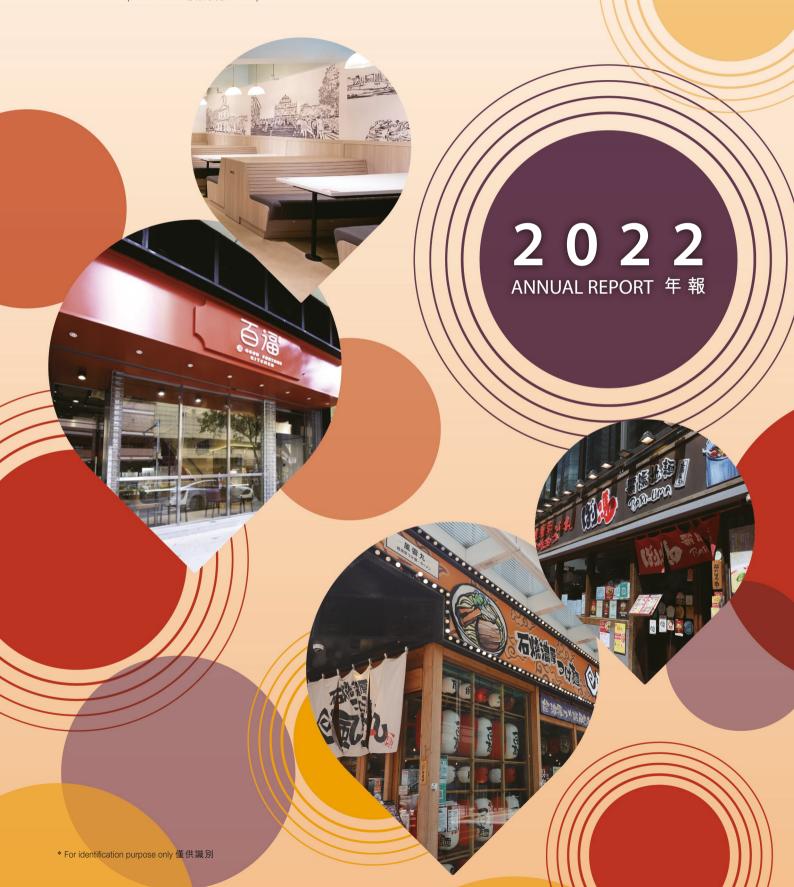


FUTURE BRIGHT HOLDINGS LIMITED

佳景集團有限公司*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

(Stock code 股份代號:703)





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Financial Highlights 財務摘要

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	Change 變動 % 百分比
Turnover	營業額	285,056	475,422	-40.0%
Gross margin	毛利	195,325	328,734	-40.6%
Gross operating (loss)/profit	經營(毛損)/毛利	(12,890)	13,085	N/A 不適用
(LBITDA)/EBITDA	(LBITDA)/EBITDA	(46,518)	34,964	N/A 不適用
Loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔虧損	(125,612)	(72,953)	+72.2%
Net Ordinary Operating Loss	普通經營虧損淨額	(120,332)	(67,673)	+77.8%
Basic loss per share	每股基本虧損	HK(18.09) cents (18.09)港仙	HK(10.51) cents (10.51)港仙	+72.2%

As at 31 December

於十二月三十一日

		2022	2021	Change
		二零二二年	二零二一年	變動
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	千港元	百分比
Total assets	資產總額	949,936	1,088,091	-12.7%
Net assets	資產淨額	295,503	404,835	-27.0%
Net assets per share	每股資產淨額	HK\$0.426	HK\$0.583	-27.0%
		0.426港元	0.583港元	
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	212.6%	159.6%	+53.0%
Total assets/total liabilities ratio	總資產/總負債比率	1.45	1.59	-8.8%

Important Dates

重要日期

Board meeting approving 2022 annual results 批准二零二二年全年業績之董事會會議

Closure of shareholder register for the purpose of ascertaining shareholders' eligibility to attend and vote at the 2023 AGM

暫停辦理股份過戶登記,以確定股東出席二零二三年股東週年大會並於會上投票之資格

Record date of the 2023 AGM 二零二三年股東週年大會之記錄日期

Date of the 2023 AGM 二零二三年股東週年大會舉行日期

30 March 2023 二零二三年三月三十日

25-31 May 2023 (both days inclusive) 二零二三年五月二十五日至 三十一日(包括首尾兩日)

31 May 2023 二零二三年五月三十一日

31 May 2023 二零二三年五月三十一日

Corporate Information

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny (Chairman)

Mr. Chan Chak Mo (Managing Director)

Ms. Leong In Ian

Mr. Cheung Hon Kit*

Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln*

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso*

* Independent non-executive Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso (Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Hon Kit

Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso (Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Hon Kit

Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny (Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Hon Kit

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso

RISK COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso (Chairman)

Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln

Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny

COMPANY SECRETARY AND QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT

Mr. Leung Hon Fai

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM11

Bermuda

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Units 803-804, 8th Floor

Seaview Commercial Building

Nos. 21-24 Connaught Road West

Sheung Wan, Hong Kong

董事會

陳思杰先生(主席)

陳澤武先生(董事總經理)

梁衍茵女士

張漢傑先生*

余錦遠先生*

陳百祥先生*

* 獨立非執行董事

審核委員會

陳百祥先生(主席)

張漢傑先生

余錦遠先生

薪酬委員會

陳百祥先生(主席)

張漢傑先生

陳思杰先生

提名委員會

陳思杰先生(主席)

張漢傑先生

陳百祥先生

風險委員會

陳百祥先生(主席)

余錦遠先生

陳思杰先生

公司秘書兼 合資格會計師

梁漢輝先生

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House

2 Church Street

Hamilton HM11

Bermuda

總辦事處兼 香港主要營業地點

香港上環

干諾道西21-24號

海景商業大廈

8樓803-804室

AUDITOR

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of China Hang Seng Bank Limited Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Macau) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Tricor Tengis Limited 17/F., Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL REGISTRAR AND AGENT IN BERMUDA

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

LEGAL ADVISER

as to Hong Kong Law:

Iu, Lai & Li, Solicitors & Notaries

as to Bermuda Law:

Conyers Dill & Pearman

as to Mainland China Law:

Jingtian & Gongcheng

as to Macau Law:

Vong Hin Fai Lawyers & Private Notary

WEBSITE

www.fb.com.hk

STOCK CODE

703 (ordinary shares)

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Contact person: Ms. Winifred Lam Telephone: 852-37582358 Email: winifred@fb.com.hk

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師* 香港

主要往來銀行

中國銀行 恒生銀行有限公司 中國工商銀行(澳門)股份有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

香港股份 過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓

百慕達主要股份過戶登記代理

Conyers Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

法律顧問

香港法律: 姚黎李律師行

百慕達法律:

Conyers Dill & Pearman

中國大陸法律:

競天公誠律師事務所

澳門法律:

黃顯輝律師事務所暨私人公證員

網址

www.fb.com.hk

股份編號

703(普通股)

投資者關係

聯絡人:林穎欣女士 電話:852-37582358 電郵:winifred@fb.com.hk

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

The Directors are pleased to present to the Shareholders the annual report of the Group for the Year.

董事欣然向各股東提呈本集團本年度之年報。

The global COVID-19 pandemic especially the serious outbreak of Omicron variant of the COVID-19 pandemic since early 2022 had caused certain level of adverse impacts to the Group's business and financial performance. Various regions in which the Group operated its businesses including Mainland China, Macau and Hong Kong had been adversely impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic and the related restrictive measures in response to it. The restrictive measures like dining restrictions, social distancing, travel restrictions, entry quarantine arrangements and even lockdown, diminished the local consumer sentiment and limited the visitors' arrival, which severely affected the food and beverage industry. Despite the challenges, the Group was able to pivot and adapt quickly, reviewing and adjusting its strategies to brave the tough operating environment and to address various measures implemented by the local governments, implementing measures to ensure the continuous delivery of high quality food to our customers.

In the Year, various outbreaks occurred in the region, particularly in Hong Kong in late January and early February 2022, the Guangdong province in March 2022, Macau in mid-June 2022 and Zhuhai in early October 2022, all of which resulted in various tightening of travel and border controls, social distancing restrictions and entry quarantine requirements imposed by governments. Specifically, the Macau government announced the closure of a range of government, public and social facilities and restrictions on restaurant dining from 11 July 2022 to 2 August 2022. These preventative measures were gradually reduced and travel restrictions between Macau and Zhuhai were progressively lifted, the visitors arrival to Macau gradually increased in the fourth quarter of 2022 but still decreased as compared to the year of 2021 and remained substantially below pre-COVID-19 pandemic levels. The Macau government's policy regarding the management of COVID-19 pandemic and general travel restrictions has adjusted in line with changes in policy in Mainland China in late December 2022 and early January 2023. Electronic applications of individual and group travel visas to Macau for Mainland China residents resumed on November 1, 2022 and from December 2022, travel restrictions were substantially eased, with mandatory isolated quarantine for all inbound visitors and nucleic acid test requirement for visitors from Mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan no longer required.

於本年度,疫情於區內多處爆發,尤其香港疫 情於二零二二年一月底及二月初爆發,廣東省 疫情於二零二二年三月爆發,澳門疫情於二零 二二年六月中旬及珠海疫情於二零二二年十月 初爆發,均導致政府收緊多項旅遊及入境限 制、社交距離限制及入境檢疫要求。具體而 言,澳門政府宣佈於二零二二年七月十一日至 二零二二年八月二日期間,關閉多項政府、公 共及社區設施以及限制餐廳堂食。該等預防措 施已逐漸放寬,澳門與珠海間之旅遊限制亦逐 步解除,故澳門訪客人數於二零二二年第四 季度逐漸增加,惟較二零二一年仍有所下降, 且遠遠不及2019新型冠狀病毒疫情前水平。 澳門政府有關2019新型冠狀病毒疫情管理及 一般旅遊限制之政策已應中國大陸於二零二二 年十二月底及二零二三年一月初之政策變動作 出調整。自二零二二年十一月一日起,中國大 陸居民赴澳門之個人及團體旅遊簽證恢復電子 申請,且自二零二二年十二月起,旅遊限制大 幅放寬,對所有入境旅客不再實行強制隔離檢 疫,對來自中國大陸、香港、台灣之旅客不再 實施核酸檢測規定。

Various travel restrictions such as border closures, mandatory quarantine requirements and proof of negative COVID-19 testing on arrival in Macau were in effect at various times in the Year, resulted in a reduced level of visitors to Macau of 26.0% in the Year as compared to the year of 2021. Our Group's operations have been significantly impacted by the reduced visitors arrival to Macau. In the Year, the Group has sustained a substantial drop in turnover contribution and considerable losses which was due to the closure of restaurants under the negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and reduced level of visitors to Macau. The Group recorded a loss attributable to shareholders of some HK\$125.6 million in the Year as compared to a loss attributable to shareholders of some HK\$72.9 million, representing an increase of some 72.2% as compared to those of the year of 2021.

本年度曾多次實施各項旅遊限制,如封關、強制隔離檢疫要求及抵達澳門時出示2019新型冠狀病毒檢測陰性證明,令本年度澳門訪客人數較二零二一年下降26.0%,澳門訪客人數減少亦導致本集團之營運大受影響。於本年度,集團受2019新型冠狀病毒疫情之負面影響而關閉餐廳,加上澳門訪客人數減少,本集團於本年度錄得股東應佔虧損約125,600,000港元,較二零二一年之股東應佔虧損約72,900,000港元上升約72.2%。

The Group's loss attributable to owners of some HK\$125.6 million in the Year has been mainly attributable to (i) the loss attributable to owners of the Group's food souvenir business of some HK\$8.0 million included the loss on written off/impairment loss of property, plant and equipment of some HK\$1.5 million and impairment loss on trademark of HK\$5.0 million, (ii) the loss attributable to owners of the Group's food and catering business of some HK\$115.3 million (which included the loss on written off of/impairment loss on property, plant and equipment of some HK\$12.4 million derived mainly from the closure of the Group's restaurants and impairment loss on goodwill of some HK\$25.8 million); and (iii) the net fair value loss of some HK\$5.3 million derived from its Key Investment Property.

The Group has also recorded for the Year:

- (i) a decrease of some 40.0% in turnover as compared to that of the year of 2021;
- (ii) decrease of some 38.9% in cost of sales (food costs), decrease of some 34.0% in direct operating expenses, of some 25.9% in administrative expenses, and of some 12.4% in finance costs, as compared to that of the year of 2021;
- (iii) 4.5% in gross operating loss ratio as compared to that gross operating profit ratio of 2.8% for the year of 2021;
- (iv) a loss attributable to owners of the Company of some HK\$125.6 million as compared to a loss attributable to owners of some HK\$72.9 million for the year of 2021;

本集團於本年度錄得擁有人應佔虧損約125,600,000港元,主要歸因於(i)本集團食品手信業務錄得擁有人應佔虧損約8,000,000港元(當中包括物業、廠房及設備之撤銷虧損/物業、廠房及設備減值虧損約1,500,000港元及商標減值虧損5,000,000港元):(ii)本集團之食物及餐飲業務錄得擁有人應佔虧損約115,300,000港元(當中包括主要因本集團關閉餐廳產生物業、廠房及設備之撤銷虧損/物業、廠房及設備減值虧損約12,400,000港元及商譽減值虧損約25,800,000港元):及(iii)其主要投資物業產生公允價值虧損淨額約5,300,000港元。

本集團於本年度亦錄得:

- (i) 營業額較二零二一年下降約40.0%;
- (ii) 與二零二一年相比,銷售成本(食物成本)下降約38.9%、直接經營開支下降約34.0%、行政開支下降約25.9%及財務成本下降約12.4%;
- (iii) 經營毛損率為4.5%,而二零二一年經營 毛利率則為2.8%;
- (iv) 本公司擁有人應佔虧損約125,600,000港元,而二零二一年擁有人應佔虧損則約為72,900,000港元;

- (v) a gross margin ratio of some 68.5% with a LBITDA at some HK\$46.5 million as against a gross margin ratio of some 69.1% with an EBITDA at some HK\$35.0 million for the year of 2021;
- (vi) a decrease of 30.7% in the same store performance of its restaurants and industrial catering business, and a decrease of 14.0% in the same store performance of its food souvenir business, as compared to that of the year of 2021; and
- (vii) the Net Ordinary Operating Loss of HK\$120.3 million, as against a Net Ordinary Operating Loss of some HK\$67.7 million for the year of 2021.

As at 31 December 2022, the Key Investment Property has been valued by an independent professional valuer at some HK\$556.0 million (31 December 2021: HK\$562.0 million).

In respect of the exchange differences on translating foreign operations which mainly relate to the Group's subsidiary companies in Mainland China, the Group has recorded an overall other comprehensive income of some HK\$18.5 million for the Year, as compared to an overall other comprehensive loss of some HK\$10.6 million for the year of 2021. Details of financial analysis and breakdown of the Group's performance in the Year are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 66 to 96 of this annual report.

In view of the Net Ordinary Operating Loss for the Year, the Directors do not propose to declare and pay out any dividend for the Year.

With the outbreak of the Omicron variant of the COVID-19 pandemic since early 2022, related travel restrictions, mandatory quarantine requirements and social distancing measures imposed by governments have negatively impacted the retail and restaurants businesses and the Group's performance in the Year. The Group's restaurant chain business has recorded a loss before non-controlling interests of some HK\$114.9 million in the Year. In the Year, the Group's food and catering business in Macau has performed much in line with the reduced level of visitors, where a total of 5,700,339 visitors to Macau have been recorded with a decrease of 26.0%, as compared to 7,705,943 visitors in the year of 2021.

- (v) 毛利率約68.5%,LBITDA約46,500,000 港元,而二零二一年毛利率約為69.1%, EBITDA約為35,000,000港元;
- (vi) 與二零二一年相比,其餐廳及工業餐飲業務同店表現下降30.7%,食品手信業務之同店表現下降14.0%;及
- (vii) 普通經營虧損淨額為120,300,000港元, 而二零二一年普通經營虧損淨額則約為 67,700,000港元。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,主要投資物業已由獨立專業估值師進行估值,估價約為556,000,000港元(二零二一年十二月三十一日:562,000,000港元)。

就主要與本集團中國大陸附屬公司有關之海外業務換算匯兑差額而言,本集團於本年度錄得整體其他全面收入約18,500,000港元,而二零二一年則錄得整體其他全面虧損約10,600,000港元。有關本集團於本年度表現之財務分析及明細之詳情載於本年報第66至96頁之「管理層論述及分析」一節。

鑒於本年度之普通經營虧損淨額,董事不建議 就本年度宣派及派付任何股息。

由於二零二二年初開始爆發2019新型冠狀病毒Omicron變異株疫情,政府採取相關旅遊限制及強制檢疫隔離規定以及社交距離措施,對於本年度零售及餐廳業務以及本集團之表現造成負面影響。本集團連鎖餐廳業務於本年度錄得除非控股權益前虧損約114,900,000港元。於本年度,本集團之澳門食物及餐飲業務表現大致與訪客人數減少幅度一致,澳門訪客總人數為5,700,339人次,較二零二一年的7,705,943人次下降26.0%。

During the Year, the Group closed down 9 restaurants, 9 food court counters and 1 food souvenir shop, all due to their poor performance. Detailed breakdown of the performance of the Group's different restaurants during the Year is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 66 to 96 of this annual report. Details of the list of the restaurants of this business are set out in the section headed "List of Restaurants/Food Court Counters/Stores" on pages 217 to 223 of this annual report. A casual Cantonese restaurant has just recently opened in Macau. It is currently planned to open 3 food court counters at Lisboeta Macau in 2023.

於本年度,本集團因業績欠佳關閉9間餐廳、9個美食廣場櫃位及1間食品手信店。有關本集團於本年度不同餐廳之表現明細詳情載於本年報第66至96頁之「管理層論述及分析」一節。有關該業務之餐廳一覽表詳情載於本年報第217至223頁之「餐廳/美食廣場櫃位/店舖一覽表」一節。本集團最近於澳門開設一間家常粵菜餐廳。目前計劃於二零二三年在澳門葡京人開設3個美食廣場櫃位。

In the Year, the Group's industrial catering business has performed well due to the operation of school canteen services and lunch box catering service in Macau. However the food wholesale business has some setbacks due to the negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Group's industrial catering business has achieved a total turnover of some HK\$17.3 million, representing an increase of some 54.5% in the Year, as compared to some HK\$11.2 million for the year of 2021. In the Year, the Group's food wholesale business sustained a setback with a total turnover of some HK\$12.7 million, representing a decrease of some 22.6% as compared to some HK\$16.4 million for the year of 2021.

於本年度,由於在澳門經營學校飯堂服務及午膳服務,本集團之工業餐飲業務表現良好。然而,受2019新型冠狀病毒疫情之負面影響,食品批發業務受挫。於本年度,本集團之工業餐飲業務錄得總營業額約17,300,000港元,較二零二一年約11,200,000港元上升約54.5%。於本年度,本集團之食品批發業務繼續受挫,總營業額約為12,700,000港元,較二零二一年約16,400,000港元下降約22.6%。

The Group's food souvenir business has recorded a drop in total turnover of some HK\$44.8 million, representing a decrease of some 15.8% as compared to some HK\$53.2 million for the year of 2021, which is due to reduced level of visitors to Macau under the negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, with the following results:

由於澳門訪客人數因受2019新型冠狀病毒疫情之負面影響而下降,本集團之食品手信業務錄得總營業額減少約44,800,000港元,較二零二一年約53,200,000港元下降約15.8%,業績如下:

銷售成本 ————————————————————— 毛利率	(18.7)	(19.7)
直接經營開支	(25.9)	(35.7)
	毛利率	銷售成本(18.7)毛利率26.1

Details of the financial analysis of this business are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 66 to 96 of this annual report. Details of the list of shops and kiosks of this business are set out in the section headed "List of Food Souvenir Shops/Kiosks" on pages 224 and 225 of this annual report.

有關該業務財務分析之詳情載於本年報第66至 96頁之「管理層論述及分析」一節。有關該業務 店舖及銷售亭一覽表之詳情載於本年報第224及 225頁之「食品手信店/銷售亭一覽表」一節。

The Group has in the Year continued to receive steady rental income from its Key Investment Property with a total of annual rental income of some HK\$19.9 million.

本集團於本年度繼續從其主要投資物業收取穩定租金收入,全年租金收入總額約為19,900,000港元。

With the lifting of social distancing measures and travel restrictions in early January 2023, it is expected that there will be improvement of the level of visitors and retail and restaurants business in Macau and Hong Kong, which may lead to an improvement in the Group's business. While quarantine-free travel has resumed, the total visitors arrival to Macau have significantly increased in January and February 2023. Although it may still be early to get a true measure of the pace of recovery, management has seen improvement in visitation and business volume of our Group's restaurants. Management will continue to pay close attention to the business development and the operations of the Group and will take various measures to explore and improve the brand value and market position of the Group in the fast changing market environment.

隨著二零二三年一月初解除社交距離措施及旅遊限制,預期港澳訪客人數上升以及零售售務的人数上升以及零票,可帶動本集團之業務所有所改善,可帶動本集團之等一月之澳門訪客總人數已大幅增長。雖然然是一個一個人。 時數量復甦步伐可能言之尚早,但管理層級是一個一個人。 時數量餐廳之光顧人次及營業額有所改展,在集團餐廳之光顧人次及營業額有所改展。 理層將持續密切留意本集團之業務發展變之市場。 環境中拓展及提升本集團之品牌價值及市場定位。

I would like to take this opportunity to thank all our employees for their hard work and efforts contributed in keeping the Group moving forward.

本人藉此機會感謝本集團砥礪前行之全體員工 所付出之努力。

CHAN SEE KIT, JOHNNY

Chairman

Hong Kong 30 March 2023 *主席* 陳思杰

香港

二零二三年三月三十日

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

環境、社會及管治報告

THE ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Board of the Company is responsible for the oversight and set out of the Group's ESG management approach and strategy. The Board sets the tone at the top for the Group's ESG strategies and is responsible for ensuring effective risk management and internal controls. With a view to having a systematic management of the ESG issues, the Group has established an ESG working taskforce (the "Taskforce"). The Taskforce comprises core members from different departments and is responsible for collecting relevant information on the Group's ESG aspects for preparing the ESG report. The Taskforce periodically reports to the Board, assists in identifying and evaluating the Group's ESG risks and the effectiveness in different aspects such as environment, production safety, labour standards and product responsibilities in the ESG aspects. The working group is also responsible to monitor the Group's ESG performance through key performance indicators ("KPI") from various ESG aspects to review progress made against ESG-related goals and targets. By conducting regular materiality assessment, it assists the Board to evaluate, prioritise and manage material ESG-related issues. For further details, please refer to the sections headed "Stakeholder Engagement" and "Materiality Assessment".

ESG Management

The Group has a proper management which is well structured to fulfil its strategy to support and serve the society and the environment with properly sustainable development.

The Board has a balance of skill and experience with division of responsibilities where the Chairman and the Managing Director take on the responsibility for formulation and approval of the Group's development, business strategies, policies, annual budget and business plans, while the senior management team members undertake the day-to-day management including the effective implementation of all strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board on operations, financial, environmental protection and social obligations.

環境、社會及管治治理結構

本公司董事會負責監督及制定本集團之環境、 社會及管治治理方法及策略。董事會從頂層定 下本集團環境、社會及管治策略之基調,並負 責確保風險管理及內部監控之有效性。為對環 境、社會及管治議題進行系統化管理,本集團 已成立環境、社會及管治工作小組(「工作小 組」)。工作小組由來自不同部門之核心成員組 成,負責收集本集團環境、社會及管治之有關 資料,以編製環境、社會及管治報告。工作小 組定期向董事會報告,協助識別及評估本集團 之環境、社會及管治風險,以及環境、生產安 全、勞工標準及產品責任等不同環境、社會及 管治方面之成效。工作小組亦負責透過環境、 社會及管治各方面之關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效 指標」)監察本集團之環境、社會及管治表現, 以審閱環境、社會及管治相關目標及指標之進 展。诱過定期開展重要性評估,其協助董事會 評估、優先處理及管理重大環境、社會及管治 議題。有關進一步詳情,請參閱「持份者參與」 及「重要性評估」各節。

環境、社會及管治管理

本集團之管理結構完善,足以達成其策略,以 為社會及環境提供支持及服務使其可適當持續 發展。

董事會具備各種技能及經驗,各自肩負不同責任。主席及董事總經理負責制訂及批准本集團之發展、業務策略、政策、年度預算及業務計劃,而高級管理人員團隊成員負責日常管理,包括有效執行董事會就營運、財務、環境保護及社會責任所採取之全部策略及措施。

THE ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE - Continued ESG Management - Continued

The Group's management structure on the environmental protection and social obligations includes:

- Its operation head office in Macau where the Managing Director together with its senior management team members are based, is responsible for the overall management and supervision of all the restaurants, shops, central kitchen and logistic centre. They undertake regular reviews on all the environmental and social issues and obligations, and ensure the Group's policies and procedures are fully complied with.
- The Group has its own "Food Safety Department" to monitor the overall food safety and hygiene of all its operations. And at the restaurant and retail outlet levels, each particular food cuisine has a cuisine manager/brand operation manager to supervise the relevant restaurants and retail outlets, and each restaurant/retail outlet is in turn headed by a shop manager who oversees its daily operation. The staff of each restaurant is divided into two divisions: (i) the kitchen division which is managed by a head chef to supervise the operation of the kitchen including hygiene and safety, and food production; and (ii) the dining services division which is managed by the shop manager to oversee the operation of the dining area of the restaurant to ensure delivery of satisfactory services to the customers.
- The Group's central kitchen and logistics centre is located in Macau which houses its central kitchen, warehouse, food production facilities and administration offices undertaking purchase, delivery and distribution of fresh and safe food ingredients and cooked/semi-finished food products to the Group's restaurants and food court counters in Macau. The Group also has a central kitchen of smaller scale in Hong Kong to undertake preparation and cooking of certain food items for its restaurants and food court counters in Hong Kong.
- The Group engages independent professional firms undertaking annual reviews on its internal control and risk system as well as to prepare the annual environmental, social and governance report to ensure the Group's compliance with its environmental and social responsibilities and obligations, as required by the ESG guide and the related regulations of Hong Kong and other local specific guides and regulations of the food industry in different cities.
- The Board regularly reviews, addresses and reports on all the environmental and social issues listed in the ESG guide, and adopts updated strategies and policies, and assigns senior management team members to implement these updated strategies and policies.

環境、社會及管治治理結構 - 續環境、社會及管治管理 - 續

本集團就環境保護及社會責任之管理結構包括:

- 董事總經理連同高級管理人員團隊成員 以澳門為基地設立營運總辦事處,該處 負責所有餐廳、店舗、中央廚房及物流 中心之整體管理及監督。彼等就所有環 境及社會問題及責任定期進行檢討,確 保全面遵守本集團之政策及程序。
- 本集團之中央廚房及物流中心位於澳門 (為中央廚房、倉庫、食品生產設施及行 政辦公室所在地),負責為本集團於澳門 經營之餐廳及美食廣場櫃位採購、運送 及分配新鮮安全之食材及熟食產品/半 製成食品。本集團亦於香港設有一個規 模較小的中央廚房,負責為其香港餐廳 及美食廣場櫃位備製及烹煮若干食品項 目。
- 本集團委聘獨立專業公司就本集團內部 監控及風險系統進行年度審閱以及編製 年度環境、社會及管治報告,確保本集 團遵守環境、社會及管治指引、香港之 相關規例以及於不同城市就食品行業之 其他地方特定指引及規例所要求之環境 及社會責任及義務。
- 董事會定期檢討、處理及呈報列於環境、社會及管治指引之所有環境及社會問題、採納最新策略及政策,並指派高級管理人員團隊成員實行該等最新策略及政策。

SCOPE OF REPORTING

The ESG report covers the Group's business activities in Macau, Hong Kong and Mainland China. The ESG KPIs are shown in the ESG report as well as supplemented by explanatory notes to establish benchmarks.

REPORTING FRAMEWORK

The ESG report has been prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide ("ESG Reporting Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules. During the preparation for this ESG report, the Group has applied the reporting principles stipulated in the ESG Reporting Guide as follows:

- Materiality The materiality assessment was conducted to identify
 material issues during the Reporting Period, thereby adopting the
 confirmed material issues as the focus for the preparation of this
 ESG Report. The materiality of issues was reviewed and confirmed
 by the Board. Please refer to the sections headed "Stakeholder
 Engagement" and "Materiality Assessment" for further details.
- Quantitative Supplementary notes are added along with quantitative data disclosed in this ESG report to explain any standards, methodologies, and source of conversion factors used during the calculation of emissions and energy consumption.
- Consistency The preparation approach of this ESG report was substantially consistent with the previous year, and explanations were provided regarding data with changes in the scope of disclosure and calculation methodologies.

Information relating to the Group's corporate governance practices has been set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 48 to 65 of this annual report.

REPORTING PERIOD

The ESG report specifies the ESG activities, challenges and measures being taken during the Year.

報告範圍

環境、社會及管治報告涵蓋本集團於澳門、香港及中國大陸之業務活動。環境、社會及管治報告關鍵績效指標在環境、社會及管治報告列示,並輔以補充説明性註解以建立基準。

報告框架

環境、社會及管治報告已根據上市規則附錄二十七所載環境、社會及管治報告指引(「環境、社會及管治報告指引」)編製。於編製本環境、社會及管治報告的過程中,本集團已採用環境、社會及管治報告指引所規定之下列報告準則:

- 重要性一已採用重要性評估,識別報告期間之重要性議題,進而以所確定之重要性議題為重點編製本環境、社會及管治報告。董事會已審查並確認議題之重要性。有關進一步詳情,請參閱「持份者參與」及「重要性評估」各節。
- 量化一除本環境、社會及管治報告所披露之定量數據外,亦增加補充性註解,以解釋於計算排放量及能源消耗量時所用轉換系數之任何標準、方法及資料來源。
- 一致性一本環境、社會及管治報告之編製方式與上一年基本一致,並已對數據及披露範圍及計算方式變動作出説明。

有關本集團企業管治常規之資料載列於本年報 第48至65頁之企業管治報告。

報告期間

環境、社會及管治報告説明於本年度所開展之 環境、社會及管治活動、挑戰以及所採取之措 施。

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This ESG report contains forward-looking statements which are based on the current expectations, estimates, projections, beliefs, and assumptions of the Group about the businesses and the markets in which it and its subsidiaries operate. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to market risk, uncertainties, and factors beyond the control of the Group. Therefore, actual outcomes and returns may differ materially from the assumptions made and the statements contained in this ESG report.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

The Group values its stakeholders and endeavours to understand and accommodate their views and interests related to the Group's businesses and ESG aspects. To fully understand, respond and address core concerns of different stakeholders, the Group has been keeping close communication with various stakeholders, including but not limited to the Board, employees, investors and shareholders, customers, suppliers, government and regulatory authorities, and communities.

The Group takes into account the stakeholders expectations and strives to improve its performance through various communication channels, shown as below:

前瞻性陳述

本環境、社會及管治報告載有前瞻性陳述,其基於本集團對其及其附屬公司營運所在地業務及市場之現時預期、估計、預測、理念及假設而作出。該等前瞻性陳述並不保證未來表現,且受市場風險、不確定因素以及本集團控制以外的因素所影響。因此,實際結果及後果可能與本環境、社會及管治報告內所作出的假設及所載陳述大相逕庭。

持份者參與

本集團重視其持份者,並努力瞭解及採納彼等 有關本集團業務及環境、社會及管治方面之意 見及利益。為充分瞭解、回應及解決不同持份 者之核心關注問題,本集團一直與各持份者保 持密切溝通,包括但不限於董事會、僱員、投 資者及股東、客戶、供應商、政府及監管機構 以及社區。

本集團考慮持份者期望,並透過下文所示的各種溝通渠道努力改善其表現:

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations and concerns 期望及關注	Communication channels 溝通渠道
Board of Directors 董事會	Compliant operation 合規營運 Financial performance 財務表現 Corporate sustainability 企業可持續性	Regular board meetings 定期董事會會議
Employees 僱員	Employee health and safety 僱員健康及安全 Employee development and Training 僱員發展及培訓 Remuneration and benefits 酬金及福利 Protection of employees' rights and interests 保護僱員權利及利益	Training activities 培訓活動 Regular team sharing 定期團隊分享 Performance assessment 績效評估 Staff handbook 僱員手冊
Investors and shareholders 投資者及股東	Compliant operation 合規營運 Financial performance 財務表現 Corporate sustainability 企業可持續性	Annual general meetings 股東週年大會 Financial reports 財務報告 Announcements and circulars 公佈及通函

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT - Continued 持份者參與-續 Stakeholders **Expectations and concerns** Communication channels 持份者 期望及關注 溝涌渠道 Customers Customer activities Customer information 客戶 客戶活動 and privacy protection 客戶資料及私隱保護 Satisfaction survey 滿意度調查 Social media platform, Service quality hotline or email 服務質素 社交媒體平台、熱線或電郵 Compliant operation 合規營運 Suppliers Fair and open procurement Tendering process 供應商 公平公開採購 投標程序 Regular assessment Product quality and pricing 定期評估 產品質素及定價 Sustainable development of Supplier management supply chain meetings and events 供應鏈之可持續發展 供應商管理會議及活動 Government and Compliance operation Company secretary/legal department 合規營運 公司秘書/法律部門 regulatory authorities 政府及監管機構 Risk management Company secretary/legal department 公司秘書/法律部門 風險管理 Tax payment according to law Compliance management 依法納税 合規管理 Communities Providing community development Community activities 社區 提供社區發展 社區活動 Promoting employment Compliant operation 合規營運 擴大就業 Environmental and social protection Donation 環境及社會保護 捐助

The Group is committed to working with its stakeholders to improve the Group's ESG performance and to create greater value for the community and society on a continuous basis.

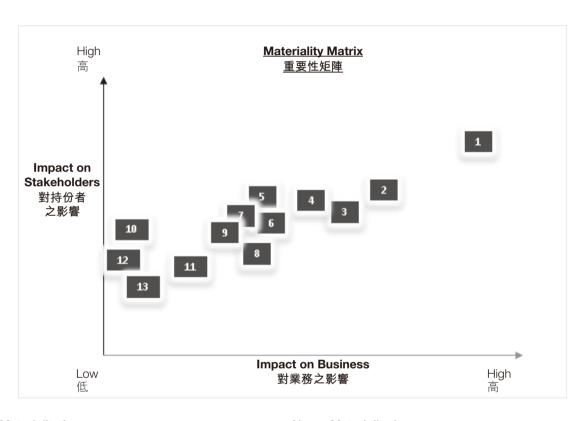
本集團致力與其持份者合作,以改善本集團之 環境、社會及管治表現以及為社區及社會持續 創造更大價值。

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

Understanding how various ESG topics may affect the Group's business and stakeholders is a critical part of its approach to sustainability, a materiality assessment in the form of surveys was conducted during the Year. The Group identified and evaluated the topics that are material to its business and stakeholders. The material topics are identified based on (i) global sustainability agenda and international best practices, (ii) the Group's risk and strategy; and (iii) stakeholders' feedback. The result is illustrated as below:

重要性評估

瞭解各種環境、社會及管治議題如何影響本集團之業務及持份者是可持續發展方法的關鍵一環,故本集團於本年度以調查形式進行重要性評估。本集團識別及評估對其業務及持份者而言重要的議題。重要議題基於(i)全球可持續發展議程及國際最佳常規;(ii)本集團之風險及策略;及(iii)持份者回饋識別。結果列示如下:



No. 編號	Materiality Issues 重要性議題	No. 編號	Materiality Issues 重要性議題
1	Food quality and safety 食物品質與安全	8	Emissions management 排放物管理
2	Compliant operation 合規營運	9	Community engagement 社區參與
3	Customer service and privacy 客戶服務及私隱	10	Supply chain management 供應鏈管理
4	Occupational health and safety 職業健康與安全	11	Indoor air quality management 室內空氣質素管理
5	Energy management 能源管理	12	Climate change 氣候變化
6	Waste management 廢物管理	13	Packaging material management 包裝材料管理
7	Employee development and training 僱員發展及培訓		

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT - Continued

The Group reviewed the materiality assessment results and considered that the said result is applicable to the Group. In preparation of this ESG report, the Group has consulted both the internal and external stakeholders with a view to identify its related attributes for active management purpose. The Board has retained a professional firm to assist in drafting and review of this ESG report. This ESG report has been reviewed by the Board to confirm that the information herein is reliable and accurate in all material aspects.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

A Successful Sustainable Business

Sustainability is always the Group's strategic priority and business imperative, good corporate governance and being socially conscious are its core values. Hence, the Group has a firm commitment to help its staff, business, communities and environment to be more sustainable, socially friendly and accountable.

The Group undertakes regular reviews of environmental, social and corporate governance aspects of its business, and the Group grows its business closely with and gets better for the local communities while complying fully with all relevant laws, rules and regulations relating to its business, to adhere to strong compliance and good practices for its corporate governance, and to follow the guidelines on environmental protection and social responsibility.

Emissions (A1)

Compliance and Policy

It is the core policy of the Group to comply with the relevant laws and regulations relating to air and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. The Group's policy on the uses of resources (including energy, water, packaging and other raw materials), GHG emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, is to strive for attaining source reduction, reuse, recycling, treatment, appropriate disposal and use of sustainable materials. The Group has an ambition to do better in different environmental focus areas by the year of 2026.

The Group had no material non-compliance with the relevant laws, rules or regulations that have a significant impact on itself relating to air and GHG emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste during the Year. The non-hazardous waste of the Group comprises mainly of waste water, waste oil, paper waste and food waste, details of which are set out in the latter part of this ESG report.

重要性評估 - 續

本集團已審閱重要性評估結果,並認為有關結果適用於本集團。編製本環境、社會及管治報告時,本集團已諮詢內部及外部持份者以期識別彼等就積極管理而言之相關特質。董事會委聘專業公司以協助起草及審閱本環境、社會及管治報告。董事會已審閱本環境、社會及管治報告,確認當中資料於各重大方面均屬可靠準確。

環境保護

成功可持續發展的業務

本集團一直以可持續發展作為策略重點,並視商業要務、良好之企業管治及具有社會意識為其核心價值。因此,本集團堅定承諾帶動各員工、業務、社區及環境進一步持續發展、關懷社會及謹守本分。

本集團定期檢討其業務之環境、社會及企業管治層面,且本集團業務與地方社區一同緊密發展,並為改善本地社區作出貢獻,時刻全面遵守有關業務之相關法例、規則及規例,以恪守良好企業管治常規以及遵守環境保護及社會責任指引。

排放物(A1)

合規及政策

本集團之核心政策為遵守有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地之排污以及有害及無害廢物之產生等相關法例及規例。本集團有關資源使用(包括能源、水、包裝及其他原材料)、溫室氣體排放、向水及土地之排污以及有害及無害廢物產生之政策,均力求源頭減廢、重用、回收利用、處理、適當處置及使用可持續材料。本集團的目標是於二零二六年前在不同環境重點範疇取得更佳表現。

本集團於本年度並無任何有關廢氣及溫室氣體 排放、向水及土地之排污、有害及無害廢物之 產生而對其造成重大影響之相關法例、規則或 規例之重大不合規情況。本集團所產生之無害 廢物主要包括廢水、廢油、廢紙及廚餘,有關 詳情載於本環境、社會及管治報告較後部分。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION - Continued

Emissions (A1) - Continued

Compliance and Policy – Continued Emissions of NO_x, SO_x and PM (A1.1)

The following tables show the total emissions of NO_x , SO_x and PM from combustion of fuel of the Group for 2022 and 2021:

環境保護 - 續

排放物(A1)-續

合規及政策-續

氮氧化物、硫氧化物及懸浮粒子排放(A1.1) 下表顯示本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年燃 燒燃料產生之氮氧化物、硫氧化物及懸浮粒子 總排放量:

Annual NO_x emissions were:

氮氧化物年排放量為:

		2022 二零二二年 kg NO _x 千克氮氧化物	2021 二零二一年 kg NO _x 千克氮氧化物
Macau Mainland China Hong Kong	澳門 中國大陸 香港	32.3 4.2 7.5	31.3 17.2 18.3
Total	總計	44.0	66.8

Annual SO_x emissions were:

硫氧化物年排放量為:

		2022 二零二二年 kg SO _x 千克硫氧化物	2021 二零二一年 kg SO _x 千克硫氧化物
Macau	澳門	0.4	0.4
Mainland China	中國大陸	-	0.1
Hong Kong	香港	-	0.2
Total	總計	0.4	0.7

Annual PM emissions were:

懸浮粒子年排放量為:

		2022 二零二二年 kg PM 千克懸浮粒子	2021 二零二一年 kg PM 千克懸浮粒子
Macau	澳門	1.4	1.4
Mainland China	中國大陸	-	_
Hong Kong	香港	-	0.2
Total	總計	1.4	1.6

Emissions (A1) - Continued

Compliance and Policy - Continued

The Group's GHG emissions in the years of 2022 and 2021 are presented below:

GHG Emissions (A1.2)

環境保護 - 續

排放物(A1)-續

合規及政策-續

本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年之溫室氣體 排放呈列如下:

溫室氣體排放(A1.2)

		2022 二零二二年 tCO₂e 公噸 二氧化碳當量	2021 二零二一年 tCO₂e 公噸 二氧化碳當量
Macau Mainland China Hong Kong	澳門 中國大陸 香港	3,724 1,100 877	7,108 2,282 1,421
Total	總計	5,701	10,811

Annual GHG emissions in terms of different scopes were:

按不同範圍計算之年度溫室氣體當量排放為:

		2022 二零二二年 tCO ₂ e 公噸 二氧化碳當量	2021 二零二一年 tCO₂e 公噸 二氧化碳當量
Scope 1 (note 1) Scope 2 (note 2) Scope 3 (note 3)	範圍1(附註1) 範圍2(附註2) 範圍3(附註3)	393 5,267 41	670 10,049 92
Total	總計	5,701	10,811

Food and Other Waste Management (A1.4, 1.5 & A3)

It is the Group's policy to strive for reducing waste in its operating activities which produce non-hazardous wastes comprising mainly of waste oil, food wastes, paper wastes and waste water. Waste oil and waste water are mainly generated from restaurants' kitchens, food wastes are mainly derived from cooking and unconsumed food by customers while paper wastes are mainly derived from the used napkins from restaurants.

The Group has a central kitchen and logistics centre in Macau to enhance operation efficiency and minimize food wastes where this centre has multiple functions including a centralized warehouse and food production facilities for the Group's restaurants and food court counters operating in Macau such as bulk purchase, delivery and distribution of food ingredients and other supplies. The Group has also in place management guidelines and procedures on its inventory control to ensure the efficient inventory control to avoid wastage. The Group also requires its restaurant managers and the chefs to undertake proper control on food and beverage preparation and quality, and minimize non-consumed food wastes.

廚餘及其他廢物管理(A1.4、1.5及A3)

本集團之政策為致力於經營業務減廢,有關經營業務產生之無害廢物主要包括廢油、廚餘、 廢紙及廢水。廢油及廢水主要由餐廳廚房產 生,廚餘主要來自客戶烹煮及未消耗之食物, 而廢紙則主要來自餐廳之已使用餐巾。

本集團於澳門設有中央廚房及物流中心,旨在提升營運效率及減少廚餘,該中心具備多項策,包括作為本集團於澳門經營之餐廳及美屬櫃位設立中央貨倉及食品生產設施(如批集,運送及分配食材以及其他物資等)。本集團亦就其存貨控管制定管理指引及程序,確保高效控制存貨,從而避免浪費。本集團亦要經經理及廚師對食品及飲品製備及質素進行適當控制,盡量減少未經消耗廚餘。

Food and Other Waste Management (A1.4, 1.5 & A3) - Continued

All of the Group's food wastes and waste oils are, wherever practicable, handled by proper waste disposal companies, while waste water generated by its restaurants are collected and discharged daily to the public drainage. Paper waste are, wherever practicable, collected for recycling purpose as appropriate. To control paper waste, all staff are encouraged to use electronic messages and print on both sides of paper.

Total Non-Hazardous Waste (A1.3-1.6 & A3)

As the Group has restaurants and offices in different cities, some of the non-hazardous waste are not centrally collected and disposed of, due to the absence of proper waste disposal companies in some cities. A complete data for non-hazardous waste has therefore not been available for the Year.

The Group is working on a better data collection procedure of its non-hazardous waste. Based on the data available so far, the Group has, in the Year, generated the following estimated non-hazardous waste from its operations:

環境保護 - 續

面列印。

廚餘及其他廢物管理(A1.4、1.5及A3)-續 本集團所有廚餘及廢油盡可能由廢物處理公司 妥善處理,而其餐廳產生之廢水每日均會收 集,並將廢水排放至公共排污系統。廢紙盡可 能在適當情況下收集以供循環再用。為控制廢 紙,我們鼓勵全體員工使用電子訊息並進行雙

無害廢物總量(A1.3-1.6及A3)

由於本集團於不同城市設有餐廳及辦公室,而 鑒於部分城市缺乏妥善廢物處置公司,部分無 害廢物並無中央收集及處置。因此,於本年度 並無無害廢物之完整數據。

本集團正努力設立更完善的無害廢物數據收集 程序。根據現有數據,本集團於本年度於其經 營業務中產生以下估計無害廢物:

Non-Hazardous Waste Materials	無害廢料	2022 二零二二年 Tonne 公噸	2021 二零二一年 Tonne 公噸
Food Waste Waste Oil Paper	廚餘 廢油 紙張	58 23 18	104 38 23
Total	總計	99	165

In addition, the Group was not involved in any significant consumption of chemical reagents, thus no material hazardous waste has been recorded for the Year.

此外,本集團並無出現任何耗用大量化學試劑 之情況,故於本年度並無錄得重大有害廢物。

It is the Group's policy to always look into means to enhance recycling such as segregation of different wastage materials among papers, plastics, cooking oil and food materials, and whenever practicable, feeding food wastage into digesting machines to turn it into grey water which can be safely discharged down the drain. To strive for finding means to achieve food waste recycling, some of the Group's restaurants have been using utensils made of recyclable materials. Management is also monitoring the development of the food wastage measures to be introduced by any local government authorities with a view to utilize such development.

本集團之方針為不斷尋找改善循環再用之方法,例如分隔紙張、塑膠、食用油及食材等不同廢料,並在切實可行之情況下將廚餘放入廚餘處理機,以轉化成可安全地排入河流之灰水。為致力尋得實現廚餘循環再用之法,本集團之部分餐廳使用可循環再用物料製成之餐具。管理層亦正關注任何當地政府機關未來引入廚餘措施之發展,以考慮利用有關發展之可能性。

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION – ContinuedUse of Resources (A2.1–A2.5)

Efficient use of resources is the guiding policy of the Group's operations covering matters ranging from the wise consumption of water, use of sustainable materials in renovation, smart use of transportation to its central kitchen and logistics centre, as mentioned in this ESG report.

The Group does not have any issue in sourcing the supply of water that is fit for its purpose as its water has been supplied from the local water supply authorities. The Group's central kitchen and logistics centre is located in Macau near the local wholesales market facilitating the purchase of fresh fruits and vegetables. All these would not only enhance business efficiency but also would reduce transportation cost, thus better use of energy and water, and hence reduce carbon footprint. (A2.4)

The Group's energy consumption and water consumption in the years of 2022 and 2021 are presented below:

Energy Consumption (A2.1)

Annual electricity consumptions were: 年度耗電量為:

▼ -35.3%

Annual fuel (stationary and mobile) consumptions were: 年度燃料(固定及車用) 耗用量為:

▼ -10.3%

環境保護 - 續

資源使用(A2.1-A2.5)

本集團在營運中堅持有效使用資源之指導政策,範圍涉及本環境、社會及管治報告所述明智用水、翻新時使用可持續物料、精明使用運輸至中央廚房及物流中心等事宜。

由於食水一直由本地供水機構供應,本集團概無發生任何與水源供應有關之事件。本集團之中央廚房及物流中心位於澳門,鄰近本地批發市場,方便採購新鮮蔬果。該等設施不僅提升業務效益,亦將減低運輸成本,從而更有效使用能源及用水,並降低碳足跡。(A2.4)

本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年之能源消耗 及耗水量呈列如下:

能源消耗(A2.1)

		2022 二零二二年 kWh 千瓦時	2021 二零二一年 kWh 千瓦時
Macau Mainland China Hong Kong	澳門 中國大陸 香港	5,522,234 1,267,586 1,700,418	8,582,647 2,446,627 2,089,619
Total	總計	8,490,238	13,118,893
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年

		2022 二零二二年 kWh 千瓦時	2021 二零二一年 kWh 千瓦時
Macau Mainland China Hong Kong	澳門 中國大陸 香港	179,336 - 3,642	173,728 - 30,296
Total	總計	182,978	204,024

環境保護*−績*

Use of Resources (A2.1-A2.5) - Continued

資源使用(A2.1-A2.5)-續

Energy Consumption (A2.1) - Continued

能源消耗(A2.1)-續

Annual gas consumptions were: 年度燃氣耗用量為:			2022 二零二二年 kWh 千瓦時	2021 二零二一年 kWh 千瓦時
▼ -44.8%	Macau Mainland China Hong Kong	澳門 中國大陸 香港	919,135 292,127 494,675	855,556 1,197,223 1,038,890
	Total	總計	1,705,937	3,091,669

Water Consumption (A2.2)

耗水量(A2.2)

69,387

143,088

Annual water consumptions were: 年度耗水量為:			2022 二零二二年 meter³ 立方米	2021 二零二一年 meter ³ 立方米
▼ -51.5%	Macau Mainland China Hong Kong	澳門 中國大陸 香港	66,045 15,310 17,769	136,042 39,656 28,714
	Total	總計	99,124	204,412

Annual sewage were: 年度污水量為:		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		meter³ 立方米	meter ³ 立方米
▼ -51.5%	Macau Mainland China Hong Kong	 46,232 10,717 12,438	95,229 27,759 20,100

總計

Total

Use of Resources (A2.1-A2.5) - Continued

Packaging Materials Consumption* (A2.5)

The Group's annual packaging materials (including the use of paper in offices) consumptions were:

環境保護 - 續

資源使用(A2.1 - A2.5) - 續

包裝材料耗用量*(A2.5)

本集團之年度包裝材料(包括辦公室用紙)耗用 量為:

		2022	
		二零二二年	
		tonne	
		公响 ————————————————————————————————————	公噸
<u>Paper</u>	<u>紙張</u>	_	
Macau	澳門	84.8	59.7
Mainland China	中國大陸	0.2	3.2
Hong Kong	香港	9.0	3.9
Total	總計	94.0	66.8
<u>Plastic</u>	<u>塑膠</u>	_	
Macau	澳門	7.0	
Mainland China	中國大陸	2.6	
Hong Kong	香港	0.0	1.9
Total	總計	9.9	9.9
<u>Metal</u>	<u>金屬</u>	_	
Macau	澳門	123.0	127.1
Mainland China	中國大陸		-
Hong Kong	香港	0.2	
Total	總計	123.2	127.1

[#] The consumption was less than 0.1 tonne or relatively negligible.

耗用量少於0.1公噸或相對微不足道。

Use of Resources (A2.1-A2.5) - Continued

Energy, Greenhouse Gas, Water and Packaging Materials Consumption Intensity (A2.3)

環境保護 - 續

資源使用(A2.1-A2.5)-續

能源、溫室氣體、水及包裝材料 消耗密度(A2.3)

Annual total energy intensity (kWh/HK\$'m revenue) was:

年度總能源強度

(千瓦時/每百萬港元收益)為:

+5.3%

2022

36,418

2021

34,574

Annual total GHG

(greenhouse gas) emission intensity

(tCO2e/HK\$'m revenue) was:

年度總溫室氣體排放強度

(公噸二氧化碳當量/每百萬港元收益)為:

-12.3%

2022

20.0

2021

22.8

Annual total water consumption intensity (m3/HK\$'m revenue) was:

年度總耗水量密度

(立方米/每百萬港元收益)為:

-19.1%

2022

二零二二年

348

2021

二零二一年

430

Annual total sewage intensity (m3/HK\$'m revenue) was:

年度總污水量密度

(立方米/每百萬港元收益)為:

-19.3%

2022

243

2021

301

Use of Resources (A2.1-A2.5) - Continued

Energy, Greenhouse Gas, Water and Packaging Materials - Continued Consumption Intensity (A2.3) - Continued

環境保護 - 續

資源使用(A2.1-A2.5)-續

能源、溫室氣體、水及包裝材料-續 消耗密度(A2.3)-續







2022 二零二二年

二零二一年

2021

2022 二零二二年

2021

2022

2021

(tonne/HK\$'m

(tonne/HK\$'m

(tonne/HK\$'m

(tonne/HK\$'m (tonne/HK\$'m (tonne/HK\$'m

revenue)

revenue)

revenue)

revenue)

revenue)

revenue)

(公噸/每百萬港元(公噸/每百萬港元(公噸/每百萬港元(公噸/每百萬港元(公噸/每百萬港元(公噸/每百萬港元)

收益)

收益)

收益)

收益)

收益)

收益)

0.32

0.14

0.04

0.02

0.43

0.27

2026 IMPROVEMENT AMBITION FROM 2023

The Group decided to set a target of reducing the total GHG emission intensity in operation by 3% (in terms of tCO2e/HK\$'m revenue) by 2026 as compared to the Year.

The Group decided to set a target of reducing the total water consumption intensity in operation by 3% (in terms of m³/HK\$'m revenue) by 2026 as compared to the Year.

The Group decided to set a target of reducing the total packaging materials (including the use of paper in offices) consumption intensity by 3% (in terms of tonne/HK\$'m revenue) by 2026 as compared to the Year.

The Group decided to set a target of reducing the total waste disposal intensity (tonnes/employee) by 2026 as compared to the Year.

The Group decided to set a target of reducing the total energy consumption intensity (kWh/employee) by 2026 as compared to the Year.

自二零二三年以來至二零二六年之改進 展望

本集團決定設定於二零二六年前將營運中總溫 室氣體排放強度較本年度降低3%(按公噸二氧 化碳當量/每百萬港元收益計)之目標。

本集團決定設定於二零二六年前將營運中總耗 水量密度較本年度降低3%(按立方米/每百萬 港元收益計)之目標。

本集團決定設定於二零二六年前將總包裝材料 (包括辦公室用紙)消耗密度較本年度降低3% (按公噸/每百萬港元收益計)之目標。

本集團決定設定於二零二六年前與本年度相比 降低總廢物處理密度(按公噸/僱員計)之目標。

本集團決定設定於二零二六年前與本年度相比 降低總能源消耗密度(按千瓦時/僱員計)之目 標。

Use of Resources (A2.1-A2.5) - Continued

Energy, Greenhouse Gas, Water and Packaging Materials – Continued Consumption Intensity (A2.3) – Continued

- Scope 1 includes direct emissions such as vehicle fuel consumption and consumption of natural gas and towngas.
- 2. Scope 2 includes indirect emissions from consumption of purchased electricity, natural gas and towngas.
- 3. Scope 3 includes emissions produced indirectly from water consumption, sewage discharge and commercial business travel by airplane.
- 4. Energy intensity and GHG emission intensity are calculated by dividing the absolute energy consumption and emissions by the total revenue from the Group's operations. By reporting energy intensity and GHG emission intensity, it helps to enhance efficiency in the context of environmental performance.
- 5. The annual water consumed in the years of 2022 and 2021 was supplied by the local water supply authorities only. The annual gas consumed in the years of 2022 and 2021 was natural gas supplied from The Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited and natural gas supplied by local suppliers.
- 6. The efficiency of using resources depends on lots of factors among which some are relatively constant such as electricity for the Group's restaurants and outlets. The higher sales volume, the higher usage of electricity. Therefore, to attain the 2026 ambition targets will also depend on the sales performance of the Group from the years of 2023 to 2026.

Source Reduction and Reuse

The Group prefers source reduction and reuse, also known as waste prevention, which means reducing waste at the source, and is the most environmentally preferred policy since source reduction and reuse do:

- Reduce pollution.
- Reduce the toxicity of waste.
- Save natural resources.
- Conserve energy.
- Save money for customers and businesses alike.

環境保護 - 續

資源使用(A2.1-A2.5)-續

能源、溫室氣體、水及包裝材料-續 消耗密度(A2.3)-續 附註

- '. 範圍1包括直接排放,例如車用燃料耗用量以及天然 氣及煤氣耗用量。
- 2. 範圍2包括耗用所購買電力、天然氣及煤氣之間接排 放。
- 3. 範圍3包括耗水量、污水排放及商務出差時搭乘飛機 之間接排放。
- 4. 能源強度及溫室氣體排放強度按絕對能源消耗及排放除以來自本集團營運之總收益計算。報告能源強度及溫室氣體排放強度有助提高環保表現方面之效益。
- 5. 二零二二年及二零二一年之年度耗水量僅由本地供水機構提供。二零二二年及二零二一年之年度燃氣耗用量為由香港中華煤氣有限公司供應之天然氣以及由本地供應商供應之天然氣。
- 6. 資源使用效率取決於多種因素,其中部分相對穩 定,如本集團之餐廳及商舖之用電量。銷量越高, 用電越高。因此,能否實踐二零二六年理想目標亦 將取決於本集團自二零二三年至二零二六年之銷售 業績而定。

源頭減廢及重用

本集團選擇源頭減廢及重用(亦稱減少廢物), 指從源頭減少浪費,並且為最環保政策,因為 源頭減廢及重用可:

- 減少污染。
- 降低廢物毒性。
- 節省天然資源。
- 節約能源。
- 為客戶及企業等節省開支。

Use of Resources (A2.1-A2.5) - Continued

Source Reduction and Reuse - Continued

The Group takes many different forms of source reduction, including reusing or donating items, buying in bulk, reducing packaging, redesigning products, reducing toxicity and whenever possible, using sustainable materials. And the Group is, to achieve better environmental protection, whenever possible, using environmentally friendly materials such as:

- LED for the lighting;
- Power saving frequency inverters for its kitchen exhaust fans;
- VRV system air-conditioners for air-conditioning (being multi-split type air conditioner for commercial buildings that use variable refrigerant flow control developed to provide with the ability to maintain individual zone control in each room and floor of a building);
- Water saver faucets; and
- Green plants for the exterior walls,

for the renovation of its restaurants and food souvenir shops and for its central kitchen and logistics centre in Macau.

With source reduction in mind, the Group's food souvenir business uses lighter-weight packaging materials wherever possible. The Group encourages reuse of used kitchen equipment and renovation movables for its restaurants and outlets, and used papers for offices. The Group also encourages responsible food consumption to its customers to avoid food wastage at source.

Treatment and Disposal

The Group recognizes that prior to disposal, proper treatment can help reduce the volume and toxicity of waste where treatments can be physical (e.g. shredding), chemical (e.g. incineration), and biological (e.g. anaerobic digester). And landfills are the most common form of waste disposal and are the important component of an integrated waste management system. The Group is aware that landfills are costly to the society. The Group always complies with local regulations regarding its disposal of waste to landfills.

環境保護 - 續

資源使用(A2.1-A2.5)-續

源頭減廢及重用一續

本集團採取許多源頭減廢形式,包括重用或捐贈物品、批量購買、減少包裝、重新設計產品、降低毒性及盡可能使用可持續材料。另外,本集團盡可能使用環保物料以更有效保護環境,例如:

- 採用發光二極管作照明;
- 用於廚房抽氣扇之節能變頻器;
- 用於空調之變製冷劑流量系統冷氣機(即 於商業大廈使用之多頭式分體冷氣機, 其使用可變製冷劑流量控制,以控制大 廈內各單位及各樓層之個別區域);
- 節水式水龍頭;及
- 於外牆種植綠色植物,

以翻新其餐廳及食品手信店以及其澳門中央廚 房及物流中心。

為達到源頭減廢,本集團食品手信業務盡量使 用輕量包裝材料。本集團鼓勵於其餐廳及商舖 重用二手廚房設備及翻新動產,並於其辦公室 重複用紙。本集團亦鼓勵客戶負責任地消費食 物,於源頭避免廚餘。

處理及棄置

本集團深明在棄置前進行妥善處理有助減少廢物之數量及毒性,有關處理可以物理(如粉碎)、化學(如焚燒)及生物(如厭氧消化器)方式進行。堆填區為最常見之廢物棄置形式,並為綜合廢物管理系統之重要組成部分。本集團知悉堆填區對社會而言代價高昂。本集團時刻遵守本地有關於堆填區棄置廢物之規例。

Use of Resources (A2.1-A2.5) - Continued

Recycling

The Group understands the need of recycling. And the Group has in place the guidelines to all staffs to using any chances of recycling including to collect used, reused, or unused items that would otherwise be considered waste; and sort and process the recyclable products. The Group also, whenever possible, participates in programs for recycling such as composting of food scraps. The Group values the benefits of recycling which include:

- Saving energy, and reducing the need for new landfills and combustors.
- Preventing the emission of greenhouse gases and water pollutants.
- Stimulating the development of greener technologies.
- Supplying valuable raw materials to industry.
- Conserving resources for our next generation's future.
- Creating jobs.

Measures

The Group encourages employees to pay due attention to energy saving measures and to explore new ideas on energy saving while performing their duties. The Group has various measures to, whenever possible, use resources wisely and efficiently, and to reduce air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste including:

Energy Saving:

- Use daylight whenever possible.
- Use energy-saving light bulbs.
- Use dimmers where possible.
- Place lighting carefully where it needs.
- Use non-opaque, light-colored lamp shades.
- When buying new lighting, consider choosing compact fluorescent lamps, which use 75% less energy than standard bulbs for the same amount of illumination.
- Keep light fixtures and lamps clean to maximize their efficiency.
- Switch off the lights and air-conditioners when not in use.
- Switch off computers before the end of a working day.
- Make good use of the energy-saving features and options which come with the operating system of the computers.
- Switch off all electrical appliances or, where appropriate, switch them to the energy-saving mode when not in use.
- Use energy efficient electronic equipment as far as possible.
- Encourage the use of staircase instead of taking the lift for interfloor traffic.
- Keep track of the power consumption records and take measures to reduce power consumption.

環境保護 - 續

資源使用(A2.1-A2.5)-續

回收

本集團明白回收之重要性,並已向全體員工發出指引,內容有關利用任何回收機會,包括收集視為廢物之已使用、已重用或未使用物品;及分類並加工可回收產品。本集團亦已盡可能參與回收計劃,例如將食物殘渣製成肥料。本集團重視回收帶來之好處,包括:

- 節約能源及減少對新堆填區及焚化爐之 需求。
- 避免排放溫室氣體及水污染物。
- 推動開發更加環保之技術。
- 向行業提供寶貴原材料。
- 為下一代之未來節約資源。
- 創造就業機會。

措施

本集團鼓勵僱員於履行職責之同時亦須重視節能措施及探索節能新思維。於可行情況下,本集團已採納多項措施,以有效善用資源,減少廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地之排污以及有害及無害廢物之產生,包括:

節能:

- 盡量使用自然光。
- 使用節能燈泡。
- 盡量使用調光器。
- 在有需要之地方審慎設置照明裝置。
- 使用诱光或淺色燈罩。
- 購置新照明裝置時,考慮選用慳電膽, 其所用能源較亮度相同之標準燈泡低 75%。
- 保持照明裝置及燈泡潔淨,以達致最高效能。
- 在不需使用時關上照明及空調。
- 工作日結束前關閉電腦。
- 於毋須使用之情況下關上所有電器或(如 適用)切換到節能模式。
- 盡量使用節能電子設備。
- 鼓勵使用樓梯而非乘搭電梯上落各樓層。
- 記錄用電量,並採取措施以減少用電量。

Use of Resources (A2.1-A2.5) - Continued

Measures - Continued

Air Conditioning:

- Avoid installing air-conditioners where the place is exposed to direct sunlight.
- Set the office temperature at 25.5°C in summer, if possible.
- Close off areas that do not require air-conditioning, and turn air-conditioners off in unoccupied rooms.
- Clean or replace the filters in all air-conditioners at the beginning of summer, and clean them regularly from then on.
- Carry out regular leakage check on the air-conditioning system to check for possible leakage of refrigerants.

Paper Saving:

- Disseminate information by electronic means (i.e. via email or e-bulletin boards) as far as possible.
- Order recycled paper for office photocopying, whenever possible.
- Set duplex printing as the default mode for most network printers.
- Encourage the staff to use paper on both sides, reuse envelopes and use the backside of letter pads with outdated letterhead for drafting or printing.
- Place boxes and trays beside photocopiers as containers to collect single-sided paper for reuse and used paper for recycling.

Water Saving:

- Determine water requirements for each facility and check usage regularly.
- Carry out regular leakage tests on concealed piping and check for overflowing tanks, waste, worn tap washers and other defects in the water supply system.
- Fix dripping taps immediately.
- Turn off the water supply system at night and on holidays.
- Reduce water pressure to the lowest practical level.
- Place posters and other publicity materials in prominent places to encourage water conservation.

環境保護*−績*

資源使用(A2.1-A2.5)-續

措施一續

空調:

- 避免於陽光直射之地方安裝空調。
- 夏季時,盡量將辦公室溫度調校至攝氏25.5度。
- 關閉不需要空調之區域,並關上空置房間之冷氣機。
- 踏入夏季時,清洗或更換所有空調過濾器,並於其後定期進行清潔。
- 定期檢查空調系統有否洩漏,以檢查製 冷劑洩漏之可能性。

節約用紙:

- 盡量以電子方式(即透過電郵或電子公佈 牌)發佈訊息。
- 盡量訂購循環再用紙作辦公室影印。
- 為大部分網絡打印機預設雙面打印模式。
- 鼓勵員工使用紙張兩面、循環再用信封,及過期之銜頭信紙簿背面作草稿或打印之用。
- 放置紙箱及紙盆於影印機旁,以收集單面紙作循環再用及回收廢紙。

節約用水:

- 確定每項設施之用水需求並定期檢查使用情況。
- 定期對密封管道進行漏水測試,檢查水 箱是否滿溢、有否廢物、破舊之水龍頭 墊圈及供水系統之其他缺陷。
- 即時修理漏水水龍頭。
- 晚上及假期時關閉供水系統。
- 將水壓降至最低可行水平。
- 當眼位置張貼海報及其他宣傳物,鼓勵 節約用水。

Use of Resources (A2.1-A2.5) - Continued

Measures - Continued

Waste Disposal and Recycling:

- Use the green pack waste boxes for collecting disposals without plastic substances at the restaurants' kitchen.
- Utilize the kitchen waste recycling machines to collect and treat such kitchen wastes, to minimize the hazardous impact on the environment.

Vehicle Maintenance:

- Keep cars properly tuned: an inefficient car uses more fuel and emit more pollutants, which harm the environment and cost more money.
- Maintain correct car tyre pressure by inspecting car tyres regularly and inflating them to the pressure recommended by the manufacturer.
- Switch off car engines when idling.
- Avoid sudden acceleration, because it increases fuel consumption.

環境保護 - 續 資源使用(A2.1 - A2.5) - 續

措施一續

廢物處理及回收:

- 於餐廳廚房設置綠色垃圾箱,以收集不 含塑膠物質之廢物。
- 利用廚餘回收機收集及處理有關廚餘, 盡量降低對環境造成之危害。

車輛保養:

- 對車輛不斷進行恰當調校:低效能車輛 不但耗用更多燃料,亦會排放較多污染物,危害環境及提高成本。
- 定期檢查汽車輪胎並充氣至生產商所建 議之胎壓,讓汽車輪胎保持在適當的胎 厭。
- 停車時關上汽車引擎。
- 避免突然加速,因此舉增加燃耗。

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION – Continued Sourcing Sustainably (A3 & B5)

The Group places high importance to ensure food quality and traceability keeping a delicate balance between quality and cost, reliability and safety, and the Group always complies with all the local relevant laws and regulations on sourcing of its supplies. It is the policy of the Group to make appropriate enquiries from those suppliers to ensure that its supplies are in full compliance with all the local health and food safety requirements.

The Group always conducts regular reviews on its supply and sourcing process to enhance its internal control system on quality and food safety including to source from reliable and/or sustainable food materials, dedicated to utilizing high-quality ingredients to ensure customers receive the best possible products. The Group strives to achieve business sustainability by mitigating the environmental and social risks in the supply chain. Rigorous assessments of food materials are undertaken by the Group's central procurement team on-site or, if needed, at suppliers' factories and by the managers of restaurants and retail outlets to ensure compliance with the standards laid down. And the business with any supplier who fails to meet the required standards frequently shall be terminated.

The Group strives to source locally wherever possible, to reduce transportation cost and hence greenhouse gases, and to encourage creation of jobs for local residents. The Group's annual number of suppliers and sourcing locally and overseas ratios for the Year were:

環境保護 - 續

採購之可持續性(A3及B5)

本集團十分重視確保食物品質及可追蹤程度能 與質量及成本、可靠及安全中取得適當平衡, 而本集團在向供應商採購方面一直遵守所有本 地相關法例及規例。本集團之政策為堅持向該 等供應商作出適當查詢,確保其供應全面遵守 所有本地健康及食品安全規定。

本集團一直對其供應及採購過程進行例行檢查,以提升其質素及食品安全之內部監討,包括採購可靠及/或具可持續性之食材。致力採用高質量材料,以在可行情況下確保工戶得到最佳產品。本集團透過減輕供應鏈之時,努力實現業務可持續性。由應 境及社會風險,努力實現業務可持續性。由應 境及社會風險,努力實現業務可持續性。由應 境及中央採購團隊實地或(如有需要)於供應 事產所以由餐廳及零售商舖經理對食材進應 格評估,確保遵守已訂明之標準。任何供應商 如經常未能達致規定標準,將被終止業務往來。

本集團盡可能於本地採購,以減省運輸成本及 溫室氣體,並鼓勵為本地居民創造就業機會。 於本年度,本集團之年度供應商數目以及本地 及海外採購比率為:

		Number of	Sourcing
		supplier 供應商數目	ratio 採購額比率
Macau:			
Local	本地	103	91.5%
Overseas	海外	15	8.5%
Mainland China:	中國大陸:		
Local	本地	57	99.9%
Overseas	海外	1	0.1%
Hong Kong:	香港:		
Local	本地	53	91.5%
Overseas	海外	1	8.5%

Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation (A4)

The Group is aware of the potential risks and opportunities that climate change poses to the Group's operations. The Group will actively incorporate climate change into risk management and development considerations, while strengthening the Group's resilience and adaptability to potential climate impacts. In order to enhance the Group's ability to cope with climate change, the Group has been actively cooperating with the overall work of the government to continuously implement the goal of reducing carbon emissions.

SOCIAL ASPECT

Employment (B1, B3 & B4)

The Group is staff-oriented: it recognizes that staff is a valuable asset, and human capital is important to its business growth. It is one of the Group's business priorities to be "customer-driven" to provide customers with valued and quality food and services using its culinary and professional hospitality management.

Compliance, Policy and Labour Standard (B1 & B4)

It is the policy of the Group to fully comply with all the local relevant laws and regulations with regard to labour and employees. The Group had no material non-compliance with the relevant laws, rules or regulations that have a significant impact on itself relating to compensation, dismissal, recruitment, promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination and other benefits and welfare during the Year.

To attract and retain talents, the Group provides its employees with competitive remuneration packages (including competitive wages, incentives and discretionary performance bonus, transportation allowance and staff meals), along with promotional opportunities and discretionary grant of share options. Remuneration packages are constructed with reference to the prevailing market level in line with competency, performance, qualification and experience of each individual employee. Performance bonus are given to outstanding employees on a discretionary basis, and as a recognition of his/her contributions.

環境保護 - 續

緩解及適應氣候變化(A4)

本集團知悉氣候變化對本集團營運構成之潛在 風險及機會。本集團將積極將氣候變化納入風 險管理及發展考慮因素內,同時增強本集團在 潛在氣候影響下之韌性及適應能力。為提高本 集團應對氣候變化之能力,本集團一致積極配 合政府之整體工作,以持續實施減少碳排放之 目標。

社會層面

僱傭(B1、B3及B4)

本集團以員工為本:其深明對業務發展而言, 員工屬寶貴資產,且人力資本十分重要。「以客 為先」一直為本集團業務其中一項首要考慮事項,我們透過烹調及專業款待管理,為客戶提 供尊貴及優質食物及服務。

合規、政策及勞工標準(B1及B4)

本集團之政策為全面遵守有關勞工及僱員之所 有本地相關法例及規例。於本年度,本集團概 無發生因薪酬、解僱、招聘、晉升、工作時 數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視及其他 待遇以及福利而造成重大影響之相關法例、規 則或規例之重大不合規情況。

為吸引及挽留人才,本集團向其僱員提供具競爭力之薪酬待遇(包括具競爭力之工資、獎勵及酌情表現花紅、交通津貼及員工伙食),連同晉升機會及酌情授予購股權。薪資待遇經參考符合每名僱員之能力、表現、資歷及經驗之現行市場水平後釐定。傑出僱員可獲得酌情表現花紅,作為對彼所作貢獻之肯定。

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued

Employment (B1, B3 & B4) - Continued

Compliance, Policy and Labour Standard (B1 & B4) – Continued All employees are also entitled to Mandatory Provident Fund and other similar local pension funds, and are paid with salaries and wages on time and are entitled to statutory holidays, annual leaves and sick leaves. In addition, policies on remuneration, benefits, training and occupational health and safety are regularly reviewed, and disciplinary action would be taken if an employee has committed an act of serious misconduct.

To facilitate employees' understanding of its mission, policies and guidelines, the Group has in place, for all its employees, an employee handbook which clearly sets out the guidelines for its employees to follow in respect of standards on employees' rights and obligations, the principle of non-discrimination in hiring and giving fair and equal opportunities to all suitable employee, regardless of gender, nationality, marital status, disability, age, religious or political beliefs, including a clear set of company policies on disciplinary and termination procedures. All successful recruitments are concluded with proper employment contracts with the employees.

During the Year, the Group had no material non-compliance with child and forced labour-related laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group. It is the policy of the Group to require all management staff to check identity and age of all potential employees to ensure that no child or forced labour shall be employed. If any violation is discovered, the relevant employment contract will be immediately terminated.

社會層面 - 續

僱傭(B1、B3及B4)-續

合規、政策及勞工標準(B1及B4)-續 全體僱員亦有權參與強制性公積金及其他本地 類似之退休基金,並可按時收取薪金及工資, 以及享有法定假日、年假及病假。此外,本集 團定期審閱有關薪酬、福利、培訓以及職業健 康與安全方面之政策,並對嚴重行為不當之僱 員採取紀律處分行動。

為協助員工瞭解使命、政策及指引,本集團已為全體僱員提供僱員手冊,當中清楚列明僱員指引,以便彼等遵從僱員權利及責任準則、以非歧視原則進行招聘以及不論性別、國籍、姻狀況、殘疾、年齡、宗教或政治取向為所有公適僱員提供公平及平等機會,指引載有本公司一套有關紀律及解僱程序之明確政策。所有獲成功招聘之僱員均以訂立正式僱傭合約作實。

於本年度,本集團概無發生任何會對其造成重 大影響有關童工及強制勞工之法例及規例的重 大不合規情況。本集團之政策要求全部管理人 員檢查所有潛在僱員之身份及年齡,以確保並 無僱用童工或強制勞工。一經發現任何違規情 況,將立即中止相關僱傭合約。

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued

Employment (B1, B3 & B4) - Continued

Employee Profile and Development and Training (B1 & B3)

As at 31 December 2022, the Group employed a total of 586 full-time employees and 101 part-time employees. With a diversity of employees, the Group enjoys a valuable mix of perspectives, skills, experience and knowledge for addressing contemporary business issues, where all employees enjoy a discrimination-free working environment. Details of its employee profile for the Year are set out as follows:

社會層面 - *續* 僱傭(B1、B3及B4) - *續*

僱員概況以及發展及培訓(B1及B3)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團合共僱用586名全職僱員及101名兼職僱員。僱員多元 化可為本集團提供寶貴之多元觀點、技能、經 驗及知識,有助解決不同業務問題,讓全體僱 員享有無歧視工作環境。於本年度,僱員概況 詳情如下:

		Full-time 全職	Part-time 兼職	#Average Monthly Turnover Rate (%) #平均每月 流失率(%)
Geographical region	地區			
Macau	澳門	410	16	1.8%
Mainland China	中國大陸	72	58	5.0%
Hong Kong	香港	104	27	8.0%
Total	總計	586	101	3.4%
Gender*	性別*			
Female	女性	291	59	1.7%
Male	男性	295	42	1.7%
Total	總計	586	101	3.4%
Age Group	年齡組別			
Below 30	30歲以下	91	30	1.1%
30-50	30至50歲	329	55	1.6%
Over 50	50歲以上	166	16	0.7%
Total	總計	586	101	3.4%

^{*} The gender classification is reported, based on the official identity cards and/or passports of the employees, and no employee has declared to fall within transgender classification.

The average monthly turnover rate is the average of the turnover rate of each month of the year, based on the total number of full-time employee leavers of the month divided by the total number of full-time employees (irrespective of gender or age) at the end of the month.

性別分類乃根據僱員之官方身份證及/或護照上之資料呈報,且概無僱員已宣稱為屬跨性別者。

[#] 平均每月流失率為本年度各月之平均流失率,按該 月離職之全職僱員總數除以該月底全職僱員總數(不 論性別或年龄)計算所得。

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued

Employment (B1, B3 & B4) - Continued

Employee Profile and Development and Training (B1 & B3) – Continued The Group provides employees with proper training to enhance their commercial and technical skills and expertise. Training and regular reviews are given to all employees with a common approach to driving good leadership to build a winning culture through personal demonstration and impact, and to enhance competencies to manage performance, to face up to challenges, develop leaders, assess future leaders, recruit for roles, and review employee engagement.

The Group also provides scholarships and internship opportunities to those who are interested in pursuing a career in the food and catering industry. In addition, the Group also participates in the promotion and education to the communities of the importance of sustainability for the food and catering industry. A scholarship scheme of the Group has been established since the year of 1999 to award employees' children on the basis of their satisfactory academic results, with an aim to encourage and support employees' children in pursing their path to higher level of education attainment as well as to contribute effectively towards the community. The scholarship scheme was suspended during the Year due to the severe outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic in Macau in July 2022.

Set out below is the average training hours per full time employee by gender, age group and category of the Group during the Year:

社會層面 - 續

僱傭(B1、B3及B4)-續

僱員概況以及發展及培訓(B1及B3)-續本集團為僱員提供適當培訓,以提升彼等之商業技巧、技能及專業知識。我們採取一致做法,向全體僱員提供培訓及定期檢討,通過樹立個人榜樣及影響力建立制勝文化以達致良好領導效果,並提升管理表現及面對困難之能力、培養領袖、評估未來領袖、招聘職位以及檢討僱員參與情況。

下表載列本集團於本年度按性別、年齡組別及 類型劃分的每名全職僱員之平均培訓時數:

		2022 二零二二年
Average hours of training per full	time employee 每名全職僱員之平均培訓時數	2.8
Gender*	性別*	
Female	女性	3.0
Male	男性	2.8
Age Group	年齡組別	
Below 30	30歲以下	2.4
30-50	30至50歲	3.2
Over 50	50歲以上	2.0
Category	類別	
Directors	董事	12.0
Senior management	高級管理人員	2.2
Middle management	中級管理人員	3.5
General staff	一般員工	2.4

SOCIAL ASPECT – Continued Employment (B1, B3 & B4) – Continued

Employee Profile and Development and Training (B1 & B3) - Continued

社會層面 - *續* 僱傭(B1、B3及B4) - *續*

僱員概況以及發展及培訓(B1及B3)-續

		2022 二零二二年
Breakdown for employees trained:	受訓僱員明細:	
Gender*	性別*	_
Female	女性	52%
Male	男性	48%
Category	類別	_
Directors	董事	2%
Senior management	高級管理人員	5%
Middle management	中級管理人員	19%
General staff	一般員工	74%

Health and Safety Standards (B2)

It is the policy of the Group to maintain a healthy workforce; ensure healthy working conditions, safe working environments; and enable employees to maintain a healthy lifestyle. Appropriate employees' compensation insurance is always maintained. A medical benefit scheme and group travel insurance for employees has been long introduced.

The Group treats occupational health and safety as one of its top priorities, and is committed to maintaining a high occupational safety and health standard, fostering a safe and comfortable working environment for its employees. The Group is investing in internal training and safety procedures and, whenever possible, working with the relevant organizations to make its business safer. During the Year, the Group has satisfied all legal requirements and operate with valid operation licenses including the general restaurant licenses, light refreshment license, liquor license, water pollution control license and food factory license, without any material complaints or claims from customers.

健康與安全標準(B2)

本集團之政策為維持健康工作團隊;確保健康 工作條件及安全工作環境;及讓僱員維持健康 生活模式。本集團持續投購適當僱員補償保 險,亦早已為僱員設立醫療福利計劃及團體旅 遊保險。

本集團將職業健康及安全作為其首要任務之一,並致力維持高職業安全和健康標準,為員工營造安全舒適之工作環境。本集團正投放資源於內部培訓及安全程序,並盡可能與相關機構合作,使業務更加安全。於本年度,本集團已滿足所有法律規定,並擁有有效之經營牌照,包括普通食肆牌照、小食牌照、酒牌、水污染控制牌照及食品工廠牌照,且並無任何重大客戶投訴或索賠。

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued Health and Safety Standards (B2) - Continued

To maintain high quality of its food and environment hygiene, and of its food safety in its restaurants, the Group has set up its own "Food Safety Department", which is headed by a food safety manager, to monitor the overall food safety and hygiene of all its operations. The Food Safety Department has many responsibilities including to: (i) undertake inventory quality control of raw food, meats, fruits and materials; (ii) constantly monitor quality of cooking and food production processes and quality of food and drinks to be served on customers; and (iii) inspect regularly the cleanliness of the floor, furniture and fixtures, utensils and equipment, employees' uniforms, personal hygiene and food handling and storage.

All premises are equipped with first aid kits, and safety procedures are in place to handle emergency cases. Regular safety inspections are conducted and passed by relevant government department to ensure a safe working condition is maintained. Furthermore, internal control manuals are laid down to provide guidelines on occupational and restaurant safety matters for all employees to follow. Safety and workplace hygiene trainings are also arranged as a mandatory requirement for all restaurant employees.

In response to the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic, the Group has formulated a series of policies and measures to safeguard the health and safety of our customers and employees. The Group also required all employees and customers to wear face masks and measure body temperature prior to entering our Group's restaurants and shops in compliance with government regulation in place during the COVID-19 pandemic. Even though all mandatory mask-wearing requirements and social distancing measure were lifted, the Group requires all employees to wear masks to ensure a hygienic and safe environment and the Group requires standard sanitizing procedure at each restaurant and shop, including deep cleaning and pest control on a regular basis.

社會層面 - 續 健康與安全標準(B2) - 續

為維持高質素之食品和環境衛生,以及餐廳內之食品安全,本集團已設立其本身的「食品安全部」,由食品安全經理領導,監察全線業務的整體食品安全及衛生。食品安全部肩負許多人。 在,包括:(i)對未經煮熟食物、肉類、水果及材料進行存貨質量控制;(ii)不斷監察烹品和飲料是以及向客戶提供之食品和飲料及食品製作過程以及向客戶提供之食品和飲料及食品製作過程以及向客戶提供之食品處理及儲量;及(iii)定期檢查地板、傢具及家俬、器具及設備、僱員制服、個人衛生以及食品處理及儲存。

所有場所均配備急救箱,並設有安全程序以處 理緊急情況。相關政府部門定期進行及通過安 全檢查,以確保維持安全之工作環境。此外, 本集團已制定內部監控手冊,提供職業及餐廳 安全事項指引以供所有員工遵守。我們亦強制 要求為所有餐廳僱員安排安全及工作場所衛生 培訓。

為應對2019新型冠狀病毒疫情爆發,本集團制定一系列政策和措施,以保障客戶及僱員的健康與安全。本集團亦要求全體僱員及客戶在進入本集團的餐廳及店舖前必須遵照政府於2019新型冠狀病毒疫情期間實施之法規佩戴口罩地計產體溫。儘管所有強制佩戴口罩規定及社藥工工工,以確保環境衛生安全,且本集團要求在每間餐廳及店舖執行標準消毒程序,包括定期進行深層清潔及害蟲防治。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued Health and Safety Standards (B2) - Continued

Safety guidelines for restaurants and office premises include:

- Administration department regularly (i) undertakes and records tests on the fire warning system, (ii) provides adequate training in fire safety to employees periodically and (iii) ensures proper fire extinguishers to be maintained for use.
- Materials and operating equipment at all workplaces are safely stored, stacked or kept avoiding any danger to any person.
- The surface floors of restaurants and office premises are maintained even and non-slippery, with effective drainage to be installed in kitchens to ensure smooth flow of water.
- Kitchen employees are required to wear proper work clothes, protective gloves and aprons and non-slip shoes, and kitchen floor surface area should be laid with non-slip tiles.
- Knives are kept safely with blades properly covered and used for the intended job, containers for hot water or oil must not be overfilled and properly placed while handles of cooking pans are kept away from aisles.
- First aid kits are available to employees at all workplaces with easy access, and proper fire instruction notices are displayed at all conspicuous positions of the workplaces in case of fire.

To create a safe working environment, the Group requires all our restaurant employees to attend health and safety training. It also has an accident reporting guideline on any injury or accident occurred at restaurants, warehouse or office premises to be reported to the management as it recognizes that accidents in business are costly. There were no work-related fatalities recorded for the past 3 years. The number of days lost due to work injury was 837 during the Year.

社會層面 - 續 健康與安全標準(B2) - 續

餐廳及辦工場所之安全指引包括:

- 行政部門定期(i)對火警系統進行測試並作 記錄; (ii)定期為僱員提供足夠消防安全 培訓及(iii)確保存置適合滅火器以供使用。
- 所有工作場所之材料及操作設備皆安全 存放、堆放或保存,避免對任何人造成 任何危險。
- 餐廳及辦工場所之地面保持平滑乾爽, 廚房內安裝有效之排水系統,確保水流 暢通。
- 廚房僱員須穿戴適當工作服、防護手套、圍裙及防滑鞋,廚房地面應鋪設防滑發專。
- 刀具皆妥善覆蓋,且只能用於預期工作,熱水或裝油容器不得過滿並妥善放置,而烹飪鍋把手存放地方遠離走廊。
- 所有工作場所僱員均可使用急救包,且 方便存取,另於工作場所之所有顯眼位 置張貼適當火警指示通知,載列發生火 警時採取之措施。

為營造安全的工作環境,本集團要求所有餐廳員工參加健康與安全培訓。由於本集團深明於業務中發生意外代價高昂,其就於餐廳、倉庫或辦公場所發生之任何傷害或意外皆備有意外報告指引以向管理層報告。在過去3年,概無記錄與工作有關的重大傷亡事故發生。於本年度,因工傷導致損失的日數為837天。

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued

Code of Business and Anti-Corruption (B5 & B7)

The Group has in place its code of business conduct, marking steps forward in its approach to honesty and committing to conduct business with fairness, integrity and respect for the law and its values.

The Group had no material non-compliance with related laws rules or regulations of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering that would have a significant impact on the Group in the Year. It is the policy of the Group to ensure that all its employees shall strictly adhere to such compliance where the employee handbook of the Group contains rules and guidelines on anti-corruption practices. All directors have received anti-corruption training by way of anti-corruption training reading materials circulated instead of physical attending to training due to COVID-19 pandemic. During the Year, there was no concluded legal case regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or its employees.

The Group has established a whistle-blowing policy which allows employees and third parties (for example, customers and suppliers) to report concerns about any suspected corruption cases. Reports and complaints received will be handled and investigated in a prompt and fair manner.

All suppliers of the Group are managed by the Group's "Vender Management System": suppliers are selected based on quality, services and pricing through an open tender process. Suppliers are required to sign supply agreements, under which the suppliers agree to supply food and materials as per specific requirements including quality specifications, appropriate trading documents, health and food safety certificates. And the Group's supply and sourcing system for the supplies of its daily operations and set-up of new restaurants and retail outlets requires open competing tenders (whenever possible) and selection of qualified tenders are made jointly by management staff of the procurement and accounting departments, so as to prevent corrupt practices.

Supply Chain Management (B5)

The Group appreciates the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its suppliers to meet its immediate and long-term business goals. The Group's procurements will, whenever possible, undergo a tender process without conflict of interests. The Group implements a just and fair tender process to ensure adequate competition and to adopt a series of assessment methods in relation to supplier management to ensure the quality of its supplied products and services during performance process.

社會層面-續

業務守則及反貪污(B5及B7)

本集團制定其業務守則,向達致完善業務並以 公平、具誠信以及尊重法律及其價值觀之態度 經營業務之目標邁進。

本集團於本年度並無任何會對其造成重大影響有關賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗錢之相關法例、規則或規例的重大不合規情況。本集團之方針是為了確保所有僱員嚴格遵守本集團僱員手冊中有關反貪污實踐之規則及指引。由於2019新型冠狀病毒疫情影響,全體董事均以傳閱反貪污出訓閱讀材料的方式而非參加現場研討會的方式接受反貪污培訓。於本年度,並無針對本集團或其僱員提起有關貪污行為的已結案法律案件。

本集團已制定舉報政策,供僱員及第三方(例如客戶及供應商)報告對任何涉嫌貪污案件提出關注。所接獲報告及投訴將獲適時公平處理及調查。

本集團之所有供應商均由本集團之「供應商管理系統」進行管理:於公開招標程序根據質療服務及定價甄選供應商。供應商須簽署供應務及定價甄選供應商。供應商須簽署供應入園當交易之證書等特定要求供應食品安全證書等特定要求供應及設立,所本集團為供應商之日常營運以及設立,不不集團為供應商之日常營運以及愈新餐廳及零售商舖而訂立之供應及採購制部分數。 發廳及可能透過公開招標並由採購及會計部負共同甄選合資格投標者,藉以防範負污行為。

供應鏈管理(B5)

本集團深知與供應商維持良好關係以達致短期 及長遠業務目標之重要性。本集團之採購部門 一般應採用不致發生利益衝突之招標程序。本 集團採用公平公正之招標程序,確保充分競 爭,並實施一系列供應商管理評估方法,以確 保其在履約過程中供應產品及服務之質素。

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued

Supply Chain Management (B5) - Continued

The Group works closely with a number of suppliers in providing a range of goods and services. The Group assures their performance for delivering quality sustainable products and services through supplier approval process and by spot checks on the delivered goods. Further details of supply chain management is also set out in the section headed "Sourcing Sustainably" above.

Product Responsibility (B6)

The Group has a centralized procurement department to master-control most of all sourcing for its restaurants and food souvenir shops. And the Group maintains quality standards and food traceability through its centralized warehouse including random site inspections. To ensure quality assurance, the Group has also for many years adopted international best practice as its management system with the certifications of: ISO 22000, ISO 9001 and HACCP accreditation for the central food and processing centre. These certifications cover standards on identifying and controlling safety hazards and effective management system. And appropriate product liability insurance is always maintained.

The Group is committed to serving high quality of food to customers as part of the "product responsibility". Hence, the Group has policies and procedures on food quality management since quality of food and hygiene and safety are the Group's business imperatives. The Group has its strict internal quality control standards on the quality, hygiene and safety of food served to its customers such as:

- The Group sources its supplies purchases from reliable and approved suppliers with proven good track records to ensure the quality of food ingredients.
- The Group strives to source supplies locally whenever possible to ensure freshness of food ingredients. Food ingredients are whenever practicable bulk-purchased and kept at the central kitchen and logistic centre in Macau while perishable food ingredients are kept at an inventory level sufficient for the short term needs. Any unused vegetables are discarded at the end of the day.
- Employees are properly trained in food safety handling and food processing including: washing, cutting, seasoning, cooking and serving. Raw food and cooked food are stored separately to avoid cross-contamination, and all food processing equipment are cleaned thoroughly before its use.

社會層面 - 續

供應鏈管理(B5)-續

本集團與多間供應商在一系列產品及服務之供 應上緊密合作。本集團透過供應商批准程序及 對其所提供貨物進行抽查確保彼等提供持續優 質的產品及服務。有關供應鏈管理之進一步詳 情亦載列於上文「採購之可持續性」一節。

產品責任(B6)

本集團擁有集中採購部門,可以控制其餐廳及食品手信店之大部分採購。本集團通過其集中倉庫保持質量標準及食品可追溯性,包括突擊現場檢查。為確保質量保證,本集團多年來持續採用國際最佳常規作為其管理體系,並取得以下認證:就中央食物及加工中心取得ISO22000、ISO9001和HACCP認證。該等認證涵蓋識別及控制安全隱患及有效管理系統之標準,且始終保持適當之產品責任保險。

作為「產品責任」一部分,本集團致力為客戶提供優質食品。因此,本集團已制定有關食品質量管理之政策及程序,原因是食品質量、衛生及安全對本集團業務而言不可或缺。本集團已就向客戶供應之食品質量、衛生及安全制定嚴格之內部質量監控標準,如:

- 本集團自可靠及認可的供應商處採購物 資,該等供應商往績記錄良好,以確保 食材質量。
- 本集團致力盡可能於本地採購物資,以確保食材新鮮。只要切實可行,食材均會批量採購並保存於澳門之中央廚房及物流中心,易腐食材則保持在足以滿足短期需求之庫存水平。任何未用蔬菜於每天關門時棄掉。
- 僱員於食品安全處理及食品加工方面訓練有素,如洗滌、切割、調味、烹飪及服務。生熟食物分開存放,以避免交叉感染,而所有食品加工設備均會徹底清洗方可使用。

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued

Product Responsibility (B6) - Continued

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

The Group had no material non-compliance with the relevant laws, rules or regulations that have a significant impact on itself relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress during the Year. It is the policy of the Group to seek, if required, professional advices and assistance to ensure compliance with all the relevant laws and regulations on product responsibility. Also, hotlines for complaints (on products, services and others) are available to the public. Once a complaint is received, a formal investigation shall be conducted and follow-up action shall be taken in a timely manner. It is also the policy of the Group that if there is any material problem on our product quality, a product recall shall be taken. There has not been material product recall during the Year.

Data Privacy Compliance

It is the policy of the Group to protect the information privacy and confidentiality. With the substantial volume of private, confidential and sensitive information from its operations, employees are properly trained to handle confidential information with due care, and all employees and parties having dealings with the Group are required to keep all privacy or sensitive information confidential at all times. Personal information and credentials of job applicants are kept in a secured data system for not more than six months, which is only accessible by restricted supervisors. And staffs are assigned to maintain and keep customer data and privacy information confidential while appropriate cyber security software systems are in place with assistance from professional firms. As a part of its annual internal control and risk review, the Group also regularly reviews its internal policy and system to ensure that intellectual property rights are duly observed and protected. There were no issues occurred concerning data privacy during the Year.

The Group's senior management is fully aware that intellectual property rights are material to business. The Group owns and is licensed to use several trademarks and respects its intellectual property rights and others, for example software installed in computers are genuine. The Group is not aware of any material third-party infringement on its trademarks and has fully complied with the relevant laws and regulations, and there was no issue concerning data privacy during the Year. The Group always stays alert to the relevant legal issues and updates its internal policies when necessary to stay in compliance with regulatory requirements.

社會層面 - 續 產品責任(B6) - 續

遵守法例及規例

於本年度,本集團並無任何有關所提供產品及服務之健康及安全、廣告、標籤及私隱以規門或規例之重大影響之相關法例、策之重大不合規情況。本集團之情況不尋求專業意見及協助,策確,有需要之情況下尋求專業意見及協助。以此及開發時不可透過熱線作出有關產品、服務展開之間,並及時採取跟進行動。本集團團與之情況下進行產品回收。於本年度,概無進行任何重大產品回收。

資料私隱合規

本集團之高級管理人員充分意識到知識產權對 業務至關重要。本集團擁有及獲授權使用多 商標,且尊重其知識產權及其他商標,例如 裝在電腦中之軟件均屬正版。於本年度,例本 生 事未發現任何第三方侵犯其商標之重大行為數 且已完全遵守相關法例及規例,概無有關數保 私隱問題。本集團無時無刻對相關法律問題保 持警惕,並在必要時更新其內部政策,以符合 監管要求。

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued Community Investment (B8)

Responsible Consumption

The Group is dedicated to high food quality, while responsible consumption is continually promoted to customers to avoid wastage with the following commitments:

- Committed to developing a workforce with positive mindset, skill
 and knowledge to serve its customers attentively and to engage
 with customers on the standard and adequacy of food avoiding
 food waste to be sent to landfills.
- Committed to raising awareness of its customers of responsible food and winery consumption.
- Committed to always reminding customers to be mindful of their daily amount of food waste and to complete their meals by placing promotional materials, whenever possible, at the restaurants and food souvenir shops.

Growing with Communities

As its core policy, the Group values the importance of its social responsibility and its impact on the community, with due regards to the needs and interests of the communities. The Group therefore integrates such elements in its business activities and participates in (and encourages the staff to participate in) charitable activities to promote the good corporate citizenship in those cities that the Group has operations.

The Group strives to ensure that its success as a business helps the communities and societies in which it operates to prosper, through direct contributions, share of core values and exemplified behaviors. The Group cares and provides employment for the underprivileged. The Group's employees proactively provide additional assistance to senior customers and those in need while high chairs are available for customers with kids to enjoy their food. The Group welcomes the visually impaired to visit its restaurants and food souvenir shops with their guide dogs. The Group has been participating in programs of non-profit organizations for the underprivileged.

社會層面 - 續 社區投資(B8)

良心消費

本集團致力維持優質食品,同時繼續向客戶宣 揚良心消費以避免出現浪費情況,承諾如下:

- 致力建立具正面思維、技能及知識之工作團隊,為客戶提供貼心服務,並向客戶提供一流及充足食物,防止有剩餘食物送往堆填區。
- 致力提升客戶對食物及酒品之良心消費 意識。
- 致力透過盡可能在餐廳及食品手信店張 貼宣傳資料,一直提醒客戶留意日常廚 餘量及切勿浪費食物。

與計區共同成長

正如本集團之核心政策,其重視社會責任及其 對社區之影響,並適當留意社區需要及利益。 因此,本集團將該等元素注入其業務活動,透 過參與(並鼓勵員工參與)公益活動,致力於在 本集團營運所在城市推動良好企業公民活動。

本集團通過直接貢獻、分享核心價值及樹立榜樣,致力確保其業務成功有助經營所在社區及社會蓬勃發展。本集團關心弱勢社群並為其提供工作機會,其僱員主動為年長客戶及有需要人士提供額外援助,並為攜同小孩之消費者提供高椅,方便用膳。本集團歡迎視障人士帶同導盲犬進入其餐廳及食品手信店。本集團素來參與非牟利機構為弱勢社群舉辦之活動。

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued Community Investment (B8) - Continued

Growing with Communities - Continued

The Group has in the Year contributed cash donation, time, in-kind donations and management costs to non-profit organizations. The Group has a team of staff undertaking volunteer works on a regular basis and encourages all employees to become actively involved in the communities in which they live and work. During the Year, a total of 89 employees of the Group have taken part in volunteering activities as follows: the charity event of "Association of Parents of the People with Intellectual Disabilities of Macau", and the online charity event 39th "Walk for Millions" organized by the charity fund from the readers of Macao Daily News.

The Group was granted the award in joining the "2022 Recognition Award Program for Outstanding Elderly People and Appreciation for Employment of the Elderly People Scheme" which was organised by the Social Security Fund and co-organised by the Macao Labour Bureau and the Social Work Bureau to recognise companies and organisations that employ elderly people in Macau. The Group also granted scholarship to a number of students at Pui Ching Middle School, Macau.

Being a leading food and catering group in Macau, the Group's contribution to the communities is the positive impact of its business itself: creating jobs, providing business to suppliers and providing wide variety of quality food and services to visitors of Macau to help the tourist industry. The Group has also been undertaking relatively lower margin canteen services for schools in Macau as a part of its social responsibility to serve the public. The Group has for years been hiring people of special needs, providing them with appropriate accommodation and job training. The Group has been also supporting the social integration of people with and without disabilities.

Since the year of 2017, the Group has set up a volunteer team to actively participate in the volunteer activities to assume more social responsibilities to serve the local community and to bridge the gap between business and community. It is planned to include activities such as visits to socially vulnerable groups, provision of training workshop for the disabled, donations to elderly home and visits to the underprivileged. The Group has during the Year given Yeng Kee products and coupons as gifts to various social charity associations.

社會層面 - 續 社區投資(B8) - 續

與社區共同成長-續

於本年度,本集團向非牟利機構進行現金捐款、投入時間、捐贈物資及支付管理成本。本集團擁有定期從事義工工作的員工團隊,並鼓勵全體僱員積極參與其居住及工作所在社區之活動。於本年度,本集團合共有89名僱員參與以下義工活動:「澳門弱智人士家長協進會」慈善活動及澳門日報讀者公益基金會舉辦的第39屆線上公益活動「公益金百萬行」。

本集團獲提名參加由澳門社會保障基金主辦, 勞工事務局及社會工作局合辦的「2022年優秀長 者僱員暨聘僱『耆才』僱主嘉許計劃」活動,表彰 於澳門僱用長者的公司及機構。本集團亦向澳 門培正中學數名學生頒發獎學金。

作為澳門領先之食物及餐飲集團,本集團以其業務本身之正面影響貢獻社區:創造就業機會、向供應商提供生意,並為澳門旅客提供各類優質食品及服務,以帶動旅遊業。本集團亦於澳門之學校提供利潤相對較低之飯堂服務,作為其中一項服務大眾之社會責任。本集團多年來一直聘請有特殊需要之人士,為其提供合適住宿及工作培訓。本集團亦一直支持傷健共融。

自二零一七年起,本集團已建立積極參與義工活動之義工團隊,以承擔更多社會責任,服務本地社區,並拉近企業與社區之距離。本集團已計劃加入多項活動,例如探訪弱勢社群、為殘疾人士提供培訓工作坊、向護老院捐款以及探訪弱勢社群。本集團已於本年度向多個社會慈善團體贈送英記餅家產品及禮券。

SOCIAL ASPECT - Continued Community Investment (B8) - Continued

Awards and Community Recognition

The Group has been awarded with many recognitions from other organizations and entities on its food products and services, resources utilization and community involvement such as the achievements below:

- ISO 22000: 2018 Food Safety Management System certified since April 2019, and ISO 9001: 2015 Quality Management System certified since April 2019, with updated valid certificates till January 2025.
- HACCP (Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point) System and Guideline certified since February 2019, with updated valid certificates till January 2025.
- Award Bari-Uma Restaurant being awarded "My Favourite Ramen Restaurant" by U Magazine (Favourite Food Awards 2022).
- Award 13 restaurants were awarded "Certificate of Appreciation" and 1 restaurant awarded "Best Certified Shop" and "Excellent Certified Shop" by Macau SAR Government Consumer Council.
- Award 9 restaurants were awarded "Star Merchant Award" under Quality Tourism Services Accreditation Scheme by Macao Government Tourism Office.
- Award Azores Macanese Restaurant and Musashi Japanese Restaurant, Shenzhen being awarded Shenzhen "Must Checkin Restaurant" Grand Awards by Shenzhen Media Group in 2022 (Shenzhen Media Group 9th Food & Beverage Awards).

社會層面 - 續 社區投資(B8) - 續

獎項及社區認可

本集團一直就其食品及服務、資源運用及社區 投入方面深受多個其他組織及實體認可,取得 的成就如下:

- 自二零一九年四月起獲ISO 22000:
 2018食品安全管理體系的認證及自二零一九年四月起獲ISO 9001: 2015質量管理體系的認證,最新有效認證直至二零二五年一月止。
- 自二零一九年二月起獲HACCP(危害分析重要管制點)體系指引的認證,最新有效認證直至二零二五年一月止。
- 獎項一広島霸嗎拉麵餐廳獲U周刊評為「我最喜愛日本麵店」(我最愛食肆 2022)。
- 獎項-13間餐廳及1間餐廳分別獲澳門 特別行政區政府消費者委員會頒授「感謝 狀 | 以及「最佳誠信店 | 及「優異誠信店 | 。
- 獎項-9間餐廳在澳門政府旅遊局所推行 之星級旅遊服務認可計劃中獲頒「星級商 戶獎」。
- 獎項一深圳亞蘇爾澳門餐廳及武藏日式 料理於二零二二年獲深圳廣播電影電視 集團頒授「深圳必打卡餐廳大獎」殊榮(城 市美食圖鑒暨第九屆深圳餐飲風雲榜頒 獎評選活動)。

PARAMETERS AND METHODOLOGIES (A & B)

Parameters and methodologies used in the sections of "Environmental Protection" and "Social Aspect" of this ESG report are:

- AMMO Group Corporate Services Limited has conducted a review over the reporting mechanism of the environmental and social parts of this ESG report and its recommendations have been adopted in this ESG report accordingly.
- 2. This ESG report is prepared in accordance with the principles and methodologies of local and international carbon accounting standards, based on the available information as at the date of this ESG report. This exercise is a fair and reasonable representation of business activities and operations in which the Group has direct operational control and full authority to introduce and implement its operation policies. However, this ESG report excludes emissions rising from outsourced operations and fugitive emissions that they are considered not to have a significant impact on its overall emission performance.
- 3. CO2e, or carbon dioxide equivalent, is a standard unit for measuring carbon footprints. The idea is to express the impact of each different greenhouse gas in terms of the amount of CO₂ that would create the same amount of warming. That way, a carbon footprint consisting of lots of different greenhouse gases can be expressed as a single number. Greenhouse gas emissions comprise carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, sulphur hexafluoride and nitrogen trifluoride. The data are calculated using locally available methods and data where they exist. Where there is no locally available method or data, the data are calculated using other available appropriate references under the principles and methodologies of local and international carbon accounting standards. There are thus inherent limitations to the accuracy of such data.
- 4. In calculating the greenhouse gas emission under Scope 1's mobile source for Hong Kong, reference was made to Guidelines to Account for and Report on Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Removals for Buildings (Commercial, Residential or Institutional Purposes) in Hong Kong published by the Environmental Protection Department and the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department in 2010. And calculation of emissions for Hong Kong was made to include CO₂, N₂O and CH₄, based on emission factor for unleaded petrol for passenger car of 2.36 kg/litre for CO₂, emission factor for unleaded petrol for passenger car of 1.105 g/litre for N₂O, and emission factor for unleaded petrol for passenger car of 0.253 g/litre for CH₄. Calculation of emission factors of Macau and Mainland China under Scope 1's mobile source is also based on the emission factors for Hong Kong.

參數及方法(A及B)

本環境、社會及管治報告「環境保護」及「社會層面」各節中所使用之參數及方法為:

- 1. 盈雪集團企業服務有限公司已對本環境、社會及管治報告環境及社會部分之報告機制進行檢討,且其推薦建議已相應於本環境、社會及管治報告採納。
- 2. 本環境、社會及管治報告根據本地及國際碳計算標準之原則及方法按於本環境、社會及管治報告日期之可得資料所編製。此方式為對本集團具有直接營運控制權及全面授權引入並實施其營運政策之業務活動及營運之公平合理表述。然而,本環境、社會及管治報告並不包括外包營運所產生之排放及逃逸性排放,該等排放被視為不會對我們整體排放表現產生重大影響。
- 3. CO₂e(或二氧化碳當量)為測量碳足跡之標準單位,目的為表達各種不同溫室氣體按產生相同暖化數量之二氧化碳量量類之影響。因此,由許多不同溫室氣體排放包括二氧化碳、甲烷、氧元量型。氣體排放包括二氧化碳、甲烷、流氟碳化物、全氟碳化物、六流量型、氯有數據計算。倘並無本地可用方法之原則及方法,使用其他可用適當參考確性存在固有限制。
- 4. 計算香港於範圍1內之汽車溫室氣體排放時,參考環境保護署及機電工程署於二零一零年刊發之《香港建築物(商減除的核算和報告指引》,香港之排放量計分量。澳門及中國大陸於範圍1內之汽車排放系數乃根據香港之排放系數計算。

PARAMETERS AND METHODOLOGIES (A & B) - Continued

- 5. In calculating the greenhouse gas emission of towngas usage for Hong Kong, under Scope 1's stationary source, calculation of emission of CO₂, N₂O and CH₄ is based on the emission factor of 2.549 kgCO₂/unit, 0.0000099 kgN₂O/unit, 0.0000446 kgCH₄/unit with reference to How to prepare an ESG Report? Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs issued by the Stock Exchange. Calculation of greenhouse gas emission of natural gas usage of CO₂, N₂O and CH₄ for Macau and Guangdong, is based on the emission factor of 1.88496 kgCO₂/m³, 0.00000336 kgN₂O/m³, 0.000168 kgCH₄/m³ with reference to GHG Protocol Emission Factors from Cross Sector Tools March 2017.
- 6. In calculating greenhouse gas emissions for Scope 2 for Hong Kong, emission factors for electricity (i) of 0.71 kgCO₂e/kWh was used, as based on the Sustainability Report 2021 of Hong Kong Electric Investments Ltd, and (ii) of 0.39 kgCO₂e/kWh was used, as based on the Sustainability Report 2021 of CLP Holdings Limited, while emission factor for towngas of 0.588 kgCO₂e/unit was used, as based on the Sustainability Report 2021 of Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited.
- 7. In calculating greenhouse gas emissions for Scope 2 for Macau, emission factor for electricity of 0.62 kgCO₂e/kWh was used, as based on the Sustainability Report 2021 of Companhia de Electricidade de Macau, and emission factor for natural gas of 0.588 kgCO₂e/unit was used, as based on the Sustainability Report 2021 of Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited, assuming same emission factor as Hong Kong since the emission factor for natural gas in Macau is unavailable.
- 8. In calculating greenhouse gas emissions for Scope 2 for Mainland China, emission factor for electricity of 0.8042 kgCO₂e/kWh was used, as based on 2019年中國區域電網平均二氧化碳排放 因數-南方區域電網(廣東省), and emission factor for natural gas of 0.588 kgCO₂e/unit was used, as based on the Sustainability Report 2021 of Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited, assuming same emission factor as Hong Kong since the emission factor for natural gas for Mainland China is unavailable.

參數及方法(A及B)-續

- 計算香港於範圍1內使用煤氣產生之固 定溫室氣體排放時,參考聯交所發佈之 《如何準備環境、社會及管治報告?》附 錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引,二 氧化碳、氧化亞氮及甲烷之排放量乃根 據二氧化碳排放系數2.549千克/單位、 氧化亞氮排放系數0.0000099千克/單 位及甲烷排放系數0.0000446千克/單 位計算。參考二零一七年三月之《GHG Protocol Emission Factors from Cross Sector Tools》,澳門及廣東之二氧化 碳、氧化亞氮及甲烷之溫室氣體排放量 乃根據二氧化碳排放系數1.88496千克/ 立方米、氧化亞氮排放系數0.00000336 千克/立方米及甲烷排放系數0.000168 千克/立方米計算。
- 6. 計算香港於範圍2之溫室氣體排放時,所使用之電力排放系數(i)根據港燈電力投資有限公司《可持續發展報告2021》,為0.71千克二氧化碳當量/千瓦時,及(ii)根據中電控股有限公司《可持續發展報告2021》,為0.39千克二氧化碳當量/千瓦時;而根據香港中華煤氣有限公司二零二一年之可持續發展報告,所使用之煤氣排放系數為0.588千克二氧化碳當量/單位。
- 7. 計算澳門於範圍2之溫室氣體排放時,根據澳門電力股份有限公司之《2021可持續發展報告》,所使用之電力排放系數為0.62千克二氧化碳當量/千瓦時,由於澳門並無可用之天燃氣排放系數,故根據香港中華煤氣有限公司二零二一年之可持續發展報告,並假設排放系數與香港相同,所使用之天然氣排放系數為0.588千克二氧化碳當量/單位。
- 8. 計算中國大陸於範圍2之溫室氣體排放時,根據《2019年中國區域電網平均二氧化碳排放因數一南方區域電網(廣東省)》,所使用之電力排放系數為0.8042千克二氧化碳當量/千瓦時,由於中國大陸並無可用之天然氣排放系數,故根據香港中華煤氣有限公司二零二一年之可持續發展報告,並假設排放系數與為0.588千克二氧化碳當量/單位。

PARAMETERS AND METHODOLOGIES (A & B) - Continued

In calculating the other indirect emissions of greenhouse gas for Macau, Mainland China and Hong Kong under Scope 3, reference was made to Water Supplies Department Annual Report 2020/21 of Hong Kong for emissions due to electricity used for fresh water consumption by the Water Supplies Department with the emission factor of 0.428 kgCO₂e/m³, reference was made to Macau Water Annual Report 2021 of Macau for emissions due to electricity used for fresh water consumption with the emission factor of 0.171 kgCO₂e/m³. For that of Mainland China, the same emission factor of 0.428 kgCO₂e/m³ was used as relevant emission factors for Mainland China was unavailable. The emission factor of 0.21 kgCO₂e/m³ from sewage discharged with reference made to Drainage Services Department Sustainability Report 2020/2021. For that of Macau and Mainland China, the same emission factor of 0.21 kgCO₂e/m³ was used as relevant emission factors for Macau and Mainland China are unavailable.

For calculating other indirect emission of greenhouse gas for Macau, Mainland China and Hong Kong due to business air travel by employees, calculation was made by using ICAO Carbon Emission Calculator (https://www.icao.int/environmental-protection/CarbonOffset/Pages/default.aspx) with reference to the emission factor of CO_2 per pax = 3.16* (total fuel* pax-to-freight factor)/(number of y-seats* pax load factor) and ICAO Carbon Emissions Calculator Methodology – version 10 June 2017.

10. In calculating the NO_x, SO_x and PM emissions for Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China from vehicles, emission factors of 0.0747 g/km for NO_x, 0.0147 g/L for SO_x and 0.0055 g/km for PM for Hong Kong were used since the emission factors for NO_x and SO_x for Macau and Mainland China are unavailable. The relevant emission factors are based on Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs issued by the Stock Exchange. There are thus inherent limitations to the accuracy of such data. In calculating the NO_x and SO_x emissions for Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China from using towngas and natural gas, emission factors of 4 kg/million MJ for NO_x and 0.02 kg/million MJ for SO_x were used, with reference to Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs issued by the Stock Exchange, with the assumption of same emission factors as Hong Kong since the emission factors for Macau and Mainland China are unavailable.

參數及方法(A及B)-續

計算澳門、中國大陸及香港於範圍3之 溫室氣體其他間接排放時,就水務署耗 用食水所使用電力之排放量參考香港《水 務署2020/2021年報》,而排放系數為 0.428千克二氧化碳當量/立方米;就 澳門耗用食水所使用電力之排放量放參 考《澳門水務年報2021》,而排放系數為 0.171千克二氧化碳當量/立方米。就中 國大陸而言,由於中國大陸並無可用之 相關排放系數,故使用0.428千克二氧 化碳當量/立方米之相同排放系數。所 排放污水使用排放系數0.21千克二氧化 碳當量/立方米參考《渠務署可持續發展 報告2020/2021》。就澳門及中國大陸而 言,由於澳門及中國大陸並無可用之相 關排放系數,故使用0.21千克二氧化碳 當量/立方米之相同排放系數。

> 計算澳門、中國大陸及香港之僱員乘搭 飛機出外公幹所產生之其他溫室氣體間 接排放時,根據國際民航組織碳排放計 算器(ICAO Carbon Emission Calculator) (https://www.icao.int/environmentalprotection/CarbonOffset/Pages/default. aspx)計算,當中參考每位乘客之二氧化 碳排放系數為3.16*(燃料總量*乘客貨運 量系數)/(經濟艙座位數目*乘客負荷系 數)及《國際民航組織碳排放計算方法一 二零一七年六月第十版》。

計算香港、澳門及中國大陸之汽車氮氧 10. 化物、硫氧化物及懸浮粒子排放量時, 由於澳門及中國大陸並無可用之氮氧化 物及硫氧化物排放系數,故使用香港氮 氧化物0.0747克/公里、硫氧化物排放 系數0.0147克/公升及懸浮粒子排放系 數0.0055克/公里之排放系數。相關排 放系數乃根據聯交所發佈之《附錄二:環 境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》得出。因此, 有關數據之準確性存在固有限制。計算 香港、澳門及中國大陸使用煤氣及天然 氣之氮氧化物及硫氧化物排放量時,由 於澳門及中國大陸並無可用之排放系 數,故參考聯交所發佈之《附錄二:環境 關鍵績效指標匯報指引》,使用氮氧化物 4公斤/百萬兆焦耳及硫氧化物排放系數 0.02公斤/百萬兆焦耳之排放系數,假 設排放系數與香港相同。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance. The Board recognizes the importance of incorporating elements of good corporate governance in the management structures, internal control and risk management procedures of the Company so as to enhance the Company's competitiveness and achieve effective accountability.

本公司致力維持高水準之企業管治。董事會深知在本公司管理架構、內部監控及風險管理程序引入良好企業管治元素之重要性,以此提高本公司之競爭力及達致有效問責。

The Board has in place a set of up-to-date terms of reference on corporate governance for its Directors in line with code provisions set out in the CG Code. These updated terms of references are published on the Company's website at www.fb.com.hk ("Company's website") and the Stock Exchange's website.

董事會已為其董事制定一套符合企業管治守則內所載守則條文之企業管治最新職權範圍。該等已更新職權範圍刊登於本公司網站(www.fb.com.hk)(「本公司網站」)及聯交所網站。

The Company has complied with the CG Code for the Year, as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules except the following deviation:

除以下偏離情況外,本公司於本年度一直遵守 上市規則附錄十四所載的企業管治守則:

The Company disclosed in the circular dated 20 April 2022 ("Circular") that Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln, an independent non-executive Director, will retire by rotation in the 2022 AGM and will offer himself for reelection, and that, if re-elected, Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln would have served the Board for more than 9 years. The Company, however, did not disclose the length of tenure of the other two existing independent non-executive Directors who have served the Board for more than 9 years on a named basis in the Circular in accordance with paragraph B.2.4(a) of Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules due to its inadvertent oversight of the paragraph. The Company issued a supplemental announcement on 22 April 2022 and disclosed the length of tenure of all the independent non-executive Directors who have served the Board for more than 9 years on a named basis.

本公司已於日期為二零二二年四月二十日之通函(「通函」)中披露,獨立非執行董事余錦遠先生將於二零二二年股東週年大會上輪值告退速膺選連任,而如獲選,余錦遠先生將為董事服務超過9年。然而,本公司因無意疏忽,並無根據上市規則附錄十四第B.2.4(a)段於通函中以具名方式披露另外兩名為董事會服務超過9年之財任獨立非執行董事之任期時長。本公司已於二零二二年四月二十二日刊發補充公佈,並以具名方式披露為董事會服務超過9年之所有獨立非執行董事之任期時長。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Composition

The Board is led by the Chairman and currently comprises three executive Directors (one of them is the Chairman) and three independent non-executive Directors. The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this annual report are:

董事會

董事會之組成

由主席領導之董事會現有三名執行董事(其中一人為主席)及三名獨立非執行董事。以下為於本年度及直至本年報日期止之在任董事:

Executive Directors

Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny (Chairman)

Mr. Chan Chak Mo (Managing Director)

Ms. Leong In Ian

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Hon Kit

Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso

執行董事

陳思杰先生(主席)

陳澤武先生(董事總經理)

梁衍茵女士

獨立非執行董事

張漢傑先生

余錦遠先生

陳百祥先生

Board Composition - Continued

The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Profile of Directors" on pages 97 and 98 of this annual report. All Directors have confirmed that they have taken an active interest in the Company's affairs and obtain a general understanding of its business. The Board possesses a balance of skills and experience which are appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company. The independent non-executive Directors have appropriate professional qualifications and their professional opinions raised in the Board meetings facilitate the maintenance of good corporate governance practices. A balanced composition of executive and non-executive Directors also generates a strong independent element to the Board, which exercises independent judgment effectively and makes decision objectively for the best interests of the Company. The Company shall review the composition of the Board regularly to ensure the Board possesses the appropriate and necessary expertise, skills and experience to meet the needs of the Group's business.

The Company does not at present have any officer with the title of "Chief Executive Officer" but instead, its duties are performed by Mr. Chan Chak Mo, the Managing Director. To have a clear division between the management of the Board and the daily management of the business operations of the Company, the role of the Chairman is separate from that of the Managing Director. The Chairman focuses on overall corporate development and strategic direction of the Group and provides leadership for the Board and oversees the efficient functioning of the Board. The Managing Director is responsible for all daily management including planning and developing the Group's strategy. Such division of responsibilities helps to reinforce their independence and to ensure a balance of power and authority. The Company shall ensure and facilitate each Director to take an active interest in the affairs of the Group so that each Director could make positive contribution to the Group.

All independent non-executive Directors are free from any business or other relationship with the Company. The Company's independent non-executive Directors represent at least one-third of the Board. The Company has received from each independent non-executive Director a confirmation of his independence. The Board considers that each independent non-executive Director is independent in character and judgment and that each of them meets the specific independence criteria as required under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Moreover, all independent non-executive Directors are engaged on service contracts for a term of one year commencing on date of appointment and thereafter for further successive periods of one year, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the provisions of the Byelaws. Also a separate ordinary resolution in general meeting is necessary for shareholders to retain an independent non-executive Director who has served nine years or more.

董事會 - 續

董事會之組成 - 續

董事之履歷詳情載於本年報第97及98頁之「董事 一覽」一節。全體董事確認彼等積極關注本公司 事務及大致上瞭解其業務。董事會成員具備經 營本公司業務所需技能及經驗。獨立非執行董 事具備適當專業資格,彼等於董事會會議上提 出之專業意見有助維持良好之企業管治常規。 執行董事與非執行董事之組合均衡亦大大提升 董事會之獨立性,可有效作出獨立判斷,及客 觀地為本公司之最佳利益制定決策。本公司將 定期檢討董事會之組成,確保董事會具備適當 所需專長、技能及經驗,以配合本集團之業務 需求。

本公司目前並無設立[行政總裁]職銜,但行政 總裁之職務現由董事總經理陳澤武先生負責。 為清楚區分董事會之管理與本公司業務運作之 日常管理工作,主席與董事總經理之職責清楚 劃分。主席專注本集團之整體企業發展與策略 路向,並領導董事會及監督董事會發揮高效職 能。董事總經理負責一切日常管理工作,其中 包括規劃及推行本集團之策略。上述責任劃分 安排有助加強彼此之獨立性,確保權力及權威 得到均衡分配。本公司須確保及幫助各董事積 極關注本集團之事務,使各董事均能為本集團 作出積極貢獻。

所有獨立非執行董事均無參與本公司之任何業 務,與本公司亦不存在其他關係。本公司之獨 立非執行董事至少佔董事會之三分之一。本公 司已接獲各獨立非執行董事就其獨立身份發出 之確認書。董事會認為,各獨立非執行董事在 本質及判斷上獨立,且符合上市規則第3.13條 規定之特定獨立標準。此外,全體獨立非執行 董事按服務合約委聘,由委任當日起計為期一 年,期滿後可再續任一年,惟須根據公司細則 條文輪值退任及重選連任。股東如挽留一名已 任職九年或以上之獨立非執行董事,則須於股 東大會上提呈獨立普誦決議案。

Board Composition - Continued

The Board also regularly reviews the contribution and time of each Director in his/her discharge of duties and responsibilities to the Company. Each Director is fully aware of his/her obligation to inform the Company on a timely manner of any change to significant commitments to the Company.

To keep abreast of the responsibilities as directors of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company, the Directors are from time to time provided with information on the activities, development and financials of the Group's business, and the legal and regulatory requirements (including duties and responsibilities) as a director of the Company. In addition, they are given full access to independent professional advice whenever deemed necessary by the Directors at the Company's expenses.

Appointment and re-election of Directors and change of the composition of the Board Committees

Pursuant to bye-law 99 of the Company's Bye-laws which was approved and adopted at the 2022 AGM of the Company held on 27 May 2022, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation at every annual general meeting of the Company, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and shall continue to act as a Director throughout the meeting at which he/she retires.

Ms. Leong In Ian and Mr. Cheung Hon Kit will retire from office by rotation as Directors in accordance with clause 99 of the Company's Bye-laws at the 2023 AGM. Ms. Leong In Ian, being eligible, will offer herself for reelection as executive Director.

Mr. Cheung Hon Kit will not offer himself for re-election at the 2023 AGM and will retire as an independent non-executive Director with effect from conclusion of the 2023 AGM. Mr. Cheung Hon Kit will also resign as a member of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee with effect from the conclusion of the 2023 AGM. Mr. Cheung Hon Kit has confirmed that he has no disagreement with the Board and there are no matters in relation to his retirement that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders. The Board would like to take this opportunity to thank Mr. Cheung Hon Kit for his valuable contribution and service to the Company during his tenure of office.

董事會 - 續 董事會之組成-續

董事會亦定期檢討各董事於其向本公司履行職 責及責任時之貢獻及時間。各董事完全知悉其 有義務及時知會本公司有關本公司主要承擔之 任何變動。

為清楚瞭解本公司董事之職責及本公司之運 作、業務活動及發展,董事不時獲提供有關本 集團業務活動、發展及財務狀況之資料,以及 作為本公司董事須遵守之法律及監管規定(包括 職責及責任)。此外,董事可於彼等認為有需要 時徵詢獨立專業意見,所需費用由本公司支付。

董事之委任及重選以及董事委員會組成之 變動

根據本公司之公司細則(已於本公司在二零二二 年五月二十七日舉行的二零二二年股東週年大 會上獲批准並採納)第99條,於本公司每屆股 東週年大會上,三分之一的在任董事須輪值退 任,惟每名董事須最少每三年輪值退任一次。 退任董事將符合資格膺選連任並須於其退任之 整個大會上繼續擔任董事。

根據本公司之公司細則第99條,梁衍茵女士及 張漢傑先生將於二零二三年股東週年大會上輪 值退任董事職務。梁衍茵女士符合資格並將重 選連任執行董事。

張漢傑先生將不會於二零二三年股東週年大會 上重選連任,並將辭任獨立非執行董事,自二 零二三年股東週年大會結束起生效。張漢傑先 生亦將辭任審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委 員會成員,自二零二三年股東週年大會結束起 生效。張漢傑先生已確認,彼與董事會並無意 見分歧,且並無有關其退任之事項須提請股東 垂注。董事會謹藉此機會感謝張漢傑先生於任 期內對本公司作出之寶貴貢獻及服務。

Appointment and re-election of Directors and change of the composition of the Board Committees – *Continued*

The years of the services of the existing independent non-executive Directors are:

董事會 - 續

董事之委任及重選以及董事委員會組成之 變動 - *續*

現任獨立非執行董事之服務年期如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名	Date of Appointment 委任日期	Length of Tenure 任期時長	Tenure	
Mr. Cheung Hon Kit	9 April 2004	19 years		
張漢傑先生	二零零四年四月九日	19年		
Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln	14 December 2004	18 years		
余錦遠先生	二零零四年十二月十四日	18年		
Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso	16 April 2008	15 years		
陳百祥先生	二零零八年四月十六日	15年		

As all the existing independent non-executive Directors have served more than nine years on the Board, the Company should, in accordance with code provision B.2.4 of the CG Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, appoint a new independent non-executive Director on the Board at the 2023 AGM.

Subject to the approval by the Shareholders at the 2023 AGM, the Board proposes to appoint Mr. Chek Kuong Fong ("Mr. Chek") as an independent non-executive Director and a member of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee with effect from the date of the 2023 AGM and a resolution to be proposed at the 2023 AGM for appointing Mr. Chek as an independent non-executive Director pursuant to code provision B.3.4 of the CG Code.

由於所有現任獨立非執行董事均已於董事會服務超過九年,根據上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則之守則條文第B.2.4條,本公司應於二零二三年股東週年大會上為董事會委任一名新獨立非執行董事。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第B.3.4條,董事會建議委任戚廣峰先生(「戚先生」)為獨立非執行董事兼審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員,自二零二三年股東週年大會當日起生效,並將於二零二三年股東週年大會上就委任戚先生為獨立非執行董事提呈決議案,惟須待股東於二零二三年股東週年大會上批准,方可作實。

Directors' and Officers' Liabilities

The Company has arranged for appropriate directors and officers liability insurance covering the liabilities of its Directors. The insurance coverage is revised on an annual basis.

Continuous Professional Development

Under the code provision A.6.5 of the CG Code, all Directors should participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company has provided the Directors with the relevant training reading materials as well as information on different seminars and training courses during the Year. The Directors confirmed that they have complied with provision A.6.5 of the CG Code during the Year on directors' training. All Directors have confirmed that they have during the Year participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars briefing and/or reading the relevant materials to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and provided a record of training to the Company.

董事及高級職員之責任

本公司已投購適當之董事及高級職員責任保 險,涵蓋其董事之責任。保險範圍每年修訂一 次。

持續專業發展

根據企業管治守則守則條文第A.6.5條,所有董事應參與持續專業發展,發展並更新其知識及技能。本公司本年度於不同研討會及培訓課程上為董事提供相關培訓閱讀材料及資料。董事確認,彼等已於本年度在董事培訓方面遵守企業管治守則條文第A.6.5條。全體董事確認,彼等於本年度透過出席研討會簡報及/或閱讀相關資料參與持續專業發展,以發展及更新彼等之知識及技能,並已向本公司提供培訓記錄。

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has in place a code of conduct regarding Directors' dealings in securities on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code. Having made specific enquiry with the Directors, all of them confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Company's code of conduct regarding Directors' dealings in securities during the Year.

To enhance the corporate governance of the Group as a whole, the Board has in place a written guideline on terms no less exacting than the Model Code for directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries and holding company who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price sensitive information in relation to the Group or securities of the Company. No incidents of non-compliance have been noted by the Company during the Year.

Nomination of Directors

The Board has a nomination committee with specific written terms of reference which set out clearly its authority and duties. These terms of reference are published on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

The nomination committee's major role is to advise on and propose the appointment of Director either to fill a casual vacancy on or as an additional member of the Board. The selection criteria are mainly based on the professional qualification and experience of the candidate. The nomination committee also recognises the benefits of having a diverse Board and believes that it would enhance the decision-making capability of the Board and thus benefit the Company and the Shareholders as a whole. When making nomination to the Board, members of the nomination committee would take into consideration the gender, age, educational background, place of domicile, experience and professional expertise of the existing Board and the candidate(s) in order to attain a balanced mix that is appropriate for the strategies of the Company. A newly appointed Director must retire and be re-elected at the first general meeting after his appointment. At each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

The members of the nomination committee are:

Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny (Committee Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Hon Kit

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso

董事會 - 續

董事進行證券交易

本公司已就董事進行證券交易制定一套不比標 準守則規定標準寬鬆之操守守則。經向全體董 事作出具體查詢後,彼等確認,彼等於本年度 一直遵守標準守則及本公司就董事進行證券交 易所制定之操守守則所規定之標準。

為加強本集團之整體企業管治質素,董事會已 為有機會掌握到尚未公佈且涉及本集團或本公 司證券股價敏感資料之本公司及其附屬公司以 及控股公司之董事及僱員,制定條款不比標準 守則寬鬆之書面指引。本公司於本年度內並無 發現任何違規事件。

董事之提名

董事會已設立提名委員會,並作出特定書面職 權範圍,以清晰載列其權力及職責。該等職權 範圍刊登於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

提名委員會之主要職責為建議及推薦委任董 事,以填補董事會臨時空缺或擔任新增董事會 成員。甄選標準主要根據候選人之專業資格及 經驗而定。提名委員會亦意識到擁有多元化董 事會之益處,並相信其將提升董事會之決策能 力,從而使本公司及股東整體受益。向董事會 提名時,提名委員會成員會考慮現有董事會及 候選人之性別、年齡、教育背景、居住地、經 驗及專業知識,以達致適用於本公司戰略之均 衡組合。新任董事須於其獲委任後之首屆股東 大會上退任及重選連任。於各屆股東週年大會 上,三分之一董事(或倘董事人數並非三之倍 數,則最接近但不少於三分之一之人數)須輪值 退任。退任董事合資格重選連任。

提名委員會之成員為:

陳思杰先生(委員會主席) 張漢傑先生 陳百祥先生

Nomination of Directors - Continued

A majority of the nomination committee members are independent nonexecutive Directors. During the Year, no nomination committee meeting was held as no new Director was proposed or appointed.

Board Meetings

Regular Board meetings are held at least four times a year to approve annual and interim results, review the business operation and the internal control system of the Group. Apart from these regular meetings, Board meetings are also held to approve major issues including, among other things, overall strategy and investment plans of the Group. At least 14 days' notice of each regular meeting is normally given to all Directors. Agendas and accompanying Board papers are usually sent not less than 3 days before the date of Board meetings to ensure that the Directors are given sufficient review time. Draft minutes of Board meetings and Board committee meetings are circulated to Directors for their review and comment while final version of the said minutes, duly signed, are sent to all members for their records. All said minutes are kept by the company secretary and are open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director.

During the Year, 6 Board meetings were held, and the attendance of these meetings by each Director is set out as follows:

董事會 - 續

董事之提名-續

提名委員會大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。於 本年度,由於並無建議或委任新董事,故並無 舉行仟何提名委員會會議。

董事會會議

董事會每年至少舉行四次例會,議程包括批准 年度及中期業績、檢討本集團之業務營運及內 部監控制度。除該等例會外,董事會亦就批准 重大事項召開會議,該等重大事項包括本集團 **整體策略及投資計劃等。全體董事一般於每次** 例會舉行前獲發至少14日通知。議程及有關董 事會文件通常於董事會會議舉行當日前不少於3 日寄交董事,確保董事得到充分時間審閱。董 事獲分發董事會會議及董事委員會會議之會議 記錄草擬本,以供審閱批註,而經簽妥之會議 記錄定稿則送交全體成員存案。上述所有會議 記錄均由公司秘書保管,可供任何董事於任何 合理時間發出合理通知後查閱。

於本年度,董事會曾舉行6次會議,以下為各董 事出席該等會議之情況:

Directors	董事	No. of meeting attended 出席會議次數
Mr. Chan Chak Mo	陳澤武先生	6/6
Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny	陳思杰先生	6/6
Ms. Leong In Ian	梁衍茵女士	6/6
Mr. Cheung Hon Kit	張漢傑先生	6/6
Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln	余錦遠先生	6/6
Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso	陳百祥先生	6/6

No Board meeting was attended by any alternate Director during the Year.

替任董事於本年度並無出席任何董事會會議。

During the Year, a meeting was held between the Chairman and all independent non-executive Directors in accordance with CG Code C.2.7.

於本年度,主席及所有獨立非執行董事根據企 業管治守則第C.2.7條舉行一次會議。

All Directors confirmed that they have in a timely manner informed the Company that there had been no changes in the number and nature of offices held by him/her in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments during the Year.

全體董事確認,彼等已適時知會本公司,彼等 於本年度出任公眾公司或組織之職位數目及性 質以及其他重大承諾並無變動。

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS – Continued Board Diversity Policy

The Board has adopted a policy of the Board diversity (the "Board Diversity Policy") which aims to set out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board to recognise and embrace the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of its performance. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Board Diversity Policy is available on the Company's website.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing and monitoring the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy to ensure the effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy.

The Board recognizes the importance and benefits of gender diversity at the Board level. During the Year and as at the date of this annual report, the Board comprised six Directors, one of which was female.

Our Company's diversity philosophy including the gender diversity was followed in the employees workforce through the Group during the Year, with 50.9% of the total workforce (including part-time employees) were female.

Board and Management

To enable all Directors to make informed decisions at Board meetings and to discharge their duties and responsibilities, management always provides the Directors with appropriate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner. In addition, management has been providing the Directors with monthly management reports and quarterly business update public announcements which contain the monthly and quarterly financials, business development and reviews of the Group's business. To further reinforce independence, the Board and each Director can have separate and independent access to the management and staff of the Company if additional information is required.

董事會 - 續

董事會成員多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策(「董事會成員多元化政策」),旨在制定達致董事會多元化之方法,並明白且深信董事會成員多元化對提升其表現質素裨益良多。在設計董事會之組成時,已從多方面考慮董事會多元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年期。董事會成員多元化政策可於本公司網站查閱。

提名委員會負責檢討及監控董事會成員多元化 政策之實施,以確保董事會成員多元化政策之 有效性。

董事會明白董事會層面性別多元化之重要性及 益處。於本年度及本年報日期,董事會由六名 董事組成,其中一名為女性。

於本年度,本集團之僱員工作團隊遵循本公司 之多元化理念,包括性別多元化,其中女性僱 員佔僱員總數(包括兼職僱員)為50.9%。

董事會及管理層

為使全體董事能於董事會會議上作出知情決定及履行其本身職責及責任,董事獲管理層適時提供適當、完整及可靠資料。此外,管理層層一直每月向董事提供一份管理層報告,並容包括每月及每季財務狀況、業務發展及本集團業務檢討。為進一步加強獨立性,董事會及各董事如需額外資料,可個別及自行聯絡本公司管理層及員工。

Board and Management - Continued

In order to have a clear principle in relation to matters specifically reserved to the Board for decisions, functions between the Board and the management of the Company are formalised. Matters reserved to the Board for decision include the making of significant financial and legal commitments, merger and acquisition, material asset acquisition or disposal, the change of share capital, the approval of financial reporting, budgeting, management succession and representation to Shareholders. The management of the Company is thus responsible for the day-today running of the Group; making reports on the operations to the Board on a monthly basis and making recommendations to the Board on the development of any major projects or business proposals and their respective implementation. The Board is of the view that such division of responsibilities does enhance the corporate governance of the Company. The Board has in place specific written terms of reference in respect of the corporate governance to perform the corporate governance function of the Company.

During the Year, the Board has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, and reviewed and monitored the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management. The Board has also reviewed and ensured compliance with the relevant legal and regulatory requirements, the code of conducts, the CG Code and the disclosure in the corporate governance report.

During the Year, the Board has considered the following corporate governance matters:

- review of the compliance with the CG Code; and
- review of the effectiveness of the internal controls and risk management systems of the Group through the audit and risk committees.

董事會 - 續

董事會及管理層-續

為就指定須由董事會決定之事項定下清晰原 則,董事會與本公司管理層各司其職。須留待 董事會決定之事項包括作出重大之財務及法定 承擔、併購、重大資產收購或出售、股本變 動、批准財務申報、制定預算、管理層繼任問 題及向股東交代等。本公司管理層則負責本集 團之日常運作、每月向董事會匯報營運狀況, 以及就任何重大項目或業務方案之進度及其實 施向董事會提供建議。董事會認為,釐清職責 範圍可加強本公司之企業管治。董事會已就企 業管治制定書面職權範圍,以履行本公司之企 業管治職能。

於本年度,董事會已審閱本公司之企業管治政 策及實務,並已審閱及監察董事及高級管理層 之培訓及持續專業發展。董事會亦已審閱及確 保已遵守相關法律及監管規定、操守守則、企 業管治守則及企業管治報告內之披露資料。

於本年度,董事會已考慮下列企業管治事宜:

- 檢討企業管治守則遵行情況;及
- 透過審核委員會及風險委員會檢討本集 **国內部監控及風險管理系統之成效。**

Remuneration of Directors

The Board has a remuneration committee with specific written terms of reference which set out clearly its authority and duties. The Board has in place a set of updated terms of reference for the remuneration committee, a copy of which is published on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

The remuneration committee's role is to make recommendation to the Board on the remuneration policy and structure for the Directors and senior management and to ensure that they are fairly rewarded for their individual contribution to the Group's overall performance, having regard to the interests of Shareholders. The principal duties of the remuneration committee include determining the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management, as well as reviewing and approving performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time.

Details of remuneration payable to the Directors and senior management are set out in the notes 12 and 13 to the financial statements on pages 169 and 170 of this annual report.

The members of the remuneration committee during the Year were:

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso (Committee Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Hon Kit

Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny

A majority of the remuneration committee members are independent non-executive Directors. During the Year, one remuneration committee meeting was held to consider and approve the remuneration package of the Directors, and the individual attendance of that meeting by members is set out as follows:

董事會 - 續 董事之薪酬

董事會已成立薪酬委員會,並以書面職權範圍 明確載列其權力及職責。董事會為薪酬委員會 制定一套已更新職權範圍,其文本刊登於本公 司網站及聯交所網站。

薪酬委員會之職責為就董事及高級管理層之薪 酬政策及架構向董事會提供建議,確保在顧及 股東利益之餘,令對本集團整體表現有所貢獻 之董事及高級管理層均獲得公平回報。薪酬委 員會之主要職責包括釐定全體執行董事及高級 管理層之具體薪酬待遇,以及根據董事會不時 議決之公司目標及宗旨檢討及批准按工作表現

應付董事及高級管理層之薪酬詳情載於本年報 第169及170頁之財務報表附註12及13。

於本年度,薪酬委員會成員為:

陳百祥先生(委員會主席)

張漢傑先生

陳思杰先生

薪酬委員會大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。於 本年度,薪酬委員會曾舉行一次會議,以考慮 及批准董事之薪酬待遇,以下為個別成員出席 該會議之情況:

No. of meeting attended

Members	成員	出席會議次數
Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso	陳百祥先生	1/1
Mr. Cheung Hon Kit	張漢傑先生	1/1
Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny	陳思杰先生	1/1

Remuneration of Directors - Continued

No remuneration committee meeting was attended by any alternate Director during the Year.

The remuneration, comprising director's fee, of independent non-executive Directors is subject to recommendation by the remuneration committee for Shareholders' approval at the annual general meeting. Reimbursement is allowed for out of pocket expenses incurred (including traveling and hotel expenses) in connection with the performance of their duties.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board has an audit committee with specific written terms of reference which set out clearly its authority and duties. The Board has in place a set of updated terms of reference for the audit committee, a copy of which is published on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website. The audit committee is to review the Group's financial reporting, internal controls and corporate governance issues and make relevant recommendations to the Board. The audit committee meets the Company's auditor at least twice a year.

The members of the audit committee during the Year were:

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso (Committee Chairman)

Mr. Cheung Hon Kit

Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln

All audit committee members are independent non-executive Directors. During the Year, two audit committee meetings were held, and the individual attendance of these meetings of members is set out as follows:

董事會-續

董事之薪酬*-續*

替任董事於本年度並無出席任何薪酬委員會會 議。

獨立非執行董事之薪酬(包括董事袍金)須待薪酬委員會作出推薦建議供股東於股東週年大會上批准後,方可作實。就履行職責而墊付之開支(包括差旅及酒店住宿費用)可實報實銷。

審核委員會

董事會已成立審核委員會,以書面職權範圍明 確載列其權力及職責。董事會為審核委員會制 定一套已更新職權範圍,其文本刊登於本公司 網站及聯交所網站。審核委員會負責檢討本集 團之財務申報、內部監控及企業管治等問題, 並向董事會提供有關建議。審核委員會每年至 少與本公司核數師舉行兩次會議。

於本年度,審核委員會成員為:

陳百祥先生(委員會主席)

張漢傑先生

余錦遠先生

審核委員會全體成員均為獨立非執行董事。於 本年度,審核委員會曾舉行兩次會議,以下為 個別成員出席該等會議之情況:

No. of meeting attended

Members	成員	出席會議次數
Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso	陳百祥先生	2/2
Mr. Cheung Hon Kit	張漢傑先生	2/2
Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln	余錦遠先生	2/2

No audit committee meeting was attended by any alternate Director during the Year.

替任董事於本年度並無出席任何審核委員會會 議。

AUDIT COMMITTEE - Continued

In discharging its responsibilities, the audit committee has performed the following works during the Year:

- (i) review of the draft interim and annual financial statements and the related draft results announcements:
- (ii) review of the change in accounting standards and assessment of potential impacts on the Group's financial statements; and
- (iii) making recommendation on the appointment or reappointment of the external auditors and approved their terms of engagement.

The audit committee allows employees of the Company to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters. The relevant arrangement is in place for the fair and independent investigation of these matters and for appropriate follow up action. A copy of such arrangement is published on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website. The audit committee has in December 2022 adopted a revised whistleblowing policy and system for employees and those who deal with the Company (e.g. customers and suppliers) to report concerns, in a confidential manner which will be reported to the audit committee about any suspected fraud, malpractice, misconduct or irregularity related to the Company. A copy of such policy and system is published on the Company's website.

審核委員會 - 續

審核委員會於本年度已履行其職責執行以下工

- 審閱中期及全年財務報表草擬本以及相 (i) 關業績公佈草擬本;
- 審閱會計準則變動並評估可能對本集團 (ii) 財務報表產生之潛在影響;及
- 就委聘或續聘外聘核數師提供建議及批 (iii) 准委聘條款。

審核委員會允許本公司僱員提出對財務申報、 內部監控或其他事宜可能存在之不適當之處之 關注。已制定相關安排,以公平及獨立地調查 該等事項及採取適當跟進行動。該等安排之文 本於本公司網站及聯交所網站刊登。審核委員 會已於二零二二年十二月採納經修訂之舉報政 策及制度,讓僱員及與本公司交易之人士(如客 戶及供應商)可以保密方式報告任何對有關本公 司之懷疑欺詐、不良行為、行為不檢或行為失 當。該等政策及制度之文本於本公司網站刊登。

RISK COMMITTEE

The Board has a risk committee with specific written terms of reference which set out clearly its authority and duties. The Board has in place a set of terms of reference for the risk committee, a copy of which is published on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

The risk committee's role is to make recommendation to the Board on the risk management framework and internal control policies. The principal duties of the risk committee include reviewing and monitoring the Company's risks (including ESG risks). The risk committee also reviews the effectiveness of the enterprise risk management function, including staffing level and qualification as well as risk reports and breaches of risk tolerances and policies from time to time.

The members of the risk committee are:

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso (Committee Chairman)

Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny

A majority of risk committee members are independent non-executive Directors. During the Year, one risk committee meeting was held, and the individual attendance of that meeting of members is set out as follows:

風險委員會

董事會成立風險委員會,以書面職權範圍明確 載列其權力及職責。董事會為風險委員會制訂 一套職權範圍,有關文本於本公司網站及聯交 所網站刊登。

風險委員會之職責為就風險管理架構及內控監 控政策向董事會作出推薦意見。風險委員會之 主要職責包括審議及監察本公司之風險(包括環 境、社會及管治風險)。風險委員會亦會不時審 閱企業風險管理職能之成效,包括員工編制及 資歷,以及風險報告及違反風險容忍度及政策。

風險委員會之成員為:

陳百祥先生(委員會主席) 余錦遠先生 陳思杰先生

風險委員會大部分成員為獨立非執行董事。於 本年度,已舉行一次風險委員會會議,成員個 別出席該會議情況載列如下:

Members	成員	No. of meeting attended 出席會議次數
Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso	陳百祥先生	1/1
Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln	余錦遠先生	1/1
Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny	陳思杰先生	1/1

In discharging its responsibilities, the risk committee has appointed an independent professional firm named Ammo Group Corporate Services Limited to review the Group's enterprise risk management and internal control system and to advise on the relevant issues in respect of financial reporting procedures during the Year. More details on risk and internal control are set out below.

於本年度,風險委員會已履行其職責,委任獨 立專業事務所盈雪集團企業服務有限公司檢討 本集團之企業風險管理及內部監控制度,並就 財務報告程序等有關事宜提供意見。有關風險 及內部監控之更多詳情載於下文。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

BDO Limited, being the auditor of the Company, carried out the annual audit of the Company during the Year. The fee of the annual audit was HK\$1,100,000.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR PREPARATION AND REPORTING OF ACCOUNTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the accounts which have been prepared in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. A statement by the auditor about their reporting responsibilities is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 110 to 116 of this annual report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

Group Risk Management

The Board has overall responsibilities for maintaining a sound and effective risk management and internal control system of the Group. The audit and risk committees assisted the Board to fulfill its responsibility. The Board recognizes that risk taking is unavoidable as part of the Company's business. By appropriate risk management and continuous risk monitoring, risk taking can bring value to the Company. The Board believes that risks are acceptable after prudent assessment of their impact and likelihood. The Company can protect its assets and Shareholders' interests and create value simultaneously through appropriate risks management and control measures. The system includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, safeguards its assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensures the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensures compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss, and to manage the risks of failure in the Group's operational systems and in the achievement of the Group's objectives.

核數師之酬金

本公司核數師香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限 公司已於本年度為本公司進行年度審計。年度 審計費用為1.100.000港元。

編製及呈報賬目之責任

董事知悉彼等須負責根據法例規定及適用會計 準則編製賬目。核數師就其呈報責任所發出聲 明載於本年報第110至116頁之「獨立核數師報 告一節。

風險管理及內部監控

本集團風險管理

董事會全權負責維持本集團健全有效之風險管 理及內部監控制度。審核委員會及風險委員會 協助董事會履行其職責。董事會深明本公司業 務無可避免需承擔風險。藉適當風險管理及持 續風險監控,承擔風險可為本公司帶來價值。 董事會相信經審慎評估風險之影響及可能性 後,該等風險屬可接受。本公司可透過適當風 險管理及監控措施保障其資產及股東權利同時 創造價值。該制度包括設有權限範圍之管理結 構、保障其資產免被未經授權使用或處置、確 保維持妥當會計記錄以提供可靠財務資料供 內部使用或刊發,以及確保遵守相關法律及法 規。該制度旨在就重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合 理但非絕對之保證,並管理本集團營運系統失 效及未能達成本集團目標之風險。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

- Continued

Risk Assessment Approach and Risk Identification

The Board has the oversight responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks (including ESG risks) faced by the Group and reviewing and monitoring the Group's approach to addressing these risks. In addition, the Board oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

Based on last year's result, risk assessment is conducted annually to ensure material risks to which the Company may be exposed are properly identified, assessed, managed and monitored. The Company shall perform ongoing assessment to update the entity-level risk factors and report to the Board on a regular basis.

Handling and Dissemination of Inside Information

The handling and dissemination of inside information of the Company is strictly controlled and remains confidential including but not limited by the following ways:

- Restrict access to inside information to a limited number of 1. employees on a need-to-know basis.
- 2. Reminder to employees who are in possession of inside information and ensure that they are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentiality.
- 3. Ensure appropriate confidentiality agreements are in place when the Company enters into significant negotiations or dealings with third party.
- 4. Inside information is handled and communicated by designated persons to outside third party.

The Board and the senior management review the safety measures regularly to ensure inside information is properly handled and disseminated.

風險管理及內部監控-續

風險評估方法及風險識別

董事會負責監督評估及釐定本集團可能面臨風 險(包括環境、社會及管治風險)之性質及程 度,以及檢討及監控本集團解決該等風險之方 法。此外,董事會監督管理層設計、執行及監 控風險管理及內部監控制度。

根據上一年度之業績,每年進行風險評估以確 保本公司可能面臨之重大風險得以妥善識別、 評估、管理及監控。本公司須進行持續評估, 以更新實體層面之風險因素並定期向董事會報 告。

處置及傳播內幕消息

本公司诱渦(但不限於)以下方式嚴格控制其內 幕消息之處置及傳播以及維護其機密性:

- 僅限定人數之僱員於必要時方可獲取內 1. 幕消息。
- 2. 提醒擁有內幕消息之僱員並確保彼等全 面維護資料機密之職責。
- 3. 於本公司與第三方進行重大磋商或交易 時確保訂立適當保密協議。
- 4. 由指定人士處置內幕消息及與外部第三 方溝通。

董事會及高級管理層定期檢討安全措施以確保 內幕消息之適當處置及傳播。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

- Continued

Internal Audit Function

A professional firm also performs internal audit function and assists the Board in conducting a review of certain key parts of the internal control systems of the Group. Based on the Company's previous risk assessment results, the internal audit review carried out during the Year includes: a) scoping and planning audit locations as agreed with the audit committee and the Board; b) review of the design of internal control structure by identifying the key controls in place and determining significant gaps within the design of the controls; c) testing of the key controls; and d) reporting to and making recommendations to the risk committee on the major design weakness in order to enhance the internal control of operation procedures, systems and controls. The reports and recommendations were submitted to the Board and rectification actions were taken based on recommendations by the professional firm.

According to the Company's internal control mechanism, the Company has established whistle-blowing mechanism, whereby the staff and stakeholders have channels to report and complain on their discovered activities that may have breached the Company's internal control system. The Group has also established policies and systems that promote and support anti-corruption laws and regulations. The audit committee has reviewed and approved such systems.

Management's Confirmation on Risk Management

Based on the risk management mechanism and internal audit review activities mentioned in the aforesaid paragraphs, the management made a confirmation to the Board that the Company had maintained an effective and adequate risk management and internal control systems during the Year.

風險管理及內部監控 - 續

內部審核職能

專業事務所亦履行內部審核職能及協助董事會 審閱本集團內部監控制度之若干重要方面。根 據本公司先前之風險評估結果,於本年度所進 行之內部審核審閱包括:a)確定及規劃與審核委 員會及董事會協定之審核範疇;b)透過識別已實 施主要監控及釐定設計監控之重大缺口審閱內 部監控結構之設計;c)檢測主要監控;及d)向風 險委員會呈報主要設計弱點並作出推薦建議, 以加強營運程序、系統及控制之內部監控。報 告及推薦建議已呈交予董事會,且已根據專業 事務所之推薦建議採取糾正行動。

根據本公司的內部監控機制,本公司已建立舉 報機制,讓員工及持份者有渠道舉報及投訴彼 等發現的可能違反本公司內部監控制度的活 動。本集團亦制定多項政策及制度,促進及支 持反貪污法例及規例。審核委員會已檢討並批 准有關制度。

管理層確認風險管理

根據以上各段所述風險管理機制及內部審核審 閱活動,管理層已向董事會確認,本公司已於 本年度維持有效及充足風險管理及內部監控制 度。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

According to the Bye-laws, Shareholders, holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right to vote at general meetings of the Company, can, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary, request to convene a special general meeting for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Any general meeting, at which the passing of a special resolution is to be considered, shall be called by not less than 21 clear days' and 20 clear business days' notice, whilst others may be called by not less than 14 clear days' and 10 clear business days' notice.

The chairman of general meetings ensures that the Shareholders are informed of the procedure for demanding a poll by way of making the disclosure in the circulars to Shareholders and repeating the same during the general meetings. The chairman of general meetings also ensures compliance with the requirements about voting by poll contained in the Listing Rules and the Bye-laws.

Regarding the procedures for putting forward proposals at a general meeting, please refer to the procedures made available on the Company's website.

In order to maintain an on-going dialogue with Shareholders, Shareholders are encouraged to attend annual general meetings of the Company at which the Chairman of the Board and the Chairman of the various Board committees are available to answer questions related to the Group's business. The matters resolved at the 2022 AGM are summarised below:

- i. approval of the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021;
- ii. Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny was re-elected as executive Director;
- iii. Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln was re-elected as independent nonexecutive Director;

股東權利

根據公司細則,凡於提出有關要求當日持有本 公司實繳資本(附有權利可於本公司股東大會上 表決)不少於十分一之股東,可以書面向董事 會或公司秘書要求召開股東特別大會,以便處 理有關要求列明之任何事項。任何就考慮通過 特別決議案而召開之股東大會必須發出不少於 21個完整日及20個完整營業日之通知,方可召 開,而其他股東大會則可發出不少於14個完整 日及10個完整營業日之通知。

股東大會之主席須確保股東均已獲悉要求進行 按股數投票表決之程序,通知方式包括於寄發 予股東之通函內披露及於股東大會上重申。股 東大會主席亦須確保遵守上市規則及公司細則 所載有關按股數投票表決之規定。

就有關於股東大會提呈建議書之程序,請參閱 本公司網站所刊載之程序。

為持續與股東保持溝通,本公司鼓勵股東出席 本公司之股東週年大會,董事會主席及董事會 轄下各委員會之主席將於會上解答有關本集團 業務之提問。於二零二二年股東週年大會上議 決之事項概述如下:

- 批准截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 i. 年度之經審核財務報表;
- 重選陳思杰先生為執行董事; ii.
- 重選余錦遠先生為獨立非執行董事; iii.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS - Continued

- re-appointment of BDO Limited as the external auditor of the Company;
- grant of a general mandate to the Directors to allot, issue and deal ٧. with additional Shares not exceeding 20% of the total number of issued Shares:
- vi. grant of a general mandate to the Directors to repurchase Shares not exceeding 10% of the total number of issued Shares; and
- vii. extension of the general mandate to issue Shares by adding to it the number of Shares repurchased under the repurchase mandate
- approve and adopt the amended and restated bye-laws of the viii. Company.

The 2022 AGM was held on 27 May 2022, and the attendance of the 2022 AGM of each Director is set out as follows:

股東權利 - 續

- 續聘香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公 司為本公司外聘核數師;
- 向董事授出一般授權,以配發、發行及 ٧. 處理不超過已發行股份總數20%之額外 股份;
- 向董事授出一般授權,以購回不超過已 vi. 發行股份總數10%之股份;及
- vii. 透過加入根據購回授權所購回股份數目 而擴大發行股份之一般授權。
- 批准並採納本公司之經修訂及重列公司 viii. 細則。

二零二二年股東週年大會於二零二二年五月 二十七日舉行,以下為各董事出席二零二二年 股東週年大會之情況:

No. of meeting attended

Directors	董事	出席會議次數
Mr. Chan Chak Mo	陳澤武先生	1/1
Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny	陳思杰先生	1/1
Ms. Leong In Ian	梁衍茵女士	1/1
Mr. Cheung Hon Kit	張漢傑先生	1/1
Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln	余錦遠先生	1/1
Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso	陳百祥先生	1/1

No general meeting was attended by any alternate Director during the Year.

替任董事於本年度並無出席任何股東大會。

Shareholders' comments and suggestions as well as any proposals put forward to Shareholders' meetings at a reasonable time are welcome, and such comments and proposals can be sent in writing to the company secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong. The Board endeavors to answer all valuable questions from the Shareholders.

本公司歡迎股東於合理時間在股東大會上發表 意見及提議以及提出建議,有關意見及建議亦 可以書面形式寄往本公司香港主要營業地點, 交由公司秘書處理。董事會定當設法解答股東 全部寶貴提問。

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATION WITH **SHAREHOLDERS**

The Company is committed to promoting and maintaining effective communication with the shareholders. A shareholder communication policy has been adopted in relation to its communications with Shareholders, with the objective of ensuring equal, timely, effective, transparent, accurate and open communications with the Shareholders. Information is communicated to the Shareholders mainly through the Company's interim reports, annual reports and where applicable, quarterly reports, annual general meetings and other general meetings that may be convened, as well as through disclosures submitted to the Stock Exchange for publication on the Stock Exchange's website, as well as corporate communications and other corporate publications on the Company's website. The Shareholder communication Policy is available on the Company's website.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

As a public listed company, the Company values the importance of corporate social responsibility and its impact on the community. The Company integrates such elements in its business activities and participates in or encourages the staff to participate in charitable activities to promote the good corporate citizenship in Macau, Mainland China and Hong Kong.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

Upon the Shareholders' approval by way of a special resolution at the 2022 AGM held on 27 May 2022, the Company has adopted the amended and restated Bye-laws. An updated amended and restated Bye-laws have been posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Leung Hon Fai remains as the company secretary of the Company. He has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Year.

投資者關係及股東溝通

本公司致力促進及維持與股東之有效溝通。本 公司已就其與股東之溝通採納股東通訊政策, 目的為確保與股東進行平等、及時、有效、透 明、準確及公開之溝通。資料主要透過本公司 之中期報告、年度報告及(倘適用)季度報告、 股東週年大會及其他可能召開之股東大會, 以及透過向聯交所遞交於聯交所網站刊發之披 露,以及於本公司網站刊載的公司通訊及其他 公司刊物傳達。股東通訊政策可於本公司網站

企業社會責任

作為公眾上市公司,本公司對企業社會責任及 本身對社會之影響相當重視。本公司為其業務 注入不少企業社會責任元素,透過親身或鼓勵 員工參與公益活動,致力於澳門、中國大陸及 香港推動優質企業公民活動。

章程文件

經股東於二零二二年五月二十七日舉行的二零 二二年股東週年大會上以特別決議案方式批准 後,本公司已採納經修訂及重列公司細則。更 新版經修訂及重列公司細則已於本公司網站及 聯交所網站刊登。

公司秘書

梁漢輝先生留任本公司之公司秘書,並於本年 度接受不少於15小時之相關專業培訓。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層論述及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Turnover

The turnover of the Group was approximately HK\$285.1 million for the Year, representing a decrease of approximately 40.0% as compared to that of 2021 of HK\$475.4 million.

Below is a table of comparison of the turnover for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021:

財務回顧

營業額

本集團於本年度之營業額約為285,100,000港元,較二零二一年的475,400,000港元減少約40.0%。

下表為截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之營業額比較:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
TURNOVER	營業額			
Restaurants:	餐廳:			
Japanese restaurants	日式餐廳	59.7	-49.6%	118.4
Chinese restaurants	中式餐廳	25.2	-63.6%	69.3
Western restaurants	西式餐廳	16.3	-68.9%	52.4
Food court counters	美食廣場櫃位	39.7	-38.0%	64.0
Franchise restaurants (note 1)	特許經營餐廳(附註1)	49.5	-29.8%	70.5
		190.4	-49.2%	374.6
Industrial catering (note 2)	工業餐飲(附註2)	17.3	+54.5%	11.2
Food wholesale	食品批發	12.7	-22.6%	16.4
Food and catering business		220.4	-45.2%	402.2
Food souvenir business	食品手信業務	44.8	-15.8%	53.2
Property investment business	物業投資業務	19.9	-0.5%	20.0
Total	總計	285.1	-40.0%	475.4

Note 1: The turnover of "Franchise restaurants" included turnover from the Group's Pacific Coffee shops, Pepper Lunch, Bari-Uma ramen, Fu-Un-Maru and Mad for Garlic restaurants.

Note 2: The turnover of "industrial catering" included turnover from canteen at International School of Macau and lunch box catering service.

The decrease in turnover of the Group's food and catering business was mainly attributable to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic and closure of restaurants. The decrease in turnover of the Group's food souvenir business was mainly attributable to the decrease in turnover from retail business. The turnover in the Group's property investment business was attributable to the rental income from the Key Investment Property in Macau proportionally accounted for the Year.

附註1: 有關「特許經營餐廳」之營業額包括來自本集團太平 洋咖啡店、胡椒廚房、広島霸嗎拉麵、風雲丸及Mad for Garlic餐廳之營業額。

附註2: 有關「工業餐飲」之營業額包括來自澳門國際學校飯 堂及午膳服務之營業額。

本集團之食物及餐飲業務營業額減少,主要由於2019新型冠狀病毒疫情及餐廳關閉的影響。本集團食品手信業務之營業額減少乃主要由於零售業務營業額減少所致。本集團物業投資業務之營業額歸因於本年度按比例入賬之澳門主要投資物業租金收入。

Turnover - Continued

Below is a table of comparison of the turnover of the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2022 and 2021:

財務回顧-續 營業額*-續*

下表為二零二二年及二零二一年第一、第二、 第三及第四季度之營業額比較:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
TURNOVER	營業額			
First quarter	第一季度	70.6	-36.5%	111.1
Second quarter	第二季度	64.7	-47.3%	122.8
Third quarter	第三季度	74.5	-42.0%	128.5
Fourth quarter	第四季度	75.3	-33.4%	113.0
Total	總計	285.1	-40.0%	475.4

Details of the Group's turnover breakdown of the first, second, third and 本集團於二零二二年第一、第二、第三及第四 fourth quarters of 2022 are as follows:

季度之營業額明細詳情如下:

		2022 二零二二年			
		Fourth quarter 第四季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Third quarter 第三季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Second quarter 第二季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	First quarter 第一季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元
TURNOVER	營業額				
Restaurants:	餐廳:				
Japanese restaurants	日式餐廳	14.2	7.3	15.1	23.1
Chinese restaurants	中式餐廳	6.6	3.4	5.8	9.4
Western restaurants	西式餐廳	1.2	4.4	6.4	4.3
Food court counters	美食廣場櫃位	13.4	8.3	10.0	8.0
Franchise restaurants	特許經營餐廳	13.8	12.9	13.2	9.6
		49.2	36.3	50.5	54.4
Industrial catering	工業餐飲	5.1	3.5	4.8	3.9
Food wholesale	食品批發	3.5	2.8	2.7	3.7
Food and catering business	食物及餐飲業務	57.8	42.6	58.0	62.0
Food souvenir business	食品手信業務	12.5	27.0	1.7	3.6
Property investment business	物業投資業務	5.0	4.9	5.0	5.0
Total	總計	75.3	74.5	64.7	70.6

Turnover - Continued

Details of the Group's turnover breakdown of the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2021 are as follows:

財務回顧 - 續 營業額 - 續

本集團於二零二一年第一、第二、第三及第四 季度之營業額明細詳情如下:

> 2021 二零二一年

		Fourth quarter 第四季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Third quarter 第三季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Second quarter 第二季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	First quarter 第一季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元
TURNOVER	營業額				
Restaurants:	餐廳:				
Japanese restaurants	日式餐廳	26.3	29.5	32.3	30.3
Chinese restaurants	中式餐廳	14.4	16.3	19.2	19.4
Western restaurants	西式餐廳	11.8	14.4	14.5	11.7
Food court counters	美食廣場櫃位	15.2	18.6	18.2	12.0
Franchise restaurants	特許經營餐廳	18.4	17.8	16.9	17.4
		86.1	96.6	101.1	90.8
Industrial catering	工業餐飲	1.5	0.9	4.0	4.8
Food wholesale	食品批發	4.5	3.4	4.6	3.9
Food and catering business		92.1	100.9	109.7	99.5
Food souvenir business	食品手信業務	15.9	22.6	8.0	6.7
Property investment business	物業投資業務	5.0	5.0	5.1	4.9
Total	總計	113.0	128.5	122.8	111.1

Turnover - Continued

Same Store Performance

Below is a table of comparison of the Group's same store performance (note 3) of its restaurants, industrial catering business and food souvenir business in terms of their aggregate turnover for the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2022 and 2021:

財務回顧-續 營業額-續

同店表現

下表為本集團餐廳、工業餐飲業務及食品手信業務於二零二二年及二零二一年第一、第二、第三及第四季度按總營業額計之同店表現(附註3)之比較:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
SAME STORE TURNOVER	同店營業額			
First quarter	第一季度	59.5	-31.0%	86.2
Second quarter	第二季度	53.0	-39.6%	87.8
Third quarter	第三季度	64.2	-33.3%	96.3
Fourth quarter	第四季度	62.1	-14.0%	72.2
Whole year	全年	209.8	-27.7%	290.3

Details of the Group's same store performance (note 3) of its restaurants, industrial catering business and food souvenir business in terms of turnover for the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

本集團之餐廳、工業餐飲業務及食品手信業務 於二零二二年及二零二一年第一、第二、第三 及第四季度按營業額計之同店表現(附註3)詳情 如下:

For the three months ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止三個月

		2022	Change	2021
		二零二二年	變動	二零二一年
		HK\$'million	%	HK\$'million
		百萬港元	百分比	百萬港元
SAME STORE TURNOVER	同店營業額			
- First quarter	-第一季度			
Restaurants:	餐廳:			
Japanese restaurants	日式餐廳	22.8	-24.0%	30.0
Chinese restaurants	中式餐廳	9.4	-28.2%	13.1
Western restaurants	西式餐廳	4.3	-58.2%	10.3
Food court counters	美食廣場櫃位	8.0	-27.3%	11.0
Franchise restaurants	特許經營餐廳	9.4	-30.8%	13.6
		53.9	-30.9%	78.0
Industrial catering	工業餐飲	2.0	+17.6%	1.7
Restaurants and industrial catering	餐廳及工業餐飲業務			
business		55.9	-29.9%	79.7
Food souvenir business	食品手信業務	3.6	-44.6%	6.5
		59.5	-31.0%	86.2

Turnover - Continued

Same Store Performance - Continued

財務回顧-續 營業額-續

同店表現-續

For the three months ended 30 June 截至六月三十日止三個月

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
SAME STORE TURNOVER - Second quarter	同店營業額 - 第二季度			
Restaurants:	餐廳:			
Japanese restaurants	日式餐廳	15.1	-52.4%	31.7
Chinese restaurants	中式餐廳	5.0	-35.9%	7.8
Western restaurants	西式餐廳	6.4	-28.9%	9.0
Food court counters	美食廣場櫃位	9.9	-38.5%	16.1
Franchise restaurants	特許經營餐廳	13.0	-4.4%	13.6
		49.4	-36.8%	78.2
Industrial catering	工業餐飲	1.9	+5.6%	1.8
Restaurants and industrial catering	餐廳及工業餐飲業務			
business		51.3	-35.9%	80.0
Food souvenir business	食品手信業務	1.7	-78.2%	7.8
		53.0	-39.6%	87.8

For the three months ended 30 September 截至九月三十日止三個月

		2022	Change	2021
		二零二二年	變動	二零二一年
		HK\$'million	%	HK\$'million
		百萬港元	百分比	百萬港元
SAME STORE TURNOVER	同店營業額			
Third quarter	-第三季度			
Restaurants:	餐廳:			
Japanese restaurants	日式餐廳	7.3	-69.3%	23.8
Chinese restaurants	中式餐廳	3.4	-52.1%	7.1
Western restaurants	西式餐廳	4.4	-54.6%	9.7
Food court counters	美食廣場櫃位	8.3	-50.9%	16.9
Franchise restaurants	特許經營餐廳	12.9	-17.3%	15.6
		36.3	-50.3%	73.1
Industrial catering	工業餐飲	0.9	_	0.9
Restaurants and industrial catering	餐廳及工業餐飲業務			
business		37.2	-49.7%	74.0
Food souvenir business	食品手信業務	27.0	+21.1%	22.3
		64.2	-33.3%	96.3

Turnover - Continued

Same Store Performance - Continued

財務回顧-續 營業額-續

同店表現-續

For the three months ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止三個月

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
SAME STORE TURNOVER - Fourth quarter	同店營業額 一第四季度			
Restaurants: Japanese restaurants Chinese restaurants Western restaurants Food court counters Franchise restaurants	餐廳: 日式餐廳 中式餐廳 西式餐廳 美食廣場櫃位 特許經營餐廳	14.2 5.3 1.2 13.4 13.8	-20.2% -17.2% -36.8% -2.9% -8.6%	17.8 6.4 1.9 13.8 15.1
Industrial catering	工業餐飲	47.9 1.7	-12.9% +13.3%	55.0 1.5
Restaurants and industrial catering business Food souvenir business	餐廳及工業餐飲業務 食品手信業務	49.6 12.5	–12.2% –20.4%	56.5 15.7
		62.1	-14.0%	72.2

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層論述及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW - Continued

Turnover - Continued

Same Store Performance - Continued

財務回顧-續 營業額-續

同店表現-續

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2022	Change	2021
		二零二二年	變動	二零二一年
		HK\$'million	%	HK\$'million
		百萬港元	百分比	百萬港元
SAME STORE TURNOVER	同店營業額			
Whole year	-全年			
Restaurants:	餐廳:			
Japanese restaurants	日式餐廳	47.9	-41.7%	82.2
Chinese restaurants	中式餐廳	19.9	-29.9%	28.4
Western restaurants	西式餐廳	5.7	-33.7%	8.6
Food court counters	美食廣場櫃位	37.4	-34.3%	56.9
Franchise restaurants	特許經營餐廳	48.3	-15.3%	57.0
		159.2	-31.7%	233.1
Industrial catering	工業餐飲	6.5	+10.2%	5.9
Restaurants and industrial catering	餐廳及工業餐飲業務			
business		165.7	-30.7%	239.0
Food souvenir business	食品手信業務	44.1	-14.0%	51.3
		209.8	-27.7%	290.3

Note 3: Same store performance is compared on the basis of those restaurants/shops/ outlets which were in place in the periods of 2022 and 2021 only. 附註3: 同店表現僅按於二零二二年及二零二一年同期營業 之該等餐廳/店舖/商舖之基準作比較。

Below is a table of comparison of the turnover by geographical locations for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021:

下表為截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度按地理位置劃分之營業額比較:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
TURNOVER - Whole year				
Macau	澳門	190.1	-37.0%	301.9
Mainland China	中國大陸	25.7	-53.2%	54.9
Hong Kong	香港	69.0	-37.8%	111.0
Taiwan	台灣	0.3	-96.1%	7.6
Total	總計	285.1	-40.0%	475.4

Turnover - Continued

Below is a table of comparison of the turnover of the Group by geographical locations of the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2022 and 2021:

財務回顧 - 續 營業額 - 續

下表為本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年第一、第二、第三及第四季度按地理位置劃分之 營業額比較:

			2022 二零二二年			
		Fourth quarter 第四季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Third quarter 第三季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Second quarter 第二季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	First quarter 第一季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	
TURNOVER	營業額					
Macau	澳門	51.4	48.3	38.3	52.1	
Mainland China	中國大陸	4.6	5.7	7.4	8.0	
Hong Kong	香港	19.3	20.5	19.0	10.2	
Taiwan	台灣	-			0.3	
Total	總計	75.3	74.5	64.7	70.6	

2021 二零二一年

		一ぞ一 丁			
		Fourth quarter 第四季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Third quarter 第三季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Second quarter 第二季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	First quarter 第一季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元
TURNOVER	營業額				
Macau	澳門	67.3	81.0	79.9	73.7
Mainland China	中國大陸	13.3	13.8	13.3	14.5
Hong Kong	香港	30.0	32.7	28.2	20.1
Taiwan	台灣	2.4	1.0	1.4	2.8
Total	總計	113.0	128.5	122.8	111.1

Gross Margin (the Group's Turnover less Cost of Sales)

The gross margin (being the Group's turnover less cost of sales) of the Group for the Year was about HK\$195.4 million, representing a decrease of approximately 40.6% as compared to that of HK\$328.7 million for the year of 2021. The decrease in gross margin was mainly attributable to the decrease in turnover contribution from the Group's business. Below is a table of comparison of the gross margin (being the Group's turnover less cost of sales) of the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2022 and 2021:

財務回顧-續

毛利(本集團營業額減銷售成本)

於本年度,本集團的毛利(即本集團營業額減銷售成本)約為195,400,000港元,較二零二一年的328,700,000港元減少約40.6%。毛利減少乃主要歸因於本集團業務之營業額貢獻減少。下表為本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年第一、第二、第三及第四季度之毛利(即本集團營業額減銷售成本)比較:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
GROSS MARGIN	毛利			
First quarter	第一季度	48.0	-37.7%	77.1
Second quarter	第二季度	44.6	-48.1%	85.9
Third quarter	第三季度	49.3	-42.2%	85.3
Fourth quarter	第四季度	53.5	-33.5%	80.4
Total	總計	195.4	-40.6%	328.7
Gross margin ratio	毛利率			
(Gross margin over turnover) (%)	(毛利除以營業額)(%)	68.5%	-0.6%	69.1%

Gross Operating (Loss)/Profit (the Group's Turnover less Cost of Sales and Direct Operating Expenses)

The gross operating loss (being the Group's turnover less cost of sales and direct operating expenses) of the Group for the Year was about HK\$12.8 million as compared to gross operating profit of last year of HK\$13.1 million. The gross operating loss was mainly attributable to the decrease in turnover. Below is a table of comparison of the gross operating (loss)/profit (being the Group's turnover less cost of sales and direct operating expenses) of the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2022 and 2021:

財務回顧-續

經營(毛損)/毛利(本集團營業額減銷售 成本及直接經營成本)

本集團於本年度經營毛損(即本集團營業額減銷售成本及直接經營成本)約為12,800,000港元,而去年經營毛利則為13,100,000港元。經營毛損主要歸因於營業額減少。下表為本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年第一、第二、第三及第四季度之經營(毛損)/毛利(即本集團營業額減銷售成本及直接經營開支)比較:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
GROSS OPERATING (LOSS)/ PROFIT First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	經營(毛損) / 毛利 第一季度 第二季度 第三季度 第四季度	(13.2) (12.8) 2.5 10.7	+97.0% N/A 不適用 -66.2% +94.5%	(6.7) 6.9 7.4 5.5
Total	總計	(12.8)	N/A 不適用	13.1
Gross operating (loss)/profit ratio (Gross operating (loss)/profit over turnover) (%)	經營(毛損)/毛利率 (經營(毛損)/毛利 除以營業額)(%)	(4.5) %	N/A 不適用	2.8%

(LBITDA)/EBITDA

The LBITDA of the Group for the Year was approximately HK\$46.5 million as compared to the EBITDA of approximately HK\$35.0 million for the year of 2021. The LBITDA was mainly attributable to the gross operating loss and impairment loss on assets of the Group. The (LBITDA)/EBITDA and (LBITDA)/EBITDA ratios for the years 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

(LBITDA) / EBITDA

本集團於本年度之LBITDA約為46,500,000港元,而二零二一年EBITDA則約為35,000,000港元。LBITDA主要歸因於本集團經營毛損及資產減值虧損。本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年之(LBITDA)/EBITDA比率如下:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		m=1 /3-1 = 1 /2		
		2022	Change	2021
		二零二二年	變動	二零二一年
		HK\$'million	%	HK\$'million
		百萬港元	百分比	百萬港元
(LBITDA)/EBITDA	(LBITDA)/EBITDA	(46.5)	N/A 不適用	35.0
(LBITDA)/EBITDA	(LBITDA)/EBITDA			
against turnover ratio (%)	相對營業額比率(%)	(16.3)%	N/A 不適用	7.4%

FINANCIAL REVIEW – Continued Net Loss

The loss attributable to owners of the Company for the Year was approximately HK\$125.6 million as compared to the last year of approximately HK\$72.9 million. The loss attributable to owners of the Company was mainly attributable to (i) the loss attributable to owners of the Group's food souvenir business of some HK\$8.0 million (which included the impairment loss on property, plant and equipment of some HK\$1.5 million and the impairment loss on other intangible assets of HK\$5.0 million), (ii) the loss attributable to owners of the Group's food and catering business of some HK\$115.3 million (which included the loss from written off of/impairment loss on property, plant and equipment of some HK\$12.4 million derived mainly from the closure of the Group's restaurants and impairment loss on goodwill of some HK\$25.8 million); and (iii) the net fair value loss of some HK\$5.3 million derived from its Key Investment Property (being a commercial building in Macau owned by the Group which has been rented out).

The loss attributable to owners of the Company and loss attributable to owners of the Company against turnover ratio are as follows:

財務回顧 - 續 虧損淨額

於本年度,本公司擁有人應佔虧損約為 125,600,000港元,去年則約為72,900,000港元。本公司擁有人應佔虧損主要歸因於(i)本集團 食品手信業務錄得擁有人應佔虧損約8,000,000 港元(當中包括物業、廠房及設備減值虧損約 1,500,000港元以及其他無形資產減值虧損 5,000,000港元);(ii)本集團食物及餐飲業務錄 得擁有人應佔虧損約115,300,000港元(當中包括物業、廠房及設備之撇銷虧損/減值虧損約 12,400,000港元,乃主要由於關閉本集團之貿 應及商譽減值虧損約25,800,000港元);及(iii)其 主要投資物業(本集團於澳門擁有之已出租商業 樓宇)產生公允價值虧損淨額約5,300,000港元。

本公司擁有人應佔虧損及本公司擁有人應佔虧 損相對營業額比率如下:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
Loss attributable to owners of the 本公司擁有人應佔虧損 Company	(125.6)	+72.2%	(72.9)
Loss attributable to owners of the 本公司擁有人應佔虧損 Company against turnover ratio (%) 相對營業額比率(%)	(44.1)%	-28.8%	(15.3)%

Net Loss - Continued

Below is a table of comparison of the results attributable to owners of the Company of the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2022 and 二、第三及第四季度之本公司擁有人應佔業績:

財務回顧-續 虧損淨額-續

下表比較二零二二年及二零二一年第一、第

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司擁有人應佔 虧損			
First quarter	第一季度	(34.9)	+18.7%	(29.4)
Second quarter	第二季度	(69.8)	+298.9%	(17.5)
Third quarter	第三季度	(10.3)	-38.7%	(16.8)
Fourth quarter	第四季度	(10.6)	+15.2%	(9.2)
The Year	本年度	(125.6)	+72.2%	(72.9)

Details of the (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company for the Year are as follows:

於本年度,本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/溢利詳 情如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
(LOSS)/PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TOWNERS OF THE COMPANY	O 本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利			
Food and catering business	食物及餐飲業務	(115.3)	+100.5%	(57.5)
Food souvenir business	食品手信業務	(8.0)	-10.1%	(8.9)
Property investment business	物業投資業務	4.1	+57.7%	2.6
Other revenue, corporate payroll and	1 其他收益、公司薪金及			
unallocated expenses	未分配開支	(6.4)	-29.7%	(9.1)
Total	總計	(125.6)	+72.2%	(72.9)

Net Loss - Continued

Details of the (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company for the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

財務回顧-續 虧損淨額-續

於二零二二年及二零二一年第一、第二、第三 及第四季度之本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/溢利 詳情如下:

		2022 二零二二年			
		Fourth quarter 第四季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Third quarter 第三季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Second quarter 第二季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	First quarter 第一季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元
(LOSS)/PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利				
Food and catering business	食物及餐飲業務	(13.6)	(13.8)	(54.0)	(33.9)
Food souvenir business	食品手信業務	(0.2)	2.3	(8.1)	(2.0)
Property investment business	物業投資業務	6.0	2.2	(6.7)	2.6
Other revenue, corporate payroll and unallocated	其他收益、公司薪金 及未分配開支				
expenses		(2.8)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(1.6)
Total	總計	(10.6)	(10.3)	(69.8)	(34.9)

2021 二零二一年

		Fourth quarter 第四季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Third quarter 第三季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Second quarter 第二季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	First quarter 第一季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元
(LOSS)/PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利				
Food and catering business	食物及餐飲業務	(1.8)	(15.6)	(13.2)	(26.9)
Food souvenir business	食品手信業務	(1.7)	(2.2)	(2.5)	(2.5)
Property investment business	物業投資業務	(2.8)	2.5	0.3	2.6
Other revenue, corporate payroll and unallocated	其他收益、公司薪金 及未分配開支				
expenses		(2.9)	(1.5)	(2.1)	(2.6)
Total	總計	(9.2)	(16.8)	(17.5)	(29.4)

Net Loss - Continued

Details of a breakdown of the (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company by geographical locations for the Year are as follows:

財務回顧-續 虧損淨額-續

於本年度,按地理位置劃分之本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/溢利明細詳情如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
(LOSS)/PROFIT ATTRIBL	JTABLE TO 本公司擁有人應佔 MPANY (虧損)/溢利			
Macau	澳門	(77.0)	+18.1%	(65.2)
Mainland China	中國大陸	(34.4)	+2,193.3%	(1.5)
Hong Kong	香港	(12.6)	+65.8%	(7.6)
Taiwan	台灣	(1.6)	N/A不適用	1.4
Total	總計	(125.6)	+72.2%	(72.9)

Below is a table of comparison of the results attributable to owners of the Company by geographical locations of the first, second, third and fourth quarters of 2022 and 2021:

下表比較二零二二年及二零二一年第一、第 二、第三及第四季度按地理位置劃分之本公司 擁有人應佔業績:

		2022 二零二二年			
		Fourth quarter 第四季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Third quarter 第三季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Second quarter 第二季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	First quarter 第一季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元
(LOSS)/PROFIT ATTRIBUT TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	ABLE 本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利				
Macau	澳門	(0.2)	(0.9)	(57.9)	(18.0)
Mainland China	中國大陸	(9.2)	(8.2)	(12.1)	(4.9)
Hong Kong	香港	(1.2)	(1.0)	1.1	(11.5)
Taiwan	台灣	-	(0.2)	(0.9)	(0.5)
Total	總計	(10.6)	(10.3)	(69.8)	(34.9)

Net Loss - Continued

財務回顧-續 虧損淨額-續

2021 二零二一年

		Fourth quarter 第四季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Third quarter 第三季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Second quarter 第二季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元	First quarter 第一季度 HK\$'million 百萬港元
(LOSS)/PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/溢利				
Macau	澳門	(13.2)	(14.8)	(14.8)	(22.4)
Mainland China	中國大陸	1.7	(1.8)	0.5	(1.9)
Hong Kong	香港	1.5	0.4	(3.9)	(5.6)
Taiwan	台灣	0.8	(0.6)	0.7	0.5
Total	總計	(9.2)	(16.8)	(17.5)	(29.4)

Loss per Share

The Net Ordinary Operating Loss for the Year was approximately HK\$120.3 million as compared to the last year of HK\$67.7 million. Such Net Ordinary Operating Loss for the Year was mainly due to the various losses mentioned above.

Set out below are the Net Ordinary Operating Loss with Net Ordinary Operating Loss ratio (Net Ordinary Operating Loss against turnover) for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021:

每股虧損

於本年度,普通經營虧損淨額約為120,300,000 港元,而去年則為67,700,000港元。本年度錄 得有關普通經營虧損淨額主要由於上述各項虧 損所致。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之普通經營虧損淨額及普通經營虧損淨 額比率(普通經營虧損淨額相對營業額)載列如 下:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2022 二零二二年	Change 變動	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'million	%	HK\$'million
		百萬港元	百分比	百萬港元
Net Ordinary Operating Loss	普通經營虧損淨額	(120.3)	+77.7%	(67.7)
Net Ordinary Operating Loss against turnover ratio (%)	普通經營虧損淨額相對營業額比率(%)	(42.2)%	-28.0%	(14.2)%

Loss per Share - Continued

The loss per Share of the Company for the Year was some HK18.09 cents as compared to HK10.51 cents for the year of 2021. The Group's loss per Share for the years 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

財務回顧 - 續 每股虧損 - 續

本公司於本年度之每股虧損約為18.09港仙,而二零二一年則為10.51港仙。本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年之每股虧損如下:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2022	Change	2021
		二零二二年	變動	二零二一年
		HK cents	%	HK cents
		港仙	百分比	港仙
Loss per share – basic	每股虧損-基本	(18.09)	+72.2%	(10.51)

The loss per Share of the Company based on the Net Ordinary Operating Loss for the Year was some HK17.33 cents as compared to HK9.75 cents for the year of 2021. Below is the loss per Share based on the Net Ordinary Operating Loss for the years 2022 and 2021:

於本年度,本公司按照普通經營虧損淨額計算 之每股虧損約為17.33港仙,而二零二一年則為 每股虧損9.75港仙。下表載列於二零二二年及 二零二一年按照普通經營虧損淨額計算之每股 虧損:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2022 二零二二年	Change 變動	2021 二零二一年
		HK cents 港仙	% 百分比	HK cents 港仙
Net Ordinary Operating Loss per share – basic	每股普通經營虧損 淨額-基本	(17.33)	+77.7%	(9.75)

Cash Flows

The cash outflow from operating activities of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 was approximately HK\$5.4 million as compared to the cash inflow of 2021 of HK\$34.9 million. The Group's cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities for the years 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

財務回顧-續

現金流量

本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之經營活動現金流出約為5,400,000港元,而二零二一年則為現金流入34,900,000港元。本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年之經營活動現金(流出)/流入如下:

For the year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
Cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	經營活動現金(流出)/流入	(5.4)	N/A 不適用	34.9

Net Current Liabilities

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has recognized on its balance sheet a total right-of-use assets of HK\$43.3 million and a total lease liabilities of HK\$50.2 million, in which lease liabilities payable within one year were HK\$26.0 million that were recognized as current liabilities with considerable adverse impact on the Group's net current assets level as shown below. The net current liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2022 were approximately HK\$178.5 million, details of which are set out as follows:

流動負債淨額

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團於其資產負債表確認使用權資產總額43,300,000港元及租賃負債總額50,200,000港元,其中,須於一年內償還之租賃負債26,000,000港元已確認為流動負債,對本集團流動資產淨額水平之重大不利影響載於下文。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團流動負債淨額約為178,500,000港元,詳情載列如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
Total current assets Total current liabilities without lease liabilities under HKFRS 16	流動資產總額 根據香港財務報告準則 第16號未計租賃負債之	84.5	-27.2%	116.0
	流動負債總額 ————————————————————————————————————	(237.0)	+5.1%	(225.4)
Net current liabilities without lease liabilities under HKFRS 16	根據香港財務報告準則 第16號未計租賃負債之 流動負債淨額	(152.5)	+39.4%	(109.4)
Current portion of lease liabilities under HKFRS 16 (note)	根據香港財務報告準則 第16號租賃負債之 流動部分(附註)	(26.0)	-51.7%	(53.8)
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(178.5)	+9.4%	(163.2)

Note: Please refer to note 33 to the Financial Statements on pages 191 and 192 of this annual report.

附註: 請參閱本年報第191及192頁之財務報表附註33。

Net Current Liabilities - Continued

In view of the net current liabilities as at 31 December 2022, the net loss and net operating cash outflow for the Year, the going concern assumption made in relation to the basis of preparation of the Group's financial statements for the Year is stated in the note 3(b) to the Financial Statements of this annual report.

Net Assets

The net assets of the Group as at 31 December 2022 were approximately HK\$295.5 million, representing a decrease of approximately 27.0% as compared to those of HK\$404.8 million for the year of 2021. The decrease in net assets was mainly attributable to the Group's loss attributable to owners of the Company of some HK\$125.6 million for the Year. The net assets and net assets per Share of the Group as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

財務回顧-續

流動負債淨額-續

就二零二二年十二月三十一日之流動負債淨額、年內虧損淨額及經營現金流出淨額而言, 就本集團本年度財務報表編製基準所作出之持 續經營假設載於本年報財務報表附註3(b)。

資產淨額

本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日之資產 淨額約為295,500,000港元,較二零二一年 404,800,000港元下降約27.0%。有關降幅乃主 要歸因於本年度本公司擁有人應佔本集團虧損 約125,600,000港元。本集團於二零二二年及二 零二一年十二月三十一日之資產淨額及每股資 產淨額如下:

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

			M 1 = M = 1		
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	
Net assets	資產淨額	295.5	-27.0%	404.8	
		HK\$ 港元	% 百分比	HK\$ 港元	
Net assets per Share – basic	每股資產淨額-基本	0.426	-27.0%	0.583	

OPERATIONS REVIEW

During the Year, the Group's principal activities were in the sales of food and catering, food souvenir and property investment.

Food and Catering Business

The operational financials of the Group's food and catering business for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

營運回顧

於本年度,本集團的主要業務為銷售食物及餐 飲、食品手信以及物業投資。

食物及餐飲業務

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團食物及餐飲業務之經營財務數 據如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
Turnover Cost of sales	營業額 銷售成本	220.4 (70.3)	-45.2% -44.3%	402.2 (126.1)
Gross margin Direct operating expenses	毛利 直接經營開支	150.1 (182.4)	-45.6% -34.8%	276.1 (279.9)
Gross operating loss	經營毛損	(32.3)	+750.0%	(3.8)
Gross operating loss margin (%)	經營毛損率(%)	(14.7)%	-13.8%	(0.9)%
Loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔虧損	(115.3)	+100.5%	(57.5)

During the Year, the Group's food and catering business contributed some HK\$220.4 million turnover representing about 77.3% of turnover of the Group. The decrease in turnover for the Group's food and catering business was mainly attributable to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and closure of restaurants. More details on this business are set out in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" on pages 6 to 10 of this annual report.

於本年度,本集團食物及餐飲業務貢獻營業額約220,400,000港元,佔本集團營業額約77.3%。本集團食物及餐飲業務營業額之減少乃主要歸因於2019新型冠狀病毒疫情及餐廳關閉的影響。有關此業務之更多詳情載於本年報第6至10頁之「主席報告」一節。

OPERATIONS REVIEW – *Continued* Food and Catering Business – *Continued*

Restaurant Chain

Analysis of the number of restaurants as at 30 March 2023 (being the date of this annual report), 31 December 2022 and 2021 are listed as follows:

營運回顧-續 食物及餐飲業務-續

連鎖餐廳

於二零二三年三月三十日(本年報日期)、二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日之餐廳數目分析載列如下:

		As at the date		December 三十一日
		of this report 於本報告日期	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Number of restaurants	餐廳數目			
Japanese restaurants (note a)	日式餐廳(附註a)	5	5	8
Chinese restaurants (note b)	中式餐廳(附註b)	4	4	4
Western restaurants (note c)	西式餐廳(附註c)	1	1	4
Food court counters (note d)	美食廣場櫃位(附註d)	10	10	19
Franchise restaurants (note e)	特許經營餐廳(附註e)	10	10	12
		30	30	47
Industrial catering (note f)	工業餐飲(附註f)	1	1	1
		31	31	48
Total areas of self-owned and franchise	自家擁有餐廳及特許經營餐廳之	54,135	54,262	131,108
restaurants (sq.ft.)	總面積(平方呎)	sq.ft.	sq.ft.	sq.ft.
· · ·		平方呎	平方呎	· 平方呎
Turnover against total areas of restaurants	營業額相對餐廳總面積	Not applicable	HK\$4,062	HK\$3,068
(per sq.ft. per annum)	(每年每平方呎)	不適用	4,062港元	3,068港元

OPERATIONS REVIEW – *Continued* Food and Catering Business – *Continued*

Restaurant Chain - Continued

Note a: As at 31 December 2022, Japanese restaurants included 3 Edo Japanese Restaurants, 1 Senkizen Japanese Restaurant and 1 Musashi Japanese Restaurant.

Note b: As at 31 December 2022, Chinese restaurants included 1 Turtle Essence, 1 Shiki Hot Pot Restaurant and 2 Good Fortune Kitchens.

Note c: As at 31 December 2022, Western restaurants included 1 Azores Restaurant.

Note d: As at 31 December 2022, food court counters included 2 Toei Delights Japanese food court counters, 1 Hundred Taste Kitchen Taiwanese food court counter, 1 "Canton Roast" food court counter, 1 Bari-Uma & Sinsaeat Kitchen food court counter and 5 food court counters-Food Playground.

Note e: As at 31 December 2022, franchise restaurants included 2 Pacific Coffee shops, 3 Pepper Lunch, 4 Bari-Uma ramen and 1 Fu-Un-Maru.

Note f: As at 31 December 2022, industrial catering included 1 student/staff canteen.

營運回顧-續 食物及餐飲業務-續

連鎖餐廳-續

附註a: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,日式餐廳包括3間江 戶日本料理、1間千喜膳日式料理及1間武藏日式料理。

附註b: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,中式餐廳包括1間龜 盅補、1間四季火鍋餐廳及2間百福小廚。

附註c: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,西式餐廳包括1間亞 蘇爾餐廳。

附註d: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,美食廣場櫃位包括2 個東瀛十八番日式美食廣場櫃位、1個百味坊台式料 理台灣美食廣場櫃位、1個「粵爐」美食廣場櫃位、1 個広島霸嗎拉麵及Sinsaeat Kitchen美食廣場櫃位及5 個Food Playground美食廣場櫃位。

附註e: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,特許經營餐廳包括 2間太平洋咖啡店、3間胡椒廚房、4間広島霸嗎拉麵 及1間風雲丸。

附註f: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,工業餐飲包括1間學生/職員飯堂。

OPERATIONS REVIEW – *Continued* Food and Catering Business – *Continued*

Restaurant Chain - Continued

During the Year, the Group opened 1 Chinese restaurant and closed down 7 self-owned restaurants, 2 franchise restaurants and 9 food court counters. As at 31 December 2022, the Group had 21 restaurants (including 11 self-owned restaurants and 10 franchise restaurants) and 10 food court counters.

Analysis of the number of restaurants and food court counters by geographical locations for the years 2022 and 2021 are listed as follows:

營運回顧-續 食物及餐飲業務-續

連鎖餐廳-續

於本年度,本集團開設1間中式餐廳,關閉7間 自家擁有餐廳、2間特許經營餐廳及9個美食廣 場櫃位。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集 團擁有21間餐廳(包括11間自家擁有餐廳及10 間特許經營餐廳)及10個美食廣場櫃位。

於二零二二年及二零二一年按地理位置劃分之 餐廳及美食廣場櫃位數目之分析載列如下:

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		2022 二零二二年	
Number of restaurants	餐廳數目		
Macau	澳門	13	15
Mainland China	中國大陸	4	6
Hong Kong	香港	4	7
Taiwan	台灣		- 1
Total	總計	21	29

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

Number of food court counters	美食廣場櫃位數目		1	
Macau	澳門	3	8	
Hong Kong	香港	7	11	
Total	總計	10	19	

Details of the Group's restaurants are set out in the section headed "List of Restaurants/Food Court Counters/Stores" on pages 217 to 223 of this annual report.

本集團之餐廳詳情載於本年報第217至223頁之 「餐廳/美食廣場櫃位/店舖一覽表」一節。

OPERATIONS REVIEW – *Continued* Food and Catering Business – *Continued*

Industrial Catering

The Group's industrial catering business derives from its provision of canteen services and lunch box catering services for school with a modest turnover of some HK\$17.3 million for the Year, representing an increase of 54.5%, as compared to that of HK\$11.2 million for the year of 2021. The increase in turnover of industrial catering business was mainly attributable to the increase in provision of lunch box catering services to various schools. More details on this business are set out in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" on pages 6 to 10 of this annual report.

Food Wholesale

The Group's wholesale business of Japanese food and materials incurred a loss for the Year with turnover of some HK\$12.7 million, representing a decrease of some 22.6% as compared to that of HK\$16.4 million for the year of 2021. The decrease in turnover of food wholesale business was mainly attributable to the negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. More details on this business are set out in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" on pages 6 to 10 of this annual report.

Food Souvenir Business

The operational financials of the Group's food souvenir business for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

營運回顧-續 食物及餐飲業務-*續*

工業餐飲

於本年度,本集團之工業餐飲業務來自其為學校提供之飯堂服務及午膳服務,其營業額尚可,約為17,300,000港元,較二零二一年的11,200,000港元上升54.5%。工業餐飲業務營業額之增幅乃主要歸因於為各學校提供午膳服務增加。有關此業務之更多詳情載於本年報第6至10頁之「主席報告」一節。

食品批發

於本年度,本集團之日本食物及食材批發業務產生虧損,營業額約為12,700,000港元,較二零二一年的16,400,000港元下跌約22.6%。食物批發業務營業額之跌幅乃主要由於2019新型冠狀病毒疫情的負面影響所致。有關此業務之更多詳情載於本年報第6至10頁之「主席報告」一節。

食品手信業務

截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團食品手信業務之經營財務數據 如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'million 百萬港元	Change 變動 % 百分比	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'million 百萬港元
Turnover Cost of sales	營業額 銷售成本	44.8 (18.7)	-15.8% -5.1%	53.2 (19.7)
Gross margin Direct operating expenses	毛利 直接經營開支	26.1 (25.9)	-22.1% -27.5%	33.5 (35.7)
Gross operating profit/(loss)	經營毛利/(毛損)	0.2	N/A 不適用	(2.2)
Gross operating profit/(loss) margin (%)	經營毛利/(毛損)率(%)	0.4%	N/A 不適用	(4.1)%
Loss attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔虧損	(8.0)	-10.1%	(8.9)

OPERATIONS REVIEW - Continued

Food Souvenir Business - Continued

The Group's food souvenir business has in the Year recorded a total turnover of some HK\$44.8 million with a loss attributable to owners of the Company of some HK\$8.0 million, as against the turnover of some HK\$53.2 million with a loss attributable to owners of the Company of some HK\$8.9 million for the year of 2021. Further details of the Group's food souvenir business are set out in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" on pages 6 to 10 of this annual report.

During the Year, the Group opened 1 Yeng Kee bakery shop and closed down 1 Yeng Kee bakery shop in Macau. Analysis of the number of Yeng Kee bakery shops/kiosks for the years 2022 and 2021 by geographical location is listed as follows:

營運回顧-續

食品手信業務-續

於本年度,本集團食品手信業務錄得總營業額約44,800,000港元,本公司擁有人應佔虧損約8,000,000港元,而二零二一年營業額約為53,200,000港元,本公司擁有人應佔虧損約為8,900,000港元。有關本集團食品手信業務之進一步詳情載於本年報第6至10頁之「主席報告」一節。

於本年度,本集團開設1間英記餅家店舖,關閉 澳門1間英記餅家店舖。於二零二二年及二零 二一年按地理位置劃分之英記餅家店舖/銷售 亭數目之分析載列如下:

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

		W 1 — /1	W 1 — 73 — 1 H	
		2022	2021	
		二零二二年	二零二一年	
Number of Yeng Kee bakery shops/kiosks	英記餅家店舖/銷售亭數目			
Macau	澳門	6	6	

Details of the Group's food souvenir shops/kiosks are set out in the section headed "List of Food Souvenir Shops/Kiosks" on pages 224 and 225 of this annual report.

有關本集團食品手信店舖/銷售亭之詳情載於本年報第224及225頁之「食品手信店/銷售亭 一覽表 |一節。

OPERATIONS REVIEW - Continued

Property Investment Business

In the Year, the Key Investment Property has made steady rental income contribution to the Group. The Group's net profit attributable to the Group's property investment business was some HK\$4.1 million for the Year, as compared to the profit of HK\$2.6 million for the year of 2021. Such profit was mainly attributable to the rental income contribution and a fair value loss on the Key Investment Property of HK\$6.0 million.

As at 31 December 2022, the Key Investment Property has been valued by an independent professional valuer at some HK\$556.0 million (31 December 2021: HK\$562.0 million). More details on this business are set out in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" on pages 6 to 10 of this annual report.

Details of the Group's properties are set out in the section headed "Group's Properties" on page 216 of this annual report.

Logistic Support and Human Resources

The Group's central food processing and logistics centre in Macau has become operational since 2018. The Group has also continued to actively enhance its logistics support including food sourcing and food processing facilities.

The management and staff teams have been reduced during the Year to some 586 (2021: 917) people in Macau, Mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan. Remuneration packages including medical plan have been and will be regularly reviewed with reference to market terms, individual qualifications, experience, duties and responsibilities. During the Year, various training activities including operational safety and management skills have been conducted to enhance operational efficiency.

DIVIDENDS

As a Net Ordinary Operating Loss was incurred by the Group for the Year, no dividend (2021: nil) has been recommended. The total dividends for the year ended 31 December 2022 is nil (2021: nil).

MATERIAL LITIGATION

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had not been involved in any material litigation or arbitration (2021: nil).

營運回顧-續

物業投資業務

主要投資物業於本年度為本集團作出穩定之租金收入貢獻。於本年度,本集團物業投資業務應佔溢利淨額約為4,100,000港元,而二零二一年溢利則為2,600,000港元。該溢利主要歸因於租金收入貢獻及主要投資物業之公允價值虧損6,000,000港元。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,主要投資物業已由獨立專業估值師進行估值,估價約為556,000,000港元(二零二一年十二月三十一日:562,000,000港元)。有關此業務之更多詳情載於本年報第6至10頁之[主席報告]一節。

有關本集團物業之詳情載於本年報第216頁之 「本集團物業」一節。

物流支援及人力資源

本集團於澳門之中央食物加工及物流中心自二 零一八年起投入營運。本集團亦已繼續積極加 強其食物採購及食物加工設施之物流支援。

於本年度,本集團縮減管理層及員工團隊,將 分佈於澳門、中國大陸、香港及台灣的人員縮 減至約586人(二零二一年:917人)。本集團已 參考市場條款、個別員工資歷、經驗、職務及 職責檢討並將定期檢討薪酬待遇(包括醫療計 劃)。於本年度,我們舉辦多項培訓活動,涉及 營運安全及管理技巧,以提高營運效率。

股息

由於本集團於本年度錄得普通經營虧損淨額,故不建議派發股息(二零二一年:無)。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度股息總額為零(二零二一年:零)。

重大訴訟

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無牽 涉任何重大訴訟或仲裁(二零二一年:無)。

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group generally finances its operations with internally generated resources, advance from its related parties and banking facilities provided by its bankers. The Group's operating cash flow was decreased considerably during the Year.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had net current liabilities of HK\$178.5 million (2021: HK\$163.2 million). As at 31 December 2022, the Group had bank deposits, bank overdraft, cash and cash equivalents totalling HK\$12.9 million (2021: HK\$23.8 million), while the Group's restricted bank deposits amounted to HK\$1.2 million (2021: HK\$6.4 million), of which nil (2021: HK\$5.0 million) has been pledged to a bank to secure one bank loan and the balance of HK\$1.2 million (2021: HK\$1.4 million) has been pledged to a bank for guarantee given in lieu of paying rental deposit.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had interest-bearing bank loans of some HK\$371.9 million (2021: HK\$385.7 million) and interest-bearing advance from a related party of HK\$13.0 million (2021: nil). The Group's borrowings are made in Hong Kong dollars and Macau Patacas. Details of the borrowings are set out in note 28 "Interest bearing borrowings" and note 27 "Amounts due to related parties" to the financial statements on pages 185 to 187 of this annual report.

The Group's gearing ratio represented by the Group's net debts (total liabilities less cash and cash equivalents) to the Group's total equity as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 was as follows:

流動資金及財務資源

本集團一般以內部產生之資源、來自關連人士 之墊款及往來銀行提供之銀行融資為其業務撥 資。本集團之經營現金流量於本年度大幅減少。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動 負債淨額為178,500,000港元(二零二一年: 163,200,000港元)。於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,本集團有銀行存款、銀行透支、現 金及等同現金項目共12,900,000港元(二零二一年:23,800,000港元),而本集團之受限制銀行 存款為1,200,000港元(二零二一年:6,400,000 港元),當中零(二零二一年:5,000,000港元) 已質押予銀行,作為一項銀行貸款的擔保,餘 款1,200,000港元(二零二一年:1,400,000港元) 則已就代替支付租金按金所提供之擔保質押予 銀行。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團有計息銀行貸款約371,900,000港元(二零二一年:385,700,000港元)以及來自一名關連人士之計息墊款13,000,000港元(二零二一年:零)。本集團之借貸以港元及澳門元為單位。有關借貸之詳情載於本年報第185至187頁之財務報表附註28「計息借貸」及附註27「應付關連人士款項」。

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團之資產負債比率(指本集團債務淨額(負 債總額減現金及等同現金項目)對本集團權益總 額之比率)如下:

As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日

	2022	Change	2021
	二零二二年	變動	二零二一年
	%	%	%
	百分比	百分比	百分比
Gearing ratio 資產負債比率	212.6	+53.0%	159.6

The increase in the Group's gearing ratio as at 31 December 2022 was mainly due to the increase of net debts and the decrease of the Group's total equity.

The ratio of the total assets against total liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2022 was 1.45 (2021: 1.59).

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團資產負 債比率上升,主要由於債務淨額增加及本集團 之權益總額減少。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團總資產 對負債總額之比率為1.45(二零二一年:1.59)。

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENT UNDER RULE 13.21 OF THE LISTING RULES

In accordance with the requirements of Rule 13.21 of the Listing Rules, the following loans and banking facilities ("Relevant Loan Agreements"), which were in existence during the Year and granted by various banks ("Lenders") to certain wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, have the following specific performance covenant of the controlling shareholder(s) of the Company:

- (i) Under each of the Relevant Loan Agreements, a specific performance covenant is imposed on Mr. Chan, being the controlling shareholder of the Company, and his associates to hold not less than 37%-40% equity interest in the Company during the term of each of the Relevant Loan Agreements.
- (ii) Failure to comply with the aforesaid covenant will constitute an event of default under each of the Relevant Loan Agreements and the Lenders shall have the right to cancel the relevant loan and/or declare all or part of outstanding amounts thereunder, together with accrued interest and all other sums payable, to be immediately due and payable.

The Relevant Loan Agreements are as follows:

(i) A banking facility letter which became effective on 15 August 2018, provides a mortgage loan, with 3 tranches in an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$222.0 million, pursuant to which two formal loan agreements with the same terms have been entered into. This mortgage loan is repayable within 5-7 years after 3 months from the date of drawdown on the terms and conditions contained therein. Mr. Chan and his associates have to hold not less than 37% equity interest in the Company during the term of this banking facility letter. As at 31 December 2022, the outstanding loan amount was approximately HK\$123.7 million (as at 31 December 2021: HK\$126.9 million).

上市規則第13.21條項下之持續披露 規定

根據上市規則第13.21條項下之規定,於本年度,已存在且已獲多間銀行(「貸款人」)向本公司若干全資附屬公司授出之貸款及銀行融資(「有關貸款協議」)如下,當中包括下列本公司控股股東特定履約契諾:

- (i) 根據各有關貸款協議,已向本公司控股股東陳先生及其聯繫人士施加特定履約契諾,規定彼等於各有關貸款協議年期須持有不少於本公司37%至40%之股權。
- (ii) 倘未能遵守上述契諾,根據各有關貸款 協議,則會構成違約事件,而貸款人將 有權取消相關貸款及/或宣佈該貸款項 下全部或部分未償還金額連同應計利息 及所有其他應付款項將即時到期並須予 償還。

有關貸款協議如下:

(i) 一份銀行融資函件,其於二零一八年八 月十五日生效,分三批提供總額約為 222,000,000港元之按揭貸款,據此, 已訂立兩份條款相同之正式貸款協議。 該按揭貸款須自提取貸款當日起計三個 月後於五至七年內根據該等協議所載條 款及條件償還。於該銀行融資函件之年 期內,陳先生及其聯繫人士須持有本 公司不少於37%股權。於二零二二年 十二月三十一日,未償還貸款金額約為 123,700,000港元(於二零二一年十二月 三十一日:126,900,000港元)。

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENT UNDER RULE 13.21 OF THE LISTING RULES - Continued

(ii) A banking facility letter which became effective on 30 April 2021, provides a mortgage loan and a bank overdraft facility, with 3 tranches in an aggregate amount of MOP284.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$275.7 million), of which 2 tranches amounted MOP264.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$256.3 million) is repayable within 7 years from the date of the facility letter and the remaining 1 tranche amounted MOP20.0 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$19.4 million) is repayable on demand, and is made available on the terms and conditions therein. Mr. Chan and his associates have to hold not less than 40% equity interest in the Company during the term of this banking facility letter. As at 31 December 2022, the outstanding loan amount was approximately HK\$237.3 million (as at 31 December 2021: HK\$239.5 million).

As at 31 December 2022, the total outstanding bank loans with the abovementioned specific performance covenant were some HK\$361.0 million (as at 31 December 2021: HK\$366.4 million). If there is a breach of the abovementioned specific performance covenant by Mr. Chan and his associates, the Lenders will have the right to (i) declare all these loans due to the Lenders thereunder and any other loan documents containing a similar specific performance covenant on Mr. Chan and his associates (together with any sum and accrued interest payable) to become immediately due and payable; and (ii) cancel all other remaining bank facilities thereunder with the Lenders. As at 31 December 2022, Mr. Chan and his associates held 41.31% of the existing issued share capital of the Company. The Company shall continue to comply with its disclosure requirement and reporting obligations under the Listing Rules for so long as circumstances giving rise to such obligation continue to exist.

上市規則第13.21條項下之持續披露 規定-續

一份銀行融資函件,其於二零二一 (ii) 年四月三十日生效,分三批提供總 額 為 284,000,000 澳門元(相當於約 275,700,000港元)之按揭貸款及銀行透 支融資,其中兩批為264,000,000澳門元 (相當於約256,300,000港元)須自融資 函件日期起計七年內償還,而餘下一批 20,000,000澳門元(相當於約19,400,000 港元)之貸款應按要求並根據其中所載 條款及條件償還。於該銀行融資函件之 年期內,陳先生及其聯繫人士須持有本 公司不少於40%股權。於二零二二年 十二月三十一日,未償還貸款金額約為 237,300,000港元(於二零二一年十二月 三十一日:239,500,000港元)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,載有上述特定履約契諾之未償還銀行貸款總額約361,000,000港元(於二零二一年十二月三十一日:366,400,000港元)。倘陳先生及其聯繫人治違反上述特定履約契諾,則貸款人將有權(i)宣之佈根據契諾及載有有關陳先生及其聯繫人將有權(對定履約契諾之任何其他貸款文件,應及類別,也與資款人之所有該等貸款連同任何應付款內政之所有該等貸款連同任何應付款內政之所有該等貸款連同任何應付款內政之所有該等貸款連同任何應付款內政之所有支援。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,陳先生及其聯繫人士持有本公司現有已發行股本之41.31%。只要引致披露規定及申報責任。

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

The Group's capital expenditures on the acquisitions of investment properties and property, plant and equipment for the Year were nil (2021: nil) and approximately HK\$12.7 million (2021: HK\$3.9 million) respectively.

The Group's capital expenditures on the acquisitions of trademark, franchise and royalties for the Year were nil (2021: nil), nil (2021: nil) and nil (2021: HK\$0.4 million) respectively.

CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group has pledged its investment properties in Macau to a bank in Macau to secure one (2021: one) mortgage loan and one (2021: one) bank overdraft facilities. The Group has also pledged two land and buildings in Macau to another bank in Macau to secure two mortgage loans. The Group has also as at that date pledged bank deposits to banks in respect of its bank guarantee given in lieu of paying rental deposit. As at 31 December 2021, the Group has also pledged a bank deposit in Hong Kong to a bank in Hong Kong to secure one bank loan. Other than that, the Group did not have any charges on assets.

Details of the charges on assets are set out in note 22 "Restricted Bank Deposits" to the financial statements on page 182 of this annual report and note 28 "Interest Bearing Borrowings" to the financial statements on pages 186 and 187 of this annual report.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any contingent liabilities (2021: nil).

CURRENCY EXPOSURE

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any outstanding hedging instrument. The Group would continue to monitor closely its foreign currency exposure and requirements and to arrange for hedging facilities when necessary.

資本開支

於本年度,本集團就收購投資物業以及物業、廠房及設備之資本開支分別為零(二零二一年:零)及約12,700,000港元(二零二一年:3,900,000港元)。

於本年度,本集團就收購商標、特許經營權及專利權之資本開支分別為零(二零二一年:零)、零(二零二一年:零)及零(二零二一年:400,000港元)。

本集團資產抵押

於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團已質押其位於澳門之投資物業予一間澳門銀行,作為一項(二零二一年:一項)按揭資的擔保。本集團亦已質押位於澳門之兩幅生對資的投票。本集團亦已質押位於澳門之兩幅對對方,作為兩項按揭資的及的擔保。本集團亦已於該日就代替支付租金的企業,本集團亦已於該日就代替支付租金的企業,本集團亦已於該日就代替支付租金的企業,本集團亦已於香港之銀行存款予一間香港銀行,作為一項領資。除此之外,本集團並無任何資產抵押。

有關資產抵押之詳情載於本年報第182頁之財務報表附註22「受限制銀行存款」及本年報第186及187頁之財務報表附註28「計息借貸」。

或然負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任 何或然負債(二零二一年:無)。

貨幣風險

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任 何尚未結算之對沖工具。本集團將繼續密切監 察其外幣風險及需要,並會在必要時作出對沖 安排。

CHANGES IN THE GROUP'S COMPOSITION

The Group had no material changes in its composition during the Year.

EMPLOYEES

The Group employed, as at 31 December 2022, a total of 586 (2021: 917) full-time staff, in which 410 (2021: 574) full-time staff in Macau, 72 (2021: 183) full-time staff in Mainland China, 104 (2021: 146) full-time staff in Hong Kong and nil (2021: 14) full-time staff in Taiwan. The remuneration policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the remuneration committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence, while the detailed remuneration packages for the employees are determined by the management based on their performance.

An employee share option scheme of the Company was adopted on 8 June 2012 and effective for a period of 10 years since the date of adoption. Such scheme was expired during the Year. Details of the retirement benefits schemes of the Group are set out in notes 4(n) and 41 to the financial statements of this annual report. The contributions to the retirement schemes charged to the consolidated income statement during the Year was approximately HK\$3.4 million (2021: HK\$4.5 million), after deducting forfeitures of approximately HK\$1.1 million (2021: HK\$4.4 million). As at 31 December 2022, forfeited contributions available to reduce future contributions amounted to approximately HK\$1.3 million (as at 31 December 2021: HK\$0.8 million).

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of shareholders of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 25 May 2023 to Wednesday, 31 May 2023 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered, for the purpose of ascertaining Shareholders' eligibility to attend and vote at the 2023 AGM. The record date for the 2023 AGM shall be 31 May 2023. In order to qualify as shareholders of the Company to attend, act and vote at the 2023 AGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 24 May 2023.

本集團成員公司變動

於本年度,本集團之成員公司概無任何重大變動。

僱員

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團合共聘用586名(二零二一年:917名)全職員工,當中在澳門、中國大陸、香港及台灣分別聘用410名(二零二一年:574名)、72名(二零二一年:183名)、104名(二零二一年:146名)及零(二零二一年:14名)全職員工。薪酬委員會按照本集團僱員之優點、資歷及能力制定本集團僱員 款酬政策,而管理層則按照該等僱員之表現釐定其具體薪酬待遇。

本公司之僱員購股權計劃已於二零一二年六月八日獲採納,自採納日期起計十年期間生效。該計劃已於本年度屆滿。本集團退休福利計劃之詳情載於本年報中財務報表附註4(n)及41。於本年度在綜合收益表扣除之退休計劃供款約為3,400,000港元(二零二一年:4,500,000港元),已扣除已沒收款項約1,100,000港元(二零二一年:4,400,000港元)。於二零二二年十二月三十一日,可用作減少未來供款之已沒收供款約為1,300,000港元(於二零二一年十二月三十一日:800,000港元)。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS - Continued

Even though all mandatory mask-wearing requirements and social distancing measure relating to COVID-19 pandemic were lifted in the first quarter of 2023, the Company still recommends the Shareholders intending to attend the 2023 AGM to vote by filling in and submitting the proxy form, i.e. to indicate their voting intention in the proxy form and designate the chairman of the 2023 AGM as your proxy to vote on your behalf on site. The form of proxy will be despatched to Shareholders and can also be downloaded from the Stock Exchange's website at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company's website at www.fb.com.hk. To be valid, the form of proxy must be deposited at the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the 2023 AGM or any adjourned meeting, as the case may be.

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the consolidated results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 215 of this annual report.

暫停辦理股份過戶登記-續

五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之綜合業績及資產與 負債概要載於本年報第215頁。

Profile of Directors

董事一覽

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny, aged 63, joined the Group in October 2004. He is the chairman of the Group and focuses on overall corporate development and strategic direction of the Group. He is the holder of a bachelor degree in business administration from the University of Toronto, Canada. He has over 32 years of experience in the trading business. He is a younger brother of the Company's managing director, Mr. Chan Chak Mo.

Mr. Chan Chak Mo, aged 71, joined the Group in March 2004. He is the managing director of the Group and is responsible for all daily management of the Group. He has over 36 years of experience in investment and the management of various kinds of business including hotels, restaurants and entertainment centers in Hong Kong and Macau. He is both a member of the Legislative Assembly and Executive Council of Macau Special Administrative Region. He holds a bachelor degree and a master degree in business administration.

Ms. Leong In Ian, aged 55, joined the Group in March 2004. She has over 26 years of experience in the accounting and finance fields and has obtained an associate diploma of business and accounting from TAFF Technical College, Western Australia. She is in charge of the accounting departments of the Group in Macau, Mainland China and Taiwan.

執行董事

陳思杰先生,63歲,於二零零四年十月加入本集團。彼為本集團主席,專注本集團之整體企業發展與策略路向。彼持有加拿大多倫多大學頒發之工商管理學士學位,擁有逾三十二年貿易業務經驗。彼為本公司董事總經理陳澤武先生之胞弟。

陳澤武先生,71歲,於二零零四年三月加入本集團。彼為本集團之董事總經理,負責本集團一切日常管理工作。彼於香港及澳門之各類業務投資及管理方面擁有逾三十六年經驗,其中包括酒店、餐廳及遊樂中心。彼亦為澳門特別行政區立法會及行政會成員。彼持有工商管理學士學位及碩士學位。

梁衍茵女士,55歲,於二零零四年三月加入本集團。彼於會計及財務領域擁有逾二十六年經驗,並自西澳洲TAFF Technical College獲得商業及會計專科文憑。彼負責管理本集團於澳門、中國大陸及台灣之會計部門。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Cheung Hon Kit, aged 69, joined the Group as an independent non-executive Director in April 2004. He graduated from the University of London with a bachelor of arts degree and has over 43 years of experience in real estate development, property investment and corporate finance, holding key executive positions in various leading property development companies in Hong Kong. He is the chairman and an executive director of ITC Properties Group Limited (00199.HK) which is a public company listed on the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln, aged 68, joined the Group as an independent non-executive Director in December 2004. He graduated from the University of Western Ontario, Canada with a bachelor degree in economics and had undergone training in dyestuffs technology at Bayer AG and Hoechst AG in Germany. He is the Vice President of Hong Kong Sports Association for the Physically Disabled, the Founding Vice President of Hong Kong Organ Transplant Foundation and is the Vice President of the Hong Kong Dyestuffs Merchants Association Limited. He also actively participates in many charitable organisations and is Vice Patron, General Donations/Special Events Organising Committee Chairman and campaign committee member of the Community Chest of Hong Kong.

Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso, aged 76, joined the Group as an independent non-executive Director in April 2008. He holds a bachelor degree in accountancy. He has over 42 years of experience in the financial and accounting industries. He is the sole owner of Chan Pak Cheong (Auditor) Accountant Office, an accounting and auditing firm, and has been a Certified Public Accountant for more than 42 years and acted as the vice director and the vice president of Macau Society of Accountants during the years from 1980 to 2008 and from 2008 to 2018 respectively. He acted as a Commissioner of the Finance Department of Macau – Commission of the Revision of Profit Tax for the years from 1984 to 1996, and from 2011 to 2014 and also the year of 2018, as well as one of the Examination Commissioners of the Commission of Registry of the Auditors and the Accountants for the years from 2006 to 2011. He is an independent non-executive director of ITC Properties Group Limited (00199.HK) which is a public company listed on the Stock Exchange.

獨立非執行董事

張漢傑先生,69歲,於二零零四年四月加入本集團擔任獨立非執行董事。彼畢業於倫敦大學,持有文學士學位,於房地產開發、物業投資及企業融資方面擁有逾四十三年經驗,於香港多家知名物業發展公司擔任主要行政職位。彼為於聯交所上市之公眾公司德祥地產集團有限公司(00199.HK)之主席兼執行董事。

余錦遠先生,68歲,於二零零四年十二月加入本集團擔任獨立非執行董事。彼畢業於加拿大西安大略省大學,持有經濟學學士學位,曾於德國Bayer AG及Hoechst AG接受染料技術培訓。彼為香港傷殘人士體育協會副會長、新官移植基金會創會副主席及香港染料同慈善高會有限公司副會長。彼亦熱心參與多個慈善捐為香港公益金之名譽副會長、一般捐款及特別籌款項目籌劃委員會主席及籌募委員。

Profile of Senior Management

高級管理人員一覽

Mr. Iu Hon Keong, Steven, is the food & beverage operations director of Macau and responsible for the management and operation of restaurants in Macau. He joined the Group in January 2020. He holds a diploma of hotel management from Macao Polytechnic University. He has over 28 years of experience from various hotels and theme parks in Macau, food and beverage, conference, exhibition, sales and marketing, and catering operation management.

Mr. Tsui Wai Hung, is the general manager (operations) of Hong Kong and responsible for the management and operation of restaurants in Hong Kong. He joined the Group in March 2020. He holds an advance diploma of food business management from HKU SPACE. He has over 30 years of experience in food and beverage industry and served in senior management of various listed companies in the catering business in Hong Kong.

Ms. Jodie Chan, is the head of business development of the Group and responsible for seeking growth opportunities in local and international markets. She joined the Group in 2020. She holds a bachelor degree in business management from Cass Business School (now known as Bayes Business School) and Diplôme de Cuisine and Diploma in Culinary Management qualifications from Le Cordon Bleu. She has experience in culinary arts, management and operations. She is a daughter of the Company's managing director, Mr. Chan Chak Mo.

Ms. Lam Wing Yan, Winifred, is the associate director in investor relations and corporate finance of the Group and responsible for corporate finance, business development and investor relations. She joined the Group in April 2004 and holds a bachelor degree in commerce from the University of Toronto, Canada. She has over 23 years of experience in banking, finance and management with various listed companies in Hong Kong.

Mr. Leung Hon Fai, is the financial controller and the company secretary of the Group. He joined the Group in March 2004. He is a qualified accountant and holds a honour diploma of accountancy from Lingnan University. He is currently an associate member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has over 27 years of extensive experience in the accounting field.

Mr. Tong Ka Wai, Donald, is the IT director of the Group. He is responsible for the management and development of information system and network security of the Group. He joined the Group in March 2004. He holds a bachelor degree of computer studies from Macau Polytechnic Institute and a master degree in business administration from Murdoch University of Australia.

余漢强先生,為澳門餐飲業務總監,負責澳門 餐廳之管理及營運。彼於二零二零年一月加入 本集團,持有澳門理工大學酒店管理文憑。彼 於澳門各類酒店及主題公園、餐飲、會議、展 覽、銷售及營銷以及餐飲營運管理方面擁有逾 二十八年經驗。

崔偉雄先生,為香港(營運)總經理,負責香港餐廳之管理及營運。彼於二零二零年三月加入本集團。彼持有香港大學專業進修學院之食品業務管理高級文憑,擁有逾三十年餐飲行業經驗,且曾在香港餐飲業的多家上市公司擔任高級管理層。

陳希敏女士,為本集團之業務發展主管,負責物色本地及國際市場之發展機遇。彼於二零二零年加入本集團。彼持有卡斯商學院(現稱貝葉斯商學院)之商業管理學士學位以及藍帶學院之烹飪文憑及烹飪管理資格文憑,擁有烹飪藝術、管理及營運經驗。彼為本公司董事總經理陳澤武先生之女。

林穎欣女士,為本集團之投資者關係及企業融資部副總監,負責企業融資、業務發展及投資者關係事宜。彼於二零零四年四月加入本集團,持有加拿大多倫多大學商業學士學位。彼於香港多家上市公司服務並積逾二十三年銀行、財務及管理經驗。

梁漢輝先生,為本集團之財務總監兼公司秘書。彼於二零零四年三月加入本集團,彼為合資格會計師及持有嶺南大學頒授之會計學榮譽文憑。彼現為香港會計師公會會員。彼於會計行業擁有逾二十七年廣泛經驗。

唐家威先生,為本集團之資訊科技總監。彼負責管理及發展本集團資訊系統及網絡安全。彼於二零零四年三月加入本集團。彼持有澳門理工學院電腦學學士學位及澳洲梅鐸大學工商管理碩士學位。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

The Directors present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the Year.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company continues to be investment holding.

And the principal activities and other particulars of the Group are set out in note 35 to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The financial performance of the Group for the Year and the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022 are set out in the financial statements on pages 117 to 214.

The Directors do not recommend for the payment of dividend (2021: nil), totalling of nil (2021: nil), in respect of the Year. Further details of the dividends declared (if any) during the Year are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

Details of movement in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The aggregate sales during the Year attributable to the Group's five largest customers were less than 30.0% of the Group's total sales. During the Year, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers were less than 30.0% of the Group's total purchases.

At no time during the Year have the Directors, their associates or any shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any interest in these major customers and suppliers.

董事謹此提呈彼等於本年度之年報及經審核綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司之主要業務繼續為投資控股。

本集團之主要業務及其他詳情載於財務報表附 註35。

財務報表及撥款

本集團於本年度之財務表現以及本集團於二零 二二年十二月三十一日之財務狀況載於第117至 214頁的財務報表。

董事不建議就本年度派付股息(二零二一年:無),總計為零(二零二一年:零)。有關本年度股息宣派(如有)之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註16。

股本

於本年度,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

本公司股本於本年度之變動詳情載於財務報表 附註31。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度,本集團五大客戶應佔銷售總額不足本集團銷售總額之30.0%。於本年度,本集團五大供應商應佔採購總額不足本集團採購總額之30.0%。

於本年度之任何時間,概無董事、彼等之聯繫 人士或據董事所知擁有本公司股本逾5%之本公 司任何股東於該等主要客戶及供應商之中擁有 任何權益。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year and up to date of this report were as follows:

Executive directors:

Chan Chak Mo ("Mr. Chan") (Managing Director) Chan See Kit, Johnny (Chairman) Leong In Ian

Independent non-executive directors:

Cheung Hon Kit Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln Chan Pak Cheong Afonso

In accordance with clause 99 of the Bye-laws, Ms. Leong In Ian and Mr. Cheung Hon Kit will retire from office by rotation as Directors at the 2023 AGM. Ms. Leong In Ian, being eligible, will offer herself for re-election as executive Director. Mr. Cheung Hon Kit will not offer himself for re-election at the 2023 AGM and will retire as an independent non-executive Director with effect from conclusion of the 2023 AGM. Mr Cheung Hon Kit will also resign as a member of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee with effect from conclusion of the 2023 AGM. Mr. Cheung Hon Kit has confirmed that he has no disagreement with the Board and there are no matters in relation to his retirement that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders.

Each of the remaining independent non-executive Directors has been appointed for a term of one year commencing on date of appointment and thereafter for further successive periods of one year until terminated by not less than one month's written notice served by either party on the other.

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the 2023 AGM has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not terminable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions" on pages 104 to 106 of this report, no contracts of significance to which the Company, its subsidiaries or any of its fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director is or was materially interested, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during or at the end of the Year.

董事

於本年度及直至本報告日期之董事如下:

執行董事:

陳澤武(「陳先生」*(董事總經理)*) 陳思杰*(主席)* 梁衍茵

獨立非執行董事:

張漢傑 余錦遠 陳百祥

根據公司細則第99條,梁衍茵女士及張漢傑 先生將於二零二三年股東週年大會輪席退任董 事職務。梁衍茵女士符合資格並將重選連任執 行董事。張漢傑先生將不會於二零二三年股東 週年大會上重選連任,並將辭任獨立非執行董 事職務,自二零二三年股東週年大會結束時重 效。張漢傑先生亦將辭任審核委員會、薪酬時生 效。張漢傑先生亦將辭任教。張漢傑先生已 股東週年大會結束時生效。張漢傑先生已 認,彼與董事會並無意見分歧,且並無有關其 退任之事項須提請股東垂注。

其餘各獨立非執行董事之任期由委任日期起計 為期一年,其後將逐年重續一年,直至任何一 方向另一方發出不少於一個月書面通知終止為 止。

擬於二零二三年股東週年大會上重選連任之董 事概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立不可由 本集團於一年內毋須賠償(法定賠償除外)而終 止之服務合約。

於交易、安排或合約中之重大權益

除本報告第104至106頁「持續關連交易」一節所 披露者外,於本年度內或年終時,概無存在任 何由本公司、其附屬公司或其任何同系附屬公 司作為訂約方所訂立且董事或與董事有關連之 實體於直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大合約。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and their associates in the shares and underlying shares of the Company and its associated corporations, as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers, were as follows:

Long positions 好倉

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company

本公司每股面值0.1港元之普通股

董事於股份及相關股份之權益及淡倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,按本公司根據

證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊所記錄,

董事及彼等之聯繫人士於本公司及其相聯法團

之股份及相關股份擁有之權益及淡倉,或根據

上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則已另

行知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

Name of director	Capacity	Number of ordinary shares held	Percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司
董事姓名	身份	所持普通股數目	已發行股本百分比
Mr. Chan 陳先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	249,438,422	35.92%
	Interest of controlled corporation (Note) 受控制法團權益(附註)	37,396,200	5.39%
Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln 余錦遠先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	280,200	0.04%

Note: These shares represented approximately 5.39% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 31 December 2022, of which 4.44% were held by Puregain Assets Limited, a company beneficially wholly-owned by Mr. Chan; and the balance of 0.95% was held by Cash Smart Enterprises Limited, a company which is 50% beneficially owned by Mr. Chan.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors nor their associates had any interests or short positions in any shares or underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations as at 31 December 2022.

附註: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,該等股份佔本公司已發行股本約5.39%,其中4.44%由陳先生全資實益擁有之公司Puregain Assets Limited持有,其餘0.95%由陳先生實益擁有50%權益之公司Cash Smart Enterprises Limited持有。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,概無董事或彼等之聯繫人士於本公 司或其任何相聯法團之任何股份或相關股份中 擁有任何權益或淡倉。

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company has an employee share option scheme and such scheme was expired during the year, particulars of which are set out in note 41 to the financial statements.

The Group did not enter into any share-based payment transactions during the Year.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

At no time during the Year was the Company, its subsidiaries or any of its fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, the Company or any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 December 2022, the register of substantial shareholders maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO showed that other than the interests disclosed above in respect of certain Directors and below, the Company has not been notified of any other relevant interests or short positions in the issued share capital of the Company:

Long positions

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each of the Company

購股權

本公司推行僱員購股權計劃,該計劃於本年度 屆滿,有關詳情載於財務報表附註41。

本集團於本年度並無訂立任何股份支付款項交 易。

購買股份或債券之安排

本公司、其附屬公司或其任何同系附屬公司於 本年度任何時間並無訂立任何安排,致使董事 可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份而 獲益。

主要股東

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,按本公司根據 證券及期貨條例第336條存置之主要股東名冊所 示,除上文所披露若干董事及下文之權益外, 本公司並無獲知會本公司已發行股本中有任何 其他相關權益或淡倉:

好倉

本公司每股面值0.1港元之普通股

		Number of ordinary	Percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司
Name of shareholder	Capacity	shares held	
股東姓名	身份	所持普通股數目	已發行股本百分比
Ophorst Van Marwijk Kooy Vermogensbeheer N.V.	Investment manager 投資經理	97,272,000	14.01%

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONSLease Agreement

Mr. Chan Chak Mo ("Mr. Chan") is a beneficial shareholder and an executive Director, and thus a connected person of the Company. Pursuant to a lease agreement dated 29 August 2014 ("Lease Agreement") and a series of supplementary agreements dated 14 December 2015, 9 January 2017, 28 September 2017, 27 September 2018, 26 March 2019, 30 June 2019 and 26 September 2019, 1 February 2020, 25 September 2020, 29 September 2021 and 29 September 2022 (together with the Lease Agreement, collectively the "Lease Agreements") between Mr. Chan (as landlord) and Bright Elite Gourmet Company Limited ("Bright Elite"), a subsidiary of the Company (as tenant), Bright Elite leased the shop premise located at a Em Macau, Patio Da Ameaca No. 1-A, Res-do Chao A com Sobreloja, Macau with a gross floor area of approximately 74 square meters for an initial term of three years commencing from 1 October 2014 to 30 September 2017 and extending to 30 September 2023. The monthly rentals under the Lease Agreements for the twelve months ended 30 September 2022 and the twelve months ending 30 September 2023 are HK\$120,000 and HK\$80,000 respectively. Rental relief of HK\$280,000 (2021: nil) was granted by Mr. Chan in the year ended 31 December 2022.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group paid rental of HK\$1,040,000 to Mr. Chan.

This connected transaction is fully exempted from shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules.

Particulars of this connected transaction, which is also a related party transaction, are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with HKAS 24 Related Party Disclosures. The rental of HK\$1,040,000 (2021: HK\$1,710,000) paid for the above shop premise for the Year is disclosed and included under note 36(b) to the financial statements of this annual report.

持續關連交易 租賃協議

陳澤武先生(「陳先生」)為實益股東兼執行董 事,故為本公司之關連人士。根據陳先生(作 為業主)與本公司附屬公司佳英食品有限公司 (「佳英」)(作為租客)所訂立日期為二零一四年 八月二十九日之租賃協議(「租賃協議」)及所訂 立日期為二零一五年十二月十四日、二零一七 年一月九日、二零一七年九月二十八日、二零 一八年九月二十七日、二零一九年三月二十六 日、二零一九年六月三十日及二零一九年九月 二十六日、二零二零年二月一日、二零二零年 九月二十五日、二零二一年九月二十九日及二 零二二年九月二十九日的一系列補充協議(連同 租賃協議,統稱「該等租賃協議」),佳英已租賃 位於澳門葉家圍1-A號A座地下建築面積約74平 方米之店舖物業,自二零一四年十月一日起至 二零一十年九月三十日止初步為期三年,並延 期至二零二三年九月三十日。根據該等租賃協 議,截至二零二二年九月三十日止十二個月及 截至二零二三年九月三十日止十二個月之月租 分別為120,000港元及80,000港元。截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度,由陳先生授出 的租金寬免為280.000港元(二零二一年:無)。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團向陳先生繳付租金1,040,000港元。

該關連交易獲全面豁免遵守上市規則項下之股 東批准、年度審閱及所有披露規定。

有關該關連交易(同時為關連人士交易)之詳情根據香港會計準則第24號「關連人士披露」披露於綜合財務報表。就上述店舖物業於本年度所付之租金1,040,000港元(二零二一年:1,710,000港元)披露於並納入本年報之財務報表附註36(b)。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS – ContinuedAdvertising Agreements

Pursuant to advertising contracts dated 29 September 2020, 29 September 2021 and 29 September 2022 (together with the advertising contract, collectively the "Advertising Contracts") between Mr. Chan (as Media Service Provider) and FB Group Enterprises Management Company Limited ("FBG"), a subsidiary of the Company (as advertiser), FBG had been provided with advertising services in Macau for a term of one year commencing from 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2021 and extending to 30 September 2023. The annual considerations under the Advertising Contracts for the twelve months ended 30 September 2022 and the twelve months ending 30 September 2023 are Macau Patacas ("MOP") 180,000 and MOP180,000 respectively.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group paid advertising fee of MOP180,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$175,000) to Mr. Chan.

This connected transaction is fully exempted from Shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules.

Particulars of this connected transaction, which is also a related party transaction, are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with HKAS 24 Related Party Disclosures. The advertisement fee of MOP180,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$175,000) (2021: MOP247,500 (equivalent to approximately HK\$240,000)) paid for the above advertising services for the Year is disclosed and included under note 36(c) to the financial statements of this annual report.

Loan Agreements

Pursuant to loan agreements dated 5 July 2022 and 18 November 2022 (together with the loan agreements, collectively the "Loan Agreements") between Mr. Chan (as borrower) and the Company (as lender), Mr. Chan has provided loans of HK\$13,000,000 to the Company and such loans are unsecured, repayable on demand and with interest rate of 7% per annum.

持續關連交易*–績*

廣告協議

根據陳先生(作為媒體服務供應商)與本公司附屬公司佳景集團企業管理有限公司(「佳景集團」)(作為廣告主)所訂立日期二零二零年九月二十九日及二零二年九月二十九日之廣告合約(連同廣告合約(連同廣告合約」),佳景集團已於澳門獲提供廣告服務,自二零二零年十月一日起至二零二三年九月三十日止為期一年,並延至二零二三年九月三十日止十二個月及截至二零二三年九月三十日止十二個月,該等廣告合約的年費分別為180,000澳門元(「澳門元」)及180,000澳門元。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團向陳先生支付廣告費180,000澳門元(相當於約175,000港元)。

該關連交易獲全面豁免遵守上市規則項下之股 東批准、年度審閱及所有披露規定。

該關連交易(同時為關連人士交易)之詳情根據香港會計準則第24號「關連人士披露」披露於綜合財務報表。就上述本年度廣告服務所付之廣告費180,000澳門元(相當於約175,000港元)(二零二一年:247,500澳門元(相當於約240,000港元))披露於並納入本年報之財務報表附註36(c)。

貸款協議

根據陳先生(作為借款人)與本公司(作為貸款人)所訂立日期為二零二二年七月五日及二零二二年十一月十八日之貸款協議(連同貸款協議統稱為「該等貸款協議」),陳先生已向本公司提供貸款13,000,000港元,該等貸款為無抵押、須按要求償還及按年利率7%計息。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS - Continued

Loan Agreements - Continued

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group paid interest expense of approximately HK\$371,000 to Mr. Chan.

This connected transaction is fully exempted from Shareholders' approval, annual review and all disclosure requirements under the Listing Rules.

Particulars of this connected transaction, which is also a related party transaction, are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with HKAS 24 Related Party Disclosures. The interest expense of HK\$371,000 (2021: nil) paid for the above loans for the Year is disclosed and included under note 36(e) to the financial statements of this annual report.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

A summary of the significant related party transactions which were conducted in the ordinary course of business are set out in note 36 to the financial statements.

The related party transactions mentioned in notes 36(b), 36(c) and 36(e) to the financial statements were continuing connected transactions contemplated under the Lease Agreements, the Advertising Agreements and the Loan Agreements mentioned in the "Continuing Connected Transactions" section.

The related party transactions mentioned in notes 36(a), 36(d) and 36(f) to the financial statements were not continuing connected transactions as defined in the Listing Rules.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emolument policy of the employees of the Group is set up by the remuneration committee on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the remuneration committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

The Company has adopted a share option scheme as an incentive to the Directors and eligible employees and such scheme was expired during the year, and details of the scheme are set out in note 41 to the financial statements.

持續關連交易 - 續

貸款協議-續

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團向陳先生支付利息開支約371,000港元。

該關連交易獲全面豁免遵守上市規則項下之股東批准、年度審閱及所有披露規定。

該關連交易(同時為關連人士交易)之詳情根據香港會計準則第24號[關連人士披露]披露於綜合財務報表。就上述本年度貸款所付之利息開支371,000港元(二零二一年:無)披露於並納入本年報之財務報表附註36(e)。

關連人士交易

於日常業務過程中進行之重大關連人士交易之 概要載於財務報表附註36。

財務報表附註36(b)、36(c)及36(e)所述關連人士交易乃「持續關連交易」一節所述該等租賃協議、該等廣告協議及該等貸款協議項下擬進行之持續關連交易。

財務報表附註36(a)、36(d)及36(f)所述關連人士交易並非上市規則所界定之持續關連交易。

薪酬政策

薪酬委員會根據本集團僱員之優點、資歷及工 作能力制定彼等之薪酬政策。

薪酬委員會考慮本公司經營業績、個人表現及 可資比較市場數據釐定董事薪酬。

本公司已採納購股權計劃,作為對董事及合資格僱員之獎勵,該計劃於本年度屆滿,有關計劃詳情載於財務報表附註41。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws, or the laws of Bermuda, that would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

BUSINESS MODEL

The business of the Group remains to focus its resources and efforts mainly in the different sectors of Macau markets, while, under the current outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic, its current business strategy is (i) to slow down the opening of any new restaurants or (ii) to close those underperforming restaurants in the future. The business strategy for the Group's food souvenir business is to enhance operating cost efficiency and to open up more sales channels locally and overseas to generate more revenue. The Group is also in a constant and continuous process of reviewing its business strategy and model in light of the changing business environment.

DONATIONS

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to approximately HK\$39,000 (2021: HK\$41,000).

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

The Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the Year.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company consists of three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Cheung Hon Kit, Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln and Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso. The audit committee has reviewed with the management the accounting policies as well as critical accounting estimates and assumptions with management. The audit committee has also discussed with the external auditor on their audit plan and key audit areas. The audited consolidated financial statements and the annual results announcement of the Group for the Year have been reviewed by the audit committee before submission to the Board for adoption.

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

優先購買權

公司細則或百慕達法例並無任何有關優先購買 權之條文,規定本公司須按比例向現有股東發 售新股。

業務模式

本集團業務繼續集中資源,主力投放於澳門市場不同食物及餐飲界別,而在2019新型冠狀病毒疫情爆發的情況下,其目前業務策略為(i)放慢開設新餐廳的步伐或(ii)日後關閉表現不佳的餐廳。本集團食品手信業務之業務策略則為增強營運成本效益,並開放更多本地及海外銷售渠道以產生更多收益。本集團亦因應瞬息萬變之營商環境不斷檢討其業務策略及模式。

捐款

於本年度,本集團已作出慈善及其他捐款約39.000港元(二零二一年:41.000港元)。

足夠公眾持股量

於本年度,本公司一直維持足夠公眾持股量。

審核委員會

本公司審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事張漢 傑先生、余錦遠先生及陳百祥先生組成。審核 委員會已與管理層審閱會計政策以及重大會計 估計及假設。審核委員會亦曾與外聘核數師討 論其審核計劃及主要審核範疇。本集團於本年 度之經審核綜合財務報表及全年業績公佈於呈 交董事會採納前,已由審核委員會審閱。

RISK COMMITTEE

The risk committee of the Board consists of two independent non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Chan Pak Cheong Afonso (Chairman), Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln and an executive Director, namely, Mr. Chan See Kit, Johnny. The risk committee's role is to make recommendation to the Board on the risk management framework and internal control policies. The principal duties of the risk committee include reviewing and monitoring the Company's risks (including ESG risks). The risk committee also reviews the effectiveness of the enterprise risk management function, including staffing level and qualification as well as risk reports and breaches of risk tolerances and policies from time to time.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has complied with the CG Code for the Year as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules except the following deviation:

The Company disclosed in the circular dated 20 April 2022 ("Circular") that Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln, an independent non-executive Director, will retire by rotation in the forthcoming annual general meeting and will offer himself for re-election, and that, if re-elected, Mr. Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln would have served the Board for more than 9 years. The Company, however, did not disclose the length of tenure of the other two existing independent non-executive Directors who have served the Board for more than 9 years on a named basis in the Circular in accordance with paragraph B.2.4(a) of Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules due to its inadvertent oversight of the paragraph. The Company issued a supplemental announcement on 22 April 2022 and disclosed the length of tenure of all the independent non-executive Directors who have served the Board for more than 9 years on a named basis.

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code. Having made specific enquiry with them, all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the standard set out in the Model Code and the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by directors adopted by the Company.

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has considered all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

風險委員會

董事會轄下風險委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事 陳百祥先生(主席)、余錦遠先生以及執行董事 陳思杰先生組成。風險委員會之職責為就風險 管理架構及內部監控政策向董事會作出推薦意 見。風險委員會之主要職責包括審議及監察本 公司之風險(包括環境、社會及管治風險)。風 險委員會亦會不時審閱企業風險管理職能之效 力,包括員工編製及資歷,以及風險報告及違 反風險容忍度及政策。

企業管治

除以下偏離情況外,本公司於本年度一直遵守 上市規則附錄十四所載之企業管治守則。

本公司已於日期為二零二二年四月二十日之通函(「通函」)中披露,獨立非執行董事余錦遠先生將於應屆股東週年大會上輪值告退並願意膺選連任,而如獲選,余錦遠先生將為董事會服務超過9年。然而,本公司因無意疏忽,並無根據上市規則附錄十四第B.2.4(a)段於通函中以具名方式披露另外兩名為董事會服務超過9年之明任獨立非執行董事之任期時長。本公司已於二零二二年四月二十二日刊發補充公佈,並以具名方式披露為董事會服務超過9年之所有獨立非執行董事之任期時長。

本公司已採納有關董事進行證券交易的行為守則,其條款不比標準守則所載之規定標準寬鬆。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,所有董事確認,彼等一直遵守標準守則及本公司就董事進行證券交易所採納的行為守則所載之標準。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 第3.13條就其獨立身份遞交之年度確認書。本 公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There is no significant subsequent events after the year end date of 31 December 2022.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be proposed at the 2023 AGM of the Company to reappoint the auditor, BDO Limited.

On behalf of the Directors/By order of the Directors

Chan Chak Mo
Managing Director
Hong Kong, 30 March 2023

報告日後事項

年結日二零二二年十二月三十一日後概無重大 日後事項。

核數師

本公司將於二零二三年股東週年大會上提呈決 議案,續聘香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公 司為核數師。

代表董事會/承董事會命

董事總經理 陳澤武

香港,二零二三年三月三十日

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF FUTURE BRIGHT HOLDINGS LIMITED (佳景集團有限公司)

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Future Bright Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 117 to 214, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致佳景集團有限公司之股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計載於第117至214頁佳景集團有限公司(簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表,此等綜合財務報表包括於二零二二年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度之綜合全面收益表、綜合股權變動報表及綜合現金流量表以及包括主要會計政策概要之綜合財務報表附註。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映 貴集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日之綜合財務狀況以及 貴集團截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵守香港公司條例之披露規定妥為編製。

意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們就該等準則項下承擔之責任在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔之責任」一節進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會之「職業會計師道德守則」(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已根據守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to note 3(b) to the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Group recorded a net loss of approximately HK\$127.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 and its current liabilities exceeded its current assets by approximately HK\$178.5 million as at 31 December 2022. As stated in note 3(b), these conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the "Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern" section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group had significant tangible and intangible assets on its consolidated statement of financial position, including property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$175.5 million, right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$43.3 million, goodwill of approximately HK\$56.0 million and other intangible assets of approximately HK\$10.1 million as at 31 December 2022.

Management is required to perform impairment assessment on goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives at least annually; and where indicators of impairment are identified, on the property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and other intangible assets with definite useful lives. For the purpose of assessing impairment, these assets were allocated to cash generating units ("CGUs"), and management has assessed the recoverable amount of these assets based on higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal. In carrying out the impairment assessments, significant management judgement was used to appropriately identify CGUs and to determine the key assumptions and estimations. Based on the above assessment performed, for the year ended 31 December 2022, management concluded that total impairment loss of approximately HK\$2,196,000, HK\$25,775,000, and HK\$5,000,000 were made in respect of the Group's property, plant and equipment, goodwill and other intangible assets.

有關持續經營之重大不明朗因素

我們謹請 閣下垂注綜合財務報表附註3(b),當中指出 貴集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度錄得虧損淨額約127,900,000港元,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,其流動負債超出流動資產約178,500,000港元。誠如附註3(b)所述,該等情況表明存在重大不明朗因素,可能對 貴集團的持續經營能力構成重大疑問。就此事宜而言,我們並無修訂我們的意見。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項乃根據我們專業判斷,認為對我們審計本期綜合財務報表最為重要之事項。我們於審計整體綜合財務報表及就其形成意見時處理該等事項,但不會就該等事項提供單獨意見。除「有關持續經營之重大不明朗因素」一節所述事項外,我們已確定下文所述事項為我們報告中將作通報之關鍵審計事項。

非金融資產之減值評估

貴集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日在其綜合財務狀況表內擁有重大有形及無形資產,其中包括物業、廠房及設備約175,500,000港元、使用權資產約43,300,000港元、商譽約56,000,000港元以及其他無形資產約10,100,000港元。

IMPAIRMENT ASSESSMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS - Continued

The accounting policies and disclosure for the estimation of impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, goodwill and other intangible assets are included in notes 5(b)(i), 5(b)(ii), 18, 20, 21 and 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

Our response:

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment included:

- Assessing the appropriateness of the valuation methodology;
- Assessing the appropriateness of the management's identification of CGUs based on our understanding of the Group's business;
- Assessing the reasonableness of key assumptions and estimations used:
- Reconciling the key input data to supporting evidence such as historical financial information, approved budgets and considering the reasonableness of these budgets;
- Engaging an auditor's expert to assist our assessment on the appropriateness of the methodologies and the reasonableness of the assumptions and estimations adopted in the valuation for estimating the recoverable amounts of certain CGUs and nonfinancial assets; and
- Evaluation of the competence, capabilities and objectivity of management's expert and auditor's expert.

VALUATIONS OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Management estimated the fair value of the Group's investment properties to be approximately HK\$556.0 million as at 31 December 2022, with a net fair value loss of approximately HK\$6.0 million recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. To support management's estimation of the fair value, the Group engaged an independent external valuer as the management's expert to perform valuations on the investment properties at the end of the reporting period.

Valuations of the Group's investment properties are dependent on certain key assumptions and estimations that require significant management judgement.

非金融資產之減值評估 - 續

有關物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產、商譽以及其他無形資產減值估計之會計政策及披露載於綜合財務報表附註5(b)(i)、5(b)(ii)、18、20、21及33。

我們的回應:

就管理層之減值評估而言,我們的執行程序包括:

- 評估估值方法是否適當;
- 根據我們對 貴集團業務之瞭解,評估 管理層對現金產生單位之識別是否適當;
- 評估所採用之關鍵假設及估計是否合理;
- 將關鍵輸入數據與證據(如歷史財務資料、獲批預算)進行對賬,並考慮該等預算是否合理;
- 委聘核數師專家協助我們評估在估計若 干現金產生單位可收回金額及非金融資 產之評估中所採納之方法是否適當以及 作出之假設及估計是否合理:及
- 評估管理層之專家及核數師專家之勝任程度、能力及客觀程度。

投資物業估值

管理層估計 貴集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日投資物業之公允價值約為556,000,000港元,且於綜合全面收益表確認公允價值虧損淨額約6,000,000港元。為證實管理層對公允價值之估計,貴集團委聘一名獨立外部估值師為管理層之專家,以對報告期終之投資物業進行估值。

貴集團對投資物業之估值取決於須管理層作出 重大判斷之若干關鍵假設及估計。

VALUATIONS OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

- Continued

The valuation was inherently subjective due to the significant estimates used and significant changes in these estimates could result in material changes to the valuation of the properties.

The accounting policies and disclosure for the estimation of fair value measurement are included in notes 4(e), 5(b)(iii) and 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

Our response:

Our procedures in relation to management's valuation of investment properties included:

- Assessing the appropriateness of the methodologies and the reasonableness of the key assumptions and estimations used;
- Checking the appropriateness of the key input data used and determination of fair value;
- Engaging an auditor's expert to assist our assessment on the appropriateness of the methodology and the reasonableness of the assumptions and estimations adopted in the valuation for estimating the fair value of the investment properties; and
- Evaluation of the competence, capabilities and objectivity of management's expert and auditor's expert.

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

投資物業估值-續

估值因使用重大估計而具有固有主觀性,而有 關估計如出現重大變動,或會導致物業估值出 現重大變動。

有關公允價值計量估計之會計政策及披露載於 綜合財務報表附註4(e)、5(b)(iii)及19。

我們的回應:

就投資物業之管理層估值而言,我們執行之程 序包括:

- 評估所採用之方法是否適當以及關鍵假 設及估計是否合理:
- 檢查所採用之關鍵輸入數據及對公允價 值之釐定是否適當:
- 委聘核數師專家協助我們評估在估計投資物業公允價值之評估中所採納之方法的適當性以及其假設及估計的合理性:及
- 評估管理層之專家及核數師專家之勝任程度、能力及客觀程度。

年報之其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括於 貴公司年報所載之資料,但並不包括綜合財務報表及我們就此作出之核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦不對其他資料發表任何形式之鑒證 結論。

於審計綜合財務報表時,我們的責任是閱覽其 他資料,並在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與 綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所瞭解之情 況有重大抵觸,或者另行存有重大錯誤陳述。 基於已執行的工作,倘我們認為此其他資料有 重大錯誤陳述,則須報告該事實。我們在此方 面概無任何須報告之內容。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔之責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編製反映真實公平意見的綜合財務報表,以及董事認為必要之內部控制,以確保編製綜合財務報表時不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持 續經營有關之事項,以及使用持續經營會計基 礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停業,或 別無其他實際之替代方案。

董事亦負責監督 貴集團財務報告過程,並在 審核委員會之協助下履行彼等之責任。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔之 責任

我們的目標為就綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並發出包括我們意見之核數師報告。本報告根據百慕達一九八一年公司法第90條僅向全體股東作出,而不作其他用途。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任。

合理保證屬高度保證,但並不保證根據香港審計準則進行之審計總能發現可能存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可由欺詐或錯誤引起,倘個別或整體錯誤陳述合理預期可影響使用者根據該等綜合財務報表作出之經濟決定,則有關錯誤陳述可被視作重大錯誤陳述。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- Continued

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔之 責任 – *績*

作為根據香港審計準則進行之審計工作的一部 分,我們於整個審計過程中行使專業判斷並抱 持專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或錯誤而導致重大錯誤陳述之風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充分及適當之審計憑證為我們的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或凌駕於內部控制之上,故因未能發現因欺詐而導致重大錯誤陳述之風險高於因未能發現錯誤而導致重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 瞭解有關審計之內部控制,以設計在各 類情況下適當之審計程序,但並非旨在 對 貴集團內部控制之成效發表意見。
- 評估董事所用會計政策之恰當性以及作 出會計估計及相關披露之合理性。
- 評估綜合財務報表之整體列報、架構及 內容(包括披露),以及綜合財務報表是 否已公允反映相關交易及事件。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- Continued

 obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔之 責任 - *續*

就 貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務資料獲得充足及適當之審計憑證,以就綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責指導、監督及執行 貴集團之審計工作。我們為我們之審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通(其中包括)審計工作之計劃範圍、時間及重大審計發現,該等發現包括我們於審計期間識別出內部控制之任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已遵守有關獨立性之相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響我們獨立性之所有關係及其他事宜以及(倘適用)為消除威脅而採取之行動或防範措施。

從與董事溝通之事項中,我們釐定該等對本期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要並因而構成關鍵審計事項之事項。我們會在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該等事項,或於極端罕見情況下,倘合理預期在報告中溝通某事項造成之不利後果超過其產生之公眾利益,則我們會決定不在報告中溝通該事項。

BDO Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Lee Ka Leung, Daniel

Practising Certificate Number P01220

Hong Kong, 30 March 2023

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 李家樑 執業證書編號P01220

香港,二零二三年三月三十日

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

綜合全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover Cost of sales	營業額 銷售成本	7	285,056 (89,731)	475,422 (146,688)
Gross margin Direct operating expenses	毛利 直接營運開支		195,325 (208,215)	328,734 (315,649)
Gross operating (loss)/profit Other revenue Other gains and losses Administrative expenses Finance costs	經營(毛損)/毛利 其他收益 其他收益及虧損 行政開支 財務成本	8 9 14	(12,890) 17,826 (48,106) (74,763) (16,288)	13,085 20,985 (2,342) (100,885) (18,581)
Loss before income tax Income tax credit	除所得税前虧損 所得税抵免	10 15	(134,221) 6,364	(87,738) 11,084
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	年度虧損 其他全面收益/(虧損), 扣除税項 其後或會重新分類至損益之 項目: 海外業務換算匯兑差額		(127,857) 18,525	(76,654)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額		(109,332)	(87,248)
Loss attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔虧損: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(125,612) (2,245)	(72,953) (3,701)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔全面虧損總額: 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		(127,857) (107,087) (2,245)	(83,547) (3,701)
Loss per share - Basic and diluted (HK cents per share)	每股虧損 -基本及攤薄(每股港仙)	17	(109,332)	(10.51)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	——————————— 非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	18	175,480	199,710
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	33	43,290	76,250
Investment properties	投資物業	19	556,000	562,000
Goodwill	商譽	20	56,000	81,775
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	21	10,131	15,918
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金	24	24,570	36,442
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		865,471	972,095
Current assets	 流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	23	19,966	27,014
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	24	37,260	45,790
Financial assets at fair value	按公允價值計入損益之			
through profit or loss	金融資產	25	37	37
Restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款	22	1,170	6,377
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目		26,032	36,778
Total current assets	流動資產總額		84,465	115,996
Total assets	資產總額		949,936	1,088,091
Current liabilities	 流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	26	81,668	117,389
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連人士款項	27	95,487	17,005
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	33	25,954	53,818
Current tax liabilities	本期税項負債		13,315	18,960
Interest bearing borrowings	計息借貸	28	45,145	70,636
Non-interest bearing borrowings	無息借貸	30	1,388	1,388
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		262,957	279,196
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(178,492)	(163,200)
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		686,979	808,895

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

			2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		Notes	— ♦ ——+ HK\$'000	—◆——+ HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current liabilities				
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	33	24,212	47,737
Interest bearing borrowings	計息借貸	28	326,774	315,113
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	29	35,061	35,781
Non-interest bearing borrowings	無息借貸	30	5,429	5,429
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		391,476	404,060
Total liabilities	負債總額		654,433	683,256
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		295,503	404,835
Capital and reserves attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	31	69,430	69,430
Reserves	儲備	01	255,034	362,121
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
the Company			324,464	431,551
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(28,961)	(26,716)
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		295,503	404,835

The consolidated financial statements on pages 117 to 214 were 載於第117至214頁之綜合財務報表已於二零 approved and authorised for issue by the directors of the Company on 30 March 2023 and are signed on their behalf by:

二三年三月三十日獲本公司董事批准及授權刊 發,並由以下人士代表簽署:

Chan See Kit, Johnny 陳思杰 Chairman 主席

Chan Chak Mo 陳澤武 Managing Director 董事總經理

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合股權變動報表

		Share capital	Share premium	Special reserve*	Capital reserve	Property revaluation reserve 物業重估	Foreign exchange reserve	Retained profits/ (accumulated losses) 保留盈利/	Equity attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人	Non- controlling interests	Total
		股本	股份溢價	特殊儲備*	資本儲備	儲備	外匯儲備	(累計虧損)	應佔權益	非控股權益	總計
		(note 31)	(note 32)		(note 32)	(note 32)	(note 32)	(note 32)			
		(附註31)	(附註32)		(附註32)	(附註32)	(附註32)	(附註32)			
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	69,430	376,715	34,800	32	7,191	(18,910)	45,840	515,098	(23,015)	492,083
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(72,953)	(72,953)	(3,701)	(76,654)
Other comprehensive loss:	其他全面虧損:	-									
Exchange differences on translating	海外業務換算匯兑差額										
foreign operations		-	-	-	-	_	(10,594)	-	(10,594)	-	(10,594)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	-	(10,594)	(72,953)	(83,547)	(3,701)	(87,248)
At 31 December 2021 and	於二零二一年十二月三十一日										
1 January 2022	及二零二二年一月一日	69,430	376,715	34,800	32	7,191	(29,504)	(27,113)	431,551	(26,716)	404,835
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(125,612)	(125,612)	(2,245)	(127,857)
Other comprehensive income:	其他全面收益:										
Exchange differences on translating	海外業務換算匯兑差額										
foreign operations		-	-	-	-	-	18,525	-	18,525	-	18,525
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	年度全面收益/(虧損)總額										
for the year		-	-	-	-	-	18,525	(125,612)	(107,087)	(2,245)	(109,332)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	69,430	376,715	34,800	32	7,191	(10,979)	(152,725)	324,464	(28,961)	295,503

^{*} The special reserve of the Group represents the difference between the nominal amount of the shares issued by the Company and the aggregate amount of the share capital and share premium of subsidiaries acquired pursuant to the group reorganisation in preparation for the listing of the Company's shares on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited in 2002.

本集團之特殊儲備指本公司根據於二零零二年為籌備本公司股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司上市而進行之集團重組所發行股份之面值與所收購附屬公司股本及股份溢價總和之差額。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量			
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損		(134,221)	(87,738)
Adjustments for:	就以下項目作出調整:			
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
equipment		10	22,863	33,049
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	10	47,845	70,294
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	10	707	778
Fair value loss of investment properties	投資物業之公允價值虧損	9	6,000	6,000
Interest expense	利息開支	14	16,288	18,581
Interest income	利息收入	8	(148)	(299)
Fair value loss of financial assets at	按公允價值計入損益之			
fair value through profit or loss	金融資產公允價值虧損	9	_	18
Impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備減值虧損			
plant and equipment		9	2,196	11,448
Impairment loss on right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損	9	_	5,367
Impairment loss on other intangible assets	其他無形資產減值虧損	9	5,000	289
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	9	25,775	6
Loss on written off of property,	撇銷物業、廠房及設備之虧損			
plant and equipment		9	11,696	8,469
Rent concessions	租金優惠	9	(6,874)	(14,056)
Gain on lease modification	租賃修改之收益	9	(12,604)	(1,410)
Operating (loss)/profit before working	未計營運資金變動前之			
capital changes	經營(虧損)/溢利		(15,477)	50,796
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨減少/(增加)		7,048	(989)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and	貿易及其他應收款項		,	,
other receivables	減少/(増加)		20,384	(4,369)
Decrease in trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項減少		(17,328)	(7,485)
Cash (used in)/generated from	經營活動(所用)/所得現金			
operations			(5,373)	37,953
Income taxes paid	已付所得税		_	(3,031)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	經營活動(所用)/所得現金淨額		(5,373)	34,922

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash flows from investing activities Release of restricted bank deposits Interest received Purchases of property, plant and equipment Purchases of other intangible assets	投資活動所得現金流量 解除受限制銀行存款 已收利息 購買物業、廠房及設備 購買其他無形資產		5,207 148 (12,717)	3,646 299 (3,856) (390)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(7,362)	(301)
Cash flow from financing activities Advances from related parties Proceeds from interest bearing borrowings Repayment of interest bearing borrowings Repayment of principal portion of the lease liabilities Interest paid	融資活動所得現金流量 來自關連人士之墊款 計息借貸所得款項 償還計息借貸 償還租賃負債本金部分 已付利息	38 38 38 38 38	78,482 10,685 (24,515) (46,110) (16,288)	17,005 242,636 (241,293) (64,902) (18,581)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用) 現金淨額		2,254	(65,135)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目減少淨額		(10,481)	(30,514)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	於年初之現金及等同現金項目		36,778	65,795
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	匯率變動對現金及等同現金項目 之影響		(265)	1,497
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	於年末之現金及等同現金項目		26,032	36,778

Notes to the Financial Statements

財務報表附註

31 December 2022 二零二二年十二月三十一日

1. **GENERAL**

Future Bright Holdings Limited is a public limited company incorporated in Bermuda. Its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange"). The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda. Its head office and principal place of business are at Units 803-804, 8th Floor, Seaview Commercial Building, Nos. 21-24 Connaught Road West, Hong Kong. The Group, comprising the Company and its subsidiaries, is engaged in the sales of food and catering, food souvenir and property investment.

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

(a) Adoption of new or amended HKFRSs

> The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the current year's consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the

Conceptual Framework

Amendments to HKAS 16 Property, Plant and

> Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent

Concessions beyond

30 June 2021

Amendments to HKAS 37 Onerous Contract - Cost of

Fulfilling a Contract

to HKFRSs HKFRSs 2018-2020

The Group has early adopted above amendment to HKFRS 16 for its annual reporting period beginning on 1 January 2021. The adoption of remaining amendments to HKFRSs has no material impact on the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior period. The Group has not early applied any new or amended HKFRSs that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

1. 一般資料

佳景集團有限公司為於百慕達註冊成 立之公眾有限公司,其股份於香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。 其註冊辦事處地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11. Bermuda。其總辦事處及主要營業地址 為香港干諾道西21-24號海景商業大廈8 樓803-804室。本集團(包括本公司及其 附屬公司)從事銷售食物及餐飲、食品手 信銷售以及物業投資之業務。

採納香港財務報告準則(「香港 2. 財務報告準則 |)

(a) 採納新訂或經修訂香港財務 報告準則

> 本集團已就本年度之綜合財務報 表採納以下經修訂香港財務報告 準則:

香港財務報告 對概念框架的

準則第3號修 提述

訂本

香港會計準則 物業、廠房及

第16號修訂本 設備一作擬定

用途前的所得

款項

香港財務報告 二零二一年

準則第16號

修訂本

六月三十日後 2019新型冠狀

病毒相關租金

優惠

香港會計準則 虧損合約一

第37號修訂本

履行合約的

成本 二零一八年至

香港財務報告 準則的年度

改進

二零二零年 香港財務報告

準則的年度

改進

本集團已於二零二一年一月一日 開始之年度報告期間提前採納上 述香港財務報告準則第16號修訂 本。採納香港財務報告準則之餘 下修訂本對本集團本期或過往期 間之業績及財務狀況並無重大影 響。本集團並無提前採用於本會 計期間尚未生效之任何新訂或經 修訂香港財務報告準則。

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") - Continued

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new or amended HKFRSs, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of liabilities as Current

or Non-current²

Amendments to HKAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with

Covenants²

HK Interpretation 5 (2022) Presentation of Financial Statements

 Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause²

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2

Disclosure of Accounting Policies¹

Amendments to HKAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates¹

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and

Liabilities arising from a Single

Transaction¹

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and

HKAS 28

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its

Associate or Joint Venture³

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and

Leaseback²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)-續

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或 經修訂香港財務報告準則

> 以下可能與本集團財務報表有關的新訂或經修訂香港財務報告準則已經頒佈,但尚未生效,且未獲本集團提早採納。本集團目前計劃於該等準則生效當日應用該 等變動。

香港會計準則 負債的流動

第1號修訂本

香港會計準則 附帶契諾之 第1號修訂本 非流動負債²

香港詮釋第5號 財務報表之

(二零二二年) 呈列一借款人

對載有按要求 償還條款之 有期貸款之 分類²

或非流動分類2

香港會計準則 會計政策披露1

第1號及香港 財務報告準則 實務聲明

第2號修訂本

香港會計準則 會計估計之定義1

第8號修訂本

香港會計準則 與單一交易產生

第12號修訂本 的資產及

負債相關的 遞延税項1

香港財務報告 投資者與其聯營

準則第10號及 公司或合營 香港會計準則 企業之間之 第28號修訂本 資產出售或

出資3

香港財務報告 售後租回之 準則第16號 租賃負債²

修訂本

1 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開 始的年度期間生效。

² 於二零二四年一月一日或之後開 始的年度期間生效。

於待定日期或之後開始的年度期間生效。

2. ADOPTION OF HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") - Continued

(b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective – Continued

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of these new or revised HKFRSs upon initial application. Up to now, the Group considers that these standards will not have a significant impact on the Group's financial performance and financial position.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRS") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

(b) Basis of measurement and going concern assumption

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except for investment properties and certain financial assets, which are measured at fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements. The outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic and the lockdown measures imposed by governments in various regions to contain the spreading of COVID-19 pandemic had negatively impacted the results of the Group during the reporting period and the liquidity position. The Group also closed some of the restaurants during the year.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group has incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$127.9 million and had a net operating cash outflow of approximately HK\$5.4 million. As at that date, its current liabilities, including amounts due to related parties of approximately HK\$95.5 million, exceeded its current assets by approximately HK\$178.5 million. However, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$26.0 million only as at 31 December 2022.

2. 採納香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)-續

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂或 經修訂香港財務報告準則-續

本集團現正評估該等新訂或經修 訂香港財務報告準則於首次應用 時的影響。截至目前,本集團認 為該等準則不會對本集團的財務 表現及財務狀況產生重大影響。

3. 編製基準

(a) 合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據所有適用香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則」 (「香港會計準則」)及詮釋(以下統稱為「香港財務報告準則」)以及香港公司條例之披露規定編製。此外,綜合財務報表載有香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則所規定之適用披露事項。

(b) 計量基準及持續經營假設

除綜合財務報表附註4所載會計 政策闡釋之投資物業及若干金融 資產按公允價值計量外,綜合財 務報表乃按歷史成本基準編製。 2019新型冠狀病毒疫情的爆發及 各地區政府為控制2019新型冠狀 病毒疫情蔓延而採取的封鎖措施 對本集團於報告期內的業績及本 動資金狀況產生負面影響。本集 團亦於年內關閉一些餐廳。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團錄得虧損淨額約 127,900,000港元及經營現金流 出淨額約5,400,000港元。於該 日,其流動負債(包括應付關連人 士款項約95,500,000港元)超出其 流動資產約178,500,000港元。 然而,本集團於二零二二年十二 月三十一日僅有現金及等同現金 項目約26,000,000港元。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION - Continued

(b) Basis of measurement and going concern assumption – *Continued*

These conditions may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as going concern. For the purpose of assessing going concern, the directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow forecast covering a period of twelve months from the end of the reporting period (the "Forecast Period"), after taking into account the past operating performance of the Group and the following:

- (i) The Group has been actively negotiating with banks for having extension of the payment terms for the existing bank loans in order to secure necessary funds to meet the Group's working capital and financing requirements in the foreseeable future;
- (ii) Up to the date of this report, the Group had unused bank and credit facilities of a total amount of approximately HK\$77.3 million, including credit facilities for capital expenditures and working capital of amounts of approximately HK\$22.3 million and approximately HK\$55.0 million respectively;
- (iii) Management has been endeavoring to improve the Group's operating results and cash flows by continuing to slow down the opening of new restaurants or close underperforming restaurants in the future;

3. 編製基準 - 續

(b) 計量基準及持續經營假設-續

該等條件可能對本集團的持續經營能力造成重大疑慮。就評估持續經營而言,經計及本集團過往經營表現及以下各項,本公司董事已審閱本集團自報告期末起計十二個月期間(「預測期間」)的現金流量預測:

- (i) 本集團一直積極與銀行就 延長現有銀行貸款的支付 期限進行溝通,以確保獲 得必要的資金以滿足本集 團於可預見未來的營運資 金及融資需求;
- (ii) 截至本報告日期,本集團的未動用銀行及信貸融資總額約為77,300,000港元,包括分別用作資本開支及營運資金之信貸融資約22,300,000港元及55,000,000港元;
- (iii) 管理層通過於將來繼續放 慢開設新餐廳的步伐或關 閉表現不佳的餐廳,努力 改善本集團的經營業績及 現金流量;

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION - Continued

(b) Basis of measurement and going concern assumption – *Continued*

- (iv) The related parties undertook that they will not request the Company to repay the outstanding amounts of approximately HK\$95.5 million as at 31 December 2022 until the Company is in a position to repay; and
- (v) The Group will consider to realise the investment properties of the Group with a fair value of approximately HK\$556.0 million and certain land and buildings of the Group with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$130.8 million as at 31 December 2022 and using the proceeds to repay certain secured bank loans and strengthen the Group's liquidity, when necessary.

They are of the opinion that, taking into account the above-mentioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due in the Forecast Period notwithstanding there are inherent uncertainties associated with the outcomes of these plans and measures. Accordingly, the directors of the Company believe it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 on a going concern basis. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as going concern, and therefore it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Should the Group be unable to continue in business as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made in the consolidated financial statements to write down the values of the assets to their net realisable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities respectively. The effect of such adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

3. 編製基準-續

- (b) 計量基準及持續經營假設 續
 - (iv) 關連人士承諾,於本公司 有能力償還之前,彼等不 會要求本公司償還於二零 二二年十二月三十一日之 未償還金額約95,500,000 港元;及
 - (v) 本集團將考慮在必要時 將於二零二二年十二月 三十一日公允價值約 556,000,000港元的本集 團投資物業及賬面值集 130,800,000港元的本集 團若干土地及樓宇變現 並利用所得款項償還若干 有抵押銀行貸款及 集團的流動資金。

倘本集團無法持續經營業務,則 綜合財務報表須作出調整以將資 產價值撇減至其可變現淨值,就 可能產生的任何進一步負債作出 撥備,以及將非流動資產及非流 動負債分別重新分類為流動資產 及流動負債。有關調整的影響並 無於綜合財務報表內反映。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION - Continued

(c) Functional and presentation currency

The functional currency of the Company is Macau Patacas ("MOP"), while the consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"). Each entity in the Group maintains its books and records in its own functional currency. As the Company is listed on Main Board of the Stock Exchange, the directors consider that it will be more appropriate to adopt HK\$ as the Group's and the Company's presentation currency.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Group. Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by other members of the Group.

The Group accounts for business combinations using the acquisition method when the acquired set of activities and assets meets the definition of a business and control is transferred to the Group. In determining whether a particular set of activities and assets is a business, the Group assesses whether the set of assets and activities acquired includes, at a minimum, an input and substantive processes and whether the acquired set has the ability to produce outputs.

3. 編製基準 - 續

(c) 功能及呈報貨幣

本公司之功能貨幣為澳門元(「澳門元」),而綜合財務報表則以港元(「港元」)呈報。本集團各實體以其本身之功能貨幣存置賬簿及入賬。由於本公司於聯交所主板上市,故董事認為採納港元作為本集團及本公司之呈報貨幣更為合適。

4. 主要會計政策

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本集團之財務報表。集團內部公司間之交易及結餘連同未變現溢利於編製綜合財務報表時悉數抵銷。除非交易提供所轉讓資產減值之證明,在此情則未變現虧損亦予抵銷,在此情況下,虧損乃於損益內確認。

於年內購入或出售附屬公司之業 績由收購日期起或直至出售日期 止列入綜合全面收益表內(如適 用)。於需要情況下,附屬公司之 財務報表會作出調整,以令其會 計政策與本集團其他成員公司所 採用者一致。

當收購的業務及資產組符合一項業務的定義,且其控制權轉移至本集團時,該業務合併以收購法入賬。於釐定特定活動及資產組是否為一項業務時,本集團評估所收購資產組及活動是否至少包含一項輸入及實質流程,及所收購資產組是否具備輸出能力。

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

- Continued

The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-bytransaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準 - 續

收購成本按所轉讓資產、所產生 負債及本集團(作為收購方)所發 行股權於收購日期之公允價值總 額計量。所收購可識別資產及所 承擔負債則主要按收購日期之公 允價值計量。本集團先前所持被 收購方之股權以收購日期之公允 價值重新計量,而所產生收益或 虧損則於損益確認。本集團可按 每宗交易選擇按公允價值或按應 佔被收購方可識別資產淨額之比 例計量代表目前於附屬公司所有 權權益之非控股權益。除非香港 財務報告準則規定須採用其他計 量基準,否則所有其他非控股權 益均以公允價值計量。所產生收 購相關成本將予支銷,除非該等 成本於發行股本工具時產生,在 此情況下,則自權益扣除相關成

由收購方將予轉讓之任何或然代價按於收購日期之公允價值認。其後對代價之調整僅於期間(最長為收購日期間(最長為收購日期間)內所取得有關收期之公允價值之新資料時,可與內方商學確認。分類為資產或整度之或然代價所有其他其後調整均於損益中確認。

收購後,非控股權益賬面值(指現時於附屬公司之擁有權權益)為初步確認之權益金額加非控股權益應佔其後權益變動。即使全面收益總額計入非控股權益會造成非控股權益負結餘,仍如此入賬。

(a) Business combination and basis of consolidation - Continued

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control of the subsidiary are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amount of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the gain or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary are accounted for on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

(b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: power over the investee, exposure, or rights, to variable returns from the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(a) 業務合併及綜合基準-續

倘本集團於一間附屬公司的權益 變動不會導致失去對該間附屬公司 司之控制權,則有關變動按權 交易入賬。本集團權益及非控 權益之賬面值將作出調整權益 映彼等於附屬公司之相對整金 使 變動。非控股權益的調整金 直 的任何差額,均直接於權益中 認並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

當本集團失去對一間附屬公司之 控制權,出售收益或虧損按以同 兩者間之差額計算:(i)已收代價 伍之總額;及(ii)附屬公司資產(值之總額;及(ii)附屬公司資產(包 括商譽)及負債以及任何非控股 益之過往賬面值。先前於其他 益之過確認與該間附屬公司有關 之金額按在相關資產或負債已出 售情況下所規定之相同基準列賬。

(b) 附屬公司

附屬公司為本公司能夠控制之被 投資方。倘具備以下全部三項 ,則本公司控制被投資方行使權力;承受被投資方行使權力;承受被力 方可變回報之風險或享有當實 可變回報。當有事實及情況現變 便可該等控制權要素可能出現變 動,則重新評估控制權。

於本公司之財務狀況表,於附屬 公司之投資乃按成本扣除減值虧 損(如有)列賬。附屬公司之業績 由本公司按已收及應收股息之基 準入賬。

(c) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

Where the fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities exceed the aggregate of the fair value of consideration paid, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree, the excess is recognised in profit or loss on the acquisition date, after re-assessment.

Goodwill is measured at cost less impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash generating units ("CGUs") that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A CGU is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, by comparing its carrying amount with its recoverable amount (see note 4(o)), and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit on pro-rata basis of the carrying amount to each asset in the unit. However, the loss allocated to each asset will not reduce the individual asset's carrying amount to below its fair value less cost of disposal (if measurable) or its value in use (if determinable), whichever is the higher. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in subsequent periods.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(c) 商譽

商譽指所轉讓代價之公允價值、 於被收購方之任何非控股權益之 金額與本集團先前於被收購方所 持股權之公允價值之總額超出於 收購日期計量的可識別資產及負 債之公允價值之部分。

倘可識別資產及負債之公允價值 超出已付代價之公允價值、於被 收購方之任何非控股權益之金額 及收購方之前於被收購方所持股 權於收購日期之公允價值總和, 則超出部分經重新評估後於收購 日期在損益中確認。

就於某一財政年度進行收購產生 之商譽而言,已獲分配商譽之現 金產生單位會於該財政年度完結 之前進行減值測試。當現金產生 單位之可收回金額少於該單位之 賬面值時,會分配有關減值虧損 以首先減低分配予該單位之任何 商譽之賬面值,然後根據該單位 內各項資產之賬面值按比例分配 至該單位之其他資產。然而,分 配至各資產之虧損將不會減少個 別資產之賬面值至低於其公允價 值減出售成本(如可計量)或其使 用價值(如可釐定),以兩者中較 高者為準。商譽之任何減值虧損 於損益中確認且不會於其後期間 撥回。

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other costs, such as repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted if appropriate at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20–25 years

life of the leases or 5 years

Office fixtures and 2–5 years

equipment

Kitchen utensils and 5 years

supplies

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(d) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減累計折舊及任何累計減值虧損列賬。

物業、廠房及設備之成本包括其購買價及收購項目直接應佔成本。

其後成本僅在與該項目有關之未來經濟利益將有可能流入本集團,且該項目之成本能可靠計入資產賬面值或確認對時,方計入資產賬面值或確認認替獨立資產(如適用)。終止確認替代部分之賬面值。所有如維修及保養等其他成本在產生之財政期間於損益中確認為開支。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊乃於其 估計可使用年期內採用直線法撇 銷其成本,並扣除預計剩餘價 值。可使用年期、剩餘價值及折 舊方法於各報告期終檢討及調整 (如適用)。可使用年期如下:

樓宇 20-25年

租賃裝修按租約餘下年期

或5年(以較短者

為準)

辦公室裝置及 2-5年

設備

廚房用具及 5年

供應品

倘資產之賬面值高於其估計可收 回金額,則即時撇減至可收回金 額。

出售物業、廠房及設備項目時之 收益或虧損,指銷售所得款項淨 額與其賬面值兩者間之差額,於 出售時在損益中確認。

(e) Investment properties

Investment properties are property held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both, but not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at fair value with any change therein recognised in profit or loss.

(f) Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets (including property, plant and equipment) are recognised as deferred income in the statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable and are recognised as other revenue, rather than reducing the related expense.

The benefit of a government loan at a below-market rate of interest is treated as a government grant, measured as the difference between proceeds received and the fair value of the loan based on prevailing market interest rates.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(e) 投資物業

投資物業乃持作賺取租金或作資本增值或兩者兼有之物業,而並非持作在日常業務過程中出售、用作生產或供應貨物或服務可以 作行政用途。投資物業於初次確認時按成本計量,其後按公允價值變動於損益中確認。

(f) 政府補助

當能夠合理保證本集團符合補助 的附帶條件,且會獲授補助時, 方會確認政府補助。

政府補助乃於本集團將擬補償的相關成本確認為開支之期間按系統性基準於損益內確認。具體而言,政府補助如以本集團購買之建造或另行收購非流動資產(包括物業、廠房及設備)為主要條件,則於財務狀況表中確認為遞延與入,並於相關資產之可使用年期內按系統性基準合理轉撥至損益。

政府補助如作為已產生開支或虧 損之賠償或為向本集團提供直接 財務支援而應收取且不帶未來相 關成本,則在其應收取期間於損 益確認為其他收益,而非減去相 關開支。

按低於市場利率計息的政府貸款 收益被視為政府補助,按已收取 所得款項與按現行市場利率計算 的貸款公允價值之間的差額計量。

(g) Leasing

The Group accounts for a contract, or a portion of a contract, as a lease when it conveys the right to use an asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Leases are those contracts that satisfy the following criteria:

- (a) There is an identified asset;
- (b) The Group obtains substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset; and
- (c) The Group has the right to direct use of the asset.

The Group considers whether the supplier has substantive substitution rights. If the supplier does have those rights, the contract is not identified as giving rise to a lease.

In determining whether the Group obtains substantially all the economic benefits from use of the asset, the Group considers only the economic benefits that arise use of the asset, not those incidental to legal ownership or other potential benefits.

In determining whether the Group has the right to direct use of the asset, the Group considers whether it directs how and for what purpose the asset is used throughout the period of use. If there are no significant decisions to be made because they are pre-determined due to the nature of the asset, the Group considers whether it was involved in the design of the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose the asset will be used throughout the period of use. If the contract or portion of a contract does not satisfy these criteria, the Group applies other applicable HKFRSs rather than HKFRS 16.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(g) 租賃

倘合約為換取代價而賦予一段時間內使用資產的權利,則本集團將該合約或該合約的一部分入賬列作租賃。租賃是指滿足以下標準的合約:

- (a) 存在已識別資產;
- (b) 本集團於資產的使用中獲 得絕大部分經濟利益;及
- (c) 本集團有權主導資產的使 用。

本集團會考慮供應商是否擁有實質替換權。倘供應商擁有該等權利,則該合約將被辨別為不會產 生和賃。

於釐定本集團是否從資產的使用 中獲得絕大部分經濟利益時,本 集團僅考慮使用資產產生的經濟 利益,而非合法所有權或其他潛 在利益附帶的利益。

(g) Leasing - Continued

All leases are accounted for by recognising a right-of-use asset and a lease liability except for:

- Leases of low value assets; and
- Leases with a duration of 12 months or less and do not contain a purchase option.

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the contractual payments due to the lessor over the lease term, with the discount rate determined by reference to the rate inherent in the lease unless (as is typically the case) this is not readily determinable, in which case the Lessee's incremental borrowing rate on commencement of the lease is used. Variable lease payments are only included in the measurement of the lease liability if they depend on an index or rate. In such cases, the initial measurement of the lease liability assumes the variable element will remain unchanged throughout the lease term. Other variable lease payments are expensed in the period to which they relate.

On initial recognition, the carrying value of the lease liability also includes:

- amounts expected to be payable under any residual value guarantee;
- the exercise price of any purchase option granted in favour of the Group if it is reasonable certain to assess that option;
- any penalties payable for terminating the lease, if the term of the lease has been estimated on the basis of termination option being exercised.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(g) 租賃-續

所有租賃均通過確認使用權資產 及租賃負債入賬,惟以下除外:

- 伍價值資產租賃:及
- 期限為12個月或以內且並 無含有購買選擇權的租賃。

於初步確認時,租賃負債的賬面 值亦包括:

- 任何剩餘價值擔保項下預期應付的款項;
- 一 倘合理確定評估購買選擇權,任何授予本集團的選擇權的行使價;
- 一 倘租賃期按行使終止選擇 權基準估計,終止租賃應 付的任何罰款。

(g) Leasing - Continued

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at the amount of the lease liability, reduced for any lease incentives received, and increased for:

- lease payments made at or before commencement of the lease;
- initial direct costs incurred; and
- the amount of any provision recognised where the Group is contractually required to dismantle, remove or restore the leased asset.

Subsequent to initial measurement, lease liabilities increase as a result of interest charged at a constant rate on the balance outstanding and are reduced for lease payments made. Right-of-use assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of the lease or over the remaining economic life of the asset if, rarely, this is judged to be shorter than the lease term.

When the Group revises its estimate of the term of any lease (because, for example, it re-assesses the probability of a lessee extension or termination option being exercised), it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted using a revised discount rate. The carrying value of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lease payments dependent on a rate or index is revised, except the discount rate remains unchanged. In both cases, an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lease term. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is adjusted to zero, any further reduction is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(g) 租賃-續

使用權資產初步按租賃負債款項 計量,減任何已收租賃優惠,並 加上:

- 租賃開始時或之前作出的 租賃付款;
- 一 產生的初始直接成本;及
- 本集團須按合約規定拆卸、移除或復原租賃資產的任何已確認撥備款項。

於初步計量後,由於未償還結餘按固定利率收取利息,因此租賃負債增加,並因作出租賃付款而減少。倘僅判斷為短於租賃期,則使用權資產於剩餘租賃期內或資產剩餘經濟年限內按直線法攤銷。

當本集團修訂對任何租賃期限的 估計(例如因重新評估承租人延期 或終止選擇權獲行使的可能性) 時,本集團會調整租賃負債的賬 面值,以反映於經修訂租賃期限 內須支付的款項,該款項採用經 修訂的貼現率進行貼現。本集團 修訂取決於利率或指數的未來租 賃付款可變要素時,亦同樣修訂 租賃負債的賬面值,惟貼現率保 持不變。於兩種情況下,使用權 資產的賬面值均會相應調整,經 修訂賬面值於剩餘(經修訂)租期 內攤銷。倘使用權資產之賬面值 調整至零,則於損益中確認進一 步扣減。

(g) Leasing - Continued

When the Group renegotiates the contractual terms of a lease with the lessor, the accounting depends on the nature of the modification:

- if the renegotiation results in one or more additional assets being leased for an amount commensurate with the standalone price for the additional rightsof-use obtained, the modification is accounted for as a separate lease in accordance with the above policy.
- in all other cases where the renegotiation increases the scope of the lease (whether that is an extension to the lease term, or one or more additional assets being leased), the lease liability is remeasured using the discount rate applicable on the modification date, with the right-of-use asset being adjusted by the same amount.
- if the renegotiation results in a decrease in the scope of the lease, both the carrying amount of the lease liability and right-of-use asset are reduced by the same proportion to reflect the partial of full termination of the lease with any difference recognised in profit or loss. The lease liability is then further adjusted to ensure its carrying amount reflects the amount of the renegotiated payments over the renegotiated term, with the modified lease payments discounted at the rate applicable on the modification date. The right-of-use asset is adjusted by the same amount.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(g) 租賃 - 續

當本集團與出租人重新協商租賃 合約條款時,入賬取決於修改的 性質:

- 一 倘重新協商後本集團按與 所獲得額外使用權的獨立 價格相若的金額租賃一項 或多項額外資產,則根據 上述政策,修改作為一項 單獨的租賃入賬。
- 一 於所有其他情況下,倘重 新協商使得租賃範圍(不論 通過延長租賃期,亦或增 加一項或多項租賃資產) 擴大,則租賃負債使用修 改日適用的貼現率重新計 量,使用權資產按相同金 額調整。

(g) Leasing - Continued

The Group had elected to apply the practical expedient introduced by the amendments to HKFRS 16 to all rent concessions that satisfy the criteria. The rent concessions that satisfy the criteria for the application of the extended practical expedient, resulting in a reduction of total lease liabilities. The effect of this reduction is recorded in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurred. The ineligible rent concessions were accounted as lease modifications, as they were not eligible for the application of the practical expedient.

Accounting as a lessor

The Group has leased out its investment property to a tenant. Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term.

(h) Intangible assets other than goodwill

(i) Acquired intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value at the date of acquisition. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(g) 租賃-續

本集團已選擇對所有滿足標準的 租金優惠應用香港財務報告準則 第16號修訂本所介紹的實際長 權益方法。符合應用經延金 可行權益方法標準之租金優惠 可行權益方法標總額減少的事 行發生期間的損益記錄。項項符 條件的租金優惠入賬列作租實際 條件的租金優惠不符合 條件的租金優不符合 條件的 改,原因為其不符 行權宜方法的條件。

作為出租人之會計處理

本集團已將其投資物業出租予一名租客。經營租賃產生之租金收入按有關租賃之租期,以直線法於損益中確認。磋商及安排經營租賃所產生之初步直接成本計入該項租賃資產之賬面值內,並於租期內以直線法確認為支出。

(h) 除商譽外之無形資產

(i) 已收購無形資產

(h) Intangible assets other than goodwill - Continued

(i) Acquired intangible assets - Continued

The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss and included in administrative expenses. The useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over their useful lives as follows:

Trademarks Indefinite
Franchise 3-10 years
Royalties 2-3 years

(ii) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure, including expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands, is recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Derecognition of intangible assets

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

(iv) Impairment

Intangible assets with finite lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they may be impaired. Intangible assets are tested for impairment by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts (see note 4(o)).

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(h) 除商譽外之無形資產 - 續

(i) 已收購無形資產-續

攤銷費用於損益中確認並計入行政開支。可使用年期及攤銷方法於各報告期終檢討及調整(如適用)。 攤銷乃就其以下可使用年期以直線法撥備:

商標 無限期 特許經營權 3-10年 專利權 2-3年

(ii) 其後開支

其後開支僅於其增加有關 特定資產的未來經濟利益 時予以資本化。所有其他 開支(包括商譽及品牌內部 產生的開支)於產生時在損 益內確認。

(iii) 終止確認無形資產

(iv) 減值

(h) Intangible assets other than goodwill - Continued

(iv) Impairment - Continued

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount.

An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as revaluation decrease to the extent of its revaluation surplus.

(i) Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirely when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(h) 除商譽外之無形資產-續

(iv) 減值-續

倘資產之可收回金額估計 少於其賬面值,則該資產 之賬面值減少至其可收回 金額。

減值虧損將即時確認為開 支,惟倘有關資產按重估 數額入賬,則減值虧損將 被視為重估減值至其重估 盈餘。

(i) 財務工具

(i) 金融資產

所有正常方式買賣之金融 資產於交易日期確認,即 本集團承諾買賣資產之已 期。正常方式買賣為須於 市場規例或慣例一般訂明 的期間內交付資產之金融 資產買賣。

具有嵌入式衍生工具之金 融資產於釐定其現金流量 是否純粹為支付本金及利 息時作全面考慮。

(i) Financial instruments - Continued

(i) Financial assets - Continued

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group classifies its debt instruments in below measurement category:

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Equity instruments

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Group could irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investmentby-investment basis. Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value. Dividend income are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend income clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investments. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and are not reclassified to profit or loss. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTPL, whereby changes in fair value, dividends and interest income are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(i) 財務工具-*續*

(i) 金融資產-續

債務工具

債務工具之後續計量乃視 乎本集團就管理資產之業 務模式及資產之現金流量 特性而定。本集團按以下 計量類別將其債務工具分 類:

股本工具

初步確認並非持作買賣之 股本投資時,本集團可不 可撤回地選擇於其他全面 收益呈列投資公允價值之 其後變動。此選擇是按個 別投資基準而作出。按公 允價值計入其他全面收益 的股本投資按公允價值計 量。股息收入於損益中確 認,除非股息收入清楚顯 示已收回部分投資成本。 其他損益淨額於其他全面 收益中確認,且不會重新 分類至損益。所有其他股 本工具均按公允價值計入 損益分類,而公允價值變 動、股息及利息收入則於 損益中確認。

(i) Financial instruments - Continued

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECL") on trade receivables and financial assets measured at amortised cost. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12 months ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date: and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other debt financial assets, the ECLs are based on the 12-months ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

- (i) 財務工具-續
 - (ii) 金融資產減值虧損

本集團就貿易應收款項及 按攤銷成本計量之金融資 產確認預期信貸虧損(「預 期信貸虧損」)之虧損撥 備。預期信貸虧損按以下 基準計量:(1)12個月預 期信貸虧損:因報告日期 後12個月內出現之潛在 違約事件引致的預期信貸 虧損;及(2)全期預期信貸 虧損:因金融工具之預計 年期內出現之所有潛在違 約事件引致之預期信貸虧 損。估計預期信貸虧損時 考慮之最大年期為本集團 面臨信貸風險之最大合約 年期。

預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損為信貸虧損為信貸虧損為信貸虧損 會率加權估算。信貸虧損按根據合約應付有合約現金流量更有無關預期將收取計量之差額其後按資產之概約原實際利率貼現。

就其他債務金融資產而言,預期信貸虧損是基於 12個月預期信貸虧損。然 而,倘信貸風險自開始以 來出現大幅上升,則撥備 會基於全期預期信貸虧損。

(i) Financial instruments - Continued

Impairment loss on financial assets – Continued When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

For internal credit risk management purpose, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pays its creditors; or the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

The Group considers a financial asset to be creditimpaired when:1) significant financial difficulty of the debtor; 2) a breach of contract, such as a default or being more than 90 days past due; 3) the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise; 4) it is probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or 5) the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(i) 財務工具-續

(ii) 金融資產減值虧損-續 在釐定金融資產之信實 險自初步確認後有否大資 見分於估計預期信信 上升及於估計預期信信相虧 損時,本集團會考處不 損時,如則不 資料。此包括根據不 資料。此包括根據不 資料。此包括根據 之過往經驗及已知 信 行 出之定量及定性資料 分析,並包括前瞻性資料。

> 本集團假設,倘逾期超過 30日,金融資產的信貸風 險會大幅上升。

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認為,倘內部 生成或自外部來源獲得的 資料顯示債務人不太可能 向其債權人還款時,或倘 金融資產逾期超過90日, 則構成違約事件。

根據金融工具的性質,對 信貸風險是否大幅上升的 評估是按組合基準執行。 當評估以組合基準進行 時,按照金融工具的共同 信貸風險特徵(例如逾期狀 態及信貸風險評級)歸類。

(i) Financial instruments - Continued

(ii) Impairment loss on financial assets – Continued Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. For non credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The Group categorises a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments which is more than 365 days past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

(iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are initially measured at fair value and financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(i) 財務工具 - 續

(ii) 金融資產減值虧損-續 出現信貸減值之金融資產 之利息收入按金融資產之 攤銷成本(即賬面總值減虧 損撥備)計量。並無出現信 貸減值之金融資產利息收 入按賬面總值計量。

(iii) 金融負債

本集團按所產生負債之理 由將金融負債分類。按公 允價值計入損益之金融負 債初步按公允價值計量之 而按攤銷成本計量之金融 負債初步按公允價值減所 產生之直接應佔成本計量。

按攤銷成本計量之金融負債 按攤銷成本計量之金融負 債其後使用實際利率法按 攤銷成本計量。相關利息 開支於損益中確認。

損益乃於終止確認負債時 於損益以及透過攤銷過程 確認。

(i) Financial instruments - Continued

(iv) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(v) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where the Group issues its own equity instruments to a creditor to settle a financial liability in whole or in part as a result of renegotiating the terms of that liability, the equity instruments issued are the consideration paid and are recognised initially and measured at their fair value on the date the financial liability or part thereof is extinguished. If the fair value of the equity instruments issued cannot be reliably measured, the equity instruments are measured to reflect the fair value of the financial liability extinguished. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability or part thereof extinguished and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss for the year.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(i) 財務工具-續

(iv) 實際利率法

實際利率法為計算金融資產或金融負債攤銷成和息債攤銷成利息開支之方法。際利率為於金融資產之預計有效期或(如)更短期間內準確貼現估計未來所收或所付現金之利率。

(v) 股本工具

本公司發行之股本工具按 已收所得款項入賬(扣除直 接發行成本)。

(vi) 終止確認

金融負債於有關合約內指 定之責任獲履行、註銷或 屆滿時終止確認。

當磋本分本金日計發值失而負已損失而負已損務行部發,失允計公反允效面年期人情所或認無工工負量部之。股份全已價分公靠工具債。分差。以其或行並效價量允映價金值內達,失允計公反允效面年數,失允計公反允效面年數,失允計公反允效面年數,失允計公反允效面年過,

(j) Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost of inventories for restaurants is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(k) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Revenue from sales of food and catering is recognised at a point in time when the food and catering have been served, and customer payments are generally due at the time of sale.

Revenue from sale of food souvenir is recognised at a point in time when control of the goods has transferred, being the point the customer takes possession of the goods.

Rental income under operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Management fee income is recognised when management services have been provided.

Interest income is accrued on a time basis on the principal outstanding at the applicable interest rate.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive the dividend is established.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(j) 存貨

存貨初步按成本確認,其後按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低值確認。成本包括一切採購成本、轉換成本及將存貨送至現有地成及達致現有狀況所需之其他成本。餐廳之存貨成本按加權平業的過程中之估計售價減完成之估計成本及進行出售所需之估計成本。

(k) 收益確認

客戶合約收益於向客戶轉讓貨品 或服務之控制權轉移時確認,而 該金額反映本集團預期就提供該 等貨品或服務有權獲得的代價, 惟不包括代第三方收取之金額。 收益不包括增值税或其他銷售 税,並經扣除任何貿易折讓。

來自銷售食物及餐飲服務之收益 於向客戶提供食物及餐飲之時間 點確認,客戶付款一般於銷售時 支付。

來自銷售食品手信之收益於轉讓 貨品控制權之時間點(即客戶擁有 貨品之時)確認。

經營租賃項下之租金收入於相關 租期內以直線法確認。

管理費收入於管理服務已獲提供 時確認。

利息收入根據未償還本金按適用 利率按時間累計。

股息收入於收取股息之權利確立 時確認。

(I) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period. The amount of current tax payable or receivable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects any uncertainty related to income tax.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill not deductible for tax purposes and initial recognition of assets and liabilities that are not part of the business combination which affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised, provided that the deductible temporary differences are not arises from initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction other than in a business combination that affects neither taxable profit nor the accounting profit. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period, and reflects any uncertainty related to income taxes.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(I) 所得税

年內所得税包括本期税項及遞延 税項。

本期税項根據日常業務所產生之 溢利或虧損(已就毋須課所得税或 不獲寬減所得稅之項目作出調整) 徵收,採用於報告期終已實施或 實質上已實施之稅率計算。應付 或應收本期稅項之金額乃對預計 支付或收到稅項之最佳估計,可 反映與所得稅有關的任何不確定 性。

就作財務申報用途之資產及負債 之賬面值與報税所用相應金額之 間之暫時性差額確認遞延税項。 除不可扣税商譽及初步確認不屬 業務合併一部分而不影響入賬或 應課税溢利的資產及負債,以及 因投資於附屬公司而產生的應課 税暫時性差額(本集團能夠控制暫 時性差異的撥回,且暫時性差額 可能不會於可預見未來撥回)外, 本集團就所有應課税暫時性差額 均確認遞延税項負債。遞延税項 資產在應課税溢利很可能用於抵 銷可抵扣暫時性差額之情況下予 以確認,惟可抵扣暫時性差額並 非由於在企業合併以外且不影響 應課税溢利或會計溢利的交易中 初步確認資產及負債而產生。遞 延税項乃按適用於資產或負債之 賬面值獲變現或結算之預期方式 及於報告期終已實施或大致上已 實施之税率計量,且可反映與所 得税有關的任何不確定性。

(I) Income taxes - Continued

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered.

An exception to the general requirement on determining the appropriate tax rate used in measuring deferred tax amount is when an investment property is carried at fair value under HKAS 40 "Investment Property". Unless the presumption is rebutted, the deferred tax amounts on these investment properties are measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of these investment properties at their carrying amounts at the reporting date. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(I) 所得税 - 續

當有法定可強制執行權利以將本期稅項資產抵銷本期稅項負債, 且本期稅項資產及負債涉及同一稅務機關徵收的所得稅以及本集 團有意按淨額基準結算本期稅項資產及負債時,乃將遞延稅項資 產及負債予以抵銷。

遞延稅項資產的賬面值於各報告 期終檢討,並於不再可能有足夠 應課稅溢利以供收回全部或部分 資產時減少。

所得税在損益中確認,惟倘所得 税涉及已確認為其他全面收益之 項目,則於該情況下有關稅項亦 於其他全面收益確認,或倘所得 税涉及直接於權益確認之項目, 則有關稅項亦直接於權益確認。

(m) Foreign currency

Transactions entered into by group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve (attributable to non-controlling interest as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as foreign exchange reserve.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(m) 外幣

集團旗下實體以其營業所在主要經濟環境之流通貨幣(「功能資際」)以外之其他貨幣進行之。 場內,按交易當日之匯率及及外幣為單位之貨幣資戶。以外際資量之非貨幣率率 報告價值計量之非貨幣率率 定公允分價值當日之匯率 算。以外幣按歷史成本計量之非 貨幣項目不會重新換算。

於綜合賬目時,海外業務之收入 及開支項目按年內平均匯率換算 為本集團呈報貨幣(即港元),惟 期內匯率大幅波動除外,在此情 況下,則使用與進行交易時相若 之匯率換算。海外業務所有資產 及負債按報告期終之匯率換算。 所產生之匯兑差額(如有)於其他 全面收益確認,並於權益累積為 外匯儲備(如適用,計入非控股權 益)。在集團旗下實體獨立財務報 表之損益中確認之因換算長期貨 幣項目(屬於本集團有關海外業務 投資淨額之一部分)而產生之匯兑 差額,重新歸類至其他全面收益 及於權益累積為外匯儲備。

(m) Foreign currency - Continued

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the foreign exchange reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are transferred to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments on identifiable assets acquired arising on an acquisition of a foreign operation on or after 1 January 2005 are treated as assets and liabilities of that foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the foreign exchange reserve.

(n) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

- (ii) Defined contribution retirement plan

 Contributions to defined contribution retirement plan are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when the services are rendered by the employees.
- (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(m) 外幣 - 續

出售海外業務時,於外匯儲備內 就該業務所確認截至出售日期止 之累計匯兑差額將轉撥至損益, 作為出售溢利或虧損之一部分。

於二零零五年一月一日或之後, 於收購海外業務時產生之有關所 收購可識別資產之商譽及公允價 值調整,乃視為該海外業務的資 產及負債,並按報告期終之匯率 換算。所產生之匯兑差額於外匯 儲備確認。

(n) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利為預期於僱 員提供相關服務之年度報 告期終後十二個月之前悉 數結清之僱員福利(離職福 利除外)。短期僱員福利於 僱員提供相關服務之年度 內確認。

- (ii) 定額供款退休金計劃 定額供款退休金計劃之供 款於僱員提供服務時在損 益中確認為開支。
- (iii) 離職福利

離職福利於本集團不再撤銷提供該等福利時或當本 集團確認涉及支付離職福 利之重組成本時(以較早發 生者為準)確認。

(o) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- right-of-use assets;
- intangible asset;
- non-current deposits; and
- interests in subsidiaries.

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the cash generating unit (see note 4(c)), discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the cash generating unit.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(o) 資產減值(金融資產除外)

於各報告期終,本集團檢討以下 資產之賬面值,以釐定有否跡象 顯示該等資產遭受減值虧損或先 前已確認之減值虧損不再存在或 有所減少:

- 物業、廠房及設備;
- 使用權資產;
- 無形資產;
- 非即期按金;及
- 於附屬公司之權益。

倘資產之可收回金額(即公允價值 減出售成本與使用價值兩者中之 較高者)估計低於其賬面值,則該 資產之賬面值將減至其可收回金 額。減值虧損即時確認為開支。

當減值虧損於其後撥回,該資產之賬面值乃增加至其可收回金額之經修訂估計數額,惟所增加之賬面值並不超出假設過往年間並未就該資產確認減值虧損沒回即時確認為收入。

使用價值按預期自現金產生單位 (見附註4(c))產生之估計未來現金 流量以稅前貼現率(其反映當時市 場對資金時間價值及現金產生單 位之特定風險之評估)貼現至其現 值。

(p) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which will probably result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reasonably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(q) Segment reporting

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment), or providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

Segment revenue, expenses, results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis to that segment.

Segment revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities are determined before intra-group balances and intra-group transactions are eliminated as part of the consolidation process, except to the extent that such intra-group balances and transactions are between group entities within a single segment. Inter-segment pricing is based on similar terms as those available to other external parties.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

(p) 撥備及或然負債

倘因過去事項導致本集團須承擔 法律或推定責任,並可能因此須 付出經濟利益,而經濟利益可合 理估計,則須就未能確定時間或 金額之負債確認撥備。

倘可能不需要付出經濟利益,或 不能對金額作可靠估計,除非付 出經濟利益之可能性極低,否則 此項責任將作為或然負債披露。 除非付出經濟利益之可能性極 低,否則在發生一項或多項未來 事件下始能確定之潛在責任亦披 露為或然負債。

(q) 分部報告

分部指本集團可區分之部分,包括提供產品或服務(業務分部)或於特定經濟環境提供產品或服務(地區分部),而其風險及回報均有別於其他分部。

分部收益、開支、業績、資產及 負債包括直接劃分至該分部之項 目以及可合理分配至該分部之項 目。

分部收益、開支、資產及負債乃 於集團間結餘及集團間交易作為 綜合賬目部分過程而互相對銷之 前釐定,惟有關集團間結餘及交 易屬於單一分部內集團實體之間 則另作別論。分部間定價按給予 其他外部人士之相若條款釐定。

(r) Related parties

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of key management personnel of the Group.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

- (r) 關連人士
 - (a) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士 或該人士家族之直系親屬 與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本集團主要管理 人員。
 - (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則 該實體與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬 同一集團之成員公司(即母公司、附 屬公司及同系附屬 公司各自與其他公 司有關連)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營企業(或集團成員公司之聯營公司或合營企業,另一實體為成員公司)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一 第三方之合營企 業。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方 實體之合營企業, 而另一實體為該第 三方實體之聯營公 司。

- (r) Related parties Continued
 - (b) Continued
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

4. 主要會計政策 - 續

- (r) 關連人士-續
 - (b) -*續*
 - (v) 該實體是為本集團 或與本集團有關連 之實體僱員利益而 設之離職後福利計 劃。
 - (vi) 該實體由(a)項所識 別之人士控制或共 同控制。
 - (vii) (a)(i)項所識別人士 對該實體有重大影響或屬該實體(或 該實體之母公司) 之主要管理人員。
 - (viii) 該實體或屬同一集 團之任何成員公司 向本集團或本集團 母公司提供主要管 理人員服務。

該人士家族之直系親屬指 與該實體交易時預期可影 響該名人士或受其影響之 人士,此等直系親屬包括:

- (i) 該名人士之子女及 配偶或同居伴侶;
- (ii) 該名人士配偶或同 居伴侶之子女;及
- (iii) 該名人士或其配偶 或同居伴侶之受供 養人士。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the Directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

(a) Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

Income taxes and deferred taxation

The Group is subject to income taxes in a number of jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. Transactions and calculations may exist for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax arising from the Group's investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company have concluded that the Group's investment properties are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, in determining the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors of the Company have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties located in Macau measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. Deferred taxation liabilities are therefore recognised based on the applicable tax rates applicable to when it is a disposal of investment properties.

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因素 之主要來源

於應用本集團之會計政策時,董事須就 未能從其他來源輕易獲得之資產及負債 賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及 相關假設乃根據過往經驗及其他被視為 相關之因素而作出。實際結果可能有別 於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會持續進行檢討。會計估計所作之修訂倘僅影響估計修訂之期間,則於該期間確認,或倘該修訂影響現時及未來期間,則於修訂期間及未來期間確認。

(a) 應用會計政策之重大判斷

所得税及遞延税項

本集團須於多個司法權區繳納所 得税。於釐定所得稅撥備時須 可能方在難以明確釐定最稅 可能存在難以明確釐定最稅 類會不 到期確認預期稅 事宜之責任。倘該等事宜 是 稅 務 ,則有關差額將影響釐定稅 類 期間之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY -

Continued

(a) Critical judgments in applying accounting policies - Continued

Going concern basis

As disclosed in note 3(b), the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The appropriateness of the going concern basis is assessed after taking into account all relevant available information about the future of the Group, including the cash flow forecast of the Group covering a period of twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Such forecast about the future, at a particular point of time, about the future outcome of events and conditions, which inherently involves various assumptions and uncertainties. Actual results could differ significantly, and hence it may cast significant doubt in relation to the going concern assumption.

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

In addition to information disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, other key sources of estimation uncertainty that have significant risks of resulting a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within next financial year are as follows:

(i) Impairment of goodwill

Determining whether goodwill is impaired requires an estimation of the value in use and fair value less costs of disposal of the CGUs to which goodwill has been allocated. The value in use calculation requires the directors to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the CGUs and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Further information on the impairment assessment on CGU are provided in note 20.

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因素 之主要來源 – 續

(a) 應用會計政策之重大判斷 - 續

持續經營基準

(b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

除此等綜合財務報表其他部分披露之資料外,估計不明朗因素之其他主要來源(具有導致下個財政年度之資產及負債賬面值出現大幅調整之重大風險)如下:

(i) 商譽減值

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY -

Continued

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty - Continued

(ii) Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group tests annually whether there is any indication that non-financial assets have suffered an impairment loss in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. The assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset or a CGU is determined based on fair value less costs of disposal and value in use calculations which require the use of assumptions and estimates.

(iii) Fair value measurement

A number of assets included in the Group's financial statements require measurement at, and/ or disclosure of, fair value.

The fair value measurement of the Group's financial and non-financial assets utilises market observable inputs and data as far as possible. Inputs used in determining fair value measurements are categorised into different levels based on how observable the inputs used in the valuation technique are (the "fair value hierarchy"):

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical items (unadjusted);
- Level 2: Observable direct or indirect inputs other than level 1 inputs;
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs (i.e. not derived from market data).

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因素 之主要來源 – 續

(b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來源-續

(ii) 非金融資產減值(商譽除 外)

(iii) 公允價值計量

計入本集團財務報表之多 項資產規定按公允價值計 量及/或披露。

本集團金融及非金融資產 之公允價值計量盡可能利 用市場可觀察輸入資料及 數據。釐定公允價值計量 採用之輸入數據分類值為 同級別,基準為於估值方 法中所用輸入數據 觀察程度(「公允價值級 別」):

- 第1級別:相同項目於活躍市場之報價(未經調整);
- 第2級別:除第1級 別輸入數據以外之 直接或間接可觀察 輸入數據:
- 第3級別:不可觀察輸入數據,即不可從市場數據中產生之輸入數據。

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY -

Continued

(b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty - Continued

(iii) Fair value measurement – Continued

The classification of an item into the above levels is based on the lowest level of the inputs used that has a significant effect on the fair value measurement of the item. Transfers of items between levels are recognised in the period they occur.

The Group measures investment properties (note 19) and financial assets at FVTPL (note 25) at fair value. For more detailed information in relation to the fair value measurement of these items, please refer to the respective notes.

6. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group determines its operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions.

The Group has three reportable segments. These segments are managed separately as each business offers different products and services and requires different business strategies. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

- Food and catering sales of food and catering in Macau,
 Mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan;
- Food souvenir sales of food souvenir, including festival food products; and
- Property investment leasing of property.

5. 重大會計判斷及估計不明朗因素 之主要來源 – 續

(b) 估計不明朗因素之主要來源-續

(iii) 公允價值計量-續

將項目分類為上述級別乃 以所用輸入數據對項目公 允價值計量影響重大之最 低級別決定。於各級別之 間轉移項目乃於產生期間 確認。

本集團按公允價值計量投資物業(附註19)及按公允價值計入損益之金融資產(附註25)。關於此等項目公允價值計量之進一步詳情,請參閱相關附註。

6. 分部報告

本集團根據經主要營運決策者審閱之報告(用以制定戰略性決策)決定其經營分部。

本集團擁有三個可報告分部。由於每項 業務提供不同產品及服務,且需要不同 經營策略,故該等分部獨立管理。本集 團各個可報告分部之營運情況概述如下:

- 食物及餐飲一在澳門、中國大 陸、香港及台灣銷售食物及餐飲;
- 食品手信一銷售食品手信,包括 節慶食品;及
- 物業投資一租賃物業。

6. SEGMENT REPORTING - Continued

6. 分部報告 - 續

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers under HKFRS15	根據香港財務報告準則第15號之 客戶合約收益		
Food and catering – sales of food and catering in Macau, Mainland China,	食物及餐飲-在澳門、中國 大陸、香港及台灣銷售食物及		
Hong Kong and Taiwan	餐飲	220,372	402,212
Food souvenir – sales of food souvenir,	食品手信一銷售食品手信,包括	44 ===	50.040
including festival food products	節慶食品	44,773	53,219
		265,145	455,431
Revenue from other source	其他來源之收益		
Property investment – leasing of property	物業投資-租賃物業	19,911	19,991
		285,056	475,422

Inter-segment transactions are priced with reference to prices charged to external parties for similar order. Central revenue and expenses are not allocated to the operating segments as they are not included in the measure of the segments' profit that is used by the chief operating decision-maker for assessment of segment performance.

分部間交易之價格乃參考就類似訂單向 外部人士收取之價格釐定。由於主要收 益及開支並未計入主要營運決策者評估 分部表現時使用之分部溢利計量內,故 並無分配至各經營分部。

6. SEGMENT REPORTING - Continued

(a) Business segments For the year ended 31 December 2022

6. 分部報告 - 續

(a) 業務分部 *截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度*

		Food and catering 食物及餐飲 HK\$'000 千港元	Food souvenir 食品手信 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Inter- segment elimination 分部間對銷 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Revenue from external customers Revenue from inter-segment Other revenue	收益 來自外來客戶之收益 來自分部間之收益 其他收益	220,372 - 16,634	44,773 - 1,017	19,911 175 175	- (175) -	285,056 - 17,826
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分部收益	237,006	45,790	20,261	(175)	302,882
Results Reportable segment results	業績 可報告分部業績	(120,529)	(10,651)	3,558	-	(127,622)

As at 31 December 2022

於二零二二年十二月三十一日

		Food and catering 食物及餐飲 HK\$'000 千港元	Food souvenir 食品手信 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets Reportable segment assets*	資產 可報告分部資產*	330,934	41,323	576,887	949,144
Liabilities Reportable segment liabilities	負債 可報告分部負債	341,181	18,019	293,020	652,220
Reportable segment net (liabilities)/ assets	可報告分部(負債)/ 資產淨額	(10,247)	23,304	283,867	296,924

As at 31 December 2022, food and catering and food souvenir segment assets included cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$21,866,000 (2021: HK\$31,357,000) and HK\$2,096,000 (2021: HK\$5,165,000) respectively, while property investment segment assets included cash and cash equivalents of approximately HK\$1,990,000 (2021: HK\$72,000), and investment properties of approximately HK\$556,000,000 (2021: HK\$562,000,000).

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 食物及餐飲以及食品手信分部資 產分別包括現金及等同現金項目 約21,866,000港元(二零二一年: 31,357,000港元)及2,096,000 港元(二零二一年:5,165,000港元),而物業投資分部資產包括現 金及等同現金項目約1,990,000港元(二零二一年:72,000港元)及 投資物業約556,000,000港元(二零二一年:562,000,000港元)。

6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** – Continued

(a) Business segments – Continued
Other information
For the year ended 31 December 2022

6. 分部報告 - 續

(a) 業務分部 – 續 其他資料 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度

		Food and catering 食物及餐飲 HK\$'000 千港元	Food souvenir 食品手信 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income	利息收入	148	-	-	148
Interest expense	利息開支	8,620	352	7,316	16,288
Capital expenditure	資本開支	10,091	2,626	-	12,717
Addition of right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產	22,470	1,803	-	24,273
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
equipment		19,572	2,600	691	22,863
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	44,073	3,772	-	47,845
Amortisation of other intangible	其他無形資產攤銷				
assets		512	195	-	707
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	25,775	-	-	25,775
Impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備減值虧損				
plant and equipment		2,196	-	-	2,196
Impairment loss on other intangible	其他無形資產減值虧損				
assets		_	5,000	-	5,000
Loss on written off of property,	撇銷物業、廠房及設備之虧損				
plant and equipment		10,155	1,541	-	11,696
Fair value loss on investment	投資物業之公允價值虧損				
properties		_	-	6,000	6,000
Rent concessions	租金優惠	6,207	667	-	6,874
Gain on lease modification	租賃修改之收益	12,604	-	_	12,604
Income tax credit, net	所得税抵免淨額	5,644	-	720	6,364

6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** – Continued

Business segments - Continued

For the year ended 31 December 2021

分部報告 - 續 6.

(a) 業務分部 - 續

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度

					Inter-	
		Food and	Food	Property	segment	
		catering	souvenir	investment	elimination	Consolidated
		食物及餐飲	食品手信	物業投資	分部間對銷	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益					
Revenue from external customers	來自外來客戶之收益	402,212	53,219	19,991	-	475,422
Revenue from inter-segment	來自分部間之收益	-	-	198	(198)	-
Other revenue	其他收益	20,422	374	189	-	20,985
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分部收益	422,634	53,593	20,378	(198)	496,407
Results	業績					
Reportable segment results	可報告分部業績	(69,085)	(12,229)	2,875	-	(78,439)

As at 31 December 2021

於二零二一年十二月三十一日

		Food and	Food	Property	
		catering	souvenir	investment	Consolidated
		食物及餐飲	食品手信	物業投資	綜合
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets	資產				
Reportable segment assets*	可報告分部資產*	445,671	55,547	585,985	1,087,203
Liabilities	負債				
Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分部負債	353,067	23,962	304,304	681,333
Reportable segment net assets	可報告分部資產淨額	92,604	31,585	281,681	405,870

6. **SEGMENT REPORTING** – Continued

(a) Business segments – Continued Other information

For the year ended 31 December 2021

6. 分部報告 - 續

(a) 業務分部 - 續 其他資料

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度

		Food and catering 食物及餐飲 HK\$'000 千港元	Food souvenir 食品手信 HK\$'000 千港元	Property investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Un-allocated 未分配 HK\$'000 千港元	Consolidated 綜合 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income	利息收入	296	3	-	-	299
Interest expense	利息開支	11,544	425	6,612	_	18,581
Capital expenditure	資本開支	3,063	1,183	-	-	4,246
Addition of right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產	953	-	-	-	953
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備					
plant and equipment	折舊	27,693	4,548	787	21	33,049
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	66,624	3,670	-	-	70,294
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	575	203	-	-	778
Impairment loss on goodwill	商譽減值虧損	6	-	-	-	6
Impairment loss on property,	物業、廠房及設備					
plant and equipment	減值虧損	8,046	3,402	-	-	11,448
Impairment loss on right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損	5,367	-	-	-	5,367
Impairment loss on other	其他無形資產減值					
intangible assets	虧損	289	-	-	-	289
Loss on written off of property,	撇銷物業、廠房及					
plant and equipment	設備之虧損	8,469	-	-	-	8,469
Fair value loss on investment properties	投資物業之公允價值					
	虧損	-	-	6,000	-	6,000
Fair value loss of financial	按公允價值計入					
assets at FVTPL	損益之金融資產之					
	公允價值虧損	-	-	-	18	18
Rent concessions	租金優惠	12,424	1,632	_	_	14,056
Gain on lease modification	租賃修改之收益	1,254	156	_	_	1,410
Income tax credit/(expense), net	所得税抵免/(開支)					
	淨額	11,176	_	(92)	_	11,084

6. SEGMENT REPORTING - Continued

(b) Reconciliation of reportable segment revenues, profit and loss, assets and liabilities

6. 分部報告 - 續

(b) 可報告分部收益、溢利及 虧損、資產及負債之對賬

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Reportable segment revenue Less: Other revenue	收益 可報告分部收益 減:其他收益	302,882 (17,826)	496,407 (20,985)
Consolidated revenue	綜合收益	285,056	475,422
Loss before income tax Reportable segment loss Other revenue and other gains and losses Corporate payroll expenses Unallocated expenses	除所得税前虧損 可報告分部虧損 其他收益以及其他收益及虧損 公司薪金開支 未分配開支	(127,622) - (3,253) (3,346)	(78,439) (286) (4,537) (4,476)
Consolidated loss before income tax	除所得税前綜合虧損	(134,221)	(87,738)
Assets Reportable segment assets Financial assets at FVTPL	資產 可報告分部資產 按公允價值計入損益之	949,144	1,087,203
Unallocated corporate assets	金融資產 未分配企業資產	37 755	37 851
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額	949,936	1,088,091
Liabilities Reportable segment liabilities Unallocated corporate liabilities	負債 可報告分部負債 未分配企業負債	652,220 2,213	681,333 1,923
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額	654,433	683,256

Unallocated expenses comprised mainly of the expenses of the Group's headquarter which were not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment.

Unallocated corporate assets comprised mainly of cash and cash equivalents which are held as general working capital of the Group as a whole and other corporate assets of the Group's headquarter which were not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment. Unallocated corporate liabilities mainly comprised of the liabilities of the Group's headquarter which were not directly attributable to the business activities of any operating segment.

未分配開支主要包括本集團總部開支, 其並不直接歸屬於任何經營分部之業務 活動。

未分配企業資產主要包括持作本集團整體之一般營運資金之現金及等同現金項目及並不直接歸屬於任何經營分部之業務活動之本集團總部之其他企業資產。 未分配企業負債主要包括並不直接歸屬於任何經營分部之業務活動之本集團總部之負債。

6. SEGMENT REPORTING - Continued

(c) Geographical information

The Group's operations are located in Macau, Mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan, while Macau is the place of domicile of the Company. The following table provides an analysis of the Group's revenue from external customers and non-current assets (other than financial assets).

6. 分部報告 - 續

(c) 地區資料

本集團業務位於澳門、中國大陸、香港及台灣,而澳門為本公司之所在地。下表提供本集團來自外來客戶之收益及非流動資產(金融資產除外)之分析。

		external c	Revenue from external customers 來自外來客戶之收益		ent assets ancial assets) 金融資產除外)
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong Mainland China Macau Taiwan	香港 中國大陸 澳門 台灣	69,256 25,421 190,126 253	110,980 54,929 301,926 7,587	18,097 5,833 816,971	29,301 25,085 881,267
		285,056	475,422	840,901	935,653

The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the goods and services are delivered. For goodwill and other intangible assets, the geographical location is based on the areas of operation of CGUs. The geographical location of other non-current assets is based on the physical location of the assets.

(d) Information about major customers

There was no single customer that contributed to 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

客戶之地區位置乃按貨品及服務 交付之地點而定。就商譽及其他無形資產而言,地區位置乃按現金產生單位經營地區而定。其他非流動資產之地區位置乃按資產實際地點而定。

(d) 有關重要客戶之資料

截至二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,概無單 一客戶為本集團收益貢獻10%或 以上。

7. TURNOVER

Turnover represented sales of food and catering, food souvenir and gross rental income from investment properties. The amounts of each significant category of revenue recognised in turnover during the reporting period were disaggregated as follows:

7. 營業額

營業額指食物及餐飲以及食品手信之銷售額以及來自投資物業之總租金收入。 於報告期內在營業額中確認之各重大類 別收益金額分拆如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers under HKFRS 15	根據香港財務報告準則第15號之 客戶合約收益		
Sales of food and catering	食物及餐飲之銷售額	220,372	402,212
Sales of food souvenir	食品手信之銷售額	44,773	53,219
		265,145	455,431
Revenue from other source	其他來源之收益		
Rental income from investment properties	投資物業之租金收入	19,911	19,991
		285,056	475,422
By timing of revenue recognition under HKFRS 15	根據香港財務報告準則第15號 按確認收益之時間		
At a point in time	於某一時間點	265,145	455,431

The Group did not have any contract asset and contract liability as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日概無任何合約資產及合約負 債。

8. OTHER REVENUE

8. 其他收益

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income	利息收入	148	299
Management fee income	管理費收入	4,048	4,073
Rental income from staff quarters and others	來自員工宿舍及其他之租金收入	450	966
Government grants (note)	政府補助(附註)	10,150	3,996
Others	其他	3,030	11,651
		17,826	20,985

8. OTHER REVENUE - Continued

Note: Government grants of approximately HK\$4,500,000 (2021: HK\$2,182,000) was obtained for the year ended 31 December 2022 from the Macau Government supporting the Macau companies that were impacted by COVID-19 pandemic.

Government grants of approximately HK\$5,650,000 (2021: nil) was obtained for the year ended 31 December 2022 from Employment Support Scheme ("ESS") under the Anti-epidemic Fund launched by the Hong Kong Government supporting the payroll of the Group's employees. Under the Schemes, the Group had to commit to spend these grants on payroll expenses, and not to reduce employee head count in prescribed period.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, government grants of approximately HK\$1,814,000 was obtained from Food License Holders Subsidies Scheme launched by Hong Kong Government to subsidise companies with valid food license in prescribed period.

The Group does not have other unfulfilled obligations relating to the above programs.

8. 其他收益-續

附註: 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度已取得約4,500,000港元(二零二一年:2,182,000港元)之政府補助,其來自澳門政府以資助受2019新型冠狀病毒影響之澳門公司。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度已取得約5,650,000港元(二零二一年:零)之政府補助,其來自香港政府推出之防疫抗疫基金下之保就業計劃(「保就業計劃」),以資助本集團支付僱員薪酬。根據該計劃,本集團須承諾將該等補助用於薪酬開支,且於指定期限內不會將僱員人數減少。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度已取得約1,814,000港元之政府補助,其來自香港政府推出之持牌食物業界別資助計劃,以資助於指定期限內持有有效食物業牌照之公司。

本集團並無與上述項目有關之其他未履行 責任。

9. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

9. 其他收益及虧損

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Rent concessions (note 33)	租金優惠(附註33)	6,874	14,056
Exchange (loss)/gain, net	匯兑(虧損)/收益淨額	(16,140)	13,609
Fair value loss of investment properties (note 19) Impairment loss on property,	投資物業之公允價值 虧損(附註19) 物業、廠房及設備減值	(6,000)	(6,000)
plant and equipment (note 18)	虧損(附註18)	(2,196)	(11,448)
Loss on written off of property, plant and equipment (note 18)	撇銷物業、廠房及設備之 虧損(附註18)	(11,696)	(8,469)
Gain on lease modification (note 33)	租賃修改之收益(附註33)	12,604	1,410
Impairment loss on right-of-use assets (note 33)	使用權資產減值虧損(附註33)	-	(5,367)
Impairment loss on other intangible assets (note 21)	其他無形資產減值虧損(附註21)	(5,000)	(289)
Impairment loss on goodwill (note 20)	商譽減值虧損(附註20)	(25,775)	(6)
Fair value loss of financial assets at FVTPL	按公允價值計入損益之金融資產 之公允價值虧損	_	(18)
Others	其他	(777)	180
		(48,106)	(2,342)

10. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

10. 除所得稅前虧損

Loss before income tax was arrived at after charging:

除所得税前虧損已扣除下列各項:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses Direct operating expenses arising from	確認為開支之存貨成本 年內自投資物業產生之	89,002 729	145,816
investment properties during the year	直接經營開支	729	872
Cost of sales	銷售成本	89,731	146,688
Employee costs (note 11)	員工成本(附註11)	136,318	189,249
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊(附註18)		
plant and equipment (note 18)		22,863	33,049
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷(附註21)		
(note 21)		707	778
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬	1,100	1,490
Operating lease charges on properties	物業之經營租賃費用		
 Contingent rentals* 	一或然租金*	4,794	4,620
- Short term lease expenses	-短期租賃開支	1,670	4,756
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 33)	使用權資產折舊(附註33)	47,845	70,294

Contingent rentals are calculated, based on a percentage of the relevant sales of the restaurants/shops pursuant to the relevant rental agreements.

11. EMPLOYEE COSTS

11. 員工成本

	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Employee costs (including directors) comprise: 員工成本(包括董事)包括: Wages and salaries 工資及薪金 Contributions on defined contribution 定額供款退休金計劃供款	132,882	184,711
retirement plans	3,436	4,538
	136,318	189,249

或然租金乃根據相關租賃協議按餐廳/店 舖相關銷售額之比例計算。

12. DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

12. 董事酬金

Directors' emoluments are disclosed as follows:

董事酬金披露如下:

Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元	Retirement scheme contributions 退休金 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries, allowances and benefits- in-kind 薪金、津貼及 實物福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Directors' fees 董事袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二二年	2022
				執行董事:	Executive directors:
6,107	_	632	5,475	陳澤武(「陳先生」)	Chan Chak Mo ("Mr. Chan")
96	_	96	_	陳思杰	Chan See Kit, Johnny
586	-	586	-	梁衍茵	Leong In Ian
				獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-executive directors:
120	-	-	120	張漢傑	Cheung Hon Kit
120	-	-	120	余錦遠	Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln
120	-	-	120	陳百祥	Chan Pak Cheong Afonso
7,149	-	1,314	5,835		
	-	1,314		IN H IT	- Chart at Groong / torio

			Salaries,		
			allowances	Retirement	
		Directors'	and benefits-	scheme	
		fees	in-kind	contributions	Total
			薪金、津貼及	退休金	
		董事袍金	實物福利	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
2021	二零二一年	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:				
Chan Chak Mo	陳澤武	9,260	605	-	9,865
Chan See Kit, Johnny	陳思杰	-	386	_	386
Leong In Ian	梁衍茵	-	601	_	601
Lai King Hung (resigned on	黎經洪(於二零二一年				
25 March 2021)	三月二十五日辭任)	-	114	-	114
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:				
Cheung Hon Kit	張漢傑	120	_	_	120
Yu Kam Yuen, Lincoln	余錦遠	120	_	_	120
Chan Pak Cheong Afonso	陳百祥	120	-	-	120
		9,620	1,706	_	11,326

No director waived any emoluments for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

概無董事於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內放棄任何酬金。

13. FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, one (2021: one) was director of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 12 above. The emoluments of the remaining four (2021: four) individuals were as follows:

13. 五名最高薪人士

於本集團五名最高薪人士當中,一名(二零二一年:一名)為本公司董事,彼等之酬金已於上文附註12披露。其餘四名(二零二一年:四名)人士之酬金如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits Contributions to retirement pension schemes	薪金及其他福利 退休金計劃供款	3,009 36	3,091 38
		3,045	3,129

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

彼等之酬金介乎以下範圍:

		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		No. of employees 僱員人數	No. of employees 僱員人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	4	4

The emoluments of directors and senior management were within the following bands:

董事及高級管理層之酬金介乎以下範圍:

		2022 二零二二年 No. of employees 僱員人數	2021 二零二一年 No. of employees 僱員人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	11	9
HK\$6,000,001 to HK\$6,500,000	6,000,001港元至6,500,000港元	1	_
HK\$9,500,001 to HK\$10,000,000	9,500,001港元至10,000,000港元	-	1

14. FINANCE COSTS

14. 財務成本

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on interest bearing borrowings: - Repayable within five years - Repayable over five years	計息借貸利息: 一須於五年內償還 一須於五年後償還	6,799 4,521	6,089 3,277
Interest on an amount due to a related party Imputed interest expenses on lease liabilities (note 33)	應付一名關連人士款項之利息 租賃負債之估算利息開支 (附註33)	11,320 371 4,597	9,366 - 9,215
		16,288	18,581

15. INCOME TAX CREDIT

15. 所得稅抵免

The amount of income tax credit in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represented:

綜合全面收益表內所得稅抵免金額指:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax – Macau Complementary Income Tax	本期税項-澳門所得補充税		
Over-provision in respect of prior years Deferred tax	一就過往年度之超額撥備 遞延税項	(5,644)	(10,364)
- Credit for the year	一年內抵免	(720)	(720)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(6,364)	(11,084)

Macau Complementary Income Tax is calculated at the progressive rate on the estimated assessable profits for the year. The maximum tax rate is 12% for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: 12%).

澳門所得補充税乃根據年內估計應課税 溢利按累進税率計算。截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度之最高税率為 12%(二零二一年: 12%)。

15. INCOME TAX CREDIT - Continued

The income tax credit for the year can be reconciled to the loss before income tax per the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as follows:

15. 所得稅抵免 - 續

年內所得稅抵免與綜合全面收益表所示 除所得稅前虧損之對賬如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(134,221)	(87,738)
Tax calculated at the applicable Macau corporate tax rates of 12% (2021:12%)	按適用澳門企業税率12% (二零二一年:12%)計算之 税項	(16,107)	(10,528)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	其他司法權區營運之附屬公司 税率不同之影響	(565)	(1,594)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax effect of revenue not taxable for	不可扣税開支之税務影響 毋須課税收益之税務影響	10,529	4,600
tax purposes		(4,518)	(3,386)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Over-provision in respect of prior years	未確認税項虧損之税務影響 就過往年度之超額撥備	9,941 (5,644)	10,188 (10,364)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(6,364)	(11,084)

Mainland China Enterprise Income Tax ("EIT") is calculated at rate of 25% (2021: 25%). No provision for EIT has been made as Mainland China subsidiaries had no assessable profits for EIT for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021. No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profits for Hong Kong Profits Tax for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unused tax losses of HK\$159,718,000 (2021: HK\$148,645,000) in Mainland China available for offset against future profits which will expire in five years. At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unused tax loss of HK\$79,937,000 (2021: HK\$68,050,000) in Hong Kong available for offset against future profits of the companies in which the losses arose. At the end of the reporting period, the Group had unused tax losses of HK\$132,840,000 (2021: HK\$203,892,000) in Macau available for offset against future taxable profits which will expire in three years. No deferred tax asset in respect of the tax losses has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profits streams.

中國大陸企業所得税(「企業所得税」)按25%(二零二一年:25%)之税率計算。由於中國大陸附屬公司於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度並無應課企業所得税溢利,故並無作出企業所得税撥備。由於本集團於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度均無應課香港利得税溢利,故並無作出香港利得税撥備。

於報告期終,本集團於中國大陸有未動用税項虧損159,718,000港元(二零二一年:148,645,000港元),可用作抵銷未來溢利,並將於五年內屆滿。於報告期終,本集團於香港有未動用完68,050,000港元),可用作抵銷產生虧損之公司未來溢利。於報告期終,本集團於澳門有未動用税項虧損132,840,000港元(二零二一年:203,892,000港元),可用作抵銷未來應課税溢利,並將於三年內屆滿。由於不能預測未來溢利來源,故未有就稅項虧損確認遞延稅項資產。

Notes to the Financial Statements 財務報表附註

31 December 2022 二零二二年十二月三十一日

16. DIVIDENDS

No interim dividend was declared during the year (2021: nil) and the board of directors of the Company does not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil).

17. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

a. Basic loss per share

16. 股息

年內概無宣派中期股息(二零二一年:無)及本公司董事會不建議就截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度派發任何末期股息(二零二一年:無)。

17. 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損根據以 下數據計算:

a. 每股基本虧損

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損	(125,612)	(72,953)
		Number of shares 股份數目	Number of shares 股份數目
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic loss per share	計算每股基本虧損之普通股加權平均數	694,302,420	694,302,420
Basic loss per share (HK cents)	每股基本虧損(港仙)	(18.09)	(10.51)

b. Diluted loss per share

The amounts of diluted loss per share for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 were the same as basic loss per share respectively as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in existence during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

b. 每股攤薄虧損

由於截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度並無存在任何潛在攤薄普通股,故截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之每股攤薄虧損金額與每股基本虧損相同。

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

18. 物業、廠房及設備

				Office	Kitchen	
		Land and	Leasehold	fixtures and	utensils and	
						Tatal
		buildings	improvements	equipment	supplies	Total
				辦公室	廚房用具及	
		土地及樓宇	租賃裝修	裝置及設備	供應品	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本					
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	165,773	265,055	49,549	64,463	544,840
Additions	添置	43	9,676	788	2,210	12,717
Written off		_	(91,823)	(5,877)	(25,667)	(123,367)
Exchange adjustment	進 之 調 整	-	(4,160)	(1,087)	-	(5,247)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	165,816	178,748	43,373	41,006	428,943
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值					
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	24,172	225,340	41,941	53,677	345,130
Depreciation	折舊	6,348	11,818	1,205	3,492	22,863
Impairment loss*	減值虧損*	_	260	-	1,936	2,196
Written off		_	(83,411)	(5,341)	(22,919)	(111,671)
Exchange adjustment	進	-	(3,987)	(1,068)	-	(5,055)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	30,520	150,020	36,737	36,186	253,463

18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - Continued 18. 物業、廠房及設備 - 續

As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	141,601	39,715	7,608	10,786	199,710
Net book value As at 31 December 2022	賬面淨值 於二零二二年十二月三十一日	135,296	28,728	6,636	4,820	175,480
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	24,172	225,340	41,941	53,677	345,130
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整	-	1,793	447	8	2,248
Written off	撇銷	_	(34,037)	(4,690)	(10,829)	(49,556)
Impairment loss*	減值虧損*	-	4,883	2,046	4,519	11,448
Depreciation	折舊	6,193	18,953	2,019	5,884	33,049
Accumulated depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2021	累計折舊及減值 於二零二一年一月一日	17,979	233,748	42,119	54,095	347,941
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	165,773	265,055	49,549	64,463	544,840
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整 ————————————————————————————————————		1,949	472	11	2,432
Written off	撇銷	-	(40,018)	(4,962)	(13,045)	(58,025)
Additions	添置	-	3,115	601	140	3,856
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	165,773	300,009	53,438	77,357	596,577
Cost	成本					
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		土地及樓宇	租賃裝修	裝置及設備	供應品	總計
			p	辦公室	廚房用具及	
		buildings	improvements	equipment	supplies	Total
		Land and	Leasehold	fixtures and	utensils and	
				Office	Kitchen	

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18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - Continued

The land and buildings located in Macau are held under private properties on a permanent basis without tenure.

At 31 December 2022, the Group's land and building with net book value of approximately HK\$4,030,000 (2021: HK\$4,452,000) was pledged to a bank to secure a mortgage loan (2021: one) granted to the Group with the aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$10,885,000 (2021: HK\$12,300,000) (note 28).

At 31 December 2022, the Group's land and building at net book value of approximately HK\$130,847,000 (2021: HK\$137,152,000) was pledged to a bank to secure a bank loan (2021: one) granted to the Group with the aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$123,720,000 (2021: HK\$126,920,000) (note 28).

During the year ended 31 December 2022, management of the Group has provided impairment loss on leasehold improvements, equipment, utensils and supplies of several restaurants which were loss-making for quite some time. Due to the lack of an active market for these leasehold improvements, equipments, utensils and supplies management has considered that the leasehold improvements and equipment of these restaurants may not be easily sold and may have insignificant re-sale value. Accordingly, full impairment on such leasehold improvements, equipment, utensils and supplies of approximately HK\$2,196,000 had been made in 2022 (2021: HK\$11,448,000).

18. 物業、廠房及設備-續

位於澳門之土地及樓宇是根據無租期永 久私人物業持有。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團 賬面淨值約4,030,000港元(二零二一年:4,452,000港元)之土地及樓宇已 抵押予銀行,作為本集團獲授一項賬面 總值約10,885,000港元(二零二一年: 12,300,000港元)之按揭貸款(二零二一年:一項)之擔保(附註28)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團 賬面淨值約130,847,000港元(二零二一年:137,152,000港元)之土地及樓宇已 抵押予銀行,作為本集團獲授一項賬面 總值約123,720,000港元(二零二一年: 126,920,000港元)之按揭貸款(二零二一年:一項)之擔保(附註28)。

* 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團管理層就長久以來持續錄得虧損之幾間餐廳之租賃裝修、設備、用具及供應品作出減值虧損撥備。因該等租市場。設備、用具及供應品缺乏活躍市場,管理層認為該等餐廳之租賃裝修及設備未必能輕易出售,且可能並不具重大轉售價值,故已於二零二二年就該等租賃約、設備、用具及供應品作出全面減值約2,196,000港元(二零二一年:11,448,000港元)。

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

19. 投資物業

Investment properties 投資物業 HK\$'000

At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	556,000
Fair value loss	公允價值虧損	(6,000)
At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022	於二零二一年十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日	562,000
Fair value At 1 January 2021 Fair value loss	公允價值 於二零二一年一月一日 公允價值虧損	568,000 (6,000)
		1/6/6

The investment properties are located in Macau and held under private properties (Propriedade Privada) on a permanent basis without tenure.

投資物業位於澳門境內及根據無租期永 久私人物業持有。

Investment properties with carrying amount of approximately HK\$556,000,000 (2021: HK\$562,000,000) have been pledged to a bank to secure one mortgage loan and one bank overdraft facility (2021: one mortgage loan and one bank overdraft facility) granted to the Group with aggregate carrying amount of HK\$237,314,000 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$239,529,000) (note 28).

賬面值約為556,000,000港元(二零二一年:562,000,000港元)之投資物業已抵押予銀行,作為本集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日獲授賬面總值為237,314,000港元(二零二一年:239,529,000港元)的一項按揭貸款及一項銀行透支融資(二零二一年:一項按揭貸款及一項銀行透支融資(二零二一年:一項按揭貸款及一項銀行透支融資)之擔保(附註28)。

The fair values of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2022 and 2021 have been arrived at on market value carried out by Jones Lang LaSalle Limited, an independent valuer who holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued.

本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年十二 月三十一日之投資物業公允價值是由獨 立估值師仲量聯行有限公司以市值計算 得出。該估值師持有認可及相關專業資 格,並對受估值投資物業之位置及類別 擁有近期經驗。

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES - Continued

The fair value of investment properties is a level 3 recurring fair value measurement. A reconciliation of the opening and closing fair value balance is provided below.

19. 投資物業 - 續

投資物業之公允價值以第3級別經常公允 價值計量。年初及年終公允價值結餘對 賬如下。

Investment

At 31 December 2021 and 1 January 2022 Loss included in other gains and losses (note 9) - Fair value loss	於二零二一年十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日 計入其他收益及虧損之虧損(附註9) 一公允價值虧損	562,000 (6,000)
Loss included in other gains and losses (note 9) - Fair value loss	計入其他收益及虧損之虧損(附註9) 一公允價值虧損	(6,000)
		投資物業 HK\$'000 千港元 568,000

The fair value of investment properties located in Macau is determined by applying the income approach based on the capitalisation of the fully leased, current passing rental income and potential reversionary income of the property with reference to estimated market rent at appropriate investment yield to arrive at the market value.

位於澳門之投資物業之公允價值是應用 收入法,基於物業之全租現時租金收入 及潛在復歸收入並參考按適當投資收益 率估計之市場租金釐定,以達致市值。

Properties	Location 位置	Valuation Technique 估值方法	Fair Value hierarchy 公允價值層級	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入 數據範圍	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據 與公允價值之關係
Investment properties 投資物業	Macau 澳門	Investment Method of valuation – Capitalisation of net income 投資估值方法-收益淨額資本化	Level 3 第3級別	Estimated market monthly rent 估計市場月租	HK\$1.5 million monthly basis (2021: HK\$1.5 million) 每月1,500,000港元 (二零二一年:1,500,000港元)	The higher the rental value, the higher the fair value 月租越高,公允價值越高
				Reversionary yield 復歸收益	3.3% (2021: 3.3%) 3.3%(二零二一年: 3.3%)	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value 復歸收益越高,公允價值越低
		ment is based on the hich does not differ fron	· ·	•	· =	基於上述物業之最高及 際用途並無二致。
There were no changes to the valuation technique during the year.		年內估值方法並無	變動。			

20. GOODWILL

20. 商譽

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost At 1 January and 31 December	成本 於一月一日及十二月三十一日	81,781	81,781
Accumulated impairment losses At 1 January Impairment for the year	累計減值虧損 於一月一日 年度減值	(6) (25,775)	_ (6)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(25,781)	(6)
Net carrying value At 31 December	賬面淨值 於十二月三十一日	56,000	81,775

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the CGUs under the food and catering segment. The CGUs were identified as follows: 為進行減值測試,商譽獲分配至食物及 餐飲分部之現金產生單位。已識別之現 金產生單位如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Kanysia Investments Limited ("Kanysia Group") Era Catering Management Company Limited ("Era Catering")	Kanysia Investments Limited (「Kanysia集團」) 盈申餐飲管理有限公司 (「盈申餐飲」)	40,600	61,775
Nippon Gourmet Trading Company Limited ("Nippon Gourmet")	日美食品貿易有限公司 (「日美食品」)	15,400	20,000
		56,000	81,775

20. GOODWILL - Continued

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs have been determined from value in use calculations based on cash flow projections from formally approved budgets covering a five-year period. Cash flow beyond the five-year period is extrapolated at growth rate of 2%, which does not exceed the long-term growth rate for the business in which the CGU operates. Key assumptions are as follows:

20. 商譽 - 續

現金產生單位之可收回金額根據涵蓋五年期間正式獲批准預算所載現金流量預測計算之使用價值釐定。超過五年期間之現金流量按2%增長率推算,即不會超出現金產生單位經營所屬業務之長期增長率。主要假設如下:

		2022 二零二二年	
		%	
		百分比	百分比
Discount rate	貼現率	14% to 15%	13% to 15%
		14%至15%	13%至15%
Operating margin	經營溢利率	12% to 31%	11% to 33%
		12%至31%	11%至33%
Growth rate within five-year period	五年期間內之增長率	5% to 100%	-55% to 5%
		5%至100%	-55%至5%

Operating margins have been determined based on past performance, and management's expectations for market share, after taking into consideration published market forecast and research. The weighted average growth rate used is consistent with the forecasts included in industry reports. The growth rate reflects the long-term average growth rate for the product line of the CGU. Discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks related to the CGU.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, CGUs in relation to Kanysia Group and Nippon Gourmet incurred loss and this had an adverse impact on the projected value in use of these CGUs. Consequentially, management of the Group has provided impairment loss on goodwill of approximately HK\$21,175,000 and HK\$4,600,000 allocated to the CGU in relation to Kanysia Group and Nippon Gourmet respectively (2021: nil).

During the year ended 31 December 2021, management of the Group has provided impairment loss on goodwill of HK\$6,000 allocated to the CGU in relation to Era Catering to write down its recoverable amount to nil due to permanent closure of its restaurant.

經營溢利率已按過往表現及管理層預期 之市場份額,計及已刊發之市場預測及 研究釐定。採用之加權平均增長率與行 業報告所載之預測一致。增長率反映現 金產生單位之產品系列之長期平均增長 率。所採用之貼現率為除税前貼現率及 反映現金產生單位之相關特定風險。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,與Kanysia集團及日美食品有關之現金產生單位產生虧損,對該等現金產生單位之預測使用價值造成不利影響。因此,本集團管理層就Kanysia集團及日美食品分別獲分配予現金產生單位之商譽計提減值虧損約21,175,000港元及4,600,000港元(二零二一年:無)。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,由於盈申餐飲之餐廳永久結業,本集團管理層就其獲分配予現金產生單位之商譽計提減值虧損6,000港元,以撇減其可收回金額至零。

OTHER INTANGIBLE	ASSETS	21.	其他無形資	產	
		Trademark 商標 HK\$'000 千港元	Franchise 特許經營權 HK\$'000 千港元	Royalties 專利權 HK\$'000 千港元	Tota 總記 HK\$'00 千港元
Cost At 1 January 2022 Exchange adjustment	成本 於二零二二年一月一日 匯兑調整	15,003	8,348 (324)	2,976 -	26,32 (32
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	15,003	8,024	2,976	26,00
Accumulated amortisation and impairment At 1 January 2022 Amortisation Impairment loss* Exchange adjustment	累計攤銷及減值 於二零二二年一月一日 攤銷 減值虧損* 匯兑調整	1,000 - 5,000 -	6,774 512 – (244)	2,635 195 – –	10,40 70 5,00 (24
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	6,000	7,042	2,830	15,87
Cost At 1 January 2021 Addition Exchange adjustment	成本 於二零二一年一月一日 添置 匯兑調整	15,003 - -	8,196 - 152	2,586 390 –	25,78 39 15
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	15,003	8,348	2,976	26,32
Accumulated amortisation and impairment At 1 January 2021 Amortisation Impairment loss* Exchange adjustment	累計攤銷及減值 於二零二一年一月一日 攤銷 減值虧損* 匯兑調整	1,000 - - -	5,803 575 289 107	2,432 203 - -	9,23 77 28 10
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	1,000	6,774	2,635	10,40
Net book value At 31 December 2022	賬面淨值 於二零二二年 十二月三十一日	9,003	982	146	10,13
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	14,003	1,574	341	15,91

21. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS – Continued Impairment tests for trademark with indefinite useful life

For the purpose of impairment testing, trademark with indefinite useful life is allocated to a group of CGUs under the food souvenir segment. The recoverable amount of above CGU has been determined based on value in use calculations, covering a detailed five-year budget plan, followed by an extrapolation of expected cash flows at the average growth rates of 2% (2021: 3%) and pretax discount rate of 26% (2021: 20%) estimated by management.

The key assumptions for the Group have been determined by the Group's management based on past performance and its expectations for the industry development. The discount rate used is pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the food souvenir segment.

Apart from the considerations described in determining the value in use of the CGU, the Group's management is not currently aware of any other probable changes that would necessitate changes in key estimates.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, management of the Group identified impairment indicator of other intangible assets due to decline in performance in the segment of food souvenir business. The Group assessed the recoverable amount of the other intangible assets allocated to its respective CGU and as a result the carrying amount of the other intangible assets was written down to its recoverable amount. Accordingly, an impairment on other intangible assets of approximately HK\$5,000,000 was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$289,000).

22. RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

Restricted bank deposits classified as current assets in the amount of HK\$1,170,000 (2021: HK\$6,377,000) have been pledged to a bank in respect of the guarantee given in lieu of paying rental deposit.

21. 其他無形資產 - 續

擁 有 無 限 可 使 用 年 期 之 商 標 減 值 測試

為進行減值測試,擁有無限可使用年期之商標獲分配至食品手信分部之現金產生單位起別。上述現金產生單位之可收回金額,乃根據詳細五年預算方案之使用價值計算釐定,其後按管理層估計以平均增長率2%(二零二一年:3%)及除税前貼現率26%(二零二一年:20%)推定預期現金流量。

本集團主要假設由本集團管理層根據過 往表現及其對行業發展之預期釐定。所 用之貼現率為除税前貼現率及反映有關 食品手信分部之特定風險。

除釐定現金產生單位使用價值時所述之 考慮因素外,本集團管理層現時並無發 現會迫使主要估計有變之任何其他可能 變動。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團管理層已識別其他無形資產之減值 指標,原因為食品手信業務分部之表現轉差。本集團已評估分配至其各自現金產生 單位之其他無形資產之可收回金額,故其 他無形資產賬面值已撇減至其可收回金 額。如此,截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度已確認一筆其他無形資產減值約 5,000,000港元(二零二一年:289,000港元)。

22. 受限制銀行存款

分類為流動資產之受限制銀行存款金額 1,170,000港元(二零二一年:6,377,000 港元)已就代替支付租金按金所提供之擔 保抵押予銀行。

23. INVENTORIES

23. 存貨

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Raw materials – food and catering Raw materials – food souvenir Consumable goods	原材料-食物及餐飲 原材料-食品手信 消費品	9,855 9,083 1,028	14,838 10,263 1,913
Total	總計	19,966	27,014

24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The Group's sales to customers are mainly on a cash and credit card settlement. Trade receivables mainly represent the revenue collected by the operators on the Group's behalf where the restaurants of the Group are located. The credit terms granted to these operators are 30 days from the sales made.

24. 貿易及其他應收款項

本集團對客戶進行之銷售主要以現金及信用卡結算。貿易應收款項主要指營運商於本集團餐廳所在地代表本集團收取之收益。此等營運商獲授之信貸期為自作出銷售起計30日。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current portion Trade receivables Prepayments and deposits (note) Other receivables	即期部分 貿易應收款項 預付款項及按金(附註) 其他應收款項	23,759 12,370 1,131	23,867 20,688 1,235
Total	總計	37,260	45,790
Non-current portion Prepayments and deposits (note)	非即期部分 預付款項及按金(附註)	24,570	36,442

Note: As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, these balances mainly represented deposits paid for rental and utilities.

附註: 於二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一 日,該等結餘主要指就租金及公用服務支 付之按金。

The Group recognised impairment loss based on the accounting policy stated in note 4(i)(ii).

本集團根據附註4(i)(ii)所載會計政策確認 減值虧損。

Trade debtors are due within 30 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade debtors are set out in note 40(e).

貿易應收賬款自發單日期起於30日內到期。有關本集團之信貸政策及產生自貿易應收賬款之信貸風險之進一步詳情載於附註40(e)。

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24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES - Continued

The ageing analysis of the trade receivables based on invoice date (net of impairment losses) is as follows:

24. 貿易及其他應收款項 - 續

貿易應收款項(扣除減值虧損)按發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
0 to 90 days 91 days to 365 days Over 365 days	0至90日 91日至365日 超過365日	22,253 1,436 70	22,855 1,001 11
Total	總計	23,759	23,867

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

25. 按公允價值計入損益之金融資產

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at FVTPL: - Listed equity investments in Hong Kong	按公允價值計入損益之金融資產: 一香港上市之股本投資	37	37

The financial assets are traded on active liquid markets. The fair values are determined with reference to quoted market prices which are under level 1 (quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities) of fair value hierarchy under HKFRS 13.

金融資產於活躍流通市場買賣。公允價值乃參考香港財務報告準則第13號下公允價值層級第一級(相同資產或負債於活躍市場之報價(未經調整))所報市價釐定。

26. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

26. 貿易及其他應付款項

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables Accruals and other provision Construction and other payables	貿易應付款項 應計費用及其他撥備 應付工程款項及其他應付款項	27,237 32,207 22,224	31,227 34,205 51,957
Total	總計	81,668	117,389

Included in trade payables are trade creditors with the following ageing analysis, based on invoice dates, as of the end of reporting period:

貿易應付賬款已計入貿易應付款項,其 於報告期終按發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 90 days	90日內	24,638	28,607
91 to 180 days	91至180日	1,514	1,345
181 to 365 days	181至365日	594	525
More than 365 days	超過365日	491	750
Total	總計	27,237	31,227

27. AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had an amount due to Future Bright Restaurant Enterprises Limited, of which Mr. Chan is also a director and an equity holder, amounted to approximately HK\$82,487,000 (2021: HK\$17,005,000). This amount is interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had an amount due to Mr. Chan, amounted to approximately HK\$13,000,000 (2021: nil). This amount is unsecured and repayable on demand, and bears interest at 7% per annum.

27. 應付關連人士款項

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團應付佳景飲食企業有限公司款項約82,487,000港元(二零二一年:17,005,000港元),陳先生亦為該公司董事兼權益持有人。該款項為免息、無抵押及須按要求償還。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團應付陳先生款項約13,000,000港元(二零二一年:零)。該款項為無抵押及須按要求償還,並按年息7厘計息。

28. INTEREST BEARING BORROWINGS

28. 計息借貸

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Secured bank loan (note a) Secured bank overdraft (note b) Mortgage loans (notes c and d)	有抵押銀行貸款(附註a) 有抵押銀行透支(附註b) 按揭貸款(附註c及d)	- 14,300 357,619	7,000 19,335 359,414
Total interest bearing borrowings	計息借貸總額	371,919	385,749
Carrying amount repayable: On demand or within one year More than one year, but not exceeding two years More than two years, but not exceeding	須償還賬面值: 按要求或一年內 超過一年但兩年內 超過兩年但五年內	45,145 38,581	70,636 32,777
five years More than five years	超過五年	204,460 83,733	183,307 99,029
Amount due within one year included in current liabilities	已計入流動負債之 一年內到期款項	371,919 (45,145)	385,749 (70,636)
		326,774	315,113

Note a: As at 31 December 2021, the Group had one secured bank loan of approximately HK\$7,000,000. It bears interest at 1-month Hong Kong Inter-Bank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") plus 1.8% per annum.

Note b: As at 31 December 2022, the Group had a secured bank overdraft of approximately HK\$14,300,000 (2021: HK\$19,335,000) with unutilised facility of approximately MOP5,271,000 (equivalent to HK\$5,118,000) (2021: approximately to MOP85,000 (equivalent to HK\$82,000)) which is repayable on demand (2021: on demand). It bears interest at the prime rate less 2.0% per annum and is secured by the investment properties (note 19). Such overdraft facility also carries a covenant which requires that Mr. Chan and his associates had to hold not less than 40% (2021: 40%) equity interest of the Company.

附註a: 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團有 一項有抵押銀行貸款約7,000,000港元。其 按一個月香港銀行同業拆息(「香港銀行同 業拆息」)加年息1.8厘計息。

附註b: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團有一項有抵押銀行透支約14,300,000港元(二零二一年:19,335,000港元)須按要求(二零二一年:按要求)償還,未動用融資金額約為5,271,000澳門元(相當於5,118,000港元)(二零二一年:約85,000澳門元(相當於82,000港元))。其按最優惠利率減年息2.0厘計息,並以投資物業作抵押(附註19)。該項透支融資亦載有一份契諾,要求陳先生及其聯繫人士須持有本公司不少於40%(二零二一年:40%)股本權益。

28. INTEREST BEARING BORROWINGS - Continued

Note c: As at 31 December 2022, the Group had three (2021: three) mortgage loans of approximately HK\$357,619,000 (2021: HK\$359,414,000), including:

- (i) mortgage loan of approximately HK\$223,014,000 (2021: HK\$220,194,000) with unutilised facility of approximately HK\$22,325,000 (2021: HK\$33,010,000). This secured bank loan is repayable within 7 years from April 2021 and bears interest at the prime rate less 2.5% per annum. The mortgage loan is secured by the investment properties (note 19);
- (ii) a mortgage loan of HK\$10,885,000 (2021: HK\$12,300,000) which was originally repayable within 5 years from 2017 and bore interest at HIBOR plus 2.0% per annum. The loan has been renewed during the year ended 31 December 2022. It is repayable within 3 years from 2022 and bears interest at HIBOR plus 2.25% per annum. It is secured by a land and building (note 18):
- (iii) a mortgage loan of approximately HK\$123,720,000 (2021: HK\$126,920,000) with unutilised facility of approximately HK\$55,000,000 (2021: HK\$55,000,000). This secured bank loan is repayable within 7 years from 2019, bears annual interest rate at 1.8% per annum over HIBOR, and is secured by the land and building (note 18).

Note d: As at 31 December 2022, two (2021: two) mortgage loans (mentioned in notes c (i) and (iii)) totalling of approximately HK\$346,734,000 (2021: HK\$347,114,000) carried a covenant that Mr. Chan and his associates had to hold not less than 37%-40% (2021: 37%-40%) equity interest of the Company

29. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

Deferred tax liabilities represented the temporary difference arising from revaluation of investment properties.

Details of the deferred tax liabilities recognised and movements during the current year and prior year are as follows:

28. 計息借貸 - 續

附註c: 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集 團有三項(二零二一年:三項)按揭貸 款約357,619,000港元(二零二一年: 359,414,000港元),包括:

- (i) 按揭貸款約223,014,000港元(二零二一年:220,194,000港元)· 未動用融資金額約22,325,000港元(二零二一年:33,010,000港元)。該項有抵押銀行貸款須自二零二一年四月起計七年內償還,按最優惠利率減年息2.5厘計息。該項按揭貸款以投資物業作抵押(附註19):
- (ii) 一項按揭貸款約10,885,000港元(二零二一年:12,300,000港元),原本須自二零一七年起計五年內價處,按香港銀行日開業所之。截至二零二年十二月三十一日止年度,以已續期,須自二零二年年起計三年內價息2,25厘計息。其以土地及樓宇作抵押(附註18);
- (iii) 一項按揭貸款約123,720,000港元(二零二一年:126,920,000港元),未動用融資金額約55,000,000港元(二零二一年:55,000,000港元)。該項有抵押銀行貸款須自二零一九年起計七年內償還,按計意,並以土地及樓字作抵押(附計18)。

附註d:於二零二二年十二月三十一日,兩項(二零二一年:兩項)合共約346,734,000港元(二零二一年:347,114,000港元)之按揭貸款(於附註c()及(ii)提及)載有一份契諾,表明陳先生及其聯繫人士須持有本公司不少於37%至40%(二零二一年:37%至40%)股本權益。

29. 遞延稅項負債

遞延税項負債指重估投資物業所產生之 暫時性差額。

於本年度及過往年度已確認遞延税項負 債及變動之詳情如下:

> Deferred tax liabilities 遞延税項負債 HK\$'000

> > 千港元

At 1 January 2021 Credited to profit or loss for the year	於二零二一年一月一日 年內計入損益	36,501 (720)
At 31 December 2021 and at 1 January 2022 Credited to profit or loss for the year	於二零二一年十二月三十一日及 二零二二年一月一日 年內計入損益	35,781 (720)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	35,061

30. NON-INTEREST BEARING BORROWINGS

30. 無息借貸

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries	應付附屬公司非控股股東款項	6 017	6.017
Amounts due within one year included in	計入流動負債的	6,817	6,817
current liabilities	一年內到期之款項	(1,388)	(1,388)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	5,429	5,429

The amounts are unsecured and non-interest bearing with written confirmations from certain non-controlling shareholders of the subsidiaries confirming that they will not demand repayment of the balance of HK\$5,429,000 within one year from the end of the reporting period.

該等款項均為無抵押及免息,並附有自附屬公司若干非控股股東取得之書面確認,確認彼等不會要求於報告期終起計一年內償還餘額5,429,000港元。

31. SHARE CAPITAL

(a) Authorised and issued share capital

31. 股本

(a) 法定及已發行股本

		Number of shares 股份數目 '000 千股	Total value 總價值 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定:		_
As at 1 January 2021, and	於二零二一年一月一日		
31 December 2021 and 2022	以及二零二一年及		
	二零二二年十二月三十一日		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	每股面值0.1港元之普通股	1,000,000	100,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
As at 1 January 2021, and	於二零二一年一月一日		
31 December 2021 and 2022	以及二零二一年及		
	二零二二年十二月三十一日		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	每股面值0.1港元之普通股	694,302	69,430

During the year ended 31 December 2022, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities (2021: nil).

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度內,本公司或其任何附屬 公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公 司任何上市證券(二零二一年: 無)。

31. SHARE CAPITAL - Continued

(b) Capital risk management

The Group's objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The Group's risk management reviews the capital structure periodically. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risk associated with each class of capital.

The gearing ratios at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

31. 股本 - 續

(b) 資本風險管理

本集團為保障本集團能夠繼續持續經營而管理其資本,並透過在 債務與權益之間取得最佳平衡, 為股東爭取最大回報。

本集團之風險管理乃定期檢討資本架構。作為檢討工作之一部分,管理層會考慮資本成本及與 各類別資本有關之風險。

於報告期終之資產負債比率如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total liabilities Cash and cash equivalents	負債總額 現金及等同現金項目	654,433 (26,032)	683,256 (36,778)
Net debts	債務淨額	628,401	646,478
Equity	權益	295,503	404,835
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	2.1	1.6

32. RESERVES

32. 儲備

		Share	Contributed	Accumulated	
		premium	surplus	losses	Total
		股份溢價	繳入盈餘	累計虧損	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Company	本公司	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	376,715	243,302	(201,481)	418,536
Loss for the year	年度虧損	_	_	(83,054)	(83,054)
At 31 December 2021 and	於二零二一年				
1 January 2022	十二月三十一日及				
	二零二二年一月一日	376,715	243,302	(284,535)	335,482
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	-	(109,419)	(109,419)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年				
	十二月三十一日	376,715	243,302	(393,954)	226,063

32. RESERVES - Continued

32. 儲備 - 續

The following describes the nature and purpose of each reserve within owners' equity:

以下説明於擁有人權益下各儲備之性質 及用途:

Reserve 儲備	Description and purpose 概述及用途
Share premium 股份溢價	Amount subscribed for share capital in excess of nominal value. 認購股本金額超出面值部分。
Contributed surplus 繳入盈餘	The difference between the aggregate net tangible assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company under the group reorganisation in 2002 and the nominal amount of the Company's share issued for the acquisition. 本公司根據二零零二年集團重組所收購附屬公司之有形資產淨額總額與本公司就收購所發行股份面值間之差額。
Capital reserve 資本儲備	Amount contributed by the equity holders. 權益持有人注資款額。
Property revaluation surplus 物業重估盈餘	Gains/losses arising on revaluation of properties. 重估物業所產生之收益/虧損。
Foreign exchange reserve 外匯儲備	Gains/losses arising on retranslating the net assets of overseas operations into presentation currency. 重新換算海外業務資產淨額為呈報貨幣所產生之收益/虧損。
Retained profits/ accumulated losses 保留盈利/累計虧損	Cumulative net profit and loss recognised in profit or loss. 於損益確認之累積溢利及虧損淨額。

Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended), the contributed surplus account of the Company is available for distribution. However, the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if:

- (a) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due; or
- (b) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium accounts.

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(經修訂),本公司之繳入盈餘賬可供分派。然而,倘出現下列情況,本公司不得動用繳入盈餘宣派或派付股息或作出分派:

- (a) 本公司於支付有關款項後無法或 可能無法償還到期債務;或
- (b) 本公司資產之可變現價值將因而 低於其負債、已發行股本及股份 溢價賬之總和。

33. LEASES

Right-of-use assets/lease liabilities

33. 租賃

使用權資產/租賃負債

Land and buildings 土地及樓宇

		Right-of-use assets 使用權資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	187,718	217,515
Additions	添置	953	953
Depreciation	折舊	(70,294)	_
Lease modification	租賃修改	(37,550)	(38,960)
Loss on impairment*	減值虧損*	(5,367)	_
Interest expenses	利息開支	_	9,215
Lease payments	租賃付款	_	(74,117)
Rent concessions	租金優惠	_	(14,056)
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整	790	1,005
At 31 December 2021 and	於二零二一年十二月三十一日及		
1 January 2022	二零二二年一月一日	76,250	101,555
Additions	添置	24,273	24,273
Depreciation	折舊	(47,845)	-
Lease modification	租賃修改	(8,660)	(21,264)
Interest expenses	利息開支	-	4,597
Lease payments	租賃付款	-	(50,707)
Rent concessions	租金優惠	-	(6,874)
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整	(728)	(1,414)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	43,290	50,166

During the year ended 31 December 2021, management of the Group has provided impairment loss on right-of-use assets of several restaurants in Macau and Mainland China which were loss-making for quite some time. Due to the lack of an active market for these right-of-use assets, management has considered that the right-of-use assets of these restaurants may have insignificant re-sale value. Accordingly, full impairment on such remaining right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$5,367,000 had been made in 2021.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, no impairment loss on right-of-use assets had been made.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團管理層就位於澳門及中國大陸長久以來持續錄得虧損之若干餐廳之使用權資產作出減值虧損撥備。因該等使用權資產缺乏活躍而制,管理層認為該等優廳故足活躍可能並不具重大轉售價值,於二零二一年就該等餘下使用權資產作出全面減值約5,367,000港元。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 概無作出任何使用權資產減值虧損。

33. LEASES – Continued Right-of-use assets/lease liabilities – Continued

33. 租賃 - 續 使用權資產/租賃負債 - *續*

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動負債 非流動負債	25,954 24,212	53,818 47,737
		50,166	101,555

The present value of future lease payments are analysed as:

未來租賃款項之現值分析如下:

Carrying amount repayable:	須償還賬面值:		
Within one year	一年內	25,954	53,818
More than one year, but not later than	超過一年但兩年內		
two years		8,969	35,703
More than two years, but not later than	超過兩年但五年內		
five years		13,086	11,852
More than five years	超過五年	2,157	182
		50,166	101,555

Operating leases - lessor

The investment property of the Group was leased to a tenant for a term of 8 years since 2019. The rental income during the year ended 31 December 2022 was HK\$19,911,000 (2021: HK\$19,991,000).

The minimum rent receivables under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

經營租賃-出租人

自二零一九年起,本集團向一名租戶 出租投資物業,為期8年。於截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度之租金 收入為19,911,000港元(二零二一年: 19,991,000港元)。

不可撤銷經營租賃項下最低應收租金如 下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Not later than one year	不超過一年	17,400	17,400
Later than one year and not later than	超過一年但兩年內		
two years		19,970	17,400
Later than two years and not later than	超過兩年但三年內		
three years		19,970	19,970
Later than three years and not later than	超過三年但四年內		
four years		19,970	19,970
Later than four years and not later than	超過四年但五年內		
five years		19,970	19,970
Later than five years	超過五年	9,098	29,068
		106,378	123,778

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF HOLDING COMPANY

34. 控股公司之財務狀況表

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current asset Interests in subsidiaries	非流動資產 於附屬公司之權益		387,718	387,718
Current assets Amounts due from subsidiaries Other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 應收附屬公司款項 其他應收款項 現金及等同現金項目		288,352 215 25	384,977 211 35
Total current assets	流動資產總額		288,592	385,223
Current liabilities Other payables Amount due to a director Amounts due to subsidiaries	流動負債 其他應付款項 應付一名董事款項 應付附屬公司款項		2,156 13,000 365,661	1,860 - 366,169
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		380,817	368,029
Net current (liabilities)/assets	流動(負債)/資產淨額		(92,225)	17,194
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		295,493	404,912
Net assets	資產淨額		295,493	404,912
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	31 32	69,430 226,063	69,430 335,482
Total equity	權益總額		295,493	404,912

On behalf of the directors

代表董事

Chan See Kit, Johnny 陳思杰 Chan Chak Mo 陳澤武

35. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The table lists below the subsidiaries of the Group which have in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results or assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would in the opinion of directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

35. 於附屬公司之權益

下表載列董事認為對本集團業績或資產 構成重大影響之本集團附屬公司。董事 認為如列出其他附屬公司之詳情會令資 料過於冗長。

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/operations	Principal activities	Nominal value of issued and fully paid/ registered capital	Percenta nominal value registered as at 31 De 2021 and 佔於二零二	of issued/ capital cember 2022 一年及
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立/創立/經營地點	主要業務	已發行及繳足/ 註冊股本面值	二零二二年十二 已發行/註冊股 ^z Directly 直接	
Bright Elite Gourmet Company Limited ("Bright Elite")(1)	Macau	Food souvenir business (Yeng Kee Bakery)	MOP30,000	-	70%
佳英食品有限公司(「佳英」)(1)	澳門	食品手信業務(英記餅家)	30,000澳門元		
Bright Gain Restaurant Company Limited 美盈餐飲有限公司	Macau 澳門	Operation of restaurant 經營餐廳	MOP25,000 25,000澳門元	-	100%
Bright Luck Gourmet Company Limited	Macau	Operation of food processing centre	MOP30,000	-	100%
佳運食品有限公司	澳門	經營食品加工中心	30,000澳門元		
Bright Mark Restaurant Limited	Hong Kong	Operation of franchise restaurant	HK\$1	-	100%
佳偉餐飲有限公司	香港	經營特許經營餐廳	1港元		
Bright Noble Company Limited	Macau	Investment holding and operation of restaurant	MOP25,000	-	100%
佳寶利有限公司	澳門	投資控股及經營餐廳	25,000澳門元		
Bright Prosper Catering Management Company Limited	Macau	Operation of coffee shop and restaurant	MOP30,000	-	100%
佳盈利餐飲管理有限公司	澳門	經營咖啡店及餐廳	30,000澳門元		
Bright Rich Restaurant Limited 佳富餐飲(香港)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Operation of restaurant 經營餐廳	HK\$300,000 300,000港元	-	100%

35. 於附屬公司之權益-續

Place of incorporation/ establishment/operations	Principal activities	Nominal value of issued and fully paid/ registered capital	Percenta nominal value registered as at 31 De 2021 and 佔於二零二	e of issued/ capital ecember d 2022
註冊成立/創立/經營地點	主要業務	已發行及繳足/ 註冊股本面值	二零二二年十二 已發行/註冊股 Directly 直接	
Hong Kong 香港	Operation of restaurant 經營餐廳	HK\$1,000,000 1,000,000港元	100%	-
Macau 澳門	Operation of restaurant 經營餐廳	MOP25,000 25,000澳門元	-	50.8%
Macau	Administrative and supporting services 行政及支援服務	MOP25,000 25.000澳門元	-	100%
Hong Kong	Administrative and supporting services	HK\$1	100%	-
Hong Kong 香港	Property investment 物業投資	HK\$1 1港元	-	100%
Hong Kong 香港	Operation of restaurant 經營餐廳	HK\$500,000 500,000港元	-	100%
Macau 澳門	Property investment 物業投資	MOP25,000 25,000澳門元	-	100%
Macau 澳門	Trading of foods 食品貿易	MOP25,000 25,000澳門元	-	100%
Macau 澳門	Operation of restaurant 經營餐廳	MOP25,000 25,000澳門元	-	100%
Macau	Operation of restaurant	MOP30,000	-	75%
	establishment/operations 註冊成立/創立/經營地點 Hong Kong 香港 Macau 澳門 Hong Kong 香港 Hong Kong 香港 Hong Kong 香港 Macau 澳門 Macau 澳門 Macau 澳門 Macau 澳門 Macau 澳門	Establishment/operations Principal activities 註冊成立/創立/經營地點 主要業務 Hong Kong 香港 Macau	Place of incorporation/establishment/operations Principal activities EHM成立/創立/經營地點 主要業務 Hong Kong 香港 Macau	Place of incorporation/establishment/operations Principal activities registered capital 2021 and 6 kb = 2

35. 於附屬公司之權益-續

Name o 附屬公司	f subsidiary 引名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment/operations 註冊成立/創立/經營地點	Principal activities 主要業務	reg	Nominal value of issued and fully paid/ istered capital 己發行及繳足/ 註冊股本面值	Percenta nominal value registered as at 31 De 2021 and 佔於二零二 二零二二年十二 已發行/註冊股型 Directly 直接	of issued/ capital cember 2022 一年及 月三十一日
	sful Food Company Limited cessful Food")(4)	Macau	Operation of restaurant		MOP30,000	-	80%
最佳食品	品有限公司(「最佳食品」)⑷	澳門	經營餐廳		30,000澳門元		
廣州市信	挂景餐飲有限公司*	Mainland China 中國大陸	Operation of restaurant 經營餐廳		US\$1,000,000 1,000,000美元	-	100%
珠海佳遠	壓餐飲有限公司*	Mainland China	Operation of franchise restaurant		RMB100,000	-	100%
		中國大陸	經營特許經營餐廳	\forall	民幣100,000元		
珠海成信	挂餐飲有限公司*	Mainland China	Operation of franchise restaurant		RMB100,000	-	100%
		中國大陸	經營特許經營餐廳	人	民幣100,000元		
*	These companies are regis Mainland China.	tered as a wholly owned fore	ign enterprise in	*	該等公司於中	國大陸註冊為外商	ī獨資企業。
(1)	Bright Elite, a 70% owned controlling interests.	subsidiary of the Company, ha	as material non-	(1)	本公司擁有70 重大非控股權	0%權益之附屬公 益。	司佳英擁有
(2)	Era Catering, a 50.8% owner controlling interests.	d subsidiary of the Company, h	nas material non-	(2)	本公司擁有50 飲擁有重大非	D.8%權益之附屬 控股權益。	公司盈申餐
(3)	Success Cuisine, a 75% ov non-controlling interests.	vned subsidiary of the Compa	ny, has material	(3)	本公司擁有78 擁有重大非控	5%權益之附屬公 股權益。	司上佳飲食
(4)	Successful Food, a 80% ov non-controlling interests.	wned subsidiary of the Compa	ny, has material	(4)	本公司擁有80 擁有重大非控	0%權益之附屬公 股權益。	司最佳食品
(5)	The non-controlling interes owned by the Group are cor	ts of all other subsidiaries than sidered to be immaterial.	at are not 100%	(5)	所有本集團非 非控股權益被	:全資擁有之其他 視為不重大。	附屬公司之
(6)	None of the subsidiaries ha reporting period.	d issued any debt securities a	t the end of the	(6)	於報告期終, 證券。	概無附屬公司發	行任何債務

35. 於附屬公司之權益-續

Summarised financial information in relation to the non-controlling interests of Bright Elite, before intra-group eliminations, is presented below:

於集團內公司間對銷前,與佳英非控股 權益有關之財務資料概要呈列如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度		
Revenue	收益	43,093	42,808
Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損及全面虧損總額	(8,776)	(10,967)
Loss allocated to non-controlling interests	分配至非控股權益之虧損	(2,633)	(3,290)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	派付予非控股權益之股息	-	_
For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度		
Cash flows generated from/(used in) operating activities Cash flows used in investing activities Cash flows generated from financing activities	經營活動所得/(所用)現金流量 投資活動所用現金流量 融資活動所得現金流量	1,209 (3,243) 1,623	(2,310) (2,629) 5,130
Net cash (outflows)/inflows	現金(流出)/流入淨額	(411)	191
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日		
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債 非流動負債	24,102 13,267 (274,955) (6,666)	24,041 21,870 (273,821) (7,566)
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(244,252)	(235,476)
Accumulated non-controlling interests	累計非控股權益	(73,275)	(70,642)

35. 於附屬公司之權益-續

Summarised financial information in relation to the non-controlling interests of Era Catering, before intra-group eliminations, is presented below:

於集團內公司間對銷前,與盈申餐飲非控股權益有關之財務資料概要呈列如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		干疮儿	
For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度		
Revenue	收益	-	5,694
Profit/(loss) and total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	年內溢利/(虧損)及 全面收益/(虧損)總額	457	(2,329)
Profit/(loss) allocated to non-controlling interests	分配至非控股權益之 溢利/(虧損)	225	(1,146)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	派付予非控股權益之股息	-	
For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度		
Cash flows generated from/(used in) operating activities	經營活動所得/(所用)現金流量	673	(1,499)
Cash flows (used in)/generated from investing activities	投資活動(所用)/所得現金流量	(910)	498
Cash flows generated from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量	167	1,016
Net cash (outflows)/inflows	現金(流出)/流入淨額	(70)	15
		2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日		
Current assets	流動資產	38,669	38,029
Current liabilities	流動負債	(4,969)	(4,786)
Net assets	資產淨額	33,700	33,243
Accumulated non-controlling interests	累計非控股權益	16,580	16,355

35. 於附屬公司之權益-續

Summarised financial information in relation to the non-controlling interests of Successful Food, before intra-group eliminations, is presented below:

於集團內公司間對銷前,與最佳食品非 控股權益有關之財務資料概要呈列如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度		
Revenue	收益	6,196	12,898
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	年內溢利及全面收益總額	1,028	3,098
Profit allocated to non-controlling interests	分配至非控股權益之溢利	205	620
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	派付予非控股權益之股息	-	_
For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度		
Cash flows generated from operating activities Cash flows generated from investing activities Cash flows used in financing activities	經營活動所得現金流量 投資活動所得現金流量 融資活動所用現金流量	1,332 66,266 (67,912)	1,401 48,667 (49,847)
Net cash (outflows)/inflows	現金(流出)/流入淨額	(314)	221
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日		-
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債	141,080 84 (83,643)	74,432 303 (18,242)
Net assets	資產淨額	57,521	56,493
Accumulated non-controlling interests	累計非控股權益	11,504	11,299

35. 於附屬公司之權益-續

Summarised financial information in relation to the non-controlling interests of Success Cuisine, before intra-group eliminations, is presented below:

於集團內公司間對銷前,與上佳飲食非 控股權益有關之財務資料概要呈列如下:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度		
Revenue	收益	16,304	23,454
(Loss)/profit and total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利及全面 (虧損)/收益總額	(171)	462
(Loss)/profit allocated to non-controlling interests	分配至非控股權益之 (虧損)/溢利	(43)	116
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	派付予非控股權益之股息	-	_
For the year ended 31 December	截至十二月三十一日止年度		
Cash flows used in operating activities Cash flows (used in)/generated from	經營活動所用現金流量 投資活動(所用)/所得現金流量	(3,413)	(1,495)
investing activities Cash flows generated from/(used in)	融資活動所得/(所用)現金流量	(91,751)	134,294
financing activities		95,904	(132,912)
Net cash inflows/(outflows)	現金流入/(流出)淨額	740	(113)
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December	於十二月三十一日		
Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities	流動資產 非流動資產 流動負債	207,548 212 (137,458)	115,052 624 (45,203)
Net assets	資產淨額	70,302	70,473
Accumulated non-controlling interests	累計非控股權益	17,576	17,619

36. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year, save as disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following significant transactions with related parties:

- (a) During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group received management fee income and promotion fee income of approximately HK\$2,060,000 (2021: HK\$2,396,000) and HK\$181,000 (2021: HK\$281,000) respectively, on a reimbursement of expenses sharing basis, from several companies of which a director of the Company is also a director and holds an ultimate noncontrolling interest of such companies.
- (b) During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group made lease payments of HK\$1,040,000 (2021: HK\$1,710,000) to Mr. Chan, to lease a shop premise located at a Em Macau, Patio da Ameaca No. 1-A, Resdo-Chao A com Sobreloja, Macau with a gross floor area of approximately 74 square meters, under the lease agreement dated 29 August 2014 and a series of supplementary agreements entered in 2015, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022 between Mr. Chan (as landlord) and Bright Elite, a subsidiary of the Company (as tenant), with the latest maturity date on 30 September 2023.
- (C) During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group paid promotion expenses of approximately HK\$175,000 (equivalent to MOP180,000) (2021: HK\$240,000 (equivalent to MOP247,500)) to Mr. Chan under the media advertising agreement ("LED Advertisement Agreement") dated 23 August 2019 between Mr. Chan and FBG, a subsidiary of the Company where FBG had been provided an advertising services in Macau for a term of one year commencing from 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020 at an annual consideration of MOP270,000. On 20 September 2020, Mr. Chan and FBG have renewed this LED Advertising Agreement for another one year from 1 October 2020 to 30 September 2021 for the same annual consideration of MOP270,000. On 29 September 2021, Mr. Chan and FBG have renewed this LED Advertising Agreement for another one year from 1 October 2021 to 30 September 2022 for the annual consideration of MOP180,000. On 30 September 2022, Mr. Chan and FBG have renewed this LED Advertising Agreement for another one year from 1 October 2022 to 30 September 2023 for the annual consideration of MOP180,000.

36. 重大關連人士交易

於本年度,除該等綜合財務報表其他章 節所披露者外,本集團與關連人士進行 之重大交易如下:

- (a) 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團已按償付分擔開 支基準向數家公司(本公司一名 董事亦為該等公司之董事兼持有 該等公司之最終非控股權益)分 別收取管理費收入及宣傳費收入 約2,060,000港元(二零二一年: 2,396,000港元)及181,000港元 (二零二一年:281,000港元)。
- 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 (b) 止年度,根據陳先生(作為業主) 與本公司附屬公司佳英(作為租 戶)所訂立日期為二零一四年八月 二十九日的租賃協議以及彼等於 二零一五年、二零一十年、二零 一八年、二零一九年、二零二零 年、二零二一年及二零二二年訂 立之一系列補充協議(最後到期 日為二零二三年九月三十日), 本集團向陳先生支付租賃款項 1,040,000港元(二零二一年: 1,710,000港元),以租賃位於澳 門葉家圍1-A號A座地下總建築面 積約74平方米之店舖物業。
- 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 (c) 止年度,本集團根據陳先生與本 公司附屬公司佳景集團所訂立日 期為二零一九年八月二十三日之 媒體廣告協議(「LED廣告協議」) 向陳先生支付宣傳費約175,000 港元(相當於180,000澳門元)(二 零二一年:240,000港元(相當 於247,500澳門元)), 佳景集團 已於澳門獲提供廣告服務,自二 零一九年九月一日起至二零二零 年八月三十一日止為期一年,年 度代價為270,000澳門元。於二 零二零年九月二十日, 陳先生與 佳景集團續訂本LED廣告協議, 自二零二零年十月一日起至二零 二一年九月三十日止為期再多一 年,年度代價仍為270,000澳門 元。於二零二一年九月二十九 日,陳先生與佳景集團續訂本 LED廣告協議,自二零二一年十 月一日起至二零二二年九月三十 日止為期再多一年,年度代價為 180,000澳門元。於二零二二年 九月三十日,陳先生與佳景集 團續訂本LED廣告協議,自二零 二二年十月一日起至二零二3 九月三十日止為期再多一年,年 度代價為180,000澳門元。

36. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- Continued

(d) As at 31 December 2022, two mortgage loans of approximately HK\$223,014,000 (as at 31 December 2021: HK\$220,194,000) and approximately HK\$123,720,000 (as at 31 December 2021: HK\$126,920,000) of the Group contained a covenant that Mr. Chan and his associates had to hold not less than 37%-40% equity interest holding of the Company.

As at 31 December 2022, a bank overdraft facility of approximately HK\$14,300,000 (as at 31 December 2021: HK\$19,335,000) with maximum facility of MOP20,000,000 (equivalent to HK\$19,417,000) of the Group contained a covenant that Mr. Chan and his associates had to hold not less than 40% equity interest holding of the Company.

- (e) As at 31 December 2022, the Group had an unsecured amount due to Mr. Chan of HK\$13,000,000 (as at 31 December 2021: nil) at the rate of 7% per annum and is repayable on demand. The interest expense charged by Mr. Chan is approximately HK\$371,000 (2021: nil) during the year ended 31 December 2022.
- (f) The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year ended 31 December 2022 are disclosed in notes 12 and 13.

37. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities (2021: nil).

36. 重大關連人士交易-續

(d) 於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團有兩項按揭貸款約223,014,000港元(於二零二一年十二月三十一日:220,194,000港元)及約123,720,000港元(於二零二一年十二月三十一日:126,920,000港元),附帶一份契約,規定陳先生及其聯繫人士須持有本公司不少於37%至40%股本權益。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團有一項銀行透支融資約14,300,000港元(於二零二一年十二月三十一日:19,335,000港元),最高融資額為20,000,000澳門元(相當於19,417,000港元),附帶一份契約,規定陳先生及其聯繫人士須持有本公司不少於40%股本權益。

- (e) 於二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團有應付陳先生之無抵押款項13,000,000港元(於二零二一年十二月三十一日:無),年利率為7厘,須按要求償還。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,陳先生收取之利息開支約為371,000港元(二零二一年:無)。
- (f) 董事及其他主要管理人員於截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度之薪酬披露於附註12及13。

37. 或然負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無任何重大或然負債(二零二一年: 無)。

38. NOTE SUPPORTING THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

38. 綜合現金流量表附註

融資活動所產生負債之對賬:

		Amounts due to related	Interest bearing	Lease	
		parties	borrowings	liabilities	
		(note 27)	(note 28)	(note 33)	Total
		應付關連		, ,	
		人士款項	計息借貸	租賃負債	
		(附註27)	(附註28)	(附註33)	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	17,005	385,749	101,555	504,309
Changes from cash flows:	現金流量變動:				
Advances from related parties	來自關連人士之墊款	78,482	-	-	78,482
Proceeds from interest bearing borrowings	計息借貸所得款項	_	10,685	_	10,685
Repayment of interest bearing borrowings	償還計息借貸	_	(24,515)	_	(24,515)
Repayment of principal portion of	償還租賃負債本金部分		(= :,-:-)		
the lease liabilities	- / - /	-	_	(46,110)	(46,110)
Interests paid	已付利息	(371)	(11,320)	(4,597)	(16,288)
		78,111	(25,150)	(50,707)	2,254
Other changes:	其他變動:				
Rental concessions	租金優惠	_	_	(6,874)	(6,874)
Interest expenses	利息開支	371	11,320	4,597	16,288
Exchange adjustment	匯 兑調整	_	_	(1,414)	(1,414)
Additions of lease liabilities	添增租賃負債	_	-	24,273	24,273
Lease modification	租賃修改	-	-	(21,264)	(21,264)
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	95,487	371,919	50,166	517,572

38. NOTE SUPPORTING THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - Continued

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities: - Continued

38. 綜合現金流量表附註-續

融資活動所產生負債之對賬: -續

		Amount due	Interest		
		to a related	bearing	Lease	
		party	borrowings	liabilities	
		(note 27)	(note 28)	(note 33)	Total
		應付一名	, ,	, ,	
		關連人士款項	計息借貸	租賃負債	
		(附註27)	(附註28)	(附註33)	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	-	384,406	217,515	601,921
Changes from cash flows:	現金流量變動:				
Advances from a related party	來自一名關連人士之墊款	17,005	_	_	17,005
Proceeds from interest bearing	計息借貸所得款項	,			,
borrowings	RI GIRZ WITT JAVA	_	242,636	_	242,636
Repayment of interest bearing	償還計息借貸		·		
borrowings		_	(241,293)	_	(241,293)
Repayment of principal portion of	償還租賃負債本金部分		, ,		, , ,
the lease liabilities		_	_	(64,902)	(64,902)
Interests paid	已付利息	-	(9,366)	(9,215)	(18,581)
		17,005	(8,023)	(74,117)	(65,135)
Other changes:	其他變動:				
Rental concessions	租金優惠	_	_	(14,056)	(14,056)
Interest expenses	利息開支	_	9,366	9,215	18,581
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整	_	_	1,005	1,005
Additions of lease liabilities	添增租賃負債	_	_	953	953
Lease modification	租賃修改	-	-	(38,960)	(38,960)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年				
	十二月三十一日	17,005	385,749	101,555	504,309

39. SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY CATEGORY

The following table shows the carrying amount and financial assets and liabilities as defined in note 4(i). At the end of reporting period, the carrying values of financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost approximate their fair value.

39. 按類別劃分之金融資產及金融 負債概要

下表列示附註4(i)所界定金融資產及負債 之賬面值。於報告期終,按攤銷成本計 量之金融資產及金融負債賬面值與其公 允價值相若。

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Financial asset measured at FVTPL:	按公允價值計入損益計量之 金融資產:		
 Listed equity investment 	一上市股本投資	37	37
Financial assets measured at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產:		
- Trade and other receivables and deposits	一貿易及其他應收款項		
	以及按金	56,788	69,669
 Restricted bank deposits 	一受限制銀行存款	1,170	6,377
- Cash and bank balances	一現金及銀行結餘	26,032	36,778
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債:		
- Trade and other payables	一貿易及其他應付款項	81,668	117,389
 Amounts due to related parties 	一應付關連人士款項	95,487	17,005
 Interest bearing borrowings 	一計息借貸	371,919	385,749
 Non-interest bearing borrowings 	一無息借貸	6,817	6,817
- Lease liabilities	- 租賃負債	50,166	101,555

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's major financial assets include bank deposits, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and trade and other receivables and deposits. The Group's major financial liabilities include trade and other payables and borrowings.

The Group is exposed through its operations to the following financial risks:

- Interest rate risk
- Equity price risk
- Currency risk
- Liquidity risk
- Credit risk

Policy for managing these risks is set by the directors of the Group. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The policy for each of the above risks is described in more detail below.

(a) Interest rate risk

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk arises primarily from its variable-rate bank deposits and interest bearing borrowings. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out below.

The following table shown details the interest rate profile of the Group's bank deposits and interest bearing borrowings at the end of the reporting period.

40. 財務工具-風險管理

本集團主要金融資產包括銀行存款、按公允價值計入損益之金融資產以及貿易 及其他應收款項以及按金。本集團主要 金融負債包括貿易及其他應付款項以及 借貸。

本集團須就經營業務承受以下財務風險:

- 利率風險
- 股本價格風險
- 貨幣風險
- 流動資金風險
- 信貸風險

本集團董事已制定政策管理此等風險。 本集團整體風險管理計劃集中於金融市 場之不可預測特質,以減低其對本集團 財務表現之潛在不利影響。就上述各項 風險制定之政策詳列於下文。

(a) 利率風險

本集團之現金流量利率風險主要 源自其浮息銀行存款及計息借 貸。管理層監察之本集團利率組 合載於下文。

下表詳列本集團銀行存款及計息 借貸於報告期終之利率組合。

		Effective interest rate 實際利率 (%) (%)	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	Effective interest rate 實際利率 (%) (%)	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Floating rate Bank deposits	浮動利率 銀行存款	0.01 to 0.3	11,900	0.01 to 0.3	8,987
ванк аерозна		0.01至0.3	11,300	0.01 至 0.3	0,301
Interest bearing borrowings	計息借貸	2.0 to 3.75 2.0至3.75	(371,919)	2.0 to 3.75 2.0至3.75	(385,749)

(a) Interest rate risk - Continued

It is estimated that as at 31 December 2022, a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the Group's loss after tax and accumulated losses by approximately HK\$3,168,000 (2021: HK\$3,316,000).

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rate had occurred at the end of reporting period and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for the deposits and borrowings in existence at that date. The 100 basis points increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual reporting date. The analysis has been performed on the same basis for 2021.

(b) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk on its financial assets at FVTPL (held for trading). The Group's listed investments are listed on the Stock Exchange. Decisions to buy and sell trading securities are based on daily monitoring of the performance of individual securities compared to that of the index and other industry indicators, as well as the Group's liquidity needs. Management monitors the price movements and takes appropriate actions when it is required.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis on equity price risk includes the Group's financial instruments, of which fair value fluctuates because of changes in their corresponding or underlying asset's equity price. If the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 10% higher/lower, loss after tax would decrease/increase by approximately HK\$3,000 (2021: HK\$3,000).

40. 財務工具-風險管理-續

(a) 利率風險 - 續

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,假設所有其他變數維持不變,估計整體利率上升/下降100個基點,本集團除税後虧損及累計虧損將增加/減少約3,168,000港元(二零二一年:3,316,000港元)。

上述敏感程度分析是假設利率變動已於報告期終發生,且已應用於當日存在之存款及借貸利率風險而釐定。上升或下降100個基點為管理層所評估利率於直至下個年度報告日期止期間之合理可能變動。分析已按與二零二一年相同之基準進行。

(b) 股本價格風險

本集團須承受按公允價值計入損益之金融資產(持作買賣)之股本價格風險。本集團之上市投資於聯交所上市。買賣交易證券決定是根據每日監察個別證券比及其他行業指標之表現以管理財務與其他行業指標之表現以管理時期資金需求作出。管時時期適當行動。

敏感程度分析

對股本價格風險進行之敏感程度 分析包括本集團之財務工具,其 公允價值因其相應或相關資產股 本價格變動而出現波動。倘相關 股本工具價格上升/下降10%, 則除稅後虧損將減少/增加約 3,000港元(二零二一年:3,000港 元)。

(c) Foreign exchange risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through its operations in Macau and Mainland China which give rise to financial assets, trade payables and cash balances that are denominated in a foreign currency, i.e. a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currency giving rise to this risk is primarily RMB.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. It manages its foreign currency risk by closely monitoring the movement of the foreign currency rates and will consider entering into forward foreign exchange contracts to reduce the exposure should the need arise.

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they related. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in HK\$, translated using the spot rate at the end of the reporting period.

40. 財務工具-風險管理-續

(c) 外匯風險

本集團承受之貨幣風險主要源自 其於澳門及中國大陸之業務,有 關業務產生以外幣(即與交易相關 之業務之功能貨幣以外貨幣)計值 之金融資產、貿易應付款項及現 金結餘。導致該風險之貨幣主要 為人民幣。

本集團目前並無外幣對沖政策。 本集團透過密切監察外幣匯率走 勢管理外幣風險及於有需要時將 考慮訂立外匯遠期合約以減低風 險。

下表詳列於報告期終本集團因以 實體相關功能貨幣以外貨幣計值 之已確認資產或負債而承受之貨 幣風險。就呈報而言,所承受之 風險金額以港元列示,並採用報 告期終之即期匯率換算。

			Assets 資產		ilities 債
		2022	2021	2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
RMB	人民幣	14,618	19,744	6,184	4,211

(c) Foreign exchange risk - Continued

The following table indicates the approximate change in the Group's loss before income tax expense and other components of consolidated equity in response to reasonably possible changes in the foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period. The sensitivity analysis includes balances between group companies where the denomination of the balances is in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. A positive number below indicates a decrease in loss and an increase in other component of equity where the MOP weakness against the relevant currency. For strengthens of the MOP against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the loss and other component of equity, and the balances below would be negative.

40. 財務工具-風險管理-續

(c) 外匯風險-續

		20	2022		2021	
		二零二	二二年	二零二一年		
			Effect on		Effect on	
		Effect	other	Effect	other	
		on loss	component	on loss	component of	
		after tax	of equity	after tax	equity	
		對除税後	對其他權益	對除税後	對其他權益	
		虧損之影響	項目之影響	虧損之影響	項目之影響	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
RMB to MOP:						
Appreciates by 1%	升值1%	74	-	137	_	
Depreciates by 1%	貶值1%	(74)	-	(137)	_	

(c) Foreign exchange risk - Continued

The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the change in foreign exchange rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to each of the group entities; exposure to currency risk for both derivative and non-derivative financial instruments in existence at that date, and that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in foreign exchange rates over the period until the end of the next annual reporting period. In this respect, it is assumed that the pegged rate between the HK\$ and the MOP would be materially unaffected by any changes in movement in value of the MOP against other currencies. Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the effects on each of the group entities profit after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into HK\$ at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes. The analysis has been performed on the same basis for 2021.

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group manages its liquidity risk by maintaining banking facilities, continuously monitoring payments for potential investments, cash outflows in ordinary course of business and regularly reviews its funding position to ensure it has adequate financial resources in meeting its financial obligations.

40. 財務工具-風險管理-續

(c) 外匯風險-續

敏感程度分析是假設外匯匯率變動已於報告期終發生並已應用於各集團實體而釐定,當中亦假設衍生及非衍生財務工具之貨幣風險於當日已存在及所有其他變數(特別是利率)維持不變。

(d) 流動資金風險

本集團透過維持銀行融資、持續 監控潛在投資付款、日常業務現 金流出以及定期檢討其資金狀 況,確保有足夠財務資源應付財 務責任,以管理其流動資金風險。

(d) Liquidity risk – Continued

The contractual maturities of financial liabilities are shown as below:

40. 財務工具-風險管理-續

(d) 流動資金風險-續

金融負債之合約還款期呈列如下:

		Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Total contractual undiscounted cash flow 合約未貼現之 現金流量總額 HK\$'000	Within 1 year or on demand 一年內或 按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 1 year but less than 2 years 一年後但 兩年內 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 2 years but less than 5 years 兩年後但 五年內 HK\$'000 千港元	More than 5 years 五年後 HK\$'000 千港元
2022	二零二二年						
Non-derivatives:	非衍生工具:						
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	81,668	81,668	81,668	-	-	-
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連人士款項	95,487	95,487	95,487	-	-	-
Interest bearing borrowings	計息借貸	371,919	403,746	54,206	47,306	217,945	84,289
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	50,166	55,789	27,483	10,057	15,537	2,712
Non-interest bearing borrowings	無息借貸	6,817	6,817	1,388	388	1,165	3,876
		606,057	643,507	260,232	57,751	234,647	90,877
2021	二零二一年						
Non-derivatives:	非衍生工具:						
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	117,389	117,389	117,389	-	-	-
Amount due to a related party	應付一名關連人士款項	17,005	17,005	17,005	-	-	-
Interest bearing borrowings	計息借貸	385,749	422,837	79,447	41,300	200,311	101,779
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	101,555	111,322	56,988	40,033	14,072	229
Non-interest bearing borrowings	無息借貸	6,817	6,817	1,388	388	1,165	3,876
		628,515	675,370	272,217	81,721	215,548	105,884

(e) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group is exposed to credit risk from receivables. The Group assesses credit risk based on debtor's past due record, trading history, financial condition or credit rating.

(e) 信貸風險

信貸風險指交易對手將違反其合 約性責任而導致本集團產生財務 損失的風險。本集團承受應收款 項之信貸風險。本集團根據債務 人之逾期還款記錄、交易記錄、 財務狀況或信貸評級評估信貸風 險。

(e) Credit risk - Continued

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each debtor. The default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate also has an influence on credit risk but to a lesser extent.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables:

財務工具-風險管理-續 40.

信貸風險-續 (e)

本集團承受之信貸風險主要受各 債務人之個人特質所影響。客戶 經營所在行業及國家之違約風險 亦對信貸風險有影響,惟影響較 低。

下表提供有關本集團承受之貿易 應收款項信貸風險及預期信貸虧 損之資料:

			Gross
		Expected	carrying
		loss rate	amount
		預期虧損率	賬面總值
		%	HK\$'000
		百分比	千港元
2022	二零二二年		
Current or less than 1 month past due	即期或逾期少於1個月	0.2%	14,516
1 to 3 months past due	逾期1至3個月	3.1%	7,737
More than 3 months past due	逾期超過3個月	23%	1,506
Total	總計		23,759
			Gross
		Expected	carrying
		loss rate	amount
		預期虧損率	賬面總值
		%	HK\$'000
		百分比	千港元
2021	二零二一年		
Current or less than 1 month past due	即期或逾期少於1個月	0.2%	17,438
1 to 3 months past due	逾期1至3個月	3.1%	5,418
More than 3 months past due	逾期超過3個月	23%	1,011
Total			

(e) Credit risk - Continued

As at the reporting dates, the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables of the Group is immaterial.

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

Other financial assets at amortised cost include other receivables and deposits. Exposure to credit risk is monitored such that any outstanding balances are reviewed and followed up on an ongoing basis. The Group continuously monitors the risk of defaults, either individually or on a collective basis. The Group's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

As at the end of the reporting period, the directors of the Company believe that there are no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition on these amounts as these financial assets are considered to have low credit risk and assessed that expected credit losses would not be material. Thus, no allowance was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: nil).

Bank balances are placed in various authorised institutions in high credit rating and directors of the Company consider the credit risk for such is minimal.

40. 財務工具-風險管理-續

(e) 信貸風險-續

於報告日期,有關本集團貿易應 收款項的虧損撥備賬數額微乎其 微。

預期虧損率是基於過往3年之實際虧損記錄。該等虧損率已作出調整,以反映收集歷史數據期間的經濟狀況、目前狀況以及本集團對應收款項的預計年期經濟狀況之看法之差異。

按攤銷成本計量之其他金融資產 包括其他應收款項及按金。本集 團監控信貸風險,以令任何未償 還結餘獲持續檢討及跟蹤。本集 團按個別或共同基準持續監控違 約風險。本集團之政策為僅與信 譽良好的交易對手進行交易。

於報告期終,本公司董事相信, 自該等款項初步確認以來,其信 貸風險並無顯著增加,原因為該 等金融資產被視為低信貸風險並 獲評估為預期信貸虧損並不 大。因此,概無就截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日止年度確認撥 備(二零二一年:無)。

銀行結餘存於多間高信貸評級之 認可機構,故本公司董事認為此 方面之信貸風險極低。

41. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

The current share option scheme of the Company was adopted in June 2012, under which the Company may grant options to the directors, employees, non-executive directors, suppliers of goods and services, customers, advisors and consultants, and shareholders of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for the primary purpose of providing incentives to them, to subscribe for shares in the Company with the payment of HK\$1 per offer. The total number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted shall not exceed 30% of the issued Share capital of the Company from time to time. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive Directors in excess of 0.1% of the Company's issued share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5,000,000 must be approved in advance by the Shareholders. The exercise price of the share option shall be determined at the higher of the average of closing prices of the Shares on the Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the options; the closing price of the Shares on the Stock Exchange on the date of grant; and the nominal value of the Shares. The share options are exercisable for a period not later than 10 years from the date of grant, where the acceptance date should not be later than 28 days after the date of offer.

The Company operates an equity-settled share based remuneration scheme for employees. Several Hong Kong employees are eligible to participate in the scheme, the only vesting condition being that the individual remains an employee of the Group for at least six months from the date of grant. The Group did not grant any option during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2022.

The Group did not enter into any share-based payment transactions during last five years or in the year ended 31 December 2022. No options were outstanding as at 31 December 2021 and 2022.

41. 股份支付款項

本公司現行購股權計劃於二零一二年六 月獲採納,據此,本公司可向本公司或 其任何附屬公司之董事、僱員、非執行 董事、貨物及服務供應商、客戶、諮詢 人及顧問以及股東授出購股權,讓彼等 可以每次要約支付1港元認購本公司股 份,旨在激勵彼等為本集團效力。可能 授出之購股權所涉及股份總數,不得超 逾本公司不時之已發行股本30%。於任 何一個年度,向任何人士可能授出之購 股權所涉及股份數目不得超過本公司已 發行股本1%。倘向主要股東或獨立非執 行董事授出超逾本公司已發行股本0.1% 或價值超逾5,000,000港元之購股權,則 必須事先取得股東批准。購股權行使價 為股份於緊接購股權授出日期前五個交 易日在聯交所之平均收市價、股份於授 出日期在聯交所之收市價;以及股份面 值三者中之最高者。購股權可於授出日 期起計10年期間內行使,而接納日期不 得遲於要約日期後28日。

本公司為僱員提供股本結算股份薪酬計劃。若干香港僱員符合資格參與有關計劃,唯一歸屬條件為有關人士須於授出日期起計最少六個月期間仍為本集團僱員。截至二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並無授出任何購股權。

本集團於最近五年或截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度並無訂立任何股份支付款項交易。於二零二一年及二零二二年十二月三十一日,概無尚未行使購股權。

Financial Summary 財務概要

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度				
		2018 二零一八年	2019	2020	2021 二零二一年	2022
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
RESULTS	業績					
Turnover	營業額	1,133,308	1,142,308	419,433	475,422	285,056
Loss before income tax Income tax credit	除所得税前虧損 所得税抵免	(64,760) 9,227	(386,791) 11,624	(134,174) 6,694	(87,738) 11,084	(134,221) 6,364
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(55,533)	(375,167)	(127,480)	(76,654)	(127,857)
Profit/(Loss) attributable to – Owners of the Company – Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔溢利/(虧損) -本公司擁有人 -非控股權益	(60,125) 4,592	(376,838) 1,671	(120,945) (6,535)	(72,953) (3,701)	(125,612) (2,245)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(55,533)	(375,167)	(127,480)	(76,654)	(127,857)
				at 31 Decemb 十二月三十一		
		2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總額 負債總額	1,800,387 (818,886)	1,737,395 (1,095,668)	1,294,551 (802,468)	1,088,091 (683,256)	949,936 (654,433)
Net assets	資產淨額	981,501	641,727	492,083	404,835	295,503

Group's Properties 本集團物業

PROPERTIES HELD FOR OW	N USE
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022	

持作自用物業 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

Location 位置		Gross floor area 建築面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)	Lease expiry year 租約到期年份	Existing use 目前用途
Unit AD on 2nd Floor of Edificio Nam Fong, No. 1023 Avenida de Amizade Macau	澳門 友誼大馬路1023號 南方大廈 2樓AD室	849	Not applicable 不適用	Office 辦公室
Unit F on 2nd Floor of Industrial Fu Tai, No. 251 Avenida de Venceslau de Morais Macau	澳門 慕拉士 大馬路251號 富大工業大廈 2樓F室	4,189	Not applicable 不適用	Godown 倉庫
Parcela D5, Estrada Marginal da Ilha Verde N° S/N, Macau	澳門 珠澳跨境工業區 (澳門園區) D地段-D5地塊	149,017	Not applicable 不適用	Office, godown, central food and logistic processing centre 辦公室、倉庫、中央食物及物流加工中心

PROPERTIES HELD FOR LEASE AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

持作租賃物業 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

Location 位置		Gross floor area 建築面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)	Lease expiry year 租約到期年份	Existing use 目前用途
Centro Comercial E Turistico "S. Paulo", No.2 Largo da Companhia de Jesus, Macau	澳門耶穌會紀念廣場 2號牌坊廣場 購物旅遊中心	21,986	2028 二零二八年	Shopping center 購物中心

List of Restaurants/Food Court Counters/Stores

餐廳/美食廣場櫃位/店舖一覽表

RESTAURANTS/FOOD COURT COUNTERS/STORES OPENED AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日已開設之 餐廳/美食廣場櫃位/店舗:

Location 地點	Branch 分店	Type of cuisine 餐飲類別	Address 地址	Total floor area 總樓面面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)
Macau: 澳門:				
Hotel Lisboa 葡京酒店	Edo Japanese Restaurant 江戶日本料理	Japanese restaurant 日式餐廳	Ground Floor, Hotel Lisboa, Old Wing, Macau 澳門葡京酒店舊翼地下	1,173
	Turtle Essence 龜盅補	Chinese tonic shop 中式補品店	Ground Floor, Hotel Lisboa, Old Wing, Macau 澳門葡京酒店舊翼地下	603
The Venetian 威尼斯人	Edo Japanese Restaurant 江戶日本料理	Japanese restaurant 日式餐廳	Shop No. 2311, The Grand Canal, The Venetian Macau 澳門威尼斯人度假村大運河 購物中心2311舖	4,036
	Toei Delights 東瀛十八番	Japanese food court counter 日式美食廣場櫃位	Shop No. 2522, The Grand Canal, The Venetian Macau 澳門威尼斯人度假村大運河 購物中心2522舖	1,297
City of Dreams 新濠天地	Edo Japanese Restaurant 江戶日本料理	Japanese restaurant 日式餐廳	Shop 1101, The Boulevard, City of Dreams, Estrada do Istmo, Cotai, Macau 澳門路氹連貫公路 新濠天地新濠大道1101舖	6,767
Galaxy Macau 澳門銀河	Pacific Coffee 太平洋咖啡	Franchise coffee shop 特許經營咖啡店	Shop KLG101, Galaxy Macau, Cotai, Macau 澳門路氹澳門銀河KLG101舖	450
	Senkizen Japanese Restaurant 千喜膳日本料理	Japanese restaurant 日式餐廳	Shop 1046, First Floor, Galaxy Macau, Cotai, Macau 澳門路氹澳門銀河一樓1046舖	2,158
Macau World Trade Center Business Executive Club 澳門世界貿易中心 商務行政會所	Shiki Hot Pot Restaurant 四季火鍋 (To be closed in March 2023) (將於二零二三年三月結業)	Chinese hot pot restaurant 中式火鍋餐廳	17 Floor, No. 918 World Trade Center, Avenida da Amizade, Macau 澳門友誼大馬路918號 澳門世界貿易中心17樓	2,800

RESTAURANTS/FOOD COURT COUNTERS/STORES **OPENED AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022: - Continued**

於二零二二年十二月三十一日已開設之 餐廳/美食廣場櫃位/店舗:-續

Location 地點	Branch 分店	Type of cuisine 餐飲類別	Address 地址	Total floor area 總 樓面面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)
Kiang Wu Hospital 鏡湖醫院	Pacific Coffee 太平洋咖啡	Franchise coffee shop 特許經營咖啡店	Ground Floor, Dr. Henry Y. T. Fok Specialist Medical Center, Kiang Wu Hospital, Macau 澳門鏡湖醫院霍英東博士 專科醫療大樓地下	467
International School of Macau 澳門國際學校	Student/staff canteen 學生/職員飯堂	Student/staff canteen 學生/職員飯堂	Block K, The International School of Macau, Avenida Wai Long, Taipa, Macau 澳門氹仔偉龍馬路 澳門國際學校K座	Not applicable 不適用
The Parisian 巴黎人	Pepper Lunch 胡椒廚房	Franchise Japanese hot teppan restaurant 特許經營日式鐵板餐廳	Loja 3553, nivel 5, Shoppes at Parisian Estrada do Istmo, Lote 3 da Parcela 1 Coloane Macau 澳門路氹連貫公路第一地塊第3地段 澳門巴黎人購物中心5樓3553號舖	660
	Hundred Taste Kitchen 百味坊台式料理	Taiwanese food court counter 台式美食廣場櫃位	Loja 3555, nivel 5, Shoppes at Parisian Estrada do Istmo, Lote 3 da Parcela 1 Coloane Macau 澳門路氹連貫公路第一地塊第3地段 澳門巴黎人購物中心5樓3555號舖	450
	Toei Delights 東瀛十八番	Japanese food court counter 日式美食廣場櫃位	Loja 3552, Nivel 5, Shoppes at Parisian Estrada do Istmo, Lote 3 da Parcela 1 Coloane Macau 澳門路氹連貫公路第一地塊第3地段 澳門巴黎人購物中心5樓3552號舖	610
Rua do Campo 水坑尾街	Pepper Lunch 胡椒廚房	Franchise Japanese hot teppan restaurant 特許經營日式鐵板餐廳	EM Macau, Rua do Campo N°280, Kuan Kei, Res-do-Chao A, Macau 澳門水坑尾街280號 坤記大廈地下A座	2,367
Rue de Évora 埃武拉街	Good Fortune Kitchen 百福小廚	Chinese restaurant 中式餐廳	Blocks C & D, Ground Floor, Flower City, No. 278-282 and 290 Rue de Evora, Cotai, Macau 澳門氹仔埃武拉街278-282號及290號 花城地下C及D座	2,186
The Praia 海擎天	Good Fortune Kitchen 百福小廚	Chinese restaurant 中式餐廳	The Praia, No. 407 R/C-E Avenida Marginal do Lam Mau, Macau 澳門林茂海邊大馬路407號 海擎天地下E座	2,120

RESTAURANTS/FOOD COURT COUNTERS/STORES OPENED AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022: - Continued

於二零二二年十二月三十一日已開設之 餐廳/美食廣場櫃位/店舗:-續

Location 地點	Branch 分店	Type of cuisine 餐飲類別	Address 地址	Total floor area 總 樓面面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)
Hong Kong: 香港:				
Kimberley 金巴利	Bari-Uma 広島霸嗎拉麵	Franchise Japanese ramen restaurant 特許經營日式拉麵餐廳	Lower Ground Floor, Kimberley 26, 26 Kimberley Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Hong Kong 香港尖沙咀金巴利道26號地下低層	1,030
D'Aguilar Street Central 中環德己立街	Bari-Uma 広島霸嗎拉麵	Franchise Japanese ramen restaurant 特許經營日式拉麵餐廳	Ground Floor, 22 D'Aguilar Street, Hong Kong 香港德己立街22號地下	700
Tuen Mun Town Plaza 屯門市廣場	Bari-Uma 広島霸嗎拉麵	Franchise Japanese ramen restaurant 特許經營日式拉麵餐廳	Shop No. 3233, Third Floor, Tuen Mun Town Plaza, Phase I, Tuen Mun, Hong Kong 香港屯門屯門市廣場1期3樓3233舖	2,544
Mody Road 麼地道	Fu-Un-Maru 風雲丸	Franchise Japanese ramen restaurant 特許經營日式拉麵餐廳	Ground Floor, Mody House, No. 30 Mody Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍麼地道30號Mody House地下	774
K11 Musea	Food Playground	Food court counters 美食廣場櫃位	Level Basement 2, K11 Musea, 18 Salisbury Road, Tsim Sha Tsui, Hong Kong 香港尖沙咀梳士巴利道18號 K11 Musea地庫2樓	3,777
Hong Kong International Airport 香港國際機場	Bari-Uma / SinsaEat Korean Kitchen 広島霸嗎拉麵/SinsaEat Korean Kitchen	Franchise Japanese ramen/ Korean food court counter 特許經營日式拉麵/ 韓式美食廣場櫃位	Unit No. 7E162, Airside, Terminal 1, Hong Kong International Airport, Hong Kong 香港香港國際機場一號客運大樓 禁區7E162號舖	1,361

RESTAURANTS/FOOD COURT COUNTERS/STORES **OPENED AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022: - Continued**

於二零二二年十二月三十一日已開設之 餐廳/美食廣場櫃位/店舖:-續

Location 地點	Branch 分店	Type of cuisine 餐飲類別	Address 地址	Total floor area 總樓面面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)
West Kowloon Station 西九龍站	Canton Roast 粵爐	Chinese food court counter中式美食廣場櫃位	Shop No. WEK B2-9, B2 Level Arrival Concourse, Hong Kong West Kowloon Station, 3 Austin Road West, Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon, Hong Kong 香港九龍尖沙咀柯士甸道西3號 香港西九龍站B2入境層 WEK B2-9號舗	786
Mainland China: 中國大陸:				
Uniwalk 壹方城	Azores Portuguese Restaurant 亞蘇爾葡國餐廳	Portuguese restaurant 葡式餐廳	Shop 13/13A, B2 Floor, Shopping Mall, Uniwalk, Shenzhen, Mainland China 中國大陸深圳壹方城購物中心 B2層13/13A號舖	3,524
	Musashi Japanese Restaurant 武藏日式料理	Japanese restaurant 日式餐廳	Shops 41&42, L4 Floor, Shopping Mall, Uniwalk, Shenzhen, Mainland China 中國大陸深圳壹方城購物中心 L4層41及42號舖	7,717
	Pepper Lunch 胡椒廚房	Franchise Japanese hot teppan restaurant 特許經營日式鐵板餐廳	Shop 50, B2 Floor, Shopping Mall, Uniwalk, Shenzhen, Mainland China 中國大陸深圳壹方城購物中心 B2層50號舖	1,861
	Bari-Uma 広島霸嗎拉麵	Franchise Japanese ramen restaurant 特許經營日式拉麵餐廳	Shop 25, B2 Floor, Shopping Mall, Uniwalk, Shenzhen, Mainland China 中國大陸深圳壹方城購物中心 B2樓25號舖	2,044

54,262

RESTAURANTS/FOOD COURT COUNTERS/STORES CLOSED DURING YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022:

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 結業之餐廳/美食廣場櫃位/店舖:

Location 地點	Branch 分店	Type of cuisine 餐飲類別	Address 地址	Total floor area 總樓面面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)
Macau: 澳門:				
Meng Fai Building 明輝大廈	Pepper Lunch 胡椒廚房	Franchise Japanese hot teppan restaurant 特許經營日式鐵板餐廳	Ground Floor, Block B, Meng Fai Building, 34–38 Rua de Pedro Coutinho, Macau 澳門高地烏街34至38號 明輝大廈B座地下	1,455
Macau International Airport 澳門國際機場	Foodlane (Azores Express) 美食廊(亞蘇爾澳門菜)	Macanese food court counter 澳門式美食廣場櫃位	AV. Wai Long, North Mezzanine Level, Airside Shop E of the MIA Passenger Terminal Building, Macau 澳門澳門國際機場客運大樓禁區 北面中層	Not applicable 不適用
	Foodlane (Bari-Uma) 美食廊(広島霸嗎拉麵)	Franchise Japanese ramen food court counter 特許經營日式拉麵 美食廣場櫃位	AV. Wai Long, North Mezzanine Level, Airside Shop E of the MIA Passenger Terminal Building, Macau 澳門澳門國際機場客運大樓禁區 北面中層	Not applicable 不適用
	Foodlane (Pepper Lunch) 美食廊(胡椒廚房)	Franchise Japanese hot teppan food court counter 特許經營日式鐵板 美食廣場櫃位	AV. Wai Long, North Mezzanine Level, Airside Shop E of the MIA Passenger Terminal Building, Macau 澳門澳門國際機場客運大樓禁區 北面中層	Not applicable 不適用
The Londoner 倫敦人	Edo Japanese Restaurant 江戶日本料理	Japanese restaurant 日式餐廳	Shop 1027, The Londoner Macau 澳門倫敦人1027號舖	4,961
One Central 壹號廣場	Edo Japanese Restaurant 江戶日本料理	Japanese restaurant 日式餐廳	Shop No. 236-238, One Central, Macau 澳門壹號廣塲236-238號舖	4,597
The Parisian 巴黎人	Soupot Kitchen 湯煲棧	Chinese food court counter 中式美食廣場櫃位	Shop 3561, nivel 5, Shoppes at Parisian Estrada do Istmo, Lote 3 da Parcela 1 Coloane Macau 澳門路氹連貫公路第一地塊第3地段 澳門巴黎人購物中心5樓3561號舖	Not applicable 不適用

RESTAURANTS/FOOD COURT COUNTERS/STORES **CLOSED DURING YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022:**

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度結業之餐廳/美食廣場櫃位/店舗:

- Continued

-續

Location 地點	Branch 分店	Type of cuisine 餐飲類別	Address 地址	Total floor area 總樓面面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)
The Parisian 巴黎人	The Hua Xia House 華夏上館	Chinese food court counter 中式美食廣場櫃位	Shop 3551, nivel 5, Shoppes at Parisian Estrada do Istmo, Lote 3 da Parcela 1 Coloane Macau 澳門路氹連貫公路第一地塊第3地段 澳門巴黎人購物中心5樓3551號舖	Not applicable 不適用
Hong Kong: 香港:				
New Town Plaza 新城市廣場	Azores Macanese Cuisine 亞蘇爾澳門菜	Macanese restaurant 澳門式餐廳	Shop No. 107 on Level 1, New Town Plaza, Sha Tin, Hong Kong 香港沙田新城市廣場1樓107號舖	1,783
Times Square 時代廣場	Cafe Terceira 小島 ● 澳門菜	Macanese restaurant 澳門式餐廳	Shop 1302, 13th Floor, Times Square, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong 香港銅鑼灣時代廣場13樓1302舖	2,376
Yoho Mall 形點	Azores Macanese Cuisine 亞蘇爾澳門菜	Macanese restaurant 澳門式餐廳	Shop 2056, Level 2, Yoho Mall, Yuen Long, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界元朗形點2樓2056舖	3,110
Mainland China: 中國大陸:				
Huafa Mall 華發商都	Seasons Bright Restaurant 四季佳景酒家	Chinese restaurant 中式餐廳	Shops C4001 and C5001, Huafa Mall, Zhuhai, Mainland China 中國大陸珠海市華發商都 C4001及C5001舖	47,105
Sheraton Zhuhai Hotel 珠海華發喜來登酒店	Edo Japanese Restaurant 江戶日本料理	Japanese restaurant 日式餐廳	1663 Yin Wan Road Wanzai, Xiang Zhou District, Zhuhai, Mainland China 中國大陸珠海香洲區 灣仔銀灣路1663號	5,554
Taiwan: 台灣:				
Breeze Nan Shan 微風南山	Mad for Garlic	Franchise Korean restaurant 特許經營韓式餐廳	Shop 3, 7th Floor, Breeze Nan Shan, Taipei, Taiwan 台灣台北微風南山7樓3舖	4,930

RESTAURANTS/FOOD COURT COUNTERS/STORES TO BE OPENED IN 2023:

將於二零二三年開設之餐廳/美食廣場 櫃位/店舗:

Location 地點	Branch 分店	Type of cuisine 餐飲類別	Address 地址	## Iotal floor area area area (sq.ft.)
Hong Cheong 雄昌花園	Good Fortune Kitchen 百福小廚	Chinese restaurant 中式餐廳	Na Taipa, Rua De Nam Keng NO 614-622, Hong Cheong (Blocos 1,2,3) Rés-do-chão M&N 氹仔南京街614-622號雄昌花園 (第一、二、三座)地下M座及N座	2,673
Lisboeta Macau 澳門葡京人	Toei Delights/Good Fortune Kitchen/Pepper Lunch 東瀛十八番/百福小廚/ 胡椒廚房	Food court counters 美食廣場櫃位	Shops K01, K02 and K04 in the food court of Lisboeta Macau 澳門葡京人美食廣場K01、K02及K04店舖	1,009

List of Food Souvenir Shops/Kiosks

食品手信店/銷售亭一覽表

FOOD SOUVENIR SHOPS/KIOSKS OPENED AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日已開設之 食品手信店/銷售亭:

Location 地點	Branch 分店	Type of shop 店舖類別	Address 地址	Total floor area 總樓面面積 (sq.ft.) (平方呎)
Macau: 澳門:				
Rua do Cunha 官也街	Yeng Kee Bakery Shop 英記餅家店舖	Store 分店	No. 17 Rua do Cunha, Taipa, Macau 澳門氹仔官也街17號	1,200
Patio da Ameaca 葉家圍	Yeng Kee Bakery Shop 英記餅家店舖	Store 分店	Em Macau, Patio da Ameaca, No. 1-A, Res-do-Chao A com Sobreloja, Macau 澳門葉家圍1-A號A座地下	796
Broadway of Galaxy Macau 澳門銀河百老匯	Yeng Kee Bakery Shop 英記餅家店舖	Store 分店	Shop E-G034A, Ground Floor, Broadway of Galaxy Macau, Cotai, Macau 澳門氹仔澳門銀河百老匯地下 E-G034A舖	286
Macau Ferry Terminal 澳門客運碼頭	Yeng Kee Bakery Kiosk 英記餅家銷售亭	Kiosk 銷售亭	No. 3004, 3rd Floor, Macau Ferry Terminal, Macau 澳門客運碼頭三樓3004號	Not applicable 不適用
Macau International Airport 澳門國際機場	Yeng Kee Bakery Shop 英記餅家店舖	Store 分店	Avenida Wai Long, Airside Space No. 10-01-0048, MIA Passenger Terminal Building, Macau 澳門澳門國際機場客運大樓 第10-01-0048號區域禁區	1,398
Grand Lisboa Palace 上葡京綜合度假村	Yeng Kee Bakery Shop 英記餅家店舗	Store 分店	Shop 1, Level B1, The Bazar, Grand Lisboa Palace, Macau 澳門上葡京綜合度假村 購物中心地下一層1號舖	1,076

4,756

FOOD SOUVENIR SHOPS/KIOSKS CLOSED DURING YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022:

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 結業之食品手信店/銷售亭:

LocationBranchType of shopAddressTotal floor area地點分店店舗類別地址總樓面面積

(sq.ft.) (平方呎)

Macau:

澳門:

The Londoner Yeng Kee Bakery Shop Store Shop 1029A, Level 1, 477 倫敦人 英記餅家店舗 分店 The Londoner, Macau

澳門倫敦人1層1029A舖

225

Definitions

釋義

In this annual report, the following expressions have the following meanings unless the context requires otherwise:

於本年報中,除文義另有所指外,以下詞彙具 有以下涵義:

2022 AGM

The Company's annual general meeting held on 27 May 2022

二零二二年股東週年大會

本公司於二零二二年五月二十七日舉行之股東週年大會

2023 AGM

The Company's annual general meeting to be held on 31 May 2023

二零二三年股東週年大會

本公司將於二零二三年五月三十一日舉行之股東週年大會

Board

The board of Directors

董事會

董事會

Bye-laws

The Company's bye-laws as amended, supplemented or modified from time to

公司細則

本公司不時修訂、補充或修改之公司細則

CG Code

The Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules

企業管治守則

上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則

CGU

A cash-generating unit

現金產生單位

現金產生單位

Company

Future Bright Holdings Limited

本公司

佳景集團有限公司

Director(s)

Director(s) of the Company

董事

本公司董事

EBITDA/LBITDA EBITDA/LBITDA Profit/(Loss) before interests, tax expense, depreciation and amortisation

除利息、税項開支、折舊及攤銷前溢利/(虧損)

Financial Statements

The audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year

本集團之本年度經審核綜合財務報表

財務報表 Group

The Company together with its subsidiaries

本集團

本公司及其附屬公司

Definitions 釋義

HKAS(s) Hong Kong Accounting Standard(s)

香港會計準則 香港會計準則

HKFRS(s) Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard(s)

香港財務報告準則 香港財務報告準則

HKICPA Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants

香港會計師公會香港會計師公會

HK\$ Hong Kong Dollars

港元 港元

Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of Mainland China

香港中國大陸香港特別行政區

Independent Third Parties Parties that are not connected with the Company, any directors, chief executives,

controlling shareholders or substantial shareholders of the Company or its

subsidiaries or any of their respective associates

獨立第三方 與本公司、本公司或其附屬公司任何董事、行政人員、控股股東或主要股東或其

各自之任何聯繫人士概無關連之人士

Key Investment Property The Group's investment property which is a 6-storey commercial building located

at the Centro Comercial E Turistico "S. Paulo", No. 2 Largo da Companhia de

Jesus, Macau

主要投資物業 本集團位於澳門耶穌會紀念廣場2號牌坊廣場購物旅遊中心樓高六層之商業大廈之

投資物業

Listing Rules The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange

上市規則 聯交所證券上市規則

Mainland China People's Republic of China

Model Code The Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers set out

in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules

標準守則 上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則

Definitions 釋義

MOP Macau Patacas

澳門元 澳門元

Mr. Chan Mr. Chan Mo, the managing director and controlling shareholder of the

Company

陳先生 陳澤武先生,本公司董事總經理兼控股股東

Net Ordinary Operating Profit/(Loss) Profit/(Loss) attributable to owners of the Company before taking into account

any net fair value gain/loss of the investment properties

普通經營溢利/(虧損)淨額 本公司擁有人應佔溢利/(虧損),未計及任何投資物業公允價值收益/虧損淨額

RMB Renminbi 人民幣 人民幣

SFO Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong)

證券及期貨條例 香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例

Share(s) Ordinary share(s) of the Company

股份本公司普通股

Shareholder(s) Shareholder(s) of the Company

股東本公司股東

Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

聯交所 香港聯合交易所有限公司

Sq.ft.Square feet平方呎平方呎

Year ended 31 December 2022

本年度 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

