

萬咖壹聯有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(於開曼群島註冊成立的股份有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號:1762

2022

Annual Report 年報

* For identification purposes only 僅供識別

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CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料





BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. GAO Dinan (Chairman) (former Chief Executive Officer and ceased to be the Chief Executive Officer on 16 December 2022)

Ms. ZHOU Yan (resigned on 28 April 2022)

Mr. NIE Xin

Ms. JIANG Yu (Chief Executive Officer)
(appointed as executive Director on 20 July 2022 and appointed as Chief Executive Officer on 16 December 2022)

Non-executive Directors

Mr. ZHENG Wei

Mr. SONG Chunyu (resigned on 28 April 2022)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. CHEN Baoguo Mr. JIN Yongsheng

Ms. ZHAO Xuemei (resigned on 20 July 2022)
Mr. YU Limin (appointed on 20 July 2022)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. CHEN Baoguo (Chairman)

Ms. ZHAO Xuemei (resigned on 20 July 2022)

Mr. JIN Yongsheng

Mr. YU Limin (appointed on 20 July 2022)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. JIN Yongsheng (Chairman)

Mr. CHEN Baoguo

Mr. NIE Xin

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. GAO Dinan (Chairman)

Mr. JIN Yongsheng

Ms. ZHAO Xuemei (resigned on 20 July 2022)
Mr. YU Limin (appointed on 20 July 2022)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. CHAN Chi Keung *(resigned on 18 November 2022)*Mr. CHANG Eric Jackson *(appointed on 18 November 2022)*

董事會

執行董事

高弟男先生*(主席)(前首席執行官並於 二零二二年十二月十六日不再擔任 首席執行官)*

周豔女士*(於二零二二年四月二十八日辭任)* 聶鑫先生

蔣宇女士(首席執行官)

(於二零二二年七月二十日獲委任為 執行董事並於二零二二年十二月十六日 獲委任為首席執行官)

非執行董事

鄭煒先生

宋春雨先生(於二零二二年四月二十八日辭任)

獨立非執行董事

陳寶國先生

金永生先生

趙學梅女士(於二零二二年七月二十日辭任) 余利民先生(於二零二二年七月二十日獲委任)

審核委員會

陳寶國先生(主席)

趙學梅女士(於二零二二年七月二十日辭任)

金永生先生

余利民先生(於二零二二年七月二十日獲委任)

薪酬委員會

金永生先生(主席)

陳寶國先生

聶鑫先生

提名委員會

高弟男先生(主席)

金永生先生

趙學梅女士(於二零二二年七月二十日辭任) 余利民先生(於二零二二年七月二十日獲委任)

公司秘書

陳志強先生*(於二零二二年十一月十八日辭任)* 張世澤先生*(於二零二二年十一月十八日獲委任)*







AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. GAO Dinan

Mr. CHAN Chi Keung (resigned on 18 November 2022)

Mr. CHANG Eric Jackson (appointed on 18 November 2022)

AUDITOR

BDO Limited
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor
25th Floor, Wing On Centre
111 Connaught Road Central
Hong Kong

LEGAL ADVISERS

As to Hong Kong law:
Wilson Sonsini Goodrich & Rosati
Suite 1509, 15F, Jardine House
1 Connaught Place
Central Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

1001 Admiralty Centre Tower 1 18 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN CHINA

4/F, Building No.B 22 Universal Business Park No.10 Jiuxianqiao Road Chaoyang, Beijing PRC

CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

授權代表

高弟男先生

陳志強先生*(於二零二二年十一月十八日辭任)* 張世澤先生*(於二零二二年十一月十八日獲委任)*

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 註冊公眾利益實體核數師 香港 中環干諾道中111號 永安中心25樓

法律顧問

有關香港法律:

威爾遜 ● 桑西尼 ● 古奇 ● 羅沙迪律師事務所香港中環 康樂廣場1號 怡和大廈15樓1509室

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港 夏慤道18號 海富中心1座1001室

總部及中國主要營業地點

中國 北京朝陽區 酒仙橋路10號 恒通商務園 B22座4層

開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料





HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKS

East West Bank (China) Limited 33/F, Jin Mao Tower 88 Century Boulevard Pudong New District Shanghai, PRC

HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited Beijing Branch 1/F, Fortune Financial Center No. 5 Dongsanhuan Zhong Road Chaoyang District Beijing, PRC

China Merchants Bank, Huizhong Beili Branch 1/F, Building 305 Chaoyang District Beijing, PRC

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.wankaonline.com

STOCK CODE

1762

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

主要往來銀行

華美銀行(中國)有限公司 中國上海市 浦東新區 世紀大道88號 金茂大廈33樓

准豐銀行(中國)有限公司北京分行中國北京市朝陽區東三環中路5號財富金融中心1層

招商銀行慧忠北里支行中國北京市朝陽區 305號樓1層

公司網站

www.wankaonline.com

股份代號

1762



Annual Memorabilia 2022 二零二二年年度大事記

MAJOR EVENTS 主要活動

January 2022 二零二二年一月



The Group hosted the 7th Blackstone Awarding Ceremony.

本集團承辦第七屆黑石獎頒獎典禮。

January 2022 二零二二年一月



The Group changed the address of its head office and principal place of business in China.

本集團更改總部及中國主要經營地址。

February 2022 二零二二年二月



Wanka Huanju, a subsidiary of the Group, was listed as a high-growth enterprise in the second "Fengming Plan" of Chaoyang District launched by the development and reform commission of Chaoyang District in Beijing.

本集團之子公司玩咖歡聚獲得北京市朝陽區發展和 改革委員會頒發的第二屆朝陽區「鳳鳴計劃」高成 長企業。

Annual Memorabilia 2022 二零二二年年度大事記





March 2022 二零二二年三月



The MHA released the 2021 MHA White Paper.

硬核聯盟發佈《2021硬核聯盟白皮書》。

April 2022 二零二二年四月



Wanka Huanju, a subsidiary of the Group, obtained the "Certifications for Three Systems" and the "Certifications for Two Systems" from the International Organization for Standardization.

本集團之子公司玩咖歡聚獲得國際標準化組織頒發 的「三體系認證證書」及「雙體系認證證書」。

June 2022 二零二二年六月



The Group organized a number of online salons for developers of the Intelligent Terminal Golden Seal Alliance.

本集團於線上舉辦多場移動智能終端生態聯盟開發 者沙龍。





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Annual Memorabilia 2022 二零二二年年度大事記

June 2022 二零二二年六月



The Group assisted participants of the mobile internet ecosystem in promoting the structural migration of the mobile computing ecosystem.

本集團協助移動互聯網生態參與者推動移動計算生 態架構遷移。

June 2022 二零二二年六月



The Group hosted the "2022 \cdot vivo Marketing Spotlight Program - Gaming Industry Private Sharing Session".

本集團承辦「2022◆vivo營銷聚光計劃遊戲行業私享會」。

July 2022 二零二二年七月



Wanka Huanju, a subsidiary of the Group, was awarded the 2022 (Industry) Influential Brand Award and Mr. GAO Dinan was awarded the 2022 Outstanding Influential Entrepreneur Award at the 11th CFS.

本集團之子公司玩咖歡聚獲得CFS第十一屆2022 (行業)影響力品牌及高弟男先生獲得2022年卓越 影響力企業家獎。

Annual Memorabilia 2022 二零二二年年度大事記





October 2022 二零二二年十月



Wanka Huanju, a subsidiary of the Group, was awarded the title of Small and Medium-sized Enterprise with Specialty, Excellency, Uniqueness and Innovation in Beijing.

本集團之子公司玩咖歡聚獲得北京市專精特新中小 企業稱號。

November 2022 二零二二年十一月



The Group established Suzhou Jinglan Cloud Technology Co., Ltd. with a joint venture partner in Suzhou.

本集團在蘇州與合營夥伴成立蘇州鯨瀾雲科技有限 公司。



Annual Memorabilia 2022 二零二二年年度大事記

December 2022 二零二二年十二月



The Group was awarded the 7th Zhitong Caijing Listed Companies Selection – the "Best TMT Company" award.

本集團獲得第七屆智通財經上市公司評選之「最佳 TMT公司」。

December 2022 二零二二年十二月



The Group was awarded the 2022 EDGE AWARDS – the "Enterprise with Potential Value of the Year" award by TMTPOST.

本集團獲得鈦媒體2022 EDGE AWARDS之「年度 潛在價值企業獎」。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告書





Dear Shareholders,

In 2022, China's economic development was plagued by various uncertainties. Confronted with multiple pressure, the PRC government vigorously promoted the stabilisation and recovery of the domestic economy internally; and engaged in great power diplomacy to stabilise the exchange rates of RMB and to maintain a balance of payments externally. Against this backdrop, we made active efforts in building, maintaining and empowering the mobile internet ecosystem, and adjusted our business structure in real time based on the market conditions by focusing our resources and efforts more on the core businesses in which we excel. Despite the consequential short-period of predicaments, we believe these adjustments are correct and necessary for our future development as they will contribute to a healthier and more stable company and industry. I am pleased to present to the Shareholders our annual report for 2022.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

In 2022, we maintained a slight increase in the first half as compared with the corresponding period last year, but we were also impacted to a certain extent due to various uncertainties affecting the economy in the second half. In view of this, we actively adjusted our resource allocation by investing more into the development of mobile internet ecosystem and mobile distribution business, in order to ensure our competitive advantage in the industry. However, by doing so, we have to reduce our allocation of resources to online video distribution and other business, and have made provision for impairment of goodwill accordingly, which in turn has affected our financial performance for the current period to a certain extent. Total revenue for the full year of 2022 was RMB2,300.9 million, representing an increase of 9.7% compared to RMB2,098.2 million for the same period in 2021. Gross profit decreased by 11.0% on a year-on-year basis to RMB234.5 million. Turnaround from profit to loss for the year resulted in loss after tax of RMB128.6 million.

致各位股東:

財務表現

二零二二年,我們在上半年相比同期保持了小幅的增長,但在下半年各種不確定因素擊,我們也受到了一定的衝擊,為此,我們積極調整了資源配置,更多地,我們積極調整了資源配置,更多地,人民數是,我們在一次不可相應的商譽減值,從明治,並進行了相應的商譽減值,從明治,並進行了相應的商譽減值,從明治,並進行了相應的商譽減值,從明治,並進行了相應的商譽減值,從明治,就是不可以與所以為原本之一。 一個人民幣2,300.9百萬元增加9.7%。毛利同比減少11.0%至人民幣234.5百萬元。本年度盈轉虧實現稅後虧損人民幣128.6百萬元。





BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2022, we fully upgraded our mobile advertisement placement business to expand our advantages in the mobile distribution sector. On the one hand, it met the multi-dimensional placement needs of our customers, including creative materials. On the other hand, we upgraded and strengthened the platform's modular and automated functions to enable us to develop more complex and precise placement decisions for our customers, fully tapping into the potential of the different types of data we have accumulated. In 2022, our revenue from mobile advertising business reached RMB2,196.7 million, representing an increase of 9.6% compared to the previous year.

Despite the economic downturn, we placed a greater emphasis on constructing and maintaining the industry ecosystem, empowering participants in the mobile internet ecosystem. We firmly believe that maintaining a healthy development of the industry will bring about a win-win situation. In 2022, through our cooperation with members of the MHA, ecosystem branch of Quick App and Intelligent Terminal Golden Seal Alliance (the "ITGSA"), we organised various online and offline activities to relay policy guidance to our business partners and support government decisions. We assisted the members of each alliance and the developers from various industry in promoting the processes of structural migration and technical standards in the mobile computing ecosystem, the satisfactory completion of which led to a smooth transition. We also provided effective solutions for industry participants seeking more precise promotional effects in the digital marketing era, creating a one-stop full-chain media ecosystem.

業務回顧

二零二二年,為擴大我們在移動分發領域的優勢,我們對移動廣告投放業務進行了全面升級,一方面滿足了客戶包括創意素材等方面的多維度投放需求,另一方面我們升級和加強了平台模塊化和自動化功能,以便我們可以為客戶制定出更複雜和精準的投放決策,充分發揮我們所積累的不同類型數據的潛力。二零二二年我們的移動廣告業務收益為人民幣2.196.7百萬元,同比增加9.6%。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告書





Due to our insistence on standardization of Quick App with members of the ecosystem branch of Quick App, the Quick App technology quickly adapted to all forms of smart devices in the market. Standardised development tools could also greatly enhance the R&D efficiency of developers. In 2022, the number of Quick App developers from different industries exceeded 30,000, and such developers had set up a number of specialised groups to jointly research, develop and explore the diversified development of Quick App on smart devices. At present, many smart vehicles from automotive companies, including Leapmotor, FAW Pentium and Dongfeng, have already adopted Quick App technology, providing more personalised and customised functions to enhance the driving experience.

得益於我們與快應用生態分會成員始終堅持 對快應用標準化的要求,快應用技術得 快速適配市場上各種形式的智能設備。標 化的開發工具亦能大大增強了開發者的機 效率。二零二二年,來自不同行業的的應 開發者已超過三萬名,成立多個專項小的 與同研發和探索快應用在智能設備上的多 化發展。目前,包括零跑汽車、一汽奔騰用 東風嵐圖等車企的智能汽車已使用快應用技 術,通過快應用為駕駛體驗提供更多人性化 和定制化功能。

BUSINESS OUTLOOK

With the steady recovery of the domestic economy since the end of 2022, we will continue to consolidate our strengths in the areas where we have keen insight, while adhering to the principles of "stability" and "seeking progress while maintaining stability", to ensure the stable development of our principal business. In 2023, we will continue to focus on the mobile internet ecosystem and position ourselves as a leading provider of ecosystem services and internet marketing services, with the goal of further increasing our market share. Additionally, we will pay close attention to the development of new business and new technologies, particularly in the field of artificial intelligence and automation to improve the efficiency of advertisement placement and fully unleash the benefits of economies of scale. In light of the gradual resumption of various activities, we will continue to cooperate with members of the MHA, ecosystem branch of Quick App to organise various technology development conferences and industry summits. By exerting the influence of the alliances in the industry, we can provide effective support to participants from various industries and make more contributions to the development promotion of the ecosystem. We will continue to explore application scenarios that are compatible with Quick App, and Quick App will help more companies including smart devices and smart vehicle companies expand their commercial operation strategies. We will also continue to focus on and develop emerging fields in the mobile internet ecosystem such as metaverse in an attempt to provide more diversified services.

未來展望

隨著二零二二年底開始國內經濟穩步復甦, 在穩字當頭、穩中求進的基調下,我們也將 繼續鞏固我們擅長的領域,保障主營業務穩 定發展。二零二三年,我們將繼續堅持圍繞 移動互聯網生態,做好生態服務商、互聯網 營銷服務商,進一步提升市場份額。同時, 我們將關註新業務、新技術發展,特別是加 強人工智能自動化投放方面的研發,提升投 放效率,充分釋放規模效應所帶來的裨益。 鑒於各類活動逐步恢復,我們將繼續攜手硬 核聯盟和快應用生態分會成員舉辦多場技術 發展會議和行業討論峰會,發揮聯盟在行業 中的影響力,向各行業參與者提供有效支 持,為促進生態發展做出更多貢獻。我們將 繼續探索與快應用相契合的應用場景,快應 用將幫助更多的智能設備、智能汽車等企業 擴展其商業化運營策略。我們亦將持續關注 和發展包括元宇宙等移動互聯網生態的新興 領域,使我們可提供的服務更加多元化。





APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I hereby express my sincere appreciation to the management team and all employees for their dedication, proactive work attitude and spirit. We also greatly appreciate our partners, Shareholders and stakeholders for their trust and support over the years. We will continue to focus on the areas where we have keen insight and enhance our professional capabilities in order to provide better services to the participants in the mobile internet ecosystem and contribute to the construction and stable development of the industry ecosystem.

致謝

本人僅代表董事會,對管理團隊和全體員工的恪盡職守以及積極進取的工作態度和精神致以衷心的感謝。我們亦萬分感激我們的合作夥伴、股東及利益相關者對我們一直以來的信任和支持。我們會持續專注於我們所擅長的領域,提升我們的專業能力,為廣大移動互聯網生態參與者提供更加優質的服務,為行業生態環境建設和穩定發展做出貢獻。

Mr. GAO Dinan

Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong 27 March 2023 高弟男先生

主席兼執行董事

香港

二零二三年三月二十七日





CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR 综合損益表 LOSS

			Year e	ended 31 Decen	nber	
		截至十二月三十一日止年度				
	_	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
		二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二二年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	1,546,316	2,396,187	1,726,746	2,098,198	2,300,875
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(1,329,190)	(2,057,972)	(1,483,999)	(1,834,882)	(2,066,400)
Gross profit	毛利	217,126	338,215	242,747	263,316	234,475
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	11,661	24,508	18,123	17,138	42,718
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支	(16,729)	(31,636)	(16,477)	(15,001)	(19,372)
Research and development costs	研發成本	(26,344)	(45,419)	(73,543)	(67,036)	(86,192)
Impairment loss on accounts	應收賬款減值虧損					
receivable		(134)	(5,960)	(13,942)	(37,401)	(35,950)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(74,635)	(49,789)	(40,401)	(46,301)	(52,793)
Other expenses and losses	其他開支及虧損	(950)	(2,892)	(1,166)	(1,107)	(160,114)
Share-based payment expenses	以股份為基礎的付款開支	(8,119)	(51,251)	(20,244)	(18,160)	(22,192)
Finance costs	財務成本	(6,216)	(13,121)	(10,172)	(7,549)	(7,696)
Share of losses in associates	分佔聯營公司虧損	-	-	(1,490)	(3,826)	(4,337)
Loss on termination of	終止可換股債券					
convertible bonds	的虧損	(14,270)	-	-	-	-
Fair value losses on convertible bonds	可換股債券公平值虧損	(3,202)	-	-	-	-
Fair value losses on preferred shares	優先股的公平值虧損	(217,123)	-	-	-	-
Fair value losses on warrants	認股權證的公平值虧損	(261,791)	-	-	-	-
(Loss)/profit before tax	除税前(虧損)/溢利	(400,726)	162,655	83,455	84,073	(111,453)
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	(20,815)	(56,921)	(16,642)	(21,776)	(17,105)
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(421,541)	105,734	66,813	62,297	(128,558)
Non-HKFRS Measures	非香港財務報告準則計量					
(unaudited)	(未經審核)					
Adjusted EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	經調整EBITDA ^⑴	166,625	246,443	128,723	121,838	87,132
Adjusted net profit ⁽²⁾	經調整淨溢利(2)	126,978	159,698	87,037	80,905	48,420

- (1) Adjusted EBITDA eliminates the effect of depreciation, amortisation, finance costs, income tax, share-based payment expenses, impairment loss on goodwill, listing expenses, loss on termination of convertible bonds, and fair value losses on convertible bonds, preferred shares and warrants.
- (2) Adjusted net profit eliminates the effect of share-based payment expenses, impairment loss on goodwill, listing expenses, loss on termination of convertible bonds, and fair value losses on convertible bonds, preferred shares and warrants.
- (1) 經調整EBITDA抵銷折舊、攤銷、財務成本、所得税、以股份為基礎的付款開支、商譽減值虧損、上市開支、終止可換股債券的虧損及可換股債券、優先股及認股權證的公平值虧損的影響。
- (2) 經調整溢利淨額抵銷以股份為基礎的付款開支、商譽減值虧損、上市開支、終止可換股債券的虧損及可換股債券、優先股及認股權證的公平值虧損的影響。



綜合財務狀況表(摘選項目)

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日			
		2018 二零一八年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2019 二零一九年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 二零二零年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	\n →					
Assets Non-current assets	資產 北汝新姿多	055 404	010 740	0.41.060	070 405	105 474
	非流動資產 流動資產	255,494	219,749	241,869	272,485	125,474
Current assets		1,057,440	1,369,365	1,329,751	1,572,878	1,785,626
Total assets	總資產	1,312,934	1,589,114	1,571,620	1,845,363	1,911,100
Equity and liabilities	權益及負債					
Total equity	權益總額	875,494	1,035,475	1,156,798	1,390,913	1,372,824
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	6,473	6,543	3,440	19,822	7,255
Current liabilities	流動負債	430,967	547,096	411,382	434,628	531,021
Total liabilities	總負債	437,440	553,639	414,822	454,450	538,276
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債	1,312,934	1,589,114	1,571,620	1,845,363	1,911,100





REVENUES

Our revenues from mobile advertising increased by 9.6% from RMB2,005.1 million in 2021 to RMB2,196.7 million in 2022, due to the increase in the number of mobile games we advertised during 2022.

In addition, we generated revenues from our online-video distribution services and game co-publishing services of RMB84.5 million (2021: RMB85.1 million) and RMB5.5 million (2021: RMB8.0 million) in 2022, respectively.

The following table sets forth the comparative figures for the periods indicated.

收益

我們來自移動廣告的收益由二零二一年的人 民幣2,005.1百萬元增加9.6%至二零二二年 的人民幣2,196.7百萬元,原因為於二零二二 年我們推廣的移動遊戲數量增加。

此外,我們於二零二二年分別自網絡視頻產品分發服務及遊戲聯運服務產生收益人民幣84.5百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣85.1百萬元)及人民幣5.5百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣8.0百萬元)。

下表載列於所示期間的比較數字。

			Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度			
		202	2022 2021 二零二二年 二零二一年		1	
		二零二			一年	
			% of total		% of total	
		RMB'000	revenues	RMB'000	revenues	
			佔總收益		佔總收益	
		人民幣千元	的百分比	人民幣千元	的百分比	
Revenues	收益					
Mobile advertising	移動廣告	2,196,736	95.5%	2,005,125	95.6%	
Online-video distribution	網絡視頻產品分發	84,525	3.7%	85,102	4.1%	
Game co-publishing	遊戲聯運	5,512	0.2%	7,971	0.3%	
Others*	其他*	14,102	0.6%	_	_	
Total	總計	2,300,875	100%	2,098,198	100%	

^{*} Includes revenue from software maintenance services

包括軟件維護服務收益



Mobile Advertising Services

We generated revenues by distributing advertisements of marketers' mobile apps and mobile games in the distribution channels of our MHA members which consist of seven Android smartphone manufacturers in China, non-MHA smartphone manufacturers and non-smartphone manufacturer distribution channel suppliers. We also offered a variety of advertising formats across our distribution channels, including app store search ads, in-feed ads, banner ads, interstitial ads and splash screen ads, to suit our customers' specific needs. The following table sets forth a breakdown of our advertising revenues by source for the periods indicated:

移動廣告服務

我們透過在硬核聯盟成員(包括7家中國安卓智能手機製造商)、非硬核聯盟智能手機製造商分發渠道供應商的發渠道中分發行業客戶的移動應用程序發源道中分發行業客戶的移動應用程序發源量,上供各類廣告形式(包括應用程序商店搜申提供各類廣告形式(包括應用程序商店搜專廣告、信息流內廣告、橫幅廣告、插頁式需告及閃屏廣告)以迎合我們客戶的特定需求。下表載列於所示期間我們按來源劃分的廣告收益明細:

			Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度			
			2022 2021			
		二零二	二零二二年		一年	
		RMB'000	% of total revenues 佔總收益	RMB'000	% of total revenues 佔總收益	
		人民幣千元	的百分比	人民幣千元	的百分比	
	10-11 Not to 10 70					
Mobile game distribution	移動遊戲分發	2,169,988	98.8%	1,938,115	96.7%	
Mobile app distribution	移動應用程序分發	26,748	1.2%	67,010	3.3%	
Total	總計	2,196,736	100%	2,005,125	100%	

Our mobile advertising revenue generated from distribution of mobile games increased from RMB1,938.1 million in 2021 to RMB2,170.0 million in 2022, representing an increase of RMB231.9 million, or 12.0% from 2021. The revenues increased primarily because we expanded the number of mobile games we marketed and obtained new mobile game distribution channels from smartphone manufacturers, especially from the MHA members. Our mobile advertising revenue from mobile app distribution decreased from RMB67.0 million in 2021 to RMB26.7 million in 2022, representing a decrease of RMB40.3 million, or 60.2% from 2021, primarily due to the decrease in the number of mobile apps we marketed during 2022.

我們來自移動遊戲分發的移動廣告收益由二零二一年人民幣1,938.1百萬元增加至二零二二年人民幣2,170.0百萬元,較二零二一年增加人民幣231.9百萬元或12.0%。收益增長主要是因為我們擴大了我們推廣的移動遊戲數量及自智能手機製造商(尤其是硬核聯盟成員)獲得新移動遊戲分發渠道。我們來自移動應用程序分發的移動廣告收益由二零二一年的人民幣26.7百萬元,較二零二一年減少人民幣26.7百萬元,較二零二一年減少人民幣40.3百萬元,或60.2%,主要是由於我們推廣的移動應用程序數量於二零二二年減少所致。





Online-video Distribution Services

Leveraging our success and experience in providing advertising services, we have expanded into additional business verticals and begun establishing our online-video distribution network to unleash new monetisation opportunities since 2018.

With our stable relationships with suppliers of content distribution channels and smartphone manufacturers, especially the MHA members, we integrated the operational know-hows and experience in the field of online-video distribution, and expanded our service offerings to a broader range of marketers.

We generated a revenue of RMB84.5 million for this business line in 2022, representing a decrease of RMB0.6 million, or 0.7% from 2021. The videos we distributed are mainly in the areas of finance, entertainment and movies.

Game Co-publishing Services

We offer one-stop game co-publishing services to game developers, which include game optimisation, marketing, promotion, distribution, monetisation and other user-related services. Leveraging our extensive experience in game co-publishing, amassed data volume and technical know-how, we actively identified and sourced new game content as well as optimised existing game content based on our in-depth understanding of user profiles, preferences, tastes, and playing habits. Moreover, based on our close relationship with various smartphone-based distribution channels, we allocated game marketing and promotion resources more efficiently and effectively, with insights into the effect of timing of offer and type of virtual items based on user behavior and in-game spending.

Our revenues from game co-publishing services decreased by 31.3% from RMB8.0 million in 2021 to RMB5.5 million in 2022. As at 31 December 2022, we had co-published 20 mobile games in China.

網絡視頻產品分發服務

憑藉我們在提供廣告服務方面的成功和經驗,我們已擴展至更多垂直行業,並於二零 一八年開始建立我們的網絡視頻產品分發網 絡以釋放新的獲利機會。

憑藉我們與內容分發渠道供應商及智能手機 製造商(尤其是硬核聯盟成員)的穩固關係, 我們整合於網絡視頻產品分發領域的營運知 識經驗,並將我們的服務供應擴展至更廣泛 的行業客戶。

該業務在二零二二年產生收益人民幣84.5百萬元,而與二零二一年相比減少人民幣0.6百萬元或0.7%。我們分發的視頻主要為金融、娛樂及電影領域。

遊戲聯運服務

我們向遊戲開發商提供一站式遊戲聯運服務,包括遊戲優化、營銷、推廣、分發、變現及其他用戶相關服務。憑藉我們豐富的戲聯運經驗、所積累的數據及技術經驗,們根據我們對用戶資料、喜好、品位及聚暢玩習慣的深入了解,積極識別及物色新遊戲內容以及優化現有遊戲內容。此外,憑藉內容以及優化現有遊戲內容。此外,聚至於對能手機的分發渠道的緊圍,更為不數,我們能夠基於用戶行為及遊戲內消費。 察推出時間及虛擬物品類型的影響,更為高效且有效地分配遊戲營銷及推廣資源。

我們自遊戲聯運服務取得的收益由二零二一年人民幣8.0百萬元減少31.3%至二零二二年人民幣5.5百萬元。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,我們於中國已聯運20款移動遊戲。



COST OF SALES

Our cost of sales primarily consisted of distribution fees incurred for advertisement placements onto the distribution channels, labor costs and amortisation expenses.

Cost of sales increased by 12.6% from RMB1,834.9 million in 2021 to RMB2,066.4 million in 2022. This increase was primarily driven by the increase in distribution fees to our distribution channels, which was in line with the increase in our revenues during 2022.

GROSS PROFIT AND MARGINS

As a result of the foregoing, our gross profit decreased by 10.9% from RMB263.3 million in 2021 to RMB234.5 million in 2022. The decrease in gross profit was primarily due to the increase in the cost of traffic acquisition of our mobile advertising business during 2022.

The decrease in gross profit margin from 12.5% in 2021 to 10.2% in 2022 was primarily due to the increase in cost of traffic acquisition as a result of a more expensive traffic price in our industry.

OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

Other income and gains increased from RMB17.1 million in 2021 to RMB42.7 million in 2022, primarily due to the derecognition of accounts payable and the increase in government grants received.

SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Selling and distribution expenses primarily consisted of sales employee salaries and related benefit expenses, traveling costs, conference costs and marketing expenses. Our selling and distribution expenses increased by 29.3% from RMB15.0 million in 2021 to RMB19.4 million in 2022, which was mainly attributable to the increase in marketing and advertising expenses.

銷售成本

我們的銷售成本主要包括於分發渠道的廣告投放產生的分發費用、勞工成本及攤銷費用。

銷售成本由二零二一年的人民幣1,834.9百萬元增加12.6%至二零二二年的人民幣2,066.4百萬元。該增加主要由於我們分發渠道的分發費用增加,該增加與我們於二零二二年的收益增加一致。

毛利及毛利率

由於上述理由,我們的毛利由二零二一年的人民幣263.3百萬元減少10.9%至二零二二年的人民幣234.5百萬元。毛利減少主要是由於二零二二年移動廣告業務的流量獲取成本增加所致。

毛利率由二零二一年的12.5%下降至二零二二年的10.2%,主要由於我們行業的流量價格更昂貴導致流量獲取成本上漲。

其他收入及收益

其他收入及收益由二零二一年的人民幣17.1 百萬元增加至二零二二年的人民幣42.7百萬元,主要是由於取消確認應付賬款及收取的 政府補貼增加所致。

銷售及分銷開支

銷售及分銷開支主要包括銷售僱員薪金及相關福利開支、差旅成本、會議成本及營銷開支。銷售及分銷開支由二零二一年的人民幣15.0百萬元增加29.3%至二零二二年的人民幣19.4百萬元,主要由於營銷及廣告開支增加所致。





RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COSTS

Research and development cost primarily consisted of fees paid to third party consulting service providers and employee salaries and related benefit expenses. Our research and development expenses increased by 28.7% from RMB67.0 million in 2021 to RMB86.2 million in 2022, primarily due to the increase in the number of our research and development staff and the research expenses of our systems.

IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

We had impairment loss on accounts receivable of approximately RMB36.0 million in 2022, primarily as a result of the general and specific provision for credit loss from our accounts receivable.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Our administrative expenses increased by 14.0% from RMB46.3 million in 2021 to RMB52.8 million in 2022, which was mainly attributable to the increase in professional service expenses and staff costs and related expenses.

OTHER EXPENSES AND LOSSES

Other expenses and losses increased from RMB1.1 million in 2021 to RMB160.1 million in 2022, primarily due to the increase in impairment loss provided on goodwill.

The goodwill was related to our acquisition of Shanghai ChiLe in 2018. Having considered that the unforeseen business environment of our online-video distribution services segment in the near future, we made impairment provision of goodwill directly related to Shanghai ChiLe of approximately RMB154.8 million.

SHARE-BASED PAYMENT EXPENSES

Our share-based payment expense increased from RMB18.2 million in 2021 to RMB22.2 million in 2022, because the share-based payment expenses in connection with the RSUs we granted to certain grantees were recognised over the vesting period at a higher weighted-average grant date fair value as compared to 2021.

研發成本

研發成本主要包括向第三方諮詢服務提供商支付的費用及僱員薪金及相關福利開支。我們的研發開支由二零二一年的人民幣67.0百萬元增加28.7%至二零二二年的人民幣86.2百萬元,主要由於我們研發人數及系統研發開支增加。

應收賬款減值虧損

於二零二二年,我們的應收賬款減值虧損約 為人民幣36.0百萬元,主要由於我們就應收 賬款計提一般及特定信貸虧損撥備。

行政開支

我們的行政開支由二零二一年的人民幣46.3 百萬元增加14.0%至二零二二年的人民幣 52.8百萬元,主要由於專業服務開支及員工 成本及相關開支增加。

其他開支及虧損

其他開支及虧損由二零二一年的人民幣1.1百萬元增加至二零二二年的人民幣160.1百萬元,主要由於商譽計提的減值虧損撥備增加。

商譽與二零一八年我們收購上海池樂有關。 經考慮我們網絡視頻產品分發服務分部短期 內不可預見的業務環境,我們直接就上海池 樂相關的商譽作出減值撥備約人民幣154.8 百萬元。

以股份為基礎的付款開支

我們以股份為基礎的付款開支由二零二一年的人民幣18.2百萬元增加至二零二二年的人民幣22.2百萬元,原因為就我們授予多名承授人的受限制股份單位而言,以股份為基礎的付款開支於歸屬期內以高於二零二一年的加權平均授出日期公平值確認。



FINANCE COSTS

Our finance costs slightly increased from RMB7.5 million in 2021 to RMB7.7 million in 2022, primarily due to the increase of our bank borrowings.

SHARE OF LOSSES IN ASSOCIATES

We recorded share of losses in associates of approximately RMB4.3 million in 2022, which mainly represented our share of loss from an equity investment in Wanxin Chelian Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd., an associated company of our Company.

INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Our income tax expense decreased from RMB21.8 million in 2021 to RMB17.1 million in 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to the decrease in taxable profit of our subsidiaries in China.

(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

As a result of the reasons discussed above, loss for the year was RMB128.6 million in 2022, compared to profit of RMB62.3 million in 2021.

NON-HKFRS MEASURES

To supplement our consolidated financial statements, which are presented in accordance with the HKFRSs, we also use adjusted EBITDA and adjusted net profit as additional financial measures, which are unaudited and not required by, or presented in accordance with, HKFRSs. We present these financial measures because they are used by our management to evaluate our financial performance by eliminating the impact of items that we do not consider indicative of our business performance. We also believe that these non-HKFRS measures provide additional information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our consolidated results of operations in the same manner as they help our management compare our financial results across accounting periods and with those of our peer companies.

財務成本

我們的財務成本由二零二一年的人民幣7.5百萬元略增至二零二二年的人民幣7.7百萬元, 主要由於銀行借款增加。

分佔聯營公司虧捐

於二零二二年,我們錄得分佔聯營公司虧損 約人民幣4.3百萬元,主要指我們分佔對本公 司聯營公司萬信車聯科技(深圳)有限公司股 權投資的虧損。

所得税開支

我們的所得税開支由二零二一年的人民幣 21.8百萬元減少至二零二二年的人民幣17.1 百萬元。減少主要歸因於我們中國附屬公司 的應課税溢利減少。

年內(虧損)/溢利

基於上述所討論的理由,二零二二年的年內 虧損為人民幣128.6百萬元,而二零二一年 錄得溢利人民幣62.3百萬元。

非香港財務報告準則計量

為補充我們根據香港財務報告準則呈列的綜合財務報表,我們亦採用未經審核且並非 香港財務報告準則規定或並非按其呈列的認 調整EBITDA及經調整淨溢利作為額外財 計量。我們呈列該等財務計量乃由於我們 管理層使用彼等消除我們認為對我們業務的 現不具指示性的項目的影響,來評估我們 財務表現。我們亦相信,該等非香港財務的 告準則計量為投資者及其他人士提供附加同 對所 公司的財務業績相同的方式了解並評估我們 的綜合經營業績。





We define adjusted EBITDA as profit/loss for the year without considering depreciation, amortisation, finance cost, income tax, impairment loss on goodwill and share-based payment expenses ("Adjusted EBITDA"). We define adjusted net profit as profit/loss for the year without considering share-based payment expenses and impairment loss on goodwill ("Adjusted Net Profit"). The terms Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Profit are not defined under the HKFRSs. The use of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Profit has material limitations as an analytical tool, as they do not include all items that impact our profit or loss for the relevant years. The effect of items eliminated from Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Profit is a significant component in understanding and assessing our operating and financial performance.

In light of the foregoing limitations for Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Profit, when assessing our operating and financial performance, you should not view Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Profit in isolation or as a substitute for our profit for the year or any other operating performance measure that is calculated in accordance with HKFRSs. In addition, because these non-HKFRS measures may not be calculated in the same manner by all companies, they may not be comparable to other similarly titled measures used by other companies.

我們將經調整EBITDA界定為年內溢利/虧損,並未計及折舊、攤銷、財務成本、所得稅、商譽減值虧損及以股份為基礎的付款開支(「經調整EBITDA」)。我們將經調整淨溢利界定為年內溢利/虧損,並未計及以股份為基礎的付款開支及商譽減值虧損(「經調整淨溢利」)。香港財務報告準則並無界定經調整淨溢利」)。香港財務報告準則並無界經經調整EBITDA及經調整淨溢利作為分析工具有重整EBITDA及經調整淨溢利作為分析工具有或虧損的全部項目。經調整EBITDA及經調整淨溢利所消除的項目之影響,是了解與評估我們經營及財務表現的重要組成部份。

鑑於上述經調整EBITDA及經調整淨溢利的限制,於評估我們經營及財務表現時, 閣下不應單獨閱覽經調整EBITDA及經調整淨溢利或將其視為我們年內溢利,或任何其他按照香港財務報告準則計算的經營表現計量的替代者。此外,由於該等非香港財務報告準則計量可能在不同公司有不同計算方式,因此不可與其他公司使用的類似名稱之衡量方法相比。



The following tables reconcile our Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Profit for the periods presented to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with HKFRSs. Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Profit are not required by, or presented in accordance with, HKFRSs.

下表呈列期內經調整EBITDA及經調整淨溢 利調整為根據香港財務報告準則計算和呈 列的最具直接可比性的財務計量。經調整 EBITDA及經調整淨溢利並非按照香港財務報 告準則規定或按其呈列。

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		2022	2021	
		二零二二年	二零二一年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(128,558)	62,297	
Add:	九:	(120,000)	02,201	
Depreciation	折舊	6,682	5,392	
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	7,229	6,216	
Finance cost	財務成本	7,696	7,549	
Income tax expense	所得税開支	17,105	21,776	
Share-based payment expenses	以股份為基礎的付款開支	22,192	18,160	
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	154,786	448	
Adjusted EBITDA (unaudited)	經調整EBITDA(未經審核)	87,132	121,838	
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		2022	2021	
		二零二二年	二零二一年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利			
Add:	加:	(128,558)	62,297	
Share-based payment expenses	以股份為基礎的付款開支	22,192	18,160	
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	154,786	448	
Adjusted Net Profit (unaudited)	經調整淨溢利(未經審核)	48,420	80,905	





SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION FROM OUR CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

我們綜合財務狀況表的節選財務 資料

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Change 變動	
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	612,551	444,883	37.7%	
Bank borrowings Current assets Current liabilities	銀行借款 流動資產 流動負債	260,000 1,785,626 531,021	171,647 1,572,878 434,628	51.5% 13.5% 22.2%	
Net current assets Total equity	流動資產淨額 股權總額	1,254,605 1,372,824	1,138,250 1,390,913	10.2% -1.3%	

Cash and Bank Balances

As at 31 December 2022, we had cash and bank balances of RMB612.6 million, as compared with RMB444.9 million as at 31 December 2021. The increase in cash and bank balances was mainly due to the increase in our bank borrowings and the capital injection by the non-controlling interest. Our cash and bank balances were denominated in Renminbi, Hong Kong dollars and US dollars.

Bank Borrowings

Our bank borrowings as at 31 December 2021 amounted to RMB171.6 million, among which, (1) the bank borrowings of RMB30.0 million are secured by pledged deposits of RMB30.0 million and US\$1.9 million provided by one of our subsidiaries, (2) the bank borrowings of RMB49.0 million are guaranteed by two of our subsidiaries, (3) the bank borrowings of RMB5.0 million are guaranteed by an independent third party, (4) the bank borrowings of RMB90.0 million are guaranteed by our Company, and (5) the bank borrowings of RMB139.0 million are guaranteed by the Controlling Shareholders.

現金及銀行結餘

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,我們擁有現金及銀行結餘人民幣612.6百萬元,而二零二一年十二月三十一日則為人民幣444.9百萬元。現金及銀行結餘增加主要由於銀行借款及非控股權益注資增加。我們的現金及銀行結餘乃按人民幣、港元及美元計值。

銀行借款

我們的銀行借款於二零二一年十二月三十一日為人民幣171.6百萬元,其中,(1)銀行借款人民幣30.0百萬元以我們其中一間附屬公司提供的人民幣30.0百萬元及1.9百萬美元抵押存款作抵押;(2)銀行借款人民幣49.0百萬元由我們的其中兩間附屬公司擔保;(3)銀行借款人民幣5.0百萬元由一名獨立第三方擔保;(4)銀行借款人民幣90.0百萬元由本公司擔保及(5)銀行借款人民幣139.0百萬元由控股股東擔保。



As at 31 December 2022, our bank borrowings increased to RMB260.0 million, among which, (1) the bank borrowings of RMB71.0 million are secured by pledged deposits of RMB61.7 million provided by three of our subsidiaries, (2) the bank borrowings of RMB95.0 million are guaranteed by two of our subsidiaries, (3) the bank borrowings of RMB100.0 million are guaranteed by our Company and (4) the bank borrowings of RMB200.0 million are guaranteed by the Controlling Shareholders. All the bank borrowings as at 31 December 2022 were denominated in Renminbi and will be mature within one year, with fixed interest rates ranging from 1.500% to 4.350% per annum. The increase in bank borrowings was primarily due to the increase in external loans used for our business expansion.

Net Current Assets

Our net current assets were RMB1,254.6 million as at 31 December 2022, compared to RMB1,138.3 million as at 31 December 2021. Our current assets were RMB1,785.6 million as at 31 December 2022, compared to RMB1,572.9 million as at 31 December 2021, primarily due to the increase in cash and bank balance. Our prepayments, deposits and other receivables were RMB571.8 million as at 31 December 2022, compared to RMB546.6 million as at 31 December 2021, which was mainly attributable to the increase in purchase of prepaid data traffic for the Group's business development needs. Our current liabilities were RMB531.0 million as at 31 December 2022, compared to RMB434.6 million as at 31 December 2021, primarily due to the increase in interest-bearing bank borrowings and other payables and accruals, partly offset by the decrease in accounts payable.

Total Equity

As at 31 December 2022, our total equity was RMB1,372.8 million, compared to RMB1,390.9 million as at 31 December 2021, mainly due to the net loss occurred during 2022.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,我們的銀行借款增至人民幣260.0百萬元,其中,(1)銀行借款人民幣71.0百萬元以我們其中三間附屬公司提供的人民幣61.7百萬元抵押存款作抵押;(2)銀行借款人民幣95.0百萬元由押存款們的其中兩間附屬公司擔保;(3)銀行借款人民幣100.0百萬元由本公司擔保及(4)銀行借款人民幣200.0百萬元由控股股東擔保。於一零二二年十二月三十一日,銀行借款全部之民幣計值,將於一年內到期,固定年利之人民幣計值,將於一年內到期,固定年利加入於1.500%至4.350%之間。銀行借款如主要是由於用於業務擴充的外部貸款增加。

流動資產淨額

我們的流動資產淨額於二零二二年十二月三 十一日為人民幣1,254.6百萬元,而二零二 一年十二月三十一日則為人民幣1,138.3百 萬元。我們的流動資產於二零二二年十二月 三十一日為人民幣1,785.6百萬元,而二零二 一年十二月三十一日則為人民幣1,572.9百萬 元,主要由於現金及銀行結餘增加。我們的 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項於二零二二 年十二月三十一日為人民幣571.8百萬元, 而於二零二一年十二月三十一日為人民幣 546.6百萬元,主要乃因本集團業務發展需 求而購入的預付費數據流量增加所致。我們 的流動負債於二零二二年十二月三十一日為 人民幣531.0百萬元,而二零二一年十二月 三十一日則為人民幣434.6百萬元,主要由 於計息銀行借款以及其他應付款項及應計款 項增加,部分被應付賬款減少所抵銷。

股權總額

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,我們的股權總額為人民幣1,372.8百萬元,而二零二一年十二月三十一日則為人民幣1,390.9百萬元,主要由於二零二二年產生淨虧損。





KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

主要財務比率

		As at 31 De 於十二月三		
			2021 二零二一年	
Current ratio (times)(1)	流動比率(倍數)(1)	3.4	3.6	
Gearing ratio (%) ⁽²⁾	資產負債比率(%)⑵	28.2	24.6	
		Year ended 31 截至十二月三十		

截至十二月三十一日止年度 2022 2021

二零二二年 二零二一年

Adjusted net profit margin⁽³⁾

經調整淨溢利率(3)

2.1%

3.8%

Notes:

- Current ratio was calculated based on our total current assets divided by our total current liabilities at the end of each financial period.
- (2) Gearing ratio was calculated based on our total liabilities divided by our total assets at the end of each financial period.
- (3) Adjusted net profit margin was calculated based on our adjusted net profit for the relevant period divided by our total revenues for the same period.

Current Ratio

Our current ratio decreased from 3.6 as at 31 December 2021 to 3.4 as at 31 December 2022, primarily due to the increase in current liabilities resulting from the increase in interest-bearing bank borrowings and other payables and accruals.

Gearing Ratio

Our gearing ratio increased from 24.6% as at 31 December 2021 to 28.2% as at 31 December 2022, mainly due to the increase in total liabilities.

附註:

- (1) 流動比率乃按照我們於各財政期間末的流動 資產總值除以我們的流動負債總額計算得 出。
- (2) 資產負債比率乃按照我們於各財政期間末的 負債總額除以我們的總資產計算得出。
- (3) 經調整淨溢利率乃按照我們於相關期間的經 調整淨溢利除以同一期間的收益總額計算得 出。

流動比率

我們的流動比率由二零二一年十二月三十一日的3.6減至二零二二年十二月三十一日的3.4,主要由於計息銀行借款及其他應付款項及應計費用增加以致流動負債增加。

資產負債比率

我們的資產負債比率由二零二一年十二月三十一日的24.6%增至二零二二年十二月三十一日的28.2%,主要由於負債總額增加。



Adjusted Net Profit Margin

Our adjusted net profit margin decreased from 3.8% in 2021 to 2.1% in 2022, primarily due to the increase in overall operating expenses and the decrease in gross profit.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND INVESTMENTS

Our capital expenditures mainly consist of additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. Our capital expenditures amounted to RMB750,000 and RMB1,072,000 in 2022 and 2021, respectively.

FUNDING AND TREASURY POLICIES

We expect to fund our working capital and other capital requirements from a combination of various sources, including but not limited to internal resources and external financing at reasonable market rates. We seek to improve the return of the equity and assets while adhering to our prudent funding and treasury policies.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

The Group's subsidiaries primarily operate in the PRC and are exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the US dollars and the Hong Kong dollars. Therefore, foreign exchange risk primarily arose from recognised assets and liabilities in the Group's PRC subsidiaries when receiving or to receive foreign currencies from, or paying or to pay foreign currencies to, overseas business partners. We did not hedge against any fluctuation in foreign currency during the year ended 31 December 2022.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENT AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Group did not have other plans for material investments and capital assets.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures in 2022.

經調整淨溢利率

我們的經調整淨溢利率由二零二一年的3.8% 降至二零二二年的2.1%,主要由於整體營運 開支增加及毛利減少所致。

資本開支及投資

我們的資本開支主要包括添置物業、廠房及設備以及無形資產。我們於二零二二年及二零二一年的資本開支分別為人民幣750,000元及人民幣1.072.000元。

融資及財務政策

我們預期綜合多種資源方式為我們的營運資金及其他資金需求融資,包括但不限於內部資源以及按合理市價進行外部融資。我們致力改善股本及資產回報,同時堅持實施審慎融資及財務政策。

外匯風險

本集團附屬公司主要於中國經營業務,面臨不同貨幣(主要為美元及港元)所產生的外匯風險。因此,外匯風險主要來自本集團中國附屬公司向境外業務合作夥伴收取或未來收取外幣或支付或未來支付外幣時所確認的資產及負債。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,我們並無對沖任何外幣波動。

重大投資及資本資產的未來計劃

除本年報所披露者外,本集團並無有關重大 投資及資本資產的其他計劃。

重大收購及出售

於二零二二年,本集團並無任何重大收購及 出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業。





SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

The Group had no significant investments for the year ended 31 December 2022.

PLEDGE ON ASSETS

Certain deposits placed with banks were used as pledged assets for the Group's bank borrowings. For more details, please refer to Note 24 to the financial statements.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2022, we did not have any material contingent liabilities (2021: nil).

DIVIDEND

The Board did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil).

重大投資

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度並無重大投資。

資產抵押

若干存放於銀行的存款乃用作本集團銀行借款的抵押資產。更多詳情,請參閱財務報表 附註24。

或然負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,我們並無任何重大或然負債(二零二一年:無)。

股息

董事會並不建議就截至二零二二年十二月三 十一日止年度派付末期股息(二零二一年: 無)。



Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

OUR DIRECTORS

The biography of each Director is set out below.

Executive Directors

Mr. GAO Dinan (高弟男), aged 44, is our founder, an executive Director and the chairman of the Board, and served as our chief executive officer from March 2014 to December 2022, being responsible for overall management of the business, strategy and corporate development of our Group. Mr. Gao has 19 years of experience in the technology industry.

Prior to founding our Group, Mr. Gao served as a business director of mobile business department of Baidu Online Network Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (百度在線網路技術(北京)有限公司) from June 2008 to March 2014, a subsidiary of Baidu, Inc. (百度公司), which is a company listed on Nasdaq (stock symbol: BIDU), specialising in Internet-related services and products and artificial intelligence.

Mr. Gao obtained a master degree in business administration from Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications (北京郵電大學) in July 2008.

我們的董事

各董事的履歷如下。

執行董事

高弟男先生,44歲,為創辦人、執行董事及董事會主席,並自二零一四年三月起至二零二二年十二月擔任首席執行官,負責本集團業務、戰略及企業發展的整體管理。高先生於科技行業擁有19年經驗。

創辦本集團之前,高先生於二零零八年六月至二零一四年三月擔任百度公司附屬公司百度在線網路技術(北京)有限公司移動業務部業務總監,而百度公司是納斯達克上市公司(股份代號:BIDU),專門從事與互聯網有關的服務和產品以及人工智能。

高先生於二零零八年七月取得北京郵電大學 工商管理碩士學位。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層





Mr. NIE Xin (聶鑫), aged 43, was appointed as an executive Director on 27 August 2020. He joined the Group in March 2019 as the senior vice president and was responsible for the operating management. He has over 14 years of experience in operations and management.

Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Nie served as an operation manager at Baidu Online Network Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd. from September 2009 to September 2012. From November 2013 to March 2019, he served as the general manager of strategic investment department of Suzhou Meishengyuan Information Technology Co., Ltd. (蘇州美生元信息科技有限公司).

Mr. Nie graduated from the Central Radio and Television University (中央廣播電視大學) in May 2006 with a college degree.

Ms. JIANG Yu (蔣宇), aged 39, joined the Group in January 2019 as a senior vice president and is primarily responsible for the corporate and business development of the Group. She was appointed as an executive Director and the chief executive officer of our Company on 20 July 2022 and 16 December 2022, respectively. She has over 16 years of experience in the technology industry.

Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Jiang served as a business development manager at Beijing Airlnbox Information Technologies Co., Ltd. (北京空中信使信息技術有限公司) from July 2007 to March 2010, a consolidated affiliated entity of KongZhong Corporation (空中網), a company previously listed on Nasdaq (stock symbol: KZ) and privatised in April 2017. From March 2010 to April 2015, she served as the director of mobile business department of Shenzhen Aisidi Co., Ltd. (深圳市愛施德股份有限公司), a company listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 002416). From April 2015 to December 2018, she served as a vice president of an internet startup company.

Ms. Jiang obtained a bachelor's degree in electronics and communication from Hunan University (湖南大學) and an MBA degree from Peking University (北京大學) in July 2006 and July 2017, respectively.

Non-executive Directors

Mr. ZHENG Wei (鄭煒), aged 45, is a non-executive Director and joined our Group since March 2016. He was appointed as executive Director of the Company in November 2018 and was re-designated as non-executive Director of the Company with effect from 27 August 2020. Prior to his re-designation, he was the vice chairman of the Board and a member of the Remuneration Committee. He has 16 years of experience in the technology industry.

聶鑫先生,43歲,於二零二零年八月二十七 日獲委任為執行董事。彼二零一九年三月加 入本集團擔任高級副總裁,負責企業營運管 理事務。彼於企業營運及管理方面擁有超過 14年經驗。

加入本集團前,聶先生於二零零九年九月至 二零一二年九月擔任百度在線網絡技術(北京)有限公司營運經理。彼於二零一三年十一 月至二零一九年三月擔任蘇州美生元信息科 技有限公司戰略投資部總經理。

聶先生於二零零六年五月取得中央廣播電視 大學專科學位。

蔣宇女士,39歲,於二零一九年一月加入本集團擔任高級副總裁,主要負責本集團企業及業務發展事務。彼分別於二零二二年七月二十日及二零二二年十二月十六日獲委任為本公司執行董事及行政總裁。彼於科技行業擁有超過16年的經驗。

加入本集團之前,蔣女士於二零零七年七月至二零一零年三月擔任空中網(一家此前於納斯達克上市並於二零一七年四月私有化的公司,股份代碼:KZ)的合併聯屬實體型。於二零一零年三月至二零一五年四月,彼擔任深圳市愛施德股份有限公司(一家於深圳證券交易所上市的公司,股份代碼:002416)無線事業部總監。於二零一五年四月至二零一八年十二月,彼擔任一家互聯網創業公司副總裁。

蔣女士分別於二零零六年七月及二零一七年 七月取得湖南大學電子與通訊學士學位及北 京大學工商管理碩士學位。

非執行董事

鄭煒先生,45歲,為非執行董事及自二零一六年三月起加入本集團。彼自二零一八年十一月起獲委任為本公司之執行董事,並自二零二零年八月二十七日起調任為本公司之非執行董事。彼於調任之前,彼為董事會副主席及薪酬委員會成員。彼於科技行業擁有16年經驗。





Mr. Zheng has been the director of the Investment Professional Committee of China Software Industry Association (中國軟件行業協會) since March 2023. He served as the executive director and the president of Aoyuan Healthy Life Group Company Limited (奧園健康生活集團有限公司), which is a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 3662), from January 2021 to September 2022. He served as a partner of Northern Light Investment Advisory (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (北極光投資顧問(北京)有限公司) from July 2015 to February 2016. He served as the general manager of the creation development department and business cooperation department as well as a vice general manager in the mobile service group of Baidu Online Network Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd. from July 2007 to July 2015.

Mr. Zheng obtained a bachelor degree in engineering mechanics and a master degree in solid mechanics from Tsinghua University (清華大學) in July 1999 and in July 2001, respectively. He also obtained a degree of Ph.D. in informatics from Peking University (北京大學) in July 2014.

鄭先生於二零二三年三月起擔任中國軟件行業協會投資專業委員會主任。彼於二零二一年一月至二零二二年九月擔任奧園健康生活集團有限公司(一家於聯交所主板上市(股代號:3662)的公司)的執行董事及總裁。彼於二零一五年七月至二零一六年二月擔任北極光投資顧問(北京)有限公司的合夥人。彼於二零零七年七月至二零一五年七月擔任百度在線網路技術(北京)有限公司創意開發部及業務合作部總經理以及移動服務事業群副總經理。

鄭先生分別於一九九九年七月及二零零一年 七月取得清華大學工程力學學士學位及固體 力學碩士學位。彼亦於二零一四年七月取得 北京大學信息學博士學位。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層





Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. CHEN Baoguo (陳寶國), aged 58, is an independent non-executive Director of our Group. He has been the deputy secretary general of China Software Industry Association (中國軟件行業協會) since February 2017. From July 2007 to February 2017, he was the deputy director of Institute of International Technology and Economics (國際技術經濟研究所) at State Council Development Research Center (國務院發展研究中心).

Mr. Chen received a bachelor degree in material management from Northern Jiaotong University (北方交通大學) in July 1986, and a master degree in metal material and heat treatment from Yanshan University (燕山大學) in June 1991. Then he obtained a degree of Ph.D. in economics and management from Northern Jiaotong University in May 2003.

Mr. JIN Yongsheng (金永生), aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 16 September 2021. He has successively served as a professor and head of the Department of Business Administration and Public Administration, dean and doctoral supervisor of the School of Economics and Management, chairman of the Professor Committee and a member of the Academic Committee of Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications (北京郵電大學) since July 2004. He is principally focused on teaching and researching in the fields of digital economy, mobile internet industry organisation and strategic management, including, among others, digital consumer behavior, big data business model, value creation and value transfer of mobile internet industry. He has published more than 100 articles in top-tier journals such as Economic Perspectives (經濟學動 態), Chinese Journal of Management Science (中國管理科學) and the theoretical page of People's Daily (人民日報). From May 1996 to June 2004, he served as a professor, master supervisor and deputy dean of the College of Economics and Management of Beijing University of Technology (北京工業大學). From July 1988 to April 1996, he successively served as lecturer, director of the Business Economics Teaching and Research Office, the Economics Research Institute and the Scientific Research Office and associate professor of the Department of Business Economics of Lanzhou University of Finance and Economics (蘭州財經大學).

獨立非執行董事

陳寶國先生,58歲,為本集團獨立非執行董事。彼自二零一七年二月起擔任中國軟件行業協會常務副秘書長。由二零零七年七月至二零一七年二月,彼擔任國務院發展研究中心國際技術經濟研究所副所長。

陳先生於一九八六年七月取得北方交通大學 材料管理學士學位,並於一九九一年六月取 得燕山大學金屬材料及熱處理碩士學位。其 後,彼於二零零三年五月取得北方交通大學 經濟管理博士學位。

金永生先生,57歲,於二零二一年九月十 六日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。自二零零四 年七月起,彼接連擔任北京郵電大學工商管 理與公共管理系教授及系主任、經濟管理學 院院長及博士生導師、教授委員會主席及學 術委員會委員。彼主要從事數字經濟、移動 互聯網產業組織及戰略管理領域的教學及研 究工作,其中方向包括數字消費行為、大數 據商業模式、移動互聯網產業價值創造與價 值轉移。彼在《經濟學動態》、《中國管理科 學》、《人民日報》理論版等頂級期刊發表論 文超過一百餘篇。於一九九六年五月至二零 零四年六月,彼擔任北京工業大學經濟與管 理學院教授、碩士生導師及副院長。於一九 八八年七月至一九九六年四月,彼接連擔任 蘭州財經大學講師、商業經濟教研室主任、 經濟研究所所長、科研處處長及商業經濟系 副教授。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

Mr. Jin was graduated from Lanzhou University of Finance and Economics (蘭州財經大學) with a bachelor's degree in business economics in 1985. He obtained a master's degree in trade economics from Zhongnan University of Economics and Law (中南財經政法大學) and a doctor's degree in industrial economics from Renmin University of China (中國人民大學) in 1988 and 2002, respectively.

金先生於一九八五年畢業於蘭州財經大學, 取得商業經濟學學士學位。彼於一九八八年 及二零零二年分別在中南財經政法大學獲得 貿易經濟學碩士學位及中國人民大學獲得產 業經濟學博士學位。

Mr. YU Limin (余利民), aged 44, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 July 2022. He has over 21 years of experience in financial management and investment. He served as a project manager of audit department at Beijing Tin Wha Certified Public Accountants (北京天華會計師事務所) from July 2001 to May 2004. From June 2004 to March 2005, he served as an investment manager of Tianhua International Investment Services Co., Ltd. (天華國際投資服務有限公司). From April 2005 to August 2009, he served as a senior investment manager of Beijing Zodi Investment Co., Ltd. (北京中迪投資股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000609). From August 2010 to March 2015, he served as the head of investment and development department of Tianjin New Financial Investments Co., Ltd. (天津新金融投資有限責任公司). From April 2015 to December 2017, he served as the assistant president and director of corporate finance department at Luyu Ecosystem Engineering Co., Ltd. (路 域生態工程有限公司). Since December 2018, he has served as a senior project manager of audit department at Zhongxingcai Guanghua Certified Public Accountants LLP (中興財光華會計事務所 (特殊普通合夥)).

余利民先生,44歲,於二零二二年七月二十 日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼於財務管理 及投資方面擁有超過21年的經驗。彼於二零 零一年七月至二零零四年五月擔任北京天華 會計師事務所審計部項目經理。於二零零四 年六月至二零零五年三月,彼擔任天華國際 投資服務有限公司投資經理。於二零零五年 四月至二零零九年八月,彼擔任北京中迪投 資股份有限公司(一家於深圳證券交易所上 市的公司,股份代碼:000609)高級投資經 理。於二零一零年八月至二零一五年三月, 彼擔任天津新金融投資有限責任公司投資發 展部部長。於二零一五年四月至二零一七年 十二月,彼擔任路域生態工程有限公司總裁 助理及投融資總監。自二零一八年十二月 起,彼擔任中興財光華會計師事務所(特殊 普通合夥)審計部高級項目經理。

Mr. Yu obtained a bachelor's degree in trade economics from Tianjin University of Commerce (天津商業大學) in June 2001. He was accredited as a certified public accountant by the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (中國註冊會計師協會) in October 2020. He was also awarded with finance professional qualification of intermediate economist by the Office of Professional Title in Tianjin (天津市職稱工作辦公室) in April 2013.

余先生於二零零一年六月取得天津商業大學經濟學學士學位。彼於二零二零年十月被中國註冊會計師協會授予註冊會計師資格。彼亦於二零一三年四月獲得天津市職稱工作辦公室頒發的金融中級經濟師資格證書。

OUR SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. GAO Dinan (高弟男), aged 44, is our founder, an executive Director, the chairman of the Board. For further details, please see the paragraph headed "Directors and Senior Management – Our Directors – Executive Directors" in this section.

我們的高級管理層

高弟男先生,44歲,為創辦人、執行董事、 董事會主席。有關進一步詳情,請參閱本節 「董事及高級管理層-我們的董事-執行董 事」一段。

聶鑫先生,43歲,為執行董事兼高級副總裁。有關進一步詳情,請參閱本節「董事及高級管理層-我們的董事-執行董事」一段。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層





Ms. JINAG Yu (蔣宇), aged 39, is an executive Director, the chief executive officer and the senior vice president. For further details, please see the paragraph headed "Directors and Senior Management – Our Directors – Executive Directors" in this section.

Mr. ZHANG Zhen (張震), aged 44, is our chief information officer and joined our Group in August 2014. He is primarily responsible for corporate information management and overseeing product testing of our Group. He has nearly 19 years of experience in technology industry.

Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Zhang served as a manager of wireless business department in Baidu Online Network Technology (Beijing) Co., Ltd. from December 2010 to December 2013. From December 2004 to March 2005 and from March 2006 to March 2011, he served as a technology director of wireless business department in Sohu New Era Network Information Technology Co., Ltd. (搜狐新時代網路資訊技術有限公司), a subsidiary of Sohu.com Inc., which is listed on Nasdaq (stock symbol: SOHU) and primarily engaged in providing Internet services.

Mr. Zhang obtained a bachelor degree in computer science and technology from Beijing Institute of Technology (北京理工大學) in August 2004.

Mr. YU Dingyi (于丁一), aged 44, joined the Group in October 2022 as a vice president of finance and was appointed as the chief financial officer of the Group on 16 December 2022. He has over 22 years of experience in financial management. Prior to joining the Group, he served multiple positions in PetroChina Company Limited (中國石油天然氣股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 601857) and the Stock Exchange (stock code: 857), from July 2000 to July 2014, with his last position as the director of finance department of PetroChina Trading Company Limited (中國石油天然氣股份有限公司銷售分公司). He served as the financial controller and a director of APUS Network Technology Co., Ltd. (麒麟合盛網絡技術股份有限公司), from September 2014 to October 2022 and from July 2019 to October 2022, respectively.

Mr. Yu obtained a bachelor's degree in accounting from China University of Petroleum (中國石油大學) in July 2000. He also obtained a master's degree in finance from The Central University of Finance and Economics (中央財經大學) in September 2006. He is a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since April 2019.

蔣宇女士,39歲,為執行董事、首席執行官 兼高級副總裁。有關進一步詳情,請參閱本 節「董事及高級管理層一我們的董事-執行 董事 |一段。

張震先生,44歲,為首席信息官及於二零一四年八月加入本集團。彼主要負責本集團企業信息管理及產品檢測監督。彼於科技行業擁有近19年經驗。

加入本集團之前,張先生於二零一零年十二 月至二零一三年十二月擔任百度在線網路技 術(北京)有限公司無線業務部經理。於二零 零四年十二月至二零零五年三月以及於二零 零六年三月至二零一一年三月,彼擔任搜狐 公司附屬公司搜狐新時代網路資訊技術有限 公司無線業務部技術總監,而搜狐公司於納 斯達克上市(股份代號:SOHU),主要從事 提供互聯網服務。

張先生於二零零四年八月取得北京理工大學 計算機科學與技術學士學位。

于丁一先生,44歲,於二零二二年十月加入本集團擔任財務副總裁,並於二零二二年十二月十六日獲委任為本集團首席財務官理方面擁有超過22年經驗。加入本集團前,於二零零年七月至二零一四年七月,彼於中國石油天然氣股份行號:601857)及於聯交所上市(股份代號:857)的公司)接連擔任多個職位,其離職前的職衛為中國石油天然氣股份有限公司銷售分公司財務處處長。於二零一四年九月至二零二二十月及於二零一九年七月至二零二二十月,彼於麒麟合盛網絡技術股份有限公司分別擔任財務總監及董事。

于先生於二零零零年七月取得中國石油大學 之會計學學士學位。彼亦於二零零六年九月 取得中央財經大學之金融學碩士學位。彼自 二零一九年四月起一直為特許公認會計師公 會會員。





COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. CHANG Eric Jackson (張世澤), aged 42, is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since September 2005 and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 2005. He has extensive experience in accounting, finance, business advisory, compliance and secretarial work in listed companies. He has been serving as the company secretary of Leader Education Limited (stock code: 1449) and Xingye Wulian Service Group Co. Ltd. (stock code: 9916), each being a company listed on the Stock Exchange, since August 2020 and July 2022, respectively. He graduated from the University of British Columbia with a bachelor of commerce degree in May 2002.

公司秘書

張世澤先生,42歲,自二零零五年九月為香港會計師公會之會員及自二零零五年一月為養國註冊會計師公會之會員。彼在會計、財務、商業諮詢及於上市公司合規和秘書工作方面擁有豐富經驗。自二零二零年八月及二零二二年七月起,彼分別擔任立德教育股份有限公司(股份代號:1449)及興業物聯服務集團有限公司(股份代號:9916)(各均為在聯交所上市之公司)之公司秘書。於二零零二年五月,彼取得英屬哥倫比亞大學之商科學士學位。

董事會報告



The Board is pleased to present its report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Reporting Period.

董事會欣然呈列其報告連同本集團報告期經 審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is a technology company in the mobile Internet market, helping connect businesses from various industries to hundreds of millions of Android-based smartphone users in China. It provides Android-based content distribution services for marketers seeking mobile advertising, online-video distribution, game co-publishing services and software maintenance services. The activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in Note 1 to the financial statements.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 101 of this annual report.

FINAL DIVIDENDS

The Board has resolved not to recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board may recommend the payments of dividend on a per Share basis in respect of the Shares of the Company. In considering the payment of dividends, the Company takes various factors into account, including but not limited to the Company's financial performance, the business conditions and strategies, the capital requirements, statutory and regulatory restrictions and any other factors which the Company may deem relevant. The declaration and payment of future dividends will depend upon, among other things, financial condition, future earnings, cash flow, liquidity level, business prospects and other relevant factors.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review and performance analysis of the Group for the Reporting Period is set out in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" from pages 10 to 13 and "Management Discussion and Analysis" from pages 16 to 28 of this annual report.

主要活動

本公司是移動互聯網市場上的一家科技公 司,幫助各行各業的企業與中國數以億計安 卓智能手機用戶建立聯繫。我們向尋求移動 廣告、網絡視頻產品分發、遊戲聯運服務及 軟件維護服務的行業客戶提供安卓內容分發 服務。主要附屬公司的業務載於財務報表附 註1。

業績

本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度的業績載於本年報第101頁綜合損益表。

末期股息

董事會已議決不建議分派截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度末期股息(二零二一 年:無)。

股息政策

董事會可建議就本公司股份按每股基準派付 股息。於考慮派付股息時,本公司會考慮多 種因素,包括但不限於本公司的財務表現、 業務狀況及策略、資金需求、法定及監管限 制以及本公司可能視為相關的任何其他因 素。宣派及派付未來股息將視乎財務狀況、 未來盈利、現金流量、流動資金水平、業務 前景及其他相關因素而定。

業務回顧

本集團報告期業務回顧及表現分析載於本年 報第10至13頁的「主席報告書 |一節及第16 至28頁的「管理層討論及分析」一節。





Environmental Policies and Performance

The Company attaches great importance to environmental protection and resource conservation, and continuously pays attention to the impact of its business operations on the environment. The Group is committed to maintaining the common development of economy, environment and society, and promoting awareness of environmental protection and resource conservation in its daily operations. The Group strictly follows the relevant environment protection laws and regulations of the PRC and adopts various electricity-saving and water-saving management measures, including management over air-conditioning settings in office areas and enhancing management and maintenance of water equipment, thereby improving efficiency and minimizing resource consumption. During the Reporting Period, the Company did not find any environmental-related violations.

For details of the Company's environmental policies and performance, and the important relationship between the Company and its employees, customers and suppliers, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022 published on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company's own website (www.wankaonline.com) according to the Listing Rules.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The Group is exposed to various risks in its business operations, primarily including: (i) failure to improve and enhance the functionality, performance, reliability, design, security, and scalability of its products and services to suit its clients' evolving needs, (ii) failure to develop and maintain successful relationships with its local channel partners, and (iii) systems disruptions, distributed denial of service attacks, or other hacking and phishing attacks on its systems and security breaches.

Effect Assessment of the COVID-19 Outbreak

The outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic has impacted economic activities worldwide. Many countries have imposed restrictions on non-essential services and business operations, and have also implemented travel restrictions, border closures and other quarantine measures that have significantly curbed the normal movement of goods, services and people. For the financial year ended 31 December 2022, the impacts of COVID-19 have been reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

The COVID-19 pandemic may continue to impact our business operations and financial operating results, and there is uncertainty in the nature and degree of its continued effects over time. The Group will proactively manage the businesses and take the necessary actions to ensure that the long-term business prospects of the Group remain stable.

環境政策及表現

本公司高度重視環境保護及資源節約,並持續關注其業務營運對環境的影響。本集團致力於保持經濟、環境和社會的共同發展,在日常運營中促進環境保護和資源節約的及時間,採取多種節電和節水的管理措施,包括規,採取多種節電和節水的管理措施,包括對辦公區域空調設置的管理、加強用水設備的管理和維護等,從而提高效率並將資源消耗降至最低。於報告期內,本公司未發現任何環境相關的違規事件。

有關本公司環境政策及表現以及本公司與其僱員、客戶及供應商的重要關係的詳情,請參閱根據上市規則於聯交所網站(www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司自身網站(www.wankaonline.com)刊載的截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度本公司的環境、社會及管治報告。

主要風險及不確定性

本集團在其業務營運中面臨的主要風險包括:(i)未能順應客戶不斷演變的需求改善及提升其產品及服務的功能性、性能、可靠性、設計、安全性及可擴展性;(ii)無法成功與當地渠道合作夥伴發展及維持關係;及(iii)系統中斷、針對其系統的分散式阻斷服務攻擊或其他黑客及釣魚攻擊以及安全漏洞。

新型冠狀病毒疫情爆發的影響評估

爆發新型冠狀病毒疫情對全球各地之經濟活動造成影響。多國對非必要服務及商業活動施加限制,同時亦實施出入境限制、封關及其他檢疫措施。該措施嚴重限制貨物、服務及人員之正常流動。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止財政年度,新型冠狀病毒之影響已反映於我們的綜合財務報表中。

新型冠狀病毒疫情可能會繼續影響我們的業務運營和財務運營結果,並且隨著時間的推移,其持續影響的性質和程度均存在不確定性。本集團將採取措施積極管理業務經營,並採取必要措施以鞏固本集團之長遠業務前景。





USE OF PROCEEDS

The Shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on 21 December 2018 by way of global offering, raising total net proceeds of approximately HK\$194.7 million (equivalent to approximately RMB171.2 million) after deducting professional fees, underwriting commissions and other related listing expenses (the "IPO").

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had utilised the proceeds as set out in the table below:

所得款項用途

本公司股份於二零一八年十二月二十一日以全球發售方式在聯交所主板上市,籌集所得款項總淨額約為194.7百萬港元(相當於約人民幣171.2百萬元)(經扣除專業費用、包銷佣金及其他有關上市開支)(「首次公開發售」)。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團已 動用下表所載的所得款項:

		Net proceeds from the IPO 首次公開發售 所得款項淨額 HK\$ RMB		Utilization up to 31 December 2022 the Reporting Period 截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日 於報告期 已動用款項		ng Period 	Unutilised proceeds 尚未動用所得款項		Expected timeline for the use of unutilised proceeds 尚未動用所得款項之預期使用時間表	
				HK\$	RMB	HK\$	RMB	HK\$	RMB	
		'million	million 人民幣	'million	million 人民幣	'million	million 人民幣	'million	million 人民幣	
		百萬港元	百萬元	百萬港元	百萬元	百萬港元	百萬元	百萬港元	百萬元	
Strengthening research and development capabilities	加強研發能力	58.4	51.4	58.4	51.4	-	-	-	-	-
Promoting the development standard of Quick Apps	提升快應用程序的 開發標準	58.4	51.4	53.2	46.8	5.1	4.5	5.2	4.6	December 2023 二零二三年 十二月
Expanding service offerings and strengthening ecosystem	擴大服務範圍及 加強生態系統	29.2	25.7	29.2	25.7	-	-	-	-	Т—Я -
Expanding monetization channels and strengthening sales and marketing capabilities	擴展貨幣化渠道及 增強銷售及營銷能力	29.2	25.7	29.2	25.7	-	-	-	-	-
Working capital and general corporate uses	營運資金及一般企業用途	19.5	17.0	19.5	17.0	-	-	-	-	-
Total	總計	194.7	171.2	189.5	166.6	5.1	4.5	5.2	4.6	

The remaining balance of the net proceeds from the IPO was placed with banks. There has been no change in the intended use of net proceeds as previously disclosed in the Prospectus and the Group will apply the remaining net proceeds in the manner set out in the Prospectus.

首次公開發售所得款項淨額剩餘結餘已存入 銀行。招股章程先前披露的所得款項淨額預 期用途並無變動,本集團將按招股章程所載 方式應用餘下所得款項淨額。





To strengthen the financial position of the Group and provide working capital to the Group, the Company completed the Placing of 135,000,000 new Shares at the placing price of HK\$1.45 per Share in March 2021, and received the net proceeds from the Placing of approximately HK\$189.0 million (equivalent to approximately RMB157.8 million) after deducting the expenses incurred in connection with the Placing.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had utilised the proceeds as set out in the table below:

為加強本集團的財務狀況並向本集團提供營運資金,本公司於二零二一年三月完成以每股1.45港元的配售價配售135,000,000股新股份,並於扣除就配售事項產生的開支後收取配售事項所得款項淨額約189.0百萬港元(相當於約人民幣157.8百萬元)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團募集 資金使用情況如下表所示:

		Net proceeds from the Placing 配售 所得款項淨額		Utilization up to Utilization during 31 December 2022 the Reporting Period 截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日 於報告期		Unutilised proceeds		Expected timeline for the use of unutilised proceeds 尚未動用所得款項之預期使用		
					已動用款項 已動用款項					時間表
		HK\$ 'million	RMB million 人民幣	HK\$ 'million	RMB million 人民幣	HK\$ 'million	RMB million 人民幣	HK\$ 'million	RMB million 人民幣	
		百萬港元	百萬元	百萬港元	百萬元	百萬港元	百萬元	百萬港元	百萬元	
Further develop the Group's existing business lines	進一步發展本集團現有業務	113.4	94.7	83.6	69.8	57.7	48.2	29.8	24.9	December 2023 二零二三年 十二月
Enhance the Group's digital infrastructure and for research and development of new internet and technological solutions	加強本集團的數字基礎 設施,研發新互聯網及 技術解決方案	56.7	47.3	27.2	22.7	14.4	12.2	29.5	24.6	December 2023 二零二三年 十二月
General working capital uses	一般營運資金用途	18.9	15.8	13.5	11.3	6.0	5.0	5.4	4.5	December 2023 二零二三年 十二月
Total	總計	189.0	157.8	124.3	103.8	78.1	65.4	64.7	54.0	

The remaining balance of the net proceeds from the Placing was placed with banks. There has been no change in the intended use of net proceeds and the net proceeds from the Placing have been and will be applied in the manner consistent with the use of proceeds as disclosed above.

配售所得款項淨額剩餘結餘已存入銀行。所 得款項淨額預期用途並無變動,配售所得款 項淨額已經及將會以與上文所披露之所得款 項用途一致的方式使用。





MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group's five largest customers, which primarily include marketers seeking the Group's services, contributed to a total of 31.8% of the Group's total revenue and the Group's largest customer contributed to a total of 6.3% of the Group's total revenue.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group's five largest suppliers, which primarily include distribution channel partners, contributed to a total of 77.4% of the Group's total cost of sales and the Group's largest supplier contributed to a total of 29.2% of the Group's total cost of sales.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates (as defined under the Listing Rules) or any Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers or the Group's five largest customers.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in Note 16 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the Reporting Period are set out in Note 29 to the financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out on pages 105 to 106 in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團五大客戶(主要為尋求本集團提供服務的行業客戶)合共佔本集團總收益的31.8%,而本集團最大客戶佔本集團總收益的6.3%。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團五大供應商(主要為分發渠道的合作方)合共佔本集團總銷售成本的77.4%,而本集團最大供應商佔本集團總銷售成本的29.2%。

概無董事或其任何緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)或任何股東(據董事所知,擁有本公司已發行股本超過5%)於本集團五大供應商或本集團五大客戶中擁有任何實益權益。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於報告期的物業、廠房及設備變動詳 情載於財務報表附註16。

股本

本公司於報告期的股本變動詳情載於財務報 表附註29。

儲備

本集團於報告期的儲備變動詳情載於綜合權 益變動表第105至106頁。



DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As of December 31, 2022, the Company's reserves available for distribution, amounted to approximately RMB1,016.5 million (as of December 31, 2021: RMB1,029.1 million).

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank loans and other borrowings of the Group as of December 31, 2022 are set out in Note 28 to the financial statements.

LOAN AND GUARANTEE

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group had not made any loan or provided any guarantee for loan, directly or indirectly, to the Directors, senior management of the Company, the Controlling Shareholders or any of their respective connected persons.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report are:

Executive Directors:

Mr. GAO Dinan (Chairman) (former Chief Executive Officer and ceased to be the Chief Executive Officer on 16 December 2022)

Ms. ZHOU Yan (resigned on 28 April 2022)

Mr. NIE Xin

Ms. JIANG Yu (Chief Executive Officer) (appointed as executive Director on 20 July 2022 and appointed as Chief Executive Officer on 16 December 2022)

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. ZHENG Wei

Mr. SONG Chunyu (resigned on 28 April 2022)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. CHEN Baoguo

Mr. JIN Yongsheng

Ms. ZHAO Xuemei (resigned on 20 July 2022)

Mr. YU Limin (appointed on 20 July 2022)

In accordance with Article 84(1) of the Articles of Association, Mr. ZHENG Wei, Mr. CHEN Baoguo and Mr. JIN Yongsheng shall retire by rotation, and being eligible, have offered themselves for reelection at the AGM.

可供分派儲備

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派儲備約為人民幣1,016.5百萬元(截至二零二一年十二月三十一日:人民幣1,029.1百萬元)。

銀行貸款及其他借款

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日的銀行貸款及其他借款詳情載於財務報表附註 28。

貸款及擔保

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團並無直接或間接向本公司董事、高級管 理層、控股股東或其各自的關連人士提供任 何貸款或作出任何貸款擔保。

董事

於報告期及直至本年報日期的董事:

執行董事:

高弟男先生(主席)(前首席執行官並於二零二二年十二月十六日不再擔任首席執行官) 周豔女士(於二零二二年四月二十八日辭任) 聶鑫先生

蔣宇女士(首席執行官)(於二零二二年七月 二十日獲委任為執行董事並於二零二二年 十二月十六日獲委任為首席執行官)

非執行董事:

鄭煒先生

宋春雨先生(於二零二二年四月二十八日辭任)

獨立非執行董事:

陳寶國先生

金永生先生

趙學梅女士(於二零二二年七月二十日辭任) 余利民先生(於二零二二年七月二十日獲委任)

根據組織章程細則第84(1)條,鄭煒先生、陳 寶國先生及金永生先生將輪席告退,惟符合 資格願意於股東週年大會上膺選連任。







In accordance with Article 83(3) of the Articles of Association, Ms. JIANG Yu and Mr. YU Limin shall retire, and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election at the AGM.

Details of the Directors to be re-elected at the AGM are set out in the circular to the Shareholders to be dispatched before the AGM.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Company are set out on pages 29 to 35 of this annual report.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules from each of the independent non-executive Directors, and the Company considers such Directors to be independent during the Reporting Period.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND LETTERS OF APPOINTMENT

Each of our executive Directors, being Mr. GAO Dinan, Mr. NIE Xin and Ms. JIANG Yu, has entered into a service contract with the Company on 3 November 2021, 27 August 2020 and 20 July 2022, respectively, for an initial term of three years commencing from 3 November 2021, 27 August 2020 and 20 July 2022, respectively.

The non-executive Director, Mr. ZHENG Wei, has entered into an appointment letter with the Company on 3 November 2021. The initial term for his appointment letter shall commence from 3 November 2021 and shall continue for three years, until terminated in accordance with the respective terms and conditions of the appointment letter or by either party giving to the other not less than three months' prior notice in writing.

根據組織章程細則第83(3)條,蔣宇女士及余 利民先生將輪席告退,惟符合資格願意於股 東週年大會上膺選連任。

有關將於股東週年大會上膺選連任董事的詳情載於股東週年大會前發出的致股東通函內。

董事及高級管理層

本公司董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本 年報第29至35頁。

獨立非執行董事的獨立性確認

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事就其獨立性 根據上市規則第3.13條發出的年度確認,並 認為有關董事於報告期均為獨立。

董事服務合約及委任書

各執行董事(即高弟男先生、聶鑫先生及蔣宇女士)已分別於二零二一年十一月三日、二零二零年八月二十七日及二零二二年七月二十日與本公司訂立服務合約,初始任期分別自二零二一年十一月三日、二零二零年八月二十七日及二零二二年七月二十日起為期三年。

非執行董事鄭煒先生已於二零二一年十一月 三日與本公司訂立委任書。委任書的初始期 限應自二零二一年十一月三日開始並持續為 期三年,直至根據委任書各自的條款及條件 或由其中一方向另一方提前發出不少於三個 月的書面通知予以終止為止。





Each of the independent non-executive Directors, being Mr. CHEN Baoguo, Mr. JIN Yongsheng and Mr. YU Limin, has entered into an appointment letter with the Company on 3 November 2021, 16 September 2021 and 20 July 2022, respectively. The initial term for their appointment letters shall be three years from 3 November 2021, 16 September 2021 and 20 July 2022, respectively, until terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the appointment letter or by either party giving to the other not less than three months' prior notice in writing.

None of the Directors has entered into a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

The change in directors' information as required to be disclosed pursuant to Rules 13.51(2) and 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules is set out below:

Mr. ZHENG Wei, our non-executive Director, has tendered his resignation as the executive director and the president of Aoyuan Healthy Life Group Company Limited, which is a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 3662), with effect from 1 September 2022 due to his other business commitments.

Appointment of Directors

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 20 July 2022, (i) Ms. JIANG Yu has been appointed as an executive Director of the Company with effect from 20 July 2022; and (ii) Mr. YU Limin has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee, all with effect from 20 July 2022.

各獨立非執行董事(即陳寶國先生、金永生 先生及余利民先生)已分別於二零二一年十一 月三日、二零二一年九月十六日及二零二二 年七月二十日與本公司訂立委任書。彼等委 任書的初始期限應分別自二零二一年十一月 三日、二零二一年九月十六日及二零二二年 七月二十日起為期三年,直至根據委任書的 條款及條件或由其中一方向另一方提前發出 不少於三個月的書面通知予以終止為止。

董事概無訂立任何不可由本集團於一年內終 止而毋須支付補償(法定補償除外)的服務合 約。

董事資料變更

根據上市規則第13.51(2)及第13.51B(1)條須 予以披露的董事資料變動載列如下:

我們的非執行董事鄭煒先生因彼其他業務 安排已辭任奧園健康生活集團有限公司(一 家於聯交所主板上市的公司,股份代號: 3662)執行董事及總裁之職務,自二零二二 年九月一日起生效。

董事委任

誠如本公司日期為二零二二年七月二十日的公告所披露,(i)蔣宇女士已獲委任為本公司執行董事,自二零二二年七月二十日起生效;及(ii)余利民先生已獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事、審核委員會成員及提名委員會成員,自二零二二年七月二十日起全部生效。







Change of Chief Executive Officer

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 16 December 2022, (i) Mr. GAO Dinan has resigned as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, with effect from 16 December 2022, in order to focus on the performance of his responsibilities as the chairman of the Board, executive Director and the chairman of the Nomination Committee; and (ii) Ms. JIANG Yu has been appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company in replacement of Mr. GAO Dinan with effect from 16 December 2022.

Resignation of Directors

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 28 April 2022, (i) Ms. ZHOU Yan tendered her resignation as an executive Director of the Company with effect from 28 April 2022, due to change of job assignments within the Group; and (ii) Mr. SONG Chunyu tendered his resignation as a non-executive Director of the Company with effect from 28 April 2022 in order to be more focused on his other job engagements.

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 20 July 2022, Ms. ZHAO Xuemei tendered her resignation as an independent non-executive director of the Company, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee, all with effect from 20 July 2022, in order to devote more time to her personal endeavours.

Save as disclosed above, there are no change of particulars of the Directors or chief executives of the Company as required under the Listing Rules.

首席執行官變更

誠如本公司日期為二零二二年十二月十六日的公告所披露,(i)高弟男先生已辭任本公司首席執行官職務,以便專注於履行董事會主席、執行董事及提名委員會主席之職責,自二零二二年十二月十六日起生效;及(ii)蔣宇女士已獲委任為本公司首席執行官以接替高弟男先生,自二零二二年十二月十六日起生效。

董事辭任

誠如本公司日期為二零二二年四月二十八日的公告所披露,(i)周豔女士由於本集團內部工作安排變動已辭任本公司執行董事之職務,自二零二二年四月二十八日起生效;及(ii)宋春雨先生已辭任本公司非執行董事之職務,以便更專注於彼其他工作事務,自二零二二年四月二十八日起生效。

誠如本公司日期為二零二二年七月二十日的公告所披露,趙學梅女士已辭任本公司獨立 非執行董事、審核委員會成員及提名委員會 成員之職務,以便投放更多時間在其私人事 務上,自二零二二年七月二十日起全部生效。

除上文所披露者外,董事或本公司主要行政人員根據上市規則規定所需的資料概無變動。





DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

None of the Directors had any material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the Reporting Period.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Reporting Period.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as otherwise disclosed in this annual report, at no time during the Reporting Period was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement that would enable the directors to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, and none of the Directors or any of their spouses or children under the age of 18 were granted any right to subscribe for the equity or debt securities of the Company or any other body corporate or had exercised any such right.

CONTRACTS WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Related Party Transactions" in Note 38 to the financial statements contained in this annual report, no contract of significance was entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and any Controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during the year ended December 31, 2022 or subsisted at the end of the year and no contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by a Controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries was entered into during the year ended December 31, 2022 or subsisted at the end of the year.

董事於重大交易、安排或合約的 權益

概無董事於本公司或其任何附屬公司或同系 附屬公司於報告期為訂約方,且對本集團業 務屬重大的任何交易、安排或合約中直接或 間接擁有任何重大權益。

管理合約

概無就本公司全部或任何主要部份業務的管理及行政訂立合約或該等合約於報告期存在。

董事收購股份或債權證的權利

除本年報另行披露者外,於報告期本公司或任何其附屬公司概無參與任何安排,使董事得以透過收購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債權證而獲益,且概無董事或其任何配偶或未滿18歲子女獲授可認購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股本或債務證券的權利或已行使任何該等權利。

控股股東合約

除本年報所載財務報表附註38「關聯方交易」 一節所披露者外,於截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度或年底,本公司或其任何附 屬公司概無與控股股東或其任何附屬公司訂 立重大合約,於截至二零二二年十二月三十 一日止年度或年底,本公司亦無訂立有關由 控股股東或其任何附屬公司向本公司或其任 何附屬公司提供服務的重大合約。







EMOLUMENT POLICY

A Remuneration Committee was set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance of the Directors and senior management and comparable market practices.

Details of the emoluments of the Directors, and five highest paid individuals during the Reporting Period are set out in Notes 11 and 12 to the financial statements, respectively.

RETIREMENT AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS SCHEME

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong under the rules and regulations of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the participating employees' relevant income from the Group. When an employee leaves the MPF Scheme, the mandatory contributions are fully vested with the employee. The employees of the PRC subsidiaries are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. The employees of the PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to this retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme. Details of the retirement and employee benefits scheme of the Group are disclosed in the section headed "Employee benefits" set out in Note 4 to the financial statements in this annual report.

薪酬政策

本公司已成立薪酬委員會,以檢討本集團薪 酬政策以及本集團董事及高級管理層全部薪 酬的結構,並計及本集團經營業績、董事及 高級管理層個人表現及可資比較市場慣例。

有關董事及於報告期五名最高薪酬人士的薪酬詳情分別載於財務報表附註11及12。

退休及僱員福利計劃



DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITION IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As of December 31, 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executives of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which have been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules were as follows:

Interests of Directors and Chief Executives in the Company or Associated Corporation of the Company

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部已通知本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文其被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉),或已記入根據證券及期貨條例第352條須予存置的登記冊的權益及淡倉,或根據上市規則附錄10所載標準守則已另行通知本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

董事及最高行政人員於本公司或本公司 相聯法團的權益

Approximate

	Name of	Capacity/ Nature of	Number of	Long/short	Percentage of Shareholding in the Company ⁽¹⁾
Name	Corporation	Interest	Shares	position	(%) 佔本公司股權
姓名	公司名稱	身份/權益性質	股份數目	好倉/淡倉	概約百分比⑴(%)
Mr. GAO Dinan ⁽²⁾	The Company	Interest in controlled corporations; interest held jointly	475,940,800	Long position	31.19
高弟男先生 ^⑵	本公司	受控法團權益; 共同持有權益	475,940,800	好倉	31.19
Mr. ZHENG Wei ⁽³⁾	The Company	Interest in controlled corporation; interest held jointly	475,940,800	Long position	31.19
鄭煒先生 ^③	本公司	受控法團權益; 共同持有權益	475,940,800	好倉	31.19
Mr. NIE Xin ⁽⁴⁾	The Company	Beneficial owner	1,587,000	Long position	0.11
聶鑫先生 ^⑷	本公司	實益擁有人	1,587,000	好倉	0.11
Ms. JIANG Yu ^⑸ 蔣宇女士 ^⑸	The Company 本公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,790,000 2,790,000	Long position 好倉	0.18 0.18

董事會報告





Notes:

- (1) The calculation is based on the total number of 1,525,743,350 Shares in issue as of December 31, 2022.
- (2) Mr. GAO Dinan is deemed to be interested in the entire Shares as of December 31, 2022 (i) held by Wanka Media Limited, a company wholly owned by him and is interested in 277,076,300 Shares; and (ii) held by Mr. Zheng and his wholly-owned company, Countryside Tech Inc., which is interested in 198,864,500 Shares as they are parties acting in concert.
- (3) Mr. ZHENG Wei is deemed to be interested in the entire Shares as of December 31, 2022 (i) held by Countryside Tech Inc., a company wholly owned by him and is interested in 198,864,500 Shares; and (ii) held by Mr. Gao and his wholly-owned company, Wanka Media Limited, which is interested in 277,076,300 Shares as they are parties acting in concert.
- (4) Mr. NIE Xin is interested in RSUs granted to him under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme entitling him to receive 1,587,000 Shares.
- (5) Ms. JIANG Yu is interested in (i) 397,000 Shares and (ii) RSUs granted to her under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme entitling her to receive 2,393,000 Shares.

Save as disclosed above, as of December 31, 2022, none of the Directors or the chief executives of the Company had or was deemed to have any interest or short position in the Shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO), or required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

- (1) 該計算乃基於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日已發行股份總數1,525,743,350股股份。
- (2) 高弟男先生被視為於截至二零二二年十二 月三十一日(i) Wanka Media Limited(其全 資擁有的公司·並於277,076,300股股份中 擁有權益):及(ii)鄭先生及其全資擁有公司 Countryside Tech Inc.(於198,864,500股股 份中擁有權益)所持全部股份中擁有權益· 因為彼等乃一致行動人士。
- (3) 鄭煒先生被視為於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日(i) Countryside Tech Inc. (其全資擁有的公司,並於198,864,500股股份中擁有權益):及(ii)高先生及其全資擁有公司Wanka Media Limited(於277,076,300股股份中擁有權益)所持全部股份中擁有權益,因為彼等乃一致行動人士。
- (4) 聶鑫先生於根據二零一六年股份激勵計劃獲 授的受限制股份單位中擁有權益,賦予其權 利收取1,587,000股股份。
- (5) 蔣宇女士於(i) 397,000股股份及(ii)根據二零 一九年股份激勵計劃獲授的受限制股份單位 (賦予其權利收取2,393,000股股份)中擁有 權益。

除上文披露者外,截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司董事或最高行政人員概無於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部通知本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文其被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記入該條所指的登記冊的權益或淡倉,或根據標準守則須另行通知本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。



SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As of December 31, 2022, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東於股份及相關股份的權 益及淡倉

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,就董事所知,下列人士(並非董事或本公司最高行政人員)根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定本公司存置的登記冊所記錄於股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須向本公司披露的權益或淡倉:

				Approximate Percentage of Shareholding in
	Capacity/Nature	Number	Long/short	the Company(1)
Name	of Interest	of Shares	position	(%) 佔本公司股權
姓名/名稱	身份/權益性質	股份數目	好倉/淡倉	概約百分比⑴ (%)
Wanka Media Limited ⁽²⁾	Beneficial Interest; interest held jointly with another person	475,940,800	Long position	31.19
Wanka Media Limited ⁽²⁾	實益權益;與另一人士共同 持有的權益	475,940,800	好倉	31.19
Mr. GAO Dinan ⁽²⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation; interest held jointly	475,940,800	Long position	31.19
高弟男先生 ^⑵	受控法團權益;共同持有權益	475,940,800	好倉	31.19
Ms. LU Haiyan(2)	Interest of spouse	475,940,800	Long position	31.19
陸海燕女士 ⁽²⁾	配偶權益	475,940,800	好倉	31.19
Countryside Tech Inc.(3)	Beneficial Interest; interest held jointly with another person	475,940,800	Long position	31.19
Countryside Tech Inc.(3)	實益權益;與另一人士共同 持有的權益	475,940,800	好倉	31.19
Mr. ZHENG Wei ⁽³⁾	Interest in a controlled corporation; interest held jointly	475,940,800	Long position	31.19
鄭煒先生 ^③	受控法團權益;共同持有權益	475,940,800	好倉	31.19
Ms. FENG Chun ⁽³⁾	Interest of spouse	475,940,800	Long position	31.19
馮春女士 ^⑶	配偶權益	475,940,800	好倉	31.19





				Approximate Percentage of Shareholding in
	Capacity/Nature	Number	Long/short	the Company ⁽¹⁾
Name	of Interest	of Shares	position	(%) 佔本公司股權
姓名/名稱	身份/權益性質	股份數目	好倉/淡倉	概約百分比(1) (%)
Korea Investment Partners Co., Ltd. (4)	Interest in controlled corporations	104,291,430	Long position	6.84
Korea Investment Partners Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾	受控法團權益	104,291,430	好倉	6.84
Korea Investment Holdings Co., Ltd. (4)	Interest in controlled corporations	104,291,430	Long position	6.84
Korea Investment Holdings Co., Ltd. ⁽⁴⁾	受控法團權益	104,291,430	好倉	6.84

Notes:

- 附註:
- The calculation is based on the total number of 1,525,743,350 Shares in issue as of December 31, 2022.
- (2) Mr. GAO Dinan is deemed to be interested in the entire interests as of December 31, 2022 held by (i) Wanka Media Limited, a company wholly owned by him; and (ii) Mr. ZHENG Wei and his wholly-owned company, being Countryside Tech Inc., as they are parties acting in concert. Ms. LU Haiyan, spouse of Mr. GAO Dinan is deemed to be interested in Mr. GAO Dinan's entire interest.
- (3) Mr. ZHENG Wei is deemed to be interested in the entire interests as of December 31, 2022 (i) Countryside Tech Inc., a company wholly owned by him; and (ii) Mr. GAO Dinan and his wholly-owned company, being Wanka Media Limited, as they are parties acting in concert. Ms. FENG Chun, spouse of Mr. ZHENG Wei, is deemed to be interested in Mr. ZHENG Wei's entire interest.
- (4) The general partnership of both KIP Overseas and KIP Bright is Korea Investment Partners Co., Ltd., which is controlled by Korea Investment Holdings Co., Ltd. Therefore, Korea Investment Partners Co., Ltd. and Korea Investment Holdings Co., Ltd. is deemed to be interested in the entire interests as of December 31, 2022 held by KIP Overseas and KIP Bright, namely 98,231,500 and 6,059,930 Shares.

- (1) 該計算乃基於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日已發行股份總數1,525,743,350股股份。
- (2) 高弟男先生被視為於截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日(i)其全資擁有的公司Wanka Media Limited:及(ii)鄭煒先生及其全資擁有的公司 Countryside Tech Inc.(因彼等為一致行動人 士)所持全部權益中擁有權益。高弟男先生 的配偶陸海燕女士被視為於高弟男先生的全 部權益中擁有權益。
- (3) 鄭煒先生被視為於截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日(i)其全資擁有的公司Countryside Tech Inc.:及(ii)高弟男先生及其全資擁有的 公司Wanka Media Limited(因彼等為一致行 動人士)的全部權益中權益。鄭煒先生的配 偶馮春女士被視為於鄭煒先生的全部權益中 擁有權益。
- (4) KIP Overseas及景誠的普通合夥為由Korea Investment Holdings Co., Ltd. 控制的Korea Investment Partners Co., Ltd.。因此,Korea Investment Partners Co., Ltd. 及Korea Investment Holdings Co., Ltd. 被視為於截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日於KIP Overseas 及景誠持有的全部權益(即98,231,500股及 6,059,930股股份)中擁有權益。





Save as disclosed above, as of December 31, 2022, the Directors were not aware of any persons (who were not Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which would be required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein.

SHARE INCENTIVE SCHEMES

The Company has adopted the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme, the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme.

The value of the number of Shares that may be issued in respect of options and awards granted under all schemes of the Company during the Reporting Period divided by the weighted average number of Shares of the relevant class in issue for the Reporting Period was 2.70%.

2016 Share Incentive Scheme

The Company adopted its 2016 Share Incentive Scheme as approved by the Board resolution passed on January 6, 2016 and amended by the Board resolution passed on May 24, 2018. Certain principal terms and details of the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme are summarised as follows:

The purpose of the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme is to incentivise Directors, senior management and employees for their contribution to the Group, to attract, motivate and retain skilled and experienced personnel to strive for the future development and expansion of the Group by providing them with the opportunity to own equity interests in the Company.

Persons eligible to receive RSUs under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme are existing employees, directors (whether executive or non-executive, but excluding independent non-executive directors) or officers of the Company or any member of the Group (the "RSU Eligible Persons"). Our Board selects the RSU Eligible Persons to receive RSUs under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme at its discretion.

除上文所披露者外,截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,董事並不知悉任何人士(並非董事或本公司最高行政人員)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部須披露的權益或淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須記入該條所指的登記冊的權益或淡倉。

股份獎勵計劃

本公司已採納二零一六年股份獎勵計劃、首次公開發售後購股權計劃及二零一九年股份 激勵計劃。

報告期內根據本公司所有計劃授出的購股權 及獎勵而可發行的股份數目除以報告期內已 發行相關類別股份的加權平均數目的數值為 2.70%。

二零一六年股份激勵計劃

本公司採納於二零一六年一月六日通過的董事會決議批准的二零一六年股份激勵計劃,並經董事會於二零一八年五月二十四日通過 決議案修訂。二零一六年股份激勵計劃的若 干主要條款及詳情概述如下:

二零一六年股份激勵計劃的目的為透過向董事、高級管理層及僱員提供擁有本公司股權的機會,獎勵彼等為本集團作出的貢獻,吸引、激勵及挽留技術熟練與經驗豐富的人員 為本集團的未來發展及擴張而努力。

本公司或本集團任何成員公司現有僱員、董事(不論執行或非執行董事,但不包括獨立非執行董事)或高級職員均為合資格根據二零一六年股份激勵計劃獲授受限制股份單位的人士(「受限制股份單位合資格人士」)。董事會酌情甄選可根據二零一六年股份激勵計劃獲授受限制股份單位的受限制股份單位合資格人士。



A RSU gives a participant in the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme (the "RSU Participant") a conditional right when the RSU vests to obtain Shares, less any tax, stamp duty and other charges applicable, as determined by our Board in its absolute discretion. Each RSU represents one underlying Share. A RSU may include, if so specified by our Board in its entire discretion, cash and non-cash

RSU represents one underlying Share. A RSU may include, if so specified by our Board in its entire discretion, cash and non-cash income, dividends or distributions and/or the sale proceeds of non-cash and non-scrip distributions in respect of those Shares. A RSU Participant does not have any contingent interest in any Shares underlying the RSUs unless and until such Shares are actually transferred to the RSU Participant. Further, a RSU Participant may not exercise voting rights in respect of the Shares underlying the RSUs prior to their exercise and, unless otherwise specified by our Board in its entire discretion in the RSU grant letter to the RSU Participant, nor do they have any rights to any cash or non-cash income, dividends or distributions and/or the sale proceeds of non-cash and non-scrip distributions from any Shares underlying the

The 2016 Share Incentive Scheme will be valid and effective for a period of ten (10) years, commencing from the adoption date of the scheme, being March 31, 2016 (unless it is terminated earlier in accordance with its terms). The remaining life of the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme is approximately three years.

The Company has appointed The Core Trust Company Limited (the "RSU Trustee") as the trustee to assist in the administration and vesting of the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme. The Company may (i) allot and issue Shares to the RSU Trustee to be held by the RSU Trustee and which will be used to satisfy the Shares underlying the RSUs upon exercise and/or (ii) direct and procure the RSU Trustee to receive existing Shares from any Shareholder or purchase existing Shares (either on-market or off-market) to satisfy the Shares underlying the RSUs upon exercise. The Company shall procure that sufficient funds are provided to the RSU Trustee by whatever means as our Board may in its absolute discretion determine to enable the RSU Trustee to satisfy its obligations in connection with the administration of the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme. All the Shares underlying the RSUs granted under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme shall be transferred, allotted or issued to the RSU Trustee.

受限制股份單位賦予二零一六年股份激勵計 劃的參與者(「受限制股份單位參與者」)有條 件權利,可於受限制股份單位歸屬時獲配發 股份,扣減任何税款、印花税及其他適用費 用(由董事會全權酌情決定)。一個受限制股 份單位相當於一股相關股份。受限制股份單 位(由董事會全權酌情決定)可包括該等股份 相關的現金及非現金收入、股息或分派及/ 或出售非現金及非實物分派所得款項。受限 制股份單位參與者並無任何受限制股份單位 的相關股份的附帶權益,除非及直至該等股 份實際轉讓予受限制股份單位參與者為止。 此外,受限制股份單位參與者不得於行使 前就其受限制股份單位的相關股份行使投票 權,除非董事會全權酌情決定而在致受限制 股份單位參與者的受限制股份單位授予函中 指明,亦無任何權利就受限制股份單位的任 何相關股份獲得任何現金或非現金收入、股 息或分派及/或出售非現金及非實物分派的 所得款項。

除非根據本身條款提前終止,否則二零一六年股份激勵計劃將自計劃採納日期(即二零一六年三月三十一日)起計十(10)年期間有效。二零一六年股份激勵計劃的餘下年期為約三年。

本公司已委聘匯聚信託有限公司(「受限制股 份單位受託人1)為受託人以協助管理及歸屬 二零一六年股份激勵計劃。本公司可(i)向受 限制股份單位受託人配發及發行其將持有的 股份,該等股份將於行使後用作履行受限制 股份單位相關股份及/或(ii)指示並促使受限 制股份單位受託人自任何股東接收現有股份 或購買現有股份(不論是在場內或場外)以履 行行使後的受限制股份單位相關股份。本公 司須促使以董事會全權酌情釐定的任何方式 向受限制股份單位受託人提供足夠的資金以 讓受限制股份單位受託人履行其有關二零一 六年股份激勵計劃的管理責任。根據二零一 六年股份激勵計劃獲授出的受限制股份單位 相關的所有股份均會轉讓、配發或發行予受 限制股份單位受託人。

RSUs.



Our Board can determine the vesting criteria, conditions and the time schedule when the RSUs will vest and such criteria, conditions and time schedule shall be stated in the RSU grant letter. Within a reasonable time after the vesting criteria, conditions and time schedule have been reached, fulfilled, satisfied or waived, our Board will send a vesting notice (the "Vesting Notice") to each of the relevant RSU Participants. The Vesting Notice will confirm the extent to which the vesting criteria, conditions and time schedule have been reached, fulfilled, satisfied or waived, and the number of Shares (and, if applicable, the cash or non-cash income, dividends or distributions and/or the sale proceeds of non-cash and nonscrip distributions in respect of those Shares) involved. The RSU Participant shall serve the exercise notice within three (3) months after receiving the Vesting Notice. The RSU Trustee will not hold the Shares underlying the RSUs vested for the RSU Participant after this three (3) months period.

The maximum number of RSUs that may be granted under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme in aggregate (excluding RSUs that have lapsed or been canceled in accordance with the rules of the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme) shall be such number of Shares held or to be held by the RSU Trustee for the purpose of the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme from time to time. The Company has allotted and issued to the nominee of the RSU Trustee 62,500,000 ordinary shares underlying all the grants under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme, representing 4.10% of the number of Shares in issue as at December 31, 2022 (without taking into account of any Share which may be issued pursuant to the exercise of any RSU that may be granted under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme and the exercise of any option that may be granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme). The 2016 Share Incentive Scheme only involves existing Shares, and no further grants is permitted thereunder in light of its scheme limit, and all the RSUs granted thereunder have been vested. No Shares is available for issue under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme as at the date of this annual report.

董事會可決定受限制股份單位的歸屬標準、 條件及時間表,而該標準、條件及時間表須 載於受限制股份單位授予函。在歸屬標準、 條件及時間表已獲達成、履行、達致或獲豁 免後的一段合理時間內,董事會將向各有關 受限制股份單位參與者發出歸屬通知(「歸屬 通知」)。歸屬通知將確認達成、履行、達致 或獲豁免的歸屬標準、條件及時間表的程度 以及所涉及股份數目(及(倘適用)該等股份 相關的現金或非現金收入、股息或分派及/ 或出售非現金及非實物分派的所得款項)。 受限制股份單位參與者須於接獲歸屬通知後 三(3)個月內送達行使通知。於此(3)個月期間 後,受限制股份單位受託人將不再持有已就 受限制股份單位參與者歸屬的受限制股份單 位相關股份。

可根據二零一六年股份激勵計劃予以授出的 受限制股份單位數目上限總數(不包括根據 二零一六年股份激勵計劃規則已失效或註銷 的受限制股份單位)須為受限制股份單位受託 人就二零一六年股份激勵計劃不時持有或將 持有的股份數目。本公司已根據二零一六年 股份激勵計劃向受限制股份單位受託人代名 人配發及發行所有授予相關的62,500,000股 普通股,相當於截至二零二二年十二月三十 一日已發行股份數目的4.10%(並無計及根據 二零一九年股份激勵計劃而可能授出的任何 受限制股份單位獲行使而可能發行的任何股 份及根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃而可能 授出的任何購股權獲行使而可能發行的任何 股份)。二零一六年股份激勵計劃僅涉及現有 股份,且鑒於其計劃限額,故不得進一步授 出,而據其授出的所有受限制股份單位已歸 屬。於本年報日期,概無股份根據二零一六 年股份激勵計劃可供發行。







As of December 31, 2021, we had granted RSUs representing 62,500,000 Shares to 76 grantees under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme, including the following senior management and other current or former key employees of the Company. During the year ended December 31, 2022, no RSUs were granted or agreed to be granted under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme. Details of the RSUs granted pursuant to the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme are as set out below:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,我們根據 二零一六年股份激勵計劃向76名承授人授出 代表62,500,000股股份的受限制股份單位, 包括本公司的下列高級管理人員及其他現任 或卸任主要僱員。截至二零二二年十二月三 十一日止年度,概無根據二零一六年股份激 勵計劃授出或同意授出受限制股份單位。根 據二零一六年股份激勵計劃授出的受限制股 份單位詳情載列如下:

Category/Name of grantee 承授人類別/ 姓名	Date of Grant 授出日期	Number of Shares underlying the RSUs as at January 1, 2022 截至二零二二年 一月一日 的受限制股份 單位相關 股份數目	Number of Shares underlying the exercised RSUs during the Reporting Period 報告期內 已行使 受限制股份單位相關的 股份數目	Number of Shares underlying the cancelled RSUs during the Reporting Period 報告期內已註銷的受限制股份單位相關股份數目	Number of Shares underlying the lapsed RSUs during the Reporting Period 報告期內已失效的受限制股份單位相關股份數目	Number of Shares underlying the RSUs as at December 31, 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日的受限制股份單位相關股份數目	Vesting Period 歸屬期	Exercise Price (US\$) 行使價 (美元)	Weighted Average Closing Price of the Shares before Exercise 行使前 股份的 加權平價
Directors/Senior 董事/高級管理層	•								
Ms. ZHOU Yan 周豔女士	30 June 2017 二零一七年 六月三十日	5,000,000 Shares 5,000,000股股份	5,000,000 Shares 5,000,000 股股份	-	-	-	21 December 2018 二零一八年 十二月二十一日	0.0000002 0.0000002	HK\$0.42 0.42港元
Mr. GENG Xuefeng	22 June 2018	325,958 Shares	325,958 Shares	-	-	-	2019-2022	0.0000002	HK\$0.39
耿學鋒先生	二零一八年 六月二十二日	325,958股股份	325,958股股份	-	-	-	二零一九年至 二零二二年	0.0000002	0.39港元
Mr. NIE Xin 聶鑫先生	22 March 2019 二零一九年 三月二十二日	1,587,000 Shares 1,587,000股股份	-	-	-	1,587,000 Shares 1,587,000股股份	22 March 2020 二零二零年 三月二十二日	0.0000002 0.0000002	N/A 不適用
Other grantees 其他承受人									
52 employees	31 March 2016 to 16 September 2021	17,611,275 Shares	500,000 Shares	-	-	17,111,275 Shares	2018 to 2023	0.0000002	HK\$0.33
52名僱員	二零一六年 三月三十一日至 二零二一年	17,611,275股股份	500,000股股份	-	-	17,111,275股股份	二零一八年至 二零二三年	0.0000002	0.33港元

九月十六日





Movements in the number of RSUs outstanding are as follows:

尚未行使的受限制股份單位數目變動如下:

Number of RSUs 受限制股份單位數目

> 24,524,233 24,524,233

18,698,275

18,698,275

Outstanding balance as of January 1, 2022
截至二零二二年一月一日的尚未行使結餘

Granted 已授出

Forfeited

已沒收

Exercised 已行使

Outstanding balance as of December 31, 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日的尚未行使結餘

Post-IPO Share Option Scheme

On November 3, 2018, the Company adopted the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme, which falls within the ambit of, and is subject to, the regulations under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

The purpose of the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme is to attract, retain and motivate employees, Directors and other participants, and to provide a means of compensating them through the grant of options for their contribution to the growth and profits of the Group, and to allow such employees, Directors and other persons to participate in the growth and profitability of the Group.

The Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme and other share option schemes of our Company (and to which the provisions of the Listing Rules are applicable) shall not exceed 127,321,635 Shares (i.e. 10% of the aggregate of the Shares in issue on the Listing Date ("Scheme Mandate Limit"). Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme shall not be counted for the purpose of calculating this Scheme Mandate Limit.

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of the options granted to or to be granted to each eligible person under the Share Option Scheme (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue.

(5,825,958) (5,825,958)

首次公開發售後購股權計劃

於二零一八年十一月三日,本公司採納首次 公開發售後購股權計劃,該計劃屬於上市規 則第17章的規定範圍並受其規管。

首次公開發售後購股權計劃旨在吸引、挽留 及激勵僱員、董事及其他參與者,並透過授 出購股權酬謝彼等對本集團增長及溢利所作 出的貢獻,並允許該等僱員、董事及其他人 士分享本集團的增長及盈利。

因根據本公司首次公開發售後購股權計劃及 其他購股權計劃(及上市規則條文適用者) 將予授出的所有購股權獲行使而可能發行的 股份不得超過127,321,635股股份(即上市 日期已發行股份總數的10%)(「計劃授權上 限」)。在計算該計劃授權上限時,根據購股 權計劃條款失效的購股權不會計算在內。

於任何十二個月期間,根據購股權計劃授予或即將授予各合資格人士的購股權(包括已獲行使、已註銷及未獲行使的購股權)獲行使而發行及將予發行的股份總數不得超過已發行股份的1%。







The term of the Share Option Scheme is 10 years from November 3, 2018 and the options granted have a 10-year exercise period. Options may be vested over such period(s) as determined by the Board in its absolute discretion subject to compliance with the requirements under any applicable laws, regulations or rules.

The exercise price of the option shall be such price as determined by the Board in its absolute discretion at the time of the grant of the relevant option (and shall be stated in the letter containing the offer of the grant of the option), but in any case the subscription price shall not be less than the higher of (a) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day, (b) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets of the Stock Exchange for the five (5) business days immediately preceding the date of grant, and (c) the nominal value of a Share.

Given that the Company has not granted any options under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme since its adoption nor does it intend to utilize such scheme in the future, the Company has proposed to terminate the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme according to the terms therein, pursuant to which, such scheme may be terminated by resolutions of either of the Board or the Shareholders in general meeting.

2019 Share Incentive Scheme

The Company adopted its 2019 Share Incentive Scheme as approved by the Board resolution passed on August 29, 2019. In light of the amendments to Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules, the Company has proposed to amend the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme to bring the terms of the scheme in alignment with the new requirements under the Listing Rules. A resolution to amend the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme will be proposed at the general meeting of the Company in due course.

Certain principal terms and details of the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme are summarised as follows:

The purpose of the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme is to incentivise Directors, senior management and employees for their contribution to the Group, to attract, motivate and retain skilled and experienced personnel to strive for the future development and expansion of the Group by providing them with the opportunity to own equity interests in the Company.

購股權計劃的期限為自二零一八年十一月三日起十年,而已授出的購股權期限為十年。 購股權可於董事會全權酌情釐定的期間歸屬,惟須遵守任何適用法律、規例或法規的規定。

購股權行使價須為由董事會於授出有關購股權當時全權酌情釐定的有關價格(且應列入載有授出購股權要約的函件內),惟認購價無論如何不得低於以下各項的最高者:(a)股份於授出日期在聯交所每日報價表所列的收市價,而該日須為營業日,(b)緊接授出日期前五(5)個營業日,股份於聯交所每日報價表所列的平均收市價,及(c)股份面值。

鑒於本公司自採納首次公開發售後購股權計劃以來並無據其授出任何購股權,且其無意於日後使用該計劃,本公司建議根據首次公開發售後購股權計劃的條款終止該計劃,據此,該計劃可能通過董事會或股東於股東大會上的決議案予以終止。

二零一九年股份激勵計劃

本公司採納於二零一九年八月二十九日通過的董事會決議案批准的二零一九年股份激勵計劃。鑒於對上市規則第17章的修訂,本公司建議修訂二零一九年股份激勵計劃,使該計劃的條款符合上市規則的新要求。有關修訂二零一九年股份激勵計劃的決議案將於適當時候在本公司股東大會上提呈。

二零一九年股份激勵計劃的若干主要條款及 詳情概述如下:

二零一九年股份激勵計劃的目的為透過向董事、高級管理層及僱員提供擁有本公司股權的機會,獎勵彼等為本集團作出的貢獻,吸引、激勵及挽留技術熟練與經驗豐富的人員為本集團的未來發展及擴張而努力。



Persons eligible to receive RSUs under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme include existing employees, Directors (whether executive or non-executive, but excluding independent non-executive directors) or officers of the Company or any member of the Group (the "2019 RSU Eligible Persons"). Our Board selects the 2019 RSU Eligible Persons to receive RSUs under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme at its discretion.

A RSU gives a participant in the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme (the "2019 RSU Participant") a conditional right when the RSU vests to obtain Shares, less any tax, stamp duty and other charges applicable, as determined by our Board in its absolute discretion. Each RSU represents one underlying Share. A RSU may include, if so specified by our Board in its entire discretion, cash and noncash income, dividends or distributions and/or the sale proceeds of non-cash and non-scrip distributions in respect of those Shares. A 2019 RSU Participant does not have any contingent interest in any Shares underlying the RSUs unless and until such Shares are actually transferred to the 2019 RSU Participant. Further, a 2019 RSU Participant may not exercise voting rights in respect of the Shares underlying the RSUs prior to their exercise and, unless otherwise specified by our Board in its entire discretion in the RSU grant letter to the 2019 RSU Participant, nor do they have any rights to any cash or non-cash income, dividends or distributions and/or the sale proceeds of non-cash and non-scrip distributions from any Shares underlying the RSUs.

The 2019 Share Incentive Scheme will be valid and effective for a period of ten (10) years, commencing from the adoption date of the scheme, being August 29, 2019 (unless it is terminated earlier in accordance with its terms). The remaining life of the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme is approximately six years.

本公司或本集團任何成員公司現有僱員、董事(不論執行或非執行董事,但不包括獨立非執行董事)或高級職員均為合資格根據二零一九年股份激勵計劃獲授受限制股份單位合資格人士(「二零一九年受限制股份單位合資格人士」)。董事會酌情甄選可根據二零一九年股份激勵計劃獲授受限制股份單位的二零一九年受限制股份單位合資格人士。

受限制股份單位賦予二零一九年股份激勵計 劃的參與者(「二零一九年受限制股份單位參 與者 1)有條件權利,可於受限制股份單位歸 屬時獲配發股份,扣減任何税款、印花税及 其他適用費用(由董事會全權酌情決定)。一 個受限制股份單位相當於一股相關股份。受 限制股份單位(由董事會全權酌情決定)可包 括該等股份相關的現金及非現金收入、股息 或分派及/或出售非現金及非實物分派所得 款項。二零一九年受限制股份單位參與者並 無任何受限制股份單位的相關股份的附帶權 益,除非及直至該等股份實際轉讓予二零一 九年受限制股份單位參與者為止。此外,二 零一九年受限制股份單位參與者不得於行使 前就其受限制股份單位的相關股份行使投票 權,除非董事會全權酌情決定而在致二零一 九年受限制股份單位參與者的受限制股份單 位授予函中指明,亦無任何權利就受限制股 份單位的任何相關股份獲得任何現金或非現 金收入、股息或分派及/或出售非現金及非 實物分派的所得款項。

除非根據本身條款提前終止,否則二零一九年股份激勵計劃將自計劃採納日期(即二零一九年八月二十九日)起計十(10)年期間有效。二零一九年股份激勵計劃的餘下年期為約六年。



The Company has appointed The Core Trust Company Limited (the "2019 RSU Trustee") as the trustee to assist in the administration and vesting of the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme. The Company may (i) allot and issue new Shares to the 2019 RSU Trustee which will hold such Shares to satisfy the Shares underlying the RSUs upon exercise and/or (ii) direct and procure the 2019 RSU Trustee to receive existing Shares from any Shareholder or purchase existing Shares (either on-market or off-market) to satisfy the Shares underlying the RSUs upon exercise. The Company shall procure that sufficient funds are provided to the 2019 RSU Trustee by whatever means as our Board may in its absolute discretion determine to enable the 2019 RSU Trustee to satisfy its obligations in connection with the administration of the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme. All the Shares underlying the RSUs granted and to be granted under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme will be transferred, allotted or issued to the 2019 RSU Trustee.

Our Board can determine the vesting criteria, conditions and the time schedule when the RSUs will vest and such criteria, conditions and time schedule shall be stated in the RSU grant letter. Within a reasonable time after the vesting criteria, conditions and time schedule have been reached, fulfilled, satisfied or waived, our Board will send a vesting notice (the "2019 Vesting Notice") to each of the relevant 2019 RSU Participants. The 2019 Vesting Notice will confirm the extent to which the vesting criteria, conditions and time schedule have been reached, fulfilled, satisfied or waived, and the number of Shares (and, if applicable, the cash or non-cash income, dividends or distributions and/or the sale proceeds of non-cash and non-scrip distributions in respect of those Shares) involved. The 2019 RSU Participant shall serve the exercise notice within three (3) months after receiving the 2019 Vesting Notice. The 2019 RSU Trustee will not hold the Shares underlying the RSUs vested for the 2019 RSU Participant after this three (3) months period.

The maximum number of RSUs that may be granted under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme in aggregate (excluding RSUs that have lapsed or been canceled in accordance with the rules of the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme) shall be such number of Shares held or to be held by the 2019 RSU Trustee for the purpose of the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme from time to time. Unless the Board otherwise decides, the total number of all Shares held by the 2019 RSU Trustee under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme must at all times be not more than 15% of the number of issued Shares from time to time. As at January 1, 2022 and December 31, 2022, there were 171,467,503 and 137,399,503 RSUs available for grant under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme, respectively.

本公司已委聘匯聚信託有限公司(「二零一 九年受限制股份單位受託人」)為受託人以協 助管理及歸屬二零一九年股份激勵計劃。本 公司可(i)向二零一九年受限制股份單位受託 人配發及發行其將持有的股份,該等股份將 於行使後用作履行受限制股份單位相關股份 及/或(ii)指示並促使二零一九年受限制股份 單位受託人自任何股東接收現有股份或購買 現有股份(不論是在場內或場外)以履行行使 後的受限制股份單位相關股份。本公司須促 使以董事會全權酌情釐定的任何方式向二零 一九年受限制股份單位受託人提供足夠的資 金以讓二零一九年受限制股份單位受託人履 行其有關二零一九年股份激勵計劃的管理責 任。根據二零一九年股份激勵計劃獲授出或 將予授出的受限制股份單位相關的所有股份 均會轉讓、配發或發行予二零一九年受限制 股份單位受託人。

董事會可決定受限制股份單位的歸屬標準、 條件及時間表,而該標準、條件及時間表須 載於受限制股份單位授予函。在歸屬標準、 條件及時間表已獲達成、履行、達致或獲豁 免後的一段合理時間內,董事會將向各有關 二零一九年受限制股份單位參與者發出歸屬 通知(「二零一九年歸屬通知」)。二零一九年 歸屬通知將確認達成、履行、達致或獲豁免 的歸屬標準、條件及時間表的程度以及所涉 及股份數目(及(倘適用)該等股份相關的現 金或非現金收入、股息或分派及/或出售非 現金及非實物分派的所得款項)。二零一九年 受限制股份單位參與者須於接獲二零一九年 歸屬通知後三(3)個月內送達行使通知。於此 (3)個月期間後,二零一九年受限制股份單位 受託人將不再持有已就二零一九年受限制股 份單位參與者歸屬的受限制股份單位相關股 份。

可根據二零一九年股份激勵計劃予以授出的受限制股份單位數目上限總數(不包括根據二零一九年股份激勵計劃規則已失效或註銷的受限制股份單位)須為二零一九年股份激勵計劃的受限制股份單位受託人就二零一九年股份激勵計劃持有的股份數目。除董單位受託人根據二零一九年股份激勵計劃持有的股份數目的15%。於二零二二年一月一日及上零二二年十月三十一日,根據7,503股及137,399,503個受限制股份單位。





As of December 31, 2022, we had granted RSUs representing 91,738,000 Shares to 40 grantees under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme, including the following senior management and other current or former key employees of the Company. Details of the RSUs granted pursuant to the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme are set out below:

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,我們根據二零一九年股份激勵計劃向40名承授人(包括本公司的下列高級管理人員及其他現任或卸任主要僱員)授出代表91,738,000股股份的受限制股份單位。根據二零一九年股份激勵計劃授出的受限制股份單位的詳情載列如下:

Category/Name of grantee 承授人的類別/ 姓名	Date of Grant 授出日期	Number of Shares underlying the RSUs as at January 1, 2022 截至二零二二年 一月一股份單位 期限份數目	Number of Shares underlying the granted RSUs during the Reporting Period 報告期內已授出股份軍權制股份單位相關股份數目	Number of Shares underlying the exercised RSUs during the Reporting Period 報告期內 已行使 受限制嚴份 單位相關的 股份數目	Number of Shares underlying the cancelled RSUs during the Reporting Period 報告期內 受限制股份單位 相關股份單位 相關股份數目	Number of Shares underlying the lapsed RSUs during the Reporting Period 報告期內已股份單位相關股份數目	Number of Shares underlying the RSUs as at December 31, 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日的受限制股份單位相關股份數目	Vesting Period 歸屬期	Exercise Price (US\$) 行使價 (美元)	Weighted Average Closing Price of the Shares before Exercise 於行使前 股份的加權 平均收市價
Directors/Senior ma 董事/高級管理人員	anagement									
Ms. JIANG Yu	24 April 2020,	2,393,000 Shares	-	-	-	-	2,393,000 Shares	2020- 2022	0.0000002	N/A
蔣宇女士	11 May 2021 二零二零年 四月二十四日 [,] 二零二一年 五月十一日	2,393,000股股份	-	-	-	-	2,393,000股股份		0.0000002	不適用
Other grantees 其他承授人										
28 employees	24 April 2020 to 28 April 2022	30,775,000 Shares	40,080,000 Shares	19,600,000 Shares	-	-	51,255,000 Shares	2020 to 2023	0.0000002	HK\$0.315
28名僱員	20 April 2022 二零二零年 四月二十四日至 二零二二年 四月二十八日	30,775,000股 股份	Shares 40,080,000股 股份	19,600,000股 股份			51,255,000股 股份	二零二零年至 二零二三年		0.315港元





Movements in the number of RSUs outstanding are as follows:

尚未行使的受限制股份單位數目變動如下:

Number of RSUs 受限制股份單位數目

Outstanding balance as of January 1, 2022	33,168,000
截至二零二二年一月一日的尚未行使結餘	33,168,000
Granted	40,080,000
已授出	40,080,000
Forfeited	_
已沒收	-
Exercised	(19,600,000)
已行使	(19,600,000)
Outstanding balance as of December 31, 2022	53,648,000
截至二零二二年十二月三十一日的尚未行使結餘	53,648,000

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the share incentive plans as described above, no equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares, or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares, were entered into by the Company during the year ended December 31, 2022 or subsisted at the end of the year of 2022.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Period.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands that would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors had engaged in or had any interest in any business which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group during the Reporting Period.

股票掛鈎協議

除上文所述股份激勵計劃外,本公司於截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度並無訂 立,亦無於二零二二年年底時存在任何股票 掛鈎協議,將會或可能致使本公司發行股份,或要求本公司訂立任何將會或可能致使 本公司發行股份的協議。

購買、出售或贖回本公司的上市 證券

於報告期內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司的任何上市證券。

優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島法例均無優先購買權的條文,規定本公司須向現有股東按比例 發售新股。

董事於競爭業務的權益

於報告期內,概無董事直接或間接從事任何 與本集團業務發生競爭或可能發生競爭的業 務或於該等業務中擁有任何權益。





The Company does not have any other disclosure obligations under Rules 13.20, 13.21 and 13.22 of the Listing Rules.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

No related party transactions disclosed in Note 38 to the financial statements constituted as a connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which should be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed below in this annual report, during the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company had no connected transactions or continuing connected transactions which fell to be disclosed in accordance with the provisions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in relation to the disclosure of connected transactions and continuing connected transactions.

Contractual Arrangements

Our Group has entered (1) the Huanju Times Contractual Arrangements with the WFOE, Huanju Times and Huanju Times Registered Shareholders, and (2) the ChiLe Contractual Arrangements with the WFOE, Shanghai ChiLe and ChiLe Registered Shareholders, to enable us to, among others, (1) receive substantially all of the economic benefits from Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe in consideration for the services provided by our Company thereto; (2) exercise effective control over the Consolidated Affiliated Entities; and (3) hold an exclusive option to purchase all or part of the equity interests in Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe when and to the extent permitted by PRC laws. Accordingly, through the Contractual Arrangements, our Consolidated Affiliated Entities' results of operations, assets and liabilities, and cash flows are consolidated into our Company's financial statements.

The following simplified diagram illustrates the flow of economic benefits from our Consolidated Affiliated Entities to our Group stipulated under the Contractual Arrangements:

根據上市規則之持續披露責任

根據上市規則第13.20、13.21及13.22條, 本公司並無任何其他披露責任。

關連交易及持續關連交易

財務報表附註38所披露的關聯方交易概無構成根據上市規則須予披露的關連交易或持續關連交易。

除本年報下文所披露者外,於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司並無根據上市規則第14A章有關披露關連交易及持續關連交易的條文而須披露的關連交易或持續關連交易。

合約安排

本集團已(1)與外商獨資企業、歡聚時代及歡聚時代註冊股東訂立歡聚時代合約安排,及(2)與外商獨資企業、上海池樂及池樂註冊股東訂立池樂合約安排,以使我們(其中包括)(1)以本公司就此提供的服務代價從歡聚時代及上海池樂中取得絕大部份經濟利益;(2)對合併聯屬實體行使有效控制權;及(3)持有獨家選擇權,以於中國法律許可的情況下購買歌聚時代及上海池樂的全部或部份股權。因此,透過合約安排,我們的合併聯屬實體的經營業績、資產及負債及現金流量將併入本公司的財務報表。

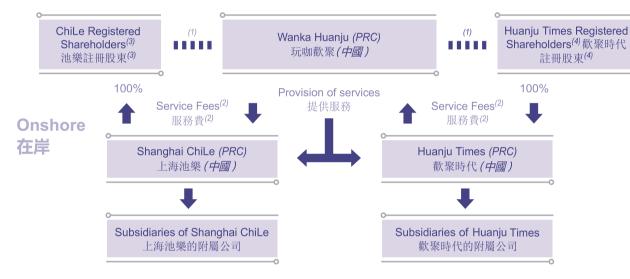
以下簡化圖説明合約安排規定的經濟利益從 我們的合併聯屬實體流向本集團的情況:











Beneficial ownership in equity interests

Beneficial ownership through contractual arrangements

- (1) Control of WFOE over the Registered Shareholders through (i) Exclusive Option Agreements, (ii) Equity Pledge Agreements, and (iii) Voting Rights Proxy Agreements and Powers of Attorneys.
- (2) Control of WFOE over the business of Consolidated Affiliated Entities through Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreements.
- (3) The ChiLe Registered Shareholders refer to the registered shareholders of Shanghai ChiLe. Shanghai ChiLe is owned as to 51% by Mr. Gao and 49% by Beijing JinChi, which in turn is owned as to 38.5% by Mr. HUA Xinjiang (華新江), 56% by Tibet Jiukun Investment Consulting Co., Ltd. (西藏九坤投資諮詢有限公司) and 5.5% by Shanghai Jiazhuo Investment Limited Partnership (上海嘉茁投資合夥企業(有限合夥)). Both Tibet Jiukun Investment Consulting Co., Ltd. and Shanghai Jiazhuo Investment Limited Partnership are controlled by Mr. HUA Xinjiang.
- (4) The Huanju Times Registered Shareholders refer to the registered shareholders of Huanju Times. Huanju Times is owned as to 72% by Mr. Gao and 28% by Mr. Zheng.

➡ 股權的實益擁有權

■■■ 通過合約安排的實益擁有權

- (1) 外商獨資企業通過(i)獨家選擇權協議、(ii)股權質押協議及(iii)投票權委託協議及委託書對註冊股東的控制。
- (2) 外商獨資企業通過獨家業務合作協議對合併 聯屬實體業務的控制。
- (3) 池樂註冊股東是指上海池樂的註冊股東。上海池樂由高先生擁有51%股權,並由北京金池擁有49%股權,北京金池則由華新江先生擁有38.5%股權、由西藏九坤投資諮詢有限公司擁有56%股權及上海嘉茁投資合夥企業(有限合夥)擁有5.5%股權。西藏九坤投資諮詢有限公司及上海嘉茁投資合夥企業(有限合夥)均由華新江先生控制。
- (4) 歡聚時代註冊股東是指歡聚時代的註冊股東。歡聚時代由高先生擁有72%股權,由鄭 先生擁有28%股權。





A brief description of each of the specific agreements that comprise the Contractual Arrangements is set out as follows:

(a) Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreements

Pursuant to (1) the exclusive business cooperation agreement dated June 15, 2018 between Huanju Times and the WFOE and (2) the exclusive business cooperation agreement dated June 15, 2018 between Shanghai ChiLe and the WFOE (collectively the "Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreements"), the WFOE agreed to be engaged as the exclusive provider to Huanju Times Consolidated Affiliated Entities and Shanghai ChiLe Consolidated Affiliated Entities of comprehensive technical support, business support and relevant consultation services for annual service fees, including but not limited to the following services in respect of the Relevant Businesses: providing business management consultation; providing marketing and promotional services; providing system integration and maintenance services; providing financial support; and providing equipment and properties transfer, leasing and disposal services.

Under Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreements, the service fee shall be of reasonable prices in accordance with nature of the services and shall consist of 100% of the total consolidated profit of the Consolidated Affiliated Entities, after deduction of any accumulated deficit in respect of the preceding financial year(s), operating costs, expenses, taxes and other statutory contributions. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the WFOE may adjust the scope and amount of service fees according to, among others, scope and nature of services and relevant market prices. The service fees shall be paid on an annual basis and in accordance with the payment instructions of the WFOE. Notwithstanding the payment arrangements in Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreements, the WFOE also has the right to adjust the payment time and payment method. Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe agree to accept any of such adjustment.

The Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreements have an initial term of ten years commencing from their respective effective date, namely March 1, 2016 and March 9, 2018, and will be automatically renewed for additional ten years. The WFOE also has the right to renew the term at its will and Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe shall agree to any such renewal. The Exclusive Business Cooperation Agreements shall not be terminated unless (a) in writing by the WFOE; or (b) term of such agreement is expired.

組成合約安排的各項特定協議的簡單描述如 下:

(a) 獨家業務合作協議

獨家業務合作協議的初步期限為自其各自的生效日期(即二零一六年三月一日及二零一八年三月九日)起計十年,並自動另外重續十年。外商獨資企業有權依願重續期限,歡聚時代及上海池樂應同意任何有關重續。除非(a)外商獨資企業以書面方式同意;或(b)協議期限屆滿,否則獨家業務合作協議不得被終止。







(b) Exclusive Option Agreements

Pursuant to (1) the exclusive option agreement dated June 15, 2018 entered into among the WFOE, Huanju Times and Huanju Times Registered Shareholders and (2) the exclusive option agreement dated June 15, 2018 entered into among the WFOE. Shanghai ChiLe and the Shanghai ChiLe Registered Shareholders (collectively the "Exclusive Option Agreements"), the WFOE has the right to require the Huanju Times Registered Shareholders or ChiLe Registered Shareholders to transfer any or all their equity interests in Huanju Times or Shanghai ChiLe to the WFOE and/or a third party designated by it, in whole or in part at any time and from time to time, for considerations equivalent to the minimum purchase price permitted under the PRC laws. The Huanju Times Registered Shareholders and ChiLe Registered Shareholders have also undertaken that, subject to the relevant PRC laws and regulations, they will return to the WFOE any consideration that they receive in the event WFOE exercises the options under the Exclusive Option Agreements in such way required by the WFOE to acquire the equity interests and/or assets in Huanju Times or Shanghai ChiLe.

Each of the Exclusive Option Agreements have an initial term of ten years commencing from their respective effective dates, namely March 1, 2016 and March 9, 2018. The WFOE has the right to renew the term at its will and Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe shall agree to any such renewal. None of the Exclusive Option Agreement shall not be terminated unless in writing by the WFOE. Without prior written consent of the WFOE, none of Huanju Times or Shanghai ChiLe or their respective shareholders may terminate such agreement.

(c) Equity Pledge Agreements

Pursuant to (1) the equity pledge agreements dated June 15, 2018 entered into among the WFOE, Huanju Times and each of the Huanju Times Registered Shareholders and (2) the equity pledge agreements dated June 15, 2018 entered into among the WFOE, Shanghai ChiLe and each of the ChiLe Registered Shareholders (collectively the "Equity Pledge Agreements"), Huanju Times Registered Shareholders and ChiLe Registered Shareholders agreed to pledge all their respective existing and future equity interests in Huanju Times or Shanghai ChiLe, where applicable, including any interest or dividend paid for the shares, to the WFOE as a security interest to guarantee the performance of contractual obligations and the payment of outstanding debts.

(b) 獨家選擇權協議

根據(1)外商獨資企業、歡聚時代與歡 聚時代註冊股東訂立的日期為二零一八 年六月十五日的獨家選擇權協議以及 (2)外商獨資企業、上海池樂與上海池 樂註冊股東訂立的日期為二零一八年六 月十五日的獨家選擇權協議(統稱「獨 家選擇權協議」),外商獨資企業有權在 任何時間及不時要求歡聚時代註冊股東 或池樂註冊股東將其於歡聚時代或上海 池樂的任何或所有股權全部或部份轉讓 予外商獨資企業及/或其指定的第三 方,代價相等於中國法律允許的最低購 買價。歡聚時代註冊股東及池樂註冊股 東亦已承諾,倘若外商獨資企業以為了 收購歡聚時代或上海池樂的股權及/或 資產而要求的方式行使獨家選擇權協議 項下的選擇權,彼等將在相關中國法律 及法規的規限下向外商獨資企業退還其 收取的任何代價。

各獨家選擇權協議的初步期限為自其各自的生效日期(即二零一六年三月一日及二零一八年三月九日)起計十年。外商獨資企業有權依願重續期限,歡聚時代及上海池樂應同意任何有關重續。除非外商獨資企業以書面方式同意,否則獨家選擇權協議不得被終止。未經外的獨資企業事先書面同意,歡聚時代或上海池樂或彼等各自的股東均不得終止該協議。

(c) 股權質押協議





The pledge in respect of Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe took effect upon the completion of respective registration with the relevant administration for industry and commerce, which are April 15, 2016 and March 12, 2018 respectively for the Huanju Times Contractual Arrangements and the ChiLe Contractual Arrangements, and shall remain valid for an initial term of ten years commencing from the respective effective dates, which may be renewed by the WFOE in writing. If there is outstanding debts of Huanju Times Registered Shareholders, ChiLe Registered Shareholders, Huanju Times or Shanghai ChiLe under the relevant Contractual Arrangements, the valid period of Equity Pledge Agreements may be renewed in writing by the WFOE to the date when all such outstanding debts have been fully paid.

(d) Voting Rights Proxy Agreements and Powers of Attorney

Pursuant to (1) the voting rights proxy agreement dated June 15, 2018 entered into between the WFOE and the Huanju Times Registered Shareholders and (2) the voting rights proxy agreement dated June 15, 2018 entered into between the WFOE and the ChiLe Registered Shareholders (collectively, the "Voting Rights Proxy Agreements"), each of Huanju Times Registered Shareholders and ChiLe Registered Shareholders irrevocably appointed the WFOE and its designated persons (including but not limited to the Directors and their successors and liquidators replacing the Directors, but excluding those who are Huanju Times Registered Shareholders or ChiLe Registered Shareholders) as his/her attorneys-in-fact to exercise on his/her behalf, and agreed and undertook not to exercise without such attorneys-in-fact's prior written consent, any and all right that he/she has in respect of his/her equity interests in Huanju Times or Shanghai ChiLe.

(d) 投票權委託協議及委託書

根據(1)外商獨資企業與歡聚時代註冊 股東訂立的日期為二零一八年六月十五 日的投票權委託協議以及(2)外商獨資 企業與池樂註冊股東訂立的日期為二 零一八年六月十五日的投票權委託協 議(統稱「投票權委託協議」),各歡聚 時代註冊股東及池樂註冊股東不可撤回 地委任外商獨資企業及其指定人士(包 括但不限於董事及其繼任者以及取代董 事的清盤人,但不包括身為歡聚時代註 冊股東或池樂註冊股東的人士)作為其 實際代理人以代其行使與其於歡聚時代 或上海池樂的股權有關的任何及全部權 利,且同意及承諾在並無獲得該等實際 代理人事先書面同意的情況下不會行使 該等權利。





The valid period of each of the Voting Rights Proxy Agreement commenced from their respective effective dates, namely March 1, 2016 and March 9, 2018, and shall not be terminated unless (i) in writing by the WFOE or (ii) all the equity interests or assets of Huanju Times or Shanghai ChiLe, where applicable, is transferred to the WFOE.

Each of Huanju Times Registered Shareholders and ChiLe Registered Shareholders, through the respective power of attorney ("Power of Attorney(s)") dated June 15, 2018 issued by him, irrevocably appointed the WFOE and/or its designated person as his proxy, effective from March 1, 2016 or March 9, 2018, where applicable, to the date when the Voting Rights Proxy Agreement expires.

(e) Spousal Undertakings and Beijing JinChi Shareholder Undertaking

On June 15, 2018, the spouse of each of Mr. GAO Dinan, Mr. ZHENG Wei and Mr. HUA Xinjiang, where applicable, signed an undertaking (collectively, the "Spouse Undertakings") in favor of the Contractual Arrangements and confirmed that (1) her spouse's existing and future equity interests in Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe (together with any other interests therein) are separate properties of her spouse; her spouse or the ultimate beneficial owners are entitled to deal with his own equity interests and any interests therein in Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe in accordance with the respective Contractual Arrangements. Each spouse also further confirmed that she will fully assist to the performance of the respective Contractual Arrangements at any time; (2) unconditionally and irrevocably waives any right or benefits on such equity interests and assets in accordance with applicable laws and confirms that she will not have any claim on such equity interests and assets; (3) her spouse may further amend or terminate the Contractual Arrangements or enter into other alternative documents without the need for authorization or consent by the spouse; and (4) they will be bound by the terms of the Contractual Arrangements as amended from time to time if she has obtained any equity interests, directly or indirectly, in Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe for whatever reasons.

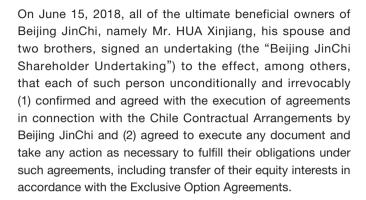
各投票權委託協議的有效期自其各自的 生效日期(即二零一六年三月一日及二 零一八年三月九日)開始,除非(i)外商 獨資企業以書面方式同意或(ii)歡聚時 代或上海池樂(如適用)的所有股權或 資產被轉讓予外商獨資企業,否則均不 得終止。

各歡聚時代註冊股東及池樂註冊股東通過其出具的日期為二零一八年六月十五日的相應委託書「(委託書」)不可撤回地委任外商獨資企業及/或其指定人士為其代理人,分別自二零一六年三月一日或二零一八年三月九日(如適用)至投票權委託協議屆滿之日有效。

(e) 配偶承諾及北京金池股東承諾

於二零一八年六月十五日,高弟男先 生、鄭煒先生及華新江先生各自的配 偶(如適用)已簽署承諾(統稱「配偶承 諾」),以支持合約安排並確認(1)其配 偶於歡聚時代及上海池樂的現有及未來 權益(連同其中任何其他權益)為其配 偶的分立財產;其配偶或最終實益擁有 人有權根據各合約安排處理其自身股權 及各歡聚時代及上海池樂的任何權益。 各配偶亦已進一步確認其將在任何時候 全力協助履行各項合約安排;(2)根據適 用法律無條件及不可撤回地放棄與該等 股權及資產有關的任何權利或利益,並 確認其不會就該等股權及資產提出任何 申索;(3)其配偶可以進一步修訂或終止 合約安排或訂立其他替代文件,而無需 徵求配偶的授權或同意;及(4)倘若各 配偶因任何原因直接或間接取得歡聚時 代及上海池樂的任何股權,其將受到不 時修訂的合約安排的條款約束。





Save as disclosed above, there were no other new contractual arrangements entered into, renewed and/or reproduced between our Group and our Consolidated Affiliated Entities during the year ended December 31, 2022. There was no material change in the Contractual Arrangements and/or the circumstances under which they were adopted during the year ended December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, none of the Contractual Arrangements had been unwound on the basis that none of the restrictions that led to the adoption of the Contractual Arrangements had been removed. As of December 31, 2022, we had not encountered interference or encumbrance from any PRC governing bodies in operating our businesses through our Consolidated Affiliated Entities under the Contractual Arrangements.

The revenue of Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe and their respective subsidiaries amounted to RMB2,176.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing an increase by 13.1% from RMB1,923.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2021. For the year ended December 31, 2021, the revenue of Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe and their respective subsidiaries accounted for approximately 94.6% of the revenue for the year of our Group (2021: 91.7%).

於二零一八年六月十五日,北京金池的 所有最終實益擁有人(即華新江先生、 其配偶及兩名兄弟)已簽署承諾「(北京 金池股東承諾」),以承諾(其中包括) 各名人士無條件及不可撤回地(1)確認 及同意北京金池執行有關池樂合約安排 的協議及(2)同意簽立任何文件及採取 任何必要行動以履行彼等於該等協議項 下的責任,包括根據獨家選擇權協議轉 讓彼等的股權。

除上文披露者外,本集團與合併聯屬實體於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度並無訂立、重續及/或複製任何其他新合約安排。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,合約安排及/或據以採用合約安排的情況並無發生重大變動。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,由於概無消除會導致採用合約安排的限制,合約安排均無獲解除。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,我們在根據合約安排透過合併聯屬實體經營業務時概無遇到中國政府機構的干預或阻礙。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,歡聚時代及上海池樂及彼等各自附屬公司的收入為人民幣2,176.2百萬元,較截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣1,923.4百萬元增加13.1%。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,歡聚時代及上海池樂及彼等各自附屬公司的收入佔本集團年度收入的約94.6%(二零二一年:91.7%)。







Reasons for Adopting the Contractual Arrangements

Our distribution of mobile applications and games and mobile co – publishing business as well as online-video distribution services operated through the Consolidated Affiliated Entities and their respective subsidiaries are subject to foreign investment restrictions in the PRC. Since foreign investment in such business areas in which we currently operate are subject to restrictions under the current applicable PRC laws and regulations, as advised by our PRC legal advisor, we determined that it was not viable for our Company to hold our Consolidated Affiliated Entities directly through equity ownership. For details of the foreign investment restrictions relating to the Contractual Arrangements, please refer to the sections headed "Contractual Arrangements – PRC Regulatory Background" of the Prospectus and the section headed "Development in the PRC Legislation on Foreign Investment" in this annual report.

Our Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) are of the view that (1) the Contractual Arrangements and the transactions contemplated thereunder are fundamental to our Group's legal structure and business, (2) such transactions have been and will be entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of our Group, are on normal commercial terms and are fair and reasonable and in the interest of our Group and our Shareholders as a whole, and (3) the parties to (a) the Company's undertaking dated May 24, 2018 issued by the Company and (b) the Shareholders' undertaking dated May 24, 2018 issued by Mr. Gao, Mr. Zheng, and all then existing shareholders of our Company relating to the Contractual Arrangement, have complied with such undertaking. Accordingly, notwithstanding that the transactions contemplated under the Contractual arrangements and any new transactions, contracts and agreements or renewal of existing agreements to be entered into between any of our Consolidated Affiliated Entities and any member of our Group ("New Intergroup Agreements" and each of them, a "New Intergroup Agreement") technically constitute continuing connected transactions under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, our Directors consider that, given that our Group is placed in a special situation in relation to the connected transactions rules under the Contractual arrangements, it would be unduly burdensome and impracticable, and would add unnecessary administrative costs to our Company if such transactions are subject to strict compliance with the requirements set out under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, including, among others, the reporting, announcement, independent shareholders' approval and annual review requirements.

採用合約安排的理由

我們透過於中國合併聯屬實體及其各自附屬公司經營移動應用程序及遊戲推廣、遊戲聯運業務以及網絡視頻產品分發服務受到外商投資限制。由於我們當前經營所處若干業及,領域的外商投資受到當前中國適用法律及,規限制,根據我們中國法律顧問的意見,我們確定本公司不可直接通過股本所有權的外方。關於與合約安排有關的外方。 排一中國監管背景」章節及本年報「中國外商投資法規的發展」一節。

董事(包括獨立非執行董事)認為,(1)合約 安排及據此擬進行的交易對本集團的法律架 構及業務至關重要,(2)該等已簽訂和待簽訂 的交易在本集團日常業務中按一般商業條款 訂立,屬公平合理,且符合本集團及股東的 整體利益,及(3)(a)本公司發出的本公司日期 為二零一八年五月二十四日的承諾及(b)高先 生、鄭先生及本公司當時所有現有股東發出 日期為二零一八年五月二十四日的股東承諾 的有關合約安排的訂約方已遵守有關承諾。 因此,儘管根據合約安排擬進行的交易以及 任何合併聯屬實體與本集團任何成員公司將 訂立的任何新交易、合約及協議或重續現有 協議(「新集團內公司間協議」,各為一項「新 集團內公司間協議」),技術上構成上市規 則第14A章項下的持續關連交易,但董事認 為,鑒於本集團處於合約安排的關連交易規 則有關的特殊情況,倘該等交易須嚴格遵守 上市規則第14A章所載規定(其中包括申報、 公告、獨立股東批准及年度審核規定等),將 會帶來繁重負擔且屬不切實可行,並將令本 公司增加不必要的行政成本。





Development in the PRC Legislation on Foreign Investment

On March 15, 2019, the second meeting of the 13th Standing Committee of the National People's Congress approved the Foreign Investment Law of the People's Republic of China《(中華人民共和國外商投資法》) (the "FIL") which became effective on January 1, 2020. The FIL replaced the law on Sino-Foreign Equity Joint Ventures《(中外合資經營企業法》), the law on Sino-Foreign Contractual Joint Ventures《(中外合作經營企業法》) and the law on Foreign-Capital Enterprises《(外資企業法》) to become the legal foundation for foreign Investment in the PRC. The FIL stipulates three forms of foreign investment, but does not explicitly stipulate the contractual arrangements as a form of foreign investment.

The FIL stipulates that foreign investment includes "foreign investors invest through any other methods under laws, administrative regulations or provisions prescribed by the State Council." Therefore, there remains uncertainty regarding whether future laws, administrative regulations or provisions prescribed by the State Council may regard contractual arrangements as a form of foreign investment, whether our Contractual Arrangements will be deemed to be in violation of the foreign investment access requirements and how the Contractual Arrangements will be handled. Our Company will disclose, as soon as possible, updates of changes to the FIL that will materially and adversely affect our Company as and when occur.

中國外商投資法規的發展

於二零一九年三月十五日,全國人民代表大會第十三屆常務委員會第二次會議批准了《中華人民共和國外商投資法》(「《外商投資法》」),自二零二零年一月一日起生效。《外商投資法》取代了《中外合資經營企業法》、《中外合作經營企業法》及《外資企業法》,成為外商在中國投資的法律基礎。《外商投資法》規定了三種形式的外國投資,但並無明確規定合約安排作為一種外國投資形式。

《外商投資法》規定,外國投資包括「外國投資者通過法律、行政法規或者國務院規定的其他方式的投資」。因此,未來的法律、行政法規或國務院規定的其他方式投資是否可能將合約安排視為外國投資的形式,我們的合約安排是否將被視為違反外國投資準入不確定性。倘《外商投資法》變動將對本公司產生重大不利影響,本公司將盡快披露有關最新資料。





Risks Relating to the Contractual Arrangements

There are certain risks that are associated with the Contractual Arrangements, including:

- If the PRC government finds that the agreements that establish the structure for operating the businesses in China do not comply with the applicable PRC laws and regulations, or if there are regulations or their interpretations change in the future, we could be subject to severe consequences, including the nullification of the Contractual Arrangements and the relinquishment of our interest in our Consolidated Affiliated Entities.
- Our Contractual Arrangements may not be as effective in providing operational control as direct ownership. Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe or any of their shareholders may fail to perform their obligations under our Contractual Arrangements.
- We may lose the ability to use and enjoy assets held by our PRC Holdcos that are material to our business operations if our PRC Holdcos declare bankruptcy or become subject to a dissolution or liquidation proceeding.
- The ultimate shareholders of Huanju Times or Shanghai ChiLe may have conflicts of interest with us, which may materially and adversely affect our business.
- If we exercise the option to acquire equity ownership and assets of Huanju Times or Shanghai ChiLe, the ownership or asset transfer may subject us to certain limitations and substantial costs.
- Substantial uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation and implementation of the FIL and how it may impact the viability of our current corporate structure, corporate governance and business operations.

Further details of these risks are set out in the section headed "Risk Factors – Risks relating to Our Contractual Arrangements" of the Prospectus.

Our Group has adopted measures to ensure the effective operation of our Group's businesses with the implementation of the Contractual Arrangements and our compliance with the Contractual Arrangements, including:

與合約安排有關的風險

存在與合約安排有關的若干風險,包括:

- 倘中國政府發現藉以在中國建立業務經營架構的協議不符合適用中國法律及法規的規定,或倘法規或其詮釋日後出現變更,我們或須承受嚴重後果,包括合約安排失效及放棄在合併聯屬實體的權益。
- 我們的合約安排未必會在提供經營控制權方面如直接擁有權一樣有效。歡聚時代、上海池樂或彼等的股東可能不會履行彼等於合約安排下的責任。
- 倘我們的中國經營實體宣佈破產或牽涉 解散或清盤程序,我們可能無法使用及 享有中國經營實體所持有對我們的業務 經營屬重大的資產。
- 歡聚時代或上海池樂最終股東可能與我們存在利益衝突,從而對我們的業務產生重大不利影響。
- 倘我們行使選擇權收購歡聚時代或上海 池樂的股權及資產,所有權或資產轉讓 可能使我們受到若干限制及承擔巨額成 本。
- 《外商投資法》的詮釋及實施及其可能 對我們的現有公司架構、公司管治及業 務營運的可行性造成的影響存在巨大不 確定性。

有關該等風險的進一步詳情載於招股章程 「風險因素-與我們的合約安排相關的風險」 一節。

本集團已採取措施,以確保實施合約安排以 有效經營本集團業務和遵守合約安排,包 括:





- (a) major issues arising from the implementation and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements or any regulatory enquiries from government authorities will be submitted to our Board, if necessary, for review and discussion on an occurrence basis;
- (b) our Board will review the overall performance of and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements at least once a year;
- our Company will disclose the overall performance and compliance with the Contractual Arrangements in our annual reports; and
- (d) our Company will engage external legal advisors or other professional advisors, if necessary, to assist the Board to review the implementation of the Contractual Arrangements, review the legal compliance of WFOEs and our Consolidated Affiliated Entities to deal with specific issues or matters arising from the Contractual Arrangements.

Listing Rules Implications and Waivers from the Stock Exchange

The transactions contemplated under the Contractual Arrangements constitute continuing connected transactions of our Company under the Listing Rules upon Listing as certain of the parties to the Contractual Arrangements, namely Mr. GAO Dinan, Mr. ZHENG Wei and Beijing JinChi are connected persons. Mr. GAO Dinan and Mr. ZHENG Wei, our Controlling Shareholders, and Beijing JinChi, which is a substantial shareholder of Shanghai ChiLe, are connected persons of our Company under Rule 14A.07(1) of the Listing Rules.

In relation to the Contractual Arrangements, we have applied to the Stock Exchange for, and the Stock Exchange has granted, a waiver from strict compliance with (i) the announcement, circular and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the transactions contemplated under the Contractual Arrangements pursuant to Rule 14A.105 of the Listing Rules, (ii) the requirement of setting an annual cap for the transactions under the Contractual Arrangements under Rule 14A.53 of the Listing Rules, and (iii) the requirement of limiting the term of the Contractual Arrangements to three years or less under Rule 14A.52 of the Listing Rules, for so long as our Shares are listed on the Stock Exchange subject however to the following conditions:

- (a) 倘需要,實施及遵守合約安排過程中出現的重大問題或政府機構的任何監管查詢將於發生時呈報董事會審閱及討論;
- (b) 董事會將至少每年一次審閱履行及遵守 合約安排的整體情況;
- (c) 本公司將於年報中披露其履行及遵守合 約安排的整體情況;及
- (d) 本公司將於必要時委聘外部法律顧問或 其他專業顧問,以協助董事會審閱合約 安排的實施情況,並審閱外商獨資企業 及我們合併聯屬實體的法律合規情況, 以處理合約安排引致的具體問題或事 宜。

上市規則涵義及聯交所豁免

由於合約安排的若干訂約方即高弟男先生、鄭煒先生及北京金池為關連人士,故根據上市規則,合約安排項下擬進行的交易於上市後構成本公司的持續關連交易。根據上市規則第14A.07(1)條,控股股東高弟男先生及鄭煒先生及上海池樂主要股東北京金池均為本公司的關連人士。

就合約安排而言,我們已向聯交所申請且聯交所已批准我們於股份在聯交所上市期間,(i)根據上市規則第14A.105條規定就合約安排項下擬進行的交易豁免嚴格遵守上市規則第14A.53條就合約安排項下擬進行的交易訂立年度上限的規定;及(iii)豁免嚴格遵守上市規則第14A.53條的規定;及(iiii)豁免嚴格遵守上市規則第14A.52條有關合約安排有效期限定為三年或以內的規定,惟須受以下條件規限:







- (a) no change without independent non-executive Directors' approval;
- (b) no change without independent Shareholders' approval;
- (c) the Contractual Arrangements shall continue to enable our Group to receive the economic benefits derived by the Consolidated Affiliated Entities:
- (d) on the basis that the Contractual Arrangements provide an acceptable framework for the relationship between our Company and its subsidiaries in which our Company has direct shareholding, on the one hand, and the Consolidated Affiliated Entities, on the other hand, that framework may be renewed and/or reproduced upon the expiry of the existing arrangements or in relation to any existing or new wholly foreign owned enterprise or operating company (including branch company) engaging in the same business as that of our Group which our Group might wish to establish when justified by business expediency, without obtaining the approval of the Shareholders, on substantially the same terms and conditions as the existing Contractual Arrangements; and
- (e) we will disclose details relating to the Contractual Arrangements on an on-going basis.

Annual Review by the Independent Non-Executive Directors and the Auditor

Our independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the Contractual Arrangements and confirmed that:

- (a) the transactions carried out during the year ended December 31, 2022 had been entered into in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Contractual Arrangements;
- (b) no dividends or other distributions had been made by our Consolidated Affiliated Entities to the holders of its equity interests which were not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to our Group;
- no new contracts had been entered into, renewed and/ or reproduced between our Group and the Consolidated Affiliated Entities; and

- (a) 未經獨立非執行董事批准不得變更;
- (b) 未經獨立股東批准不得變更;
- (c) 合約安排將繼續讓本集團收取源於合併 聯屬實體的經濟利益;
- (d) 在合約安排就本公司及其直接控股附屬公司(一方)與合併聯屬實體(另一方)之間的關係提供可接受框架的前提下,可於現有安排到期後,或就本集團認為可提供業務便利時可能有意成立的從事與本集團相同業務的任何現有或新外商獨資企業或營運公司(包括分公司),按照與現有合約安排大致相同的條款與條件,重續及/或複製該框架,而毋須取得股東批准;及
- (e) 我們將持續披露有關合約安排的詳情。

獨立非執行董事及核數師作出的年度審

我們的獨立非執行董事已審閱合約安排,並 確認:

- (a) 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 進行的交易乃根據合約安排的有關條文 訂立;
- (b) 合併聯屬實體並未向其股本權益持有人 派發且其後亦未另行轉撥或轉讓給本集 團的任何股息或其他分派;
- (c) 本集團與合併聯屬實體並無訂立、重續 及/或複製任何新合約;及





- (d) the Contractual Arrangements had been entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of our Group, are on normal commercial terms and are fair and reasonable and in the interest of our Group and our Shareholders as a whole.
- (d) 合約安排已於本集團的一般及日常業務 過程中按正常商業條款訂立,屬公平合 理,且符合本集團及股東的整體利益。

Pursuant to Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, the Board has engaged the Auditor to perform certain procedures on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

根據上市規則第14A.56條,董事會已委聘核數師根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核證工作準則第3000號(經修訂)「審核或審閱歷史財務資料以外之核證工作」及參照實務說明第740號「關於香港上市規則所述持續關連交易之核數師函件」對本集團之持續關連交易執行若干程序。

After performing the procedures related to the disclosed continuing connected transactions, the Auditor has concluded in a letter to the Board that:

就已披露持續關連交易執行有關程序後,核數師已於致董事會的函件內總結:

- (a) nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions have not been approved by the Company's Board;
- (a) 未留意到任何事項導致其認為該等已披露持續關連交易尚未經本公司董事會批准;
- (b) nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the disclosed continuing connected transactions were not entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with a series of contractual arrangements disclosed in the section headed "Contractual Arrangements" in the Prospectus governing such transactions; and
- (b) 未留意到任何事項導致其認為該等已披露持續關連交易未在所有重大方面根據規管該等交易的招股章程「合約安排」 一節披露的一系列合約安排進行;及
- (c) nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that dividends or other distributions have been made by Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their respective subsidiaries to the holders of its equity interests which are not otherwise subsequently assigned or transferred to the Group.
- (c) 未留意到任何事項致使其認為歡聚時代、上海池樂及其各自附屬公司向其權益持有人作出其後並無轉讓或轉移予本集團的股息或其他分派。

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS AND COMPLIANCE

法律訴訟及合規情況

During the Reporting Period, the Company is in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Company and is not involved in any material legal proceedings. 於報告期內,本公司已遵守對本公司有重大 影響的相關法律及法規,並沒有涉及任何重 大的法律訴訟。





PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Under the Articles of Association, every Director or other officers of the Company acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which he may incur or sustain in or about the execution of his duties in his office. The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its directors and officers.

IMPORTANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There were no significant events that might affect the Group subsequent to the year ended December 31, 2022.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee had, together with the Auditor, reviewed the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and the consolidated financial statements during the Reporting Period.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 76 to 93 of this annual report.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Group had 220 employees as of December 31, 2022, as compared to 202 employees as of December 31, 2021. The Group enters into employment contracts with its employees to cover matters such as position, term of employment, wage, employee benefits and liabilities for breaches and grounds for termination. Remuneration of the Group's employees includes basic salaries, allowances, bonus and other employee benefits, and is determined with reference to their experience, qualifications and general market conditions. The emolument policy for the employees of the Group is set up by the Board on the basis of their merit, qualification and competence.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information publicly available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued shares, the prescribed minimum percentage of public float approved by the Stock Exchange and permitted under the Listing Rules, was held by the public at all times since the Listing Date and as of the date of this annual report.

獲准許彌償條款

根據章程細則,凡本公司每名董事或進行本公司事務的其他職員,均有權於任內就其履行職務或與此有關而可能蒙受或招致的一切訴訟、成本、費用、損失、損害及開支獲得彌償。本公司已就針對董事及職員的法律訴訟安排適當保險範圍。

報告期後重要事項

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之後 並無可能影響本集團的任何重大事項。

審核委員會

審核委員會連同核數師已審閱本集團採納的 會計準則及政策以及報告期內的綜合財務報表。

企業管治

本公司致力維持高水平的企業管治常規。本公司採納的企業管治常規資料載於本年報第76至第93頁的企業管治報告中。

人力資源

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團有220名員工,而截至二零二一年十二月三十一日則為202名員工。本集團與僱員訂立僱傭合約,訂明職位、僱用年期、工資、僱員福利、違約責任及終止理由等事宜。本集團僱員的薪酬包括基本薪金、津貼、花紅及其他僱員福利,並參考彼等之經驗、資歷及一般市場狀況釐定。本集團僱員的薪酬政策由董事會根據僱員的長處、資歷及能力而制定。

公眾持股量足夠性

根據本公司可獲得的公開資料及就董事所深知,自上市日期起及截至本年報日期,本公司已發行股份總數中至少25%(聯交所批准及根據上市規則所准許的規定最低公眾持股量百分比)一直由公眾持有。





CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The Company will hold the AGM on 9 June 2023, Friday. The register of members of the Company will be closed from 6 June 2023, Tuesday to 9 June 2023, Friday, both days inclusive, in order to determine the identity of the Shareholders who are entitled to attend the AGM, during which period no share transfers will be registered. To be eligible to attend the AGM, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on 5 June 2023, Monday.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION OF HOLDERS OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company is not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to the Shareholders by reason of their respective holding of the Shares.

PROFESSIONAL TAX ADVICE RECOMMENDED

If the shareholders are unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holdings, disposing of, dealing in, or the exercise of any rights in relation to, the Shares, they are advised to consult an expert.

AUDITOR

BDO Limited shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer itself for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of BDO Limited as Auditor will be proposed at the AGM.

On behalf of the Board

GAO Dinan

Chairman Hong Kong, 27 March 2023

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

本公司將於二零二三年六月九日(星期五)舉行股東週年大會。本公司將於二零二三年六月九日(星期五) 五(星期五) 五(包括首尾兩日) 暫停辦理股戶登記手續,以釐定有權出席股東週年大份的股東身份,於此期間不會辦理任何股份,於此期間不會辦理任何股份,於此期間不會辦理任何股份,於過戶登記。為符合資格出席股東週年大份過戶登記。為符合資格出席股東週年大份過戶表格。 東須最遲於二零二三年六月五日(星期一) 及 東須最遲於二零二三年六月五日(星期一) 及 東須最遲於二零二三年六月五日(星期一) 及 東須最遲於二零二三年六月五日(星期一) 及 東須最遲於二零二三年六月五日(星期一) 及 東須最遲於二零二三年六月五日(星期一) 及 東須最遲於二零十二年,將所有填妥的過戶表格登記 同有關股票交回本公司的香港股份過戶表格記 司有關股票交回本公司(地址為香港) 發道16號遠東金融中心17樓) 進行登記。

上市證券持有人的税務寬減及豁 免

本公司並不知悉股東可因各自持有本公司股份而獲任何稅務寬減或豁免。

專業税務意見建議

倘股東對購買、持有、處置及買賣股份或行 使其任何有關權利的稅務影響有任何疑問, 建議諮詢專家。

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司將於應屆股東週年大會上退任,惟其合資格並將膺選連任。有關續聘香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司為核數師的決議案將於股東週年大會上提呈。

代表董事會

高弟男

主席

香港,二零二三年三月二十七日





The Board is pleased to present the corporate governance report of the Company for the Reporting Period.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as its own code of corporate governance. Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions under the CG Code throughout the Reporting Period. The Company will continue to review and monitor its corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

THE BOARD

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, oversees the Group's strategic decisions and monitors business and performance. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established three Board committees including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. The Board has delegated to the Board committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference which are published on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

All Directors have carried out duties in good faith and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and have acted in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders at all times.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance in respect of legal action against the Directors. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

董事會欣然呈報本公司報告期的企業管治報 告。

企業管治常規

本集團致力維持高水平的企業管治,以保障 股東權益以及提升企業價值及問責性。本公司已採納上市規則附錄十四所載的企業管治 守則,作為其本身的企業管治守則。除本年報所披露者外,本公司於整個報告期已遵守 企業管治守則項下的所有適用守則條文。本公司將繼續檢討及監督其企業管治常規,以 確保遵守企業管治守則。

董事會

責任

董事會負責本集團的整體領導,監督本集團 的戰略決策及監察業務及表現。董事會已 向本集團高級管理層授予有關本集團日常管 理及經營方面的權力及職責。為監察本公司 特定事務範疇,董事會已設立三個董事委員 會,包括審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委 員會。董事會已授予董事委員會刊載於聯交 所及本公司網站所載其各自職權範圍的職責。

全體董事已以誠信態度履行職責,並遵守適 用法例及法規,且一直以本公司及股東的利 益行事。

本公司已就董事的法律訴訟安排適當的責任 保險。承保範圍將每年進行檢討。



Board Composition

As of the date of this annual report, the Board comprises three executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors as follows:

Executive Directors:

Mr. GAO Dinan (Chairman) (former Chief Executive Officer and ceased to be the Chief Executive Officer on 16 December 2022)

Ms. ZHOU Yan (resigned on 28 April 2022)

Mr. NIE Xin

Ms. JIANG Yu (Chief Executive Officer) (appointed as executive Director on 20 July 2022 and appointed as Chief Executive Officer on 16 December 2022)

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. ZHENG Wei

Mr. SONG Chunyu (resigned on 28 April 2022)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. CHEN Baoguo

Mr. JIN Yongsheng

Ms. ZHAO Xuemei (resigned on 20 July 2022)

Mr. YU Limin (appointed on 20 July 2022)

The biographies of the Directors are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

During the Reporting Period, the Board has met at all times the requirements under Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors with at least one independent non-executive director possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has also complied with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of independent non-executive directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

董事會組成

截至本年報日期,董事會包括三名執行董 事、一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事 如下:

執行董事:

高弟男先生(主席)(前首席執行官並於二零二二年十二月十六日不再擔任首席執行官) 周豔女士(於二零二二年四月二十八日辭任) 聶鑫先生

蔣宇女士(首席執行官)(於二零二二年七月 二十日獲委任為執行董事並於二零二二年 十二月十六日獲委任為首席執行官)

非執行董事:

鄭煒先生

宋春雨先生(於二零二二年四月二十八日辭任)

獨立非執行董事:

陳寶國先生

金永生先生

趙學梅女士(於二零二二年七月二十日辭任) 余利民先生(於二零二二年七月二十日獲委任)

董事履歷載於本年報「董事及高級管理層」— 節。

於報告期,董事會一直遵守上市規則第3.10(1)及3.10(2)條的規定,即有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董事,而其中至少有一名獨立非執行董事擁有適當的專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長。

本公司亦已遵守上市規則第3.10A條有關委任佔董事會人數至少三分之一的獨立非執行董事。







The Company believes that the diversity of Board members will be immensely beneficial for the enhancement of the Company's performance. Therefore, the Company has adopted a Board diversity policy to ensure that the Company will, when determining the composition of the Board, consider Board diversity in terms of, among other things, skills, regional and industry experience, educational background, culture, race, gender, age and other qualities. All Board appointments will be based on merits, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board. The Board diversity policy is available on the website of the Company.

Gender diversity of the Board stands at a relatively high level (14%, 1 females out of 7 Directors). The Board places tremendous emphasis on diversity (including gender diversity) across all levels of the Group. The total gender diversity of the Group is balanced. To support diversity across all facets, beyond gender, including race and ethnicity, disability, social mobility and age, the Group is enhancing diversity and inclusion efforts through employee networks, mentoring programmes, equitable hiring practices, policies and awareness raising events and training for all employees to support inclusive behaviours. Further details on the gender ratio of the Group and initiatives taken to improve gender diversity across senior management and the wider workforce, together with relevant data, can be found in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022 published on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews. hk) and the Company's own website (www.wankaonline.com) according to the Listing Rules.

As each of the independent non-executive Directors has confirmed his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules, the Company considers all of them to be independent parties.

None of the Directors has any personal relationship (including financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationship) with any other Director and chief executive.

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

本公司相信董事會成員多元化將對加強本公司表現極為有利。因此,本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策,以確保本公司在釐定事會組成時會從多方面考慮董事會多元化 包括技能、地區及行業經驗、教育背景 文化、種族、性別、年齡及其他素質。 童所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,衡量候 。董事會多元化政策於本公司網站可供查 閱。

董事會之性別多元化處於相對高之水平 (14%,7名董事中1名為女性)。董事會非 常重視本集團各層面之多元化(包括性別多 元化)。本集團之整體性別多元化屬均衡。 為支持除性別以外所有方面之多元化,包括 種族及民族、殘疾、社會流動性及年齡方 面,本集團透過員工網絡、輔導計劃、公平 僱用常規、政策及意識提升活動以及為所有 僱員提供培訓以支持共融行為,不斷加強多 元化並努力達致共融。有關本集團性別比例 以及為提升高級管理人員及全體員工之性 別多元化所採取之措施的更多詳情以及相 關資料,請參閱根據上市規則於聯交所網 站(www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司自身網站 (www.wankaonline.com)刊載的截至二零二 二年十二月三十一日止年度本公司的環境、 社會及管治報告。

根據上市規則第3.13條,各獨立非執行董事均已確認其獨立性,因此本公司認為彼等均為獨立人士。

概無董事與任何其他董事及主要行政人員有 任何個人關係(包括財務、業務、家庭或其 他重要或相關關係)。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均為董事 會貢獻各種不同的寶貴業務經驗、知識及專 業,促進董事會高效及有效運作。獨立非執 行董事獲邀加入審核委員會、薪酬委員會及 提名委員會。



As regards the code provision of the CG Code requiring directors to disclose the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations and other significant commitments as well as the identity of the public companies or organizations and the time involved to the issuer, the Directors have agreed to disclose their commitments and any subsequent change to the Company in a timely manner.

對於企業管治守則要求董事披露於公眾公司 或機構擔任職務的數量及性質及其他重大承 擔,以及該等公眾公司或機構的身份及為發 行人投入的時間的守則條文,董事已同意及 時向本公司披露彼等的承擔及任何其後變動。

Gender Diversity

The Company recognizes the importance of gender diversity and recruits employees at all levels based on merits. As of December 31, 2022, female senior management members represented approximately 11.1% of the senior management of the Company, and female employees represented approximately 52.3% of the employees of the Group. The Company will continue to take steps to promote gender diversity at all levels of the Group, including but not limited to the Board and the senior management levels.

Board Independence Evaluation

The Company recognizes that independence of the Board is a key element of good corporate governance. The Company has established effective mechanisms, including but not limited to entitling the Board and Board committees to seek independent professional advice on matters relating to the Company where appropriate at the Company's expense, to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board. The Board has reviewed the implementation of the mechanisms in relation to the Board independence and considered it to be effective during the Reporting Period. The Board will continue to review the implementation and effectiveness of such mechanism on an annual basis.

Induction and Continuous Professional Development

Each newly appointed director is provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his/her responsibilities under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

性別多樣性

本公司認識到性別多樣性的重要性,並在各級員工中擇優錄取。截至2022年12月31日,女性高級管理人員佔本公司高級管理人員約11.1%,而女性員工佔集團員工約52.3%。本公司將繼續採取措施以促進本集團各個層面的性別多樣性,包括但不限於董事會和高級管理層。

董事會獨立性評估

本公司確信董事會具備獨立性是良好企業管治的重要元素。本公司設有有效的機制,包括但不限於董事會及董事委員可按需要就本公司的事宜尋求獨立專業意見,而該等相關費用由本公司承擔,以確保董事會能獲取獨立意見。董事會已檢討有關董事會獨立性的機制的實施,並認為其於報告期內有效。董事會將繼續每年檢討該機制的實施及成效。

入職及持續專業發展

每名新任董事獲提供必要的入職指引及資料,以確保彼對本公司的營運及業務以及其 於上市規則及相關監管要求下的職責有正確 了解。





In accordance with A.6.5 of the CG Code with regards to continuous professional development, directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Internally-facilitated briefings for Directors will be arranged and reading material on relevant topics will be issued to directors where appropriate. The Company also arranges trainings to provide Directors with updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. The Directors are provided with regular updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each director to discharge their duties.

展的規定,董事須參與適當的持續專業發展 以發展及更新其知識及技巧,以確保其對董 事會的貢獻為知情及適切。在適當情況下, 本公司會內部安排簡介會,並向董事發給有 關課題的閱讀材料。本公司亦安排培訓使董 事不時了解上市規則最新發展及變動以及其 他相關法律及監管規定。董事亦獲提供有關 本公司表現、狀況及前景的定期更新資料以 使董事會作為整體及各董事履行職責。

根據企業管治守則第A.6.5條關於持續專業發

Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The company secretary of the Company has from time to time updated and provided written training materials relating to the roles, functions and duties of a director.

本公司鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業發展,以 增進本身的知識及技能,與時並進。本公司 的公司秘書不時更新及提供有關董事角色、 職能及職責的書面培訓資料。

During the Reporting Period, all Directors have complied with the CG Code in relation to continuous professional development, apart from reading materials relevant to the Company's business, director's duties and responsibilities. All Directors also attended and/or gave presentation in seminars/forums. The Company updates Directors constantly on the latest developments regarding the Group's business and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. All Directors have provided to the Company with their training records on a regular basis, and such records have been maintained by the Company for accurate and comprehensive record keeping.

於報告期內,除閱讀有關本公司業務、董事 職務及責任之資料外,所有董事均已遵守企 業管治守則中有關持續專業發展之條文。所 有董事亦有出席研討會/講座,及/或於研 討會/講座上發表簡報。本公司就本集團業 務及其他適用監管規定之最新進展,不斷向 董事提供最新資訊,確保遵守及提升董事對 良好企業管治常規的意識。全體董事已定期 向本公司提供培訓記錄,而有關記錄已由本 公司保存,藉以保留準確及完備的培訓記錄。

Chairman and Chief Executive Officers

Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and performed by different individuals. During the period from 1 January 2022 to 16 December 2022, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company were held by Mr. GAO Dinan. Mr. GAO Dinan has resigned from his position as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from 16 December 2022, and Ms. JIANG Yu has been appointed as the Chief Executive Officer of the Company with effect from the same day. The Company had been in compliance with the requirements under the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code of separating the roles of the chairman and the chief executive officer since 16 December 2022.

主席與首席執行官

根據企業管治守則的守則條文第C.2.1條規 定,主席與首席執行官的職位應予以區分及 由不同人士擔任。於二零二二年一月一日至 二零二二年十二月十六日期間,本公司主席 及首席執行官由高弟男先生擔任。高弟男先 生已辭任本公司首席執行官之職務,自二零 二二年十二月十六日起生效,而蔣宇女士已 獲委任為本公司首席執行官,於同日生效。 自二零二二年十二月十六日起,本公司已完 全遵守企業管治守則的守則條文第C.2.1條中 有關主席與首席執行官的職位應予以區分的 規定。

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Each of our executive Directors, being Mr. GAO Dinan, Mr. NIE Xin and Ms. JIANG Yu, has entered into a service contract with the Company on 3 November 2021, 27 August 2020 and 20 July 2022, respectively, for an initial term of three years commencing from 3 November 2021, 27 August 2020 and 20 July 2022, respectively.

The non-executive Director, Mr. ZHENG Wei, has entered into an appointment letter on 3 November 2021 with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 3 November 2021.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors, being Mr. CHEN Baoguo, Mr. JIN Yongsheng and Mr. YU Limin, has entered into an appointment letter with the Company on 3 November 2021, 16 September 2021 and 20 July 2022, respectively, for an initial term of three years commencing from 3 November 2021, 16 September 2021 and 20 July 2022, respectively.

None of the Directors has entered into a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

In accordance with the Articles of Association, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall submit himself/herself for re-election by the Shareholders at the first general meeting of the Company after appointment and new Directors appointed as an addition to the Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by the Shareholders at the next following annual general meeting of the Company after appointment.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Articles of Association. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-election of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

Board Meetings

The Company adopts the practice of holding Board meetings regularly, at least four times a year, and at approximately quarterly intervals. Notices of not less than fourteen days are given for all regular Board meetings to provide all Directors with an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for a regular meeting.

委任及重選董事

各執行董事(即高弟男先生、聶鑫先生及蔣宇女士)已分別於二零二一年十一月三日、二零二零年八月二十七日及二零二二年七月二十日與本公司訂立服務合約,初步為期三年,分別自二零二一年十一月三日、二零二零年八月二十七日及二零二二年七月二十日起生效。

非執行董事鄭煒先生已於二零二一年十一月 三日與本公司訂立委任書,自二零二一年十 一月三日起初步為期三年。

各獨立非執行董事(即陳寶國先生、金永生 先生及余利民先生)已分別於二零二一年十一 月三日、二零二一年九月十六日及二零二二 年七月二十日與本公司訂立委任書,分別自二 零二一年十一月三日、二零二一年九月十六 日及二零二二年七月二十日起初步為期三年。

概無董事訂立本集團不可於一年內終止而毋 須支付賠償(法定賠償除外)的服務合約。

根據組織章程細則,全體董事須至少每三年 輪值退任一次,而任何獲委任填補臨時空缺 的新任董事應在獲委任後的本公司首次股東 大會上由股東重選,且獲委任為董事會新增 成員的新任董事應在獲委任後的本公司下屆 股東週年大會上由股東重選。

董事的委任、重選及罷免的程序及過程載於 組織章程細則。提名委員會負責檢討董事會 組成,並就委任或重選董事及董事繼任計劃 向董事會作出推薦意見。

董事會會議

本公司已採納定期舉行董事會會議的慣例,即每年至少舉行四次會議及大致按季度舉行會議。董事會例行會議通知會於會議舉行前至少14日送呈全體董事,以便所有董事有機會出席會議及於例行會議議程內載入有關事宜。





For other Board and Board Committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. The agenda and accompanying board papers are dispatched to the Directors or Board Committee members at least three days before the meetings to ensure that they have sufficient time to review the relevant papers and are adequately prepared for the meetings. When Directors or Board Committee members are unable to attend a meeting, they will be advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the Chairman prior to the meeting. Minutes of meetings are kept by the company secretary of the Company with copies circulated to all Directors or Board Committee members for information and records.

Minutes of the Board meetings and Board committee meetings are recorded in sufficient detail about the matters considered by the Board and the Board committees and the decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the Directors/Board committee members. Draft and final versions of the minutes of each Board meeting and Board Committee meeting are sent to the Directors/Board Committee members for comments and records respectively within a reasonable time after the date on which the meeting is held. Minutes of the Board meetings are open for inspection by Directors.

董事會會議及董事委員會會議的會議記錄會 詳盡記錄董事會及董事委員會所考慮的事宜 及所達致的決定,包括董事/董事委員會成 員提出的任何問題。各董事會會議及董事委 員會會議的記錄草擬本和最終版本會於會議 舉行日期後的合理時間內寄送至各董事/董 事委員會成員,以分別供提出意見及存檔。 董事會會議記錄可供董事查閱。

Attendance of Directors at various meetings

During the Reporting Period, details of the Directors' attendance in the following meetings are set out below:

董事於各個會議之出席率

於報告期,董事就以下會議之出席率詳情載 列如下:

Number of meetings attended/Number of meetings held 出席會議次數/舉行會議次數

Directors	董事	Board Meeting 董事會會議	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. GAO Dinan	高弟男先生	8/8	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	6/6	1/1
Ms. ZHOU Yan (resigned on 28 April 2022)	周豔女士 (於二零二二年四月 二十八日辭任)	2/8	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
Mr. NIE Xin	聶鑫先生	8/8	N/A 不適用	2/2	N/A 不適用	1/1
Ms. JIANG Yu (appointed on 20 July 2022)	蔣宇女士(於二零二二 年七月二十日獲委 任)	5/8	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用





Number of meetings attended/Number of meetings held 出席會議次數/舉行會議次數

Directors	業事	Board Meeting 董事會會議	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Annual General Meeting 股東週年大會
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
Ms. ZHENG Wei	鄭煒先生	8/8	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. SONG Chunyu	宋春雨先生	2/8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(resigned on 28 April 2022)	(於二零二二年四月 二十八日辭任)		不適用	不適用	不適用	不適用
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. CHEN Baoguo	陳寶國先生	8/8	3/3	2/2	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. JIN Yongsheng	金永生先生	8/8	3/3	2/2	6/6	1/1
Ms. ZHAO Xuemei (resigned on 20 July 2022)	趙學梅女士 (於二零二二年七月 二十日辭任)	3/8	1/3	N/A 不適用	3/6	1/1
Mr. YU Limin (appointed on 20 July 2022)	余利民先生 (於二零二二年七月 二十日獲委任)	5/8	2/3	N/A 不適用	3/6	N/A 不適用

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiries of all Directors, each of the Directors has confirmed that he/she has complied with the required standards as set out in the Model Code for the Reporting Period.

The Group's employees, who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Group, are also subject to the Model Code for securities transactions. No incident of non-compliance of the Model Code by the employees was noted by the Company.

Delegation by the Board

The Board reserves for its decision right for all major matters of the Company, including: approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters. Directors could have recourse to seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense and are encouraged to access and to consult with the Company's senior management independently.

證券交易標準守則

本公司已就董事進行證券交易採納上市規則 附錄十所載標準守則作為其自身的行為守 則。經向全體董事作出具體查詢,各董事已 確認,彼於報告期已遵守標準守則所載的規 定標準。

極可能擁有本集團內幕消息的本集團僱員亦 須就進行證券交易遵守標準守則。就本公司 所知,並無僱員未遵守標準守則的事件。

董事會的授權

董事會對本公司所有重大事宜保留決策權,包括:批准及監察一切政策事宜、整體戰略及預算、內部監控及風險管理制度、重大交易(特別是該等可能涉及利益衝突的交易)、財務資料、任命董事及其他重大財務及營運事宜。董事於履行其職責時可尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔,並獲鼓勵向本公司高級管理層進行獨立諮詢。





The daily management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed by the Board. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the management.

本集團的日常管理、行政及營運授權予高級 管理層負責。授權職能及職責由董事會定期 檢討。管理層訂立任何重大交易前須取得董 事會批准。

Corporate Governance Function

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in code provision D.3.1 (which has been renumbered as code provision A.2.1 since January 1, 2022) of the CG Code. The Board recognises that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of the Directors which includes:

- 1. to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 2. to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- 3. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors;
- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board; and
- 5. to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

The Company establishes an Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The Audit Committee comprises three members, namely Mr. CHEN Baoguo (Chairman), Mr. JIN Yongsheng and Mr. YU Limin, all of them are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. YU Limin has been appointed as a member of the Audit Committee since 20 July 2022 and Ms. ZHAO Xuemei resigned as a member of the Audit Committee on 20 July 2022. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise, and provide an independent view of the effectiveness of, the financial reporting process and the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, oversee the audit process and perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

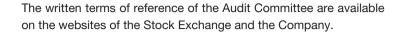
企業管治職能

董事會負責執行企業管治守則的守則條文 第D.3.1條(自二零二二年一月一日起重新編 號為守則條文第A.2.1條)所載的職能。董事 會知悉企業管治乃董事的共同責任,當中包 括:

- 依照法律及監管規定檢討及監察本公司 政策及常規;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及 持續專業發展;
- 3. 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的 操守守則及合規手冊;
- 4. 制定及檢討本公司有關企業管治的政策 及常規並就有關事宜向董事會作出推薦 意見;及
- 5. 檢討本公司有關企業管治守則的遵守情况及於企業管治報告內的披露。

董事委員會

審核委員會



Code provision C.3.3(e)(i) (which has been renumbered as code provision D.3.3(e)(i) since January 1, 2022) of the CG Code provides that the terms of reference of the Audit Committee shall have the terms that the members of the Audit Committee should liaise with the Board and senior management and the Audit Committee must meet at least twice a year with the Auditor. The Company has included such terms in relevant terms of reference, and thus complied with the Code provision C.3.3(e)(i) of the CG Code during the Reporting Period.

During the Reporting Period, three Audit Committee meetings were convened. The Audit Committee had performed the followings tasks, among others:

- reviewed the annual results for the year ended 31 December 2021 and interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2022;
- 2. reviewed the appropriateness and effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems;
- discussed with the auditor of the Company and reviewed their audit findings;
- 4. reviewed the auditors' remuneration;
- reviewed the matters in connection with the change of auditor;
- reviewed all non-audit services provided by the auditors to determine the provision of such services would affect the independence of the auditors; and
- 7. performed the corporate governance functions and reviewed the corporate governance policies and practices.

審核委員會的書面職權範圍可於聯交所及本公司網站查閱。

企業管治守則的守則條文第C.3.3(e)(i)條(自二零二二年一月一日起重新編號為守則條文第D.3.3(e)(i)條)規定,審核委員會的職權範圍應載有條款,要求審核委員會成員須與董事會及高級管理層進行聯絡,及審核委員會須每年與核數師至少舉行兩次會議。本公司已將該等條款列入有關職權範圍,因此於報告期已遵守企業管治守則的守則條文第C.3.3(e)(i)條。

於報告期,審核委員會已舉行三次會議。審核委員會已進行以下工作,其中包括:

- 1. 審閱截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度之年度業績及截至二零二二年六月 三十日止六個月之中期業績;
- 2. 檢討風險管理及內部監控系統之合適性 及有效性;
- 3. 與本公司之核數師討論及檢討其審核發現;
- 4. 檢討核數師之薪酬;
- 5. 檢討與更換核數師有關的事宜;
- 6. 檢討所有由核數師提供之非審核服務以 釐定所提供該等服務是否將影響核數師 之獨立性;及
- 7. 履行企業管治職能並檢討企業管治政策 及常規。





Nomination Committee

The Company establishes a Nomination Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee currently comprises three members, including one executive Director namely Mr. GAO Dinan (Chairman) and two independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. JIN Yongsheng and Mr. YU Limin. Mr. YU Limin has been appointed as a member of the Nomination Committee since 20 July 2022 and Ms. ZHAO Xuemei resigned as a member of the Nomination Committee on 20 July 2022. The primary functions of the Nomination Committee include, without limitation, reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, reviewing the Board diversity policy, assessing the independence of independent non-executive directors and making recommendations to the Board on matters relating to the appointment of directors.

In recommending candidates for appointment to the Board, the Nomination Committee will consider candidates on merit against objective criteria and with due regards to the benefits of diversity on the Board in accordance with the board diversity policy adopted by the Company. Diversity of the Board will be considered from a number of perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, industry experience, technical and professional skills and/or qualifications, knowledge, length of services and time to be devoted as a Director. In identifying suitable candidates, the Nomination Committee shall: (i) use open advertising or the services of external advisors to facilitate the search; (ii) consider candidates from a wide range of backgrounds; and (iii) consider candidates on merit and against objective criteria, taking care that appointees have enough time available to devote to the position. The recommendations of the Nomination Committee will then be put to the Board for decision. The written terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

During the Reporting Period, six Nomination Committee meetings were held. The Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board and the Board diversity policy as well as discussing matters regarding the appointment, retirement and re-election of Directors.

提名委員會

本公司根據上市規則附錄十四所載守則成立 提名委員會,並訂立書面職權範圍。提名委員會,並訂立書面職權範圍。提名有 事高弟男先生(主席)及兩名獨立非執行董事 金永生先生及余利民先生。余利民先生長 零二二年七月二十日起獲委任為提名委員是 成員及趙學梅女士於二零二二年七月二十日 嚴任提名委員會成員。提名委員會的 辭任提名委員會成員。討董事會的架構、評 獨立非執行董事的獨立性及就有關任命董事 之事宜向董事會提出建議。

於報告期,提名委員會已舉行六次會議。提 名委員會已檢討董事會的架構、規模及組 成及董事會多元化政策,並討論有關董事委 任、退任及重選的事宜。

Remuneration Committee

The Company establishes a Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The Remuneration Committee currently comprises three members, including two independent non-executive Directors namely Mr. JIN Yongsheng (Chairman) and Mr. CHEN Baoguo and one executive Director namely Mr. NIE Xin. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include, without limitation, (i) making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedures for developing policy on such remuneration, (ii) reviewing and approving performance based remuneration proposals with reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board, and (iii) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, which include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment.

The written terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

During the Reporting Period, two Remuneration Committee meetings were held to review and approve the remuneration of executive Directors, non-executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors.

Remuneration of Directors and Senior Management

Please refer to Note 11 to the financial statements for details of remuneration of members of the Board for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Details of the remuneration by band of Directors and senior management of the Company, whose biographies are set out on pages 29 to 35 of this annual report, for the year ended December 31, 2022 are set out below:

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會的書面職權範圍可於聯交所及本 公司網站查閱。

於報告期,已舉行兩次薪酬委員會會議,以 檢討並批准執行董事、非執行董事及獨立非 執行董事之薪酬。

董事及高級管理層薪酬

有關截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 董事會成員的薪酬詳情,請參閱財務報表附 註11。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度本公司董事及高級管理層(彼等的履歷載於本年報第29至35頁)薪酬範圍詳情載列如下:

Remuneration band (RMB)	薪酬範圍(人民幣元)	Number of individual 人數
0-1,000,000	0-1,000,000	8
1,000,001-1,500,000	1,000,001-1,500,000	_
1,500,001-2,000,000	1,500,001-2,000,000	2





DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility of preparing the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 to give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and the Group and of the Group's results and cash flows.

The management has provided to the Board such explanation and information as are necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the Company's financial statements, which are put to the Board for approval. The Company provides all members of the Board with timely updates on Company's performance, positions and prospects.

The Directors were not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement by the Auditor regarding their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Company is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on page 94 to 100 of this annual report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges that it is the Board's responsibility to ensure that the Company has established and maintained adequate and effective risk management and internal control systems. The Board delegates its responsibility to the Audit Committee to review the establishment and practices of management with respect to risk management and internal control systems formally on a half yearly basis. The Audit Committee also reviews the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems on an annual basis. The Board is also responsible for overseeing the key risks of the Company, including determining the level of risk the Company expects and is able to take, and proactively considering, analyzing and formulating strategies to manage the key risks that the Company is exposed to. The Audit Committee oversees the management of the design, implementation and monitoring of risk management and internal control systems. The senior management team also provides all necessary and relevant information to the Board, giving the Directors sufficient explanation and information they need to discharge their responsibilities and make an informed assessment of financial and other information put before them for approval. The internal audit team of the Company has direct reporting lines to the Audit Committee. These systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

董事對財務報表的財務申報責任

董事明白有責任編製截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度的財務報表,以真實中肯反 映本公司及本集團的事務,及本集團的業績 與現金流量。

管理層已向董事會提供必要的説明及資料, 以便董事會可以對有待董事會批准的本公司 的財務報表作出知情評估。本公司向董事會 全體成員提供有關本公司業績、狀況及前景 的最新資料。

董事並不知悉與可能導致本集團繼續按持續 經營基準經營的能力受到重大質疑的事件或 狀況相關的任何重大不明朗因素。

核數師有關本公司綜合財務報表申報責任的 聲明,載於本年報第94至100頁的獨立核數 師報告。

風險管理及內部控制

董事會確認會負責確保本公司設立及維持充 分及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統。審 核委員會代表董事會每半年度正式審閱管理 層在風險管理及內部監控系統方面的建設及 執行工作,每年檢討風險管理及內部監控系 統的有效性。董事會亦負責監管本公司所面 臨的關鍵風險,包括釐定本公司所預期和能 夠承受的風險水平,並積極考慮、分析及制 訂策略以管理本公司所面臨的關鍵風險。審 核委員會監督管理層在風險管理及內部監控 系統的設計、執行及監察方面的工作。高級 管理團隊亦向董事會提供一切所需及相關的 資料,給予董事履行職責所需的充分説明及 資料,以及使董事可在財務及其他資料提呈 待其批准時能作出知情評估。本公司內部審 核部門與審核委員會之間建立了直接匯報關 係。該等系統旨在管理,而不能完全消除可 能令本公司無法實現業務目標的風險,僅可 對重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理而非絕對 的保證。

We have designated responsible personnel in the Company to monitor the ongoing compliance by the Company with the relevant PRC laws and regulations that govern our business operations and oversee the implementation of any necessary measures. In addition, we plan to provide our Directors, senior management and relevant employees with continuing training programs and/or updates regarding the relevant PRC laws and regulations on a regular basis with a view to proactively identify any concerns and issues relating to any potential non-compliance. In addition, we have adopted a set of internal rules and policies governing the conduct of our employees. We have established a monitoring system to implement anti-bribery and anti-corruption measures so as to ensure that our employees comply with our internal rules and policies as well as the applicable laws and regulations. For example, our management is responsible for conducting a fraud and bribery risk assessment on an annual basis and our Audit Committee reviews and approves our annual risk assessment results and policies. We have also identified certain forbidden conducts in our internal anti-bribery and anti-corruption policies, including, among others, the prohibition to acceptance of bribes or rebates, embezzlement or misappropriation of our assets, and forgery or alteration of our accounting records.

我們已指定本公司負責人員監督本公司持續 遵守中國相關法律及法規(管治我們的業務 運營及監督任何必要措施的實施)的情況。 此外,我們計劃向董事、高級管理層及相關 僱員提供持續培訓課程及/或定期更新中國 相關法律及法規的資料,旨在積極發現有關 任何潛在不合規情況的任何關切及問題。此 外,我們已採納一系列規管我們僱員行為的 內部規則及政策。我們已建立監察系統以實 施反賄賂及反貪污措施,從而確保僱員遵守 內部規則及政策以及適用法律及法規。例 如,管理層負責每年進行欺詐及賄賂風險評 估,而審核委員會會對我們的年度風險評估 結果及政策進行審批。我們亦於內部反賄賂 及反貪污政策中列明若干禁止行為,其中包 括禁止收受賄賂或回扣、侵佔或挪用我們的 資產及偽造或更改我們的會計記錄。

Risk Management

The Company is committed to continuously improving the risk management system, including structure, process and culture, through the enhancement of risk management ability, to ensure long-term growth and sustainable development of the Company's business. The Company has established a risk management system which sets out the roles and responsibilities of each relevant party as well as the relevant risk management policies and processes. Each business group of the Company, on a regular basis, identifies and assesses risk factors that may negatively impact the achievement of its objectives, and formulates appropriate response measures

The Audit Committee assists the Board in supervising the overall risk status of the Company and evaluating the change in the nature and severity of the Company's major risks. The Audit Committee considers that the management of the Company has taken appropriate measures to address and manage the key risks which they are responsible for at a level acceptable to the Board.

風險管理

本公司一直致力不斷完善風險管理系統,包括架構、程序與文化,通過提升風險管理的能力,確保本公司業務的長遠增長和持續發展。本公司已建立風險管理系統,當中載有各相關方的角色及職責,以及相關風險管理政策和流程。本公司各事業群定期對可能負面影響目標實現的風險因素進行識別和評估,並制訂相應的風險應對措施。

審核委員會協助董事會監察本公司整體的風險狀況,並評估本公司重大風險的性質及嚴重程度的轉變。審核委員會認為本公司管理層已採取適當的措施以應對及管理彼等負責的關鍵風險至董事會可接受的風險水平。





The Audit Committee, on behalf of the Board, continuously reviews the risk management and internal control systems. The review process comprises, among other things, meetings with management of business groups, internal audit team, legal personnel and the external auditors, reviewing the relevant work reports and information of key performance indicators, and discussing the major risks with the senior management of the Company. The Board is of the view that throughout the year ended December 31, 2022, the risk management and internal control systems of the Company are effective and adequate.

In addition, the Board believes that the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions have been performed by staff with the appropriate qualifications and experience and that such staff receives appropriate and sufficient training and development. Based on the work report from the Audit Committee, the Board also believes that the Company's internal audit function is adequate with sufficient resources and budget. The relevant staff has appropriate qualifications and experience, and receives sufficient training and

Disclosure Pursuant to Rule 13.19 and Rule 13.21 of the Listing Rules

development.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 20 March 2023, the Group has failed to satisfy certain financial covenants under a banking facility with East West Bank (China) Limited (the "Lender").

Pursuant to a banking facility (the "Loan Facility") with the Lender, the Group is required to satisfy certain financial covenants including but not limited to the ratio of consolidated EBITDA to the consolidated funded debt. Based on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group has failed to satisfy such financial covenants under the Loan Facility with the Lender (the "Breach"). The Breach constitutes an event of default under the Loan Facility, in which case the Lender shall be entitled to declare that the loan under the Loan Facility, together with accrued interest, be immediately due and payable. The Breach has not resulted in any triggering of cross default provisions under other loan agreements and/or banking facilities entered into by the Group. As at the date of this annual report, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Loan Facility is approximately RMB60.0 million.

審核委員會代表董事會持續檢討風險管理及內部監控系統。檢討的程序其中包括與各事業群管理團隊、內部審核團隊、法務人員以及外聘核數師舉行會議,審閱相關工作報告和關鍵業績指標信息,以及與本公司高級管理層討論重大風險。就截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度而言,董事會認為本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統有效及充足。

另外,董事會信納,本公司的會計及財務報告職能已由具有適當資歷及經驗的員工履行,且該等員工已接受合適而充分的培訓及發展。基於審核委員會的工作報告,董事會亦信納,本公司的內部審核職能已充足並已獲足夠的資源及預算。相關員工擁有適當的資歷及經驗、取得了充分的培訓及發展。

根據上市規則第13.19及13.21條作出的 披露

誠如本公司日期為二零二三年三月二十日之公告所披露,本集團未能履行與華美銀行(中國)有限公司(「貸款人」)訂立之銀行融資項下之有關若干財務契諾。

As of the date of this report, the Group has yet to obtain a waiver from the Lender in respect of the Breach. As at the date of this report, the Lender has not made any demand for immediate repayment of the loan under the Loan Facility. Notwithstanding the Breach, the Group has not experienced any difficulties in obtaining financing with its banks for its working capital. Based on the Group's current cash position, the Company considers that the Group has sufficient financial resources to repay its indebtedness and there is no material adverse impact on the operation of the Group as a result of the Breach.

直至本報告日期,本集團尚未就違反事項向貸款人取得豁免。直至本報告日期,貸款。並無要求即時償還貸款融資項下之貸款。儘管出現違反事項,本集團在為其營運資金向銀行取得融資方面並無遇到任何困難。根據本集團目前之現金狀況,本公司認為本集團擁有充足財務資源以償還其債務,且並無因違反事項而對本集團之營運造成重大不利影響。

Further announcement regarding the Loan Facility and the status of the waiver will be made as and when appropriate. 本公司將於適當時候就貸款融資及豁免情況 另行刊發公告。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration for the audit and non audit

The remuneration for the audit and non-audit services provided by the Auditor to the Group during the year ended December 31, 2022 was approximately as follows:

核數師酬金

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,就 核數師向本集團提供的審核及非審核服務的 概約酬金載列如下:

Amount

Type of Services	服務類別	金額 (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)
Audit and audit related services*	審核及審核相關服務*	2,100
Non-audit services	非審核服務	
Total	總計	2,100

Note:

The amount of audit and audit related services fee comprises the service fee for the audit of the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements.

附註:

審核及審核相關服務的費用金額包括審核本 集團二零二二年綜合財務報表的服務費。

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. CHANG Eric Jackson has been appointed as the company secretary of the Company. See the section headed "Directors and Senior Management – Company Secretary" in this annual report for the biography of Mr. CHANG Eric Jackson.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, Mr. CHANG Eric Jackson has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training respectively in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

公司秘書

張世澤先生已獲委任為本公司的公司秘書。 有關張世澤先生的履歷,請參閱本年報「董 事及高級管理層-公司秘書」一節。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,張 世澤先生已符合上市規則第3.29條進行不少 於15小時的相關專業培訓。





COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company considers that effective communication with the Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and understanding of the Group's business, performance and strategies. The Company also recognises the importance of timely and non-selective disclosure of information, which will enable Shareholders and investors to make the informed investment decisions.

The annual general meeting of the Company provides opportunity for the Shareholders to communicate directly with the Directors. The Chairman of the Board as well as chairmen of the Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and Nomination Committee and, in their absence, other members of the respective committees will be available to answer questions at shareholder meetings. The Auditor will also attend the AGM to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

To promote effective communication, the Company adopts a Shareholders' communication policy which aims at establishing a two-way relationship and communication between the Company and the Shareholders and maintains a website of the Company at (www.wankaonline.com), where up-to-date information on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access. The shareholders' communication policy sets out a number of ways to ensure effective and efficient communication with shareholders is achieved, including but not limited to our responses to shareholders' enquiries, corporate communications (in both English and Chinese, to facilitate shareholders' understanding), posting of relevant information on the Company's website, shareholders' meetings and investment market communications.

The 2022 annual general meeting at which the external auditors attended was convened on 9 June 2023. The Board encourages all its shareholders to participate in the forthcoming AGM where the members of the Board and external auditors will be present and communicate with its shareholders.

與股東的溝通及投資者關係

本公司認為,與股東的有效溝通對加強投資 者關係及使投資者了解本集團的業務、表現 及策略非常重要。本公司亦深明及時與非選 擇性地披露資料以供股東及投資者作出知情 投資決策的重要性。

本公司股東週年大會提供股東與董事直接溝通的機會。董事會主席與薪酬委員會、審核委員會及提名委員會主席(如彼等缺席,則各委員會其他成員)將出席股東大會解答股東提問。核數師亦將出席股東週年大會,並解答有關審計行事、核數師報告的編製及內容、會計政策及核數師獨立性的提問。

為促進有效的溝通,本公司採納股東通訊政策,旨在建立本公司與股東的相互關係及溝通,並設有本公司網站(www.wankaonline.com),本公司會於網站刊登有關其業務營運及發展、財務資料、企業管治常規的影響及發展、財務資料、企業管治常規的影響,以供公眾人士獲取。股東通訊政策載有多種途徑確保能實現與股東有效且高效的溝通,包括但不限於回覆股東東有效且高效的溝通,包括但不限於回覆股東東直、公司通訊(用英文及中文,以便於股東東理解)、在公司網站發佈相關資料、股東大會及投資市場通訊。

外聘核數師出席之二零二二年股東週年大會 於二零二三年六月九日召開。董事會鼓勵所 有股東參與應屆股東週年大會,屆時董事會 成員及外聘核數師將會出席並與股東溝通。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution will be proposed for each issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Directors.

All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each general meeting.

Convening of Extraordinary General Meeting and Putting Forward Proposals

Shareholders may put forward proposals for consideration at a general meeting of the Company according to the Articles of Association. Any one or more members holding as of date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paidup capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or any one of the joint company secretaries of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting of the Company to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

As regards proposing a person for election as a Director, the procedures are available on the website of the Company.

Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders who intend to put forward their enquiries about the Company to the Board could send their enquiries to the headquarters of the Company at 4/F, Building No. B22, Universal Business Park, No.10 Jiuxianqiao Road, Chaoyang, Beijing, PRC.

CHANGE IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

On 2 June 2022, the Shareholders passed the special resolution approving the amendments to the Seventh Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company in order to fully implement the key powers and duties of the Board, allow Directors and Shareholders to attend general meetings by online means, and conform to the current revised requirements of the Listing Rules and the Cayman Islands Companies Act. An up-to-date version of the Eighth Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company is also available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

股東權利

為保障股東的利益及權利,本公司會於股東 大會上就各項議題(包括選舉個別董事)提呈 獨立決議案。

於股東大會上提呈的所有決議案將根據上市 規則以投票表決,投票結果將於各股東大會 舉行後及時於本公司及聯交所網站刊登。

召開股東特別大會及提呈建議

關於建議某位人士參選董事的事宜,可於本公司網站查閱有關程序。

向董事會提出查詢

股東如欲向董事會作出有關本公司的查詢,可將其查詢寄發至本公司總部,地址為中國 北京市朝陽區酒仙橋路10號恒通商務園B22 座4層。

章程文件的更改

於二零二二年六月二日,股東通過特別決議 案,批准修訂本公司第七次經修訂及重列組 織章程大綱及細則,以全面落實董事會的主 要權力及職責,允許董事及股東以線上方式 出席股東大會,並遵循上市規則及開曼群島 公司法的現行經修訂規定。本公司第八次經 修訂及重列組織章程大綱及細則的最新版本 亦可於本公司網站及聯交所網站查閱。



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To the shareholders of Wanka Online Inc.

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Wanka Online Inc. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 101 to 234, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致萬咖壹聯有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計萬咖壹聯有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第 101至234頁的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務 報表包括於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜 合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益 表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜 合現金流量表以及綜合財務報表附註,包括 重大會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》(「《香港財務報告準則》」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告《核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任》部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在對綜合財務報表整體進行 審計並形成意見的背景下進行處理的,我們 不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of goodwill 商譽減值評估

As at 31 December 2022, the carrying amount before impairment of the Group's goodwill was approximately RMB189,586,000, which is subject to annual impairment test. Impairment provision is required when the recoverable amounts of the cashgenerating units ("CGUs") to which the goodwill is allocated are lower than the respective carrying values of the respective CGUs. During the year ended 31 December 2022, based on the impairment assessment of goodwill, the Group recognised goodwill impairment of RMB154,786,000.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的商譽於減值前的賬面值約為人民幣189,586,000元,其取決於每年的減值測試,當測試發現被分攤商譽的現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)的可收回金額小於相關現金產生單位的賬面值時,應計提減值撥備。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 貴集團基於商譽減值評估確認商譽減值人民幣154.786,000元。

The calculation of the recoverable amounts of these CGUs involved significant management's estimation, subjective assumptions and judgements, such as expected future cash flows from the CGUs, budgeted gross margins, revenue growth rates and discount rates, and is sensitive due to business and market volatility, and uncertain economic outlook.

對該等現金產生單位可收回金額的計算涉及有重要的管理層估計、主觀假設及判斷,例如現金產生單位的預計未來現金流量、預算毛利率、收入增長率以及貼現率。這些系數因業務及市場波動性及經濟前景的不確定性而較敏感。

Relevant disclosures of accounting policies, accounting judgements and estimates and impairment testing of goodwill are included in notes 4, 5, and 18 to the financial statements.

會計政策、會計判斷和估計以及商譽減值測試的相關披露載於財務報表附註4、5及18。

We performed the following audit procedures, among others, on the impairment testing of goodwill: 我們對商譽減值測試執行以下審計程序(其中包括):

- we assessed the key assumptions underlying the cash flow forecasts, including revenue growth rates, budgeted gross margins and discount rates through enquiry with management and by reference to the historical performance and business plans of the relevant CGUs. We also took into account the accuracy of previous budgeting process;
- 我們通過詢問管理層,參照相關現金產生單位的歷 史表現和商業計劃評估相關現金流量預測的主要假 設,包括收入增長率、預算毛利率及貼現率。我們 亦考慮過往預算編製過程的準確性;
- we engaged our external valuation specialists to assess the methodologies and certain significant assumptions such as the discount rates used by management in the impairment testing; and
- 我們聘請外部估值專家評估方法及若干重大假設, 例如管理層在減值測試中使用的貼現率;及
- we assessed the adequacy of disclosures in relation to the Group's goodwill impairment test in the consolidated financial statements.
- 我們評估綜合財務報表中有關 貴集團商譽減值測 試的披露是否充足。



Key audit matters (continued)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Provision for expected credit losses on accounts receivable 應收賬款預期信貸虧損撥備

Accounts receivable constituted a significant portion of total assets of the Group as at 31 December 2022 and the Group was exposed to credit risks thereof. The Group recognises an allowance based on the expected credit loss ("ECL") approach under Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 9 *Financial Instruments*. The measurement of ECL requires the application of significant judgement and estimates, such as provision rates which are based on days past due for customers that have similar loss patterns, historical credit loss experience and forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,應收賬款佔 貴集團總資產的重大部分, 貴集團面臨信貸風險。 貴集團根據香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具的預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)法確認撥備。預期信貸虧損的計量需要應用重大判斷及估計,例如基於逾期天數就具有類似虧損模式、過往信貸虧損經驗的客戶作出撥備率,以及債務人特定的前瞻性因素及經濟環境。

Relevant disclosures of accounting policies, accounting judgements and estimates and impairment of accounts receivables are included in notes 4, 5 and 22 to the financial statements.

會計政策、會計判斷和估計以及應收賬款減值的相關披露載於財務報表附註4、5及22。

We performed the following audit procedures, among others, on the impairment assessment of accounts receivable:

我們對應收賬款減值評估執行以下審計程序(其中包括):

- we obtained an understanding of and assessed management's processes and controls relating to the credit control and collection of accounts receivable;
- 我們了解並評估管理層有關信貸控制及收回應收賬款的流程及控制;
- we obtained and assessed management's expected credit loss allowance and judgements on the recoverability of accounts receivable by examining the information used by management to establish such judgements and estimates, such as the historical default information, current economic conditions and forward-looking information;
- 我們通過檢查管理層用以確定有關判斷及估計的資料,如過往違約資料、當前經濟狀況及前瞻性資料,取得並評估管理層的預期信貸虧損準備及對應收賬款可收回性的判斷;
- we tested the ageing analysis and past due analysis of accounts receivable on sample basis; we also considered the collection of the accounts receivable subsequent to the end of the reporting period; and
- 我們抽樣測試應收賬款的賬齡分析表及逾期分析 表;我們亦考慮於報告期結束後應收賬款的收回 性;及
- we assessed the adequacy of disclosures in relation to impairment of accounts receivable in the consolidated financial statements.
- 我們評估綜合財務報表中有關應收賬款減值的披露 是否充足。
- we engaged our external valuation specialist to assess the adjusted reasonables of the forwardlooking information used by the management in the impairment assessment.
- 我們委聘外部估值專家評估管理層於減值評估中所用前瞻性資料的經調整合理性。

Other information included in the Annual Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

年報內的其他資料

貴公司董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包 括刊載於年報內的資料,但不包括綜合財務 報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資 料,我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責 任是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他 資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程 中所瞭解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在 重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工 作,如果我們認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳 述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們 沒有任何報告。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》 的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報 表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評 估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況 下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持 續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意 將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實 際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行職責,監 督 貴集團的財務報告過程。



Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅對全體成員作出報告,除此以外,本報告並無其他用途。我們不會就核數師報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態 度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險, 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險, 及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為 我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或 以 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable actions taken to eliminate threats or, safeguards applied.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大時續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則為存在重大不確定性,則為為存在重大不確定性,則為為有數數。假若有關的披露不足的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就本集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息 獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜 合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集 團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審 計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,說明我們已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨 立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的 情況下,消除不利影響的行動或採取的防範 措施。



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Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責 任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重 要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師 報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許 公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況 下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項 造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們 決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants Chan, Wing Fai Practising Certificate no. P05443

Hong Kong, 27 March 2023

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 陳永輝 執業證書編號P05443

香港,二零二三年三月二十七日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the Year ended 31 December 2022

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
REVENUE	收益	7	2,300,875	2,098,198
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(2,066,400)	(1,834,882)
Gross profit	毛利		234,475	263,316
Other income and gains Selling and distribution expenses Research and development costs	其他收入及收益 銷售及分銷開支 研發成本	8	42,718 (19,372) (86,192)	17,138 (15,001) (67,036)
Impairment loss on accounts receivable Administrative expenses Other expenses and losses	應收賬款減值虧損 行政開支 其他開支及虧損		(35,950) (52,793) (160,114)	(37,401) (46,301) (1,107)
Share-based payment expenses Finance costs Share of losses in associates	以股份為基礎的付款開支 財務成本 分佔聯營公司虧損	30 10	(22,192) (7,696) (4,337)	(18,160) (7,549) (3,826)
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前(虧損)/溢利	9	(111,453)	84,073
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	13	(17,105)	(21,776)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內(虧損)/溢利		(128,558)	62,297
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	以下應佔年內(虧損)/ 溢利: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(129,537) 979	62,297 -
			(128,558)	62,297
(LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT (expressed in RMB per share)	母公司普通權益持有人應 佔每股(虧損)/盈利 (以每股人民幣列示)	15		
Basic	基本		(RMB0.09) (人民幣0.09元)	RMB 0.04 人民幣0.04元
Diluted	攤薄		(RMB0.09) (人民幣0.09元)	RMB 0.04 人民幣0.04元

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 For the Year ended 31 December 2022

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內(虧損)/溢利	(128,558)	62,297
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	其他全面收入		
Other comprehensive (loss)/income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	待後續期間可重新分類至損益的 其他全面(虧損)/收入:		
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算境外業務產生的匯兑差額	(12,967)	3,397
Net other comprehensive (loss)/income that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	待後續期間可重新分類至損益的 其他全面(虧損)/收入淨額	(12,967)	3,397
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	不會在後續期間重新分類至損益 的其他全面收入/(虧損):		
Exchange differences on translation of the Company	本公司換算產生的匯兑差額	22,844	(6,374)
Net other comprehensive income/(loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	不會在後續期間重新分類至損益的其他全面收入/(虧損)淨額	22,844	(6,374)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR, NET OF TAX	年內其他全面收入/(虧損), 除税後	9,877	(2,977)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR	年內全面(虧損)/收入總額	(118,681)	59,320
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO:	以下應佔年內全面(虧損)/ 收入總額: 本公司擁有人	(110 550)	E0 220
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest	本公司擁有人 非控股權益	(119,660) 979	59,320
		(118,681)	59,320

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

於二零二二年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2022

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
NON CURRENT ACCETS				
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產	4.0		4 500
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16	2,065	1,592
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	17(a)	10,188	26,965
Goodwill	商譽	18	34,800	183,164
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	19	7,006	7,480
Investments in associates	於聯營公司的投資	20	1,115	2,022
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	21	12,135	8,587
Prepayments	預付款項	23	58,165	42,675
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		125,474	272,485
Total Holl Carrolle accets	<u> </u>		120,114	272,100
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產			
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	22	601,259	581,348
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及			
receivables	其他應收款項	23	571,816	546,647
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	24	538,224	401,102
Time deposits with original maturity over	原到期日超過三個月			
three months	的定期存款	24	12,637	_
Restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款	24	61,690	43,781
	_ = 1 \\ \tau - \rightarrow 1 \\ \tau \\			
Total current assets	流動資產總值		1,785,626	1,572,878
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Accounts payable	應付賬款	25	52,959	74,330
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	26	74,303	52,715
Contract liabilities	合約負債	27	27,833	29,844
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行借款	28	260,000	171,647
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	17(b)	6,499	6,990
Income tax payable	應付所得税	(2)	109,427	99,102
				ŕ
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		531,021	434,628
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨額		1,254,605	1,138,250
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	總資產減流動負債			
LIABILITIES	MU 只 注 MM //IU 却 只 良		1,380,079	1,410,735

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

於二零二二年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2022

母公司擁有人應佔股權 已發行股本 庫存股份 其他儲備 非控股權益	29 31	1 _* 1,293,444 1,293,445 79,379	1 _* 1,390,912 1,390,913 _
已發行股本 庫存股份		_*	_*
已發行股本 庫存股份		_*	_*
已發行股本	29	•	
母公司擁有人應佔股權			
股權			
資產淨額		1,372,824	1,390,913
非流動負債總額		7,255	19,822
遞延税項負債	21	1,435	495
非流動負債 租賃負債	17(b)	5,820	19,327
	Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	租賃負債 遞延税項負債 非流動負債總額 資產淨額 股權	所註 非流動負債 租賃負債 17(b) 遞延税項負債 21 非流動負債總額 資產淨額	Notes 附註 RMB'000 人民幣千元 非流動負債 17(b) 5,820 近延税項負債 遞延税項負債 21 1,435 非流動負債總額 7,255 資產淨額 1,372,824

The amount is less than RMB1,000.

金額不足人民幣1,000元。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 2022

						Attributa	able to owners of t 母公司擁有人應佔				
							Employee share-based	Statutory	Exchange		
			Issued capital	Treasury shares	Share premium	Capital	compensation reserve	reserve	fluctuation	Accumulated losses	Tota
			Сарна	Sildies	premium	reserve	以股份為基礎的僱員	lulius	reserve	105565	equity
			已發行股本	庫存股份	股份溢價	資本儲備	薪酬儲備	法定儲備金	匯兑波動儲備	累計虧損	股權總額
		Notes 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日		1	ال ا	1,642,834	9,532	54,641	22,877	(38,803)	(534,284)	1,156,798
Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year:	年內溢利		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62,297	62,297
Exchange differences	在 進 正 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五 五		-	-		-	-	-	(2,977)	-	(2,977
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收入總額										
for the year			-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,977)	62,297	59,320
Issue of shares [^] Issue of shares for restricted share	發行股份^ 為受限制股份單位	29(b)	j	-	156,635	-	-	-	-	-	156,635
units^^	發行股份^^		Ĵ	J	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Appropriation to statutory reserve funds Vested restricted share units	接入法定儲備金 轉讓予僱員之已歸屬		-	-	-	-	-	3,124	-	(3,124)	-
transferred to employee	受限制股份單位		Ĵ	-	10,482	-	(10,482)	-	-	-	-
Equity-settled share option arrangements	以權益結算的購股權安排	30	-	-	-	-	18,160	-	-	-	18,160
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年										

The amount is less than RMB1,000.

- On 1 March 2021, the Company completed the placing of 135,000,000 new ordinary shares in the share capital of the Company with a par value of US\$0.0000002 (equivalent to approximately RMB0.0000013) (the "Share(s)") at the placing price of HK\$1.45 per Share (the "Placing"). For further details of the Placing, please refer to the related announcements of the Company dated 21 February 2021 and 1 March 2021.
- On 18 May 2021, 30,645,000 new shares of US\$0.0000002 (equivalent to approximately RMB0.0000014) each were issued and allotted at par value pursuant to the general mandate for the restricted share units scheme adopted by the Company on 29 August 2019. For details of the transaction, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 11 May 2021 and 18 May 2021.

- 於二零二一年三月一日,本公司完成以配售價 每股股份1.45港元配售135,000,000股本公司 股本內面值0.0000002美元(相當於約人民幣 0.0000013元)的新普通股(「股份」)(「配售事 項」)。有關配售事項的進一步詳情,請參閱本 公司日期為二零二一年二月二十一日及二零二 一年三月一日的有關公告。
- 於二零二一年五月十八日,根據本公司於二零 一九年八月二十九日採納的受限制股份單位計 劃一般授權,每股面值0.000002美元(相當於 約人民幣0.0000014元)的30,645,000股新股份 按面值發行及配發。有關交易的詳情,請參閱 本公司日期為二零二一年五月十一日及二零二 一年五月十八日的公告。

金額不足人民幣1,000元。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 2022

						Attribu	table to owners o 母公司擁有人應					_	
			Issued capital	Treasury shares	Share premium	Capital reserve	Employee share-based compensation reserve	Statutory reserve funds	Exchange fluctuation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
		Notes 附註	已發行股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	庫存股份 RMB'000 人民幣千元	股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	以股份為 基礎的僱員 薪酬儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	法定儲備金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	外匯 波動儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	非控股 權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	股權總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022 Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:	於二零二二年一月一日 年內虧損 年內其他全面收入:		1 -	j	1,809,951*	9,532* -	62,319* -	26,001* -	(41,780) ⁻	(475,111)* (129,537)	1,390,913 (129,537)	979	1,390,913 (128,558
Exchange differences	匯兑差額		-	-	-	-	-	-	9,877	-	9,877	-	9,877
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額		-				-	-	9,877	(129,537)	(119,660)	979	(118,681
Issue of shares for restricted units^^^ Capital injection from the	為受限制單位 發行股份^^^ 來自非控股權益的注資		J	J		-	-	-	-	-			
non-controlling interest			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	78,400	78,400
Vested restricted share units transferred to employee Equity-settled share	料譲 → 催 → 催 → 催 → 催 → 催 → 催 → 催 → 催 → 催 →		3	-	18,158	-	(18,158)	-	-	-	-	-	-
option arrangements		30	-	-	-	-	22,192	-	-	-	22,192	-	22,192
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日		1	J	1,828,109*	9,532*	66,353*	26,001*	(31,903)*	(604,648)*	1,293,445	79,379	1,372,824

The amount is less than RMB1,000.

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated other reserves of RMB1,293,444,000 (2021:RMB1,390,912,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

On 10 May 2022, 40,800,000 new shares of US\$0.0000002 (equivalent to approximately RMB0.0000013) each were issued and allotted at par value pursuant to the general mandate for the restricted share units scheme adopted by the Company on 29 August 2019. For details of the transaction, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 28 April 2022 and 10 May 2022.

金額低於人民幣1,000元。

該等儲備賬目包括綜合財務狀況表內綜合其 他儲備人民幣1,293,444,000元(二零二一 年:人民幣1,390,912,000元)。

於二零二二年五月十日,根據本公司於二 零一九年八月二十九日採納的受限制股份 單位計劃的一般授權按面值發行及配發 40,800,000股每股面值0.0000002美元(相 當於約人民幣0.0000013元)的新股份。有 關交易的詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零二 二年四月二十八日及二零二二年五月十日的 公告。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 2022

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Notes	—❤—— + RMB'000	—◆——+ RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營活動的現金流量			
ACTIVITIES	紅呂石到的先並加里			
(Loss)/profit before tax	除税前(虧損)/溢利		(111,453)	84,073
Adjustments for:	就以下各項作出調整:		(, , , , , ,	, , ,
Foreign exchange gains, net	外匯收益淨額	8	(2)	(706)
Finance costs	財務成本	10	7,696	7,549
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	8	(1,045)	(951)
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及			
plant and equipment	設備虧損	9	-	4
Impairment loss on accounts receivable	應收賬款減值虧損	9	35,950	37,401
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	16	356	468
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	17	6,326	4,924
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	19	7,229	6,216
Gain on derecognition of lease	租賃終止確認的收益	. •	(22)	(8)
Share of losses in associates	分佔聯營公司虧損		4,337	3,826
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	18	154,786	448
Gain on disposal of an investment	出售於一間聯營公司			
in an associate	投資的收益		-	(2)
Derecognition of accounts payable	終止確認應收賬款		(20,965)	-
Share-based payment expenses	以股份為基礎的			
	付款開支		22,192	18,160
			105,385	161,402
Increase in accounts receivable	應收賬款增加		(36,458)	(47,583)
Increase in prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及		, , ,	,
other receivables	其他應收款項增加		(21,565)	(28,414)
Increase in long-term prepayments	長期預付款項增加		(15,490)	(11,445)
(Decrease)/increase in accounts payable	應付賬款(減少)/增加		(31,073)	29,623
Decrease in contract liabilities	合約負債減少		(2,011)	(15,400)
Increase in other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及		04.400	11 751
	應計款項增加		21,198	11,751
Cash generated from operations	營運所得現金		19,986	99,934
Interest received	已收利息		410	951
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(11,065)	(11,032)
Not each flows from an artists and its	~~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~			
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量 淨額		9,331	90 952
	伊 俄		স, ১১।	89,853

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December 2022

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	设 活動的現金流量			
ACTIVITIES	5. 中, 日,			
,	対購一間附屬公司, 扣除所收取現金		(O EQ4)	
acquired	出售於一間聯營公司		(2,584)	_
Proceeds from disposal of an investment 出 in associate	投資的所得款項		_	380
	出售物業、廠房及		_	300
plant and equipment	設備的所得款項		7	9
	最		,	J
plant and equipment	設備項目		(750)	(1,072)
	系到期日超過三個月的 第到期日超過三個月的		(1.00)	(.,)
maturity over three months	定期存款增加		(12,637)	_
	主資一間聯營公司		(3,430)	(2,450)
				(, ,
Net cash flows used in investing activities 投	设資活動所用現金流量			
	淨額		(19,394)	(3,133)
	增資活動的現金流量			
ACTIVITIES	3 TIL NO / = //> +L	- · · · ·		
	即銀行貸款	34(b)	350,353	249,647
	賞還銀行貸款 ※伝統通い	34(b)	(262,000)	(272,996)
•	發行普通股 3.焦付款的本金部公	0.4/5)	(0.550)	156,635
	1賃付款的本金部分 	34(b)	(3,559)	(5,700)
	⊧控股權益注資 ₿付利息	34(b)	78,400 (8,014)	(7,503)
(Increase)/decrease of restricted bank deposits 受		34(D)	(0,014)	(7,503)
(increase)/decrease of restricted bank deposits &	減少		(17,909)	588
			(11,000)	
Net cash flows from financing activities 關	增活動所得現金流量			
	淨額		137,271	120,671
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH 現	見金及現金等價物增加			
EQUIVALENTS	淨額		127,208	207,391
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning 年	F初現金及現金等價物			
of year			401,102	195,983
Net foreign exchange difference	爭外匯差額 —————————		9,914	(2,272)
	F末現金及現金等價物 -			404 400
AT END OF YEAR			538,224	401,102
	見金及現金等價物分析			
EQUIVALENTS	3 A 7 A 7 A 7 A 7		500.004	101 100
Cash and bank balances 現	見金及銀行結餘		538,224	401,102
Cook and each equivalents as stated in the	2.4.1.2.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.4.1.			
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the significant statement of financial position	宗合財務狀況表及綜合現 金流量表所示現金及現			
and consolidated statement of cash flows	金等價物		538,224	401,102
and someondated statement of easi news	业 寸 [N] [M]		000,227	701,102

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

Wanka Online Inc. (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 7 November 2014. Its registered office address is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O.Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands, and principal place of business is 4th Floor, Building No. B22, Universal Business Park, No.10 Jiuxiangiao Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing, PRC. The Company, together with its subsidiaries, is collectively referred to as the Group.

Prior to November 2014, the offshore structure was held by the Company's predecessor, Wanka Inc., a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 20 May 2014. On 7 November 2014, the Company entered into a letter agreement with Wanka Inc., pursuant to which all the shares of Wanka Holdings Limited, a company set up in Hong Kong by Wanka Inc., would be transferred from Wanka Inc. to the Company for a consideration of HK\$1.0. The transfer was completed on 28 November 2014 and since then, the Company has been the holding company of the Group.

During the year, the Company and its subsidiaries, including controlled structured entities, were mainly involved in the mobile advertising services, online-video distribution services, game co-publishing services and software maintenance services.

公司及集團資料 1.

萬咖壹聯有限公司(「本公司」)為一家 於二零一四年十一月七日在開曼群島註 冊成立的有限責任公司。其註冊辦事 處地址位於Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands及主要營 業地點為中國北京市朝陽區酒仙橋路 10號恒通商務園B22座4層。本公司連 同其附屬公司統稱為本集團。

於二零一四年十一月之前,有關境外架 構乃由本公司的前身Wanka Inc.持有, 該公司乃於二零一四年五月二十日在開 曼群島註冊成立。於二零一四年十一月 七日,本公司與Wanka Inc.訂立一份函 件協議,據此,玩咖控股有限公司(一 家由Wanka Inc.在香港成立的公司)的 全部股份將以1.0港元的代價由Wanka Inc.轉讓予本公司。有關轉讓已於二零 一四年十一月二十八日完成,自此,本 公司一直為本集團的控股公司。

於年內,本公司及其附屬公司(包括受 控結構性實體)主要從事提供移動廣告 服務、網絡視頻產品分發服務、遊戲聯 運服務及軟件維護服務。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

附屬公司的相關資料

本公司的主要附屬公司的詳情載列如 下:

Name	Place and date of incorporation/registration and place of operations 註冊成立/註冊地點及日期以及營業地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/ 註冊股本面值	Percentage equity attribut the Compa Direct 本公司應佔股 直接	able to any Indirect	Principal activities 主營業務
Wanka Holdings Limited ("Wanka Holdings") 玩咖控股有限公司(「玩咖控股」)	Hong Kong 6 June 2014 香港 二零一四年六月六日	HK\$1 1港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Wanka Huanju Culture Media (Beijing) Co., Ltd.*^ ("Wanka Huanju") 玩咖歡聚文化傳媒(北京)有限公司*^ (「玩咖歡聚」)	People's Republic of China ("PRC")/Mainland China 10 October 2014 中華人民共和國 (「中國」)/中國大陸 二零一四年十月十日	US\$100,000,000 100,000,000美元	-	100	Mobile advertising services 移動廣告服務
Structured entities: 結構性實體:					
Huanju Times Culture Media (Beijing) Co., Ltd.* ("Huanju Times") 歡聚時代文化傳媒(北京)有限公司* (「歡聚時代」)	PRC/Mainland China 7 March 2014 中國/中國大陸 二零一四年三月七日	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	-	Note 1 附註1	Mobile advertising services 移動廣告服務
Beijing Jingzhe Century Information Technology Co., Ltd.* 北京驚蟄世紀信息技術有限公司*	PRC/Mainland China 15 November 2006 中國/中國大陸 二零零六年十一月十五日	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	Note 2 附註2	Mobile advertising services and game co-publishing services 移動廣告服務及 遊戲聯運服務
Hui Times Information Technology Service (Jilin) Co., Ltd.* 惠時代信息技術服務 (吉林)有限公司*	PRC/Mainland China 31 December 2019 中國/中國大陸 二零一九年十二月三十一日	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	Note 2 附註2	Game co-publishing services 遊戲聯運服務
Wanka Huanju Culture Media (Hainan) Co., Ltd.* 玩咖歡聚文化傳媒 (海南) 有限公司*	PRC/Mainland China 1 June 2017 中國/中國大陸 二零一七年六月一日	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	Note 2 附註2	Mobile advertising services 移動廣告服務
Wanka Huanju Culture Media (Tianjin) Co., Ltd.* 玩咖歡聚文化傳媒(天津)有限公司*	PRC/Mainland China 9 June 2017 中國/中國大陸 二零一七年六月九日	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	-	Note 2 附註2	Mobile advertising services 移動廣告服務

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION 1. 公司及集團資料(續) (continued)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

附屬公司的相關資料(續)

Name 名稱	Place and date of incorporation/ registration and place of operations 註冊成立/註冊地點及 日期以及營業地點	Nominal value of issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通/ 註冊股本面值	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company Direct Indirect 本公司應佔股權比例 直接 間接	Principal activities 主營業務
Sichuan Wanka Huanju Culture Media Co., Ltd.* ("Sichuan Wanka") 四川玩咖歡聚文化傳媒有限公司* (「四川玩咖」)	PRC/Mainland China 17 November 2017 中國/中國大陸 二零一七年十一月十七日	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	- Note 2 附註2	Mobile advertising services 移動廣告服務
Suzhou Longying Software Development Co., Ltd.* ("Suzhou Longying") 蘇州龍盈軟件開發有限公司* (「蘇州龍盈」)	PRC/Mainland China 28 September 2017 中國/中國大陸 二零一七年九月二十八日	RMB100,000,000 人民幣100,000,000元	- Note 2 附註2	Mobile advertising services 移動廣告服務
Shanghai ChiLe Information Technology Co., Ltd.* ("Shanghai ChiLe") 上海池樂信息科技有限公司* (「上海池樂」)	PRC/Mainland China 18 June 2014 中國/中國大陸 二零一四年六月十八日	RMB40,816,327 人民幣40,816,327元	- Note 1 附註1	Online-video distribution services 網絡視頻產品分發服務
Xinjiang ChiLe Information Technology Co., Ltd.* 新疆池樂信息科技有限公司*	PRC/Mainland China 26 September 2016 中國/中國大陸 二零一六年九月二十六日	RMB5,000,000 人民幣5,000,000元	- Note 3 附註3	Online-video distribution services 網絡視頻產品分發服務
Shanghai Langdao Information Technology Co., Ltd.* 上海狼道信息科技有限公司*	PRC/Mainland China 27 July 2016 中國/中國大陸 二零一六年七月二十七日	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	- Note 3 附註3	Online-video distribution services 網絡視頻產品分發服務
Beijing ChiLe Information Technology Co., Ltd.* ("Beijing Chile") 北京池樂信息科技有限公司* (「北京池樂」)	PRC/Mainland China 14 July 2021 中國/中國大陸 二零二一年七月十四日	RMB10,000,000 人民幣10,000,000元	- Note 3 附註3	Online-video distribution services 網絡視頻產品分發服務
Zhonghe Channels Management Co., Ltd* ("Zhonghe") 中和渠道管理有限公司*(「中和」)	PRC/Mainland China 28 December 2016 中國/中國大陸 二零一六年十二月二十八日	RMB100,000,000 人民幣100,000,000元	- Note 1 附註1	Software maintenance services 軟件維護服務
Suzhou Jinglan Cloud Technology Co., Ltd.* ("Suzhou Jinglan") 蘇州鯨瀾雲科技有限公司* (「蘇州鯨瀾」)	PRC/Mainland China 9 September 2022 中國/中國大陸 二零二二年九月九日	RMB81,600,000 人民幣81,600,000元	- Note 2 附註2	Game co-publishing services 遊戲聯運服務

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION 1. (continued)

Information about subsidiaries (continued)

Note 1: Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and Zhonghe were set up under PRC law and were controlled by the Company through Wanka Huanju via a series of contractual arrangements.

Note 2: The Company does not have direct or indirect legal ownership of these entities which were set up under PRC law and were controlled by the Group through Huanju Times. These companies are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Huanju Times.

Note 3: The Company does not have direct or indirect legal ownership of these entities which were set up under PRC law and were controlled by the Group through Shanghai ChiLe. These companies are wholly-owned subsidiaries of Shanghai ChiLe.

Notes:

- The names of these subsidiaries referred to in this report represent management's best effort in translating the Chinese names of the subsidiaries, as no English names have been registered.
- This company is registered as a wholly-foreign-owned enterprise under PRC law.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

附屬公司的相關資料(續)

附註1: 歡聚時代、上海池樂及中和乃根據 中國法律而設立, 並由本公司通過 玩咖歡聚透過一系列合約安排而控 制。

附註2: 本公司並無直接或間接於該等實體 中擁有法定所有權,而該等實體乃 根據中國法律而設立,並由本集團 通過歡聚時代而控制。該等公司為 歡聚時代的全資附屬公司。

附註3: 本公司並無直接或間接於該等實體 中擁有法定所有權,而該等實體乃 根據中國法律而設立,並由本集團 通過 上海池樂而控制。該等公司為 上海池樂的全資附屬公司。

附註:

- 本報告所提述的該等附屬公司的名稱 乃管理層盡力翻譯其中文名稱的結 果,原因是未曾註冊任何英文名稱。
- 該公司已根據中國法律登記為外商獨 資企業。

前述表格載述董事認為對本集團年度業 績造成重大影響或構成資產淨值主要部 分的本公司附屬公司。董事認為列出其 他附屬公司之詳情會令本報表過於冗 長。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION 1. (continued)

Contractual arrangements

The regulations in Mainland China restrict foreign ownership of companies that provide certain Internet related businesses, which include certain activities and services operated by the Group.

In order to enable certain foreign companies to make investments into these businesses of the Group, the Company controls certain subsidiaries through contractual arrangements. In 2014, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, Wanka Huanju entered into a series of contractual arrangements (the "2014 Contractual Arrangements") with Huanju Times and its registered shareholders which were further updated in 2016 (the "2016 Contractual Arrangements"). Wanka Huanju, Shanghai ChiLe and Shanghai ChiLe's registered shareholders entered into a set of contractual arrangements dated 9 March 2018 in compliance with the applicable rules and requirements, namely the ChiLe Contractual Arrangements.

In preparation for the listing of the Company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, in 2018, (i) Wanka Huanju, Huanju Times and Huanju Times' registered shareholders entered into a new set of contractual arrangements in compliance with the applicable rules and requirements, namely the 2018 Contractual Arrangements, which superseded and replaced the 2014 and 2016 Contractual Arrangements and entered into force from June 2018; and (ii) Wanka Huanju, Shanghai ChiLe and Shanghai ChiLe's registered shareholders entered into a new set of contractual arrangements in compliance with the applicable rules and requirements, namely the New ChiLe Contractual Arrangements, which superseded and replaced the ChiLe Contractual Arrangements and entered into force from June 2018.

公司及集團資料(續) 1.

合約安排

中國大陸的法規限制外商擁有提供互聯 網相關業務的公司,當中包括本集團所 經營的若干活動及服務。

為使若干外國公司能投資於本集團的該 等業務,本公司通過合約安排而控制若 干附屬公司。於二零一四年,本公司的 全資附屬公司玩咖歡聚與歡聚時代及其 註冊股東訂立一系列合約安排(「二零 -四年合約安排」),並於二零一六年進 一步更新(「二零一六年合約安排」)。 玩咖歡聚、上海池樂及上海池樂的註冊 股東依照適用規則及規定訂立一系列日 期為二零一八年三月九日的合約安排 (即池樂合約安排)。

為籌備本公司於香港聯合交易所有限公 司主板上市,於二零一八年,(i)玩咖歡 聚、歡聚時代及歡聚時代的註冊股東依 照適用規則及規定訂立一系列新合約安 排(即二零一八年合約安排),該等安 排已取代及替換二零一四年及二零一六 年合約安排並自二零一八年六月起生 效;及(ii)玩咖歡聚、上海池樂及上海 池樂的註冊股東依照適用規則及規定訂 立一系列新合約安排(即新池樂合約安 排),該等安排已取代及替換池樂合約 安排並自二零一八年六月起生效。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

Contractual arrangements (continued)

The 2014 Contractual Arrangements, 2016 Contractual Arrangements and 2018 Contractual Arrangements, ChiLe Contractual Arrangements and New ChiLe Contractual Arrangements, collectively referred to as the Contractual Arrangements, have enabled the Group to conduct businesses in industries that are subject to foreign investment restrictions in Mainland China, and enable Wanka Huanju to:

- govern the financial and operating policies of Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe;
- 2) exercise equity holders' voting rights of Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe;
- 3) receive substantially all of the economic interest returns generated by Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe as consideration for the business support, technical and consulting services provided by Wanka Huanju;
- 4) obtain an irrevocable and exclusive right to purchase all or part of the equity interests in Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe from the respective registered shareholders at a minimum purchase price when it is permitted under laws and regulations in Mainland China. Wanka Huanju can exercise such options at any time until it has acquired all equity interests of Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe;
- 5) Obtain a pledge over the respective existing and future equity interests, including any interest or dividend paid for the shares, in Huanju Times and Shanghai ChiLe, to Wanka Huanju as a security interest to guarantee the performance of contractual obligations and the payment of outstanding debts from the respective registered shareholders.

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

合約安排(續)

二零一四年合約安排、二零一六年合約 安排及二零一八年合約安排、池樂合約 安排及新池樂合約安排統稱為合約安 排,令本集團可在中國大陸受外商投資 限制的行業開展業務,亦令玩咖歡聚

- 支配歡聚時代及上海池樂的財務 1) 及經營政策;
- 行使歡聚時代及上海池樂股權持 2) 有人的投票權;
- 獲取歡聚時代及上海池樂所產生 3) 的幾平所有經濟利益回報,以作 為玩咖歡聚所提供業務支持、技 術及諮詢服務的代價;
- 獲得可在中國大陸的法律及法規 4) 允許時以最低購買價向相應註冊 股東購買歡聚時代及上海池樂全 部或部分股權的不可撤銷及獨家 權利。玩咖歡聚可隨時行使上述 選擇權,直至其已取得歡聚時代 及上海池樂的全部股權;
- 獲得其各自就歡聚時代及上海池 5) 樂現有及日後股權(包括就股份 支付的任何利息或股息)而作為 擔保各註冊股東履行合約責任及 支付所欠債務的抵押擔保而向玩 咖歡聚作出的質押。

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1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

Contractual arrangements (continued)

As a result of the Contractual Arrangements, the Group has rights to exercise power over Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries, receives variable returns from its involvement in Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries, has the ability to affect those returns through its power over Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries and is considered to control Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries. Consequently, the Company regards Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries as controlled structured entities and consolidated the assets, liabilities and results of operations of Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries in the financial statements of the Group.

Nevertheless, the Contractual Arrangements may not be as effective as direct legal ownership in providing the Group with direct control over Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries. Uncertainties presented by the legal system in Mainland China could impede the Group's beneficiary rights of the results, assets and liabilities of Huaniu Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries. The directors of the Company, based on the advice of its legal counsel, consider that the Contractual Arrangements among Wanka Huanju, Huanju Times and its registered shareholders and the Contractual Arrangements among Wanka Huanju, Shanghai ChiLe and its registered shareholders are in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations in Mainland China and are legally binding and enforceable.

2 **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

公司及集團資料(續) 1.

合約安排(續)

由於訂有合約安排,本集團有權對歡聚 時代、上海池樂及其附屬公司行使權 利,參與歡聚時代、上海池樂及其附屬 公司的活動獲得可變回報,且能夠透過 其對歡聚時代及其附屬公司的權力影響 該等回報,因而被視為控制歡聚時代、 上海池樂及其附屬公司。因此,本公司 將歡聚時代、上海池樂及其附屬公司視 為受控結構性實體,並將歡聚時代、上 海池樂及其附屬公司的資產、負債及經 營業績在本集團的財務報表內綜合入 賬。

然而,就使本集團直接控制歡聚時代、 上海池樂及其附屬公司而言,合約安排 可能不如直接合法所有權有效。中國大 陸的法律體系所呈現的不明朗因素可能 會妨礙本集團對歡聚時代、上海池樂及 其附屬公司的業績、資產及負債的實益 權利。本公司董事經考慮其法律顧問的 意見後認為,玩咖歡聚、歡聚時代及其 註冊股東所訂立的合約安排以及玩咖歡 聚、上海池樂及其註冊股東所訂立的合 約安排符合中國大陸相關法律及法規規 定,具有法律約束力並可強制執行。

編製基準 2.

(a) 遵例聲明

該等財務報表已根據香港會計師 公會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈 的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務 報告準則」,包括所有香港財務 報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港 會計準則」)及詮釋)、香港公認 會計準則及香港公司條例的披露 規定而編製。此外,財務報表包 括香港聯合交易所有限公司證券 上市規則(「上市規則」)規定的適 用披露。

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2 **BASIS OF PREPARATION** (continued)

(b) Basis of measurement and presentation currencies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") which is the same as the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- the contractual arrangement with the other vote (a) holders of the investee:
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

2. 編製基準(續)

(b) 計量基準及呈列貨幣

該等財務報表已根據歷史成本慣 例編製。該等財務報表乃以人民 幣(「人民幣」)呈列,人民幣亦為 本公司之功能貨幣。除另有所指 外,所有數值均四捨五入至最接 近的千位。

(c) 綜合入賬基準

綜合財務報表包括本集團截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 的財務報表。附屬公司為本公司 直接或間接控制的實體(包括結 構性實體)。當本集團對參與被 投資方業務的可變回報承擔風險 或享有權利以及有能力透過對被 投資方的權力(即本集團獲賦予 現有能力以指示被投資方相關 活動的既存權利)影響該等回報 時,即取得控制權。

倘本公司直接或間接擁有少於被 投資方大多數投票或類似權利, 則本集團於評估其是否擁有對被 投資方的權力時會考慮一切相關 事實及情況,包括:

- 與被投資方的其他投票權 (a) 持有人的合約安排;
- 其他合約安排所產生的權 利;及
- 本集團的投票權及潛在投 (c) 票權。

附屬公司的財務報表使用與本公 司一致的會計政策按相同報告期 編製。附屬公司的業績由本集團 取得控制權當日起綜合入賬,並 持續綜合入賬至該控制權終止當 日為止。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

2 **BASIS OF PREPARATION** (continued)

(c) Basis of consolidation (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

編製基準(續) 2.

(c) 綜合入賬基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益的各組成部 分會歸屬於本集團母公司擁有 人及非控股權益,即使此舉引致 非控股權益結餘為負數。與本集 團成員公司之間的交易有關的所 有集團內公司間資產及負債、股 權、收入、開支及現金流量均已 於綜合入賬時悉數對銷。

倘事實及情況顯示上文所述控制 的三項元素中一項或多項有變, 則本集團會重新評估其是否仍然 控制被投資方。附屬公司中不導 致喪失控制權的所有者權益變動 作為權益交易核算。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司的控制 權,將終止確認:(i)附屬公司的 資產(包括商譽)及負債;(ii)非控 股權益的賬面值;及(iii)計入權益 的累計換算差額;並確認:(i)收 到代價的公平值;(ii)剩餘投資的 公平值;以及(iii)由此而為損益帶 來的盈餘或虧絀。本集團分佔的 先前已在其他全面收入確認的部 分應按與本集團直接處置有關資 產或負債所需的相同基準重新分 類至損益或保留溢利(視乎情況 而定)。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL 3 **REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")**

(a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs

The HKICPA has issued new HKFRSs and amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group. Of these, the following development is relevant to the Group's consolidated financial statements:

3. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則 |)

(a) 採納新訂或經修訂香港財務報 告準則

於本集團的本會計期間內,香港 會計師公會頒佈新訂香港財務報 告準則及香港財務報告準則的修 訂本。當中,下列修訂與本集團 的綜合財務報表有關:

Amendments to HKAS 16

香港會計準則第16號之修訂本 Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 16 and HKAS 41

Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use

物業、廠房及設備:擬定用途前之所得款項 Annual Improvements to HKFRS 2018-2020

香港財務報告準則第1號、香港財務報告準則第9 香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零年年度改進 號、香港財務報告準則第16號及香港會計準則 第41號之修訂本

Amendments to HKAS 37 香港會計準則第37號之修訂本 Amendment to HKFRS 3 香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂本

Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract 虧損合約-履行合約之成本 Reference to Conceptual Framework 提述概念框架

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. Impacts of the adoption of the amended HKFRSs are discussed below:

Amendments to HKAS 16, Property, Plant and **Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use**

The amendment to HKAS 16 prohibits an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of Property, Plant and Equipment any proceeds received from selling items produced while the entity is preparing the asset for its intended use (for example, the proceeds from selling samples produced during the testing phase of a manufacturing facility after it is being constructed but before start of commercial production). The proceeds from selling such samples, together with the costs of producing them, are now recognised in profit or loss.

本集團並無應用於本會計期間尚 未生效的任何新訂準則或詮釋。 採納經修訂香港財務報告準則的 影響論述如下:

香港會計準則第16號之修訂本-物業、廠房及設備: 擬定用途前 之所得款項

香港會計準則第16號之修訂本禁 止實體從一項物業、廠房及設備 的成本中扣除該實體在為將該項 資產達到擬定用途的準備過程中 所生產項目的任何出售所得款項 (例如在生產設施建成後但在商業 生產開始前出售在測試階段所生 產樣品的收益)。銷售該等樣本 的所得款項連同其生產成本已在 損益內確認。

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ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL **REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (continued)

(a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs (continued)

> Amendments to HKAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (continued)

> These amendments had no impact on the year-end consolidated financial statements of the Group as there were no sales of such items produced by property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented.

Amendments to HKFRS 3, Reference to the **Conceptual Framework**

The amendments update HKFRS 3 so that it refers to the revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018 instead of the version issued in 2010. The amendments add to HKFRS 3 a requirement that, for obligations within the scope of HKAS 37, an acquirer applies HKAS 37 to determine whether at the acquisition date a present obligation exists as a result of past events. For a levy that would be within the scope of HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 Levies, the acquirer applies HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 to determine whether the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay the levy has occurred by the acquisition date. The amendments also add an explicit statement that an acquirer does not recognise contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

採納香港財務報告準則(「香 3. 港財務報告準則 |)(續)

(a) 採納新訂或經修訂香港財務報 告準則(續)

> 香港會計準則第16號之修訂本-物業、廠房及設備: 擬定用途前 之所得款項(續)

由於本集團並無出售於所呈列最 早期間期初或之後可供使用的物 業、廠房及設備所產生的該等項 目,故該等修訂本對本集團的年 結日綜合財務報表並無影響。

香港財務報告準則第3號之修訂 本,對概念架構的提述

該等修訂本更新香港財務報告準 則第3號之提述,以經修訂二零 一八年財務報告概念架構取代二 零一零年所頒佈之版本。該等修 訂在香港財務報告準則第3號中 增添一項有關香港會計準則第37 號範圍內義務之規定,收購人應 用香港會計準則第37號以釐定於 收購日期有否因過往事件而導致 之現有義務。就香港(國際財務 報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第21號 徵費範圍內之徵費而言, 收購人 應用香港(國際財務報告詮釋委 員會)-詮釋第21號以釐定導致 支付徵費責任之事件有否於收購 日期前發生。該等修訂亦增添一 項明確聲明, 收購人不會確認於 業務合併中所收購之或然資產。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL 3 **REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new/revised HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's consolidated financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

HKFRS 17

香港財務報告準則第17號

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28

香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號之修訂 HK Interpretation 5 (2022)

香港詮釋5(二零二二年)

Amendments to HKAS 1 香港會計準則第1號之修訂 Amendments to HKAS 1 香港會計準則第1號之修訂 Amendment to HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2

香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則 實務公告第2號之修訂

Amendments to HKAS 8 香港會計準則第8號之修訂 Amendments to HKAS 12

香港會計準則第12號之修訂

3. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則 |)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則

以下為已頒佈但尚未生效且未經 本集團提早採納的與本集團綜合 財務報表潛在相關的新訂/經修 訂香港財務報告準則。本集團目 前有意於其生效當日應用該等變 更。

Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments¹ 保險合約及相關修訂1

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture3

投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注資3

Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause (Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants)2

財務報表的列報-借款人對包含按需還款條款的定期貸款 的分類(負債分類為流動負債或非流動負債及附帶契約的 非流動負債)2

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current² 負債的流動或非流動分類2

Amendment - Non-current Liabilities with Covenants² 修訂本-附帶契約的非流動負債2

Leases (Liability in a Sale and Leaseback)2

租賃(售後回租中的責任)2 Disclosure of Accounting Policies¹

會計政策披露1

Definition of Accounting Estimates¹

會計估計的定義1

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction¹

與單一交易所產生之資產及負債有關之遞延税項1

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be relevant to the Group is as follows:

- 於二零二三年一月一日或之後 開始的年度期間生效
- 於二零二四年一月一日或之後 開始的年度期間生效
- 於待釐定日期當日或之後開始 的年度期間生效。

預期與本集團相關的該等香港財 務報告準則的進一步資料如下:

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL **REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback

The amendments add subsequent measurement requirements for sale and leaseback transactions that satisfy the requirements of HKFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale. The amendments require a seller-lessee to determine "lease payments" or "revised lease payments" such that the seller-lessee would not recognise a gain or loss that relates to the right of use retained by the sellerlessee. The amendments also clarify that applying the requirements does not prevent the seller-lessee from recognising in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to subsequent partial or full termination of a lease.

採納香港財務報告準則(「香 3. 港財務報告準則 |)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂 本售後回租中的租賃責任

該等修訂本增加售後租回交易的 後續計量規定,該規定符合香港 財務報告準則第15號作為出售 入賬的規定。該等修訂本規定賣 方一承租人釐定「租賃付款」或 「經修訂租賃付款」,以便賣方一 承租人不用確認其保留的使用權 所涉及的收益或虧損。該等修訂 本亦澄清應用該等規定並不妨礙 賣方-承租人於損益中確認與隨 後部分或全部終止租賃有關的任 何收益或虧損。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL 3 **REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 was removed by the HKASB in January 2016 and a new mandatory effective date will be determined after the completion of a broader review of accounting for associates and joint ventures. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

3. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則 |)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港 會計準則第28號之修訂

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港 會計準則第28號之修訂本處理香 港財務報告準則第10號與香港會 計準則第28號之間在處理投資者 與其聯營公司或合營公司之間的 資產出售或注資要求上的不一致 情況。該等修訂本要求在投資者 與其聯營公司或合營公司之間的 資產出售或注資構成一項業務的 情況下,下游交易產生的收益或 虧損時全數確認。至於並不構成 一項業務的資產所涉及之交易, 交易產生的收益或虧損於投資者 之損益確認,惟僅以不相關投資 者於該聯營公司或合營公司之權 益為限。該等修訂本將以前瞻性 基準應用。香港會計準則委員會 已於二零一六年一月取消香港財 務報告準則第10號及香港會計準 則第28號之修訂本之舊有強制 生效日期,而新強制生效日期將 於更廣泛地檢討聯營公司及合營 公司之會計處理完成後釐定。然 而,該等修訂本現時可供採納。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL **REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")** (continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1, HK Interpretation 5 (Revised) Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause (Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants)

The amendments provide clarification and additional guidance on the assessment of right to defer settlement for at least twelve months from reporting date for classification of liabilities as current or non-current, which:

- specify that the classification of liabilities as current or non-current should be based on rights that are in existence at the end of the reporting period. Specifically, the amendments clarify that:
 - (i) the classification should not be affected by management intentions or expectations to settle the liability within 12 months; and
 - (ii) if the right is conditional on the compliance with covenants, the right exists if the conditions are met at the end of the reporting period, even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date; and
- clarify that if a liability has terms that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the transfer of the entity's own equity instruments, these terms do not affect its classification as current or non-current only if the entity recognises the option separately as an equity instrument applying HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation.

In addition, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 was revised as a consequence of the Amendments to HKAS 1 to align the corresponding wordings with no change in conclusion.

採納香港財務報告準則(「香 3 港財務報告準則 |)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

> 香港會計準則第1號之修訂本, 香港詮釋第5號(經修訂)財務報 表的列報-借款人對包含按需還 款條款的定期貸款的分類(負債 分類為流動負債或非流動負債及 附帶契約的非流動負債)

該等修訂本就評估自報告日期起 至少十二個月的延遲結付權利提 供澄清及額外指引,以將負債分 類為流動或非流動,當中包括:

- 訂明負債分類為流動或非 流動應基於報告期末存在 的權利。具體而言,該等 修訂本澄清:
 - 分類不應受管理層在 (i) 十二個月內結清負債 的意圖或預期所影 響;及
 - 倘若該權利以遵守契 諾為條件,即使貸款 人在較後日期才測試 是否符合條件,該權 利在報告期末符合條 件的情況下仍然存 在;及
- 澄清倘若負債具有條款, 可由對手方選擇透過轉讓 實體本身的權益工具進行 結清,僅當實體應用香港 會計準則第32號金融工 具:呈列,將選擇權單獨 確認為股權工具時,該等 條款則不影響將其分類為 流動或非流動。

此外,香港詮釋第5號因香港會 計準則第1號修訂本而修改,以 統一相應的措辭,而結論並無變 動。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL 3 REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure of Accounting Policies require entities to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 provide non-mandatory guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. Amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted. Since the guidance provided in the amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 is non-mandatory, an effective date for these amendments is not necessary.

Amendments to HKAS 8

Amendments to HKAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. Accounting estimates are defined as monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period.

3. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香 港財務報告準則 |)(續)

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報 告準則實務公告第2號之修訂本

香港會計準則第1號之修訂本會 計政策披露要求實體披露重要會 計政策信息,而非重大會計政 策。倘連同實體財務報表內其他 資料-併考慮,會計政策資料可 以合理預期會影響通用財務報表 的主要使用者根據該等財務報表 所作出的決定,則該會計政策資 料屬重大。香港財務報告準則實 務公告第2號之修訂本就重要性 概念應用於會計政策披露之方式 提供非強制性指引。香港會計準 則第1號之修訂本於二零二三年 一月一日或之後開始之年度期間 生效。由於香港財務報告準則實 務公告第2號之修訂本所提供的 指引並非強制性,因此該等修訂 本的生效日期並非必要。

香港會計準則第8號之修訂本

香港會計準則第8號之修訂本澄 清會計估計變動與會計政策變動 之間的區別。會計估計的定義為 在計量不明朗因素的財務報表之 貨幣金額。該修訂本亦澄清實體 使用計量技巧及輸入數據以計算 會計估計的方式。該修訂本於二 零二三年一月一日或之後開始之 年度報告期間生效,並適用於該 期間開始時或之後發生的會計政 策及會計估計變動。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES**

Investments in associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it is in a position to exercise significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investment in an associate is stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses.

Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the associates, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of associates or joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures.

4. 重大會計政策概要

於聯營公司的投資

聯營公司為本集團於其一般不少於 20%股本投票權中擁有長期權益的實 體,且可對其發揮重大影響力。重大影 響力指參與被投資方的財務和經營政策 決策的權力,而非控制或共同控制該等 政策的權力。

本集團於聯營公司的投資乃按本集團根 據權益會計法應佔資產淨值減任何減值 虧損於綜合財務狀況表列賬。

倘出現任何不相符的會計政策,即會作 出調整加以修正。

本集團應佔聯營公司收購後業績及其他 全面收益分別計入綜合損益表及綜合其 他全面收益表。此外,倘於聯營公司的 權益直接確認變動,則本集團會於綜合 權益變動表確認其應佔任何變動(倘適 用)。本集團與其聯營公司間交易的未 變現收益及虧損將以本集團於聯營公司 的投資為限對銷,惟倘未變現虧損證明 所轉讓資產減值則除外。收購聯營公司 或合營企業所產生的商譽已計入作本集 團於聯營公司或合營企業投資的一部 份。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Investments in associates (continued)

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

When an investment in an associate is classified as held for sale, it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 Noncurrent Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.

Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4

於聯營公司的投資(續)

倘於聯營公司之投資變成於合營企業之 投資或出現相反情況,則不會重新計量 保留權益。反之,該投資繼續根據權益 法入賬。在所有其他情況下,失去對聯 營公司之重大影響力後,本集團按其公 平值計量及確認任何剩餘投資。聯營公 司於失去重大影響力時的賬面值與剩餘 投資及出售所得款項的公平值之間的任 何差額乃於損益內確認。

當聯營公司的投資歸類為持作出售時, 則按香港財務報告準則第5號*持作出售 及已終止營運的非流動資產*入賬。

業務合併及商譽

業務合併按收購法列賬。轉讓代價乃按 收購日期的公平值計量,而該公平值為 本集團轉讓的資產於收購日期的公平 值、本集團自被收購方的前擁有人承擔 的負債及本集團發行以換取被收購方控 制權的股權的總和。就各項業務合併而 言,本集團選擇以公平值或被收購方可 識別資產淨值的應佔比例,計量屬現時 擁有人權益並賦予擁有人權利在清盤時 按比例分佔淨資產的於被收購方的非控 股權益。非控股權益的所有其他部分乃 按公平值計量。收購相關成本於產生時 列為開支。

本集團收購一項業務時,會根據於收購 日期的合約條款、經濟環境及相關條件 評估所收購的金融資產及所承擔的金融 負債,以作出適當分類及指定,包括區 分被收購方主合同中的嵌入式衍生工 具。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cashgenerating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

如一項業務合併分階段完成,則原已持 有的股權會按收購日期的公平值重新計 量,由此產生的任何收益或虧損計入損 益。

收購方將予轉讓的任何或然代價按收購 日期的公平值確認。歸類為資產或負債 的或然代價按公平值計量,且公平值變 動於損益確認。倘或然代價歸類為權 益,則毋須重新計量,其日後結算於權 益列賬。

商譽初始按成本計量,即轉讓代價、已 確認非控股權益的數額與本集團先前所 持的被收購方股權公平值之和超出所收 購可識別資產淨值及所承擔負債的差 額。倘代價及其他項目的總和低於所收 購資產淨值的公平值,差額在重估後於 損益確認為議價購買收益。

於初始確認後,商譽按成本減任何累計 減值虧損計量。商譽須每年測試有否減 值,倘有事件或環境變化顯示賬面值可 能出現減值,則須增加減值測試頻率。 本集團於每年十二月三十一日對商譽進 行減值測試。就減值測試而言,自業務 合併獲得的商譽由收購日期起分配至本 集團預期將自合併協同效應受益的各現 金產生單位或現金產生單位組合,而不 論本集團有否其他資產或負債分配至該 等單位或單位組合。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Fair value measurement

The Group measures its financial assets designated as fair value through profit or loss at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4

業務合併及商譽(續)

減值通過評估與商譽相關的現金產生 單位(或現金產生單位組合)的可收回 金額確定。倘現金產生單位(或現金產 生單位組合)的可收回金額低於其賬面 值,則確認減值虧損。已確認的商譽減 值虧損其後不可撥回。

倘商譽已被分配至現金產生單位(或現 金產生單位組合),而該單位的一部分 經營業務被處置,則在計算處置收益或 虧損時,與被處置經營業務相關的商譽 將計入該經營業務的賬面值。如此處置 的商譽根據被處置經營業務與現金產生 單位餘留部分的相對價值計量。

公平值計量

本集團於各報告期末按公平值計量其指 定為按公平值計入損益的金融資產。公 平值指於計量日市場參與者之間的有序 交易中,就出售資產所收取或轉讓負債 所支付的價格。公平值計量乃基於假設 出售資產或轉讓負債的交易於該資產或 負債的主要市場或(在未有主要市場的 情況下)最有利市場進行。主要或最有 利市場須為本集團能參與的市場。假設 市場參與者基於最佳經濟利益行事的情 況下,資產或負債的公平值乃使用市場 參與者為資產或負債定價時所用的假設 計量。

非金融資產的公平值計量會考慮市場參 與者將資產用於最高增值及最佳用途或 將資產出售予會將資產用於最高增值及 最佳用途的另一名市場參與者而創造經 濟利益的能力。

零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fair value measurement (continued)

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial information are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial information on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than financial assets and deferred tax assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

公平值計量(續)

本集團針對不同情況使用恰當的估值技 術,確保有足夠數據可用於計量公平 值,並盡量利用相關可觀察輸入數據, 減少使用不可觀察輸入數據。

於財務資料計量或披露公平值的所有資 產及負債,均基於對公平值計量整體而 言屬重要的最低層級輸入數據按下述公 平值層級分類:

- 第一層級-基於相同資產或負債於活 躍市場的報價(未經調整)
- 第二層級 基於就公平值計量而言屬 重要的最低層級輸入數據 可直接或間接觀察時的估 值技術
- 第三層級-基於就公平值計量而言屬 重要的最低層級輸入數據 不可觀察時的估值技術

就按經常性基準於財務資料確認的資產 及負債,本集團於各報告期末通過重新 評估分類(基於對公平值計量整體而言 屬重大的最低層級輸入數據),確定有 否在不同層級之間轉移。

非金融資產減值

當一項資產(金融資產及遞延稅項資產 除外)存在減值跡象或須對資產進行年 度減值測試時,會估計資產的可收回金 額。資產的可收回金額指資產或現金產 生單位的使用價值與其公平值減處置成 本兩者之中的較高者,日按個別資產釐 定,除非該資產所產生的現金流入並非 基本上獨立於其他資產或資產組別,在 該情況下可收回金額則按資產所屬現金 產生單位釐定。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4.

非金融資產減值(續)

僅當資產的賬面值超逾其可收回金額時 方會確認減值虧損。於評估使用價值 時,估計未來現金流量按可反映貨幣時 間價值及資產特有風險的當前市場評估 的税前貼現率貼現至現值。減值虧損於 產生期間在損益表中列入與減值資產功 能屬於同一類別的開支。

本集團於各報告期末評估是否有跡象顯 示原已確認的減值虧損不復存在或有所 減少。如有跡象,則評估可收回金額。 僅當用於釐定資產可收回金額的估計發 生改變時,方可轉回先前就資產(商譽 除外)確認的減值虧損,惟轉回後的數 額不得高於假設以往年度並無確認資產 減值虧損而應有的賬面值(扣除任何折 舊/攤銷)。相關減值虧損的轉回於產 生期間計入綜合損益表。

物業、廠房及設備與折舊

物業、廠房及設備項目按成本減累計折 舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物業、廠房及 設備項目的成本包括購買價以及使資產 達至其營運狀況及地點作擬定用途的任 何直接應佔成本。

於物業、廠房及設備項目投產後產生的 維修及保養等支出,通常於產生期間計 入損益表。於符合確認標準的情況下, 重大檢驗支出將予以資本化計入資產的 賬面值,作為重置成本。倘物業、廠房 及設備的重要部分須定期更換,則本集 團確認該等部分為具特定使用年期的個 別資產,並相應計提折舊。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Electronic devices	3 years
Transportation equipment	4 years
Leasehold improvements	3 years

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

物業、廠房及設備與折舊(續)

折舊乃採用直線法將各物業、廠房及設 備項目的成本在估計可使用年期內撇減 至其剩餘價值。就此使用的主要年折舊 率如下:

電子設備	3年
運輸設備	4年
租賃裝修	3年

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部分的可使 用年期不同,則該項目的成本按合理基 準分配至各部分,單獨計算折舊。剩餘 價值、可使用年期及折舊方法至少於每 個財政年度終了時審核,並於適當時調 敕。

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括初始已確 認的任何重大部分)於被處置或預期使 用或處置不會再產生未來經濟利益時終 止確認。於資產終止確認年度在損益表 確認的任何處置或報廢盈虧,為有關資 產的出售所得款項淨額與賬面值之間的 差額。

無形資產(商譽除外)

單獨取得的無形資產於初始確認時按成 本計量。通過業務合併取得的無形資產 的成本為收購日期的公平值。無形資產 的可使用年期被評定為有限期或無限 期。有限期的無形資產隨後於可使用經 濟年期內攤銷,並於有跡象顯示無形資 產可能出現減值時評估減值。可使用年 期有限的無形資產的攤銷期及攤銷方法 至少於每個財政年度終了時審核。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Intangible assets (other than goodwill) (continued)

Commercial resources

Commercial resources associated with certain business cooperation agreements with certain mobile phone manufacturers is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortised on the straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated economic lives and the licensed period or their duration of the cooperation agreement with mobile phone manufacturers, which was estimated as 3 years.

Software copyright

Software is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortised on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 5 years. Certain software is acquired as part of business combination of Shanghai ChiLe and Zhonghe.

Customer relationships acquired in a business combination

Customer relationship is acquired as part of business combination of Shanghai ChiLe. Shanghai ChiLe has a portfolio of customers or a market share and expects that. because of its efforts in building customer relationships and loyalty, the customers will continue to trade with Shanghai ChiLe. The customer relationship is determined by an external valuer, stated at fair value at initial recognition and less any impairment losses subsequently, and is amortised on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 5 years. during which benefits will be derived from the customer relationship to the Group.

Research and development costs

All research and development costs are charged to the statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new software or other assets is capitalised only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4

無形資產(商譽除外)(續)

商業資源

與若干手機製造商訂立的若干業務合作 協議有關的商業資源按成本減任何減值 虧損列賬,且於估計經濟年期及許可期 或與手機製造商的合作協議期限(估計 為3年)(以兩者之中較短者為準)內採 用直線法進行攤銷。

軟件版權

軟件按成本減任何減值虧損列賬,以直 線法在為期五年的估計可使用年期內攤 銷。若干軟件是作為上海池樂及中和業 務合併的一部分而取得。

於業務合併中取得的客戶關係

客戶關係是作為上海池樂業務合併的一 部分而取得。上海池樂擁有一系列客戶 或一定市場份額,因其在打造客戶關係 及忠誠度方面的努力,預計客戶將繼續 與上海池樂交易。客戶關係由外部估值 師釐定,於首次確認時按公平值列賬, 其後則減除任何減值虧損,以直線法在 為期五年的估計可使用年期內攤銷,在 此期間,客戶關係將給本集團帶來利 益。

研發成本

所有研發成本於產生時計入損益表。

就開發新軟件或其他資產的項目產生的 支出,在僅當本集團能夠證明完成該資 產以使其可供使用或出售的技術可行 性、完成的意圖與使用或出售該資產的 能力、該資產將如何產生未來經濟利 益、完成項目所需資源的可用性以及能 夠可靠計量開發期間的支出時,方可予 以資本化。不滿足該等標準的開發支出 於產生時支銷。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

Right-of-use assets (a)

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Where applicable, the cost of a right-of-use asset also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Office premises

2 to 5 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

和賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否為租 賃或包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給 予在一段時間內控制可識別資產使用的 權利,則該合約為租賃或包含租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團就所有租賃應用單一確認及計量 方法,惟短期租賃及低價值資產租賃除 外。本集團確認租賃負債以作出租賃付 款,而使用權資產指使用相關資產的權 利。

使用權資產 (a)

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即 相關資產可供使用當日)確認。 使用權資產按成本減任何累計折 舊及減值虧損計量, 並就任何重 新計量租賃負債作出調整。使用 權資產成本包括已確認租賃負債 的金額、產生的初始直接成本及 於開始日期或之前作出的租賃付 款,扣減任何已收租賃優惠。如 適用,使用權資產的成本亦包括 拆除及移除相關資產或恢復相關 資產或恢復相關資產所在地的估 計費用。使用權資產於資產的租 期及估計可使用年期(以較短者 為準)按直線法折舊,如下:

辦公室物業 2至5年

倘於租期結束時租賃資產的擁有 權轉讓至本集團或成本反映購買 權的行使,折舊則根據資產的估 計可使用年期計算。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

The Group's lease liabilities are presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4

和賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期按整個 租期將作出的租賃付款的現值確 認。租賃付款包括固定付款(包 括實質上固定的付款)減任何應 收租賃優惠、取決於一項指數或 比率的可變租賃付款以及餘值擔 保下預計應付的款項。租賃付款 亦包括本集團合理確定將會行使 的購買權的行使價以及在和賃期 限反映本集團行使選擇權終止租 賃的情況下支付的終止租賃的罰 款。不取決於指數或比率的可變 租賃付款在引發付款的事件或條 件發生的期間內確認為開支。

在計算租賃付款的現值時,由於 租賃中所隱含的利率不易確定, 故本集團使用租賃開始日期的遞 增借款利率。於開始日期之後, 租賃負債金額就反映利息的累積 而增加及因作出的租賃付款而減 少。此外,如有修改、租賃期限 發生變化、租賃付款變化(例如 指數或比率的變動導致未來租賃 付款發生變化)或購買相關資產 的選擇權評估發生變更,租賃負 債的賬面值將重新計量。

本集團的租賃負債於綜合財務狀 況表單獨呈列。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Leases (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of premises (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of office equipment and laptop computers that are considered to be of low value.

Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

和賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃 本集團對其物業短期租賃(即租 賃的租期自開始日期起計為12個 或以下且並無購買權)應用短期 租賃確認豁免,亦將低價值資產 的租賃的確認豁免應用至視作低 價值的辦公設備及筆記本電腦的 租賃。

> 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃的租 賃付款於租賃期限按直線法確認 作開支。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Investments and other financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4

投資及其他金融資產

初始確認及計量

金融資產於初步確認時分類為其後按攤 銷成本計量、透過其他全面收益按公平 值計量及透過損益按公平值列賬。

金融資產在初始確認時的分類取決於金 融資產的合約現金流量特徵及本集團管 理金融資產的商業模式。除不包含重大 融資部分或本集團已就此應用實務中的 簡易處理方法不調整重大融資部分影響 的貿易應收款項外,本集團初始按公平 值加上(倘金融資產並非按公平值計入 損益)交易成本計量金融資產。不包含 重要融資組成部分或本集團已應用實務 中簡易處理方法的貿易應收款項,按照 香港財務報告準則第15號所確定的交 易價格,按照下文「收入確認 |所述的 政策進行計量。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或透過其他全 面收益按公平值計量的方法分類及計 量,需要產生尚未償還本金的純粹本金 及利息付款(「純粹本息付款」)的現金 流量。附帶並非純粹本息付款現金流量 的金融資產乃按公平值透過損分類及計 算,不論其業務模式。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

初始確認及計量(續)

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式是指其 如何管理金融資產以產生現金流量。業 務模式確定現金流量是否因收取合約現 金流量、出售金融資產或兩者兼之而產 生。按攤銷成本分類及計量的金融資產 以旨在透過持有金融資產收取合約現金 流量的業務模式持有,而以按公平值計 入其他全面收益分類及計量的金融資產 以旨在透過收取合約現金流量及銷售金 融資產達致目的的業務模式持有。並非 按上述業務模式持有的金融資產按公平 值計入損益分類及計量。

凡以常規方式買賣金融資產於交易日 期(即本集團承諾購買或出售該資產之 日)確認。以常規方式買賣指須在法規 或市場慣例普遍規定的期間內交付資產 的金融資產買賣。

其後計量

金融資產後續計量取決於以下分類:

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務工具) 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後以實際 利率法計量,並且可能會出現減值。當 資產終止確認、予以修改或出現減值 時,收益及虧損於綜合損益表確認。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments)

For debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income, interest income, foreign exchange revaluation and impairment losses or reversals are recognised in the statement of profit or loss and computed in the same manner as for financial assets measured at amortised cost. The remaining fair value changes are recognised in other comprehensive income. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value change recognised in other comprehensive income is recycled to the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity investments)

Upon initial recognition, the Group can elect to classify irrevocably its equity investments as equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income when they meet the definition of equity under HKAS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. The classification is determined on an instrument-byinstrument basis.

Gains and losses on these financial assets are never recycled to the statement of profit or loss. Dividends are recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably, except when the Group benefits from such proceeds as a recovery of part of the cost of the financial asset, in which case such gains are recorded in other comprehensive income. Equity investments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income are not subject to impairment assessment.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4.

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量(續)

透過其他全面收益按公平值計量之金融 資產(債務工具)

透過其他全面收益按公平值計量之的債 務投資,其利息收入、外匯重估及減值 虧損或轉回均在損益表內確認,計算方 法與按攤銷成本計量的金融資產相同。 其餘公平值變動於其他全面收益中確 認。終止確認時,其他全面收益中確認 的累積公平值變動,會重新計入綜合損 益表。

指定透過其他全面收益按公平值計量之 金融資產(權益投資)

於初步確認時,本集團可選擇於權益 投資符合香港會計準則第32號金融工 *具:列報*項下的權益投資定義且並非持 作買賣時,將其股本投資不可撤回地分 類為指定透過其他全面收益按公平值計 量之權益投資。分類乃按個別工具基準 釐定。

該等金融資產的收益及虧損概不會被重 新計入損益表。當確立支付權時,股息 於損益表中確認為其他收入,本集團將 很有可能獲得與股息相關的經濟利益並 能夠可靠地計算股息金額,惟當本集團 於作為收回金融資產一部分成本的所得 款項中獲益時則除外,於此等情況下, 該等收益於其他全面收益入賬。指定透 過其他全面收益按公平值計量之的權益 投資不受減值評估影響。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Investments and other financial assets (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments and equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on equity investments classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are also recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

A derivative embedded in a hybrid contract, with a financial liability or non-financial host, is separated from the host and accounted for as a separate derivative if the economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to the host; a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss. Embedded derivatives are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Reassessment only occurs if there is either a change in the terms of the contract that significantly modifies the cash flows that would otherwise be required or a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category.

A derivative embedded within a hybrid contract containing a financial asset host is not accounted for separately. The financial asset host together with the embedded derivative is required to be classified in its entirety as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

其後計量(續)

按公平值計入損益的金融資產 按公平值計入損益的金融資產按公平值 於綜合財務狀況表列賬,而公平值變動 淨額於綜合損益表中確認。

該類別包括本集團並無不可撤回地選擇 按公平價值計入其他綜合收益進行分類 的衍生工具及權益投資。分類為按公平 值計入損益的金融資產的權益投資的股 息在支付權確立、與股息相關的經濟利 益有可能流向本集團、股息的金額能夠 可靠地計量時亦於損益表中確認為其他 收入。

當嵌入混合合約(包含金融負債或非金 融主體)的衍生工具具備與主體不緊密 相關的經濟特徵及風險;具備與嵌入式 衍生工具相同條款的單獨工具符合衍生 工具的定義;且混合合約並非按公平值 計入損益計量,則該衍生工具與主體分 開並作為單獨衍生工具列賬。嵌入式衍 生工具按公平值計量,且其變動計入損 益表。僅當合約條款出現變動,大幅改 變其他情況下所需現金流量時;或當原 分類至按公平值計入損益計量的金融資 產獲重新分類時,方進行重新評估。

嵌入混合合約(包含金融資產主體)的 衍生工具不得單獨列賬。金融資產主體 連同嵌入式衍生工具須整體分類為按公 平值計入損益的金融資產。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4

終止確認金融資產

出現以下情形時,金融資產(或(如適 用)金融資產的一部分或一組類似金融 資產的一部分)通常會終止確認(即自 本集團的綜合財務狀況表移除):

- 從資產收取現金流量的權利已屆 滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓從資產收取現金流 量的權利,或已根據「過手」安 排承擔在無重大延誤情況下向第 三方全額支付所收現金流量的責 任;及(a)本集團已轉讓資產的絕 大部分風險及回報,或(b)本集團 並無轉讓亦無保留資產的絕大部 分風險及回報,但已轉讓資產的 控制權。

倘本集團已轉讓從資產收取現金流量的 權利或訂立過手安排,則會評估其有否 保留資產所有權的風險及回報以及所保 留程度。倘本集團並無轉讓或保留資產 的絕大部分風險及回報,亦無轉讓資產 的控制權,則本集團將以本集團持續參 與程度為限繼續確認所轉讓資產。在該 情況下,本集團亦確認相關負債。已轉 讓資產及相關負債根據反映本集團所保 留權利及債務的基準計量。

如通過對所轉移資產提供擔保的方式繼 續參與,按照資產的原賬面值與本集團 須償還的最高代價金額兩者之中的較低 者計量。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group rebutted the presumption of a financial asset has increased credit risk significantly if it is more than 30 days past due based on the customers' past payment history and current ability of making payments. The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 1 year past due.

The Group rebutted the presumption of default under ECL model for a financial asset over 90 days past due based on the customers' past payment history and continuous business with the Group.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值

本集團確認對並非按公平值計入損益計 量持有的所有債務工具預期信貸虧損 (「預期信貸虧損」)的撥備。預期信貸虧 損乃基於根據合約到期的合約現金流量 與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間 的差額而釐定,並以原實際利率的近似 值貼現。預期現金流量將包括出售所持 抵押的現金流量或組成合約條款的其他 信貸提升措施。

一般法

預期信貸虧損按兩個階段確認。就信貸 風險自初步確認起並無顯著增加的信用 敞口而言,根據因未來12個月內可能 發生的違約事件導致的信貸虧損(12個 月預期信貸虧損)計提預期信貸虧損撥 備。就信貸風險自初步確認起已有顯著 增加的有關信貸風險而言,則須就該敞 口的餘下年期預期信貸虧損計提虧損撥 備,而不論違約事件發生的時間(全期 預期信貸虧損)。

於各報告日期,本集團評估自最初確 認,金融工具的信貸風險是否顯著增 加。進行評估時,本集團比較了在金融 工具在報告日期發生違約的風險及在金 融工具的初始確認的日期發生違約的風 險,同時考慮了沒有過多的成本和努力 即可獲得的合理的和可支持的資料,包 括歷史和前瞻性資料。

本集團反駁若基於客戶的過往付款記錄 及現時的付款能力,金融資產逾期超過 30日則其信貸風險大幅增加的假設。 本集團假設,倘逾期超過一年,金融資 產的信貸風險會顯著增加。

本集團反駁基於客戶的過往付款記錄及 與本集團的持續業務關係,金融資產逾 期超過90日則出現預期信貸虧損模式 下的違約的假設。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach (continued)

However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for accounts receivable which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 -Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 -Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 -Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime FCLs

重大會計政策概要(續) 4.

金融資產減值(續)

一般法(續)

然而,於若干情況下,在計及本集團作 出的任何增信安排前,本集團亦可於內 部或外部資料顯示本集團不大可能悉數 收取尚未償還合約金額時將金融資產視 作違約。金融資產於無法合理預期可收 回合約現金流時撇銷。

以攤銷成本計量的金融資產按一般法計 提減值並均須在下列各階段內分類計量 預期信貸虧損,但採用下述簡易法的應 收賬款除外。

- 第一階段 信貸風險自最初確認以來 並無顯著增加的金融工 具,其減值準備按相當於 12個月預期信貸虧損計算
- 第二階段- 自最初確認以來信貸風險 已大大增加但並非信貸受 損的金融資產的金融工 具,其虧損撥備按相當於 全期預期信貸虧損的金額 計算
- 第三階段- 在報告日期已發生信貸減 值的金融資產(但並非購買 或初始信貸減損的金融資 產),其虧損撥備按相當於 全期預期信貸虧損的金額 計算

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Simplified approach

For accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forwardlooking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For accounts receivable that contain a significant financing component, the Group chooses as its accounting policy to adopt the simplified approach in calculating ECLs with policies as described above.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include accounts and other payables and accruals, interest-bearing bank borrowings, convertible bonds, preferred shares and warrants.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

金融資產減值(續)

簡易法

對於不包含重要融資組成部分的應收賬 款,或當本集團採取實務中不調整重要 融資組成部分的影響時,本集團在計算 預期信貸虧損時採用簡易法。根據簡易 法,本集團不跟蹤信貸風險的變化,而 是在每個報告日期確認基於全期預期信 貸虧損計算減值準備。本集團根據其歷 史信貸虧損經驗建立了一個撥備矩陣, 並根據債務人具體的前瞻性因素和經濟 環境加以調整。

對於包含重要融資組成部分的應收賬 款,本集團選擇作為其會計政策採用簡 易法根據上述政策計算預期信貸虧損。

金融負債

初始確認及計量

金融負債於初始確認時歸類為按公平值 計入損益的金融負債、貸款及借款,或 指定於有效對沖中作對沖工具的衍生工 具(如適用)。

所有金融負債初始按公平值確認,貸款 及借款則須扣除直接應佔交易成本。

本集團的金融負債包括應付賬款及其他 應付款項及應計費用、計息銀行借款、 可換股債券、優先股及認股權證。

後續計量

不同類別金融負債的後續計量方法如 下:

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial liabilities at amortised cost (loans and borrowings)

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired and held by the Company or the Group (treasury shares) are recognised directly in equity at cost. No gain or loss is recognised in the statement of profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4.

金融負債(續)

後續計量(續)

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債(貸款及借 款)

於初始確認後,計息貸款及借款其後使 用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,除非貼 現影響不重大,在該情況下,則按成本 列賬。收益及虧損於負債終止確認時並 通過實際利率攤銷程序於綜合損益表確 認。

計算攤銷成本時,考慮收購產生的任何 折價或溢價以及作為實際利率不可或缺 的費用或成本。實際利率攤銷則計入綜 合損益表的財務成本。

終止確認金融負債

金融負債於負債責任解除、取消或屆滿 時終止確認。

倘現有金融負債被另一項由同一借貸人 提供但絕大部分條款不同的負債所取 代,或現有負債的條款經大幅修訂,則 有關取代或修訂以終止確認原有負債並 確認新負債的方式處理,而相關賬面值 的差額於損益表確認。

抵銷金融工具

倘現時有可強制執行的法定權利抵銷已 確認金額,並且有意圖按淨額基準結算 或同時變現資產及結算負債,則金融資 產與金融負債可抵銷且淨額於財務狀況 表呈報。

庫存股份

本公司或本集團重新購入及持有的本身 股權工具(庫存股份)按成本直接從權 益中確認。就購買、銷售、發行或註銷 本集團本身的股權工具而言,毋須於損 益表內確認損益。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 價物包括手頭現金及活期存款,以及可 隨時轉換成已知金額的現金、價值變動 風險不大且購買時一般具有不超過三個 月的短暫期限的短期高流涌投資,再扣 除須於要求時償還且為本集團現金管理 之一部分的銀行透支。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等 價物包括用途不受限制的手頭現金及銀 行存款(包括定期存款)以及性質與現 金類似的資產。

撥備

撥備乃於因過往事件而須承擔現時責任 (法定或推定),而履行該責任將可能導 致未來資源流出且該責任所涉金額能夠 可靠估計時確認。

倘貼現影響重大,則確認的撥備金額為 預期履行責任所需的未來支出於報告期 末的現值。貼現現值隨時間增加的金額 計入損益表中的財務成本。

所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。與並非於 損益確認的項目相關的所得税亦不會於 損益確認,而於其他全面收入或直接於 權益確認。

即期税項資產及負債根據截至報告期末 已頒佈或實際已頒佈的税率及税法,並 考慮到本集團經營所在國家現行的詮釋 及慣例,按預計可自稅務機關收回或向 税務機關支付的金額計量。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項採用負債法,就於報告期末資 產及負債的税基與其作財務報告之用的 賬面值之間的所有暫時性差額計提撥 備。

本集團就所有應課税暫時性差額確認遞 延税項負債,惟以下情況除外:

- 遞延税項負債因初始確認商譽或 在除業務合併以外的交易中於交 易時不影響會計溢利及應課稅溢 利或虧損的資產或負債而產生; 及
- 就與於附屬公司的投資有關的應 課税暫時性差額而言,倘能夠控 制暫時性差額的撥回時間,日該 暫時性差額於可見將來很可能不 會撥回。

遞延税項資產就所有可抵扣暫時性差 額、結轉的未動用税項抵免及任何未動 用税項虧損確認。倘有可用以抵銷可抵 扣暫時性差額的應課税溢利、結轉的未 動用税項抵免及未動用税項虧損可以利 用,則會確認遞延税項資產,惟以下情 況除外:

- 與可抵扣暫時性差額有關的遞延 税項資產因初始確認在除業務合 併以外的交易中於交易時不影響 會計溢利及應課税溢利或虧損的 資產或負債而產生; 及
- 就與於附屬公司的投資有關的可 抵扣暫時性差額而言,遞延税項 資產僅於暫時性差額會在可見將 來撥回且有可用以抵銷暫時性差 額的應課税溢利時確認。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the consolidated statement of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalment or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to the consolidated statement of profit or loss by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期末檢 討,倘不再可能有足夠應課税溢利可用 於利用全部或部分遞延税項資產,則作 相應調減。未確認的遞延税項資產於各 報告期末重新評估,如可能有足夠應課 税溢利可用於收回全部或部分遞延税項 資產,則確認相關的金額。

遞延税項資產及負債根據於報告期末已 頒佈或實際已頒佈的税率(及税法), 按預期適用於變現資產或償還負債期間 的税率計量。

當日僅當本集團有可強制執行的法定權 利抵銷即期税項資產及即期税項負債, 且遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債與同一 税務機關對同一應課税實體或有意於預 期結算或收回大額遞延税項負債或資產 的各未來期間按淨額基準結算即期稅項 負債及資產或同時變現資產及結算負債 的不同應課税實體徵收的所得税有關, 則可將遞延税項資產與遞延税項負債抵 銷。

政府補助

倘能合理確定將收取政府補助並符合所 有附帶條件,則按公平值確認政府補 助。倘補助與開支項目有關,則會有系 統地在擬補貼成本支銷期間將補助確認 為收入。

倘補助與資產有關,則公平值計入遞延 收入賬,並於有關資產的估計可使用年 期內按等額年度分期撥至綜合損益表, 或自資產的賬面值扣除並透過扣減折舊 開支的方式撥至綜合損益表。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Government grants (continued)

Where the Group receives grants of non-monetary assets, the grants are recorded at the fair value of the non-monetary assets and released to the statement of profit or loss over the expected useful lives of the relevant assets by equal annual instalments.

Where the Group receives government loans granted with no or at a below-market rate of interest for the construction of a qualifying asset, the initial carrying amount of the government loans is determined using the effective interest rate method, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Financial liabilities" above. The benefit of the government loans granted with no or at a below-market rate of interest, which is the difference between the initial carrying value of the loans and the proceeds received, is treated as a government grant and released to the statement of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4.

政府補助(續)

倘本集團收到非現金資產補助,則補助 按非現金資產的公平值入賬,並於有關 資產的估計可使用年期內按等額年度分 期撥至損益表。

倘本集團收到無息或按低於市場利率計 息的政府貸款以建造符合條件的資產, 則政府貸款的初始賬面值使用實際利 率法釐定,進一步説明見上文「金融負 債」的會計政策。無息或按低於市場利 率計息的政府貸款所產生的利益,即貸 款的初始賬面值與所收到的所得款項之 間的差額,按政府補助入賬處理,並於 有關資產的估計可使用年期內按等額年 度分期撥至損益表。

收益確認

來自客戶合約的收益

於貨品或服務的控制權按反映本集團預 期就交換該等貨品或服務有權收取的代 價的金額轉移予客戶時確認來自客戶合 約的收益。

當合約代價包含可變金額時,代價金額 估計為本集團就向客戶轉讓貨品或服務 而有權在交換中獲取的數額。可變代價 於合約開始時估計並受到約束,直至其 後關乎可變代價的不確定因素獲得解決 時確認累計收益金額不大可能發生重大 收益撥回。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

The Group principally derives revenue from the rendering of mobile advertising services, online-video distribution services and game co-publishing services.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and represents amounts receivable for services performed, stated net of returns and value-added taxes. The Group recognises revenue when the specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities, as described below.

(1) Mobile advertising services

The Group provides mobile advertising services to its customers and revenue is recognised over the period that services are provided. Revenue from mobile advertising services is recognised based on actual performance measurement. The Group recognises the revenue from the delivery of (i) per-click when the users click on the advertisement, (ii) per-impression when the advertising are displayed to users; or (iii) per-download when the third party apps are downloaded by users.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

收益確認(續)

來自客戶合約的收益(續)

倘合約包含就向客戶轉讓貨品或服務為 客戶提供超過一年的重大融資利益的融 資部分,則收益按應收金額的現值計 量, 並使用本集團與客戶於合約開始時 單獨融資交易中反映的貼現率貼現。倘 合約包含為本集團提供超過一年的重大 融資利益的融資部分,則根據該合約確 認的收益包括按實際利率法計算的合約 負債所產生的利息開支。就客戶付款與 承諾貨品或服務轉移期間為一年或一年 以下的合約而言,交易價格無須因重大 融資成分的影響而調整,而是採納香港 財務報告準則第15號中實用的權宜之 策。

本集團主要自提供移動廣告服務、網絡 視頻產品分發服務及遊戲聯運服務產生 收益。

收益按已收或應收代價的公平值計量, 並指已履行服務的應收款項、已入賬扣 除退貨及增值税。如下文所述,當本集 團各項活動符合特定標準時,本集團確 認收益。

移動廣告服務

本集團向其客戶提供移動廣告服 務及收益於提供服務的有關期間 確認。移動廣告服務的收益按實 際效果計量確認。本集團按交付 (i)用戶點擊廣告時的每次點擊; (ii) 廣告展示予用戶時的每次展 示;或(iii)用戶下載第三方應用時 的每次下載確認收益。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Mobile advertising services (continued)

The Group distributes advertisements on third-party advertising publishers' websites or mobile publications and evaluates whether the Group is acting as the principal or agent in the transaction. The Group is a principal in a transaction if the Group controls the services provided before they are provided to customers. If control is unclear, the Group considers whether it is primarily obligated in a transaction, is subject to inventory risk or has latitude in establishing prices and selecting suppliers. The Group records revenue on a gross basis when the Group assessed itself acting as the principal in the transaction; otherwise, it records revenue on a net basis.

Online-video distribution services (2)

Sell of video content

The Group generates revenue from selling video content to the content providers and revenue is recognised point in time when the customer obtains the control, based on the relative stand-alone selling prices of each of the video content.

The Group sells the video content to the content providers may be sold separately or in bundled packages. For the bundled contracts, the Group accounts for individual video content separately if they are distinct, i.e. if a good is separately identifiable from other items in the bundled package and if a content providers can benefit from it.

The Group recognises a proportion of the subscribers' payment on the video content, predetermined in the contracts with the content providers.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

收益確認(續)

來自客戶合約的收益(續)

(1) 移動廣告服務(續)

在第三方廣告發佈者的網站或移 動出版物上分發廣告時,評估 本集團在交易中擔任委託人亦或 代理。倘本集團於服務提供予客 戶前控制所提供的服務,則本集 **围**為委託人。倘控制權不明確, 本集團考慮其是於一項交易中負 有主要義務,承擔存貨風險,亦 或在定價及選擇供應商時有所保 留。當本集團在交易中評估自身 擔任委託人時,本集團按總額基 準錄得收益; 否則按淨額基準錄 得收益。

(2) 網絡視頻產品分發服務

銷售視頻內容

本集團透過向內容供應商銷售視 頻內容產生收益, 而收益乃於客 戶取得控制權時根據各視頻內容 的相對獨立售價確認。

本集團向內容供應商出售視像內 容可能會單獨出售或以捆綁方式 出售。就捆綁式合約而言,倘個 別視頻內容有所區別,則本集團 將個別視頻內容分開處理,即個 別視頻內容與捆綁式套裝內的其 他項目分開識別及內容供應商可 從中獲益,則本集團將個別視頻 內容分開處理。

本集團按與內容供應商訂立的合 約中預先確定的視頻內容的一部 分訂戶付款確認。

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4 **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Game co-publishing services

The Group engages in game co-publishing services through cooperation with third-party game developers and distribution platforms under certain co-operation agreements. The third-party game distribution platforms collect the payment from players and remit the net proceeds, after deducting the commission charged, to the Group. In general, the portion of the proceeds received by the Group is calculated based on the standard price of in-game virtual currency sold and the agreed sharing ratio in the contracts signed with thirdparty game distribution platforms.

The Group recognises the game co-publishing services on a gross or net basis depending on whether the Group is acting as a principal or an agent in the transaction. When the Group takes primary responsibilities of further game development and updates, game operation, including determining distribution platforms and payment channels, providing customer services, hosting game servers, if needed, and controlling game and service specifications and pricing, the Group considers itself as a principal in this arrangement. Accordingly, the Group records the mobile game revenue on a gross basis and revenue is recognised only when the ingame virtual items are purchased and consumed by the players, and the commission fees paid to distribution platforms and payment channels and amortisation of license fees paid to third party game developer (if any) are recorded as cost of revenues. When the Group's responsibilities are publishing, providing payment solution and market promotion service, the Group views game developers to be its customers and considers itself as the agent of game developers in the arrangements with game players. Accordingly, the Group records the game publishing service revenue, net of amounts paid to game developers.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4

收益確認(續)

來自客戶合約的收益(續)

(3) 遊戲聯運服務

本集團根據若干合作協議通過與 第三方遊戲開發商及分發平台合 作從事遊戲聯運服務。第三方遊 戲分發平台自玩家收取付款並於 扣除所收取佣金後將所得款項淨 額匯付予本集團。一般而言,本 集團所收取的部分所得款項乃基 於已售遊戲內虛擬貨幣的標準價 格及與第三方遊戲分發平台所簽 訂合約中的協定分享比率計算。

本集團按總額或淨額基準確認遊 戲聯運服務,惟視平本集團是 否於交易中擔任委託人或代理人 而定。當本集團承擔推動遊戲開 發及更新、遊戲營運(包括釐定 分發平台及付款渠道)、提供客 戶服務、託管遊戲伺服器(如需 要),以及控制遊戲及服務規格 及定價的主要責任時,本集團於 該安排中視其本身為委託人。因 此,本集團按總額基準錄得移動 遊戲收益,並僅於遊戲內虛擬物 品獲玩家購買及耗用時確認收 益,而支付予分發平台及付款渠 道的佣金費及支付予第三方遊戲 開發商的許可費攤銷(如有)則 錄作收益成本。當本集團負責發 佈、提供付款解決方案及市場推 廣服務時,本集團在與遊戲玩家 的安排中視遊戲開發商為其客戶 及視其本身為遊戲開發商的代理 人。因此,本集團錄得遊戲發行 服務收益(扣除支付予遊戲開發 商的金額)。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Software maintenance services

Software maintenance service income received or receivable from customers when the maintenance service contracts are entered into, which is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the maintenance service contract.

Service income is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered. The service mainly represented by two types of contract. For the service contract relates to routine services, the Group provided the routine work as agreed in the contract and charge a monthly fee. The service income will be recognised on a straight-line basis over the contract terms as the work is performed. As the services are received and consumed simultaneously by the customer, such kind of service income is recognised over time under HKFRS 15.

For services that are provided on ad-hoc basis (oneoff contract), service charge is entitled to the Group when the agreed services completed. Ad-hoc services normally completed within a few hours or a few days. Service income is recognised upon completion of the provision of such ad-hoc services. The Group recognised the service income at a point in time under HKFRS 15 when the customers obtain the control of the distinct services.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4.

收益確認(續)

來自客戶合約的收益(續)

(4) 軟件維護服務

於訂立維護服務合約時已收或應 收客戶之軟件維護服務收入,按 維護服務合約期限以直線基準確 認:

服務收入於提供服務的會計期間 確認。服務主要表現為兩種類型 的合約。就與日常服務相關的服 務合約而言,本集團按照合約協 定提供日常工作,並按月收取費 用。服務收入按直線法於進行工 作的合約期間確認。由於該等服 務由客戶同時取得並耗用服務, 該等服務收入將根據香港財務報 告準則第15號隨時間予以確認。

對按臨時基準提供的服務(一 次性合約),當協定的服務完成 時,本集團有權收取服務費。臨 時服務通常在數小時或數天內完 成。服務收入於提供有關臨時服 務完成後確認。本集團於客戶取 得不同服務控制權時,根據香港 財務報告準則第15號確認服務收 入。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Conference service income is recognised at point in time when the services are provided. The customer confirmed the services by signing the acceptance confirmation.

Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. If the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional. Contract assets are subject to impairment assessment, details of which are included in the accounting policies for impairment of financial assets.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

收益確認(續)

其他收入

利息收入採用實際利率法按應計基準確 認,實際利率法使用將估計未來現金收 入在金融工具的預計年期或更短期間 (如適用)內準確貼現至金融資產賬面淨 值的利率。

當服務得以提供時,會議服務收入予以 確認。客戶透過簽署接納確認函確認服

合約資產

合約資產乃就換取已向客戶轉讓的貨品 或服務而收取代價的權利。倘本集團於 客戶支付代價或付款到期前將貨品或服 務轉讓予客戶,則就附帶條件的已賺取 代價確認合約資產。合約資產須進行減 值評估,其詳情載於金融資產減值會計 政策。

合約負債

合約負債於本集團轉移相關貨物或服務 前收取客戶付款或應收客戶付款到期 (以較早者為準)時確認。合約負債於本 集團履行合約(即轉移相關貨物或服務 控制權予客戶)時確認為收益。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Contract costs

Other than the costs which are capitalised as inventories, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, costs incurred to fulfil a contract with a customer are capitalised as an asset if all of the following criteria are met:

- The costs relate directly to a contract or to an anticipated contract that the entity can specifically identify.
- The costs generate or enhance resources of the entity (b) that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future.
- (c) The costs are expected to be recovered.

The capitalised contract costs are amortised and charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the pattern of the revenue to which the asset related is recognised. Other contract costs are expensed as incurred.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

合約成本

除資本化為存貨,物業、廠房及設備及 無形資產的成本外,本集團為履行客戶 合約發生的成本,倘符合以下所有條 件,則資本化為資產:

- 有關成本與實體可明確識別之合 約或預期合約有直接關係。
- 有關成本令本集團將用於履行 (b) (或持續履行)日後履約責任之資 源得以產生或有所增加。
- 有關成本預期可收回。

資本化合約成本按與確認資產相關的收 益模式相同的系統基礎進行攤銷並計入 綜合損益表。其他合約成本於產生時列 為費用。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Employee benefits

Pension scheme

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by either the relevant authorities or the local municipal governments of the provinces in Mainland China in which the Group's subsidiaries are located. The Group is required to contribute to the central pension scheme in respect of its employees in Mainland China and these costs are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss as incurred.

Share-based compensation scheme (b)

The Company operated two employee's share incentive schemes for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including executive and non-executive directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of sharebased payments, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions"). Pursuant to the restricted share plan ("RSU Plan"), the restricted shares units are used as the settlement instrument of the employee benefits in the share-based compensation scheme, under which the vesting condition has been fulfilment certain service period.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4.

僱員福利

退休金計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條 例為合資格參與強積金計劃的有 關僱員設立一項界定供款之強制 性公積金退休福利計劃(「強積金 計劃 1)。供款按僱員基本薪金的 若干百分比釐定並根據強積金計 劃守則於需支付供款時在損益表 內扣除。強積金計劃之資產與本 集團的其他資產分開處理,由一 獨立管理之基金持有。在向強積 金計劃供款時,本集團僱主供款 將全數歸屬於僱員所有。

於中國大陸經營的本集團附屬公 司的僱員須參與該等附屬公司所 在地中國大陸各省的相關機構或 地方市政府開展的中央退休金計 劃。本集團須就中國大陸的僱員 向中央退休金計劃作出供款,且 該等成本於產生時計入綜合損益 表。

以股份為基礎的薪酬計劃 (b)

本公司設有兩項僱員激勵計劃, 旨在向為本集團經營的成功作出 貢獻的合資格參與者提供激勵及 獎勵。本集團僱員(包括執行及 非執行董事)以股份為基礎的付 款形式獲得報酬,其中僱員提供 服務作為權益工具的代價(「以權 益結算的交易」)。根據受限制股 份單位計劃(「受限制股份單位計 劃」),受限制股份單位用作以股 份為基礎的酬金計劃中僱員福利 的結算工具,據此,歸屬條件已 於若干服務期間達成。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Share-based compensation scheme (continued)

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equitysettled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because nonmarket performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4

僱員福利(續)

以股份為基礎的薪酬計劃(續)

與僱員進行以權益結算的交易的 成本乃參考授出日期的公平值計 量。

以權益結算的交易的成本連同權 益的相應增長會於達到表現及/ 或服務條件的期間內於僱員福利 開支確認。於各報告期末直至歸 屬日期就以權益結算的交易確認 的累計開支反映歸屬期屆滿時的 開支,以及本集團對最終將歸屬 權益工具數目的最佳估計。期內 於損益表扣除或計入的項目指於 期初及期末確認的累計開支的變 動。

釐定獎勵於授出日期的公平值時 並無考慮服務及非市場表現條 件,惟達成條件的可能性被評定 為本集團對最終將歸屬權益工具 數目的最佳估計的一部分。市場 表現條件反映於授出日期的公平 值。附帶於獎勵但並無相關服務 要求的任何其他條件均被視為非 歸屬條件。非歸屬條件於獎勵的 公平值反映,且會導致即時支銷 獎勵,除非亦設有服務及/或表 現條件則另作別論。

不會就因未能達成非市場表現 及/或服務條件而導致最終並無 歸屬的獎勵確認開支。倘獎勵包 括市場或非歸屬條件,則交易被 視為已歸屬,而不論市場或非歸 屬條件是否達成,前提為所有其 他表現及/或服務條件須已達 成。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee benefits (continued)

Share-based compensation scheme (continued)

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where nonvesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share when applicable.

Borrowing costs

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Foreign currencies

Transactions entered into by the group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which it/they operate(s) (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Nonmonetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

僱員福利(續)

(b) 以股份為基礎的薪酬計劃(續)

倘以權益結算的獎勵的條款經修 訂而獎勵的原有條款已達成, 則最少須確認猶如條款並無修訂 的開支。此外,倘任何修訂導致 以股份為基礎的付款於修訂日期 計量的公平值總額有所增加或對 僱員有利,則就該等修訂確認開 支。

倘以權益結算的獎勵遭許銷,則 被視為已於註銷日期歸屬,而任 何尚未就獎勵確認的開支均即時 予以確認,包括本集團或僱員控 制範圍內的非歸屬條件未達成的 任何獎勵。然而,倘授出新獎勵 代替已許銷獎勵,並於授出日期 被指定為替代獎勵,則已註銷及 新獎勵均按上一段所述被視為原 有獎勵的修訂。

於計算每股盈利時,未行使購股 權的攤薄影響會反映為額外股份 攤薄(如適用)。

借款成本

所有其他借款成本在發生當期計入費 用。借款成本包括實體就借取資金所產 生的利息及其他成本。

外幣

集團實體以經營所在主要經濟環境的貨 幣(「功能貨幣」)以外的貨幣訂立的交 易,在交易產生時按當時匯率予以記 錄。外幣貨幣資產及負債於報告期末按 當時匯率換算。以外幣計值並以公平值 列賬之非貨幣項目乃按釐定公平值當日 之通行利率進行重新換算。按歷史成本 以外幣計算之非貨幣項目不作重新換 算。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of nonmonetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. RMB) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the foreign exchange reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4

外幣(續)

結算及換算貨幣項目所產生的匯兑差額 於產生期間在損益確認。重新換算按公 平值列賬非貨幣項目所產生之匯兑差額 計入期內損益,惟重新換算有關收益及 虧損在其他全面收益中確認之非貨幣項 目所產生之重新匯兑差額除外,而有關 匯兑差額亦在其他全面收益確認。

綜合賬目時,海外業務之收支項目以年 內平均匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣 (即人民幣),除非期內匯率大幅波動, 則按與進行該等交易時之現行匯率相若 之匯率換算。所有海外業務之資產及負 **倩均以報告期末之現行匯率換算。所產** 生的匯兑差額(如有)於其他全面收益 確認,並於權益內累計入賬為外匯儲備 (非控股權益應佔外匯儲備(如適用)。 於換算構成本集團於所涉海外業務之部 分投資淨額之長期貨幣項目時,在集團 實體獨立財務報表之損益確認之匯兑差 額則重新分類至其他全面收益,並於權 益累計入賬為外匯儲備。

出售境外業務時,在外匯儲備中已確認 有關直至出售當日該項業務的累計匯兑 差額重新分類至損益作為出售損益的一 部分。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Related parties

- A person or a close member of that person's family and is related to the Group if that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group: or
 - is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;
- An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - Both entities are joint ventures of the same third (iii) party.
 - One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to the Company's parent.

4. 重大會計政策概要(續)

關聯方

- 倘屬以下人士,則該人士或該人 (a) 士之近親與本集團有關連
 - 控制或共同控制本集團; (i)
 - 對本集團有重大影響;或 (ii)
 - 為本集團或本集團母公司 的主要管理層成員;
- 倘符合下列任何條件,則實體與 本集團有關連:
 - 該實體與本公司屬同一集 團之成員公司(即各母公 司、附屬公司及同系附屬 公司彼此間有關連)。
 - 一間實體為另一實體的聯 營公司或合營公司(或另一 實體為成員公司之集團旗 下成員公司之聯營公司或 合營公司)。
 - 兩間實體均為同一第三方 (iii) 的合營公司。
 - 一間實體為第三方實體的 (iv) 合營公司,而另一實體為 該第三方實體的聯營公司。
 - 實體為本集團或與本集團 有關連之實體就僱員福利 設立的離職福利計劃。
 - 實體受(a)所識別的人士控 制或與之受共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別的人士對實體 有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體的母公司)主要 管理層成員。
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的任 何成員公司為本公司或本 公司母公司提供主要管理 層成員服務。

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SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 4 **POLICIES** (continued)

Related parties (continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner; (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS **AND ESTIMATES**

The preparation of the Group's financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Contractual Agreements

The Company does not have directly or indirectly legal ownership in equity interest in certain of the PRC entities (Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries). However, as a result of the Contractual Arrangements, the Group has rights to exercise power over these PRC entities, receives variable returns from its involvement with these PRC entities and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over these PRC entities and is therefore considered to have control over these PRC entities. Consequently, the Company regards these PRC entities as controlled structured entities and consolidated the assets, liabilities and results of operations of these PRC entities in the year ended 31 December 2022.

重大會計政策概要(續) 4.

關聯方(續)

任何人士的近親是指與該實體交易時預 期可影響該名人士或受該人士影響的家 庭成員,包括:(i)該人士的子女及配偶 或同住伴侶;(ii)該人士的配偶或同住伴 侶的子女;及(iii)該人士或該人士的配 偶或同住伴侶的受養人。

重大會計判斷及估計 5.

編製本集團的財務資料時,管理層須作 出判斷、估計及假設,而該等判斷、估 計及假設影響所呈報收益、開支、資產 及負債金額與有關披露,以及相關或然 負債的披露。該等假設及估計的不確定 因素可能導致日後須大幅調整受影響資 產或負債的賬面值。

判斷

在應用本集團的會計政策時,除作出涉 及估計的判斷外,管理層亦作出以下對 於財務報表內已確認金額有最重大影響 的判斷:

合約協議

本公司並無直接或間接於其若干中國 實體(歡聚時代、上海池樂及其附屬公 司)股權中擁有法定所有權。然而,由 於訂有合約安排,本集團有權對該等中 國實體行使權利,參與其於該等中國實 體的活動獲得可變回報,且能夠透過其 對該等中國實體的權力影響該等回報, 因而被視為控制該等中國實體。因此, 本公司將該等中國實體視為受控結構性 實體,並於截至二零二二年十二月三十 一日止年度將該等中國實體的資產、負 債及經營業績綜合入賬。

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5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS **AND ESTIMATES** (continued)

Judgements (continued)

Contractual Agreements (continued)

Nevertheless, the Contractual Arrangements may not be as effective as direct legal ownership in providing the Group with direct control over Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries. Uncertainties presented by the legal system in Mainland China could impede the Group's beneficiary rights of the results, assets and liabilities of Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their subsidiaries. The directors of the Company, based on the advice of its legal counsel, consider that the Contractual Arrangements among Wanka Huanju, Huanju Times, Shanghai ChiLe and their registered shareholders are in compliance with the relevant laws and regulations in Mainland China and are legally binding and enforceable.

Revenue recognition: gross versus net

Application of various accounting principles related to the measurement and recognition of revenue requires the Group to make judgements and estimates. Specifically, significant judgements are required in determining whether the Group is acting as the principal in a transaction. The Group is a principal in a transaction if the Group controls the services provided before they are provided to customers. If control is unclear, the Group has to consider whether it is primarily obligated in a transaction, is subject to inventory risk or has latitude in establishing prices. The Group records revenue on a gross basis when it acts as a principal in the transaction: otherwise, it records revenue on a net basis. The judgement of revenue recognition on gross versus net basis is based on continuing assessment of the above factors on a transaction basis. The Group records revenue from mobile advertising services and online-video services on a gross basis and reports the game co-publishing services on a net basis.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The Group has unrecognised tax losses of RMB38,096,000 (2021: RMB37,792,000) that are available for offsetting against its future taxable profits as at 31 December 2022. Further details are included in note 21 to the financial statements.

5. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

合約協議(續)

然而,就使本集團直接控制歡聚時代、 上海池樂及其附屬公司而言,合約安排 可能不如直接合法所有權有效。中國大 陸的法律體系所呈現的不明朗因素可能 會妨礙本集團對歡聚時代、上海池樂及 其附屬公司的業績、資產及負債的實益 權利。本公司董事經考慮其法律顧問的 意見後認為,玩咖歡聚、歡聚時代、上 海池樂及其註冊股東所訂立的合約安排 符合中國大陸相關法律及法規規定,具 有法律約束力並可強制執行。

收益確認:總額與淨額

應用有關收益計量及確認的各種會計原 則要求本集團作出判斷和估計。具體而 言,確定本集團是否在一項交易中擔任 委託人須作出重要判斷。倘本集團於服 務提供予客戶前控制所提供的服務,則 本集團為委託人。倘控制權不明確,本 集團須考慮其是否於一項交易中負有主 要義務,承擔存貨風險,或在定價時有 所保留。當本集團在交易中擔任委託人 時,本集團按總額基準入賬收益;否則 按淨額基準錄得收益。按總額比淨額基 準進行收益確認的判斷乃基於按交易基 準對上述因素作出的持續評估。本集團 按總額基準錄得來自其移動廣告服務及 網絡視頻產品服務的收益,而按淨額基 準呈報遊戲聯運服務的收益。

遞延税項資產

遞延税項資產僅在有可能出現應課税溢 利可用以抵扣未動用税項虧損時,方會 就該等虧損獲得確認。在釐定可確認的 遞延税項資產金額時,管理層須根據未 來應課税溢利可能的時間及水平連同未 來税項規劃策略,作出重要判斷。於二 零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團擁 有未確認税項虧損人民幣38,096,000 元(二零二一年:人民幣37,792,000 元),可用以抵銷其未來應課税溢利。 進一步詳情載於財務報表附註21。

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SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS 5 **AND ESTIMATES** (continued)

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Impairment assessment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash-generating units to which the goodwill is allocated. Estimating the value in use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating units and also to choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of goodwill before impairment at 31 December 2022 was RMB189,586,000 (2021: RMB183,612,000). During the year ended 31 December 2022, based on the impairment assessment of goodwill, the Group recognised goodwill impairment of RMB154,786,000 (2021: RMB448,000). Further details are given in note 18 to the financial statements.

Provision for expected credit losses on accounts receivable

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for accounts receivable. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by service type and customer type).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forwardlooking information (i.e., gross domestic products). At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's accounts receivable is disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements.

重大會計判斷及估計(續) 5.

估計的不確定因素

於報告期末極可能導致下一個財政年度 資產及負債的賬面值須作重大調整的有 關未來的主要假設及估計不確定因素的 其他主要來源如下所述。

商譽減值評估

本集團至少每年釐定商譽是否減值。此 舉需要估計獲分配商譽的現金產生單位 的使用價值。本集團須估計現金產生單 位所產生預期未來現金流量以估計使用 價值,並須選用合適貼現率以計算該等 現金流的現值。於二零二二年十二月三 十一日,商譽於減值前的賬面值為人 民幣189,586,000元(二零二一年:人 民幣183.612.000元)。截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團基 於商譽減值評估確認商譽減值人民幣 154,786,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 448,000元)。進一步詳情載於財務報 表附註18。

應收賬款預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算應收賬款的預 期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於因就擁有類 似虧損模式的多個客戶分部進行分組 (即服務類別及客戶類別)而逾期的天數 計算。

撥備矩陣最初以本集團歷史觀察到的違 約率為基準。本集團將通過調整矩陣以 調整歷史信貸虧損經驗與前瞻性資料 (即國內生產總值)。在各報告日期,更 新曆史觀察到的違約率並分析前瞻性估 計的變化。

對歷史觀察到的違約率、預測經濟狀況 及預期信貸虧損之間的相關性的評估屬 重要的估計。預期信貸虧損的金額對環 境變化和預測經濟狀況較敏感。本集團 的歷史信貸虧損經驗和經濟狀況預測亦 可能無法代表客戶未來的實際違約。有 關本集團應收賬款的預期信貸虧損的資 料披露於財務報表附註22。

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5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS **AND ESTIMATES** (continued)

Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Leases - Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

Recognition of employee benefit expense for restricted share unit ("RSU") granted

The Group operates two share incentive schemes, i.e., the 2016 and 2019 Share Incentive Scheme, under which employees render service as consideration for equity instruments (RSUs) of the Company, for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Employees (including executive and non-executive directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of sharebased payments, which are equity-settled transactions. The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees for RSU granted should be measured by reference to the fair value of the RSU at the grant date and the replacement date. The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the vesting period in which the performance and/ or service conditions are fulfilled. The fair values of RSUs granted before IPO period were valued using the Hull White Enhanced RSO Valuation model and the fair values of RSUs granted after IPO period were valued the quoted price of the Company's shares as at each grant date..

5. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計的不確定因素(續)

租賃-估算增量借款利率

本集團無法輕易釐定租賃內所隱含的利 率,因此,使用增量借款利率(「增量 借款利率」)計量租賃負債。增量借款利 率為本集團於類似經濟環境中為取得與 使用權資產價值相近之資產,而以類似 抵押品於類似期間借入所需資金應支付 之利率。因此,增量借款利率反映了本 集團「應支付」的利率,當無可觀察的 利率時(如就並無訂立融資交易之附屬 公司而言)或當須對利率進行調整以反 映租賃之條款及條件時(如當租賃並非 以附屬公司之功能貨幣訂立時),則須 作出利率估計。當可觀察輸入數據可用 時,本集團使用可觀察輸入數據(如市 場利率)估算增量借款利率並須作出若 干實體特定的估計(如附屬公司的單獨 信貸評級)。

就已授出受限制股份單位(「受限制股 份單位」)確認僱員福利開支

本集團運營兩項股份激勵計劃(即二零 一六年及二零一九年股份激勵計劃), 據此僱員提供服務作為本公司權益工具 (受限制股份單位)的代價,旨在向為本 集團經營的成功作出貢獻的合資格參與 者提供激勵及獎勵。本集團的僱員(包 括執行及非執行董事)以股份為基礎的 付款形式獲得報酬,因而屬以權益結算 的交易。就授出受限制股份單位而與僱 員進行的以權益結算的交易的成本參考 有關受限制股份單位於授出日期及替換 日期當日的公平值計量。以權益結算的 交易的成本連同權益的相應增長會於達 到表現及/或服務條件的歸屬期內於僱 員福利開支確認。於首次公開發售期間 前授出的受限制股份單位的公平值乃使 用Hull White增強RSO估值模型進行估 值。而於首次公開發售期間後授出的受 限制股份單位的公平值乃以本公司於各 授出日期股份的報價進行估值。

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6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that is used to make strategic decision.

The Group has four reportable and operating segments (2021: three). The segments are managed separately as each business offers different services and requires different business strategies. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

Mobile advertising services

移動廣告服務分部

Online-video distribution services

網絡視頻產品分發服務分部 Game co-publishing services

遊戲聯運分部 Others

其他

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on segment revenue and segment cost of each operating segment. The selling and distribution expenses, research and development costs and administrative expenses are not included in the measure of the segments' performance which is used by management as a basis for purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment. Other income and gains, other expenses and losses, finance costs, share-based payment expenses, loss on termination of convertible bonds, fair value losses on preferred shares, fair value losses on warrants, fair value losses on convertible bonds and income tax expense are also not allocated to individual operating segments.

The revenue from external customers reported to management is measured as segment revenue, which is the revenue derived from the customers in each segment. Cost of sales primarily represents distribution expenses paid to distribution channels.

6. 分部資料

本集團根據主要經營決策者審閱用以作 出策略性決策的報告釐定經營分部。

本集團有四個呈報及經營分部(二零二 一年:三個)。由於各項業務提供不同 的服務及需要不同的業務策略,故分開 管理。以下概述本集團各報告分部的營 運:

Mobile advertising service income generated from marketers by rendering the advertising services through contents sorting and delivery on mobile distribution channels;

營銷商透過內容分類及於移動分銷渠道交付廣告服務而產生的移 動廣告服務收入;

Provision of promotion of video content by video content providers on distribution channels;

視頻內容供應商在分銷渠道推廣視像內容;

Provision of game co-publishing services income generated from mobile game users for the game - co-publishing services; and

提供遊戲聯運的收入產生自遊戲聯運服務的移動遊戲用戶;及 Software maintenance services income generated from service rendered

提供服務所產生的軟件維護服務收入。

管理層獨立監察本集團各經營分部的業 績,以作出有關資源分配及表現評估的 決定。分部表現乃根據各經營分部的分 部收益及分部成本評估。銷售及分銷開 支、研發成本及行政開支不計入管理層 用作資源分配及表現評估基準的分部表 現計量。其他收入及收益、其他開支及 虧損、財務成本、以股份為基礎的付款 開支、終止可換股債券虧損、優先股公 平值虧損、認股權證公平值虧損、可換 股債券公平值虧損及所得税開支亦不會 分配至個別經營分部。

向管理層呈報的外部客戶收益計量為分 部收益,為來自各分部客戶的收益。銷 售成本主要指支付予分發渠道的分銷開 支。

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6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

Other information, together with the segment information, provided to management, is measured in a manner consistent with that applied in the financial statements. There are no separate segment assets and segment liabilities information provided to management, as management does not use this information to allocate resources or to evaluate the performance of the operating segments.

The segment revenue for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

6. 分部資料(續)

向管理層提供的其他資料連同分部資料 使用與財務報表所應用者一致的方式計 量。並無向管理層提供單獨的分部資產 及分部負債資料,因管理層並不使用該 等資料分配資源或評估經營分部表現。

就截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度的分部收益如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Type of goods or services: Mobile advertising services income Online-video distribution services income Game co-publishing services income Software maintenance services income	商品或服務的類型: 移動廣告服務收入 網絡視頻產品分發服務收入 遊戲聯運服務收入 軟件維護服務收入	2,196,736 84,525 5,512 14,102	2,005,125 85,102 7,971
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約的總收益	2,300,875	2,098,198

The revenue of the Group is disaggregated by the timing of revenue, is recognised at a point in time and over time as the Group's customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the entity performs.

本集團的收益按收益時間分類,並在某 個時點及隨時間確認,原因為本集團的 客戶於實體履約時同時取得及消耗實體 履約所提供的利益。

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Timing of revenue recognition: Services transferred at a point in time Services transferred over time	收益確認時間: 在某個時點轉讓的服務 隨時間轉讓的服務	84,957 2,215,918	85,102 2,013,096
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約的總收益	2,300,875	2,098,198

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

6. 分部資料(續)

The segment results for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三 十一日止年度的分部業績如下:

		Mobile	Online-video	Game		
		advertising	distribution	co-publishing		
		services	Services	services	Others	Total
		移動廣告服務	網絡視頻產品 分發服務	遊戲聯運服務	其他	總計
		1夕到)庚 白 瓜 1为 RMB'000	カ短版が RMB'000	双取哪定成功 RMB'000	来他 RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
5 II II I	**					
For the year ended 31 December 2022	截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度					
	分部收益	2,196,736	84,525	5,512	14,102	2,300,875
Segment revenue Segment cost of sales	分部銷售成本	(1,989,716)	(64,425)	5,512	(12,259)	(2,066,400)
Segment cost of sales	刀印朝告风平	(1,909,710)	(04,423)		(12,209)	(2,000,400)
Segment results	分部業績	207,020	20,100	5,512	1,843	234,475
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益					42,718
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支					(19,372)
Research and development costs	研發成本					(86,192)
Impairment loss on	應收賬款減值虧損					(00,132)
accounts receivable						(35,950)
Administrative expenses	行政開支					(52,793)
Other expenses and	其他開支及虧損					, , ,
losses						(160,114)
Share-based payment expenses	以股份為基礎的付款開支					(22,192)
Finance costs	財務成本					(7,696)
Share of losses in	分佔聯營公司虧損					(),)
associates						(4,337)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損					(111,453)

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

6. 分部資料(續)

Profit before tax	除税前溢利				84,073
Share of losses in associates	分佔聯營公司虧損				(3,826)
Finance costs	財務成本				(7,549)
Share-based payment expenses	以股份為基礎的付款開支				(18,160)
Other expenses and losses	其他開支及虧損				(1,107)
Administrative expenses	行政開支				(46,301)
receivable	AS MANAMEDIA				(37,401)
Impairment loss on accounts	應收賬款減值虧損				(07,000)
Research and development costs	研發成本				(67,036)
Other income and gains Selling and distribution expenses	其他收入及收益 銷售及分銷開支				17,138 (15,001)
Segment results	分部業績	233,559	21,786	7,971	263,316
Segment cost of sales	分部銷售成本	(1,771,566)	(63,316)	_	(1,834,882)
Segment revenue	分部收益	2,005,125	85,102	7,971	2,098,198
For the year ended 31 December 2021	截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度				
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		移動廣告服務	分發服務	遊戲聯運服務	總計
		services	services 網絡視頻產品	services	Total
		advertising .	distribution	co-publishing	-
		Mobile	Online-video	Game	

The Group have no major customers which contributed more than 10% of the total revenue for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

The Group mainly operates in Mainland China and earns substantially all of the revenue from external customers located in Mainland China.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, substantially all of the non-current assets of the Group were located in Mainland China.

本集團並無截至二零二二年及二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度貢獻超過總收 益10%的主要客戶。

本集團主要在中國大陸經營,所賺絕大 部分收益來自位於中國大陸的外部客 戶。

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十 一日,本集團絕大部分非流動資產均位 於中國大陸。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

7. **REVENUE**

Revenue, which is also the Group's turnover, represents the income from its principal activities. Revenue recognised during the year are as follows:

7. 收益

收入(亦即本集團的營業額)指來自其 主要業務的收入。於年內確認的收益如 下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue from contract with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15: Mobile advertising services income Online-video distribution services income Game co-publishing services income Software maintenance services income	香港財務報告準則第15號範圍 內來自客戶合約的收益: 移動廣告服務收入 網絡視頻產品分發服務收入 遊戲聯運服務收入 軟件維護服務收入	2,196,736 84,525 5,512 14,102	2,005,125 85,102 7,971 –

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition and by geographic markets is disclosed in note 6.

按收益確認時間及按地區市場分析來自 客戶合約的收益於附註6披露。

The following table provides information about accounts receivable and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

下表提供應收賬款及客戶合約的合約負 债的資料。

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Accounts receivable (note 22) Contract liabilities (note 27)	應收賬款(附註22)	601,259	581,348
	合約負債(附註27)	27,833	29,844

The contract liabilities mainly relate to the advance consideration received from customers. RMB29,844,000 of the contract liabilities as of 1 January 2022 has been recognised as revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022, changes in the balance of contract liabilities is primarily relate to the Group performance services under related contracts were satisfied.

合約負債主要與從客戶收取的預付代價 有關。截至二零二二年一月一日的合約 負債人民幣29,844,000元已於截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止年度確認為 收益,而合約負債結餘的變動主要與本 集團根據相關合約執行的履約服務有 關。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

8. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

8. 其他收入及收益

An analysis of other income and gains is as follows:

其他收入及收益分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Other income from contract with customers, within the scope of HKFRS 15:	符合香港財務報告準則 第15號範圍客戶合約的 其他收入:		
Conference service income, net (note (a))	會議服務收入淨額(附註(a))	4,935	3,147
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	1,045	951
Government grants (note (b))	政府補貼(附註(b))	334	159
Foreign exchange gains, net	外匯收益淨額	2	706
Additional deduction of input value added	進項增值税額外扣減		
tax (note (b))	(附註(b))	14,118	11,402
Derecognition of accounts payable (note (c))	終止確認應付賬款(附註(c))	20,965	_
Others	其他	1,319	773
		37,783	13,991
		42,718	17,138

Notes:

- All the conference service income of the Group is recognised at point in time as those services are provided under HKFRS 15.
- (b) The Group recognises the government grants when it fulfils all the conditions specified in the relevant law and regulations. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the government grants include subsidies from the local government in relation to the Employment Support Scheme of approximately RMB334,000 (2021: RMB159,000) and the additional deduction of input value added tax from the PRC government of RMB14,118,000 (2021: RMB11,402,000).
- The Group derecognised an amount of approximately (C) RMB20,965,000 of accounts payable which the Group has no obligation to pay in accordance with the court order.

附註:

- 當服務根據香港財務報告準則第15號 得以提供時,本集團所有會議服務收 入予以確認。
- 本集團於其達成相關法律及規例規定 的所有條件時確認政府補貼。概無與 該等補貼有關的未達成條件或或然事 項。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,政府補貼包括當地政府有關 保就業計劃的補貼約人民幣334,000 元(二零二一年:人民幣159,000 元)及進項增值税額外扣減人民幣 14,118,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 11,402,000元)。
- 本集團終止確認一筆根據法院頒令本 集團並無責任支付的應付賬款約人民 幣20,965,000元。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

9. (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's (loss)/profit before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

9. 除税前(虧損)/溢利

本集團的除税前(虧損)/溢利經扣 除/(計入)以下各項後得出:

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost of services	服務成本		2,066,400	1,834,882
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	16,17,19	13,911	11,608
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		2,100	2,100
Lease payments not included in the	計量租負債時並未計入的			
measurement of lease liabilities	租賃付款		252	292
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支(不包括董事及			
(excluding directors' and chief	主要行政人員的薪酬			
executive's remuneration (note 11))^:	(附註11))^:			
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金		60,535	45,485
Pension scheme contributions^^	退休金計劃供款^^		5,869	4,325
Share-based payment expenses	以股份為基礎的付款開支	30	22,192	18,160
			88,596	67,970
				0.,0.0
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	18	154,786	448
Impairment loss on accounts receivable	應收賬款減值虧損	22	35,950	37,401
Foreign exchange gains, net*	外匯收益淨額*		(2)	(706)
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備時的虧	損		
plant and equipment			-	4
Gain on derecognition of lease	租賃終止確認的收益		(22)	(8)
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入		(1,045)	(951)

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX (continued)

- Foreign exchange gains, net are included in "Other income and gains" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- Employee benefit expense excluding share-based payment expenses are included in "Cost of sales", "Selling and distribution expenses", "Research and development costs" and "Administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.
- At 31 December 2022, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to the pension schemes of future years (2021: Nil).

除税前(虧損)/溢利(續) 9.

- 外匯收益淨額計入綜合損益表內的 「其他收入及收益」下。
- 僱員福利開支(不包括以股份為基礎 的付款開支)計入綜合損益表內的「銷 售成本」、「銷售及分銷開支」、「研發 成本」及「行政開支」下。
- 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集 團概無已沒收供款可用以扣減其於未 來年度對退休計劃的供款(二零二-年:無)。

10. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

10. 財務成本

對財務成本的分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest on bank borrowings Interest on lease liabilities (note 17)	銀行借款利息 有關租賃負債的利息(附註17)	6,869 827	7,008 541
		7,696	7,549

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **REMUNERATION**

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

11. 董事及最高行政人員的薪酬

根據上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1) (a)、(b)、(c)及(f)節及公司(披露董事利 益資料)規例第2部披露的本年度董事 及最高行政人員薪酬如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fees:	袍金:		
Directors	董事	513	491
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	薪金、津貼及實物利益	4,637	4,736
Share-based payment expenses	以股份為基礎的付款開支	342	_
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款	693	711
		5,672	5,447
		5,072	5,447
		6,185	5,938

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內支付予獨立非執行董事的袍 金如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Mr. Chen Baoguo	陳寶國先生	171	164
Mr. Liang Zhanping ⁸	梁戰平先生8	_	116
Ms. Zhao Xuemei ⁷	趙學梅女士7	94	164
Mr. Jin Yongsheng ⁴	金永生先生4	171	47
Mr. Yu Limin ⁶	余利民先生6	77	
		513	491

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2021: Nil).

年內並無應付予獨立非執行董事 的其他酬金(二零二一年:無)。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **REMUNERATION** (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive

Year ended 31 December 2022

11. 董事及最高行政人員的薪酬 (續)

(a) 執行董事、非執行董事及最高 行政人員

> 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度

			Colorios			
			Salaries, allowances	Share-based	Pension	
						T-4-1
		_	and benefits	payment	scheme	Total
		Fees	in kind	expenses	contributions	remuneration
			薪金、津貼	以股份為基礎	退休金	
		袍金	及實物利益	的付款開支	計劃供款	薪酬總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Gao Dinan1	高弟男先生1	-	1,689	-	153	1,842
Ms. Zhou Yan5	周豔女士5	-	317	-	62	379
Mr. NIE Xin	聶鑫先生	_	720	_	182	902
Ms. Jiang Yu2	蔣宇女士2	_	484	342	97	923
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:					
Mr. Zheng Wei	鄭煒先生	_	1,428	_	198	1,626
Mr. Song Chunyu ³	宋春雨先生3	-	-	_	-	_
			4,638	342	692	5,672

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **REMUNERATION** (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2021

11. 董事及最高行政人員的薪酬 (續)

(b) 執行董事、非執行董事及最高 行政人員(續)

> 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度

				- 1 ~		
		Fees 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼 及實物利益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share-based payment expenses 以股份為基礎的付款開支 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Pension scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total remuneration 薪酬總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Gao Dinan ¹	朔1] 里争· 高弟男先生 ¹		1 600		153	1 706
Ms. Zhou Yan ⁵	周豔女士5	_	1,633 987	-	191	1,786 1,178
Mr. NIE Xin	周	_	720	_	176	896
Non-executive directors:	非執行董事:	_	120	_	170	090
Mr. Zheng Wei	が		1,396		191	1,587
Mr. Song Chunyu ³	宋春雨先生 ³	_	1,390	_	191	1,307
- Ivii. Sorig Orlariya						
		-	4,736	-	711	5,447
	vas the Chief Execu arch 2014 to Decembe		he	年		三月至二零二二 3男先生為本公 。
Company with eff	appointed as an exec ect from 20 July 2022 fficer on 16 December	2 and appointed		H Z	等宇女士於二零 - 日獲委任為本 及於二零二二年 隻委任為首席執	公司執行董事 十二月十六日
	resigned as an non-e e effect from 28 April 2		of	=	₹春雨先生於二 二十八日辭任本 耳。	
	g was appointed as ar or of the Company w			+	â永生先生於二 -六日獲委任為 A行董事。	
	esigned as an execut ect from 28 April 2022		he		引豔女士於二零 ─八日辭任本公	
	as appointed as an ars of the Company v			=	《利民先生於二 二十日獲委任為 执行董事。	
	ei resigned as an I ers of the Company v			Ξ	道學梅女士於二 二十日辭任本公 董事。	
	ing resigned as an			į.	♥戰平先生於二 -六日辭任本公 董事。	

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

11. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S **REMUNERATION** (continued)

(b) Executive directors, non-executive directors and the chief executive (continued)

During the year and in prior years, RSU units were granted to directors and the chief executive of the Group in respect of their services to the Group, under the share incentive plan of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 30 to the financial statement. The fair value of these options, which has been recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the vesting periods, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above directors' and the chief executive's remuneration disclosures.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2021: Nil).

11. 董事及最高行政人員的薪酬 (續)

(b) 執行董事、非執行董事及最高 行政人員(續)

於年內及過往年度,根據本公司 的股份激勵計劃,本集團董事及 最高行政人員因其向本集團提供 服務獲授受限制股份單位,其進 一步詳情載於財務報表附註30。 相關購股權的公平值已於歸屬期 內在損益表確認,並於授出日期 釐定目於本年度財務報表入賬的 金額已計入前述董事及最高行政 人員的的薪酬披露中。

年內, 概無董事或最高行政人員 訂立放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬的 安排(二零二一年:無)。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

12. FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

The five highest paid individuals during the year include two directors (2021: nil), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 11 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining three (2021: five) highest paid individuals who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

12. 五名最高薪酬人士

年內,五名最高薪酬人士包括兩名董事 (二零二一年:零名),其薪酬詳情載 於上文附註11。年內餘下三名(二零二 一年:五名)最高薪酬人士(並非本公 司董事或最高行政人員)的薪酬詳情如 下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Share-based payment expenses Pension scheme contributions	薪金、津貼及實物利益 以股份為基礎的付款開支 退休金計劃供款	3,466 3,642 380	3,786 8,155 703
		7,488	12,644

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid individuals whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows:

非董事及非最高行政人員的最高薪酬人 士中薪酬位於以下範圍的人數如下:

		Number of er 僱員人 2022 二零二二年	
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	-	_
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元	-	_
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元	1	1
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	1	2
HK\$3,500,001 to HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	1	1
HK\$4,000,001 to HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	-	1
		3	5

During the year and in prior years, RSU units were granted to the non-director and non-chief executive highest paid individuals of the Group in respect of their services to the Group, under the share incentive plan of the Company, further details of which are set out in note 30 to the financial statement. The fair value of these options, which has been recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss over the vesting periods, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director and non-chief executive highest paid individuals' remuneration disclosures.

於年內及過往年度,本集團非董事及非 最高行政人員的最高薪酬人士因彼等為 本集團提供的服務而根據本公司的股份 激勵計劃獲授受限制股份單位,進一步 詳情載於財務報表附註30。該等購股 權的公平值於授出日期釐定,已在歸屬 期內於綜合損益表確認,而計入本年度 財務報表的金額已於上文非董事及非最 高行政人員的最高薪酬人士薪酬披露內 容中列示。

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13. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

The Company is incorporated under the law of the Cayman Islands and is not subject to the Cayman Islands income tax.

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021. The income tax expenses of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 represented current tax expenses related to the Group's operations in Mainland China and deferred tax.

The income tax provision of the Group in respect of its operations in Mainland China was calculated at the tax rate of 25% on the estimated assessable profits for the periods, if applicable, based on the existing legislation, interpretations and practice in respect thereof, except for four (2021: four) PRC subsidiaries, which are entitled to a preferential tax rate of 15% for three years as they are qualified as a "new high technology enterprise".

13. 所得税開支

本公司根據開曼群島法律許冊成立,但 毋須繳納開曼群島所得税。

於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團於香港並未產 生任何應課税溢利,故未計提香港利得 税撥備。本集團於截至二零二二年及二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的所得 税開支指與本集團在中國大陸的經營業 務及遞延税項相關的即期税項開支。

根據中國大陸的現行法律、詮釋及慣 例,本集團就中國大陸的經營業務計提 的所得税撥備按各期間估計應課税溢利 25%的税率計算(如適用),惟四間(二 零二一年:四間)合資格成為「高新技 術企業」而有權享有15%的優惠税率的 中國附屬公司除外。

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current – Mainland China Charge for the year Deferred tax credit	即期-中國大陸 年內開支 遞延税項抵免	21,392 (4,287)	27,419 (5,643)
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項開支總額	17,105	21,776

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

13. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to (loss)/ profit before tax at the statutory rates for the jurisdictions in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries are domiciled to the tax expense at the effective tax rates, and a reconciliation of the applicable rates (i.e., the statutory tax rates) to the effective tax rates, are as follows:

13. 所得税開支(續)

按本公司及其大部分附屬公司經營所在 司法權區的法定税率計算的除税前(虧 損)/溢利的適用税項開支,與按實際 税率計算的税項開支的對賬以及適用税 率(即法定税率)與實際税率的對賬如 下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
(Loss)/profit before tax	除税前(虧損)/溢利	(111,453)	84,073
Tax at the statutory tax rate (25%)	按法定税率(25%)	(27,863)	21,019
Lower rates for specific provinces or enacted by local authority Effect of different tax rates in different	計算的税項特定省份或地方 機關頒佈之較低税率 不同司法權區不同税率的影響	(8,059)	(11,051)
jurisdictions	113.376 E	2,964	308
Expense not deductible for tax	不可税前列支的費用	46,495	10,549
Tax losses utilised	已動用税項虧損	-	(306)
Tax losses not recognised	未確認的税項虧損	3,568	1,257
Tax charge at the Group's effective tax rate	按本集團實際税率計算的 税項開支	17,105	21,776

14. DIVIDEND

No dividend have been paid or declared by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

14. 股息

本公司於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度概無派付或宣派任何股息(二 零二一年:無)。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

15. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY **HOLDERS OF THE PARENT**

The calculation of the basic (loss)/earnings per share amount is based on the (loss)/profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,433,714,596 (2021: 1,391,102,394) in issue excluding the treasury shares during the year.

Diluted (loss)/earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The calculations of basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share are based on:

15. 母公司普通權益持有人應佔 每股(虧損)/盈利

每股基本(虧損)/盈利金額乃基於本 年度母公司普通權益持有人應佔年內 (虧損)/溢利以及1,433,714,596股 (二零二一年:1,391,102,394股)已發 行普通股(不包括庫存股份)的加權平 均數而得出。

每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利乃通過調整發 行在外的普通股加權平均數以假設所有 具有潛在攤薄影響的普通股均已轉換而 計算得出。

每股基本及攤薄(虧損)/盈利的計算 乃基於以下各項:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent used in the basic and diluted earning per share calculation	計算每股基本及攤薄盈利時所用 的母公司擁有人應佔年內 (虧損)/溢利(人民幣千元)		
(RMB'000)		(129,537)	62,297
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation	年內用於每股基本盈利計算的 已發行普通股的加權平均數	1,433,714,596	1,391,102,394
the basic earnings per share calculation		1,400,714,000	1,001,102,004
Effect of dilution – weighted average number of ordinary shares:	攤薄影響-普通股的 加權平均數:		
RSUs	受限制股份單位	79,181,192	59,327,780
		1,512,895,788	1,450,430,174
Basic (loss)/earnings per share	每股基本(虧損)/盈利	(RMB0.09)	RMB0.04
(expressed in RMB per share)	(以每股人民幣元列示)	(人民幣0.09元)	人民幣0.04元
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share	每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利	(RMB0.09)	RMB0.04
(expressed in RMB per share)	(以每股人民幣元列示)	(人民幣0.09元)	人民幣0.04元

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16. 物業、廠房及設備

I HOI EIII I, I EAII A	TO EQUIT MEITT	'	10. 195	//以/分/人以 田	
		Electronic	Transportation	Leasehold	
		devices	equipment	improvements	Tota
		電子設備	 運輸設備	. 租賃物業裝修	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'00
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost	成本				
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	2,204	1,275	201	3,68
Additions	添置	241	-	831	1,07
Disposal	出售	(256)			(256
At 31 December 2021 and	於二零二一年十二月				
1 January 2022	三十一日及二零二二年				
	一月一日	2,189	1,275	1,032	4,490
Additions	添置	481	-	269	750
Acquired through business	透過業務合併收購				
combination (Note 33)	(附註33)	86	-	-	8
Disposal	出售	(60)	-	-	(6
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1		-	
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月				
	三十一日	2,697	1,275	1,301	5,273
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊				
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	1,742	743	194	2,679
Depreciation provided	年內計提的折舊	1,172	740	104	2,07
during the year	Lanivenanie	265	201	2	46
Disposal	出售	(243)	_	_	(24
·					·
At 31 December 2021 and	於二零二一年十二月				
1 January 2022	三十一日及二零二二年				
	一月一日	1,764	944	196	2,90
Depreciation provided during the year	年內計提的折舊	251	79	26	35
Disposal	出售	(53)	-	-	(5
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	1		-	
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年				
THE ST DOCUMENT LOLL	十二月三十一日	1,963	1,023	222	3,20
Net book value	賬面淨值				
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年				
TO DECEMBE ZUZZ	が一 令 ――午 十二月三十一日	734	252	1,079	2,06
). —				
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年				
	十二月三十一日	425	331	836	1,592

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

17. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for office premises used in its operations. Leases of office premises generally have lease terms between 1 and 5 years. Other equipment generally has lease terms of 12 months or less and/or is individually of low value. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group. There are no lease contract that include extension and termination options and variable lease payments.

Right-of-use assets (a)

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

17. 租賃

本集團作為承租人

本集團因其營運業務使用辦公室物業而 訂立租賃合約。辦公室物業的租賃通常 訂有一至五年的租期。其他設備通常訂 有12個月或以下的租期及/或屬個別 低價值租賃。一般而言,本集團在向本 集團以外轉讓及分租租賃資產方面受限 制。概無租賃合約包括延期及終止選擇 權及可變租賃付款。

使用價值資產 (a)

年內,本集團的使用權資產的賬 面值及變動如下:

		Office premises 辦公物業 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	¥- = -	
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	4,033
Additions	添置	28,253
Derecognition of lease	租賃終止確認	(391)
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(4,924)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(6)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	
and 1 January 2022	及二零二二年一月一日	26,965
Additions	添置	2,928
Derecognition of lease	租賃終止確認	(11,336)
Lease modification	租賃修改	(2,063)
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(6,326)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	20
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	10,188

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

17. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

At 1 January 2021

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

17 租賃(續)

於二零二一年一月一日

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債

年內,租賃負債的賬面值及變動 如下:

> Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元

> > 4.170

6,990

19,327

26,317

At I January 2021		バーマー ナ カ ト	⊣	4,170
New leases		新租賃		28,253
Accretion of interest recogn	nised during the year	年內確認的利息增值		541
Payments		付款		(6,241)
Derecognition of lease		租賃終止確認		(399)
Exchange realignment		匯兑調整		(7)
At 1 January 2022		於二零二二年一月一[3	26,317
New leases		新租賃	-	2,928
Accretion of interest recogn	nised during the year	年內確認的利息增值		827
Payments	noca danng the year	付款		(4,386)
Lease modification		租賃修改		(2,063)
Derecognition of lease		租賃終止確認		(11,358)
Exchange realignment		匯兑調整		54
At 31 December 2022		於二零二二年十二月日	三十一日	12,319
			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			RMB'000	₹_ + RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Analysed into:	分析為:			

即期部分

非即期部分

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 41(c) to the financial statements.

租賃負債到期分析於財務報表附 註41(c)披露。

6,499

5,820

12,319

Current portion

Non-current portion

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

17. LEASES (continued)

17. 租賃(續)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

(c) 租賃相關損益確認的金額如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest on lease liabilities Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets Expense relating to short-term leases and other leases with remaining lease terms	租賃負債利息 使用權資產折舊開支 與短期租賃及具有餘下租期 的其他租賃有關的開支	827 6,326	541 4,924 143
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets	與低價值資產租賃 有關的開支	159	149
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	於損益內確認的總額	7,405	5,757

18. GOODWILL

18. 商譽

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 33) Impairment	於一月一日 收購一間附屬公司(附註33) 減值	183,164 6,422 (154,786)	183,612 - (448)
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	34,800	183,164

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

18. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations is allocated to the following cash-generating units (the "CGU"), which are reportable operating segments, for impairment testing:

- Online-video distribution CGU; and
- Zhonghe CGU.

The Group is required to test, on an annual basis, whether goodwill has suffered any impairment. The recoverable amount is determined based on value in use calculations. The use of this method requires the estimation of future cash flows and the determination of a discount rate in order to calculate the present value of the cash flows.

Online-video distribution CGU

During the year, online-video distribution CGU does not record a growth in revenue, which contrast with the management's expectation of the significant growth in budget. Such situation was mainly due to the PRC government has imposed several policies to restrict the gaming time of the minors to be under 3 hours a day. This had adverse impact on the cash flow projections.

The recoverable amount of the online-video distribution CGU has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period to 31 December 2027 approved by senior management. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 25.13% (2021: 27.07%). The growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows of the online-video distribution CGU beyond the five-year period is 2% (2021: 2%). The directors of the Company believes that this growth rate is discreet given the future uncertainty of the global macro economy and market.

18. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試

通過業務合併取得的商譽乃分配至以 下屬可報告經營分部的現金產生單位 (「現金產生單位」)進行減值測試:

- 網絡視頻產品分發現金產生單 位;及
- 中和現金產生單位。

本集團須每年就商譽是否出現任何減值 進行測試。可收回金額乃根據使用價值 計算釐定。使用該方法須對未來現金流 量進行估計,並釐定折現率,以計算現 金流量的現值。

網絡視頻產品分發現金產生單位

於本年度內,網絡視頻產品分發現金產 生單位的收入並無錄得增長,與管理層 對預算大幅增長的預期形成鮮明對比。 這種情況的主要是由於中國政府實施數 項政策,將未成年人的遊戲時間限制在 每天3小時以下。這對現金流預測產生 了不利影響。

網絡視頻產品分發現金產生單位的可收 回金額乃根據採用經高級管理層批准的 基於涵蓋五年期間至二零二七年十二月 三十一日財務預算的現金流量預測計算 的使用價值釐定。適用於現金流量預測 的税前貼現率為25.13%(二零二一年: 27.07%)。用於推算網絡視頻產品分發 現金產生單位五年期間後現金流量的增 長率為2%(二零二一年:2%)。本公司 董事認為,考慮到全球宏觀經濟及市場 的未來不確定性,該增長率較為謹慎。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

18. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (continued)

Zhonghe CGU

The recoverable amount of the Zhonghe CGU has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period period to 31 December 2027 approved by senior management. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 22.69%. The growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows of the Zhonghe CGU beyond the five-year period is 2%. The directors of the Company believes that this growth rate is discreet given the future uncertainty of the global macro economy and market.

The carrying amounts of goodwill allocated to each of the CGUs are as follows:

18. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

中和現金產生單位

中和現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據 採用經高級管理層批准的基於涵蓋五年 期間至二零二七年十二月三十一日財務 預算的現金流量預測計算的使用價值釐 定。適用於現金流量預測的税前貼現 率為22.69%。用於推算中和現金產生 單位五年期間後現金流量的增長率為 2%。本公司董事認為,考慮到全球宏 觀經濟及市場的未來不確定性,該增長 率較為謹慎。

分配至各現金產生單位的商譽賬面值如 下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Online-video distribution Zhonghe CGU (Note 33)	網絡視頻產品分發 中和現金產生單位(附註33)	28,378 6,422	183,164 –
		34,800	183,164

The recoverable amount of CGUs that hold a significant proportion of the Group's overall goodwill balance include:

- Online-video distribution: The shortfall between the carrying amount of CGU before impairment of RMB185,352,000 and VIU of RMB30,566,000. An impairment loss on goodwill at amount of approximately RMB154.786.000 was provided in the consolidation statement of profit or loss as other expenses an losses during the year ended 31 December 2022. The impairment loss is recorded in the online video distribution services segment; and
- Zhonghe CGU: recoverable amount of RMB6,422,000 approximates its carrying amount.

於本集團商譽總餘額中佔比較大的現金 產生單位可收回金額包括:

- 網絡視頻產品分發:現金產生 單位減值前賬面金額人民幣 185,352,000元與使用價值人民 幣30,566,000元之間的差額。於 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,商譽減值虧損約人民幣 154,786,000元已於綜合損益表 計提撥備作為其他開支及虧損。 減值虧損計入網絡視頻產品分發 服務分部;及
- 中和現金產生單位:可收回金額 人民幣6,422,000元與其賬面值 相若。

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18. GOODWILL (continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (continued)

Assumptions were used in the value in use calculation of the CGU. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill:

Budgeted gross margins — The basis used to determine the budgeted gross margins is the average gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected efficiency improvements, and expected market development.

Discount rates — The discount rates used are before tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant unit.

Revenue growth rates — The basis used to determine the revenue growth rate in the five-year forecast period is the historical data of the CGU, management's expectation of the future market and the average growth rate achieved by comparable companies. Growth rates beyond the first five years are based on economic data pertaining to the region concerned.

The values assigned to the key assumptions on market development of the above CGU and discount rate are consistent with external information sources.

18. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試(續)

計算現金產生單位的使用價值時使用了 若干假設。下文描述了管理層據以作出 現金流量預測以進行商譽減值測試的各 項主要假設:

預算毛利率 - 釐定預算毛利率時使用的 基準為緊接預算年度前一年所實現的平 均毛利率。預算毛利率按預期效率提升 及預期市場發展而上調。

貼現率一所使用的貼現率為除稅前的數 值並反映與相關單位有關的特定風險。

收益增長率-釐定五年預測期內收益增 長率時使用的基準為現金產生單位的歷 史數據、管理層對未來市場的預期及可 比較公司實現的平均增長率。首五年後 的增長率以有關區域的經濟數據為基 準。

有關上述現金產生單位市場發展的主要 假設以及貼現率數值與外部資料來源一 致。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

19. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

19. 其他無形資產

		Commercial resources 商業資源 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Software 軟件 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Customer relationship 客戶關係 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cost	成本				
At 1 January 2021,	於二零二一年一月一日、				
31 December 2021,	二零二一年十二月				
1 January 2022	三十一日、				
	二零二二年一月一日	20,152	6,165	25,000	51,317
Acquired through business	透過業務合併收購				
combination (Note 33)	(附註33)	_	6,755	_	6,755
(1 1 1)	於二零二二年		,		,
At 31 December 2022	十二月三十一日	20,152	12,920	25,000	58,072
Accumulated amortisation and impairment	累計攤銷及減值				
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	20,152	3,428	14,041	37,621
Amortisation	攤銷	_	1,216	5,000	6,216
	於二零二一年十二月				
At 31 December 2021 and	三十一日及				
1 January 2022	二零二二年一月一日	20,152	4,644	19,041	43,837
Amortisation	攤銷	-	2,229	5,000	7,229
	於二零二二年				
At 31 December 2022	十二月三十一日	20,152	6,873	24,041	51,066
Net book value	賬面淨值 於二零二二年				
At 31 December 2022	十二月三十一日	-	6,047	959	7,006
	於二零二一年				
At 31 December 2021	十二月三十一日	-	1,521	5,959	7,480

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

19. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

Intangible assets recognised in 2022 were related to the software associated with the business combination of Zhonghe (Note 33). The software of RMB6,755,000 was recognised, which is valued by an independent valuer using "excess profit" method of discounting the future expected net profits of Zhonghe generated from the software. Key inputs used in valuing the fair value of the intangible assets are set forth below:

19. 其他無形資產(續)

於二零二二年確認的無形資產涉及與 中和業務合併相關的軟件(附註33)。 確認軟件人民幣6,755,000元,由獨 立估值師使用「超額溢利」法貼現中 和自軟件產生的未來預期純利進行估 值。用於評估無形資產公平值的主要 輸入資料載列如下:

> At the transaction date 於交易日期 2022 二零二二年

Discount rate Budgeted revenue growth rate 貼現率 預算收益增長率

20% 2-3%

The discount rate was estimated by the weighted average cost of capital at the date of acquisition of the software, which reflects specific risks relating to the assets.

The basis used to determine the budgeted revenue growth rate is the historical data, management's expectation of the future market and average growth rate achieved by comparable companies.

貼現率乃按收購軟件當日的加權 平均資本成本估算,反映有關資 產的特定風險。

用以釐定預算收益增長率的基準 為過往數據,管理層對未來市場 的預期及可比較公司所達致的平 均增長率。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

20. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

20. 於聯營公司的投資

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest in associates Disposal of interest in associates	於聯營公司的權益 年內出售於聯營公司的權益	5,452	6,226
during the year Share loss in associates	分佔聯營公司的虧損	– (4,337)	(378) (3,826)
		1,115	2,022

Particulars of the material associates are as follows:

重大聯營公司的詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Particulars of registered share capital 註冊股本詳情	Percentage of Place of incorporation and business 註冊成立 及業務地點	Ownership attributable to 本集團 所有權百 2022 二零二二年	the Group 應佔	Principal activity 主要業務
Beijing Youbei Digital Technology Co., Ltd. (Note 1) ("Beijing Youbei")	RMB10,000,000	Beijing	-	-	Research and development in innovation through technology
北京游貝數字科技 有限公司(附註1) (「北京游貝」)	人民幣 10,000,000元	北京	-	-	研發創新技術
Wanxin Chelian Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Limited (Note 2) ("Wanxin Chelian")	RMB89,639,000	Shenzhen	49	49	Internet of innovation of vehicle business
萬信車聯科技(深圳)有限公司(附註2)(「萬信車聯」)	人民幣 89,639,000元	深圳	49	49	汽車創新互聯網業務

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

20. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

20. 於聯營公司的投資(續)

Summarised financial information

財務資料概要

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
		7770113 1 70	7(2(1) 1 70
Year ended 31 December Aggregate amount of the Group's share of those associates:	截至十二月三十一日止年度本集團應佔該等聯營公司的總額:		
Beijing Youbei - Loss from operations	北京游貝 -經營虧損	_	(160)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
- Other comprehensive income	一其他全面收入	-	_
- Total comprehensive income	-全面收入總額	_	(160)
Wanxin Chelian	萬信車聯		
 Loss from operations 	-經營虧損	(4,337)	(3,666)
- Other comprehensive income	- 其他全面收入	-	-
- Total comprehensive income	-全面收入總額	(4,337)	(3,666)

Note 1: During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group disposed 100% of its shareholding in Beijing Youbei at a cash consideration of RMB380,000, resulting a gain on disposal of approximately RMB2,000.

Note 2: During the year ended 31 December 2022, upon additional paid-up capital contribution being made by each shareholders of Wanxin Chelian, the paid-up capital was enlarged from RMB13,963,900 to RMB20,963,900 and the Group's equity interest in Wanxin Chelian remained no change. As at 31 December 2022, the Group's investment commitment on Wanxin Chelian was amounted to RMB33,651,000 (2021: RMB37,081,000), to be paid up by Huanju Times on or before 31 December 2030.

附註1:截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團出售其於北京游貝 的全部股權,現金代價為人民幣 380,000元,產生出售收益約人民幣 2.000元。

附註2: 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,於萬信車聯各股東作出額外 注入繳足資本後,繳足資本由人 民幣13,963,900元擴大至人民幣 20,963,900元,本集團於萬信車聯 的股權維持不變。於二零二二年十 二月三十一日,本集團對萬信車聯 的投資承諾為人民幣33,651,000元 (二零二一年:人民幣37,081,000 元),將於二零三零年十二月三十一 日或之前由歡聚時代繳足。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

21. DEFERRED TAX

21. 遞延税項

The movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

遞延税項資產及負債的變動如下:

	d tax	

遞延税項資產

Deferred tax assets		知心	些 祝垻貫産	
		Lease Liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 Provision on accounts receivables 應收賬款撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At January 2022	於二零二二年一月	6,542	8,752	15,294
Deferred tax (charged)/credited to profit or loss during the year	年內(扣除自)/計入 損益的遞延税項	(3,451)	2,851	(600)
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月 三十一日的遞延税項 資產總值	3,091	11,603	14,694
Deferred tax liabilities		遞	延税項負債	
		Right-of-use assets 使用權資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 二零二二年 Fair value adjustment on acquisition of subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 的公平值調整 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At January 2022	於二零二二年一月	6,707	495	7,202
Deferred tax credited to profit or loss during the year	年內計入損益的遞延税項	(4,150)	(737)	(4,887)
Acquired through acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 33)	透過收購一間附屬公司收購(附註33)	_	1,677	1,677
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月 三十一日的遞延税項 負債總額	2,557	1,435	3,992

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

21. **DEFERRED TAX** (continued)

21. 遞延税項(續)

Deferred tax assets			遞延和	说項資產	
		Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000	Losse available for offsetting against futur taxable profit 可抵銷未列 應課税溢和 的虧損	Provision on accounts receivable 恢 惯 應收賬款撥備 RMB'000	Total 總計 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千克	元 人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	1,042	30	6 4,182	5,530
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to profit or loss during the year	年內計入/(扣除自)損益 的遞延税項	5,500	(30	6) 4,570	9,764
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的遞延税項資 產總值	6,542		- 8,752	15,294
Deferred tax liabilities			遞延租	——————— 说項負債	
			Right-of-	2021 二零二一年 Fair value adjustment on acquisition of	
			assets use 使用權資產 RMB'000	subsidiaries 收購附屬公司 的公平值調整	Total 總計
			人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元

Deferred tax charged/(credited) to profit or loss during the year	年內扣除自/(計入)損益的 遞延税項	5,699	(1,578)	4,121
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 遞延税項負債總額	6,707	495	7,202

1,008

2,073

3,081

於二零二一年一月一日

At 1 January 2021

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

21. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities (continued)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

21. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項負債(續)

就呈報而言,若干遞延税項資產及負債 已於綜合財務狀況表抵銷。下列為本集 團遞延税項結餘分析,以作財務申報目 的:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表確認的 遞延税項資產淨值	12,135	8,587
Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表確認的 遞延税項負債淨額	(1,435)	(495)
Net deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產淨額	10,700	8,092

The Group has tax losses of RMB38,096,000 (2021: RMB37,792,000) that are available for offsetting against its future taxable profits as at 31 December 2022. All of these losses have arisen in Mainland China, and are available for offsetting against future taxable profits to a maximum period of five years of the companies in which the losses arose.

Among which, tax losses of RMB38,096,000 (2021: RMB37,792,000) have not been recognised as at 31 December 2022 as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement has become effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 10%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008 if any.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團 擁有可抵銷未來應課税溢利的税項虧損 人民幣38,096,000元(二零二一年:人 民幣37,792,000元)。所有該等虧損均 來自中國大陸,可抵銷錄得虧損的公司 最多五年期間的未來應課税溢利。

其中,於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 並無確認税項虧損人民幣38,096,000 元(二零二一年:人民幣37,792,000 元),因為該等虧損乃由已經持續錄得 虧損一段時間的附屬公司所產生,且不 太可能有應課税溢利可用以抵銷税項虧 損。

根據中國企業所得税法,於中國大陸成 立的外商投資企業向外國投資者宣派股 息須徵收10%預扣税。有關規定自二 零零八年一月一日起生效並適用於二零 零七年十二月三十一日之後所產生的收 益。若中國大陸與外國投資者所在司法 權區之間訂有税務條約,則可能適用較 低的預扣税率。就本集團而言,適用税 率為10%。因此,本集團須就該等於 中國大陸成立的附屬公司自二零零八年 一月一日起產生的盈利(如有)分派的 股息繳納預扣税。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

21. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities (continued)

At 31 December 2022, no deferred tax liabilities have been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China. In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately RMB35,208,000 at 31 December 2022 (2021: RMB43,246,000).

21. 遞延税項(續)

22. 應收賬款

遞延税項負債(續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,概無就 須繳納預扣税的本集團於中國大陸成立 的附屬公司的未匯出盈利應付的預扣税 而確認遞延税項負債。董事認為,附屬 公司在可預見未來不大可能會分派該等 盈利。於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 尚未確認遞延税項負債的於中國大陸附 屬公司投資的暫時差額合共約為人民 幣35,208,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 43,246,000元)。

22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

2021 2022 二零二二年 二零二一年 **RMB'000** RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Accounts receivable 應收賬款 650.982 619.667 Loss allowance 虧損撥備 (49,723)(38,319)總計 Total 601,259 581,348

The Group's trading terms with its customers are partially on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. For mobile advertising services, online video distribution services and game co-publishing services, the credit period generally ranges from three months for major customers. For software maintenance services, the credit period generally ranged from one to two months. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise the credit risk. Overdue balance is reviewed regularly by the management. The Group does not hold any collateral and other credit enhancements over these balances. Accounts receivable are non-interest-bearing.

本集團以信貸形式與部分客戶進行交 易。除新客戶外,本公司一般要求其預 先支付款項。對於移動廣告服務、網絡 視頻產品分發服務及遊戲聯運服務,主 要客戶的信貸期一般介乎三個月不等。 就軟件維護服務而言,信貸期一般介乎 一至兩個月。本集團力求對其未償還應 收款項維持嚴格控制,以盡量降低信貸 風險。管理層會對逾期結餘進行定期審 查。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵 押品或其他信貸強化措施。應收賬款並 不計息。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (continued)

An ageing analysis of the accounts receivable as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

22. 應收賬款(續)

應收賬款(扣除虧損撥備)於報告期末 基於發票日期的賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 3 months 3 to 12 months	3個月內 3至12個月	344,049 245,806	377,579 175,717
1 to 2 years	1至2年	11,404	28,052
		601,259	581,348

The ageing of accounts receivable that are not individually nor collectively considered to be impaired is as follows:

並非個別或共同被視為減值的應收賬款 的賬齡如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Neither past due nor impaired Not more than 3 months past due	既無逾期亦無減值 逾期不超過三個月	344,022 92,927	378,143 58,411
More than 3 months past due but less than 12 months past due More than 1 year past due but less than	逾期超過三個月但少 於十二個月 逾期超過一年但少於兩年	152,879	124,970
2 years past due		11,431	19,824
		601,259	581,348

Accounts receivable that were neither past due nor impaired relate to customers for whom there is no recent history of default.

Accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired relate to customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management is of the opinion that no provision for impairment is necessary for respect of these receivables as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the credit risk is minimal.

未逾期亦未減值的應收賬款與近期並無 違約記錄的客戶有關。

已逾期但未減值的應收賬款與本集團擁 有良好往績記錄的客戶有關。根據過往 經驗,管理層認為毋須就該等應收款項 計提減值撥備,因為信貸質素並無重大 變動且信貸風險極微。

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22. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (continued)

Information about the impairment of accounts receivable and the Group exposure to credit risk can be found in note 41(b).

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of accounts receivable are as follows:

22. 應收賬款(續)

有關應收賬款減值及本集團面臨的信貸 風險的資料載於附註41(b)。

應收賬款減值的虧損撥備的變動如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At beginning of year Receivable written off during the year	年初 年內因不可收回撇銷應收款項	38,319	20,036
as uncollectible		(24,546)	(19,118)
Impairment losses (note 9)	減值虧損(附註9)	35,950	37,401
At end of year	年末	49,723	38,319

23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER **RECEIVABLES**

23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 款項

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Prepayments (note a) Deposits paid (note b) Other receivables (note b)	預付款項(附註a) 已付按金(附註b) 其他應收款項(附註b)	515,902 67,014 47,065	493,319 52,645 43,358
Less: prepayments, non-current portion	減:預付款項非流動部分	629,981 (58,165)	589,322
Current portion	流動部分	571,816	546,647

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23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER **RECEIVABLES** (continued)

Notes:

- As at 31 December 2022, prepayments comprised payment (a) advance to the distribution channel suppliers for volume of the Group's advertisement distribution of mobile advertising services amounting to approximately RMB481,269,000 (2021: RMB477.687.000).
- The balances of deposits and other receivables as at 31 (b) December 2022 and 2021 mainly represent the rental deposits and earnest money to suppliers as security for the due performance and observation of the Group's obligation under the contracts entered into the Group and its suppliers. Where applicable, an impairment analysis is performed at each reporting period date by applying the general approach to providing for expected credit losses of deposits and other receivables prescribed by HKFRS 9. Impairment of deposits and other receivables is assessed based on 12-month expected credit losses, which are the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that result from the default events that are possible within the twelve months after the reporting date. When there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime expected credit losses. For measuring the expected credit losses, deposits and other receivable have been classified based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit losses are estimated by applying a loss rate approach with reference to the historical loss record of the Group. The loss rate is adjusted to reflect the current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions, as appropriate. The expected credit loss rate for deposits and other receivables is minimal.

None of the above assets is either past due or impaired. The financial assets included in the above balances related to receivables, for which there was no recent history of default.

23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 款項(續)

附註:

- 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,預付 款項包括就本集團移動廣告服務的廣 告分銷金額約人民幣481,269,000元 (二零二一年:人民幣477.687.000 元)墊款予分銷渠道供應商。
- 於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三 十一日的按金及其他應收款項結餘主 要指向供應商支付的租金按金及誠 意金,作為妥善履行及觀察本集團及 其供應商訂立的合約項下的責任的抵 押。在適用的情況下,於各報告期進 行減值分析,採用一般方法為香港財 務報告準則第9號規定的按金及其他 應收款項的預期信貸虧損作出撥備。 按金及其他應收款項的減值乃根據因 報告日期後十二個月內可能發生的違 約事件而導致的12個月預期信貸虧 損(全期預期信貸虧損的一部分)進行 評估。倘信貸風險自初始起有顯著增 加,則將根據至期預期信貸虧損計提 撥備。為計量預期信貸虧損,按金及 其他應收款項已根據共享信貸風險特 性及逾期天數進行分類。預期信貸虧 損乃參考本集團的過往虧損記錄採用 損失率法估計。調整損失率以反映當 前狀況及對未來經濟狀況的預測(如 適用)。按金及其他應收款項的預期 信貸虧損率極為微小。

上述資產概無逾期或減值。上述結餘 所包括的金融資產與應收款項有關, 近期並無違約記錄。

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24. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND **PLEDGED DEPOSITS**

24. 現金及現金等價物以及已抵 押存款

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	612,551	444,883
Less: Restricted bank deposits: Pledged for bank loans (note 28) Bank deposits frozen for litigation Time deposits with original maturity	減:受限制銀行存款: 就銀行貸款抵押(附註28) 因訴訟凍結的銀行存款 原到期日超過三個月的	(61,690) -	(42,096) (1,685)
over three months	定期存款	(74,327)	(43,781)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	538,224	401,102
Denominated in: - RMB - USD - HKD	以下列貨幣計值: 一人民幣 一美元 一港元	501,437 28,079 8,708	347,897 27,331 25,874
		538,224	401,102

RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies. However, under Mainland China's prevailing rules and regulations over foreign exchange, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between seven days and one year depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

人民幣無法自由轉換為其他貨幣。然 而,根據中國大陸針對外匯的現行規則 及法規,本集團可通過獲授權開展外匯 業務的銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行存款按基於每日銀行存款利率的浮 動利率計息。短期定期存款視乎本集團 之實時現金需要,其期限介乎七天至一 年期間不等,按其相應之短期定期存款 利率計息。銀行結餘乃存放於聲譽卓著 且近期並無違約記錄的銀行內。

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25. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

An aged analysis of the Group's accounts payable at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

25. 應付賬款

本集團的應付賬款於報告期末基於發票 日期作出的賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 year	1年內	42,501	45,579
1 to 2 years	1至2年	2,599	2,348
More than 2 years	2年以上	7,859	26,403
		52,959	74,330

The accounts payable are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on terms of 60 to 90 days.

應付賬款不計息,並一般於為期60至 90日內結算。

26. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

26. 其他應付款項及應計款項

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Payroll payable Other payables and accruals	應付薪資 其他應付款項及應計款項	7,274 67,029	3,231 49,484
		74,303	52,715

Current portion of other payables and accruals are noninterest-bearing and have an average term of three months.

其他應付款項及應計款項的流動部分不 計息,有三個月的平均期限。

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27. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

27. 合約負債

Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

合約負債詳情如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contract liabilities arises from Mobile advertising services Online-video distribution services Game co-publishing services	合約負債產生自 移動廣告服務 網絡視頻產品分發服務 遊戲聯運服務	25,256 20 2,557	28,032 20 1,792
Total contract liabilities	合約負債總額	27,833	29,844

The contract liabilities mainly relates to the advance consideration received from the customer. It has been recognised as revenue from performance obligations satisfied due to the changes in the timing of revenue recognition.

合約負債主要與從客戶收取的預付代價 有關。由於收入確認時間的變動,已確 認為履約責任的收入。

Movements in contract liabilities

合約負債變動

movement of modern admitted		
	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Decrease in contract liabilities as a 因年內 result of recognising revenue during 減少	一日的結餘 29,844 確認收入導致合約負債 (計入年初的合約負債) 注7)	45,244
of the year (note 7) Increase in contract liabilities as a result of 因客戶 billing in advance from customers	(29,844) 提前開票而增加合約負債 27,833	(45,244) 29,844
Balance as at 31 December 於十二	月三十一日的結餘 27,833	29,844

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27. CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)

Movements in contract liabilities (continued)

The following table shows the expected time for recognition as revenue of the unsatisfied performance obligations at year end date:

27. 合約負債(續)

合約負債變動(續)

下表顯示於年結日將未履行的履約責任 確認為收入的預期時間:

2022	2021
二零二二年	二零二一年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

At end of year 於年結日

Expected to be recognised within one year 預計於一年內確認 27,833 29,844

28. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

Details of the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 are as follows:

28. 計息銀行借款

本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日和 二零二一年十二月三十一日的計息銀行 借款的詳情如下:

		As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日		
		Effective contractual interest rate (%) 實際訂約利率(%)	Maturity 到期日	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current	即期			
Bank loans - secured	銀行貸款-有抵押	1.500-3.000	2023 二零二三年	71,000
- unsecured	-無抵押	3.650-4.350	2023 二零二三年	189,000
				260,000

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28. 計息銀行借款(續) 28. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

(continued)				
			31 December 202 二一年十二月三十	
		Effective contractual		
		interest rate (%) 實際訂約利率(%)	Maturity 到期日	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Current	即期			
Bank loans – secured	銀行貸款-有抵押	3.050-4.350	2022 二零二二年	30,000
- unsecured	一無抵押	3.850-5.000	2022 二零二二年	141,647
				171,647
			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Analysed into:	分析為:			
Bank loans repayable:	應償還銀	!行貸款:		
Within one year or on de	mand 一年內或	按要求	260,000	171,647
Notes:		附註:		

Notes:

- As at 31 December 2022, the Group's bank loans of (a)
 - RMB71,000,000 was secured by pledged deposits of RMB61,690,000 provided by three subsidiaries of the Company, namely, Wanka Holdings, Wanka Huanju and Beijing ChiLe;
 - RMB80,000,000 was guaranteed by Mr. Gao Dinan ("Mr. Gao") (Mr. Gao is an executive director of the Company) and a subsidiary of the Company, Wanka Huanju;
 - RMB5,000,000 was guaranteed by Mr. Gao;

- 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集 (a) 團的銀行貸款中
 - 人民幣71,000,000元由本公司 三家附屬公司,即玩咖控股、 玩咖歡聚及北京池樂提供的抵 押存款人民幣61,690,000元擔 保;
 - 人民幣80,000,000元由高弟男 先生(「高先生」, 高先生為本 公司執行董事)及本公司附屬 公司玩咖歡聚擔保;
 - 人民幣5,000,000元由高先生 擔保;

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28. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- RMB40.000.000 was guaranteed by Mr. Gao and the Company;
- (v) RMB15,000,000 was guaranteed by Mr. Gao and a subsidiary of the Company, Huanju Times; and
- RMB60,000,000 was guaranteed by Mr. Gao and the (vi) Company, in relation to which the Group has failed to fulfill certain financial covenants as stated in the relevant loan agreement during the year ended 31 December 2022 and, up to the date of this report, the Group has actively negotiated with the relevant bank to obtain waiver for strict compliance on the relevant financial covenant requirements.
- (b) As at 31 December 2021, the Group's bank loans of
 - RMB30,000,000 was secured by pledged deposits of RMB30,000,000 and US\$1,897,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB12,096,000) provided by a subsidiary of the Company, Wanka Holdings Limited;
 - RMB5,000,000 was guaranteed by Mr. Gao, a subsidiary of the Company, Huanju Times and an independent third party, Beijing Zhongguancun Sci-tech Financing Guaranty Co., Ltd., which was counter guaranteed by Mr. Gao and a subsidiary of the Company, Huanju Times;
 - (iii) RMB39,000,000 was guaranteed by Mr. Gao and a subsidiary of the Company, Wanka Huanju;
 - RMB90,000,000 was guaranteed by Mr. Gao and the (iv) Company; and
 - RMB5,000,000 was guaranteed by Mr. Gao, and a subsidiary of the Company, Huanju Times.

28. 計息銀行借款(續)

附註:(續)

- 人民幣40,000,000元由高先生 (iv) 及本公司擔保;
- 人民幣15,000,000元由高先生 及本公司附屬公司歡聚時代擔 保;及
- 人民幣60,000,000元由高先生 及本公司擔保,而本集團未能 於截至二零二二年十二月三十 一日止年度履行貸款協議所載 若干財務契諾,且直至本報告 日期,本集團已積極與相關銀 行磋商,以爭取豁免嚴格遵守 相關財務契諾規定。
- 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集 (b) 團的銀行貸款中
 - 人民幣30,000,000元由本 公司附屬公司玩咖控股有限 公司提供已抵押存款人民幣 30,000,000元及1,897,000 美元(相當於約人民幣 12.096.000元)提供擔保;
 - 人民幣5,000,000元由高先 (ii) 生、本公司附屬公司歡聚時代 及一名獨立第三方北京中關村 科技融資擔保有限公司提供擔 保,由高先生及本公司附屬公 司歡聚時代提供連帶責任保證 及擔保;
 - 人民幣39,000,000元由高先生 及本公司附屬公司玩咖歡聚提 供擔保;
 - 人民幣90,000,000元由高先生 及本公司提供擔保;及
 - 人民幣5,000,000元由高先生 及本公司附屬公司歡聚時代提 供擔保。



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29. SHARE CAPITAL

29. 股本

					ued 行	
				Total par		Total par
Company		Authorised	Number of	value of	Number of	value of
本公司		number of	ordinary	ordinary	treasury	treasury
		shares	shares	shares	shares	shares
		法定股份數目	普通股數目	普通股總面值	庫存股份數目	庫存股份總面值
		'000	'000	RMB	'000	RMB
		千股	千股	人民幣元	千股	人民幣元
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年					
	十二月三十一日	250,000,000	1,427,695	1,029	57,968	74
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年					
	十二月三十一日	250,000,000	1,453,121	1,029	79,181	74

A summary of the movements in the Company's share capital was as follows:

本公司股本的變動概述如下:

		Number of ordinary shares in issue 已發行普通股數目	Issued capital 已發行股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021 Issuance of new shares (Note (a)) Vested restricted share units	於二零二一年一月一日 發行新股(附註(a)) 轉讓予僱員的已歸屬受限制	1,274,481,117 135,000,000	1 _*	1,642,834 156,635	1,642,835 156,635
transferred to employees (Note (b))	股份單位(附註(b))	18,214,000	_*	10,482	10,482
At 31 December 2021 and	於二零二一年十二月三十一日				
1 January 2022 Vested restricted share units	及二零二二年一月一日 轉讓予僱員的已歸屬受限制	1,427,695,117	1	1,809,951	1,809,952
transferred to employees (Note (b))	股份單位(附註(b))	25,425,958	_*	18,158	18,158
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	1,453,121,075	1	1,828,109	1,828,110

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29. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

The Company was incorporated as an exempted company with limited liability under the laws of Cayman Islands on 7 November 2014 with an authorised share capital of US\$50,000 divided into 500,000,000 shares with a par value of US\$0.0001 each. Pursuant to the shareholders' resolution passed on 15 November 2017, each of the issued and unissued shares was subdivided into 50 shares of the Company with a par value of US\$0,000002 each.

Notes:

- (a) On 20 February 2021, the Company agreed to place new shares to 6 Placees, pursuant to the subscription agreement, the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue, and the Subscriber has conditionally agreed to subscribe for 135,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company at HK\$1.45 per share (the "Subscription"). The Subscription was completed on 1 March 2021. The net proceeds after deducting the expenses incurred in the Subscription, amounted to approximately HK\$189,588,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB156,635,000). For further details of the Subscription, please refer to the related announcements of the Company dated 20 February 2021 and 1 March 2021.
- Certain employees of the Group exercised vested restricted share units during the year ended 31 December 2022. 25,425,958 (2021: 18,214,000) issued shares underlying the restricted share units were transferred to such employee which the Company had allotted and issued to the trustee as fully paid up shares.
- The amount is less than RMB1,000.
- Excluding 24,524,233 and 145,662,000 shares held by Wanka Alliance Limited and Wanka Legend Limited, respectively, as at 31 December 2022.

29. 股本(續)

本公司於二零一四年十一月七日根據開 曼群島法例註冊成立為獲豁免有限責 任公司,法定股本為50,000美元,分 為500,000,000股每股面值0.0001美元 的股份。根據於二零一七年十一月十五 日通過的股東決議案,每股已發行及未 發行股份分拆為本公司50股每股面值 0.000002美元的股份。

附註:

- 於二零二一年二月二十日,本公司 (a) 同意向六名承配人配售新股份。根 據認購協議,本公司已有條件同意 配發及發行,而認購方已有條件同 意認購135,000,000股本公司普通 股,認購價為每股股份1.45港元(「認 購事項」)。認購事項於二零二一年 三月一日完成。經扣除認購事項所 產生的開支後,所得款項淨額約為 189,588,000港元(相等於約人民幣 156,635,000元)。有關認購事項的進 一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期為二零 二一年二月二十日及二零二一年三月 一日的相關公告。
- 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 (b) 度,本集團若干僱員行使已歸屬之 受限制股份單位。受限制股份單位 涉及的25,425,958股(二零二一年: 18,214,000股)已發行股份(本公司 向受託人配發及發行並列作繳足的股 份)已轉讓予該等僱員。
- 金額不足人民幣1,000元。
- 不包括Wanka Alliance Limited及 Wanka Legend Limited於二零二 二年十二月三十一日分別持有的 24,524,233股及145,662,000股股份。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS EXPENSES

2016 Share Incentive Scheme

The Group adopted the share incentive plan on 31 March 2016 ("2016 Share Incentive Scheme"), under which employees render service as consideration for equity instruments (RSUs) of the Company.

The Company operates the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants. Eligible participants of the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme include the Company's directors and certain employees of the Group. The 2016 Share Incentive Scheme became effective on 31 March 2016 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date. On 24 May 2018, the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme was replaced by restricted share plan ("RSU Plan") was made effect and the RSU Plan became effective from the date when the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme was adopted, that is 31 March 2016 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date. Pursuant to the RSU Plan, the vesting condition has been revised as i) upon the completion of the Company's IPO, and ii) fulfilment of a certain service period. Other than that, there is no significant change as compared with that of the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme.

RSUs do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all RSUs to be granted under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue on 31 March 2016. The maximum number of shares issuable under RSUs in aggregate is 125,000. On 15 November 2017, each of the issued and unissued shares was subdivided into 50 shares of the Company and accordingly, the number of shares issuable under the 2016 RSU Plan is enlarged to 6,250,000 and exercise price was decreased to US\$0.000002. Following another share subdivision approved on 3 November 2018 as of 31 December 2018, the Company has reserved 62,500,000 Class B ordinary shares underlying all the grants under the RSU Plan.

30. 以股份為基礎的付款開支

二零一六年股份激勵計劃

本集團於二零一六年三月三十一日採納 股份激勵計劃(「二零一六年股份激勵 計劃」),據此,僱員提供服務作為獲取 本公司權益工具(受限制股份單位)的 代價。

本公司運作二零一六年股份激勵計劃, 旨在向合資格參與者提供激勵及獎勵。 二零一六年股份激勵計劃的合資格參與 者包括本公司的董事及本集團的若干僱 員。二零一六年股份激勵計劃於二零一 六年三月三十一日生效,且除非另外取 消或修訂,否則將自該日期起持續十年 有效。於二零一八年五月二十四日,二 零一六年股份激勵計劃被受限制股份計 劃(「受限制股份單位計劃」)代替,受 限制股份單位計劃自二零一六年股份激 勵計劃獲採納之日(即二零一六年三月 三十一日) 起生效,除非另外取消或修 訂,否則將自該日期起持續十年有效。 根據受限制股份單位計劃,歸屬條件 已經修改為i)本公司首次公開發售完成 後;及ii)滿足若干服務期。除此之外, 與二零一六年股份激勵計劃相比並無重 大變動。

受限制股份單位並不賦予其持有人收取 股息或在股東大會上投票的權利。

根據本公司二零一六年股份激勵計劃將 予授出的全部受限制股份單位獲行使時 可予發行的股份總數合共不得超過二零 一六年三月三十一日已發行股份總數 的10%。根據受限制股份單位可予發 行的最高股份數目合共為125,000股。 於二零一七年十一月十五日,每股已 發行及未發行股份拆細為50股本公司 股份,因此,二零一六年受限制股份 單位計劃所涉及可發行的股份數目擴 大至6,250,000股,而行使價則調減至 0.0000002美元。截至二零一八年十二 月三十一日,繼於二零一八年十一月三 日批准另一項股份拆細後,本公司保留 62,500,000股根據受限制股份單位計 劃所有授予相關的B類普通股。

零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS EXPENSES (continued)

2016 Share Incentive Scheme (continued)

As at 31 December 2022, 56,674,040 (2021: 18,079,202) RSUs were vested and exercisable under the RSU Plan.

2019 Share Incentive Scheme

The Group adopted the share incentive plan on 29 August 2019 ("2019 Share Incentive Scheme"), under which employees render service as consideration for equity instruments (RSUs) of the Company.

The Company operates the 2019 RSU Plan for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to directors, senior management and employees of the Group for their contribution to the Group, and to attract, motivate and retain skilled and experienced personnel to strive for the future development and expansion of the Group by providing them with the opportunity to own equity interests of the Company. Eligible participants of the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme include the Company's directors and certain employees of the Group. The 2019 Share Incentive Scheme became effective on 29 August 2019 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date. The board of the Company can determine the vesting criteria, conditions and the schedule when the RSUs will vest.

As at 31 December 2022, 93,728,000 (2021: 2,523,000) RSUs were vested and exercisable under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme.

The fair value of the services received in exchange for the grant of the equity instruments (RSUs) is recognised as an expense on the consolidated statement of profit or loss with an increase in equity.

30. 以股份為基礎的付款開支 (續)

二零一六年股份激勵計劃(續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,受限制 股份單位計劃項下有56.674.040(二零 二一年:18,079,202)個受限制股份單 位已歸屬並可予行使。

二零一九年股份激勵計劃

本集團於二零一九年八月二十九日採納 股份激勵計劃(「二零一九年股份激勵 計劃 1),據此,僱員提供服務作為獲取 本公司權益工具(受限制股份單位)的 代價。

本公司經營二零一九年受限制股份單位 計劃旨在向本集團董事、高級管理層及 僱員提供激勵及獎勵,以表揚彼等對本 集團作出的貢獻,以及透過提供擁有本 公司股權的機會吸引、激勵及挽留技術 熟練與經驗豐富的人員為本集團的未來 發展及擴張而努力。二零一九年股份激 勵計劃的合資格參與者包括本公司董事 及本集團若干僱員。二零一九年股份激 勵計劃於二零一九年八月二十九日生 效,除非另行註銷或修訂,否則將自該 日起計十年內有效。本公司董事會可於 受限制股份單位歸屬時釐定歸屬標準、 條件及時間表。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,二零一 九年股份激勵計劃項下有93,728,000 (二零二一年:2,523,000)個受限制股 份單位已歸屬並可予行使。

為授出權益工具(受限制股份單位)而 獲得服務的公平值於綜合損益表內確認 為開支,增加部分於權益內確認。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS EXPENSES (continued)

The following table shows the RSUs outstanding under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme and 2019 RSUs during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022, and their weighted average exercise prices ("WAEP"):

30. 以股份為基礎的付款開支 (續)

下表列示截至二零二一年及二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度二零一六年股份 激勵計劃及二零一九年受限制股份單位 項下尚未行使受限制股份單位及其加權 平均行使價(「加權平均行使價」):

		2021 Number of RSU 二零二一年 受限制股份 單位數目	2021 WAEP US\$ per RSU 二零二一年 加權平均 行使價 美元/受限制 股份單位	2022 Number of RSU 二零二二年 受限制股份 單位數目	2022 WAEP US\$ per RSU 二零二二年 加權平均 行使價 美元/受限制 股份單位
Outstanding at 1 January	於一月一日尚未行使	45,536,473	0.0000002	57,968,233	0.0000002
Granted during the year (Note) Vested restricted share units	年內已授出(附註) 轉讓予僱員的已歸屬受限制	36,639,597	0.0000002	40,080,000	0.0000002
transferred to employees	股份單位	(18,214,000)	0.0000002	(25,425,958)	0.0000002
Forfeiture during the year	於年內沒收	(6,269,837)	0.0000002	-	0.0000002
RSU Withdrawal and transfer into	受限制股份單位提取及轉至				
treasury reverse for further grant	庫存儲備以供再次授出	276,000	0.0000002	-	0.0000002
Outstanding at 31 December	於十二月三十一日尚未行使	57,968,233	0.0000002	72,622,275	0.0000002
Exercisable at 31 December	於十二月三十一日可予行使	20,602,201	0.0000002	150,402,040	0.0000002

For 2016 RSU Scheme, the fair value of each granted RSU before IPO period determined by the Hull-White Enhanced ESO Valuation model at each grant date was US\$9.7804, US\$21.2634, US\$1.0889 and US\$6.48 as at 31 March 2016, 30 June 2017, 31 December 2017 and 22 June 2018, respectively. The fair value of remaining granted RSU after IPO period determined by the quoted price of the Company's share at each grant date was HK\$5.13 and HK\$0.61 as at 22 March 2019 and 16 September 2021 respectively.

就二零一六年受限制股份單位計劃而 言,於首次公開發售期間前,於各授 出日期已授出的各受限制股份單位由 Hull-White增強ESO估值模型釐定的公 平值於二零一六年三月三十一日、二零 一七年六月三十日、二零一七年十二 月三十一日及二零一八年六月二十二 日分別為9.7804美元、21.2634美元、 1.0889美元及6.48美元。於首次公開 發售期間後,於各授出日期已授出的餘 下受限制股份單位由本公司股份報價釐 定的公平值於二零一九年三月二十二 日及二零二一年九月十六日分別為5.13 港元及0.61港元。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS EXPENSES (continued)

Based on the fair value of the underlying RSU, the Group has adopted the Hull-White Enhanced ESO Valuation model to determine the fair value of the RSUs as of the grant date before IPO period. Key assumptions are as follows:

30. 以股份為基礎的付款開支 (續)

基於相關受限制股份單位的公平值, 本集團已於首次公開發售期間前採用 Hull-White增強ESO估值模型釐定受限 制股份單位截至授出日期的公平值。關 鍵假設載列如下:

				s at 於	
		31 March 2016 二零一六年 三月三十一日	二零一七年	31 December 2017 二零一七年 十二月三十一日	22 June 2018 二零一八年 六月二十二日
Dividend yield (%)	股息收益率(%)	_	_	-	_
Expected volatility (%)	預期波動率(%)	60.11	56.35	56.57	56.1
Risk-free interest rate(%)	無風險利率(%)	1.78	2.31	3.92	2.9
Expected forfeiture rate(%)	預期沒收率(%)	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2

The expected life of the RSUs is based on the best estimation of management of the Company and is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected forfeiture rate and volatility reflects the assumption that the historical forfeiture rate and volatility of companies in the same industry is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

For 2019 RSU Scheme, the fair value of shares determined by the quoted price of the Company's shares at each grant date was HK\$0.63 and HK\$0.94 as at 24 April 2020 and 11 May 2021 respectively.

受限制股份單位的預期期限乃基於本公 司管理層的最佳估計而得出,且未必可 反映可能出現的行使模式。預期沒收率 及波動率反映一項假設,即同行業公司 的過往沒收率及波動率可反映未來趨 勢,但其未必等同於實際結果。

就二零一九年受限制股份單位計劃而 言,於二零二零年四月二十四日及二零 二一年五月十一日按本公司股份於各授 出日期報價釐定的股份公平值分別為 0.63港元及0.94港元。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

30. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS EXPENSES (continued)

No other feature of the RSUs granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

As 31 December 2022, the Company has reserved 62,500,000 shares under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme and had 24,524,233 RSUs outstanding as at 31 December 2022 under the 2016 Share Incentive Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding RSUs would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in a transfer of 62,500,000 ordinary shares of the Company from Wanka Alliance Limited to the employees of the Group.

As 31 December 2022, the Company has reserved 91,738,000 shares under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme and had 145,662,000 RSUs outstanding as at 31 December 2022 under the 2019 Share Incentive Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding RSUs would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in a transfer of 91,738,000 ordinary shares of the Company from Wanka Legend Limited to the employees of the Group.

On 3 November 2018, the Company adopted the post-IPO share option scheme to attract, retain and motivate employees, directors and other participants, and to provide a means of compensating them through the grant of options for their contribution to the growth and profits of the Group, and to allow such employees, directors and other persons to participate in the growth and profitability of the Group (the "Post-IPO Share Option Scheme").

The Post-IPO Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years from 3 November 2018 and the options granted have a 10-year exercise period. The options may be vested over such period(s) as determined by the board of the Company in its absolute discretion subject to compliance with the requirements under any applicable laws, regulations or rules.

No share options have been granted or agreed to be granted under the Post-IPO Share Option Scheme during the six months ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

30. 以股份為基礎的付款開支 (續)

計量公平值時並無考慮已授出受限制股 份單位的其他特點。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公 司在二零一六年股份激勵計劃下儲備 62,500,000股股份,於二零二二年十 二月三十一日,在二零一六年股份激勵 計劃下擁有24,524,233個尚未行使的 受限制股份單位。悉數行使尚未行使的 受限制股份單位(就本公司的現有資本 架構而言)將致使本公司62,500,000股 普通股由Wanka Alliance Limited轉讓 予本集團僱員。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公 司於二零一九年股份激勵計劃下儲備 91,738,000股股份及於二零一九年股 份激勵計劃下擁有145,662,000個尚 未行使的受限制股份單位。悉數行使 尚未行使的受限制股份單位(就本公 司現時的資本架構而言)將致使本公司 91,738,000股普通股由Wanka Legend Limited轉讓予本集團僱員。

於二零一八年十一月三日,本公司採納 首次公開發售後購股權計劃,以吸引、 挽留及激勵僱員、董事及其他參與者, 並透過授出購股權酬謝彼等對本集團發 展及溢利所作出的貢獻,以及令該等僱 員、董事及其他人士參與本集團發展及 盈利(「首次公開發售後購股權計劃」)。

首次公開發售後購股權計劃將於二零一 八年十一月三日起計十年內有效,及已 授出購股權行使期為十年。購股權可於 本公司董事會全權酌情釐定的期間歸 屬,惟須遵守任何適用法律、規例或法 規的規定。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止六個 月,概無根據首次公開發售後購股權計 劃授出或同意授出任何購股權(二零二 一年:無)。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

31. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 105 to 106 of the financial statements.

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC, the Company's subsidiaries which are registered in the PRC shall appropriate a certain percentage of profit for the year (after offsetting any prior years' losses) calculated under the accounting principles generally applicable to the PRC enterprises to reserve funds which are restricted as to use.

32. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

Suzhou Jinglan, a 51% owned subsidiary of the Company, has material non-controlling interest ("NCI").

31. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度之儲備金數 額及有關變動於財務報表第105頁至第 106頁之綜合權益變動表呈列。

根據中國相關的法律及法規,本公司於 中國註冊的附屬公司須轉撥根據普遍適 用於中國企業的會計原則計算的年度利 潤(抵銷過往年度任何虧損後)的若干 百分比至儲備金,而該儲備金的用途受 到限制。

32. 非控股權益

蘇州鯨瀾(本公司持有51%權益的附屬 公司)擁有重大非控股權益(「非控股權 益」)。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

32. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST (continued)

Summarised financial information in relation to Suzhou Jinglan, before intra-group eliminations, is presented below together with amounts attributable to NCI:

32. 非控股權益(續)

於集團內部對銷之前,與蘇州鯨瀾相關 的財務資料概要連同歸屬於非控股權益 的金額如下所示:

For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	83,614
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(81,106)
Gross Profit	毛利	2,508
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(23)
Other gains	其他收益	241
Finance costs	融資成本	(9)
Profit before tax	除税前溢利	2,717
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(720)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	1,997
Profit allocated to NCI	分配至非控股權益的溢利	979
Other comprehensive income allocated to NCI	分配至非控股權益的其他全面收入	-
Total comprehensive income allocated to NCI	分配至非控股權益的全面收入總額	979
Dividends paid to NCI	已付非控股權益的股息	-
	/==w	(00 =0.4)
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動的現金流量	(22,531)
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動的現金流量	-
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動的現金流量	160,000
Net cash inflows	現金流量淨額	137,469

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

32. 非控股權益(續) **32. NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST** (continued)

As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Assets: - Accounts and other receivables - Cash and cash equivalents Liabilities: - Accounts and other payables Accumulated non-controlling interest	資產: 一應收賬款及其他應收款項 一現金及現金等價物 負債: 一應付賬款及其他應付款項 累計非控股權益	32,961 137,469 (8,433) 79,379

33. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS

On 1 April 2022, the Group acquired entire equity interests of Zhonghe for consideration of RMB5,560,000 (the "Acquisition"). Zhonghe is principally engaged in providing information technology development and related services to the financial institutions. In completing the Acquisition, the Group will quickly capture new business opportunities presented in the financial technology industry. The acquisition has been accounted for as acquisition of business using the acquisition method.

The purchase price has been allocated based on the estimated fair value of net assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the date of the acquisition.

33. 業務收購

於二零二二年四月一日,本集團以代價 人民幣5,560,000元收購中和的全部股 權(「收購事項」)。中和主要面向金融 機構從事提供資訊科技開發及相關服 務。完成收購事項後,本集團將迅速獲 得金融科技產業領域中新的商業機會。 收購事項已使用收購法入賬為業務收 購。

購買價已根據收購日期收購資產淨值及 所承擔負債的估計公平值進行分配。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

33. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS (continued)

Details of the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities, purchase consideration and goodwill recognised are as

33. 業務收購(續)

可識別資產及負債的初步公平值、購買 代價及所確認商譽的詳情如下:

		Fair value
		公平值
		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
	4 4 44 11	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	2,976
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	19,403
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	2,969
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	86
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	6,755
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(1,677)
Accounts payable	應付賬款	(30,667)
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	(707)
Net liabilities acquired	收購負債淨值	(862)
		Fair value
		公平值
		RMB'000
		人民幣千元
Cash consideration paid	已付現金代價	5,560
Add: Fair value of net liabilities acquired	加:收購負債淨值的公平值	862
Goodwill	商譽	6,422
		6,422
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition of a	收購一間附屬公司產生的	6,422
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition of a subsidiary:	收購一間附屬公司產生的 現金流出淨額:	,
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition of a subsidiary: Cash consideration paid	收購一間附屬公司產生的 現金流出淨額: 已付現金代價	5,560
Net cash outflow arising on acquisition of a subsidiary:	收購一間附屬公司產生的 現金流出淨額:	,

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

33. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS (continued)

Acquisition-related costs amounting to RMB61,000 are excluded from the consideration transferred and have been recognised as an expense in the current period, within the administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The fair value of accounts receivables and other receivables at the date of acquisition amounted to RMB19.403.000 and RMB1,040,000, respectively. The gross contractual amounts of those accounts receivable and other receivables acquired amounted to RMB19.403.000 and RMB1.040.000. respectively, at the date of acquisition. The best estimate at acquisition date of the contractual cash flows not expected to be collected was nil.

Goodwill arose in the acquisition of Zhonghe because the cost of the combination included a control premium. In addition, the consideration paid for the combination effectively included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth and future market development. These benefits are not recognised separately from goodwill because they do not meet the recognition criteria for the identifiable intangible assets.

None of the goodwill arising on the acquisition is expected to be deductible for tax purposes.

Included in the loss for the year is profit of RMB1,798,000 attributable to the additional business generated by Zhonghe. Revenue for the year includes RMB14,102,000 generated from Zhonghe.

33. 業務收購(續)

人民幣61.000元與收購相關的成本已 從已轉讓的代價中扣除,並已於本期間 的綜合損益表的行政開支中確認為一項 開支。

於收購日期的應收賬款及其他應收款項 的公平值分別為人民幣19.403.000元 及人民幣1.040.000元。於收購日期, 收購該等應收賬款及其他應收款項的總 合約金額分別為人民幣19.403.000元 及人民幣1,040,000元。於收購日期對 預計不會收取的合約現金流量的最佳估 計為零。

收購中和因合併成本包括一項控制溢價 而產生商譽。此外,就合併所實際支付 的代價包括與預期協同效應、收益增長 及未來市場發展有關的金額。該等利益 並無自商譽獨立確認,因為彼等並不符 合可識別無形資產的確認標準。

已確認的商譽預期將無法就所得税目的 而作扣減。

年內虧損包括溢利人民幣1,798,000 元,歸因於中和產生的額外業務。 年內收益包括中和產生的人民幣 14,102,000元。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

33. ACQUISITION OF BUSINESS (continued)

Had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2022, revenue for the year of the Group would have been RMB2,319,758,000 and loss for the year of the Group would have been RMB128,990,000. The proforma information is for illustrative purposes only and is not necessarily an indication of revenue and results of operations of the Group that actually would have been achieved had the acquisition been completed on 1 January 2022, nor is it intended to be a projection of future results.

In determining the 'pro-forma' revenue and profit of the Group had Zhonghe been acquired at the beginning of the current period, the directors calculated amortisation of intangible assets acquired on the basis of the fair values arising in the initial accounting for the business combination rather than the carrying amounts recognised in the pre-acquisition financial statements.

34. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Major non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of RMB2,928,000 in respect of lease arrangements for plant and equipment (2021: RMB28,253,000).

33. 業務收購(續)

倘收購於二零二二年一月一日完 成,本集團年內收益將為人民幣 2,319,758,000元,本集團年內虧損將 為人民幣128,990,000元。備考資料僅 供説明用途,未必反映本集團於二零二 二年一月一日完成收購後所實際錄得的 收益及經營業績,亦不擬作為未來業績 的預測。

於釐定本集團的「備考 | 收益及溢利時 (假設中和已於本期初被收購),董事已 根據就業務合併採用初步會計處理所產 生的公平值(而非根據收購前財務報表 中已確認的賬面值)計量已收購無形資 產攤銷。

34. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 重大非現金交易

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團就廠房及設備 的租賃安排擁有使用權資產及 租賃負債非現金添置為人民幣 2,928,000元(二零二一年:人民 幣28,253,000元)。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

34. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** (continued)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the consolidated statement of financial position for liabilities arising from financing activities, which provides the information included in the consolidated statement of cash flows, is as follows:

34. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) 融資活動所引致負債的變動

綜合財務狀況表內融資活動所引 致負債的期初及期末結餘對賬 (提供綜合現金流量表所載列的資 料)如下:

		Interest payable 應付利息 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	682	06 217	171,647
At 1 January 2022 Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:	002	26,317	171,047
Drawdown of bank loans	銀行貸款提取	_	_	350,353
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款	_	_	(262,000)
Principal portion of lease payments	租賃付款的本金部分	_	(3,559)	(===,===)
Interest expenses paid	已付利息開支	(7,187)	(827)	_
Other changes:	其他變動:	, ,	` '	
Interest expense on bank borrowing	銀行借款利息開支	6,869	-	-
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	_	827	-
New leases	新增租賃	-	2,928	-
Lease modification	租賃修改	-	(2,063)	-
Derecognition of lease	租賃終止確認	-	(11,358)	-
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	-	54	-
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年			
	十二月三十一日	364	12,319	260,000

The interest payable is included in "Other payables and accruals" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

應付利息計入綜合財務狀況表 「其他應付款項及應計款項」。

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34. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** (continued)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

34. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) 融資活動所引致負債的變動 (續)

		(洞)	
	Interest payable 應付利息 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元
於二零二一年一月一日	636	4.170	194,996
		,,	,
銀行貸款提取	-	-	249,647
償還銀行貸款	-	-	(272,996)
租賃付款的本金部分	-	(5,700)	-
已付利息開支	(6,962)	(541)	-
其他變動:			
銀行借款利息開支	7,008	-	-
租賃負債利息	-	541	-
新增租賃	-	28,253	-
租賃終止確認	-	(399)	-
匯兑調整		(7)	
於二零二一年			
十二月三十一日	682*	26,317	171,647
	償還銀行貸款 租賃付款的本金部分 已付利息開支 其他變動: 銀行目數計利息開支 租賃負債利 新增租負債 和賃額整 於二零二一年	payable 應付利息 應付利息 RMB'000 人民幣千元 於二零二一年一月一日 636 融資現金流量變動: - 銀行貸款 - 租賃付款的本金部分 - 已付利息開支 (6,962) 其他變動: (6,962) 其他變動: - 銀行借款利息開支 7,008 租賃負債利息 - 新增租賃 - 租賃終止確認 - 應送調整 - 於二零二一年	Interest payable p

The interest payable is included in "Other payables and accruals" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At the end of the reporting period, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities (2021:Nil).

36. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of the Group's assets pledged for the Group's bank loans are included in notes 24 and 28 to the financial statements.

37. COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group did not have any significant capital commitments (2021: Nil).

35. 或然負債

於報告期末,本集團並無任何重大或然 負債(二零二一年:無)。

36. 資產抵押

本集團就本集團銀行貸款抵押的資產詳 情載於財務報表附註24及28。

37. 承擔

於報告期末,本集團並無任何重大資本 承擔(二零二一年:無)。

應付利息計入綜合財務狀況表 「其他應付款項及應計款項」。

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38. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) There were no related party transactions during the year ended 31 December 2022 except for certain borrowings were guaranteed by Mr. Gao stated in note 28.

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

38. 關聯方交易

- 於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度並無訂立關聯方交易, 惟附註28所述高先生提供擔保的 若干借款除外。
- (b) 本集團主要管理人員的薪酬

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Short-term employee benefits Equity-settled share option expenses Pension scheme contributions	短期僱員福利 以權益結算的購股權開支 退休金計劃供款	5,563 342 995	6,097 - 1,034
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	向主要管理人員支付的 薪酬總額	6,900	7,131

Further details of directors' and the chief executive's emoluments are included in note 11 to the financial statements.

有關董事及主要行政人員薪酬的 進一步詳情載於財務報表附註 11 0

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as

39. 按類別劃分的金融工具

各類金融工具於報告期末的賬面值如 下:

Financial assets	金融金	資產	
		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
	ᄼᄥᅅᄼᆂᆡᄝᅛᇫᅙᅶᄶᅕ		
Financial assets at amortised cost Accounts receivable Financial assets included in	按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 應收賬款 計入已付按金及其他應	601,259	581,348
deposits paid and other receivables	收款項的金融資產	55,914	58,961
Restricted bank deposit Time deposits with original maturity	受限制銀行存款 原到期日超過三個月	61,690	43,781
over three months	的定期存款	12,637	_
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	538,224	401,102
		1,269,724	1,085,192
Financial liabilities	金融	負債	
		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial liabilities at amortised cost Accounts payable Financial liabilities included in other	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債 應付賬款 計入其他應付款項及應計	52,959	74,330
payables and accruals	費用的金融負債	16,484	5,302
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行借款	260,000	171,647
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	12,319	26,317
		341,762	277,596

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40. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

40. 金融工具的公平值及公平值 層級

The carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments, are as follows:

本集團並非按公平值計量的金融工具 (因到期期限較短而賬面值與公平值合 理相若的該等工具除外)於報告期末的 賬面值及公平值如下:

Financial liabilities 金嗣	虫	È	信	å
--------------------------	---	---	---	---

Financial liabilities	金融負債			
		Carrying a 賬面		
		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Financial liabilities included in other payables	計入其他應付款項的 金融負債			
non-current portion	-非即期部分	-	_	
current portion	一即期部分	500	500	
		500	500	
		Fair va 公平		
		2022	2021	
		二零二二年	二零二一年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Financial liabilities included in other payables	計入其他應付款項的 金融負債			
non-current portion	-非即期部分	_	_	
- current portion	一即期部分	500	500	
		500	500	
		300	000	

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

40. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY **OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (continued)

Management has assessed that the fair values of pledged deposits, time deposits with original maturity over three months, cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, lease liabilities and interestbearing bank borrowings approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. At each reporting date, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of the non-current portion of financial liabilities included in other payables have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities (level 2).

There were no assets and liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

40. 金融工具的公平值及公平值 層級(續)

管理層在評估後認為,已抵押存款、原 到期日超過三個月的定期存款、現金及 現金等價物、應收賬款、應付賬款、計 入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的金 融資產、租賃負債、計入其他應付款項 及應計費用的金融負債及計息銀行借款 的公平值主要因其到期期限較短而與其 賬面值相若。

本集團的財務部門負責制定金融工具公 平值計量的政策及程序。於各報告日 期,財務部門均會分析金融工具的價值 變動,並確定估值時所用的關鍵輸入數 據。估值由首席財務官審核及批准。

金融資產及負債的公平值按自願雙方當 前交易(強制或清算銷售除外)可換取 的金額入賬。

估計公平值時已採用下列方法及假設:

計入其他應付款項的金融負債非即期部 分的公平值乃通過使用具有類似條款、 信貸風險及剩餘期限的工具(第二層 級)目前適用的比率貼現預期未來現金 流量而計算得出。

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十 一日,概無按公平值計量的資產及負 債。

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES**

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash and cash equivalents, time deposits with original maturity over three months, restricted bank deposits and interestbearing bank borrowings. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as accounts receivable and accounts payable, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on minimising potential adverse effects of these risks, with material impact, on the Group's financial performance. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group mainly operates in Mainland China with most of the Group's monetary assets, liabilities and transactions principally denominated in Renminbi and United States dollars. The Group has not used any derivative to hedge its exposure to foreign currency risk.

41. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括現金及現金 等價物、原到期日超過三個月的定期存 款、受限制銀行存款及計息銀行借款。 該等金融工具的主要目的為本集團籌集 營運所需資金。本集團亦有各種因其業 務營運而直接引致的其他金融資產及負 倩,例如應收賬款及應付賬款。

本集團金融工具所帶來的主要風險為外 匯風險、信貸風險及流動性風險。本集 團的整體風險管理計劃專注於盡量降低 該等具有重大影響的風險對本集團財務 表現的潛在不利影響。董事會會審查並 批准管理各項風險的政策並概述如下。

(a) 外匯風險

本集團主要在中國大陸開展業務 營運,且其大部分貨幣資產、負 債及交易均主要以人民幣及美元 計值。本集團並無使用任何衍生 工具對沖其所面對的外匯風險。

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES** (continued)

(a) Foreign currency risk (continued)

The following table indicates the approximate change in the Group's loss before tax and the Group's equity in response to reasonably possible changes in the foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period with all other variables held constant:

31 December 2022

41. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(a) 外匯風險(續)

下表列示在所有其他變量保持不 變的情況下本集團於報告期末承 受重大風險的外匯匯率所合理可 能出現的變動會給本集團除稅前 虧損及本集團權益帶來的概約變 動:

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		Change in exchange 匯率變動 %	(Increase)/ decrease in loss before tax 除税前虧損 (増加)/減少 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Increase/ (decrease) in equity 權益增加 /(減少) RMB'000 人民幣千元
If the Renminbi Yuan weakens against the United States dollar If the Renminbi Yuan strengthens against the United States dollar	若人民幣兑美元貶值若人民幣兑美元升值	(5) 5	(5,523) 5,523	5,983 (5,983)
If the Renminbi Yuan weakens against the Hong Kong dollar If the Renminbi Yuan strengthens against the Hong Kong dollar	若人民幣兑港元貶值若人民幣兑港元升值	(5) 5	(347) 347	-

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		Change in exchange rate 匯率變動 % %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax 除税前溢利 增加/(減少) RMB'000 人民幣千元	Increase/ (decrease) in equity 權益增加 /(減少) RMB'000 人民幣千元
If the Renminbi Yuan weakens against the United States dollar If the Renminbi Yuan strengthens against the United States dollar	若人民幣兑美元貶值若人民幣兑美元升值	(5) 5	(2,856) 2,856	(4,441) 4,441
If the Renminbi Yuan weakens against the Hong Kong dollar If the Renminbi Yuan strengthens against the Hong Kong dollar	若人民幣兑港元貶值若人民幣兑港元升值	(5) 5	(1,294) 1,294	- -

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

(b) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to accounts receivables, deposits and other receivables and bank balances with the restricted bank deposits and time deposits with original maturity over three months. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge the obligations by counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the end of each reporting period.

Due to the unprecedented nature of the COVID-19 pandemic, its effect on the Group's customers and their ability to meet their financial obligations to the Group is difficult to predict. As a result, the Group's judgments and associated estimates of expected credit losses may ultimately prove, with the benefit of hindsight, to be incorrect.

Accounts receivable

The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from accounts receivable in connection with mobile advertising services, game co-publishing services and online-video distribution services. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for the determination of credit limits and credit approvals. Before accepting any new customer, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality, assign an internal credit rating and defines credit limits by customer. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed on a periodic basis. Other monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment.

41. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(b) 信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險主要來自應收 賬款、按金及其他應收款項以及 附有受限制銀行存款的銀行結餘 及原到期日超過三個月的定期存 款。本集團面臨的最大信貸風險 (乃因對手方未能履行責任而將導 致本集團蒙受財務損失)為各報 告期末綜合財務狀況表所述的有 關已確認財務資產的賬面值。

由於COVID-19疫情的空前性 質,故難以預測其對本集團客戶 的影響及彼等履行對本集團財務 責任的能力。因此,本集團的判 斷及預期信貸虧損的相關估計可 能最終被證實(事後看來)不正 確。

應收賬款

本集團面臨與移動廣告服務、遊 戲聯運服務及網絡視頻產品分發 服務有關的應收賬款產生的信貸 風險。為盡量減低信貸風險,本 集團管理層已委派團隊負責釐定 信貸限額及信貸審批。於接納任 何新客戶前,本集團會評估潛在 客戶的信貸質素,分配內部信貸 評級及界定客戶的信貸限額。客 戶的限額及評分會定期檢討。已 制定其他監察程序,確保採取跟 進行動收回逾期債務。此外,本 集團進行減值評估。

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Accounts receivable (continued)

In respect of account receivables relating to the provision of individual credit, evaluations are performed on the customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's history of making payments when due and current ability to pay and take into account information specific to the customer. Typically, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers, except for the deposits received in advance.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which mainly comprise of deposits and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, time deposits with original maturity over three months and restricted bank deposits, arises from potential default of the counterparties, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments. Credit risk in cash and cash equivalents, time deposits with original maturity over three months and restricted bank deposits are mitigated as cash is deposited in the bank with a high credit rating.

The Group's customers are reputable corporations and thus credit risk is considered to be low. Credit risk on deposits and other receivables is minimal as the Group performs ongoing credit evaluation on the financial condition of its debtors and tightly monitors the ageing of the receivable balances. Follow up action is taken in case of overdue balances. In addition, management reviews the recoverable amount of the receivables individually and collectively at each reporting date to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. The credit policies have been followed by the Group during the reporting period and are considered to have been effective in limiting the Group's exposure to credit risk to a desirable level. None of the Group's financial assets is secured by collateral or other credit enhancements.

41. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

應收賬款(續)

就有關提供個別信貸的應收賬款 而言,須對要求信貸超過若干金 額的客戶進行評估。該等評估集 中於客戶的到期付款記錄及現時 付款能力,並考慮客戶的特定資 料。一般而言,除預先收取的按 金外,本集團並無向客戶取得抵 押品。

本集團其他金融資產(主要包括 按金及其他應收款項、現金及現 金等價物、原到期日超過三個月 的定期存款及受限制銀行存款) 的信貸風險來自對手方的潛在違 約,最高風險相等於該等工具的 賬面值。現金及現金等價物、原 到期日超過三個月的定期存款以 及受限制銀行存款的信貸風險因 現金存入信貸評級高的銀行而得 以減輕。

本集團之客戶為具聲譽的公司, 故認為信貸風險不高。由於本集 團持續對其債務人之財務狀況進 行信貸評估,並密切監察應收結 餘之賬齡,故按金及其他應收款 項之信貸風險極微。本集團會對 逾期款項採取跟進行動。此外, 管理層於各報告日期對應收款項 之可收回金額進行個別及整體審 閲,確保就不可收回金額作出足 夠的減值虧損。於報告期內,本 集團一直遵從有關信貸政策,並 認為有關政策有效地將本集團所 面對之信貸風險限制至合宜水 平。本集團之金融資產概無以抵 押品或其他信貸提升措施作為抵 押。

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Accounts receivable (continued)

The Group measures loss allowances for accounts receivable at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for accounts receivable:

For mobile advertising services and game copublishing services

41. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

應收賬款(續)

本集團計量應收賬款的虧損撥 備,金額相等於全期預期信貸虧 損(使用撥備矩陣計算)。由於本 集團的歷史信貸虧損經驗並無顯 示不同客戶類別的虧損模式有顯 著差異,故根據逾期情況作出的 虧損撥備並無進一步區分本集團 的不同客戶基礎。

下表載列有關本集團面臨的信貸 風險及應收賬款預期信貸虧損的 資料:

就移動廣告服務及遊戲聯運服務 而言

2022	二零二二年	Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 (%) (%)	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)
Current (not past due) Within 3 months past due 3 to 12 months past due 1 to 2 years past due Over two years past due	即期(未逾期) 逾期3個月內 逾期3至12個月 逾期1至2年 逾期2年以上	1.93% 1.93% 1.93% 41.86% 100%	318,595 74,600 155,665 19,604 22,068	6,136 1,436 2,997 8,206 22,068
			590,532	40,843
2021	二零二一年	Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 (%) (%)	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)
Current (not past due) Within 3 months past due 3 to 12 months past due 1 to 2 years past due Over two years past due	即期(未逾期) 逾期3個月內 逾期3至12個月 逾期1至2年 逾期2年以上	0.96% 0.96% 0.96% 19.70% 100%	358,277 58,976 126,180 24,686 20,432	3,435 565 1,210 4,862 20,432
			588,551	30,504

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES** (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Accounts receivable (continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for accounts receivable:

For online-video distribution services

41. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(b) **信貸風險**(續)

應收賬款(續)

下表載列有關本集團面臨的信貸 風險及應收賬款預期信貸虧損的 資料:

就網絡視頻產品分發服務而言

2022	二零二二年	Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 (%) (%)	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)
Current (not past due) Within 3 months past due 3 to 12 months past due 1 to 2 years past due Over two years past due	即期(未逾期) 逾期3個月內 逾期3至12個月 逾期1至2年 逾期2年以上	4.454% 4.454% 4.454% 37.911% 100%	25,637 20,581 - - - 6,821	1,142 917 - - 6,821
			53,039	8,880
2021	二零二一年	Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 (%) (%)	Gross carrying amount 總賬面值 (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)
Current (not past due) Within 3 months past due 3 to 12 months past due 1 to 2 years past due Over two years past due	即期(未逾期) 逾期3個月內 逾期3至12個月 逾期1至2年 逾期2年以上	4.090% 4.090% 4.090% 27.805% 100%	24,295 - - - - 6,821	994 - - - - 6,821
			31,116	7,815

The management of the Group has assessed the accounts receivable from software maintanence service. The Group has assessed the ECL for the these receivables were immaterial. No debtors have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Thus, no loss allowance was recognised during the year ended 31 December 2022.

本集團管理層已評估軟件維護服 務的應收賬款。本集團已評估該 等應收賬款的預期信貸虧損,該 等應收賬款並不重要。債務人的 信貸風險自初步確認以來並無顯 著增加。因此,截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度並無確認 任何虧損撥備。

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Accounts receivable (continued)

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 5 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets (e.g., accounts receivable) and projected cash flows from operations.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

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41. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

應收賬款(續)

預期虧損率乃基於過往五年的實 際虧損經驗。該等比率已予調 整,以反映已收集歷史數據期間 的經濟狀況、現況及本集團對應 收款項預計年期的經濟狀況的看 法間的差異。

(c) 流動資金風險

本集團通過使用經常性流動資金 計劃工具監視資金短缺的風險。 該工具考慮金融工具及金融資產 (例如應收賬款)的到期日及經營 現金流量預測。

本集團金融負債於報告期末的到 期期限(基於已訂約未貼現付款) 如下:

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		Carrying amount 賬面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現 現金流總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Within 1 year or on demand 1年內 或按要求 RMB'000 人民幣千元	1 to 2 years 1至2年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2 to 5 years 2至5年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Accounts payable Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	應付賬款 計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融 負債	52,959 16,484	52,959 16,484	52,959 16,484	-	-
Interest-bearing bank borrowings Lease liabilities	計息銀行借款租賃負債	260,000 12,319	262,724 13,116	262,724 7,093	- 6,023	- -
Total	總計	341,762	345,283	339,260	6,023	_

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)**

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

31 December 2021

41. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

二零二一年十二月三十一日

			Total contractual	Within		
		Carrying	undiscounted	1 year or		
		amount	cash flow 合約未貼現	on demand 1年內	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years
		賬面值	現金流總額	或按要求	1至2年	2至5年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	che / l pre-bl					
Accounts payable Financial liabilities included in other	應付賬款 計入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融	74,330	74,330	74,330	-	-
payables and accruals	負債	5,302	5,302	5,302	-	-
Interest-bearing bank	計息銀行借款					
borrowings		171,647	171,647	171,647	-	-
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	26,317	29,007	8,226	8,425	12,356
Total	總計	277,596	280,286	259,505	8,425	12,356

(d) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives for managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratio in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group's capital risk is low. No change was made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year.

(d) 資本管理

本集團管理資本的主要目標為保 障本集團的持續經營能力,並維 持穩健的資本比率,以支撐業務 發展及最大化股東價值。

本集團按風險比例設定資本金 額。本集團會管理其資本架構並 根據經濟狀況變化及相關資產的 風險特徵對其作出調整。為維持 或調整資本架構,本集團可能會 將資本退回予股東、發行新股或 通過出售資產而減債。本公司董 事認為,本集團的資本風險較 低。於年內,資本管理的目標、 政策或程序概無發生變化。

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41. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES** (continued)

(d) Capital management (continued)

The Group monitors capital using current ratio, which is total current assets divided by total current liabilities, and gearing ratio, which is total liabilities divided by total assets. The current ratios and gearing ratios at the end of each of the reporting periods are as follows:

41. 金融風險管理目標及政策 (續)

(d) 資本管理(續)

本集團通過使用流動比率(以流 動資產總值除以流動負債總額) 及資本負債比率(以總負債除以 總資產)監察資本。於各報告期 末的流動比率及資本負債比率如 下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Total current assets	流動資產總值	1,785,626	1,572,878
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	125,474	272,485
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	531,021	434,628
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	7,255	19,822
Current ratio	流動比率	3.36	3.62
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	28%	25%

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42. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

42. 本公司財務狀況表

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本公司於報告期末財務狀況表的資料如 下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSET	非流動資產		
Investment in a subsidiary	於一間附屬公司的投資	721,149	721,149
Total non-current asset	非流動資產總額	721,149	721,149
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Cash and bank equivalents	現金及銀行等價物	246	820
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	349,206	327,108
Prepayments, other receivables	預付款項、其他應收款項	,	,
and other assets	及其他資產	187	171
Total current assets	流動資產總額	349,639	328,099
CURRENT LIABILITY	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	8,517	7,712
Total current liability	流動負債總額	8,517	7,712
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨額	341,122	320,387
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債	1,062,271	1,041,536
Net assets	資產淨額	1,062,271	1,041,536
EQUITY	股權		
Issued capital	已發行股本	1	1
Treasury shares	庫存股份	_*	_*
Other reserves (note)	其他儲備(附註)	1,062,270	1,041,535
Total equity	總權益	1,062,271	1,041,536

The amount is less than RMB1,000.

金額不足人民幣1,000元。

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42. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF **THE COMPANY** (continued)

42. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

Note:

附註:

A summary to the Company's reserve is as follows:

本公司之儲備概要載列如下:

		Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 29) (附註29)	Capital reserve 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Employee share-based compensation reserve 以股份為基礎的 僱員薪酬儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 30) (附註30)	Exchange fluctuation reserve 外匯波動 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021 Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year:	於二零二一年一月一日 年內虧損 年內其他全面虧損:	1,642,834	-	54,641 -	(43,473) -	(756,350) (24,538)	897,652 (24,538)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額				(6,374)		(6,374)
Total comprehensive loss for the year Issue of shares Vested restricted share units transferred to employee	年內全面虧損總額 發行股份 轉讓予僱員的己歸屬受限制 股份單位	- 156,635 10,482	-	- - (10,482)	(6,374) - -	(24,538) -	(30,912) 156,635
Equity-settled share option arrangements	以權益結算的購股權安排	_	_	18,160	_	_	18,160
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	1,809,951	-	62,319	(49,847)	(780,888)	1,041,535
		Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 29) (附註29)	Capital reserve 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Employee share-based compensation reserve 以股份為基礎的 僱員薪酬儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 30) (附註30)	Exchange fluctuation reserve 外匯波動 儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022 Loss for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:	於二零二二年一月一日 年內虧損 年內其他全面收益:	1,809,951	Ī	62,319 -	(49,847) -	(780,888) (30,675)	1,041,535 (30,675)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	_	-	-	29,218	-	29,218
Total comprehensive loss for the year Vested restricted share units transferred to employee Equity-settled share option	年內全面虧損總額 轉讓予僱員的已歸屬受限制 股份單位 以權益結算的購股權安排	- 18,158	-	(18,158)	29,218 -	(30,675)	(1,457)
arrangements		-	-	22,192	-	-	22,192
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	1,828,109	-	66,353	(20,629)	(811,563)	1,062,270

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42. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

Employee share-based compensation reserve comprises the fair value of RSUs granted which are yet to be exercised, as further explained in the accounting policy for share-based payments in note 4 to the financial statements. The amount will either be transferred to the share premium account when the related options are exercised, or be transferred to accumulated loss should the related options expire or be forfeited.

43. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 March 2023.

42. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

以股份為基礎的僱員薪酬儲備包括已授 出惟未行使的受限制股份單位公平值, 誠如財務報表附註4以股份為基礎的付 款會計政策進一步闡釋。該款項將於行 使相關購股權時轉撥至股份溢價賬,或 相關購股權到期或被沒收時轉撥至累計

43. 批准財務報表

於二零二三年三月二十七日,董事會已 批准並授權刊發財務報表。

"AGM" or

"Annual General Meeting"

「股東週年大會」

the forthcoming 2022 annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 9 June 2023

指 本公司將於二零二三年六月九日舉行的應屆二零二二年年度股東週年大會

"Articles of Association" the amended articles of association of the Company adopted by way of

special resolution passed at the AGM held on 2 June 2022

「組織章程細則」 本公司以於二零二二年六月二日舉行的股東週年大會上通過的特別決議案的 指

形式所採納的經修訂組織章程細則

"associate(s)" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

「聯繫人」 具有上市規則賦予該詞的涵義 指

"Audit Committee" the audit committee of the Company

「審核委員會」 指 本公司審核委員會

"Auditor" BDO Limited, the auditor of the Company

「核數師」 本公司核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 指

"Beijing JinChi" Beijing Jinchi Guangxin Technology Co., Ltd. (北京金池廣信科技股份有

> 限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC with limited liability on 13 May 2009, which holds 49% of the equity interests in

Shanghai ChiLe

「北京金池」 指 北京金池廣信科技股份有限公司,一家於二零零九年五月十三日根據中國法

律註冊成立的有限公司,持有上海池樂 49%股權

"Board" or the board of directors of our Company

"Board of Directors"

「董事會」 指 本公司董事會

"CG Code" the Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing

「企業管治守則」 指 上市規則附錄十四所載的企業管治守則

"ChiLe Consolidated Shanghai ChiLe and its subsidiaries

Affiliated Entities"

「池樂合併聯屬實體」

指 上海池樂及其附屬公司

"China" or "PRC" the People's Republic of China and, except where the context requires

> and only for the purpose of this annual report, references in this annual report to the PRC or China do not include Taiwan, Hong Kong or Macau

「中國」 中華人民共和國,除文義另有所指及僅就本年報而言,本年報內所指的中國 指

並不包括台灣、香港或澳門

Definitions 釋義

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022

"Company", "our Company",



Wanka Online Inc. (萬咖壹聯有限公司*), an exempted company with



"the Company"	指	limited liability incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands on 7 November 2014 and the Shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1762) Wanka Online Inc. (萬咖壹聯有限公司*),一家於二零一四年十一月七日根據開曼群島法律註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司,其股份於聯交所主板上市(股份代號:1762)
"connected person(s)" 「關連人士」	指	has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules 具有上市規則賦予該詞的涵義
"connected transaction(s)" 「關連交易」	指	has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules 具有上市規則賦予該詞的涵義
"Consolidated Affiliated Entities" 「合併聯屬實體」	指	the entity we control through the Contractual Arrangements, namely Shanghai ChiLe and Huanju Times, and their respective subsidiaries 我們透過合約安排控制的實體,即上海池樂及歡聚時代,及其各自附屬公司
"Contractual Arrangements"		the series of contractual arrangements entered into by, among others Shanghai ChiLe and Huanju Times, our Consolidated Affiliated Entities and its shareholders, details of which are described in the section

「**合約安排**」 指 由(其中包括)上海池樂及歡聚時代(我們的合併聯屬實體及其股東)訂立的一系列合約安排,有關詳情載述於「董事會報告-關連交易-合約安排」一節

Arrangements"

"Controlling Shareholders" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules and, in the context of this annual report, refers to Mr. Gao, Mr. Zheng, Wanka Media Limited and Countryside Tech Inc.

指 具有上市規則賦予該詞的涵義及,於本年報,乃指高先生、鄭先生、Wanka Media Limited 及 Countryside Tech Inc.

headed "Report of the Directors - Connected Transactions - Contractual

"Director(s)" the director(s) of our Company 「董事」 指 本公司董事

"Group", "our Group", the Company, its subsidiaries and the Consolidated Affiliated Entities (the "the Group", "we", financial results of which have been consolidated and accounted for as "us", or "our" a subsidiary of our Company by virtue of the Contractual Arrangements)

from time to time

「本集團」或「我們」 指 本公司,其不時之附屬公司及合併聯屬實體(其財務業績已因合約安排綜合 入賬列作本公司附屬公司)

僅供識別

「控股股東」

^{*} For identification purposes only *

"HKFRS" Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

「香港財務報告準則」 指 香港財務報告準則

"Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC

「**香港**」 指 中國香港特別行政區

"Hong Kong dollars" or Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

"HK dollars" or "HK\$" 「港元」 指 港元, 香港法定貨幣

"Huanju Times" Huanju Shidai Culture Media (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (歡聚時代文化傳媒(北京)

有限公司), a company established in the PRC on March 7, 2014, owned by Mr. Gao and Mr. Zheng as to 72% and 28% of its share capital,

respectively

「**歡聚時代**」 指 歡聚時代文化傳媒(北京)有限公司,一家於二零一四年三月七日在中國成立

的公司, 高先生及鄭先生分別擁有其 72%及 28%股本

"Listing Date" 21 December 2018, being the date the Shares were listed on the Stock

Exchange

「**上市日期**」 指 二零一八年十二月二十一日,即股份於聯交所上市的日期

"Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of

Hong Kong Limited (as amended from time to time)

「**上市規則**」 指 香港聯合交易所有限公司《證券上市規則》(經不時修訂)

"Main Board" the stock exchange (excluding the option market) operated by the Stock

Exchange which is independent from and operates in parallel with the

Growth Enterprise Market of the Stock Exchange

「**主板**」 指 聯交所運營的證券交易所(不包括期權市場),獨立於聯交所 GEM 並與其並

行運作

"MHA" Mobile Hardcore Alliance, a network of seven Android smartphone

manufacturers in China, namely Huawei, OPPO, vivo, Coolpad, Lenovo,

Meizu and nubia

「**硬核聯盟**」 指 硬核聯盟,為中國七家安卓智能手機製造商網絡,即華為、OPPO、vivo、

酷派、聯想、魅族及努比亞

"Model Code" the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers

set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules

「**標準守則」** 指 上市規則附錄十所載《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》

"Mr. Gao" Mr. GAO Dinan (高弟男), our chairman of the Board, executive Director

and one of our Controlling shareholders

「**高先生**」 指 高弟男先生,我們的董事會主席、執行董事及我們的其中一名控股股東

Definitions

零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022





"Mr. Zheng" Mr. ZHENG Wei (鄭煒), our non-executive Director and one of our

Controlling shareholders

「鄭先生」 指 鄭煒先生,我們的非執行董事及我們的其中一名控股股東

"Nomination Committee" nomination committee of the Company

「提名委員會」 指 本公司提名委員會

"Post-IPO Share Option the share option scheme adopted by our Company on 3 November 2018, Scheme" the principal terms of which are set out in the section headed "Report of

the Directors - Post-IPO Share Option Scheme"

本公司於二零一八年十一月三日採納的購股權計劃,其主要條款載述於「董 「首次公開發售後購股權計劃」 指

事會報告一首次公開發售後購股權計劃」一節

"Prospectus" the prospectus of the Company dated 11 December 2018 relating to its

initial public offering

指 本公司日期為二零一八年十二月十一日有關其首次公開發售的招股章程 「招股章程」

"Quick App(s)" mobile apps that allow instant usage without having to visit any app store

or download anything, and are easier to develop than traditional mobile

apps

「快應用」 指 允許即時使用的移動應用程序,無需訪問任何應用商店或下載任何內容,且

比傳統移動應用程序更易於開發

"Remuneration Committee" the remuneration committee of the Company

「薪酬委員會 | 指 本公司薪酬委員會

"Reporting Period" the year ended 31 December 2022

「報告期」 指 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

"RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of PRC

「人民幣」 指 人民幣,中國法定貨幣

"RSU(s)" restricted share units granted pursuant to the 2016 Share Incentive

根據二零一六年股份激勵計劃授出的受限制股份單位 「受限制股份單位」 指

"SFO" the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong

Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to

「證券及期貨條例」 指 香港法例第571章《證券及期貨條例》(經不時修訂、補充或以其他方式修改)

"Shanghai ChiLe" Shanghai Chile Information Technology Co., Ltd. (上海池樂信息科技有

> 限公司), a company incorporated under the laws of the PRC with limited liability on 18 June 2014, owned by Mr. Gao and Beijing JinChi as to

51.0% and 49.0% of its share capital, respectively

「上海池樂」 指 上海池樂信息科技有限公司,一家於二零一四年六月十八日根據中國法律註

冊成立的有限公司,由高先生及北京金池分別擁有其51.0%及49.0%股本

"Share(s)"

ordinary share(s) in the share capital of our Company with a par value of

US\$0.0000002 each

「股份」

指 本公司股本中每股面值 0.0000002 美元的普通股

"Shareholder(s)"

holder(s) of Share(s)

「股東」

指 股份持有人

"Stock Exchange"

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

「聯交所」

指 香港聯合交易所有限公司

"subsidiary(ies)"

has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

「附屬公司」

指 具有上市規則賦予該詞的涵義

"substantial shareholder"

has the meaning ascribed to it under the Listing Rules

「主要股東」

具有上市規則賦予該詞的涵義 指

"United States," "U.S." or "US"

the United States of America, its territories, its possessions and all areas

subject to its jurisdiction

「美國」

指 美利堅合眾國,其領土、屬地及受其司法管轄的所有地區

"US\$"

United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States

「美元」

指 美元,美國法定貨幣

"Wanka Hong Kong"

Wanka Holdings Limited (玩咖控股有限公司), a limited liability company incorporated in Hong Kong on 6 June 2014, and our directly wholly -

owned subsidiary

指

指

「玩咖香港」

玩咖控股有限公司,一家於二零一四年六月六日在香港註冊成立的有限公

司,為我們的直接全資附屬公司

"Wanka Huanju" or "WFOE"

Wanka Huanju Culture Media (Beijing) Co., Ltd. (玩咖歡聚文化傳媒(北京) 有限公司), a company established in the PRC on 10 October 2014, and

our wholly-owned subsidiary

「玩咖歡聚」或「外商獨資企業」 指 玩咖歡聚文化傳媒(北京)有限公司,一家於二零一四年十月十日在中國成立

的公司,為我們的全資附屬公司

"%"

per centum

[%]

百分比

"2016 Share Incentive Scheme"

the share incentive scheme adopted by the Company on 6 January 2016 which was amended, restated and replaced in its entirety by a restricted share unit scheme on 24 May 2018, the principal terms of which are set out in the section headed "Report of the Directors - 2016 Share Incentive

Scheme"

「二零一六年股份激勵計劃」 指 本公司於二零一六年一月六日採納的股份激勵計劃,於二零一八年五月二十 四日以受限制股份單位計劃經全面修訂、重列及替換,其主要條款載於「董

事會報告-二零一六年股份激勵計劃」一節

Definitions

二零二二年十二月三十一日 31 December 2022





"2019 Share Incentive Scheme"

the share incentive scheme adopted by the Company on 29 August 2019, the principal terms of which are set out in the section headed "Report of the Directors - 2019 Share Incentive Scheme"

「二零一九年股份激勵計劃」

指

本公司於二零一九年八月二十九日採納的股份激勵計劃,其主要條款載於 「董事會報告-二零一九年股份激勵計劃」一節

* for identification purposes only

* 僅供識別

The English names of the PRC entities, PRC laws or regulations, and the PRC governmental authorities referred to in this annual report are translations from their Chinese names and are for identification purposes. If there is any inconsistency, the Chinese names shall prevail.

本年報所載中國實體、中國法律或法規以及 中國政府機關的英文譯名均譯自中文名稱, 以供識別。如有歧義,概以中文名稱為準。

Certain amounts and percentage figures included in this annual report have been subject to rounding adjustments. Accordingly, figures shown as totals in certain tables may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures preceding them and figures rounded to the nearest thousand, million or billion may not be identical to figures that have been rounded differently to them.

本年報所載若干金額及百分比數字已約整。 因此,若干表格所列總數未必等於其上數額 的算術總和,約整至最接近千、百萬或十億 的數字未必與按不同方式約整的數字相等。

