

# Plover Bay Technologies Limited 珩灣科技有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 1523

Annual Report 年報 2023

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# **Corporate Information**

# 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex (Chairman)

Mr. Chau Kit Wai

Mr. Chong Ming Pui

Mr. Yeung Yu

## **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Dr. Yu Kin Tim

Mr. Ho Chi Lam

Mr. Wan Sze Chung

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Wan Sze Chung (Chairman)

Dr. Yu Kin Tim

Mr. Ho Chi Lam

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex (Chairman)

Dr. Yu Kin Tim

Mr. Wan Sze Chung

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex (Chairman)

Dr. Yu Kin Tim

Mr. Wan Sze Chung

#### RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex (Chairman)

Mr. Chau Kit Wai

Mr. Yeung Yu

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Wang Yu

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Third Floor

Century Yard

Cricket Square

P.O. Box 902

Grand Cayman

KY1-1103

Cayman Islands

# 董事會

## 執行董事

陳永康先生(主席)

周傑懷先生

莊明沛先生

楊瑜先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

余健添博士

何志霖先生

溫思聰先生

# 審核委員會

溫思聰先生(主席)

余健添博士

何志霖先生

## 提名委員會

陳永康先生(主席)

余健添博士

溫思聰先生

#### 薪酬委員會

陳永康先生(主席)

余健添博士

溫思聰先生

#### 風險管理委員會

陳永康先生(主席)

周傑懷先生

楊瑜先生

## 公司秘書

王玉女士

## 註冊辦事處

Third Floor

Century Yard

Cricket Square

P.O. Box 902

Grand Cayman

KY1-1103

Cayman Islands

# HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit B, 5/F, Dragon Industrial Building 93 King Lam Street Lai Chi Kok Kowloon Hong Kong

#### **AUDITOR**

Ernst & Young
Certified Public Accountants
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

# PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Tricor Services (Cayman Islands) Limited Third Floor Century Yard Cricket Square P.O. Box 902 Grand Cayman KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

#### PRINCIPAL BANKS

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited The Bank of East Asia, Limited

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

#### STOCK CODE

1523

#### WEBSITE

www.ploverbay.com

# 香港總部及主要營業地點

香港 九龍 荔枝角 瓊林街93號 龍翔工業大廈5樓B室

## 核數師

安永會計師事務所 執*業會計師* 註冊公共利益實體核數師

## 開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Tricor Services (Cayman Islands) Limited Third Floor Century Yard Cricket Square P.O. Box 902 Grand Cayman KY1-1103 Cayman Islands

# 主要銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 東亞銀行有限公司

# 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

# 股份代號

1523

#### 網站

www.ploverbay.com

# **Chairman's Statement**

# 主席報告

#### Dear shareholders and partners,

This is our first year of "Supercharged Connectivity", a tagline we adopted in the beginning of 2023 to capture the essence of what we do — creating solutions that enable customers to build much more reliable and faster networks.

In many parts of the world, connectivity remains a challenge to acquire and set up, and often comes with speed, reliability and stability problems. More often than not, rather than technological limitations, these so-called last-mile problems are simply caused by lack of economic incentives, rent-seeking behaviors, or bureaucratic inefficiencies.

These issues underscore the need for easy ways to improve connectivity across all businesses and industries, which is what "Supercharged Connectivity" offers.

#### More connectivity options is good for business

Some years ago, we were asked if 5G or Starlink might replace our business. In fact, we continue to grow and thrive as connectivity options have proliferated in the past few years, expanding from traditional broadband and mobile to low-earth orbit (LEO) satellite services, fixed wireless access (FWA), private networks and more.

No single service provider can provide flawless reliability, perfect latency and full network coverage in every market. Different carriers and different types of internet services have their own strengths and weaknesses. One of the key reasons customers purchase our products is that they can combine their choices of connectivity to make their network more stable and faster. Therefore, our business thrives when more connectivity choices are available.

Our proprietary technology, SpeedFusion, takes the unique strengths of each connection, whether it's the low-latency of 5G, the broad coverage of Starlink, or the stability of wired connections, and combines them to create a "supercharged" connection that is superior to any single source.

This flexibility has helped our partners around the world to reach into many exciting projects and deployments.

#### 致各位股東及伙伴,

「超強提升連線能力(Supercharged Connectivity)」是我們在2023年初第一次採用的標語,旨在體現我們業務的核心—創建不同解決方案,使客戶能夠建立更可靠、更快的網絡。

在世界許多地方,獲取和建立網路連接仍然是一個挑戰,並時常遇到速度、穩定性和可靠性的問題。這些所謂的「最後一哩」問題更多時候是由於缺乏經濟誘因、尋租行為或官僚主義下的低效率,而非技術限制所造成。

即是說,市場需要可改善所有企業和產業 的連接能力的簡便方案,而這就是「超強 提升連線能力」所提供的。

#### 更多連線選項有利於業務

幾年前,有人質疑5G或「星鍊」(Starlink)會否取代我們的業務。事實上,隨著新類型的連線選擇在過去幾年相繼出現,從傳統的寬頻和移動網絡擴展到低地球軌道(LEO)衛星服務、固定無線接入(FWA)、專用網絡等,我們的業務也持續茁壯成長。

沒有任何一家服務供應商能夠在同時在每個市場都提供無瑕疵的網絡可靠性、低網絡延時和完整的網絡服務都有自己的網絡運商和各類型的網絡服務都有自己的優點和缺點。客戶選用我們產品的關鍵原因之一,是他們可以利用我們的產品將他們所選擇的不同網絡連接方式合併,我們的網絡更加穩定和更快。因此,我們的業務會隨市場有更多網絡連接選項而蓬勃發展。

無論是5G的低延時、星鍊廣泛的覆蓋範圍,還是有線連接的穩定性,我們的專利技術「SpeedFusion」都可以將每種連接技術的獨特優勢結合起來,創建優於任何單一來源的「超強提升連接」。

這種靈活性讓我們世界各地的合作夥伴 得以參與許多令人振奮的項目和應用。

#### SpeedFusion is 18 years old

SpeedFusion has been developed for more than 18 years. It is mature, but not stagnant. Over time, we have made it more reliable, more responsive, and capable of supporting any carrier and more kinds of internet services.

We have also built a full ecosystem around SpeedFusion. We have routers in all kinds of form factors supporting different network interfaces. Many of those are specifically designed for certain industry verticals and deployment settings, and are refined over time based on actual feedback from deployment sites.

We built software to help visualize and remotely manage a large number of routers, and created a global network of point of presences. These make it much easier for customers to use SpeedFusion and manage their network. Over time, we also introduced more management features and made our software easier and more intuitive to use.

These core products and software are also supported by a range of supporting products such as access points, signal-amplifying outdoor antennas, network switches and so on, which help our customers in delivering complete networking solutions.

#### Starlink's first Authorized Technology Provider

Plover Bay is much more than just selling hardware. We are also very different from conventional networking players, to the point that some may find our SD-WAN features "lacking".

This is because our entire ecosystem is built on solving connectivity problems in a simple way. We continued to refine this ecosystem over the years, accumulating strong trust and reputation across many industry verticals. This is very hard to replicate, and it gives us many edges when new opportunities emerge.

The emergence of Starlink is one such example. Since Starlink launched in 2021, customers have been using Peplink to bridge their Starlink connections with mobile or broadband at small remote sites. Since then, the solution has continued to expand and land in larger opportunities in maritime, public safety and mining.

#### SpeedFusion已經18歲了

SpeedFusion已經持續發展了超過18年。雖然此項技術已踏入成熟階段,但它的發展並不是停滯不前的。多年來,我們使其變得更加可靠、適應性更佳,並且能夠支援任何運營商和更多類型的互聯網服務。

我們還圍繞著SpeedFusion建立了完整的產品生態系統。我們擁有各種外形尺寸的路由器,支援不同的網絡介面。其中許多是專門為某些行業垂直領域和使用場景而設計的,並根據使用的實際反饋不斷進行改進。

我們亦開發了軟件來幫助用家將大量路由器視覺化和進行遠程管理,並在全球建立了多個入網點,使客戶可以更輕鬆地使用SpeedFusion和管理其網絡。隨著時間的推移,我們還引入了更多的管理功能,使我們的軟件使用起來更簡單、更直觀。

我們還有一系列支援產品輔助這些核心產品和軟件,例如網絡接入點、放大訊號的戶外天線、網絡交換器等。這有助於我們的合作夥伴為其客戶提供完整的網絡解決方案。

#### 成為Starlink首家認可技術供應商

珩灣科技遠不止於銷售硬件。我們亦與傳統網絡公司十分不同,以至於有些人可能會認為我們的SD-WAN功能相對薄弱。

這種理解源於我們的整個生態系統都是建立在「以簡單的方式解決連接問題」的基礎之上。多年來,我們不斷完善這個生態系統,得到許多垂直領域的信任並累積了良好的聲譽。所以,要複製我們整個技術和生態系統是十分困難的,這亦讓我們在新機遇出現時掌握更多優勢。

星鏈的出現就一個很好的例子。自從星鏈在2021年面世以來,客戶便開始使用 Peplink將星鏈與小型遠端站點的移動網絡或寬頻連接起來。自此,此類解決方案不斷發展,並在海運、公共安全和採礦領域帶來了更大的機會。

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

In 2023, we helped one of the largest cruise ship companies in the world bond together dozens of Starlink connections on their whole fleet, providing fast broadband internet to thousands of passengers and crew onboard. In this deployment, while competing large networking companies also introduced their SD-WAN solutions, we were able to deliver a much better performance in terms of speed, reliability and stability. We also provided very responsive feedback to the customer, and we had a wide range of supporting products specialized for maritime deployments. These all added up to become winning factors.

Eventually, this large deployment led us into our recent appointment as Starlink's first Authorized Technology Provider. The recognition enhances our brand visibility and allows us to tap into the fast-growing Starlink user base, providing even more potential for growth in the coming years.

We believe these kinds of successes are proof that we are moving in the right direction.

Besides Starlink, other new connectivity options have also emerged, such as other LEO services, FWA and private networks.

#### **Entering the Fixed Wireless Access market**

The FWA market is a large opportunity. According to market estimates, the number of FWA connections will more than double to over 300 million by 2030. Of course, with such substantial volumes at play, this is a highly competitive market. In fact, many leading networking equipment manufacturers are already supplying sizable volumes of FWA routers to telecom companies worldwide.

We intend to approach the FWA market with a different strategy. Recently, we have launched the B One series fixed/5G router. It features a full range of SpeedFusion capabilities. This gives customers the ability to SpeedFusion different FWA networks together with fixed broadband or other mobile networks.

The B One series is optimized for large volumes and has a very friendly price point to small office/home office users.

We also launched a companion app called the "Peplink App". The app is an extension of our InControl2 management software, and provides a much more simplified interface for users to configure and manage their small networks, including SpeedFusion and other value-added services. We believe the Peplink App makes our ecosystem more accessible and helps us tap into customers in the FWA segment.

最終,這個項目讓我們在最近成為了首家 為星鏈所認可的技術供應商,提高了我們 的知名度,讓我們能夠接觸星鏈正在快速 增長的用戶群,為未來幾年帶來更大的增 長潛力。

我們相信這些成功案例證明了我們正在朝 著正確的方向前進。

除了星鏈之外,其他新的連接選項也陸續 誕生,例如其他低地球軌道(LEO)服務、 固定無線接入(FWA)和專用網絡等。

#### 進軍固定無線接入市場

FWA市場是一個巨大的機遇。根據市場預測,到2030年,FWA連線數量將翻兩倍以上,達到超過3億。當然,如此龐大的數量,也意味著市場會有激烈競爭。事實上,許多領先的網絡設備製造商已經開始向全球的電信公司提供大量FWA路由器。

我們打算以不同的策略進入FWA市場。 近期,我們推出了B One系列固定/5G路 由器。它具有全方位的SpeedFusion功能。 客戶能夠使用SpeedFusion將不同的FWA網 絡、固定寬頻或任何其他移動網絡結合在 一起。

B One系列適合大量銷售,並且價格對小型辦公室/家庭辦公室用戶來説亦更適官。

我們也推出了一款名為「Peplink App」的應用程式。該應用程式是我們InControl2管理軟件的延伸,提供了更簡單的介面讓用戶配置和管理其小型網絡(包括SpeedFusion及其他增值服務)。我們相信Peplink App會使我們的生態系統更易使用,並幫助我們吸引FWA領域的客戶。

#### **Growing subscription pipeline**

In 2023, our recurring revenue has reached a key milestone. It currently accounts for 30% of our sales, and 52% of our gross profit.

The drivers of recurring revenue continue to grow. As at 31 December 2023, the number of devices registered on our cloud management platform has risen 20% year-on-year to over 500K. At the same time, the number of subscriptions has grown over 40% year-on-year. The take-up rate of our subscriptions, which is defined as the number of subscriptions versus the number of devices sold, also rose to 28% against a growing user base.

To boost our recurring revenue growth pipeline, we will continue to focus on providing superior value propositions through launching affordable new products while further enhancing our software features.

#### Other exciting opportunities

In the past year, AI has been developing by leaps and bounds. We believe it will create a lot of opportunities for us in an expanding connectivity market, making our operation more efficient to create new AI-enabled product platforms. Plover Bay has a track record in adopting new technology to enrich our product offerings and ecosystem. We are very excited about the possibilities.

#### To wrap up

It took us 18 years to reach US\$94.3M from zero. We have learned a lot during our growth journey and, just like the coming of age of a young person, Plover Bay is reaching a new stage with stronger manufacturing and go-to-market partners to help us reach the next US\$100M much faster.

We are fortunate to have like-minded team members, partners and investors around the world working together. Thank you everybody for joining us in this exciting journey.

#### 不斷成長的訂閱管道

2023年我們的經常性收入達到了一個重要的里程碑。目前它佔我們銷售額的30%, 佔毛利的52%。

經常性收入的驅動因素繼續增長。截至2023年12月31日,在我們雲端管理平台註冊的設備數量較去年同期增長20%至超過50萬台。同時,訂閱群較去年同期增長超過40%。我們的訂閱率(定義為訂閱群與售出設備數量之比)也上升至28%。

為了推動我們經常性收入的成長渠道,我們將進一步增強我們的軟件功能並繼續專注於推出價格實惠的新產品來提升我們的獨特賣點。

#### 其他機遇

過去一年,人工智能突飛猛進。我們相信,這將為我們在不斷擴大的連接市場中創造大量機會,使我們能夠更有效率地建立新的人工智能產品平台。珩灣科技於採用新技術來增強我們的產品和生態系統方面有著豐富的經驗。我們十分期待人工智能帶來的機遇。

#### 總結

我們花了18年時間從零達到9,430萬美元收入。我們在這過程中學到了很多東西。像年輕人的成長一樣, 珩灣科技正邁向新的階段,透過更強大的製造和市場合作夥伴,我們會更快地實現下一個1億。

我們有幸在世界各地擁有志同道合的團隊 成員、合作夥伴和投資者。感謝大家加入 我們這趟令人興奮的旅程。

# **Financial Summary**

# 財務摘要

A summary of the published results and of the assets, liabilities and equity of Plover Bay Technologies Limited (the "Company"), together with its subsidiaries (referred as the "Group" or "we" or "our" or "us") for each of the five years ended 31 December is as follows:

珩灣科技有限公司(「本公司」)連同其附屬公司(「本集團」或「我們」)截至12月31日止五個年度各年度的已刊發業績及資產、負債及權益摘要如下:

RESULTS 業績

		Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度				
		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2021 2021年 US\$'000 千美元	2020 2020年 US\$'000 千美元	2019 2019年 US\$'000 千美元
Revenue	收入 母公司擁有人應佔年內	94,259	86,757	74,128	52,818	45,910
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent	溢利	28,099	22,659	21,200	14,230	12,089
Adjusted by: Equity-settled share-based payments	經調整: 以權益結算之股份 付款開支	253	266	123	215	530
Core net profit	核心淨溢利	28,352	22,925	21,323	14,445	12,619
Earnings per share — basic (US cents)	每股盈利 — 基本(美仙)	2.56	2.07	1.96	1.34	1.17
Core net profit per share — basic (US cents)	每股核心淨利潤 — 基本(美仙)	2.58	2.10	1.97	1.37	1.22

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY 資產、負債及權益

ABBETS, EMBIETTIES MID EQUIT			~ <i>I</i>		- 1111	
		As at 31 December 於12月31日				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
		2023年	2022年	2021年	2020年	2019年
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Assets	資產					
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	7,106	5,494	4,800	4,366	5,520
Total current assets	流動資產總額	78,169	77,796	66,943	54,941	44,558
Total assets	資產總額	85,275	83,290	71,743	59,307	50,078
	h					
Liabilities	負債					
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	27,242	35,233	27,388	20,914	12,906
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	7,809	4,766	4,272	2,555	3,058
Total liabilities	負債總額	35,051	39,999	31,660	23,469	15,964
Equity	權益					
Equity attributable to owners	母公司擁有人應佔權益					
of the parent		50,224	43,291	40,083	35,838	34,114

The summary above does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

上述摘要並非為經審核綜合財務報表之 一部份。

# **Management Discussion and Analysis**

# 管理層討論及分析

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

#### Revenue and segment information

Plover Bay is a vendor of connectivity hardware, software and services. Our products include wired SD-WAN routers, wireless SD-WAN routers and networking peripherals that support customers' networks. We also engage in the sales of add-on software licences and warranty and support services, which includes on-demand data services.

As our product range continue to evolve, many of our products are enabled with both wired and wireless functions. Our products have also branched out to include connectivity products that do not perform the function of a router, such as our mobile antenna, network switches, accessories, access points, and so on.

The classification of our products into wired SD-WAN and wireless SD-WAN routers is no longer accurate. Henceforth, we will rename wired SD-WAN to "Fixed First Connectivity", which denotes products that typically rely on fixed networks as its primary connectivity. Wireless SD-WAN shall be renamed to "Mobile First Connectivity", which includes products that primarily use wireless networks for its connectivity.

Our revenue segments consist mainly of the following categories: (i) SD-WAN routers, which is further divided into wired and wireless products, also known as Fixed First Connectivity and Mobile First Connectivity; (ii) warranty and support services, which includes provision of warranty and usage-based data services; and (iii) software licences, which includes one-off software licences and subscription for InControl2 service and other software features.

## Revenue highlights

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's revenue increased to approximately US\$94,259,000, representing an approximately 8.6% year-over-year growth. The sales of Fixed First Connectivity (formerly Wired SD-WAN routers) increased to approximately US\$14,589,000, a slight increase of about 1.1% year-over-year. Sales of Mobile First Connectivity (formerly Wireless SD-WAN routers) increased to approximately US\$49,393,000, or an increase of about 5.6% year-over-year. Warranty and support services increased about 12.6% to US\$23,765,000. Finally, the sales of software licences increased about 46.4% year-over-year to US\$6,512,000.

#### 經營業績

#### 收入及分部資料

珩灣科技為一家連接性硬件、軟件及服務 銷售商。我們的產品包括有線SD-WAN路 由器、無線SD-WAN路由器及為客戶網絡 提供支持的網絡外圍設備。我們亦銷售軟 件附加許可、保修與支援服務,包括按需 隨選的數據服務。

隨著我們產品系列的不斷發展,我們的許 多產品都同時支持有線和無線功能。我們 的產品還擴展到包括非路由器的連接產 品,例如我們的移動天線、網絡交換機、 配件以及網絡接入點等。

將我們的產品分為有線SD-WAN路由器和 無線 SD-WAN路由器的分類已經不再準 確。今後,我們將把有線SD-WAN重命名 為「固定網絡優先連接」, 用以表示通常依 賴固定網絡作為主要連接的產品。無線 SD-WAN將重命名為「移動網絡優先連接」, 用以包括主要使用無線網絡進行連接的產 品。

我們的收入分部主要包括以下類別:(i) SD-WAN路由器,進一步分為有線及無線 產品,亦稱為固定網絡優先連接和移動 網絡優先連接;(ii)保修與支援服務,包 括提供保修及基於使用量的數據服務;及 (iii)軟件許可,包括一次性軟件許可及訂 閱InControl2服務及其他軟件功能。

#### 收入概覽

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團收 益增加至約94.259.000美元,同比增長 約8.6%。固定網絡優先連接(以前稱為 有線SD-WAN路由器)銷售小幅增加至約 14,589,000美元,同比小幅增加約1.1%。移 動網絡優先連接(以前稱為無線SD-WAN 路由器)銷售增加至約49,393,000美元,同 比增加約5.6%。保修與支援服務增加約 12.6%至23.765.000美元。最後,軟件許可 銷售同比增加約46.4%至6,512,000美元。

The table below sets out our revenue by product and service category for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022:

下表載列於截至2023年及2022年12月31日 止年度按產品及服務類別劃分的收入:

		For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度				
		202		202 2022		
		2023年 Revenue % of total 佔總收入的		Revenue % of tota 佔總收入的		
		收入	百分比	收入	百分比	
		US\$'000 千美元	% %	US\$'000 千美元	% %	
Fixed First Connectivity (formerly Wired SD-WAN routers)	固定網絡優先連接 (以前稱為有線 SD-WAN路由器)	14,589	15.5	14,430	16.6	
Mobile First Connectivity (formerly Wireless	移動網絡優先連接 (以前稱為無線	,	52.4	46 772	52.0	
SD-WAN routers) Warranty and support services	SD-WAN路由器) 保修與支援服務	49,393 23,765	52.4 25.2	46,773 21,107	53.9 24.3	
Software licences	軟件許可	6,512	6.9	4,447	5.2	
Total	合計	94,259	100.0	86,757	100.0	

#### **Overview of recurring sales**

We consider the sales of Fixed First Connectivity and Mobile First Connectivity, licences for virtual appliances and add-on licences for software features to be one-time sales.

Recurring sales mainly include the following:

- Embedded Subscriptions, which refers to revenues relating to embedded one-year warranty and services included with the sale of a router or product;
- (ii) Organic Subscriptions, which refers to revenues relating to sales of subscriptions for warranty (recognised in the software licences and warranty and support services segment) and software features (recognised in the software licences and warranty and support services segment)
- (iii) the sales of cloud and data services, which are based on data usage.

#### 經常性銷售概覽

我們認為固定網絡優先連接及移動網絡 優先連接、虛擬設備許可證及軟件功能附 加許可的銷售為一次性銷售。

經常性銷售主要包括以下:

- 嵌入式訂閱,指來自路由器或產品銷 售中包含的關於嵌入式第一年保修 和服務的收入;
- 有機訂閱,指關於銷售保修訂閱(在 軟件許可及保修與支援服務分部中 確認)及軟件功能(在軟件許可及保修 與支援服務分部中確認)的收入;
- (iii) 基於數據使用量的雲端和數據服務 的銷售收入。

During the year, one-time sales increased approximately 4.1% while recurring sales increased approximately 20.7% year-overyear. Within recurring sales, Embedded Subscriptions warranty accounted for approximately 41.0% of total recurring sales, while Organic Subscriptions accounted for approximately 51.7%. The sales of Embedded Subscriptions generally follows the growth trend of Fixed First and Mobile First Connectivity segment sales of the past twelve months. Growth of Organic Subscriptions is positively impacted by our continued growing userbase, increasing take up rate of subscriptions, and user stickiness.

The table below sets out the breakdown of revenue according to the timing of revenue recognition for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022:

於本年度,一次性銷售增加約4.1%而經常 性銷售同比增加約20.7%。在經常性銷售 中,嵌入式保修訂閱約佔經常性銷售總額 的41.0%而有機訂閱約佔經常性銷售總額 的51.7%。嵌入式訂閱銷售通常依循固定 網絡優先連接及移動網絡優先連接分部 過去十二個月的銷售額的增長趨勢。有機 訂閱的增長受到我們持續增長的用戶群、 訂閱率提升和用戶黏著度的正面影響。

下表載列於截至2023年及2022年12月31日 年度按收入確認時間劃分的收入:

		For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度 2023 2022				
		<b>佔總收入的</b>			Weight 佔總收入的 百分比 %	
		千美元 %		千美元	%	
One-time sales: Recurring sales:	一次性銷售: 經常性銷售:	65,579 28,680	69.6 30.4	63,004 23,753	72.6 27.4	
Total	合計	94,259	100.0	86,757	100.0	

#### Overview of sales in geographical regions

We divide our sales into the following geographical regions: North America, EMEA (including Europe, Middle East and Africa), Asia and other regions. During the year ended 31 December 2023, sales to North America increased to approximately US\$54,386,000, representing year-on-year growth of approximately 4.6%. Sales to EMEA rose to approximately US\$27,536,000, representing a year-on-year growth of approximately 26.7%. Sales to Asia was approximately US\$9,976,000, which decreased about 10.3% year-on-year. Sales from other regions was approximately US\$2,361,000, which increased about 25.4% year-on-year.

#### 各地區的銷售概覽

我們將銷售分類為下列地區:北美洲、 EMEA(包括歐洲、中東及非洲)、亞洲以 及其他地區。截至2023年12月31日止年度, 北美洲銷售額增長至約54.386.000美元, 同比增長約4.6%。EMEA銷售額增加至約 27,536,000美元,同比增長約26.7%。銷往 亞洲的銷售額減少約10.3%至約9,976,000 美元。其他地區的銷售同比增長約25.4% 至約2.361.000美元。

During the period, sales in North America was mainly driven by strong uptake of 5G products. Many of these products were mainly used to enable resilient satellite and mobile communications, which saw strong demands in maritime, government and public safety verticals. However, the strong growth of 5G products has been partially offset by the slower sales of 4G devices and the revamp of our operations on a major North America ecommerce platform earlier in the year, which has since been completed. Our operations on the platform have resumed.

In EMEA, growth was lead by our Router-antenna integrated product ranges, which are purpose-designed for mobility applications, such as maritime. Meanwhile, both 5G and advanced 4G products saw strong uptick in sales due to strong growth from relatively new partners in eastern Europe.

Our sales in Asia is still mainly driven by government spending in each individual country. As a result, sales in the region tends to depend on project timing and can be lumpy from time to time.

The strong sales growth in Others region was mainly contributed by sales to Australia and New Zealand, which was due to a strong ramp up of brand building and sales activity by our key partner in the region.

The table below sets out the breakdown of revenue amount by geographical location of customers and the respective proportion of total revenue for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022:

期內,北美地區的銷售主要受到5G產品強 勁推動。其中許多產品主要用於實現強大 有力的衛星和移動通信,海運、政府和公 共安全垂直領域對這些產品有著強烈的需 求。然而5G產品的強勁增長被減緩的4G 設備的銷售和年初我們北美主要電子商務 平台的運營改造(已完成)所部分抵消。我 們平台的運營已經恢復。

在EMEA地區,我們的路由器天線集成產 品引領了增長,這些產品專為移動應用(如 海運)而設計。同時由於東歐較新的合作 夥伴的強勁增長,5G和先進4G產品的銷 售強勁增長。

我們在亞洲的銷售仍然主要由各國的政府 支出推動。因此該地區的銷售往往取決於 項目時間安排,有時可能會出現波動。

其他地區的強勁銷售增長主要歸功於對 澳洲和紐西蘭的銷售,這是由於我們在該 地區的合作夥伴的品牌建立和銷售活動的 強勁增長。

下表載列於截至2023年及2022年12月31日 止兩個年度按客戶地點劃分的收益金額及 各自佔總收入百分比的明細:

		For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度				
		<b>2023</b> 2022				
		2023	3年	202	2年	
		Revenue	Weight	Revenue	Weight	
			佔總收入的		佔總收入的	
		收入 百分比		收入	百分比	
		US\$'000	<b>%</b>	US\$'000	%	
		千美元 %		千美元	%	
North America	北美洲	54,386	57.7	52,017	60.0	
EMEA	EMEA	27,536	29.2	21,736	25.1	
Asia	亞 洲	9,976	10.6	11,121	12.8	
Others	其他	2,361	2.5	1,883	2.1	
Total	合計	94,259	100.0	86,757	100.0	

#### Gross profit and gross profit margin

For the year ended 31 December 2023, our gross profit was approximately US\$50,913,000, a year-over-year increase of approximately 9.5%. Our gross profit margin for the year was approximately 54.0%, compared to approximately 53.6% for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Our gross profit margin increased slightly compared to the same period last year. Notably, our gross margin in the second half of 2023 improved to 54.6% compared to 53.3% in the first half of 2023 (the "Interim Period"). Throughout the year, the increased sales mix of the software licences and warranty and support services segment has brought up the Group's overall gross profit margin. For the year ended 31 December 2023, gross profit from recurring revenues has well exceeded half of the Group's overall gross profit. On the other hand, component costs and production lead times have returned to reasonable levels, we also begin to see milder component costs in the second half of the year, leading to improved margins in Fixed First and Mobile First Connectivity segments compared to the Interim Period.

The table below sets out our Group's gross profit and gross profit margin by product and service category for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022:

#### 毛利及毛利率

截至2023年12月31日止年度,我們的毛利 約50,913,000美元,按年增長約9.5%。本 年度毛利率約54%, 而截至2022年12月31日 止年度毛利率約53.6%。

與去年同期相比,我們的毛利率略有上 升。值得注意的是,我們的毛利率在2023 年下半年改善至54.6%,而2023年上半年 (「中期期間」)為53.3%。全年,軟件許可及 保修與支援服務分部的銷售組合增加,帶 動了集團的整體毛利率。截至2023年12月 31日止年度,來自經常性收入的毛利遠超 過集團整體毛利的一半。另一方面,零部 件成本和生產提前期已恢复到合理水平, 我們也開始看到今年下半年的零部件成 本輕微下降,導致固定網絡優先連接及 移動網絡優先連接分部的利潤率比中期 有所改善。

下表載列於截至2023年及2022年12月31日 止年度本集團按產品及服務類別劃分的毛 利及毛利率:

		For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度				
		2023 2022			_	
		2023 <sup>±</sup> Gross	∓ Gross	2022 <del>T</del> Gross	<b>2022年</b> Gross Gross	
		profit margin 毛利 毛利率		profit margir 毛利 毛利率		
		US\$'000 千美元	% %	US\$'000 千美元	% %	
Fixed First Connectivity	固定網絡優先連接	6,215	42.6	6,166	42.7	
Mobile First Connectivity	移動網絡優先連接	16,659	33.7	16,682	35.7	
Warranty and support services Software licences	保修與支援服務 軟件許可	22,302 5,737	93.8 88.1	19,782 3,877	93.7 87.2	
Total	合計	50,913	54.0	46,507	53.6	

#### Other income and gains, net

Other income and gains, net for the year ended 31 December 2023 were approximately US\$1,362,000 (2022: approximately US\$183,000). The sharp increase was mainly attributable to higher bank interest income and foreign exchange gains, as compared to foreign exchange losses (recognised in general and administrative expenses) in 2022.

#### Selling and distribution expenses

Selling and distribution expenses comprised mainly salaries and benefits of our sales and marketing staff, advertising and promotion expenses incurred to promote our products and other expenses relating to our sales and marketing activities.

Selling and distribution expenses for the year ended 31 December 2023 were approximately US\$3,544,000, increasing about 14.3% year-on-year. The overall increase was mainly due to higher spending on advertising and promotion.

#### General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses mainly represented salaries and benefits of our administrative, finance and other supporting staff, depreciation of property, plant and equipment, amortisation of intangible assets, lease expenses and other office expenses.

General and administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2023 were approximately US\$7,021,000, a year-on-year decrease of approximately 14.1%. The decrease was mainly due to foreign exchange losses, net of approximately US\$1,657,000 recorded in the previous period, as compared to foreign exchange gains, net of approximately US\$306,000 being recorded in "Other income and gains, net" in the current period. Excluding the effects of foreign exchange fluctuations, general and administrative expenses increased by approximately 7.8% year-on-year.

# Research and development, consultancy and other

Research and development ("R&D") expenses mainly represented salaries and benefits of our engineering, testing and supporting staff, product testing fees, certification costs, tooling, components and parts used for product research and development purposes. Consultancy and other expenses mainly represented payments to service providers for testing, technical support and system maintenance.

## 其他收益及利益,淨值

截至2023年12月31日止年度,其他收入及 利益淨值約為1,362,000美元(2022年:約 183,000美元)。大幅增長主要是由於銀行 利息收入增加以及與2022年外匯虧損(在 一般及行政開支中確認)相比錄得的外匯 收益。

#### 銷售及分銷開支

銷售及分銷開支主要包括我們的銷售及市 場推廣員工的薪金及福利,推廣我們的產 品所引致的廣告與推廣開支及其他與我們 銷售及市場推廣活動相關開支。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,銷售及分銷 開支達到約3,544,000美元,按年增加約 14.3%。整體增加主要由於廣告和宣傳支 出增加所致。

#### 一般及行政開支

一般及行政開支主要指行政、財務及其他 輔助員工的薪金及福利、物業、廠房及設 備的折舊及無形資產攤銷、租賃開支以及 其他辦公室開支。

截至2023年12月31日止年度的一般及行 政 開 支 約 為7.021.000美 元 , 同 比 減 少 約 14.1%。減少主要由於本期於「其他收益及 利益,淨值|中錄得的約306,000美元的匯 兑收益,淨值而去年錄得約1,657,000美元 的外匯損失,淨值。撇除外匯波動的影 響,一般及行政開支增加約7.8%。

#### 研發,顧問及其他開支

研發(「研發」)開支主要指工程師、測試及 輔助員工的薪金及福利,以及用於產品研 發的產品測試費、認證成本、模具、部件 及零件。顧問及其他開支主要指就測試、 技術支持及系統維護向服務供應商支付的 費用。

Research and development, consultancy and other expenses for the year ended 31 December 2023 were approximately US\$8,411,000, decreasing approximately 4.3% year-on-year as we increased the portion of hardware development outsourced to contract manufacturers.

#### **Government subsidies**

For the year ended 31 December 2023, government subsidies of approximately US\$96,000 (2022: Nil) and nil (2022: approximately US\$389,000) were granted under the Dedicated Fund on Branding, Upgrading and Domestic Sales and the Employment Support Scheme implemented by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (the "HKSAR Government"), respectively, and approximately US\$419,000 (2022: approximately US\$490,000) were granted by the Government of the Republic of Lithuania for several R&D projects.

#### Equity-settled share-based payment expense

Included in selling and distribution expenses, general and administrative expenses, and research and development, consultancy and other expenses was equity-settled share-based payment expense, representing equity-settled share-based payments to directors, employees and consultants which are expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period since the grant date.

During the year, the Group granted 3,300,000 share options to 33 employees on 11 December 2023. Equity-settled share-based payment expense for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately US\$253,000 (2022: approximately US\$266,000). Details of share options granted by the Group are set out below under the heading "Share Option Scheme" of this annual report.

#### **Total operating expenses**

Total operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2023, which includes selling and distribution expenses, general and administrative expenses, and research and development, consultancy and other expenses, amounted to approximately US\$18,976,000, representing a year-over-year decrease of approximately 5.4%. Employee cost (including equity-settled share-based payment expense and directors' remuneration) remained our largest cost component, which amounted to approximately US\$9,861,000 for the year (2022: approximately US\$9,957,000).

截至2023年12月31日止年度的研發,顧問 及其他開支約為8.411.000美元,同比減少 約4.3%,因為我們增加了外包給合約製造 商的硬件開發部分。

#### 政府補貼

截至2023年12月31日止年度,約96,000美元 (2022年:零)及零美元(2022年:約389,000 美元)分別來自香港特別行政區政府(「香 港特別行政區政府」的發展品牌、升級轉 型及拓展內銷市場的專項基金和保就業計 劃以及約419.000美元(2022年:約490.000 美元)來自立陶宛共和國政府就多個研發 項目發出的補貼。

#### 以權益結算之股份付款開支

計入銷售及分銷開支、一般及行政開支及 研發,顧問及其他開支的以權益結算之股 份付款開支,主要指應付董事、僱員及顧 問的以權益結算之股份付款,自授出日期 起在歸屬期內按直線基準計提開支。

年內本集團於2023年12月11日向33名員工授 出3,300,000份購股權。截至2023年12月31 日止年度,以權益結算之股份付款開支約 為253,000美元(2022年:約266,000美元)。 本集團授出購股權之詳情載於本年報之 「購股權計劃|項下。

#### 總營業開支

綜合銷售及分銷開支,一般及行政開支 及研發,顧問及其他開支,截至2023年12 月31日止年度的總營業開支約18,976,000 美元,按年减少約5.4%。本年度員工成 本(包括以權益計算的購股權開支及執 行董事薪酬)約9,861,000美元(2022年:約 9,957,000美元)繼續為本集團總營業開支 的最大部分。

#### Finance costs and interest-bearing bank borrowings

Finance costs mainly represented interest on bank borrowings and interest on lease liabilities.

Finance costs for the year ended 31 December 2023 were approximately US\$349,000, representing a year-over-year increase of approximately 43.0%. The increase was mainly due to higher interest rates.

As at 31 December 2023, bank borrowings were approximately US\$1,177,000 (2022: approximately US\$6,471,000). The decrease in bank borrowings was mainly because of repayment of loans.

#### **Income tax expense**

During the year, the Group provided for Hong Kong profits tax at a rate of 16.5% on its estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong, except for one subsidiary which is a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. Taking into consideration the effects of super deductions of qualified R&D expenses implemented by the HKSAR Government, the overall effective tax rate for the year was approximately 14.7%.

#### Profit attributable to owners of the parent

Profit attributable to owners of the parent for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately US\$28,099,000, representing an increase of approximately 24.0% year-on-year.

#### **Inventories**

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's inventory balance was approximately US\$16,938,000 (2022: approximately US\$32,333,000). During the year, the component shortages and production lead times started to abate, allowing us to meet customer demands while holding less inventories.

#### 財務成本及計息銀行借款

財務成本主要指銀行借款利息及租賃負債 利息。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,財務成本約 為349.000美元,按年增加約43.0%。增加 主要由於更高的利率所致。

於2023年12月31日, 銀行借款約為 1.177.000美元(2022年:約6.471.000美元)。 銀行借款減少主要由於償還貸款所致。

#### 所得税開支

年內,本集團以在香港產生的估計應課稅 溢利按16.5%的税率撥備香港利得税。惟 本集團的一間附屬公司除外,該公司為符 合兩級制利得税率制度的實體。考慮到香 港特別行政區政府頒佈給予合資格研發 開支相關的税務優惠對本公司的影響,本 年度的整體有效税率約為14.7%。

#### 母公司擁有人應佔利潤

截至2023年12月31日止年度的母公司擁有 人應佔利潤約28.099.000美元,按年增加 約24.0%。

#### 存貨

於2023年12月31日,本集團的存貨結餘約 為16,938,000美元(2022年:約32,333,000美 元)。年內,零部件短缺緩和和生產提前 期開始減少,使我們能夠在減少庫存的同 時滿足客戶需求。

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The following list is a summary of certain principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, some of which are beyond our control:

- Brand recognition of our customers depends on our ability to keep up with the rapidly changing technologies or conduct R&D and market our new products and services;
- Competition from existing or new competitors may affect our market share in the SD-WAN markets and our revenue may be reduced:
- Our business and financial performances depend on our ability to manage our inventories effectively;
- Global trade policy uncertainties, which may affect the economics of the purchasing decisions of our end customers;
- We do not have long-term purchase commitments from our customers which may lead to significant uncertainty and volatility of our revenue;
- We may be exposed to credit risk of our customers, affecting the collectability of trade receivables and adversely affecting our cash flows; and
- Disruption of supply chain and raw material shortages may affect our ability to meet customer demands.

The above is not an exhaustive list. Investors are advised to make their own judgement or consult their own investment advisers before making any investment in the Company's shares.

# LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

As at 31 December 2023, our bank borrowings amounted to approximately US\$1,177,000 (2022: approximately US\$6,471,000) which are secured by the pledge of a time deposit amounting to approximately US\$2,052,000 (2022: approximately US\$2,029,000).

## 主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團面臨的若干主要風險及不明朗因素 概述如下,其中部分非我們所能控制:

- 客戶對品牌的認可有賴於我們跟上 迅速變化的技術的能力或對我們的 新產品及服務進行研發及市場推廣 的能力;
- 來自現有或新的競爭對手的競爭或 會影響我們於SD-WAN市場的份額及 減少我們的收入;
- 我們的業務及財務表現有賴於我們 有效管理存貨的能力;
- 全球貿易政策的不確定性,可能會影 響我們最終客戶的經濟考慮和購買決
- 我們沒有客戶的長期採購承諾,這可 能導致我們的收入存在重大不確定 性及波動;
- 我們或會承受客戶的信貸風險,這會 影響我們收取貿易應收款項並對現 金流量產生不利影響;及
- 供應鏈中斷及原料短缺可能影響滿 足客戶需求的能力。

然而,以上所列並非全部。投資者於投資 本公司之股份前務請自行作出判斷或諮詢 其投資顧問。

# 流動資金、財政資源及資本架 構

於2023年12月31日, 我們的銀行借款約 1,177,000美元(2022年:約6,471,000美元), 其以一筆約約2,052,000美元(2022年:約 2,029,000美元)的定期存款作為借款抵 押。

As at 31 December 2023, the gearing ratio (which is defined as total borrowings over total equity) of our Group was approximately 2.3% (2022: approximately 14.9%). The Directors confirm that the Group financed its operations principally from cash generated from its business operations and expect that this will continue to be the case in the coming year. We did not experience any liquidity problem during the year ended 31 December 2023.

# AGEING ANALYSIS OF TRADE RECEIVABLES AND TRADE PAYABLES

For details of our ageing analysis of trade receivables and trade payables, please refer to note 17 and note 20 to the consolidated financial information, respectively.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

The Group undertakes certain transactions denominated in foreign currencies, mainly in Euro, US dollars, Pound Sterling and Australian dollars, hence exposure to exchange rate fluctuations arises. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure closely in order to keep the net exposure to an acceptable level. The Group will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### EMPLOYEE AND SALARY POLICIES

The Directors consider the quality of employees as the most critical factor in maintaining the Group's business growth and enhancing our profitability. The Group offers remuneration packages including salaries, bonuses and retirement benefits with reference to the performance and working experience of individual employees, and the prevailing market rates. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had 177 (2022: 202) full-time employees. The total amount of employee costs of the Group (including equity-settled share-based payment expense and directors' remuneration) for the year was approximately US\$9,861,000 (2022: approximately US\$9,957,000).

The Company also adopted a share option scheme approved on 21 June 2016 for the purpose of, among other things, recognition of employees' contribution to the Group's continued growth. During the year, the Company issued share options on 11 December 2023. Details have been set out in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" elsewhere in this annual report.

於2023年12月31日,本集團的資本負債比率 (即借款總額除以權益總額)約2.3% (2022 年:約14.9%)。董事確認,本集團主要以 其業務營運所得現金為其營運提供資金, 並預期來年將繼續如此。截至2023年12月 31日止年度,我們並無遇到任何流動資金 問題。

# 貿易應收款項及貿易應付款項 的賬齡分析

有關貿易應收款項及貿易應付款項的賬齡 分析詳情,請分別參閱本綜合財務報表附 註17及附註20。

# 外幣風險

本集團進行若干以外幣(主要是歐元、美 元、英鎊及澳元)計值的交易,故此面臨 外匯匯率波動風險。本集團目前並無外匯 對沖政策。然而,管理層會密切監控外匯 風險以將淨風險維持在可接受水平。本集 團將於必要時考慮對沖重大外匯風險。

#### 僱員及薪金政策

董事認為,僱員質素乃維持本集團業務增 長及增強盈利能力的最重要因素。本集團 參照個別僱員的表現及工作經驗與當前市 場水平釐定薪金待遇(包括工資、花紅及 退休福利)。於2023年12月31日,本集團有 177名 (2022年: 202名) 全職僱員。本集團 於年內之員工成本總額(包括以權益計算 的購股權開支及執行董事薪酬)約9,861,000 美元(2022年:9,957,000美元)。

本公司亦於2016年6月21日採納一項購股權 計劃,旨在(其中包括)確認僱員對本集團 持續增長之貢獻。年內,本公司於2023年 12月11日授出購股權。詳情已載於本年報 「購股權計劃|章節。

The emoluments of the Directors are decided by the Remuneration Committee having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

## RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") for all qualified employees in Hong Kong. Contributions from employers and employees are 5% each of the employee's relevant income. The maximum mandatory contribution per employee is HK\$1,500 per month. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of an independent trustee. The expense arising from contributions to the MPF Scheme of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately US\$235,000 (2022: approximately US\$257,000).

The employees of the Group's subsidiary in Malaysia are members of the state-managed retirement benefit scheme, the Employees Provident Fund (the "EPF Scheme") operated by the Malaysian government. The subsidiary is required to contribute a certain percentage of payroll costs to the EPF Scheme. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make specified contributions. The retirement benefit scheme contributions arising from the EPF Scheme charged to profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2023 were approximately US\$51,000 (2022: approximately US\$44,000).

The employees of the Group's subsidiary in Taiwan chose to participate in a defined contribution scheme governed by the Labour Pension Act of Taiwan. This subsidiary contributes 6% of the total salaries of participating employees who have chosen to participate in the defined contribution scheme, which are deposited into individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labour Insurance of Taiwan. The expense arising from the defined contribution scheme for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately US\$54,000 (2022: approximately US\$48,000).

The employee of the Group's subsidiary in Singapore participates in the Central Provident Fund scheme (the "CPF") organised by the government of Singapore. This subsidiary and its employee are required to contribute a certain percentage of the employee's payroll to the CPF. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the CPF. The subsidiary has no further obligations for the actual pension payments or post-retirement benefits beyond its contributions. The expense arising from contributions to the CPF for the year ended 31 December 2023 was approximately US\$12,000 (2022: approximately US\$11,000).

董事之酬金由薪酬委員會經參考本集團之 經營業績、個人表現及可供比較之市場數 據決定。

# 退休福利計劃

本集團為所有香港合資格僱員設立強制性 公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。僱主及僱員 的供款為各僱員有關收入的5%。每名僱 員的最高強制性供款為每月1.500港元。強 積金計劃的資產於獨立受託人控制的基 金中,與本集團的的資產分開持有。截至 2023年12月31日止年度,本集團強積金計 劃供款所產生的開支約235.000美元(2022 年:約257.000美元)。

本集團馬來西亞附屬公司的僱員為馬來西 亞政府所設立的國家退休福利計劃(僱員 強制性公積金計劃(「僱員強積金計劃」)的 成員。該附屬公司須將薪資成本的若干百 分比作為僱員強積金計劃供款。本集團與 退休福利計劃有關的唯一責任為作出指定 供款。截至2023年12月31日止年度,僱員 強積金計劃所產生計入損益表的退休福利 計劃供款約51.000美元(2022年:約44.000 美元)。

本集團台灣附屬公司的僱員選擇參與由台 灣勞工退休金條例監管之界定供款計劃。 此附屬公司須就選擇參與界定供款計劃 之僱員按其薪金總額之6%供款,並存放 於台灣勞工保險局之個人退休金賬戶內。 截至2023年12月31日止年度,界定供款計 劃所產生的開支約54,000美元(2022年:約 48,000美元)。

本集團新加坡附屬公司的僱員參與由新加 坡政府組織的中央公積金計劃(「CPFI)。該 子公司及其員工必須將員工工資的一定比 例繳納給公積金。供款在根據中央公積 金規則應付時從損益中扣除。除供款外, 子公司對實際支付的養老金或退休後福利 沒有進一步的義務。截至2023年12月31日 止年度的CPF供款產生的費用約12,000美 元(2022年:約11,000美元)。

# SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD AND FUTURE PLAN FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENT

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had no significant investment held and no material future investment plan.

# MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND **DISPOSALS**

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group had no material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and associated companies.

#### COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had nil capital commitment including commitment in respect of acquisition of property, plant and equipment contracted but not provided for in the consolidated financial statements (2022: approximately US\$145,000).

#### PLEDGE OF ASSETS

The Group's bank facilities amounting to approximately US\$14,989,000 (2022: approximately US\$14,927,000), of which approximately US\$1,177,000 (2022: approximately US\$6,471,000) had been utilised as at the end of the reporting period, which are secured by the pledge of a time deposit of the Group amounting to approximately US\$2,052,000 (2022: approximately US\$2,029,000).

# **DECLARATION AND PAYMENT OF DIVIDENDS**

The Board has resolved to declare a second interim dividend of HK10.94 cents per share and a special dividend of HK1.42 cents per share (together, the "Dividends") for the year ended 31 December 2023. The Dividends will be paid on Thursday, 28 March 2024 to shareholders on the register of members on Friday, 15 March 2024.

# 所持重大投資及重大投資的未 來計劃

於2023年12月31日,本集團並無持有重大 投資和重大投資計劃。

# 重大收購及出售事項

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團並無 有關附屬公司及聯營公司的重大收購或出 售事項。

## 承擔

於2023年12月31日,本集團收購已訂約但 未於綜合財務報表撥備的資本承擔包括 物業、廠房及設備的承擔約零美元(2022 年:約145,000美元)。

# 資產抵押

本集團達約14.989,000美元(2022年:約 14.927,000美元) 當中的約1,177,000美元 (2022年: 約6,471,000美元) 之信貸安排 於報告期末已獲使用,乃以本集團達約 2.052.000美元(2022年:約2.029.000美元) 的定期存款作抵押。

# 股息宣派及派付

董事會已議決宣派截至2023年12月31日止 年度之第二次中期股息每股10.94港仙及 特別股息每股1.42港仙(合稱「股息」)。該 股息將於2024年3月28日(星期四)向於2024 年3月15日(星期五)名列股東名冊的股東派 付。

# **Corporate Governance Report**

# 企業管治報告

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Plover Bay Technologies Company Limited (the "Company"), together with its subsidiaries (referred as the "Group" or "we" or "our" or "us") is pleased to present the Corporate Governance Report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023.

珩灣科技有限公司(「本公司」)連同其附屬 公司(下文統稱「本集團 | 或「我們 |) 董事會 (「董事會」) 欣然呈報本公司截至2023年12 月31日止年度的企業管治報告。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Board has committed to achieving high corporate governance standards. The Board believes that high corporate governance standards are essential in providing a framework for the Company to safeguard the interests of shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders") and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as its own code of corporate governance, and is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance as well as transparency. The Company has complied with all applicable provisions of the CG Code during the year ended 31 December 2023.

The Board will continue to review and monitor the practices of the Company for the purpose of complying with the CG Code and maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices of the Company.

# MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES **TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") as its own securities dealing code to regulate all dealings by Directors of securities in the Company and other matters covered by the Model Code. Specific enquiry has been made of all the Directors and they have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2023.

# 企業管治守則

董事會已致力於達至高水平的企業管治標 進。董事會相信, 高水平的企業管治標準 對本公司保障本公司股東(「股東」)利益及 提升企業價值及問責程度的框架非常重 要。本公司已採納《企業管治守則》作為其 自身的企業管治守則, 並致力於維持高水 平的企業管治及透明度。截至2023年12月 31日止年度,本公司已遵守《企業管治守 則》所載的所有適用條文。

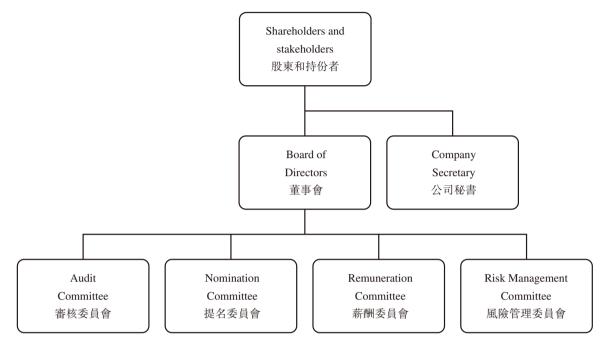
董事會將持續檢討及監督本公司的做法, 以遵守《企業管治守則》並維持本公司高水 準的企業管治常規。

# 證券交易的《標準守則》

本公司已採納《聯交所證券《上市規則》》 (「《上市規則》」) 附錄10所載的《上市發行人 董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「《標準守 則》」)作為其證券交易守則,以監管董事就 本公司證券進行的所有交易及標準守則涵 蓋的其他事宜。本公司已向全體董事作出 特定查詢,且董事已確認他們於截至2023 年12月31日止年度已遵循《標準守則》。

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

# 企業管治架構



The Company strives to attain and maintain high standards of corporate governance best suited to the needs and interests of the Group as it believes that effective corporate governance practices is fundamental to enhancing shareholder value and safeguarding interests of Shareholders and stakeholders. The Board sets appropriate policies and implements corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of the Group's businesses.

#### **COMPANY CULTURE**

The Company's culture is moulded by our vision and values. They are shaped by the Peplink community, which consists of our employees, business partners, and customers. Our culture in turn shapes our employees, our strategies, and dictate the way we operate, solve problems and develop new technologies.

The Company's culture is a reflection of our core values and sets us apart from our competitors. Our culture ensures employees will continue to contribute their passion towards their work and our vision. It also helps attract and retain new recruits from different backgrounds with similar values. In turn, it solidifies our brand identity and drives us to continue to innovate. We are committed to putting our core values into practice every day and creating a work environment where our employees can thrive and meet their full potential.

本公司相信有效的企業管治常規是提升 股東價值與保障股東及權益持有人權益的 基本要素,因此其致力於達致並維持最符 合本集團需要與利益的高企業管治水平。 董事會制定適當之政策及實施恰當之企 業管治常規來經營及發展本集團業務。

#### 企業文化

我們的願景和價值觀塑造了本公司的文 化,而我們的願景和價值觀則是由我們的 員工、合作夥伴和客戶組成的Peplink社區 所勾畫的。我們的企業文化亦反過來塑造 我們的僱員、策略,並奠定我們運營、解 決問題和開發新技術的方式。

本公司的文化反映了我們的核心價值觀, 並使我們有別於競爭對手。我們的文化確 保僱員會繼續為他們的工作和我們的願景 貢獻熱情。它還有助於吸引和留住來自不 同背景而有相似價值觀的人才。最終,它 鞏固了我們品牌的形象並推動我們繼續創 新。我們希望每天都能夠將我們的核心價 值觀付諸實踐,並創造一個讓我們的僱員 能夠茁壯成長並充分發揮潛力的工作環 境。

# Corporate Governance Report

## 企業管治報告

Throughout 2023, the Company continued to strengthen the cultural framework and exploit the advantages of its distinguishable culture in its strategic planning process. Such a process assists the Company in identifying and assessing the opportunities and challenges that the Company might face, and to develop a planned course of action that will make the best use of its unique culture.

In 2023, our cultural framework shaped the Company's strategic priorities: (i) product innovation; (ii) user base and ecosystem expansion; (iii) supply chain management; and (iv) enhance operational efficiency. In each of these, our culture and values directly or indirectly influenced the thought process, planning and the subsequent execution of those strategies.

Please visit our website ("Company > Our Business" section) to learn more about the Company's purpose, vision and values.

#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board currently comprises seven members, consisting of four executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. The function of the Board is to guide the management to ensure the interests of the Shareholders are safeguarded.

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this annual report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex (Chairman) Mr. Chau Kit Wai (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Chong Ming Pui Mr. Yeung Yu

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Dr. Yu Kin Tim Mr. Ho Chi Lam Mr. Wan Sze Chung 整個2023年,本公司在策略規劃的過程中 繼續加強其文化框架,發揮我們獨特文化 的優勢。此等策略規劃有助本公司識別和 評估公司可能面臨的機遇和挑戰,並充分 利用其獨特文化、制訂行動方案。

在2023年,我們的文化框架幫忙規劃了公 司的策略重點:(一)產品創新、(二)用戶 群和生態系統擴展、(三)供應鏈管理;及 (四)提高運營效率。在每一個方面,我們 的文化和價值觀都直接或間接地影響了這 些策略的思考過程、規劃和後續執行。

如欲了解更多有關本公司宗旨、願景和價 值觀的資料,請瀏覽我們的網站(「公司> 我們的業務」部分)。

## 董事會

董事會目前由七名成員組成,包括四名執 行董事及三名獨立非執行董事。董事會的 職責為引導管理層以確保股東的權益獲 得保障。

年內直至本年報日期期間的董事為:

#### 執行董事

陳永康先生(主席) 周傑懷先生(行政總裁) 莊明沛先生 楊瑜先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

余健添博士 何志霖先生 溫思聰先生

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Biographical information of the Directors and relationship amongst them, if any, are set out in the section headed "Profile of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors the written confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company, based on such confirmations, considers them to be independent.

The Board delegates the authority and responsibility for implementing day-to-day operations, business strategies and management of the Group's businesses to the executive Directors, senior management and certain specific responsibilities to the Board committees.

When the Board delegates aspects of its management and administration functions to the management, it has given clear directions as to the powers of management, in particular, with respect to the circumstances. While allowing management substantial autonomy to run and develop the business, the Board plays a key role in structuring and monitoring the reporting systems and internal controls. The composition and functions of each Board committee are described below. The final decision still rests with the Board unless otherwise provide for in the terms of reference of relevant committees.

The independent non-executive Directors bring a wide range of skills and business experience to the Group. They also bring independent judgment on the issues of strategy, performance and risk through their contribution to the Board meetings and to the committees' meetings.

The Board is responsible for the oversight of the management of the Company's businesses and affairs with the goal of maximising long-term shareholder's value, while balancing broader stakeholder interests. The Board has the following main duties:

- determine all the corporate matters;
- be responsible for the management, direction and supervision of the businesses of the Group; and
- be responsible to ensure the effectiveness on Group's financial reporting and compliance.

The composition of the Board is well-balanced with each Director having sound industry knowledge, extensive corporate and strategic planning experience and/or expertise relevant to the businesses of the Group. All executive Directors, and independent non-executive Directors bring a variety of experience and expertise to the Company.

董事之履歷資料及他們之間的關係(如有) 載於本年報「董事及高級管理層履歷|章 節。

本公司已根據《上市規則》第3.13條接獲各 獨立非執行董事書面確認其獨立性。基 於該等確認,本公司認為獨立非執行董事 具有獨立身份。

董事會將本集團業務之日常營運、業務策 略及管理之權力及責任轉授執行董事、高 級管理層並將若干指定責任轉授予董事 委員會。

當董事會將管理及行政功能方面的權力委 派予管理層時,已同時就有關管理層的權 力按情況給予清晰的指引。雖然允許管理 層在充分自治的前提下經營及發展業務, 但董事會在構建及監察申報制度及內部監 控方面仍扮演著重要角色。各董事委員會 的組成及功能將在下文詳述。除相關董事 委員會的職權範圍另有規定者外,董事會 仍保留最終決策權。

獨立非執行董事為本集團帶來各方面的技 術及業務經驗。他們亦通過董事會會議 及委員會會議,對策略、表現及風險等議 題作出獨立評估。

董事會負責監督本公司業務及事務的管 理,目標為盡量提升長期股東價值,同時 平衡更廣泛的持份者的利益。董事會的主 要職責如下:

- 決定所有企業事宜;
- 負責本集團業務管理、方向及監督; 及
- 負責確保本集團的財務申報及合規 的有效性。

董事會的成員各有所長,而每名董事對於 本集團所從事業務均具備充分行業知識、 豐富的企業及策略規劃經驗及/或專門 技術。所有執行董事及獨立非執行董事均 能為本公司帶來各種經驗及專門技術。

# Corporate Governance Report

# 企業管治報告

# **BOARD MEETINGS AND BOARD PRACTICES**

The Board holds regular meetings at appropriate intervals during a year. The Board will also meet on other occasions when a board-level decision on a particular matter is required. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board held 4 regular meetings. The attendance records of the Directors to these regular board meetings are set out in the table on page 31 of this annual report.

All minutes of the meetings, record in sufficient detail the matters considered and decisions reached, are kept by the Company Secretary and are open for inspection by the Directors at any time.

The meetings are structured to allow open discussion. All Directors participate in discussing the strategy, operational and financial performance and internal control of the Group.

The Company Secretary assists the Chairman to prepare the agenda of the meeting and each Director may request to include any matters in the agenda. At least 3 days' notice is given to the Directors for the regular meetings by the Company. All substantive agenda items have comprehensive briefing papers, which are distributed by the Company Secretary to the Directors at least 3 days before the Board meetings so as to ensure that the Directors may receive accurate, timely and clear information to make informed decisions regarding the matters discussed in the meetings.

All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary who regularly updates the Board on governance and regulatory matters. The Company Secretary is also responsible for ensuring the procedures of the Board meetings are observed and providing the Board opinions on matters in relation to the compliance with the procedures of the Board meetings.

# 董事會會議及董事會常規

董事會年內會每隔一段適當時間召開定期 會議。董事會亦會在需要就特定事項作出 董事會決定時召開會議。截至2023年12月 31日止年度,董事會召開4次定期會議。董 事出席該等定期會議的記錄載於本年報 第31頁中的表格。

所有會議記錄載有所考慮事項及所達致 决定的充分詳情,由公司秘書保存,且可 供董事於任何時間查閱。

會議的形式有利於進行坦誠討論。所有董 事均會參與討論本集團的策略、營運及 財務表現以及內部監控。

公司秘書協助主席編製會議議程,而每名 董事均可要求將任何事項列入議程。本 公司須就定期會議向董事發出最少三天的 通知。所有主要議程項目具備全面簡介文 件,由公司秘書於董事會會議前至少三天 向董事分發,確保董事可獲得準確、及時 及清晰的資料,就於會議上討論的事項作 出知情決定。

所有董事可獲得公司秘書的建議及服務, 而公司秘書會就管治及監管事項定期向董 事會提供最新資料。公司秘書亦負責確保 董事會會議依程序進行,並就有關遵守董 事會會議程序的事宜向董事會提供意見。

# CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF THE GROUP

The Chairman of the Group is Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex and the Chief Executive Officer of the Group is Mr. Chau Kit Wai. The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are separate and not performed by the same individual to ensure a balance of power and authority, so that power is not concentrated in any one individual. The Chairman of the Group is primarily responsible for the management of the Board, whereas the Chief Executive Officer is primarily responsible for the daily operations and management of the Group.

The Chairman is responsible for leading the Board and ensuring the Board work effectively, through which the Chairman will ensure that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established and followed, and that all Directors receive all relevant information in a timely manner.

The Chairman will also encourage all Directors, including the independent non-executive Directors, to actively participate in all board meetings and the committee meetings.

## NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company pursuant to which each of them is appointed for service with the Company for a term of three years. Their terms of appointment shall be subject to the rotational retirement provision of the articles of association of the Company.

## 本集團主席及行政總裁

本集團主席乃陳永康先生;本集團行政總 裁乃周傑懷先生。主席及行政總裁的職 責須作區分並不應由同一人士兼任,以確 保權力和授權制衡,避免權力集中於任何 一名人士。本集團主席主要負責管理董事 會,而行政總裁主要負責本集團的日常業 務及管理。

主席負責領導董事會及確保董事會有效運 作。主席可藉此確保良好的企業管治常規 及程序得以建立並遵從,並確保董事及時 收取全部相關資訊。

主席亦鼓勵所有董事,包括獨立非執行董 事,全力投入董事會會議及其轄下委員會 之會議。

# 非執行董事

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任 函。據此,他們各自於本公司之服務年期 為期三年。他們的委任期限須遵守本公司 組織章程細則條文之輪席告退條文。

# Corporate Governance Report

## 企業管治報告

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

To assist the Board in the execution of its duties, the Board has currently delegated specific functions to four Board committees. They are the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Risk Management Committee. As at the date of this annual report, the compositions of each committee are as follows:

# 董事委員會

董事會目前向四個董事委員會委派指定職 責,以協助董事會執行職務。董事委員會 包括審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員 會及風險管理委員會。於本年報日期,各 個委員會組成如下:

Name 姓名		Audit Committee 審核 委員會	Remunerat Commit 薪 委員	ttee Committee 計酬 提名	Committee 風險管理
Executive Directors: Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex Mr. Chau Kit Wai Mr. Yeung Yu	執行董事: 陳永康先生 周傑懷先生 楊瑜先生			C C	C M M
Independent non-executive Directors: Dr. Yu Kin Tim Mr. Ho Chi Lam Mr. Wan Sze Chung	獨立非執行董事: 余健添博士 何志霖先生 溫思聰先生	M M C		M M	
Notes: C Chairman of the relevant B			<i>附註:</i> C M	相關董事委員會主席相關董事委員會成員	

The written terms of reference of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Risk Management Committee are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

審核委員會、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及 風險管理委員會的書面職權範圍載於本公 司網站及聯交所網站。

#### **Audit Committee**

We have established an Audit Committee pursuant to a resolution of our Directors passed on 21 June 2016. Our Audit Committee has written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report ("CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee of our Company are mainly to make recommendations to our Board on the appointment and dismissal of the external auditor, review the financial statements and information and provide advice in respect of financial reporting and oversee the risk management and internal control procedures of our Company. At present, the Audit Committee consists of three members being all independent non-executive Directors: Mr. Wan Sze Chung, who serves as chairman of the committee, Dr. Yu Kin Tim and Mr. Ho Chi Lam. The external auditor and the chief financial officer also attend meetings of Audit Committee by invitation.

#### 審核委員會

根據董事於2016年6月21日通過的決議案, 我們已成立審核委員會。審核委員會遵 照《上市規則》第3.21條、《上市規則》附錄 十四所載《企業管治守則》及《企業管治報 告》(「《企業管治守則》」)的規定,以書面制 定職權範圍。本公司審核委員會的主要職 責是就外聘核數師的委任及罷免向董事會 提供建議、審核財務報表及資料、就財 務報告提供意見及監督本公司風險管理 及內部控制程序。當前,審核委員會由三 名成員組成,均為獨立非執行董事,即溫 思聰先生(擔任主席)、余健添博士及何志 霖先生。外聘核數師及財務總監亦獲邀 出席審核委員會會議。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Audit Committee held two meetings to review the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022, and to review the interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2023. Subsequent to the financial year and up to the date of this report, the Audit Committee held another meeting to review the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023. Other than to review financial reporting, all meetings were also held to assess compliance and internal control procedures.

The external auditors attended the meeting for the review of annual results to discuss with the Audit Committee on issues arising from the audit and financial reporting matters.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

We have established a Remuneration Committee pursuant to a resolution of our Directors passed on 21 June 2016. Our Company has written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee of our Company are to make recommendation to the Board on the overall remuneration policy and the structure relating to all Directors and senior management of our Group, review performance based remuneration and ensure none of our Directors determine their own remuneration. At present, the Remuneration Committee consists of three members: one executive Director, Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex, who serves as chairman of the committee, and two independent non-executive Directors, Dr. Yu Kin Tim and Mr. Wan Sze Chung.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Remuneration Committee held one meeting to review and recommend the remuneration packages of the Directors to the Board, assess the performance of relevant Directors and other related matters.

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,審核委員 會舉行了兩次會議以審閱本集團截至2022 年12月31日止年度之年度業績及審閱本集 團截至2023年6月30日止六個月之中期業 績。於本財政年度隨後及截至本報告日 期,審核委員會再舉行了一次會議以審閱 本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之年度 業績。除為審閱財務申報外,所有會議亦 為評估合規及內部監控程序而舉行。

外聘核數師參加年度審核業績會議以與 審核委員會對由審計及財務申報事項引起 的問題進行討論。

## 薪酬委員會

根據董事於2016年6月21日通過的決議案, 我們已成立薪酬委員會。本公司遵照《上 市規則》第3.25條及《企業管治守則》的規 定,以書面制定職權範圍。本公司薪酬委 員會的主要職責是就本集團全體董事及高 級管理人員的整體薪酬政策及架構向董 事會提供建議,檢討按表現發放的薪酬 及確保概無董事自行釐定其酬金。當前, 薪酬委員會由三名成員組成:一名為執行 董事,即陳永康先生(擔任主席);其餘兩 名均為獨立非執行董事,即余健添博士及 溫思聰先生。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,薪酬委員會 舉行了一次會議以對董事薪酬待遇進行檢 討及向董事會作出推薦意見,評估相關董 事的表現及其他相關事項。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### **Nomination Committee**

We have established a Nomination Committee pursuant to a resolution of our Directors passed on 21 June 2016. Our Company has written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The primary functions of the Nomination Committee of our Company are to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity) of our Board at least annually and make recommendation to our Board on any proposed changes to our Board to complement our Company's corporate strategy; identify individuals suitably qualified as potential board members and select or make recommendations to our Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; to assess the independence of our independent non-executive Directors; and make recommendations to our Board on the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning of Directors, especially that of our Chairman and our Chief Executive Officer. At present, the Nomination Committee consists of three members: one executive Director, Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex, who serves as chairman of the committee, and two independent non-executive Directors, Dr. Yu Kin Tim and Mr. Wan Sze Chung.

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration paid to the members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

#### 提名委員會

根據董事於2016年6月21日通過的決議案, 我們已成立提名委員會。本公司遵照《企 業管治守則》的規定,以書面制定職權範 圍。本公司提名委員會的主要職責是至少 每年檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成(包 括技能、知識、經驗及多元性),並就任 何為配合本公司企業策略而擬對董事會作 出的變動向董事會提出建議;物色具備合 適資格可擔任董事的人士,並就挑選獲提 名人士出任董事職務進行遴選或就此向董 事會提出建議;評估獨立非執行董事的獨 立性;並就有關董事委任或重新委任以及 董事(尤其是主席及行政總裁)的繼任計劃 的事宜向董事會提出建議。當前,提名委 員會由三名成員組成,一名為執行董事, 即陳永康先生(擔任主席);其餘兩名均為 獨立非執行董事,即余健添博士及溫思聰 先生。

根據企業管治守則第E.1.5條,截至2023年 12月31日止年度,支付予高級管理人員之 薪酬按範圍劃分如下:

	Number of
Remuneration bands	person(s)
薪酬範圍	人數

Nil to US\$250,000 US\$250,001 to US\$550,000 零至250,000美元 250,001美元至550,000美元 3

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Nomination Committee held one meeting to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge, experience and diversity) of our Board and no recommendation to our Board on any changes to our Board is proposed.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,提名委員會 已舉行了一次會議以審查董事會之構架、 規模及組成(包括技能、知識、經驗及多 元性)且並無就董事會的任何建議變動向 董事會作出推薦意見。

#### **Risk Management Committee**

We have established a Risk Management Committee pursuant to a resolution of our Directors passed on 29 February 2016. Our Company has written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The primary functions of the Risk Management Committee of our Company are to enhance our Company's risk management ability and improve corporate governance of our Company, as well as to assess the latest sanctions-related risks our operations may be exposed to. At present, the Risk Management Committee consists of three members, being Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex, who serves as chairman of the committee, Mr. Chau Kit Wai and Mr. Yeung Yu. All of them are executive Directors.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Risk Management Committee held one meeting to review and assess the effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems.

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY**

The Company is committed to equal opportunities in all aspects of its business and does not discriminate on grounds of gender, family status, disability, nationality, race, ethnicity, religious or philosophical belief, age, sexual orientation, or any other factor.

The Company recognises and embraces diversity in the boardroom. The Company believes that a diversity of perspective can benefit the Company and diversity can be achieved by considering factors such as gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. All Board appointments are therefore made based on merit, and candidates are considered against various objective criteria, with due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Currently, all Board members are male. The Board has set down its goals to appoint one female as Board member no later than 31 December 2024 as part of its effort to achieve diversity on the Board level. The Nomination Committee will continue to monitor and actively consider different aspects of diversity in the boardroom, and recommend further actions or plan to the Board when necessary.

#### 風險管理委員會

根據董事於2016年2月29日通過的決議案, 我們已成立風險管理委員會。本公司遵照 《企業管治守則》的規定,以書面制定職權 範圍。本公司風險管理委員會的主要職責 是加強本公司風險管理能力、提高本公司 企業管治水平及評估業務可能面臨的最新 相關制裁風險。當前,風險管理委員會由 三名成員組成,即陳永康先生(擔任風險 管理委員會主席)、周傑懷先生及楊瑜先 生。他們均為執行董事。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,風險管理委 員會已舉行了一次會議對風險管理及內部 監控系統的有效性進行審查及評估。

## 多元化的董事會

本公司致力於在其業務的各個方面提供 平等機會,不因性別、家庭狀況、殘疾、 國籍、種族、族裔、宗教或哲學信仰、年 齡、性取向或任何其他因素而作出歧視。

本公司認同並擁護董事會多元化的概念。 本公司認為,多元化的觀點可以使公司受 益,而多元化可以通過考慮性別、年齡、 文化和教育背景、種族、專業經驗、技 能、知識和服務年期等因素來實現。因 此,董事會的所有任命均抱持唯才是用的 原則,根據各種客觀標準並適當考慮多元 化的益處來考慮候選人。

目前,所有董事會成員均為男性。作為其 在董事會層面實現多元化努力的一部分, 董事會制定了不遲於2024年12月31日任命 一名女性為董事會成員的目標。提名委員 會將繼續監督和積極考慮多元董事會的不 同方面,並按需要向董事會就進一步的行 動或計劃作出建議。

# Corporate Governance Report

# 企業管治報告

#### **INDEPENDENCE**

All the Directors have full and timely access to the information of the Company (including but not limited to financial reports, audit results and other relevant data) as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary. So that Board members are equipped with necessary professional advice in their decision-making process, the Board may, in appropriate circumstances, seek independent professional advice at the Company's expenses to assist them. Board members are also encouraged to seek inputs from other members, employees and other stakeholders in appropriate circumstances to ensure that different perspectives are taken into account in the decision-making process. There are formal or informal channels in place to ensure that independent views and inputs are available to the Board.

#### ATTENDANCE AT MEETINGS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the attendance records of the Directors at Board meetings, Audit Committee meetings, Remuneration Committee meetings, Nomination Committee meetings, Risk Management Committee meetings are as follows:

## 獨立性

所有董事均能全面及時地獲取有關本公司 的資料(包括但不限於財務報告、審計結 果和其他相關數據)以及公司秘書的建議 和服務。為使董事會成員在其決策過程中 獲得必要的專業意見,董事會可在適當情 況下尋求獨立的專業意見以協助他們,費 用由公司承擔。我們還鼓勵董事會成員在 適當的情況下徵求其他成員、僱員和其他 持份者的意見,以確保在決策過程中考慮 到不同的觀點。我們亦有正式或非正式的 渠道來確保董事會可以獲得獨立的觀點 和意見。

## 會議出席情況

截至2023年12月31日止年度,董事出席董 事會會議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委員會 會議、提名委員會會議、風險管理委員會 會議的出席記錄如下:

		Number of meetings attended 參加會議次數 Risk				
Name of Directors 董事姓名		Board meetings 董事會 會議	Audit Committee meetings 審核委員會 會議	Remuneration Committee meetings 薪酬委員會 會議	Nomination Committee meetings 提名委員會 會議	Management Committee meetings 風險管理 委員會會議
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex	陳永康先生	4/4		1/1	1/1	1/1
Mr. Chau Kit Wai	周傑懷先生	4/4	_	1/1	1/1	1/1
	莊明沛先生		_	_	_	1/1
Mr. Chong Ming Pui		4/4	_	_	_	1/1
Mr. Yeung Yu	楊瑜先生	4/4	_	_	_	1/1
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
Directors						
Dr. Yu Kin Tim	余健添博士	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	_
Mr. Ho Chi Lam	何志霖先生	4/4	2/2	_	_	_
Mr. Wan Sze Chung	溫思聰先生	4/4	2/2	1/1	1/1	_

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board, through Audit Committee, is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions, which includes developing and reviewing the Company's policies, practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements etc. During the year, the Board has reviewed the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance.

# **DIRECTORS' INDUCTION AND** DEVELOPMENT

During the year, all Directors had received sufficient and relevant training and continuous professional development. In doing so, the Directors have undertaken various forms of activities relevant to the Company's businesses, directors' duties and responsibilities. The Company held a training for all Directors to provide them with knowledge on the topics of Director's duties, Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, Securities and Futures Ordinance and anti-corruption laws.

# **DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S** RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group. In preparing the financial statements which give a true and fair view, it is fundamental that the appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently. The reporting responsibilities of the Company's external auditor on the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group are set out in the independent auditor's report on pages 71 to 77 of this annual report. The Directors were not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

# 企業管治職能

董事會透過審核委員會負責執行企業管治 職能,包括制定及檢討本公司企業管治方 面之政策及常規、董事及高級管理人員之 培訓及持續專業發展、本公司合法合規方 面之政策及常規等。本年度內,董事會已 檢討本公司企業管治方面之政策及常規。

## 董事就任及發展

本年度內,全體董事已接受充足及相關培 訓以及持續專業發展。就此,董事參與有 關本公司業務、董事職責及責任的各式活 動。本公司對全體董事舉行過一次培訓, 向他們提供有關董事職責、香港公司條 例、證券及期貨條例及反貪腐法方面的知 識。

# 董事及核數師對財務報表的責 任

董事知悉他們須就編製真實與公平反映本 集團事務狀況之財務報表承擔責任。在 編製該等真實與公平之財務報表時,必須 選取及貫徹採用合適的會計政策。本公司 外聘核數師對本集團經審核綜合財務報 表之呈報責任載於本年報第71至77頁之獨 立核數師報告。董事無察覺任何對本集 團持績經營的能力存在重大不明朗因素的 事件或情況。

# Corporate Governance Report

# 企業管治報告

# INTERNAL CONTROL AND RISK **MANAGEMENT**

The Board has overall responsibilities for maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control systems and conducting reviews regularly to safeguard Shareholders' investment and the Group's assets.

In recent years, there has been increasing recognition of the importance of considering ESG factors in risk management. ESG-related risks can have significant impacts on a company's financial performance, reputation, and ability to operate. Our risk management and internal control processes therefore take into account potential impacts of environmental, social, and governance factors on the Group's operations, reputation, and financial performance.

Our systems of risk management and internal control include a defined management structure with appropriate limits of authority. They are designed to safeguard its assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and to provide reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss. The systems also aim to ensure compliance with relevant laws and regulations, and to manage - rather than eliminate — risks of failure in the Group's operational systems and in the achievement of the Group's business objectives. The Group has a dedicated internal audit function which reviews the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems from time to time to ensure that they meet with the dynamic and ever-changing business environment.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Wang Yu was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company on 28 May 2021. During the year, the Company Secretary undertook over 15 hours of professional training to update her skills and knowledge.

# 內部控制及風險管理

為保障股東的投資及本集團的資產,董事 會對維持良好和有效的風險管理及內部 監控系統負有整體責任,並會定期進行檢 計。

近年來,人們越來越認識到環境、社會及 管治因素於風險管理中的重要性。與環 境、社會及管治相關的風險可能會對公司 的財務業績、聲譽和運營能力產生重大影 響。因此,我們的風險管理和內部控制流 程考慮了環境、社會及管治因素對本集團 運營、聲譽和財務業績的潛在影響。

我們的風險管理和內部控制系統包括了一 個清晰明確的管理架構,並有適度的權 限。這些系統乃是為本集團保障資產,避 免挪用或未經授權處置,確保會計記錄得 到妥善的維持、可以提供可靠的財務資料 供內部或作公佈之用, 合理地保證不會出 現重大錯誤陳述或損失而設。這些系統亦 旨在確保相關法律及法規得到遵從,管理 (而非消除)本集團營運系統失當的風險, 以及為協助本集團達致業務目標而設。本 集團已具備專門內部審計部門,不時檢討 風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性,以確 保其符合動態及不斷變化的業務環境。

# 公司秘書

王玉女士於2021年5月28日獲委任為本公司 之公司秘書。年內,公司秘書已完成超過 15個小時的專業培訓,以提高技能及獲取 最新知識。

#### DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved and adopted a dividend policy (the "Dividend Policy") effective from 28 February 2019. The Company endeavours to maintain sufficient working capital to develop and operate the businesses of the Group and to provide stable and sustainable returns to the shareholders of the Company ("Shareholders"). During the year ended 31 December 2023, there has been no change to the Dividend Policy.

In determining the dividend for distribution to Shareholders, the Board will measure the capital needs in future years based on the future capital budget plan of the Company and consider factors such as profitability and financial structure and liquidity of the Company comprehensively.

The declaration and payment of dividend by the Company is subject to the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the Company's Articles of Association and any other applicable laws, regulations. The Board will continually review the Dividend Policy and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend, modify and/or cancel the Dividend Policy at any time. The Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Group in respect of its future dividend and in no way obligate the Group to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

Ernst & Young is the external independent auditor of the Company. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the total fees paid/payable, excluding disbursements, in respect of audit and non-audit services provided by the Group's external auditors are approximately as below:

#### 股息政策

本公司董事會已於2019年2月28日批准及採 納股息政策(「股息政策」)。本公司致力維 持足夠的營運資本以發展及經營本集團的 業務,並向公司股東提供穩定及可持續回 報。截至2023年12月31日止年度,股息政 策概無變動。

根據股息政策,在決定是否建議派發股 息及釐定股息金額時,董事會將根據公司 未來資本預算計劃衡量未來的資金需求, 並綜合考慮公司的盈利能力,財務結構和 流動性等因素。

本公司宣派及派付股息亦須遵守開曼群島 公司法、本公司組織章程細則及任何其他 適用的法律法規。董事會亦將持續檢討 股息政策並保留其唯一及絕對酌情權隨時 更新、修訂、修改及/或取消股息政策。 股息政策不會以任何方式對本集團構成 有關其未來股息的具法律約束力的承諾, 亦不會以任何方式令本集團有責任隨時或 不時宣派股息。

# 核數師薪酬

安永會計師事務所是本公司的外聘獨立核 數 師。截至2023年12月31日止年度,有關 本集團外聘核數師提供的審計及非審計 服務之已付/應付費用總額(不包括墊付 款)概約如下:

		US\$'000 千美元
Audit services Non-audit services	審計服務 非審計服務	207
Total	合計	207

#### **AUDITORS**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 was audited by Ernst & Young.

There has been no change of auditors for the preceding 3 years.

#### 核數師

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之綜合 財務報表由安永會計師事務所審核。

過往三年內核數師並無任何變動。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Pursuant to Article 64 of the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles"), one or more Shareholders holding not less than 5% of the Company's paid up capital having the right of voting at general meetings of the Company at the date of deposit of the requisition, can, by depositing a written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any businesses specified in such requisition and put forward proposals; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition.

Unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director by any Shareholder(s) and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected have been lodged to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of businesses<sup>2</sup> at least 7 days before the date of the general meeting, no person, other than a retiring Director, shall be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting except as recommended by the Board for election.

Any Shareholder(s) of the Company who wish to raise an enquiry concerning the Company to the Board may deliver the enquiry in written form to the Company's principal place of businesses mentioned above (or at any address notified by the Company from time to time) and for the attention of the Chairman of the Board or the Company Secretary. Upon receipt of the enquiry, the Company would reply as soon as possible.

# INVESTOR RELATIONSHIPS AND COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company values communication with its Shareholders and investors. There are a number of formal communication channels which the Company uses to report and account to Shareholders and investors for the performance of the Company. These include (i) the publication of interim and annual reports; (ii) the annual general meeting or extraordinary general meetings, which provide a forum for Shareholders to raise comments and exchanging views with the Board; (iii) updates of key information of the Group that are made available to Shareholders and investors through the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company; (iv) the Company's website providing dedicated contact details to facilitate direct communications between the Company and its Shareholders and investors; and (v) the Company's share registrars in Hong Kong, which serve Shareholders in respect of all share registration matters.

### 股東權利

根據本公司公司組織章程細則(「細則」)第 64章,一名或多名於提交要求之日持有不 少於本公司繳足股本百分之五的有權於本 公司股東大會上投票之股東,有權隨時透 過向董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求,要 求董事會召開股東特別大會以處理要求中 列明的交易及提出建議;有關會議須在提 出該要求後兩個月內召開。

除非股東提議該人士參選的書面通知及 該人士願意參選之書面通知1,於股東大 會舉行日期前至少七日經本公司之主要營 業地點2提交予董事會或公司秘書,否則 除退任董事以外的人士,未經董事會推薦 參選, 概無資格於任何股東大會參選出任 董事職務。

如本公司股東有意就本公司的事宜向董事 會提出查詢,可向本公司上述之主要營業 地點(或本公司不時通知之任何地址)遞交 其書面查詢,並請註明收件人為董事會主 席或公司秘書。本公司會於收到查詢後, 盡快作出回覆。

### 投資者關係及與股東的溝通

本公司重視與股東及投資者的溝通。本公 司利用多種正式溝通渠道向股東及投資 者報告及交代本公司的表現,例如:(i)中 期和年度報告的發佈;(ii)股東週年大會或 股東特別大會,可作為股東發表及與董事 會交換意見的論壇;(iii)透過聯交所及本 公司網站向股東及投資者提供的主要資料 的更新;(iv)本公司網站顯示的專用聯絡渠 道,以促進本公司與其股東及投資者之間 的直接溝通;及(v)本公司在香港的股份過 戶登記處,會就所有股份過戶登記事宜為 股東提供服務。

- Including that person's biographical details, as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules. 根據《上市規則》第13.51(2)條,須包含其個人履歷詳情
- At Unit B, 5/F, Dragon Industrial Building, 93 King Lam Street, Lai Chi Kok, Kowloon, Hong Kong 位於香港九龍荔枝角瓊林街93號龍翔工業大廈5樓B室

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Company aims to provide its Shareholders and investors with high standards of disclosure and financial transparency. The Board is committed to providing clear, detailed and timely information that concerns the Group to Shareholders and on a regular basis. This is achieved through our interim and annual reports, investor presentations as well as circulars, notices and other announcements.

本公司希望為其股東和投資者提供高標準 的披露和財務透明度。董事會致力通過我 們的中期及年度報告、投資者簡報以及通 函、通知和其他公告,定期向股東提供有 關本集團的清晰、詳盡及及時的資料。

Apart from formal communication channels mentioned-above, the Company also publishes press releases and newsletters which Shareholders can subscribe to for the Company's latest updates. To facilitate investors' understanding of our business, the Company organises roadshows and site visits to our offices and showroom for investors, and invites investors to trade shows which the Company participates in. The Company is also eager to maintain dialogues with the investor community. In this regard, the Company participated in a number of investment forums and engaged in numerous exchanges with business analysts and fund management companies through various means.

除上述正式通訊渠道外,本公司亦刊發新 聞稿及通訊,股東可訂閱以獲取本公司最 新消息。為促進投資者了解我們的業務, 本公司為投資者組織路演和實地參觀我 們的辦公室和陳列室,並邀請投資者參加 公司參與的貿易展。本公司也渴望與投資 者社群保持對話。對此,本公司參加了多 個投資論壇,與業務分析師、基金管理公 司通過多種方式進行了多次交流。

The Board regularly reviews our existing channels of communication with Shareholders and investors to make sure that they remain effective and provides recommendations for improvements when needed. The Board considers our current practices were all well-implemented throughout the year and achieved satisfactory results.

董事會定期檢討我們與股東和投資者的 現有溝通渠道,以確保它們保持有效,並 在需要時提供改進建議。董事會認為我們 目前的做法在全年都得到了很好的實施, 並取得了令人滿意的結果。

#### CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

#### 章程文件

Upon the Shareholders' approval by way of a special resolution at the 2022 Annual General Meeting (held on 22 April 2022), the Company has adopted the Amended and Restated Memorandum and the Amended and Restated Articles of Association. Details of the changes made in both of the documents can be found in the Shareholders' Circular dated 17 March 2022. An up-to-date consolidated version of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association has been posted on both the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

經股東在2022年股東週年大會(於2022年 4月22日舉行)上以特別決議的方式批准, 本公司已通過經修訂和重列的組織章程 大綱以及經修訂和重列的組織章程細則。 兩份文件的變更詳情見於2022年3月17日的 股東通函。最新綜合版的公司組織章程大 綱及細則已發佈在本公司和聯交所網站。

# **Profile of Directors and Senior Management**

# 董事及高級管理層履歷

# EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND SENIOR **MANAGERS**

Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex (陳永康) ("Mr. Chan"), aged 56, is our executive Director and Chairman, and the founder of our Group. Mr. Chan was appointed as Director on 5 May 2015 and designated as executive Director and Chairman of the Board on 27 November 2015. Mr. Chan has over 30 years of experience in electronic engineering and information technology industry. He is responsible for formulating overall strategies, planning and business development of our Group.

Mr. Chan received a Higher Certificate in Electronic Engineering from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (currently known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in November 1988, and obtained an Executive Master of Business Administration degree at The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in May 2004.

Mr. Chau Kit Wai (周傑懷) ("Mr. Chau"), aged 49, is our executive Director, Chief Executive Officer and General Manager, who joined our Group in October 2007. Mr. Chau was appointed as Director on 27 November 2015 and designated as executive Director on 27 November 2015. Since 16 March 2015, Mr. Chau has been a Director of Pismo Research (Malaysia) SDN. BHD.. Mr. Chau has over 20 years of experience in sales and marketing in information technology industry. Mr. Chau joined our Group in October 2007 as a manager of product management and marketing, and was then promoted to general manager in April 2008. He is responsible for product development, and managing and implementing sales and marketing strategies of our Group.

Mr. Chau graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 1996, and obtained a master degree in Business Administration at The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in November 2006.

Mr. Chong Ming Pui (莊明沛) ("Mr. Chong"), aged 46, is our executive Director and Director of Hardware Engineering. Mr. Chong was appointed as executive Director on 27 November 2015. Mr. Chong has over 15 years experience in hardware products developments. He is responsible for overall management of hardware development and purchasing and production of our Group. In January 2007, Mr. Chong joined our Group as a Product Development Manager and then was promoted to Director of Hardware Engineering in February 2011.

Mr. Chong graduated with a Bachelor of Engineering degree in Electrical Energy Systems Engineering in November 2000 and obtained a master of Science Degree in Engineering (Communication Engineering) in December 2004 from the University of Hong Kong.

### 執行董事及高級管理人員

陳永康先生(「陳先生」),56歲,為執行董 事兼主席, 並為本集團創辦人。陳先生於 2015年5月5日獲委任為董事,並於2015年11 月27日獲任命為執行董事兼董事會主席。 陳先生於電子工程及資訊科技行業擁有 逾30年經驗。陳先生負責為本集團制定整 體策略、規劃及業務開發計劃。

陳先生於1988年11月獲得香港理工學院(現 名為香港理工大學)電子工程高級證書, 並於2004年5月獲得香港科技大學行政人 員工商管理碩士學位。

周傑懷先生(「周先生」),49歲,為執行董 事、行政總裁兼總經理,於2007年10月加 入本集團。周先生於2015年11月27日獲委 任為董事,並於2015年11月27日獲任命為 執行董事。自2015年3月16日起,周先生出 任Pismo Research (Malaysia) SDN. BHD.董 事。周先生在資訊科技行業擁有逾20年的 銷售及市場推廣經驗。其於2007年10月加 入本集團,並擔任產品管理及市場推廣經 理,後於2008年4月晉升為總經理。彼負 責本集團產品開發、管理及實施銷售及市 場推廣策略。

周先生於1996年12月畢業於香港中文大 學,獲得理學學士學位;於2006年11月畢 業於香港科技大學,獲得工商管理碩士學 位。

莊明沛先生(「莊先生」),46歲,為執行董 事兼硬件工程總監。莊先生於2015年11月 27日獲任命為執行董事。莊先生在硬件產 品開發擁有逾15年的經驗。其負責本集團 硬件開發、採購及生產的全面管理。莊先 生於2007年1月加入本集團,擔任產品開 發經理,後於2011年2月晉升為硬件工程總 監。

莊先生於2000年11月自香港大學獲得電機 能源系統工程工學學士學位,並於2004年 12月獲得工程(通訊工程)理學碩士學位。

# Profile of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Yeung Yu (楊瑜) ("Mr. Yeung"), aged 48, is our executive Director and Director of Software Engineering. Mr. Yeung was appointed as executive Director on 27 November 2015. Mr. Yeung has over 20 years experience in software development industry. He is responsible for overall management of software development and quality assurance of our Group. In January 2007, Mr. Yeung joined our Group as a lead engineer of product development department and then was promoted to Director of Software Engineering in February 2011.

Mr. Yeung graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical and Computer Engineering from the Ohio State University in March

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Yu Kin Tim (余健添) ("Dr. Yu"), aged 66, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 21 June 2016. Dr. Yu is currently a director of Brighton Energy Hong Kong Ltd, a company that operates manufacturing facility for casting, forging, machining, fabricating and finishing the large steel components required for nuclear and conventional power generation, for petrochemical and coal liquefaction pressure vessels, and for other heavy industry uses. From May 2004 to October 2006, Dr. Yu became the managing director for North Asia of Allied Telesyn Hong Kong Limited, a provider of secure IP and Ethernet access solutions, and from November 2006 to May 2008 he served as the managing director of Blue Coat Systems HK Limited, a company provides services of business applications, network infrastructure and information technology solutions. He subsequently worked as a senior manager, channel and alliance in SAP Hong Kong Co. Limited, an enterprise application software provider with its headquarters in Germany, from July 2008 to May 2009. From June 2009 to January 2010 and from February 2010 to December 2014, Dr. Yu was general manager of engineering service group and the president of Brighton Equipment Corporation Limited, respectively, a company that provides pre-sale support, installation and after-sale support.

Dr. Yu received a higher diploma from The Hong Kong Polytechnic (currently known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in November 1981. He then obtained a Master of Business Administration degree and a doctorate degree in Business Administration from The University of South Australia in December 1997 and December 2001, respectively.

楊瑜先生(「楊先生」),48歲,為執行董事 兼軟件工程總監。楊先生於2015年11月27 日獲任命為執行董事。楊先生在軟件開發 行業擁有逾20年的經驗。其負責本集團軟 件開發的整體管理及質量保證。於2007年 1月,楊先生加入本集團,擔任產品開發 部首席工程師,後於2011年2月晉升為軟件 工程總監。

楊先生於2000年3月畢業於俄亥俄州立大 學,獲得電氣及計算機工程理學學士學 付。

### 獨立非執行董事

余健添博士(「余博士」),66歲,於2016年6 月21日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。余博士 現為莊明能源有限公司(一間經營生產鑄 造、鍛造、機械加工、二次加工及精加工 核能及常規發電、石化及煤液化壓力容 器所需大型鋼組件的設備以及其他重工 業所使用設備的公司)董事。自2004年5月 至2006年10月,余博士擔任Allied Telesyn Hong Kong Limited (安全IP及以太網接駁 解決方案供應商)北亞區董事總經理,及 自2006年11月至2008年5月擔任 Blue Coat Systems HK Limited (一間提供商業應用、 網絡架構及資訊科技解決方案服務的公 司)董事總經理。其後自2008年7月至2009 年5月,余博士擔任SAP Hong Kong Co. Limited (一間總部位於德國的企業應用 軟件供應商)銷售渠道及合作高級經理。 自2009年6月至2010年1月及自2010年2月至 2014年12月,余博士擔任莊明設備有限公 司(一間提供售前支援、安裝及售後支援 的公司)的工程服務組總經理及總裁。

余博士於1981年11月獲香港理工學院(現名 為香港理工大學)高級文憑。其後,他分 別於1997年12月及2001年12月獲得南澳大 學工商管理碩士學位及工商管理博士學 位。

# Profile of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Ho Chi Lam (何志霖) ("Mr. Ho"), aged 65, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 21 June 2016. Mr. Ho was employed by Cable & Wireless HKT Limited, a company listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (stock code: 00008) (which was acquired by and merged to Pacific Century Cyberworks in 2000 and was renamed to PCCW-HKT Limited), a provider of telecommunications services in Hong Kong, from August 1980 to February 2000, and his last position was group manager, corporate planning and development department. He then joined SUNeVision Holdings Limited, a company originally listed on the growth enterprise market of the Stock Exchange which was subsequently transferred to the main board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 01686) on 22 January 2018, and provides services such as carrier-neutral data centre services, installation and maintenance of satellite distribution network, fibre-optic cable, networking and security surveillance systems, and consultancy service for wireless and broadband network projects, as a chief technology officer during its initial public offering in 2000 and appointed as an executive director in June 2000, and resigned from the same position in February 2001. Mr. Ho joined The Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 00003), an energy supplier in Hong Kong, as a strategic programme manager of information technology department from August 2002 to October 2003. He later joined United Luminous International (Holdings) Limited, a company designs and manufactures sealed LED which are used for full colour video screens, information signs, traffic signals, automotive lighting, LED Backlights for LCD TV and specialty lighting, as a director of operation from June 2007 to February 2009. Mr. Ho has been a general manager of The Institute of Network Coding of The Chinese University of Hong Kong from April 2010 to March 2018.

Mr. Ho obtained a Higher Diploma in Electronic Engineering from The Hong Kong Polytechnic (currently known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in November 1978, a Bachelor of Science degree in Engineering in November 1980 and Master of Science degree in Engineering in November 1988 from The University of Hong Kong, and also completed extramural studies on a diploma course in Business Management from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in January 1986. He was admitted as a member and has become a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers since March 1986 and June 1996, respectively.

何志霖先生(「何先生」),65歲,於2016年6 月21日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。自1980 年8月至2000年2月,何先生受僱於香港電 訊有限公司(一間於香港聯合交易所有限 公司(「聯交所」)主板上市的公司,為香港 電訊服務供應商,股份代號:00008;該公 司於2000年被電訊盈科收購兼併後更名 為電訊盈科香港電訊有限公司),何先生 於該公司擔任的最後一個職位是企業規 劃及發展部集團經理。隨後,何先生加入 了新意網集團有限公司(一間原於聯交所 創業板上市的公司,其後於2018年1月22日 轉移到聯交所主板(股份代號:01686),提 供網絡中立數據中心服務、衛星分佈網絡 的安裝及維護、纖維光纜、網絡及安全 監測系統以及無線及寬帶網絡項目的諮詢 服務等服務),在該公司於2000年首次公 開發售期間擔任首席技術官,於2000年6 月獲委任為執行董事,後於2001年2月辭 去執行董事職位。自2002年8月至2003年10 月,何先生加入了香港中華煤氣有限公司 (一間於聯交所主板上市的公司,為香港 能源供應商,股份代號:00003),擔任資 訊科技部策略規劃經理。隨後,自2007年 6月至2009年2月,其加入了為之光電(集團) 有限公司(一間設計及生產用於全彩顯示 屏、訊息標誌、交通訊號燈、自動照明以 及用於LCD電視及專業照明的LED背照燈 產品的公司),擔任營運總監。自2010年4 月至2018年3月,何先生在香港中文大學網 絡編碼研究所擔任總經理一職。

何先生於1978年11月獲香港理工學院(現名 為香港理工大學)電子工程學高級文憑, 於1980年11月獲得香港大學工程學理學學 士學位,於1988年11月獲香港大學工程學 理學碩士學位,並於1986年1月完成香港中 文大學工商管理專業文憑課程校外進修。 自1986年3月及1996年6月,何先生分別為 香港工程師學會會員及香港工程師學會資 深會員。

# Profile of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Wan Sze Chung (溫思聰) ("Mr. Wan"), aged 49, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 21 June 2016. Mr. Wan is currently a director in Jacob Walery Limited, a company specialising in providing corporate consultancy and training, a position Mr. Wan has held since 1 March 2007, and an independent non-executive director of E.Bon Holdings Limited, a company listed on the main board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 00599), since 27 September 2004 which is principally engaged in the supply of architectural hardware, bathroom, kitchen collection and designer furniture in Hong Kong. He also holds certain workshops at the Hong Kong Polytechnic University and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

溫思聰先生(「溫先生」),49歲,於2016年6 月21日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。自2007 年3月1日以來,溫先生擔任威來利有限公 司(一間專門提供企業諮詢及培訓的公司) 董事及自2004年9月27日以來擔任怡邦行 控股有限公司(一間於聯交所主板上市的 公司,主要於香港從事建築五金、浴室、 廚房設備及傢俱設計的供應,股份代號: 00599)獨立非執行董事。溫先生亦於香港 理工大學及香港會計師公會舉辦工作坊。

Mr. Wan graduated with a Bachelor degree of Arts in Accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 1997 and a Master of Business Administration degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 2002. He then obtained a Bachelor of Law from Tsinghua University in January 2006, a Master of Education degree from University of Newcastle upon Tyne, in July 2006, and a Graduate Diploma in Management Research from University of South Australia in August 2008. Mr. Wan is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since April 2002 and April 2007, respectively. He is also a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors and an associate member of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators since July 2012 and February 2003, respectively.

溫先生於1997年11月獲香港理工大學會計 學文學學士學位,於2002年12月獲得香港 中文大學工商管理碩士學位。其後,溫先 生於2006年1月獲得清華大學法學學士學 位,於2006年7月獲得泰恩河畔紐卡素大學 教育學碩士學位,並於2008年8月獲得南 澳洲大學管理學研究研究生文憑。自2002 年4月及2007年4月,溫先生分別為香港會 計師公會會員及特許公認會計師公會資 深會員。自2012年7月及2003年2月,溫先 生分別為香港董事學會資深會員及特許仲 裁員協會附屬會員。

# **Report of the Directors**

# 董事會報告

The Board submits the Directors' Report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are the designing, development and marketing of SD-WAN routers and provision of software licences and warranty and support services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries of the Company are set out in note 1 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The business review of the Group for the year is included in the Chairman's Statement on pages 4 to 7 and Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 10 to 21 of this annual report. We monitor core net profit, which is not a standard measure under Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, to provide additional information about our business performance. Core net profit represents our profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company before listing expenses and equity-settled share-based payment expenses.

#### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 76 of this annual report.

An interim dividend of HK7.01 cents (2022: HK5.90 cents) per ordinary share was paid on 22 August 2023.

The Board has resolved to declare a second interim dividend of HK10.94 cents per share and a special dividend of HK1.42 cents per share for the year ended 31 December 2023, in the aggregate amount of approximately US\$17,456,000. The Dividends will be paid on 28 March 2024 to shareholders on the register of members on 15 March 2024.

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the published results and of the assets, liabilities and equity of the Group for each of the five years ended 31 December 2023 is set out on pages 8 to 9 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2023, calculated under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised), of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately US\$24,620,000 (2022: US\$24,813,000).

董事會提呈截至2023年12月31日止年度之 董事會報告及本集團經審核綜合財務報

### 主營活動

本公司為一間控股公司,其附屬公司主要 從事SD-WAN路由器的設計、開發及市場 推廣以及提供軟件許可及保修與支援服 務。本公司附屬公司的主要活動載於經審 核綜合財務報表附註1。

### 業務回顧

本集團年內的年度業務回顧載於本年報第 4至7頁的主席報告及第10至21頁的管理層 討論及分析。本集團監控核心淨利潤(並 非香港會計師公會頒佈之香港財務報告 準則規定之標準計算方式),以提供有關 本集團業務表現之額外資料。核心淨利潤 指於上市開支及以權益結算之股份付款開 支前本公司擁有人應佔年內利潤。

### 業績及股息

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的業績 載於本年報第76頁的綜合損益及其他全面 收益表。

每普通股7.01港仙(2022年: 5.90港仙)之中 期股息已於2023年8月22日分派。

董事會已議決就截至2023年12月31日止 年度宣派第二次中期股息每股10.94港仙 及特別股息每股1.42港仙,總金額約為 17,456,000美元。該股息將於2024年3月28 日向於2024年3月15日名列股東名冊的股東 派付。

#### 財務概要

本集團截至2023年12月31日止五個年度各 年度之已刊發業績及資產、負債及權益之 摘要載於本年報第8至9頁。本摘要並非為 經審核綜合財務報表之一部分。

### 可分派儲備

於2023年12月31日,本公司根據開曼群島 公司法第22章(1961年法例3,經綜合及修 訂)計算之可分派儲備約為24.620.000美元 (2022年:24,813,000美元)。

#### SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of movements in the Company's share capital and share options during the year are set out in notes 24 and 25 to the audited consolidated financial statements, respectively.

#### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

# PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2023.

#### DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this annual report were:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex (Chairman)

Mr. Chau Kit Wai

Mr. Chong Ming Pui

Mr. Yeung Yu

#### **Independent non-executive Directors:**

Dr. Yu Kin Tim Mr. Ho Chi Lam

Mr. Wan Sze Chung

In accordance with articles 108 and 109 of the articles of association of the Company, Mr. Yeung Yu and Mr. Chong Ming Pui, being executive Directors and Dr. Yu Kin Tim as independent non-executive Director, will retire and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considered all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

### 股本及購股權

有關本公司本年度的股本及購股權變動的 資料分別載於經審核綜合財務報表附註 24及25。

### 優先購買權

本公司的公司細則或開曼群島法例並無規 定本公司須按比例向現有股東發售新股之 優先購買權條款。

### 購買、贖回或出售上市證券

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司及其 附屬公司概無購買、贖回或出售本公司的 任何上市證券。

### 董事

於年內及截至本年報日期止期間之董事如

#### 執行董事:

陳永康先生(主席) 周傑懷先生 莊明沛先生 楊瑜先生

#### 獨立非執行董事:

余健添博士 何志霖先生 溫思聰先生

根據本公司公司細則第108及109條,執行 董事楊瑜先生及莊明沛先生以及獨立非執 行董事余健添博士即將退任和符合資格並 願意於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據《上 市規則》第3.13條發出之年度獨立性確認 書。本公司認為,所有獨立非執行董事均 屬獨立人士。

### Report of the Directors 蓄事會報告

# PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR **MANAGEMENT**

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Company are set out on pages 38 to 41 of this annual report.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

None of the Directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with any member of the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

#### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

The directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Company's Board of Directors with reference to directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. In addition, the directors' remuneration is reviewed by the Remuneration Committee annually.

# **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN** TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR **CONTRACTS**

Save for transactions disclosed elsewhere in this annual report, no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's businesses to which the Company or its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or controlling shareholders of the Company and the Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the businesses of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2023.

### 董事及高級管理層履歷

本公司董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情載於 本年報第38至41頁。

### 董事的服務合約

所有在應屆股東週年大會獲提名連任之董 事,概無與本集團任何成員公司訂立本集 團不可在一年內沒有賠償(法定賠償除外) 情況下予以終止之服務合約。

### 金幅電董

董事酬金須經股東大會上股東的批准而 定。其他報酬則由本公司董事會就董事職 責、責任及表現及本集團的業績而釐定。 此外,董事酬金每年由薪酬委員會審閱。

# 董事於交易、安排或合約之權 益

除於本年報其他章節所披露者外,本公司 或其附屬公司於年末或年內任何時間,並 無訂有任何對本集團業務而言屬重大且 本公司董事或控股股東及董事的關連人 士於當中擁有重大權益(不論直接或間接) 的交易、安排及合約。

### 管理合約

於截至2023年12月31日止年度概無訂立或 存在有關於本公司全部或任何重大部分業 務的管理及行政方面的合約。

# **DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES'** INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES AND **DEBENTURES**

At 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept under to section 352 of the SFO, or as notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

# 董事及最高行政人員於股份、 相關股份及債權證中的權益及 淡倉

於2023年12月31日,董事及本公司最高行政 人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見《證券 及期貨條例》《證券及期貨條例》」第XV部) 的股份、相關股份及債權證中,根據《證 券及期貨條例》第352條記錄於登記冊,或 根據《標準守則》知會本公司及聯交所其所 擁有的權益及淡倉,列載如下:

#### Long positions in shares and underlying shares:

#### 於股份及相關股份的好倉:

nong positions in shares	and anderlying shares.	73 \ 73 \ 73		, 3 /H
			Number of	
			underlying	
			ordinary	
		Number of	shares of the	
		ordinary	Company held	
		shares of the	under Share	Approximate
		Company	Option	percentage of
Name of Directors	Nature of interest	interested	Scheme	shareholding
				%
			根據購股權	
		擁有權益之	計劃持有的	
	India N. A. I. I. and	本公司普通股	本公司相關	持股概約
董事姓名	權益性質	數目	普通股數目	百分比
				%
Chan Wing Hong Alex	Through controlled	756,000,000	_	68.7
	corporation (note)			
陳永康	透過控股集團(附註)			
Chau Kit Wai	Beneficial owner	6,000,000	_	0.5
周傑懷	實益擁有人			
Chong Ming Pui	Beneficial owner	6,000,000	_	0.5
莊明沛	實益擁有人			
Yeung Yu	Beneficial owner	6,000,000	_	0.5
楊瑜	實益擁有人			
		774 000 000		70.2
		774,000,000	_	70.2

Note:

附註:

The 756,000,000 shares of the Company are held by Namlong Development Limited, a company beneficially owned by Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex.

本公司756,000,000股股份由Namlong Development Limited (陳永康先生實益擁有的公司)持有。

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Save as disclosed above, as of the date of this annual report, so far as is known to any Director or chief executives of the Company, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company had any interest or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were (i) required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO; or (ii) required to be recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (iii) otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code. Details of the Director's interests in the share options granted by the Company are set out below under the heading "Share Option Scheme".

### ARRANGEMENTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" below, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2023 was the Group a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors, supervisors or chief executives of the Company, to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate.

除上文所披露者外,於本報告日期,據本 公司董事或最高行政人員所知, 概無本公 司董事或最高行政人員於本公司或其任 何相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第 XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有 (i) 須根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第7及 第8分部知會本公司及聯交所;或(ii)須根 據《證券及期貨條例》第352條記錄於該條 所述登記冊;或(iii)須根據《標準守則》知 會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。有 關董事於本公司授出的購股權的權益詳情 載列於下文「購股權計劃」。

### 認購股份或債權證的安排

除下文「購股權計劃」一段中披露者外,截 至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團並無參 與任何安排,致使本公司董事或最高行政 人員可藉收購本公司或任何其他法人團體 之股份或債務證券(包括債權證)而獲利。

### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

A share option scheme was conditionally adopted by the Company on 21 June 2016, and became effective on the Listing Date (the "Share Option Scheme"). Details of movements of the share options granted under the Share Option Scheme for the year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

# 購股權計劃

購股權計劃獲本公司於2016年6月21日有 條件採納,且於上市日期生效(「購股權計 劃」)。有關截至2023年12月31日止年度,根 據購股權計劃授出的購股權變動之詳情如

						Movemen	it of share opt 本年度購		he year	
Grantee	Date of grant	Exercise price per share (HK\$)	Exercise period	Notes	At 1 January 2023	Granted	Exercised	Forfeited	Lapsed/ cancelled	At 31 December 2023
承授人	授出日期	每股 行使價 (港元)	行使期限	附註	於2023年 1月1日	已授出	已行使	已沒收	已失效/ 註銷	於2023年 12月31日
Director 董事										
Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex 陳永康先生	20/7/2016	0.483	20/7/2017-19/7/2021	(1 & 2)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Chau Kit Wai 周傑懷先生	20/7/2016	0.483	20/7/2017-19/7/2021	(2)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Chong Ming Pui 莊明沛先生	20/7/2016	0.483	20/7/2017-19/7/2021	(2)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Yeung Yu 楊瑜先生	20/7/2016	0.483	20/7/2017-19/7/2021	(2)	_	_	_	_	_	_
Consultants	14/3/2018	1.934	14/3/2019-13/3/2023	(3 & 11)	2,000,000	_	(600,000)	_	(1,400,000)	_
顧問	14/9/2018	1.02	14/9/2019-13/9/2023	(4 & 11)	1,125,000	_	(505,000)	_	(620,000)	_
	10/5/2019	1.18	10/5/2021-9/5/2024	(5 & 11)	52,000	_	(48,000)	_	_	4,000
	17/6/2022	2.988	17/6/2024-16/6/2027	(9)	800,000			(100,000)		700,000
Employees	14/3/2018	1.934	14/3/2019-13/3/2023	(3 & 12)	1,238,000	_	(299,000)	(100,000)	(839,000)	_
僱員	14/9/2018	1.02	14/9/2019-13/9/2023	(4 & 12)	523,000	_	(457,000)	_	(66,000)	_
	10/5/2019	1.18	10/5/2021-9/5/2024	(5 & 12)	1,033,000	_	(613,000)	(150,000)	_	270,000
	31/12/2019	1.12	31/12/2021-30/12/2024	(6 & 12)	354,000	_	(123,000)	(28,000)	_	203,000
	14/12/2020	0.922	14/12/2022-13/12/2025	(7 & 12)	904,000	_	(326,000)	(300,000)	_	278,000
	9/11/2021	2.97	9/11/2023-8/11/2026	(8)	2,900,000	_		(700,000)	_	2,200,000
	17/6/2022	2.988	17/6/2024-16/6/2027	(9)	6,000,000	_	_	(1,100,000)	_	4,900,000
	11/12/2023	1.99	11/12/2025-10/12/2028	(10)		3,300,000				3,300,000
Total: 總計:					16,929,000	3,300,000	(2,971,000)	(2,478,000)	(2,925,000)	11,855,000

# Report of the Directors

#### 蓄事會報告

#### Notes:

- Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex is also the beneficial controlling shareholder of the Company.
- For all share options granted on 20 July 2016, the first 25% of the total options can be exercised 1 year after the date of grant, and each 25% of the total options will become exercisable in each subsequent year. The closing price of the share immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$0.46
- For the 13,500,000 share options granted on 14 March 2018, 25% of the 9,900,000 options can be exercised 1 year after the date of grant, and 25% will become exercisable in each subsequent year. For the remaining 3,600,000 options, 50% can be exercised 2 years after the date of grant, and 25% will become exercisable in each subsequent year. The closing price of the share immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$1.90 per share.
- For the 12,264,000 share options granted on 14 September 2018, 25% of 10,864,000 options can be exercised 1 year after the date of grant, and 25% will become exercisable in each subsequent year. For the remaining 1,400,000 options, 50% can be exercised 2 years after the date of grant, and 25% will become exercisable in each subsequent year. The closing price of the share immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$0.93 per share.
- For all share options granted on 10 May 2019, the first 50% of the total options can be exercised 2 years after the date of grant, and a further 25% of the total options will become exercisable in each subsequent year. The closing price of the share immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$1.12 per share.
- For all share options granted on 31 December 2019, the first 50% of the total options can be exercised 2 years after the date of grant, and a further 25% of the total options will become exercisable in each subsequent year. The closing price of the share immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$1.10 per share.
- For all share options granted on 14 December 2020, the first 50% of the total options can be exercised 2 years after the date of grant, and a further 25% of the total options will become exercisable in each subsequent year. The closing price of the share immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$0.92 per share.
- For all share options granted on 9 November 2021, the first 50% of the total options can be exercised 2 years after the date of grant, and a further 25% of the total options will become exercisable in each subsequent year. The closing price of the share immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$2.77 per share.
- For all share options granted on 17 June 2022, the first 50% of the total options can be exercised 2 years after the date of grant, and a further 25% of the total options will become exercisable in each subsequent year. The closing price of the share immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$2.96 per share.
- For all share options granted on 11 December 2023, the first 50% of the total options can be exercised 2 years after the date of grant, and a further 25% of the total options will become exercisable in each subsequent year. The closing price of the share immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$2.00 per share.

#### 附註:

- 陳永康先生亦為本公司一名實益控股股東。
- 就所有於2016年7月20日授出之購股權而言, 購股權總額之首25%可在授出日期起計一年後 行使,而股權總額之各25%可以在其後每年行 使。緊接購股權授出日期前的股份收市價為每 股0.46港元。
- 於2018年3月14日共授出13,500,000份購股權, 其中9,900,000份購股權的25%可以在授出日期 起計一年後行使,而其後每年可以再行使此 購股權之25%。至於餘下3,600,000份購股權, 其中50%可在授出日期起計兩年後行使,而其 後每年可以再行使此購股權之25%。緊接購股 權授出日期前的股份收市價為每股1.90港元。
- 於2018年9月14日共授出12,264,000份購股權, 其中10,864,000份購股權的25%可以在授出日期 起計一年後行使,而其後每年可以再行使此 購股權之25%。至於餘下1,400,000份購股權, 其中50%可在授出日期起計兩年後行使,而其 後每年可以再行使此購股權之25%。緊接購股 權授出日期前的股份收市價為每股0.93港元。
- 所有於2019年5月10日授出之購股權總額之首 50%可在授出日期起計兩年後行使,而購股權 總額之各25%可以在其後每年行使。緊接購股 權授出日期前的股份收市價為每股1.12港元。
- 所有於2019年12月31日授出之購股權總額之首 50%可在授出日期起計兩年後行使,而購股權 總額之各25%可以在其後每年行使。緊接購股 權授出日期前的股份收市價為每股1.10港元。
- 所有於2020年12月14日授出之購股權總額之首 50%可在授出日期起計兩年後行使,而購股權 總額之各25%可以在其後每年行使。緊接購股 權授出日期前的股份收市價為每股0.92港元。
- 所有於2021年11月9日授出之購股權總額之首 50%可在授出日期起計兩年後行使,而購股權 總額之各25%可以在其後每年行使。緊接購股 權授出日期前的股份收市價為每股2.77港元。
- 就所有於2022年6月17日授出之購股權而言, 購股權總額之首50%可在授出日期起計兩年後 行使,而購股權總額之各25%將可以在其後每 年行使。緊接購股權授出日期前的股份收市價 為每股2.96港元。
- 所有於2023年12月11日授出之購股權總額之首 50%可在授出日期起計兩年後行使,而購股權 總額之各25%可以在其後每年行使。緊接購股 權授出日期前的股份收市價為每股2.00港元。

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

- 11. The weighted average closing share price immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised by consultants was HK\$2.51 per share.
- 12. The weighted average closing share price immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised by employees was HK\$2.38 per share.

Further details of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 25 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

Other than as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Directors' and chief executives' interests and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures" above, the Directors have not been notified by any person (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which shall be disclosed to the Company pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

#### NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex (the "Covenantor") has confirmed with the Company of his compliance with the terms of the Deed of Non-Competition during the year ended 31 December 2023.

Our independent non-executive Directors have reviewed compliance of the Deed of Non-Competition and were satisfied that the terms had been duly complied with and enforced during the year ended 31 December 2023.

As at 31 December 2023, in so far as the Directors were aware, none of the Directors or their respective associates had any interest in a business that competed or was likely to compete with the business of the Group.

- 11. 緊接顧問行使購股權當日前股份加權平均收 市價為每股2.51港元。
- 12. 緊接僱員行使購股權當日前股份加權平均收 市價為每股2.38港元。

有關購股權計劃的進一步詳情載於經審 核綜合財務報表附註25。

# 主要股東於股份及相關股份中的權益及淡倉

除上文「董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉」一段所披露者外,董事並無獲任何人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)知會,按照須根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置的登記冊所記錄,其於股份或相關股份中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文向本公司披露的權益或淡倉。

### 不競爭承諾

陳永康先生(「契約承諾人」)已向本公司確認,彼於截至2023年12月31日止年度已遵守不競爭契約之條款。

獨立非執行董事已審閱契約承諾人就不競爭契約合規事宜發出的聲明,並信納截至2023年12月31日止年度,其條款已獲妥善遵守及實施。

於2023年12月31日,據董事所知悉,概無董事或彼等各自的聯繫人於與本集團業務構成或可能構成競爭的業務中擁有任何權益。

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's five largest customers in aggregate accounted for approximately 53.5% of the Group's total revenue (2022: 53.9%) and the largest customer accounted for approximately 17.1% of the Group's total revenue (2022: 19.3%).

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's five largest suppliers in aggregate accounted for approximately 61.6% of the Group's total purchase (2022: 61.9%) and the largest supplier accounted for approximately 22.2% of the Group's total purchase (2022: 21.2%).

To the best of the knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The significant related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 set out in note 30 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

#### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company had the following connected transactions, certain details of which are disclosed in compliance with the requirements of Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

On 7 January 2022, Pegatrack Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company as tenant, has entered into tenancy agreements with Ultra Land Limited ("ULL") and Ultra Prosper Limited ("UPL") as landlords for a term of one year and ten months commencing from 1 March 2022 and expiring on 31 December 2023 for total rental amount of HK\$382,680 and HK\$349,089 respectively. ULL and UPL became wholly owned by Mr. Chan Wing Hong Alex ("Mr. Chan"), an executive Director and the beneficial controlling shareholder of the Company upon completion of the sales and purchase agreements between Protean Holdings Limited and Mr. Chan on 24 February 2022. Please refer to the announcement dated 10 December 2021 of the Company for details.

On 12 April 2022, Pegatrack Limited, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company as tenant, has entered into a new tenancy agreement with Winning Castle Limited as landlord, which is beneficially owned by Mr. Chan, an executive Director and the beneficial controlling shareholder of the Company, for a term of around one year and nine months commencing from 12 April 2022 and expiring on 31 December 2023 (both days inclusive) for total rental amount of HK\$2,876,880. Please refer to the announcement dated 12 April 2022 of the Company for details.

### 主要客戶及供應商

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團五 大客戶合共佔本集團總收入約53.5% (2022 年:53.9%),而最大客戶佔本集團總收入 約17.1% (2022年:19.3%)。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團五 大供應商合共佔本集團總採購量約61.6% (2022年: 61.9%),而最大供應商佔本集團 總採購量約22.2% (2022年: 21.2%)。

就董事所知,概無董事、彼等聯繫人或任 何股東(就董事所知佔本公司股本的5%以 上)於本集團五大客戶及供應商中擁有權

### 關聯方交易

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度訂立的 重大關聯方交易,載於經審核綜合財務 報表附註30。

### 關連交易

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本公司進行 以下關連交易,其若干詳情已根據上市規 則第14A章的規定披露。

於2022年1月7日,本公司間接全資附屬 公司 Pegatrack Limited (作為租戶)已與 Ultra Land Limited (「ULL」) 及Ultra Prosper Limited (「UPL」)(作為業主) 訂立租賃協 議,自2022年3月1日起至2023年12月31日屆 滿,為期一年及十個月,租金總額分別 為382,680港 元 及349,089港 元。於 Protean Holdings Limited與陳先生於2022年2月24 日完成買賣協議後,ULL及UPL由本公司 執行董事及實益控股股東陳永康先生(「陳 先生」)全資擁有。詳情請參閱本公司日期 為2021年12月10日的公告。

於2022年4月12日,本公司間接全資附屬公 司Pegatrack Limited與本公司執行董事及 實益控股股東陳先生實益擁有的城勝有 限公司(作為業主)訂立新租賃協議,為期 約一年九個月,自2022年4月12日起至2023 年12月31日屆滿(包括首尾兩日),租金總額 為2,876,880港元。詳情請參閱本公司日期 為2022年4月12日的公告。

# CONNECTED CONTINUING **TRANSACTIONS**

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group has not entered into any transactions which need to be disclosed as continuing connected transactions pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules from the Listing Date and up to the date of this annual report.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 22 to 37 of this annual report.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, every Director for the time being of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, provided that such indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of fraud or dishonesty which may attach to the Director.

The Company has taken out and maintained appropriate Directors' liability insurance coverage for the Directors.

### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT**

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme", no equity-linked agreements were entered into during the year or subsisted at the end of the year ended 31 December 2023.

### 持續關連交易

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團並 無訂立根據《上市規則》第14A章須披露為 持續關連交易的任何交易。

### 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司公開可得資料及就董事所知, 本公司自上市日期起,直至本年報日期, 已遵照《上市規則》維持規定的公眾持股

### 企業管治

本公司採納之主要企業管治常規載於本年 報第22至37頁企業管治報告內。

## 獲准許彌償條文

根據本公司之公司章程,本公司現時的所 有董事就其任期內因執行其職務或與之 相關而可能導致或承受之所有損失或責 任,有權從本公司資產中獲得賠償,惟與 董事本身之欺詐或不誠實事宜有關者則不 能獲得賠償。

本公司已為董事購買及維持適當的董事責 任保險。

#### 股票掛鈎協議

除「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,本集團 並無於年內訂立或於截至2023年12月31日 止年度維持任何與股票掛鈎協議。

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

### EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There are no material subsequent events undertaken by the Company or by the Group after 31 December 2023 and up to the date of this annual report.

#### **AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young retire and a resolution for the reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

**Chan Wing Hong Alex** 

Chairman

Hong Kong 29 February 2024

### 報告期末事項

本公司或本集團於2023年12月31日後及直 至本年報日期並無進行任何其他重大後 續事項。

### 核數師

安永會計師事務所任期屆滿,本公司將會 在應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案續聘該 公司為本公司之核數師。

承董事會命

主席 陳永康

香港 2024年2月29日

#### **OVERVIEW**

The Board of Directors of Plover Bay Technologies Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group" or "we") is pleased to present this Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report. The ESG report elaborates on the various work of the Group in fully implementing the principle of sustainable development and its performance of environmental, social and governance from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 (the "year"). For information on our corporate governance, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report on pages 22 to 37 of this annual report.

#### **ESG GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE**

The Board perceives that sustainable growth is key to the Group's long-term success. Together with our employees, investors, shareholders, customers, business partners, suppliers and contract manufacturers, we hope to continue to enrich people's lives by providing supercharged connectivity in the global communications market in a responsible manner. The Group considers ESG as part of its principal duties and strives to embed ESG considerations into daily operations and management. The Board holds the overall responsibility on the ESG issues and oversees the relevant strategies, direction and policies. The Board discusses and reviews the risks and opportunities, performance, progress, goals and targets regularly to monitor the ESG performance, related issues and potential risks.

The Group's businesses and functional departments also help to formulate relevant strategies in their respective areas and monitor the effectiveness of the implementation in accordance with the sustainable development strategies and objectives suggested by the Board. Meetings are also arranged regularly to evaluate the effectiveness of current policies and procedures and develop appropriate solutions to improve the overall performance of ESG policies.

#### SCOPE OF ESG REPORT

This ESG report presents the Group's sustainability approach and the performance in the environmental, social and governance aspects of its businesses, covering its activities which are considered as material by the Group from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023.

Unless otherwise specified, this report covers the Group's principal operation in Hong Kong only.

### 概. 覽.

珩灣科技有限公司(「本公司」, 連同其附 屬公司,「本集團 | 或 「我們 |) 董事會欣然呈 報本環境、社會及管治報告。此環境、社 會及管治報告詳述本集團於2023年1月1日 至2023年12月31日(「本年度」)期間全面推行 可持續發展原則及履行環境、社會及管治 責任的各項工作。有關我們的企業管治資 料,請參閱載於本年報第22至37頁之企業 管治報告。

### 環境、社會及管治架構

董事會認為可持續增長對本集團的長期 成功至關重要。我們希望與我們的僱員、 投資者、股東、客戶、業務夥伴、供應 商及合約製造商一起,以負責任的方式 在全球通訊市場提供「超強提升連線能力」 (Supercharged Connectivity),繼續豐富人 們的生活。本集團將環境、社會及管治視 為其主要責任的一部分,並努力將環境、 社會及管治考量納入日常經營管理。董事 會全面負責環境、社會及管治事宜並監督 相關策略、方向和政策。董事會定期討論 並審查風險及機遇、績效、進展、目標及 指標,以監控環境、社會及管治表現、相 關問題及潛在風險。

本集團的業務及職能部門亦根據董事會建 議的可持續發展策略及目標,就各自的領 域協助制訂相關戰略,並監督實施的有效 性。且定期安排會議,評估現行政策及程 序的成效,並制訂適當的解決方案以提高 環境、社會及管治政策的整體表現。

# 環境、社會及管治報告之報告 節圍

本環境、社會及管治報告呈現本集團業務 在環境、社會及管治層面的可持續發展方 案及表現,涵蓋2023年1月1日至2023年12 月31日期間本集團視為重大的活動。

除非另有説明,否則本報告僅涵蓋本集團 在香港的主要業務。

#### REPORTING GUIDELINES

This ESG report is prepared in accordance with the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" ("ESG Reporting Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange. This report also follows the four reporting principles listed in the HKEX ESG Reporting Guide, including materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency for report disclosure.

#### STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

The Group values the views of our stakeholders, including not only employees, management and Directors, but also investors, shareholders, customers, business partners, suppliers, contract manufacturers and communities. We communicate with our stakeholders on an ongoing basis through communication channels such as online community forum, interim and annual reports, surveys, regular dialogue and meetings.

The table below sets out our main communication channels with these stakeholders:

### 報告指引

本環境、社會及管治報告根據載於聯交所 《上市規則》附錄27所載的《環境、社會及 管治報告指引》(「《指引》」)編製。本報告亦 遵循香港交易所《指引》列出的四項報告原 則,包括報告披露的重要性、量化、平衡 及一致性。

### 持份者之參與

本集團重視各持份者的意見,不單是僱 員、管理層及董事,亦包括投資者、股 東、客戶、業務夥伴、供應商、合約製造 商以及不同社群。我們通過線上社區論 壇、中期及年度報告、調查、定期對話及 會議等溝通渠道持續與各持份者溝通。

下表載列我們與此等持份者的主要溝通渠 渞:

Stakeholder 持份者	Communication Channel 溝通渠道
Employees 僱員	Daily communication and performance appraisal 日常溝通及表現評估
Investors and shareholders	Interviews, meetings, annual general meeting, earnings reports,
投資者及股東	announcements and company website 訪談、會議、股東週年大會、盈利報告、公告以及公司網站
Customers and business partners	Social media, online community forum, company website, regular meetings, email and phone communications
客戶及業務夥伴	社交媒體、線上社區論壇、公司網站、定期會議、電子郵件及電話通訊
Suppliers and contract manufacturers 供應商及合約製造商	Regular meetings, performance evaluation and site visits 定期會議、績效評估及實地考察
Communities 不同社群	Sponsorships, donations and employee participation 贊助、捐贈及僱員參與

#### MATERIALITY ANALYSIS

In 2017, we commissioned an independent third-party consultant to assist the Group in conducting a materiality analysis in a fair and equitable way. Our materiality assessment was implemented with three main phases. We started by identifying each of the material issues in respect of environment, society and governance that might affect our businesses or stakeholders. Then, through a questionnaire carried out by the consultant, views and expectations of stakeholders on the Group's disclosure of ESG issues were understood, and potential material issues were identified and prioritised accordingly. Upon reviewing the result of the survey, the Group identified five most material ESG issues and disclosed relevant information in the corresponding sections.

The data collected from the materiality assessment formed the basis for the Group to map out long-term strategies for sustainable development. The Group continues to assess the relevance of the ESG framework by frequently communicating with its stakeholders through the means outlined above. During 2023, we had an internal review to revisit the relevance of these material issues identified, and we determined that the key material aspects identified in 2017 are still highly relevant to our ESG framework in the year of 2023.

### 重要性分析

於2017年,我們曾委託獨立第三方顧問協 助本集團以公平公正的方式實施重要性 評估。此重要性評估通過三個主要階段 進行。首先,我們識別在環境、社會及管 治各方面可能影響我們業務或持份者之 重大事項;其後,通過顧問進行的問卷調 查了解持份者對本集團披露環境、社會及 管治事項方面之意見及期望並將潛在重 大問題進行識別及排序。於評估調查結 果時,本集團識別出五項最重要的環境、 社會及管治議題,並於相應章節中披露相 關資料。

重要性評估所收集的數據為本集團制定 長期可持續發展戰略提供基礎。本集團 通過前文提及過的方式與持份者緊密溝 通,繼續評估環境、社會及管治框架的 相關性。2023年期間,我們進行了內部檢 討,以審查已識別的重大議題是否仍然相 關,我們認為2017年度確認的關鍵重大方 面與2023年度的環境、社會及管治框架仍 然十分相關。

Material Issue 重大議題	Corresponding Section 相應章節	Relevance to the Business 與業務的相關性
1. Customer Privacy	Data Confidentiality	Commitment to Customers and Suppliers
客戶隱私	資料保密	對客戶及供應商的承擔
2. Anti-corruption	Anti-corruption	Commitment to Customers and
反貪腐	反貪腐	Suppliers 對客戶及供應商的承擔
3. Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康及安全	Occupational Health and Safety 職業健康及安全	Establishment of an Excellent Team 設立優秀團隊
4. Compliance with Laws and Regulations Relating to the Provision and Use of Products	Supply Chain Management and Customer Focus	Commitment to Customers and Suppliers
and Services 遵循有關提供及使用產品與服務 的法規	供應鏈管理及以客為先	對客戶及供應商的承擔
5. Employees' Remuneration and Benefits	Employees' Benefits	Establishment of an Excellent Team
僱員薪酬及福利	僱員福利	設立優秀團隊

#### ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

As a responsible corporate citizen, the Group is committed to protecting natural resources and the global environment. We comply with laws and regulations related to environmental protection and our commitment to emission reduction, energy and resource conservation encompasses every aspect of our operations. In light of our business nature, the Group's operations do not generate massive air, water or land pollution, nor do they raise any significant environmental concerns.

During the year, the Group continued to make improvements in resource intensity in Energy Conservation, Water Management, Use of Packaging Materials, Waste Management, Climate Change and Green Operations.

#### **Energy Conservation**

Energy consumed during the Group's office and warehouse operations is electricity. The Group recognises the importance of maintaining environmental sustainability in its daily operations. As part of the Group's initiatives to reduce energy consumption, we set up a programme to automatically switch off lights and air conditioners in the conference rooms after office hours and divide the office area into different zones using independent lighting switches. Meanwhile, a series of measures are taken to enhance energy efficiency, such as encouraging employees to dress in casual attire in the office, adopting energy-efficient equipment and regular cleaning for light fixtures and air conditioners. During the year, the Group's energy consumption totaled 419 MWh, which was 0.09 MWh for each square metre of the floor area on average. Energy use is not a material issue in relation to the Group's businesses, therefore no energy use efficiency targets are in place during the reporting year.

### Water Management

Water is a precious natural resource. Everyone shares the universal responsibility to promote sustainable use of water resources on the Earth. Our business operations generate mainly domestic sewage. During the year, there was no issue in sourcing water in the Group's operations. This year, total water consumption of the Group was 488 cubic meters, which was 0.11 cubic metres for each square metre of the floor area on average. We encourage employees to conserve the use of water resources. Water consumption is not a material issue in relation to the Group's businesses, therefore no water efficiency targets are in place during the reporting year.

### 環境管理

身為負責任的企業公民,本集團致力保護 天然資源及全球環境。我們遵守與環境 保護有關之法律及規例,且我們對減排、 節能及珍惜資源的努力體現於營運的各個 方面。鑒於我們的業務性質,本集團之營 運不會產生大量空氣、水質或土地污染, 亦不會產生任何重大環境問題。

於本年度,本集團繼續進一步投放資源 於節約能源、水資源管理、包裝物料之使 用、廢物管理、氣候變化及綠色營運方 面。

#### 節約能源

本集團的辦公室及倉庫運作期間所消耗的 能源為電能。本集團明白在日常運作中維 持環境可持續發展的重要性。作為本集團 降低能源消耗之部分措施,我們設置了程 序在辦公時段後自動關掉會議室的電燈及 空調, 並將辦公區劃分為使用獨立的照明 開關不同的區域。同時,我們採取了一系 列的措施來提高能源效率,例如鼓勵僱員 在辦公室穿著便裝、採用高能源效益的設 備及定期清潔燈具和空調等。於本年度, 本集團用電總量為419兆瓦時,即平均每 平方米樓面面積消耗0.09兆瓦時。由於能 源的運用對本集團業務而言並非重大議 題,因此並無在本報告年度內制訂能源使 用效益目標。

#### 水資源管理

水是珍貴的天然資源。每個人都有共同 的責任提倡可持續地使用地球水資源。我 們的業務運營產生的主要是生活污水。本 年度期間,本集團在業務上沒有採購水資 源的問題。本年度,本集團之總用水量為 488立方米,平均每平方米的樓面面積消 耗0.11立方米。我們鼓勵僱員節約使用水 資源。用水量就本集團業務而言並非重大 議題,因此並無在報告年度內制訂水資源 使用效益目標。

#### ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### **Use of Packaging Material**

The Group is committed to reduce the use of packaging material to minimise the impact on environment and natural resources. We reused packaging materials for products after repair or replacement products. During the year, packaging materials used by the Group were mainly cardboard paper and plastic, and the usage amounts were 36,579 kg and 3,349 kg respectively. The weight of packaging material used per thousand US dollars of revenue was 0.42 kg. During the year, a total of 2,600 kg of cardboard paper was recycled.

#### **Waste Management**

Since the Group's businesses do not involve manufacturing activities, solid waste is mainly generated in daily office and warehouse operations without generation of hazardous waste. We have adopted the "3Rs" principle, "Reduce, Reuse and Recycle", as our waste management strategy. We implement the policy of double-sided printing and copying, and disseminating information by electronic means whenever possible to reduce paper consumption. To further reduce our paper consumption, Office Automation ("OA") system is applied to substitute the traditional paper-based office administration system. We also reduce the use of paper by distributing newsletters electronically through our online community forum, emails, and regular updates on our website rather than using paper marketing materials. Our employees are encouraged to use reusable products instead of non-refillable stationeries and office supplies. The waste paper and waste iron casing are recycled and transferred to qualified recycling companies. We also carry out stock checking regularly to prevent overstock.

After the implementation of the above measures, non-hazardous waste generated (including general waste, metal and paper) in the year amounted to 12.9 tonnes in total, which is 0.14 kg per thousand US dollars of revenue. The following table shows the non-hazardous waste generated by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023:

### 環境管理(續)

#### 包裝物料之使用

本集團致力減少使用包裝物料以減低對 環境及天然資源的影響。維修或更換產 品後,我們會重複使用包裝材料。本年度 期間,本集團主要使用紙皮及塑膠為包裝 物料,使用量分別為36,579公斤及3,349公 斤。每千美元收入平均使用0.42公斤的包 裝材料。本年度內,亦總共回收了2,600公 斤紙皮。

#### 廢物管理

由於本集團業務不涉及製造業務,固體廢 物主要於日常辦公室及倉庫運作中產生, 並無產生有害廢物。我們已採納「3R」原則 (即減少廢物(Reduce)、廢物再用(Reuse)及 循環再造(Recycle))為廢物管理策略。我 們實行雙面列印及複印政策,並盡可能以 電子方式傳遞信息以減少紙張消耗。為進 一步減少我們的紙張消耗,我們應用辦公 室自動化(OA)系統以替代傳統的紙本辦公 室行政系統。我們亦通過我們的線上社區 論壇、電子郵件及定期更新公司網站來分 發電子通訊,以此代替紙張宣傳物品,從 而減少使用紙張。我們鼓勵僱員使用可重 複使用的產品,而非不可使用補充品的文 具和辦公用品。我們會回收廢紙和廢鐵殼 再將其轉移至合資格的回收公司。我們亦 會定期進行庫存檢查以防庫存過剩。

實施上述措施後,本年度無害廢物(包括 一般廢物、金屬及紙張)的產生總量為12.9 公噸,即每千美元收入所產生的無害廢物 為0.14公斤。下表列出本集團截至2023年 12月31日止年度所產生之無害廢物:

#### ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (Continued)

環境管理(續)

Non-hazardous Waste generated by the Group during the vear

本集團本年度內所產生之無害廢物

		Non-hazardous Waste Generated (tonne) 所產生之無害廢物(公噸)		
Waste type	廢物類別	Total Amount 總量	Amount Sent to Landfill 送至堆填區量	Recycled Amount 回收量
General waste	一般廢物	5.9	5.9	_
Metal	金屬	3.2	_	3.2
Paper	紙張	3.8		3.8
Sum of Non-hazardous Waste Generated	所產生無害廢物總量	12.9	5.9	7.0

Waste management is not considered as material in relation to the Group's businesses, therefore no reduction targets are in place during the reporting year.

**Climate Change** 

Climate change has been a worldwide growing issue in recent years. Climate change poses potential physical and transition risks to the Group's businesses. Extreme weather conditions such as rainstorms, floods and typhoons may affect our business operations while transition risk may result from the change in environmentalrelated regulations. We consulted the "Code of Practice in Times of Typhoons and Rainstorms" published by the Labour Department of the HKSAR Government to make special work arrangements to protect our employees in case of extreme weather conditions. As for the potential transition risk, the Group continues to monitor climaterelated risks regularly and implement relevant measures to minimise the potential impact of climate change. Currently, it is expected that potential extreme weather conditions and change in environmentalrelated regulations do not directly impose material threat to the Group's operations.

As the Group does not own any manufacturing sites, we work closely with our contract manufacturers and raw material suppliers to ensure that they are also environmentally-conscious and sustainable.

廢物管理就本集團業務而言並非重大議 題,因此並無在報告年度內制訂減少廢物 的目標。

### 氣候變化

近年來,氣候變化已成為全球日益受關注 的議題。氣候變化可能會給本集團的業 務帶來了物理風險和過渡性風險。暴雨、 洪澇及颱風等極端天氣狀況可能會對我 們的業務運營造成影響,而與環境相關的 法規的變化可能會導致過渡性風險。我們 參考了香港政府勞工處公佈的《颱風及暴 雨情況下工作守則》就在極端天氣狀況下 作出特別工作安排,以保障僱員的安全。 有關潛在的過渡性風險,本集團將繼續 定期監測氣候相關風險,並採取相關措施 將氣候變化的潛在影響降至最低。目前, 預計潛在的極端天氣狀況和環境相關法 規的變化不會直接對本集團的營運構成重 大威脅。

由於本集團並無擁有任何生產基地,我們 與合約製造商及原材料供應商緊密合作, 以確保他們同樣具有環保意識且會可持續 發展。

### ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### **Green Operations**

Emissions of greenhouse gases ("GHG") by the Group are mainly contributed by the consumption of electricity and outsourced logistics activities. Apart from the many initiatives mentioned in "Energy Conservation" above, we employ multiple ways to reduce GHG emission. In terms of transportation, phone and virtual conferences are held where possible to minimise overseas business travel while direct flights are chosen to reduce carbon emission caused by any inevitable business travel. We have also chosen logistics companies with proven track records on sustainable development to reduce our GHG emission.

During the year, the GHG emission for the operation was 500 tons, while 18 tons GHG emission was avoided by recycling of paper. Thus, the net GHG emission in total was 482 tons, which means average GHG emission from each square metre of total floor area was 0.10 ton. GHG emissions are not considered as material in relation to the Group's businesses, therefore no reduction targets are in place during the reporting year.

### ESTABLISHMENT OF AN EXCELLENT **TEAM**

The Group believes that employees are our valuable asset. The Group firmly upholds the principle of treating each employee fairly and consistently in all matters and enforces its employment policies in accordance with the regulations of the Employment Ordinance. During the year, we continued to strictly comply with laws and regulations relating to employment and occupational health and safety. To attract and retain the best talent, we offer a comprehensive range of benefits, training and development opportunities, as well as a conducive and engaging working environment free of safety and health hazards.

#### **Employment**

Effective recruitment process is one of the critical factors of successful talent management.

The Group does not tolerate any use of child or forced labour. Our recruitment process consists of age and identity verification to avoid child labour. Prior to commencement of employment, employees are provided with key information, such as job duties and working hours of the position concerned, and the employment conditions are in line with the terms in the employment contract to prevent any forced labour.

### 環境管理(續)

#### 綠色營運

本集團之溫室氣體排放主要源自使用電 力及外判物流活動。除於上文「節約能源」 一段中所提及的諸多舉措外,我們亦採取 多種方式來減少溫室氣體排放。在交通 方面,我們盡可能召開電話及虛擬會議, 以盡量減少海外商務行程,同時在進行不 可避免的商務行程時選擇直飛航班以減 少旅程所造成的碳排放。我們亦已選擇在 可持續發展方面有良好記錄的物流公司, 以減少我們的溫室氣體排放。

本年度,營運方面之溫室氣體排放為500 噸,而通過循環用紙避免了18噸溫室氣體 排放。因此,淨溫室氣體排放總量為482 噸,即每平方米樓面面積平均排放0.10噸 溫室氣體。溫室氣體排放就本集團業務 而言並非重大議題,因此並無在報告年度 內制訂減排目標。

# 設立優秀團隊

本集團深信僱員乃是我們寶貴的資產。本 集團堅守在所有事項公平一致地對待每一 位僱員的原則,並按照《僱傭條例》規例執 行其僱傭政策。本年度,我們繼續嚴格遵 守有關就業及職業健康及安全之法律及規 例。為吸引及挽留最優秀的人才,我們提 供一系列的全面福利、培訓及發展機會, 以及有利發展且健康安全的工作環境。

#### 僱傭

有效的招聘流程乃成功人才管理之其中 一項關鍵因素。

本集團不容忍任何使用童工或強制勞動。 我們的招聘流程包括年齡及身份驗證,以 避免聘用童工。在僱員開始工作前,我們 會為僱員提供有關職位之職責及工作時間 等重要資訊,且工作的條件符合僱傭合約 的條文,以防止任何強制勞動。

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF AN EXCELLENT

#### TEAM (Continued)

#### Employment (Continued)

As an equal opportunity employer, we are committed to providing employees with a discrimination-free workplace. Our human resources policies adhere to the principle of fairness. We hire employees from diverse backgrounds, regardless of their disability, gender, family status and race.

As at 31 December 2023, the total number of employees of the Group is 177.

#### Gender diversity

The Group operates in the information and communications technology industry which traditionally had a high concentration of male employees in the talent pool. According to statistics provided by the HKSAR Census and Statistics Department, the female ratio in the industry (defined as the percentage of female employees within the total number of employees) was 31% in 2023. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's overall female ratio and the female ratio among employees located in Hong Kong was 35% and 36% respectively.

The Group has taken and continues to take steps to promote gender diversity at all levels. These include creating a female-friendly environment and culture at the workplace, zero-tolerance policy towards harassment and discrimination, and embracing familyfriendly policies (e.g. flexible working hours) to allow caregivers with greater flexibility. The Group will continue to increase the female ratio in our workforce, and provide equal opportunities for career development and advancement.

#### **Employee Number of the Group (As at 31 December 2023)**

# 設立優秀團隊(續)

#### 僱 傭 (續)

作為平等機會僱主,我們致力為僱員提供 一個無歧視的工作場所。我們的人力資源 政策堅守公平原則。我們聘用來自不同背 景的僱員,不論其殘疾、性別、家庭狀況 及種族。

於2023年12月31日,本集團僱員總數為177 人。

#### 性別多元化

本集團經營資訊及通訊科技業務,該行 業歷來人才庫中男性僱員高度集中。根據 香港特別行政區政府統計處提供的數據, 2023年行業女性比例(定義為女性僱員佔 僱員總數的百分比)為31%。截至2023年12 月31日,本集團整體女性比例及香港僱員 的女性比例分別為35%和36%。

本集團已經並將繼續採取措施在各個層 面促進性別多元化。措施包括在工作場所 營造對女性友好的環境和文化,對騷擾 和歧視採取零容忍政策,並採取家庭友善 政策(例如靈活的工作時間)以允許照顧者 具有更大的彈性。本集團將繼續提高團隊 中的女性比例,並提供平等的職業發展和 晉升機會。

#### 本集團僱員人數(於2023年12月31日)

		Number 人數	% of Total 佔總人數百分比
	12.144		
By Gender	按性別		
Male	男性	115	65%
Female	女性	62	35%
Total	總計	177	100%
By Age	按年齡		
Below or equal to 30	30歲或以下	46	26%
31 to 40	31至40歲	76	43%
41 to 50	41至50歲	39	22%
Over 50	50歲以上	16	9%
Total	總計	177	100%

### ESTABLISHMENT OF AN EXCELLENT

設立優秀團隊(續)

TEAM (Continued)

Gender diversity (Continued)

By Gender and Geographic Region

性別多元化(續) 按性別及地區

		Male 男性	Female 女性	Female Ratio 女性比例
Hong Kong	香港	68	39	36%
Others	其他	47	23	33%
Total	總計	115	62	35%

### Employee Turnover Rate of the Group

### 本集團之僱員流動率

		% of Total 佔總人數百分比
By Gender	按性別	
Male	男性	39%
Female	女性	31%
By Age	按年齡	
Below or equal to 30	30歲或以下	51%
30 to 40	31至40歲	32%
41 to 50	41至50歲	26%
Over 50	50歲以上	35%
By Geographic Region	按地區	
Hong Kong	香港	51%
Others	其他	10%

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF AN EXCELLENT

### TEAM (Continued)

#### **Employee Benefits**

The Group recognises the importance of each employee and values their benefits. Employees' remuneration package is reviewed at least annually with reference to the comparable market level, employees' performance and our financial performance to ensure retention and attraction of high calibre employees. Apart from basic salary, we also offer guaranteed and/or performance bonus and share options. Our share option scheme is open to all of our eligible employees. We believe that such a share option scheme would keep our employees motivated and encourage them to grow together with the Group in the long run.

As a family-friendly employer, we have implemented flexible working hours since 2010 to accommodate a better balance between family obligations and work duties of our employees. Since 2020, we further extend the flexible working hours in response to COVID-19. Our employees also enjoy different types of leaves, such as annual leave, maternity leave, paternity leave and special paid leave. Employee compensation insurance is provided according to the law, while other entitlements including medical insurance and travel insurance are also provided. Upon receipt of a letter of resignation, an exit interview would be arranged to understand the reason for leaving and to improve the Group's operations.

To retain our existing talent pool, we provide some of our qualified employees the flexibility to keep their employment with the Group if they are relocating. Our flexible working culture ensures that these employees would stay well-connected virtually with their teams.

### **Occupational Health and Safety**

Work safety is the cornerstone of the sustainable development of the Group. We seek to create a pleasant and comfortable workplace for our employees by carrying out preventive and corrective measures.

### 設立優秀團隊(續)

#### 僱員福利

本集團明白每位僱員的重要性並重視他們 的福利。僱員的薪酬待遇均參考可比較之 市場水平、僱員表現及我們的財務表現, 並至少每年進行一次檢討,來吸引及挽留 高素質僱員。除底薪外,我們亦提供有保 證的花紅和/或績效獎金以及購股權。我 們的購股權計劃對我們所有合資格僱員開 放。我們相信,該購股權計劃可以激勵我 們的僱員,並鼓勵他們在長遠未來與本集 團共同成長。

作為家庭友善僱主,我們自2010年起已實 施彈性工作時間,以諉僱員在家庭義務 和工作職責中取得更好的平衡。自2020年 起,我們進一步延長了彈性工作時間,以 應對2019年新型冠狀病毒病。我們的僱員 亦享有如年假、產假、侍產假及特殊狀況 有薪假期等不同類型的假期。除法定的 僱員賠償保險外,其他福利還包括醫療 保險及旅遊保險。收到僱員的辭職信時, 我們會安排離職面談,以了解其離職原因 並改善本集團的運作。

為留用我們現有的人才儲備,我們為部分 合資格僱員提供彈性,使他們可以在移居 到外地時,仍然可以繼續留任於本集團。 我們彈性的工作文化可確保此等僱員與其 團隊保持網絡聯繫。

#### 職業健康及安全

工作安全乃本集團可持續發展之基石。我 們力求透過採取預防和糾正措施,為我們 的僱員創造一個愉快及舒適的工作環境。

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF AN EXCELLENT

# TEAM (Continued)

#### Occupational Health and Safety (Continued)

We provide employees with news and tips regarding occupational health and safety to raise their awareness on health and safety, and maintain office equipment regularly. We also procure tools in response to employees' feedback to ensure employees can safely complete their duties. Employees are encouraged to report accidents, injuries and unsafe equipment or practices to the management so that we can follow-up and improve promptly. Emergency exits are well-maintained to ensure accessibility without barriers. Fire drills are conducted annually to increase the risk awareness of all office and warehouse employees by familiarising themselves with the fire escape routes and the use of firefighting equipment. Also, our employees who are involved in the work of hardware development and assembly work in accordance with the code of conduct to avoid accidents and injuries. Every year, the human resources team and the compliance team will review the code of conduct to ensure that it is updated and comply with the labour law.

Over the past 3 reporting years (i.e. up to 31 December 2023), the number of work-related fatalities was zero, while the total lost working days due to work injury was also zero. The Group is committed to preventing any work-related injury to its employees, and has complied with relevant laws and regulations to provide a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.

In addition, we also provide our employees with adjustable seats, footrests and footsteps. We install air purifiers in the workplace to remove harmful particles like allergens, fine dust, and viruses and strengthen air ventilation. We also regularly change water purifiers in the office to maintain drinking water safety. Fresh fruits are provided on a weekly basis to encourage our employees to have a healthy diet.

In the meantime, in order to provide more all-rounded health and wellness protection to our employees, the coverage of medical insurance policies has been broadened.

To facilitate work from home arrangements in case of pandemics, the Group has a network infrastructure in place to support remote work for all employees. In addition, the workplace was disinfected regularly and more air purifiers were installed to improve air quality, and new ventilation systems and automatic doors were installed in washrooms to reduce the risk of virus transmission. We believe that employees' health, safety and well-being comes before work and we will always seek to create a better working environment for them.

# 設立優秀團隊(續)

#### 職業健康及安全(續)

我們為僱員提供有關職業健康及安全的 新聞及提示以提高他們健康及安全意識, 並會定期維護辦公室設備。我們亦會應僱 員的回饋,添置工具,以確保他們能安全 地完成任務。我們鼓勵僱員向管理層報告 意外、受傷及不安全的設備或工作方式, 讓我們可以及時跟進及改善。我們保持緊 急出口暢通,以確保無障礙使用。我們每 年進行一次消防演習,通過熟悉火災逃生 路線和使用消防設備,提高所有辦公室和 倉庫僱員的風險意識。此外,我們從事硬 件開發及組裝工作的僱員按照《行為守則》 工作,以避免事故和傷害。每年,人力資 源團隊及合規團隊都會審視《行為守則》, 以確保其得到更新並符合勞工法例。

在過去三個報告年度內(即截至2023年12月 31日),工傷死亡人數為零人,而工傷導致 喪失之工作日總數亦為零日。本集團致力 於防止任何僱員之工傷事故,並遵守有關 法律及規則,提供安全的工作環境及保障 僱員避免職業性危害。

此外,我們亦為僱員提供可調式座椅、腳 凳及腳踏。我們於工作場所安裝了空氣淨 化器,去除過敏源、細塵及病毒等有害微 粒,並加強空氣流通。我們亦定期更換辦 公室的淨水器,以確保飲用水安全。我們 亦每週提供一次新鮮水果,鼓勵僱員健 康飲食。

同時,為向僱員提供更全面健康與保健的 保障,本集團已擴大醫療保單覆蓋範圍。

為協助應對大規模流行病的居家工作安 排,本集團已建立網絡基礎設施以支持所 有僱員的遠程工作。此外,我們定期對工 作場所進行消毒,安裝更多空氣淨化器以 改善空氣質量,並在洗手間安裝新的通風 系統和自動門,以降低病毒傳播的風險。 我們相信,僱員的健康、安全及福祉比工 作更重要,我們將一直努力,為他們創造 更好的工作環境。

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF AN EXCELLENT

# TEAM (Continued)

#### **Development and Training**

The Group considers employees as the foundation of its achievements and provides career advancement opportunities to help employees in reaching their full potentials. In order to establish an excellent team to accommodate the rapid development of the Group, our employees are required to receive annual performance evaluations which thoroughly assess the employees' attributes, personal ability, performance and growth at work. Annual appraisal serves not only as a process to document the performance of our employees, but also a precious opportunity to assist our employees in outlining their threeto-five years' career plans. We believe that two-way communication is crucial to employee engagement that drives job satisfaction and productivity and the annual appraisal is an additional platform to facilitate communication between employees and management. Our promotion is decided on a fair and open basis and any form of discrimination is not tolerated. Competent employees will be considered for internal promotion in recognition of their efforts and contribution when there is a job vacancy.

To help new employees fit into our culture and get familiar with the new working environment, on top of an introduction session that covers topics such as the Group's background, rules and policies, we also designed and provided new employees with a half-year orientation programme. The programme includes introductory sessions of the Group's culture and values, sharing sessions from the Group's management and experienced employees, and also interactive sessions that encompass a vast range of personal development topics. There are also occasional company-wide leisure activities to help new employees to meet and exchange employees from different functions/ offices, and build up their engagement with the Group.

For appropriate positions, new employees also undergo jobspecific orientations that introduce them to relevant topics such as professional ethics, basic business protocol, relevant professional knowledge and skills, operational procedure and production safety etc. We also encourage and support all employees taking training courses and workshops that are relevant to their roles internally or at external organisations to enrich their knowledge and perspective in discharging their duties.

### 設立優秀團隊(續)

### 發展及培訓

本集團視僱員為其成功之基石,並為僱員 提供職業發展機會,協助他們充分發揮潛 能。為建立一支優秀團隊以支援本集團之 迅速發展,我們的僱員必須接受年度績效 評估。年度評估會全面地評估僱員素質、 個人能力、工作表現及成長。年度評估不 僅是為了記錄僱員績效的程序, 亦是我們 協助僱員制定三至五年職業規劃的寶貴 機會。我們相信雙向溝通對推動僱員的投 入度,以提高工作滿意度和生產率至關重 要;而年度評估則是促進僱員及管理層之 間的溝通的額外平台。本集團的升遷乃按 公平及公開的原則決定,概不容忍任何形 式的歧視。在有職位空缺的情況下,符合 資格的僱員將被考慮進行內部晉升,以表 彰他們的努力及貢獻。

為幫助新僱員融入我們的文化並熟悉新的 工作環境,除了涵蓋集團背景、規則和政 策等的主題簡介會外,我們還設計了為期 半年的新僱員導向計劃。該計劃包括了對 集團文化和價值的介紹、集團管理層和舊 僱員的分享,以及涵蓋各種個人發展主題 的交流活動。偶爾還會舉辦全體休閒活 動,以幫助新僱員與來自不同職能/辦事 處的僱員見面和交流,並建立對集團的投 入感。

對於一些合適的工作崗位,新僱員還會有 為特定工作而設的入職培訓,涵蓋職業操 守、基本業務規則、有關的專業知識及 技能、操作程序及生產安全等相關主題。 我們亦鼓勵並支持全體僱員參加內部或由 外部組織舉辦並與他們的職務相關之培 訓課程及工作坊,以豐富與他們職責相關 的知識及見解。

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF AN EXCELLENT

# TEAM (Continued)

#### **Development and Training** (Continued)

Due to the nature of the technology industry, all employees must regularly keep up to date with latest developments in the Group's products and technologies. The Group offers on-the-job training and certification programmes, namely the Peplink Certified Engineer (PCE) and Peplink Certified Sales Specialist (PCSS) programmes. These programmes are designed to solidate knowledge of technical and marketing aspects of the Group's products and technological advancement among employees and channel partners. Within the Group, all employees engaged in engineering roles and sales and marketing roles are required to be certified with the PCE and PCSS respectively. Employees will continue to receive regular updates and training about the Group's latest technologies even after their passage of the programmes.

### **Training Statistics of Hong Kong Employees**

### 設立優秀團隊(續)

#### 發展及培訓(續)

由於科技行業的性質,所有僱員必須定期 了解本集團產品和技術的最新發展。本 集團提供在職培訓以及Peplink認證工程 師(PCE)和Peplink認證銷售專家(PCSS)課 程。此等課程旨在鞏固僱員和渠道合作夥 伴在技術和營銷方面對本集團產品和技術 發展的知識。在本集團內部,所有從事工 程和銷售及營銷工作的僱員均須分別獲得 PCE認證及PCSS認證。即使通過了認證 測試,僱員還會繼續定期接收有關本集 團最新技術的新資訊和培訓。

### 香港僱員培訓數據

Employees receiving training	接受培訓僱員	Percentage of employees trained 受訓僱員百分比	Average training hours 平均培訓時數
By Gender Male Female	<b>按性別</b> 男性 女性	71% 85%	7.7 15.6
By Employment Category Management Staff	<b>按僱員類別</b> 管理層 員工	65% 78%	10.8 10.6

# **COMMITMENT TO SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS**

The Group is committed to maintaining a mutually beneficial good relationship with our customers and suppliers. To live up to this commitment, we strive to improve every aspect of our operations to create greater values for supply chain partners and customers.

#### **Supply Chain Management**

Sustainable supply chain is key to our continuous business development and operations. We focus on stability in the supply of materials and manage our supply chain in a socially and environmentally responsible manner. Our major suppliers include contract manufacturers and raw material suppliers. We interact with our contract manufacturers and raw material suppliers on a regular basis to communicate changes in demand and obtain supply chain intelligence. Regular meetings and performance evaluation are conducted to ensure local compliance, quality requirements and our corporate social responsibility requirements are met.

# 對供應商及客戶的承擔

本集團致力與我們的客戶及供應商維持互 惠良好關係。為履行此承諾,我們努力改 善各方面的營運,為供應鏈夥伴及客戶創 **造更高的價值。** 

#### 供應鏈管理

可持續供應鏈是我們持續業務發展和營 運的關鍵。我們注重原料供應的穩定性, 並以對社會和環境負責的方式管理我們 的供應鏈。我們的主要供應商包括合約製 造商及原料供應商。我們定期與合約製造 商和原材料供應商互動,以溝通需求變化 並獲取供應鏈情報。我們定期舉行會議 並評估表現,以確保合乎當地法規、質量 要求和我們的企業社會責任要求。

# COMMITMENT TO SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS (Continued)

#### Supply Chain Management (Continued)

In order to evaluate the performance of potential contract manufacturers, we visit their respective manufacturing facilities to assure the production scale and manufacturing capabilities. We also consider the ISO 14001 Environmental Management System and ISO 9001 Quality Management System Certification accreditations as a primary factor. Before entering into cooperation with the contract manufacturers, we order product samples to ensure the quality meets our requirements. Such practice is being implemented to all contract manufacturers. After initial engagement, our quality assurance team continuously evaluates and monitors the performance of the Group's contract manufacturers under the supervision of the management.

In order to evaluate the performance of potential raw material suppliers, we request from the potential suppliers samples of the raw materials and development kits correspond to the raw materials and perform quality control tests on the samples to prevent the use of unqualified materials and to ensure its quality. Such practice is being implemented to all raw material suppliers. A balanced judgement is made after considering the suppliers' reputation, performance, test result, environmental and social factors. After supplier selection, our quality assurance team continuously evaluates and monitors the performance of the Group's raw material suppliers under the supervision of the management. We also take the green purchasing principle into consideration. The usage of material is constantly evaluated to avoid overstocking and squandering resources.

#### Number of Suppliers by Geographical Region

### 對供應商及客戶的承擔(續)

#### 供應鏈管理(續)

為評估潛在合約製造商之表現, 我們會到 訪各個生產設施,以確保生產規模及製造 能力。我們亦把ISO 14001環境管理體系 及ISO 9001質量管理體系認證作為考量的 主要因素。在與合約製造商進行合作前, 我們會下訂產品之樣品以確保質量符合我 們的要求。這種做法正在對所有合約製造 商實施。首次合作後,我們的品質控制團 隊在管理團隊的監督下持續評估和監控 本集團的合約製造商的表現。

為評估潛在原材料供應商的表現,我們向 潛在供應商索取與原材料相對應之原材料 樣品及開發套件,並對樣品進行質量控制 測試,以防止使用不合格材料並確保其質 量。這種做法正在對所有原材料供應商實 施。在考慮供應商之聲譽、表現、測試結 果、環境及社會因素後,我們會作出平衡 的判斷。篩選供應商後,我們的品質控制 團隊在管理團隊的監督下持續評估和監 控本集團的原材料供應商的表現。我們亦 會將綠色採購原則納入考量。我們會不斷 評估物料的使用情況,以避免庫存過剩及 浪費資源。

#### 按地區劃分的供應商數目

		Number 數目
Taiwan	台灣	64
Taiwan Others	其他	34
Total	總計	98

# COMMITMENT TO SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS (Continued)

#### **Customer Focus**

With the aim to assure the product safety and provide the best quality products and services that meet and exceed our customers' expectations, stringent systematic quality controls and assurance processes are executed at every production stage, from procurement of components to the post-sale software improvement.

With customers from Hong Kong and other parts of the world, we strictly comply with the applicable regulations and laws related to product health and safety, advertising and labelling in the designated location, such as the Consumer Goods Safety Ordinance, Sale of Goods Ordinance and Trade Marks Ordinance in Hong Kong and the Food and Drug Administration's Regulations and Federal Communication Regulations in the U.S. and the Communications and Multimedia (Technical Standards) Regulations 2000 in Malaysia. Prior to mass production of our products, we develop sample prototypes and perform quality control tests and functional tests to ensure that the target specifications are met and the products comply with the standards or regulations relating to product health and safety. The golden sample which has passed the specified reliability test and regulation compliance test would be transferred to our contract manufacturers for mass production.

Concerning our product safety obligations, the suppliers responsible for the safety concerned parts are required to be certified with international safety approval. With product specifications, the test cases are developed for the Group and the contract manufacturers to test the hardware and software of our products. This is to ensure the final hardware products and software version conform to the product specifications. While our contract manufacturers test each product and component manufactured, our quality assurance team also performs tests for final products at random before shipping to customers.

In order to strengthen customer communications, an online system is established to collect customer opinion, and thereby, improve customer satisfaction. Meanwhile, our customers can avail themselves of various channels to file a complaint regarding our products and services. Our customer and technical support teams would investigate customer complaints and map out solutions to cater for customer demands.

### 對供應商及客戶的承擔(續)

#### 以客為先

為保證產品的安全性並提供能滿足且超 越客戶期望之最佳產品及服務,我們從零 件採購至售後軟件改進之每個生產階段均 執行嚴格的系統性質量控制及保證流程。

我們與香港及全球其他地區客戶一道,嚴 格遵守指定地點之有關產品健康及安全、 廣告及標籤之適用規例及法律(如香港《消 費品安全條例》、《貨品售賣條例》及《商標 條例》、美國《食品及藥物管理局規定》及 《美國聯邦通訊委員會法規及聯邦通訊委 員會之條例》以及馬來西亞2000年《通訊與 多媒體(技術標準)規定》。在大規模生產 我們的產品前,我們會開發樣品原型,並 進行質量控制測試及功能測試,以確保符 合目標規格且產品符合有關產品健康及安 全之標準或規例。已通過指定的可靠性測 試及符合規例測試的標準樣品將被轉移 至我們的合約製造商批量生產。

有關我們的產品安全責任,我們要求負責 處理具有安全考量的部分之供應商獲得 國際安全認證。我們結合產品規格,為本 集團及合約製造商開發測試樣品,以測試 軟硬件產品。此舉旨在確保最終的硬件產 品和軟件版本符合產品規格。在我們的合 約製造商對每件產品及組件進行測試的 同時,我們的品質控制團隊亦會在最終產 品交付予客戶前隨機進行測試。

為加強與客戶溝通,我們已設立網上系統 收集客戶意見,從而提升客戶滿意度。同 時,我們的客戶可以利用各種渠道就我們 的產品及服務提出投訴。我們的客戶和技 術支援團隊將調查客戶投訴,以制訂滿足 客戶需求的解決方案。

# COMMITMENT TO SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS (Continued)

#### Customer Focus (Continued)

For individual defective products, customers are allowed to return for repair and replacement within warranty period. We strive to provide accurate information on our marketing material and forbid any false, misleading or inaccurate statement in any form of our marketing activities. We have numerous moderators who moderate and review reported problems in forum postings and assess the accuracy of advice provided by members of our online community platform. The Group will initiate a recall procedure for a particular batch of products if any serious defects that could cause harm to customers or produce legal issues for the Group are detected, given other alternatives to rectify the defect are exhausted. Such recall procedure involves risk assessment and issue recall communication (to all distributors, resellers and other customers). The Group will prepare and implement a recall action plan necessary for the particular product. During the year, there were no product recalls due to safety and health reasons, nor had the Group received any complaints from customers that had any material adverse impact on the Group's brands, businesses and results of operations.

#### **Data Confidentiality**

We are fully aware of the importance of our duty in maintaining the confidentiality of data from customers and business partners under laws and regulations, such as the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance The Group spared no effort to protect the customer data.

To safeguard the confidentiality of customer data, every new employee is required to enter into an employment contract which strictly forbids the disclosure of confidential or proprietary information outside the Group, either during or after employment, without the Group's authorisation. Access to confidential information or documents is restricted and granted on a need-to-know basis.

At the software level, our developers ensure that the privacy and personal data being collected, stored and transmitted by our products are safeguarded. Our SD-WAN routers are supported by our proprietary SpeedFusion technology, which provides secured connections by using encryption to transmit confidential data in a public WAN connection. If our customers have different branch offices, our Balance series routers can keep the confidential information transmitted securely across the public internet. Our technology ensures a highly secured system to protect customers' privacy. Besides security measures, we respect the choice of our customers on the use of their information, if they do not want us to use their information for marketing purposes. As at 31 December 2023, we were not aware of any data breach relating to the confidentiality provision by our employees.

### 對供應商及客戶的承擔(續)

#### 以客為先(續)

對於個別有缺陷的產品,客戶可在保養期 內退還產品以作維修及替換。我們致力於 宣傳物品上提供準確資料,並禁止於僱員 在任何形式的營銷活動中作出任何虚假、 誤導或不準確的陳述。我們有許多版主協 調及檢視線上論壇提出問題的帖文,並評 估論壇成員所提供建議的準確性。倘發 現任何可能對客戶造成損害或給本集團 帶來法律問題的嚴重缺陷,於用盡其他缺 陷糾正方法後,本集團將針對特定批次產 品啟動召回程序。該召回程序涉及風險評 估和向所有分銷商、經銷商和其他客戶發 出召回信息。本集團將針對特定產品制訂 並實施必要的召回行動計劃。本年度沒有 因安全及健康因素導致的產品召回,本集 團亦無收到任何對本集團品牌、業務及經 營業績造成重大不利影響的客戶投訴。

#### 資料保密

我們深知我們根據《個人資料(私隱)條例》 等法例及規例為我們客戶及商業夥伴維護 資料保密責任之重要性。本集團不遺餘力 地保護客戶資料。

為保護客戶的機密資料,每位新僱員均須 簽訂僱傭合約。合約訂明,僱員不得在未 經本集團授權的情況下,於受僱期間或離 職後對外透露本集團的機密或專有資料。 取用機密資料或文檔會受到限制並只按 需授予權限。

在軟件層面,我們的開發人員確保我們的 產品所收集、儲存及傳輸之私隱及個人資 料受到保障。我們的SD-WAN路由器由我 們專有的SpeedFusion技術提供支援。該技 術在使用公共廣域網連接情況下, 通過加 密技術傳輸機密數據,提供安全的連接。 倘我們客戶設有不同分支,我們Balance系 列的路由器可以讓機密資料安全地於公共 互聯網上傳輸。我們的科技確保一個高度 安全的系統以保護客戶私隱。除了安全措 施外,倘客戶不希望我們將他們的資料用 作營銷用途,我們會尊重客戶對資料使用 之選擇。截止2023年12月31日,我們並無 獲悉有任何僱員違反保密條款之情況。

# COMMITMENT TO SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS (Continued)

#### Data Confidentiality (Continued)

In addition, confidential information shared with our suppliers, contract manufacturers, distributors, resellers and other customers are protected by confidentiality agreements. If anyone violates the terms of using our confidential information, we reserve the right to take necessary legal action and terminate the agreement.

#### **Intellectual Property Right**

As an innovation-driven company with continuous development in our proprietary technologies, we are devoted to protecting our own intellectual property rights. Our patent team works closely alongside our research and development team to develop and maintain our patent portfolio, and conducts regular research and monitoring to protect our intellectual properties against infringement. Intellectual property rights associated with the technological achievements developed by our employees during the course of their employment belong to the Group. Over the years, we successfully obtained numerous patents in various countries around the world.

The Group's Code of Conduct provides detailed explanations on how business units can legally and compliantly use the intellectual property rights of other enterprises and individuals. Our confidentiality agreements protect us from any infringement of our intellectual property rights that we share with our suppliers, contract manufacturers, distributors, resellers, other customers and contract workers.

#### **Anti-corruption**

The Group is committed to observing and upholding high standards of business integrity, honesty, fairness, impartiality and transparency in all its business dealings at all times. The Group recognises that fraud or bribery damages a company's reputation and undermines its relationship with its regulator and its clients, business partners and competitors. The Group therefore strictly prohibits any form of fraud or bribery, and requires strict compliance with all laws and regulations relating to fraud or bribery. To this end, the Group has established mechanisms under its Anti-corruption Policy and Whistleblowing Policy to facilitate the prevention, deterrence, detection, reporting and investigation of fraud, bribery or other improprieties. Under the Whistleblowing Policy, our employees are encouraged to report any suspected impropriety, misconduct or malpractice through our confidential reporting mechanism.

The Board is accountable for the implementation of the Group's anti-corruption efforts and Whistleblowing Policy. These policies are reviewed by the Board from time to time and revisions may be commissioned to ensure that they will meet the up-to-date standards.

### 對供應商及客戶的承擔(續)

#### 資料保密(續)

此外,與我們的供應商、合約製造商、分 銷商、經銷商及其他客戶共享之機密資料 均受保密協議之保護。倘任何人士違反了 使用我們的機密信息的條款,我們保留採 取必要的法律行動和終止協議的權利。

#### 知識產權

作為一家創新驅動型公司,我們在專有技 術方面不斷發展, 並致力於保護我們自家 的知識產權。我們的專利團隊與我們的研 發團隊緊密合作,開發和維護我們的專利 組合,並定期進行研究調查和監測以確保 我們的知識產權不受到侵犯。我們的僱員 於受僱於本集團期間所開發技術成果相關 知識產權均由本集團所有。多年來,我們 已成功地在世界各國取得多項申請專利。

本集團的《行為守則》對業務單位如何合 法、合規地使用其他企業和個人的知識 產權進行了詳細説明。我們的保密協議亦 保護了我們與供應商、合約製造商、分銷 商、經銷商、其他客戶和合約僱員共享的 知識產權,使它們免受任何侵犯。

#### 反貪腐

本集團致力於在其所有業務交易中恪守及 奉行高標準的商業誠信、誠實、公平、公 正及透明度。本集團明白欺詐或賄賂行為 會損害一家公司的聲譽並破壞其與監管機 構、客戶、合作夥伴及競爭對手的關係。 因此本集團嚴禁任何形式的欺詐或賄賂 行為,並要求嚴格遵守所有與欺詐或賄賂 有關的法律及法規。為此,本集團已根據 其《反貪腐政策》和《揭弊政策》建立機制, 以促進防止、阻嚇、偵測、舉報及調查欺 詐、賄賂或其他不當行為。根據《揭弊政 策》,我們鼓勵僱員通過我們的保密舉報 機制舉報任何疑似不良、失當或瀆職行 為。

董事會負責集團的反貪腐工作和揭弊政策 的實施。董事會會不時檢討這些政策,並 可能會就修訂作出指示,以確保它們符合 最新標準。

# COMMITMENT TO SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS (Continued)

#### Anti-corruption (Continued)

Apart from the above, the Directors also attend training about compliance of various rules and regulations, including anticorruption, every year. Training is also provided to employees from time to time. As new employees sign their employment contracts with the Group, they are asked to acknowledge and comply with the Code of Conduct of the Group and rules and regulations including the Anti-corruption Policy.

We keep a close tab on various expenses to deter corruption and malpractice. Prior to the commencement of business relations with suppliers and business partners, we conduct assessment on their qualification, reputation and financial strength to guard ourselves against the involvement of money-laundering activities or corruptive practices. As at 31 December 2023, the Group did not receive any complaint or report of non-compliance, nor any case of corruption or bribery committed by our employees.

#### **Community Investment**

Apart from our pursuit of business development, the Group spared no efforts in making commitment to the local community and our industry. During the year, we donated routers to the Health Ministry of Guyana to support their telemedicine program in rural communities. In order to nourish an innovative environment and stay ahead of the latest trends and developments in the industry, an online community forum is established for everyone to seek information and share knowledge about our industry. Any person may obtain free membership of our online community forum. In addition to the online community forum, our distributors are invited to attend exhibitions and events in order to share our industry knowledge. As an enterprise with strong social conscience, we will continue to step up our philanthropic effort and drive employee involvement in serving the community and constructing an innovative society.

### 對供應商及客戶的承擔(續)

#### 反貪腐(續)

除上述外,董事每年也參加有關遵守各 種規章制度的培訓,當中包括反貪腐的內 容。集團也不時為僱員提供培訓。在新僱 員與集團簽訂僱傭合同時,他們會確認他 們知悉並會遵守集團的《行為守則》以及包 括《反貪腐政策》在內的等等規定。

我們嚴格監測各種開支,以遏止貪腐和瀆 職行為。在與供應商和業務夥伴建立業 務關係之前,我們會對其資格、聲譽和財 務實力進行評估,以防止被牽涉於任何洗 黑錢活動或貪腐行為。截至2023年12月31 日,本集團未接獲任何違規投訴或舉報, 也未接獲任何針對僱員而作出的貪腐或賄 **赂投訴或舉報。** 

#### 社區投資

除了追求業務發展外,本集團不遺餘力地 貢獻本地社區及本行業。年內,我們向圭 亞那衛生部捐贈了路由器以支持他們位於 鄉村社區的遠程醫療項目。為營造一個創 新的環境並於行業中的最新趨勢及發展保 持領先,我們已設立一個線上社區論壇, 使每個人都能就我們行業索取資訊及知 識。任何人均可以免費成為我們線上社區 論壇的會員。除了線上社區論壇外,我們 的分銷商亦受邀參加展覽會及活動以分享 我們的行業知識。作為具有社會良知的企 業,我們將繼續加大慈善方面的努力並推 動員工服務社區及建設創新型社會之參 與。

# **Independent Auditor's Report** 獨立核數師報告



To the shareholders of Plover Bay Technologies Limited (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Plover Bay Technologies Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 78 to 175, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key audit matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

#### 致珩灣科技有限公司全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

我們已審核載於第78至175頁珩灣科技有限 公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統 稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財 務報表包括於2023年12月31日的綜合財務 狀況表,及截至該日止年度的綜合損益及 其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜 合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註, 包括重大會計政策資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香 港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的 香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」) 真實而公允地反映 貴集團於2023年12月 31日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度 的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵 照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港 審計準則》(「《香港審計準則》|)進行審計。 我們就該等準則承擔的責任在本報告「核 數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部 分中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公 會的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守 則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守 則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我 們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為 我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,對 本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事 項。此等事項是在我們審計整體綜合財 務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不 會對此等事項提供單獨的意見。就以下各 事項而言,我們的審計如何處理該事項的 描述已在各事項中説明。

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### Kev audit matters (Continued)

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

#### 關鍵審計事項(續)

我們已履行本報告「核數師就審計綜合財 務報表承擔的責任」一節所描述的責任, 包括與此等事項相關的責任。因此,我們 的審計包括程序的效能,該等程序以回應 我們對綜合財務報表的重大錯誤陳述風 險的評估而設計。審計程序的結果,包 括為應對以下事項進行的程序,均為我們 就隨附綜合財務報表的審計意見提供基

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

#### Revenue from contracts with customers containing multiple performance obligations 客戶合約收入(包含多項履約責任)

During the year, the Group entered into certain contracts with customers to sell its software-defined wide area network routers and related services containing multiple performance obligations. For these revenue contracts, significant management judgements and estimates are required to determine the appropriate accounting, including the allocation of transaction prices among performance obligations in the arrangements, especially for products and services that were not sold separately. 貴集團已與客戶訂立若干合約銷售其包 於本年度, 含多項履約責任的軟件定義廣域網路由器及相關服 務。就該等收入合約而言,需要重大管理層判斷及估 計以釐定適當的會計處理,包括在有關安排的履約 責任中分配交易價格,尤其是並非單獨出售的產品及 服務。

Our principal audit procedures relating to the Group's revenue recognition for these revenue contracts included, among others, the following:

貴集團該等收入合約的收入確認採取的主要 審計程序包括(其中包括)以下各項:

- we obtained an understanding of and assessed the Group's relevant processes and key controls, as appropriate, over the Group's revenue recognition, including controls related to evaluating the appropriate accounting for contracts containing multiple performance obligations and the allocation of transactions prices to performance obligations; and
- 我們了解並評估 貴集團在收入確認方面的相 關流程及主要控制措施(如適當),包括就包含多 項履約責任的合約評估適當會計處理和分配交 易價格至履約責任的相關控制措施;及
- we examined a sample of relevant contracts entered into during the year and evaluated management's judgements related to the method of allocating the transaction prices to the performance obligations in the arrangements, as well as the appropriateness of the amounts of revenue recognised.
- 我們檢視本年度訂立的相關合約的樣本,並評 估管理層就將交易價格分配至安排履約責任的 方法及所確認收入金額的適當性所作判斷。

#### Key audit matters (Continued)

## 關鍵審計事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

#### Revenue from contracts with customers containing multiple performance obligations 客戶合約收入(包含多項履約責任)

For those contracts containing multiple promised goods and services and when the stand-alone selling price of one or more the promised goods or services is not directly observable, the Group may use the residual approach to estimate the stand-alone selling price of a promised good or service, if it determines certain requirements are met. Under this approach, the Group may estimate the stand-alone selling price by reference to the total transaction price less the sum of the observable stand-alone selling prices of other goods or services promised in the contract.

就包含多項承諾貨品及服務的該等合約而言,當一 項或多項承諾貨品或服務的單獨售價不可直接觀察 時, 貴集團或會在確定符合若干要求的情況下使用 剩餘法估計一項承諾貨品或服務的單獨售價。根據該 方法, 貴集團可能通過參考總交易價格減合約中承 諾的其他貨品或服務的可觀察單獨售價金額,估計單 獨售價。

The assessment of management's evaluation of the appropriate accounting for such revenue contracts is significant to our audit because the total amount is material to the consolidated financial statements and the assessment involves significant judgements.

對管理層評估此類收入合約的適當會計處理的評估對 我們的審計十分重要,因為有關總額對綜合財務報表 十分重大,並且評估涉及重大判斷。

The related disclosures about significant accounting judgements and estimates are included in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

重大會計判斷及估計的相關披露載於綜合財務報表附 註3。

# Independent Auditor's Report

## 獨立核數師報告

#### Other information included in the Annual Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements. our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 包括在年報中的其他資料

貴公司董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料 包括年報中的資料,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們就此發出的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他資料,我們亦不對其他資料發表任何形 式的鑒證結論。

在我們審計綜合財務報表時,我們的責 任是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其 他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審 計過程中所了解的情況有重大牴觸,或者 似乎有重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已執行的 工作,如果我們認為其他資料有重大錯誤 陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面, 我們沒有任何報告。

## 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司 條例》的披露要求擬備真實而中肯的綜合 財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報 表擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負 責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適 用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以 及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公 司董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營, 或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行監 貴集團財務報告過程的責任。

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 青仟

我們的目標,是對整體綜合財務報表是否 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重大 錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們 意見的核數師報告。我們僅向 閣下(作 為整體)出具報告,除此之外別無其他目 的。我們不會就本報告之內容向任何其他 人士承擔或接受責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按 《香港審計準則》進行的審計在某一重大錯 誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由 欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預計它們個別 或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用 者所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述 可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程 中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷 疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的 風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對 這些風險,以及取得充足和適當的審 計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於 欺詐可涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、 虚假陳述,或淩駕於內部控制之上, 因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大 錯誤陳述的風險較因錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述的風險為高。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。

# Independent Auditor's Report

# 獨立核數師報告

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 青仟(續)

- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性 及作出會計估計和相關披露資料的 合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰 當性作出結論。根據所得的審計憑 證,決定是否存在與事件或情況有 關的重大不確定性,而可能對 貴集 團持續經營的能力構成重大疑慮。如 果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有 必要在核數師報告中提醒使用者對 綜合財務報表中的相關披露資料的 關注。倘有關披露不足,則我們應當 發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基 於截至核數師報告日止所取得的審 計憑證。然而,未來事件或情況可能 導致 貴集團不能繼續持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露資料,以及 綜合財務報表是否公允反映相關交 易和事項。
- 就 貴集團中實體或業務活動的財務 資料獲取充分、適當的審計證據, 以對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們 負責指導、監督和執行集團審計。我 們對審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通了計劃的審計範 圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等事項,包 括我們在審計期間識別出內部控制的任何 重大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明, 説明我們 已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與他們溝通所有合理地被認為會影響我 們獨立性的關係和其他事項,以及為消除 威脅而採取的行動或相關的防範措施(如 適用)。

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Yat Fai, Peter.

**Ernst & Young** Certified Public Accountants 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

29 February 2024

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 青仟(續)

從審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們決定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為 重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們會在 核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律 法規不允許對某件事項作出公開披露或 在極端罕見的情況下,若有合理預期在我 們報告中溝通某事項而造成的負面後果 將會超過其產生的公眾利益, 我們將不會 在此等情況下在報告中溝通該事項。

本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是陳 日輝。

#### 安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓

2024年2月29日

# **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income** 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes	2023 2023年 US\$'000	2022 2022年 US\$'000
		附註	千美元	千美元
REVENUE Cost of sales and services	<b>收入</b> 銷售及服務成本	5	94,259 (43,346)	86,757 (40,250)
Cost of sales and services	明 · D · X · M · M · M · M · M · M · M · M · M		(43,340)	(40,230)
Gross profit	毛利		50,913	46,507
Other income and gains, net	其他收益及利益,淨值	5	1,362	183
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(3,544)	(3,100)
General and administrative expenses	一般及行政開支		(7,021)	(8,173)
Research and development, consultancy and	研發、諮詢及其他開支			
other expenses			(8,411)	(8,792)
Finance costs	財務成本	7	(349)	(244)
DROCKE BEFORE TAY	投票法司		22.070	26.221
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	<b>税前溢利</b> 所得税開支	6	32,950	26,381
Income tax expense	別	10	(4,851)	(3,722)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	母公司擁有人應佔			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF	年內溢利			
THE PARENT	1 1 3 7200 13		28,099	22,659
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/ (LOSS)	其他全面收益/(虧損)			
Other comprehensive income/(loss) that	其後可能重新分類為			
may be reclassified to profit or loss in	損益的其他全面			
subsequent periods:	收益/(虧損):			
Exchange differences on translation of	换算國外業務產生的			
foreign operations	匯 兑 差 額		127	(141)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO	母公司擁有人應佔年內 ) 全面收益總額			
OWNERS OF THE PARENT			28,226	22,518
			2023	2022
			2023年	2022年
			US cents	US cents
			美仙	美仙
EARNINGS PER SHARE	母公司普通權益持有人			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY	度佔每股盈利 應佔每股盈利			
EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT		12		
Basic	基本		2.56	2.07
		1		
Diluted	攤薄		2.55	2.06

# **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position** 綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日

NON-CURRENT ASSETS         非流動資產           Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets         物業、廠房及設備         13         4,518           Intangible assets         無形資產         15         2,061           Prepayments and deposits         預付款項及按金         18         419           Deferred tax assets         應廷稅項資產         23         108           Total non-current assets         非流動資產         7,106           CURRENT ASSETS         流動資產         16         16,938           Inventories         存貨         16         16,938           Trade receivables         貿易應收款項         17         17,419           Prepayments, deposits and other receivables         其他應收款項         18         4,966           Tax recoverable         可收回稅項         49         2,052           Cash and cash equivalents         現金及現金等價物         19         2,052           Cash and cash equivalents         源動資產總額         78,169           CURRENT LIABILITIES         流動負債         14         1,489           Trade payables, other payables and accruals         應付款項及應計新項         20         4,686           Lease liabilities         合約負債         21         17,638           Interest-bearing bank	202320222023年2022年NotesUS\$'000US\$'000附註千美元千美元			
Property, plant and equipment       物業、廠房及設備       13       4,518         Intangible assets       無形資產       15       2,061         Prepayments and deposits       預付款項及按金       18       419         Deferred tax assets       遞延稅項資產       23       108         Total non-current assets       非流動資產總額       7,106         CURRENT ASSETS         Inventories       存貨       16       16,938         Trade receivables       貿易應收款項       17       17,419         Prepayments, deposits and other receivables       其他應收款項       18       4,966         Tax recoverable       可收回稅項       49       19       2,052         Cash and cash equivalents       現金及現金等價物       19       36,745         Total current assets       流動資產總額       78,169         CURRENT LIABILITIES         Trade payables, other payables and accruals       應付款項、其他         Lease liabilities       租賃負債       14       1,489         Contract liabilities       合約負債       21       17,638         Interest-bearing bank borrowings       計息銀行借款       22       1,177         Tax payable       應付稅款       2,252         Total current liabilities <td></td> <td>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</td> <td></td> <td></td>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Intangible assets				
Prepayments and deposits       預付款項及按金       18       419         Deferred tax assets       遞延稅項資產       23       108         Total non-current assets       非流動資產總額       7,106         CURRENT ASSETS       流動資產         Inventories       存貨       16       16,938         Trade receivables       貿易應收款項       17       17,419         Prepayments, deposits and other receivables       其他應收款項       18       4,966         Tax recoverable       可收回稅項       49         Pledged deposit       已抵押存款       19       2,052         Cash and cash equivalents       現金及現金等價物       19       36,745         Total current assets       流動資產總額       78,169         CURRENT LIABILITIES       流動負債       20       4,686         Lease liabilities       租賃負債       14       1,489         Contract liabilities       白約負債       21       17,638         Interest-bearing bank borrowings       計息銀行借款       22       1,177         Tax payable       應付稅款       2,252         Total current liabilities       流動負債總額       27,242         NET CURRENT ASSETS       流動資產       源值       50,927 <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	,			
Deferred tax assets         遞延税項資產         23         108           Total non-current assets         非流動資產總額         7,106           CURRENT ASSETS         流動資產         7,106           Inventories         存貨         16         16,938           Trade receivables         貿易應收款項         17         17,419           Prepayments, deposits and other receivables         其他應收款項         18         4,966           Tax recoverable         可收回稅項         49         49         19         2,052           Cash and cash equivalents         現金及現金等價物         19         36,745           Total current assets         流動資產總額         78,169           CURRENT LIABILITIES         流動資產總額         78,169           CURRENT LIABILITIES         流動負債         20         4,686           Lease liabilities         租賃負債         14         1,489           Contract liabilities         租賃負債         21         17,638           Interest-bearing bank borrowings         計息銀行借款         22         1,177           Tax payable         流動負債總額         27,242           NET CURRENT ASSETS         流動資產鄉值         50,927	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			<u> </u>
Total non-current assets         非流動資產總額         7,106           CURRENT ASSETS         流動資產         16         16,938           Trade receivables         貿易應收款項         17         17,419           Prepayments, deposits and other receivables         其他應收款項         18         4,966           Tax recoverable         可收回稅項         49           Pledged deposit         已抵押存款         19         2,052           Cash and cash equivalents         現金及現金等價物         19         36,745           Total current assets         流動資產總額         78,169           CURRENT LIABILITIES         流動資產總額         78,169           Current liabilities         組賃負債         14         1,489           Contract liabilities         租賃負債         14         1,489           Contract liabilities         合約負債         21         17,638           Interest-bearing bank borrowings         計息銀行借款         22         1,177           Tax payable         應付税款         2,252           Total current liabilities         流動負債總額         27,242           NET CURRENT ASSETS         流動資產鄉值         50,927				
CURRENT ASSETS       流動資產         Inventories       存貨       16       16,938         Trade receivables       貿易應收款項       17       17,419         Prepayments, deposits and other receivables       其他應收款項       18       4,966         Tax recoverable       可收回稅項       49         Pledged deposit       已抵押存款       19       2,052         Cash and cash equivalents       現金及現金等價物       19       36,745         Total current assets       流動資產總額       78,169         CURRENT LIABILITIES         Trade payables, other payables and accruals       應付款項及應計款項       20       4,686         Lease liabilities       租賃負債       14       1,489         Contract liabilities       台負債       21       17,638         Interest-bearing bank borrowings       計息銀行借款       22       1,177         Tax payable       應付税款       22       1,177         Tax payable       流動負債總額       27,242         NET CURRENT ASSETS       流動資產淨值       50,927	遞延稅項資產 23 108 111	23		Deferred tax assets
Trade receivables	非流動資產總額 7,106 5,494		非流動資產總額	Total non-current assets
Trade receivables	流動資產		流動資產	CURRENT ASSETS
Trade receivables		16		
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables 其他應收款項 18 4,966 Tax recoverable 可收回税項 49 Pledged deposit 已抵押存款 19 2,052 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 19 36,745  Total current assets 流動資產總額 78,169  CURRENT LIABILITIES 流動負債 20 4,686 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 14 1,489 Contract liabilities 合約負債 21 17,638 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 22 1,177 Tax payable 應付税款 2,252  Total current liabilities 流動負債總額 27,242  NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值 50,927				
other receivables				
Tax recoverable Pledged deposit 已抵押存款 19 2,052 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 19 36,745  Total current assets 流動資產總額  CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade payables, other payables and accruals Lease liabilities Lease liabilities 和賃負債 14 1,489 Contract liabilities 合約負債 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 定列數對例 20 4,686 Alf負債 21 17,638 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 定列數對例 22 1,177 Tax payable  Total current liabilities 流動負債總額  27,242  NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值  50,927		18		* *
Pledged deposit Cash and cash equivalents  Description  Description	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Total current assets		19		
CURRENT LIABILITIESTrade payables, other payables and accruals貿易應付款項、其他 應付款項及應計款項Lease liabilities租賃負債141,489Contract liabilities合約負債2117,638Interest-bearing bank borrowings計息銀行借款221,177Tax payable應付税款2,252Total current liabilities流動負債總額27,242NET CURRENT ASSETS流動資產淨值50,927		19		
Trade payables, other payables and accruals 應付款項及應計款項 20 4,686 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 14 1,489 Contract liabilities 合約負債 21 17,638 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 22 1,177 Tax payable 應付稅款 22 1,177 Tax payable 應付稅款 27,242  NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值 50,927	流動資產總額 <b>78,169</b> 77,796		流動資產總額	Total current assets
Trade payables, other payables and accruals 應付款項及應計款項 20 4,686 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 14 1,489 Contract liabilities 合約負債 21 17,638 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 22 1,177 Tax payable 應付稅款 22 1,177 Tax payable 應付稅款 27,242  NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值 50,927	流動自信		流動負債	CURRENT LIABILITIES
accruals 應付款項及應計款項 20 4,686 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 14 1,489 Contract liabilities 合約負債 21 17,638 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 22 1,177 Tax payable 應付税款 22 1,177 Tax payable 應付税款 27,242  NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值 50,927				
Lease liabilities租賃負債141,489Contract liabilities合約負債2117,638Interest-bearing bank borrowings計息銀行借款221,177Tax payable應付税款2,252Total current liabilities流動負債總額27,242NET CURRENT ASSETS流動資產淨值50,927		2.0		2 7
Contract liabilities	,	14		Lease liabilities
Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 22 1,177 Tax payable 應付税款 2,252  Total current liabilities 流動負債總額 27,242  NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值 50,927	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	21		Contract liabilities
Tax payable       應付税款       2,252         Total current liabilities       流動負債總額       27,242         NET CURRENT ASSETS       流動資產淨值       50,927		22		Interest-bearing bank borrowings
NET CURRENT ASSETS 流動資產淨值 50,927				
·	流動負債總額 27,242 35,233		流動負債總額	Total current liabilities
	流動資產淨值 50,927 42,563		流動資產淨值	NET CURRENT ASSETS
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT 資產總額減流動負債 LIABILITIES 58,033			資產總額減流動負債	

# Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日

			2023	2022
		Notes 附註	2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022年 US\$'000 千美元
MON CUDDENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	1,808	673
Contract liabilities	合約負債	21	5,623	3,745
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	23	378	348
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		7,809	4,766
Net assets	資產淨值		50,224	43,291
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	24	1,418	1,414
Reserves	儲備	26	48,806	41,877
Total equity	權益總額		50,224	43,291

**Chan Wing Hong Alex** 陳永康 Director 董事

Chau Kit Wai 周傑懷 Director 董事

# **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity** 綜合權益變動表

				Attr	ibutable to ow 母公司擁	ners of the pare 有人應佔	nt	
		Notes 附註	Issued capital 已發行 股本 US\$`000 千美元	Share premium account 股份 溢價帳 USS'000 千美元	Share option reserve 購股權 儲備 US\$1000 千美元	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯率波動 儲備 US\$`000 千美元	Retained profits 保留盈利 US\$'000 千美元	Total equity 權益總額 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2022 Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year: Exchange differences on translation of	於2022年1月1日 年內溢利 年內其他全面虧損: 換算國外業務產生的		1,405	22,137	573	(31)	15,999 22,659	40,083 22,659
foreign operations	匯 兑差額					(141)		(141)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year Issue of shares upon exercise of share options Equity-settled share option arrangements Transfer of share option reserve upon the forfeiture	年內全面收益/(虧損)總額 行使購股權後發行股份 以權益結算的購股權安排 購股權被沒收或到期後	24(a) 25	9 	1,449 —	(263) 266	(141) — —	22,659 — —	22,518 1,195 266
or expiry of share options Second interim 2021 dividend 2021 special dividend Interim 2022 dividend	轉讓購股權儲備 2021年第二次中期股息 2021年特別股息 2022年中期股息		- - -	- - -	(62) — — —	- - -	62 (11,513) (989) (8,269)	(11,513) (989) (8,269)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日		1,414	23,586*	514*	(172)*	17,949*	43,291
At 1 January 2023 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year: Exchange differences on translation of	於2023年1月1日 年內溢利 年內其他全面收益: 換算國外業務產生的		1,414 —	23,586	514	(172)	17,949 28,099	43,291 28,099
foreign operations	匯兑差額		_	_	_	127	_	127
Total comprehensive income for the year Issue of shares upon exercise of share options Equity-settled share option arrangements Transfer of share option reserve upon the forfeiture	年內全面收益總額 行使購股權後發行股份 以權益結算的購股權安排 購股權被沒收或到期後	24(b) 25	_ 4 _	605 —	— (106) 253	127 _ _	28,099 — —	28,226 503 253
or expiry of share options Second interim 2022 dividend Interim 2023 dividend	轉讓購股權儲備 2022年第二次中期股息 2023年中期股息		- - -	_ _ _	(146) — —	_ _ _	146 (12,190) (9,859)	(12,190) (9,859)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日		1,418	24,191*	515*	(45)*	24,145*	50,224

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of US\$48,806,000 (2022: US\$41,877,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬目包括綜合財務狀況表中 48,806,000美元(2022年:41,877,000美元)之綜 合儲備。

# **Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows** 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	<b>2022</b> 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	經營活動所得現金流量			
ACTIVITIES	<b>联</b> 崇 深 到		22.050	26 201
Profit before tax	税前溢利 調整項目:		32,950	26,381
Adjustments for:	財務成本	7	240	244
Finance costs  Bank interest income	銀行利息收益	7 5	349 (946)	(104)
Write-down of inventories	撇減存貨至可變現淨值	3	(940)	(104)
to net realisable value		6	498	105
Depreciation	折舊	6	2,156	2,009
Impairment of trade receivables	貿易應收款項減值	6	_	11
Amortisation of intangible assets	攤銷無形資產	6	941	801
Loss on disposal of items	出售物業、廠房及			
of property, plant and equipment	設備項目之虧損	6	_	1
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	6	_	(57)
Equity-settled share option expense	以權益結算的購股權開支	25	253	266
			36,201	29,657
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨減少/(增加)		14,897	(13,816)
Increase in trade receivables	貿易應收款項增加		(5,365)	(401)
Increase in prepayments,	預付款項、按金及		( ) ,	,
deposits and other receivables	其他應收款項增加		(2,485)	(841)
Increase/(decrease) in trade payables,	貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及	支		
other payables and accruals	應計款項增加/(減少)		(2,214)	1,376
Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債增加		4,402	4,358
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金		45,436	20,333
Hong Kong profits tax paid, net	已付香港利得税,淨額		(7,265)	(2,538)
Overseas taxes paid, net	已付境外税項,淨額		(449)	(223)
	<b>应数过程公用用人注目预</b> 益			
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量淨額		37,722	17,572
			,	,
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得現金流量			
Interest received	已收利息		946	104
Purchase of items of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備項目			
equipment	ντ μι <i>lee τι γι</i> γι ⇒		(691)	(765)
Additions to intangible assets	添置無形資產		(1,188)	(1,274)
Disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司		(22)	908
Increase in a pledged deposit	已抵押存款增加		(23)	(25)
Net cash flows used in investing	投資活動所用現金流量淨額			
activities			(956)	(1,052)

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	<b>2022</b> 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得現金流量			
Proceeds from exercise of share options	行使購股權所得款項		503	1,195
Dividends paid	已派付股息		(22,049)	(20,771)
New bank borrowings	新增銀行借款		13,437	21,521
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款		(18,751)	(19,680)
Interest paid	已付利息		(298)	(185)
Principal portion of lease payments	租賃付款之本金部分	27	(1,620)	(1,404)
Interest portion of lease payments	租賃付款之利息部分	27	(51)	(59)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金流量淨額		(28,829)	(19,383)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			7,937	(2,863)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	年初現金及現金等價物		28,658	31,663
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net	71. 世世学爱到影管,伊朗		150	(142)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年末現金及現金等價物		36,745	28,658
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物結餘分析			
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	19	36,745	28,658

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

#### CORPORATE AND GROUP 1. **INFORMATION**

Plover Bay Technologies Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of the registered office of the Company is Third Floor, Century Yard, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 902, Grand Cayman KY1-1103, Cayman Islands. The principal place of business of the Company is located at Unit B, 5/F, Dragon Industrial Building, 93 King Lam Street, Lai Chi Kok, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- designing, development and marketing of softwaredefined wide area network ("SD-WAN") routers; and
- provision of software licences and warranty and support services.

#### Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

## 1. 公司及集團資料

珩灣科技有限公司為於開曼群島註 冊成立的有限責任公司。本公司註冊 辦事處的地址為Third Floor, Century Yard, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 902, Grand Cayman KY1-1103, Cayman Islands。本公司主要營業地點位於香 港九龍荔枝角瓊林街93號龍翔工業 大廈5樓B室。

於本年度,本集團從事下述主要活

- 設計、發展及營銷軟件定義廣 域網([SD-WAN])路由器;及
- 提供軟件許可及保修與支援服 務。

## 附屬公司資料

本公司的主要附屬公司資料如下:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and business 成立與業務地點	Issued ordinary share capital 已發行普通股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔權益百分比		attributable to the Company		Principal activities 主要活動
			2023 2023年	2022 2022年			
Protean Holdings Limited	British Virgin Islands/Hong Kong	US\$1	100	100	Investment holding		
	英屬維爾京 群島/香港	1美元			投資控股		
Pepwave Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Designing, development and marketing of SD-WAN routers and provision of software licences and		
	香港	1港元	100	100	warranty and support services 設計、發展及營銷SD-WAN路由器以及提供軟件許可及保修與支援服務		

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

# 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

# 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and business 成立與業務地點	Issued ordinary share capital 已發行普通股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔權益百分比 2023 2022		Principal activities 主要活動
			2023年	2022年	
Peplink International Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1,000	100	100	Designing, development and marketing of SD-WAN routers and provision of software licences and
	香港	1,000港元	100	100	warranty and support services 設計、發展及營銷SD-WAN路由器以及提供軟件 許可及保修與支援服務
Pismo Labs Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100	100	Development of SD-WAN routers 發展SD-WAN路由器
Peplink Pepwave Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Designing, development and marketing of SD-WAN routers and provision of software licences and warranty and support services
	香港	1港元			設計、發展及營銷SD-WAN路由器以及提供軟件 許可及保修與支援服務
Pismo Labs Technology Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Intellectual property holding
柏思科技有限公司	香港	1港元			持有知識產權
Pismo Research (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	RM350,000	100	100	Development of SD-WAN routers
Suii. Biiu.	馬來西亞	350,000林吉特			發展SD-WAN路由器
Pismo Technology Asia	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100	100	Investment holding
Limited 比碼科技亞洲有限公司	香港	1港元			投資控股
Peplink Pepwave Tech Limited	Taiwan	NT\$1,000,000	100	100	Development of SD-WAN routers
Limited 貝森碼科技有限公司	台灣	1,000,000新台幣			發展SD-WAN路由器

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#### CORPORATE AND GROUP 1. INFORMATION (Continued)

## 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation and business 成立與業務地點	Issued ordinary share capital 已發行普通股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔權益百分比		Principal activities 主要活動
			2023 2023年	2022 2022年	
Peplink Pepwave UAB	Lithuania	EUR2,500	100	100	Designing, development and marketing of SD-WAN routers and provision of software licences and warranty and support services
	立陶宛	2,500歐元			設計、發展及營銷SD-WAN路由器以及提供軟件 許可及保修與支援服務
Pismo Technologies Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	100	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Speedfusion Pte. Limited	Singapore	SG\$1	100	100	Designing, development and marketing of SD-WAN routers and provision of software licences and warranty and support services
	新加坡	1新加坡元			設計、發展及營銷SD-WAN路由器以及提供軟件 許可及保修與支援服務
Peplink Pepwave Pte.	Singapore	SG\$1	100	100	Development of SD-WAN routers
Lillined	新加坡	1新加坡元			發展SD-WAN路由器

Note:

RM — Malaysian ringgits NT\$ - New Taiwan dollars

EUR — Euro

SG\$ — Singapore dollars

Except for Protean Holdings Limited, all of the above subsidiaries are indirectly held by the Company.

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group or are of particular importance to the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

除了Protean Holdings Limited,以上 所有附屬公司均由本公司間接持有。

上表羅列就董事意見而言,對本集 團的年度成果產生重要影響或構成 本集團資產淨額主要部分或對本集 團尤其重要的附屬公司。董事認為, 羅列其他附屬公司的資料將使本資 料內容冗長,故不贅述。

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These financial statements are presented in United States dollars ("US\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

#### **Basis of consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2023. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee:
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and (b)
- the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

## 2. 會計政策

## 2.1 編製基準

此等財務報表乃根據由香港會計師 公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港 財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」) (包括所有香港財務報告準則、香港 會計準則(「香港會計準則1)及詮釋)及 香港公司條例的披露規定編製。其 根據歷史成本法擬備。除非另外說 明,此等財務報表以美元(「美元」)早 列,所有金額進位至最接近的千美 元。

#### 綜合賬目之基準

此等綜合財務報表包括本公司及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至2023年 12月31日止年度的財務報表。附屬公 司指由本公司直接或間接控制的實體 (包括結構實體)。當本集團通過參與 投資對象的相關活動而承擔可變回報 的風險或有權享有可變回報,並且有 能力運用對投資對象的權力(即賦予 本集團現有能力以主導投資對象的 相關活動的既存權利)影響該等回報 時,即取得控制權。

一般情況下,存在多數投票權形成 控制權之推定。倘本公司擁有少於投 資對象過半數的投票或類似權利, 則本集團於評估其是否擁有對投資 對象的權利時會考慮所有相關事實 及情況,包括:

- 與投資對象其他投票持有人的 合約安排;
- 其他合約安排所產生的權利;及
- 本集團的投票權及潛在投票 (c) 權。

附屬公司的財務報表按與本公司相 同的報告期間編製,並採用貫徹一致 的會計政策。附屬公司的業績自本 集團獲得其控制權當日起綜合入賬, 並持續綜合入賬至該控制權終止為 止。

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## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any noncontrolling interest and the exchange fluctuation reserve; and recognises the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.1 編製基準(續)

## 綜合賬目之基準(續)

所有集團內公司與集團成員之間交易 有關的資產及負債、權益、收益、開 支及現金流乃於綜合入賬時對銷。

倘事實及情況指示上述三項控制權 中的一項或多於一項權利出現變動, 本集團將重新評估其是否有對投資 對象的控制權。於附屬公司的擁有 權益出現之變動,在未喪失控制權 的情況下,會作為權益交易入賬。

倘本集團喪失對附屬公司的控制權, 其將不予確認相關資產(包括商譽)、 負債、任何非控股權益及匯率波動 儲備;及確認所保留的任何投資的公 允價值及損益中任何因此產生的盈 餘或虧損。先前於其他全面收益內 確認的本集團應佔部分重新分類到 損益或保留盈利(如適用),即與本集 團直接出售相關資產或負債之基準 相同。

本集團已在本年度財務報表首次應

用以下新訂及經修訂香港財務報告

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following new and revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

> Insurance Contracts 保險合約 Disclosure of Accounting Policies

會計政策的披露

Definition of Accounting Estimates 會計估計的定義 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction 與單一交易產生的資產及負債有關的遞延税項 International Tax Reform — Pillar Two Model Rules 國際税務改革 — 支柱二模板規則

2. 會計政策(續)

準則。

2.2 會計政策及披露變動

**HKFRS** Practice Statement 2 香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告 準則實務報告第2號(修訂本) Amendments to HKAS 8 香港會計準則第8號(修訂本) Amendments to HKAS 12

香港財務報告準則第17號

Amendments to HKAS 1 and

HKFRS 17

香港會計準則第12號(修訂本) Amendments to HKAS 12 香港會計準則第12號(修訂本)

The nature and the impact of the new and revised HKFRSs that are applicable to the Group are described below:

Amendments to HKAS 1 require entities to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements provide non-mandatory guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. The Group has disclosed the material accounting policy information in note 2 to the financial statements. The amendments did not have any impact on the measurement, recognition or presentation of any items in the Group's financial statements.

適用於本集團的新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則的性質及影響載於下 文:

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)要 求實體披露其重大會計政策資 料而非其主要會計政策。倘連 同實體財務報表內其他資料一 併考慮,會計政策資料可以合 理預期會影響通用財務報表的 主要使用者根據該等財務報表 所作出的决定,則該會計政策 資料屬重大。香港財務報告準 則實務報告第2號(修訂本)作出 重大性判斷提供有關如何應用 會計政策披露重大性概念的非 強制性指引。本集團已於財務 報表附註2披露重大會計政策資 料。該修訂本對本集團財務報 表內任何項目的計量、確認或 早列並無任何影響。

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## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

- Amendments to HKAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. Accounting estimates are defined as monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. Since the Group's approach and policy align with the amendments, the amendments had no impact on the Group's financial statements.
- Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets (c) and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception in HKAS 12 so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions. The amendments did not have any significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Group upon initial application.
- Amendments to HKAS 12 International Tax Reform Pillar Two Model Rules introduce a mandatory temporary exception from the recognition and disclosure of deferred taxes arising from the implementation of the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development. The amendments also introduce disclosure requirements for the affected entities to help users of the financial statements better understand the entities' exposure to Pillar Two income taxes, including the disclosure of current tax related to Pillar Two income taxes separately in the periods when Pillar Two legislation is effective and the disclosure of known or reasonably estimable information of their exposure to Pillar Two income taxes in periods in which the legislation is enacted or substantively enacted but not yet in effect. The Group has applied the amendments retrospectively. Since the Group did not fall within the scope of the Pillar Two model rules, the amendments did not have any impact to the Group.

## 會計政策*(續)* 會計政策及披露變動(續)

- 香港會計準則第8號(修訂本)澄 清了會計估計變動與會計政策 變動之間的區別。會計估計被 定義為財務報表中存在計量不 確定性的貨幣金額。該修訂本 亦澄清了實體如何使用計量技 術及輸入數據來編製會計估計。 由於本集團的方法及政策與該 修訂本一致,該修訂本對本集 團財務報表並無影響。
- 香港會計準則第12號(修訂本) (c) 與單一交易產生的資產及負債 有關的遞延税項縮小了香港會 計準則第12號中初步確認例外 情況的範圍,使其不再適用於 產生相等的應課税和可扣減暫 時差額的交易,例如租賃和退 役責任。因此,實體須就此類 交易產生的暫時差額確認遞延 税項資產(前提是有足夠的應課 税溢利)和遞延税項負債。該修 訂本於初步應用時並無對本集 團財務狀況或表現造成任何重 大影響。
- 香港會計準則第12號(修訂本)國 (d) 際税務改革 — 支柱二模板規則 對確認及披露因實施經濟合作 與發展組織頒佈的支柱二模板 規則而產生的遞延税項,引入了 一項強制性臨時例外情況。該 修訂本亦引入受影響實體的披 露要求,以便財務報表使用者 更好地了解實體面臨的支柱二 所得税風險,包括於支柱二法 例生效期間單獨披露支柱二所 得税相關即期税項,以及於法 例已頒佈或實質頒佈但尚未生 效期間披露有關其面臨的支柱 二所得税風險的已知或可合理 估計的資料。本集團已追溯應 用該修訂本。由於本集團不屬於 支柱二模板規則的範圍,該修 訂本對本集團並無任何影響。

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## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING **STANDARDS**

The Group has not applied the following revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. The Group intends to apply these revised HKFRSs, if applicable, when they become effective.

# Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28

香港財務報告準則第10號及 香港會計準則第28號(修訂本) Amendments to HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本) Amendments to HKAS 1

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) Amendments to HKAS 1

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本) Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 香港會計準則第7號及 香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本) Amendments to HKAS 21 香港會計準則第21號(修訂本)

## 2. 會計政策(續)

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港 財務報告準則

本集團並未在此等財務報表內應用 以下已頒佈但尚未生效的經修訂香 港財務報告準則。本集團擬於該等 經修訂香港財務報告準則生效時應 用該等準則(如嫡用)。

Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture3

投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或

Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback<sup>1</sup> 售後租回的租賃負債

Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (the "2020 Amendments") 1, 4

將負債分類為流動或非流動(「2020年修訂本」)1、4

Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

(the "2022 Amendments") 1, 4 附帶契諾的非流動負債(「2022年修訂本」)1、4

Supplier Finance Arrangements<sup>1</sup> 供應商融資安排

Lack of Exchangeability<sup>2</sup> 缺乏可兑换性2

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption
- As a consequence of the 2020 Amendments and 2022 Amendments, Hong Kong Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause was revised to align the corresponding wording with no change in conclusion
- 於2024年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間
- 於2025年1月1日或之後開始的年度期間
- 仍未決定強制生效日期,但可供應用
- 由於2020年修訂本及2022年修訂本,香 港詮釋第5號「財務報表的列報 — 借款 人對載有按要求隨時付還條文的有期 貸款的分類/進行修改,以調整相應措 辭,惟結論不變

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## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 was removed by the HKICPA. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

Amendments to HKFRS 16 specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and shall be applied retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of HKFRS 16 (i.e., 1 January 2019). Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港 財務報告準則(續)

下文載述有關預期將適用於本集團 之該等香港財務報告準則之進一步 資料。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計 準則第28號(修訂本)解決香港財務報 告準則第10號與香港會計準則第28號 之間有關處理資產出售或注資兩者規 定的不一致情況。該等修訂本規定, 倘資產出售或注資構成一項業務,則 須悉數確認下游交易產生之收益或 虧損。倘交易涉及不構成一項業務的 資產,則該交易產生的收益或虧損 於投資者的損益內確認,惟以不相 關投資者於該聯營公司或合營企業 的權益為限。該等修訂本將予以前 瞻性應用。香港會計師公會已剔除 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會 計準則第28號(修訂本)的以往強制生 效日期。然而,該等修訂本目前可供 採納。

香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)訂 明計量售後租回交易產生的租賃負 债所用的出售人 — 承租人之規定, 以確保出售人 \_\_ 承租人不會確認與 其所保留使用權有關的任何損益金 額。該等修訂本於2024年1月1日或之 後開始的年度期間生效,並追溯應用 於香港財務報告準則第16號首次應用 日期(即2019年1月1日)後訂立的售後 租回交易。允許提早應用。該等修訂 本預期不會對本集團的財務報表造 成任何重大影響。

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## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

The 2020 Amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, including what is meant by a right to defer settlement and that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The amendments also clarify that a liability can be settled in its own equity instruments, and that only if a conversion option in a convertible liability is itself accounted for as an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. The 2022 Amendments further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current. Additional disclosures are required for non-current liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period. The amendments shall be applied retrospectively with early application permitted. An entity that applies the 2020 Amendments early is required to apply simultaneously the Amendments, and vice versa. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the amendments and whether existing loan agreements may require revision. Based on a preliminary assessment, the amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosure of such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. Earlier application of the amendments is permitted. The amendments provide certain transition reliefs regarding comparative information, quantitative information as at the beginning of the annual reporting period and interim disclosures. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港 財務報告準則(續)

2020年修訂本澄清將負債分類為流 動及非流動的規定,包括對延遲清 償權利的詮釋及延遲權利須於報告 期末存續。負債的分類不受實體行 使其權利延遲清償的可能性之影響。 該修訂本亦澄清負債可以其自身的權 益工具償付,負債條款僅在可轉換負 債中的轉換選擇權本身作為權益工 具入賬的情況下不會對其分類造成 影響。2022年修訂本進一步澄清,於 貸款安排產生之負債契諾中,只有實 體須於報告日期或之前遵守的契諾方 會影響將該負債分類為流動或非流 動。受限於實體須於報告期後十二 個月內遵守未來契諾的非流動負債, 須作出額外披露。該修訂本將追溯 應用,並可提早應用。提早應用2020 年修訂本的實體須同時應用該修訂 本,反之亦然。本集團目前正在評估 該等修訂本的影響,以及現有貸款 協議是否需要修訂。根據初步評估, 該等修訂本預期不會對本集團的財 務報表造成任何重大影響。

香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告 準則第7號(修訂本)澄清供應商融資 安排的特點,並規定須就該等安排作 出額外披露。該修訂本的披露規定 旨在協助財務報表使用者了解供應 商融資安排對實體的負債、現金流 量及流動資金風險的影響。允許提 早應用該修訂本。該修訂本就年度 報告期初的比較資料、量性資料及中 期披露提供若干過渡性減免。預期 該修訂本不會對本集團財務報表造 成任何重大影響。

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## ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 21 specify how an entity shall assess whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and how it shall estimate a spot exchange rate at a measurement date when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments require disclosures of information that enable users of financial statements to understand the impact of a currency not being exchangeable. Earlier application is permitted. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits or to the cumulative amount of translation differences accumulated in a separate component of equity, where appropriate, at the date of initial application. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Impairment of non-financial assets**

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for non-financial asset is required (other than inventories and deferred tax assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港 財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第21號(修訂本)訂明實 體如何評估一種貨幣是否可兑換為另 一種貨幣,以及在缺乏可兑換性的情 況下如何估計計量日期的即期匯率。 該修訂本要求披露資料,以便財務 報表使用者了解貨幣不可兑換的影 響。允許提早應用。應用該修訂本 時,實體不能重列比較資料。初步應 用該修訂本的任何累計影響將確認 為初步應用當日對保留溢利期初餘額 的調整,或對於權益獨立組成部分 累積的換算差額累計金額的調整(如 適用)。預期該修訂本不會對本集團 財務報表產生任何重大影響。

## 2.4 重大會計政策

#### 非金融資產減值

倘非金融資產存在減值跡象,或需 要進行年度減值評估(存貨及遞延税 項資產除外),則會估計資產的可收 回金額。資產可收回金額按該資產或 現金產生單位的使用價值和公允價值 減出售費用兩者中的較高者計算,並 按單個資產確認,除非該資產不能產 出基本上獨立於其他資產或資產組 所產生的現金流入,在這種情況下, 可確認該資產所屬的現金產生單位 的可收回金額。

對現金產生單位進行減值測試時, 公司資產(如總部樓宇)賬面值的一部 分如果能夠按合理一貫的基準分配 至現金產生單位組別(甚或其最小組 別),則分配至個別現金產生單位。

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/ amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- the party is a person or a close member of that person's (a) family and that person
  - has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 非金融資產減值(續)

只有資產賬面金額超過其可收回金 額時,才確認減值虧損。評估使用 價值時,估計未來現金流量採用反 映當前市場對資金時間價值及資產 特定風險的評估的税前折現率貼現 至其現值。

於各報告期末,本集團將評估是否 有跡象顯示過往已確認的減值虧損 不再存在或已經減少。如果存在上 述跡象,則對可收回金額進行估計。 除商譽外,過往已確認的資產減值 虧損僅於釐定該資產的可收回金額 的估算出現變動時撥回,惟該金額 不應高於倘過往年度資產並無確認 減值虧損時會釐定的賬面值(扣除任 何折舊/攤銷)。該等減值虧損的撥 回於其產生期間入賬損益。

#### 關聯方

倘出現下列情況,有關方被視為與 本集團有關聯:

- 有關方為下列人士或為下列人 士親屬的近親
  - 對本集團擁有控制權或共 同控制權的人士;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力的 人士;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司 主要管理層人員的人士;

或

or

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Related parties (Continued)

- the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 關聯方(續)

- (b) 有關方為適用於下列任何條件 的實體:
  - 該實體與本集團均為同一 集團之成員公司;
  - (ii) 其中一個實體是另一實體 (或是另一實體之母公司、 附屬公司或同系附屬公司) 之聯營公司或合營企業;
  - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第 三方之合營企業;
  - (iv) 其中一個實體為第三方實 體之合營企業,而另一實 體為該同一第三方實體之 聯營公司;
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或本集團 關聯實體僱員的退休後福 利計劃;
  - (vi) 該實體由(a)項所列的人士 控制或共同控制;
  - (vii) (a)(i)項所列人士對該實體 具有重大影響力或為該實 體(或該實體的母公司)的 主要管理層成員;及
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的任 何成員公司向本集團或本 集團母公司提供主要管理 層人員服務。

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. When an item of property, plant and equipment is classified as held for sale or when it is part of a disposal group classified as held for sale, it is not depreciated and is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5, as further explained in the accounting policy for "Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale". The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊

物業、廠房及設備按成本扣除累計折 舊及任何減值虧損列賬。當一項物 業、廠房及設備分類為持作出售或當 其為組成分類為持作出售的出售組 別的一部分時,其毋須折舊並根據 香港財務報告準則第5號入賬,其詳 情載於「非流動資產及持作出售的出 售組別 | 會計政策內。物業、廠房及 設備項目的成本包括其購買價及令該 等資產達至其生產狀況及位置以作 其擬定用途時任何直接應佔成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目運作後產生的 支出如維修及保養支出,一般將於其 產生期間內在損益中扣除。在確認 條件獲達成的情況下,主要檢查支出 會於資產賬面值撥充資本為重置成 本。倘物業、廠房及設備重要部分須 不時更換,則本集團確認該等部分 為具有特定可使用年期的獨立資產, 並作出相應折舊。

折舊使用直線法計算,按其估計可 使用年期撇銷各物業、廠房及設備 項目的成本至其剩餘價值。就此目的 採用的主要年率如下:

Over the shorter of lease terms and 31/3% **Buildings** 樓字 按租期與31/3%的較短者為準 Furniture and fixtures 20% 傢俬及裝置 Computer equipment 331/3% 電腦設備 Office equipment 331/3% 辦公設備 Machine and equipment 331/3% 機械及設備

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## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

(Continued)

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

#### **Intangible assets**

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

#### Patents, licences and trademarks

Patents, licences and trademarks are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 1 to 20 years.

#### Research and development expenditure

All research costs are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

Expenditure incurred on projects to develop new products is capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the project and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Product development expenditure which does not meet these criteria is expensed when incurred.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊(續)

倘一項物業、廠房及設備各部分的可 使用年期不相同,則該項目成本按合 理基準分配予各部分,而各部分分 開折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及折 舊方法至少於各財政年末予以審核, 並在適當時作出調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目包括初步確認 的任何重大部分在出售時或預期不 會從其使用或出售獲得未來經濟利 益時終止確認。於終止確認資產年度 在損益確認的任何出售或報廢盈虧 為相關資產銷售所得款項淨額與其 賬面值的差額。

#### 無形資產

獨立收購的無形資產最初以成本計 量。無形資產的可使用年期分為有限 或不確定。有限年期的無形資產按 其可使用經濟年期攤銷,並當該無 形資產出現有可能減值的跡象時,則 進行減值評估。有限使用年期的無 形資產的攤銷期限及攤銷方法於各 財政年度期末至少審查一次。

#### 專利、許可及商標

專利、許可及商標按成本扣除任何 減值虧損入賬,並按直線法於其1至 20年之預計可使用年期攤銷。

#### 研發開支

所有研究成本於其產生時列賬損益。

開發新產品項目的支出,只有在同時 滿足下列條件時,才能予以資本化及 遞延,即:本集團能證明完成無形資 產以使其可供使用或銷售在技術上具 有可行性; 具有完成該資產的意圖並 具有使用或出售該資產的能力;無形 資產產生經濟利益的方式; 有足夠資 源完成該項目以及有能力可靠地計量 開發時期的支出。未能滿足該等條 件的產品開發支出於其產生時列為開 支。

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估合約是否 為或包含租賃。如果一份合約在一段 時間內為換取對價而讓渡一項可識 別資產使用的控制權,則該合約是一 項租賃或包含了一項租賃。

## 本集團為承租人

本集團對所有租賃(惟短期租賃及低 價值資產租賃除外)採取單一確認及 計量方法。本集團確認租賃負債以 作出租賃款項,而使用權資產指使用 相關資產的權利。

#### 使用權資產 (a)

使用權資產在租賃開始日(即標 的資產可供使用的日期)確認。 使用權資產以成本計量,減去累 計折舊和任何減值虧損,並為 重新計量租賃負債而調整。使 用權資產的成本包括確認的租 賃負債金額,產生的初始直接 費用,以及在開始日或之前支付 的租賃付款金額減去任何收到 的租金激勵。使用權資產於租 **賃期按直線法計提折舊。** 

如果租賃資產的所有權於租賃 期結束時轉移至本集團或成本 反映購買選擇權之行使,則使用 資產估計使用壽命計算折舊。

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## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

Leases (Continued)

Group as a lessee (Continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### (c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of machinery and equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of office equipment and laptop computers that are considered to be of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 租賃(續) 本集團為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債在租賃開始日按整個 租賃期應付的租賃付款金額的 現值確認。租賃付款金額包括 固定付款額(包括實質上是固定 的付款額)減去任何應收的租賃 激勵,取決於一項指數或比率 的可變租賃付款額,以及餘值擔 保下預計應付的金額。租賃付 款金額還包括本集團合理確定 將會行使的購買選擇權的行使 價以及如果租賃條款允許本集 團行使選擇權終止租賃時用於 終止租賃而支付的罰款金額。不 取決於指數或比率的可變租賃 付款額在引發付款的事件或條 件發生的期間內確認為費用。

(c) 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃 本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應 用於機械及設備的短期租賃(即

用於機械及設備的短期租賃(即自租賃開始日起計租賃期為12個月或以下,並且不包含購買實施的租賃)。低價值資產租赁實施。 低價值資認豁免亦應用於被認為價值資認的人工。 短期租赁及低價值資產租赁在租赁的租赁付款期內方數法確認為開支。

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Investments and other financial assets Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 投資及其他金融資產 初步確認及計量

金融資產於初步確認時分類為其後 按攤銷成本計量。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或按公允價值計入其他全面收益進行分類及計量,需產生就未償還本金的純粹本息付款(「SPPI」)的現金流量。就現金流量並非SPPI之金融資產而言,不論其業務模式如何,均按公允價值計入損益分類及計量。

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Investments and other financial assets (Continued) Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

## Subsequent measurement of financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### **Derecognition of financial assets**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 投資及其他金融資產(續) 初步確認及計量(續)

金融資產買賣需要於一般由法規或 市場慣例確定的期間內交付資產。有 關買賣於交易日期確認,即本集團承 諾買賣資產當日。

## 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務 工具)的其後計量

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後使 用實際利率法計量,並可能受減值影 響。當資產終止確認、修訂或減值 時,收益及虧損於損益中確認。

#### 終止確認金融資產

於下列情況下,金融資產(或部分金 融資產或相若金融資產組別的一部 分(倘適用)初步終止確認(即自本集 團的綜合財務狀況表轉出):

- 從資產獲取現金流的權利已屆 滿;或
- 本集團已轉讓其從資產獲取現 金流的權利,或根據一項[轉付] 安排承擔責任,並在無重大延 誤情況下,將所收現金流量全 數付予第三方;及(a)本集團已轉 讓資產的絕大部份風險及回報; 或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留資 產的絕大部份風險及回報,但 已轉讓資產的控制權。

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Derecognition of financial assets (Continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

## Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

## General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 終止確認金融資產(續)

當本集團已轉讓其從資產獲得現金流的權利或已訂立一項轉付安排,上集團將評估其是否及多大程度。當對資產擁有權的風險及回報。此無轉讓或保留所有該資產的資產不無關於及回報,則本集團可繼為,將已轉讓的資產確認入賬,情況轉為,本集團亦確認相關的負債按照能夠反映本集團已保留權利及義務的基準計量。

以擔保的形式持續參與已轉移資產, 乃按資產原賬面值與本集團可能被 要求償還的最高代價金額之中孰低者 計量。

#### 金融資產減值

#### 一般方法

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段確認。就初步確認以來信貸風險並無大幅增加的信貸敞口而言,會為未來12個月間的發生的違約事件所產生的信貸虧損(12個月預期信貸虧損)計提預期信貸虧損撥備。就初步確認以來信貸風險大幅增加的信貸敞口而言,須預預期於敝口的餘下年期產生的信貸虧損計提虧損撥備,不論違約的時間(全期預期信貸虧損)。

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## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

## Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### General approach (Continued)

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

# 2. 會計政策(續)

# 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 金融資產減值(續)

#### 一般方法(續)

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融工具的信貸風險是否自初次確認後大幅提高。於作出該評估時,本集團比較報告日期金融工具產生的違約風險及於初步確認日期金融工具產生的違約風險,並考慮在毋須付出不必要成本或努力而可獲得合理及支持資料,包括過往及前瞻性資料。

本集團認為,倘合約付款逾期90日,則金融資產視作違約。然而,於若行情況下,在並無計及本集團持有的任何增信安排前,本集團亦大可能悉外部資料顯示本集團不大可能悉融收取尚未償還合約金額時將金融收產視作違約。倘無法合理預期回合約現金流量,則撤銷金融資產。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產根據一般方法減值及分類為下列計量預期 信貸虧損的各階段,惟貿易應收款項 使用下文詳述的簡化法除外。

- 第一階段 信貸風險自初次確認後 並無大幅增加的金融工 具,其虧損撥備按等於 12個月預期信貸虧損的 金額計量
- 第二階段—信貸風險自初次確認後 大幅增加但並非出現信 貸減值的金融資產,其 虧損撥備按等於全期預 期信貸虧損的金額計量
- 第三階段 於報告日期已出現信貸 減值的金融資產(但在購 買或產生之時並無信貸 減值),其虧損撥備按等 於全期預期信貸虧損的 金額計量

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## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

# Impairment of financial assets (Continued) Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

#### Financial liabilities

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities of the Group are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings or payables.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and net of directly attributable transaction costs.

# Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities at amortised cost (trade and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, trade and other payables, and interestbearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in profit or loss.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 金融資產減值(續) 簡化法

## 金融負債

#### 初步確認及計量

本集團的金融負債於初步確認時分 類為貸款及借款或者應付款項。

所有金融負債首次按公允價值及減 直接應佔交易成本確認。

## 其後計量按攤銷成本計量的金融負 債(貿易及其他應付款項及借款)

於初步確認後,貿易及其他應付款項及計息借款其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計量,倘貼現的影響微不足道,則按成本列賬。於終止確認負債時及於實際利率法攤銷過程所產生的收益及虧損,則會於損益中確認。

計算攤銷成本時會考慮收購所產生 的任何折讓或溢價以及作為實際利 率一部分的費用或成本。實際利率 攤銷列入損益。

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis and, in the case of finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term highly liquid deposits with a maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

# 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 終止確認金融負債

如果金融負債的責任已履行、撤銷或 屆滿,則對金融負債進行終止確認。

當現有金融負債由同一放債人提供但 條款差異甚大的另一金融負債取代, 或現有負債的條款已作重大修訂,則 有關取代或修訂被視為終止確認原 有負債及確認新負債,而有關賬面值 的差額於損益中確認。

## 抵銷金融資產

倘現時存在一項可依法強制執行的 權利,可抵銷已確認金額,且亦有意 以淨額結算或同時變現資產及償付 負債,則金融資產及金融負債均可予 抵銷,並將淨金額列入財務狀況表

#### 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者間的 較低者列賬。成本按先進先出基準 釐定,且就製成品而言,成本包括直 接材料、直接人工及相關管理費用的 適當部分。可變現淨值按估計銷售 價減達致完成及出售將予產生的任 何估計成本計算。

#### 現金及現金等價物

財務狀況表內的現金及現金等價物 包括手頭及銀行現金,以及流動性 強、一般於三個月內到期且易轉換成 已知金額現金的短期存款。有關存 款的價值變動風險極低,為滿足短期 現金承諾而持有。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現 金等價物包括手頭及銀行現金以及 上文界定的短期存款,減須按要求償 還的銀行透支(本集團現金管理的重 要組成部分)。

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

#### **Provisions**

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in profit or loss.

#### Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries/jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

## 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

## 撥備

倘因過往事件導致現時責任(法定或 推定)而承擔該責任可能導致日後資 源的流出,且責任金額能可靠估計, 則確認撥備。

當有重大折現影響時,會就預期須 用作償付責任的未來開支於報告期 未確認其現值以作撥備。因時間推移 所導致折現現值的增加金額會列入 損益。

## 所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。所得 税如涉及在損益以外確認的項目不會 在損益確認,而在其他全面收益或 直接於權益確認。

即期税項資產及負債乃根據於報告期末已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率(及税法),並考慮本集團經營業務所在國家/司法管轄區的現有詮釋及慣例,按預期將獲稅務機關退回或支付予稅務機關的金額計算。

遞延税項乃就於報告期末資產及負債的税基與其就財務報告用途的賬面值之間的所有暫時差額,採用負債 法撥備。

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

### 2. 會計政策(續)

### 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

### 所得税(續)

遞延税項負債就所有應課税暫時差 額確認,惟以下情況除外:

- 當號延稅項負債產生自交易初 步確認期的商譽或非企業合併 進行的交易中的資產或負債,且 在交易發生時期並不影響會計 溢利或應課税溢利或虧損,亦 不會引致同等應課税及可扣減 暫時差額;及
- 就與投資附屬公司相關的應課 税暫時差額而言,當暫時差額 的 撥回時間可以控制,且於可 預見的未來該等暫時差額並不 會撥回時。

遞延税項資產乃就所有可抵扣暫時 差額以及未動用税項抵免和任何未 動用税項虧損之結轉而確認。遞延 税項資產會於有可能出現可利用該 等可抵扣暫時差額,及結轉未動用税 項抵免及未動用税項虧損予以抵扣 的應課税溢利的情況下確認,惟以下 情況除外:

- 當有關可抵扣暫時差額的遞延 税項資產產生自初步確認非企 業合併的交易中的資產或負債, 且於交易發生時期並不影響會 計溢利或應課税溢利或虧損, 亦不會引致同等應課税及可扣 減暫時差額;及
- 就投資附屬公司的相關可抵扣 暫時差額而言, 遞延税項資產 僅於有可能在可預見的未來撥 回暫時差額,且將有可利用該 等暫時差額以抵扣的應課稅溢 利時,方會確認。

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### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### Income tax (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

# 2. 會計政策(續)

# 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

### 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期 末審查,並於不再可能有足夠應課税 溢利可供動用全部或部分相關遞延 税項資產時調減。未確認遞延税項 資產於各報告期末重新評估,於可 能有足夠應課税溢利以收回全部或部 分遞延税項資產時確認。

遞延税項資產及負債基於報告期末 已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率(及税 法)按變現資產或償還負債期間的預 期適用税率計量。

### 政府補助

政府補助於能合理確定將收到補助, 且所有附帶條件將獲遵守的情況下 按其公允價值確認。倘補助與開支 項目相關,則有關補助於其擬補償之 成本支銷期間內按系統基準確認為 收益。

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# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### Revenue recognition

### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

### (a) Sale of routers and software licences

Revenue from the sale of routers and stand-alone software licences is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the routers and software.

### (b) Provision of licence services

Revenue from the provision of licence services is recognised over the scheduled period on a straight-line basis because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group.

### (c) Provision of warranty and support services

Revenue from the provision of warranty and support services is recognised over the scheduled period on a straight-line basis because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group.

### Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

### 2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

### 收入確認

### 客戶合約收入

來自客戶合約之收入在商品或服務轉 移至客戶時按反映本集團就交換該 等商品或服務而預期有權收取之代 價金額確認。

當合約中的代價包括可變金額時,代價金額估計為本集團就轉讓貨品或服務至客戶而有權獲得的金額。可變代價於合約開始時進行估計並受約束,直至當可變代價的相關不確定因素其後獲解決,而確認的累計收入靈額不大可能出現重大收入撥回時,約束解除。

### (a) 銷售路由器及軟件許可

來自銷售路由器及獨立軟件許可 的收入於資產的控制權轉移至 客戶時(通常在交付路由器及軟 件時)確認。

### (b) 提供許可服務

提供許可服務之收入於計劃期 內以直線法確認,因為客戶同 時接收及消耗本集團所提供的 利益。

### (c) 提供保修與支援服務

提供保修與支援服務之收入於 計劃期內以直線法確認,因為 客戶同時接收及消耗本集團所 提供的利益。

### 其他收入

利息收入使用實際利率法按累計基準確認,而實際利率為在金融工具的預期可使用期限內或在短期內(如適用)將估計未來現金收入實際折現為金融資產賬面淨值的利率。

### 合約負債

合約負債於在本集團轉移相關商品或服務前自客戶接獲付款或付款到期(以較早者為準)時確認。合約負債在本集團履行合約(即相關商品或服務的控制權轉讓予該客戶)時確認為收益。

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### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### **Contract costs**

Other than the costs which are capitalised as inventories, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, costs incurred to fulfil a contract with a customer are capitalised as an asset if all of the following criteria are met:

- (a) The costs relate directly to a contract or to an anticipated contract that the entity can specifically identify.
- (b) The costs generate or enhance resources of the entity that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future.
- (c) The costs are expected to be recovered.

The capitalised contract costs are amortised and charged to profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates. Other contract costs are expensed as incurred.

### **Share-based payments**

The Company operates a share option scheme. Employees of the Group (including directors of the entities comprising the Group) receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees (and others providing similar services) is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 25 to the financial statements.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

# 2. 會計政策(續)

# 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

### 合約成本

除撥充存貨、物業、廠房及設備及無 形資產的成本外,就履行客戶合約而 產生的成本在符合下列所有條件時 資本化作為資產:

- (a) 該成本與實體可具體識別的合 約或預期合約直接相關。
- (b) 該成本可以產生或提高實體用 於滿足(或持續滿足)未來履約 義務的資源。
- (c) 該成本預期可收回。

已撥充資本的合約成本有系統地按 照與資產相關的貨品及服務轉移至 客戶的一致方式攤銷及於損益扣除。 其他合約成本則在產生時支銷。

### 股票付款

本公司實行購股權計劃。本集團的僱員(包括構成本集團的實體的董事)以股票付款方式收取酬金,據此僱員提供服務以換取權益工具(「權益結算交易」)。

與僱員(及提供類似服務之其他人士) 進行的權益結算交易的成本參照其 授出當日之公允價值計算。公允價值 由外部估值師以二項模式釐定,進 一步詳情載於財務報表附註25中。

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### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### **Share-based payments** (Continued)

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be nonvesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification, that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification. Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately.

This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

# 2. 會計政策(續)

### 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

### 股票付款(續)

決定獎勵於授出日期之公允價值時不 會考慮服務及非市場表現條件,但該 等條件的可能性會作為本集團對最 終歸屬的權益工具數目的最佳估計 的一部分而予以評估。授出日期之公 允價值反映市場表現條件。任何其 他附帶於獎勵的條件,若無相關服 務需求,將被視為非歸屬條件。非 歸屬條件反映在獎勵的公允價值且 除非亦有服務及/或表現條件,否則 其將導致獎勵立即耗減。

因未滿足非市場表現及/或服務條 件而最終不會歸屬的獎勵不予確認開 支。倘獎勵包括一項市場或非歸屬 條件,且所有其他表現及/或服務 條件已達成,不論市場或非歸屬條 件是否達成,該等交易亦將被視作 歸屬交易。

當修訂股票付款獎勵的條款時,倘 已滿足獎勵的原始條款,則至少要按 無修訂條款的情況確認開支。此外, 當任何修訂於修訂當日導致股票付 款的公允總值有所增加,或為僱員帶 來利益,均應確認開支。當股票付款 獎勵被取消,則會視作於取消當時歸 屬,且任何未就獎勵確認的開支將立 即確認。

此舉包括未滿足本集團或僱員控制權 內的非歸屬條件的任何獎勵。然而, 倘有新獎勵代替被取消的獎勵,且 於授出當日被指定為一項替代獎勵, 則被取消及新獎勵均會視作原始獎 勵的變更,如上段所述。

計算每股盈利時,未行使購股權的攤 薄影響將列作額外股份攤薄效應。

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### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### Other employee benefits

### Paid leave carried forward

The Group provides paid annual leave to its employees under their employment contracts on a calendar year basis. Under certain circumstances, such leave which remains untaken as at the end of each reporting period is permitted to be carried forward and utilised by the respective employees in the following year. An accrual is made at the end of each reporting period for the expected future cost of such paid leave earned during the year by the employees and carried forward.

#### Retirement benefit schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiary in Malaysia are members of the state-managed retirement benefit scheme, the Employees Provident Fund (the "EPF Scheme") operated by the Malaysian government. The subsidiary is required to contribute a certain percentage of payroll costs to the EPF Scheme. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make specified contributions.

The employees of the Group's subsidiary in Taiwan chose to participate in a defined contribution scheme governed by the Labour Pension Act of Taiwan. This subsidiary contributes at 6% of the total salaries of participating employees who have chosen to participate in the defined contribution scheme, deposited into individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labour Insurance of Taiwan.

### 2. 會計政策(續)

### 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

# 其他僱員福利 *轉撥有薪假期*

本集團為僱員就彼等的僱傭合約提供有薪年假,年假按曆年計算。在若干情況下,於各報告期末未放取的假日可以轉撥至下年度供相關僱員人用。於各報告期末,該年度僱員累積的有薪假期的預期未來成本將計入應計項目並轉撥至下年度。

### 退休福利計劃

本集團馬來西亞附屬公司的僱員為馬來西亞政府所設立的國家退休福利計劃僱員強制性公積金計劃(「僱員強積金計劃」)的成員。該附屬公司須提供薪酬開支的若干百分比予僱員強積金計劃。本集團就退休福利計劃唯一的義務是作出特定供款。

本集團台灣附屬公司的僱員選擇參與由台灣勞工退休金條例監管之界定供款計劃。此附屬公司須就選擇參與界定供款計劃之僱員按其薪金總額之6%供款,並存放於台灣勞工保險局之個人退休金賬戶內。

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Group incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds, and they are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Dividends

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grants the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

### Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in United States dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

## 2. 會計政策(續)

### 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

### 借貸成本

借貸成本包括利息及本集團就借款 而產生的其他成本,該等成本於其 產生期間支銷。

#### 股息

由於本公司的組織章程大綱及細則 授予董事宣派中期股息的權利,所以 中期股息之動議和宣派在同一時間 進行。因此,中期股息在動議和宣派 之時立即被確認為負債。

### 外幣

以外幣呈列且按歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目,按初始交易日的匯率折算。

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(Continued)

### Foreign currencies (Continued)

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than the United States dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into United States dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into United States dollars at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of the overseas subsidiaries are translated into United States dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of the overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into United States dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

### 2. 會計政策(續)

### 2.4 重大會計政策(續)

### 外幣(續)

就終止確認與預付代價有關的非貨幣 資產或非貨幣負債的相關資產、開支 或收入而言,於釐定初次確認的 率時,初次交易的日期為本集團初次 確認預付代價所產生的非貨幣資 或非貨幣負債的日期。倘有多筆預付 付款或收款,本集團就每筆預付們 的付款或收款分別釐定交易日期。

若干海外附屬公司的功能貨幣為美元以外的貨幣。於報告期末,的貨幣。於報告期末的資產及負債按報告期末,的即算成美元,而其損益表按與其分別,而其損益表按與於有關交易日期即匯率的匯免差額,於其益的產之。當出售海外業務有關的儲備中的累計金額於損益內確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬 公司的現金流按現金流產生當日的匯 率換算成美元。海外附屬公司於本 年經常產生的現金流按該年度的加 權平均匯率換算成美元。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

### **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement, apart from those involving estimations, which has the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

### Revenue from contracts with customers containing multiple performance obligations

The Group has entered into certain contracts with customers to sell its SD-WAN routers and related services containing multiple performance obligations. For these revenue contracts, significant management judgements and estimates are required to determine the appropriate accounting, including the allocation of transaction prices among performance obligations in the arrangements, especially for products and services that are not sold separately.

For those contracts containing multiple promised goods and services and when the stand-alone selling price of one or more of the promised goods or services is not directly observable, the Group may use the residual approach to estimate the stand-alone selling price of a promised good or service, if it determines certain requirements are met. Under this approach, the Group may estimate the stand-alone selling price by reference to the total transaction price less the sum of the observable stand-alone selling prices of other goods or services promised in the contract. The Group applies significant judgements to determine the appropriateness of such approach given the specific circumstances, based on, inter alia, the availability of information and historical transaction/pricing history and practices.

## 3. 重大會計判斷及估計

本集團財務報表的編製要求管理層 對影響收入、費用、資產和負債的呈 報金額及其附帶披露,以及或有負 債的披露進行會計判斷、估計和假 設。然而,會計假設和估計的不確 定性導致可能對未來受影響的資產 或負債的賬面金額進行重大調整。

### 判斷

在應用本集團會計政策的過程中, 管理層就財務報表中最大影響確認 金額之判斷(除涉及估計之判斷外)如 下:

### 客戶合約收入(包含多項履約責任)

本集團已與客戶訂立若干合約,銷售 其包含多項履約責任的SD-WAN路由 器及相關服務。就該等收入合約而 言,需要重大管理層判斷及估計以釐 定適當的會計處理,包括在有關安 排的履約責任中分配交易價格,尤其 是並非單獨出售的產品及服務。

就包含多項承諾貨品及服務的該等 合約而言,當一項或多項承諾貨品或 服務的單獨售價不可直接觀察時, 本集團或會在確定符合特定要求的 情況下使用剩餘法估計一項承諾貨 品或服務的單獨售價。根據此方法, 本集團或會參考總交易價格減合約 中承諾的其他貨品或服務的可觀察 單獨售價金額,估計單獨售價。鑒 於特定情況,本集團根據(其中包括) 可獲得的資料以及歷史交易/定價 歷史和慣例應用重大判斷以釐定該 方法的適當性。

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# 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Judgements (Continued)

### Classification of warranty and support services

The Group applied judgement on revenue recognition of warranty and support services. The Group has determined, based on the terms and arrangements of the services, whether the warranty and support services provided are service-type or assurance-type warranty. The revenue from the provision of warranty and support services was derived from (i) the embedded warranty provided with the sale of SD-WAN routers and (ii) the extended service-type warranty. For embedded warranty, it provides customer services such as after-sales services and updates, which is beyond fixing existing defects in the products and thus, embedded warranty represents a separate performance obligation and is considered as a servicetype warranty. For other extended service-type warranty, it is sold separately and represented a separate performance obligation. The Group concluded that revenue from warranty and support services is to be recognised over time because they represented a separate performance obligation and the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group.

### **Estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

### Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due.

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

# 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

### 判斷(續)

### 保修與支援服務的分類

本集團在確認保修與支援服務的收 入時進行判斷。本集團根據服務的 條款和協議決定所提供的保修與支 援服務是服務類保修還是保證類保 修。提供保修與支援服務的收入源 自:(i)隨SD-WAN路由器銷售提供的 內嵌保修及(ii)延長服務類保修。對 於內嵌保修,其提供諸如售後服務 與更新等客戶服務,這超出修復產 品現有瑕疵的範圍,因此內嵌保修 為單獨一項履約責任,並被視作服 務類保修。對於其他延長服務類保 修,其單獨出售,並作為單獨一項履 約責任。本集團認為提供保修與支 援服務的收入隨時間確認,因為其 作為單獨一項履約責任且客戶同時 接收及消耗本集團所提供的利益。

### 估計不確定性

於報告期末有關未來的關鍵假設以 及其他關鍵估計的不確定性,對下一 財政年度資產和負債賬面價值造成 重大調整的重大風險列示如下。

### 貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算貿易應收 款項的預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基 於逾期日數釐定。

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### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 3. JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

**Estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

# Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements.

### Net realisable value of inventories

The Group performs regular review of the carrying amounts of inventories with reference to detailed analyses of the Group's inventories and management experience and judgements. Based on this review, write-down of inventories will be made when the carrying amounts of inventories decline below their estimated net realisable values. Due to changes in technological, market and economic environment, the actual saleability of goods might be different from estimation and profit or loss could be affected by the differences in this estimation.

### Leases — Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

### 3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

### 估計不確定性(續)

# 貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備

過往觀察所得違約率、預測經濟狀 況及預期信貸虧損之間關聯係數的 評估為一項重大估計。預期信貸虧 損的金額對環境及預測經濟狀況的 變動敏感。本集團的過往信貸虧損 經驗及經濟狀況的預測亦未必反映 客戶未來的實際違約情況。有關本集 團貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損的資 料披露於財務報表附註17。

### 存貨的可變現淨值

本集團根據本集團的存貨的詳細分 析及管理經驗及判斷定期審查存貨 的賬面值。按照審查結果,存貨將於 存貨賬面值跌至其估計可變現淨值 時予以撤銷。鑒於科技、市場及經 濟環境的變動,產品實際的可銷售性 可能有別於估算,而損益可能受該等 估算的差異影響。

### 租賃 — 估計遞增借款利率

本集團無法輕易確定租賃中的內含 利率,因此,本集團使用遞增借款利 率(「遞增借款利率」)計量租賃負債。 遞增借款利率為本集團於類似經濟 環境中為取得與使用權資產價值相近 的資產,而以類似抵押品於類似期間 借入所需資金應支付的利率。因此, 遞增借款利率反映了本集團「應支付」 的利率,當無可觀察的利率時(如就 並無訂立融資交易的附屬公司而言) 或當須對利率進行調整以反映租賃 的條款及條件時(如當租賃並非以附 屬公司的功能貨幣訂立時),則須作 出利率估計。當可觀察輸入數據可用 時,本集團使用可觀察輸入數據(如 市場利率)估算遞增借款利率並須作 出若干實體特定的估計。

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### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services and has reportable operating segments as follows:

- (a) the sale of SD-WAN routers segment that primarily engages in sale of wired and wireless routers, also known as Fixed First Connectivity and Mobile First Connectivity, respectively; and
- (b) software licences and warranty and support services segment that primarily engages in the provision of software licences and warranty and support services.

Management monitors the results of the Group's operating segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on reportable segment profit, which is a measure of adjusted profit before tax. The adjusted profit before tax is measured consistently with the Group's profit before tax except that other income and gains, net, selling and distribution expenses, unallocated general and administrative expenses, and finance costs are excluded from such measurement.

There were no material intersegment sales and transfers during the current and prior years.

### 4. 經營分部資料

為便於管理,本集團按照其產品及服務劃分其業務單位,並擁有兩個可呈報的經營分部,具體如下:

- (a) 銷售SD-WAN路由器分部,其主要從事銷售有線及無線路由器的業務,亦分別稱為固定網絡優先連接;及
- (b) 軟件許可及保修與支援服務分 部,其主要提供軟件許可及保 修與支援服務。

管理層分別監督本集團的經營分部 業績,以作出與資源分配及業績評估 有關的決定。分部業績乃按可呈報 分部溢利評估,其為經調整税前溢利 到的計量。該經調整稅前溢利一致, 算方式與本集團的稅前溢利一致,惟 該計量不包括其他收益及利益,淨 值、銷售與分銷開支、未分配一般及 行政開支及財務成本。

於本年度及過往年度並無重大分部 間銷售及轉移。

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# 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 經營分部資料(續)

(Continued)

(a) Operating segments

(a) 經營分部

operating segmen					(4)				
Sale of SD-WAN routers 銷售SD-WAN路由器									
		Fixed First (		Mobile First (		Software			
		(formerly SD-WAN	routers)	(formerly SD-WAN	routers)	and wa	t services	Tota	al
		固定網絡· (前稱有綫SD-		移動網絡( (前稱無綫SD-		軟件的 保修與支		合言	†
		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Segment revenue: (note 5) Sales to external customers	分部收入:(附註5) 對外部客戶銷售	14,589	14,430	49,393	46,773	30,277	25,554	94,259	86,757
Segment results	分部業績	4,779	4,559	11,595	11,458	25,188	20,898	41,562	36,915
Reconciliation: Other income and gains, net Selling and distribution expenses Unallocated general and administrative	<i>對賬:</i> 其他收益及利益,淨值 銷售及分銷開支 未分配一般及							1,362 (3,544)	183 (3,100)
expenses Finance costs	行政開支 財務成本							(6,081) (349)	(7,373) (244)
Profit before tax	税前溢利							32,950	26,381

Information of assets, liabilities and capital expenditure of reportable segments is not provided to the chief operating decision makers for their review. Therefore, no analysis of the Group's assets, liabilities and capital expenditure by reportable segments is presented.

有關可呈報分部的資產、負債 及資本開支的資料並無提呈到 主要經營決策者以供其審查。 因此,概無呈列按可呈報分部 劃分之本集團資產、負債及資 本開支的分析。

	Sale of SD-WAN routers 銷售SD-WAN路由器								
		Fixed First C		Mobile First ( formerly)		Software and war			
		SD-WAN 固定網絡	routers) 憂先連接	SD-WAN 移動網絡個	routers) 憂先連接	and suppor 軟件許	t services 可及	Tot	
		(前稱有綫SD-	WAN路由器)	(前稱無綫SD-V	WAN路由器)	保修與支	. 援服務 		it
		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Other segment information: Amortisation of intangible assets Write-down of inventories to net	其他分部資料: 攤銷無形資產 撇減存貨至可變現淨值	135	145	657	484	149	172	941	801
realisable value	- 一	114	25	384	80	_		498	105

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# 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 4. 經營分部資料(續)

(Continued)

### (b) Geographical information

### (b) 地域資料

### (i) Revenue from external customers

<i>(i)</i>	來自外	部客戶	的收入
------------	-----	-----	-----

		(-)	, ,,,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,
		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
North America	北美洲	54,386	52,017
EMEA	歐洲、中東和非洲	,	,
(Europe, Middle East and Africa	ca)	27,536	21,736
Asia	亞洲	9,976	11,121
Others	其他	2,361	1,883
		94,259	86,757

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

以上收入資料基於客戶的 位置作出。

### (ii) Non-current assets

### (ii) 非流動資產

		()	
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Hong Kong	香港	5,840	4,212
Others	其他	798	1,088
		6,638	5,300

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial assets and deferred tax assets. 以上非流動資產資料基於 資產的位置且不包括金融 資產及遞延税項資產。

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### **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION**

## 4. 經營分部資料(續)

### (c) Information about a major customer

For the year ended 31 December 2023, total revenue of approximately US\$16,087,000 (2022: US\$16,743,000) was derived from transactions with a single customer reporting in the sale of SD-WAN routers segment and software licences and warranty and support services segment.

### (c) 一名主要客戶的資料

截至2023年12月31日止年度,收 入總額約16,087,000美元(2022 年:16,743,000美元)來自與一名 單一客戶在銷售SD-WAN路由器 分部以及軟件許可及保修與支 援服務分部中報告的交易。

# 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

# 5. 收入、其他收益及利益,淨

收入之分析如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收入	94,259	86,757

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# 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

### **Revenue from contracts with customers**

(i) Disaggregated revenue information

5. 收入、其他收益及利益,淨 值(續)

客戶合約收入

(i) 分類收入資料

For the year ended 31 December 2023		截至2023年12月31日止年			
Segments		Sale of SD-WAN routers 銷售SD-WAN	Software licences and warranty and support services 軟件許可及 保修與	Total	
分部		路由器 US\$'000 千美元	支援服務 US\$'000 千美元	合計 US\$'000 千美元	
Types of goods or services Sale of SD-WAN routers  — Fixed First Connectivity	商品或服務類型 銷售SD-WAN路由器 —固定網絡優先連接				
(formerly Wired SD- WAN routers)  — Mobile First Connectivity (formerly Wireless SD-	(前稱有綫SD- WAN路由器) —移動網絡優先連接 (前稱無綫SD- WAN路由器)	14,589	-	14,589	
WAN routers) Provision of warranty and	提供保修與支援服務	49,393	_	49,393	
support services Sale of software and licence fee income	銷售軟件及許可費收入	_	23,765 6,512	23,765 6,512	
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之 收入總額	63,982	30,277	94,259	
Geographical markets North America EMEA	地區市場 北美洲 歐洲、中東和非洲	35,995	18,391	54,386	
(Europe, Middle East and Africa) Asia Others	亞洲 其他	20,337 6,000 1,650	7,199 3,976 711	27,536 9,976 2,361	
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之 收入總額	63,982	30,277	94,259	
Timing of revenue recognition Goods transferred at a point	<b>收入確認時間</b> 於某個時間點轉移之				
in time Services transferred over time	貨品 隨時間轉移之服務	63,982	1,597 28,680	65,579 28,680	
Total revenue from contracts	來自客戶合約之收入				
with customers	總額	63,982	30,277	94,259	

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# 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(i) Disaggregated revenue information (Continued)

5. 收入、其他收益及利益,淨 值(續)

客戶合約收入(續)

(i) 分類收入資料(續)

Disaggregated revenue information (Continued)		<i>(i)</i>	分類収入資料(續)		
For the year ended 31 Decer	nber 2022		截至2022年12月31	日止年度	
Segments		Sale of SD-WAN routers	Software licences and warranty and support services 軟件許可及	Total	
分部		銷售SD-WAN 路由器 US\$'000 千美元	保修與 支援服務 US\$'000 千美元	合計 U <b>S</b> \$'000 千美元	
Types of goods or services Sale of SD-WAN routers — Fixed First Connectivity (formerly Wired	商品或服務類型 銷售SD-WAN路由器 —固定網絡優先連接 (前稱為有線SD-				
SD-WAN routers)  — Mobile First Connectivity (formerly Wireless	WAN路由器) —移動網絡優先連接 (前稱為無線SD-	14,430	_	14,430	
SD-WAN routers) Provision of warranty and	WAN路由器) 提供保修與支援服務	46,773	_	46,773	
support services Sale of software and	銷售軟件及許可費收入	_	21,107	21,107	
licence fee income			4,447	4,447	
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之 收入總額	61,203	25,554	86,757	
Geographical markets North America EMEA (Europe, Middle East and	地區市場 北美洲 歐洲、中東和非洲	36,316	15,701	52,017	
Africa)		15,857	5,879	21,736	
Asia	亞洲	7,815	3,306	11,121	
Others	其他	1,215	668	1,883	
Total revenue from contracts	來自客戶合約之	ć. <b>.</b>		24	
with customers	收入總額	61,203	25,554	86,757	
<b>Timing of revenue recognition</b> Goods transferred at a point in	<b>收入確認時間</b> 於某個時間點轉移之				
time	貨品	61,203	1,801	63,004	
Services transferred over time	隨時間轉移之服務		23,753	23,753	
Total revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之 收入總額	61,203	25,554	86,757	
	D	01,200	,	00,.07	

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# 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

### (i) Disaggregated revenue information (Continued)

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:

# 5. 收入、其他收益及利益,淨 值(ﷺ)

# 客戶合約收入(續)

### (i) 分類收入資料(續)

下表列示於本報告期間確認的 收入金額,其計入報告期初的 合約負債:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period:	計入報告期初合約負債 的已確認收入:		
Provision of warranty and support services	提供保修與支援服務	12,125	10,023
Sale of software and licence fee income	銷售軟件及許可費收入	2,989	1,658
		15,114	11,681

### (ii) Performance obligations

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

### Sale of SD-WAN routers and software

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the routers and software and payment is generally due within 60 days from delivery.

### (ii) 履約責任

有關本集團履約責任的資料概述如下:

# 銷售SD-WAN路由器及軟件

履約責任於交付路由器及軟件 時達成及付款一般須於交付後 60日內結付。

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# REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

### (ii) Performance obligations (Continued)

Warranty and support services

The revenue from the provision of warranty and support services was derived from (i) the embedded service-type warranty provided with the sale of SD-WAN routers; and (ii) the extended service-type warranty. For embedded service-type warranty, it provides customer services such as after-sales services and updates, which is beyond fixing existing defects in the products and thus, embedded service-type warranty represents a separate performance obligation and is considered as a service-type warranty. For other extended service-type warranty, it is sold separately and represented a separate performance obligation. The performance obligation is satisfied over time as services are rendered and payment in advance is normally required.

### Licence services

The performance obligation is satisfied over time as services are rendered and payment in advance is normally required.

The amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 December are as follows:

# 5. 收入、其他收益及利益,淨 值(續)

### 客戶合約收入(續)

### (ii) 履約責任(續)

### 保修與支援服務

提供保修與支援服務的收入源 自:(i)隨SD-WAN路由器銷售提 供的內嵌服務類保修;及(ii)延 長服務類保修。對於內嵌服務 類保修,其提供諸如售後服務 與更新等客戶服務,這超出修 復產品現有瑕疵的範圍, 因此 內嵌服務類保修為單獨一項履 約責任,並被視作服務類保修。 對於其他延長服務類保修,其 單獨出售,並作為單獨一項履 約責任。履約責任隨提供服務 達成,且通常需要預付款項。

#### 許可服務

履約責任隨提供服務達成,且 通常需要預付款項。

於12月31日分配至餘下履約責任 (未達成或部分未達成)的交易 價格金額如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Amounts expected to be recognised as revenue: Within one year After one year	預計確認為收入的 金額: 一年內 一年後	17,638 5,623	15,114 3,745
		23,261	18,859

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# 5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS, NET (Continued)

### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(ii) Performance obligations (Continued)

Licence services (Continued)

The amounts of transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations which are expected to be recognised as revenue after one year relate to licence services and warranty and support services, of which the performance obligations are to be satisfied within seven years.

# 5. 收入、其他收益及利益,淨 值/繳/

# 客戶合約收入(續)

(ii) 履約責任(續)

許可服務(續)

分配至餘下預期將於一年後確 認為收入的履約責任的交易價 格金額涉及許可服務及保修及 支援服務,該等服務的履約責 任將於七年內達成。

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Other income and gains, net	其他收益及利益,淨值		
Foreign exchange gains, net	外匯收益,淨值	306	_
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	946	104
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	_	57
Government subsidy#	政府補貼#	96	_
Others	其他	14	22
		1,362	183

<sup>#</sup> The subsidy was granted under the Dedicated Fund on Branding, Upgrading and Domestic Sales by the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. There were no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies, relating to the government subsidy.

<sup>#</sup> 補貼乃根據香港特別行政區政府 設立的「發展品牌、升級轉型及 拓展內銷市場的專項基金」授出。 概無有關政府補貼的未達成條件 或或有事項。

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# PROFIT BEFORE TAX

# 6. 税前溢利

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

本集團税前溢利乃經扣除/(計入)以 下各項後所達致:

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Cost of inventories sold	已銷售存貨成本		41,108	38,355
Cost of services provided	已提供服務成本		2,238	1,895
Depreciation a&b	折舊a&b	13	2,156	2,009
Amortisation of intangible	攤銷無形資產。			
assets <sup>c</sup>		15	941	801
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		218	210
Employee benefit expense	僱員福利開支(不包括董			
(excluding directors' remuneration	事酬金 — 附註8) d			
— note 8) <sup>d</sup>	工資、薪金及津貼		0.520	0.077
Wages, salaries and allowances	工員、新		8,530	9,076
Equity-settled share-based	股份付款開支		224	247
payment expense Retirement benefit scheme	退休福利計劃供款(界		224	247
contributions (defined	定供款計劃)。			
contributions (defined			343	351
Less: Government subsidies	減:政府補貼		545	331
— Hong Kong Special	—香港特別行政區			
Administrative	「保就業計劃」 <sup>f</sup>			
Region Employment	1 Mr. 2021/2 HT 242			
Support Scheme f			_	(389)
Government subsidies	政府補貼			(3.3.7)
— Hong Kong Special	_香港特別行政區			
Administrative	「創科實習計劃」f			
Region STEM				
Internship Scheme f			(14)	(9)
Government subsidies	政府補貼			
— Lithuania <sup>g</sup>	— 立陶宛g		(383)	(465)
			8,700	8,811

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### 6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX (Continued)

### 6. 税前溢利(續)

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Equity-settled share-based payments	支付予顧問的以權益結算		
for consultants	之股份付款	29	19
Loss on disposal of items of	出售物業、廠房及		
property, plant and equipment	設備項目之虧損	_	1
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益	_	57
Research and development expenses	研發開支	5,348	6,387
Consultancy and other expenses	諮詢及其他開支	3,063	2,405
Impairment of financial assets:	金融資產減值:		
Impairment of trade receivables,	貿易應收款項減值,		
net	淨額	_	11
Write-down of inventories to net	撇減存貨至可變現淨值		
realisable value		498	105
Foreign exchange differences, net	外匯匯率差額,淨額	(306)	1,657

- (a) Depreciation for the year of US\$290,000 (2022: US\$285,000) is included in "Cost of sales and services" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.
- (b) The total amount of depreciation includes the depreciation of right-ofuse assets of US\$1,592,000 (2022: US\$1,444,000).
- (c) Amortisation of intangible assets for the year of US\$941,000 (2022: US\$801,000) is included in "General and administrative expenses" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.
- (d) Employee benefit expense of US\$5,547,000 (2022: US\$5,675,000) is included in "Research and development, consultancy and other expenses" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.
- (e) There are no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group as the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions. At 31 December 2023, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to pension schemes in future years (2022: Nil).

- (a) 本 年 度 折 舊290,000美 元(2022年: 285,000美元)計入綜合損益及其他全面 收益表列示之「銷售及服務成本」中。
- (b) 折舊總額包括使用權資產折舊1,592,000 美元(2022年:1,444,000美元)。
- (c) 本年度攤銷無形資產941,000美元(2022 年:801,000美元)之金額已包括在綜合 損益及其他全面收益表列示之「一般及 行政開支」中。
- (d) 僱員福利開支5,547,000美元(2022年: 5,675,000美元)之金額已包括在綜合損益及其他全面收益表列示之「研發、諮詢及其他開支」中。
- (e) 本集團作為僱主,並無任何已沒收供款可用於減少現有供款水平。於2023年12 月31日,本集團沒有可用沒收供款可用於 未來年度減少退休金計劃的供款(2022 年:無)。

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#### PROFIT BEFORE TAX (Continued) **6.**

- The subsidies were granted under the STEM Internship Scheme (2022: Employment Support Scheme and STEM Internship Scheme) of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to the subsidies.
- During the year, the Company's subsidiary located in Lithuania received subsidies ("Subsidies") of approximately US\$419,000 (2022: US\$490,000) from the Government of Lithuania for several research and development projects. Subsidies of approximately US\$366,000 (2022: US\$444,000) were granted by the Government of Lithuania and are presented as a reduction in "Research and development, consultancy and other expenses" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Subsidies of approximately US\$53,000 (2022: US\$46,000) are presented as a reduction in "General and administrative expenses" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these Subsidies.

## 税前溢利(續)

- 該等補貼由香港特別行政區政府根據 「創科實習計劃」(2022年:「保就業計劃」 及「創科實習計劃」)發放。概無有關該 等補貼的未達成條件或或有事項。
- 年內,本公司在立陶宛的附屬公司從立 陶宛政府獲得約419,000美元(2022年: 490,000美元)的補貼(「該等補貼」),用 於多個研發項目。該等補貼約366.000 美元(2022年:444,000美元)由立陶宛政 府發放,並在綜合損益及其他全面收益 表列示之「研發、諮詢及其他開支」中呈 列為扣款。該等補貼約53,000美元(2022 年:46,000美元)在綜合損益及其他全面 收益表內之「一般及行政開支 | 中早列為 扣款。概無有關該等補貼的未達成條件 或或有事項。

#### 7. FINANCE COSTS

# 財務成本

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Interest on bank borrowings Interest on lease liabilities	銀行借貸利息 租賃負債利息	298 51	185 59
		349	244

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### 8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

# Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Hong Kong Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

### 8. 董事酬金

按照香港聯合交易所有限公司證券《上市規則》(「《上市規則》(「《上市規則》」)、《香港公司條例》第383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)節以及《香港公司(披露董事利益資料)規例》第2部,本年度董事酬金披露如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Fees:	袍金:		
Executive directors Independent non-executive	執行董事 獨立非執行董事	_	_
directors	烟	45	45
		45	45
Other emoluments:	其他酬金:		
Salaries and allowances Retirement benefit scheme contributions	薪金及津貼 退休福利計劃供款 (界定供款計劃)	1,153	1,150
(defined contribution schemes		8	8
		1,161	1,158
		1,206	1,203

### (a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

### (a) 獨立非執行董事

本年度支付獨立非執行董事的 袍金如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:		
Yu Kin Tim	余健添	15	15
Ho Chi Lam	何志霖	15	15
Wan Sze Chung	溫思聰	15	15
		45	45

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### **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (Continued)

### (a) Independent non-executive directors (Continued)

Save as disclosed above, there were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2022: Nil).

### (b) Executive directors

Other emoluments paid to executive directors during the year are as follows:

# 8. 董事酬金(續)

### (a) 獨立非執行董事(續)

除上述披露者外,於本年度並 無其他應付予獨立非執行董事 的薪酬(2022年:無)。

### (b) 執行董事

本年度向執行董事支付的其他 薪酬如下:

		Salaries and allowances 薪金及津貼 US\$*000 千美元	Equity-settled share-based payment expense 以權益 結算之股份 付款開支 US\$'000 千美元	Retirement benefit scheme contributions 退休福利 計劃供款 US\$'000 千美元	Total remuneration 酬金總額 US\$'000 千美元
2023	2023年				
Executive directors:	執行董事:				
Mr. Chan	陳先生	502	_	2	504
Chau Kit Wai	周傑懷	217	_	2	219
Yeung Yu	楊瑜	217	_	2	219
Chong Ming Pui	莊明沛	217	_	2	219
		1,153	_	8	1,161
2022	2022年				
Executive directors:	執行董事:				
Mr. Chan	陳先生	502	_	2	504
Chau Kit Wai	周傑懷	216	_	2	218
Yeung Yu	楊瑜	216	_	2	218
Chong Ming Pui	莊明沛	216		2	218
		1,150		8	1,158

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2022: Nil).

本年度並無董事放棄或同意放棄任 何酬金的安排(2022年:無)。

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### 9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

# The five highest paid employees during the year included four directors (2022: four directors), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining one (2022: one) highest paid employee who is not a director of the Company are as follows:

### 9. 五位最高薪僱員

本年度五名最高薪僱員包括四名董事(2022年:四名董事),彼等之薪酬詳情載於上文附註8。餘下一名(2022年:一名)並非本公司董事的最高薪僱員之薪酬詳情如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Salaries and allowances	薪金及津貼	217	216
Equity-settled share-based payment expense	以權益結算之股份付款開支	_	8
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	2	2
		219	226

The remuneration of the non-director highest paid employee fell within the following band is as follows:

非董事最高薪僱員的薪酬範圍如下:

		Number of employee 僱員數目	
			2022 2022年
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	1

In prior years, share options were granted to non-director highest paid employees in respect of their services to the Group, further details of which are included in the disclosures in note 25 to the financial statements. The fair value of such options, which has been recognised in profit or loss over the vesting period, was determined as at the date of grant and the amount included in the financial statements for the current year is included in the above non-director highest paid employees' remuneration disclosures.

於過往年度,非董事最高薪僱員因向本集團提供服務而獲授購股權,有關詳情載於財務報表附註25之披露資料。該等購股權之公允價值於歸屬期間在損益確認,乃於授出日期釐定,且計入本年度財務報表的金額載入上述非董事最高薪僱員的薪酬披露資料中。

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### 10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2022: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year, except for one subsidiary of the Group which is a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The first US\$256,000 (2022: US\$256,000) of assessable profits of this subsidiary are taxed at 8.25% (2022: 8.25%) and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5% (2022: 16.5%). Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries/ jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

# 10. 所得税

香港利得税乃根據年內於香港產生之估計應課税溢利之16.5% (2022年:16.5%) 支付,惟本集團的一間附屬公司除外,該公司為符合兩級制利得税率制度的實體。該附屬公司之應課稅溢利的首256,000美元(2022年:256,000美元)按8.25% (2022年:8.25%)之税率計算,餘下應課稅溢利按16.5% (2022年:16.5%)計算。其他應課稅溢利的稅款已按本集團經營所在國家/司法管轄區的現行稅率計算。

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Current — Hong Kong	現行 — 香港		
Charge for the year	本年度税款支出	4,680	3,447
Overprovision in prior years	以往年度超額撥備	(112)	(140)
Current — Elsewhere	現行 — 其他地區		, ,
Charge for the year	本年度税款支出	240	299
Under/(over)provision	以往年度撥備不足/		
in prior years	(超額撥備)	11	(11)
Deferred (note 23)	遞延(附註23)	32	127
Total tax charge for the year	本年度税款支出總額	4,851	3,722

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### 10. INCOME TAX (Continued)

# A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory profits tax rate for Hong Kong in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries operate/ are domiciled to the tax charge at the effective tax rate is as follows:

# 10. 所得税(續)

應用於按香港(本公司及其大部分附屬公司經營/所在地)之法定利得税税率計算之税前溢利之税項開支與按實際税率計算之税項開支的對賬如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000	2022 2022年 US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
Profit before tax	税前溢利	32,950	26,381
Tax at the Hong Kong statutory tax	按香港法定税率16.5% (2022		
rate of 16.5% (2022: 16.5%)	年:16.5%)計算之税款	5,437	4,353
Adjustments in respect of current tax	就過往期間當期税款		
of previous periods	作出之調整	(101)	(151)
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收益	(197)	(146)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税開支	33	322
Tax losses not recognised	未確認的税項虧損	26	30
Tax losses utilised from previous	動用前期的税項虧損		
periods		(38)	(25)
Effect of additional tax deduction	税務部門頒佈額外税項		
enacted by tax authority	減免的影響	(346)	(647)
Others	其他	37	(14)
Tax charge at the Group's effective	按本集團實際税率計算之		
tax rate	税款支出	4,851	3,722

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### 11. DIVIDENDS

### 11. 股息

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Interim — HK7.01 cents (2022: HK5.90 cents) per ordinary share	中期股息 — 每股普通 股7.01港仙(2022年: 5.90港仙)		9,859	8,269
Second interim — HK10.94 cents			-,	-,
(2022: HK8.69 cents) per ordinary share Special dividend — HK1.42 cents (2022: Nil) per ordinary	(2022年: 8.69港仙) 特別股息 — 每股普通 股1.42港仙(2022年:	(a)	15,450	12,205
share	零)	(b)	2,006	
			27,315	20,474

#### Notes:

- Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, a second interim dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023 of HK10.94 cents (2022: HK8.69 cents) per ordinary share, in the aggregate amount of approximately US\$15,450,000 (2022: US\$12,205,000), has been declared by the Directors of the Company.
- Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the Directors of the Company declared a special dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 of HK1.42 cents (2022: Nil) per ordinary share, in the aggregate amount of approximately US\$2,006,000 (2022: Nil).

# 12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY **EOUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT**

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,099,159,540 (2022: 1,094,013,375) in issue during the year.

The calculation of the diluted earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent. The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation is the number of ordinary shares in issue during the year, as used in the basic earnings per share calculation, and the weighted average number of ordinary shares assumed to have been issued at no consideration on the deemed exercise or conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

#### 附註:

- 於報告期末之後,本公司董事宣佈分派 截至2023年12月31日止年度之第二次中 期股息每股普通股10.94港仙(2022年: 8.69港仙), 合共約15,450,000美元(2022 年:12,205,000美元)。
- 本公司董事於報告期末之後,宣佈分派 截至2023年12月31日止年度特別股息每 股普通股1.42港仙(2022年:無),合共約 2,006,000美元(2022年:無)。

# 12. 母公司普通權益持有人應 佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利金額乃根據母公 司普通股權益持有人應佔年內 溢利及年內已發行普通股之加權 平 均 數1,099,159,540股(2022年: 1,094,013,375股)計算。

每股攤薄盈利金額乃根據母公司普 通權益持有人應佔年內溢利計算。計 算時所採用的普通股加權平均數為 本年度發行的普通股數量,即與計 算每股基本盈利時採用的數量相同, 並假設普通股加權平均數已因全部 攤薄潛在普通股被視為已行使或轉 换為普通股,而按零代價發行。

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# 12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

#### .a. . . . .

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on:

### **Earnings**

The calculations of basic and diluted earnings per share are based on profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent.

# 12. 母公司普通權益持有人應 佔每股盈利(繳)

每股基本及攤薄盈利乃基於以下數據計算:

### 盈利

每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據母公司普 通權益持有人應佔年內溢利計算。

Shares 股份

		Number of shares 股份數目	
		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year used in the basic earnings per share calculation  Effect of dilution — weighted	用於計算每股基本盈利的 年內已發行普通股 加權平均數 攤薄之影響 — 普通股	1,099,159,540	1,094,013,375
average number of ordinary shares: Share options	加權平均數:	1,508,957	5,842,182
Number of shares used in the diluted earnings per share calculation	用於計算每股攤薄盈利的 股份數目	1,100,668,497	1,099,855,557

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# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 13. 物業、廠房及設備

T III D EQUI	TI TVIENT I		• 100 5	113X 123 1.	^ P∧ III	
	Furniture			Machine	Right-of-	
	and	Computer	Office	and	use assets	
	fixtures	equipment	equipment	equipment	— buildings	Total
	傢俬及裝置	電腦設備	辦公室設備	機械及設備	一 樓宇	合計
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
	1,264	886	485	2,275	3,601	8,511
累計折舊	(971)	(718)	(403)	(1,704)	(1,405)	(5,201)
賬面淨值	293	168	82	571	2.196	3,310
жыны	270	100			2,170	
於2023年1月1日,						
扣除累計折舊	293	168	82	571	2,196	3,310
添置	409	22	23	237	_	691
租賃修訂之重新計量	_	_	_	_	2,649	2,649
	(145)	(85)	(44)	(290)	,	(2,156)
兑换率調整	2	(2)	(1)	2	23	24
於2023年12月31日,						
扣除累計折舊	559	103	60	520	3,276	4,518
M						
						0.46=
	,			,	- , -	9,407
累計折售	(1,130)	(811)	(446)	(2,000)	(502)	(4,889)
賬面淨值	559	103	60	520	3,276	4,518
	2023年12月31日 於2023年1月1日: 成本 累計折舊 賬面淨值 於2023年1月1日, 扣除累計折舊 添置 租賃修訂之重新計量 年內計選數整 於2023年12月31日, 扣除累計折舊 於2023年12月31日: 成本 累計折舊	and fixtures	Furniture and fixtures equipment  (家俬及装置 電腦設備 US\$'000 千美元 千美元  2023年12月31日 次2023年1月1日: 成本 1,264 886 累計折舊 (971) (718)  賬面淨值 293 168  於2023年1月1日 ,	Furniture and fixtures       Computer equipment       Office equipment         像風及裝置 US\$'000 千美元       電腦設備 排公室設備 US\$'000 US\$'000 T美元       基元         2023年12月31日 於2023年1月1日: 成本 1,264 累計折舊       886 485 485 485 485 485 485 485 485 485 485	Furniture and fixtures       Computer equipment       Office equipment       Machine and equipment         (AL及装置 (AL及装置 US\$'000 US\$'000 T美元       電腦設備 接公室設備 機械及設備 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 US\$'000 T美元       工業元         2023年1月31日	Furniture and Computer equipment

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# 13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(Continued)							
		Furniture and fixtures	Computer equipment	Office equipment	Machine and equipment	Right-of- use assets — buildings 使用權資產	Total
		傢俬及裝置 US\$'000 千美元	電腦設備 US\$'000 千美元	辦公室設備 US\$'000 千美元	機械及設備 US\$'000 千美元	一 樓宇 US\$'000 千美元	合計 US\$'000 千美元
<b>31 December 2022</b> At 1 January 2022:	<b>2022年12月31日</b> 於2022年1月1日:						
Cost Accumulated depreciation	成本 累計折舊	1,099 (870)	811 (645)	468 (365)	1,857 (1,422)	2,635 (257)	6,870 (3,559)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	229	166	103	435	2,378	3,311
At 1 January 2022, net of accumulated depreciation	於2022年1月1日, 扣除累計折舊	229	166	103	435	2,378	3,311
Additions	添置 租賃修訂之重新計量	184	126	34	421	1,246	2,011
Remeasurement on lease modifications Depreciation provided during the year Exchange realignment	性員修司 之 里 利 司 里 年 内 計 提 折 舊 兑 換 率 調 整	(117) (3)	(116) (8)	(47) (8)	(285)	66 (1,444) (50)	66 (2,009) (69)
At 31 December 2022, net of accumulated depreciation	於2022年12月31日, 扣除累計折舊	293	168	82	571	2,196	3,310
At 31 December 2022: Cost Accumulated depreciation	於2022年12月31日: 成本 累計折舊	1,264 (971)	886 (718)	485 (403)	2,275 (1,704)	3,601 (1,405)	8,511 (5,201)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	293	168	82	571	2,196	3,310

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### 14. LEASE LIABILITIES

### The Group as a lessee

The Group leases certain of its office properties and warehouses used in its operations. Leases for these assets generally have lease terms between two to ten years.

### (a) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

# 14. 租賃負債

### 本集團為承租人

本集團出租其營運中所用的若干辦公 室物業及倉庫。該等資產租賃的租 **賃期一般為兩至十年。** 

### (a) 租賃負債

本集團於本年度的租賃負債及 變動的賬面值如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Carrying amount at 1 January	於1月1日的賬面值	2,245	2,382
New leases	新租賃	_	1,246
Remeasurement on lease modifications	租賃修訂之重新計量	2,649	66
Accretion of interest recognised	年內確認的利息增加		
during the year		51	59
Payments	付款款項	(1,671)	(1,463)
Exchange realignment	兑换率調整	23	(45)
Carrying amount at 31 December  Analysed into: Current portion	於12月31日的賬面值 按以下項目分析: 即期部分	3,297 1,489	2,245 1,572
Non-current portion	非即期部分	1,808	673
Repayable: Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive Beyond five years	須於以下期限償還: 一年以內 第二年 第三年至第五年 (包括首尾兩年) 五年以上	1,489 1,394 164 250	1,572 222 159 292
		3,297	2,245

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 33 to the financial statements.

租賃負債的到期分析披露於財 務報表附註33。

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### 14. LEASE LIABILITIES (Continued)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(b) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

# 14. 租賃負債(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

(b) 就租賃在損益內確認的金額如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Interest on lease liabilities Depreciation charge of right-of-	租賃負債利息 使用權資產折舊費用	51	59
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	於損益內確認的總金額	1,592 1,643	1,444

<sup>(</sup>c) The total cash outflow for leases are disclosed in note 27(c) to the financial statements.

<sup>(</sup>c) 有關租賃的現金流出總額的資料披露於財務報表附註27(c)。

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### 15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

# 15. 無形資產

	~				
		Licences 許可 US\$'000 千美元	Patents 專利 US\$'000 千美元	Trademarks 商標 US\$'000 千美元	<b>Total</b> 合計 US\$'000 千美元
31 December 2023	2023年12月31日				
Cost at 1 January 2023,	於2023年1月1日成本,				
net of accumulated amortisation	扣除累計攤銷	1,399	395	13	1,807
Additions	添置	1,042	123	23	1,188
Amortisation provided during the year	年內計提攤銷	(785)	(151)	(5)	(941)
Exchange realignment	兑换率調整	6	1		7
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	1,662	368	31	2,061
	Massa Fra Flat Fl				
At 31 December 2023:	於2023年12月31日:	7 422	1 225	(0)	( <b>5</b> 10
Cost Accumulated amortisation	成本 累計攤銷	5,423	1,235	60	6,718
Accumulated amortisation	糸 引 )	(3,761)	(867)	(29)	(4,657)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	1,662	368	31	2,061
44 D	2022/T42/F44/F				
31 December 2022	2022年12月31日				
At 1 January 2022: Cost	於2022年1月1日: 成本	3,259	952	29	4,240
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(2,350)	(535)	(19)	(2,904)
Accumulated amortisation	<b>於 印 )                                  </b>	(2,330)	(333)	(19)	(2,904)
Net Carrying amount	賬面淨值	909	417	10	1,336
C-+	於2022年1月1日成本,				
Cost at 1 January 2022, net of accumulated amortisation	扣除累計攤銷	909	417	10	1,336
Additions	添置	1,109	158	7	1,274
Amortisation provided during the year	年內計提攤銷	(618)	(179)	(4)	(801)
Exchange realignment	兑换率調整	(1)	(1)		(2)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	1,399	395	13	1,807
			-		
At 31 December 2022 and at	於2022年12月31日及				
1 January 2023:	2023年1月1日:				
Cost	成本	4,365	1,109	36	5,510
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	(2,966)	(714)	(23)	(3,703)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	1,399	395	13	1,807
				1	

During the year, additions of intangible assets of US\$1,188,000 (2022: US\$1,274,000) were acquired separately.

年內,獨立收購無形資產添置 1,188,000美 元(2022年:1,274,000美 元)。

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### 16. INVENTORIES

### 16. 存貨

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Raw materials and consumables Finished goods	原材料及消耗品 製成品	10,343 6,595	17,992 14,341
		16,938	32,333

### 17. TRADE RECEIVABLES

### 17. 貿易應收款項

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Trade receivables Impairment	貿易應收款項 減值	17,442 (23)	12,078 (24)
		17,419	12,054

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new and individual customers, where payment on demand or in advance is normally required. The overall credit period for credit sales is generally within 60 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables and overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivables. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

本集團主要以信貸方式與客戶訂立貿易條款,但通常要求新客戶及獨宣室客戶按要求付款或預繳款項。信貸期一般為60天。本集團致力對尚未收取的應收款項維持層內數。 在管理,而逾期結餘由高級管理學校 在管理,而逾期結餘由高級管理學校 在管理,而逾期結餘由高級管理學校 在管理,而逾期結餘由高級管理學校 在管理,而逾期結餘由高級管理學校 在管理,而逾期結餘由高級管理學校 在管理,而逾期結餘由高級管理學校 在學歷校 有任何抵押或其他增強信貸措 施。貿易應收款項均為無息款項。

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#### 17. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

### 17. 貿易應收款項(續)

根據發票日期及扣除虧損撥備後,於報告期末貿易應收款項的賬齡分析如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Within 1 month	1個月內	11,108	9,344
1 to 2 months	1至2個月	4,736	1,938
2 to 3 months	2至3個月	848	483
Over 3 months	超過3個月	727	289
		17,419	12,054

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款項的虧損撥備的變動如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
At beginning of year	於年初	24	29
Impairment losses, net (note 6)	減值虧損,淨額(附註6)	_	11
Amount written off as uncollectible	撇銷為不可收回的款項	_	(18)
Exchange realignment	兑换率調整	(1)	2
At end of year	於年末	23	24

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due. The calculation reflects reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

於各報告日期採用撥備矩陣進行減值分析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基於逾期日數釐定。該計算反映於報告日期可得的有關過往事項、當前狀況及未來經濟條件預測的合理及可靠資料。

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### 17. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

#### As at 31 December 2023

## 17. 貿易應收款項(續)

下表載列本集團使用撥備矩陣計算的貿易應收款項的信貸風險資料:

#### 於2023年12月31日

					Past due 逾期		
		Credit- impaired 信貸減值	Current 即期	Less than 1 month 少於1個月	1 to 3 months 1至3個月	4 to 12 months 4至12個月	Total 合計
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount	預期信貸虧損率 賬面總值	100%	*	*	*	*	0.2%
(US\$'000) Expected credit losses	(千美元) 預期信貸虧損	23	13,981	2,617	776	45	17,442
(US\$'000)	(千美元)	23	_**	**	_*	***	23

#### As at 31 December 2022

#### 於2022年12月31日

					Past due 逾期		
		Credit- impaired 信貸減值	Current 即期	Less than 1 month 少於1個月	1 to 3 months 1至3個月	4 to 12 months 4至12個月	Total 合計
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount	預期信貸虧損率 賬面總值	100%	*	*	*	*	0.2%
(US\$'000) Expected credit losses	(千美元) 預期信貸虧損	24	10,638	1,102	296	18	12,078
(US\$'000)	(千美元)	24	**	**	**	***	24

<sup>\*</sup> The expected credit loss rates were less than 0.1%.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Based on management's assessment, the expected credit losses were minimal.

<sup>\*</sup> 預期信貸虧損率低於0.1%。

<sup>\*\*</sup> 根據管理層的評估,預期信貸虧損微乎 其微。

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#### 18. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 18. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER 款項 RECEIVABLES

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Prepayments Deposits and other receivables	預付款項 按金及其他應收款項	3,632 1,753	725 2,175
Deposits and other receivables	以业 及 六 旧 心 认 例 次	5,385	2,900
Less: Non-current portion	減: 非即期部分	(419)	(266)
Current portion	即期部分	4,966	2,634

The financial assets included in the above balances relate to deposits and receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts. The loss allowance was assessed by management to be minimal as at 31 December 2023 and 2022.

列入上述結餘中的金融資產涉及近 期無違約記錄及逾期金額的按金及 應收款項。管理層將於2023年及2022 年12月31日的虧損撥備評定為微小。

## 19. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSIT

## 19. 現金及現金等價物及已抵押 存款

		Note 附註	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Cash and bank balances Time deposit	現金及銀行結餘 定期存款		36,745 2,052	28,658 2,029
Less: Pledged time deposit for bank borrowings	減:就銀行借款抵押的 定期存款	31	38,797 (2,052)	30,687 (2,029)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		36,745	28,658

Certain cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on applicable bank deposit rates. The pledged short term time deposit is made for varying periods of between three and twelve months and earns interest at the respective short term time deposit rate. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

部分銀行的現金按適用銀行存款利 率以浮動利率計息。已抵押短期定期 存款的存款期為3至12個月不等,並 按各自短期定期存款利率賺取利息。 該等銀行結餘存入無近期違約歷史 的高信譽銀行。

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## 20. TRADE PAYABLES, OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

# 20. 貿易應付款項、其他應付款項及應計款項

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	2,300	4,352
Deposits received Other payables	已收取按金 其他應付款項	501 140	382 53
Accruals	應計款項	1,745	2,113
		4,686	6,900

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

根據發票日期,於報告期末貿易應付 款項的賬齡分析如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$*000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Within 1 month	1個月內	2,154	3,973
1 to 2 months	1至2個月	146	340
2 to 3 months	2至3個月	_	18
Over 3 months	超過3個月	<u> </u>	21
		2,300	4,352

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled within 30-day terms.

該等貿易應付款項均為無息且一般在 30天內悉數支付。

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#### 21. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

## 21. 合約負債

Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

合約負債詳情如下:

		31 December 2023 2023年 12月31日 US\$'000	31 December 2022 2022年 12月31日 US\$'000	1 January 2022 2022年 1月1日 US\$'000
Provision of warranty and support services Licensing arrangements	提供保修與 支援服務 許可安排	千美元 15,726 7,535	千美元 14,381 4,478	千美元 12,049 2,452
Total contract liabilities	合約負債總額	23,261	18,859	14,501

Contract liabilities include advances received to render warranty and support services and in connection with certain licensing arrangements. The increase in contract liabilities in 2023 and 2022 was mainly due to the increase in advances received from customers in relation to the provision of warranty and support services and in connection with certain licensing arrangements at the end of the reporting period.

合約負債包括就提供保修及支援服 務與若干許可安排有關而收取的墊 款。2023年及2022年合約負債增加乃 主要由於報告期末就提供保修及支 援服務與若干許可安排有關而向客 戶收取的墊款增加。

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## 22. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

## 22. 計息銀行借款

			2023 2023年			2022 2022年	
	Notes 附註	Contractual interest rate per annum 每年合約利率	Maturity 到期日	US\$'000 千美元	Contractual interest rate per annum 每年合約利率	Maturity 到期日	US\$'000 千美元
Current 即期							
Bank borrowings — secured	(a)	-	_	_	Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("Term SOFR") + 1.5%	On demand	726
銀行借款 — 已抵押					有期擔保 隔夜融資利率 +1.5%	按要求	
	(a)	_	_	_	Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") + 2.25%	On demand	4,991
					香港銀行同業 拆息+2.25%	按要求	
	(a)	HIBOR + 1.5% 香港銀行同業 拆息+1.5%	On demand 按要求	1,177	HIBOR + 1.5% 香港銀行同業 拆息+1.5%	On demand 按要求	754
				1,177			6,471
Analysed into: 按以下項目分析:							
Loans repayable within one year or on demand 於一年內或按要求應償付貸款				1,177			6,471
				<i>1741.</i> ⇒÷.			

#### Notes:

- (a) The Group's bank facilities amounting to US\$14,989,000 (2022: US\$14,927,000), of which an amount of US\$1,177,000 (2022: US\$6,471,000) had been utilised as at the end of the reporting period, are secured by the pledge of a time deposit of the Group amounting to US\$2,052,000 (2022: US\$2,029,000).
- (b) Except for the Term SOFR+1.5% secured bank borrowings which are denominated in United States dollars, all the borrowings of the Group are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

#### 附註:

- (a) 本集團達14,989,000美元(2022年: 14,927,000美元)當中的1,177,000美元數額(2022年: 6,471,000美元)之銀行信貸安排於報告期末已獲使用,乃以本集團達2,052,000美元(2022年: 2,029,000美元)的定期存款作抵押。
- (b) 除以美元計值的有期擔保隔夜融資利率 +1.5%已抵押銀行借款外,本集團所有 借款均以港元計值。

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### 23. DEFERRED TAX

## 23. 遞延税項

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets during the year are as follows:

本年度遞延税項負債及資產的變動 如下:

#### **Deferred tax liabilities**

#### 遞延税項負債

Deferred tax manifele	, IS						
		Depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation 超過有關折舊的 折舊撥備		allowance in allowance in excess of related excess of related depreciation amortisation 超過有關拆舊的 超過有關攤銷的		Total 合計	
		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January Deferred tax charged/(credited) to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during	於1月1日 年內扣除自/(計入) 綜合損益及其他 全面收益表的遞延 税項	52	40	298	220	350	260
the year Exchange realignment	兑换率調整	(14)	12	41 1	78 —	27 1	90 —
Gross deferred tax liabilities at 31 December	於12月31日的遞延 税項負債總額	38	52	340	298	378	350

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### 23. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

# **23.** 遞延税項(續) 遞延税項資產

Deferred t	ax assets
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		Provis paid carried	leave	Losses a for offs against taxable	setting future	Depred in excess of depreciation	of related	Tol	tal
		有薪假招	<b>發備結轉</b>	可用於拉 應課税溢		超過有 撥備的		合	計
		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during	於1月1日 年內計入/(扣除自)綜合 損益及其他全面收益 表的遞延税項	40	47	2	27	71	76	113	150
the year	W. H. N. See M.	(8)	(7)	(2)	(25)	5	(5)	(5)	(37)
Exchange realignment	兑换率調整 				_				
Gross deferred tax assets at 31 December	於12月31日的遞延税項 資產總額	32	40	_	2	76	71	108	113

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

為方便呈列有關資料,若干遞延税 項資產及負債已於財務狀況表抵銷。 下表載列用於財務申報的本集團遞 延税項結餘之分析:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position  Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated	於綜合財務狀況表內 確認的遞延税項資產淨額 於綜合財務狀況表內 確認的遞延税項負債淨額	108	111
statement of financial position		(378)	(348)
		(270)	(237)

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#### 23. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

The Group has estimated tax losses arising in Hong Kong of US\$14,000 (2022: US\$245,000), subject to the agreement by the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department, that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose. The Group also has estimated tax losses arising in Malaysia of US\$417,000 (2022: US\$327,000) for offsetting against future taxable profits arising in Malavsia.

As at 31 December 2023, the tax losses of certain subsidiaries incorporated in Hong Kong of nil (2022: US\$12,000) were recognised as deferred tax assets as the subsidiaries have been generating assessable profits in prior years. In the opinion of the directors, it is considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which such tax losses can be utilised based on the estimated future taxable profits of the subsidiaries. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the remaining tax losses of the Group arising in Hong Kong as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits would be available against which their tax losses can be utilised. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the tax losses arising in Malaysia as it is not considered probable that taxable profits would be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

## 23. 遞延税項(續)

根據香港税務局協議,本集團擁有 產 生 自 香 港 的14.000美 元(2022年: 245,000美元)之估計税項虧損,該等 税項虧損可無限期用於抵銷產生該 等虧損之公司的未來應課税溢利。本 集團亦擁有分別產生自馬來西亞的 417.000美元(2022年: 327.000美元)之 估計税項虧損,可抵銷產生自馬來西 亞的未來應課税溢利。

於2023年12月31日,若干於香港註冊 成立的附屬公司因過往年度均有產 生應課税溢利,其零(2022年:12.000 美元)税項虧損獲確認為遞延税項資 產。董事認為,根據該等附屬公司 的估計未來應課税溢利,其應課税 溢利可用作抵銷所動用之税項虧損。 本集團餘下產生自香港的稅項虧損 並無確認為遞延税項資產,因其產 生自已有一段時間錄得虧損的附屬公 司,以及應課税溢利抵銷所動用之 税項虧損之可能性不大。由於自馬來 西亞產生之税項虧損被認為不大可 能有應課税溢利抵銷可動用之税項 虧損,故未就該等虧損確認遞延税 項資產。

#### 24. ISSUED CAPITAL

#### Shares

## 24. 已發行股本

股份

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Authorised: 4,000,000,000 (2022: 4,000,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	獲授權: 4,000,000,000股(2022年: 4,000,000,000股) 每股0.01港元之普通股	5,152	5,152
Issued and fully paid: 1,100,494,000 (2022: 1,097,523,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	已發行及悉數繳付: 1,100,494,000股(2022年: 1,097,523,000股) 每股0.01港元之普通股	1,418	1,414

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#### 24. ISSUED CAPITAL (Continued)

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 $Shares \ ({\it Continued})$ 

A summary of movements in the Company's issued capital is as follows:

### 24. 已發行股本(續)

股份(續)

本公司已發行股本的變動摘要如下:

		Notes 附註	Number of shares in issue 發行股份數目	Issued capital 已發行股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Issued capital 已發行股本 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2022 Share options exercised	於2022年1月1日 已行使購股權	(a)	1,090,811,000 6,712,000	10,908 67	1,405
At 31 December 2022 and 1 January 2023 Share options exercised	於2022年12月31日 及2023年1月1日 已行使購股權	(b)	1,097,523,000 2,971,000	10,975 30	1,414 4
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日		1,100,494,000	11,005	1,418

#### Notes:

- (a) The subscription rights attaching to 6,712,000 share options were exercised at the weighted average subscription price of HK\$1.393 per share (note 25), resulting in the issue of 6,712,000 ordinary shares for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of approximately US\$1,195,000. An amount of approximately US\$263,000 was transferred from the share option reserve to share premium account upon the exercise of the share options.
- (b) The subscription rights attaching to 2,971,000 share options were exercised at the weighted average subscription price of HK\$1.326 per share (note 25), resulting in the issue of 2,971,000 ordinary shares for a total cash consideration, before expenses, of approximately US\$503,000. An amount of approximately US\$106,000 was transferred from the share option reserve to share premium account upon the exercise of the share options.

#### **Share options**

Details of the Company's share option scheme and the share options issued under the scheme are included in note 25 to the financial statements.

#### 附註:

- (a) 6,712,000份購股權附帶的認購權以加權 平均認購價每股1.393港元(附註25)行 使,導致發行6,712,000股普通股,扣除 費用前總現金代價共約1,195,000美元。 於購股權行使後,一筆約263,000美元的 金額由購股權儲備撥入股份溢價帳。
- (b) 2,971,000份購股權附帶的認購權以加權 平均認購價每股1.326港元(附註25)行 使,導致發行2,971,000股普通股,扣除 費用前總現金代價共約503,000美元。於 購股權行使後,一筆約106,000美元的金 額由購股權儲備撥入股份溢價帳。

#### 購股權

本公司的購股權計劃及根據該計劃 發行的購股權詳情載於財務報表附 註25。

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#### 25. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who contribute to the success of the Group's operations. Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Company's directors, including independent non-executive directors, other employees of the Group, consultants or advisors of the Group, suppliers of goods or services to the Group, customers of the Group, the Company's shareholders, and any other person, at the sole discretion of the directors. The Scheme became effective on 21 June 2016 and, unless otherwise cancelled or amended, will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The maximum number of unexercised share options currently permitted to be granted under the Scheme is an amount equivalent, upon their exercise, to 10% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. The maximum number of shares issuable under share options to each eligible participant in the Scheme within any 12-month period is limited to 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time. Any further grant of share options in excess of this limit is subject to shareholders' approval in a general meeting.

Share options granted to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or to any of their associates, are subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive directors. In addition, any share options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

The offer of a grant of share options may be accepted within 28 days from the date of offer, upon payment of a nominal consideration of HK\$1 in total by the grantee. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors, and commences after certain vesting period and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of offer of the share options or the expiry date of the Scheme, whichever is earlier.

### 25. 購股權計劃

為了激勵和獎勵為本集團運營作出貢 獻的符合條件的人十,本公司實行 購股權計劃(「計劃」)。於董事全權酌 情下,計劃的合資格參與者包括本 公司的董事(其中包括獨立非執行董 事)、本集團其他僱員、本集團諮詢 人或顧問、本集團的商品或服務供應 商、本集團的顧客、本公司的股東, 以及任何其他人士。計劃於2016年6 月21日開始生效,且除非另行註銷或 修訂,否則將自該日起10年內有效。

根據計劃,目前允許授出之未行使購 股權的最高數目相等於(倘獲行使)本 公司於任何時間已發行股份之10%。 於任何12個月期間,根據計劃授予各 合資格參與者之購股權可予發行股 份最高數目限於本公司於任何時間之 已發行股份之1%。如欲進一步授出 超越此限額之任何購股權,須獲股 東於股東大會批准。

將購股權授予本公司董事、最高行政 人員或主要股東或任何彼等聯繫人 士前,須預先獲得獨立非執行董事 的批准。此外,於任何12個月期間, 授予本公司主要股東或一名獨立非 執行董事或任何彼等聯繫人士的任 何購股權倘逾本公司於任何時間已 發行的股份之0.1%,或總額(根據授 出日,本公司的股份售價)逾500萬港 元,須預先於股東大會獲得股東批 准。

承授人支付1港元之象徵式總代價 後,授出的購股權之要約可於授出日 起計28日內接納。授出的購股權的行 使期限由董事釐定,於若干歸屬期後 開始,且於授出日起計不逾10年或計 劃屆滿日之中孰早者結束。

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#### 25. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The exercise price of share options is determinable by the directors, but may not be less than the highest of (i) the nominal value of the Company's shares; (ii) The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") closing price of the Company's shares on the date of offer of the share options; and (iii) the average Stock Exchange closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer.

There are no cash settlement alternatives. The Group does not have a past practice of cash settlement for these share options. The Group accounts for the Scheme as an equity-settled plan.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year:

#### 25. 購股權計劃(續)

購股權的行使價由董事釐定,惟不得少於(i)本公司股份的面值;(ii)於授出購股權當日,本公司股份的香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)收市價;及(iii)於授出目前五個交易日,本公司股份的平均聯交所收市價,以最高者為準。

不可選擇以現金結算。本集團過往 並無以現金結算該等購股權之慣例。 本集團將計劃入賬列作以權益結算 之計劃。

購股權並無授予持有人獲派股息或 於股東大會上投票之權利。

下述為根據計劃於本年度尚未行使之購股權:

			2023 2023年		22 2年
		Weighted		Weighted	
		average exercise		average exercise	
		price	Number of	price	Number of
		per share 每股加權	options	per share 每股加權	options
		平均行使價 HK\$	購股權數目	平均行使價 HK\$	購股權數目
		港元		港元	
At 1 January	於1月1日	2.326	16,929,000	1.741	19,410,000
Granted during the year	於本年度授出	1.990	3,300,000	2.988	7,400,000
Forfeited during the year	於本年度沒收	2.560	(2,478,000)	2.428	(2,202,000)
Expired during the year	於本年度過期	1.720	(2,925,000)	1.872	(967,000)
Exercised during the year	於本年度行使	1.326	(2,971,000)	1.393	(6,712,000)
At 31 December	於12月31日	2.585	11,855,000	2.326	16,929,000

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during the year was HK\$2.446 per share (2022: HK\$2.775 per share).

本年度行使的購股權於行使日期的加權平均股價為每股2.446港元(2022年:每股2.775港元)。

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### 25. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

#### 2023

## 25. 購股權計劃(續)

於報告期末,尚未行使的購股權的行 使價及行使期限如下:

#### 2023年

	每股行使價	購股權數目
	HK\$	'000
	港元	千股
10-5-2021 to 9-5-2024	1.180	52
10-5-2022 to 9-5-2024	1.180	75
10-5-2023 to 9-5-2024	1.180	147
31-12-2021 to 30-12-2024	1.120	50
31-12-2022 to 30-12-2024	1.120	53
31-12-2023 to 30-12-2024	1.120	100
14-12-2022 to 13-12-2025	0.922	50
14-12-2023 to 13-12-2025	0.922	53
14-12-2024 to 13-12-2025	0.922	175
9-11-2023 to 8-11-2026	2.970	1,100
9-11-2024 to 8-11-2026	2.970	550
9-11-2025 to 8-11-2026	2.970	550
17-6-2024 to 16-6-2027	2.988	2,800
17-6-2025 to 16-6-2027	2.988	1,400
17-6-2026 to 16-6-2027	2.988	1,400
11-12-2025 to 10-12-2028	1.990	1,650
11-12-2026 to 10-12-2028	1.990	825
11-12-2027 to 10-12-2028	1.990	825

11,855

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## 25. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

## 25. 購股權計劃(續)

2022年

Number of options 購股權數目 '000 千股	Exercise price per share 每股行使價 HK\$ 港元	Exercise period 行使期限
346 1,211 825 856 312 414 399 523 235 232 618 104 125 125 254 325 325 1,450 725 725 725 3,400 1,700	1.934 1.934 1.934 1.934 1.020 1.020 1.020 1.020 1.180 1.180 1.180 1.120 1.120 1.120 2.970 2.970 2.988 2.988	14–3-2019 to 13–3-2023 14–3-2020 to 13–3-2023 14–3-2021 to 13–3-2023 14–9-2019 to 13–9-2023 14–9-2020 to 13–9-2023 14–9-2021 to 13–9-2023 14–9-2021 to 13–9-2023 14–9-2022 to 13–9-2023 10–5-2021 to 9–5-2024 10–5-2022 to 9–5-2024 10–5-2023 to 9–5-2024 31–12–2021 to 30–12–2024 31–12–2022 to 30–12–2024 31–12–2023 to 30–12–2024 14–12–2022 to 13–12–2025 14–12–2023 to 13–12–2025 14–12–2024 to 13–12–2025 14–12–2024 to 13–12–2025 9–11–2024 to 8–11–2026 9–11–2025 to 8–11–2026 17–6-2024 to 16–6-2027 17–6-2026 to 16–6-2027
16,929	2.700	17 0 2020 to 10 0 2021

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#### 25. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The fair value of the share options granted during the year was US\$215.000 (US\$0.07 each) (2022; US\$807.000 (US\$0.11 each)). The Group recognised a share option expense of US\$253,000 (2022: US\$266,000) during the year ended 31 December 2023.

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year was estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used:

### 25. 購股權計劃(續)

本年度授出的購股權公允價值為 215.000美元(每份0.07美元)(2022年: 807,000美元(每份0.11美元))。本集 團於截至2023年12月31日止年度確認 253,000美元(2022年:266,000美元) 之購股權開支。

本年度授出的股權支付購股權的公允 價值於授出日按二項式估算,估算時 將授出購股權的條件及條款納入考 慮。下表載列該模式所使用的參數:

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Dividend yield (%)	股息率(%)	5.47	6.88
Expected volatility (%)	預期波幅(%)	41.57	50.96
Risk-free interest rate (%)	無風險利率(%)	3.37	2.96
Expected life of options (year) Weighted average share price	購股權預計年期(年) 加權平均股價(每股港元)	5.00	5.00
(HK\$ per share)		1.99	2.94

The expected life of the options is not necessarily indicative of the exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility of the Company's share price is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

The 2,971,000 share options exercised during the year resulted in the issue of 2,971,000 ordinary shares of the Company and new share capital of approximately US\$4,000, as further detailed in note 24 to the financial statements.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 11,855,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 11,855,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital and share premium of approximately US\$15,000 and US\$3,921,000 (before issue expenses), respectively.

購股權的預計年期並不一定反映可能 出現的行權方式。預期波幅反映本 公司股價的歷史波幅能表明未來趨勢 (但不一定為實際結果)的假設。

公允價值之計算並無計入已授出的購 股權的其他特點。

本年度行使的2,971,000份購股權導致 本公司發行2,971,000股普通股及約 4,000美元之新股本,進一步詳情載 於財務報表附註24。

於報告期末,本公司在計劃下擁有 11,855,000份未行使的購股權。在本 公司現行資本架構下,行使全數未 行使的購股權將會導致本公司發行 11,855,000股額外普通股及分別約 15.000美元及3.921.000美元(扣除發 行開支前)之額外股本及股份溢價。

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#### 25. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 11,653,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme, which represented approximately 1.1% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the number of share options permitted to be granted under the Scheme was 54,128,000, representing approximately 4.9% of the Company's shares in issue as at that date.

The number of share options permitted to be granted under the Scheme at the beginning and the end of the financial year were 57,428,000 and 54,128,000 respectively. The service provider sublimit under the Scheme is not yet available as at the date of approval of these financial statements.

The number of shares that may be issued in respect of options granted under the Scheme during the financial year of 7,779,000 divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue for the year of 1,099,159,540 is 0.7%.

#### 26. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 79 of the financial statements.

## 27. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### (a) Major non-cash transactions

- (i) During the year, the Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of nil (2022: US\$1,246,000) and nil (2022: US\$1,246,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for buildings.
- (ii) During the year, the Group had non-cash remeasurement on lease modifications to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of US\$2,649,000 (2022: US\$66,000) and US\$2,649,000 (2022: US\$66,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for buildings.

### 25. 購股權計劃(續)

截至該等財務報表批准日,本公司在計劃下擁有11,653,000份尚未行使之 購股權,相等於本公司於當日發行的 股份之約1.1%。

截至該等財務報表批准日,在計劃下允許授出的購股權數目為54,128,000份,相等於本公司於當日發行的股份之約4.9%。

於財政年度初及年末,根據計劃允許 授出的購股權數目分別為57,428,000 份及54,128,000份。截至該等財務報 表批准日,尚無計劃下的服務提供者 分項限額。

於財政年度,就根據計劃授出的購股權而可予發行的股份數目7,779,000份除以年內已發行股份的加權平均數1,099,159,540結果為0.7%。

### 26. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度的儲備 金額及其中的變動載列於財務報表 第79頁的綜合權益變動表中。

## 27. 綜合現金流量表附註

#### (a) 重大非現金交易

- (i) 於本年度,本集團就樓宇的租賃安排擁有使用權資產的非現金添置以及租賃負債分別為零(2022年:1,246,000美元)及零(2022年:1,246,000美元)。
- (ii) 於本年度,本集團就樓宇的租賃安排擁有使用權資產的租賃修訂之非現金重新計量以及租賃負債分別為2,649,000美元(2022年:66,000美元)。

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# 27. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

## (b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

## 27. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

### (b) 產生自融資活動的負債變動

		2023 2023年 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 US\$'000 千美元	2023 2023年 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2023 Remeasurement on lease	於2023年1月1日 租賃修訂之重新計量	2,245	6,471
modifications	世女はん。生が出土	2,649	_
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動	(1,671)	(5,314)
Interest expense	利息開支	51	_
Foreign exchange movement	外匯變動	23	20
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	3,297	1,177

		2022 2022年 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 Interest-bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款 US\$'000 千美元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	2,382	4,639
New leases	新租賃	1,246	_
Remeasurement on lease	租賃修訂之重新計量		
modifications		66	_
Changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動	(1,463)	1,841
Interest expense	利息開支	59	_
Foreign exchange movement	外匯變動	(45)	(9)
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	2,245	6,471

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## 27. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

### (c) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

## 27. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

#### (c) 租賃的現金流出總額

計入現金流量表之租賃的現金 流出總額如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Within financing activities	融資活動內	1,671	1,463

#### 28. PLEDGE OF ASSET

Details of the Group's asset pledged for the Group's bank borrowings are included in notes 22 to the financial statements.

#### 29. COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following contractual commitments at the end of the reporting period.

### 28. 資產抵押

本集團為銀行借款而抵押的資產的詳細資料包括在財務報表附註22中。

#### 29. 承擔

於報告期末本集團擁有如下合約承擔。

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Furniture and fixtures	<b>傢俬及裝置</b>	_	145

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#### 30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### In addition to the transactions, arrangements and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

### 30. 關聯方交易

除了財務報表詳述的交易、安 (a) 排及結餘,本集團於本年度亦 有以下關聯方交易:

		Note 附註	2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Lease payments charged by related companies^	關聯公司收取之 租賃付款^	(i)	1,260	1,147

Lease payments of US\$1,260,000 (2022: US\$1,147,000) included in these related party transactions also constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing 計入該等關聯方交易的租賃付款 1,260,000美元(2022年:1,147,000 美元)亦構成《上市規則》第14A章 所定義的持續關連交易。

> 繳付予關聯公司之租賃付款乃根 據各方協定之條款作出。關聯公

> 司之一名董事及實益股東陳先生

#### Note:

- The lease payments were charged by related companies based on terms as agreed between the relevant parties. A director and the beneficial controlling shareholder of the Company, Mr. Chan, is also a director and beneficial shareholder of the related companies.
- 同為本公司之一名董事及實益控 股股東。

附註:

- Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:
- (b) 本集團主要管理人員的報酬:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Short term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	短期僱員福利 離職後福利	1,153 8	1,150 8
Total compensation paid to key management personnel	已向主要管理人員 支付的報酬總額	1,161	1,158

Further details of directors' emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

有關董事薪酬的詳細資料披露 於財務報表附註8。

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44,916

## 31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY **CATEGORY**

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

## 31. 按類別劃分的金融工具

於報告期末各類別的金融工具的賬 面值如下:

#### **Financial assets**

Financial assets		金融資產		
		Financial ; at amortise 按攤銷成本入賬	d cost	
		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元	
Trade receivables Deposits and other receivables Pledged deposit Cash and cash equivalents	貿易應收款項 按金及其他應收款項 已抵押存款 現金及現金等價物	17,419 1,753 2,052 36,745	12,054 2,175 2,029 28,658	

#### Financial liabilities

## 金融負債

57,969

		Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本入賬的金融負債		
		2023 2022/5		
		2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022年 US\$'000 千美元	
Trada payablas	貿易應付款項	2 300	4 252	
Trade payables Other payables	其他應付款項	2,300 140	4,352 53	
Financial liabilities included in accruals	包括在應計款項中的 金融負債	525	591	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3,297	2,245	
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行借款	1,177	6,471	
		7,439	13,712	

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### 32. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL **INSTRUMENTS**

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities reasonably approximated to their fair values.

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposit, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, trade payables, other payables, financial liabilities included in accruals, and interest-bearing bank borrowings reasonably approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments or the effect of discounting is not material.

### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES**

The Group's principal financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposit, lease liabilities and interest-bearing bank borrowings. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, trade payables, other payables and financial liabilities included in accruals, which mainly arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

#### 32、金融工具公允價值

於報告期末,本集團金融資產及負債 的賬面值與其公允價值合理相若。

管理層已評估現金及現金等價物、 已抵押存款、貿易應收款項、按金及 其他應收款項、貿易應付款項、其他 應付款項、包括在應計款項中的金 融負債及計息銀行借款之公允價值, 認為皆與其賬面值合理地相若,原因 是該等工具均在短期內到期或貼現 的影響並不重大。

## 33. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括現金及 現金等價物、已抵押存款、租賃負 債以及計息銀行借款。該等金融工 具的主要目的是撥付本集團之營運。 本集團的其他金融資產及負債包括 貿易應收款項、按金及其他應收款 項、貿易應付款項、其他應付款項以 及包括在應計款項中的金融負債,主 要直接產生自其營運。

本集團金融工具產生的主要風險為 利率風險、外匯風險、信貸風險及 流動性風險。董事會已審閱並同意各 項風險之管理政策,而該等政策概 述如下。

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## 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings with floating interest rates.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on interest-bearing bank borrowings with floating interest rates).

## 33. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 利率風險

本集團面對市場利率變動的風險主 要與本集團帶浮動利率的計息銀行 借款有關。

下表闡述(通過帶浮動利率的計息銀行借款影響下)本集團税前溢利(在 所有其他因素不變下)對利率合理可 能變動的敏感度。

		Increase/ (decrease) in basis points 基點 增加/(減少)	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax 税前溢利 增加/(減少) US\$'000 千美元
2023 Hong Kong dollar Hong Kong dollar	<b>2023年</b> 港元 港元	(50) 50	6 (6)
2022 Hong Kong dollar Hong Kong dollar	2022年 港元 港元	(50) 50	32 (32)

There is no impact on the Group's equity except on the retained profits.

除了保留盈利外,本集團的權益並無 受影響。

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## 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures mainly arise from revenue generated and/or costs and expenses incurred by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currencies.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the Euro ("EUR"), Renminbi ("RMB"), Pound Sterling ("GBP"), Canadian dollar ("CAD") and Australian dollar ("AUD") exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair values of monetary assets and liabilities).

### 33. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 外匯風險

本集團有交易貨幣風險。該等風險主要源於除了經營單位的功能貨幣外, 由此等單位產生的收入及/或成本 以及產生的開支。

下表闡述於報告期末(由於貨幣資產及負債的公允價值的變動)本集團税前溢利(在所有其他因素不變下)對歐元(「歐元」)、人民幣(「人民幣」)、英鎊(「英鎊」)、加拿大元(「加元」)及澳大利亞元(「澳元」)兑換率合理可能變動的敏感度。

		Increase/ (decrease) in exchange rate 匯率增加/ (減少) %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax 税前溢利 增加/(減少) US\$'000 千美元
2023	2023年		
If the United States dollar weakens	倘美元兑歐元轉弱	5	250
against EUR If the United States dollar strengthens	倘美元兑歐元加強	3	359
against EUR		(5)	(359)
If the United States dollar weakens against RMB	倘美元兑人民幣轉弱	5	1
If the United States dollar strengthens against RMB	倘美元兑人民幣加強	(5)	(1)
If the United States dollar weakens	倘美元兑英鎊轉弱	_	
against GBP If the United States dollar strengthens	倘美元兑英鎊加強	5	70
against GBP		(5)	(70)
If the United States dollar weakens against CAD	倘美元兑加元轉弱	5	2
If the United States dollar strengthens	倘美元兑加元加強	3	2
against CAD		(5)	(2)
If the United States dollar weakens	倘美元兑澳元轉弱		
against AUD  If the United States dollar strengthens	倘美元兑澳元加強	5	50
against AUD	IN 人 儿儿 医儿 加 压	(5)	(50)

31 December 2023 2023年12月31日

## 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Foreign currency risk (Continued)

## 33. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

外匯風險(續)

		Increase/ (decrease) in exchange rate 匯率增加/ (減少) %	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax 税前溢利 增加/(減少) US\$'000 千美元
2022	2022年		
If the United States dollar weakens	倘美元兑歐元轉弱	5	574
against EUR If the United States dollar strengthens	倘美元兑歐元加強	3	374
against EUR		(5)	(574)
If the United States dollar weakens against RMB If the United States dollar strengthens	倘美元兑人民幣轉弱		
	倘美元兑人民幣加強	5	1
against RMB	114777767677774114771324	(5)	(1)
If the United States dollar weakens	倘美元兑英鎊轉弱		
against GBP If the United States dollar strengthens	倘美元兑英鎊加強	5	65
against GBP	阿关 九 九 关 <u>蚜 加 西</u>	(5)	(65)
If the United States dollar weakens	倘美元兑加元轉弱		
against CAD	<b>公关二分加三加</b>	5	2
If the United States dollar strengthens against CAD	倘美元兑加元加強	(5)	(2)
If the United States dollar weakens	倘美元兑澳元轉弱		
against AUD	<b>必美元</b>	5	30
If the United States dollar strengthens against AUD	倘美元兑澳元加強	(5)	(30)

There is no impact on the Group's equity except on the retained profits.

除了保留盈利外,本集團的權益並無 受影響。

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## 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Credit risk

The Group primarily trades on credit terms with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that most customers who wish to trade on credit terms are to a certain extent subject to certain credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored by the Group's management on an ongoing basis.

#### Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

#### As at 31 December 2023

### 33. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險

本集團主要以信用方式與經認可與高 信譽的第三方進行交易。本集團的 政策規定,所有希望以信用方式進行 交易的大部分客戶在若干程度下必 須經過信用審核程序。此外,應收 結餘由本集團的管理層持續監控。

#### 最高風險及年末分階段分類

下表根據本集團的信貸政策,列示信 貸質素及最高信貸風險敞口,除非毋 須過大成本或努力便可獲得其他資 料,否則下表主要以逾期資料及於12 月31日之年末分階段分類為基礎。呈 列數字為金融資產的賬面總值。

#### 於2023年12月31日

		12-month ECLs 12個月 預期信貸虧損		ifetime ECLs 目預期信貸虧損		
		Stage 1 第1階段 US\$'000 千美元	Stage 2 第2階段 US\$'000 千美元	Stage 3 第3階段 US\$'000 千美元	Simplified approach 簡化法 US\$'000 千美元	Total 合計 US\$'000 千美元
Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	貿易應收款項* 計入預付款項、按金及其他 應收款項的金融資產	_	-	_	17,442	17,442
— Normal**	<b>—</b> 正常**	1,753	_	_	_	1,753
Pledged deposit  — Not yet past due  Cash and cash equivalents	已抵押存款 — 尚未逾期 現金及現金等價物	2,052	_	_	_	2,052
— Not yet past due	— 尚未逾期	36,745	_	_	_	36,745
		40,550	_	_	17,442	57,992

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## 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

#### As at 31 December 2022

### 33. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

於2022年12月31日

	12-month ECLs 12個月		L	ifetime ECLs		
		預期信貸虧損	全期	]預期信貸虧損		
		Stage 1 第1階段 US\$'000 千美元	Stage 2 第2階段 US\$'000 千美元	Stage 3 第3階段 US\$'000 千美元	Simplified approach 簡化法 US\$'000 千美元	Total 合計 US\$'000 千美元
Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	貿易應收款項* 計入預付款項、按金及其他 應收款項的金融資產	_ I	_	_	12,078	12,078
— Normal**	— 正常**	2,175	_	_	_	2,175
Pledged deposit  — Not yet past due  Coch and each expired rate	已抵押存款 — 尚未逾期 現金及現金等價物	2,029	_	_	_	2,029
Cash and cash equivalents  — Not yet past due	况 並 及 現 並 寺 順 初 一 尚 未 逾 期	28,658	_		_	28,658
		32,862			12,078	44,940

- \* For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements.
- \*\* The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful"

Since the Group primarily trades on credit terms with recognised and creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral.

Concentrations of credit risk are managed by customer/counterparty. At the end of the reporting period, the Group had certain concentrations of credit risk as 24% (2022: 13%) and 65% (2022: 49%) of the Group's trade receivables were due from the Group's largest customer and five largest customers, respectively.

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 17 to the financial statements.

- \* 就本集團採用簡化減值法的貿易應收款 項而言,根據撥備矩陣而估計的資料於 財務報表附註17披露。
- \*\* 計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的 金融資產的信貸質素在尚未逾期,且並 無資料顯示金融資產的信貸風險自初步 確認以來大幅增加時被視為「正常」。否 則金融資產的信貸質素被視為「呆賬」。

由於本集團主要以信用方式與經認可 與高信譽的第三方進行交易,所以無 須抵押品。

信貸風險集中情況按客戶/對手方管理。於報告期末,本集團有若干信貸風險集中情況,原因是本集團貿易應收款項的24% (2022年:13%)及65% (2022年:49%)分別來自本集團的最大客戶及五大客戶。

與本集團面對因貿易應收款項而產 生的信貸風險有關的更多定量數據 在財務報表附註17中披露。

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## 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT **OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES** (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to ensure there are adequate funds to meet its contractual payments for financial liabilities. In the management of liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and bank balances, and time deposit deemed adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. Cash flows of the Group are closely monitored by senior management on an ongoing basis.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

## 33. 金融風險管理目標及政策/續/

#### 流動性風險

本集團的目標是要確保其擁有足夠款 項以應付其金融負債的合約應付款 項。就管理流動性風險而言,本集 團監督及維持一定程度的現金及銀 行結餘,以及管理層認為適合的定 期存款,以撥付本集團之營運及減低 現金流波動之影響。本集團的現金 流量由高級管理層持續密切監督。

根據合約未貼現款項,本集團於報告 期末之金融負債的到期狀況如下:

				2023 2023			
				3 to less			
			Less than	than	1 to	5 to 10	
		On demand	3 months	12 months 3至少於	5 years	years	Total
		按要求	少於3個月	12個月	1至5年	5至10年	合計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	_	2,300	_	_	_	2,300
Other payables	其他應付款項	_	140	_	_	_	140
Financial liabilities included in accruals	包括在應計款項中的						
	金融負債	16	509	_	_	_	525
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	281	1,358	1,628	271	3,538
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行借款	1,177	_		_	_	1,177
		1,193	3,230	1,358	1,628	271	7,680

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## 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

## 33. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

流動性風險(續)

Equially Tibit (commuta)				<i>1310</i> — 1	-V 1/ (1/94)		
				2022 2022 <sup>4</sup>			
				3 to less			
			Less than	than	1 to	5 to 10	
		On demand	3 months	12 months 3至少於	5 years	years	Total
		按要求	少於3個月	12個月	1至5年	5至10年	合計
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
	~ = 11 11 2						
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	_	4,352	_	_	_	4,352
Other payables	其他應付款項	_	53	_	_	_	53
Financial liabilities included in accruals	包括在應計款項中的						
	金融負債	16	575	_	_	_	591
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	279	1,340	450	324	2,393
Interest-bearing bank borrowings	計息銀行借款	6,471					6,471
		6,487	5,259	1,340	450	324	13,860

#### Note:

Included in the above interest-bearing bank borrowings of the Group are certain term loans with an aggregate carrying amount of US\$1,177,000 (2022: US\$6,471,000). The loan agreements of these borrowings contain a repayment on demand clause giving the banks the unconditional right to call in the loans at any time and therefore, for the purposes of the above maturity profile, the total amount is classified as "on demand".

Notwithstanding the above clause, the directors of the Company do not believe that the loans will be called before their respective maturity dates, and they consider that the loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the respective loan agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of approval of the financial statements; the lack of events of default; and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time.

#### 附註:

上述本集團的計息銀行借款包括賬面值總額達1,177,000美元(2022年:6,471,000美元)的若干定期貸款。該等借款的貸款協議包含隨時可讓銀行無條件要求收回貸款的條款,因此,就上述到期狀況表而言,總金額獲歸類為「按要求」。

儘管有上述條款規定,本公司董事並不認為該等貸款將於其各自的到期日前被要求償付,而認為該等貸款將於根據各貸款協議所載的到期日償還。是次評估乃考慮到下列方面方才進行:本集團於財務報表批准日期的財務狀況;未發生違約事件;以及本集團已按時償還所有先前的計劃還款。

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### 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk (Continued)

In accordance with the terms of the loans which contain a repayment on demand clause, the maturity profile of those loans as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments and ignoring the effect of any repayment on demand clause, is as follows:

### 33. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動性風險(續)

根據包含按要求還款條款的貸款條 款,該等貸款於報告期末的到期狀 況表(基於合約未貼現款項以及無視 任何按要求還款條款的影響)載列如 下:

		Less than 1 year 少於1年 US\$'000 千美元	1 to 5 years 1至5年 US\$'000 千美元	Over 5 years 超過5年 US\$'000 千美元	Total 合計 US\$'000 千美元
As at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	1,190	_	_	1,190
As at 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	6,579	_	_	6,579

#### Capital management

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group regularly reviews and manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividends payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

#### 資本管理

本集團資本管理的主要目標是保障 本集團持續經營的能力以及維持良 好資本比率以支持其業務及為股東 創造最大價值。

本集團定期對資本架構進行審查及 管理,以及因應經濟狀況變動及相 關資產的風險特性作出調整。本集 團可調整支付予股東的股息款項、向 股東發還資本或發行新股以維持或 調整資本架構。本集團毋須遵守任 何外界施加之資本要求。截至2023年 及2022年12月31日止年度,本集團並 無對資本管理的目標、政策或過程作 出改變。

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## 33. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (Continued)

#### Capital management (Continued)

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total debt to total shareholders' equity. Total debt includes interest-bearing bank borrowings. Total shareholders' equity comprises all components of equity attributable to owners of the parent. The Group's policy is to maintain the gearing ratio at a reasonable level. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods are as follows:

## 33. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

### 資本管理(續)

本集團以負債比率監察股本,即債務 總額對股東權益總額的比率。債務 總額包括計息銀行借款。股東權益 總額包括母公司擁有人應佔權益的 所有成份。本集團的原則是要將負債 比率維持在合理水平。截至報告期 末的負債比率如下:

		2023 2023年 US\$'000 千美元	2022 2022年 US\$'000 千美元
Interest-bearing bank borrowings and total debt	計息銀行借款及債務總額	1,177	6,471
Total shareholders' equity	股東權益總額	50,224	43,291
Gearing ratio	負債比率	2.3%	14.9%

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## 34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 34. 本公司財務狀況表 OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

本公司於報告期末之財務狀況表資 料如下:

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
		US\$'000	US\$'000
		千美元	千美元
NON-CURRENT ASSET	非流動資產		
Investment in a subsidiary	於一間附屬公司之投資	7	7
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Prepayments, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及		
receivables	其他應收款項	185	50
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	134,585	105,701
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	28,068	6,357
Total current assets	流動資產總額	162,838	112,108
Total Cultent assets	加男貝庄沁识	102,030	112,108
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	54	60
Amounts due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	136,238	85,314
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	136,292	85,374
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	26,546	26,734
Net assets	資產淨值	26,553	26,741
FOLLOW	權益		
EQUITY Issued capital	<b>性血</b> 已發行股本	1,418	1,414
Reserves (note)	儲備(附註)	25,135	25,327
reserves (note)	INH THE VEH HT-/	20,100	25,521
Total equity	權益總額	26,553	26,741

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# 34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 34. 本公司財務狀況表(續) OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

Note:

附註:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

本公司儲備之摘要如下:

		Share premium	Share option	Retained	
		account	reserve	profits	Total
		股份溢價帳 US\$'000	購股權儲備 US\$'000	保留盈利 US\$'000	合計 US\$'000
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	22,137	573	672	23,382
Profit for the year	年內溢利	_	_	21,264	21,264
Issue of shares upon exercise	行使購股權後發行股份	1 440	(2.62)		1 106
of share options	以權益結算的購股權安排	1,449	(263) 266	_	1,186 266
Equity-settled share option arrangements Transfer of share option reserve	財權超紀年的財政權安併	_	200	_	200
upon the forfeiture or expiry	轉讓購股權儲備				
of share options	13 MX AT AX TE BH III	_	(62)	62	_
Second interim 2021 dividend	2021年第二次中期股息	_	_	(11,513)	(11,513)
2021 special dividend	2021年特別股息	_	_	(989)	(989)
Interim 2022 dividend	2022年中期股息			(8,269)	(8,269)
At 31 December 2022 and	於2022年12月31日及於				
at 1 January 2023	2023年1月1日	23,586	514	1,227	25,327
Profit for the year	年內溢利	23,360		21,105	21,105
Issue of shares upon exercise	行使購股權後發行股份			21,100	21,100
of share options		605	(106)	_	499
Equity-settled share option arrangements	以權益結算的購股權安排	_	253	_	253
Transfer of share option reserve	購股權被沒收或到期後				
upon the forfeiture or expiry	轉讓購股權儲備				
of share options	and the fifth and a later title for	_	(146)	146	<del>-</del>
Second interim 2022 dividend	2022年第二次中期股息	_	_	(12,190)	(12,190)
Interim 2023 dividend	2023年中期股息			(9,859)	(9,859)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	24,191	515	429	25,135

Under the Company Law of the Cayman Islands, a company may make distributions to its members out of the share premium in certain circumstances.

根據開曼群島公司法,公司於若干情況下可 分派股份溢價帳予其成員。

## 35. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 29 February 2024.

## 35. 批准財務報表

該等財務報表由董事會於2024年2月 29日通過及批准發佈。

## **Five Year Financial Summary**

## 五年財務摘要

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements and reclassified/derived as appropriate, is set out below. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

下表載列本集團於過往五個財政年度的業績以及資產及負債概要,金額摘自已發佈的經審核財務報表及經過重新分類/分組(如適用)。此摘要並不構成經審核財務報表之一部分。

RESULTS 業績

		Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度				
			2022 2022年	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	2019 2019年
		US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元	US\$'000 千美元
REVENUE	收入	94,259	86,757	74,128	52,818	45,910
PROFIT BEFORE TAX Income tax expense	<b>税前溢利</b> 所得税開支	32,950 (4,851)	26,381 (3,722)	24,727 (3,527)	16,042 (1,812)	13,994 (1,905)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE PARENT	母公司擁有人應佔 年內溢利	28,099	22,659	21,200	14,230	12,089

ASSETS AND LIA	BILITIES	資產及負債					
			As at 31 December 於12月31日				
		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
		2023年	2022年	2021年	2020年	2019年	
		US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	
		千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	千美元	
TOTAL ASSETS	資產總額	85,275	83,290	71,743	59,307	50,078	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	負債總額	(35,051)	(39,999)	(31,660)	(23,469)	(15,964)	

