

美亨實業控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

(Stock Code 股份代號: 1897)



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In the case of any inconsistency, the English text of this annual report shall prevail over the Chinese text.

本年報的中英文版本如有任何歧義,概以英文版本為準。

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart (Chairman)*

Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung (Managing Director)

Mr. Wong Kin

Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson*

Mr. Chuk Kin Lun*

Mr. Chung Sam Tin Abraham*

Mr. Tai Sai Ho*

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen#

Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki#

Mr. Poon Kan Young#

Mr. Yip Kai Yung#

* non-executive director

independent non-executive director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Yip Kai Yung (Chairman)

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen

Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki

Mr. Poon Kan Young

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki (Chairman)

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart

Mr. Tai Sai Ho

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen

Mr. Poon Kan Young

Mr. Yip Kai Yung

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Poon Kan Young (Chairman)

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart

Mr. Tai Sai Ho

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen

Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki

Mr. Yip Kai Yung

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart (Chairman)

Mr. Tai Sai Ho

Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Kwok Wing Fai

董事會

王世濤先生(主席)*

李卓雄先生(董事總經理)

黄健先生

查懋德先生*

祝健麟先生*

鍾心田先生*

戴世豪先生*

周安達源先生#

何炘基教授#

潘根濃先生#

葉啓容先生#

* 非執行董事

獨立非執行董事

審核委員會

葉啓容先生(主席)

周安達源先生

何炘基教授

潘根濃先生

提名委員會

何炘基教授(主席)

王世濤先生

戴世豪先生

周安達源先生

潘根濃先生

葉啓容先生

薪酬委員會

潘根濃先生(主席)

王世濤先生

戴世豪先生

周安達源先生

何炘基教授

葉啓容先生

投資委員會

王世濤先生(主席)

戴世豪先生

李卓雄先生

公司秘書

郭永輝先生

REGISTERED OFFICE

Maples Corporate Services Limited P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Office A, 20th Floor Kings Wing Plaza 1 3 On Kwan Street Shek Mun, Shatin New Territories Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

- Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited
- Hang Seng Bank Limited
- Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
- The Bank of East Asia, Limited
- The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

SHARE REGISTRARS

Hong Kong

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wan Chai Hong Kong

Cayman Islands

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall, Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

註冊辦事處

Maples Corporate Services Limited P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

主要營業地點

香港 新界 沙田石門 安群街3號 京瑞廣場一期 20樓A室

核數師

德勤•關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

主要往來銀行

- 中國銀行(香港)有限公司
- 恒生銀行有限公司
- 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司
- 東亞銀行有限公司
- 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

股份過戶登記處

香港

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17樓1712-1716號舖

• 開曼群島

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall, Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

LEGAL ADVISERS

- Hong Kong Law
 Reed Smith Richards Butler
- Cayman Islands Law
 Maples and Calder (Hong Kong) LLP

STOCK CODE

1897 (ordinary shares)

WEBSITE

www.millionhope.com.hk

法律顧問

- 香港法律 禮德齊伯禮律師行
- *開曼群島法律* 邁普達律師事務所(香港) 有限法律責任合夥

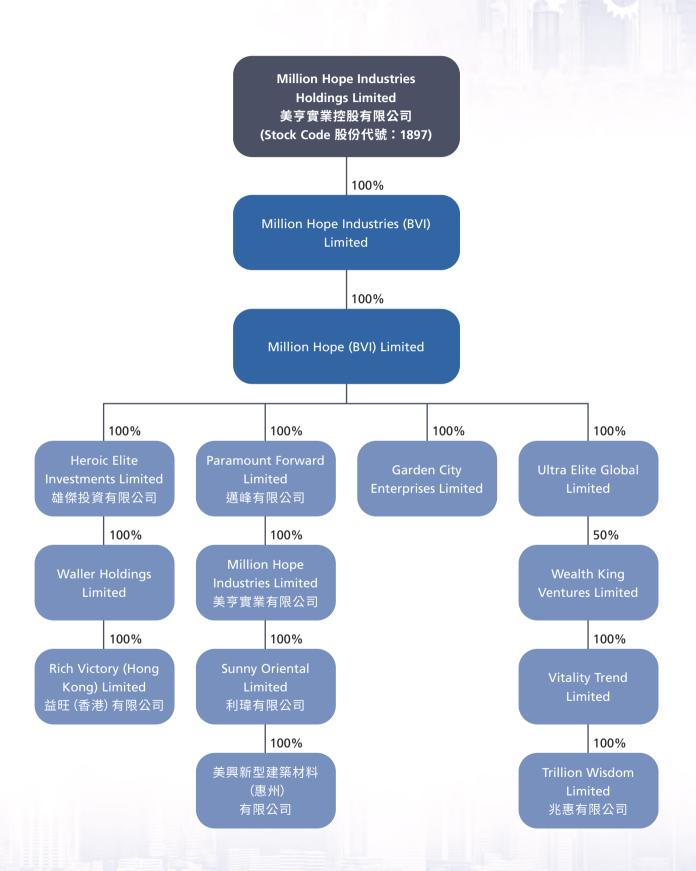
股份代號

1897 (普通股)

網址

www.millionhope.com.hk

GROUP STRUCTURE 集團架構



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務紀要

Revenue 收益

HK\$ Million 百萬港元 800 717.7 700 607.2 600 536.0 500 376.6 400 299.8 300 200 100 2019 2020 2022 2021 2023

Profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year 本公司擁有人應佔年度溢利

HK\$ Million 百萬港元



Shareholders' Funds 股東資金

HK\$ Million 百萬港元



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of Million Hope Industries Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the annual report together with the results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2023.

本人謹代表美亨實業控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2023年3月31日止年度之年度報告及業績。

RESULTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The Group's revenue decreased from HK\$717.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2022 to HK\$607.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2023, representing a decrease of 15.4%. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to the delay in work programmes of certain projects. The major projects that generated revenue for the current year included residential development projects at TMTL 483 Tuen Mun Siu Hong, TPTL 230 Tai Po Kau, N.K.I.L 6563 Kai Tak and N.K.I.L. 6579 Lung Cheung Road, and composite development project at No. 11 Ngau Tau Kok Road.

The consolidated profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023 amounted to HK\$12.1 million, decreased by 50.8% as compared to HK\$24.6 million last year, mainly attributable to the decrease in gross profit margin from 7.6% last year to 6.2% this year, due to extra costs incurred by the Group to speed up the installation process in some construction sites whose work programmes were delayed as a result of COVID-19 pandemic.

The basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share for the year were HK\$0.03, representing decreases of 50.0% when compared with HK\$0.06 last year.

The net asset value of the Group as at 31 March 2023 amounted to HK\$532.0 million (31 March 2022: HK\$539.3 million), decreased by 1.4% as compared to that of last year, mainly due to dividends paid to shareholders and repurchase of shares, netting off profits earned during the current year. Net asset value per share as at 31 March 2023 was HK\$1.27 (31 March 2022: HK\$1.29).

截至2023年3月31日止財政年度之 業績

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本集團錄得收益607,200,000港元,較截至2022年3月31日止年度錄得的717,700,000港元減少15.4%。收益減少乃主要由於若干項目的工作計劃延誤所致。本年度收益主要由屯門兆康屯門市地段第483號、大埔滘大埔市地段第230號、啟德新九龍內地段第6563號以及九龍龍翔道新九龍內地段第6579號的住宅發展項目,以及九龍牛頭角道11號之綜合發展項目貢獻。

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本公司擁有人應佔綜合溢利為12,100,000港元,較去年的24,600,000港元減少50.8%,主要由於毛利率由去年的7.6%減少至本年度的6.2%,原因為本集團加快部分建築地盤(其工作計劃因COVID-19疫情而延誤)安裝程序產生額外成本。

本年度每股基本盈利及每股攤薄盈利均為 0.03港元,較去年的0.06港元減少50.0%。

於2023年3月31日,本集團資產淨值為532,000,000港元(2022年3月31日:539,300,000港元),較去年減少1.4%,主要由於向股東派付股息及股份回購(扣除本年度的已賺取溢利)所致。於2023年3月31日,每股股份資產淨值為1.27港元(2022年3月31日:1.29港元)。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

DIVIDEND

The Board has declared a second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of HK1.7 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: HK2.1 cents per share) to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 11 July 2023. This, together with the first interim dividend of HK0.8 cents per share (2022: HK1.6 cents per share) distributed during the year, gives a total dividend of HK2.5 cents per share for the year (2022: HK3.7 cents per share). The second interim dividend will be paid on 24 July 2023 and shall be paid out of the Company's other reserves account.

BUSINESS REVIEW

In 2022, Hong Kong's economy weakened significantly due to the fifth wave of the COVID-19 pandemic, deteriorating external environment and tightening financial conditions with a decrease of 3.5% in the real GDP throughout the year. Strict social distancing measures were implemented in Mainland China, hindering the flow of people and logistics. The pandemic has also infected many people, requiring strict epidemic prevention measures to control the spread of the pandemic, which has affected the deployment of human resources of the Group and business partners. As a result, the work programmes of the construction sites were delayed, requiring more project cost to speed up project progress at a later stage.

As the pandemic began to be under control in the second half of 2022, the conditions of the infected people have improved, and construction material prices have also stabilised. The business operations of the Group have gradually returned to normal, resulting in an improvement in the performance of the second half of the financial year.

In addition, the Group's unfinished contracts on hand have decreased, mainly due to the fierce competition of new construction contracts among the industry, and the Group has adopted a conservative strategy in bidding. The Group will review and control project costs, utilise the project standardization method to bid for new construction contracts.

股息

董事會向於2023年7月11日名列本公司股東名冊之股東宣派截至2023年3月31日止年度之第二次中期股息(取代末期股息)每股1.7港仙(2022年:每股2.1港仙)。連同年內已派發之第一次中期股息每股0.8港仙(2022年:每股1.6港仙),全年共派付股息每股2.5港仙(2022年:每股3.7港仙)。第二次中期股息將於2023年7月24日派發,並須自本公司的其他儲備賬中支出。

業務概覽

2022年,香港經濟因受COVID-19第五波疫情、外圍環境惡化及金融狀況收緊等情況影響下明顯轉弱,全年實質本地生產總值下跌3.5%。中國內地實施嚴格的社交距離措施,人流與物流均收到窒礙,疫情亦使多人染疫,需要用嚴厲的防疫措施控制疫情傳播,影響本集團及業務合作夥伴人力資源調配,建築地盤的工作計劃亦因此受到延誤,需要在較後時間以增加工程成本加快工程進度。

隨著疫情於2022年下半年開始受控,染病人 士病情亦趨緩和,建築材料價格亦趨向平穩, 本集團業務運作亦慢慢回復正常,使本財政 年度下半年業績得到改善。

另外,本集團的手頭未完工合約有所下跌,主 因為行業間競爭新建築合約非常激烈,本集 團用較保守策略去落標,集團會審視及控制 工程成本,運用工程標準化方式,落標新建築 合約。

PROSPECTS

As the pandemic eases, all social distance measures have been lifted. Hong Kong's economic outlook will improve as economic activities return to normal from the pandemic. These can boost private consumption, and a booming labour market can also provide support for the economy. In addition, the government will continue to increase investment in infrastructure to support Hong Kong's future economic development.

Nonetheless, as an export-oriented economy, Hong Kong is vulnerable to external factors. It is expected that the central banks of advanced economies will continue to raise interest rates and keep them at a high level for a period of time. As a result, Hong Kong's interest rates will also remain at a high level, which is detrimental to economic development. In addition, tensions in Ukraine, debt distress in emerging markets and developing economies, and high inflationary pressures will bring uncertainty to Hong Kong's economic development.

In respect of the industry prospect, although it is expected that the government will continue to increase investment in infrastructure and introduce foreign workers appropriately to solve worker shortage in the future, still the current industry competition is fierce, and it is estimated to last for some time in the future, causing pressures on the gross margins of new projects. The Group will strive to control costs and monitor project quality, so that customers will be satisfied and will continue to grant new project contracts to the Group.

展望

隨著疫情緩和,所有社交距離措施已取消,香 港經濟前景會隨著經濟活動從疫情中回復正 常而好轉,這些可以提振私人消費,勞工市場 興旺亦可為經濟提供支持,加上政府會持續 增加基建投資,支持香港未來經濟發展。

雖然如此,但香港作為外向型經濟體,容易受外邊因素影響,預期先進經濟體的中央銀行會繼續調高利率,並把利率維持在高位一段時間,香港利率亦會因此而在高位橫行,對經濟發展不利,此外,烏克蘭緊張局勢,新興市場和發展中經濟體的債務困境,及高通脹壓力,會為香港經濟發展帶來不確定性。

關於行業前景,雖然預期政府會在未來持續加大基建投資,亦會適當引入外地勞工解決工人不足問題,但現時行業競爭非常激烈,估計會持續未來一段日子,新工程毛利率將受到壓力,集團會努力控制成本及監控工程質量,令客戶滿意並持續給與集團新工程合約。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

The Group currently has sufficient outstanding contracts on hand which amounted to HK\$944.6 million as at 31 March 2023 and revenue is expected to remain stable in the coming year. The Group will strive to provide customers with quality products and services, establish a good reputation and lay a solid foundation for future development.

現時本集團手頭合約充裕,於2023年3月31日,手頭合約金額為944,600,000港元,預計來年收入仍然穩定。本集團會努力為客戶提供優質的產品及服務,建立良好口碑,為未來發展奠下堅實的基礎。

APPRECIATION

The epidemic is over, and society is gradually returning to normal. I would like to appreciate our employees for their dedication and hard work under the epidemic in the past 3 years, which enabled the Group to continue to develop. On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our sincere appreciation to all our employees for their dedications and contributions to the Group. I would also like to extend our gratitude to all our shareholders, customers and business partners for their support and trust. The Group will keep working hard for healthy development. Thank you all.

致謝

疫情過去,社會慢慢回復正常,過去3年感謝員工在疫情下的付出和努力,使集團仍然能繼續發展,本人謹代表董事會,向每一位努力付出的員工致以衷心感謝,亦感激各位股東、客戶及業務夥伴的支持及信任。本集團會繼續努力,使集團健康發展,多謝大家。

Sewants. 7. WV

Wong Sue Toa, Stewart *Chairman*

1を清.

王世濤 主席

OPERATIONS REVIEW 業務回顧

The Group, through Million Hope Industries Limited, the principal operating subsidiary of the Company, is a subcontractor principally engaged in the design, supply and installation of facade and curtain walls systems, with a focus on curtain walls, aluminium windows and doors, with an operating history of over 30 years in Hong Kong. The Group provides one-stop design, supply and installation services for curtain walls, aluminium windows and doors on both new and existing buildings, and works closely with customers and architects to offer tailor-made designs and products to suit the project requirements. The Group's principal customers are main contractors and property developers.

本集團為分包商,透過美亨實業有限公司(本公司之主要營運附屬公司)主要從事外牆及幕牆系統(以幕牆及鋁門窗為主)的設計、供應及安裝,在香港經營業務逾三十載。本集團為新建及現有建築物的幕牆、鋁合金門窗提供一站式設計、供應及安裝服務,並與客戶及建築師緊密合作,提供量身定制的設計及產品,以配合項目的需要。本集團的主要客戶為主承建商及物業發展商。

OPERATIONS REVIEW

Major Projects Completed During the Year

- (1) Residential development at Site A and Estate Road of Wong Chuk Hang Station property development, Aberdeen Inland Lot No. 467 Design, supply and installation of aluminium and glass facade at podium and transfer plate
- (2) Residential development at 233-235 Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon – Design, supply and installation of curtain wall and sliding door

業務回顧

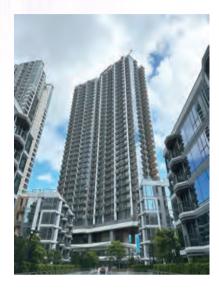
年內已完成的主要工程

- (1) 香港仔內地段第467號黃竹坑站物業 發展項目地盤A及邨道之住宅發展項 目一設計、供應及安裝平台及轉力層 的鋁及玻璃外牆
- (2) 九龍太子道西233-235號之住宅發展項目一設計、供應及安裝幕牆及滑門



Residential development at 233-235 Prince Edward Road West, Kowloon 九 龍 太 子 道 西 233-235號之住宅發 展項目

OPERATIONS REVIEW 業務回顧



Residential development at N.K.I.L. 6563, Kai Tak, Kowloon 九龍啟德新九龍內地 段第6563號之住宅發 展項目

- (3) Residential development at N.K.I.L. 6563, Kai Tak, Kowloon – Design, supply and installation of curtain wall system, glass and metal works
- (4) Composite development at 34-38 Belcher's Street, Kennedy Town, Hong Kong – Design, supply and installation of curtain wall, sliding door, glass canopy, window wall and glass wall system
- (3) 九龍啟德新九龍內地段第6563號之住 宅發展項目一設計、供應及安裝幕牆 系統、玻璃及金屬工程
- (4) 香港堅尼地城卑路乍街34-38號之綜合 發展項目一設計、供應及安裝幕牆、滑 門、玻璃天幕、窗牆及玻璃牆系統



Composite development at 34-38 Belcher's Street, Kennedy Town, Hong Kong 香港堅尼地城卑路乍 街34-38號之綜合發展 項目

Major Projects Undertaken During the Year

(1) Residential development at TMTL 483, Siu Hong, Tuen Mun, New Territories – Design, supply and installation of curtain wall system

本年度承接的主要工程

(1) 新界屯門兆康屯門市地段第483號之住 宅發展項目一設計、供應及安裝幕牆 系統



Residential development at TMTL 483, Siu Hong, Tuen Mun, New Territories 新界屯門兆康屯門市 地段第483號之住宅 發展項目

- (2) Residential development at Lot No. 1068 in Survey District, No. 3 Off Anderson Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon – Design, supply and installation of aluminium window and glass wall
- (3) Residential development at TPTL 230, Tai Po Road, Tai Po Kau, New Territories – Design, supply and installation of curtain wall, canopies, windows, doors, claddings, louvres and glass balustrades
- (2) 九龍觀塘安達臣道對出的測量約份第 3約地段第1068號之住宅發展項目一設 計、供應及安裝鋁窗及玻璃牆
- (3) 新界大埔滘大埔公路大埔市地段第 230號之住宅發展項目一設計、供應及 安裝幕牆、天幕、窗、門、保護層、百葉 窗及玻璃欄杆



Residential development at TPTL 230, Tai Po Road, Tai Po Kau, New Territories 新界大埔滘大埔公路 大埔市地段第230號 之住宅發展項目

OPERATIONS REVIEW 業務回顧



Residential development at N.K.I.L. 6579, Lung Cheung Road, Kowloon 九龍龍翔道新九龍內 地段第6579號之住宅 發展項目

- (4) Residential development at N.K.I.L. 6579, Lung Cheung Road, Kowloon – Design, supply and installation of curtain wall system, aluminium window/louvre, glass and metal works
- (5) Composite development at No. 11 Ngau Tau Kok Road, Kowloon – Design, supply and installation of curtain wall, glass wall, aluminium metal grille, glass balustrade and metal railing
- (4) 九龍龍翔道新九龍內地段第6579號之 住宅發展項目一設計、供應及安裝幕 牆系統、鋁窗、玻璃及金屬工程
- (5) 九龍牛頭角道11號之綜合發展項目一 設計、供應及安裝幕牆、玻璃牆、鋁金 屬護欄、玻璃欄杆及金屬欄杆



Composite development at No. 11 Ngau Tau Kok Road, Kowloon 九龍牛頭角道11號之 綜合發展項目

Major Projects Awarded During the Year

本年度獲授的主要工程



Residential development at Ho Man Tin Station Package One, K.I.L. 11264, Kowloon 九龍內地段第11264 號何文田站第一期住 宅發展項目

- (1) Residential development at Ho Man Tin Station Package One, K.I.L. 11264, Kowloon – Design, supply and installation of window and louvre
- (2) Residential development at Ho Man Tin Station Package One, K.I.L. 11264, Kowloon – Design, supply and installation of external facade works
- (3) Residential development at T6 & T8 for YLTL510, Yuen Long Station, New Territories – Design, supply and installation of acoustic panel
- (1) 九龍內地段第11264號何文田站第一 期住宅發展項目一設計、供應及安裝 外牆工程窗及百葉窗
- (2) 九龍內地段第11264號何文田站第一 期住宅發展項目一設計、供應及安裝 外牆工程
- (3) 新界元朗站元朗市地段第510號T6及 T8住宅發展項目一設計、供應及安裝 隔音板



Residential development at T6 & T8 for YLTL510, Yuen Long Station, New Territories 新界元朗站元朗市地 段第510號T6及T8住 宅發展項目

OPERATIONS REVIEW 業務回顧

- (4) Residential development at TPTL 244, Pak Shek Kok, Tai Po, New Territories Design, supply and installation of curtain wall system, phase 2 (T1 to T9, T17A & T17B)
- (4) 新界大埔白石角大埔市地段第244號之 住宅發展項目一設計、供應及安裝幕 牆系統第二期(T1至T9、T17A及T17B)



Residential development at TPTL 244, Pak Shek Kok, Tai Po, New Territories 新界大埔白石角大埔 市地段第244號之住 宅發展項目

The total outstanding amount of contracts on hand of the Group as at 31 March 2023 was HK\$944.6 million.

Awards and Recognition

The Group is accredited with the ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System and the ISO 14001 Environmental Management System certificates issued by the Hong Kong Quality Assurance Agency.

於2023年3月31日,本集團的手頭未完工的合約價值總額為944,600,000港元。

獎項及表彰

本集團獲得由香港品質保證局頒發的ISO 9001:2015質量管理體系證書及ISO 14001環境管理體系證書。

FINANCIAL REVIEW 財務回顧

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Summary of Results

The Group's revenue decreased from HK\$717.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2022 to HK\$607.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2023, representing a decrease of 15.4%. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to the delay in work programmes of certain projects. The major projects that generated revenue for the current year included residential development projects at TMTL 483 Tuen Mun Siu Hong, TPTL 230 Tai Po Kau, N.K.I.L 6563 Kai Tak and N.K.I.L. 6579 Lung Cheung Road, and composite development project at No. 11 Ngau Tau Kok Road.

The consolidated profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023 amounted to HK\$12.1 million, decreased by 50.8% as compared to HK\$24.6 million last year, mainly attributable to the decrease in gross profit margin from 7.6% last year to 6.2% this year, due to extra costs incurred by the Group to speed up the installation process in some construction sites whose work programmes were delayed as a result of COVID-19 pandemic.

The basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share for the year were HK\$0.03, representing decreases of 50.0% when compared with HK\$0.06 last year.

財務回顧

業績概要

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本集團錄得收益607,200,000港元,較截至2022年3月31日止年度錄得的717,700,000港元減少15.4%。收益減少乃主要由於若干項目的工作計劃延誤所致。本年度收益主要由屯門兆康屯門市地段第483號、大埔滘大埔市地段第230號、啟德新九龍內地段第6563號以及九龍龍翔道新九龍內地段第6579號的住宅發展項目,以及九龍牛頭角道11號之綜合發展項目貢獻。

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本公司擁有人應 佔綜合溢利為12,100,000港元,較去年同期的 24,600,000港元減少50.8%,主要由於毛利率 自去年的7.6%減少至本年度的6.2%,此乃由 於本集團加快部分建築地盤(其工作計劃因 COVID-19疫情而延誤)安裝程序產生額外成 本。

本年度每股基本盈利及每股攤薄盈利均為 0.03港元,較去年的0.06港元減少50.0%。

FINANCIAL REVIEW 財務回顧

The net asset value of the Group as at 31 March 2023 amounted to HK\$532.0 million (31 March 2022: HK\$539.3 million), decreased by 1.4% as compared to that of last year, mainly due to dividends paid to shareholders and repurchase of shares, netting off profits earned during the current year. Net asset value per share as at 31 March 2023 was HK\$1.27 (31 March 2022: HK\$1.29).

於2023年3月31日,本集團資產淨值為532,000,000港元(2022年3月31日:539,300,000港元),較去年減少1.4%,主要由於向股東派付股息及股份回購(扣除本年度的已賺取溢利)所致。於2023年3月31日,每股股份資產淨值為1.27港元(2022年3月31日:1.29港元)。

Group Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group mainly financed its operations through internally generated cash flows and utilised the banking facilities for performance bonds for carrying out its projects during the year ended 31 March 2023. In the long term, the directors of the Company believe that the Group's operation will continue to be financed in this way. The Group had access to facilities from banks with an aggregate amount of HK\$430.0 million, of which HK\$145.6 million has been utilised for performance bonds as at 31 March 2023. There was no bank loans drawn down by the Group as at 31 March 2023. The performance bonds under these banking facilities bear charges at prevailing market condition.

The Group is prudent in managing its cash balance and maintains sound cash flow generating capability. The total cash and bank balances of the Group amounted to HK\$77.6 million as at 31 March 2023 (31 March 2022: HK\$86.6 million), which accounted for 18.2% of the current assets (31 March 2022: 19.9%).

集團流動資金及財務資源

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本集團主要透過內部產生的現金流量撥付營運資金,及動用銀行融資支付履約保證金,藉以開展其項目。本公司董事認為,本集團的營運仍將長期通過該方式提供資金。於2023年3月31日,本集團可動用之銀行融資總額為430,000,000港元,其中145,600,000港元已用作履約保證金。於2023年3月31日,本集團並無提取銀行貸款。該等銀行融資下之履約保證金按現行市況計算利息。

本集團會審慎管理其現金結餘,並維持穩健的現金流量產生能力。於2023年3月31日,本集團之現金及銀行結餘總額為77,600,000港元(2022年3月31日:86,600,000港元),佔流動資產18.2%(2022年3月31日:19.9%)。

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group had a net cash inflow of HK\$14.9 million in its operating activities (mainly due to decrease in inventories and net provisions recognised), a net cash outflow of HK\$5.9 million in its investing activities (mainly due to the loan to a joint venture) and a net cash outflow of HK\$13.3 million in its financing activities (mainly due to dividends paid and amounts paid for share repurchase). As at 31 March 2023, the Group was in a net cash position as there was no bank loans outstanding and the gearing ratio was not applicable. As at 31 March 2023, the Group's net current assets was HK\$353.9 million (31 March 2022: HK\$365.1 million) and the current ratio (current assets divided by current liabilities) was 5.8 times (31 March 2022: 6.2 times).

於截至2023年3月31日止年度,本集團營運業務之淨現金流入為14,900,000港元(主要由於存貨減少及已確認撥備淨額所致),投資業務淨現金流出為5,900,000港元(主要由於向合營企業提供貸款所致),以及融資業務淨現金流出為13,300,000港元(主要資於已付股息及股份回購支付款項所致)。於2023年3月31日,由於並無未償還銀行貸款,本集團為淨現金之狀況,資產負債率並資用。本集團於2023年3月31日之流動資產為53,900,000港元(2022年3月31日:365,100,000港元)及流動比率(流動資產除以流動負債)為5.8倍(2022年3月31日:6.2倍)。

With its sufficient cash balances and banking facilities available, the Group's liquidity position will remain healthy in the coming year, with sufficient financial resources to meet its obligations, operation and future development requirements.

憑藉充足的現金結餘及可供動用的銀行融資,本集團之流動資金狀況於來年將維持穩健,具備充裕財務資源以應付其承擔、營運及未來發展需要。

Treasury Policy

circumstances.

to fluctuations in the exchange rate and not to engage in any highly leveraged or speculative derivative products. Foreign currency exposures of the Group arise mainly from the purchase of raw materials using Renminbi in the Mainland China. The Group currently does not have any hedging arrangements to control the risks related to fluctuations in exchange rates, and will determine if any hedging is required, depending upon the size and nature of the exposure, and the prevailing market

The Group's treasury policy aims to minimise its exposure

財資管理政策

本集團之財資管理政策旨在減低匯率波動之 風險及不參與任何高槓桿比率或投機性衍生 產品交易。本集團之外幣風險,主要因在中國 內地使用人民幣購買原材料而起。本集團目 前並無任何對沖安排以控制與匯率波動有關 的風險,且在決定是否有任何對沖之需要時, 本集團將視乎風險之大小及性質,以及現行 市況而作決定。

The Group does not have significant exposure to gains or losses arising from the movement of foreign currency exchange rate against the Hong Kong dollar as most of the income, expenses, assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated in Hong Kong dollar.

由於本集團大部分收入、開支、資產與負債 均以港元計值,因此本集團於外幣兌港元之 外匯兌換率變動所產生之損益不會有重大風 險。

FINANCIAL REVIEW 財務回顧

Shareholders' Funds

As at 31 March 2023, the shareholders' funds of the Group were HK\$532.0 million, including reserves of HK\$490.3 million, a decrease of HK\$7.2 million from HK\$497.5 million as at 31 March 2022. The consolidated net asset value of the Group as at 31 March 2023 was HK\$1.27 per share, compared to the consolidated net asset value of HK\$1.29 per share as at 31 March 2022. The decrease in shareholders' funds was mainly attributable to the dividends paid to shareholders and repurchase of shares, netting off profits earned during the current year.

Capital Structure

The capital structure of the Group consists of equity, comprising share capital and reserves. As at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022, there was no bank loans.

Investment in a Joint Venture

The Group's investment in a joint venture as at 31 March 2023 represents its 50% interest in the redevelopment project at No. 55 Nga Tsin Wai Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong, comprises interest in a joint venture of HK\$6.7 million (31 March 2022: HK\$6.9 million) and loan to a joint venture of HK\$72.7 million (31 March 2022: HK\$65.8 million). The redevelopment project is in the demolition stage and the shared loss of the joint venture during the year ended 31 March 2023 amounted to HK\$73,000 (for the year ended 31 March 2022: HK\$22,000).

Major Acquisitions and Disposals

There was no significant investment, acquisition and disposals that should be notified to the shareholders of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023.

股東資金

於2023年3月31日,本集團之股東資金為532,000,000港元,當中包括490,300,000港元之儲備,較於2022年3月31日之497,500,000港元減少7,200,000港元。於2023年3月31日,本集團之每股綜合資產淨值為1.27港元,而2022年3月31日之每股綜合資產淨值為1.29港元。股東資金減少主要歸因於向股東派付股息及購回股份(扣除本年度的已賺取溢利)。

資本結構

本集團的資本結構由權益(包含股本及儲備) 組成。於2023年3月31日及2022年3月31日, 本集團無任何銀行貸款。

於合營企業的投資

於2023年3月31日,本集團於合營企業的投資為其於香港九龍衙前圍道55號重建項目的50%權益,包括於合營企業的權益6,700,000港元(2022年3月31日:6,900,000港元)及向合營企業作出之貸款72,700,000港元(2022年3月31日:65,800,000港元)。重建項目正在清拆階段,截至2023年3月31止年度的分佔合營企業虧損為73,000港元(截至2022年3月31日止年度:22,000港元)。

主要收購及出售事項

於截至2023年3月31日止年度並無重大投資、 收購及出售事項須知會本公司股東。

Commitment

The Group's share of the commitment made jointly with a joint venturer relating to a joint venture, but not recognised at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

承擔

本集團與合營企業就合營企業共同作出但於 報告期末尚未確認之承擔份額如下:

		31.3.2023 2023年3月31日 HK\$'000 千港元	31.3.2022 2022年3月31日 HK\$'000 千港元
Commitment to provide loan	作出貸款之承擔	93,575	99,600

The Group will finance its portion of commitment from its internal resources.

Save as disclosed above, the Group had no material commitment as at 31 March 2023 (31 March 2022: nil).

Details of Charges on Assets

As at 31 March 2023, the Group did not pledge any assets to banks or other financial institutions (31 March 2022: nil).

Future Plan for Material Investments and Capital Assets

Save as the commitment to provide shareholder's loan to a joint venture as disclosed above, as at the date of this annual report, the Group did not have any plan for material investments or capital assets in the coming year.

Performance Bonds and Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had outstanding performance bonds in respect of construction contracts amounting to HK\$145.6 million (31 March 2022: HK\$156.1 million).

本集團將以內部資源撥付其承擔份額。

除上文披露者外,於2023年3月31日,本集團 並無重大承擔(2022年3月31日:無)。

資產質押詳情

於2023年3月31日,本集團並未向銀行或其 他金融機構抵押任何資產(2022年3月31日: 無)。

未來重大投資及資本資產計劃

除上文披露向合營企業提供股東貸款的承擔 外,於本年報日期,本集團並無有關下一年度 重大投資或資本資產的任何計劃。

履約保證金及或然負債

於2023年3月31日,本集團就建築合約持有之 未償還履約保證金達145,600,000港元(2022 年3月31日:156,100,000港元)。

FINANCIAL REVIEW 財務回顧

A subsidiary of the Company provided a corporate guarantee of proportionate share to a bank for securing a banking facility granted to a joint venture to finance the development in No. 55 Nga Tsin Wai Road. As at 31 March 2023, 50% proportionate share of the bank loan balance is HK\$63.1 million (31 March 2022: HK\$63.1 million).

本公司一家附屬公司按股權比例就合營企業獲取之銀行融資向銀行提供公司擔保,以為衙前圍道55號之發展項目提供資金。於2023年3月31日,股權比例50%之銀行貸款結餘為63,100,000港元(2022年3月31日:63,100,000港元)。

Save as disclosed above, the Group did not have significant contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

除上文披露者外,本集團於2023年3月31日及 2022年3月31日並無任何重大或然負債。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

僱員及酬金政策

We believe that a team of skilled staff members with appropriate knowledge and experience is crucial to the Group's continuing success. The Group intends to use its best efforts to attract and retain appropriate and suitable personnel to serve the Group.

我們認為,擁有適當知識及經驗的熟練員工 團隊對本集團的持續成功至關重要。本集團 擬盡最大努力吸引及挽留適當及合適人員為 本集團服務。

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had 245 full time employees (of which 100 employees were in Mainland China). The Group offers competitive remuneration packages, including discretionary bonus and share option scheme, and depending on the position, cash allowances, to its employees. The Group also provides retirement schemes, medical benefits, on-the-job training to its employees and sponsors its employees to attend various external training courses.

於2023年3月31日,本集團有245名全職僱員 (其中100名僱員在中國內地)。本集團為其 僱員提供具吸引力的薪酬組合,包括酌情花 紅及購股權計劃以及現金津貼(視乎職位而 定)。本集團亦為其僱員提供退休金計劃、醫 療福利及在職培訓,以及資助其僱員參加各 種外部培訓課程。

The Group determines the commencing salary of its employees mainly based on each employee's qualifications, relevant experience, position and seniority. The Group conducts an annual review on salary increase, discretionary bonuses and promotions based on, including but not limited to, the performance of each employee, and the profitability of the Group.

本集團主要根據每名僱員的資格、相關經驗、 職位及年資釐定其起薪。本集團根據(包括但 不限於)各僱員的表現及本集團盈利能力對 加薪、酌情花紅及晉升事宜進行年度審核。

The directors of the Company recognise the importance of good corporate governance practices for protection of the interests of the shareholders and are keen on maintaining high standards of corporate governance. This is reflected in terms of a quality Board and the emphasis on transparency and accountability.

本公司董事認識到良好企業管治常規對保障 股東利益的重要性,並致力維持優質企業管 治之水平,從強調有一個高質素的董事會,重 視透明度及問責性中,可反映出來。

COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company has complied with all the Code Provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") except for the following deviation:

Code Provision C.1.6 of the CG Code stipulates that independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors shall attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders of the Company. Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson, Mr. Chuk Kin Lun and Mr. Chung Sam Tin Abraham, the non-executive directors of the Company, were unable to attend the Company's 2022 annual general meeting due to other important engagements.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board and Management

The Board is responsible for leadership and control of the Company and overseeing the businesses of the Group. It assumes responsibility for the formulation of the business strategies and policies, the monitoring of the business performance and the corporate governance functions. Functions reserved to the Board include (i) approval of annual and interim results and significant changes in accounting policy; (ii) overseeing capital structure, the risk management and internal control systems; (iii) setting the Group's remuneration policy and dividend policy; (iv) appointment of directors; and (v) supervision of management and other significant financial and operational matters.

遵守企業管治守則

於截至2023年3月31日止年度,本公司一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)證券上市規則(「**上市規則**」)附錄14所載之企業管治守則(「**企業管治守則**」)的所有守則條文,惟以下偏離情況除外:

企業管治守則之守則條文第C.1.6條規定,獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事應出席股東大會,並對本公司股東之意見作出公正了解。本公司非執行董事查懋德先生、祝健麟先生及鍾心田先生因需要處理其他重要事務而未能出席本公司2022年股東週年大會。

董事會

董事會及管理層

董事會負責領導及監控本公司,以及監督本集團的業務。其亦負責制定業務策略及政策、監察業務表現及企業管治職能。董事會的保留職能包括(i)批准全年及中期業績以及會計政策的重大變動;(ii)監察資本結構、風險管理及內部監控系統;(iii)擬定本集團薪酬政策及股息政策;(iv)委任董事;及(v)監管管理層及其他重要財務和營運事宜。

The day-to-day operation management and administration of the Company's business are delegated to the Managing Director and the senior management, who fulfill their duties within their scope of authority and responsibility. Major functions delegated to management include (i) preparation of annual and interim results; (ii) execution of business strategic plans adopted by the Board; (iii) implementation of adequate risk management and internal control systems; and (iv) compliance with the relevant statutory requirements.

本公司業務的日常營運管理及行政事宜皆授權董事總經理及高級管理層負責,彼等在各自之權力及責任範圍內執行職務。管理層獲委託的主要職能包括(i)編製全年及中期業績;(ii)執行董事會採納的業務策略規劃;(iii)推行完備的風險管理及內部監控系統;及(iv)遵守有關法規要求。

All directors are provided in a timely manner with appropriate and adequate information on the Group's businesses to enable them to make an informed decision and perform their duties and responsibilities. All directors have access to the advice and services of the company secretary to ensure that the Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed. Each director can have recourse to independent professional advice in performing his duties at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board.

全體董事均會及時獲提供有關本集團業務的 適當及充分資料,以便彼等能夠作出知情決 定及履行其職務及職責。全體董事亦能得到 公司秘書的意見及服務,以確保董事會程序 及所有適用的規則及條例均獲得遵守。每位 董事亦能在執行其職務時向董事會要求撥發 資源,以獲得獨立專業的意見,一切費用均由 本公司支付。

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liabilities insurance coverage in respect of legal actions against its directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities for the year ended 31 March 2023.

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本公司已就董事及高級管理人員因公司活動而可能會面對的法律行動,為董事及高級人員的責任作出合適的投保安排。

Board Composition

董事會之組成

The Board composition demonstrates a diversity of skills, knowledge and experience and knowledge desirable for effective leadership of the Company and has a balanced composition of executive and non-executive directors (including independent non-executive directors) to ensure independence in decision making. Through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead where potential conflict of interests arise and serving on Board committees, all non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors make various contributions to the effective direction of the Company. All non-executive directors of the Company (including independent nonexecutive directors) are appointed with a specific term of three years which is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election in accordance with the Company's articles of association.

董事會之組成顯示出董事會成員擁有多樣的技能、知識及經驗及有效領導本公司所需的知識,且董事會由執行董事及非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)組成,以確保制定決策的獨立性。通過積極參與董事會會議、在潛在利益衝突產生時起表率作用及於董事委員會任職,所有非執行董事及獨立非執行董事對有效領導本公司方面貢獻良多。本公司獲委任的所有非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)的指定任期均為三年,並須根據本公司組織章程細則輪值退任及重選連任。

The biographical details of the directors are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" section under the "Report of the Directors" of this annual report.

董事的履歷詳情已載於本年報「董事會報告書」中「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節內。

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors, representing at least one-third of the Board. One of the independent non-executive directors, namely Mr. Yip Kai Yung, possesses the appropriate professional qualifications and accounting or related financial management expertise.

截至2023年3月31日止年度,董事會任何時候 均符合上市規則的規定,聘請至少三位獨立 非執行董事,佔董事會成員至少三分之一。其 中一位獨立非執行董事葉啓容先生具備適當 的專業資格及會計或相關的財務管理專長。

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprises the following directors:

於截至2023年3月31日止年度及直至本年報 日期期間,董事會包括以下董事:

Non-executive Chairman

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson

Mr. Chuk Kin Lun

Mr. Chung Sam Tin Abraham

Mr. Tai Sai Ho

Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung (Managing Director)

Mr. Wong Kin

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen

Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki

Mr. Poon Kan Young

Mr. Yip Kai Yung

非執行主席

王世濤先生

非執行董事

查懋德先生

祝健麟先生

鍾心田先生

戴世豪先生

執行董事

李卓雄先生(董事總經理)

黃健先生

獨立非執行董事

周安達源先生

何炘基教授

潘根濃先生

葉啓容先生

A list of the directors, their roles and functions and, in particular whether they are independent non-executive directors, is maintained on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange and is updated as and when required. The independent non-executive directors are also identified in all corporate communications to the shareholders of the Company that disclose the names of directors.

董事名單、彼等之角色及職能,以及尤其彼等 是否獨立非執行董事之資料已存置於本公司 及聯交所網站,並於有需要時作出更新。獨立 非執行董事亦會在向本公司股東披露董事姓 名的所有公司通訊中出現。

Independence

All independent non-executive directors are free from any business or other relationships with the Company. The Company has received written annual confirmation of independence from each independent non-executive director in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company has assessed their independence and concluded that all independent non-executive directors are independent within the meaning of the Listing Rules.

Save for the information as disclosed in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" section under the "Report of the Directors" of this annual report, there is no other financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship among the directors.

獨立性

所有獨立非執行董事與本公司並沒有任何業務關係或其他關係。按照上市規則第3.13條,本公司已收到每位獨立非執行董事之年度獨立性書面確認書。本公司已評估彼等之獨立性,認為所有獨立非執行董事均符合上市規則所定義之獨立性。

除本年報「董事會報告書」中「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節所披露的資料外,董事之間並無任何其他財務、業務、家屬或其他重大/相關關係。

Mechanisms for ensuring independent views and input

The Company is committed to ensuring independent views and input are available to the Board and has established mechanisms to ensure all independent non-executive directors can express their views in an open manner. Such mechanisms include: (i) four out of the eleven directors are independent non-executive directors, which is in compliance with the requirements of the Listing Rules that the Board must have at least three independent non-executive directors and the independent non-executive directors appointed must represent at least one-third of the Board: (ii) the Nomination Committee will assess the continued independence of independent non-executive directors on an annual basis and all independent non-executive directors have to confirm in writing their compliance of independence requirements pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules; (iii) the Chairman of the Board shall at least annually hold meetings with the independent non-executive directors without the presence of other directors to discuss major issues and concerns; and (iv) all independent non-executive directors can request for further information from the management and seek assistance from the company secretary of the Company outside the boardroom whenever necessary. The implementation and effectiveness of these mechanisms will be reviewed on an annual basis by the Board.

Board Diversity

A board diversity policy (the "Board Diversity Policy") was adopted on 22 February 2019 by the Board and the Nomination Committee will review at least annually whether board diversity can be achieved. A summary of the Board Diversity Policy is set out below:

確保獨立觀點及意見的機制

本公司致力確保董事會能獲得獨立觀點及意 見, 並建立相關機制,確保所有獨立非執行 董事均能以公開方式表達其意見。該等機制 包括:(i)十一名董事中有四名為獨立非執行 董事,符合董事會必須至少有三名獨立非執 行董事以及任命的獨立非執行董事必須至少 佔董事會三分之一人數的上市規則規定;(ii) 提名委員會將每年評估獨立非執行董事的持 續獨立性,所有獨立非執行董事均須書面確 認其遵守上市規則第3.13條規定的獨立性要 求;(iii)董事會主席應至少每年於其他董事不 在場的情況下與獨立非執行董事舉行會議, 討論重大問題及關切;及(iv)所有獨立非執 行董事均可要求管理層提供進一步資料,並 於必要時向本公司公司秘書尋求協助。該等 機制的實施及有效性將由董事會每年審查一

董事會成員多元化

董事會成員多元化政策 (「董事會成員多元化政策」) 於2019年2月22日獲董事會採納,並由提名委員會至少每年檢討董事會成員多元化能否達致。董事會成員多元化政策的概要載述如下:

With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. In designing the Board's composition, board diversity has been considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service, which form the measurable objectives of the Board Diversity Policy. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

為達致可持續的均衡發展,本公司視董事會層面日益多元化為支持其達到戰略目標及維持可持續發展的關鍵元素。本公司在設計董事會成員多元化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年期,作為董事會成員多元化政策的可計量指標。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,在考慮候選人士時以客觀條件為基準,同時充分顧及董事會成員多元化的裨益。

The Nomination Committee will also monitor the implementation of the Board Diversity Policy and review and recommend revisions of the Board Diversity Policy (where appropriate) to the Board to ensure its effectiveness.

提名委員會亦會監察董事會成員多元化政策的執行並會檢討及向董事會提出修訂建議 (如適用),以確保董事會成員多元化政策之 有效性。

The Nomination Committee has reviewed the board diversity as at 31 March 2023 and considered that the Board is characterised by diversity in terms of cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

於2023年3月31日,提名委員會已審核董事會成員多元化,並認為就文化及教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年期而言,董事會亦屬多元化。

Gender diversity

As at the date of this annual report, the Board consists of eleven male directors but no female director. In order to achieve gender diversity of the Board, the Company will appoint at least one female director to join the Board by December 2024. The Group is also committed to maintaining gender diversity at its workforce. The Group provides its employees with equal opportunities in terms of employment, training and career development. Currently, the Company maintains a male to female ratio in the workforce of approximately 3:1 while all members of the senior management are male. The Board considers that the gender diversity in workforce is achieved as the gender ratio is in line with the construction industry. The Group targets to avoid a single gender in senior management and will review the gender diversity of the senior management regularly to fit the business development of the Group.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

The Company established the Nomination Committee on 22 February 2019 to deal with matters in relation to the appointment and re-election of directors. The criteria and process in the nomination and appointment of directors of the Company are set out in the Policy of Nomination of Directors, which was adopted by the Board on 22 February 2019. A summary of the Policy of Nomination of Directors is set out below.

性別多元化

於本年報日期,董事會由11名男性董事組成, 惟沒有女性董事。為實現董事會性別多元化, 本公司將於2024年12月前委任至少一名女性 董事加入董事會。本集團亦致力於保持員工 隊伍性別多樣性。本集團於就業、培訓及公司 發展方面為員工提供平等機會。目前,本公 維持員工隊伍中的男女比例約為3:1,而所性別 能持員工隊伍中的男女比例約為3:1,而所性別 比例與建築業一致,因此已實現員工隊伍性 別多元化。本集團目標為避免高級管理層的 別單一,並將定期審查高級管理層的性別多 樣性,以適應本集團業務發展。

董事之委任及重選

本公司於2019年2月22日成立提名委員會,以處理有關委任及重選董事的事宜。本公司董事提名及委任準則及程序載於董事會於2019年2月22日採納的董事提名政策。董事提名政策摘要載列如下。

The Policy of Nomination of Directors

Purpose, scope and responsibilities:

The Policy of Nomination of Directors aims to set out the criteria and process in the nomination and appointment of directors of the Company, to ensure that all nominations of members of the Board are fair and transparent in order to facilitate the constitution of the Board with a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives that is appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business and to ensure Board continuity and appropriate leadership at Board level. The policy applies to the directors and where applicable, members of senior management and/or other persons proposed for Board positions under the succession planning of the Company. The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and nomination of directors to the Nomination Committee. Without prejudice to the authority and duties of the Nomination Committee as set out in its terms of reference, the ultimate responsibility for selection and appointment of directors of the Company rests with the entire Board.

Selection criteria:

- In evaluating and selecting any candidate for directorship, the following factors, which are not exhaustive, should be considered:
 - a. character and integrity;
 - accomplishment, experience and reputation in the business and industry in which the Company and its subsidiaries operate;
 - c. commitment in respect of sufficient time, interest and attention to the businesses of the Company and its subsidiaries;

董事提名政策

目的、範圍及責任:

董事提名政策旨在列出提名及委任本公司董事的準則及程序,以確保董事會所有成員以程名屬公平透明,從而促進構建董事會,以平衡符合本公司業務規定的技能、經驗事一層、並確保董事會的延續性及於董事會職位的領導帶領。政策適用於本公司繼任計劃中建議升於一大。董事會職位的高級管理層成員及一大。董事會已將其甄選及提名董事的最名委員會按其職權範圍所載應有的權力及職責任由全體董事會承擔。

甄選準則:

- 在評估及甄選任何候選人出任董事時, 應考慮下列因素,惟該等因素並非詳 盡:
 - a. 品格及誠信;
 - b. 於本公司及其附屬公司營運的業 務及行業的成就、經驗及聲譽;
 - c. 承諾就本公司及其附屬公司的業 務投入足夠時間、興趣及關注;

- qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- e. the potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board;
- f. the Board Diversity Policy adopted by the Company (as amended from time to time);
- g. in case of a candidate for an independent non-executive director of the Company, to assess: (i) the independence of such candidate with reference to, among other things, the independence criteria as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules; and (ii) the guidance and requirements relating to independent non-executive directors as set out in Code Provision B.3.4 of the CG code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules and in the "Guidance for Boards and Directors" published by the Stock Exchange; and
- h. any other relevant factors as may be determined by the Nomination Committee or the Board from time to time as appropriate.
- The appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board or re-appointment of any existing member(s) of the Board shall be made in accordance with the Company's articles of association and other applicable rules and regulations.

- d. 與本公司業務及企業策略有關的 資格(包括專業資格)、技能、知識 及經驗;
- e. 候選人可為董事會帶來的潛在貢獻;
- f. 本公司採納的董事會成員多元化 政策(經不時修訂);
- g. 就本公司獨立非執行董事候選人而言,將予評估:(i)有關候選人的獨立性(參考(其中包括)上市規則第3.13條所載的獨立性標準);及(ii)上市規則附錄14所載企業管治守則的守則條文第B.3.4條及聯交所所公佈的「董事會及董事指引」所載的有關獨立非執行董事之指引及規定;及
- h. 提名委員會或董事會不時酌情決 定的任何其他相關因素。
- 無論是委任任何建議的董事會候選人或 重新委任董事會任何現有成員,均須根 據本公司的組織章程細則及其他適用規 則和規例進行。

Nomination procedures:

- The Nomination Committee and/or the Board may select candidates for directorship. The chairman of the Nomination Committee will, upon his/her own motion or receipt of a nomination from a Board member (as the case may be), convene a meeting of the Nomination Committee or circulate a resolution in writing to the members of the Nomination Committee to consider the same in accordance with the Terms of Reference of the Nomination Committee.
- For the appointment of any proposed candidate to the Board, the Nomination Committee shall undertake adequate due diligence in respect of such individual and make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval.
- For the re-appointment of any existing member(s) of the Board, the Nomination Committee shall make recommendations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation, for the proposed candidate(s) to stand for re-election at a general meeting.
- If a shareholder wants to propose a candidate for prospective appointment to the Board to be considered by the shareholders, he/she shall refer to the "Procedures for Shareholder's Nomination of a Director", which is available on the Company's website.
- The nominated candidate will be asked to provide the necessary personal information together with his/her written consent to be appointed as a director and to the public disclosure of his/her personal data on any documents or the relevant websites for the purpose of or in relation to his/her appointment.

提名程序:

- 提名委員會及/或董事會可甄選候選人 擔任董事。提名委員會主席將出於自願 或於獲得董事會成員提名(視情況而定) 時,召開提名委員會會議或向提名委員 會成員傳閱書面決議案,以根據提名委 員會職權範圍考慮有關事項。
- 對於任何建議的董事會候選人的任命, 提名委員會應對有關人士進行充分的盡 職調查,並提出建議,供董事會審議及 批准。
- 就重新委任董事會任何現有成員而言, 提名委員會須提交建議供董事會考慮及 作出推薦建議,讓建議的候選人可於股 東大會上應選連任。
- 若股東擬向董事會建議日後委任的候選 人以供股東考慮,其應參考可於本公司 網站查閱的「股東提名董事程序」。
- 獲提名候選人將按要求提交必要的個人 資料,連同其獲委任為董事並就其委任 或與之相關而於任何文件或相關網站公 開披露其個人資料的書面同意書。

Chairman and Managing Director

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart acts as the Chairman while Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung act as the Managing Director. The roles of Chairman and Managing Director are separated. The Board has adopted a set of written terms setting out the roles and duties of the Chairman and the Managing Director.

The Chairman provides leadership for the Board and is responsible for the overall strategic planning and development of the Group. The Chairman should ensure that the Board works effectively and performs its responsibilities, and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner. With the support of the Managing Director and senior management, the Chairman is also responsible for ensuring that the directors receive adequate, accurate, clear, complete and reliable information in a timely manner and appropriate briefing on issues arising at Board meetings.

The Managing Director focuses on implementing objectives, policies and strategies approved by the Board. He is in charge of the Company's day-to-day operations and management. The Managing Director is also responsible for formulating the organizational structure, control systems and internal procedures and processes for the Board's approval.

主席與董事總經理

王世濤先生擔任主席,而李卓雄先生擔任董事總經理。主席與董事總經理角色相互分立。 董事會已採納一份書面職權範圍列明主席與 董事總經理的角色和職責。

主席負責領導董事會,並統籌本集團的整體 策略規劃及發展。主席應確保董事會有效運 作並履行其職責,以及及時討論所有關鍵及 適當問題。在董事總經理及高級管理人員的 支持下,主席亦負責確保董事及時收到足夠、 準確、清晰、完整及可靠的資料,以及適當知 悉董事會會議上所討論的事項。

董事總經理著重執行經董事會批准的目標、 政策及策略。彼負責本公司的日常營運及管 理。董事總經理亦負責擬定組織結構、監控系 統及內部程序和步驟,以提呈董事會批准。

Directors' Induction and Continuous Professional Development

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

Every newly appointed director is provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that he has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his responsibilities under the Listing Rules and relevant legal and regulatory requirements. Directors are encouraged to participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The company secretary from time to time provides the directors with updates on latest development and changes to the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements.

董事入職培訓及持續專業發展

董事應及時了解監管發展及變動,以便有效履行其職責,並確保彼等對董事會作出知情及恰當之貢獻。

每名新委任的董事均獲得就任須知及資訊以確保其對本公司的運作及業務均有適當的理解,以及完全知悉本身於上市規則及相關法律及監管規定項下之職責。董事均獲鼓勵參與適當持續專業發展以發展及更新彼等的知識及技能。公司秘書不時向董事提供上市規則及其他相關法律及監管規定之最新發展及更改的最新資訊。

During the year ended 31 March 2023, all directors have participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. A summary of training received by the directors is as follows:

於截至2023年3月31日止年度,全體董事皆有 參與持續專業發展以發展及更新他們的知識 及技能。董事接受培訓的概要如下:

Training Areas 培訓範圍

		Corporate Governance/ Updates on Laws, Rules & Regulations 企業管治/法律、 規則及規例的 最新資訊	Accounting/ Financial/ Management or Other Professional Skills 會計/財務/ 管理或 其他專業技能
Non-executive Chairman	非執行主席		
Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart	王世濤先生	✓	✓
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事		
Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson	查懋德先生	✓	✓
Mr. Chuk Kin Lun	祝健麟先生	✓	✓
Mr. Chung Sam Tin Abraham	鍾心田先生	✓	✓
Mr. Tai Sai Ho	戴世豪先生	✓	✓
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung	李卓雄先生	✓	✓
(Managing Director)	(董事總經理)		
Mr. Wong Kin	黃健先生	✓	✓
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen	周安達源先生	✓	✓
Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki	何炘基教授	✓	✓
Mr. Poon Kan Young	潘根濃先生	✓	✓
Mr. Yip Kai Yung	葉啓容先生	✓	✓

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the guideline for securities transactions by directors and employees who are likely to be in possession of inside information of the Company.

Specific enquiry has been made to all directors of the Company and all directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code during the year ended 31 March 2023. No incident of non-compliance of the Model Code by the employees was noted by the Company.

Company Secretary

The company secretary, namely Mr. Kwok Wing Fai, is the senior accounting manager of the Group. He has the day-to-day knowledge of the affairs of the Company.

The company secretary reports to the Chairman of the Board and plays an important role in supporting the Board by ensuring good information flow within the Board and that the Board policies and procedures are duly followed. He is also responsible for ensuring that the Board is fully appraised of the relevant corporate governance developments relating to the Group and facilitating the induction and professional development of the directors. All directors could have access to the advice and services of the company secretary to ensure that the Board procedures and all applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed.

The company secretary has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 March 2023.

證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守則」),作為董事及可能知悉本公司內幕消息之僱員進行證券交易之操守守則。

經向本公司全體董事作出具體查詢後,全體董事均確認彼等於截至2023年3月31日止年度一直遵守標準守則。本公司並無察覺任何僱員違反標準守則之事宜。

公司秘書

公司秘書郭永輝先生為本集團高級會計經 理。彼熟悉本公司日常事務。

公司秘書會向董事會主席匯報並在支援董事會方面擔當重要角色,以確保董事會成員之間資訊交流良好,以及妥為遵從董事會政策及程序。彼亦負責確保董事會充分評估與本集團有關的相關企業管治發展及促進董事的入職及專業發展。所有董事均可取得公司秘書的意見及服務,以確保董事會程序及所有適用法律、規則及法規均獲遵從。

截至2023年3月31日止年度,公司秘書已接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

BOARD AND COMMITTEES

Board Proceedings

The Board held four regular meetings during the year ended 31 March 2023 and the principal businesses transacted include:

- Approving the forecast and budget of the Group;
- Approving interim and final results and reports;
- Determining payment of dividend;
- Reviewing the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems of the Group; and
- Approving the adoption of the whistleblowing policy of the Company.

Notices of regular Board meetings are given to all the directors at least 14 days before the meetings. For other board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is given. The date of each meeting is decided in advance to enable the directors to attend the meeting in person.

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all the directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting or committee meeting to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each director also have separate and independent access to the senior management whenever necessary.

董事會及委員會

董事會的議程

於截至2023年3月31日止年度,董事會舉行四次常規會議,主要處理事項包括:

- 批准本集團的預測及預算;
- 批准中期及全年業績以及報告;
- 釐定股息派付;
- 審閱本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的 有效性;及
- 批准採納本公司舉報政策。

召開董事會常規會議之通知均於會議召開前至少14日向所有董事發出。就其他董事會及委員會會議而言,則會發出合理通知。各會議日期均事先決定,以便董事能夠親自出席會議。

董事會會議文件連同所有適當、完整及可靠的資料,均於各董事會會議或委員會會議舉行前至少3日送呈各董事,以使彼等能夠作出知情決定。董事會和每位董事在有需要的時候,均有自行接觸高級管理人員的獨立途徑。

According to current Board practice, any transaction with a material amount will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Company's articles of association also contain provisions requiring directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such directors or any of their associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) have a material interest.

根據現時董事會的慣例,凡有重大金額的交易,都會正式召開董事會會議,由董事會考慮及處理。根據本公司的組織章程細則,若董事或其任何聯繫人(定義見上市規則)在將予議決的交易事項上存有重大利益,有關董事必須放棄表決,且不得計入該會議的法定人數內。

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee of the Company was established on 22 February 2019. The Audit Committee comprises four independent non-executive directors and Mr. Yip Kai Yung is the Chairman of the Audit Committee and possesses appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a partner or former partner (within two years immediately prior to the date of his appointment as a member of the Audit Committee) of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, the Company's existing external auditor. Members of the Audit Committee are as follows:

Mr. Yip Kai Yung* (Chairman of the committee)
Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen*
Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki*
Mr. Poon Kan Young*

* independent non-executive director

The major duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

 Reviewing the financial statements and reports and considering any significant or unusual items raised by the qualified accountant or external auditor before submission to the Board;

審核委員會

本公司的審核委員會於2019年2月22日成立。 審核委員會由四位獨立非執行董事組成,並 由葉啓容先生出任審核委員會主席。彼具備 根據上市規則第3.10(2)條要求的適當專業資 格或會計或相關的財務管理專長。審核委員 會的各成員並非本公司現任外聘核數師(德 勤・關黃陳方會計師行)的合夥人或前任合夥 人(緊接其獲委任為審核委員會成員之日前 兩年內)。審核委員會的成員如下:

葉啓容先生#(委員會主席) 周安達源先生# 何炘基教授# 潘根濃先生#

獨立非執行董事

審核委員會的主要職責如下:

審閱財務報表及報告及在提呈董事會前,考慮合資格會計師或外聘核數師提出之任何重大或不尋常事項;

- Making recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditor, approving their remuneration and terms of engagement and reviewing and monitoring the external auditor's independence and objectivity;
- 就委任、重新委任及罷免外聘核數師事宜向董事會提出建議、批准彼等的薪酬及聘用條款,及檢討和監察外聘核數師的獨立性和客觀性;
- Reviewing and reporting to the Board on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems and associated procedures, with the assistance of the Risk Management Committee and the outsourced internal audit function:
- 在風險管理委員會及外判內部審核功能的協助下,檢討本集團的財務匯報制度、風險管理及內部監控系統及有關程序是否充足及有效,並向董事會匯報;
- Reviewing the Group's operating, financial and accounting policies and practices; and
- 檢討本集團的營運、財務及會計政策和 慣例;及
- Reporting to the Board on the matters in the CG Code.
- 向董事會匯報企業管治守則事宜。

Three Audit Committee meetings were held during the year ended 31 March 2023 and the major works performed are as follows: 於截至2023年3月31日止年度,舉行了三次審核委員會會議,以及進行的主要工作如下:

- Reviewing and recommending for the Board's approval the annual results for the year ended 31 March 2022 and interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2022;
- 就董事會批准截至2022年3月31日止年 度之全年業績及截至2022年9月30日止 六個月之中期業績進行審閱及提出建 議;
- Recommending to the Board for the re-appointment of external auditor for the year ended 31 March 2023; and
- 就續聘截至2023年3月31日止年度的外 聘核數師向董事會提出建議;及
- Assisting the Board in meeting its responsibilities for evaluating, establishing and maintaining effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group.
- 協助董事會履行其責任以評估、設立及 維持本集團之有效風險管理及內部監控 系統。

The Company's annual results for the year ended 31 March 2023 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

審核委員會已審閱本公司截至2023年3月31 日止年度之全年業績。

Re-appointment of External Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu has been appointed as the external auditor of the Company since listing of the Company in 2019 and the Audit Committee reviews the re-appointment of the external auditor on an annual basis. Having considered Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu's independence and audit quality, including but not limited to its expertise, resources, effectiveness of the audit process and communication and interaction with the Audit Committee, the Audit Committee recommended the re-appointment of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the Group's external auditor which will be considered by the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee of the Company was established on 22 February 2019. Members of the Nomination Committee are as follows:

Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki# (Chairman of the committee)

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart*

Mr. Tai Sai Ho*

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen#

Mr. Poon Kan Young#

Mr. Yip Kai Yung#

- * non-executive director
- # independent non-executive director

續聘外聘核數師

自本公司於2019年上市起,德勤·關黃陳方會計師行已獲委任為本公司外聘核數師,審核委員會每年檢討外聘核數師的續聘事宜。經考慮德勤·關黃陳方會計師行的獨立性及審核質素(包括但不限於其專業知識、資源、審核程序成效以及與審核委員會的溝通及互動)後,審核委員會推薦續聘德勤·關黃陳方會計師行為本集團外聘核數師,續聘將由本公司股東於本公司應屆股東週年大會上審議。

提名委員會

本公司提名委員會於2019年2月22日成立,提名委員會的成員如下:

何炘基教授#(委員會主席)

王世濤先生*

戴世豪先生*

周安達源先生#

潘根濃先生#

葉啓容先生#

- * 非執行董事
- # 獨立非執行董事

The major duties of the Nomination Committee include the following:

- Implementing and reviewing the Policy of Nomination of Directors, including the nomination procedures and the process and criteria adopted by the committee to select and recommend candidates for directorship;
- Reviewing the structure, size and composition (including skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives) of the Board at least annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
- Identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and selecting or making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship, in accordance with the Policy for Nomination of Directors:
- Assessing the independence of independent nonexecutive directors of the Company;
- Making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors of the Company and succession planning for directors of the Company in particular the Chairman and the Managing Director; and
- Reviewing the Board Diversity Policy and disclosing the Board Diversity Policy or summary of such policy (including any measurable objectives that have been set for implementing the policy and the progress on achieving those objectives) in the corporate governance report in each annual report of the Company.

提名委員會的主要職責如下:

- 實施及檢討董事提名政策,包括提名程 序及委員會所採納以甄選及推薦董事候 選人的程序及準則;
- 至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括技能、知識、經驗及觀點多元化),並就任何為配合本公司的企業策略而擬作出的變動向董事會提出建議;
- 根據董事提名政策物色具備合適資格可 擔任董事的人士,並挑選提名有關人士 出任董事或就此向董事會提出建議;
- 評核本公司獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 就本公司董事委任或重新委任以及本公司董事(尤其是主席及董事總經理)繼任計劃向董事會提出建議;及
- 檢討董事會成員多元化政策並於本公司 各年報的企業管治報告書中披露董事會 成員多元化政策或該政策摘要(包括為 實施政策而設定的任何可計量目標及實 現該等目標的進展)。

The Nomination Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 March 2023 and the major works performed are as follows:

- Reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- Assessing the independence of the independent non-executive directors of the Company;
- Reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of directors who are subject to retirement from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company; and
- Reviewing the Board Diversity Policy.

The Board Diversity Policy is summarised in the "Board Diversity".

Remuneration Committee

The Company set up the Remuneration Committee on 22 February 2019. Members of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

Mr. Poon Kan Young# (Chairman of the committee)

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart*

Mr. Tai Sai Ho*

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen#

Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki#

Mr. Yip Kai Yung#

- * non-executive director
- * independent non-executive director

The major duties of the Remuneration Committee include the following:

- Formulating remuneration policy and practices and determining the remuneration packages of the executive directors and the senior management; and
- Ensuring that no director or any of his associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) will participate in deciding his own remuneration.

截至2023年3月31日止年度,提名委員會舉行了兩次會議,履行的主要工作如下:

- 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成;
- 評核本公司獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 檢討及向董事會建議重新委任於本公司 即將舉行的股東週年大會上輪值退任的 董事;及
- 檢討董事會成員多元化政策。

董事會成員多元化政策概述於「董事會成員多元化」章節。

薪酬委員會

本公司於2019年2月22日成立薪酬委員會。薪酬委員會的成員如下:

潘根濃先生#(委員會主席) 王世濤先生* 戴世豪先生* 周安達源先生# 何炘基教授# 葉啓容先生#

- * 非執行董事
- # 獨立非執行董事

薪酬委員會的主要職責如下:

- 擬定薪酬政策及常規及釐定執行董事和 高級管理人員的薪酬待遇;及
- 確保概無董事或其任何聯繫人(定義見上市規則)參與釐定其本身薪酬。

In determining the remuneration, the Remuneration Committee reviewed background information such as key economic indicators, market/sector trend, headcount and staff costs.

薪酬委員會檢討背景資料,如主要經濟指標、 市場/行業趨勢、總員工數目及員工成本,以 釐定薪酬。

The Remuneration Committee held three meetings during the year ended 31 March 2023 and the major works performed are as follows:

截至2023年3月31日止年度,薪酬委員會舉行了三次會議,履行的主要工作如下:

- Approving the maximum bonus pool and the actual amount to be distributed to the executive directors, senior management and other employees of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023; and
- 批准最高的花紅儲備及截至2023年3月 31日止年度,將分派給本集團執行董 事、高級管理人員及其他僱員的實際花 紅款額;及
- Reviewing and determining the salary increment for the executive directors, senior management and other employees of the Group for the year commencing 1 April 2023.
- 檢討及釐定本集團執行董事、高級管理 人員及其他僱員於2023年4月1日起計全 年薪酬調整之需求。

Other Board Committee

其他董事委員會

In addition to delegating specific responsibilities to the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee, the Board also established the following Board committee:

董事會除了賦予審核委員會、提名委員會及 薪酬委員會特定職責外,亦成立了以下董事 委員會:

Name of Committee	Composition of Committee	Role and Function of Committee
委員會名稱	委員會之組成	委員會之角色及職能
Investment Committee 投資委員會	Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart <i>(Chairman)</i> 王世濤先生 <i>(主席)</i> Mr. Tai Sai Ho 戴世豪先生 Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung 李卓雄先生	To handle the Group's investment decisions 處理本集團的投資決策

Attendance Record of Directors and Committee Members

The attendance record of each director at annual general meeting, Board and committee meetings held during the year ended 31 March 2023 is set out below:

董事及委員會成員出席記錄

各董事出席截至2023年3月31日止年度舉行的股東週年大會、董事會及委員會會議的記錄載列如下:

		Annual		Audit	Nomination	Remuneration	Investment
		General	Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Committee
		Meeting	Meeting ^{II}	Meeting [™]	Meeting [™]	Meeting [∨]	Meeting [∨]
				審核委員會	提名委員會	薪酬委員會	投資委員會
Name of Director	董事姓名	股東週年大會	董事會會議	會議Ⅲ	會議♡	會議♡	會議Ⅵ
Mr. Wong Sue Toa,	王世濤先生*	1/1	4/4	N/A [∆]	2/2	3/3	1/1
Stewart* (Chairman)	(主席)			不適用△			
Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung	李卓雄先生	1/1	4/4	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]	1/1
(Managing Director)	(董事			不適用△	不適用△	不適用△	
	總經理)						
Mr. Wong Kin	黄健先生	1/1	4/4	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]
				不適用△	不適用△	不適用△	不適用△
Mr. Cha Mou Daid,	查懋德先生*	0/1	4/4	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]
Johnson*				不適用△	不適用△	不適用△	不適用△
Mr. Chuk Kin Lun*	祝健麟先生*	0/1	4/4	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]
				不適用△	不適用△	不適用△	不適用△
Mr. Chung Sam Tin	鍾心田先生*	0/1	4/4	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]	N/A [∆]
Abraham*				不適用△	不適用△	不適用△	不適用△
Mr. Tai Sai Ho*	戴世豪先生*	1/1	4/4	N/A [∆]	2/2	3/3	1/1
				不適用△			
Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen#	周安達源先生#	1/1	4/4	3/3	2/2	3/3	N/A [∆]
							不適用△
Professor Ho Richard	何炘基教授 "	1/1	4/4	3/3	2/2	3/3	N/A [∆]
Yan Ki [#]							不適用△
Mr. Poon Kan Young#	潘根濃先生#	1/1	3/4	3/3	2/2	3/3	N/A [∆]
							不適用△
Mr. Yip Kai Yung#	葉啓容先生#	1/1	4/4	3/3	2/2	3/3	N/A [∆]
							不適用△

Notes:

- I. The annual general meeting was held on 23 August 2022. The auditor of the Company, Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu attended such meeting.
- II. Four regular Board meetings were held during the year ended 31 March 2023.
- III. Mr. Yip Kai Yung is the Chairman of the Audit Committee.
- IV. Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee.
- V. Mr. Poon Kan Young is the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee.
- VI. Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart is the Chairman of the Investment Committee.
- * non-executive director
- # independent non-executive director
- $^{\Delta}$ The director was not a member of the relevant committee.

附註:

- I. 於2022年8月23日舉行股東週年大會,本公司核數師德勤◆關黃陳方會計師行出席該會議。
- II. 截至2023年3月31日止年度,本公司舉行了四次董事會常規會議。
- Ⅲ. 葉啓容先生為審核委員會主席。
- IV. 何炘基教授為提名委員會主席。
- V. 潘根濃先生為薪酬委員會主席。
- VI. 王世濤先生為投資委員會主席。
- * 非執行董事
- # 獨立非執行董事
- △ 該董事並非有關委員會成員。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges its responsibility in overseeing the risk management and internal control systems of the Group on an ongoing basis and reviewing effectiveness of the systems at least annually. The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to help achieving the Group's business objectives by providing reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and they are designed to manage rather than completely eliminate the risk of system failure.

The Company adopted a risk management policy and formed the Risk Management Committee chaired by the Managing Director and with members comprising the various senior staff members. Systems and procedures are put in place to identify, evaluate, manage and monitor the risks of different businesses and activities. Regular monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems is mainly performed by each departments who are required to conduct risk self-assessment and to submit risk assessment results and action plans to the Risk Management Committee. The Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee monitor and assess the risk management systems and the risk management issues. Review on the risk management and internal control systems has to be performed at least annually to assess the effectiveness of the systems in monitoring and managing risks. The Company has not yet set up the internal audit function as the Company considers it to be more cost effective to engage external consultant to perform such internal audit function.

The directors review monthly management reports on the financial results. Monthly management meetings are held to review progress of projects and business performance against budgets and forecasts. Any major variances are highlighted for investigation and control purposes.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會確認其持續監督本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統以及至少每年檢討一次系統有效性之責任。本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統旨在透過就不存在重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理(但非絕對)以保證協助本集團實現業務目標及旨在管理(但非完全消除)系統失誤之風險。

本公司已採納一項風險管理政策並成立風險 管理委員會,由董事總經理擔任主席,成員包 括各高級職員。已建立系統及程序以識別、評 估、管理及監控各業務及活動之風險。主要由 各部門定期監察風險管理及內部監控系統, 各部門須進行風險自我評估及將風險評估 果及行動計劃提交予風險管理委員會審閱。 審核委員會及風險管理委員會監察及評估閱 驗管理系統及風險管理委員會監察及評估閱 風險管理及內部監控系統進行審閱以評估的 等系統於監控及管理風險方面的有效性。由 於本公司認為聘請外部顧問履行相關內部審 核職能更具成本效益,故本公司尚未設立內 部審核職能。

董事會審閱每月的財務業績管理層報告。每 月亦舉行管理層會議,將項目進度及業務表 現與預算及預測作出比較,並列舉所有重要 的差異,以作調查及監控。

The Group regulates the handling and the dissemination of inside information to the public in an equal and timely manner in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. The Managing Director and senior management are delegated with responsibilities to control and monitor the proper procedures on the disclosure of inside information.

本集團根據適用法律及法規規範處理並確保內幕消息公平適時地傳播予公眾人士。董事總經理及高級管理層獲授予職責控制及監督內幕消息披露之適當程序。

The Board, as supported by the Audit Committee and the Risk Management Committee, has conducted an annual review of the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls. Such review, in particular, included the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions. The Board also engaged external consultant to assist the Company in reviewing the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems during the year ended 31 March 2023. No significant risk issues were identified and appropriate measures have been taken to address the identified areas for improvement. The Board considered the risk management and internal control systems of the Group effective and adequate.

董事會在審核委員會及風險管理委員會的支持下對本集團風險管理及內部監控系統的項包括財務、營運和合規監控。特別是,有關包括對務、營運和合規監控。特別是,有關包括資源的充足程度、員工資格及經驗務度則項目以及本集團會計、內部審核及財務度,截至2023年3月31日止年數務,實際管理及內部監控系統的有效性進現可會的機無發現重大風險問題,而就已發事不過。概無發現重大風險問題,而就已發事團人地方亦採取了適當措施處理。董系統國有效及充足。

RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards have been adopted, appropriate accounting policies have been applied, and reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates have been made. The reporting responsibilities of the external auditor on the consolidated financial statements of the Company are set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" section of this annual report.

對綜合財務報表之責任

董事會負責編製綜合財務報表。在編製綜合財務報表時,董事會已採納香港財務報告準則,應用合適之會計政策,並作出合理和審慎的判斷及估計。外聘核數師於本公司綜合財務報表之報告責任載列於本年報「獨立核數師報告」一節內。

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has adopted the Dividend Policy on 19 March 2019. According to the Dividend Policy, the Board shall, in recommending or declaring dividends, maintain adequate cash reserves for meeting the Group's working capital requirements and future growth as well as its shareholder value.

The declaration of dividend(s) and/or the amount of dividends (if any) that may be declared and distributed to the shareholders is subject to the discretion of the Board, the constitutional documents of the Company and all applicable laws and regulations and the Board would take into account the following factors of the Group: (i) results of operations and earnings; (ii) general financial conditions; (iii) cash flow situation; (iv) availability of distributable profits; (v) business conditions and strategies; (vi) future operations and earnings; (vii) cash requirements; (viii) expected capital requirements and expenditure plans; (ix) interests of the shareholders as a whole; (x) any restrictions on declaration and/or payment of dividends; and (xi) any other factors that the Board may consider relevant.

Depending on the financial conditions of the Group and the conditions and factors as set out above, dividends may be proposed and/or declared by the Board for a financial year or period as: (i) interim dividend; (ii) final dividend; (iii) special dividend; and (iv) any distribution of net profits that the Board may deem appropriate. Any final dividend for a financial year shall be subject to shareholders' approval.

The Company may declare and pay dividends by way of cash or scrip or by other means that the Board considers appropriate. Any dividend unclaimed shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Company in accordance with the constitutional documents of the Company and applicable laws and regulations. The Board will review the Dividend Policy as appropriate from time to time.

股息政策

董事會已於2019年3月19日採納股息政策。根據股息政策,於建議宣派或宣派股息時,董事會應確保維持足夠的現金儲備,以應付本集團營運資金需求和未來增長,並確保股東價值。

宣派股息及/或可能會向股東宣派和派付的股息金額(如有)由董事會酌情決定,並須受本公司章程文件及所有適用法律法規規限,且董事會將計及以下有關本集團的因素:(i)經營業績及盈利;(ii)整體財務狀況;(iii)現金流情況;(iv)可分配利潤;(v)業務狀況及策略;(vi)未來的經營及盈利;(vii)現金需求;(viii)預期資本需求及開支計劃;(ix)股東整體利益;(x)對宣派及/或派付股息的任何限制;及(xi)董事會可能認為相關的任何其他因素。

視乎本集團的財務狀況及上文載列的條件及因素,董事會可能會以下列形式建議及/或宣派任一財政年度或期間的股息:(i)中期股息;(ii)末期股息;(iii)特別股息;及(iv)任何董事會可能認為屬適當的純利派發。任何財政年度的末期股息均須經股東批准。

本公司可能會以現金或以股代息或董事會認 為屬適當的其他方式宣派及派付股息。任何 未獲認領的股息將予沒收,並遵照本公司的 章程文件及適用法律法規復歸本公司。董事 會將不時適當地檢討股息政策。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration paid to the external auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023 is set out below:

核數師薪酬

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本公司支付外聘 核數師之薪酬載列如下:

111/6/000

		千港元
Audit Services	審核服務	1,580
Non-audit Services:	非審核服務:	
Reviewing the financial results and reports for	審閱截至2022年9月30日止	
the six months ended 30 September 2022	六個月之財務業績及報告	485
Others	其他	8
Total	總計	2,073

SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The general meetings of the Company serve as a communication platform where the Board can maintain a face-to-face dialogue with the shareholders and investors. Separate resolutions will be proposed at the general meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors. The Chairman of the Board as well as the chairman of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee. or in their absence, other members of the Board or the respective Board committees, will attend the annual general meeting of the Company and be available to answer questions from the shareholders and investors. The external auditor of the Company will also be invited to attend the annual general meeting of the Company to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditors' report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

To ensure compliance with the CG Code, notice of the general meetings together with the shareholders circular and other documents will be sent to the shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the annual general meeting and at least 10 clear business days before the extraordinary general meetings. Voting at annual general meeting or other general meetings will be conducted by way of a poll. The results of the poll will be published on the day of shareholders' meeting by posting on both the Stock Exchange's and the Company's websites.

股東權利及投資者關係

為確保符合企業管治守則,股東大會通告連同股東通函及其他文件將於股東週年大會舉行前至少足20個營業日內於股東特別大會舉行前至少足10個營業日向股東發送。股東週年大會或其他股東大會將以投票方式進行表決。投票結果將於股東大會當日在聯交所網站及本公司網站內公佈。

Convening of Extraordinary General Meeting and Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

General meetings shall be convened:

- (i) on the written requisition of any one or more members of the Company deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong (Office A, 20th Floor, Kings Wing Plaza 1, 3 On Kwan Street, Shek Mun, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong) or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office (Maples Corporate Services Limited, P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands) specifying the objects of the meeting and resolutions to the meeting agenda and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the voting rights, on a one vote per share basis, of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company; or
- (ii) on the written requisition of any one member of the Company which is a recognised clearing house (or its nominee) deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong (Office A, 20th Floor, Kings Wing Plaza 1, 3 On Kwan Street, Shek Mun, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong) or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office (Maples Corporate Services Limited, P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands) specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionist, provided that such requisitionist held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the voting rights, on a one vote per share basis, of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company.

召開股東特別大會及在股東大會提出 建議

於下列情況下須召開股東大會:

- (i) 本公司任何一名或以上股東向本公司 於香港的主要辦事處(地址為香港新界 沙田石門安群街3號京瑞廣場一期20樓 A室)或(倘若本公司不再設立該主要辦 事處)註冊辦事處(Maples Corporate Services Limited,地址為P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands)送達書面要求, 書面要求須指明會議的對象及會議議程 決議案,並由提出要求的人士簽署,惟 有關提出要求的人士於遞交要求當日須 持有有權於本公司股東大會上投票的本 公司投票權(按一股一票基準)不少於十 分之一;或
- (ii) 任何一名屬於認可結算所的本公司股東 (或其代名人)向本公司於香港的主要 辦事處(地址為香港新界沙田石門安群 街3號京瑞廣場一期20樓A室)或(倘若本 公司不再設立該主要辦事處)註冊辦事處 (Maples Corporate Services Limited, 地址為P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands)送達書面要求,書面要求須指 明會議的對象,並由提出要求的人士簽 署,惟提出要求的人士於遞交要求當日 須持有有權於本公司股東大會上投票的 本公司投票權(按一股一票基準)不少於 十分之一。

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which the meeting may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

倘董事會於接獲要求後21日內未有正式召開 大會,提出要求的人士或當中持有彼等投票 權總數過半的任何人士可盡可能按接近董事 會召開大會的相同方式召開股東大會,惟如 此召開的任何大會不可遲於提交要求當日起 三個月屆滿後召開,而提出要求的人士因董 事會未能完成有關要求而涉及的所有合理開 支,將由本公司向彼等作出補償。

Procedures for Nomination of Director

If a shareholder (the "Proposer") wishes to nominate a person (the "Candidate") to stand for election as a director at a general meeting of the Company, the following documents shall be delivered to the company secretary of the Company to the Company's principal office in Hong Kong (Office A, 20th Floor, Kings Wing Plaza 1, 3 On Kwan Street, Shek Mun, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong):

- a written notice signed by the Proposer, who must be duly qualified to attend and vote at the general meeting, of his/her intention to propose the Candidate for election as a director;
- (ii) a written notice signed by the Candidate of his/her willingness to be elected as a director; and
- (iii) biographical details of the Candidate as required under Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules.

提名董事之程序

股東(「提名人士」)倘擬提名個別人士(「候選人」)於本公司股東大會上參選董事,須將下列文件送達本公司於香港的主要辦事處(地址為香港新界沙田石門安群街3號京瑞廣場一期20樓A室)予本公司的公司秘書:

- (i) 經正式合資格出席股東大會並於會上投票的提名人士簽署表示其有意提名候選人參選董事的書面通知;
- (ii) 候選人簽署表明其參選董事意願的書面 通知;及
- (iii) 按上市規則第13.51(2)條規定的候選人 個人履歷詳情。

According to the Company's articles of association, the period for lodgment of the required documents mentioned above will be at least seven days, commencing no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and ending no later than seven days prior to the date of such general meeting.

根據本公司的組織章程細則,須於最少為七 日的期間(由不早於寄發就指定進行有關選 舉而召開股東大會通告當日的翌日起計,至 不遲於該股東大會舉行日期前七日止) 交回 上述所需文件。

Upon receipt of the written notices from the Proposer to propose the Candidate for election as a director at the general meeting, the Company will publish an announcement in accordance with the requirements under the Listing Rules or issue a supplementary circular. The particulars of the Candidate will be included in the announcement or supplementary circular of the Company.

接獲提名人士就於股東大會上提名候選人參 選董事發出的書面通知後,本公司將根據上 市規則的規定刊發公告或補充通函。候選人 的詳情將載入本公司的公告或補充通函內。

The Proposer must attend the relevant general meeting in person to propose the Candidate (who may or may not attend the meeting himself or herself). In the event of the Candidate being appointed, his appointment will remain subject to the Stock Exchange being satisfied as to his suitability to act in the role.

提名人士須親身出席有關股東大會以提名候 選人(其未必會親身出席大會)。倘候選人獲 委任,其委任將繼續受其擔任職務的合適性 獲聯交所信納所規限。

Constitutional Documents

The Company adopted the new amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company (the "M&A") on 23 August 2022 in order to conform the M&A with the core shareholder protection standards set out in Appendix 3 of the Listing Rules and to make some house-keeping amendments. Details of the amendments are set out in the circular of the Company dated 21 July 2022. A copy of the new amended and restated M&A is available on the websites of the Company (www.millionhope.com.hk) and the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk).

組織章程文件

本公司已於2022年8月23日採納本公司新經 修訂和重述的公司章程大綱細則(「公司章 程大綱細則」),以使公司章程大綱細則遵守 上市規則附件3所載之核心股東保護標準, 及進行若干內務管理修訂。修訂詳情載於本 公司日期為2022年7月21日之通函。新經修 訂和重述的公司章程大綱細則可於本公司網 站(www.millionhope.com.hk)及聯交所網站 (www.hkexnews.hk)查閱。

Communication with Shareholders and Other Stakeholders' Enquiries

The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders. Shareholders and other stakeholders may address their enquiries and concerns to the company secretary through the following channels:

By mail: Million Hope Industries Holdings Limited

Attention: Company Secretary

Office A, 20th Floor., Kings Wing Plaza 1

3 On Kwan Street

Shek Mun

Shatin, New Territories

Hong Kong

By email: office@millionhope.com.hk

By telephone: (852) 2693 0276

By fax: (852) 2602 5840

In addition, if shareholders have any enquiries about their shareholdings and entitlement to dividend, they can contact the Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company using the details below:

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East,

Wan Chai, Hong Kong Tel: (852) 2862 8628

Fax: (852) 2865 0990

To promote effective communication, the Company also maintains a website at www.millionhope.com.hk, where extensive information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information and other information are posted.

The Company reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the above shareholders' communication channels and considered them to be effective.

與股東溝通及其他持份者的查詢

本公司致力與股東保持持續對話。股東及其 他持份者可以透過下列渠道將彼等的查詢及 關注事項傳遞給公司秘書:

郵件: 美亨實業控股有限公司

註明公司秘書收

香港 新界沙田 石門 安群街3號

京瑞廣場一期20樓A室

電郵: office@millionhope.com.hk

電話: (852) 2693 0276

傳真: (852) 2602 5840

此外,股東如有任何有關其股權及股息權利之查詢,可根據下文詳述資料聯絡本公司的股份過戶登記處香港分處:

香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港灣仔

皇后大道東183號

合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖

電話:(852) 2862 8628 傳真:(852) 2865 0990

為了能加強有效的溝通,本公司亦設立了一個網站www.millionhope.com.hk,提供本公司的業務發展及有關營運、財務資料及其他資訊之詳細和最新資料。

本公司已審查上述股東溝通渠道的實施及有效性,並認為該等渠道為有效。

INTRODUCTION

Million Hope Industries Holdings Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group" or "We") is a subcontractor with more than 30 years of experience in the design, supply and installation of facade and curtain wall systems in Hong Kong, with a focus on providing one-stop design, supply and installation services for curtain walls, aluminium windows and doors on both new and existing buildings. The Group also works closely with customers and architects to offer tailor-made designs and products to suit the project requirements, and its main customers are contractors and property developers.

Our Vision

 We are responsive to the needs of our clients and are committed to offering innovative solutions and quality service to stay ahead in the industry

Our Mission

- To manufacture and construct the finest curtain wall and windows in Greater China
- Provide customers with system design, manufacturing, supply, problem-solving and advisory services

Our Core Values

- Innovative Solutions We keep up-to-date with the most innovative manufacturing equipment and techniques
- Excellence Service We maintain high standards of workmanship, quality control and a strong commitment to customer service

引言

美亨實業控股有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱「本集團」或「我們」)為分包商,於香港外牆及幕牆系統設計、供應及安裝方面擁有逾三十年經驗,專注於為新建及現有建築物的幕牆、鋁合金門窗提供一站式設計、供應及安裝服務。本集團亦與客戶及建築師緊密合作,提供量身定制的設計及產品,以配合項目的需要,而其主要客戶為總承建商及物業發展商。

我們的願景

我們響應客戶需求及致力於提供創新的 解決方案及優質服務,保持行業領先地 位

我們的使命

- 生產及建造大中華最好的幕牆及窗戶
- 為客戶提供系統設計、製造、供應、問題解決及諮詢服務

我們的核心價值

- 創新的解決方案-我們不斷掌握最具創 新性的製造設備及技術
- 卓越的服務-我們保持高標準的工藝、 質量控制及對客戶服務的堅定承諾

- Care We take full responsibility for our staff, clients and the community
- Mutual Respect We work together in a collaborative environment based on trust, joint commitment and respect

This environmental, social and governance report (the "ESG Report") summarises the environmental, social and governance ("ESG") initiatives, plans, and performances of the Group and demonstrates its ongoing commitment towards sustainable development.

The Group was founded in 1990 with the aspiration of providing innovative and effective solutions to clients' aluminium design and manufacturing needs, and to this day, the Group continues to be guided by its client-focused approach. We remain committed to growing our business from Hong Kong to Mainland China and beyond by drawing on our extensive knowledge base and expertise to deliver quality aluminium design and fabrication solutions.

THE ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

The Group has developed a governance framework to ensure the alignment of ESG governance with its strategic growth, while advocating ESG integration into its business operations. The Group conducts a top-down management approach concerning its ESG issues, which comprises the board of directors (the "Board") and the ESG working group (the "Working Group").

- 關懷一我們對員工、客戶及社區盡職盡 青
- 相互尊重-我們在一個基於相互信任、 共同承擔及彼此尊重的協作氛圍中合作

本環境、社會及管治報告書(「環境、社會及管治報告書」)概述本集團的環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)的舉措、計劃及表現,並展示其對可持續發展的持續承諾。

本集團於1990年成立,旨在提供創新有效的解決方案以滿足客戶對鋁設計及製造的需求,而時至今日,本集團仍堅持以客戶為中心的方針。憑藉我們廣泛的知識庫及大量的專業知識,我們繼續致力將我們的業務由香港擴展至中國內地及其他地區,以提供優質的鋁設計及製造方案。

環境、社會及管治的管治架構

本集團已制定管治框架,以確保環境、社會及管治的治理與其策略增長一致,同時提倡將環境、社會及管治融入其業務營運。本集團就其環境、社會及管治議題實行由上而下的管理方式,當中包括董事會(「董事會」)及環境、社會及管治工作小組(「工作小組」)。

The Board holds the overall responsibility for overseeing and setting out the Group's ESG strategies, management approach and reporting. To better manage the Group's ESG-related issues, the Board must hold at least one meeting each year to establish the overall ESG approach, oversee and assess the potential impacts and risks of the ESG issues related to the Group's operation, review the Group's performance against ESG-related targets and the materiality of ESG issues, ensure the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems and approve disclosures in ESG reports.

The Group has established the Working Group formed by designated personnel from various functional departments to facilitate the Board's oversight of ESGrelated issues. The Working Group is responsible for collecting and analysing the relevant ESG information, identifying and assessing the Group's ESG risks, as well as planning and implementing ESG-related policies, guidelines and measures. The Working Group also assists the Board in identifying, evaluating and prioritising material ESG-related issues through conducting materiality assessments. In addition, the Working Group reports ESG-related matters to the Board at least once a year for the evaluation and subsequent implementation or revision of the Group's ESG strategies and management approach and to ensure appropriate risk management on ESG.

董事會整體負責監督及制定本集團的環境、社會及管治策略、管理方法及報告。為更有效地管理本集團的環境、社會及管治相關議題,董事會必須每年至少舉行一次會議,以建立整體的環境、社會及管治方針,監督和問題會及管治方針,監督和問題會及管治相關目標方面的表現及環境、社會及管治議題的重要性,確保本集團的風險管理和內部控制系統的有效性,並批准環境、社會及管治報告的披露。

本集團已成立由不同職能部門的指定人員組成的工作小組,以促進董事會對環境、社會及管治相關議題的監管。工作小組負責收集及分析相關的環境、社會及管治資訊,識別及計劃及實施環境、社會及管治相關政策、指引及措施。工作小組更透過進行重要性評估,協會政管治相關議題。此外,工作小組每年最少向董事會報告環境、社會及管治相關事項,以供評估及其後實施或修訂本集團的環境、社會及管治相關策略及管理方法,從而確保環境、社會及管治風險能得到適當的管理。

SCOPE OF REPORTING

The ESG Report generally covers the Group's business activities in Hong Kong and Mainland China, including the corporate head office in Hong Kong, the fabrication plant and dormitory in Huizhou, as well as the office in Dongguan, which represent the Group's major sources of revenue and are under the Group's direct operational control. The Group will continue to assess the major ESG aspects of different businesses and extend the scope of disclosures when and where applicable.

REPORTING FRAMEWORK

The ESG Report has been prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

Information relating to the corporate governance practices of the Group has been set out in the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report.

The Group attaches great importance to materiality, quantitative, and consistency during the preparation of this ESG Report and has applied these reporting principles in the aforementioned ESG Reporting Guide as follows:

報告範圍

本環境、社會及管治報告書基本涵蓋本集團 於香港及中國內地的業務活動,包括在香港 的公司總辦事處、在惠州的製造廠及宿舍以 及在東莞的辦公室,其為本集團收益的主要 來源並由本集團直接經營控制。本集團將繼 續評估不同業務的主要環境、社會及管治層 面,並適時擴大披露範圍。

報告框架

本環境、社會及管治報告書乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司主板(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄27所載《環境、社會及管治報告指引」)而編製。

有關本集團企業管治常規的資料載於本年報 的企業管治報告書內。

在編製本環境、社會及管治報告書的過程中, 本集團高度重視重要性、量化及一致性,並已 在上述環境、社會及管治報告指引中應用該 等匯報原則如下:

Materiality: A materiality assessment was conducted to identify material ESG-related issues during the year ended 31 March 2023 (the "Reporting Year" or "2023"), thereby adopting the confirmed material issues as the focus of the ESG Report. The materiality of ESG-related issues was reviewed and confirmed by the Board and the Working Group. Please refer to the section headed "Materiality Assessment" for further details.

重要性:我們進行了重要性評估以識別截至 2023年3月31日止年度(「報告年度」或「2023 年」)的重大環境、社會及管治相關議題,從而 將已確認的重大事宜作為環境、社會及管治 報告書的重點。環境、社會及管治相關議題的 重要性由董事會及工作小組審視及確認。詳 情請參閱「重要性評估」一節。

Quantitative: The standards and methodologies used in the calculation of relevant data in the ESG Report, as well as the applicable assumptions, were disclosed. The ESG key performance indicators ("KPIs") were supplemented by explanatory notes to establish benchmarks where feasible. 量化:用於計算環境、社會及管治報告書中相關數據的標準、方法及假設均已披露。環境、社會及管治關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」)由解釋附註補充,以在可行情況下建立基準。

Consistency: The statistical methodologies applied to this ESG Report were substantially consistent with the previous year. If there are any changes that may affect comparison with previous reports (such as changes in the scope of disclosure and calculation methodologies), the Group will provide explanations for the corresponding content of this ESG Report.

一致性:本環境、社會及管治報告書應用的統計方法與上一年度基本一致。倘出現任何可能會影響與以往報告進行比較的變動(如披露範圍及計算方法的變動),本集團會在本環境、社會及管治報告書的相應內容中加入註釋。

The Group has established internal controls and a formal review process to ensure that any information presented in this ESG Report is as accurate and reliable as possible. This ESG Report has been approved by the Board and the Working Group.

本集團已建立內部控制及正式審閱程序,以 最大程度確保本環境、社會及管治報告書內 呈列的任何資料準確可靠。本環境、社會及管 治報告書已獲董事會及工作小組批准。

REPORTING PERIOD

報告期

The ESG Report describes the ESG activities, challenges, and measures taken by the Group from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023.

本環境、社會及管治報告書描述本集團自 2022年4月1日至2023年3月31日的環境、社會 及管治活動、挑戰及所採取的措施。

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

We value our stakeholders and their feedback regarding our businesses and ESG aspects. To understand and address their key concerns, we have appointed an independent consultant to complete a comprehensive stakeholder engagement and materiality assessment. The Group has also been maintaining close communication with its key stakeholders through different channels. We will continue to increase the involvement of stakeholders through constructive conversation to chart a course for long-term prosperity. The Group's communication channels with the key stakeholders and their respective expectations are summarised as follows:

持份者參與

我們重視我們的持份者及他們對我們業務及 環境、社會及管治方面的意見反饋。為了解 及回應彼等的關注重點,我們已委聘一名獨 立顧問來完成全面的持份者參與及重要性評 估。本集團亦一直透過不同渠道與主要持份 者維持密切溝通。我們將持續透過建設性對 話增加持份者的參與,從而為長期發展榮景 制定方針。本集團與主要持份者的溝通渠道 及彼等各自的期望概述如下:

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations and Concerns 期望及關注			
Shareholders and investors 股東及投資者	 Corporate governance system 企業管治系統 Business strategies and performance 業務策略及表現 Financial results 財務業績 Investment returns 投資回報 			
Employees 僱員	 Career development 職業發展 Health and safety 健康及安全 Remuneration and benefits 薪酬及福利 			

Equal opportunities

平等機會

溝通渠道
 Annual general meeting and other shareholder meetings 股東週年大會及其他股東大會 Financial reports 財務報告 Announcements and circulars 公告及通函 Company website and email 公司網站及電子郵件
 Training, seminars, and briefing sessions 培訓、研討會及簡介會 Team bonding activities 團隊關係促進活動 Regular performance reviews

Communication Channels

• 定期績效考核

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations and Concerns 期望及關注	Communication Channels 溝通渠道
Customers and business partners 客戶及業務夥伴	 Privacy protection 私隱保護 Business integrity and ethics 商業誠信與道德 	 Sales team 銷售團隊 Online platforms and email 線上平台及電子郵件 Events 活動
Suppliers and vendors 供應商及銷售商	 Fair tendering 公平招標 Business ethics and reputation 商業道德與信譽 	 Supplier management meetings and events 供應商管理會議及活動
Government and regulatory bodies 政府及監管機構	Compliance with rules and laws遵守規則及法律	Compliance officer合規主任
Media, non- governmental organisations ("NGOs"), and the public 媒體、非政府組織 (「非政府組織」)及 公眾	 Giving back to society 回饋社會 Environmental protection 環境保護 Social welfare 社會福利 Health and safety 健康及安全 	 ESG reports 環境、社會及管治報告 Media 媒體 External marketing company 外部營銷公司 Charity 慈善

我們致力與持份者攜手合作,持續改善環境、

社會及管治表現,並持續為廣大社區創造更

大價值。

We aim to collaborate with our stakeholders to improve

our ESG performance and continuously create greater

value for the wider community.

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

During the identification of the most material issues, the Group has completed a peer benchmarking exercise to review the ESG disclosure of industry peers and has also involved the Group's employees and management staff to complete a materiality survey on the Group's current ESG strategy, initiatives and performance.

The three-stage materiality assessment process undertaken is described in further detail below:

Step 1: Identification

A peer benchmarking exercise was conducted to review the ESG disclosure of industry peers and determine the current disclosure level of the industry. Internal stakeholders were also invited to complete an online survey to rank the importance of ESG topics to themselves and the Group respectively.

Step 2: Prioritisation

Results from the peer benchmarking exercise were consolidated to develop a prioritised list of potential material ESG issues for further validation.

重要性評估

於識別最重大的議題時,本集團已完成同業 基準評估,以檢視同業對環境、社會及管治事 項的披露情況,亦讓本集團僱員及管理人員 參與完成對本集團當前環境、社會及管治策 略、舉措及表現的重要性調查。

以下進一步闡述實行重要性評估程序的三個 階段:

第一步:識別

進行同業基準評估,檢視同業對環境、社會及 管治事項的披露情況,並確定行業的現時披露水平。內部持份者均會受邀完成網上調查, 按各個環境、社會及管治議題分別對於彼等 及本集團的重要程度給予評級。

第二步:制定優先次序

對同業基準評估的結果予以整合分析,制定 潛在的重大環境、社會及管治議題優先清單, 以進行進一步確認。

Step 3: Validation of Material Issues

The Working Group convened a meeting with the independent consultant to confirm a finalised list of material KPIs for disclosure.

The following matrix is a summary of the Group's material ESG issues:

第三步:確認重大議題

工作小組與獨立顧問召開會議,確認重大關鍵績效指標的最終清單,以供披露。

以下矩陣為本集團的重大環境、社會及管治 議題概要:

MATERIALITY MATRIX 重要性矩陣



During the Reporting Year, the Group confirmed that it has established appropriate and effective management policies and internal control systems for ESG issues and that the disclosed contents comply with the requirements of the ESG Reporting Guide.

於報告年度,本集團確認其已就環境、社會及 管治議題制定合適且有效的管理政策及內部 監控系統,且所披露內容均符合環境、社會及 管治報告指引的規定。

CONTACT US

We welcome stakeholders to provide their opinions and suggestions. You can provide your valuable advice in respect of the ESG Report or our performances in sustainable development by emailing office@millionhope.com.hk.

聯繫我們

我們歡迎持份者提供意見及建議。 閣下可透過電子郵件方式(office@millionhope.com.hk)向我們提供有關環境、社會及管治報告書或我們可持續發展表現的寶貴建議。

A. ENVIRONMENTAL

The Group is fully committed to enhancing its operations to fulfil its present needs without compromising the future. The Group values sustainable long-term planning and environmental stewardship through enhanced energy efficiency, reduced emissions, resource conservation, and heightened environmental awareness. In line with this commitment, the Group has implemented the in-house Office Administration Environmental Management Regulations and follows the ISO 14001 Environmental Management System to guide its approach to environmental issues and ensure compliance with relevant environmental laws and regulations. In order to promote environmental consciousness and cultivate an internal sustainability culture, the Group has established environmental targets on GHG emissions, waste management, energy use efficiency and water efficiency during the Reporting Year. The environmental targets will be reviewed by the Working Group and their progress will be reported to the Board annually to achieve these targets. Besides, we regularly organise environmentally friendly activities with our employees and have installed a designated greening area at our fabrication plant.

A. 環境

本集團全面致力於在不影響未來需求且 滿足其目前所需的情況下加強其業務。 通過提高能源效率、減少排放、節約資 源及提高環保意識,體現本集團對可持 續規劃及環境規劃的重視。為達到此承 諾,本集團已實施內部的《辦公室行政 環境管理規定》及遵守ISO 14001環境管 理體系,為其環境議題提供處理指引, 並確保遵守相關環境法律及法規。為促 進環保意識及培養內部可持續文化,本 集團已於報告年度內就溫室氣體排放、 廢物管理、能源使用效率及用水效率制 定環境目標。這些目標會由工作小組審 視,將每年向董事會報告進度,以確保 達成目標。此外,我們定期與僱員一起 組織環保活動,並於我們的製造廠中設 立綠化區。

A1. Emissions

The Group is committed to incorporating sustainability into its decision-making process and is determined to fulfil its corporate responsibility by creating a sustainable business model. As the Group recognises the environmental impacts of its business operations, particularly in terms of air pollutants and GHG emissions, it has formulated the Office Administration **Environmental Management Regulations** to guide employees into adopting more sustainable practices and raise their environmental awareness. In order to ensure our current efforts in environmental management are on the right track, Million Hope Industries Limited, the principal operating subsidiary of the Company, has also attained certification of the ISO 14001 Environmental Management System to show our eagerness to go beyond expectations. In the long run, we will continue to enhance our environmental management strategies by monitoring and minimising the environmental impacts of our businesses.

A1. 排放物

本集團致力於將可持續發展納入 決策過程,並透過創建可持續的 商業模式決心履行其企業責任。本 集團已認識到其業務營運對環境 造成的影響,尤其是空氣污染物及 溫室氣體排放方面的環境影響。因 此,本集團制定了《辦公室行政環 境管理規定》,以指導僱員採取更 可持續的舉措和提高其環保意識。 為確保我們目前在環境管理方面 的努力在正確的軌道上,本公司的 主要營運附屬公司,美亨實業有限 公司,亦獲得ISO 14001環境管理 體系認證,展現出我們超越預期目 標的熱忱。長遠而言,我們將透過 監察及減少業務的環境影響繼續 加強我們的環境管理策略。

During the Reporting Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations concerning air and GHG emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous wastes that would have a significant impact on the Group, including but not limited to the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 311), the Noise Control Ordinance (Cap. 400) and the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354) of Hong Kong, the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), the Water Pollution Prevention Law of the PRC, the Environmental Impact Assessment Law of the PRC and the Energy Conservation Law of the PRC.

於報告年度,本集團概沒有發現涉及廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及地的排污、產生有害及無害廢重之法律及法規包事件,該等等的嚴重是及法規包括但不限於香港的《空時間條例》(第354章)、《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國國財務治法》、《中華人民共和國國財務治法》、《中華人民共和國國國財務治法》、《中華人民共和國國財務的

Emissions Control

Exhaust Gas Emissions

The principal source of emissions arising out of the Group's operations was the consumption of petrol and diesel by vehicles. Due to our business nature and industry limitations, the use of vehicles is inevitable. Therefore, we have relevant policies in place to control air emissions from such sources.

排放物控制

廢氣排放

本集團營運產生的主要排放物源 自車輛消耗的汽油及柴油。由於業 務性質及行業限制,使用車輛是不 可避免。因此我們已制定相關政策 控制該等來源產生的廢氣排放。

Summary of the Group's exhaust gas emission performance:

本集團的廢氣排放表現概要:

Types of exhaust gas	廢氣的類型	Unit 單位	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Nitrogen oxides (NO _x)	氮氧化物	kg 公斤	177.45	178.20
Sulphur oxides (SO _x)	硫氧化物	kg 公斤	0.25	0.30
Particulate matter (PM)	顆粒物	kg 公斤	17.31	17.50

At our Hong Kong operations, we retain strict control over air pollutants and noxious emissions arising from our installation works to ensure compliance with the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 311). We also encouraged our staff to raise their sustainability awareness.

GHG Emissions

The Group's GHG emissions are mainly generated from the fuel consumption of vehicles and the use of refrigerants (Scope 1) and purchased electricity (Scope 2). To reduce the Group's GHG emissions, the Group has set a target in the year ended 31 March 2022 ("2022") to gradually reduce GHG emissions intensity (tCO2e/employee) by the year ended 31 March 2027 ("2027"), using 2022 as the baseline year. To achieve the target, the Group has installed a designated green area at the fabrication plant, where different species of trees and foliage were planted to reduce the carbon footprint. Besides, the Group has formulated a series of energy-saving policies that aim to reduce the Group's carbon footprint, which will be further elaborated in the section headed "Energy Efficiency" under aspect A2.

於香港營運方面,我們維持嚴格控制安裝工程所產生的空氣污染物及有害排放,以確保符合《空氣污染管制條例》(第311章)。我們亦鼓勵員工提高自身的可持續發展意識。

溫室氣體排放

本集團的溫室氣體排放主要來自 車輛的燃油消耗和製冷劑使用(範 圍1)及外購電力(範圍2)。為減 少本集團的溫室氣體排放,本集 團已於截至2022年3月31日止年度 (「2022年」)制定目標,以2022年 為基準年,於截至2027年3月31日 止年度(「2027年」)之前逐步降低 溫室氣體排放密度(噸二氧化碳當 量/僱員)。為達成目標,本集團已 於製造廠設立指定綠化區域,於有 關區域種植不同種類的樹木及植 物,以減少碳足跡。此外,本集團 已制定一系列節能政策,旨在減少 本集團的碳足跡,進一步詳情載於 範疇A2的「能源效益」一節。

During the Reporting Year, the total GHG emission intensity (tCO₂e/employee) of the Group decreased by approximately 2.00% compared to 2022, thus the Group is on track to achieve its aforementioned target. The decrease was mainly due to the increased awareness of emission reduction among employees and the effective implementation of the Group's emission reduction measures.

於報告年度,本集團的總溫室氣體排放密度(噸二氧化碳當量/僱員)已較2022年減少約2.00%,因此本集團有望達成其上述目標。有關減量主要歸因於僱員減排的意識有所提升及本集團減排措施有效實施。

Summary of the Group's GHG emission performance:

本集團的溫室氣體排放表現概要:

Indicator ¹	指標1	Unit 單位	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Direct GHG emissions (Scope 1) • Diesel consumed by vehicles	直接溫室氣體排放(範圍1) • 汽車消耗的柴油	tCO₂e 噸二氧化碳	90.16	104.60
 Use of refrigerants Energy indirect GHG emissions 	製冷劑的使用 能源間接溫室氣體排放	當量 tCO₂e	269.08	303.20
(Scope 2) • Purchased electricity	(範圍2) ● 外購電力	噸二氧化碳 當量		
Total GHG emissions	溫室氣體排放總量	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳 當量	359.24	407.80
GHG emission intensity ²	溫室氣體排放密度²	tCO ₂ e/ employee 噸二氧化碳 當量/僱員	1.47	1.50

Note(s):

- GHG emission data are presented in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent and are based on, but not limited to, "The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standards" issued by the World Resources Institute and the World Business Council for Sustainable Development, "How to prepare an ESG Report —Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange, "Global Warming Potential Values" from the Fifth Assessment Report (AR5) of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), 2014, the "Notice on the Management of Enterprise Greenhouse Gas Emission Reporting by the Power Generation Industry for 2023-2025" published by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the PRC and the "2022 Sustainability Report" issued by CLP Holdings Limited.
- As at 31 March 2023, the Group had 245 employees (as at 31 March 2022: 274) in total. Unless specified otherwise, the data is also used for calculating other intensity data.

Sewage Discharge

We do not consume a significant volume of water through our business activities, and therefore our business activities did not generate a material portion of discharge into water. As the sewage discharged by the Group is discharged into the municipal sewage pipe network, the amount of sewage discharge is considered the amount of water consumed. The amount of water consumed and corresponding water-saving initiatives will be described in the section headed "Water Consumption" under aspect A2.

附註:

- 溫室氣體排放數據按二氧化碳當 1. 量呈列,並基於包括但不限於世 界資源研究所及世界企業永續發 展委員會刊發的《溫室氣體盤查 議定書:企業會計與報告標準》、 聯交所刊發的《如何準備環境、 社會及管治報告-附錄二:環境 關鍵績效指標匯報指引》、2014 年政府間氣候變化專門委員會 (IPCC)第五次評估報告的《全球暖 化潛能值》、中國生態環境部公 佈的《關於做好2023-2025年發電 行業企業溫室氣體排放報告管理 有關工作的通知》及中華電力有 限公司發佈的《2022年可持續發 展報告》。
- 2. 截至2023年3月31日,本集團合 共有245名僱員(截至2022年3月 31日:274名)。除另有說明外, 該數據亦用於計算其他密度數 據。

污水排放

我們的業務活動用水量不大,因此 我們的業務活動並未產生大量向 水的排放。由於本集團的污水排入 市政污水管網,因此污水排放量被 視為耗水量。耗水量及相應的節水 措施將於範疇A2的「水資源消耗」 一節中說明。

Waste Management

In response to the limited landfill capacity, the Group is determined to carry on its responsibility of driving down our waste by implementing various waste minimisation strategies.

Hazardous waste

The Group generated a limited amount of hazardous waste during the Reporting Year. In the event that significant hazardous wastes are produced, the Group must engage a qualified chemical waste collector to handle such wastes in order to comply with the relevant environmental laws and regulations.

We aim to mitigate the potential impacts of hazardous waste and take all necessary precautions to handle and manage it properly. Hazardous chemical wastes are collected separately and stored in designated areas for proper processing by qualified licensed external contractors. We strictly comply with all relevant laws and regulations related to the handling of any hazardous waste generated across our operations.

廢棄物管理

為了應對垃圾堆填容量有限的問題,本集團決定履行其責任實施多項減廢策略,為減廢盡微薄之力。

有害廢棄物

本集團於報告年度並僅產生有限 有害廢棄物。倘若產生任何重大 有害廢棄物,本集團必須聘請合資 格化學廢棄物收集商處理有關廢 棄物,以遵守相關的環境法律及法 規。

我們旨在減少有害廢棄物的潛在 影響並採取一切必要預防措施以 對其妥善處理及管理。有害化學品 廢棄物被分開收集並存放在指定 區域,以便交予符合資格的持牌外 聘承包商進行妥善處置。我們嚴格 遵守與我們營運過程中所產生的 有害廢棄物有關的所有相關法律 及法規。

Summary of the Group's hazardous waste disposal performance:

本集團的有害廢棄物處置表現概 要:

Types of hazardous waste	有害廢棄物的類型	Unit 單位	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Ink cartridges	墨盒	kg 公斤	2.00	3.00
Lamps	燈管	kg 公斤	10.00	11.00
Packaging drums	包裝桶	kg 公斤	34.00	36.00
Rags contaminated with chemicals	被化學物質污染的抹布	kg 公斤	90.00	99.00
Total hazardous waste disposal	有害廢棄物處置總量	kg 公斤	136.00	149.00
Hazardous waste disposal intensity	有害廢棄物處置密度	kg/employee 公斤/僱員	0.56	0.54

Non-hazardous waste

The non-hazardous waste generated by the Group is mainly paper. To minimise the environmental impacts from non-hazardous waste generated from its business operations, the Group has set a target in 2022 to reduce the total non-hazardous waste disposal intensity (tonnes/employee) by 2027, using 2022 as the baseline year. To achieve the target, the Group has adopted various waste reduction measures and initiatives to manage waste effectively and encourage recycling in our operations. In the Group's offices, the "3R" principle of reduce, reuse and recycle is promoted to each employee in hopes of developing a green office culture. With such waste management approaches, we hope to embed an environmental-friendly mindset among our employees. Employees are required to adopt the following initiatives and assume responsibility for the overall waste management in our offices:

無害廢棄物

本集團產生的無害廢棄物主要是 紙張。為了將其業務營運中所產生 的無害廢棄物對環境的影響減至 最低,本集團已於2022年制定目 標,以2022年為基準年,於2027年 前降低總無害廢棄物棄置密度(噸 /僱員)。為實現目標,本集團已採 取各種減廢措施及舉措以有效地 管理廢棄物,並鼓勵在業務營運中 回收利用。在本集團的辦公室,向 僱員宣傳減少、重複使用及回收的 「3R」原則,希望建立綠色辦公文 化。藉助上述廢棄物管理方法,我 們希望向僱員灌輸環保理念。僱員 均需採取以下舉措,並承擔辦公室 內整體廢棄物管理的責任:

- Use double-sided printing or photocopying wherever possible;
- Utilise electronic media for communication;
- Utilise advanced multifunction printers to further minimise unnecessary use of paper;
- Reuse scrap paper when possible; and
- Place "Green Message" reminders on office equipment.

Within the Group's fabrication plants, the Administrative Measures on Waste were formulated to improve environmental awareness among employees by providing detailed implementation guidance on waste collection, segregation, storage and disposal, which has proven to be effective in minimising manufacturing waste.

In addition to the above measures, the Group also promotes waste reduction knowledge to employees through bulletin boards and office memos to raise employees' waste reduction awareness. During the Reporting Year, the Group's non-hazardous waste disposal intensity increased by approximately 33.33% compared with 2022, mainly because the percentage decrease in employees was larger than the percentage decrease in total non-hazardous waste disposal. The Group is currently in the process of achieving its aforementioned target, and will continue to promote waste reduction initiatives in the future.

- 盡可能使用雙面打印或影印;
- 使用電子媒體溝通;
- 使用先進的多功能打印機以 進一步將不必要的紙張使用 減至最低;
- 盡可能重複使用廢紙;及
- 在辦公設備貼上「環保訊息」 提示。

本集團的製造廠制定了《廢棄物管理規定》,並通過對廢物收集、分類、儲存及處置提供詳細的實施指引提高僱員的環保意識,事實證明此舉可有效減少製造廢棄物。

除以上措施外,本集團亦透過告示板及辦公室備忘錄向僱員宣揚減廢知識,提高僱員的減廢意識。於報告年度內,本集團無害廢棄物處置密度較2022年增加約33.33%。主要原因為僱員百分比減少幅度大於無害廢棄物處置總量百分比減幅。本集團正在達成上述目標的過程當中,並將在未來繼續推動減少廢物的舉措。

Summary of the Group's non-hazardous waste disposal performance:

本集團的無害廢棄物棄置表現概 要:

Types of non-hazardous waste	無害廢棄物的類型	Unit 單位	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
General waste and paper	一般廢棄物及紙張	tonnes 噸	9.09	9.10
Total non-hazardous waste disposal	無害廢棄物棄置總量	tonnes 噸	9.09	9.10
Non-hazardous waste disposal intensity	無害廢棄物棄置密度	tonnes/ employee 噸/僱員	0.04	0.03

During the Reporting Year, the Group has also recycled approximately 0.41 tonnes of paper.

於報告年度,本集團亦回收了約 0.41噸紙張。

A2. Use of Resources

The Group is committed to becoming a resource-saving and environmentally friendly enterprise to promote environmental protection. The Group has established the Energy Resource Management Regulations to govern the use of energy and water to achieve higher efficiency and reduce unnecessary use of resources.

A2. 資源使用

本集團致力於成為資源節約型及 環保型企業,以促進環境保護。本 集團已建立《能源資源管理規定》以 規管能源及水資源的使用,以達致 更高效率及減少不必要的資源使 用。

Energy Efficiency

The Group aims to minimise the environmental impacts resulting from its operations by identifying and adopting appropriate measures. Energy policies, measures, and practices have been developed to show our commitment to energy efficiency. To minimise the environmental impacts of energy consumption from the Group's business operations, the Group has set a target in 2022 to reduce the total energy consumption intensity (MWh/employee) by 2027, using 2022 as the baseline year. To achieve the target, the Group has adopted the following energy-saving measures:

- Replace obsolete lighting fixtures with LED lights;
- Procure energy efficient electrical appliances with the Grade 1 Energy Label;
- Install automatic timers for all lights and air-conditioning units to avoid unnecessary energy use;
- Post reminders near switches and electrical appliances to remind employees to reduce electricity consumption; and
- Utilise video conferencing, teleconferencing and email to communicate with the Huizhou factory so as to minimise nonessential travel.

In response to the trend towards adopting renewable energy, the Group uses a photovoltaic panel system on top of the dormitory building roof in the PRC, which further reduced its carbon footprints.

能源效益

本集團旨在通過識別及採取適當措施,盡量減少其營運造成的環境影響。本集團已制定能源政策、措施及慣例,以展現我們對能源效率的承諾。為盡量減少本集團業務營運中能源消耗對環境的影響,本集團已於2022年制定目標,以2022年為基準年,於2027年前降低總能源消耗密度(兆瓦時/僱員)。為達成目標,本集團已採納以下節能措施:

- 以LED燈替換陳舊的照明裝置;
- 採購帶有一級能源標籤的節 能電器;
- 為所有照明及空調裝置安裝 自動計時器以避免不必要的 能源消耗;
- 在開關及電器附近張貼告示 以提醒僱員減少耗電;及
- 使用視頻會議、電話會議及 電郵與惠州工廠溝通,以盡 量減少不必要的差旅。

為響應採用可再生能源的趨勢,本 集團已在中國的宿舍樓屋頂上使 用光伏面板系統,進一步減少了其 碳足跡。

Through the implementation of the above measures, the Group's total energy consumption intensity increased by approximately 8.33% compared to 2022, mainly because the percentage decrease in employees was larger than the percentage decrease in total energy consumption. The Group is currently in the process of achieving its aforementioned target, and will continue to promote energy conservation initiatives in the future.

透過實施上述措施,本集團的總能源消耗密度較2022年增加約8.33%。主要原因是僱員百分比減少幅度大於能源總消耗量百分比減幅。本集團正在達成上述目標的過程當中,並將在未來繼續推動節省能源的舉措。

Summary of the Group's energy consumption performance:

本集團的能源消耗表現概要:

Types of energy	能源的類型	Unit³ 單位³	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Direct energy consumption	直接能源消耗量	MWh	178.43	202.20
• Diesel	柴油	兆瓦時		
 Petrol 	汽油			
Indirect energy consumption	間接能源消耗量	MWh	616.89	631.50
 Purchased electricity 	• 外購電力	兆瓦時		
Total energy consumption	能源總消耗量	MWh	795.32	833.70
		兆瓦時		
Energy consumption intensity	能源消耗密度	MWh/	3.25	3.00
		employee		
		兆瓦時/		
		僱員		

Note(s):

 The unit conversion method for energy consumption data is formulated based on the "Energy Statistics Manual" issued by the International Energy Agency.

附註:

3. 能源消耗數據的單位換算方法為 根據國際能源機構發佈的《能源 統計手冊》所制定。

Water Consumption

The Group is striving to reduce the consumption of water resources during business operations. To minimise the environmental impacts posed by water consumption, the Group has set a target in 2022 to gradually reduce the water consumption intensity (m³/employee) by 2027, using 2022 as the baseline year. To achieve the target, the Group has posted environmental messages to remind employees of water conservation, aiming to enhance our employees' awareness of water conservation.

Due to the geographical location of the Group's operations, we did not have any major issues in sourcing water.

During the Reporting Year, the total water consumption intensity (m³/employee) of the Group increased by approximately 8.10% compared with 2022, mainly because the percentage decrease in employees was larger than the percentage decrease in total water consumption. The Group is currently in the process of achieving its aforementioned target, and will continue to promote water conservation initiatives in the future.

Summary of the Group's water consumption performance:

水資源消耗

本集團致力減少業務營運中的水資源消耗。為盡量減少用水對環境造成的影響,本集團於2022年制定目標,以2022年為基準年,於2027年前逐步降低用水密度(立方米/僱員)。為達成目標,本集團張貼環保提示,提醒僱員節約用水,旨在提高僱員節約用水的意識。

由於本集團營運的地理位置,我們 在求取水源方面並無任何重大問 題。

於報告年度,本集團的總用水密度 (立方米/僱員)較2022年增加約 8.10%。主要原因是僱員百分比減 少幅度大於總用水量百分比減幅。 本集團正在達成上述目標的過程 當中,並將在未來繼續推動節約用 水的舉措。

本集團的用水表現概要:

Indicator	指標	Unit 單位	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Total water consumption	總用水量	m³	7,256.79	7,497.00
Water consumption intensity	用水密度	立方米 m³/	29.62	27.40
		employee 立方米/僱員		

Use of Packaging Material

Major packaging materials the Group uses are protective rubber covers and wooden squares, depending on the storage requirements of the products and the specifications of the customers' orders. The Group makes every effort to minimise the wastage of resources and continuously explores new packaging materials and transportation modes that are more environmentally friendly and cost-saving. During the Reporting Year, the amount of packaging materials for each type has fluctuated due to changes in project nature, reduced demand for protective materials and increased demand for external packaging components.

包裝材料的使用

本集團使用的主要包裝材料為防護膠蓋及木方,視產品的儲存要求及客戶訂單規格而定。本集團盡最大努力減少資源浪費,不斷探索更環保、更節省成本的新包裝材料及運輸方式。於報告年度內,由於項目性質變化,對保護性材料需求減少,而對外部包裝部件需求增加, 導致各類包裝材料數量出現波動。

Summary of the Group's packaging material consumption performance:

本集團的包裝材料消耗表現概要:

Types of packaging material	包裝材料的類型	Unit 單位	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Card board	紙板	pieces 件	895	520
Protective rubber cover	防護膠蓋	pieces 件	10,480	23,277
Masking tape	膠帶	rolls 卷	4,970	6,427
Bubble wrap	泡沫包裝	rolls 卷	565	395
Transparent tape	透明膠帶	boxes 盒	147	130
Colored tape	彩色膠帶	rolls 卷	2,156	4,915
Electrostatic film and glass film	靜電膜及玻璃膜	rolls 卷	20	171
Wooden square	木方	pieces 件	13,405	11,600
Board	木板	pieces 件	-	235
Styrofoam	發泡膠	pieces 件	2,651	15,206

A3. The Environment and Natural Resources

The Group believes that corporate development should not come at the expense of the environment and natural resources and therefore recognises its responsibility to minimise the negative environmental impacts of its business operations as an ongoing commitment to good corporate citizenship. The Group has established the Quality and **Environmental Management System Integrated** Handbook to reduce its significant impacts on the environment and natural resources. The Group remains conscious of its potential impact and therefore regularly assesses the environmental risks of our business model, adopts preventive measures to reduce risks, and ensures compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

Green Working Environment

Paperless Office

To reduce paper usage, the Group strongly advocates paperless office operations. All offices conduct their operations electronically as much as possible to reduce the use and consumption of office paper and save forest resources. We also encourage employees to utilise electronic mediums for communications within the offices and with suppliers.

A3. 環境及天然資源

本集團認為企業發展不應以犧牲 環境及天然資源為代價,而因此意 識到有責任將其業務營運的負面 環境影響降至最低,以此為其集 良好企業公民的持續承諾。本 是立《質量及環境管理制度 的重大影響。本集團亦對其產 實境影響保持警戒,因此會定期 環境影響保持警戒,因此會定期 時 估其業務模式的環境風險,採 時 防措施以降低風險,並確保遵守相 關法律及法規。

綠色工作環境

無紙化辦公室

為減少紙張使用,本集團大力提倡 無紙化辦公室運作。所有辦公室均 盡可能以電子方式營運,以減少使 用及消耗辦公紙張,並節約森林資 源。我們亦鼓勵員工於辦公室內及 與供應商進行溝通時利用電子媒 介。

Noise Pollution

The Group recognises that noise pollution may be generated as a result of its business nature. Therefore, the Group has implemented a number of measures to reduce noise levels and ensure that the quality of life in the neighbourhood will not be severely disrupted. Whenever the noise level exceeds the prescribed level regulated by the Noise Control Ordinance and other relevant guidelines issued by the Environmental Protection Department, the Group will investigate the underlying factors and make respective arrangements. Silent equipment will be used where available and will be maintained regularly. With the relevant measures, the Group aims to minimise the impact on its neighbourhood.

A4. Climate Change

The Group is committed to managing the potential climate-related risks that may impact its business activities. Thus, the Group has incorporated ESG-related risks, such as climate risk, into its risk management system to identify and mitigate risks that may affect the Group. The Group has formulated the Quality and Environmental Management System Integrated Handbook, which stipulates that the management of the Group reviews the Group's environmentally-related risks and opportunities annually. The Group has also conducted a climate change assessment to identify climate-related risks and opportunities. The following climate-related risks and opportunities that may relate to the Group's business and operation activities were identified:

噪音污染

本集團意識到其業務性質可能會 造成噪音污染。因此,本集團實施 多項措施降低噪音水平,確保鄰 居民的生活質素不會受到嚴嚴重 人環境保護署發出的其他相關 引所訂明的規定水平時,本集團 引所訂明的規定水平時,本集 調查有關原因並作出相應安排。 情況許可,我們將使用靜音設備 進行定期維護。透過有關措施,本 集團致力於盡力減少對鄰近居民 造成的影響。

A4. 氣候變化

Physical Risks

Increased severity of extreme weather events may disrupt the Group's business operations, damage the power grid and communication infrastructure and hinder and injure its employees during their work, especially during commutes and outdoor construction work. In particular, our fabrication plant, located in coastal areas, is vulnerable to typhoons and storms. These could lead to a temporary or permanent halt of the Group's business operations, which exposes the Group to risks associated with delayed performance or nonperformance, therefore adversely affecting its profitability. Besides, extreme weather events may interrupt the supply chain of construction materials due to delayed transportation or disturbed manufacturing. In addition to extreme weather events, changing weather patterns, such as higher temperatures, could potentially affect labour productivity as well as health and safety at the workplace.

In the event of such emergency incidents, the Group will closely follow the latest weather news and advice released by the government. Moreover, the Group has evaluated the potential extreme weather events that would adversely impact the Group's business operations and has included the relevant risks in the Group's risk management system. Policies in relation to crisis response and business continuity will be reviewed and updated regularly to ensure that, in the event of an emergency incident, the relevant risks are minimised and core business functions can be performed normally. Moreover, we installed shelter awnings and fans to maintain adoptable worksite temperatures, preventing employees from suffering heat stroke. We also provide herbal tea to workers in hot environments.

實體風險

極端天氣事件的嚴重性增加可能 會導致本集團的業務營運中斷、破 壞電網及通訊基礎設施並在工作 期間阻礙及傷害員工,尤其是通勤 及戶外建築工作期間。具體而言, 我們位於沿海地區的製造廠容易 受颱風及風暴影響。這可能導致本 集團的業務營運暫時或永久停止, 從而令本集團面臨有關延遲履約 或不履約的風險,因而對其盈利能 力產牛不利影響。此外,極端天氣 事件可能會使運輸延遲或製造遭 受干擾而令建築材料供應鏈中斷。 除極端天氣事件外,天氣模式變 化,如氣温升高,可能會影響勞動 生產力以及工作場所健康及安全。

Transition Risks

There will be more stringent climate legislation and regulations to support the global vision of carbon neutrality in the future. For example, in a low-carbon economy, stakeholders expect companies to take more actions in response to climate change and increase transparency in the disclosure of climate-related information. If the Group fails to respond to the above appeal from stakeholders properly, it will face risks of reputational loss. Such changes may also increase the Group's costs and burden for compliance and commitment, which may materially and adversely affect its business operations and financial performance. In response to the potential policy and legal risks as well as the reputational risks, the Group regularly monitors existing and emerging trends, policies and regulations relevant to the industry and is prepared to alert the top management where necessary to avoid cost increments, noncompliance fines and/or reputational risks due to a delayed response.

轉型風險

未來將有更嚴格的氣候法律及法 規支持全球碳中和願景。例如,在 低碳經濟中,持份者期望企業採取 更多行動應對氣候變化,並提高披 露氣候相關資訊的透明度。倘未能 妥善回應持份者的上述訴求,本集 團將面臨聲譽受損的風險。有關變 動亦可能會增加本集團的合規及 承諾成本及負擔,或會對其業務營 運及財務表現造成重大及不利的 影響。為應對潛在的政策及法律風 險以及聲譽風險,本集團定期監察 與行業相關的現有及新出現的趨 勢、政策及法規,並準備在必要時 提醒最高層管理人員,以避免成本 增加、違規罰款及/或因延遲回應 而產生聲譽風險。

B. SOCIAL

B1. Employment

The Group believes that employees are invaluable in maintaining its competitive advantages, providing the Group with a driving force for continuous innovation. Therefore, the Group is determined to create an inclusive working environment that enhances job satisfaction and talent retention. To protect its employees, the Employee Handbook was established to cover all employment policies related to recruitment, promotion, remuneration, dismissal, etc. The Group periodically reviews existing policies and employment practices to ensure continuous improvement of its employment standards and competitiveness in the industry.

The Group provides medical insurance to all full-time employees and free annual body checks for senior management. Optional dental coverage is provided for full-time employees, and a subsidy is available for the employees' family members. Senior managers and directors are covered by work-related personal accident insurance.

In addition, qualified employees are entitled to paid sick leave and compassionate leave. All female employees are entitled to maternity leave, and eligible male employees are given 5 days of paternity leave.

During the Reporting Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the labour laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Labour Law of the PRC, the Labour Contract Law of the PRC, and the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong.

B. 社會

B1. 僱傭

本集團認為,員工是維持其競爭優勢的寶貴力量,為本集團提供持續創新的動力。因此,本集團決定營造一個包容的工作環境,提其高工作滿意度及挽留人才。為保障其員工,本集團已制定《員工手冊》,內容涵蓋有關招聘、晉升、薪酬、解僱等所有就業政策。本集團定期審視現行政策及僱傭常規,以確保其僱傭標準及行業競爭力持續提升。

本集團為所有全職員工提供醫療保險,並為高級管理層提供免費年度體檢。為全職員工提供自願性牙科保險並為其家庭成員提供資助。 高級管理層及董事享有與工作相關的人身意外保險。

此外,合資格員工亦可享受有薪病假及恩恤假。所有女性員工均可享受產假,符合條件的男性員工可享受5天的侍產假。

於報告年度,本集團並無發現任何 重大違反勞動法律法規的情況,包 括但不限於《中華人民共和國勞動 法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同 法》及香港的《僱傭條例》。

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had 245 employees (as at 31 March 2022: 274). The breakdown of employees by gender, employment type, age group, geographical region and employee category was as follows:

截至2023年3月31日,本集團有245名(截至2022年3月31日:274名)員工。按性別、僱傭類別、年齡組別、地區及僱員類別劃分的僱員明細如下:

Category	類別	As at 31 March 2023 截至2023年 3月31日	As at 31 March 2022 截至2022年 3月31日
By gender	按性別		
Male	男性	187	212
Female	女性	58	62
By employment type	按僱傭類別		
Full-time	全職	245	274
Part-time	兼職	0	0
By age group	按年齡組別		
30 or below	30歲或以下	38	57
31-50 years old	31至50歲	147	158
51 or above	51歲或以上	60	59
By geographical region	按地區		
Hong Kong	香港	145	150
Mainland China	中國內地	100	124
By employee category	按僱員類別		
Management	管理層	12	13
Middle level	中級員工	19	25
General	普通員工	214	236

During the Reporting Year, the Group's overall employee turnover rate was approximately 33.47% (2022: approximately 31.40%)⁴. The employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region⁵ was as follows:

於報告年度,本集團的整體僱員流 失率約為33.47%(2022年:約為 31.40%)4。按性別、年齡組別及地 區劃分的僱員流失率5如下:

		2023	2022
Category	類別	2023年	2022年
By gender	按性別		
Male	男性	31.55%	29.30%
Female	女性	39.66%	38.70%
By age group	按年齡組別		
30 or below	30歲或以下	39.47%	45.60%
31 to 50 years old	31至50歲	36.05%	27.90%
51 or above	51歲或以上	23.33%	27.10%
By geographical region	按地區		
Hong Kong	香港	25.52%	20.00%
Mainland China	中國內地	45.00%	45.20%

Note(s):

- 4. The overall employee turnover rate is calculated by dividing the total number of employees leaving employment during the reporting year by the number of employees at the end of the reporting year.
- 5. The employee turnover rate for each category is calculated by dividing the number of employees leaving employment in the specified category during the reporting year by the number of employees in the specified category at the end of the reporting year.

附註:

- 4. 整體僱員流失比率按報告年度內 離職僱員總數除以報告年度末的 僱員數目計算。
- 5. 各類別的僱員流失比率按報告年度內指定類別離職僱員數目除以報告年度末的指定類別僱員數目計算。

Employment Practices

Recruitment, Promotion and Dismissal

The Group adheres to the principles of openness and fairness and adopts a robust recruitment process based on merit selection against the job criteria applied. Job applicants are assessed based on their skills, qualifications, suitability for the positions and potential to fulfil the Group's current and future needs, regardless of their race, gender, religion, physical disability, marital status, sexual orientation, etc.

We offer promotion and development opportunities to outstanding employees through an open and fair assessment system to explore employees' capabilities. Performance reviews are conducted regularly by the Group, and employees are provided with the opportunity to openly discuss their performance and career development with their supervisors. The results of performance reviews are used for employees' salary reviews and promotion considerations. Employees have promotion and salary adjustment opportunities twice a year.

Besides, the Group does not tolerate the dismissal of employees on any unreasonable basis. Any termination of the employment contract would be based on reasonable and lawful grounds supported by the internal policies of the Group.

僱傭常規

招聘、晉升及解僱

本集團堅持公開和公平的原則,並 採取根據所申請職位的篩選標準 擇優錄取的一套可靠的招聘程序。 對求職者的評估是基於他們的技 能、資格、對職位的適合性以及滿 足本集團目前及未來需求的潛力, 而不論其種族、性別、宗教、身體 殘疾、婚姻狀況、性取向等。

我們透過公開和公平的評估系統 為傑出的僱員提供晉升及發展機 會。本集團定期進行績效評估,並 為僱員提供與主管就其表現及職 業發展進行開放討論的機會。我們 會按照僱員績效評估的結果來作 出薪金調整及晉升考慮。僱員每年 有兩次晉升及薪金調整機會。

此外,本集團絕不容忍以任何不合理的理由解僱員工。終止任何僱傭 合約均會按本集團內部政策支持 的合理及合法理據進行。

Diversity, Equal Opportunities and Antidiscrimination

The Group believes that maintaining a diverse talent pool is beneficial and is committed to creating and maintaining an inclusive and collaborative workplace culture in which all employees can develop and unleash their full potential. We are dedicated to providing equal opportunity in all aspects of employment and maintaining a workplace that is free from discrimination, physical or verbal harassment, against any individual based on race, religion, colour, national origin, age, sex, sexual orientation, or disability.

To ensure each employee understands the importance of continuing our inclusive workplace culture, all employees are required to attend a mandatory orientation briefing to ensure that our expectations of acceptable professional conduct are well understood across the Group.

多元化、平等機會及反歧視

本集團明白維持多元人才庫益處 良多,並致力於締造及維持一個包 容及協作的職場文化,令所有僱員 均可充分培養及發揮潛力。我們致 力在僱傭各方面提供平等機會,並 確保任何人在工作場所內不會因 種族、宗教、膚色、國籍、年齡、性 別、性取向或殘疾而遭受歧視、身 體或言語騷擾。

為確保每位僱員了解延續我們的 包容性職場文化的重要性,所有僱 員均需參加強制性的入職培訓,以 確保本集團全體僱員了解我們對 可接受職業行為的期望。

Case Study: Dream Girls

The Group has been supportive of women seeking work in the construction industry and has appointed one of its employees to join the 4th generation of Dream Girls, a promotional team established by Chun Wo Development Holdings Limited that aims to eliminate the public's prejudices and misunderstandings of construction and rebuild a professional, safe and dynamic image for the industry. Their social media pages share information about their daily work, industry knowledge and everyday lives. Through contributing to this project, the Group hopes that more female workers will participate in the traditionally male-dominated construction industry, which in turn leads to greater diversity within the industry and a wider knowledge pool from multiple disciplines and backgrounds.

案例研究:築夢女生



Work-life Balance

Apart from offering competitive remuneration packages and benefits to our employees, the Group also strives to create work-life balance for its employees and has formulated policies regulating the working hours and rest periods for employees, following local employment laws. Employee engagement activities such as the company annual dinner, birthday parties and company outings are also periodically organised to enhance job satisfaction and promote a healthy work-life balance.

工作與生活平衡

除為僱員提供具競爭力的薪酬待 遇及福利外,本集團亦致力為僱員 創造工作與生活平衡的生活方式, 並已遵照當地僱傭法例制定政策, 規管僱員的工作時間及休息時間。 我們亦定期組織僱員參與活動,例 如公司年會、生日派對及公司出遊 活動,以提高工作滿意度及促進健 康的工作與生活平衡。

B2. Health and Safety

Being part of the contracting business, our operations inevitably involve certain health and safety risks. Therefore, the Group has always prioritised the principle of "Safety First" in all locations where it carries out its installation and fabricating works and has implemented a series of preventative measures on potential occupational health and safety ("OHS") hazards throughout its operations. The Group has established the Safety and Health Policy, which is reviewed by management on an annual basis. To further ensure the OHS hazards preventative measures are being properly carried out and monitored, the Group has established the Site Safety Management Committee to review relevant accident statistics and trends while recommending improvements and updates to existing safety measures. During the Reporting Year, 0 employees (2022: 6 employees) were injured at work with 0 days lost (2022: 863 days lost) due to work-related injuries. No workrelated fatality was recorded in the past three years, including the Reporting Year.

During the Reporting Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with health and safety-related laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group, including but not limited to Hong Kong's Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance, Hong Kong's Employment Ordinance, and the Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Treatment of Occupational Diseases.

B2. 健康及安全

作為合約業務的一部分,我們的 業務營運不可避免地涉及若干健 康及安全風險。因此,本集團於其 所有進行安裝及製造工作的現場 始終優先考慮「安全第一」的原則, 並實施一系列預防措施,應對整個 營運過程中潛在的職業健康及安全 (「職業健康及安全」) 危害。本集 團已制定《安全及健康政策》,並 由管理層每年審閱。為進一步確保 職業健康及安全預防措施獲切實 執行及監管,本集團已成立現場安 全管理委員會,檢討相關事故統計 數據及趨勢,同時就現有安全措施 的改進及更新提出建議。於報告年 度,0名僱員(2022年:6名僱員) 因工受傷,工傷損失工作日數為0天 (2022年:損失863天)。於過去三 年,包括報告年度,概無錄得因工 作關係而死亡事故。

於報告年度,本集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反健康及安全相關法律及法規而對本集團產生重大影響的情況,包括但不限於香港的《職業安全及健康條例》、香港的《僱傭條例》及《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》。

Occupational Health and Safety

The Group posts OHS reminder posters as well as hazard and warning signs to renew and reinforce employees' safety knowledge and awareness. The Group also requires all new employees to undergo standard OHS induction training to familiarise them with protective equipment, emergency protocols, first-aid facilities and accident reporting procedures. The Group further demands that only workers with proof of valid safety certification, such as the "Green Card", be permitted onto the project sites to minimise OHS risks.

At its construction projects in the PRC, the Group has appointed a Safety Officer to conduct regular detailed safety inspections and record-keeping and ensure any identified issues are comprehensively rectified in a timely manner. Additionally, any potential contractors or subcontractors are required to fully adhere to our Safety and Health Policy and established safety plan if engaged.

職業健康及安全

為更新及強化僱員的安全知識及意識,本集團張貼職業健康及安全提醒海報以及危害及警告標誌。 集團亦要求所有新僱員參與標準職業健康及安全入職培訓,令僱員熟悉防護設備、應急預案、急救集團施及事故報告程序。另外,本集團僅允許有有效安全證書證明,例明,以儘量降低職業健康及安全風險。

本集團為其在中國的建築工程已委任一名安全人員以定期進行詳細安全檢查及記錄,並確保任何已發現的問題及時得到全面解決。此外,任何潛在承包商或分包商須全面遵循我們的《安全及健康政策》及已制定的安全計劃(如採用)。

Response to Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19")

In response to the continuity of COVID-19, the Group has taken proactive measures to safeguard its employees and strengthen its precautionary measures in the offices, fabrication plant, dormitory and other project sites. To prevent cross-infection within the workplace, the Group has arranged flexible lunch hours and work arrangements. We have also enhanced the environmental hygiene in working areas upon resumption of operations to ensure a healthy and safe working environment, such as by engaging a professional cleaning service to thoroughly disinfect our workspace and installing sanitation equipment such as hand sanitisers, air purifiers, and infrared thermometers at the workplace. Besides, the Group provides adequate protective gear and surgical masks to its employees and conducts stringent temperature checks on its employees and suppliers before allowing entrance to all Group-owned premises and project sites. The Group also encourages employees to reduce and postpone business trips, meetings, activities and training, or go digital with the support of newly installed online meeting devices and software. Besides, the Group has issued guidelines to advise the employees on measures to respond to COVID-19 among themselves and relevant family members. Employees are required to report recent trips, suspected symptoms and contact with confirmed or suspected cases.

應對2019冠狀病毒病 (「COVID-19」)

為應對持續的COVID-19,本集團 採取積極措施以保護其僱員,並加 強在辦公室、製造廠、宿舍及其他 項目現場的防範措施。為防範於工 作場所交叉感染,本集團安排靈活 的午餐時間及工作安排。我們亦於 恢復營運後加強工作區域的環境 衛牛以確保健康及安全的工作環 境,如聘請專業潔淨服務以對我們 的工作區域進行全面消毒並在工 作場所安裝消毒搓手液、空氣淨化 器和紅外線測溫儀等衛生設備。此 外,本集團亦為僱員提供充足的防 護裝備及外科口罩,並在進入本集 團擁有的所有物業及項目現場之 前對僱員及供應商進行嚴格的體 溫檢查。本集團亦鼓勵僱員減少及 推遲出差、會議、活動及培訓或在 新安裝的線上會議設備及軟件的 支持下實現數碼化。此外,本集團 向其員工發佈指引以就彼等及相 關家庭成員應對COVID-19提供建 議。僱員需申報外遊記錄、疑似症 狀及確診或疑似病例的接觸情況。

B3. Development and Training

The Group truly believes that its success hinges on the development of both skills and knowledge in each employee. Therefore, the Group has developed employee training programmes and a development strategy to provide opportunities for employees to further enhance their professional knowledge through both internal and external training initiatives. In addition, the Group has established the Employee Training Plan to standardise the management of employees' training. Should the employees opt for external training, the Group also has in place a training sponsorship initiative to support the employees in their personal career development.

During the Reporting Year, the Group has conducted internal training on a range of topics, including company background, OHS, environmental practices, maintenance works and anti-corruption. During the Reporting Year, approximately 57.14% of the Group's employees participated in training (2022: approximately 85.00%) and the average training hours was approximately 5.93 hours⁷ (2022: approximately 18.40 hours).

B3. 發展及培訓

本集團確信其成功取決於各僱員的技能與知識的發展。因此,本集團已制定員工培訓計劃及發展策略,通過內部及外部培訓計劃為僱員提供進一步加強他們專業知識的機會。此外,本集團已設立僱員培訓管理。倘僱員選擇外部培訓,本集團亦提供培訓資助計劃,以支持僱員的個人職業發展。

於報告年度,本集團已進行一系列主題的內部培訓,包括公司背景、職業健康及安全、環保常規、保養工程及反貪污。於報告年度,本集團約57.14%6的僱員參與培訓(2022年:約85.00%),平均培訓時數約為5.93小時7(2022年:約18.40小時)。

The percentage of employees trained, breakdown of trained employees and average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category were as follows:

按性別及僱員類別劃分的僱員受訓百分比、受訓僱員明細及各僱員平均培訓時數如下:

		Percentage of trained 受訓僱員百	(%)8	Breakdown employe 受訓僱員E	es (%) ⁹	Average trai (hou 平均培訓時	r) ¹⁰
		2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Category	類別	2023年	2022年	2023年	2022年	2023年	2022年
By gender	按性別						
Male	男性	53.84	81.00	71.43	74.00	6.05	16.70
Female	女性	68.97	98.00	28.57	26.00	5.57	24.10
By employee category	按僱員類別						
Management	管理層	25.00	85.00	2.14	5.00	2.17	7.20
Middle level	中級員工	57.89	92.00	7.86	10.00	5.26	14.90
General	普通員工	58.88	84.00	90.00	85.00	6.21	19.40

Note(s):

- The percentage of employees trained is calculated by dividing the number of trained employees at the end of the reporting year by the total number of employees at the end of the reporting year.
- 7. The average training hours per employee is calculated by dividing the total training hours for the reporting year by the total number of employees at the end of the reporting year.
- 8. The percentage of employees trained by category is calculated by dividing the number of trained employees in the specific category at the end of the reporting year by the total number of employees in the specific category at the end of the reporting year.

附註:

- 5. 受訓僱員百分比按報告年度末的 受訓僱員人數除以報告年度末的 僱員總數計算。
- 7. 每名僱員的平均培訓時數按報告 年度的總培訓時數除以報告年度 末的僱員總數計算。
- 8. 按類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比按 報告年度末的指定類別受訓僱員 人數除以報告年度末的指定類別 僱員總數計算。

- 9. The breakdown of trained employees by category is calculated by dividing the number of trained employees in the specified category at the end of the reporting year by the total number of trained employees at the end of the reporting year.
- 10. The average training hours by category are calculated by dividing the number of trained employees in the specified category at the end of the reporting year by the number of employees in the specified category at the end of the reporting year.
- **B4.** Labour Standards

Child and forced labour are strictly prohibited during recruitment, according to local laws and regulations. The Group strictly complies with local laws and prohibits any child or forced labour employment. The Human Resources Department of the Group is responsible for monitoring and ensuring compliance with the latest and relevant laws and regulations that prohibit child and forced labour.

- 9. 按類別劃分的受訓僱員明細按報告年度末的指定類別受訓僱員人數除以報告年度末的受訓僱員總數計算。
- 10. 按類別劃分的平均培訓時數按報 告年度末的指定類別受訓僱員人 數除以報告年度末的指定類別僱 員總數計算。

B4. 勞工標準

根據地方法律法規,招聘時嚴格禁止童工及強制勞工。本集團嚴格遵守當地法律及禁止僱用任何童工或強制勞工。本集團人力資源部負責監管及確保遵守禁止童工和強制勞工的最新及相關法律及法規。

To avoid illegal employment of child labour and underage workers, personal data is collected during the recruitment process to assist in the selection of suitable candidates and to verify candidates' identities. The Human Resources Department also ensures that identity documents are carefully verified. To prevent forced labour, working hours are specified in the Employee Handbook. If violations are involved, the relevant employment contract will be immediately terminated. At construction sites, all workers hired by subcontractors are allowed to enter the sites only if they can show their construction workers' registration cards to prove their qualifications and identity. In addition, Human Resources Department staff conduct monthly factory visits to manufacturing units to eliminate the chance of child or forced labour. The Group also strictly prohibits any discriminatory actions that may inhibit employee freedoms, which include, but are not limited to, the retention of identity cards or passports, impounding wages, and/or forced overtime.

During the Reporting Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with child and forced labour-related laws and regulations in Hong Kong and the PRC that would have a significant impact on the Group, including but not limited to Hong Kong's Employment Ordinance, the Labour Law of the PRC and the Provisions on Prohibition of Child Labour of the PRC.

為避免非法僱用童工和未成年員 工,本集團會在招聘過程中收集個 人數據,協助選擇合適的應徵者並 驗證應徵者的身份。人力資源部亦 會確保身份證明文件已仔細核實。 為避免強制勞工,《員工手冊》中訂 明工作時間。如果涉及違規行為, 將立刻終止相關僱傭合約。於建築 工地,分包商僱用的員工一律須出 示建築員工登記卡,以證明其資格 和身份,方能進出。此外,人力資 源部的員工每月對生產單位進行 工廠視察,以消除童工或強制勞動 的機會。本集團還嚴格禁止任何可 能約束僱員自由的歧視性行為,包 括但不限於保留身份證或護照、扣 押工資及/或強制加班。

於報告年度,本集團並沒有發現任何嚴重違反於香港及中國的童工及強制勞工的相關法律及法規而對本集團產生重大影響,包括但不限於香港的《僱傭條例》、《中華人民共和國勞動法》及《中華人民共和國禁止使用童工規定》。

B5. Supply Chain Management

The Group highly values its relationship with its suppliers and endeavours to pursue sustainability even when selecting its business partners. In order to provide a fair assessment's selection when selecting suppliers, the Group has formulated the Procurement Procedures and the Procurement Management Process, which outline the Group's procurement principles and processes as well as the supplier management approaches. All the potential suppliers are evaluated under stringent evaluation procedures. During the engagement, the Group evaluates the supplier's performance based on a combination of capability, efficiency and competitiveness before entering into contractual agreements. If any inconsistency is found between the Group's requirements and their act, the Group will suspend cooperation until improvement is made. During the Reporting Year, 174 (2022: 143) suppliers were selected and engaged through our standardised procurement process.

B5. 供應鏈管理

本集團非常注重其與供應商的關 係,努力追求可持續性,即使在選 擇業務夥伴時亦是如此。為於選擇 供應商時進行公平的評估,本集團 已制定《採購程序》及《採購管理流 程》,當中概述本集團的採購原則 及流程,以及供應商管理方法。所 有潛在供應商均根據嚴格評估程 序進行評估。在委聘過程中,本集 團在訂立合約協議前會根據供應 商的能力、效率及競爭力,綜合評 估供應商的表現。如發現本集團的 要求與其行為不符,本集團將暫停 合作直至供應商作出改善為止。於 報告年度,174(2022年:143)間 供應商均透過我們的標準化採購 流程選擇及委聘。

Sustainable Procurement

To better manage the environmental and social risks along the supply chain, social responsibility and environmental performance will also be considered when selecting and evaluating suppliers and subcontractors. While engaging potential suppliers and subcontractors, apart from considering the usual factors such as technical capability, relevant credentials and tender price. additional factors of consideration were added to ensure our vision for sustainability, service excellence, product responsibility and business ethics remained intact. In addition, to ensure that the quality of products and services meets our expectations, we conduct regular reviews of our suppliers and subcontractors. Suppliers who underperform or violate relevant environmental and social regulations are required to provide detailed justifications and must undertake improvement evaluations to rectify any problem areas.

To further expand the Group's commitment towards sustainability, the Group has established its own Supplier and Contractor Environmental Management Guidelines at its fabrication plant, which stipulate specific expectations for proper environmental management and the mechanisms for periodic evaluations and annual factory visits. The Group will also inform its suppliers and subcontractors about its environmental commitment and disseminate environmental information to them. The Group aims to raise awareness of environmental protection, pollution prevention and environmental accident prevention among suppliers and subcontractors.

可持續採購

為進一步擴大本集團對可持續發展的承諾,本集團已於其營運的製造廠制定自身的《供應商及承建建筑管理規定》,訂明對適當環境管理規定》,訂明對適當環境管理的期望和設立定期評估及年度工廠視察的機制。本集團亦當與供應商及分包商其環保承諾,並傳遞環境相關資訊。本集團的環線為提高供應商及分包商的環保、防止污染及預防環境意外的意識。

Fair and Open Procurement

The Group has also formulated rules to ensure that suppliers can participate in competitions in an open and fair manner. We do not differentiate or discriminate against any suppliers, and we do not allow any forms of corruption or bribery. Employees or other individuals should declare any actual or potential conflict of interest arising out of the business transactions of the Group, and they will not be allowed to participate in the relevant procurement activity.

During the Reporting Year, the Group had a total of 174 suppliers or subcontractors (2022: 143). The geographical distribution of the Group's suppliers was as follows:

公平及公開採購

本集團亦制定政策以確保供應商 能以公開及公平的方式參與競爭。 我們不會區分或歧視任何供應商, 我們亦不允許任何形式的貪污或 賄賂。僱員或其他個人應申報任何 由本集團業務交易所引申的實際 或潛在利益衝突,而彼等將被禁止 參加相關的採購活動。

於報告年度,本集團共有174間供應商或分包商(2022年:143間)。 本集團供應商及分包商的地理位 置分佈如下:

Number of suppliers	供應商數目	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
By geographical region	按地區		
Hong Kong	香港	83	63
Mainland China	中國內地	91	80

B6. Product Responsibility

Achieving and maintaining a high-quality standard for projects is of utmost importance for the sustainable growth of the Group. Hence, the Group strives to continue its pursuit of excellence by ensuring that our quality assurance policies continue to guide us towards the industry's best practices and that the policies are regularly updated in order to maintain our product quality.

B6. 產品責任

實現及維持高質量的項目標準對本集團的可持續增長而言至關重要。因此,本集團致力於繼續追求卓越,確保我們的質量保證政策繼續指導我們走向行業最佳實踐,並定期更新政策以維持我們的產品質量。

During the Reporting Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with laws and regulations concerning advertising, labelling, and privacy matters relating to products and services provided or methods of redress that would have a significant impact on the Group, including but not limited to Hong Kong's Personal Data Ordinance and the Product Quality Law of the PRC.

Quality Assurance

The Group has also adopted the international standard ISO 9001:2015 Quality Management System and developed its own Quality and Environmental Management System Integrated Handbook to disseminate the Group's policy objectives, implementation procedures, and communication channels across its operations.

To further ensure consistency in our product and service quality, the Group has formulated the Quality Inspection Handbook to ensure regular internal review of legal and regulatory compliance. At the same time, inspections are carried out periodically by qualified quality control staff to inspect the raw materials, semi-finished products and final products at the glass fabrication plant during different stages of production to ensure the quality and expectations of the clients have been fulfilled before delivery.

於報告年度,本集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反有關與所提供產品及服務相關的廣告、標籤及私隱事宜或補救方法的法律及法規而對本集團產生重大影響的情況,包括但不限於香港的《個人資料私隱條例》及《中國產品質量法》。

質量檢定

本集團已採取國際標準ISO 9001: 2015品質管理系統,並制定自身 的《品質及環境管理系統綜合手 冊》,以於營運過程中傳達本集團 的政策宗旨、實施程序及溝通渠 道。

為進一步確保我們的產品及服務 質量的一致性,本集團制定《品質 監測手冊》,以確保定期對內部法 律法規合規性進行審查。同時,由 合資格的質量控制人員定期進行 檢查玻璃製造廠在不同生產階段 的原材料、半製成品及製成品,以 確保於交付前產品質量滿足客戶 的期望。

The Group highly values the quality of customer service to satisfy customers' needs to the best of its ability. If there are substandard products and services, customers can contact us through different channels, including email, telephone and face-to-face. Complaints will be handled by our Quantity Surveyor ("QS"). The QS is responsible for communicating with different departments as well as customers. All substandard products will be recalled and reviewed by relevant personnel, and service complaints will be recorded. During the Reporting Year, no product sold or shipped was subjected to recall for safety and health reasons. In addition, the Group did not record any material complaints related to products and services.

本集團高度重視客戶服務質素,並 盡最大努力滿足客戶需要。倘有不 合格的產品及服務,客戶可以透 不同渠道聯絡我們,包括電郵 話及面對面方式。投訴將由我們 對面方式。投訴將由我們 與不同部門及客戶溝通。所有審閱 與不同部門及客戶溝通。所有審閱 格產品將由相關人員回收及等 服務投訴亦會記錄。於報告年全 健康理由而須回收。此外,本集團 並無錄得任何與產品及服務有關 的重大投訴。

Intellectual Property Rights

The Group is committed to protecting the Group's own IP rights and the IP rights of other enterprises. The Group has established the Intellectual Property Rights Protection Policy and Supplier Code of Ethics. Besides, the Information Technology Department is responsible for the centralised management of computer software and hardware to prevent any breach of intellectual property rights. Disciplinary or legal actions may be taken against the employee should he/she be found to be in breach of such rights.

知識產權

本集團致力保護本集團自身的知識產權及其他企業的知識產權。本集團已制定《知識產權保護政策》及《供應商道德守則》。此外,資訊技術部負責中央管理電腦系統軟件及硬件使用,防止任何侵犯知識產權的情況發生。倘發現僱員違反該等知識產權,本集團可能對其採取紀律或法律行動。

Privacy Protection

The Group has established the Employee Handbook to provide guidance to its employees on how to regulate the use of personal information, safeguard confidential information and avoid leakage of customers' and suppliers' privacy. To supplement our data security measures, all project tender documents must include a Non-disclosure Agreement, and all unsuccessful tender documents are destroyed within 6 months after submission. During the Reporting Year, there were no reported cases of non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations, including but not limited to Hong Kong's Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486) and the Product Quality Law of the PRC.

Advertising and Labelling

Based on the nature of the business of the Group, the Group only conducts limited publicity activities. Therefore, the Group's business operations do not involve significant advertising and labelling-related risks.

私隱保護

本集團已制定《員工手冊》,為其僱員提供指引,以規範個人信息的使用、保護機密信息並避免客戶及供應商私隱洩露。為補充我們的數據安全措施,所有項目招標文件均須包含保密協議,而所有未獲接納的招標文件將於提交後6個月內銷毀。於報告年度,並無違反相關法律法規的報告,包括但不限於香港的《個人資料(私隱)條例》(第486章)及《中華人民共和國產品質量法》。

廣告及標籤

基於本集團的業務性質,本集團僅 進行有限的宣傳活動。因此,本集 團的業務營運不涉及重大廣告及 標籤相關風險。

B7. Anti-corruption

We value and uphold integrity, honesty, and fairness in the way we conduct business, and we strive to achieve high standards of ethics in our business operations. The Group has zero tolerance for any corruption, fraud or other behaviours violating work ethics. Each employee is required to strictly comply with the anti-corruption and other related policies in the Employee Code of Conduct. To maintain a fair, ethical and efficient business and working environment, the Group strictly adheres to the laws and regulations relating to anti-corruption and bribery.

During the Reporting Year, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations on bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering in Hong Kong and the PRC that would have a significant impact on the Group, including but not limited to Hong Kong's Prevention of Bribery Ordinance and the Anti-Money Laundering Law of the PRC. In addition, there were no concluded legal cases regarding any forms of fraud brought against the Group or its employees.

B7. 反貪污

我們重視並堅持以誠信、誠實及公平的經營方式,並努力在業務運門實現高道德標準。本集團對任實現高道德標準。本集團對任實污、欺詐或其他違反職業是與的行為採取零容忍態度。每名則》均須嚴格遵守《僱員行為守則》內之反貪污及其他有關政策。為無持公平、道德及高效之業務及工貪污及賄賂之法律及法規。

於報告年度,本集團並沒有發現任何因嚴重違反香港及中國賄賂、勒索、詐騙及洗錢相關法律法規而對本集團造成重大影響的情況,包括但不限於香港的《防止賄賂條例》及《中華人民共和國反洗錢法》。此外,概無就任何形式的欺詐而對本集團或其僱員提起訴訟的已審結法律案件。

To ensure we remain updated and fully understand the details of anti-corruption legislation and practices, we have organised anti-corruption training for our employees. During the Reporting Year, we conducted 4 training sessions (2022: 3 training sessions) covering enterprise integrity management, corruption prevention education, and external inspection system topics. During the Reporting Year, 0 directors and 45 staff members (2022: 2 directors and 98 staff members) have participated in anti-corruption training. The total training hours for directors and employees were approximately 0.00 hours and approximately 175.00 hours (2022: approximately 3.00 hours and approximately 104.50 hours), respectively.

為確保我們充分了解防止貪污的 法規及慣例的最新詳情,我們已 為員工安排反貪污培訓。於報告年 度,我們舉行了4個培訓課程(2022 年:3個培訓課程),涵蓋企業誠信 管理、廉潔教育及外檢制度等主 題。於報告年度,0名董事及45名 員工(2022年:2名董事及98名員 工)已參加反貪污培訓。董事及員 工的總培訓時數分別為約0.00小時 及約175.00小時(2022年:約3.00 小時及約104.50小時)。

Whistleblowing Mechanism

We encourage all staff to raise their concerns or suspicions of any misconduct, malpractice, or irregularities. Our Whistleblowing Policy is well integrated into our standard practices and procedures to ensure whistleblowers have the freedom to report grievances without fear of reprisal. Employees at all levels may raise concerns regarding improper behaviour with the Human Resources Department or their supervisor, and all such cases are treated confidentially. Any cases are submitted to the Whistleblowing Committee, which will review the cases and assess the appropriate mode of investigation and any subsequent corrective action. All reported cases are handled by the Group with due care, and the concerns are investigated in a fair and proper manner. The Whistleblowing Committee shall update the Audit Committee on the reports received on at least a bi-annual basis.

舉報機制

B8. Community Investment

Corporate Social Responsibility

The Group strives to continue emboldening and supporting the public through various means of social participation and contribution as part of its strategic development. We continued to leverage our resources to help maximise our positive impacts on the community in the areas of labour needs and health through volunteering and collaboration with NGOs and social enterprises in Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group has also established relevant policies to support its long-term community investment.

Community Contributions

The Group is dedicated to creating a diverse and inclusive community. The Group is passionate about supporting NGOs and other charitable organisations through volunteerism, advocacy and education initiatives. During the Reporting Year, as the Group still faces strict epidemic control measures, it has ceased or paused participation in community activities and volunteer services. We promise that the Group will try to be flexible and search for any potential solutions to serve the emerging communities' needs.

B8. 社區投資

企業社會責任

本集團致力於透過社會參與及捐助等各種途徑,鼓勵及支持公益事業,作為其策略發展的一部分。我們繼續利用本集團的資源,通過義工服務以及與香港及中國非政府組織及社會企業的合作,在勞工需要及健康方面最大程度地發揮對社區的積極影響。本集團亦設立相關政策以支持其長期社區投資。

社區貢獻

本集團致力創造多元包容社區。本 集團熱衷於通過義工服務、宣傳及 教育活動來支持非政府組織及其 他慈善組織。於報告年度內,由於 本集團仍然面對嚴格防疫管控措 施,其已停止或暫停參與社區活動 及義工服務。我們承諾,本集團將 靈活尋求任何潛在解決方案以回 應新的社區需求。

THE ESG REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

香港聯合交易所有限公司《環境、社會及管治報告指引》內容索引

Mandatory Disclosure Requirements 強制披露規定	Section/Declaration 章節/聲明	
Governance Structure 管治架構 Reporting Principles 匯報原則 Reporting Boundary	The ESG Governance Structure 環境、社會及管治的管治架構 Reporting Framework 報告框架 Scope of Reporting	
匯報範圍	報告範圍	

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	內容	章節/聲明
Aspect A1: Emissions 層面 A1:排放物		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	Emissions 排放物
KPI A1.1 關鍵績效指標 A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 排放物種類及相關排放數據。	Emissions – Emissions Control 排放物一排放物控制

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	內容	章節/聲明
KPI A1.2 關鍵績效指標 A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Emissions – Emissions Control 排放物一排放物控制
KPI A1.3 關鍵績效指標 A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Emissions – Waste Management 排放物-廢棄物管理
KPI A1.4 關鍵績效指標 A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Emissions – Waste Management 排放物-廢棄物管理
KPI A1.5 關鍵績效指標 A1.5	Description of emission target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Emissions – Emissions Control 排放物一排放物控制
KPI A1.6 關鍵績效指標 A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Emissions – Waste Management 排放物-廢棄物管理

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標		章節/聲明
Aspect A2: Use of Resou 層面 A2:資源使用	irces	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源 (包括能源、水及其他原材料) 的政策。	Use of Resources 資源使用
KPI A2.1 關鍵績效指標 A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Use of Resources – Energy Efficiency 資源使用一能源效益
KPI A2.2 關鍵績效指標 A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 總耗水量及密度 (如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Use of Resources – Water Consumption 資源使用一水資源消 耗
KPI A2.3 關鍵績效指標 A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Use of Resources – Energy Efficiency 資源使用-能源效益
KPI A2.4 關鍵績效指標 A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Use of Resources – Water Consumption 資源使用一水資源消 耗
KPI A2.5 關鍵績效指標 A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced. 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	Use of Resources – Use of Packaging Material 資源使用-包裝材料 的使用

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及	Description	Section/Declaration
關鍵績效指標 Aspect A3: The Environr	內容 nent and Natural Resources	章節/聲明
層面 A3:環境及天然資源		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources. 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	The Environment and Natural Resources 環境及天然資源
KPI A3.1 關鍵績效指標 A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	The Environment and Natural Resources – Green Working Environment 環境及天然資源 —綠色工作環境
Aspect A4: Climate Change 層面 A4:氣候變化		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer. 識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	Climate Change 氣候變化
KPI A4.1 關鍵績效指標 A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them. 描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。	Climate Change - Physical Risks, Transition Risks 氣候變化-實體風險、 轉型風險

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	內容	章節/聲明
Aspect B1: Employment 層面 B1:僱傭		
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	Employment 僱傭
KPI B1.1 關鍵績效指標 B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full— or part-time), age group and geographical region. 按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	Employment 僱傭
KPI B1.2 關鍵績效指標 B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	Employment 僱傭

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標 Aspect B2: Health and S	Description 內容 afety	Section/Declaration 章節/聲明
層面 B2:健康與安全 General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards. 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	Health and Safety 健康及安全
KPI B2.1 關鍵績效指標 B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year. 過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	Health and Safety 健康及安全
KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標 B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。	Health and Safety 健康及安全
KPI B2.3 關鍵績效指標 B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康及安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Health and Safety – Occupational Health and Safety 健康及安全-職業健 康及安全

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	內容	章節/聲明
Aspect B3: Development 層面 B3:發展及培訓	t and Training	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	Development and Training 發展及培訓
KPI B3.1 關鍵績效指標 B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別 (如高級管理層、中級管理層等) 劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	Development and Training 發展及培訓
KPI B3.2 關鍵績效指標 B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	Development and Training 發展及培訓

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs 主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	Description 內容	Section/Declaration 章節/聲明
Aspect B4: Labour Stand 層面 B4:勞工準則	lards	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 有關防止童工或強制勞工的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	Labour Standards 勞工標準
KPI B4.1 關鍵績效指標 B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討僱傭慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	Labour Standards 勞工標準
KPI B4.2 關鍵績效指標 B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	Labour Standards 勞工標準

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	內容	章節/聲明
Aspect B5: Supply Chain 層面 B5:供應鏈管理	Management	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.1 關鍵績效指標 B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	Supply Chain Management – Fair and Open Procurement 供應鏈管理-公平及 公開採購
KPI B5.2 關鍵績效指標 B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理
KPI B5.3 關鍵績效指標 B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Supply Chain Management - Sustainable Procurement 供應鏈管理一可持續 採購
KPI B5.4 關鍵績效指標 B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Supply Chain Management - Sustainable Procurement 供應鏈管理一可持續 採購

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	內容	章節/聲明
Aspect B6: Product Resp 層面 B6:產品責任	onsibility	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress. 有關所提供產品和服務的健康及安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	Product Responsibility 產品責任
KPI B6.1 關鍵績效指標 B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons. 已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	Product Responsibility – Quality Assurance 產品責任一質量檢定
KPI B6.2 關鍵績效指標 B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with. 接獲有關產品及服務的投訴,以及相關的處理方法。	Product Responsibility – Quality Assurance 產品責任一質量檢定
KPI B6.3 關鍵績效指標 B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights. 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	Product Responsibility – Intellectual Property Rights 產品責任—知識產權
KPI B6.4 關鍵績效指標 B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	Product Responsibility – Quality Assurance 產品責任-質量檢定
KPI B6.5 關鍵績效指標 B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Product Responsibility – Privacy Protection 產品責任一私隱保護

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	內容	章節/聲明
Aspect B7: Anti-corrupti 層面 B7:反貪污	on	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	Anti-corruption 反貪污
KPI B7.1 關鍵績效指標 B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases. 於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	Anti-corruption 反貪污
KPI B7.2 關鍵績效指標 B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	Anti-corruption – Whistle-blowing Mechanism 反貪污一舉報機制
KPI B7.3 關鍵績效指標 B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. 描述向董事及僱員提供的反貪污培訓。	Anti-corruption 反貪污

Subject Areas, Aspects, General Disclosures and KPIs	Description	Section/Declaration
主要範疇、層面、 一般披露及 關鍵績效指標	內容	章節/聲明
Aspect B8: Community I 層面 B8:社區投資	nvestment	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests. 有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	Community Investment – Corporate Social Responsibility 社區投資一企業社會 責任
KPI B8.1 關鍵績效指標 B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport). 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	Community Investment – Community Contributions 社區投資-社區貢獻
KPI B8.2 關鍵績效指標 B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源 (如金錢或時間)。	Community Investment – Community Contributions 社區投資-社區貢獻

The Board is pleased to present the annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023.

董事會欣然呈覽年報連同本集團截至2023年 3月31日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company and through its subsidiaries, is principally engaged in the design, supply and installation of facade and curtain walls systems, with a focus on curtain walls, aluminium windows and doors. Details of the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements.

主要業務

本公司為一家投資控股公司,並透過其附屬公司主要從事外牆及幕牆系統(以幕牆及鋁門窗為主)的設計、供應及安裝。其附屬公司的主要業務詳情載於綜合財務報表附註41。

BUSINESS REVIEW

Business review on the Group as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), including the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group and an indication of likely future development in the Group's business are set out in the Chairman's Statement (on pages 7 to 10), Operations Review (on pages 11 to 16), Financial Review (on pages 17 to 22) and the notes to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

業務回顧

就公司條例(香港法例第622章)附表5所要求對本集團之業務回顧(包括本集團面對之主要風險及不明朗因素和本集團業務相當可能有的未來發展之揭示)載於本年報之主席報告書(第7至10頁)、業務回顧(第11至16頁)、財務回顧(第17至22頁)及綜合財務報表附註內。

An analysis of the Group's performance during the year ended 31 March 2023 using financial key performance indicators is provided in the Financial Highlights (on page 6) of this annual report.

Details of the Group's financial risk management are disclosed in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements. Save for the information as disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, there are no material events affecting the Group that have occurred after the year end date.

運用財務關鍵表現指標對本集團於截至2023 年3月31日止年度之表現進行之分析載於本 年報之財務紀要(第6頁)內。

有關本集團財務風險管理之詳情披露於綜合財務報表附註38。除本年報其他部分所披露之資料外,於年結日後並無發生影響本集團之重大事項。

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 159.

The Board has declared a second interim dividend (in lieu of a final dividend) of HK1.7 cents per share for the year ended 31 March 2023 (2022: HK2.1 cents per share) to the shareholders whose names appear on the branch register of members in Hong Kong and the principal register of members in the Cayman Islands on 11 July 2023. The second interim dividend will be paid on 24 July 2023 and shall be paid out of the Company's other reserves account.

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Details of the movements in the investment properties of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out in note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group during the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 162.

業績及分配

本集團截至2023年3月31日止年度之業績載 於第159頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

董事會向於2023年7月11日名列香港分處股東名冊及開曼群島主要股東名冊上之股東宣派截至2023年3月31日止年度之第二次中期股息(取代末期股息)每股1.7港仙(2022年:每股2.1港仙)。第二次中期股息將於2023年7月24日派發,並須自本公司的其他儲備賬中支出。

投資物業

本集團投資物業於截至2023年3月31日止年度之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註16。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於截至2023年3月31 日止年度之變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 17。

儲備

本集團儲備於截至2023年3月31日止年度之 變動詳情載於第162頁之綜合權益變動表。

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

Under the articles of association of the Company, dividends may be declared and paid out of the profits and reserves of the Company lawfully available for distribution including contributed surplus and other reserves. Dividends may be declared and paid out of contributed surplus and other reserves account of the Company subject to a solvency test (i.e. immediately following the date on which the distribution or dividend is proposed to be paid, the Company must be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business) as set out in section 34(2) of the Companies Act, Cap. 22 (Act 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands.

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 31 March 2023 comprised the aggregate of contributed surplus, treasury shares reserve, other reserves and accumulated profit of HK\$253,694,000 (31 March 2022: HK\$265,526,000).

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE POLICIES

The Group is committed to protecting the environment, fulfilling social responsibility and promoting employee benefits and development to achieve sustainable growth of its business.

For more details of the Group's performances in environmental and social aspects, please refer to the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" section of this annual report.

本公司可供派發儲備

根據本公司的組織章程細則,股息可從合法可供分派的本公司溢利及儲備(包括繳入盈餘及其他儲備)中宣派及支付。股息可從本公司繳入盈餘及其他儲備賬(惟須通過載列於開曼群島法例第二十二章公司法(1961年法例三,經綜合及修訂)第34(2)條的償債能力測試,即本公司於緊隨建議作出分派或派付股息日期後有能力償還日常業務過程中到期之債務)中宣派及支付。

本公司於2023年3月31日可供分派予股東之儲備包括繳入盈餘、庫存股份儲備、其他儲備及累計溢利合共253,694,000港元(2022年3月31日:265,526,000港元)。

股本

本公司股本於截至2023年3月31日止年度之 變動詳情載於綜合財務報表附註29。

環境、社會及管治政策

本集團致力於保護環境、履行社會責任及提 升僱員福利及發展,以實現其業務的可持續 增長。

有關本集團於環境及社會方面的表現之更多 詳情,請參閱本年報「環境、社會及管治報告 書」一節。

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group is committed in complying with the relevant laws and regulations related to its business operations in Hong Kong and the Mainland China. Sufficient resources and training have been provided to employees to ensure the on-going compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

RELATIONSHIP WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group believes that maintaining good relationship with all stakeholders is the key to the sustainable development of the Group.

The Group considers human capital the most valuable asset for the Group, therefore, we provide competitive remuneration packages, training programmes, and staff engagement activities to attract, nurture and retain talents and employees.

The Group maintains stable and long-term relationship with business partners including customers, suppliers and subcontractors, which brings benefits to the quality of the Group's services and helps the Group to secure new projects.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to the share option scheme of the Company (the "Scheme") adopted on 25 August 2020 (the "Adoption Date"), all directors (including independent non-executive directors), full-time employees of any member the Group and any advisers, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group who the Board considers, in its sole discretion, to have contributed or will contribute to the Group are eligible to participate in the Scheme.

遵守法律及法規

本集團致力於遵守香港及中國內地與其業務 營運有關之相關法律及法規。本集團已為僱 員提供充足的資源及培訓,以確保持續遵守 適用之法律及法規。

與僱員、客戶及供應商之關係

本集團相信與所有持份者保持良好關係乃本 集團可持續發展的關鍵。

本集團認為人力資本乃本集團最重要之資產,因此,我們提供具競爭力之薪酬待遇、培訓計劃及員工參與活動,以吸引、培養及挽留人才及僱員。

本集團與為本集團服務質素帶來裨益並有助 本集團取得新項目的客戶、供應商及分包商 等業務夥伴保持穩定及長期的關係。

購股權計劃

根據本公司於2020年8月25日(「採納日期」)採納的購股權計劃(「該計劃」),董事會全權的情認為已對或將對本集團作出貢獻的本集團任何成員公司的所有董事(包括獨立非執行董事)、全職職員及本集團任何成員公司的任何顧問、諮詢人、分銷商、承包商、供應商、代理、客戶、業務夥伴、合營公司夥伴、發起人、服務提供商合資格參與該計劃。

The purpose of the Scheme is to reward participants who have contributed or will contribute to the Group and to encourage participants to work towards enhancing the value of the Company for the benefit of the Company and the shareholders as a whole, and to maintain or attract business relationships with participants whose contributions are or may be beneficial to the growth of the Group.

該計劃旨在為獎勵已對或將對本集團作出貢獻的參與者,以及鼓勵參與者為本公司及股東的整體利益,努力提升本公司的價值,並維持或吸引其貢獻或可能對本集團發展有利的參與者建立業務關係。

(a) Maximum number of shares available for issuance

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Scheme and any other schemes of the Company shall not exceed 10% of the number of the Company's shares in issue as at the date of approval of the Scheme, subject to renewal as approved by the shareholders. Upon the refreshment of the Scheme mandate limit at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 24 August 2021, the maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all share options to be granted under the Scheme was 42,394,763 (the "Refreshed Share Option Limit").

The total number of shares that may be issued under the remaining Refreshed Share Option Limit as at the date of this annual report is 42,394,763, representing approximately 9.8% of the number of the Company's shares in issue at that date.

(a) 可予發行之最高股份數目

根據該計劃及本公司任何其他計劃擬授 出之全部購股權獲行使時可予發行之最 高股份數目不得超過該計劃批准日期已 發行本公司股份數目之10%,惟須經股 東批准更新。於本公司在2021年8月24 日舉行股東週年大會更新該計劃授權上 限後,根據該計劃將予授出之所有購股 權獲行使而可能發行之最高股份數目為 42,394,763股(「經更新購股權上限」)。

於本年報日期,餘下經更新購股權上限項下可發行股份總數為42,394,763股,相當於本公司於該日已發行股份數目的約9.8%。

The overall limit on the number of shares of the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the number of the Company's shares in issue from time to time. As at the date of this annual report, taking into account the remaining Refreshed Share Option Limit to subscribe for 42,394,763 shares and the 5,987,000 shares that may be issued upon exercise of the outstanding share options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme, the cumulative total number of shares that may be issued under the Scheme is 48,381,763 shares, representing approximately 11.6% of the number of the Company's shares in issue as at the date of this annual report.

根據該計劃及本公司任何其他計劃所有 授出而尚未行使購股權倘行使後可能 發行之本公司股份總數限額不得超過 本公司不時已發行股份數目之30%。於 本年報日期,經計及可認購42,394,763 股股份之餘下經更新購股權限額及因行 使該計劃項下已授出但尚未行使之購股 權而可予發行之5,987,000股股份後,該 計劃項下可予發行之累計股份總數將為 48,381,763股,佔本公司於本年報日期 已發行股份數目約11.6%。

(b) Maximum entitlement of each participant

- (1) The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each participant (including both exercised and unexercised options) under the Scheme or any other share option schemes adopted by the Company in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the number of the Company's shares in issue unless otherwise approved by the shareholders of the Company.
- (2) Where any grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted to such person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of the grant:
 - (i) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the number of the Company's shares in issue; and

(b) 各參與者之最高授權

- (1) 除非經本公司股東另作批准,否則於任何十二個月期間,因行使根據該計劃或本公司採納之任何其他購股權計劃授出之購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使之購股權)而向每名參與者已發行及將予發行之股份總數,不得超過本公司已發行股份數目之1%。
- (2) 倘向本公司之主要股東或獨立非執行董事或任何彼等各自之聯繫人 (定義見上市規則)授出任何購股權,將會導致於截至授出日期止之 任何十二個月期間(包括授出日期) 向該人士已授出及將予授出之所 有購股權獲行使而已發行及將予 發行之股份:
 - (i) 合共佔本公司已發行股份數 目0.1%以上;及

(ii) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company on the date of grant in excess of HK\$5.0 million,

such grant of option shall be subject to prior approval of the shareholders of the Company who are not connected persons of the Company as defined in the Listing Rules.

(c) Period within which the shares must be taken up under an option

Within ten years from the date on which an option is granted or such shorter period as the Board or the relevant committee thereof may specify.

(d) Minimum period, if any, for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

At the time of granting an option, the Board or the relevant committee thereof must specify the minimum period(s) (if any) and achievement of performance target(s) (if any), for which an option must be held before it can be exercised in whole or in part.

(e) Period open for acceptance of an option

The offer of grant of an option (of which the date of grant must be a business day of the Stock Exchange) must be accepted within 14 days after the date of grant.

(ii) 總值超過5,000,000港元(根據本公司股份於授出日期之收市價計算),

授出該項購股權須預先取得本公司股東 (並非本公司之關連人士(定義見上市 規則))批准。

(c) 根據購股權必須認購股份之期限

由授出購股權之日起十年期間或董事會或轄下有關委員會指定之較短期間。

(d) 購股權於可予行使前之最短持有期 (如有)

於授出購股權之時,董事會或轄下有關委員會必須指定購股權於可予行使(全部或部份)前之最短持有期(如有)及達致表現目標(如有)。

(e) 接納購股權之期限

授出購股權(授出日期必須為聯交所之營業日)的要約必須在授出日期後14日內獲接納。

(f) Amount payable upon acceptance of the option

A consideration of HK\$1 shall be paid upon the acceptance of the option.

(g) Basis of determining exercise price of the option

The exercise price of the option shall be no less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days of the Stock Exchange immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company on the date of grant.

(h) Remaining life of the Scheme

The Scheme has a life of 10 years commencing from the Adoption Date and will expire on 24 August 2030 unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the Scheme.

(f) 於接納購股權時應付之款項

於接納購股權時須付1港元作為代價。

(g) 釐定購股權行使價之基準

購股權之行使價必須不低於下列三者之 最高者:

- (i) 聯交所於授出日期(該日必須為營 業日)發出之日報表所述之本公司 股份收市價;
- (ii) 聯交所於緊接授出日期前五個聯 交所營業日發出之日報表所述之 本公司股份平均收市價;及
- (iii) 本公司股份於授出日期之面值。

(h) 該計劃之餘下年限

除非根據該計劃條款予以終止,否則該計劃之有效年限為自採納日期起計10年,並將於2030年8月24日屆滿。

Details of the movement of share options granted under the Scheme during the year were as follows:

年內該計劃項下授出之購股權之變動詳 情如下:

Category or Name of participant 參與者類型或姓名	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise price per share 每股行使價	Exercise period <i>(Note i)</i> 行使期間 <i>(附註i)</i>	Balance as at 1.4.2022 於2022年 4月1日 之結餘	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Exercised during the year 於年內行使	Cancelled during the year 於年內註銷	Lapsed during the year 於年內失效	Balance as at 31.3.2023 於2023年 3月31日 之結餘	Approximate percentage of issued share capital (Note iii) 佔已發行股本概約百分比(附註iii)
Directors of the Company										
本公司之董事 Chuk Kin Lun 祝健麟	9.10.2020 2020年10月9日	HK \$ 0.59 0.59港元	9.10.2020 to 8.10.2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	945,000	-	-	-	-	945,000	0.22%
Chung Sam Tin Abraham 鍾心田	9.10.2020 2020年10月9日	HK \$ 0.59 0.59港元	9.10.2020 to 8.10.2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	327,000	-	-	-	-	327,000	0.07%
Lee Cheuk Hung 李卓雄	9.10.2020 2020年10月9日	HK \$ 0.59 0.59港元	9.10.2020 to 8.10.2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	1,745,000	-	-	-	-	1,745,000	0.41%
Wong Kin 黃健	9.10.2020 2020年10月9日	HK \$ 0.59 0.59港元	9.10.2020 to 8.10.2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	506,000	-	-	-	-	506,000	0.12%
Chau On Ta Yuen 周安達源	9.10.2020 2020年10月9日	HK \$ 0.59 0.59港元	9.10.2020 to 8.10.2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	87,000	-	-	-	-	87,000	0.02%
				3,610,000	-	-	-	-	3,610,000	
Employees of the Group 本集團之僱員	9.10.2020 2020年10月9日	HK \$ 0.59 0.59港元	9.10.2020 to 8.10.2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	2,705,000	-	-	-	(328,000)	2,377,000	0.56%
				2.705.000	-	-	-	(328,000)	2,377,000	
Total 總計				6,315,000	-	-	-	(328,000)	5,987,000	

Notes:

- (i) The share options vested immediately on the date of grant.
- (ii) The percentage is calculated based on the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 31 March 2023 (i.e. 417,601,630 shares).

附註:

- (i) 購股權於授出日期即時歸屬。
- (ii) 百分比乃根據本公司於2023年3月31日 已發行股份總數(即417,601,630股)計 算。

CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES, WARRANTS OR SIMILAR RIGHTS

Save as disclosed above, the Company had no outstanding convertible securities, warrants or similar rights as at 31 March 2023 and there has been no issue or exercise of any convertible securities, warrants or similar rights during the year ended 31 March 2023.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Company repurchased 2,254,000 shares of the Company on the market pursuant to the general mandate granted by the then shareholders at the annual general meeting held on 23 August 2022. The aggregate consideration paid (excluding transaction costs) for this repurchase was approximately HK\$997,000. 1,050,000 shares of these repurchased shares were cancelled during the year and the remaining 1,204,000 shares were subsequently cancelled in May 2023.

可換股證券、認股權證或類似權利

除上述所披露者外,於2023年3月31日,本公司並無任何尚未行使的可換股證券、認股權證或類似權利,亦無於截至2023年3月31日止年度發行或行使任何可換股證券、認股權證或類似權利。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本公司於市場購回2,254,000股本公司股份,根據於2022年8月23日舉行之股東週年大會上當時股東授予的一般授權購回。就該項購回已付的總代價(不包括交易成本)約為997,000港元。該等已購回股份中,1,050,000股已於年內註銷,而餘下1,204,000股份其後已於2023年5月註銷。

Month of repurchase 購回月份	Number of ordinary shares repurchased 已購回 普通股數目	Purchase price 已付每股股 Highest 最高 HK\$ 港元		Aggregate consideration paid (excluding transaction costs) 已付總代價 (不包括交易成本) HK\$'000 千港元
November 2022 2022年11月	314,000	0.425	0.390	131
December 2022 2022年12月	736,000	0.450	0.440	325
March 2023 2023年3月	1,204,000	0.450	0.450	541
	2,254,000			997

Save as disclosed above, during the year ended 31 March 2023, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

除上文所披露者外,截至2023年3月31日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023 and up to the date of this annual report were:

+∧ ±\: 7

董事

於截至2023年3月31日止年度及直至本年報 日期之本公司董事如下:

Non-executive Chairman

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson

Mr. Chuk Kin Lun

Mr. Chung Sam Tin Abraham

Mr. Tai Sai Ho

非執行主席

王世濤先生

非執行董事

查懋德先生

祝健麟先生

鍾心田先生

戴世豪先生

Executive Directors

Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung (Managing Director)

Mr. Wong Kin

執行董事

李卓雄先生(董事總經理)

黃健先生

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen

Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki

Mr. Poon Kan Young Mr. Yip Kai Yung

獨立非執行董事

周安達源先生

何炘基教授

潘根濃先生

葉啓容先生

In accordance with article 16.19 of the Company's articles of association, Mr. Tai Sai Ho, Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen, Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki and Mr. Yip Kai Yung shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. All the above retiring directors, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. All remaining directors of the Company continue in office.

按照本公司之組織章程細則第16.19條,戴世豪先生、周安達源先生、何炘基教授及葉啓容先生於應屆股東週年大會上輪值退任。所有上述退任董事均符合資格並願意於應屆股東週年大會上應選連任。所有本公司餘下董事均繼續留任。

None of the directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation. 擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董事, 概無與本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立本集團 不可於一年內終止而免付賠償(法定賠償除 外)之服務合約。

The Company's circular sent together with this annual report contains detailed information of the directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

於本公司連同本年報一併寄出之通函內,載 有本公司應屆股東週年大會中參與重選董事 的詳細資料。

DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Details of directors' emoluments for the year ended 31 March 2023 are set out in note 12(a) to the consolidated financial statements. For the year ended 31 March 2023, the emoluments of the senior management, whose biographical details are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" section below and include three of the five highest paid individuals analysis presented in note 12(b) to the consolidated financial statements, fell within the following bands:

董事及僱員酬金

截至2023年3月31日止年度,有關董事酬金之詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註12(a)。截至2023年3月31日止年度,高級管理層之薪酬(其履歷詳情載於下文「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節,當中包括於綜合財務報表附註12(b)呈報的五名最高薪人士分析內的三名人士)列入以下組別:

		Number of Ind 人數	dividuals	
Emoluments of	2023		2022	
Senior Management by Bands	高級管理層之薪酬組別 2023年		2022年	
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	1	1	
HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	5		

UPDATE ON DIRECTORS' INFORMATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes in the information of the directors of the Company are set out below:

- (i) Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson has been appointed as a director of CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited ("CCM Trust") with effect from 5 December 2022.
- (ii) The monthly salaries of the executive directors, namely Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung and Mr. Wong Kin, were increased by 5.0% and 6.4% respectively with effect from 1 April 2023 as compared with those of the last year.

Save as disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條更新 董事資料

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,本公司董事資料變動載列如下:

- (i) 查懋德先生於2022年12月5日獲委任為 CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited (「CCM Trust」)董事。
- (ii) 執行董事李卓雄先生及黃健先生的月薪 分別較去年增加5.0%及6.4%,自2023 年4月1日起生效。

除上文所披露外,概無任何其他資料須根據 上市規則第13.51B(1)條予以披露。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Directors

Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart, aged 77, was appointed as a director of the Company on 20 February 2018, and designated as a non-executive director and appointed as the Deputy Chairman of the Company on 9 August 2018, and was re-designated as the Chairman of the Company on 23 November 2020. He also serves as a member of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee, and the chairman of the Investment Committee of the Company. Mr. Wong is also a director of all the subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Wong has been an executive director and managing director of Hanison Construction Holdings Limited (stock code: 896) ("Hanison") since 2001. Mr. Wong was a director of several listed companies and a director of HKR International Limited (stock code: 480) ("HKRI") until his resignation in December 2001. The securities of Hanison and HKRI are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Wong has extensive experience in the construction and real estate fields. Mr. Wong holds a bachelor degree in science from San Diego State University and a master degree of science in civil engineering from Carnegie-Mellon University in the United States of America. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers (MHKICM).

董事及高級管理層履歷

董事

王世濤先生,77歲,於2018年2月20日獲委任 為本公司董事,於2018年8月9日調任為非執 行董事及獲委任為本公司副主席,並於2020 年11月23日調任為本公司主席。彼亦擔任本 公司提名委員會及薪酬委員會之成員以及投 資委員會之主席。王先生亦是本公司旗下所 有附屬公司之董事。王先生自2001年起一直 擔任興勝創建控股有限公司(股份代號:896) (「興勝」) 之執行董事兼董事總經理。王先生 曾為多間上市公司之董事,同時亦為香港興 業國際集團有限公司(股份代號:480)(「香港 興業」)之董事,直至彼於2001年12月辭任其 職務。興勝及香港興業之證券均於聯交所主 板上市。王先生在建築及房地產界累積豐富 經驗。王先生持有美國聖地亞哥州立大學科 學學士學位及美國卡耐基梅隆大學土木工程 理學碩士學位。彼為香港營造師學會之會員。

Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson, aged 71, was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on 23 November 2020. Mr. Cha has over 40 years of experience in venture capital and investment management and is currently Chairman of C.M. Capital Advisors (HK) Limited. He is a non-executive director of HKRI and non-executive Chairman of Hanison. He is a director of CCM Trust and LBJ Regents (PTC) Limited ("LBJ"), and a non-executive director of Mingly Corporation ("Mingly"). Each of CCM Trust, LBJ and Mingly is a substantial shareholder of the Company discloseable under Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO"). Mr. Cha is also an independent non-executive director of Shanghai Commercial Bank Limited and a director of a number of other companies in Hong Kong and overseas. Mr. Cha ceased to act as a non-executive director of China International Capital Corporation Limited (stock code: 3908) ("CICCL") with effect from 28 February 2020. The securities of HKRI, Hanison and CICCL are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He is a member of non-profit organisations including Qiu Shi Science & Technologies Foundation and Moral Education Concern Group, a co-opted external member to the Finance Committee of the Council of The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology ("HKUST") for one year term starting 1 July 2022 and a member to the Court of HKUST for a 3-year term up to 18 September 2025.

Mr. Chuk Kin Lun, aged 72, acted as an executive director and Joint Managing Director of the Company from 9 August 2018 to 18 March 2022 and was re-designated as a non-executive director of the Company on 19 March 2022. Mr. Chuk was a director of the construction division, interior and renovation division and building materials division of Hanison from 2006 until his resignation upon or before the listing of the Company's shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange in March 2019. The securities of Hanison are listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chuk has extensive experience in planning, estimating, tendering and quantity surveying in the public and private sectors of the building and civil engineering industries in Hong Kong. Mr. Chuk holds a bachelor degree in civil engineering and is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers (MHKICM).

查懋德先生,71歲,於2020年11月23日獲委 任為本公司非執行董事。查先生於創業投資 及投資管理方面累積逾40年經驗,現時為 C.M. Capital Advisors (HK) Limited之主席。 彼為香港興業之非執行董事及興勝之非執 行主席。彼為CCM Trust及LBJ Regents (PTC) Limited (「LBJ」) 之董事,以及名力集團控 股有限公司(「名力」)之非執行董事。CCM Trust、LBJ及名力均為本公司根據證券及期貨 條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部須予披露的 主要股東。查先生亦為上海商業銀行有限公 司之獨立非執行董事及多家香港及海外其他 公司之董事。查先生自2020年2月28日起不再 擔任中國國際金融股份有限公司(股份代號: 3908)(「中國國際金融」)之非執行董事。香 港興業、興勝及中國國際金融之證券均於聯 交所主板上市。彼為多家非牟利機構之成員, 包括求是科技基金會及德育關注小組,香港 科技大學(「科大」)校董會財務委員會增選外 部委員,自二零二二年七月一日起為期一年, 及科大顧問委員會委員,為期三年,直至二零 二五年九月十八日為止。

祝健麟先生,72歲,於2018年8月9日至2022年3月18日擔任本公司執行董事及聯席董事總經理,並於2022年3月19日調任為本公司非執行董事。祝先生自2006年起為興勝建築部、裝飾及維修部及建築材料部之董事,直至彼於本公司股份於2019年3月在聯交所主板上市時或之前辭任其職務。興勝之證券於聯交所上市。祝先生在香港公營及私營樓宇及土木工程業之規劃、估算、投標及工料測量方面累積豐富經驗。祝先生持有土木工程學士學位,並為香港營造師學會之會員。

Mr. Chung Sam Tin Abraham, aged 77, was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on 3 July 2019. Mr. Chung is a certified public accountant, fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Institute of Chartered accountants in England and Wales. He has over 45 years extensive experience in financial management and property development in Hong Kong. Mr. Chung had been an executive director of HKRI since 1994 until his resignation as an executive director of HKRI with effect from 1 April 2021 due to his retirement. Before his retirement. Mr. Chung was the head of finance and group operations overseeing HKRI's finance, accounting, tax, insurance, information technology functions, all operating units in Discovery Bay and hospitality operation. The securities of HKRI are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

鍾心田先生,77歲,於2019年7月3日獲委任為本公司非執行董事。鍾先生為執業會計師、香港會計師公會及英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會資深會員。彼於香港財務管理及物業發展方面具有逾45年豐富經驗。鍾先生自1994年起一直擔任香港興業之執行董事(自至其因退休而辭任香港興業執行董事(自2021年4月1日起生效)。於彼辭任前,鍾先生曾擔任財務及集團營運總監,負責監管香港興業之財政、會計、稅務、保險、資訊科技職能、所有愉景灣之營運單位及酒店業務。香港興業之證券於聯交所主板上市。

Mr. Tai Sai Ho, aged 71, was appointed as a director of the Company on 20 February 2018, and designated as a non-executive director of the Company on 9 August 2018. He also serves as a member of the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Investment Committee of the Company. Mr. Tai is also a director of all subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Tai has been an executive director and the general manager of Hanison since 2001. The securities of Hanison are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Tai has extensive experience in public and private sectors of the building and civil engineering industries in Hong Kong. Mr. Tai holds a bachelor degree in civil engineering from National Cheng Kung University in Taiwan, a master degree in construction management from University of New South Wales in Australia and a master degree in business administration from Asia International Open University in Macau (now known as City University of Macau). Mr. Tai is a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors (FHKIoD) and the Hong Kong Institute of Construction Managers (FHKICM).

戴世豪先生,71歲,於2018年2月20日獲委任為本公司董事,並於2018年8月9日調任為本公司菲執行董事。彼亦擔任本公司提名委員會、薪酬委員會及投資委員會之成員。戴先生自2001年起一直擔任興勝之執行董事事就是經理。興勝之證券於聯交所主板上市。戴先生持有台灣國立成功大學建學在香港公營及私營樓宇及土木工程業界,與門城市大學)工商管理學碩士學位及澳門亞洲國際公開大學建學理學碩士學位及澳門亞洲國際公開大學。東東門城市大學)工商管理學碩士學位。義深經費

Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung, aged 57, was appointed as an executive director and Joint Managing Director of the Company on 9 August 2018 and was re-designated as Managing Director of the Company on 19 March 2022. Mr. Lee joined the Group since 1998 and is also a director of all subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Lee also serves as a member of the Investment Committee of the Company. Mr. Lee was a director of the building materials division of Hanison from 2009 until his resignation upon the listing of the Company's shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange in March 2019. The securities of Hanison are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Lee has comprehensive experience in the building industry in Hong Kong. Mr. Lee holds a certificate in mechanical engineering from Lee Wai Lee Technical Institute (now known as IVE (Lee Wai Lee)).

Mr. Wong Kin, aged 52, was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 1 December 2021. He joined the Group in 2014 and has been the general manager and a director of Million Hope New-Tech Building Supplies (Huizhou) Limited ("Million Hope (Huizhou)") since 2018 and 2019 respectively, and is primarily responsible for overall management of the Group's fabrication plant in Huizhou, the PRC. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Wong worked in a toy and gift manufacturing company as general manager during the period from 2010 to 2013. Mr. Wong obtained a bachelor degree of engineering in manufacturing from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in October 1995. Mr. Wong is currently a member of the 13th Guangdong Province Lianzhou City Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.

李卓雄先生,57歲,於2018年8月9日獲委任為本公司執行董事兼聯席董事總經理,並於2022年3月19日調任為本公司董事總經理。李先生自1998年加入本集團,亦是本公司旗下所有附屬公司之董事。李先生亦擔任本公司投資委員會之成員。李先生自2009年起為明勝建築材料部之董事,直至彼於本公司股份於2019年3月在聯交所主板上市時辭任其職務。興勝之證券於聯交所主板上市。李先生在香港建築界累積廣泛的經驗。李先生持有李惠利工業學院(現稱香港專業教育學院(李惠利))機械工程學證書。

黃健先生,52歲,於2021年12月1日獲委任為本公司執行董事。彼於2014年加入本集團,分別自2018年及2019年起擔任美興新型建築材料(惠州)有限公司(「美興(惠州)」)之總經理及董事,主要負責本集團在中國惠州創辦的製造廠的整體管理。於加入本集團前,自2010年至2013年,黃先生就任於一間玩具及禮品製造公司擔任總經理。黃先生於1995年10月取得香港理工大學製造業工程學士學位。黃先生目前為中國人民政治協商會議第13屆廣東省連州市委委員。

Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen, aged 75, was appointed as an independent non-executive director and a member of the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee of the Company on 26 June 2020. Mr. Chau graduated from Xiamen University in the PRC in August 1968 with a bachelor's degree in Chinese language and literature. He is currently the Thirteenth honorary consultant of the Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Association and was a Standing Committee Member of the Thirteenth National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. Mr. Chau is awarded with a Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) and Silver Bauhinia Star (SBS) by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region in July 2010 and July 2016, respectively. Mr. Chau is currently an executive director and the chairman of the board of directors of ELL Environmental Holdings Limited (stock code: 1395) ("ELL"), an independent non-executive director of Redco Properties Group Limited (stock code: 1622) ("Redco Group"), Come Sure Group (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 794) ("Come Sure") and Beijing Enterprises Water Group Limited (stock code: 371) ("BJ Ent Water"). He was an independent non-executive director of Hang Pin Living Technology Company Limited (stock code: 1682) ("HP Living") from 19 September 2017 to 12 April 2021. The securities of ELL, Redco Group, Come Sure, BJ Ent Water and HP Living are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chau is an executive director and the chairman of the board of directors of Good Resources Holdings Limited (stock code: 109), whose listing of the securities on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange was cancelled with effect from 4 May 2022.

周安達源先生,75歲,於2020年6月26日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事以及本公司提名委員 會、薪酬委員會及審核委員會成員。周先生於 1968年8月畢業於中國廈門大學及獲頒發漢 語言文學學士學位。彼現時為香港福建社團 聯會第十三屆榮譽顧問及中國人民政治協商 會議第十三屆常務委員會委員。周先生分別 於2010年7月及2016年7月獲香港特別行政區 政府頒授銅紫荊星章和銀紫荊星章。周先生 現為強泰環保控股有限公司(股份代號:1395) (「強泰」)的執行董事兼董事會主席,以及力 高地產集團有限公司(股份代號:1622)(「力 高集團」)、錦勝集團(控股)有限公司(股份 代號:794)(「錦勝」)及北控水務集團有限公 司(股份代號:371)(「北控水務」)的獨立非 執行董事。自2017年9月19日至2021年4月12 日,曾擔任杭品生活科技股份有限公司(股份 代號:1682)(「杭品生活」)的獨立非執行董 事。強泰、力高集團、錦勝、北控水務及杭品 生活的證券均於聯交所主板上市。周先生為 天成國際集團控股有限公司(股份代號:109) (其證券自2022年5月4日起被取消於聯交所 主板上市)的執行董事及董事會主席。

Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki, aged 71, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 22 February 2019. He also serves as the chairman of the Nomination Committee of the Company and as a member of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Professor Ho holds the degree of bachelor of science with distinction in agricultural economics from the University of Hawaii in the United States of America, and master of science in agricultural economics and doctor of philosophy from the University of Wisconsin-Madison in the United States of America. Professor Ho joined City University of Hong Kong in 1990 and retired in 2013. During his 23 years of service at City University of Hong Kong, Professor Ho held various academic and senior administrative positions including Chair Professor of Finance, Head of Economics and Finance Department, Dean of the Business Faculty, Vice President, Provost, and Acting President. Professor Ho has also served as an independent non-executive director of Citibank (Hong Kong) Limited since 2007 and is a Justice of the Peace. He is also the awardee of the 2012 Hong Kong Fulbright Distinguished Scholar to US. Professor Ho has a rich record of public service including membership in Process Review Panel of the Securities & Futures Commission, Securities & Futures Appeals Tribunal, Standing Committee on Disciplined Services Salaries & Conditions of Service, University Grants Committee, and Energy Advisory Committee. Professor Ho was a member of the Board of Governors of Hong Kong Shue Yan University from January 2020 until August 2022.

何炘基教授,71歲,於2019年2月22日獲委任 為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦擔任本公司 提名委員會主席以及本公司審核委員會及薪 酬委員會成員。何教授持有美利堅合眾國夏 威夷大學農業經濟理學學士學位,及美利堅 合眾國威斯康星大學麥迪遜分校農業經濟理 學碩士學位及哲學博士學位。何教授於1990 年加入香港城市大學,於2013年退休。於香 港城市大學任職的23年內,何教授先後擔任 包括金融系講座教授、經濟及金融系系主任、 商學院院長、副校長、教務長及代理校長等多 個學術及高級行政職位。何教授自2007年起 擔任花旗銀行(香港)有限公司獨立非執行董 事。彼亦為太平紳士及2012年香港富布萊特 傑出學者獎的獲獎者。何教授擁有豐富的公 共服務記錄,包括擔任證券及期貨事務監察 委員會程序覆檢委員會、證券及期貨事務上 訴審裁處、紀律人員薪俸及服務條件常務委 員會、大學教育資助委員會及能源諮詢委員 會成員。自2020年1月至2022年8月,何教授 為香港樹仁大學之校董會成員。

Mr. Poon Kan Young, aged 66, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 22 February 2019. He also serves as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and as a member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Poon has over 40 years of experience as a quantity surveyor in Hong Kong. Mr. Poon became a partner of Langdon Every and Seah, a construction cost consultancy firm, in 1988, and after the merger of the firm with Arcadis, an international natural and built asset design and consultancy firm, Mr. Poon was responsible for the operations in Mainland China and Hong Kong. In July 2016, he became the chief executive at executive director level of Arcadis Asia and was responsible for all operations in Asia. After retiring from Arcadis in December 2016, Mr. Poon established his own consultancy firm, LESK Solutions Co. Limited, and has been the managing director since then. Mr. Poon holds a higher diploma in surveying (quantity surveying) from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University), a master of philosophy from The University of Hong Kong, and a postgraduate diploma in information technology from The University of Hong Kong School of Professional and Continuing Education. Mr. Poon is registered as a Registered Professional Surveyor in the Quantity Surveying Division with the Surveyors Registration Board of Hong Kong, and is a fellow of The Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors and The Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors.

潘根濃先生,66歲,於2019年2月22日獲委任 為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦擔任本公司 薪酬委員會主席以及審核委員會及提名委 員會成員。潘先生於香港擔任工料測量師擁 有逾40年經驗。潘先生於1988年成為工程造 價諮詢公司Langdon Every and Seah的合夥 人, Langdon Every and Seah併入Arcadis (一 家國際自然及建築資產設計及諮詢公司)後, 潘先生負責於中國內地及香港的業務營運, 並於2016年7月成為Arcadis Asia的行政總裁 (執行董事級別),負責亞洲全部業務營運。 潘先生於2016年12月自Arcadis退任後創立自 己的諮詢公司LESK Solutions Co. Limited並 擔任董事總經理至今。潘先生持有香港理工 學院(現稱香港理工大學)測量學(工料測量) 高級文憑、香港大學哲學碩士學位及香港大 學專業進修學院信息技術碩士文憑。潘先生 為香港測量師註冊管理局工料測量科註冊專 業測量師,以及香港測量師學會及英國皇家 特許測量師學會資深會員。

Mr. Yip Kai Yung, aged 71, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the Company on 22 February 2019. He also serves as the chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company and as a member of the Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Yip holds the general certificates of education examination at ordinary level and advanced level issued by the University of London and the general certificates of education at ordinary level and advanced level at Hong Kong issued by the Associated Examining Board. Mr. Yip is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow of The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Mr. Yip has over 30 years of experience in the financial audit industry in Hong Kong and Mainland China. He worked in a Certified Public Accountants firm in Hong Kong from August 1977 to November 1990, and joined Kwan Wong Tan & Fong, a Certified Public Accountants firm in Hong Kong, as a manager in the audit department in April 1992. Kwan Wong Tan & Fong merged with Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu in August 1997. Mr. Yip left Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as a partner in May 2011. From June 2011 to March 2013, Mr. Yip was a director of another Certified Public Accountants firm in Hong Kong. Mr. Yip established his own Certified Public Accountants firm as a sole proprietor in December 2012 and has been a consultant of such firm since January 2017.

葉啓容先生,71歲,於2019年2月22日獲委任 為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦擔任本公司 審核委員會主席以及本公司提名委員會及薪 酬委員會成員。葉先生持有倫敦大學頒發的 普通中等及高等教育會考證書,及聯合考試 委員會頒發的香港普通中等及高等教育證 書。葉先生為香港會計師公會會員及英格蘭 及威爾斯特許會計師公會資深會員。葉先生 於香港及中國內地的財務審計行業擁有逾30 年經驗。彼於1977年8月至1990年11月在一間 香港註冊會計師事務所工作,並於1992年4月 加入香港一間註冊會計師事務所關黃陳方擔 任審計部經理。於1997年8月關黃陳方與德勤 合併。葉先生作為合夥人於2011年5月離開德 勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行。自2011年6月至2013 年3月, 葉先生為另一間香港註冊會計師事 務所之董事。葉先生於2012年12月以獨資經 營者的身份成立自己的會計師事務所,並自 2017年1月起擔任該事務所的顧問。

Senior Management

Mr. Cheong Wai Ming, aged 53, has been the senior design manager of the Group since 2013. He is also a director of Million Hope Industries Limited. He is primarily responsible for leading the design and engineering teams to provide design and technical support for the Group's projects. Mr. Cheong first joined the Group in 2005 as an engineering manager, and held the position of design manager when he left the Group in 2009. During the period from 2009 to 2011, Mr. Cheong worked in an international curtain wall company as assistant design manager. Mr. Cheong rejoined the Group in 2011 as a design manager, and was primarily responsible for design works for the Group's projects. Before joining the Group in 2005, he also worked in a reputable window and curtain wall company in various roles (including design manager and design engineer). Mr. Cheong obtained a higher certificate in building studies from Hong Kong Technical College (now known as the Hong Kong Institute of Vocational Education) in June 1997.

Mr. Hung Chun Yu, aged 47, has been the senior project manager of the Group since October 2020. He is also a director of Million Hope Industries Limited. He joined the Group in 2013 and is responsible for overall coordination and management of assigned projects, including safety, progress, quality, cost and client relationship, and project team management. Mr. Hung worked in various aluminium window installation companies in project management during the period from 1998 to 2013. Mr. Hung obtained a certificate of engineering from Bellerbys College in United Kingdom in 1997.

高級管理層

張偉明先生,53歲,自2013年以來一直擔任本集團之高級設計經理。彼亦為美亨實業有限公司之董事。彼主要負責帶領設計及工程團隊為本集團項目提供設計及技術支援。張先生於2005年首次加入本集團,擔任工程理,彼於2009年離開本集團時任設計經理一職。自2009年至2011年期間,張先生就任於一間國際幕牆公司,擔任助理設計經理一於2011年,張先生重返本集團,擔任設計經理可,主要負責本集團項目的設計工作。於2005年加入本集團前,彼亦曾於知名窗戶及幕牆公司擔任不同職位(包括設計經理及設計年知入本集團前,彼亦曾於知名窗戶及幕溫公司擔任不同職位(包括設計經理及設計程師)。張先生於1997年6月取得香港工業學院(現稱為香港專業教育學院)建築學高級證書。

熊振宇先生,47歲,自2020年10月以來一直 擔任本集團之高級項目經理。彼亦為美亨實 業有限公司之董事。彼於2013年加入本集團 並主要負責指定項目的整體協調及管理,包 括安全、進度、質量、成本和客戶關係及項目 團隊管理。於1998年至2013年,熊先生曾就 任於多間鋁窗安裝公司擔任多個項目管理職 位。熊先生於1997年於英國貝勒比斯學院取 得工程學證書。

Mr. Jarn Siu Cheung, aged 49, has been the senior project manager of the Group since 2015. He is also a director of Million Hope Industries Limited. He is primarily responsible for overall coordination and management of assigned projects, including progress, quality, cost and client relationship, and project team management. Mr. Jarn first joined the Group in 2006, and was a project engineer with the Group from 2006 to 2007. After he left the Group in 2007, he had worked in aluminium window installation companies, and rejoined the Group in 2011 as project manager. Prior to joining the Group in 2006, Mr. Jarn worked in various construction companies in various roles (including project manager and site engineer) during the period from 1993 to 2006. Mr. Jarn obtained an associate diploma in architectural drafting from Holmesglen Institute of TAFE in Australia in June 1997, and a bachelor degree of civil engineering from Victoria University of Technology (now known as Victoria University) in Australia in April 2002.

Mr. Kwok Wing Fai, aged 42, has been the senior accounting manager of the Group since June 2018 and was appointed as the company secretary of the Company on 9 August 2018. He is also a director of Million Hope Industries Limited and Million Hope (Huizhou). He joined the Group in 2007 and is responsible for all account related, company secretarial and corporate finance matters of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Kwok worked in various Certified Public Accountants firms as an auditor during the period from 2004 to 2007. Mr. Kwok obtained a bachelor degree in accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 2004 and a master degree in accountancy from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in September 2017. He is a Fellow Chartered and Certified Accountant of ACCA and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountant.

湛邵祥先生,49歲,自2015年以來一直擔任 本集團之高級項目經理。彼亦為美亨實業有 限公司之董事。彼主要負責指定項目的整體 協調和管理,包括進度、質量、成本和客戶 關係以及項目團隊管理。湛先生於2006年首 次加入本集團,於2006年至2007年期間於本 集團擔任項目工程師。於2007年離開本集團 後,彼曾於鋁窗安裝公司工作。其後於2011 年再度加入本集團,擔任項目經理。於2006年 加入本集團前,自1993年至2006年,湛先生 就任於多間建築公司擔任多個不同職位(包 括項目經理及地盤工程師)。湛先生於1997年 6月取得澳洲霍姆斯格蘭技術與繼續教育學院 (Holmesglen Institute of TAFE) 建築繪圖 專科文憑及於2002年4月取得澳洲維多利亞 科技大學(Victoria University of Technology) (現稱維多利亞大學) 土木工程學士學位。

郭永輝先生,42歲,自2018年6月起擔任本集團之高級會計經理並於2018年8月9日獲委任為本公司公司秘書。彼亦為美亨實業有限公司及美興(惠州)之董事。彼於2007年加入本集團,負責本集團所有賬目相關事務、公司文秘及企業財務事宜。於加入本集團前,自2004年至2007年,郭先生曾就任於多家會計師事務所擔任核數師。郭先生於2004年11月取得香港理工大學會計學學士學位及於2017年9月取得香港中文大學會計學碩士學位。彼為英國特許公認會計師公會資深特許公認會計師及香港會計師公會會員。

Mr. Lai Chi Wan, aged 56, has been the senior manager (estimating) of the Group since July 2018. He is also a director of Million Hope Industries Limited and Million Hope (Huizhou). He is primarily responsible for budgeting, estimates preparation, cost control, tender procurement, contract administration and tender team management. Mr. Lai worked in various construction companies in various roles (including quantity surveying manager, assistant manager (estimating) during the period from 1987 to 2017. Mr. Lai obtained a bachelor degree in construction management and economics from Curtin University of Technology in 2002. He is a member of Chartered Institute of Building (MCIOB).

賴志運先生,56歲,自2018年7月起擔任本集團之高級經理(估價)。彼亦為美亨實業有限公司及美興(惠州)之董事。彼主要負責預算、編製估價、成本控制、招標、合約行政及招標團隊管理。於1987年至2017年,賴先生曾任職於多間建築公司,擔任多個職位(包括工料測量經理、助理經理(估價))。賴先生於2002年取得科廷科技大學之建築管理及經濟學學士學位。彼為英國特許建築學會會員(MCIOB)。

Mr. Huang Sheng Hui, aged 42, is the plant operations manager and a director of Million Hope (Huizhou). He is primarily responsible for the overall operation of the Group's fabrication plant in Huizhou, the PRC. Mr. Huang first joined the Group in 2009 as the deputy plant manager of Million Hope (Huizhou) and was promoted as the plant operations manager in 2012. Mr. Huang obtained a degree in management of construction project from Wuhan University of Technology in the PRC in July 2019.

黃盛輝先生,42歲,擔任美興(惠州)的廠務經理及董事,主要負責本集團於中國惠州製造廠的整體營運。黃先生於2009年首次加入本集團擔任美興(惠州)的副廠長並於2012年晉升為廠務經理。於2019年7月,黃先生於中國武漢理工大學獲得建築工程管理學位。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 March 2023, the interests of the directors and chief executive in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of Part XV of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

(i) Long position in the shares of the Company

董事於股份、相關股份及債權證之 權益與淡倉

於2023年3月31日,董事及最高行政人員於本公司之股份及相關股份中,擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第352條須存置之登記冊內,或根據上市規則附錄10所載之標準守則須另行知會本公司及聯交所之權益如下:

(i) 於本公司股份之好倉

Name 姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股 數目	Total number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股 總數	Approximate percentage of issued share capital (Note v) 佔已發行 股本概約百分比 (附註v)
Wong Sue Toa, Stewart 王世濤	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團之權益 Interest of spouse 配偶權益	16,313,054 1,708,389 <i>(Note i)</i> <i>(附註i)</i> 5,325,194 <i>(Note ii)</i>	23,346,637	5.59%
Cha Mou Daid, Johnson 查懋德	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Beneficiary of discretionary trusts 酌情信託之受益人	(附註ii) 3,585,400 215,823,617 (Note iii) (附註iii)	219,409,017	52.54%
Chuk Kin Lun 祝健麟	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Interest of spouse 配偶權益	2,133,600 318,432 (Note iv) (附註iv)	2,452,032	0.58%
Chung Sam Tin, Abraham 鍾心田	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	93,854	93,854	0.02%
Tai Sai Ho 戴世豪	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	8,590,288	8,590,288	2.05%
Lee Cheuk Hung 李卓雄	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	560,000	560,000	0.13%
Wong Kin 黃健	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	800	800	0.00019%
Ho Richard Yan Ki 何炘基	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	436,000	436,000	0.10%
Poon Kan Young 潘根濃	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	436,000	436,000	0.10%
Yip Kai Yung 葉啓容	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	436,000	436,000	0.10%

Notes:

- (i) Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart's corporate interests in the Company arise from the fact that he owns 50% of the share capital of Executive Plaza Limited, which holds 1,708,389 shares of the Company.
- (ii) These shares are held by Ms. Wong Lui Kwok Wai, the wife of Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart.
- (iii) These shares are held under certain but not identical discretionary trusts, of which Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson is among the members of the class of discretionary beneficiaries.
- (iv) These shares are held by Ms. Siu Lai Ping, the wife of Mr. Chuk Kin Lun.
- (v) The percentage is calculated based on the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 31 March 2023 (i.e. 417,601,630 shares).

(ii) Share options

Directors' interests in share options are set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" above.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, none of the directors and chief executive of the Company or their associates held any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of Part XV of the SFO.

ARRANGEMENTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" above, at no time during the year ended 31 March 2023 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits (including debentures) of the Company or any other body corporate and none of the directors or their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any rights to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights during the year ended 31 March 2023.

附註:

- (i) 王世濤先生在本公司之公司權益是透 過其擁有世濤投資有限公司50%股本 而持有,該公司持有本公司1,708,389 股股份。
- (ii) 該等股份由王世濤先生之妻子王雷國 慧女士持有。
- (iii) 該等股份由若干不同酌情信託所持有,查懋德先生為若干不同酌情信託 之酌情受益人組別其中之成員。
- (iv) 該等股份由祝健麟先生的妻子蕭麗冰 女士持有。
- (v) 百分比乃根據本公司於2023年3月31日 已發行股份總數(即417,601,630股股份)計算。

(ii) 購股權

董事於購股權之權益載於上文「購股權 計劃」一節。

除上文所披露者外,於2023年3月31日,本公司董事及最高行政人員或其聯繫人於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中,概無擁有根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所或記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第352條須存置之登記冊內之任何權益或淡倉。

購買股份或債權證之安排

除上文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,於截至2023年3月31日止年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無作為任何安排之訂約方,以令本公司董事取得本公司或任何其他公司之利益(包括債權證),而亦無董事或彼等之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女擁有可認購本公司證券之任何權利或於截至2023年3月31日止年度內曾行使任何該等權利。

INTERESTS OF SHAREHOLDERS DISCLOSEABLE UNDER THE SFO

So far as is known to the Company, as at 31 March 2023, in addition to those interests of the directors and chief executive of the Company as disclosed above, the interests of the shareholders in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO were as follows:

Long position in the shares of the Company

根據證券及期貨條例須予披露的股 東權益

據本公司所知,於2023年3月31日,除上文所披露董事及本公司最高行政人員之該等權益外,股東於本公司股份及相關股份中,擁有記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第336條須存置之登記冊之權益如下:

於本公司股份之好倉

Name 名稱/姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股 數目	Approximate percentage of issued share capital (Note vii) 佔已發行股本概約百分比
CCM Trust	Trustee 信託人 Interest of controlled corporations 受控法團之權益	195,104,050 <i>(Note i)</i> <i>(附註i)</i>	46.72%
Mingly 名力	Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團之權益	41,720,554 <i>(Note ii)</i> <i>(附註ii)</i>	9.99%
Mingly Asia Capital Limited ("Mingly Asia")	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	41,720,554	9.99%

Name 名稱/姓名	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares held 所持普通股 數目	Approximate percentage of issued share capital (Note vii) 佔已發行股本概約百分比
LBJ	Trustee 信託人 Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團之權益	27,131,828 <i>(Note iii)</i> <i>(附註iii)</i>	6.49%
David Michael Webb	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Interest of controlled corporation 受控法團之權益	26,350,399 <i>(Note iv)</i> <i>(附註iv)</i>	6.30%
Wong Lui Kwok Wai 王雷國慧	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Interest of controlled corporations 受控法團之權益 Interest of spouse 配偶權益	23,346,637 <i>(Note v)</i> <i>(附註v)</i>	5.59%
Cha Mou Sing, Payson (Deceased) 查懋聲 (已故)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人 Interest of controlled corporations 受控法團之權益	18,881,768 <i>(Note vi)</i> <i>(附註vi)</i>	4.52%

Notes:

- (i) These share interests comprise 153,383,496 shares directly held by CCM Trust and 41,720,554 shares held indirectly through a wholly-owned subsidiary of Mingly. CCM Trust is interested in 87.5% equity interest in Mingly. CCM Trust is holding the 153,383,496 shares as the trustee of certain but not identical discretionary trusts of which members of the Cha Family (comprising, inter alios, Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson, being the director of the Company) are among the discretionary objects. Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson is also a director of CCM Trust.
- (ii) These shares are held directly by Mingly Asia which is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Mingly. Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson is also a non-executive director of Mingly.
- (iii) These share interests comprise 24,409,172 shares directly held by LBJ and 2,722,656 shares held indirectly through Bie Ju Enterprises Limited, its wholly-owned subsidiary. LBJ is holding the 24,409,172 shares as the trustee of certain but not identical discretionary trusts of which members of the Cha Family (comprising, inter alios, Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson, being the director of the Company) are among the discretionary objects. Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson is also a director of LBJ.
- (iv) These share interests comprise 11,512,732 shares directly held by Mr. David Michael Webb and 14,837,667 shares held indirectly through Preferable Situation Assets Limited, which is a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of Mr. David Michael Webb.
- (v) Ms. Wong Lui Kwok Wai is the wife of Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart and is deemed under the SFO to be interested in 16,313,054 shares beneficially owned by her spouse. Ms. Wong is personally interested in 5,325,194 shares and owns 50% equity interest in Executive Plaza Limited which is holding 1,708,389 shares of the Company.

附註:

- (i) 此等股份權益包括由CCM Trust直接持有之 153,383,496股股份及透過名力之全資附屬 公司間接持有之41,720,554股股份。CCM Trust擁有名力87.5%之權益。CCM Trust 以信託人身份為若干不同酌情信託持有 153,383,496股股份,該等信託之酌情受益人 其中有查氏家族成員(當中包括本公司董事 查懋德先生)。查懋德先生亦為CCM Trust董 事。
- (ii) 該等股份由名力之直接全資附屬公司Mingly Asia直接持有。查懋德先生亦是名力之非執 行董事。
- (iii) 該等股份權益包括由LBJ直接持有之24,409,172股股份及透過其全資附屬公司Bie Ju Enterprises Limited間接持有之2,722,656 股股份。LBJ以信託人身份為若干不同酌情信託持有24,409,172股股份,該等信託之酌情受益人其中有查氏家族成員(當中包括本公司董事查懋德先生)。查懋德先生亦為LBJ之董事。
- (iv) 該等股份權益包括由David Michael Webb 先生直接持有之11,512,732股股份及透過 David Michael Webb先生之直接全資附屬 公司Preferable Situation Assets Limited間 接持有之14,837,667股股份。
- (v) 王雷國慧女士為王世濤先生之妻子,根據證券及期貨條例被視為於彼之配偶實益擁有之 16,313,054股股份中擁有權益。王女士個人 於5,325,194股股份中擁有權益,並擁有世濤 投資有限公司50%股權,該公司持有本公司 1,708,389股股份。

- (vi) These share interests comprise 10,615,168 shares beneficially owned by the late Mr. Cha Mou Sing, Payson and 5,675,800 shares and 2,590,800 shares held indirectly through Accomplished Investments Limited and Kola Heights Limited, respectively. These two companies are directly wholly-owned by the late Mr. Cha.
- (vii) The percentage is calculated based on the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 31 March 2023 (i.e. 417,601,630 shares).

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2023, the Company has not been notified by any persons (other than the directors and chief executive of the Company) who had any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

CONNECTED AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions as disclosed under paragraph (a) of note 36 to the consolidated financial statements constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules but are exempt from shareholders' approval and disclosure and other requirements under Chapter 14A.76 of the Listing Rules. Save for the aforesaid transactions, the other related party transactions shown in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements do not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 March 2023 and up to the date of this report, to the best knowledge of the directors, none of the directors and their respective close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) is considered to have any interests in the businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group as required to be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules.

- (vi) 該等股權包括已故查懋聲先生實益擁有 之10,615,168股股份以及透過分別透過 Accomplished Investments Limited及Kola Heights Limited間接持有之5,675,800股股份 及2,590,800股股份。該兩間公司均由已故查 先生直接全資擁有。
- (vii) 百分比乃根據本公司於2023年3月31日已發 行股份總數(即417,601,630股股份)計算。

除上文所披露者外,於2023年3月31日,本公司並不知悉任何人士(本公司董事及最高行政人員除外)於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉。

關連及關聯方交易

綜合財務報表附註36(a)段所披露之關聯方交易構成上市規則項下之關連交易或持續關連交易,惟根據上市規則第14A.76章獲豁免遵守股東之批准、披露及其他規定。除上述交易外,綜合財務報表附註36列示之其他關聯方交易並無構成上市規則項下的關連交易或持續關連交易。

董事於競爭業務中之權益

截至2023年3月31日止年度及直至本報告書 之日期,就董事所深知,概無董事及彼等各自 之緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)被視為於與 本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成 競爭,而根據上市規則須予披露之業務中擁 有任何權益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save for those set out in note 36 to the consolidated financial statements, no transactions, arrangements or contracts that are significant in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, its parent company or any subsidiary of its parent company was a party and in which a director of the Company or his connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year ended 31 March 2023.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION AND INSURANCE

The Company's articles of association provides that every director, auditor or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a director, auditor or other officer of the Company in defending any proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted. Such permitted indemnity provision is in force during the year ended 31 March 2023 and at the date of this annual report.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liabilities insurance coverage in respect of legal actions against its directors and senior management for the year ended 31 March 2023.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the share option scheme described above, the Group has not entered into any equity-linked agreements during the year ended 31 March 2023.

董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

除綜合財務報表附註36所載者外,本公司或 其任何附屬公司、其母公司或其母公司之任 何附屬公司概無訂立與本集團業務有關,且 本公司董事或其關連實體於其中直接或間接 擁有重大權益而於本年度完結之日或截至 2023年3月31日止年度內任何時間仍然生效 之重大交易、安排或合約。

獲准許彌償條文及保險

本公司之組織章程細則規定,本公司各董事、核數師或其他高級職員有權自本公司資產中就其作為本公司董事、核數師或其他高級職員在獲判勝訴或獲判無罪之任何訴訟中進行抗辯而產生或蒙受之一切損失或責任獲得彌償。於截至2023年3月31日止年度內及於本年報日期,有關獲准許彌償條文一直有效。

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本公司已就針對 其董事及高級管理層作出之法律行動安排適 當的董事及高級職員責任保險。

股票掛鈎協議

除上述購股權計劃外,本集團於截至2023年3 月31日止年度並無訂立任何股票掛鈎協議。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contract for undertaking the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the five largest customers of the Group accounted for about 85.5% of the revenue of the Group and the largest customer is an independent third party, accounted for about 26.0% of the revenue of the Group. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for about 30.4% of the total purchases of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors, their respective close associates, or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the directors own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) has any interest in the five largest customers and suppliers of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2023.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

The Group strictly complies with the requirements of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in making mandatory contributions for its staff. Details of charges relating to the retirement benefits schemes are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

管理合約

於年內,本公司並無訂立或存在任何有關本公司全部或其中任何主要部分業務之管理及 行政合約。

主要客戶及供應商

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本集團之五大客戶佔本集團收益約85.5%,而最大客戶為獨立第三方,佔本集團收益約26.0%。截至2023年3月31日止年度,來自本集團五大供應商之採購額佔本集團總採購額約30.4%。

除上文所披露者外,截至2023年3月31日止年度,概無董事、彼等各自之緊密聯繫人或任何股東(就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上)於本集團五大客戶及供應商中擁有任何權益。

退休福利計劃

本集團嚴格遵守強制性公積金計劃條例之規定,向其僱員作出強制性供款。有關退休福利計劃供款之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註35。

DISCLOSURE UNDER RULE 13.22 OF THE LISTING RULES

The financial assistance given to, committed capital injection to, and guarantees given for banking facilities granted to affiliated companies of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$172.4 million which represented approximately 26.2% of the total assets of the Company at 31 March 2023. Details of which are as follows:

根據上市規則第13.22條作出之披

向本公司聯屬公司提供之財務資助及承諾 向本公司聯屬公司作出之注資以及就授予 本公司聯屬公司之銀行融資提供之擔保約 172,400,000港元相當於本公司於2023年3月 31日之資產總值約26.2%。其詳情如下:

> **Total amount** of financial assistance given to, committed capital injection to and guarantees given for

Company's equity interest in affiliated company

affiliated company as at 31 March 2023 於2023年

facilities

granted to,

3月31日向聯屬 公司提供之財務 資助、向聯屬公司

作出之承諾注資

本公司 以及就授予 於聯屬公司之 聯屬公司之融資

提供之擔保總額 股權

HK\$'000 千港元

Wealth King Ventures Limited

("Wealth King") and its

subsidiaries

Name of affiliated company

聯屬公司名稱

Wealth King Ventures Limited (「Wealth King」) 及

其附屬公司

50%

172,400 (Note)

(附註)

172,400

Note:

The total capital commitment shall be contributed by the Group in proportion to its equity interest in the joint venture in respect of any funding need arising from any payment obligation of Wealth King concerned. 附註: 本集團就Wealth King相關之任何付款義 務產生之任何資金需要按其於合營企業 之股權比例將予出資之資本承擔總額。

The financial information of these affiliated companies as at 31 March 2023 are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

該等聯屬公司於2023年3月31日之財務資料 載於綜合財務報表附註19。

DONATIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group made charitable and other donations amounting to HK\$9,500 (2022: HK\$10,000).

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of its directors, as at the date of this report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the number of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to re-appoint Messrs. Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as auditor of the Company.

On behalf of the Board

Wong Sue Toa, Stewart Chairman 20 June 2023

捐款

截至2023年3月31日止年度,本集團作出慈 善及其他捐款9,500港元(2022年:10,000港元)。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司所得之公開資料及就本公司董事 所知,於本報告書之日期,本公司已根據上市 規則規定維持不少於本公司已發行股份數目 25%之足夠公眾持股量。

股份優先認購權

本公司之組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無關於股份優先認購權之條文,規定本公司須按比例向現有股東發售新股份。

核數師

本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案,以續聘德勤·關黃陳方會計師行為本公司 核數師。

代表董事會

王世濤

主席 2023年6月20日

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

Deloitte

德勤

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MILLION HOPE INDUSTRIES HOLDINGS LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Million Hope Industries Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 159 to 301, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

致美亨實業控股有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計列載於第159至301頁美亨實業控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱為「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包括於2023年3月31日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2023年3月31日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為擬備。

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTER

Key audit matter is the matter that, in our professional judgment, was of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. The matter was addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on the matter.

意見基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》(「**香港審計準則**」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「**守則**」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計中最為重要的事項。該事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表 及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對該事 項提供單獨的意見。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTER (Continued)

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審核事項

Provision for rectification work and warranty provision 整改工程撥備及保修撥備

We identified the provision for rectification work and warranty provision as a key audit matter due to the significance of these provisions to the Group's consolidated financial statements as a whole and the involvement of significant management estimates in determining the cost of work to be incurred during the defect liability period and warranty period, mainly for a period of maximum of 3 years and a period of maximum of 15 years from the end of defect liability period, respectively.

鑒於整改工程撥備及保修撥備對 貴集團整體綜合財務報表實屬重要且於釐定在缺陷責任期及保修期(分別主要自缺陷責任期結束起計為期最多3年及為期最多15年)將予產生的施工成本涉及管理層重大估計,我們將該等撥備識別為關鍵審核事項。

Our procedures in relation to evaluating the appropriateness of provision for rectification work and warranty provision included:

我們就評估整改工程撥備及保修撥備之恰當性執 行的程序包括:

 Understanding management's process in identifying and estimating the provision for rectification work and warranty provision;

了解管理層識別及估計整改工程撥備及保修 撥備的流程;

 Evaluating the appropriateness of methodologies used by the management for identifying obligation with reference to the relevant correspondences and contracts with customers;

參考與客戶的相關函件及合約,評估管理層 確認責任所採用的方法之恰當性;

KEY AUDIT MATTER (Continued)

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審核事項

Provision for rectification work and warranty provision (Continued) 整改工程撥備及保修撥備 (續)

As detailed in notes 4 and 26 to the consolidated financial statements, management exercises considerable judgment in determining whether there is a present obligation as a result of a past event at the reporting date, whether it is more likely than not that such obligation would result in an outflow of resources and whether the amount of obligation could be reliably estimated. As at 31 March 2023, the Group recognised provision in respect of cost of works to be incurred during the defect liability period and warranty period amounting to HK\$33,392,000 and HK\$35,877,000, respectively, which are the best estimates of the Group's liabilities based on relevant correspondences and contracts with customers and estimated cost for work based on the management's prior experience with the consideration of the rectification work and warranty claim in the past.

誠如綜合財務報表附註4及26所詳述,管理層會行使重大判斷以釐定於報告日期的現有責任是否源於已發生的事件、該責任是否更可能造成資源外流及責任的金額能否可靠地估算。於2023年3月31日, 貴集團就於缺陷責任期及保修期將予產生的施工成本分別確認撥備33,392,000港元及35,877,000港元,其乃根據與客戶之相關函件及合約得出之 貴集團負債之最佳估計,及根據管理層於整改工程代價及過往保修追索之過往經驗得出之估計施工成本。

Understanding management's estimation of provision for rectification work and warranty provision and the estimation basis, including the size of the project and the historical data for rectification work and warranty claim in the past, and evaluating the reasonableness of the cost estimates with regard to the Group's prior experience in addressing such matter; and

了解管理層對整改工程撥備及保修撥備之估計及估計基準,包括項目規模及過往整改工程及保修追索的歷史數據,並就 貴集團於處理成本估計事項之過往經驗評估相關事項之合理性;及

 Evaluating the historical accuracy of the provision for rectification work and warranty provision assessed by the management by comparing the actual expenditure to the historical provision for rectification work and warranty provision recognised.

> 透過對比實際支出及已確認之歷史整改工程 撥備及保修撥備,評估管理層過往所評估之 整改工程撥備及保修撥備的準確性。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括刊載於年報內的信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們就此發出的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披 露要求擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並 對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由 於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的 內部控制負責。

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承 擔的責任*續*

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

治理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 青任

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳取得合理保證,並按照我們商定的業務約核數與東出具包括我們商定的開發,我們的報告不可用作可用任何可以不可以不可,但不能保證是高水平的審計之一,但不能保證與可能發現。錯誤陳述可以由其對於不可,與引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總大學,如果合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險, 設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險, 以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為 我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕 於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐 而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能 發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風 險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足,則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃的 審計範圍、時間安排及重大審計發現等,包括 我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺 陷。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine the matter that was of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and is therefore the key audit matter. We describe the matter in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Wong Lam Ching.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu *Certified Public Accountants*Hong Kong
20 June 2023

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任*(續)*

我們還向治理層提交聲明,說明我們已符合 有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們 溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性 的所有關係及其他事項,以及(如適用)為消 除威脅所採取的行動或所應用相關的防範措 施。

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定對本期 綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項,因而 構成關鍵審核事項。我們在核數師報告中描 述該事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露該 事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期 在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超 過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中 溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 黃琳箐。

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行 *執業會計師* 香港 2023年6月20日

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合損益及其他全面收益表 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

截至2023年3月31日止年度

			2023	2022
			2023年	2022年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	5	607,198	717,652
Cost of sales	銷售成本	3	(569,351)	(663,092)
			, , ,	
Gross profit	毛利		37,847	54,560
Other income	其他收入	7	7,490	7,124
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	8	(344)	2,452
Impairment loss under expected	預期信貸虧損模式項下之			<i>(</i> =)
credit loss model, net	減值虧損淨額	9	(1,242)	(714)
Loss on change in fair value of investment properties	投資物業之公平值變動虧損		(600)	_
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(28,202)	(32,752)
Share of loss of a joint venture	分佔合營企業虧損		(73)	(32,732)
Finance costs	財務費用	10		
Finance costs	別份貝用	10	(2,215)	(1,753)
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利	11	12,661	28,895
Taxation	稅項	13	(555)	(4,270)
Profit for the year	年度溢利		12,106	24,625
Other comprehensive (expense)	其他全面 (開支) 收入:			
income:	X10 Z M (1/1) X/ (1/1)			
Item that may be subsequently	其後可能重新分類至			
reclassified to profit or loss:	損益的項目:			
Exchange differences on	換算海外業務的匯兌			
translation of foreign	差額			
operations	- H/\		(6,251)	2,639
Total comprehensive income	年度全面收入總額			
for the year			5,855	27,264
Earnings per share	每股盈利			
basic (HK\$)	基本(港元)	15	0.03	0.06
basic (Filty)	公平 (だん)	13	0.03	0.00
diluted (HK\$)	攤薄(港元)	15	0.03	0.06
### = = = -				

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

AT 31 MARCH 2023 於2023年3月31日

			2023	2022
			2023年	2022年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investment properties	投資物業	16	29,800	30,400
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	116,011	124,228
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	18	4,961	5,292
Interest in a joint venture	於合營企業的權益	19	6,714	6,938
Loan to a joint venture	向合營企業作出之貸款	20	72,715	65,840
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	28	1,724	1,064
			231,925	233,762
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	21	61,290	76,665
Debtors, deposits and	應收款項、按金及			
prepayments	預付款項	22	155,564	137,311
Contract assets	合約資產	23	132,865	134,664
Tax recoverables	應收稅項		_	85
Amount due from a joint	應收合營企業款項			
venture		20	-	75
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	24	77,564	86,563
			427,283	435,363
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	25	50,442	50,408
Provisions	撥備	26	15,751	10,793
Contract liabilities	合約負債	23	21	877
Tax payable	應付稅項		6,940	8,063
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	27	184	100
Deferred income	遞延收入		57	50
			73,395	70,291
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		353,888	365,072
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		585,813	598,834

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

AT 31 MARCH 2023 於2023年3月31日

			2023	2022
			2023年	2022年
		NOTES	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Provisions	授備	26	53,518	59,378
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	27	167	-
Deferred income	遞延收入	_,	84	123
			53,769	59,501
			532,044	539,333
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	29	41,760	41,869
Reserves	儲備		490,284	497,464
			532,044	539,333

The consolidated financial statements on pages 159 to 301 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 20 June 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

第159至301頁所列之綜合財務報表,經董事 會於2023年6月20日核准及授權發佈,並由下 列董事代表簽署:

WONG SUE TOA, STEWART 王世濤 DIRECTOR 董事 LEE CHEUK HUNG 李卓雄 DIRECTOR 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

		1 = - 276.77 360.18							
		Share capital	Contributed surplus	Share-based compensation 以股份為	Treasury shares reserve	Other reserves	Exchange reserve	Accumulated profits	Total
		股本 HK \$ ′000 千港元	繳入盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	基礎的補償 HK\$'000 千港元	庫存股份儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note i) (附註i)	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note ii) (附註ii)	匯兌儲備 HK \$ ′000 千港元	累計溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2021	於2021年4月1日	44,266	6,144	2,268	(5,021)	303,263	236	194,710	545,866
Profit for the year Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	年度溢利 換算海外業務的匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	-	- 2,639	24,625	24,625 2,639
Total comprehensive income for the year	r年度全面收入總額	-	-	-	-	-	2,639	24,625	27,264
Dividends paid (note 14) Repurchase of shares Cancellation of shares Transaction costs attributable to	已付股息(附註14) 購回股份 註銷股份 購回及註銷股份應佔的交易成	- (2,663)	- - -	- - -	– (17,464) 22,599	(17,762) - (19,936)	- - -	-	(17,762) (17,464) -
repurchase and cancellation of share: Issue of shares upon exercise of share options Share options lapsed		- 266 -	- 1,756 -	- (454) (738)	(139) - -	- - -	- - -	- - 738	(139) 1,568 –
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	41,869	7,900	1,076	(25)	265,565	2,875	220,073	539,333
Profit for the year Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	年度溢利 換算海外業務的匯兌差額	- -	-	-	-	-	- (6,251)	12,106	12,106 (6,251)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	年度全面 (開支) 收入總額	-	-	-	-	-	(6,251)	12,106	5,855
Dividends paid (note 14) Repurchase of shares Cancellation of shares Transaction costs attributable to	已付股息(附註14) 購回股份 註銷股份 購回及註銷股份應佔的交易成	- (109)	- - -	-	- (997) 485	(12,139) - (376)	-	- - -	(12,139) (997) -
repurchase and cancellation of share: Share options lapsed		-	- -	_ (55)	(8)	- -	-	- 55	(8)
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日	41,760	7,900	1,021	(545)	253,050	(3,376)	232,234	532,044

Notes:

- The treasury shares reserve represents the share repurchased but not yet cancelled.
- (ii) Other reserves represent capital contribution from immediate holding company of the Company during the year ended 31 March 2019 of HK\$318,643,000 and the difference between the Group's investment cost of HK\$3,385,000 in Million Hope Industries Limited ("Million Hope Industries (HK)"), a subsidiary of the Company, and the entire share capital of HK\$11,000,000 Million Hope Industries (HK) arising from the group reorganisation, net of dividend paid and premium paid for repurchase of shares.

附註:

- (i) 庫存股份儲備指已購回但尚未註銷的股份。
- (ii) 其他儲備指截至2019年3月31日止年度來 自本公司直接控股公司的注資318,643,000 港元以及本集團於本公司附屬公司美亨實 業有限公司(「美亨實業(香港)」)之投資成 本3,385,000港元及集團重組產生之美亨實 業(香港)之全部股本11,000,000港元之間 的差額(扣除購回股份的已付股息及已付溢 價)。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	አ አ ን ፡		
Operating activities	營運業務	42.664	20.005
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利	12,661	28,895
Adjustments for:	調整:	(4.222)	(4.554)
Interest income	利息收入	(1,238)	(1,664)
Interest expense	利息支出	2,215	1,753
Share of loss of a joint venture	分佔合營企業虧損	73	22
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備以及		
plant and equipment and	使用權資產之折舊		
right-of-use assets		5,842	6,175
Net provisions recognised	已確認撥備淨額	15,522	17,154
Loss on change in fair value of	投資物業之公平值變動之虧損		
investment properties		600	_
Impairment loss under expected	預期信貸虧損模式項下之		
credit loss model, net	減值虧損淨額	1,242	714
Government grants recognised in	於損益中確認的政府補助		
profit or loss		(65)	(44)
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之營運現金流		
movements in working capital		36,852	53,005
Decrease (increase) in inventories	存貨減少(增加)	14,924	(32,000)
(Increase) decrease in debtors,	應收款項、按金及		
deposits and prepayments	預付款項(增加)減少	(21,247)	13,396
Decrease (increase) in contract	合約資產/負債減少(增加)		
assets/liabilities		800	(55,453)
Increase (decrease) in trade and	應付賬款及其他應付款項		
other payables	增加(減少)	4,500	(1,840)
Utilisation of provisions	撥備動用	(18,577)	(14,581)
Cash generated from (used in)	產生自(用於)營運業務之現金		
operating activities	_ / / _ > \	17,252	(37,473)
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	已付香港利得稅	(2,253)	(5,615)
Interest paid	已付利息	(62)	(15)
Net cash from (used in) operating	來自(用於)營運業務之現金淨額		
activities		14,937	(43,103)
		,	(13,133)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表 FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Investing activities	投資業務		
Interest received	已收利息	529	1,656
Purchase of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備		.,050
equipment		(462)	(1,399)
Advance to a joint venture	向合營企業墊款	(27)	(75)
Repayment from a joint venture	合營企業還款	102	_
Loan to a joint venture	向合營企業作出之貸款	(6,025)	(72,800)
Government grants received	已收政府補助	33	73
	C (X-X/I) IIII-X		
Net cash used in investing activities	用於投資業務之現金淨額	(5,850)	(72,545)
	=1 -77 VW 75		
Financing activities	融資業務	40.000	
New bank loans raised	新增銀行貸款	10,000	_
Repayment of bank loans	償還銀行貸款 四名 佐珊 四株 不発行 四 (2)	(10,000)	_
Proceeds from issue of shares upon	因行使購股權而發行股份		4.500
exercise of share options	所得款項	(42.420)	1,568
Dividends paid	已付股息	(12,139)	(17,762)
Payment on repurchase of	購回普通股之付款	(007)	(17.464)
ordinary shares	尚 是和传名 <i>佳</i>	(997)	(17,464)
Repayments of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(202)	(231)
Transaction cost attributable to	購回及註銷股份應佔的		
repurchase and cancellation of shares	交易成本	(8)	(139)
Sildies		(8)	(139)
Net cash used in financing activities	用於融資業務之現金淨額	(13,346)	(34,028)
Net decrease in cash and cash	現金及現金等值減少淨額	4	
equivalents		(4,259)	(149,676)
Cash and cash equivalents at the	年初現金及現金等值		
beginning of the year		86,563	236,019
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外幣匯率變動之影響	(4,740)	220
		(1,1.10)	
Cosh and each aguirelants at the	年级理会基理会签估:		
Cash and cash equivalents at the	年終現金及現金等值, 指銀行結餘及現金		
end of the year, representing bank balances and cash	1日驱11加欧汉况立	77 564	96 563
Daidilles alla Casil		77,564	86,563

綜合財務報表附註

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

1. GENERAL

Million Hope Industries Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated and registered in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Act, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. Its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section of the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$") which is the functional currency of the Company.

The Company is an investment holding company and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls.

1. 一般資料

美亨實業控股有限公司(「本公司」)為一家根據開曼群島法例第22章公司法(1961年第3號法例,經綜合及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立的獲豁免有限公司。其股份在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地址均於年報的公司資料一節披露。

綜合財務報表以港元(「**港元**」)呈列,港 元乃本公司之功能貨幣。

本公司乃一家投資控股公司,其附屬公司主要從事設計、供應與安裝鋁窗及幕 牆。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

Amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") have applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group's annual period beginning on 1 April 2022 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to Reference to the Conceptual HKFRS 3 Framework Amendments to Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended HKAS 16 Use Amendments to Onerous Contracts -HKAS 37 Cost of Fulfilling a Contract Amendments to Annual Improvements to **HKFRSs** HKFRSs 2018-2020

The application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)

於本年度強制生效的經修訂香港 財務報告準則

於本年度,本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)首次應用下列由香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈並於2022 年4月1日開始之年度期間強制生效之下 列經修訂香港財務報告準則以編製綜合 財務報表:

香港財務報告準對概念架構的提述則第3號修訂本香港會計準則第物業、廠房及設備一16號修訂本作擬定用途前的所得款項香港會計準則第虧損合約一履行37號修訂本合約的成本香港財務報告等別

香港財務報告準 香港財務報告準則 則修訂本 2018年至2020年 的年度改進

於本年度應用經修訂香港財務報告準則 對本集團本年度及過往年度財務狀況及 表現以及/或載於該等綜合財務報表之 披露並無重大影響。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not vet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts¹ (including the October 2020 and February 2022 Amendments to HKFRS 17)

Amendments to Sale or Contribution of Assets HKFRS 10 and between an Investor and its HKAS 28 Associate or Joint Venture²

Amendments to Lease Liability in a Sale and HKFRS 16 Leaseback³ Amendments to Classification of Liabilities as HKAS 1 Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong

Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)3 Amendments to Non-current Liabilities with HKAS 1 Covenants³ Amendments to Disclosure of Accounting Policies¹ HKAS 1 and

HKFRS Practice Statement 2

HKAS 12

Amendments to **Definition of Accounting** HKAS 8 Estimates1 Amendments to Deferred Tax related to Assets

Single Transaction¹

and Liabilities arising from a

2. 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂香港財 務報告準則及其修訂

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但尚未 生效的新訂香港財務報告準則及其修 訂:

香港財務報告準則 保險合約1 第17號(包括 2020年10月及 2022年2月的 香港財務報告準 則第17號修訂本)

香港財務報告準 投資者與其聯營公 則第10號及 司或合營企業之 香港會計準則 間之資產出售或 投入² 第28號修訂本

香港財務報告準則 售後租回的租賃負 債3

第16號修訂本

負債分類為流動或 香港會計準則 第1號修訂本 非流動以及香港 詮釋第5號(2020

年)的相關修訂3

香港會計準則 附帶契諾的非流動 第1號修訂本 負債3

會計政策的披露1 香港會計準則 第1號及香港財務

報告準則實務說 明第2號修訂本

香港會計準則 會計估算的定義1

第8號修訂本

香港會計準則 來自單一交易有關 第12號修訂本 資產及負債的遞

延稅項1

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024

Except for the amendments to HKFRSs mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"

HKAS 1 is amended to replace all instances of the term "significant accounting policies" with "material accounting policy information". Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

2. 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂香港財 務報告準則及其修訂 (續)

- 1 於2023年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效
- ² 於待定日期或之後開始的年度期間生 效
- 3 於2024年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間生效

除下文所述之經修訂香港財務報告準則 外,本公司董事預期所有其他新訂及及 經修訂之香港財務報告準則將不會於可 見將來對綜合財務報表構成重大影響。

香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告 準則實務說明第2號的修訂「會計政策 的披露」

香港會計準則第1號經修訂,以「重大會計政策資料」取代所有「主要會計政策」一詞。倘會計政策資料與主體財務報表中包含的其他資訊一併考慮時,可以合理預期會影響通用財務報表的主要用戶根據該等財務報表所作出的決定,則該等會計政策資料屬重大的。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies" (Continued)

The amendments also clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material. If an entity chooses to disclose immaterial accounting policy information, such information must not obscure material accounting policy information.

HKFRS Practice Statement 2 "Making Materiality Judgements" (the "Practice Statement") is also amended to illustrate how an entity applies the "four-step materiality process" to accounting policy disclosures and to judge whether information about an accounting policy is material to its financial statements. Guidance and examples are added to the Practice Statement.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group but may affect the disclosures of the Group's significant accounting policies. The impacts of application, if any, will be disclosed in the Group's future consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂香港財 務報告準則及其修訂 (續)

香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告 準則實務說明第2號的修訂「會計政策 的披露」(續)

該等修訂亦澄清會計政策資料可能因關 聯交易、其他事件或狀況的性質而屬重 大,即使其金額並不重大。然而,並非所 有與重大交易、其他事件或狀況相關的 會計政策資料本身屬重大的。倘實體選 擇披露非重大會計政策資料,則有關資 料不得掩蓋重大會計政策資料。

香港財務報告準則實務說明第2號作出重大性判斷(「實務說明」)亦已予修訂,以說明實體如何將「四步重大性程序」採納於會計政策披露,並判斷有關會計政策的資料對其財務報表而言是否屬重大。實務說明已增加指引及實例。

採納該等修訂預期不會對本集團的財務 狀況或表現產生重大影響,惟可能會影 響本集團主要會計政策的披露。應該的 影響(如有)會披露於本集團之未來綜合 財務報表。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"

The amendments define accounting estimates as "monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". An accounting policy may require items in financial statements to be measured in a way that involves measurement uncertainty – that is, the accounting policy may require such items to be measured at monetary amounts that cannot be observed directly and must instead be estimated. In such a case, an entity develops an accounting estimate to achieve the objective set out by the accounting policy. Developing accounting estimates involves the use of judgments or assumptions based on the latest available, reliable information.

In addition, the concept of changes in accounting estimates in HKAS 8 is retained with additional clarifications.

The application of the amendments is not expected to have significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

2. 應用經修訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」) (續)

> 已頒佈但尚未生效的新訂香港財 務報告準則及其修訂*續*)

香港會計準則第8號的修訂「會計估算 的定義」

該修訂定義會計估計為「存在計量不明 朗因素的財務報表之貨幣金額」。會計 政策可能規定對計量不明朗因素的財務 報表的項目進行計量一即會計政策可能 規定將按貨幣金額計量的有關項目不可直接觀察而須予以估計。於此情況下,一間實體應編製會計估計,旨在達到會計政策載列的目標。編製會計估計包括 根據最新可得可靠的資料作出的判斷或 假設用途。

此外,香港會計準則第8號的會計估計 變更的概念予以保留,惟有進一步澄 清。

應用該等修訂預期不會對本集團的綜合 財務報表造成重大影響。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策

3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

3.1 綜合財務報表之編製基準

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則編製。就編製綜合財務報表而言,倘資料可合理預期會影響主要使用者作出的決定,則有關資料視為重大。此外,綜合財務報表包括聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港公司條例所要求的適當披露。

The directors of the Company have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

於批准綜合財務報表時,本公司董事已合理預期本集團具有充足資源於可預見將來繼續經營。因此,彼等繼續採納持續經營會計基準編製綜合財務報表。

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the investment properties that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below. 如下文所載會計政策所闡述,除於 各報告期末按公平值計量之投資 物業外,綜合財務報表乃按歷史成 本法編製。

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. 歷史成本一般根據提供貨物及服 務所得代價的公平值而釐定。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Sharebased Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.1 綜合財務報表之編製基準(續)

公平值為於計量日期市場參與者 之間於有序交易中出售資產所收 取或轉讓負債所支付的價格,而不 論該價格是否直接觀察所得或使 用其他估值方法估計得出。於估計 一項資產或負債的公平值時,本集 團會考慮市場參與者於計量日期 對該資產或負債定價時會考慮的 特點。於綜合財務報表中用作計量 及/或披露的公平值乃按此基準 釐定,惟香港財務報告準則第2號 「以股份支付」範圍內的以股份支 付的付款交易、根據香港財務報告 準則第16號「租賃」入賬的租賃交 易,以及與公平值存在若干相似之 處但並非公平值的計量(如香港會 計準則第2號「存貨」中的可變現淨 值或香港會計準則第36號「資產減 值」中的使用價值)除外。

非財務資產公平值之計量則參考 市場參與者可從使用該資產得到 之最高及最佳效用,或將該資產售 予另一可從使用該資產得到最高 及最佳效用之市場參與者所產生 之經濟效益。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (Continued)

3.1 綜合財務報表之編製基準(續)

For investment properties which are transacted at fair value and a valuation technique that unobservable inputs is to be used to measure fair value in subsequent periods, the valuation technique is calibrated so that at initial recognition the results of the valuation technique equals the transaction price.

就按公平值交易的投資物業及於 隨後期間使用不可觀察輸入數據 計量公平值的估值方法而言,估值 方法應予校準,以使估值方法於初 步確認時的結果相等於交易價格。

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量根據公平值計量的輸入數據的可觀察性及公平值計量的輸入數據對其整體的重要性分類為第一級、第二級或第三級,詳情如下:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- 第一級輸入數據為實體於計量日期可於活躍市場取得的相同資產或負債的報價(未經調整);
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level
 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- 第二級輸入數據為就資產或 負債直接或間接可觀察得到 的輸入數據(第一級內包括的 報價除外);及
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- 第三級輸入數據為資產或負債的不可觀察輸入數據。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策

綜合基準

本綜合財務報表內包括本公司以 及本公司及其附屬公司所控制的 實體的財務報表。本公司在下列情 況下取得控制權:

- 可對被投資方行使權力;
- 就來自參與被投資方的可變回報承受風險或享有權利;
- 可行使權力以影響其回報。

若有事實及情況顯示以上三項控制因素中有一項或多項出現變化, 本集團將重新評估其是否對被投資方擁有控制權。

一間附屬公司於本集團取得該附屬公司之控制權時開始綜合入賬,並於本集團失去該附屬公司之控制權時終止綜合入賬。具體而言,在年內所收購或出售的一家附屬公司的收入及支出,自本集團取得該附屬公司的控制權之日起直至本集團失去該附屬公司的控制權之日起計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Basis of consolidation (Continued)

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Interest in a joint venture

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

綜合基準(續)

如有需要,將對附屬公司的財務報 表作出調整,以使其會計政策與本 集團的會計政策一致。

所有與本集團成員公司間之交易 有關的集團內部資產、負債、權 益、收入、支出及現金流均於綜合 入賬時悉數撇銷。

於合營企業的權益

合營企業指一項合營安排,對安排 擁有共同控制權之訂約方據此對 合營安排之資產淨值擁有權利。共 同控制指按照合約協定對一項安 排所共有之控制,共同控制僅在有 關活動要求享有控制權之訂約方 作出一致同意之決定時存在。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策*(續)*

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Interest in a joint venture (Continued)

The results and assets and liabilities of joint venture are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of joint venture used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in a joint venture is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the joint venture. Changes in net assets of the joint venture other than profit or loss and other comprehensive income are not accounted for unless such changes resulted in changes in ownership interest held by the Group. When the Group's share of losses of a joint venture exceeds the Group's interest in that joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

於合營企業的權益(續)

合營企業之業績、資產及負債利 用權益會計法載入該等綜合財務 報表內。作會計權益法用途的合營 企業的財務報表乃按與本集團就 同類交易及同類情況下事項的統 一會計政策編製。根據權益法,於 合營企業的投資乃初步於綜合財 務狀況表按成本值確認,並於其後 作出調整以確認本集團應佔合營 企業的損益及其他全面收益。合營 企業資產淨值(損益及其他全面收 益除外) 之變動均不予入賬,除非 有關變動導致本集團所持所有權 權益出現變動。當本集團應佔一間 合營企業虧損超出本集團於該合 營企業的權益時(包括任何實際上 構成本集團於合營企業投資淨值 一部分的長期權益),本集團會終 止確認其應佔的進一步虧損。當本 集團產生法定或推定責任或代表 合營企業付款時,方會確認額外虧 損。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Interest in a joint venture (Continued)

An investment in a joint venture is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes a joint venture. On acquisition of the investment in a joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in a joint venture may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

於合營企業的權益(續)

於被投資方成為一家合營企業當日,對於合營企業的投資採用權益法入賬。於收購一間合營企業的投資時,投資成本超過本集團分佔該被投資方可識別資產及負債公平淨值的任何部分乃確認為商譽,並計入投資之賬面值。本集團應佔可識別資產及負債的公平淨值超出投資成本的任何差額,於重新評估後即時於投資被收購之期間於損益確認。

本集團評估是否有客觀證據表明於合營企業的權益可能出現減值。如存在任何客觀證據,則將投資的全部賬面值作為單一資產根據可能由實力。 被回金額(使用價值與公平值減對 售成本之較高者)與賬面值而測 售成本之較高者)與賬面值而測 售成本之較高者)與賬面值而測 有否減值。任何確認的減值虧損,屬 投資賬面值之一部份。倘其後投資的可收回金額增加,則根據香港會 計準則第36號確認該減值虧損的 撥回。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Interest in a joint venture (Continued)

When a group entity transacts with a joint venture of the Group, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the joint venture are recognised in the consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the joint venture that are not related to the Group.

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customers.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

於合營企業的權益(續)

倘集團實體與本集團合營企業進行交易,則與合營企業進行交易所產生之溢利及虧損乃按與本集團無關之於合營企業之權益於綜合財務報表內確認。

客戶合約收益

當(或於)履行履約義務時,即與 特定履約義務相關的貨品或服務的 「控制權」轉移予客戶時,本集團 確認收益。

履約責任指一項或一組明確的貨品或服務或基本相同的一系列明確負品或服務。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

客戶合約收益 (續)

倘符合下列其中一項標準,控制權 隨時間轉移,而收益會按一段時間 內已完成相關履約責任的進度進 行確認:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同時接 受及使用本集團履約所提供 的利益;
- 本集團的履約創造或增強一項於本集團履約時由客戶控制的資產;或
- 本集團的履約並無創造對本 集團而言具替代用途的資 產,且本集團對迄今完成的 履約付款具有可執行權利。

否則,收益於客戶獲得明確貨品或 服務的控制權時確認。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" ("HKFRS 9"). In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to the same contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

客戶合約收益 (續)

合約資產指本集團以本集團轉讓予客戶仍非無條件的貨品或服務換取代價的權利,乃根據香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」(「香港財務報告準則第9號」)評估減值。相反,應收賬款指本集團收取代價的無條件權利,即代價到期應付前僅需等待一段時間過去。

合約負債指本集團就已收客戶代價 (或到期代價款項)向客戶轉移貨 品或服務之義務。

與同一合約有關的合約資產及合 約負債按淨額基準入賬及呈列。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

Output method

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

客戶合約收益 (續)

按時間確認收入:計量完全達成履約責任的進度

產量法

完全覆行履約責任之進度乃根據 產量法計量,即透過直接計量迄今 已轉讓予客戶的貨品或服務價值, 相對合約下承諾提供的餘下貨品 或服務價值確認收益,該方法最能 反映本集團於轉讓貨品或服務控 制權方面的履約情況。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

Variable consideration

For contracts that contain variable consideration (variation order of construction contract), the Group estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled using either (a) the expected value method or (b) the most likely amount, depending on which method better predicts the amount of consideration to which the Group will be entitled.

The estimated amount of variable consideration is included in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that such an inclusion will not result in a significant revenue reversal in the future when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group updates the estimated transaction price (including updating its assessment of whether an estimate of variable consideration is constrained) to represent faithfully the circumstances present at the end of the reporting period and the changes in circumstances during the reporting period.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

客戶合約收益 (續)

可變代價

對於包含可變代價的合約(建築合約的可變訂單),本集團使用(a)預期價值法;或(b)最可能的金額估計其有權收取的代價金額,取決於何種方法可更好地預測本集團將有權收取的代價金額。

僅在當與可變代價有關的不確定 因素其後解決時,計入可變代價金 額不大可能導致日後收益出現大 幅撥回的情況下,估計可變代價金 額方會計入交易價。

於各報告期末,本集團會更新估計 交易價(包括更新其對可變代價估 計是否受限的評估),以真實反映 報告期末的情況及報告期內的情 況變動。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers *(Continued)*

Warranties

If a customer does not have the option to purchase a warranty separately, the Group accounts for the warranty in accordance with HKAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" unless the warranty provides the customer with a service in addition to the assurance that the product complies with agreed-upon specifications (i.e. service-type warranties).

The Group's accounting policy for recognition of warranty provision and provision for rectification work is described in the accounting policy for provisions below.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

客戶合約收益 (續)

保養

倘客戶沒有單獨購買保養的選項,本集團根據香港會計準則第37號「撥備、或然負債及或然資產」負責保養,除非該保養向客戶提供除確保產品遵守認可的規範(即服務性保養)以外的服務。

本集團確認保養撥備及整改工程 撥備之會計政策載列於下述撥備 會計政策中。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values, adjusted to exclude any prepaid or accrued operating lease income.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

投資物業

投資物業乃指用於賺取租金收入 及/或資本升值之物業。

投資物業最初按成本(包括任何直接應佔開支)計量。於初次確認後, 投資物業按公平值計量,經調整以 排除任何預付或應計經營租賃收 入。

因投資物業之公平值變動而產生 之收益或虧損計入該變動期間之 損益內。

投資物業於出售或當投資物業永 久地撤銷用途及預期有關出售不 會產生未來經濟利益時,方會終止 確認。因終止確認物業而產生之任 何收益或虧損(按出售該項資產之 所得款項淨額與其賬面值之差額 計算)於該項物業被終止確認之期 間計入損益內。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment tangible assets that are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purpose. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition. To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives using the straightline method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備為用於生產或提供貨物或服務,或作行政用途的而持有的有形資產。物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減其後累計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於綜合財務狀況表入賬。

當本集團就物業權益(包括租賃土 地及樓宇部分)付款時,全部代價 於初始確認時按相對公平值比例 在租賃土地與樓宇部分之間進行 分配。在相關款項可作可靠分配的 情況下,租賃土地權益於綜合財務 狀況表中呈列為「使用權資產」。當 代價無法在非租賃樓宇部分與相 關租賃土地的不可分割權益間可 靠分配時,整項物業通常分類為物 業、廠房及設備。

折舊乃以直線法按估計可使用年 期撇銷資產成本減其剩餘價值確 認。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及 折舊法於每個報告期末檢討,而任 何估計變動的影響按預期基準入 賬。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Leases

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application of HKFRS 16 or arising from business combinations, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售後或 當預期並不會因繼續使用資產而 產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。出 售或停止使用物業、廠房及設備項 目所產生的任何收益或虧損釐定 為出售所得款項與資產賬面金額 間的差額,並於損益確認。

租賃

租賃的定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予可在一 段時間內控制使用已識別資產的 權利,則該合約屬於或包含租賃。

就於首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號日期或之後訂立或修改或 因業務合併而產生的合約而言,本 集團根據香港財務報告準則第16 號的定義於初始或修改日期或收 購日期(倘適用)評估該合約是否屬 於或包含租賃。除非合約的條款及 條件其後出現變動,否則有關合約 將不會重新評估。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人

使用權資產

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初步計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出的任何租賃付款,減去任何已收租賃優惠;
- 本集團產生的任何初步直接 成本;及
- 本集團於拆解及移除相關資產、復原相關資產所在場地或復原相關資產至租賃的條款及條件所規定狀況而產生的成本估計。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產(續)

使用權資產按成本計量,減去任何 累計折舊及減值虧損,並就任何重 新計量租賃負債作出調整。

使用權資產按直線基準於其估計 可使用年期及租期(以較短者為準) 內折舊。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表中將使 用權資產列為獨立項目。

可退回租賃按金

已支付的可退回租賃按金按香港 財務報告準則第9號入賬,並初步 按公平值計量。於首次確認時對公 平值作出的調整被視為額外租賃 付款並計入使用權資產成本。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments are fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按該日未 付的租賃付款現值確認及計量租 賃負債。於計算租賃付款現值時, 倘租賃隱含的利率無法輕易釐定, 則本集團會採用租賃開始日期的 增量借款利率。

租賃付款為固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減任何應收租賃優惠。

在開始日期後,租賃負債通過利息增加及租賃付款進行調整。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表將租賃 負債呈列為單獨項目。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as lessor

Classification and measurement of leases

Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits received are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments from lessees.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人

租賃之分類及計量

本集團為出租人之租賃乃分類為 融資或經營租賃。當租賃條款將相 關資產擁有權附帶的絕大部分風 險及回報轉移至承租人時,該合約 乃分類為融資租賃。所有其他租賃 乃分類為經營租賃。

經營租賃之租金收入乃於有關租 賃期內以直線法在損益內確認。

可退回和賃按金

已收可退回租賃按金乃根據香港財務報告準則第9號入賬並初始按公平值計量。於初步確認時對公平值的調整被視為來自承租人的額外租賃款項。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產之減值虧損

於報告期末,本集團審閱其物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產之賬面值,以決定是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產蒙受減值虧損。如有任何該等跡象存在,需要估計相關資產之可收回金額,以確定減值虧損(如有)之程度。

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產 之可收回金額乃單一估計,倘不能 估計單一可收回金額,則本集團將 估計資產所屬現金產生單位之可 收回金額。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產之減值虧損*(續)*

對現金產生單位進行減值測試時, 於可確定合理及一貫分配基準的 情況下,企業資產會被分配到相關 現金產生單位,否則將被分配到可 確定合理及一貫分配基準的最小 的現金產生單位中。就該項公司資 產所屬現金產生單位或現金產生 單位組別確定可收回金額,將可收 回金額與相關現金產生單位或現 金產生單位組別的賬面值比較。

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本 及使用價值之較高者。評估使用價 值時,估計未來現金流乃使用稅前 貼現率折現至其現值,該貼現率反 映目前市場對資金時間值之評估 以及估計未來現金流量未經調整 之資產(或現金產生單位)之獨有風 險。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cashgenerating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated to the assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產之減值虧損*(續)*

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)的 可收回金額低於其賬面值,則資產 (或現金產生單位)的賬面值調低 至其可收回金額。就未能按合理一 貫的基準分配至現金產生單位的 企業資產或部分企業資產,本集團 會比較一個組別的現金產生單位 賬面值(包括已分配至該組現金產 生單位的企業資產或部分企業資 產的賬面值) 與該組現金產生單位 的可收回金額。於分配減值虧損 時,減值虧損基於單位內各項資產 賬面值按比例分配至資產或現金 產生單位組別。資產的賬面值不會 減至低於其公平值減出售成本(倘 可計量)、其使用價值(倘可釐定) 及零的較高者。否則,原應分配至 資產的減值虧損金額將按比例分 配或現金產生單位組別至單位內 其他的資產。減值虧損即時於損益 確認。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are calculated using the first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產之減值虧損*(續)*

若其後將減值虧損撥回,資產(或現金產生單位或現金產生單位超別)之賬面值將增至經修訂估計可收回金額,惟因此而增加之賬面值不可超過假設過往年度並無就該資產(或現金產生單位或現金產生單位組別)確認減值虧損而原應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回即時於損益確認。

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較低者列賬。存貨成本以先進先出法計算。可變現淨值指存貨之估計售價減所有估計完工成本及銷售所需成本。進行銷售的必要成本包括銷售直接應佔的增量成本及為進行銷售本集團須產生的非增量成本。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade debtors arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具

當一家集團實體參與訂立有關工 具的合約條款,財務資產及財務負 債會予以確認。所有以正規途徑買 賣之財務資產乃按交易日期基準 確認及取消確認。正規途徑買賣乃 要求於市場法規或慣例所確定之 時間框架內交付資產之財務資產 買賣。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fee and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measured of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

實際利率法是計算財務資產或財務負債攤銷成本以及在相關期間內分配利息收入及利息支出的一種方法。實際利率是指將財務負債在預計年期或更短財務負債在預計年期或更短期間內(如適當)的估計未來現金收款及付款額(包括支付或收取的構成實際利率組成部分的所有費用和貼息、交易費用以及其他溢價或販面淨值所使用的利率。

財務資產

財務資產之分類及後續計量

符合下列條件的財務資產其後按 攤銷成本計量:

- 目的為收回合約現金流量之業務模式下持有之財務資產;及
- 財務資產之合約條款令於特定日期產生之現金流量純粹為支付本金及未償還本金額之利息。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measured of financial assets (Continued)

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows;
 and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之分類及後續計量(續)

符合下列條件的財務資產其後以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益(「以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全計入其他全面收益」):

- 目的為同時出售及收回合約 現金流量之業務模式下持有 之財務資產;及
- 合約條款令於特定日期產生 之現金流量純粹為支付本金 及未償還本金額之利息。

所有其他財務資產其後按以公平 值計量且其變動計入損益計量。

此外,本集團可不可撤回地將一項 須按攤銷成本或以公平值計量且 其變動計入其他全面收益計量的 財務資產指定為以公平值計量且 其變動計入損益計量,前提為有關 指定可消除或大幅減少會計錯配。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

攤銷成本及利息收入

利息收入按其後按攤銷成本計量的財務資產使用實際利率法確總。利息收入按對財務資產賬面總在應用實際利率計算,惟其後發無力數資產條外(請與對於後續發生信貸減值等文)。對於後續發生信貸減值針務資產,應在下一報告期實際資產的攤餘成本應用實際資產的難餘不再發生信貸減過,在確定該資產不再發生信貸減減產不確定該資產不再發生信貸減減產,在確定該資產不再發生信貸減減產,在確定報告期初,應到該財務資產不再發生信資減減產,在確定報告期初,應到該財務資產不再發生信

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including loan to a joint venture, trade debtors, deposits, other receivables, amount due from a joint venture and bank balances) and other items (contract assets and loan commitment) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade debtors and contract assets.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目

本集團根據預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)模式對須根據香港財務報告準則第9號進行減值評估的財務資產(包括向合營企業作出之貸款、應收賬款、按金、其他應以款項、應收合營企業款項及銀行結餘)及其他項目(合約資產及貸款承擔)進行減值評估。預期信貸虧損金額於各報告日期作出更新,以反映信貸風險自初步確認以來的變動。

整個存續期的預期信貸虧損指於相關工具的預計存續期內的所有可能違約事件產生的預期信貸虧損、相反,12個月預期信貸虧損」)指額的違約事件產生的部分整個持額,指發生的違約事件產生的部分整個存數的預期信貸虧損經驗作出,並就債務人特定因素、整體經濟環境以及未來狀況預測而作出調整。

本集團一直就應收賬款及合約資 產確認整個存續期預期信貸虧損。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目*(續)*

至於所有其他工具,本集團計量相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備,除非自初步確認以來信貸風險大幅上升,則本集團會確認整個存續期的預期信貸虧損。是否應確認整個存續期的預期信貸虧損乃根據自初步確認以來出現違約的可能性或風險是否大幅上升進行評估。

(i) 信貸風險顯著上升

評估信貸風險自初步確認以來是否顯著上升時,本集田 會比較財務工具於報告日期 發生違約的風險與財務的 所述。 作出評估時,本集團 人定性資料,包括過行 人 及定性資料,包括過行即可 獲取的前瞻性資料。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目(續)

(i) 信貸風險顯著上升(續)

具體而言,評估信貸風險是 否顯著上升時會考慮以下資 料:

- 財務工具外部(如有)或 內部信貸評級的實際或 預期顯著惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標顯著惡化,例如債務人的信貸息差、信用違約掉期價格大幅增加;
- 商業、金融或經濟情況 目前或預期有不利變動,預計將導致債務人 償還債項的能力顯著下降;

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

- (i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)
 - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
 - an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目(續)

- (i) 信貸風險顯著上升(續)
 - 債務人經營業績實際或 預期顯著惡化;及
 - 債務人的監管、經濟或 技術環境有實際或預計 的重大不利變動,導致 債務人償還債項的能力 顯著下降。

無論上述評估結果如何,本 集團假定合約付款逾期超過 30日時,信貸風險自初步確 認以來已大幅增加,除非本 集團有合理及可靠資料證明 並非如此則當別論。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

For loan commitment, the date that the Group becomes party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of a loan commitment, the Group considered changes in the risk of a default occurring on the loan to which a loan commitment relates.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目(續)

(i) 信貸風險顯著上升(續)

就貸款承擔而言,在評估減值時,本集團成為不可撤銷承擔一方的日期被視為初始確認日期。在評估自初始確認貸款承擔以來信貸風險是否顯著增加時,本集團考慮與貸款承擔相關的貸款發生違約風險的變化。

本集團定期監察識別信貸風 險是否顯著增加所用標準的 有效性,並適當修訂以確保 該標準能夠在款項逾期前識 別信貸風險的顯著增加。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目(續)

(ii) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言, 本集團認為當內部生成或從 外部來源所得資料顯示,債 務人不大可能向其債權人(包 括本集團)支付全數款項(並 無計及本集團所持的任何抵 押品)時,則出現違約事件。

無論上述如何,倘財務資產逾期超過90日,則本集團認為違約已發生,除非本集團擁有合理及可靠的資料證明較寬鬆的違約標準更為適用,則另當別論。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

 significant financial difficulty of the issuer of the borrower;

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目(續)

(iii) 信貸減值財務資產

當發生對財務資產的估計未來現金流量產生不利影響的一起或多起事件之時,該財務資產即出現信貸減值。財務資產信貸減值的證據包括以下事件的可觀察數據:

借款人的發行人陷入嚴 重財務困難;

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

- (iii) Credit-impaired financial assets (Continued)
 - a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
 - the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
 - it is becoming probably that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目*(續)*

- (iii) 信貸減值財務資產 (續)
 - 違反合約,例如違約或 逾期事件;
 - 向借款人作出貸款之貸款人出於與借款人財務
 困難有關的經濟或合約考慮,給予借款人在其他情況下不會作出的讓步;或
 - 借款人可能破產或進行 其他財務重組。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade debtors, when the amounts are over three years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目(續)

(iv) 撇銷政策

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策(續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量為違約 概率、違約損失率 (即違約時 的損失程度) 及違約風險的函 數。評估違約概率及違約損 失率的依據是過往數據及前 瞻性資料。預期信貸虧損的 估計反映以發生的相關違約 風險作為加權數值而確定的 無偏概率加權金額。

通常,預期信貸虧損為本集團根據合約應收的所有合約現金流量與本集團預計收取的所有現金流量之間的差額,並按初始確認時釐定的實際利率貼現。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

For undrawn loan commitment, the ECL is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the Group if the holder of the loan commitments draws down the loan and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive if the loan is drawn down.

For ECL on loan commitment for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined, the Group will apply a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認 (續)

就未提取貸款承擔而言,預期信貸虧損為貸款承擔的持有人提取貸款時結欠本集團的合約現金流量與本集團預期於貸款被提取後可收取的現金流量之差額的現值。

就無法釐定實際利率的貸款 承擔的預期信貸虧損而言, 本集團將應用貼現率反映當 前市場對貨幣時間值的評估 及現金流量的特有風險,但 僅限於通過調整貼現率而非 調整經貼現的現金短缺來考 盧風險。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Lifetime ECL for certain trade receivables and contract assets are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward looking macroeconomic information.

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by the management of the Group to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目*(續)*

(v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認 (續)

> 若干應收賬款及合約資產的整個存續期預期信貸虧損按 集體基準考慮,並會考慮逾 期資料及前瞻性宏觀經濟資 料等相關信貸資料。

> 就集體評估而言,本集團在 分組時計及以下特徵:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模及 行業;及
- 可用的外部信貸評級。

本集團管理層定期檢討分組 方法,以確保各組別的組成 項目仍然具有相似的信貸風 險特徵。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other items subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

Except for loan commitment, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of the trade debtors and contract assets where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產減值及須根據香港財務 報告準則第9號進行減值評估的其 他項目(續)

(v) 預期信貸虧損的計量及確認 (續)

> 利息收入基於財務資產的總 賬面值計算,除非該財務資 產出現信貸減值,在此情況 下,利息收入根據財務資產 的攤銷成本計算。

> 除貸款承擔外,本集團通過 調整所有財務工具的賬面值 於損益確認彼等之減值收益 或虧損,惟應收賬款及合約 資產除外,此種情況下透過 虧損撥備賬確認相應調整。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務資產(續)

終止確認財務資產

僅當從資產收取現金流量的合約權利屆滿,或本集團將財務資產及該項資產所有權的絕大部分風險及回報轉讓至另一實體時,本集團方會終止確認該項財務資產。

倘終止確認按攤銷成本計量的財 務資產,資產賬面值與已收及應收 代價總額之間的差額於損益確認。

財務負債及權益

歸類為債務或權益

債務及權益工具乃根據合約安排 之內容及財務負債及權益工具之 定義被歸類為財務負債或權益。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the repurchase, sales, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

All financial liabilities including trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

財務工具(續)

財務負債及權益(續)

權益工具

權益工具乃證明實體資產於扣除 其所有負債後之剩餘權益之任何 合約。本公司所發行權益工具按已 收所得款項扣除直接發行成本確 認。

本公司自有權益工具的回購於權益確認及扣除。概無就回購、出售、發行或註銷本公司自有權益工具於損益內確認收益或虧損。

按攤銷成本計量的財務負債

所有財務負債(包括應付賬款及其 他應付款項)其後採用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。

終止確認財務負債

本集團當且僅當自身義務獲履行、 取消或到期時,方會終止確認財務 負債。已終止確認財務負債賬面值 與已付及應付代價之間的差額於 損益內確認。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

Provisions for the expected cost of rectification work under the relevant installation contracts are recognised at the date of rendering the respective contract work, at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the Group's obligation at the end of each reporting period.

Provisions for the expected cost of assurancetype warranty obligations under the relevant contracts with customers for provision of design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services are recognised at the date of sale of the relevant products, at the directors' best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the Group's obligation.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

撥備

當本集團因過往事件承擔現有(法 定或推定)責任,且本集團有可能 需要清償能可靠地估計責任金額 時,則會確認有關撥備。

確認為撥備的金額乃於報告期末,經計及有關責任的風險及不確定因素後,對清償現有責任所需代價的最佳估計。當撥備以估計清償現有責任的現金流量計量時,其賬面值為該等現金流量的現值(於資金時間值影響屬重大的情況下)。

相關安裝合約項下整改工程的預 期成本於提交各自合約工程當日 按董事於各報告期末對履行本集 團責任所需支出的最佳估計確認 撥備。

根據就提供設計、供應及安裝鋁窗 及幕牆服務之相關客戶合約之保 證型擔保責任之預期成本撥備,乃 於銷售相關產品之日期按董事對 清償本集團責任所須開支之最佳 估計確認。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

稅項

所得稅開支指即期應付稅項及遞 延稅項之總額。

即期應付稅項乃按本年度之應課稅溢利與除稅前溢利有別,此乃由於其不包括其他年度之應課稅收入或可扣減之支出項目,以及永不需課稅或不可扣減之項目。本集團之即期稅項負債乃根據於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈之稅率計算。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investment in a subsidiary, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investment is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

稅項(續)

除非本集團可控制臨時差額撥回及臨時差額具甚小可能於可見將來撥回,本集團會就於附屬公司之投資所產生的應課稅臨時差額的認為遞延稅項負債。來自與該等投資有關的可扣減臨時差額的遞與稅項資產,只會於可能有足夠應課稅溢利以利用臨時差額的利益作和減並預期於可見將來撥回時確認。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於報告期 末予以檢討,並在不再有充足應課 稅溢利可供收回所有或部分資產 情況下作出扣減。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃按預期於 已償還負債或變現資產期間採用 的稅率計量,根據於報告期末已頒 佈或已實質頒佈的稅率(及稅法)計 算。

遞延稅項負債及資產的計量反映 本集團於報告期末預期將予收回 或償還其資產及負債的賬面值的 稅務後果。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Taxation (Continued)

For the purpose of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose business objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale which is always presumed to be recovered entirely through sale.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

稅項(續)

就計量投資物業的遞延稅項而言, 使用公平值模式計量之投資物業 賬面值獲假定為可透過出售全數 收回,除非推定被推翻。當有關投 資物業為可折舊及以隨時間耗盡 大體上所有包含在投資物業內的 經濟得益為商業目的,而不是以出 售方式之商業模式持有,推定則可 被推翻,其一直推定為可透過銷售 悉數收回。

當即期稅項資產與即期稅項負債可依法相互抵銷,且是源自同一稅務機關向同一應課稅實體徵收的所得稅有關時,遞延稅項資產及負債可相互抵銷。

除與在其他全面收益中確認或直接計入權益的項目相關外,即期及 遞延稅項均在損益中確認。如在前 述的情況下,即期及遞延稅項亦分 別在其他全面收益中或直接於權 益確認。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

政府補助

政府補貼不予確認入賬,直至有合理保證證明本集團將遵守其附帶條件及將收取補貼。

政府補助於其擬定補償之相關成本獲本集團確認為開支的期間有系統地於損益確認。具體而言,以本集團應購置、建造或以其他方式收購非流動資產為主要條件之政府補助,會於綜合財務狀況報表中確認為遞延收入,並於相關資產之可用年期有系統及合理地轉撥至損益。

作為與收入有關之已產生開支或 虧損之補償或向本集團提供即時 財務資助(並無日後相關成本)而可 收取之政府補貼,乃於其成為可收 取之期間於損益中確認。該補貼於 「其他收入」項下呈列。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Retirement benefits costs

Payments to the Group's state-managed retirement benefits scheme and the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries and annual leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to employees

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

退休福利成本

本集團向由國家管理的退休福利 計劃及強制性公積金計劃(「強積 金計劃」)的付款乃於僱員提供有 權獲得供款的服務時確認為開支。

短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務時 按預期支付福利的未折現金額確 認。所有短期僱員福利均確認為開 支,除非有另一項香港財務報告準 則規定或允許將福利計入資產成 本則作別論。

僱員累計福利(如工資、薪金及年假)於扣除已付任何金額後確認為 負債。

按權益結算以股份為基礎的付 款交易

向僱員授出的購股權

向僱員及其他提供類似服務的人士作出的按權益結算以股份為基礎的付款乃於授出日期按權益工 具的公平值計量。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions (Continued)

Share options granted to employees (Continued)

The fair value of the equity-settled sharebased payments determined at the grant date without taking into consideration all nonmarket vesting conditions is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest with a corresponding increase in equity (sharebased compensation reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on assessment of all relevant non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based compensation reserve.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share-based compensation reverse will be transferred to contributed surplus. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share-based compensation reverse will be transferred to accumulated profits.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

按權益結算以股份為基礎的付款交易 (續)

向僱員授出的購股權(續)

當購股權獲行使時,先前於以股份為基礎的補償撥回確認的金額將轉撥至實繳盈餘。當購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於屆滿日期仍未行使時,先前於以股份為基礎的補償撥回確認的金額將轉撥至累計溢利。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. When a fair value gain or loss on a nonmonetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in profit or loss. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

外幣

於編製各個集團實體之財務報表 時,以該實體之功能貨幣以外貨幣 (外幣) 進行之交易乃按交易日期 之適用匯率確認。於報告期末,以 外幣計值之貨幣項目按該日之適 用匯率重新換算。以外幣計值按公 平值列賬的非貨幣項目按釐定公 平值當日的適用匯率重新換算。當 非貨幣項目的公平值收益或虧損 於損益內確認時,該收益或虧損的 任何匯兌部分亦於損益內確認。當 非貨幣項目的公平值收益或虧捐 於其他全面收益內確認時,該收益 或虧損的任何匯兌部分亦於其他 全面收益內確認。以外幣按歷史成 本計算之非貨幣項目不進行重新 換算。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及重要 會計政策 (續)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (Continued)

Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. HK\$) using the exchange rate prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rate fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the date of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of exchange reserve.

3.2 重要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

由結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項目產生之匯兌差額,於該等差額 產生期間在損益內確認。

就呈列綜合財務報表而言,本集團 海外業務之資產及負債均按各 告期末適用匯率換算為本集 呈列貨幣(即港元),而其收 支出項目則按該期間之平均 類算,除非匯率於期內出現大 類類,則在此情況下,採用交易額 (如有)乃在其他全面收益確認並 在權益中之匯兌儲備累計。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgment in applying accounting policies

The following is the critical judgment, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

4. 主要會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素的主要來源

於應用附註3所述的本集團會計政策時,本公司董事須就未能輕易從其他來源取得的資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。該等估計及有關假設乃根據過往經驗及其他被視為相關的因素而作出。實際結果與該等估計或有所不同。

該等估計及相關假設會作持續檢討。倘會計估計的修訂僅影響某一期間,則有關修訂會於估計修訂期間確認,或倘修訂對目前及未來期間均有影響,則於修訂期間及未來期間確認。

應用會計政策之重大判斷

除涉及估計外,以下為本公司董事應用 本集團之會計政策過程中作出且對綜合 財務報表內確認之款項造成重大影響的 重大判斷。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Critical judgment in applying accounting policies (Continued)

Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purpose of measuring deferred tax liabilities arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's investment properties and concluded that the Group's investment properties are not held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time, rather than through sale. Therefore, in determining the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the directors of the Company have determined that the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is not rebutted. The Group has not recognised any deferred taxes on changes in fair value of investment properties as the Group is not subject to any income taxes on the fair value changes of the investment properties on disposal.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Management had made the following estimations that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements and a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. 主要會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素的主要來源*(續)*

應用會計政策之重大判斷 (續)

投資物業之遞延稅項

估計不明朗因素的主要來源

管理層已作出下列對綜合財務報表中確認的金額產生最重大影響的估計,並有可能造成下個財政年度資產及負債的賬面值重大調整的重大風險。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty *(Continued)*

Provisions

Significant management estimates are involved in the determination of the cost of work to be incurred during the defect liability period and warranty period. Accordingly, management exercises considerable judgment in determining whether there is a present obligation as a result of a past event at the reporting date, whether it is more likely than not that such warranty services and rectification work will result in an outflow of resources and whether the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated with reference to size of the project, relevant correspondences and contracts with customers. The management estimates the cost for warranty services and rectification work with regard to the Group's experience in addressing such matters. As at 31 March 2023, the Group recognised provisions related to warranty costs and rectification work amounting to HK\$69,269,000 (2022: HK\$70,171,000) (note 26).

4. 主要會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素的主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

撥備

於釐定於缺陷責任期及保修期將予產生的施工成本時需作出重大管理層估計。因此,管理層行使重大判斷以釐定於報告日期的現有責任是否源於已發生的事件、該保修服務及整改工程會否可能造成資源外流及責任的金額能否根據項目規模、與客戶的相關函件及合約可靠地估算。管理層根據本集團處理相關事件的經驗對保修服務及整改工程的成本作出估算。於2023年3月31日,本集團確認保修費用及整改工程撥備69,269,000港元(2022年:70,171,000港元)(附註26)。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty *(Continued)*

Fair value of investment properties

Investment properties are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 March 2023 at their fair value of HK\$29,800,000 (2022: HK\$30,400,000) (note 16). The fair value was based on valuation of these properties conducted by Colliers International (Hong Kong) Limited, an independent property valuer. In determining the fair values of the Group's investment properties, the valuer applied a market value basis which involves, inter-alia, significant unobservable inputs and significant judgments, representing appropriate market rent and capitalisation rate.

In relying on the valuation report, the directors of the Company have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions. Changes to these assumptions, including the potential risk of any market violation, policy, geopolitical and social changes or other unexpected incidents as a result of change in macroeconomic environment, changes in policy direction, or other unexpected incidents would result in changes in the fair values of the Group's investment properties and the corresponding adjustments to the amount of gain or loss reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The directors of the Company have performed internal assessment on the risks of change in macroeconomic environment through performing sensitivity analysis in relation to the Group's investment properties.

4. 主要會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素的主要來源(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

投資物業之公平值

於2023年3月31日,列賬於綜合財務狀況表之投資物業的公平值為29,800,000港元(2022年:30,400,000港元)(附註16)。該公平值乃以獨立物業估值師高力國際物業顧問(香港)有限公司所進行的相關物業估值為基準。於釐定本集團之投資物業之公平值時,估值師已應用市值基準,其涉及(其中包括)重大不可觀察輸入數據及重大判斷,即適當市場租金及資本化比率。

在依賴估值報告時,本公司董事已行使 判斷且信納估值方法反映現行市況。該 等假設(包括宏觀經濟環境變化導致之 市場違規、政策、地緣政治及社會變化 或其他突發事件、政策方向轉變或其他 突發事件之潛在風險)有所改變將 本集團投資物業之公平值出現變動,並 對綜合損益及其他全面收益表內呈報之 收益或虧損金額作出相應調整。本公司 董事已透過對本集團投資物業進行敏感 度分析,就宏觀經濟環境變化的風險進 行內部評估。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty *(Continued)*

Provision of ECL for trade debtors and contract assets

Trade receivables and contract assets with significant balances and credit-impaired are assessed for ECL individually. In addition, for trade debtors and contract assets which are individually insignificant or when the Group does not have reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort to measure ECL on individual basis, collective assessment is performed by grouping debtors based on the Group's internal credit ratings.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the ECL and the Group's trade debtors and contract assets are disclosed in notes 22, 23 and 38. Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 38.

4. 主要會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素的主要來源*(續)*

估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

應收賬款及合約資產的預期信貸虧 損撥備

具有重大結餘並已出現信貸減值的應收 賬款及合約資產個別進行預期信貸虧損 評估。此外,就個別不重大之應收賬款 及合約資產或倘本集團並無毋須付出不 必要成本或精力可取得之合理可靠資料 以個別計量預期信貸虧損時,則根據本 集團的內部信貸評級對應收賬款進行分 組以進行集體評估。

預期信貸虧損撥備對估計變動較為敏 感。有關預期信貸虧損及本集團應收賬 款及合約資產的資料披露於附註22、23 及38。減值評估詳情載於附註38。

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4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty *(Continued)*

Provision for ECL for loan to a joint venture

Management regularly reviews the impairment assessment and evaluate the ECL for the loan to a joint venture.

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group regularly monitors the business performance of the joint venture. The Group's credit risks in the balance are mitigated through the value of assets held by the joint venture and the power to jointly control the relevant activities of the joint venture. In making this assessment, the loan to the joint venture is assessed individually by the management of the Group, based on the financial background, the risk of default occurring on the loan to joint venture and forward-looking information that is reasonable, supportable and available without undue cost or effort.

As at 31 March 2023, the carrying amounts of loan to a joint ventures were HK\$72,715,000 (2022: HK\$65,840,000). Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 38.

4. 主要會計判斷及估計不明朗因 素的主要來源 (續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源 (續)

向合營企業作出貸款之預期信貸虧 損撥備

管理層定期審閱減值評估,並評估向合 營企業作出貸款之預期信貸虧損。

於評估自初始確認起信貸風險有否大幅增加時,本集團定期監察合營企業的業務表現。本集團透過合營企業持有的資產價值及對合營企業相關活動的共同控制權降低結餘的信貸風險。作出此評估時,向合營企業作出之貸款會由本集團管理層根據財務背景、向合營企業作出貸款之違約風險以及合理、可證明且無質之違的本或努力即可獲得的前瞻性資料進行個別評估。

於2023年3月31日,向合營企業作出之 貸款的賬面值為72,715,000港元(2022 年:65,840,000港元)。減值評估詳情載 於附註38。

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5. REVENUE

Revenue represents the fair value of amounts received and receivable from the provision of design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services by the Group to external customers which is recognised over time as the Group's contract work enhances an asset that the external customers control as the Group performs. The Group's revenue is derived from long-term contracts in relation to provision of design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services in Hong Kong and Mainland China during the year.

5. 收益

收益指本集團在一段時間內隨本集團合約工程提升一項資產(而該項資產於本集團履約時由外部客戶控制)向外部客戶提供設計、供應及安裝鋁窗及幕牆服務確認的已收及應收款項的公平值。於本年度,本集團的收益來自於與在香港及中國內地提供設計、供應及安裝鋁窗及幕牆服務有關的長期合約。

	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Provision of design, supply 提供設計、供應及安裝鋁窗及 and installation of aluminium 幕牆服務 windows and curtain walls services	607,198	717,652

The customers of the Group are mainly property developers and main contractors in Hong Kong and Mainland China. All of the Group's provision of design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services are made directly with the customers. Contracts with the Group's customers are mainly fixed-price contracts, except for the variation orders.

本集團客戶主要為香港及中國內地的物業發展商及主承建商。本集團的設計、 供應及安裝鋁窗及幕牆服務均直接向客戶提供。本集團與客戶的合約主要為固定價格合約(工程變更指令除外)。

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5. REVENUE (Continued)

5. 收益(續)

Disaggregation of revenue

收益分解

By contract type

按合約類別劃分

		2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Design, supply and installation for curtain walls, aluminium windows, doors and other products for new buildings	為新建築物設計、供應及安裝幕 牆、鋁門窗及其他產品 (附註i及ii)		
(notes i and ii) Design, supply and installation for aluminium windows, doors and other products for new	為新建築物設計、供應及 安裝鋁門窗及其他產品(附註ii)	453,984	612,097
buildings (note ii) Design, supply and installation for renovation works for existing buildings	為現有建築物的裝修工程提供設 計、供應及安裝服務	130,443	99,053
Repairing, maintenance and others (note iii)	維修、保養及其他(附註iii)	22,771	5,759
Total	總計	607,198	717,652

Notes:

- (i) The contract type involves aluminium windows, doors and other products in addition to curtain walls. The curtain walls are the principal products for the contract type and the principal revenue from this contract type is also from curtain walls.
- (ii) Other products represent balustrade, louvre, cladding, window wall, canopy and grille.
- (iii) Others mainly represent mock up and window testing.

附註:

- (i) 除幕牆外,該合約類別亦涉及鋁門窗 及其他產品。幕牆為該合約類別的主 要產品,該合約類別的主要收益亦來 自幕牆。
- (ii) 其他產品指欄河、百葉、飾板、玻璃 牆、簷篷及護柵。
- (iii) 其他主要指模型及試窗。

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5. REVENUE (Continued)

Performance obligations for contract with customers

The Group provides design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services under long-term contracts with customers. Such contracts are entered into before the design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services begin. The Group's supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls enhances an asset that the external customers control as the Group performs. Revenue from provision of design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services is therefore recognised over time using output method, i.e. based on units of products installed or based on surveys of supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services completed by the Group to date as certified by independent surveyors appointed by the customers in relation to the work completed by the Group.

A contract asset, net of contract liability related to the same contract, is recognised over the period in which the construction services are performed representing the Group's right to consideration for the services performed. The contract assets are transferred to trade debtors when the rights become unconditional.

Retention money, prior to expiration of defect liability period, are classified as contract assets, which ranges from one to three years from the date of the practical completion of the construction. The relevant amount of contract asset is reclassified to trade debtors when the defect liability period expires. The defect liability period serves as an assurance that the construction services performed comply with agreed-upon specifications and such assurance cannot be purchased separately.

5. 收益(續)

客戶合約的履約義務

本集團根據與客戶的長期合約提供設計、供應及安裝鋁窗及幕牆服務。有關合約於設計、供應及安裝鋁窗及幕牆服務開始前訂立。本集團的供應及安裝鋁窗及幕牆服務開始前訂立。本集團的供應及安裝鋁窗及幕牆於本集團履約時增強由外計、供應及安裝鋁窗及幕牆服務的收益於一段就本集團之完成工作而委聘獨立測量師核實的本集團迄今已安裝產品單位或根據的調查結果計算。

合約資產(經扣除同一合約相關的合約 負債)於履行建築服務(即本集團收取已 履行服務代價之權利)期間確認。合約資 產於權利成為無條件時轉至應收賬款。

保固金於缺陷責任期(介乎建築實際竣工日期起計一至三年)屆滿前分類為合約資產。合約資產相關金額於缺陷責任期屆滿時重新分類為應收賬款。缺陷責任期為按協定規範履行建築服務的保證且有關保證不可單獨購買。

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5. **REVENUE** (Continued)

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations for contracts with customers

Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at the end of reporting period and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

5. 收益(續)

分配至客戶合約餘下履約義務的 交易價格

於報告期末分配至(未履行或部分未履行)餘下履約義務的交易價格及預期收益確認時間如下:

	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year — —年內 More than one year but not 超過一年但不超過兩年	513,730	725,513
more than two years	430,825	353,103
	944,555	1,078,616

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment focuses on revenue analysis by contract type. No other discrete financial information is provided other than the Group's results and financial position as a whole. Accordingly, only entity-wide disclosures, major customers and geographic information are presented.

6. 分部資料

向本公司董事(即主要經營決策者)報告 之資料以按合約類型分類的收入分析為 主,以作資源分配及績效評估。除本集 團之整體業績及財務狀況外,概無提供 其他獨立財務資料。因此,僅呈列實體 之披露資料、主要客戶及地區資料。

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

6. 分部資料(續)

Geographical information

Information about the Group's revenue from external customers is presented based on the geographical location of the projects:

地區資料

有關本集團來自外部客戶之收益資料按 項目的地理位置呈列如下:

			1
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	'		
Hong Kong	香港	564,338	702,734
Mainland China	中國內地	42,860	14,918
		607,198	717,652
	<u> </u>		

Information about the Group's non-current assets (excluding deferred tax assets and financial instruments) is presented based on the location of assets:

有關本集團非流動資產(不包括遞延稅 項資產及財務工具)之資料按資產所在 地區呈列如下:

	HK\$'000 千港元	2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong 香港 Mainland China 中國內地	142,800 14,686 157,486	149,038 17,820 166,858

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6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

6. 分部資料 (續)

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

有關主要客戶的資料

來自佔本集團總收益10%以上之客戶的 收益如下:

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Customer a Customer b	客戶a 客戶b	158,121 128,773	291,439 N/A¹ 不適用¹
Customer c Customer d	客戶c 客戶d	116,997 83,861	136,283 N/A ¹ 不適用 ¹
Customer e	客戶e 	N/A ¹ 不適用 ¹	117,186

The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the total revenue of the Group

¹ 於相關年度,並無相應收入貢獻超過本集團總收入10%。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

7. OTHER INCOME

7. 其他收入

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income Rental income Sales of scrap materials Government grants (note) Others	利息收入 租金收入 銷售廢料 政府補助(附註) 其他	1,238 997 1,198 3,889 168	1,664 1,003 4,413 44
		7,490	7,124

Note: During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group recognised government grants of HK\$3,824,000 (2022: nil) in respect of Covid-19-related subsidies relates to Employment Support Scheme provided by the Hong Kong Government.

附註: 截至2023年3月31日止年度,本集團 確認與香港政府提供的保就業計劃

有關的COVID-19相關補貼政府補貼 3,824,000港元(2022年:零)。

8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

8. 其他收益及虧損

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Exchange (losses) gains	匯兌(虧損) 收益	(344)	2,452

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9. IMPAIRMENT LOSS UNDER EXPECTED 9. 預期信貸虧損模式下減值虧 **CREDIT LOSS MODEL, NET**

損,淨額

	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net impairment losses recognised 就下列各項之減值虧損已 (reversed) on: 確認淨額(撥回): - trade debtors -應收賬款 - contract assets -合約資產	984 258 1,242	(185) 899 714

10. FINANCE COSTS

10. 財務費用

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Imputed interest expense on provisions Interest on lease liabilities Interest on bank loans	撥備的估算利息支出 租賃負債利息 銀行貸款利息	2,153 12 50	1,738 15 –
		2,215	1,753

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11. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

11. 除稅前溢利

		2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging (crediting):	除稅前溢利已扣除(計入)下列各 項:		
Directors' emoluments (note 12) Fees Other emoluments	董事酬金(附註12) 袍金 其他酬金	2,200 3,873	2,103 7,512
Other staff costs Salaries and other benefits	其他員工成本 薪金及其他福利	6,073 82,669	9,615 80,742
Retirement benefits scheme contributions for other staff	其他員工退休福利計劃供款	5,863	5,875
Total staff costs Less: Staff costs included in cost of inventories	員工成本總額 減:計入存貨成本的員工成本	94,605 (16,317)	96,232 (16,777)
		78,288	79,455
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	· 使用權資產折舊 物業、廠房及設備折舊	403 7,747	438 7,941
Less: Depreciation expenses capitalised in inventories	減:存貨中的資本化折舊開支	(2,308)	(2,204)
		5,842	6,175
Auditor's remuneration Cost of inventories recognised as	核數師薪酬 確認為開支之存貨成本	1,655	1,576
expenses		242,220	316,577

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12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVES' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

12. 董事、最高行政人員及僱員酬 金

(a) Directors' and chief executives' emoluments

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, is as follows:

(a) 董事及最高行政人員酬金

根據適用上市規則及香港公司條 例披露之本年度董事及最高行政 人員之酬金如下:

		Fees 袍金	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利	Performance related incentive payments 績效 相關獎金	Retirement benefits scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款	Share-based payments 以股份為 基礎的付款	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (note iv) (附註iv)	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 March 2023	截至2023年3月31日 止年度						
Executive directors (note i) Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung (note iii)	<i>執行董事</i> (附註i) 李卓雄先生 (附註iii)		1,644	680	156		2,480
Mr. Wong Kin	黃健先生	-	1,128	180	85	-	1,393
Non-executive directors (note ii)	<i>非執行董事</i> (附註ii)						
Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart		1,000	-	-	-	-	1,000
Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson Mr. Chuk Kin Lun (note iii) Mr. Chung Sam Tin		100 100	-	-	-	-	100 100
Abraham	华 业宣先生	100	-	-	-	-	100
Mr. Tai Sai Ho Independent non-executive directors (note ii)	(附註ii)	100	-	-	-	-	100
Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen	周安達源先生 : 包斯基教授	200	-	-	-	-	200
Professor Ho Richard Yan Ki Mr. Poon Kan Young	「阿州基教技 潘根濃先生	200 200	_	_	_	_	200 200
Mr. Yip Kai Yung	葉啟容先生	200	_	-	_	-	200
Total emoluments	總酬金	2,200	2,772	860	241	_	6,073

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVES' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

12. 董事、最高行政人員及僱員酬 金 (續)

(Continued)

(a) Directors' and chief executives' emoluments (Continued)

(a) 董事及最高行政人員酬金 (續)

		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	Performance related incentive payments 績效 相關獎金 HK\$*000 千港元 (note iv) (附註iv)	Retirement benefits scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Share-based payments 以股份為 基礎的付款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Year ended 31 March 2022	截至2022年3月31日 止年度						
Executive directors (note i) Mr. Chuk Kin Lun (note iii) Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung	執行董事(附註i) 祝健麟先生(附註iii) 李卓雄先生(附註iii)	-	2,268	1,926	183	-	4,377
(note iii) Mr. Wong Kin	黃健先生	-	1,352 368	1,000 260	127 28	-	2,479 656
Non-executive directors (note ii)	<i>非執行董事</i> (附註ii)						
Mr. Wong Sue Toa, Stewart Mr. Cha Mou Daid, Johnson Mr. Chuk Kin Lun (note iii) Mr. Chung Sam Tin		1,000 100 3	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	1,000 100 3
Abraham Mr. Tai Sai Ho	戴世豪先生	100 100	- -	- -	- -	- -	100 100
Independent non-executive directors (note ii)	(附註ii)	200					200
Mr. Chau On Ta Yuen Professor Ho Richard Yan K Mr. Poon Kan Young Mr. Yip Kai Yung	周安達源先生 i 何炘基教授 潘根濃先生 葉啟容先生	200 200 200 200	- - -	- - -	- - - -	- - -	200 200 200 200
Total emoluments	總酬金	2,103	3,988	3,186	338	-	9,615

Notes:

(i) The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Group.

附註:

(i) 上文所列載之執行董事酬金乃就 彼等管理本集團事務所提供之服 務而支付。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVES' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

(Continued)

(a) Directors' and chief executives' emoluments (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (ii) The non-executive directors' emoluments and independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.
- (iii) Prior to re-designation of Mr. Chuk Kin Lun (the "Mr. Chuk") from an executive director to a non-executive director and retired as the joint managing director of the Company on 19 March 2022, Mr. Chuk and Mr. Lee Cheuk Hung (the "Mr. Lee") were the joint managing directors of the Company and they also acted as the chief executives of the Company and their emoluments disclosed above include those for services rendered by them as the chief executives. Mr. Lee was re-designated from joint managing director to managing director of the Company on 19 March 2022.
- (iv) The performance related incentive payments are determined based on the performance of the individual and the Group's performance and profitability for the year.

There was no arrangement under which the directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for both years.

During the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

12. 董事、最高行政人員及僱員酬 金 (續)

(a) 董事及最高行政人員酬金 (續)

附註:(續)

- (ii) 上文所列載之非執行董事酬金及 獨立非執行董事酬金乃就彼等擔 任本公司董事所提供之服務而支 付。
- (iii) 於2022年3月19日祝健麟先生 (「祝先生」)由執行董事調任為 非執行董事,並辭任本公司之聯 席董事總經理前,祝先生及李卓 雄先生(「李先生」)為本公司聯席 董事總經理,彼等亦擔任本公司 最高行政人員,上文披露之酬金 包括彼等作為最高行政人員提供 服務的酬金。李先生則於2022年 3月19日由聯席董事總經理調任 為董事總經理。
- (iv) 績效相關獎金乃基於年內個人表現及本集團表現及盈利能力而釐定。

於兩個年度內,概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金的安排。

於截至2023年及2022年3月31日止年度,本集團概無向任何董事支付酬金作為加入本集團或加入本集團後之獎勵或作為離職補償。

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12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVES' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

(Continued)

(b) Employees' emoluments

The five highest paid individuals included two (2022: three) directors of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023, details of whose emoluments are set out above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining highest paid employees who are neither director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

12. 董事、最高行政人員及僱員酬 金 (續)

(b) 僱員酬金

截至2023年3月31日止年度,五名 最高薪人士包括兩名(2022年:三 名)本公司董事,彼等之酬金詳情 載於上文。年內,其餘既非本公司 董事亦非最高行政人員的最高薪 僱員的酬金詳情如下:

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and other benefits Performance related	薪金及其他福利 績效相關獎金	3,421	2,144
incentive payments		505	480
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	383	261
		4,309	2,885
		4,303	2,003

The emoluments of the aforesaid employees were within the following band:

上述僱員的酬金在以下範圍內:

		2023 2023年 Number of employee 僱員人數	2022 2022年 Number of employee 僱員人數
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	3	2

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13. TAXATION

13. 稅項

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
The taxation charge (credit) comprises:	稅項支出 (抵免) 包括:		
Current taxation Hong Kong Profits Tax Current year Over-provision	即期稅項 香港利得稅 本年度 超額撥備	1,278 (63)	5,357 (602)
Deferred taxation (note 28)	遞延稅項(附註28)	1,215 (660)	4,755 (485)
		555	4,270

Hong Kong Profits Tax for both years is calculated at 16.5% of the estimated assessable profits for the year, except for the group entity which is a qualifying corporation under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. For this group entity, the first HK\$2 million of assessable profits are taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5%.

Under the Law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiary is 25%. No provision for taxation in the PRC recognised for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2023 as there was no assessable profit for both years.

兩個年度的香港利得稅均按該年度估計應課稅溢利之16.5%計算,惟屬於兩級利得稅稅率制度項下的合資格法團的集團實體除外。就該集團實體而言,首2,000,000港元應課稅溢利按稅率8.25%徵稅,而餘下應課稅溢利則按稅率16.5%徵稅。

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法法」)及企業所得稅法實施細則,中國附屬公司於兩個年度之稅率為25%。截至2022年及2023年3月31日止年度,並無就中國稅項確認撥備,原因為該等年度並無應課稅溢利。

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13. TAXATION (Continued)

13. 稅項(續)

Taxation for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows: 年度稅項與綜合損益及其他全面收益表 內除稅前溢利對賬如下:

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利	12,661	28,895
- !! !! !	₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩₩		
Tax at the applicable income tax rate of 16.5% (2022: 16.5%) Tax effect of expenses not	按適用所得稅稅率16.5%(2022 年:16.5%)計算之稅項 不可扣稅開支的稅務影響	2,089	4,768
deductible for tax purpose		109	17
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	毋須納稅收入的稅務影響	(524)	(725)
Tax effect of share of loss of a joint venture	分佔合營企業虧損的稅務影響	12	4
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not previously recognised	動用過往未確認的稅務虧損 的稅務影響	(1,007)	(20)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認稅務虧損的稅務影響	_	1,542
Effect of different tax rate of a subsidiary operating in	於其他司法權區經營之 附屬公司之不同稅率的影響		
other jurisdiction		121	(519)
Tax effect on two-tiered tax rate in Hong Kong	香港兩級稅率之稅務影響	(165)	(165)
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(63)	(602)
Others	其他	(17)	(30)
Taxation for the year	年度稅項	555	4,270

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14. DIVIDENDS

14. 股息

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Dividends for ordinary shareholders of the Company recognised at distribution during the year:	於本年度確認分派予本公司 普通股股東之股息:		
2023 first interim dividend – HK0.8 cents per share (2022: 2022 first interim dividend – HK1.6 cents per share) 2022 second interim dividend – HK2.1 cents per share (2021: 2021 second interim dividend –	2023年第一次中期股息-每股0.8 港仙(2022年:2022年第一次 中期股息-每股1.6港仙) 2022年第二次中期股息-每股2.1 港仙(2021年:2021年第二次 中期股息-每股2.6港仙)	3,347	6,732
HK2.6 cents per share)		8,792	11,030
		12,139	17,762
		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Proposed second interim dividend for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 of HK1.7 cents per share (2022: for the financial year ended 31 March 2022 of	建議截至2023年3月31日止 財政年度之第二次中期股息為 每股1.7港仙(2022年: 截至2022年3月31日止 財政年度為每股2.1港仙)	7.070	9.703
HK2.1 cents per share)		7,079	8,792

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15. EARNINGS PER SHARE

15. 每股盈利

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company for the year is based on the following data: 本公司擁有人應佔年度每股基本及攤薄 盈利乃根據以下數據計算:

	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Earnings	12,106	24,625

Number of shares 股份數目

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Weighted average number of shares	股份加權平均數		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	用於計算每股基本盈利之 普通股加權平均數	418,320,118	422,180,364
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares:	潛在攤薄普通股的影響:		, ,
Adjustment in relation to share options granted by	就本公司授出的購股權 作出調整	E4 422	2 727 042
the Company		54,132	2,727,843
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of diluted earnings per share	用於計算每股攤薄盈利之 普通股加權平均數	418,374,250	424,908,207
or unuted earnings per snare		410,3/4,230	424,306,207

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted earnings per share has been taken into account the ordinary shares repurchased from the market during the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2023 including those cancelled after the respective reporting date.

用於計算每股基本及攤薄盈利的普通股加權平均數已計入於截至2022年及2023年3月31日止年度內從市場上購回的普通股,包括於各報告日期後註銷之該等股份。

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16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The Group leases out offices under operating leases with rentals payable monthly. The leases typically run for a period of 3 years.

The Group is not exposed to foreign currency risk as a result of the lease arrangements, as all leases are denominated in the functional currency of the group entity. The lease contracts do not contain residual value guarantee and/or lessee's option to purchase the property at the end of lease term.

16. 投資物業

本集團根據經營租賃出租辦公室,租金 須每月支付。該等租賃一般為期三年。

由於所有租賃均以集團實體的功能貨幣計值,故本集團並無因租賃安排而面臨外幣風險。租賃合約並無載有剩餘價值擔保及/或承租人於租賃期結束時購買物業的選擇權。

HK\$'000 千港元

FAIR VALUE	公平值	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	於2021年4月1日及	
	2022年3月31日	30,400
Loss on change in fair value	公平值變動虧損	(600)
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日	29,800

The fair values of the Group's investment properties at 31 March 2023 and 2022 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by Colliers International (Hong Kong) Limited, an independent property valuer not connected with the Group. Colliers International (Hong Kong) Limited has appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant locations.

本集團投資物業於2023年及2022年3月 31日之公平值乃根據與本集團概無關 連之獨立物業估值師高力國際物業顧問 (香港)有限公司於該日之估值為基準 釐定。高力國際物業顧問(香港)有限公 司具有適合資格,且近期亦有於相關地 區對類似物業進行估值之經驗。

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16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

The Group engages third party qualified valuer to perform the valuation. The management works closely with the qualified external valuer to establish the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model. The management reports the findings to the board of directors of the Company every six months to explain the cause of fluctuations in the fair value of the property.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

As at 31 March 2023, the valuation of properties amounting to HK\$29,800,000 (2022: HK\$30,400,000) was arrived at by reference to the income capitalisation method which is based on the capitalisation of the net income potential by adopting an appropriate capitalisation rate, which is derived from analysis of sale transactions and interpretation of prevailing investor requirements or expectations.

Summary of fair value hierarchy and Level 3 fair value measurement

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are situated in Hong Kong and are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties. All investment properties of the Group are valued by reference to a Level 3 fair value measurement.

There are no transfers between different levels within the fair value hierarchy during both years.

16. 投資物業 (續)

本集團委聘第三方合資格估值師進行估值。管理層與合資格外聘估值師緊密合作,以確立合適的估值方法及模式之輸入數據。管理層每六個月向本公司董事會匯報結果,以解釋物業公平值波動之原因。

於估計物業之公平值時,物業之最高及 最佳用途為其目前用途。

於2023年3月31日,參考收入資本化法 進行的估值之物業價值為29,800,00港元 (2022年:30,400,000港元),此方法是 根據採用適當資本化比率將潛在收入淨 額予以資本化,而資本化比率乃通過分 析銷售交易及現行投資者之要求或期望 而推算得出。

公平值等級概要及第三級公平值 計量

本集團所有以經營租賃方式持有,且以 賺取租金或資本增值為目的之物業權益 均位於香港並按公平值模式計量,並分 類及入賬列為投資物業。本集團所有投 資物業皆根據第三級公平值計量估值。

於兩個年度內,並無公平值等級間不同級別的轉撥。

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16. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

16. 投資物業 (續)

Level 3 valuation methodologies

第三級估值方法

Below is a table which presents the significant unobservable inputs:

下表呈列重大不可觀察輸入數據:

Significant unobservable inputs (note)

重大不可觀察輸入數據 (附註)
Investment Capitalisation Monthly market
properties Valuation method Fair value rate rent (per square feet)

properties 每月市值租金 估值方法 公平值 投資物業 資本化比率 (每平方呎) Commercial Income capitalisation HK\$29,800,000 2.7% HK\$23.1 to HK\$24.5 approach (2022: HK\$30,400,000) (2022: 2.7%) (2022: HK\$23.1 to HK\$25.2) 商業 收入資本化法 23.1港元至24.5港元 29,800,000港元 2.7% (2022年: (2022年:2.7%) (2022年: 30,400,000港元) 23.1港元至25.2港元)

Note: The relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value are (i) the higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the fair value; and (ii) the higher the market rent, the higher the fair value, and vice versa.

附註:不可觀察輸入數據與公平值的關係 為:(i)資本化比率越高,公平值越低; 及(ii)市值租金越高,公平值越高,反 之亦然。

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17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

17. 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 樓字 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and equipment 廠房及設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Moulds 模具 HK \$ ′000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
COST	成本								
At 1 April 2021	於2021年4月1日	148,837	18,376	1,094	8,715	5,595	2,934	242	185,793
Exchange adjustments	正分調整 正分調整	1,049	626	1,034	144	3,393 14	43	_	1,891
Additions	添置	1,045	-	136	1,263	-	-	_	1,399
- Additions	//*·B				1,203				1,555
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	149,886	19,002	1,245	10,122	5,609	2,977	242	189,083
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	(1,934)	(1,154)	(23)	(265)	(27)	(79)	_	(3,482)
Additions	添置	-	-	10	452	-	-	-	462
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日	147,952	17,848	1,232	10,309	5,582	2,898	242	186,063
DEDDECLATION	折舊								
DEPRECIATION At 1 April 2021	折舊 於2021年4月1日	25,557	16,122	951	6,799	3,459	2,443	242	55,573
Exchange adjustments	派2021中4月1日 匯兌調整	625	525	15	136	5,459	2, 44 5 35	242	1,341
Provided for the year	年度撥備	5,596	414	77	803	821	230	_	7,941
	十反照開	J,J90	414		003				7,341
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	31,778	17,061	1,043	7,738	4,285	2,708	242	64,855
Exchange adjustments	匯兌調整	(1,209)	(988)	(22)	(255)	(11)	(65)	-	(2,550)
Provided for the year	年度撥備	5,512	371	62	878	820	104	_	7,747
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日	36,081	16,444	1,083	8,361	5,094	2,747	242	70,052
CARRYING VALUE	E 本 体								
CARRYING VALUES At 31 March 2023	賬面值 於2023年3月31日	111,871	1,404	149	1,948	488	151	_	116,011
		·							
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	118,108	1,941	202	2,384	1,324	269	-	124,228

The above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following useful lives:

上述物業、廠房及設備項目乃採用直線 法按以下使用年期折舊:

Buildings 20 years – 30 years

Leasehold Over the shorter of the term of

improvements the lease period or 5 years

Other assets 5 years

樓宇 20年至30年

租賃物業裝修 於租期或5年內(以較

短者為準)

其他資產 5年

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18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

18. 使用權資產

		Leasehold lands 租賃土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Leased buildings 租賃樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總 計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2023 Carrying amounts	於2023年3月31日 賬面值	4,602	359	4,961
As at 31 March 2022 Carrying amounts	於2022年3月31日 賬面值	5,184	108	5,292
For the year ended 31 March 2023 Depreciation charge	截至2023年3月31日止年度 折舊費用	201	202	403
For the year ended 31 March 2022	截至2022年3月31日止年度			
Depreciation charge	折舊費用 ————————————————————————————————————	208	230	438
			2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Additions to right-of-us Total cash outflow for I			453 213	_ 246

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18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

For both years, the Group leases car parking spaces for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 1 to 3 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

In addition, the Group owns several industrial buildings where its manufacturing facilities are primarily located and office buildings. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the underlying leasehold lands. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests. The leasehold land components of these owned properties are presented separately only if the payments made can be allocated reliably.

Lease liabilities of HK\$351,000 (2022: HK\$100,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of HK\$359,000 (2022: HK\$108,000) as at 31 March 2023. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

18. 使用權資產 (續)

於該兩年內,本集團租賃停車位用於營運。租賃合約按1至3年的固定租期訂立。租期均個別磋商,包含不同條款及條件。釐定租期及評估不可撤銷期限的長度時,本集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約可強制執行的期限。

此外,本集團擁有為其生產設施主要所在地的若干工業大廈及辦公大樓。本集團為該等物業權益(包括相關租賃土地)的註冊擁有人。已作出一筆過前期付款以收購該等物業權益。該等自有物業的租賃土地部分僅在已作出付款能可靠地分配時獨立呈列。

於2023年3月31日,確認租賃負債351,000港元(2022年:100,000港元),相關使用權資產為359,000港元(2022年:108,000港元)。除出租人持有於租賃資產的抵押權益外,租賃協議不施加任何契諾。租賃資產不得用作借款抵押。

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19. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

19. 於合營企業之權益

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of unlisted joint venture Share of post-acquisition losses	非上市合營企業成本 分佔收購後虧損	6,809 (95)	6,960 (22)
		6,714	6,938

Details of the Group's joint venture as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 as follows:

本集團於2023年及2022年3月31日之合營企業詳情如下:

Name of joint venture	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation and principal place of operation 註冊成立及	Class of shares held	Attributable interest proportion of voting held by the Grou	power	Principal activity
合營企業名稱	業務架構形式	主要營業地點	所持股份類別	本集團應佔權益及所持投	票權比例	主要業務
				2023	2022	
				2023年	2022年	
Wealth King Ventures	Limited liability	British Virgin Islands/	Ordinary	50%	50%	Investment
Limited (the "Wealth	company	Hong Kong				holding in
King") (Note)	4 55 45		***			Hong Kong
Wealth King Ventures Limited (「 Wealth King 」)(附註)	有限公司	英屬處女群島/香港	普通	50%	50%	於香港投資控股

Note: During the year ended 31 March 2022, Wealth King was incorporated by the Group. Subsequently, the Group entered into a shareholder deed (the "Deed") with a joint venture partner which allowed the joint venture partner to subscribe for 1 share, representing 50% of the issued shares, in Wealth King. On the date of subscription, Wealth King has no operations and no significant assets and liabilities. After the subscription, Wealthy King became a joint venture of the Group. The subsidiaries of Wealth King are engaged in property development in Hong Kong.

The joint venture is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

附註: 截至2022年3月31日止年度,Wealth King由本集團註冊成立。其後本集團與合營企業夥伴訂立股東契據(「契據」),允許合營企業夥伴認購Wealth King之1股股份,相當於Wealth King之50%已發行股份。於認購事項日期,Wealth King並無業務,亦無重大資產及負債。進行認購事項後,Wealth King已成為本集團之合營企業。Wealth King之附屬公司於香港從事物業發展。

合營企業使用權益法於該等綜合財務報 表中入賬。

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19. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

19. 於合營企業之權益(續)

(Continued)

The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in joint venture's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs:

以下財務資料概要為合營企業根據香港 財務報告準則編製的財務報表中的所示 金額:

Wealth King and its subsidiaries

Wealth King及其附屬公司

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current assets	流動資產	66,053	66,064
Current liabilities	流動負債	(50,336)	(3,384)
Non-current assets	非流動資產	217,675	211,089
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(233,582)	(273,813)
Net liabilities	負債淨值	(190)	(44)
The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the following:	上述資產及負債金額 包括以下各項:		
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值	15,841	15,851
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	流動財務負債(不包括應付賬款及 其他應付款項)	(50,213)	(75)
Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payables)	非流動財務負債(不包括應付賬款 及其他應付款項)	(233,582)	(273,813)
Revenue	收益	-	-
Net loss for the year	年度虧損淨額	(146)	(44)

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19. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

19. 於合營企業之權益 (續)

(Continued)

Wealth King and its subsidiaries (Continued)

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in Wealth King recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

Wealth King及其附屬公司 (續)

上述財務資料概要與於Wealth King權益賬面值的對賬已於綜合財務報表內確認:

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Equity attributable to owners of Wealth King	Wealth King擁有人應佔權益	(190)	(44)
Proportion of the Group's ownership interest in Wealth King Deemed capital contribution arising from loan to a joint	本集團於Wealth King之 擁有權權益比例 向合營企業作出貸款產生之 視作注資(附註20)	(95)	(22)
venture (note 20) Other adjustments	其他調整	7,508 (699)	6,960 –
Carrying amount of the Group's interest	本集團權益之賬面值	6,714	6,938

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20. LOAN TO A JOINT VENTURE/AMOUNT DUE FROM A JOINT VENTURE

20. 向合營企業作出之貸款/應收合營企業款項

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loan to a joint venture	向合營企業作出之貸款	72,715	65,840
Current asset Amount due from a joint venture	流動資產 應收合營企業款項	_	75

The loan to a joint venture and amount due from a joint venture are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment. During the year ended 31 March 2023, the joint venture had borrowed a loan from the Group with principal amount amounting to HK\$6,025,000 (2022: HK\$72,800,000). The loan was discounted by considering the repayment period estimated by the management and the prevailing market rate of interest for similar instruments. The difference of HK\$548,000 (2022: HK\$6,960,000) between the fair value of the loan at the initial recognition amounting to HK\$5,477,000 (2022: HK\$65,840,000) and the principal amount of HK\$6,025,000 (2022: HK\$72,800,000) had been recognised as the deemed capital contribution to a joint venture (note 19). The Group has no intention to request for repayment of the loan to the joint venture with carrying amount of HK\$72,715,000 (2022: HK\$65,840,000) within the twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the loan is classified as noncurrent asset.

The Group assessed the ECL with reference to the internal credit rating of the counterparty. Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 38.

向合營企業作出之貸款及應收合營企 業款項為無抵押、不計息及並無固定還 款期限。截至2023年3月31日止年度,合 營企業已向本集團借取貸款,本金額為 6,025,000港元(2022年:72,800,000港 元)。貸款已透過考慮管理層估計的還 款期及類似工具的現行市場利率貼現。 貸款於初步確認時的公平值5,477,000 港元 (2022年:65,840,000港元) 與本金 額6,025,000港元(2022年:72,800,000 港元) 的差額548,000港元(2022年: 6,960,000港元) 已確認為視作向合營企 業注資(附註19)。本集團無意於報告期 末起計十二個月內要求償還向合營企業 作出賬面值為72,715,000港元(2022年: 65,840,000港元) 之貸款。因此,貸款分 類為非流動資產。

本集團參考交易對手方的內部信貸評級評估預期信貸虧損。減值評估詳情載於附註38。

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21. INVENTORIES

21. 存貨

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Raw materials Work in progress Goods in transit	原材料 在建工程 運送中貨物	37,037 24,253 –	45,682 26,445 4,538
		61,290	76,665

22. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

22. 應收款項、按金及預付款項

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade debtors Less: Allowance for credit losses	應收賬款 減:信貸虧損撥備	136,164 (3,698)	113,277 (2,690)
Deposits and prepayments Other receivables	按金及預付款項 其他應收款項	132,466 20,529 2,569	110,587 26,067 657
		155,564	137,311

The Group allows a credit period of 30 to 90 days to its customers. Before accepting any new customer, the Group will internally assess the credit quality of the potential customers and define appropriate credit limit. Other receivables are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

本集團給予其客戶的賒賬期為30至90日。在接納任何新客戶之前,本集團將對潛在客戶之信貸質素作內部評估,並 釐訂合適信貸限額。其他應收款項為無 抵押、免息及按要求償還。

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22. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (Continued)

The following is an aged analysis of the trade debtors net of allowance for credit losses, presented based on the right to consideration became unconditional/invoice date at the end of the reporting period:

22. 應收款項、按金及預付款項(續)

以下為於報告期末按收取代價之權利 成為無條件/發票日期呈列的應收賬款 (扣除信貸虧損撥備) 賬齡分析:

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 30 days 31-60 days 61-90 days Over 90 days	30日內 31至60日 61至90日 超過90日	58,847 28,793 6,958 37,868	44,622 21,604 23,626 20,735
		132,466	110,587

As at 1 April 2021, trade receivables from contracts with customers amounted to HK\$139,183,000.

As at 31 March 2023, the Group has concentration of credit risk with 88.3% (2022: 87.2%) of the total trade debtors was due from the Group's five (2022: five) largest customers.

As at 31 March 2023, included in the Group's trade debtors balances were debtors with an aggregate carrying amount of HK\$52,386,000 (2022: HK\$25,837,000) which were past due as at the reporting date. Out of the past due balance, HK\$35,924,000 (2022: HK\$8,857,000) has been past due 90 days or more and is not considered as in default based on good payment records for those debtors and/or continuous business with the Group. The Group did not hold any collateral over these balances.

於2021年4月1日,來自客戶合約的應收 賬款為139,183,000港元。

於2023年3月31日,本集團應收五(2022年:五)大客戶之應收賬款總額的集中信貸風險為88.3%(2022年:87.2%)。

於2023年3月31日,本集團應收賬款結餘包括總賬面值為52,386,000港元(2022年:25,837,000港元)之應收賬款,其於報告日期已逾期。在該等逾期結餘中,35,924,000港元(2022年:8,857,000港元)已逾期90日或以上,而根據該等債務人的良好還款記錄及/或與本集團持續的業務往來,並不被視為違約。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

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22. DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS (Continued)

Details of the impairment assessment on trade debtors, and deposits and other receivables are set out in note 38.

22. 應收款項、按金及預付款項(續)

有關應收賬款、按金及其他應收款項的 減值評估詳情載於附註38。

23. CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES

23. 合約資產及合約負債

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Contract assets Provision of design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services	合約資產 提供設計、供應及安裝鋁窗及 幕牆服務	135,009	136,597
Less: Allowance for credit losses	減:信貸虧損撥備	(2,144)	(1,933) 134,664
Contract liabilities Provision of design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services	合約負債 提供設計、供應及安裝鋁窗及 幕牆服務	21	877

As at 1 April 2021, contract assets and contract liabilities amounted to HK\$79,496,000 and HK\$296,000, respectively.

於2021年4月1日,合約資產及合約負債分別為79,496,000港元及296,000港元。

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23. CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (Continued)

The Group has rights to considerations from customers for the provision of design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services. Contract assets arise when the Group has right to consideration for completion of design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services and not yet billed under the relevant contracts, and their right is conditioned on factors other than passage of time. Any amount previously recognised as a contract asset is reclassified to trade debtors when such right becomes unconditional other than the passage of time.

Included in carrying amounts of contract assets and contract liabilities as stated above comprise retention money of HK\$73,660,000 (2022: HK\$67,422,000) as at 31 March 2023. As at 31 March 2023, the balances included retention money from related companies amounting to nil (2022: HK\$23,000). The companies are related companies in which CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited ("CCM Trust"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, and certain discretionary trusts have beneficial interests.

23. 合約資產及合約負債(續)

本集團有權就向客戶提供設計、供應及 安裝鋁窗及幕牆服務收取代價。本集團 有權因完成鋁窗及幕牆設計、供應及安 裝服務而收取代價,但尚未根據相關合 約開具發票,且該權利取決於時間流逝 之外的其他因素,此時便會產生合約資 產。過往已確認為合約資產的任何金額 於有關權利成為無條件(時間流逝除外) 時重新分類至應收賬款。

上述合約資產及合約負債的賬面值中包括保固金,於2023年3月31日,保固金為73,660,000港元(2022年:67,422,000港元)。於2023年3月31日,結餘包括關聯公司保固金零(2022年:23,000港元)。本公司的主要股東CCM Trust (Cayman) Limited (「CCM Trust」)及若干酌情信託於該等關聯公司擁有實益權益。

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23. CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (Continued)

Retention money is unsecured and interest-free and represented the monies withheld by customers of contract works fully recoverable within 1 to 3 years from the date of completion of respective design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services projects in accordance with the terms specified in the relevant contracts. Upon satisfactory completion of the installation works of whole project as set out in the contract, the architect for the building project will issue a practical completion certificate. Generally, upon the issuance of the practical completion certificate, half of the retention money of such project will be released to the Group, while the remaining half will be released to the Group upon the issuance of the certificate that identified defects in respect of the entire building project have been made good. This amount of retention money is included in contract assets until the end of the defect liability period as the Group's entitlement to this final payment is conditional on completion of defect liability period. The Group is responsible, at its own costs, for remedial works that may arise from defective works or materials used. The defect liability period serves as an assurance that the construction services performed comply with agreed-upon specifications and such assurance cannot be purchased separately. The Group classifies these contract assets as current because the Group expects to realise them in its normal operating cycle. The retention money does not have any significant financing component for financing benefit.

23. 合約資產及合約負債(續)

保固金為無抵押且免息,乃客戶就合約 項目扣留的款項,可根據相關合約規定 的條款於各設計、供應及安裝鋁窗及幕 墙服務工程的竣工日期後1至3年內全數 收回。整個項目的安裝工程按合約規定 圓滿完成後,建造項目的建築師將出具 實際竣工證書。一般而言,出具實際竣 工證書後,該項目保固金的一半將退還 本集團,保固金的另一半將待出具證明 書確認整個建造項目中已發現的缺陷已 獲修正後退還本集團。保固金金額乃計 入合約資產直至缺陷責任期結束為止, 原因是本集團收取該最終付款的權利乃 以缺陷責任期的完成為條件。本集團負 責因缺陷工程或所使用材料可能引起的 補救工程,費用由本集團自行承擔。缺 陷責任期為按協定規範履行建築服務的 保證且有關保證不可單獨購買。本集團 將該等合約資產分類為流動,原因是本 集團預期於正常營運週期將其變現。保 固金並不包含任何為獲取融資利益的重 大融資成分。

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23. CONTRACT ASSETS AND CONTRACT LIABILITIES (Continued)

23. 合約資產及合約負債(續)

The retention money is to be settled at the end of each reporting period as follows:

保固金將於各報告期末按如下方式結 付:

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year After one year	於一年後	20,939 52,721 73,660	2,923 64,499 67,422

Details of the impairment assessment on contact assets are set out in note 38.

有關合約資產之減值評估詳情載於附註 38。

24. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

Bank balances and cash represent cash held by the Group and short-term bank deposits with an original maturity of three months or less at interest rate ranged from 0.01% to 3.60% (2022: 0.01% to 2.90%) per annum as at 31 March 2023.

At 31 March 2023, bank balances and cash of HK\$10,588,000 (2022: HK\$4,513,000) denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") are not a freely convertible currency in the international market. The exchange rate of RMB is regulated by the PRC government and the remittance of these funds out of the PRC is subject to exchange restrictions imposed by the PRC government.

24. 銀行結餘及現金

銀行結餘及現金為本集團持有之現金及原本到期日為三個月或以下之短期銀行存款,該等存款於2023年3月31日按介乎0.01%至3.60%(2022年:0.01%至2.90%)的年利率計息。

於2023年3月31日,銀行結餘及現金為10,588,000港元(2022年:4,513,000港元),以人民幣(「**人民幣**」)計值。人民幣不可在國際市場上自由兌換。人民幣匯率受中國政府監管,倘該等資金匯往中國境外,須遵守中國政府實施的外匯管制。

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24. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

24. 銀行結餘及現金 (續)

(Continued)

Bank balances and cash are denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the relevant group entities are set out below. 以相關集團實體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣 列值之銀行結餘及現金載列如下。

	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
United States Dollar (" USD ") 美元 (「 美元 」)	10	20
Euro (" EUR ") 歐元 (「 歐元 」)	7	8
RMB 人民幣	683	64,509

Details of the impairment assessment on bank balances are set out in note 38.

銀行結餘的減值評估詳情載於附註38。

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25. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

25. 應付賬款及其他應付款項

6,971 26,714	10,953 25,002
26,714	25,002
1,252	2,112
1,518	1,023
13,816	10,597
171	171
-	550
50,442	50,408
	171

The credit period on purchase of goods and payment for subcontractors' works is ranged from 0 to 90 days.

The following is an aged analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date at the end of each reporting period:

購買商品及分包商工程款項付款之信貸 期介乎0至90日。

應付賬款之賬齡分析根據各報告期末之 發票日期呈列如下:

31-60 days 31至60日 115 2,7 61-90 days 61至90日 412 3,3			20 HK	2023)23年 \$′000 ·港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
31-60 days 31至60日 115 2,7 61-90 days 61至90日 412 3,3					
61-90 days 61至90日 412 3,3	Within 30 days	30日內		5,834	3,692
	31-60 days	31至60日		115	2,760
Over 90 days 超過90日 610 1,1	61-90 days	61至90日		412	3,315
	Over 90 days	超過90日		610	1,186
6,971 10,9				5,971	10,953

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26. PROVISIONS

26. 撥備

The Group's provisions are analysed for reporting purposes as:

本集團之撥備就呈報目的所作之分析如 下:

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	流動負債 非流動負債	15,751 53,518	10,793 59,378
		69,269	70,171

The movement of the Group's provisions are as follows:

本集團撥備之變動如下:

			Provision for	
		Warranty	rectification	
		provision	work	Total
		保修撥備	整改工程撥備	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元 ——————	千港元
At 1 April 2021	於2021年4月1日	36,775	29,085	65,860
Additions	添置	7,678	19,548	27,226
Utilisation	動用	(2,296)	(12,285)	(14,581)
Interest expenses	利息支出	1,738	_	1,738
Reversal	撥回	(9,165)	(907)	(10,072)
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	34,730	35,441	70,171
Additions	添置	4,593	14,397	18,990
Utilisation	動用	(2,336)	(16,241)	(18,577)
Interest expenses	利息支出	2,153	_	2,153
Reversal	撥回	(3,263)	(205)	(3,468)
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日	35,877	33,392	69,269

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26. PROVISIONS (Continued)

The warranty provision represents management's best estimate of the Group's liability under the assurance-type warranty period, mainly for a period of maximum of 15 years from the end of the defect liability period for provision of design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls services. The estimated cost of work is determined based on size of the project, relevant correspondences and contracts with customers and management's prior experience on warranty claim in the past.

The provision for rectification work relates to the cost of work to be carried out for rectification of aluminium windows and curtain walls supplied to the Group's customers during the defect liability period, mainly for a period of maximum of 3 years, based on size of the project, relevant correspondence and contracts with customers and management's prior experience with the consideration of the rectification work claim in the past. These amounts have not been discounted for the purpose of measuring the provision for rectification work because the effect is not material.

26. 撥備 (續)

保修撥備指管理層對本集團就提供鋁窗 及幕牆之設計、供應及安裝服務於保證 型保修期所承擔之責任作出的最佳估 計,保修期主要為缺陷責任期結束後一 段最長達15年的期間。估計施工成本乃 根據項目規模、與客戶的相關函件及合 約以及管理層有關過往保修申索之過往 經驗而釐定。

整改工程撥備涉及本集團於缺陷責任期內就向客戶提供之鋁窗及幕牆進行整改的施工成本(根據項目規模、與客戶的相關函件及合約以及管理層有關過往整改工程申索代價之過往經驗而釐定),缺陷責任期主要為一段最長達3年的期間。由於相關影響並不重大,故該等金額並未就計算整改工程撥備進行貼現。

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27. LEASE LIABILITIES

27. 租賃負債

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease liabilities payable	應付租賃負債		
Within one year Within a period of more than	於一年內 於超過一年但不超過兩年期間	184	100
one year but less than two years		167	_
		351	100
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months shown under current liabilities	減:12個月內到期結算的款項 (於流動負債下列示)	(184)	(100)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months shown under non- current liabilities	12個月後到期結算的款項 (於非流動負債下列示)	167	-

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities range from 4.8% to 5.1% (2022: 4.8% to 4.9%).

租賃負債應用的加權平均增量借款利率介乎4.8%至5.1%(2022年:4.8%至4.9%)。

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28. DEFERRED TAXATION

28. 遞延稅項

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

就呈列綜合財務狀況表而言。為財務報告目的對遞延稅項結餘所作的分析如下:

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022年 HK\$'000
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	1,724	1,064

The followings are the major deferred tax assets of the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior years:

於本年度及上一年度,本集團主要遞延 稅項資產及其變動載列如下:

			ECL provision	
			of trade	
		Accelerated	debtors and	
		tax	contract	
		depreciation	assets	Total
			應收賬款及	
			合約資產的	
		加速稅收	預期信貸	
		會舊	虧損撥備	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2021	於2021年4月1日	3	576	579
Credit to profit or loss (note 13)	計入損益(附註13)	350	135	485
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	353	711	1,064
Credit to profit or loss (note 13)	計入損益(附註13)	497	163	660
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日	850	874	1,724

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28. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

At 31 March 2023, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$94,000 (2022: HK\$6,202,000) available for offset against future profit. As at 31 March 2023, no deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses approximately HK\$94,000 (2022: HK\$6,202,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in the unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$94,000 (2022: 94,000) which may be carried forward indefinitely. As at 31 March 2022, unrecognised tax losses are losses of a PRC subsidiary of HK\$6,108,000 (2023: nil) that will expire in various dates up to 2027.

At the end of the reporting period, the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with undistributed earnings of subsidiaries for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised was HK\$5,627,000 (2022: HK\$4,240,000). No deferred tax liability has been recognised in respect of these differences because the Group is in a position to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

28. 遞延稅項(續)

於2023年3月31日,本集團未動用之稅項虧損約為94,000港元(2022年:6,202,000港元),可供用以抵銷未來溢利。於2023年3月31日,由於無法預測未來溢利流,故並無就稅項虧損約94,000港元(2022年:6,202,000港元)確認遞延稅項資產。未確認稅項虧損包括可無限期結轉虧損94,000港元(2022年:94,000港元)。於2022年3月31日,未確認稅項虧損為一間中國附屬公司的虧損6,108,000港元(2023年:無),該虧損將於2027年前多個日期到期。

於報告期末,尚未確認遞延稅項負債的 與附屬公司未分派盈利相關的暫時性 差額總額為5,627,000港元(2022年: 4,240,000港元)。概無就該等差額確認 遞延稅項負債的原因為本集團能夠控制 撥回暫時性差額的時間,而有關差額可 能不會於可預見的將來撥回。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

Share

capital

股本

Number

of shares

股份數目

29. SHARE CAPITAL

29. 股本

Notes

附註

		113 P.E.	··~ ··/ ~ ·	HK\$'000 千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each	每股面值0.1港元之普通股			
Authorised:	法定:			
As at 1 April 2021,	於2021年4月1日、			
31 March 2022 and	2022年3月31日及			
31 March 2023	2023年3月31日		5,000,000,000	500,000
			'	
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:			
At 1 April 2021	於2021年4月1日		442,657,630	44,266
Issue of shares upon	行使購股權後發行股份			
exercise of share options		(i)	2,658,000	266
Repurchased and cancelled	已購回及註銷	(ii)	(26,634,000)	(2,663)
As at 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日		418,681,630	41,869
Repurchased and cancelled		(ii)	(1,080,000)	(109)
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日		417,601,630	41,760

Notes:

- (i) The new shares issued rank pari passu in all respects with the existing shares in issue.
- (ii) The Company repurchased 2,254,000 shares (2022: 20,836,000 shares) on the market during the year ended 31 March 2023 for an aggregated consideration paid of approximately HK\$997,000 (2022: HK\$17,464,000), in which 1,050,000 shares (2022: 20,806,000 shares) were cancelled during the year ended 31 March 2023 and 1,204,000 shares (2022: 30,000 shares) were cancelled after the reporting date.

附註:

- (i) 新股份於所有方面與現有已發行股份 享有同等地位。
- (ii) 截至2023年3月31日止年度,本公司從市場上購回2,254,000股股份(2022年: 20,836,000股股份),已付代價合共為約997,000港元(2022年: 17,464,000港元),其中1,050,000股股份(2022年: 20,806,000股股份)已於截至2023年3月31日止年度註銷,而1,204,000股股份(2022年: 30,000股股份)已於報告日期後註銷。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

29. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

29. 股本 (續)

The Company repurchased its own shares through the Stock Exchange as follows:

本公司透過聯交所購回其自身之股份如 下:

For the year ended 31 March 2023

截至2023年3月31日止年度

Price paid per share 已付每股價格

			013 7 IX IX II			
		No. of ordinary share of			Aggregate consideration	
		HK\$0.1 each 每股0.1港元	Highest	Lowest	paid	
Month of		之普通股份			已付	
repurchases	購回月份	數目	最高	最低	代價總額	
			HK\$	HK\$	HK\$'000	
			港元	港元	千港元	
November 2022	2022年11月	314,000	0.43	0.39	131	
December 2022	2022年12月	736,000	0.45	0.44	325	
March 2023	2023年3月	1,204,000	0.45	0.45	541	
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日	2,254,000			997	

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

29. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

29. 股本 (續)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

截至2022年3月31日止年度

Price paid per share 已付每股價格

		No. of ordinary			Aggregate
		share of			consideration
		HK\$0.1 each	Highest	Lowest	paid
		每股0.1港元			
Month of		之普通股份			已付
repurchases	購回月份	數目	最高	最低	代價總額
			HK\$	HK\$	HK\$'000
			港元	港元	千港元
April 2021	2021年4月	11,832,000	0.86	0.81	10,037
May 2021	2021年5月	1,440,000	0.86	0.84	1,231
June 2021	2021年6月	606,000	0.86	0.83	514
July 2021	2021年7月	1,128,000	0.83	0.82	933
August 2021	2021年8月	770,000	0.83	0.82	635
September 2021	2021年9月	2,270,000	0.85	0.81	1,885
October 2021	2021年10月	518,000	0.84	0.83	435
December 2021	2021年12月	1,062,000	0.78	0.75	815
January 2022	2022年1月	876,000	0.81	0.78	706
February 2022	2022年2月	304,000	0.82	0.80	249
March 2022	2022年3月	30,000	0.80	0.80	24
At 31 March 2022	於2022年3月31日	20,836,000			17,464

30. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2023, the Group entered into new lease agreements for the use of car parking spaces for 1 to 3 years respectively. On the lease commencement, the Group recognised HK\$453,000 (2022: nil) of right-of-use assets and HK\$453,000 (2022: nil) of lease liabilities.

30. 非現金交易

於截至2023年3月31日止年度,本集團就使用停車位分別訂立為期1至3年之新租賃協議。於租賃開始時,本集團確認使用權資產453,000港元(2022年:零)。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

31. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

31. 經營租賃安排

The Group as lessor

本集團作為出租人

Undiscounted lease payments receivables on leases are as follows:

租賃之未貼現應收租賃付款如下:

	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year —年內 In the second year 第二年	864 492	1,027 327
	1,356	1,

32. PERFORMANCE BONDS

32. 履約保證金

As at 31 March 2023, the Group had outstanding performance bonds in respect of construction contracts amounting to HK\$145,587,000 (2022: HK\$156,073,000).

於2023年3月31日,本集團就建築合約持有之未償付履約保證金為145,587,000港元(2022年:156,073,000港元)。

33. COMMITMENT

33. 承擔

The Group's share of the commitment made jointly with other joint venture partner to the joint venture, but not recognised at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本集團與其他合營夥伴向合營企業共同 作出但於報告期末尚未確認之承擔份額 如下:

		2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Commitment to provide loan	承諾作出貸款	93,575	99,600

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to the Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") which was adopted and became effective on 25 August 2020, all directors (including independent non-executive directors), full-time employees of any member the Group and any advisers, consultants, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners, joint venture partners, promoters, service providers of any member of the Group who the board of directors considers, in its sole discretion, to have contributed or will contribute to the Group are eligible to participate in the Scheme.

The purpose of the Scheme is to award the participants who have contributed or will contribute to the Group and to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole, and to maintain or attract business relationships with participants whose contributions are or may be beneficial to the growth of the Group.

(a) Maximum number of shares available for issuance

The maximum number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue as at the date of approval of the Scheme, subject to renewal as approved by the shareholders of the Company. Upon the refreshment of the Scheme mandate limit at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 24 August 2021, the maximum number of share options that can be granted under the Scheme was 42,394,763. As at 31 March 2023, the maximum number of share options that can be granted under the Scheme was 42,394,763 (2022: 42,394,763).

34. 以股份為基礎的付款交易

根據本公司的購股權計劃(「該計劃」) (於2020年8月25日獲採納及生效),董 事會全權酌情認為已經或將對本集團作 出貢獻的本集團任何成員公司的所有董 事(包括獨立非執行董事)、本集團任何 成員公司的全職僱員以及本集團任何成 員公司的任何顧問、諮詢人、分銷商、承 包商、供應商、代理、客戶、業務夥伴、 合營企業業務夥伴、發起人、服務提供 商均可合資格參與該計劃。

該計劃旨在獎勵已經或將對本集團作出 貢獻的參與者並鼓勵彼等為本公司及其 股東的整體利益,努力提升本公司及其 股份的價值,以及維持或吸引與其貢獻 對或可能對本集團增長有利的參與者的 業務關係。

(a) 可供發行之最高股份數目

因根據該計劃將予授出之所有購股權獲行使而可予發行之最高股份數目不得超過該計劃批准日期本公司已發行股份數目之10%,惟須經本公司股東批准更新。於本公司於2021年8月24日舉行的股東週年大會上更新該計劃授權限額後,根據該計劃可授出的最高購股權數目為42,394,763份。於2023年3月31日,該計劃項下可授出的購股權數目上限為42,394,763份(2022年:42,394,763份)。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(b) Maximum entitlement of each participant

- (1) The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Scheme in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the number of Company's shares in issue unless otherwise approved by the shareholders of the Company.
- (2) Where any grant of options to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), would result in the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted to such person in any 12-month period up to and including the date of the grant:
 - (i) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the number of the Company's shares in issue; and
 - (ii) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company on the date of grant, in excess of HK\$5.0 million.

Such grant of options shall be subject to prior approval of the shareholders of the Company who are not connected persons of the Company as defined in the Listing Rules.

34. 以股份為基礎的付款交易(續)

(b) 各參與者之購股權配額上限

- (1) 除非經本公司股東另作批准,否則於任何12個月期間,因根據該計劃授予各參與者之購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使之購股權)獲行使而發行及將予發行之股份總數不得超過本公司已發行股份數目之1%。
- (2) 倘向本公司之主要股東或獨立非執行董事或任何彼等各自之聯繫人(定義見上市規則)授出任何購股權,將會導致於直至授出日期止之任何12個月期間(包括授出之日)向該人士已授出及將予授出之所有購股權獲行使而已發行及將予發行之股份:
 - (i) 合共佔本公司已發行股份數目之0.1%以上;及
 - (ii) 總值超過5,000,000港元 (根據本公司股份於授 出日期之收市價計算)。

則授出該項購股權須預先取 得本公司股東(並非本公司之 關連人士(定義見聯交所上市 規則))批准。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(c) Period within which the shares must be taken up under an option

Within ten years from the date on which an option is granted or such shorter period as the board of directors or the relevant committee thereof may specify.

(d) Minimum period, if any, for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

At the time of granting an option, the board of directors or the relevant committee thereof must specify the minimum period(s) (if any) and achievement of performance target(s) (if any), for which an option must be held before it can be exercised in whole or in part.

(e) Period open for acceptance of an option

The offer of the grant of an option (of which the date of grant must be a business day of the Stock Exchange) must be accepted within 14 days after the date of grant.

(f) Amount payable upon acceptance of the option

A consideration of HK\$1 shall be paid upon the acceptance of the option.

34. 以股份為基礎的付款交易(續)

(c) 根據購股權必須認購股份之 期限

由授出購股權之日起十年期間或 董事會或轄下有關委員會可能指 定之較短期間。

(d) 購股權於可予行使前之最短 持有期(如有)

於授出購股權之時,董事會或轄下 有關委員會必須指定購股權於可 予行使(全部或部分)前之最短持 有期(如有)及達成的表現目標(如 有)。

(e) 接納購股權之期限

授出購股權 (授出日期必須為聯交所之營業日) 的要約必須在授出日期後14日內獲接納。

(f) 於接納購股權時應付之款項

於接納購股權時須付1港元作為代 價。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

(g) Basis of determining exercise price of the option

The exercise price of the option shall be no less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company on the date of grant.

(h) Remaining life of the Scheme

The Scheme has a life of 10 years and will expire on 24 August 2030 unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the terms of the Scheme.

At 31 March 2023, the number of shares in respect of which options had been granted and remained outstanding under the Scheme was 5,987,000 (2022: 6,315,000), representing approximately 1.43% (2022: 1.51%) of the shares of the Company issued at that date.

34. 以股份為基礎的付款交易(續)

(g) 釐定購股權行使價之基準

購股權之行使價必須不低於下列 三者之最高者:

- (i) 聯交所於授出日期(須為營業 日)發出之日報表所述之本公 司股份收市價;
- (ii) 聯交所於緊接授出日期前五 個營業日發出之日報表所述 之本公司股份平均收市價; 及
- (iii) 本公司股份於授出日期之面 值。

(h) 該計劃之餘下年限

除非根據該計劃條款予以終止,否 則該計劃之有效年限為10年,並將 於2030年8月24日屆滿。

於2023年3月31日,根據該計劃已授出惟尚未行使之購股權所涉及之股份數目為5,987,000股(2022年:6,315,000股),相當於該日本公司已發行股份之約1.43%(2022年:1.51%)。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

34. 以股份為基礎的付款交易(續)

Details of the movements of the share option granted during the years ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

截至2023年及2022年3月31日止年度授 出的購股權的變動詳情如下:

For the year ended 31 March 2023

截至2023年3月31日止年度

Category of participants	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise price per share	Outstanding as at 1 April 2022 於2022年 4月1日	Granted during the year	Forfeited during the year	Exercised during the year	Outstanding as at 31 March 2023 於2023年 3月31日
參與者類型	授出日期	行使期間	每股行使價 HK\$ 港元	尚未行使	於年內授出	於年內沒收	於年內行使	尚未行使
Directors 董事	9 October 2020 2020年10月9日	9 October 2020 to 8 October 2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	0.59	3,610,000	-	-	-	3,610,000
Employees 僱員	9 October 2020 2020年10月9日	9 October 2020 to 8 October 2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	0.59	2,705,000	-	(328,000)	-	2,377,000
				6,315,000	-	(328,000)	-	5,987,000
Weight average exercise price 加權平均行使價				0.59	N/A不適用	0.59	N/A不適用	0.59
Exercisable at the end of the year 於年末可行使								5,987,000

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

34. 以股份為基礎的付款交易(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2022

截至2022年3月31日止年度

Category of participants 参與者類型	Date of grant 授出日期	Exercise period 行使期間	Exercise price per share 每股行使價 HK\$	Outstanding as at 1 April 2021 於2021年 4月1日 尚未行使	Reclassified during the year (Note b) 於年內 重新分類 (附註b)	Granted during the year 於年內授出	Lapsed during the year 於年內失效	Exercised during the year 於年內行使	Outstanding as at 31 March 2022 於2022年 3月31日 尚未行使
Directors 董事	9 October 2020 2020年10月9日	9 October 2020 to 8 October 2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	0.59	3,976,000	506,000	-	-	(872,000)	3,610,000
Employees 僱員	9 October 2020 2020年10月9日	9 October 2020 to 8 October 2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	0.59	4,997,000	(506,000)	-	-	(1,786,000)	2,705,000
Other participant (Note a) 其他參與者 (附註a)	9 October 2020 2020年10月9日	9 October 2020 to 8 October 2025 2020年10月9日至 2025年10月8日	0.59	4,363,000	-	-	(4,363,000)	-	-
				13,336,000	-	-	(4,363,000)	(2,658,000)	6,315,000
Weight average exercise price 加權平均行使價				0.59	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	0.59	0.59	0.59
Exercisable at the end of the year 於年末可行使									6,315,000

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Cha Mou Sing, Payson, the former non-executive Chairman of the Company, passed away on 6 November 2020 (PST). Pursuant to the Scheme, his personal representative(s) should be entitled within a period of 12 months from the date of death to exercise his remaining 4,363,000 share options. The share options were lapsed during the year ended 31 March 2022.
- (b) Mr. Wong Kin was appointed as an executive director of the Company on 1 December 2021.

附註:

- (a) 本公司前非執行主席查懋聲先生於 2020年11月6日(太平洋標準時間) 辭世。根據該計劃,彼之個人代表 有權於身故日期起計12個月期間 內,行使彼餘下的4,363,000份購股權。該等購股權已於截至2022年3月 31日止年度失效。
- (b) 黄健先生於2021年12月1日獲委任 為本公司執行董事。

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35. RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLANS

Defined contribution plan

The Group participates in the MPF Scheme for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% to 10% of the relevant payroll costs for each employee to the MPF Scheme, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000 for the MPF Scheme, which contribution is matched by employees.

The employees of the Group in the PRC are members of a state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. The Group is required to contribute a specific percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the specified contributions.

The total expense recognised in profit or loss of HK\$6,104,000 (2022: HK\$6,213,000) represents contributions payable to these plans by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the plans.

35. 退休福利計劃

界定供款計劃

本集團為香港全體合資格僱員參加強積金計劃。計劃的資產與本集團資產分開,以受託人控制的基金形式持有。本集團向強積金計劃所供款項為各位僱員相關薪金成本的5%至10%,有關供款與僱員配對,惟強積金計劃的每月相關繳款收入上限為30,000港元。

本集團的中國僱員參與中國政府運作的 國家管理退休福利計劃。本集團須按工 資成本的指定百分比向退休福利計劃供 款以為有關福利提供資金。本集團有關 退休福利計劃的責任僅為作出指定供 款。

於損益確認的總開支6,104,000港元 (2022年:6,213,000港元)乃本集團須 按有關計劃規則訂明的稅率應付該等計 劃之供款額。

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35. RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLANS

(Continued)

Defined benefit plan

Pursuant to the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance, Chapter 57, the Group has the obligation to pay Long Service Payment ("LSP") to qualifying employees in Hong Kong upon retirement, subject to a minimum of 5 years employment period, based on the following formula: Last monthly wages (before termination of employment) × 2/3 × Years of service. Last monthly wages are capped at HK\$22,500 while the amount of long service payment shall not exceed HK\$390,000. This obligation is accounted for as a post-employment defined benefit plan.

Furthermore, the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance passed in 1995 permits the Group to utilise the Group's mandatory MPF contributions, plus/minus any positive/negative returns thereof (collectively, the "Eligible Offset Amount"), for the purpose of offsetting LSP payable to an employee (the "Offsetting Arrangement").

35. 退休福利計劃(續)

界定福利計劃

根據香港僱傭條例第57章,本集團有責任向香港合資格僱員退休時支付長期服務金(「長期服務金」),惟受僱期須最少為5年,計算公式如下:最後一個月的工資(終止僱傭前)×2/3×服務年限。最後一個月工資上限為22,500港元,而長期服務金金額不得超過390,000港元。該責任作為離職後界定福利計劃入賬。

此外,1995年通過的《強制性公積金計劃條例》允許本集團動用本集團的強制性強積金供款,加上/減去任何正/負回報(統稱「**合資格抵銷額**」),以抵銷應付予僱員的長期服務金(「抵銷安排」)。

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35. RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLANS

(Continued)

Defined benefit plan (Continued)

The Employment & Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 was gazetted on 17 June 2022, which will eventually abolish the Offsetting Arrangement. The Amendment will come into effect prospectively from 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date"). Under the amended Ordinance, the Eligible Offset Amount after the Transition Date can only be applied to offset the pre-Transition Date LSP obligation but no longer eligible to offset the post-Transition Date LSP obligations before the Transition Date will be grandfathered and calculated based on the last monthly wages immediately preceding the Transition Date.

The Group's LSP obligation, taking into consideration the Offsetting Arrangement, is considered to be insignificant as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022.

35. 退休福利計劃(續)

界定福利計劃(續)

《2022年僱傭及退休計劃法例(抵銷安排) (修訂)條例》於2022年6月17日刊憲,最 終將廢除抵銷安排。該修訂將自2025年 5月1日(「過渡日期」)提前生效。根據經 修訂的條例,過渡日期後的合資格抵銷 額只能用於抵銷過渡日期前的長期服務 金責任,惟不再合資格抵銷過渡日期後 的長期服務金責任。此外,過渡日期前 的長期服務金責任將不受此限,並將根 據過渡日期前的最後一個月工資計算。

考慮到抵銷安排,於2023年3月31日及 2022年3月31日,本集團的合資格抵銷 額責任被認為並不重大。

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36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

36. 關聯方交易

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group has following transactions and balances with related parties:

除綜合財務報表其他部分披露者外,本 集團與關聯方的交易及結餘載列如下:

(a) Subsidiaries of Hanison Construction Holdings Limited ("Hanison") (Note):

(a) 興勝創建控股有限公司(「興勝」)的 附屬公司(附註):

> As at/For the year ended 31 March 於3月31日/ 截至3月31日止年度

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain	鋁窗及幕牆的設計、供應及 安裝服務支出		
walls services expenses Interest expenses on	租賃負債利息開支	813	1,336
lease liabilities		4	2
Lease liabilities	租賃負債 ————————————————————————————————————	-	51

(b) Compensation of key management personnel

Compensation of key management personnel represents the remuneration of the directors of the Company during both years, which is disclosed in note 12.

Note:

Hanison and its subsidiaries are regarded as related companies in which CCM Trust and certain discretionary trusts have beneficial interests.

(b) 主要管理人員之薪酬

主要管理人員之薪酬指本公司董事於兩個年度內的薪酬,相關情況 披露於附註12。

附註:

興勝及其附屬公司被視為CCM Trust及若干全權信託於其中擁有實益權益的關聯公司。

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37. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to its shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net of bank balances and cash, share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, issue of new shares and debts and repurchase of shares.

37. 資金風險管理

本集團管理其資本以確保本集團內各實體能夠以持續經營方式營運,同時亦透過達致債務與權益之間最佳平衡而為股東爭取最大回報。本集團的整體策略自上一年度起維持不變。

本集團的資本架構包括扣除銀行結餘及 現金,股本及儲備。

本公司董事定期檢討資本架構。作為此檢討之一部分,本公司董事考慮資金成本及與各類資金相關的風險。根據本公司董事的建議,本集團將透過派付股息、發行新股份及債務以及購回股份的方式平衡整體資本架構。

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

38. 財務工具

Categories of financial instruments

財務工具類別

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets Financial assets at amortised cost	財務資產 按攤銷成本列賬之財務資產	283,279	263,817
Financial liabilities At amortised cost	財務負債 按攤銷成本	33,856	36,126

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments include loan to a joint venture, trade debtors, deposits and other receivables, amount due from a joint venture, bank balances and cash, trade and other payables and lease liabilities.

Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的財務工具包括向合營企業作出 之貸款、應收賬款、按金及其他應收款 項、應收合營企業款項、銀行結餘及現 金、應付賬款及其他應付款項及租賃負 債。

有關該等財務工具之詳情於相關附註披露。該等財務工具涉及之風險及如何減輕該等風險之政策載於下文。管理層管理及監察該等風險,以確保及時有效地採取妥善措施。

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

38. 財務工具 (續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Market risk

市場風險

(i) Currency risk

(i) 貨幣風險

The functional currency of the group entities is mainly HK\$ and RMB, the currencies in which most of the transactions are denominated. The carrying amounts of the foreign currency denominated monetary assets of the group entities at the end of the reporting period are disclosed in note 24.

集團實體之功能貨幣主要為港元及人民幣,大部分交易均以港元及人民幣計值。集團實體於報告期末以外幣計值之貨幣資產的賬面值披露於附註24。

The management of the Group considers that the currency risk of those monetary assets is not significant to the Group. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

本集團管理層認為該等貨幣資產 的貨幣風險對本集團而言並不重 大。本集團目前並無外幣對沖政 策。然而,管理層會監控外匯風險 並將於有需要時考慮對沖重大外 幣風險。

In addition, the carrying amount of the foreign currency denominated inter-company balances recorded in the statement of financial position of the group entities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

此外,於報告期末於集團實體財務 狀況表入賬以外幣計值的公司間 結餘的賬面值如下:

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
RMB against HK\$	人民幣兌港元	(16,814)	(29,704)

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(i) Currency risk (Continued)

The Group is mainly exposed to fluctuation in exchange rate of RMB against HK\$. The financial impact on the exchange differences arising from foreign currency of HK\$ against RMB is expected to be insignificant to the Group. The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in respective functional currency (i.e. HK\$) against the relevant foreign currency (i.e. RMB). 10% is the sensitivity rate used which represents the management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in a foreign exchange rate. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items including intercompany balances and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 10% change in a foreign currency rate. A positive number below indicates an increase in post-tax profit where HK\$ strengthens 10% against RMB. For a 10% weakening of HK\$ against RMB, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the posttax profit and the amount below would be negative.

38. 財務工具 (續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 貨幣風險(續)

本集團主要受人民幣兌港元匯率 波動的影響。預期港元兌人民幣 的匯兌差異帶來的財務影響對本 集團而言並不重大。下表詳列本集 團在功能貨幣(即港元)兌相關外幣 (即人民幣)上升及下跌10%時的 敏感度。10%乃管理層評估外匯匯 率可能出現之合理變動時所採用 的敏感度比率。敏感度分析僅包括 以外幣計值之未結清貨幣項目(包 括公司間結餘),並於年末按10% 外幣匯率變動調整換算。以下正數 表示港元兌人民幣升值10%時除 稅後溢利的增加值。倘港元兌人民 幣貶值10%,將會對除稅後溢利構 成等值的相反影響,且下述金額將 為負數。

		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元
RMB against HK\$	人民幣兌港元	1,347	(2,901)

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate bank balances (see note 24) and lease liabilities (see note 27). The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate bank balances (see note 24). The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. The directors of the Company continuously monitor interest rate exposure and will consider enter into interest rate hedging should the need arise. The directors of the Company considered the Group's exposure of the bank balances to interest rate risk is not significant and therefore no sensitivity analysis is presented.

Credit risk and impairment assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. The Group's credit risk exposures are primarily attributable to loan to a joint venture, trade debtors, contract assets, deposits and other receivables, amount due from a joint venture and bank balances. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets, contract assets and loan commitment.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In this regards, the management of the Group considers that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced. In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on trade receivables and contract assets with significant balances and credit-impaired individually, the remaining trade debtors and contract assets are grouped and assessed collectively based on shared credit risk characteristics by reference to the Group's internal credit ratings.

38. 財務工具 (續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

利率風險

本集團就定息銀行結餘(見附註24)及租賃負債(見附註27)面臨公平值利率風險。本集團亦就浮息銀行結餘(見附註24)而面臨現金流量利率風險。本集團現時並無利率對沖政策。本公司董事持續監察利率風險,並將於有需要時考慮對沖利率。本公司董事認為本集團銀行結餘面臨的利率風險並不重大,因此並無呈列敏感度分析。

信貸風險及減值評估

信貸風險指本集團之對手方未能履行其合約義務並對本集團造成財務損失之風險。本集團之信貸風險主要為向合營企業作出之貸款、應收賬款、合約資產、按金及其他應收款項、應收合營企業款項及銀行結餘。本集團並無持有任何抵押品或其他信貸增級以涵蓋其財務資產、合約資產及貸款承擔之相關信貸風險。

為將信貸風險降至最低,本集團管理層已委派一支團隊負責釐定信貸限額、信貸批核及其他監察程序,確保採取後續行動以收回逾期債務。就此而言,本集團管理層認為,本集團的信貸風險顯著降低。此外,本集團根據預期信貸虧損模式對具有重大結餘及信貸減值之應收賬款及合約資產進行個別減值評估,餘下應收賬款及合約資產乃參考本集團內部信貸評級,按其共同信貸風險特徵進行分組並集體評估。

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

38. 財務工具 (續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

本集團的內部信貸風險評級評估包括以 下類別:

Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Description 說明	Trade debtors/contract assets 應收賬款/合約資產	Other financial assets/ other items 其他財務資產/其他項目
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and with active business relationship	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12m ECL
低風險	交易對手的違約風險較低,且業務關係活躍	整個存續期預期信貸虧損一 非信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	12m ECL
監察名單	債務人經常於到期日後償還,但一般會悉數 償還	整個存續期預期信貸虧損一 非信貸減值	12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – not credit- impaired
可疑	透過內部編製或外部來源資料自初始確認以來信貸風險已顯著增加	整個存續期預期信貸虧損一 非信貸減值	整個存續期預期信貸虧損一 非信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit- impaired
虧損	存在證據表示資產已信貸減值	整個存續期預期信貸虧損一 信貸減值	整個存續期預期信貸虧損- 信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
撇銷	recovery 存在證據表示債務人處於嚴重財務困難及本	款項已撇銷	款項已撇銷
JUN AUT	集團並無實際收回款項的可能		/// - 犬 □] 判7

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

38. 財務工具 (續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

The table below details the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets, contract assets and loan commitment which are subject to ECL assessment:

下表詳述須進行預期信貸虧損評估之本 集團財務資產、合約資產及貸款承擔之 信貸風險:

	Notes 附註	External credit rating 外部 信貸評級	Internal credit rating 內部 信貸評級	ating lifetime ECL Gross carrying amoun 12個月或整個存續期		•		Gross carrying amount 賬面總值	
			2023 2023年		2022 2022年				
		_			HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	
Trade debtors – contract with	22	N/A	Low risk	Lifetime ECL –					
customers 應收賬款-與客戶訂約		不適用	低風險	not credit impaired 整個存續期預期信貸虧損- 非信貸減值	109,626		100,054		
		N/A	Watch list	Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired	21.825		7,947		
		不適用	監察名單	整個存續期預期信貸虧損一 非信貸減值	21,023		7,347		
		N/A	Doubtful	Lifetime ECL – not credit- impaired	3,903		4,446		
		不適用	可疑	整個存續期預期信貸虧損一 非信貸減值	,,,,,		,		
			Loss	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired	810	136,164	830	113,277	
			虧損	整個存續期預期信貸虧損一 信貸減值	610	130,104	630	113,277	
Contract assets	23	N/A	Low risk	Lifetime ECL –			405.050		
合約資產		不適用	低風險	not credit impaired 整個存續期預期信貸虧損- 非信貸減值	119,159		135,070		
			Watch list	Lifetime ECL –	15,850	135,009	1,527	136,597	
			監察名單	not credit impaired 整個存續期預期信貸虧損- 非信貸減值	15,650	133,009	1,327	130,337	
Deposits and other receivables 按金及其他應收款項	22	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損		534		752	
Loan to a joint venture 向合營企業作出之貸款	20	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損		72,715		65,840	
Amount due from a joint venture	20	N/A	Low risk	12m ECL		-		75	
應收合營企業款項 Loan commitment	33	不適用 N/A	低風險 Low risk	12個月預期信貸虧損 12m ECL		93,575		99,600	
貸款承擔		不適用	低風險	12個月預期信貸虧損		·			
Bank balances 銀行結餘	24	A or above A級或以上	N/A 不適用	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損		77,348		85,677	

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

38. 財務工具 (續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime ECL for trade debtors and contract assets.

本集團應用簡化方法就香港財務報告 準則第9號規定的預期信貸虧損計提撥 備,該準則允許就應收賬款及合約資產 使用整個存續期預期信貸虧損。

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group applies internal credit ratings for its customers. The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk for trade debtors and contract assets which are assessed based on collective basis within lifetime ECL (non-creditimpaired). Trade debtors and contract assets with significant outstanding balances or credit-impaired with gross carrying amount of HK\$99,185,000 and HK\$73,362,000 respectively as at 31 March 2023 (2022: HK\$81,601,000 and HK\$88,505,000) were assessed individually.

作為本集團信貸風險管理之一部分,本集團為其客戶應用內部信貸評級。下表提供有關於整個存續期預期信貸虧損(非信貸減值)進行集中評估的應收賬款及合約資產的信貸風險之資料。於2023年3月31日,總賬面值分別為99,185,000港元及73,362,000港元(2022年:81,601,000港元及88,505,000港元)的重大未償還結餘或信貸減值之應收賬款及合約資產進行個別評估。

Trade receivables - gross carrying amount

應收賬款一總賬面值

			2023 2023年		2022 2022年	
		Average loss rate 平均虧損率	Trade debtors 應收賬款 HK\$'000 千港元	Average loss rate 平均虧損率	Trade debtors 應收賬款 HK\$'000 千港元	
Internal credit rating Low risk Watch list Doubtful	內部信貸評級 低風險 監察名單 可疑	2.0% 2.1% 4.7%	32,450 516 4,013	1.5% 2.2% 4.7%	19,282 7,948 4,446	
			36,979		31,676	

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

38. 財務工具 (續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

Contract assets – gross carrying amount

合約資產-總賬面值

			2023 2023年		22 2年
		Average loss rate 平均虧損率	loss rate assets		Contract assets 合約資產 HK\$'000 千港元
Internal credit rating Low risk Watch list	內部信貸評級 低風險 監察名單	1.5% N/A不適用	61,647 -	1.4% 2.1%	46,565 1,527
			61,647		48,092

The estimated loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated. The contract assets have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade debtors for the same type of contracts. The Group has therefore concluded that the loss rates for trade debtors are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for contract assets.

估計虧損率乃根據債務人預期年期的過往可觀察違約率估計,並就毋須付出過多成本或努力即可得的前瞻性資料作出調整。管理層定期審查分組,以確保更新有關特定債務人的相關資料。合約資產的絕大部分有相同的風險特徵,原因是應收賬款為同一合約類型。因此,本集團認為,應收賬款的虧損率乃合約資產虧損率的合理概約。

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

38. 財務工具 (續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

The following table shows the movements of lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade debtors and contract assets under the simplified approach:

下表列示根據簡化法確認之應收賬款及 合約資產的整個存續期預期信貸虧損變 動:

		Trade debtors Contract assets 應收賬款 合約資產				
		Lifetime ECL not credit- impaired 整個存續期 預期信貸虧損 (非信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECL credit- impaired 整個存續期 預期信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECL not credit- impaired 整個存續期 預期信貸虧損 (非信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECL credit- impaired 整個存續期 預期信貸虧損 (信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 工#=
		T 伦兀	T 枪兀	一 一 一 一 一 一	一 一 一 一 一	千港元
At 1 April 2021 Exchange adjustments Changes due to financial assets/ contract assets recognised as at 1 April 2021:	於2021年4月1日 匯兌調整 於2021年4月1日確認應付 財務資產/合約資產之變動:	1,918 74	825 5	1,087 _	-	3,830 79
 Impairment losses recognised Reversal of impairment losses 	 已確認減值虧損 撥回已確認減值虧損	63	-	1,390	-	1,453
recognised (Note) Reclassification Impairment losses for	(附註) 重新分類 新財務資產/合約資產	(1,694) 53	-	(525) (53)	-	(2,219) –
new financial assets/contract assets	減值虧損	1,446	-	34	-	1,480
At 31 March 2022 Exchange adjustments Changes due to financial assets/ contract assets recognised as at 1 April 2022:	於2022年3月31日 匯兌調整 於2022年4月1日確認應付 財務資產/合約資產之 變動:	1,860 (13)	830 (10)	1,933 -	- -	4,623 (23)
 Impairment losses recognised Reversal of impairment losses 	—已確認減值虧損 —撥回已確認減值虧損	535	-	279	-	814
recognised (Note) Reclassification Impairment losses for	(附註) 重新分類 新財務資產/合約資產	(862) 47	(10) -	(932) (47)	-	(1,804) -
new financial assets/contract assets	減值虧損	1,321	-	911	-	2,232
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日	2,888	810	2,144	-	5,842

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The Group writes off a trade debtor or a contract asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or when the trade debtors or contract assets are over three years past due, whichever occurs earlier.

Note: The reversal of impairment losses for trade debtors and contract assets existed at 1 April 2022 during the year ended 31 March 2023 are mainly due to settlement in full of trade debtors and contract assets with gross carrying amounts of HK\$52,051,000 and HK\$59,574,000 (2022: HK\$132,693,000 and HK\$32,322,000), respectively.

Other receivables and deposits

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the management of the Group has obtained understanding to the credit background of the debtors and deposits and undertaken the internal credit approval process. The Group applies internal credit rating for its debtors and deposits and makes periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. No allowance for impairment was made since the management of the Group considers that the probability of default is minimal after considering the counterparties' repayment history.

38. 財務工具 (續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

當有資料表示債務人處於嚴重財務困難 且並無實際收回款項的可能(例如當債 務人處於清算或已訂立破產程序)或當 應收賬款或合約資產逾期三年以上(以 較早者為準)時,本集團撇銷應收賬款或 合約資產。

附註: 於截至2023年3月31日止年度,撥回於2022年4月1日存在的應收賬款及合約資產的減值虧損乃主要由於悉數結清賬面總值分別為52,051,000港元及59,574,000港元(2022年:132,693,000港元及32,322,000港元的應收賬款及合約資產所致。

其他應收款項及按金

作為本集團信貸風險管理的一部分,本 集團管理層已了解應收賬款及按金的信 貸背景及進行內部信貸審批程序。本集 團就其應收賬款及按金應用內部信貸評 級並根據歷史結算記錄、過往經驗及有 理有據的前瞻性定量及定性資料,對其 他應收款項及按金的可收回性定期進行 個別評估。概無作出減值撥備,原因是 本集團管理層在考慮對手方的還款歷史 後認為違約的可能性極微。

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

Loan to a joint venture and amount due from a joint venture

For the purpose of internal credit risk management, the Group regularly monitors the business performance of the joint venture. The Group's credit risks in these balances are mitigated through monitoring the value of the assets hold by the joint venture and the power to jointly control the relevant activities of the joint venture. As at 31 March 2023, the gross carrying amounts of loan to a joint venture and amount due from a joint venture are HK\$72,715,000 and nil (2022: HK\$65,840,000 and HK\$75,000), respectively.

Bank balances

For the purpose of internal credit risk management, the Group mainly transacts with banks with high credit ratings and regularly monitors the international credit rating of the counterparties. The Group assessed 12m ECL on bank balances by reference to information relating to probability of default and loss given default of the respective credit rating grades published by external credit rating agencies. No allowance for impairment was made since the management of the Group considers that the probability of default is negligible as such amounts are receivable from or placed in banks with high credit rating grades published by external credit rating agencies.

38. 財務工具 (續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

向合營企業作出之貸款及應收合營企業 款項

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團會定期監察合營企業的業務表現。本集團透過合營企業持有的資產價值及對合營企業相關活動的共同控制權降低結餘的信貸風險。於2023年3月31日,向合營企業作出之貸款及應收合營企業款項的賬面總值分別為72,715,000港元及零(2022年:65,840,000港元及75,000港元)。

銀行結餘

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團主要 與高信貸評級的銀行進行交易並定期監 察對手方的國際信貸評級。本集團參 有關外部信貸評級機構所發佈的有關 貸評級的違約可能性及違約損失率 料,對銀行結餘進行12個月預期信貸 損評估。概無作出減值撥備,原因是本 集團管理層認為違約的可能性微乎其 微,此乃由於來自或存放於具有外部信 貸評級機構所發佈的高信貸評級的銀行 的相關金額乃可收回。

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Loan commitment

No allowance for impairment was made since the management of the Group considers that the exposure at default was minimal as the management of the Group has obtained understanding of the financial background and business performance of the joint venture. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group's credit risks in loan commitment to the joint venture is mitigated through the value of the assets held by the joint venture and the power to jointly control the relevant activities of the joint venture.

Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. For non-derivative financial liabilities, the table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

38. 財務工具 (續)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

貸款承擔

由於本集團管理層認為違約風險極微, 故並無作出減值撥備,原因為本集團管 理層已了解合營企業的財務背景及業務 表現。本公司董事認為,本集團向合營 企業作出的貸款承擔的信貸風險已透過 合營企業持有的資產價值及對合營企業 相關活動的共同控制權降低。

流動資金風險

在管理流動資金風險時,本集團監控及維持管理層認為本集團擁有足夠維持經營所需之現金及現金等值之水平及減輕現金流波動帶來之影響。

下表詳述本集團基於協定還款條款的財務負債之合約剩餘到期日。對於非衍生財務負債,此表乃根據本集團可能需要償還之最早日期之財務負債未貼現現金流編製。其他非衍生財務負債之到期日根據協定還款日期釐定。該表包括利息及本金現金流。

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38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

38. 財務工具 (續)

Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

流動資金風險 (續)

		Weighted average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率 %	On demand or less than 1 year 按要求 或不足一年 HK\$'000 千港元	1-2 years 一至兩年 HK\$'000 千港元	2-5 years 二至五年 HK\$'000 千港元		Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 March 2023 Non-derivative financial	於2023年3月31日 非衍生財務負債						
liabilities							
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及		22.056			22.056	22.056
Lease liabilities	其他應付款項 租賃負債	5.1	33,856 192	157	27	33,856 376	33,856 351
			34,048	157	27	34,232	34,207
As at 31 March 2022 Non-derivative financial liabilities	於2022年3月31日 非衍生財務負債						
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及 其他應付款項	_	36,126	_	_	36,126	36,126
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4.8	110		_	110	100
			36,236	-	-	36,236	36,226

Fair value measurements

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

公平值計量

財務資產及財務負債之公平值根據基於 貼現現金流分析的公認定價模式釐定。

本公司董事認為,於綜合財務報表按攤 銷成本列賬之財務資產及財務負債之賬 面值與其公平值相若。

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

39. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

39. 融資業務產生之負債之對賬

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

下表詳列本集團融資業務產生之負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資業務產生之負債乃指其現金流或未來現金流於本集團綜合現金流量表中分類為融資業務現金流之負債。

		Bank loans 銀 行貸款 HK\$'000 千港元	Dividends payable 應 付股息 HK\$'000 千港元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2021 Financing cash flows Dividends declared Interest expenses Interest paid	於2021年4月1日 融資現金流 已宣派股息 利息開支 已付利息	- - - -	- (17,762) 17,762 - -	331 (231) - 15 (15)	331 (17,993) 17,762 15 (15)
At 31 March 2022 Financing cash flows Dividends declared New leases entered Interest expenses Interest paid	於2022年3月31日 融資現金流 已宣派股息 已訂立新租賃 利息開支 已付利息	- - - - 50 (50)	- (12,139) 12,139 - - -	100 (202) - 453 12 (12)	100 (12,341) 12,139 453 62 (62)
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日	-	-	351	351

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40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 40. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備 OF THE COMPANY AND RESERVE

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Non-current asset	非流動資產		
Interest in a subsidiary	於一間附屬公司的權益	280,000	280,000
	», 19113720 — . 373 [E.M.		
Current assets	流動資產		
Prepayment	預付款項	116	84
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	17,041	28,818
Amount due from	應收合營企業款項		,
a joint venture		_	24
Tax recoverable	可收回稅項	_	85
Bank balances	銀行結餘	918	383
		18,075	29,394
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	1,489	923
Tax payable	應付稅項	111	
	ארונוגיוו		
		1,600	923
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	16,475	28,471
Net current assets	<u> </u>	10,475	20,471
		296,475	308,471
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	41,760	41,869
Reserves	儲備	254,715	266,602
	ina irii	23.,, 13	200,002
		296,475	308,471

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40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 40. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備 (續) OF THE COMPANY AND RESERVE

(Continued)

Note: Movements in reserves of the Company:

附註:本公司儲備變動:

			Share-based	Treasury		Accumulated	
		Contributed	compensation	shares	Other	(losses)	
		surplus	reserve 以股份為	reserve	reserve	profit	Total
		實繳盈餘 HK\$'000 千港元	基礎的 補償儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	庫存 股份儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	累計 (虧損)溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2021	於2021年4月1日	6,144	2,268	(5,021)	295,648	(941)	298,098
Loss and total comprehensive	年度虧損及全面開支						
expense for the year	總額	-	_	-	-	(96)	(96)
Dividends paid (note 14)	已付股息(附註14)	-	-	-	(17,762)	_	(17,762)
Repurchase of shares	購回股份	-	-	(17,464)	-	_	(17,464)
Cancellation of shares Transaction costs attributable to repurchase and	註銷股份 購回及註銷股份應佔 的交易成本	-	-	22,599	(19,936)	-	2,663
cancellation of shares Issue of shares upon exercise	行使購股權後發行股	-	-	(139)	-	-	(139)
of share options	份	1,756	(454)	-	-	-	1,302
Share options lapsed	購股權失效	-	(738)	-	-	738	
At 31 March 2022 Profit and total comprehensive income for	於2022年3月31日 年度溢利及全面 收益總額	7,900	1,076	(25)	257,950	(299)	266,602
the year		-	_	_	_	1,148	1,148
Dividends paid (note 14)	已付股息(附註14)	-	_	_	(12,139)	-	(12,139)
Repurchase of shares	購回股份	-	_	(997)	-	_	(997)
Cancellation of shares Transaction costs attributable to repurchase and	註銷股份 購回及註銷股份應佔 的交易成本	-	-	485	(376)	-	109
cancellation of shares	h1V///W/T	_	_	(8)	_	_	(8)
Share options lapsed	購股權失效	-	(55)	-	-	55	-
At 31 March 2023	於2023年3月31日	7,900	1,021	(545)	245,435	904	254,715

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

41. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

41. 附屬公司詳情

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

本公司於2023年及2022年3月31日之附屬公司詳情如下:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/	Place of operation	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及	Equity in attribut the Co		Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	成立地點	營業地點	繳足股本/註冊資本	本公司原	惩佔股權	主要業務
				2023 2023年	2022 2022年	
Heroic Elite Investments Limited	British Virgin Islands (" BVI ")	Hong Kong	US\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding
雄傑投資有限公司	英屬處女群島 (「 英屬處女 群島」)	香港	1美元			投資控股
Million Hope Industries (BVI) Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Hong Kong 香港	US\$35,897,437 35,897,437美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Million Hope Industries (HK)	Hong Kong	Hong Kong	HK\$11,000,000	100%	100%	Design, supply and installation of aluminium windows and curtain walls
美亨實業 (香港)	香港	香港	11,000,000港元			設計、供應及安裝鋁窗及幕牆
Million Hope (BVI) Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Hong Kong 香港	US \$ 1 1美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Paramount Forward Limited 邁峰有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	Hong Kong 香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Rich Victory (Hong Kong) Limited 益旺 (香港) 有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$ 1 1港元	100%	100%	Property investment 物業投資

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 截至2023年3月31日止年度

41. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

41. 附屬公司詳情 (續)

(Continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/	Place of operation	lssued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及	Equity interests attributable to the Company		Principal activities	
附屬公司名稱	成立地點	營業地點	繳足股本/註冊資本	本公司原	態佔股權	主要業務	
				2023 2023年	2022 2022年		
Sunny Oriental Limited 利瑋有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$ 1 1港元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Waller Holdings Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Hong Kong 香港	US \$ 1 1美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Garden City Enterprises Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Hong Kong 香港	US \$ 1 1美元	100%	100%	Inactive 無業務活動	
美興新型建築材料 (惠州) 有限公司 Million Hope New-Tech Building Supplies (Huizhou) Limited (note ii)	PRC	PRC	HK\$65,000,000	100%	100%	Manufacture of aluminium windows and design, supply and installation of aluminium windows	
美興新型建築材料 (惠州) 有限公司 (附註ii)	中國	中國	65,000,000港元			製造鋁窗及設計、供應及安 裝鋁窗	
Ultra Elite Global Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	Hong Kong 香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	

Notes:

- (i) Other than Million Hope Industries (BVI) Limited, which is directly held by the Company, all other companies are indirectly held by the Company.
- (ii) The subsidiary is a wholly foreign-owned enterprise.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at any time during both years or outstanding at 31 March 2023 and 2022.

附註:

- (i) 除本公司直接持有之Million Hope Industries (BVI) Limited外,所有其他公司均由本公司間接持有。
- (ii) 該附屬公司為一間外商獨資經營企業。

並無任何附屬公司於兩個年度內任何時間發行任何債務證券或於2023年及2022年3月31日有未償付債務證券。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY

財務概要

A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is shown below.

本集團於最近五個財政年度之已刊發業績與 資產及負債概要載列如下。

Year ended 31 March

		截至3月31日止年度					
		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元	
RESULTS	業績						
Revenue	收益	607,198	717,652	536,009	299,794	376,621	
Profit before taxation	除稅前溢利	12,661	28,895	46,150	28,181	28,254	
Taxation	稅項	(555)	(4,270)	(7,210)	(3,941)	(5,372)	
Profit for the year	年度溢利	12,106	24,625	38,940	24,240	22,882	

	ı	As at 31 March 於3月31日		
2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 2019年 HK\$'000 千港元
659,208 (127,164)	669,125 (129,792)	672,645 (126,779)	621,687 (106,805)	672,059 (163,241)
532,044	539,333	545,866	514,882	508,818
	2023年 HK\$'000 千港元 659,208 (127,164)	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2022 2021 2023年 2022年 2021年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 659,208 (127,164) (129,792) (126,779)	於3月31日 2023 2022 2021 2020 2023年 2022年 2021年 2020年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 659,208 669,125 672,645 621,687 (127,164) (129,792) (126,779) (106,805)

Note: On 1 April 2019, the Group has applied HKFRS 16. Accordingly, certain information for the year ended 31 March 2019 which was prepared under HKAS 17 may not be comparable to the years ended 31 March 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023.

附註:於2019年4月1日,本集團已採用香港財務 報告準則第16號。因此,根據香港會計準則 第17號編製之截至2019年3月31日止年度 之若干資料可能無法與截至2020年、2021 年、2022年及2023年3月31日止年度之若干 資料相比較。

SUMMARY OF MAJOR PROPERTIES 主要物業摘要

A. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES HELD FOR RENTAL PURPOSES

A. 持有投資物業作為租金收入用 徐

Descriptions 概況	Area (sq.ft.) 面積 (平方呎)	Nature of property 物業性質	Attributable interest of the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
Offices F, G & H on	2.790	Commercial	100%	Medium-term
20/F, Kings Wing Plaza 1,	(Marketing	Commercial	100 / 0	lease
3 On Kwan Street, Shatin,	gross floor			
New Territories, Hong Kong	area)			
香港新界沙田安群街3號	2,790	商業	100%	中期租約
京瑞廣場一期	(可售建築			
20樓之辦公室F、G及H	面積)			

B. PROPERTY UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE IN HONG KONG

B. 於香港之發展中之待售物業

Descriptions 概況	Site area (sq. ft.) 地盤面積 (平方呎)	Gross floor area (sq. ft.) 建築面積 (平方呎)	Stage of completion 完成階段	Expected completion date 預計 完工日期	Nature of property 物業性質	Attributable interest of the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
No. 55 Nga Tsin Wai Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong (New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 3771)	8,092	Not yet determined	Planning in progress	No definite plan	Residential	50%	Medium-term lease
香港九龍 衙前圍道55號 (新九龍內地段 第3771號)	8,092	尚未確定	按計劃進行中	無具體計劃	住宅	50%	中期

C. PROPERTIES HELD FOR OWN USE IN C. 於香港持有之自用物業 **HONG KONG**

	Area		Attributable interest of	
Descriptions 概況	(sq.ft.) 面積 (平方呎)	Nature of property 物業性質	the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
Offices A, B, C, D, E, J, K, L, M, N & P on 20/F, and car parking space numbers P50 and P51 on	12,191 (Marketing	Commercial	100%	Medium-term lease
Basement Floor, Kings Wing Plaza 1,	gross floor area)			
3 On Kwan Street, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong 香港新界沙田安群街3號	12,191	商業	100%	中期租約
京瑞廣場一期20樓之 辦公室A、B、C、D、E、J、K、L、M、 N及P及地庫第P50及P51號停車位	(可售建築 面積)	ᄞᆚᅐ	100 /1	. I. WILL

D. PROPERTY HELD FOR OWN USE IN D. 於中國內地持有之自用物業 MAINLAND CHINA

Descriptions 概況	Area (sq.m.) 面積 (平方米)	Nature of property 物業性質	Attributable interest of the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Category of lease 租約類別
An industrial complex located at Huanzhen Road, Shangxia Development Zone,	12,645.8 (Gross floor area)	Industrial	100%	Medium-term lease
Shuikou, Huizhou, Guangdong Province, The PRC 位於中國廣東省惠州市水口鎮 環鎮路上霞開發區的 一棟工業綜合建築	12,645.8 (建築面積)	工業	100%	中期租約

