

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) 股份代號:00380 Stock code: 00380



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# Corporate Information 公司資料

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### **Executive Directors**

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Mr. Lai Fulin (Chairman) Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng (Chief Executive Officer)

### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson Mr. Chen Wei Wen Mr. Guan Zhiqiang Mr. Wang Chaolong (Appointed on 3 January 2023)

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson (Chairman) Mr. Chen Wei Wen Mr. Guan Zhiqiang Mr. Wang Chaolong (Appointed on 3 January 2023)

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Guan Zhiqiang (Chairman) Mr. Lai Fulin Mr. Chen Wei Wen Mr. Wang Chaolong (Appointed on 3 January 2023)

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Lai Fulin (Chairman) Mr. Chen Wei Wen Mr. Guan Zhiqiang Mr. Wang Chaolong (Appointed on 3 January 2023)

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Cheng Siu Kwan

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants and Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 22/F, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong

### 董事會

### 執行董事

賴福麟先生(主席) 俞安生先生(首席執行官)

### 獨立非執行董事

黃以信先生 陳偉文先生 管志強先生 王朝龍先生(於二零二三年一月三日委任)

# 審核委員會

黃以信先生(主席) 陳偉文先生 管志強先生 王朝龍先生(於二零二三年一月三日委任)

## 薪酬委員會

管志強先生(主席) 賴福麟先生 陳偉文先生 王朝龍先生(於二零二三年一月三日委任)

## 提名委員會

賴福麟先生(主席) 陳偉文先生 管志強先生 王朝龍先生(於二零二三年一月三日委任)

### 公司秘書

鄭少群先生

# 獨立核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師及 註冊公眾利益實體核數師 香港中環 太子大廈二十二樓

### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Ocorian Management (Bermuda) Limited Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

## **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited Shanghai Commercial Bank Limited DBS Bank (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Bank SinoPac, Hong Kong Branch The Bank of East Asia, Limited Dah Sing Bank, Limited Chong Hing Bank Limited Chiyu Banking Corporation Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited

# **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

## HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 1010-1016, Level 10 Tower II, Grand Century Place 193 Prince Edward Road West Mongkok, Kowloon Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2728 7237 Fax: (852) 2387 2999

# 主要股份過戶登記處

Ocorian Management (Bermuda) Limited Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

# 香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓 1712-1716號舖

# 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 上海商業銀行有限公司 星展銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 永豐商業銀行股份有限公司(香港分行) 東亞銀行有限公司 大新銀行有限公司 集友銀行有限公司 恆生銀行有限公司

# 註冊辦事處

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

## 總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 九龍旺角 太子道西193號 新世紀廣場2座 10樓1010至1016室 電話:(852)27287237 傳真:(852)23872999



### **OTHER PLACES OF BUSINESS**

### HONG KONG AND MACAU

### Retail shops

• • • •

G/F, 716 Shanghai Street Mongkok, Kowloon Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2395 0181 Fax: (852) 2787 3421

G/F, 102 Thomson Road Wanchai, Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2866 6001 Fax: (852) 2866 6339

Rua Da Ribeira Do Patane No. 13, Macau Tel: (853) 2855 3693 Fax: (853) 2895 1020

### Warehouse

Sections M and N of Lot 3719 in DD104 Yuen Long, New Territories Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2471 9048 Fax: (852) 2482 1298

### WEBSITE

http://www.chinapipegroup.com

# 其他營業地點

# 香港及澳門

### 門市

香港 九龍旺角 上海街716號地下 電話:(852)23950181 傳真:(852)27873421

香港灣仔 譚臣道102號地下 電話:(852)28666001 傳真:(852)28666339

澳門沙梨頭海邊街13號泉寧樓地下 電話:(853)28553693 傳真:(853)28951020

## 貨倉

香港 新界元朗錦綉花園貨倉 泰園路地段104 Lot 3719 M及N段 電話: (852) 2471 9048 傳真: (852) 2482 1298

### 網址

http://www.chinapipegroup.com

4 CHINA PIPE GROUP LIMITED 中國管業集團有限公司

#### Dear Shareholders,

I am pleased to present to our shareholders the annual report of China Pipe Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022.

### **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

The Group's revenue of about HK\$636.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$682.2 million), representing a decrease of 6.7% as compared to last year. The gross profit margin was approximately 27.5% for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: restated 28.7%). The profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company was HK\$49.2 million for the year under review (2021: restated HK\$56.4 million), representing a decrease of approximately 12.8% over last year. Basic earnings per share was HK3.69 cents (2021: restated HK4.23 cents).

### **FINAL DIVIDEND**

The Board of Directors of the Company does not recommend a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

We encountered the last three years of COVID-19 pandemic challenges and operated in an unprecedented business environment. Despite the challenges and uncertainties brought by COVID-19, we were fortunate that the impact of COVID-19 on our business was relatively lower. We could maintain a healthy financial position. With our solid track record, we continued to develop our core business of trading of pipe and fitting.

In the first half of 2022, the Hong Kong Government had to build more community isolation facilities such as Penny's Bay and Kai Tak Community Isolation Facilities in a very short time in response to the most severe COVID-19 fifth wave in the first quarter of 2022. We benefited from the ad hoc strong demand for pipes and fittings for building such isolation facilities. We did well in the first half of the year.

#### 各位股東:

本人欣然向股東提呈中國管業集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之年 報。

#### 財務業績

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團的收入約為636,500,000港元(二零 二一年:682,200,000港元),較去年減少 6.7%。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,毛利率為27.5%(二零二一年:經重 列28.7%)。於回顧年度內,本公司權益持 有人應佔溢利為49,200,000港元(二零二一 年:經重列56,400,000港元),較去年下跌 約12.8%。每股基本盈利約為3.69港仙(二零 二一年:經重列4.23港仙)。

### 末期股息

本公司董事會不建議派付截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息(二零二一 年:無)。

### 業務回顧

過去的三年,我們遇上了2019冠狀病毒疫情 的挑戰,並在前所未有的商業環境中經營。 儘管2019冠狀病毒帶來了挑戰和不明朗,但 我們很慶幸2019冠狀病毒對我們業務的影響 相對較小。我們可以保持穩健的財務狀況。 憑藉我們良好的往績,我們繼續發展管道及 管件貿易的核心業務。

二零二二年上半年,香港政府不得不在極短 的時間內興建更多的社區隔離設施,例如竹 篙灣和啟德社區隔離設施,以應對二零二二 年第一季度最嚴峻的2019冠狀病毒第五波。 我們受惠於對建造此隔離設施的管道和管件 的特別強勁需求。我們在今年上半年做得很 好。

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

In the second half of 2022, the demand for pipes and fittings returned to a normal level, with the slowing of the pandemic and the completion of the isolation facilities. During the year under review, the Group recorded revenue amounted to approximately HK\$636.5 million (2021: HK\$682.2 million), representing a decrease of 6.7% over last year. The profit attributable to equity holders of the Company was HK\$49.2 million, as compared to a net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company of approximately HK\$56.4 million (restated) for the same period in 2021, representing a decrease of 12.8%. As mentioned in the annual report last year, the significant increase in revenue for 2021 was because we expedited the clearance of backlogs caused by the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic in 2020. For the year under review, the decrease in revenue was mainly attributable to the retail shop in Tsuen Wan ceasing operation in November 2021 as the lease expired and the reduction in contribution from a large project of the third runway of Hong Kong International Airport which we completed the delivery in 2021.

The growing wider use of Modular Integrated Construction ("MiC") and Multi-trade Integrated MEP ("MiMEP") is the new trend of technology adopted in building construction. During the year, we enhanced our role in sourcing and supplying our products to meet our customers' needs in adopting of MiC and MiMEP.

### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

Looking ahead, we believe that the COVID-19 measures will be phased out. Hong Kong is moving forward to normalcy. Since the start of 2023, Hong Kong has eased most of its COVID-19 restrictions and re-opened its border with mainland China. The relaxation of border restrictions with China helped us to increase the business activities with our suppliers in China. The economy of Hong Kong will gradually regain its vitality in future. In addition, we can resume our visits to suppliers, product inspections and work closely with them to promote value-added services to meet our customers' needs.

二零二二年下半年,隨著疫情的愈趨緩和 及隔離設施的完工,管道及管件的需求回 復至正常水平。於回顧年度,本集團錄得 收入約為636,500,000港元(二零二一年: 682,200,000港元),較去年減少6.7%。本 公司權益持有人應佔溢利為49.200.000港 元,較二零二一年同期本公司權益持有人 應佔溢利約56,400,000港元(經重列),減少 12.8%。正如去年年報所述,二零二一年收 入的大幅增長是因為我們加快清理了因為二 零二零年爆發2019冠狀病毒疫情而造成的積 壓訂單。於回顧年度,收入減少主要是由於 荃灣一間零售店因二零二一年十一月租約屆 滿而停止營業,以及我們於二零二一年完成 交付的香港國際機場第三跑道大型項目的貢 獻減少所致。

日益廣泛使用的組裝合成建築法「組裝合成」 和機電裝備合成法「機電裝備合成法」是建築 施工中採用的技術新趨勢。年內,我們加強 了我們在採購和供應產品方面的角色,以配 合客戶採用組裝合成及機電裝備合成法的需 求。

### 未來前景

展望未來,我們相信2019冠狀病毒措施將會 逐步取消。香港正在走向復常。由二零二三 年初以來,香港放寬了大部份2019冠狀病毒 限制,並與中國內地通關。中國的邊境限制 的放寬有助於我們增加與中國供應商的業務 活動。香港經濟在未來會逐漸復甦。此外, 我們可以恢復與供應商的拜訪、產品檢測, 並與他們緊密合作,提升增值服務,以配合 客戶的需求。

In the coming years, the Hong Kong Government will continue to address the shortage of public housing issues. The Hong Kong Government is committed to building 30,000 "Light Public Housing" in the next five years. This will stimulate the growth of the construction industry and in turn, drive up the demand for construction materials as well as our products. In addition, the Hong Kong Government is keen on developing the Northern Metropolis with a view to increasing the land supply as well as innovation and technology development. We expect that there will be a large number of infrastructure projects to be built in the northern part of the new territories. We will benefit from such initiatives and the rising demand for public housing development. Against this backdrop, the Group remains cautiously optimistic about the outlook of the construction industry in Hong Kong.

### **APPRECIATION**

In closing, we thank our shareholders, customers, suppliers and banks for their continuous support and confidence in the Group. I would also like to thank our directors, management team and employees for their commendable efforts and valuable contribution to the Group over the years. 未來數年,香港政府將會繼續解決公營房屋 短缺的問題。香港政府致力在未來五年興建 30,000間「簡約公屋」。這將刺激建築業的 發展,從而帶動對建築材料及我們產品的需 求。此外,香港政府鋭意發展北部都會區, 以增加土地供應及創新科技發展。我們預計 新界北部將興建大量基建項目。我們將受惠 於這些措施和對公營房屋發展的需求上升。 在此背景下,本集團對香港建造業的前景保 持審慎樂觀。

## 致謝

最後,我們感謝股東、客戶、供應商和銀行 對本集團的持續支持和信任。本人亦藉此 感謝我們的董事、管理團隊及僱員,感謝他 們多年來對本集團作出的可嘉努力及寶貴貢 獻。

Lai Fulin Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 March 2023

#### 賴福麟

主席

香港,二零二三年三月二十八日



# Mission and Strategy 使命及策略

The business of the Group was commenced in 1949 as a pipe's retail shop. Now the Group has developed into a sizeable company and become a listed company in the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited on 21 December 2000. We root in Hong Kong 73 years and are the mainstay of the industry.

The principal business of the Group is the importing and selling of a comprehensive range of pipes, fittings and other related accessories of different materials, applications and brand names in Hong Kong by Bun Kee (International) Limited ("Bun Kee"). Sales of the Group's products are conducted either by wholesale or retail sale. We offered quality goods storage and logistic services for local main contractors and landlords. Throughout the years, the Group has supplied quality piping materials to many landmark projects in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China.

The mission of the Group is to provide high quality products to the customers and serve with value-added and excellent customer services.

In attaining the above, we provide "one-stop-shop" platform that provides high quality and a variety of pipes and fittings that readily available to our customers in ways that meet their needs and exceed their expectations.

Whenever you think pipes and fittings, think Bun Kee.

本集團於一九四九年以管材零售店開始其業務。本集團現已發展成為一間具規模的企業,並於二零零零年十二月二十一日成為香港聯合交易所有限公司的主板上市公司。我們紮根香港七十三年,為業界的中流砥柱。

本集團的主要業務,由彬記(國際)有限公司 (「彬記」)於香港進口及銷售不同材料、用途 及品牌的各種管道、管件及其他相關配件。 本集團的產品以批發或零售方式從事銷售, 並為本地主要承建商及業主提供優質的儲貨 備運服務。多年來,本集團已向香港、澳門 及中國內地的多個地標項目供應優質管材。

本集團的使命是為客戶提供高品質的產品, 提供具增值和優質的客戶服務。

我們提供「一站式」的平台,以供應優質及各 式各樣喉管和管件,一應俱全供應給我們的 客戶,以滿足他們的需求,並超出他們所想 的,以實現我們的使命。

無論何時您想起管道及管件,就想到彬記。

業務回顧及財務表現

我們的業務

**導**地位。

# BUSINESS OVERVIEW AND FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

### **Our Business**

The Group is a leading provider to the construction sector offering a wide range of pipe (including copper tube, ductile iron and steel pipes) related products, fittings, comprehensive services and solutions to the contractors, designers, consultants and government agencies in Hong Kong and Macau.

The Group's core business lies with our flagship subsidiary, Bun Kee (International) Limited, a well-established company with a long history. Starting from a small retail shop, we grew up to a company listed in Hong Kong. We have become one-stop supplier of a comprehensive range of pipes and fittings. The Group has built a good reputation for the pipes and fittings business in Hong Kong and Macau. We have established stable major customer and supplier bases over the years.

### **Business Review**

Despite the volatility of the COVID-19 pandemic continued in 2022, we still focus on the supplying of pipes and fittings. We managed to procure some large projects' orders to supply pipes and fittings during the year under review including the new acute hospital at Kai Tak Development area and Hong Kong International Airport third runway concourse and apron works.

As building costs rise, by using the new technologies that enhance design capabilities and productivity, Modular Integrated Construction ("MiC") and Multi-trade Integrated MEP ("MiMEP") are attractive to the developers. The Group is also actively exploring the opportunities in capturing more orders from MiC and MiMEP. We will work close with our suppliers in order to achieve a win-win situation.

The Group's revenue decreased by 6.7% to HK\$636.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$682.2 million). The profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company was HK\$49.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: restated HK\$56.4 million), representing a decrease of 12.8%. The decrease in revenue was due to the reduction of one retail shop and the completion of delivery for a large project last year.

### with our flagship subsidiary, Bun 本集團核心業務主要是由我們一間歷史悠久 vell-established company with a 的旗艦子公司彬記(國際)有限公司營運。從 mall retail shop, we grew up to a 一家零售小店開始,我們已發展成為一間在

一家零售小店開始,我們已發展成為一間在 香港上市的公司。我們已經成為全面的管道 和管件的一站式供應商。本集團在香港及澳 門於管道及管件業務已建立了良好的信譽。 多年來我們建立了穩定的主要客戶和供應商 基礎。

本集團主要為香港及澳門之承建商、設計

師、顧問及政府機構提供各類型管道(包括銅

管、球墨鑄鐵管和鋼管等)相關產品、配件,

全面的服務和解決方案,於建築行業處於領

### 業務回顧

儘管二零二二年2019冠狀病毒疫情的波動仍 在繼續,但我們依然專注於管道和管件的供 應。於回顧年內,我們成功獲得一些大型項 目的管道及管件供應訂單,包括啟德發展區 的新急症醫院及香港國際機場第三跑道客運 廊及停機坪工程。

隨著建築成本上升,通過使用提高設計能力 和生產力的新技術,組裝合成建築法[組裝合 成]和機電裝備合成法[機電裝備合成法]對開 發商極具吸引力。本集團亦正積極探索從組 裝合成及機電裝備合成法獲取更多訂單的機 會。我們將與我們的供應商緊密合作,以實 現雙贏局面。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團的收入減少了6.7%至636,500,000港元 (二零二一年:682,200,000港元)。截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司股東 應佔溢利為49,200,000港元(二零二一年:經 重列56,400,000港元),下跌了12.8%。收入 的減少主要是去年減少了一間零售店和完成 了一個大型項目的交付。

# Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

For the year under review, other gains, net were about HK\$4.1 million (2021: HK\$2.1 million), representing an increase of HK\$2.0 million over last year. The increase was mainly attributable to the receiving of the subsidies granted from the Hong Kong Government under the Anti-epidemic Fund during the year under review.

The Group's selling and distribution costs decreased by 8.8% year-on-year from HK\$21.6 million in 2021 to HK\$19.7 million in 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to the decrease in consultancy fees, direct logistic staff costs and goods handling charges which were partly offset by the increase in transportation costs, overseas travelling expenses and motor vehicles running expenses. The Group's general and administrative expenses amounted to approximately HK\$101.4 million in 2022 (2021: HK\$108.6 million), representing a decrease of about 6.6% year-on-year. The decrease was mainly due to the decrease in staff costs, depreciation, testing fees and short-term and low-value lease expenses which were partly offset by the increase in professional fees, rates and building management fees, insurance and consumable expenses.

Finance costs mainly consisted of the interest expenses on bank borrowings and lease liabilities. During the year, the finance costs were HK\$5.9 million (2021: HK\$5.8 million), representing an increase by about 1.7% over last year. Such increase was mainly attributable to the increase in interest rates on bank borrowings. Finance income which was mainly from a loan to a related party and bank deposits' interest income, increased by 39.1% from HK\$4.6 million in 2021 to HK\$6.4 million in 2022 due to the increase in bank deposits interest rates. As finance income outpaced costs, we recorded net finance income of HK\$0.5 million (2021: a net finance costs of HK\$1.2 million).

#### OUTLOOK

In the beginning of 2023, the COVID-19 restrictions in Hong Kong were gradually lifted. We expect the economy in Hong Kong will be revived gradually. We will remain vigilant in closely monitoring the ever-changing market conditions and implement appropriate strategies. As always, we will continue to exercise prudent financial management and deploy cost-effective strategies. In view of the development of Northern Metropolis in Hong Kong and the Hong Kong Government's commitment to accelerate the housing supply, the Group remains cautiously optimistic about the construction industry in Hong Kong.

於回顧年度,其他收益淨額約為4,100,000港元(二零二一年:2,100,000港元),較去年增加約2,000,000港元。該增加主要是由於在回顧年度內收取了由香港政府的抗疫基金的資助。

本集團的銷售及分銷成本由二零二一年的 21,600,000港元按年下跌8.8%至二零二二 年的19,700,000港元。其減少主要是由於顧 間費用,直接物流人員成本及貨物處理費用 的減少,而部份被運輸成本,海外差旅費用 及車輛行駛費用的增加所抵銷。本集團的一 般及行政費用於二零二二年為101,400,000 港元(二零二一年: 108,600,000港元),按 年減少6.6%。減少的主要原因是員工成本、 折舊、檢測費用及短期及低值租賃費用的減 少,而部份被增加的專業費用、差餉及物業 管理費、保險及消耗品費用所抵銷。

財務費用主要包括銀行借款及租賃負債的利息支出。年內,財務費用為5,900,000港元 (二零二一年:5,800,000港元),較去年增加約1.7%。該增加主要是由於銀行借貸利率上升所致。財務收入主要是來自關連方貸款的利息及銀行存款利息收入,由二零二一年的4,600,000港元增加39.1%至二零二二年的6,400,000港元,因為銀行存款利率上升所致。由於財務收入高於費用,我們錄得淨財務收入為500,000港元(二零二一年:淨財務費用1,200,000港元)。

### 前景

二零二三年初,香港對2019冠狀病毒的限制 逐漸解除。我們預計香港的經濟亦將逐步復 甦。我們將保持警覺,密切留意瞬息萬變的 市場情況,並採取適當的策略。一如既往, 我們將繼續審慎理財,部署具成本效益的策 略。由於香港北部都會區的發展及香港政府 致力加快房屋供應,本集團對香港建造業保 持審慎樂觀。

### LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES ANALYSIS

As at 31 December 2022, the cash and bank balances of the Group were approximately HK\$252.5 million (2021: HK\$208.1 million) including pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$46.0 million (2021: HK\$36.0 million). Basically the Group's working capital requirement has been financed by its internal resources. The funds generated from operations and the available banking facilities will enable the Group to meet its future working capital requirements.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had aggregate banking facilities for trade finance of approximately HK\$262.3 million (2021: HK\$262.3 million), approximately HK\$54.5 million (2021: HK\$61.8 million) was utilised. The Group's total borrowings stood at approximately HK\$53.4 million (2021: HK\$56.0 million), the entire amount of borrowings for both years end will mature within one year. 46% (2021: 18%) and 54% (2021: 82%) of borrowings were subject to floating and fixed rates respectively.

The gearing ratio as measured by total bank borrowings to total equity was approximately 7.9% as at 31 December 2022 (2021: restated 9.0%).

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the entire amount of the Group's borrowings was denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

The Group conducts its business transactions mainly in Hong Kong dollar, Macau Pataca, Renminbi and United States dollar. In order to manage foreign exchange risk, the Group has been closely monitoring its foreign currency exposure and will arrange for any hedging facilities if necessary.

### **CHARGE ON ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2022, certain bank deposits held by subsidiaries of the Group with aggregate carrying amounts of approximately HK\$46.0 million (2021: bank deposits of HK\$36.0 million and certificate of deposit of HK\$10.0 million) were pledged to banks for banking facilities.

### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

### 流動資金及財務資源分析

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團之現 金及銀行結餘約為252,500,000港元(二零 二一年:208,100,000港元)包括已抵押銀行 之存款約為46,000,000港元(二零二一年: 36,000,000港元)。基本上,本集團所需之營 運資金來自內部資源。本集團相信由營運產 生之資金及可用之銀行融資額度,足以應付 本集團日後之流動資金需求。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團之貿 易融資的銀行額度合共約262,300,000港元 (二零二一年:262,300,000港元),已動用之 銀行融資額度約為54,500,000港元(二零二一 年:61,800,000港元)。本集團的借貸總額約 為53,400,000港元(二零二一年:56,000,000 港元),兩個年末之借貸全數將於一年內到 期。46%(二零二一年:18%)及54%(二零 二一年:82%)的借貸分別以浮動及固定利 率計息。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,按銀行借貸 總額相對於總權益計算的資產負債比率約為 7.9%(二零二一年:經重列9.0%)。

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團借貸總額全數以港元結算。

本集團之業務交易主要以港元、澳門幣、人 民幣及美元結算。為管理外匯風險,本集團 一直密切監控外幣風險,並在需要時作出對 沖安排。

## 資產押記

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,由本集團之 附屬公司持有之若干銀行存款賬面總值約 為46,000,000港元(二零二一年:銀行存款 36,000,000港元及存款證10,000,000港元)已 抵押予銀行以取得銀行融資額度。

### 或然負債

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債。

## **CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had capital commitments of HK\$0.53 million (2021: HK\$0.56 million) in respect of Enterprise Resources Planning system contracted for but not provided for in consolidated financial statements.

### **STAFF AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group employed a total of 155 employees (2021: 148). Total employee benefit expenses for the year ended 31 December 2022 was approximately HK\$65.7 million (2021: HK\$73.1 million).

Remuneration policy is reviewed annually and certain staff members are entitled to sales commission. In addition to the basic salaries and contributions to the mandatory provident fund, the Group also pays discretionary bonus and provides staff with other benefits including medical scheme to the employees in Hong Kong. The Group contributes to an employee pension scheme established by the PRC Government which undertakes to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired employees of the Group in Mainland China. The Group adopted a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to motivate the eligible directors and employees of the Group in recognition of their contributions to the Group.

## 資本承擔

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團已就 企業資源規劃系統簽訂530,000港元合同(二 零二一年:560,000港元)但仍未於綜合財務 報表撥備的資本承擔。

### 員工及薪酬政策

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團共僱 用155名員工(二零二一年:148名),截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,員工福 利開支共約65,700,000港元(二零二一年: 73,100,000港元)。

薪酬政策每年檢討一次,部份員工享有銷售 佣金收入。香港員工除了享有基本薪金及強 積金供款外,本集團亦發放酌情花紅並提供 醫療計劃等其他福利。本集團向一項由中國 政府所設立的僱員退休金計劃供款,該退休 金計劃承諾承擔為本集團現時及未來在中國 內地的退休員工提供退休福利的責任。本集 團設有一項購股權計劃,以向本集團合資格 董事及僱員提供獎勵及報酬,以表揚其對本 集團作出之貢獻。

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Mr. Lai Fulin, aged 57, acted as an Executive Director of the Company from October 2009 to May 2017 and continued to sit on the senior management team of the Group thereafter. Mr. Lai rejoined the Board as an Executive Director of the Company on 27 November 2017 and was appointed as the Chairman of the Board with effect from 30 March 2018. He is also a member of the Chairman of Nomination Committee and a member of Remuneration Committee of the Company. In addition, Mr. Lai is the Head of Production & Purchasing of the Group and holds directorships in certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lai has over 20 years of experience in the banking sector, investment management and general management of companies in China. Mr. Lai worked in the Bank of China in Shenzhen from 1986 to 2001. From 1995 to 2001, he was the deputy general manager of a subsidiary of Bank of China dealing with businesses in the securities industry. During the period from 2002 to 2008, Mr. Lai was the general manager of Shenzhen Huaao Guanli Technologies Company Limited\* (深圳市華奧冠力科技實業有限公司). Mr. Lai holds a certificate of graduation in Chinese Language from Shenzhen Institute of Education\* (深圳教育學院).

Mr. Lai is the younger brother of Mr. Lai Guanglin, the controlling shareholder of the Company.

\* For identification purpose only

**Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng**, aged 58, was appointed as Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company in May 2009. Mr. Yu is responsible for managing overall daily operations of the Group and the implementation of the Group's development strategies.

Mr. Yu has over 20 years of experience in investment management, investment banking and general management of listed companies. Mr. Yu began his career at Mackenzie Financial Corporation in Toronto, Canada as an investment analyst in 1989 and since then, he has served several major financial corporations including J.P. Morgan, Deutsche Bank and CITIC Capital. In addition to his vast investment banking and management experience, Mr. Yu has also managed listed companies such as New World Cyberbase Limited and Asia Logistics Holdings Limited in Hong Kong. During his past career, Mr. Yu has focused on direct investment and mergers and acquisitions activities in sectors including construction materials, infrastructure, energy, technologies, media and financial services.

# 執行董事

**賴福麟先生**,57歲,於二零零九年十月至 二零一七年五月期間曾出任本公司之執行董 事,並於其後繼續留任於本集團之高級管 理人員團隊。賴先生於二零一七年十一月 二十七日再次加入董事會為本公司執行董 事,並於二零一八年三月三十日獲委任為董 事會主席。彼亦為本公司提名委員會主席及 薪酬委員會成員。此外,賴先生是本集團生 產及採購部總監及擔任本公司若干附屬公司 之董事。賴先生在國內的銀行業、投資管理 及企業管理方面累積逾二十年經驗。賴先生 於一九八六年至二零零一年期間任職於中國 銀行深圳市分行。於一九九五年至二零零一 年期間,彼曾出任中國銀行屬下之證券公司 副總經理一職。於二零零二年至二零零八年 期間, 賴先生出任深圳市華奧冠力科技實業 有限公司總經理一職。賴先生持有深圳教育 學院中文科大專畢業證書。

賴先生乃本公司之控股股東Lai Guanglin先生 之胞弟。

**俞安生先生**,58歲,於二零零九年五月獲委 任為本公司執行董事兼首席執行官。俞先生 負責管理本集團整體日常運作及執行本集團 的發展策略。

俞先生在投資管理、投資銀行及上市公司管 理方面累積逾20年經驗。俞先生於一九八九 年加入加拿大多倫多Mackenzie Financial Corporation,開始投資分析師之職業生涯。 此後,彼曾服務於摩根大通、德意志銀行及 中信資本等多間主要金融機構。除在投資銀 行及資產管理方面累積豐富之經驗外,俞先 生亦曾管理新世界數碼基地有限公司及亞洲 物流控股有限公司等若干香港上市公司。於 過往職業生涯中,俞先生專注於建材、基礎 設施、能源、科技、傳媒及金融服務等行業 之直接投資及併購活動。

# Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員之履歷

Mr. Yu holds a Bachelor of Arts degree in English Literature from the Beijing Foreign Studies University, a Master of arts degree in Education from the University of Toronto and a master's degree in business administration from the University of Western Ontario, Canada.

Mr. Yu is a director of King Jade Holdings Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company which has an interest in the shares of the Company that is required to be disclosed under Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

**Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson**, aged 55, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in February 2009. He is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company. Mr. Wong is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and member of Australia CPA. He holds a master of commerce degree, specializing in banking and finance from the University of New South Wales. With more than 20 years of experience in PricewaterhouseCoopers and Ernst and Young, Mr. Wong specializes in the area of auditing banks and listed companies. He is now an independent nonexecutive director of Ping An Securities Group (Holdings) Limited (Stock code: 231, a company listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("HKSE"), currently in liquidation) and PT International Development Corporation Limited (Stock code: 372, a company listed on HKSE).

Mr. Chen Wei Wen, aged 54, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in April 2010. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Chen holds a Bachelor of Business (Accounting) from Monash University, Australia. Mr. Chen worked as a general manager of Guangzhou Futian Trading Company Ltd (廣州市富添貿易有限公司) from 1997 to 2005. Since November 2004, Mr. Chen was appointed as chief operating officer of Guangzhou Kanxin Polymer Technology Co., Ltd (廣州市康心高分子科技有限公司) which is an affiliated company of Guangzhou Futian Trading Company Ltd (廣州市富 添貿易有限公司). Mr. Chen was also appointed as director and general manager of Fuda Enterprises Limited (富而達企業有限公 司) since February 1998. 俞先生持有北京外國語大學英國文學學士學 位、多倫多大學教育學碩士學位及加拿大西 安大略大學工商管理碩士學位。

俞先生現為本公司的主要股東King Jade Holdings Limited之董事。該公司根據《證券 及期貨條例》第XV部須向本公司披露其擁有 本公司股份的權益。

### 獨立非執行董事

**黃以信先生**,55歲,於二零零九年二月獲 委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本 公司審核委員會主席。黃先生為香港會計師 公會資深會員,以及澳洲會計師公會會員。 彼持有新南威爾士大學之商學碩士學位,專 業為銀行及金融學。彼曾於羅兵咸永道會計 師事務所及安永會計師事務所任職逾20年, 擅於處理銀行及上市公司審核事務。彼現為 平安證券集團(控股)有限公司(股份代號: 231,一間於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「港 交所」)上市之公司,正在清盤中)及保德國際 發展企業有限公司(股份代號:372,一間於 港交所上市之公司)之獨立非執行董事。

**陳偉文先生**,54歲,於二零一零年四月獲委 任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公 司審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會成 員。陳先生持澳洲Monash University的工商 (會計)學士學位。由一九九七年至二零零五 年,陳先生曾於廣州市富添貿易有限公司擔 任總經理。自二零零四年十一月起,陳先生 被委任為廣州市康心高分子科技有限公司(為 廣州市富添貿易有限公司之聯屬公司)的首 席營運官。自一九九八年二月起,陳先生亦 被委任為富而達企業有限公司的董事及總經 理。

Mr. Guan Zhigiang, aged 60, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in September 2016. He is also the Chairman of Remuneration Committee, a member of Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Guan holds a bachelor of Agronomy from Huazhong Agricultural University and a master degree in business administration from Southwestern University of Finance. During the period from 1984 to 1996, Mr. Guan had successively worked in the Ministry of Agriculture of the People's Republic of China and the State Planning Commission. He subsequently joined the Agricultural Development Bank of China and held various senior management positions and was granted a gualification of senior economist from the bank. From February 2002 to March 2003, Mr. Guan served as the general manager in New China Life Insurance Company Ltd, Jinan branch. From March 2003 to November 2005, he worked in Yeland Group Co. Ltd. (now known as HNA Investment Group Co., Ltd), a company listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange, and was appointed as the chairman of its group's real estate company. Since 2005, Mr. Guan has established an investment advisory firm and invested in a number of enterprises which engaged in various fields including mining, energy and biotechnology, etc., and acted as a director in those enterprises. Mr. Guan is currently the vice chairman of Zhejiang Ecopro Biotech Company, Ltd.\* (浙江宜葆生物科技有限公司) and a director of Huoerguosi Poly Entertainment Culture Industry Co., Ltd\* (霍爾果斯聚視互娛文化產業有限公司). He has extensive experience in finance, investment and corporate management.

\* For identification purpose only

**管志強先生**,60歲,於二零一六年九月獲委 任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公 司薪酬委員會主席、審核委員會及提名委員 會成員。管先生持有華中農業大學農學學士 學位及西南財經大學工商管理碩士學位。於 一九八四年至一九九六年期間,管先生先後 任職於中華人民共和國農業部及國家計劃委 員會,隨後加入中國農業發展銀行並擔任多 個高級管理人員職務和獲該銀行授予高級經 **濟師資格。於二零零二年二月至二零零三年** 三月,管先生擔任新華人壽保險股份有限公 司濟南分公司總經理。於二零零三年三月至 二零零五年十一月,彼在億城集團股份有限 公司(現稱海航投資集團股份有限公司)(一家 於深圳證券交易所上市的公司)工作並獲該集 團委任為旗下房地產公司的董事長。自二零 零五年起,管先生設立一家投資諮詢公司並 參股投資多家企業,行業種類包括礦業、能 源及生物科技等等,並出任該些企業的董事 職務。管先生現時為浙江宜葆生物科技有限 公司的副董事長及霍爾果斯聚視互娛文化產 業有限公司的董事。彼在金融、投資、企業 管理等方面擁有豐富的經驗。

# Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員之履歷

**Mr. Wang Chaolong**, aged 63, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in January 2023. He is a member of Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Wang holds a Bachelor of Science in Physics from Peking University First Campus\*(北京大學第一分校). Mr. Wang holds a certificate of Certified Assets Manager issued by China Enterprise Confederation in 2010 and qualified as a senior economist in China Xinxing (Group) Corporation\*(中國新興(集團)總公司) in 2000. He has extensive experience in corporate management.

Mr. Wang served as an assistant/lecturer of Beijing Machinery Bureau Staff University\*(北京市機械局職工大學) from March 1983 to April 1991. He served as an engineer at the Science and Technology Bureau of China State Shipbuilding Corporation\*(中 國船舶工業總公司科技局) from May 1991 to February 1994. He served as a manager of the Operation Department of Beijing Zhongchuan Gas Engineering Development Company\*(北京中船 氣體工程開發公司經營部) from March 1994 to December 1994.

From December 1994 to May 1999, he served as division chief and deputy division chief in investment department of China Xinxing Industrial Development Company\*(中國新興實業發 展公司) and served as vice general manager in China Xinxing Industrial Development Company\*(中國新興實業發展公司) from June 1996 to October 1999. Mr. Wang served as a vice general manager of China Xinxing Construction Real Estate Development Corporation\*(中國新興工程建築房地產開發總公司) from November 1999 to December 2001. From December 2001 to June 2013, he served in China Xinxing Industrial Development Company\*(中國新興實業發展公司), currently known as China Xinxing Asset Management Company Limited\* (中國新興資產 管理有限責任公司), including general manager and executive deputy general manager. Mr. Wang has been the chairman of Shanghai Xinxing Medicine Co. Ltd.\*(上海新興醫藥股份有限公司) from July 2013 to September 2021.

王朝龍先生,63歲,於二零二三年一月獲委 任為本公司之獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公 司審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會成 員。王先生持有北京大學第一分校物理學學 士學位。王先生於二零一零年獲得中國企業 聯合會頒發的註冊資產管理師資格證書及於 二零零零年獲得中國新興(集團)總公司的高 級經濟師資格。彼在企業管理方面擁有豐富 經驗。

由一九八三年三月至一九九一年四月,王先 生任職北京市機械局職工大學助教/講師。 由一九九一年五月至一九九四年二月,彼擔 任中國船舶工業總公司科技局工程師。彼於 一九九四年三月至一九九四年十二月任職北 京中船氣體工程開發公司經營部經理。

由一九九四年十二月至一九九九年五月,彼 擔任中國新興實業發展公司投資部處長及 副處長及由一九九六年六月至一九九九年十 月,彼擔任中國新興實業發展公司副總經 理。由一九九九年十一月至二零零一年十二 月,王先生在中國新興工程建築房地產開發 總公司任職副總經理。於二零零一年十二月 至二零一三年六月,彼在中國新興實業發展 公司,現稱中國新興資產管理有限責任公 司,擔任包括總經理及常務副總經理。由二 零一三年七月至二零二一年九月,王先生曾 任上海新興醫藥股份有限公司董事長。

\* For identification purpose only

### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

**Mr. Chow Wai Koon, Timothy**, aged 53, was appointed as Chief Operating Officer of the Company in January 2015. Mr. Chow is responsible for directing, administering and co-ordinating the operational activities of the Group. He is also responsible for recommending and developing strategies, goals and policies of the Group.

Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Chow devoted almost 20 years to Hewlett-Packard group ("HP"), a leading global IT provider of products, technologies, software, solutions and services. While at HP, Mr. Chow held several senior positions in sales, marketing, business planning and finance in the Asia Pacific region including China, Australia and Singapore.

Mr. Chow has extensive experience in sales and marketing in the Asia Pacific region, particularly China, across consumer, commercial and enterprise customers. In addition, Mr. Chow has robust knowledge of end-to-end systems from research and development, manufacturing and distribution to channel, communication and customer support.

Mr. Chow holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the Macquarie Graduate School of Management, Australia, and a Bachelor's Degree of Accountancy from the Nanyang Technological University, Singapore.

**Mr. Cheng Siu Kwan**, aged 53, joined the Company as the Financial Controller in December 2012 and has been appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company in February 2013. Mr. Cheng is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Cheng held various finance positions at a number of companies listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and has over 28 years of experience in auditing, finance and accounting.

# 高級管理人員

招偉權先生,53歲,於二零一五年一月獲 委任為本公司的首席運營官。招先生負責指 導、管理和協調本集團的營運工作。彼亦負 責建議及發展本集團戰略、目標和政策。

在加盟本公司前,招先生致力於惠普(一家提供產品、技術、軟件、解決方案和服務的全球領先資訊科技供應商)近20年。在惠普期間,招先生曾於亞太地區(包括中國、澳洲和新加坡)的銷售、市場營銷、業務規劃和財務方面擔任高級職務工作。

招先生在亞太地區(尤其中國)的消費客戶、 商業及大型企業客戶方面均擁有非常豐富的 銷售和市場推廣經驗。此外,他在端到端系 統的研究與開發、製造及分銷渠道、溝通及 客戶支援方面具有豐富的知識。

招先生持有澳洲麥格理大學工商管理學院之 工商管理碩士學位及新加坡南洋理工大學會 計學士學位。

**鄭少群先生**,53歲,於二零一二年十二月加 入本公司擔任財務總監,並於二零一三年二 月獲委任為本公司之公司秘書。鄭先生為英 國特許公認會計師公會資深會員及香港會計 師公會會員。加入本公司之前,鄭先生曾於 多家香港聯合交易所有限公司上市公司出任 不同的財務職務,彼於審計、融資及會計方 面擁有逾28年經驗。

# Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員之履歷

**Mr. Ku Chun Ming**, aged 57, joined the Group in 1993 and currently is the Deputy Managing Director of Bun Kee (International) Limited, the pipe trading subsidiary of the Group. Mr. Ku is mainly responsible for the leadership, supervision and long-term business development of pipes and fittings of the Company. He has over 36 years of extensive experience in sales and marketing activities.

**Mr. Lai Kui Chung**, aged 65, joined the Group in 1979 and is the Warehouse Director of the pipe trading subsidiary, Bun Kee (International) Limited. Mr. Lai is responsible for the warehouse and transportation activities of the Group. He has over 43 years of experience in supervising warehouse and transportation operations. Mr. Lai holds a Certificate in Store Supervision from a technical institute.

**Mr. Tang Chik Loi**, aged 49, joined the Group in 2001 and currently is the Sales Director of the pipe trading subsidiary, Bun Kee (International) Limited. Mr. Tang has over 20 years of experience in piping business. He is responsible for the Group's business development and marketing, sourcing new customers, maintaining and strengthening relationship with customers.

古俊明先生,57歲,於一九九三年加入本集 團,現時為本集團管道貿易附屬公司彬記(國 際)有限公司之副董事總經理。古先生主要負 責本公司管道及管件業務的領導、監督及長 遠發展。彼在銷售及市場推廣業務積逾36年 的豐富經驗。

**黎居忠先生**,65歲,於一九七九年加入本集 團,現時為管道貿易附屬公司彬記(國際)有 限公司之倉務董事,負責本集團之倉儲及運 輸業務。彼在管理倉庫及運輸營運方面積逾 43年經驗,持有工業學院之倉庫管理證書。

**鄧植來先生**,49歲,於二零零一年加入本集 團,現時為管道貿易附屬公司彬記(國際)有 限公司之銷售董事。鄧先生在管道業務積逾 20年的豐富經驗。彼負責本集團的業務發展 及市場營銷、開拓新客戶、維持及加強與客 戶的關係。

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China Pipe Group Limited (the "Company") is committed to maintain a high standard of corporate governance. The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") and management maintain and enhance the policies and practices of the Company on a timely, transparent, effective and reasonable manner, so as to maintain good, solid and reasonable corporate governance. The Company believes that good corporate governance is not only in the interest of shareholders and investors but also in the interest of the Company. The Company will continue to raise the standard to formalize the best practice of corporate governance as far as we could.

**CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE** 

The Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") as stated in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") throughout the year ended 31 December 2022.

### **CORPORATE CULTURE**

The Group recognises that a healthy corporate culture is vital for the Group to achieve its vision and mission towards sustainable growth. Throughout the years, the Group is committed to developing a prudent corporate culture in managing financial resources. This is reflected in our healthy financial position and long history of operation. The Group believes that the culture of treating our employees and customers well and with respect and assuming our responsibilities is a triple-win situation for the employees, customers and the Group in the long term. To achieve this, the Group attaches great importance to conducting its business honestly and with integrity at all times. The Group has put in place a whistle-blowing policy and anti-corruption policy in order to develop a culture of openness, accountability and integrity. The Group will continue to foster its culture that is built on its vision, mission and values.

### MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rule (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry with the directors of the Company ("Directors"), all Directors confirmed that they have fully complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2022.



中國管業集團有限公司(「本公司」)致力達致 高水平之企業管治。本公司董事會(「董事 會」)及管理層會適時、具透明度、有效及合 理地維持及提升本公司的政策及實務,並確 保良好、穩固及合理的企業管治。本公司相 信良好的企業管治不單只有利於股東及投資 者,亦符合本公司的利益。本公司將繼續提 高標準,務求制定最佳之企業管治常規。

# 企業管治守則

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上 市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四《企業管治守 則》(「守則」)所載之守則條文規定。

# 企業文化

本集團明白健康的企業文化對本集團實現可 持續發展的願景和使命至關重要。多年來, 本集團致力在管理財務資源方面建立審慎的 企業文化。這反映在我們健康的財務狀況和 悠久的經營歷史上。本集團相信,善待我們 的員工和客戶以及尊重和承擔我們的責任的 文化對於員工、客戶和本集團,長遠來說是 一個三贏局面。為實現這一目標,本集團非 常重視貫徹始終的誠實和廉潔地經營業務。 本集團制定了舉報政策和反貪污政策,以推 行公開、問責和誠信的文化。本集團將繼續 促進以其願景、使命和價值觀為基礎的文 化。

# 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載有關上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準 守則」)。經向本公司董事(「董事」)作出特別 查詢後,所有董事已確認,彼等於截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年內均全面遵守標 準守則所載列之所規定的標準。

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises six Directors, including two executive Directors, Mr. Lai Fulin (the Chairman of the Board) and Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng (the Chief Executive Officer); and four independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson, Mr. Chen Wei Wen, Mr. Guan Zhiqiang and Mr. Wang Chaolong (appointed on 3 January 2023), one of whom namely, Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson has appropriate professional accounting experience and expertise. Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT" of this Annual Report.

Throughout the year, the Board has at least one-third in number of its members comprising independent non-executive Directors under Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules.

Each of the non-executive Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) has entered into a service contract with the Company and appointed for a term of one year. All Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all the independent non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers that they are independent.

To the best knowledge of the Company, except that Mr. Lai Fulin is the younger brother of Mr. Lai Guanglin, a substantial shareholder of the Company, there is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship) among members of the Board.

The principal functions of the Board are to supervise the management of the business and affairs; to approve the strategic plans, investment and funding decision; to review the Group's financial performance and operating initiatives. The Board, led by the Chairman, is responsible for formulating overall strategy and polices, monitoring and controlling the performance of the Group. In addition to its overall supervisory role, the Board also retains specific responsibilities such as approving financial accounts, approving annual budget, recommending dividend payments, approving policies relating to the Board's compliance, etc. whilst managing the Group's day- to-day operations is the responsibility of the management of the Group (the "Management") such as implementing internal control, business strategies and plans set by the Board, etc.. When the Board delegates certain aspects of its management and administration functions to the Management, it has given clear directions as to the powers of the Management.

# 董事會

### 組成人員

於本報告日期,董事會由六名董事組成,包 括兩名執行董事:賴福麟先生(董事會主席) 及俞安生先生(首席執行官);以及四名獨立 非執行董事:黃以信先生、陳偉文先生、管 志強先生及王朝龍(於二零二三年一月三日獲 委任),其中黃以信先生擁有適當的專業會計 經驗及專門知識。每位董事的個人履歷已詳 載於本年報之「董事及高級管理人員之履歷」 內。

於整年內,根據上市規則3.10A之規定董事 會成員最少三分之一由獨立非執行董事組 成。

每名非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均與 本公司訂立為期一年任期的服務合同。所有 董事須根據本公司之公司細則規定於本公司 股東週年大會上輪值退任及重選連任。

每名獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13 條的規定作出有關其獨立性的年度獨立確 認。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均遵守 上市規則第3.13條所列的獨立指引,因此本 公司認為彼等為獨立。

就本公司所知,除賴福麟先生乃本公司主要 股東Lai Guanglin先生之胞弟外,董事會各成 員間並無關係(包括財務、業務、家屬或其他 重要/相關的關係)。

董事會之主要功能為監督業務及事務管理; 批核策略性計劃、投資及撥付資金決定;以 及檢討集團財務表現及經營活動。董事會在 主席領導下,負責制訂整體策略及政策, 室及控制集團的表現。董事會除擔當起設 案及控制集團的表現。董事會除擔當起。 監督的角色外,同時會執行一些指定職務 或發脫息及審批有關董事會合規的政策。 而管理集團日常營運乃由本集團管理醫(「管 理產的業務策略及計劃等。當董事會將其著 的管理及行政功能方面的權力授予管理層 時,已同時就管理層的權力,給予清晰的指 引。

### Independence

The Company has put in place mechanism to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board and such mechanism will be reviewed annually by the Board. The Board has balance of skills, knowledge and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business and to complement the Company's corporate strategy. The Board membership is covered by professionally qualified and widely experienced personnel to bring in valuable contributions and different professional advices and consultancy for development of the Company. All Directors have separate and independent access to the advice and services of the senior management and the company secretary with a view to ensuring the board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. All Directors have independent access to external independent professional advice from legal advisers and auditor at the Company's expense. All Directors are encouraged to speak their views in an open and candid manner during the Board or Board committees' meetings. Any director (including independent non-executive director) who has material interest in any contract, transaction or arrangement shall abstain from voting on any Board resolution approving the same. No equity-based remuneration with performance-related elements will be granted to independent non-executive directors.

### CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

Each newly appointed Director has received comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on appointment so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Group and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities under the Listing Rules, legal and other regulatory requirements.

The Directors are regularly briefed on the amendments to or updates on the relevant laws, rules and regulations.

In addition, all Directors are provided with monthly updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.

### 獨立性

本公司已設立有關機制,以確保董事會可獲 取獨立意見和建議。董事會將每年檢討有 關機制。董事會具備於業務上適當的所需技 巧、知識及經驗以配合本公司的公司策略。 董事會成員涵蓋具備專業資格及廣泛經驗之 人士,為本公司之發展提供不同專業意見及 諮詢,並作出寶貴貢獻。所有董事均可自行 透過獨立途徑接觸高級管理人員及公司秘書 以取得建議及服務,藉以確保遵守董事會程 序,以及所有適用規則及規例。所有董事可 尋求法律顧問及核數師等外間獨立人士的專 業意見,費用由本公司承擔。鼓勵所有董事 在董事會或董事委員會會議上開誠佈公地發 表意見。在任何合同、交易或安排中擁有重 大利益的任何董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均 須就批准該等事項的任何董事會決議案放棄 投票。將不會向獨立非執行董事授予具有績 效相關要素之以股權為基礎之薪酬。

### 持續專業發展

各新任董事已於委任時接受全面、正式及為 彼而設之就職指引以確保董事對本集團業務 及營運有恰當了解,並完全明白彼於上市規 則、法律及相關監管規定項下之責任。

董事定期獲知會相關法例、規則及規例之修 訂或最新版本。

此外,董事亦獲提供本公司表現、狀況及前 景的每月更新資料,以便董事會整體及各董 事履行其職務。



# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Directors confirmed that they have complied with the code provision C.1.4 of the Code on Directors' training. During the year, all Directors have participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars and/or reading materials on the following topics to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and provided a record of training to the Company. 董事確認,彼等已遵守有關董事培訓之守則 條文第C.1.4條。於本年度,全體董事已參 與持續專業發展,方式為出席有關以下主題 之座談會及/或閱讀材料,以發展及更新彼 等之知識及技能,並已向本公司提供培訓記 錄。

#### Topics on training covered (Note) 董事姓名 Name of Directors 所涵蓋之培訓主題<sup>(附註)</sup> Mr. Lai Fulin 賴福麟先生 $C \cdot I \cdot R$ Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng 俞安生先生 $C \cdot L \cdot R$ Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson 黃以信先生 $C \cdot F \cdot L \cdot R$ Mr. Chen Wei Wen 陳偉文先生 $C \cdot L \cdot R$ 管志強先生 C \ L \ R Mr. Guan Zhigiang N/A 不適用 Mr. Wang Chaolong\* 王朝龍先生\* Notes: 附註: C:企業管治 C: Corporate Governance F : Finance and Accounting F:財務及會計 L: 上市規則的更新 L : Listing Rules Updates R:其他相關法規的更新 R: Other Relevant Regulatory Updates \* Appointed on 3 January 2023 \* 於二零二三年一月三日委任

# ROLES OF CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The position of the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company are held by separate individuals. The role of the Chairman is separated from that of the Chief Executive Officer. Such division of responsibilities helps to reinforce their independence and accountability.

Mr. Lai Fulin takes up the role of providing leadership for the Board and ensures that the Board works effectively and discharges its responsibility properly. With the support of executive Directors and the Company Secretary, the Chairman seeks to ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at board meetings and receive adequate and reliable information in a timely manner. The Chairman also ensures that good corporate governance practice is in force from time to time, and all key issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner.

Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is responsible for managing overall daily operations of the Group, the implementation of the Group's development strategies and plans and to perform other responsibilities as assigned by the Board.

# 主席和首席執行官的角色

董事會主席及本公司首席執行官的職位由不 同人士出任。主席的職責有別於首席執行 官。有關分工有助加強他們的獨立和問責 性。

賴福麟先生擔任董事會之領導角色,確保董 事會有效運作及適當履行其職責。在執行 董事及公司秘書協助下,主席將確保所有董 事均就董事會會議上提出的事項獲得適當説 明,並適時獲得充份可靠的資料。主席亦確 保不時切實執行優良之企業管治常規,以及 董事會及時商討所有重要事宜。

本公司首席執行官俞安生先生負責管理本集 團整體日常運作及執行本集團的發展策略及 計劃,以及執行由董事會委派的任務。

### **DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INSURANCE**

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of potential legal actions against its Directors and officers.

### **BOARD MEETING**

The Board meets regularly, and at least four times a year, additional meetings are convened when deemed necessary by the Board. Board members are provided with complete, adequate and timely information to allow the Directors to fulfill their duties properly. In addition, Directors have full access to information on the Group and independent professional advice whenever deemed necessary by the Directors. In addition, the Chairman and non-executive Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) meet at least once every year without the presence of executive Directors.

During the year, the Board met regularly and held nine meetings. Notices and board papers were given to all Directors prior to the board meetings in accordance with the Code. The Chairman and non-executive Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) met once without the presence of executive Directors.

### 董事及行政人員的保險

本公司已就其董事及行政人員可能會面對的 法律訴訟作出適當的投保安排。

### 董事會會議

董事會定期舉行會議,而每年最少舉行四次 會議,及於其認為有需要時召開額外會議。 董事會成員獲提供完整、充份及適時資料, 以便董事可妥善履行彼等之職責。此外,董 事可於其認為需要時取得集團資料及獨立的 專業意見。此外,主席每年與非執行董事(包 括獨立非執行董事)舉行至少一次沒有執行董 事出席的會議。

於年內,董事會定期會晤及舉行了九次會 議。於舉行董事會會議前,已根據守則之規 定向所有董事發出通知及會議文件。主席與 非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)舉行了一 次沒有執行董事出席的會議。

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### Meetings held in 2022

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Details of the Directors' attendance at Board meetings, Board committee meetings and general meetings (including an annual general meeting and two special general meetings) respectively held in 2022 are set out as below:

### 於二零二二年舉行的會議

各位董事於二零二二年分別於董事會會議、 董事會轄下委員會會議及股東大會(包括一次 股東週年大會及二次股東特別大會)的出席記 錄詳情如下:

	Attended/Eligible to attend					
			出席次數/合資格出席 Audit Nomination		5次數 Remuneration	
		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	General
		Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting	Meeting
			審核委員會	提名委員會	薪酬委員會	
		董事會會議	會議	會議	會議	股東大會
Number of Meetings Held	會議舉行次數	9	3	2	2	3
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Lai Fulin	賴福麟先生	9/9	_	2/2	2/2	3/3
Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng	俞安生先生	9/9	-	-	-	3/3
Independent Non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
Directors						
Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson	黄以信先生	8/9	3/3	-	-	2/3
Mr. Chen Wei Wen	陳偉文先生	9/9	3/3	2/2	2/2	3/3
Mr. Guan Zhiqiang	管志強先生	9/9	3/3	2/2	2/2	3/3
Mr. Wang Chaolong	王朝龍先生	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
(Appointed on 3 January 2023)	(於二零二三年 一月三日獲委任)	不適用	不適用	不適用	不適用	不適用

### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

A number of Board committee, including audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee, have been established by the Board to strengthen its functions and to enhance its expertise. All committees have been formed with specific written terms of reference which deals clearly with the respective committees' authorities and duties.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

As at the date of this report, the Remuneration Committee comprises four members including one executive Director, namely Mr. Lai Fulin and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Chen Wei Wen, Mr. Guan Zhiqiang and Mr. Wang Chaolong (appointed on 3 January 2023). It is chaired by Mr. Guan Zhiqiang.

The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- (a) To make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (b) To review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- (c) To make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments (including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment); and
- (d) To make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive directors.

The remuneration package of executive Directors is determined by reference to their duties and responsibilities, experience and the prevailing market conditions. The remuneration package of individual executive Directors includes salary, discretionary bonus and share-based payment. Details of the Directors' fee and other emoluments of the Directors of the Company are set out in Note 32 to the financial statements.

### 董事會轄下委員會

董事會已成立多個董事會轄下委員會,包括 審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,以 加強其職能及提高其專門技能。所有委員會 之組成均訂有具體之書面職權範圍書,清楚 説明各委員會的職權及職責。

#### 薪酬委員會

於本報告日期,薪酬委員會由四位成員組 成,包括一位執行董事,即賴福麟先生及三 位獨立非執行董事,即陳偉文先生、管志強 先生及王朝龍先生(於二零二三年一月三日獲 委任)。主席由管志強先生擔任。

薪酬委員會的主要角色及職能如下:

- (a) 就本公司董事及高級管理人員的全體薪 酬政策及架構,及就設立正規而具透明 度的制訂薪酬政策程序,向董事會提出 建議;
- (b) 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢討 及批准管理層的薪酬建議;
- (c) 向董事會建議個別執行董事及高級管理 人員的薪酬待遇,包括非金錢利益、退 休金權利及賠償金額(包括喪失或終止 職務或委任的賠償);及
- (d) 就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會提出建 議。

執行董事的薪酬待遇乃根據其職務及職責、 經驗以及當前市況而釐定。執行董事的薪酬 待遇包括薪金、酌情花紅及以股份為基礎的 付款。本公司各董事的袍金及其他酬金的詳 情載於財務報表附註32。

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The Remuneration Committee has adopted the model that it will review the proposals made by the management on the remuneration of executive Directors and senior management, and make recommendations to the Board. The Board will have final authority to approve the recommendations made by the Remuneration Committee.

The Remuneration Committee held two meetings during 2022, the following major matters were reviewed and discussed in the meetings and recommended to the Board for approval:

- To review the remuneration policy and remuneration packages of Directors and senior management of the Company;
- To consider the bonus arrangement of the Directors and senior management of the Company; and
- To review the new service contracts entered into between the Company and non-executive Directors.

Pursuant to the code provision E.1.5 of the Code, the details remuneration of the senior management of the Company by band for the year ended 31 December 2022 was set out in Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements of this Annual Report.

#### **Nomination Committee**

As at the date of this report, the Nomination Committee comprises four members including an executive Director, Mr. Lai Fulin, and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Chen Wei Wen, Mr. Guan Zhiqiang and Mr. Wang Chaolong (appointed on 3 January 2023). It is chaired by Mr. Lai Fulin, the Chairman of the Board.

薪酬委員會已採納由其檢討管理層所提出有 關執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬建議後, 向董事作提出建議的模式。董事會擁有最終 權力以批准經薪酬委員會提出的薪酬建議。

薪酬委員會於二零二二年內召開了二次會 議,審議及討論以下主要事項,並向董事會 提出建議:

- 檢討本公司薪酬政策和董事及高級管理 人員之薪酬待遇;
- 考慮本公司董事及高級管理人員分紅安 排;及
- 審議本公司與非執行董事訂立新的服務 合同。

根據守則條文第E.1.5條,本公司高級管理人 員於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 的酬金按範圍分析的詳情載於本年報之綜合 財務報表附註8。

### 提名委員會

於本報告日期,提名委員會由四位成員組 成,包括一位執行董事賴福麟先生及三位獨 立非執行董事陳偉文先生、管志強先生及王 朝龍先生(於二零二三年一月三日獲委任)。 提名委員會主席由董事會主席賴福麟先生擔 任。

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#### **Board Diversity Policy**

In August 2013, the Company adopted the Board Diversity Policy. Such policy sets out the approach to achieve diversity on Board. With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board. The Nomination Committee reviewed the Board's composition under diversified perspectives, and monitored the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy annually.

Having reviewed the Board composition, the Board recognises the importance and benefits of gender diversity at the Board level and shall continue to take initiatives to identify female candidate(s) to enhance the gender diversity among the Board members. We will appoint at least one female representation in our Board before 31 December 2024. As of the date of this report, 100% of Directors and 66% of our total workforce were male. We will continue with our endeavor to increase female representation in our Board.

#### Nomination Policy

In December 2018, the Company adopted the Nomination Policy. According to the policy, the Nomination Committee ("NC") will consider candidates recommended by shareholders in the same manner as candidates recommended to the NC from other sources. In its evaluation of director candidates, including the members of the Board eligible for re-election, the NC will consider (1) The current size and composition of the Board and the needs of the Board and the respective committees of the Board; (2) Diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service; and (3) Other factors that the NC may consider appropriate.

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

經審閱董事會的組成,董事會意識到在董事 會層面性別多元化的重要性及益處,並應繼 續採取措施物色女性候選人以加強董事會成 員的性別多元化。我們將於二零二四年十二 月三十一日前在董事會委任最少一名女性代 表。於本報告日期,所有董事及66%的員工 為男性。我們將繼續致力於董事會內增加女 性代表。

#### 提名政策

於二零一八年十二月,本公司已採納《提名 政策》。根據該政策,提名委員會將以與從 其他來源向提名委員會推薦的候選人相同的 方式考慮股東推薦的候選人。在評估董事候 選人(包括符合重選連任的董事會成員)時, 提名委員會將考慮(1)董事會目前的規模和 組成以及董事會和董事會各委員會的需求; (2)董事會各方面的多元化,包括但不限於性 別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技 能、知識和服務任期等方面;及(3)提名委員 會認為其他適當的因素。



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The major roles and functions of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

- (a) To review the structure, size and composition (board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- (b) To identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of, individuals nominated for directorships. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board;
- (c) To review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate, and disclose the Board Diversity Policy or its summary in the corporate governance report of the Company including the measurable objectives set for implementing the Board Diversity Policy and progress made towards achieving these measurable objectives;
- (d) To review the policy for the nomination of Directors ("Nomination Policy") as appropriate. The Nomination Policy shall set out, inter alia, the nomination procedures and process and criteria to select and recommend candidates for directorship;
- (e) To assess the independence of independent non-executive directors; and
- (f) To make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors in particular the chairman and the chief executive.

提名委員會的主要角色及職能如下:

- (a) 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成(會從多個方面考慮董事會成員多元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務任期),並就任何為配合本公司的公司策略而擬對董事會作出的變動提出建議;
- (b) 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事的人士, 並挑選提名有關人士出任董事或就此向 董事會提供意見。董事會所有委任均以 用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時以客 觀條件充分顧及董事會成員多元化的裨 益;
- (c) 在適當時候檢討董事會成員多元化政策,並每年於本公司的企業管治報告內披露董事會成員多元化政策或政策摘要、包括為執行董事會成員多元化政策而定的可計量目標及達標的進度;
- (d) 在適當情況下檢討有關提名董事之政策 (「提名政策」)。提名政策應列出,其中 包括,提名程序與過程以及篩選和推薦 董事候選人的準則;
- (e) 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- (f) 就董事委任或重新委任以及董事(尤其 是主席及行政總裁)繼任計劃向董事會 提出建議。

The Nomination Committee held two meetings during 2022, the following major issues were reviewed and discussed in the meeting:

- To review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board;
- To review the Board Diversity Policy;
- To make recommendation to the Board for approval the revised terms of reference of the Nomination Committee;
- To make recommendation to the Board on the appointment of director; and
- To evaluate and make recommendation as to the qualification and experience of the directors who were subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the 2022 annual general meeting.

### **Audit Committee**

As at the date of this report, Audit Committee consists of four independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson, Mr. Chen Wei Wen, Mr. Guan Zhiqiang and Mr. Wang Chaolong (appointed on 3 January 2023). It is chaired by Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson who has the appropriate professional qualifications, accounting and financial management expertise.

The major roles and functions of the Audit Committee are as follows:

- (a) To make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- (b) To monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements and to review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them;
- (c) To review the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems; and
- (d) To discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have effective systems.

提名委員會於二零二二年內召開了二次會 議,審議及討論以下主要事項:

- 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括 技能、知識及經驗方面);
- 檢討董事會多元化政策;
- 向董事會建議審批經修訂的提名委員會
  職權範圍書;
- 就董事的委任,向董事會提供建議;及
- 對於二零二二年股東週年大會上輪值告 退並重選連任的董事的資格和經驗作出 評估及建議。

### 審核委員會

於本報告日期,審核委員會由四位獨立非執 行董事,即黃以信先生、陳偉文先生、管志 強先生及王朝龍先生(於二零二三年一月三日 獲委任)所組成。黃以信先生擔任審核委員會 主席,彼具備合適的專業資格、會計或財務 管理相關的專業知識。

審核委員會的主要角色及職能如下:

- (a) 主要負責就外聘核數師的委任、重新委 任及罷免向董事會提供建議、批准外聘 核數師的薪酬及聘用條款,及處理任何 有關該核數師辭職或辭退該核數師的問 題;
- (b) 監察本公司的財務報表並審閱報表及報 告所載有關財務申報的重大意見;
- (c) 檢討本公司的財務監控、風險管理及內 部監控系統;及
- (d) 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統,確保管理層已履行其職責建立有效的系統。

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The Audit Committee held three meetings during 2022 and the following major matters were reviewed and discussed in the meetings:

- To review the annual results of 2021 and the interim results of 2022 and making recommendation to the Board for approval;
- To make recommendation on the reappointment of the auditor;
- To review the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function and their training programme and related budget;
- To review the risk management, internal control systems and annual internal audit plans;
- To review connected transactions entered into by the Group or subsisting during the year;
- To approve the auditor's remuneration for audit of 2022 financial statements; and
- To discuss the audit service plan of 2022.

### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board adopted the written terms of reference on corporate governance functions in March 2012 so as to assist the Board performing corporate governance functions. The terms of reference of the Board in respect of corporate governance functions are summarized as follows:

- (a) To develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (b) To review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (c) To review and monitor the Company's policies and practices to ensure compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;

審核委員會於二零二二年內召開了三次會 議,審議及討論以下主要事項:

- 審閱二零二一年年度全年業績及二零 二二年度中期業績,並建議董事會審 批;
- 建議續聘核數師;
- 對本集團在會計及財務匯報職能方面的 資源、員工資歷及經驗及員工所接受的 培訓課程及有關預算是否充足進行檢 討;
- 檢討風險管理、內部監控系統及年度內 部審核計劃;
- 審閱於本年度由本集團訂立或存續之關 連交易;
- 審批二零二二年年度財務報告審核的核 數師酬金;及
- 討論二零二二年年度審計服務計劃。

### 企業管治職能

董事會於二零一二年三月已採納企業管治職 能並以書面訂立其職權範圍以協助董事會履 行本集團之企業管治職能。董事會於企業管 治職能的職責如下:

- (a) 制定及檢討本公司企業管治政策及常 規;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規 定方面的政策及常規;

- (d) To develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (e) To review the Company's compliance with the code provisions set out in the Code contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules and its disclosure requirements in Corporate Governance Report.

During the year, the Board has reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuing professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code, and the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

This corporate governance report has been reviewed by the Board in discharge of its corporate governance functions.

# AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The fees charged by the auditor generally depends on the scope and volume of the auditor's work. For the year ended 31 December 2022, the remuneration to the auditor of the Company in respect of audit services was HK\$1,310,000 and fees related to taxation services and other non-audit services amount to HK\$102,000 and HK\$90,000 respectively.

### DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, inside information announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements. The senior management provides such explanation and information to the Board so as to enable the Board to make an informed assessment of the financial information and position of the Company.

The Directors acknowledge the responsibilities for preparing the accounts of the Company. The responsibilities of the auditor of the Company with respect to the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 109 to 117.

- (d) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守準 則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守上市規則附錄十四守則 所載之守則條文及於《企業管治報告》所 須披露的要求。

於本年度,董事會已檢討本公司之企業管治 政策及常規,以及董事和高級管理人員之培 訓和持續專業發展、本公司在遵守法律及監 管規定之政策及常規、遵守《標準守則》,以 及本公司遵守《企業管治守則》及《企業管治 報告》之披露情況。

為履行企業管治職責,董事會已審閱本企業 管治報告。

# 核數師薪酬

核數師收取的費用一般視乎範圍及其工作量 而定。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,就本公司核數師所提供的審核服務費用 為1,310,000港元,以及税務和其他非審核服 務費用分別為102,000港元及90,000港元。

### 董事及核數師之財務申報責任

董事會負責提呈一份平衡、清晰易明之年報 及中期報告、內幕消息公告以及按上市規則 及其他監管規定要求之其他披露。高級管理 人員負責向董事會提供解釋及資料,讓董事 會能夠對本公司之財務資料及狀況進行有根 據之評審。

董事知悉其有編製本公司賬目的責任。本公 司核數師就有關本集團財務報表之責任列載 於第109至117頁的獨立核數師報告。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

### **GOING CONCERN**

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, consider that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and that, for this reason, it is appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board is responsible for maintaining an adequate system of risk management and internal controls within the Group and for reviewing their effectiveness. The systems of risk management and internal control are designed to facilitate effective and efficient operations, to safeguard assets and to ensure the quality of internal and external reporting and compliance control and risk management functions. It is also designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that material misstatement or loss can be avoided, and to manage and minimize risks of failure in operation systems.

The Group has set up a risk management system to provide directions in identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks and is reviewed at least on an annual basis. The senior management of the Group identifies risks that would adversely affect the achievement of the Group's objectives, and assesses and prioritizes the identified risks according to a set of standard criteria.

The Board has engaged an independent professional advisor to perform ongoing monitoring of the risk management and internal control review to assess the effectiveness of the financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions of the Company and the Group's major subsidiaries on a rotation basis.

Risk management report and internal control report are submitted to the Audit Committee at least once a year. The Board, through the Audit Committee, had performed annual review on the effectiveness of the Group's risk management system and internal control system, including the scope on risk management and internal control systems, result of internal audit work and status of compliance control.

### 持續經營

董事在作出適當查詢後,認為本公司擁有充 分資源以在可預見將來繼續經營,故編製財 務報表時採用持續經營之基準是為適當。

### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責為本集團維持一個充份有效之風 險管理及內部監控系統,以及審查其效率。 風險管理及內部監控系統乃為推動營運之效 能及效率、保護資產、確保內部及外部報告 之質素,以及監控法規和風險管理功能而 設。內部監控系統旨在合理(而非絕對)保證 能夠避免出現嚴重誤報或損失的情況,並管 理及減低運作系統上的風險。

本集團已制定風險管理系統,提供識別、評 估和管理重大風險的指引,並至少每年檢 討一次。本集團的高級管理層會識別對本集 團達成目標造成不利影響的風險,並根據一 套標準準則評估及排列所識別風險的優先次 序。

董事會已委聘獨立專業顧問對本公司及本集 團之主要附屬公司風險管理進行持續監督及 輪流進行內部監控評核,就財務、運作、合 規及風險管理等方面之內部監控有效性進行 評估。

風險管理報告和內部監控報告均至少每年一 次提交予審核委員會。董事會已透過審核委 員會就本集團的風險管理系統及內部監控系 統是否有效進行年度檢討,包括風險管理及 內部監控工作範疇、內部審計工作結果,以 及合規情況。

At the meeting of the Audit Committee held on 23 March 2023, the independent professional advisor reported their review work for the year ended 31 December 2022 performed in accordance with the detailed risk-based internal control review plan which was approved by the Audit Committee and the risk management report was also circulated to the Audit Committee for review. The Board, through the Audit Committee, has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management system and internal control system for the year ended 31 December 2022. The Audit Committee members, together with the senior management, have also reviewed, considered and discussed the risk management system, all findings relating to the internal control system and recommendations for improvement. The Board considers the risk management system and internal control system of the Group were effective and adequate during the year.

The Audit Committee also reviewed and was satisfied with the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function.

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary of the Company is Mr. Cheng Siu Kwan, who is also the Financial Controller of the Company. Mr. Cheng is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He fulfills the requirement under Rules 3.28 and 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

The Company Secretary is responsible for providing secretarial services to the Board and ensuring the operation of the Company is properly complied with Hong Kong listed companies' regulatory requirements as well as enhancing its corporate governance standards. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary with a view to ensuring that board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Company Secretary is also the secretary of each of Board committees. Minutes of Board meetings and meetings of all Board committees are kept by the Company Secretary and are available for inspection by the Directors at all times. 就審核委員會於二零二三年三月二十三日舉 行之審核委員會會議,該獨立專業顧問根據 一份以風險為基礎所編製的詳盡內部監控評 核計劃(經審核委員會批准),進行截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度的評核工作, 並向審核委員會審視,風險管理報告亦已 人子廠,重事會已透出一年 行之。審核委員會審閱。董事會已透過一 年度的集團風險管理系統及內部監控系統之調查結果及改善之建議。 董事會認為本集團的風險管理系統及內部監 控系統於本年度是有效且適當。

審核委員會亦檢討了集團處理會計及財務匯 報功能的資源、員工資歷和經驗,以及有關 員工的培訓及預算開支,並滿意上述各項安 排。

### 公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書為鄭少群先生,彼亦為本 公司之財務總監。鄭先生乃英國特許公認會 計師公會資深會員及香港會計師公會會員。 彼符合上市規則第3.28及3.29條所列之要 求。

公司秘書負責為公司董事會提供秘書服務, 保障公司運作符合香港上市公司的相關規 範,提升公司管治水平。所有董事均可獲得 公司秘書的意見和服務,確保董事會程序及 所有適用規則及規例均獲得遵守。公司秘書 同時兼任董事會轄下各委員會的秘書。董事 會及董事會轄下各委員會的會議記錄由公司 秘書備存,並隨時供董事查閱。



# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

### Right to convene special general meeting

Pursuant to Section 74(1) of the Bermuda Companies Act and the bye-law 62 of the Bye-laws of the Company, the shareholder(s) of the Company holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may request the Board to convene a special general meeting. The requisition must state the purposes of the meeting, and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company and its head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong for the attention of Company Secretary and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists. If the Directors do not within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene a meeting, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

### Right to put enquiries to the Board

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's share registrar. Other shareholders' enquiries can be directed to the head office and principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong as set out in the "Corporate Information" section of this Annual Report for the attention of Company Secretary.

#### Right to put forward proposals at general meetings

Pursuant to Sections 79(1) and 79(2) of the Bermuda Companies Act, on the requisition in writing of either (i) any number of members of the Company representing not less than onetwentieth of the total voting rights of all the members having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates; or (ii) not less than one hundred members, the Company shall, at the expense of the requisitionists unless the Company otherwise resolves:

 (a) to give to members of the Company entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting;

### 股東權利

### 召開股東特別大會之權利

根據百慕逹公司法第74(1)及本公司之公司細 則第62條,倘本公司股東於遞交請求當日持 有於遞交請求當日有權於本公司股東大會投 票之本公司繳足股本不少於十分一,則可召 開股東特別大會。呈請人遞交之書面請求郵 列明大會目的,並由呈請人正式簽署 內明大會目的,並由呈請人正式簽署之本公司的註冊辦事處及其位於香本公司的註冊辦事處及其位於香港的 總辦書,並可一式多份,且每份由一名或 日 調秘書,並可一式多份,且每份由一名或 日 期起計二十一日內,董事未有正式召開有 關大會,惟任何據此召開之大會均不得於上 述日期起計三個月期間屆滿後舉行。

### 向董事會作出查詢之權利

股東如對名下持股有任何問題,應向本公司 的之股份過戶登記處提出。股東其他查詢可 發送至本年報「公司資料」一節所載本公司香 港之總辦事處及主要營業地點,並註明收件 人為公司秘書。

#### 於股東大會提出議案之權利

根據百慕逵公司法第79(1)及79(2)條,在(i)於 遞交要求當日持有不少於全體股東(其賦有於 要求所涉股東大會上投票之權利)總投票權 二十分之一之任何數目本公司股東;或(ii)不 少於一百名股東以書面方式提出要求下,本 公司將會(除非本公司另行議決,有關費用將 由遞交要求人士承擔):

(a) 向有權接收下一屆股東週年大會通告之 本公司股東發出通知,以告知任何可能 於該大會上正式動議並擬於會上動議之 決議案;

(b) to circulate to shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

A copy or copies of requisition signed by all requisitionists shall be deposited, with a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in giving notice of the proposed resolution or circulating any necessary statement, at the registered office of the Company and its head office and principal place of business in Hong Kong in the case of:

- (i) a requisition requiring notice of a resolution, not less than six weeks before the meeting; and
- (ii) any other requisition, not less than one week before the meeting.

The Company will verify the requisition and upon confirming that the requisition is proper and in order, the Board will proceed with the necessary procedures.

## **COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Board is obliged to provide regular, effective and fair communication with the shareholders and the investors of the Company. Latest information is conveyed to the Shareholders and the investors of the Company on a timely basis. A Shareholder Communication Policy (the "Policy") was adopted by the Company in March 2012. The Policy aims to set out the provisions with the objective of ensuring that the latest information of the Company is conveyed to the Shareholders and investors on a timely basis. The Company uses a range of communication tools to ensure the Shareholders and the investors are kept well informed of key business imperatives.

# **Disclosure of Information**

Information shall be communicated to Shareholders and the investors mainly through the Company's financial reports (interim report and annual report), annual general meetings and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as by making available all the disclosures submitted to The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") and its corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's website and the Company's website.

(b) 向有權接收任何股東大會通告之股東傳 閱不超過一千字之陳述書,以告知該大 會上提呈之決議案所述事宜或將處理之 事項。

於下列情況,向本公司的註冊辦事處及其位 於香港的總辦事處及主要營業地點呈遞由所 有請求人簽署之請求書副本或多份副本,並 應繳交足以滿足本公司發布有關建議決議案 之通告或傳送任何必要聲明所需費用之合理 款項:

- (i) 倘屬要求發出議案通告的請求書,則須 於有關會議舉行前不少於六個星期;及
- (ii) 倘屬任何其他請求書,則須於有關會議舉行前不少於一個星期。

本公司將核證有關請求書,一旦確認請求適 合及妥當,董事會將着手進行必要程序。

## 與股東之溝通

董事會有義務定期與本公司股東及投資者進 行公平而有效之溝通,並及時向本公司股 東及投資者傳達最新資料。本公司於二零 一二年三月已採納一份股東溝通政策(「該政 策」)。該政策所載條文旨在確保本公司可及 時向股東及投資者傳達本公司的最新資料。 本公司會使用各種溝通工具,以確保其股東 及投資者充分瞭解關鍵業務需要。

### 信息披露

本公司向股東及投資者傳達資訊的主要渠道 為:本公司的財務報告(中期報告及年度報 告),股東週年大會及其他可能召開的股東大 會;並將所有呈交予香港聯合交易所有限公 司(「香港聯交所」)的披露資料,以及公司通 訊及其他公司刊物登載在香港聯交所網站及 本公司網站。
## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **General Meeting**

Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings. Shareholders' views on matters that affect the Company are welcome by the Board at shareholders' meetings. Shareholders of the Company are notified of shareholders' meetings through notices and reports or circulars sent to them. Each item of special business in the notice of the meeting is accompanied, where appropriate, by an explanation for the proposed resolution. A separate resolution is proposed by the chairman of the meetings in respect of each separate issue, including the re-election of Directors.

The Chairman of the Board and Chairmen of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee or failing him/her, his/her duly appointed delegate, are available at the annual general meeting to answer questions with regard to the work of these committees.

#### Voting by Poll

Save as provided under the Listing Rules, resolutions put to vote at the general meetings of the Company (other than procedural matters) are taken by poll. Procedures regarding the conduct of the poll are explained to the shareholders at the commencement of each general meeting, and questions from shareholders regarding the voting procedures are answered. The poll results are posted on the respective websites of the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on the same day of the poll.

#### WHISTLE BLOWING POLICY

The Group is committed to achieving and maintaining the highest standards of openness, probity and accountability. The Board of the Company adopted the Whistle Blowing Policy in accordance with the requirements of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on 26 May 2022. It provides formal channels and guidance to facilitate the raising matters of concern by employees of the Group and those deal with the Group, in confidence, without fear of reprisals. Details of the Whistle Blowing Policy of the Company are disclosed on the Company's corporate website (www.chinapipegroup.com). The policy is subject to review by the Audit Committee periodically to improve its effectiveness and employee confidence in the process and to encourage a "speak up" culture.

#### 股東大會

本公司鼓勵股東參與股東大會,如未克出 席,可委派代表代其出席並於會上投票。董 事會歡迎股東在股東大會上就影響本公司之 事項,提出其觀點及意見。本公司股東通過 寄發予彼等之通告及報告或通函獲知會召開 股東大會之消息。必要時,大會通告中載列 之每一項特別事項,均為提呈通過之決議案 附有解釋説明。會議主席應就每項獨立的事 宜個別提出決議案(包括重選董事)。

董事會主席及審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提 名委員會之主席或其適當委任的代表出席股 東週年大會,以便回答股東對委員會工作之 提問。

#### 以投票方式進行表決

除上市規則另有規定外,任何在本公司股東 大會上提呈的決議案(就程序方面的決議案除 外)均以投票方式進行表決。每次股東大會開 始時均向股東解釋表決過程,並解答股東就 投票程序的提問。投票結果於投票當日分別 刊載於本公司及香港聯交所之網站上。

#### 舉報政策

本集團致力達到並維持最高水平的透明、廉 潔及問責制度。本公司董事會於二零二二年 五月二十六日根據香港聯交所之規定採納了 舉報政策。該政策提供正式的渠道和指引, 以促進本集團員工和與本集團往來之人士, 於保密的情況下提出關切事項,而不必擔心 遭到報復。有關本公司之舉報政策詳情已於 本公司網站(www.chinapipegroup.com)內披 露。審核委員會定期審查本政策,以提高其 有效性和員工對流程的信心,並鼓勵「暢所欲 言」的文化。

#### **ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICY**

The Group is committed to upholding integrity, honesty, fairness, impartiality and ethical business practices as our Group's core values and has zero tolerance for corruption and related malpractice. The Board adopted the Anti-Corruption Policy in accordance with the requirements of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on 26 May 2022. It provides a reporting mechanism of suspected corruption practices. Details of the Anti-Corruption Policy of the Company are disclosed on the Company's corporate website (www.chinapipegroup.com). The policy is subject to review by the Board of the Company periodically to ensure that it is operating effectively and whether any changes to the policy are required.

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company maintains a website (www.chinapipegroup.com) where information and updates on the list of directors and their roles and functions, constitutional documents, terms of reference of the Board committees, procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director, announcements, circulars and reports, etc. released to the HKExnews' website (www.hkexnews.hk) and other information are posted. Information on the Company's website will be updated from time to time. A dedicated email address (ir@chinapipegroup.com) for investor enquiry is set out in the "IR Contact" section on the Company's website.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

On 14 November 2022 Special General Meeting, a special resolution was passed to adopt the new memorandum of association and bye-laws of the Company. The consolidated version of new memorandum of association and bye-laws is available on the websites of the Company and the HKExnews' website.

#### 反貪污政策

本集團致力於堅守正直、誠實、公平、公正 及符合道德的營商方式,作為本集團的核 心價值及對貪污和任何舞弊行為零容忍。本 公司董事會於二零二二年五月二十六日根據 香港聯交所之規定採納了反貪污政策。該政 策提供了一個舉報涉嫌貪污行為的機制。 本公司之反貪污政策詳情已於本公司網站 (www.chinapipegroup.com)內披露。本政策 由本公司董事會定期審閱以確保其有效運作 及是否需對本政策作出任何變動。

#### 投資者關係

本公司設有網站(www.chinapipegroup.com), 登載本公司之最新資訊和於香港聯交所披露 易網站(www.hkexnews.hk)刊發之董事名單 與其角色及職能、憲章文件、董事會轄下 委員會職權範圍書、股東提名候選董事的程 序、公告、通函及報告等,以及其他信息。 本公司網站上之資訊將不時更新。為投資者 專設之電子郵箱(ir@chinapipegroup.com)載 於本公司網站之「投資者信箱」欄目。

#### 憲章文件

於二零二二年十一月十四日股東特別大會, 通過特別決議案,採納本公司新組織章程大 綱及細則。本公司新組織章程大綱及細則綜 合版本已載於本公司網站及香港聯交所披露 易網站。

## Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告 About China Pipe 關於中國管業

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China Pipe Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred as "China Pipe" or "Group" or "we" or "us") commenced its business in 1949 as a retail shop of pipes. The Group has now developed into a large-scale enterprise. On 21 December 2000, the Group became a listed company on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. With a deeply rooted foundation in Hong Kong for 73 years, we have been the mainstay of the industry. The main business of the Group is import and sale of various pipes, fittings and other related accessories products covering various kinds of material, uses and brands, by Bun Kee (International) Limited ("Bun Kee") in Hong Kong ("HKSAR") and Macau. The Group's products are sold via wholesale or retail, and provides high-quality storage and transportation services to major local contractors and owners.

Over the years, the Group has supplied high-quality pipes to various landmark projects in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China. In addition to continuously improving the comprehensive strength of the Group, we also maintain the original stable development in the pipe industry, and are committed to introducing high-quality products, technologies and resources from all over the world into the China, Hong Kong and Macau markets to support business development and promote regional economic growth. 中國管業集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬 公司(統稱「中國管業」、「本集團」或「我們」) 於一九四九年以管材零售店開始其業務。本 集團現已發展成為一間具規模企業,並於二 零零零年十二月二十一日成為香港聯合交易 所有限公司的主板上市公司。我們紮根香港 七十三年,為業界的中流砥柱。本集團的主 要業務為進口不同材料、用途及品牌的各種 管道、管件及其他相關配件並由彬記(國際) 有限公司(「彬記」))於香港及澳門銷售。本集 團的產品以批發或零售方式銷售,並為本地 主要承建商及業主提供優質的儲運服務。

多年來,本集團已向香港、澳門及中國內地 的多個地標項目供應優質管材。在不斷提高 本集團綜合性實力外,我們亦同時保持原有 管材產業之穩健發展,更致力於將世界各地 優質產品、科技與資源引入中港澳市場,以 配合業務發展,從而促進地區經濟增長。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告 About this Report 關於本報告

This is an environmental, social and governance report (referred to as the "Report") issued by China Pipe. This Report outlines our environmental, social and governance (referred to as "ESG") strategies, work and performance, allowing stakeholders to have a better understanding of the progress and development of sustainable development issues of the Group. This Report is prepared in both Chinese and English. You may access the Report by clicking Financial Reports under Investors Relations section on the Company's website (www.chinapipegroup.com) or relevant documents by browsing through the HKEXnews' website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

#### **Reporting Period and Scope**

The board of directors is responsible for determining the scope of the Report. The Report covers the period from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 (the "Year" or "Reporting Period" or "2022") regarding the ESG performance of the core business of the Group, namely the trading of construction materials, mainly pipes and fittings, based on the principle of materiality. The scope of this Report, which is different from the 2021's, includes:

- One office, one warehouse and two retail shops in Hong Kong;
- One retail shop in Macau; and
- One office in Shenzhen.

In the Reporting Scope of the 2021 report included one office, one warehouse and three retail shops in Hong Kong, which one of the retail shops in Tsuen Wan ceased operations in November 2021. The office in Tsim Sha Tsui was also relocated to Mong Kok in June 2022, while the retail shop in Mong Kok was also relocated from No. 687 Shanghai Street to No. 716 Shanghai Street, Hong Kong in April 2022.

#### **Reporting Standards**

This Report is prepared based on the ESG Reporting Guide (the "Guide") under Appendix 27 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("HKEX"), with all the covered contents having been complied with the mandatory disclosure requirements and the comply or explain provisions in the Guide and adhered to the four reporting principles of materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency. Readers could refer to the last section of the Report: Appendix II: ESG Reporting Guide Content Index of HKEX for quick reference.

本報告為中國管業發布的環境、社會及管治 報告(以下簡稱「本報告」)。本報告概述我們 對環境、社會及管治(以下簡稱「ESG」)的策 略、工作和績效,讓各持份者更了解本集團 於可持續發展議題的進程和發展方向。本報 告以中、英文編寫, 閣下可點擊本公司網 站(www.chinapipegroup.com)「投資者關係」 欄下「財務報告書」閲覽或在香港聯合交易所 有限公司披露易網站瀏覽有關文件。

#### 報告期和報告範圍

董事會負責決定本報告的報告範圍。本報告 涵蓋本集團於二零二二年一月一日至二零 二二年十二月三十一日(下稱「本年度」、「報 告期」或「二零二二年」)在核心業務的ESG方 面的工作表現,即建築材料貿易,主要是管 道和管件,基於重要性原則。本報告的報告 範圍與二零二一年度有別,包括:

- 位於澳門的一個零售門市;以及
- 位於深圳的一個辦公室。

二零二一年報告的報告範圍包括香港一個辦 公室、一個貨倉及三個零售門市,其中一 個位於荃灣的零售門市已於二零二一年十一 月停止營業。尖沙咀的辦公室亦於二零二二 年六月搬遷至旺角。旺角零售門市亦於二零 二二年四月由上海街687號搬遷至上海街716 號。

#### 編製依據

本報告按照香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)證券上市規則附錄二十七《環境、社會 及管治報告指引》(下稱「《指引》」)編寫,涵 蓋的所有內容均履行《指引》中的強制披露 規定及不遵守就解釋條文,遵循重要性、量 化、平衡及一致性的四個匯報原則。讀者可 參考本報告的最後一個章節-「附錄二:聯交 所《環境、社會及管治報告指引》索引」快速 查閱。

## Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告 About this Report

關於本報告

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Reporting Principles 匯報原則	Interpretation 釋義	China Pipe's Response 中國管業回應
Materiality 重要性	The materiality of ESG issues of the Group is determined by the Board of Directors. The process and criteria of stakeholder communication and material issue identification are disclosed in this Report. 本集團ESG事宜的重要性由董事會釐定, 持份者溝通及重要性議題識別的過程和準 則均在本報告中披露。	The Group understands the expectations of stakeholders through questionnaires, so as to identify and report on the Group's major sustainable development issues, and make relevant disclosure. 本集團透過問卷調查了解持份者期望,從 而識別及匯報本集團之重大可持續發展議 題,並作相關匯報。
Quantitative 量化	Key performance indicators must be measurable and comparable where appropriate. 關鍵績效數據指標須可予計量,並在適當 情況下進行比較。	The data of the Group's key performance indicators are from the statistics of the relevant departments. In this Report, we disclose the statistical standards, methods, sources of conversion factors, etc., for the quantitative key performance indicators. 本集團的關鍵績效指標數據來源於相關部 門的統計。我們在本報告披露定量關鍵績 效指標的統計標準、方法,以及轉換因素 的來源等。
Balance 平衡	This Report presents the Group's performance during the Reporting Period in an impartial manner, and avoid choices, omissions or presentation formats that may inappropriately influence the decisions or judgments of readers of the Report. 本報告不偏不倚地呈報本集團於報告期內的 表現,避免可能因選擇、遺漏或呈報格式而 不恰當地影響報告讀者決策或判斷。	The Group adopts the principles of objectivity and fairness to detail its achievements in sustainable development, challenges it faces and its ESG performance. 本集團以客觀及持平為編寫原則,闡述其 在可持續發展的成就、所面對的挑戰及ESG 方面的表現。
Consistency 一致性	The statistical methods used for data disclosure in this Report, unless otherwise specified, are consistent with those of previous years. 本報告披露數據所使用的統計方法,如無 特殊説明,均與往年保持一致。	The Group adopts a consistent approach in reporting and compiling ESG data for easy comparison. Any changes will be clearly stated in the Report. 本集團採用一致的方法編製報告及整理 ESG數據,以便作比較。如有變更,將於 報告中清楚説明。

#### **Report Approval**

All information cited in this Report comes from the official documents, statistical data of China Pipe and its management and operation information collected according to the Group's system. The Group has established internal controls and formal review procedures to ensure that all information presented in this Report is accurate and reliable. Members of the Environmental, Social and Governance Working Team ("ESG Working Team") are responsible for formulating and disclosing relevant measures and key performance indicators. This Report was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") on 28 March 2023.

#### **Report Feedback**

The Group is committed to establishing a more detailed and sound sustainable development strategy. We attach great importance to your views on this Report. If you have any inquiries or comments on this Report or the Group's sustainable development policies, feel free to contact us via email (ir@chinapipegroup.com).

#### 報告批准

本報告引用的所有資料均來自中國管業的正 式文件、統計數據,以及其根據本集團制度 收集的管理和營運資料。本集團已成立內部 監控及正式審查程序,確保本報告所有呈現 的資料均準確可靠。環境、社會及管治工作 小組成員(下稱「ESG工作小組」)負責制定及 披露相關的措施及關鍵績效指標。本報告已 於二零二三年三月二十八日獲本公司董事會 (「董事會」)批准通過。

#### 報告反饋

本集團致力建立更詳盡及健全的可持續發展 策略。我們非常重視 閣下對本報告的看 法,若 閣下對於本報告或本集團的可持續 發展政策有任何查詢或意見,歡迎以電郵形 式ir@chinapipegroup.com與我們聯絡。

## Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告 Message from the Management

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管理層寄語

Even after three years of COVID-19 pandemic, China Pipe still maintains all businesses in full operation, thanks to the strong efforts and support from the employees and shareholders of the Group. While meeting our business objectives, we also advocate the principles of sustainable development. We pay attention to and support the green concept of sustainable development, and continuously introduce advanced technologies in the world to both enhance economic development and protect environment. Meanwhile, China Pipe has also begun to incorporate environmental protection and management into the company's business decision-making as part of its development and social sustainable development goals.

The market has been more concerned about the short-term, medium-term and long-term impact of corporate values on ESG and other sustainability factors. There is also increasing emphasis on the regulation of ESG areas around the globe. Our established ESG Working Team, as always, actively integrates sustainable development work into daily operations, and continuously monitors the Group's ESG policies, initiatives and performance, which effectively improve the Group's performance. We continue to contribute to the environment and society and create values for stakeholders.

Besides, to meet the growing expectations and demands of our stakeholders and society for sustainable development as much as possible, we are determined to enhance the Group's environmental and social performance. Through the ESG report, we continue to enhance our stakeholders' awareness of ESG issues and the Group's governance capabilities to maintain the overall performance of the company.

We promise to incorporate green operations into corporate development while developing our business. In the future, China Pipe will strive to improve energy efficiency, reduce waste and carbon emissions, and strengthen the management and disclosure of environmental and climate information, so as to be in line with the trend of global environmental protection policies. 即使經過了三年的2019冠狀病毒疫情,中 國管業依然保持所有業務全面運行,有賴於 本集團員工和股東的努力和支持。我們在實 現業務目標的的同時,亦提倡可持續發展原 則。我們注重及支持可持續發展的綠色概 念,不斷引入世界先進技術,以提升經濟發 展與環境保護以達成雙效益。同時中國管業 也開始將環境保護、環境管理納入企業的經 營決策中,作為發展策略的一部分,以達致 自身發展與社會可持續發展目標的一致性。

市場對於ESG等可持續發展因素所影響的企 業價值短、中和長期影響關注提高。世界各 地亦日漸重視對ESG範疇的監管。我們已建 立的ESG工作小組一如既往積極把可持續發 展的工作融入日常營運中,持續監管本集團 的ESG政策、舉措及表現,有效提升集團的 績效,繼續貢獻環境及社會,為持份者創造 價值。

此外,為盡量滿足持份者及社會對可持續發展日益增長的期望和訴求,我們致力提升本 集團環境及社會表現。通過ESG報告,我們 持續提升持份者對ESG議題的意識,並提升 本集團管治能力,以維持企業的整體表現。

我們承諾在發展業務的同時,把綠色運營納 入企業發展當中。中國管業將會在未來竭力 提高能源利用效率,減低廢棄物及碳排放和 加強環境與氣候信息管理和披露,配合全球 的環保政策方向。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告 Message from the Management 管理層寄語

As a company that cares about the society, we advocate the belief of contributing to the society, seeking innovative ways to give back to society, and continuing to undertake our corporate social responsibility. We encourage employees to organize and participate in voluntary activities and support them to do so continually. We also provide monetary or material donations to charities or designated organizations. The Company was awarded the Caring Company logo by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service for five consecutive years, which is a recognition for the Group and its employees.

Adhering to the vision of Global Assets, International Platform, Serving China, we continue to explore new areas of business development and gradually move towards internationalization and specialization. The Group continues to adhere to its mission of providing customers with quality products, providing value-added services and maintaining product quality and safety. I would like to extend my utmost sincere thanks and respect on behalf of the Group to every stakeholder supporting China Pipe. 作為一間關懷社會的企業,我們提倡貢獻社 會,尋求創新方式以回饋社會,持續履行企 業社會責任。我們不斷鼓勵及支持員工組織 及參與義務活動。我們亦為慈善團體或指定 機構提供金錢或物資上的捐助。本公司已連 續5年獲香港社會服務聯會頒發「商界展關 懷」標誌,是對本集團和員工的一種肯定。

秉承全球資產,國際平臺,服務中國的願 景,我們持續開拓新領域的業務發展,逐步 邁向國際化及專業化。本集團繼續堅守使命 為客戶提供高品質的產品,提供具增值的客 戶服務和維持產品質量及安全性。本人謹代 表本集團向每一位支持中國管業的持份者, 送上最由衷的感謝和敬意。

Chief Operating Officer Chow Wai Koon Timothy *首席運營官* **招偉權**   Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告
 Sustainable Development Strategy 可持續發展策略

#### **Statement of the Board**

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In order to further promote ESG matters of the Group and promote sustainable development, we have established an ESG Working Team directly led by the Board to monitor ESG matters of the Group more effectively. The Board bears full responsibility regarding the Group's ESG strategy, approach and reporting.

Under the leadership of the Board, the ESG Working Team conducted a materiality assessment this Year to understand the concerns and requirements of various stakeholders so as to determine the Group's ESG management approaches, strategies, priorities and goals. The goals show the effectiveness of China Pipe's ESG policy and management system, and the relevant policies will be improved according to the progress of the goals. In future, we will review the relevant goals' progress to improve sustainability work.

#### **ESG Governance Structure**

China Pipe has integrated the concept of sustainable development into the Group's operations and has formulated several policies to promote sustainable development. Our ESG governance structure is as follows:

#### 董事會聲明

為進一步推動本集團ESG事宜,促進可持續 發展,我們已成立了由董事會直接領導的 ESG工作小組,從而更有效地監管本集團的 ESG事宜。董事會對本集團的ESG策略、方針 和匯報承擔全部責任。

在董事會的授權下,ESG工作小組於本年度 通過重要性評估以了解各持份者的關注和要 求,以確定本集團的ESG管理方法、策略、 優先事項和目標。當中的目標能夠顯示中國 管業的ESG政策及管理系統的成效,並會因 應目標進度完善相關政策。在未來,我們將 按照有關目標檢查進展,以改進可持續發展 工作。

#### ESG管治架構

中國管業把可持續發展理念融入本集團的營 運活動中,並制定了多項政策以推動可持 續發展方面的工作。我們的ESG管治架構如 下:



We are committed to improving sustainability performance, and the ESG Working Team is mainly responsible for monitoring the policy implementation and work of sustainable development. The ESG Working Team, directly overseen by the Board, is chaired by the Chief Operating Officer, with various department heads/ managers as the members. 我們致力提升可持續發展方面的表現,而 ESG工作小組主要負責監察可持續發展方面 的政策實施和工作。ESG工作小組直接由董 事會監管,並由首席運營官擔任主席,各部 門主管/經理則擔任小組成員。

The main responsibilities of the Board include:

- Resolving, reviewing and approving the Group's ESG management approaches, strategies, goals and annual work;
- Assessing, prioritizing and managing material ESG issues, risks and opportunities; and
- Reviewing and approving annual ESG reports.

The main responsibilities of the ESG Working Team include:

- Reviewing and monitoring the Group's ESG policies, initiatives and performances, including employment and labour practices, community engagement, product responsibility and environmental protection, etc.;
- Communicating with stakeholders through appropriate channels; and
- Reporting regularly and make recommendations to the Board.

#### **Communication with Stakeholders**

China Pipe firmly believes that the long-term interests and sustainable development of the Group are based on the support and trust of the stakeholders. We will actively maintain close and harmonious relations with various stakeholders and listen to their views and expectations and properly respond to their needs to achieve long-term success.

We contact the following stakeholders through various channels such as phone, emails, questionnaires, daily meetings, factory tours, networking events by relevant associations to collect their views on relevant ESG issues. The followings are our communication approaches with key stakeholders: 董事會的主要職責包括:

- 議決、審議及批准本集團ESG管理方 針、策略、目標及年度工作;
- 評估、優次排列及管理重大ESG事宜、
   風險及機遇;以及
- 審議及批准年度ESG報告。

ESG工作小組的主要職責包括:

- 審視及監管本集團的ESG政策、舉措及 表現,包括僱傭及勞工常規、社區參 與、產品責任和環境保護等各方面的相 關工作;
- 透過適當途徑與持份者溝通;以及
- 定期向董事會匯報及提出建議。

#### 持份者溝通

中國管業堅信本集團的長遠利益及可持續發 展建基於持份者的支持及信賴。我們會積極 與各持份者維持緊密及和諧關係,以聆聽持 份者的意見及期望,並妥善響應其需要,以 達致長遠成功。

我們透過不同的渠道如電話、電郵、問卷、 日常會議、工廠參觀及同業商會聯誼活動等 連繫以下的持份者,收集他們對相關ESG議 題的意見。以下為我們與主要持份者的溝通 方式:

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- . . . . Environmental, Social and Governance Report

  - 環境、社會及管治報告 Sustainable Development Strategy

可持續發展策略

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Key stakeholders 主要持份者	Communication approaches 溝通方式
Clients 客戶	<ul> <li>Daily operation/communication</li> <li>Phones/emails</li> <li>日常營運/交流</li> <li>電話/電郵</li> </ul>
Shareholders/Investors 股東/投資者	<ul> <li>Annual general meetings and other shareholders' meetings</li> <li>Interim report and annual report</li> <li>Result announcement</li> <li>股東週年大會與其他股東大會</li> <li>中期報告與年報</li> <li>業績公布</li> </ul>
Employees 員工	<ul> <li>Channels for employees to express their opinions (e.g.: form, suggestion box)</li> <li>Performance appraisal</li> <li>Volunteer work, recreational activities</li> <li>Seminars/Workshops/Intranet</li> <li>員工表達意見的渠道(表格,意見箱等)</li> <li>績效評核面談</li> <li>義工活動、康樂活動</li> <li>研討會/工作坊/內聯網</li> </ul>
Community/ Non-Governmental Organization 社區/非政府團體	<ul> <li>Volunteer activities/community activities</li> <li>Seminars/lectures/workshops</li> <li>義工活動/社區活動</li> <li>研討會/講座/工作坊</li> </ul>
Associations 同業商會	<ul> <li>Meetings/phones/emails/recreational activities</li> <li>會議/電話/電郵/聯誼活動</li> </ul>
Suppliers/Business Partner 供應商/業務夥伴	<ul> <li>Work inspection and supervision</li> <li>Meetings/phones/emails</li> <li>工作視察及監督</li> <li>會議/電話/電郵</li> </ul>

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#### **Materiality Assessment**

To allocate resources more effectively and promote the development of ESG work, during the Year, the Group considered its operating performance and topics of concern of various stakeholders and the best practice in the industry, with reference to the disclosure obligations under the Guide and the Materiality Map issued by the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB). In addition, we sorted out the identified material ESG issues, and invited internal and external stakeholders to participate in the online questionnaire survey, so that we can better understand the expectations of various stakeholders. With all these information, we could identify ESG material issue to the Group.

The online questionnaire covers a number of key ESG issues. The Group ranks material ESG issues based on the questionnaire feedback from various stakeholders to ensure the assessment results are accurate and objective.

We examine the importance of each issue based on the two dimensions of Materiality to the Group and Materiality to Stakeholders and create a materiality assessment matrix to summarize the materiality assessment results.

After analysis, the Group has prioritized the material ESG issues, including 5 highly material issues, 3 material issues and 4 ordinary issues.

The following ESG materiality issues results have been reviewed and approved by the Board.

#### 重要性評估

為更有效地分配資源,推進ESG工作的開展,本年度,本集團參考《指引》所涵蓋的披露責任、永續會計準則委員會(SASB)的《重要性圖譜》等,考慮本身的業務經營狀況及各持份者所關注的議題,並對標同業最佳實踐,對已識別的重要ESG議題進行梳理,並且邀請了內外部持份者參與在線問卷調研,讓我們更了解各持份者的期望,從而識別本集團ESG重要性議題。

線上問卷涵蓋了一些重要的ESG議題。本集 團根據各持份者的問卷反饋對重要ESG議題 進行排序,以確保評估結果準確客觀。

我們根據對本集團的重要性及對持份者的重 要性兩個維度審視各議題的重要性,並繪製 重要性評估矩陣,歸納出重要性評估結果。

在經過分析後,本集團確定了重要的ESG議 題的優先次序,包括5個高度重要議題、3個 中度重要議題和4個一般重要議題。

以下ESG重要性議題結果已由董事會審批和 確認。

- Environmental, Social and Governance Report
- 環境、社會及管治報告

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Sustainable Development Strategy

可持續發展策略



2022 China Pipe's Materiality Matrix

對本集團的重要性

Highly Material Issues	Material Issues	Ordinary Issues
高度重要議題	中度重要議題	一般重要議題
Employment	Product liability	Climate change
僱傭	產品責任	氣候變化
Health and safety	Supply chain management	Environment and natural resources
健康與安全	供應鏈管理	環境及天然資源
Development and training	Use of Resources	Community investment
發展和培訓	資源使用	社區投資
Anti-corruption 反貪腐		Emissions 排放
Labour Standards 勞工準則		

In response to the concerns of stakeholders, this Report elaborates the Group's policies, measures and performance related to important ESG issues during the Reporting Period. In addition, we will also review relevant ESG policies and make appropriate adjustments in the future to meet the expectations of our stakeholders. 針對持份者的關注,本報告闡述報告期間內 本集團與重要ESG議題相關的政策、措施及 表現。此外,我們亦將檢討相關ESG政策並 於日後作出適當調整,以滿足持份者的期 望。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告 Sustainable Development Strategy 可持續發展策略

#### **Risk Management**

In order to effectively formulate a risk management system to identify, assess, process, control or reduce various major operational, governance and ESG risks, the Group has specially formulated the Risk Management Report. The Board is responsible for the supervision and management of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, as well as reviewing their effectiveness, including establishing a clear enterprise risk management framework and risk management policies. The Board needs to fully understand all the material risks that will affect the Company and how the management manages these risks to ensure the Company's business objectives can be reasonably achieved. The management also regularly reports the risks faced by the Group and its changes to the Board and the Audit Committee, and establishes internal control measures to mitigate risks.

We have developed a risk management system that provides guidelines and standards for risk identification, assessment, treatment and risk reporting. Business unit heads identify and manage opportunities arising from unavoidable risks in order to achieve the company's business objectives. We identified and assessed adverse risks which affected the Group's achievement of its objectives. The assessment and treatment methods are recorded in the Risk Register for the management to review and continuously monitor.

The Audit Committee under the Board assists the Board in continuously monitoring the Group's risk management and internal control systems, and reviews the effectiveness of relevant systems at least once a year. Before conducting the on-site work of internal audit, the Group will prepare an internal audit plan based on the results of the risk assessment. The results of the internal audit will be used for communication among different business unit heads, who are responsible for following up on internal control recommendations and improvements. Thereafter, each business unit head is required to update the risk-responding plans for various risk levels in the Risk Register for further assessment and monitoring.

The Group is committed to incorporating sustainability governance factors into its risk management systems and procedures to identify the Group's related risks and formulate countermeasures. We will continue to improve our ESG performance to enhance business sustainability in an ever-changing business environment.

#### 風險管理

為有效制定風險管理系統以進行識別、評 估、處理、控制或減低各項重大運營、管 治及ESG風險,本集團特意制定《風險管理 報告》。董事會負責本集團風險管理和內部 監控系統的監督管理工作,以及檢討其有效 性,包括建立清晰的企業風險管理框架及風 險管理政策。董事會需要充分瞭解所有會影 響本公司的重大風險以及管理層如何管理這 現。管理層亦定期向董事會及審核委員會匯 報本集團面對的風險及其變化情況,訂立內 部監控措施以減緩風險。

我們已制定風險管理系統,以提供有關風險 的識別、評估、處理和編製風險報告的指引 和標準。業務部門負責人主要識別和管理不 可避免的風險所帶來的機遇,以達致公司的 經營目標。我們會把已經識別及評估後會影 響集團達致其目標的不利風險、評估和處理 方法記錄在風險登記冊上,以提交給管理層 進行評審和持續監督。

董事會轄下之審核委員會協助董事會持續監 督本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統,並每 年至少檢討一次有關制度的成效。在進行內 審的現場工作前,本集團會根據對風險評核 所得出的結果,準備一個內部審計計劃書。 而內審的結果將會與各業務部門負責人溝 通,並由他們負責跟進內部控制的建議和改 善。其後,各業務部門負責人按需要更新風 險登記冊內的風險應對方案及對各種風險水 平,以供進一步評核及監控。

本集團致力把可持續發展管治因素納入於其 風險管理系統及程序之中,以識別本集團在 相關方面的風險及制定應對方案。我們將持 續提升ESG方面的表現,確保在不斷變化的 商業環境中提高業務的可持續性。

As a leading provider of pipes and fittings, China Pipe has set high requirements on the supply chain and product quality, and is committed to providing customers with high-quality products and services while improving the supply chain. The Group has formulated internal rules and regulations such as the Supplier Management System, the Procurement Management System, the Product Responsibility Policy and the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy to ensure product quality, reduce supply chain risks, improve product reliability and satisfy clients' needs.

#### **Product Quality Control**

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Product quality assurance is regarded as top priority of China Pipe. The Group will base on the Product Responsibility Policy to conduct tests on relevant institutes regarding reliability, compatibility and safety specification, and obtain product qualification certification. When we supply products to customers, it is required to meet the specifications and quality specified by customers, and comply with the relevant requirements of local government departments for the products. During the Year, all products of the Group (specified types of pipes or fittings under regulation) are granted qualifications of General Acceptance (commonly known as acceptance letter) by the Hong Kong Water Supplies Department ("WSD").

# Waterworks Regulations-the General Acceptance qualification of plumbing products

The Water Supplies Department implements the General Acceptance system for pre-approval of plumbing products when approving plumbing-related engineering works. Plumbing products which gained General Acceptance must need to have a sample test report issued by an organization under the Hong Kong Laboratory Accreditation Scheme (HOKLAS), or a BSI Kitemark issued by the British Standards Institution or the certification issued by the British Water Regulations Advisory Scheme (WRAS), so as to confirm the products fulfil the statutory standard.

The Water Supplies Department will also select the plumbing products with the General Acceptance qualification on the market for testing. The test subjects include chemical composition (metal elements of metal parts in contact with drinking water) and the main functions of the plumbing fixtures to check if the products are still able to meet all required criteria for the accreditation. The Group provides plumbing products for spot checks by the Water Supplies Department. During the Reporting Period, all products subject to spot check passed the General Acceptance plumbing product monitoring program and met the quality requirements of their respective standards. 中國管業作為領先的管道及管件的供應商, 我們對供應鏈及產品質量設立高度要求, 致力為客戶提供高品質的產品及優質的服務 並完善供應鏈。本集團已編製供應商管理制 度、採購管理制度、產品責任政策及企業社 會責任政策等內部規章制度,以確保產品質 量、減低供應鏈風險、提升產品信賴度及滿 足客戶需求。

#### 產品品質監控

產品品質保證是中國管業最重視的一環。本 集團根據產品責任政策,會進行機構相關之 可靠度、相容性及安全規格測試,並取得產 品合格之認證。我們在供應產品予客戶時, 必需要符合客戶列明的規格及質量,並遵守 當地政府部門對產品的相關要求。本年度, 本集團所有產品(按規管的指定類別喉管或裝 置)均已獲得香港水務署(「水務署」)《一般認 可》資格(俗稱水紙)。

#### 《水務設施規例》-水喉產品《一般認 可》資格

水務署在水喉工程審批時實行《一般認可》 水喉產品預先批核制度。獲《一般認可》資 格的水喉產品必須備有香港實驗所認可計劃 (HOKLAS)轄下機構發出的樣本測試報告,或 由英國標準協會註冊證明商標(BSI Kitemark) 或英國水務法規諮詢計劃(WRAS)發出的證明 書,確認產品符合法定標準。

水務署亦會抽取市面上獲《一般認可》之水喉 產品進行測試,測試項目包括化學成份(與飲 用水接觸的金屬部件的金屬元素)與該水喉裝 置的主要功能,以監察產品是否繼續符合認 可資格的所有要求標準。本集團提供水喉產 品配合水務署的抽查。於報告期內,所有被 抽驗產品均通過《一般認可》水喉產品監察計 劃,符合所屬標準的品質要求。

The Group strictly complies with laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group, such as the Trade Descriptions Ordinance (Chapter 362 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the Waterworks Regulations (Chapter 102 of the Laws of Hong Kong). We have a Quality Control Department, which inspects suppliers' factory production equipment and goods, spot checks on warehouse's goods and engages third-party assessment according to the international standards and customer requirements to ensure product quality meets relevant legal requirements. Products must pass the established review and inspection procedures before they can be officially shipped and delivered. If the Quality Control Department finds substandard products or receives external complaints during the daily sampling inspection of goods, we will conduct a meeting according to the Triggering Mechanism of Recall Procedures to study the quality issues, assess risks and severity, and to determine if it is needed to do product recall. Once a recall is decided, we will notify affected customers of the recall arrangements as soon as possible. Regardless of product recall is launched or not, the Group requires suppliers to find out the causes of quality issues, strengthen internal quality control, and take improvement measures. In addition, we have internal quality inspection regulations, like Inspection Procedures, Galvanized Pipe Inspection Procedures, etc., to enhance product quality.

We attach great importance to the experience of customers about the products. Therefore, the Group will regularly hold crossdepartmental quality control meetings specifically for reporting quality problems. The members participating in the meetings include the Chairman of the Group, the Chief Operating Officer, and the product managers of the Sales Department, Purchasing Department and Quality Control Department. During the Reporting Period, the Group received a total of 11 (2021: 14) complaints about product quality, and we made corresponding remedial plans in a timely manner. All cases were properly handled, and there were no cases in which products had to be recalled due to safety and health concerns. 本集團嚴格遵守《商品説明條例》(香港法例 第362章)及《水務設施規例》(香港法例第102 章)等對本集團有重大影響的法律及規例。我 們設有品質檢測部門,根據國際標準及客戶 要求審核負責檢驗供應商的廠房生產設備及 貨物、貨倉抽檢及第三方檢測,以確保產品 質量符合相關法例要求。產品須通過已製定 的程序進行審核及檢驗後,方可正式出貨。 如品質檢測部門在日常抽樣檢測貨物時,發 現到不合格產品或收到外部投訴時,我們會 根據《回收程序的觸發機制》展開會議,研究 質量問題,評估風險及嚴重性,並決定產品 回收必要性。一旦決定回收,我們會儘快向 受影響客戶通知回收安排。無論是否決定進 行產品回收,本集團均要求供應商查明質量 問題原因及加強內部品質控制,並作出改善 措施。另外,我們內部設有相關品質檢測規 條,如驗貨程序、鍍鋅管檢測程序等,以加 強產品質量。

我們重視客戶對產品的體驗,為此,本集團 會定期舉行跨部門品質會議,專責滙報質量 問題。參與會議的成員包括本集團主席、首 席運營官,以及銷售部、採購部及品質檢測 部的產品負責人員。於報告期內,本集團共 接獲11宗(2021:14宗)有關產品品質的投訴 個案,我們及時作出相應補救方案,全部個 案均已被妥善處理,同時亦沒有產品因安全 與健康理由而須回收的個案。

#### **Information Security Management**

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In order to protect the privacy of customers, the Employee Handbook stated that employees shall not directly or indirectly use and disclose confidential information to third parties, including business secrets, transactions and technical information about customers or suppliers. If any confidential information is found to be leaked, remedial measures must be taken immediately and notify the management of the Group for relevant decisions. The Group ensures that the personal data retained is properly protected against unauthorised or accidental access, processing, deletion or use. The Personal Data Privacy Policy is included in the Employee Handbook as a guideline for all new and current staff handling personal data. We regularly review the policies on personal data privacy to ensure the policies comply with the relevant legal requirements, so as to protect the privacy of customers and the Group to the greatest extent and to ensure that the policies comply with the relevant legal requirements.

In addition, we are committed to ensuring the delivery of complete and accurate information to the public and safeguarding the intellectual property rights of the Group and business partners, including patent rights, trademark rights and copyrights. We strictly abide by relevant laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Patents Ordinance (Chapter 514 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and the Trade Marks Ordinance (Chapter 559 of the Laws of Hong Kong). We closely monitor intellectual property trends relevant to the Group. If there is any malicious infringement after verification, we will require the infringer to bear compensation and legal responsibility according to the law in order to prevent others from infringing intellectual property rights. During the Reporting Period, no violations issues were found regarding advertising, labelling and privacy-related laws and regulations.

#### **Building a Culture of Integrity**

China Pipe attaches great importance to integrity and pays attention to business ethic, creating an honest and trustworthy corporate atmosphere. We strictly abide by the Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Ordinance (Chapter 615 of Laws of Hong Kong), Organized and Serious Crimes Ordinance (Chapter 455 of Laws of Hong Kong), Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Chapter 201 of Laws of Hong Kong) and other relevant laws and regulations.

#### 信息安全管理

為保障客戶私隱,《員工手冊》已列明員工 不可直接或間接使用和向第三方透露機密資 訊,包括商業秘密、交易往來及技術等有關 客戶或供應商的資料。如發現洩露任何秘 資料,必須立即採取補救措施並通知本集團 管理層以作出相關決定。本集團確保集團所 保留之個人資料,獲得適當之保護而不受未 獲準許或意外的查閱、處理、刪除或使,以 解之期檢討有關個人資料私隱 政策會列入員工手冊內,以供 所有新聘及現職員工,作為處理個人資料之 指引。我們會定期檢討有關個人資料私隱之 政策,以確保政策符合有關法例規定,以最 符合有關法例規定。

此外,我們致力確保向大眾傳遞完整真確的 資訊,並維護本集團與業務夥伴的知識產 權,包括專利權、商標權及著作權。我們嚴 格遵守相關法律法規,包括但不限於專利條 例(香港法例第514章)及商標條例(香港法例 第559章)。我們密切關注與本集團相關的知 識產權趨勢。若有任何惡意侵權,我們將在 查證後,依據法律規定要求侵權者承擔賠償 及法律責任,防止他人侵犯知識產權。於報 告期內,本集團並不知悉任何違反廣告、標 簽及私隱相關法律法規的事宜。

#### 建設廉潔文化

中國管業高度重視廉潔建設,營造誠實守信 的企業氛圍,並注重廉潔風氣和商業道德的 培養。我們嚴格遵守《打擊洗錢及恐怖分子 資金籌集條例》(香港法例第615章)、《有組 織及嚴重罪行條例》(香港法例第455章)、 《防止賄賂條例》(香港法例第201章)等相關 法律法規。

The Group has formulated the Gift and Entertainment Policy, which prohibits employees from accepting illegitimate benefits such as cash or kickback, and should not have an implied intention to seek or obtain preferential treatment, and ensure that the entertainment with customers and manufacturers is of reasonable value and frequency.

The Group has also established the Whistleblowing Policy and the Anti-corruption Policy to provide a communication channel for reporting corruption or fraud, and encourages employees and those who have business with the Group to report any corruption and fraud within the Group through e-mail and other channels, creating monitoring effects with personnel and corporate culture that put integrity first. The above-mentioned policies and communication channels are publicly available on the Company's website for internal and external parties. The Group will also regularly communicate the above policies and channel to all employees through different channels, including but not limited to orientation training and on-the-job training. All reports would be directly followed up by the Audit Committee. We are committed to the strict confidentiality of all identities and information and emphasize a zero-tolerance policy for engaging in any type of corrupt or bribery activity. During the Reporting Period, we did not receive any new lawsuits against the Group or our employees, or uncover any cases of corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering.

During the Reporting Period, the Board and employees of different levels of the Group participated in the integrity education and anticorruption training. They have strengthened their anti-corruption and integrity awareness by attending seminars concerning anticorruption, watching the education videos and reading materials by Independent Commission Against Corruption of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region.

The Group fully promotes a corporate culture of integrity, sets a good example, avoids conflicts of interest, shoulders responsibilities, improves the Company's management system, conducts effective supervision and improves early warning efficiency, in order to reduce operating costs and risks of corruption and bribery, and further establish a good reputation for the Company. 本集團已制定《魏贈與招待政策》,禁止員工 接受現金餽贈或收受回扣等不正當利益、不 應有隱含尋求或獲取優惠的意圖,並確保與 客戶及廠商之應酬符合合理價值與次數內。

本集團亦訂立舉報政策及反貪污政策,提供 舉報貪污或舞弊的溝通渠道,鼓勵員工及與 本集團有業務往來的人士透過電子郵箱等渠 道舉報本集團內可能存在的貪污舞弊行為, 切實發揮公司全體員工的監督作用,從而打 造一個以正直與誠信為先的企業文化。上述 政策和溝通渠道在公司網站上公開,供內外 部各方查閱。本集團亦會定期透過不同渠道 向全體員工傳達上述政策及渠道,包括但不 限於入職培訓及在職培訓。所有舉報均經由 審核委員會直接跟進處理。我們承諾對所有 身份及信息嚴格保密,並強調參與任何類型 的貪污或賄賂活動的行為奉行零容忍政策。 於報告期內,我們並沒有收到對本集團或員 工提出任何新增的訴訟或發現任何貪污、賄 賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的案件。

報告期內,集團董事與不同層級的員工皆參 與了廉政教育和反貪污培訓。通過參加反貪 講座、觀看香港特別行政區廉政公署警示教 育片及閱覽警示材料等形式,董事和員工加 強了反貪及廉政意識。

本集團全力推動廉潔誠信的公司文化,樹立 良好榜樣,避免利益衝突,落實責任承擔, 改善公司管理系統,並進行有效的監管和提 高預警效能,以減低營運成本和貪污賄賂風 險,進一步建立公司的良好聲譽。

#### **Supply Chain Management**

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China Pipe is an enterprise providing high-quality pipes. Material and service suppliers connect with all aspects of operation of our business, and it plays an important role in our quality management. The Group attaches great importance to the management and sustainability of the supply chain. We have strict requirements on procurement procedures and supplier selection and management, and establish a sound supplier management system. We have formulated a series of relevant system documents and standard operating procedures, such as the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy, the Procurement Management System, the Supplier Management System and other internal regulations, in order to understand the process capability and guality control function of suppliers, identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain and standardize supplier management and improve operation level. All suppliers must comply with the internal rules and codes of the Group.

In this Year, the Group had 33 (2021: 33) suppliers in total, and all suppliers are subject to the following practices regarding suppliers' engagement. The suppliers' numbers and geographical distributions are as follows:

#### 供應鏈管理

中國管業作為提供優質管材的企業,物資及 服務供應商貫穿企業生產經營的各個環節, 也是我們做好品質管理的重要一環。本集團 重視對供應鏈的管理及可持續性。我們對於 採購程序和供應商的選擇及管理有嚴謹的要 求,並建立健全的供應商管理體制。我們制 定一系列相關的制度文件及標準操作流程, 如《企業社會責任政策》、《採購管理制度》、 《供應商管理制度》等內部規條,以瞭解供應 商之製程能力、品管功能及在供應鏈上識別 環境和社會風險,規範供應商管理並提高經 營合理化水準。所有供應商必須遵從本集團 的內部規條及守則。

本年度,本集團的供應商總數為33個(2021: 33),所有供應商均須遵守以下有關供應商參 與的做法。供應商數目及地區分佈如下:

			2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
	Mainland China	中國內地	13	13
	Hong Kong SAR	中國香港	8	8
	United Kingdom	英國	4	4
Country/Region 國家/地區	South Korea	韓國	2	2
	Thailand	泰國	2	2
	Australia	澳洲	1	1
	Japan	日本	1	1
	United States of America	美國	1	1
	Vietnam	越南	1	1
Total number of supp 供應商總數	liers		33	33

In order to ensure that the supplier complies with environmental and social requirements and the level of corporate ethics, the Group commits in the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy to take environmental and social performance into consideration in the procurement process, in order to reduce the negative impact on the environment and society, and promote sustainable development. In addition, the Group established the Code of Conduct and Ethics and requires every supplier to sign and confirm their products and services comply with relevant environmental laws and regulations and ethical practices, such as emphasizing environmental protection, prohibiting child labour or forced labour, fair treatment of labour, and anti-discrimination. Supplier operations are required to respect and promote international principles of social, environmental and corporate ethics.

The Group has established a Supplier Basic Information Form. When considering the adoption of a new supplier, we will record the relevant information of the supplier for the management's approval before updating the approved supplier list and cooperating with the supplier to supply.

We assess the performances of suppliers in terms of its quality, finance, price, environmental protection and labour rights. The one with the most outstanding performance which also complying with the relevant regulations will be engaged. According to Corporate Social Responsibility Policy and Code of Conduct and Ethics, the Group gives priority to products and services that obtain the Green Label whenever reasonable and possible. It is aimed to utilise resources effectively, with the reduction of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. Our Company will regularly review the policy to meet the needs of technological development and incorporate more products that have a positive impact on the environment into the policy scope.

In addition to this, we have developed a Supplier Rating Scale. The Procurement Department analyses supplier performance by different items, including items in terms of quality, delivery, customer service and environmental issue. Suppliers must achieve a standard score for a long-term relationship. If suppliers underperform, we regularly meet with them and monitor and communicate with them to improve their shortcomings, or even disqualify them and replace with other alternative sources. 為確保供應商符合環境與社會方面要求,以 及企業道德的水平,本集團於《企業社會責 任政策》中承諾須在採購決策過程中將環境 和社會方面的表現納入考慮,以減少對環境 和社會的負面影響,並推動可持續發展。此 外,本集團制定了《行為與道德準則》並要求 每一位供應商簽署並確認其產品及服務符合 相關的環境法律及法規和道德規範,如重視 環保、禁用童工或強制勞動者、公平對待勞 工及反歧視等。供應商運作均需尊重及促進 有關社會、環境與企業道德的國際原則。

本集團設立《供應商基本資料表》,在考慮採 用新的供應商時,我們會紀錄供應商的相關 資料,供管理層審閱和批准後才更新批准的 供應商名單並與供應商合作供貨。

我們按照供應商的品質、財務、價格、環 保、勞動人權方面的表現,並採用最具競爭 力及符合相關法規的供應商。根據《企業社 會責任政策》和《行為與道德準則》,在合理 及實際可行的情況下,本集團優先考慮擁有 相關環保標籤、能夠有效提高能源利用效率 並減少產生廢棄物的產品及服務。我們公司 將定期檢討政策,以滿足技術發展的需求同 時將更多對環境有正面影響的產品納入政策 範圍。

除此以外,我們制定了《供應商評分表》。採 購部以不同項目來分析供應商表現,包括質 量、交付、客戶服務和環境問題。供應商得 到的分數必須達到標準要求,才能展開長期 合作關係。如供應商表現不佳,我們會定期 與其開會並監督和指導他們改進缺點,更甚 者會被取消資格並尋找其他替代來源。



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The guality of procured goods from suppliers directly affects the quality of the Group's products. In order to reduce operational risks arising from product quality and health and safety in the supply chain, the Group has set up a Quality Control Department responsible for inspecting suppliers' plant production equipment and goods, sampling inspection of warehouses' goods and sending sampled products to third parties for testing to ensure that the products comply with local and international standards. The department will visit suppliers' factories for inspections, evaluate the applicability and effectiveness of their quality control procedures, and review the guality of products ordered by the Group. We will also independently engage a reputable thirdparty laboratory to conduct guality tests on the sample products provided by suppliers. Products must pass the established review and inspection procedures before they can be officially shipped and delivered.

#### **Customer Service Quality**

China Pipe respects the opinions of all customers, which we regard as an important basis for the improvement of the Group. The Group established the Customer Complaint Handling and Response Procedure to provide a clear and standardized operating guidance for relevant departments. If customers have any comments or complaints about the products and services of the Group, they can contact our relevant sales staff. The relevant personnel will immediately report to the supervisor and make written records and follow up immediately. Our sales team will go to the customer company or site to understand the situation, inspect the product, take photos and take samples back to the company. In response to product issues, the Group will report and review the reasons to suppliers. If feasible, we will replace another batch of products to the customer. If it cannot be replaced and additional work on the product is required, we will share the cost with the customer for the defective products. Regarding any complaints, we will investigate and deal with them timely according to the internal procedures to ensure the guality of China Pipe's products and services, so as to establish a good reputation for customers.

供應商的來貨質量直接影響本集團的產品質 素。為了減低供應鏈中因產品質量及健康安 全等方面而引致的營運風險,本集團設有品 質檢測部門負責檢驗供應商的廠房生產設備 及貨物、貨倉抽檢及將抽樣產品送至第三設備 及貨物、貨倉抽檢及將抽樣產品送至第三方 檢測,以確保產品符合本地和國際標準。該 部門會到訪供應商的工廠進行考察,評核其 品質控製程序的適用性及有效性,並審核本 集團的訂單產品質量。我們亦會獨立聘請信 聲良好的第三方實驗室,抽樣為產品進行質 最檢測。產品須通過已製定的程序進行審核 及檢驗後,方可正式出貨。

#### 客戶服務質素

中國管業尊重所有客戶的意見,我們視之為 本集團改進的重要依據。本集團制定《客戶 投訴處理及回應程序》,為相關部門提供清 晰及規範的指引。客戶如對本集團的產品和 服務有任何意見或投訴,均可聯絡本公司相 關銷售人員。相關人員會立刻向上司匯報並 作書面紀錄及即時跟進。我們的銷售團隊將 會到客戶公司或地盤了解情況,視察該產 品,拍照及取樣本回公司。因應產品的問 題,本集團會向供應商反映及檢討原因。如 情況許可,我們會更換另一批產品予客戶; 如不能更換,需要對產品作額外工作,我們 會與客戶共同承擔有瑕疵產品的費用。對於 任何投訴,我們會根據內部規定的流程及時 調查處理,以確保中國管業產品及服務質 量,從而建立對客戶的良好聲譽。

China Pipe regards its employees as an important cornerstone to drive the company's development and success. We recruit and hire the best talent to build high-performing teams. We attach great importance to the development of employees' professional talents, provide them with a positive career path according to their characteristics and their own development situations, and then become a multi-disciplinary team leading the industry to support the company's overall development strategy and business goals. We also hope to improve the physical and mental well-being of our employees, and take it as our responsibility to create a safe, healthy and fair working environment for all our employees to ensure a positive impact on the society as a whole.

During the Reporting Period, the Group had a total of 155 (2021: 148) employees, of which 93% (2021: 90%) of employees work in Hong Kong, while the remaining in the operation sites located in Macau and Shenzhen. Please refer to Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary for detailed distribution.

#### **Employment Structure Management**

The Group complies with all the laws and regulations on the employment under the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of Laws of Hong Kong) of the HKSAR and industry codes. We have compiled the Employee Handbook to actively regulate the employment and labour system. In this system, we have a clear management process to help employees understand the areas of job setting, recruitment, dismissal, remuneration and welfare distribution, protect the rights and interests of both employers and employees, and establish equal labour relations.

China Pipe is an employer emphasizing equal opportunity. The recruitment decisions for all positions are only considered based on the professional qualifications of individual positions and the inherent requirements of employment. Candidates must be selected through interview process, in which any form of discrimination, including discrimination and unfair treatment based on age, gender, race, religion, marital status, sexual orientation or disability, will not be tolerated. In addition, in accordance with our internal policy Prohibition of Child Labour Policy, we take effective procedures to verify the age of any candidate prior to hiring, including but not limited to checking official documents to prevent child labour. The Group conducts child labour prevention training for the Human Resources Department to enhance the relevant personnel's understanding of the regulations, and enhance their awareness during the recruitment process.

中國管業視員工是推動公司發展和達致成功 的重要基石。我們吸納和聘用最佳的人才以 構建表現出色的團隊。我們非常重視員工的 專業才能發展,針對人才特點及自身的發展 情況,為他們提供正面職業路向,繼而成為 一個領先業界的多元團隊,以支持公司整體 發展戰略和經營目標的實現。我們亦希望提 升員工的身心福祉,並以為所有員工建立一 個安全、健康及平等的工作環境為己任,確 保為整個社會帶來積極、正面的影響。

報告期內,本集團共有155 (2021: 148)名員 工,其中93% (2021: 90%)的員工在香港工 作,其餘分別在澳門及深圳的營運點或辦公 室工作。詳細分佈請參見附錄一:環境及社 會關鍵績效指標摘要。

#### 僱傭架構管理

本集團遵守香港特別行政區《僱傭條例》(香 港法例第57章)等僱傭相關的法律法規及行 業守則。我們編製了《員工手冊》積極規範 僱傭及勞工制度。在本制度當中,我們設有 清晰的管理流程去幫助員工了解當中崗位設 置、招聘、解聘、薪酬與福利發放等範疇, 保障勞資雙方權益,建立平等的勞資關係。

中國管業為平等機會僱主,所有職位之招聘 決定只根據個別職位的職業資格及僱用的固 有要求作考慮。應聘者須通過面試甄選,過 程絕不容忍任何形式的歧視,包括年齡、性 別、種族、宗教、婚姻狀況、性取向或殘疾 而受到歧視及不公平對待。此外,我們根據 內部政策《禁止使用童工政策》,在聘用任 何應聘者之前,採取有效程序核實其年齡, 包括但不限於檢查政府部門簽發並帶有相片 的證明文件,以防範聘請童工。本集團針對 人別資源部門,開展童工預防培訓,加強相 關人員對條例的理解並增強招聘過程中的意 識。

•	Environmental, Social and Governance Report
•	環境、社會及管治報告
•	High-quality Professional Team
	優質專業團隊

The Group is committed to creating and maintaining an environment free of any form of harassment or discrimination for its employees. We expressly prohibit cruelty or threats against any employee (including any form of sexual harassment, corporal punishment, mental oppression or verbal abuse). The Group has zero tolerance for sexual harassment and gender discrimination. To prevent sexual harassment in the workplace, the Group has established and formulated an employee grievance mechanism. Employee who has been sexually harassed can file formal complaints with their department heads, managers, or the Human Resources Department. All complaints will be treated confidentially and independently. We are committed to combating harassment and will discipline harassers when necessary.

To prevent forced labour, we protect the right of our employees to freely choose employment and ensure that all employment relationships are voluntary. The Group and its employees may terminate the employment contract for personal reasons or other reasons, and need to give an appropriate notice period or payment in lieu of notice. In addition, the Group also regulates staff working hours and rest arrangements. If an employee agrees to work outside office hours due to an emergency, it will be treated as overtime. Department heads and managers need to approve overtime work arrangements and provide employees with compensatory leave. We ensure that internationally recognized human rights are respected, promoted and enhanced in our labour practices, including prohibition of any form of forced labour.

If the Group and its employees found relevant violations such as identity, age, or forced labour, both parties can immediately terminate their labour contracts to protect their legitimate labour rights and interests. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not violate any relevant laws and regulations on remuneration and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, equal opportunities, diversity, anti-discrimination, prevention of child labour or forced labour, nor did any cases of child labour or forced labour were found. 本集團堅決為員工創造及維持一個沒有任何 形式的騷擾或歧視的環境。我們明文禁止殘 暴對待或威脅任何員工(包括任何形式的性騷 擾、體罰、精神壓迫或口頭辱罵)。本集團對 性騷擾和性別歧視採取零容忍的態度。為防 止任何形式的騷擾,本集團已建立並制定員 工申訴機制。員工如受性騷擾,可向其部門 主管、經理或人力資源部提出申訴,而所有 申訴均會作保密及獨立處理。我們致力打擊 騷擾行為並會在需要時紀律處分騷擾者。

為防止強制性勞工,我們保障員工自由擇業 的權利,確保所有僱傭關係均屬自願性質。 本集團和員工可按個人理由或其他原因終止 僱傭合同,並需給予適當的通知期或代通知 金。此外,本集團亦規範員工工作時間及休 息安排。如因緊急情況下,員工同意於辦公 時間外工作,將作超時工作處理。部門主管 及經理需批核超時工作安排,並給予補假予 員工。我們確保於勞工常規中均尊重、推廣 及促進國際認可的人權,包括禁止任何形式 的強制勞動。

如本集團與員工發現有關違規情況如身份、 年齡不符實或強制勞動,雙方可以立即解除 其勞動合同,以保障其合法勞動權益。於報 告期內,本集團並沒有違反任何有關薪酬及 解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、平等機會、 多元化、反歧視、防止童工或強制勞工的相 關法律及規例,亦沒有發現聘用童工或強制 勞工的個案。

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#### **Employee Rights and Benefits**

The Group is committed to offering competitive remuneration and welfare to attract and retain talented people. In order to ensure that the remuneration and welfare policies remain competitive in the market, we will adjust the annual remuneration of employees every year. The consideration and range of salary adjustment are mainly determined based on factors such as company benefits and employee performance, adjusted ranks, and market salary trends. We will conduct employee performance appraisal for employees once a year and establish a performance feedback channel to strengthen the interaction and communication between supervisors and employees, so that employees can understand their work performance and improvement, so as to assist their personal work and further career development. Besides, in accordance with the local labor laws and social security laws and regulations, the Group provides social security benefits for all employees by contributing to various social security scheme. These laws and regulations include but not limited to the Minimum Wage Ordinance (Chapter 608 of Laws of Hong Kong) and the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of Laws of Hong Kong). The Group also has a long-term service award, which is awarded to employees who have served continuously for every 10 years in recognition of their long-term loyal service and contributions.

In addition, the Employee Handbook also details of the benefits and leave provisions for employees. In addition to statutory holidays and annual leave, employees are entitled to sick leave, maternity leave, paternity leave, marriage leave, and bereavement leave. The Group also allows employees to leave work earlier on certain holidays according to work arrangements. We care about the health of our employees and provide full-time employees with various medical benefits, including outpatient care services, 24hour global emergency support services, hospital and surgical coverage, etc.

Secondly, the Group holds employee gatherings and activities every year, including annual dinner, Mid-Autumn Festival, Christmas and occasional luncheons, etc., to shorten the distance between employees, build team cohesion, and enhance the sense of belonging to the company.

#### 員工權益福利

本集團致力提供具市場競爭力的薪酬及福利 待遇以吸納及挽留人才。為確保薪酬福利 政策在市場保持競爭力,我們會每年調整員 工年度薪酬。薪酬調整考慮因素和調整度主 要依據公司效益及員工工作表現、調整後職 級、市場薪資趨勢等因素來確定。我們會每 年為員工進行一次員工工作表現評估,建立 績效反饋渠道,以加強主管與員工的交流及 **溝**通, 今員工了解其工作績效與改進之處, 以助其個人工作事業得以更大發展。此外, 根據當地僱傭條例和社會保障法律法規,本 集團通過在各項社會保障計劃供款,為所有 員工提供社會保障福利。這些法律法規包括 但不限於《最低工資條例》(香港法例第608 章)和《強制性公積金計劃條例》(香港法例第 485章)。本集團亦設有長期服務獎,對連續 服務每滿10年的員工發放獎勵,以表揚其長 年忠誠服務和貢獻。

除此以外,《員工手冊》亦詳細列明員工可享 有福利的細節和假期的規定。除法定假期和 年假外,員工可享有病假、產假、侍產假、 婚假及喪假等。本集團亦允許員工在特定節 日可因應工作安排提早下班。我們關注員工 的健康,為全職員工提供了各項醫療福利, 包括門診福利服務、24小時全球緊急支援服 務、醫院及手術保障等。

其次,本集團會每年舉辦大型員工聚餐及活動,包括週年晚會、中秋節、聖誕節及不定 期午宴聚餐等,拉近員工之間的距離,建立 團隊凝聚力,增強對公司歸屬感。

China Pipe believes that effective communication can build understanding, trust between employees and management and promote a positive and happy working environment, thereby enhancing the competitiveness of the Group. We encourage open and honest two-way communication. Employees can express their opinions to the department manager or Human Resources Department at any time via email or in person. Employees can also learn about the company's latest announcements and activities on the notice board.

#### **Occupational Safety and Health**

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China Pipe attaches great importance to occupational safety and health and strictly abides by relevant laws and regulations. We formulated a series of measures and policies to ensure the health and safety of employees in different roles. As of the end of the Year, the injured employees have received appropriate treatments and were granted injury leaves, timely injury leave payment and compensation according to the Employees' Compensation Ordinance (Chapter 282 of Laws of Hong Kong).

In order to enhance the safety awareness of employees, we provided new employees with a safety guideline, and arrange warehouse employees to participate in health and safety courses, including occupational safety and health regulations and regulations, safety regulations for work under adverse weather, manual handling operational safety regulations, etc., to enhance the safety awareness of employees.

To reduce the risk of work-related injuries in warehouses, the Group formulated the Warehouse Safety Regulations and the Safety Code for Work-at-height. We provided warehouse staff with guidelines for mobile machinery operations (lifting machinery, forklifts), manual handling operations, outdoor working, good site tidiness, and the guidelines of the proper use of ladders and workbenches. We have appointed one staff in the capacity of safety supervisor. The main job duties of the safety supervisor include: providing safety awareness training, formulating safety codes, organising safety meetings regularly, arranging employees to attend occupational health and safety training, reporting on cases of work-related injuries. During the Reporting Period, we have organized occupational safety and health training activities, covering accident review and safety training of the year. We are committed to improving employees' environmental safety awareness and alertness and reducing work-related injury cases.

中國管業相信有效的溝通能夠建立員工與管 理層之間的了解、信任及促進正面與快樂之 工作環境,從而提高本集團的競爭力。我們 鼓勵公開及坦誠之雙向溝通。員工可以在任 何時間通過電子郵件或面談方式向部門經理 或人力資源部發表他們的意見。員工亦可在 告示板上得知公司的最新公告及各項活動。

#### 職業安全與健康

中國管業關注員工健康和安全,嚴格遵守相 關的法律法規。本集團已制定一系列措施 及政策,確保不同工作崗位員工的健康與安 全。截止本年度結束,受傷員工已得到適當 的治療,並按照《僱員補償條例》(香港法例 第282章)享有適當的工傷病假、獲發工傷病 假按期付款以及工傷補償。

為加強員工安全意識,我們為新入職同事提 供一份安全守則,亦安排貨倉員工參加健康 與安全課程,內容包括職業安全及健康條例 與規例、惡劣天氣下工作的安全規例、手動 處理操作的安全規例等,以提升員工的安全 意識。

為減低貨倉員工因工受傷的風險,本集團 已親定《貨倉安全守則》及《高空工作安全 守則》,為不同工作崗位的貨倉員工提供指 引,如有關在移動機械操作(起重機械、鏟 車)、手動處理操作、戶外工作及良好工地 理,以及正確使用梯具及工作台等。同時 理,以及正確使用梯具及工作台等。同時, 我們在貨倉設有同事兼顧安全督導員,主 戰費行安全會議、安排員工出席職安健時 調舉行安全會議、安排員工出席職安健培 訓課程、報告工傷個案,以及建議並執行預 時一舉辦了職安健培訓活動,內容圍繞本年 度意外回顧及安全訓練。我們致力提高員工 環境安全意識和警覺性,減低工傷案件。

The Group engaged a registered safety officer (the "Safety Officer"), providing health and safety training courses for warehouse staff annually. The Safety Officer oversees the inspection of warehouse of the Company, writes safety check reports, and provides professional advice to the management regarding working environment safety and equipment. The management will monitor the warehouse safety, regularly inviting warehouse supervisors to attend management meetings to report on the working environment and make appropriate reviews to continuously improve the working environment and safety related policies.

Since 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak continued to spread around the world, and the Group has taken a series of health precautions to mitigate the potential impact of the COVID-19 outbreak. In order to ensure the health and safety of employee, especially during the period of massive COVID-19 infections in early 2022, the Group strengthened its internal hygiene requirement and implemented various measures. For example, a hybrid working mode is implemented to reduce face-to-face communication among employees and protect their health, including split-teams arrangement and work-from-home arrangement. Employees are also required to observe social distancing policies such as utilizing conference calls or video conference to conduct meetings whenever possible. The Group also provides rapid antigen testing ("RAT") kits and encourages our employees to have RAT before work. We set out a clear home isolation flow for employees who are tested positive for COVID-19 to prevent the spread of the disease. In addition, we provide vaccination leave to our office and frontline employees to encourage our employees to get vaccinated and ensure they have sufficient rest after vaccination. For enhancing the sanitary of working environment for all staff, the following measures are in force. (i) Hand sanitizers are provided at the office entrances for all staff and we have supplied our staff with masks: (ii) Thorough disinfection and cleaning are given in offices, retail stores and the warehouse; (iii) More air purifiers are purchased by the Group and placed in retail stores and warehouse to keep the workplace clean and hygienic.

本集團亦於本年度委任一名註冊安全主任 (「安全主任」),每年提供一次健康安全訓練 課程給倉務員工。安全主任會巡查公司的貨 倉,撰寫安全檢查報告及向管理層就安全工 作環境和設備提供專業意見。管理層則充當 監察貨倉安全角色,定時邀請貨倉主管出席 管理層會議報告工作環境情況,並作出適當 檢討,以持續完善工作環境安全相關政策。

自二零二零年,2019冠狀病毒在世界範圍內 繼續蔓延,本集團已採取一系列的健康預防 措施,以減輕2019冠狀病毒爆發的潛在影 響。為了確保員工的健康和安全,特別是在 二零二二年初大規模感染2019冠狀病毒期 間,本集團加強了內部衛生要求並採取了各 種措施。例如,實行混合工作模式,減少員 工之間面對面的交流,保護員工健康,包括 分隊安排和在家工作安排。員工還必須遵守 社交距離政策,例如盡可能利用電話會議或 視頻會議進行會議。本集團亦提供快速抗原 檢測(「快速測試」)試劑盒,並鼓勵我們的員 工在上班前進行快速測試。我們為檢測2019 冠狀病毒呈陽性的員工製定了明確的居家隔 離流程,以防止疾病傳播。此外,我們為辦 公室和前線員工提供疫苗接種假,以鼓勵員 工接種疫苗並確保他們在接種疫苗後得到充 分休息。為加強所有員工工作環境的衛生, 採取了以下措施。(i)在辦公室入口處為所有 員工提供搓手液,並為員工提供口罩;(ii)對 辦公室、零售商店和倉庫進行徹底的消毒和 清潔;(iii)集團採購更多空氣淨化器放置於零 售店及倉庫,以保持工作場所清潔衛生。

During the Reporting Period, the Group lost 693 (2021: 67) working days due to work-related injuries, which was caused by a few minor accidents considered by the Group despite its significant increment when compared to the corresponding period in 2021. There were no work-related fatalities in the past three years. For work-related injury cases, we take various preventive measures, such as posting notices in the workplace to indicate the precautions and handling methods for employees, and department heads will also remind colleagues from time to time to pay attention at work, etc.

#### **Nurturing Key Talents**

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China Pipe has always been committed to providing continuous learning and development opportunities for its employees to ensure they have the required professional skills and can maximize their potential at work. The Group has formulated the Talent Training and Promotion Programme, aiming to sharpen employees' communication skills, problem-solving skills and team spirit, as well as to boost their core competitiveness, supporting their career and personal development. We believe that nurturing talents can help the Group remain competitive in the market and promote long-term business growth. The Group provides specialized training for outstanding and potential employees, as well as assessment and promotion opportunities, those who are qualified in the assessment will be promoted to the Group's management or key positions.

The Group analyses the training needs of employees according to the annual performance evaluation of employees, formulates the company's training and development plans and provides appropriate subsidies. Besides, the Group also arranged employees to receive training from external institutions, including Construction Industry Safety Card course and other safety-related training. The Group also provides employees of the Accounting Department, Company Secretary Department and Human Resources and Administration Department with course fees and professional society membership fees related to their positions, so as to continuously update the professional knowledge and compliance rules of employees in various departments. We conduct annual assessments to monitor and evaluate the company's training and development plans. The management will review departmental training needs with each department head to ensure the sustainability of talent and business development.

報告期內,本集團因工傷而損失的工作日數 為693 (2021: 67) 天,儘管與 2021 年同期相 比有顯著增加,但本集團認為這是由幾個輕 微的事故所造成的。過去三年皆無任何因工 死亡個案。對於工傷個案,我們採取不同措 施,如在工作場所貼上告示標示員工工作期 間須注意事項及處理方法及部門主管亦會不 時提醒同事工作期間要專心等,作為預防措 施。

#### 重點人才培育

中國管業一直致力為其下員工提供持續進修 及發展機會,確保員工都擁有所需的專業技 能,在工作崗位上能盡展所長。本集團已推 行「人才培訓及晉升計劃」多年,以提升員工 的溝通技巧、解難能力及團隊精神,幫助提 升員工核心競爭力及支持其事業和個人發展 為目標。我們相信培養人才,能協助本集團 在市場中維持競爭力,促進業務長遠增長。 本集團為表現出色及有潛質的員工提供專門 培訓,以及考核和晉升機會,通過考核的員 工可獲晉升至本集團管理級人員或重要的職 位。

本集團每年按照員工個人年度表現評估,分 析員工培訓需要,並制定公司的培訓及發 展計劃及提供合適資助。此外,本集團亦安 排員工接受外部機構培訓,包括建造業平安 咭課程訓練及其他有關安全的培訓。本集團 亦為會計部、公司秘書部及人力資源及行政 部等員工提供與其崗位相關的課程費用及專 業學會會費資助等,以不斷更新各部門員工 在工作方面的專業知識和合規守則等。我們 每年均進行考核,監察及評估公司的培訓及 發展計劃。管理層會與各部門主管檢討部門 培訓需要,以確保人才與業務發展的可持續 性。

The following are the percentages of our trained personnel by gender and positions during the Reporting Period and the corresponding period, and the average training hours per employees:

以下是我們於報告期內及同期按性別及職級 的受訓員工百分比,以及每名受訓員工的平 均培訓時數:

		Percentage of employees trained <sup>1</sup> 受訓員工百分比 <sup>1</sup>		Average training hours per each employee trained 每名受訓員工的平均培訓時數	
		2022	2021	2022	2021
By gender	按性別劃分		1811 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18 - 18		
Male	男性	69.4%	91.8%	3.3	1.5
Female	女性	30.6%	8.2%	2.6	1.1
By grade	按職級劃分				
Management	管理人員	1.9%	6.1%	0.7	12.5
Department head/manager	部門主管/經理	11.2%	8.2%	6.6	3.5
General staff	一般員工	86.9%	85.7%	2.4	0.4

We follow in HKEX's Appendix 3: Reporting Guidance on Social KPIs in How to prepare an ESG Report to calculate percentage of employees trained. Percentage of employees trained in the relevant categories =  $T(x)/T \times 100$ , T(x) = Number of employees who took part in training in the specified category, T =Number of total employees who took part in training.

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我們按照聯交所《如何編備環境、社會及管 治報告》附錄三《社會關鍵績效指標匯報指 引》計算受訓員工百分比。各類別的受訓員 工百分比= T(x)/T x 100, T(x) =該類別員工受 訓人數, T =受訓員工總人數。

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As a socially responsible enterprise, China Pipe attaches great importance to environmental protection, is committed to reducing the possible impact of its business on the environment, and ensures sustainable business operations by integrating economic development, social progress and environmental protection. The Group has formulated the Environmental Protection Policy to set out the strategies and objectives of environmental management. We integrate environmental stewardship into our corporate decision-making process, including making better use of natural resources and energy, reducing and recycling waste, and reducing pollution to the land and the atmosphere. We actively consider the introduction of new technologies, taking into account both economic development and environmental protection. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any violation of relevant environmental protection laws or major incidents that affected the environment and natural resources, nor received any notice of penalties or lawsuits regarding environmental.

The Group believes the support of employees, customers and suppliers is particularly important for the effectiveness of the implementation of environmental protection measures. Therefore, we are committed to two-way communication, including ensuring employees are clearly informed of such policy and the Group's goals for protecting the environment, encouraging suppliers to operate in a sustainable manner, and providing transparent and direct environmental performance information to the community, and actively participation in activities organized by environmental protection groups to improve environmental performance in an all-round way.

The Group understands and actively fulfils its corporate social responsibility of protecting the environment. During the Year, we have formulated preliminary directional goals in terms of energy efficiency, water efficiency, waste reduction and greenhouse gas emissions. We will review and assess various environmental protection goals, targets and the implementation or achievement status of the measures, and explore more opportunities for energy conservation and emission reduction.

作為一個肩負社會責任的企業,中國管業重 視環境保護,致力減低其業務對環境可能造 成之影響,並透過融入經濟發展、社會進步 和環境保護,確保以可持續發展的方式經營 業務。本集團制定《環保政策》訂明環境管理 的策略及目標。我們將環境管理納入企業決 過程之中,包括善用天然資源和能源、減 少及回收廢物,以及降低對土地及大氣層所 造成的污染。我們積極考慮引入嶄新技術, 兼顧經濟發展及環境保護。於報告期內,本 集團並不知悉任何違反有關環境保護的法例 或造成影響環境及自然資源的重大事故,亦 沒有接到任何關於環境範疇的處罰及訴訟通 知。

本集團相信員工、客戶及供應商的支持,對 推行環保措施的成效尤其重要。因此,我們 致力透過進行雙向溝通,包括確保員工清楚 得悉本政策及本集團對保護環境之目標、鼓 勵供應商以可持續發展的方式經營業務、向 社區提供具透明度且直接的環境表現資料以 及積極參與環保團體舉辦的活動,全方位提 升環境績效。

本集團明白並積極履行保護環境的企業社會 責任,我們於本年度制定了有關能源使用效 益、用水效益、減少廢棄物及溫室氣體排放 方面初步的方向性目標,我們會回顧及審查 各項環保目標及措施的執行進度,並發掘更 多節能減排的機會。

#### **Energy Conservation and Emission Reduction Management**

#### Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions management

During the Year, we referred to the Greenhouse Gas Protocol jointly developed by World Resources Institute and World Business Council for Sustainable Development, ISO14064-1 formulated by the International Standardization Organization, the Guidelines to Account for and Report on Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Removals for buildings (Commercial, Residential or Institutional Purpose) in Hong Kong prepared by Environmental Protection Department (EPD) and the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department (EMSD) of Hong Kong, the Guidelines for Accounting and Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Industrial Enterprises in Other Industries (Trial) published by National Development and Reform Commission of the People's Republic of China to guantify greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions from business operations and further review the effectiveness of measures and formulate improvement measures. During the Reporting Period and the corresponding period, our GHG emissions within the scope of this report are as follows:

#### 節能減排管理

#### 溫室氣體排放管理

本年度,我們參考由世界資源研究所與世 界可持續發展工商理事會開發的《溫室氣 體盤查議定書》、國際標準化組織制定的 《ISO14064-1》、香港環保署和機電工程署 編製的《香港建築物(商業、住宅或公共用 途)的溫室氣體排放及減除的核算和報告指 引》、中國國家發展改革委公布的《工業其他 行業企業溫室氣體排放核算方法與報告指南 (試行)》,量化業務營運產生的溫室氣體排 放,以便進一步檢討措施的成效及制訂改善 方案。於報告期內及同期,我們於報告範圍 內的溫室氣體排放如下:

	GHG emissions 溫室氣體排放		
		Emissions (tonne 排放量(公噸二氧	-
Scope 範圍		2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Scope 1: Direct GHG emissions <sup>2</sup>	範圍1:直接溫室氣體排放 <sup>2</sup>	389.5	427.0
Scope 2: Indirect GHG emissions <sup>3</sup>	範圍2:間接溫室氣體排放3	117.9	266.0
Scope 3: Other indirect GHG emissions <sup>4</sup>	範圍3:其他間接溫室氣體排放4	8.7	11.0
GHG emissions in total <sup>5</sup>	溫室氣體排放總量⁵	516.1	704.0
GHG intensity (in terms of floor area per m <sup>2</sup> )	溫室氣體密度 (以每平方米面積計算)	0.021	0.028

- Scope 1 includes emissions of fossil fuel combustion from stationary and mobile sources. The Shenzhen's office does not involve emissions of fossil fuel combustion from stationary and mobile sources. Therefore, there is no relevant Scope 1 emissions from Shenzhen.
- <sup>3</sup> Scope 2 includes emissions caused by purchasing electricity from power company.
- <sup>4</sup> Scope 3 includes upstream and downstream emissions from waste paper disposal, water treatment and sewage treatment regarding the business operation in Hong Kong.
- <sup>5</sup> During the Year, the Group's total greenhouse gas emissions decreased due to the decrease in shipments.

#### **Energy Conservation management**

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Through measures such as strengthening scientific management of energy and improving energy efficiency, the Group can save energy consumption and reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Apart from reminding employees from time to time to turn off lights, air conditioners and other unnecessary electronic devices after office hours or when office spaces (such as meeting rooms) are not in use. We also choose energy efficient products for replacement of electronic appliance and devices such as upgrading luminaires with energy-efficient LED lights so that energy efficiency can be improved. The Group is also gradually implementing an old vehicle replacement programme to reduce fuel consumption and related maintenance costs. In addition, to lower power consumption among employees, the Group encourages employees to attend seminars held by environmental protection companies. The Group also cooperates with its business partners to provide training to learn from practical experiences and suggestions to raise the energy saving awareness among employees. In addition, as the Hong Kong office relocated and has a relatively smaller office space, the number of office electronic equipment (such as printers) is reduced during the Reporting Period, so as the energy consumption. In the coming year, we will continue to monitor the power consumption of the Group's business operations and review power-saving measures, so as to reduce the electricity consumption intensity more effectively. We set management goals to maintain or reduce the current level of greenhouse gas intensity and energy intensity on the basis of 2019, reduce emissions and energy use and improve energy efficiency in the next few years. In view of the energy conservation measures implemented, the Group is on the right track to achieving the goals set.

- 2 範圍1包括源自固定源及移動源化石燃料燃 燒的排放。深圳辦公室不涉及固定源及移動 源化石燃料燃燒的排放,故沒有相關的範圍 1的排放。
- <sup>3</sup> 範圍2包括來自電力公司購買電力所引致的 排放。
- 範圍3包括香港經營業務來自廢紙棄置、食 水處理與污水處理所引致的上游及下游排 放。
- 5 本年度,本集團因出貨量減少,所以溫室氣 體排放總量亦下降。

#### 節能管理

4

本集團通過加強能源的科學管理、提高能效 等措施,在節約能源使用量的同時亦可減 低溫室氣體排放。除了不時提醒員工於非辦 公時間或毋需使用房間(如會議室)時關掉電 燈、空調和其他不必要的電子設備外,我們 會於更換電器及電子設備時選用高能源效益 之產品,例如將燈具升級為節能LED燈,以 提高能源使用效益。本集團亦逐步推行更換 舊車計劃,以減少相關燃料的耗用量及相關 維修成本。此外,為推動員工減少用電,本 集團鼓勵員工參與環保公司座談會,亦與業 務夥伴合作提供培訓,汲取實際經驗與建 議,提高員工節約能源的意識。此外,由於 香港辦公室搬遷,辦公室面積相對較小, 報告期內辦公電子設備(如打印機)的數量減 少,減少了能源消耗。來年,我們將繼續監 控本集團業務運營的耗電量,檢視節電措 施,從而更有效降低用電密度。我們制定管 理目標,在2019年的基礎上,維持或減少現 在溫室氣體密度及能源密度的水平,並在未 來幾年內減少排放量及提高能源利用效率。 鑑於實施的節能措施,本集團正朝著既定目 標邁進。

Energy use 能源使用				
		Consumption 耗量		<b>Unit</b> 單位
Category 類別		2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度	
	Gasoline 汽油	94.3	129.6	MWh 兆瓦時
Direct energy <sup>6</sup> 直接能源 <sup>6</sup>	Diesel 柴油	1,394.8	1,405.9	MWh 兆瓦時
	LPG 液化石油氣	79.2	91.1	MWh 兆瓦時
Indirect energy 間接能源	Electricity <sup>7</sup> 電力 <sup>7</sup>	298.2	421.8	MWh 兆瓦時
Total energy consumptic 能源總耗量	on	1,866.5	2,048.4	MWh 兆瓦時
Energy intensity 能源密度		0.08	0.08	MWh/m² 兆瓦時/平方米

<sup>6</sup> Shenzhen's office does not involve the use of direct energy.

During the Year, the Group's power consumption decreased due to the relocation of Hong Kong office with relatively smaller space and fewer electronic equipment, and also the decrease in the number of retail shop. 深圳辦公室不涉及直接能源的使用。

6

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本年度,由於香港辦公室搬遷,辦公室面積 相對較小及電子設備較少,以及零售店數目 減少,所以耗電量亦下降。

#### Air pollutants emissions management

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The Group mainly engages in the import and sale of pipes, fittings and other related accessories products businesses. These businesses do not involve any production activities while cutting and remodeling processes are occasionally requested by the clients, which are immaterial to the environmental impact. Hence, no material air pollutants are produced in the ordinary course of business. The air pollutants of the Group mainly come from its use of natural resources, including emissions of Liquefied Petroleum Gas (LPG) combustion from cooking stove, emissions of diesel and gasoline combustion from mobile sources. Apart from the energy and resource conservation measures mentioned in paragraph Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions management and Energy Conservation management, the Group implemented a number of conservation measures to reduce air pollutants emissions. For example, drivers have to plan their routes in advance before departure, when multiple goods are delivered to the same or nearby locations, the same vehicle should be used so as to shorten the driving distance and reduce the consumption of gasoline or diesel. The drivers are to stop and turn off the engine to reduce energy consumption and air pollutants. The departments using the vehicles have to ensure that there is no fuel leakage and conduct regular repairs and maintenance for better energy use efficiency, and reduce fuel consumption and air pollutants emission due to part failure. We encourage our employees to save Liguefied Petroleum Gas by switching the cooking stove off when not in use. The Company will strive to set management goals for the coming year in relation to air pollutants reduction. During the Reporting Period and the corresponding period, our air pollutants emissions within the scope of this report are as follows:

#### 空氣污染物排放管理

本集團主要從事管道、管件及其他相關配件 產品的進口及銷售業務。這些業務不涉及 任何生產活動,而客戶偶爾會要求進行切割 和加工過程,這對環境影響沒有顯著影響。 因此,在日常業務過程中不會產生任何重大 空氣污染物。本集團的空氣污染物主要來自 其對自然資源的使用,包括爐灶燃燒液化石 油氣(LPG)排放、移動源燃燒柴油和汽油排 放。除了溫室氣體(GHG)排放管理和節能管 理段落所述的能源和資源節約措施外,本集 團實施了多項節約措施以減少空氣污染物的 排放。例如,司機在出發前必須提前規劃好 路線,當多件貨物運送到同一地點或附近地 點時,應使用同一車輛,以縮短行車距離, 減少汽油或柴油的消耗。司機應停止並關閉 發動機,以減少能源消耗和空氣污染物。使 用車輛的部門必須確保沒有燃油洩漏,並定 期進行維修和保養,以提高能源利用效率, 減少因零件故障而導致的燃料消耗和空氣污 染物排放。我們鼓勵員工在不使用時關掉灶 具,以節省液化石油氣。本公司將努力製定 來年大氣污染物減排管理目標。報告期內及 同期,本集團在本報告範圍內的大氣污染物 排放情況如下:

	Air pollutants emissions 空氣污染物排放		
		Emissions 排放(公)	
<b>Types of emissions</b> 排放物的類型		2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Nitrogen Oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> )	氮氧化物	1,844.7	2,234.3
Sulphur Oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> )	硫氧化物	12.4	15.5
Respirable Suspended Particulates (RSP)	可吸入懸浮顆粒物	177.2	175.3

#### Water Resource Management

The Group continuously monitors water consumption during business operations and advocates water resource cherishment. In terms of water usage, apart from water for domestic use, numerous products of the Group need to be rinsed before delivery. All sewage generated by the Group is discharged to the sewage treatment plant through the local sewage collection system for treatment. The Group has set up a rainwater collection system in the warehouse, through which the rainwater collected will be used for sprinkling and cooling the warehouse. If there is a water leakage problem in the operation area, gualified personnel will be arranged to repair it immediately. As water used by the Group is obtained through municipal water supply, we have no difficulty in water sourcing. During the Year, our water consumptions<sup>8</sup> and water consumption intensity were respectively 1,164 (2021: 3,853.0) cubic metres and 0.05 (2021: 0.16) cubic metres per square metre. Due to the decrease in shipments and also the numbers of retail shops in the current Year, the water consumption for cleaning decreased, and the water consumption decreased sharply compared with the previous year. We set management goals to maintain or reduce the current level of water consumption intensity based on 2019. In view of the water conservation measures implemented, the Group is on the right track to achieving the goals set.

#### 水資源管理

本集團倡導珍惜水資源,持續監察在業務營 運過程中的耗水量。在用水方面,除了生 活用水外,多類貨品出貨前需要用水沖洗乾 淨。本集團的所有產生的污水均經當地污水 收集系統排放至污水處理廠進行處理。我們 亦於貨倉設立了收集雨水系統,作日後貨倉 灑水降溫之用。若運營範圍發現有漏水問 題,會立即安排合資格人員進行維修。報告 期內本集團的所有用水均透過市政供水渠道 取得,因此在取得水源上沒有問題。本年 度,我們的耗水量<sup>8</sup>為1,164 (2021: 3,853)立 方米,而耗水密度則為每平方米0.05 (2021: 0.16)立方米。因為本年度出貨量及零售店數 量減少,清洗用水量亦相應減少,耗水量與 上年度相比大幅下降。我們制定管理目標, 在2019年的基礎上,維持或減少現在耗水密 度的水平。鑑於實施的節水措施,本集團正 朝著既定目標邁進。

目前各營運點的所有用水透過市政供水渠道 取得。由於深圳辦公室並沒有獨立水錶,因 此未能獲取耗水量。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Currently, water at all sites of operation is obtained through municipal water supply. As Shenzhen's office does not install independent water meter, therefore, water consumption records cannot be obtained.

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#### Waste Management and Use of Other Resources

The Group advocates responsible use of various materials, advocates waste reduction at source and properly disposes of waste or any remaining waste. Employees are expected to reuse or recycle materials and products as far as reasonably practicable. Due to its business nature, the Group consumes enormous product packaging for the sales of retail products, to assure product quality and intactness throughout the transportation process and allow customers to get the product without damage. The product packing materials are usually plastic bags, nylon bags and cardboard boxes. During the Year, the Group consumed nearly 14.6 (2021: 17.5) tonnes of packaging materials and the intensity of packaging materials amounted to 0.023 (2021: 0.026) tonnes per million HK dollars in terms of sales, down slightly from last year.

The Group encourages employees to recycle and reuse office supplies, sort and recycle waste, and reduce the generation of waste. During the Year, we implemented various resource optimization measures. In terms of paper, we implement paperless office, mainly use electronic means for internal and external communications to lower the copying or printing needs. The waste paper collected with the Group's waste paper recycling box is delivered to waste recyclers for recycling and reuse on a regular base. During the Reporting Period, 289.1 (2021: 218.2) tonnes of nonhazardous wastes were generated by the Group, including office paper and other daily waste, with an intensity of 0.012 (2021: 0.009) tonne per square metre. The hazardous wastes generated by the Group include light bulbs and fluorescent tubes, with the total amount of 0.063 (2021: 0.063) metric tons and an intensity of 0.003 (2021: 0.003) tonne per thousand square metres. Compared with previous year, the data on nonhazardous waste intensity has slightly increased while the data on hazardous waste intensity has remained about the same. We set management goals to maintain or reduce the current level of hazardous waste intensity and non-hazardous waste intensity on the basis of 2019. In view of the resource optimization measures implemented, the Group is on the right track to achieving the goals set.

#### 廢棄物管理及其他資源使用

本集團提倡負責任地使用各類物資,源頭減 廢,並妥善處理廢料或任何剩餘廢物。在 合理實際可行的情況下,員工需盡量重用或 回收物料及產品。基於業務性質,本集團的 門市產品銷售使用大量的產品包裝,以確保 整個運輸過程之產品品質和完整性且令客戶 得到無損的產品。產品一般以塑料袋、尼龍 袋及紙箱等作為包裝材料。本年度,本集團 消耗近14.6 (2021: 17.5)公噸包裝材料,包 裝材料使用密度為每百萬港元營業額0.023 (2021: 0.026)公噸,較上年度略有下降。

本集團鼓勵員工回收及循環利用辦公用品, 垃圾分類回收,減少廢棄物的產生。本年 度,我們落實了多種資源優化措施。紙張方 面,我們推行無紙化辦公,盡量以電子通訊 方式作公司內部及與外界聯繫,以減少複印 或列印的需要。本集團的辦公室亦設有廢紙 回收箱,所收集廢紙定期送往垃圾回收商用 作循環再造。於報告期內,本集團所有產生 的無害廢棄物包括廢紙及其他辦公室日常垃 圾,產生總量為289.1 (2021: 218.2)公噸, 密度為每平方米0.012 (2021: 0.009)公噸; 我們所有產生的有害廢棄物則包括燈膽和光 管,產生總量為0.063 (2021: 0.063)公噸, 密度為每千平方米0.003 (2021: 0.003)公 噸;與上年度相比,無害廢棄物密度數據略 有上升,有害廢棄物密度數據則大致相若。 我們制定管理目標,在2019年的基礎上,維 持或減少現在有害廢棄物密度及無害廢棄物 密度的水平。鑑於實施的資源優化措施,本 集團正朝著既定目標邁進。

#### **Tackling Climate Change**

In order to cope with the frequent occurrence of extreme weather caused by climate change, which has a significant impact on corporate operations, the Group has formulated corresponding climate change risk response plans. Based on the characteristics of the industry, combined with the Group's own situation and strategic objectives, we have identified and assessed the risk level of climate change risks. China Pipe did not subject to the following risks in the current Year.

In the face of acute physical risks such as flooding, super typhoon or extreme rainfall, etc., the Group likely suffers from supply chain disruption, demand drop impact, damage to infrastructure and facilities, and increased operating costs due to maintenance of damaged facilities. We will establish an emergency response team and hold emergency preparedness meeting to formulate and improve the Group's crisis management and transition plans regarding acute extreme weather events. At the same time, strengthen emergency plans and emergency drills are in place for acute extreme weather so as to avoid economic losses and safety incidents to the greatest extent. Chronic physical risks include rising temperatures which leads to higher electricity demand and operating costs, increased risk of work-related injuries, higher employee turnover and lower productivity. We will formulate emergency plans for extreme weather and reminders for safe resumption of work. For example, employees who work outdoors under continuous high temperature weather are reminded to find suitable places to rest. At the same time, we would optimize the use of resources and energy. In response to disasters and accidents caused by extreme weather, we are keen to improve the disaster response capabilities and awareness of the company and employees.

#### 應對氣候變化

為了應對氣候變化導致極端天氣頻發,對企 業經營產生重大影響,本集團制定了相應 的氣候變化風險應對方案。我們根據行業特 徵,結合本集團自身情況、戰略目標等,對 氣候變化風險進行了識別和風險等級的評 估。於本年度,中國管業並沒有受到以下風 險的影響。

面對急性實體風險如水浸、超級颱風或極端 降雨等,本集團將會可能承受供應鏈中斷、 需求下降影響、基礎建設和設施受破壞和因 維修受損設施而導致營運成本增加。我們會 成立應急工作小組及舉行年度應急準備會 議,以制定及完善集團面對急性極端天氣事 件的危機處理和過渡計劃。同時加強急性極 端天氣的應急預案與應急演練,最大程度規 避經濟損失與安全事故。至於慢性實體風險 如氣溫上升,則可能引致電力需求和營運成 本上升、增加工傷風險、員工流失率上升和 生產力下降。我們會制定極端天氣應急預案 及安全復工提示,例如持續高溫天氣下,應 讓室外工作的員工找合適的場所休息。同 時,我們應優化資源和能源的使用。針對極 端天氣容易誘發的災害和事故,我們必須提 升公司和員工的災害應對能力和意識。
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## Social Corporate Responsibility

社會企業責任

While the Group is actively developing its business, the Group has also been actively fulfilling its corporate community responsibilities, and supporting various community engagements, and continuing to bring positive impacts to the community. We implement the corporate mission "To take from society, while to give back to society". Through the establishment of two policies, the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy and the Community Policy, employees are encouraged to contribute to the society through voluntary activities and donations to the community, and bring a positive impact to the society. During the Reporting Period, The Group contributed charitable donations and fundraising activities of about HK\$8,200 (2021: HK\$28,000).

Looking forward, the Group will continue to make use of its own industry characteristics and advantages, actively cooperate with charitable organizations, participate in different community investment and public welfare activities, and give back to the society in various ways and grow together with the society.

2022-Blood Donation Activities by Hong Kong Red Cross 2022-香港紅十字會捐血活動 本集團在積極發展業務的同時,本集團也一 直積極履行企業公民責任,支持各項社區參 與,持續為社區帶來正面影響。我們以「取 諸社會,用諸社會」為企業宗旨。通過建立 《企業社會責任政策》及《社區政策》兩項政 策,鼓勵員工透過義務活動及捐助社群回饋 社會,為社會帶來正面影響。於報告期內, 本集團貢獻慈善捐獻款項及籌組活動資金約 8,200港元(2021: 28,000港元)。

展望未來,本集團將繼續利用自身的行業特 色及優勢,積極與慈善團體合作,參與不同 社區投資和公益活動,多方面回饋社會,與 社會共同成長。

China Pipe takes an active participation in the Blood Donation Activities organized by the Hong Kong Red Cross to show our support to blood donation. We hope that through our active participation, more people in the society can participate in the activities of blood donation to save more lives.

中國管業積極參與香港紅十字會組織的捐血活動,表達我們對捐血的支持。我們希望通過我們的積極參與,讓社 會上更多的人參與捐血活動,拯救更多的生命。



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# "1+1 Go Along With You" Charity Bazaar and Visiting Activities 「1+1與你同行」義賣及探訪活動

The social enterprise "3H Handicraft" under the Mission to New Arrivals Limited trains grassroots ladies and sells different handmade products made them, so that they can take care of the family at home while earning income to help support the family. China Pipe has shown great support by purchasing their hand-made lucky bag including hand-made Carnation flower, hand-made eco-friendly dish towels, hand-made face masks, surgical mask as well as rapid antigen testing ("RAT") kits, and also delivering them to grassroots families.

新福事工協會有限公司旗下社企「手情家」培訓基層女士,售賣她們製作的不同手工製品,讓她們在家照顧家人的 同時,也能賺取收入養家糊口。中國管業購買她們的手工福袋,包括手工製作的康乃馨花、手工製作的環保洗碗 巾、手工製作的口罩、外科口罩以及快速抗原檢測試劑盒以示支持,並將它們送到基層家庭。





環境、社會及管治報告

Social Corporate Responsibility

社會企業責任

Caring for the Community Action 2022-Mid-Autumn Festival Volunteer Activities 關懷社區行動2022—中秋義工活動

China Pipe Volunteer Team visited the elderlies to celebrate a happy Mid-Autumn Festival, and offered mooncake gift sets and daily necessities. We hope to express our care and concern for the elderlies and promote the concept of caring, and serving the community.

中國管業義工團隊探訪長者,共度中秋佳節,並贈送月餅禮盒和生活用品。我們希望表達我們對長者的關懷和關心,推廣關愛社區、服務社區的理念。





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Caring for the Community Action 2022-Happy Bags for the Elderly 關懷社區行動2022—開心福袋贈長者

China Pipe Volunteer Team came visited the elderlies and offered lucky bags including rice and daily necessities. We hope to express our concern for the elderlies under the pandemic, promote the concept of caring, and serving the community.

中國管業義工團隊前來探望長者,並贈送大米、日用品等福袋。希望在疫情下表達對長者的關懷,弘揚關愛社區、服務社區的理念。





#### . . . . Environmental, Social and Governance Report

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# 環境、社會及管治報告 Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘要

Environmental KPI 環境關鍵績效指標	Unit 單位	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Emission <sup>9,</sup> 排放物 <sup>9</sup>			
Nitrogen Oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ) 氮氧化物	kg 千克	1,844.7	2,234.3
Sulphur Oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ) 硫氧化物	kg 千克	12.4	15.5
Respirable Suspended Particulates (RSP) 可吸入懸浮粒子	kg 千克	177.2	175.3
GHG emissions 溫室氣體排放			
Direct GHG emissions (scope 1) <sup>10</sup> 直接溫室氣體排放(範圍1) <sup>10</sup>	tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> -e 公噸二氧化碳當量	389.5	427.0
Indirect GHG emissions (scope 2) <sup>11</sup> 間接溫室氣體排放(範圍2) <sup>11</sup>	tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> -e 公噸二氧化碳當量	117.9	266.0
Other indirect GHG emissions (scope 3) <sup>12</sup> 其他間接溫室氣體排放(範圍3) <sup>12</sup>	tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> -e 公噸二氧化碳當量	8.7	11.0
GHG emissions in total (scope 1, 2 and 3) <sup>13</sup> 溫室氣體排放總量(範圍1, 2及3) <sup>13</sup>	tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> -e 公噸二氧化碳當量	516.1	704.0
GHG intensity (in terms of floor area per m <sup>2</sup> ) 溫室氣體排放密度(以每平方米面積計算)	tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> -e/square metre 公噸二氧化碳當量/平方米	0.021	0.028
Energy consumption 能源耗用量			
Direct energy consumption 直接能源耗用量	MWh 兆瓦時	1,568.3	1,626.6
Indirect energy consumption <sup>14</sup> 間接能源耗用量 <sup>14</sup>	MWh 兆瓦時	298.2	421.8
Total energy consumption 能源耗用總量	<b>MWh</b> 兆瓦時	1,866.5	2,048.4
Energy intensity (in terms of floor area per m <sup>2</sup> ) 能源耗用密度(以每平方米面積計算)	MWh/square metre 兆瓦時/平方米	0.076	0.083
Water consumption <sup>15</sup> 水源耗用量 <sup>15</sup>			
Total water consumption 耗水總量	cubic metre 立方米	1,164.0	3,853.0
Water consumption intensity (in terms of floor area per m <sup>2</sup> ) 耗水密度(以每平方米面積計算)	cubic metre/square metre 立方米/平方米	0.05	0.16

Environmental KPI 環境關鍵績效指標	Unit 單位	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Waste Generation 廢棄物產生			
Total non-hazardous waste 無害廢棄物總量	tonnes 公噸	289.1	218.2
Non-hazardous waste intensity (in terms of floor area per m <sup>2</sup> ) 無害廢棄物密度(以每平方米面積計算)	tonnes/square metre 公噸/平方米	0.012	0.009
Total hazardous waste 有害廢棄物總量	tonnes 公噸	0.063	0.063
Hazardous waste intensity (in terms of floor area per 1,000 m <sup>2</sup> ) 有害廢棄物密度(以每千平方米面積計算)	tonnes/1,000 square metre 公噸/千平方米	0.003	0.003
Packaging material use 包裝材料使用			
Total packaging materials 包裝材料總量	tonnes 公噸	14.6	17.5
Intensity of packaging materials (in terms of sales) 包裝材料密度(以營業額計算)	tonnes/million HKD 公噸/百萬港元	0.023	0.026

- <sup>9</sup> As Shenzhen's office does not involve in the emissions of combustion of fossil fuel from stationary and mobile source, therefore, there are no relevant air emissions.
- <sup>10</sup> Scope 1 includes emissions of fossil fuel combustion from stationary and mobile sources. The Shenzhen's office does not involve in the emissions of fossil fuel combustion from stationary and mobile sources. Therefore, there is no relevant Scope 1 emissions.
- <sup>11</sup> Scope 2 includes emissions caused by purchasing electricity from power company.
- <sup>12</sup> Scope 3 includes upstream and downstream emissions from waste paper disposal, water treatment and sewage treatment regarding the business operation in Hong Kong.
- <sup>13</sup> During the Year, the Group's total greenhouse gas emissions decreased due to the decrease in shipments.
- <sup>14</sup> During the Year, the Group's power consumption decreased due to the relocation of Hong Kong office with relatively smaller space and fewer electronic equipment, and also the decrease in the number of retail shop.
- <sup>15</sup> Currently, water at all sites of operation is obtained through municipal water supply. As Shenzhen's office does not install independent water meter, therefore, water consumption cannot be obtained.

深圳辦公室不涉及固定源及移動源化石燃料 燃燒的排放,故沒有相關的廢氣排放。

- 範圍1包括源自固定源及移動源化石燃料燃 燒的排放。深圳辦公室不涉及固定源及移動 源化石燃料燃燒的排放,故沒有相關的範圍 1的排放。
- \*\* 範圍2包括來自從電力公司購買電力所引致 的排放。
- <sup>12</sup> 範圍3包括香港經營業務來自廢紙棄置、食水處理與污水處理所引致的上游及下游排放。
- <sup>13</sup>本年度,本集團因出貨量減少,所以溫室氣 體排放總量亦下降。
- <sup>14</sup>本年度,由於香港辦公室搬遷,辦公室面積 相對較小及電子設備較少,以及零售店數目 減少,所以耗電量亦下降。
- <sup>15</sup> 目前各營運點的所有用水透過市政供水渠道 取得。由於深圳辦公室並沒有獨立水錶,因 此未能獲取耗水量。

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環境、社會及管治報告 Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘要

Social KPI 社會關鍵績效指標		Unit 單位	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Number of employ 員工人數	rees			
	Hong Kong 香港	People 人數	144	140
Location 地區	Macau 澳門	People 人數	4	4
	Mainland China – Shenzhen 中國內地-深圳	People 人數	7	4
Gender	Male 男性	People 人數	102	103
性別	Female 女性	People 人數	53	45
	Below 30 30歲以下	People 人數	17	13
Age group 年齡組別	30-50 30-50歲	People 人數	69	72
	Above 50 50歲以上	People 人數	69	63
	Management 管理人員	People 人數	5	7
Grade 職級	Department head/manager 部門主管/經理	People 人數	25	18
	General staff 一般員工	People 人數	125	123
Employment type 僱傭類別	Full-time 全職	People 人數	155	147
		People 人數	0	1
Total number of emp 總員工人數	bloyees	People 人數	155	148

Employee turno 員工流失比率 <sup>16</sup>	over rate <sup>16</sup>	Unit 單位	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
	Hong Kong 香港	<b>%</b> 百分比	36.1	62.9
Location 地區	 Macau 澳門	<b>%</b> 百分比	0.0	0.0
	Mainland China – Shenzhen 中國內地-深圳	<b>%</b> 百分比	0.0	0.0
Gender	Male 男性	<b>%</b> 百分比	31.4	53.4
性別	Female 女性	<b>%</b> 百分比	37.7	73.3
	Below 30 30歲以下	<b>%</b> 百分比	35.3	76.9
Age group 年齡組別	30-50 30-50歲	<b>%</b> 百分比	47.8	52.8
	Above 50 50歲以上	<b>%</b> 百分比	18.8	63.5
Total employee tu 總員工流失比率	urnover rate	<b>%</b> 百分比	33.5	48.6

<sup>16</sup> Turnover rate for employees in the relevant categories = L(x)/E(x) x100, L(x) = Number of employees leave employment in the specified category, E(x) = Number of total employees in the specified category.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> 各類別的流失比率 = L(x) / E(x) x 100, L(x) = 該類別員工的離職人數, E(x) = 該類別員工 總數。

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Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary

## 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘要

Employee training <sup>17</sup> 員工培訓 <sup>17</sup>		<b>Unit</b> 單位	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
	Percentage of trained male employees 男性受訓百分比	<b>%</b> 百分比	69.4	91.8
Gender	Percentage of trained female employees 女性受訓百分比	<b>%</b> 百分比	30.6	8.2
性別	Average training hours for male employees 男性平均培訓時數	Hour 小時	3.3	1.5
	Average training hours for female employees 女性平均培訓時數	Hour 小時	2.6	1.1
	Percentage of trained management 管理人員受訓百分比	<b>%</b> 百分比	1.9	6.1
	Percentage of trained department head/ manager 部門主管/經理受訓百分比	<b>%</b> 百分比	11.2	8.2
Grade	Percentage of trained general staff 一般員工受訓百分比	<b>%</b> 百分比	86.9	85.7
職級	Average training hours for management 管理人員平均培訓時數	Hour 小時	0.7	12.5
	Average training hours for department head/ manager 部門主管/經理平均培訓時數	Hour 小時	6.6	3.5
	Average training hours for general staff 一般員工平均培訓時數	Hour 小時	2.4	0.4

我們按照聯交所《如何編備環境、社會及管 治報告》附錄三《社會關鍵績效指標匯報指 引》計算受訓員工百分比。

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各類別的受訓員工百分比 = T(x) / T x 100, T(x) = 該類別員工受訓人數, T = 受訓員工總 人數。

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> We follow in HKEX's Appendix 3: Reporting Guidance on Social KPIs in How to prepare an ESG Report to calculate percentage of employees trained.

Percentage of employees trained in the relevant categories = T(x)/T x 100, T(x) = Number of employees who took part in training in the specified category, T = Number of total employees who took part in training.

Work-related injurie 因工受傷	S	<b>Unit</b> 單位	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度
Number of	Male 男性	number 人數	4	5
work-related injury 因工受傷人數	Female 女性	number 人數	0	0
Lost days due to	Male 男性	number 工作日數	693	67
work-related injury 因工傷損失工作日數	Female 女性	number 工作日數	0	0

Work-related fatalities 因工死亡	Unit 單位	2022 2022年度	2021 2021年度	2020 2020年度
Number and rate of	number (%)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)
work-related fatalities 因工死亡人數及比率	人數(百分比)			



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Content of Indicat 指標內容	or	Relevant Sections 相關章節	<b>Page Index</b> 頁碼索引
<i>A. Environmental ,</i> <i>A. 環境範疇</i> A1: Emissions A1:排放物	Aspect		
General Disclosure 一般披露	<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) the policies; and</li> <li>(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and GHG emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.</li> </ul>	Co-Creating Green Operation	64-71
	有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排 污、有害及無害廢物的產生等的: (a)政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	共創綠色營運	
A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 排放物種類及相關排放數據。	Energy Conservation and Emission Reduction Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 節能減排管理 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	65-69, 76-81
A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放量 (以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、 每項設施計算)。	Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	76-81
A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密 度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	76-81
A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密 度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	76-81

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Content of Indicate 指標內容	or	Relevant Sections 相關章節	Page Index 頁碼索引
A1.5	Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採 取的步驟。	Waste Management and Use of Other Resources 廢棄物管理及其他資源使用	70
A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non- hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Waste Management and Use of Other Resources	70
	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所 訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步 驟。	廢棄物管理及其他資源使用	
A2: Use of Resourc A2:資源使用	:es		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on efficient use of resources including energy, water, and other raw materials.	Energy Conservation and Emission Reduction Management Water Resource Management Waste Management and Use of Other Resources	65-70
	有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政 策。	節能減排管理 水資源管理 廢棄物管理及其他資源使用	
42.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Energy Conservation and Emission Reduction Management Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary	65-69, 76-81
	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或 油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產 量單位、每項設施計算)。	節能減排管理 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	
A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Water Resource Management Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary	69, 76-81
	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計 算)。	水資源管理 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	
A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目 標所採取的步驟。	Energy Conservation and Emission Reduction Management 節能減排管理	65-69



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Content of Indicate 指標內容	or	Relevant Sections 相關章節	Page Index 頁碼索引
A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve	Water Resource Management	69
	them. 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立 的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步 驟。	水資源管理	
A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	Waste Management and Use of Other Resources Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary	70, 76-81
	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適 用)每生產單位佔量。	廢棄物管理及其他資源使用 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	
A3: The Environme A3:環境及天然資》	ent and Natural Resources 原		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.	Co-Creating Green Operation	64-71
	iesources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	共創綠色營運	
A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and	Co-Creating Green Operation	64-71
	actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已 採取管理有關影響的行動。	共創綠色營運	
A4: Climate Chang A4:氣候變化	e		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	Tackling Climate Change	71
	識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重 大氣候相關事宜的政策。	應對氣候變化	
A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	Tackling Climate Change	71
	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候 相關事宜,及應對行動。	應對氣候變化	

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Content of Indicate 指標內容	or	Relevant Sections 相關章節	Page Index 頁碼索引
<i>B. Social Aspect B. 社會範疇</i> B1: Employment B1:僱傭			
General Disclosure 一般披露	<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) the policies; and</li> <li>(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.</li> <li>有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假 期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及 福利的:</li> <li>(a) 政策;及</li> <li>(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。</li> </ul>	Employment Structure Management Employee Rights and Benefits 僱傭架構管理 員工權益福利	57-60
B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full-or part-time), age group and geographical region. 按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及 地區劃分的僱員總數。	Employment Structure Management Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 僱傭架構管理 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	57-58, 76-81
B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比 率。	Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	76-81
B2: Health and Saf B2:健康與安全	ety		
General Disclosure 一般披露	<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) the policies; and</li> <li>(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.</li> <li>有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危</li> </ul>	Occupational Safety and Health 職業安全與健康	60-62
	<ul> <li>(a) 政策;及</li> <li>(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例</li> <li>的資料。</li> </ul>	2	PORT 2022 年 5

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Content of Indicate 指標內容	or	Relevant Sections 相關章節	Page Index 頁碼索引
B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year. 過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及 比率。	Occupational Safety and Health Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 職業安全與健康 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	60-62, 76-81
B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。	Occupational Safety and Health Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 職業安全與健康 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	60-62, 76-81
B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執 行及監察方法。	Occupational Safety and Health 職業安全與健康	60-62
B3: Development a B3:發展及培訓	and Training		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政 策。描述培訓活動。	Nurturing of Key Talents 重點人才培育	62-63
B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層 等)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	Nurturing of Key Talents Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 重點人才培育 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	62-63, 76-81
B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平 均時數。	Nurturing of Key Talents Appendix I: Environmental and Social KPIs Summary 重點人才培育 附錄一:環境及社會關鍵績效指標摘 要	62-63, 76-81

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## Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告 Appendix II: ESG Reporting Guide Content Index of HKEX 附錄二:聯交所《環境、社會及管治報告指引》索引

Content of Indicate 指標內容	br	Relevant Sections 相關章節	<b>Page Index</b> 頁碼索引
B4: Labour Standa B4:勞工準則	rds		
General Disclosure 一般披露	<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) the policies; and</li> <li>(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour.</li> </ul>	Employment Structure Management	57-58
	有關防止童工或強制勞工的: (a)政策;及 (b)遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	僱傭架構管理	
B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞 工。	Employment Structure Management 僱傭架構管理	57-58
34.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate non- compliance when discovered. 描述發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取緊的步 驟。	Employment Structure Management 僱傭架構管理	57-58
B5: Supply Chain M B5:供應鏈管理	<b>Nanagement</b>		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理	54-56
B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	Supply Chain Management 供應鍵管理	54-56
35.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management	54-56
	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的 供應商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理	
35.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management	54-56
	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險 的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理	
35.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management	54-56
	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的 慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理	
		ANNUAL RE	PORT 2022 年:

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Content of Indicate 指標內容	or	Relevant Sections 相關章節	Page Index 頁碼索引
B6: Product Respon B6:產品責任	nsibility		
General Disclosure 一般披露	<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) the policies; and</li> <li>(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.</li> </ul>	Compliant Business Environment	50-56
	有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標 籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的: (a)政策;及 (b)遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	合規營商環境	
B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須 回收的百分比。	Product Quality Control 產品品質監控	50-51
B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with. 接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	Customer Service Quality 客戶服務質素	56
B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	Information Security Management 信息安全管理	52
B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	Product Quality Control 產品品質監控	50-51
B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者數據保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行 及監察方法。	Information Security Management 信息安全管理	52

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or	Relevant Sections 相關章節	Page Index 頁碼索引
1		
<ul> <li>Information on:</li> <li>(a) the policies; and</li> <li>(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud, and money laundering.</li> </ul>	Building a Culture of Integrity	52-53
有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。	建設廉潔文化	
Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the Reporting Period and the outcomes of the cases.	Building a Culture of Integrity	52-53
於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪 污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	建設廉潔文化	
Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Building a Culture of Integrity	52-53
描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察 方法。	建設廉潔文化	
Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	Building a Culture of Integrity 建設廉潔文化	52-53
estment		
Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities takes into consideration communities' interests.	Social Corporate Responsibility	72-75
有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保 其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	社會企業責任	
Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	Social Corporate Responsibility	72-75
專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、 健康、文化、體育)。	社會企業責任	
Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	Social Corporate Responsibility 社會企業責任	72-75
	Information on:(a) the policies; and(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud, and money laundering.有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的:(a) 政策: 及(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the Reporting Period and the outcomes of the cases. 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪 方訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察 方法。Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。EstmentPolicies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities takes into consideration communities' interests. af關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確確 其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).專注頁獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、 健康、文化、體育)。Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to	相關章節Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud, and money laundering.Building a Culture of Integrity有關防止賄賂、勃索、欺詐及沈黑錢的: (a) 速葉:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例 的資料。建設廉潔文化Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the Reporting Period and the outcomes of the cases.Building a Culture of IntegrityDescription of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.Building a Culture of IntegrityDescription of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.Building a Culture of IntegrityDescription of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.Building a Culture of IntegrityPolicies on community engagement to 



The directors of the Company (the "Directors") have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 36 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by operating segments is set out in Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 118.

The board of directors of the Company (the "Board") does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

In accordance with the relevant provision of the Bye-laws of the Company: 1. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends in any currency but no dividends shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board. 2. The Board may subject to Bye-laws from time to time pay to the shareholders such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the position of the Company. 3. The Board may also pay half-yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by it any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if the Board is of the opinion that the profits justify the payment. 4. No dividend shall be declared or paid and no distribution of contributed surplus made otherwise than in accordance with the Statutes. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution. 5. The Company may distribute dividends by way of cash or scrip.

The Company's ability to distribute dividends will depend on, among others, the operating results, cash flow, financial condition and capital requirements of the Group and the interests of the shareholders of the Company. The Company's distribution of dividends shall also comply with any restrictions under the Bermuda Companies Act and the Bye-laws of the Company. 本公司董事(「董事」)欣然提呈其報告連同截 至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之經審 核財務報表。

#### 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,而其附屬公司之主要業務則載於財務報表附註36。

按營運分部之本集團表現之分析載於財務報 表附註5。

#### 業績及分派

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度之業績載於第118頁之綜合收益表。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)不建議派付截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股 息。

#### 股息政策

根據本公司之細則之相關條文:1.本公司可 於股東大會中宣佈以任何貨幣派發股息,但 所宣派的股息不得超過董事會建議的金額。 2.在細則的規限下,董事會可不時決定向股 東支付董事會根據本公司的狀況判斷認為合 理的中期股息。3.董事會如認為溢利可合理 地支付,也可決定每半年或每隔董事會規定 的一段其他適當時間按固定股息率支付任何 股息。4.除非依據法規,否則不得自繳入盈 餘宣派或派付股息或作出分派。除可供分派 的溢利外,概無股息可被分派。5.本公司可 以現金或股份方式分配股息。

本公司分派股息的能力將取決於(其中包括) 本集團的經營業績,現金流量,財務狀況及 資本要求以及本公司股東的利益。本公司的 股息分配亦須遵守百慕達公司法及本公司細 則的任何限制。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A review of the business of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future business development, possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this Annual Report.

The details of financial risk management of the Group are set out in Note 3 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is set out in the section headed "Five-Year Financial Summary" of this Annual Report.

The compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group is set out in this "Report of Directors" and the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" of this Annual Report.

# Social Responsibilities and Services and Environmental policies

The Group is committed in promoting the sustainable development of both the environment and the society.

We believe it is more blessed to give than to receive. As such, we support and encourage our employees to participate in community service activities. With the support from the management team, our core business company, Bun Kee (International) Limited ("Bun Kee") is committed to participate and support social services activities. In this regard, Bun Kee has awarded the Caring Company logo in recognition of our corporate social responsibility's participation and commitment. We also believe in the ripple effect which those people, whom we helped, will in turn help others who are in need.

With regards to environmental policy, we pay a great deal of attention to promoting environmental protection. We will integrate environmental awareness in our daily operations including:

 Reduce electricity consumption, improve energy efficiency, use of energy-efficient products to replace the appliances and equipment;

#### 業務回顧

有關本集團本年度業務之回顧及有關本集團 未來業務發展之討論,本集團可能面對之潛 在風險及不明朗因素載於本年報的「主席報 告」及「管理層討論及分析」內披露。

本集團之財務風險管理詳請載於財務報表附 註3。

本集團採用主要財務表現指標對其本年度 表現之分析載於本年報「五年財務概要」內披 露。

對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及規例之遵 守情況載於本「董事會報告」內及於本年報的 「企業管治報告」內披露。

#### 社會責任和服務及環境政策

本集團在推動環境和社會方面的可持續發展 不遺餘力。

我們一直相信施比受更為有福。因此,我們 支持和鼓勵員工參與社區服務活動。在管理 團隊的支持下,我們的主營業務公司,彬記 (國際)有限公司(「彬記」)一直致力參與及支 持社會服務活動。在這方面,彬記已獲頒發 商界展關懷的標誌,以表彰我們對企業社會 責任的參與和承諾。我們亦相信連鎖效應, 推己及人,我們幫助別人,而別人亦去幫助 其他有需要幫助的人。

在環境政策方面,我們致力關注推行環保。 我們將環保意識融入在我們的日常運作上, 包括:

減低耗電量,提高能源效益,於更換電
 器及設備時選用高能源效益之產品;

## Report of the Directors 董事會報告

- Turn off lightings, air-conditioners and electrical appliances in offices after working hours, or when rooms not being used, for instance, the conference rooms;
- Use electronic means for communications internally and with external parties;
- Reduce the need to copy and print. Use of recycled paper, copy and print on both sides of the paper, where appropriate; and
- Re-use of office supplies (such as single-sided paper, paper clips, envelopes, file folders, paper bags, plastic bags).

#### **Relationships with key stakeholders**

The Group understands and supports that employees, customers, suppliers and business partners, investors and shareholders are vital to our sustainable and stable development.

#### (i) Employees

The Group is an equal opportunity employer. Our employee handbook outlines terms and conditions of employment, code of conduct and employee benefits. We promote harmony and respect in our workplace. Employees are one of our most important assets. To that end, we provide selfimprovement and advancement opportunities as well as a safe workplace in order to retain high calibre employees. The Group values the well-being and health of our employees and therefore provides medical insurance coverage and benefits to our employees. In addition, we will organize staff gathering guarterly and annual dinner, all management will also participate to maintain good relations with employees and promote two-way communication. The Company will conduct staff appraisal annually, and also provide exit interviews for the outgoing employees. We adopt an open policy to allow employees at any time, by email or in person to the department managers or Human Resources department to express their views.

- 於非辦公時間或毋需使用房間(如會議 室)時,關掉電燈、空調和電子設備;
- 盡量以電子通訊方式作公司內部及與外 界聯繫;
- 減少複印或列印的需要,在可行的情況
   下,使用再用紙,紙張雙面列印和複印
   (如適用);及
- 辦公用品(例如單面紙、曲別針、信 封、檔夾、紙袋、塑膠袋)重複使用。

#### 與主要持份者關係

本集團明白並支持僱員、客戶、供應商和業 務合作夥伴,投資者和股東對我們的持續穩 定發展至關重要。

#### (i) 僱員

本集團是一個平等機會的僱主。我們的 員工手冊概述了就職的條款,員工行為 守則和員工福利方面的情況。我們推廣 工作地方的和諧和尊重。員工是我們其 中最重要的資產之一。為此,我們提供 自我完善和發展的機會,也提供安全的 工作環境,以留住高素質的員工。本集 團重視福利和員工的健康,因此我們提 供醫療保險和福利予員工。此外,我們 會舉辦季度的員工聚餐和调年晚宴,所 有管理層均會參與,與員工保持良好的 關係,並促進雙向溝通。公司會每年為 員工進行一次考核,亦會為即將離任的 員工進行離職面談。我們採取開放的政 策,讓僱員可以在任何時間,通過電子 郵件或面談向部門經理或人力資源部發 表他們的意見。

#### (ii) Customers

We provide high quality products to our customers constantly as it is the best way to retain customers and business growth. Our sales team will visit customers regularly to keep abreast of new opportunities and challenges. All opinions received will be prompt handled by the relevant team. We grow up together with most of our customers in past years and we have established solid and long-term relationships with them. We also have built up a trust and good reputation among our customers over the years.

#### (iii) Suppliers and business partners

For our suppliers and business partners, we strive to maintain a stable and long-term relationship with them. The Group's procurement is based on our stringent suppliers' selection criteria. To ensure the highest quality of products, the Group has requested the suppliers to provide product certification. In addition, we engaged highly reputable independent laboratories for quality testing to ensure that the products comply with local and international standards. Our sales team and procurement team will have regular visit to our suppliers' factories for inspection. In order to allow our customers to have direct feedback channel to the suppliers, we will also organize some factory tours to the customers. This can let them better understanding of the production flow and products quality affirmation in order to win the utmost confidence of customers.

#### (iv) Investors and shareholders

For the investors and shareholders, we maintain a high level of transparency and communicate with them through meetings, announcements and circulars. The Company maintains a website, the information will be updated from time to time. In addition, a dedicated email address is set out in the "IR Contact" section of the Company's website for investor and general public inquiry.

#### (ii) 客戶

我們不斷提供高品質的產品給我們的客 戶,因為這是留住客戶和保持業務增長 的最佳方法。我們的銷售團隊會定期走 訪客戶,與時並進了解我們新的機遇和 挑戰。收到的所有意見,都會由相關團 隊即時跟進。我們大部份客戶都與我們 在過去多年中一起發展壯大,我們已經 與他們建立了穩固和長期的關係。多年 來,我們亦已建立起廣大客戶對我們的 信任和良好口碑。

#### (iii) 供應商和業務合作夥伴

對於我們的供應商和業務合作夥伴,我 們致力與他們保持一個穩定的和長期的 關係。本集團的採購是基於我們嚴格的 供應商挑選準則。為了確保最高的產品 質量。本集團已要求供應商提供產品的 認證室,本集團已要求供應商提供產品的 認證室,此外,我們聘請信譽良好的獨之 實驗地和國際標準。我們的銷售團隊和 採動一些工廠參觀活動,令客戶重 歸辦一些工廠參觀活動,令客戶更加 了解供應商的生產工序和對產品品質的 肯定,藉以贏取客戶的極大信心。

#### (iv) 投資者和股東

在投資者和股東方面,我們維持高透明 度,通過會議、公告及通函與他們溝 通。本公司設有一個網站,網站上的資 訊會不時更新。此外,本公司網站的 「投資者信箱」欄目內專設了一個電郵地 址,供投資者和公眾人士向本集團查詢 事宜。





#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

Distributable reserves of the Company as at 31 December 2022 amounted to approximately HK\$128.7 million.

#### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of the movements in properties, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in Note 13 to the financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in Note 23 to the financial statements.

#### BORROWINGS

Particulars of borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2022 are set out in Note 25 to the financial statements.

#### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the year.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws or the Bermuda Companies Act, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated.

#### **PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 are set out in Note 36 to the financial statements.

#### 可供分派儲備

於二零二二年十二月三十一日本公司之可供 分派儲備為128,700,000港元。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載於 財務報表附註13。

#### 股本

本公司之股本變動詳情載於財務報表附註 23。

#### 借貸

本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日之借貸 詳情載於財務報表附註25。

#### 購買、出售或贖回股份

本公司於年內概無贖回其任何股份。本公司 及其任何附屬公司於年內概無買賣任何本公 司股份。

#### 優先認購權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達(本公司註冊成立 所在司法權區)公司法中並無有關優先認購權 之條文。

#### 主要附屬公司

本公司於二零二二年十二月三十一日之主要 附屬公司詳情載於財務報表附註36。

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## Report of the Directors 董事會報告

## ctors 。 報告

#### DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Lai Fulin *(Chairman)* Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng *(Chief Executive Officer)* 

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson Mr. Chen Wei Wen Mr. Guan Zhiqiang Mr. Wang Chaolong (Appointed on 3 January 2023)

In accordance with bye-law 99 of the Bye-laws of the Company, Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson and Mr. Guan Zhiqiang will retire from office by rotation and being eligible, offer themselves for reelection at the forthcoming annual general meeting. In accordance with bye-law 102(B) of the Bye-laws of the Company, Mr. Wang Chaolong will retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting. The retiring director being eligible, offer himself for re-election.

#### CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each independent non-executive Director an annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers that all of them are independent.

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this Annual Report.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT**

None of the Directors offering themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has entered in to any service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries, which is not terminable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).



#### 董事

年內及直至本報告日期之本公司董事為:

#### 執行董事

賴福麟先生(主席) 俞安生先生(首席執行官)

#### 獨立非執行董事

黃以信先生 陳偉文先生 管志強先生 王朝龍先生(於二零二三年一月三日獲委任)

根據本公司的公司細則第99條,黃以信先生 及管志強先生將輪值退任,惟有資格並願意 於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。根據本公 司的公司細則第102(B)條,王朝龍先生將須 於即將舉行之股東週年大會上退任。即將退 任董事有資格及願意膺選連任。

#### 獨立非執行董事之獨立確認

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規 則第3.13條規定作出獨立性之年度確認,而 本公司亦認為彼均具獨立性。

#### 董事及高級管理人員之履歷

董事及高級管理人員之履歷載於本年報的「董 事及高級管理人員之履歷」內披露。

#### 董事服務合約

於本公司即將舉行之股東週年大會上願意膺 選連任之董事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公 司簽訂不可於一年內毋須繳付賠償(法定賠償 除外)而終止之任何服務合約。



#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors and their respective associates has an interest in any business which competes or may compete with the business in which the Group engaged.

#### **CHANGE IN DIRECTORS' INFORMATION**

Pursuant to the disclosure requirement under Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in details of the Directors' information subsequent to the date of the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 June 2022 are set out below:

With effect from 1 January 2023, the annual directors' fee of Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson and Mr. Guan Zhiqiang revised from HK\$200,000 to HK\$150,000 respectively and the annual director fee of Mr. Chen Wei Wen revised from HK\$150,000 to HK\$100,000.

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 May 2015, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "2015 Scheme") under which the directors of the Company may grant options to eligible persons to subscribe for the Company's shares subject to the terms and conditions as stipulated therein. Unless otherwise cancelled or amended, the 2015 Scheme will remain valid for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption.

#### The 2015 Scheme

The details of 2015 Scheme are as follows:

#### (a) Purpose

The purpose of the 2015 Scheme is to recognize and acknowledge the contributions or potential contributions made or to be made by the participants to the Group, to motivate the participants to optimize their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group, and to maintain or attract business relationship with the participants whose contributions are or may be beneficial to the growth of the Group.

#### 董事於競爭性業務之權益

董事及彼等各自之聯繫人概無擁有與本集團 構成或可能構成競爭之任何業務權益。

#### 董事資料變更

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條之披露要求,於 本公司截至二零二二年六月三十日止六個月 之中期報告日期後,董事資料變動詳情載列 如下:

自二零二三年一月一日起,黃以信及管志 強的年度董事袍金分別由200,000港元調整 至150,000港元和陳偉文的年度董事袍金由 150,000港元調整至100,000港元。

#### 購股權計劃

於二零一五年五月二十一日舉行之本公司股 東週年大會上,本公司股東批准採納新購股 權計劃(「二零一五年計劃」),據此,本公司 董事可向合資格人士授出購股權,以認購本 公司股份,惟須受二零一五年計劃規定之條 款及條件所規限。除另行取消或修訂外,二 零一五年計劃將自其採納日期起計十年期間 維持有效。

#### 二零一五年計劃

有關二零一五年計劃詳情如下:

#### (a) 目的

二零一五年計劃旨在表揚及肯定參與者 對本集團已作出或將作出的貢獻或潛在 貢獻,激勵參與者以最佳表現及最高效 率為本集團締造利益,並維繫或吸引與 參與者的業務關係,其貢獻有利於或將 會有利於本集團的發展。

#### (b) Participants

The Board may offer to grant options to the participants which means (i) any director (including any executive director, non-executive director or independent non- executive director) of any member of the Group; (ii) any employee (whether in full time or part-time employment) of any member of the Group; (iii) any consultant, adviser, supplier, customer or subcontractor of the Group, and (iv) any other person whatsoever from time to time determined by the Board as having contributed to the development, growth or benefit of the Group.

#### (c) Total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme

The total number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the general meeting of the Company approving the Scheme. The number of shares may be refreshed by the approval of the shareholders and the refreshed limit of the number of shares must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as the date of the approval of the refreshed limit. The maximum number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

The total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme is 133,226,600 Shares, representing 10% of the total number of shares of the Company in issue as at the date of this report.

#### (d) Maximum entitlement of each participant

Total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each participant (including exercised or outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue as at the date of grant.

#### (b) 參與者

董事會可向參與者授出購股權。參與者 乃指(i)本集團任何成員之任何董事(包括 任何執行董事、非執行董事或獨立非執 行董事);(ii)本集團任何成員之任何僱 員(不論屬全職或非全職);(iii)本集團任 何顧問、諮詢人、供應商、客戶或分包 商;及(iv)由董事會釐定為對本集團之發 展、增長或利益作出貢獻之任何其他人 士。

#### (c) 根據計劃可供發行之股份數目

因行使根據計劃及本公司任何其他購股 權計劃將予授出之所有購股權而可發行 之股份總數,合共不得超過本公司於股 東大會上批准計劃當日已發行股份總數 10%。股份數目可由股東批准更新, 惟經更新之股份數目上限不得超過批准 更新上限之日期本公司已發行股本之 10%。因行使根據計劃及本公司任何其 他購股權計劃已授出而尚未行使之購股 權而可發行之股份數目,合共不得超過 不時已發行股份總數之30%。

根 據 計 劃 可 供 發 行 的 股 份 數 目 共 133,226,600股,佔本公司於本報告日 期的已發行股本10%。

#### (d) 根據計劃每位參與者之最高股份限額

於任何十二個月期間,因行使授予每位 參與者之購股權(包括已行使或尚未行 使之購股權)而發行及將發行予每位參 與者之股份總數,不得超過授出日期已 發行股份總數之1%。

## Report of the Directors 董事會報告

#### (e) Minimum period for options to be held

No minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised unless otherwise specified in the relevant offer letter.

#### (f) Period and payment on acceptance of options

Pursuant to the Scheme, HK\$10 is payable by the grantee to the Company on acceptance of the option within 28 days from the date of grant of the option.

#### (g) Basis determining the subscription price

The subscription price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the Scheme shall be a price determined by the Board and notified to the participants and shall be at least the highest of (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") daily quotation sheet on the date on which the options are deemed to be granted and accepted in accordance with the terms of the Scheme (the "Commencement Date"), which must be a business day; (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet for the five business days immediately preceding the Commencement Date; and (c) the nominal value of the shares.

#### (h) Life of the Scheme

Subject to earlier termination by the Company at general meeting or by the Board, the life of the Scheme commenced from 21 May 2015, the date of adoption, and ended on 20 May 2025.

As at 31 December 2022, no share option was granted by the Company under the 2015 Scheme.

#### (e) 持有購股權之最短期限

除非任何有關要約之條款另有指明外, 否則購股權毋須持有最短期限亦可行 使。

#### (f) 接納購股權之期間及付款

根據計劃,承授人須在接納購股權後於 授出購股權日期起計二十八日內向本公 司支付10港元。

#### (g) 釐定認購價之基準

根據計劃授出之任何特定購股權之股份 認購價,將由董事會酌情釐定,並知會 參與者,而認購價應至少為(a)股份於有 關購股權被視為按照購股權計劃條款授 出及接納當日(「開始日期」)(須為香港 聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)經 營證券買賣業務之日期(「交易日」)在香 港聯交所每日報價表所報之收市價;(b) 股份於緊接開始日期前連續五個交易日 在香港聯交所每日報價表所報之平均收 市價;及(c)股份面值三者中之最高者。

#### (h) 計劃之有效期

除本公司於股東大會上或由董事會提早 終止外,計劃之有效期由二零一五年五 月二十一日(採納日期)起至二零二五年 五月二十日止。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司並 沒有根據二零一五年計劃授出購股權。

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#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS** IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES OR **DEBENTURES**

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were set out below:

#### Long positions in the shares and underlying share of the Company

#### 董事於股份、相關股份或債券之權 益及淡倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司董事 及主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」) 第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁 有須登記於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 352條存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉,或須根 據上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則 (「標準守則」)知會本公司及香港聯交所之權 益或淡倉如下:

#### 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

Name of Director 董事名稱	Capacity 身份	Personal Interests 個人權益	Corporate Interests 法團權益	Total 總計	Approximate percentage of shares in issue 佔已發行股份 概約百分比
Yu Ben Ansheng	Beneficial owner/Interest of controlled corporation	3,000,000	146,000,000 <i>(note 附註)</i>	149,000,000	11.18%
俞安生	實益擁有人/受控制法團權益				

Note:

These shares are held by King Jade Holdings Limited, which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng, an executive Director and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Accordingly, Mr. Yu is deemed to be interested in such shares under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors or chief executive or their respective associates had any interests or short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

#### 附註:

該等股份由King Jade Holdings Limited持有, 該公 司由俞安生先生(本公司之執行董事兼首席執行官) 全資實益擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,俞 先生被視為於該等股份中擁有權益。

除上文外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 概無董事或最高行政人員或彼等各自之聯繫 人士於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證 券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及 債權證中,擁有須登記於本公司根據證券及 期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊之權益或淡 倉,或須根據標準守則知會本公司及香港聯 交所之權益或淡倉。





#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2022, the interests or short positions of the following persons or corporations, other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company, in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

# Long position in share and underlying share of the Company

#### 主要股東

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,以下人士或 法團(上文所披露之本公司董事或最高行政人 員除外)於本公司股份及相關股份擁有須登記 於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置 之登記冊之權益或淡倉如下:

#### 於本公司股份及相關股份之好倉

				Number		
				of shares/	Approximate	
				underlying	percentage of	
	lance of the sector balance	Constitut		shares held	shares in issue	
	lame of shareholders	Capacity 自心		所持股份/	佔已發行股份	
H.	股東名稱 1997年1997年1997年1997年1997年1997年1997年1997	身份		相關股份數目	概約百分比	
S	ingapore Zhongxin Investment	Beneficial owner		438,720,620	32.93%	
	Company Limited <sup>(note 1附註1)</sup>	實益擁有人				
L	i Juan <sup>(note 2)</sup>	Interest of spouse	438,720,620		32.93%	
NT	∑娟 <sup>(附註2)</sup>	配偶權益				
Qu Zhi		Beneficial owner		333,317,500	25.02%	
曲直		實益擁有人				
King Jade Holdings Limited (note 3 附註3)		Beneficial owner		146,000,000	10.95%	
	ing sade holdings Linned	實益擁有人		140,000,000	10.5570	
N	otes:		附言	<u>È</u> :		
1. Singapore Zhongxin Investment Company Limited is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Lai Guanglin. Accordingly, Mr. Lai is		1.	1. Singapore Zhongxin Investment			
				Limited乃由Lai Guanglin先生全資實益擁有。 因此,根據證券及期貨條例,Lai先生被視為 於該等股份中擁有權益。		
	deemed to be interested in such shares under the SFO.					
2. Ms. Li Juan, the spouse of Mr. Lai Guanglin, is also deemed to be		2.	根據證券及期貨條例	剂, 李娟女士(Lai		
interested in Mr. Lai's interest in the Company		Company under the SFO.		Guanglin先生之配偶) 於本公司之權益。	亦被視為擁有Lai先生	
3. King Jade Holdings Limited is wholly and beneficial			3.	King Jade Holdings Lim		
	Yu Ben Ansheng, an executive Dire Officer of the Company. Accordin			(本公司之執行董事兼首 擁有。因此,根據證券		
	interested in such shares under the SF			被視為於該等股份中擁有		

## Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, the Company had not been notified by any persons or corporations, other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the year.

#### **DONATIONS**

Donations for charitable made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$8,200.

#### **SHARES ISSUED**

The Company has not issued any share during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### **DEBENTURE ISSUED**

The Company has not issued any debenture during the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the year.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's Bye-laws, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group throughout the year.

除上文披露者外,於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,本公司並無獲通知有任何其他人 士或法團(不包括本公司董事或主要行政人 員)持有本公司股份或相關股份的權益或淡倉 而須登記於根據證券及期貨條例第336條規 定本公司須備存之登記冊內。

#### 管理合約

年內並無訂立或存在涉及本集團全部或任何 重大部分業務之任何管理及行政合約。

#### 捐款

於年內,本集團之慈善捐款合共為8,200港 元。

#### 已發行股份

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司並無發行任何股份。

#### 已發行債權證

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本 公司並無發行任何債權證。

#### 股票掛鈎協議

本年度內,本集團並無訂立或存有任何股票 掛鈎協議。

#### 獲准許的彌償條文

根據本公司章程細則的規定,本公司的每位 董事有權就履行其職責或有關事宜而蒙受或 招致的所有損失或責任獲得本公司以其資產 彌償。

於年內,本公司已為本集團董事及高級管理 人員投購適當的董事及高級管理人員責任保 險。

#### MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTION, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as the disclosure of related party transactions set out in Note 30 to the financial statements, no Director or an entity connected with Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the business of the Group to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

# CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER'S INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

There was no contract of significance between any members of the Group and the Company's controlling shareholders subsisting at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

# ARRANGEMENT TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the section headed "SHARE OPTION SCHEME" above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

#### CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTION

 From 1 January 2022 to 31 March 2022, the Group paid consultancy fee to a company, Brothers Capital Limited ("BCL"), owned by Mr. Lai Guanglin ("Mr. Lai") for a fixed sum of HK\$373,000 per month as agreed by both parties according to the consultancy services agreement dated 1 April 2021 for the period from 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022. This is a continuing connected transaction which is exempted under Rule 14A.76 of the Listing Rules. The total amount of consultancy services fees paid by the Company was HK\$1,119,000 for the period from 1 January 2022 to 31 March 2022.

#### 於重要交易、安排或合約之重大權 益

除於財務報表附註30所披露之關連人士交易 外,於本年度內,概無董事或與董事有關連 的實體於本公司、其控股公司或其任何附屬 公司或同系附屬公司所訂立之任何對本集團 業務屬重要交易、安排或合約中直接或間接 擁有重大權益。

#### 控股股東於重大合約之權益

於年結時或年內任何時間,本集團任何成員 與本公司控股股東並無重大合約。

#### 購買股份或債券的安排

除上文「購股權計劃」一節所披露外,於年度 內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無 參與訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉 收購本公司或任何其他法團的股份或債券獲 益。

#### 持續關連交易

 由二零二二年一月一日至二零二二年 三月三十一日,本集團向一間由Lai Guanglin先生(「Lai先生」)擁有之公司 Brothers Capital Limited(「BCL」)支付由 雙方協定的每月固定373,000港元顧問 費,此乃根據日期為二零二一年四月一 日的顧問服務協議,為期由二零二一年 四月一日至二零二二年三月三十一日。 此交易為根據上市規則14A.76條而獲得 豁免的關連交易。由二零二二年一月一 日至二零二二年三月三十一日,本公司 已付之顧問費總額為1,119,000港元。

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On 1 April 2022, the new Consultancy Services Agreement (the "Agreement") was entered into between the Company and BCL, pursuant to which the Company agreed to appoint BCL for the provision of certain consultancy services. The term of the Agreement shall be a period of one year from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023. The consultancy service fee was fully paid on signing of the agreement. Mr. Lai is the controlling shareholder of the Company. As BCL is directly wholly-owned by Mr. Lai and he is the sole director, BCL is an associate of Mr. Lai and therefore, is an associate of the connected person of the Company under Rule 14A.13(3) of the Listing Rules. Pursuant to the Agreement, BCL shall provide the Company with consultancy services in connection with its investment and corporate strategy. The total amount of consultancy services fees paid by the Company was HK\$3,357,000 for the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 December 2022. This amount does not exceed the cap amount of HK\$3,357,000 for the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 December 2022 as shown in the announcement of the Company dated 1 April 2022.

2. As mentioned in the announcement dated 11 May 2016 and the circular dated 15 July 2016 of the Company, on 11 May 2016, Mao Xing Limited (now known as Softpower (China) Limited), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Lender"), entered into a loan agreement (the "Loan Agreement") with China Victory International Holdings Limited, ("CVIL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Agria Corporation, pursuant to which the Lender has conditionally agreed to grant to CVIL a loan facility in the amount of up to US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$77,746,000) upon and subject to the terms and conditions set out therein.

As at the date of the Loan Agreement, Mr. Lai Guanglin, the former director and the controlling shareholder of the Company (Mr. Lai resigned as director on 30 March 2018) and was also the controlling shareholder of Agria Corporation. As such, CVIL is therefore a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The transactions contemplated under the Loan Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. 於二零二二年四月一日,本公司與BCL 訂立了新的顧問服務協議(「協議」,據 此,本公司同意委聘BCL提供若干顧問 服務。協議之年期應自二零二二年四月 一日起至二零二三年三月三十一日止為 期一年。顧問費於簽訂協議時一次性支 付。Lai先生乃本公司的控股股東。由於 BCL是由Lai先生直接全資擁有及唯一董 事,乃Lai先生的聯繫人士,因此,根 據上市規則第14A.13(3)條, BCL是本公 司的關連人士之聯繫人士。根據協議, BCL應向本公司提供有關投資和企業策 略的顧問服務。由二零二二年四月一日 起至二零二二年十二月三十一日期間, 本公司已付之顧問費總額為3,357,000 港元。此金額不超過本公司於日期為二 零二二年四月一日之公告所示由二零 二二年四月一日至二零二二年十二月 三十一日之金額上限3,357,000港元。

 該如本公司於日期為二零一六年五月 十一日之公告及二零一六年七月十五日 之通函,於二零一六年五月十一日,本 公司之全資附屬公司貿興有限公司(現 稱冠力(中國)有限公司)(「貸款人」)與 中滙國際集團有限公司(「CVIL」)(Agria Corporation的一間全資附屬公司)簽訂 貸款協議(「貸款協議」),據此,貸款 人有條件地同意向CVIL給予貸款融資 金額上限為10,000,000美元(相當於約 77,746,000港元),須待所載的條款和 條件達成後方可作實。

> 於貸款協議日期,本公司之前董事兼控 股股東Lai Guanglin先生(Lai先生已於二 零一八年三月三十日辭任本公司董事職 務),亦為Agria Corporation控股股東。 因此,根據上市規則第14A章,CVIL是 本公司的關連人士。根據上市規則第 14A章,貸款協議項下擬進行的交易構 成本公司之持續關連交易。



## Report of the Directors 董事會報告

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The loan carried interest at 10.5% per annum and is repayable by 31 July 2019. The loan was secured by the entire issued shares of CVIL executed by Agria Group Limited ("AGL"), the immediate holding company of CVIL, and also guaranteed by a deed of corporate guarantee executed by Agria Corporation in favour of the Group.

Pursuant to a resolution passed in a special general meeting on 23 February 2018, the Group agreed to novate and AGL, a wholly -owned subsidiary of Agria Corporation and the immediate holding company of CVIL, agreed to assume the Group's loan to CVIL of US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$78,357,000) with all other terms and conditions remained unchanged.

On 9 May 2019, the Group entered into a loan agreement ("2019 Loan Agreement") with AGL to renew the loan and the proposed annual caps from 1 August 2020 to 31 July 2022.

Under the 2019 Loan Agreement, the clause of the share mortgage executed by AGL, being the sole shareholder of CVIL, over the entire issued shares of CVIL in favour of the Group has been removed. Save as the above amendments, all other terms of the 2019 Loan Agreement remain unchanged and continue in full force and effect.

On 21 July 2020, the Group and AGL agreed to enter into a supplemental loan agreement ("2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement") to adjust downward the interest rate for each of the interest period from ten point five per cent (10.5%) of the Loan per annum to five point five per cent (5.5%) of the Loan per annum.

The Loan is also secured by a share charge to be executed by the Borrower in favour of the Lender as a continuing security and continuing obligation for performance by the Borrower of its obligations in the 2019 Loan Agreement (as amended or supplemented by the 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement). Pursuant to the share charge, the Borrower will charge 20% of its share interests in Agria Asia Investments Limited ("AAIL") to the Lender. AAIL is a company with limited liability incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and is wholly-owned by the Borrower. AAIL is indirectly holding a share equity investment in an agricultural enterprise in New Zealand through Agria (Singapore) Pte. Ltd, the only and wholly-owned direct subsidiary of AAIL. 該貸款以年息10.5%計息,並須於二零 一九年七月三十一日之前償還。該貸 款由CVIL的直接控股公司Agria Group Limited(「AGL」)行使CVIL的全部已發行 股份作擔保及Agria Corporation執行對 本集團作公司擔保契約。

根據於二零一八年二月二十三日舉行的 股東特別大會上通過的決議案,本集團 同意AGL(Agria Corporation的全資附屬 公司及CVIL的直接控股公司)承擔本集 團向CVIL的貸款10,000,000美元(相等 於78,357,000港元),其他條款和條件 維持不變。

於二零一九年五月九日,本集團與AGL 訂立貸款協議(「2019貸款協議」),以 更新貸款及建議年度上限,由二零二零 年八月一日至二零二二年七月三十一日 止。

根據2019貸款協議,以本集團為受益 人,由AGL(為CVIL的唯一股東)就CVIL 的全部已發行股份設立的股份抵押為擔 保的條款已刪除。除上述修訂外,2019 貸款協議之所有其他條款維持不變及繼 續具十足效力及作用。

於二零二零年七月二十一日,本集團與 AGL同意訂立一份補充貸款協議(「2020 補充貸款協議」)將各利息期的利率由貸 款之每年利率十點五厘(10.5%)下調至 貸款之每年利率五點五厘(5.5%)。

貸款亦由借款人以貸款人為受益人將予 簽立的股份押記作保證,以作為借款人 履行2019貸款協議(經2020補充貸款協 議所修訂或補充)內其責任之持續擔保 及持續責任。根據股份押記,借款人已 質押其於Agria Asia Investments Limited (「AAIL」)的20%股權予貸款人。AAIL 為一間於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的有 限公司及由借款人全資擁有。AAIL透過 Agria (Singapore) Pte. Ltd (為AAIL的唯 一及全資直接附屬公司)間接持有一間 新西蘭農業公司之股權投資。

Save and except for the revision on the original interest rate and the share charge by AGL, all other terms as set out in the 2019 Loan Agreement remain unchanged.

Pursuant to a resolution passed in a special general meeting on 12 August 2020, 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement was approved.

The annual caps of the maximum principal loan outstanding for the years ended 31 December 2019, 31 December 2020, 31 December 2021 and period ended 31 July 2022 were US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$78,500,000) for each year/period.

The annual caps of the interest amounts for the period from 1 January 2020 to 11 August 2020, period from 12 August 2020 (assumed the effective date of 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement) to 31 December 2020, year ended 31 December 2021 and period ended 31 July 2022 were US\$645,000, US\$214,000, US\$550,000 and US\$320,000 respectively ("Annual Caps"). The 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement, Annual Caps of the principal loan outstanding and interest amounts were approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Company's special general meeting on 12 August 2020.

As the loan and the annual caps of the aforesaid continuing connected transaction will expire on 31 July 2022, the Group entered into a new loan agreement dated 22 April 2022 ("2022 Loan Agreement") with the AGL to renew the loan and the proposed annual caps from 1 August 2022 to 31 July 2025. All terms as set out in the 2022 Loan Agreement remain the same as 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement.

The new annual caps of the interest amounts for the financial period from 1 August 2022 (assumed the effective date of 2022 Loan Agreement) to 31 December 2022, year ending 31 December 2023, year ending 31 December 2024 and period from 1 January 2025 to 31 July 2025 were US\$231,000, US\$550,000, US\$552,000 and US\$320,000 respectively ("New Annual Caps"). The 2022 Loan Agreement, New Annual Caps of the principal loan outstanding and interest amounts were approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Company's special general meeting on 8 July 2022.

除修訂原利率及由AGL作出之股份押記 外,2019貸款協議所載所有其他條款維 持不變。

根據於二零二零年八月十二日的股東特 別大會通過的決議案,2020補充貸款協 議已獲批准。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日、二零 二零年十二月三十一日、二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度及截至二零二二 年七月三十一日止期間,每個年度/期 間之最高未償還貸款本金額年度上限均 為10,000,000美元(相等於78,500,000 港元)。

由二零二零年一月一日至二零二零年八 月十一日、二零二零年八月十二日(假 設該日起為2020補充貸款協議生效日 期)至二零二零年十二月三十一日止期 間、二零二一年十二月三十一日止期 間,利息金額年度上限分別為645,000 美元、214,000美元、550,000美元及 320,000美元(「年度上限」)。本公司股 東已於二零二零年八月十二日舉行的股 東特別大會上批准2020補充貸款協議、 貸款本金額及利息金額之年度上限。

由於上述持續關連交易的貸款及年度上限金額將於二零二二年七月三十一日 屆滿,本集團與AGL已訂立日期為二零 二二年四月二十二日的一份新的貸款協 議(「2022貸款協議」),以更新貸款及 建議年度上限金額,由二零二二年八月 一日起至二零二五年七月三十一日止。 2022貸款協議所載所有條款與2020補 充貸款協議維持不變。

由二零二二年八月一日(假設該日起為 2022貸款協議生效日期)至二零二二年 十二月三十一日的財務期間、二零二三 年十二月三十一日止年度、二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度及由二零二五年 十二月三十一日止年度及由二零二五年 一月一日至二零二五年七月三十一日期 間,利息金額年度上限分別為231,000 美元、550,000美元、552,000美元及 320,000美元(「新年度上限」)。本公司 股東已於二零二二年七月八日舉行的股 東特別大會上批准2022貸款協議、貸款 本金額及利息金額之新年度上限。

## Report of the Directors 董事會報告

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the interest income from AGL amounted to approximately US\$550,000, (equivalent to HK\$4,324,000) (2021: US\$550,000 (equivalent to HK\$4,293,000)).

As at 31 December 2022, the loan to AGL amounted to US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$78,278,000) (31 December 2021: US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$78,276,000)).

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company have reviewed the continuing connected transaction and confirmed that (i) the entering into of the Loan Agreement, although it is not conducted in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, it is in the interests of the Company and the shareholders as a whole; and (ii) the terms of the loan agreement and the Annual Caps are on normal commercial terms and are fair and reasonable.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transaction in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The auditor has issued an unqualified letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the above mentioned continuing connected transaction in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,從AGL所得的利息收入約為 550,000美元(相等於4,324,000港元) (二零二一年:550,000美元(相等於 4,293,000港元))。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,貸款 予AGL的金額為10,000,000美元(相等 於78,278,000港元)(二零二一年十二 月三十一日:10,000,000美元(相等於 78,276,000港元))。

本公司獨立非執行董事已審議該持續關 連交易,並確認(i)訂立貸款協議,雖然 並非在本集團日常及一般業務過程中進 行,但符合本公司及股東全體的利益; 及(ii)貸款協議的條款及年度上限乃按一 般商業條款訂立,屬公平合理。

本公司核數師獲委聘,根據香港會計師 公會頒布之香港核證委聘準則第3000號 「審核或審閱過往財務資料以外之核證 委聘」及參考實務説明第740號「關於香 港《上市規則》所述持續關連交易之核數 師函件」,就本集團之持續關連交易作 出匯報。

核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56條, 就上述持續關連交易發出無保留意見函件,當中載有其對上述持續關連交易之 發現及結論。本公司已向聯交所提交核 數師函件之副本。

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTION**

The Group entered into the following connected transaction during the year:

On 8 December 2022, Bun Kee (International) Limited ("Bun Kee"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as lender entered into the loan agreement with Mr. Lai Fulin (executive director and the chairman of the Company), as borrower, pursuant to which Bun Kee agreed to, among other things, provide to a secured loan of HK\$5,000,000 to Mr. Lai Fulin for a fixed term 3 years from the date of drawdown and interest payable was calculated at 6% per annum. The interest shall be paid quarterly in arrears with the first interest repayment date on 31 December 2022.

The loan was secured by personal guarantee from the controlling shareholder of the Company, Mr. Lai Guanglin, the elder brother of Mr. Lai Fulin.

Further details are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 8 December 2022.

Save as disclosed above and in Note 30 to the financial statements, during the year, there were no connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules which are required to comply with any of the reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The percentages of purchases and sales for the year attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

#### **Purchases**

- the largest supplier 24.5%
- five largest suppliers combined 61.8%

#### **Sales**

- the largest customer 4.4%
- five largest customers combined 18.3%

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

#### 關連交易

年內,本集團已進行下列關連交易:

於二零二二年十二月八日,彬記(國際)有限 公司(「彬記」)作為貸款方,即本公司間接全 資附屬公司與賴福麟先生(本公司之執行董事 及主席)作為借款人訂立貸款協議。據此,彬 記同意(其中包括)向賴福麟先生提供一項金 額為5,000,000港元之有抵押貸款,自提取日 期起計固定期三年及應付利息按貸款年利率 6%計算。利息按季支付,首個還息日為二 零二三年三月三十一日。

該貸款由本公司控股股東,Lai Guanglin先 生,賴福麟先生之胞兄提供個人擔保作抵 押。

進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零二二年 十二月八日之公告。

除上述及於財務報表附註30披露外,於年內,本公司概無進行上市規則第14A章界定 且須根據上市規則遵守申報、公告或獨立股 東批准規定之關連交易或持續關連交易。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團主要供應商及客戶年內分別所佔之採 購及銷售百份比如下:

#### 採購

- 最大供應商24.5%
- 五大供應商合計61.8%

#### 銷售

- 最大客戶4.4%
- 五大客戶合計18.3%

各董事、其聯繫人士或任何股東(就董事所知 擁有本公司股本5%以上者)概無上述主要供 應商或客戶擁有之任何權益。


# COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

Details of the compliance with corporate governance code of the Company are set out in the "CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT" of this Annual Report.

# AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee consists of four independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson, Mr. Chen Wei Wen, Mr. Guan Zhiqiang and Mr. Wang Chaolong.

By reference to "A Guide for the Formation of An Audit Committee" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, written terms of reference which describe the authority and duties of the audit committee were prepared and adopted by the Board of the Company.

The annual results have been reviewed by the audit committee of the Company.

# SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float required under the Listing Rules as at the date of this report.

# **AUDITORS**

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

By Order of the Board

**Lai Fulin** *Chairman* 

Hong Kong, 28 March 2023

# 遵守企業管治守則

有關本公司遵守企業管治守則的詳情載於本 年報之「企業管治報告」內。

# 審核委員會

本公司審核委員會由田四位獨立非執行董 事,即黃以信先生、陳偉文先生、管志強先 生及王朝龍先生所組成。

本公司之董事會參照香港會計師公會頒布之 「組成審核委員會之指引」,制訂及採納審核 委員會之書面職權範圍書,訂明審核委員會 的職權及職責。

本公司之審核委員會已審閱全年業績。

## 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可取得之公開資料以及就董事所 知,於本報告日期,本公司維持上市規則所 規定之既訂公眾持股量。

## 核數師

本財務報表已獲羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審 核,該核數師任滿告退,惟有資格及願意膺 選連任。

承董事會命

*主席* **賴福麟** 

香港,二零二三年三月二十八日

# To the Shareholders of China Pipe Group Limited (incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

Opinion

# What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of China Pipe Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 118 to 215, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022:
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the • year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year • then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# **Our opinion**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# 致中國管業集團有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

# 意見

# 我們已審計的內容

中國管業集團有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第 118至215頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財 務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 综合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策 概要及其他附註解釋資料。

# 我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會 計師公會頒布的《香港財務報告準則》真實而 中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二二年十二月 三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年 度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵 照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Net realisable value of inventories
- Impairment of trade receivables
- Impairment of loan to a related company

# 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒布的《香港審 計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔 的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報 表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及 適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

## 獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒布的《專業會計師 道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立 於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道 德責任。

# 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事 項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報 表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這 些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述如 下:

- 存貨的可變現淨值
- 貿易應收款項減值
- 給予一間關連公司的貸款減值

# Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

**Net realisable value of inventories** Refer to notes 4 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2022, inventories of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$243.7 million. As described in the Basis of preparation and accounting policies in note 2(j) to the consolidated financial statements, inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Management applied judgment in determining the appropriate provisions for slow moving, obsolete inventories and inventories with net realisable value below cost. Net realisable value is determined based upon a detailed analysis of the aging of inventories on a product-by-product basis, and with reference to their latest invoice prices and current market conditions. An impairment provision of approximately HK\$19.8 million has been recorded to reduce the carrying value of certain inventories to their estimated net realisable value.

We focused on this area due to the size of the balances and the higher degree of estimation uncertainty and subjectivity in management's judgment in determining the net realisable value of the inventories.

#### 存貨的可變現淨值 請參閱綜合財務報表附註4及附註18。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 貴集團 的存貨總值約為243,700,000港元。如綜 合財務報表附註2(j)編製基準及會計政策所 述,存貨乃按成本與可變現淨值兩者之較 低者列賬。

管理層運用判斷以為呆滯、過時存貨以及 可變現淨值低於成本的存貨釐定適當撥 備。可變現淨值是根據對個別產品的庫齡 的詳細分析,並參照其最近的發票價格和 當前的市場狀況而釐定。存貨已記賬的減 值撥備約為19,800,000港元,以將若干存 貨的賬面價值減少至其估計可變現淨值。

我們關注此範疇是鑑於有關結餘的規模及 在釐定存貨的可變現淨值時涉及較高程度 的估計不確定性及管理層判斷的主觀。

# How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to management's assessment on net realisable value of inventories included:

- Understood and evaluated the appropriateness and consistency of the basis management used in estimating the level of provision for inventories, and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud.
- Compared the historical accuracy of inventory provisioning, on a sample basis, to the realised amount and evaluated the outcome of prior period assessment of inventory provision to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process; and reviewing the level of inventory write-offs during the year.
- Checked, on a sample basis, the accuracy of inventory aging used by management to estimate the appropriate provision for slow moving and obsolete inventories.
- Performed audit analytics on inventory holding and movement data to identify products with indication of slow moving or obsolescence.
- Compared the carrying amounts of a sample of inventories to their net realisable value by checking to their selling price subsequent to the year end. Where there are no subsequent sales of the respective products after the year end, we challenged management as to the realisable value of the products, corroborating explanations with the aging, sales orders, historical margins and marketability of the respective inventories, as appropriate.

Based on the procedures performed, we found the assumptions of management in relation to assessment on net realisable value of inventories to be supportable by available evidence.

我們對管理層評估存貨可變現淨值所執行的審核程序包括:

- 了解並評估管理層在估算存貨撥備水平時所採用的適當性及一 致性的基準,並通過考慮估計不確定性的程度和其他固有風險 因素(例如複雜性、主觀性、變化和易受管理層偏見或舞弊的 影響)來評估重大錯誤的固有風險。
- 以抽樣方式,對比過往存貨撥備與實現金額的準確性,並評估 了前期存貨撥備評估的結果,以評估管理層評估過程的有效 性,以及審閱年內存貨撇銷的水平。
- 以抽樣方式,檢查管理層使用的庫齡以估計呆滯和過時存貨的 適當撥備的準確性。
- 對持有的存貨和變動數據進行審計分析,以識別有呆滯或過時 跡象的產品。
- 通過年末後的銷售情況,以抽樣方式將存貨賬面價值與其可變 現淨值進行比較。對於在年末後未有售出的產品,我們已向管 理層就該等產品的可變現價值提出質疑,並透過存貨年期、銷 售訂單、過往毛利率及相關存貨的市場可銷售性(如適用)佐證 其解釋。

根據所執行的程序,我們發現管理層就評估存貨可變現淨值採用的 假設有可得的證據支持。

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

# Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

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# **Impairment of trade receivables** *Refer to notes 4 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements.*

As at 31 December 2022, the Group held trade receivables of approximately HK\$151.5 million net of the provision of approximately HK\$1.3 million. Recoverability is assessed and provision is made for lifetime expected credit losses on trade receivables.

Management applied judgement in determining the appropriate loss allowance on trade receivables. Trade receivables relating to customers with known financial difficulties or significant doubt on collection are assessed individually for provision for loss allowance. Expected credit losses are estimated by grouping the remaining trade receivables based on shared credit risk characteristics and collectively assessed for likelihood of recovery, taking into account the nature of the customers, their geographical locations and their ageing categories, and applying expected credit loss rates to the respective gross carrying amounts of the trade receivables. The expected credit loss rates are determined based on the Group's historical credit loss experience with an adjustment to reflect current and forward-looking information such as macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

We focused on this area due to the size of the balances and the higher degree of estimation uncertainty and subjectivity in management's judgment in determining the expected credit loss allowance of the trade receivables.

#### 貿易應收款項減值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4及附註19。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 貴集團 的貿易應收款項約為151,500,000港元,扣 除虧損撥備約1,300,000港元。貿易應收款 項的撥備是以存續期的預期虧損而作出。

我們關注此範疇是鑑於有關結餘的規模及 在釐定貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損時涉 及較高程度的估計不確定性及管理層判斷 的主觀性。 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to management's assessment on provision for loss allowance on trade receivables included:

- Understood, evaluated and tested, on a sample basis, management's key control over the assessment on recoverability of trade receivable balances and the related loss allowance, including periodic review on trade receivables aging, historical loss rates and approval of provision made, and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud.
- Checked, on a sample basis, the accuracy of trade receivables aging used by management to estimate the appropriate provision for loss allowance.
- Obtained management's assessment on the expected credit loss allowance of trade receivables and assessed the reasonableness of the expected loss rates. We corroborated and validated management's assessment based on the historical settlement pattern, correspondence with the customers, and evidence from external sources including the relevant public search results relating to the financial circumstances of the relevant customers.
- Assessed management's assessment of current market condition and forward-looking information such as macroeconomic factors by comparing the data used by management against publicly available information.
- Checked the mathematical accuracy of management's calculation for loss allowance of trade receivables.

Based on the procedures performed, we found the judgement and estimates made by management in relation to assessment on provision for loss allowance on trade receivables to be supportable by available evidence.

我們對管理層評估貿易應收款項的虧損撥備所執行的審核程序包括

- 以抽樣方式,理解、評估及測試,管理層對貿易應收款項結餘 可收回性評估及相關虧損撥備的主要監控,包括定期檢討貿 易應收款項賬齡,歷史損虧率及已作撥備的批准,並通過考慮 估計不確定性的程度和其他固有風險因素(例如複雜性、主觀 性、變化和易受管理層偏見或舞弊的影響)來評估重大錯誤的 固有風險。
  - 以抽樣方式,檢查管理層使用應收款項賬齡以估計適當虧損撥 備的準確性。
- 取得管理層對貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備的評估,並評估 預期損失率的合理性。我們佐證和驗證了管理層的評估,乃根 據歷史償付模式,與客戶的通訊及外部來源的證據,包括與相 關客戶的財務狀況相關的公共搜索結果。
- 比較管理層使用的數據與公開資料,來評估管理層對當前市場 狀況的評估和宏觀經濟因素等前瞻性信息。
  - 檢查了管理層計算貿易應收款項虧損撥備的準確性。
- 根據所執行的程序,我們發現管理層就評估貿易應收款項虧損撥備 採用的假設有可得的證據支持。
- 112 CHINA PIPE GROUP LIMITED 中國管業集團有限公司

# Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

**Impairment of loan to a related company** *Refer to notes 4, 19 and 30(e) to the consolidated financial statements.* 

As at 31 December 2022, the Group held a loan to a related company of approximately HK\$78.2 million net of the provision of approximately HK\$0.1 million.

Management applied judgement in determining the appropriate loss allowance for impairment of loan to the related company. The loan is secured by corporate guarantee by the holding company of the borrower (the "Guarantor") and a 20% share charge over a subsidiary of the borrower. The loan is interest bearing and repayable by July 2025 as detailed in note 30(e) to the consolidated financial statements.

Management reviewed the financial conditions of the related company and the Guarantor, taking into account the settlement history of the related interest elements, and a provision of HK\$0.1 million is made for this loan as at 31 December 2022.

We focused on this area due to the size of the balance and the higher degree of estimation uncertainty and subjectivity in management's judgment in determining the recoverable amount of the loan.

#### 給予一間關連公司的貸款減值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4、19及30(e)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 貴集 團持有提供予一間關連公司的貸款約為 78,200,000港元,扣除虧損撥備約100,000 港元。

管理層運用判斷以釐定就提供予該關連公 司貸款的減值撥備作出適當的虧損撥備。 該貸款由該借款人的一家控股公司(「擔保 人」)提供公司擔保以及擔保人20%的子公 司股權。該貸款須計息並須於二零二五年 七月或之前償還,詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註30(e)。

管理層考慮了過往相關利息的償付情況, 檢討了該關連公司和擔保人的財務狀況, 並於二零二二年十二月三十一日作出虧損 撥備約100,000港元。

我們關注此範疇是鑑於有關結餘的規模及 在釐定該貸款可收回金額所涉及較高程度 的估計不確定性及管理層判斷的主觀性。

# How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment on the loan receivable included:

- Understood and evaluated management assessment on impairment of loan to a related company, and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud.
- Reviewed the loan agreement and obtained direct confirmation from the related company on the balance and terms of the loan as at 31 December 2022 with no exception.
- Checked, on a sample basis, the accuracy of interest payment received and whether they are in accordance with the terms of the loan.
- Challenged management as to the recoverability of the loan, corroborating explanations with the latest financial information of the related company and the Guarantor and value of secured assets.

Based on the procedures performed, we found the assumptions of management in relation to the impairment assessment on loan to the related company to be supportable by available evidence.

我們對管理層評估該應收貸款的減值所執行的審核程序包括:

- 了解並評估管理層對關聯公司貸款減值的評估,並通過考慮 估計不確定性的程度和其他固有風險因素(例如複雜性、主觀 性、變化和易受管理層偏見或舞弊的影響)來評估重大錯誤的 固有風險。
- 審閱了貸款協議,並直接向該關連公司獲取了於二零二二年 十二月三十一日貸款餘額和條款的沒有異議的確認。
- 以抽樣方式,檢查所收到的利息付款的準確性,以及其是否按 照貸款的條款支付。
- 已向管理層就該貸款的可收回性提出質疑,並透過該關連公司 和擔保人的最新財務資料以及所押抵的資產價值。

根據所執行的程序,我們發現管理層就評估貸款予該關連公司的撥 備評估採用的假設有可得的證據支持。



# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

# **Other Information**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# **Responsibilities of Directors for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# 其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包 括年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他 信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程 中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在 重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他 信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事 實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

# 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒布 的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的 披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表, 並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需 的內部監控負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

董事須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不 存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數 師報告。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告我 們的意見,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。 我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負 上或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平的保 證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進行 的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發 現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果 合理預的它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響綜合 財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的 經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重 大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態 度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我 們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌 駕於內部監控之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部監控,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。



# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性 作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確 定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不 確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認 為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數 師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表 中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足, 則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的 結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審 計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信 息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對 綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴 集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為 審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與董事溝通了計劃的審 計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等,包括 我們在審計中識別出內部監控的任何重大缺 陷。

我們還向董事提交聲明, 説明我們已符合有 關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們 溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性 的所有關係和其他事項, 以及在適用的情況 下, 用以消除獨立性產生威脅的行動或採取 防範措施。

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ng Hiu Tung.

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

從與董事溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而 構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描 述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露 這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合 理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面 後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在 報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 吳曉形。

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** *Certified Public Accountants* 

Hong Kong, 28 March 2023

<mark>羅兵咸永道會計師事務所</mark> *執業會計師* 

香港,二零二三年三月二十八日



# Consolidated Income Statement 綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

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				Restated (經重列)
			<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
<i>Continuing operation:</i> Revenue	<i>持續營運業務:</i> 收入	5	636,535	682,187
Cost of sales	銷售成本	7	(461,678)	(486,428)
Gross profit	毛利 其他收益淨額	E	174,857 4,064	195,759
Other gains, net Selling and distribution costs	其他收益/ <b>伊</b> 碩 銷售及分銷成本	6 7	4,064 (19,710)	2,090 (21,558)
General and administrative expenses Provision for impairment of financial	一般及行政費用 金融資產的減值撥備	7	(101,367)	(108,551)
assets		7	(61)	(1,238)
Operating profit	經營溢利		57,783	66,502
Finance income	財務收入	9	6,384	4,632
Finance costs	財務費用	9	(5,925)	(5,843)
Finance income/(costs), net	財務收入/(費用)淨額	9	459	(1,211)
Profit before income tax Tax expense	税前溢利 税項支出	10	58,242 (9,024)	65,291 (9,324)
		10		(5,524)
Profit for the year from continuing operation	持續營運業務之年度溢利		49,218	55,967
Discontinued operation:	<i>終止營運業務:</i>			
Profit for the year from discontinued operation	終止營運業務之年度溢利	33		348
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		49,218	56,315
Profit/(loss) attributable to:	溢利/(虧損)歸屬於:			
Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		49,218 _	56,424 (109)
J			49,218	56,315
				Restated
				(經重列)
			HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
Earnings per share	每股盈利	11		
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄 來自持續營運業務		2.60	4.20
From continuing operation From discontinued operation	來自捋縝宮建耒務 來自終止營運業務		3.69	4.20 0.03
			3.69	4.23

The above consolidated income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述综合收益表應與隨附附註一併閱讀。

118 CHINA PIPE GROUP LIMITED 中國管業集團有限公司

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

				Restated (經重列)	
			2022	2021	
		Note	二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	
		附註	千港元	千港元	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利		49,218	56,315	
Other comprehensive income:	其他全面收益:				
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後將不會重新歸類到溢利或 虧損之項目:				
Actuarial gain on post-employment	離職後福利債務的精算收益,	2.4	(==	240	
benefit obligations, net of tax Item that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:	扣除税項後 <i>其後可能重新歸類到溢利或虧損</i> <i>之項目:</i>	24	173	319	
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額		(824)	296	
Release of exchange reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司時釋放匯兑儲備			835	
Realisation of exchange reserve upon	註銷一間附屬公司時匯兑儲備		_	660	
deregistration of a subsidiary	兑現			153	
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of tax	本年度其他全面(虧損)/收益, 扣除税項後		(651)	1,603	
Total comprehensive income	本年度全面收益總額				
for the year			48,567	57,918	
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to:	全面收益/(虧損)總額 歸屬於:				
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人		48,567	58,006	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益			(88)	
			48,567	57,918	
Total comprehensive income attributable to Equity holders of the Company:	全面收益總額歸屬於 本公司權益持有人:				
Continuing operation	持續營運業務		48,567	56,672	
Discontinued operation	終止營運業務			1,334	
			48,567	58,006	

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合全面收益表應與隨附附註一併閱 讀。

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 综合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

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				Restated (經重列)	Restated (經重列)
			31/12/2022	31/12/2021	01/01/2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二一年
			十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	一月一日
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	資產				
Non-current assets	非流動資產				
Property, plant and equipm		13	5,093	1,751	3,634
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	14	91,998	96,480	114,977
Intangible assets	無形資產	15	324	375	426
Loan to a related company	貸款予一間關連公司	19	78,154	-	77,706
Loan to a director	貸款予一位董事	19	5,000	-	-
Rental deposits and other a	ssets 租賃按金及其他資產	19	7,369	6,598	6,524
			187,938	105,204	203,267
Current assets	流動資產				
Loan to a related company	貸款予一間關連公司	19	-	78,152	-
Inventories	存貨	18	243,703	273,874	192,993
Trade receivables Deposits, prepayments and	貿易應收款項 按金、預付款及其他	19	151,481	159,554	127,476
other receivables Financial assets at fair value	應收款項 按公允價值計入損益	19	64,500	65,057	55,987
through profit or loss	之金融資產	20	1,513	1,706	1,742
Tax recoverable	可收回税項		750	2	. 4
Pledged certificate of depos		21	-	10,000	10,000
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	21	46,000	36,000	36,000
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	22	206,487	172,084	189,088
			714,434	796,429	613,290
Total assets	總資產		902,372	901,633	816,557
EQUITY	權益				
Equity holders	權益持有人				
Share capital	股本	23	26,645	26,645	26,645
Reserves	儲備	24	645,026	596,459	535,266
Total equity	總權益		671,671	672 104	561,911
Total equity	称不作工		0/1,0/1	623,104	116,100

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

Destated

				Restated (經重列)	Restated (經重列)
			31/12/2022	31/12/2021	(程里列) 01/01/2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二一年
			十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	—
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元	千港元
LIABILITIES	負債				
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債				
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	78,124	85,099	98,979
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	26	2,117	1,663	1,508
Other non-current liabilities	其他非流動負債		542	974	1,527
			80,783	87,736	102,014
Current liabilities	流動負債				
Trade payables, other payables	貿易應付款項、其他應				
and contract liabilities	付款項及合同負債	27	73,634	108,550	71,011
Taxation payable	應付税項		26	7,497	3,000
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	22,905	18,727	21,637
Borrowings	借貸	25	53,353	56,019	56,984
			149,918	190,793	152,632
Total liabilities	總負債		230,701	278,529	254,646
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		902,372	901,633	816,557
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		564,516	605,636	460,658
Total assets less current	總資產減流動負債				
liabilities			752,454	710,840	663,925

The financial statements on pages 118 to 215 were approved by the board of Directors on 28 March 2023 and were signed on its behalf:

第118至215頁的財務報表已由董事會於二零 二三年三月二十八日批核,並代表董事會簽 署:

Lai Fulin 賴福麟 Director 董事 Yu Ben Ansheng 俞安生 Director 董事

上述綜合財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併閱

讀。

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

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			Restated 經重列 Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔部份								
		Share capital 股本 <i>HK\$<sup>6000</sup> 千港元</i>	Share premium 股份溢價 <i>HK\$1000 千港元</i>	Capital reserve 資本儲備 <i>HK<b>\$</b>1000 千港元</i>	Merger reserve 合併儲備 <i>HK<b>\$</b>1000 千港元</i>	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Other reserve 其他儲備 <i>HK\$1000 千港元</i>	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 <i>HK\$1000 千港元</i>	Retained earnings 保留溢利 <i>HK\$*000 千港元</i>	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 總額 <i>HK<b>\$</b>000 千港元</i>
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日										
As previously stated Effect of change in accounting policy <i>(Note 2(a))</i>	之前所述 會計政策變更之影響 <i>(附註2(a))</i>	26,645	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	1,915	(145)	371,603	(3,187)	561,222 689
As restated	經重列	26,645	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	1,915	(145)	372,292	(3,187)	561,911
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	26,645	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	1,915	(145)	372,292	(3,187)	561,911
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income: Release of exchange reserve upon	本年度溢利 其他全面收益: 出售附屬公司時釋放匯兑	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,424	(109)	56,315
disposal of subsidiaries Realisation of exchange reserve upon	儲備 註銷一間附屬公司時匯兑	-	-	-	-	-	-	835	-	-	835
deregistration of a subsidiary Actuarial gain on post- employment	儲備兑現 離職後福利債務的精算	-	-	-	-	-	-	153	-	-	153
benefit obligations, net of tax Currency translation differences	收益,扣除税項後 貨幣換算差額		-		-		319	275		21	319 296
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額						319	1,263	56,424	(88)	57,918
Transactions with owners:	與擁有人之交易:										
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司									3,275	3,275
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	26,645	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	2,234	1,118	428,716		623,104

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述综合權益變動表應與隨附附註一併閱 讀。

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# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Restated 經重列 Attributable to equity holders of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔部份								
		Share capital 股本 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Share premium 股份溢價 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Capital reserve 資本儲備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Merger reserve 合併儲備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Other reserve 其他儲備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Exchange reserve 匪兑儲備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Retained earnings 保留溢利 <i>HK\$<sup>-</sup>000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 31 December 2021 於二	_零二一年十二月三十一日									
Effect of change in accounting policy 會計	∩所述 ↑政策變更之影響	26,645	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	2,234	1,118	433,909	628,297
(Note 2(a)) (H	附註2(a))								(5,193)	(5,193)
As restated 經重	重列	26,645	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	2,234	1,118	428,716	623,104
At 1 January 2022 於二	_零二二年一月一日	26,645	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	2,234	1,118	428,716	623,104
Other comprehensive income: 其他	F度溢利 4全面收益: 4戰後福利債務的精算收益,	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,218	49,218
J .	扣除税項後 「幣換算差額	-		-	-	-	173	(824)	-	173 (824)
Total comprehensive income for the year 本年	F度全面收益總額		<u></u>		<u></u>	<u> </u>	173	(824)	49,218	48,567
At 31 December 2022 於二	二零二二年十二月三十一日	26,645	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	2,407	294	477,934	671,671

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述綜合權益變動表應與隨附附註一併閱 讀。

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

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			2022	2021
		Note	二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		附註	千港元	千港元
		IIJ HL	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動之現金流量			
Cash generated from operations	經營業務產生之現金	29	87,523	12,287
Interest paid	已付利息	25	(5,844)	(5,922)
Interest received	已收利息		5,548	4,740
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(16,825)	(4,737)
	应燃活封文正田人河遊		70.402	6.260
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動產生現金淨額		70,402	6,368
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動之現金流量			
	며 그 ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	4.2	(5.000)	(050)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Net cash outflow for disposal of subsidiaries	購入物業、廠房及設備 出售附屬公司現金流出淨額	13 34	(5,099)	(850)
Dividend income from financial assets at fair	按公允價值計入損益之金融資產	54	-	(48)
value through profit or loss	之股息收入		65	61
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(5,034)	(837)
Colo Barro from Constant of Maria	动次迁载之田在达县			
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量			
Drawdown of borrowings	提用借貸		387,260	439,969
Repayment of borrowings	償還借貸		(389,926)	(440,934)
Addition of pledged bank deposits	新增已抵押銀行存款		(10,000)	-
Purchase of pledged certificate of deposit Redemption of pledged certificate of deposit	購入已抵押存款證 已抵押存款證的贖回		- 10,000	(10,015) 10,000
Loan to a director	貸款予一位董事		(5,000)	
Principal elements of lease payments	本金部份的租賃付款		(22,075)	(22,189)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(29,741)	(23,169)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物增加/(減少)			
equivalents	現並及現並守頂初垣加/(减少) 淨額		35,627	(17,638)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額		(1,224)	634
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	年初之現金及現金等價物			
of the year		22	172,084	189,088
Cash and cash equivalents at end of	年終之現金及現金等價物			
the year		22	206,487	172,084

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# 1. General information

China Pipe Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in trading of construction materials, mainly pipes and fittings.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Hong Kong Stock Exchange").

The Group discontinued the business in biomass pellet fuel products segment in 2020 and completed the disposal of the entire equity interest in Guizhou Zhongguan Industry Development Limited\* (貴州中冠產業發展有限公司) in 2021, which engaged biomass pellet fuel products business through its 66.7% equity interests owned subsidiary namely of Guizhou Zhongguan New Energy Limited\* (貴州中冠新能 源有限公司). The consideration was RMB1. The disposal was completed in March 2021. A gain on disposal of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$692,000 was recognised in the consolidated income statement. Further details are set out in Note 34.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2023.

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried at fair value.

# 1. 一般資料

中國管業集團有限公司(「本公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事建築 材料(主要是管道和管件)之貿易。

本公司為一間在百慕達註冊成立之有 限公司,註冊辦事處位於Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda。本公司股份在香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」)主板 上市。

於二零二零年,本集團已終止生物質顆 粒燃料產品分部之業務,並於二零二一 年完成出售貴州中冠產業發展有限公司 全部股本權益。貴州中冠產業發展有限 公司透過其持有66.7%股本股益之附屬 公司(貴州中冠新能源有限公司)從事生 物質顆粒燃料產品業務。出售代價為人 民幣1元。出售事項於二零二一年三月 完成,出售之收益約為692,000港元已 於綜合收益表內確認。進一步詳情列載 於附註34。

除非另有所指,本綜合財務報表以港元 (「港元」)呈列。本綜合財務報表已經由 董事會在二零二三年三月二十八日批准 刊發。

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策

下文載列編製此等綜合財務報表時採納 之主要會計政策。除非另有所指,所採 納的政策與過往年度所呈報的貫徹應 用。

綜合財務報表乃根據香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)及香港公司條例 (第622章)披露要求按照歷史成本法編 製,及以公允價值計量且其變動計入損 益的金融資產而作出修訂。

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

The Group has applied the following amendments to standards for the first time for the annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2022:

Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before intended use
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract
AG 5 (Revised)	Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021
Amendments to Annual	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs

improvements project

Annual Improvements to HKFRS 2018-2020

The Group has applied for the first time the above amendments to standards issued by the HKICPA. The adoption of amendments to standards do not have a material impact on the Group's results of operations or financial position.

# Issued but not yet effective new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations have been issued but are not effective for the financial year beginning 1 January 2022 and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group is assessing the impact of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務報 表,須要使用若干關鍵的會計估計。這 亦需要管理層在應用本集團會計政策的 過程中作出判斷,涉及高度判斷或高度 複雜性的範疇或對綜合財務報表屬重 大假設和估計的範疇,已於附註4內披 露。

本集團已於二零二二年一月一日開始的 年度報告首次採納下列修訂之準則:

香港會計準則第16	物業、廠房及設
號(修訂本)	備:擬定用途前
	之所得款項
香港會計準則第37	虧損性合約一履約
號(修訂本)	成本
會計指引第5號	共同控制合併的合
(修訂)	併會計處理
香港財務報告準則	引用概念框架
第3號(修訂本)	
香港財務報告準則	二零二一年六月
第16號(修訂本)	三十日後的
	2019新冠病毒
	相關之租金寬免
年度改進計劃	香港財務報告準則
(修訂本)	二零一八年至二
	零二零年之年度
	改進

本集團已首次採納以上由香港會計師公 會頒布的修訂之準則。採納修訂之準則 對集團的經營業績或財務狀況並無重大 影響。

# 已頒布但尚未生效之新訂準則、修 訂之準則及詮釋

以下為已頒布但在二零二二年一月一日 開始的財政年度尚未生效,亦未被本集 團提早採納的新訂準則、修訂之準則及 詮釋。本集團正在評估新訂準則、修訂 之準則及詮釋的影響。

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# Issued but not yet effective new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation *(Continued)*

Amendments to HKAS	Disclosure of Accounting Policies <sup>1</sup>
1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates <sup>1</sup>
HKFRS 17 and Amendments to HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts <sup>1</sup>
Amendment to HKFRS 17	Initial Application of HKFRS 17 and HKFRS 9 – Comparative Information <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current and Non-current <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback <sup>2</sup>
HK Int 5 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>3</sup>

1 effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023

2 effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024

3 effective date to be determined

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# 已頒布但尚未生效之新訂準則、修 訂之準則及詮釋(續)

	十準則第1	會計政策的披露1
港財利	訂本)及香 務報告準則 公告第2號	
	十準則第12 訂本)	源自單一交易的 資產及負債的 相關遞延税項1
	十準則第8 訂本)	會計估計的定義1
第17 務報台	务報告準則 號及香港財 告準則第17 訂本)	保險合約1
香港財務	游乘告準則 號(修訂本)	首次應用香港財 務報告準則第 17號及香港財 務報告準則第9
		號一比較資料1
號(修 香港會言	十準則第1 訂本) 十準則第1 訂本)	將負債分類為流 動及非流動 <sup>2</sup> 附帶契諾的非流 動負債 <sup>2</sup>
香港財務	·司平) 务報告準則 號(修訂本)	■ 頁俱 <sup>-</sup> 售後回租的租賃 自信 <sup>2</sup>
新16 香港詮釈 (修訂	睪第5號	■ 頁頁 <sup>2</sup> 財務報表的呈 列一借款人對 含有按要求償 還條款的定期 貸款的分類 <sup>2</sup>
第10	务報告準則 號及香港會 則第28號 本)	投資者與其聯營 或合營企業之 間的資產出售 或注資 <sup>3</sup>
度期	朝間生效	月一日或之後開始的年 月一日或之後開始的年

- 2 於二零二四年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效
- 3 有效日期有待釐定

# (a) Change in accounting policy

Prior to 1 January 2022, the cost of inventory was determined on the first-in first-out basis. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group has re-considered the appropriateness of its accounting policy on inventory costing in view of the change in market circumstance and industry practice. The directors of the Group consider that changing from first-in first-out method to weighted average method, which is an acceptable inventory costing formula according to HKAS 2 Inventories, would provide more relevant and no less reliable information on the financial performance. In particular, such change could enhance comparability with other industry players and timely reflect the change in overall economic environment, value of inventories and hence inventory cost in the financial performance of the Group.

The change in accounting policy has been accounted for retrospectively and the comparative figures for the corresponding comparative prior periods has been restated. Unaffected items are not included. The relevant effect of this change is shown as below:

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (a) 會計政策變更

二零二二年一月一日之前,存貨成 本按先進先出法基礎確定。在編製 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度的綜合財務報表時,有鑑於市 場環境和行業慣例的變化,本集團 已重新考慮其存貨成本核算會計政 策的適當性。本集團董事認為,根 據香港會計準則第2號存貨,由先 進先出法轉變為加權平均法是可接 受的存貨成本計算公式,通過及時 反映存貨的財務表現和價值提供更 多相關且可靠性不減的信息。尤其 是,該變化可增強與其他行業參與 者的可比性,及時把整體經濟環境 的變化、存貨價值及存貨成本在本 集團財務表現中反映。

會計政策變更已追溯入賬,並已重 列相應的前期可比期間的可比數 字。未包括未受影響之項目。該變 更的相關影響如下:

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (a) Change in accounting policy (Continued)

Summary of the effect of restatement on the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021

**Consolidated income statement (Extracted)** 

# (a) 會計政策變更(續)

重述對本集團截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表的 影響概要

#### 綜合收益表(摘錄)

			Change in	
		As previously	accounting	
		stated	policy	As restated
		之前所述	會計政策變更	經重列
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Continuing operation	持續營運業務			
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(479,383)	(7,045)	(486,428)
Income tax expense	所得税支出	(10,487)	1,163	(9,324)
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	61,849	(5,882)	55,967
Profit attribute to	溢利歸屬於			
- Equity holders of the Company	- 本公司權益持有人	62,306	(5,882)	56,424
		HK cents	HK cent	HK cents
		港仙	港仙	港仙
Earnings per share	每股盈利			
– From continuing operation	- 來自持續營運業務	4.64	(0.44)	4.20

# Consolidated statement of financial position (Extracted)

綜合財務狀況表(摘錄)

		As previously stated 之前所述 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Change in accounting policy 會計政策變更 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	As restated 經重列 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current assets nventories	<b>流動資產</b> 存貨	280,094	(6,220)	273,874
Current liabilities	<b>流動負債</b> 應付税項	8,524	(1,027)	7,497
 Equity Retained earnings	權益保留溢利	433,909	(5,193)	428,716
			ANNUAL REPO	RT 2022 年報

2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)* 

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- 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)
- (a) Change in accounting policy (Continued)

Summary of the effect of restatement on the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 1 January 2021

Consolidated statement of financial position (Extracted)

(a) 會計政策變更(續)

重述對本集團截至二零二一年一月 一日止年度綜合財務報表的影響概 要

綜合財務狀況表(摘錄)

			Change in	
		As previously	accounting	
		stated	policy	As restated
		之前所述	會計政策變更	經重列
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	192,168	825	192,993
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Taxation payable	應付税項	2,864	136	3,000
Equity	權益			
Retained earnings	保留溢利	371,603	689	372,292

#### Summary of the effect of restatement on the 重述對本集團綜合權益表的影響概 要 Group's consolidated statement of equity 2021 2020 二零二一年 二零二零年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日 As previously stated 之前所述 371,603 433,909 Effects of change in 會計政策變更之影響 accounting policy 689 (5, 193)As restated 經重列 428,716 372,292

# (a) Change in accounting policy (Continued)

The effect of the change in accounting policy on consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022 was to increase inventories by HK\$3,528,000 and increase taxation payable by HK\$582,000. The effect of the change in accounting policy on consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2022 was to increase income tax expense by HK\$582,000 and decrease cost of sales by HK\$3,528,000.

## (b) Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (a) 會計政策變更(續)

會計政策變更對於二零二二年十二 月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表的影 響為增加存貨3,528,000港元及增 加應付税項582,000港元。會計政 策變更對於截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度的綜合收益表的影 響為增加所得税支出582,000港元 及減少銷售成本3,528,000港元。

# (b) 綜合賬目

附屬公司指本集團對其具有控制 權的所有主體(包括結構性主體)。 當本集團因為參與該主體而承擔可 變回報的風險或享有可變回報的權 益,並有能力透過其對該主體的權 力影響此等回報時,本集團即控制 該主體。附屬公司在控制權轉移至 本集團之日起合併入賬。附屬公司 在控制權終止之日起停止合併入 賬。

本集團利用購買法將業務合併入 賬。購買一附屬公司所轉讓的對 價,為所轉讓資產、對被收購方之 前所有人產生的負債,及本集團發 行的股本權益的公允價值。所轉讓 的對價包括或有對價安排所產生的 任何資產和負債的公允價值。在業 務合併中所購買可辨認的資產以及 所承擔的負債及或有負債,首先以 彼等於購買日期的公允價值計量。

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

# (b) Consolidation (Continued)

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquire on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Noncontrolling interests in the acquire that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interest's proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRS.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquire is remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (b) 綜合賬目(續)

本集團按個別收購基準,確認在被 購買方的任何非控股權益。被購買 方的非控股權益為現時的擁有權權 益,並賦予持有人一旦清盤時按比 例應佔實體的淨資產,可按公允價 值或按現時擁有權權益應佔被收購 方可識別淨資產的確認金額比例而 計量。非控股權益的所有其他組成 部分按收購日期的公允價值計量, 除非香港財務報告準則規定必須以 其他計量基準計算。

收購相關成本在產生時支銷。

如業務合併分階段進行,按收購日 的公允價值重新計量收購方先前 在被收購方持有的權益,因重新計 量產生的收益或虧損均在損益中確 認。

如果現金代價的任何部分的結算被 延期,則未來的應付金額將按交換 日的現值貼現。所用貼現率為實體 的增量借款利率,即在可比較條款 及條件下獨立融資人可獲得類似借 貸的利率。或有代價分為權益或金 融負債。分類為金融負債的金額隨 後按公允價值重新計量,公允價值 變動計入損益。

所轉讓代價、被收購方的任何非控 股權益數額,及在被收購方之前任 何權益在收購日期的公允價值,超 過購入可辨識凈資產公允價值的數 額記錄為商譽。如所轉讓對價、確 認的任何非控股權益及之前持有的 權益計量,低於購入附屬公司凈資 產的公允價值,則將該數額直接在 收益表中確認。

# (b) Consolidation (Continued)

Inter-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interest are also recorded in equity.

### Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (b) 綜合賬目(續)

集團內公司之間的交易、結餘及未 變現的收益予以對銷。未變現虧損 亦予以對銷,除非交易提供了轉讓 資產的減值證據。附屬公司的會計 政策已按需要作出改變,以確保與 本集團採用的政策一致。

如與非控股權益的交易不會導致失 去控制權,則入賬列作為權益交 易,即作為與附屬公司擁有人以其 作為擁有人的身份交易。任何已付 代價的公允價值與附屬公司淨資產 相關已收購部分的賬面值的差額已 計入權益。出售予非控股權益的收 益或虧損亦計入權益。

## 出售附屬公司

當集團不再持有控制權,在主體的 任何保留權益於失去控制權當日 重新計量至公允價值,賬面值的變 動在損益中確認。公允價值為就保 留權益的後續入賬而言的初始賬面 值,作為聯營、合營或金融資產。 此外,之前在其他全面收益中確認 的任何數額猶如本集團已直接處置 相關資產和負債。這意味著之前在 其他全面收益中確認的數額重新分 類至損益。

附屬公司投資按成本扣除減值列 賬。成本包括投資的直接歸屬成 本。附屬公司的業績由本公司按已 收及應收股息入賬。

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

# (c) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors of the Company that makes strategic decisions.

#### (d) Foreign currency translation

#### (i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or revaluation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (c) 分部報告

經營分部按照向首席經營決策者提 供的內部報告貫徹一致的方式報 告。首席經營決策者被認定為作出 策略性決定的本公司執行董事,負 責分配資源和評估經營分部的表 現。

# (d) 外幣換算

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的財務報表內 的項目,均採用該實體經營 業務之主要經濟環境所使用 的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。 綜合財務報表以港元呈列, 即本公司之功能及呈列貨 幣。

## (ii) 交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易或對項目重 新計量的估價當日之匯率兑 換為功能貨幣。因結算該等 交易及按年底之匯率換算以 外幣列值之貨幣資產及負債 所產生之外匯收益及虧損均 列入收益表。

# (d) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

## (iii) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions);
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

# arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (d) 外幣換算(續)

# (iii) 集團公司

功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同之 所有集團公司(均不擁有高通 脹經濟體系之貨幣)之業績及 財務狀況按以下方式換算為 呈列貨幣:

每份列報的財務狀況表
 內的資產和負債按該財
 務狀況表日期的收市匯
 率換算;

- 各收益表之收入及開支 按平均匯率換算(除非該 平均匯率並非交易當日 匯率的累積影響之合理 約數,在此情況下收入 及開支須按交易日的匯 率換算);
- 所有由此產生的匯兑差 額在其他全面收益中確 認。

於綜合入賬時,換算海外業務的淨投資額、借貸及其他 用作對沖有關投資的貨幣工 具所產生的匯兑差額均計入 其他全面收益。

購買境外主體產生的商譽及 公允價值調整視為該境外主 體的資產和負債,並按收市 匯率換算。產生的匯兑差額 在其他全面收益中入賬。

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

(d) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

## (iii) Group companies (Continued)

#### Disposal of foreign operation

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the currency translation differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of the company are reclassified to profit or loss.

## (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, comprising, leasehold improvements, plant and machinery, equipment, furniture and fixtures and motor vehicles are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (d) 外幣換算(續)

## (iii) 集團公司(續)

境外經營的處置

# (e) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括租賃物業 裝修、廠房及機器、設備、傢俬及 裝置及汽車)乃按歷史成本減累計 折舊及累計減值虧損列賬。歷史成 本包括收購該等資產的直接開支。

僅於項目有關的未來經濟利益將會 流入本集團,而且能可靠計量該 項目的成本,後續成本方會計入資 產的賬面值或確認為一項單獨資產 (如適用)。已更換部份的賬面值已 被終止確認。所有其他維修及保養 費用在產生的財務期間內於綜合收 益表中支銷。

# (e) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Plant, machinery and	3-10 years
equipment	
Leasehold improvements	5 years or the lease period, if shorter
Office furniture, fixtures and fittings	3-5 years
Office equipment	3-5 years
Computer equipment	3-5 years
Motor vehicles	3-10 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised within 'Other gains, net' in the consolidated income statement.

## (f) Intangible assets

#### Trademark

Separately acquired trademark is shown at historical cost. Trademark has a finite useful life and is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademark over their estimated useful life of 10 years.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (e) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備之折舊,乃根據 其估計可使用年期採用直線法把其 成本值分配予剩餘價值計算,各估 計可使用年期如下:

廠房、機器及	3至10年
設備	
租賃物業裝修	5年或租賃期
	(以較短者)
辦公室傢俬、裝置	3至5年
及設備	
文儀設備	3至5年
電腦設備	3至5年
汽車	3至10年

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在每 個呈報期結束時進行檢討,及在適 當時調整。

倘若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收 回值,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回 值。

出售帶來的盈虧按比較所得款項及 賬面值釐定,並於綜合收益表中的 其他收益淨額確認。

# (f) 無形資產

#### 商標

分開購入的商標按歷史成本列賬。 商標有限定的可使用年期,並按成 本減累計攤銷列賬。攤銷使用直線 法將商標的成本分攤至其估計可使 用年期十年計算。

# (g) Impairment of investments in subsidiaries and non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, for example goodwill, are not subject to amortisation and are at least tested annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (i.e. CGUs). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (g) 於附屬公司之投資及非金融資 產的減值

沒有確定使用年期之資產(如商譽) 毋需攤銷,但最少每年就減值進 行測試。資產就當有事件出現或情 況改變顯示可能無法收回賬面值 即進行減值檢討。減值虧損按資產 之賬面值超出其可收回金額之差額 確認。可收回金額以資產之公允值 扣除銷售成本或使用價值兩者之較 高者為準。於評估減值時,資產將 按可識辨現金流量的最低層次組合 (即現金產生單位)。出現減值的非 數就回撥減值的可能性進行檢討。

倘自附屬公司收取之股息超出宣派 股息期間該附屬公司之全面收益總 額,或倘獨立財務報表之投資賬面 值超出綜合財務報表被投資公司之 淨資產(包括商譽)之賬面值,則在 接獲該等投資之股息時須對該等附 屬公司之投資進行減值測試。

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

# (h) Financial assets

# (i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through OCI or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

#### (ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (h) 金融資產

(i) 分類

本集團按以下計量類別對金 融資產進行分類:

- 後續以公允價值計量(且 其變動計入其他綜合收 益或損益)的金融資產,
   及
- 以攤銷成本計量的金融
   資產。
- 該分類取決於主體管理金融 資產的業務模式以及該資產 的合同現金流量特徵。

對於以公允價值計量的金融 資產,其收益和虧損計入損 益或其他綜合收益。對於非 交易性的權益工具投資,其 收益和虧損的始確認時是將 取之都 開在初始確認時是的 將 之為以公允價值計量 且其變 動計入其他綜合收益。

#### (ii) 確認及終止確認

常規方式購買及出售的金融 資產於交易日確認。交易日 是指本集團承諾購買或出售 資產的日期。當收取金融買 產現金流量的權利已到期發 了金融資產所有權上幾乎所 有的風險和報酬,金融資產 即終止確認。



# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

# (h) Financial assets (Continued)

## (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

#### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

 Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (h) 金融資產(續)

#### (iii) 計量

對於不被分類為以公允價值 計量且其變動計入損益的金 融資產,本集團以其公允價 值加上可直接歸屬于獲得該 項金融資產的交易費用進行 初始確認。與以公允價值計 量且其變動計入損益的金融 資產相關的交易費用計入損 益。

對於包含嵌入式衍生工具的 金融資產,本集團對整個合 同考慮其現金流量是否僅代 表對本金和利息的支付。

#### 債務工具

債務工具的後續計量取決於 本集團管理該資產的業務模 式以及該資產的現金流量特 徵。本集團將債務工具分為 以下三種計量類別:

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

# (h) Financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Measurement (Continued)

## Debt instruments (Continued)

FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/(losses) and impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the statement of profit or loss.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

#### (h) 金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

以公允價值計量且其 變動計入其他綜合收 益:對於業務模式為持 有以收取現金流量及出 售的金融資產,如果該 資產的現金流量僅代表 對本金和利息的支付, 則該資產被分類為以公 允價值計量且其變動計 入其他綜合收益。除減 值收益或虧損、利息收 入以及匯兑收益和虧損 計入損益外,帳面價值 的變動計入其他綜合收 益。該等金融資產終止 確認時,之前計入其他 綜合收益的累計收益或 虧損從權益重分類至 損益中,並計入其他收 益/(虧損)。該等金融 資產的利息收入用實際 利率法計算,計入財務 收入。匯兑收益和虧損 在其他收益/(虧損)中 列示,減值虧損作為單 獨的科目在損益表中列 報。

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

- (h) Financial assets (Continued)
  - (iii) Measurement (Continued)

## Debt instruments (Continued)

 FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

#### Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in the statement of profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (h) 金融資產(續)

# (iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益:不符合以攤銷估計量或以公允價值計量或以公允價值計量或以公允價值計量使收益標準的公允價值的。計量且其變運位。
 放價值給。計量且其變」
 入損價值約
 大價值約
 大價益約
 大損一一
 大損一一
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 (虧損)中列示。

## 權益工具

對於以公允價值計量且其變 動計入損益的金融資產,其 公允價值變動列示於損益表 的其他收益/(虧損)(如適 用)。對於以公允價值計量且 其變動計入其他綜合收益的 權益投資,其減值虧損(以及 減值虧損轉回)不與其他公允 價值變動單獨列示。

# (h) Financial assets (Continued)

## (iv) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

Impairment on other receivables is measured as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivables has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

### (i) Leases

The Group leases various office, warehouses, retail shops and staff quarters. Property leases are typically made for fixed periods of one to ten years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain various different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets and the corresponding liabilities at the date of which the respective leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (h) 金融資產(續)

(iv) 減值

對於以攤銷成本計量和以公 允價值計量且其變動計入其 他綜合收益的債務工具,本 集團就其預期信貸虧損做 出前瞻性評估。減值方法取 決於其信用風險是否顯著增 加。

對於貿易應收款項,本集團 採用香港財務報告準則第9號 允許的簡化方法,在初始確 認時計量應收款項整個存續 期的預期信貸虧損。

其他應收款項之撥備以12個 月預期信貸虧損或全期預期 信貸虧損計量減值計算,取 決於信貸風險自初步確認後 有否大幅上升。倘該應收款 項的信貸風險自初步確認起 大幅增加,則撥備將基於全 期預期信貸虧損計量。

# (i) 租賃

本集團租賃多個辦公室、倉庫、零 售店及員工宿舍。租約一般固定為 期1至10年。租賃條款按單獨基準 協商且包含多種不同條款及條件。 租賃協議並無施加任何契約,惟 租賃資產不可作為借款用途的抵押 品。

租賃於各租賃資產可供本集團所用 之日期確認為使用權資產及相應 負債。各租賃款項均分攤為負債及 融資成本。融資成本將在有關租賃 期間於損益中支銷,以藉此制定各 個期間對負債餘額的穩定期間利息 率。
# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

#### (i) Leases (Continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate;
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Payments associated with short-term leases of office and warehouse are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

## (i) 租賃(續)

租賃產生的資產及負債初步按現值 基準計量。租賃負債包括以下租賃 付款的淨現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減任何應收租賃獎勵;
- 基於指數或利率的可變租賃 付款;
- 剩餘價值擔保下的承租人預 期應付款項;
- 採購權的行使價格(倘承租人 合理地確定行使該權利);及
- 支付終止租賃的罰款(倘租賃 條款反映承租人行使權利終 止租約)。

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含的利率予 以貼現。倘無法釐定該利率,則使 用承租人的遞增借款利率,即承租 人在類似條款及條件的類似經濟環 境中借入類似價值的資產所需資金 必須支付的利率。

與短期辦公室及倉庫租賃相關的付款以直線法於損益確認為開支。短期租賃指租期為12個月或以下的租賃。

#### (j) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

#### (k) Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold in the ordinary course of business. Trade receivables are generally due for settlement within the credit period and therefore are all classified as current.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### (I) Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and bank overdrafts. In the consolidated statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### (m) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### (n) Trade payables

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (j) 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者之較 低者列賬。成本乃按加權平均法釐 定。可變現淨值按日常業務過程中 估計售價減去適用之可變銷售開支 計算。

#### (k) 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易應收款項為於日常業務過程中 銷售貨品而應收客戶款項。貿易應 收款項一般應在信貸期內償付,因 此均歸類為流動。

貿易應收款項初步按有關代價金額 無條件確認,除非其包含重大融資 成分,並按公允價值確認。本集團 持有貿易應收款項,目的是收取合 約現金流量,因此採用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。

#### (I) 現金及現金等價物

在綜合現金流量表中,現金及現金 等價物包括手頭現金、銀行通知存 款以及銀行透支。銀行透支在綜合 財務狀況表的流動負債中借款內列 示。

#### (m) 股本

普通股歸類為權益。發行新股份或 購股權直接產生之新增成本乃於權 益內列作所得款項(除税後)的扣除 額。

#### (n) 貿易應付款項

貿易應付款項以公允價值初步確 認,隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成本 列賬。

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

### (o) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the end of reporting period.

#### (p) Borrowings costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (o) 借貸

借貸以公允價值扣除交易成本初步 確認。借貸隨後按攤銷成本列賬, 所得款項(扣除交易成本後)與贖回 值之間的任何差額,使用實際利 率法於借貸期內在綜合收益表中確 認。

除非本集團可無條件將負債的結算 遞延至呈報期末起計最少十二個 月,否則借貸分類為流動負債。

# **(p)** 借貸成本

直接歸屬于收購、興建或生產合資 格資產(指必須經一段長時間處理 以作其預定用途或銷售的資產)的 一般及特定借貸成本,加入該等資 產的成本內,直至資產大致上備妥 供其預定用途或銷售為止。

就特定借貸,因有待合資格資產的 支出而臨時投資賺取的投資收入, 應自合資格資本化的借貸成本中扣 除。

所有其他借貸成本在產生期內的損 益中確認。

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# (q) Employee benefits

#### (i) Employee leaves

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### (ii) Bonus plans

The expected cost of bonus payments are recognised as a liability when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Liabilities for bonus plans are expected to be settled within twelve months and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when they are settled.

#### (iii) Pension obligations

Following the adoption of the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Scheme in December 2000, all employees of the Group employed in Hong Kong joined the MPF Scheme. Under this scheme, employees and the Group are required to make contributions to the scheme calculated at 5% of the individual employee's monthly basic salaries, subject to a cap of HK\$1,500. The Group's contributions to this scheme are expensed when they are due. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

#### (q) 僱員福利

(i) 僱員假期

僱員可享有之年假在彼等放 假時確認。本集團已就截至 呈報期完結時僱員提供服務 而享有年假之估計負債計提 撥備。

僱員可享有之病假及產假僅 會於休假時確認。

#### (ii) 花紅計劃

本集團因僱員所提供之服務 而擁有現時之法定或推定責 任,且能可靠地估計此責任 時,預計花紅支出成本會確 認為一項負債。

花紅計劃之負債預期將於 十二個月內償還,並按照預 期於償還時將予支付之金額 計量。

#### (iii) 退休金責任



# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

# (q) Employee benefits (Continued)

#### (iii) Pension obligations (Continued)

The Group's employees in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") are covered by various government sponsored pension plans. These government agencies are responsible for the pension liabilities to these employees. The relevant group companies pay monthly contributions to these pension plans based on certain percentages of the salaries, subject to a certain ceiling.

The employees employed by the operations in Macau are members of the government-managed retirement benefits schemes operated by the Macau government. The Macau operations are required to pay a monthly fixed contribution to the retirement benefits schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits schemes operated by the Macau government is to make the required contributions under the schemes.

Under these plans, the Group has no legal or constructive obligation to make further payments once the required contributions have been paid. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred.

### 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

#### (q) 僱員福利(續)

#### (iii) 退休金責任(續)

本集團於中華人民共和國 (「中國」)之僱員均享有多項 由政府營辦之退休金計劃。 該等政府機關對有關僱員之 退休金負債負責。本集團旗 下相關公司根據薪金若干百 分比(以若干上限為限),每 月向該等退休金計劃供款。

根據該等計劃,本集團於支 付規定之供款後,並無支付 其他款項之法定或推定責 任。該等計劃之供款於產生 時列作開支。

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## (q) Employee benefits (Continued)

#### (iv) Share-based payment

The Group operates an equity-settled, sharebased compensation plan, under which the entity receives services from employees as considerations for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and nonmarket performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save or holding shares for a specified period of time).

The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each reporting period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market performance and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the income statement with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

#### (q) 僱員福利(續)

#### (iv) 以股份為基礎之付款

本集團推行按股本結算、以 股份支付報酬的計劃,以得 到僱員提供服務作為收取本 集團股本工具(購股權)的代 價。僱員提供服務以換取購 股權的公允價值乃確認為開 支。於歸屬期內列作開支的 總金額,乃參照已授出購股 權的公允價值釐定:

- 包括任何市場業績條件 (例如主體的股價);
- 不包括任何服務和非市場業績可行權條件(例如盈利能力、銷售增長目標和職工在某特定時期內留任實體)的影響;及
- 包括任何非可行權條件 (例如規定職工儲蓄或在 一段指定期間內持有股 份)的影響。

總費用在歸屬期內計入,歸 屬期是指滿足所有特定歸屬 條件所需的期間。於各呈報 期末,本集團均會基於非定 場表現和服務歸屬的購之 其估計預期將歸屬的購股 數目,修改原來估計數字的 離 (如有)則於收益表內確 調 整。

在期權行使時,本公司發行 新股。收取的所得款扣除任 何直接歸屬交易成本撥入股 本(面值)和股本溢價。

# (r) Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

#### (i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at statement of financial position date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

#### (ii) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

#### (r) 即期及遞延税項

期內所得税開支或抵免指根據各司 法權區的適用所得税率按即期應 課税收入應付的税項,而有關所得 税率經暫時差異及未動用税項虧損 應佔的遞延税項資產與負債變動調 整。

#### (i) 即期所得税

#### (ii) 遞延所得税

**遞延所得税以負債法按資產** 及負債之税基與其於綜合財 務報表內賬面值間之暫時差 額悉數計提撥備。然而,倘 遞延税項負債乃來自初始確 認商譽,則不會確認遞延税 項負債。倘遞延所得税乃來 自初始確認一項交易(不包 括業務合併)中之資產或負 **債**,而於進行該項交易時概 無影響會計及應課税溢利或 虧損,則不會計入遞延所得 税。遞延所得税已於報告 期末實施或大致上實施,並 預期將於相關遞延所得税資 產變現或遞延所得税負債清 償時適用之税率(及法例)釐

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## (r) Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

## (ii) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and where the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

# 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

#### (r) 即期及遞延税項(續)

#### (ii) 遞延所得税(續)

僅於倘可能有未來應課税金 額可供抵銷暫時差額及虧 損,方會確認遞延税項資 產。

倘本公司有能力控制撥回暫 時差額之時間及該等差額很 可能不會於可見將來撥回, 方不會就外匯營運投資之賬 面值及税基之間之暫時差額 確認遞延税項負債及資產。

當有合法執行權抵銷即期税 項資產及負債,而遞延税項 結餘與同一税務機關有關 時,遞延税項資產及負債予 以抵銷。當實體有合法執行 權抵銷並擬按淨額基準結 算,或同時變現資產及結算 債務時,即期税項資產及負 債予以抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益確 認,除非與於其他全面收益 確認或直接於權益確認之項 目有關則除外。在此情況 下,該税項亦分別於其他全 面收益或直接於權益中確 認。

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

#### (s) **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

#### (t) Revenue recognition

#### (i) Sale of goods – wholesale

The Group sells a range of pipes and fittings. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customers, the customer has full discretion over the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products.

Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

Revenue from the sale of goods is based on the price specified in the sales contracts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate provision for returns.

## 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

# (s) 撥備

撥備於本集團由於過往事件而產生 現有的法定或推定責任,可能須就 解決有關負債而導致資源流出及能 夠可靠地作出金額估計時確認。

撥備以有義務支付有關負債所預計 需要產生之支出之現值計量,計算 此等現值使用之税前折現率能夠反 映當前市場之貨幣時間價值及該負 債特有之風險。時間流逝導致撥備 金額之增加,確認為利息支出。

## (t) 收入確認

#### (i) 銷售商品 – 批發

本集團銷售一系列管道和管件。在產品控制權轉移時, 即產品交付給客戶時,客戶 對產品有完全的自主權,並 且沒有未履行的義務可能影 響客戶對產品的接受時,確 認銷售。

交付的發生是當產品已運至 指定地點時,已過時和損失 的風險已轉移給客戶,或客 戶已根據銷售合同接受產 品,接納條款已失效,或本 集團有客觀證據證明已滿足 所有接納標準。

銷售商品的收入基於銷售合 同中規定的價格。已往累積 的經驗用於估算退貨撥備。

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

## (t) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(i) Sale of goods – wholesale (Continued)

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

Deposits collected from the customers before product delivery are recognised as contract liabilities.

#### (ii) Sale of goods - retail

The Group operates a chain of retail stores selling pipes and fittings products. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when a group entity sells a product to the customer. Payment of the transaction price is due immediately when the customer purchases the product and takes delivery in store.

#### (u) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

#### (v) Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised in other gain, net in the consolidated income statements at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions.

#### 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

#### (t) 收入確認(續)

(i) 銷售商品 – 批發(續)

當產品交付時確認為應收款 項,由於這是代價為無條件 的時間點,而付款到期之前 只需要經過一段時間。

在產品交付之前,從客戶收 取的按金被確認為合同負 債。

#### (ii) 銷售商品-零售

本集團經營連鎖零售店,銷 售管道及管件產品。銷售商 品的收入乃在集團實體向客 戶銷售產品時確認。交易 價格的支付是在客戶購買產 品並在店內交貨時立即支付 的。

#### (u) 利息收入

利息收入採用實際利息法按時間比 例基準確認。

#### **(v)** 政府補助

倘有合理保證可收到政府補助且本 集團將會遵行所有附帶條件,政府 補助會按其公允值於綜合收益表其 他收益淨額確認。

# 2. Basis of preparation and accounting policies *(Continued)*

## (w) Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

#### (x) Discontinued operation

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that has been disposed of or is classified as held for sale and that represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of such a line of business or area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. The results of discontinued operation are presented separately in the income statement.

## 3. Financial risk management

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign currency risk and interest rate risk), credit and counterparty risk and liquidity risk. The Group's financial risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance by actively managing debt level and cash flow in order to maintain a strong financial position and minimising refinancing and liquidity risks by attaining healthy debt repayment capacity, appropriate maturity profile and availability of banking facilities.

### 2. 編製基準及會計政策(續)

#### (w) 股息分派

向本公司股東分派的股息,在股息 獲本公司股東或董事(按適當)批准 的期間內於本集團及本公司的財務 報表內列為負債。

#### (x) 終止營運業務

終止營運業務為該主體的組成部 份,其已出售或已分類為持有待 售,並代表業務或經營地域的一項 獨立主要項目,或是出售業務或經 營地域的一項獨立主要項目的單一 協調計劃的一部份,或是一家全為 了轉售而購入的子公司。終止營運 業務的業績獨立在收益表中列示。

#### 3. 財務風險管理

#### 3.1 財務風險因素

本集團的業務承受各種財務風險: 市場風險(包括外幣風險及利率風 險)、信貸及交易方風險及流動資 金風險。本集團的整體財務風險管 理集中於金融市場的不可預測性, 及通過積極管理債務水平及現金流 量以維持穩健之財務狀況,及透過 穩健的償債能力、適當的還款期限 及銀行信貸融資額度而使再融資及 流動資金風險減至最低,從而儘量 減低對本集團財務表現的潛在不利 影響。

### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

# 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (a) Market risk

#### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates principally in Hong Kong and in Macau with minor operations in the Mainland China and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to the United States dollars ("USD"), Macau Pataca ("MOP") and Renminbi ("RMB"). Foreign exchange risk mainly arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities, which are denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency of the group entities. In order to mitigate the foreign currency risk, the Group has been closely monitoring its foreign currency exposure and requirements and will arrange for any hedging facilities if necessary.

As HK\$ is pegged against USD and MOP is pegged against HK\$, the Group is exposed to limited exchange rate fluctuation. As a result, the exchange rate risk exposure in respect of USD and MOP are not significant. While for RMB, the exchange rate fluctuation is relatively volatile. At 31 December 2022, if RMB had strengthened /weakened by 5% (2021: 5%) against HK\$ with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit would have been HK\$62,000 (2021: HK\$119,000) higher /lower respectively mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of RMB-denominated financial assets and liabilities.

# 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (a) 市場風險

#### (i) 外匯風險

本集團主要於香港及澳 門經營業務,以及在中 國內地經營少許業務, 並因營運涉及多種貨幣 而面臨外匯風險(主要涉 及美元(「美元」)、澳門 幣(「澳門幣」)及人民幣 (「人民幣」))。外匯風險 主要來自日後的商業交 易,本集團各實體的已 確認資產及負債,其貨 幣以非功能貨幣換算而 產生外匯風險。為降低 **外幣風險**,本集團一百 密切監控其外幣風險及 規定,及將於必要時作 出對沖安排。

由於港元與美元的掛鈎 系統及澳門幣與港元的 掛鈎系統,本集團承受 有限的匯率波動。因 此,關於美元及澳門幣 的外匯風險不顯著。相 對而言,人民幣的匯率 比較波動。於二零二二 年十二月三十一日,倘 人民幣兑港元於所有其 他變數保持不變之情 況下,升值/貶值5% (二零二一年:5%), 則除税後溢利將分別增 加/減少62,000港元(二 零二一年:119,000港 元),主要是由於換算人 民幣計值之金融資產及 負債產生外匯收益/虧 損所致。

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

## 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (a) Market risk (Continued)
  - (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group's interestbearing assets mainly include loan to a related company, loan to a director and bank balances and deposits, details of which have been disclosed in Notes 19, 21, 22 and 30. The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is also attributable to its borrowings, details of which have been disclosed in Note 25. Borrowings carry at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk whereas those carry at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest-rate risk. As at 31 December 2022, approximately 46% (2021: 18%) of the Group's borrowings were carried at floating rates and expose the Group to cash flow interest-rate risk. The Group has not used any interest rate swaps to hedge its exposure against cash flow interest-rate risks.

As at 31 December 2022, if interest rate has increased/decreased by 100 (2021: 25) basis points with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 would have been HK\$203,000 (2021: HK\$21,000) lower/ higher, mainly as a result of increase/decrease in interest expense on borrowings.

## 3. 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (a) 市場風險(續)
    - (ii) 利率風險

本集團的收入及經營現 金流量大致上不受市場 利率變動的影響。由於 本集團的計息資產包括 貸款予一間關連公司, 貸款予一位董事及銀行 結餘及存款,而有關詳 情在附註19、21、22及 30披露。本集團所涉及 的利率變動風險亦來自 借貸,有關詳情在附註 25披露。按浮動利率計 息的借貸使本集團面對 現金流量利率風險,而 按固定利率計息的借貸 則使本集團面對公允值 現金利率風險。於二零 二二年十二月三十一日 本集團約46%(二零二一 年:18%)的借貸,按 浮動利率計息,使本集 團面對現金流量利率風 險。本集團並無利用任 何利率掉期安排對沖利 率風險。

於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,倘若利率 增加/減少100(二零 二一:25)基點,而所 有其他變數維持不變, 截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度除税 後溢利將減少/增加 203,000港元(二零二一 年:21,000港元),主 要由於借貸利息支出增 加/減少所致。

### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

# 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit and counterparty risk

(i) Risk management

Credit risk mainly arises from bank deposits, trade and other receivables, other deposits, loan to a related company and loan to a director. The carrying amounts of these balances substantially represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit and counterparty risk in relation to financial assets.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021 all the bank deposits are deposited in high quality financial institutions without significant credit risk. The credit risk on bank deposits is limited because 55% (2021: 65%) of the Group's bank balances are placed with subsidiaries of state-owned banks and the rest are placed with other reputable financial institutions. Management does not expect any loss from non-performance of these banks.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue trade and other receivables.

# 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸及交易方風險

#### (i) 風險管理

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

# 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

### (b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)

#### (i) Risk management (Continued)

Rental deposits made to landlords are also considered to be of low risk. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced. Other than the loan to a related company as mentioned below, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk, with exposure spread over a number of counterparties and customers.

In respect of the loan to a related company, as detailed in Note 30(e), the Group obtained share charge executed by the borrower and guarantees executed by the guarantor in favour of the Group as a continuing security and continuing obligation for performance by the borrower of its obligations to minimise the credit risk.

#### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸及交易方風險(續)
  - (i) 風險管理(續)

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

# 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

- (b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)
  - (ii) Impairment of financial assets

Trade receivables

The Group applied the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped with similar risk characteristics and, collectively or individually, assessing them for likelihood of recovery.

The Group categorises its trade receivables, except those individually assessed, based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over a period of 12 months before 31 December 2022 and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

For trade receivables relating to accounts in which there are objective evidence that the debtor faces significant financial difficulties or enter liquidation, they are assessed individually for impairment allowance. There was specific loss allowance of HK\$61,000 was made as at 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).



# 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸及交易方風險(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產減值

貿易應收款項

本集團採用香港財務報 告準則第9號簡化方法計 量預期信貸虧損,為所 有貿易應收款項於存續 期內的預期虧損撥備。

計量預期信貸虧損,貿 易應收款項已按類似風 險特徵分組,並共同或 個別評估其回收的可能 性。

就有關的貿易應收款 項,對於有客觀證據大 明債務人面臨重太子 務困難或個別客戶 ,會對個別客戶 而作減值撥備。截 三二年十二月三十一 日錄得特定虧損撥 61,000港元(二零二一 年:無)。

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

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### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

**3.1 Financial risk factors (***Continued***)** 

# 3.1 財務風險因素(續)(b) 信貸及交易方風險(續)

下:

(ii) 金融資產減值(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

剩餘貿易應收款項的預

期信貸虧損率確定如

- (b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)
  - (ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

# Trade receivables (Continued)

The expected credit loss rate for the remaining trade receivables is determined as follow:

		Lifetime expected loss rate 全期預期 信貸虧損率 % 百分比	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Lifetime expected credit loss 全期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$*000 千港元	Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日				
Collective assessment	集體評估				
Within credit period	信貸期內	0.15	106,502	(162)	106,340
1 to 30 days	1天至30天	0.15	23,516	(36)	23,480
31 to 90 days	31天至90天	0.27 - 0.61	15,244	(53)	15,191
Over 90 days	超過90天	1.54 - 20.18	7,482	(1,012)	6,470
			152,744	(1,263)	151,481

# 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

# 3. 財務風險管理*(續)*

3.1 Financial risk factors (Conti	nued)	3.1	財務風險	因素 <i>(續)</i>	
(b) Credit and counterparty	risk (Continued)		(b) 信貸.	及交易方風險	(續)
(ii) Impairment of financia	al assets (Continued)		<i>(ii)</i>	金融資產減值	(續)
Trade receivables (Con	tinued)			貿易應收款項	(續)
		Lifetime expected loss rate 全期預期 信貸虧損率 % 百分比	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Lifetime expected credit loss 全期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$*000 千港元	Net carrying amount 賬面淨值 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日				
Collective assessment Within credit period 1 to 30 days 31 to 90 days Over 90 days	集體評估 信貸期內 1天至30天 31天至90天 超過90天	0.19 0.19 0.24 - 0.55 1.37 - 41.01	104,189 33,300 19,697 3,570	(196) (62) (59) (885)	103,993 33,238 19,638 2,685
			160,756	(1,202)	159,554



#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)
  - (b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)
    - (ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Other financial assets at amortised cost

The directors of the Group consider the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares risk of a default occurring on the assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the company's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the company;
- significant changes in the expected performance and behavior of the company, including changes in the payment status of the counterparty.

Regardless of the analysis above, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 90 days past due in making a contractual payment/repayable demanded.

### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (b) 信貸及交易方風險(續)
    - (ii) 金融資產減值(續)

其他金融資產按攤銷成 本計算

- 預期導致公司履行 責任能力出現重大 變動的業務、財務 或經濟狀況的實際 或預期重大不利變 動;
- 公司經營業績的實際或預期重大變動;
- 公司預期表現及行 為的重大變動,包
   括交易方的付款狀
   況變動。

無論上述分析如何,如 果債務人在履行合同付 款/償還要求時超過90 天,則推定信貸風險顯 著增加。

#### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

# 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

#### (b) Credit and counterparty risk (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised cost *(Continued)* 

The loss allowance for other financial assets at amortised cost as at 31 December 2022 amounted to HK\$154,000 (2021: HK\$1,275,000) as detailed in Note 19.

Impairment losses on trade receivables and other financial assets at amortised cost are presented as net impairment losses within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

Other financial assets of HK\$1,121,000 that was fully provided for in previous year is written off during the year (2021: HK\$290,000) but are still subject to enforcement activity.

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and availability of funding from an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. Management maintains rolling forecast of the Group's liquidity reserves which comprises undrawn banking facilities and cash and cash equivalents, on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the date of financial reporting to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

# 3. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 信貸及交易方風險(續)

(ii) 金融資產減值(續)

其他金融資產按攤銷成 本計算*(續)* 

於二零二二年十二月 三十一日按攤銷成本計 算的其他金融資產虧 損撥備金額為154,000 港元(二零二一年: 1,275,000港元),詳見 附註19。

貿易應收款項及按攤銷 成本計算的其他金融 資產的減值虧損在經 營溢利內呈列為淨減值 虧損。其後收回過往撇 銷之金額計入同一行項 目。

年內撇銷的其他金融資 產金額為1,121,000港元 (二零二一年:290,000 港元)已於之前年度全額 撥備,但仍然受到執法 活動的約束。

#### (c) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管理包 括保持充裕現金及從承諾融 資金額取得足夠的可用資 金。管理層維持對本集團滾 動的流動資金儲備作預測, 包括基於未提取貸款額度及 現金及現金等價物的預計現 金流。

下表按於財務報告日至合約 到期日餘下期間將本集團的 金融負債分為不同的到期組 合。表格所披露的數額為合 約未折現現金流。

3. Financial risk management (Continued)

. . . .

# 3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

# 3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued) (c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

# (c) 流動資金風險(續)

		Less than 1 year	Between 1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		一年以內	一至五年之間	五年以上	總數
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日				
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	46,257	_	-	46,257
Borrowings	借貸	53,353	-	-	53,353
Interest payment on	借貸之利息支付				·
borrowings		733	-	-	733
Lease liabilities Interest payment on	租賃負債 租賃負債之利息支付	22,905	78,124	-	101,029
lease liabilities	但莫莫慎是们心又门	3,468	5,731	_	9,199
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日				
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	68,909	_	-	68,909
Borrowings	借貸	56,019	-	_	56,019
Interest payment on	借貸之利息支付				
borrowings		288	9.26-97 <del>2</del>	201402	288
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	18,727	69,604	15,495	103,826
Interest payment on	租賃負債之利息支付				
lease liabilities		3,784	8,351	291	12,426

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### 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

#### 3.2 Capital risk management

Total borrowings

Total equity

Gearing ratio

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total bank borrowings divided by total equity.

The Group's strategy was to maintain a solid capital base to support the operations and development of its business in the long term. Given its existing principal business, management considers a gearing ratio as measured by total bank borrowings to total equity of not more than 50% as solid and reasonable. The table below analyses the Group's capital structure at 31 December 2022 and 2021 as follows:

總借貸

總權益

資產負債比率

## 3. 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本的目的為保障本集 團能持續經營,以為股東提供回報 並為其他利益相關人士提供利益, 以及維持良好的資本架構以減低資 本成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團可 調整向股東派付的股息、向股東退 回資本、發行新股或出售資產以減 少債務。

和其他同業一樣,本集團以資產負 債比率作為監控資本的基準。資產 負債比率按銀行借貸總額除以總權 益計算。

本集團之策略是維持穩健的資金基礎,以長期支持本集團的業務營運及發展。鑑於現時之主要業務,管理層認為按銀行借貸總額相對於總權益計算之資產負債比率處於50%以下均屬穩健及合理。下表為本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日資本架構之分析:

	Restated
	(經重列)
2022	2021
二零二二年	二零二一年
HK\$′000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
53,353	56,019
671,671	623,104
8%	9%

# 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

# 3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying value of trade receivables, other loans and receivables, bank balances and deposits, trade and other payables, lease liabilities and borrowings are a reasonable approximation of their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

The table below analyses the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1)
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2)
- inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3)

### 3. 財務風險管理(續)

# 3.3 公允價值估計

貿易應收款項、其他貸款及應收款 項、銀行結餘及存款、貿易及其他 應付款項、租賃負債及借貸之賬面 值與彼等之公允值相若。就披露而 言,金融負債之公允值透過按本集 團同類金融工具之現行市場利率對 未來合約現金流量折現而估算。

下表根據在評估公允價值的估值技 術中所運用到的輸入的層級,分析 本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日按公允價值入賬的 金融工具。這些輸入按照公允價值 層級歸類為如下三層:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市場
   之報價(未經調整)(第一層)
- 除了第一層所包括之報價
   外,該資產或負債之可觀察
   之其他輸入,可為直接(即價
   格)或間接(即源自價格)(第二
   層)
- 資產及負債並非依據可觀察
   市場數據之輸入(即非可觀察
   輸入)(第三層)

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# 3. Financial risk management (Continued)

# 3. 財務風險管理(續)

### 3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

# 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

		Fair value	Fair value
		as at	as at
		31 December 2022	31 December 2021
	Fair value	於二零二二年	於二零二一年
	Hierarchy	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
	公允價值層階	的公允價值	的公允價值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial assets 金融資產	Level 2		
- Investment funds - 投資基金	ê 第二級	1,513	1,706

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-thecounter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. It includes quoted market price or dealer quotes for similar instruments. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2. 年內第1與第2層之間並無轉撥。

並無於活躍市場買賣之金融工具 (如場外衍生工具),其公允值乃使 用估值方法釐定。該等估值方法儘 量利用於可觀測市場取得之數據, 並儘量減少依賴實體獨有估計,包 括類似金融工具的市場報價或經銷 商報價。倘一金融工具的公允值所 需之所有重大輸入數據均可觀測, 則該金融工具歸入第二層。

## 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of the Group are discussed below.

# (a) Provision for impairment of loan to a related company, loan to a director and trade and other receivables

The policy for provision for impairment of loan to a related company, loan to a director and trade and other receivables of the Group is based on the evaluation of risk of default and expected credit losses which involved management's judgement. A considerable amount of judgement is required in assessing the ultimate realisation of these receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the Group's past collection history of receivables, existing market condition as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. If the financial conditions of any individual counterparty were determined to be deteriorated, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

#### (b) Provision for impairment of inventories

The management of the Group reviews the marketability of inventory items at the end of each reporting period, and makes allowance for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items identified that are no longer suitable for sale. The management estimates the net realisable value for inventories based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. The Group carries out an inventory review on a productby-product basis at the end of each reporting period and makes provision for obsolete items.

#### 4. 關鍵會計估計及判斷

本公司按過往經驗及其他因素(包括對 日後事件作出之合理估計)不時評估現 正採納的估計及判斷。以下為有重大風 險導致本集團資產及負債之賬面值須作 出重大調整之估計及假設之討論。

### (a) 對一間關連公司的貸款、對一 位董事的貸款、及貿易及其他 應收款項之減值撥備

本集團對一間關連公司的貸款、對 一位董事的貸款、及貿易及其他應 收款項之減值撥備政策乃基於違約 風險及預期信貸虧損評估(涉及管 理層的判斷)。在評估該等應收款 項的最終變現時,需要作出相當多 的判斷,包括當前的信譽及本集團 過往的應收款項收款記錄,現有市 場情況及每個報告期末的前瞻性估 計。倘交易方財務狀況日趨惡化, 削弱其償付能力,則須計提額外撥 備。

# (b) 存貨減值撥備

本集團管理層於各呈報期末審核存 貨項目之銷售前景並對確認為不再 適合銷售之過時及滯銷庫存品進行 撥備。管理層主要根據最近期之發 票價格及目前市況估計存貨之可變 現淨值。本集團於各呈報期末對每 種產品進行存貨審核,並對過時品 種作出撥備。

# 5. Segment information

The Executive Directors of the Company have been identified as the chief operating decision-maker ("CODM"). Management determines the operating segments based on the Group's internal reports, which are then submitted to the CODM for performance assessment and resources allocation.

The Executive Directors assess the performance of the operating segment based on a measure of profit before income tax and regard there to be only one operating segment – trading of construction materials, mainly pipes and fittings. Accordingly, segment disclosures are not presented.

The revenue from contracts with customers recognised during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are trading of construction materials, mainly pipes and fittings, all of which were recognised at a point in time.

#### **Geographical information**

Hong Kong

Mainland China

Macau

The Group is domiciled in Hong Kong. The Group's revenues from external customers by geographical location are detailed below:

# 5. 分部資料

執行董事被認定為本公司之首席經營決 策者(「首席經營決策者」)。管理層會根 據本集團的內部報告確定經營分部,然 後提交給首席經營決策者進行績效評估 和資源分配。

執行董事根據税前溢利的衡量標準評估 經營分部的表現,並認為本公司只有一 個經營分部 – 建築材料貿易,主要是管 道和管件。因此,並無呈列分部披露。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度與客戶合同的收入為建 築材料貿易,主要是管道和管件,均於 某一時點認列。

### 地區分部資料

本集團設於香港。本集團按地區分部的 來自外部客戶的收入如下:

#### Revenue 收入

#### For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

1 1
2021
二零二一年
HK\$'000
千港元
638,690
41,143
2,354
682,187



香港 澳門

中國內地

# 5. Segment information (Continued) Geographical information (Continued)

# 5. 分部資料(續)

# 地區分部資料(續)

The Group's non-current assets by geographical location are detailed below:

本集團按地區分部的非流動資產如下:

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Hong Kong Mainland China	香港中國內地	186,734 1,204 187,938	103,996 1,208 105,204

合同負債一預收款(附註27)

#### Liabilities related to contracts with customers

# The Group has recognised the following liabilities related to contracts with customers:

## 與客戶合同有關的負債

本集團已確認以下與客戶合同有關的負債。



銷售貨物合同的合同負債減少了 6,298,000港元,這是由於整體合同活 動減少了。

Contract liabilities – receipts in advance (Note 27)

Contract liabilities for sales of goods contracts have decreased by HK\$6,298,000 due to a decrease in overall contract activities.

# 5. Segment information (Continued) Liabilities related to contracts with customers (Continued)

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised in the current reporting period relates to carried-forward contract liabilities:

# 分部資料(續) 與客戶合同有關的負債(續)

下表顯示了在本報告期間確認的收入中 有多少與結轉合同負債有關:

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year	年初的合同負債餘額 已確認為收入	21,350	6,032

# 6. Other gains, net

# 6. 其他收益淨額

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Net exchange gain	匯兑收益淨額	978	2,136
Gain on early termination of lease	提前終止租約之收益	38	_
Net loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
plant and equipment	虧損淨額	(90)	(54)
Loss on financial assets at fair value	按公允價值計入損益之金融		
through profit or loss	資產之虧損	(193)	(53)
Dividend income from financial assets	按公允價值計入損益之金融		
at fair value through profit or loss	資產之股息收入	65	61
Hong Kong Government grants (note)	香港政府補助(附註)	3,266	-
		4,064	2,090

#### Note:

附註:

無)。

During the year, the Group has received HK\$3,266,000 from Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund of Hong Kong Special Administration Region Government to set off against wages, salaries and welfare (2021: Nil).



年內,本集團已從香港特別行政區政府保就

業計劃下的防疫抗疫基金收取3,266,000港

元,以抵銷工資、薪金及福利(二零二一年:

# 7. Expenses by nature

• • • •

# 7. 開支性質

Operating profit is arrived at after charging:

經營溢利乃扣除下列項目後達至:

	Restated 經重列
	2022         2021           二零二二年         二零二一年
	<b>二零二二</b> 年 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000 HK\$'000</i>
	千港元 千港元
Cost of inventories sold (Note 18) 已出售之存貨成本(	附註18) <b>449,904</b> 468,523
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 15)	註15) <b>51</b> 51
Auditor's remuneration: 核數師酬金:	
- Audit services - 審核服務	<b>1,313</b> 1,173
<ul> <li>– Non-audit services</li> <li>– 非審核服務</li> <li>Depreciation of property, plant and</li> <li>物業、廠房及設備</li> </ul>	<b>192</b> 177
equipment (Note 13) (附註13)	<b>1,667</b> 2,679
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 14) 使用權資產折舊(附	
Employee benefit expenses (Note 8) 員工福利開支(附註	,
Short-term and low-value lease expenses 短期及低價值租賃費	費用
(Note 14) (附註14)	<b>1,477</b> 2,287
Provision for impairment of financial assets 金融資產的減值撥構	
Provision for and write-off of inventories, net 存貨撥備及撤銷淨額	
Other expenses 其他開支	<b>35,509</b> 38,016
	<b>582,816</b> 617,775
Representing: 代表:	
Cost of sales 銷售成本	<b>461,678</b> 486,428
Selling and distribution costs 銷售及分銷成本	<b>19,710</b> 21,558
General and administrative expenses 一般及行政費用 Provision for impairment of financial assets 金融資產的減值撥條	<b>101,367</b> 108,551 <b>61</b> 1.238
Provision for impairment of financial assets 金融資產的減值撥保	<b>61</b> 1,238
	<b>FOD 046</b> (47, 775)
	<b>582,816</b> 617,775

# 8. Employee benefit expenses

# 8. 僱員福利開支

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Wages, salaries and other benefits Pension costs – defined contribution	工資、薪金及其他福利 退休金成本-定額供款計劃	63,448	70,904
plans	这小亚冰冲 吃屎匹奶和 副	2,223	2,146
		65,671	73,050

## (a) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include two (2021: two) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis shown in Note 32. The emoluments paid to the remaining three (2021: three) individuals were as follows:

## (a) 五位最高薪人士

於年內,本集團五位最高薪人士包 括二位(二零二一年:二位)董事, 其薪金已於附註32的分析反映。支 付予其餘三位(二零二一年:三位) 人士之酬金如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and other short-term	薪金及其他短期僱員福利		
employee benefits		4,982	4,220
Discretionary bonus	酌情花紅	1,629	1,375
Pension costs – defined	退休金成本-定額供款計劃		
contribution plans		54	48
		6,665	5,643

# 8. Employee benefit expenses (Continued)

HK\$1,000,001-HK\$1,500,000

HK\$1,500,001-HK\$2,000,000

HK\$2,000,001-HK\$2,500,000

HK\$2,500,001-HK\$3,000,000 HK\$3,000,001-HK\$3,500,000

# (a) Five highest paid individuals (Continued)

The emoluments of the three (2021: three) individuals fell within the following bands:

# 8. 僱員福利開支(續)

#### (a) 五位最高薪人士(續)

三名(二零二一年:三名)最高薪人 士之薪酬介乎下列範圍:

<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
-	2
2	
-	-
-	1
1	

#### (b) Senior management remuneration by band

#### (b) 高級管理人員薪酬之範圍

The remuneration of senior management fell within the following bands:

HK\$1,000,001-HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,001-HK\$2,000,000 HK\$2,000,001-HK\$2,500,000 HK\$2,500,001-HK\$3,000,000 HK\$3,000,001-HK\$3,500,000 1,000,001港元-1,500,000港元 1,500,001港元-2,000,000港元 2,000,001港元-2,500,000港元 2,500,001港元-3,000,000港元 3,000,001港元-3,500,000港元

1,000,001港元-1,500,000港元

1,500,001港元-2,000,000港元

2,000,001港元-2,500,000港元 2,500,001港元-3,000,000港元

3,000,001港元-3,500,000港元

高級管理人員之薪酬介乎下列範 圍:

<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
1 3	4
- - 1	- 1
5	5

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# 9. Finance (income)/costs, net

# 9. 財務(收入)/費用淨額

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Bank interest income Other interest income Interest expense on bank borrowings Interest expense on lease liabilities	銀行利息收入 其他利息收入 銀行借貸之利息支出 租賃負債之利息支出(附註14)	(2,041) (4,343) 1,882	(339) (4,293) 1,345
(Note 14)	但具具限之们态文山(们吐叶)	4,043	4,498
		(459)	1,211

## **10. Tax expense**

# 10. 税項支出

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Restated 經重列 2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current taxation: Hong Kong profits tax Overseas tax Over provision in prior years	即期税項: 香港利得税 海外税項 以往年度多提	8,578 75 (49)	9,047 536 (351)
Total current tax Deferred taxation (Note 26): Origination and reversal of	即期税項總額 遞延税項(附註26): 暫時差額之產生及回撥	8,604	9,232
temporary differences Tax expense	税項支出		92

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2021: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

香港利得税以年內估計應課税溢利按税 率16.5%(二零二一年:16.5%)計提。 海外税項乃根據年內之估計應課税溢利 按本集團經營業務國家之現行税率計 算。

#### **10.** Tax expense (Continued)

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# 10. 税項支出(續)

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the Hong Kong profits tax rate as follows: 本集團有關税前溢利之税項支出與假若 採用香港利得税率而計算之理論税額之 差額如下:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Restated 經重列 2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Profit before income tax	税前溢利	58,242	65,291
Tax calculated at a rate of 16.5% (2021: 16.5%) Effect of different tax rates in other	按税率16.5%(二零二一年: 16.5%)計算之税項 其他司法地方的不同税率	9,610	10,772
jurisdictions Unrecognised tax losses	之影響 未確認税項虧損	71 170	99 11
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	運用前期未確認之税項虧損	-	(88)
Tax effect of income not subject to taxation	無須課税之收入之税項影響	(786)	(1,110)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	不可扣税之支出之税項影響	173	156
Effect of two-tiered profit tax rate regime (note)	利得税兩級制之影響(附註)	(165)	(165)
Over provision in prior years	以往年度多提	(49)	(351)
Tax expense	税項支出	9,024	9,324

#### Note:

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime in Hong Kong, the first HK\$2 million of profits of qualifying corporations (only one entity is allowed within the Group) will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of corporations not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at 16.5%.

附註:

根據香港利得税兩級制,合資格企業(集團內 只允許一個主體)的首2,000,000港元溢利將 按8.25%的税率徵税,而超出2,000,000港元 之溢利將按16.5%的税率徵税。不符合利得 税兩級制資格的企業溢利將繼續按16.5%的 税率徵税。

# 11. Earnings per share

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the profit for the year attributable to equity holders and weighted average number of ordinary shares with adjustments where applicable as follows:

# 11. 每股盈利

下表列示計算每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根 據年內權益持有人應佔溢利及已發行 普通股之加權平均股數(需要時予以調 整):

		2022	Restated 經重列 2021
		二零二二年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company from continuing	持續營運業務之本公司 權益持有人應佔溢利		
operation Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company from discontinued	終止營運業務之本公司 權益持有人應佔溢利	49,218	55,967
operation			457
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company for the purpose	計算每股基本盈利之本公司 權益持有人應佔溢利		
of basic earnings per share		49,218	56,424
		<b>Thousands</b> 千股	Thousands 千股
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic	<b>股份數目</b> 計算每股基本盈利之普通股份 之加權平均股數		
earnings per share		1,332,266	1,332,266

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of dilutive potential ordinary shares arising from the Company's share options. Diluted earnings per share is of the same amount as the basic earnings per share as there were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

計算每股攤薄盈利時,已對已發行普通 股之加權平均股數作出調整,以假設所 有具攤薄潛力之未行使購股權獲悉數轉 換。每股攤薄盈利與每股基本盈利相 同,此乃由於截至二零二二年及二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度並無未行 使的潛在攤薄普通股。



# 12. Dividend

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At the Board meeting held on 28 March 2023, the Board did not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: Nil).

# 13. Property, plant and equipment

# 12. 股息

於二零二三年三月二十八日舉行的董事 會會議上,董事會不建議派發截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股 息(二零二一年:無)。

# 13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Plant, machinery and equipment 廢房、 機器及設備 <i>HKS'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 <i>HKS'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Office furniture, fixtures and fittings 辦公室傢風、 裝置及設備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Office equipment 文儀設備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Computer equipment 電腦設備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Motor vehicles バ車 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cost	成本				(20	E 494		-
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	10,649	16,565	2,817	128	5,430	17,895	53,484
Exchange differences Additions	匯兑差額 添置	- 315	-	(5) 686	-	(5) 723	(6) 231	(16) E 000
	<i> </i>   単二の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の単の		3,144		- (70)		251	5,099
Disposals	山告	(6,636)	(10,670)	(1,720)	(79)	(3,244)		(22,349)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	4,328	9,039	1,778	49	2,904	18,120	36,218
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊							
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	10,260	16,434	2,738	126	4,928	17,247	51,733
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	-	-	(5)	-	(5)	(6)	(16)
Charge for the year	本年度折舊	186	438	122	2	224	695	1,667
Disposals	出售	(6,636)	(10,624)	(1,718)	(79)	(3,202)		(22,259)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	3,810	6,248	1,137	49	1,945	17,936	31,125
Net book value	賬面淨值							
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	518	2,791	641		959	184	5,093

# 13. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

# 13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Plant, machinery and equipment 厳悉反設備 <i>HK\$000 千港元</i>	Leasehold improvements 租賃 <i>州K\$</i> 000 <i>千港元</i>	Office furniture, fixtures and fittings 辦公室傢俬、 裝置及設備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	Office equipment 文儀設備 <i>HK\$ 000 千港元</i>	Computer equipment 電腦設備 <i>HK\$000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Motor vehicles バ車 <i>HK\$*000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 總額 <i>HK\$000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cost	成本							
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	10,229	17,081	2,817	128	5,073	17,895	53,223
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Additions	添置	432	45	-	-	373	-	850
Disposals	出售	(12)	(561)			(17)		(590)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	10,649	16,565	2,817	128	5,430	17,895	53,484
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊							
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	10,105	16,844	2,667	119	4,784	15,070	49,589
Exchange differences	匯兑差額					1	-	1
Charge for the year	本年度折舊	167	97	71	7	160	2,177	2,679
Disposals	出售	(12)	(507)			(17)		(536)
At 31 December 2021	放二零二一年十二月三十一日	10,260	16,434 	2,738	126	4,928	17,247	51,733
Net book value	賬面淨值							
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	389	131	79	2	502	648	1,751

Depreciation was recorded in the following categories:

折舊按以下分類支銷:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政費用	1,667	2,679
Depreciation recognised in	持續營運業務中確認之		
	折舊(附註7)	4.007	2 670
continuing operation (Note 7)	们皆(的社/)	1,667	2,679
# 14. Lease

# 14. 租賃

(a) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

(a) 綜合財務狀況表中確認的金額

綜合財務狀況表呈列以下有關租賃 之金額:

		As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年 十二月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元	As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		
Buildings	樓宇	90,213	95,753
Equipment	設備	1,785	727
Total right-of-use assets	使用權資產總額	91,998	96,480
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
Current	流動	22,905	18,727
Non-current	非流動	78,124	85,099
Total lease liabilities	租賃負債總額	101,029	103,826
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	96,480	114,977
Addition	添置	20,160	5,399
Depreciation	折舊	(23,798)	(23,896)
Early termination of lease	提前終止租約	(844)	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	91,998	96,480

Additions to the right-of-use assets amounted to HK\$20,160,000 during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$5,399,000).

使用權資產於截至二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度增加20,160,000 港元(二零二一年:5,399,000港 元)。

14. Lease (Com	tinued)		14. 租	賃 <i>(續)</i>	
	nts recognised in the statement	consolidated	<b>(</b> b)	綜合收益表中確	認的金額
	The consolidated income statement shows the following amounts relating to lease:		綜合收益表呈列以 額:	下有關租賃之金	
				For the year end 截至十二月三·	
				2022	2021
				二零二二年	二零二一年
				HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
				1 /2 /6	1 /E/L
Deprecia (Note	tion of right-of-use assets 7)	使用權資產折舊(附註	7)		
Buildings		樓宇		23,292	23,454
Equipme	nt	設備		506	442
				23,798	23,896
			<b>7</b> (1))		
Interest e (Note	expense on lease liabilities 9)	租賃負債之利息支出(	附註9)	4,043	4,498
The tot	al cash payment for leas	e amounted to		截至二零二二年	十二月三十一日

The total cash payment for lease amounted to HK\$27,595,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$28,974,000).

Short-term and low-value lease expense (Note 7)

短期及低價值租賃費用 (附註7)

# (c) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various offices, warehouses, retail shops and staff quarters. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 10 years but may have extension options as described below. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain various terms and conditions.

Manunun Manunun Manunun 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度有關租賃之現金付款總額 為27,595,000港元(二零二一年: 28,974,000港元)。

1,477	2,287

# (c) 本集團的租賃活動及其入賬方 式

本集團租賃多個辦公室、倉庫、零 售店及員工宿舍。租約一般固定為 期1至10年,惟可能根據下文所述 擁有續租權。租賃條款按個別基準 協商且包含多種不同條款及條件。

### 14. Lease (Continued)

# (d) Extension and termination options

Extension and termination options are included in a number of property leases across the Group. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

### 15. Intangible assets

# 14. 租賃(續)

# (d) 續租及終止選擇權

本集團的部份物業租賃包含續租和 終止選擇權。這些條款的使用目的 在於將合同管理的操作靈活性達到 最大化。大部分續租和終止選擇權 僅由本集團行使,而非由相應的出 租人行使。

# 15. 無形資產

Trademark	商標	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Opening net book amount Amortisation for the year	期初的賬面淨值 本年攤銷	375 (51)	426 (51)
Closing net book amount	期末的賬面淨值	324	375

For the year ended 31 December 2022, amortisation expense of HK\$51,000 (2021: HK\$51,000) is included in "cost of sales" (Note 7).

# 16. Subsidiaries

Details of principal subsidiaries which, in the Directors' opinion, materially affect the results and/or net assets of the Group as at 31 December 2022, are set out in Note 36.

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,攤銷開支51,000港元(二零二一 年:51,000港元)已計入「銷售成本」(附 註7)。

# 16. 附屬公司

董事認為對本集團之業績及/或於二零 二二年十二月三十一日之淨資產構成重 大影響之主要附屬公司之詳情載於附註 36。

#### 2022 2021 二零二二年 二零二一年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Financial assets included in 包括在綜合財務狀況表的 consolidated statement of 金融資產: financial position: Financial assets at amortised cost 以攤銷成本計量的金融資產 Trade receivables, deposits and other 貿易應收款項、按金及其他 receivables 應收款項 249,074 251,363 Pledged certificate of deposit (Note 21) 已抵押存款證(附註21) 10,000 Pledged bank deposits (Note 21) 已抵押銀行存款(附註21) 46,000 36,000 Cash and bank balances (Note 22) 現金及銀行結餘(附註22) 206,487 172,084 Financial assets at fair value 按公允價值計入損益之 through profit or loss (Note 20) 金融資產(附註20) 1,513 1,706 Total 總額 503,074 471,153 2022 2021 二零二一年 二零二二年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Financial liabilities included in 包括在綜合財務狀況表的 consolidated statement of 金融負債: financial position: 以攤銷成本計量的金融負債 Financial liabilities at amortised cost Trade and other payables 貿易及其他應付款項 68,909 46,257 借貸(附註25) Borrowings (Note 25) 53,353 56,019 Lease liabilities (Note 14(a)) 租賃負債(附註14(a)) 101,029 103,826 Total 總額 200,639 228,754

## 17. Financial instruments by category

## 17. 按種類劃分的金融工具

# **18. Inventories**

. . . .

# 18. 存貨

			Restated 經重列
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Merchandises	商品	243,703	273,874

At 31 December 2022, the provision for impairment of inventories amounted to approximately HK\$19,797,000 (2021: HK\$18,039,000).

The cost of inventories recognised as expenses and included in cost of sales amounted to HK\$449,904,000 (2021: restated HK\$468,523,000) (Note 7). 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,存貨減 值撥備約達19,797,000港元(二零二一 年:18,039,000港元)。

確認為支出並列入銷售成本項下之存貨 成本達449,904,000港元(二零二一年: 經重列468,523,000港元)(附註7)。

# **19. Trade and other receivables**

# 19. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade receivables Less: loss allowance (Note 3.1(b)(ii))	貿易應收款項 減:虧損撥備(附註3.1(b)(ii))	152,744 (1,263)	160,756 (1,202)
		151,481	159,554
Prepayments Loan to a related party (Note 30(d)) Loan to a director (Note 30(f)) Rental deposits Other receivables, deposits and other	預付款 貸款予一位關連人士(附註30(d)) 貸款予一位董事(附註30(f)) 租賃按金 其他應收款項、按金及其他資產	57,430 _ 5,000 6,170	57,998 2,000 – 6,617
assets Less: loss allowance (Note 3.1(b)(ii))	減:虧損撥備(附註3.1(b)(ii))	8,299 (30)	6,191 (1,151)
		76,869	71,655
Loan to a related company (Note 30(e)) Less: loss allowance (Note 3.1(b)(ii))	貸款予一間關連公司(附註30(e)) 減:虧損撥備(附註3.1(b)(ii))	78,278 (124) 78,154	78,276 (124) 78,152
Total of trade and other receivables, deposits and prepayments Less: included in non-current assets Rental deposits and other assets	貿易及其他應收款項、按金及 預付款總額 減:包括在非流動資產中 租賃按金及其他資產	306,504 (7,369)	309,361 (6,598)
Loan to a director (Note 30(f)) Loan to a related company (Note 30(e))	貸款予一位董事(附註30(f)) 貸款予一間關連公司 (附註30(e))	(5,000) (78,154)	
Included in current assets	包括在流動資產中	215,981	302,763

The carrying amounts of trade receivables, other receivables, deposits and prepayments approximate their fair values.

貿易應收款項、其他應收款項、按金及 預付款之賬面金額與彼等公允價值相 若。

# 19. Trade and other receivables (Continued)

# 19. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

# 本集團貿易及其他應收款項之賬面金額 以下列貨幣計值:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
HK\$	港元	165,505	168,347
RMB	人民幣	2,505	1,620
USD	美元	133,505	133,712
MOP	澳門幣	4,989	5,682
		306,504	309,361

The Group generally grants credit period of 60-90 days to its customers for its trading of pipes and fittings operation. The ageing analysis of the trade receivables based on the invoice date is as follows: 本集團一般給予管道及管件貿易業務客 戶之信貸期為60天至90天。貿易應收款 項按發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

		202	2 2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'00	0 HK\$'000
		千港シ	モディ デー
Within 30 days	30天內	45,07	<b>6</b> 55,436
31 to 60 days	31天至60天	41,29	<b>7</b> 52,278
61 to 90 days	61天至90天	32,33	<b>3</b> 27,119
91 to 120 days	91天至120天	13,57	<b>4</b> 15,198
Over 120 days	超過120天	20,46	<b>4</b> 10,725
		152,74	4 160,756

# **19. Trade and other receivables (***Continued***)**

# 19. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

The closing loss allowance for all trade receivables reconcile to the opening loss allowance are as follows:

# 所有貿易應收款項的期末虧損撥備與期 初虧損撥備的對帳如下:

			HK <b>\$'000</b> 千港元
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2021 Loss allowance for trade receivables	於二零二一年十二 貿易應收款項的虧	月三十一日的虧損撥備 損撥備	(1,202) (61)
Loss allowance as at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二	月三十一日的虧損撥備 _	(1,263)
The Group applies HKFRS 9 simplified approach to expected credit losses which uses a lifetime explallowance for all trade receivables.	-	本集團採用香港財務報告 化方法計量預期信貸虧損 應收款項於整個存續期內 備。	·為所有貿易
There was loss allowance of HK\$1,263,000 receivables as at 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$1,		於二零二二年十二月三十 收款項的虧損撥備為1,26 (二零二一年:1,202,000)	53,000港元。
Information about the impairment of trade rece the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk and can be found in Note 3.1.		有關貿易應收款項減值》 外匯風險及信貸風險的 3.1。	
The maximum exposure to credit risk at the repor the fair value of each class of receivables mentio Save as disclosed above, the Group does no	ned above.	於報告日期之最大信貸風 應收款項之公允值。除上 本集團並無持有任何抵押	文所披露外,

# 20. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

collateral as security.

# 20. 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

	2022	2021
	二零二二年	二零二一年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
Investment funds at fair value — unlisted 按公允價值的投資基金—非上市	1,513	1,706

# 21. Pledged bank deposits and certificate of deposit

As at 31 December 2022, bank deposits of HK\$46,000,000 (2021: HK\$36,000,000) denominated in HK\$ were pledged as collateral for the Group's banking facilities (Note 25).

The effective interest rate on pledged bank deposits was 2.63% (2021: 0.19%) per annum and these deposits are maturing within 13 to 352 days (2021: 3 to 109 days).

As at 31 December 2022, there was no certificate of deposit (2021: HK\$10,000,000) which was denominated in HK\$ pledged as collateral for the Group's banking facilities (Note 25). The effective interest rate on the pledged certificate of deposit was 0.34% per annum and this deposit was maturing within 74 days in 2021.

# 22. Cash and bank balances

# 21. 已抵押銀行存款及存款證

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 46,000,000港元(二零二一年: 36,000,000港元)以港元計值之銀行存 款已予以抵押,作為本集團銀行信貸額 度之擔保(附註25)。

已抵押銀行存款之實際利率為年息 2.63%(二零二一年:0.19%),此等存 款之到期日介乎13天至352天(二零二一 年:3天至109天)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,沒有 存款證(二零二一年:10,000,000港元) 以港元計值予以抵押,作為本集團銀 行信貸額度之擔保(附註25)。於二零 二一年已抵押存款證之實際利率為年息 0.34%,且該存款將在74天內到期。

# 22. 現金及銀行結餘

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	206,487	172,084
Maximum exposure to credit risk	須承受的最高信貸風險	206,137	171,761

# 22. Cash and bank balances (Continued)

# 22. 現金及銀行結餘(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's cash and bank balances are denominated in the following currencies:

## 本集團之現金及銀行結餘之賬面金額按 以下貨幣計值:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
HK\$	港元	164,572	129,841
RMB	人民幣	12,700	14,157
USD	美元	25,289	25,093
Others	其他	3,926	2,993
		206.487	172 084

Funds of the Group amounting to approximately HK\$22,899,000 (2021: HK\$24,148,000) are kept in the bank accounts opened with banks in the PRC where the remittance of funds is subject to foreign exchange control.

本集團資金約為22,899,000港元(二零 二一年:24,148,000港元)存放於中國 的銀行開設之銀行賬戶,匯出資金須受 外匯管制。

# 23. Share capital

#### 23. 股本

(a) 已發行股份

行股份皆已繳足。

本公司法定股本為500,000,000

港元,由每股面值0.02港元共

25,000,000,000股組成。所有已發

		Number of shares issued 己發行股份數目 <i>Thousands</i> <i>千股</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
At 1 January and 31 December 2021	於二零二一年一月一日及 十二月三十一日	1,332,266	26,645
At 1 January and 31 December 2022	於二零二二年一月一日及 十二月三十一日	1,332,266	26,645

## (a) Issued shares

The authorised share capital of the Company was HK\$500,000,000, comprising 25,000 million shares with a par value of HK\$0.02 per share. All issued shares are fully paid.

### 23. Share capital (Continued)

### (b) Share option scheme

At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 21 May 2015, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "2015 Scheme") under which the directors of the Company may grant options to eligible persons to subscribe for the Company's shares subject to the terms and conditions as stipulated therein. Unless otherwise cancelled or amended, the 2015 Scheme will remain valid for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption.

The Company was authorised to grant share options under the 2015 Scheme for subscription of up to a total of 133,226,600 shares, representing 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of adoption. The directors of the Company are authorised at their absolute discretion, to invite any eligible participants as defined in the Scheme, to take up options to subscribe for shares in the Company. The subscription price will be determined by the Board, but shall be at least the highest of (a) the closing price of shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily guotation sheet on the date on which the relevant options are deemed to be granted and accepted in accordance with the terms of the Scheme ("the Commencement Date"), which must be a day on which the Hong Kong Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities ("Trading Day"); (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily guotation sheet for the five Trading Days immediately preceding the Commencement Date; and (c) the nominal value of the shares. A consideration of HK\$10 is payable on acceptance of the grant of option. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the 2015 Scheme may not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of adoption of the 2015 Scheme. The number of shares may be refreshed by the approval of the shareholders and the refreshed limit of the number of shares must not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the approval of the refreshed limit.

As at 31 December 2022, no share option under the 2015 Scheme was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed (2021: Nil).

# 23. 股本(續)

### (b) 購股權計劃

於二零一五年五月二十一日舉行之 本公司股東週年大會上,本公司 股東批准採納新購股權計劃(「二零 一五年計劃」),據此,本公司董事 可向合資格人士授出購股權,以認 購本公司股份,惟須受二零一五年 計劃規定之條款及條件所規限。除 另行取消或修訂外,二零一五年計 劃將自其採納日期起計十年期間維 持有效。

本公司獲授權根據二零一五年計 劃 授 出 購 股 權 以 認 購 最 多 合 共 133,226,600股股份,佔於採納日 期本公司已發行股本之10%。授 權本公司董事全權酌情邀請任何合 資格參與者(定義見購股權計劃)接 納可認購本公司股份之購股權。認 購價將由董事會釐定,惟不得低於 (a)股份於有關購股權被視為按照購 股權計劃條款授出及接納當日(「開 始日期」)(須為香港聯交所經營證 券買賣業務之日期(「交易日」))在 香港聯交所每日報價表所報之收市 價;(b)股份於緊接開始日期前連續 五個交易日在香港聯交所每日報價 表所報之平均收市價;及(c)股份面 值三者中之最高者。接納授出之每 份購股權時,承授人須支付10港元 之代價。根據二零一五年計劃授出 之購股權涉及之股份最高數目,不 得超過採納二零一五年計劃當日本 公司已發行股本之10%。股份數目 可由股東批准更新,惟經更新之股 份數目上限不得超過批准更新上限 之日期本公司已發行股本之10%。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,二 零一五年計劃項下的購股權並無獲 授、行使、註銷或失效(二零二一 年:無)。

# 24. Reserves

24. 儲備

		Restated 經重列							
		Share premium	Capital reserve <i>(note(i))</i> 資本儲備	Merger reserve (note(ii)) 合併儲備	Statutory reserve	Other reserve	Exchange reserve	Retained earnings	Total
		<b>股份溢價</b> <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	(附註(i)) HK <b>\$</b> 1000 千港元	(附註(ii)) H <b>K\$'000</b> 千港元	法定儲備 <i>HK\$1000</i> <i>千港元</i>	<b>其他儲備</b> <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	匯兑儲備 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	<b>保留溢利</b> <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	總額 <i>HK\$1000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 31 December 2020 As previously stated Effect of change in accounting policy (Note 2(a))	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 之前所述 會計政策變更之影響(附註2(a))	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	1,915	(145)	371,603	537,764
As restated	經重列	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	1,915	(145)	372,292	538,453
At 1 January 2021 Profit for the year Currency translation differences Disposal of subsidiaries Deregistration of a subsidiary Actuarial gain on post-employment benefit obligations, net of tax	於二零二一年一月一日 本年度溢利 貨幣換算差額 出售附屬公司 註銷一間附屬公司 離職後福利債務的精算收益, 扣除税項後	126,552  	34,115 - - - -	3,700	24 - - -	1,915 - - - 319	(145) - 275 835 153 -	372,292 56,424 _ _ _	538,453 56,424 275 835 153 319
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	2,234	1,118	428,716	596,459
At 31 December 2021 As previously stated Effect of change in accounting policy (Note 2(a))	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之前所述 會計政策變更之影響(附註2(a))	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	2,234	1,118	433,909 (5,193)	601,652 (5,193)
As restated	經重列	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	2,234	1,118	428,716	596,459
At 1 January 2022 Profit for the year Currency translation differences Actuarial gain on post-employment benefit obligations, net of tax	於二零二二年一月一日 本年度溢利 貨幣換算差額 離職後福利債務的精算收益, 扣除税項後	126,552 _ _	34,115 - -	3,700 _ _	24 - -	2,234 - - 173	1,118 _ (824)	428,716 49,218 -	596,459 49,218 (824) 173
At 31 December 2022	和時代項收 於二零二二年十二月三十一日	126,552	34,115	3,700	24	2,407	294	477,934	645,026

#### Notes:

附註:

關的貢獻。

之差額釐定。

(i)

(ii)

- (i) The capital reserve of the Group mainly represents contribution from the shareholders in connection with the acquisition of the remaining interests in a subsidiary in 1999.
- (ii) The merger reserve of the Group arising from the Group reorganisation is determined by the difference between the nominal value of shares of the subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the Group reorganisation and the nominal value of the Company's shares deemed to have been issued.
- 乃按集團重組購入之附屬公司股份面值 與視作已發行之本公司股份面值兩者間

本集團之資本儲備主要是於一九九九年

收購一間附屬公司之餘下權益與股東有

本集團因集團重組而產生之合併儲備,

# 25. Borrowings

Notes:

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25. 借貸

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current	流動		
Trust receipt loans, secured (note (i)) Trust receipt loans, unsecured	有抵押信託收據貸款(附註(i)) 無抵押信託收據貸款	41,492 11,861	46,712 9,307
		53,353	56,019

(i)	The carrying amounts of the trust receipt loans approximate
	their fair values. As at 31 December 2022, the banking facilities
	were granted with an aggregate amount of approximately
	HK\$262,300,000 (2021: HK\$262,300,000) of which
	approximately HK\$207,845,000 (2021: HK\$200,500,000) had
	not been utilised. These banking facilities were secured by
	corporate guarantees and bank deposits of HK\$46,000,000
	(2021: bank deposits of HK\$36,000,000 and certificate of
	deposit of HK\$10,000,000).

# 附註:

(i) 信託收據貸款之賬面金額與彼等公允值 相若。於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 獲授的銀行融資總額約為262,300,000 港元(二零二一年:262,300,000港 元),其中約207,845,000港元(二零 二一年:200,500,000港元)尚未動 用。該等銀行融資由公司擔保及銀行 存款約46,000,000港元(二零二一年: 銀行存款36,000,000港元及存款證 10,000,000港元作抵押)。

(ii) The borrowings are denominated in the following currency:

(iii) The effective interest rates (per annum) of bank borrowings at

the financial reporting date are as follows:

(ii) 借貸以下列貨幣列值:

2022	2021
二零二二年	二零二一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
53,353	56,019

(iii) 於財務報告日,銀行借貸之實際年利率 如下:

	<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
託收據貸款	6.23%	2.27%

Trust receipt loans

HK\$

信

港元

# **26. Deferred taxation**

## 26. 遞延税項

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Deferred tax liabilities to be settled after 12 months	將於十二個月後償還之 遞延税項負債	(2,117)	(1,663)

Deferred tax is calculated on temporary differences under the liability method using tax rates of the relevant subsidiaries applicable to the period when the asset is expected to be realised or the liability to be settled, based on tax rates that have been substantively enacted by the financial reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

The net movement on the deferred tax account is as follows:

遞延税項採用負債法就有關附屬公司預 期資產變現或負債結算之期間所適用之 税率(於財務報告日已頒布或實質頒布) 作全數撥備。

當有法定權利可將即期税項資產與即期 税項負債抵銷,而遞延税項資產及遞延 税項負債涉及同一税務機關徵收,一家 應課税公司或不同的應課税公司有意將 餘額以淨額結算,則可將遞延税項資產 與遞延税項負債互相抵銷。

#### 遞延税項賬目之變動淨額如下:

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 1 January Charged to income statement	於一月一日 在收益表中扣除	(1,663)	(1,508)
– Continuing operation (Note 10)	一持續營運業務(附註10)	(420)	(92)
Charged to equity	在權益中扣除	(34)	(63)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(2,117)	(1,663)



# 26. Deferred taxation (Continued)

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# 26. 遞延税項(續)

The movement in deferred tax liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

## **Deferred tax liabilities**

遞延税項負債於年內之變動(未計及於 相同徵税區內抵銷之結餘)如下:

#### 遞延税項負債

At 1 January 2021 於二零二一年一月一日 Credited/(charged) to income statement 在收益表中計入/(扣除) Charged to equity 在權益中扣除	Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元 (200) 190 	gain of post- employment benefit obligations 離職後福利債務 的重計量收益 HK\$'000 千港元 (378) - (63)	Lease 租賃 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> (930) (282) 	<b>Total</b> 總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (1,508) (92) (63)
At 31 December 2021 and   於二零二一年十二月三十·     1 January 2022   二零二二年一月一日     Charged to income statement   在收益表中扣除     Charged to equity   在權益中扣除     At 31 December 2022   於二零二二年十二月三十·	(10) (142) 	(441) (34) (475)	(1,212) (278) (1,490)	(1,663) (420) (34) (2,117)

# 26. Deferred taxation (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$1,478,000 (2021: HK\$2,248,000) in respect of accumulated tax losses amounting to HK\$11,195,000 (2021: HK\$10,005,000) as at 31 December 2022, that can be carried forward against future taxable income. As at 31 December 2022, the accumulated tax losses amounting to HK\$8,131,000 (2021: HK\$7,023,000) will be expired in five years. There is no expiry period for the other tax losses.

# 27. Trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities

# 26. 遞延税項(續)

遞延所得税項資產乃因應相關税務 利益可透過未來應課税溢利變現而 就所結轉之税項虧損作出確認。本集 團並未就二零二二年十二月三十一日 可結轉以抵銷未來應課税收入之累計 税項虧損11,195,000港元(二零二一 年:10,005,000港元)確認遞延所得 税項資產1,478,000港元(二零二一 年:2,248,000港元)。於二零二二年 十二月三十一日,該等累計税項虧 損達8,131,000港元(二零二一年: 7,023,000港元),將於五年內到期。其 他税項虧損並無屆滿期間。

# **27.** 貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及 合同負債

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	32,056	56,604
Contract liabilities	合同負債	20,728	27,026
Accrued expenses and other payables	預提費用及其他應付款項	20,850	24,920
		73,634	108,550
		/ 5,034	108,550



# 27. Trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities (*Continued*)

# **27.** 貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及 合同負債(續)

The ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

30天內 31天至60天

61天至90天

超過90天

本集團貿易應付款項的賬齡按發票日期 分析如下:

2022	2021
二零二二年	二零二一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
22,775	51,350
5,266	3,085
3,569	1,679
446	490
32,056	56,604

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities are denominated in the following currencies: 本集團之貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 及合同負債之賬面金額按以下貨幣計 值:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
HK\$	港元	40,063	52,159
USD	美元	24,151	48,575
RMB	人民幣	3,131	653
Others	其他	6,289	7,163
		73,634	108,550

## 28. Commitments

196

Within 30 days

31 to 60 days

61 to 90 days Over 90 days

# **Capital commitments**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had capital commitments of HK\$533,000 (2021: HK\$558,000) in respect of Enterprise Resources Planning system contracted for but not provided for in the consolidated financial statements.

### 28. 承擔

## 資本承擔

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團 已就企業資源規劃系統簽訂533,000港 元(二零二一年:558,000港元)合同但 仍未於綜合財務報表撥備的資本承擔。

# 29. Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows

# 29. 綜合現金流量表附註

Cash flows from operations

經營業務產生之現金流量

2022 2023 2021 二零二一年 HK5'000 F港元2021 2021 二零二一年 HK5'000 F港元2021 2021 二零二一年 HK5'000 F港元2021 二零二一年 HK5'000 F港元Profit before income tax from continuing operation Loss before income tax from discontinued operation防衛 於上營運業務之税前虧損 58,24265,291 (51,291 (344)Adjustments for: equipment就下列作出調整 : 無形資產攤銷58,242 (64,947Adjustments for: equipment就下列作出調整 : 無形資產攤銷51Depreciation of property, plant and equipment, net (note) Interest income assets使用權資產折舊 利息收入 (1667 (2,679 (2,792 (23,996 (6,384) (4,632)Interest income through profit or loss at fair value through profit or loss Exchange difference Kxhange difference個 振艇公允價值計入損益之金融資 產的膨損 至約服息收入 (163)61Decrease/Increase) in inventories gas.et at fair value through profit or loss at fair value through profit or loss at fair value through profit or loss may管理資金變動 : Ewblange difference 原見差額 Addig (4632)Decrease/Increase in trade papables, other receivablesMaxing attale and gas.et/ (160)63,040 (42,946)Decrease/Increase in trade papables, other receivablesGall (14,32) (12,30)26,998 (87,632)Net cash generated from operations經營業務產生之現金淨額87,523 (12,287				Restated 經重列
二零二一年 HK\$'000 开港元二零二一年 HK\$'000 			2022	
HK\$'000 子港元   HK\$'000 子港元     Profit before income tax from continuing operation   持續營運業務之税前影損   58,242   65,291     Loss before income tax from discontinued operation   終止營運業務之税前虧損   -   (344)     Adjustments for:   然下列作出調整: 無形資產攤銷   58,242   64,947     Adjustments for:   第一次   無形資產攤銷   51   51     Depreciation of property, plant and equipment   販用   1,667   2,679     Depreciation of right-of-use assets   使用權資產折舊   23,798   23,896     Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (note)   新周導廠(附註)   90   54     Interest income   利息收入   (6,384)   (4,632)     Provision for impairment of financial assets   金融資產的減值撥備   61   1,238     Provision for and write-off of inventories, net   授前終止租約之收益   (38)      Loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Exchange difference   歴送差額   615   (61)     EX主義會   在約度是則   65,938   (653)   (61)     Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Exchange difference   Te Sin MURL   438   (53)     Changes in working capital:   百家及其他應				
千港元 千港元   Profit before income tax from continuing operation 持續營運業務之税前虧損 58,242 65,291   Loss before income tax from discontinued operation 修止營運業務之税前虧損 - (344)   Adjustments for: 就下列作出調整: - (344)   Adjustments for: 就下列作出調整: - (344)   Depreciation of intangible assets 無形資產難銷 51 51   Depreciation of ringht-of-use assets 使用權資產折營 23,798 23,896   Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment b 街樓資產 90 54   Interest income 利息收入 (6,384) (4,632)   Interest income ガ目息 変合防衛損害 3,173 6,685   Gain on early termination of lease 提前終止租約之收益 (65) (61)   Loss on financial assets at fair value 按公介價值計入損益之金融資 438 (583)   Change difference 置差差額 438 (583)   Decrease/(increas				
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Loss before income tax from discontinued operation   終止營運業務之税前虧損			58,242	65,291
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Amortisation of intangible assets無形資產攤銷5151Depreciation of property, plant and equipment物業、廠房及設備的折舊1,6672,679Depreciation of right-of-use assets使用權資產折舊23,79823,896Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (note)處用權資產折舊9054Interest income利息收入(6,384)(4,632)Interest expense利息收入(6,384)(4,632)Provision for impairment of financial assets金融資產的減值撥備 金融資產的減值撥備611,238Provision for and write-off of inventories, net存貨撥備及撒鎖淨額 進約於止租約之收益 旋公允價值計入損益之金融資 產的虧損19353Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at fair value through profit or loss at fair value through profit or loss at fair value through profit or loss methonic capital:籃貨產變動: 管運資金變動: 管運資金變動: 合方655(61)Decrease/(increase) in inventories other payables and contract liabilities貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 成合同負債(減少)/增加3,460(42,946)貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 成合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,69542,695	Adjustments for:	就下列作出調整:		,
Depreciation of property, plant and 物業、廠房及設備的折舊 equipment (Depreciation of right-of-use assets 使用權資產折舊 23,798 23,896 Loss on disposal of property, plant and m指導類額(附註) 90 54 Interest income 利息收入 (6,384) (4,632) Interest expense 利息支出 5,925 5,843 Provision for impairment of financial 金融資產的減值撥備 3,173 6,685 Gain on early termination of lease 提前終止租約之收益 (38) - Loss on financial assets at fair value 按公允價值計入損益之金融資 193 53 Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 產的虧損 193 53 Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 產的虧損 193 53 Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 產的虧損 193 53 Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 產的虧損 193 53 Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 產的虧損 193 53 Dividend income from financial assets 描述投資稅價值計入損益之金融資 26,998 (87,632) Decrease/(increase) in inventories 存貨減少/(增加) 26,998 (87,632) Decrease/(increase) in inventories 承担後承知 438 (583) Changes in working capital: 營運資金變動: Decrease/(increase) in inventories 承担後主要要動: Decrease/(increase) in inventories 承担後主要動 (26,998 (42,946) 質易應付款項、其他應付款項 other receivables 減少/(增加) (35,086) 42,695	-		51	51
equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (note) Interest income Interest expense Provision for impairment of financial assets Provision for and write-off of inventories, net Casi on early termination of lease through profit or loss at fair value through profit or loss at fair value through profit or loss Exchange difference Changes in working capital: Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in inventories Changes in working capital: Decrease/(increase) in inventories other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase) in trade and other payables and c	5			
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (note)使用權資產折舊 出售物業、廠房及設備之 虧損淨額(附註)23,79823,896Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (note)断損淨額(附註)9054Interest income利息收入(6,384)(4,632)Interest expense利息支出5,9255,843Provision for impairment of financial assets金融資產的減值撥備 金融資產的減值撥備611,238Provision for and write-off of inventories, net存貨撥備及撤銷淨額 拔公允價值計入損益之金融資 產的虧損3,1736,685Gain on early termination of lease through profit or loss提前終止租約之收益 按公允價值計入損益之金融資 產的虧損19353Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss差的虧損 產的虧損19353Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss產的虧損 產的虧損438(583)Changes in working capital:營運資金變動 : 面人性產 減少/(增加)26,998(87,632)Decrease/(increase) in inventories other receivables存貨減少/(增加) 減少/(增加)8,460(42,946)貿易應付款項,其他應付款項 other payables and contract liabilities及合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,695			1,667	2,679
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (note) Interest income Nabe 以入 Provision for impairment of financial assets Network of and write-off of inventories, net Loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at fair value through profit or loss at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss bividend bividend b		使用權資產折舊		
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Interest income利息收入(6,384)(4,632)Interest expense利息支出5,9255,843Provision for impairment of financial assets金融資產的減值撥備611,238Provision for and write-off of inventories, net存貨撥備及撇銷淨額611,238Gain on early termination of lease through profit or loss提前終止租約之收益 產的虧損638)-Loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss差面虧損19353Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss産的虧息收入 產的殷息收入(65)(61)Exchange difference匯兑差額438(583)Changes in working capital: other receivables營憂及其他應收款項 滅少/(增加)26,998(87,632)Decrease/increase in trade and other receivables貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 及合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,695			90	54
Interest expense利息支出5,9255,843Provision for impairment of financial assets金融資產的減值撥備 金融資產的減值撥備 assets611,238Provision for and write-off of inventories, net存貨撥備及撇銷淨額 生前終止租約之收益611,238Gain on early termination of lease through profit or loss提前終止租約之收益 產的虧損33,1736,685Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss產的虧損19353Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss產的殷息收入(65)(61)Exchange difference匯兑差額438(583)Changes in working capital:營運資金變動 : 」 Decrease/(increase) in inventories存貨減少/(增加)26,998(87,632)Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 、人合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,695(Decrease)/increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities及合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,695			(6,384)	(4,632)
Provision for impairment of financial assets金融資產的減值撥備 611,238Provision for and write-off of inventories, net存貨撥備及撤銷淨額611,238Gain on early termination of lease through profit or loss提前終止租約之收益 產的虧損3,1736,685Gain on early termination of lease through profit or loss產的虧損19353Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss產的虧損19353Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss產的股息收入 產的股息收入(65)(61)Exchange difference匯兑差額438(583)Changes in working capital: Decrease/(increase) in inventories other receivables管易及其他應收款項 成少/(增加)26,998(87,632)Decrease/(increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 及合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,695	Interest expense	利息支出	5,925	
assets Provision for and write-off of inventories, net Gain on early termination of lease Loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Exchange difference Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Exchange difference Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase) in trade and Dividend income from financial assets Decrease/(increase in trade payables, Decrease/(increase in trade payables, Decrease/(increase) in tr	-	金融資產的減值撥備		
inventories, net Gain on early termination of lease Loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Exchange difference Changes in working capital: Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables other payables and contract liabilities Change in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities			61	1,238
Gain on early termination of lease Loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss提前終止租約之收益 安公允價值計入損益之金融資 產的虧損(38)-Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss產的虧損19353Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss按公允價值計入損益之金融資 產的股息收入(65)(61)Exchange difference匯兑差額438(583)Changes in working capital: Decrease/(increase) in inventories other receivables營運資金變動: 官易及其他應收款項 減少/(增加)26,998(87,632)Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 及合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,695	Provision for and write-off of	存貨撥備及撇銷淨額		
Loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Exchange difference Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase) in trade and other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase) in trade and other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase) in trade and other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase) in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase) in trade payables, Decrease/(increase) in trade payables,	inventories, net		3,173	6,685
through profit or loss產的虧損19353Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Exchange difference按公允價值計入損益之金融資 產的股息收入(65)(61)Exchange difference匯兑差額438(583)Changes in working capital:營運資金變動: 日26,998(87,632)Decrease/(increase) in inventories存貨減少/(增加)26,998(42,946)Other receivables減少/(增加)8,460(42,946)(Decrease)/increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities反合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,695	Gain on early termination of lease	提前終止租約之收益	(38)	-
Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Exchange difference Changes in working capital: Decrease/(increase) in inventories Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables (Decrease)/increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables other payables and contract liabilities	Loss on financial assets at fair value	按公允價值計入損益之金融資		
at fair value through profit or loss 產的股息收入 (65) (61) Exchange difference 匯兑差額 (583) Changes in working capital: 營運資金變動: Decrease/(increase) in inventories 存貨減少/(增加) 26,998 (87,632) Decrease/(increase) in trade and 貿易及其他應收款項 (42,946) other receivables 演少/(增加) 8,460 (42,946) (Decrease)/increase in trade payables, 貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 (35,086) 42,695	through profit or loss	產的虧損	193	53
Exchange difference匯兑差額438(583)Changes in working capital:營運資金變動:  Decrease/(increase) in inventories存貨減少/(增加)26,998(87,632)Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables貿易及其他應收款項 減少/(增加)8,460(42,946)(Decrease)/increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 及合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,695	Dividend income from financial assets	按公允價值計入損益之金融資		
Changes in working capital: 営運資金變動: Decrease/(increase) in inventories 存貨減少/(増加) <b>26,998</b> (87,632) Decrease/(increase) in trade and 貿易及其他應收款項 other receivables 减少/(増加) <b>8,460</b> (42,946) (Decrease)/increase in trade payables, 貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 other payables and contract liabilities 及合同負債(減少)/増加 <b>(35,086)</b> 42,695	at fair value through profit or loss	產的股息收入	(65)	(61)
Decrease/(increase) in inventories 存貨減少/(增加) 26,998 (87,632) Decrease/(increase) in trade and 貿易及其他應收款項 other receivables 減少/(增加) 8,460 (42,946) (Decrease)/increase in trade payables, 貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 other payables and contract liabilities 及合同負債(減少)/增加 (35,086) 42,695	Exchange difference	匯兑差額	438	(583)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other receivables (Decrease)/increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities 及合同負債(減少)/增加 (35,086) 42,695	Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:		
other receivables減少/(增加)8,460(42,946)(Decrease)/increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 及合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,695	Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨減少/(增加)	26,998	(87,632)
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables, other payables and contract liabilities貿易應付款項、其他應付款項 人合同負債(減少)/增加(35,086)42,695	Decrease/(increase) in trade and	貿易及其他應收款項		
other payables and contract liabilities 及合同負債(減少)/增加 (35,086) 42,695			8,460	(42,946)
	(Decrease)/increase in trade payables,			
Net cash generated from operations 經營業務產生之現金淨額 87,523 12,287	other payables and contract liabilities	及合同負債(減少)/增加	(35,086)	42,695
Net cash generated from operations 經營業務產生之現金淨額 87,523 12,287				
	Net cash generated from operations	經營業務產生之現金淨額	87,523	12,287

# 29. Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows (Continued)

# 29. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

# Cash flows from operations (Continued)

Net book amount

Proceeds from disposal

Loss on disposal

Represented by:

Cash

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# 經營業務產生之現金流量*(續)*

*Note:* Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprises:

#### *附註*: 出售物業、廠房及設備之所得款項包 括:

2022	2021
二零二二年	二零二一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
90	54
(90)	(54)
_	_

金融活動產生的負債的對賬如下:

**Total** 總額 *HK\$'000 千港元* 

(177,600) 23,154 (5,399)

The reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities is as follows:

		<b>Borrowings</b> 借貸 <i>HK\$'000</i>	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000
As at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	HK <b>3</b> 000 千港元 (56,984)	所に3 000 <i>千港元</i> (120,616)
Cash flows Addition	☆ ← / ) □ 現金流量 添置	965	(120,010) 22,189 (5,399)

賬面淨值

代表:

現金

出售之虧損

出售所得款項

As at 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	於二零二一年十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日	(56,019)	(103,826)	(159,845)
,		,		
Cash flows	現金流量	2,666	22,075	24,741
Early termination of lease	提前終止租約	-	882	882
Addition	添置	-	(20,160)	(20,160)
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	(53,353)	(101,029)	(154,382)

30. Related party transactions	<b>30.</b> 關連人士交易
Transactions for the year	年內交易
(a) Key management compensation	<i>(a)</i> 主要管理人員報酬

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries and other short term	薪金及其他短期僱員福利		
employee benefits		15,213	14,946
Pension costs – defined	退休金成本-定額供款計劃		
contribution plans		108	120
		15,321	15,066
			13,000

(b) Rental payment to related parties

(b) 向關連人士支付的租金

		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$′000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	
Rental paid to a related company (note 1) Rental paid to a related party (note 2)	支付租金給一間關連公司 (附註1) 支付租金給一位關連人士	174	174	
	(附註2)		279	
Notos		$\pi/+ \rightarrow$		

Notes:

- The Group paid rental of a car licence to a company 1. controlled by Mr. Lai Guanglin, the former executive director and Chairman of the Company who resigned on 30 March 2018 and currently a major shareholder of the Group, for a fixed sum of RMB12,000 (equal to HK\$14,500) per month as agreed by both parties. This is also a connected transaction which is exempted under the Listing Rules 14A.76.
- 2. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group paid rental expenses in relation to a rental contract entered into with a director of a subsidiary company for HK\$31,000 per month as agreed by both parties. The director resigned on 31 August 2021. As at 31 December 2021, the Group recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of approximately HK\$455,000 and HK\$458,000 respectively over the relevant property lease.

These connected transactions which are exempted under Rule 14A.76 of the Listing Rules.

附註:

- 本集團就車牌租賃費向一間由本 1. 公司前任執行董事兼主席(已於二 零一八年三月三十日辭任)及本集 團現任主要股東Lai Guanglin先生 控制的公司支付由雙方協定的每 月固定費用12,000人民幣(等於 14,500港元)。此交易亦為根據上 市條例14A.76條而豁免進行的關 連交易。
- 於二零二一年十二月三十一日年 2 度,本集團與一間附屬公司的-名董事訂立租賃合約,按雙方協 定支付每月31,000港元的租金 開支。該董事已於二零二一年八 月三十一日辭任。於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,本集團就相關 物業租賃確認使用權資產及租 賃負債分別約為455,000港元及 458,000港元。

這些交易為根據上市規則14A.76 條而獲得豁免的關連交易。

# **30. Related party transactions (***Continued***)** Transactions for the year (*Continued***)**

# 30. 關連人士交易(續)

### 年內交易(續)

#### (c) 向關連人士支付的顧問費

(c)	Consul	tancy f	ees to	related	parties
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Consultancy fee paid to a related

company (note)

二零二二年	二零二一年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
4,476	4,476

2021

2022

#### Note:

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On 1 April 2021, the Group entered into a consultancy agreement with a company directly wholly-owned by Mr. Lai Guanglin ("Mr. Lai"), the controlling shareholder of the Company, for a fixed sum of HK\$373,000 per month for one year from 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022 ("Previous Consultancy Services Agreement"). On 1 April 2022, the Group entered into a new consultancy services agreement with a company directly wholly-owned by Mr. Lai on substantially the same terms as the Previous Consultancy Services Agreement for one year from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023. The consulting service fee was fully paid on signing of the agreement.

It constitutes continuing connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules and is subject to the reporting, announcement and annual review requirements but is exempted from the independent shareholders' approval requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

#### 附註:

支付予一間關連公司的

顧問費(附註)

於二零二一年四月一日,本集團與Lai Guanglin先生(「Lai先生」)(本公司之控 股股東)直接全資擁有之一間公司訂 立由二零二一年四月一日至二零二二 年三月三十一日為期一年,每月固定 373,000港元顧問費的顧問服務協議 (「先前顧問服務協議」)。於二零二二年 四月一日,本集團與Lai先生直接全資 擁有之一間公司訂立由二零二二年四月 一日至二零二三年三月三十一日為期一 年之新的顧問服務協議。條款與先前顧 問服務協議基本上相同。顧問服務費用 於簽訂協議時一次性支付。

根據上市規則第14A章之規定,該協議 構成本公司之持續關連交易,須遵守上 市規則第14A章下之申報、公告及年度 審閲規定,惟獲豁免遵守獨立股東批准 之規定。

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# **30. Related party transactions (***Continued***)**

# 30. 關連人士交易(續)

#### Transactions for the year (Continued)

Loan to a related party (note)

### (d) Loan to a related party

# 年內交易*(續)*

#### (d) 貸款予一位關連人士

	2022	2021
	二零二二年	二零二一年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元
貸款予一位關連人士(附註)		2,000

#### Note:

On 9 November 2021, the Group advanced a loan of HK\$2,000,000 to a related party. The loan is unsecured, carrying interest at 8% per annum and repayable by 8 May 2022. The loan was fully repaid on 23 February 2022. This is a connected transaction which is exempted under Rule 14A.76 of the Listing Rules.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, interest income from loan to a related party amounted to approximately HK\$16,000 (2021: HK\$23,000).

#### (e) Loan to a related company

On 1 August 2016, the Group advanced a loan of US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$77,746,000) to China Victory International Holdings Limited ("CVIL"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Agria Corporation, for a term of 3 years.

The loan carried interest at 10.5% per annum and was repayable by 31 July 2019. The loan was secured by the entire issued shares of CVIL executed by Agria Group Limited ("AGL"), the immediate holding company of CVIL, and also guaranteed by a deed of corporate guarantee executed by Agria Corporation in favour of the Group. Mr. Lai Guanglin, a then director and ultimate controlling party of the Company, is also a controlling shareholder of Agria Corporation.



#### 附註:

於二零二一年十一月九日,本集團向一 位關連人士墊付一筆2,000,000港元貸 款,該貸款並無抵押,以年息8%計算 並須於二零二二年五月八日前償還。貸 款已於二零二二年二月二十三日全數償 還。此交易為根據上市規則14A.76條 而獲得豁免的關連交易。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,從貸款予一位關連人士所得的利 息收入約為16,000港元(二零二一年: 23,000港元)。

#### (e) 貸款予一間關連公司

於二零一六年八月一日,本集 團向中滙國際集團有限公司 (「CVIL」)(Agria Corporation的一 間全資附屬公司)墊付期限3年 的貸款10,000,000美元(相等於 77,746,000港元)。

該貸款以年息10.5%計息,並須於 二零一九年七月三十一日之前償 還。該貸款由CVIL的直接控股公 司Agria Group Limited「AGL」行使 CVIL的全部已發行股份作擔保及 Agria Corporation執行對本集團作 公司擔保契約。本公司當時之董事 兼最終控制人Lai Guanglin先生, 亦為Agria Corporation控股股東。

# 30. Related party transactions (Continued)

## Transactions for the year (Continued)

## (e) Loan to a related company (Continued)

Pursuant to a resolution passed in a special general meeting on 23 February 2018, the Group and CVIL agreed to novate and AGL, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Agria Corporation and the immediate holding company of CVIL, agreed to assume the Group's loan to CVIL of US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$78,357,000) with all other terms and conditions remained unchanged.

On 9 May 2019, the Group entered into a loan agreement ("2019 Loan Agreement") with AGL to renew the loan of US\$10,000,000 and the annual caps from 1 August 2019 to 31 July 2022.

Under the 2019 Loan Agreement, the clause of the share mortgage executed by AGL, being the sole shareholder of CVIL, over the entire issued shares of CVIL in favour of the Group has been removed. Save as the above amendments, all other terms of the 2019 Loan Agreement remain unchanged and continue in full force and effect.

On 21 July 2020, the Group and Agria Group Limited ("AGL") agreed to enter into a supplemental loan agreement ("2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement") to adjust downward the interest rate for each of the interest period from ten point five per cent (10.5%) of the Loan per annum to five point five per cent (5.5%) of the Loan per annum.

The loan was also secured by a share charge which executed by the AGL in favour of the Group as a continuing security and continuing obligation for performance by the AGL of its obligations in the 2019 Loan Agreement (as amended or supplemented by the 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement). Pursuant to the share charge, the AGL will charge 20% of its share interests in Agria Asia Investments Limited ("AAIL") to the Group. AAIL is a company with limited liability incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and is whollyowned by the Borrower.

# 30. 關連人士交易(續)

#### 年內交易(續)

#### (e) 貸款予一間關連公司(續)

根據於二零一八年二月二十三日舉 行的股東特別大會上通過的決議 案,本集團及CVIL同意更替及AGL (Agria Corporation的全資附屬公 司及CVIL的直接控股公司)承擔本 集團向CVIL的貸款10,000,000美元 (相等於78,357,000港元),其他條 款和條件維持不變。

於二零一九年五月九日,本集團與 AGL訂立貸款協議(「2019貸款協 議」),以更新貸款10,000,000美元 及年度上限,由二零一九年八月一 日至二零二二年七月三十一日止。

根據2019貸款協議,以本集團為 受益人,由AGL(為CVIL的唯一股 東)就CVIL的全部已發行股份設立 的股份抵押為擔保的條款已刪除。 除上述修訂外,2019貸款協議之 所有其他條款維持不變及繼續具十 足效力及作用。

於二零二零年七月二十一日,本集 團與Agria Group Limited(「AGL」) 同意訂立一份補充貸款協議 (「2020補充貸款協議」)將各利息 期的利率由貸款之每年利率十點五 厘(10.5%)下調至貸款之每年利率 五點五厘(5.5%)。

該貸款亦由AGL以本集團為受益人 簽立的股份押記作保證,以作為 AGL履行2019貸款協議(經2020補 充貸款協議所修訂或補充)內其責 任之持續擔保及持續責任。根據 股份押記,AGL已質押其於Agria Asia Investments Limited(「AAIL」) 的20%股權予本集團。AAIL為一間 於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的有限 公司及由借款人全資擁有。

# **30. Related party transactions** *(Continued)* Transactions for the year *(Continued)*

#### (e) Loan to a related company (Continued)

AAIL is indirectly holding a share equity investment in an agricultural enterprise in New Zealand through Agria (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. ("Agria Singapore"), the only and wholly-owned direct subsidiary of AAIL.

Save and except for the revision on the original interest rate and the share charge by AGL, all other terms as set out in the 2019 Loan Agreement remain unchanged.

Pursuant to a resolution passed in a special general meeting on 12 August 2020, 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement was approved.

The annual caps of the maximum principal loan outstanding for the year ended 31 December 2021 and period ended 31 July 2022 were US\$10,000,000 for each year/period.

The annual caps of the interest amounts for the period from 1 January 2020 to 11 August 2020, period from 12 August 2020 (assumed the effective date of 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement) to 31 December 2020, year ended 31 December 2021 and period ended 31 July 2022 were US\$645,000, US\$214,000, US\$550,000 and US\$320,000 respectively ("Annual Caps"). The 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement, Annual Caps of the principal loan outstanding and interest amounts were approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Company's special general meeting on 12 August 2020.

# 30. 關連人士交易(續)

## 年內交易(續)

#### (e) 貸款予一間關連公司(續)

AAIL透過Agria (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (「Agria Singapore」,為AAIL的唯 一及全資直接附屬公司)間接持有 一間新西蘭農業公司之股權。

除修訂原利率及由AGL作出之股份 押記外,2019貸款協議所載所有 其他條款維持不變。

根據於二零二零年八月十二日的股 東特別大會通過的決議案,2020 補充貸款協議已獲批准。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度及截至二零二二年七月三十一 日止期間,每個年度/期間之最高 未償還貸款本金額年度上限均為 10,000,000美元。

由二零二零年一月一日至二零二 零年八月十一日、二零二零年八 月十二日(假設該日起為2020補充 貸款協議生效日期)至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止期間、二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度及截至二 零二二年七月三十一日止期間, 利息金額年度上限分別為645,000 美元、214,000美元(「年度上限」)。 本公司股東已於二零二零年八月 十二日舉行的股東特別大會上批准 2020補充貸款協議、貸款本金額 及利息金額之年度上限。

# **30. Related party transactions (***Continued***)**

# Transactions for the year (Continued)

## (e) Loan to a related company (Continued)

As the loan and the annual caps of the aforesaid continuing connected transaction expired on 31 July 2022, the Group entered into a new loan agreement dated 22 April 2022 ("2022 Loan Agreement") with the AGL to renew the loan and the proposed annual caps from 1 August 2022 to 31 July 2025. All terms as set out in the 2022 Loan Agreement remain the same as 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement.

The new annual caps of the interest amounts for the financial period from 1 August 2022 (assumed the effective date of 2022 Loan Agreement) to 31 December 2022, year ending 31 December 2023, year ending 31 December 2024 and period from 1 January 2025 to 31 July 2025 were US\$231,000, US\$550,000, US\$552,000 and US\$320,000 respectively ("New Annual Caps"). The 2022 Loan Agreement, New Annual Caps of the principal loan outstanding and interest amounts were approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Company's special general meeting on 8 July 2022.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the interest income from AGL amounted to approximately US\$550,000 (equivalent to HK\$4,324,000) (2021: US\$550,000 (equivalent to HK\$4,293,000)).

# 30. 關連人士交易(續)

#### 年內交易(續)

#### (e) 貸款予一間關連公司(續)

由於上述持續關連交易的貸款及年 度上限金額將於二零二二年七月 三十一日屆滿,本集團與AGL已訂 立日期為二零二二年四月二十二 日的一份新的貸款協議(「2022貸 款協議」),以更新貸款及建議年度 上限金額,由二零二二年八月一 日起至二零二五年七月三十一日 止。2022貸款協議所載所有條款 與2020補充貸款協議維持不變。

由二零二二年八月一日(假設該日 起為2022貸款協議生效日期)至二 零二二年十二月三十一日的財務期 間、二零二三年十二月三十一日止 年度、二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度及由二零二五年一月一日至 二零二五年七月三十一日期間,利 息金額年度上限分別為231,000美 元、550,000美元(「新年度上限」)。 本公司股東已於二零二二年七月 八日舉行的股東特別大會上批准 2022貸款協議、貸款本金額及利 息金額之新年度上限。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,從AGL所得的利息收入約為 550,000美元(相等於4,324,000港 元)(二零二一年:550,000美元(相 等於4,293,000港元))。

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# 30. Related party transactions (Continued)

## Transactions for the year (Continued)

## (e) Loan to a related company (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022, the loan to AGL amounted to US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$78,278,000) (31 December 2021: US\$10,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$78,276,000)).

*Note:* For the purpose of calculation of the historical figures and the Annual Caps, the Effective Date of the 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement is assumed to be 12 August 2020, being the expected date of fulfillment of the conditions precedent under the 2020 Supplemental Loan Agreement.

## (f) Loan to a director

On 8 December 2022, Bun Kee (International) Limited ("Bun Kee"), an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, as lender entered into the loan agreement with Mr. Lai Fulin (executive director and chairman of the Company), as borrower, pursuant to which Bun Kee agreed to, among other things, provide a secured loan of HK\$5,000,000 to Mr. Lai Fulin for a fixed term of 3 years from the date of drawdown and interest payable was calculated at 6% per annum. The interest shall be paid quarterly in arrears with the first interest repayment date on 31 March 2023.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, interest income from loan to a director amounted to approximately HK\$3,000 (2021: Nil).

The loan was secured by personal guarantee from the controlling shareholder of the Company, Mr. Lai Guanglin, the elder brother of Mr. Lai Fulin.

# 30. 關連人士交易(續)

## 年內交易(續)

#### (e) 貸款予一間關連公司(續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,貸 款予AGL的金額為10,000,000美元 (相等於78,278,000港元(二零二一 年十二月三十一日:10,000,000美 元(相等於78,276,000港元))。

附註:為計算歷史數據及年度上限, 假設2020補充貸款協議生效日 期為二零二零年八月十二日, 即2020年補充貸款協議下的先 決條件達成的預期日期。

## (f) 貸款予一位董事

於二零二二年十二月八日,彬記 (國際)有限公司(「彬記」)作為貸款 方,即本公司間接全資附屬公司與 賴福麟先生(本公司之執行董事及 主席)作為借款人訂立貸款協議。 據此,彬記同意(其中包括)向賴福 麟先生提供一項金額為5,000,000 港元之有抵押貸款,自提取日期起 計固定期三年及應付利息按貸款年 利率6%計算。利息按季支付,首 個還息日為二零二三年三月三十一 日。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,從貸款予一位董事所得的 利息收入約為3,000港元(二零二一 年:無)。

該貸款由本公司控股股東,Lai Guanglin先生,賴福麟先生之胞兄 提供個人擔保作抵押。

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#### 31. Statement of financial position and reserve 31. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動 movement of the Company As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日 2022 2021 零 - — 年 二二年 Note HK\$'000 HK\$'000 附註 千港元 千港元 ASSETS 資產 非流動資產 **Non-current assets** Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備 2 90,440 於附屬公司投資 90,440 Investments in subsidiaries 90,440 90,442 **Current assets** 流動資產 Prepayments and other receivables 預付款及其他應收款項 1,372 1,586 Amounts due from subsidiaries 應收附屬公司款項 64,959 52,740 Cash and bank balances 現金及銀行結餘 1,531 3,507 67,862 57,833 Total assets 總資產 158,302 148,275 EQUITY 權益 **Equity holders** 權益持有人 Share capital 股本 26,645 26,645 儲備 Reserves (i) 128,700 116,552 總權益 **Total equity** 155,345 143,197 LIABILITIES 負債 **Current liabilities** 流動負債 其他應付款項 Other payables 2,576 3,315 應付税項 Taxation payable 1,700 331 Amounts due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 50 63 **Total liabilities** 總負債 2,957 5,078 Total equity and liabilities 總權益及負債 158,302 148,275 Net current assets 流動資產淨額 64,905 52,755 Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 155,345 143,197

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the board of Directors on 28 March 2023 and was signed on its behalf: 本公司的財務狀況表已由董事會於二零 二三年三月二十八日批核,並代表董事 會簽署:

Lai Fulin 賴福麟 Director 董事

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Yu Ben Ansheng 俞安生 Director 董事

# 31. Statement of financial position and reserve movement of the Company (*Continued*)

# 31. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

*(續)* 

(i) Reserve movement of the Company

Note :

# 附註:

(i)

本公司儲備之變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Contributed surplus (note) 缴入盈餘 (附註) HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated deficits 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總額 <i>HK\$</i> 1000 千港元
At 1 January 2021 Profit for the year	於二零二一年一月一日 本年度溢利	126,552	86,759	(111,767) 15,008	101,544 15,008
At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Profit for the year	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 及二零二二年一月一日 本年度溢利	126,552	86,759	(96,759) 12,148	116,552 12,148
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	126,552	86,759	(84,611)	128,700

#### Note:

The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares issued by the Company in exchange for all the issued ordinary shares of World Trade Bun Kee (BVI) Ltd. and the value of net assets of the underlying subsidiaries acquired by the Company in 2000. Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus is distributable to the shareholders, subject to a solvency test. At the Group level, the contributed surplus is reclassified into its component of reserves of the underlying subsidiaries.

#### 附註:

本公司之繳入盈餘乃指本公司為換取 World Trade Bun Kee (BVI) Ltd.全部已 發行普通股而發行之股份面值與本公司 所收購有關附屬公司於二零零零年之 資產淨值兩者間之差額。根據百慕達 一九八一年公司法(經修訂),繳入盈餘 在符合有關無力償還債務之測試之情況 下,可供分派予股東。在本集團之賬目 上,繳入盈餘重新分類為有關附屬公司 之儲備組成部分。

32. Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and HK Listing Rules)

#### (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The remuneration of each director and the chief executive for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 is set out below:

32. 董事的利益和權益(根據香港《公 司條例》(第622章)第383條及 《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》 (第622G章)及香港《上市規則》 的規定而作出的披露)

#### (a) 董事及行政總裁酬金

各董事及行政總裁於截至二零二二 年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度的酬金載列如下:

	Emolument	s paid or receiva	ble in respect of a p	截至二零二二年十 ierson's services a:	1 31 December 202 二月三十一日止年度 5 a director, wheth 司企業)提供服務而	E Ier of the Compar	ıy or its subsidiary ı	undertaking	
			1) <i>Ingular (</i> 1 1 1975		y			Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's	
					Estimated monetary	Employer's contributions	Remunerations paid or receivable in	other service in connection with the management of the affairs	
	Fees	Salary	Discretionary bonuses	Housing allowance	value of other benefits (note (iii))	to a retirement benefit scheme	respect of accepting office as director	of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 就管理本公司	Total
董事並名	袍金	薪金	酌情花紅	房屋津貼	其他福利的 估計貨幣價值 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	<b>僱</b> 主對 退休福利計 劃之供款	就接納 擔任董事 一職而支付 或應收的酬金	或其附屬公司 企業的事務 提供其他董事 服務而支付 或應收的酬金	總額
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK <b>\$</b> 1000 千港元	HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	H <b>K\$'000</b> 千港元	HK <b>\$</b> *000 千港元	HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元	H <b>K\$</b> 1000 千港元	HK <b>\$</b> 1000 千港元	HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元
賴福麟(附註()) 俞安生(附註()) 黃以信 陳偉文	- - 200 150	1,566 2,640 _	701 150 -	-	140 140 -	18 18 -	-	1,440 - -	3,865 2,948 200 150
WFX 管志強	200	4,206				36		  1,440	200

Name of Directors	董事姓名	i HKS Fx
Lai Fulin (note (i)) Yu Ben Ansheng (note (ii)) Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson Chen Wei Wen Guan Zhiqiang	頼福麟(附註(1)) 俞安生(阴註(1)) 黃煒 陳章 志強	_

32. Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and HK Listing Rules) (Continued) 32. 董事的利益和權益(根據香港《公司條例》(第622章)第383條及《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》(第622G章)及香港《上市規則》的規定而作出的披露)(續)

- (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)
- (a) 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

		Emolu	iments paid or rec	eivable in respect of a	載至二零二一年十 person's services a	31 December 2021 二月三十一日止年度 5 a director, whether 司企業)提供服務而3	of the Company or	its subsidiary undert	taking		
									Emoluments		
									paid or		
									receivable		
									in respect		
									of director's		
									other service		
									in connection		
								Remunerations	with the		
						Estimated	Employer's	paid or	management		
						monetary	contributions	receivable in	of the affairs		
						value	to a	respect of	of the		
						of other	retirement	accepting	Company or		
				Discretionary	Housing	benefits	benefit	office as	its subsidiary		
		Fees	Salary	bonuses	allowance	(note (iii))	scheme	director	undertaking	Total	
									就管理本公司		
									或其附屬公司		
								就接納	企業的事務		
						其他福利的	僱主對	擔任董事	提供其他董事		
						估計貨幣價值	退休福利	一職而支付	服務而支付		
Name of Directors	董事姓名	袍金	薪金	酌情花紅	房屋津貼	(附註(iii))	計劃之供款	或應收的酬金	或應收的酬金	總額	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Lai Fulin (note (i))	賴福麟(附註(j))	-	1,401	676	-	140	18	-	1,440	3,675	
Yu Ben Ansheng (note (ii))	俞安生(附註(ii))	-	2,640	-	-	140	18	-	-	2,798	
Wong Yee Shuen, Wilson	黃以信	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	200	
Chen Wei Wen	陳偉文	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	
Guan Zhiqiang	管志強	200								200	
		550	4,041	676	-	280	36	-	1,440	7,023	



- 32. Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and HK Listing Rules) (Continued)
  - (a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (*Continued*)

#### Notes:

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- (i) Mr. Lai Fulin is the Chairman of the Company.
- (ii) Mr. Yu Ben Ansheng is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company.
- (iii) Other benefits include share option and other allowance.

#### (b) Directors' retirement benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits during the year (2021: Nil).

### (c) Directors' termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any termination benefits during the year (2021: Nil).

# (d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services (2021: Nil).

32. 董事的利益和權益(根據香港《公 司條例》(第622章)第383條及 《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》 (第622G章)及香港《上市規則》 的規定而作出的披露)(續)

#### (a) 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

#### 附註:

- (i) 賴福麟先生是本公司的主席。
- (ii) 俞安生先生是本公司的首席執行 官。
- (iii) 其他福利包括購股權及其他津 貼。

#### (b) 董事的退休福利

年內,概無董事收取或應收退休福 利(二零二一年:無)。

## (c) 董事的終止福利

年內,概無董事獲支付或應收終止 董事服務福利(二零二一年:無)。

# (d) 就提供董事服務而向第三方提 供的對價

於二零二二年十二月三十一日年度 內,本公司並沒有就獲取董事服 務而向第三方支付對價(二零二一 年:無)。

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- 32. Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and HK Listing Rules) (Continued)
  - (e) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

The information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings entered into by the Company or subsidiary undertaking of the Company, where applicable, in favour of directors is as follows:

- 32. 董事的利益和權益(根據香港《公司條例》)(第622章)第383條及《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》 (第622G章)及香港《上市規則》的規定而作出的披露)(續)
  - (e) 向董事、受該等董事控制的法 人團體及該董事的關連主體提 供的貸款、準貸款和其他交易 的資料

有關本公司或本公司附屬公司(如 適用)以董事為受益人而訂立的貸 款、準貸款和其他交易的資料如 下:

Name of director	董憲姓名	Total amount payable 應付總額	Aggregate outstanding amount at the beginning of the year 年初累計 未償還金額	Aggregate outstanding amounts at the end of the year 年末累計 未償還金額	Maximum outstanding during the year 年內最高 未償還金額	Aggregate amounts fallen due but not been paid 累計到期 但未支付金額	Aggregate provisions for impairment made 累計已減值撥構	Term 年期	Interest rate 利率	Security 抵押
Name of unector	里尹江口							千和	ለነት	14.1T
		HK <b>\$</b> '000	HK <b>\$</b> '000	HK <b>\$</b> '000	HK <b>\$</b> '000	HK <b>\$</b> '000	HK <b>\$</b> '000			
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元			
At 31 December 2022 Loan	<b>於二零二二年十二月三十一日</b> 貸款							A fixed term of 3 years from the		
								date of drawdown of the loan, 28 December 2022 自貸款提取日		
Mr. Lai Fulin	賴福麟先生	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	-		期,二零二二年 十二月二十八日 起計固定期三年	6.0%	Personal guarantee 個人擔保

Save as above, there are no loans, quasi-loans and other dealing arrangements in favour of the directors, or controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors (2021: Nil). 除上文外,概無以董事、受該等董 事控制的法人團體及該董事的關連 主體為受益人之貸款、準貸款和其 他交易(二零二一年:無)。



32. Benefits and interests of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) and HK Listing Rules) (Continued)

# (f) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 30, there are no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2021: Nil).

# 33. Discontinued operation

Biomass pellet fuel products are contributed by a subsidiary of the Group,貴州中冠新能源有限公司(Guizhou Zhongguan New Energy Limited\*), which manufactures and sells biomass pellet fuel products in the PRC. The Group discontinued biomass pellet fuel products segment in 2020 and the disposal was completed in March 2021. The results of this segment were presented as discontinued operation for the year ended 31 December 2021.

In March 2021, the Group completed the disposal of the entire equity interest in Guizhou Zhongguan Industry Development Limited\*(貴州中冠產業發展有限公司), which engaged biomass pellet fuel products business through its 66.7% equity interests owned subsidiary namely of Guizhou Zhongguan New Energy Limited\*(貴州中冠新能源有限公司). For the year ended 31 December 2021, the financial results of the discontinued operation for the period up to the completion of the disposal has been consolidated.

- 32. 董事的利益和權益(根據香港《公 司條例》(第622章)第383條及 《公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》 (第622G章)及香港《上市規則》 的規定而作出的披露)(續)
  - (f) 董事在交易、安排或合同的重 大權益

除附註30所披露者外,並無有關本 公司業務而本公司作為其中一方且 本公司董事於其中(不論直接或間 接)擁有重大權益(於本年年底或於 年內任何時間)的重大交易、安排 及合同(二零二一年:無)。

# 33. 終止營運業務

生物質顆粒燃料產品分部由本集團附屬 公司-貴州中冠新能源有限公司於中國 生產及銷售生物質顆粒燃料產品所貢 獻。於二零二零年本集團終止營運所持 有的生物質顆粒燃料產品分部,並已於 二零二一年三月完成出售。截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度,該分部 所屬主要實體之業績已呈列為終止營運 業務。

於二零二一年三月,本集團已完成出售 貴州中冠產業發展有限公司全部股本權 益。貴州中冠產業發展有限公司透過其 持有66.7%股本股益之附屬公司(貴州 中冠新能源有限公司)從事生物質顆粒 燃料產品業務。截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,終止營運業務截至出 售完成止期間之財務業績已被綜合入 帳。

\* For identification purpose only

# 33. Discontinued operation (Continued)

# 33. 終止營運業務(續)

The results and cash flows of the discontinued operation included in the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of cash flows are as follows: 終止營運業務的業績及現金流已包含於 綜合收益表及綜合現金流量表,如下:

		For the year end 截至十二月三	
		2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		千港元	千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本		
Gross loss Other gains, net Selling and distribution costs General and administrative expenses Provision for impairment of financial assets	毛虧損 其他收益淨額 銷售及分銷成本 一般及行政費用 金融資產的減值撥備	- - -	_ (18) (326)
Provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備減值撥備		
Operating loss Finance income, net	經營虧損 財務收入淨額		(344)
Loss before income tax Tax credit	税前虧損 税項抵免		(344)
Loss after income tax from discontinued operation Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	終止營運業務之除税後虧損 出售附屬公司之收益		(344) 692
Profit for the period from discontinued operation	終止營運業務之期內溢利		348
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	歸屬於: 本公司權益持有人 非控股權益		457 (109)
			348

# 33. Discontinued operation (Continued)

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## 33. 終止營運業務(續)

Analysis of the cash flows of discontinued operation is as follow:

# 終止營運業務之現金流分析如下:

2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
	(16) 
	(16)

# 34. Disposal of subsidiaries

Operating activities cash flows

Investing activities cash flows

Financing activities cash flows

Details of disposal of subsidiaries relating to discontinued operation are as follow:

For the year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. 出售附屬公司

有關終止營運業務之出售附屬公司詳情 列載如下:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

2024

		2021 二零二一年
		 HK\$'000 千港元
Net assets disposed Trade and other receivables Inventories Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other payables	已出售淨資產 貿易及其他應收款項 存貨 現金及現金等價物 貿易及其他應付款項	411 66 48 (5,327)
Net liabilities Non-controlling interest	淨負債 非控股權益	(4,802) 3,275
Exchange reserve released Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	已釋放匯兑儲備 出售附屬公司之收益	(1,527) 835 
Settled by: Cash received	支付方式: 已收現金	
Analysis of net cash outflow in respect of disposal of subsidiaries: Cash received Cash and cash equivalents disposed	有關出售附屬公司之現金流出淨額分析: 已收現金 已出售之現金及現金等價物	(48)
Net cash outflow in respect of disposal of subsidiaries	有關出售附屬公司之現金流出淨額	(48)
CHINA PIPE GROUP LIMITED 中國管業集團有限	公司	

經營活動之現金流

投資活動之現金流 融資活動之現金流

# **35. Comparative Figures**

Certain comparative figures have been adjusted as a result of the change in accounting policy for the cost of inventory of which are set out in note 2(a).

# 36. Particulars of the principal subsidiaries

# 35. 比較數字

由於存貨成本之會計政策出現變動,若 干比較數字已予以調整,詳情載於附註 2(a)。

## 36. 主要附屬公司資料

			<b>Percentag</b> 百分比	e
Name 名稱	Principal Activities 主要業務	Particulars of issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊資本	Attributable to the Group 本集團應佔	Held by subsidiaries 附屬公司持有
Incorporated and operating in Hong Kong 在香港成立及經營				
Bun Kee (International) Limited 彬記(國際)有限公司	Trading of construction materials, mainly pipes and fittings in Hong Kong 於香港從事建築材料 (主要為管道及管件)之貿易	100 ordinary shares of HK\$1 each and 3,000,000 non-voting deferred shares of HK\$1 each 100股每股面值1港元之普通股及 3,000,000股每股面值1港元之無投票 權遞延股份	100	100
Hamerwind Logistic Company Limited 時風物流有限公司	Provision of warehousing and logistic services in Hong Kong 於香港提供倉貯及物流服務	800 ordinary shares of HK\$100 each 800股每股面值100港元之普通股	100	100
Established and operating in Macao 在澳門成立及經營				
Bun Kee Building Material and Equipment (Macao) Co., Ltd. 彬記建材及設備 (澳門) 有限公司	Trading of construction materials, mainly pipes and fittings in Macao 於澳門從事建築材料 (主要為管道及管件)之貿易	MOP50,000 50,000澳門幣	100	100



# Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

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		2018 二零一八年	Restated 經重列 <i>(note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i> 2019 二零一九年	Restated 經重列 <i>(note 2)</i> <i>(附註2)</i> 2020 二零二零年	Restated 經重列 <i>(note 2)</i> <i>(附註2)</i> 2021 二零二一年	<b>2022</b> 二零二二年
Results	業績	 HK\$′000	_令一几 <del>十</del> HK\$'000	—令—令++ HK\$'000	—令— + HK\$'000	———————— HK\$′000
nesures		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	538,155	527,552	497,295	682,187	636,535
Profit before income tax	税前溢利	29,472	13,083	34,310	65,291	58,242
Tax expense	税項支出	(4,621)	(1,530)	(2,909)	(9,324)	(9,024)
Profit for the year Profit for the year from	本年度溢利 持續營運業務之	24,851		_	-	-
continuing operation	年度溢利	_	11,553	31,401	55,967	49,218
(Loss)/profit for the period/ year from discontinued	終止營運業務之 期內/年度					
operation	(虧損)/溢利		(7,123)	(15,808)	348	
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	24,851	4,430	15,593	56,315	49,218
Attributable to:	歸屬於:					
Equity holders of the	本公司權益持有人					
Company		26,015	6,790	20,841	56,424	49,218
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,164)	(2,360)	(5,248)	(109)	-
				34.47.2	antener -	
		24,851	4,430	15,593	56,315	49,218
Assets and liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets	總資產	672,880	795,370	816,557	901,633	902,372
Total liabilities	總負債	(131,447)	(249,334)	(254,646)	(278,529)	(230,701)
Total aguitu	物描头	E 41 422	E46.026	E61 011	622.104	674 674
Total equity	總權益	541,433	546,036	561,911	623,104	671,671

Notes:

附註:

- 1. The results of operation of biomass pellet fuel products (which was discontinued in 2020) prior to 2019 have not been restated or reclassified.
- 生物質顆粒燃料產品營運業務(於二零二零年 已終止營運)於二零一九年以前的業績未作重 列或重分類。
- 2. The change in accounting policy for cost of inventory has been accounted for retrospectively and the comparative figures for the corresponding comparative prior periods has been restated.
- 存貨成本會計政策變更已追溯入賬,並已重 列相應的前期可比期間的可比數字。



