按百慕達一 九八一年公司法(經修訂)之規定計算,本公司 之可供分派儲備為人民幣496,063,000元。此 外,本公司之股份溢價賬人民幣1,973,786,000 元可以繳足紅股之形式資本化及向股東分派。

## 主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年度內,本集團五大客戶之銷售額佔 本年度總銷售額少於20%。向本集團五大供應 商之購貨額佔本年度總購貨額77%,其中向最 大供應商之購貨額則佔44%。

## Report of the Directors (continued) 董事會報告書(續)

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS (Continued)

During the year, Haier Group Corporation ("Haier Corp") and Qingdao Haier Investment and Development Co., Ltd. ("Haier Investment") (collectively referred to as "Haier Group"), the substantial shareholders of the Company, had beneficial interests in all of the Group's five largest suppliers.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors or any of their associates or any shareholders of the Company (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

## DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year were:

#### **Executive directors:**

Ms. Yang Mian Mian Mr. Zhou Yun Jie Mr. Li Hua Gang

#### Non-executive directors:

Mr. Wu Ke Song *(resigned on 16 December 2012)* Mr. Liang Hai Shan Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng

#### Alternate director:

Mr. Gui Zhaoyu (alternate Director to Ms. Janine Junyuan Feng)

#### Independent non-executive directors:

Mr. Wu Yinong Mr. Yu Hon To, David Dr. Liu Xiao Feng

In accordance with the bye-laws of the Company, Mr. Liang Hai Shan, Mr. Li Hua Gang and Mr. Wu Yinong will be subject to retirement by rotation and reelection at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

Mr. Wu Yinong has tendered notice to the Company that he will retire as an independent non-executive director of the Company with effect from the conclusion of the annual general meeting of the Company and has decided not to offer himself for re-election. Further details regarding the retirement of Mr. Wu Yinong as an independent non-executive director of the Company will be set out in a separate announcement.

## 主要客戶及供應商(續)

年內,本公司主要股東海爾集團公司(「海爾集 團公司」)及青島海爾投資發展有限公司(「海 爾投資」)(統稱「海爾集團」)分別在本集團所有 五大供應商中擁有實益權益。

除上文披露者外,概無董事、其任何聯繫人或 據董事所深知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上 之任何本公司股東,在本集團五大客戶或供 應商中擁有任何實益權益。

## 董事

年內本公司董事如下:

**執行董事**: 楊綿綿女士 周雲杰先生

李華剛先生

非執行董事:

武克松先生(於二零一二年十二月十六日辭任) 梁海山先生 馮軍元女士

#### 替任董事:

桂昭宇先生(馮軍元女士之替任董事)

獨立非執行董事:

吳亦農先生 俞漢度先生 劉曉峰博士

根據本公司之公司細則,梁海山先生、李華剛 先生及吳亦農先生須於本公司即將舉行之股 東週年大會上輪流退任及膺選連任。

吴亦農先生已通知本公司彼將由本公司股東 週年大會結束起退任本公司獨立非執行董 事,並已決定不再重選連任。有關吳亦農先生 退任本公司獨立非執行董事之進一步詳情將 載於一份獨立的公佈。
#### **DIRECTORS** (Continued)

The independent non-executive directors of the Company are not appointed for any specific terms and are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the byelaws of the Company.

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence from each of Mr. Wu Yinong, Dr. Liu Xiao Feng and Mr. Yu Hon To, David, and, on the basis of such confirmations, considers them to be independent as at the date of this report.

# DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 18 to 25 of the annual report.

## CHANGES OF INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

Below are the changes of directors' information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules since the interim report:

Up to the balance sheet date, Mr. Zhou Yun Jie, the executive director of the Company was appointed as a director of Qingdao Haier Electronics Sales Service Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group, Mr. Liang Hai Shan, the non-executive director of the Company was appointed as a director of Foshan Haier Drum Washing Machine Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group. Mr. Li Hua Gang, the executive director of the Company was appointed as a director of Qingdao Yatai Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group.

Mr. Yu Hon To, David has been appointed the independent non-executive director of China Resources Gas Group Limited on 28 December 2012, which is a company publicly listed in Hong Kong.

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, Mr. Zhou Yun Jie has been appointed as Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company and resigned as the General Manager of the Company with immediate effect from 18 March 2013.

# DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

During the year, no director had a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

# 董事(續)

本公司獨立非執行董事並無任何特定任期, 惟須根據本公司之公司細則於本公司之股東 週年大會輪流退任及膺選連任。

本公司已接獲吳亦農先生、劉曉峰博士及俞 漢度先生各自之年度獨立確認書,並根據該 等確認書,認為截至本報告日期止,彼等均為 獨立人士。

#### 董事及高級管理層履歷

本公司董事及本集團高級管理層之履歷詳情 載於年報第18至25頁。

## 董事資料變更

以下是根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條自中期報 告後需作出披露之董事資料變更:

截至結算日,本公司執行董事周雲杰先生獲 委任為本集團附屬公司青島海爾電器銷售服 務有限公司之董事,本公司之非執行董事梁 海山先生獲委任為本集團附屬公司佛山海爾 滾筒洗衣機有限公司之董事。本公司執行董 事李華剛先生獲委任為本集團附屬公司青島 日日順雅泰電器有限公司之董事。

俞漢度先生於二零一二年十二月二十八日獲 華潤燃氣控股有限公司委任為獨立非執行董 事,該公司為於香港上市的公司。

於結算日後,周雲杰先生自二零一三年三月 十八日起獲委任為本公司之行政總裁(「行政 總裁」)並辭任本公司總經理。

# 董事服務合約

年內,概無董事與本公司訂有本公司不得於 一年內不作補償(法定賠償除外)而終止之服 務合約。

#### DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Company's board of directors with reference to directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

No director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

At 31 December 2012, the interests and short positions of the directors in the share capital and underlying shares ("Share(s)") of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers, were as follows:

Long positions in Shares of the Company:

# 董事薪酬

董事袍金須經股東於股東大會上批准。其他 酬金乃由本公司董事會經參考董事之職務、 職責、表現及本集團之業績而釐定。

# 董事於合約之權益

年內概無董事於本公司或其任何控股公司、 附屬公司或同系附屬公司所訂立而對本集團 業務屬重大之任何合約中直接或間接擁有重 大權益。

## 董 事 於 股 份 及 相 關 股 份 之 權 益 及 淡 倉

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,董事於本公 司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證 券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股本及相關股份 (「股份」)中,擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期 貨條例第352條規定須存置之登記冊中之權益 及淡倉,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交 易的標準守則須知會本公司及香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益及淡倉如下:

於本公司股份之好倉:

Name		Number of Shares directly (personal) beneficially owned 直接(個人)	Approximate % of issued Shares
姓名		實益擁有 股份數目	佔已發行股份之 概約百分比
Mr. Zhou Yun Jie Mr. Li Hua Gang	周雲杰先生 李華剛先生	900,000 230,000	0.04 0.01

Note: Mr. Wu Ke Song, who resigned on 16 December 2012, directly and beneficially owned 3,180,000 Shares at the date of resignation.

附註:於二零一二年十二月十六日辭任之武克松先 生於辭任日期直接實益擁有3,180,000股股份。

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

董事於股份及相關股份之權益 及淡倉(續)

Long positions in underlying Shares of the Company pursuant to share options:

根據購股權於本公司相關股份之好倉:

年十二月十五日。

Name 姓名			Number of share options granted and not yet exercised 已授出 但尚未行使之 購股權數目	Approximate % of issued Shares upon exercise of share options 行使購股權後 佔已發行股份 之概約百分比
Mr. Zhou Yun Jie*	周雲杰先生*		5,610,000	0.23
Mr. Li Hua Gang*	李華剛先生*		2,001,000	0.08
Mr. Wu Yinong <sup>#</sup>	吴亦農先生#		320,000	0.01
Mr. Yu Hon To, David <sup>#</sup>	俞漢度先生#		360,000	0.01
Dr. Liu Xiao Feng <sup>#</sup>	劉曉峰博士#		320,000	0.01
Note: Mr. Wu Ke Song*, who resigned on 16 December 2012, had 7,420,000 share options granted and not yet exercised at the date of resignation.		附註	:於二零一二年十二月十六日 生*於辭任日期擁有7,420,00 行使之購股權。	
* The exercise price of each of the above share options is HK\$1.70 for subscription of one Share. The exercisable period is from 18 September 2010 to 17 September 2014.		*	各上述購股權的行使價為詞 行使期為二零一零年九月- 年九月十七日。	
	of the above share options is HK\$8.67 for exercisable period is from 16 June 2012 to 15	#	各上述購股權的行使價為認 行使期自二零一二年六月-	

December 2014.

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

# 董事於股份及相關股份之權益 及淡倉(續)

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of Qingdao Haier Co., Ltd ("Qingdao Haier"), the Company's shareholder:

於本公司股東青島海爾股份有限公司(「青島 海爾」)之股份及相關股份之好倉:

Name 姓名	Number of shares held 持股數目	Approximate % of total registered share capital 佔總註冊股本 之概約百分比	Number of share options granted and not yet exercised 已授出 但尚未行使 之購股權數目	Approximate % of total registered share capital upon exercise of share option 購股權獲行使後 之總註冊股本 之概約百分比	Capacity and interest 身份及 權益性質
Ms. Yang Mian Mian 楊綿綿女士	1,472,672	0.0548	3,150,000 (note 1) (附註1)	0.12	Directly (personal) beneficially owned 直接 ( 個人 ) 實益擁有
Mr. Liang Hai Shan 梁海山先生	1,027,920	0.0383	2,212,000 (note 1) (附註1)	0.08	Directly (personal) beneficially owned 直接 (個人) 實益擁有
Mr. Zhou Yun Jie 周雲杰先生	98,298	0.0037	-	-	Directly (personal) beneficially owned 直接 (個人) 實益擁有

Notes:

#### 附註:

- 1. On 28 October 2009, Ms. Yang Mian Mian and Mr. Liang Hai Shan were granted options to subscribe for 2,250,000 and 1,580,000 ordinary shares of RMB1 each, respectively, at an exercise price of RMB10.88 per share in Qingdao Haier. On 25 August 2010, the exercise price had been adjusted to RMB10.58 per share. The exercise period is from 28 October 2010 to 27 October 2014. During 2011, Qingdao Haier has issued shares to existing shareholders from its certain capital reserve on the ratio of 10 shares for 10 shares. The above shares and outstanding share options held had reflected the effect of such capitalization issue. Also the exercise price had been adjusted to RMB5.24 per share. During 2012, the exercise price had been adjusted to RMB5.07 per share.
- Mr. Wu Ke Song, who resigned on 16 December 2012, directly and beneficially owned 122,672 shares of Qingdao Haier at the date of resignation.

Save as disclosed above, no directors or chief executive had any interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers.

- 於二零零九年十月二十八日,楊綿綿女士及 梁海山先生分別獲授購股權認購青島海爾 每股面值人民幣1元之普通股2,250,000股及 1,580,000股,行使價為每股人民幣10.88元。 於二零一零年八月二十五日,每股行使價調整 為人民幣10.58元。行使期由二零一零年十月 二十八日起至二零一四年十月二十七日止。 於二零一一年,青島海爾已自其若干資本儲 備中按每10股發行10股的比例,向現有股東 發行股份。上述股份及所持有的尚未行使購 股權已反映該等資本化發行的影響。行使價 亦已調整至每股人民幣5.24元。於二零一二 年,行使價已調整為每股人民幣5.07元。
- 於二零一二年十二月十六日辭任之武克松先 生於辭任日期直接實益擁有122,672股青島海 爾股份。

除上文所披露者外,概無董事或最高行政人 員於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例第XV部)之股份或相關股份中,擁有記錄 於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須 存置之登記冊中之任何權益或淡倉,或根據 上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則須 知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

#### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES IN **OR DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY**

#### Share option scheme

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and reward to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Further details of the Share Option Scheme are disclosed in note 34 to the financial statements.

The following table discloses movements in the Company's share options outstanding during the year:

### 董事購置本公司股份或債權證 ン權利

#### 購股權計劃

本公司設立購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),目的 在於向對本集團成功經營作出貢獻之合資格 參與者提供獎勵及回報。購股權計劃之其他 詳情披露於財務報表附註34。

下表披露本公司於年內未行使購股權之變動 情況:

				f share optio	ns				
Name or category of participant 姓名或參與者類別	At 1 January 2012 於 二零一二年 一月一日	Granted during the year 於年內 授出	Exercised	<sup>及權數目</sup> Cancelled during the year 於年內 取消	Lapsed during the year 於年內 失效	31 December		Exercise period of share options 購股權行使期	Exercise price of share options (note 2) per share HK\$ 購股權行使價 (附註2) 每股港元
	ЛН	12 Ц				Т—Л—Т н			马顶花刀
<b>Executive directors</b> 執行董事 Mr. Zhou Yun Jie	5,610,000	_	_	_	_	5,610,000	18/09/2009	18/09/2010-17/09/2014	1.7
周雲杰先生 Mr. Li Hua Gang 李華剛先生	2,070,000	-	-	69,000	-	2,001,000	18/09/2009	18/09/2010–17/09/2014	1.7
	7,680,000	_	_	69,000	_	7,611,000			
Independent Non-executive directors									
<b>獨立非執行董事</b> Mr. Yu Hon To, David 俞漢度先生	360,000	-	_	-	_	360,000	16/12/2011	16/06/2012-15/12/2014	8.67
Mr. Wu Yinong 吳亦農先生	320,000	-	-	-	-	320,000	16/12/2011	16/06/2012-15/12/2014	8.67
Dr. Liu Xiao Feng 劉曉峰博士	320,000	_	_	-	-	320,000	16/12/2011	16/06/2012-15/12/2014	8.67
	1,000,000	_	_	_		1,000,000			

# Number of share options

#### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES IN OR DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY (Continued) 之

# 董事購置本公司股份或債權證 之權利(續)

年九月十八日授出但尚未行使之購股權。

#### Share option scheme (Continued)

購股權計劃(續)

					<sup>:</sup> share optior }權數目	าร				
Name or c particip 姓名或參		At 1 January 2012 於 二零一二年 一月一日	Granted during the year 於年內 授出	Exercised during the year 於年內 行使	Cancelled during the year 於年內 取消	Lapsed during the year 於年內 失效	31 December 2012		Exercise period of share options 購股權行使期	Exercise price of share options (note 2) per share HK\$ 購股權行使價 (附註2) 每股港元
	onsultants									
外部顧問 In aggrega	te	21,567,000	_	8,535,000	1,840,000	_	11 192 000	18/09/2009	18/09/2010-17/09/2013	1.7
總計		21,001,000		0,000,000	1,010,000		11,102,000	10/00/2000	10/00/2010 11/00/2010	
In aggrega 總計	te	2,200,000	-	-	-	-	2,200,000	16/12/2011	16/12/2012-15/12/2014	7.58
		23,767,000	-	8,535,000	1,840,000	_	13,392,000			
Other emp	oloyees									
其他僱員		07.074.500			1 007 500			10/00/0000		
In aggrega 總計	te	27,371,500	_	4,643,000	1,927,500	_	20,801,000	18/09/2009	18/09/2010-17/09/2014	1.7
In aggrega	te	24,819,000	_	6,679,000	829,200	1,215,000	16.095.800	18/05/2010	18/05/2011-17/05/2014	4.82
總計		,,		-,,		.,	, ,			
In aggrega 總計	te	15,580,000	-	-	-	-	15,580,000	16/12/2011	16/12/2012-15/12/2014	7.58
		67,770,500	_	11,322,000	2,756,700	1,215,000	52,476,800			
		100,217,500	_	19,857,000	4,665,700	1,215,000	74,479,800			
Notes:							附註	:		
	he vesting pe ommencement			ns is from	the date of	of grant u	ntil the 1.	購股權歸屬 始日期止。	屬期間為自授出日期為	电至行使期開
ri	he exercise pri ghts or bonus Company.			-	-				&或發行紅股或本公; ),則購股權的行使價	
	he weighted av ne exercise date					nmediately	before 3.		段權行使日期前之本。 [為每股10港元。	公司股份加權
	1r. Wu Ke Son ptions granted	0							二年十二月十六日辭( 目期擁有7,420,000份ē	

resignation.

#### DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES IN OR DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

#### Share option scheme (Continued)

Save as the options granted to the director, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any director or their respective spouses or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

#### **CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE**

The Group has contracts with Haier Group and their subsidiaries and/or associates (collectively referred to as "Haier Affiliates") for the purchase of products and materials. Further details of the transactions undertaken in connection with these contracts during the year are included in the section "CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS".

## 董事購置本公司股份或債權證 之權利(續)

#### 購股權計劃(續)

除授予董事之購股權外,於年內任何時間概 無任何董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成年子女 獲授予或行使可透過購入本公司股份或債權 證而獲益之權利,而本公司、其控股公司、其 任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司概無訂立任何 安排,致令本公司董事可購入任何其他法人 團體之該等權利。

# 重要合約

本集團與海爾集團及其附屬公司及/或聯營 公司(統稱「海爾聯屬公司」)訂立合約以採購 產品及材料。就該等合約於年內進行交易之 其他詳情收錄於「關連交易」一節。

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

At 31 December 2012, the following shareholders interested in 5% or more of the issued share capital and share options of the Company were recorded in the register of substantial shareholders required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

Long positions:

# 主 要 股 東 於 股 份 及 相 關 股 份 之 權 益

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,以下擁有本 公司已發行股本及購股權5%或以上權益之股 東乃記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336 條規定須存置之主要股東名冊:

好倉:

Name of shareholder		Notes	Number of Shares interested	Approximate percentage of the Company's issued share capital 佔本公司
股東名稱		附註	擁有權益之 股份數目	已發行股本之 概約百分比
Qingdao Haier Collective Asset Management Association ("Haier Collective Asset Management")	青島海爾集體資產管理協會 (「海爾集體資產管理」)	1, 4	1,573,130,592	64.25
Haier Corp	海爾集團公司	2,4	1,573,130,592	64.25
Haier Investment	海爾投資	3, 4	1,573,130,592	64.25
Qingdao Haier	青島海爾	4	1,224,439,592	50.01
Haier Shareholdings (Hong Kong) Limited ("Hong Kong Haier")	海爾股份(香港)有限公司 (「香港海爾」)	4	831,762,110	33.97
Carlyle Asia Partners III AIV Cayman, L.P.	Carlyle Asia Partners III AIV Cayman, L.P.	5	240,000,000	9.80
Hawaii Asia Holdings Limited	Hawaii Asia Holdings Limited	5	240,000,000	9.80

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

#### Notes:

 As at 31 December 2012, by virtue of the SFO, Haier Collective Asset Management was deemed to be interested in an aggregate of 1,573,130,592 Shares, including (i) 348,691,000 Shares directly and indirectly held by its non wholly-owned subsidiary, namely Haier Investment; and (ii) given Haier Investment was acting in concert with Haier Corp and Qingdao Haier, Haier Collective Asset Management was also deemed to be interested in 1,224,439,592 Shares held by Qingdao Haier pursuant to the SFO.

Ms. Yang Mian Mian and Mr. Zhou Yun Jie, executive directors of the Company, and Mr. Liang Hai Shan, non-executive director of the Company are also members of the board of management of Haier Collective Asset Management.

 As Qingdao Haier is a non wholly-owned subsidiary of Haier Corp, Haier Corp was deemed to be interested in 1,224,439,592 Shares held by Qingdao Haier pursuant to the SFO.

Furthermore, as Haier Corp was acting in concert with Haier Investment, Haier Corp was deemed to be interested in 348,691,000 Shares held by Haier Investment and its subsidiary.

Ms. Yang Mian Mian and Mr. Zhou Yun Jie, executive directors of the Company, and Mr. Liang Hai Shan, non-executive director of the Company, are also the members of the management committee of Haier Corp.

 Haier Investment and its subsidiary held 348,691,000 Shares in total as beneficial owners. Moreover, Haier Investment was deemed to be interested in 1,224,439,592 Shares held by Qingdao Haier pursuant to the SFO by reason of its acting in concert with Haier Corp.

Ms. Yang Mian Mian, the executive director of the Company, is also director of Haier Investment.

- 4. Qingdao Haier held 392,677,482 Shares as beneficial owner. Moreover, Qingdao Haier was deemed to be interested in 831,762,110 Shares held by its wholly-owned subsidiary, Hong Kong Haier, pursuant to the SFO.
- Carlyle Asia Partners III AIV Cayman, L.P. was deemed to be interested in the Shares held by its subsidiary, Hawaii Asia Holdings Limited, pursuant to the SFO.

# 主要股東於股份及相關股份之 權益<sub>(續)</sub>

附註:

 於二零一二年十二月三十一日,根據證券及 期貨條例,海爾集體資產管理被視為於合共 1,573,130,592股股份中擁有權益,該等股份 包括(()由其非全資附屬公司海爾投資直接及間 接持有之348,691,000股股份;及(ii)鑒於海爾 投資與海爾集團公司及青島海爾一致行動, 根據證券及期貨條例,海爾集體資產管理亦 被視為於青島海爾持有之1,224,439,592股股 份中擁有權益。

> 本公司執行董事楊綿綿女士及周雲杰先生, 以及本公司非執行董事梁海山先生亦為海爾 集體資產管理理事會之成員。

 由於青島海爾為海爾集團公司之非全資附屬 公司,故此,根據證券及期貨條例,海爾集團 公司被視為於青島海爾持有之1,224,439,592 股股份中擁有權益。

> 此外,由於海爾集團公司與海爾投資乃一致 行動,故此,海爾集團公司被視為於海爾投資 及其附屬公司所持有之348,691,000股股份中 擁有權益。

> 本公司執行董事楊綿綿女士及周雲杰先生, 以及本公司非執行董事梁海山先生亦為海爾 集團公司管理委員會之成員。

 實益擁有人海爾投資及其附屬公司合共持有 348,691,000股股份。此外,鑒於其與海爾集團 公司一致行動,根據證券及期貨條例,海爾投 資亦被視為於青島海爾持有之1,224,439,592 股股份中擁有權益。

> 本公司執行董事楊綿綿女士亦為海爾投資之 董事。

- 實益擁有人青島海爾持有392,677,482股股份。此外,根據證券及期貨條例,青島海爾 被視為於其全資附屬公司香港海爾持有之 831,762,110股股份中擁有權益。
- 根據證券及期貨條例, Carlyle Asia Partners III AIV Cayman, L.P. 被視為於其附屬公司Hawaii Asia Holdings Limited持有之股份中擁有權益。

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES (Continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2012, no person, other than the directors of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' interests and short positions in shares and underlying shares" above, had registered an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

# **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

During the year, the Company and the Group had the following connected and continuing connected transactions, certain details of which are disclosed in compliance with the requirements of Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules").

#### **Connected transactions**

(i) During the year, Shandong Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd. ("Shandong Goodaymart"), a 51%-owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired 50.5% interests in Zhucheng Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Yanzhou Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Rizhao Lingyun Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Jining Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Taian Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Jinan Goodaymart Trading Co., Ltd., Qufu Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd. and Qingdao Yatai Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd. and a 51% interest in Laiwu Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd. at an aggregate consideration of RMB8.59 million, which was determined with reference to the respective amounts of paid-in capital of the acquired entities. These acquired entities were non-whollyowned subsidiaries of Haier Group and are principally engaged in the sales of electrical appliances in Mainland China.

# 主要股東於股份及相關股份之 權益(續)

除上文披露者外,於二零一二年十二月三十 一日,概無權益載列於上文「董事於股份及相 關股份之權益及淡倉」一節之本公司董事以外 之人士於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據 證券及期貨條例第336條規定須予記錄之登記 權益或淡倉。

# 關連交易

年內,本公司及本集團進行如下關連及持續 關連交易,若干詳情已遵照聯交所證券上市 規則(「上市規則」)第十四A章之規定予以披 露。

#### 關連交易

() 年內,本公司擁有51%權益之附屬公司 山東日日順電器有限公司(「山東日日 順」)合共以人民幣8,590,000元之代價 收購諸城日日順電器有限責任公司、兗 州日日順電器有限公司、日照凌雲日日 順電器有限公司、濟寧日日順電器有限公司、泰安日日順電器有限公司、濟南 日日順商貿有限公司、曲阜日日順電器 有限公司及青島日日順雅泰電器有限公司之50.5%權益,以及萊蕪市日日順電 器有限公司之51%權益,該代價乃經參 考被收購實體為海爾集團非全資附屬公 司,均主要於中國內地從事電器銷售。

#### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### Connected transactions (Continued)

(ii) During the year, Qingdao Lejia Electric Appliances Co., Ltd. disposed its available for sale investment on Qingdao Haier Dish-Washing Machine Co., Ltd. ("Qingdao Dish-Washing Machine") to Qingdao Haier at the consideration of RMB6,190,000 which was determined with reference to the net assets of Qingdao Dish-Washing Machine.

#### Continuing connected transactions

During the year, the Group had the following material transactions with Haier Affiliates:

# 關連交易(續)

#### 關連交易(續)

(ii) 年內,青島樂家電器有限公司向青島海 爾出售其於青島海爾洗碗機有限公司 (「青島洗碗機」)之可供出售投資,代價 為人民幣6,190,000元,有關代價乃經參 考青島洗碗機之資產淨值後釐定。

#### 持續關連交易

年內,本集團與海爾聯屬公司曾進行以下重 大交易:

		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Export sale of washing machines and	出口銷售洗衣機及			
water heaters	熱水器	(i)	1,566,686	1,453,159
Domestic sale of products	國內銷售產品	(ii)	221,410	152,167
Purchase of finished goods	採購製成品	(iii)	26,866,861	27,771,051
Purchase of raw materials	採購原料	(iv)	11,237,974	10,708,982
Printing and packaging fee expenses	印刷及包裝費支出	(v)	57,997	29,688
Mould charges	模具費支出	(vi)	179,014	135,403
Utility service fee expenses	公用服務費支出	(vii)	95,033	79,355
Promotion fee expenses	宣傳費支出	(∨iii)	204,566	185,969
Other service fee expenses	其他服務費支出	(ix)	378,906	307,525
Interest income	利息收入	(X)	21,224	12,758
Interest expenses	利息支出	(×)	1,469	464
Other financial service fees	其他金融服務費	(×i)	6,173	7,639
Trademark licence fee expenses	商標牌照費支出	(×ii)	_	_
Logistic service income	物流服務收入	(×iii)	1,795,008	1,729,837
After-sale service income	售後服務收入	(xiv)	218,620	45,884
Premise lease income	物業租賃收入	(XV)	1,008	2,016
Premise lease expenses	物業租賃開支	(XV)	1,051	2,043
Purchase of equipment	採購設備	(xvi)	16,033	1,854

#### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### Continuing connected transactions (Continued)

Notes:

- (i) The export sales of washing machines and water heaters were made to Haier Electrical Appliances Co., Ltd. ("Haier Electrical"), subsidiaries of Haier Investment, at selling prices representing the differences between the selling prices of washing machines and water heaters mutually agreed and the selling expenses of Haier Electrical not exceeding 1.5% of the selling prices of washing machines and water heaters.
- (ii) The domestic sales of products made at prices no less favourable than those prevailing in the domestic market for the products of the same type and quality and those offered by the Group to independent third parties.
- (iii) The purchase of finished goods was charged at prices no less favourable than those prevailing in the domestic market for the products of the same type and quality and those offered by Haier Affiliates to independent third parties.
- (iv) The purchase of raw materials was charged at prices not higher than the consolidated and integrated tender and bidding price of the raw materials plus a commission fee of not exceeding 1.75%.
- (v) The printing and packaging fee expenses were charged on terms no less favourable than those offered by independent third parties.
- (vi) The moulds were charged with reference to the average market tender and bidding price plus actual administrative costs.
- (vii) The utility service fee expenses were charged based on the state-prescribed prices plus actual administrative costs.
- (viii) The promotion fee expenses were charged at no more than 1.2% of the domestic sales of washing machines and water heaters of the Group.
- (ix) The other service fee expenses were charged with reference to the actual costs incurred and/or on terms no less favourable than those offered by independent third parties to the Group.
- (x) The interest income and expenses were determined with reference to the standard rates published by the People's Bank of China. The maximum balance of bank deposits placed with and the maximum loan balance drawn down from Haier Group Finance Co., Ltd. related to the above interest income and expenses during the year were RMB744,897,000 and RMB39,800,000, respectively.

## 關連交易(續)

持續關連交易(續)

附註:

- (i) 向海爾投資之附屬公司海爾集團電器產業有限公司(「海爾電器產業」)出口銷售洗衣機及熱水器乃按相等於雙方協定之洗衣機及熱水器售價與海爾電器產業之出售開支(不超過洗衣機及熱水器售價之1.5%)之差額之售價而進行。
- (ii) 國內銷售產品乃按不遜於國內市場類似種類 及質量的產品當時通行之價格以及本集團向 獨立第三方提供者計價。
- (iii) 採購製成品乃按不遜於國內市場類似種類及 質量的產品當時通行之價格以及海爾聯屬公 司向獨立第三方提供者計價。
- (iv) 採購原料乃按不高於原材料綜合及一體化競標價格另加不超過1.75%之佣金計價。
- (v) 印刷及包裝費支出乃按不遜於獨立第三方提 供之條款計價。
- (vi) 模具乃參考平均市場競標後之價格另加實際 行政成本計價。
- (vii) 公用服務費支出乃根據國家指定價格另加實際行政成本計價。
- (viii) 宣傳費支出乃按本集團洗衣機及熱水器之國 內銷售之不多於1.2%計價。
- (ix) 其他服務費支出乃參考所產生實際成本計價
   及/或按不遜於獨立第三方提供予本集團之
   條款計價。
- (x) 利息收入及支出乃參考中國人民銀行頒佈之 基準利率釐定。年內,就上述利息收入及支出 於海爾集團財務有限公司存入的最高銀行存 款結餘及提取的最高貸款結餘分別為人民幣 744,897,000元及人民幣39,800,000元。

CO	NNECTED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)	關	連交易 <sub>(續)</sub>
Со	ntinuing connected transactions (Continued)	持約	賣關連交易(續)
Notes	:: (Continued)	附註	:(續)
(xi)	The other financial service fee expenses were charged on terms no less favourable than those offered by independent third parties.	(×i)	其他金融服務費支出乃按不遜於獨立第三方 提供之條款計價。
(xii)	The trademark licence fee expenses were charged at a nominal consideration of RMB1 during the year.	(xii)	年內,商標牌照費支出乃按象徵式代價人民 幣1元計價。
(xiii)	The logistic service income was charged on terms no less favorable than those prevailing in the domestic market for services of similar kinds and quality and those charged by the Group on independent third parties.	(xiii)	物流服務收入乃按不遜於國內市場類似種類 及質量的服務當時通行之條款以及本集團向 獨立第三方收取者計價。
(xiv)	The after-sale service income was charged on terms no less favourable than those prevailing in the domestic market for services of similar nature and scale.	(xiv)	售後服務收入乃按不遜於國內市場類似性質 及規模的服務當時通行之條款計價。
(xv)	The premise lease income and expenses were determined with reference to the rental assessment of the premises conducted by an independent firm of professional valuers in the People's Republic of China.	(XV)	物業租賃收入及支出乃參考中華人民共和國 獨立專業估值公司對物業進行之租金評估釐 定。
(xvi)	The purchase of production and experimental equipment was charged at prices no less favourable than those offered by independent third parties.	(xvi)	採購生產及實驗設備乃按不遜於獨立第三方 提供之價格計價。
	n the Group's completion of the acquisition of Goodaymart Companies, daymart Companies had no material transactions with Haier Affiliates.		集團完成收購該等日日順公司時,該等 順公司與海爾聯屬公司概無任何重大交
cont	ndependent non-executive directors of the Company have reviewed the nuing connected transactions set out above and have confirmed that were entered into:		<司獨立非執行董事已審閱及確認上述持 連交易乃:
(i)	in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;	(i)	在本集團之一般及日常業務過程中進 行:
(ii)	on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and	(ii)	按一般商業條款進行,或按不遜於本集 團給予或獲自獨立第三方之條款進行; 及
(iii)	in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.	(iii)	按條款公平合理並符合本公司股東之整 體利益之有關協議進行。
	amounts of the continuing connected transactions have not exceeded ap disclosed in previous announcements made by the Company.		關連交易之金額並未超出本公司先前公 披露之上限。

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS** (Continued)

#### Continuing connected transactions (Continued)

Ernst & Young, the Company's auditors, were engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and with reference to Practice Note 740 Auditor's letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ernst & Young have issued their unqualified letter containing their findings and conclusions in respect of the continuing connected transactions disclosed above by the Group in accordance with Rule 14A.38 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditors' letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

# SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors as at the date of this report, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public.

#### EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of the significant events after the reporting period of the Group are set out in note 42 to the financial statements.

#### **AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young will retire, and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Yang Mian Mian Chairman

Hong Kong 18 March 2013

#### 關連交易(續)

#### 持續關連交易(續)

本公司核數師安永會計師事務所已獲聘根據 香港會計師公會頒布的《香港核證工作準則》 第3000號「審核或審閱歷史財務資料以外的核 證工作」及參照實務説明第740號「關於《香港 上市規則》所述持續關連交易的核數師函件」 就本集團的持續關連交易作出報告。安永會 計師事務所已根據上市規則第14A.38條發出 無保留意見函件,當中載有其對本集團於上 文披露的持續關連交易的發現及結論。本公 司已將核數師函件副本送呈聯交所。

#### 足夠公眾持股量

根據於本報告日期本公司所得之公開資料及 就董事所知,本公司全部已發行股本最少25% 由公眾人士持有。

## 報告期後事項

本集團報告期後重大事項之詳情載於財務報 表附註42。

#### 核數師

安永會計師事務所將任滿告退,惟將在本公 司即將舉行之股東週年大會上提呈續聘其為 本公司核數師之決議案。

代表董事會

*主席* 楊綿綿

香港 二零一三年三月十八日

# **訓 E**RNST & YOUNG 安永

To the shareholders of Haier Electronics Group Co., Ltd. (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Haier Electronics Group Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 87 to 215, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2012, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards promulgated by the International Accounting Standards Board and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

#### 致海爾電器集團有限公司列位股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

吾等已審核刊於第87至第215頁海爾電器集團 有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴 集團」)之綜合財務報表,其中包括於二零一 二年十二月三十一日之綜合及公司財務狀況 表,截至該日止年度之綜合收益表、綜合全面 收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表, 以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註資料。

獨立核數師報告書

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之 責任

貴公司董事須負責按照國際會計準則理事會 頒佈之國際財務報告準則及香港公司條例之 披露規定編製綜合財務報表以作出真實而公 平之反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表 所必要的內部監控,以使綜合財務報表不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

## 核數師之責任

吾等之責任為根據吾等審核工作之結果,對 此等綜合財務報表提出意見。吾等之報告按 照百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條之規定, 僅向全體股東報告,而不可用作其他用途。吾 等概不就本報告之內容,對任何其他人士負 責或承擔任何責任。

吾等乃按香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核數準 則進行審核工作。該等準則要求吾等遵守道 德規範,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定綜合 財務報表是否不存有重大錯誤陳述。

#### AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2012, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Ernst & Young Certified Public Accountants 22/F, CITIC Tower 1 Tim Mei Avenue Central

Hong Kong 18 March 2013

# 核數師之責任(續)

審核涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表 所載金額及披露資料之審核憑證。所選定之 程序取決於核數師之判斷,包括評估由於欺 詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤 陳述之風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師會考 慮與該實體編製綜合財務報表以作出真實而 公平之反映相關之內部監控,以設計適當之 審核程序,但並非為對實體內部監控之有效 會計政策之合適性及所作出的會計估計之合 理性,以及評估綜合財務報表之整體列報方 式。

吾等相信,吾等所獲得之審核憑證乃充足及 適當地為吾等之審核意見提供基礎。

# 意見

依照吾等之意見,該等綜合財務報表已根據 國際財務報告準則真實而公平地反映貴公司 及貴集團於二零一二年十二月三十一日之財 務狀況及貴集團於截至該日止年度之溢利及 現金流量,並已根據香港公司條例之披露規 定而適當編製。

**安永會計師事務所** 執*業會計師* 中環 添美道1號 中信大廈22樓

香港 二零一三年三月十八日

# Consolidated Income Statement

		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
REVENUE	收入	5	55,615,047	50,089,857
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(46,673,866)	(42,582,594)
Gross profit	毛利		8,941,181	7,507,263
Other income and gains Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other expenses and losses Finance costs	其他收入及收益 銷售及分銷費用 行政費用 其他費用及虧損 融資成本	5	106,250 (4,569,519) (2,152,495) (16,651) (64,504)	99,423 (4,157,305) (1,572,964) (60) (22,492)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	2,244,262	1,853,865
Income tax expense	所得税開支	10	(537,285)	(386,942)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		1,706,977	1,466,923
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下各方應佔: 本公司股東 非控股權益	11	1,695,122 11,855	1,407,458 59,465
			1,706,977	1,466,923
EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY Basic	<b>本公司普通股</b> 股東應佔 每股盈利 基本	13	RMB70.73 cents 人民幣70.73分	RMB61.19 cents 人民幣61.19分
Diluted	攤薄		RMB66.18 cents 人民幣66.18分	RMB55.50 cents 人民幣55.50分

Details of the dividends proposed for the year are disclosed in note 12 to the financial statements.

本年度擬派股息之詳情於財務報表附註12披露。

# **Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income**

**综合全面收益表** Year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		1,706,977	1,466,923
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	<b>其他全面收益</b> 換算海外業務之 匯兑差額		2,108	(23,056)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內全面收益總額		1,709,085	1,443,867
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下各方應佔: 本公司股東 非控股權益	11	1,697,159 11,926	1,384,496 59,371
			1,709,085	1,443,867

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

		Notes 附註	31 December 2012 二零一二年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 December 2011 二零一一年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)	1 January 2011 二零一一年 一月一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產				
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	15	1,308,806	990,212	863,893
Investment properties	投資物業	16	14,723	19,128	20,800
Prepaid land lease payments	預付土地租賃款	17	254,735	259,377	171,229
Intangible assets	無形資產	18	74,657	79,811	962
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	20	2,925	8,625	8,625
Prepayments for items of property,	物業、廠房及設備		- · · ·		
plant and equipment	項目之預付款項	00	61,177	-	-
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	32	455,634	382,642	221,311
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		2,172,657	1,739,795	1,286,820
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產				
Inventories	存貨	21	2,479,191	2,114,687	1,358,334
Trade and bills receivables	應收賬款及票據	22	6,924,088	5,581,424	3,931,671
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及				
other receivables	其他應收賬款	23	1,207,218	870,516	653,840
Pledged deposits	已質押存款	24	61,804	87,402	3,011
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	24	5,368,308	3,961,781	2,737,413
Total current assets	流動資產總值		16,040,609	12,615,810	8,684,269
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債				
Trade and bills payables	<b>派到員員</b> 應付賬款及票據	25	2,961,504	2,550,908	1,561,376
Tax payable	應付税項	20	837,476	619,362	616,318
Other payables and	其他應付賬款及			010,002	010,010
accruals	應計負債	26	6,494,628	5,326,539	4,457,703
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借貸	27	39,800	25,000	5,000
Provisions	撥備	31	534,331	466,466	291,963
Put option liabilities	認沽期權負債	29	53,570	900	
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		10,921,309	8,989,175	6,932,360

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (continued)

综合財務狀況表(續)

		Notes 附註	31 December 2012 二零一二年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 December 2011 二零一一年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)	1 January 2011 二零一一年 一月一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		7,291,957	5,366,430	3,038,729
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債				
Convertible bonds	<b>齐</b> 而 勤 員 隕 可 換 股 債 券	30	699,643	669,849	
Due to non-controlling shareholders		28	59,537	009,049	_
Provisions	滤 [] 升 12 [ ] 放 术 派 項 撥 備	31	266,884	224,944	151,555
Deferred income	遞延收入	01	42,210	42,910	43,609
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	32	8,755	8,826	9,257
Put option liabilities	認沽期權負債	29	374,700	114,100	
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		1,451,729	1,060,629	204,421
Net assets	資產淨值		5,840,228	4,305,801	2,834,308
EQUITY	權益				
Equity attributable to owners	本公司股東				
of the Company	應佔權益				
Issued equity	已發行權益	33	2,501,181	2,337,909	2,248,843
Equity component	可換股債券之		,,	,,	, , , - ,
of convertible bonds	權益部分	30	149,249	149,249	_
Reserves	儲備	35(a)	2,731,816	1,538,227	357,006
Proposed final dividend	擬派末期股息	12	157,480		
			5,539,726	4,025,385	2,605,849
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		300,502	280,416	228,459

Yang Mian Mian 楊綿綿 Chairman 主席 Zhou Yun Jie 周雲杰 Director 董事

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表 Year ended 31 December 2011 截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度

	Total equity	權益總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元		2,813,638 20,670	2,834,308 1,466,923	(23,056)	1,443,867 81,662	48, 183	20,000 208,040	2000'02	29,953	I	(118,000)	3,000	(19,321)	(3,000)	(293,800) -	4,305,801
	Non- controlling interests	非 植草 活 系 第 子 に 子 に		214,749 13,710	228,459 59,465	(94)	59,371 -	48,183	1.1	I	T	I	(42,179)	5,903	(19,321)	I	1-1	280,416
	Total	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人		2,598,889 6,960	2,605,849 1.407,458	(22,962)	1,384,496 81,662	T	20,000 208 040	70,000	29,953	I	(75,821)	(2,903)	T	(3,000)	(293,800) -	4,025,385
	Equity component of convertible bonds	▲ ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●		I I	1.1	T	1 1	I	- 140.240		T	I	I	I	T	I	I I	149,249
	Total	儲備總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人		350,046 6,960	357,006 1.407,458	(22,962)	1,384,496 (7,404)	I	20,000 59.700	20'000	29,953	I	(75,821)	(2,903)	T	(3,000)	(293,800) -	1,538,227
	Warrant reserve	權證證權 民產證證 死產 第 月 二		I I	1.1	I	1 1	I		8 I	T	I	I	I	T	I	1-1	59,700
	Exchange fluctuation reserve	外匯 波動儲備 RAMB10000 人民幣千元 人		12,742	12,742 	(22,962)	(22,962) -	I	1.1	I	T	I	I	I	I	I	1-1	(10,220)
	Retained profits	保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人		2,369,447 1,233	2,370,680 1.407,458	I	1,407,458 	I	1.1	I	T	1,666	I	I	I	(3,000)	- (90,355)	3,686,449
	Reserve	儲備基金 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人		386,000	386,000	I	1 1	I	1.1	I	T	I	I	I	I	I	90,355	476,355
I	Non- controlling interests reserve	非控股 權益儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 /		I I	1.1	T	1 1	I	1.1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1-1	I.
	Put option reserve	調整 基本 BMB(000 人民幣千元 /		I I	1.1	T	1 1	I	1 1	I	I	I	(75,821)	(2,903)	I	I	I I	(78,724)
	Share option reserve	購設權 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 、		39,060	39,060	T	- (7,404)	I	1.1	I	29,953	(1,666)	I	I	T	I	I I	59,943
	Share- based payment reserve	以股權支付 之儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元、		I I	1.1	T	1 1	I	1.1	70,000	I	I	I	I	I	I	I I	70,000
	Merger reserve	合併儲備 合併儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 、		(1,270,866) 5,727	(1,265,139) -	T	1 1	I	20,000	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	(293,800) -	(1,538,339)
	Capital redemption reserve			184 -	184	T	1 1	I	1.1	I	T	I	I	I	I	I	I I	184
	Capital reserve	資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元		572,005 -	572,005 -	T	1 1	I	1.1	I	T	I	I	I	I	I	I I	572,005
	Capital reduction reserve	問減儲備 創減儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元		(1,758,526)	(1,758,526) -	T	1 1	I	1.1	I	T	I	I	I	I	I	I I	(1,758,526)
	Issued	已發行 離益 RMB <sup>3</sup> 000 人民幣千元		2,248,843 -	2,248,843 -	T	- 1068	I	1.1	I	I	1	I	I	I	I	I I	2,337,909
	Notes	超					S		F		32		53	29				
			年 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-1 1-	三里街	經重列 年內溢利(重列)	換算海外業務 之匯兑差額	年 内全 人在 協 総 総 総 総 統 の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の	非控股股東 出資 [1]	80篇公司 歯時控股公司 出資 然行回歩昭儒英	※11~15~15~15~15~15~15~15~15~15~15~15~15~1	以股本結算之購股權安排	<sub>が</sub> )肺政権で 沒收後從購股權 儲備轉撥	發行認沽期權 認沽期權自備之	公平值變動	CID キロダ 限東限急 コ4 階層公司	"時息向"。 "控"。 招、股、股	公司作出的 分派 轉撥至儲備基金	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日
			At 1 January 2011	As previously reported Effect of business combination	As restated Profit for the vear (restated)		Total comprehensive income for the year Issue of shares		Capital contributions from the then holding companies of subsidiaries lesue of convertintle honds		U	rearser or state option reserve upon forfeiture of share options	alue	les.	shareholders	anies to	holding companies Transfer to reserve funds	At 31 December 2011

Attributable to the owners of the Company 本公司股東應佔

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (continued) 综合權益變動表(續)

Year ended 31 December 2012 截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止年度 如何如何如何如何如何如何如何如何如何如何如何如何不可以不可以不可以不可以

									Att	Attributable to the owners of the Company 本公司設東應佔	to the owners of t 本公司股東應佔	the Compan									
	ž	Is Notes eq	Capital Issued reduction equity reserve		Capital red reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Merger reserve	Share- based payment reserve	Share option reserve	Put option reserve	Non- controlling interests reserve	Reserve funds	Retained	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Warrant reserve	Total reserves	Proposed final of dividend	Equity component of convertible bonds	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
	50.	<ul> <li>         日報 内社 市価格     </li> <li>         RMB'000     </li> <li>         人民幣千元     </li> </ul>	· 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王 王		資本儲備 開MB'000 F 人民幣千元 人 [	骥回儲備 骥回儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人	合併儲備 RMB'000 、民幣千元 人	以股権支 付之儲備 RIMB'000 人民幣千元 人	離勝 權儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	認 離 離 離 備 離 備 備 離 備 構 部 一 構 部 の の の の 人 氏 幣 一 、 の の の し の の し の の し の の し の の し の の し の の し の の し の の の し の の し の の し の の の の し の の の の の の の の の の の の の	非控股権 益儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 ノ	儲備基金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	保留溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元		權證 權證 RMB'000 人民幣千元	儲備總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元		一 回後 一 回後 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一 一	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	時	欀益總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2012	於二零一二年 一月一日 如過在呈報 業務合併的影響	2,337,909 -	(1,758,	- 56	572,005 -	184 (1 -	(1,544,666) 5,727	70,000 -	59,943 -	(78,724) _		476,355 -	3,683,774 2,675	(10,220) _	59,700 –	1,529,825 8,402		149,249 	4,016,983 8,402	263,870 16,546	4,280,853 24,948
As restated 盤 Profit for the year 年 Exchance differences on 換	經重列 年內溢利 適油外業務	2,337,909 -	(1,758,	-	572,005 -	184 (1	(1,538,939) -	-	59,943 -	(78,724) -		476,355 -	3,686,449 1,695,122	(10,220) _	59,700 -	1,538,2 <i>27</i> 1,695,1 <i>2</i> 2		149,249 -	4,025,385 1,695,122	280,416 11,855	4,305,801 1,706,977
\$	之匯兑差額													2,037		2,037			2,037	7	2,108
Total comprehensive income 年 for the year issue of shares 發	年內全面收益 總額 發行股份 出於6888月18	33 163,	- 163,272					_ (66,107)	- (14,217)	11	11	11	1,695,122 _	2,037 _		1,697,159 (80,324)	11	1 1	1,697,159 82,948	11,926 _	1,709,085 82,948
lders	<u> </u>																			55,558	55,558
hareholders	"爸??																			(008'6)	(008'6)
《 私		ਲ							39,620							39,620			39,620		39,620
iture of	權	5							(3,989)				3,989			I g			۱ ؤ و	1	I
Ssue of put options   Cancellation of put options   Channes in fair value of out	馂仃認沽現羅 註錙認沽期權 卥쏚苗論自痛し	<u>र</u> श								(83,594) 3,200						(83, 594) 3, 200			(83,594) 3,200	(4,406) 3,000	(88,000) 6,200
		53								(222,204)						(222,204)			(222,204)	(9,266)	(231,470)
shareholders to	11.77.12.00 股東股息 視為向非控股																			(21,124)	(21,124)
areholders s tro	8.9.9.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.										5,802					5,802			5,802	(5,802)	
pup	2000 ITTX (1) - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -						(8,590)									(8,590)			(8,590)		(8,590)
		12		E II	(157,480) -							- 123,206	- (123,206)			(157,480) -	157,480 -				
At 31 December 2012 🕅	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日	2,501	2,501,181 (1,758,	326)	414,525	184 (1	(1,547,529)	3,893	81,357	(381,322)	5,802	599,561	5,262 ,354	(8,183)	59, 700	2,731,816	157,480	149,249	5,539,726	300,502	5,840,228

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows**

		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	201 <sup>-</sup> 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated (重列
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務之現金流量			
Profit before tax	除税前溢利		2,244,262	1,853,865
Adjustments for:	作以下調整:		, , ,	, ,
Finance costs	融資成本	7	64,504	22,492
Interest income	利息收入	5	(35,854)	(21,242
Dividend income from available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資股息收入	5	(6,733)	(1,988
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments	出售可供出售投資收益	5	(190)	(1,000
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	6	97,749	83,820
Depreciation of investment properties	投資物業折舊	6	1,192	1,672
Recognition of prepaid land premiums	確認預付土地出讓金	6	5,287	4,90
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	6	7,192	4,83
Provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventories	過時及滯銷存貨撥備	6	90,049	35,63
Provision/(reversal of provision) of	其他應收賬款之減值撥備	Ũ	00,010	00,00
impairment on other receivables	/(撥備撥回)	6	4,228	(33
Loss on disposal/write-off of items of	出售/撇銷物業、廠房及	Ū	4,220	(00)
property, plant and equipment and	設備項目及投資物業之			
investment properties, net	虧損淨額	6	1,580	6
Impairment of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備減值	6	5,503	-
Impairment of intangible assets		6	5,340	_
Equity-settled share option expense		6	39,620	- 29,95
			`	`
			2,523,729	2,013,67
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(454,553)	(791,98
Increase in trade and bills receivables	應收賬款及票據增加		(1,342,664)	(1,649,75
Increase in prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他應收			
other receivables	賬款增加		(319,581)	(216,00
Increase in trade and bills payables	應付賬款及票據增加		410,596	989,53
Increase in other payables and accruals	其他應付賬款及應計負債增加		1,165,126	1,227,13
Increase in provisions	撥備增加		109,805	247,89
Decrease in deferred income	遞延收入減少		(700)	(69
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	匯率變動影響淨額		4,719	14,22
Cash generated from operations	經營業務所得現金		2,096,477	1,834,01
Interest received	已收利息		35,854	21,24
			(000 101)	15 45 00
Mainland China corporate income tax paid	已付中國內地企業所得税		(392,164)	(545,22

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

綜合現金流量表(續)

		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動之現金流量			
Dividends received from available-for-sale investments	已收可供出售投資股息		6,733	1,988
Purchases of items of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備項目			
equipment		15	(406,421)	(210,262)
Prepayments for items of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備項目之			
equipment	預付款項		(61,177)	_
Proceeds from disposal of items of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備項目			
plant and equipment	所得款項		4,473	3,457
Additions to prepaid lease payments	新增預付租賃款	17	(1,611)	(93,394)
Additions to intangible assets	新增無形資產	18	(7,378)	(13,680)
Investments in available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之投資		(300)	—
Decrease/(increase) in pledged deposits	已質押存款減少/(增加)		25,598	(84,391)
Decrease/(increase) in time deposits with original	於取得當日起計原到期日			
maturity over three months when acquired	超過三個月之定期存款 減 <i>少/</i> (增加)		(209,000)	144,945
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用之 現金流量淨額		(649,083)	(251,337)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動之現金流量			
Proceeds from issue of shares	發行股份所得款項	33	82,948	81,662
Proceeds from issue of convertible bonds	發行可換股債券所得款項	30		874,375
Interests paid for convertible bonds	就可換股債券支付之利息	30	(35,188)	_
Capital contributions from non-controlling shareholders	非控股股東出資		35,926	48,183
Capital contributions from the then holding companies of subsidiaries	附屬公司當時控股公司出資		_	20,000
Capital returned to non-controlling shareholders	返還非控股股東資本		(9,800)	_
Loans from non-controlling shareholders	非控股股東貸款		67,765	_
New bank loans	新增銀行貸款		39,800	25,000
Repayment of borrowings	償還借貸		(25,000)	(5,000)
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders	已付非控股股東股息		(37,637)	(19,321)
Dividends paid to the then holding companies	已付附屬公司當時			, , , ,
of subsidiaries	控股公司股息		(2,420)	(3,000)
Deemed distributions to holding companies	視為向控股公司作出的分派	1		(664,649)
Interest paid	已付利息		(1,469)	(1,068)
Net cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量淨額		114,925	356,182

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (continued)

綜合現金流量表(續)

		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	<b>現金及現金等值項目之 增加淨額</b> 年初之現金及現金等值項目 匯率變動影響淨額		1,206,009 3,936,781 (8,482)	1,414,879 2,567,468 (45,566)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年終之現金及現金等值項目		5,134,308	3,936,781
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目之 結餘分折			
Non-pledged cash and bank balances	無抵押現金及銀行結餘	24	4,210,952	2,326,772
Time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when acquired	於取得當日起計原到期日 少於三個月之定期存款	24	1,157,356	1,635,009
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the statement of financial position Less: time deposits with original maturity	財務狀況表中所列之現金及 現金等值項目 減:於取得當日起計原到期		5,368,308	3,961,781
over three months when acquired	日超過三個月之定期存款		(234,000)	(25,000)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the statement of cash flows	現金流量表中所列之現金及 現金等值項目		5,134,308	3,936,781

# **Statement of Financial Position**

		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司的投資	19	2,039,482	1,858,599
Intangible assets	無形資產	18	64,750	68,250
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	19	249,671	145,318
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		2,353,903	2,072,167
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收賬款	23	15,804	779
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	24	1,065,406	1,340,242
Total current assets	流動資產總值		1,081,210	1,341,021
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Other payables and accruals	其他應付賬款及應計負債	26	36,944	26,010
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		36,944	26,010
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		1,044,266	1,315,011
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債		3,398,169	3,387,178
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	19	80,574	80,698
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	30	699,643	669,849
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		780,217	750,547
Net assets	資產淨值		2,617,952	2,636,631
EQUITY	權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	33	247,686	239,382
Equity component of convertible bonds	可換股債券之權益部分	30	149,249	149,249
Reserves	儲備	35(b)	2,063,537	2,248,000
Proposed final dividend	擬派末期股息	12	157,480	
Total equity	權益總值		2,617,952	2,636,631

Yang Mian Mian 楊綿綿 Chairman 主席 Zhou Yun Jie 周雲杰 Director 董事

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

加加加加加加加加加加加加加財務報表附註

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

# **1. CORPORATE INFORMATION**

Haier Electronics Group Co., Ltd. is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The registered office of the Company is located at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda.

In the opinion of the directors, the immediate holding company of the Company is Qingdao Haier Co., Ltd. ("Qingdao Haier"), which is established in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), and the controlling shareholders of the Company are Haier Group Corporation ("Haier Corp") and Qingdao Haier Investment and Development Co., Ltd. ("Haier Investment") (collectively referred to as "Haier Group"), which are established in the PRC, by reason of their acting in concert with each other in respect of the Company. Qingdao Haier is a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of Haier Corp.

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- manufacture and sale of washing machines
- manufacture and sale of water heaters
- provision of logistics, after-sale and other value-added consumer services as well as sale and distribution of home appliances and other products procured from subsidiaries and/or associates of Haier Group ("Haier Affiliates") and other external parties

During the year, Shandong Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., a 51%-owned subsidiary of the Company, acquired 50.5% interests in Zhucheng Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Yanzhou Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Rizhao Lingyun Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Rizhao Lingyun Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Jining Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd., Jinan Goodaymart Trading Co., Ltd., Qufu Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd. and Qingdao Yatai Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd. and a 51% interest in Laiwu Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd. at an aggregate consideration of RMB8,590,000, all of which remained unsettled as at 31 December 2012. These acquired entities were non-wholly-owned subsidiaries of Haier Group and are principally engaged in the sales of electrical appliances in Mainland China.

These transactions are collectively referred to as the "Acquisition Transactions" and the entities acquired in the Acquisition Transactions are collectively referred to as the "Acquired Entities".

# 1. 公司資料

海爾電器集團有限公司為於百慕達註 冊成立之有限公司。本公司註冊辦事 處位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda。

董事認為,本公司之直接控股公司為青 島海爾股份有限公司(「青島海爾」),該 公司於中華人民共和國(「中國」)成立, 而由於本公司之控股股東海爾集團公 司(「海爾集團公司」)及青島海爾投資發 展有限公司(「海爾投資」(統稱「海爾集 團」,均於中國成立)就本公司彼此之間 為一致行動,故為本公司之控股股東。 青島海爾為海爾集團公司之非全資附屬 公司。

本年度內,本集團從事下列主要業務:

- 製造及銷售洗衣機
- 製造及銷售熱水器
- 提供物流、售後及其他消費者增值 服務以及銷售和分銷來自海爾集 團之附屬公司及/或聯營公司(「海 爾聯屬公司」)及其他對外各方之家 電及其他產品

於年內,本公司擁有51%權益之附屬公司山東日日順電器有限公司合共以人 民幣8,590,000元之代價,收購諸城日日 順電器有限合司、兗州日日順電器有限公司、京州日日順電器有限公司、京寧日日順電器有限公司、濟寧日日順電器有限公司、濟電子日順電器有限公司之50.5% 備立司、曲阜日日順電器有限公司之50.5% 權益,以及萊蕪市日日順電器有限公司之 51%權益,有關全部代價於二零一二年 十二月三十一日均未清償。該等被收購 實體為海爾集團非全資附屬公司,均主 要於中國內地從事電器銷售。

此等交易統稱為「收購交易」,而收購 交易中之被收購實體統稱為「被收購實 體」。

# 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") (which include all International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations) promulgated by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for derivative financial instruments which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

# Merger accounting for business combination under common control

Pursuant to the Acquisition Transactions, the Company became a holding company of the Acquired Entities. Since the Company and the Acquired Entities were ultimately controlled by Haier Group both before and after the completion of the Acquisition Transactions, the Acquisition Transactions were accounted for using the principles of merger accounting.

The consolidated income statements, consolidated statements of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statements of cash flows of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011 include the results, changes in equity and cash flows of all companies then comprising the Group and the Acquired Entities, as if the corporate structure of the Group immediately after the completion of the Acquisition Transactions had been in existence throughout the years ended 31 December 2012 and 2011, or since their respective dates of acquisition, incorporation or registration, where this is a shorter period. The consolidated statements of financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2011 have been prepared to present the state of affairs of the Group and the Acquired Entities as if the corporate structure of the Group immediately after the completion of the Acquisition Transactions had been in existence and in accordance with the respective equity interests and/or the power to exercise control over the individual companies attributable to the Company as at 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2011.

# 2.1 編製基準

此等財務報表乃按國際會計準則理事會 (「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈之國際財 務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」,包括 所有國際財務報告準則,國際會計準則 (「國際會計準則」)及詮釋)及香港公司 條例之披露規定編製。此等財務報表乃 按歷史成本基礎編製,惟按公平值計量 之衍生財務工具除外。除特別指明外, 此等財務報表均以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈 列,而所有涉及金額均湊整至最接近的 千元。

#### 共 同 控 制 下 業 務 合 併 之 合 併 會計處 理

根據收購交易,本公司成為被收購實體 之控股公司。由於收購交易完成前及以 後本公司及被收購實體均由海爾集團最 終控制,故收購交易乃以合併會計準則 入賬。

本集團於截至二零一二年及二零一一年 十二月三十一日止年度之綜合收益表、 综合全面收益表、综合權益變動表及綜 合現金流量表包括當時組成本集團之所 有公司及被收購實體之業績、權益變動 及現金流量,猶如本集團於緊隨完成收 購交易後之公司架構在截至二零一二年 及二零一一年十二月三十一日止整個年 度或自此等公司各自之收購、註冊成立 或註冊日期(以較短期間為準)以來一直 存在。編製本集團於二零一一年十二月 三十一日及二零一一年一月一日之綜合 財務狀況表,旨在呈列本集團及被收購 實體之財務狀況,猶如本集團於緊隨完 成收購交易後之公司架構一直存在,並 按照於二零一一年十二月三十一日及二 零一一年一月一日本公司應佔各個別公 司之股權及/或對此等公司行使控制權 之權力而編製。

# 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

The operating results previously reported by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2011 have been restated to include the operating results of the Acquired Entities as set out below:

# 2.1 編製基準(續)

本集團過往呈報之截至二零一一年十二 月三十一日止年度之經營業績已重列, 以包括以下所載被收購實體之經營業績:

		The Group			
		(as previously	Acquired		The Group
		reported)	Entities	Elimination	(combined)
		本集團			本集團
		(如過往呈報)	被收購實體	抵銷	(合併)
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	49,899,807	195,748	(5,698)	50,089,857
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	1,848,522	5,343	-	1,853,865
Profit for the year	年內溢利	1,462,645	4,278		1,466,923

The financial positions previously reported by the Group at 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2011 have been restated to include assets and liabilities of the Acquired Entities as set out below:

本集團過往呈報之於二零一一年十二月 三十一日及二零一一年一月一日之財務 狀況已重列,以包括以下所載被收購實 體之資產及負債:

		The Group (as previously reported) 本集團	Acquired Entities	Elimination	The Group (combined) 本集團
		(如過往呈報)	被收購實體	抵銷	(合併)
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
31 December 2011	二零一一年 十二月三十一日				
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,739,647	148	_	1,739,795
Current assets	流動資產	12,554,389	61,421	_	12,615,810
Current liabilities	流動負債	8,952,554	36,621	_	8,989,175
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	1,060,629	_	_	1,060,629
Equity	權益	4,280,853	24,948	-	4,305,801
1 January 2011	二零一一年一月一日				
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,286,652	168	_	1,286,820
Current assets	流動資產	8,611,977	72,292	_	8,684,269
Current liabilities	流動負債	6,880,570	51,790	_	6,932,360
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	204,421	_	_	204,421
Equity	權益	2,813,638	20,670	_	2,834,308

# 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### **Basis of consolidation**

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2012. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. All intra-group balances, transactions, unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated on consolidation in full.

Total comprehensive income within a subsidiary is attributed to the non-controlling interest even if it results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate.

# 2.1 編製基準(續)

#### 綜合基準

此等綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬 公司截至二零一二年十二月三十一日止 年度的財務報表。附屬公司的財務報表 是按照與本公司相同的申報期間以貫徹 一致的會計政策編製。附屬公司的業績 由收購日期(即本集團取得控制權當日) 起綜合入賬,並繼續綜合入賬,直至該 控制權終止之日為止。一切集團內部之 易所產生的集團內部結餘、交易、未變 現損益及股息均已於綜合入賬時悉數對 銷。

即使附屬公司之全面收益總額歸屬於非 控股權益會導致產生虧絀結餘,仍會歸 屬於非控股權益。

對附屬公司擁有權權益之變動(並無喪 失控制權)乃作為權益交易入賬。

若本集團喪失對附屬公司之控制權,則 本集團須終止確認(i)附屬公司之資產(包 括商譽)與負債,(ii)任何非控股權益之賬 面值及(iii)於權益入賬之累積匯兑差額; 並確認(i)已收代價之公平值,(ii)任何保留 投資之公平值及(iii)任何於損益賬中產生 的盈餘或虧絀。先前已於其他全面收益 確認之本集團應佔部分應適當地重分類 至損益賬或保留溢利。

財務報表附註(續)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_31 December 2012: 二零一二年十二月三十一日

# 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND 2 DISCLOSURES

2.2 會計政策的變動及披露

本集團已為本年度的財務報表首次採納

下列經修訂國際財務報告準則。

The Group has adopted the following revised IFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

IFRS 1 Amendments	Amendments to IFRS 1 <i>First-time</i> Adoption of International Financial	國際財務報告 準則第1號	國際財務報告準則 第1號 <i>首次採納國際</i>
	Reporting Standards — Severe	(修訂本)	財務報告準則一
	Hyperinflation and Removal of Fixed		嚴重惡性通脹及
	Dates for First-time Adopters		取消首次採納者的
			<i>固定日期</i> 之修訂
IFRS 7 Amendments	Amendments to IFRS 7 Financial	國際財務報告	國際財務報告準則
	Instruments: Disclosures —	準則第7號	第7號 <i>財務工具:</i>
	Transfers of Financial Assets	(修訂本)	披露一轉讓
			<i>財務資產</i> 之修訂
IAS 12 Amendments	Amendments to IAS 12 Income Taxes	國際會計準則	國際會計準則第12號
	- Deferred Tax: Recovery of	第12號	所得税一遞延税
	Underlying Assets	(修訂本)	項:相關資產的
			收回之修訂

The adoption of the revised IFRSs has had no significant financial effect on these financial statements. 採納經修訂國際財務報告準則並無對此 等財務報表構成重大財務影響。

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日 如如 如 如 如

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

IFRS 1 Amendments	Amendments to IFRS 1 <i>First-time</i> Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards — Government Loans <sup>2</sup>	國際財務報告 國際財務報告準則 準則第1號 第1號 <i>首次採納國際</i> (修訂本) <i>財務報告準則</i> 一政府貸款之修訂 <sup>2</sup>
IFRS 7 Amendments	Amendments to IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures — Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities <sup>2</sup>	國際財務報告 國際財務報告準則 準則第7號 第7號 <i>財務工具:</i> (修訂本) <i>披露一對銷財務</i> 資產及財務負債 之修訂 <sup>2</sup>
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments⁴	國際財務報告 <i>財務工具</i> ⁴ 準則第9號
IFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements <sup>2</sup>	國際財務報告 <i>綜合財務報表</i> <sup>2</sup> 準則第10號
IFRS 11	Joint Arrangements <sup>2</sup>	國際財務報告 <i>合營安排<sup>2</sup></i> 準則第11號
IFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities <sup>2</sup>	國際財務報告 <i>披露其他實體權益<sup>2</sup></i> 準則第12號
IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 Amendments	Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 — <i>Transition Guidance</i> <sup>2</sup>	國際財務報告 國際財務報告準則 準則第10號、 第10號、國際財務 國際財務報告 報告準則第11號及 準則第11號及 國際財務報告準則 國際財務報告 第12號一 <i>過渡指引</i> 準則第12號 之修訂 <sup>2</sup> (修訂本)
IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27 (Revised)	Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27 (Revised) — <i>Investment</i> <i>Entities</i> <sup>3</sup>	國際財務報告 國際財務報告準則 準則第10號、 第10號、國際財務 國際財務報告 報告準則第12號及 準則第12號及 國際會計準則第27號 國際會計準則 (經修訂) - 投資實體 第27號 之修訂 <sup>3</sup> (經修訂)
IFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement <sup>2</sup>	國際財務報告 公平值計量 <sup>2</sup> 準則第13號
IAS 1 Amendments	Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements — Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income <sup>1</sup>	國際會計準則 國際會計準則第1號 第1號 <i>財務報表的</i> (修訂本) <i>呈列一其他全面收益</i> 項目的呈列之修訂 <sup>1</sup>

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之國際 財務報告準則

本集團並無於此等財務報表應用下列已 頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂國際財 務報告準則。

財務報表附註(續)

如如如如如31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日/

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS** (Continued)

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之國際 財務報告準則(續)

IAS 19 Amendments	Employee Benefits <sup>2</sup>	國際會計準則 第19號 (修訂本)	僱員福利 <sup>2</sup>
IAS 27 (Revised)	Separate Financial Statements <sup>2</sup>		獨立財務報表 <sup>2</sup>
IAS 28 (Revised)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures <sup>2</sup>	國際會計準則 第28號 (經修訂)	於聯營公司及合營企業 的投資 <sup>2</sup>
IAS 32 Amendments	Amendments to IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation — Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities <sup>3</sup>	國際會計準則 第32號 (修訂本)	國際會計準則第32號 <i>財務工具: 呈列一對銷財務資產 及財務負債之修訂<sup>3</sup></i>
IFRIC 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine <sup>2</sup>	國際財務報告 詮釋委員會 詮釋第20號	露天礦生產階段的 剝採成本 <sup>2</sup>
Annual Improvements 2009–2011 Cycle	Amendments to a number of IFRSs issued in May 2012 <sup>2</sup>	二零零九年至 二零一一年 週期之 年度改進	於二零一二年五月頒佈 之多項國際財務報告 準則之修訂 <sup>2</sup>
<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods	beginning on or after 1 July 2012		二年七月一日或之後開始之
<sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods	beginning on or after 1 January 2013	年度期間生 <sup>2</sup> 於二零一三 年度期間生	三年一月一日或之後開始之
<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods	beginning on or after 1 January 2014		四年一月一日或之後開始之
<sup>4</sup> Effective for annual periods	beginning on or after 1 January 2015		五年一月一日或之後開始之
Further information about t applicable to the Group is as f	hose IFRSs that are expected to be ollows:	預期本集團適用 進一步資料如7	用之國際財務報告準則之 下:
rights to set-off and related an The disclosures would provide evaluating the effect of netting position. The new disclosures instruments that are set off <i>Instruments: Presentation</i> . The financial instruments that are arrangement of similar agreent	tire an entity to disclose information about rrangements (e.g., collateral agreements). e users with information that is useful in ng arrangements on an entity's financial s are required for all recognised financial f in accordance with IAS 32 <i>Financial</i> ne disclosures also apply to recognised subject to an enforceable master netting nent, irrespective of whether they are set 32. The Group expects to adopt the 2013.	實體加協議)之 實體出協議)之 提供於方面有 影響和於方面有 計認露 有 期 引 和 大 和 和 和	準則第7號(修訂本)要求 抵銷權及相關安排(例如 資料。有關披露將為用戶 資安排約。有實體財務狀況之 之資料。須就根據國際會 財務工具:呈列抵銷之所 具作出有關新披露。有關 受類的可財務工具,而無論 民據國際會計準則第32號 集團預期自二零一三年一

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

IFRS 9 issued in November 2009 is the first part of phase 1 of a comprehensive project to entirely replace IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* This phase focuses on the classification and measurement of financial assets. Instead of classifying financial assets into four categories, an entity shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortised cost or fair value, on the basis of both the entity's business model for managing the financial assets. This aims to improve and simplify the approach for the classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of IAS 39.

In October 2010, the IASB issued additions to IFRS 9 to address financial liabilities (the "Additions") and incorporated in IFRS 9 the current derecognition principles of financial instruments of IAS 39. Most of the Additions were carried forward unchanged from IAS 39, while changes were made to the measurement of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss using the fair value option ("FVO"). For these FVO liabilities, the amount of change in the fair value of a liability that is attributable to changes in credit risk must be presented in other comprehensive income ("OCI"). The remainder of the change in fair value is presented in profit or loss, unless presentation of the fair value change in respect of the liability's credit risk in OCI would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch in profit or loss. However, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts which have been designated under the FVO are scoped out of the Additions.

IAS 39 is aimed to be replaced by IFRS 9 in its entirety. Before this entire replacement, the guidance in IAS 39 on hedge accounting and impairment of financial assets continues to apply. The Group expects to adopt IFRS 9 from 1 January 2015. The Group will quantify the effect in conjunction with other phases, when the final standard including all phases is issued.

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之國際 財務報告準則(續)

二零零九年十一月頒佈的國際財務報告 準則第9號為完全取代國際會計準則第 39號*財務工具:確認及計量*的全面計劃 的第一階段的第一部分。該階段重點為 財務資產的分類及計量。財務資產不再 分為四類,而應根據實體管理財務資產 的業務模式及財務資產合約現金流量特 徵,於後續期間按攤銷成本或公平值計 量。此舉旨在改進和簡化國際會計準則 第39號規定的財務資產分類與計量方 式。

於二零一零年十月,國際會計準則理事 會就財務負債頒佈國際財務報告準則第 9號之新增規定(「新增規定」),並將國 際會計準則第39號財務工具之現有取消 確認原則納入國際財務報告準則第9號 內。大部分新增規定均沿用國際會計準 則第39號,同時對採用公平值選擇「公平 值選擇」)計量指定透過損益賬按公平值 列賬之財務負債作出變動。就該等公平 值 撰 擇 負 債 而 言 , 由 信 貸 風 險 變 動 而 產 生的負債公平值變動金額,必須於其他 全面收益(「其他全面收益」)中呈列。除 非於其他全面收益中就負債之信貸風險 呈列公平值變動,會於損益賬中產生或 擴大會計差異,否則其餘公平值變動金 額於損益賬呈列。然而,新增規定並不 涵蓋指定按公平值選擇納入之貸款承諾 及財務擔保合約。

國際財務報告準則第9號旨在全面取代 國際會計準則第39號。於全面取代前, 國際會計準則第39號於對沖會計及財務 資產之減值方面的指引繼續適用。本集 團預期自二零一五年一月一日起採納國 際財務報告準則第9號。當包括所有階段 之最終準則頒佈後,本集團將綜合考慮 其他階段量化有關影響。

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) 时效招支财業(德)

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

IFRS 10 establishes a single control model that applies to all entities including special purpose entities or structured entities. It includes a new definition of control which is used to determine which entities are consolidated. The changes introduced by IFRS 10 require management of the Group to exercise significant judgement to determine which entities are controlled, compared with the requirements in IAS 27 and SIC 12 *Consolidation — Special Purpose Entities*. IFRS 10 replaces the portion of IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* that addresses the accounting for consolidated financial statements. It also addresses the issues raised in SIC 12. Based on the preliminary analyses performed, IFRS 10 is not expected to have any impact on the currently held investments of the Group.

IFRS 11 replaces IAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures and SIC 13 Jointly Controlled Entities — Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers. It describes the accounting for joint arrangements with joint control. It addresses only two forms of joint arrangements, i.e., joint operations and joint ventures, and removes the option to account for joint ventures using proportionate consolidation.

IFRS 12 includes the disclosure requirements for subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities previously included in IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements*, IAS 31 *Interests in Joint Ventures* and IAS 28 *Investments in Associates*. It also introduces a number of new disclosure requirements for these entities.

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之國際 財務報告準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第10號建立適用於所 有實體(包括特殊目的實體或結構性實 體)之單一控制模式。該準則包括控制 之新定義,用於確定須要綜合的實體。 與國際會計準則第27號及常務詮釋委員 會一 詮釋 第12號綜合 一 特殊目的實體之 規定相比,國際財務報告準則第10號引 入的變動規定本集團管理層須作出重大 判斷,以確定哪些實體受到控制。國際 財務報告準則第10號取代國際會計準則 第27號綜合及獨立財務報表指明綜合財 務報表入賬之部分,亦解決常務詮釋委 員會一詮釋第12號提出之問題。根據已 進行之初步分析,預期國際財務報告準 則第10號不會對本集團現時持有之投資 造成任何影響。

國際財務報告準則第11號取代國際會計 準則第31號於合營企業的權益及常務詮 釋委員會一詮釋第13號共同控制實體一 合營方作出之非貨幣出資, 説明共同控 制之合營安排之會計處理。該準則僅指 明兩種形式之合營安排, 即共同經營及 合營企業, 取消了採用按比例綜合入賬 對合營企業進行入賬之選擇。

國際財務報告準則第12號包括附屬公 司、合營安排、聯營公司及結構性實體 之披露規定,該等規定以往包括在國際 會計準則第27號綜合及獨立財務報表、 國際會計準則第31號於合營企業的權益 及國際會計準則第28號於聯營公司的投 資之內。該準則亦引入了該等實體之多 項新披露規定。

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

In June 2012, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12 which clarify the transition guidance in IFRS 10 and provide further relief from full retrospective application of these standards, limiting the requirement to provide adjusted comparative information to only the preceding comparative period. The amendments clarify that retrospective adjustments are only required if the consolidation conclusion as to which entities are controlled by the Group is different between IFRS 10 and IAS 27 or SIC 12 at the beginning of the annual period in which IFRS 10 is applied for the first time. Furthermore, for disclosures related to unconsolidated structured entities, the amendments will remove the requirement to present comparative information for period before IFRS 12 is first applied.

The amendments to IFRS 10 issued in October 2012 include a definition of an investment entity and provide an exception to the consolidation requirement for entities that meet the definition of an investment entity. Investment entities are required to account for subsidiaries at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IFRS 9 rather than consolidate them. Consequential amendments were made to IFRS 12 and IAS 27 (Revised). The amendments to IFRS 12 also set out the disclosure requirements for investment entities. The Group expects that these amendments will not have any impact on the Group as the Company is not an investment entity as defined in IFRS 10.

Consequential amendments were made to IAS 27 and IAS 28 as a result of the issuance of IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IFRS 12. The Group expects to adopt IFRS 10, IFRS 11, IFRS 12, IAS 27 (Revised) and IAS 28 (Revised), and the subsequent amendments to these standards issued in June and October 2012 from 1 January 2013.

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之國際 財務報告準則(續)

於二零一二年六月,國際會計準則理事 會頒佈國際財務報告準則第10號、國際 財務報告準則第11號及國際財務報告準 則第12號之修訂,闡明國際財務報告準 則第10號之過渡指引,並進一步放寬該 等準則之全面追溯應用要求,限制提供 經調整比較資料之規定僅應用於上一比 較期間。該等修訂闡明,倘有關哪些實 體由本集團控制之綜合結論於首次應用 國際財務報告準則第10號之年度期間開 始時,與國際財務報告準則第10號及國 際會計準則第27號或常務詮釋委員會-詮釋第12號之間出現差異時,才須進行 追溯調整。此外,就有關非綜合結構性 實體之披露而言,該等修訂將移除呈列 國際財務報告準則第12號首次應用前之 期間之比較資料之規定。

於二零一二年十月頒佈之國際財務報 告準則第10號之修訂包括投資實體之 釋義,並規定符合投資實體釋義之實體 之綜合要求之例外情況。投資實體積 處際財務報告準則第9號將附屬公司 以透過關際財務報告準則第12號及國際 計準則第27號(經修訂)已進行後 育訂。國際財務報告準則第12號之修 前,由於本公司並非國際財務報告準則 第10號所界定之投資實體,故該等修訂 將不會對本集團造成任何影響。

因頒佈國際財務報告準則第10號、國際 財務報告準則第11號及國際財務報告準 則第12號,國際會計準則第27號及國際 會計準則第28號已進行後續修訂。本集 團預期自二零一三年一月一日起採納國 際財務報告準則第10號、國際財務報告 準則第11號及國際財務報告準則第12 號、國際會計準則第27號(經修訂)及國 際會計準則第28號(經修訂),以及已於 二零一二年六月及十月頒佈之相關準則 之後續修訂。
財務報表附註(續)

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

IFRS 13 provides a precise definition of fair value and a single source of fair value measurement and disclosure requirements for use across IFRSs. The standard does not change the circumstances in which the Group is required to use fair value, but provides guidance on how fair value should be applied where its use is already required or permitted under other IFRSs. The Group expects to adopt IFRS 13 prospectively from 1 January 2013.

The IAS 1 Amendments change the grouping of items presented in OCI. Items that could be reclassified (or recycled) to profit or loss at a future point in time (for example, net gain on hedge of a net investment, exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net movement on cash flow hedges and net loss or gain on available-for-sale financial assets) would be presented separately from items which will never be reclassified (for example, actuarial gains and losses on defined benefit plans and revaluation of land and buildings). The amendments will affect presentation only and have no impact on the financial position or performance. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2013.

IAS 19 Amendments include a number of amendments that range from fundamental changes to simple clarifications and re-wording. The revised standard introduces significant changes in the accounting for defined benefit pension plans including removing the choice to defer the recognition of actuarial gains and losses. Other changes include modifications to the timing of recognition for termination benefits, the classification of short-term employee benefits and disclosures of defined benefit plans. The Group expects to adopt IAS 19 Amendments from 1 January 2013.

The IAS 32 Amendments clarify the meaning of "currently has a legally enforceable right to setoff" for offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. The amendments also clarify the application of the offsetting criteria in IAS 32 to settlement systems (such as central clearing house systems) which apply gross settlement mechanisms that are not simultaneous. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the financial position of performance of the Group upon adoption on 1 January 2014.

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之國際 財務報告準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第13號規定了公平值 之精確定義、公平值計量之單一來源及 在國際財務報告準則範圍內使用之披露 規定。該準則並不改變本集團須要使用 公平值之情況,而是為在其他國際財務 報告準則已規定或允許使用公平值之情 況下,應如何應用公平值提供了指引。 本集團預期自二零一三年一月一日起採 納國際財務報告準則第13號。

國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)改變在其 他全面收益呈列之項目之分組。在未來 某個時間可重新分類至損益賬(或於損 益賬重新使用)之項目(例如對沖投資淨 額之收益淨額、換算海外業務之匯兑差 額、現金流量對沖之變動淨額及可供出 售財務資產之虧損或收益淨額)將與不 得重新分類之項目(例如界定福利計劃 之精算收益及虧損以及土地及樓宇列方 式,對財務狀況或表現並不造成任何影 響。本集團預期自二零一三年一月一日 起採納此等修訂。

國際會計準則第19號(修訂本)載有若干 由基本轉變以至簡單的闡釋及措辭之修 訂。經修訂準則引入界定福利退休計劃 之會計處理方法之重大變動,包括刪除 遞延精算損益之確認之選擇。其他變動 包括修訂確認終止福利之時間、短期僱 員福利之分類及界定福利計劃之披露。 本集團預期自二零一三年一月一日起採 納國際會計準則第19號(修訂本)。

國際會計準則第32號(修訂本)闡明了 「目前具有合法強制執行抵消權利」以抵 消財務資產及財務負債之意義。該等修 訂亦闡明國際會計準則第32號之抵銷 標準對結算系統(例如中央結算所系統) 之應用,有關系統採用非同步之全額結 算機制。本集團將自二零一四年一月一 日起採納該等修訂,而該等修訂將不會 對本集團之財務狀況或表現構成任何影響。

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

The Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2009–2011 Cycle issued in May 2012 sets out amendments to a number of IFRSs. The Group expects to adopt the amendments from 1 January 2013. There are separate transitional provisions for each standard. While the adoption of some of the amendments may result in changes in accounting policies, none of these amendments are expected to have a significant financial impact on the Group. Those amendments that are expected to have a significant impact on the Group's policies are as follows:

(a) IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Clarifies the difference between voluntary additional comparative information and the minimum required comparative information. Generally, the minimum required comparative period is the previous period. An entity must include comparative information in the related notes to the financial statements when it voluntarily provides comparative information beyond the previous period. The additional comparative information does not need to contain a complete set of financial statements.

In addition, the amendment clarifies that the opening statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period must be presented when an entity changes its accounting policies; makes retrospective restatements or makes reclassifications, and that change has a material effect on the statement of financial position. However, the related notes to the opening statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period are not required to be presented.

(b) IAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation: Clarifies that income taxes arising from distributions to equity holders are accounted for in accordance with IAS 12 Income Taxes. The amendment removes the existing income tax requirements from IAS 32 and requires entities to apply the requirements in IAS 12 to any income tax arising from distributions to equity holders.

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之國際 財務報告準則(續)

於二零一二年五月頒佈之國際財務報告 準則二零零九年至二零一一年週期之年 度改進對多項國際財務報告準則進行了 修訂。本集團預期自二零一三年一月一 日起採納該等修訂。各項準則均設有過 渡性條文。雖然採納部分修訂可能導致 會計政策變更,但預期該等修訂概不會 對本集團構成重大財務影響。預期對本 集團政策構成重大影響之修訂如下:

(a) 國際會計準則第1號財務報表之呈列:釐清自願性額外比較資料與最低規定比較資料之間之差異。一般而言,最低規定比較期間為上個期間。當一間實體自願提供上個期間以外之比較資料時,其須於財務報表之相關附註中載列比較資料。額外比較資料毋須包含完整財務報表。

此外,該修訂釐清,當實體變更其 會計政策、作出追溯重列或進行 重新分類,而有關變動對財務狀況 表構成重大影響時,則須呈列上個 期間開始時之期初財務狀況表。然 而,上個期間開始時之期初財務狀 況表之相關附註則毋須呈列。

(b) 國際會計準則第32號財務工具:呈列:闡明向權益持有人作出分派所產生之所得税須按國際會計準則第12號所得税入賬。該修訂移除國際會計準則第32號之現有所得税規定,並要求實體就向權益持有人作出分派所產生之任何所得税應用國際會計準則第12號之規定。

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2.4 POLICIES

#### **Subsidiaries**

A subsidiary is an entity whose financial and operating policies the Company controls, directly or indirectly, so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries are included in the Company's income statement to the extent of dividends received and receivable. The Company's investments in subsidiaries that are not classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

#### Joint ventures

A joint venture is an entity set up by contractual arrangement, whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity. The joint venture operates as a separate entity in which the Group and the other parties have an interest.

The joint venture agreement between the venturers stipulates the capital contributions of the joint venture parties, the duration of the joint venture and the basis on which the assets are to be realised upon its dissolution. The profits or losses from the joint venture's operations and any distributions of surplus assets are shared by the venturers, either in proportion to their respective capital contributions, or in accordance with the terms of the joint venture agreement.

A joint venture is treated as:

- (a) a subsidiary, if the Group has unilateral control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (b) a jointly-controlled entity, if the Group does not have unilateral control, but has joint control, directly or indirectly, over the joint venture;
- (c) an associate, if the Group does not have unilateral or joint control, but holds, directly or indirectly, generally not less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and is in a position to exercise significant influence over the joint venture; or
- (d) an equity investment accounted for in accordance with IAS 39, if the Group holds, directly or indirectly, less than 20% of the joint venture's registered capital and has neither joint control of, nor is in a position to exercise significant influence over, the joint venture.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要

### 附屬公司

附屬公司指本公司直接或間接控制其財 政及經營政策以自該實體之業務獲益之 實體。

附屬公司之業績計入本公司之收益表 中,並以已收股息及應收股息為限。未 有根據國際財務報告準則第5號分類為 持作出售類別之本公司於附屬公司之投 資,按成本減任何減值虧損列賬。

# 合營企業

合營企業指本集團與其他人士按合約安 排共同進行經濟活動而成立之公司。該 合營企業以獨立公司之形式營運,而本 集團及其他人士均於合營企業中擁有權 益。

合營人士訂立之合營協議規定合營各方 之出資金額、合營之年期及在解散合營 企業時變現資產所依據之基準。合營企 業經營業務所得損益及任何盈餘資產之 分派均由合營人士按彼等各自之出資比 例或根據合營協議之條款規定而攤分。

合營企業被視為:

- (a) 附屬公司,倘本集團有權直接或間 接單方面控制該合營企業;
- (b) 共同控制實體,倘本集團無單方面 控制權,但可直接或間接共同控制 合營企業;
- (c) 聯營公司,倘本集團並無單方面或 共同控制合營企業,但直接或間接 於其註冊資本持有不少於20%權 益,且有權對該合營企業行使重大 影響力;或
- (d) 已根據國際會計準則第39號入賬的權益投資,倘本集團直接或間接 的權益投資,倘本集團直接或間接 持有合營企業註冊資本少於20%權 益,且無權共同控制該合營企業, 亦無權對該合營企業行使重大影 響力。

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Jointly-controlled entities

A jointly-controlled entity is a joint venture that is subject to joint control, resulting in none of the participating parties having unilateral control over the economic activity of the jointly-controlled entity.

The Group's investments in jointly-controlled entities are stated at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of jointly-controlled entities is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Where the profit sharing ratio is different to the Group's equity interest, the share of post-acquisition results of the jointly-controlled entities is determined based on the agreed profit sharing ratio. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its jointly-controlled entities are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the jointly-controlled entities, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of jointlycontrolled entities is included as part of the Group's investments in jointly-controlled entities.

### Associates

An associate is an entity, not being a subsidiary or a jointly-controlled entity, in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence.

The Group's investments in associates are stated at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist. The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and reserves of associates is included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated reserves, respectively. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates is included as part of the Group's investments in associates and is not individually tested for impairment.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 共同控制實體

共同控制實體為須受共同控制之合營企 業,參與方對共同控制實體之經濟活動 概無單方控制權。

本集團於共同控制實體持有之投資乃按 根據權益會計法計算本集團分佔資產淨 值減任何減值虧損列賬。本集團會作出 調整,以使任何可能不同之會計政策貫 徹一致。本集團分佔共同控制實體之收 購後業績及儲備乃分別計入綜合收益表 及綜合儲備。當溢利分配比率與本集團 之股本權益比率有別時,本集團分佔該 共同控制實體之收購後業績按協議之溢 利分配比率計算。因本集團與其共同控 制實體之間交易而產生之未變現損益予 以撇銷,惟以本集團於共同控制實體之 投資為限,除非未變現虧損顯示所轉讓 資產出現減值則除外。因收購共同控制 實體產生之商譽計入為本集團於共同控 制實體之投資之一部分。

### 聯營公司

聯營公司指附屬公司或共同控制實體以 外,本集團長期擁有一般不少於20%股 份投票權權益,並可對其發揮重大影響 力之實體。

本集團於聯營公司之投資,是採用權益 會計法按本集團應佔之資產淨值減任何 減值虧有列賬。本集團會作出調整,以 使任何可能不同之會計政策貫徹一致。 本集團應佔聯營公司收購後之業儲一分別列入綜合收益表及綜合儲備 內。本集團與聯營公司之間交易所產儲備 內。基變現損益予以撇銷,惟以本集虧 顯聯營公司之投資之一部分,並未個別進 行減值測試。

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Business combinations and goodwill

As explained in note 2.1 above, the acquisition of subsidiaries under common control is accounted for using the merger method of accounting. The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries not under common control.

### Business combinations under common control

Under the merger method of accounting, the net assets of the combining entities or businesses are combined using their existing book values from the controlling parties' perspective. No amount is recognised in respect of goodwill or excess of the acquirers' interest in the net fair value of acquirees' identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of investment at the time of common control combination. The consolidated income statement includes the results of each of the combining entities or businesses from the earliest date presented or since the date when the combining entities or businesses first came under common control, where this is a shorter period, regardless of the date of the common control combination.

### Business combinations not under common control

Under the acquisition method of accounting, the consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 業務合併及商譽

誠如上文附註2.1所解釋,收購共同控制 附屬公司乃採用合併會計法入賬。收購 會計法乃用作收購非共同控制附屬公司 之入賬。

### 共同控制下業務合併

根據合併會計法, 合併實體或業務之資 產淨值已按控制方現行賬面值合併入 賬。不會就商譽或就收購方於被收購方 可識別資產、負債及或然負債公平淨值 的權益超出於共同控制合併時的投資成 本確認任何金額。綜合收益表包括各合 併實體或業務自所呈列最早日期或該等 合併實體或業務首次受共同控制當日起 (以期間較短者為準)的業績, 不論共同 控制合併日期。

### 非共同控制下業務合併

當本集團收購一項業務時,其會根據合 約條款、於收購日期之經濟環境及相關 條件,評估將承擔之財務資產及負債, 以作出適合之分類及指定,其中包括將 被收購方主合約中之附帶內在衍生工具 進行分離。

倘業務合併分階段進行,先前持有之股 權按收購日期之公平值重新計量,而所 產生之盈虧則於損益確認。

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

# Business combinations not under common control (Continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability that is a financial instrument and within the scope of IAS 39 is measured at fair value with changes in fair value either recognised in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. If the contingent consideration is not within the scope of IAS 39, it is measured in accordance with the appropriate IFRS. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not measured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for noncontrolling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the Combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 業務合併及商譽(續)

### 非共同控制下業務合併(續)

由收購方將予轉讓之任何或然代價將於 收購日期按公平值確認。屬財務工具且 在國際會計準則第39號之範圍內歸類 為資產或負債之或然代價乃以公平值計 量,而公平值變動將於損益確認或確認 為其他全面收益之變動。倘或然代價不 屬於國際會計準則第39號之範圍,則按 適合之國際財務報告準則計量。歸類為 權益之或然代價不予計量,其後結算在 權益中入賬。

商譽起初按成本計量,即已轉讓總代 價、已確認非控股權益及本集團先前持 有之被收購方股權之公平值三者的總 和,超逾所收購可識別資產淨值及所承 擔負債之差額。如代價及其他項目的總 額低於所收購資產淨值之公平值,於評 估後其差額將於損益賬內確認為議價收 購收益。

於初始確認後, 商譽按成本減任何累計 減值虧損計量。商譽須每年作減值測 試,若有事件發生或情況改變顯示賬面 值有可能減值時,則會更頻密地進行減 值利試。本集團於十二月三十一日進行 商譽之年度減值測試。為進行減值測 式, 因業務合併而購入之商譽自購入之 日被分配至預期可從合併產生之協同 並中獲益之本集團各個現金產生單位組別, 而無論本集團其他 資產或負債是否已分配至該等單位或單 位組別。

減值乃通過評估與商譽有關之現金產生 單位(或現金產生單位組別)之可收回金 額釐定。當現金產生單位(或現金產生單 位組別)之可收回金額低於賬面值時,減 值虧損便予以確認。已就商譽確認之減 值虧損不得於未來期間撥回。

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

# Business combinations not under common control (Continued)

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs to sell, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the income statement in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/ amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 業務合併及商譽(續)

### 非共同控制下業務合併(續)

倘商譽已分配至現金產生單位(或現金 產生單位組別)而該單位之部分業務已 出售,則在釐定出售收益或虧損時,與 所出售業務相關之商譽會計入該業務之 賬面值。在該等情況下出售之商譽,乃 根據該業務之相對價值及現金產生單位 之保留份額進行計量。

### 非財務資產減值

倘出現任何減值跡象或當須對資產(不 包括存貨及財務資產)進行年度減值測 試時,則會估計資產之可收回金額。資 產之可收回金額為資產或現金產生單位 之使用價值與其公平值減銷售成本兩者 中之較高者,並就個別資產予以釐定, 惟若資產並不產生明顯獨立於其他資 產或資產組別之現金流入,則在此情況 下,可收回金額就資產所屬之現金產生 單位釐定。

當資產之賬面值超出其可收回金額時, 方會確認減值虧損。評估使用價值時, 估計未來現金流量按可反映貨幣時間價 值及資產特定風險之現時市場評估之税 前貼現率貼現至其現值。減值虧損乃於 產生期間在收益表於與已減值資產的功 能相一致的該等開支類別中扣除。

於各報告期末,將評估有否跡象顯示過 往已確認之減值虧損不再存在或可能減 少。若出現上述跡象,則估計可收回金 額。當用以釐定資產可收回金額之估計 方法有變時,方會撥回先前已確認之資 產減值虧損(商譽除外),惟撥回之金額 不得超逾假設過往年度並無就該項資產 確認減值虧損而原應釐定之賬面值(已 扣除任何折舊/攤銷)。撥回之減值虧損 乃於產生期間計入收益表。

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (Continued)

### **Related parties**

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;
- or
- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a); and
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

### 關連人士

下列各方將視為與本集團有關連:

- (a) 該方為該名人士家族之人士或直 系親屬,而該名人士
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司主要管理人員之成員;
- 或
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,該方即屬實 體:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團 之成員公司;
  - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營
     公司或合營企業(或另一實體
     之母公司、附屬公司或同系
     附屬公司):
  - (iii) 該實體及本集團均為同一第三方之合營企業;
  - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合
     營企業,而另一實體為該第
     三方實體之聯營公司;
  - (v) 該實體為離職後福利計劃, 該計劃之受益人為本集團或 與本集團有關之實體僱員;
  - (vi) 該實體由(a)項所確定之人士 控制或共同控制;及
  - (vii) (a)(i)項所確定之人士對該實 體有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體之母公司)主要管 理人員之成員。

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the income statement in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Buildings	2% to 19%
Plant and machinery	5% to 33%
Tools, furniture and fixtures	10% to 33%
Motor vehicles	9% to 19%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備及折舊

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)乃以 成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。 物業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括其購 買價及任何將資產達致其運作狀況及運 往現址作擬定用途之直接應佔成本。

在物業、廠房及設備項目投入運作後產 生之支出,如維修保養等,一般於產生 期間之收益表中扣除。在符合確認條件 之情況下,大型檢驗之開支於資產之條 面值資本化為重置資產。倘物業、廠房 及設備之主要部分須分段重置,則本集 馬該等部分確認為獨立資產,並設特 定之可使用年期及相應地將有關資產折 舊。

折舊乃按直線法將每項物業、廠房及設 備之成本於其估計可使用年期內撇銷至 其餘值計算。就此所採用之主要年率如 下:

樓宇	2%至19%
廠房及機器	5%至33%
工具、傢具及裝置	10%至33%
汽車	9%至19%

若物業、廠房及設備項目任何部分之可 使用年期不同,則該項目成本將合理分 配至各部分,而各部分將分開計算折 舊。餘值、可使用年期及折舊方法將至 少於各財政年度末檢討及作出適當調 整。

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括任何首次 確認之重要部分)於出售時或預期日後 使用或出售該項目不會產生經濟利益時 將終止確認。於資產終止確認之年度在 收益表確認之出售或廢棄資產之任何損 益,乃為出售所得款項淨額與有關資產 賬面值之差額。 

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (Continued)

Construction in progress is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of the property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

#### Investment properties

Investment properties are interests in buildings (including the leasehold interest under an operating lease for a property which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method to write off the cost of each investment property over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rate used for this purpose is 5%.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the income statement in the year of the retirement or disposal.

### Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備及折舊(續)

在建工程按成本減任何減值虧損列賬而 不作折舊。在建工程於落成及可供使用 時重新分類至物業、廠房及設備之適當 類別。

### 投資物業

投資物業乃於持作賺取租金收入及/或 資本增值,而非作生產或供應貨品或服 務或作行政用途,亦非作一般業務過程 中銷售之樓宇之權益(包括將可能會以 其他方式符合投資物業的定義的物業初 經營租約下的租賃權益)。該等物業初步 按成本計量,包括交易成本。首次確 後,投資物業按成本減累計折舊及任項 減值物業之估計可使用年期內撇銷其成 本計算。就此採用之主要年率為5%。

廢棄或出售投資物業之任何損益於投資 物業廢棄或出售之年度在收益表確認。

## 無形資產(不包括商譽)

單獨收購之無形資產於首次確認時按成 本計量。在業務合併時收購之無形資產 之成本乃其於收購日之公平值。無形資 產之可使用年期分為有期限或無期限。 可使用年期有限之無形資產隨後於可使 用經濟期限攤銷,並於有跡象顯示無形 資產可能減值時評估是否減值。可使用 年期有限之無形資產攤銷期及攤銷方法 最少須於各財政年度末進行檢討。

可使用年期無限之無形資產每年按個別 或按現金產生單位水平進行減值測試。 該無形資產不予攤銷。可使用年期無限 之無形資產之可使用年期每年進行檢 討,以確定是否仍然可以支持可使用年 期無限之評估。如不支持,將按未來適 用基準將可使用年期評估由無限改為有 限之變動入賬。

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (Continued)

#### Patents, licences and software

Purchased patents, licences and software are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of not exceeding 10 years.

#### Management services arrangements

Management services arrangements are initially stated at fair value and subsequently amortised on the straight-line basis over the tenure of management services arrangements of 20 years.

#### Research and development costs

All research costs are charged to the income statement as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

Deferred development costs are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised using the straight-line basis over the commercial lives of the underlying products, commencing from the date when the products are put into commercial production.

### **Operating leases**

Leases where substantially all the rewards and risks of ownership of assets remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Where the Group is the lessor, assets leased by the Group under operating leases are included in non-current assets, and rentals receivable under the operating leases are credited to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms. Where the Group is the lessee, rentals payable under operating leases net of any incentives received from the lessor are charged to the income statement on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Prepaid land lease payments under operating leases are initially stated at cost and subsequently recognised on the straight-line basis over the lease terms.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 無形資產(不包括商譽)(續)

#### 專利、特許權及軟件

所購入之專利、特許權及軟件乃按成本 減任何減值虧損列賬,按其不超過10年 之估計可使用年期以直線法攤銷。

#### 管理服務安排

管理服務安排初始按公平值列賬,其後 按直線法於管理服務安排的年期20年內 攤銷。

#### 研究及開發費用

所有研究費用於產生時在收益表扣除。

開發新產品項目所產生之支出,只有在 本集團證明在技術上可以完成無形資產 並使其可供使用或出售、有意完成項目 及有能力使用或出售資產、資產如何產 生未來經濟利益、可動用資源以完成項 目及能可靠衡量開發期間之支出時,方 會撥充資本及遞延處理。若產品開發支 出未符合上述條件,則於產生時列作支 出。

遞延開發成本按成本減任何減值虧損列 賬,並於產品投入商業生產時按相關產 品之商業年期以直線法攤銷。

## 經營租約

凡資產擁有權之絕大部分回報及風險仍 由出租人享有及承擔之租約,均列為經 營租約。倘本集團為出租人,本集團根 據經營租約出租之資產乃計入非流動資 產內,而經營租約項下之應收租金則按 直線法在租期內計入收益表。倘本集團 為承租人,則根據該等經營租約應付之 租金(扣除向出租人收取之任何優惠)乃 以直線法於租期內在收益表扣除。

經營租約之預付土地租賃款首先按成本 列賬,其後以直線法於租期內確認。

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Investments and other financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets within the scope of IAS 39 are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial investments, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition. When financial assets are recognised initially, they are measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss include financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of sale in the near term. Derivatives, including separated embedded derivatives, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments as defined by IAS 39.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with positive net changes in fair value presented as other income and gains and negative net changes in fair value presented as other expenses and losses in the income statement. These net fair value changes do not include any dividends or interest earned on these financial assets, which are recognised in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

Financial assets designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria under IAS 39 are satisfied.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

## 投資及其他財務資產

### 首次確認及計量

根據國際會計準則第39號,財務資產可 分類為透過損益賬按公平值列賬之財務 資產、貸款及應收賬款、可供出售財務 投資,或指定為於有效對沖時作對沖工 具之衍生工具(視情況而定)。本集團在 首次確認時決定財務資產之分類。首次 確認財務資產時,按公平值加上交易費 用計量,惟已透過損益賬按公平值入賬 之財務資產則除外。

所有按正規買賣之財務資產於交易當日 (即本集團承諾購買或出售資產之日期) 確認。正規買賣指須於市場一般既定規 例或慣例所規定之期限內交付資產之財 務資產買賣。

#### 其後計量

財務資產之其後計量取決於以下之分 類:

### 透過損益賬按公平值列賬之財務 資產

透過損益賬按公平值列賬之財務資產包 括持作買賣之財務資產及於首次確認時 指定為透過損益賬按公平值列賬之財務 資產。財務資產如以短期賣出為目的而 購買,則分類為持作買賣財務資產。單 獨之附帶內在衍生工具,除非其被指定 為國際會計準則第39號所定義的有效對 沖工具,否則亦分類為持作買賣。

透過損益賬按公平值列賬之財務資產按 公平值列入財務狀況表,而公平值之正 變動淨額列為其他收入及收益,公平值 之負變動淨額則列為其他費用及虧損, 並計入收益表。該等公平淨值變動不包 括該等財務資產已賺取之任何股息或利 息,有關股息或利息乃根據下文「收入確 認」所載之政策確認。

於首次確認時指定為透過損益賬按公平 值列賬之財務資產乃於首次確認當日且 僅在符合國際會計準則第39號下之準則 時予以指定。

財務報表附註(續)

\_\_\_\_\_\_31 December 2012<sup>,</sup> 二零一二年十二月三十一日

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

The Group evaluates its financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) to assess whether the intent to sell them in the near term is still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to sell them in the foreseeable future significantly changes, the Group may elect to reclassify them. The reclassification from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss to loans and receivables, available-for-sale financial assets or held-to-maturity investments depends on the nature of the assets. This evaluation does not affect any financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss using the fair value option at designation, as these instruments cannot be reclassified after initial recognition.

Derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss. These embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the income statement. Reassessment only occurs if there is a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. After initial measurement, such assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less any allowance for impairment. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in other income and gains in the income statement. The loss arising from impairment is recognised in the income statement in other expenses and losses.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 投資及其他財務資產(續)

# 透過損益賬按公平值列賬之財務 資產(續)

若主合約之附帶內在衍生工具之經濟特 性及風險與主合約之經濟特性及風險並 無密切關係,而主合約不屬持作買賣或 並非指定為透過損益賬按公平值列賬, 則主合約之附帶內在衍生工具乃作為獨 立衍生工具入賬,並按公平值入賬。該 等內在衍生工具按公平值計量,而 公平值變動則於收益表內確認。重新評 估只會在合約條款改動以致合約原要求 之現金流量有重大修改之情況下進行。

#### 貸款及應收賬款

貸款及應收賬款為有指定或可釐定付款 金額而在活躍市場並無報價之非衍生財 務資產。初步計量後,該等資產其後以 實際利率法按攤銷成本減任何減值撥備 計量。攤銷成本於計及任何收購折讓或 溢價後計算,並包括屬實際利率一部分 之費用或成本。實際利率攤銷計入收益 表之其他收入及收益。減值產生之虧損 於收益表內其他費用及虧損確認。

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日,四回 四回 四回

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

### Available-for-sale financial investments

Available-for-sale financial investments are non-derivative financial assets in listed and unlisted equity investments and debt securities. Equity investments classified as available for sale are those which are neither classified as held for trading nor designated at fair value through profit or loss. Debt securities in this category are those which are intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or in response to changes in market conditions.

After initial recognition, available-for-sale financial investments are subsequently measured at fair value, with unrealised gains or losses recognised as other comprehensive income in the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve until the investment is derecognised, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is recognised in the income statement in other income, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, when the cumulative gain or loss is recognised reclassified from the available-for-sale investment revaluation reserve to the income statement in other expenses and losses. Interest and dividends earned whilst holding the available-for-sale financial investments are reported as interest income and dividend income, respectively and are recognised in the income statement as other income in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

When the fair value of unlisted equity investments cannot be reliably measured because (a) the variability in the range of reasonable fair value estimates is significant for that investment or (b) the probabilities of the various estimates within the range cannot be reasonably assessed and used in estimating fair value, such investments are stated at cost less any impairment losses.

The Group evaluates whether the ability and intention to sell its available-for-sale financial assets in the near term are still appropriate. When, in rare circumstances, the Group is unable to trade these financial assets due to inactive markets and management's intent to do so significantly changes in the foreseeable future, the Group may elect to reclassify these financial assets. Reclassification to loans and receivables is permitted when the financial assets meet the definition of loans and receivables and the Group has the intent and ability to hold these assets for the foreseeable future or to maturity. Reclassification to the held-to-maturity category is permitted only when the Group has the ability and intent to hold until the maturity date of the financial asset.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 投資及其他財務資產(續)

### 可供出售財務投資

可供出售財務投資為上市及非上市權益 投資及債務證券之非衍生財務資產。分 類為可供出售之權益投資為並非分類為 持作買賣及並非指定為透過損益賬按公 平值列賬之權益投資。此分類項下之債 務證券為擬無限期持有,並可因應流動 資金需求或市況變動而予以出售之債務 證券。

於首次確認後,可供出售財務投資其後 以公平值計量,而未變現損益則於可供 出售投資重估儲備中確認為其他全面收 益,直至投資被終止確認為止,此時, 累計損益在收益表中的其他收益項 計,或直至投資被釐定為出現減值 上,此時,累計損益從可供出售投資 上儲備重新歸類至收益表中的其他費所 及虧損。於持有可供出售財務投資時所 及息收入,並根據下文「收入確認」所載 政策於收益表確認為其他收益。

倘非上市權益證券之公平值因(a)合理公 平值估計之範圍變動對投資屬重大或(b) 於該範圍內多項估計之概率無法可靠地 評估及用於估計公平值,而無法可靠地 計量,則有關投資按成本減任何減值虧 損列賬。

本集團會評估於短期內出售其可供出售 財務資產之能力及意圖是否仍然合適。 倘市場交投淡靜,以及管理層對於可見 未來出售有關財務資產之意圖出現於 政出售有關財務資產之意圖出現財務 資產,則本集團可選擇將該等財務資產 新分類,惟此情況並不常見。倘太 算有意並有能力於可見將來持有該類財 。 算為有財務資產至其到期日時,方可 重新分類為持有至到期日類別。

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### Available-for-sale financial investments (Continued)

For a financial asset reclassified from the available-for-sale category, the fair value carrying amount at the date of reclassification becomes its new amortised cost and any previous gain or loss on that asset that has been recognised in equity is amortised to profit or loss over the remaining life of the investment using the effective interest rate. Any difference between the new amortised cost and the maturity amount is also amortised over the remaining life of the asset using the effective interest rate. If the asset is subsequently determined to be impaired, then the amount recorded in equity is reclassified to the income statement.

### Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "passthrough" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 投資及其他財務資產(續)

#### 可供出售財務投資(續)

就從可供出售類別重新分類之財務資 產而言,於重新分類當日之公平值賬面 值成為其新已攤銷成本,而該項資產過 往已於權益確認之任何損益於損益賬中 以實際利率於資產餘下可使用年期內攤 銷。新已攤銷成本與到期日金額間之任 何差額同樣以實際利率於資產餘下可使 用年期內攤銷。倘該項資產其後釐定為 出現減值,則於權益中入賬之金額重新 分類至收益表。

### 終止確認財務資產

在下列情況,財務資產(或財務資產 — 部分或一組同類財務資產之 — 部分(視 情況而定)將終止確認:

- 收取資產現金流量之權利已屆滿;
   或
- 本集團已轉讓其收取該項資產所 得現金流量之權利,或已根據一項 「轉付」安排承擔責任,在無重大延 誤情況下,將所得現金流量全數付 予第三方:及本集團(a)已轉讓絕大 部分資產之風險及回報,或(b)並無 轉讓或保留絕大部分資產之風險 及回報,惟已轉讓資產控制權。

本集團凡轉讓其收取該項資產所得現金 流量之權利或已訂立轉付安排,其會評 估其有否保留該項資產之所有權之顧 險及回報以及保留之程度。倘並無轉之 政無保留該項資產之絕大部分風險及 報,及並無轉讓該項資產之控制權 ,及並無轉讓團持續涉及該項資產 程度確認。在此情況下,本集團亦確 超 員負債。已轉讓資產及相關負債乃按 長映本集團已保留之權利及義務之基準 計量。

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Derecognition of financial assets (Continued)

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

### Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include indications that a debtor or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

### Financial assets carried at amortised cost

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the Group first assesses individually whether objective evidence of impairment exists for financial assets that are individually significant, or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes the asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is, or continues to be, recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 終止確認財務資產(續)

以擔保轉讓資產的形式進行的持續參與 乃按該項資產之原賬面值及本集團或須 償還之最高代價(以較低者為準)計算。

## 財務資產減值

#### 按已攤銷成本列賬之財務資產

就按已攤銷成本列賬之財務資產而言, 本集團首先會按個別基準就重大財務資 產或按組合基準就個別非重大財務資 產,個別評估是否存在客觀減值證據。 倘本集團認定按個別基準經評估之財務 資產(無論是否屬重大)並無客觀證據顯 示存在減值,則該項資產會歸入一組具 有相似信貸風險特性之財務資產內,並 共同評估該組財務資產是否存在減值。 經續確認之資產不會納入集體減值評 估之內。

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### Financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not yet been incurred). The present value of the estimated future cash flows is discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e., the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition). If a loan has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the loss is recognised in the income statement. Interest income continues to be accrued on the reduced carrying amount and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. Loans and receivables together with any associated allowance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery and all collateral has been realised or has been transferred to the Group.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the estimated impairment loss increases or decreases because of an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reduced by adjusting the allowance account. If a write-off is later recovered, the recovery is credited to the income statement.

#### Assets carried at cost

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss has been incurred on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, or on a derivative asset that is linked to and must be settled by delivery of such an unquoted equity instrument, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Impairment losses on these assets are not reversed.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 財務資產減值(續)

按已攤銷成本列賬之財務資產(續) 倘有客觀證據顯示出現減值虧損,則虧 損金額按該資產賬面值與估計未來現金 流量(不包括尚未產生之未來信貸虧損) 現值之差額計量。估計未來現金流量之 現值以財務資產之原始實際利率(即首 次確認時計算之實際利率)貼現。倘貸款 按浮動利率計息,則計量任何減值虧損 之貼現率為現有實際利率。

資產賬面值通過使用備抵賬沖減,而虧 損在收益表中確認。利息收入按經減少 之賬面值持續累計,且採用計量減值虧 損時用以貼現未來現金流量之利率累 計。貸款及應收賬款連同任何相關撥備 於日後無法收回及所有抵押品均已變現 或轉讓予本集團時撇銷。

倘在以後期間,估計減值虧損之金額增 加或減少,且有關增減乃因減值確認後 發生之事件而產生,則先前確認之減值 虧損可通過調整備抵賬而增減。倘撇銷 於其後收回,則收回數額將計入收益表 中。

#### 按成本列賬之資產

倘有客觀證據顯示因公平值未能可靠計 算而以致並非以公平值列賬之非上市權 益工具,或與有關非上市權益工具相關 連並必須以交付有關非上市權益工具結 算之衍生資產出現減值虧損,則虧損金 額按該項資產賬面值與以同類財務資產 現行市場回報率貼現之估計未來現金流 量現值之間之差額計算。該等資產之減 值虧損不予撥回。

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### Available-for-sale financial investments

For available-for-sale financial investments, the Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is objective evidence that an investment or a group of investments is impaired.

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the income statement, is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the income statement.

In the case of equity investments classified as available for sale, objective evidence would include a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment below its cost. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. "Significant" is evaluated against the original cost of the investment and "prolonged" against the period in which the fair value has been below its original cost. Where there is evidence of impairment, the cumulative loss — measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the income statement — is removed from other comprehensive income and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses on equity instruments classified as available for sale are not reversed through the income statement. Increases in their fair value after impairment are recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

In the case of debt instruments classified as available for sale, impairment is assessed based on the same criteria as financial assets carried at amortised cost. However, the amount recorded for impairment is the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the amortised cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that investment previously recognised in the income statement. Future interest income continues to be accrued based on the reduced carrying amount of the asset and is accrued using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss. The interest income is recorded as part of other income. Impairment losses on debt instruments are reversed through the income statement if the increase in fair value of the instruments can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in the income statement.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 財務資產減值(續)

### 可供出售財務投資

就可供出售財務投資而言,本集團於各 報告期末評估是否有客觀證據顯示一項 投資或一組投資出現減值。

倘一項可供出售資產出現減值,其成本 值(扣除任何主要付款及攤銷)與其現行 公平值之差額,在扣減以往在收益表中 確認之任何減值虧損後會由其他全面收 益剔除,並於收益表中確認。

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (Continued)

### **Financial liabilities**

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities within the scope of IAS 39 are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. This category includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by IAS 39. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the income statement. The net fair value gain or loss recognised in the income statement does not include any interest charged on these financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the date of initial recognition and only if the criteria in IAS 39 are satisfied.

# 財務負債

#### 首次確認及計量

屬於國際會計準則第39號範圍之財務負 債可分類為透過損益賬按公平值列賬之 財務負債、貸款及借貸,或分類為指定 為於有效對沖時作對沖工具之衍生工具 (視情況而定)。本集團於首次確認財務 負債時釐定其分類。

所有財務負債初始按公平值確認,而貸 款及借貸則扣除直接應佔交易成本。

#### 其後計量

財務負債之其後計量取決於以下之分 類:

### 透過損益賬按公平值列賬之財務 負債

透過損益賬按公平值列賬之財務負債包 括持作買賣財務負債及於首次確認時指 定為透過損益賬按公平值列賬之財務負 債。

財務負債如以短期賣出為目的而購買, 則分類為持作買賣財務負債。此分類包 括本集團所訂立並非指定為國際會計準 則第39號所定義的對沖關係的衍生財務 工具。除非個別附帶內在衍生工具被指 定為有效對沖工具,否則亦會分類為持 作買賣財務負債。持作買賣負債之損益 於收益表中確認。於收益表中確認之公 平值損益淨額並不包括就該等財務負債 收取之任何利息。

於首次確認時指定為透過損益賬按公平 值列賬之財務負債乃於首次確認當日且 僅在符合國際會計準則第39號下之準則 時予以指定。 

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2.4 POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial liabilities (Continued)

#### Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the income statement when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the income statement.

#### Convertible bonds

The component of convertible bonds that exhibits characteristics of a liability is recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position, net of transaction costs. On issuance of convertible bonds, the fair value of the liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond; and this amount is carried as a long term liability on the amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the conversion option that is recognised and included in shareholders' equity, net of transaction costs. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not remeasured in subsequent years. Transaction costs are apportioned between the liability and equity components of the convertible bonds based on the allocation of proceeds to the liability and equity components when the instruments are first recognised.

### Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expired.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the income statement.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 財務負債(續)

### 貸款及借貸

於首次確認後,計息銀行貸款及借貸其 後以實際利率法按已攤銷成本計量,倘 貼現之影響微不足道,在此情況下則按 成本列賬。損益於終止確認負債時及於 實際利率攤銷過程中於收益表中確認。

計算已攤銷成本時會考慮收購所產生之 任何折讓或溢價,亦包括作為實際利率 一部分之費用或成本。實際利率攤銷計 入收益表中的融資成本項下。

#### 可換股債券

可換股債券具有負債特徵之部分,於扣 除交易成本後在財務狀況表內確認為負 債。於發行可換股債券時,負債部分之 公平值乃根據同等不可換股債券之市 場利率而釐定,而該數額按攤銷成本列 作長期負債,直至債券獲兑換或贖回為 止。所得款項餘額於扣除交易成本後, 分配至已確認並計入股東權益之兑換 權。兑換權之面值不會於往後年度重新 計量。交易成本根據有關工具首次確認 時所得款項分配至負債與權益部分之比 例,分配至可換股債券之負債與權益部 分。

### 終止確認財務負債

當負債之責任解除或註銷或到期時,財 務負債將終止確認。

若現有財務負債由另一項來自相同貸方 按完全不同之條款提供之財務負債取 代,或現有負債之條款作出重大修訂, 則上述取代或修訂視為終止確認原有負 債及確認新負債,而相關賬面值之差額 在收益表確認。

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are traded in active markets is determined by reference to quote market prices or dealer price quotations (bid price for long positions and ask price for short positions), without any deduction for transaction costs. For financial instruments where there is no active market, the fair value is determined using appropriate valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions; reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same; a discounted cash flow analysis; and option pricing models.

# Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

# Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 抵銷財務工具

當現時存在一項可依法強制執行之權利 可抵銷已確認金額,且亦有意以淨額結 算或同時變現資產及償付債務時,則財 務資產與財務負債方可互相抵銷,而其 淨額於財務狀況表內呈報。

# 財務工具之公平值

在活躍市場交易之財務工具之公平值參 照市場報價或交易商報價(好倉買入價 及淡倉賣出價)釐定,當中不扣除任何交 易成本。就財務工具而言,倘市場交投 淡靜,公平值乃採用適用之估值技巧釐 定。該等技巧包括利用近期公平市場交 易、參考另一項大致相同工具之現行市 值、現金流貼現分析及期權定價模式。

## 存貨

存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較 低者列賬。成本按加權平均基準釐定。 如屬在製品及製成品,成本包括直接原 料、直接勞工及適當比例之間接成本。 可變現淨值指估計售價減任何在完成及 出售時產生之估計成本。

## 現金及現金等值項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 值項目包括手頭現金及活期存款,以及 可隨時兑換為已知數額現金,價值波動 風險輕微,且一般於取得當日起計三個 月內到期之高度流動短期投資,當中扣 除須按通知償還並構成本集團現金管理 之整體部分之銀行透支。

就財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等值項 目指用途不受限制之手頭及銀行現金 (包括定期存款),以及性質與現金相似 而其用途不受限制之資產。 31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

 when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 所得税

所得税包括當期及遞延税項。與於損益 賬以外確認之項目有關之所得税不會於 損益賬確認,而會於其他全面收益或直 接於權益確認。

當期及過往期間之當期税項資產及負債 按預期獲退回或已付予税務當局之數額 計量,並根據於報告期末已經頒佈或實 質上已頒佈之税率(及税法)及考慮本集 團營運所在國家通行之詮釋及慣例釐 定。

遞延税項使用負債法,於報告期末就資 產與負債之税基與其作財務申報用途之 賬面值之間所有暫時差額作出撥備。

遞延税項負債乃就所有應課税暫時差額 確認,惟:

- 當遞延税項負債因初步確認一項 並非屬業務合併之交易之資產或 負債而產生,且在進行交易時對會 計溢利或應課税損益均無影響;及
- 就與於附屬公司之投資有關之應 課税暫時差額而言,當暫時差額之 撥回時間可以控制,且暫時差額於 可見將來可能不會撥回。

遞延税項資產乃就所有可扣税之暫時差 額、承前之未動用税項抵免及任何未動 用税項虧損確認。倘可能將有可扣税暫 時差額、承前之未動用税項抵免及未動 用税項虧損可供用於抵銷應課税溢利, 則會確認遞延税項資產,惟:

倘遞延税項資產乃與因初步確認
 一項並非屬業務合併之交易之資
 產或負債而產生之可扣税暫時差
 額有關,且在進行交易時對會計溢
 利或應課税損益均無影響;及

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2.4 POLICIES (Continued) 2.4

#### Income tax (Continued)

 in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

### **Provisions**

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the income statement.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 所得税(續)

 就與於附屬公司之投資有關之可 扣税暫時差額而言,遞延税項資產 僅會於暫時差額可能於可見將來 將會撥回及可能有應課税溢利用 以抵銷暫時差額時確認。

於各報告期末均會審閱遞延税項資產之 賬面值,倘不再可能有足夠之應課税溢 利以許可動用全部或部分遞延税項資 產,則會減少遞延税項資產。於各報告 期末均會重新評估未確認之遞延税項資 產,並於可能有足夠應課税溢利以許可 收回全部或部分遞延税項資產時予以確 認。

遞延税項資產及負債按變現資產或償還 負債期間預計適用税率計算,而預計之 適用税率乃按報告期末已頒佈或實質上 已頒佈之税率(及税法)釐定。

遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債可在即期 税項資產及即期税項負債具合法執行權 利可予抵銷,以及遞延税項乃關乎同一 應課税實體及同一税務機關之情況下, 方可互相抵銷。

### 撥備

倘因過去事件導致目前存在法律或推斷 責任,且日後很可能須付出資源以償付 有關責任,則會確認撥備,惟必須可對 有關責任涉及之金額作出可靠估計。

倘貼現影響重大,確認為撥備之金額乃 預期日後須償付有關責任所須開支於報 告期末之現值。隨著時間過去產生之經 貼現現值增加數額,計入收益表之融資 成本。 

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2.4 主要會 POLICIES (Continued)

### **Provisions** (Continued)

Provisions for installation services and product warranties granted by the Group on certain products are recognised based on sales volume and past experience of the level of installation services rendered, repairs or returns, discounted to their present values as appropriate.

#### Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the income statement over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to the income statement by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

### **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and when the revenue can be measured reliably, on the following bases:

- (a) from the sale of goods, when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, provided that the Group maintains neither managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership, nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (b) from the rendering of services, when the services are rendered;
- (c) rental income, on a time proportion basis over the lease terms;
- (d) interest income, on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset; and

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 撥備(續)

本集團就若干產品所提供之安裝服務及 產品保養撥備根據銷量及過往提供之安 裝服務、維修或退貨水平而確認,並貼 現至其現值(如適用)。

### 政府補助金

政府補助金於合理確定將獲取補助金及 符合所有附帶條件時,按公平值確認。 倘補助金與開支項目有關,則會於該項 補助金所補貼之成本列支之期間系統地 確認為收入。

倘補助金與資產有關,則其公平值將計 入遞延收入賬,並在有關資產之預計可 使用年期內每年以等額分期款項撥入收 益表,或自資產之賬面值扣除,並以已 扣減折舊費用方式撥入收益表。

## 收入確認

收入乃於經濟利益可能將流入本集團且 收入能可靠地計算時按以下基準確認:

- (a) 銷售貨品,於擁有權之大部分風險
   及回報已轉移予買方時確認,惟本
   集團對所售出貨品不再涉及一般
   與擁有權相關之管理權,亦無實際
   控制權;
- (b) 提供服務收入,於提供服務時確 認;
- (c) 租金收入,於租期內按時間比例確 認;
- (d) 利息收入乃以應計基準採用實際 利息法,按將於財務工具預計年期 內或較短期間(如適用)之估計未 來現金收入準確貼現至財務資產 賬面淨值之貼現率確認;及

財務報表附註(續)

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Revenue recognition (Continued)

(e) dividend income, when the shareholders' right to receive payment has been established.

### Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for grants is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 34 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the income statement for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 收入確認(續)

(e) 股息收入於股東之收款權利獲確 立時確認。

## 以股份為基礎之付款

本公司設立一項購股權計劃,旨在向為 本集團業務成功作出貢獻之合資格參與 者提供激勵及獎賞。本集團僱員(包括 董事)以股份為基礎之付款之方式收取 酬金,而僱員則提供服務換取權益工具 (「股權結算交易」)。

與僱員所進行股權結算交易之成本乃參 考授出權益當日之公平值計量。該公平 值由外聘估值師採用二項式模式釐定, 其進一步詳情載於財務報表附註34。

股權結算交易之成本於達成表現及/或 服務條件之期間內確認,並於權益作出 相應增加。在歸屬日期前於各報告期末 就股權結算交易確認之累計開支反映歸 屬期已到期之股權工具,以及本集團對 最終將會歸屬之股權工具數目之最佳估 算。於某一期間在收益表扣除或計入之 款項為於該期間期初及期末時確認之累 計開支變動。

最終並無歸屬之獎賞不會確認開支,惟 視乎市場或非歸屬條件歸屬之股權結 算交易除外,不論市場或非歸屬條件是 否獲達成,有關交易均會視作已歸屬處 理,惟所有其他表現及/或服務條件必 須達成。

倘股權結算獎賞之條款被修訂,而獎賞 之原有條款已獲達致,所確認之開支最 少須達到猶如條款並無修改時所確認之 水平。此外,任何會增加以股份為基礎 之付款之公平值總額,或於修訂當日對 僱員有利之修訂,均須就有關修訂確認 開支。 31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Share-based payments (Continued)

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

### Other employee benefits

#### Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administrated fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in central pension schemes operated by the local municipal governments. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension schemes. The contributions are charged to the income statement as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension schemes.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 以股份為基礎之付款(續)

倘股權結算獎賞被註銷,其將視作已於 註銷日期歸屬般處理,而獎賞任何未確 認之開支須即時確認。此包括非歸屬條 件在本集團或僱員控制範圍內未能達成 之任何獎賞。然而,倘有新獎賞取代被 註銷之獎賞,並於授出日期被指定為替 代獎賞,被註銷及新獎賞會如前段所述 被視作原有獎賞被修訂般處理。

於計算每股盈利時,未行使購股權之攤 薄影響反映為額外股份攤薄。

## 其他僱員福利

#### 退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為合 資格參與強制性公積金退休福利計劃 (「強積金計劃」)之僱員設立定額供款強 積金計劃。供款按僱員基本薪金之百分 比計算,於供款根據強積金計劃規定成 為應付賬款時自收益表扣除。強積金計 劃之資產與本集團於獨立管理之基金中 之資產分開持有。本集團之僱主供款於 向強積金計劃作出供款時全數歸屬於僱 員。

本集團於中國內地經營業務之附屬公司 僱員須參與由地方市政府營運之中央退 休金計劃。此等附屬公司須向中央退休 金計劃作出相當於其工資成本某一百分 比之供款。供款於根據中央退休金計劃 規定成為應付賬款時自收益表扣除。

財務報表附註(續)

2011年1月三十一日 2012年1月三十一日 2012年1月三十一日

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (Continued)

### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowings costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

### Dividends

Final dividends proposed by the directors are classified as a separate allocation of retained profits within the equity section of the statement of financial position, until they have been approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. When these dividends have been approved by the shareholders and declared, they are recognised as a liability.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's bye-laws grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

## **Foreign currencies**

These financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Group's presentation currency. The functional currency of the Company is the Hong Kong dollar while the RMB is used as the presentation currency of the financial statements of the Company for the purpose of aligning with the presentation currency of the Group. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or transaction of monetary items are recognised in the income statement.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 借貸成本

收購、建築或生產合資格資產(即需相當 長時間方可作擬定用途或出售之資產) 直接應佔之借貸成本乃資本化為該等資 產之部分成本。當資產大致可作擬定用 途或出售時,則不再將該等借貸成本資 本化。個別借貸於用作合資格資產開支 前之暫時性投資所賺取之投資收入,乃 於已資本化之借貸成本中扣除。所有其 他借貸成本於產生期內列作開支。借貸 成本包括利息及實體就借取資金產生之 其他成本。

### 股息

董事擬派之末期股息於財務狀況表之權 益部分,單獨列為保留溢利分配,直至 該等股息獲股東於股東大會批准。當該 等股息獲股東批准及宣派時,即確認為 負債。

中期股息乃同時建議及宣派,原因是本 公司之公司細則授權董事宣派中期股 息。因此,中期股息乃於建議及宣派時 即時確認為負債。

# 外幣

此等財務報表以本集團之呈列貨幣人 民幣呈列。本公司之功能貨幣為港元, 惟本公司之財務報表以人民幣呈列,以 便與本集團之呈列貨幣一致。本集團, 官體自行決定本身之功能貨幣,而 各實體自行決定本身之功能貨幣,而 各實體之財務報表所包括項目按功能貨 幣計量。本集團實體錄得之外幣交易首 先按彼等各自之交易日期通行之功能貨 幣匯率入賬。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及 負債按報告期末通行之功能貨幣匯率換 算。因結算或換算貨幣項目所產生之匯 兑差額於收益表確認。 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2.4

# Foreign currencies (Continued)

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

**POLICIES** (Continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

The functional currencies of the subsidiaries not established in the PRC are currencies other than the RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their income statements are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the income statement.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of the subsidiaries not established in the PRC are translated into RMB at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of these subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

# 2.4 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 外幣(續)

以外幣歷史成本計量之非貨幣項目按原 訂交易日期之匯率換算,而按公平值計 量之外幣非貨幣項目則按釐定公平值當 日之匯率換算。因換算按公平值計量之 非貨幣項目而產生的損益按確認該項目 公平值變動之損益一致的方法處理(即 其公平值損益已於其他全面收益或損益 賬確認之項目,其換算差額亦已分別於 其他全面收益或損益賬確認)。

並非於中國成立之附屬公司之功能貨幣 為人民幣以外之貨幣。於報告期末,該 等實體之資產及負債按報告期末通行之 匯率換算為本公司之呈列貨幣,而其收 益表按年內之加權平均匯率換算為人民 幣。

所產生之匯兑差額於其他全面收益確認 並累計入外匯波動儲備。出售海外業務 時,有關特定海外業務之其他全面收益 之部分將於收益表確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,並非於中國成 立之附屬公司之現金流量按現金流量日 期通行之匯率換算為人民幣。該等附屬 公司於整個年度經常產生之現金流量, 按年內之加權平均匯率換算為人民幣。

財務報表附註(續)

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

### Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### Operating lease commitments - Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these properties which are leased out on operating leases.

### Classification between investment properties and owneroccupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under a finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

# 3. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團財務報表時,管理層須作出 可能影響收入、開支、資產及負債之呈 報數額及其隨附披露事項以及或然負債 之披露事項之判斷、估計及假設。此等 假設及估計之不確定因素可能導致須於 未來為受影響之資產或負債賬面值作出 重大調整。

### 判斷

應用本集團之會計政策時,除涉及估計 者外,管理層已作出以下對財務報表所 確認數額有最重大影響之判斷:

### 經營租約承擔 - 本集團作為出租 人

本集團已就其物業組合訂立商業物業租 約。根據對安排之條款及條件之評估, 本集團已決定保留該等根據經營租約 出租之物業擁有權之所有重大風險及回 報。

### 投資物業及擁有者自佔物業之分 類

本集團須決定物業是否合資格列為投 資物業,並已制訂作出判斷之標準。投 資物業指持作賺取租金或資本增值或兩 者兼得之物業。因此,本集團須考慮物 業所產生之現金流量是否大致獨立於本 集團所持有之其他資產。若干物業包括 持作賺取租金或資本增值之部分及持作 生產或供應貨品或服務或行政用途之部 分。若該等部分可分開出售或根據融資 租約分開出租,則本集團將各部分獨立 入賬。若該等部分不可分開出售,則物 業僅於持作生產或供應貨品或服務或行 政用途之部分並不重大時,方會列作投 資物業。本集團按個別基準判斷物業之 附帶服務是否重大而導致物業不合資格 列為投資物業。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

## **Estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs to sell is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

#### Useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment

Management determines the estimated useful lives and related depreciation for the Group's property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of items of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. It could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitor actions in response to industry cycles. The depreciation charge will increase when the useful lives are less than the previously estimated useful lives, or management will write off or write down obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. At 31 December 2012, the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment was RMB1,308,806,000 (2011: RMB990,212,000 (as restated); 1 January 2011: RMB863,893,000 (as restated)).

# 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

### 估計不明朗因素

以下為大有可能導致下一財政年度之資 產及負債賬面值須作重大調整之未來主 要假設及報告期末其他主要估計不明朗 因素主要來源。

#### 非財務資產之減值(商譽除外)

本集團於各報告期末評估所有非財務資 產是否出現任何減值跡象。可使用年期 無限之無形資產每年及於出現減值跡 象之其他時候測試減值。其他非財務資 產於有跡象顯示賬面值可能無法收回時 測試減值。資產或現金產生單位之公平 值超逾其可收回金額(即其公平值減銷 售成本與其使用價值兩者中的較高者) 時,則存在減值跡象。公平值減出售成 本乃以可取得之類似資產公平交易中具 約束力之銷售交易數據,或可觀察市場 個格減出售資產所增加之成本計算。當 計算使用價值時,管理層必須估計來自 資產或現金產生單位之預期未來現金流 量,並選擇合適之貼現率以計算該等現 金流量之現值。

### 物業、廠房及設備項目的可使用 年期

管理層釐定本集團之物業、廠房及設備 之估計可使用年期及有關折舊。該估計 乃按照性質與功能類似之物業、廠房及 設備項目的實際可使用年期之過往 驗而作出,可因技術創新及競爭對子國 應行業週期而採取之行動而顯著改變。 倘可使用年期比先前之估計可使用 集期的 了使用年期比先前之估計可 使用 年期比先前之估計可 使用 年期 此 先前之 時 一 句 一 日 : 人民 幣 990,212,000元(經重列);二零一一年 一 月一日:人民幣 863,893,000元(經 重 列))。

財務報表附註(續)

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

### Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences, carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The carrying value of deferred tax assets at 31 December 2012 was RMB455,634,000 (2011: RMB382,642,000; 1 January 2011: RMB221,311,000).

#### Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets

The Group classifies certain assets as available for sale and recognises movements of their fair values in equity. When the fair value declines, management makes assumptions about the decline in value to determine whether there is an impairment that should be recognised in the income statement. At 31 December 2012, the carrying amount of available-for-sale assets was RMB2,925,000 (2011: RMB8,625,000; 1 January 2011: RMB8,625,000).

#### Impairment of receivables

The Group maintains an allowance for estimated loss arising from the inability of its debtors to make the required payments. The Group makes its estimates based on the ageing of its receivable balances, debtors' creditworthiness, and historical write-off experience. If the financial condition of its debtors was to deteriorate so that the actual impairment loss might be higher than expected, the Group would be required to revise the basis of making the allowance. At 31 December 2012, the carrying amounts of trade receivables and other receivables were RMB6,924,088,000 (2011: RMB5,581,424,000 (as restated); 1 January 2011: RMB3,931,671,000 (as restated)) and RMB431,014,000 (2011: RMB405,624,000 (as restated)); 1 January 2011: RMB311,228,000 (as restated)), respectively.

# 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

### 估計不明朗因素(續)

#### 遞延税項資產

在可能有可扣税暫時差額、承前之未動 用税項抵免及未動用税項虧損可供用於 抵銷應課税溢利之情況下,遞延税項資 產乃就可扣税暫時差額、承前之未動用 税項抵免及未動用税項虧損確認。管理 層須根據未來應課税溢利可能發生之時 間及水平並結合未來税項規劃策略,確 定可予確認遞延税項資產之金額。於二 零一二年十二月三十一日,遞延税項資 產之賬面值為人民幣455,634,000元(二 零一一年:人民幣382,642,000元;二零 一一年一月一日:人民幣221,311,000 元)。

#### 可供出售財務資產之減值

本集團將若干資產分類為可供出售,並 於權益確認其公平值變動。當公平值減 少時,管理層對價值減少作出假設,以 釐定應否於收益表確認減值。於二零一 二年十二月三十一日,可供出售資產之 賬面值為人民幣2,925,000元(二零一一 年:人民幣8,625,000元)。

#### 應收賬款減值

本集團維持其債務人未能作出所須付 款而產生之估計虧損之撥備。本集團根 據應收賬款結餘之賬齡、債務人之信譽 及過往撤銷之經驗作出估計。倘其債務 人之財務狀況惡化,使實際減值虧損 可能高於預期,本集團將須修訂其作 出撥備之基準。於二零一二年十二月 三十一日,應收賬款及其他應收賬款 之賬面值分別為人民幣6,924,088,000 元(二零一一年:人民幣5,581,424,000 元(經重列);二零一一年一月一日:人 民幣3,931,671,000元(經重列))及人民 幣431,014,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 405,624,000元(經重列);二零一一年 一月一日:人民幣311,228,000元(經重 列))。

# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

### Estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### Write-down of inventories to net realisable value

Write-down of inventories to net realisable value is made based on the ageing and estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the write-down amount involves management's judgements and estimates. Where the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the carrying value of the inventories and the write-down charge/reversal in the period in which such estimate has been changed. At 31 December 2012, the carrying amount of inventories was RMB2,479,191,000 (2011: RMB2,114,687,000 (as restated); 1 January 2011: RMB1,358,334,000 (as restated)).

#### Product warranty and installation provisions

Product warranty and installation provisions are made based on sales volume and past experience of the level of installation services rendered, repairs or returns. The assessment of the provision amount involves management's judgements and estimates. Where the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the carrying amount of the product warranty and installation provisions and the provision amount charged/ reversed in the period in which such estimate has been changed. At 31 December 2012, the product warranty and installation provisions amounted to RMB801,215,000 (2011: RMB691,410,000; 1 January 2011: RMB443,518,000).

# 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

### 估計不明朗因素(續)

#### **撇減存貨至可變現淨值**

撇減存貨至可變現淨值乃按存貨賬齡及 估計可變現淨值而作出。評估撇減額涉 及管理層之判斷及估計。倘實際結果或 未來期望與原先估計不同,則上述差額 將會對在有關估計改變期間之存貨賬面 值及撇減支出/撥回構成影響。於二零 一二年十二月三十一日,存貨之賬面值 為人民幣2,479,191,000元(二零一一年: 人民幣2,114,687,000元(經重列);二零 一一年一月一日:人民幣1,358,334,000 元(經重列))。

#### 產品保養及安裝撥備

產品保養及安裝撥備乃按銷量及過往 所提供安裝服務、維修或退貨水平而作 出。評估撥備額涉及管理層之判斷及估 計。倘實際結果或未來期望與原先估計 不同,則上述差額將會對在有關估計改 變期間之產品保養及安裝撥備賬面值及 撥備額支出/撥回構成影響。於二零一 二年十二月三十一日,產品保養及安裝 撥備為人民幣801,215,000元(二零一一 年:人民幣691,410,000元;二零一一年 一月一日:人民幣443,518,000元)。

# 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has three reportable segments as follows:

- the washing machine business segment manufactures and sells washing machines;
- (b) the water heater business segment manufactures and sells water heaters; and
- (c) the integrated channel services segment provides logistics, aftersale and other value-added consumer services as well as sells and distributes home appliances and other products procured from Haier Affiliates and other external parties.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that interest income, finance costs as well as head office and corporate expenses are excluded from this measurement.

Segment assets exclude deferred tax assets, cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits and other unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude interest-bearing borrowings, tax payable, deferred tax liabilities, convertible bonds and other unallocated liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Intersegment sales and transfers are transacted in accordance with the terms and conditions mutually agreed by the parties involved.

# 4. 經營分類資料

本集團按其產品及服務規劃業務單位, 以便管理。本集團現有下列三個可報告 分類:

- (a) 洗衣機業務分類製造及銷售洗衣機;
- (b) 熱水器業務分類製造及銷售熱水器;及
- (c) 渠道綜合服務分類提供物流、售後 及其他消費者增值服務以及銷售 和分銷來自海爾聯屬公司及其他 對外方之家電及其他產品。

管理層獨立監控本集團各經營分類之業 績,作為資源分配及評核表現之決策基 礎。分類表現評估乃基於可報告分類溢 利,分類溢利為經調整除税前溢利之計 量。除利息收入、融資成本及總辦事處 及公司支出於計量中剔除外,該經調整 除税前溢利計量與本集團除税前溢利一 致。

分類資產不包括遞延税項資產、現金及 現金等值項目、已質押存款及其他未分 配總辦事處及公司資產,因為此等資產 於集團層面管理。

分類負債不包括計息借貸、應付税項、 遞延税項負債、可換股債券及其他未分 配負債,因為此等負債於集團層面管理。

分類間銷售及轉撥乃根據有關各方相互 協定之條款及條件進行。

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

# 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

		Washing machine		Water	neater	Integrated	d channel			
		business		busir	iess	serv	ices	Consolidated		
		洗衣機業務		熱水器	業務	渠道綜合	服務業務	綜合		
		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)	
Segment revenue: Sales to external customers Intersegment sales	<b>分類收入:</b> 向外間客戶銷售 分類間銷售	5,197,582 8,079,701	4,886,760 7,328,110	848,740 3,640,720	548,980 3,279,323	49,568,725 1,199,858	44,654,117 723,273	55,615,047 12,920,279	50,089,857 11,330,706	
Total	總計	13,277,283	12,214,870	4,489,460	3,828,303	50,768,583	45,377,390	68,535,326	61,420,563	
Reconciliation: Elimination of intersegment sales Segment revenue Segment other income	<i>調整</i> : 對銷分類間銷售 分類收入 分類其他收入及							(12,920,279) 55,615,047	(11,330,706) 50,089,857	
and gains	收益	27,555	55,706	16,550	13,582	26,291	8,893	70,396	78,181	
Total segment revenue, other income and gains	分類收入、其他 收入及收益總額							55,685,443	50,168,038	
Segment results Reconciliations: Elimination of	<b>分類業績</b> <i>調整</i> : 對銷分類間	1,105,250	896,379	500,055	382,417	735,494	747,122	2,340,799	2,025,918	
intersegment results Interest income Corporate and other	業績 利息收入 公司及其他							25,930 35,854	(109,299) 21,242	
unallocated expenses Finance costs	未分配費用 融資成本							(93,817) (64,504)	(61,504) (22,492)	
Profit before tax	除税前溢利							2,244,262	1,853,865	

4. 經營分類資料(續)

# Notes to Financial Statements (continued) 타 광 윤 후 막 학 (德)

財務報表附註(續)

# 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

# 4. 經營分類資料(續)

(Continued)

		Washing machine business 洗衣機業務			Water heater business 熱水器業務			Integrated channel servicess 漢道綜合服務業務			Consolidated 综合		
					01 D 1								
		31 December 2012	31 December 2011	1 January 2011	31 December 2012	31 December 2011	1 January 2011	31 December 2012	31 December 2011	1 January 2011	31 December 2012	31 December 2011	1 January 2011
		 二零一二年		二零一一年	年 二零一二年		二零一一年	年 二零一二年		二零一一年	年	二零一一年	二零一一年
		_————————————————————————————————————		_☆ + 一月一日	_————————————————————————————————————			_————————————————————————————————————	_ * + +二月三十一日	_ ❤ + 一月一日	_————————————————————————————————————	_ * + +二月三十一日	_♥ + _月-日
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元		人民幣千元	人民幣千元		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
				/ // //					(Restated)	(Restated)		(Restated)	(Restated)
									(重列)	(重列)		(重列)	(重列)
	0.8210 *	4 000 000	0 700 007	0.400.747	4 445 675	4 00 4 007	050 107	7 000 470	5 000 107	0.070.050		10 000 001	7 440 407
Segment assets Reconciliations:	分類資產 <i>調整:</i>	4,836,909	3,739,397	3,109,747	1,445,075	1,034,867	953,467	7,838,476	5,309,427	3,379,253	14,120,460	10,083,691	7,442,467
Elimination of intersegment	<i>祠堂:</i> 對銷分類間												
receivables	到 明 刀 頬 同 應 收 賬 款										(5,133,462)	(2,292,098)	(1,128,230)
Deferred tax assets	退收成款 透延税項資產										455,634	382,642	221,311
Pledged deposits	已質押存款										61,804	87,402	3,011
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目										5,368,308	3,961,781	2,737,413
Corporate and other unallocated											-,,		
assets	未分配資產										3,340,522	2,132,187	695,117
Total assets	資產總值										18,213,266	14,355,605	9,971,089
Segment liabilities	分類負債	1,822,744	2,079,518	1,447,177	756,761	523,136	344,235	8,575,486	6,705,931	4,187,876	11,154,991	9,308,585	5,979,288
Reconciliations:	調整:												
Elimination of intersegment	對銷分類間												
payables	應付賬款										(5,133,462)	(2,292,098)	(1,128,230)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債										8,755	8,826	9,257
Tax payable	應付税項										837,476	619,362	616,318
Interest-bearing	計息借貸												
borrowings											39,800	25,000	5,000
Convertible bonds	可換股債券										699,643	669,849	-
Corporate and other	公司及其他												
unallocated liabilities	未分配負債										4,765,835	1,710,280	1,655,148
Total liabilities	負債總值										12,373,038	10,049,804	7,136,781

# 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Continued)

		Washing machine business 洗衣機業務		Water heate 熱水器		Integrated cha 渠道綜合		Consolidated 綜合		
		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)	
Other segment information:	其他分類資料:									
Provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventories Provision/(reversal of provision)	過時及滯銷 存貨撥備 其他應收賬款之 減值撥備/	4	933	-	1,592	90,045	33,109	90,049	35,634	
of impairment on other receivables	(撥備撥回)	4,228	(331)	-	_	-	-	4,228	(331)	
Product warranty and installation provisions Loss/(gain) on disposal/write-off	產品保養及 安裝撥備 出售/撤銷物業、 廠房及設備項目	437,455	514,230	240,088	278,170	-	-	677,543	792,400	
of items of property, plant and equipment, net	之虧損/(收益)淨額	432	60	1,375	-	(227)	-	1,580	60	
Impairment of property, plant and equipment Impairment of intangible	初業、敞房及 設備減值 無形資產減值	-	-	-	-	5,503	-	5,503	-	
assets Depreciation and amortisation Corporate and other unallocated amounts	折舊及攤銷 公司及其他 未分配金額	_ 39,760	 35,448	_ 20,712	— 18,555	5,340 46,508	— 39,279	5,340 106,980 4,440	93,282 11,948	
								111,420	95,230	
Capital expenditure* Corporate and other unallocated amounts	資本開支* 公司及其他	252,454	24,835	37,488	29,501	183,436	258,652	473,378	312,988	
	未分配金額							3,209 476,587	4,348 317,336	

\* Capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment, prepaid land lease payments and intangible assets.

## Geographical information

Over 90% (2011: 90%) of the Group's revenue is derived from customers in Mainland China and over 90% (2011: 90%) of the Group's non-current assets, other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets, are situated in Mainland China.

# Information about major customers

During the year, there was no customer which individually accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue (2011: Nil).

\* 資本開支包括添置物業、廠房及設備、 預付土地租賃款及無形資產。

### 地域資料

4. 經營分類資料(續)

本集團超過90%(二零一一年:90%)的 收入乃源自中國內地之客戶,而本集團 超過90%(二零一一年:90%)的非流動 資產(不包括其他財務工具及遞延税項 資產)乃位於中國內地。

### 有關主要客戶資料

年內,並無客戶個別佔本集團收入10% 或以上(二零一一年:無)。
スプリカー 代表 アリロー (Mg) 31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

### 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, net of value-added tax and after allowances for returns and trade discounts; and the value of services rendered during the year.

An analysis of revenue, other income and gains is as follows:

### 5. 收入、其他收入及收益

收入亦即本集團之營業額,指售出貨品 之發票淨值,扣除增值税、退貨備抵及 貿易折扣以及於年內提供服務的價值。

收入、其他收入及收益分析如下:

本集團

		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
Revenue	收入		
Sale of goods Rendering of services	銷售貨物 提供服務	52,954,210 2,660,837	47,915,677 2,174,180
		55,615,047	50,089,857
Other income	其他收入		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	35,854	21,242
Government subsidies*	政府補助金*	9,276	21,464
Compensation received from suppliers	已收供應商賠償	44,133	37,423
Gross rental income in respect of buildings	樓宇之租金收入總額	2,016	2,404
Dividend income from available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資之股息收入	6,733	1,988
Others	其他	8,048	14,902
		106,060	99,423
Gains	收益		
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale investments	出售可供出售投資之收益	190	
		190	
		106,250	99,423

\* Various government grants have been received from the relevant authorities of the Chongqing Municipality and Wuhan Municipality for the Group's businesses conducted in those areas. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants. 本集團已就其當地業務收取重慶市和 武漢市有關當局所作出之多筆政府補 助金。有關補助金並無尚未達成之條件 或或然事項。

### Group

### 6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

### 6. 除税前溢利

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

本集團之除税前溢利已扣除/(抵免)下 列各項:

		Notes 附註	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
Cost of inventories sold	售出存貨成本		44,269,773	40,611,896
Cost of services provided	提供服務成本		2,306,852	1,930,233
Depreciation of property, plant	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
and equipment		15	97,749	83,820
Depreciation of investment properties Recognition of prepaid land premiums	投資物業折舊 確認預付土地出讓金	16 17	1,192 5,287	1,672 4,907
Amortisation of intangible assets *	唯認與的工地山磯並 無形資產攤銷*	17	5,287 7,192	4,907
Research and development costs	研究及開發費用	10	234,700	166,725
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		6,250	5,850
Employee benefit expense	僱員福利開支			
(including directors' and	(包括董事及			
chief executive's remuneration	最高行政人員之酬金 —附註8):			
— note 8): Wages and salaries	工資及薪金		2,457,077	2,176,185
Welfare	福利		50,475	44,160
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款		442,714	356,014
Equity-settled share option expense	以股本結算之購股權開支		39,620	29,953
			2,989,886	2,606,312
Minimum lease payments under	土地及樓宇經營租約之			
operating leases in respect of land	最低租金款項			
and buildings			105,483	116,167
Provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventories*	過時及滯銷存貨撥備*		90,049	35,634
Product warranty and	產品保養及安裝撥備		90,049	30,034
installation provisions	庄吅怀良汉女衣顶围	31	677,543	792,400
Loss on disposal/write-off of items of	出售/撇銷物業、廠房及			,
property, plant and equipment, net**	設備項目之虧損淨額**		1,580	60
Impairment of property, plant	物業、廠房及設備減值**			
and equipment**		15	5,503	—
Impairment of intangible assets**	無形資產減值**	18	5,340	_
Provision/(reversal of provision)	其他應收賬款之減值撥備/	00		
of impairment of other receivables, net*	* (撥備撥回)淨額** 匯兑差額淨額	23	4,228 24,683	(331)
Foreign exchange differences, net	<b>些</b> 兄左祖伊祖		24,683	63,603

## 

### 6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (Continued)

- \* The amortisation of intangible assets and provision for obsolete and slowmoving inventories for the year are included in "Cost of sales" on the face of the consolidated income statement.
- \*\* The net loss on disposal/write-off of items of property, plant and equipment, impairment of property, plant and equipment, impairment of intangible assets and net provision of impairment of other receivables are included in "Other expenses and losses" on the face of the consolidated income statement.

### 7. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

#### Group

### 6. 除税前溢利(續)

- \* 年內無形資產攤銷以及過時及滯銷存 貨撥備已於綜合收益表列入「銷售成 本」內。
- \*\* 出售/撇銷物業、廠房及設備項目之虧 損淨額、物業、廠房及設備減值、無形 資產減值及其他應收賬款之減值撥備 淨額已於綜合收益表列入「其他費用及 虧損」內。

### 7. 融資成本

融資成本分析如下:

本集團

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest on borrowings wholly repayable	須於五年內全數償還之借貸利息		
within five years		1,469	1,068
Notional interest on loans from	非控股股東貸款之名義利息		
non-controlling shareholders		1,404	_
Interest on convertible bonds (note 30)	可換股債券利息(附註30)	61,631	21,424
		64,504	22,492

# 8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

#### Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and Section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

#### Group

### 8. 董事及最高行政人員酬金

本年度根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例第161條披露之董事及最高行政人員酬金如下:

#### 本集團

		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fees	袍金	777	707
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	1,359	1,604
Performance-related bonuses	表現花紅	223	288
Equity-settled share option expense	以股本結算之購股權開支	3,634	3,993
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	90	150
		5,306	6,035
		6,083	6,742

In prior years, certain directors were granted share options, in respect of their services to the Group, under the share option scheme of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 34 to the financial statements. The fair value of these options, which has been recognised in the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' and chief executive's remuneration disclosures. 於以前年度,根據本公司之購股權計 劃,若干董事因其向本集團提供之服務 獲授購股權,有關詳情載於財務報表附 註34。該等購股權之公平值乃於授出 日期釐定,並已於歸屬期在收益表內確 認,上文董事及最高行政人員之酬金披 露已包括已計入本年度財務報表之金 額。

20131 December 2012/ 二零一二年十二月三十一日/

#### 8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **REMUNERATION** (Continued)

#### 8. 董事及最高行政人員酬金 (續)

Independent non-executive directors: (a)

(a) 獨立非執行董事:

			Salaries,		
			allowances	Equity-settled	
			and benefits	share option	Total
		Fees	in kind	expense	remuneration
			薪金 · 津貼及	以股本結算之	
		袍金	實物利益	購股權開支	酬金總額
2012		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
二零一二年		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Mr. Wu Yinong	吳亦農先生	224	20	449	693
Mr. Yu Hon To, David	俞漢度先生	269	20	506	795
Dr. Liu Xiao Feng	劉曉峰博士	224	22	449	695
		717	62	1,404	2,183
2011					
二零一一年					
Mr. Wu Yinong	吴亦農先生	229	20	32	281
Mr. Yu Hon To, David	俞漢度先生	249	25	36	310
Dr. Liu Xiao Feng	劉曉峰博士	229	26	32	287
		707	71	100	878

# 8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (Continued)

#### 8. 董事及最高行政人員酬金 (續)

- (b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive:
- (b) 執行董事、非執行董事及最高行政 人員:

		<b>Fees</b> 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及 實物利益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Performance - related bonuses 表現花紅 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Equity-settled share option expense 以股本結算之 購股權開支 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total remuneration 酬金總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
2012	二零一二年						
Executive directors: Ms. Yang Mian Mian <sup>#</sup> Mr. Zhou Yun Jie Mr. Li Hua Gang	執行董事: 楊綿綿女士 <sup>#</sup> 周雲杰先生 李華剛先生	=	120 622 396	 145 78	 847 247	30 30 30	150 1,644 751
		-	1,138	223	1,094	90	2,545
Non-executive directors: Mr. Wu Ke Song Mr. Liang Hai Shan Ms. Feng Junyuan, Janine Mr. Gui Zhaoyu**	非執行董奎先生	_ _ 60 _	72 72 15 —		1,136 - - -		1,208 72 75 —
		60	159	_	1,136	_	1,355
		60	1,297	223	2,230	90	3,900
2011	二零一一年						
Executive directors: Ms. Yang Mian Mian <sup>#</sup> Mr. Zhou Yun Jie Mr. Li Hua Gang Mr. Sun Jing Yan*	執行董事: 楊綿綿女士 <sup>#</sup> 周雲杰先生 李華剛先生 孫京岩先生*	- - -	110 560 360 340	- 132 81 75		25 25 25 25	135 2,048 854 828
		-	1,370	288	2,107	100	3,865
Non-executive directors: Mr. Wu Ke Song Mr. Liang Hai Shan Ms. Feng Junyuan, Janine Mr. Gui Zhaoyu**	非執行董董 事: 梁海 二女 先 生 二	- - -	67 67 29 —	- - -	1,786 	25 25 —	1,878 92 29 —
		-	163	_	1,786	50	1,999
		-	1,533	288	3,893	150	5,864
* Mr. Sun Jing Y Company on 24	is the alternate dir	n executive dii ector to Ms. Fe	rector of the eng Junyuan,		人員 * 孫京: 十四 ** 桂昭: 董事	。 岩先生於二零 日辭任本公司 宇先生為馮軍 。	公司最高行政 一一年八月二 執行董事。 元女士的替任 行政人員訂

executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

年內概無董事或最高行政人員訂 立放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬之安 排。

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#### 9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included three directors (2011: three directors), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining two (2011: two) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

#### Group

### 9. 五名最高薪酬僱員

年內五名最高薪酬僱員包括三名董事 (二零一一年:三名董事),有關董事之 酬金詳情載於上文附註8。年內餘下兩名 (二零一一年:兩名)本公司非董事及非 最高行政人員最高薪酬僱員之酬金詳情 如下:

#### 本集團

		2012 二零一二年 RMB <sup>*</sup> 000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Performance-related bonuses Equity-settled share option expense Pension scheme contributions	薪金、津貼及實物利益 表現花紅 以股本結算之購股權開支 退休金計劃供款	1,020 — 471 22	1,102  941 20
		1,513	2,063

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows: 非董事及非最高行政人員最高薪酬僱員 酬金在下列指定範圍內之人數如下:

			Number of employees 僱員人數		
		2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年		
Nil to RMB1,000,000 RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000	零至人民幣1,000,000元 人民幣1,000,001元至	2	1		
	人民幣1,500,000元	—	1		
		2	2		

In prior years, share options were granted to non-director and nonchief executive, highest paid employees in respect of their services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in note 34 to the financial statements. The fair value of these options, which has been recognised in the income statement over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures. 於以前年度,非董事及非最高行政人員 最高薪酬僱員就彼等向本集團提供之服 務獲授購股權,有關詳情載於財務報表 附註34之披露內。該等購股權之公平值 乃於授出日期釐定,並已於歸屬期在收 益表確認,上文非董事及非最高行政人 員最高薪酬僱員之酬金披露已包括已計 入本年度財務報表之金額。

### **10. INCOME TAX**

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rated of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. No provision for Hong Kong profits tax was made in 2011 as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong.

Tax on profits assessable in Mainland China has been calculated at the applicable PRC corporate income tax ("CIT") rates. Certain subsidiaries of the Group are entitled to preferential tax treatments including a reduction in CIT and a full exemption from CIT for two years starting from their first profit-making year followed by a 50% reduction in CIT for the next consecutive three years. Certain subsidiaries of the Group are entitled to preferential tax treatments of the Group are 15%.

#### Group

### 10. 所得税

香港利得税乃根據年內於香港產生之 估計應課税溢利按16.5%之税率計提撥 備。於二零一一年,本集團並無任何源 自香港之應課税溢利,因此並無作出香 港利得税撥備。

於中國內地就應課税溢利徵收之税項, 乃按照適用中國企業所得税(「企業所得 税」)税率計算。本集團若干附屬公司有 權享有税項優惠待遇,包括獲減免企業 所得税,以及自首個獲利年度起兩個年 度獲全數豁免企業所得税,並於其後連 續三年獲豁免50%企業所得税。本集團 若干附屬公司有權享有税項優惠待遇, 按寬減的企業所得税率15%繳税。

#### 本集團

		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
Current — Hong Kong Charge for the year	即期一香港 年內支出	3,212	_
Current — Mainland China	即期一中國內地	000.050	540,400
Charge for the year Overprovision in prior years	年內支出 過往年度超額撥備	608,856 (1,791)	549,189 (916)
Deferred (note 32)	遞延(附註32)	(72,992)	(161,331)
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項支出總額	537,285	386,942

Total

Hong Kong

本集團 - 二零 - - 年

Mainland China

Group — 2012				本集團	] — 二零	₹-二年	
		Hong Kong 香港		Mainland Cl 中國內地		Total 總計	
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	% %	RMB'000 人民幣千元	% %	RMB'000 人民幣千元	% %
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/ (虧損)	(117,846)		2,362,108		2,244,262	
Tax at the statutory tax rate	按法定税率計算 之税項	(19,445)	16.5	590,527	25.0	571,082	25.4
Adjustments in respect of current tax of	因前期之即期 税項作出之	(10,110)	1010	000,021	2010	011,002	2011
previous periods	調整	—		(1,791)	(0.1)	(1,791)	(0.1)
Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible	非課税收入 不可扣税開支	(2,939)	2.5	(1,226)	(0.1)	(4,165)	(0.2)
for tax		25,596	(21.7)	165,864	7.0	191,460	8.5
Tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損	-	-	33,034	1.4	33,034	1.5
Tax exemption	税項豁免	—		(252,335)	(10.6)	(252,335)	(11.2)
Tax charge at the Group's effective tax rate	按本集團之 實際税率計算 之税項支出	3,212	(2.7)	534,073	22.6	537,285	23.9

### 10. INCOME TAX (Continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rates for the jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates, and a reconciliation of the applicable rates (i.e., the statutory tax rates) to the effective tax rates, are as follows:

### 10. 所得税(續)

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

按本公司及其大部分附屬公司所在司法 權區之法定税率計算除税前溢利之税項 支出,與按實際税率計算之税項支出之 調整,以及適用税率(即法定税率)與實 際税率之調整如下:

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

財務報表附註(續)

### Group - 2011

		香港		中國內地	中國內地		總計	
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	% %	RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)	% %	RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)	% %	
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/ (虧損)	(74,801)		1,928,666		1,853,865		
Tax at the statutory tax rate	按法定税率計算 之税項	(12,342)	16.5	482,167	25.0	469,825	25.3	
Adjustments in respect of current tax of	因前期之即期 税項作出之			(2.1.2)		(0.1.0)		
previous periods Income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible	調整 非課税收入 不可扣税開支	(779)		(916) (1,573)	(0.1)	(916) (2,352)	(0.1)	
for tax		13,121	(17.5)	76,496	4.0	89,617	4.8	
Tax losses not recognised Tax exemption	未確認税項虧損 税項豁免		_	12,313 (181,545)	0.6 (9.4)	12,313 (181,545)	0.7 (9.8)	
Tax charge at the Group's effective tax rate	按本集團之 實際税率計算 之税項支出	_	_	386,942	20.1	386,942	20.9	

#### 11. PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

Of the Group's profit attributable to owners of the Company of RMB1,695,122,000 (2011: RMB1,407,458,000 (as restated)), a loss of RMB118,246,000 (2011: RMB74,424,000) has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company (note 35(b)).

### 11. 本公司股東應佔溢利

在本公司股東應佔本集團溢利人民幣 1,695,122,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 1,407,458,000元(經重列))中,虧損人民 幣118,246,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 74,424,000元)已在本公司之財務報表內 處理(附註35(b))。

### 12. DIVIDENDS

### 12. 股息

		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Proposed final — HK8 cents (2011: Nil)	擬派末期股息一港幣8分 (二零一一年:零)	157,480	

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 2,396,748,020 (2011: 2,300,165,017) in issue during the year.

The calculation of the diluted earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company, adjusted to reflect the interest on the convertible bonds, where applicable (see below). The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares, and the contingently issuable shares. 年內擬派末期股息須經本公司股東於應

### 13. 本公司普通股股東應佔每 股盈利

每股基本盈利之金額乃根據年內本公司 普通股股東應佔溢利及年內已發行普通 股加權平均數2,396,748,020股(二零一一 年:2,300,165,017股)計算。

每股攤薄盈利之金額乃根據年內本公 司普通股股東應佔溢利計算,已調整以 反映可換股債券的利息(如適用,見下 文)。計算所用之普通股加權平均數乃用 於計算每股基本盈利時所用之年內已發 行普通股數目,以及假設視作行使或兑 換所有潛在攤薄普通股為普通股而無償 發行之普通股加權平均數,以及或可予 發行之股份。

財務報表附註(續)

/ \_\_\_\_\_\_31 December 2012, 立零十三年十三月三十一日

#### 13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

### **13.**本公司普通股股東應佔每 股盈利(續)

每股基本及攤薄盈利按以下各項計算:

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

#### 2012 2011 二零一一年 二零一二年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列) Earnings 盈利 Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of 用於計算每股基本盈利之本公司 the Company used in the basic earnings 普通股股東應佔溢利 per share calculation 1,695,122 1,407,458 Interest on convertible bonds 可換股債券利息 61.631 21,424 1.756.753 1.428.882\*

#### Number of shares

		股份事	股份數目		
		2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年		
Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation	<b>股份</b> 用於計算每股基本盈利之期內 已發行普通股加權平均股數	2,396,748,020	2,300,165,017		
Effect of dilution — weighted average number of ordinary shares: Warrants Share options Contingently issuable shares <sup>#</sup> Convertible bonds	攤薄影響 一 普通股加權平均股數: 認股權證 購股權 或可予發行之股份 <sup>#</sup> 可換股債券	101,080,154 52,875,229 3,820,805 100,000,000	165,253,988 60,489,188 10,056,372 35,616,438		
		257,776,188	271,415,986		
Total	總計	2,654,524,208	2,571,581,003*		

\* In the prior year, as the diluted earnings per share amount was increased when taking convertible bonds into account, the convertible bonds had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share and were ignored in the calculation of diluted earnings per share. Therefore, the diluted earnings per share amount for the prior year was based on the profit of RMB1,407,458,000 (as restated), and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 2,535,964,565 in issue.

The contingently issuable shares represented the estimated number of shares to be issued to certain Haier franchise store owners and certain non-controlling shareholders of the Group's subsidiaries in 2013. These Haier franchise store owners entered into management services agreements with the Group and achieved the prescribed performance targets and these non-controlling shareholders' of the Group's subsidiaries entered into incentive agreements with the Group and met the prescribed financial and operational performance targets. Further details of the management services agreements and incentive agreements are included in notes 18 and 29 to the financial statements, respectively. 於上年度,由於計及可換股債券後,每 股攤薄盈利金額有所增加,可換股債券 對每股基本盈利存在反攤薄影響,故於 計算每股攤薄盈利時不予計算。因此, 於上年度每股攤薄盈利金額乃根據溢 利人民幣1,407,458,000元(經重列)以及 已發行普通股加權平均數2,535,964,565 股計算。

或可予發行之股份指將於二零一三年 向本集團附屬公司若干海爾加盟店擁 有人及若干非控股股東發行之估計股 份數目。該等海爾加盟店擁有人與本集 團訂立管理服務協議,並達到指定表現 目標,而該等本集團附屬公司非控股股 東與本公司訂立獎勵協議,並達到指定 財務及營運表現目標。管理服務協議及 獎勵協議之進一步詳情分別載於財務 報表附註18及29。

### 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

### 14. 關連人士交易

- (a) In addition to the related party transactions detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with Haier Affiliates during the year:
- (a) 除此等財務報表其他部分詳述之 關連人士交易外,本集團於年內與 海爾聯屬公司曾進行以下重大交易:

		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
Export sale of washing machines and	出口銷售洗衣機及		
water heaters	熱水器	1,566,686	1,453,159
Domestic sale of products	國內銷售產品	221,410	142,239
Purchase of finished goods	採購製成品	26,866,861	27,810,983
Purchase of raw materials	採購原料	11,237,974	10,709,295
Printing and packaging fee expenses	印刷及包裝費支出	57,997	29,927
Mould charges	模具費支出	179,014	135,403
Utility service fee expenses	公用服務費支出	95,033	80,082
Promotion fee expenses	宣傳費支出	204,566	185,969
Other service fee expenses	其他服務費支出	378,906	181,614
Interest income	利息收入	21,224	13,383
Interest expenses	利息支出	1,469	1,068
Other financial service fees	其他金融服務費	6,173	7,639
Trademark licence fee expenses <sup>#</sup>	商標牌照費支出#	-	-
Logistic services income	物流服務收入	1,795,008	1,728,842
After-sale service income	售後服務收入	218,620	184,125
Premise lease income	物業租賃收入	1,008	2,016
Premise lease expenses	物業租賃支出	1,051	2,043
Purchase of equipment	採購設備	16,033	1,854

<sup>#</sup> The trademark licence fee expenses were charged at a nominal consideration of RMB1 during the year.

The above transactions were conducted in accordance with the terms and conditions mutually agreed by the parties involved.

\* 年內,商標牌照費支出乃按象徵 式代價人民幣1元收取。

以上交易乃根據訂約方互相協定 之條款及條件進行。

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) 时效却主财计(德)

財務報表附註(續)

### 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

- (b) Other transactions with related parties:
  - (i) During the year, the Group acquired the Acquired Entities at an aggregate consideration of RMB8,590,000, which was determined with reference to the respective amounts of paid-in capital of the Acquired Entities. Further details of these transactions are included in note 1 to the financial statements.
  - (ii) During the year, the Group disposed of one of its availablesale-investments, with a carrying amount of RMB6,000,000, to Qingdao Haier for RMB6,190,000, which was determined with reference to the net asset value of the available-for-sale investment.
- (c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

### 14. 關連人士交易(續)

- (b) 與關連人士之其他交易:
  - (i) 年內,本集團以總代價人民幣8,590,000元收購被收購實體,代價乃經參考被收購實體各自之繳入資本釐定。該等交易之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註1。
  - (ii) 年內,本集團向青島海爾出 售其一項賬面值為人民幣
    6,000,000元之可供出售投資,代價為人民幣6,190,000 元,乃經參考可供出售投資 之資產淨值釐定。
- (c) 本集團主要管理人員之薪酬:

		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Short term employee benefits Post-employment benefits Equity-settled share option expense	短期僱員福利 離職後福利 以股本結算之購股權開支	6,000 322 5,130	5,081 270 5,869
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	已付主要管理人員之 薪酬總額	11,452	11,220

The number of non-director and non-chief executive, key management personnel whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

非董事及非最高行政人員之主要 管理人員酬金在下列指定范圍內 之人數如下:

#### Number of key management personnel 主要管理人員人動

		工女百姓/	工女百姓八良八致		
		2012 二零一二年	2011 二零一一年		
Nil to RMB500,000	零至人民幣500,000元	2	1		
RMB500,001 to RMB1,000,000	人民幣500,001元至 人民幣1,000,000元	7	4		
RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000	人民幣1,000,001元至 人民幣1,500,000元	-	1		
		9	6		

Further details of directors' and chief executive's emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

The related party transactions in respect of item (a) also constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The related party transactions in respect of item (b) also constitute connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

董事及最高行政人員酬金之其他 詳情載於財務報表附註8。

有關第(a)項之關連人士交易亦構成持續 關連交易(定義見上市規則第十四A章)。

有關第(b)項之關連人士交易亦構成關連 交易(定義見上市規則第十四A章)。

### 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 15. 物業 · 廠房及設備

本集團

		<b>Buildings</b> 樓宇 RMB'000 人民幣千元	廠房及機器 RMB'000	Tools, furniture and fixtures 工具、傢具 及裝置 RMB'000 人民幣千元	vehicles 汽車 RMB'000	Construction in progress 在建工程 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
31 December 2012	二零一二年十二月三十一日						
At 1 January 2012 (as restated): Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一二年一月一日 (經重列): 成本 累計折舊	621,997 (244,769)	767,224 (506,072)	29,686 (20,262)	83,765 (52,121)	310,764 —	1,813,436 (823,224)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	377,228	261,152	9,424	31,644	310,764	990,212
Cost at 1 January 2012, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment (as restated) Additions Disposals/write-off Impairment Depreciation provided during	於二零一二年一月一日 之成本,已扣除累計 折舊及減值(經重列) 添置 出售/撤銷 減值 年內折舊撥備	377,228 653 (449) —	261,152 7,625 (3,469) (5,139)	9,424 3,432 (198) (364)	31,644 18,351 (133) —	310,764 398,818 (2,784) —	990,212 428,879 (7,033) (5,503)
the year Transfers	轉撥	(24,796) 113,315	(56,612) 116,883	(6,104) 8,738	(10,237) 3,165	 (242,101)	(97,749) —
Cost at 31 December 2012, net of accumulated depreciation and impairment	於二零一二年十二月三十一日 之成本,已扣除累計折舊 及減值	465,951	320,440	14,928	42,790	464,697	1,308,806
At 31 December 2012: Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment	於二零一二年十二月三十一日: 成本 累計折舊及減值	734,202 (268,251)	843,277 (522,837)	35,661 (20,733)	101,384 (58,594)	464,697 —	2,179,221 (870,415)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	465,951	320,440	14,928	42,790	464,697	1,308,806
31 December 2011 (as restated)	ニ零ーー年十二月三十一日 (經重列)						
At 1 January 2011: Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一一年一月一日: 成本 累計折舊	614,808 (216,631)	729,319 (464,468)	24,834 (16,856)	77,229 (52,860)	168,518 —	1,614,708 (750,815)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	398,177	264,851	7,978	24,369	168,518	863,893
Cost at 1 January 2011, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Disposals/write-off Depreciation provided during	於二零一一年一月一日之 成本,已扣除累計折舊 添置 出售/撤銷 年內折舊撥備	398,177 — —	264,851 9,482 (84)	7,978 4,935 (2)	24,369 14,687 (154)	168,518 184,552 (3,277)	863,893 213,656 (3,517)
the year Transfers	轉撥	(28,138) 7,189	(44,937) 31,840	(3,487)	(7,258)	(39,029)	(83,820)
Cost at 31 December 2011, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零一一年十二月三十一日 之成本,已扣除累計折舊	377,228	261,152	9,424	31,644	310,764	990,212
At 31 December 2011: Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零一一年十二月三十一日: 成本 累計折舊	621,997 (244,769)	767,224 (506,072)	29,686 (20,262)	83,765 (52,121)	310,764 —	1,813,436 (823,224)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	377,228	261,152	9,424	31,644	310,764	990,212

# Group

#### 15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued) 15

#### Group (Continued)

All buildings of the Group are erected on land in Mainland China and are held under medium term leases.

As at 31 December 2012, certain of the Group's buildings with an aggregate net book value of approximately RMB400,292,000 (2011: RMB310,376,000; 1 January 2011: RMB329,824,000) did not have building ownership certificates registered under the names of the respective subsidiaries of the Company.

With respect to the above properties and the Group's investment properties, in prior years, Haier Corp issued three undertakings to the Company, which agreed to provide other suitable properties to the Group to ensure the operations of certain subsidiaries of the Company and/or indemnify the Group against any losses arising from the above defective property title issue. The aggregate net book value of the Group's buildings and investment properties indemnified by Haier Corp as at 31 December 2012 amounted to approximately RMB206,894,000 (2011: RMB213,603,000; 1 January 2011: RMB229,160,000).

In the opinion of the directors, the Group is entitled to lawfully and validly occupy and use the buildings and investment properties for its daily operations, notwithstanding the fact that the related building ownership certificates have not yet been obtained.

#### 15. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

#### 本集團(續)

本集團全部樓宇均位於中國內地,且按 中期租約持有。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團 總賬面淨值約為人民幣400,292,000元 (二零一一年:人民幣310,376,000元;二 零一一年一月一日:人民幣329,824,000 元)之若干樓宇並無以本公司各附屬公 司之名義登記之房地產權證。

就上述物業及本集團投資物業而言,於 過往年度,海爾集團公司向本公司作出 三項承諾,海爾集團公司同意向本集團 提供其他合適物業,以確保本公司若干 附屬公司可經營業務及/或彌償本集團 因上述有瑕疵物業業權問題產生之任何 損失。於二零一二年十二月三十一日, 海爾集團公司彌償本集團之樓宇及投資 物業總賬面淨值約為人民幣206,894,000 元(二零一一年:人民幣213,603,000 元;二零一一年一月一日:人民幣 229,160,000元)。

董事認為,儘管仍未取得有關房地產權 證,惟本集團有權合法及有效地佔用及 使用樓宇及投資物業以進行日常營運。

#### **16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

#### 16. 投資物業

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#### 本集團

		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost at 1 January,	於一月一日之成本,		
net of accumulated depreciation	已扣除累計折舊	19,128	20,800
Disposals	出售	(3,213)	_
Depreciation provided during the year	年內折舊撥備	(1,192)	(1,672)
Cost at 31 December,	於十二月三十一日之成本,		
net of accumulated depreciation	已扣除累計折舊	14,723	19,128
At 31 December:	於十二月三十一日:		
Cost	成本	18,894	28,783
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(4,171)	(9,655)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	14,723	19,128

All investment properties of the Group are erected on land in Mainland China and are held under medium term leases.

In the opinion of the directors, the fair value of the Group's investment properties was approximately RMB17,136,000 as at 31 December 2012 (2011: RMB25,153,000; 1 January 2011: RMB28,219,000). Property rentals from investment properties for the year ended 31 December 2012 amounted to approximately RMB2,016,000 (2011: RMB2,404,000).

As at 31 December 2012, the Group's investment properties with an aggregate net book value of approximately RMB14,723,000 (2011: RMB15,914,000; 1 January 2011: RMB17,106,000) did not have building ownership certificates registered under the names of the respective subsidiaries of the Company. The Group obtained an undertaking from Haier Corp in relation to this defective property title issue, details of which are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

本集團全部投資物業均位於中國內地, 且按中期租約持有。

董事認為於二零一二年十二月三十一 日,本集團投資物業之公平值約為人民 幣17,136,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 25,153,000元;二零一一年一月一日:人 民幣28,219,000元)。截至二零一二年十 二月三十一日止年度,投資物業之物業 租金約為人民幣2,016,000元(二零一一 年:人民幣2,404,000元)。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團 總賬面淨值約人民幣14,723,000元(二零 一一年:人民幣15,914,000元;二零一一 年一月一日:人民幣17,106,000元)之若 干投資物業並無以本公司各相關附屬公 司之名義登記之房地產權證。本集團已 獲得海爾集團公司有關有瑕疵物業業權 問題之承諾,有關詳情載於財務報表附 註15。

#### **17. PREPAID LAND LEASE PAYMENTS**

#### 17. 預付土地租賃款

Group

#### 本集團

		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Carrying amount at 1 January Additions Recognised during the year	於一月一日之賬面值 添置 年內確認	264,201 1,611 (5,287)	175,714 93,394 (4,907)
Carrying amount at 31 December Current portion included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	於十二月三十一日之賬面值 計入預付款項、按金及其他 應收賬款之流動部分	260,525 (5,790)	264,201 (4,824)
Non-current portion	非流動部分	254,735	259,377

All prepaid land premiums represent payments for leasehold land in Mainland China held under medium term leases.

As at 31 December 2012, certain parcels of the Group's leasehold land with an aggregate unamortised prepaid land premium amount of approximately RMB102,536,000 (2011: RMB104,777,000; 1 January 2011: RMB66,916,000) did not have land use right certificates registered under the names of the respective subsidiaries of the Company, all of which were indemnified by Haier Corp as at 31 December 2012. Details of the undertakings granted by Haier Corp to the Company in relation to this title issue are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

所有預付土地租賃款指位於中國內地且 均按中期租約持有之租賃土地款項。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團 未攤銷預付土地出讓金總額約為人民 幣102,536,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 104,777,000元;二零一一年一月一日: 人民幣66,916,000元)之若干幅租賃土地 並無以本公司各相關附屬公司之名義登 記之土地使用權證,海爾集團公司已於 二零一二年十二月三十一日就此作出全 數彌償。海爾集團公司就有關所有權問 題而向本公司作出承諾之詳情載於財務 報表附註15。

### **18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

### 18. 無形資產

#### 本集團

		<b>Software</b> 軟件 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Patents and licences 專利及特許權 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Management services arrangements 管理服務安排 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note) (附註)	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
31 December 2012	二零一二年十二月三十一日				
At 1 January 2012: Cost Accumulated amortisation	於二零一二年一月一日: 成本 累計攤銷	18,359 (6,798)	2,429 (2,429)	70,000 (1,750)	90,788 (10,977)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	11,561	_	68,250	79,811
Cost at 1 January 2012, net of accumulated amortisation Additions Impairment Amortisation provided during the year	於二零一二年一月一日 之成本,已扣除累計攤銷 添置 減值 年內攤銷撥備	11,561 7,378 (5,340) (3,692)		68,250  (3,500)	79,811 7,378 (5,340) (7,192)
Cost at 31 December 2012, net of accumulated amortisation and impairment	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日之成本, 已扣除累計攤銷及減值	9,907	_	64,750	74,657
At 31 December 2012: Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	於二零一二年 十二月三十一日: 成本 累計攤銷及減值	25,737 (15,830)	2,429 (2,429)	70,000 (5,250)	98,166 (23,509)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	9,907		64,750	74,657
31 December 2011	二零一一年十二月三十一日				
At 1 January 2011: Cost Accumulated amortisation	於二零一一年一月一日: 成本 累計攤銷	4,679 (4,063)	2,429 (2,083)	_ _	7,108 (6,146)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	616	346	_	962
Cost at 1 January 2011, net of accumulated amortisation Additions Amortisation provided during the year	於二零一一年一月一日之 成本,已扣除累計攤銷 添置 年內攤銷撥備	616 13,680 (2,735)	346 (346)	 70,000 (1,750)	962 83,680 (4,831)
Cost at 31 December 2011, net of accumulated amortisation	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日之成本, 已扣除累計攤銷	11,561	_	68,250	79,811
At 31 December 2011: Cost Accumulated amortisation	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日: 成本 累計攤銷	18,359 (6,798)	2,429 (2,429)	70,000 (1,750)	90,788 (10,977)

Group

#### 18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

### 18. 無形資產(續)

Company

#### 本公司

		Management services arrangements (note) 管理服務安排(附註)	
		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January: Cost Accumulated amortisation	於一月一日: 成本 累計攤銷	70,000 (1,750)	
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	68,250	
Cost at beginning of year, net of accumulated amortisation Additions Amortisation provided during the year	於年初之成本,已扣除累計攤銷 添置 年內攤銷撥備	68,250  (3,500)	
Cost at end of year, net of accumulated amortisation	於年終之成本,已扣除累計攤銷	64,750	68,250
At 31 December: Cost Accumulated amortisation	於十二月三十一日: 成本 累計攤銷	70,000 (5,250)	70,000 (1,750)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	64,750	68,250

Note: The cost related to the original fair values of the management services agreements acquired by the Group in the prior year amounting to RMB70,000,000, which are amortised over the tenure of the management services agreements. According to the management services agreements, the Group is entitled to receive management fees broadly equal to 2% of the annual purchasing orders (in monetary value) for 2011 to 2018 and 1% for 2019 to 2030 from certain Haier franchise stores.

附註:與本集團於上年度收購的管理服務協 議的原公平值有關的成本達人民幣 70,000,000元,有關結餘乃於管理服務 協議年期內攤銷。根據管理服務協議, 本集團有權收取管理費,其大致上相等 於若干海爾加盟店的年度採購訂單(金 錢價值)的2%(就二零一一年至二零一 八年)及1%(就二零一九年至二零三零 年)。

### **19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

### 19. 於附屬公司之投資

Company	y
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#### 本公司

		非上市投資,按成本		二零一 RME 人民幣	3'000 RMB'000 千元 人民幣千元
Unlisted investments, at cost The amounts due from and to non-current assets and non-cur RMB145,318,000) and RMB respectively, are unsecured, ir one year.	subsidiaries included rent liabilities of RMB2 80,574,000 (2011: nterest-free and are	d in the Company's 249,671,000 (2011: RMB80,698,000), not repayable with	應收及) 幣249,67 145,318, (二零一 抵押、免	應付附屬 71,000元( 000元)及 一年:人即 息及於一	协資產及非流動負債之 公司款項分別為人民 二零一一年:人民幣 ↓人民幣80,574,000元 €幣80,698,000元)為無 年內毋須還款。
Particulars of the principal subs Name 名稱	idiaries are as follows Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊資本面值	王要附屬 Percentage directly attr the Cor 本公司重 股權百 Direct 直接	ibutable to mpany [接應佔	<sup>▶</sup> 科如下: Principal activities 主要業務
Qingdao Haier Washing Machine Co., Ltd. * 青島海爾洗衣機有限公司*	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB238,610,000 人民幣238,610,000元	_	93.44	Manufacture and sale of washing machines 生產及銷售洗衣機
Foshan Shunde Haier Electric Co., Ltd. * 佛山市順德海爾電器有限公司*	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB48,800,000 人民幣48,800,000元	-	60	Manufacture and sale of washing machines 生產及銷售洗衣機
Hefei Haier Washing Machine Co., Ltd. * 合肥海爾洗衣機有限公司*	PRC/ Mainland China 中國/中國內地	RMB92,000,000 人民幣92,000,000元	_	98.69	Manufacture and sale of washing machines 生產及銷售洗衣機

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

### 19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 19. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊資本面值	Percentage of equity directly attributable to the Company 本公司直接應佔 股權百分比		Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Qingdao Jiaonan Haier Washing Machine Co., Ltd. **	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	-	94.49	Manufacture and sale of washing machines
青島膠南海爾洗衣機有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			生產及銷售洗衣機
Chongqing Haier Washing Machine Co., Ltd. *	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB25,000,000	25	74.02	Manufacture and sale of washing machines
重慶海爾洗衣機有限公司*	中國/中國內地	人民幣25,000,000元			生產及銷售洗衣機
Foshan Shunde Haier Intelligent Electronic Co., Ltd. *	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB20,000,000	25	74.02	Manufacture and sale of accessories for electrical appliances
佛山市順德海爾智能電子 有限公司*	中國/中國內地	人民幣20,000,000元			生產及銷售電器配件
Qingdao New Goodaymart Logistics Service Co., Ltd.***	PRC/ Mainland China	USD49,000,000	_	100	Investment holding
青島新日日順投資有限公司***	中國/中國內地	49,000,000美元			投資控股
Qingdao Goodaymart Lejia Trading Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB5,000,000	-	100	Sale of home electric appliances
青島日日順樂家貿易有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣5,000,000元			銷售家電
Qingdao Haier Drum Washing Machine Co., Ltd.***	PRC/ Mainland China	USD12,000,000	_	100	Manufacture and sale of washing machines
青島海爾滾筒洗衣機 有限公司***	中國/中國內地	12,000,000美元			生產及銷售洗衣機
Chongqing Haier Drum Washing Machine Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB250,000,000	_	100	Manufacture and sale of washing machines
重慶海爾滾筒洗衣機有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣250,000,000元			生產及銷售洗衣機

### 19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 19. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊資本面值	Percentage of equity directly attributable to the Company 本公司直接應佔 股權百分比			
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接		
Qingdao Economy and Technology Development Zone Haier Water Heater Co., Ltd. ***	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB120,000,000	_	100	Manufacture and sale of water heaters	
青島經濟技術開發區海爾 熱水器有限公司***	中國/中國內地	人民幣120,000,000元			生產及銷售熱水器	
Wuhan Haier Water Heater Co., Ltd. ***	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB50,000,000	_	100	Manufacture and sale of water heaters	
武漢海爾熱水器有限公司***	中國/中國內地	人民幣50,000,000元			生產及銷售熱水器	
Chongqing Haier Water Heater Co., Ltd. **	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	_	100	Manufacture and sale of water heaters	
重慶海爾熱水器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			生產及銷售熱水器	
Foshan Haier Drum Washing Machine Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB150,000,000	_	98.69	Manufacture and sale of washing machines	
佛山海爾滾筒洗衣機有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣150,000,000元			生產及銷售洗衣機	
Chongqing New Goodaymart Electronics Sales Co., Ltd. ***	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB5,000,000	-	100	Sale of home electric appliances	
重慶新日日順家電銷售 有限公司***	中國/中國內地	人民幣5,000,000元			銷售家電	
Haier Electronics Sales (Hefei) Co., Ltd. ***	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB5,000,000	_	100	Sale of home electric appliances	
海爾電器銷售(合肥) 有限公司***	中國/中國內地	人民幣5,000,000元			銷售家電	
Qingdao Haier Electronics Sales Service Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB5,000,000	_	100	Sale of home electric appliances	
青島海爾電器銷售服務 有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣5,000,000元			銷售家電	

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) 时改起主财计(师)

財務報表附註(續)

如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 如 2 31 December 2012/ 二零一二年十二月三十一日

### 19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 19. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Place of incorporation/ registration and Name operations 註冊成立/ 名稱 註冊及營業地點		Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊資本面值	Percentage of equity directly attributable to the Company 本公司直接應佔 股權百分比		Principal activities 主要業務	
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接		
Qingdao Haier Logistics	PRC/	USD41,870,000	_	100	Provision of logistics	
Co., Ltd.** 青島海爾物流有限公司**	Mainland China 中國/中國內地	41,870,000美元			service 提供物流服務	
Beijing Haier Logistics Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Provision of logistics service	
北京海爾物流有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			提供物流服務	
Qingdao Goodaymart Supply Chains Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Provision of logistics service	
青島日日順供應鏈有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			提供物流服務	
Hefei Goodaymart Logistics Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB500,000	-	100	Provision of logistics service	
合肥日日順倉儲有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣500,000元			提供物流服務	
Chongqing Hairi Logistics Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB500,000	-	100	Provision of logistics service	
重慶海日物流有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣500,000元			提供物流服務	
Qingdao Goodaymart Electronics Service Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB20,000,000	-	100	Provision of after-sale services	
青島日日順電器服務有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣20,000,000元			提供售後服務	
Goodaymart (Shanghai) Investment Co., Ltd.***	PRC/ Mainland China	USD71,700,000	100	_	Investment holding	
日日順(上海)投資有限公司***	中國/中國內地	71,700,000美元			投資控股	
Shandong Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB20,000,000	_	51	Sale of home electric appliances	
山東日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣20,000,000元			銷售家電	

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日 加加加加加加加加加加加加加

### 19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 19. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

	Place of				
	incorporation/	Nominal value of	Percentage	of equity	
	registration and	issued ordinary/	directly attrib	utable to	
Name	operations	registered capital	the Com	pany	Principal activities
	註冊成立/	已發行普通股/	本公司直接	接應佔	
名稱	註冊及營業地點	註冊資本面值	股權百:	分比	主要業務
			Direct	Indirect	
			直接	間接	
Chengdu Haixin Goodaymart	PRC/	RMB9,800,000	_	51	Sale of home electric
Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	Mainland China	1 11120,000,000		01	appliances
成都海新日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣9,800,000元			銷售家電
成即何利日日原电砧们限厶日	변전 가 변 19 년	八八市 9,000,000万			明日永电
Yantai Goodaymart Electric	PRC/	RMB30,000,000	_	51	Sale of home electric
Appliance Co., Ltd.**	Mainland China				appliances
煙台日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣30,000,000元			銷售家電
Hefei Goodaymart Electric	PRC/	RMB20,000,000	_	51	Sale of home electric
Appliance Co., Ltd.**	Mainland China				appliances
合肥日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣20,000,000元			銷售家電
Hunan Goodaymart Electric	PRC/	RMB10,000,000	_	51	Sale of home electric
Appliance Co., Ltd.**	Mainland China				appliances
湖南日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			銷售家電
Xuchang Goodaymart Electric	PRC/	RMB10,000,000	_	51	Sale of home electric
Appliance Co., Ltd.**	Mainland China				appliances
許昌日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			銷售家電
Suzhou Goodaymart Electric	PRC/	RMB10,000,000	_	51	Sale of home electric
Appliance Co., Ltd.**	Mainland China			01	appliances
蘇州日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			銷售家電
mm 川 日 日 川 宅 昭 竹 1 X ム リ	1.641.1.641.116	スト、市10,000,000万			對口沙尼
Fujian Goodaymart Electric	PRC/	RMB9,800,000	_	51	Sale of home electric
Appliances Co., Ltd.**	Mailand China				appliances
福建日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣9,800,000元			銷售家電

#### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) 时改起主财社(值)

財務報表附註(續)

### 19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 19. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊資本面值	Percentage of directly attribut the Compa 本公司直接 股權百分	able to iny 應佔	Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct I 直接	Indirect 間接	
Nanchang Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mailand China	RMB5,000,000	_	51	Sale of home electric appliances
南昌日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣5,000,000元			銷售家電
Wenzhou Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mailand China	RMB6,000,000	_	51	Sale of home electric appliances
溫州日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣6,000,000元			銷售家電
Liaoning Goodaymart Trading Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	-	51	Sale of home electric appliances
遼寧日日順商貿有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			銷售家電
Xinjiang Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	-	51	Sale of home electric appliances
新疆日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			銷售家電
Jiangsu Subei Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	-	51	Sale of home electric appliances
江蘇蘇北日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			銷售家電
Tangshan Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB6,000,000	-	51	Sale of home electric appliances
唐山日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣6,000,000元			銷售家電
Shanxi Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	-	51	Sale of home electric appliances
山西日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			銷售家電
Wuhan Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	-	51	Sale of home electric appliances
武漢日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			銷售家電

### 19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 19. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊資本面值	directly attribu the Comp 本公司直接	ntage of equity y attributable to e Company Principal activities 可直接應佔 :權百分比 主要業務	
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
SHC International (HK) Ltd.	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	_	51	Export sales of small home electric appliances
森海國際(香港)有限公司	香港	1,000,000港元			出口銷售小家電
Ocean Vast Enterprises Ltd.	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	USD50,000	_	51	Export sales of small home electric appliances
海鴻企業有限公司	英屬處女群島/ 香港	50,000美元			出口銷售小家電
Sunlit Enterprise International Ltd.	British Virgin Islands/ Mainland China	USD200,000	_	51	Export sales of small home electric appliances
陽光企業國際有限公司	英屬處女群島/ 中國內地	200,000美元			出口銷售小家電
Haier International Business Corporation Ltd.	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000,000	_	100	Export sales of small home electric appliances
海爾國際商社有限公司	香港	10,000,000港元			出口銷售小家電
Haier Group E-commerce Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB37,500,000	-	80	Online sales of Haier branded home electric appliances
海爾集團電子商務有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣37,500,000元			網上銷售海爾品牌 家電
Zhucheng Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB2,000,000	-	25.8#	Sale of home electric appliances
諸城日日順電器有限責任公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣2,000,000元			銷售家電

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

### 19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 19. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊資本面值	Percentage of directly attribut the Compa 本公司直接 股權百分	table to any 應佔	Principal activities 主要業務
				Indirect 間接	
Yanzhou Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB2,000,000	-	25.8 <sup>#</sup>	Sale of home electric appliances
兗州日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣2,000,000元			銷售家電
Rizhao Lingyun Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB2,000,000	_	25.8 <sup>#</sup>	Sale of home electric appliances
日照凌雲日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣2,000,000元			銷售家電
Jining Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB2,000,000	-	25.8*	Sale of home electric appliances
濟寧日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣2,000,000元			銷售家電
Taian Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB2,000,000	-	25.8*	Sale of home electric appliances
泰安日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣2,000,000元			銷售家電
Jinan Goodaymart Trading Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB2,000,000	_	25.8#	Sale of home electric appliances
濟南日日順商貿有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣2,000,000元			銷售家電
Qufu Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB2,000,000	-	25.8 <sup>#</sup>	Sale of home electric appliances
曲阜日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣2,000,000元			銷售家電
Qingdao Yatai Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB2,000,000	_	25.8*	Sale of home electric appliances
青島日日順雅泰電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣2,000,000元			銷售家電
Laiwu Goodaymart Electric Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB1,000,000	-	26#	Sale of home electric appliances
萊蕪市日日順電器有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			銷售家電

### 19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

### 19. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are as follows: (continued)

主要附屬公司之資料如下:(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and operations 註冊成立/ 註冊及營業地點	Nominal value of Percentage of issued ordinary/ directly attrib registered capital the Comp已發行普通股/ 本公司直接 註冊資本面值 股權百分		outable to pany 接應佔	Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Zibo Xinxing Goodaymart Electric Appliance Sales Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB1,980,000	_	26	# Sale of home electric appliances
淄博新星日日順電器銷售 有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,980,000元			銷售家電
Yuncheng Sanlian Home Appliance Co., Ltd.**	PRC/ Mainland China	RMB2,000,000	_	25.8	<sup>#</sup> Sale of home electric appliances
鄆城三聯家電有限公司**	中國/中國內地	人民幣2,000,000元			銷售家電
* Registered as a Sino-foreig	gn equity joint venture e	enterprise under PRC	* 根據	中國法律	註冊為中外股份合營企

 Registered as a Sino-foreign equity joint venture enterprise under PRC law

\*\* Registered as a limited liability company under PRC law

\*\*\* Registered as a wholly-foreign-owned enterprise under PRC law

<sup>#</sup> They are subsidiaries of a non-wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and, accordingly, are accounted for as subsidiaries by virtue of the Company's control over them.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

根 據 中 國 法 律 註 冊 為 中 外 股 份 合 營 企 業

\* 根據中國法律註冊為有限責任公司

\*\*\* 根據中國法律註冊為外商獨資企業

該等公司為本公司非全資附屬公司之 附屬公司,故基於本公司對該等公司之 控制權而列作附屬公司。

上表所列之本公司附屬公司乃董事認為 主要影響本集團本年度之業績或組成本 集團資產淨值主要部分之附屬公司。董 事認為,詳列其他附屬公司將會導致內 容過於冗長。

如*四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四四*31 December 2012<sup>,</sup> 立零一二年十二月三十一日

### 20. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

### 20. 可供出售投資

	31 December	31 December	1 January
	2012	2011	2011
	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一一年
	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unlisted equity investments, at cost  非上市股本投資,			
按成本	2,925	8,625	8,625

As at 31 December 2012, all of the Group's available-for-sale investments were stated at cost less impairment because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團 全部可供出售投資乃按成本減任何減值 列賬,原因是估計合理公平值之幅度較 大,董事認為其公平值不能可靠地計量。

### **21. INVENTORIES**

21. 存貨

本集團

		31 December	31 December	1 January
		2012	2011	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一一年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			(Restated)	(Restated)
			(重列)	(重列)
Raw materials	原料	110,111	49,060	32,610
Work in progress	在製品	26,703	26,403	20,155
Finished goods	製成品	2,342,377	2,039,224	1,305,569
		2,479,191	2,114,687	1,358,334

At 31 December 2012, the Group's inventories with a carrying amount of RMB76,740,000 (2011: RMB38,500,000; 1 January 2011: Nil) were pledged as security for the Group's borrowings as further detailed in note 27 to the financial statements.

誠如財務報表附註27進一步詳述,於二 零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團賬面 值為人民幣76,740,000元(二零一一年: 人民幣38,500,000元;二零一一年一月 一日:無)的存貨已作為本集團借貸的抵 押品獲質押。

### 22. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit period is generally one month, extending up to three months for major customers. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise credit risk. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

An aged analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

### 22. 應收賬款及票據

本集團

本集團與其客戶之間的貿易條款以信貸 為主,惟新客戶例外,通常新客戶須預 付款項。信貸期通常為一個月,主要客 戶之信貸期最多可延至三個月。各客戶 均有信貸期上限。本集團致力於嚴謹監 控尚未收回應收賬款以減低信貸風險。 逾期結餘由高級管理層定期審閱。鑑於 上述以及本集團應收賬款與眾多多元 化客戶有關,故並無重大集中的信貸 驗。本集團並無就該等應收賬款結餘持 有任何抵押品或其他信貸提升條件。應 收賬款並不計息。

於報告期末應收賬款之賬齡按發票日期 分析如下:

31 December 31 December 1 January 2012 2011 2011 二零一二年 -零--年 - 零 - - 年 十二月三十一日 十二月三十一日 一月一日 **RMB'000** RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Restated) (Restated) (重列) (重列) Trade receivables: 應收賬款: Within 1 month 1,258,157 1個月內 1,133,392 477,368 1 to 2 months 1至2個月 90,325 136,688 186,297 2 to 3 months 147,785 2至3個月 117,774 133,645 Over 3 months 430,184 82,124 206,684 超過3個月 1,926,451 1,469,978 1,003,994 Bills receivable 應收票據 4,997,637 4,111,446 2,927,677 6.924.088 5.581.424 3.931.671

Group

#### **海爾電器集團有限公司** 二零一二年年報 **173**

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) 財務報表附註(續)

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### 22. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The aged analysis of the trade and bills receivables that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

### 22. 應收賬款及票據(續)

個別或共同並無被視為減值之應收賬款 及票據之賬齡分析如下:

#### Group 本集團 31 December 31 December 1 January 2012 2011 2011 二零一二年 二零一一年 二零一一年 十二月三十一日 十二月三十一日 一月一日 **RMB'000** RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 (Restated) (Restated) (重列) (重列) Neither past due nor impaired 未逾期及未減值 6.493.904 5,499,300 3,724,987 Less than 1 year past due 逾期少於一年 421,300 81,674 138,739 1 to 2 years past due 逾期一至兩年 8.884 450 67.945 6,924,088 3,931,671 5,581,424

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

Included in the Group's trade and bills receivables are amounts due from Haier Affiliates amounting to RMB660,109,000 (2011: RMB862,688,000; 1 January 2011: RMB2,270,764,000), which are repayable on similar credit terms to those offered to the major customers of the Group. Further details of the sales to these related parties are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

At 31 December 2012, certain of the Group's bills receivable of approximately RMB122,809,000 (2011: RMB250,453,000; 1 January 2011: RMB518,137,000) were pledged to secure certain of the Group's bills payable (note 25).

未逾期及未減值之應收款項與近期並無 欠款紀錄之客戶有關。

已逾期但未減值之應收款項與多名於本 集團往績紀錄良好之客戶有關。根據過 往經驗,本公司董事認為毋須就該等結 餘作出減值撥備,因為信貸質素並無重 大變動,而該等結餘仍被認為可全數收 回。

本集團之應收賬款及票據包括應收海爾 聯屬公司款項為數人民幣660,109,000 元(二零一一年:人民幣862,688,000 元;二零一一年一月一日:人民幣 2,270,764,000元),該款項須按與給予本 集團主要客戶之信貸條款相若之信貸條 款償還。有關向該等關連人士銷售之其 他詳情載於財務報表附註14。

於二零一二年十二月三十一日,本集團 若干應收票據約人民幣122,809,000元 (二零一一年:人民幣250,453,000元;二 零一一年一月一日:人民幣518,137,000 元)獲質押,以抵押本集團若干應付票據 (附註25)。

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日 如何如何如何如何如何如何的

### 23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

### 23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 賬款

		Group 士在 国			Company 本公司		
		31 December	本集團 31 December	1 January	31 December	31 December	
		2012	2011	2011	2012	2011	
			 二零一一年	二零一一年	2012	 二零一一年	
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
			(Restated)	(Restated)			
			(重列)	(重列)			
Prepayments	預付款項	775,554	464,370	342,090	243	257	
Deposits	按金	650	522	522	650	522	
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	444,683	415,065	321,000	14,911	-	
		1,220,887	879,957	663,612	15,804	779	
Impairment	減值	(13,669)	(9,441)	(9,772)	-	_	
		1,207,218	870,516	653,840	15,804	779	

The movements in provision for impairment of other receivables are as follows:

其他應收賬款減值撥備之變動如下:

		Group 本集團		Comp 本公	-
		2012 ニ零ーニ年 RMB'000	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000	2012 ニ零ーニ年 RMB'000	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000
At 1 January	於一月一日	人民幣千元 	人民幣千元 9,772	人民幣千元	
Impairment losses recognised (note 6) Impairment losses reversed	確認減值虧損 (附註6) 撥回減值虧損	4,965	-	-	_
(note 6) As at 31 December	(附註6) 於十二月三十一日	(737) 13,669	(331) 9,441		

2011年1月三十一日 2011年1月三十一日

#### 23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Except for other receivables amounting to RMB13,669,000 (2011: RMB9,441,000; 1 January 2011: RMB9,772,000) included in the above balance, none of the above assets is either past due or impaired. Other than the aforementioned impaired receivables, the financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of default.

Included in the Group's prepayments, deposits and other receivables are amounts due from Haier Affiliates amounting to RMB512,331,000 (2011: RMB222,617,000; 1 January 2011: RMB312,543,000), which are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand.

### **23.** 預付款項、按金及其他應收 賬款(續)

除上述結餘所包括之其他應收賬款人 民幣13,669,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 9,441,000元:二零一一年一月一日:人 民幣9,772,000元)外,上述資產概無已 逾期或已減值。除上述之已減值之應收 賬款外,上述結餘所包括之財務資產與 並無近期欠款紀錄之應收賬款有關。

本集團之預付款項、按金及其他應收賬 款包括應收海爾聯屬公司款項為數人民 幣512,331,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 222,617,000元;二零一一年一月一日: 人民幣312,543,000元)。該款項為無抵 押、免息及按通知償還。

#### 24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### 24. 現金及現金等值項目

		Group 本集團			Company 本公司		
		31 December	31 December	1 January	31 December	31 December	
		2012	2011	2011	2012	2011	
		二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一一年	
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
			(Restated)	(Restated)			
			(重列)	(重列)			
Cash and	現金及銀行						
bank balances	結餘	4,038,756	2,389,174	1,817,377	19,003	16,807	
Time deposits	定期存款	1,391,356	1,660,009	923,047	1,046,403	1,323,435	
		5,430,112	4,049,183	2,740,424	1,065,406	1,340,242	
Less: deposits pledged 減:就應付							
for bills payable	票據抵押的						
(note 25)	存款						
	(附註25)	(61,804)	(87,402)	(3,011)	-		
Cash and	現金及現金						
cash equivalents	等值項目	5,368,308	3,961,781	2,737,413	1,065,406	1,340,242	

#### 24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances and time deposits of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to RMB4,718,226,000 (2011: RMB2,991,074,000 (as restated); 1 January 2011: RMB1,892,356,000 (as restated)). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of within one year depending on the immediate cash requirement of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks or financial institutions with no recent history of default.

Included in the Group's cash and cash equivalents are deposits of approximately RMB732,317,000 (2011: RMB747,154,000; 1 January 2011: RMB703,605,000) placed with Haier Group Finance Co., Ltd. ("Haier Finance"), a financial institution approved by the People's Bank of China. The interest rate on these deposits ranged from 0.35% to 3.90% per annum. Further details of the interest income attributable to the deposits placed with Haier Finance are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

### 24. 現金及現金等值項目(續)

於報告期末,本集團以人民幣計值之現 金及銀行結餘以及定期存款為人民幣 4,718,226,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 2,991,074,000元(經重列);二零一一年 一月一日:人民幣1,892,356,000元(經重 列))。人民幣不能自由兑換為其他貨幣, 但根據中國內地之外匯管理條例及《結 匯、售匯及付匯管理規定》,本集團可透 過獲認可進行外匯業務之銀行將人民幣 兑換為其他貨幣。

存於銀行之現金根據每日銀行存款利率 按浮動利率賺取利息。短期定期存款視 乎本集團之即時現金需求而分為一年內 之不同存款期,按相關短期定期存款利 率賺取利息。銀行結餘及已質押存款存 放於並無近期欠款紀錄之信譽良好銀行 或金融機構。

本集團之現金及現金等值項目包括存放 於海爾集團財務有限責任公司(「海爾財 務」)之存款約人民幣732,317,000元(二 零一一年:人民幣747,154,000元;二零 一一年一月一日:人民幣703,605,000 元),海爾財務為中國人民銀行認可之財 務機構。該等存款之年利率介乎0.35厘 至3.90厘。有關存放於海爾財務之存款 應佔之利息收入其他詳情載於財務報表 附註14。

ス コス キャン スキャン 10 日上 ( 減 ) 31 December 2012 二零一三年十二月三十一日

### 25. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

#### Group

#### 25. 應付賬款及票據

本集團

於報告期末應付賬款之賬齡按發票日期 分析如下:

		2,961,504	2,550,908	1,561,376
Bills payable	應付票據	410,926	348,889	484,570
		2,550,578	2,202,019	1,076,806
Over 3 months	超過3個月	229,381	80,250	70,429
2 to 3 months	2至3個月	49,899	32,764	47,343
1 to 2 months	1至2個月	65,350	73,523	46,236
Trade payables: Within 1 month	應付賬款: 1個月內	2,205,948	2,015,482	912,798
Tue de la sue la la su	<b>库</b> (十 年 表 ,			
			(重列)	(重列)
			(Restated)	(Restated)
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日
		二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一一年
		2012	2011	2011
		31 December	31 December	1 January

The trade and bills payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on credit terms ranging from 30 to 90 days.

Included in the Group's trade payables are amounts due to Haier Affiliates amounting to RMB1,556,523,000 (2011: RMB1,461,642,000; 1 January 2011: RMB592,198,000), which are repayable on similar credit terms to those offered by other similar suppliers of the Group. Further details of the purchases from these related parties are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

Certain of the Group's bills payable are secured by the pledge of the Group's bank deposits amounting to RMB61,804,000 (2011: RMB87,402,000; 1 January 2011: RMB3,011,000) and the Group's bills receivable amounting to RMB122,809,000 (2011: RMB250,453,000; 1 January 2011: RMB518,137,000).

應付賬款及票據不計利息,並一般按介 乎30至90日之信貸期償還。

本集團之應付賬款包括應付海爾聯屬公 司款項為數人民幣1,556,523,000元(二 零一一年:人民幣1,461,642,000元:二 零一一年一月一日:人民幣592,198,000 元),該款項須按與其他相若供應商給予 本集團相若之信貸條款償還。有關向該 等關連人士採購之其他詳情載於財務報 表附註14。

本集團若干應付票據以本集團之銀行存 款人民幣61,804,000元(二零一一年:人 民幣87,402,000元:二零一一年一月一 日:人民幣3,011,000元)及本集團之應收 票據人民幣122,809,000元(二零一一年: 人民幣250,453,000元:二零一一年一月 一日:人民幣518,137,000元)作抵押。

### 26. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

### 26. 其他應付賬款及應計負債

		Group		Company 本公司		
		本集團				
		31 December	31 December	1 January	31 December	31 December
		2012	2011	2011	2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一一年	二零一二年	二零一一年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			(Restated)	(Restated)		
			(重列)	(重列)		
Other payables	其他應付賬款	5,031,352	4,094,692	3,431,909	36,944	18,754
Accruals	應計負債	1,463,276	1,231,847	1,025,794		7,256
		0 40 4 000	5 000 500	4 457 700		00.040
		6,494,628	5,326,539	4,457,703	36,944	26,010

Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have an average term of three months.

其他應付賬款不計利息及平均為期三個 月。

Included in the Group's other payables and accruals are amounts due to Haier Affiliates amounting to RMB1,483,862,000 (2011: RMB1,176,495,000; 1 January 2011: RMB1,217,688,000). These amounts are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand. 本集團之其他應付賬款及應計負債包 括應付海爾聯屬公司款項為人民幣 1,483,862,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 1,176,495,000元;二零一一年一月一 日:人民幣1,217,688,000元)。該等款項 為無抵押、免息及按通知償還。
財務報表附註(續)

### 27. INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS

# 27. 計息借貸

### Group

### 本集團

		31 December 2012 _ ニ零ーニ年十ニ月三十一日		31 D	ecember 2	011	1 J	anuary 20 <sup>-</sup>	11	
				二零一一	年十二月	三十一日		二零一一年一月一日		
		Effective			Effective			Effective		
		interest			interest			interest		
		rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000	rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000	rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000
		實際利率		人民幣	實際利率		人民幣	實際利率		人民幣
		%	到期	千元	%	到期	千元	%	到期	千元
Current Other loans — secured		6.00	2013	39,800	5.90	2012	25,000	_	_	_
Other loans — unsecured	其他貸款一無抵押							6.50	2011	5,000
				39,800			25,000			5,000
					31 Decem		31 De	cember	1	January
					2	012		2011		2011
					二零一	二年	二零	——年	二 零	- 一年
				+	二月三十-	-日 -	十二月三	$+-\Box$	-	一月一日
					RMB <sup>3</sup>	000	RI	MB'000	F	RMB'000

Borrowings repayable:	須於以下限期償還之借貸:			
Within one year or on demand	一年內或按通知	39,800	25,000	5,000

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All interest-bearing borrowings were RMB-denominated loans borrowed from Haier Finance. Further details of the interest expenses attributable to the loans borrowed from Haier Finance are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

The Group's loans were secured by floating charges over certain of the Group's inventories totalling RMB76,740,000 (2011: RMB38,500,000).

All of the Group's loans bore interest at fixed interest rates.

所有計息借貸均指向海爾財務借入以人 民幣計值之貸款。向海爾財務借入貸款 應佔之利息支出之其他詳情載於財務報 表附註14。

人民幣千元

人民幣千元

本集團之貸款由本集團若干存貨合共人 民幣76,740,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 38,500,000元)的浮動押記抵押。

本集團的所有貸款均以固定利率計息。

# 28. DUE TO NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

The loans borrowed from non-controlling shareholders are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable in three years.

# **29. PUT OPTION LIABILITIES**

During the year and in the prior year, the Company entered into incentive agreements with certain non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries pursuant to which the non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries agreed to meet the prescribed financial and operational performance targets of the non-wholly-owned subsidiaries laid down by the Company and the Company agreed to grant put options to these non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries. In accordance with the terms of the incentive agreements and subject to the fulfilment of the prescribed financial and operational performance targets at the relevant financial year ends during the tenures of the put options, these non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries would be entitled to exercise the put options to require the Company to purchase part or whole of the equity interests in the non-wholly-owned subsidiaries at prices to be determined based on the agreed formula.

The put option liabilities are carried at fair value. The subsequent change in the carrying amount of the put option liabilities is adjusted against the put option reserve.

# **30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS**

On 24 August 2011, the Company issued 100,000,000 3% convertible bonds for a nominal value of HK\$1,067,000,000 (equivalent to RMB874,375,000), plus 40,000,000 warrants. There was no movement in the number of these convertible bonds during the year. The bonds are convertible into 100,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company at the option of the bondholders on or after 18 months after the issue date up to seven days prior to the fifth anniversary of the issue date. The bonds carry interest at a rate of 3% per annum, which is payable half-yearly in arrears on 30 June and 31 December.

# 28. 應付非控股股東款項

向非控股股東借入之貸款為無抵押、免 息及須於三年內償還。

# 29. 認沽期權負債

年內及於以前年度,本公司與若干附屬 公司非控股股東訂立激勵協議,據此, 附屬公司非控股股東同意達致本公司制 訂之非全資附屬公司之訂明財務及經營 表現目標,而本公司則同意向該等附屬 公司非控股股東授出認沽期權期限內之 關協財政年度未達成訂明之財務及經營 表現目標,該等附屬公司非控股股東有 權行使認沽期權以要求本公司按根據協 定公式釐定的價格購買非全資附屬公司 的部分或全部股權。

認沽期權負債按公平值列賬。認沽期權 負債賬面值之其後變動於認沽期權儲備 調整。

# 30. 可換股債券

於二零一一年八月二十四日,本公司 發行100,000,000份年息3厘之可換股 債券,面值為1,067,000,000港元(相等 於人民幣874,375,000元),另外亦發行 40,000,000份認股權證。年內,該等可換 股債券之數目概無任何變動。債券持有 人可選擇於發行日期起計滿18個月之該 日或之後直至發行日期之第五個週年紀 念日前七日止,將該等債券轉換為本公 司100,000,000股普通股。該等債券按年 息3厘計息,欠付之利息須於六月三十 日及十二月三十一日每半年支付一次。

# 30. CONVERTIBLE BONDS (Continued)

The fair value of the liability component of convertible bonds amounting to RMB665,426,000 was estimated at the issue date using an equivalent market interest rate for a similar bond without a conversion option and warrants granted. The residual amount was assigned as the equity component of convertible bonds amounting to RMB149,249,000 and warrant reserve amounting to RMB59,700,000 and is included in shareholders' equity.

The movement of the liability component of convertible bonds is as follows:

# 30. 可換股債券 (續)

可換股債券之負債部分之公平值為人民幣665,426,000元,乃於發行日期以不具備兑換選擇權之類似債券及已授出認股權證之相等市場利率估算。剩餘金額撥歸為可換股債券人民幣149,249,000元及認股權證儲備人民幣59,700,000元之權益部分,並計入股東權益之中。

可換股債券之負債部分之變動如下:

		2012	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January	於一月一日	669,849	_
Issue of convertible bonds	發行可換股債券		665,426
Interest expense (note 7)	利息支出(附註7)	61,631	21,424
Interest paid/payable	已付/應付利息	(26,037)	(9,151)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(5,800)	(7,850)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	699,643	669,849

### **31. PROVISIONS**

# 31. 撥備

Group

### 本集團

		Product warranties and installation 產品保養及安裝		
		2012		
			二零一二年	二零一一年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January	於一月一日		691,410	443,518
Additional provision	新增撥備	6	677,543	792,400
Amounts utilised during the year	年內已動用金額		(567,738)	(544,508)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日		801,215	691,410
Portion classified as current liabilities	列作流動負債之部分		(534,331)	(466,466)
Non-current portion	非流動部分		266,884	224,944

The Group provides installation services and warranties of one to six years to its customers on washing machines and water heaters, under which faulty products are repaired or replaced. The amount of the provision for the warranties is estimated based on sales volume and past experience of the level of installation services rendered, repairs and returns. The estimation basis is reviewed on an ongoing basis and revised where appropriate. 本集團向客戶提供安裝服務及為期一至 六年之洗衣機及熱水器保養,有問題之 產品可獲維修或更換。保養撥備金額按 銷量及以往所提供安裝服務、維修及退 貨水平估計。估計基準持續檢討,並於 適當時作出修訂。

年內, 遞延税項資產(主要與應計負債及

# 32. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets (mainly relating to accruals and provisions) and deferred tax liabilities (mainly relating to withholding taxes) during the year are as follows:

### Group

### 撥備相關)及遞延税項負債(主要與預扣 税相關)變動如下:

32. 遞延税項

		Deferred ta	Deferred tax assets		
		遞延税項	遞延税項資產		
		<b>2012</b> 201			
		二零一二年	二零一一年		
		RMB'000	RMB'000		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
At 1 January	於一月一日	382,642	221,311		
Deferred tax charged to the income	年內在收益表扣除之				
statement during the year (note 10)	遞延税項(附註10)	72,992	161,331		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	455,634	382,642		

		Deferred tax 遞延税 <sup>I</sup>	
		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January Exchange realignment	於一月一日 匯兑調整	8,826 (71)	9,257 (431)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	8,755	8,826

### 32. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of RMB29,362,000 (2011: RMB29,977,000; 1 January 2011: RMB31,450,000) that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also has tax losses arising in Mainland China of RMB678,677,000 (2011: RMB613,215,000 (as restated); 1 January 2011: RMB615,384,000 (as restated)) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in the Company and subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 10%. The Group is therefore liable to withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008.

Except for the deferred tax liabilities of RMB8,755,000 (2011: RMB8,826,000; 1 January 2011: RMB9,257,000), which represent the withholding taxes for the earnings of the PRC subsidiaries to be remitted, as at 31 December 2012, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately RMB5,428,682,000 at 31 December 2012 (2011: RMB3,714,086,000 (as restated); 1 January 2011: RMB2,333,576,000 (as restated)).

# 32. 遞延税項(續)

本集團於香港產生之税項虧損為人民 幣 29,362,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 29,977,000元;二零一一年一月一日: 人民幣31,450,000元),可供無限期抵銷 該等產生虧損之公司日後應課税溢利。 本集團於中國內地產生之税項虧損為人 民幣678,677,000元(二零一一年:人民 幣613,215,000元(經重列);二零一一年 一月一日:人民幣615,384,000元(經重 列)),將於一至五年內屆滿以抵銷日後 應課税溢利。由於遞延税項資產來自本 就該等虧損確認遞延税項資產,而本公 司及虧損多時之附屬公司,故此並不 司認為可能沒有可予動用之應課税溢利。

根據中國企業所得税法,於中國內地成 立之外商投資企業向外商投資者宣派 之股息,須按10%之税率徵收預扣税。 該規定自二零零八年一月一日起生效, 並適用於二零零七年十二月三十一日 後之盈利。倘中國內地與外商投資者所 在司法權區已簽訂税務協議,則可採用 較低之預扣税率。本集團之適用税率為 10%。因此,本集團須就在中國內地成 立之附屬公司自二零零八年一月一日起 產生之盈利而分派之股息繳納預扣税。

除 遞 延 税 項 負 債 人 民 幣 8.755.000 元 (二 零一一年:人民幣8.826.000元;二零一 一年一月一日:人民幣9.257.000元)外 (該款項為中國附屬公司將匯寄盈利之 預扣税),於二零一二年十二月三十一 日,概無就本集團於中國內地成立之附 屬公司須繳付預扣税之未匯寄盈利應 付之預扣税確認遞延税項。董事認為, 該等附屬公司不大可能會於可見未來分 派該等盈利。與於中國內地附屬公司之 投資有關而遞延税項負債尚未確認之暫 時差異總額於二零一二年十二月三十一 日合共約為人民幣5,428,682,000元(二 零 - - 年:人民幣3,714,086,000元(經 重列);二零一一年一月一日:人民幣 2,333,576,000元(經重列))。

# 32. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

# **33. ISSUED EQUITY**

### Group

# 32. 遞延税項(續)

本公司向其股東派付之股息概無附帶任何所得税後果。

# 33. 已發行權益

### 本集團

		Issued equity 已發行權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年一月一日	2,248,843
Exercise of share options	行使購股權	26,680
Exercise of warrants	行使認股權證	62,386
At 31 December 2011 and beginning of year	於二零一一年十二月三十一日及年初	2,337,909
Exercise of share options	行使購股權	58,334
Exercise of warrants	行使認股權證	38,831
Issue of shares	發行股份	66,107
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年十二月三十一日	2,501,181

Upon the completion of the Group reorganisation (the "Reorganisation") on 28 January 2005, Haier Group became the controlling shareholders of the Company through the injection of its equity interests in certain subsidiaries (the "Relevant Subsidiaries") principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of top loading washing machines and mobile phones to the Company. Accordingly, the Group applied the reverse acquisition basis of accounting to account for the effect of the Reorganisation.

自本集團重組(「重組」)於二零零五年一 月二十八日完成後,海爾集團通過注入 股權於若干附屬公司(「相關附屬公司」, 主要從事製造及向本公司銷售波輪式洗 衣機及移動電話)成為本公司之控股股 東。故此,本集團已就重組影響應用逆 向收購會計法入賬。

# 33. ISSUED EQUITY (Continued)

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

#### Group (Continued)

Under the reverse acquisition basis of accounting, the amount of issued equity of the Group stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the end of the reporting period represents:

# 33. 已發行權益(續)

### 本集團(續)

根據逆向收購會計法,於報告期末列於 綜合財務狀況表之本集團已發行權益之 金額為:

		31 December 2012 二零一二年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	31 December 2011 二零一一年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 January 2011 二零一一年 一月一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
<ul> <li>(i) the amount of the issued capital, contributed surplus and capital reserves of the Relevant Subsidiaries at 28 January 2005 acquired under the reverse acquisition basis of accounting, plus the deemed purchase consideration (net of deemed distributions) in respect of the Reorganisation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>(i) 根據逆向收購會計法所收購相關 附屬公司於二零零五年一月</li> <li>二十八日已發行股本、繳入盈餘 以及資本儲備金額,另加就重組 被視為之購買代價(扣除視為分派)</li> </ul>	852,599	852,599	852,599
(ii) the amount of share capital (including share premium) of the Company issued for the acquisition of certain subsidiaries principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of front loading washing machines and water heaters in 2006	(ii) 本公司於二零零六年就收購主要 從事製造及銷售滾筒式洗衣機及 熱水器之若干附屬公司所發行之 股本(包括股份溢價)金額	240,795	240,795	240,795
<ul> <li>(iii) the changes in share capital and share premium of the Company since the Reorganisation, including:</li> </ul>	<ul><li>(iii) 本公司自重組開始之股本及股份 溢價變動,包括:</li><li>本公司購回股份</li></ul>			
<ul> <li>the repurchases of shares of the Company</li> <li>the exercise of share options of</li> </ul>	• 本公司浜回版切	(1,147)	(1,147)	(1,147)
<ul> <li>the exercise of share options of the Company</li> <li>the exercise of warrants of</li> </ul>	• 本公司行使認股權證	227,288	168,954	142,274
<ul> <li>the exercise of warrants of the Company</li> <li>the conversion of convertible bonds</li> </ul>	• 本公司兑換可換股債券	127,041	88,210	25,824
<ul> <li>the conversion of convertible bonds of the Company</li> <li>the placement of shares of the Company, net of share</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>本公司充货可贷放复分</li> <li>本公司配售股份(扣除股份 發行開支)</li> </ul>	946,746	946,746	946,746
<ul><li>issue expenses</li><li>the issue of shares of the Company in relation to the management</li></ul>	<ul> <li>本公司就管理服務協議 發行股份(附註18)</li> </ul>	41,752	41,752	41,752
services agreements (note 18)		66,107	-	
		2,501,181	2,337,909	2,248,843

別が報次門正(調) 31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

<b>3. ISSUED EQUITY</b> (Continued)	33. 已發行權益(續)				
Company			本公司		
Shares	股份			2012 二零一二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2011 二零一一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 30,000,000,000 (2011: 30,000,000,00 shares of HK\$0.1 each	(二零一	1,000股 一年:30,000,0 直0.1港元之股台		3,000,000	3,000,000
		201 二零一 HK\$'000 千港元		20 二零- HK\$'000 千港元	
2,448,614,277 2,44 (2011: 2,346,700,905) ( shares of HK\$0.1 each 2 \$	行已繳足: 48,614,277股 二零一一年: ,346,700,905股) 每股面值0.1港元 2股份	244,861	247,686	234,670	239,382

# 33. ISSUED EQUITY (Continue

# **33. 已發行權益**(續)

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

# 33. ISSUED EQUITY (Continued)

### Company (Continued)

A summary of the transactions during the year involving the Company's issued share capital is as follows:

# 33. 已發行權益(續)

本公司(續) 於年內涉及本公司已發行股本之交易概 要如下:

		Number of shares in issue 已發行 股份數目	<b>Issued share</b> capital 已發行 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium account 股份溢價賬 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 31 December 2010	於二零一零年				
and 1 January 2011	十二月三十一日 及二零一一年				
	一月一日	2,220,843,905	228,871	1,740,263	1,969,134
Exercise of share options	行使購股權	12,857,000	1,059	25,621	26,680
Exercise of warrants	行使認股權證	113,000,000	9,452	52,934	62,386
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日 及二零一二年				
	一月一日	2,346,700,905	239,382	1,818,818	2,058,200
Exercise of share options (note i) Exercise of warrants (note ii)	行使購股權(附註i) 行使認股權證	19,857,000	1,605	56,729	58,334
	(附註ii)	72,000,000	5,883	32,948	38,831
Issue of shares (note iii)	發行股份(附註iii)	10,056,372	816	65,291	66,107
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年				
	十二月三十一日	2,448,614,277	247,686	1,973,786	2,221,472

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) 时改起支援

財務報表附註(續)

### 33. ISSUED EQUITY (Continued)

#### Company (Continued) Notes:

- (i) The subscription rights attaching to 13,178,000 share options were exercised at the subscription price of HK\$1.7 per share (note 34), resulting in the issue of 13,178,000 shares of HK\$0.1 each for a total cash consideration of HK\$22,403,000 (equivalent to RMB18,109,000). In addition, the subscription rights attaching to 6,679,000 share options were exercised at the subscription price of HK\$4.82 per share (note 34), resulting in the issue of 6,679,000 shares of HK\$0.1 each for a total cash consideration of HK\$22,193,000 (equivalent to RMB26,008,000). An amount of RMB14,217,000 was transferred from the share options.
- 72,000,000 shares of HK\$0.1 each were issued for cash at a subscription price of HK\$0.66 per share pursuant to the exercise of the Company's warrants for a total cash consideration of HK\$47,520,000 (equivalent to RMB38,831,000).
- (iii) The Company issued 10,056,372 shares of the Company amounting to approximately RMB66,107,000 to certain Haier franchise store owners who entered into management services agreements with the Group and achieved the prescribed performance targets. Further details of the management services agreements are set out in note 18 to the financial statements.

### Share options

Details of the Company's share option scheme and the share options issued under the scheme are included in note 34 to the financial statements.

### Warrants

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 110,000,000 warrants outstanding. The exercise in full of these warrants would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 70,000,000 additional shares of HK\$0.66 each and 40,000,000 additional shares of HK\$11.20 each.

# 33. 已發行權益(續)

本公司(續) 附註:

- (i) 13,178,000份購股權所附之認購權
  已按每股1.7港元之認購價獲行使
  (附註34),導致發行13,178,000股
  每股面值0.1港元之股份,總現金代
  價為22,403,000港元(相等於人民幣
  18,109,000元)。此外・6,679,000份購
  股權所附之認購權已按每股4.82港元
  之認購價獲行使(附註34),導致發行
  6,679,000股每股面值0.1港元之股份,
  總現金代價為32,193,000港元(相等於人民幣
  14,217,000元於購股權獲行使時已由購
  股權儲備轉撥至股份溢價賬。
- (ii) 因本公司認股權證獲行使,據此 72,000,000股每股面值0.1港元之股份 已按每股0.66港元之認購價以現金發 行,總現金代價為47,520,000港元(相等 於人民幣38,831,000元)。
- (iii) 本公司向與本集團訂立管理服務協議 並達到指定表現目標之若干海爾加盟 店擁有人發行10,056,372股本公司股 份,金額為約人民幣66,107,000元。有 關管理服務協議之進一步詳情載於財 務報表附註18。

### 購股權

有關本公司之購股權計劃及根據計劃發 行購股權之詳情載於財務報表附註34。

### 認股權證

於報告期末,本公司有110,000,000份尚 未行使認股權證。根據本公司現有股本 結構,悉數行使該等認股權證將導致發 行70,000,000股每股面值0.66港元之額 外股份及40,000,000股每股面值11.20港 元之額外股份。

# **34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company operates a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to the eligible participants who contribute to the success of the operations of the Group. Eligible participants of the share option scheme include any employee, executive or officer of the Group (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors of the Company) and any supplier, consultant, agent, adviser, shareholder, customer, partner, business associate who, in the opinion of the board of directors of the Company's current share option scheme became effective on 8 June 2011 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date. The Company's current share option scheme and the previous share option scheme terminated on 8 June 2011 are collectively referred as the "Share Option Scheme".

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme is such number of shares, when aggregated with shares subject to any other share option scheme(s) of the Company, must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of adoption of the Share Option Scheme. The maximum number of shares issuable upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme(s) of the Company (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) to each eligible participant in any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the date of grant. Any further grant of share options in excess of this 1% limit shall be subject to the issue of a circular by the Company (and if required, the holding company) and the shareholders' approval of the holding company) at a general meeting.

# 34. 購股權計劃

本公司採納一項購股權計劃,其目的是 激勵及獎勵合資格參與者為本集團業務 之成功作出貢獻。購股權計劃之合資格 參與者包括本集團之任何僱員、行政人 員或管理人員(包括本公司之執行、非 執行及獨立非執行董事),以及本公司之執行(「董事會」)可酌情決定認為對 (「董事會」)可酌情決定認為對本公司之現行董惠有所貢獻之任何供應商、顧問、代聯 繫人。本公司之現有購股權計劃由二等 或公司之現有購股權計劃由二等銷 或公司,將由該日起計10年內有效。 一年六月八日終止之先前購股權計劃統 稱為[購股權計劃]。

根據購股權計劃可能授出之購股權所涉 及之股份數目加上本公司任何其他購股 權計劃所涉及之股份數目,最高不得超 過於購股權計劃及本公司已發行 股據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他 購數機權計劃及本公司任何其他 就對機權計劃股權(包括已行使、 對 為合資格參與者發行之最高股份數目, 以授出當日本公司已發行股份1%為限。 如再(及(如有需要)控股公司)須刊發通 函及於股東大會徵求本公司股東(及(如 有需要)控股公司之股東)批准。

### Notes to Financial Statements (continued) 时效起主财计(编)

財務報表附註(續)

### 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their respective associates, are subject to the approval in advance by the independent nonexecutive directors of the Company (and if required, the independent non-executive directors of the holding company), excluding the independent non-executive director(s) of the Company and the holding company who is/are the grantee(s) of the options. In addition, any share option granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their respective associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the date of grant or with an aggregate value (based on the closing price of the shares of the Company as at the date of grant) in excess of RMB5 million, within any 12-month period, is subject to the issue of a circular by the Company (and if required, the holding company) and the shareholders' approval of the Company (and if required, the approval of the shareholders of the holding company) in advance at a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of the offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of RMB1 or HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the board of directors, and commences on a specified date and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of grant of the share options or the expiry date of the Share Option Scheme, whichever is earlier.

The exercise price of the share options is determinable by the board of directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a trading day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

### 34. 購股權計劃(續)

向本公司之董事、最高行政人員或主要 股東或彼等各自之任何聯繫人授出購 股權,事先必須獲得本公司之獨立非執 行董事(及(如有需要)控股公司之獨立 非執行董事)批准(身為購股權承授人之 本公司及控股公司獨立非執行董事除 外)。此外,如於任何十二個月期間向本 公司之主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼 等各自任何聯繫人授出之購股權所涉及 之股份,超過授出當日本公司已發行股 份 0.1% 或總值(根據授出當日本公司股 份之收市價計算) 超過人民幣 5.000.000 元,則本公司(及(如有需要)控股公司) 須刊發通函及事先於股東大會徵求本公 司股東(及(如有需要)控股公司之股東) 批准。

授出購股權之建議可於建議日期起計28 日內由承授人支付象徵式代價合共人民 幣1元或1港元後接納。已授出購股權之 行使期由董事會釐定,由指定之日期開 始至授出購股權日期起計不超過十年之 日或購股權計劃期滿日(以較早者為準) 為止。

購股權之行使價由董事會釐定,惟不得 低於下列三者之最高者:(i)本公司股份 於授出當日(必須為交易日)在聯交所每 日報價表所列之收市價:(ii)本公司股份 於緊接授出當日前五個交易日在聯交所 每日報價表所列之平均收市價:及(iii)本 公司股份之面值。

購股權並無賦予持有人收取股息或於股 東大會上投票之權利。

# 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

34. 購股權計劃(續)

The following share options were outstanding under the Share Option Scheme during the year:

以下為年內購股權計劃項下尚未行使之 購股權:

		2012		201	1
		二零一二年		二零一一年	
		Weighted		Weighted	
		average	Number of	average	Number of
		exercise price	options	exercise price	options
		加權平均		加權平均	
		行使價	購股權數目	行使價	購股權數目
		HK\$ per share		HK\$ per share	
		每股港元		每股港元	
At 1 January	於一月一日	3.59	100,217,500	2.52	98,440,000
Granted during the year	年內授出	_	_	7.64	18,780,000
Cancelled/lapsed during the year	年內取消/失效	2.78	(5,880,700)	2.18	(4,145,500)
Exercised during the year	年內行使	2.75	(19,857,000)	1.82	(12,857,000)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	3.87	74,479,800	3.59	100,217,500

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the year was HK\$10.09 per share (2011: HK\$7.73).

於年內行使之購股權於行使當日之加 權平均股價為每股10.09港元(二零一一 年:7.73港元)。

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

# 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

34. 購股權計劃(續)

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於報告期末,尚未行使購股權之行使價 及行使期如下:

Number of options 購股權數目	2012 二零一二年 Exercise price* 行使價* HK\$ per share 每股港元	Exercise period 行使期	Number of options 購股權數目	2011 二零一一年 Exercise price* 行使價* HK\$ per share 每股港元	Exercise period 行使期
11,192,000	1.70	18/09/2010- 17/09/2013 二零一零年 九月十八日至 二零一三年 九月十七日	21,567,000	1.70	18/09/2010- 17/09/2013 二零一零年 九月十八日至 二零一三年 九月十七日
28,412,000	1.70	18/09/2010- 17/09/2014 二零一零年 九月十八日至 二零一四年 九月十七日	35,051,500	1.70	18/09/2010- 17/09/2014 二零一零年 九月十八日至 二零一四年 九月十七日
16,095,800	4.82	18/05/2011- 17/05/2014 二零一一年 五月十八日至 二零一四年 五月十七日	24,819,000	4.82	18/05/2011- 17/05/2014 二零一一年 五月十八日至 二零一四年 五月十七日
17,780,000	7.58	16/12/2012- 15/12/2014 二零一二年 十二月十六日至 二零一四年 十二月十五日	17,780,000	7.58	16/12/2012- 15/12/2014 二零一二年 十二月十六日至 二零一四年 十二月十五日
1,000,000	8.67	16/06/2012- 15/12/2014 二零一二年 六月十六日至 二零一四年 十二月十五日	1,000,000	8.67	16/06/2012- 15/12/2014 二零一二年 六月十六日至 二零一四年 十二月十五日
74,479,800			100,217,500		

The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

購股權之行使價可於配售新股或發行 紅股或本公司股本出現其他類似變動 時調整。

\*

# 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

There was no share options granted during the year and the fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year ended 31 December 2011 was estimated as at the date of grant, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

# 34. 購股權計劃(續)

年內概無授出購股權,而截至二零一一 年十二月三十一日止年度授出以股本結 算之購股權公平值按授出日期估計,並 考慮授出購股權之條款及條件。下表列 出所用模式之輸入值:

		2011 二零一一年
Dividend yield (%)	股息率(%)	0
Historical volatility (%)	歷史波幅(%)	62.75
Risk-free interest rate (%)	無風險利率(%)	0.523
Contractual life of options (year)	購股權合約年期(年)	3
Weighted average share price (HK\$ per share)	加權平均股價(每股港元)	6.74

The expected volatility is determined based on the historical volatility of the share price of the company. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

During the year, the Group recognised a share option expense of RMB25,139,000 (2011: RMB1,250,000), RMB7,877,000 (2011: RMB15,959,000) and RMB6,604,000 (2011: RMB12,744,000) in respect of share options granted during the years ended 31 December 2011, 31 December 2010 and 31 December 2009, respectively.

The 19,857,000 share options exercised during the year resulted in the issue of 19,857,000 ordinary shares of the Company and new share capital of HK\$1,986,000 (equivalent to RMB1,605,000) and share premium of HK\$76,354,000 (equivalent to RMB56,729,000), as further detailed in note 33 to the financial statements.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 74,479,800 share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 74,479,800 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$7,448,000 (equivalent to RMB5,988,000) and share premium of HK\$280,903,000 (equivalent to RMB225,824,000) (before issue expenses).

預期波幅乃基於本公司股價之歷史波幅 釐定。預期波幅反映估算時乃假設過往 波幅反映未來趨勢,但亦未必與實際情 況相符。

並無其他授出購股權之特性計入公平值 之計量。

年內,本集團分別就截至二零一一年十 二月三十一日、二零一零年十二月三十 一日及二零零九年十二月三十一日止 年度授出之購股權確認購股權開支人 民幣25,139,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 1,250,000元)、人民幣7,877,000元(二 零一一年:人民幣15,959,000元)及人 民幣6,604,000元(二零一一年:人民幣 12,744,000元)。

於年內行使之19,857,000份購股權導 致發行本公司19,857,000股普通股及 新股本1,986,000港元(相等於人民幣 1,605,000元)及股份溢價76,354,000港元 (相等於人民幣56,729,000元),詳情載 於財務報表附註33。

於報告期末,本公司有購股權計劃下 74,479,800份尚未行使購股權。根據本 公司現有股本架構,悉數行使尚未行 使之購股權將導致額外發行74,479,800 股本公司普通股及增加股本7,448,000 港元(相等於人民幣5,988,000元)及股 份溢價280,903,000港元(相等於人民幣 225,824,000元)(扣除發行費用前)。

### 34. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a total of 15,171,000 share options with the exercise price of HK\$1.70 per share, 1,946,600 share options with the exercise price of HK\$4.82 per share, 1,707,000 share options with the exercise price of HK\$7.58 per share were exercised.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 55,655,200 share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme, which represented approximately 2% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

# **35. RESERVES**

### (a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 91 to 92 of the financial statements.

The Group's capital reduction reserve arose from the reduction in the nominal value of each of the issued shares of the Company from HK\$0.10 to HK\$0.01 by the cancellation of paid-up capital of HK\$0.09 on each of the issued shares of the Company effective from 8 March 2007. The Group's capital reserve originally represented the difference between the credit arising from the capital reduction of HK\$1,657,866,000 (equivalent to RMB1,758,526,000) and the amount transferred to eliminate the accumulated losses of the Group of HK\$1,196,370,000 (equivalent to RMB1,186,521,000), less the amount of proposed final dividend to be distributed out of the contributed surplus of the Company.

The capital redemption reserve arose from the share repurchases in the previous year.

The share-based payment reserve arose from the Group's management services agreements with certain Haier franchise store owners, as further detailed in note 18 to the financial statements.

# 34. 購股權計劃(續)

於報告期末後,合共15,171,000份購股 權(每股行使價1.70港元)、1,946,600份 購股權(每股行使價4.82港元)、1,707,000 份購股權(每股行使價7.58港元)已獲行 使。

於此等財務報表批准日期,本公司有購 股權計劃下55,655,200份尚未行使購股 權,相當於本公司於該日已發行股份之 約2%。

# 35. 儲備

 (a) 本集團 本年度及過往年度本集團之儲備 數額及其變動詳情,載於財務報第 91至第92頁之綜合權益變動表。

> 本集團之股本削減儲備產生自於 二零零七年三月八日起透過註 銷本公司每股已發行股份之已 繳足股本0.09港元,將本公司每 股已發行股份之面值由0.10港元 削減至0.01港元。本集團之資本 儲備原為削減股本產生之進賬 1,657,866,000港元(相當於人民幣 1,758,526,000元)與轉撥以對銷本 集團累計虧損1,196,370,000港元 (相當於人民幣1,186,521,000元)之 差額,減將自本公司之繳入盈餘支 付之擬派末期股息。

> 資本贖回儲備由於以前年度股份 購回產生。

> 誠如財務報表附註18進一步詳 述,以股權支付之儲備產生自本集 團與若干海爾加盟店擁有人訂立 之管理服務協議。

### 35. RESERVES (Continued)

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

### (a) Group (Continued)

The share option reserve comprise the fair value of share options granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payments in note 2.4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to retained profits should the related options expire or be forfeited.

The put option reserve arose from the Company's incentive agreements with certain non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries, as further detailed in note 29 to the financial statements.

The warrant reserve related to the convertible bonds issued during the year, as further detailed in note 30 to the financial statements.

The non-controlling interests reserve arose from changes in the ownership interests of subsidiaries, without a loss of control.

Pursuant to the relevant PRC laws and regulations, certain of the Group's subsidiaries registered in the PRC are required to transfer a portion of their profits to reserve funds. These funds are non-distributable in the form of cash dividends. When determining the appropriations to these funds, the net profits of these subsidiaries are determined in accordance with the applicable financial rules and regulations of the PRC.

# 35. 儲備(續)

### (a) 本集團(續) 購股權儲備包括已授出惟未行使 之購股權之公平值,詳見財務報表 附註 2.4有關以股份為基礎之付款 之會計政策。若相關購股權獲行 使,該金額即轉撥往股份溢價賬; 若相關購股權期滿或被沒收,則轉 撥往保留溢利。

誠如財務報表附註29進一步詳述,認沽期權儲備產生自本公司與 附屬公司之若干非控股股東訂立 之激勵協議。

誠如財務報表附註30進一步詳述,認股權證儲備乃與年內發行之 可換股債券相關。

非控股權益儲備產生自附屬公司 擁有權權益之變動,並無失去控制 權。

根據相關中國法例及法規,本集團 若干於中國註冊之附屬公司須將 其部分溢利轉撥至儲備基金。該等 基金不可以現金股息之形式分派。 在釐定向該等基金之分配時,會根 據適用之中國財務規則及法規釐 定該等附屬公司之純利。

財務報表附註(續)

### 35. RESERVES (Continued)

35. 儲備(續)

(b) 本公司

### (b) Company

Reserves														
		儲備						,						
		Notes	Share premium account	Contributed surplus	Capital redemption reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve	based payment reserve	Share option reserve	profits/ (accumulated losses)	Warrant reserve	Total reserve	Proposed Final Dividend	component of convertible bonds	Total
		附註	<b>股份</b> <b>溢價賬</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>繳入盈餘</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>資本贖回</b> 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>外匯波動</b> 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>以股權</b> 支付之 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>購股權</b> 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	儲備 (累計虧損) 儲備 儲備總 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'0		<b>儲備總額</b> RMB'000 人民幣千元	00 RMB'000 RMB'000		總額
At 1 January 2011	於二零一一年 一月一日		1,740,263	646,996	184	(254,062)	-	39,060	36,082	-	2,208,523	-	_	2,208,523
Total comprehensive loss														
for the year	年內全面虧損總額		-	_	_	(116,903)	_	-	(74,424)	_	(191,327)	_	-	(191,327
Issue of shares	發行股份	33	78,555	-	_	_	_	(7,404)		-	71,151	_	_	71,151
Issue of convertible bonds	發行可換股債券	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59,700	59,700	-	149,249	208,949
Management services arrangements	3.管理服務安排	18	-	-	-	-	70,000	-	-	-	70,000	-	-	70,000
Equity-settled share	以股本結算之													
option arrangements	購股權安排	34	-	-	-	-	-	29,953	-	-	29,953	-	-	29,953
Transfer of share option reserve upon forfeiture of share options	於購股權被沒收後 從購股權 儲備轉撥		-	-	-	_	_	(1,666)	1,666	_	-	_	-	_
At 31 December 2011 and 1 January 2012	於二零一一年 十二月三十一日 及二零一二年 一月一日		1,818,818	646,996	184	(370,965)	70,000	59,943	(36,676)	59,700	2,248,000	_	149,249	2,397,249
Total comprehensive loss														
for the year	年內全面虧損總額		_	_	_	(23,001)	_	_	(118,246)	-	(141,247)	_	_	(141,247)
Issue of shares	發行股份	33	154,968	_	_	_	(66,107)	(14,217)		_	74,644	_	-	74,644
Equity-settled share	以股本結算之													
option arrangements	購股權安排	34	-	-	-	-	-	39,620	-	-	39,620	-	-	39,620
Transfer of share option reserve upon forfeiture of share options	於購股權被沒收後 從購股權													
	儲備轉撥		-	-	-	-	-	(3,989)	3,989	-	-	-	-	-
Proposed final 2012 dividend	擬派二零一二年 末期股息	12	-	(157,480)	_	-	-	-	-	-	(157,480)	157,480	-	_
At 31 December 2012	於二零一二年													
	<i>於</i> <u>-</u> <del>*</del> <del>-</del> <del>+</del> <del>-</del>		1,973,786	489,516	184	(393,966)	3,893	81,357	(150,933)	59,700	2,063,537	157,480	149,249	2,370,266

The Company's contributed surplus represents the excess of the fair value of the shares of the subsidiaries acquired, over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders subject to the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended) and bye-laws of the Company.

本公司之繳入盈餘為所收購附屬 公司股份公平值超逾本公司為換 取收購而已發行股份面值之差額。 根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經 修訂),繳入盈餘須在遵守百慕達 一九八一年公司法(經修訂)及本 公司之公司細則的情況下分派予 股東。

# **36. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

At the end of the reporting period, neither the Group nor the Company had any significant contingent liabilities.

# **37. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS**

### (a) As lessor

The Group leases its investment properties (note 16 to the financial statements) to Haier Affiliates under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to five years.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases with its tenants falling due as follows:

# 36. 或然負債

於報告期末,本集團或本公司均無任何 重大或然負債。

# 37. 經營租約安排

(a) 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租約安排將其投 資物業(財務報表附註16)出租予 海爾聯屬公司。議定之租期為介乎 一年至五年。

於報告期末,本集團根據於下列期 間到期之不能取消之經營租約與 其租戶有未來應收最低租金總額 如下:

		Group		
		本集	團	
		2012 201		
		二零一二年	二零一一年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Within one year	一年內	2,016	1,008	
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至五年(包括首尾兩年)	3,024	_	
		5,040	1,008	

# 37. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

### (Continued)

### (b) As lessee

The Group leases certain properties under operating lease arrangements. Leases for the properties are negotiated for terms ranging from one to eight years.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company had total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases falling due as follows:

# 37. 經營租約安排(續)

- (b) 作為承租人
  - 本集團根據經營租約安排租用若 干物業。租用物業之租期議定為介 乎一年至八年。

於報告期末,本集團及本公司根據 於下列期間到期之不能取消之經 營租約有未來應付最低租金總額 如下:

		Grou 本集	•	Company 本公司		
		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000	2011 二零ー一年 RMB'000	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000	
Within one year In the second to fifth years,	一年內 第二至五年	人民幣千元 	人民幣千元 59,763	人民幣千元 1,378	人民幣千元 1,389	
inclusive After five years	(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	48,849 3,022	56,939 2,995	=	-	
		135,627	119,697	1,378	1,389	

# 31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日, 2012 2014

# **38. COMMITMENTS**

# 38. 承擔

In addition to the operating lease commitments detailed in note 37(b) above, the Group had the following commitments at the end of the reporting period:

除上文附註37(b)所詳述經營租約承擔 外,本集團於報告期末有以下承擔:

Group	本集	<u></u>		
		2012 一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一一	2011 二零一一年	
		二零一二年 RMB'000	_ ~ 一 平 RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Authorised, but not contracted for:	已批准但未訂約:			
Land and buildings	土地及樓宇	179,008	267,677	
Contracted, but not provided for:	已訂約但未撥備:			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	106,883	200,972	
		285,891	468,649	

At the end of the reporting period, the Company did not have any significant commitments.

於報告期末,本公司並無任何重大承擔。

財務報表附註(續)

# 39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY 39.

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

### Group

### Financial assets

31 December 2012

# 39. 財務工具分類

於報告期末,各類財務工具之賬面值如 下:

### 本集團

**財務資產** 二零一二年十二月三十一日

		Loans and receivables 貸款及 應收賬款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Available-for- sale financial assets 可供出售 財務資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Available-for-sale investments Trade and bills receivables Other receivables (note 23)	可供出售投資 應收賬款及票據 其他應收賬款(附註23)		2,925 — —	2,925 6,924,088 431,014
Pledged deposits Cash and cash equivalents	兵他感权威厥(附至23) 已質押存款 現金及現金等值項目	61,804 5,368,308	=	61,804 5,368,308
		12,785,214	2,925	12,788,139

31 December 2011

二零一一年十二月三十一日

			Available-for-	
		Loans and	sale financial	
		receivables	assets	Total
		貸款及	可供出售	
		應收賬款	財務資產	總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(Restated)		(Restated)
		(重列)		(重列)
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	—	8,625	8,625
Trade and bills receivables	應收賬款及票據	5,581,424	—	5,581,424
Other receivables (note 23)	其他應收賬款(附註23)	405,624	_	405,624
Pledged deposits	已質押存款	87,402	_	87,402
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	3,961,781		3,961,781
		10,000,001	0.005	10.011.050
		10,036,231	8,625	10,044,856

# 39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY 39. 財務工具分類(續)

### (Continued)

#### Group (Continued)

### Financial assets (Continued)

1 January 2011

### 本集團(續)

### 財務資產(續)

时致白痣

二零一一年一月一日

		Loans and receivables 貸款及 應收賬款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)	Available-for- sale financial assets 可供出售 財務資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Restated) (重列)
Available-for-sale investments Trade and bills receivables Other receivables (note 23) Pledged deposits Cash and cash equivalents	可供出售投資 應收賬款及票據 其他應收賬款(附註23) 已質押存款 現金及現金等值項目		8,625    	8,625 3,931,671 311,228 3,011 2,737,413
		6,983,323	8,625	6,991,948

### **Financial liabilities**

	划務貝頂				
	31 December 2012	31 December 2011	1 January 2011		
	二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一一年		
	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日		
	Financial liabilities	Financial liabilities	Financial liabilities		
	at amortised cost	at amortised cost	at amortised cost		
	按攤銷成本列賬	按攤銷成本列賬	按攤銷成本列賬		
	之財務負債	之財務負債	之財務負債		
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
		(Restated)	(Restated)		
		(重列)	(重列)		
Trade and bills payables應付賬款及票據Other payables (note 26)其他應付賬款(附註26)Interest-bearing borrowings計息借貸Due to non-controlling shareholders應付非控股股東款項Convertible boarde可格即信光	2,961,504 5,031,352 39,800 59,537	2,550,908 4,094,692 25,000 	1,561,376 3,431,909 5,000 —		
Convertible bonds 可換股債券	699,643	669,849			
	8,791,836	7,340,449	4,998,285		

The Group's put option liabilities are carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised through the put option reserve.

本集團之認沽期權負債乃按公平值列 賬,而公平值變動則透過認沽期權儲備 確認。

**財務報表附註(續)** 2.2.2.31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

# 39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY 39. 財務工具分類(續)

(Continued)

Company

本公司

Financial assets

財務資產

		Loans and receivables 貸款及應收賬款		
		2012	2011	
		二零一二年	二零一一年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Due from subsidiaries (note 19)	應收附屬公司款項(附註19)	249,671	145,318	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	1,065,406	1,340,242	
		1,315,077	1,485,560	

**Financial liabilities** 

財務負債

		Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬之財務負債		
		2012     20       二零一二年     二零一一       RMB'000     RMB'0       人民幣千元     人民幣千		
Other payables (note 26) Due to subsidiaries (note 19) Convertible bonds	其他應付賬款(附註26) 應付附屬公司款項(附註19) 可換股債券	36,944 80,574 699,643	18,754 80,698 669,849	
		817,161	769,301	

# 40. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

Group

40. 公平值及公平值等級

本集團及本公司之財務工具之賬面值及 公平值如下:

本集團

		Carrying amounts 賬面值			
		31 December	31 December	1 January	
		2012	2011	2011	
		二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一一年	
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
			(Restated)	(Restated)	
			(重列)	(重列)	
Financial assets	財務資產				
Trade and bills receivables	應收賬款及票據	6,924,088	5,581,424	3,931,671	
Other receivables (note 23)	其他應收賬款				
	(附註23)	431,014	405,624	311,228	
Pledged deposits	已質押存款	61,804	87,402	3,011	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	5,368,308	3,961,781	2,737,413	
		12,785,214	10,036,231	6,983,323	
Financial liabilities	財務負債				
Trade and bills payables	應付賬款及票據	2,961,504	2,550,908	1,561,376	
Other payables (note 26)	其他應付賬款		· ·	, ,	
	(附註26)	5,031,352	4,094,692	3,431,909	
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借貸	39,800	25,000	5,000	
Due to non-controlling shareholders	應付非控股股東款項	59,537	-	_	
Put option liabilities	認沽期權負債	428,270	115,000	_	
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	699,643	669,849	_	
		9,220,106	7,455,449	4,998,285	

海爾電器集團有限公司 二零一二年年報 205

# **40. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY 40.** 公平值及公平值等級(續) (Continued)

Group (Continued)

### 本集團(續)

			Fair values 公平值	
		31 December	31 December	1 January
		2012	2011	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一一年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			(Restated)	(Restated)
			(重列)	(重列)
Financial assets	財務資產			
Trade and bills receivables	應收賬款及票據	6,924,088	5,581,424	3,931,671
Other receivables (note 23)	其他應收賬款			
	(附註23)	431,014	405,624	311,228
Pledged deposits	已質押存款	61,804	87,402	3,011
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	5,368,308	3,961,781	2,737,413
		12,785,214	10,036,231	6,983,323
Financial liabilities	时改合库			
Trade and bills payables	<b>財務負債</b> 應付賬款及票據	2,961,504	2,550,908	1,561,376
Other payables (note 26)	其他應付賬款			
	(附註26)	5,031,352	4,094,692	3,431,909
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借貸	39,800	25,000	5,000
Due to non-controlling shareholders	應付非控股股東款項	59,537		
Put option liabilities	認沽期權負債	428,270	115,000	_
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	709,789	669,849	
		9,230,252	7,455,449	4,998,285

All of the Group's available-for-sale investments were stated at cost less impairment because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably. 本集團所有可供出售投資乃按成本減減 值列賬,乃因為合理公平值之估計範圍 屬重大以致董事認為其公平值未能可靠 地計量。 

# 40. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY 40. 公平值及公平值等級 (續)

### (Continued)

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

本集團及本公司之財務工具之賬面值及 公平值如下:

### Company

		Carrying a 賬面		Fair values 公平值	
		2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2012 二零一二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2011 二零一一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
<b>Financial assets</b> Due from subsidiaries (note 19)	<b>財務資產</b> 應收附屬公司款項				
Cash and cash equivalents	(附註19) 現金及現金等值 項目	249,671 1,065,406	145,318 1,340,242	249,671 1,065,406	145,318 1,340,242
		1,315,077	1,485,560	1,315,077	1,485,560
<b>Financial liabilities</b> Other payables (note 26)	<b>財務負債</b> 其他應付賬款 (附註26)	36,944	18,754	36,944	18,754
Due to subsidiaries (note 19) Convertible bonds	應付附屬公司款項 (附註19) 可換股債券	80,574 699,643	80,698 669,849	80,574 709,789	80,698 669,849
		817,161	769,301	827,307	769,301

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits, other receivables and payables and trade and bills receivables and payables approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments. The fair value of the liability portion of the convertible bonds is estimated using an equivalent market interest rate for a similar bond without a conversion option and warrants. The fair value of put option liabilities are measured based on valuation techniques for which any inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are not based on observable market data.

財務資產及負債之公平值乃按有關工具 在交易雙方在自願而非受脅迫或清盤 銷售的情況下進行交易而轉手的金額入 賬。下列方法及假設乃用於估計其公平 值:

現金及現金等值項目、已質押存款、其 他應收賬款及應付賬款、應收賬款及票 據以及應付賬款及票據之公平值與該等 工具之賬面值相若,主要是因為該等工 具於短期內到期。可換股債券負債部分 之公平值以不具備兑換選擇權之類似債 券及認股權證之相等市場利率估算。認 沽期權負債之公平值按估值技巧(其對 已記錄公平值有重大影響之任何輸入數 據均並非按可觀察市場數據得出)計量。

### 本公司

財務報表附註(續)

# **40. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY 40.** 公平值及公平值等級(續) (Continued)

#### **Company** (Continued)

The fair values of the interest-bearing borrowings and amounts due from and to subsidiaries have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The Group uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair values of financial instruments:

- Level 1: fair values measured based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3: fair values measured based on valuation techniques for which any inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs)

None of the Group's assets is measured at fair value.

The Group's put option liabilities are measured at fair value and are categorised in Level 3 of the fair value measurements.

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2011: Nil).

#### 本公司(續) 計自供貸及確心]

計息借貸及應收及應付附屬公司款項之 公平值已透過將按相若條款、信貸風險 及剩餘到期期限以現可就工具提供之折 現率折現預期日後現金流量計算。

#### 公平值等級

本集團以下列等級釐定及披露財務工具 之公平值:

- 第一級:根據相同資產或負債在活躍市 場之報價(未經調整)而計量公 平值
- 第二級:根據所有對已列賬公平值有重 要影響而直接或間接可觀察之 資料輸入之估值方法而計量公 平值
- 第三級:並非根據可觀察之市場數據(非 可觀察資料輸入)而對已列賬公 平值有重要影響之資料輸入之 估值方法而計量公平值

概無本集團資產按公平值計量。

本集團之認沽期權負債乃按公平值列 賬,並分類為第三級公平值計量。

年內,第一級與第二級之間並無公平值 計量之轉撥,亦並無轉入或轉出第三級 之情況(二零一一年:無)。

## 41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise interest-bearing borrowings, convertible bonds and cash and short term deposits. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade and bills receivables and trade and bills payables, which arise directly from its operations.

It is, and has been throughout the year under review, the Group's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

### Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. These exposures mainly arise from sales or purchases by the Group's operating units in Mainland China in currencies other than the units' functional currency (i.e., RMB). The Group does not enter into any hedging transactions in an effort to reduce the Group's exposure to foreign currency risk.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the exchange rates of the Euro, United States Dollar, Japanese Yen and Great Britain Pound, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities). There is no significant impact on other components of the Group's equity.

# 41. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要財務工具包括計息借貸、 可換股債券及現金與短期存款。該等財 務工具之主要目的是為本集團營運集 資。本集團有多種其他財務資產及負 債,如直接來自業務之應收賬款及票據 以及應付賬款及票據。

於整個回顧年度,本集團之政策為不進 行任何財務工具買賣。

來自本集團財務工具之主要風險為外幣 風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。董事 會檢討及協定各類風險之管理政策概述 如下。

### 外幣風險

本集團涉及交易貨幣風險。該等風險主 要來自本集團在中國內地之營運單位以 單位功能貨幣(即人民幣)以外貨幣進行 銷售或購買。本集團並無訂立任何對沖 交易以降低本集團面臨之外幣風險。

下表列示於報告期末,在所有其他變數 不變之情況下,對本集團除税前溢利之 歐羅、美元、日圓及英鎊匯率之合理可 能變動之敏感度(由於貨幣資產及負債 之公平值改變)。匯率變動對本集團其他 權益部分並無重大影響。

財務報表附註(續)

### 41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

# 41. 財務風險管理目標及政策

# Foreign currency risk (Continued)

# 外幣風險(續)

		Increase/(decrease) in exchange rates 匯率上升/(下跌) %	Increase/(decrease) in profit before tax 除税前溢利 增加/(減少) RMB'000 人民幣千元
31 December 2012	二零一二年十二月三十一日		
If RMB strengthens against Euro	倘人民幣兑歐羅升值	5	(1,429)
If RMB strengthens against United States Dollar	倘人民幣兑美元升值	5	(2,612)
If RMB strengthens against Japanese Yen	倘人民幣兑日圓升值	5	(1,004)
If RMB strengthens against Great Britain Pound	倘人民幣兑英鎊升值	5	(10)
If RMB weakens against Euro	倘人民幣兑歐羅貶值	(5)	1,429
If RMB weakens against United States Dollar	倘人民幣兑美元貶值	(5)	2,612
If RMB weakens against Japanese Yen	倘人民幣兑日圓貶值	(5)	1,004
If RMB weakens against Great Britain Pound	倘人民幣兑英鎊貶值	(5)	10
31 December 2011	二零一一年十二月三十一日		
If RMB strengthens against Euro	倘人民幣兑歐羅升值	5	(5,972)
If RMB strengthens against United States Dollar	倘人民幣兑美元升值	5	(7,758)
If RMB strengthens against Japanese Yen	倘人民幣兑日圓升值	5	(4,363)
If RMB strengthens against Great Britain Pound	倘人民幣兑英鎊升值	5	(334)
If RMB weakens against Euro	倘人民幣兑歐羅貶值	(5)	5,972
If RMB weakens against United States Dollar	倘人民幣兑美元貶值	(5)	7,758
If RMB weakens against Japanese Yen	倘人民幣兑日圓貶值	(5)	4,363
If RMB weakens against Great Britain Pound	倘人民幣兑英鎊貶值	(5)	334
1 January 2011	二零一一年一月一日		
If RMB strengthens against Euro	倘人民幣兑歐羅升值	5	(9,933)
If RMB strengthens against United States Dollar	倘人民幣兑美元升值	5	(8,726)
If RMB strengthens against Japanese Yen	倘人民幣兑日圓升值	5	(733)
If RMB strengthens against Great Britain Pound	倘人民幣兑英鎊升值	5	(1,322)
If RMB weakens against Euro	倘人民幣兑歐羅貶值	(5)	9,933
If RMB weakens against United States Dollar	倘人民幣兑美元貶值	(5)	8,726
If RMB weakens against Japanese Yen	倘人民幣兑日圓貶值	(5)	733
If RMB weakens against Great Britain Pound	倘人民幣兑英鎊貶值	(5)	1,322

<sup>(</sup>續)

## 41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

### **Credit risk**

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that all customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise cash and cash equivalents and other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

Since the Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral. Concentrations of credit risk are managed by customer/counterparty and by geographical region. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group as the customer bases of the Group's trade receivables are widely dispersed in different sectors.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements.

### Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets (e.g., trade receivables) and projected cash flows from operations.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank loans and other borrowings and convertible bonds. It is the Group's policy to renew its loan agreements with Haier Finance or major local banks in Mainland China upon the maturity of the Group's short term bank loans and other borrowings when funding is needed.

# **41. 財務風險管理目標及政策** (續)

### 信貸風險

本集團僅與經認可及信譽良好之第三方 進行交易。根據本集團之政策,所有有 意以記賬形式進行交易之客戶均須經過 信貸核實程序。此外,本集團亦持續監 察應收賬款結餘,而本集團面臨之壞賬 風險並不重大。

本集團其他財務資產(包括現金及現金 等值項目及其他應收賬款)之信貸風險 乃因交易對手違約而產生,最大風險相 等於該等工具之賬面值。

由於本集團僅與經認可及信譽良好的 第三方進行交易,因此並無要求提供抵 押。信貸風險集中程度按客戶/交易對 手及按地區進行管理。由於本集團應收 賬款由大量分散於不同行業之客戶組 成,本集團內並無重大集中之信貸風險。

有關本集團來自應收賬款之信貸風險進 一步量化數據,於財務報表附註22披露。

### 流動資金風險

本集團透過循環流動資金計劃工具監控 資金短缺風險。有關工具考慮其財務工 具及財務資產(例如應收賬款)之到期日 以及經營業務之預測現金流量。

本集團之目標為透過使用銀行貸款及其 他借貸以及可換股債券維持資金之持續 性與彈性之間之平衡。本集團之政策為 在本集團之短期銀行貸款及其他借貸期 滿而需要資金時,續訂與海爾財務或中 國內地主要地方銀行訂立之貸款協議。

# 41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES** (Continued)

### Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

### 31 December 2012

# 41. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動資金風險(續)

於報告期末,按照已訂約無折扣付款計 算,本集團財務負債之到期日情況如下:

二零一二年十二月三十一日

		On demand or no fixed terms of repayment 按要求或 無固定還款期 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Within one year 一年內 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Beyond one year 一年後 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade and bills payables	應付賬款及票據		2,943,590	17,914	2,961,504
Other payables (note 26)	應 內 账 款 及 示 逐 其 他 應 付 賬 款	_	2,943,590	17,914	2,901,504
Other payables (note 20)	(附註26)	5,031,352	_	_	5,031,352
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借貸	-	39,800	_	39,800
Due to non-controlling	應付非控股股東				
shareholders	款項	-	_	59,537	59,537
Put option liabilities	認沽期權負債	-	53,570	374,700	428,270
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	-	_	699,643	699,643
		5,031,352	3,036,960	1,151,794	9,220,106

31 December 2012: 二零一二年十二月三十一日//

# **41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES** (Continued)

# 41. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

流動資金風險(續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

31 December 2011	二零一一年十二月三十一日				
		On demand or			
		no fixed terms	Within	Beyond	
		of repayment 按要求或	one year	one year	Total
		無固定還款期	一年內	一年後	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(Restated)	(Restated)		(Restated)
		(重列)	(重列)		(重列)
Trade and bills payables	應付賬款及票據	-	2,528,991	21,917	2,550,908
Other payables (note 26)	其他應付賬款 (附註26)	4,094,692	_	_	4,094,692
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借貸	_	25,000	_	25,000
Put option liabilities	認沽期權負債	_	900	114,100	115,000
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	_	_	669,849	669,849

4,094,692

1 January 2011

二零一一年一月一日

805,866

7,455,449

2,554,891

		141,950	4,840,577	15,758	4,998,285
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借貸	_	5,000	_	5,000
	(附註26)	141,950	3,289,959	_	3,431,909
Trade and bills payables Other payables (note 26)	應付賬款及票據 其他應付賬款	_	1,545,618	15,758	1,561,376
-					
		(重列)	(重列)	(重列)	(重列)
		(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		因 安 求 或 無 固 定 還 款 期	一年內	一年後	總計
		of repayment 按要求或	one year	one year	Total
		no fixed terms	Within	Beyond	Total
		On demand or	) <b>(</b> / <del>                                    </del>	Devend	

# **41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES** (Continued)

# Liquidity risk (Continued)

2012

The maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

# 41. 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

# 流動資金風險(續)

二零一二年

於報告期末,按照已訂約無折扣付款計 算,本公司財務負債之到期日情況如下:

		On demand or			
		no fixed terms	Within	Beyond	
		of repayment	one year	one year	Total
		按要求或	<b>左</b>	左後	4卤 主
		無固定還款期 RMB'000	一年內 RMB'000	一年後 RMB'000	總計 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元 	人民幣千元 	人民幣千元 
Other payables (note 26)	其他應付賬款				
	(附註26)	36,944	—	-	36,944
Due to subsidiaries (note 19)	應付附屬公司款項				
	(附註19)	-	—	80,574	80,574
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	-	—	699,643	699,643
		36,944	-	780,217	817,161
2011				- 年	
		On demand or			
		no fixed terms	Within	Beyond	
		of repayment	one year	one year	Total
		按要求或			

		無固定還款期	一年內	一年後	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Other payables (note 26)	其他應付賬款				
	(附註26)	18,754	_	_	18,754
Due to subsidiaries (note 19)	應付附屬公司款項				
	(附註19)	_	_	80,698	80,698
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	_	_	669,849	669,849

18.754

769.301

750,547

\_

# 41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

### Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2012 and 31 December 2011.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total debt divided by total equity. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio not exceeding 50%. Total debt includes interest-bearing borrowings, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders and convertible bonds. The gearing ratios as at the ends of the reporting periods were as follows:

# 41. 財務風險管理目標及政策

### 資本管理

本集團

本集團資本管理之主要目標在於保障本 集團持續經營之能力及維持穩健資本比 率,以支持其業務及為股東帶來最高回 報。

本集團根據經濟狀況變動管理及調整其 資本架構。為維持或調整資本架構,本 集團可能調整向股東派付之股息、向股 東退還資本或發行新股。本集團不受任 何外在施加資本要求所規限。截至二零 一二年十二月三十一日及二零一一年十 二月三十一日止年度,有關資本管理目 標、政策或程序並無變動。

本集團採用資本負債比率(即債務總值 除以權益總值)監控資本。本集團之政策 為維持資本負債比率不超過50%。債務 總值包括計息借貸、應付非控股股東款 項及可換股債券。於報告期末,資本負 債比率如下:

		31 December	31 December	1 January
		2012	2011	2011
		二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一一年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			(Restated)	(Restated)
			(重列)	(重列)
Interest-bearing borrowings	計息借貸	39,800	25,000	5,000
Due to non-controlling shareholders	應付非控股股東款項	59,537	-	—
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	699,643	669,849	—
Total debt	債務總值	798,980	694,849	5,000
Total equity	權益總值	5,840,228	4,305,801	2,834,308
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	13.7%	16.1%	0.2%

### Group

# 42. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a total of 70,000,000 warrants were exercised for 70,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each at a subscription price of HK\$0.66 per share. Also, a total of 18,824,600 share options were exercised, as further detailed in note 34 to the financial statements.

# 43. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 18 March 2013.

### 42. 報告期後事項

報告期末後,合共70,000,000份認股權 證獲行使以按認購價每股0.66港元換取 70,000,000股每股面值0.1港元之普通 股。此外,誠如財務報表附註34進一步 詳述,合共18,824,600份購股權獲行使。

31 December 2012 二零一二年十二月三十一日

# 43. 財務報表之批准

財務報表已於二零一三年三月十八日經 董事會批准及授權刊發。

# Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out below. The amounts for the years ended 31 December 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 have been restated as a result of the common control business combination, as detailed in note 2.1 to the financial statements.

以下載列本集團之過去五個財政年度業績、 資產、負債及非控股權益概要。截至二零零八 年、二零零九年、二零一零年及二零一一年十 二月三十一日止年度之金額已基於共同控制 下業務合併而重列,詳情載於財務報表附註 2.1。

# Year ended 31 December

			截至十	二月三十一日山	_年度	
		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
		二零一二年	二零一一年	二零一零年	二零零九年	二零零八年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
			(重列)	(重列)	(重列)	(重列)
RESULTS	業績					
REVENUE	收入	55,615,047	50,089,857	36,948,537	14,850,292	16,260,581
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(46,673,866)	(42,582,594)	(32,103,100)	(11,538,319)	(13,488,356)
Gross profit	毛利	8,941,181	7,507,263	4,845,437	3,311,973	2,772,225
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	106,250	99,423	74,744	48,768	42,021
Selling and distribution costs	銷售及分銷費用	(4,569,519)	(4,157,305)	(2,546,846)	(1,987,942)	(1,739,906)
Administrative expenses	行政費用	(2,152,495)	(1,572,964)	(923,109)	(694,870)	(798,667)
Other expenses and losses	其他費用及虧損	(16,651)	(60)	(1,082)	(12,634)	(11,993)
Finance costs	融資成本	(64,504)	(22,492)	(6,277)	(7,980)	(14,816)
Share of profits and losses of	應佔共同控制					
jointly-controlled entities	實體損益		_	5,318	3,783	4,173
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	2,244,262	1,853,865	1,448,185	661,098	253,037
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(537,285)	(386,942)	(430,096)	(149,065)	(42,029)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利	1,706,977	1,466,923	1,018,089	512,033	211,008
Attributable to:	以下各方應佔:					
Owners of the Company	本公司股東	1,695,122	1,407,458	975,048	455,902	190,582
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	11,855	59,465	43,041	56,130	20,426
		1,706,977	1,466,923	1,018,089	512,032	211,008
ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON- CONTROLLING INTERESTS	資產、負債及 非控股權益					
TOTAL ASSETS	資產總值	18,213,266	14,355,605	9,971,089	6,496,560	5,262,991
TOTAL LIABILITIES	負債總值	(12,373,038)	(10,049,804)	(7,136,781)	(4,688,441)	(4,011,521)
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS		(300,502)	(280,416)	(228,459)	(157,359)	(109,923)

216 Haier Electronics Group Co., Ltd. Annual Report 2012



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