

ANNUAL REPORT

2022年度報告



曠世控股有限公司 KWUNG'S HOLDINGS LIMITED

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) 股份代號Stock Code:1925



有生活,就有曠世香氛



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In case of any inconsistency between the English version and the Chinese version of this annual report, the English version shall prevail. And if there is any inconsistency between the Chinese names of the entities or enterprises established in the PRC mentioned in this annual report and their English translations, the Chinese names shall prevail. The English translations of the Chinese names of such PRC entities or enterprises are provided for identification purposes only.

本年度報告中英文版如有任何歧義,概以英文版為準。倘本年度報告提述於中國成立的實體或企業的中文名稱與英文譯名有任何歧義,概以中文名稱為準。有關中國實體或企業中文名稱的英文翻譯僅供識別。

In this annual report, unless the context otherwise requires, the 於本年報內,除文義另有所指外,下列詞彙 following terms shall have the meanings set out below:

應具有下文所載涵義:

"Articles" the articles of association of the Company approved and adopted on 16

December 2019, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from

time to time

「細則」 本公司於2019年12月16日批准及採納的組織章程細則(經不時修訂、 指

補充或以其他方式修改)

"Board" the board of Directors

「董事會」 董事會 指

"China" or "PRC" the People's Republic of China and, except where the context requires

> and only for the purpose of this annual report, references to China do not include Taiwan, the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China or the Macao Special Administrative Region of

the People's Republic of China

「中國 | 中華人民共和國,倘文義另有指明者及僅就本年報而言,就中國的提述

不包括台灣、中華人民共和國香港特別行政區及中華人民共和國澳門特

別行政區

"Company" Kwung's Holdings Limited

「本公司」 指 曠世控股有限公司

"COVID-19" The novel coronavirus disease 2019

[COVID-19] 2019年新型冠狀病毒

"Directors" the directors of the Company

「董事」 指 本公司董事

"Group", "our Group", "we",

"us" or "our"

「本集團」或「我們」

the Company and its subsidiaries or, where the context so requires in respect of the period before the Company became the holding company of the present subsidiaries, the present subsidiaries of the Company and the business carried on by such subsidiaries or (as the case may be) their

predecessors

指 本公司及其附屬公司,或倘文義另有指明者,於本公司成為其現時附屬

公司的控股公司之前的期間,本公司現時附屬公司或(視情況而定)其

前身公司從事的業務

"HK\$" Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

「港元」 指 香港法定貨幣港元

"HKICPA" Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants

「香港會計師公會」 指 香港會計師公會

the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC "Hong Kong"

中國香港特別行政區 「香港」 指

DEFINITION (CONTINUED)

釋義(續)

"Listina" listing of Shares on Main Board of the Stock Exchange 「上市」 股份於聯交所主板上市 指 "Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange 「上市規則」 聯交所證券上市規則 指 "Ningbo Fenyuan" Ningbo Fenyuan Aromatherapy Products Co., Ltd. (寧波芬緣香薰製品有限 公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability on 7 January 2019, and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company 寧波芬緣香薰製品有限公司,一家於2019年1月7日於中國成立的有限 [寧波芬緣] 指 公司,並為本公司的間接全資附屬公司 "Ningbo Kwung's" Ningbo Kwung's Wisdom Art & Design Co., Ltd. (寧波曠世智源工藝設 計有限公司), a company established in the PRC with limited liability on 4 January 1999, and an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company [寧波曠世] 寧波曠世智源工藝設計有限公司,於1999年1月4日於中國成立的有限 公司,並為本公司的間接全資附屬公司 "Prospectus" prospectus of the Company dated 30 December 2019 「招股章程」 本公司日期為2019年12月30日的招股章程 指 "RMB" Renminbi Yuan, the lawful currency of the PRC 「人民幣」 中國法定貨幣人民幣 指 "SFO" Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time 「證券及期貨條例」 指 香港法例第571章《證券及期貨條例》,經不時修訂、補充或以其他方式 修改 "Share(s)" ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each in the share capital of the Company 「股份」 本公司股本中每股0.001港元的普通股 指 "Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of the Share(s) 「股東」 指 股份持有人 "Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited 香港聯合交易所有限公司 「聯交所」 指

美元,美利堅合眾國的法定貨幣

指

"USD"

「美元」

United States dollars, the lawful currency of the United States of America

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive directors

Mr. JIN Jianxin (Chairman)

Mr. TIAN Dong

Non-executive director

Mr. SHAO Patrick

Independent non-executive director

Mr. LAI Chun Yu

Ms. XU Qiong (appointed on 19 April 2022)

Mr. ZHOU Kai

Mr. YANG Herong (resigned on 19 April 2022)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. LAU Chung Wai (FCPA (Practising))

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. LAI Chun Yu (Chairman)

Mr. SHAO Patrick Mr. ZHOU Kai

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. ZHOU Kai (Chairman)

Mr. JIN Jianxin Mr. LAI Chun Yu

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. XU Qiong (Chairlady) (appointed on 19 April 2022)

Mr. JIN Jianxin Mr. LAI Chun Yu

Mr. YANG Herong (resigned on 19 April 2022)

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

(for the purpose of the Listing Rules)

Mr. LAU Chung Wai Mr. TIAN Dong

EXTERNAL AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 22nd Floor Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong

董事會

執行董事

金建新先生(主席) 田東先生

非執行董事

邵平先生

獨立非執行董事

黎振宇先生

徐瓊女士(於2022年4月19日獲委任)

周凱先生

楊和榮先生(於2022年4月19日辭任)

公司秘書

劉仲緯先生(執業資深會計師)

審核委員會

黎振宇先生(主席)

邵平先生

周凱先生

薪酬委員會

周凱先生(主席) 金建新先生

黎振宇先生

提名委員會

徐瓊女士(主席)(於2022年4月19日獲委任)

金建新先生

黎振宇先生

楊和榮先生(於2022年4月19日辭任)

授權代表

(就上市規則而言) 劉仲緯先生 田東先生

外聘核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師 香港中環 太子大廈 22 樓

CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED) 公司資料(續)

REGISTERED OFFICE

89 Nexus Way Camana Bay Grand Cayman KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1102, 11th Floor Brill Plaza, No. 84 To Kwa Wan Road To Kwa Wan, Kowloon Hong Kong

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

827 Qixiang Road Ningbo City, Zhejiang Province PRC

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Ogier Global (Cayman) Limited 89 Nexus Way Camana Bay Grand Cayman KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARF REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17th Floor, Far East Finance Centre No. 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

1925

WEBSITE

http://www.kwungs.com (information on the website does not form part of this annual report)

註冊辦事處

89 Nexus Way Camana Bay Grand Cayman KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港 九龍土瓜灣 土瓜灣道84號環凱廣場 11樓1102室

中國總辦事處及主要營業地點

中國 浙江省寧波市 氣象路827號

股份過戶登記總處

Ogier Global (Cayman) Limited 89 Nexus Way Camana Bay Grand Cayman KY1-9009 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

股份代號

1925

網站

http://www.kwungs.com (此網站內容並不構成本年報一部分)





CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告書



Dear Shareholders,

Thank you for your support over the past year and we have achieved a healthy growth on our business after overcoming different obstacles on both overseas and domestic markets. We have also made some breakthroughs on the research, development, production and sales of fragrance products, which is believed to be a key element to maintain our sustainable growth in the foreseeable future.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, we have continued to focus on the development of our main business and maintained a stable level of production and operation. Our total revenue was approximately RMB718.7 million, achieving a year-on-year growth of approximately 13.8%, and our profit was approximately RMB52.6 million, achieving a year-on-year growth of approximately 7.3%. Our investment in brand building and informatisation of approximately RMB8 million narrowed our increase in the profit.

Our overseas sales team pays attention to the global economic situation, puts efforts on developing distribution channels and enhances customer service through resolving customers' problems, strengthening our reputation. We are upgrading our European markets, and exploring the United States market.

For domestic market, we continue optimising our brand. We actively adjust the retail shop arrangements for our "Fumare" products according to the market trend, and we expand the market for our "Birdtalk" products with the help of Douyin e-commerce channel.

各位股東:

大家好!

感謝各位在過去一年的支持。在克服國內外 市場的種種困難後,我們的業務實現了穩健 增長。我們在香氛產品的研發、生產及銷售 方面亦取得了一些突破,這被認為是我們在 可預見未來維持可持續增長的關鍵因素。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,我們繼續專注發展主營業務,並維持穩定的生產經營水平。我們的總收入約為人民幣718.7百萬元,同比增長約13.8%,我們的利潤約為人民幣52.6百萬元,同比增長約7.3%。我們在品牌建設及信息化投入約為人民幣8百萬元,導致我們的利潤增幅略有收窄。

我們的海外銷售團隊關注全球經濟形勢,全力發展分銷渠道及通過解決客戶問題提升客戶服務,增強口碑聲譽。我們正在歐洲市場提質升檔,同時開拓美國市場。

國內市場方面,我們繼續優化品牌。我們根據市場趨勢積極調整「芬緣」產品的零售店安排,藉助抖音電商渠道拓展「Birdtalk」產品的市場。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (CONTINUED) 主席報告書(續)

Our supply chain team continues to strengthen in the field of intelligent manufacturing. The Anhui industrial park project with the fragrance product industry as the core started around the end of 2022 and it is expected that our annual production capacity for artisan candles and fragrance products will increase from 8,000 tons to 14,500 tons by early 2024. The expansion of production capacity will contribute to our rapid development.

我們的供應鏈團隊在智能製造領域不斷增強。 以香氛產品產業為核心的安徽工業園項目 於2022年底前後開工建設,預計到2024年 初,我們的工藝蠟燭及香氛產品的年產能將 由8,000噸增加至14,500噸。產能的擴大將 助力我們快速發展。

Our research and development team has been developing steadily under the motto of "technical innovation is the highest goal of market development". In the upgrading of traditional products and the development of intelligent equipment, our investment cost has reached a record high, and the market competitiveness has been significantly improved.

我們的研發團隊在「技術創新是開拓市場的 最高目標」的理念指引下紥實推進研發。在 傳統產品升級換代及智能裝備開發方面,我 們的投資成本創歷史新高,市場競爭力明顯 提升。

"Striving together" is our corporate spirit, and "creating value for users, sharing achievements with employees, achieving financial performance for Shareholders, and creating a better future with society" is our corporate objective. In the upcoming year, we will fully strengthen our products, our brands and our organisational power, and will also further optimise our market strategy, execution of informatisation, financial management and talent training, and make great strides on the road of our healthy development.

[共同奮鬥]是我們的企業精神,[為用戶創造價值,與員工共享成果,為股東創造業績,與社會共創美好]是我們的企業宗旨。新的一年,我們將全面增強產品力、品牌力及組織力,進一步優化市場戰略、推進信息化、財務管理及人才培養,在健康發展的道路上闊步前進。

Thank you for your long-term trust and company. Everything becomes beautiful with you all the way.

感謝各位長久以來的信任與陪伴。因為有您 一路相伴,一切變得格外美好。

JIN Jianxin

Chairman of the Board

31 March 2023

董事會主席 **金建新**

2023年3月31日

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

管理層討論與分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group provides solutions to customers on design and manufacture of home decoration products and home fragrance products, comprising core products such as home fragrance candles and home fragrance diffusers, which are considered to be widely used in people's daily life.

The global economy has been recovering from the COVID-19 pandemic during the year ended 31 December 2022, including release of lockdown and travel restriction, and resumption of the logistics capacity. However, the global economy has been badly hit by the COVID-19 pandemic over the past two years and it is still in an early stage of the economic recovery.

The Group has taken some measures during the year ended 31 December 2022 to further improve on the production management, product development and sales channel, which are considered to be one of the reasons for achieving a steady growth on the revenue in spite of the relatively sluggish economy.

The Group has set up a production plant in Yinzhou District, Ningbo City, Zhejiang Province, the PRC (the "New Yinzhou Plant"), which has started operating since 2020. The New Yinzhou Plant has been equipped with more advanced and automated production equipment and better logistics solution. The Group further enhanced its production efficiency by implementing "Informatisation" on the supply chain and production cycle, which has been recognised by the Group's customer as the production time can be further shortened. There was a spending of approximately RMB1.9 million for the "Informatisation" project, which is considered as an investment for a long term development, bringing a better reward to the Group in long run.

In addition, the Group continues putting a lot of effort in research and product development. There is a collaboration with Ningbo Tech University (浙江大學寧波理工學院) to explore new technology on the Group's products, such as application of new nano-materials on home fragrance products and development of new portable fragrance diffusers, new car-used fragrance diffusers and new lighting products with fragrance diffusing function. The research on new technology and development of new products are considered by the Group's customers as essential elements for long term business collaboration with the Group. Approximately RMB26.1 million has been spent on the research and development function during the year ended 31 December 2022. Although it has brought to the Group a short-term impact on the financial performance, management of the Group has confidence that the potentials from these research and development work will be released in the foreseeable future, and reflected in the growth on the Group's sales amount.

業務回顧

本集團為客戶提供設計及製造家居飾品及 家居香薰產品的解決方案,包括家居香薰蠟 燭及家居香薰揮發液等被認為在人們日常 生活中廣泛使用的核心產品。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,全球經濟持續從COVID-19疫情中復甦,包括解除封鎖及出行限制,物流運力有所恢復。然而,由於過去兩年全球經濟受到COVID-19疫情的嚴重影響,因此其仍處於經濟復甦的早期階段。

本集團已於截至2022年12月31日止年度採取若干措施以進一步提升生產管理、產品開發及銷售渠道,此被視為我們在經濟較為疲軟的環境下仍能實現收入穩定增長的原因之一。

本集團於中國浙江省寧波市鄞州區設立生 產廠房(「新鄞州廠房」),自2020年起投上 運營。新鄞州廠房配備更加先進的自動化上 產設備及更佳物流解決方案。本集團透過 供應鏈及生產週期實施「信息化」進一步縮 升生產效率,使得生產時間被進一步縮短, 計 並因而獲得本集團客戶認可。「信息化」其 的支出約為人民幣1.9百萬元,我們視其 長期發展投資,長遠而言會為本集團帶來更 好的回報。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論與分析(續)

BUSINESS REVIEW (Continued)

Moreover, in addition to the online showroom that the Group has launched in response to the lockdown and travel restriction back in 2020, the Group's sales teams has resumed the traditional sales channels, including arranging client visits to the Group's New Yinzhou Plant and visiting client's headquarters overseas. The Group has put efforts in penetrating into existing markets and clients during the economy recovery and achieved a steady growth on revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's revenue mainly arises from the export sales of the Group's candle products, home fragrance products and home accessories during the year. It increased by approximately RMB87.3 million or 13.8% to approximately RMB718.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB631.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. The Group secured more purchase orders from the existing customers, resulting in revenue growth for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Gross profit and gross profit margin

The Group's gross profit increased by approximately RMB13.3 million or 11.0% to approximately RMB134.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB121.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. Such increase in gross profit was mainly because of the increase in the Group's revenue during the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Group's gross profit margin maintained at similar level for the current year, changing from approximately 19.2% for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately 18.7% for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Other income

The Group's other income mainly comprises income from government grants in the PRC and also the rental income earned from leasing the Group's properties. The decrease in other income during the current year was mainly attributed to less grants from the local government in the PRC for the current year. There were grants from the local government in the PRC in relation to the Listing for the prior year.

業務回顧(續)

此外,除本集團於2020年為應對封控及出行限制而推出的網上陳列室外,本集團的銷售團隊已恢復傳統銷售渠道,包括安排客戶參觀本集團的新鄞州廠房以及參觀客戶的海外總部。於經濟復甦期間,本集團大力開拓現有市場及客戶,並於截至2022年12月31日止年度實現收入穩定增長。

財務回顧

收入

本集團的收入主要由本集團的蠟燭產品、家居香薰產品及家居飾品於年內的出口銷售所產生。收入由截至2021年12月31日止年度約人民幣631.4百萬元增加約人民幣87.3百萬元或13.8%至截至2022年12月31日止年度約人民幣718.7百萬元。本集團從現有客戶獲得更多採購訂單,令截至2022年12月31日止年度的收入增加。

毛利及毛利率

本集團毛利由截至2021年12月31日止年度的約人民幣121.1百萬元增加約人民幣13.3百萬元或11.0%至截至2022年12月31日止年度的約人民幣134.4百萬元。毛利增加主要由於本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度的收入增加所致。

本集團的毛利率於本年度維持在同類水平, 由截至2021年12月31日止年度的約19.2% 變為至截至2022年12月31日止年度的約 18.7%。

其他收益

本集團的其他收益主要包括來自中國政府 補助的收益,亦包括本集團出租物業賺取的 租金收益。本年度的其他收益減少主要由於 本年度中國地方政府提供的補助減少。去年 中國地方政府就上市對我們提供了補助。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論與分析(續)

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Administrative expenses

The Group's administrative expenses mainly comprise payroll costs for the management team and supporting staff, cost of raw materials consumed for research and development purpose, depreciation expenses in relation to the Group's office buildings and office equipment and cost of utilities for office use.

There was an increase in administrative expenses of approximately RMB10.4 million or approximately 18.6% to approximately RMB66.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB55.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. Increase in administrative expenses was mainly due to increased raw materials consumed for research and development and increased administrative staff to support the business growth and also salary adjustment for existing staff in response to their increased duties and performance.

Selling and marketing expenses

The Group's selling and marketing expenses mainly comprise advertising and promotion expenses, payroll costs for staff in sales departments, sample inspection and express fees, commissions to agents and operating costs for the Group's retail stores.

There was an increase in selling and marketing expenses of approximately RMB4.7 million or 23.9% to approximately RMB24.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB19.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. Increase in the Group's selling and marketing expenses for the current year was mainly due to increased advertising and promotion costs spent for brand building in domestic market, from approximately RMB4.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately RMB10.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Other gains, net

The Group's other gain, net mainly comprises foreign exchange differences, net fair value changes on foreign exchange forward contracts, net fair value changes on funds invested, net fair value change on foreign exchange swaps and also donation expenses.

財務回顧(續)

行政開支

本集團的行政開支主要包括管理團隊及支援人員的薪金成本、用於研發目的耗用的原材料成本、與本集團的辦公大樓及辦公設備有關的折舊開支,以及用於辦公用途的公用事業費用。

行政開支由截至2021年12月31日止年度的約人民幣55.7百萬元增加約人民幣10.4百萬元或約18.6%至截至2022年12月31日止年度的約人民幣66.1百萬元。行政開支增加主要由於研發耗用的原材料增加、增加行政人員以支持業務增長以及根據現有工作人員增加的職責及業績調整其薪金。

銷售及營銷開支

本集團的銷售及營銷開支主要包括廣告及 推廣開支、銷售部門員工的工資成本、樣品 檢查及快遞費、代理佣金以及本集團零售店 的營運成本。

銷售及營銷開支由截至2021年12月31日止年度的約人民幣19.7百萬元增加約人民幣4.7百萬元或23.9%至截至2022年12月31日止年度的約人民幣24.4百萬元。本集團於本年度的銷售及營銷開支增加主要由於國內市場用於品牌建設的廣告及推廣成本由截至2021年12月31日止年度的約人民幣4.8百萬元增至截至2022年12月31日止年度的約人民幣10.2百萬元所致。

其他收益淨額

本集團的其他收益淨額主要包括外匯差異、 外幣遠期合約的公平值變動淨額、所投基金 的公平值變動淨額、外匯掉期公平值變動淨 額及捐款開支。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論與分析(續)

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Other gains, net (Continued)

There was an increase in other net gain of approximately RMB5.8 million to approximately RMB8.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB2.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The increase in net other gain for the year ended 31 December 2022 was mainly due to the net fair value gain on the funds invested by the Group. The Group invested its idle cash to certain funds with low risk profile in the PRC during the year ended 31 December 2022.

Net finance costs

The Group's net finance costs mainly represent the interest income earned from financial institutions and the finance costs incurred for short-term bank borrowings.

There was an increase in net finance costs of approximately RMB1.3 million or 661% to approximately RMB1.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB0.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Group had higher balances on both bank deposits and bank borrowing amounts during the year. The Group is offered by the local banks in the PRC for some short-term banking facilities and at the same time some fixed deposit arrangements. The Group placed a fixed deposit of RMB105 million using the fund from the short-term borrowings from the local banks in the PRC. The fixed deposit is transferrable to third parties.

There is an arbitrage effect with such arrangement bringing net interest income to the Group. The interest income arising from the fixed deposits would only be paid to the Group upon maturity of the fixed deposits and is not recognised in the income statement during the year ended 31 December 2022, as the Group has intention not to hold until maturity but transfer to third parties for better liquidity to the Group's capital structure.

財務回顧(續)

其他收益淨額(續)

其他收益淨額由截至2021年12月31日止年度的約人民幣2.2百萬元增加約人民幣5.8百萬元至截至2022年12月31日止年度的約人民幣8.0百萬元。

截至2022年12月31日止年度其他收益淨額增加主要由於本集團投資的基金產生公平值收益淨額。截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團將其閒置現金投資於中國若干低風險的基金。

財務成本淨額

本集團的財務成本淨額主要指從金融機構 賺取的利息收入和短期銀行借款產生的財 務成本。

財務成本淨額由截至2021年12月31日止年度的約人民幣0.2百萬元增至截至2022年12月31日止年度的約人民幣1.5百萬元,增加約人民幣1.3百萬元或661%。

年內,本集團的銀行存款及銀行借款結餘均較高。本集團由中國地方銀行提供若干短期銀行融資,同時提供若干定期存款安排。本集團存放了一筆人民幣105百萬元的定期存款,相關資金乃來自從中國地方銀行獲取的短期借款資金。定期存款可轉讓予第三方。

該安排存在套利效應,為本集團帶來了淨利息收入。定期存款產生的利息收入僅在定期存款到期時支付予本集團,不會於截至2022年12月31日止年度收益表確認,因為本集團並未打算持有至到期,而是將其轉讓予第三方,以提高本集團資本結構的流動性。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論與分析(續)

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Income tax expense

The Group is subject to income tax on an individual legal entity basis on profits arising in or derived from the tax jurisdictions in which companies comprising our Group domicile or operate.

(i) Cayman Islands income tax

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act of Cayman Islands and accordingly, is exempted from Cayman Islands income tax.

(ii) BVI income tax

Under the current laws of the BVI, entities incorporated in BVI are not subject to tax on their income or capital gains.

(iii) Hong Kong income tax

Income tax provision of the Group in respect of operations in Hong Kong has been calculated at the applicable tax rate on the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 December 2022, based on the existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof. The statutory tax rate was 16.5% for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. The first HK\$2,000,000 of assessable profits are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%.

(iv) PRC corporate income tax

Income tax provision of the Group in respect of operations in the PRC has been calculated at the applicable tax rate on the estimated assessable profits for the years, based on the existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof. The statutory tax rate was 25% for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

財務回顧(續)

所得税開支

本集團須就組成本集團之各公司於所處或 營運所在稅務司法權區產生或賺取之溢利 按獨立法人實體基準繳納所得稅。

(i) 開曼群島所得税

本公司為根據開曼群島公司法於開曼 群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司,因此, 獲豁免繳納開曼群島所得税。

(ii) 英屬處女群島所得税

根據英屬處女群島現行法律,於英屬 處女群島註冊成立之實體毋須就其收 益或資本收入繳納税費。

(iii) 香港所得税

本集團就香港的經營作出的所得税撥備已根據現行法律、解釋及慣例,以預估截至2022年12月31日止年度應課稅溢利適用稅率計算。截至2022年12月31日止年度,法定稅率為16.5%。

已就年內於香港產生的估計應課稅溢利計提香港利得稅撥備。首筆2,000,000港元的應課稅溢利按8.25%的稅率徵稅,剩餘應課稅溢利按16.5%的稅率徵稅。

(iv) 中國企業所得税

本集團就中國的經營作出的所得稅撥 備已根據現行法律、解釋及慣例,以預 估年內應課稅溢利適用稅率計算。截 至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度, 法定稅率為25%。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論與分析(續)

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Income tax expense (Continued)

(iv) PRC corporate income tax (Continued)

Ningbo Kwung's was qualified as a "High and New Technology Enterprise" since 2008 and renewed its qualification in December 2020, and it is subject to a reduced preferential corporate income rate of 15% from 2020 to December 2023 according to the tax preference applicable to the High and New Technology Enterprise.

In addition, according to the relevant laws and regulations promulgated by the State Tax Bureau of the PRC that was effective from 2018, during the period from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2023 enterprises engaging in research and development activities are entitled to claim 200% of their research and development expenses incurred as tax deductible expenses when determining their assessable profits for that year. Management of the Group assesses that the Group is eligible to such claim for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021. In addition, pursuant to the Announcement on Increasing the Pre-tax Deductions in Support of Technological Innovation (Announcement [2022] No. 28) issued by the Ministry of Finance, the State Taxation Administration and the Ministry of Science and Technology of the PRC*(中國財政部、稅務總局、科技部關於加大支持科技創新 税前扣除力度的公告), during the period from 1 October 2022 to 31 December 2022, the cost of newly purchased equipment can be fully deducted against taxable profit in 2022, and entitled to additional pre-tax deduction at 100%.

There was a decrease in the Group's income tax expense by approximately RMB3.3 million or 47.2% to approximately RMB3.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB7.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. Such decrease was mainly due to the full tax deduction for the newly purchased equipment in the PRC, and also the utilisation of tax losses for a subsidiary in the PRC, for which no deferred tax assets were recognised in the prior year.

The overall effective tax rate of the Group dropped from approximately 12.6% for the year ended 31 December 2021 to approximately 6.6% for the year ended 31 December 2022. The reasons for the decrease in the effective tax rate for the year ended 31 December 2022 was the same as the reason disclosed above for the decrease in the income tax expense.

財務回顧(續)

所得税開支(續)

(jv) 中國企業所得税(續)

寧波曠世自2008年以來符合資格作為 「高新技術企業」並於2020年12月更新 其資格,根據適用於高新技術企業的 税率優惠,其自2020年至2023年12月 按下調優惠企業所得税税率15%繳納 税款。

此外,根據中國國家税務總局頒佈自 2018年起生效的相關法律法規,於 2018年1月1日至2023年12月31日期 間從事研發活動的企業於該年度釐定 的應課税溢利時,有權要求將其產生 的研發費用的200%列作可扣減稅項開 支。本集團管理層評估,截至2022年 及2021年12月31日止年度,本集團有 資格申索有關款項。此外,根據《中國 財政部、税務總局、科技部關於加大支 持科技創新税前扣除力度的公告》(公 告2022年第28號),在2022年10月1 日至2022年12月31日期間新購置的設 備,允許當年一次性全額在計算應納 税所得額時扣除,並允許在税前實行 100%加計扣除。

本集團所得稅開支由截至2021年12月31日 止年度的約人民幣7.1百萬元減少約人民幣 3.3百萬元或47.2%至截至2022年12月31 日止年度的約人民幣3.7百萬元。該減少主 要是由於在中國新購置設備的稅項全額減免, 以及動用中國附屬公司的稅項虧損,上年並 無確認遞延稅項資產。

本集團總體實際税率由截至2021年12月31日止年度的約12.6%下降至截至2022年12月31日止年度的約6.6%。截至2022年12月31日止年度的實際税率下降的理由與上文披露的所得稅開支減少的原因相同。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論與分析(續)

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment

The Group's property plant and equipment mainly comprise net carrying amounts of the office building, production plants, machinery and the corresponding capitalised renovation costs. There was an increase in the net carrying amount of the Group's property, plant and equipment by approximately RMB6.8 million during the year ended 31 December 2022 which was mainly due to the cost incurred for machinery equipments of the new production line.

Right-of-use assets

The Group's right-of-use assets comprise net carrying amounts of the prepaid land use rights for the lands used by the Group's office building and production plants, and also the net carrying amounts of the properties leased by the Group.

Increase in balance during the year ended 31 December 2022 was mainly due to the costs of approximately RMB30.1 million paid for the acquisition of a piece of land in Sanshan Economic Development Zone* (三山經濟開發區), Wuhu City, Anhui Province, the PRC, to be used for setting up of new production facilities.

Investment properties

The Group's investment properties represent the buildings located in Ningbo City, Zhejiang Province, the PRC, owned by the Group. Such buildings are leased to independent third parties as warehouses.

Inventories

The Group's inventory balance comprises raw materials, work in progress and finished goods for the Group's candle products, home fragrance products and home accessories products. There was a decrease in the Group's inventory balance by approximately RMB23.6 million or 26.3% to approximately RMB66.1 million as at 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB89.6 million as at 31 December 2021 which was mainly due to the low unit price of raw materials such as candlestick accessories purchased according to the order demand at the end of the year. In addition, there was a decreased balance of finished goods as at 31 December 2022 as compared to 31 December 2021 because there were more finished goods pending to be delivered to the customers due to the impact of COVID-19 on the freight arrangement across countries around the end of 2021 and there was no such issue this year.

財務回顧(續)

物業、廠房及設備

本集團的物業、廠房及設備主要包括辦公大樓、生產廠房、機器及相應資本化裝修成本的賬面淨值。截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團物業、廠房及設備的賬面淨值增加約人民幣6.8百萬元,主要是由於新生產線機器設備產生的成本所致。

使用權資產

本集團的使用權資產包括本集團辦公大樓 及生產廠房使用的土地的預付土地使用權 的賬面淨值,以及本集團租賃的物業的賬面 淨值。

截至2022年12月31日止年度的結餘增加主要由於購買中國安徽省蕪湖市三山經濟開發區一塊土地所支付費用約人民幣30.1百萬元,該土地用於建設新的生產設施。

投資物業

本集團的投資物業指本集團擁有的位於中國浙江省寧波市的樓宇。有關樓宇已租賃予獨立第三方作為倉庫。

存貨

本集團存貨結餘包括本集團蠟燭產品、家居香薰產品及家居飾品的原材料、半成品及製成品。本集團的存貨結餘由2021年12月31日的約人民幣89.6百萬元減少約人民幣23.6百萬元或26.3%至2022年12月31日的約人民幣66.1百萬元,主要乃由於年末根據訂單需求購買的原材料(例如燭台飾品)的單價低。此外,與2021年12月31日相比,於2022年12月31日製成品結餘有所減少的数2022年12月31日製成品結餘有所減少的因為COVID-19對2021年底前後各國之間與定對產生影響,導致存在更多的製成品等待交付予客戶,而今年則並無該問題。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論與分析(續)

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Trade receivables

Trade receivables balance as at 31 December 2022 mainly represented outstanding balance from the Group's overseas customers. There was a decrease in trade receivables balance before allowance for impairment of approximately RMB26.8 million or 17.5% from approximately RMB150.9 million as at 31 December 2021 to approximately RMB124.1 million as at 31 December 2022. The Group experienced increased sales in the second half of 2021 when the product demand started resuming from the impact of COVID-19, causing an increase in the trade receivables as at 31 December 2021 and the trade receivables resumed to a normal level for the current year.

Most of the Group's trade receivables balance were aged within 180 days. The Group experienced limited bad debt issues over the years and a small provision for impairment of trade receivables of approximately RMB3.5 million was recorded as at 31 December 2022, which is calculated based on the expected credit loss percentage for the aged trade receivables balance.

Prepayments, deposits and other receivables

The balance of prepayments, deposits and other receivables comprises mainly advances to suppliers, recoverable value-added tax and deposits paid.

There was a decrease in the balance of approximately RMB11.1 million or 34.2% to approximately RMB21.4 million as at 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB32.5 million as at 31 December 2021. The decrease in balance was mainly due to a decrease in recoverable value-added tax as at 31 December 2022 as a result of the decrease in inventory balance.

Financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

The Group subscribes certain private funds in the PRC using idle cash totalling RMB100 million during the current year. In addition, the Group arranges foreign currency forward contracts with commercial banks in the PRC in respect of the exchange rate of RMB against USD in response to the Group's foreign exchange exposure arising from the sales to the Group's overseas customers, which is denominated in USD.

The Group recorded unrealised liabilities arising from the foreign currency forward contracts as at 31 December 2022 as a result of a depreciation of RMB against USD throughout the current year.

財務回顧(續)

貿易應收款項

於2022年12月31日,貿易應收款項結餘主要指本集團海外客戶的未償還結餘。除減值撥備前的貿易應收款項結餘由2021年12月31日的約人民幣150.9百萬元減少約人民幣26.8百萬元或17.5%至2022年12月31日的約人民幣124.1百萬元。由於產品需求開始擺脱COVID-19的影響而出現復甦,本集團於2021年下半年的銷售有所增長,令貿易應收款項於2021年12月31日出現增加,且於本年度恢復至正常水平。

本集團大部分貿易應收款項結餘均於180天內到期。多年來,本集團經歷的壞賬事宜有限,而於2022年12月31日,貿易應收款項錄得小額減值撥備約人民幣3.5百萬元,乃根據賬齡較長的貿易應收款項結餘的預期信貸虧損百分比計算。

預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

預付款項、按金及其他應收款項結餘主要包括向供應商墊款、可收回增值税及已付按金。

結餘由2021年12月31日的約人民幣32.5百萬元減少約人民幣11.1百萬元或34.2%至2022年12月31日的約人民幣21.4百萬元。該減少乃主要由於2022年12月31日的可收回增值稅有所減少,因為庫存結餘減少所致。

按公平值計入損益之金融資產/ 金融負債

本集團於本年度使用閒置現金認購若干中國私募基金,總額為人民幣100百萬元。此外,本集團與中國的商業銀行就人民幣兑美元的匯率安排外幣遠期合約,以應對本集團向本集團海外客戶作出以美元計值銷售導致的外匯風險。

由於本年度人民幣兑美元貶值,故於2022 年12月31日本集團錄得外幣遠期合約產生 的未變現負債。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論與分析(續)

FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Cash and cash in bank

The balance of cash and cash in bank as at 31 December 2022 comprised cash deposited into financial institutions in the PRC and Hong Kong, and also restricted cash maintained in financial institutions in the PRC.

There was a decrease in the balance of approximately RMB56.5 million or 28.3% to approximately RMB143.2 million as at 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB199.7 million as at 31 December 2021. Such decrease in balance was mainly due to the utilisation of some idle cash for subscription of certain funds in the PRC during the current year.

Trade and other payables

The balance of trade and other payables comprises mainly payables to suppliers of raw materials and payroll payables to the Group's employees.

There was an increase in the balance of approximately RMB6.1 million or 7.9% to approximately RMB84.2 million as at 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB78.1 million as at 31 December 2021. The change in balance was mainly due to increased purchase of raw materials to meet the demand of rising sales orders.

Lease liabilities

The balance of lease liabilities represents the present value of future lease payments in respect of shopping mall counters leased by the Group.

There is a decrease in the balance of approximately RMB2.3 million to approximately RMB0.2 million as at 31 December 2022 from approximately RMB2.5 million as at 31 December 2021 as a result of settlement to the lessors during the year ended 31 December 2022.

財務回顧(續)

現金及銀行現金

於2022年12月31日,現金及銀行現金結餘包括於中國及香港金融機構的現金存款以及於中國金融機構存放的受限制現金。

結餘由2021年12月31日的約人民幣199.7 百萬元減少約人民幣56.5百萬元或28.3% 至於2022年12月31日的約人民幣143.2百萬元。結餘的相關減少乃主要由於本年度在中國使用部分閒置現金認購若干基金所致。

貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項結餘主要包括應付原 材料供應商款項及應付本集團僱員的薪金。

結餘由2021年12月31日的約人民幣78.1 百萬元增加約人民幣6.1百萬元或7.9%至 2022年12月31日的約人民幣84.2百萬元。 結餘變動主要由於增購原材料以滿足銷售 訂單不斷增長帶來的需求所致。

租賃負債

租賃負債結餘指本集團租賃的購物商場櫃台的未來租賃付款現值。

結餘由2021年12月31日的約人民幣2.5百萬元減少約人民幣2.3百萬元至2022年12月31日的約人民幣0.2百萬元,乃由於截至2022年12月31日止年度向出租人結算款項所致。

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED) 管理層討論與分析(續)

RECENT DEVELOPMENT

The Group has achieved a stable growth in business over the past few years with the leased production facilities and outsourced subcontracting services. There has been a business plan to set up another production base in the PRC to support the business growth as mentioned in the annual report last year.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, management of the Group has put a lot of effort to explore a good location in the PRC and finally succeeded in acquiring a piece of land located at Sanshan Economic Development Zone* (三山經濟開發區), Wuhu City, Anhui Province, the PRC with a total site area of approximately 96,000 sq. m. (the "Wuhu Site"). It comes to another milestone of the Group to set up a large scale of production facilities, which can bring a better quality to the Group's products with less reliance on outsourced subcontracting work, especially for non-standard products. In addition, the Group will be equipped with more advanced machineries in the new production facilities and will achieve a more efficient production cycle. It is also the plan of the Group to expand its design and production on fragrance products with such new production facilities.

The Group has entered into a construction agreement with a contractor Zhejiang Lianshangyuan Construction Co., Ltd.* (浙江聯尚原建設有限公司) on 19 January 2023 in respect of the construction of the production facilities in the Wuhu Site, including warehouses, workshop buildings and staff quarters, at a consideration of RMB150,000,000 and subject to adjustment to be agreed by both parties from time to time. The construction of the production facilities in the Wuhu Site is estimated to be completed in mid 2024. For details in relation to the construction agreement, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 19 January 2023 and the circular dated 3 March 2023.

FUTURE PLANS

In addition to setting up the Group's self-owned production facilities in the Wuhu Site as mentioned above, the Group is also exploring the possibilities of setting up new production facilities overseas in response to some overseas market demands.

Having established a long term plan on the production capacity, the Group is also actively expanding its customer base, including customers from new geographical markets like the United States. The Group has established a healthy and solid customer base with existing customers and it is a good time for the Group to go further into new market and secure new customers for the Group's sustainable growth.

近期發展

過去幾年,本集團通過租賃生產設施及外判分包服務實現了業務的穩定增長。如去年年報所述,我們已經制定業務計劃,在中國建立另一個生產基地以支持業務增長。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團管理層努力在中國尋找合適位置,並最終成功開了位於中國安徽省蕪湖市三山經濟開了區的一塊土地,總地盤面積約96,000平方米(「蕪湖地塊」)。建立大規模的生產最上個里程碑,這可提升在企業上的產品質量,減少對外判分包工作的本類團,就在新生產設施配備更先進的機械,並過度,與更高效的生產週期。本集團亦計劃通數新生產設施擴大其香薰產品的設計及生產。

本集團已於2023年1月19日與承建商浙江聯尚原建設有限公司就蕪湖地塊生產設施的建造簽訂建造協議,包括倉庫、廠房及員工宿舍,代價為人民幣150,000,000元,以雙方不時同意的任何調整為準。蕪湖地塊生產設施的建設預計將於2024年年中完工。有關建造協議的詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2023年1月19日的公告及日期為2023年3月3日的通函。

未來計劃

除如上文所述於蕪湖地塊建立本集團的自 有生產設施外,本集團亦正在探索在海外建 立新生產設施的可能性,以應對部分海外市 場需求。

除制定產能長期計劃外,本集團亦積極擴大 其客戶群,包括來自美國等新地區市場的客 戶。本集團已與現有客戶建立良好穩固的關 係,目前為本集團進一步進入新市場並為本 集團的可持續增長獲取新客戶的好時機。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

董事及高級管理層

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. JIN Jianxin (金建新先生), aged 57, is our executive Director, chairman and the chief executive officer. He is our founder and joined our Group in January 1999. He is responsible for executing board resolutions, formulating business development plans and strategies and overseeing the daily business operation of the Group. He is the uncle of Mr. Tian Dong and brother-in-law of Mr. RU Liming, a substantial Shareholder and former executive Director.

Mr. Jin has over 20 years of experience in the manufacturing, marketing and selling of candle products. He has been the chairman of the board of Ningbo Kwung's since its establishment and is primarily responsible for the overall management of Ningbo Kwung's. Since 2016, he has been appointed as the vice chairman of China Daily-use Chemical Industry Association (Candle Division) (中國日用化工協會蠟燭分會).

Mr. Jin graduated from Beijing International Studies University (北京第二外國語學院) with a degree of bachelor of economics in July 1989. He was awarded with the qualification of Senior Economist by the Zhejiang Province Human Resources and Social Security Department (浙江省人力資源和社會保障廳) in February 2011. In January 2014, he was named as Culture New Zhejiang Entrepreneur (文化新浙商) by the Selection Committee of the Culture New Zhejiang Entrepreneur (文化新浙商評選組委會).

Mr. Jin is also a director of Kwung's Investments Limited, Kwung's Wisdom (Hong Kong) Co., Limited, Ningbo Kwung's and Neobee Australia Pty Ltd, all of which being subsidiaries of the Company.

執行董事

金建新先生,57歲,為執行董事、主席兼首席執行官。彼為我們的創辦人,並於1999年1月加入本集團。彼負責執行董事會決議案、制定業務發展計劃及策略以及監督本集團日常業務經營。彼為田東先生的舅父及主要股東及前執行董事茹黎明先生姻弟。

金先生於製造、營銷及銷售蠟燭產品方面擁有逾20年經驗。自寧波曠世成立起,彼一直為其董事會主席,主要負責寧波曠世的整體管理。自2016年起,彼獲委任為中國日用化工協會蠟燭分會的副理事長。

金先生於1989年7月畢業於北京第二外國語學院的經濟學學士學位課程。彼於2011年2月獲浙江省人力資源和社會保障廳授予高級經濟師的資格。於2014年1月,彼獲文化新浙商評選組委會授予文化新浙商的稱號。

金先生亦為曠世投資有限公司、曠世智源(香港)有限公司、寧波曠世及Neobee Australia Pty Ltd的董事,該等公司均為本公司的附屬公司。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層(續)

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS (Continued)

Mr. TIAN Dong (田東先生**)**, aged 43, is our executive Director. He is responsible for overseeing the financial and capital operation of the Group. He is the nephew of Mr. Jin.

Mr. Tian has been working in our Group for more than 10 years. He joined our Group in 2004 as an office administrator of the performance appraisal office of Ningbo Kwung's and was promoted to supervisor of the information system department of Ningbo Kwung's in November 2008. Since November 2011, he has been working as the secretary of the board of Ningbo Kwung's and has been responsible for the corporate governance, organisation of the directors' and shareholders' meetings of Ningbo Kwung's.

Mr. Tian graduated from Zhejiang University of Science and Technology (浙江科技學院) with a degree of computer science and technology (計算機科學與技術) in June 2002. He also obtained a master degree of science in distributed systems and networks from University of Kent in November 2004.

Mr. Tian is also a director of Ningbo Fenyuan and Ningbo Wanwei Pulian Technology Co., Ltd. (寧波萬微普聯科技有限公司), both of which being wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company.

執行董事(續)

田東先生,43歲,為執行董事。彼負責監督本集團的財務及資本營運。彼為金先生外甥。

田先生一直為本集團服務逾10年。彼於2004年加入本集團擔任寧波曠世績效考核領導小組的辦公室主任,並於2008年11月晉升至寧波曠世信息總監。自2011年11月起,彼一直擔任寧波曠世董事會秘書,負責寧波曠世的企業管治及籌備董事及股東會議。

於2002年6月,田先生畢業於浙江科技學院的計算機科學與技術學位課程。彼亦於2004年11月獲取肯特大學(University of Kent)的分佈式系統及網絡理碩士。

田先生亦為寧波芬緣及寧波萬微普聯科技 有限公司的董事,兩家公司均為本公司的全 資附屬公司。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

董事及高級管理層(續)

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. SHAO Patrick (邵平先生**)**, aged 57, is our non-executive Director. Mr. Shao joined our Group as a director of Ningbo Kwung's in June 2015. He is primarily responsible for formulating the business development plans and strategies of our Group.

Mr. Shao has extensive experience in business strategies formulation, business development and operation. From June 2005 to July 2015, he was the vice general manager of Guangzhou Shi Xinli Metal Limited (廣州市新力金屬有限公司), a brake pad friction materials manufacturing company and was primarily responsible for the development of new products and formulation of business strategies of the company. Currently, he is the vice general manager and director of human resources department of Zhangjiagang Xinli Metal Limited (張家港新力金屬有限公司), a PRC company engaging in the manufacturing of brake pad friction materials. He is responsible for formulating the business strategies and overseeing the daily operation of the company.

Mr. Shao graduated from Peking University (北京大學) with a degree of bachelor of Chinese Literature in July 1989.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LAI Chun Yu (黎振宇先生), aged 46, is our independent non-executive Director. He was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 16 December 2019. He is responsible for providing independent advice to our Board.

Mr. Lai has more than 19 years of experience in the area of accounting, auditing and financial management. From July 2000 to December 2003, he worked as an accountant in Ernst & Young. From August 2005 to June 2007, he worked as a financial controller of Qin Jia Yuan Media Services Company Limited (presently known as SMI Culture & Travel Group Holdings Limited), a media services provider listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2366), and was primarily responsible for assisting in the budget preparation, treasury, internal control and investor relation matter of the company. From May 2009 to June 2017, he worked as a company secretary of Amber Energy Limited (presently known as Puxing Energy Limited), a clean energy provider in the PRC listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 90), and was responsible for assisting in the listing and corporate governance matters of the company. Since February 2018, he has become the director of MCGI Consultancy Limited, a business consultancy firm in Hong Kong, and has been responsible for the strategic planning, business development and operation of the company.

非執行董事

邵平先生,57歲,為非執行董事。邵先生於 2015年6月加入本集團擔任寧波曠世的董 事。彼主要負責制定本集團業務發展計劃及 策略。

邵先生於業務策略制定、業務發展及營運方面經驗豐富。於2005年6月至2015年7月,彼為剎車片摩擦物料製造公司廣州市新公司的副總經理,主要負責該公司的新產品開發及制定業務策略。目前,他人家家港新力金屬有限公司副總經理及人為資源部總監,該中國公司從事製造剎車片摩擦物料。彼負責制定業務策略及監督公司日常營運。

於1989年7月,邵先生畢業於北京大學的中國文學學士學位課程。

獨立非執行董事

黎振宇先生,46歲,為獨立非執行董事。彼 於2019年12月16日獲委任為獨立非執行董 事。彼負責為董事會提供獨立意見。

黎先生於會計、審核及財務管理範疇擁有 逾19年經驗。於2000年7月至2003年12 月,彼於安永會計師事務所擔任會計師。於 2005年8月至2007年6月,彼擔任於聯交所 上市的媒體服務供應商勤+緣媒體服務有限 公司(現稱為星美文化旅遊集團控股有限公 司)(股份代號:2366)的財務總監,主要負 責協助公司的預算編製、財務、內部控制及 投資者關係事宜。於2009年5月至2017年6 月,彼擔任於聯交所上市的中國清潔能源供 應商琥珀能源有限公司(現稱為普星潔能有 限公司,股份代號:90)的公司秘書,負責 協助公司上市及企業管治事宜。自2018年2 月起,彼成為香港業務諮詢公司天晞顧問有 限公司董事,負責公司策略規劃、業務發展 及營運。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層(續)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

(Continued)

Mr. Lai obtained a degree of bachelor of business (accountancy) from Queensland University of Technology in August 1999. Mr. Lai has become a Certified Practising Accountant of CPA Australia since November 2002. He was admitted as a certified public accountant of HKICPA in January 2004 and has become a fellow member of HKICPA since 2010.

Mr. Lai has held directorship in the following listed company in Hong Kong in the last three years:

獨立非執行董事(續)

黎先生於1999年8月獲取昆士蘭科技大學的商學士(會計)學位。黎先生自2002年11月起為澳洲註冊會計師公會的註冊會計師。 彼於2004年1月獲取香港會計師公會執業會計師資格,自2010年起為香港會計師公會資深會員。

黎先生於最近三年在以下香港上市公司擔任董事:

| Period 期間 | Name of entity 實體名稱 | Principal business activities 主要業務活動 | Position held 擔任的職位 | Responsibilities 職責 |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| October 2019 – Present | Tailam Tech Construction Holdings Limited (stock code: 6193) | Manufacture and sale of concrete piles and commercial concrete in the PRC | Independent non- executive director | Providing independent advice to the board of the company |
| 2019年10月至現時 | 泰林科建控股有限公司 (股份代號:6193) | 於中國產銷混凝土管樁 及商品混凝土 | 獨立非執行董事 | 為公司董事會提供獨立 意見 |

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

董事及高級管理層(續)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

(Continued)

Ms. XU Qiong (徐瓊女士**)**, aged 55, is our independent non-executive Director. She was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 19 April 2022. She is responsible for providing independent advice to our Board.

Ms. Xu has over 10 years of experience in financial and local tax advisory service in the PRC. Ms. Xu is currently the major shareholder and the chairlady of the board of directors of Ningbo Huihao Tax Agent Company Limited (寧波匯浩稅務師事務所有限公司) and Ningbo Yinzhou Pengyi Enterprise Management Consulting Company Limited (寧波市鄞州朋弈企業管理諮詢有限公司).

Ms. XU graduated from the Correspondence Institute of the Party School of the Communist Party of China (中共中央黨校函授學院) in 2000, majoring in political science and law. Ms. Xu is a registered tax agent in the PRC.

獨立非執行董事(續)

徐瓊女士,55歲,為我們的獨立非執行董事。 彼於2022年4月19日獲委任為獨立非執行 董事。彼負責向董事會提供獨立意見。

徐女士於中國擁有逾10年的金融及地方稅 務諮詢服務經驗。徐女士現擔任寧波匯浩稅 務師事務所有限公司及寧波市鄞州朋弈企 業管理諮詢有限公司之主要股東兼董事會 主席。

徐女士於2000年畢業於中共中央黨校函授 學院本科班政法專業。徐女士為中國註冊税 務師。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層(續)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

獨立非執行董事(續)

(Continued)

Mr. ZHOU Kai (周凱先生**)**, aged 50, is our independent non-executive Director. He was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 16 December 2019. He is responsible for providing independent advice to our Board.

周凱先生,50歲,為獨立非執行董事。彼 於2019年12月16日獲委任為獨立非執行董 事。彼負責為董事會提供獨立意見。

Mr. Zhou has more than 10 years of experience in the area of financial development and regulations. The following table sets forth the working experience of Mr. Zhou:

周先生於金融發展及法規範疇擁有逾10年經驗。下表載列周先生的工作資歷:

| | | Dringing Lhugings | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Period 期間 | Name of entity 實體名稱 | Principal business activities 主要業務活動 | Position held 擔任的職位 | Responsibilities 職責 |
| | | | | |
| June 2021 – Present | Changyuan (Ningbo) Enterprise Management Consulting Co., Ltd. | Management consulting | Executive director | Company operation |
| 2021年6月至現時 | 長源(寧波)企業管理諮詢有限公司 | 管理諮询 | 執行董事 | 公司營運 |
| January 2022 – Present | Ningbo Yuyao Rural Commercial Bank Limited | Bank | Supervisor | Supervising and checking |
| 2022年1月至現時 | 寧波余姚農村商業銀行股份有限公司 | 銀行 | 監事 | 監督和檢查 |
| December 2020 – Present | Ningbo Yongcheng Rural Commercial Bank Limited | Bank | Independent non- executive director | Responsible for governance of the bank |
| 2020年12月至現時 | 寧波甬城農村商業銀行股份有限公司 | 銀行 | 獨立非執行董事 | 負責銀行的管治 |
| September 2020 – Present | Ningbo Zhongchun High-tech Co., Ltd. | Non metallic mineral products industry | Independent non- executive director | Providing independent advice to the Board |
| 2020年9月至現時 | 寧波中淳高科股份有限公司 | 非金屬礦物製品業 | 獨立非執行董事 | 負責為董事會提供獨立 意見 |
| May 2018 – Present | Ningbo Zhenhai Rural Commercial Bank Limited (寧波市鎮海農村商業銀行 | Bank | Independent non- executive director | Responsible for governance of the |
| 2018年5月至現時 | 股份有限公司) 寧波市鎮海農村商業銀行股份有限 公司 | 銀行 | 獨立非執行董事 | bank 負責銀行的管治 |
| January 2020 – June 2021 | DeHeng Law Offices (Ningbo) (北京德恒(寧波)律師事務所) | Law firm | Lawyer | Providing legal advices to clients in the area of corporate governance |
| 2020年1月至2021年6月 | 北京德恒(寧波)律師事務所 | 律師行 | 律師 | and financial activities 為客戶提供企業管治及 金融活動範疇的法律 意見 |

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層(續)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS 獨立非執行董事(續)

(Continued)

| Period 期間 | Name of entity 實體名稱 | Principal business activities 主要業務活動 | Position held 擔任的職位 | Responsibilities 職責 |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| April 2018 – December 2019 | Zhejiang Jinzong Law Firm (浙江金眾律師事務所) | Law firm | Lawyer | Providing legal advices to clients in the area of corporate governance and financial activities |
| 2018年4月至 2019年12月 | 浙江金眾律師事務所 | 律師行 | 律師 | 為客戶提供企業管治及 金融活動範疇的法律 意見 |
| November 2012 – July 2017 | The Financial Affairs Office of Ningbo Municipal Government (寧波市人民政府金融工作辦公室) | Government authority | Deputy director | Formulating and organising the implementation of the development plans of the local capital market; supervising the financial activities in the district |
| 2012年11月至 2017年7月 | 寧波市人民政府金融工作辦公室 | 政府機關 | 副主任 | 制定及籌備實行當地資本市場的發展規劃及 監督地區的金融活動 |
| December 2008 – November 2012 | The Financial Affairs Office of Yinzhou, District Government, Ningbo (寧波市鄞州區人民政府金融工作辦公室) | Government authority | Director | Formulating and organising the implementation of the development plans of the local financial market; supervising the financial activities in the district |
| 2008年12月至 2012年11月 | 寧波市鄞州區人民政府金融工作辦 公室 | 政府機關 | 主任 | In the district 制定及籌備實行當地金 融市場的發展規劃及 監督地區的金融活動 |

Mr. Zhou graduated from Nanjing University (南京大學) with a degree of bachelor of political science in the school of political science and public administration in July 1994. He also obtained a master degree of public administration from The Australian National University in July 2004. Mr. Zhou was admitted as a lawyer in the PRC in June 2000.

於1994年7月,周先生畢業於南京大學並獲取政治與行政管理系政治學學士學位。彼亦於2004年7月獲取澳洲國立大學的公共管理碩士學位。周先生於2000年6月在中國獲得律師專業資格。

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 董事及高級管理層(續)

COMPANY SECRETARY

公司秘書

Mr. LAU Chung Wai (劉仲緯先生) is our company secretary.

劉仲緯先生,為公司秘書。

Mr. Lau has over 18 years of experience in accounting and finance. The following table sets forth the working experience of Mr. Lau:

劉先生於會計及財務方面擁有逾18年經驗。 下表載列劉先生的工作資歷:

| Period 期間 | Name of entity 實體名稱 | Principal business activities 主要業務活動 | Position held 擔任的職位 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| August 2015 - March 2019 2015年8月至2019年3月 | Da Sen Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 1580) 大森控股集團有限公司 (股份代號: 1580) | Manufacture and sale of plywood products and biomass wood pellets 製造及銷售膠合板產品及木製生物質顆粒 | Chief financial officer and company secretary 首席財務官及公司秘書 |
| May 2013 - July 2015 2013年5月至 2015年7月 | Passion Art International Holdings Limited Passion Art International Holdings Limited | Manufacture and sale of furniture and home decoration products 製造及銷售傢俱及家居裝飾品 | Group financial controller 集團財務總監 |
| September 2011 – April 2013 | Starcom Worldwide, a subsidiary of Publicis Groupe SA, a company listed on the Euronext Paris | Media agency | Finance manager |
| 2011年9月至 2013年4月 | (stock code: PUB. PA) Starcom Worldwide,該公司為Publicis Groupe SA的附屬公司,於巴黎泛歐證券交易所上市 (股份代號: PUB.PA) | 媒體代理 | 財務經理 |
| September 2004 – September 2011 2004年9月至 2011年9月 | Ernst & Young 安永會計師事務所 | Assurance 審計服務部 | Manager of assurance department (last position) 審計服務部經理(最後職位) |

Mr. Lau graduated from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology with a bachelor of business administration in accounting in November 2004. He was admitted as a certified public accountant of HKICPA in January 2008 and has become a fellow member of HKICPA since May 2015.

劉先生於2004年11月畢業於香港科技大學, 獲取工商管理(會計)學士學位。彼於2008 年1月獲取香港會計師公會執業會計師的資 格,自2015年5月起為香港會計師公會資 深會員。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事會報告

The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022 ("the year" or "the year under review").

董事提呈其報告及本公司截至2022年12月 31日止年度(「年內」或「回顧年度」)之經審 核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. Details of the principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 12 to the Group's consolidated financial statements. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

Further discussion and analysis of these activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("Hong Kong Companies Ordinance"), including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 10 to 19 of this annual report. This discussion forms part of this report of the directors.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the Group's financial position at that date are set out in the Group's audited financial statements on pages 62 to 65.

The Board does not recommend the payment of dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2022.

A special dividend of HK7 cents per ordinary share was approved by the Shareholders in the extraordinary general meeting held on 17 January 2023 and was paid on 3 February 2023.

主要業務及業務回顧

本公司主要業務為投資控股。主要附屬公司 之主要業務詳情載於本集團的綜合財務報 表附註12。年內本集團主要業務之性質並 無重大變動。

按香港法例第622章香港公司條例(「香港公司條例」)附表5規定對該等業務所作的進一步討論及分析,包括討論本集團面對的主要風險及不明朗因素,以及本集團業務日後可能的發展的指示,載於本年報第10至19頁的管理層討論與分析一節。有關討論構成本董事會報告的一部分。

業績及股息

本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度之溢利及本集團於該日期之財務狀況載於第62至65頁之本集團經審核財務報表。

董事會不建議就截至2022年12月31日止年 度派付任何股息。

股東於2023年1月17日舉行的股東特別大會上批准派發每股普通股7港仙的特別股息且股息已於2023年2月3日支付。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

USE OF PROCEEDS FROM THE COMPANY'S INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING

100,000,000 Shares at HK\$1.28 each were issued upon Listing and 5,042,000 Shares also at HK\$1.28 each were issued pursuant to the partial exercise of the Over-Allotment Option (as defined in the Prospectus) on 5 February 2020. The net proceeds raised by the Company from the Listing (including the proceeds from the partial exercise of the Over-Allotment Option amounted to HK\$6,453,760 (equivalent to approximately RMB5.8 million) and after deducting the listing expenses) amounted to approximately RMB84.1 million. Such net proceeds were applied in the same manner and the same proportion as disclosed in the section headed "Future Plans and Use of Proceeds" of the Prospectus and also the announcement of the Company dated 2 August 2022. Such net proceeds have been fully utilised during the year ended 31 December 2022.

The table below sets out the details of the application of the net proceeds:

本公司首次公開發售所得款項 用途

上市時按每股1.28港元發行100,000,000 股股份,另於2020年2月5日根據行使部分超額配股權(定義見招股章程)按每股1.28港元發行5,042,000股股份。本公司從上市籌得款項海額(包括行使部分超額配股權所得款項6,453,760港元(相等於約人民幣5.8百萬元)並扣除上市開支後)約為人民幣84.1百萬元。本公司已按招股章程「未來計劃及所得款項用途」一節及本公司日期為2022年8月2日之公告所披露的相同方式和相同比重使用上述所得款項淨額。有關所得款項淨額已於截至2022年12月31日止年度內獲悉數動用。

下表載列所得款項淨額應用的詳細情況:

| | Planned 計劃 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Net proceeds utilised 已動用 所得款項淨額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Net proceeds unutilised as at 31 December 2022 於2022年12月31日 未動用所得款項淨額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Increasing production lines for candles and expanding production capability in home fragrance 增加蠟燭的生產線以及擴充家居香薰的產能 | 39,963 | (39,963) | - |
| Acquisition of a piece of land for expansion of production capacity 收購一塊土地以擴大產能 | 18,846 | (18,846) | - |
| Strengthening research and development capabilities 加強研發能力 | 10,348 | (10,348) | - |
| Upgrading information system and logistics capacities 將資訊系統及物流能力升級 | 7,067 | (7,067) | - |
| General working capital purpose 作一般營運資金用途 | 7,908 | (7,908) | _ |
| | 84,132 | (84,132) | |

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited financial statements, is set out on page 169 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the Group's audited consolidated financial statements.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE LISTED SHARES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of the subsidiaries of the Company purchased, redeemed or sold the listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2022, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act (as revised) of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately RMB249,653,000.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 67% of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 26%.

Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for less than 30% of the total purchases for the year.

財務資料概要

本集團過去五個財政年度的已刊發業績、資產及負債的概要乃摘錄自經審核財務報表, 並載於本年報第169頁。此概要並不構成本 集團經審核綜合財務報表的一部分。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上 市股份

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司或本公司之任何附屬公司概無購買、贖回或出售本公司之上市證券。

優先購買權

細則或開曼群島之法律並無優先購買權之 條文,規定本公司須按比例向現時之股東提 呈發售新股。

可供分派儲備

於2022年12月31日,本公司的可供分派儲備(根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)計算)約為人民幣249,653,000元。

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年內,向本集團五大客戶的銷售額佔年度總銷售額約67%,當中向最大客戶的銷售額佔銷售額約26%。

自本集團五大供應商的採購額佔本集團於 年內的採購總額少於30%。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

None of the Directors or any of their associates or any Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers.

董事或彼等的任何聯繫人或任何股東(據董事深知,擁有本公司股本5%以上者)概無擁有本集團五大客戶的任何實益權益。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year were:

Chairman and executive Director

Mr. JIN Jianxin

Executive Director

Mr. TIAN Dong

Non-executive Director

Mr. SHAO Patrick

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. LAI Chun Yu

Ms. XU Qiong (appointed on 19 April 2022)

Mr. ZHOU Kai

Mr. YANG Herong (resigned on 19 April 2022)

Mr. SHAO Patrick and Mr. LAI Chun Yu will retire in accordance with articles 108(a) and 108(b) of the Articles and they being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

ANNUAL CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE FROM INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from all independent non-executive Directors regarding each of the factors referred to in rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. As at the date of this report, the Company still considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

董事

本年度之董事為:

主席及執行董事

金建新先生

執行董事

田東先生

非執行董事

邵平先生

獨立非執行董事

黎振宇先生

徐瓊女士(於2022年4月19日獲委任)

周凱先生

楊和榮先生(於2022年4月19日辭任)

邵平先生及黎振宇先生根據細則第108(a)條及第108(b)條,將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上退任,惟彼等符合資格並願意膺選連任。

獨立非執行董事之年度獨立性 確認書

本公司已接獲全體獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條所載各因素就其獨立性出具的年度確認書。於本報告日期,本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事仍為獨立人士。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 20 to 27 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remunerations are determined by the Board with reference to Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, Mr. JIN Jianxin and Mr. TIAN Dong, executive Directors, and Mr. SHAO Patrick, the non-executive Director, have waived their emoluments granted by the Company.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

During the year ended 31 December 2022, a permitted indemnity provision as defined in the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance was in force for an indemnity against certain liabilities incurred by Directors.

董事及高級管理層履歷

本集團董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情載於 本年報第20至27頁。

董事服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會重選連任的董事概 無與本公司訂立本公司不可於一年內免付 賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止的服務合約。

董事薪酬

董事之薪酬乃由董事會參考董事的職責、責任及表現以及本集團業績後釐定。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,執行董事金建新先生及田東先生以及非執行董事邵平先生已放棄本公司授予彼等的薪酬。

獲准許的彌僧條文

截至2022年12月31日止年度,獲准許的彌 償條文(定義見香港公司條例)已就董事產 生的若干負債作出彌償。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Mr. JIN Jianxin, being an executive Director and a beneficial shareholder of Shaoxing Jingming Culture Development Company Limited (紹興市景明文化發展有限公司) ("Shaoxing Jingming") and Ningbo Jingyuan Cultural Development Company Limited (寧波璟元文化發展有限公司) ("Ningbo Jingyuan"), was interested in contracts for the lease of certain properties to the Group as office and production facilities, and warehouse and showroom. Further details of the transactions undertaken in connection therewith are included in the section headed "CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS" and in note 34 to the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Save as disclosed above, no Director nor a connected entity of a Director had interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company, or any of the Company's subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive in the share capital and underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

Long positions in Shares

持有股份數目 Through Percentage of the Company's controlled Name of Directors Note corporation share capital 佔本公司股本之 董事姓名 附註 通過受控法團 百分比 JIN Jianxin 56.57% (a) 229,146,000 金建新

董事於交易、安排或合約中的 權益

金建新先生(即執行董事及紹興市景明文化發展有限公司(「紹興景明」)及寧波璟元文化發展有限公司(「寧波璟元」)的實益股東)於租賃若干物業予本集團作為辦公室及生產設施,以及倉庫及陳列室之合約中擁有權益。就此進行的交易的進一步詳情載於「關連及相關人士交易」一節及本集團綜合財務報表附註34。

除上文所披露者外,董事或董事的關連實體 概無於本公司、或本公司任何附屬公司或同 系附屬公司作為一方於年內訂立對本集團 業務而言屬重大的任何交易、安排或合約中 直接或間接擁有權益。

董事及主要行政人員於股份、 相關股份及債權證的權益及淡 倉

於2022年12月31日,董事及主要行政人員 已登記根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須 予記錄,或根據標準守則另行知會本公司及 聯交所之本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券 及期貨條例第XV部)之股本及相關股份及債 權證中之權益及淡倉如下:

股份的好倉

Number of Shares held

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

Note:

(a) King Harmony Limited is wholly owned by Mr. JIN Jianxin, and Mr. JIN Jianxin is deemed to be interested in the 229,146,000 Shares owned by King Harmony Limited under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors and chief executive had registered an interest or short position in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations that was required to be recorded pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The Group had 557 employees in the PRC, Australia and Hong Kong as at 31 December 2022. The total salaries and related costs granted to employees amounted to approximately RMB69.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Group's remuneration policy, bonus and share option scheme determines benefits of employees (including Directors) based on the duties and performance of each individuals. The Group has also participated in the mandatory provident fund retirement benefit scheme in Hong Kong, and the central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government in the PRC. The Group arranges trainings necessary to employees for performing their duties.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the Group. Eligible participants of the Scheme include full-time or part-time employee of the Company or any member of the Group, including any executive Director, non-executive Director and independent non-executive Director, adviser and consultant of the Group or any subsidiaries of the Company. The Scheme is effective for a period of ten years commencing on 16 January 2020, after which period no further options may be granted but the provisions of the Scheme shall remain in full force and effect in all other respects and options granted during the life of the Scheme may continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of issue.

附註:

(a) 璟和有限公司由金建新先生全資擁有,根據證券 及期貨條例,金建新先生被視為於璟和有限公司 擁有的229,146,000股股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於2022年12月31日,概無董事及主要行政人員已登記根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須予記錄,或根據標準守則另行知會本公司及聯交所之本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、相關股份或債權證中之權益或淡倉。

薪酬政策

本集團於2022年12月31日在中國、澳洲及香港擁有557名僱員。於截至2022年12月31日止年度,向僱員提供的薪金及相關成本總額約為人民幣69.6百萬元。

本集團的薪酬政策、花紅及購股權計劃基於各僱員(包括董事)的職責及表現而釐定其福利。本集團亦於香港參與強制性公積金退休福利計劃,及於中國參與由地方市政府管理的中央退休金計劃。本集團為僱員安排履行職責所需的培訓。

購股權計劃

本公司實行購股權計劃(「計劃」),目的為 向對本集團有貢獻的合資格參與者包括本 國或中報。計劃的合資格參與者包括本 受包括本集團任何成員公司的全職或 包括本集團或本公司任何附屬公司 包括本事、非執行董事及獨立非執行董事 顧問及諮詢人。計劃於2020年1月16日 計十年期間生效,其後概不會進一步授工 何購股權,惟計劃的條文在所有其他行 有十足效力及效用,而於計劃期限內行使。 購股權可繼續根據其發行條款予以行使。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 40,000,000 Shares. The maximum number of Shares issuable under the Scheme to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the Shares in issue as of the date of grant. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to Shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a Director, chief executive or substantial Shareholder, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive Directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to Shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the Board in its absolute discretion, save that no option may be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted. No option may be granted more than 10 years after the date of approval of the Scheme. Subject to earlier termination by our Company in general meeting or by our Board, the Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from the date of its adoption. There is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised.

The subscription price of a Share in respect of any particular option granted under the Scheme shall be such price as our Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price will not be less than the highest of: (i) the official closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities; (ii) the average of the official closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five Shares trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

因行使可根據該計劃授出的未行使購股權而可發行的股份最高數目相當於(在其行使時)40,000,000股股份。於任何十二個月期間根據該計劃而可向該計劃項下各合資格參與者發行股份的最高數目,不得超過於授出日期已發行股份的1%。凡進一步授出超過此限額的購股權,必須於股東大會上獲得股東批准。

向董事、主要行政人員或主要股東或彼等任何聯繫人授出購股權,必須獲得獨立非執行董事的事先批准。此外,倘在任何十二個月期間向本公司主要股東或獨立非執行董事或彼等任何聯繫人授出的任何購股權超過本公司於任何時間的已發行股份的0.1%,或總值(按本公司股份於授出日期的價格計算)超過5,000,000港元,則必須經股東於股東大會上事先批准。

授出購股權的要約可於承授人支付合共1港元名義代價後接納。所授購股權的行使期由董事會全權酌情釐定,惟概無購股權可於授出後十年後行使。計劃批准日期起十年後不得再授出購股權。除非本公司經由股東大會或經由董事會提前終止,否則計劃自採納日期起十年期間內合法及有效。於購股權可獲行使前並無最短持有購股權的期限。

根據計劃授出任何特定購股權所涉及股份的認購價須由董事會全權酌情釐定,惟該價格應不低於下列最高者:(i)股份於購股權授出日期(須為聯交所開放進行證券買賣之日)於聯交所每日報價表所示的正式收市價;(ii)緊接購股權授出日期前五個股份交易日於聯交所每日報價表所示的平均正式收市價;及(iii)股份的面值。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

The Shares to be allotted upon the exercise of an option will not carry voting rights until completion of the registration of the grantee (or any other person) as the holder thereof. Subject to the aforesaid, Shares allotted and issued on the exercise of options will rank pari passu in all respects and shall have the same voting, dividend, transfer and other rights, including those arising on liquidation as attached to the other fully paid Shares in issue on the date of issue.

At no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any of the Directors or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Mr. JIN Jianxin, being an executive Director and a beneficial shareholder of Shaoxing Jingming and Ningbo Jingyuan was interested in contracts for the lease of certain properties to the Group as office and production facilities, and warehouse and showroom. Further details of the transactions undertaken in connection therewith are included in the section headed "CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS" and in note 34 to the Group's consolidated financial statements.

因行使購股權而將予配發的股份將不會附帶投票權,直至承授人(或任何其他人士)完成有關股份的持有人登記為止。根據上述規定,因行使購股權而配發及發行的股份與發行日期其他已發行繳足股份在所有方面享有同等權益,擁有相同的投票權、股息、轉讓及其他權利(包括清盤產生的權利)。

本年度內任何時間,董事概無獲授可透過購買本公司股份或債權證而獲益之權利,而彼等亦無行使任何此等權利;本公司或其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使董事可於任何其他法人團體購入該等權利。

重大合約

金建新先生(執行董事及紹興景明及寧波璟元的實益股東)於租賃若干物業予本集團作為辦公室及生產設施,以及倉庫及陳列室之合約中擁有權益。就此進行的交易的進一步詳情載於「關連及相關人士交易」一節及本集團綜合財務報表附註34。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2022, the following interests and short positions of 5% or more of the share capital and share options of the Company were recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

於2022年12月31日,以下佔本公司股本及 購股權5%或以上之權益及淡倉記錄於證券 及期貨條例第336條規定本公司須存置之權 益登記冊內:

Long positions in Shares

股份的好倉

Number of Shares held 持有股份數目

| Name | Notes | Directly beneficially owned | Through spouse | Through controlled corporation | Total | Percentage of the Company's share capital 佔本公司股本之 |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| 姓名 | <i>附註</i> | 直接實益擁有 | 通過配偶 | 通過受控法團 | 總計 | 百分比 |
| CHEN Jiangyan 陳薑諺 | (a) | - | 229,146,000 | - | 229,146,000 | 56.57% |
| King Harmony Limited 璟和有限公司 | | 229,146,000 | - | - | 229,146,000 | 56.57% |
| RU Liming 茹黎明 | (b) | - | _ | 54,102,857 | 54,102,857 | 13.36% |
| DMA Limited 德瑪有限公司 | | 54,102,857 | - | _ | 54,102,857 | 13.36% |

Notes:

- (a) Ms. CHEN Jiangyan is the spouse of Mr. JIN Jianxin and therefore is deemed to be interested in all the Shares Mr. JIN Jianxin is interested in under the SFO.
- (b) DMA Limited is owned as to 80.70% by Mr. RU Liming and Mr. RU Liming is deemed to be interested in the 54,102,857 Shares owned by DMA Limited under the SFO.
- 附註:
- (a) 陳薑諺女士為金建新先生的配偶,故此根據證券 及期貨條例,陳薑諺女士被視為於金建新先生擁 有權益的所有股份中擁有權益。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

董事會報告(續)

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, no person, other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions in Shares and underlying shares and debentures" above, had registered an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying shares of the Company that was required to be recorded pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Connected transactions

On 29 April 2022, each of Ningbo Kwung's and Ningbo Fenyuan, both of which being indirectly wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, entered into tenancy agreements with Ningbo Jingyuan, a company established in the PRC with limited liability and is directly owned as to approximately 98.81% by Mr. JIN Jianxin, the controlling Shareholder and an executive Director. Pursuant to those tenancy agreements, each of Ningbo Kwung's and Ningbo Fenyuan agreed to lease certain properties from Ningbo Jingyuan as production facilities. The lease terms for these properties are from 1 May 2022 to 30 April 2023 and the total monthly rent is RMB414,123.7.

The Group has a stable growth on the business over the past years and the management of the Group expects that the growth will sustain in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the Group intends to lease those properties to expand the production capacities. In addition, the Group currently subcontracts certain production to outside parties and the Group intends to reduce the subcontracting arrangement for achieving a better product quality and also more stable production time. The entering into of those tenancy agreements can provide the Group with additional production facilities to satisfy its business operation needs.

For details of the connected transactions, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 29 April 2022.

Save as disclosed above, none of the related party transactions under the applicable accounting standards for preparing the Group's consolidated financial statements and as disclosed in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transaction that is subject to, among other things, the reporting, announcement or independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, and the Company has complied with the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

除上文所披露者外,於2022年12月31日,除上文「董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」一節所載擁有權益的董事及本公司主要行政人員外,概無人士已登記根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定須予記錄之本公司股份或相關股份中之權益或淡倉。

關連及相關人士交易

關連交易

於2022年4月29日,寧波曠世及寧波芬緣(均為本公司間接全資附屬公司)與事別 環元(一間於中國成立的有限公司並由控股股東兼執行董事金建新先生直接擁有約 98.81%權益)訂立租賃協議。根據該等租賃協議,寧波曠世及寧波芬緣同意向寧波環元租賃若干物業作為生產設施。該等物業的租期為2022年5月1日起至2023年4月30日,月租總額為人民幣414.123.7元。

本集團的業務於過往數年保持穩定增長且 本集團管理層預期增長將在可見將來持續。 因此,本集團擬租賃該等物業以擴大產能。 此外,本集團現時將若干生產分包予外部人 士及本集團擬減少分包安排,以取得更優良 的產品品質及更穩定的生產時間。訂立該等 租賃協議可為本集團提供額外生產設施以 滿足其業務營運需求。

有關關連交易的詳情,請參閱本公司於 2022年4月29日發佈的公告。

除上文所披露者外,本集團編製綜合財務報表適用會計準則項下及綜合財務報表附註34所披露的關聯方交易均不構成須遵守(其中包括)上市規則第14A章項下申報、公告或獨立股東批准規定的關連交易或持續關連交易,及本公司已遵守上市規則第14A章項下規定。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS (CONTINUED) 董事會報告(續)

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the total number of issued Shares were held by the public as at 31 December 2022.

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

JIN Jianxin

Chairman

Hong Kong 31 March 2023

足夠公眾持股量

根據可供本公司公開查閱之資料及就董事 所知,於2022年12月31日已按上市規則 規定由公眾人士持有已發行股份總數最少 25%。

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所任滿告退,而本公司將於即將舉行的股東週年大會上提呈一項決議案,建議續聘其為本公司的核數師。

承董事會命

主席

金建新

香港,2023年3月31日

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Save as the deviation from the code provision A.2.1 (currently referred to as code provision C2.1) of the Corporate Governance Code, the Company has applied the principles and complied with the applicable code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2022.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board composition

As at 31 December 2022 and as at the date of this report, the Board comprises six Directors, including two executive Directors, one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. JIN Jianxin (Chairman)

Mr. TIAN Dong

Non-executive Director

Mr. SHAO Patrick

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. LAI Chun Yu

Ms. XU Qiong (appointed on 19 April 2022)

Mr. ZHOU Kai

Mr. YANG Herong (resigned on 19 April 2022)

企業管治常規

除偏離企業管治守則守則條文第A.2.1條(現稱為守則條文第C2.1條)外,截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司已一直應用上市規則附錄十四所載的企業管治守則的原則及遵守其適用守則條文。

董事會

董事會組成

於2022年12月31日及本報告日期,董事會由以下六名董事組成,包括兩名執行董事、 一名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事,載 列如下:

執行董事

金建新先生(主席)田東先生

非執行董事

邵平先生

獨立非執行董事

黎振宇先生

徐瓊女士(於2022年4月19日獲委任)

周凱先生

楊和榮先生(於2022年4月19日辭任)

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

Board meetings, board committee meetings and general meetings

The attendance of each Director for the Board meetings, board committee meetings and general meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2022 is set out in the following table:

董事會會議、董事委員會會議及股東大會

各董事出席於截至2022年12月31日止年度舉行之董事會會議、董事委員會會議及股東大會之詳情載列如下:

Meeting attended/meetings eligible to attend 會議出席次數/合資格出席會議次數

| | | 日晚日冲// 一只旧日冲日晚// 外 | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Directors | 董事 | Board 董事會 | Audit committee 審核委員會 | Remuneration committee 薪酬委員會 | Nomination committee 提名委員會 | Shareholders' meetings 股東大會 | | | | |
| Executive Directors | 執行董事 | | | | | | | | | |
| JIN Jianxin | 金建新 | 4/4 | N/A 不適用 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 | | | | |
| TIAN Dong | 田東 | 4/4 | N/A 不適用 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 | | | | |
| Non-executive Director | 非執行董事 | | | | | | | | | |
| SHAO Patrick | 邵平 | 4/4 | 1/2 | N/A 不適用 | N/A 不適用 | 1/1 | | | | |
| Independent non-executive Directors | 獨立非執行董事 | | | | | | | | | |
| LAI Chun Yu | 黎振宇 | 4/4 | 2/2 | 1/1 | 1/1 | 1/1 | | | | |
| XU Qiong (appointed on 19 April 2022) | 徐瓊(於2022年 | | | | | | | | | |
| . 3.11 | 4月19日獲委任) | 3/3 | N/A 不適用 | N/A 不適用 | 0/0 | 1/1 | | | | |
| ZHOU Kai YANG Herong (resigned on 19 April 2022) | 周凱 楊和榮(於2022年 | 4/4 | 2/2 | 1/1 | N/A 不適用 | 1/1 | | | | |
| Trans herong (resigned on 15 April 2022) | 4月19日辭任) | 0/1 | N/A 不適用 | N/A 不適用 | 0/1 | 0/0 | | | | |

企業管治報告(續)

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The board diversity policy sets out the objective and approach to achieve and maintain diversity of the Board of the Company.

With the objective of enhancing the effectiveness of the Board and maintaining the high standard of corporate governance, the Company recognises increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in maintaining a competitive advantage. A truly diverse Board will include and make good use of differences in a number of aspects, including but not limited to professional experience, gender, age, cultural and education background, knowledge, ethnicity and length of service and any other factors that the Board might consider relevant and applicable from time to time in order to achieve board diversity. These differences will be considered in determining the optimum composition of the Board and, when possible, should be balanced appropriately. All Board appointments will be based on merit and the contribution which the selected candidates will bring to the Board. Candidates will be considered against objective criteria, with due regard for the benefits of the diversity on the Board.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to professional experience and qualifications, gender, age, cultural and education background, knowledge, ethnicity, skills, industry experience and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. The nomination committee of the Company will discuss and agree annually all measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

As at 31 December 2022, the Board comprises five male Directors and one female Director. As at 31 December 2022, approximately 67% of the Group's employees (including senior management) are female and 33% are male.

董事會成員多元化政策

董事會成員多元化政策列載本公司董事會 為達至及維持成員多元化而採取的目標及 方針。

甄選人選將按一系列多元化範疇為基準,包括但不限於專業經驗及資格、性別、年齡 文化及教育背景、知識、種族、技能、行 經驗及服務年期。最終將按人選的長處及可 為董事會提供的貢獻而作決定。本公司提到 委員會每年就達成董事會的成員多元化討 論及協定可計量目標,並向董事會推薦該等 目標以供採納。

於2022年12月31日,董事會由五名男性董事及一名女性董事組成。於2022年12月31日,本集團僱員(包括高級管理人員)中約67%為女性,33%為男性。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

Chairman and chief executive

Pursuant to code provision C.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, the responsibilities between the chairman and the chief executive should be segregated and should not be performed by the same individual. However, we do not have a separate chairman and chief executive and Mr. JIN Jianxin currently performs these two roles. Throughout our business history, Mr. Jin, being a founder of our Group and a controlling Shareholder, has held the key leadership position of our Group and has been deeply involved in the formulation of corporate strategies and management of the business and operations of our Group since its establishment. Taking into account the consistent leadership within our Group, our Board believes that it is in the best interests of our Group and our Shareholders as a whole to have Mr. Jin taking up both roles for effective and efficient overall strategic planning and continuation of the implementation of such plans for our Group. Our Board considers that the balance of power and authority under the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable our Company to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. Save as disclosed in this section, our Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

Roles and responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Group, and delegates day-to-day operations to the management team of the Group. The Board provides directions to the management team by laying down strategies and plans, and then oversees the implementation performed by the management team. The Board also timely monitor the Group's operational and financial performance through monthly reports prepared by the management of the Group.

The Board also reviews the compensation policies, succession planning, internal control system and risk management system regularly through various committees established under the Board.

Code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the Company's code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions.

Having made specific enquiry of all the Directors, all Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report.

主席及首席執行官

根據上市規則附錄十四企業管治守則之守 則條文第C2.1條,主席與首席執行官之職 務應有區分,並不應由同一人兼任。然而, 我們並無區分主席與首席執行官,而現時由 金建新先生兼任該兩個職位。於本集團之整 個業務歷史中,金先生作為本集團之創始人 兼本公司之控股股東,一直持有本集團之關 键領導職位,且已自本集團成立起深入參與 本集團之企業戰略制定以及業務管理及營 運。考慮到本集團內領導之一致性,為有效 及迅速地為本集團作出整體策略規劃並繼 續實施有關計劃,董事會相信金先生擔任兩 個職位符合本集團及股東之整體最佳利益。 董事會認為,目前之安排不會損害權力與權 限之平衡,而此架構將使本公司得以即時及 有效作出及實施決策。除本節所披露者外, 本公司已遵守上市規則附錄十四所載之企 業管治守則之守則條文。

職責及責任

董事會負責領導及控制本集團,並委派本集 團管理團隊處理日常營運工作。董事會通 過制定策略及計劃以向管理團隊發出指引, 並監督管理團隊的工作實施情況。董事會亦 通過本集團管理團隊編製的月度報告及時 監察本集團的營運及財務表現。

董事會亦通過董事會下設的多個委員會定期檢討薪酬政策、繼任計劃、內部控制系統及風險管理系統。

董事證券交易行為守則

本公司已採納上市規則的附錄十所載的上 市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則作 為本公司有關董事證券交易行為守則。

經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,全體董事均確認彼等於截至2022年12月31日止年度及截至本報告日期已遵守標準守則。

企業管治報告(續)

Terms of appointment of non-executive Directors

Each of the non-executive and independent non-executive Directors has signed a letter of appointment with the Company for a period of three years, renewable automatically for successive terms of one year each commencing from the day following the expiry of the then current term of appointment, unless terminated by either the Company or each of the non-executive and independent non-executive Directors by giving at least three months' notice in writing at the end of the aforementioned three-year term and any time thereafter.

The table set forth below summarises the annual remuneration for each of the non-executive and independent non-executive Directors:

非執行董事之委任年期

各非執行及獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任函,為期三年,自當時已有任期屆滿之日開始自動連任且每次任期為一年,除非本公司或各非執行及獨立非執行董事於上述三年任期結束後及之後的任何時間向對方發出最少三個月的書面通知終止。

下表概述各非執行及獨立非執行董事的年度薪酬:

Annual

| Director | 董事 | remuneration 年度薪酬 |
|------------------|-------|-------------------------------------------|
| Mr. SHAO Patrick | 邵平先生 | RMB80,000 |
| Mr. LAI Chun Yu | 黎振宇先生 | 人民幣 80,000 元 HKD180,000 |
| Ms. XU Qiong | 徐瓊女士 | 180,000港元 RMB80,000 |
| Mr. ZHOU Kai | 周凱先生 | 人民幣 80,000 元 RMB80,000 人民幣 80,000 元 |

Nomination Policy

The nomination committee of the Company makes recommendations to the Board on the appointment and re-appointment of Directors, and succession planning for Directors.

When making recommendations regarding the appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board or re-appointment of any existing member(s) of the Board, the nomination committee of the Company shall consider a variety of factors including without limitation the following in assessing the suitability of the proposed candidate:

- (a) reputation for integrity;
- (b) accomplishment, experience and reputation in the relevant industry and other relevant sectors;
- (c) commitment in respect of sufficient time, interest and attention to the Company's business;

提名政策

本公司提名委員會就董事的任命及重新任 命以及董事的繼任計劃向董事會提出建議。

就委任任何建議人選加入董事會或重新委任董事會任何現有成員提供建議時,本公司 之提名委員會將考慮各種因素以評估建議 人選是否合適,包括但不限於下列各項:

- (a) 誠信信譽;
- (b) 於相關行業及其他相關分部的成就、 經驗及信譽;
- (c) 承諾就本公司的業務投入足夠時間、 興趣及關注;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

- (d) diversity in all aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, experience (professional or otherwise), skills and knowledge;
- (e) the ability to assist and support management and make significant contributions to the Company's success;
- (f) compliance with the criteria of independence as prescribed under Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules for the appointment of an independent non-executive Director; and
- (g) any other relevant factors as may be determined by the nomination committee of the Company or the Board from time to time.

Board committees

The Company currently has three committees established under the Board, which are listed as follows:

- Audit committee
- Remuneration committee
- Nomination committee

Audit committee

The role and function of the audit committee of the Company is summarised below:

Relationship with the Company's external auditor

- to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor;
- to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor;
- to consider any questions of resignation or dismissal of that auditor;

- (d) 於各方面均具備多元化特質,包括但 不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、 經驗(專業或其他類型)、技能及知識;
- (e) 有能力協助及支援管理層,並對本公司的成功作出重大貢獻;
- (f) 符合上市規則第3.13條所訂明就委任 獨立非執行董事的獨立性準則;及

董事委員會

本公司目前董事會下設有三個委員會如下:

- 審核委員會
- 薪酬委員會
- 提名委員會

審核委員會

本公司審核委員會的角色及職能概述如下:

與本公司外聘核數師的關係

- 就委任、重新委任及罷免外聘核數師 向董事會提出建議;
- 批准外聘核數師的薪酬及聘用條款;
- 審議任何有關該核數師辭職或辭退該 核數師的問題;

企業管治報告(續)

- to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- to discuss with the external auditor the nature and scope of the audit and reporting obligations before the audit commences;
- to develop and implement policy on engaging an external auditor to supply non-audit services;
- to report to the Board, identifying and making recommendations on any matters where action or improvement is needed; and
- to act as the key representative body for overseeing the Company's relations with the external auditor.

Review of the Company's financial information

- to monitor integrity of the Company's financial statements, annual report, interim report and, if prepared for publication, quarterly reports, and to review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them; and
- to discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim review, if applicable, and final audits, and any matters the external auditor may wish to discuss (in the absence of management where necessary).

Oversight of the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems

- to review the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems;
- to discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duty to have effective systems;
- to consider major findings from investigations on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and management's response to these findings;

- 根據適用的標準,檢討及監察外聘核 數師是否獨立及客觀,以及審計程序 是否有效;
- 於核數工作開始前,與外聘核數師討 論核數工作性質及範圍,以及申報責任;
- 就外聘核數師提供非核數服務制定及 執行政策;
- 就找出任何須採取行動或改善的事項 向董事會報告並提出建議;及
- 擔任本公司與外聘核數師之間的主要 代表,負責監察兩者之間的關係。

審閱本公司的財務資料

- 監察本公司財務報表、年度報告、中期報告及(倘編製以供刊發)季度報告的完整性,並審閱其所載有關財務申報的重大判斷;及
- 討論於中期審核(倘適用)及年終審核 發生的問題及保留意見,以及任何外 聘核數師可能有意討論的事項(在有需 要的情況下,管理層須避席)。

監督本公司財務報告制度、風險管理及 內部監控系統

- 檢討本公司的財務監控、風險管理及 內部監控系統;
- 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統,確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的系統;
- 就董事會委派或主動進行的風險管理 及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果及管 理層對調查結果的回應進行研究;

企業管治報告(續)

- where an internal audit function exists.
 - (a) to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors;
 - (b) to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company;
 - (c) to review and monitor its effectiveness;
- to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- to review the external auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the external auditor to management about accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response;
- to ensure that the Board will provide a timely response to the issues raised in the external auditor's management letter;
- to review the Company's statement on internal control systems (where one is included in the annual report) prior to endorsement by the Board;
- to report to the Board on the matters in the code provision under Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules;
- to consider any other matters specifically referred to the audit committee by the Board including but not limited to the following:
 - (a) to review the internal controls and risk management systems of the Company, including the internal controls on bank account management and the monitoring of bank transactions on a quarterly basis in order to detect and prevent improper bank activities and transactions;
 - (b) to review the report on bank account activities, material bank transactions and all incoming wire transfers on a quarterly basis to detect irregularities;
 - (c) to report irregularities (if any) to the Board immediately;

- 倘本公司設有內部審核功能,
 - (a) 確保內部及外聘核數師的工作得 到協調;
 - (b) 確保內部審核功能在本公司內部 有足夠資源運作,並且有適當的 地位;及
 - (c) 檢討及監察其成效;
- 檢討本集團的財務及會計政策及實務;
- 檢討外聘核數師致管理層的《審核情況 説明函件》、外聘核數師就會計記錄、 財務賬目或監控系統向管理層提出的 任何重大問題及管理層的回應;
- 確保董事會及時回應於外聘核數師致 管理層的《審核情況説明函件》中提出 的事宜;
- 於董事會核准前,審閱本公司就內部 監控系統的聲明(倘載於年報內);
- 就上市規則附錄十四項下的守則條文 規定的事宜向董事會匯報;
- 研究董事會特別交託審核委員會處理 的任何其他事項,包括但不限於以下 各項:
 - (a) 每季檢討本公司的內部監控及風 險管理制度,包括銀行賬戶管理 的內部監控及監察銀行交易,以 查察及防止不當銀行活動及交易;
 - (b) 每季審閱銀行賬戶活動報告、重 大銀行交易及所有收到的電匯, 以查察異常行為;
 - (c) 如發現異常行為,即時向董事會報告;

企業管治報告(續)

- (d) to review arrangements by which employees of the Company may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters. The audit committee should ensure that proper arrangements are in place for the fair and independent investigation of such matters and for appropriate follow-up action; and
- (e) to review the findings of the Company's internal audit division from time to time.

The audit committee is currently chaired by Mr. LAI Chun Yu, an independent non-executive Director, and the other members of the audit committee are Mr. SHAO Patrick, a non-executive Director, and Mr. ZHOU Kai, an independent non-executive Director.

Remuneration committee

The role and function of the remuneration committee of the Company is summarised below:

- to establish and review the Company's policy and structure of the remuneration for Directors and senior management and make recommendations to the Board on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- to determine, with delegated responsibility, the specific remuneration packages of executive Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment, or to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of executive Directors and senior management;
- to make recommendations to the Board on employee benefit arrangement;
- to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors;
- to consider factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration;
- to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time;

- (d) 檢討本公司僱員就財務報告、內部監控或其他事項可能存在的不當情況以保密方式提出關注的安排。審核委員會應確保已作出恰當安排,以對此等事宜作出公平獨立的調查及採取適當跟進行動:
- (e) 不時審閱本公司內部審核部門的 所得資料。

審核委員會現時由獨立非執行董事黎振宇 先生擔任主席,而審核委員會的其他成員為 非執行董事邵平先生及獨立非執行董事周 凱先生。

薪酬委員會

本公司薪酬委員會的角色及職能概述如下:

- 制定及審閱本公司董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及結構,及為制訂此薪酬政策而建立正規及具透明度的程序,向董事會提出建議;
- 獲董事會轉授責任,為執行董事及高級管理層成員釐定具體薪酬待遇,包括非金錢利益、退休金權利及補償金(包括任何因彼等離職或終止聘用或委任而應付的補償金金額),或就執行董事及高級管理層成員的薪酬待遇向董事會作出建議;
- 就僱員福利安排向董事會作出推薦意見;
- 就非執行董事的薪酬向董事會作出建議;
- 考慮可比公司支付的薪酬、須付出的時間及職責以及本集團內其他職位的僱用條件以及按表現釐定薪酬的可取性等因素;
- 經參考董事會不時議決的公司目標及 宗旨,審閱及批准管理層的薪酬建議;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

- to review and approve the compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management in connection with any loss or termination of their office or appointment to ensure that such compensation is determined in accordance with relevant contractual terms and that such compensation is otherwise fair and not excessive for the Company;
- to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct to ensure that such arrangements are determined in accordance with relevant contractual terms and that any compensation payment is otherwise reasonable and appropriate;
- to ensure that no Director or any of his/her associates is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration and that, as regards the remuneration of a non-executive Director who is a member of the Committee, his/her remuneration should be determined by the other members of the Committee;
- to advise Shareholders of the Company with respect to any service contracts of Directors that require Shareholders' approval under the Listing Rules; and
- to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

The remuneration committee is currently chaired by Mr. ZHOU Kai, an independent non-executive Director and the other members of the remuneration committee are Mr. JIN Jianxin, an executive Director and Mr. LAI Chun Yu, an independent non-executive Director.

- 檢討及批准就離職或終止聘用或委任 而應付任何執行董事及高級管理層成 員的補償金,以確保該等補償金乃按 有關合約條款釐定,而該補償金屬公 平且不會對本公司造成過重負擔;
- 審閱及批准就因董事行為失當而遭撤職或免職而作出的賠償安排,以確保該等安排乃按有關合約條款安排,若未能按有關合約條款釐定,有關賠償亦須合理適當;
- 確保任何董事或其任何聯繫人士不得 參與自行釐定酬金,有關非執行董事(委 員會成員)的酬金,其薪酬須由委員會 的其他成員釐定;
- 就任何董事服務合約對本公司股東作 出建議,該合約要求股東根據上市規 則作出批准;及
- 審閱及/或批准上市規則第十七章所 述有關股份計劃的事宜。

薪酬委員會現時由獨立非執行董事周凱先 生擔任主席,而薪酬委員會的其他成員為執 行董事金建新先生及獨立非執行董事黎振 宇先生。

企業管治報告(續)

Nomination committee

The role and function of the nomination committee of the Company is summarised below:

- to review the structure, size, composition and diversity (including but not limited to the skills, knowledge, gender, age, ethnicity, cultural and educational background, professional experience and length of services) of the Board at least annually and to make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes to the Board to complement the corporate strategy of the Company;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and to select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of, individuals for nomination of directorships of the Company;
- to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors;
- to advise the Board on the following issues on the selection of an individual to be nominated as an independent non-executive Director:
 - (a) the process used for identifying the individual and why the individual should be elected and the reasons why it considers the individual to be independent;
 - (b) if the proposed independent non-executive Director will be holding their seventh (or more) listed company directorship, why the individual would still be able to devote sufficient time to the Board;
 - (c) the perspectives, skills and experience that the individual can bring to the Board; and
 - (d) how the individual contributes to diversity of the Board;
- to make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment or removal of directors of the Company and succession planning for directors in particular the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company;

提名委員會

本公司提名委員會的角色及職能概述如下:

- 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數、組成及多元化(包括但不限於技能、知識、性別、年齡、種族、文化及教育背景、專業經驗及服務年期),並就任何為配合本公司的公司策略而擬對董事會作出的變動提出建議;
- 物色具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員 的人士,並挑選提名有關人士出任本 公司董事或就此向董事會提供意見;
- 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 就以下有關甄選被提名為獨立非執行 董事的人士之問題,向董事會提供意見:
 - (a) 用以物色該名人士的流程,董事會認為應選任該名人士的理由以及彼等認為該名人士屬獨立人士的原因:
 - (b) 如果該名人士將出任第七家(或以上)上市公司的董事,董事會認為該名人士仍可投入足夠時間履行董事責任的原因;
 - (c) 該名人士可為董事會帶來的觀點 角度、技能及經驗;及
 - (d) 該名人士如何促進董事會成員多元化;
- 就本公司董事委任或重新委任或罷免 以及董事(尤其是本公司主席及首席執 行官)繼任計劃的有關事宜向董事會提 出建議;

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

- to implement and review the Board diversity policy of the Company (the "Board Diversity Policy"); recommend any revisions of the Board Diversity Policy to the Board; review the measurable objectives that the Board has set for implementing the Board Diversity Policy, and the progress on achieving the objectives;
- disclose the Board Diversity Policy or a summary of such policy, in particular, the measurable objectives that it has set for implementing the Board Diversity Policy and the progress on achieving these objectives and its review results in the Company's corporate governance report annually; and
- to review and disclose the policy for nomination of directors implemented, as appropriate, and a summary of the work during the year in the Company's corporate governance report annually.

The nomination committee is currently chaired by Ms. XU Qiong, an independent non-executive Director, and the other members of the nomination committee are Mr. JIN Jianxin, an executive Director and Mr. LAI Chun Yu, an independent non-executive Director.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

PricewaterhouseCoopers has been appointed as the auditor of the Company in respect of the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022. No non-audit services have been provided by PricewaterhouseCoopers to the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022.

- 實施和檢討本公司董事會多成員元化政策(「董事會成員多元化政策」),向董事會建議該政策的修訂;檢討董事會為實施董事會成員多元化政策而設定的可計量目標以及實現這些目標的進度;
- 在本公司每年的企業管治報告中披露 董事會成員多元化政策或其摘要,尤 其是為執行董事會成員多元化政策而 設定的可計量目標以及實現這些目標 的進度及其審查結果;及
- 檢討及披露實施的董事提名政策(如適用)及該年的工作摘要,每年於本公司的企業管治報告中作出披露。

提名委員會現時由獨立非執行董事徐瓊女 士擔任主席,而提名委員會的其他成員為執 行董事金建新先生及獨立非執行董事黎振 宇先生。

核數師薪酬

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所已獲委任為本公司核數師以審核本公司截至2022年12月31日止年度之綜合財務報表。於截至2022年12月31日止年度,羅兵咸永道會計師事務所並無向本集團提供非核數服務。

企業管治報告(續)

An analysis of the fees paid or payable to PricewaterhouseCoopers in relation to services rendered to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 is as follows:

就羅兵咸永道會計師事務所於截至2022年 12月31日止年度向本集團提供之服務而已 或應向其支付之費用分析如下:

> RMB'000 人民幣千元

Audit services核數服務1,680Non-audit services非核數服務-

1,680

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board may consider declaring and paying dividends to the Shareholders by taking into account the factors set out below. Such declaration and payment of dividends by the Company shall remain to be determined at the sole discretion of the Board and subject to the requirements under all applicable laws, rules and regulations as well as the Articles.

When considering whether to declare any dividends and determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into consideration, inter alia, the following factors:

- (a) results of operation;
- (b) cash flows;
- (c) financial condition;
- (d) future business prospects;
- (e) statutory and contractual restrictions on the payment of dividends; and
- (f) any other factors that the Board may deem appropriate.

The Board may propose the payment of dividends, if any, with respect to the Company's Shares on a per share basis.

股息政策

董事會可考慮以下因素考慮向股東宣派及 派付股息。本公司宣派及派付的股息須由董 事會全權酌情決定,並遵守所有適用法律、 規則及法規以及細則的規定。

於考慮是否宣派任何股息並釐定股息金額時, 董事會須考慮以下因素(其中包括):

- (a) 營運業績;
- (b) 現金流量;
- (c) 財務狀況;
- (d) 未來業務前景;
- (e) 派付股息的法定及合約限制;及
- (f) 任何董事會可能認為適當的其他因素。

董事會可就本公司股份以每股股份為基準 建議派付股息(如有)。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (CONTINUED) 企業管治報告(續)

Depending on the financial conditions of the Group and the conditions and factors as set out above, dividends may be proposed and/or declared by the Board for a financial year or period as interim dividend, final dividend, special dividend and any distribution of net profits that appear to the Board to be justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution. Except in the case of interim dividend, any dividends declared by the Company must be approved by an ordinary resolution of Shareholders at an annual general meeting and must not exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

The Company may declare and pay dividends by way of cash or scrip or by other means that the Board considers appropriate, subject to and in accordance with the procedures set out in the Articles.

The Company will continually review the dividend policy and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/ or modify the policy at any time. The policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company that dividends will be paid in any particular amount and in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Shareholders can at any time raise enquiries to the Board. The enquiries must be in writing with contact information of the Shareholder(s) and deposited at the principal place of business of Company in Hong Kong at Unit 1102, 11th Floor, Brill Plaza, No. 84 To Kwa Wan Road, To Kwa Wan, Kowloon, Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary of the Company.

In addition, any one or more duly registered holder of the Shares holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

視乎本集團的財務狀況以及上述條件及因素,董事會可於財政年度或期間建議及/或息派股息作為中期股息、末期股息、特別股息及任何董事會鑒於本公司溢利認為具合理理據支持可供分派之純利之任何分派。除中期股息情況外,本公司宣派的任何股息必須於股東週年大會上經股東的普通決議案予以批准,且不得超過董事會所建議的金額。

本公司可以現金或以股代息或以董事會認 為合適之其他方式宣派及派付股息,惟受限 於及根據細則所載程序。

本公司將會持續審閱股息政策以及保留其 唯一及絕對酌情權以在任何時候更新、修訂 及/或修改政策。本政策絕不構成一項本公 司對其將派付任何特定數額股息的法律約 束承諾,本公司沒有義務隨時或不時宣佈派 發股息。

股東權利

股東可隨時向董事會提出查詢。查詢必須以書面形式作出,並附上股東之聯絡資料,投遞至本公司於香港之主要營業地點,地址為香港九龍土瓜灣土瓜灣道84號環凱廣場11樓1102室,註明本公司公司秘書收。

企業管治報告(續)

Overall, the Company considers the above Shareholders' communication policy of the Group implemented and conducted during the year to be effective. The Company will continue to review the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' communication policy by Shareholders' feedback from the above channel.

整體而言,本公司認為本集團於年內實施及 進行的上述股東溝通政策屬有效。本公司將 繼續透過上述渠道反饋的股東意見,檢討股 東溝通政策的實施情況及成效。

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There is no significant changes in the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board is responsible for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks the Company is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Company establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. The Board oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems. The Board acknowledges that such risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board confirms that it has conducted a review of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2022. The review was performed by the internal audit team.

The Board concludes, based on the result of the review, that the risk management and internal control systems currently in place are adequate and effective. The Board expects that a review of the risk management and internal control systems will be performed annually.

章程文件

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司章程 文件並無重大變動。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責評估及釐定本公司達成其策略目標時所願意接受的風險性質及程度,並確保本公司設立及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統。董事會監督管理層對風險管理及內部監控系統的設計、實施及監察。董事會知悉有關風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,且僅可就重大失實陳述或虧損作出合理而非絕對的保證。

董事會確認其已於截至2022年12月31日止年度對本集團風險管理及內部監控系統進行審閱。審閱乃由內部審核團隊進行。

基於審閱結果,董事會認為,現有風險管理 及內部監控系統屬充足及有效。董事會預計 將每年對風險管理及內部監控系統進行審閱。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT





羅兵咸永道

Independent Auditor's Report
To the Shareholders of Kwung's Holdings Limited
(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Kwung's Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 62 to 167, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022;
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended;
 and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

致曠世控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

曠世控股有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及 其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第 62至167頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於2022年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策及其他説明資料。

曠世控股有限公司

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

獨立核數師報告(續)

OPINION (Continued)

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("**the Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

意見(續)

我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了貴集團於2022年12月31日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「**香港審計準則**」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及 適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道 德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於貴 集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) る な 教 師 報 告 (續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

A key audit matter related to revenue recognition on wholesale of goods is identified in our audit as follows:

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項(續)

有關批發貨品收入確認的關鍵審計事項於審核中識別如下:

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Revenue recognition – wholesale of goods 收入確認一批發貨品

Refer to Note 2.20 and Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.20及附註6。

Revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 is RMB 719 million. The Group's major revenue transactions are from wholesale of goods. Revenue is recognised when control of the underlying products has been transferred to the customers.

貴集團截至2022年12月31日止年度之收入為人民幣719百萬元。貴集團的主要收入交易來自批發貨品。收入於相關產品控制權已轉移至客戶時確認。

We focus on revenue from wholesale of goods due to the high volume of sales, and thus significant audit time and resources were devoted in this area.

我們關注來自批發貨品之收入是由於銷售量龐大,因 而於這領域投入大量審計時間及資源。 We understood, evaluated and tested, on a sample basis, management's key controls over revenue recognition in respect of the Group's sales transactions, from approval of customer orders, all the way to settlement of trade receivables.

我們就貴集團的銷售交易採用抽樣方法了解、評估並 驗證管理層從批准客戶訂單至結清貿易應收款項對收 入確認的關鍵控制。

We conducted testing for revenue transactions on a sample basis by examining the relevant supporting documents, including sales contracts or customer orders, sales invoices, shipping documents, customs declaration forms for export sales, and cash collections.

我們按抽樣基準,通過檢查相關佐證文件,包括:銷售合約或客戶訂單、銷售發票、船運文件、出口銷售海關申報表及現金收取,對收入交易進行測試。

We performed confirmation procedures on selected customers' receivable balances at the balance sheet date and on selected customers' revenue transaction amounts during the year.

我們對於資產負債表日期之選定客戶應收款項餘額及 年內選定客戶的收入交易額進行函證確認。

We tested sales transactions that took place before and after the balance sheet date to assess whether the transactions were recognised in the appropriate reporting period based on the supporting documents obtained.

我們對資產負債表日期前後進行的銷售交易進行測試,以根據所得佐證文件評估交易是否於適當報告期間確認。

Based on our work performed, we found the revenue transactions tested were supported by the relevant evidence that we gathered.

基於所執行的工序,我們發現,我們收集的相關證據 支持獲測試的收入交易。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

獨立核數師報告(續)

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included the Kwung's Holdings Limited 2022 Annual Report (the "annual report") (but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), which is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the other information to be included in the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to Audit Committee and take appropriate action considering our legal rights and obligations.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括曠世控股有限公司2022年年報(「年報」)所載的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報告。預期吾等將於本核數師報告日期後獲得其他信息。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,我們不會對該等其他信息發表任何形 式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是在可取得上文所識別的其他信息時閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大牴觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

當我們閱讀將包括在年報內的其他信息後, 如果我們認為其中存在重大錯誤陳述,我們 需要將有關事項與審核委員會溝通,並考慮 我們的法律權利和義務後採取適當行動。

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務 報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與 持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為 會計基礎,除非董事有意將貴集團清盤或停 止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督貴集團的財務報告 過程。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) る な 教 師 報 告 (續)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
 consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error,
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional
 omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承 擔的責任

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險, 設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,, 以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑可能 為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能 及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述 及內部控制之上,因此未能 現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險 高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對貴集 團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

獨立核數師報告(續)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承 擔的責任(續)

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務 報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計 劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等, 包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何 重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,採取行動消除威脅或運用防範措施。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) 獨立核數師報告(續)

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mang, Kwong Fung Frederick.

PricewaterhouseCoopers *Certified Public Accountants*

Hong Kong, 31 March 2023

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承 擔的責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告 中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開 披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如 果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成 的不利後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定 不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 為孟江峰。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,2023年3月31日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 似土 12 万 3 | (主 12 万 3 1 日 止 干 反 | |
|---------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|
| | | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | | | |
| | | | 2022年 | 2021年 |
| | | Note | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 附註 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | | |
| Revenue | 收入 | 6 | 718,675 | 631,395 |
| | | | | |
| Cost of sales | 銷售成本 | 7 | (584,280) | (510,269) |
| Gross profit | 毛利 | | 134,395 | 121,126 |
| | | | 10 1,000 | .2.7.25 |
| Administrative expenses | 行政開支 | 7 | (66,062) | (55,701) |
| | | 7 | | |
| Selling and marketing expenses | 銷售及營銷開支 | | (24,447) | (19,683) |
| Net impairment losses on financial assets | | 21, 22 | (354) | (2,454) |
| Other income | 其他收益 | 9 | 6,364 | 10,871 |
| Other gains – net | 其他收益-淨額 | 10 | 8,000 | 2,156 |
| | | | | |
| Operating profit | 經營溢利 | | 57,896 | 56,315 |
| | | | | |
| Finance income | 財務收益 | | 1,925 | 491 |
| Finance costs | 財務成本 | | (3,447) | (691) |
| | | | | |
| Finance costs – net | 財務成本-淨額 | 11 | (1,522) | (200) |
| | | | | |
| Profit before income tax | 除所得税前溢利 | | 56,374 | 56,115 |
| Income tax expense | 所得税開支 | 13 | (3,736) | (7,077) |
| | | | | |
| Profit for the year | 年內溢利 | | 52,638 | 49,038 |
| | | | | |
| Profit attributable to: | 以下應佔溢利: | | | |
| Owners of the Company | 一本公司擁有人 | | 52,605 | 49,000 |
| Non-controlling interests | 一非控股權益 | | 33 | 38 |
| - Non-controlling interests | — 升饪以惟位 ———————————————————————————————————— | | 33 | |
| Other semmehensive less | 甘丛乙西縣提 | | | |
| Other comprehensive loss | 其他全面虧損 | | | |
| Items that may be reclassified | 隨後可重新分類至損益之 | | | |
| subsequently to profit or loss | 項目 | | | |
| Exchange differences on translation of | 換算海外業務之匯兑差額 | | | |
| foreign operations | | | 122 | (2) |
| | | | | |
| Total comprehensive income | 年內全面收益總額 | | | |
| for the year | | | 52,760 | 49,036 |
| | | | | |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED) 綜合損益及其他全面收益表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | | ₩.エ IZ / 13 | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | Note 附註 | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: – Owners of the Company – Non-controlling interests | 以下持有人應佔之全面 收益總額: 一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益 | | 52,702 58 | 48,998 38 |
| | | | Cents 分 | Cents 分 |
| Earnings per share for profit attributable to owners of the Company (expressed in RMB per share) | 本公司擁有人應佔之溢利 之每股盈利(按每股 人民幣表示) | | | |
| – Basic and diluted | -基本及攤薄 | 14 | 13.0 | 12.1 |

comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

附註一併閱讀。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於2022年12月31日

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | | パロク | 7314 | |
|----------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|--|
| | | | 2022 | 2021 | |
| | | | 2022年 | 2021年 | |
| | | Note | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | |
| | | 附註 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | |
| | | PI DI | 人民市「九 | 八八市「九 | |
| Assets | 資產 | | | | |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 物業、廠房及設備 | 15 | 52,778 | 46,015 | |
| Investment properties | 投資物業 | 16 | 7,536 | 7,913 | |
| Right-of-use assets | 使用權資產 | 18 | 37,097 | 9,812 | |
| Intangible assets | 無形資產 | 17 | 4,597 | 4,371 | |
| Deferred income tax assets | | | - | · · | |
| Deterred income tax assets | 遞延所得税資產 | 31 | 72 | 388 | |
| Total non-current assets | 非流動資產總值 | | 102,080 | 68,499 | |
| | 71 W02/3 2 C TEMO IEE | | 152,555 | , | |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | | | | |
| Inventories | 存貨 | 20 | 66,061 | 89,639 | |
| Trade receivables | 貿易應收款項 | 21 | 120,661 | 146,729 | |
| Prepayments, deposits and other | 預付款項、按金及其他 | | | | |
| receivables | 應收款項 | 22 | 21,350 | 32,458 | |
| Financial assets at fair value through | 按公平值計入損益之 | | , | • | |
| profit or loss | 金融資產 | 23 | 103,975 | 2,408 | |
| Other current assets | 其他流動資產 | 24 | 105,000 | 7,013 | |
| Cash and cash in bank | 現金及銀行現金 | 25 | 143,221 | 199,742 | |
| Casif and Casif in Dank | 九並又與门九並 | | 173,221 | 133,742 | |
| Total current assets | 流動資產總值 | | 560,268 | 477,989 | |
| | | | | | |
| Total assets | 資產總值 | | 662,348 | 546,488 | |
| Equity | 權益 | | | | |
| Equity attributable to owners of | 本公司擁有人應佔權益 | | | | |
| | 平公可拥有入愿旧惟 重 | | | | |
| the Company | пл. - - - | 20 | 250 | 250 | |
| Share capital | 股本 | 26 | 359 | 359 | |
| Share premium | 股份溢價 | <i>26</i> | 249,653 | 249,653 | |
| Other reserves | 其他儲備 | 27 | (20,846) | (26,148) | |
| Retained earnings | 保留盈利 | | 197,742 | 150,342 | |
| | | | 426,908 | 374,206 | |
| Non-controlling interests | 非控股權益 | | 632 | 574 | |
| | H- >/ /+ >- | | | | |
| Total equity | 權益總額 | | 427,540 | 374,780 | |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) 綜合財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 December 2022 於 2022 年 12 月 31 日

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | Note 附註 | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | | | |
| Liabilities | 負債 | | | |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 貿易應付款項及其他應付款項 | 28 | 84,225 | 78,068 |
| Borrowings | 借款 | 29 | 135,000 | 80,000 |
| Contract liabilities | 合約負債 | 6 | 6,219 | 4,955 |
| Current income tax liabilities | 即期所得税負債 | | 4,055 | 5,622 |
| Lease liabilities | 租賃負債 | 30 | 201 | 2,544 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through | 按公平值計入損益之 | | | |
| profit or loss | 金融負債 | 23 | 4,972 | 278 |
| Deferred income tax liability | 遞延所得税負債 | 31 | 136 | |
| Total current liabilities | 流動負債總額 | | 234,808 | 171,467 |
| Total culteric habilities | | | 25 1,000 | 171,107 |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | | | |
| Lease liabilities | 租賃負債 | 30 | _ | 241 |
| Total liabilities | 負債總額 | | 234,808 | 171,708 |
| Total habilities | | | 237,000 | 171,700 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 權益及負債總額 | | 662,348 | 546,488 |

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上文綜合財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併閱讀。

The financial statements on pages 62 to 167 were approved by the board of directors of the Company on 31 March 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

載列於第62至167頁之財務報表已於2023年3月31日獲本公司董事會批核,並由下列董事代表簽署:

JIN Jianxin 金建新 Executive director 執行董事 TIAN Dong 田東 Executive director 執行董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

| | | | | | to owners of 公司擁有人應 | | 1 | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| | | Note 附註 | Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Other reserves 其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Retained earnings 保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Subtotal 小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total equity 權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | 於 2022 年1月1日 的結餘 | | 359 | 249,653 | (26,148) | 150,342 | 374,206 | 574 | 374,780 |
| Comprehensive income Profit for the year Exchange differences on translation of foreign | 全面收益 年內溢利 換算海外業務之 匯兑差額 | | - | - | - | 52,605 | 52,605 | 33 | 52,638 |
| operations | 匹几左帜 | 27 | - | - | 97 | - | 97 | 25 | 122 |
| | | | - | - | 97 | 52,605 | 52,702 | 58 | 52,760 |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners Appropriation to statutory | 與擁有人以其作為 擁有人的身份進行 的交易 法定儲備撥款 | | | | | | | | |
| reserves | | 27 | - | - | 5,205 | (5,205) | - | - | - |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | 於 2022 年12月31日 的結餘 | | 359 | 249,653 | (20,846) | 197,742 | 426,908 | 632 | 427,540 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONTINUED) 综合權益變動表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

| | | | | 4 | 区公司擁有人應 | . 佐 | | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| | | Note 附註 | Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Other reserves 其他儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Retained earnings 保留盈利 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Subtotal 小計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total equity 權益總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 於 2021 年1月1日的 結餘 | | 359 | 249,653 | (29,847) | 105,043 | 325,208 | 536 | 325,744 |
| Comprehensive income Profit for the year Exchange differences on translation of foreign | 全面收益 年內溢利 換算海外業務之 匯兑差額 | | - | - | - | 49,000 | 49,000 | 38 | 49,038 |
| operations | . , | 27 | - | - | (2) | - | (2) | - | (2) |
| | | | _ | _ | (2) | 49,000 | 48,998 | 38 | 49,036 |
| Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners Appropriation to statutory reserves | 與擁有人以其作為 擁有人的身份 進行的交易 法定儲備撥款 | 27 | _ | - | 3,701 | (3,701) | _ | - | _ |
| | | | | | | (-7 - 7 | | | |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 於2021年12月31日 的結餘 | | 359 | 249,653 | (26,148) | 150,342 | 374,206 | 574 | 374,780 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 截至12月31日止年原 | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| | | Note 附註 | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from/(used in) operations Interest received | 經營活動所得現金流量 經營所得/(所用)現金 已收利息 | 32(a) | 117,381 1,925 | (29,815) 488 |
| Income tax paid | 已付所得税 | | (4,851) | (3,610) |
| Net cash generated from/(used in) from operating activities | 經營活動所得/(所用) 現金淨額 | | 114,455 | (32,937) |
| Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of intangible assets Payments for land use rights Payments for financial instruments Proceeds from financial instruments Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | 投資活動所得現金流量 購買物業、廠房及設備 購買無形資產 土地使用權付款 金融工具付款 金融工具所得款項 出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項 | <i>32(b)</i> | (18,688) (923) (30,130) (332,450) 133,195 | (13,154) (301) – (155,916) 209,364 |
| Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities | 投資活動(所用)/所得 現金淨額 | | (247,779) | 39,993 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW (CONTINUED) 綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | | EX /) J | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| | | Note 附註 | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from borrowings Proceeds from discounted bills Repayment of borrowings Interest paid Principal elements of lease payments | 融資活動所得現金流量 借貸所得款項 貼現票據之所得款項 償還借貸 已付利息 租賃付款本金部分 | 32(c) | 138,500 56,500 (140,000) (3,447) (2,881) | 10,000 70,000 - (688) (3,355) |
| Net cash generated from financing activities | 融資活動所得現金淨額 | | 48,672 | 75,957 |
| Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes | 現金及現金等價物(減少) /增加淨額 於年初現金及現金等價物 外匯匯率變動之影響 | | (84,652) 199,742 12,799 | 83,013 110,735 5,994 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year | 於年末現金及現金等價物 | | 127,889 | 199,742 |

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

上文綜合現金流量表應與隨附的綜合財務 報表附註一併閱讀。

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Kwung's Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 13 November 2018 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (Cap.22, law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is 89 Nexus Way, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman, KY1-9009, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") are principally engaged in design and manufacturing of home fragrance related products in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), distributing the products to overseas and in the PRC. The ultimate controlling company is King Harmony Limited. The ultimate controlling shareholder of the Group is Mr. Jin Jianxin ("Mr. Jin" or the "Ultimate Controlling Shareholder").

The Company's share began to list on the Stock Exchange on 16 January 2020.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Renminbi ("RMB'000"), unless otherwise stated.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with HKFRS and HKCO

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance cap.622. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried at fair value.

1 一般資料

曠世控股有限公司(「本公司」)於2018年11月13日根據開曼群島公司法(第22章,1961年第3號法例,經綜合及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司的註冊辦事處地址為89 Nexus Way, Camana Bay, Grand Cayman, KY1-9009, Cayman Islands。

本公司為一家投資控股公司。本公司 與其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要居 中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事家居 輔關產品的設計及製造,並於海 及中國分銷產品。最終控股公司為 最 和有限公司。本集團的最終控股 為 金建新先生(「金先生」或「最終控股 股東」)。

本公司股份於2020年1月16日開始於聯交所上市。

除非另有説明,否則該等綜合財務報表乃以人民幣千元(「人民幣千元」)呈列。

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.1 編製基準

(i) 遵守《香港財務報告準 則》及香港《公司條例》

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

 certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) – measured at fair value or revalued amount

(iii) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

In 2022, the Group adopted the following amendments and improvement to existing standards, which are relevant to its operations.

The group has applied the following amendments or annual improvements for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2022:

- Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use – Amendments to HKAS 16
- Onerous Contracts Cost of Fulfilling a Contract Amendments to HKAS 37
- Annual Improvements to HKFRS Standards 2018-2020, and
- Reference to the Conceptual Framework Amendments to HKFRS 3.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.1 編製基準(續)

(ii) 歷史成本慣例

財務報表根據歷史成本基準 編製,惟以下除外:

若干金融資產及負債(包括衍生工具)一按公平值或重估金額計量。

(iii) 本集團採納之新訂及經 修訂準則

在2022年,本集團採納下列 與其業務相關之現有準則之 修訂及改進。

本集團已自2022年1月1日 開始的年度報告期間首次採納下列修訂本或年度改進:

- 物業、廠房及設備:擬 定用途前的所得款項一 香港會計準則第16號 (修訂本)
- 虧損性合約-履行合約 的成本-香港會計準則 第37號(修訂本)
- 香港財務報告準則2018 年至2020年之年度改 進,及
- 提述概念框架-香港財 務報告準則第3號(修訂 本)。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES 2 編製基準及會計政策變動 IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(iii) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

- Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 – Amendment to HKFRS 16 (March 2021) (the "HKFRS 16 Amendment (March 2021)")
- Amendments to AG 5 Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations

The group also elected to adopt the following amendments early:

- Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction – amendments to HKAS 12, and
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2.

(iv) New standards not yet adopted

Certain accounting standards, amendments to accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 December 2022 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the group. These standards, amendments or interpretations are not expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(iii) 本集團採納之新訂及經 修訂準則

- 2021年6月30日之後 Covid-19 相 關 租 金 減 免一香港財務報告準則 第16號(修訂本)(2021 年3月)(「香港財務報告 準則第16號(修訂本) (2021年3月)」)
- 會計指引第5號(經修訂) 共同控制合併之合併會 計法。

本集團亦選擇性地提前採納 以下修訂本:

- 單一交易產生之資產及 負債相關遞延税項一香 港會計準則第12號(修 訂本),及
- 會計政策披露一香港會 計準則第1號及香港財 務報告準則實務報告第 2號(修訂本)。

(iv) 尚未採納的新準則

若干已頒佈的會計準則、會 計準則的修訂本及詮釋毋須 於截至2022年12月31日止 的報告期間強制採納,因此 本集團未提早採納此等準則、 修訂本及詮釋。預計該等準 則、修訂本及詮釋於當前或 未來報告期內不會對實體及 可預見的未來交易產生重大 影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(iv) New standards not yet adopted (Continued) (iv) 尚未採納的新準則(續)

| HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice | Disclosure of Accounting Policies | 1st January 2023 | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Statement 2 (Amendments) 香港會計準則第1號及香港財 務報告準則實務報告第2號 (修訂本) | 會計政策的披露 | 2023年1月1日 | |
| HKAS 8 (Amendment) 香港會計準則第8號(修訂本) | Definition of Accounting Estimates 會計估計的定義 | 1st January 2023 2023年1月1日 | |
| HKAS 12 (Amendment) | Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction | 1st January 2023 | |
| 香港會計準則第12號(修訂本) | 與單一交易產生之資產及負債相關 遞延税項 | 2023年1月1日 | |
| HKFRS 17 | Insurance Contracts | 1st January 2023 | |
| 香港財務報告準則第17號 | 保險合約 | 2023年1月1日 | |
| HK Int 5 (2020) | Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause | 1st January 2023 | |
| 香港詮釋第5號(2020年) | 借款人對含有按要求償還條款的 定期貸款的分類 | 2023年1月1日 | |
| HKAS 1 (Amendment) | Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current | 1st January 2024 | |
| 香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) | 負債分類為流動或非流動 | 2024年1月1日 | |
| HKFRS 16 (Amendment) | Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback | 1st January 2024 | |
| 香港財務報告準則第16號 (修訂本) | 售後租回的租賃負債 | 2024年1月1日 | |
| HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments) | Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture | To be announced | |
| 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(修訂本) | 投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間 出售或投入資產 | 待公佈 | |

The adoption of the above new standard, amendments and interpretation to existing standards is not expected to have a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

應用以上新訂準則、現有準 則之修訂及詮釋不會對本集 團之綜合財務報表帶來重大 改變。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries

2.2.1 Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(a) Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- equity interests issued by the Group
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.2 附屬公司

2.2.1合併

(a) 業務合併

本集團採用收購會計法 將所有業務合併入賬, 而不論收購權益工具或 其他資產。收購附屬公 司之轉讓代價包括:

- 所轉讓資產之公平值
- 所收購業務先前擁有人產生之負債
- 本集團發行之股權
- 或然代價安排產生 之任何資產或負債 之公平值;及
- 於附屬公司任何已存在股權之公平值。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (Continued)

(a) Business combinations (Continued)

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any noncontrolling interest in the acquired entity on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquired entity's net identifiable assets.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The excess of the consideration transferred, amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired entity, and acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquired entity over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If those amounts are less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the business acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss as a bargain purchase.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1合併(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

收購相關成本於產生時 支銷。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES 2 編製基準及會計政策變動 IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (Continued)

(a) Business combinations (Continued)

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date. Any gains or losses arising from such remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss.

(b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transaction with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transaction – that is, as transactions with the owner of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners, The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1合併(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

倘業務合併分階段進行, 收購方之前於收購對象 持有的股權於收購日之 賬面值,於收購日按公 平值重新計量。重新計 量產生的任何盈虧在損 益中確認。

(b) 並無控制權變動的 附屬公司所有權權益 變動

不會導致失去控制權的 與非控股權益的交易入 賬列為權益交易,即以 擁有人身份與附屬公司 擁有人的交易。所支付 任何代價的公平值與相 關應佔收購附屬公司淨 資產的賬面值之間的差 額記錄於權益中。向非 控股權益出售的損益亦 記錄於權益中。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (Continued)

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1合併(續)

(c) 出售附屬公司

當本集團不再擁有控制 權,在實體的任何保留 權益會按失去控制權當 日的公平值重新計量, 賬面值變動在損益中確 認。公平值為就保留權 益的後續入賬而言的初 始賬面值,作為聯營公 司、合營企業或金融資 產。此外,之前在其他 全面收益中確認的任何 數額猶如本集團已直接 出售相關資產或負債。 這意味著之前在其他全 面收益中確認的數額重 新分類至損益。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.2 Subsidiaries (Continued)

2.2.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

Investments in subsidiaries are also assessed for impairment in accordance with Note 2.8 and written down to their recoverable amounts.

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker ("CODM"), who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.2 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司的投資乃按成本 扣除減值列賬。成本包括投 資直接應佔成本。附屬公司 業績由本公司按已收及應收 股息入賬。

於附屬公司的投資亦根據附註2.8作減值評估,並撇減至可收回金額。

2.3 分部報告

經營分部的呈報方式與向主要經營決策者內部報告的方式一致。 主要經營決策者(「主要經營決策者」)為作出戰略決策的執行董事, 負責分配資源及評估經營分部表現。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('**the functional currency**'). The consolidated financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised within "Other gains/(losses) — net" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss and translation differences on non-monetary assets such as equities classified as fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.4 外幣換算

(a) 功能及列報貨幣

本集團各實體的財務報表所列項目使用實體運營所在主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表以本公司功能及本集團列報貨幣人民幣呈列。

(b) 交易及結餘

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of foreign operations (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- income and expenses for each statement of profit
 or loss and statement of comprehensive income are
 translated at average exchange rates (unless this is
 not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative
 effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction
 dates, in which case income and expenses are
 translated at the dates of the transactions), and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of any net investment in foreign entities, and of borrowings and other financial instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are recognised in other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold or any borrowings forming part of the net investment are repaid, the associated exchange differences are reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on sale.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.4 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司

其功能貨幣與列報貨幣人民 幣不同的境外業務(當中沒有 惡性通貨膨脹經濟的貨幣)的 業務和財務狀況按如下方法 換算為列報貨幣:

- 每份列報的財務狀況表 內的資產和負債按該財 務狀況表日期的收市匯 率換算;
- 每份損益表及全面收益 表內的收算(除計量) 方匯率換算(除引力) 方匯率的累計。 行匯率的不代表計影響的 行匯率的不此期的 理的數; 收支項目於交易 算);及
- 所有由此產生的匯兑差額在其他全面收益表中確認。

收購境外業務產生的商譽及 公平值調整視為該境外業務 的資產和負債,並按期末匯 率換算。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values, over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings 樓宇 Transportation equipment 運輸設備 Electronic equipment 電子設備 Machinery 機械 Furniture 傢具 Leasehold improvements

租賃裝修

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised within "Other gain/(losses) – net" in the Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.5 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本減 折舊列賬。歷史成本包括收購有 關項目直接應佔的開支。

折舊乃於其估計可使用年期(如下) 內採用直線法將其成本分攤至其 剩餘價值計算:

> 5–30 years 5至30年 5 years 5年 3–5 years 3至5年 5–10 years 5至10年 5 years

Shorter of the unexpired term of lease and their estimated useful lives 租賃未屆滿期限及彼等估計 可使用年期之較短者

於各報告期末,審查資產的剩餘 價值和可使用年期,並作出適當 的調整。

如果資產的賬面值高於其估計可 收回金額,則即時將資產的賬面 值撇減至其可收回金額。

處置收益和虧損乃通過比較所得 款項與賬面值釐定,並於綜合損 益及其他全面收益表內「其他收益 /(虧損)-淨額」確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.6 Investment properties

Investment properties are held for long-term rental yields and are not occupied by the Group. Investment property is initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequently, they are also carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

2.7 Intangible assets

(a) Patent

Patent is shown at historical cost. It has a finite useful life of 5 to 10 years and is subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

When determining the length of useful life of a patent, the Group takes into account the estimated period during which such asset can bring economic benefits to the Group.

(b) Software

Acquired software are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 5 to 10 years.

Considering the acquired software is well-developed, off the shelf software with no contractual terms, and the Group can use the software as long as it can meet the Group's business needs, based on the current functionalities equipped by the software and the daily operation needs, the Group considers a useful life of 5–10 years is the best estimation under current business needs.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.6 投資物業

投資物業按長期租金收益率持有, 且並無由本集團佔有。投資物業 初步按成本計量,包括相關交易 成本及借款成本(如適用)。其後 彼等按成本減累計折舊及減值虧 捐列賬。

2.7 無形資產

(a) 專利

專利按歷史成本列賬。專利的特定可使用年期為5至10年,其後按成本減累計攤銷及減值虧損列賬。

於確定專利的使用期限時, 本集團計及有關資產可為本 集團帶來經濟利益的估計期 間。

(b) 軟件

已收購軟件的成本按收購及 特定軟件投入使用所產生的 成本為基準資本化。該等成 本於彼等估計可使用年期(5 至10年)攤銷。

考慮到已收購軟件開發成熟, 並無合約條款的現成軟件, 本集團可用軟件應付本集集 的現時功能及日常營運需要, 的現時功能及日常營運需要, 本集團認為5年至10年需要 用期限為根據現時業務需要 的最佳預期。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Goodwill and intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

2.9 Investments and other financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

The group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.8 非金融資產減值

未有確定使用年限的商譽及無形 資產 毋須攤銷,惟須每年推行減 值測試,或如出現任何事件或情 況轉變而顯示其可能出現減值, 則更密切地進行檢討。其他資產 須於發生事件或情況變動顯示其 賬面值可能無法收回時進行減值 測試。減值虧損按資產賬面值超 出其可收回金額之差額確認。可 收回金額為資產公平值減銷售成 本及使用價值的較高者。就評估 減值而言,資產按獨立可確定現 金流入的最低水平組合(現金產生 單位),大部分是獨立於其他資產 資產或資產組合的現金流入。出 現減值的非金融資產(商譽除外) 會於各報告期末檢討其減值撥回 之可能性。

2.9 投資及其他金融資產

(i) 分類

本集團將其金融資產分為以 下計量類別:

- 其後按公平值(計入其 他全面收益或計入損益) 計量;及
- 按攤銷成本計量。

分類取決於實體管理金融資 產的商業模式以及現金流之 合約條款而定。

僅當管理該等資產之業務模 式發生變化時,本集團才對 債券投資進行重分類。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(ii) 確認及終止確認

(iii) 計量

於初步確認時,本集團以公平值(倘該金融工具並非按公平值計入損益)直接歸屬於本計量強強強強強強強強強強強強強強強強強強強強強強。按公平值計入政制。 金融資產。按公平值計入其強強強力。 益的金融資產的交易成益於 結合損益及其他全面收益表中的損益支銷。

在確定具有嵌入衍生工具的 金融資產的現金流量是否僅 為支付本金和利息時,需從 金融資產的整體進行考慮。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Measurement (Continued)

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

• Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in profit or loss of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

債務工具

債務工具之後續計量取決於本集團管理資產之業務模式及該等資產之現金流量特徵。本集團將其債務工具分為三個計量類別:

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Measurement (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

- Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/ (losses) and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in profit or loss of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.
- Fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

- 按公平值計入其他全面 收益(「按公平值計入其 他全面收益|):持作收 回合約現金流量及出售 金融資產的資產,倘該 等資產現金流量僅指支 付本金及利息,則按公 平值計入其他全面收益 計量。賬面值的變動乃 計入其他全面收益,惟 於損益確認之減值收益 或虧損之確認、利息收 益及外匯收入及虧損除 外。金融資產終止確認 時,先前於其他全面收 益確認的累計收入或虧 損由權益重新分類至損 益並確認為其他收益/ (虧損)。該等金融資產 的利息收入乃按實際利 率法計入財務收益。匯 兑收益及虧損在其他收 益/(虧損)中呈列,而 減值開支則於綜合損益 及其他全面收益表之損 益內作為獨立項目呈列。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Measurement (Continued)

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in profit or loss of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

(iv) Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instrument carried at amortised cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 3.1.1 details how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

權益工具

按公平值計入損益的金融資產的公平值變動在綜合損益的公平值變動在綜負損益之其他收益/(虧損)內計內認之其他收益/(如適用)。按公平值計資內認其他全面收益的權益投資回)減值虧損(及減值虧損撥回)。

(iv) 金融資產減值

對於以攤銷成本計量和按公平值計入其他全面收益預期。 所工具投資,本集團性許估 所工具投資,本集團性許信 應用之減值方法取決於信 風險是否顯著增加。附註3.1.1 詳述本集團如何釐定是 在信貸風險顯著增加。

對於貿易應收款項,本集團 根據香港財務報告準則第9 號應用簡化方式,其規定預 期全期虧損於應收款項之初 步確認中確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(iv) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Impairment on other receivables is measured as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit loss, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivable has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit loss.

2.10 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the relevant company or the counterparty.

2.11Inventories

Raw materials and stores, work in progress and finished goods are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the basis of weighted average costs. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iv) 金融資產減值(續)

2.10互相抵銷的金融工具

2.11存貨

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.12 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and banks, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.14Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.15Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.12貿易及其他應收款項

貿易應收款項為於日常業務過程 中就出售商品或提供服務應收客 戶的款項。倘貿易及其他應收款 項預計將於一年或以內(或如果時間較長,則於正常的業務運營週 期內)收回,則將其歸類為流動資產。否則,呈列為非流動資產。

貿易及其他應收款項以公平值初 始確認,其後採用實際利率法以 攤銷成本減減值撥備計量。

2.13 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金 及銀行現金、存放於金融機構的 通知存款及其他短期高流通性投 資(原定期限為三個月或以下,隨 時可轉換為已知金額的現金,且 價值變動風險不大者)。

2.14股本

普通股被分類為權益。

直接歸屬於發行新股或期權的新 增成本在權益中列為所得款項的 減少(扣除稅項)。

2.15貿易及其他應付款項

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.16 Derivative financial instruments

The Group does not have any derivative financial instruments that qualify for hedge accounting.

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of any derivative financial instruments are recognised immediately in the profit or loss, except where the derivative financial instruments are qualified for hedge accounting.

2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries/regions where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.16衍生金融工具

本集團並無任何符合對冲會計的 衍生金融工具。

衍生金融工具初步按於衍生合約 訂立日期之公平值確認,其後按 其公平值重新計量。任何衍生金 融工具的公平值變化(倘不符合對 沖會計的衍生金融工具除外)會即 時於損益中確認。

2.17即期及遞延所得税

期內所得稅開支或抵免指根據各司法權區的適用所得稅率按即期應課稅收入支付的稅項,而有關所得稅率經暫時差額及未動用稅項虧損所致的遞延稅項資產及負債變動調整。

即期所得税

即期所得税開支根據報告期末本公司的附屬公司經營業務且產生應課税收入所在的國家/區頭佈或已實頒佈的稅法計釋。管理層就適用稅務法例以詮釋的情況定期評估報稅表的狀況,並在適用情況下按預期須向稅務機構繳納的稅款確定撥備。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.17 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.17即期及遞延所得税(續)

搋延所得税

遞延税項資產僅在未來應課税金 額將可用於動用該等暫時差額及 虧損時予以確認。

倘本公司能控制撥回暫時差額的 時間及該等差額可能不會於可見 將來撥備,則不會就外國業務投 資賬面值與稅基之間的暫時差額 確定遞延稅項負債及資產。

當有可依法強制執行的權利將即期稅項資產與負債抵銷,而遞與稅項結餘與同一稅務機構相關時,則可將遞延稅項資產與負債抵銷時。當實體有可依法強制執行抵銷權利且有意按淨額基準結清或即即與稅項資產與稅項負債抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益中確認,惟有關於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認的項目除外。在此情況下,稅項亦分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.18 Employee benefits

(i) Pension obligations

The Group only operates defined contribution pension plans. In accordance with the rules and regulations in the PRC, the PRC based employees of the Group participate in various defined contribution retirement benefit plans organised by the relevant municipal and provincial governments in the PRC under which the Group and the PRC based employees are required to make monthly contributions to these plans calculated as a percentage of the employees' salaries. The municipal and provincial governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired PRC based employees' payable under the plans described above. Other than the monthly contributions. the Group has no further obligation for the payment of retirement and other post-retirement benefits of its employees. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in independently administrated funds managed by the governments.

The Group's contributions to the defined contribution retirement scheme are expensed as incurred.

(ii) Housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurances

Employees of the Group in the PRC are entitled to participate in various government-supervised housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurance plans. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these funds based on certain percentages of the salaries of the employees, subject to certain ceiling. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions payable in each year. Contributions to the housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurances are expensed as incurred.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.18僱員福利

(i) 退休金責任

本集團僅管理界定供款退休 計劃。根據中國相關規則及 法規,本集團的中國僱員須 參加中國有關市級與省級政 府組織的多項界定供款退休 福利計劃,據此,本集團及 其中國僱員須每月按僱員薪 金的特定百分比向該等計劃 供款。市級與省級政府承諾 承擔根據上述計劃應付的全 部現有及未來中國退休僱員 的退休福利責任。除每月供 款外,本集團無須就其僱員 承擔退休及其他退休後福利 的支付責任。該等計劃的資 產與本集團其他資產分開持 有, 並由政府獨立管理的基 金保管。

本集團向界定供款退休計劃 作出的供款於產生時列作開 支。

(ii) 住房公積金、醫療保險 及其他社會保險

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.18 Employee benefits (Continued)

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or when an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the relevant Group entity recognises costs for a restructuring that is within the scope of HKAS 37 and involves the payment of terminations benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to present value.

2.19 Provisions

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.18僱員福利(續)

(iii) 離職福利

2.19撥備

未來經營虧損不作撥備確認。

倘出現多項類似的責任時,則履 行該責任導致資源外流的可能性, 須對組別內的全部責任作出整體 考慮而予以釐定。即使在同一組 別內任何一項責任會出現資源外 流的可能性很低,亦須作出撥備 確認。

撥備乃採用除税前利率按預期償付責任所需開支(反映當時市場對該責任特定的貨幣時間值及風險的評估)的現值計量。隨時間推移而增加之撥備被確認為利息費用。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.20 Revenue recognition

(i) Sale of goods – wholesale

The Group manufactures and sells a range of candles, home fragrance and home accessories in the wholesale market. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the wholesaler, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the wholesaler, and either the wholesaler has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

The products are sold with retrospective volume rebates based on aggregate sales over a 12 months period to certain customers. Revenue from these sales is recognised based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. Accumulated experience is used to estimate and provide for the rebates, using the expected value method, and revenue is only recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal will not occur. The revenue from these sales is normally billable immediate upon the delivery of the products. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with no credit term, which is consistent with market practice. The Group's obligation to replace faulty products under the standard warranty terms is assessed and recognised as a provision.

As receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.20 收入確認

(i) 貨品銷售-批發

根據總計銷售超過12個月期 間可追溯批量回扣向若干客 戶銷售產品。該等銷售的收 入乃基於合約定明的價格, 經扣除估計批量折扣後確認。 利用累積的經驗採用預計價 值法估計回扣及就回扣計提 撥備,且收入僅於重大撥回 極大可能不會產生時確認。 該等銷售產生之收入一般於 產品交付後即時支付。概無 財務因素被視作當前的事宜, 原因為該銷售無信貸期,與 市場慣例一致。本集團根據 標準擔保期限替換錯誤產品 之義務獲評估並確認為撥備。

當貨品交付時確認應收款項, 此乃代價成為無條件的時點, 原因為有關款項只須經過一 段時間方會到期。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.20 Revenue recognition (Continued)

(ii) Sale of goods – retail

The Group operates some stores selling candles, home fragrance and home accessories. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when a Group entity sells a product to the customer.

Payment of the transaction price is due immediately when the customer purchases the products and takes delivery in store. It is the Group's policy to sell its products to the end customer with a right of return within 7 days. Therefore, a refund liability (included in trade and other payables) and a right to the returned goods (included in other current assets) are recognised for the products expected to be returned. Accumulated experience is used to estimate such returns at the time of sale at a portfolio level (expected value method). Because the number of products returned has been steady for years, it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. The validity of this assumption and the estimated amount of returns are reassessed at each reporting date.

(iii) Accounting for costs to fulfil a contract

As the transportation activities occur before the customer obtains control of related products, they are not separate performance obligation, therefore, related costs are contract fulfil cost which are capitalised as assets according to HKFRS 15. These assets are amortised on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods to which the assets relate. Related assets are not material at the balance sheet date due to the short period of transportation and are charged into the cost of sales directly as incurred.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.20 收入確認(續)

(ii) 貨品銷售-零售

本集團經營若干店鋪出售蠟 燭、家居香薰及家居飾品。 銷售貨品產生的收入於本集 團實體向客戶銷售產品時確 認。

當客戶購買產品並於店鋪內 交付時,交易價格即時到期 支付。向終端客戶銷售其產 品於7日內有退款權乃本集 團之政策。因此,退款負債(計 入貿易及其他應付款項內)及 退貨權(計入其他流動資產) 就將予退款之產品進行確認。 於銷售時按組合水準(預期價 值方法)使用累積經驗估計有 關退款。由於退款的產品數 量近年持續穩定,已確認累 積收入之重大撥回極大可能 不會產生。於各報告日期重 新評估上述假設之有效性及 對退款金額的估計。

(iii) 履行合約之成本核算

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.20 Revenue recognition (Continued)

(iv) Presentation of contract assets and liabilities

Under HKFRS 15, a receivable is recognised only if the Group has an unconditional right to consideration. If the Group recognises the related revenue before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration for the promised goods and services in the contract, then the entitlement to consideration is classified as a contract asset. Similarly, a contract liability, rather than a payable, is recognised when a customer pays consideration, or is contractually required to pay consideration and the amount is already due, before the Group recognises the related revenue. For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

(v) Assets recognised from incremental costs to obtain a contract

The Group applies the practical expedient in paragraph 94 of HKFRS 15 and recognises the incremental costs of obtaining contracts such as sales commissions as an expense when incurred if the amortisation period of the assets that the Group otherwise would have recognised is one year or less.

2.21 Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.20 收入確認(續)

(iv) 呈列合約資產及負債

根據香港財務報告準則第15 號,應收款項僅於本集團有 無條件權利收取代價時方會 確認。倘本集團於擁有無條 件權利收取合約中已承諾貨 品及服務代價前確認相關收 入,則收取代價的權利分類 為合約資產。同樣,於本集 團確認相關收入前,合約負 債(並非應付款項)於客戶支 付代價或按合約須支付代價 而有關金額已經到期時確認。 就與客戶訂立的單一合約而 言,將呈列合約資產淨值或 合約負債淨額。就多份合約 而言,非相關合約的合約資 產及合約負債並非按淨額基 準呈列。

(v) 自取得合約的遞增成本 確認資產

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第15號第94段之實際權宜措施,將其攤銷期為一年或以下取得合約產生之遞增成本在其產生時確認為開支。

2.21 每股盈利

(i) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利按本公司擁有 人應佔溢利,不包括除可的服務股權之任何成外的服務股權之行在所 除以於財政年度發行在外,就 普通股加權平均數計紅利 年內發行之普通股不包括 素作出。 存股份。

心,口以为我处门。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.21 Earnings per share (Continued)

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account: the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

2.22 Interest income

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

2.23 Leases

(i) The Group is the lessee

The Group leases properties and land use right in the PRC as lessee. Rental contracts of properties are typically made annually on a recurring basis but may have extension options as described below. The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments for land located in the PRC and the lease term is 50 years, which is included in right-of-use assets.

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated or amortised over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.21 每股盈利(續)

(ii) 每股攤薄盈利

2.22利息收入

利息收入乃按金融資產賬面總值 乘以實際利率來計算,惟後續發 生信用減值的金融資產除外。就 發生信用減值的金融資產而言, 實際利率已乘以金融資產的賬面 淨值(扣除虧損撥備後)。

2.23 租賃

(i) 本集團為承租人

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES 2 編製基準及會計政策變動 IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.23 Leases (Continued)

(i) The Group is the lessee (Continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- Variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate; and
- Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group, as a lessee, exercising an option to terminate the lease.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms and conditions.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- The amount of the initial measurement of lease liabilities:
- Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentive received;
- Any initial direct costs; and
- Restoration costs.

(續)

2.23 租賃(續)

(i) 本集團為承租人(續)

租賃產生的資產及負債在現 值基礎上進行初始計量。租 賃負債包括下列租賃付款的 淨現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固 定付款),扣除任何應收 租賃激勵;
- 取決於指數或比率的可 變租賃付款;及
- 終止租賃的罰款金額, 前提是租賃期反映出本 集團(作為承租人)將行 使終止租賃選擇權。

租賃付款按照租賃包括的利 率折現。倘無法確定該利率, 則應採用承租人的增量借款 利率,即承租人為在類似經 濟環境下獲得價值相近的資 產,以類似條款及條件借入 資金而必須支付的利率。

使用權資產按成本計量,其 中成本包括以下項目:

- 租賃負債初始計量余額;
- 於租賃期開始日或之前 支付的租賃付款,扣除 任何已收租賃激勵;
- 任何初始直接費用;及
- 復原成本。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.23 Leases (Continued)

(i) The Group is the lessee (Continued)

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise equipment and small items of office furniture.

Extension options are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended. The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease, together with both:

- Periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- Periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the lessee is reasonably certain not to exercise that option.

(ii) The Group is the lessor

When assets are leased out under operating lease, the assets are included in the consolidated statement of financial position based on the nature of the assets. Rental income is recognised in profit and loss of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease

2 編製基準及會計政策變動

2.23 租賃(續)

(i) 本集團為承租人(續)

與短期租賃及低價值資產租 賃相關的付款按照直線法於 綜合損益及其他全面收短 之損益中確認為開支。短期 租賃乃指租賃期限為12個月 或以下的租賃。低價值資 包括設備及小型辦公室傢俬。

延期選擇權僅會在合理肯定 租約將會延長時計入租期。 本集團以不可撤銷的租賃期 間確定租賃期,包括:

- 延長租賃的選擇權所涵 蓋的期間(倘承租人可 合理確定將行使該選擇 權);及
- 終止租賃選擇權所涵蓋 的期間(倘承租人可合 理確定不會行使該選擇 權)。

(ii) 本集團為出租人

當資產根據經營租賃出租時, 資產根據其性質載入綜合財 務狀況表。租金收入以直線 法於租賃期內在綜合損益及 其他全面收益表之損益內確 認。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.24 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

2.25 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions

Government grants related to assets refer to government grants which are obtained by the Group for the purposes of purchase, construction or acquisition of the long-term assets. Government grants related to income refer to the government grants other than those related to assets.

Government grants related to assets are recorded as deferred income and recognised in profit and loss of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on a systemic basis over the useful lives of the assets. Government grants to compensate the future costs, expenses or losses are recorded as deferred income and recognised in profit or loss when related costs incurred. Government grants related to income that compensate the incurred costs, expenses or losses are recognised in profit or loss directly in current period. The Group applies the presentation method consistently to the similar government grants in the financial statements.

編製基準及會計政策變動 (續)

2.24股息分派

派發予本公司股東的股息,於本 公司股東或董事批准(如適當)股 息的期間內在本集團及本公司財 務報表中確認為負債。

2.25政府補助

當能夠合理地保證政府補助將可 收取,而本集團將會符合所有附 帶條件時,將政府提供的補助按 其公平值確認入賬。

與資產相關的政府補助,是指本 集團取得的、用於購建或以其他 方式形成長期資產的政府補助。 與收益相關的政府補助,是指除 與資產相關的政府補助之外的政 府補助。

與資產相關的政府補助確認為遞 延收益並在相關資產可使用年期 內按照合理、系統的方法分攤計 入綜合損益及其他全面收益表之 損益;政府補助用於補償以後期 間的相關成本、開支或損失的, 確認為遞延收益,並在相關成本 產生時計入損益。與收益相關的 政府補助用於補償已發生的相關 成本、開支或損失的,直接計入 當期損益。本集團對財務報表內 同類政府補助採用相同的列報方式。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and foreign exchange risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

3.1.1Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, contractual cash flows of debt instruments carried at amortised cost, FVPL, derivative financial assets and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to wholesale and retail customers, including outstanding receivables.

(i) Cash in banks

The Group expects that there is no significant credit risk associated with cash deposits at banks since they are substantially deposited at state-owned banks and other medium or large size listed banks. Management does not expect that there will be any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

(ii) Trade receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9 · which permits the use of the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit loss also incorporate forward looking information.

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團的業務使本集團面對不同 財務風險:信貸風險、流動資金 風險及外匯風險。本集團的整體 風險管理計劃著重金融市場不可 預見的情況,並力求盡量降低對 本集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

3.1.1 信貸風險

(i) 銀行現金

(ii) 貿易應收款項

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1.1Credit risk (Continued)

(iii) Other receivables

Other receivables at the end of each reporting period were mainly deposits, advances to employees and the amounts due from related parties. The directors of the Company consider the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares risk of a default occurring on the assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- Internal credit rating;
- External credit rating;
- Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations;
- Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty;
- Significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the counterparty;
- The employment relationship with the employee debtor.

Regardless of the analysis above, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment/repayable demanded.

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

3.1.1信貸風險(續)

(iii) 其他應收款項

於各報告期末的其他應 收款項主要為按金、僱 員墊款及應收關聯方款 項。本公司董事按持續 基準於初始確認金融資 產後考慮發生違約事件 的可能性及信貸風險是 否大幅上升。就評估信 貸風險是否大幅上升, 本集團會比較於報告日 期資產發生違約事件的 風險與於初始確認日期 的違約事件風險。尤其 會計及以下指標:

- 內部信貸評級;
- 外部信貸評級;
- 預期將導致對手方 履行其責任的能力 發生重大變動的業 務、財務或經濟狀 況的實際或預期重 大不利變動;
- 對手方經營業績的 實際或預期重大變 動;
- 對手方的預期表現 及行為的重大變動;
- 與僱員債務人的僱 傭關係。

不論上文的分析如何, 倘債務人逾期支付合約 款項/按要求償還之款 項超過30日,則推定信 貸風險大幅增加。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(iii) Other receivables (Continued)

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments/ repayable demanded within 90 days of when they fail due.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The Group categories a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments/repayable demanded greater than 180 days past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Since the advances to employees and amounts due from related parties had no historical default, at each reporting period end, the expected losses of the advances to employees and amounts due from related parties are measured on a 12-month basis.

The directors of the Company believe that there was no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding balance of other receivables.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

3.1.1信貸風險(續)

(iii) 其他應收款項(續)

金融資產的違約事件通常為對手方無法於到期後90日內作出合約付款/按要求償還的情況。

當例團銷於上要貸撇項進收回綜益概如達金到未求款銷撇行回款合務價資後出還應當後制期時益損理人款產超合時收貸,執應,及納無計。過約,款款本行收該其內區法劃當1付本項或集活款等他該其內本項或集活款等他該其內本項或集活款等他認期本則務日/團類收繼以。項面。

由於支付予僱員墊款及 應收關聯方款項並無歷 史違約,於各報告期末, 支付予僱員墊款及應 關聯方款項之預期虧損 按12個月基準計量。

本公司董事認為本集團 其他應收款項之尚未償 還結餘內並無固有的重 大信貸風險。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(iv) Forward-looking information incorporated in the expected credit loss model

The Group has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and expected credit loss. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwardinglooking information. The Group has identified key factors such as the gross domestic product ("GDP") of the countries in which it sells its goods to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the loss allowance provision were determined as follows:

Trade receivables

31 December 2022 31 December 2021 2022年12月31日 2021年12月31日 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 Gross Gross Loss Loss Expected carrying allowance Expected carrying allowance loss rate amount provision loss rate amount provision 預期 虧損準備 預期 虧損準備 虧損率 賬面總值 撥備 虧損率 賬面總值 撥備 Within 30 days 30日內 0.08% 37,295 30 0.17% 48,710 84 31 to 180 days 31至180日 0.18% 80,501 145 0.36% 94,201 339 181 to 1 year 181日至1年 1,964 281 24.40% 4,188 14.33% 1,022 1 to 2 years 1至2年 2.817 1,460 55.17% 2,397 1,322 51.83% 2 to 3 years 2至3年 100.00% 100.00% 755 755 1,556 1,556 Over 3 years 超過3年 100.00% 100.00% 603 603 124,133 3,472 150,854 4.125

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

3.1.1信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損模型融 入前瞻性資料

本集團已進行歷史分析 及識別出影響信貸風險 及預期信貸虧損的主要 經濟變數,並顧及可得 的合理及輔助性前瞻性 資料。本集團已識別就 銷售其貨品的國家之國 民生產總值(「國民生產 總值」)等關鍵因素為大 部分相關因素,因此, 根據該等因素之預期變 動調整歷史虧損率。

於2022年及2021年12 月31日之虧損準備撥備 釐定如下:

貿易應收款項

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

3.1.1 Credit risk (Continued)

3.1.1信貸風險(續)

(iv) Forward-looking information incorporated in the expected credit loss model (Continued)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損模型融 入前瞻性資料(續)

Other receivables (excluding recoverable value added tax)

其他應收款項(不包括可回收增值稅)

| | 31 December 2022 2022年 12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | | | 31 December 2021 2021年12月31日 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| | Expected | • | Gross carrying | Loss allowance | Expected | Gross carrying | Loss allowance |
| | loss rate 預期虧損率 | loss provision 預期信貸虧損撥備 確認基準 | amount 賬面總值 | provision 虧損準備 撥備 | loss rate 預期 虧損率 | amount 賬面總值 | provision 虧損準備 撥備 |
| | 以が倒げて | *庄100金十 | 五 30% 四 30% | HI XEL | /性/ 1六 十 | 水川心田 | TJX IHI |
| Deposits 按金 | 7.52% | 12 months expected losses 12 個月預期虧損 | 926 | 70 | 10.51% | 2,103 | 221 |
| Advances to employees | 8.56% | 12 個月 預期雇頂 12 months expected losses | 1,017 | 87 | 10.51% | 815 | 86 |
| 支付予僱員墊款 Amounts due from related | 0 EC0/ | 12個月預期虧損 | 460 | 20 | 0.100/ | 1.45 | |
| parties 應收關聯方款項 | 8.56% | 12 months expected losses 12 個月預期虧損 | 462 | 39 | 0.18% | 145 | - |
| Others | 8.56% | 12 months expected losses | 246 | 21 | 10.51% | 177 | 18 |
| 其他 | | 12個月預期虧損 | | | | | |
| | | | 2,651 | 217 | | 3,240 | 325 |

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1.2 Liquidity risk

Management aims to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents or have available funding through an adequate amount of available financing, including loans from related parties to meet its daily operation working capital requirements.

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for:

- (a) all non-derivative financial liabilities, and
- (b) net settled derivative financial instruments for which the contractual maturities are essential for an understanding of the timing of the cash flows.

Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

The fair value of the Group's derivative financial instruments was included at their fair value of RMB 4,207,762 as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: a fair value of negative RMB2,130,367) within the less than 12 months time bucket. This is because the contractual maturities are not essential for an understanding of the timing of the cash flows. These contracts are managed on a net fair value basis rather than by maturity date.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

3.1.2流動資金風險

管理層旨在維持充足的現金 及現金等價物,或通過可得 的充足融資金額獲得可得的 融資,包括關聯方貸款,以 滿足其日常經營的營運資金 要求。

下表分析以下基於本集團金 融負債合約到期日分類之相 關到期日組別的金融負債:

- 所有非衍生金融負債; 及
- 合約到期日對瞭解現金 流量時間至關重要的已 結清衍生金融工具淨值。

12個月內到期結餘等於其賬 面值,原因為折現的影響並 不重大。

本集團衍生金融工具之公平 值於不足12個月時間內按 彼等於2022年12月31日之 公平值人民幣4,207,762元 (2021年12月31日:公平值 負人民幣 2,130,367 元) 列賬。 此乃由於合約到期對瞭解現 金流量時間並不重大。該等 合約按公平值淨值而非到期 日管理。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

3.1.2 Liquidity risk (Continued)

3.1.2流動資金風險(續)

| | | | Less than 1 year 少於一年 | Over 1 year 超過一年 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| | | Notes 附註 | RMB'000 人民幣千元 | RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Non-derivatives As at 31 December 2022 | 非衍生工具 於2022年12月31日 | | | |
| Trade and other payables Lease liabilities | 贸易及其他應付款項 租賃負債 | 19 30 | 76,687 201 | 468 - |
| | | | 76,888 | 468 |
| As at 31 December 2021 | 於2021年12月31日 | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 貿易及其他應付款項 | 19 | 68,955 | 348 |
| Lease liabilities | 租賃負債 | 30 | 2,544 | 241 |
| | | | 71,499 | 589 |
| Derivatives As at 31 December 2022 Derivative financial instruments | 衍生工具 於 2022年12月31日 衍生金融工具 | | 99,003 | - |
| As at 31 December 2021 Derivative financial instruments | 於2021年12月31日 衍生金融工具 | | 2,130 | _ |
| Trade and other payables here | e exclude non-financial | | | 及其他應付款項 |

Trade and other payables here exclude non-financia liabilities of accrued payroll and other taxes payable.

本節的貿易及其他應付款項 不包括應計付款及其他應付 税項之非金融負債。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

3.1.3 Foreign exchange risk

The Group sells products internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to the USD. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the functional currency of the relevant Group entity.

The Group also entered into foreign currency forwards in relation to products sales for the next 12 months that do not qualify as 'highly probable' forecast transactions and hence do not satisfy the requirements for hedge accounting (economic hedges). The foreign currency forwards are subject to the same risk management policies as all other derivative contracts. However, they are accounted for as derivative financial instruments with gains (losses) recognised in profit or loss of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities to foreign exchange risk based on the assumption that USD had strengthened/weakened by 10% against RMB with all other variables held constant:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

3.1.3 外匯風險

本集團於全世界銷售產品且 面臨外幣交易產生之外匯風 險,主要為美元。外匯風險 源自未來商業交易及以非集 團相關實體之功能貨幣之貨 幣計值之已確認資產及負債。

本集團於未來12個月訂立有 關產品銷售之外幣遠期合約, 其不符合 「較高可能性」之預 期交易,因此,不符合對冲 會計(經濟對冲)要求。外幣 遠期合約須受所有其他衍生 合約相同風險管理政策規限。 然而,彼等按綜合損益及其 他全面收益表之損益內已確 認之衍生金融工具收益(虧損) 入賬。

下表概述本集團金融資產及 金融負債對外匯風險的敏感 性,其假設是美元兑人民幣 升值/貶值10%,而所有其 他變量保持不變:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| USD/RMB exchange rate – increase 10% | 美元兑人民幣匯率 - 增長10% | 10,271 | 1,970 |
| USD/RMB exchange rate – decrease 10% | 美元兑人民幣匯率 - 降低10% | (10,271) | (1,970) |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.2 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for owners and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total debt less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position plus net debt.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group maintained at net cash position.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本管理

本集團的資本管理旨在維護本集團持續經營的能力,從而為擁有 人提供回報,為其他持份者提供 利益,並維持理想的資本架構以 降低資本成本。

為了維持或調整資本結構,本集 團可能會調整向股東支付的股息 金額、發行新股份或出售資產以 減少債務。

本集團以資本負債比率為基礎監控其資本。該比率按淨負債除以總資本計算。淨負債按總負債減現金及現金等價物計算。總資本按綜合財務狀況表中所示的「權益」加淨負債計算。

於2022年及2021年12月31日, 本集團均維持淨現金狀態。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation

(i) Fair value hierarchy of financial assets and financial liabilities

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognised and measured at fair value in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Recurring fair value measurements

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計

(i) 金融資產及金融負債的 公平值層級

本節闡述釐定於財務報表中 確認及按公平值計量的金融 工具公平值所作出的判斷及 估計。為得出有關釐定公平 值所用輸入數據之可靠性指 標,本集團已按會計準則規 定將其金融工具分為三個等 級。各等級於下表進行闡述。

經常性公平值計量

| | | Note 附註 | Level 1 第一層 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Level 2 第二層 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Level 3 第三層 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| At 31 December 2022 | 於2022年12月31日 | | | | | |
| Financial assets | 金融資產 | | | | | |
| Fixed deposits | 定期存款 | 24 | _ | 105,000 | _ | 105,000 |
| Funds | 基金 | 23 | - | - | 101,560 | 101,560 |
| Wealth management products issued by | 商業銀行發行之 理財產品 | | | | | |
| commercial banks | 大型 上間 | 23 | _ | 1,650 | _ | 1,650 |
| RMB:USD | 人民幣兑美元固定 | | | ., | | ., |
| fixed-fixed cross-currency | 交叉貨幣匯率 | | | | | |
| exchange rate swap | 掉期 | 23 | - | 765 | - | 765 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | 107,415 | 101,560 | 208,975 |
| Financial liabilities USD:RMB fixed-fixed cross-currency | 金融負債 美元兑人民幣固定 交叉貨幣匯率 | | | | | |
| exchange rate swap | 掉期 | 23 | _ | (316) | _ | (316) |
| Foreign currency forwards | 外幣遠期合約 | 23 | - | (4,656) | - | (4,656) |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | - | (4,972) | - | (4,972) |

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

- 3.3 公平值估計(續)
- (i) Fair value hierarchy of financial assets and financial liabilities (Continued)
- (i) 金融資產及金融負債的 公平值層級(續)

Recurring fair value measurements (Continued)

經常性公平值計量(續)

| | | Note 附註 | Level 1 第一層 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Level 2 第二層 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Level 3 第三層 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| At 31 December 2021 Financial assets Foreign currency forwards | 於 2021年12月31日 金融資產 外幣遠期合約 | 23 | - | 2,408 | - | 2,408 |
| Financial liabilities USD:RMB fixed-fixed cross-currency exchange rate swap | 金融負債 美元兑人民幣固定 交叉貨幣匯率 掉期 | 23 | _ | (278) | _ | (278) |
| | | | - | 2,130 | - | 2,130 |

There were no transfers among level 1, level 2 and level 3 for recurring fair value measurements during the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

截至2022年及2021年12月 31日止年度,就經常性公平 值計量而言,第一層、第二 層以及第三層之間並無轉撥。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued) 3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

(i) Fair value hierarchy of financial assets and financial liabilities (Continued)

Recurring fair value measurements (Continued)

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

- Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.
- The fair value of financial instruments that Level 2: are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.
- If one or more of the significant inputs is Level 3: not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

3.3 公平值估計(續)

(i) 金融資產及金融負債的 公平值層級(續)

經常性公平值計量(續)

本集團的政策是於報告期末 確認公平值層級之間的轉入 及轉出。

- 第一層: 於活躍市場買賣的金融工具 的公平值根據報告期末的市 場報價列賬。本集團持有的 金融資產的市場報價為當時 買盤價。該等工具列入第一層。
- 第二層: 並非於活躍市場買賣的金融 工具(例如場外交易衍生工具) 的公平值採用估值技術釐定, 估值技術盡量利用可觀察市 場數據,盡量少依賴主體的 特定估計。如計算一項金融 工具的公平值所需的所有重 大輸入為可觀察數據,則該 工具列入第二層。
- 第三層: 如一項或多項重大輸入數據 並非根據可觀察市場數據, 則該工具列入第三層。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

(ii) Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments
- for forward currency forwards based on forward exchange rates at the end of the reporting period.
- other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis

There were no changes in valuation techniques during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 for recurring fair value measurements during current year.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

(ii) 釐定公平值所用估值 技術

評估金融工具所用特定估值 技術包括:

- 採用類似工具的市場報 價或交易商報價
- 有關外幣遠期合約一於 報告期結算日根據外匯 匯率
- 其他技術,例如折現現 金流量分析

截至2022年及2021年12月 31日止年度,估值技術並無 變動。

於本年度,就經常性公平值 計量而言,第一層、第二層 以及第三層之間並無轉撥。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND **JUDGEMENTS**

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

(a) Allowance on doubtful receivables

The Group makes allowances on receivables based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group used judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of trade and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

(b) Estimation of the fair value of certain financial assets

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The group uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. For details of the key assumptions used and the impact of changes to these assumptions see note 3.

重大會計估計及判斷

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。所得 的會計估計按定義很少等同於相關實 際結果。以下為對下個財政年度的資 產及負債賬面值的重大調整構成重大 風險的估計及假設的論述。

(a) 應收呆賬準備

本集團根據對違約風險及預期虧 損率的假設作出應收款項準備。 本集團於各報告期末根據其過往 歷史、現時市況及前瞻性估計在 作出該等假設及選擇減值計算的 輸入值時使用判斷。

如果預期與原本估計有差異,有 關差異將影響有關估計發生改變 期間貿易及其他應收款項以及呆 賬開支的賬面值。

(b) 估計若干金融資產的公平 值

並非於活躍市場買賣的金融工具 的公平值採用估值技術釐定。本 集團憑藉其判斷選擇不同方法並 主要根據各報告期末出現的市況 而作出假設。有關所用主要假設 及對該等假設的變動之影響詳情, 請參閱附註3。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(c) Estimated useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment

Management determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation expenses for its property, plant and equipment. Management estimates useful lives of the property, plant and equipment by reference to the Group's business model, its assets management policy, the industry practice, expected usage, expected repair and maintenance, and technical or commercial obsolescence arising from changes or improvements in the market.

Management determines the estimated residual value for its property, plant and equipment by reference to all relevant factors at each measurement date. The depreciation expense will change where the useful lives or residual value of property, plant and equipment are different from the previous estimate.

(d) Uncertain tax position

The Group is subject to corporate income taxes in the PRC. Judgement is required in determining the amount of the provision for taxation and the timing of payment of the related taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

(c) 物業、廠房及設備的估計 可使用年期及剩餘價值

管理層於各計量日期參考所有相關因素釐定物業、廠房及設備的估計剩餘價值。倘物業、廠房及設備的設備的可使用年期或剩餘價值與過往估計不同,折舊開支則會改變。

(d) 不確定的税務狀況

在管理層認為未來應課稅溢利可能會用作抵銷可使用暫時差額或稅項虧損時,確認涉及若干暫時差額及稅項虧損的遞延稅項資產。 實際應用結果可能不同。

曠世控股有限公司

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by CODM. The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segment, has been identified as the executive directors of the Company.

The Group is principally engaged in the design, manufacture and processing of wax products, metal products, glass products and aromatherapy products. The CODM reviews the operating results of the business as one operating segment to make decisions about resources to be allocated. Therefore, the CODM regards that there is only one segment which is used to make strategic decisions.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, major of the non-current assets of the Group were located in the PRC.

Revenue from external parties contributing 10% or more of the total revenue of the Group is as follows:

分部資料

管理層根據由主要經營決策者審閱的 報告釐定經營分部。主要經營決策者 為本公司的執行董事,負責分配資源 及評估經營分部的表現。

本集團主要從事蠟製品、金屬產品、玻 璃產品及香薰產品之設計、製造及加工。 主要經營決策者將該項業務作為一個 經營分部,審閱其經營業績,以就資源 如何分配作出決策。因此,主要經營決 策者認為僅有一個可作出戰略性決策 的分部。

於2022年及2021年12月31日,本集 團的多數非流動資產均位於中國。

來自外部人士貢獻本集團總收入10% 或以上之收入如下:

| | | 2022 2022年 | 2021 2021年 |
|----------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | RMB'000 人民幣千元 | RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Customer A Customer B Customer C | 客戶A 客戶B 客戶C | 185,436 99,511 85,113 | 84,264 90,965 54,821 |

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

6 REVENUE 6 收入

Revenue mainly comprises of proceeds from wholesale of goods.

收入主要包括批發貨品所得款項。

An analysis of the Group's revenue by product type is as follows:

本集團按產品類型劃分的收入分析如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Revenue from customers: | 來自客戶之收入: | | |
| Candles Home fragrance Home accessories | 蠟燭 家居香薰 家居飾品 | 498,620 111,940 108,115 | 397,465 115,799 118,131 |
| | | 718,675 | 631,395 |
| Timing of revenue recognition | 收入確認時間 | | |
| – At a point in time | 一於某時點 | 718,675 | 631,395 |

(a) Contract liabilities

(a) 合約負債

The Group recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

本集團確認下列收入相關的合約 負債:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Advanced payments from customers | 來自客戶之墊付款項 | 6,219 | 4,955 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

REVENUE (Continued)

(b) Significant change in contract liabilities

Contract liabilities of the Group mainly arise from the advanced payments made by customers while the underlying goods are yet to be delivered.

(c) Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 related to carried-forward contract liabilities.

收入(續)

(b) 合約負債的重大變動

本集團的合約負債主要產生自客 戶支付的墊付款項,而相關貨品 尚未交付。

(c) 就合約負債確認的收入

下表顯示截至2022年及2021年 12月31日上年度確認有關結轉合 約負債的收入。

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | 殿工 12/131 日エー人 | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Revenue recognised that was 計入年初合約負債結餘 included in the contract liabilities 的已確認收入 balance at the beginning of | | |
| the year Advanced payments from 來自客戶之墊付款項 customers | 4,955 | 3,819 |

(d) Unsatisfied performance obligations

The Group applies the practical expedient and does not disclose information about remaining performance obligations that have original expected durations of one year of less.

(e) Assets recognised from incremental costs to obtain a contract

Contract obtaining costs incurred related to contracts such as sales commissions with an amortisation period of one year or less have been expensed as incurred.

(d) 未履行的履約義務

本集團應用切合實際的權宜之計, 而並無披露有關原預計期限一年 或以下的餘下履約義務資料。

(e) 自獲得合約的遞增成本確 認的資產

就合約產生之取得合約之成本(例 如攤銷期一年或以下之銷售佣金) 已於產生時列作開支。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

7 EXPENSES BY NATURE

7 按性質劃分的開支

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 |
|------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Raw materials and consumables | 所用原材料及可消耗品 | | |
| used | 所用 | 305,536 | 217,658 |
| Subcontracting costs | 分包成本 | 231,852 | 248,034 |
| Employee benefit expenses (Note 8) | 僱員福利開支(附註8) | 69,608 | 62,853 |
| Transportation expenses | 交通開支 | 15,217 | 16,690 |
| Utilities | 公用事業 | 4,708 | 3,768 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and | 物業、廠房及設備折舊 | .,,,,,, | 37. 33 |
| equipment (Note 15) | (附註15) | 10,936 | 8,897 |
| Depreciation of investment | 投資物業折舊(附註16) | ., | ,,,, |
| properties (Note 16) | | 377 | 298 |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | 無形資產攤銷(附註17) | | |
| (Note 17) | | 697 | 652 |
| Amortisation and depreciation of | 使用權資產攤銷及折舊 | | |
| right-of-use assets (Note 18) | (附註18) | 2,838 | 3,915 |
| Taxes and surcharges | 税項及附加費 | 2,848 | 2,096 |
| Travelling expenses | 差旅開支 | 1,131 | 1,010 |
| Operating lease expenses on | 短期租賃運營租賃開支 | | |
| short-term leases | | 3,021 | 1,944 |
| Business entertainment expenses | 業務招待開支 | 1,697 | 884 |
| Sample inspection and express fees | 樣品檢查及快遞費 | 3,007 | 2,632 |
| Advertising and promotion expenses | 廣告及推廣開支 | 10,245 | 4,783 |
| Auditor's remuneration | 核數師薪酬 | | |
| Annual audit service | 一年度審核服務 | 1,680 | 1,500 |
| Statutory audit fees | 法定審核費用 | 165 | 101 |
| Other service fees | 其他服務費 | 4,005 | 3,591 |
| Office expenses | 辦公開支 | 1,994 | 1,291 |
| Insurance expenses | 保險開支 | 228 | 194 |
| Sales commission | 銷售佣金 | 1,050 | 976 |
| Others | 其他 | 1,949 | 1,886 |
| | | | |
| | | 674,789 | 585,653 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

8 僱員福利開支

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Wages, salaries and bonuses Pension costs (Note a) Housing funds, medical insurances and other social insurances | 工資、薪金及花紅 退休金成本(附註a) 住房公積金、醫療保險及 其他社會保險(附註b) | 54,906 3,483 | 51,444 2,971 |
| (Note b) | | 6,732 | 5,634 |
| Other employee benefits | 其他僱員福利 | 4,487 | 2,804 |
| | | 69,608 | 62,853 |

As stipulated by the rules and regulations in the PRC, the subsidiaries operating in the PRC contribute to state-sponsored retirement plans for their employees. The employees contribute approximately 8% of their basic salaries, while the subsidiaries contribute approximately 13-14% of the basic salaries of their respective employees and have no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions. The state-sponsored retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees. During the year ended 31 December 2022, no forfeited contributions were utilised by the Group to reduce its contributions for the current year (2021: nil).

Note b: Employees of the Group in the PRC are entitled to participate in various government-supervised housing funds, medical insurance and other employee social insurance plans. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these funds based on approximately 25.4% of the salaries of the employees, subject to certain ceilings. The Group's liability in respect of these funds is limited to the contributions payable in each period.

附註a: 中國的規則及規例訂明,於中國營運的附 屬公司於為其僱員向國家營辦的退休計劃 作出供款。僱員按其基本薪金約8%作出 供款,而附屬公司則按其各自僱員基本薪 金約13至14%作出供款,且除供款外, 並無實際支付退休金或退休後福利的任 何其他責任。國家營辦之退休計劃負責支 付應付予已退休僱員之全部退休金。截至 2022年12月31日止年度,本集團並無使 用沒收供款減少其本年度供款(2021年:

附註b: 於中國之本集團僱員有權參加各政府監 管之住房公積金、醫療保險及其他僱員社 會保險計劃。本集團每月按僱員工資約 25.4% 向該等基金作出供款,須受上限規 限。有關該等基金之本集團負債於各期間 受應付供款限制。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

8 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (Continued)

(a) Five highest paid individuals

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include no (2021: 1) director 2022 whose emolument is reflected in the analysis shown in Note 35. The emoluments payable to the remaining 5 (2021: 4) individuals are as follows:

8 僱員福利開支(續)

(a) 五位最高薪酬人士

截至2022年12月31日止年度, 2022年本集團的五位最高薪酬人 士並無(2021年:一位)董事,其 薪酬已載列於附註35之分析內。 應向其餘五位(2021年:四位)人 士支付的薪酬如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | - 'A - # A - # AT | | |
| Wages, salaries and bonuses | 工資、薪金及花紅 | | |
| Wages and bonuses | 工資及花紅 | 1,428 | 999 |
| Discretionary bonuses | 酌情花紅 | 687 | 635 |
| Pension costs | 退休金成本 | 47 | 86 |
| Housing funds, medical insurances | 住房公積金、醫療保險及 | | |
| and other social insurances | 其他社會保險 | 109 | 290 |
| | | | |
| | | 2,271 | 2,010 |

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

該等薪酬在以下金額範圍內:

Number of individuals 人數 Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | 2022 2022年 | 2021 2021年 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Emolument bands (in HK dollar) 薪酬範圍(以港元列示) Nil – HK\$600,000 零至6,00,000港元 | 5 | 4 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

9 OTHER INCOME

9 其他收益

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Rental income Government grants (i) Others | 租金收益 政府補助 <i>(i)</i> 其他 | 1,529 3,662 1,173 | 1,379 8,319 1,173 |
| | | 6,364 | 10,871 |

Government grants were mainly unconditional government subsidies received by the Group from relevant government bodies.

10 OTHER GAINS

10 其他收益

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment – net | 出售物業、廠房及設備虧損 -淨額 | (109) | (8) |
| Gains on disposal of right-of-use | 出售使用權資產之收益-淨額 | 22 | |
| assets – net | 外匯收益/(虧損)淨額 | 32 | (4.228) |
| Net foreign exchange gains/(losses) Net fair value (losses)/gains on foreign exchange forward | 外幣遠期合約之公平值(虧損)/收益淨額 | 13,660 | (4,328) |
| contracts | | (10,040) | 7,726 |
| Net fair value gains on funds | 基金公平值收益淨額 | 1,560 | _ |
| Net fair value gains on fixed cross- currency exchange rate swap | 固定交叉貨幣匯率掉期之 公平值收益淨額 | 3,708 | _ |
| Donation expenses | 捐款開支 | (150) | (780) |
| Others | 其他 | (661) | (460) |
| | | | |
| | | 8,000 | 2,156 |

i: 政府補助主要與本集團收到來自相關政府 機構之無條件政府補貼有關。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

11 FINANCE INCOME AND COSTS

11 財務收益及成本

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Finance income Interest income | 財務收益 利息收益 | 1,925 | 491 |
| Finance costs Interest expenses on borrowings Interest expenses on lease | 財務成本 借款利息開支 | (3,364) | (491) |
| liabilities | 租賃負債利息開支 | (83) | (200) |
| | | (3,447) | (691) |
| Net finance costs | 財務成本淨額 | (1,522) | (200) |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

12 SUBSIDIARIES

The Group's subsidiaries at 31 December 2022 and 2021 and as at the date of issue of these financial statements are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have share capital that are held directly by the Group, and the proportion of ownership interests held equals the voting rights held by the Group.

12 附屬公司

本集團於2022年及2021年12月31日 及於發佈該等財務報表日期之附屬公 司於下文載列。除另有説明者外,附屬 公司之股本由本集團直接持有及所持 有之所有權權益比例等同於本集團持 有之投票權。

| Names of the subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱 | Place and date of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/ 成立地點及日期 | Issued capital 已發行股本 | Attributable equity interest of the Group 歸屬於本集團股本權益 31 December 12月31日 | | Principal activities/place of operation 主要活動/經營地點 |
|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | 2022 2022年 | 2021 2021年 | |
| Kwung's Investments Limited | BVI 15 November 2018 | USD1 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Intermediate holding company |
| 曠世投資有限公司 | 英屬處女群島 2018年11月15日 | 1美元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 中間控股公司 |
| Kwung's Wisdom (Hongkong) Co., Limited | Hong Kong | HK\$1 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Intermediate holding company |
| umled 曠世智源(香港)有限公司 | 27 November 2018 香港 2018年11月27日 | 1港元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 中間控股公司 |
| Ningbo Kwung's | PRC 4 January 1999 | RMB91,000,000 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Design, manufacture and processing; Wholesale and retail company |
| 寧波曠世 | 中國 1999年1月4日 | 人民幣91,000,000元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 設計、製造及加工處理;批發及零售公司 |
| Ningbo Koman Import and export Co., Ltd. | PRC 16 August 2012 | RMB1,500,000 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Import or export of self-employed or agent goods and technology |
| 率波苛曼進出口有限公司 | 中國 2012年8月16日 | 人民幣1,500,000元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 自製或代理貨品及技術進出口 |
| Ningbo Aromage Homeware Co., Ltd. | PRC 11 August 2014 | RMB1,000,000 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, handicrafts |
| 寧波香薰時代家居用品 有限公司 | 中國 2014年8月11日 | 人民幣1,000,000元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 家居項目、手工藝品之批發及零售 |
| Neobee Australia Pty Limited | Australia 29 June, 2017 | AUD240,000 | 80.00% | 80.00% | Trading Company |
| Neobee Australia Pty Limited | 澳洲 2017年6月29日 | 240,000 澳元 | 80.00% | 80.00% | 貿易公司 |
| Shaoxing Keyuan Arts and Crafts Co., Ltd. (Note 1) | PRC 17 September 2018 | RMB20,000,000 | - | 100.00% | Design, manufacture and processing of wax products |
| 紹興市苛源工藝品有限公司(附註1) | 中國 2018年9月17日 | 人民幣20,000,000元 | - | 100.00% | 蠟製產品之設計、製造及加工 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

12 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

12 附屬公司(續)

| Names of the subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱 | Place and date of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/成立地點及日期 | Issued capital 已發行股本 | Attributable equity interest of the Group 歸屬於本集團股本權益 | | Principal activities/place of operation 主要活動/經營地點 | |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | 风立地和及日知 | □ 级11 放平 | 神風が平来 31 Dec 12月 | ember | 工女心划/紅宮心剤 | |
| | | | 2022 2022年 | 2021 2021年 | | |
| Ningbo Fenyuan Aromatherapy Products Co., Ltd. | PRC 7 January 2019 | RMB1,000,000 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Design, manufacture and processing of wax products, metal products and glass products | |
| 寧波芬緣香薫製品有限公司 | 中國 2019年1月7日 | 人民幣1,000,000元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 類製品、金屬產品及玻璃產品之設計、製造及加工 | |
| Ningbo Wanweipulian Technology | PRC | RMB5,000,000 | - | 100.00% | Inspection and testing services | |
| Co., Ltd. (Note 1) 寧波萬微普聯科技有限公司(附註1) | 30 June 2020 中國 2020年6月30日 | 人民幣5,000,000元 | - | 100.00% | 檢驗檢測服務 | |
| Wuhu Keman Crafts Co., Ltd. | PRC | RMB10,000,000 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, handicrafts | |
| 蕪湖苛曼工藝品有限公司 | 17 September 2021 中國 2021年9月17日 | 人民幣10,000,000元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 | |
| Hangzhou Aromage Homeware Co., | PRC 21 May 2010 | RMB500,000 | - | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, handicrafts | |
| Ltd. (Note 1) 杭州香薰時代家居用品有限公司 (附註1) | 21 May 2019 中國 2019年5月21日 | 人民幣500,000元 | - | 100.00% | 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 | |
| Beijing Aromage Homeware Co., Ltd. | PRC 6 November 2019 | RMB500,000 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, handicrafts | |
| 北京香薰時代家居用品 有限公司 | 中國 2019年11月6日 | 人民幣500,000元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 | |
| Wuxi Aromage Homeware Co., Ltd. | PRC 22 November 2019 | RMB500,000 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, handicrafts | |
| 無錫香薰時代家居用品 有限公司 | 中國 2019年11月22日 | 人民幣500,000元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 | |
| Taizhou Aromage Homeware Co., Ltd. | PRC 16 December 2019 | RMB500,000 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, handicrafts | |
| 台州香薰時代家居用品 有限公司 | 中國 2019年12月16日 | 人民幣500,000元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 | |
| Suzhou Aromage Homeware Co., Ltd. | | RMB500,000 | - | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, handicrafts | |
| (Note 1) 蘇州香薰時代家居用品有限公司 (附註 1) | 5 June 2020 中國 2020年6月5日 | 人民幣500,000元 | - | 100.00% | 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 | |
| Jinhua Aromage Homeware Co., Ltd. | PRC 22 June 2020 | RMB500,000 | 100.00% | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, | |
| 金華香薰時代家居用品 有限公司 | 22 June 2020 中國 2020年6月22日 | 人民幣500,000元 | 100.00% | 100.00% | handicrafts 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 | |

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12 SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

12 附屬公司(續)

司的全資附屬公司於美國成立。

| Names of the subsidiaries 附屬公司名稱 | Place and date of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/ 成立地點及日期 | Issued capital 已發行股本 | Attributable equity interest of the Group 歸屬於本集團股本權益 31 December 12月31日 | | Principal activities/place of operation 主要活動/經營地點 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | | 2022 2022年 | 2021 2021年 | |
| Shanghai Yukeyuxiang Homeware Co., Ltd. (Note 1) | PRC 13 Oct 2020 | RMB500,000 | - | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, handicrafts |
| 上海羽客羽香家居用品有限公司 (附註1) | 中國 2020年10月13日 | 人民幣500,000元 | - | 100.00% | 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 |
| Nanjing Aromage Homeware Co., Ltd. | | RMB500,000 | - | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, |
| (Note 1) 南京香薰時代家居用品有限公司 (附註 1) | 4 December 2020 中國 2020年12月4日 | 人民幣500,000元 | - | 100.00% | handicrafts 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 |
| Chongqing Aromage Homeware Co., | | RMB500,000 | - | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, |
| Ltd. (Note 1) 重慶香薰時代家居用品有限公司 (附註1) | 11 December 2020 中國 2020年12月11日 | 人民幣500,000元 | - | 100.00% | handicrafts 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 |
| liaxing Corner Household Products Co. | | - | 100.00% | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, |
| Ltd. 嘉興邊邊角角家居用品有限公司 | 8 October 2021 中國 2021年10月8日 | - | 100.00% | 100.00% | handicrafts 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 |
| Wuhan Aromatherapy Times Househol | | - | 100.00% | 100.00% | Wholesale and retail of household items, |
| Products Co., Ltd. 武漢香薰時代家居用品有限公司 | 14 January 2021 中國 2021年1月14日 | - | 100.00% | 100.00% | handicrafts 批發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 |
| Anhui Fenyuan Aromatic Technology Co., Ltd. (Note 2) | PRC 11 January 2022 | RMB30,200,000 | 100.00% | - | Design, manufacture and processing of wax products |
| 安徽芬緣芳香科技有限公司(附註2) | 中國 2022年1月11日 | 人民幣30,200,000元 | 100.00% | - | 設計、製造及加工蠟製品 |
| Herbay Inc. (Note 3) | US 9 Enhruany 2022 | - | 100.00% | - | Wholesale and retail of household items, handicrafts |
| Herbay Inc. (附註3) | 8 February 2022 美國 2022年2月8日 | - | 100.00% | - | 北發及零售家居項目、手工藝品 |
| Homeware Co., Ltd., | u Aromage Homewa Shanghai Yukeyuxia | Ningbo Wanweipulian are Co., Ltd., Suzhot ng Homeware Co., Lt g Aromage Homewar | Aromage d., Nanjing | 聯; 有[司 京 | 興市苛源工藝品有限公司、寧波萬微 科技有限公司、杭州香薰時代家居用品 限公司、蘇州香薰時代家居用品有限公 、上海羽客羽香家居用品有限公司、區 香薰時代家居用品有限公司及重慶香 代家居用品有限公司於2022年關閉。 |
| Note 2 Anhui Fenyuan Arom in 2022 as a wholly o Limited. | | Ltd. was established wung's Wisdom (Hong | | 為日 | 徽芬緣芳香科技有限公司於2022年代 曠世智源(香港)有限公司的全資附屬公 於中國成立。 |
| Note 3 Herbay Inc. was estal | | 022 as a wholly owned | d subsidiary | | rbay Inc.於2022年作為曠世投資有限2 的全資附屬公司於美國成立。 |

of Kwung's Investments Limited.

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

13 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

13 所得税開支

The amounts of income tax expense charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represent:

計入綜合損益表之所得税開支金額指:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Current income tax – PRC corporate income tax – Hong Kong profits tax Deferred income tax (Note 31) | 即期所得税 一中國企業所得税 一香港利得税 遞延所得税 <i>(附註31)</i> | 2,075 1,209 452 | 4,252 2,703 122 |
| Income tax expense | 所得税開支 | 3,736 | 7,077 |

(a) Cayman Island income tax

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law of Cayman Islands and accordingly, is exempted from Cayman Islands income tax.

(b) British Virgin Islands income tax

Under the current laws of the British Virgin Islands, entities incorporated in British Virgin Islands are not subject to tax on their income or capital gains.

(c) Hong Kong profits tax

Income tax provision of the Group in respect of operations in Hong Kong has been calculated at the applicable tax rate on the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 December 2022, based on the existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof. The statutory tax rate was 16.5% for the year ended 31 December 2022.

(a) 開曼群島所得税

本公司為根據開曼群島公司法於 開曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限 公司,因此,獲豁免繳納開曼群 島所得稅。

(b) 英屬處女群島所得税

根據英屬處女群島現有法律,於 英屬處女群島註冊成立之實體無 須就其收益或資本收益繳納税費。

(c) 香港利得税

本集團就於香港經營作出的所得稅撥備已根據現行法律、解釋及慣例,以預估截至2022年12月31日止年度的應課稅溢利的適用稅率計算。截至2022年12月31日止年度,法定稅率為16.5%。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

13 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

(d) PRC corporate income tax

Income tax provision of the Group in respect of operations in Mainland China has been calculated at the applicable tax rate on the estimated assessable profits for the years, based on the existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof. The statutory tax rate was 25% for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

Ningbo Kwung's was qualified as a "High and New Technology Enterprise" ("HNTE") since 2008 and renewed its qualification in December 2020. It is subject to a reduced preferential corporate income tax rate of 15% from 2020 to December 2023 according to the applicable tax preference applicable to the HNTE.

According to the relevant laws and regulations promulgated by the State Tax Bureau of the PRC that was effective from 2018, during the period from 1 January 2018 to 31 December 2023, enterprises engaging in research and development activities are entitled to claim 200% of their research and development expenses incurred as tax deductible expenses when determining their assessable profits for that year ("Super deduction for research and **development expense**"), while the deduction rate was 175% before then. The Group has made its best estimate for the Super Deduction for R&D expenses to be claimed for the Group's entities in ascertaining assessable profits during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

In addition, pursuant to the Announcement on Increasing the Pre-tax Deductions in Support of Technological Innovation (Announcement [2022] No. 28) issued by the Ministry of Finance, the State Taxation Administration and the Ministry of Science and Technology, during the period from 1 October 2022 to 31 December 2022, the cost of newly purchased equipment can be fully deducted against taxable profit in 2022, and entitled to additional pre-tax deduction at 100%.

13 所得税開支(續)

(d) 中國企業所得税

本集團就中國內地的經營作出的 所得税撥備已根據現行法律、解 釋及慣例,以預估年內應課税溢 利的適用税率計算。截至2022年 及2021年12月31日止年度,法定 税率為25%。

寧波曠世自2008年以來符合資格 作為「高新技術企業」(「高新技術 企業」)並於2020年12月更新其資 格,且根據適用於高新技術企業 之適用税項優惠,其自2020年至 2023年12月期間按15%的下調優 惠企業所得稅稅率繳稅。

依據中國國家税務總局頒佈自 2018年起生效的相關法律法規, 於2018年1月1日至2023年12月 31日期間從事研發活動的企業於 該年度釐定應課税溢利時,有權 要求將其產生的研發開支的200% 列作可扣減税項開支(「研發開 支超額抵扣」),而抵扣率之前為 175%。本集團已就本集團實體可 要求的研發開支超額抵扣作出其 最佳估價,以確定截至2022年及 2021年12月31日止年度的應課 税溢利。

此外,根據財政部、國家稅務總 局及科技部發佈的《關於加大支持 科技創新税前扣除力度的公告》(公 告2022年第28號),於2022年10 月1日至2022年12月31日期間, 新購置設備的成本可於2022年的 應課税溢利中全額扣除,並有權 於税前實行100%加計扣除。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

13 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

13 所得税開支(續)

(d) PRC corporate income tax (Continued)

(d) 中國企業所得税(續)

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Profit before income tax | 除所得税前溢利 | 56,374 | 56,115 |
| Tax calculated at applicable corporate income tax rate of 25% Tax effects of: – Expenses not deductible for | 按適用企業所得税税率25% 6 計算的税項 以下各項税務影響: 一就税項而言不可扣除 | 14,094 | 14,029 |
| taxation purposes – Income not subject to | 的開支 -無須繳納所得税的收入 | 72 | 93 |
| income tax – Preferential income tax rate | 一國內實體適用的 | (1,703) | _ |
| applied in domestic entities – Different HK rate impact – Super deduction for research | 優惠所得稅稅率 一不同香港稅率的影響 一研發開支之超額抵扣 | (4,597) (846) | (4,243) (2,211) |
| and development expenses – Additional deduction | 一設備加計扣除 | (2,935) | (2,295) |
| for equipment - Deductible tax losses and temporary differences not recognised for deferred income tax assets | 一未確認的遞延所得税 資產可抵扣税項 虧損及暫時差額 | (1,392) | 1 704 |
| income tax assets | | 1,043 | 1,704 |
| Income tax expense | 所得税開支 | 3,736 | 7,077 |

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

14 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The basic earnings per share for the years ended 31 December 2022 is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issued during the period.

14 每股盈利

(a) 每股基本盈利

截至2022年12月31日止年度每 股基本盈利按期內本公司擁有人 應佔溢利除以已發行普通股加權 平均數計算。

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company (RMB'000) Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue | 本公司擁有人應佔溢利 (人民幣千元) 已發行普通股的加權平均 數(以千股列示) | 52,605 | 49,000 |
| (expressed in thousand) Basic earnings per share for profit attributable to the owners of the Company (expressed in RMB per share) | 本公司擁有人應佔溢利的 每股基本盈利 (按每股人民幣表示) | 405,042 13.0 cents | 405,042 12.1 cents |

For the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, diluted earnings per share was equal to the basic earnings per share as there were no dilutive shares.

截至2022年及2021年12月31日 止年度,由於並無攤薄股份,故 每股攤薄盈利相等於每股基本盈利。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15 物業、廠房及設備

| | | Buildings 樓宇 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Transportation equipment 運輸設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Electronic equipment 電子設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Machinery 機械 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Furniture 傢具 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Leasehold improvements 租賃装修 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Assets under construction 在建資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| As at 1 January 2022 Cost Accumulated | 於2022年1月1日 成本 累計折舊 | 15,861 | 3,561 | 2,715 | 19,872 | 2,866 | 28,880 | 2,290 | 76,045 |
| depreciation | 3,8121 | (4,925) | (1,745) | (1,727) | (6,214) | (1,617) | (13,802) | - | (30,030) |
| Net book value | 脹面淨值 | 10,936 | 1,816 | 988 | 13,658 | 1,249 | 15,078 | 2,290 | 46,015 |
| Year ended 31 December 2022 | 截至 2022年12月31 日 ! 止年度 | | | | | | | | |
| Opening net book value Additions | 年初賬面淨值 添置 | 10,936 - | 1,816 120 | 988 2,146 | 13,658 2,413 | 1,249 281 | 15,078 9,369 | 2,290 4,696 | 46,015 19,025 |
| Transfers Disposals Depreciation (Note 7) | 轉讓 出售 折舊 <i>(附註7)</i> | (25) (642) | (1) (405) | (582) (299) | 4,206 (610) (1,830) | (108) (364) | - - (7,396) | (4,206) - - | (1,326) (10,936) |
| Closing net book value | 年末賬面淨值 | 10,269 | 1,530 | 2,253 | 17,837 | 1,058 | 17,051 | 2,780 | 52,778 |
| As at 31 December 2022 | 於2022年12月31日 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost Accumulated | 成本 累計折舊 | 15,502 | 3,659 | 3,317 | 22,161 | 2,301 | 38,249 | 2,780 | 87,969 |
| depreciation | ☆川川百 | (5,233) | (2,129) | (1,064) | (4,324) | (1,243) | (21,198) | - | (35,191) |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | 10,269 | 1,530 | 2,253 | 17,837 | 1,058 | 17,051 | 2,780 | 52,778 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(Continued)

| | | Buildings 樓宇 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Transportation equipment 運輸設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Electronic equipment 電子設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Machinery 機械 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Furniture 傢具 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Leasehold improvements 租賃裝修 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Assets under construction 在建資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| As at 1 January 2021 | 於2021年1月1日 | | | | | , | | | |
| Cost | 成本 | 20,362 | 3,397 | 2,562 | 13,240 | 2,191 | 22,053 | 4,156 | 67,961 |
| Accumulated | 累計折舊 | | | | | | | | |
| depreciation | | (5,488) | (1,383) | (1,540) | (4,712) | (1,359) | (8,012) | - | (22,494) |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | 14,874 | 2,014 | 1,022 | 8,528 | 832 | 14,041 | 4,156 | 45,467 |
| Year ended 31 December 2021 | 截至2021年12月31日 止年度 | | | | | | | | |
| Opening net book value | | 14,874 | 2,014 | 1,022 | 8,528 | 832 | 14,041 | 4,156 | 45,467 |
| Additions | 添置 | - | 179 | 222 | 1,495 | 675 | 6,827 | 3,271 | 12,669 |
| Transfers | 轉讓 | (3,216) | - | - | 5,137 | - | - | (5,137) | (3,216) |
| Disposals | 出售 | - | (1) | (7) | - | - | - | - | (8) |
| Depreciation (Note 7) | 折舊(附註7) | (722) | (376) | (249) | (1,502) | (258) | (5,790) | - | (8,897) |
| Closing net book value | 年末賬面淨值 | 10,936 | 1,816 | 988 | 13,658 | 1,249 | 15,078 | 2,290 | 46,015 |
| As at 31 December 2021 | 於2021年12月31日 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | 成本 | 15,861 | 3,561 | 2,715 | 19,872 | 2,866 | 28,880 | 2,290 | 76,045 |
| Accumulated depreciation | 累計折舊 | (4,925) | (1,745) | (1,727) | (6,214) | (1,617) | (13,802) | | (30,030) |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | 10,936 | 1,816 | 988 | 13,658 | 1,249 | 15,078 | 2,290 | 46,015 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(Continued)

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment was charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

物業、廠房及設備之折舊已於綜合損 益及其他全面收益表扣除如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 銷售成本 行政開支 研發開支 銷售開支 | 6,425 2,722 731 1,058 | 4,407 2,239 662 1,589 |
| | 10,936 | 8,897 |

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, assets under construction mainly represented the machinery costs of Ningbo Fenyuan Aromatherapy Products Co., Ltd.

於2022年及2021年12月31日,在建 資產主要指寧波芬緣香薰製品有限公 司的機械成本。

16 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

16 投資物業

Investment properties are located in the PRC. The movement of investment properties is analysed as follows:

投資物業位於中國。投資物業之變動 分析如下:

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cost Accumulated depreciation | 成本 累計折舊 | 11,905 (4,369) | 11,905 (3,992) |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | 7,536 | 7,913 |
| Opening net book value Transfer from owner-occupied | 年初賬面淨值 自業主自用物業轉讓 | 7,913 | 4,995 |
| property Depreciation (Note 7) | 折舊 <i>(附註7)</i> | – (377) | 3,216 (298) |
| Closing net book value | 年末賬面淨值 | 7,536 | 7,913 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

16 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

The fair value of the investment properties as at 31 December 2022 approximates their net book value. The fair value is estimated by management. The valuations are derived using direct comparison method. Direct comparison method is based on comparing the property to be valued directly with other comparable properties, which have recently transacted.

Lease rental income relating to the lease of investment properties has been included in the Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

16 投資物業(續)

於2022年12月31日的投資物業之公平 值與其賬面淨值相近。公平值由管理 層估計。估值使用直接比較法得出。直 接比較法乃基於將要估值之物業與最 近曾交易之其他可供比較物業作直接 比較。

與投資物業之租賃有關之租賃租金收 益已計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表 如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | PA 73 - | |
|---------------|------|---------|---------|
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | 2022年 | 2021年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | |
| Rental income | 租金收益 | 1,529 | 1,379 |
| | | | |

Depreciation of investment properties was charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

投資物業折舊已於綜合損益及其他全 面收益表扣除如下:

| | | 2022 | 2021 |
|-------------------------|------|---------|---------|
| | | 2022年 | 2021年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | |
| Administrative expenses | 行政開支 | 377 | 298 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

17 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

17 無形資產

| | | Patent right 專利權 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Software 軟件 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| At 1 January 2022 Cost Accumulated amortisation | 於2022年1月1日 成本 累計攤銷 | 1,120 (965) | 6,927 (2,711) | 8,047 (3,676) |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | 155 | 4,216 | 4,371 |
| Year ended 31 December 2022 | 截至 2022 年12月31日 止年度 | | | |
| Opening net book value Additions Amortisation (Note 7) | 年初賬面淨值 添置 攤銷 <i>(附註7)</i> | 155 2 (55) | 4,216 921 (642) | 4,371 923 (697) |
| Closing net book value | 年末賬面淨值 | 102 | 4,495 | 4,597 |
| At 31 December 2022 Cost Accumulated amortisation | 於2022年12月31日 成本 累計攤銷 | 1,122 (1,020) | 7,849 (3,354) | 8,971 (4,374) |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | 102 | 4,495 | 4,597 |
| At 1 January 2021 Cost Accumulated amortisation | 於2021年1月1日 成本 累計攤銷 | 1,115 (904) | 6,674 (2,122) | 7,789 (3,026) |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | 211 | 4,552 | 4,763 |
| Year ended 31 December 2021 | 截至 2021 年12月31日 止年度 | | | |
| Opening net book value Additions Disposals Amortisation <i>(Note 7)</i> | 年初賬面淨值 添置 出售 攤銷 <i>(附註7)</i> | 211 5 - (61) | 4,552 295 (40) (591) | 4,763 300 (40) (652) |
| Closing net book value | 年末賬面淨值 | 155 | 4,216 | 4,371 |
| At 31 December 2021 Cost Accumulated amortisation | 於2021年12月31日 成本 累計攤銷 | 1,120 (965) | 6,927 (2,711) | 8,047 (3,676) |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | 155 | 4,216 | 4,371 |
| | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

17 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

17 無形資產(續)

Amortisation of intangible assets was charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income follows:

無形資產攤銷已於綜合損益及其他全 面收益表扣除如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | JI H II I IX |
|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| | 2022年 | 2021年 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | |
| Administrative expenses 行耳 | 7 開支 697 | 652 |

18 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

18 使用權資產

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Land use rights Properties | 土地使用權 物業 | 36,898 199 | 7,265 2,547 |
| | | 37,097 | 9,812 |

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

18 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

(1) Land use rights

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments for land located in the PRC and the lease term is 50 years. The net book amount of land use right is analysed as follows:

18 使用權資產(續)

(1) 土地使用權

本集團的土地使用權權益指就位 於中國的土地的預付經營租賃付 款,而租賃期為50年。土地使用 權賬面淨值分析如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cost Accumulated depreciation | 成本 累計折舊 | 40,936 (4,038) | 10,807 (3,542) |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | 36,898 | 7,265 |
| Opening net book value Additions Amortisation charges (Note 7) | 年初賬面淨值 添置 攤銷費用 <i>(附註7)</i> | 7,265 30,130 (497) | 7,511 - (246) |
| Closing net book value | 年末賬面淨值 | 36,898 | 7,265 |

Amortisation of right-of-use assets, with the amount of RMB246,000(2021: RMB246,000) was charged to administrative expenses. Amortisation of right-of-use assets, with the amount of RMB251,000(2021:nil) was capitalised to Property, Plant and Equipment.

使用權資產攤銷人民幣246,000元 (2021年:人民幣246,000元)自行政 開支中扣除。使用權資產攤銷人民幣 251,000元(2021年:零)於物業、廠房 及設備中資本化。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

18 RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

18 使用權資產(續)

(2) Properties

The Group leases properties for own use. Information about leases for which the Group is a lessee is presented below:

(2) 物業

本集團租賃物業乃供自用。關於 本集團作為承租人的租賃資料呈 列如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cost Accumulated depreciation | 成本 累計折舊 | 6,700 (6,501) | 7,170 (4,623) |
| Net book value | 賬面淨值 | 199 | 2,547 |
| Opening net book value Addition Disposals Depreciation charge (Note 7) | 年初賬面淨值 添置 出售 折舊費用 <i>(附註7)</i> | 2,547 506 (262) (2,592) | 5,517 803 (104) (3,669) |
| Closing net book value | 年末賬面淨值 | 199 | 2,547 |

The consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the consolidated statements of cash flows contain the following amounts relating to leases:

綜合損益及其他全面收益表及綜 合現金流量表包括以下有關租賃 的金額:

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Depreciation and amortisation | 使用權資產折舊及 | | |
| charges of right-of-use assets | 攤銷費用 | 2,592 | 3,669 |
| Interest paid | 已付利息 | 83 | 200 |
| Expenses relating to low value of short term leases | 低價值短期租賃 相關開支 | 3,021 | 1,944 |
| The cash outflows for leases as operating activities | 租賃作為經營活動的 現金流出 | 3,021 | 1,944 |
| The cash outflows for leases as financing activities | 租賃作為融資活動的 現金流出 | 2,881 | 3,355 |
| iniancing activities | クレ <u>Ψ</u> //ll 口 | 2,001 | 5,555 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

19 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY 19 按類別劃分之金融工具

The Group holds the following financial instruments:

本集團持有以下金融工具:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | M 12/131 H | | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | Note 附註 | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Financial assets | 金融資產 | | | |
| Financial assets at amortised cost: | 按攤銷成本之 | | | |
| Trade receivables Other receivables (excluding recoverable value added tax) | 金融資產: 貿易應收款項 其他應收款項 (可收回增值稅 | 21 | 120,661 | 146,729 |
| | 除外) | 22 | 2,651 | 3,240 |
| Cash and cash in bank | 現金及銀行現金 | 25 | 143,221 | 199,742 |
| Other current assets | 其他流動資產 | 24 | 105,000 | 7,013 |
| Financial assets at fair value through | 按公平值計入損益 | | | • |
| profit or loss | 之金融資產 | 23 | 103,975 | 2,408 |
| | | | - | <u> </u> |
| | | | 475,508 | 359,132 |
| Financial liabilities | 金融負債 | | | |
| Liabilities at amortised cost: Trade and other payables (excluding staff salaries and welfare payables and accrued taxes other than income tax) | 按攤銷成本之負債: 貿易及其他應付 款項(應付職員 薪資及福利及 應計税項(所得 | | | |
| | 税除外)除外) | 28 | 77,155 | 69,303 |
| Lease liabilities | 租賃負債 | 30 | 201 | 2,785 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through | 按公平值計入損 | 50 | 201 | 2,703 |
| profit or loss | 益之金融負債 | 23 | 4,972 | 278 |
| F | | | -,-7= | |
| | | | 82,328 | 72,366 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

20 INVENTORIES

20 存貨

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 20 2022 RMB'0 人民幣千 | 年 2021年 RMB'000 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods Provision for impairment of inventories | 原材料 半成品 製成品 存貨減值撥備 | 32,9 5,5 27,6 | 58 6,760 |
| | | 66,0 | |

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in "cost of sales" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to RMB305,536,000 for the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: RMB217,658,000).

截至2022年12月31日止年度,被確認 為開支並被計入綜合損益及其他全面 收益表內「銷售成本」的存貨成本為人 民幣305,536,000元(2021年:人民幣 217,658,000元)。

21 TRADE RECEIVABLES

21 貿易應收款項

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| Trade receivables – net 貿易應收款項-淨額 | 120,661 | 146,729 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| trade receivables | (3,472) | (4,125) |
| Trade receivables due from third 應收第三方之貿易應收款項 parties Less: Allowance for impairment of 減:貿易應收款項減值撥備 | 124,133 | 150,854 |
| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |

Trade receivables all arise from sales of goods.

貿易應收款項均來自銷售貨品。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

21 TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the gross carrying amounts of trade receivables before provision were denominated in the following currencies:

21 貿易應收款項(續)

於2022年及2021年12月31日,於撥備前貿易應收款項之總賬面值按以下貨幣計值:

As at 31 December 於 12 月 31 日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| USD RMB ⁽ⁱ⁾ | 美元 人民幣 [®] | 102,458 21,675 | 107,529 43,325 |
| | | 124,133 | 150,854 |

⁽i) As at 31 December 2022, RMB15,047,311 was due from overseas clients who made the payment via Cross-border Interbank Payment System.

(i) 於2022年12月31日,人民幣15,047,311元 為應收海外客戶款項(透過跨境銀行間支付 系統支付)。

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the ageing analysis of the trade receivables based on invoice date was as follows:

於2022年及2021年12月31日,基於發票日期的貿易應收款項的賬齡分析如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Within 30 days Over 30 days and within 180 days Over 180 days and within one year | 30日內 超過30日至180日內 超過180日至1年內 | 37,295 80,501 1,964 | 48,710 94,201 4,188 |
| Over one year and within two years Over two years and within three years | 超過1年至2年內 超過2年至3年內 | 2,817 1,556 | 2,397 755 |
| Over three years | 超過3年 | - | 603 |
| | | 124,133 | 150,854 |

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the fair value of trade receivables approximated their carrying amounts. Sales of products are received in accordance with the terms of the relevant sales agreements, and due for payment upon the issuance of invoice.

於2022年及2021年12月31日,貿易應收款項公平值與其賬面值相近。產品銷售根據相關銷售協議條款收取,並於出具發票後支付。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

21 TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

The Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the assets. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles of sales over past years and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced within this period. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Group has identified the factors such as GDP of the countries in which it sells its goods to be the most relevant factors, and accordingly adjusts the historical loss rates based on expected changes in these factors. At every reporting date the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Group did not hold any collateral as security over these debtors.

21 貿易應收款項(續)

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號許 可的簡化方法,其要求自資產初步確 認後將予確認預期存續期間虧損。預 期虧損率乃基於過往年度之銷售付款 組合及該期間內經歷之相應歷史信貸 虧損。歷史虧損率乃經調整以反映有 關影響客戶結清應收款項之能力的宏 觀經濟因素之當前及前瞻性資料。本 集團已識別該等因素,例如其出售貨 品所在國家之國內生產總值為最大相 關因素,因此,根據該等因素基於預期 變動調整歷史虧損率。於各報告日期, 已觀察之歷史違約率已更新且前瞻性 估值之變動已進行分析。於2022年及 2021年12月31日,本集團並無持有任 何抵押品作為該等應收賬款之抵押。

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | 2022 | 2021 |
|----------------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| | 2022年 | 2021年 |
| | ECL Rate | ECL Rate |
| | 預期信貸 | 預期信貸 |
| | 虧損率 | 虧損率 |
| | | |
| Within 30 days 30 日內 | 0.08% | 0.17% |
| Over 30 days and within 180 days 超過30日至180日內 | 0.18% | 0.36% |
| Over 180 days and within one year 超過180日至1年內 | 14.33% | 24.40% |
| Over one year and within two years 超過1年至2年內 | 51.83% | 55.17% |
| Over two years 超過2年 | 100.00% | 100.00% |

Movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款項減值撥備變動如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| At the beginning of the year Provision for impairment Written off during the year | 於年初 減值撥備 年內撇銷 | (4,125) (417) 1,070 | (1,784) (2,341) – |
| At the end of the year | 於年末 | (3,472) | (4,125) |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

22 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER **RECEIVABLES**

22 預付款項、按金及其他應 收款項

| | IN IZ /J J I H | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021年 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| 預付款項 一向供應商墊款 一預付所得税 一預付增值税 | 10,468 3,773 1,005 | 16,566 - 1,347 |
| 小青十 | 15,246 | 17,913 |
| 其他應收款項 一按金 一向僱員墊款 一可收回之增值税 一應收關聯方款項(附註34(d)) 一其他 | 926 1,017 3,670 462 246 | 2,103 815 11,630 145 177 |
| 小計 | 6,321 | 14,870 |
| 總計 | 21,567 | 32,783 |
| 減:其他應收款項減值撥備 | (217) | (325) |
| | 一向供應商墊款 一預付所得稅 一預付增值稅 小計 其他應收款項 一按金 一向僱員墊款 一可收回之增值稅 一應收關聯方款項(附註34(d)) 一其他 小計 | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 預付款項 —向供應商墊款 —預付所得稅 —預付增值稅 10,468 3,773 —預付增值稅 15,246 其他應收款項 —按金 —向僱員墊款 —可收回之增值稅 —應收關聯方款項(附註34(d)) —應收關聯方款項(附註34(d)) —其他 462 —其他 小計 6,321 總計 21,567 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

22 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER **RECEIVABLES** (Continued)

Movements in the provision for impairment of other receivables are as follows:

22 預付款項、按金及其他應 收款項(續)

其他應收款項減值撥備的變動如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | <u> </u> | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| | | 2022 2022 年 | 2021 2021年 |
| | | RMB'000 人民幣千元 | RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| At the beginning of the year Reversal of/(provision for) | 於年初 減值撥回/(撥備) | (325) | (212) |
| impairment Written off during the year | 年內撇銷 | 63 45 | (113) – |
| At the end of the year | 於年末 | (217) | (325) |

23 FINANCIAL ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) AT FAIR **VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS**

Financial assets 金融資產

As at 31 December 於12月31日

23 按公平值計入損益之金融

資產/(負債)

| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| AL A (8/1) | | |
| Funds (Note a) 基金(附註a) | 101,560 | _ |
| Wealth management products 商業銀行發行之理財產品 | | |
| issued by commercial banks | 1,650 | _ |
| RMB:USD fixed-fixed cross-currency 人民幣兑美元固定交叉貨幣 | | |
| exchange rate swap 匯率掉期 | 765 | _ |
| Foreign currency forwards 外幣遠期合約 | - | 2,408 |
| | | |
| | 103,975 | 2,408 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

23 FINANCIAL ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

(Continued)

Financial liabilities

23 按公平值計入損益之金融 資產/(負債)(續)

金融負債

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | 21.12.13 | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Foreign currency forwards (Note b) 外幣遠期合約(附註b) USD:RMB fixed-fixed cross-currency 美元技物 | (4,656) | (270) |
| exchange rate swap | (316) | (278) |
| | (4,972) | (278) |

Note a: During 2022, the Group subscribed to the funds in batches with the total principal amount of RMB100,000,000. As at 31 December 2022, the estimated market value of the fund is RMB101,560,368.

Note b: As at 31 December 2022, the Group entered into a number of foreign currency forward agreements with commercial banks to hedge the foreign exchange exposure.

For information about the methods used in determining fair value, please refer to Note 3.3.

附註a: 於2022年,本集團分批認購基金,本金 總額為人民幣100,000,000元。於2022 年12月31日,基金估計市值為人民幣 101,560,368元。

附註b: 於2022年12月31日,本集團與商業銀行 訂立若干外幣遠期合約以對沖外匯風險。

有關用於釐定公平值之方法之資料, 請參閱附註3.3。

24 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

24 其他流動資產

| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Fixed deposits 定期存款 Fixed income wealth management 固定收益之理財產品 products | 105,000 | 7,013 |
| products | 105,000 | 7,013 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

25 CASH AND CASH IN BANK

25 現金及銀行現金

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cash on hand Cash in banks ⁽ⁱ⁾ Cash in other financial institutions | 手頭現金 銀行現金 [®] 於其他財務機構的現金 | 15 142,256 950 | 18 199,264 460 |
| | | 143,221 | 199,742 |

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, Cash in banks contains RMB15.331.597 and RMB32,138,134 restricted cash deposits, respectively.

於 2022 年 及 2021 年 12 月 31 日,銀 行 現 金分別包含人民幣15,331,597元及人民幣 32,138,134元受限制現金存款。

The carrying amounts of cash and cash in bank are denominated in the following currencies:

現金及銀行現金的賬面值以下列貨幣 計值:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| RMB USD HKD | 人民幣 美元 港元 | 59,856 83,170 195 | 50,741 128,914 20,087 |
| | | 143,221 | 199,742 |

All cash at bank are deposits with original maturity within 3 months. The Group earns interest on cash at bank at floating bank deposit rates ranged from 0.0001% to 2.5% and 0.0001% to 1.30% during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 respectively.

所有銀行現金均為原屆滿期限為3個月 內之存款。本集團截至2022年及2021 年12月31日止年度分別按銀行浮動存 款率介乎0.0001%至2.5%及0.0001% 至1.30%賺取銀行現金利息。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

26 SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

26 股本及股份溢價

On 13 November 2018, the Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands. At the date of incorporation, the authorised share capital was HKD380,000 at par value of HKD0.001.

本公司已於2018年11月13日在開曼群島註冊成立。於註冊成立日期,法定股本為380,000港元,每股面值0.001港元。

Ordinary shares issued and fully paid:

已發行及繳足普通股:

| | | Number of ordinary shares 普通股 數目 | Nominal value of shares 股份票面 價值 HKD 港元 | Equivalent nominal value of shares 股份票面 價值等值 RMB 人民幣 | Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| At 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021 | 於2022年12月31日 及2021年 12月31日 | 405,042,000 | 405,042 | 358,767 | 249,653 |

27 OTHER RESERVES

27 其他儲備

| | | Capital reserves | Statutory reserves | Translation differences | Total other reserves 其他 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 換算差額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 儲備總額 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| As at 1 January 2022 Exchange differences on translation of foreign | 於2022年1月1日 境外業務換算之 匯兑差額 | (72,629) | 46,481 | - | (26,148) |
| operations Appropriation to statutory | 撥備至法定儲備 | - | - | 97 | 97 |
| reserves | | | 5,205 | | 5,205 |
| As at 31 December 2022 | 於2022年12月31日 | (72,629) | 51,686 | 97 | (20,846) |
| As at 1 January 2021 Exchange differences on translation of foreign | 於2021年1月1日 境外業務換算之 匯兑差額 | (72,629) | 42,780 | 2 | (29,847) |
| operations | | _ | _ | (2) | (2) |
| Appropriation to statutory reserves | 撥備至法定儲備 | _ | 3,701 | | 3,701 |
| As at 31 December 2021 | 於2021年12月31日 | (72,629) | 46,481 | | (26,148) |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

28 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

28 貿易及其他應付款項

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Trade payables due to third parties 應付第三方之貿易應付款項 其他應付款項 Staff salaries and welfare payables | 70,001 7,154 5,264 1,806 | 63,276 6,027 6,977 1,788 |
| | 84,225 | 78,068 |

- (a) As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, all trade and other payables of the Group were non-interest bearing.
- (b) During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the majority of the Group's trade and other payables were denominated in RMB.
- (c) Ageing analysis of trade payables to third parties and related parties based on invoice date at the respective year end dates was as follows:
- (a) 於2022年及2021年12月31日, 本集團所有貿易及其他應付款項 為免息。
- (b) 截至2022年及2021年12月31日 止年度,本集團大部分貿易及其 他應付款項均按人民幣計值。
- (c) 於各年結束之日根據發票日期應 付第三方及關聯方之貿易應付款 項賬齡分析如下:

| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Within one year 1年以內 Over one year and within two years 超過1年至2年內 Over two years 超過2年 | 69,533 339 129 | 62,928 297 51 |
| | 70,001 | 63,276 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

29 BORROWINGS

29 借貸

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Bank loans – unsecured Bank loans – secured (i) | 銀行貸款-無抵押 銀行貸款-有抵押(i) | 115,000 20,000 | 10,000 70,000 |
| | | 135,000 | 80,000 |

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's borrowings were repayable as follows:

於2022年12月31日,本集團的應償還 之借貸如下:

As at 31 December ₩42 🗆 24 🗆

| | | が 12) | 31 🗆 |
|-----------------|-----|---------------|---------|
| | | 2022 | 2021 |
| | | 2022年 | 2021年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | |
| Within one year | 一年內 | 135,000 | 80,000 |
| | | | |

- The secured bank loans were related to the bank acceptance bills discounted with a local bank. As at 31 December 2022, the Group pledged RMB5,861,320 in the bank for the purpose of discounting of bank acceptance bills.
- (i) 有抵押銀行貸款與一間當地銀 行貼現的銀行承兑票據有關。於 2022年12月31日,本集團就貼現 銀行承兑票據向銀行抵押人民幣 5,861,320元。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

30 LEASE LIABILITIES

30 租賃負債

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Minimum lease payments due – Within 1 year – Between 1 and 2 years – Between 2 and 5 years | 到期最低租賃付款 一於1年內 -1至2年 -2至5年 | 204 - - | 2,620 227 21 |
| | | 204 | 2,868 |
| Less: Future finance charges | 減:未來融資費用 | (3) | (83) |
| Present value of lease liabilities | 租賃負債現值 | 201 | 2,785 |
| Minimum lease payments due – Within 1 year – Between 1 and 2 years – Between 2 and 5 years | 到期最低租賃付款 一於1年內 -1至2年 -2至5年 | 201 - - | 2,544 220 21 |
| Present value of lease liabilities | 租賃負債現值 | 201 | 2,785 |

The Group leases warehouses, factory workshops and shopping mall counters. These lease liabilities were measured at net present value of the lease payments to be paid during the lease terms.

Lease liabilities were discounted at incremental borrowing rate. The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to the lease liabilities was 4.75%.

For the total cash outflows for leases including payments of lease liabilities and payments of interest expenses on leases are disclosed in Note 18.

本集團租賃倉庫、工廠車間及商場櫃檯。 該等租賃負債按將於租期內支付的租 賃付款淨現值計量。

租賃負債按增量借款利率折現。應用 於租賃負債的加權平均承租人的增量 借款利率為4.75%。

包括租賃負債付款及租賃利息開支付 款的租賃總現金流出於附註18披露。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

31 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

31 遞延税項資產及負債

Deferred tax assets

遞延税項資產

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | Note 附註 | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: | 結餘包括以下各項應佔的暫 時性差額: | | | |
| Allowance on doubtful debts Accrued expenses Lease liabilities Financial assets and liabilities at FVPL Tax losses | 呆賬準備 預提開支 租賃負債 按公平值計入損益之金融 資產及負債 税項虧損 | | 249 314 - 687 | 492 110 52 - 100 |
| Total deferred tax assets | | | 1,305 | 754 |
| Set-off of deferred tax liabilities pursuant to set-off provisions | 根據抵銷規定抵銷遞延税 項負債 | (i) | (1,233) | (366) |
| Net deferred tax assets | 遞延税項資產淨值 | | 72 | 388 |

曠世控股有限公司

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

31 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES 31 遞延税項資產及負債(續)

(Continued)

Deferred tax assets (Continued)

遞延税項資產(續)

| | | Allowance on doubtful debts | Accrued payroll | Financial assets and liabilities at FVPL 按公平值 計入損益之 金融資產 | Accrued expenses | Lease liabilities | Tax losses | Total |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | 呆脹準備 | 應付薪酬 | 及負債 | 預提開支 | 租賃負債 | 税項虧損 | 總計 |
| | | RMB'000 人民幣千元 | RMB'000 人民幣千元 | RMB'000 人民幣千元 | RMB'000 人民幣千元 | RMB'000 人民幣千元 | RMB'000 人民幣千元 | RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| | | 八八市「儿 | 八八市1九 | 八氏市1九 | 八氏市1九 | 八氏市1九 | 八氏市1九 | 八八市「儿 |
| As at 1 January 2022 | 於2022年1月1日 | 492 | - | - | 110 | 52 | 100 | 754 |
| (Charged)/credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss | (扣除)/計入綜合損益表 | (243) | - | 687 | 204 | (52) | (45) | 551 |
| At 31 December 2022 | 於2022年12月31日 | 249 | - | 687 | 314 | - | 55 | 1,305 |
| As at 1 January 2021 | 於2021年1月1日 | 261 | 342 | - | 110 | 1,251 | 431 | 2,395 |
| (Charged)/credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss | (扣除)/計入綜合損益表 | 231 | (342) | - | - | (1,199) | (331) | (1,641) |
| At 31 December 2021 | 於2021年12月31日 | 492 | - | - | 110 | 52 | 100 | 754 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

31 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

31 遞延税項資產及負債(續)

(Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延税項負債

| | | 27.127.1 | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | Note 附註 | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| The balance comprises temporary differences attributable to: | 結餘包括以下各項應佔的暫 時性差額: | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment Financial assets and liabilities at FVPL | 物業、廠房及設備 按公平值計入損益之金融 資產及負債 | | 1,369 | - 320 |
| Right-of-use assets | 使用權資產 | | - | 46 |
| Total deferred tax liabilities | 遞延税項負債總額 | | 1,369 | 366 |
| Set-off of deferred tax liabilities pursuant to set-off provisions | 根據抵銷規定抵銷遞延税 項負債 | (i) | (1,233) | (366) |
| Net deferred tax liabilities | 遞延税項負債淨額 | | 136 | _ |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

31 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES 31 遞延税項資產及負債(續)

(Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities (Continued)

遞延税項負債(續)

| | | at FVPL 按公平值計 入損益之 金融資產 | Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房 | Right-of-use assets | Total |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| | | 及負債 RMB'000 | 及設備 RMB'000 | 使用權資產 RMB'000 | 總計 RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| As at 1 January 2022 | 於2022年1月1日 | 320 | - | 46 | 366 |
| (Credited)/charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss | (計入)/扣除綜合損益表 | (320) | 1,369 | (46) | 1,003 |
| At 31 December 2022 | 於2022年12月31日 | - | 1,369 | - | 1,369 |
| As at 1 January 2021 | 於2021年1月1日 | 729 | _ | 1,156 | 1,885 |
| Credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss | 計入綜合損益表 | (409) | _ | (1,110) | (1,519) |
| At 31 December 2021 | 於2021年12月31日 | 320 | _ | 46 | 366 |

Note (i): Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income tax levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balance and a net basis.

附註(i):當有可依法強制執行的權利將即期稅項 資產與即期税項負債抵銷,而遞延所得 税資產及負債與同一税務機構向應課税 實體或不同應課税實體徵收的所得税相 關且有意按淨額基準結清結餘時,則號 延所得税資產及負債抵銷。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

31 DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

31 遞延税項資產及負債(續)

(Continued)

Deferred tax assets not recognized

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carry forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 December 2022, the Group had tax losses of RMB35,156,000 (2021: RMB34,183,000) to carry forward, which were not recognised as deferred tax assets as the Directors considered that the utilisation of these tax losses in the foreseeable future is not probable, of which an amount of RMB11,073,000 (2021: RMB6,921,000) will expire as follow and an amount of RMB24,083,000 (2021: RMB27,262,000) has no expiry date.

未確認的遞延税項資產

若可能通過未來應課税溢利實現相關 税務利益,則會就結轉之稅項虧損確 認遞延所得税資產。於2022年12月31 日,本集團結轉人民幣35,156,000元 (2021年:人民幣34,183,000元)之税 項虧損,由於董事認為於可見未來不 太可能動用該等税項虧損,故並無將 其確認為遞延税項資產,其中金額人 民幣11,073,000元(2021年:人民幣 6,921,000元) 將於以下日期屆滿及金 額人民幣 24,083,000 元 (2021年:人民 幣 27,262,000 元) 並無屆滿日期。

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| To be expired by 31 December 2024 31 December 2026 31 December 2027 | 於以下日期前屆滿 2024年12月31日 2026年12月31日 2027年12月31日 | 2,415 4,506 4,152 | 2,415 4,506 – |
| Subtotal | 小計 | 11,073 | 6,921 |
| No expiry date | 無屆滿日期 | 24,083 | 27,262 |
| Unused tax losses | 未動用税項虧損 | 35,156 | 34,183 |

As at 31 December 2022, deferred income tax liabilities of RMB10,003,000 (31 December 2021: RMB7,517,000) were not recognised for the withholding tax (tax rate of 5%) and other taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries. Unremitted earnings totalled approximately RMB 200,054,000 at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: RMB150,342,000).

於2022年12月31日,遞延所得税負 債人民幣10,003,000元(2021年12月 31日:人民幣7,517,000元)並無就若 干附屬公司的未匯出收益確認應繳納 的預扣税(税率為5%)及其他税項。於 2022年12月31日,未匯出的收益合共 約為人民幣200,054,000元(2021年12 月31日:人民幣150,342,000元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

32 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

32 現金流資料

(a) Cash generated from operations

(a) 經營所得現金

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 赵王 12/131日 五十发 | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|
| | | 2022 2022 年 RMB'000 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | | |
| Profit before income tax | 余所得税前溢利 | 56,374 | 56,115 |
| | 涇調整: | | · |
| – Amortisation of intangible | -無形資產攤銷(<i>附註17)</i> | | |
| assets (Note 17) | | 697 | 652 |
| Depreciation of property, plant | -物業、廠房及設備折舊 | | |
| and equipment (Note 15) | (附註15) | 10,936 | 8,897 |
| Amortisation and depreciation | - 使用權資產攤銷及折舊 | | |
| of right-of-use assets (Note 18) | (附註18) | 2,838 | 3,915 |
| Depreciation of investment | -投資物業折舊 <i>(附註16)</i> | | |
| properties (Note 16) | | 377 | 298 |
| Impairment loss on financial | -金融資產之減值虧損 | | |
| assets (Note 21, 22) | (附註21、22) | 354 | 2,454 |
| Losses on disposal of property, | -出售物業、廠房及設備 | | |
| plant and equipment (Note 10) | 的虧損 <i>(附註10)</i> | 109 | 8 |
| Net gains on disposal of | 一出售使用權資產的 | | |
| right-of-use assets (Note 10) | 收益淨額(附註10) | (32) | (6) |
| – Fair value gains on wealth | 一商業銀行發行之理財 | | |
| management products issued | 產品之公平值 | | |
| by commercial banks | 收益 | (195) | (265) |
| Fixed income from wealth | -理財產品之固定收益 | | |
| management products | | (382) | (196) |
| – Finance costs (Note 11) | -財務成本 <i>(附註11)</i> | 1,522 | 200 |
| – Net exchange differences | 一匯兑差額淨額 | (12,675) | (5,994) |
| 3 1 | 營運資金變動: | | (24474) |
| – Inventories | 一存貨 | 23,578 | (34,174) |
| – Trade receivables | 一貿易應收款項 | 25,651 | (68,359) |
| – Prepayments, deposits and other | - 預付款項、按金及 | | |
| receivables and restricted cash | 其他應收款項 | (4.465) | (16.010) |
| Financial assets and linkilities at | 及受限制現金 | (4,165) | (16,819) |
| – Financial assets and liabilities at | -按公平值計入損益之 金融資產及負債 | 4,972 | 2 506 |
| fair value through profit or loss – Contract liabilities | | 1,264 | 2,596 1,136 |
| - Trade and other payables | 一貿易及其他應付款項 | 6,158 | 19,727 |
| - Trade and other payables | 只勿及六匹応门承供 | 0,130 | 13,727 |
| Cash gaparated from //d in) | ∞燃低炉 //低田/ラ田△ | | |
| 3 | 經營所得/(所用)之現金 | 447 204 | /20.015\ |
| operations | | 117,381 | (29,815) |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

32 CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

32 現金流資料(續)

- (b) In the statement of cash flows, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:
- (b) 於現金流量表內,出售物業、廠 房及設備之所得款項包括:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Net book amount (Note 15) Losses on disposal of property, | 賬面淨值 <i>(附註15)</i> | 1,326 | 8 |
| plant and equipment (Note 10) | 出售物業、廠房及設備虧 損 <i>(附註10)</i> | (109) | (8) |
| | | 1,217 | _ |

(c) Net debt reconciliation

(c) 淨負債對賬

| | | Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Borrowings 借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Net debt as at 1 January 2021 | 於 2021 年1月1日 之淨負債 | (5,935) | _ | (5,935) |
| New leases Disposal Cash flows | 新租約 出售 現金流量 | (315) 110 3,355 | - - (80,000) | (315) 110 (76,645) |
| Net debt as at 31 December 2021 | 於 2021 年12月31日 之淨負債 | (2,785) | (80,000) | (82,785) |
| Net debt as at 1 January 2022 | 於 2022 年1月1日 之淨負債 | (2,785) | (80,000) | (82,785) |
| New leases Disposal Cash flows | 新租約 出售 現金流量 | (592) 295 2,881 | - - (55,000) | (592) 295 (52,119) |
| Net debt as at 31 December 2022 | 於 2022 年12月31日 之淨負債 | (201) | (135,000) | (135,201) |

綜合財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

33 COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating lease commitments – as lessee

The Group leases certain shopping mall counters under non-cancellable operating lease agreements within 1 year contract periods. Majority of the lease agreements are signed with related parties at market price.

The future aggregate minimum lease payments under these short-term non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

33 承諾事項

(a) 經營租賃承諾-作為承租

本集團根據不可撤銷經營租約租 用若干倉庫,合約期為一年內。 大多數租約乃與關聯方按市價簽署。

該等短期不可撤銷經營租約的未 來最低租賃付款總額如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

| | <i>7 7</i> | |
|----------------------|------------|---------|
| | 2022 | 2021 |
| | 2022年 | 2021年 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| | | |
| Within one year 1年以內 | 2,355 | 1,177 |

(b) Capital commitments

Significant capital expenditure contracted for as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 but not recognised as liabilities is as follows:

(b) 資本承諾

於2022年及2021年12月31日之 已訂約但未確認為負債的重大資 本開支如下:

| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備 | 21 | 718 |

綜合財務報表附計(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Names and relationship with related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operation decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control.

The following is a summary of the significant transactions carried out between the Group and its related parties in the ordinary course of business during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, and balances arising from related party transactions as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

34 關聯方交易

(a) 關聯方名稱及與關聯方的 關係

如一方有能力直接或間接控制另 一方或對另一方在作出財務和經 營決策方面有重大影響力,則各 方被認為是關聯的。如彼等受共 同控制限制,則各方亦被認為是 關聯的。

以下為截至2022年及2021年12 月31日止年度本集團與其關聯方 於一般業務過程中進行的重大交 易概要,以及於2022年及2021年 12月31日的關聯方交易產生的結 餘。

Name of related parties 關聯方名稱

Mr. Jin Jianxin 金建新先生 Shaoxing Shi Jingming 紹興市景明

Ningbo Internet Trading Culture Development Co., Limited

寧波曠世網貿園文化發展有限公司

Ningbo Jingyuan Cultural Development Co., Limited 寧波璟元文化發展有限公司

Ningbo Kwung's Investment Holdings Co., Limited 寧波曠世投資控股有限公司

Nature of relationship 關係性質

Ultimate Controlling Shareholder 最終控股股東

Entity controlled by Ultimate Controlling Shareholder 最終控股股東控制之實體

Entity controlled by Ultimate Controlling Shareholder

最終控股股東控制之實體

Entity controlled by Ultimate Controlling Shareholder 最終控股股東控制之實體

Entity controlled by Ultimate Controlling Shareholder 最終控股股東控制之實體

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued) 34 關聯方交易(續)

(b) Transactions with related parties

(b) 與關聯方的交易

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

| | | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Payment on behalf of related parties - Ningbo Internet Trading Culture Development Co., Limited - Ningbo Jingyuan Cultural Development Co., Limited | 代表關聯方的付款 一寧波曠世網貿園文化 發展有限公司 一寧波璟元文化發展 有限公司 | 144 | 125 1,834 |
| | 131762 () | 144 | 1,959 |
| Expenses paid by a related party on behalf of the Group – Ningbo Jingyuan Cultural Development Co., Limited – Shaoxing Shi Jingming | 關聯方代本集團墊付之款項 一寧波璟元文化發展 有限公司 一紹興市景明 | 1,093 93 | - 698 |
| | | 1,186 | 698 |
| Lease payment to a related party - Ningbo Jingyuan Cultural Development Co., Limited - Ningbo Kwung's Investment Holdings Co., Limited - Shaoxing Shi Jingming | 向一名關聯方支付租賃款項 一寧波璟元文化發展 有限公司 一寧波曠世投資控股 有限公司 一紹興市景明 | 3,811 361 266 | 1,968 - 1,336 |
| | | 4,438 | 3,304 |
| Lease compensation received from a related party – Shaoxing Shi Jingming ⁽ⁱ⁾ | <i>自一名關聯方收取租賃 補償</i> 一紹興市景明 ⁽⁾ | 780 | _ |
| Labour costs paid to a related party – Shaoxing Shi Jingming | <i>向一名關聯方支付勞動 成本</i> 一紹興市景明 | 550 | 2,550 |

During the current year, Shaoxing Jingming entered a lease termination contract with Shaoxing Keyuan with a compensation fee of RMB780,000.

⁽i) 於本年度,紹興景明與紹興苛源訂立 租賃終止合約,賠償費用為人民幣 780,000元。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(c) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors and senior management. Other than those for directors as disclosed in Note 35, no compensations were paid or payable to senior management during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

(d) Balances with related parties

34 關聯方交易(續)

(c) 關鍵管理人員薪酬

關鍵管理人員包括董事及高級管理層。除附註35披露的董事外,截至2022年及2021年12月31日止年度並無已付或應付高級管理層的薪酬。

(d) 與關聯方的結餘

| | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Amounts due from related parties 應收關聯方款項 | | |
| - Ningbo Jingyuan Cultural - 寧波璟元文化發展 Development Co., Limited 有限公司 - Ningbo Kwung's Investment - 寧波曠世投資控股 | 416 | - |
| Holdings Co., Limited 有限公司 | 46 | - |
| Ningbo Internet Trading Culture 一寧波曠世網貿園文化 Development Co., Limited 發展有限公司 Shaoxing Shi Jingming 一紹興市景明 | - - | 95 50 |
| | 462 | 145 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

34 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued) 34 關聯方交易(續)

(d) Balances with related parties (Continued)

The amounts due from related parties are unsecured, interest-free, repayable on demand.

(d) 與關聯方的結餘(續)

應收關聯方款項為無抵押、免息 及應要求償還。

| | W 12/131 H |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | 2022 2021 |
| | 2022 年 2021年 |
| | RMB'000 RMB'000 |
| | 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 |
| Amounts due to related parties 應付關聯方款項 | |
| – Ningbo Jingyuan Cultural– 寧波璟元文化發Development Company有限公司 | 展 |
| Limited | - 2,091 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

35 DIRECTORS' BENEFITS AND INTERESTS

As of the date of issue of these financial statements, the directors of the Company are as follows:

Executive directors

Mr. Jin Jianxin

Mr. Ru Liming (resigned on 4 August 2021)

Mr. Tian Dong

Non-executive directors

Mr. Patrick Shao

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Zhou Kai

Mrs. Xu Qiong (appointed on 19 April 2022) Mr. Yang Herong (resigned on 19 April 2022)

Mr. Lai Chun Yu

(a) Directors' emoluments

The directors received emoluments from the Group (in their role as senior management and employee before their appointment as directors respectively) for the year ended 31 December 2022 as follows:

35 董事的利益及權益

於發佈該等財務報表日期,本公司董 事如下:

執行董事

金建新先生 茹黎明先生(於2021年8月4日辭任) 田東先生

非執行董事

邵平先生

獨立非執行董事

周凱先生

徐瓊女士(於2022年4月19日獲委任) 楊和榮先生(於2022年4月19日辭任) 黎振宇先生

(a) 董事酬金

截至2022年12月31日止年度,董事自本集團所收取的酬金(在其獲委任為董事之前分別以高級管理層及僱員身份)如下:

| Name | 姓名 | | | | Housing allowances and contributions to a retirement | |
|---------------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | Fees | Salaries | Bonus | scheme A 反対 B T | Total |
| | | 袍金 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 薪金 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 花紅 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 住房補貼及 退休計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
| Executive directors | 劫行禁审 | | | | | |
| Mr. Jin Jianxin | 執行董事 金建新先生 | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Mr. Tian Dong | 田東先生 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Non-executive directors Mr. Shao Patrick | 非執行董事 邵平先生 | _ | _ | _ | - | _ |
| Independent non-executive directors | e 獨立非執行董事 | | | | | |
| Mr. Zhou Kai | 周凱先生 | 80 | _ | _ | _ | 80 |
| Mrs. Xu Qiong | 徐瓊女士 | 56 | - | - | - | 56 |
| Mr. Lai Chun Yu | 黎振宇先生 | 158 | | - | - | 158 |
| | | 294 | - | - | - | 294 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

35 DIRECTORS' BENEFITS AND INTERESTS

35 董事的利益及權益(續)

(Continued)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

The directors received emoluments from the Group (in their role as senior management and employee before their appointment as directors respectively) for the year ended 31 December 2021 as follows:

(a) 董事酬金(續)

截至2021年12月31日止年度,董 事自本集團所收取的酬金(在其獲 委任為董事之前分別以高級管理 層及僱員身份)如下:

Housing

| | | | | allowances and contributions to a retirement | |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 姓名 | Fees | Salaries | Bonus | scheme 住房補貼及 | Total |
| | 袍金 | 薪金 | 花紅 | 退休計劃供款 | 總計 |
| | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| +1 /- # + | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | - | 216 | - | _ | 216 |
| | _ | 216 | _ | _ | 216 |
| 如氽奶儿生 | _ | _ | _ | _ | - |
| 非執行董事 | | | | | |
| 邵平先生 | _ | 80 | - | - | 80 |
| e 獨立非執行董事 | | | | | |
| multiput ut | | | | | |
| | | _ | - | - | 80 |
| | | _ | - | - | 80 |
| 黎振宇先生 | 149 | _ | | _ | 149 |
| | 309 | 296 | _ | _ | 605 |
| | 執行董事 金建東先生 田東先生 茹黎明先生 非執行董事 邵平先生 | 執行董事 企建新先生 立東先生 - 拉黎明先生 - 非執行董事 - 邵平先生 - 楊立非執行董事 80 楊和榮先生 80 | 執行董事 会建新先生 一 一 立建新先生 一 一 如黎明先生 一 216 拉黎明先生 一 80 學習立非執行董事 80 一 周凱先生 80 一 楊和榮先生 80 一 黎振宇先生 149 一 | 複金 RMB'000 人民幣千元 薪金 RMB'000 人民幣千元 花紅 RMB'000 人民幣千元 執行董事 企建新先生 - - - 班東先生 - 216 - 拉黎明先生 - - - 非執行董事 邵平先生 - 80 - - 獨立非執行董事 80 - - - 周凱先生 楊和榮先生 黎振宇先生 80 - - - 黎振宇先生 149 - - - | 姓名 Fees Salaries Bonus to a retirement scheme (住房補貼及 NMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 ALR幣千元 未至 XXX 以水計劃供款 RMB'000 ALR幣千元 XXX 以水計 ALR 以水計 A |

(b) Retirement benefits of directors

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, there were no additional retirement benefits received by the directors except for the contribution to a retirement benefit scheme in accordance with the rules and regulations in the PRC.

(c) Termination benefits of directors

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, there were no termination benefits received by the directors.

(b) 董事的退休福利

截至2022年及2021年12月31日 止年度,除根據中國規則及條例 的退休福利計劃供款外,董事並 未獲得額外的退休福利。

(c) 董事的離職福利

截至2022年及2021年12月31日 止年度,董事並未獲得離職福利。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

35 DIRECTORS' BENEFITS AND INTERESTS

(Continued)

(d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available the services of directors

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, no consideration was paid for making available the services of the directors or senior management of the Company.

(e) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, bodies corporate controlled by and entities connected with such directors

During the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, there were no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings entered into by the Company or subsidiaries of the Company, where applicable, in favour of directors.

(f) Director's material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Except for mentioned above and those disclosed elsewhere in Note 35, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or subsidiaries of the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had interests, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at 31 December 2022 and 2021 or at any time during the years then ended.

35 董事的利益及權益(續)

(d) 就獲得董事服務向第三方 提供的代價

截至2022年及2021年12月31日 止年度,概無支付代價以獲得本 公司董事或高級管理層的服務。

(e) 以董事、受有關董事所控制的法人團體及與其有關連的實體為受益人的貸款、類似貸款及其他交易的相關資料

截至2022年及2021年12月31日 止年度,本公司或本公司的附屬 公司(如適用)概無以董事為受益 人訂立任何貸款、類似貸款及其 他交易。

(f) 董事於交易、安排或合約 之重大權益

除上文所述及於附註35所披露者外,於2022年及2021年12月31日或截至該等日期止年度內任何時間,本公司或本公司之附屬公司概無訂立與本集團業務有關,且本公司董事於其中擁有直接或間接權益的任何重大交易、安排及合約。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至2022年12月31日止年度

36 FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

(a) The Company's statements of financial position

As at 31 December 2022

36 本公司財務狀況及儲備變

(a) 本公司的財務狀況表

於2022年12月31日

| | | Note 附註 | 2022 2022年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 | 2021 2021年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Assets | 資產 | | | |
| Non-current asset | 非流動資產 | | 462.604 | 162.601 |
| Investment in a subsidiary | 投資一家附屬公司 | а | 163,681 | 163,681 |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | | | |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | 應收附屬公司款項 | Ь | 42,274 | 64,572 |
| Prepayments and other | 預付款項及其他應收款項 | ~ | ,_, . | 01,372 |
| receivables | | | 328 | 193 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 現金及現金等價物 | | 38,524 | 20,819 |
| | | | | |
| Total current assets | 流動資產總值 | | 81,126 | 85,584 |
| Total assets | 資產總值 | | 244,807 | 249,265 |
| | | | | |
| Equity | 權益 | | | |
| Share capital | 股本 | 26 | 359 | 359 |
| Share premium Accumulated losses | 股份溢價 | 26 | 249,653 | 249,653 |
| Accumulated losses | 累計虧損 | b | (19,960) | (22,554) |
| Total equity | 權益總額 | | 230,052 | 227,458 |
| e de l'une | 注到 在唐 | | | |
| Current liabilities Amounts due to subsidiaries | 流動負債 應付附屬公司款項 | | 14.467 | 20.760 |
| Accruals and other payables | 應計費用及其他應付款項 | | 14,467 288 | 20,769 1,038 |
| Accidais and other payables | 心 | | 200 | 1,036 |
| Total liabilities | 負債總額 | | 14,755 | 21,807 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 權益及負債總額 | | 244,807 | 249,265 |

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至 2022 年 12 月 31 日止年度

36 FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

(b) Notes to the Company's statement of financial position

Investment in a subsidiary represents the investment in Kwung's investments

Amounts due from subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 represented Note b: the intercompany borrowings.

Note c: Movements of accumulated losses.

36 本公司財務狀況及儲備變

(b) 本公司財務狀況表附註

附註a: 於附屬公司的投資指於曠世投資

的投資。

附註b: 於2022年12月31日,應收附屬

公司款項指應收公司間借貸。

附註c: 累計虧損之變動。

| Balance at 31 December 2022 | 於2022年12月31日的結餘 | (19,960) |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Profit for the year | 年內溢利 | 2,594 |
| Comprehensive loss | 全面虧損 | |
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | 於2022年1月1日的結餘 | (22,554) |
| | | Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元 |

Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元

| Balance at 1 January 2021 | 於2021年1月1日的結餘 | (20,032) |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------|
| Comprehensive loss | 全面虧損 | |
| Loss for the year | 年內虧損 | (2,522) |
| Balance at 31 December 2021 | 於2021年12月31日的結餘 | (22,554) |

37. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE 37. 資產負債表日後事項

On 19 January 2023, the board announced that Anhui Fenyuan, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a construction agreement with the contractor, pursuant to which the contractor will undertake the design and construction works of production facilities of Fenyuan factory.

於2023年1月19日,董事會公佈,本 公司之間接全資附屬公司安徽芬緣與 承建商訂立建造協議,據此,承建商將 承接芬緣工廠生產設施之設計及建造 工程。

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION 財務資料摘要

| | | Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度 | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | 2022年 | 2021年 | 2020年 | 2019年 | 2018年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Revenue | 收入 | 718,675 | 631,395 | 472,179 | 501,131 | 444,704 |
| Gross profit | 毛利 | 134,395 | 121,126 | 108,149 | 133,679 | 107,029 |
| Operating profit | 經營溢利 | 57,896 | 56,315 | 47,563 | 32,963 | 88,881 |
| Profit before income tax | 除所得税前溢利 | 56,374 | 56,115 | 48,062 | 32,568 | 88,808 |
| Income tax expense | 所得税開支 | (3,736) | (7,077) | (7,306) | (4,758) | (11,757) |
| Total comprehensive income for the year, | 本公司擁有人應佔年內全 | (3,730) | (7,077) | (7,500) | (4,750) | (11,737) |
| attributable to owners of the Company | 面收益總額 | 52,704 | 48,998 | 40,795 | 27,827 | 77,059 |
| Earnings per share for profits attributable to owners of the Company (expressed in RMB per share) | 本公司擁有人應佔溢利 的每股盈利 (按每股人民幣表示) | | | | | |
| – Basic and diluted | -基本及攤薄 | 13.0 cents 分 | 12.1 cents 分 | 10.2 cents 分 | 9.3 cents 分 | 25.7 cents 分 |
| | | | I | As at 31 Decembe 於12月31日 | er | |
| | | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | 2022年 | 2021年 | 2020年 | 2019年 | 2018年 |
| | | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 | RMB'000 |
| | | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 | 人民幣千元 |
| Non-current assets | 非流動資產 | 102,080 | 68,499 | 68,763 | 71,545 | 48,240 |
| Current assets | 流動資產 | 560,268 | 477,989 | 327,350 | 203,000 | 362,478 |
| - Carrette assets | //NJ 女庄 | 300,200 | 477,505 | 327,330 | 203,000 | 302,470 |
| Total assets | 資產總值 | 662,348 | 546,488 | 396,113 | 274,545 | 410,718 |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | _ | 241 | 2,176 | 5,671 | 3,546 |
| Current liabilities | 流動負債 | 234,808 | 171,467 | 68,193 | 70,154 | 236,271 |
| Total liabilities | 負債總額 | 234,808 | 171,708 | 70,369 | 75,825 | 239,817 |
| | | | | | | |

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