UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

	For the quarterly period ended <u>Se</u>	<u>eptember 30, 2023</u>	
[] TRANSITION REPORT P	OR URSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)) OF THE SECURITIES EX	CHANGE ACT OF 1934
	For the transition period from	to	
	Hugoton Royalt	y Trust	
	(Exact name of registrant as speci	fied in its charter)	
Texas (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	1-10476 (Commission File N	umber) (I.	58-6379215 R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	c/o The Corporate T Argent Trust Com 3838 Oak Lawn Ave, S Dallas, Texas 75219 (Address of principal executive of trant's telephone number, including former address and former fiscal year	pany uite 1720 2-4518 offices) (Zip Code) g area code (855) 588-7839	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the	he Act: None		
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the	he Act:		
<u>Title of each class</u> Units of Beneficial Interest	<u>Trading symbo</u> HGTXU	<u>Name</u>	e of each exchange on which registered OTCQB
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period the days. Yes ☑ No □			
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding		_	-
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a company. See the definitions of "large accelerate Exchange Act:			
Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer		Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company	
If an emerging growth company, indicate by chec financial accounting standards provided pursuant t	_	use the extended transition per	riod for complying with any new or revised
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a	shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of	the Exchange Act). Yes \square No	o 🗹
Indicate the number of units of beneficial interest of	outstanding, as of the latest practicable date:	:	

Outstanding as of November 1, 2023 40,000,000

FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

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GLOSSARY OF TERMS

The following are definitions of significant terms used in this Form 10-Q:

Bbl Barrel (of oil)

Mcf Thousand cubic feet (of natural gas)

MMBtu One million British Thermal Units, a common energy measurement

net proceeds Gross proceeds received by XTO Energy from sale of production from the underlying properties, less

applicable costs, as defined in the net profits interest conveyances.

net profits income Net proceeds multiplied by the net profits percentage of 80%, which is paid to the Trust by XTO Energy.

"Net profits income" is referred to as "royalty income" for income tax purposes.

net profits interest in an oil and gas property measured by net profits from the sale of production, rather than a

specific portion of production. The following defined net profits interests were conveyed to the Trust from

the underlying properties:

80% net profits interests - interests that entitle the Trust to receive 80% of the net proceeds from the

underlying properties.

underlying properties XTO Energy's interest in certain oil and gas properties from which the net profits interests were conveyed.

The underlying properties include working interests in predominantly gas-producing properties located in

Kansas, Oklahoma and Wyoming.

working interest An operating interest in an oil and gas property that provides the owner a specified share of production that

is subject to all production expense and development costs.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

The condensed financial statements included herein are presented, without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Unless specified otherwise, all amounts included herein are presented in U.S. dollars. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations, although the Trustee believes that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Trust's latest Annual Report on Form 10-K. In the opinion of the Trustee, all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of the assets, liabilities and trust corpus of the Hugoton Royalty Trust at September 30, 2023, and the distributable income and changes in trust corpus for the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, have been included. Distributable income for such interim periods is not necessarily indicative of the distributable income for the full year.

Condensed Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Trust Corpus (Unaudited)

	Sept	tember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
ASSETS			
Cash and short-term investments	\$	638,463	\$ 2,829,458
Interest to be received		-	4,902
Net profits interests in oil and gas properties - net (Note 1)		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
	\$	638,463	\$ 2,834,360
LIABILITIES AND TRUST CORPUS			
Distribution payable to unitholders	\$	-	\$ 1,834,360
Expense reserve (a)		638,463	1,000,000
Trust corpus (40,000,000 units of beneficial interest authorized and outstanding)			-
	\$	638,463	\$ 2,834,360

⁽a) The expense reserve allows the Trustee to pay its obligations should it be unable to pay them out of the net profits income.

The accompanying notes to condensed financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Condensed Statements of Distributable Income (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30			Nine Months Ended September 30				
	202	23		2022		2023		2022
Net profits income	\$	-	\$	9,440,853	\$	11,467,914	\$	11,644,580
Interest income		12,810		3,364		57,458		3,364
Total income		12,810		9,444,217		11,525,372		11,647,944
Administration expense	3	74,347		132,309		790,389		465,728
Cash reserves withheld (used) for Trust expenses	(3	61,537)		347,549		(361,537)		1,000,000
Change in accounts payable to the Trustee (increase)/decrease		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				1,217,857
Distributable income	\$	_	\$	8,964,359	\$	11,096,520	\$	8,964,359
Distributable income per unit (40,000,000 units)	\$		\$	0.224109	\$	0.277413	\$	0.224109

The accompanying notes to condensed financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Condensed Statements of Changes in Trust Corpus (Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30			- 1	nths Ended mber 30
	20	23	2022	2023	2022
Trust corpus, beginning of period	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,217,857)
Distributable income		-	8,964,359	11,096,520	8,964,359
Distributions declared		=	(8,964,359)	(11,096,520)	(8,964,359)
Change in accounts payable to the Trustee (increase)/decrease		<u>-</u>		-	1,217,857
Trust corpus, end of period	\$		\$ -	<u>\$</u> _	\$ -

The accompanying notes to condensed financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Notes to Condensed Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of Hugoton Royalty Trust (the "Trust") are prepared on the following basis and are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"):

- Net profits income recorded for a month is the amount computed and paid by XTO Energy Inc. ("XTO Energy"), the owner of the underlying properties, to Argent Trust Company, as trustee (the "Trustee") for the Trust. XTO Energy is a wholly owned subsidiary of Exxon Mobil Corporation. Net profits income consists of net proceeds received by XTO Energy from the underlying properties in the prior month, multiplied by a net profits percentage of 80%.
- Costs deducted in the calculation of net proceeds for the 80% net profits interests generally include applicable taxes, transportation, marketing and legal costs, production expense, development costs, operating charges and other costs.
- Net profits income is computed separately for each of the three conveyances under which the net profits interests were conveyed to the Trust. If monthly costs exceed revenues for any conveyance, such excess costs must be recovered, with accrued interest, from future net proceeds of that conveyance and cannot reduce net proceeds from the other conveyances.
- Interest income and distribution payable to unitholders include interest earned on the previous month's investment.
- Trust expenses are recorded based on liabilities paid and cash reserves established by the Trustee for liabilities and contingencies.
- Distributions to unitholders are recorded when declared by the Trustee.

The Trust's financial statements differ from those prepared in conformity with U.S. GAAP because revenues are recognized when received rather than accrued in the month of production, expenses are recognized when paid rather than when incurred and certain cash reserves may be established by the Trustee for contingencies which would not be recorded under U.S. GAAP. This comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. GAAP corresponds to the accounting permitted for royalty trusts by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, as specified by Staff Accounting Bulletin Topic 12:E, Financial Statements of Royalty Trusts.

Most accounting pronouncements apply to entities whose financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, directing such entities to accrue or defer revenues and expenses in a period other than when such revenues were received or expenses were paid. Because the Trust's financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis, as described above, most accounting pronouncements are not applicable to the Trust's financial statements.

Net profits interests in oil and gas properties

The initial carrying value of the net profits interests of \$247,066,951 represents XTO Energy's historical net book value for the interests on December 1, 1998, the date of the transfer to the Trust. During the second quarter 2016, the carrying value of the net profits interests was written down to its fair value of \$28,801,000, resulting in an impairment of \$57,306,527 charged directly to trust corpus. During the third quarter 2019, the carrying value of the net profits interests was written down to its fair value of zero, resulting in an impairment of \$15,681,533 charged directly to trust corpus. Amortization of the net profits interests is calculated on a unit-of-production basis using proved reserves and is charged directly to trust corpus. Accumulated amortization was \$174,078,891 as of September 30, 2019, when the net profits interests was written down to its fair value of zero.

Liquidity and Going Concern

The accompanying condensed financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Trust will continue as a going concern. Financial statements prepared on a going concern basis assume the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. Accumulated excess costs for the Kansas, Oklahoma and Wyoming conveyances have resulted in insufficient net proceeds to the Trust and a reduction in the Trust's expense reserve. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern as the Trust does not have sufficient cash to meet its obligations during the one-year period after the date the financial statements are issued. Factors attributable to the cash shortage are primarily the previously disclosed development costs to drill three non-operated wells in Major County, Oklahoma, lower oil and natural gas prices during 2023, and excess cost positions on the Kansas, Oklahoma and Wyoming conveyances including accumulated interest, which have resulted in no unitholder distributions since July 2023. In addition, on May 18, 2021, the arbitration panel issued its second interim final award over the amount of XTO Energy's settlement in the Chieftain class action lawsuit that can be charged to the Trust as a production cost which XTO Energy has estimated to be approximately \$14.6 million net to the Trust. This adjustment would further increase excess costs on the Oklahoma conveyance. The Trustee has prepared a preliminary budget estimating the administrative expenses for the twelve months ending September 30, 2024, which assumes no cash inflow from either net profits income or from other sources. The Trustee intends to review options for the Trust which may include alternatives to continuing as a going concern or may include seeking financing to pay the Trust obligations during the one-year period after the date the financial statements are issued; however, there can be no assurance that financing will be available on acceptable terms or at all. If financing became available to the Trust, it would have to be repaid, together with interest, and the Trust's expense reserve would have to be replenished prior to any distributions to unitholders.

On July 9, 2020, the Trustee notified XTO Energy of the Trustee's claim to indemnification to the Trust Estate for all liability, expense, claims, damages or loss incurred by the Trustee in connection with the administration of the Trust. The Trustee stated it anticipates seeking reimbursement from XTO Energy upon depletion of the Trust's cash reserve. XTO Energy responded that any indemnity claim to XTO Energy is premature before the Trust Estate is exhausted.

The Trust's financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

2. Income Taxes

For federal income tax purposes, the Trust constitutes a fixed investment trust that is taxed as a grantor trust. A grantor trust is not subject to tax at the trust level. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in the financial statements. The unitholders are considered to own the Trust's income and principal as though no trust were in existence. The income of the Trust is deemed to have been received or accrued by each unitholder at the time such income is received or accrued by the Trust and not when distributed by the Trust. Impairments recorded for book purposes will not result in a loss for tax purposes for the unitholders until the loss is recognized.

All revenues from the Trust are from sources within Kansas, Oklahoma or Wyoming. Because it distributes all of its net income to unitholders, the Trust has not been taxed at the trust level in Kansas or Oklahoma. While the Trust has not owed tax, the Trustee is generally required to file Kansas and Oklahoma income tax returns reflecting the income and deductions of the Trust attributable to properties located in each state, along with a schedule that includes information regarding distributions to unitholders.

Wyoming does not impose a state income tax.

The Trust may be required to bear a portion of the settlement costs arising from the *Chieftain* royalty class action settlement. For information on contingencies, including the *Chieftain* class action, see Note 3 to Condensed Financial Statements. The Panel has determined the Trust is responsible for a portion of the costs. Pending finalization of all claims included in the arbitration, XTO Energy would have the right to deduct the costs in its calculation of the net profits income payable to the Trust from the applicable net profits interests. Thus, for unitholders, the portion of legal settlement costs for which the Trust is determined to be responsible will be reflected through a reduction in net profits income received from the Trust and thus in a reduction in the gross royalty income reported by and taxable to the unitholders. In the event that the Trustee objects to such claimed reductions, the Trustee may also incur legal fees in representing the Trust's interests. For unitholders, such costs would be reflected through an increase in the Trust's administrative expenses, which would be deductible by unitholders in determining the net royalty income from the Trust.

Each unitholder should consult their own tax advisor regarding income tax requirements, if any, applicable to such person's ownership of Trust units.

Unitholders should consult the Trust's latest annual report on Form 10-K for a more detailed discussion of federal and state tax matters.

3. Contingencies

Litigation

Royalty Class Action and Arbitration

As previously disclosed, XTO Energy advised the Trustee that it reached a settlement with the plaintiffs in the *Chieftain* class action royalty case. On July 27, 2018, the final plan of allocation was approved by the court. Based on the final plan of allocation, XTO Energy advised the Trustee that it believes approximately \$24.3 million in additional production costs should be allocated to the Trust. On May 2, 2018, the Trustee submitted a demand for arbitration seeking a declaratory judgment that the *Chieftain* settlement is not a production cost and that XTO Energy is prohibited from charging the settlement as a production cost under the conveyance or otherwise reducing the Trust's payments now or in the future as a result of the *Chieftain* litigation. The Trust and XTO Energy conducted the interim hearing on the claims related to the *Chieftain* settlement on October 12-13, 2020. In the arbitration, the Trustee contended that the approximately \$24.3 million allocation related to the *Chieftain* settlement was not a production cost and, therefore, there should not be a related adjustment to the Trust's share of net proceeds. However, XTO Energy contended that the approximately \$24.3 million was a production cost and should reduce the Trust's share of net proceeds.

On January 20, 2021, the arbitration panel issued its Corrected Interim Final Award (i) "reject[ing] the Trust's contention that XTO has no right under the Conveyance to charge the Trust with amounts XTO paid under section 1.18(a)(i) as royalty obligations to settle the *Chieftain* litigation" and (ii) stating "[t]he next phase will determine how much of the *Chieftain* settlement can be so charged, if any of it can be, in the exercise of the right found by the Panel." Following briefing by both parties, on May 18, 2021, the Panel issued its second interim final award over the amount of XTO Energy's settlement in the *Chieftain* class action lawsuit that can be charged to the Trust as a production cost. The Panel in its decision has ruled that out of the \$80 million settlement, the "Trust is obligated to pay its share under the Conveyance of the \$48 million that was received by the plaintiffs in the *Chieftain* lawsuit by virtue of the settlement of that litigation. The Trust is not obligated by the Conveyance to pay any share of the \$32 million received by the lawyers for the plaintiffs in the *Chieftain* lawsuit by virtue of the settlement." XTO Energy and the Trustee are in the process of determining the portion of the \$48 million that is allocable to Trust properties to be charged as an excess cost to the Trust but estimate it to be approximately \$14.6 million net to the Trust.

The reduction in the Trust's share of net proceeds from the portion of the settlement amount the Panel has ruled may be charged against the Oklahoma conveyance would result in excess costs under the Oklahoma conveyance that would likely result in no distributions under the Oklahoma conveyance while these excess costs are recovered. This award completes the portion of the arbitration related to the *Chieftain* settlement. Excess costs on any individual conveyance would not affect net proceeds to the Trust on any of the other remaining conveyances.

Other Trustee claims related to disputed amounts on the computation of the Trust's net proceeds for 2014 through 2019 and 2021 were bifurcated from the initial arbitration. Although the arbitration isn't terminated, the final hearing regarding the remaining dispute over net proceeds, previously scheduled to occur on November 8, 2023, was cancelled. XTO Energy and the Trustee will provide material updates as they become available.

Other Lawsuits and Governmental Proceedings

Certain of the underlying properties are involved in various other lawsuits and governmental proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. XTO Energy has advised the Trustee that, based on the information available at this stage of the various proceedings, it does not believe that the ultimate resolution of these claims will have a material effect on the financial position or liquidity of the Trust, but may have an effect on annual distributable income.

Other

Several states have enacted legislation requiring state income tax withholding from payments made to nonresident recipients of oil and gas proceeds. After consultation with its tax counsel, the Trustee believes that it is not required to withhold on payments made to the unitholders. However, regulations are subject to change by the various states, which could change this conclusion. Should amounts be withheld on payments made to the Trust or the unitholders, distributions to the unitholders would be reduced by the required amount, subject to the filing of a claim for refund by the Trust or unitholders for such amount.

4. Excess Costs

If monthly costs exceed revenues for any of the three conveyances (one for each of the states of Kansas, Oklahoma and Wyoming), such excess costs must be recovered, with accrued interest, from future net proceeds of that conveyance and cannot reduce net proceeds from other conveyances.

The following summarizes excess costs activity, cumulative excess costs balance and accrued interest to be recovered by conveyance as calculated by XTO Energy:

	Underlying							
		KS		OK		WY		Total
Cumulative excess costs remaining at 12/31/22	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net excess costs (recovery) for the quarter ended 3/31/23		-		-		-		-
Net excess costs (recovery) for the quarter ended 6/30/23		177,356		1,146,689		-		1,324,045
Net excess costs (recovery) for the quarter ended 9/30/23		192,368		5,662,363		803,055		6,657,786
Cumulative excess costs remaining at 9/30/23		369,724		6,809,052		803,055		7,981,831
Accrued interest at 9/30/23		8,033		104,544		6,420		118,997
Total remaining to be recovered at 9/30/23	\$	377,757	\$	6,913,596	\$	809,475	\$	8,100,828

	NPI							
		KS		OK		WY		Total
Cumulative excess costs remaining at 12/31/22	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net excess costs (recovery) for the quarter ended 3/31/23		-		-		-		-
Net excess costs (recovery) for the quarter ended 6/30/23		141,885		917,351		-		1,059,236
Net excess costs (recovery) for the quarter ended 9/30/23		153,894		4,529,891		642,444		5,326,229
Cumulative excess costs remaining at 9/30/23		295,779		5,447,242		642,444		6,385,465
Accrued interest at 9/30/23		6,427		83,635		5,136		95,198
Total remaining to be recovered at 9/30/23	\$	302,206	\$	5,530,877	\$	647,580	\$	6,480,663

For the quarter ended September 30, 2023, excess costs were \$192,368 (\$153,894 net to the Trust) on properties underlying the Kansas net profits interests.

For the quarter ended September 30, 2023, excess costs were \$5,662,363 (\$4,529,891 net to the Trust) on properties underlying the Oklahoma net profits interests. This balance does not include the portion of the *Chieftain* settlement the Panel determined could be charged as a production cost. XTO Energy has estimated the amount to be approximately \$14.6 million net to the Trust.

For the quarter ended September 30, 2023, excess costs were \$803,055 (\$642,444 net to the Trust) on properties underlying the Wyoming net profits interests.

Underlying cumulative excess costs for the Kansas, Oklahoma and Wyoming conveyances remaining as of September 30, 2023, totaled \$8.1 million (\$6.5 million net to the Trust), including accrued interest of \$0.1 million (\$0.1 million net to the Trust).

5. Administration Expense

Administrative expenses are incurred so that the Trustee may meet its reporting obligations to the unitholders and regulatory entities and otherwise manage the administrative functions of the Trust. These obligations include, but are not limited to, all expenses, taxes, compensation to the Trustee for managing the Trust, fees to consultants, accountants, attorneys, transfer agents, other professional and expert persons, expenses for clerical and other administrative assistance, and fees and expenses for all other services.

Item 2. Trustee's Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Trustee's discussion and analysis contained in the Trust's 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K, as well as the condensed financial statements and notes thereto included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and all amendments to those reports are available on the Trust's website at www.hgt-hugoton.com.

Distributable Income

Quarter

For the quarter ended September 30, 2023, net profits income was \$0 as compared to \$9,440,853 for third quarter 2022 primarily due to lower gas and oil prices (\$11.0 million), increased development costs (\$5.1 million), decreased gas and oil production (\$0.6 million), and increased overhead (\$0.2 million), partially offset by net excess costs activity (\$5.9 million), decreased taxes, transportation and other costs (\$1.2 million), and decreased production expenses (\$0.4 million). See "Net Profits Income" below.

After adding interest income of \$12,810, and deducting administration expense of \$374,347, and utilizing \$361,537 of the expense reserve to pay Trust expenses, distributable income for the quarter ended September 30, 2023, was \$0, or \$0.000000 per unit of beneficial interest. Administration expense for the quarter increased \$242,038 as compared to the prior year quarter, primarily related to the timing of receipt and payment of Trust expenses and terms of professional services. Changes in interest income are attributable to fluctuations in net profits income, cash reserve and interest rates. For third quarter 2022, distributable income was \$8,964,359, or \$0.224109 per unit.

Distributions to unitholders for the quarter ended September 30, 2023, were:

		Γ	Distribution
Record Date	Payment Date		per Unit
July 31, 2023	August 14, 2023	\$	0.000000
August 31, 2023	September 15, 2023		0.000000
September 29, 2023	October 16, 2023		0.000000
		\$	0.000000

Nine Months

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, net profits income was \$11,467,914 compared with \$11,644,580 for the same 2022 period primarily due to lower gas and oil prices (\$7.8 million), decreased oil and gas production (\$6.3 million), increased development costs (\$6.3 million), increased production expenses (\$1.5 million), increased taxes, transportation and other costs (\$0.2 million), and increased overhead costs (\$0.1 million), partially offset by net excess costs activity (\$22.0 million). See "Net Profits Income" below.

After adding interest income of \$57,458 and deducting administration expense of \$790,389 and utilizing \$361,537 of the expense reserve to pay Trust expenses, distributable income for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, was \$11,096,520, or \$0.277413 per unit of beneficial interest. Administration expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, increased \$324,661 as compared to the same 2022 period, primarily related to the timing of receipt and payment of Trust expenses and terms of professional services. Changes in interest income are attributable to fluctuations in net profits income, cash reserve and interest rates. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, distributable income was \$8,964,359 or \$0.224109 per unit.

Net Profits Income

Net profits income is recorded when received by the Trust, which is the month following receipt by XTO Energy, and generally two months after oil and gas production. Net profits income is generally affected by three major factors:

- oil and gas sales volumes,
- oil and gas sales prices, and
- costs deducted in the calculation of net profits income.

The following is a summary of the calculation of net profits income received by the Trust:

	Three	Three Months			Nine Months			
	Ended Sept	Ended September 30 (a)		Ended September 30 (a)		Increase		
	2023	2022	(Decrease)	2023	2022	(Decrease)		
Sales Volumes								
Gas (Mcf) (b)								
Underlying properties	2,313,603	2,457,484	(6%)	6,931,971	7,285,730	(5%)		
Average per day	25,148	26,712	(6%)	25,392	26,688	(5%)		
Net profits interests	-	1,064,656	(100%)	990,526	1,433,170	(31%)		
Oil (Bbls) (b)								
Underlying properties	45,936	51,005	(10%)	121,555	200,002	(39%)		
Average per day	499	554	(10%)	445	733	(39%)		
Net profits interests	-	25,397	(100%)	11,205	29,129	(62%)		
Average Sales Prices								
Gas (per Mcf)	\$ 2.80	\$ 7.73	(64%)	\$ 5.82	\$ 6.93	(16%)		
Oil (per Bbl)	\$72.10	\$104.54	(31%)	\$74.86	\$83.09	(10%)		
Revenues								
Gas sales	\$6,468,254	\$18,995,538	(66%)	\$40,360,597	\$50,474,576	(20%)		
Oil sales	3,311,987	5,332,099	(38%)	9,099,957	16,618,651	(45%)		
Total Revenues	9,780,241	24,327,637	(60%)	49,460,554	67,093,227	(26%)		
Costs								
Taxes, transportation and other	2,081,264	3,636,208	(43%)	9,650,454	9,370,157	3%		
Production expense	4,299,551	4,738,010	(9%)	14,549,105	12,711,259	14%		
Development costs	6,695,562	239,373	2697%	9,254,699	1,419,416	552%		
Overhead	3,361,650	3,151,184	7%	9,652,052	9,502,285	2%		
Excess costs (c)	(6,657,786)	761,796	(974%)	(7,980,648)	19,534,417	(141%)		
Total Costs	9,780,241	12,526,571	(22%)	35,125,662	52,537,534	(33%)		
Other Proceeds	- _		-	<u> </u>	32	(100%)		
Net Proceeds	-	11,801,066	(100%)	14,334,892	14,555,725	(2%)		
Net Profits Percentage	80%	80%		80%	80%			
Net Profits Income	\$ -	\$ 9,440,853	(100%)	\$11,467,914	\$11,644,580	(2%)		

- (a) Because of the two-month interval between time of production and receipt of net profits income by the Trust, (1) gas and oil sales for the quarter ended September 30 generally represent production for the period May through July and (2) gas and oil sales for the nine months ended September 30 generally represent production for the period November through July.
- (b) Gas and oil sales volumes are allocated to the net profits interests by dividing Trust net cash inflows by average sales prices. As gas and oil prices change, the Trust's allocated production volumes are impacted as the quantity of production necessary to cover expenses changes inversely with price. As such, the underlying property production volume changes may not correlate with the Trust's allocated production volumes in any given period. Therefore, comparative discussion of gas and oil sales volumes is based on the underlying properties.
- (c) See Note 4 to Condensed Financial Statements.

The following are explanations of significant variances on the underlying properties from third quarter 2022 to third quarter 2023 and from the first nine months of 2022 to the comparable period in 2023:

Sales Volumes

Gas

Gas sales volumes decreased 6 percent for third quarter and 5 percent for the nine-month period as compared with the same 2022 periods primarily because of natural production decline and timing of cash receipts.

Oil

Oil sales volumes decreased 10 percent for third quarter and 39 percent for the nine-month period as compared with the same 2022 periods primarily because of timing of cash receipts and natural production decline.

The estimated rate of natural production decline on the underlying oil and gas properties is approximately 6 to 8 percent a year.

Sales Prices

Gas

The third quarter 2023 average gas price was \$2.80 per Mcf, a 64 percent decrease from the third quarter 2022 average gas price of \$7.73 per Mcf. For the nine-month period, the average gas price decreased 16 percent to \$5.82 per Mcf in 2023 from \$6.93 per Mcf in 2022.

Oil

The third quarter 2023 average oil price was \$72.10 per Bbl, a 31 percent decrease from the third quarter 2022 average oil price of \$104.54 per Bbl. The year-to-date average oil price decreased 10 percent to \$74.86 per Bbl in 2023 from \$83.09 per Bbl in 2022.

Costs

Taxes, Transportation and Other

Taxes, transportation and other costs decreased 43 percent for the third quarter primarily because of decreased production and gas deductions due to lower revenues. Taxes, transportation and other costs increased 3 percent for the nine-month period primarily because of increased gas production taxes due to the absence of Oklahoma production tax refunds.

Production Expense

Production expense decreased 9 percent for the third quarter primarily because of decreased plug and abandonment expense, repairs and maintenance, and measurement costs, partially offset by increased pipeline costs. Production expense increased 14 percent for the ninemonth period primarily because of increased repairs and maintenance, labor, and pipeline costs, partially offset by decreased power and fuel costs.

Development Costs

Development costs increased \$6.5 million for the third quarter and \$7.8 million for the nine-month period primarily because of increased drilling costs related to non-operated wells. Changes in oil or natural gas prices could impact future development plans on the underlying properties.

As previously disclosed, XTO Energy advised the Trustee that it elected to participate in the development of three non-operated wells in Major County, Oklahoma. Two of the wells were completed in second quarter of 2023 and one well is expected to be completed in fourth quarter of 2023. XTO Energy advised the Trustee that the total development costs for the three non-operated wells was anticipated to be approximately \$9 million underlying (\$7 million net to the Trust). No assurances can be made as to the estimated costs of the non-operated wells, timing to complete the third well, or timing of receipt of costs for drilling the wells.

Overhead

Overhead increased 7 percent for the third quarter and 2 percent for the nine-month period. Overhead is charged by XTO Energy and other operators for administrative expenses incurred to support operations of the underlying properties. Overhead fluctuates based on changes in the active well count and drilling activity on the underlying properties, as well as an annual cost level adjustment based on an industry index.

Excess Costs

If monthly costs exceed revenues for any conveyance, these excess costs must be recovered, with accrued interest, from future net proceeds of that conveyance and cannot reduce net profits income from another conveyance. Underlying cumulative excess costs for the Kansas, Oklahoma and Wyoming conveyances remaining as of September 30, 2023, totaled \$8.1 million (\$6.5 million net to Trust), including accrued interest of \$0.1 million (\$0.1 million net to Trust). For further information on excess costs, see Note 4 to Condensed Financial Statements.

Contingencies

For information on contingencies, see Note 3 to Condensed Financial Statements.

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain information included in this quarterly report and other materials filed, or to be filed, by the Trust with the Securities and Exchange Commission (as well as information included in oral statements or other written statements made or to be made by XTO Energy or the Trustee) contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, relating to the Trust, operations of the underlying properties and the oil and gas industry. Such forward-looking statements may concern, among other things, excess costs, continuation of the Trust as a going-concern, or alternatives to a going-concern, reserve-to-production ratios, future production, development activities and associated operating expenses, future development plans by area, increased density drilling, maintenance projects, development, production, regulatory and other costs, oil and gas prices and expectations for future demand, the impact of inflation and economic downturns on economic activity, government policy and its impact on oil and gas prices and future demand, the development and competitiveness of alternative energy sources, pricing differentials, proved reserves, future net cash flows, production levels, expense reserve budgets, availability of financing, arbitration, litigation, liquidity, financing, political and regulatory matters, such as tax and environmental policy, climate policy, trade barriers, sanctions, competition, war and other political or security disturbances. Such forward-looking statements are based on XTO Energy's and the Trustee's current plans, expectations, assumptions, projections and estimates and are identified by words such as "may," "intends," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "should," "could," "would," and similar words that convey the uncertainty of future events. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict, including those detailed in Part I, Item 1A of the Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, which is incorporated by this reference as though fully set forth herein. Therefore, actual financial and operational results may differ materially from expectations, estimates or assumptions expressed in, implied in, or forecasted in such forward-looking statements. XTO Energy and the Trustee assume no duty to update these statements as of any future date.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not applicable. Upon qualifying as a smaller reporting company, this information is no longer required.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Trustee carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Trust's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15. Based upon that evaluation, the Trustee concluded that the Trust's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in recording, processing, summarizing and reporting, on a timely basis, information required to be disclosed by the Trust in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Trust in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is accumulated and communicated to the Trustee to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In its evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures, the Trustee has relied, to the extent considered reasonable, on information provided by XTO Energy. There has not been any change in the Trust's internal control over financial reporting during the period covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Trust's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Royalty Class Action and Arbitration

As previously disclosed, XTO Energy advised the Trustee that it reached a settlement with the plaintiffs in the *Chieftain* class action royalty case. On July 27, 2018, the final plan of allocation was approved by the court. Based on the final plan of allocation, XTO Energy advised the Trustee that it believes approximately \$24.3 million in additional production costs should be allocated to the Trust. On May 2, 2018, the Trustee submitted a demand for arbitration seeking a declaratory judgment that the *Chieftain* settlement is not a production cost and that XTO Energy is prohibited from charging the settlement as a production cost under the conveyance or otherwise reducing the Trust's payments now or in the future as a result of the *Chieftain* litigation. The Trust and XTO Energy conducted the interim hearing on the claims related to the *Chieftain* settlement on October 12-13, 2020. In the arbitration, the Trustee contended that the approximately \$24.3 million allocation related to the *Chieftain* settlement was not a production cost and, therefore, there should not be a related adjustment to the Trust's share of net proceeds. However, XTO Energy contended that the approximately \$24.3 million was a production cost and should reduce the Trust's share of net proceeds.

On January 20, 2021, the arbitration panel issued its Corrected Interim Final Award (i) "reject[ing] the Trust's contention that XTO has no right under the Conveyance to charge the Trust with amounts XTO paid under section 1.18(a)(i) as royalty obligations to settle the Chieftain litigation" and (ii) stating "[t]he next phase will determine how much of the Chieftain settlement can be so charged, if any of it can be, in the exercise of the right found by the Panel." Following briefing by both parties, on May 18, 2021, the Panel issued its second interim final award over the amount of XTO Energy's settlement in the Chieftain class action lawsuit that can be charged to the Trust as a production cost. The Panel in its decision has ruled that out of the \$80 million settlement, the "Trust is obligated to pay its share under the Conveyance of the \$48 million that was received by the plaintiffs in the Chieftain lawsuit by virtue of the settlement of that litigation. The Trust is not obligated by the Conveyance to pay any share of the \$32 million received by the lawyers for the plaintiffs in the Chieftain lawsuit by virtue of the settlement." XTO Energy and the Trustee are in the process of determining the portion of the \$48 million that is allocable to Trust properties to be charged as an excess cost to the Trust but estimate it to be approximately \$14.6 million net to the Trust.

The reduction in the Trust's share of net proceeds from the portion of the settlement amount the Panel has ruled may be charged against the Oklahoma conveyance would result in excess costs under the Oklahoma conveyance that would likely result in no distributions under the Oklahoma conveyance while these excess costs are recovered. This award completes the portion of the arbitration related to the *Chieftain* settlement. Excess costs on any individual conveyance would not affect net proceeds to the Trust on any of the other remaining conveyances.

Other Trustee claims related to disputed amounts on the computation of the Trust's net proceeds for 2014 through 2019 and 2021 were bifurcated from the initial arbitration. Although the arbitration isn't terminated, the final hearing regarding the remaining dispute over net proceeds, previously scheduled to occur on November 8, 2023, was cancelled. XTO Energy and the Trustee will provide material updates as they become available.

Other Lawsuits and Governmental Proceedings

Certain of the underlying properties are involved in various other lawsuits and governmental proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. XTO Energy has advised the Trustee that, based on the information available at this stage of the various proceedings, it does not believe that the ultimate resolution of these claims will have a material effect on the financial position or liquidity of the Trust, but may have an effect on annual distributable income.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Except as set forth below, there have been no material changes in the risk factors disclosed under Part I, Item 1A of the Trust's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Trust may not have sufficient cash to meet its obligations during the one-year period after the date that the financial statements are issued and may choose or be required to take other actions to satisfy its obligations by seeking additional financing, which may not be successful.

All three of the Trust's conveyances are in excess costs resulting in no net proceeds to the Trust and a reduction of the Trust's expense reserve, which have resulted in no unitholder distributions since July 2023. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Trust's ability to continue as a going concern as the Trust does not have sufficient cash to meet its obligations during the one-year period after the date the financial statements are issued. The Trust's financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. There are no assurances that the Trust will receive net profits income sufficient to pay its obligations during the one-year period after the date the financial statements are issued, and as a result, may choose or be required to seek additional financing or alternatives to the Trust continuing as a going concern. If the Trust is unable to continue as a going concern, unitholders could incur significant losses on their investment in the Trust or lose their entire investment in the Trust altogether. For further information see *Notes to Condensed Financial Statements – 1. Basis of Accounting – Liquidity and Going Concern.*

Item 5. Other Information

The Trust does not have any directors or officers, and as a result, no such persons adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408(a) of Regulation S-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

- (4) <u>Amendment No. 1 to Amended and Restated Royalty Trust Indenture, dated March 24, 1999, of Hugoton Royalty Trust heretofore filed as Exhibit 4.1 to the Trust's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 5, 2023 (incorporated herein by reference)</u>
- (31) <u>Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification</u>
- (32) <u>Section 1350 Certification</u>
- (99) <u>Items 1A, 7 and 7A to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for Hugoton Royalty Trust filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 2023 (incorporated herein by reference)</u>

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities	Exchange Act of 1934	, the Registrant has	duly caused the	is report to be	e signed or	ı its behalf
by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.						

	HUGOTON ROYALTY TRUST By ARGENT TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE
	By
	EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION
Date: November 13, 2023	By

(The Trust has no directors or executive officers.)

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Nancy Willis, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Hugoton Royalty Trust, for which Argent Trust Company acts as Trustee;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, distributable income and changes in trust corpus of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), or for causing such controls and procedures to be established and maintained, for the registrant and I have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors:
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

In giving the certifications in paragraphs 4 and 5 above, I have relied to the extent I consider reasonable on information provided to me by XTO Energy Inc.

Date: November 13, 2023

By /s/ NANCY WILLIS

Nancy Willis

Vice President

Argent Trust Company

Certification pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Hugoton Royalty Trust (the "Trust") on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2023, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, not in its individual capacity but solely as the Trustee of the Trust, certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to its knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Trust.

Argent Trust Company, Trustee for Hugoton Royalty Trust

November 13, 2023

By /s/ NANCY WILLIS

Nancy Willis

Vice President