C. banner International Holdings Limited 千百度國際控股有限公司

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 1028

2023 Annual Report 年度報告



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Corporate Profile 公司簡介

C.banner International Holdings Limited 千百度國際控股有限公司

 Vision
 To be a leading ladies' fashion footwear branded
 願景

 group in China

Brand Values Elegance, Charm, Fashionable

CORPORATE PROFILE

C.banner International Holdings Limited (the "Company" or "C.banner", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") is the leading retailer of midto-premium women's formal and casual footwear in the PRC.

The Group distributes self-developed brands products through department stores and independent retail stores in different cities, ranging from firsttier to third-tier cities in the PRC, and is also proactive in developing online business as to further expand its customer base as well as sales and distribution network. In addition, the Group also acts as an original equipment manufacturer ("OEM") or original design manufacturer ("ODM") manufacturer for international shoes companies dealing in export markets.

Striving to be a leading ladies' fashion footwear branded group in the PRC, the Group upholds a diversified brand strategy and product portfolio as to diversify its footwear offerings and enter diversified market segments. The Group is popular for its brand values of elegance, charm and fashionable in the market, and operates self-developed brands, including C.banner, EBLAN, MIO, Badgley Mischka and natursun. **願景** 成為中國領先的時尚女鞋品 牌集團

品牌理念 優雅、魅力、時尚

公司簡介

千百度國際控股有限公司(「本公司」或「千 百度」,連同其附屬公司,統稱「本集團」) 是中國領先的中高檔端莊和休閒女鞋零 售商。

本集團透過位於中國多個一線至三線城 市的百貨商店及獨立零售店舖出售自有 品牌產品,亦積極發展線上業務,以期進 一步拓展其客戶群以及銷售及分銷網絡。 此外,本集團亦以原始設備製造商(「原 始設備製造商」)或原始設計製造商(「原 始設計製造商」)方式為國際鞋業公司生 產產品出口海外。

致力成為中國領先的時尚女鞋品牌集團, 本集團堅持多元化品牌發展戰略,並豐 富產品組合,以使其鞋履種類多樣化及 促進市場多元化。本集團因秉承優雅、魅 力、時尚的品牌理念備受市場青睐,並經 營自有品牌包括千百度、伊伴、米奧、百 吉利•米西卡及耐冉。

SELF-DEVELOPED BRANDS		自有品牌
C'IMHER	is one of the leading brands in the mid-to- premium formal and casual segment in the PRC, offers a range of mid-to-premium fashion, business and business casual footwear.	中國中高檔端莊及休閒分部的一大領軍 品牌,提供一系列中高檔時尚、商務及商 務休閒鞋履。
EBLAN	is comparatively more youthful, colorful and energetic in its designs.	設計更年輕、更絢麗,更具活力。
ΜΙΟ	offers a range of trendy and high-quality ladies footwear for most young female customers.	為年輕女性客戶提供一系列新潮優質女 鞋。
BADGLEY MISCHKA	is a well-known fashion brand, offers fashion ladies footwear to be worn in important occasions.	是知名時尚品牌,提供重要場合穿著的 時尚女鞋。
natursun	is committed to comfort technology research for the creation of comfortable and fashionable footwear targeted at office ladies in China.	致力於舒適技術的研究,為中國白領女 性設計舒適時尚的鞋履。

Corporate Profile 公司簡介



Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors: 執行董事:

Mr. Chen Yixi (Chairman) Mr. Yuan Zhenhua (President) Mr. Wu Weiming Mr. Zhang Baojun (Chief Financial Officer)

Non-executive Directors: 非執行董事:

董事會

陳奕熙先生(主席)

袁振華先生(總裁) 吳維明先生

獨立非執行董事:

鄺偉信先生 許承明先生

鄭紅亮先生

授權代表

梁志傑先生

張寶軍先生(首席財務官)

Ms. Cheng Xuanxuan (appointed on 18 March 2024) Mr. Miao Bingwen 程璇璇女士(於2024年3月18日獲委任) 繆炳文先生

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson Mr. Xu Chengming Mr. Zheng Hongliang

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Yuan Zhenhua Mr. Leung Chi Kit

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson (Chairman) Mr. Miao Bingwen Mr. Xu Chengming Mr. Zheng Hongliang

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Xu Chengming (Chairman) Mr. Miao Bingwen Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson Mr. Zheng Hongliang

審核委員會

鄺偉信先生(主席) 繆炳文先生 許承明先生 鄭紅亮先生

薪酬委員會

許承明先生(主席) 繆炳文先生 鄺偉信先生 鄭紅亮先生

千百度國際控股有限公司 二零二三年年度報告

Corporate Information 公司資料

提名委員會 **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Chen Yixi (Chairman) Mr. Xu Chengming Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson Mr. Zheng Hongliang

公司秘書

許承明先生

鄺偉信先生 鄭紅亮先生

梁志傑先生

REGISTERED OFFICE

COMPANY SECRETARY

Victoria Place 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM10 Bermuda

Mr. Leung Chi Kit

註冊辦事處

陳奕熙先生(主席)

Victoria Place 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM10 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN 香港主要營業地點 HONG KONG

Suite 1503, Level 15 Admiralty Centre Tower 1 18 Harcourt Road Admiralty, Hong Kong 香港金鐘 夏慤道18號 海富中心1座 15樓1503室

STOCK CODE 1028

公司網址

股份代號

1028

David Lo & Partners Suite 402, 4/F, Nan Fung Tower 88 Connaught Road Central Central, Hong Kong

AUDITOR

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants 核數師 中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

COMPANY WEBSITE www.cbanner.com.cn www.cbanner.com.cn 法律顧問 **LEGAL ADVISER**

羅國貴律師事務所 香港中環 干諾道中88號 南豐大廈4樓402室

SHARE REGISTRARS

Principal Share Registrar and Share Transfer Agent

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Ocorian Management (Bermuda) Limited Victoria Place 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM10 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

股份過戶處

Victoria Place

5th Floor

股份登記總處及股份過戶代理

Ocorian Management (Bermuda) Limited

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心 17樓1712-1716號舖

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor

Hopewell Centre

Wanchai

Hong Kong

183 Queen's Road East

Agricultural Bank of China, Nanjing Qinhuai sub-branch Bank of China, Suining sub-branch China Construction Bank, Suining sub-branch

主要往來銀行

中國農業銀行南京秦淮支行 中國銀行睢寧支行 中國建設銀行睢寧支行



31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM10 Bermuda

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Financial Highlights 財務摘要

		Year ended 3	
		截至12月31	日止年度
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	1,539,942	1,381,742
Gross profit	毛利	871,436	767,060
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	95,156	17,335
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	(74,202)	(2,569
Profit for the year	年內溢利	20,954	14,766
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to:	下列者應佔年內溢利/(虧損):		
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	20,830	14,789
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	124	(23
	=	20,954	14,766
		%	%
Gross profit margin	毛利率	56.6	55.5
Operating profit margin	經營利潤率	6.2	1.3
Net Profit Margin	淨利潤率	1.4	1.1
Earnings per share	每股盈利		
- Basic (RMB cents)	-基本(人民幣分)	1.00	0.71
- Diluted (RMB cents)	一攤薄(人民幣分)	1.00	0.71
Liquidity ratio (Note)	流動資金比率(附註)	403.9	353.2
Gearing ratio (Note)	資產負債率(附註)	-	-
		Days	Days
		日數	日數
Average inventory turnover	平均存貨周轉期	216.0	280.3
Average account receivable turnover	平均應收款項周轉期	35.9	40.4
Average payable turnover	平均應付款項周轉期	71.2	78.3

Note: Liquidity ratio = current assets/current liabilities; gearing ratio = total loans and borrowings/total assets

附註: 流動資金比率=流動資產/流動負債;資 產負債率=貸款及借貸總額/資產總額

Chairman's Statement 主席報告



Chen Yixi 陳 奕 熙 *Chairman 主席*

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Focusing on emerging consumer groups, optimizing business models continuously, and responding to market changes actively

聚焦新興消費群體,不斷優化業務模式,積極應 對市場變化

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of the Company, I am pleased to present the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2023.

In 2023, with the winding down of the pandemic and the deployment of China's economic stabilization policies, China's economy staged a steady post-pandemic recovery. China's economy grew in 2023 by 5.2% year on year. Economic indicators showed that China's economy has achieved a remarkably steady growth and emerged from the shadows of the pandemic over the past year.

Although the three-year pandemic severely hit the footwear industry, the pandemic eventually ended and people's lives returned to normal. The footwear industry began to rebound. The global footwear market is predicted to witness a revenue of US\$412.9 billion in 2024, with an annual growth rate of 3.43%.

The prospects of the China's footwear industry are full of opportunities and challenges. On one hand, with the advantages of China's huge market and national policy support, coupled with the recovery of the economy, improvement in production demand, overall stability in employment, market confidence and expectations have increased significantly. The Group believes that the prospects of the footwear industry are still optimistic. There will be always full of opportunities and development potentials in the industry.

各位股東:

本人謹代表本公司董事(「董事」)會(「董事 會」)欣然提呈本集團截至2023年12月31 日止年度的年報。

2023年,隨着疫情逐漸消退及中國部署 穩定經濟的政策,中國經濟在疫情後 穩步復甦。2023年,中國經濟同比增長 5.2%。經濟指標顯示,過去一年,中國經 濟實現了顯著穩定增長,走出了疫情陰 霾。

儘管持續三年的疫情為鞋履行業帶來沉 重打擊,但疫情最終結束,人們的生活步 入常態。鞋履行業開始反彈。預計到2024 年,全球鞋履市場的收入將達到4,129億 美元,年增長率為3.43%。

中國鞋履行業的前景充滿機遇和挑戰。 一方面,憑藉中國廣闊的市場優勢及國 家政策扶持,加之經濟復甦,生產需求改 善,就業總體穩定,市場信心和預期明顯 增強。本集團認為,鞋履行業的前景依然 樂觀。行業依舊充滿機遇和發展潛力。 On the other hand, amid rising inflationary pressure, sales revenue and operations of China's footwear and apparel industry have been suppressed. Decreased sales inevitably lead to an ascending increase in inventory and a consequent fall in inventory prices. In addition, fixed expenses such as retail rents and salaries are relatively high, putting pressure on corporate profits.

In order to mitigate the economic challenges in recent years and adapt to the complex business environment, the Company enhanced its organizational effectiveness through reorganization. Integrated measures were adopted to capitalize on the Company's competitiveness and brand values to maintain sustainable growth and rapidly respond to emerging market risks. Leveraging its solid foundation, the Company is prioritizing stability while pursuing future progress.

Over the years, through the implementation of a multi-brand strategy with C.banner as the core identity of the brand, the Company has been able to fully leverage the synergy of all brands. The Company has built a reputation for delivering quality products that are elegant, charming and stylish. It also operates several self-developed brands including "C.banner", "EBLAN", "MIO", "BADGLEY MISCHKA" and "Natursun".

At the same time, the Group will strengthen its core business capabilities, seize market opportunities through omnichannel layout with both online and offline presence, and re-stimulate growth momentum.

In response to the dynamic market environment and diverse customer tastes, the Group made timely and appropriate strategic adjustments to refine its operation to improve its supply chain system, retail network and enhance the brand's benefits. The Group also continued to optimize brand licensing business and online sales management, with the intention of enhancing its role as a leading retailer of mid-to-premium women's footwear in China.

The footwear market is greatly affected by the sought-after e-commerce, high rental fee for offline physical stores, and a diminishing number of mainstream consumers shopping at malls. Faced with difficulties, women's shoe brands began to explore the road of transformation and upgrading. While concentrating on promoting the transformation of its main business, the Group also actively looks for new growth points. 另一方面,由於通脹壓力攀升,中國鞋履 和服裝行業的銷售收入及經營受到抑制。 銷售減少不可避免地導致庫存增加,從 而導致庫存價格的下降。此外,零售租金 及工資等固定費用相對較高,對企業利 潤構成壓力。

為應對近年來的經濟挑戰及適應複雜的 營商環境,本公司透過重組提升組織效 能。採取綜合措施,充分發揮本公司的競 爭力及品牌價值,以保持持續增長及迅 速應對新興市場風險。憑藉堅實的基礎, 本公司堅持穩字當頭,穩中求進。

多年來,本公司透過實施以千百度為品 牌核心標識的多品牌戰略,充分發揮了 各品牌的協同效應。本公司以提供優雅、 魅力、時尚的優質產品而樹立聲譽。本公 司已建立自有品牌組合,包括「千百度」、 「伊伴」、「米奧」、「百吉利•米西卡」及「耐 冉」。

同時,本集團將強化核心業務能力,線上 線下並駕齊驅,透過全渠道佈局搶佔市 場先機,重新激發增長動力。

因應多變的市場環境及多元化的顧客品 味,本集團適時作出適當的策略調整,精 細化經營,從而完善供應鏈體系、零售網 絡及提升品牌效益。本集團亦繼續優化 品牌授權業務及線上銷售管理,以鞏固 其作為中國中高檔女鞋領先零售商的地 位。

受電子商務的廣受歡迎、線下實體店高 昂的租金、主流消費者商場購物的減少 等因素影響,鞋履市場受到巨大衝擊。面 對困境,女鞋品牌開始探索轉型升級之 路。本集團在着力推進主營業務轉型的 同時,積極尋找新的增長點。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Social media has become an indispensable part of people's daily lives, and it has inevitably become the only way to new retail. According to Statista, there were 5.18 billion global Internet users in 2023, of which social media users reached 4.8 billion, accounting for approximately 92% of global Internet users. China leads the way in online shopping, powered by the world's largest social media population. In order to seize e-commerce opportunities, the Company has further pushed forward its strategy to build an exceptional online and offline shopping experience for consumers.

In recent years, WeChat mini programs are all the rage. The Group believes that both "Data-driven and refined operations improve business results". The Group's official WeChat account enjoys immense popularity because C.Banner's official WeChat account is extremely well-run. Many consumers have developed a habit of discovering the latest promotion via WeChat mini programs. The Group will continue to strengthen its WeChat operations and maintain its fans' loyalty.

The leather women's footwear market has always been a fiercely competitive market. As consumers' requirements for fashion and quality continue to increase, the market is gradually developing towards high-end fashion and branding. In the future, the Company will also pay more attention to brand value and user experience, as well as sustainability and environmental protection.

Although competition in the women's footwear market is fierce, there are still opportunities. C.banner will strengthen its brand position and continue to adjust its strategies, focus on product design and quality, and improve user experience and service levels. The Company will focus on the needs and trends of emerging consumer groups, continue to innovate and adapt to market changes.

C.banner leads the fashion in women's shoes. C.banner always pursues fashion trends, constantly innovates, breaks through traditional constraints in design, and satisfies modern women's desire for fashion. Whether they are casual shoes with various styles or elegant and noble formal shoes, C.banner targets to meet the different needs of female consumers. 社交媒體已成為人們日常生活中不可或 缺的一部分,也必然成為新零售的必經 之路。根據Statista統計,2023年全球互聯 網用戶達51.8億,其中社交媒體用戶達48 億,約佔全球互聯網用戶的92%。中國有 著全球最大的社交媒體人群,引領線上 購物潮流。為把握電商機遇,本公司進一 步推進為消費者打造卓越線上線下購物 體驗的戰略。

近年,微信小程序風靡一時。本集團相信 「數據驅動及精細化運營提升業績」。由 於千百度官方微信公眾號運作良好,因 此本集團的官方微信公眾號享有極高的 知名度。許多消費者已養成透過微信小 程序了解最新促銷活動的習慣。本集團 將持續加強微信運營,維持粉絲忠誠度。

皮革女鞋市場的競爭依然如火如荼。隨 著消費者對時尚、品質的要求不斷提高, 市場逐漸朝向高端時尚和品牌化方向發 展。未來,本公司也將更加注重品牌價值 和用戶體驗,以及可持續發展和環境保 護。

儘管女鞋市場競爭激烈,但仍充滿機遇。 千百度將強化品牌地位,並繼續調整策 略,注重產品設計與品質,提升用戶體驗 與服務水準。本公司將聚焦新興消費群 體的需求和趨勢,不斷創新並適應市場 變化。

千百度引領女鞋時尚。千百度始終追求 時尚潮流,不斷創新,並在設計上突破傳 統束縛,滿足現代女性對時尚的渴望。無 論是款式多樣的休閒鞋,或是優雅高貴 的正裝鞋,千百度始終致力於迎合女性 消費者的不同需求。 With early identification of the athleisure market as a rising trend, coupled with the Group's diversified branding strategy and preceding reputation, the Group has been able to catch and ride this trend, effectively broadening its customer base to the younger generation, and in turn, its market share. The Group will continue to provide excellent quality and affordable footwear products with original designs to attract the new generation of consumers.

C.banner is dedicated to quality assurance. We produce footwear based on high-quality raw materials and strict production processes, and are committed to providing customers with worthy shoes that are durable and comfortable. By strictly controlling every production link and conducting regular quality inspection, the Company ensures that every pair of shoes has excellent quality and details.

With the aim of tapping into the young consumer market, the Group will continue to allocate more resources to strengthen its design and heighten marketing teams' ability to stay ahead of market trends, and to enhance product R&D capability so as to launch collections that resonate with the young generation, such as the newly launched noiseless step shoes, which received a positive market response.

In addition, C.banner covers a variety of styles, including trendy fashion, business formal wear, casual comfort, etc., providing consumers with a wide range of choices. Whether you are a young and fashionable woman or a career-oriented woman, C.banner can satisfy your pursuit of perfect shoes.

Looking ahead to the year of 2024, facing the uncertainties in the external environment, the economy is expected to face certain challenges in the short term. The Group remains well-positioned and well-prepared to realize the potential of its business model in the post-pandemic era. The Group is stepping up its efforts to expand its online and offline networks and seize market share. At the same time, the Group will continue to optimise its business model in response to the ever-changing consumer preferences and the evolving market situation, so as to pave the way for sustainable growth and consolidate market leadership in China. 憑藉較早洞察運動休閒市場的發展趨勢, 加之本集團多元化的品牌策略及良好聲 譽,本集團已能夠抓住並駕馭這一趨勢, 有效地擴大年輕一代的客戶群,從而擴 大其市場份額。本集團將繼續提供品質 優良、價格適中、設計新穎的鞋履產品, 以吸引新一代消費者。

千百度始終致力於品質保證。我們採用 優質的原料和嚴格的生產工藝生產鞋履, 致力於為客戶提供耐用舒適、物有所值 的鞋品。本公司嚴格把控每一個生產環 節,定期進行質量檢驗,確保每一雙鞋都 有優良的品質和細節。

為進軍年輕消費市場,本集團將持續投入更多資源加強設計及營銷團隊的能力, 把握市場趨勢,提升產品研發能力,從而 推出能契合年輕一代品味的產品系列, 例如新推出的靜音鞋,贏得了積極的市 場反響。

此外,千百度涵蓋潮流時尚、商務正裝、 休閒舒適等多種款型,為消費者提供了 廣泛的選擇空間。無論顧客是年輕時尚 的女性或是事業型的女性,千百度均能 滿足顧客對完美鞋履的追求。

展望2024年,面對不明朗的外部環境,預 計經濟短期內將面臨一定挑戰。本集團 仍具備優勢並做好了充分準備,以發揮 其業務模式在後疫情時代的潛力。本集 團正努力拓展線上線下網絡,搶佔市場 份額。與此同時,本集團將持續優化其業 務模式,以應對不斷變化的消費者偏好 和市場趨勢,為可持續增長並鞏固在中 國的市場領先地位奠定基礎。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

I would like to extend my sincerest gratitude to shareholders, business partners, staff and other stakeholders' tremendous support, and to my fellow Board members for leading the Company throughout this challenging year. No matter how complex and unstable the situation may be, we will stay resilient by exploring and pursuing new opportunities for additional business development as we strive to maximize shareholder value.

CHEN Yixi

Chairman

PRC, 28 March 2024

本人謹此衷心感謝股東、業務夥伴、員工 及其他利益相關方的鼎力支持,並感謝 董事會成員帶領本公司共度時艱。無論 形勢多麼動蕩複雜,我們都將積極探索 及尋求新的發展商機,保持韌性,並努力 為股東創造最大價值。

主席 **陳奕熙**

中國,2024年3月28日

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The Board is pleased to present its report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 (the "Review Period").

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out in the "Financial Highlights", "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" on page 8, pages 9 to 14 and pages 31 to 47 respectively of this annual report.

A description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group can be found in the "Chairman's Statement" on pages 9 to 14 and note 5 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 222 to 231 of this annual report. An analysis using financial key performance indicators can be found in the Financial Highlights on page 8 and Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 31 to 47 of this annual report.

The Group is committed to enhancing governance, promoting employee benefits and development, protecting the environment and giving back to society in order to fulfill social responsibility and achieve sustainable growth. Discussions on the Group's environmental policies and performance, compliance with the relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group and relationships with key stakeholders are provided below.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group recognises the importance of good environmental stewardship and endeavours to increase its utilization rate of energy, water and materials. In the meantime, the Group minimises the use of natural resources and optimises its production process while enhancing efficiency and reducing the use of energy and chemicals of every unit of products. It also adopts various environmental measures and promotes waste reduction as well as recycling and reuse. 董事會欣然呈列其報告連同本集團截至 2023年12月31日止年度(「回顧期間」)之 經審核綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司主要業務為投資控股,而其附屬 公司之主要業務載於綜合財務報表附註 39。

業務回顧

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之業 務回顧分別載於本年報第8頁、第9至14 頁及第31至47頁之「財務摘要」、「主席報 告」及「管理層討論及分析」等節。

有關本集團面對的主要風險及不確定因 素載於本年報第9至14頁「主席報告」及 第222至231頁綜合財務報表附註5。使用 財務主要表現指標的分析請參閱本年報 第8頁財務摘要及第31至47頁管理層討論 及分析一節。

本集團致力提升管治、促進僱員福利與 發展、保護環境及回饋社會,從而履行社 會責任並實現可持續增長。本集團之環 境政策及表現、遵守對本集團有重大影 響的相關法律及規例的情況以及與其主 要利益相關方的關係之討論載於下文。

環境政策及表現

本集團認同良好環境管理至關重要,致 力提升各項能源、水資源、物料的利用效 率,同時減少對各項天然資源的使用,並 優化生產程序,提升效能及減少每單位 產品的能源與化學品使用;亦已採取多 項環保措施,做好廢棄物減量及分類再 利用等。

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group is mainly engaged in mid-to-premium ladies footwear brands and retail of toys in the PRC. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations concerning labour rights, environmental protection, product safety and health, information privacy and regulatory requirements that have significant impacts on the Company.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS Employees

The Group considers its employees as important and valuable assets, and is committed to providing a pleasant working environment and promoting work-life balance. It also offers competitive remuneration packages and provides a harmonious working environment to its staff members so as to maintain a high retention rate. In addition, the Group organises a comprehensive training programme to enhance employees' capability and efficiency in daily operation.

Customers

The Group considers customers as a major stakeholder and is committed to providing comprehensive and high quality customer services. The Group has established good relationship with many renowned international brands so as to provide customers with the best services and high-quality and safe products.

Suppliers

The Group prudently selects its suppliers and builds long-term business relationship with numbers of suppliers. Such suppliers have to meet certain assessment criteria of the Group and comply with anti-bribery policies launched by the Group.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 184 to 185 of this annual report.

FINAL DIVIDENDS

The Board did not recommend a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).

遵守相關法律及規例的情況

本集團主要在中國經營中高檔女鞋品牌 及玩具零售。於截至2023年12月31日止 年度,本集團已遵守各有關勞工權利、環 境保護、產品安全與健康、資料私隱保障 以及監管要求方面且對本公司有重大影 響之所有有關法律及規例。

與主要利益相關方的關係 ^{僱員}

本集團認為其僱員是重要和寶貴的資產, 因此致力提供舒適的工作環境,提倡工 作與生活之間的平衡,並提供具有市場 競爭力的薪酬待遇及建立和諧工作環境, 以致力維持一個高員工挽留率。此外,本 集團提供綜合培訓計劃,提高僱員在日 常營運上之能力及效率。

客戶

本集團視客戶為重要的利益相關方,致 力提供全面且高質素的客戶服務。本集 團已與多個國際知名品牌建立長期合作 關係,為品牌客戶提供最佳服務及提供 高品質與高安全性的產品。

供應商

本集團審慎挑選供應商,與多家供應商 建立了長期的業務關係。相關供應商均 需滿足本集團的若干評估標準,並遵守 本集團制訂的反賄賂政策。

業績

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之業 績載於本年報第184至185頁之綜合損益 及其他全面收益表。

末期股息

董事會並無就截至2023年12月31日止年 度建議宣派末期股息(2022年:無)。

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 24 June 2024 to Thursday, 27 June 2024, both days inclusive, in order to determine the identity of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") who are entitled to attend the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM") to be held on Thursday, 27 June 2024. All transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712- 1716, 17/F, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 21 June 2024.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 33.3% (2022: 35.2%) of the Group's total purchases and the Group's largest supplier accounted for 9.3% (2022: 12.0%) of the Group's total purchases.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's sales to its five largest customers accounted for 14.4% (2022: 26.5%) of the Group's total sales and the Group's largest customer accounted for 7.3% (2022: 12.3%) of the Group's total sales.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates or any Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers during the year ended 31 December 2023.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.

暫停辦理股份過戶手續

本公司的股份過戶登記處將於2024年6月 24日(星期一)至2024年6月27日(星期四)(包 括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶手續,以 釐定有權出席於2024年6月27日(星期四) 舉行之本公司應屆股東週年大會(「股東 週年大會」)之本公司股東(「股東」)身份。 所有過戶文件連同相關股票,須不遲於 2024年6月21日(星期五)下午4時30分前 送交本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處香 港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港 灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712 至1716號舖。

主要客戶及供應商

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團五 大供應商佔本集團購買總額之33.3%(2022 年:35.2%),而本集團最大供應商佔本集 團購買總額之9.3%(2022年:12.0%)。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團向 其五大客戶之銷售佔本集團銷售總額之 14.4%(2022年:26.5%),而本集團最大 客戶佔本集團銷售總額之7.3%(2022年: 12.3%)。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,董事或 任何彼等之緊密聯繫人士或任何股東(據 董事所深知持有本公司已發行股本5%以 上)概無於本集團五大客戶及供應商中擁 有任何權益。

物業、機器及設備

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之物 業、機器及設備之變動詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註15。

股本

本公司年內股本變動詳情載於綜合財務 報表附註32。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

As at 31 December 2023, the Company had reserves available for distribution of approximately RMB189.4 million (as at 31 December 2022: Nil).

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report are:

Executive Directors: Mr. Chen Yixi (Chairman) Mr. Yuan Zhenhua (President) Mr. Wu Weiming Mr. Zhang Baojun (Chief Financial Officer)

Non-executive Directors:

Ms. Cheng Xuanxuan (appointed on 18 March 2024) Mr. Miao Bingwen

Independent non-executive Directors: Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson

Mr. Xu Chengming Mr. Zheng Hongliang

At the forthcoming AGM, Mr. Chen Yixi, Mr. Wu Weiming and Mr. Zhang Baojun will retire by rotation in accordance with bye-law 99 of the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-laws"), and Ms. Cheng Xuanxuan will retire in accordance with bye-law 102(B) of the Bye-laws. All retiring Directors, being eligible, had offered themselves for re-election as Directors at the forthcoming AGM.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 70 to 74 of this annual report.

儲備

本集團年內儲備變動詳情載於綜合權益 變動表。

於2023年12月31日,本公司可供分派儲 備約為人民幣189.4百萬元(於2022年12月 31日:無)。

董事 年內及直至本報告日期之董事為:

執行董事: 陳奕熙先生(*主席*) 袁振華先生(*總裁*) 吳維明先生 張寶軍先生(*首席財務官*)

非執行董事: 程璇璇女士(於2024年3月18日獲委任) 繆炳文先生

獨立非執行董事: 鄺偉信先生 許承明先生 鄭紅亮先生

於應屆股東週年大會上,陳奕熙先生、吳 維明先生及張寶軍先生將根據本公司細 則(「細則」)第99條輪值退任,及程璇璇女 士將根據細則第102(B)條退任。所有退任 董事均合資格並願意於應屆股東週年大 會上重選連任。

董事會及高級管理層

本集團董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情載 於本年報第70至74頁。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") from each of the independent non-executive Directors and the Company considers such Directors to be independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party subsisting during or at the end of the year ended 31 December 2023.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2023.

EMOLUMENT POLICY

A remuneration committee was set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance of the Directors and senior management and comparable market practices.

The Company has adopted a share award scheme as incentive to eligible employees, details of the schemes are set out in the section headed "Share Award Scheme" below.

確認獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港聯交所」) 證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條發出 之年度獨立性確認書,本公司認為該等 董事均屬獨立。

董事服務合約

建議於應屆股東週年大會上重選之董事 概無與本公司訂立任何於一年內倘本公 司終止則須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)之 服務合約。

董 事 之 重 大 交 易、安 排 及 合 約 權 益

董事並無直接或間接於截至2023年12月 31日止年度期間或結束時存在之本公司 或其任何附屬公司涉及本集團業務之任 何重大交易、安排或合約中擁有重大權 益。

管理合約

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,並無訂 立或已有涉及本公司整體業務或業務任 何重大部分之管理及行政之合約。

薪酬政策

薪酬委員會已告成立,以審閱本集團之 薪酬政策及本集團全體董事及高級管理 層之薪酬結構,當中考慮到本集團之經 營業績、董事及高級管理層之個別表現 以及可資比較市場慣例。

本公司已採納股份獎勵計劃,作為對合 資格僱員之獎勵,有關計劃詳情載於下 文「股份獎勵計劃」章節。

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and five highest paid individuals are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Bye-laws, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto. There is appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (ii) which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register maintained by the Company, or (iii) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") were as follows:

董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金

董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金詳情載於 綜合財務報表附註12。

獲准許之彌償條文

根據細則,每位董事有權就其任期內,或 因執行其職務而可能遭致或發生與此相 關之一切損失或責任從本公司資產中獲 得賠償。本公司已為本集團董事及高級 職員購買適當的董事及高級職員責任保 險作為保障。

董事及主要行政人員於股份、 相關股份及債權證中之權益 及淡倉

於2023年12月31日,董事及本公司主要 行政人員於本公司或其任何相關法團(定 義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」) 第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中, 擁有(i)證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分 部須知會本公司及香港聯交所的權益及 淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文 彼等被當作或被視為擁有的任何權益或 淡倉),或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例有關條文 條記錄於本公司須存置的登記冊內的權 益及淡倉,或(iii)根據上市發行人董事進 行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須 知會本公司及香港聯交所的權益及淡倉 如下: Interest in the Company:

於本公司的權益:

Name of Directors 董事姓名	Nature of interest 權 益 性 質	Total number of shares/underlying shares held 所持股份/ 相關股份總數	Approximate percentage of interest in the Company 佔本公司 權益概約 百分比
Mr. Chen Yixi (Note 1) 陳奕熙先生(附註1)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	280,000,000 (long position) (好倉)	13.48%
Mr. Miao Bingwen (Note 2) 繆炳文先生(附註2)	Interest in a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益 Beneficial owner	80,000,000 (long position) (好倉) 20,000,000	3.85% 0.96%
	實益擁有人	(long position) (好倉)	
Mr. Wu Weiming 吳維明先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	50,000 (long position) (好倉)	Less than 0.01% 少於0.01%
Mr. Zhang Baojun 張寶軍先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,327,000 (long position) (好倉)	0.06%

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

Notes:

- Mr. Chen Yixi is the beneficial owner of all the issued share capital of Hongguo International Group Limited ("Hongguo") which holds 280,000,000 shares of the Company in long position.
- Mr. Miao Bingwen is the beneficial owner of all the issued share capital of Sure Manage Investments Limited which holds 80,000,000 shares of the Company in long position.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would be required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, or which would be required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or would be required to be notified to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as otherwise disclosed in this annual report, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2023 were there rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

附註:

- 陳 奕 熙 先 生 為Hongguo International Group Limited (「Hongguo」) 全部已發行股本之實益 擁有人,該公司持有本公司280,000,000股好倉 股份。
- 繆炳文先生為Sure Manage Investments Limited 全部已發行股本之實益擁有人,該公司持 有本公司80,000,000股好倉股份。

除上文所披露者外,於2023年12月31日, 董事或本公司主要行政人員概無於本公 司或任何其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨 條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中 擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8 分部須知會本公司及香港聯交所之權益 或淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第352條 須予置存之登記冊內之權益或淡倉,或 根據標準守則須予知會本公司及香港聯 交所之權益或淡倉。

董事認購股份或債權證之權利

除本年報另行所披露者外,於截至2023 年12月31日止年度任何時間,概無任何 以收購本公司股份或債權證方式獲得利 益的權利授予董事或彼等各自的配偶或 未滿18歲子女,或彼等有權行使有關權 利;或本公司及其任何附屬公司概不為 任何令董事或彼等各自的配偶或未滿18 歲子女獲得任何實體法團的該等權利安 排的訂約方。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2023, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which fell to be disclosed to the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were required to be entered in the register of the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

主要股東於股份及相關股份中之權益及淡倉

於2023年12月31日,據董事所深知,以下 人士(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外) 於本公司股份或相關股份中,擁有根據 證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條 文須向本公司及香港聯交所披露的權益 或淡倉,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條 須記錄於本公司登記冊內的權益或淡倉 如下:

Annavimata

		A	
		Total number of	percentage of
		shares/underlying	interest in
Name of Shareholders	Nature of interest	shares held	the Company
		所持股份/	佔本公司權益
股東姓名/名稱	權益性質	相關股份總數	概約百分比
Hongguo	Beneficial owner	280,000,000	13.48%
	實益擁有人	(long position)	
		(好倉)	
Arch Capital Group Ltd	Interest in a controlled corporation	127,387,086	6.13%
(Note 1)(附註1)	受控制法團權益	(long position)	
		(好倉)	
ADM Galleus Fund II Limited	Interest in a controlled corporation	127,387,086	6.13%
(Notes 1 and 2)(附註1及2)	受控制法團權益	(long position)	
		(好倉)	
ADM Investment Management	Interest in a controlled corporation	127,387,086	6.13%
Limited (Note 3)(附註3)	受控制法團權益	(long position)	
		(好倉)	
UTAH Retirement Systems	Interest in a controlled corporation	127,387,086	6.13%
(Note 2)(附註2)	受控制法團權益	(long position)	
		(好倉)	

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

			Approximate
		Total number of	percentage of
		shares/underlying	interest in
Name of Shareholders	Nature of interest	shares held	the Company
		所持股份/	佔本公司權益
股東姓名/名稱	權益性質	相關股份總數	概約百分比
Utah State Retirement	Interest in a controlled corporation	127,387,086	6.13%
Investment Fund	受控制法團權益	(long position)	
(Note 2)(附註2)		(好倉)	
Eight Dragons Investments	Person having a security interest	127,387,086	6.13%
Limited (Notes 1 and 2)	in shares	(long position)	
(附註1及2)	對股份持有保證權益的人士	(好倉)	
OCI International Holdings	Person having a security interest	131,000,000	6.31%
Limited (Note 4)	in shares	(long position)	
東建國際控股有限公司 (附註4)	對股份持有保證權益的人士	(好倉)	

Notes:

附註:

1.

2.

- Eight Dragons Investments Limited has a security interest in 127,387,086 shares of the Company. According to the corporate substantial shareholder notice dated 18 January 2018 submitted by Arch Capital Group Ltd, Arch Capital Group Ltd holds 100% shareholding in Arch Reinsurance Ltd. Arch Reinsurance Ltd holds 43.70% shareholding in ADM Galleus Fund II Limited, which in turn holds 74.95% shareholding in Eight Dragons Investments Limited. Therefore, the above entities are deemed to be interested in 127,387,086 shares of the Company, in which Eight Dragons Investments Limited is interested.
- 2. Eight Dragons Investments Limited has a security interest in 127,387,086 shares of the Company. According to the corporate substantial shareholder notice dated 18 January 2018 submitted by UTAH Retirement Systems, UTAH Retirement Systems holds 100% shareholding in Utah State Retirement Investment Fund. Utah State Retirement Investment Fund holds 54.90% shareholding in ADM Galleus Fund II Limited, which in turn holds 74.95% shareholding in Eight Dragons Investments Limited. Therefore, the above entities are deemed to be interested in 127,387,086 shares of the Company, in which Eight Dragons Investments Limited.
- Eight Dragons Investments Limited於本公司 127,387,086股股份中持有保證權益。根據Arch Capital Group Ltd申報的日期為2018年1月18 日的法團大股東通知, Arch Capital Group Ltd持有Arch Reinsurance Ltd 的全部股權。 Arch Reinsurance Ltd持有ADM Galleus Fund II Limited 43.70%的股權,而ADM Galleus Fund II Limited持有Eight Dragons Investments Limited 74.95%的股權。因此,上述實體被視 作於Eight Dragons Investments Limited擁有權 益的本公司127,387,086股股份中擁有權益。
- Eight Dragons Investments Limited於本公司 127,387,086股股份中持有保證權益。根據 UTAH Retirement Systems申報的日期為2018年 1月18日的法團大股東通知,UTAH Retirement Systems持有Utah State Retirement Investment Fund的全部股權。Utah State Retirement Investment Fund持有ADM Galleus Fund II Limited 54.90%的股權,而ADM Galleus Fund II Limited持有Eight Dragons Investments Limited 74.95%的股權。因此,上述實體被視作於Eight Dragons Investments Limited擁有權益的本公司 127,387,086股股份中擁有權益。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

- 3. Eight Dragons Investments Limited has a security interest in 127,387,086 shares of the Company. According to the corporate substantial shareholder notice dated 18 January 2018 submitted by ADM Investment Management Limited, it holds 100% shareholding in ADM Galleus Fund II Limited, which in turn holds 74.95% shareholding in Eight Dragons Investments Limited. Therefore, the above entities are deemed to be interested in 127,387,086 shares of the Company, in which Eight Dragons Investments Limited.
- 4. According to the corporate substantial shareholder notice dated 30 May 2022 submitted by OCI International Holdings Limited, OCI International Holdings Limited holds 100% of OCI Capital (BVI) Limited, which in turn holds 100% of OCI Capital Limited. OCI Capital Limited has a security interest in 131,000,000 shares of the Company. Therefore, OCI International Holdings Limited is deemed to be interested in 131,000,000 shares of the Company, in which OCI Capital Limited is interested.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, the Directors were not aware of any persons (who were not Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which would be required, pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register of the Company.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2023, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Bye-laws or the laws of Bermuda, being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders. Eight Dragons Investments Limited於本公司 127,387,086股股份中持有保證權益。根據 ADM Investment Management Limited申報的 日期為2018年1月18日的法團大股東通知, 其持有ADM Galleus Fund II Limited的全部 股權,而ADM Galleus Fund II Limited持有 Eight Dragons Investments Limited 74.95% 的股權。因此,上述實體被視作於Eight Dragons Investments Limited擁有權益的本公 司127,387,086股股份中擁有權益。

3.

4.

根據東建國際控股有限公司申報的日期為2022 年5月30日的法團大股東通知,東建國際控 股有限公司持有OCI Capital (BVI) Limited的 全部股權,而OCI Capital (BVI) Limited持有 OCI Capital Limited的全部股權。OCI Capital Limited於本公司131,000,000股股份中持有保 證權益。因此,東建國際控股有限公司被視 為於OCI Capital Limited擁有權益的本公司 131,000,000 股股份中擁有權益。

除上文披露者外,於2023年12月31日,董 事概不知悉任何人士(並非董事或本公司 主要行政人員)於本公司股份或相關股份 中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第 2及3分部須予披露的權益或淡倉,或根 據證券及期貨條例第336條須記錄於本公 司登記冊內的權益或淡倉。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本公司 或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖 回本公司任何上市證券。

優先權

細則或百慕達(本公司註冊成立所在司法 權區)法律項下並無提供優先權,令本公 司可按現有股東股權比例發售新股份。 董事會報告

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

As of 31 December 2023, each of Mr. Chen Yixi and Hongguo (the "Substantial Shareholders") has executed a deed of non-competition through which they have irrevocably and unconditionally warranted and undertaken to the Company not to, directly or indirectly engage, participate or hold any right or interest in or render any services to or otherwise be involved in any business in competition with or likely to be in competition with the business of design, manufacture and sale of footwear and other businesses as conducted by the Group; or take any action which constitutes an interference with or a disruption to the business activities of the Group including, but not limited to, solicitation of customers, suppliers or personnel of the Group.

The Substantial Shareholders have confirmed to the Company of their compliance with the deed of non-competition during the year under review for disclosure in this annual report.

The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the status of compliance and confirmed the Substantial Shareholders' compliance of the deed of non-competition.

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

On 31 August 2015, the Company adopted a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") to recognize the contribution of certain employees of the Group and to provide them with incentives in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group. A summary of the Share Award Scheme is as follows:

(1) **Purpose of the Share Award Scheme**

The purpose of the Share Award Scheme is to recognise the contributions of certain employees and to provide them with incentives in order to retain them for the continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group.

不競爭承諾

截至2023年12月31日,陳奕熙先生及 Hongguo(「主要股東」)各自均已執行不競 爭契據,當中彼等不可撤回地及無條件 地向本公司保證及承諾,不會直接或間 接從事、參與任何與設計、製造及銷售鞋 履業務以及本集團從事之其他業務構成 或可能構成競爭之任何業務,或於其中 持有任何權利或權益,或向其提供任何 服務或以其他形式參與有關業務;或採 取對本集團業務活動構成干涉或阻礙之 行動,包括但不限於招攬本集團客戶、供 應商或員工。

主要股東已向本公司確認彼等已於回顧 年度遵守本年報所披露之不競爭契據。

獨立非執行董事已審查該等遵守狀況, 並確認各主要股東均已遵守不競爭契據。

股份獎勵計劃

於2015年8月31日,本公司採納一項股份 獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」),以表彰本集 團若干僱員的貢獻並給予獎勵以挽留彼 等為本集團之持續經營及發展而努力, 及吸引合適之人才加入,以協助本集團 進一步發展。股份獎勵計劃概要詳情如 下:

(1) 股份獎勵計劃之目的

股份獎勵計劃旨在表彰若干僱員 的貢獻並給予獎勵以挽留彼等為 本集團之持續經營及發展而努力, 及吸引合適之人才加入,以協助 本集團進一步發展。

(2) **Participants of the Share Award Scheme**

Subject to the provisions of the Share Award Scheme, the Board may, from time to time, at its absolute discretion select any employee (other than any excluded employee who is resident in a place where the award is not permitted under the laws or regulations of such place or where the compliance with applicable laws or regulations in such place makes it necessary or expedient to exclude such employees) for participation in the Share Award Scheme as a selected employee, and grant such number of awarded shares to any selected employee at no consideration and in such number and on and subject to such terms and conditions as it may in its absolute discretion determine.

(3) Total number of shares available for issue under the Share Award Scheme

The Share Award Scheme involves existing shares of the Company. The Company may from time to time cause to be paid a contributed amount to the trust by way of settlement or otherwise contributed by the Company or such other subsidiary as directed by the Company which shall constitute part of the trust fund, for the purchase of shares and other purpose set out in the scheme rules and the trust deed of the Share Award Scheme.

In case of allotting and issuing new shares as awarded shares, the Company shall comply with the relevant applicable provisions of the Listing Rules. The Company intends to use the general mandate available at the time of granting the awarded shares for the issue and allotment of new awarded shares. Applications for the listing of and permission to deal in the new awarded shares will be made to the Hong Kong Stock Exchange when the award is granted.

The Board shall not make any award of awarded shares which will result in the nominal value of the shares awarded by the Board under the Share Award Scheme exceeding ten (10) percent of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

As at the date of the annual report, no shares of the Company were held by the trustee of the Share Award Scheme.

(2) 股份獎勵計劃之參與者

在股份獎勵計劃條文的規限下, 董事會可不時全權酌情選定任何 僱員(不包括任何居住在根據當地 法律或法規不允許授出獎勵的地 方或為遵守當地適用法律或法規 而排除該等僱員屬必要或適宜的 除外僱員)作為經甄選僱員參與股 份獎勵計劃,並按其可能全權酌 情釐定的有關數目以及有關條款 及條件並在其規限下,向任何經 甄選僱員無償授出有關數目的獎 勵股份。

根 據 股 份 獎 勵 計 劃 可 供 發 行 之 股 份 總 數

(3)

股份獎勵計劃涉及本公司現有股份。本公司可不時促使本公司或 本公司指示的其他附屬公司以結 算或其他方式向信託支付出資金 額(將構成信託基金的一部分),以 購買股份及達致股份獎勵計劃的 計劃規則及信託契據所載的其他 目的。

倘配發及發行新股份作為獎勵股份,本公司須遵守上市規則的相 關適用條文。本公司擬將授出獎 勵股份時可動用的一般授權用於 發行及配發新獎勵股份。授出獎 勵後,本公司將向香港聯交所申 請批准新獎勵股份上市及買賣。

倘董事會根據股份獎勵計劃授予 獎勵股份將導致授出的股份的面 值超過本公司不時已發行股本的 百分之十(10),則董事會不得授予 任何獎勵股份。

於本年報日期,股份獎勵計劃之 受託人並無持有本公司股份。

Report of the Directors

董事會報告

(4) Maximum entitlement of each participant under the Share (4) Award Scheme

The maximum aggregate nominal value of awarded shares which may be granted to a selected employee under the Share Award Scheme shall not exceed one (1) percent of the issued share capital of the Company at the date of such award.

(5) Vesting period of awards granted under the Share Award Scheme

Subject to the terms and condition of the Share Award Scheme and the fulfillment of all vesting conditions (if any) to the vesting of the awarded shares on such selected employee as specified in the scheme rules and the grant notice (as the case may be), the respective awarded shares held by the trustee on behalf of the selected employee shall vest in such selected employee in accordance with the vesting schedule as set out in the grant notice, and the trustee shall cause the awarded shares to be transferred to such selected employee (or his/her wholly-owned corporation) on the vesting date.

(6) Amount payable on acceptance of the awarded shares The awarded shares are granted to any selected employee at no consideration and in such number and on and subject to such terms and conditions as the Board may in its absolute discretion determine.

(7) Basis of determining the purchase price of the shares to be awarded under the Share Award Scheme

On each occasion when the Company instructs the trustee to purchase shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Company shall specify the maximum amount of funds to be used and the range of prices at which such shares are to be purchased. The trustee may not incur more than the maximum amount of funds or purchase any shares at a price falling outside the range of prices so specified unless with the prior written consent of the Company.

(8) Remaining life of the Share Award Scheme

Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board pursuant to the scheme rules, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of ten (10) years commencing on 31 August 2015. The remaining life of the Share Award Scheme is around 1 year and 5 months.

根據股份獎勵計劃每名參與者之 最高配額

根據股份獎勵計劃可授予經甄選 僱員的獎勵股份的最高總面值不 得超過本公司於有關獎勵日期已 發行股本的百分之一(1)。

根 據 股 份 獎 勵 計 劃 授 出 獎 勵 之 歸 屬 期

(5)

(7)

在股份獎勵計劃的條款及條件的 規限下,以及待計劃規則及授出 通知(視情況而定)所列明將獎勵 股份歸屬予有關經甄選僱員的所 有歸屬條件(如有)達成後,受託人 代表經甄選僱員持有的相關獎勵 股份將根據授出通知所載的歸屬 時間表歸屬予有關經甄選僱員, 而受託人須促使獎勵股份於歸屬 日期轉讓予有關經甄選僱員(或其 全資擁有的法團)。

(6) 接納獎勵股份之應付款項

獎勵股份乃按董事會可能全權酌 情釐定的有關數目以及有關條款 及條件並在其規限下,以零代價 授予任何經甄選僱員。

釐定根據股份獎勵計劃將予授出 股份之購買價之基準

本公司每次指示受託人於香港聯 交所購買股份時,本公司須列明 將予使用的最高資金金額及購買 有關股份的價格範圍。除非經本 公司事先書面同意,否則受託人 不得產生超過最高金額的資金或 以超出指定價格範圍的價格購買 任何股份。

(8) 股份獎勵計劃之剩餘年期

除非董事會根據計劃規定提前終止,否則股份獎勵計劃自2015年 8月31日起計十(10)年內有效並生效。股份獎勵計劃之剩餘年期約 為一年五個月。

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Details of the Share Award Scheme are set out in the Company's announcements dated 31 August 2015 and 19 October 2015. During the year ended 31 December 2023, no awarded share was granted by the Company (2022: Nil). The trustee of the Share Award Scheme held nil and nil unvested shares at the beginning and end of the year respectively. The trustee of the Share Award Scheme purchased nil awarded shares during the year. The Company did not make any awards under the terms of the Share Award Scheme during the year.

The number of awarded shares available for grant under the scheme mandate of the Share Award Scheme was 187,000,000 shares and 187,000,000 shares as at 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023, respectively.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

No equity-linked agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares, or that require the Company to enter into any agreements that will or may result in the Company issuing shares, were entered into by the Company during or at the end of the Review Period.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee had reviewed together with the management and external auditor the accounting principles and policies adopted by the Group and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year.

CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code under Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules. Specific enquiry has been made of all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they had complied with such code of conduct during the Review Period.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 48 to 69 of this annual report. 股份獎勵計劃詳情載於本公司日期為2015年 8月31日及2015年10月19日的公告。於截至 2023年12月31日止年度,本公司沒有授出獎 勵股份(2022年:無)。股份獎勵計劃的受 託人於年初及年末分別持有零股及零股 未歸屬股份。股份獎勵計劃的受託人於 年內購買零股獎勵股份。年內,本公司並 無根據股份獎勵計劃的條款作出任何獎 勵。

於2023年1月1日及2023年12月31日,股份獎勵計劃的計劃授權項下可供授出的獎勵股份 數目分別為187,000,000股及187,000,000股。

股票掛鈎協議

於回顧期間內或結束時,本公司概無訂 立將會或可導致本公司發行股份的股票 掛鈎協議,或要求本公司訂立任何協議 將會或可導致本公司發行股份的股票掛 鈎協議。

審核委員會

審核委員會連同管理層及外部核數師已 審閱本集團採納之會計原則及政策以及 年內經審核綜合財務報表。

董事進行證券交易之操守守則

本公司已採納董事進行證券交易的操守 守則,其條款不遜於上市規則附錄C3的 標準守則所載的規定標準。經向全體董 事作出特定查詢後,董事均確認彼等於 回顧期間已遵守有關操守守則。

企業管治

本公司承諾維持高水平企業管治常規。 有關本公司所採納企業管治常規的資料 載於本年報第48至69頁之企業管治報告。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

里尹曾牧古

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information publicly available to the Company and to the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public at all times during the Review Period.

AUDITOR

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited was appointed as the auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023. ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited has audited the attached financial statements, which were prepared pursuant to Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited shall retire in the forthcoming AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

公眾持股量之充足性

根據本公司可公開獲得的資料及就董事 所知,於回顧期間所有時間,本公司已發 行股本總額的最少25%由公眾人士持有。

核數師

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司獲委任 為本公司截至2023年12月31日止年度的 核數師。中匯安達會計師事務所有限公 司已審核隨附的財務報表,該等報表按 香港財務報告準則編製。

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司將於應 屆股東週年大會退任,並合資格及願意 重獲聘任。重新聘任中匯安達會計師事 務所有限公司為本公司核數師之決議案 將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈。

On behalf of the Board	代表董事會
Mr. Chen Yixi Chairman	<i>主席</i> 陳奕熙先生
PRC, 28 March 2024	中國,2024年3月28日

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

According to the World Bank's latest Global Economic Prospects report, global gross domestic product (GDP) is estimated to grow by 2.4% in 2024. The World Bank warned that global growth in 2024 is set to slow for the third year in a row. Many developing countries will continuously face with the prolonging poverty and debilitating debt levels. Hamstrung by the COVID-19 pandemic, then the war in Ukraine and fluctuated inflation and interest rates around the world, the global economy is predicted to remain subdued for 2024 as countries continue to face a variety of challenges.

Even though the global economic situation changes, China recorded GDP growth of 5.2% in 2023, successfully meeting last year's annual target and in line with market forecast. It showed that China's economy has achieved a remarkably steady growth and emerged from the shadows of the pandemic over the past year. The increase in growth is attributed to China's economic policies to maintain stable growth.

China's retail sales of consumer goods increased by 7.2% in 2023. Total retail sales of consumer goods reached RMB47.15 trillion (about 6.63 trillion U.S. dollars) last year, according to the statistics of the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS). In 2023, consumption became the main driving force for economic growth again.

Amid an economic slowdown, the momentum in consumer consumption has been appeared to slow down, weighing on economic recovery. The International Monetary Fund outlined a forecast for China's real GDP growth to slow to 4.6% in 2024. Another example is that consumers in China were scouring for discounts and spending cautiously for last year's 'Singles' Day' shopping event, which saw a significant slowdown given the tough competition, a weakening economy, and weakening consumer sentiment.

However, the government officials predicted that consumption will maintain decent growth in the next stage, as there are many favourable conditions to support its continuous recovery. China's consumption potential is huge, adding that the market with a population of over 1.4 billion, the steady advancement of urbanization and the upgrading of consumption structure have provided broad space for the growth of consumption.

業務回顧

根據世界銀行最新的《全球經濟展望》報告,預計2024年全球經濟增長總值將增長2.4%。世界銀行發出警示,全球經濟增長將於2024年連續第三年放緩,許多發展中國家將繼續面臨貧困,債務水準惡化。受COVID-19疫情、烏克蘭戰爭以及全球各地的通脹及利率波動影響,預計全球經濟將於2024年保持低迷,各國將繼續面臨各種挑戰。

儘管全球經濟形勢發生變化,2023年中 國國內生產總值增長5.2%,順利達成去 年的全年目標,符合市場預期。這表明, 過去一年,中國經濟實現了顯著穩定增 長,走出了疫情陰霾。經濟增長得益於中 國保持穩定增長的經濟政策。

2023年,中國社會消費品零售額增長 7.2%。根據中國國家統計局的數據,去年 社會消費品零售總額達到人民幣47.15萬 億元(約合6.63萬億美元)。2023年,消費 再次成為拉動經濟增長的主要動力。

經濟增長放緩的同時,消費勢頭似乎有 所減弱,給經濟復甦帶來了壓力。國際貨 幣基金組織預計,2024年,中國實際國內 生產總值增速將放緩至4.6%。另一例證 是,由於競爭激烈,經濟疲軟,加之消費 者信心減弱,在去年的「雙十一」購物活 動中,國內消費者傾向選擇較多折扣的 產品且消費更加謹慎,可以看出消費市 場明顯放緩。

然而,官方預測,由於存在諸多支持消費 持續復甦的有利條件,下一階段消費將 保持良好的增長勢頭。中國消費潛力巨 大,加之市場具有逾14億消費人口、城鎮 化穩步推進、消費結構升級,為消費增長 提供了廣闊空間。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Although the recovery of the domestic consumption market in China still faces a complex situation of uncertainties, China will strive to expand domestic demand and ensure a speedy economic recovery, according to an interim report on China's 14th five-year plan published by parliament. China will prioritise the restoration and expansion of consumption, stabilise bulk consumption and promote consumption of services. China will also accelerate reforms aimed at expanding the country's middle-income bracket.

The government has recently implemented a series of measures to shore up a feeble post-pandemic economic recovery. With support policies in place and more stimulus on the horizon, Chinese consumption is expected to rebound as the business environment improves. We believed that with continued support from the government, the fundamentals of China's long-term economic growth remain unchanged, and China's consumer market and economic performance will gradually recover.

Facing the current global economic slowdown, the Company is fully prepared to overcome the challenges. The Group will continue to establish its foothold in the footwear industry and steadily build its advantages, while unremittingly carrying out restructuring work. The Group will further enhance the brand positioning, increase attention to the development of new retail business, remain persistent in its reorganization efforts, while leveraging the Company's competitiveness and brand value to quickly respond to emerging market risk. The Group will do its best to seize every development opportunity and strive to make steady progress based on the existing foundation.

The Group's Performance

In the face of the sluggish economic recovery, leveraging the long-standing reputation of the "C.banner" brand, the Group regained momentum quicker than the general market amid a slow consumption recovery, and the Group is pleased with the business performance last year in general. For the twelve months ended 31 December 2023, the Group's total revenue surged by 11.4% year-on-year to RMB1,539.9 million (2022: RMB1,381.7 million), while the Group's operating profit grew by 41.9% to approximately RMB21.0 million (2022: RMB14.8 million). As the economy slowly rebuilds, the Group's business is poised to sustain healthy development through progressive and steady strides.

儘管中國國內消費市場的復甦仍面臨諸 多複雜的不確定因素,但根據全國人大 公佈的中國第十四個五年規劃中期報告, 中國將努力擴大內需,確保經濟快速復 甦。中國將優先恢復及擴大消費,穩定大 宗消費,促進服務消費。中國亦將加速改 革,以期擴大中等收入階層。

政府近期實施了一系列措施,支撐疫情 後疲弱的經濟復甦。隨著支持政策的實 施到位和更多刺激措施的出台,中國消 費預計將隨著商業環境改善而出現反彈。 我們相信,在政府的持續支持下,中國經 濟長期增長的基本面不會改變,中國的 消費市場和經濟運行將逐步復甦。

面對當前全球經濟放緩形勢,本公司已 做好充分準備迎接挑戰。本集團將繼續 立足鞋履行業,穩步打造優勢,同時全力 推進重組。本集團將進一步加強品牌定 位,著力發展新零售業務,持續推進重 組,同時發揮本公司的競爭力和品牌價 值,快速應對新興市場風險。本集團將牢 牢把握每一個發展機遇,堅持穩中求進。

本集團業績

面對經濟復甦乏力,在消費復甦緩慢的 情況下,憑藉「千百度」品牌經久不衰的 聲譽,本集團的增長勢頭超過整體市場 水平,且本集團對去年的整體業務表現 感到滿意。截至2023年12月31日止十二 個月,本集團總收益同比大幅增加11.4% 至人民幣1,539.9百萬元(2022年:人民幣 1,381.7百萬元),而本集團的經營利潤則 增長41.9%至約人民幣21.0百萬元(2022年: 人民幣14.8百萬元)。隨著經濟緩慢復甦, 本集團的業務將穩步前進,保持穩健發 展。

於回顧年度內,本集團分別減少30家自 營鞋履零售店及增加2家第三方鞋履零 售店。於2023年12月31日,本集團於中國 經營875家自營零售店及186家第三方零 售店,在31個省、直轄市和自治區佔據較 大市場份額。

下表列示本集團鞋履零售店的地區分佈:

C.banner EBLAN MIO Natursun 伊伴 千百度 米奥 耐冉 Proprietary Third-party Proprietary Third-party Proprietary Third-party Proprietary Third-party outlets outlets outlets outlets outlets outlets outlets Total outlets Distribution 自營 第三方 自營 第三方 自營 第三方 自營 第三方 銷售地區 零售店 零售店 零售店 零售店 零售店 零售店 零售店 零售店 總計 Regions 東北地區 Northeast region 78 14 25 13 12 142 華北地區 94 68 15 15 26 224 Northern China 6 _ Eastern China 華東地區 33 45 3 30 164 55 1 331 _ Shanghai area 上海地區 81 11 11 103 _ _ Southern China 華南地區 91 6 10 1 108 _ _ _ _ Western China 西部地區 98 19 4 6 18 7 1 153 _ Total 總計 139 606 92 1 123 45 54 1 1,061

Continue Restructuring Measures in Store Network

The Company has been optimizing its retail network in recent years. We are readjusting our offline retail store network and establishing a more visible online presence to reach our target customers more effectively. As the Company continues to assess the change in consumption patterns and behavioural changes, it strictly examines store performance to enhance overall distribution channel efficiency.

During the year under review, the Group recorded a net reduction of 30 proprietary shoes retail outlets and an increase of 2 third-party shoe retail outlets, respectively. As at 31 December 2023, the Group operated a network of 875 proprietary retail outlets and 186 third-party retail outlets across China, maintaining a strong presence in 31 provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions.

The following table shows the Group's geographic distribution of shoes outlets:

近年,本公司一直在優化零售網絡。我們

正在重新調整線下零售網絡,並建立更

清晰的線上業務,以便更有效地觸達我

繼續在店舖網絡實施重組措施

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Notes:

附註:

(1)

(2)

(3)

- (1) Northeast region includes Jilin province, Liaoning province, Heilongjiang province and Hulunbuir City in Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region;
- (2) North China includes Beijing, Tianjin, Inner Mongolia Autonomous Region (except Hulunbuir City), Hebei Province, Shanxi Province, Henan Province and Shandong Province;
- (3) Eastern China includes Jiangsu Province, Anhui Province and Hubei Province;
- (4) Shanghai area includes Shanghai City and Zhejiang Province;
- (5) Southern China includes Hunan Province, Jiangxi Province, Fujian Province, Guangdong Province, Hainan Province and Guangxi Autonomous Region; and
- (6) Western China includes Shaanxi Province, Qinghai Province, Gansu Province, Xinjiang Autonomous Region and Ningxia Autonomous Region, Sichuan Province, Guizhou Province, Yunnan Province, Chongqing City and Tibet Autonomous Region.

The Group is cautious about next year's performance on distribution channel. At present, our store structure is mainly composed of department stores. Outlets (factory direct-sale stores) contribute relatively much to profits and are the focus of our future efforts. The Company is one of the first companies in the industry to try and adopt the outlets model, and the number of existing stores adopting this model is more than 100, which has proven to be successful in delivering greater operational efficiency. The Company will continue to expand the number of outlets in the future.

The Group is exploring profit models for shopping mall stores, which is also one of the key development in the future. There are currently 60 shopping mall stores. We plan to gradually increase the number of shopping mall stores to about 150 in the future.

Enhance Efficiency in Distribution Channels

In the future, the focus will still be put on improving single store efficiency and controlling inventory, and the Group strives to enhance same-store sales growth of each offline store. As the Company continues its restructuring measures in store network, we believe a continuous distribution network evaluation provides a comprehensive view of business operations, as we aim at achieving an optimized balance between cost control, revenue stream, brand visibility, and market share.

- 東北地區包括吉林省、遼寧省、黑龍江省 及內蒙古自治區的呼倫貝爾市;
- 華北地區包括北京市、天津市、內蒙古自 治區(呼倫貝爾市除外)、河北省、山西省、 河南省及山東省;
- 華東地區包括江蘇省、安徽省及湖北省;
- (4) 上海地區包括上海市及浙江省;
- (5) 華南地區包括湖南省、江西省、福建省、 廣東省、海南省及廣西自治區;及
- (6) 中國西部包括陝西省、青海省、甘肅省、 新疆自治區及寧夏自治區、四川省、貴州 省、雲南省、重慶市及西藏自治區。

本集團對明年分銷渠道表現持謹慎態度。 目前,我們的門店結構以百貨商店為主。 奧特萊斯(工廠直銷店)對利潤的貢獻相 對較大,是我們未來努力的重點。本公司 是業內較早嘗試和採用奧特萊斯店模式 的公司,目前採用這種模式的門店數量 已超百家,該模式已證明可成功提高營 運效率。未來,本公司將繼續擴大奧特萊 斯店數量。

本集團正在探索購物中心門店的盈利模 式,這也是未來我們的重心所在。目前有 60家購物中心門店。未來,我們計劃逐步 增加購物中心門店的數量至150家左右。

提升分銷渠道效率

未來,本集團仍將著力提高單店效率和 控制庫存,並努力提升各線下門店的同 店銷售增長。隨著本公司繼續在其門店 網絡實施重組措施,我們認為持續的分 銷網絡評估將提供一個全面的業務運營 視圖,務求在成本控制、收入來源、品牌 知名度及市場份額之間取得最佳平衡。
At present, a stable growth model has not yet been found in shopping mall stores, which can be as stable and profitable as in department stores. It will take time to explore the profit-making model; substantial offline growth is impossible to achieve. The Group is actively exploring more offline consumption scenarios.

Reinforce the Implementation of a New Retail Matrix Integrating Online and Offline Operations

We always capture opportunities in the multimedia market and provide consumers with the most fashionable and convenient online and offline shopping methods. Last year, the Group worked hard to invent and build an online business through various social media platforms, which will help attract a new generation of customers. Starting from 2023, we have been working hard to implement a new retail business matrix that integrates online and offline.

Data released by the National Bureau of Statistics shows that in 2023, the country's online retail sales were RMB15.4 trillion, representing an increase of 11.0% over the previous year; online retail sales of physical goods increased by 8.4% over the previous year. It can be seen that e-commerce livestreaming is booming and will maintain rapid growth in 2024.

Livestreaming e-commerce is very popular in China, and viewers like to watch live product explanations. The Company believes that livestreaming e-commerce is a modern, hybrid model that integrates face-to-face and online shopping and continues to exert positive advertising effects. In this regard, the Company actively involved in the development of e-commerce platforms, and made attempts at developing interest e-commerce platforms, especially on recommending platforms such as Xiaohongshu and Dewu.com.

In 2021, the Company began to collaborate with first-tier KOLs and in 2022, it extended its collaboration to second-tier e-commerce livestreamers. Moreover, the Company has established a professional team to provide livestreaming e-commerce support. The team is closely involved in the planning and developing of content for livestreaming events, including product mix-and-match, storylines, scripts, and hosts or influencers. 目前,購物中心門店尚未找到一種如百 貨商店一樣穩定的增長模式。探索盈利 模式不可一蹴而就,大幅的線下增長則 很難實現。本集團正積極探索更多的線 下消費場景。

加強實施線上線下一體化的新零售業務 矩陣

我們時刻捕捉多媒體市場機遇,為消費 者提供最時尚、便捷的線上線下購物方 式。去年,本集團致力透過各種社交媒體 平台,打造線上業務,以期吸引新一代客 戶。從2023年開始,我們著力實施線上線 下融合的新零售業務矩陣。

中國國家統計局發佈的數據顯示,2023 年,全國線上零售額為人民幣15.4萬億 元,較上一年度增長11.0%;線上實體商 品零售額較上一年度增長8.4%。可以看 出,直播電商正在蓬勃發展,並將於2024 年保持高速增長。

直播電商在中國非常流行,觀眾熱衷於 觀看直播的產品解說。本公司認為直播 電商是一種融合了面對面及線上購物的 現代混合模式,並繼續發揮積極的廣告 效應。因此,本公司積極參與電子商務平 台的發展,並嘗試興趣電商平台,特別是 在小紅書、得物網等種草平台上。

2021年,本公司開始與一線KOL合作,並 於2022年擴展至二線電商主播。此外,本 公司亦建立了專業的團隊,為直播電商 提供支持。該團隊積極參與策劃及製作 直播活動內容,包括產品混搭、故事情 節、劇本以及主播或網紅達人。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

C.banner's brand live broadcast will be carried out in three directions, including creating live broadcast with the goal of teaching, integrating video account product sales, and offering joint live broadcast activities. Joint live broadcasts are held at the headquarters and branch offices in addition to special cloud live broadcast, and live video account broadcast.

The Company opened its proprietary flagship stores on Tmall, JD.com, Pinduoduo, Vipshop, and Tik Tok (Douyin) etc. Additionally, we authorized other online stores to sell our products. The Group is stepping up its marketing efforts on high-traffic social media platforms to boost its brand awareness and build its customer loyalty.

Currently, we target at the middle-class consumers, and improve quality and cost performance. Despite the popularity of online livestreamers, the return rate in the livestreaming e-commerce market still has shortfall, and the online refund rate remains high. The Company will closely monitor and control the inventory risks arising from this innovative sales channel model.

Promote the Development of New Social Media Platforms and E-commerce platforms

2024 is an era of win-win cooperation between technology and mankind, and the Group will strengthen the use of AR in brand promotion. During this year, the Brand Application Management Center will continue to provide services, improve empowerment and stand along with consumers and front-line employees.

In recent years, WeChat mini-program of C.Banner has become very popular because the official WeChat account has functions such as new blockbusters and VIP inquiries. It also sends product promotion pictures or brand event information at fixed times every week. The number of articles read and fan comments have increased significantly, allowing consumers to develop fixed reading habits.

The Group believes that both "Data-driven and refined operations improve business results". The Company included the popular WeChat mini programs in its operations to elevate its presence in terms of "people", "goods" and "scenarios", and boost overall sales performance. The Group will continue to strengthen WeChat operations and maintain fans' loyalty. 千百度品牌直播將從打造以教學為目標 的直播、整合視頻賬號產品銷售、聯合直 播活動三個方向展開。除了專門的雲直 播和視頻賬號直播外,還會在總部和分 公司進行聯合直播。

本公司在天貓、京東、拼多多、唯品會、 抖音等平台開設自營旗艦店。此外,我們 授權其他線上門店銷售我們的產品。本 集團正加大在高流量社交媒體平台的營 銷力度,以提升品牌知名度及建立客戶 忠誠度。

目前,我們瞄準中產消費階層,提高品質 和性價比。儘管線上直播很受歡迎,但直 播電商市場的回報率仍存在不足,線上 退貨率高企。本公司將密切關注這一創 新銷售渠道模式所帶來的庫存風險。

推動新型社交媒體平台和電子商務平台 的發展

2024年是科技與人類合作共贏的時代, 本集團將加強AR在品牌推廣中的運用。 在這一年中,品牌應用管理中心將繼續 提供服務,提高賦能,與消費者和一線員 工共進退。

近年,千百度微信小程序廣受歡迎,因為 微信公眾號提供新暢銷產品、VIP查詢等 功能,並每週定時推送產品推廣圖片或 品牌活動資訊。文章閱讀量和粉絲評論 量大幅增長,許多消費者已養成穩定的 閱讀習慣。

本集團相信「數據驅動及精細化運營提 升業績」。本公司在其運營中加入廣受歡 迎的微信小程序,以「人」、「貨」及「場」提 升其知名度,並提高整體銷售表現。本集 團將繼續加強微信運營,維護粉絲忠誠 度。 Because of the popularity of C.banner's WeChat official account, the Group also established a micro-mall. After viewing new pictures and texts of C.banner's footwear on the WeChat official account, customers are directly diverted to the C.banner's micro-mall to buy the footwear, which helps increase product sales. On top of that, customers can also search for nearby stores on WeChat official account, making it convenient for consumers to buy offline and creating a positive shopping experience.

Explore Private Traffic Operations and Achieve Cloud Transformation

In recent years, brands' exploration of private traffic operations and the establishment of sustainable and reusable traffic fortresses have become the key to brand growth. Faced with the continuous evolution of new models, new business formats, and new scenarios, C.banner relies on Weimob smart retail solutions to intelligently upgrade the entire link, and empowers it through smart shopping guides, online malls, mini program live broadcasts and other channels.

C.banner's private traffic focuses on the construction and operation of the membership system, matching it with the brand's own consumption scenarios, and then developing a deeper and more refined operation system. At the same time, we use the private traffic as a one-stop consumer experience platform that integrates multiple services such as product sales, service experience, brand promotion, and membership operations.

C.banner's private traffic strategy is based on "the headquarters formulate content, and the shopper's guide enforces execution". The online store adopts a "1+25" model. The headquarters carries out work from membership programs, content marketing, mall planning, organizing regular training, and refines operations, while reducing the front-line operating procedures of the branches; the branches mainly focus on two tasks: adding followers and executing various tasks formulated by the headquarters.

由於千百度微信公眾號廣受歡迎,本集 團亦建立了微商城。在微信公眾號查看 千百度鞋類的新圖片及文字後,客戶直 接分流至千百度微商城購買鞋類,有助 於增加產品銷售。此外,客戶亦可在微信 公眾號上搜尋附近的店舖,方便消費者 線下購物,打造良好的購物體驗。

探索私域流量運營,實現雲轉型

近年來,品牌探索私域流量運營,搭建持 續、可重複使用的流量堡壘,成為品牌成 長的關鍵。面對新模式、新業態、新場景 的不斷演進,千百度依託微盟智慧零售 解決方案,對整個環節進行智能升級,並 通過智能導購、線上商城、小程序直播等 渠道賦能。

千百度的私域流量專注於會員體系的構 建及運營,將其與品牌自身的消費場景 相匹配,進而發展出更深入、更精細的運 營體系。同時,我們將私域流量作為集產 品銷售、服務體驗、品牌推廣和會員運營 等多項服務於一體的一站式消費者體驗 平台。

千百度的私域流量策略基於「總部重內 容,導購強執行」。線上商店採用「1+25」 模式。總部從會員方案、內容營銷、商場 規劃、組織定期培訓、精細化運營等方面 開展工作,同時减少分公司的一線操作 程序;分公司主要專注兩項工作:增加粉 絲和執行總部制定的各項任務。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Based on the "1+25" model, C.banner can flexibly balance major festival event operations and regional personalized product management. For example, for the anniversary of C.banner, branches can be required to carry out activities according to the headquarters' activity plan. The headquarters can publish relevant information uniformly at back, and even use AI to promote the unified operation of the community. All 25 regional branches can operate customized products.

C.banner's private traffic is expanding to the entire region, and two connections have been established. The first is the connection between corporate WeChat, Youzan mini-program and the membership system, and the second is the connection between all platform members.

C.banner uses its number of members as the core to connect various online and offline touch points, and connects with the WeChat ecosystem to build a complete global business system. Whether customers joining online or offline, whether their next purchase is through online or offline, user information can be captured and recorded. We will do our best to get customers to join the membership through various forms. We have also established fan groups on various platforms, including Taobao, Weibo, etc., so that members can find C.banner brand terminals at any time.

In terms of user experience, data integration based on multiple channels promotes standardization and consistency of multi-channel service experience. At present, C.banner has achieved the foundation and accumulation of its own Private Traffic 1.0. In the future, it will focus on operating around consumers and create Global 2.0 to achieve a closed-loop global marketing.

Adhere to Original Intention of the Company, Strengthen Brand Positioning

C.banner focuses on brand innovations, adheres to the original intention of the Company, and identifies the brand positioning. As a leading and well-established footwear group in China, the Company has built up a proprietary brand portfolio comprising "C.banner", "EBLAN", "MIO", "BADGLEY MISCHKA" and "Natursun", each uniquely positioned for diverse customer preferences. 基於「1+25」模式,千百度可以靈活平衡 重要節日活動運營和區域個性化產品管 理。例如,對於千百度的週年紀念,可以 要求分公司根據總部的活動計劃開展活 動。總部可在後台統一推送相關資訊,甚 至利用人工智能推動社區統一運營。25 個地區分公司均可經營定制產品。

千百度的私域流量正在擴展到整個地區, 並建立了兩個連接。一是企業微信、有贊 小程序與會員系統之間的連接,二是所 有平台會員之間的連接。

千百度以會員數量為核心,連接線上線 下各種觸點,對接微信生態系統,打造完 整的全球商業體系。無論客戶是線上還 是線下加入,無論其下一次購買是通過 線上還是線下,均可捕獲和記錄用戶信 息。我們將盡全力通過各種形式吸引客 戶加入會員。我們亦在淘寶、微博等各個 平台建立了粉絲群,讓會員可以隨時找 到旗下品牌終端。

在用戶體驗方面,基於多渠道的數據集 成促進了多渠道服務體驗的標準化和一 致性。目前,千百度已實現自有私域流量 1.0的基礎和積累。未來其將重點圍繞消 費者運營,打造全球化2.0,實現全球營 銷閉環。

堅持企業初心,强化品牌定位

千百度注重品牌創新,堅守企業初心,找 準品牌定位。作為中國領先且發展成熟 的鞋履集團,本公司已建立自有品牌組 合,包括「千百度」、「伊伴」、「米奧」、「百 吉利•米西卡」及「耐冉」,各品牌均有獨 特的定位,以迎合不同客戶的喜好。 The portfolio denotes our reputation in quality shoe manufacturing and our outstanding product design capabilities focusing on style, comfortability, and marketability. The multiple-brand strategy allows the Company to respond to varying consumer choices and evolving market trends swiftly. In the future, the Group will remain well-positioned and well-prepared to fully explore the potential of its business model in the post-pandemic era.

In addition, C.banner understands its own customer base. The Group's target customers are China's mid-to-high-end customer base, with both fashion and comfort in footwear design. The Group's implementation of multi-brand business strategy and important measures of horizontal expansion add vitality and bring synergy to the Group's diversified brand portfolio and overall business, and help the Group increase its market share and enhance its industry influence.

Seek Differentiation and Breakthrough

Times have changed, and trends are constantly changing, and the "de-formalization" movement is on the rise. More and more women no longer prefer high heels, but consider comfort and practicality as the primary criteria for choosing shoes. C.banner has faced severe homogeneous competition in the domestic women's shoe market, hoping to find differentiation and breakthrough.

C.banner has generated strong brand value and obtained high brand recognition among consumers with its premium quality in business and business casual footwear. Viewing the athleisure market as a new future trend, the Company proceeds with diversified branding strategy and expands its customer base to the younger generation, as a result, to raise market share.

The Company enjoys its longstanding reputation as an integrated manufacturer and retailer of mid-to-high-end women's footwear in China and its diversified brand is good for meeting the changing footwear needs and preferences of a new generation of young customers. Customers are now placing greater emphasis on footwear design and style. In order to stay competitive, the Company paid more efforts on product innovation, in order to push the Company to keep bringing refreshing and on-trend designs to the market. 產品組合反映我們在優質鞋履製造方面 的聲譽及我們專注於款式、舒適性及適 銷性的卓越產品設計能力。多品牌策略 使本公司能夠迅速應對不同消費者的選 擇及不斷變化的市場趨勢。未來,本集團 將保持良好定位,並做好充分準備,以充 分發掘其商業模式在後疫情時代的潜力。

此外,千百度了解自身的客戶群。本集團 的目標客戶是中國的中高端客戶群,在 鞋履設計上兼具時尚和舒適。本集團實 施多品牌經營戰略和橫向擴張的重要舉 措,為本集團多元化的品牌組合和整體 業務增添活力和協同效應,助力本集團 提高市場份額並增強行業影響力。

尋求差異化和突破

時代在變,趨勢也在不斷變化,「去形式 化」運動方興未艾。越來越多的女性不再 偏好高跟鞋,而是將舒適性及實用性作 為選擇鞋子的首要標準。千百度在國內 女鞋市場面臨嚴峻的同質化競爭,希望 尋求差異化及突破。

千百度憑藉其在商務及商務休閒鞋履的 優良品質,創造了强大的品牌價值,並在 消費者中贏得較高的品牌認可。本公司 將運動休閒市場視為未來新趨勢,實施 多元化品牌戰略,將客戶群擴大到年輕 一代,從而提高市場份額。

本公司作為中國中高端女鞋的綜合製造 商和零售商享有盛譽,且品牌多元化有 利於迎合新一代年輕客戶不斷變化的鞋 履需求和偏好。客戶現時更注重鞋履的 設計和款式。為保持競爭力,本公司加大 產品創新力度,不斷為市場帶來新鮮、潮 流的設計。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

In the domestic women's shoes market, the competition of brands and products is very fierce. In order to attract consumers, brands need to continue to innovate and improve, and provide more fashionable, comfortable and high-quality products.

The Company has the knowledge and feel for modern production, sophisticated design, appropriate technology, and shoemaking techniques. We employ a coordinated team of designers, modelers and shoe technicians to ensure efficient and high-quality product development. We use big data extracted from our rich customer database to further empower product upgrades including trying to use artificial intelligence and CHATGPT technology to strengthen product development.

C.banner's noiseless step shoes IV has obtained a utility model patent certificate. By continuously upgrading noiseless step shoes technology, we strive to provide customers with a comfortable experience and create a refined and quiet lifestyle. In addition, our manufacturing processes remain flexible and can be adapted to changing customer preferences.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's total revenue increased by 11.4% to RMB1,539.9 million, compared to the same period of last year. Gross profit increased by 13.6% to RMB871.4million. The profit reached RMB21.0 million, compared to a profit of RMB14.8 million in the same period of last year, representing an increase of 41.9%.

Revenue

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's total revenue increased by 11.4% to RMB1,539.9 million, compared to RMB1,381.7 million for the same period of last year.

在國內女鞋市場,品牌和產品的競爭非 常激烈。為吸引消費者,品牌需要不斷創 新和改進,從而提供更加時尚、舒適、高 品質的產品。

本公司掌握現代生產、精良設計、合適技 術及製鞋工藝的知識及觸覺。我們擁有 一支由設計師、模型師和鞋履技術人員 組成的協調團隊,以確保高效、高品質的 產品開發。我們利用從豐富的客戶數據 庫提取的大數據進一步賦能產品升級, 其中包括嘗試使用人工智能和CHATGPT 科技加强產品開發。

千百度的靜音鞋IV獲得實用新型專利證 書。通過不斷升級靜音鞋技術,我們力求 為客戶提供舒適的體驗,打造精緻、安靜 的生活方式。此外,我們的製造工藝保持 靈活性,可以適應不斷變化的客戶偏好。

財務回顧

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團的 總收益為人民幣1,539.9百萬元,較去年 同期增加11.4%。毛利增加13.6%至人民 幣871.4百萬元。錄得溢利人民幣21.0百 萬元,而去年同期則為溢利人民幣14.8百 萬元, 增幅為41.9%。

收益

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團的 總收益為人民幣1,539.9百萬元,較去年 同期的人民幣1.381.7百萬元增加11.4%。

The Group's revenue mix comprises income from retail and wholesale of shoes ("Retail and Wholesale"), contract manufacturing of shoes ("Contract Manufacturing") and retail of toys ("Retail of Toys"). The revenue distribution of Retail and Wholesale, Contract Manufacturing and Retail of Toys is set our as follows: 本集團的收益組合包括來自零售和批發 鞋履(「零售及批發業務」)、合約生產鞋履 (「合約生產業務」)及玩具零售業務(「玩 具零售業務」)的收入。零售及批發業務、 合約生產業務及玩具零售業務的收益分 佈情況如下:

		For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度				
		2023 2023 年		2022 2022 年		
			% of Total		% of Total	
		RMB ('000)	Revenue	RMB ('000)	Revenue	% Growth
			估總收益		佔總收益	
		人民幣千元	百分比	人民幣千元	百分比	增長百分比
Retail and Wholesale	零售及批發業務	1,356,413	88.1	1,152,714	83.4	17.7
Contract Manufacturing	合約生產業務	123,299	8.0	193,149	14.0	(36.2)
Retail of Toys	玩具零售業務	60,230	3.9	35,879	2.6	67.9
Total	總計	1,539,942	100	1,381,742	100	11.4

Profitability

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the gross profit increased by 13.6% to RMB871.4 million, the gross profit margin was 56.6%, representing an increase of 1.1 percentage points from 55.5% last year.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, distribution and selling expenses reached RMB740.7 million, representing an increase of 6.6%, compared to expenses of RMB694.9 million last year, and such increase was mainly due to the increase in channel expenses and sales staff compensation resulting from the increase in revenue. Distribution and selling expenses accounted for 48.1% of total revenue, compared to 50.3% last year.

盈利能力

截至2023年12月31日止年度,毛利增加 13.6%至人民幣871.4百萬元,毛利率為 56.6%,較去年的55.5%增加1.1個百分點。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,分銷及銷 售開支為人民幣740.7百萬元,較去年的 開支人民幣694.9百萬元增加6.6%,該增 加主要由於收益增長導致的渠道費用及 促銷人員薪酬的增加所致。分銷及銷售 開支佔總收益48.1%,而去年則為50.3%。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

For the year ended 31 December 2023, administrative and general expenses amounted to RMB113.8 million, representing an increase of RMB6.6 million compared to the same period of last year. Administrative and general expenses accounted for 7.4% of total revenue, compared to 7.8% last year, and such decrease in the ratio was mainly attributable to the increase in revenue.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's other income and other gains and losses recorded a net profit of RMB79.9 million as compared to a net profit of RMB55.0 million last year. Other income and expenses and other gains and losses mainly included government subsidies, royalties income and interest income on bank deposits. The increase was mainly attributable to an increase in government subsidies.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recorded finance costs of RMB3.0 million, compared to RMB2.6 million last year. The increase was mainly attributable to changes in right-of-use assets.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's income tax expense increased by RMB71.6 million to RMB74.2 million, compared to an expense of RMB2.6 million last year. The increase was mostly attributable to an increase in income taxes related to withholding taxes. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recorded profit attributable to owners of the Company of RMB20.8 million, as compared to the profit of approximately RMB14.8 million recorded in 2022.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's profit increased by 41.9% to RMB21.0 million as compared to the same period of last year.

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

During the year, the Group adopted prudent treasury policies in managing cash resources and bank borrowings. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of RMB663.5 million (2022: RMB496.3 million).

As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the Group had no bank borrowings.

截至2023年12月31日止年度,行政及一 般開支為人民幣113.8百萬元,較去年同 期增加人民幣6.6百萬元。行政及一般開 支佔總收益7.4%,去年為7.8%,比率的降 低主要歸因於收益的增加。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團其 他收入及其他收益及虧損錄得淨溢利人 民幣79.9百萬元,而去年為淨溢利人民幣 55.0百萬元。其他收入及開支以及其他收 益及虧損主要包括政府補貼、特許權使 用費收入及銀行存款利息收入。該增加 主要歸因於政府補貼的增加。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團的 財務成本為人民幣3.0百萬元,去年為人 民幣2.6百萬元。該增加主要歸因於使用 權資產變化所致。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團的 所得税開支為人民幣74.2百萬元,較去年 的開支人民幣2.6百萬元增加人民幣71.6 百萬元。該增加主要歸因於與預扣税相 關的所得税增加所致。截至2023年12月 31日止年度,本公司擁有人應佔溢利為 人民幣20.8百萬元,而2022年則錄得溢利 約人民幣14.8百萬元。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團的 溢利為人民幣21.0百萬元,較去年同期增 加41.9%。

流動資金、財務資源及資本架構

於本年內,本集團採用審慎的庫務政策 管理現金資源及銀行借貸。於2023年12 月31日,本集團的現金及現金等價物為 人民幣663.5百萬元(2022年:人民幣496.3 百萬元)。

本集團於2023年12月31日及2022年12月 31日均無銀行借貸。

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

According to the Group's current level of cash balances, working resources and banking facilities, the Board is confident that the Group has sufficient resources to meet its future business expansion.

Gearing Ratio

As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the Group's gearing ratio, computed by dividing total loans and borrowings by total assets, was 0.0%.

Capital Structure

The Group's operations were financed mainly by shareholder's equity, bank facilities available to the Group and internal resources. The Group will continue to adopt its treasury policy of placing its cash and cash equivalent as interest bearing deposits. The Group's loans and cash and cash equivalents were mainly denominated in Renminbi, Hong Kong dollars, GBP and U.S. dollars. As of 31 December 2023, the Group had no bank borrowings denominated in foreign currency.

Pledge of Asset

The Group did not have any pledged assets as at 31 December 2023 (2022: nil).

Contingent Liabilities

The Group did not have any substantial or contingent liabilities as of 31 December 2023 (2022: nil).

Foreign Exchange Risk Management

The Group's sales are mainly denominated in RMB, while its Contract Manufacturing is mainly denominated in USD. The Contract Manufacturing accounted for 8.0% of total revenue. Nevertheless, the Board will keep monitoring the impact of the exchange rate on our business closely and take appropriate measures to mitigate the impact where necessary.

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group recorded a gain of RMB1.9 million from currency exchange, compared to a gain of RMB8.7 million last year. The Group did not hold any derivative instruments for hedging against foreign exchange risk.

基於目前本集團之現金結餘水平、營運 資金及可使用之銀行信貸額,董事會相 信本集團擁有充足資金以應付未來業務 發展之需要。

資產負債比率

本集團於2023年12月31日及2022年12月 31日,本集團的資產負債比率(按總貸款 及借貸額除以總資產計算)均為0.0%。

資本架構

本集團的營運主要透過股東權益、本集 團可用的銀行融資及內部資源撥付資金。 本集團將繼續採納其庫存政策,將其現 金及現金等價物作為計息存款。本集團 的貸款以及現金及現金等價物主要以人 民幣、港元、英鎊和美元計值。截至2023 年12月31日,本集團並無以外幣計值的 銀行借貸。

資產抵押

截至2023年12月31日,本集團並無任何 資產抵押(2022年:無)。

或然負債

於2023年12月31日,本集團並無任何重 大或或然負債(2022年:無)。

匯兑風險管理

本集團之銷售主要以人民幣計值,而合約生產業務則主要以美元計值。合約生產業務佔收益總額的8.0%。儘管如此,董 事會將繼續密切關注匯率對我們業務的 影響,並於必要時採取適當措施以減輕 影響。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團錄 得匯兑收益人民幣1.9百萬元,去年則為 收益人民幣8.7百萬元。本集團並無持有 任何衍生工具以對沖外匯風險。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Human Resources

As of 31 December 2023, the Group had 4,594 employees (31 December 2022: 4,788 employees). The Group provides its employees with competitive remuneration packages including mandatory pension funds, insurance and medical benefits. In addition, the Group pays discretionary bonuses to qualified employees according to the business performance and their individual work performance.

Dividend

The Directors do not recommend the payment of final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: nil).

Events After the Reporting Period

On 29 November 2023, Orchid Valley Holdings Limited (the "Offeror") and the Company jointly announced a voluntary conditional cash offer by the Offeror to acquire all the issued shares of the Company (other than those shares already owned by the Offeror and certain parties acting in concert with it) (the "Offer"). The Offer opened for acceptance on 20 December 2023 and was declared unconditional in all respects on 15 January 2024. The Offer closed on 18 March 2024. Immediately after the close of the Offer, the Offeror holds, controls or has directions over 820,759,436 shares of the Company, representing approximately 39.52% of all the Company's issued shares.

For full details of the Offer, please refer to the joint announcement dated 29 November 2023, the composite document dated 20 December 2023, the joint announcement dated 15 January 2024, the joint announcement dated 4 March 2024 and the joint announcement dated 18 March 2024 jointly issued by the Offeror and the Company.

人力資源

截至2023年12月31日,本集團有4,594名 僱員(2022年12月31日:4,788名僱員)。本 集團為其僱員提供具競爭力的薪酬組合, 包括強制性退休基金、保險及醫療福利。 此外,本集團亦會按業務表現及個別員 工的工作表現向合資格僱員發放酌情花 紅。

股息

董事不建議就截至2023年12月31日止年 度宣派末期股息(2022年:無)。

報告期後事項

於2023年11月29日,Orchid Valley Holdings Limited (「要約人」)與本公司聯合宣佈, 要約人將作出自願有條件現金要約,以 收購本公司之全部已發行股份(要約人及 其一致行動人士已擁有之股份除外)(「要 約」)。要約於2023年12月20日可供接納, 並於2024年1月15日宣佈成為無條件。要 約已於2024年3月18日結束。緊隨要約結 束後,要約人持有、控制或指示本公司 820,759,436股股份,佔本公司全部已發行 股份約39.52%。

有關要約的全部詳情,請參閱要約人及 本公司聯合發佈的日期為2023年11月29 日之聯合公告、日期為2023年12月20日 之綜合文件、日期為2024年1月15日之聯 合公告、日期為2024年3月4日之聯合公 告及日期為2024年3月18日之聯合公告。

Outlook

As we enter 2024, the market is cautious about the global economic outlook. It is expected that the global economy may experience a period during when it is lower than expectation in 2024, with global economic growth expected to be only 2.4%. However, we believe that China can still perform well and maintain growth at a steady pace.

Shoes are a necessity for people's livelihood. The industry size is expected to grow to US\$445 billion by 2024. From the perspective of market structure, the global footwear market is mainly dominated by sports shoes and leather shoes. With the upgrade of China's consumption and the increase of residents' disposable income in recent years, the size of the footwear market is expected to maintain a steady growth trend.

Specialized division of labor in the market is an inevitable trend of development. C.banner will focus on building brand value, product design and marketing system construction, and rely on professional technology to produce shoes. At the same time, as people's income levels and quality of life improve, consumption concepts are gradually changing. Function, fashion, and environmental protection have become important factors for consumers to purchase shoes.

In addition to continuing to strengthen the functionality of shoes, the Group also continues to enhance the fashion, trend and research and development innovation of styles, pursuing the integration of functionality and fashion trends, making the dressing scenes of shoes more diverse. The Group is popular for its brand value being elegant, charming and fashionable. It also operates several self-developed brands including "C.banner", "EBLAN", "MIO", "BADGLEY MISCHKA" and "Natursun".

In 2023, the Foshan research and development institution has improved the efficiency of online and offline product development and first replenishment orders, together with the quality control progress and the technical connection with Suining factory, all reflecting the support of the team and the progress of cross-department collaboration. Represented by noiseless step shoes and U-shaped shoes, our product research and development aims to meet consumer needs and solve key points by constantly overcoming technical difficulties and directions. Cross-border co-branding from the sales and product promotion levels has innovated more ways to play.

展望

邁入2024年,市場對全球經濟前景持謹 慎態度。預計2024年全球經濟復甦可能 在一段時期內低於預期,全球經濟增長 預計僅為2.4%。但我們相信,中國仍可表 現出色,保持平穩增長。

鞋履是人們生活的必需品。預計到2024 年,該行業規模將增長至4,450億美元。 從市場結構來看,全球鞋履市場主要以 運動鞋和皮鞋為主。隨著近年來中國消 費升級和居民可支配收入增加,鞋履市 場規模有望保持穩定增長趨勢。

專業化分工是市場發展的必然趨勢。千 百度將專注於打造品牌價值、產品設計 和營銷體系建設,並依靠專業技術生產 鞋履。與此同時,隨著人們收入水平和生 活質量的提高,消費觀念也在逐漸改變。 功能、時尚和環保已成為消費者選購鞋 品的重要因素。

在持續提升鞋履功能性的同時,本集團 亦不斷提升款式的時尚性、潮流性及研 發創新,追求功能性與時尚趨勢的融合, 使鞋品的穿著場景更加多樣化。本集團 以其優雅、魅力、時尚的品牌價值而備受 市場青睞,並經營若干自有品牌,包括「千 百度」、「伊伴」、「米奧」、「百吉利•米西 卡」及「耐冉」。

2023年,佛山研發機構提高線上線下產 品開發和首補訂單效率,連同品控改善 以及與睢寧工廠的技術連接,均體現了 團隊的支持和跨部門合作的進步。以靜 音鞋和U枕鞋為代表的產品研發,通過不 斷克服科技難點和方向,滿足消費者需 求,解决痛點。跨界聯名從銷售和產品推 廣層面推陳出新。

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

In a time of constant change and heightened customer expectations, it is crucial to keep the "C.banner" brand revitalisation and maintain its relevance to unlock the spending power of targeted consumers for sustainable growth. To move with the times, the Group continues to launch new brand and new collection to enrich and diversify its product mix and refresh its image, thereby meeting the ever-changing demands of targeted consumers.

As e-commerce continues to spike and evolve, the Group will devote more resources to enhancing its development in the online retail market. To keep abreast of market trends, the Group is committed to building stronger presence on existing e-commerce platforms, leveraging on the popularity and customer base of e-commerce platforms to seize market opportunities and grow its market share.

C.banner attaches importance to refined operations under the three-dimensional coordinates of members, communities and live broadcasts. The company has established a private traffic pool that has independent private traffic control and can directly reach customers, which has become an inevitable choice for brands. At the same time, it has implemented digital management of existing stores through mini-program malls, mini-program live broadcasts, private domain traffic operations, etc., to provide consumers with all-scenario and all-channel services.

C.banner pays great attention to the growth of effective members. In daily operations, in order to allow shopping guides to pay more attention to in-store consumers and potential consumers, C.banner uses the mini program mall as a position to create an omni-channel shopping experience for users that seamlessly connects online and offline; and online VIP activities are held regularly in lower-tier stores, and shopping guides guide online invitations and offline experiences to increase member activity and repurchase rates. 在一個不斷變化、客戶期望值不斷提高 的時代,保持「千百度」品牌活力及其相 關性以釋放目標消費者的消費能力,對 實現可持續增長至關重要。為與時俱進, 本集團不斷推出新品牌和新系列,以豐 富和多樣化其產品組合,重塑形象,從而 滿足目標消費者不斷變化的需求。

隨著電子商務的不斷發展壯大,本集團 將投入更多資源加强對線上零售市場的 開發。為緊跟市場趨勢,本集團致力於加 強現有電子商務平台的佈局,利用電子 商務平台的知名度和客戶群,把握市場 機遇並擴大市場份額。

千百度重視在會員、社區、直播三維座標 下進行精細化運營。本公司已建立一個 擁有獨立私域流量控制並可直接觸達容 戶的私域流量池,這已成為品牌的必然 選擇。同時,通過小程序商城、小程序直 播、私域流量運營等渠道,對現有門店實 施數字化管理,為消費者提供全場景、全 渠道的服務。

千百度非常注重有效會員的增長。在日 常運營中,為了讓導購更加關注店內消 費者和潜在消費者,千百度以小程序商 城為定位,為用戶打造線上線下無縫銜 接的全渠道購物體驗;並定期在次級門 店舉辦線上VIP活動,由導購進行線上邀 請和線下體驗,提高會員活躍度和複購 率。 As a mid-to-high-end shoe brand, C.banner has demonstrated its own market logic in customer contact, relationship maintenance, enhanced repurchase rates and member conversion, and has refined the operations through store linkage, mini program live broadcast, WeChat community, membership marketing, etc., to improve user reach and conversion. In the future, C.banner will continue to drive precision marketing based on digitalization, and find a unique private traffic development path through rich and multi-dimensional operating models.

The supply chain has been significantly adjusted and optimized, and we set up two major bases, one in the south and one in the north, providing a stable, independent and controllable guarantee for our future development. The Company will further review and reform its supply chain system to enhance product quality, as well as work closer with external supply chains to ensure a smooth and resilient supply chain system.

Although the Company's operating conditions and financial performance are under pressure, the Company successfully responds to these challenges and strives to seek breakthroughs by quickly responding to changing market conditions, making timely adjustments to market strategies, and leveraging its resource advantages. Looking forward, the Company will continue to focus on strengthening its main business, optimizing online and offline experiences, further enhancing competitiveness, while maintaining sustained growth and creating more value for shareholders. 作為中高端鞋履品牌,千百度在客戶接 觸、關係維護、加强複購和會員轉化等方 面形成自身的市場邏輯,並通過門店聯 動、小程序直播、微信社區、會員營銷等 渠道進行精細化運營,提升用戶覆蓋面 和轉化率。未來,千百度將繼續開展數字 化驅動的精準營銷,通過豐富、多維度的 運營模式探索一條獨特的私域流量發展 路徑。

供應鏈大幅調整優化,南、北兩大基地 基本建成,為我們未來的發展提供穩定、 自主可控的保障。本公司將進一步審視 和改革其供應鏈系統,以提高產品品質, 並與外部供應鏈密切合作,確保供應鏈 系統的順暢和彈性。

儘管本公司的經營狀況和財務業績面臨 壓力,但本公司成功應對該等挑戰,並通 過快速響應市場變化,及時調整市場策 略及發揮資源優勢,努力尋求突破。展望 未來,本公司將繼續專注於加强主營業 務、優化線上線下體驗、進一步增強競爭 力,同時保持可持續增長,為股東創造更 多價值。

The Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report in the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Group is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has complied with all applicable code provisions under the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules during the Review Period. The Company will continue to review and enhance its corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

A healthy corporate culture throughout the Group is essential to achieving the Group's vision and strategy. It is the Board's responsibility to foster a corporate culture focused on high levels of integrity and a code of conduct to ensure that the Group's vision, values and business strategies are aligned. The Group is committed to maintaining high standards of business ethics and corporate governance in all our activities and operations. Directors, management and employees are all required to act lawfully, ethically and responsibly and the required standards and norms are explicitly set out in the training materials for all new employees and embedded in various policies such as the Group's Employee Handbook (including the Group's Code of Conduct), the Group's anti-corruption policy (the "Anti-corruption Policy") and the Group's whistleblowing policy (the "Whistleblowing Policy"). Training is conducted from time to time to reinforce the required standards of ethics and integrity.

THE BOARD

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, overseeing the Group's strategic decisions and monitoring the Group's business and performance. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established three Board committees including the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") (together, the "Board Committees"). The Board has delegated to the Board Committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

董事會欣然呈列本公司截至2023年12月 31日止年度之年報所載之企業管治報告。

企業管治

本集團致力維持高水平之企業管治以保 障股東之利益,並提升企業價值及應有 責任。於回顧期間,本公司已遵守上市規 則附錄C1所載企業管治守則(「企業管治 守則」)項下之所有適用守則條文。本公 司將繼續審閱及提升其企業管治常規, 以確保遵守企業管治守則。

集團內健康的企業文化對於實現本集團 的願景及戰略至關重要。董事會有責任 建立高度誠信的企業文化及行為準則, 以確保本集團的願景、價值觀及業務策 略保持一致。本集團致力於所有業務及 營運保持高水平的商業道德及企業管治。 董事、管理層及僱員須合法、合乎道德 及負責任地行事,所有新僱員培訓材料 中明確列出了所需的標準及規範,並嵌 入到本集團的員工手冊(包括集團行為守 則)、本集團的反腐敗政策(「反腐敗政策」) 及本集團的原敗政策(「反腐敗政策」) 及本集團的舉報政策(「舉報政策」)等各 項政策中。我們不時進行培訓,以加強所 需的道德操守及誠信標準。

董事會

董事會負責本集團之整體發展,並監督 本集團之策略性決定及監察本集團業務 及表現。本集團高級管理層獲得董事會 轉授有關本集團日常管理及營運之權力 及責任。就監督本公司事務之特定方面, 董事會已成立三個董事委員會,包括審 核委員會(「審核委員會」)、薪酬委員會 (「薪酬委員會」)及提名委員會(「提名委 員會」)(統稱「董事委員會」)。董事會向董 事委員會授出多項責任,有關責任載於 其各自之職權範圍。

All Directors shall ensure that they carry out duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders at all times.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify the Directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Board Composition

During the Review Period, the Board comprised four executive Directors, namely Mr. Chen Yixi, Mr. Yuan Zhenhua, Mr. Wu Weiming and Mr. Zhang Baojun, one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Miao Bingwen, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson, Mr. Xu Chengming and Mr. Zheng Hongliang. The biographies of the Directors are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

Relationships (including financial, business, family or other material/ relevant relationships), if any, among members of the Board are also disclosed. There was no such relationship between the chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") and the President during the Review Period.

Pursuant to Rule 13.92 of the Listing Rules, listed issuers are required to adopt a board diversity policy. The Board has adopted the board diversity policy and the summary of the board diversity policy is set out under "Board Committees – Nomination Committee" below.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

In order to ensure that independent views and input of the independent non-executive Directors are made available to the Board, the Nomination Committee and the Board are committed to assessing the Directors' independence annually with regard to all relevant factors related to the independent non-executive Directors including the following:

- required character, integrity, expertise, experience and stability to fulfill their roles;
- time commitment and attention to the Company's affairs;

全體董事須確保彼等以真誠態度履行職 責、遵守適用法例及法規,並一直符合本 公司及其股東之利益。

本公司已安排適當的責任保險以彌償董 事因從事企業活動所產生之責任。保險 之保障範圍將每年予以檢討。

董事會組成

回顧期間,董事會包括四名執行董事,即 陳奕熙先生、袁振華先生、吳維明先生及 張寶軍先生,一名非執行董事,即繆炳文 先生,以及三名獨立非執行董事,即鄺偉 信先生、許承明先生及鄭紅亮先生。董事 之履歷載於本年報「董事及高級管理層」 一節。

董事會成員間之關係(包括財務、業務、 家族或其他重大/相關關係)(如有)亦予 以披露。於回顧期間,董事會主席(「主 席」)與總裁之間概無任何該等關係。

根據上市規則第13.92條,上市發行人須 採納一項董事會成員多元化政策。董事 會已採納董事會成員多元化政策,而董 事會成員多元化政策概要載於下文「董 事委員會-提名委員會」。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上 市規則第3.13條發出之年度獨立性確認 書。根據上市規則所載之獨立指引,本公 司認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。

為確保獨立非執行董事可向董事會提供 獨立觀點及意見,提名委員會及董事會 承諾每年就所有有關獨立非執行董事的 相關因素評估董事的獨立性,包括以下 各項:

- 履行其職責所需的品格、誠信、專業知識、經驗及穩定性;
 - 對本公司事務投入的時間及精力;

- firm commitment to their independent roles and to the Board;
- declaration of conflict of interest in their roles as independent non-executive Directors;
- no involvement in the daily management of the Company nor in any relationship or circumstances which would affect the exercise of their independent judgement; and
- the Chairman meets with the independent non-executive Directors regularly without the presence of the executive Directors.

The above mechanism is reviewed annually by the Board and the Nomination Committee to ensure its effectiveness. The Board and the Nomination Committee have reviewed its implementation during the year and considered that it continues to be effective in ensuring that independent views are provided to the Board.

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

As regards the CG Code provision requiring directors to disclose the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments as well as their identity and the time involved to the issuer, Directors have agreed to disclose their commitments to the Company in a timely manner.

- 堅決履行其獨立職責和投入董事會 工作;
- 就擔任獨立非執行董事申報利益衝 突事項;

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- 不參與本公司日常管理,亦不存在 任何關係或情況會影響其作出獨立 判斷;及
- 主席定期在執行董事避席的情況下 與獨立非執行董事會面。

董事會及提名委員會每年檢討上述機制, 以確保其有效性。董事會及提名委員會 已於年內檢討其實施情況,並認為其繼 續有效確保向董事會提供獨立意見。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均為董 事會帶來各種不同的寶貴營商經驗、知 識及專門技術,使其有效率及有效地運 作。獨立非執行董事獲邀加入審核委員 會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會。

就企業管治守則條文要求董事向發行人 披露於公眾公司或組織出任職務之數目 與性質及其他重大承擔以及所涉及職務 及時間而言,董事已同意及時向本公司 披露彼等的職務承擔。

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Under code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and performed by different individuals. Mr. Chen Yixi is the Chairman and Mr. Yuan Zhenhua is the President. Mr. Chen Yixi is responsible for developing the business strategy and has played a determining role in establishing the Group's presence in the PRC women's footwear industry. Mr. Yuan Zhenhua is responsible for overseeing the operations (including brand and product development), finance and human resource management of the Group. As described above, there is a clear distinction between the Chairman's responsibility for providing leadership for the Board and the President's responsibility for managing the day-to-day operations of the Group's business.

Appointment and Re-Election of Directors

All executive Directors have entered into service contracts with the Company for a specific term of three years. In addition, all non-executive Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have entered into letters of appointment with the Company for a specific term of one year or three years.

In compliance with code provision in B.2.2 of the CG Code, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Furthermore, pursuant to bye-law 99 of the Bye-laws, at each AGM one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election. The Company at any general meeting at which any Directors retire may fill the vacated offices.

主席及首席執行官

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第C.2.1條, 主席與行政總裁之角色應有所區分,應 由不同人士擔任。陳奕熙先生為主席,袁 振華先生則為總裁。陳奕熙先生負責制 定業務策略,並就本集團進軍中國女士 鞋履行業擔任決策角色。袁振華先生負 責監督本集團之營運(包括品牌及產品開 發)、財務及人力資源管理。誠如上文所 述,兩者的權責有明顯區分,主席負責領 導董事會,而總裁則負責管理本集團業 務日常營運。

委任及重選董事

所有執行董事均已與本公司訂立服務合約,特定任期為三年。此外,所有非執行 董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均已與本公 司訂立委任書,特定任期為一年或三年。

為遵守企業管治守則之守則條文第B.2.2 條,全體董事最少每三年輪值退任一次。 此外,根據細則第99條,於各股東週年大 會上當時董事的三分之一(倘股東人數並 非三或三之倍數,則最接近但不少於三 分之一)須輪值告退。退任董事須合資格 重選連任。在任何董事告退的股東大會 上,本公司可選舉董事以填補空缺。

By virtue of bye-law 102(B) of the Bye-laws, the Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board but so that the number of Directors so appointed shall not exceed the maximum number determined from time to time by the Shareholders in general meeting. Any Director so appointed shall hold office until the next following AGM after his appointment and shall then be eligible for reelection.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Bye-laws. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, monitoring the appointment, re-election and succession planning of Directors.

Induction and Continuing Development of Directors

Each newly appointed Director shall receive formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

Ms. Cheng Xuanxuan, who was appointed as a non-executive Director on 18 March 2024, attended a training session on 15 March 2024, at which an external legal adviser provided legal advice on Hong Kong law as regards the requirements under the Listing Rules that are applicable to her as a director of a listed company and the possible consequences of making false declarations or giving false information to the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Ms. Cheng Xuanxuan has confirmed her understanding of her obligations as a director of a listed company.

Directors will be continuously updated on the statutory and regulatory regime and the business environment to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. Briefing and professional development for Directors will be arranged where necessary. 由於細則第102(B)條規定,董事會有權不時及在任何時間委任任何人士出任董事 以填補董事會空缺或加入董事會,惟獲 委任之董事人數須不超過股東於股東大 會上不時釐定之人數上限。任何就此獲 委任之董事之任期直至其獲委任後下一 屆股東週年大會,且屆時有資格重選連 任。

委任、重選及罷免董事之程序及過程載 於細則。提名委員會負責審閱董事會組 成、監察董事之委任、重選及繼任計劃。

董事就任及持續發展

每名新任董事於首次獲委任時將會獲得 正式、全面及切合需要之就任資料,以確 保合理了解本公司業務及營運,以及充 分認識上市規則及相關監管規定項下之 董事責任及義務。

程璇璇女士於2024年3月18日獲委任為非 執行董事,並於2024年3月15日參加一項 培訓課程,當中一名外部法律顧問就上 市規則下適用於其擔任上市公司董事的 規定以及向香港聯交所作出虛假聲明或 提供虛假信息的可能後果,提供了有關 香港法律的法律意見。程璇璇女士已確 認其了解擔任上市公司董事應盡的義務。

董事將不斷了解有關法定及監管制度以 及經營環境之最新資料,協助履行彼等 之職責。於有需要時可為董事安排簡報 及提供專業發展。 Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. During the year of 2023, all Directors, namely Mr. Chen Yixi, Mr. Yuan Zhenhua, Mr. Wu Weiming, Mr. Zhang Baojun, Mr. Miao Bingwen, Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson, Mr. Xu Chengming and Mr. Zheng Hongliang, participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills by way of attending trainings and reading materials which are relevant to the Group's business or to directors' duties and responsibilities. In addition, the Company from time to time updates and provides written training material relating to the roles, functions and duties of a director and all the aforesaid Directors study such materials and they are asked to submit a signed training record to the Company on annual basis.

Board Meetings and General Meetings

The Company adopts the practice of holding Board meetings regularly, at least four times a year, and at approximately quarterly intervals. Notices of not less than fourteen days are given for all regular Board meetings to provide all Directors with an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for a regular meeting. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. When Directors or committee members are unable to attend a meeting, they will be advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the Chairman prior to the meeting.

Minutes of the Board meetings and committee meetings are recorded in sufficient detail of the matters considered by the Board and the committees and the decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the Directors. Draft minutes of each Board meeting and committee meeting are sent to the Directors for comments within a reasonable time after the date on which the meeting is held. 本公司鼓勵董事參與持續專業發展,發 展並更新彼等之知識及技能。於2023年 度,所有董事,即陳奕熙先生、袁振華先 生、吳維明先生、張寶軍先生、繆炳文先 生、鄺偉信先生、許承明先生及鄭紅亮先 生,均透過參加有關董事職務與責任的 培訓及閱讀與本集團業務有關的材料, 參與持續專業發展,發展並更新彼等之 知識及技能。此外,本公司不時更新及提 供有關董事之角色、職能及職責之書面 培訓材料,而所有前述董事均學習該等 材料且須每年向本公司提交已簽署的培 訓記錄。

董事會會議及股東大會

本公司採納定期舉行董事會會議之慣例, 最少一年舉行四次,大約每季舉行一次。 全體董事將獲發不少於十四天之通知以 召開定期董事會會議,令全體董事均獲 機會出席定期會議並討論議程事項。就 其他董事會及委員會會議而言,一般將 獲發合理通知。當董事或委員會成員未 能出席會議,彼等將獲知會有關將予討 論之事宜,並有機會在舉行會議前向主 席發表意見。

董事會會議及委員會會議之會議記錄將 記錄董事會及委員會認為充分之事項詳 情及達成之決定,包括董事所關注之任 何事宜。各董事會會議及委員會會議之 會議記錄草稿於會議舉行日期後合理時 間內寄交董事以提供意見。

During the Review Period, four Board meetings and an AGM were held and the attendance of the individual Directors at these meetings is set out in the table below: 於回顧期間,已舉行四次董事會會議及 一次股東週年大會,下表載列出席該等 會議之董事人數:

	Attended/Eligible			出席次數/	
Directors	to attend		董事	舉行次數	
	Board	General		董事會	股東
	Meetings	Meeting		會議	大會
Mr. Chen Yixi	4/4	1/1	陳奕熙先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Yuan Zhenhua	4/4	1/1	袁振華先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Wu Weiming	4/4	1/1	吳維明先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Zhang Baojun	4/4	1/1	張寶軍先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Miao Bingwen	4/4	1/1	繆炳文先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson	4/4	1/1	鄺偉信先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Xu Chengming	4/4	1/1	許承明先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Zheng Hongliang	4/4	1/1	鄭紅亮先生	4/4	1/1

During the Review Period, the Chairman held a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of other Directors on 31 March 2023.

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiry has been made of all the Directors and each of the Directors has confirmed that he has complied with the Model Code throughout the Review Period.

Delegation by the Board

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters of the Company, including: approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters. Directors could have recourses to seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense and are encouraged to access and to consult with the Company's senior management independently.

The daily management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed by the Board. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the management. 於回顧期間,主席與獨立非執行董事於 2023年3月31日舉行會議,而其他董事未 有出席。

證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納有關董事進行證券交易的 行為守則,其條款不遜於標準守則所載 的規定標準,作為其有關董事證券交易 之操守守則。本公司已對全體董事作出 具體查詢,且各董事確認彼於回顧期間 已遵守標準守則。

董事會授權

董事會保留於本公司所有主要事項之決 策權,包括:批准及監察所有政策事宜、 整體策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理 系統、重大交易(特別是可能涉及利益衝 突之交易)、財務資料、委任董事以及其 他重大財務及營運事宜。董事可以尋求 獨立專業意見以履行其於本公司之職責, 費用由本公司承擔,並鼓勵董事獨立接 觸和諮詢本公司高級管理層。

本集團之日常管理、行政及營運已授權 高級管理層處理。授權功能及責任由董 事會定期檢討。管理層訂立任何重大交 易前須取董事會之批准。

BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee currently comprised three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson, Mr. Xu Chengming and Mr. Zheng Hongliang, and one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Miao Bingwen. Therefore, the majority of members of the Audit Committee are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson currently is the chairman of the Audit Committee. The main duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- To review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the internal audit division or external auditor before submission to the Board
- To review the relationship with the external auditor by reference to the work performed by the auditor, their fees and terms of engagement, and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of external auditor
- To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system and associated procedures

During the Review Period, two meetings of the Audit Committee were held and the attendance record of the Audit Committee members is set out in the table below:

董事委員會 ^{審核委員會}

審核委員會現包括三名獨立非執行董事, 即鄺偉信先生、許承明先生及鄭紅亮先 生,以及一名非執行董事,即繆炳文先 生。因此,審核委員會多數成員均為獨立 非執行董事。鄺偉信先生現為審核委員 會主席。審核委員會之主要職責包括下 列各項:

- 財務報表及報告提呈董事會前進行 審閱以及考慮內部審核部門或外部 核數師提出之任何重大或非經常事 項
- 參考核數師之工作表現、收費及協 議條款檢討與外部核數師之關係, 並向董事會就委任、重選及罷免外 部審數師提出意見
- 檢討本公司財務申報系統、內部監 控系統及風險管理系統及相關程序 之充份程度及效益

於回顧期間,審核委員會已舉行兩次會 議,審核委員會成員之出席記錄載於下 表:

	Attended/Eligible		出席次數/
Directors	to attend	董 事 ————————————————————————————————————	舉行次數
Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson	2/2	鄺偉信先生	2/2
Mr. Miao Bingwen	2/2	繆炳文先生	2/2
Mr. Xu Chengming	2/2	許承明先生	2/2
Mr. Zheng Hongliang	2/2	鄭紅亮先生	2/2

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the Review Period to review the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 and the interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2023, the financial reporting and compliance procedures, the Company's internal control and risk management systems and processes (including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions), and the re-appointment of the external auditor.

The Audit Committee is also responsible for performing the corporate governance duties, including:

- To develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance
- To review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management
- To review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements
- To develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors
- To review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee currently comprised three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Xu Chengming, Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson and Mr. Zheng Hongliang, and one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Miao Bingwen. Therefore, the majority of members of the Remuneration Committee are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Xu Chengming currently is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee. 審核委員會於回顧期間舉行兩次會議, 以審閱本集團截至2022年12月31日止年 度之年度業績以及本集團截至2023年6月 30日止六個月之中期業績、財務申報及 合規程序、本公司之內部監控及風險管 理系統及程序(包括本集團會計、內部審 核及財務報告職能的資源、員工資格及 經驗、培訓計劃及有關預算是否充足)以 及重新委聘外部核數師。

審核委員會亦負責履行企業管治職能, 包括:

- 制定及審核本公司之企業管治政策 及實務
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員之 培訓及持續專業發展
- 檢討及監察本公司就遵守法律法規
 及監管要求之政策及實務
- 制定、檢討及審核適用於僱員及董 事之行為守則及合規手冊(如有)
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則之情 況及於企業管治報告中之披露

薪酬委員會

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薪酬委員會現包括三名獨立非執行董事, 即許承明先生、鄺偉信先生及鄭紅亮先 生,以及一名非執行董事,即繆炳文先 生。因此,薪酬委員會多數成員均為獨立 非執行董事。許承明先生現為薪酬委員 會主席。 The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations on and approving the remuneration policy and structure and remuneration packages of the executive Directors and the senior management. The Remuneration Committee has adopted the operation model where it performs an advisory role to the Board, with the Board retaining the final authority to approve the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for establishing transparent procedures for formulating such remuneration policy and structure and to ensure that no Director or any of his associates will participate in deciding his own remuneration, which remuneration will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions. The Remuneration Committee also reviews and/ or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting during the Review Period to review and consider the existing terms of remuneration of the Directors and senior management with reference to the prevailing market conditions, a Director's experience, responsibility, workload and fees paid by the comparable companies.

Pursuant to code provision E.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of the senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2023 is set out below:

薪酬委員會之主要職責包括批准執行董 事及高級管理層之薪酬政策及結構以及 薪酬組合以及就此提供意見。薪酬委員 會已採納向董事會提供建議之運作模式, 董事會保留批准個別執行董事及高級管 理層薪酬之最終權力。薪酬委員會亦負 責就制定有關薪酬政策及結構設立具透 明度之程序,確保概無董事或其任何聯 緊人士將參與決定其本身之薪酬,而有 關薪酬將根據個別人士及本公司之表現 以及市場慣例及狀況釐定。薪酬委員會 亦審閱及/或批准上市規則第十七章所 述有關股份計劃的事宜。

於回顧期間,薪酬委員會舉行一次會議, 以參照現行市況、董事經驗、責任、工作 量及可資比較公司支付之費用審核及審 議董事及高級管理層薪酬之現有條款。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第E.1.5條, 截至2023年12月31日止年度,按薪酬範 圍之高級管理層成員之薪酬載列如下:

Remuneration band	Number of individuals	薪酬範圍	人數
RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000	1	人民幣1,000,001元至	1
		人民幣1,500,000元	
RMB1,500,001 to RMB2,000,000	1	人民幣1,500,001元至	1
		人民幣 2,000,000元	
More than RMB2,000,000	1	人民幣2,000,000元以上	1

Further particulars relating to Directors' emoluments and the five highest paid individuals are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

有關董事酬金及五位最高薪人士的進一步詳情載於綜合財務報表附註12。

During the Review Period, one meeting of the Remuneration Committee was held and the attendance record of the Remuneration Committee members is set out as follows:

於回顧期間,薪酬委員會已舉行一次會 議,薪酬委員會成員之出席記錄載於下 表:

出席次數/

舉行次數

1/1

1/1

1/1

1/1

	Attended/	
Directors	Eligible to attend	董事
Mr. Xu Chengming	1/1	許承明先生
Mr. Miao Bingwen	1/1	繆炳文先生
Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson	1/1	鄺偉信先生
Mr. Zheng Hongliang	1/1	鄭紅亮先生

Nomination Committee

Currently the Nomination Committee comprised one executive Director, namely Mr. Chen Yixi, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson, Mr. Xu Chengming and Mr. Zheng Hongliang. Therefore, the majority of members of the Nomination Committee are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Chen Yixi currently is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include the following:

- To review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations regarding any proposed changes
- To identify suitable candidates for appointment as Directors
- To make recommendations to the Board on appointment or reappointment of and succession planning for Directors
- To assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors

The Nomination Committee considered and resolved that all the existing Directors shall be recommended to be retained by the Company. Furthermore, in accordance with the Bye-laws and as resolved by the Nomination Committee, Mr. Chen Yixi, Mr. Wu Weiming and Mr. Zhang Baojun will retire by rotation in accordance with bye-law 99 of the Bye-laws, Ms. Cheng Xuanxuan will retire in accordance with byelaw 102(B) of the Bye-laws, and all retiring Directors, being eligible, had offered themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

提名委員會

•

提名委員會現包括一名執行董事,即陳 奕熙先生,及三名獨立非執行董事,即鄺 偉信先生、許承明先生及鄭紅亮先生。因 此,提名委員會多數成員均為獨立非執 行董事。陳奕熙先生現為提名委員會主 席。

提名委員會之主要職責包括下列各項:

- 審閱董事會之結構、規模及組成, 並就任何建議變動提出意見
- 物色合適人選委任為董事 •
 - 就董事委任或重新委任及繼任計劃 向董事會提出意見
- 評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性 •

提名委員會考慮及議決向本公司推薦保 留全體現任董事。此外,根據細則且提名 委員會議決,陳奕熙先生、吳維明先生及 張寶軍先生將根據細則第99條輪值退任, 及程璇璇女士將根據細則第102(B)條退 任,且所有退任董事均合資格並願意於 應屆股東週年大會上重選連任。

1. NOMINATION POLICY

The Group adopted a nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") on 1 January 2019. A summary of this policy is disclosed as below.

1. Objective

- 1.1 The Nomination Committee shall review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy.
- 1.2 The Nomination Committee shall nominate suitable candidates to the Board for it to consider and make recommendations to the Shareholders for election as Director at general meetings or appoint him/her to fill casual vacancies.
- 1.3 The Nomination Policy helps the Nomination Committee and the Board to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Group's business.

2. Selection Criteria

- 2.1 The factors listed below would be used as reference by the Nomination Committee in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate.
 - (1) Reputation for integrity;
 - (2) Commitment in respect of available time and relevant interest; and

1. 提名董事政策

本集團於2019年1月1日採納提名政策(「提名政策」)。該政策的概要披露如下。

1. 目的

- 提名委員會須至少每年 檢討董事會架構、人數 及組成(包括技能、知識 及經驗方面),並就任何 為配合公司企業策略而 擬對董事會作出的變動 提出推薦建議。
- 1.2 提名委員會須向董事會 提名合適人選以供董事 會考慮,並於股東大會 選舉有關人士擔任董事 或委任有關人士以填補 臨時空缺向股東提供推 薦建議。
- 提名政策有助提名委員 會及董事會確保董事會 具備均衡且切合本集團 業務需要的適合技能、 經驗及多元化觀點。

2. 甄選準則

- 在評估擬提名人選時,提名委員會將參考下文所列因素:
 - (1) 誠信聲譽;
 - (2) 可投入時間及相關事務關注的承諾;及

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(3) Diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to gender, age (18 years or above), cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service.

These factors are for reference only, and not meant to be exhaustive and decisive. The Nomination Committee has the discretion to nominate any person, as it considers appropriate.

3. Nomination Procedures

3.1 Appointment of Directors

- (1) The Nomination Committee identifies individual(s) suitably qualified to become Board members, having due regard to the Nomination Policy and the board diversity policy of the Company, and assesses the independence of the proposed independent nonexecutive Director(s) as appropriate.
- (2) The Nomination Committee makes recommendation(s) to the Board.
- (3) The Board considers the individual(s) recommended by the Nomination Committee, having due regard to the Nomination Policy and the board diversity policy of the Company.
- (4) The Board confirms the appointment of the individual(s) as Director(s) or recommends the individual(s) to stand for election at a general meeting.
- (5) The Shareholders approve the election of individual(s), who stand(s) for election at general meeting, as Director(s).

(3) 董事會各方面的多元化, 包括但不限於性別、年 齡(18歲或以上)、文化 及教育背景、種族、專業 經驗、技能、知識和服務 年期等方面。

> 上述因素僅供參考,並 非盡列所有因素,亦不 具決定性作用。提名委 員會可酌情決定提名其 認為適當任何人士。

3. 提名程序

3.1 委任董事

- (1) 提名委員會經審慎考慮 提名政策及本公司董事 會多元化政策後,物色 合資格成為董事會成員 的人士,並評估擬提名的 獨立非執行董事的獨立 性(視適用情況而定)。
- (2) 提名委員會向董事會提 出推薦建議。
- (3) 董事會經審慎考慮提名 政策及本公司董事會多 元化政策後,考慮提名 委員會推薦的人士。
- (4) 董事會確認委任有關人
 土為董事或推薦其於股
 東大會上參選。
- (5) 股東批准在股東大會上 參選的人士選舉為董事。

3.2 Re-appointment of Directors

- (1) The Nomination Committee considers each retiring Director, having due regard to the Nomination Policy and the board diversity policy of the Company, and assesses the independence of each retiring independent non-executive Director.
- (2) The Nomination Committee makes recommendation(s) to the Board.
- (3) The Board considers each retiring Director recommended by the Nomination Committee, having due regard to the Nomination Policy and the board diversity policy of the Company.
- (4) The Board recommends the retiring Directors to stand for re-election at the AGM in accordance with the Bye-laws.
- (5) The Shareholders approve the re-election of Directors at the AGM.
- **3.3** The Board shall have the ultimate responsibility for all matters relating to the selection and appointment of Directors.

4. Review of the Nomination Policy

4.1 The Nomination Committee will review the Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the Nomination Policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

3.2 重新委任董事

- (1) 提名委員會經審慎考慮 提名政策及本公司董事 會多元化政策後,考慮 各退任董事,並評估每 名退任獨立非執行董事 的獨立性。
- (2) 提名委員會向董事會提 出推薦建議。
- (3) 董事會經審慎考慮提名 政策及本公司董事會多 元化政策後,考慮提名 委員會推薦的各退任董 事。
- (4) 董事會根據細則推薦退
 任董事於股東週年大會
 上重選連任。
- (5) 股東於股東週年大會上 批准重選董事。
- 3.3 董事會對有關甄選及委任董 事的所有事宜負有最終責任。

4. 檢討提名政策

4.1 提名委員會將檢討提名 政策(視適用情況而定), 以確保提名政策行之有 效。提名委員會將會討 論任何可能須作出的修 訂,再向董事會提出修 訂的推薦建議,以供董 事會考慮及批准。

The Company adopted the board diversity policy with measurable objectives. The Nomination Committee evaluates the balance and combination of skills, experience and diversity across of the Board. Selection of candidates is based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to age, cultural and educational background, professional and industry experience, skills, knowledge, ethnicity and other qualities essential to the Company's business, and merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. The Board has reviewed such measurable objectives in March 2023 to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives. The Board is of the view that the current composition of the Board has achieved the objectives set in the board diversity policy. The Board will review the implementation and effectiveness of the board diversity policy on an annual basis.

The Board recognises the importance and benefits of gender diversity at the Board level and shall continue to take initiatives to identify female candidate(s) to enhance the gender diversity among the Board members. As at the date of this annual report, the Board has one female Director, The Board targeted to maintain the current level of female representation of the Board and will continue to review the targeted female representation ratio over time as and whenever appropriate.

Our diversity philosophy including the gender diversity was generally followed in the workforce level throughout the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023. As at 31 December 2023, 87.0% of our total workforce were female, and all of our senior management were male for the time being. We will continue with our endeavor to increase female representation in our workforce. We will also ensure that there is gender diversity in staff recruitment at mid to senior levels so as to develop a pipeline of potential successors to the Board.

The Nomination Committee held one meeting during the Review Period. The attendance of each member of the Nomination Committee is set out as follows: 本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策並 制定可計量目標。提名委員會評估董事 會範疇的技能、經驗及多元化之平衡及 結合。甄選候選人將按一系列多元化範 疇為基準,包括但不限於年齡、文化及教 育背景、專業及行業經驗、技能、種族及 對本公司業務而言屬不可或缺之其他素 質,以及獲甄選候選人將為董事會帶來 之優勢及貢獻。董事會已於2023年3月檢 討可計量目標以確保其行之有效以及已 確認達致有關目標所作之努力。董事會 認為,董事會目前之組成已達至董事會 多元化政策所訂之目標。董事會將每年 檢討董事會多元化政策的實施及有效性。

董事會深明在董事會層面達致性別多元 化的重要性及裨益,並將繼續採取措施 物色女性候選人,以在董事會成員性別 多元化方面有所提升。於本年報日期,董 事會有一名女性董事。董事會的目標是 維持董事會現有女性代表水平,並將繼 續於適當時候檢討目標女性代表的比例。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團 整個員工團隊普遍遵循我們的多元化理 念,包括性別多元化。於2023年12月31日, 總員工中87.0%為女性,高級管理層暫時 全部為男性。我們將繼續努力增加女性 在員工團隊中的代表性。我們亦將於招 聘中高層僱員時確保性別多元化,以便 培養董事會的潛在繼任者。

於回顧期間,提名委員會舉行一次會議, 提名委員會各成員之出席記錄載列如下:

Directors	Attended/Eligible to attend	Attended/Eligible to attend 董事	
Mr. Chen Yixi	1/1	陳奕熙先生	1/1
Mr. Xu Chengming	1/1	許承明先生	1/1
Mr. Kwong Wai Sun Wilson	1/1	鄺偉信先生	1/1
Mr. Zheng Honliang	1/1	鄭紅亮先生	1/1

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Group and of the Group's results and cash flows.

The management has provided to the Board such explanation and information as are necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the Company's financial statements, which are put to the Board for approval. During the Review Period, the Company provided all members of the Board with monthly updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges that it is the responsibility of the Board for maintaining an adequate risk management and internal control systems to safeguard Shareholders' investments and the Company's assets and reviewing the effectiveness of such systems on an annual basis.

The Group's internal audit department plays a major role in monitoring the internal governance of the Company. The major tasks of the internal audit department are reviewing the financial condition and internal control of the Company and conducting comprehensive audits of all branches and subsidiaries of the Company on a regular basis.

The Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and considered the risk management and internal control systems to be effective and adequate during the Review Period.

董 事 就 財 務 報 表 之 財 務 報 告 責 任

董事深知其就編製本集團截至2023年12 月31日止年度之財務報表之責任,並對 本集團事務及本集團之業績及現金流量 真實公平地發表意見。

管理層已向董事會提供董事會就本公司 財務報表作出知情評估所需的説明及資 料,須待董事會批准方可作實。於回顧期 間,本公司向董事會所有成員提供有關 本公司的表現、狀況及展望的每月最新 資料。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會深知其維持完善風險管理及內部 監控系統之責任,以保障股東投資及本 公司資產,以及按年審閱有關系統之效 益。

本集團之內部審核部門在監察本公司內 部管治方面擔任主要角色。內部審核部 門之主要工作為審閱本公司之財務狀況 及內部監控,以及定期對本公司之分公 司及附屬公司進行全面審核。

董事會已就本集團風險管理及內部監控 系統之效益進行檢討,並認為風險管理 及內部監控系統於回顧期間屬有效及充 分。

The Group has embedded its risk management and internal control systems into the core operating practices of the business. On an ongoing basis, it will review and assess the status of potential risks which may impact on their ability to achieve the business objectives of the Group. This review process includes assessment as to whether the existing systems of risk management and internal controls continue to remain relevant, adequately addresses potential risks, and/or should be supplemented. The results of these reviews are reported to the senior management and the Board periodically and regularly. However, the mechanism under the risk management and internal control systems reasonably but not absolutely ensures the non-occurrence of significant error, loss or fraud and it is designed to manage, rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

The Group has also adopted procedures to regulate the handling and dissemination of inside information, ensuring the inside information remains confidential until the disclosure of such information is appropriately approved, and the dissemination of such information is efficiently and consistently made.

The Board has adopted a Whistleblowing Policy. The purpose of the Whistleblowing Policy is to (i) foster a culture of compliance, ethical behaviour and good corporate governance across the Group; and (ii) promote the importance of ethical behaviour and encourages the reporting of misconduct, unlawful and unethical behavior. The nature, status and the results of the complaints received under the Whistleblowing Policy are reported to the chairman of the Audit Committee or the human resources director of the Group. No incident of fraud or misconduct that have material effect on the Group's financial statements or overall operations for the year ended 31 December 2023 has been discovered. The Whistleblowing Policy is reviewed annually by the Audit Committee to ensure its effectiveness.

本集團將風險管理及內部控制制度納入 業務的核心營運中。本集團將持續審查 及評估潛在風險的狀況,此等風險可能 影響本集團達成業務目標的能力。此審 查過程包括評估現有的風險管理及內部 監控制度是否能繼續保持相關性、充分 解決潛在風險及/或應予以補充。此等審 查結果會定期向高級管理層及董事會報 告。然而,風險管理及內部監控制度下的 機制合理而非絕對保證不會發生重大錯 誤、損失或欺詐,其訂立旨在管理而非消 除未能達成業務目標的風險。

本集團亦已採取程序管理內幕信息的處 理及傳播,以確保於適當批准披露此類 信息前維持保密,以及以有效及一致的 方式披露此類信息。

董事會已採納舉報政策。舉報政策旨在(i) 在本集團內營造合規、道德行為及良好 企業管治的文化;及(ii)推廣道德行為的 重要性,並鼓勵舉報不當行為、非法及不 道德行為。根據舉報政策收到的投訴的 性質、狀況及結果會向審核委員會主席 或本集團人力資源總監報告。概無發現 對本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的 財務報表或整體營運有重大影響的欺詐 或失當行為。審核委員會每年檢討舉報 政策,以確保其有效性。 The Board has adopted an Anti-corruption Policy. The Group is committed to achieving the highest standards of integrity and ethical behaviour in conducting business. The Anti-corruption Policy forms an integral part of the Group's corporate governance framework. The Anti-corruption Policy sets out the specific behavioural guidelines that the Group's personnel and business partners must follow to combat corruption. It demonstrates the Group's commitment to the practice of ethical business conduct and the compliance of the anti-corruption laws and regulations that apply to its local and foreign operations. In line with this commitment and to ensure transparency in the Group's practices, the Anti-corruption Policy has been prepared as a guide to all Group employees and third parties dealing with the Group. The Anti-corruption Policy is reviewed and updated periodically to align with the applicable laws and regulations as well as the industry best practice.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Annual audit fees of the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 payable to the external auditor are approximately RMB1.88 million.

Fees of non-audit services provided to the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 payable to the external auditor are approximately HKD80,000.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Board recognises the importance of good communications with all Shareholders and has adopted a shareholders communication policy (the "Shareholders Communication Policy") with the objective of ensuring that the Shareholders and potential investors are provided with ready, equal and timely access to the information about the Company. The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhancing investor relations. It is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its Shareholders and investors. 董事會已採納反腐敗政策。本集團致力 在開展業務時達致最高標準的誠信及道 德行為。反腐敗政策構成本集團企業 個人員及業務時途功率策載列本集團 人員及業務將伴必須遵守以打擊 前具體行為指引。這表明本集團對道德 的業行為實踐的承諾,並遵守適用於其 。 為實徹此承諾及確保本集團常規的透明 度,本集團已制定反腐敗政策,作為所有 的指引。反腐敗政策會定期檢討及更新, 以符合適用法例及法規以及行業最佳常 規。

核數師酬金

本集團應付外部核數師截至2023年12月 31日止年度之財務報表之年度審核費用 約人民幣188萬元。

本集團應付外部核數師截至2023年12月 31日止年度之非審核服務的費用約為港 幣8萬元。

與股東之溝通及投資者關係

董事會認同與全體股東保持良好溝通的 重要性,並已採納股東溝通政策(「股東 溝通政策」),旨在確保股東及潛在投資 者可隨時、平等及適時地獲得有關本公 司的資料。本公司相信維持高透明度是 加強投資者關係的關鍵。本公司致力向 其股東及投資者公開及適時披露公司資 料。

The Company updates its Shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through the following channels:

- (i) Corporate communications such as annual reports, interim reports and circulars are available on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's website at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company's website at www.cbanner.com.cn;
- Periodic announcements are made through the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and published on the respective websites of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the Company;
- (iii) Corporate information is made available on the Company's website;
- (iv) Annual and extraordinary general meetings provide a forum for the Shareholders to make comments and exchange views with the Directors and senior management; and
- (v) The Hong Kong branch share registrar of the Company serves the Shareholders in respect of share registration, dividend payment and related matters.

The Company reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders Communication Policy during the year and concluded that it continues to be effective in engaging with the Shareholders.

To promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website at www.cbanner.com.cn, where up-to-date information on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access. 本公司透過以下渠道向其股東更新其最 新業務發展及財務表現:

- (i) 企業通訊如年度報告、中期報告及通函均於香港聯交所網站
 www.hkexnews.hk及本公司網站
 www.cbanner.com.cn可供閱覽;
- (ii) 透過香港聯交所作出定期公告,並 分別於香港聯交所及本公司網站刊 發;
- (iii) 公司資料可於本公司網站查閱;
- (iv)股東週年大會及股東特別大會為股 東提供發表意見及與董事及高級管 理層交流意見的平台;及
- (v) 本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處為 股東提供股份登記、股息派付及相 關事宜的服務。

本公司於年內已檢討股東溝通政策的實 施及成效,並認為其在與股東溝通方面 繼續有效。

為 推 動 有 效 溝 通,本 公 司 設 立 網 站 www.cbanner.com.cn,為本公 司 業務 營運 及發展、財務資料、企業管治常規及其他 可供公眾查閱之資料提供最新資料。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution is proposed for each issue at Shareholders' meetings, including the election of individual Directors.

All resolutions put forward at Shareholders' meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each Shareholders' meeting.

CONVENING OF SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING

Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition sent to the Board or the company secretary, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition.

The written requisition must state clearly the name of the Shareholder(s) concerned, his/her/their shareholding, the purposes of the general meeting, signed by the Shareholder(s) concerned and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more of those Shareholders.

If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionists or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three (3) months from the said date.

Any reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists by reason of the failure of the Board duly to convene a meeting shall be repaid to the requisitionists by the Company, and any sum so repaid shall be retained by the Company out of any sums due or to become due from the Company by way of fees or other remuneration in respect of their services to such Directors as were in default.

股東權利

為保障股東利益及權利,每項事項均以 個別決議案方式於股東大會上提呈,包 括選舉個別董事。

於股東大會提呈之所有決議案將根據上 市規則以按股數投票方式表決,而表決 結果將於各股東大會後適時刊載於本公 司網站及香港聯交所網站。

召開股東特別大會

於遞呈要求日期時持有不少於本公司繳 足股本(附有於本公司股東大會上投票權) 十分之一的股東,於任何時候均有權向 董事會或公司秘書發出書面要求,要求 董事會就該要求指明的任何業務交易召 開股東特別大會,且有關大會應於遞呈 該要求後兩(2)個月內舉行。

書面要求必須清楚列明相關股東的姓名、 其股權、股東大會目的並由相關股東簽 署,且該要求可包括數份類似格式的文 件,而各份文件均由一名或多名該等股 東簽署。

倘於遞呈要求日期起計二十一(21)日內, 董事會未能召開該等會議,則請求人(或 當中持有彼等全體總投票權一半以上之 任何人士)可自發召開有關大會,惟任何 據此召開之大會均不得於上述日期起計 三(3)個月屆滿後舉行。

請求人因董事會未能妥為召開會議而招 致的任何合理開支,須由本公司償還請 求人,而任何償還的款項,須由本公司就 失責董事的服務而應向其支付或將須支 付的費用或酬金中保留。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS

The Company holds an AGM every year, and may hold a general meeting known as a special general meeting whenever necessary.

Any one or more Shareholders holding (i) not less than one-twentieth of the total voting rights of all Shareholders having the right to vote at the general meeting; or (ii) not less than 100 Shareholders, can submit a written request stating the resolution intended to be moved at the AGM or a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at a particular general meeting.

The written request/statements must be signed by the Shareholder(s) concerned and deposited at the Company's registered office and its principal office not less than six weeks before the AGM in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and not less than one week before the general meeting in the case of any other requisition.

The written request will be verified with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Board should (i) include the resolution in the agenda for the AGM; or (ii) circulate the statement for the general meeting, provided that the Shareholder(s) concerned have deposited a sum of money reasonably determined by the Board sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in serving the notice of the resolution and/ or circulating the statement submitted by the Shareholder(s) concerned in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered Shareholders.

PROPOSING A PERSON FOR ELECTION AS A DIRECTOR

As regards proposing a person for election as a Director, the procedures are available on the website of the Company.

ENQUIRIES TO THE BOARD

Shareholders who intend to put forward their enquiries about the Company to the Board could email their enquiries to info@cbanner.com.cn.

提出議案

本公司每年均舉行股東週年大會,且於 必要時可舉行股東特別大會。

(i)持有有權於股東大會上投票的所有股 東總投票權不少於二十分之一的任何一 名或以上股東;或(ii)不少於100名股東, 可提交一份書面請求,當中列明即將於 股東週年大會上動議之決議案或提交不 超過1,000字的陳述,內容有關任何建議 之決議案所述之事項或即將於特定股東 大會上處理之業務。

書面請求/陳述均必須由有關股東簽署, 並寄送至本公司註冊辦事處及其主要辦 事處,倘要求發出決議案通告,須於股東 週年大會前不少於六週寄送,倘為任何 其他要求,則須於股東大會前不少於一 週寄送。

書面申請將由本公司香港股份過戶登記 分處核實,且於其確認要求屬適當,董事 會應(i)將決議案列入股東週年大會議程; 或(ii)傳閱股東大會陳述,惟相關股東須 支付董事會釐定的合理金額的費用,以 便本公司根據法定要求向全體登記股東 寄發決議案通知及/或向彼等傳閱相關 股東提呈的陳述。

提名一名人士參選董事

有關提名一名人士參選董事的流程可於 本公司網站查閱。

向董事會查詢

股東如欲向董事會提出有關本公司的查 詢,可將其查詢電郵至info@cbanner.com.cn。

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COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company has engaged Mr. Leung Chi Kit of TMF Hong Kong Limited (a company secretarial service provider) as its company secretary. His primary corporate contact person at the Company is Mr. Yuan Zhenhua, an executive Director.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, Mr. Leung has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

CHANGE IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Review Period, there is no significant change in constitutional documents of the Company.

DIVIDEND POLICY

Subject to the Companies Act, the Company, through a general meeting, may declare final dividends in any currency, but no dividend may be declared in excess of the amount recommended by the Board.

Future dividend payments will depend upon the availability of dividends the Company receives from our operating subsidiaries in China. PRC laws require that dividends be paid only out of the net profit calculated according to PRC accounting principles, which differ in many aspects from IFRS. PRC laws also require foreign-invested enterprises, such as the operating subsidiaries of the Company in China, to set aside part of their net profit as statutory reserves, which are not available for distribution as cash dividends. Distributions from the subsidiaries of the Company may also be restricted if they incur debts or losses or in accordance with any restrictive covenants in bank credit facilities, convertible bond instruments or other agreements that the Company or its subsidiaries have entered into or may enter into in the future.

Subject to the above factors, our expected dividend policy is that not less than approximately 20% of our profits available for distribution will be recommended for distribution in each financial year. The amount of dividend actually distributed to the Shareholders will depend upon the earnings and financial condition, operating requirements, capital requirements of the Company and any other conditions that our Directors may deem relevant and will be subject to approval of our Shareholders.

公司秘書

本公司已委聘達盟香港有限公司(一家公司秘書服務供應商)梁志傑先生出任公司 秘書。其於本公司的主要聯絡人為執行 董事袁振華先生。

於截至2023年12月31日止年度,梁先生 已根據上市規則第3.29條接受不少於15 個小時的相關職業培訓。

憲章文件之變動

於回顧期間,本公司憲章文件概無重大 變動。

股息政策

根據公司法,本公司可於股東大會上宣 派以任何貨幣計值的末期股息,惟所宣 派的股息不得超過董事會建議之數額。

日後股息派付取決於能否獲得本公司的 中國營運附屬公司宣派股息。中國法律 規定僅可自按中國會計準則計算之純利 派付股息,而中國會計準則在眾多方面 有別於國際財務報告準則。中國法律亦 規定,外資企業(如本公司在中國的營運 附屬公司)須撥出部分純利作為法定儲備 且不得用作現金股息分派。倘本公司附 屬公司產生債務或出現虧損或根據本公 司或本公司附屬公司已訂立或日後可能 訂立之銀行信貸融資、可換股債券工具 或其他安排的任何限制契約,本公司的 附屬公司於作出分派時亦可能受限。

基於上述因素,預期股息政策為各財政 年度建議不少於約20%的可供分派溢利 用作分派。實際派付予股東的股息金額 將視乎本公司的盈利及財務狀況、營運 規定、資本規定及董事認為可能相關的 其他條件而定,並須經股東批准。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Chen Yixi (陳奕熙), aged 57, is the Chairman, an executive Director and the chairman of the Nomination Committee. Mr. Chen founded Nanjing Mayflower Footwear Corporation (南京美麗華鞋業有限公司) ("Mayflower Footwear") in 1995 and is a co-founder of the Group. Mr. Chen is responsible for charting the business strategy of the Group and has played a determining role in establishing the Group's presence in the PRC women's footwear industry. Mr. Chen was honored by the People's Government of Jiangsu Province and the People's Government of Nanjing as an Outstanding Entrepreneur of Non-Stateowned Companies (優秀 民營企業家) and is currently the Vice Chairman of Nanjing Federation of Industry & Commerce (南京市工商業聯合會) and Vice President of Nanjing Enterprise Directors Association (南京市企業家協會). Mr. Chen graduated from Nanjing Normal University with a Bachelor's Degree in News Propagation in 1988 and obtained a Master of Business Administration Degree from Cheung Kong Graduate School of Business in 2007. He served with the news publications department of Jiangsu Chinese Communist Party Council from 1988 to 1995 before co-founding Mayflower Footwear with other partners. Mr. Chen is the sole director of Hongguo International Group Limited, which is a substantial shareholder of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance. Mr. Chen has not been a director of any other listed company in the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

Yuan Zhenhua (袁 振 華), aged 42, was appointed as an executive Director in December 2016. He is also the President of the Group. He obtained a Bachelor's Degree in Accounting from Nanjing University of Aeronautics and Astronautics in 2005. Mr. Yuan is currently a non-practicing member of the PRC Certified Public Accountant Association. From 2005 to 2015, he held various positions in the Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants LLP, Nanjing Branch, including being senior manager of the Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Certified Public Accountants LLP, Nanjing Branch. Mr. Yuan has not been a director of any other listed company in the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

董事

執行董事

陳奕熙,57歲,為董事長、執行董事及提 名委員會主席。陳先生於1995年創立南 京美麗華鞋業有限公司(「美麗華鞋業」), 為本集團創辦人之一,負責制訂本集團 業務策略,對於本集團立足中國女裝鞋 業舉足輕重。陳先生獲江蘇省人民政府 及南京市人民政府評為優秀民營企業家, 現時擔任南京市工商業聯合會及南京市 企業家協會副主席。陳先生於1988年畢 業於南京師範大學,持有新聞傳播學士 學位,並於2007年自長江商學院取得工 商管理碩士學位。與其他合夥人聯合創 辦美麗華鞋業前,彼於1988年至1995年任 職中國共產黨江蘇省委宣傳部。陳先生 為 Hongguo International Group Limited 的 唯 一 董 事, 而 該 公 司 為 本 公 司 的 主 要 股 東 (定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)。陳先 生於本年報日期前三年內並無擔任任何 其他上市公司董事。

袁振華,42歲,於2016年12月獲委任為執 行董事。彼亦為本集團總裁。袁先生於 2005年畢業於南京航空航天大學,獲會 計學學士學位。袁先生現為中國註冊會 計師協會非執業會員。袁先生於2005年 至2015年擔任德勤華永會計師事務所(特 殊普通合夥)南京分所多個職位,包括該 所高級經理。袁先生於緊接本年報日期 前三年內並無擔任任何其他上市公司的 董事。
Wu Weiming (吳維明), aged 52, is the vice president of the Group. Mr. Wu joined the Group in 2000 and was appointed as an executive Director in November 2019. He is currently responsible for the retail operations of the Group. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Wu had served with Shenzhen Zhen Xing Footwear Company (深圳珍興鞋業公司) since 1997 and was the general manager of East China Branch of the company when he left the company in 2000. Mr. Wu has not been a director of any other listed company in the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

Zhang Baojun (張寶軍), aged 49, was appointed as an executive Director in August 2021. He is also the chief financial officer of the Group. Mr. Zhang joined the Group in 2001 and previously served as the accounting manager, deputy director and director of the financial management centre of the Group. Mr. Zhang holds a bachelor's degree in management and is a PRC accountant and tax advisor. Mr. Zhang has not been a director of any other listed company in the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

Non-executive Directors

Cheng Xuanxuan (程璇璇), aged 41, was appointed as a non-executive Director in March 2024. Ms. Cheng obtained a Master of Professional Accounting degree from Monash University, Australia in 2008. She gained extensive experience in corporate management, finance and audit, strategic planning as well as financial management, advisory and planning from working in both Australia and China from 2008 to 2014. In 2014, Ms. Cheng established her own investment vehicle, engaging in various investment ventures since then. Her experience and knowledge made her a seasoned investor proficient in both identifying promising business opportunities and navigating the complexities of trading in equity and debt instruments. Ms. Cheng has not been a director of any other listed company in the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

吳維明,52歲,本集團副總裁。吳先生於2000年加入本集團並於2019年11月獲委 任為執行董事。彼現負責本集團零售業務。加入本集團前,吳先生自1997年起任 職深圳珍興鞋業公司,於2000年離開該 公司時擔任其華東分公司總經理。吳先 生於緊接本年報日期前三年內並無擔任 任何其他上市公司的董事。

張寶軍,49歲,於2021年8月獲委任為執 行董事。彼亦為本集團之首席財務官。張 先生自2001年加入本集團,此前曾擔任 本集團會計經理、財務管理中心副總監 及總監。張先生持有管理學學士學位,並 為中國會計師及税務師。張先生於緊接 本年報日期前三年內並無擔任任何其他 上市公司的董事。

非執行董事

程璇璇,41歲,於2024年3月獲委任為非 執行董事。程女士於2008年獲得澳大利 亞蒙納士大學專業會計碩士學位。彼於 2008年至2014年在澳大利亞及中國工作, 在企業管理、財務及審計、戰略規劃以及 財務管理、諮詢及規劃方面積累了豐富 的經驗。於2014年,程女士成立了自己的 投資機構,此後從事各類投資業務。其經 驗及知識使其成為一名經驗豐富的投資 者,既善於物色有前景的商業機會,又能 駕馭複雜的股權及債務工具交易。程女 士於緊接本年報日期前三年內並無擔任 任何其他上市公司的董事。

Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

Miao Bingwen (繆炳文), aged 56, is a non-executive Director and a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Miao is a co-founder of the Group who served as an executive Director from 1995 to 2007, overseeing the sales and business planning of the Group. With effect from 1 March 2007, Mr. Miao was re-designated as the non-executive Director. Mr. Miao obtained a Bachelor's Degree in Chemistry and a Master of Business Administration Degree from Nanjing University in 1988 and 2005, respectively. He worked in Nanjing University Technology Development Limited (南京大學科技開發公司) from 1988 to 1991 and served as the Nanjing market supervisor from 1991 to 1995, before co-founding Mayflower Footwear with other partners. Mr. Miao has not been a director of any other listed company in the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Kwong Wai Sun Wilson (鄺偉信), aged 58, has been an independent non-executive Director since August 2011. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Kwong has been appointed as an executive director of China Metal Resources Utilization Limited, a manufacturer of recycled copper products in China and a listed company on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, with effect from 16 August 2013. He is also an independent non-executive director of Shunfeng International Clean Energy Limited, China Outfitters Holdings Limited, China New Higher Education Group Limited and East Buy Holding Limited, all of which are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Mr. Kwong graduated from Cambridge University, England with a Degree of Bachelor of Arts in 1987 and is currently an associate member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Kwong, who previously worked at a number of investment banks in Hong Kong, has 13 years of experience in corporate finance and equity capital markets in Asia. From 2002 to 2003, Mr. Kwong was the head of equity capital markets for Cazenove Asia Limited. From 2004 to 2006, he was a managing director of investment banking and head of Hong Kong and China equity capital market of CLSA Equity Capital Markets Limited.

繆炳文,56歲,為非執行董事以及審核委 員會及薪酬委員會成員。繆先生為本集 團創辦人之一,於1995年至2007年為執行 董事,負責監督本集團銷售及業務規劃。 繆先生於2007年3月1日調任非執行董事。 繆先生於1988年畢業於南京大學,持有 化學學士學位,並於2005年取得工商管 理碩士學位。彼於1988年至1991年任職南 京大學科技開發公司,於1991年至1995年 擔任南京市場主任,其後與其他合夥人 聯合創辦美麗華鞋業。繆先生於本年報 日期前三年內並無擔任任何其他上市公 司董事。

獨立非執行董事

鄺 偉 信,58歲,自2011年8月 起 為 獨 立 非 執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會主席以及 薪酬委員會及提名委員會成員。鄺先生 已獲委任為中國可回收銅產品製造商及 香港聯交所上市公司中國金屬資源利用 有限公司之執行董事,自2013年8月16日 起生效。彼亦為香港聯交所上市公司順 風國際清潔能源有限公司、中國服飾控 股有限公司、中國新高教集團有限公司 及東方甄選控股有限公司之獨立非執行 董事。鄺先生於1987年畢業於英國劍橋 大學,取得文學學士學位,目前乃英格蘭 及威爾士特許會計師協會及香港會計師 公會會員。鄺先生曾於香港多間投資銀 行任職,在亞洲企業融資及證券資本市 場擁有13年經驗。2002年至2003年間, 鄺 先生擔任嘉誠亞洲有限公司證券資本市 場部主管。2004年至2006年間,彼擔任里 昂證券資本市場有限公司投資銀行融資 部董事總經理兼香港及中國證券資本市 場部主管。

Xu Chengming (許承明), aged 64, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in August 2021. He is also the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee. He previously acted as an independent non-executive Director of the Company for the period from 26 August 2011 to 28 January 2014. Mr. Xu served as the president of Nanjing Xiaozhuang College (南京曉莊學院) from June 2014 to May 2020. Mr. Xu was the vice president of Nanjing University of Finance and Economics (南京財經大學) from August 2005 to June 2014, primarily responsible for the undergraduate teaching and international cooperation. In addition, Mr. Xu is currently the vice chairman of China Society of Quantitative Economics (中國數量經濟學會), the executive director of China World Economy (中國世界經濟學會) and the vice president of Jiangsu Institute of International Finance (江蘇國際金融學會). Mr. Xu graduated from the Anhui Institute of Education (安徽教育學院), currently known as Hefei Normal University (合肥師範學院), with a bachelor's degree in Mathematics in 1984 and from Shanghai Jiao Tong University (上海交通大學) with a Master's Degree in Applied Mathematics in 1988. Mr. Xu further obtained his Doctor's Degree in Economics from Fudan University (復旦大學) in 2001. Mr. Xu started his career in Nanjing University of Finance and Economics (南 京財經大學) in 1994 as the dean assistant of Investment Economics and Statistics department and was promoted to the head officer of the Office of Academic Affairs in 1998, the head of Banking and Finance Department in 2000 and the dean of the School of Finance in 2003. Mr. Xu has not been a director of any other listed company in the three years immediately preceding the date of this annual report.

許承明,64歲,於2021年8月獲委任為獨 立非執行董事。彼亦為薪酬委員會主席 以及審核委會及提名委員會成員。彼過 往曾於2011年8月26日至2014年1月28日 期間擔任本公司獨立非執行董事。許先 生於2014年6月至2020年5月擔任南京曉 莊學院校長。許先生於2005年8月至2014 年6月擔任南京財經大學副校長,主要負 責本科生教學及國際合作事宜。此外, 許先生現時擔任中國數量經濟學會副理 事長、中國世界經濟學會常務理事及江 蘇國際金融學會副會長。許先生於1984 年畢業於安徽教育學院(現稱為合肥師範 學院)數學系(本科),1988年於上海交通 大學應用數學系取得碩士學位,2001年 於復旦大學取得經濟學博士學位。許先 生1994年於南京財經大學出任投資經濟 及統計學系主任助理,且先後於1998年、 2000年及2003年晉升教務處處長、金融 學系主任及金融學院院長。許先生於緊 接本年報日期前三年內並無擔任任何其 他上市公司的董事。

Directors and Senior Management

董事及高級管理層

Zheng Hongliang (鄭紅亮), aged 65, has been an independent nonexecutive Director since April 2014. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Zheng is currently a professor of the Institute of Economics Chinese Academy of Social Science (中國社會科學院經濟研究所). Mr. Zheng was the executive vice-editor-in-chief of editorial office of Economic Research Journal (《經濟研究》), which is a PRC journal in economic theory research published by the Institute of Economics of Chinese Academy of Social Science. Mr. Zheng's field of research mainly covers the areas in respect of microeconomics, comparative study of corporate system, theory of corporate governance, and revolution of state enterprises. Mr. Zheng graduated from the Department of Economic of Renmin University of China with a Master Degree in 1987. Mr. Zheng is currently an independent non-executive director of Asian Capital Resources (Holdings) Limited (Stock Code: 8025), a company listed on GEM of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

鄭紅亮,65歲,自2014年4月起為獨立非 執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會、薪酬委員 會及提名委員會成員。鄭先生現任中國 社會科學院經濟研究所教授。鄭先生曾 擔任《經濟研究》編輯部常務副主編,《經 濟研究》是由中國社會科學院經濟研究所 刊發之中國經濟理論研究期刊。鄭先生 之研究領域主要包括微觀經濟學、企業 制度比較研究、企業管治理論及國企改 革。鄭先生於1987年畢業於中國人民大 學經濟系,獲碩士學位。鄭先生現任亞洲 資產(控股)有限公司(一間於香港聯交所 GEM上市之公司,股份代號:8025)之獨 立非執行董事。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

ABOUT THIS REPORT

INTRODUCTION

C.banner International Holdings Limited ("C.banner" or the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group" or "we") considers sustainable development as one of our most important social responsibilities. The Environmental, Social and Governance Report 2023 (the "Report") presents the Group's achievements from continuous effort towards sustainable development in 2023. Through this Report, we hope to communicate our values and beliefs in sustainable development with our stakeholders.

BASIS OF PREPARATION

This Report has been prepared in accordance with Appendix C2 – Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") and the amendments thereto.

REPORTING PRINCIPLES

This Report has been prepared in accordance with the four principles of materiality, quantification, balance and consistency as mentioned in the ESG Reporting Guide.

REPORTING SCOPE

This Report mainly covers the business scope of C.banner International Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries, namely Meihong Footwear Company Limited ("Meihong Footwear"), Dongguan Mayflower Footwear Corporation Limited ("Dongguan Mayflower"), Xuzhou C.banner Shoes Co., Ltd. ("Xuzhou C.banner"), Jiangsu Mega Shoes Co., Ltd. ("Jiangsu Mega"), and Nanjing Soft Garment & Footwear Co., Ltd. ("Nanjing Soft").

The period covered by this Report is from January 1, 2023 to December 31, 2023.

關於本報告

序言

千百度國際控股有限公司(以下簡稱「千百度」、「公司」或「本公司」,連同其附屬 公司,統稱「集團」、「本集團」或「我們」) 認為促進可持續發展是我們的重要社會 責任之一。《2023年環境、社會及管制報 告》(以下簡稱「本報告」)呈現了集團在 2023年度為可持續發展所不懈努力的成 果。我們希望通過本報告就可持續發展 與利益相關者進行溝通與交流。

編製標準

本報告遵循香港聯合交易所有限公司(以下簡稱「香港聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C2《環境、社會及管治報告指引》(「ESG報告指引」),以及其主要修訂概要進行編製。

匯報原則

本報告遵循ESG報告指引中提到的重要 性、量化、平衡、一致性四項原則進行編 製。

報告範圍

本報告內容主要涵蓋千百度國際控股有 限公司及下屬美鴻鞋業有限公司(「美鴻 鞋業」),東莞美麗華鞋業有限公司(「東莞 美麗華」),徐州千百度鞋業有限公司(「徐 州千百度」),江蘇美嘉鞋業有限公司(「江 蘇美嘉」),南京舒服特服飾鞋業有限公 司(「南京舒服特」)的營業範圍。

本報告涵蓋的期限為2023年1月1日至 2023年12月31日。

環境、社會及管治報告

SOURCES OF DATA

The data in this Report are obtained from internal information systems, files and statistics, and are compiled by the Group for the preparation of this Report.

REPORTING LANGUAGE

The language of this Report is both Chinese and English. The Report is available on the Group's official website or the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.

ACCESS TO THIS REPORT

This Report can be accessed from the Group's official website via http://www.cbanner.com.cn or the official website of Hong Kong Stock Exchange via https://www.hkex.com.hk.

CONTACT

The Group values all stakeholders' suggestions and comments regarding our Environmental, Social and Governance Report and our efforts in sustainable development. We welcome all stakeholders to send suggestions and comments to ESG@cbanner.com.cn.

資料來源

本報告的資料來源於內部資訊系統、檔 案及統計資料,由集團進行整理匯總後 編製本報告。

報告語言

本報告語言為中文及英文。本報告可通過集團官方網站或香港聯交所網站獲取。

獲取方式

本報告可通過集團官方網站 http://www.cbanner.com.cn或香港聯交所網站 https://www.hkex.com.hk獲取。

聯絡

集團高度重視利益相關者對我們的 《環境、社會和管治報告》及可持續發展提出的相關建議和意見。我們歡迎 利益相關者將建議或意見發送至郵箱 ESG@cbanner.com.cn。

ABOUT US

Corporate Profile

Since our listing on the main board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on September 23, 2011 (stock code: 1028), C.banner International Holdings Limited has achieved leapfrog development through stable business strategy and continuous spirit of innovation. The Company has a number of subsidiaries, including Xuzhou C.banner, Dongguan Mayflower, Meihong Footwear and Jiangsu Mega. These subsidiaries are responsible for the research and development, production, marketing and sales for the brands under C.banner, respectively, which have formed a complete industry chain and strong market competitiveness.

As for brands, the Company currently owns self-developed brands such as "C.banner", "EBLAN", "MIO", "BADGLEY MISCHKA" and "NATURSUN". These brands are characteristic, meeting the demands of different consumers, and winning extensive market recognition for the Company.

As for sales channel, the Company mainly sells the products of self-developed brands through department stores and independent retail stores in first-tier, second-tier and third-tier cities in China. At the same time, the Company also produces products for international footwear companies on OEM or ODM basis and exports to overseas markets, further expanding our market shares.

關於我們 公司簡介

自2011年9月23日在香港聯交所主板上市 以來,千百度國際控股有限公司(股份代 號:1028)憑藉其穩健的經營策略和持續 的創新精神,實現了跨越式發展。公司旗 下擁有徐州千百度、東莞美麗華、美鴻鞋 業和江蘇美嘉等多家子公司,這些子公 司分別負責千百度旗下品牌的研發、生 產、市場推廣及銷售工作,形成了完整的 產業鏈和強大的市場競爭力。

在品牌方面,本公司目前擁有「千百度」、 「伊伴」、「米奧」、「百吉利•米西卡」及「耐 冉」等多個自有品牌。這些品牌各具特色, 滿足了不同消費者的需求,為本公司贏 得了廣泛的市場認可。

在銷售渠道方面,本公司主要通過在中 國一二三線城市的百貨公司零售店舖及 獨立零售店舖出售自有品牌產品。同時, 公司還以OEM或ODM的方式為國際鞋業 公司生產產品並出口海外,進一步拓展 了市場份額。

環境、社會及管治報告

As an industry leader with multiple brands, the Company has a well-developed retail network covering a wide range of consumer groups. The Company operates two sets of production bases in Dongguan and Suining and one R&D center in Foshan, providing strong security for the product R&D and quality control of the Company.

As for operating model, the Company adopts an improved vertically integrated business model, covering all major operating chains, including design and development, outsourcing, manufacturing, marketing, distribution and sales of products. Such model enables the Company to respond quickly to market demands, increase operating efficiency and maintain our leadership in fierce market competition. 作為擁有多個品牌的行業領先者,本公 司的零售網路遍佈全國,覆蓋了廣泛的 消費者群體。公司在東莞和睢寧設有兩 個生產基地,並在佛山設有一個研發中 心,為公司的產品研發和品質控制提供 了有力保障。

在運營模式上,本公司採用了完善的垂 直整合業務模式,涵蓋了設計與開發、外 包、製造、市場推廣、分銷及銷售產品等 所有主要營運環節。這種模式使公司能 夠更快速地響應市場需求,提升運營效 率,並在激烈的市場競爭中保持領先地 位。



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Looking forward, the Company will continue to uphold the "people-oriented" operational philosophy, pay attention to employees growth and development, and create a more energetic team. Meanwhile, the Company will further enhance our branding and marketing efforts, improve our brand recognition and fame. In addition, the Company will also actively expand international market, seek more cooperative opportunities and development space, and bring better quality footwear products and services for worldwide consumers. 展望未來,本公司將繼續秉承「以人為本」 的經營理念,注重員工的成長和發展,打 造更加活力四射的團隊。同時,公司將進 一步加強品牌建設和市場推廣工作,提 升品牌知名度和美譽度。此外,本公司還 將積極拓展國際市場,尋求更多的合作 機會和發展空間,為全球消費者提供更 加優質的鞋履產品和服務。

Corporate Culture

公司文化

Corporate Spirit 企業精神 Becoming the leader in China's fashion consumer goods industry and working with the employees to realize dreams

成為中國時尚消費品領域中領先者和領導者, 和員工共同實現夢想

Corporate Vision 企業願景

Corporate Mission 企業使命 Seeking benefits for employees, creating values for customers, increasing wealth for shareholders and sharing responsibility for the society 為員工謀求福祉、為顧客創造價值、為股東 增加財富、為社會分擔責任

People-oriented, teamwork spirit, encouraging innovation, sincere operation 以人為本、團隊精神、鼓勵創新、誠信經營

Corporate Core Values 企業核心價值觀

環境、社會及管治報告

Corporate Honors



二〇二三年四月



CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

C.banner is a world leading general merchandise retailer that plays an important role especially in China's mid-to-premium women's business and casual shoes market. "C.banner", "EBLAN", "MIO" and other brands under the Company all represent the perfect combination of fashion and quality. Over the years, we're always committed to offering high quality, fashionable footwear products, catering to a diversity of demands from different fields of consumers, no matter sports, leisure, street fashion or business.

In face of challenges, we firmly believe that development is key to solution. Looking back to the past year, we paid close attention to the dynamics of domestic and foreign trade, took the opportunities actively, and went through difficulties. By optimising distribution pipelines, adjusting retail network, and expanding online business, we successfully seized the opportunities of e-commerce and live-streaming shopping, and worked closely with Key Opinion Leaders (KOLs) to provide consumers with more convenient and fashionable online/offline shopping experiences. Meanwhile, we enhanced brand strategy, and deepened brand construction in response to economic challenges.

Here, we always adhere to the core values of "people-oriented", and regard employees as the most valuable asset of the enterprise. We respect every employee, and attach great importance to their morality and talents. We're committed to creating a decent working atmosphere and living environment for the employees to fully tap their potentials. By establishing an improved occupational health management system, we comprehensively protect the physical and mental health of our employees. In addition, we continuously refine our ranking system and design targeted training programs to facilitate the career development of our staff and help them realise their value. Our characteristic recruitment plan also attracts many innovative talents and enrich our talent pool.

主席的話

千百度作為國際領先的綜合零售商,尤 其在中國中高檔女士商務及休閒鞋履市 場佔據重要地位。公司旗下品牌包括「千 百度」、「伊伴」和「米奧」等,均代表著時 尚與品質的完美結合。多年來,我們一直 致力於提供高品質且時尚的鞋履產品, 以滿足不同領域消費者的多元化需求, 無論是運動、休閒、街頭時尚還是商務正 裝。

面對挑戰,我們堅信發展是解決問題的 關鍵。回顧過去的一年,我們緊密關注國 內外貿易動態,積極抓住機遇,迎難而 上。通過優化分銷管道、調整零售網路、 拓展線上業務,我們成功把握了電商和 直播購物的機遇,與關鍵意見領袖(KOL) 緊密合作,為消費者提供了更加便捷和 時尚的線上線下購物體驗。同時,我們加 強品牌策略,深化品牌建設,以應對經濟 挑戰。

在千百度,我們始終堅持「以人為本」的 核心價值觀。員工是企業最寶貴的財富, 我們尊重每一位員工,重視他們的品德 和才能。我們致力於營造一個良好的工 作氛圍和生活環境,讓員工能夠充分發 揮自己的潛力。通過建立完善的職業健 康管理體系,我們全面保障員工的身心 健康。此外,我們還不斷調整職級體系, 設計有針對性的培訓計劃,以促進員工 的職業發展,實現自我價值。我們特色鮮 明的招聘計劃也為企業吸引了眾多創新 人才,豐富了人才儲備。

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As for corporate social responsibility, in active response to the national goals of carbon peaking and carbon neutrality, we have set energy saving and emission reduction and consumption reduction goals for ourselves with environmental protection as our own responsibility. We continue to optimise the supplier admission system, with sustainability as the key supplier assessment criteria, to select green suppliers with common values. Meanwhile, we continue to optimise our production methods of products, adopt environmentally friendly materials, improve resource utilisation rate, develop environmentally friendly materials, encourage to reduce energy consumption and pollutant emissions, and standardise waste disposal, thereby contributing our efforts to building a beautiful, clean and green society.

We are deeply aware that innovation is the core driving force for the development of an enterprise. Therefore, we encourage innovation, not afraid of mistakes in the process of innovation. We take a positive and tolerant attitude to deal with problems and errors arising from innovation, allow mistakes, and provide employees and teams with sufficient space and platforms for innovation. We believe that only continuing innovation can make us survive the fierce market competitions.

Looking forward, as one of the leading companies in the footwear industry, we will continue to take root in the industry, drive the improvement of core technology capabilities with innovation. We will adhere to the sustainable development policy, strengthen brand influence, pay attention to social trends, and continue to write a glorious chapter in the new journey. We're looking forward to working hand in hand with all partners to jointly create a beautiful future.

Chen Yixi Chairman

在履行企業社會責任方面,我們積極回 應國家碳達峰、碳中和的目標,設定了節 能減排降耗的目標,將環境保護作為己 任。我們持續優化調整供應商准入體系, 將可持續發展作為重要的評估標準,以 篩選出理念相合的綠色供應商。同時,我 們不斷優化產品生產方式,採用環保材 料,提高資源利用率,研發環保產品,鼓 勵節約能源消耗,減少污染物排放,規範 廢棄物處理,為建設美麗、清潔的綠色社 會貢獻千百度力量。

我們深知創新是推動企業發展的核心動 力。因此,我們鼓勵員工勇於創新,不害 怕失敗。我們積極、寬容地對待創新過程 中出現的問題,允許犯錯誤,為員工及團 隊提供充分的創新空間和平臺。我們相 信,只有不斷創新,才能在激烈的市場競 爭中立於不敗之地。

展望未來,作為中國鞋履行業的領先公 司之一,我們將繼續紮根於行業,以創新 驅動核心技術能力提升。我們將堅持可 持續發展方針,加強品牌影響力,關注社 會動向,在新徵程中續寫輝煌篇章。我們 期待與所有合作夥伴攜手共進,共創美 好未來。

陳奕熙 主席

BOARD STATEMENT

With the continuous development of the business, the Board is also paying more attention to sustainable development management. With reference to the ESG Reporting Guide of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Company has established a multi-level, efficient and executable ESG management system. We will continue to update and improve the ESG management structure to enable the Board to play a leading role in participating in and supervising the Company's ESG matters.

As the highest management body of the Company's ESG governance, the Board has overall responsibility for the Company's ESG strategy, ESG report preparation and reporting, responsible for formulating the overall sustainable development management policies, strategies and goals, and establishing and maintaining ESG risk management and internal control systems.

We have established a development goal management mechanism covering major ESG performance indicators, which we will review regularly. On the other hand, we will integrate ESG performance indicators as KPIs of the Group's key departments to promote the achievement of ESG goals.

董事會聲明

隨著業務的不斷發展,董事會對可持續 發展管理的重視程度亦越來越高。參考 香港聯交所ESG報告指引,公司目前已 建立多層級、高效並可執行的ESG管理 體系。我們會持續更新、完善ESG管理架 構,使董事會在參與、監督公司ESG事宜 中積極發揮主導作用。

董事會作為公司ESG治理的最高管理機 構,對本公司的ESG策略、ESG報告編製 和匯報肩負總體責任,負責制定整體的 可持續發展管理方針、策略及目標,並建 立及維持ESG風險管理及內部監控體系。

我們建立了發展目標管理機制,涵蓋了 主要的ESG績效指標,我們會定期對這 些指標進行審核。另一方面,我們將整合 ESG績效指標作為集團關鍵部門的KPI, 推動ESG目標的實現。

環境、社會及管治報告

The Report has been prepared under the overall leadership of the Board based on the following principles:

本報告由董事會統籌領導編製,已應用 以下原則:



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CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Good corporate governance standards are essential in providing a framework for the Company to safeguard the interests of shareholders, enhance corporate value, formulate its business strategies and policies, and enhance its transparency and accountability. The Company strictly complies with the requirements of laws, regulations and regulatory documents such as the Company Law of the People's Republic of China, the Securities Law of the People's Republic of China, the Code of Corporate Governance for Listed Companies in China and the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, gradually improves the corporate governance structure, gives full play to the role of the general meeting, the Board and the supervisory committee in major decision-making, operation management and supervision, and protects the interests of shareholders.

Governance Structure

The Company is committed to promoting high-quality corporate governance practices and procedures and we firmly believe that good corporate governance is vital to boosting investors' confidence in the Company. As of the date of this report, the Board of Directors (the "Board") comprised nine members, including four executive directors, two non-executive directors and three independent non-executive directors, and established three committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. There are one female member and eight male members of the Board.

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership and management of the Company, overseeing the Company's business, investment and strategic decisions, and maintaining effective risk management and internal control systems of the Company. These systems are used to identify, manage and mitigate various operational risks. At the same time, the Board is responsible for compliance management. The Group strictly complies with the laws and regulations of the places where it operates and the relevant policies of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. We maintain zero-tolerance towards violations of laws and regulations.

企業管治

良好的企業管治標準是本公司保障股東 利益、提升企業價值、制訂業務策略和政 策以及提高透明度與責任承擔的基礎。 本公司嚴格遵循《中華人民共和國公司 法》、《中華人民共和國證券法》、《上市企 業管治準則》、香港聯交所上市規則附錄 C1《企業管治守則》等法律、法規和規範 性文件的要求,逐步完善法人治理結構, 充分發揮股東大會、董事會和監事會在 重大決策、經營管理和監督方面的作用, 保障股東權益。

管治架構

本公司致力於推動高質量的企業管治常 規及程序,我們堅信優秀的公司管治對 提高投資者對本公司的信心至關重要。 截至本報告日,公司董事會(「董事會」)成 員為九名,其中執行董事四名,非執行董 事兩名,獨立非執行董事三名,並成立轄 下三個委員會,即審核委員會、薪酬委員 會以及提名委員會,董事會成員中包含 一名女士及八名男士。

董事會負責全面領導及管理本公司,監 督本公司業務、投資及戰略決策、維持本 公司有效的風險管理及內部控制系統。 這些系統用於識別、管理及減輕各項運 營風險。同時,董事會履行合規管理的職 責。集團嚴格遵守業務運營當地的各項 法律法規及香港聯交所的相關政策。我 們對違法違規事件秉持零容忍的態度。

環境、社會及管治報告



Audit Committee: The main duties of the Audit Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment and removal of the external auditor; to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor; to review financial information and oversee the financial reporting system and internal control procedures.

Remuneration Committee: The main duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for the remuneration of directors and senior management and on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management. Details of the remuneration of each director for the year are set out in the annual report.

Nomination Committee: The main duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board; to identify individuals suitably qualified to serve on the Board; to assess the independence of the independent non-executive directors; to make recommendations to the Board on any proposed changes to the Board or the selection of persons for nomination as directors; and/or to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment and reappointment of directors. **審核委員會:**審核委員會的主要職責為 就外聘核數師的委任及罷免向董事會提 供建議;批准外聘核數師的薪酬及聘用 條款;審閲財務資料及監督財務申報系 統及內部監控程序。

薪酬委員會:薪酬委員會的主要職責是 就本公司有關董事及高級管理人員的薪 酬政策及架構,及就個別執行董事及高 級管理人員的薪酬待遇向董事會提出建 議。各董事於本年度的薪酬詳情載於年 報中。

提名委員會:提名委員會的主要職責是 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成;物色 具備合適資格可擔任董事會成員的人士; 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;並就董 事會任何建議變動或挑選提名有關人士 出任董事提供建議;及/或就董事委聘、 續聘向董事會提供建議。 The Board promotes Board diversity policy with the aim of enhancing the efficiency of the Board and maintaining a high standard of corporate governance, and recognises and believes in the benefits of Board diversity for the development of the Company. In accordance with the Board diversity policy, in order to achieve a diversity of perspectives, skills and experience within the Board, various factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, length of service, skills, geographical and industry experience, will be taken into account when deciding on any candidates for appointment to the Board and their continued appointment. In forming a diversity of views, the Company will carefully consider and evaluate the views of all parties in the light of its business development needs to ensure that the Board makes the best decisions.

Risk Management

Since the establishment of C.banner in 1995, in addition to being committed to creating brand value, we also endeavour to assume social responsibility. Over the past 30 years, we have intensively explored and used new materials while integrating fashionable design concepts with the classic design of C.banner to provide consumers with a more diverse collection of footwear, thereby continuously growing and expanding the brand portfolio of the Group. We practice green brand development by valuing our employees, prioritizing quality and complying with relevant laws and regulations to establish a healthy and win-win ecosystem among the Group, the environment and the society, thereby creating a sustainable future. 董事會提倡董事會成員多元化政策,旨 在提升董事會工作效率及保障企業管治 維持在較高水準,以及認同並確信董事 會成員多元化為公司發展帶來的益處。 根據董事會成員多元化政策,為了達到 在董事會成有多樣化的觀點、技能及經 驗,在決定任何人選加入董事會及繼續 委任時將考慮多項因素,包括但不限於 性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、服務年 期、技能、地區及行業經驗。在形成多樣 化的觀點時,本公司將根據業務發展需 要,慎重考慮評估各方觀點,確保董事會 做出最優決策。

風險管理

千百度自1995年成立以來,我們不僅致 力於創造品牌價值,更盡我們所能承擔 社會責任。過去的30年中,我們在深度探 索和使用新材料的同時,將時尚的設計 理念和千百度經典的設計項目相融合, 為消費者提供更多鞋類的選擇,集團品 牌群也在不斷成長和壯大。我們踐行緣 色品牌發展,以員工為本,品質為先,合 規為綱,打造集團與環境和社會的健康 共贏生態鏈,創造可持續未來。

環境、社會及管治報告

Sustainable		
development risks 可持續發展風險	Responses 應對方式	Relevant section(s) 回應章節
Product quality risk	• Set up a quality control department, formulate a quality management system in strict accordance with national regulations, and clarify various inspection standards and procedures to ensure product quality at source.	Product Responsibility
	• Inspect incoming materials in accordance with the Company's relevant rules on raw material inspection and management and issue "Fabric Quality Inspection Report", "Leather Inspection Report" and "Base Material Quality Inspection Report".	
	• Inspect and manage all the products in process and finished products in the factory in accordance with the Company's quality inspection and management rules for semi-finished and finished products and quality management rules for outsourced processes, and issue "Quality Report" and "Defective Product Record".	
	• Handle all defective shoes and used defective shoes in the factory in accordance with the Company's rules on management of returned defective shoes, and have the quality management department issue a "Report on Returned Defective Shoes" and "Statistics on Original Defective Shoes".	

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

Sustainable development risks 可持續發展風險	Responses 應對方式	Relevant section(s) 回 應 章 節
產品質量風險	 成立質量管控部門,嚴格按照國家法規要求制定質 量管理制度,明確各項檢驗的標準及流程,從源頭 保障產品品質。 按照公司原材料檢驗管理相關規定對來料進行檢測, 出具《面料質檢報告》、《皮料檢測報告》及《底料質檢 報告》。 按照公司半成品及成品品質檢驗管理規定及外加工 	產品責任
	 · 按照公司+成品及成品品員機驗管理規定及外加工品質管理規定,對工廠所有在製品及成品進行檢驗管理,出具《品質報告》及《不良品記錄》。 · 按照公司退殘鞋管理規定對工廠所有殘鞋及已穿殘鞋進行處理,並由質量管理部門出具《退殘鞋報告》及《原殘鞋統計》。 	

環境、社會及管治報告

Sustainable development risks 可持續發展風險	Responses 應對方式	Relevant section(s) 回 應 章 節
Business integrity risk	• Committed to corporate integrity and follow the principles of fairness, honesty, trustworthiness and transparency in our business activities, and establish the corporate culture of operating with integrity and an effective risk management and control mechanism.	Supplier Management Anti-Corruption Management
	• Sign the "Sunshine Agreement" with partners and conduct regular training to require the staff and management at all levels to observe the ethical red line of honesty and integrity at all times.	
商業誠信風險	 以企業誠信為本,遵循公平、誠實、守信、透明的原則從事商業活動,建立誠信經營的企業文化與良好的風險管控機制。 	供應商管理 反腐敗管理
	 與合作夥伴簽訂《陽光協議》,並通過定期培訓要求 各級員工及管理層始終將恪守誠信作為不可逾越的 道德紅線。 	

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

Sustainable development risks 可持續發展風險	Responses 應對方式	Relevant section(s) 回 應 章 節
Occupational health and safety risk	• Strive to create a safe, healthy and environmentally-friendly factory by upholding the principle of "Life and Safety First".	Occupational Health and Safety
	• Establish a production safety management system, develop and continuously improve various production safety and occupational health management standards and systems.	
	• Conduct regular staff training on production safety and occupational health and organise staff medical check-ups to provide multidimensional safety protection for staff.	
職業健康與安全風險	 堅持「生命至上、安全第一」的方針,致力於打造安 全健康及環境友好工廠。 	職業健康與安全
	 建立安全生產管理體系,制定並不斷完善各類安全 生產及職業健康管理標準及制度。 	
	 定期開展員工安全生產與職業健康培訓,組織員工 體檢,為員工提供多方位安全保障。 	

環境、社會及管治報告

Sustainable development risks 可持續發展風險	Responses 應對方式	Relevant section(s) 回應章節
Environmental risk	• Strictly comply with national environmental protection laws and regulations, and integrate environmental protection and emission reduction into the entire process of production and operation activities.	Environmental Management Resources Management
	• Increase investment in emission reduction and promote the installation of emission monitoring devices to enable dynamic and real-time monitoring.	Emissions Management Climate Change and Corporate Risks
	• Set scientific and reasonable emission reduction targets and measures and optimise production methods to achieve the targets and effectively reduce the environmental impact of business operations.	
環境風險	 嚴格遵守國家環保法律法規,將環保減排工作貫穿 於生產經營活動全過程。 	環境管理資源管理
	 增加減排投入,全面推進排放監測設備的安装,做 到動態、實時監測。 	排放物管理
	 設立科學合理的減排目標及減排措施,優化生產方式以實現目標並有效減少商業運作對環境的影響。 	氣候變化與 企業風險

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

Sustainable development risks 可持續發展風險	Responses 應對方式	Relevant section(s) 回 應 章 節
Resources consumption risk	• Strictly comply with national laws and regulations on the use of resources, and integrate resources conservation into the entire process of production and operation activities.	Environmental Management Resources Management
	• Develop energy consumption monitoring measures, monitor resources consumption in real time and issue early warnings when necessary.	Emissions Management
	• Set scientific and reasonable consumption reduction targets and measures and optimise the ways of resources utilisation to achieve the targets.	Climate Change and Corporate Risks
資源使用風險	 嚴格遵守國家資源使用法律法規,將資源節約貫穿 於生產經營活動全過程。 	環境管理 資源管理
	 制定能耗監管措施,實時監控資源使用狀況並在必要時發出預警。 	排放物管理
	 設立科學合理的減耗目標及減耗措施,優化資源使用渠道以實現目標。 	氣候變化與 企業風險

環境、社會及管治報告

ESG Management

The Board, as the highest governing and decision-making body of the Company, has overall responsibility for the sustainable development of the Company. A scientific, stable and effective sustainable development management system is the cornerstone for promoting high-quality corporate development. Therefore, the Company has established a three-tier sustainable development management system with the Board as the core of management. The Board, as the decision-making body on ESG matters, will assess and manage sustainability risks, clarify the ESG governance structure, management systems and policies and performance indicators, and integrate ESG concepts into all aspects of the Group. The Company has established an ESG management office at the management level, comprising the management members of the Company, to lead the day-to-day management of various sustainability-related issues of the Company and report regularly to the Board on the progress of its work. In terms of detailed implementation of sustainable development issues, persons in charge of relevant departments form an ESG working group, which is responsible for the collection of various sustainable development indicators and the implementation of targets, and shall report regularly to the ESG management office on the completion of its work.

ESG管理

董事會作為公司治理的最高管理和決策 機構,全面負責公司可持續發展管理。 科學、穩健和有效的可持續發展管理體 系是推動企業高品質發展的基石,因此, 公司建立了以董事會為管理核心的三級 可持續發展管理體系。董事會作為ESG 事項的決策機構,將對可持續風險進行 評估和管理,明確ESG治理架構、管理制 度和政策及績效指標,將ESG理念融入集 團的方方面面。公司在管理層層面設立 ESG管理辦公室,由公司管理層組成,牽 頭負責組織開展公司各項可持續發展相 關事宜的日常管理工作,並定期向董事 會匯報工作進程。在可持續發展事項的 具體落實層面,由各相關部門負責人組 成ESG工作小組,負責各項可持續發展指 標的收集與目標的實施,並定期向ESG管 理辦公室匯報工作完成情況。



Highest governing body - the Board

Responsible for identifying, ranking and managing key sustainability-related issues based on stakeholder communications and materiality assessment results, assessing the Company's sustainability risks, formulating social responsibility strategies, setting performance targets and regularly reviewing progress towards completion.

最高管治機構一公司董事會

負責結合利益相關方溝通及實質性評估結果識別、優次排列及管理重要的可持續發 展相關事宜,評估本公司可持續發展風險,制定社會責任策略,設置績效目標並定 期檢討完成進度。

環境、社會及管治報告



Management level – ESG management office of the Company

Responsible for communicating with stakeholders on a regular basis, identifying sustainability risks, setting sustainability targets based on the actual situation of the Company, tracking the progress of achievement of sustainable development targets on a regular basis and reporting to the Board on the progress in achieving the targets.

管理層層面-公司ESG管理辦公室

負責定期與利益相關方溝通,識別公司可持續發展風險,根據公司實際情況制定可 持續發展目標,定期跟蹤可持續發展目標完成進度並向董事會匯報目標完成情況。



Execution level – ESG working group of the Company

Responsible for the day-to-day management of the Company's sustainable development, formulating specific implementation plans for each target and organising their implementation. Regularly collecting and analysing data on various ESG indicators and reporting to the ESG management office on the completion of the Company's sustainable development work.

執行層層面-公司ESG工作小組

負責公司可持續發展日常工作,制定各項目標的具體落實方案並組織實施。定期收 集各項ESG指標數據並開展分析,向ESG管理辦公室匯報公司可持續發展工作完成情況。

Sustainable Development Goals

As a member of the society, the Company shall actively take social responsibilities in order to increase our competitiveness in the market. The United Nations has set 17 Sustainable Development Goals (namely SDGs) ("UNSDGs"), which call on everyone to cope with severe environmental and social challenges.

可持續發展目標

本公司作為社會的重要成員,積極承 擔社會責任才會令我們更具市場競爭 力。聯合國制定了17個可持續發展目標 (Sustainable Development Goals,即SDGs)(「聯 合國可持續發展目標」),呼籲大家應對環 境及社會的嚴峻挑戰。

環境、社會及管治報告

The Company operates in line with the UNSDGs, and has integrated the UNSDGs into our daily work to contribute to global sustainability. Under the leadership of the Board, we have selected the goals related to the Company's operations in accordance with the UNSDGs. The following list shows the actions we have taken for sustainable development.

公司的運作模式緊貼聯合國可持續發展 目標,我們希望通過將目標融入日常工 作的點點滴滴,為全球可持續發展貢獻 一份力量。在公司董事會的領導下,我們 根據聯合國可持續發展目標,挑選出與 公司運營相關的目標,並通過以下列表 展現了我們為可持續發展工作所付出的 行動。

17 UNSDGs 17個聯合國可持續發展目標	Our Actions 我們的行動
3 AND RELEASE REFERENCE ALCON AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	Economic Growth
	Improve the quality of operation, create sustainable economic benefits,
	drive economic development, and promote employment opportunity.
	經濟增長
	提升經營質量、創造可持續經濟效益,推動經濟發展,帶動就業機遇。
9 minimum a a an a a a an a a a an a a a a	Product Responsibility
	Continue to improve product quality, actively innovate while ensuring
	quality, and win consumers' long-term trust in us.
	產品責任
	持續提升產品質量,在保證質量同時積極創新,贏取消費者對 我們的長期信任。
3 moth makin B mat Hitt disc B Hitt disc A Hitt disc	Caring for Employees
8 Minder 8 Minder 10	Create an equal, inclusive, healthy and safe working environment for employees, build a fair and comprehensive talent development system, create a first-class training platform, attach importance to employee growth, and join hands with employees to create a better future.
	關愛員工
	為員工打造平等包容、健康安全的工作環境,建立公平完善的 人才發展體系,打造一流的培訓平台,關注員工成長,與員工携 手共創美好未來。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

17 UNSDGs 17 個聯合國可持續發展目標	Our Actions 我們的行動
	Creating a Green Supply Chain
	Continue to encourage suppliers to join us in building a green supply chain, promote the application of sustainable packaging, strengthen the independent R&D of core technologies, and promote green transformation
	and upgrading of the supply chain.
	打造綠色供應鏈
	持續帶動供應商共同構建綠色供應鏈,推廣應用可持續包裝, 加強核心技術自主研發,促進供應鏈向綠色轉型升級。
6 minimum series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series series ser	Environmental Protection
13 CHART BE REFERENCE	Adhere to the development policy of energy saving, emission reduction, green and low-carbon, and work with upstream and downstream partners to jointly address climate change risks. Continue to promote green products and sustainable logistics. Promote green office, and enhance the environmental protection awareness of employees through various employee activities.
	守護環境
	堅持節能減排、綠色低碳的發展方針,聯合上下游夥伴共同應 對氣候變化風險。持續推動綠色產品及可持續物流。提倡綠色 辦公,開展多種員工活動,提升員工的環保意識。
1 10 100000000 1 10 10000000 1 10 1000000 1 10 1000000 1 10 100000 1 10 10000 1 100000 1 10 10000 1 10 100000 1 10 100000 1 10 1000000000 1 10 10000000000	Giving Back to Society
	Proactively respond to national macro strategies, undertake corporate social responsibility, proactively participate in community construction, and contribute to the development of a harmonious society through various community activities.
	回饋社會
	積極響應國家宏觀策略,承擔企業社會責任,積極參與社區建設, 並通過多元的社區活動,為構建和諧社會貢獻力量。

環境、社會及管治報告

Stakeholder Communication

Stakeholders play an important role in the Group's development. Through internal and external research, stakeholders that we believe have a significant impact on the Group's sustainable development include the investors, employees, clients, suppliers and partners, community and government and regulatory authorities. We attach great importance to the views of our stakeholders, communicate with them through various channels, incorporate their views into the issue of sustainable development of the Company and respond positively with practical actions.

利益相關方溝通

各利益相關方在集團發展的道路上扮演 著重要的角色。通過內部及外部調研,我 們認為對集團可持續發展有著重要影響 的持份者包括投資者、員工、客戶、供應 商及合作夥伴、社區和政府及監管機構。 我們高度重視利益相關方的意見,通過 多種渠道與其進行溝通,將各方意見納 入公司可持續發展議題,並以實際行動 積極回應。

Stakeholders 利 益 相 關 方	Demands and expectations 訴求與期望	Communication channels 溝 通 渠 道
Investors 投資者	 Protecting investors' rights Corporate compliant operation Accurate disclosure of information Investment returns 保障投資者權益 企業合規運營 準確的信息披露 投資收益 	 General meetings Company announcements Company website/email Investor conferences 股東大會 公司公告 公司官綱/電子郵箱 投資者會議
Employees	 Protecting the legitimate rights and interests of employees Occupational health and safety Employee benefits Equal employment and development opportunities 	 Staff meetings Daily communication Staff feedback mailbox Staff training
員工	 保障員工合法權益 職業健康與安全 員工福利 平等就業及發展機會 	 ・ 員工大會 ・ 日常溝通交流 ・ 員工反饋信箱 ・ 員工培訓

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

Stakeholders 利益相關方	Demands and expectations 訴求與期望	Communication channels 溝 通 渠 道
Clients 客戶	 Product safety and quality Product design Market recognition Delivery management 產品安全與質量 產品設計 市場認可度 發貨管理 	 Communication with customer service staff Communication with sales representatives Company website/email Feedback on social media platforms 公司客服溝通 銷售代表溝通 公司官綱/電子郵箱 綱絡社交平台反饋
Suppliers and partners 供應商及合作夥伴	 Win-Win cooperation Equal opportunity for competition Long-term orders 合作共贏 平等競爭機會 長期訂單 	 Daily communication and visits Supplier conference Supplier assessment 日常交流走訪 供應商大會 供應商評估

環境、社會及管治報告

Stakeholders 利益相關方	Demands and expectations 訴 求 與 期 望	Communication channels 溝 通 渠 道
Community	 Community involvement Public welfare activities Donation of money and materials 	 Visits Communication through voluntary activities Communication through public
社區	 社區投入 公益活動 捐款捐物 	welfare activities 登門拜訪 志願活動溝通 公益活動溝通
Government and regulatory authorities	 Legal and compliant corporate operation Long-term stable business development Safe operation 	 Responding to inspections Participation in government meetings Submitting work reports Regular seminars and exchanges
政府及監管機構	 Social contribution 企業合法合規運營 業務長期穩定發展 安全運營 社會貢獻 	 回應各項檢查 参與政府會議 提交工作報告 定期座談交流

Materiality Assessment

Communication with stakeholders can reasonably ensure that the Group's business and development directions are aligned with the objectives of stakeholders. In 2023, we made every effort to communicate with stakeholders on sustainability and invited them to complete the Sustainability Materiality Assessment Questionnaire to assess and rank the Group's sustainability objectives. By understanding the needs of our stakeholders, the Group adopts and balances the views of all parties to set corporate objectives and enhance corporate value. We have compiled the results of the stakeholder assessment, and based on the importance of each sustainability issue, we have prepared the following matrix to showcase the issues of concern to stakeholders and the Company's sustainability objectives.

重要議題評估

與各類利益相關方溝通可以合理確保集 團的業務及發展方向與持份者的目標一 致。2023年度,我們竭力與利益相關方就 可持續發展重要性評估問卷》,對集團的可 持續發展目標進行評估與排列。集團通 過了解各利益相關方的需求,採納和平 衡各方意見,樹立企業目標,提升企業價 值。我們整理了利益相關方評估的結果, 並根據各項可持續發展議題的重要性, 編製了以下矩陣,以展現利益相關方關 心的議題及公司可持續發展目標。

環境、社會及管治報告





STEP

步驟

分析結果:通過對各利益相關方意見的準確記錄,我們充分瞭解了各方的主要關注點,並對各項觀點進行統 計與分析,從而確定了本年度環境、社會及管治報告的重要議題。ESG工作小組在此基礎上制定出利益相關 方重要性評估矩陣,並以此開展報告工作。

環境、社會及管治報告

Materiality Assessment Results

重要性評估結果



Research and Development and Innovation

In 2023, C.banner released the fourth generation of noiseless step shoes, fully upgrading the comfortable technology. The noiseless step shoes have five core functions:

- Noiseless: The heel is made of double-layer super wear-resistant quiet natural leather, and the sole is matched with non-slip quiet material to effectively reduce the noise in walk. Hence, walking is no longer embarrassing, but becomes elegant and silent.
- Toe Protection: The outsole is made of air cushioning cotton, which is more comfortably attached to the foot muscles. The vamp is widened, to effectively relieve the pressure in front of the toes, and significantly improve the comfort in wearing.
- Stable Support: The overall flow structure of the high heeled shoes is perfectly combined with the imported midsole material, which is vibration reducing, comfortable and meanwhile strengthening the stable support, to make the footwear durable and not easy to deform.
- Massage Foot Pad: Flow line design and 3D structure give more flexibility, the arch position improves the support, and the real sheepskin material is soft and breathable, bringing a comfortable new experience.
 - Anti-Wear Pad: The anti-wear design for the rear ankle and the soft elastic material U-shaped cotton reduce the discomfort of rubbing the foot in walk.

研發創新

2023年千百度推出第四代靜音鞋,舒適 技術全面升級。靜音鞋五大核心功能:

- 靜音:跟部採用雙層超耐磨靜音 天皮,搭配防滑靜音材料鞋底,有 效降低行走時產生的噪音,從此 行走尷尬不再,優雅無聲。
- 呵護腳趾:前掌採用舒壓空氣棉, 更加貼合腳部肌膚,呵護備至。掌 圍加寬,有效緩解趾前壓力,穿著 舒適感顯著提升。
- 穩固支撐:高跟鞋整體流線結構 與進口中底材料完美結合,緩震 舒適的同時加強了穩固的支撐度, 久穿不易變形。
- 按摩腳墊:流線型按摩腳墊,3D 立體結構更加彈軟,足弓位置提 升支撐度,真羊皮材質柔軟透氣, 帶來舒適新體驗。
- 防磨墊:後腳腕防磨設計,軟彈材 料U型棉,減輕行走過程中磨腳的 不適感。



環境、社會及管治報告

This year, C.banner brand has used a more comfortable and healthy magnetic foot pad in the casual footwear category. Starting from consumer's feel in wearing our shoes, we change the materials and design the shape to improve the wearing comfort greatly, bringing new experience to consumers.

本年度千百度品牌在休閒鞋品類中使用 了更加舒適健康的磁感腳墊。從消費者 實際穿著感受為出發點,通過材質的變 化、造型的設計,大大改善了穿著的舒適 感,給消費者帶來新的體驗。



Environmental Management "A3"

Climate change has become a global challenge, human beings have to seek a path of sustainable development while protecting the natural ecosystem. This topic has attracted extensive attentions, and is clearly expressed in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development proposed by the United Nations, offering a framework for the world to jointly pursue the development objectives. As an important member of international community, China, under the leadership of General Secretary Xi Jinping, made the milestone commitment in September 2020 that we should strive to peak carbon dioxide emissions by 2030 and achieve carbon neutrality by 2060. This goal not only reflects China's undertaking for global climate governance, but also implies China's deep understanding and practice of sustainable development philosophy.

環境管理「A3」

氣候變遷已經成為全球性挑戰,人類必 須在保護自然生態系統的同時,尋求一 條可持續發展的道路。這一課題引起了 廣泛關注,並在聯合國提出的《2030年可 持續發展議程》中得到了明確表述,為全 球共同追求發展目標提供了框架。中國 作為國際社會的重要一員,在習近平總 書記的領導下,於2020年9月提出了具 有里程碑意義的承諾:即努力在2030年 前達到二氧化碳排放的峰值,並致力於 2060年前實現碳中和。這一目標的設定 不僅體現了中國對於全球氣候治理的承 擔,也展現了對於可持續發展理念的深 刻理解和實踐。 To realise this goal, we took positive actions, set specific goals for energy saving, consumption reduction and emission reduction in 2021, to include environmental protection and ecological civilisation construction into our corporate culture and operating strategy, and worked hard toward the goals. In 2023, we continue to advocate "Green Office", "Green Logistics", "Green Packaging", "Green Travel" and "Green Development" and other ideas, committed to reducing resource consumption and three waste emissions in all aspects, for the win-win between environment and economy.

Looking into the future, we will pay more attention to national environmental laws and policies, and actively follow the national policy direction toward energy saving, consumption reduction and emission reduction. We will start from the two major aspects of resources management and emissions management, conduct resources management by strengthening the supervision of resource use, improving the efficiency of resources use, promoting the green transformation of energy structure and other methods; and meanwhile conduct emissions management by implementing emission reduction measures, strengthening emissions management, properly disposing of wastes and other means, and continuously explore a new path for green and scientific development. These efforts will not only have positive effects on China's sustainable development, but also make great contribution to the world's climate governance and ecological protection. 為了實現這一目標,千百度積極採取行動,在2021年設立了具體的節能降耗減 排目標,將環境保護和生態文明建設納 入企業文化和經營策略中,並不斷朝著 目標努力。2023年我們我們持續推廣「綠 色辦公」、「綠色物流」、「綠色包裝」、「綠 色出行」和「綠色發展」等理念,著力於減 少資源消耗和三廢排放,以實現環境與 經濟的雙贏。

展望未來,我們將更加關注國家環保法 規和政策,積極配合國家環境保護和節 能減排的政策方向。我們將從資源管理 和排放物管理兩個重要方面著手,通過 加強監督資源使用、提升資源利用效率、 推動能源結構的綠色轉型等措施加強資 源管理;同時,通過落實減排措施、加強 污染物治理、妥善處理廢棄物等手段,從 而有效管理排放物,為實現綠色科學發 展探索新途徑。我們的這些努力不僅將 對促進中國的可持續發展產生積極影響, 也將對全球氣候治理和生態保護作出重 要貢獻。

環境、社會及管治報告

Environmental Protection Policy

We strictly comply with various environmental laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste, the Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China. We not only strictly comply with these laws and regulations, but also take active measures to ensure the effective implementation of all environmental protection measures, the proper treatment of discharge and disposal of all pollutants, and ensure that the discharge meets relevant standards issued by the governments.

In ordinary operations, we're always highly aware of environmental protection. During the reporting period, none of our environmental measures and behaviours was in breach of any environmentally related laws or regulations. Meanwhile, we did not receive any complaint or allegation in respect of environmental protection, fully evidencing our efforts and achievement in environmental protection.

We're deeply aware that environmental protection is not only a legal requirement, but also a corporate social responsibility. Therefore, we will continue to increase our environmental standards, adopt more advanced environmental technologies and measures, to better protect our environment, and create a healthier and greener future for our future generations.

環境保護政策

我們嚴格遵守各類環保法規,包括但不 限於《中華人民共和國環境保護法》《中華 人民共和國水污染防治法》《中華人民共 和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》和《中華 人民共和國節約能源法》等。我們不僅嚴 格遵循這些法律法規的規定,還積極採 取措施,確保所有環保措施都能得到有 效落實,所有排放和棄置的污染物都能 得到妥善處理,以確保我們的排放達到 國家頒佈的相關標準。

在日常經營活動中,我們始終保持高度 的環保意識,在整個報告期間,我們的環 保措施和行為都未違反任何環保相關的 法律法規。同時,我們也沒有收到任何來 自環保方面的投訴或指控,這充分證明 了我們在環保方面的努力和成就。

我們深知,環保不僅是一種法律要求,更 是一種企業責任和社會責任。因此,我們 將繼續努力,不斷提高我們的環保標準, 採取更先進的環保技術和措施,以更好 地保護我們的環境,為我們的下一代創 造一個更健康、更綠色的未來。
Environmental Management System Certification

環境管理體系認證

Our subsidiary, Xuzhou C.banner successfully passed the ISO14001:2015 environmental management system inspection and certification. The effective implementation of the ISO14001 environmental system can help us produce environmentally friendly, green and low-carbon products by using eco-design, renewable energy and clean production processes, thereby contributing to the development of a circular economy, a resource-efficient and environmentally friendly national economy and the sustainable development of economy, environment and society. 公司下屬徐州千百度順利通過ISO14001:2015 環境管理體系的審核認證。ISO14001環 境體系的有效應用幫助我們通過生態設 計,使用可再生能源和清潔生產過程,生 產環保、綠色、低碳的產品,有助於發展 循環經濟、構建資源節約型和環境友好 型的國民經濟體系,促進經濟、環境、社 會的可持續發展。



Environmental Management System Certificate 環境管理體系認證證書

環境、社會及管治報告

Resources Management "A2, 2.3, 2.4"

The Group continues to practise the concept of "green operation" and implements the principle of "reducing waste and loss and improving quality, saving energy and reducing consumption and increasing efficiency" in all aspects of the Group's production and operation. By improving the efficiency of resources use, optimising the structure of energy use and monitoring the use of resources, the Group reduces the consumption of resources and promotes the sustainable development of the enterprise.

資源管理 [A2、2.3、2.4]

集團持續踐行「綠色經營」理念,將「降廢 減損提質,節能降耗增效」原則落實到集 團生產、運營的方方面面,通過提高資源 使用效率,優化能源使用結構,監測資源 使用情況等方式,降低資源消耗,推動企 業可持續發展。







1.

2

decrease in direct energy

間接能源耗量較2022年下降 6.0% decrease in indirect energy

consumption compared with 2022 能源消耗密度較2022年下降

16.4%

decrease in energy consumption intensity compared with 2022

總耗水量較2022年下降 19.7% decrease in total water consumption compared with 2022

總耗水密度較2022年下降 28.0%

decrease in total water consumption intensity compared with 2022

Energy use intensity refers to energy consumption/revenue ratio Water use intensity refers to water consumption/revenue ratio

資源管理長期目標設定

Long-term Goal Setting for Resources Management

為響應國家 2030 碳達峰、2060 碳中和的偉大願 景,及包括香港聯交所在內的各類監管機構的 號召,公司(涵蓋公司上市範圍內所有實體)自 願以 2021 年的資源使用情況為基綫設立各項減 耗目標。

In response to China's great vision of carbon peaking by 2030 and carbon neutrality by 2060, and the calls from various regulatory authorities including the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Company (covering all entities within the listing scope of the Company) has voluntarily set various consumption reduction targets with its usage of resources in 2021 as the baseline



20% decrease in water use intensity1 by 2030

至2030年,能源使用强度降低

至2030年,水資源使用强度²降低 20% decrease in water use intensity2 by 2030

- 1. 2.
 - 能源使用强度指能源耗量/收入比 水資源使用强度指用水量/收入比

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Energy Management "A2.1"

能源管理「A2.1」

能源消耗 Energy Consumption



The Group's energy consumption includes purchased electricity, natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas consumed in the production and operation of the head office, factories and retail outlets and diesel and gasoline consumed by the Company's vehicles.

In 2023, the Group consumed a total of 6,375 MWh of energy, representing a decrease of 6.7% as compared with 2022. The consumption of direct energy (natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas, diesel, gasoline) decreased by 8.3%, and the consumption of indirect energy (purchased electricity) decreased by 6.0%.

本集團的能源消耗包括總部辦公區、廠區及零售店鋪 生產經營消耗的外購電力,天然氣,液化石油氣及公 司車輛消耗的柴油、汽油。

2023年度集團消耗的能源共 6,375MWh,與 2022年比較降低了 6.7%。其中直接能源(天然氣,液化石油氣、柴油、汽油)耗量減少了 8.3%,間接能源(外購電力)耗量降低了 6.0%。

			泙	夜化石油氣	外購電力
6.3% 汽油	12.1% 柴油	12.5% 天然氣	0.6% L	Liquefied	68.5% Purchased
Gasoline	Diesel	Natural gas	p	oetroleum gas	electricity

Energy-saving management in plants: Purchased electricity during the year decreased by 6.0% as compared with 2022, attributable to our solar-wind complementary power generation system newly set up in our Xuzhou C.banner plant in 2023. The bathwater in plant dormitory area is boiled by the heat generated by both solar and wind energy. In addition, hot water return device is added in the dormitory area, so that excess hot water will return to water tank automatically, and the water pipes will remain the minimum residual water. In this way, when bathing, hot water is available after the least amount of cold water is piped out, so as to save electricity while minimising water residue.

廠區節能管理:本年度外購電力較2022 年減少6.0%,這得益於我們於2023年在 徐州千百度廠區新佈置的光風互補發電 系統。工廠宿舍區域的洗浴熱水採用光 能和風能同時作用轉化為熱能,另外還 增加了熱水回流裝置,用不完的熱水自 動返回水箱,水管內最少程度的堆積多 餘的涼水,洗澡時排出最少得冷水即可 獲得熱水,這樣既能節約用電同時考慮 到節約管道內堆積過多涼水的浪費。



環境、社會及管治報告

Strengthening electricity consumption management: We use LED lights for the lighting equipments in our factories and office premises, and arrange special personnel to inspect electricity consumption, standardise the registration requirements for turning off lights, and ensure that "lights have been turned off when the employees leave" in our factories and office premises to avoid waste of resources. Each factory collects and analyses the electricity consumption data of each production line every month, and takes corresponding measures for abnormal electricity consumption in a timely manner to improve the efficiency of energy usage. At the same time, we regularly inspect the electrical lines and equipments to improve unreasonable electricity consumption in a timely manner and reduce power loss.

September 9月 加強用電管理:我們的廠區、辦公場所照 明設備均選用LED節能燈,並安排專人 巡查用電情況,規範關燈登記要求,確保 廠區、辦公場所「人走燈滅」,避免資源浪 費。各廠區每月統計、分析各生產條線的 用電數據,及時針對異常用電情況採取 相應措施,提高能源使用效率。同時,我 們定期對用電線路及設備經常進行巡迴 檢查,及時改善不合理用電,減少電力損 耗。



Daily Electricity Charge (Day) 每日電費(日) Unit price (RMB/group) Line Factory 單 價(元/組 別) 廠別 線別 1 3 5 Cutting 裁斷 First Branch Factory 0.09 0.07 0.07 0.10 0.08 0.04 Cutting 分廠 裁斷 Cutting Second Branch Factory 0.11 0.13 0.09 0.10 0.08 0.10 1分廠 裁斷 Face 面部 First Branch Factory 0.27 0.28 0.26 0.29 0.33 0.33 Face 面部 分廠 Second Branch Factory Face 0.43 0.28 0.33 0.31 0.40 0.38 1分廠 面部 Line A 0.49 0.46 0.56 0.70 0.43 0.50 A線 First Branch Factory 分廠 Line B 0.49 0.52 0.87 0.74 0.63 0.56 Molding B 線 成型 Line C 0.72 0.77 0.70 0.56 0.84 0.80 C線 Second Branch Factory 二分廠 Line E 0.49 0.54 0.69 0.70 0.61 0.58 E線 Three-in-one Three-in-one 0.03 0.04 0.07 0.04 0.04 0.04 三合 Ξ合 Total 總計 0.33 0.34 0.41 0.41 0.38 0.37

LED Lights in Factory District 廠區LED節能燈

Monthly Electricity Consumption Analysis Report 月度用電分析報告

環境、社會及管治報告

		2022	2023	Unit
Energy Consumption in 2023	2023年度能源耗量	2022年	2023年	單位
Direct Energy Consumption ¹	直接能源耗量1			
Gasoline	汽油	42,431	41,372	Liters
				公升
Diesel	柴油	72,550	71,919	Liters
				公升
Liquefied Petroleum Gas	液化石油氣	5,240	5,300	Kilograms
				千克
Natural Gas	天然氣	92,300	76,434	Cubic meters
				立方米
Indirect Energy Consumption ²	間接能源消耗量2			
Purchased Electricity	電力購入	4,645	4,366	'000 kWh
				千個千瓦時
Direct Energy Consumption	直接能源消耗量	2,191	2,009	'000 kWh
				千個千瓦時
Indirect Energy Consumption	間接能源消耗量	4,645	4,366	'000 kWh
E	能源消耗量3	(92(()75	千個千瓦時
Energy Consumption ³	 肥	6,836	6,375	'000 kWh 千個千瓦時
Energy Consumption Intensity ⁴	能源消耗密度4	4.95	4.14	7000 kWh/RMB
Energy Consumption Intensity		4.95	4.14	million in revenue
				千個千瓦時/
				人民幣
				每百萬元收入
Notes:		註:		
1 The direct energy consumed by the Company includes gasoline, diesel, liquefied petroleum gas and natural gas.			本公司消耗的直接能 液化石油氣以及天然	
2 Indirect energy includes electricity, energy consumed by the Company i	heating, air conditioning and steam. Indirect s purchased electricity.	2	間接能源包括電力、 本公司消耗的間接能	

Energy consumption is calculated based on direct energy consumption and indirect energy consumption we have obtained and Appendix III Units and Conversion Equivalents of the "Energy Data Manual issued by the International Energy Agency".

- The "density" ratio in this Report uses "RMB million in revenue" for the reporting period as the indicator.
- 本報告中「密度」比率均選用報告期間「每 百萬元收入」作為指標。

能源消耗量根據獲取的直接能源、間接能

源耗量及《國際能源署發出的能源數據手

冊》附錄三單位及轉換當量計算。

4

環境、社會及管治報告

Water Resources Management "A2.2"

We continue to cultivate employees' awareness of water conservation, and post water-saving posters in key water-consuming areas such as the headquarters office, various factory canteens, dormitories and other key water-using areas. At the same time, we continue to strengthen the supervision of the use of water resources, arrange dedicated staff to patrol and check water usage and the conditions of water supply equipment, open and close the water supply valves on time every day, and identify and control the causes of abnormal situations in a timely manner to avoid wastage of water resources. All of the Group's water is sourced from tap water supplied by the municipal water supply departments.

水資源管理「A2.2」

我們不斷培養員工的節水意識,在總部 辦公場所、各個廠區食堂、宿舍等關鍵用 水區域張貼節水海報。同時,我們不斷加 強水資源使用監管,安排專人負責巡邏 檢查用水情況及出水設備狀態,每天按 時開關用水總閥門,針對異常情況及時 查明原因並加以控制,避免水資源浪費。 本集團所有用水均來源於城市供水部門 供應的自來水。

Water Consumption in 2023	2023年度耗水量	2022 2022年	2023 2023年	Unit 單 位
Total Water Consumption	總耗水量	156,381	125,525	Tonnes
Total Water Consumption Intensity ¹	總耗水密度」	113.24	81.52	噸 Tonnes/RMB
				million in revenue 噸/人民幣
				每百萬元收入

註:

1.

-1

Note:

The "density" ratio in this Report uses "RMB million in revenue" for the reporting period as the indicator.

Packaging Material Management "A2.5"

Over the years, we're committed to promoting the green renovation of packaging materials, with emphasis on deplasticization, lightweighting and recyclability. Our packaging materials mainly include shoeboxes, internal supports, packaging paper, shopping bags, bubble wrap, etc. In this process, we have almost phased out plastic materials in favor of biodegradable and eco-friendly paper packaging materials, which not only reduces our reliance on plastics, but also contributes to environmental protection. In addition, our packaging bags are made of recyclable cloth, which are durable and reusable, further reducing the generation of packaging wastes.

包裝物管理「A2.5」

多年來,我們不斷致力於推動包裝材料 的綠色革新,著重於減塑化、輕量化以及 可循環的發展方向。我們的包裝材料主 要包括鞋盒、內部支撐物、包裝紙材、購 物袋、氣泡圈等。在這一過程中,我們已 基本淘汰了塑料材料,轉而使用可降解 且環境友好的紙質包裝材料,這不僅減 少了對塑料的依賴,也為環境保護做出 了貢獻。此外,我們的包裝袋選擇了可循 環使用的布袋,這種布袋耐用且可重複 使用,進一步減少了包裝廢棄物的產生。

本報告中「密度」比率均選用報告期間「每

百萬元收入」作為指標。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

In addition, we have made a series of optimising reforms in logistics and transportation. We cooperate with third-party warehousing and logistics companies to enable us to deliver goods in close proximity to our customers, eliminating the need to use bubble wrap to protect shoeboxes for transportation within the same economic circle and greatly reducing the consumption of packaging materials. This change not only reduces the costs, but also reduce the impacts on environment.

Our efforts not only reflect our commitments to environmental protection, but also display our innovating capacity in packaging and logistic fields. We will continue to explore more environment-friendly materials and technologies, to realise greener, sustainable packaging solutions. 同時,我們也在物流運輸方面進行了一 系列的優化改革。通過與第三方倉儲物 流公司的深度合作,我們實現了就近發 貨的物流模式,這樣在同一經濟圈內的 運輸過程中,鞋盒就不再需要使用氣泡 圈進行保護,從而有效地降低了包裝材 料的消耗量。這一改變不僅節省了成本, 更減少了對環境的影響。

我們的這些努力不僅體現了我們對於環 保的承諾,也展示了我們在包裝和物流 領域的創新能力。我們將繼續探索更多 的環保材料和技術,以實現更加綠色、可 持續的包裝解決方案。



PACKAGE

Packagin 包裝

Packaging Material Consumption in 2023	2023年度 包裝材料使用量	2022 2022 年	2023 2023 年	Unit 單 位
Total Packaging Material	包裝材料使用總量	495	721	Tonnes
Consumption				噸
Total Packaging Material	包裝材料使用總密度1	0.36	0.472	Tonnes/RMB
Consumption Intensity ¹				million in revenue
				噸/人民幣
				每百萬元收入

環境、社會及管治報告

Notes:

- The "density" ratio in this Report uses "RMB million in revenue" for the 1 reporting period as the indicator.
- 2 During the year, the total packaging material consumption intensity increased slightly as compared with 2022, which was due to the fact that our statistical scope was improved to include packaging paper into packaging materials, resulting in a slight increase in the total packaging material consumption intensity.

Emissions Management "A1, 1.5, 1.6"

The Group's emissions mainly include air pollutants, greenhouse gases, general waste and hazardous waste. We always pay attention to the relevant national laws and regulations, attach importance to the governance of emissions, and ensure that the exhaust gas and sewage discharged by the Company meet the national emission standards, so as to reduce the adverse impact on the environment.

decrease in Scope 1 greenhouse

decrease in Scope 2 greenhouse

gas emissions from 2022

範圍一溫室氣體排放量

gas emissions from 2022 範圍二溫室氣體排放量

較2022年下降

較2022年下降

9.2%

排放物管理2023年度工作亮點 Highlights of Emissions Management Progress in 2023





6.0%



4.4%



下降



16.1% decrease in total wastes from 2022 廢棄物總量較2022年減少

decrease in greenhouse gas total

溫室氣體總排放密度較2022年

emission intensity from 2022

34.3%

Notes:

1 Intensity of air pollutants and greenhouse gas emissions refers to air pollutants and greenhouse gas emissions/revenue ratio

註:

1.

本年度,包裝材料使用總密度較2022年略 2 有上升,係我們對統計範圍進行了完善, 將包裝紙納入了包裝材料中,導致包裝材 料使用總密度有上升。

百萬元收入」作為指標。

本報告中「密度」比率均選用報告期間「每

排放物管理[A1、1.5、1.6]

本集團的排放物主要包括空氣污染物、 溫室氣體、一般廢棄物及有害廢棄物。我 們時刻關注國家相關法律法規,重視排 放物的治理,確保公司排放的廢氣、污水 達到國家排放標準,從而降低對環境造 成的不良影響。

排放物管理長期目標設定 Long-term Goal Setting for Emissions

In response to the national great vision of carbon peaking by 2030 and carbon neutrality by 2060 and the calls from various regulatory authorities including the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, the Company (covering all entities within the listing scope of the Company) has voluntarily set various consumption reduction targets based on its emissions of air pollutants, greenhouse gases and waste emission in 2021.

為響應國家 2030 碳達峰、2060 碳中和的偉大願景,及包 括香港聯交所在內的各類監管機構的號召,公司(涵蓋公 司上市範圍內所有實體) 自願以 2021 年的空氣污染物、 溫室氣體及廢棄物排放情況為基綫設立各項減耗目標。



reduction in air pollutant and greenhouse gas emission intensity1 by 2030 至2030年,空氣污染物及溫 室氣體排放强度1降低 20%

reduction in waste emission intensity² by 2030 至2030年,廢棄物排放强度2 降低

20%

註:

空氣污染物及溫室氣體排放強度指空氣污 1 染物及溫室氣體排放/收入比

廢棄物排放強度指廢棄物排放量/收入比 2.

Intensity of waste emission refers to waste emission/revenue ratio 2.

環境、社會及管治報告



The air pollutants emitted by the Group are mainly nitrogen oxides, sulphur oxides and particulate matter, which are mainly generated from emissions of vehicle exhaust and gaseous fuel.

In 2023, the Group emitted a total of 244.6Kg of air pollutants, representing a increase of 13.3% as compared with 2022, mainly due to business growth bringing with more demands for transportation.

本集團排放的空氣污染物主要為氮氧化物、硫氧化物及懸浮顆粒,主要來源於汽車尾氣及氣體燃料的排放。

2023年度集團排放的空氣污染物共244.6千克,較2022年增加13.3%。這主要是由於業務增長帶來更多的 交通需求而導致。

Reduce the Use of Traditional Fuel Vehicles

We are committed to controlling the emission of air pollutants at source. We encourage the employees to travel low-carbon and take public transportation such as buses to reduce air travel. We inspect the environmental protection of the Company's vehicle emissions every year, and dispose of vehicles that have reached the end of their life.

In terms of logistics and transportation, during the year, the Group further outsourced warehousing and logistics to reduce the use of fuel vehicles of the Group on a large scale. Through third-party logistics companies, the Group gathered resources and adhered to the principle of delivering goods in the vicinity to optimise the route, which greatly reduced the exhaust emissions generated during the transportation of raw materials and products.

減少傳統燃料車使用

我們致力於從源頭控制空氣污染物的排 放。我們鼓勵員工低碳出行,乘坐班車等 公共交通工具,減少空載出行。我們每年 檢查公司車輛排放環保情況,將達到報 廢年限的車輛進行報廢處置。

物流運輸方面,本年度,集團進一步將倉 儲、物流外包,大規模減少了集團燃油車 輛的使用,通過第三方物流公司集約資 源,秉持就近發貨的原則,優化路線,極 大降低了原材料及產品運輸過程產生的 尾氣排放。

環境、社會及管治報告



Third party warehousing and logistics company 第三方倉儲物流公司

Activated Carbon + Photo-Oxygen Catalytic Waste Gas Treatment Equipment

Our environmental equipment adopts the currently most advanced activated carbon+ photo-oxygen catalytic treatment technology, equipped with a reasonable number of air intake ports in workshops, to greatly enhance the air intake capacity. Meanwhile, we also set up two separate inspection rooms to monitor the performance of our environmental equipment and the collection of emissions.

活性炭+光氧催化處理設備

我們的環保設備採用前最先進的的活性 炭+光氧催化處理技術,並配置合理的車 間吸風口數量,大大增強了吸風能力強。 同時,我們還設置了兩個獨立檢測室,時 刻監測環保設備運行情況及排放收集情 況。



Activated carbon + photo-oxygen catalytic treatment equipment 活性炭+光氧催化處理設備

Waste Gas Treatment and Supervision

廢氣治理與監管

We have installed VOC collection equipment in the workshop and adopted low-temperature plasma waste gas treatment equipment to treat the waste gas generated during the production process. The equipment conducts pre-filtration through air filters to improve the air purification and plasma purification effect, and then further purifies through oxidation and deodorization before discharging into the atmosphere. 我們在車間內安裝了VOC收集裝備,並 採用低溫等離子廢氣處理設備,對生產 過程中產生的廢氣進行處理。該設備通 過空氣過濾器進行預過濾,提高廢氣潔 淨度和等離子淨化廢氣的效果,並通過 氧化除臭進一步淨化後排入大氣中。



Low temperature plasma waste gas treatment equipment 低溫等離子廢氣處理設備

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 理语、社会及签込起生

環境、社會及管治報告

We continuously strengthen the monitoring of exhaust gas emissions to ensure that the exhaust gas emitted meets various emission standards. We have installed a VOC online monitoring system at the exhaust gas outlets to synchronise the emission-related indicators to the ecological environment monitoring system at the county and municipal levels in real time. At the same time, the Group entrusts a third party to conduct regular inspections on the exhaust gas emissions and issue emission test results. Relevant test parameters are uploaded to the national environmental protection system to ensure compliance with national emission standards. 我們不斷加強廢氣排放的監測,確保排 放的廢氣符合各項排放標準。我們在廢 氣排放口安裝了VOC在線監測系統,將 排放物相關指標實時同步至縣級、市級 生態環境侷監測系統。同時,集團排放的 廢氣均委託第三方定期檢測並出具排放 物檢測結果,相關檢測參數上傳國家環 保系統,確保符合國家排放標準。

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2	IND VOCUMEN (EDR.)	RAS	19617 F182	18942 E 4933	5 999 B	#1 🔿 202	9×01×03 15 ≣ 2023	-01-10 15	٩	
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9.	2023-01-10 14			13259.151	正常(N)		9.404	50	0.124	正聞(N)
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0	2023-01-10 12	1	121 121	12968.244	正用(N)	-	4.456	60	0.057	正理(N)
	2023-01-10 11	- 12	<u>1</u> 0	13020.063	正常(%)	12	7.465	50	0.097	正常(N)
	2023-01-10 10		53	13119.734	正常(N)	17	9.749	50	0.127	正用(N)
	2023-01-10 09	- 5		13349.715	正用(N)		13.716	50	0.183	正案(N)
8	2023-01-10 08	- init:	<u>.</u>	13604.626	正常的	14	15.344	50	0.207	正常(N)
8	2023-01-10 07	- 44		9492 309	正常(N)	12	4.903	50	0.059	正端(N)
- 22	2023-01-10.06			0	正增(N)		2.105	50	0	正规(N)



環境、社會及管治報告



In accordance with Appendix C2 to the Listing Rules, we have classified the Group's greenhouse gas emission sources into the following three scopes:

- "Scope 1" direct greenhouse gas emissions: direct fuel combustion, fuel vehicle emissions, refrigerants

- "Scope 2" indirect greenhouse gas emissions: purchased electricity

- "Scope 3" all other indirect greenhouse gas emissions: waste paper, business travels by plane of the employees

In 2023, the Group's CO2 equivalent emission was 3,213.03 tons, representing a decrease of 6.5% compared with 2022, of which "Scope 1" decreased by 9.2%, "Scope 2" decreased by 6.0% and "Scope 3" decreased by 4.4% compared with 2022.

我們根據上市規則附錄C2將本集團涉及的溫室氣體排放源劃分為以下三個範圍:

-「範圍1」直接溫室氣體排放:燃料直接燃燒、燃油車排放、製冷劑

- 一「範圍2」間接溫室氣體排放:外購電力
- 一「範圍3」所有其他間接溫室氣體排放:廢紙、僱員乘坐飛機外出公幹

2023年度集團二氧化碳當量排放3,213.03噸,與2022年比較降低了6.5%。其中「範圍1」較2022年降低了9.2%, 「範圍2」降低了6.0%,「範圍3」降低了4.4%。

環境、社會及管治報告

Product Carbon Footprint Management

We are committed to integrating the concept of environmental protection into the entire process of product research and development, design, production, sales and logistics:

- Use of environment-friendly materials: In product design, we stress to choose environment-friendly materials, such as microfiber, fabrics, glitter and other materials, which are not only of comfort and design sense, but also able to effectively replace animal skins, thus to reduce the impact on the environment.
 - Use of eco-friendly glue: We replace oil-based glue with eco-friendly glue (i.e. water-based glue, Italian solid yellow adhesive). Doing so can not only reduce the emissions of hazardous chemicals, reduce the impact on employees' health and the environment, but also further reduce the product carbon footprint.
 - Exploration of green logistic: We continuously seek to optimise logistic solutions, and reduce the carbon footprint generated during transportation by realising efficient resources utilisation through cooperation with third-party logistics and warehousing platforms.
 - Environment protection in supply chain: We actively drive upstream and downstream partners and customers to jointly respond to climate change. We give priority to suppliers with relevant environmental protection certifications, and encourage members of the Group to participate in environmental protection publicity activities, to jointly enhance the environmental awareness of entire industry chain.

產品碳足跡管理

我們致力於將環保理念融入到產品的研 發、設計、生產、銷售、物流的全過程中:

- 環保材料的使用:我們在產品設 計時,注重選用環保材料,如超纖 維、布料、格麗特等,這些材料不 僅具有良好的舒適性和設計感, 而且能夠有效替代動物皮,從而 減少對環境的破壞。
 - 環保膠水的使用:我們選擇使用 環保膠水,如水性膠和意大利固 體黃膠等,來替代傳統的油性膠。 這樣不僅減少了有害化學品的排 放,降低了對員工健康和環境的 風險,也進一步減少了產品的碳 足跡。
 - 綠色物流的探索:我們不斷尋求 優化物流方案,通過與第三方物 流和倉儲平臺的合作,實現資源 的高效利用,從而降低運輸過程 中的碳排放。
 - 供應鏈環保:我們積極帶動上下 游夥伴和顧客共同應對氣候變化, 優先選擇具有環保認證的供應商, 並鼓勵集團會員參與環保宣傳活 動,共同提升整個產業鏈的環保 意識。

環境、社會及管治報告

Green Office

We continue to implement "green office" and cultivate employees' energy saving and low-carbon office and living habits:

- We adopted remote online meetings to reduce unnecessary travel of employees.
- We promoted paperless office, and used office software to require employees to clock in online and approve various processes instead of paper signature and paper approval documents; we introduced electronic reimbursement system and cancelled paper reimbursement material requirements.
- We no longer place printers in the office area and assign dedicated personnel to print centrally.
- We established a regular inspection mechanism for public areas to ensure that "lights are off when people leave" and avoid waste of resources.
- We regularly maintain office facilities, production equipments and pipelines to improve the efficiency of resource utilisation.
- We planted over 600 trees in the factories and office buildings to reduce carbon dioxide in the air.

綠色辦公

我們不斷落實「綠色辦公」,培養員工節 能低碳辦公與生活習慣:

- 採用遠程線上會議,減少不必要 的員工差旅。
- 推行無紙化辦公,通過辦公軟件 進行線上員工打卡及各項流程的 審批, 替代紙質簽到及紙質審批 文件;引入了電子報銷系統,取消 紙質報銷材料要求。
 - 不再在 辦公區域放置打印機,由 專人集中打印。
- 建立了公共區域定期巡查機制, 確保「人走燈滅」,避免資源浪費。
- 定期對辦公設施、生產設備、管道 等進行保養,提升資源使用效率。
 - 在廠區及辦公大樓種植了600餘棵 大樹,以此減少空氣中的二氧化 碳。



Greening of the factory 廠區綠化

環境、社會及管治報告

Emissions in 2023	2023年度排放物	2021 2022 年	2022 2023 年	Unit 單位
Statistics of Major Air Pollutant	主要空氣污染物排放			
Emissions ¹	統計 ¹	100	22.4	17.1
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _X)	氮氧化物(NO _x)	198	224	Kilograms 千克
Sulfur Oxides (SO _x)	硫氧化物(SO _x)	0.79	0.79	Kilograms
Sullar Oxides (SO _X)		0.79	0.79	千克
Particulate Matters (PM)	顆粒物(PM)	16.97	19.79	Kilograms
		10.77	17177	千克
Statistics of Greenhouse Gas	溫室氣體排放統計 ²			1 / 5
Emissions ²				
Scope 1: Direct Emissions	範圍一:直接排放	596.03	541.21	Tonnes
				噸
Scope 2: Indirect Emissions of Energy	範圍二:能源間接排放	2,833.68	2,663.94	Tonnes
				噸
Scope 3: Other Indirect Emissions	範圍三:其他間接排放	8.24	7.88	Tonnes
				噸
Total Emissions ³	總排放3	3,437.95	3,213.03	Tonnes
				噸
Total Emissions Intensity	總排放密度	2.49	2.09	Tonnes/RMB
				million in revenue
				噸/人民幣
				每百萬元收入

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環境、社會及管治報告

Notes:

註:

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- 1. The Company's air emissions mainly come from gaseous fuel consumption and vehicle exhaust. The emission factors of gaseous fuel are based on the "Clean Air Charter A Business Guidebook" (《清新空氣約章-商界指南》) issued by the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce and the Hong Kong Business Coalition on the Environment (香港商界環保大聯盟) and Sustainable Development Report 2018 (《可持續發展報告2018》) of the Hong Kong and China Gas Company Limited. The emission factors of vehicles are based on the Hong Kong Environmental Protection Department's Vehicle Emission Calculation Model.
- 2. In order to provide a more comprehensive presentation of greenhouse gas emissions of the Company, we have divided our greenhouse gas emissions into the following three scopes according to Appendix C2 to the Listing Rules:
 - "Scope 1" covering greenhouse gas emissions directly generated from the businesses that are owned or controlled by the Company
 - "Scope 2" covering electricity consumed (purchased or acquired) within the company
 - "Scope 3"- covering all other indirect greenhouse gas emissions that occur outside the Company, including paper waste disposed at landfills and business travels of the employees by plane
- 3. Greenhouse gas emissions data is presented in terms of carbon dioxide equivalent, with reference to:
 - Fifth Assessment Report (AR5) (2014) of Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)
 - Guidelines to Account for and Report on Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Removals for Buildings (Commercial, Residential or Public Purposes) in Hong Kong of Environmental Protection Department
 - Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the People's Republic of China (2019)

- 公司的廢氣排放主要來源於氣體燃料消 耗及汽車尾氣的排放,氣體燃料的排放係 數參照香港總商會及香港商界環保大聯 盟發表的(清新空氣約章一商界指南》及煤 氣公司《可持續發展報告2018》;汽車的排 放係數參照香港環境保護署汽車排放計 算模型;
- 為了更全面的展示公司溫室氣體排放的 情況,我們根據上市規則附錄C2將溫室 氣體排放劃分為以下三個範圍:
 - 「範圍1」一涵蓋由公司擁有或控制 的業務直接產生的溫室氣體排放
 - 「範圍2」一涵蓋來自公司內部消耗 (購買回來的或取得的)電力
 - 「範圍3」一涵蓋公司以外發生的所 有其他間接溫室氣體排放,公司 涉及棄置到堆填區的廢紙、僱員 乘坐飛機出外公幹
 - 溫 室 氣 體 排 放 的 數 據 是 按 二 氧 化 碳 當 量 的 方 式 呈 現, 並 參 照:
 - 政府間氣候變化專門委員會(IPCC)
 第五次評估報告(AR5)(2014)
 - 環境保護署《香港建築物(商業、 住宅或公共用途)的溫室氣體排 放及減除的核算和報告指引》
 - 中華人民共和國生態環境局(2019)

環境、社會及管治報告

Waste Management "A1.3, 1.4"

Hazardous Waste

The hazardous wastes generated by the Group in the course of production mainly include glue buckets, batteries, activated carbon, waste rags, containers, cans and etc.

The Group has set up hazardous waste bins at each of its plants. In particular, used glue barrels are professionally recycled by the vendors and other hazardous waste is collected and disposed of by qualified companies. We understand the results of waste recycling and treatment, and follow up when necessary.

General Waste

The general wastes generated by the Group include office and general household waste, food waste, construction waste, waste leather and underlay, etc.

We encourage our staff to use resources wisely and we have set up waste sorting points in our office premises and production areas to require employees to sort waste. Recyclable general wastes are handed over to waste material recycling companies and non-recyclable wastes are regularly cleaned up. In order to further reduce the impact of general waste on the environment, we use a combination of source control and waste transfer to manage general wastes.

Food waste: We have strengthened our procurement management to avoid buying excessive ingredients; each factory regularly collects the staff's opinions on canteen dishes and strives to make improvements to cater to the taste of most staff, thus reducing food waste at source.

廢棄物治理「A1.3、1.4」

有害廢棄物 本集團在生產過程中產生的有害廢棄物

主要包括膠水桶、電池、活性炭、廢抹布、容器罐等。

集團在各個廠區設立危廢垃圾桶,其中 廢舊膠水桶由賣方公司專業回收再利用, 其他危廢垃圾由有資質的公司回收處理。 我們對廢棄物回收處理結果進行了解, 必要時進行跟蹤。

一般廢棄物

本集團產生的一般廢棄物包括辦公及普 通生活垃圾、廚餘垃圾、建築廢棄物、廢 皮料、底料等。

我們鼓勵員工合理使用資源,並且我們 在辦公場所、產區均設有垃圾分類處理 點要求員工進行垃圾分類。對於可回收 的一般廢棄物交由廢舊物資回收公司, 對於不可回收的定期清理。為進一步降 低一般廢棄物對環境的影響,我們採用 源頭控制與廢棄物轉移相結合的方式管 理一般廢棄物。

廚餘垃圾:我們加強採購管理,避免購入 過量食材;各廠區定期調研員工對食堂 菜品的意見,努力改進以符合大部分員 工的口味,從源頭減少廚餘垃圾。

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Construction waste: We use low-pollution and eco-friendly materials that meet national standards for our retail shop renovations to minimise environmental pollution. We strictly classify and dispose of renovation waste and obsolete renovation materials, recycle renovation and decorations as much as possible, and engage qualified companies to recycle and dispose of construction waste that cannot be reused.

Waste leather and underlay: We have introduced the leather cutting equipment from Atom of Italy in our factory to optimise nesting and ensure precise cutting, which has significantly improved the utilisation of leather and reduced the generation of waste leather.

建築垃圾:我們零售店面裝修採用符合 國家標準的低污染、環保材料,盡可能降 低環境污染。我們對裝修廢料、老舊裝修 材料進行嚴格的分類處理,盡量循環使 用装修装飾,對於不能再利用的建築垃 圾交由有資質的公司回收處理。

廢皮料底料:我們在廠區內引入意大利 阿通品牌皮具自動切割設備,優化排版, 精準切割,大幅提高了皮料的利用率,減 少廢皮料的產生。

Waste Disposal Data in 2023	2023年度廢棄物統計	2022 2022 年	2023 2023 年	Unit 單 位
Hazardous Waste	有害廢棄物	3	4	Tonnes
				噸
Hazardous Waste Intensity	有害廢棄物密度	0.0024	0.0026	Tonnes/RMB
				million in revenue
				噸/人民幣
				每百萬元收入
Non-Hazardous Waste	無害廢棄物	248	161	Tonnes
				噸
Non-Hazardous Waste Intensity	無害廢棄物密度	0.1792	0.1046	Tonnes/RMB
				million in revenue
				噸/人民幣
				每百萬元收入

Climate Change and Corporate Risks

氣候變化與企業風險

Type of risks 風險類型	Description of risks 風險描述	Response 應 對 措 施
Market risk	As consumers become more conscious of sustainable development or environmental protection, there will be a gradual shift in market preference towards more environmentally friendly products. Failure to provide more environmentally friendly products or services may result in the loss of some customers, leading to market risk.	The Company has established a comprehensive supplier management system, incorporating sustainability into the Company's supplier evaluation criteria. We are also working closely with our raw material suppliers to use more environmentally friendly packaging materials and are actively exploring diverse composite materials as alternatives to traditional leather.
市場風險	隨著消費者對於可持續發展或環境保護理 念的深入,市場選擇出現漸變,更傾向於選 擇更環保的產品。公司未能提供更具環保的 產品或服務,有可能造成部分客戶流失,導 致市場風險。	公司全面構建供應商管理體系,將可持續發 展納入公司供應商考核維度中。同時與原材 料供應商展開深度合作,使用更環保的包裝 材料並積極探尋可替代傳統皮革的多樣性 複合型材料。
Policy risk	The frequent introduction of the "control on energy consumption and intensity" policy, coupled with the sudden increase in the cost of coal and electricity, has increased the pressure on local electricity supply, particularly in the Yangtze River Delta and Pearl River Delta regions, which have implemented measures such as limiting the total electricity consumption, raising electricity prices and imposing restrictions on time slots for electricity consumption. The Company mainly operates in the Yangtze River Delta and the Pearl River Delta, which may be affected by the restrictions on electricity supply, resulting in the suspension of production and economic loss to the	In accordance with the notice of electricity restriction, the Company arranges its production flexibly in advance and carries out production in non-peak hours to minimise losses due to suspension of production. In addition, the Company has upgraded its energy structure by using renewable energy and adopting photovoltaic power generation.
政策風險	Company. 「能耗雙控」政策頻出,加之煤電成本驟增 等因素,局部地區電力供應壓力升高,長三 角、珠三角地區尤為明顯,這些地方實行限 制用電總量、提高電價、限制用電時段等措 施。公司主要分佈在長三角、珠三角一帶, 受限電影響,可能停工停產,給公司帶來經 濟損失。	公司根據限電的通知,提前靈活安排生產 工作, 錯峰生產, 盡量減少因停工帶來的損 失。同時, 公司進行能源結構升級, 使用可 再生能源, 採用光伏發電的方式。

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Type of risks 風險類型	Description of risks 風險描述	Response 應 對 措 施
Reputational risk 聲譽風險	Failure to conduct preliminary intellectual property surveys of the market during research and development and design processes of product may result in the risk of patent infringement of products; failure to apply for patent or intellectual property protection for the Company's design and research and development achievements in a timely manner, or failure to monitor and respond to malicious infringements in the market after completing the application, may result in the design and research and development achievements not being effectively protected, thereby causing damage to the Company's reputation.在產品研發及設計期間,未對市場進行初步 	The Company has established a comprehensive intellectual property management system and strictly complies with all national laws and regulations, eliminates its own infringement, and strives to protect all patents and intellectual property rights of the Company from being infringed. 公司建立全面知識產權管理體系,並嚴格遵 守國家各項法律法規,於自身杜絕侵權行為 發生的同時,盡力保障公司所有的專利產權
Acute physical risk	The Company's major factories are located in Guangdong and Jiangsu, both of which are coastal areas prone to natural disasters such as typhoons, extreme cold and extreme floods. In the event of increasingly frequent natural disasters in the future, it may cause interruption of production progress due to damage to the Company's production facilities, freezing of pipelines and flooding in the	The Company has increased its investment in fixed assets related to the reconstruction or maintenance of production facilities and has established emergency plans for natural disasters to minimise the impact of extreme weather on production facilities and production capacity.
急性實體風險	production areas. 公司主要工廠分佈於廣東、江蘇兩地,均屬 於沿海地區,易發生颱風、極寒、極澇等自 然災害。在未來自然災害頻率可能增加的情 況下,有可能造成公司生產設施的損毀、管 道凍裂、廠區內澇等導致生產進度中斷。	公司增加對生產設施重建或維護的固定資 產相關投入,同時建立自然災害相關應急預 案,盡可能減少極端天氣對生產設施及產能 所造成的影響。

環境、社會及管治報告

Optimising Employment Environment "B1 General Disclosure"

As a labour-intensive manufacturing company, C.banner has been adhering to the "people-oriented" management philosophy for many years, and has always regarded our employees as the most valuable resources and assets. In the course of development, we're deeply aware that employees' happiness and satisfaction are one of the key factors to our success. Therefore, we not only pay attention to the materialistic demands of employees, but also pay attention to their soul growth and career development.

In terms of legal compliance, we strictly abide by the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Minors, the Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour, the Special Provisions on the Labour Protection of Female Employees and other relevant national and regional laws and regulations, and ensure all labour practices are in compliance with legal requirements. Based on these laws and regulations, we have formulated various internal management procedures and policies covering compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, holidays, equal opportunities, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.

In terms of remuneration and employment, we ensure that the wages and benefits packages of all employees are fair and reasonable and do not fall below the minimum standards set by law. We oppose any form of forced labor, respect the legitimate rights and interests of employees, and provide safe and healthy working conditions.

優化僱傭環境「B1一般披露」

作為一家勞動密集型的製造企業,千百 度始終堅守「以人為本」的管理哲學,將 員工視為企業最寶貴的資產和財富。在 多年的發展歷程中,我們深刻認識到,員 工的幸福感和滿意度是公司成功的關鍵 因素之一。因此,我們不僅關注員工的物 質需求,更注重他們的精神成長和職業 發展。

在遵守法律法規方面,我們嚴格遵循《中 華人民共和國勞動法》《中華人民共和國 勞動合同法》《中華人民共和國未成年人 保護法》《禁止使用童工規定》《女職工勞 動保護特別規定》以及國家和地區的其他 相關法律法規,確保所有勞動實踐都符 合法律的要求。基於這些法律法規,我 們制定了一系列內部管理程序和政策, 涵蓋了薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時 間、假期安排、平等機會、多元化、反歧 視以及其它福利待遇等多個方面。

在薪酬及僱傭方面,我們確保所有員工 的工資和福利待遇公平合理,且不低於 法律規定的最低標準。我們反對任何形 式的強迫勞動,尊重員工的合法權益,提 供安全健康的工作環境。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

In terms of recruitment and promotion, we adhere to the principles of openness, fairness and justice, and select and promote employees according to their abilities and performance, so as to provide employees with opportunities and platforms for career development.

In terms of working hours, we abide by the statutory working hours system to ensure that employees enjoy sufficient rest time and personal time, and maintain the physical and mental health of employees.

In terms of holidays, we provide employees with paid leave, maternity leave, sick leave, etc. lawfully, and protect employees' rights to rest and recovery.

In terms of equal opportunity and diversity, we are committed to creating an inclusive and diverse work environment that opposes any form of discrimination, and respects the personality diversity our employees and the cultural diversity.

In terms of anti-discrimination, we firmly oppose any unfair discrimination based on gender, age, race, religion, disability, sexual orientation etc., and ensure that all employees work and develop on an equal basis.

In terms of welfare and benefits, we provide various welfare measures, such as health insurance, pension insurance, unemployment insurance, etc., to care about the life quality of employees and improve their satisfaction and loyalty.

在招聘及晉升方面,我們堅持公開、公 平、公正的原則,根據員工的能力和業績 進行選拔和晉升,為員工提供職業發展 的機會和平臺。

在工作時間方面,我們遵守法定的工時 制度,確保員工享有足夠的休息時間和 個人時間,維護員工的身心健康。

在假期方面,我們根據法律規定為員工 提供帶薪休假、產假、病假等,保障員工 的休息和恢復權利。

在平等機會和多元化方面,我們致力於 創建一個包容和多元化的工作環境,反 對任何形式的歧視,尊重員工的個性差 異和多元文化。

在反歧視方面,我們堅決反對基於性別、 年齡、種族、宗教、殘疾、性取向等任何 不公正的歧視行為,確保所有員工在平 等的基礎上工作和發展。

在福利待遇方面,我們提供各種福利措 施, 如健康保險、養老保險、失業保險 等,關心員工的生活品質,提高員工的滿 意度和忠誠度。

環境、社會及管治報告

C.banner is committed to becoming a responsible enterprise. We believe that by respecting and protecting the interests and benefits of employees, we can attract and retain excellent talents, promote corporate sustainability, and contribute to social harmony.

Employee Profile Overview "B1.1"

C.banner is firmly committed to promoting equal employment. We solemnly undertake not in any form to discriminate any employees because of his/her race, religious belief, age, nationality, sexual orientation, gender, disability, etc. We believe that diversity is the source of strength for the Company and that inclusivity is an important part of our corporate culture.

During the year, the Group further enhanced our corporate values of diversity and inclusiveness. We not only actively advocated and developed an equal and diverse employment environment, but also strengthened our internal cohesion and external competitiveness, by optimising staffing structure and improving employee's qualities.We realised that an diverse team could bring with different opinions and ideas, which is critical to innovation and adaptation to market changes. For this purpose, C.banner took a series of measures. Through regular diversity training and awareness improvement activities, we enhanced employees' recognition of equality and diverse values. We also established equal recruitment and promotion mechanisms, to ensure all employees could have equal opportunities to display their talents and obtain according recognition. In addition, we encouraged employees to share their opinions and suggestions, which will be carefully heard and respected regardless of their background.

The Group is firmly convinced that with these efforts, we can not only establish a more equal and inclusive working environment, but also attract and retain more excellent talents, and thus keep our leadership in fierce market competitions. We hope that in addition to continuing promotion of equal employment principle, we will contribute to creating a more diverse, harmonious society in the future. 千百度致力於成為一家負責任的企業, 我們相信,通過尊重和保護員工的權益, 我們將能夠吸引和保留優秀的人才,促 進企業的可持續發展,並為社會和諧做 出貢獻。

員工概況「B1.1」

千百度堅定地致力於推動平等就業原則, 我們鄭重承諾,無論員工的種族、宗教信仰、年齡、國籍、性取向、性別認同、殘 疾等背景如何,我們都將一視同仁,絕不 容忍任何形式的歧視行為。我們相信,多 樣性是公司力量的源泉,包容性是我們 企業文化的重要組成部分。

在本年度,集團進一步強化了多樣性和 包容性的企業價值觀。我們不僅積極宣 導和發展一個平等、多元的僱傭環境,還 通過不斷優化人才結構和提升員工素質, 來增強企業的內部凝聚力和外部競爭力。 我們認識到,一個多元化的團隊能夠帶 來不同的觀點和創意,這對於推動創新、 適應市場變化至關重要。為了實現這一 目標,千百度採取了一系列措施。我們通 過定期的多元化培訓和意識提升活動, 增強員工對於平等和多元價值的認識。 我們還建立了公平的招聘和晉升機制, 確保所有員工都有平等的機會展示自己 的才能並獲得相應的認可。此外,我們鼓 勵員工分享自己的意見和建議, 無論他 們的背景如何,我們都將認真傾聽並給 予重視。

集團堅信,通過這些努力,我們不僅能夠 建立一個更加公平和包容的工作環境, 還能夠吸引和留住更多優秀的人才,從 而在激烈的市場競爭中保持領先地位。 我們期待著在未來繼續推動平等就業的 原則,為建立一個更加多元和諧的社會 貢獻自己的力量。

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In 2023, the Group had a total of 4,557 employees, including 184 employees from 17 minority ethnic groups. Details of employees during the year are as follows:

2023年,集團共有僱員4,557人,其中包括 來自17個少數民族的184名僱員。本年度 僱員詳細情況如下:



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Distribution of ethnic minority staff 少數民族員工分佈

Remuneration and Benefits "B1 General Disclosure"

薪酬及福利待遇 [B1一般披露]

In 2023, the overall remuneration of our employees showed a stable growth. We continuously optimise our remuneration system committed to promoting a "flexible remuneration model" of "gradient salaries" plus "variable salaries". The "gradient salaries" include basic salary, compliance reward, post subsidy and overtime subsidy; while "variable salaries" include performance-based salary, bonus and overtime pay. This model not only ensures our employees can obtain the basic salary in line with the prevailing market rate, but also through a series of elaborate incentives increase the performance-based bonuses for key positions such as marketing, research and development and sales personnel. In addition, we have particularly established discretionary incentive compensation for employees who have made outstanding contributions to the Company. 在2023年,公司實現了員工整體薪酬水 平的穩步增長。我們不斷調整和優化薪 酬體系,致力於推行一種結合與「等級工 資」「變動工資」的「靈活性薪資模式」。「等 級工資」包括基本工資,遵紀守規獎、崗 位津貼、加班補貼;「變動工資」包括績效 工資、獎金、加班費等。這種模式不僅確 保了員工能夠獲得與市場同步的基本工 資,而且還通過一系列精心設計的激勵 措施,為市場、研發、銷售等部門的關鍵 崗位員工提供了額外的績效獎金。此外, 對於那些為公司作出顯著貢獻的員工, 我們還特別設立了獎勵性薪酬,以表彰 他們的傑出表現。 **Environmental, Social and Governance Report** 環境、社會及管治報告

We have established a comprehensive the leave system and welfare security system. In the Employee Handbook, we stipulate the leave system and relevant protection measures for employees. Employees are not only entitled to all statutory holidays stipulated by relevant national laws, including maternity leave, and annual leaves of 5 to 15 days, etc. We also proceed with and contribute to various social security benefits such as pension, medical, work injury, maternity, unemployment insurance and housing provident fund for our employees on time in accordance with the relevant national and local regulations, to ensure our employees are fully protected in all respects of benefits and welfare.

Our "AiXin Fund" continued to provide assistance to employees in need, providing a total of RMB360,000 to 59 employees during the year.

在福利保障方面,我們也建立了全面的 休假制度和福利體系。我們的《員工手冊》 中詳細規定了員工的休假制度和相關保 障措施。員工不僅可以享受國家規定的 所有法定假期,如產假、5至15天的帶薪 年假等,我們還根據國家和地方的相關 規定,為員工及時辦理並繳納養老保險、 醫療保險、工傷保險、生育保險、失業保 險以及住房公積金等各項社會保障,確 保員工在各個方面的福利待遇都能得到 充分保障。

我們的「愛心互助基金」持續為有需要的 員工提供援助,本年度共為59名員工提 供了共計人民幣36萬元的援助。



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We arrange regular medical check-ups for our staff and provide psychological counselling services (if necessary) to assist employees in relieving their stress in a timely manner. In addition, the Company held various group activities during some traditional festivals to enhance cohesion and deliver care to employees. 我們還定期組織員工體檢,並提供必要 的心理諮詢服務,及時幫助員工排解工 作中遇到的各項壓力。此外,公司在一些 傳統節日舉辦各項團體活動,在提高凝 聚力的同時為員工帶來溫暖。



AiXin Fund donation 愛心基金捐贈



端午節活動



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Women's Day activities paid tribute to women who worked hard. • 女神節活動,致敬奮鬥的她。



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Employee Recruitment "B1 General Disclosure"

In order to improve the Company's employment system and unify the Company's employment standards, and provide timely and continuous human resources support for corporate development through standardised and professional recruitment activities, we have formulated the Recruitment Management System to clarify various recruitment policies and procedures. The Company's recruitment follows the five principles:

Five Principles of Recruitment

員工招聘「B1一般披露」

為健全公司用工制度、統一公司用人標 準,通過規範、專業的招聘活動,為企業 發展提供及時、持續的人力資源支持,我 們制定了《招聘管理制度》以明確各項招 聘政策及流程。公司的招聘遵循以下五 大原則:

招聘五大原則



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• **"Equal opportunities**": Employees of the Company enjoy the same job opportunities as external job applicants when the Company has job vacancies;

- "Combination of comprehensive inspection and key inspection": Recruitment shall be jointly inspected by the department in charge of employment and the Human Resources Department in terms of knowledge, ability, skills, morality, experience, health status, job competence, etc., while focusing on the skills, quality and character that are closely related to the Company's strategy, business and culture;
- **"Fair competition and merit-based hiring**": All candidates are in a fair and competitive position and are selected based on the interview evaluation results;
- **"Talent-position matching**": The ability of the personnel to be recruited shall be consistent with the needs of the position, so as to achieve the purpose of "talent-position matching"; and
- **"Family and relatives recusal**": The Company shall be prudent in recruiting any family member or relative of existing employees. An eligible candidate shall specify if it's a family member or relative of an existing employee in the personal information form, for approval by the head of organisation, and with such approval, after filing with the human resources department, such candidate can be employed.

Currently, our recruitment channels mainly consist of two types: 1) "internal recruitment", and 2) "external recruitment". In "internal recruitment", we fully respect the personal opinion of the employee and the suggestion of its competent department, to provide both supply and demand sides with opportunities for two-way selection, by recommendation, competition and other means, which is not only conducive to tapping the potentials of internal employees, but also enhancing the employees' sense of belonging and satisfaction toward the Company. In "external recruitment", we adopt effective combination of recruitment channels according to different positions and levels, to ensure that the most suitable candidates can be attracted.

- 「機會均等的原則」:在公司出現職 位需求時,公司員工享有和外部 求職者一樣的求職機會;
- 「全面考察和重點考察相結合的 原則」:招聘需由用人部門和人力 資源部門從知識、能力、技能、品 德、經驗、健康狀況、崗位勝任力 等方面共同進行考察,同時重點 考察和公司戰略、業務和文化密 切相關的技能、素質和品性;
- 「**公平競爭與擇優錄用原則**」:所有 應聘人員處於公平競爭地位,同 時根據面試評估結果擇優錄用;
- 「**人崗匹配原則**」:所錄用的人員能 力須與職位需求保持一致,達到「人 崗匹配」的目的;及
- 「親屬迴避原則」:公司需謹慎錄用 在職員工的親屬,被錄用人員需 在錄用資料中明確親屬關係,報 機構負責人審批,報人力資源部 門備案方可錄用。

目前,我們的招聘策略主要分為兩大類: 1)「內部招聘」,及2)「外部招聘」。在「內 部招聘」方面,我們充分尊重員工個人及 其所在部門的意見,通過推薦、競聘等多 元化方式,為供需雙方提供了一個雙向 選擇的機會,這不僅有助於挖掘內部員 工的潛力,還能夠增強員工對公司的歸 屬感和滿意度。而在「外部招聘」方面, 我們則根據不同的崗位需求和級別要求, 採取多種有效的招聘管道組合,以確保 能夠吸引到最合適的候選人。

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In "external recruitment", our candidates have extensive sources, including but not limited to internal staff referral, recruitment websites, social media platforms, employment agencies, headhunters and talent exchange agencies. In addition, we have established cooperative relationship with many colleges and universities, to directly introduce excellent graduates into the Company by campus recruitment and other means.

In order to improve the talent referral mechanism, broaden the talent recruitment channels, and improve the efficiency and quality of talent introduction, the Company encourages internal employees to discover outstanding backbone talents. During this year, the Company modified the Internal Internal Referral Incentives, and raised the amount of incentives:

在「外部招聘」中,我們的候選人來源非 常廣泛,包括但不限於內部員工推薦、 專業招聘網站、社交媒體平臺、職業介紹 所、獵頭公司以及各類人才交流機構。此 外,我們還與多家院校建立了合作關係, 通過校園招聘會等形式,直接引進優秀 的應屆畢業生,為公司注入新鮮血液。

為了健全人才舉薦機制,拓寬人才招聘 管道,提高人才引進效率與品質,公司鼓 勵內部員工發掘優秀骨幹人才,今年公 司修訂了內部推薦獎勵辦法,並提高了 獎勵金額:

		Time 發				
		Amount of incentive	1 month after employment	1 month after becoming a full-time employee		
Post level	崗位級別	獎勵金額	入職滿一月	轉正滿一月		
Chief level or below	主管級及以下	RMB600-1,000	RMB300-500	RMB300-500		
		600元-1,000元	300元-500元	300元-500元		
Manager level	經理級	RMB2,000-3,000	RMB1,000-1,500	RMB1,000-1,500		
		2,000元-3,000元	1,000元-1,500元	1,000元-1,500元		
Supervisor level or above	總監級以上	RMB5,000	RMB2,500	RMB2,500		
		5,000元	2,500元	2,500元		

In addition, during this year, the Company fully upgraded the OA system to digitalise the recruitment process from application to contract.

此外,本年度公司對OA系統進行了全面 升級,招聘流程從應聘人員申請到合同 發放,均實現數字化覆蓋。

Employee Promotion "B1 General Disclosure"

We do our utmost to provide a smooth promotion channel for employees of different background and specialties, and help our employees plan their career development so that they can give full play to their advantages at the most suitable position, thereby further enhancing our product quality and service standards. At present, our "ranking system" is divided into four categories of management, professional, operation and marketing, offering all employees with equal promotion opportunities.

員工晉升「B1一般披露」

我們盡可能為不同背景、不同特長的員 工打造暢通的晉升發展通道,幫助他們 規劃職業道路,讓他們能夠在最合適的 崗位上發揮各自的特長,從而進一步提 升我們產品質量和服務水準。目前,我們 的「職級體系」分為管理、專業、操作、營 銷四大序列,所有員工均享受同等的晉 升機會。



Resignation "B1.2"

We have established the Management System for Employee Induction and Resignation and Transfer, which regulates the Company's policies and measures on employee resignation and termination. When an employee resigns, we handle the relevant procedures according to the specific procedures of employee resignation and termination of labour contract specified in the Employee Handbook, and terminate the labour relationship with him/her according to the law, so as to fully protect the legitimate rights and interests of employees. The Audit Department and Human Resources Department will conduct the resignation auditing when the middle and senior employees resign.

離職情況「B1.2」

我們建立了《員工入離職、調轉管理制 度》,規範了公司在離職解僱方面的政策 及措施。在員工離職時,我們依據《員工 手冊》中明確了的員工辭職及解除勞動合 同的具體流程辦理相關手續,並依法與 其解除勞動關係,充分保障員工各項合 法權益。在部分中層及高層員工離職時, 由審計部門及人力資源部門對其進行離 任審計。

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Details of the monthly average employee turnover rate during the year 本年度月均僱員流失率詳細情況如下: are as follows:

Safeguarding Health and Safety "B2 General Disclosure"

保障健康與安全「B2一般披露」

We always hold the health and safety of employees as our top priority and strictly abide by national laws and regulations such as the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Treatment of Occupational Diseases, the Law of the People's Republic of China on Work Safety, and the Regulations on the Reporting, Investigation and Disposition of Work Safety Accidents. We have also established a number of EHS management related systems, including the Environmental, Health and Safety Management Procedures, and monitored various safety procedures in accordance with the system requirements, striving to create a safe working environment to protect our employees from occupational hazards. 員工的健康與安全是我們貫徹始終的首 要目標,我們嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國 職業病防治法》《中華人民共和國安全生 產法》《生產安全事故報告和調查處理條 例》等國家法律法規,同時建立了包括 《環境、健康、安全管理程序》在內的多項 EHS管理相關制度,並按照制度要求監 管各項安全流程,傾力打造安全的工作 環境以保障我們的員工免受職業性危害。



Occupational health system "B2.3"

C.banner established an occupational health management system to protect the health and safety of our employees. We continued to strengthen our safety management system and procedures, and clarified the safety responsibilities of staff at all levels to ensure the safety of our employees at the institutional level.

職業健康體系「B2.3」

千百度構建了職業健康管理體系,為員 工的健康與安全保駕護航。我們持續加 強對安全管理制度和流程的梳理,明確 各級人員的安全職責,在制度層面保證 員工生產生活的安全。

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In addition, to enhance the safety awareness of our staff, we have organised a number of safety education and training activities during the year. Pre-employment safety training is provided to all new employees, and each factory also conducts internal training on health and safety for all employees, taking into account their own circumstances.

We provide front-line production employees with protection supplies including PVC gloves, respirators, dust masks and earplugs that meet national requirements, and give special protection to employees in special positions who may be exposed to toxic and harmful substances. We also organise regular medical check-ups for our staff and provide psychological counselling services, thereby protecting the physical and mental health of our staff. 同時為了增強員工的安全意識,本年度 我們組織了多場安全教育培訓活動。我 們會對每位新入職的員工進行到崗前安 全培訓,各廠區也會結合自身情況對全 體員工進行健康安全的內部培訓。

我們不僅為前線員工提供符合國家規定 的勞動保護用品,包括PVC手套、防毒、 防塵口罩、耳塞等,對可能接觸化學物質 的特殊崗位進行特殊保護;還會定期為 我們的員工組織體檢,並提供心理諮詢 服務,從而保護員工身心健康。



Occupational Health and Safety Management System Certificates 職業健康安全體系認證證書
Production Safety System "B2.3"

During the year, we further improved the Production Safety Emergency Plan based on the actual situation of the Company, which specifies the measures and procedures for responding to possible accidents or emergencies, and arranged regular drills to ensure employees can respond to emergencies quickly and effectively.

In addition, we conducted comprehensive inspections and checks on safety points, including but not limited to fire safety and use of water and electricity. We regularly inspected and maintained the equipment and conducted safety training for the employees to improve their safety awareness and emergency response capabilities. In addition, we set up a real-time monitoring system to monitor all safety links in the production process 24 hours a day, identify and eliminate potential safety hazards in a timely manner, and ensure the safety and stability of the production environment.

Our production factories are all Level 3 enterprises of safety production standardisation (for Light Industry etc.) certified by the Local Administration of Work Safety, and have also obtained the "Occupational Health Service Organization Qualification Certificate (Class B)" certified by the Administration of Work Safety.

安全生產體系「B2.3」

本年度,我們結合公司的具體生產情況, 對《生產安全應急預案》進行了全面的修 訂與完善。我們針對可能發生的各類事 故或緊急情況,制定了明確的應對措施 和處理流程,並定期進行實戰演練,以確 保人員在面對緊急情況時能夠迅速、有 效地做出反應。

此外,我們也對生產環境中的各項安全 事項進行了全面的巡視和檢查,包括但 不限於消防安全、水電使用安全等。我們 定期對設備進行檢查維護,並對工作人 員進行安全培訓,以提高他們的安全意 識和應急處理能力。同時,我們也設立了 實時監控系統,對生產過程中的各個安 全環節進行24小時監控,以及時發現並 處理潛在的安全隱患,確保生產環境的 安全穩定。

我們的生產工廠均為地方安全生產監督 管理局認證的安全生產標準化三級企業 (輕工其他),同時還取得了安全生產監 督管理局認證的《職業衛生服務機構資質 證書(乙級)》。

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Work Injury and Other Safety KPIs "B2.1, B2.2"

工傷及其他安全關鍵績效指標「B2.1、B2.2」

	Year 年份	2021 2021年	2022 2022年	2023 2023 年
	Number of injured staff (people) 工傷人數(人)	15	16	13
Safety KPIs 安全關鍵績效指標	Number of lost days due to work injury (days) 因工傷損失天數(天)	823	690	519.5
	Work-related mortality (people) 因工死亡人數(人)	0	0	0
	Work-related mortality rate 因工亡故比率	0%	0%	0%
100%			0 0項	
Coverage of safety education and training 安全教育培訓覆蓋率	Administrative penalties for safety and occupational healthWork safety accidents with serious injury or above安全、職業衛生行政處罰重傷以上安全生產事故			

Supporting Employees Development "B3.1, 3.2"

In 2023, C.banner adhered to the talent development strategy with the aim of improving the management capabilities of our staff and enhancing their vocational skills. The Group developed a targeted training system for staff in different positions to further improve our talent development plan.

During this year, we continued our training model of integrating online and offline training. In terms of online training, we made full use of "Love Learning", our online self-learning platform, to enable our staff to learn with their cellphones anytime and anywhere with the fragmented learning module, and adjust the learning on their own schedules. In terms of offline training, we empowered our staff by inviting external experts and internal outstanding staff to conduct targeted training on each of the four major categories, for the purpose of fully improving their professional capacities.

助力員工發展「B3.1、3.2」

在2023年,千百度繼續堅持人才發展策略,旨在提升員工的管理能力和職業技能。集團為不同崗位的員工量身打造了 專業的培訓計劃,以進一步優化我們的 人才培養機制。

今年,我們繼續採用結合線上與線下方 式的培訓模式。在線上方面,我們充分利 用了自主學習平台-「愛上學習」,這個平 台提供了碎片化的學習模塊,使得員工 可以通過手機隨時隨地進行學習,同時 也能根據自己的時間安排進行調整。在 線下方面,我們邀請了外部專家以及內 部優秀員工,針對四大序列開展了專門 的培訓課程,這些課程旨在全方位地提 升員工的專業能力。

環境、社會及管治報告

At the beginning of each year, the Human Resources Department of the Company prepares the Annual Training Plan according to the needs of each business module, and tracks the completion of training on a monthly basis. During the year, we achieved significant results in our talent development plan, with a 100% "staff training rate" and an "average training hours" of 34.62 hours per person.

我們的人力資源部門在每年年初會根據 各業務模塊的需求來編製《年度培訓計 劃》,並且每月對培訓的完成情況進行跟 蹤和評估。在這一年中,我們的人才培養 計劃取得了顯著的成效,員工的受訓率 達到了100%,每個員工的平均受訓時數 高達34.62小時,這些數據充分展現了我 們在員工培訓方面的投入和成就。





Offline training 線下培訓



Offline training 線下培訓

環境、社會及管治報告

Protecting Employee's Rights "B4 General Disclosure, 4.1, 4.2"

Based on the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Minors, the Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour, the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations as well as the requirements of the supervisory authorities, C.banner has established a sophisticated labour system and strictly complies with the Minimum Age Convention, the Convention on the Worst Forms of Child Labour, the Forced Labour Convention and other international conventions related to human rights.

We adopt a "zero tolerance" attitude towards forced, exploitative labour and child labour. If our employees, suppliers and all parties of society discover relevant problems, they can report to the Company's management through multiple channels such as telephone and email for further investigation and treatment by the relevant departments in a timely manner.

During the year, the Company did not engage in child labour or forced labour.

保障員工權益「B4一般披露、 4.1、4.2」

千百度基於《中華人民共和國未成年人保 護法》、《禁止使用童工規定》、《中華人民 共和國勞動合同法》等各項法律法規及監 管部門的要求建立了完善的勞動用工制 度,並嚴格遵守《最低年齡公約》、《最惡 劣形式的童工勞動公約》、《強迫勞動公 約》等與人權有關的各項國際公約。

我們有對有強迫和剝削性質的勞工行為 以及使用未達法定年齡的童工等行為採 取「零容忍」,我們的員工、供應商及社會 各界若發現相關問題,可通過電話、郵箱 等多渠道向公司管理層舉報反映,相關 部門會及時進行調查處理。

本 年 度, 公 司 未 發 生 使 用 童 工 或 強 制 勞 工 的 情 況。

Supplier Management "B5 General Disclosure"

Under the concept of "building a common platform for resources sharing and common development", the Group is always committed to building a long-term and mutually beneficial partnership with suppliers from all over the world. We strictly abide by the Law of the People's Republic of China on Bid Invitation and Bidding, the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations, and have also established a set of prudent internal supplier management mechanisms. By implementing the Procurement Management Rules, the Supplier Management Rules and many other management regulations, we continue to optimise the cooperation ecosystem and ensure the joint growth and development of both cooperative parties.

In addition, we actively explore supplier cooperation model, break traditional framework with innovative thinking, and seek for the business model of mutual benefits and win-win. We jointly invest and develop with suppliers, to integrate resources, minimise costs and increase benefits. Meanwhile, we persist in the principle of sincerity and credibility, actively take corporate social responsibilities, work with suppliers to jointly maintain the beautiful market order and contribute to the healthy development of the industry.

供應商管理[B5一般披露]

集團堅持以「共建平臺、共用資源、共同 發展」的原則,積極與來自各地的供應商 攜手合作,共同建立一個雙贏的、長期的 合作夥伴關係。我們堅守《中華人民共和 國招投標法》《中華人民共和國反不正當 競爭法》等相關法律法規,並建立了一套 嚴謹的內部供應商管理機制。通過實施 包括《採購管理制度》《供應商管理制度》在 內的眾多管理規範,我們不斷優化合作 生態,確保合作雙方的共同成長和發展。

此外,我們積極探索與供應商的合作模 式,以創新思維打破傳統框架,尋求互利 共贏的商業模式。我們與供應商共同投 資、共同開發,實現資源整合,以降低成 本、提高效益。同時,我們堅持以誠信為 本,積極履行企業社會責任,與供應商共 同維護良好的市場秩序,為行業的健康 發展做出貢獻。

環境、社會及管治報告

Diverse Suppliers "B5.1"

Over the years, we have insisted on cooperating with suppliers from different regions, nationalities, cultures and backgrounds, striving to achieve a diversified supply chain. We also focus on cooperation with local suppliers to reduce logistics costs while promoting local economic development.

During the year, the Company established partnerships with 128 suppliers in 7 provinces.

多元供應商「B5.1」

多年來,我們堅持與不同地域、不同民 族、不同文化、不同背景的供應商開展合 作,力爭實現多元化供應鏈。同時我們也 注重與本地供應商的合作,在推動本地 經濟發展的同時降低物流成本。

本年度,公司共與7個省份的128家供應 商建立合作關係。



Selection and Assessment of Suppliers "B5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4"

The Group always conducts objective, rigorous and impartial background checks on potential suppliers and uses standardised processes and systems to assess and manage our suppliers in order to establish high-quality and long-term stable cooperation with the suppliers. The functional departments of the Company form an evaluation team to participate in the supplier admission process and mainly review the three major modules: corporate strengths, corporate credibility and quality control.

Under the leadership of the ESG management office, during this year, we further improved the "3+1" supplier admission system, which adds sustainable development assessment on suppliers to the three existing assessment modules. This includes the assessment on the environmental friendliness, social responsibility practice and governance structure of suppliers.

In selecting suppliers, we give priority to partners who have similar corporate culture to C.banner, with strong social responsibility, and persist in sustainable development philosophy. Such selection not only ensures we have access to a wider range of healthy, safe and environmentally friendly products and services, but also reflects our commitment to promoting social responsibility and environmental protection, and thus ensures that our supply chain is both efficient and responsible.

供應商選擇及評估 [B5.1,5.2,5.3, 5.4]

集團一直秉持著對潛在供應商進行全面、 嚴格、公正的背景調查的原則,通過標準 化的流程體系對供應商進行精準的考核 與管理,以確立一個高效、長期且穩定的 供應商合作夥伴關係。公司的各職能部 門共同組成了專業的評估小組,深度參 與供應商的准入流程,主要集中於企業 實力、企業信用、品質控制管理等三大關 鍵模塊進行嚴格審核。

在我們的ESG管理辦公室主導下,本年度 我們進一步完善「3+1」供應商准入體系。 這個體繫在傳統的三大評估模塊基礎上, 新增了對供應商可持續發展能力的評估, 這包括對供應商的環境友好性、社會責 任實踐以及治理結構的考量。

在挑選供應商的過程中,我們優先考慮 與千百度企業文化相近的,具有強烈社 會責任感並堅持可持續發展理念的合作 夥伴。這樣的選擇不僅保證了我們能夠 獲得更多健康安全、環保的產品及服務, 也體現了我們對於促進社會責任和環境 保護的承諾,從而確保了我們的供應鏈 不僅高效而且負責任。

環境、社會及管治報告



Approved suppliers will be added to our qualified supplier directory. Meanwhile, C.banner carries out quarterly comprehensive assessment on the suppliers in the qualified directory. Our assessment items include five major aspects: quality, delivery time, cost, after-sales service and sustainable development, and assign four grade levels (namely A, B, C and D) to suppliers based on the weighted scores of assessment items to provide incentives to outstanding suppliers and eliminate unqualified suppliers. 審核通過的供應商方可進入我們的合格 供應商目錄。同時千百度對合格目錄中 的供應商進行季度綜合評估,我們考核 的項目包括品質、交期、成本、售後及可 持續發展五大方面,並設置不同百分比 權重,按照分數高低評為A、B、C、D四 級,對於優秀供應商提供激勵措施,對於 不合格供應商進行淘汰。

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Product Responsibility "B6 General Disclosure B6.1"

Products are the cornerstone of the Company's development and it has been the long-standing goal of the Group to provide products that satisfy our customers. We strictly comply with the Product Quality Law of the People's Republic of China, the Civil Code of the People's Republic of China, the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China, the Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Consumer Rights and Interests, the Privacy Law of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations in all aspects of production and sales, and have established various internal management procedures to create quality products and services with the "craftsmanship spirit" and protect the rights and interests of consumers in an all-round way. We always strive to provide products with the best quality. During the year, there was no product recall due to health/safety/quality reasons.

Products Services and Complaints "B6.2"

At C.banner, our pursuit for customer satisfaction has never been interrupted. To this end, we have developed the "Customer Satisfaction Survey Procedure", which not only starts with the in-depth analysis on customer satisfaction, but also focuses on continuing improvement and enhancement. The Procedure includes the specific requirements for customer complaints and product returns handling processes, satisfaction survey methods, and satisfaction improvement measures to improve satisfaction.

產品責任「B6一般披露B6.1」

產品是企業發展的基石,提供令客戶滿 意的產品是集團長久以來的目標。我們 在生產、銷售等各環節嚴格遵守《中華人 民共和國產品質量法》、《中華人民共和 國民法典》、《中華人民共和國廣告法》、 《中華人民共和國商標法》、《中華人民共 和國消費者權益保護法》、《中華人民共 和國保密法》等法律法規,同時建立各項 內部管理程序,以「匠心精神」打造優質 產品及服務,全方位守護消費者權益。我 們始終追求最高品質的產品,本年度,未 發生因健康/安全/質量所導致的「產品 回收」案例。

產品服務及投訴「B6.2」

在千百度,我們對客戶滿意度的追求從 未間斷。為此,我們精心制定了《客戶滿 意度調查程序》,這一程序不僅著眼於客 戶滿意度的深入分析,更著重於持續的 改進與提升。程序中明確規定了客戶投 訴和退貨處理的流程、滿意度調查的方 法以及滿意度改善措施的具體實施要求。

We conduct regular customer satisfaction surveys by sending customers satisfaction questionnaires or interviewing customers, and make timely statistical analysis. In 2023, our Customer Service Department carried out the "C.banner Customer Service Survey" activity. Based on summary and analysis of the data, we completed the "C.banner Service Experience Evaluation Data Analysis Report", shared the results with relevant functional departments, instructed and drove each department to improve services accordingly.

Through the detailed analysis of cases with low customer satisfaction, the relevant departments proposed a series of precise improvement measures and actively implemented them in the ordinary work processes. We're deeply aware that customer satisfaction improvement is not only to offer satisfactory services and innovative products, but also to continuously improve and optimise our service systems.

我們通過定期發送《客戶滿意度調查問卷》 和直接與客戶進行深入交流的方式,全 面收集客戶的反饋信息。2023年,我們的 客戶服務部門主動開展了「千百度客戶 服務調查」活動,通過對收集到的數據進 行深度分析和總結,我們完成了《千百度 服務體驗評價資料分析報告》。該報告的 結果已經分享給相關職能部門,並用於 指導和推動各部門進行服務改善工作。

基於對客戶滿意度較低的案例進行的詳 細分析,我們的各相關部門提出了一系 列精準的改善措施,並已經積極地將這 些措施融入到日常的工作流程中。我們 深知,提高客戶滿意度不僅是提供滿意 的服務和創新的產品,更是在於不斷地 改進和優化我們的服務體系。

In our ordinary operations, we persist in the implementation of the "Regulations on C.banner Online/Offline Customer Complaints of Various Brands and Maintenance Treatment Process", to ensure that customers can either communicate directly with the customer service staff through offline channels, or reflect their opinions through our WeChat public account. During the year, customers could give feedback through the "400 Customer Service Hotline"; at the same time, in view of the strategic deployment in new retail sector, we expanded the size of the online after-sales team to specifically deal with the after-sales work of the online sales division, which improved the efficiency of after-sales service and enabled consumers to get more rapid and satisfactory responses.

在日常運營中,我們堅持落實《千百度線 上線下各品牌顧客投訴及維修處理流程 規定》,確保客戶能夠通過線下渠道直接 與我們的客戶服務人員進行有效的溝通, 同時也可以通過我們的微信公眾號提出 反饋意見。在本年度,客戶不僅可以通過 「400客服熱線」提供反饋,我們還基於新 零售的戰略佈局,擴大了線上售後小組 的規模,專門處理線上銷售部分的售後 工作,從而大幅提高了售後處理的效率, 確保消費者能夠得到更加迅速和滿意的 回應。



環境、社會及管治報告

Intellectual Property Protection "B6.3"

We implement comprehensive control and management of intellectual properties and strictly comply with relevant laws such as the Trademark Law of the People's Republic of China, the Patent Law of the People's Republic of China, the Copyright Law of the People's Republic of China and the Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China in our production and operation activities, and have formulated relevant management systems within the Company to clarify the requirements of intellectual property management. Meanwhile, we encourage technological innovation and reward individuals or teams who have obtained new patents.

Product Quality "B6.4"

We deeply believe that quality products are essential for our brands to keep our leadership in fierce market competitions. During the year, we further optimised and improved our Quality Management System to require our products to follow the principle of quality first in every aspect from design, research and development, production and manufacturing to packaging and transportation, striving to further improve our product durability and reliability under the premise of ensuring safety and health.

知識產權保護「B6.3」

我們對知識產權實施全方位的控制和管理,在生產經營活動中嚴格遵守《中華人民和國商標法》、《中華人民共和國專利法》、《中華人民共和國友不正當競爭法》等相關法律,並在公司內部制定相關管理制度,明確知識產權管理要求。同時,我們鼓勵技術創新,對申請到新專利的個人或團隊進行獎勵。

產品品質「B6.4」

我們深信優質的產品是我們品牌在激烈 市場競爭中保持領先地位的關鍵。本年 度,我們對《品質管理制度》進行了進一步 的優化和完善,要求從產品的設計研發、 生產製造到包裝運輸的每一個環節都必 須堅持品質優先的原則,力求在保證產 品安全健康的前提下,進一步提升產品 的耐用性和可靠性。

In systems, we have specified the applicable inspection scope, inspection rate, inspection process and inspection standards for raw materials, semi-finished products, finished products and outsourced products. In addition, we have commissioned professional testing institutions to conduct the most stringent quality inspection on the finished samples, and mass production should only be carried out after samples pass the inspection. In order to ensure the outsourced products comply with C.banner's high standards, we assign an inspector in each external factory to conduct 100% inspection on outsourced products, and thus secure the consistence and quality of our products.

In terms of after-sales services, we have established sound after-sales processing procedures according to different brands and sales channels. We have clarified the customer return and exchange process and product recall process to provide consumers with efficient, convenient after-sales guarantee services. Our purpose is to continuously increase consumers' satisfaction and bring with above-expected user experience to them, through first class after-sales services. 我們在制度中明確了對原材料、半成品、 成品以及外加工產品都設定了明確的檢 驗範圍、檢驗率、檢驗流程和檢驗標準。 此外,我們還委託了專業的檢測機構對 產品樣品進行嚴格的品質檢驗,只有通 過檢驗的產品才能進行批量生產。為了 確保外加工產品的品質符合千百度的高 標準,我們在每個外加工廠都派駐了一 名專業的檢驗人員,負責對外加工產品 進行100%的檢驗,從而確保了產品的一 致性和品質。

在售後服務方面,我們根據不同品牌和 銷售渠道的特點,建立了完善的售後處 理程序。我們明確了客戶退換貨處理流 程和產品回收流程,為消費者提供了高 效、便捷的售後保障服務。我們的目標是 通過一流的售後服務,不斷提升消費者 的滿意度,並為他們帶來超越期待的使 用體驗。

環境、社會及管治報告

Consumer Privacy Protection "B6.5"

C.banner attaches great importance to protecting customer privacy and information security. To this end, we have formulated a strict Privacy Policy, which only only strictly regulates our access to customer's personal information, but also emphasizes that we cannot collect or use any customer's personal data before obtaining explicit consent and authorization of the customer.

In order to protect the information security of our customers, we continues to take and update security protection measures in line with international and industry standards, including establishing reasonable system specifications and implementing appropriate security technologies and strategies, to prevent customers' personal information from unauthorised access, public disclosure, use, modification, damage or loss. We have applied advanced encryption technology and protection measures, to prevent users' information from being maliciously attacked, and deployed access control mechanisms to ensure that only authorised personnel can access user information. In addition, safety and privacy protection training courses are organised on a regular basis to enhance employees' awareness of the importance of protecting user information and increase their professional capacities in information security management. Our purpose is to continuously increase customers' trust in us and provide them with a safe, reliable user environment through these measures.

消費者隱私保障「B6.5」

千百度始終高度重視客戶的隱私和信息 安全。為此,我們制定並實施了嚴格的《隱 私政策》,該政策不僅嚴格規範了我們在 獲取客戶個人信息時的行為,更強調了 在未取得客戶明確同意和授權之前,我 們不會收集或使用任何客戶的個人數據。

為了給客戶的信息安全提供堅實的保障, 我們不斷採取和更新符合國際和業界標 準的安全防護措施。這包括建立和完善 合理的制度規範,以及實施合適的安全 技術和策略,以防止客戶的個人信息遭 受任何未經授權的訪問、公開披露、使 用、修改、損壞或丢失。我們採用了先進 的加密技術和防護措施,以防止用戶信 息受到 惡意 攻擊, 並且部署了嚴格的存 取控制機制,確保只有獲得授權的員工 才能訪問用戶的敏感信息。此外,我們定 期為員工舉辦安全和隱私保護培訓課程, 以加強他們對於保護用戶信息重要性的 認識,並提升他們在信息安全管理方面 的專業能力。我們的目標是通過這些措 施,不斷提高我們在客戶心中的信任度, 並為他們提供一個安全、可靠的使用環 境。

Anti-corruption Management "B7 General Disclosure B7.1"

At the Group, we adhere to high standards of corporate ethics and transparency, and have zero tolerance for any form of bribery and corruption. We not only strictly comply with the Anti-Corruption and Bribery Law of the People's Republic of China, the Anti-Money Laundering Law of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations, but also emphasize the values of integrity and credibility in our corporate culture, and explicitly prohibit any form of corruption, bribery or other violations.

In order to ensure the efficiency and integrity of our operations, we continuously reaffirm our anti-corruption principles and regulations to all employees and partners, and have established a series of preventive and monitoring measures to prevent any corruption from occurring. In accordance with the laws and regulations of listed companies, the regulations and requirements of the securities trading markets and regulatory authorities, and taking into account the actual situation of the Company, we have specified the procedures of various violations, types of penalties, punishment principles, investigation of violations in the Employee Handbook, to ensure the clean, transparent corporate operations.

We are proud to announce that there were no cases regarding corruption, bribery, blackmail, fraud or money laundering against the Group or its employees in 2023. Such achievement is due to our strict requirements for employees' behaviors and our persistence in corporate governance, as well as our intensifying internal supervision and risk management mechanisms. We will continue to keep this high standard, and commit ourselves to improving employees' recognition of transparency and self-discipline through continuing training and advocacy, to maintain the good image and market leading position of the Company.

反腐敗管理「B7一般披露 B7.1」

在本集團,我們堅持高標準的企業道德 和透明度,對於任何形式的賄賂和腐敗 行為持有零容忍的立場。我們不僅嚴格 遵守《中華人民共和國反腐敗賄賂法》《中 華人民共和國反洗錢法》以及其他相關法 律法規,更在企業文化中強調正直和誠 信的價值觀,明令禁止任何形式的貪污、 賄賂等違規違法行為。

為了確保企業運作的高效和廉潔,我們 不斷向全體員工及合作夥伴重申反腐敗 的原則和規定,並建立了一系列防範和 監督措施,以杜絕任何貪污事件的發生。 我們根據上市公司法律法規、證券交易 市場和監管機構的規定和要求,結合公 司實際情況,在《員工手冊》中明確規定了 各項違規行為、處罰類型、處罰原則以及 違規行為調查等流程,從而確保了企業 運作的清潔和透明。

在2023年,我們自豪地宣佈,未發生任何 針對本集團或員工的貪污、賄賂、勒索、 欺詐及洗黑錢等相關案件。這一成就得 益於我們對於企業治理的堅持和對於員 工行為的嚴格要求,以及我們不斷強化 的內部監管和風險管理機制。我們將繼 續保持這一高標準,並致力於通過持續 的培訓和宣導,提升員工對於廉潔自律 的認識,以維護企業的良好形象和市場 領先地位。

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Whistleblowing System "B7.2"

During this year, we further improved the whistleblowing system. All of our stakeholders, including employees, shareholders, suppliers, customers and the public, may report any suspected corrupt practices to us through the reporting mailbox, reporting hotline and other channels. We control and prevent corruption through a combination of internal investigations and external audits. Since its establishment, the Group has been implementing the most stringent internal investigation procedures, with an independent internal audit team directly managed by the Board to review and investigate specific matters immediately upon receipt of reports. In addition, we have also engaged a team of professional auditors to conduct external audits of the Company. We also publicize relevant laws and regulations during induction training and distribution of the Employee Handbook, to enhance employees' awareness of business ethics.

Sunshine Agreement with Suppliers "B7.2"

In order to further maintain a healthy and stable cooperative relationship with suppliers, the Group continued to uphold the principles of honesty, trustworthiness, integrity and transparency and signed a new version of the "Sunshine Agreement" with all suppliers this year. Higher requirements for integrity are put forward for all parties of such agreement. We adopt a zero-tolerance attitude towards corruption in the procurement process and maintain the healthy development of the supply chain system by strengthening the transparency and openness of procurement activities.

Anti-corruption Training "B7.3"

During the year, we conducted one "anti-corruption special training session" for our president's office, brand development staff and our suppliers. A total of 56 participants participated in the training.



培訓主題 Anti-corruption training 反腐敗培訓



 Participants

 參與人員

 Management

 管理層

 General management

 普管層

舉報機制「B7.2」

本年度,我們進一步完善了舉報機制,任 何我們的利益相關方,包括員工、股東、 供應商、客戶、公眾等,均可通過舉報郵 箱、舉報電話等方式向我們反映任何涉 嫌貪腐舞弊的行為。我們通過內部調查 與外部審計相結合的方式控制和預防貪 污腐敗行為的發生。集團從成立以來始 蓄實最嚴格的內部調查程序,由 董事會直接管理的獨立內部審計團隊會 在接到舉報後第一時間對具體事項進行 審核調查,同時我們還聘請了專業審計 師團隊對公司進行外部審計。我們亦在 新員工入職培訓和發放《員工手冊》時進 行相關法律法規的宣講,提高員工的商 業道德意識。

供應商陽光協議 [B7.2]

為了進一步維護與供應商之間健康、穩 定的合作關係,本年度集團繼續秉持誠 實守信、廉潔透明的原則,與所有合作供 應商簽訂了新版本的《陽光協議》,協定 對甲乙雙方的廉潔性提出了更高要求。 我們對採購過程中的腐敗行為採取零容 忍的態度,並通過強化採購活動的透明 公開性來維護供應鏈系統的健康發展。

反腐敗培訓「B7.3」

本年度,我們開展了一次「反貪腐專項培 訓」,受訓人員包括公司總裁辦、品牌研 發人員等。累計56人次參與了培訓。



Total training hours 總培訓時數 2 hours 2小時



Total participants 總參與人次 56 56人

Social Responsibilities "B8"

We're deeply aware that the Company's development is inseparable from the support and trust from the community. We always keep in mind that, at the time of success, we shall actively participate in social welfare activities to give back to the community and assume our corporate social responsibilities. Therefore, we actively participate in various social welfare activities, such as donating money and materials to the needy, supporting education, caring for the disadvantaged, protecting the environment, etc. We believe that through these efforts, we can make a contribution to the progress and development of society, and inject stronger development momentum into the future of the enterprise.

"Educational donation"

This year, in the name of Meihong Footwear and in the name of Jiangsu Ruihua Charity Foundation, we donated RMB1 million to the Education Fund of Nanjing Normal University for the purpose of rewarding outstanding students.

社會責任「B8」

我們深知企業的發展與成長離不開社會 各界對我們的支持與信任。我們始終牢 記,當企業取得成就時,我們有責任積極 投身於社會公益事業,回饋社會,並承擔 起企業對社會的責任。因此,我們積極參 與各種社會公益活動,例如捐款贈物給 需要幫助的群體,支持教育事業,關愛弱 勢群體,保護環境等。我們相信,通過這 些努力,我們能夠為社會的進步和發展 做出一份貢獻,並為企業的未來注入更 強大的發展動力。

「教育捐贈」

本年度,我們以美鴻鞋業的名義,通過江 蘇省瑞華慈善基金會的名義,向南京師 範大學教育基金定向捐贈人民幣一百萬 元,用於對優秀學子的嘉獎。



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Appendix: Data Analysis

附錄:數據統計

Environmental				
環境				
Category	Data in 2023	Unit		
Energy consumption				
Direct energy consumption				
Gasoline	41,372	Liters		
Diesel	71,919	Liters		
Liquefied petroleum gas	5,300	Kilograms		
Natural gas	76,434	Cubic meters		
Indirect energy consumption				
Purchased electricity	4,366	'000 kWh		
Total direct energy consumption	2,009	'000 kWh		
Total indirect energy consumption	4,366	'000 kWh		
Total energy consumption	6,375	'000 kWh		
Total energy consumption intensity	4.14	'000 kWh/RMB million in revenue		
類別	2023年數據	單位		
能源耗量				
直接能源耗量				
汽油	41,372	公升		
柴油	71,919	公升		
液化石油氣	5,300	千克		
天然氣	76,434	立方米		
間接能源耗量				
電力購入	4,366	千個千瓦時		
直接能源總耗量	2,009	千個千瓦時		
間接能源總耗量	4,366	千個千瓦時		
能源總耗量	6,375	千個千瓦時		
能源總耗密度	4.14	千個千瓦時/人民幣		
		每百萬元收入		

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Environmental					
環境					
Emissions					
Nitrogen oxide (NO _x)	224	Kilograms			
Sulfur oxide (SO _x)	0.79	Kilograms			
Particulate Matters (PM)	19.79	Kilograms			
Greenhouse gas emission					
Scope 1 – Direct emission	541	Tonnes			
Scope 2 – Indirect emission from energy consumption	2,664	Tonnes			
Scope 3 – Other indirect emission	8	Tonnes			
Total emission	3,213	Tonnes			
Total emission intensity	2.09	Tonnes/RMB million in revenue			
Packaging material					
Total packaging material consumption	721	Tonnes			
Total packaging material consumption intensity	0.47	Tonnes/RMB million in revenue			
排放物					
氮氧化物(NO _x)	224	千克			
硫氧化物(SO _X)	0.79	千克			
顆粒物(PM)	19.79	千克			
溫室氣體排放					
範圍一一直接排放	541	噸			
範圍二一能源間接排放	2,664	噸			
範圍三一其他間接排放	8	噸			
總排放	3,213	噸			
總排放密度	2.09	噸/人民幣每百萬元收入			
包裝材料					
包裝材料使用總量	721	噸			
包裝材料使用總密度	0.47	噸/人民幣每百萬元收入			

Environmental		
環境		
Water consumption		
Total water consumption	125,525	Tonnes
Total water consumption intensity	81.52	Tonnes/RMB million in revenue
Waste generation		
Hazardous waste	4	Tonnes
Hazardous waste intensity	0.0026	Tonnes/RMB million in revenue
Non-hazardous waste	161	Tonnes
Non-hazardous waste intensity	0.1046	Tonnes/RMB million in revenue
耗水量		
總耗水量	125,525	噸
總耗水密度	81.52	噸/人民幣每百萬元收入
廢棄物統計		
有害廢棄物	4	噸
有害廢棄物密度	0.0026	噸/人民幣每百萬元收入
無害廢棄物	161	噸
無害廢棄物密度	0.1046	噸/人民幣每百萬元收入

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Social responsibility		
社會責任		
Category	Unit	Data in 2023
Employee data		
Employees	Total number	4,557
Gender	Male	602
	Female	3,955
Age	Below 30	457
	30-45	2,848
	Over 45	1,252
Education	Doctor	0
	Master	6
	Bachelor	291
	Tertiary	560
	Senior high school and below	3,700
類別	單位	2023年數據
僱員數據		
僱員	總數	4,557
性別	男性	602
	女性	3,955
年齡	30以下	457
	30-45之間	2,848
	45以上	1,252
學歷	博士	0
	碩士	6
	本科	291
	大專	560
	高中及以下	3,700

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Social responsibility		
社會責任		
Employment type	Full-time employees	4,183
	Interns	14
	Dispatched labour	188
	Part-time employees	172
Position	Senior management	24
	Middle management	248
	General management	738
	Frontline staff	3,547
Geographical location	Meihong Footwear (including Foshan)	3,427
	Dongguan Mayflower	319
	Xuzhou C.banner	786
	Jiangsu Mega	25
	Nanjing Soft	2
僱傭類型	正式人員	4,183
	實習人員	14
	勞務人員	188
	臨時人員	172
人員類別	高層	24
	中層	248
	普管層	738
	基層	3,547
地區	美鴻鞋業(含佛山)	3,427
	東莞美麗華	319
	徐州千百度	786
	江蘇美嘉	25
	南京舒服特	2

環境、社會及管治報告

Social responsibility		
社會責任		
Monthly average employee turnover rate		
Monthly average employee turnover	Total number	220
	Turnover rate	4.7%
Turnover rate by gender	Male	0.71%
	Female	4.01%
Turnover rate by age group	Below 30	0.94%
	30-45	2.79%
	Over 45	0.99%
Geographical location	Meihong Footwear (including Foshan)	4.37%
	Dongguan Mayflower	7.89%
	Xuzhou C.banner	5.00%
	Jiangsu Mega	0%
	Nanjing Soft	0%
員工月均流失率		
員工月均流失	總數	220
	流失率	4.7%
性別(流失率)	男	0.71%
	女	4.01%
年齡(流失率)	30以下	0.94%
	30-45之間	2.79%
	45以上	0.99%
地區	美鴻鞋業(含佛山)	4.37%
	東莞美麗華	7.89%
	徐州千百度	5.00%
	江蘇美嘉	0%
	南京舒服特	0%

Social responsibility		
社會責任		
Staff training data		
Staff training	Number of trained employees	4,557
	Percentage of trained employees	100%
Gender	Male	602
	Female	3,955
Position	Senior management	24
	Middle management	248
	General management	738
	Frontline staff	3,547
員工培训人數數據		
員工培訓	培訓人數	4,557
	培訓人數佔比	100%
性別	男	602
	女	3,955
人員類別	高層	24
	中層	248
	普管層	738
	基層	3,547

環境、社會及管治報告

Social responsibility		
社會責任		
Average training hours for staff		
Average training hours	Hours	34.62
Gender	Male	30
	Female	35
Position	Senior management	45
	Middle management	15
	General management	15
	Frontline staff	40
Employee health and safety data		
Work-related mortality	2021	0
	2022	0
	2023	0
Number of lost days due to work injury in 2023	Days	519.5
員工培訓平均時長		
平均培訓時長	小時	34.62
性別	男	30
	女	35
人員類別	高層	45
	中層	15
	普管層	15
	基層	40
員工健康與安全數據		
因工亡故人數	2021年	0
	2022年	0
	2023年	0
2023年因工傷損失工作日數	天	519.5

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Social responsibility		
社會責任		
Suppliers distribution		
Total number of suppliers	Suppliers	128
China	Percentage	100%
Overseas	Percentage	0%
供應商分佈		
供應商總數	個	128
國內	百分比	100%
國 外	百分比	0%

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF C.BANNER INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of C.banner International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 184 to 283, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致千百度國際控股有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載 於第184至283頁千百度國際控股有限公 司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下合稱「貴 集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報 表包括於2023年12月31日的綜合財務狀 況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其 他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合 現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包 括重大會計政策資料。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已按照國際會 計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事會」) 頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報 告準則」)真實而公平地反映 貴集團於 2023年12月31日之綜合財務狀況及截至 該日止年度之綜合財務表現及綜合現金 流量,並已按照香港公司條例之披露規 定妥為編製。

意見的基準

我們已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計 師公會」)頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審 計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下 承擔的責任已在我們的報告「核數師就 審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中 作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒 佈的專業會計師道德守則(以下簡稱「守 則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守 則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我 們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為 我們的意見提供基礎。
KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets Refer to Note 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group tested the amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets for impairment. This impairment test is significant to our audit because the balances of property, plant and equipment of RMB157,442,000 and right-of-use assets of RMB79,954,000 as at 31 December 2023 are material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's impairment test involves application of judgement and is based on assumptions and estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Assessing the identification of the related cash generating units;
- Assessing the arithmetical accuracy of the value-in-use calculations;
- Comparing the actual cash flows with the cash flow projections;
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key assumptions (including revenue growth, profit margins, terminal growth rates and discount rates); and
- Checking input data to supporting evidence.

We consider that the Group's impairment test for property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are supported by the available evidence.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷, 認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重 要的事項。這些事項是在對綜合財務報 表整體進行審計並形成意見的背景下進 行處理的,我們不對這些事項提供單獨 的意見。我們已釐定下文所述事項為於 我們的報告中將予傳達的關鍵審計事項。

物業、機器及設備以及使用權資產之減值 請參閱綜合財務報表附註15及16

貴集團就物業、機器及設備以及使用權 資產金額進行減值測試。由於物業、機器 及設備以及使用權資產於2023年12月31 日之結餘分別為人民幣157,442,000元及 人民幣79,954,000元對綜合財務報表而言 屬重大,因此有關減值測試對我們的審 計非常重要。此外, 貴集團之減值測試 涉及應用判斷且基於假設及估計。

我們的審計程序包括(其中包括):

- 評估相關現金產生單位之識別;
- 評估使用價值計算之算數準確性;
- 將實際現金流量與現金流量預測進 行對比;
- 評估主要假設(包括收益增長、溢利 率、終端增長率及貼現率)之合理 性;及
- 檢查支持憑證之輸入數據。

我們認為, 貴集團為物業、機器及設備 以及使用權資產所作之減值測試由可用 證據支持。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

Inventories

Refer to Note 23 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group tested the amount of inventories for impairment. This impairment test is significant to our audit because the balance of inventories of RMB333,985,000 as at 31 December 2023 is material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's impairment test involves application of judgement and is based on estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Assessing the Group's procedures on ordering and holding of inventories;
- Evaluating the Group's impairment assessment;
- Assessing the marketability of the inventories;
- Assessing the ageing of the inventories;
- Assessing the net realisable values of the inventories; and
- Checking subsequent sales and usage of the inventories.

We consider that the Group's impairment test for inventories is supported by the available evidence.

Trade and other receivables

Refer to Note 24 and 25 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group tested the amount of trade and other receivables for impairment. This impairment test is significant to our audit because the trade receivables of RMB167,612,000 and other receivables (trade debts due from a former subsidiary) of RMB210,999,000 as at 31 December 2023 are material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's impairment test involves application of judgement and is based on estimates.

關鍵審計事項(續) ^{存貨}

請參閱綜合財務報表附註23

貴集團就存貨金額進行減值測試。由於 存貨於2023年12月31日之結餘為人民幣 333,985,000元對綜合財務報表而言屬重 大,因此有關減值測試對我們的審計非 常重要。此外, 貴集團之減值測試涉及 應用判斷且基於估計。

我們的審計程序包括(其中包括):

- 評估 貴集團訂單及持有存貨之程 序;
- 評估 貴集團之減值評估;
- 評估存貨之可銷售性;
- 評估存貨之賬齡;
- 評估存貨之可變現淨值;及
- 檢查存貨之後續銷售及使用情況。

我們認為, 貴集團為存貨所作之減值 測試由可用證據支持。

貿易應收款項及其他應收款項

請參閱綜合財務報表附註24及25

貴集團就貿易應收款項及其他應收款項 金額進行減值測試。由於2023年12月31 日之貿易應收款項人民幣167,612,000元 及其他應收款項(應收前附屬公司的貿易 債務)人民幣210,999,000元對綜合財務報 表而言屬重大,因此有關減值測試對我 們的審計非常重要。此外, 貴集團之減 值測試涉及應用判斷且基於估計。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued) Trade and other receivables (continued) Our audit procedures included, among others:		貿易	鍵 審 計 事 項 (續) 應收款項及其他應收款項(續) 目的審計程序包括(其中包括):
_	Assessing the Group's procedures on granting credit limits and credit periods to customers and debtors;	_	評估 貴集團向客戶及債務人授出 之信貸限額及信貸期限之程序;
-	Assessing the Group's relationship and transaction history with the customers and debtors;	-	評估 貴集團與客戶及債務人之關 係及交易歷史;
_	Evaluating the Group's impairment assessment;	_	估計 貴集團減值評估;
_	Assessing ageing of the debts;	_	評估債務賬齡;
_	Assessing creditworthiness of the customers and debtors;	_	評估客戶及債務人之信譽;
_	Checking subsequent settlements from the customers and debtors;	_	檢查客戶及債務人之後續結算情況;
_	Assessing the value of the collateral for the debts; and	_	評估債務抵押品之價值;及
_	Assessing the disclosure of the Group's exposure to credit risk in the consolidated financial statements.	_	評估 貴集團綜合財務報表信貸風 險披露。
	consider that the Group's impairment test for trade and other ivables are supported by the available evidence.		刊認為, 貴集團為貿易應收款項及 2.應收款項所作之減值測試由可用證

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

其他信息

據支持。

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 刊載於 貴公司年報內的所有信息,但 不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師報 告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他信息,我們亦不會對該等其他信息發 表任何形式的鑑證結論。 獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

其他信息(續)

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們 的責任是閱讀其他信息,於此過程中,考 慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們 於審核過程中所得知的情況有重大牴觸, 或者似乎有重大錯誤陳述。基於我們已 執行的工作,如果我們認為其他資訊有 重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。就 此而言,我們並無任何事項須報告。

董 事 就 綜 合 財 務 報 表 須 承 擔 的 責 任

董事須負責根據國際會計準則理事會頒 佈的國際財務報告準則及香港公司條例 的披露規定編製真實而公允的綜合財務 報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的 編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重 大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用 情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以 及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事 有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別 無其他實際的替代方案。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任

我們的目標是對整體綜合財務報表是否 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的任何重 大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括 我們的意見的核數師報告,僅為全體股 東編製,而並不可作其他目的。我們不就 本報告內容對任何其他人士承擔責任或 接受義務。合理保證是高水平的保證,但 不能保證按香港審計準則進行的審計總 能發現重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由 欺詐或錯誤引起,如按合理預期而錯誤 陳述個別或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務 報表使用者所作出的經濟決定,則有關 的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the HKICPA's website at:

https://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/Standards-setting/Standards/Our-views/ auditre

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任(續)

有關我們就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任的進一步描述載於香港會計師公會網站:

https://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/Standardssetting/Standards/Our-views/auditre

該描述為我們的核數師報告的組成部分。

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Li Shun Fai Audit Engagement Director Practising Certificate Number P05498

Hong Kong, 28 March 2024

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 李淳暉 審計項目董事 執業牌照號碼P05498

香港,2024年3月28日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

			2023	2022
			2023年	2022年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	7	1,539,942	1,381,742
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(668,506)	(614,682)
Gross profit	毛利		871,436	767,060
Other income and other gains and losses	其他收入以及其他收益			
	及虧損	8	79,877	55,008
Distribution and selling expenses	分銷及銷售開支		(740,724)	(694,879)
Administrative and general expenses	行政及一般開支		(113,810)	(107,185)
Share of loss of an associate	分佔聯營公司虧損		(272)	(145)
Share of profit of a joint venture	分佔合營公司溢利		1,617	31
Finance costs	財務成本	9	(2,968)	(2,555)
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利		95,156	17,335
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	10	(74,202)	(2,569)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	11	20,954	14,766
Other comprehensive (expenses)/income:	其他全面(開支)/收益:			
Item that will not be reclassified to	其後不會重新分類至損益之			
profit or loss:	項目:			
Fair value changes of equity investments at	按公允值計入其他全面收益			
fair value through other comprehensive	之股本投資公允值變動			
income			(3,144)	4,700
Other comprehensive (expenses)/income	年內其他全面(開支)			
for the year	/收益		(3,144)	4,700
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額		17,810	19,466

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to:	下列者應佔年內溢利 ————————————————————————————————————			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		20,830	14,789
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		124	(23)
			20,954	14,766
Total comprehensive income/(expenses) attributable to:	下列者應佔全面收益 (開支)總額:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		17,686	19,489
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		124	(23)
			17,810	19,466
Earnings per share	每股盈利	14		
– Basic (<i>RMB cents</i>)	-基本(人民幣分)		1.00	0.71
– Diluted (<i>RMB cents</i>)	一攤薄(人民幣分)		1.00	0.71

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 RMB [*] 000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	15	157,442	148,528
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16	79,954	77,658
Other intangible assets	其他無形資產	17	10,597	15,050
Goodwill	商譽	18	5,725	5,725
Interest in an associate	於聯營公司之權益	19	_	272
Interest in a joint venture	於合營公司之權益	20	_	6,648
Equity investments at fair value	按公允值計入其他全面收益			
through other comprehensive income	(「按公允值計入其他全面			
("FVTOCI")	收益」)之股本投資	21	27,907	31,051
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	22	34,812	62,387
Long-term deposits, other receivables	長期按金、其他應收款項及			
and prepayments	預付款	25	14,945	250,211
			331,382	597,530
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	23	333,985	457,265
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	24	167,612	135,510
Other receivables and prepayments	其他應收款項及預付款	25	253,090	31,601
Current tax assets	即期税項資產		10	447
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	26	663,455	496,252
			1,418,152	1,121,075
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據	27	135,399	125,362
Other payables	其他應付款項	28	147,447	142,887
Contract liabilities	合約負債	29	30,189	24,723
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	30	14,697	17,464
Current tax liabilities	即期税項負債		23,391	6,941
			351,123	317,377
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		1,067,029	803,698
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		1,398,411	1,401,228

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	30	6,541	27,168
Net assets	資產淨值		1,391,870	1,374,060
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	32	209,097	209,097
Reserves	儲備		1,173,536	1,155,850
Total equity attributable to owners	本公司擁有人應佔總權益			
of the Company			1,382,633	1,364,947
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		9,237	9,113
Total equity	總權益		1,391,870	1,374,060

The consolidated financial statements on pages 184 to 283 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 March 2024 and are signed on its behalf by: 第184至283頁的綜合財務報表於2024年3 月28日獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並由 下列人士代表簽署:

Yuan Zhenhua	Zhang Baojun	袁振華	張 寶 軍
Director	Director	董事	董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

			Equ	ity attributable to	owners of the Co	ompany			
				本公司擁有	有人應佔權益			_	
				PRC				Non-	
		Share	Share	statutory	FVTOCI	Retained		controlling	Total
		capital	premium	reserve	reserve	profits	Sub-total	interests	equity
					按公允值				
					计入其他				
				中國	全面收益			非控股	
		股本	股份溢價	法定儲備	的儲備	留存溢利	小計	權益	總權益
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	209,097	646,042	176,127	-	314,192	1,345,458	9,136	1,354,594
Total comprehensive income/	年內全面收益								
(expenses) for the year	∕(開支)總額	-	-	-	4,700	14,789	19,489	(23)	19,466
Transfer	轉撥		-	366	-	(366)	-	-	-
At 31 December 2022 and	於2022年12月31日								
at 1 January 2023	及2023年1月1日	209,097	646,042	176,493	4,700	328,615	1,364,947	9,113	1,374,060
Total comprehensive (expenses)/	年內全面(開支)	,	,		.,	,	_,	- ,	_,_ ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
income for the year	/收益總額	-	-	-	(3,144)	20,830	17,686	124	17,810
Transfer	轉撥	-	-	4,160	-	(4,160)	-	-	-
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	209,097	646,042	180,653	1,556	345,285	1,382,633	9,237	1,391,870

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash flows from operating activities	來自經營活動的現金流量		
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	95,156	17,335
Adjustments for:	調整:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	5,213	5,378
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備折舊	37,375	38,024
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	31,942	35,343
Finance costs	財務成本	2,968	2,555
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、機器及設備		
equipment	之收益	(240)	(36)
(Gain)/loss on early termination of lease	提前終止租賃(收益)/虧損	(3,264)	28
Impairment in respect of trade receivables	貿易應收款項減值	463	493
Interest income from other financial assets	其他金融資產利息收入	(48)	(62)
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款利息收入	(8,514)	(8,201)
Interest income on long-term Trade Debts	長期貿易債項利息收入	(9,340)	(9,178)
Loss on modification of long-term trade debts	修改長期貿易債項之虧損	9,338	9,896
Share of loss of an associate	分佔聯營公司虧損	272	145
Share of profit of a joint venture	分佔合營公司溢利	(1,617)	(31)
Write-down of inventories	撇 減存貨	2,568	31,554

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Operating cash flows before working capital	營運資金變動前經營現金		
changes		162,272	123,243
Change in contract liabilities	合約負債變動	5,466	(12,431)
Change in inventories	存貨變動	120,712	(2,007)
Change in long-term deposit	長期按金變動	(881)	5,402
Change in other payables	其他應付款項變動	17,450	862
Change in other receivables and prepayments	其他應收款項及		
	預付款變動	(13,760)	34,182
Change in trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項及應付票據		
	變動	10,037	(13,152)
Change in trade receivables	貿易應收款項變動	(32,565)	34,728
Cash generated from operations	經營業務所產生之現金	268,731	170,827
Income taxes (paid)/refund	(已付)/退還所得税	(29,740)	3,912
Net cash from operating activities	經營業務所得現金淨額	238,991	174,739
Cash flows from investing activities	來自投資活動的現金流量		
Payments for acquisition of property, plant and	收購物業、機器及設備付款		
equipment		(59,706)	(50,758)
Acquisition of equity investments at fair value	收購按公允值計入其他全		
through other comprehensive income	面收益之股本投資	-	(26,351)
Payments for acquisition of land use right	收購土地使用權付款	(932)	(21,996)
Income received from term deposits	已收定期存款收入	-	(632)
Payments for acquisition of intangible assets	收購無形資產付款	(760)	(522)
Interest received from bank deposits	已收銀行存款利息	8,514	8,201
Proceed from redemption from a joint venture	贖回合營公司的所得款項	8,265	_
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、機器及設備所得		
equipment	款項	767	727
Income received from other financial assets	已收其他金融資產收入 _	48	62
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額_	(43,804)	(91,269)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Cash flows from financing activities	來自融資活動的現金流量		
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(25,016)	(27,780)
Lease interest paid	已付租賃利息	(2,968)	(2,555)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額	(27,984)	(30,335)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加淨額	167,203	53,135
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	於1月1日的現金及		
	現金等價物	496,252	443,117
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於12月31日的現金及		
	現金等價物	663,455	496,252
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year, represented by	年終現金及現金等價物,即		
bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	663,455	496,252

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

C.banner International Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda under the Companies Act as an exempted company with limited liability on 26 April 2002. The address of its registered office is Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM10, Bermuda. The address of its principal place of business is Suite 1503, Level 15, Admiralty Centre Tower 1, 18 Harcourt Road, Admiralty, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries, associate and the joint ventures are principally engaged in manufacture and sale of branded fashion footwear and retail of toys. The principal activities of the subsidiaries, the associate and the joint ventures of the Company are set out in notes 39, 19 and 20 respectively. The Company and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Group".

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the functional currency of the Company.

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 January 2023. IFRSs comprise International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"); International Accounting Standards ("IAS"); and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised IFRSs did not result in significant changes to the Group's accounting policies, presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years.

1. 一般資料

千百度國際控股有限公司(「本公司」) 於2002年4月26日根據公司法於百 慕達註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。 註冊辦事處的地址為Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM10, Bermuda。主要營業地點的地 址為香港金鐘夏慤道18號海富中心 1座15樓1503室。本公司股份於香港 聯合交易所有限公司主板上市。

本公司為投資控股公司。其附屬公 司、聯營公司及合營公司主要從事 製造及銷售品牌時尚鞋履及玩具零 售。本公司之附屬公司、聯營公司 及合營公司的主要業務分別載於附 註39、19及20。本公司及其附屬公 司統稱為「本集團」。

綜合財務報表以本公司之功能貨幣 人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列。

採納新訂及經修訂國際 財務報告準則

於本年度,本集團已採納由國際會 計準則理事會(「國際會計準則理事 會」)頒佈的所有新訂及經修訂國際 財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則」),該等新訂及經修訂國際財務 報告準則與其經營業務有關及於 2023年1月1日開始之會計年度生效。 國際財務報告準則包括國際財務 告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)、國 際會計準則(「國際會計準則」)及詮 釋。採納此等新訂及經修訂國際財 務報告準則對本集團之會計政策、 本集團綜合財務報表之呈報以及本 年度及過往年度所呈報之金額並無 產生重大變動。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

2. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

The Group has not applied the new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of these new and revised IFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised IFRSs would have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs and the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investments which are carried at their fair values.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the directors to exercise its judgements in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below.

採納新訂及經修訂國際 財務報告準則(續)

本集團並無應用已頒佈但尚未生效 的新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準 則。本集團已開始評估該等新訂及 經修訂國際財務報告準則的影響, 但尚無法説明這些新訂及經修訂國 際財務報告準則是否會對其經營業 績及財務狀況產生重大影響。

3. 重大會計政策

該等綜合財務報表乃根據國際財務 報告準則及香港聯合交易所有限公 司證券上市規則及香港公司條例之 適用披露規定而編製。

該等綜合財務報表乃按歷史成本法 編製,並就按公允值列賬之投資重 估作出修訂。

編製符合國際財務報告準則的綜合 財務報表須採用若干主要假設及估 計。亦要求董事於應用該等會計政 策的過程中作出判斷。涉及對該等 綜合財務報表而言屬重大的假設及 估計範疇,於綜合財務報表附註4 披露。

編製該等綜合財務報表時採用的主 要會計政策載列如下。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

綜合賬目

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬 公司截至12月31日止之財務報表。 附屬公司指本集團對其擁有控制權 的實體。當本集團承受或享有參與 實體所得的可變回報,且有能力透 過其對實體的權力影響該等回報 時,則本集團控制該實體。當本集 團的現有權利賦予其現有能力掌控 有關業務(即大幅影響實體回報的 業務)時,則本集團對該實體擁有權 力。

在評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其 潛在投票權以及其他人士持有的潛 在投票權,以釐定其是否擁有控制 權。在持有人能實際行使潛在投票 權的情況下,方被視為有潛在投票 權。

附屬公司在控制權轉移至本集團之 日 起 綜 合 入 賬, 而 在 控 制 權 終 止 之 日起停止綜合入賬。

出售一間附屬公司導致失去控制權 之收益或虧損指(i)出售代價之公允 值加該附屬公司留有任何投資之公 允值與(ii)本公司應佔該附屬公司資 產淨值加有關該附屬公司之任何餘 下商譽及任何有關累計外幣換算儲 備間之差額。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及未變 現溢利均予以對銷。除非交易提供 憑證顯示所轉讓資產出現減值,否 則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。附屬公 司的會計政策已於必要時變更,以 確保與本集團採納的政策一致。

綜合財務報表附註

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (continued)

Consolidation (continued)

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

Business combination and goodwill

The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of a subsidiary in a business combination. The cost of acquisition is measured at the acquisition-date fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, liabilities incurred and contingent consideration. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiary in the acquisition are measured at their acquisition-date fair values. For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

綜合賬目(續)

重大會計政策(續)

非控股權益指並非本公司直接或間 接應佔附屬公司之權益。非控股權 益於綜合財務狀況表及綜合權益變 動表之權益內呈列。非控股權益於 綜合損益及其他全面收益表呈列為 在非控股股東與本公司擁有人之間 分配溢利或虧損及年內全面收益總 額。

損益及其他全面收益各部分應歸屬 於本公司擁有人及非控股股東,即 使此舉會導致非控股權益出現虧絀 結餘。

本公司於不會導致失去控制權之附 屬公司擁有權權益變動按股權交易 (即以擁有人身份與擁有人進行之 交易)入賬。控股權益及非控股權益 之賬面值已作調整,以反映於附屬 公司之相關權益變動。非控股權益 之調整金額與已付或已收代價之公 允值兩者間之任何差額直接於權益 確認,並歸屬於本公司擁有人。

業務合併及商譽

收購法用於將業務合併中的收購附 屬公司入賬。收購成本按所獲資產 收購日期的公允值、所發行的股本 工具、所產生的負債以及或然代價 計量。收購相關成本於有關成本產 生及接獲服務期間確認為開支。於 收購時,附屬公司的可識別資產及 負債均按其於收購日期的公允值計 量。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Business combination and goodwill (continued)

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase which is attributed to the Company.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary is remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in consolidated profit or loss. The fair value is added to the cost of acquisition to calculate the goodwill.

If the changes in the value of the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary were recognised in consolidated other comprehensive income (for example, equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income), the amount that was recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised on the same basis as would be required if the previously held equity interest were disposed of.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The method of measuring impairment losses of goodwill is the same as that of other assets as stated in the accounting policy below. Impairment losses of goodwill are recognised in consolidated profit or loss and are not subsequently reversed. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition for the purpose of impairment testing.

The non-controlling interests in the subsidiary are initially measured at the non-controlling shareholders' proportionate share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities at the acquisition date.

業務合併及商譽(續)

收購成本超出本公司應佔附屬公司 可識別資產及負債的公允值淨額的 部分列作商譽。本公司應佔可識別 資產及負債的公允值淨額超出收購 成本的任何部分於綜合損益內確認 為本公司應佔議價收購的收益。

對於分段進行的業務合併,先前已 持有的附屬公司的股權按其於收購 日期的公允值計量,而由此產生的 收益或虧損於綜合損益內確認。公 允值會加入至收購成本以計算商譽。

倘先前已持有的附屬公司股權的價 值變動已於綜合其他全面收益內確 認(例如按公允值計入其他全面收 益的股本投資),則於其他全面收益 確認的金額乃按在先前已持有的股 權被出售的情況下所需的相同基準 確認。

商譽會每年進行減值測試或當事件 或情況改變顯示可能減值時則更頻 繁地進行減值測試。商譽乃按成本 減累計減值虧損計量。商譽減值虧 損的計量方法與下文會計政策內所 述其他資產的計量方法相同。商譽 的減值虧損於綜合損益內確認,且 隨後不予撥回。就減值測試而言, 商譽會被分配至預期因收購的協同 效益而產生利益的現金產生單位。

於附屬公司之非控股權益初步按非 控股股東應佔該附屬公司於收購日 期的可識別資產及負債的公允值淨 額比例計量。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (continued)

Associates

Associates are entities over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity but is not control or joint control over those policies. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible, including potential voting rights held by other entities, are considered when assessing whether the Group has significant influence. In assessing whether a potential voting right contributes to significant influence, the holder's intention and financial ability to exercise or convert that right is not considered.

Investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group's share of an associate's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in consolidated profit or loss, and its share of the post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in the consolidated reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

聯營公司

重大會計政策(續)

聯營公司指本集團對其有重大影響 力的實體。重大影響力乃指有權參 與實體的財務及經營政策決策但 無法控制或共同控制該等政策的權 力。於評估本集團是否具有重大影 響力時,會考慮現時可行使或可轉 換的潛在投票權(包括其他實體持 有的潛在投票權)的存在及影響。評 佔潛在投票權是否擁有重大影響力 時,持有人的意向及是否具有財政 能力行使或轉換該權利均不予考慮。

於聯營公司的投資以權益法於綜合 財務報表入賬,且初步按成本確認。 於收購中,聯營公司的可識別資產 及負債按其於收購日期的公允值計 量。收購成本超出本集團應佔聯營 公司可識別資產及負債的公允值淨 額之部分列為商譽。商譽計入投資 的賬面值,且倘有客觀證據顯示投 資進行減值測試。本集團應佔可識 別資產及負債公允值淨額高於收購 成本之任何部分於綜合損益確認。

本集團應佔聯營公司之收購後損益 於綜合損益確認,而其應佔之收購 後儲備變動則於綜合儲備確認。累 計收購後變動根據投資之賬營公司之 虧損相等於或超逾其於聯營公司之 權益(包括任何其他無抵押應認前 損,惟其須代表該聯營公司承擔責 任或作出付款則除外。倘聯營公司 其後呈報溢利,則本集團僅於其應 佔溢利與未確認之應佔虧損相等後 方會繼續確認其應佔溢利。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Associates (continued)

The gain or loss on the disposal of an associate that results in a loss of significant influence represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that associate and (ii) the Group's share of the net assets of that associate plus any remaining goodwill relating to that associate and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve. If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Joint arrangement

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. Relevant activities are activities that significantly affect the returns of the arrangement. When assessing joint control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has joint control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

A joint arrangement is either a joint operation or a joint venture. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

聯營公司(續)

出售聯營公司導致失去重大影響力 之收益或虧損指(i)出售代價之公允 值加該聯營公司保留任何投資之公 允值與(ii)本集團應佔該聯營公司之 資產淨值加與該聯營公司有關之任 何剩餘商譽及任何有關累計外幣換 算儲備之間的差額。倘於聯營公司 之投資成為合營公司之投資,則本 集團會繼續應用權益法,且不會重 新計量保留權益。

本集團與其聯營公司進行交易的未 變現溢利按本集團於聯營公司的權 益比例對銷。未變現虧損亦會對銷, 除非該交易有證據顯示所轉讓資產 出現減值。倘有需要,聯營公司的 會計政策會作出變更,以確保與本 集團所採納的政策一致。

合營安排

合營安排指兩方或以上於其中擁有 共同控制權的安排。共同控制是指 按照合約約定對某項安排所共有的 控制,共同控制僅在當相關活動要 求共同享有控制權的各方作出一致 同意之決定時存在。相關活動指對 安排回報有重大影響之活動。當評 估共同控制時,本集團考慮其潛在 投票權,以及由其他各方持有的潛 在 投 票 權,以 釐 定 是 否 擁 有 共 同 控 制權。一個潛在投票權只有在其持 有人有行使這一權利的實際能力時 才被考慮。

合營安排指共同經營或合營公司。 共同經營乃對該項安排擁有共同控 制權之各方對該項安排之資產擁有 權利及對其負債承擔責任之合營安 排。合營公司乃擁有共同控制權之 各方對該項安排之資產淨值擁有權 利之合營安排。

综合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 3. (continued)

Joint arrangement (continued)

In relation to its interest in a joint operation, the Group recognises in its consolidated financial statements, its assets, including its share of any assets held jointly; its liabilities, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly; its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation; its share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation; and its expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly, in accordance with the IFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

Investment in a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements by the equity method and is initially recognised at cost. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the joint venture in an acquisition are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the joint venture's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The goodwill is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is tested for impairment together with the investment at the end of each reporting period when there is objective evidence that the investment is impaired. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in consolidated profit or loss.

The Group's share of a joint venture's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in consolidated profit or loss, and its share of the post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognised in the consolidated reserves. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the joint venture, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture. If the joint venture subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

合營安排(續)

重大會計政策(續)

就共同經營之權益而言,本集團乃 按照適用於特定資產、負債、收益 及開支之國際財務報告準則,於其 綜合財務報表中確認其資產(包括 應佔共同持有之任何資產);其負債 (包括應佔共同產生之任何負債); 其來自出售其共同經營所應佔產出 之收益;其應佔出售共同經營產出 之收益;及其開支(包括應佔共同產 生之任何開支)。

於合營公司之投資乃按權益法計入 综合財務報表,並初步按成本確認。 於收購中,合營公司之可識別資產 及負債按其於收購日期之公允值計 量。倘收購成本超出本集團應佔合 營公司之可識別資產及負債之公允 值 淨 額,則差額將以商譽入賬。商 譽 乃 計 入 投 資 之 賬 面 值,並於有客 觀證據顯示該項投資已減值時於各 報告期末連同該項投資進行減值測 試。倘本集團應佔可識別資產及負 債之公允值淨額高於收購成本,則 有關差額將於綜合損益內確認。

本集團應佔合營公司收購後溢利或 虧損於綜合損益內確認,而其應佔 收購後儲備變動則於綜合儲備內確 認。收購後之累計變動於投資之賬 面 值 作 出 調 整。倘 本 集 團 分 佔 合 營 公司虧損相等於或超過其於合營公 司之權益(包括任何其他無抵押應 收款項),則本集團不進一步確認虧 損,除非本集團已產生責任或代合 營公司付款。倘合營公司其後錄得 溢利,則本集團僅於其應佔溢利相 等於其應佔未確認之虧損後,方會 恢復確認其應佔之該等溢利。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Joint arrangement (continued)

The gain or loss on the disposal of a joint venture that results in a loss of joint control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that joint venture and (ii) the Group's share of the net assets of that joint venture plus any remaining goodwill relating to that joint venture and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve. If an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

Unrealised profits on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interests in the joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of joint ventures have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

合營安排(續)

因出售合營公司而導致失去共同控 制之盈虧乃指(i)出售代價之公允值 連同於該合營公司任何保留投資之 公允值與(ii)本集團應佔該合資公 司資產淨值連同與該合營公司有關 之任何餘下商譽及任何有關累計外 幣換算儲備兩者間之差額。倘於合 營公司之投資成為於聯營公司的投 資,則本集團將繼續應用權益法, 且不會重新計量保留權益。

本集團與其合營公司之間交易的未 變現溢利以本集團於合營公司之權 益予以抵銷。除非有關交易提供轉 讓 資產的減值憑證,否則未變現的 虧損亦予以抵銷。合營公司的會計 政策在必要時已經更改,以確保與 本集團採納的政策保持一致。

外幣換算

功能及呈報貨幣 (a)

> 本集團各實體之財務報表內 項目均以該實體業務所在主 要經濟環境通行之貨幣(「功能 貨幣」)計量。綜合財務報表以 人民幣呈列,該貨幣為本公司 之功能及呈報貨幣。

(b) 各 實 體 財 務 報 表 之 交 易 及 結 餘

> 外幣交易於初始確認時使用 交易日期之通行匯率換算為 功能貨幣。以外幣為單位之貨 幣資產及負債按各報告期末 之匯率換算。此換算政策產生 之盈虧於損益內確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) (continued)

Foreign currency translation (continued)

外幣換算(續)

(b) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements (continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (ii) Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- (iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.

(b) 各實體財務報表之交易及結 餘(續)

> 以公允值計量及外幣計值的 非貨幣項目按釐定公允值當 日之適用匯率換算。

> 倘非貨幣項目之收益或虧損 於其他全面收益內確認,則該 收益或虧損之匯兑部份亦於 其他全面收益內確認。倘非貨 幣項目之收益或虧損於損益 內確認,則該收益或虧損之任 何匯兑部份亦於損益內確認。

- (c) 綜合賬目時進行換算 功能貨幣與本公司之呈報貨 幣不同的所有集團實體之業 績及財務狀況均按以下方法 換算為本公司之呈報貨幣:
 - (i) 各財務狀況表所列之資 產及負債按財務狀況表
 日期之收市匯率換算;
 - (ii) 收入及支出均按平均匯 率換算(除非該平均值並 非為按於交易日之通行 匯率累計影響之合理近 似值,在此情況下,收入 及支出乃按交易日期匯 率換算);及
 - (iii) 一切因此而產生之匯兑差額均在外幣換算儲備內確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) (continued)

Foreign currency translation (continued)

外幣換算(續)

(c) Translation on consolidation (continued)

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings comprise mainly factories and offices. Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Buildings	4.5%
Machinery	9%
Furniture and fixtures	5%-33%
Motor vehicles	18%
Leasehold improvements	useful life or over the term of
	the lease, whichever is shorter

(c) 綜合賬目時進行換算(續) 於綜合賬目時,換算境外實體 之投資淨額及借貸所產生之 匯兑差額於外幣換算儲備內 確認。當境外業務被出售時, 有關匯兑差額作為出售之盈 利或虧損之一部份於綜合損 益內確認。

因收購海外實體而產生之商 譽及公允值調整,均作為有關 海外實體之資產與負債處理, 並按收市匯率換算。

物業、機器及設備

土地及樓宇主要包括工廠及辦公 室。物業、機器及設備乃按成本減 累計折舊及減值虧損列賬。

僅當與該項目有關之日後經濟利益 有可能流入本集團,及該項目成本 能可靠計量時,其後成本方會計入 資產賬面值或確認為個別資產(如 適用)。所有其他維修及保養於其產 生期間在損益內確認。

物業、機器及設備之折舊,按足以 撇銷其成本減剩餘價值之比率,於 估計可使用年期內使用直線法計 算。主要年率如下:

樓宇	4.5%
機器	9%
傢俬及裝置	5%-33%
汽車	18%
租賃物業裝修	可使用年期或租期
	(以較短者為準)

綜合財務報表附註

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) (continued)

Property, plant and equipment (continued)

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Construction in progress represents buildings under construction and plant and machinery pending installation, and is stated at cost less impairment losses. Depreciation begins when the relevant assets are available for use.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

Leases

The Group as lessee

Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities when the leased assets are available for use by the Group. Right-of-use assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation of right-of-use assets is calculated at rates to write off their cost over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Land use rights	30-50 years
Buildings	over the lease term of 1 year to
	12 years

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities, lease payments prepaid, initial direct costs and the restoration costs. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate can be determined, or otherwise the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability. For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

物業、機器及設備(續)

剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊法會 於各報告期末作出檢討及調整(如 適用)。

在建工程指在建樓宇及待安裝的機 器及設備,按成本減減值虧損列賬。 折舊於相關資產可供使用時開始。

出售物業、機器及設備之盈虧為出 售所得款項淨額與相關資產之賬面 值兩者之間差額,於損益確認。

租賃

本集團為承租人

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用時 確認為使用權資產及相應租賃負 債。使用權資產乃按成本減累計折 舊及減值虧損列賬。使用權資產乃 按資產可使用年期與租賃期二者中 較短者以直線法按撤銷其成本的利 率折舊。主要年利率如下:

 土地使用權
 30至50年

 樓宇
 租賃期1年至12年

使用權資產乃按成本(包括初步計 量租賃負債金額、預付租賃款項、 初步直接成本及恢復成本)計量。倘 有關利率或本集團的增量借貸利率 可予確定,租賃負債包括使用租約 內所述利率折現租賃付款的現值淨 額。各租賃付款於負債與財務成本 之間作出分配。財務成本於租期內 在損益內扣除,以使租賃負債餘額 的息率固定。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as lessee (continued)

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expenses in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Short-term leases are leases with an initial lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets are assets of value below US\$5,000 (approximately equivalent to RMB35,000).

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. The principal useful lives are as follows:

Brand	2-10 years
Software	3-5 years
Concession agreements	6 years

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure, and where appropriate, subcontracting charges. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

租賃(續)

本集團為承租人(續)

與短期租賃相關的付款及低價值資 產租賃於租期內以直線法在損益內 確認為開支。短期租賃乃為初步租 期為12個月或少於12個月的租賃。 低價值資產為價值低於5,000美元(約 等於人民幣35,000元)的資產。

無形資產

無形資產按成本減累計攤銷及減值 虧損列賬。主要可使用年期如下:

商標	2至10年
軟件	3至5年
特許協議	6年

存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者之較 低者入賬。成本以加權平均基準釐 定。製成品及在製品之成本包括原 材料、直接人工及所有生產經常性 開支之適當部分及(如適用)分包費 用。可變現淨值按一般業務過程中 估計的銷售價格減去尚需投入的估 計生產成本及估計銷售費用計算。

確認及終止確認金融工具

本集團於成為工具合約條文之訂約 方時,於綜合財務狀況表中確認金 融資產及金融負債。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (continued)

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially recognised at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of investments at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

. 重大會計政策(續)

確認及終止確認金融工具(續)

於收取資產現金流量之合約權利屆 滿;本集團轉讓有關資產所有權的 絕大部分風險及回報,或本集團概 無轉讓亦無保留資產所有權的絕大 部分風險及回報惟並無保留對資產 的控制權時,則終止確認金融資產。 於終止確認一項金融資產時,該項 資產之賬面值與已收代價總和之差 額於損益內確認。

當相關合約中規定之責任獲解除、 註銷或屆滿時,則終止確認金融負 債。已終止確認之金融負債之賬面 值與已付代價之差額於損益內確認。

金融資產

倘屬於根據合約條款規定須於有關 市場所規定期限內交付資產之購入 或出售資產,則金融資產按交易日 基準確認入賬及終止確認,並按公 允值加直接應佔交易成本作初步確 認,惟按公允值計入損益之投資除 外。收購按公允值計入損益的投資 之直接應佔交易成本,即時於損益 內確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Financial assets of the Group are classified under the following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost: and
- Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income.

(i) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets (including trade and other receivables) are classified under this category if they satisfy both of the following conditions:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less loss allowance for expected credit losses.

Equity investments at fair value through other (ii) comprehensive income

On initial recognition, the Group can make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading as at fair value through other comprehensive income.

金融資產(續)

本集團的金融資產分為以下類別:

- 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產; 及
- 按公允值計入其他全面收益 的股本投資。
- 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產 (i) 倘金融資產(包括貿易應收款 項及其他應收款項)符合以下 兩項條件則歸入此分類:
 - 資產乃按目的為持有資 產以收集合約現金流量 的業務模式持有;及
 - 資產合約條款於特定日 期產生現金流量,有關 現金流量僅為本金及尚 未償還本金之利息付款。

有關項目其後以實際利率法 按攤銷成本減去預期信貸虧 損之虧損撥備計量。

按公允值計入其他全面收益 (ii) 的股本投資

> 於初步確認時,本集團可作出 不可撤回的選擇(按個別工具 基準),將並非持作買賣的股 本工具投資指定為按公允值 計入其他全面收益。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

(ii) Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (continued)

Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair values recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the equity investment revaluation reserve. On derecognition of an investment, the cumulative gains or losses previously accumulated in the equity investment revaluation reserve are not reclassified to profit or loss.

Loss allowances for expected credit losses

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortised cost. Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of a default occurring as the weights.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of that financial instrument ("lifetime expected credit losses") for trade receivables, or if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

If, at the end of the reporting period, the credit risk on a financial instrument (other than trade receivables) has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that represents the expected credit losses that result from default events on that financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period.

The amount of expected credit losses or reversal to adjust the loss allowance at the end of the reporting period to the required amount is recognised in profit or loss as an impairment gain or loss. 截至2023年12月31日正

金融資產(續)

(ii) 按公允值計入其他全面收益的股本投資(續)

按公允值計入其他全面收益 的股本投資其後按公允值計 量,公允值變動產生的收益及 虧損於其他全面收益確認,並 於股本投資重估儲備累計。終 止確認投資時,先前於股本投 資重估儲備累計的累計收益 或虧損不會重新分類至損益。

預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備

本集團就按攤銷成本列賬的金融資 產的預期信貸虧損確認虧損撥備。 預期信貸虧損為加權平均信貸虧 損,並以發生相關違約風險的金額 作為加權數值。

於各報告期末,就貿易應收款項而 言,或倘金融工具的信貸風險自初 始確認以來大幅增加,本集團按相 等於該金融工具的預計年期所有可 能發生違約事件所引致的預期信貸 虧損(「全期預期信貸虧損」)的金額 計量金融工具的虧損撥備。

倘於報告期末,金融工具(貿易應收 款項除外)的信貸風險自初始確認 以來並無大幅增加,本集團按相等 於反映該金融工具於報告期後12個 月內可能發生的違約事件所引致預 期信貸虧損的全期預期信貸虧損部 分的金額計量該金融工具的虧損撥 備。

於報告期末將虧損撥備調整至所需 金額的預期信貸虧損或撥回金額, 於損益中確認為減值收益或虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under IFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

現金及現金等價物

就現金流量表而言,現金及現金等 價物指銀行現金及手頭現金、銀行 及其他金融機構的活期存款,以及 可隨時轉換為已知數額現金且價值 變動風險並不重大的短期高流通性 投資。須按要求償還並構成本集團 現金管理的組成部分的銀行透支亦 入賬列作現金及現金等價物的一部 分。

金融負債及股本工具

金融負債及股本工具乃根據所訂立 合約安排的內容及國際財務報告準 則項下金融負債及股本工具的定義 分類。股本工具乃證明於本集團經 扣除其所有負債後的資產中擁有剩 餘權益的任何合約。下文載列就特 定金融負債及股本工具所採納的會 計政策。

借貸

借貸初步按公允值(扣除已產生交 易成本)確認,其後採用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。

借貸分類為流動負債,除非本集團 擁有無條件權利將負債的結算遞延 至報告期後至少12個月。

貿易應付款項及其他應付款項

貿易應付款項及其他應付款項初步 按其公允值列賬,其後採用實際利 率法按攤銷成本計量,除非貼現影 響甚微,於此情況下,則以成本列 賬。

股本工具

本公司所發行的股本工具按已收所 得款項(扣除直接發行成本)入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) (continued)

Revenue from contract with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer with reference to the customary business practices and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised product or service exceeds one year, the consideration is adjusted for the effect of a significant financing component.

The Group recognises revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer. Depending on the terms of a contract and the laws that apply to that contract, a performance obligation can be satisfied over time or at a point in time. A performance obligation is satisfied over time if:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced;
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the product or service.

來自客戶合約的收益

收益乃參考常見業務慣例按客戶合約所列明的代價計量,且不包括代表第三方收取的款項。就客戶付款與轉移已承諾產品或服務之間的期限超過一年的合約而言,代價就重大融資部分的影響作出調整。

本集團於透過將產品或服務的控制 權轉移至客戶而履行履約責任時確 認收益。視乎合約條款及該合約適 用的法例,履約責任可隨時間或於 某一時間點履行。倘屬下列情況, 履約責任乃隨時間履行:

- 客戶同時獲得及消耗本集團
 履約所提供的利益;
- 本集團履約創建或提升客戶
 隨著資產的創建或提升而控
 制的資產;
- 本集團履約並無創建對本集 團而言具替代用途的資產,且
 本集團對至今已完成的履約
 付款擁有可強制執行的權利。

倘履約責任隨時間獲履行,收益乃 參考履約責任圓滿完成的進度確 認。否則,收益於客戶取得產品或 服務控制權的時點確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Other revenue

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Royalties fee income is recognised over the contract terms.

Employee benefits

(a) **Employee leave entitlements**

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(b) **Pension obligations**

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees ' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

The Group also participates in a defined contribution retirement scheme organized by the government in the PRC. The Group is required to contribute a specific percentage of the payroll of its employees to the retirement scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the retirement scheme. No forfeited contributions may be used by the employers to reduce the existing level of contributions.

Termination benefits (c)

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

其他收益

利息收入採用實際利率法確認。

特許權使用費收入於合約期內確認。

僱員福利

僱員有薪假期 (a) 僱員可享有的年假及長期服 務假期乃於僱員可享有假期 時確認。撥備乃就僱員直至報 告期末所提供服務而可享有 的年假及長期服務假期的估 計負債作出。

> 僱員可享有的病假及產假於 放假時方予確認。

退休金責任 **(b)** 本集團向所有僱員均可參與 的界定供款退休計劃作出供 款。本集團及僱員向計劃作出 的供款乃按僱員基本薪金的 百分比計算。於損益內扣除的 退休福利計劃成本乃指本集 團應向基金作出的供款。

> 本集團亦參與中國政府組織 的定額供款退休計劃。本集團 須 按 其 僱 員 薪 金 的 指 定 百 分 比向退休計劃作出供款。供款 按退休計劃的規則在應付時 於損益扣除。僱主不得使用被 沒收的供款以減少現有供款 數額。

終止僱傭福利 (c) 終止僱傭福利於本集團無法 撤回提供該等福利及本集團 確認重組成本並涉及支付終 止僱傭福利的較早日期予以 確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Share-based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain directors and employees.

Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non market-based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non market-based vesting conditions.

For share awards that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share awards granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss. Where the Company's employee share trust purchases shares from the market, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs is presented as "Shares held under the share award scheme" and presented as a deduction against equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

When the awarded shares are transferred to the awardees upon vesting, the related cost of the awarded shares previously recognised in "Shares held under the share award scheme", and the related employment costs of the awarded shares previously recognised in "Share-based compensation reserve" are transferred to accumulated profits.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

以股份為基礎的支付

本公司向若干董事及僱員發行以權 益結算以股份為基礎的支付。

以權益結算以股份為基礎的支付乃 於授出日期按股本工具之公允值計 量(不包括非市場歸屬條件之影響)。 於以權益結算以股份為基礎的支付 於授出日期釐定之公允值,根據本 集團所估計最終將予歸屬之股份及 就非市場歸屬條件調整,按歸屬期 以直線法支銷。

就於授出日期立即歸屬的股份獎勵 而 言, 已 授 出 股 份 獎 勵 之 公 允 值 立 即於損益支銷。倘本公司僱員股份 信託從市場購買股份,則已付代價 (包括任何直接應佔的新增成本)列 作「根據股份獎勵計劃持有的股份」 及列作本公司權益持有人應佔權益 之扣減。

倘獎勵股份于歸屬後轉撥至獲獎勵 者,則早前於「根據股份獎勵計劃 持有的股份」確認的獎勵股份相關 成本及早前於「以股份為基礎的補 償儲備」確認的獎勵股份相關僱員 成本則轉撥至累計溢利。

借貸成本

直接歸屬於收購、建造或生產合資 格資產(即需要花費相當長時間才 能為其擬定用途或銷售做好準備的 資產)的借貸成本資本化為該等資 產的部分成本,直至資產大致準備 作其擬定用途或銷售為止。有待就 合資格資產支銷的特定借貸的暫時 投資所賺取的投資收入由符合資格 進行資本化的借貸成本中扣除。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Borrowing costs (continued)

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Government grants relating to the purchase of assets are deducted from the carrying amount of the assets. The grant is recognised in profit or loss over the life of a depreciable asset by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

借貸成本(續)

倘資金借入作一般用途及用於獲取 合資格資產,則合資格資本化的借 貸成本金額乃按該資產支銷所應用 的資本化比率釐定。資本化比率為 適用於本集團期內尚未償還借貸的 加權平均借貸成本,不包括為獲取 合資格資產而專門借入的借貸。

所有其他借貸成本於其產生期間於 損益內確認。

政府補助

當有合理保證本集團將遵守政府補 助的附帶條件及將接獲補助時,確 認政府補助。

有關收入的政府補助將予以遞延, 並將於配合擬補助的成本的期間內 在損益內確認。

因已產生的開支或虧損或向本集團 提供即時財務支持成為應收補償且 並 無 日 後 相 關 成 本 的 政 府 補 助,乃 於其成為應收款項的期間在損益確 認。

有關購買資產的政府補助自資產的 賬面值扣減。補助透過扣減折舊費 用於可折舊資產年期在損益內確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) (continued)

Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

税項

所得税指即期税項及遞延税項的總額。

即期應付税項乃根據年內應課税溢 利計算。應課税溢利與於損益內確 認的溢利有所不同,乃由於應課税 溢利不包括其他年度的應課税或可 予扣税收入或開支項目,且亦不包 括免税或不可扣税項目。本集團即 期税項負債採用於報告期末已頒佈 或已實質頒佈的税率計算。

遞延税項負債乃按於附屬公司及聯 營公司的投資以及於合營公司的權 益所產生的應課税暫時差額確認, 惟倘本集團可控制暫時差額的撥 回,且該暫時差額可能將不會在可 見將來撥回者除外。

遞延税項資產的賬面值乃於各報告 期末進行檢討,並調低至將不再可 能有充裕的應課税溢利以收回所有 或部分資產。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

3.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Segment reporting

Operating segments and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing the performance of the Group's various lines of business.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of productions processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

税項(續)

遞延税項乃根據於報告期末已頒佈 或已實質頒佈的税率,按預期在負 債結清或資產變現期間應用的税率 計算。遞延税項於損益中確認,惟 倘遞延税項與在其他全面收益確認 或直接於權益確認的項目有關則除 外,在此情況下遞延税項亦會於其 他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

遞延税項資產及遞延税項負債之計 量反映本集團於報告期末預計收回 或結算資產及負債賬面值之方式而 引致之税務後果。

當有可依法強制執行的權利將即期 税項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,且 遞延税項資產與負債與同一税務機 構所徵收的所得税相關及本集團有 意按淨額基準結算其即期税項資產 及負債時,則可將遞延税項資產與 負債抵銷。

分部報告

經營分部及財務報表所呈報的各分 部項目金額取自向本集團最高行政 管理人員定期呈報以便其向本集團 各業務分配資源以及評估該等業務 表現的財務資料。

個別重大經營分部不會為財務報告 而合併,除非相關分部具有類似的 經濟特徵,且產品及服務性質、生 產流程性質、客戶類型或類別、分 銷產品或提供服務所用方法及監管 環境的性質相似。符合上述多數標 準的非個別重大經營分部可合併。
綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) (continued)

Related parties

關聯方

關聯方乃與本集團有關聯之人士或 實體。

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或該
 人士直系親屬與本集團有關
 聯:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本公司或本公司母公司之主要管理層人員。
- (b) 倘符合以下任何條件,即實體 與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 該實體與本公司屬同一
 集團之成員公司(即各母 公司、附屬公司及同系
 附屬公司彼此間有關聯)。
 - (ii) 一家實體為另一實體之 聯營公司或合營公司(或 另一實體為成員公司之 集團旗下成員公司之聯 營公司或合營公司)。
 - (iii) 兩家實體均為同一第三 方之合營公司。
 - (iv) 一家實體為第三方實體
 之合營公司,而另一實
 體為該第三方實體之聯
 營公司。

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Related parties (continued)

- (b) (continued)
 - The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the (v) benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

Impairment of assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or not yet available for use are reviewed annually for impairment and are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and other intangible assets except goodwill, deferred tax assets investments, inventories and receivables to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

關聯方(續)

- (續) (b)
 - (v) 該 實 體 為 本 集 團 或 與 本 集團有關聯之實體就僱 員利益設立之離職福利 計劃。倘本集團本身為 該計劃,提供資助之僱 主亦與本集團有關聯。
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別人士 控制或共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對實 體有重大影響力或屬該 實體(或該實體母公司) 主要管理層人員。
 - (viii) 該 實 體(或 集 團(而 該 實 體為當中成員)旗下任何 成員公司)向本公司或本 公司母公司提供主要管 理人員服務。

資產減值

具有無限可使用年期或尚未使用之 無形資產會每年檢討減值,亦會於 事件或情況改變顯示可能無法收回 賬面值時檢討減值。

於各報告期末,本集團檢討其有形 資產及其他無形資產(商譽、遞延税 項資產投資、存貨及應收款項除外) 之賬面值,以釐定有否跡象顯示該 等資產出現減值虧損。倘存在任何 該等跡象,則估計資產之可收回金 額以釐定任何減值虧損程度。倘無 法估計個別資產之可收回金額,則 本集團估計資產所屬現金產生單位 之可收回金額。

綜合財務報表附註

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. (continued)

Impairment of assets (continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase. For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

資產減值(續)

重大會計政策(續)

可收回金額為公允值減出售成本及 使用價值兩者之較高者。評估使用 價值時,估計未來現金流量會按照 可反映現時市場對貨幣時值及資產 特定風險之評估之税前貼現率,貼 現至其現值。

倘資產或現金產生單位之可收回金 額估計低於其賬面值,則資產或現 金產生單位之賬面值減至其可收回 金額。減值虧損即時於損益確認, 惟倘相關資產以重估金額列賬則除 外,在此情況下減值虧損視作重估 減少處理。

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,則資產或 現金產生單位之賬面值增至其可收 回金額之經修訂估計,惟增加後之 賬面值不得高於假設過往年度並無 就資產或現金產生單位確認減值虧 損而釐定之賬面值(扣除攤銷或折 舊)。減值虧損撥回即時於損益確 認,惟倘相關資產以重估金額列賬 則除外,在此情況下減值虧損撥回 視作重估增加處理。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES 3. 重大會計政策(續) 3. (continued)

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when material.

撥備及或然負債

在本集團現時須因過往事件承擔法 定或推定責任, 而履行責任有可能 導致經濟利益流出,且能夠可靠地 估計責任金額的情況下,便會確認 該等時間或金額不確定之負債撥 備。倘貨幣時值重大,則撥備之金 額乃按預期用於履行該責任之支出 之現值列賬。

倘需要流出經濟利益之機會不大, 或金額無法可靠估計,則責任乃披 露為或然負債,除非經濟利益流出 之可能性極低則另作別論。可能出 現之責任是否存在僅將取決於日後 會 否 發 生 一 宗 或 多 宗 事 件,除 非 經 濟利益流出之可能性極低,否則該 等責任亦披露為或然負債。

報告期後事項

提供有關本集團於報告期末之狀況 之額外資料或顯示持續經營假設並 不適當之報告期後事項為調整事 項,並反映於財務報表。並非調整 事項之報告期後事項,如屬重大時 乃於財務報表附註披露。

綜合財務報表附註

4. **KEY ESTIMATION**

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Impairment of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined with reference to the present value of estimated future cash flows. Where the future cash flows are less than expected or there are unfavourable events and change in facts and circumstance which result in revision of future estimate cash flows, a material impairment loss may arise.

(b) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

The Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for the Group's property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives and residual values are different to those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

主要估計 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

有關日後之主要假設及於報告期末 估計不明朗因素之其他主要來源(擁 有可導致下一個財政年度之資產與 負債賬面值出現大幅調整之重大風 險)於下文討論。

(a) 物業、機器及設備、無形資產
 及使用權資產減值

當事件或情況有變,顯示資產 的賬面值超過其可收回金額, 則會審閱物業、機器及設備、 無形資產及使用權資產的減 值情況。可收回金額參考估計 未來現金流量的現值而釐定。 倘未來現金流量少於預期或 有不利事件及事實與情況變 化,導致修訂未來估計現金流 量,則可能出現重大減值虧損。

(b) 物業、機器及設備及折舊 本集團釐定其物業、機器及設備之估計可使用年期、剩餘價 值及相關折舊費用。本估計乃 根據對相似性質及功能之物 業、機器及設備之實際可使用 年期及剩餘價值之過往經驗 作出。倘若可使用年期及剩餘 價值與先前作出估計者不同, 本集團將修改折舊費用,或其 將會撇銷或撇減已廢棄或出 售之技術過時或非策略性資 產。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

4. **KEY ESTIMATION (continued)**

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(c) Intangible assets and amortization

The Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related amortization charges for the Group's intangible assets. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives and residual values of intangible assets of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the amortization charge where useful lives and residual values are different to those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

(d) Measurement of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

The Group estimated the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities based on the terms of the rental agreements and the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Estimates are required in determining the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

(e) Allowance for slow-moving inventories

Allowance for slow-moving inventories is made based on the ageing and estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the allowance amount involves judgement and estimates. Where the actual outcome in future is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and allowance charge/ write-back in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

主要估計(續) 估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

(c) 無形資產及攤銷 本集團釐定其無形資產的估 計可使用年期、剩餘價值及相 關折舊費用。本估計乃根據對 相似性質及功能之無形資產 之實際可使用年期及剩餘價 值之過往經驗作出。倘若可使 用年期及剩餘價值與先前作 出估計者不同,本集團將修改 折舊費用,或其將會撇銷或撇 減已廢棄或出售之技術過時 或非策略性資產。

(d) 計量使用權資產及租賃負債 本集團根據租賃協議的條款 及本集團增量借貸利率估計 使用權資產及租賃負債。在釐 定本集團增量借貸利率時須 作出估計。

(e) 滯銷存貨撥備

滯銷存貨撥備乃根據存貨賬 齡及估計可變現淨值作出。評 估撥備金額涉及判斷及估計。 倘日後實際結果有別於初始 估計,有關差額將影響有關估 計發生變動期間存貨之賬面 值及撥備費用/撥回。

綜合財務報表附註

4. **KEY ESTIMATION (continued)**

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

Provision for impairment of trade and other receivables **(f)** The Group makes impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts based on assessments of the recoverability of the trade and other receivables, including the current creditworthiness and the past collection history of each debtor. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the trade and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the year in which such estimate has been changed. If the financial conditions of the debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

(g) Revenue recognition in relation to the award credits earned by the customers under the Group's customer loyalty programme

The Group reviews the total number of award credits expected to be redeemed at the end of the year, taking into accounts various factors including the number of award credits not redeemed by the customers upon expiration. The directors of the Company estimate that customers will redeem the award credits under its customer loyalty program in the valid period of the award credits in a manner consistent with historical redemption pattern. This estimate will be reviewed on an ongoing basis, and revision to the expected number of award credits to be redeemed will be made if there is significant difference between the actual number of award credits redeemed and the expected number redeemed in the future. For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

4. 主要估計(續)

估計不明朗因素之主要來源(續)

(f) 貿易應收款項及其他應收款 項減值撥備

> 本集團基於貿易應收款項及 其他應收款項之可收回性(包 括各債務人之現行信貸狀況 及過往還款記錄)評估,就呆 壞賬作出減值虧損。減值於出 現事件或情況有變顯示結餘 未必可收回時產生。識別呆壞 賬時須運用判斷及作出估計。 倘實際結果有別於初始估計, 則有關差額將影響有關估計 出現變動之年度之貿易應收 款項及其他應收款項賬面值 以及呆賬開支。倘債務人的財 務狀況惡化,導致彼等付款的 能力減值,則須作出額外撥備。

(g) 有關客戶根據本集團客戶忠 誠度計劃賺取的獎品積分的 收益確認

> 本集團經計及包括於屆滿後 不被客戶贖回的獎品積分數 目等多項因素,審閱年末預期 贖回的獎品積分的總數目。本 公司董事估計,客戶將於獎品 積分有效期間以與過往贖回 模式一致的方式贖回客戶忠 誠度計劃項下之獎品積分。本 估計將會按持續基準進行審 閱,如已贖回的獎品積分實際 數目與未來預期贖回的數目 有重大差別,則將會對將子贖 回的獎品積分的預期數目作 出修訂。

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has certain exposure to foreign currency risk as part of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in United States dollars ("US\$"), Hong Kong Dollar ("HK\$"), European Dollar ("EUR") and Great British Pound ("GBP") which are currencies other than the functional currency of the relevant group entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the group entities sensitivity to a 5% increase and decrease in RMB against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the reporting date on a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive/negative number below indicates a increase/decrease in profit (2022 increase/decrease in profit) where RMB weakens/strengthen 5% against the relevant foreign currency.

5. 金融風險管理

本集團活動面臨若干金融風險:外 幣風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險 及利率風險。本集團整體風險管理 計劃著重針對金融市場的不可預測 性,並尋求方法減低對本集團財務 表現的潛在不利影響。

(a) **外幣風險**

本集團承受若干外幣風險,乃 由於其部份業務交易、資產及 負債以美元(「美元」)、港元(「港 元」)、歐元(「歐元」)及英鎊(「英 鎊」)計值,而該等貨幣並非相 關集團實體的功能貨幣。本集 團現時並無就外幣交易、資產 及負債制定外幣對沖政策。本 集團將密切監察外幣風險,並 將在有需要時考慮對沖重大 外幣風險。

敏感度分析

下表載列集團實體對人民幣 兑相關外幣上升及下跌5%之 敏感度詳情。5%代表管理層 對外幣匯率合理可能變動之 評估。敏感度分析僅包括以外 幣計值之尚未支付貨幣項目, 並於報告日期以匯率按5%變 動作匯兑調整。下表之正數/ 負數顯示當人民幣兑相關外 幣減弱/轉強5%時,溢利之增 加/減少(2022年:溢利增加/ 減少)。

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
US\$	美元	(1,632)	(2,913)
HK\$	港元	(231)	(220)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. (continued)

(b) Credit risk

The carrying amount of the trade and other receivables, deposits and cash and bank balances included in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk.

It has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history.

The credit risk on cash and bank balances are limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Group considers whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk of financial assets on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period by comparing the risk of a default occurring as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following information is used:

internal credit rating;

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower;

金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險

計入綜合財務狀況表的貿易 應收款項及其他應收款項、按 金以及現金及銀行結餘賬面 值指本集團面臨有關其金融 資產之最大信貸風險。

本 集 團 並 無 重 大 集 中 信 貸 風 險。

本公司已制定政策確保向具 有適當信貸記錄的客戶進行 銷售。

現金及銀行結餘之信貸風險 有限,乃由於交易對手為國際 信用評級機構給予高信用評 級的銀行。

本集團比較金融資產於報告 日期之違約風險與於初始確 認日期之違約風險,以評估金 融資產之信貸風險是否於各 報告期內按持續基準大幅增 加。本集團考慮所得合理及有 據之前瞻性資料。尤其是使用 以下資料:

- 內部信貸評級;

 預期導致對借款人履行 責任的能力出現重大變 動之業務、財務或經濟 狀況之實際或預期重大 不利變動;

借款人經營業績之實際
 或預期重大變動;

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 金融風險管理(續) 5. (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

- significant changes in the value of the collateral or in the quality of guarantees or credit enhancements; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrowers.

A significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment. A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 120 days of when they fall due.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The Group normally categorises a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments greater than 360 days past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Group, if practicable and economical, continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due.

Liquidity risk (c)

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

(b) 信貸風險(續)

- 抵押品價值或擔保或信 貸提升措施之質素出現 重大變動;及
- 借款人預期表現及行為 之重大變動,包括借款 人之付款狀況變動。

倘涉及合約付款之債務人逾 期超過30日,則假定信貸風險 大幅增加。當交易對手無法於 合約付款到期時120日內支付 款項,則金融資產出現違約。

金融資產於合理預期無法收 回(如債務人無法與本集團達 成還款計劃)時撤銷。倘債務 人於逾期後超過360日無法作 出合約付款,本集團通常會撇 銷有關貸款或應收款項。倘貸 款 或 應 收 款 項 已 予 撇 銷,則本 集團在實際可行及符合經濟 效應的情況下,繼續採取強制 行動試圖收回到期應收款項。

流動資金風險 (c)

本集團之政策為定期監察目 前及預期流動資金需要,以確 保其維持足夠現金儲備,應付 其短期及較長期之流動資金 需要。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 金融風險管理(續) (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

The maturity analysis, based on undiscounted cash flows, of the Group's financial liabilities is as follows: 本集團之金融負債到期日概 況(基於未貼現現金流量)如下:

				Tota 總言	
		Less than 1	Between 1 and	Undiscounted	Carrying
		year	5 years	cash flow	amount
				未貼現	
		少於一年	一至五年	現金流量	賬面值
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日				
Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項				
	及應付票據	135,399	-	135,399	135,399
Other payables	其他應付款項	147,447	-	147,447	147,447
		282,846	_	282,846	282,840
				Tota	.1
				總言	
			Between 1 and 5	Undiscounted	Carrying
		Less than 1 year	years	cash flow	amoun
				未貼現	
		少於一年	一至五年	現金流量	賬面值
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	於2022年12月31日				
At 31 December 2022	л 2022 — 1273 51 н				
At 31 December 2022 Trade and bills payables	貿易應付款項				
		125,362	_	125,362	125,362
	貿易應付款項	125,362 139,844	-	125,362 139,844	125,362 139,844

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 金融風險管理(續) (continued) (d) Interest rate risk (d) 利率風險

The Group's bank deposits bear interests at fixed interest rates and therefore are subject to fair value interest rate risks.

The Group's exposure to interest-rate risk arises from its bank deposits. These deposits and borrowings bear interests at variable rates varied with the then prevailing market condition.

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2023, the Group's operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

(d)	利率風險
	本集團銀行存款按固定利率
	計息,並因此面臨公允值利率
	風險。
	本集團面臨的利率風險來自
	其銀行存款。該等存款及借貸
	按其時現行市場狀況變動釐
	定之浮動利率計息。
	於2023年12月31日,由於本集
	團並無重大計息資產及負債,
	本集團經營現金流量大部分

(e) Categories of financial instruments at 31 December

(e) 於12月31日的金融工具類別

獨立於市場利率變動。

	2023	2022
	2023年	2022年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Financial assets:	金融資產:		
Financial assets at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量的		
(including cash and cash equivalents)	金融資產(包括		
	現金及現金等價		
	物)	1,072,944	869,775
Financial liabilities:	金融負債:		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量		
	的金融負債	282,846	265,206

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. (continued)

(f) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. (f) 公允值 综合財務狀況表反映的本集 團金融資產及金融負債的賬 面值與其各自公允值相若。

金融風險管理(續)

公允值為在市場參與者之間 於計量日期按有序交易出售 一項資產所收取或轉讓一項 負債所支付之價格。以下公允 值計量披露使用的公允值層 級將用於計量公允值的估值 技術的輸入數據分為三個層 級:

第一層 本集團可於計量日 輸入數據:期取得的相同資產 或負債於活躍市場 的報價(未經調整)。

第二層 資產或負債的可直 輸入數據:接或間接觀察輸入 數據(不包括第一層 的報價)。

第三層 資產或負債的不可 輸入數據: 觀察輸入數據。

本集團之政策為確認截至於 事項或狀況變動導致該轉移 之日期止該等三個層級之任 何轉入及轉出。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 金融風險管理(續) (continued)

(f)	Fair values (continued)			公允	2值(續)
	(i) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy			(i)	公允值層級之披露
		At 31 December 2023			於2023年12月31日
		Fair value measurements using:			公允值計量利用:

		Level 1 第一層	Level 2 第二層	Level 3 第三層	Total 總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Description	概況	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Recurring fair value	經常性公允值				
measurements:	計量:				
Equity investments at fair	按公允值計				
value through other	入其他全				
comprehensive income	面收益之				
	股本投資				
Private equity investments	私募股本				
	投資		-	27,907	27,907

At 31 December 2022

Fair value measurements using:

於2022年12月31日

公允值計量利用:

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		第一層	第二層	第三層	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB '000	RMB'000
Description	概況	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Recurring fair value	經常性公允值				
measurements:	計量:				
Equity investments at fair	按公允值計				
value through other	入其他全				
comprehensive income	面收益之				
	股本投資				
Private equity investments	私募股本				
	投資	-	-	31,051	31,051

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 金融風險管理(續) (continued)

(ii) Reconciliation of assets measured at fair value

(f) Fair values (continued)

based on level 3:

At 31 December 2023

- (f) 公允值(續)
 - (ii) 按第三層公允值計量之
 資產對賬:
 於2023年12月31日

		Equity investments
		at fair value through
		other comprehensive
		income
		按公允值计入
		其他全面收益
		之股本投資
		RMB'000
Description	概況	人民幣千元
At beginning of year	於年初	31,051
Total gains or losses recognised	已確認收益或	
	虧損總額	
- other comprehensive income	-其他全面收益	(3,144)
At end of year	於年末	27,907

At 31 December 2022

於2022年12月31日

		Equity investments at
		fair value through other
		comprehensive income
		按公允值計入
		其他全面收益
		之股本投資
		RMB'000
Description	概 況	人民幣千元
At beginning of year	於年初	-
Total gains or losses recognised	已確認收益或	
	虧損總額	
- other comprehensive income	一其他全面收益	4,700
Purchases	購買	26,351
At end of year	於年末	31,051

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 金融風險管理(續) (continued)

(f) Fair values (continued)

(iii) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Gro and valuation techniques and inputs used in f value measurements

> The Group's financial controller is responsible the fair value measurements of assets and liabilit required for financial reporting purposes, includ level 3 fair value measurements. The finance controller reports directly to the Board of Direct for these fair value measurements. Discussions valuation processes and results are held between financial controller and the Board of Directors at le twice a year.

For level 3 fair value measurements, the Group v normally engage external valuation experts with recognised professional qualifications and rec experience to perform the valuations.

Level 3 fair value measurements

At 31 December 2023

	(f)	公允	值 (續)							
oup		(iii)	本	集	專	所	用	估	值	程	序	及
fair			公	允	值	計	量	所	用	估	值	技
			術	及	輸	入	數	豦白	的扎	皮鼠	È	
for			本	集	專	財	務	緫	監	負	責	財
ities			務	報	告	所	需	資	產	及	負	債
ding			的	公	允	值	計	量	; ,	包	括	第
cial			Ξ	層	公	允	值	計	·量	•	財	務
tors			緫	監	直	接	向	董	事	會	報	告
s of			該	等	公	允	值	計	·量	•	財	務
the			緫	監	與	董	事	會	每	年	至	少
least			兩	次	討	論	估	值	程	序	及	結
			果	0								
will			就	第	≕	層	公	允	值	計	量	而
the			言	, ,	本	集	專	<u> </u>	般	會	委	聘
cent			具	備	認	可	專	業	資	格	及	近
			期	經	驗	Ż	外	部	估	值	專	家
			進	行	估	值	0					

第三層公允值計量

於2023年12月31日

		Valuation technique	Unobservable inputs	Effect on fair value for increase of inputs 輸入數據	Fair value
Description	概況	估值技術	不可觀察 輸入數據	₩八.50 体 増加對公允值 之影響	公允值
Description	既初	伯但仅例	刊 八 銰 塚	く影音	公元祖 RMB'000
					人民幣千元
Equity investments at fair value through other	按公允值計入 其他全面收	Market approach	Price to research and	Increase 増加	27,907
comprehensive income	益之股本投	市場法	development		
- Private equity	資-私募股		expenses		
investment	本投資		研發開支價格		

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 5. 金融風險管理(續) (continued)

(f) Fair values (continued)

 (iii) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements (continued)

(f) 公允值(續)

(iii) 本集團所用估值程序及 公允值計量所用估值技 術及輸入數據的披露(續)

於2022年12月31日

At 31 December 2022

				Effect on	
				fair value for	
		Valuation	Unobservable	increase of	
		technique	inputs	inputs	Fair value
				輸入數據	
			不可觀察	增加对公允值	
Description	概 況	估值技术	輸入數據	之影響	公允值
					RMB'000
					人民幣千元
Equity investments at fair	按公允值計入	Market	Price to	Increase	31,051
value through other	其他全面收	approach	research and	增加	
comprehensive income	益之股本投	市場法	development		
- Private equity	資-私募股		expenses		
investment	本投資		研發開支價格		

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's operating segments are based on information prepared and reported to the chief operating decision makers ("CODM"), the board of directors of the Company, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

The Group has three reportable segments as follows:

- retail and wholesale of branded fashion footwear ("Retail and wholesale of shoes")
- contract manufacturing of footwear ("Contract manufacturing of shoes")
- retail of toys

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. Segment profits or losses do not include share of (loss)/profit of an associate and a joint venture, finance costs and income tax expenses. Segment assets do not include interest in an associate, deferred tax assets, current tax assets, interest in a joint venture, and other unallocated head office and corporate assets. Segment liabilities do not include income tax liabilities.

The Group accounts for inter-segment sales and transfers as if the sales or transfers were to third parties, i.e. at current market prices.

6. 經營分部資料

本集團之經營分部以向主要營運決 策人(「主要營運決策人」,即本公司 董事會)編製及呈報之資料為基礎, 以作資源分配及表現評估用途。

本集團的三個可呈報分部如下:

- 品牌時尚鞋履零售及批發(「零
 售及批發鞋履」)
- 玩具零售

本集團的可呈報分部屬提供不同產 品及服務的戰略業務單位。由於每 項業務均需要不同技術及營銷策 略,故有關業務乃分開管理。

經營分部的會計政策與綜合財務報 表附註3所述者相同。分部的溢利 或虧損並不包括分佔聯營公司及合 營公司的(虧損)/溢利、財務成本 及所得税開支。分部資產不包括於 聯營公司之權益、遞延税項資產、 即期税項資產、於合營公司之權益 及其他未分配營業總部及企業資 產。分部負債不包括所得税負債。

本集團將分部間銷售及轉讓列賬, 猶如有關銷售或轉讓乃向第三方(即 按現時市價)作出。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 6. (continued)

6. 經營分部資料(續)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by
operating and reportable segments for the year:本集團按年內經營及可呈報分部劃
分的收益及業績分析如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Segment revenue	分部收益		
Retail and wholesale of shoes	零售及批發鞋履		
– external sales	一外部銷售	1,356,413	1,152,714
Contract manufacturing of shoes	合約生產鞋履		
– external sales	一外部銷售	123,299	193,149
- inter-segment sales	一分部間銷售	13	-
Retail of toys	玩具零售		
– external sales	一外部銷售	60,230	35,879
Segment revenue	分部收益	1,539,955	1,381,742
Eliminations	對銷	(13)	-
Group revenue	本集團收益	1,539,942	1,381,742

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 6. 經營分部資料(續) (continued)

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Segment results	分部業績		
Retail and wholesale of shoes	零售及批發鞋履	96,234	4,560
Contract manufacturing of shoes	合約生產鞋履	(652)	15,503
Retail of toys	玩具零售	1,197	(59)
		96,779	20,004
Finance costs	財務成本	(2,968)	(2,555)
Share of loss of an associate	分佔聯營公司虧損	(272)	(145)
Share of profit of a joint venture	分佔合營公司溢利	1,617	31
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	95,156	17,335
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	(74,202)	(2,569)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	20,954	14,766

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 6. 經營分部資料(續) (continued)

本集團按年內經營及可呈報分部劃 The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by operating and reportable segments for the year: 分的資產及負債分析如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Segment assets	分部資產		
Retail and wholesale of shoes	零售及批發鞋履	2,265,596	1,780,938
Contract manufacturing of shoes	合約生產鞋履	151,477	103,767
Retail of toys	玩具零售	19,679	19,876
Total segment assets	分部資產總值	2,436,752	1,904,581
Eliminations	對銷	(749,947)	(286,781)
Unallocated	未分配	62,729	100,805
Total consolidated assets	綜合資產總值	1,749,534	1,718,605
Segment liabilities	分部負債		
Retail and wholesale of shoes	零售及批發鞋履	382,412	280,340
Contract manufacturing of shoes	合約生產鞋履	660,243	227,875
Retail of toys	玩具零售	40,416	29,206
Total segment liabilities	分部負債總額	1,083,071	537,421
Eliminations	對銷	(748,798)	(199,817)
Unallocated	未分配	23,391	6,941
Total consolidated liabilities	綜合負債總額	357,664	344,545

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 6. 經營分部資料(續) (continued)

Other segment information

其他分部資料

		Retail and	Contract		
		wholesale of	manufacturing		
		shoes	of shoes	Retail of toys	Total
		零售及			
		批發鞋履	合約生產鞋履	玩具零售	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December	截至2023年12月31日				
2023	止年度				
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、機器及設備折舊				
equipment		35,540	898	937	37,375
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	27,732	4,210	-	31,942
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	5,061	_	152	5,213
Write-down/(reversal) of inventories to	撇減/(撥回)存貨至				
net realisable value	可變現淨值	4,395	(802)	(1,025)	2,568
Purchase of property, plant and	購買物業、機器及設備				
equipment		46,520	296	-	46,816
Purchase of intangible assets	購買無形資產	706	-	54	760
Impairment provision in respect of	貿易應收款項的				
trade receivables	減值撥備	463	-	-	463
Gain on early termination of	提前終止使用權資產及				
right-of-use assets and lease	租賃負債之收益				
liabilities		(3,264)	-	-	(3,264)
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款的利息收入	(8,427)	(83)	(4)	(8,514)
Interest income on other financial	其他金融資產的				
assets	利息收入	(48)	-	-	(48)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 6. 經營分部資料(續) (continued)

Other segment information (continued)

其他分部資料(續)

		Retail and wholesale of shoes 零售及 批發鞋履 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Contract manufacturing of shoes 合約生產鞋履 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Retail of toys 玩具零售 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2022	截至2022年12月31日 止年度				
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、機器及設備折舊				
equipment		35,735	2,266	23	38,024
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	30,999	4,344	-	35,343
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	5,248	-	130	5,378
Write-down/(reversal) of inventories to	撇減/(撥回)存貨至				
net realisable value	可變現淨值	31,142	(613)	1,025	31,554
Purchase of property, plant and	購買物業、機器及設備				
equipment		39,332	296	-	39,628
Purchase of intangible assets	購買無形資產	468	-	54	522
Impairment provision in respect of	貿易應收款項的				
trade receivables	減值撥備	493	-	-	493
Loss on modification of right-of-use	修改使用權資產及				
assets and lease liabilities	租賃負債之虧損	28	-	-	28
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款的利息收入	(7,956)	(241)	(4)	(8,201)
Interest income on other financial	其他金融資產的				
assets	利息收入	(62)	-	-	(62)

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION 6. 經營分部資料(續) (continued) Geographical information 地區資料

The Group's operations are mainly located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Group's revenue from external customers, based on location of the domiciles of its group entities and information about its non-current assets by geographical location of the assets are detailed below: 本集團業務主要位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)。

本集團來自外部客戶(按集團實體 註冊所在地劃分)之收益,以及按資 產所在地劃分之非流動資產資料詳 述如下:

		Revenue from extern	Revenue from external customers		
		來自外部客	戶收益		
		2023	2022		
		2023年	2022年		
		RMB'000	RMB'000		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
The PRC	中國	1,417,612	1,189,245		
The United States of America	美利堅合眾國	122,330	192,497		
Total	總計	1,539,942	1,381,742		

There is no single customer contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group during both years.

於兩個年度內並無單一客戶為本集 團銷售總額帶來逾10%之貢獻。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

7. REVENUE

7. 收益

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Retail and wholesale of shoes	零售及批發鞋履	1,356,413	1,152,714
Contract manufacturing of shoes	合約生產鞋履	123,299	193,149
Retail of toys	玩具零售	60,230	35,879
Total revenue	總收益	1,539,942	1,381,742

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers:

來自客戶合約收益的分類:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年 2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Geographical markets	地區市場		
The PRC	中國	1,417,612	1,189,245
The United States of America	美利堅合眾國	122,330	192,497
Total	總計	1,539,942	1,381,742
Major products/service	主要產品/服務		
Retail and wholesale of shoes	零售及批發鞋履	1,356,413	1,152,714
Contract manufacturing of shoes	合約生產鞋履	123,299	193,149
Retail of toys	玩具零售	60,230	35,879
Total	總計	1,539,942	1,381,742
Timing of revenue recognition	確認收益的時間		
At a point in time	於某一時間點	1,539,942	1,381,742

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

7. **REVENUE** (continued)

Retail and wholesale of shoes

The Group manufactures and sells self-developed brands and licensed brands footwear to the customers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to a customer, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products and the customer has obtained legal titles to the products.

Wholesale of shoes to customers are normally made with credit terms of 60 to 75 days. For new customers, deposits or cash on delivery may be required. Deposits received are recognised as a contract liability. The Group would also allow longer credit period for certain customers with long term relationship. No credit terms are granted to retail customers. In respect of sales to retail customers made through cooperative stores, credit terms of 30 to 90 days are granted to cooperative stores.

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered to the customers as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

Contract manufacturing of shoes

The Group acts as an original equipment manufacturer or original design manufacturer for international shoes companies dealing in export. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to a customer, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products and the customer has obtained legal titles to the products.

Wholesale of shoes to customers are normally made with credit terms of 60 days. For new customers, deposits or cash on delivery may be required. Deposits received are recognised as a contract liability.

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered to the customers as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

7. 收益(續) 零售及批發鞋履

本集團生產及向客戶出售自有品牌 及特許品牌的鞋履。銷售於以下情 況確認:產品的控制權轉移時(即產 品交付予客戶時),概無可能影響客 戶接納產品的未履行責任,且客戶 獲得了使用該產品的法定權利。

向客戶批發鞋履通常以60至75天為 信貸期限。就新客戶而言,可能需 要訂金或貨到付款。收到的訂金確 認為合約負債。本集團亦會就若干 長期業務關係客戶授予較長的信貸 期。概無向零售客戶授予信貸期限。 就透過合作店舖銷售予零售客戶而 言,授予合作店舖的信貸期限為30 至90天。

應收款項於產品交付予客戶時確 認,乃因代價於該時點變為無條件, 僅須待時間過去便可收取付款。

合約生產鞋履

本集團作為從事出口的國際鞋業公 司的原始設備製造商或原始設計製 造商。銷售於以下情況確認:產品 的控制權轉移時(即產品交付予客 戶時),概無可能影響客戶接納產品 的未履行責任,且客戶獲得了使用 該產品的法定權利。

向客戶批發鞋履通常以60天為信貸 期限。就新客戶而言,可能需要訂 金或貨到付款。收到的訂金確認為 合約負債。

應收款項於產品交付予客戶時確 認,乃因代價於該時點變為無條件, 僅須待時間過去便可收取付款。

7. **REVENUE** (continued)

Retail of toys

The Group sells toys to the customers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to a customer, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products and the customer has obtained legal titles to the products. No credit terms are granted to customers.

Customer loyalty programmes

Within its retail segment, the Group operates a loyalty points programme, which allows customers to accumulate points when they purchase products in the Group's retail stores. The customers are entitled to redeem the award credits as cash to be used in future sales upon the fulfilment of certain criteria as set out in the terms and conditions of the Group's customer loyalty programme.

Consideration received for the products sold within the retail segment is allocated between the products sold and the points issued based on the relative stand-alone selling prices of the products sold and the points issued. The stand-alone selling prices of the points are determined by applying the expected cost plus a margin approach. The value allocated to the points issued is deferred and recognised as a contract liability. Such contract liability is recognised as revenue when the points are redeemed or expired. For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

7. 收益(續) _{玩具零售}

本集團向客戶出售玩具。銷售於以 下情況確認:產品的控制權轉移時 (即產品交付予客戶時),概無可能 影響客戶接納產品的未履行責任, 且客戶獲得了使用該產品的法定權 利。概無向零售客戶授予信貸期限。

客戶忠誠度計劃

本集團在其零售分部實施忠誠度積 分計劃,該計劃使客戶在本集團的 零售商店購買產品時可以累積積 分。客戶符合本集團客戶忠誠度計 劃的條款和條件所規定的若干標準 後,可以將獎勵積分兑換成現金, 於將來使用。

零售分部中所售產品所收取的代價 乃根據所售產品和所發行積分的相 對獨立售價,在所售產品和所發行 積分之間分配。積分的獨立售價乃 通過應用預期成本加利潤方法而釐 定。分配予已發行積分的價值將遞 延並確認為合約負債。當積分被兑 換或過期時,有關合約負債將確認 為收益。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

8. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS 8. 其他收入以及其他收益 AND LOSSES

及虧損

		Notes 附註	2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Other income	其他收入			
Government grants	政府補助金	(i)	41,425	19,845
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款的			
	利息收入		8,514	8,201
Interest income on other financial	其他金融資產的			
assets	利息收入		48	62
Gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、機器及			
plant and equipment	設備之收益		240	36
Interest income on long-term trade	長期貿易債項的			
debts (Note 25)	利息收入			
	(附註25)		9,340	9,178
Service fee income from a former	來自前附屬公司的			
subsidiary	服務費收入		-	457
Royalties fee income	特許權使用費收入	(iii)	14,748	9,482
Others	其他	_	10,241	9,295
		_	84,556	56,556
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損			
Net foreign exchange gain	匯兑收益淨額		1,858	8,658
Impairment provision in respect of	貿易應收款項的			
trade receivables	減值撥備		(463)	(493)
Gain on disposal of financial	出售金融資產之			
assets	收益		-	211
Gain/(loss) on early termination	提前終止使用權資			
of right-of-use assets and lease	產及租賃負債之			
liabilities	收益/(虧損)	(ii)	3,264	(28)
Loss on modification of long-term	長期貿易債務變更			
trade debts (Note 25)	之虧損(附註25)	_	(9,338)	(9,896)
		_	(4,679)	(1,548)
Total other income and other	其他收入以及其他			
gains and losses	收益及虧損的總			
	額		79,877	55,008

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

該金額主要指收取本集團實體所在

中國當地政府為鼓勵於當地開展業

該金額主要指提前終止租賃協議的

該金額指就製造及銷售鞋履(包括男

鞋及女鞋、童鞋及皮包)使用本集團

務發展活動之無條件補助金。

商標所收取的特許權使用費。

收益/(虧損)。

8. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS 8. 其他收入以及其他收益 **AND LOSSES (continued)** Notes:

及虧損(續) 附註:

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

- (i) The amount mainly represented the unconditional subsidies received from the local governments in the PRC where the Group entities were located for encouragement of business development activities in the local area.
- The amount mainly represented the gain/(loss) on early termination of (ii) rental agreements.
- This amount represented the royalties charged for the use of the Group's (iii) trademarks in the manufacture and sale of footwear, including men's and women's shoes, children's shoes and leather bags.

9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 財務成本

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Leases interests	租賃利息	2,968	2,555

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

10. 所得税

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current tax – PRC Enterprise Income	即期税項一中國企業		
Tax	所得税		
Provision for the year	年內撥備	284	35
Under-provision in prior year	過往年度撥備不足	-	2,181
		284	2,216
Current tax – PRC withholding tax	即期税項一中國預扣税	46,343	-
Deferred tax (Note 22)	遞延税項(附註22)		
Provision for the year	年內撥備	27,575	353
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	74,202	2,569

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (continued)

10. 所得税(續)

The reconciliation between the income tax expenses and the product of profit before income tax multiplied by the PRC enterprise income tax rate is as follows:

所得税開支與除所得税前產品溢利
乘以中國企業所得税税率之對賬載
列如下:

		2023 2023年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 <i>RMB[:]000</i> 人民幣千元
Profit before income tax	除税前溢利	95,156	17,335
Tax at the income tax rate of 25%	按所得税税率25%計算之税		
(2022: 25%) (Notes)	項(2022年:25%)(附註)	23,789	4,334
Tax effect of share of (profit)/loss of a joint venture	分佔合營公司及聯營公司		
and an associate	(溢利)/虧損之税務影響	(336)	29
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax	就税務目的不可扣減之開支		
purpose	之税務影響	6,502	1,921
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	就税務目的毋須課税之收入		
	之税務影響	(3,427)	(3,873)
Under-provision in prior year	過往年度撥備不足	-	2,181
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務影響	1,179	1,769
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses previously not	動用未確認早前税項虧損的		
recognised	税務影響	(722)	(5,039)
Effect of different tax rates of group entities	於中國以外司法權區運營之		
operating in jurisdictions other than the PRC	集團實體不同税率之影響	43	563
Tax effect on withholding tax on distributed profits	於中國分配溢利預扣税之税		
in the PRC	務影響	46,343	-
Tax effect of other temporary differences not	其他未確認暫時差額之税務		
recognised	影響	831	684
Income tax expenses for the year	年內所得税開支	74,202	2,569

綜合財務報表附註

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (continued) Notes:

The Group is not subject to taxation in Bermuda and British Virgin Islands ("BVI").

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in and derived from Hong Kong in both years.

PRC Enterprise Income Tax has been provided at a rate of 25% on the estimated assessable profit for the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: 25%).

Under the relevant tax law and implementation regulations in the PRC, withholding income tax is applicable to dividends payable to investors that are "non-PRC tax resident enterprises", which do not have an establishment or place of business in the PRC, or which have such establishment or place of business but the relevant income is not effectively connected with the establishment or place of business, to the extent such dividends have their sources within the PRC. Under such circumstances, dividends distributed from the PRC subsidiaries to non-PRC tax resident group entities in Hong Kong shall be subject to the withholding tax at 5% or 10%. Dividend distributed from a PRC subsidiary to a non-PRC tax resident group entity in BVI shall be subject to the withholding tax at 10%.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Group incorporated in the PRC had declared dividend amounted to RMB463,430,000 in aggregate to the subsidiary of the Group incorporated in Hong Kong. Such dividend is subjected to the withholding tax at 10%. Income tax of RMB46,343,000 in relation to withholding tax had been recognised for the year ended 31 December 2023.

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

10. 所得税(續)

附註:

本集團於百慕達及英屬處女群島(「英屬處 女群島」)毋須繳納税項。

截至2023年12月31日及2022年12月31日止年 度並無就香港利得税計提撥備,乃由於本集 團於兩個年度並無於香港產生任何應課税 溢利。

中國企業所得税已根據截至2023年12月31 日止年度之估計應課税溢利按税率25%(2022 年:25%)計提撥備。

根據中國相關稅法與實施條例,應付予「非 中國稅務居民企業」投資者的股息須以源 自中國境內的所得為限繳納預扣所得税, 該等投資者於中國並無設立機構或營業場 所,或於中國有設立機構或營業場所但相 關所得實際上與其在中國設立的機構或營 業場所無關。據此情況,中國附屬公司向 香港境內的非中國稅務居民的集團實體分 配的股息,須按5%或10%的税率繳納預扣 税。中國附屬公司派付予英屬處女群島的 非中國稅務居民企業集團實體的股息須按 10%的税率繳納預扣税。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團若干於中國註冊成立的全資附屬公司已向本集團於香港註冊成立的附屬公司宣派股息合共人民幣463,430,000元。該股息需繳納10%的預扣税。截至2023年12月31日止年度,已確認與預扣税相關的所得税為人民幣46,343,000元。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

11. PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

11. 年內溢利

年內溢利已扣除以下各項:

Profit for the year has been arrived at after charging:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、機器及設備折舊		
equipment		37,375	38,024
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	31,942	35,343
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	5,213	5,378
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	1,880	1,880
Cost of inventories sold	已售出存貨的成本	668,506	614,682
Write-down of inventories (included in	撇減存貨(包括已售出		
cost of inventories sold)	存貨的成本)	2,568	31,554
Impairment provision in respect of trade	貿易應收款項的減值		
receivables	撥備	463	493
Employee benefits expenses (including	僱員福利開支		
directors' emoluments)	(包括董事酬金)		
- Salaries, bonus and allowances	-薪金、花紅及津貼	283,192	269,231
- Retirement benefits scheme	一退休福利計劃供款		
contributions	_	51,633	51,672
		334,825	320,903

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND 12. 董事、主要行政人員及僱 EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS 員酬金

員酬金 已付或應付予本公司董事之酬金如

The emoluments paid or payable to the directors of the Company were as follows:

已付或應付予本公司董事之酬金如 下:

		Directors' fee 董事袍金 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Salaries and other benefits 工資及 其他福利 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Discretionary Bonuses 酌情花紅 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Contributions to retirement benefits scheme 退休福利 計劃供款 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Total 合計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December	截至2023年					
2023	12月31日止年度					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Chen Yixi	陳奕熙	-	2,700	-	16	2,716
Yuan Zhenhua	袁振華	-	1,683	-	90	1,773
Wu Weiming	吳維明	-	1,359	-	90	1,449
Zhang Baojun	張寶軍	-	966	-	16	982
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:					
Miao Bingwen	繆炳文	180	-	-	-	180
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事:					
directors:	鄺偉信	180				180
Kwong Wai Sun Wilson Zheng Hongliang	鄭徑后	180	-	-	-	180
Xu Chengming	 新重元 許承明	180	-	-	-	180
		720	6,708	_	212	7,640

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND 12. 董事、主要行政人員及僱 EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued) 員酬金(續)

		Directors' fee 董事袍金 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Salaries and other benefits 工資及 其他福利 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Discretionary Bonuses 酌情花紅 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Contributions to retirement benefits scheme 退休福利 計劃供款 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Total 合計 <i>RMB`000</i> 人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2022	截至2022年 12月31日止年度					
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Chen Yixi	陳奕熙	-	2,570	-	15	2,585
Yuan Zhenhua	袁振華	-	1,385	-	71	1,456
Wu Weiming	吳維明	-	1,150	-	48	1,198
Zhang Baojun	張寶軍	-	796	-	15	811
Non-executive director:	非執行董事:					
Miao Bingwen	繆炳文	173	-	-	-	173
Independent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Kwong Wai Sun Wilson	鄺偉信	173	_	_	-	173
Zheng Hongliang	鄭紅亮	173	_	-	-	173
Xu Chengming	許承明	173	-	-	-	173
		692	5,901	-	149	6,742

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

12. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

12. 董事、主要行政人員及僱 員酬金(續)

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included three (2022: two) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. For the year ended 31 December 2023, the emoluments of the remaining two individuals are set out below:

於本年度,本集團五名最高薪人士 包括三名(2022年:兩名)董事,其酬 金反映於上文分析。截至2023年12 月31日止年度,餘下兩名人士之酬 金載列如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries and other benefits	薪金及其他福利	4,081	6,222
Contributions to retirement benefits	退休福利計劃供款		
scheme		31	49
Total	合計	4,112	6,271

The emoluments fell within the following band:

酬金介乎下列範圍:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		No. of	No. of
		employees	employees
		僱員數目	僱員數目
HKD1,500,001 to HKD2,000,000	1,500,001港元至		
	2,000,000港元	1	2
HKD2,000,001 to HKD2,500,000	2,000,001港元至		
	2,500,000港元	1	-
HKD2,500,001 to HKD3,000,000	2,500,001港元至		
	3,000,000港元	_	1
		2	3

During the both years, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. 於兩個年度內,本集團概無向任何 董事或最高薪酬人士支付任何酬 金,作為其加入本集團時或之後之 獎勵,或作為其離職補償。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

13. DIVIDENDS

The directors of the Company did not recommend the payment of any dividend for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately RMB20,830,000 (2022: approximately RMB14,789,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 2,077,000,000 (2022: 2,077,000,000) in issue during the year.

Diluted earnings per share

There was no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding for both years. Accordingly, the diluted earnings per share is same as basic earnings per share for both years.

13. 股息

本公司董事並無建議就截至2023年 及2022年12月31日止年度派付任何 股息。

14. 每股收益 每股基本收益

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本盈利乃 根據本公司擁有人應佔年內溢利約 人民幣20,830,000元(2022年:約為人 民幣14,789,000元)及於年內發行的 普通股加權平均數2,077,000,000股 (2022年:2,077,000,000股)而計算。

每股攤薄收益

該兩個年度內,概無發行在外的潛 在攤薄普通股。因此,該兩個年度 之每股攤薄收益與每股基本收益相 同。
綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

15. 物業、機器及設備

		Buildings	Machinery	Fixtures and equipment	Motor vehicles	Leasehold Improvements 租賃	Construction in progress	Total
		樓宇 RMB ^{:000}	機器 RMB ^{:000}	裝置及設備 RMB ²⁰⁰⁰	汽車 RMB ²⁰⁰⁰	物業裝修 <i>RMB'000</i>	在建工程 <i>RMB'000</i>	合計 RMB ^{:000}
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost	成本							
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	-	34,879	26,448	7,639	119,683	85,039	273,688
Additions	添置	-	341	4,861	-	29,335	5,091	39,628
Disposals	出售	-	(2,558)	(3,013)	-	-	-	(5,571)
Written off	撤銷		(102)	(157)	-	(4,320)	-	(4,579)
At 31 December 2022 and	於2022年12月31日							
1 January 2023	及2023年1月1日	-	32,560	28,139	7,639	144,698	90,130	303,166
Additions	添置	-	945	1,582	835	34,302	9,152	46,816
Disposals	出售	-	(3,205)	(2,434)	(875)	-	-	(6,514)
Written off	撤銷	-	(712)	(957)	-	(2,958)	-	(4,627)
Transfer from construction	自在建工程轉移							
in progress		99,282	-	-	-	-	(99,282)	-
Deregistration of a subsidiary	註銷一家附屬公司		-	-	-	(27,717)	-	(27,717)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	99,282	29,588	26,330	7,599	148,325	-	311,124
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累计折舊及減值							
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	-	26,647	21,127	3,235	75,064	-	126,073
Charge for the year	年內開支	-	1,775	2,560	990	32,699	-	38,024
Disposals	出售	-	(2,537)	(2,343)	-	-	-	(4,880)
Written off	撤銷		(102)	(157)	-	(4,320)		(4,579)
At 31 December 2022 and	於2022年12月31日							
1 January 2023	及2023年1月1日	-	25,783	21,187	4,225	103,443	-	154,638
Charge for the year	年內開支	778	1,470	2,339	1,040	31,748	-	37,375
Disposals	出售	-	(2,810)	(2,346)	(831)	-	-	(5,987)
Written off	撤銷	-	(712)	(957)	-	(2,958)	-	(4,627)
Deregistration of a subsidiary	註銷一家附屬公司				-	(27,717)	-	(27,717)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	778	23,731	20,223	4,434	104,516	-	153,682
Carrying values	賬面值							
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	98,504	5,857	6,107	3,165	43,809	_	157,442
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	-	6,777	6,952	3,414	41,255	90,130	148,528

No impairment loss has been recognised for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年 度概無確認減值虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

16. LEASES AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

16. 租賃及使用權資產 租賃相關項目披露:

Disclosures of lease-related items:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 31 December:	於12月31日:		
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		
– Land use rights	一土地使用權	29,107	-
– Land and buildings	一土地及樓宇 _	50,847	77,658
	-	79,954	77,658
Lease commitments of short-term leases	短期租賃的租賃承擔	1,553	2,186

The maturity analysis, based on undiscounted cash flows, of the Group's lease liabilities is as follows:

基於未貼現現金流量之本集團租賃 負債到期日分析如下:

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 <i>RMB[·]000</i> 人民幣千元
- Less than 1 year	一少於1年	15,041	17,871
- Between 1 and 2 years	-1至2年	6,198	12,179
- Between 2 and 5 years	-2至5年	844	11,388
- Over 5 years	一超過5年		8,367
		22,083	49,805

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

16. LEASES AND RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS 16. 租賃及使用權資產(續) (continued)

		2023 2023年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2022 2022年 <i>RMB</i> '000 人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December: Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets			
 Land use rights Land and buildings 	一土地使用權一土地及樓宇	245 31,697	- 35,343
-	_	31,942	35,343
Lease interests	■ 租賃利息	2,968	2,555
Expenses related to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關之開支	11,671	12,714
Expenses related to variable lease payments not included in lease	— 與並無計入租賃負債之 可變租賃付款有關之		
liabilities	開支	2,974	1,442
Total cash outflow for lease	租賃現金流出總額	42,629	34,185
Additions to right-of-use assets	使用權資產添置	52,000	24,384

The Group leases various land use rights and land and buildings. Lease agreements are typically made for fixed periods of 30 years and 1 to 12 years respectively. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants and the leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Some of the Group's property leases contain variable lease payment terms that are linked to sales generated from the Group's shops. There is a wide range of sales percentages applied. Variable lease payment terms are used to minimise the fixed costs for newly established shops. Variable lease payments that depend on sales are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the condition that triggers those payments occurs. A 5% increase in sales in 2023 across all shops in the Group with leases containing variable lease payment terms would increase total lease payments by approximately RMB149,000 in 2023 (2022: RMB72,000). 本集團租賃各類土地使用權以及土 地及樓宇。租賃協議通常分別按30 年及1至12年的固定期限訂立。租 賃條款乃按個別情況協商確定的, 包含各種不同的條款及條件。租賃 協議並無附加任何契諾,租賃資產 不得用作借款擔保。

本集團部分物業租賃包含本集團店 舖所產生銷售有關的可變租賃付款 條款。所應用銷售百分比範圍廣泛。 可變租賃付款用於盡可能減少新開 店舖的固定成本。取決於銷售的可 變租賃付款於觸發該等付款的條件 發生期間於損益確認。本集團所有 店舖(租賃包含可變租賃付款條款) 於2023年的銷售增加5%將令2023年 租賃付款總額增加約人民幣149,000 元(2022年:人民幣72,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

17. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

17. 其他無形資產

				Concession	
		Brand	Software	agreements	Total
		品牌	軟 件	特許協議	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost	成本				
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	14,223	19,987	34,409	68,619
Additions	添置		522	-	522
At 31 December 2022 and	於2022年12月31日及				
1 January 2023	2023年1月1日	14,223	20,509	34,409	69,141
Additions	添置		760	-	760
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	14,223	21,269	34,409	69,901
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷及減值虧損				
and impairment losses					
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	8,600	5,704	34,409	48,713
Charge for the year	年內開支	1,437	3,941	-	5,378
At 31 December 2022 and 1	於2022年12月31日及				
January 2023	2023年1月1日	10,037	9,645	34,409	54,091
Charge for the year	年內開支	1,435	3,778	-	5,213
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	11,472	13,423	34,409	59,304
Carrying values	賬面值				
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	2,751	7,846	-	10,597
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日	4,186	10,864	-	15,050

No impairment loss has been recognised for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度 概無確認減值虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

18. GOODWILL

18. 商譽

The amount of goodwill recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position, arising from the acquisitions of subsidiaries, is as follows: 於綜合財務狀況表確認產生自收購 附屬公司的商譽金額如下:

			RMB'000	
			人民幣千元	
Cost and carrying value	成本及賬面值			
At 1 January 2022, 31 December 2022,	於2022年1月1日	2022年12月31日、		
1 January 2023 and 31 December 202	23 2023年1月1日	及2023年12月31日	5,725	
Goodwill acquired in a business con	nbination is allocated, at	業務合併所收購ス	之商譽於收購時獲	
acquisition, to the cash generating units	("CGUs") that are expected	分配至預期將受票	惠於業務合併之現	
to benefit from that business combinati	on. The carrying amount of	金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。商		
goodwill had been allocated as follows:		譽之賬面值已獲分配如下:		
Goodwill		商譽		
		2023	2022	
		2023年	2022年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Retail and wholesale of shoes	零售及批發鞋履			
Mega Brilliant International Limited	美宏國際有限公司			
("Mega")	(「美宏」)	5,725	5,725	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

18. GOODWILL (continued)

The basis of the recoverable amounts of the above CGUs and their major underlying assumptions are summarized below:

The recoverable amount of this unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation. That calculation uses cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by directors of the Company covering a five-year period, and pre-tax discount rate of 26% (2022: 19%). Mega's cash flow beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using an average 3% (2022: 3%) per annum growth rate. Other key assumptions for the value in use calculations relate to the estimation of cash inflows/outflows which include budgeted sales and gross margin, such estimation is based on the unit's past performance and management's expectations for the market development. Management believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not cause the aggregate carrying amount of Mega to exceed the aggregate recoverable amount of Mega.

19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

18. 商譽(續)

上述現金產生單位的可收回金額及 其主要相關假設的基準概述於下文:

該單位之可收回金額乃以計算使用 價值釐定,有關計算使用根據本公 司董事所批准覆蓋五年期之財務預 算及26%(2022年:19%)之税前貼現 率得出之現金流預測作出。超過五 年期之美宏現金流量按每年平均3% (2022年:3%)之增長率推算得出。 計算使用價值之其他主要假設與估 計現金流入/流出相關,包括預算 銷售額及毛利率。該等估計乃根據 單位之過往表現以及管理層相信任何 該等假設之任何合理可能變動,將 不會導致美宏之賬面總值超過美宏 之可收回總金額。

19. 於聯營公司的權益

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unlisted investment:	非上市投資:		
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值		272

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

19. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

19. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

The following table shows the Group's share of the amounts of the immaterial associate that is accounted for using the equity method. The summarised financial information presented is based on the financial statements of the associates using IFRS.

下表列示本集團應佔使用權益法入 賬的非重大聯營公司的金額。所呈 列概述財務資料乃基於聯營公司採 用國際財務報告準則的財務報表。

orporation	Principal place of operation		erests/voting 1e Group	Principal activity	
		本集團持有之擁有	有權權益/		
冊成立地點	主要營業地點			主要業務	
		2023 2023年	2022 2022年		
e PRC 國	The PRC 中國	20%	20%	and related mat	tale of branded fashion footwear erials 即時尚鞋履及有關物料
gate, the	Group's share	e of the	下表列方	示本集團應	低所有使用權益
al associa	tes that are ac	counted	法入賬的	的個別非重	亡大聯營公司的合
			計金額。	5	
				2023	2022
			2	023年	2022年
			RM	B'000	RMB'000
			人民幣	纤元	人民幣千元
本	集團分佔權	益之			
	賬面值	_		-	272
截	至12月31日	止年度:			
年	內全面開支:	總額			
				(272)	(145)
	中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中 中	m 成立地點 主要營業地點 PRC The PRC 國 中國 egate, the Group's share al associates that are acc 本集團分佔權 賬面值 截至12月31日	本集團持有之擁行 開成立地點 主要營業地點 投票權之百 2023 2023年 PRC The PRC 20% 國 中國 20% egate, the Group's share of the al associates that are accounted accounted 本集團分佔權益之 本集團分佔權益之	本集團持有之擁有權權益/ 投票權之百分比 週立地點 主要營業地點 投票權之百分比 2023 2023年 2022年 2023年 2022年 2023年 2022年 2024 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 21 20% 22 20% 23 20% 24 2 25 26 26 27 27 28 28 20% 29 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% 20% </td <td>本集團持有之擁有權權益/ 主要業務 潤成立地點 主要營業地點 投票權之百分比 主要業務 2023 2022 2023年 2022年 2023年 2023年 2024日 第回第二 2025日 第回第二 2026日 第一 2027日 第二 2028日 第二 2023年 2023年 2023年 2023年 </td>	本集團持有之擁有權權益/ 主要業務 潤成立地點 主要營業地點 投票權之百分比 主要業務 2023 2022 2023年 2022年 2023年 2023年 2024日 第回第二 2025日 第回第二 2026日 第一 2027日 第二 2028日 第二 2023年 2023年 2023年 2023年

As at 31 December 2023, the bank and cash balances of the Group's associate in the PRC denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to RMB26,000 (2022: RMB160,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations.

於2023年12月31日,本集團的中國 聯營公司以人民幣(「人民幣」)計值 的銀行及現金結餘為人民幣26,000 元(2022年:人民幣160,000元)。人民 幣兑換為外幣須遵守中國外匯管理 條例。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

20. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

20. 於合營公司的權益

		2023	2022	
		2023年	2022年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Unlisted investments:	非上市投資:			
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值		6,648	
		- 가 라 리 그 쇼 e 로 id		
The following table shows, in aggregat	-	下表列示本集團應		
the amounts of all individually immateri	賬的所有單獨非重 # 15 #	E 大 台 営 公 司 金 額		
accounted for using the equity method.		的匯總。		
		2023	2022	
		2023年	2022年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
At 31 December: Carrying amounts of interests	於12月31日: 權益賬面值	-	6,648	
Year ended 31 December:	截至12月31日止年度:			
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	1,617	31	
As at 31 December 2023, no bank and cas	h balances of the Group'	於2023年12月31日	, 太 集 團 的 中 國 合	
joint ventures in the PRC denominat	-	營公司並無以人民幣(「人民幣」)計值		
RMB13,493,000).		的銀行及現金結餘(2022年:人民幣		
- , , , -		13,493,000元)。		
Note:		附註:		
Xuzhou C.banner Shoes Co., Ltd. ("Xuzhou C.bann subsidiary of the Company, entered into an ag International Limited ("Madden Asia") for the e Co., Ltd ("SM"). SM is owned as to 50% by Xuzh Madden Asia.	greement with Madden Asia stablishment of SM (Jiangsu)	本 公 司 間 接 全 資 附 屬 業 有 限 公 司 (「徐 州 千 International Limited (「M 議,成立 笙 曼 商 貿 (江 貿」)。 笙 曼 商 貿 由 徐州 Madden Asia 擁 有 50%。	百度」)與Madden Asia Madden Asia」)訂立協 蘇)有限公司(「笙曼商	
SM entered into strike-off process and comp RMB8,265,000 are redeemed to the Group upon process.		於2023年9月7日,笙号 銷。註銷完成後,人民 至本集團。		

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

21. EQUITY INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE 21. 按公允值計入其他全面 THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE 收益之股本投資 INCOME

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unlisted equity investments,	非上市股本投資,		
at fair value	按公允值	27,907	31,051

The above investments represented investment in Sequoia Biomed Limited ("Sequoia") which were intended to be held for the medium to long-term on initial recognition. Designation of these investments as equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income can avoid the volatility of the fair value changes of these investments to the profit or loss.

22. DEFERRED TAXATION

The following are the major deferred tax assets recognised by the Group.

上述投資指於Sequoia Biomed Limited (「Sequoia」)的投資,該等投資擬於 初步確認時作中長期持有。指定該 等投資為按公允值計入其他全面收 益之股本投資可避免該等投資之公 允值變動令損益產生波動。

22. 遞延税項

以下為本集團確認的主要遞延税項 資產。

	Unrealised					
	profit in	Write down		ECL	Contract	
	inventories	of inventories	Tax losses	allowances	liabilities	Total
	存貨			預期信貸		
	未變現溢利	存貨撇減	税顶虧損	虧損撥備	合約負債	合計
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
於2022年1月1日	31,472	3,306	20,543	135	7,284	62,740
計入損益/						
(自損益扣除)	(13,173)	7,584	9,130	123	(4,017)	(353)
2023年1月1日	18,299	10,890	29,673	258	3,267	62,387
計入損益/						
(自損益扣除)	(11,893)	1,185	(18,794)	116	1,811	(27,575)
於2023年12月31日	6,406	12,075	10,879	374	5,078	34,812
	計入損益/ (自損益扣除) 於2022年12月31日及 2023年1月1日 計入損益/ (自損益扣除)	profit in inventories 存貨 未變現溢利 RMB'000 人民幣千元 於2022年1月1日 訪入損益/ (自損益扣除) (13,173) 於2022年12月31日及 2023年1月1日 18,299 討入損益/ (自損益扣除) (11,893)	inventories of inventories 存貨 未變現溢利 存貨撤減 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 於2022年1月1日 31,472 3,306 計入損益/ (13,173) 7,584 於2022年12月31日及 18,299 10,890 計入損益/ (11,893) 1,185	profit in Write down inventories of inventories Tax losses 存貨 Tax losses Tax losses <th<< td=""><td>profit in Write down ECL inventories of inventories Tax losses allowances 存貨 Tax losses 和期信貸 未變現溢利 存貨撤減 税項虧損 虧損撥備 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 於2022年1月1日 31,472 3,306 20,543 135 計入損益/ (13,173) 7,584 9,130 123 於2022年12月31日及 18,299 10,890 29,673 258 計入損益/ (11,893) 1,185 (18,794) 116</td><td>profit in Write down ECL Contract inventories of inventories Tax losses allowances liabilities 存貨 Tax losses allowances inabilities 未變現溢利 存貨撇減 税項虧損 虧損撥備 合約負債 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 於2022年1月1日 31,472 3,306 20,543 135 7,284 計入損益/ (13,173) 7,584 9,130 123 (4,017) 於2022年12月31日及 18,299 10,890 29,673 258 3,267 計入損益/ (11,893) 1,185 (18,794) 116 1,811</td></th<<>	profit in Write down ECL inventories of inventories Tax losses allowances 存貨 Tax losses 和期信貸 未變現溢利 存貨撤減 税項虧損 虧損撥備 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 於2022年1月1日 31,472 3,306 20,543 135 計入損益/ (13,173) 7,584 9,130 123 於2022年12月31日及 18,299 10,890 29,673 258 計入損益/ (11,893) 1,185 (18,794) 116	profit in Write down ECL Contract inventories of inventories Tax losses allowances liabilities 存貨 Tax losses allowances inabilities 未變現溢利 存貨撇減 税項虧損 虧損撥備 合約負債 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 於2022年1月1日 31,472 3,306 20,543 135 7,284 計入損益/ (13,173) 7,584 9,130 123 (4,017) 於2022年12月31日及 18,299 10,890 29,673 258 3,267 計入損益/ (11,893) 1,185 (18,794) 116 1,811

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綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

22. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)

22. 遞延税項(續)

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

以下為	就財務	報告目	的遞延移	〔項結
餘之分	析:			

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	34,812	62,387

At the end of the reporting period the Group has unused tax losses of RMB84,290,000 (2022: RMB155,034,000) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of RMB43,516,000 (2022: RMB118,692,000) of such losses. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining RMB40,774,000 (2022: RMB36,342,000) due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Detail of unrecognised tax loss are as follow: 於報告期末,本集團未動用的税項 虧損人民幣84,290,000元(2022年:人 民幣155,034,000元)可作抵銷日後溢利 之用。就有關虧損人民幣43,516,000元 (2022年:人民幣118,692,000元)確認遞 延税項資產。由於日後溢利流無法預 測,故並無就餘額人民幣40,774,000元 (2022年:人民幣36,342,000元)確認遞 延税項資產。未確認税項虧損詳情如 下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Tax loss unrecognised and expired in	未確認税項虧損並將於		
2027	2027年到期	13,772	13,772
Tax loss unrecognised and expired in	未確認税項虧損並將於		
2028	2028年到期	11,068	_
Tax loss unrecognised and carried	未確認及無期限結轉之		
forward indefinitely	税項虧損	15,934	22,570
Total tax loss unrecognised	未確認税項虧損總額_	40,774	36,342

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

22. DEFERRED TAXATION (continued)

22. 遞延税項(續)

At the end of the reporting period, the aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with undistributed earnings of subsidiaries for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised is RMB436,614,000 (2022: RMB901,732,000). No liability has been recognised in respect of these differences because the Group is in a position to control the timing of reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

23. INVENTORIES

於報告期末,有關就附屬公司未分 派盈利的未確認遞延税項負債的暫 時差額總額為人民幣436,614,000元 (2022年:人民幣901,732,000元)。由 於本集團有能力控制暫時差額撥回 的時間,且該等差額很可能在可見 將來不能撥回,故並無就該等差額 確認負債。

23. 存貨

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Deres verste sight	百 ++ 約	0 117	11 577
Raw materials	原材料	8,117	11,567
Work in progress	在製品	8,618	5,072
Finished goods	製成品	367,788	488,596
		384,523	505,235
Allowance of inventories obsolescence	陳舊存貨撥備	(50,538)	(47,970)
		333,985	457,265

Because of the change in the market conditions of the Group's products during the year, an increase of certain obsolete inventories was written down. As a result, inventories of RMB2,568,000 (2022: RMB31,554,000) was written-down.

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES

The Group's trading terms with other customers are mainly on credit. The credit terms generally range from 30 to 90 days. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. For new customers, payment in advance is normally required. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by the directors. The Group would also allow longer credit period for certain customers with long term relationship.

由於年內本集團產品市況的變化, 若干陳舊存貨的增加已撤銷。因此, 存貨人民幣2,568,000元(2022年:人 民幣31,554,000元)已撤銷。

24. 貿易應收款項

本集團主要以信貸方式與其他客戶 訂立交易條款。信貸期一般介於30 至90天不等。每位客戶均有信貸上 限。新客戶一般需要提前付款。本 集團力求對其尚未收取的應收款項 維持嚴格監控。董事定期檢閱逾期 結餘。本集團亦會就若干長期業務 關係客戶授予較長的信貸期。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

24. 貿易應收款項(續)

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	169,117	136,552
Provision for loss allowance	虧損準備的撥備	(1,505)	(1,042)
		167,612	135,510

The aging analysis of trade receivables, based on the revenue recognition date, and net of allowance, is as follows:

基於收益確認日期並扣除撥備後的 貿易應收款項賬齡分析如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
0 to 60 days	0至60天	153,816	105,282
61 to 180 days	61至180天	11,412	25,220
181 days to 1 year	181天至1年	599	2,748
Over 1 year	超過1年	1,785	2,260
		167,612	135,510

Reconciliation of loss allowance for trade receivables:

貿易應收款項虧損撥備的對賬:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At the beginning of year	年初	1,042	549
Increase in loss allowance for the year	年內虧損撥備增加	463	493
At the end of year	年末	1,505	1,042

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For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

24. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

24. 貿易應收款項(續)

The Group applies the simplified approach under IFRS 9 to provide for expected credit losses using the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward looking information. 本集團應用國際財務報告準則第9 號項下的簡易方法就所有貿易應收 款項使用全期預期虧損撥備計算預 期信貸虧損。為計量預期信貸虧損, 貿易應收款項已根據共享信貸風險 特徵及逾期天數分類。預期信貸虧 損亦包含前瞻性資料。

		Neither past due nor	Over 1 days to	Over 1 years	Total
		impaired 既 無 逾 期	1 year past due 逾期1天	past due	Total
		亦無減值	题 朔1入 至1年	逾期超過1年	總計
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日				
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期虧損率	1%	2%	5%	1%
Receivable amount (RMB'000)	應收金額(人民幣千元)	159,305	8,828	984	169,117
Loss allowance (RMB'000)	虧損撥備(人民幣千元)	1,319	135	51	1,505
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日				
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期虧損率	0%	2%	4%	1%
Receivable amount (RMB'000)	應收金額(人民幣千元)	118,085	16,105	2,362	136,552
Loss allowance (RMB'000)	虧損撥備(人民幣千元)	589	361	92	1,042

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

25. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS 25. 其他應收款項及預付款

			2023 2023年	2022 2022年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Long-term deposits	長期按金		12,724	11,843
Prepayments	預付款		2,221	2,527
Trade Debts due from a	應收一間前附屬公			
former subsidiary	司的貿易債務	(i)	-	207,421
Prepayments for acquisition	收購土地使用權的			
of land use right	預付款	(ii)	-	28,420
		_	14,945	250,211
Current assets	流動資產			
Prepayments	預付款		22,844	12,302
Trade Debts due from a	應收一間前附屬			
former subsidiary	公司的貿易債務	(i)	210,999	4,255
Value-added tax receivable	應收增值税		1,093	550
Interest receivables	應收利息		_	632
Others	其他	_	18,154	13,862
		_	253,090	31,601
Total	總計		268,035	281,812

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

25. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS (continued) Note:

 On 18 June 2020, the Group entered into an obligations and debts framework agreement ("Obligations and Debts Framework Agreement") with Mayflower (Nanjing) Enterprise Limited ("Nanjing Mayflower"), a former subsidiary of the Group.

On 31 July 2020, the Group disposed 100% equity interest in Nanjing Mayflower. Nanjing Mayflower owed various members of the Group the trade debts ("Trade Debts"), being certain intra-group debts which had arisen in the ordinary course of business over the years.

Pursuant to the Obligations and Debts Framework Agreement, Nanjing Mayflower shall settle the Trade Debts during the two years from 31 May 2020 ("the Trade Debts Settlement Period").

The Trade Debts should be settled during the Trade Debts Settlement Period in the following manner:

- Nanjing Mayflower would lease certain of its immovable property to the Group to offset part of the Trade Debts with the rents payable;
- (b) Should the Trade Debts not being fully settled in the above manner within the two-year period, the Nanjing Mayflower shall pay a sum equivalent to the remaining Trade Debts to the Group upon the expiry of the two-year period.

On 10 March 2022, the Group signed an extension agreement with Nanjing Mayflower, pursuant to which the repayment date of the Trade Debts is extended to 31 May 2023.

On 10 February 2023, the Group further signed an extension agreement with Nanjing Mayflower, pursuant to which the repayment date of the Trade Debts is extended to 31 May 2024.

As at 31 December 2023, the Trade Debts due from the Nanjing Mayflower with carrying amount of RMB210,999,000 (2022: RMB211,676,000) are secured by the Nanjing Mayflower's land use rights and buildings as collateral with a fair value of approximately RMB158,700,000 (2022: approximately RMB170,600,000) in total.

(ii) The amount represent the deposit paid to government for the acquisition of land for the construction of factory in Xuzhou during 2022. During the year ended 31 December 2023, the construction of the factory had been completed and available for use. The deposit was reclassified to right-of-use assets. (續) 附註:

 (i) 於2020年6月18日,本集團與本集團 前附屬公司美麗華企業(南京)有限 公司(「南京美麗華」)訂立一項債權債 務框架協議(「債權債務框架協議」)。

25. 其他應收款項及預付款

於2020年7月31日,本集團出售於南 京美麗華的100%股權。南京美麗華 欠付本集團多家成員公司貿易債務 (「貿易債務」),即多年來在日常業務 過程中產生的若干集團內債務。

根據債權債務框架協議,南京美麗 華須於自2020年5月31日起計兩年(「貿 易債務清償期間」)內清償貿易債務。

貿易債務將於貿易債務清償期間內 以如下方式清償:

- (a) 南京美麗華向本集團出租其 若干不動產,以應付租金抵銷 部分貿易債務;
- (b) 倘於兩年期間內未能以上述 方式悉數清償貿易債務,南京 美麗華須於兩年期間屆滿時 向本集團支付等於餘下貿易 債務之款項。

於2022年3月10日,本集團與南京美 麗華訂立延期協議,據此,貿易債務 的償還日期延期至2023年5月31日。

於2023年2月10日,本集團與南京美 麗華進一步訂立延期協議,據此,貿 易債務的償還日期延期至2024年5月 31日。

於2023年12月31日,賬面值為人民 幣210,999,000元(2022年:人民幣 211,676,000元)的應收南京美麗華貿 易債務以南京美麗華公允價值總計 約為人民幣158,700,000元(2022年:約 人民幣170,600,000元)的土地使用權 及樓字作為抵押。

(ii) 該款項為於2022年期間購買土地用 於徐州工廠建造而向政府支付的按 金。截至2023年12月31日止年度,工 廠建造已竣工並可供使用。該按金 已重新分類為使用權資產。

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For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

26. BANK BALANCES AND CASH

As at 31 December 2023, the bank and cash balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to RMB647,437,000 (2022: RMB468,369,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations.

27. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

26. 銀行結餘及現金

於2023年12月31日,本集團以人民幣(「人民幣」)計值的銀行及現金結 餘為人民幣647,437,000元(2022年: 人民幣468,369,000元)。人民幣兑換 為外幣須遵守中國外匯管理條例。

27. 貿易應付款項及應付票 據

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	135,399	125,310
Bills payables	應付票據		52
		135,399	125,362
The aging analysis of trade page	vables, based on the invoice date, is	根據發票日期,貿	貿易應付款項賬齡
as follows:		分析如下:	
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		2023年 <i>RMB'000</i>	2022年 <i>RMB'000</i>
0 to 90 days	0至90天	RMB'000	RMB'000
-	0至90天 91至180天	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
91 to 180 days		RMB'000 人民幣千元 130,267	RMB ^{·000} 人民幣千元 118,134
0 to 90 days 91 to 180 days 181 days to 1 year Over 1 year	91至180天	RMB'000 人民幣千元 130,267 105	RMB'000 人民幣千元 118,134 1,135

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For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

28. OTHER PAYABLES

28. 其他應付款項

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Accruals	應計費用	67,224	54,909
Accrued payroll	應計薪資	18,910	15,089
Other tax liabilities	其他税項負債	6,494	3,043
Security deposits from wholesale	批發客戶保證金		
customers		16,316	15,494
Payables for acquisition of property,	收 購 物 業、機 器 及		
plant and equipment	設備應付款項	15,138	28,028
Others	其他	23,365	26,324
		147,447	142,887

29. CONTRACT LIABILITIES

29. 合約負債

Disclosures of revenue-related items:

收益相關項目披露:

		As at 31 December 2023 於 2023年 12月 31 日	As at 31 December 2022 於 2022年 12月 31日	As at 1 January 2022 於 2022年 1月1日
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Contract liabilities – customer loyalty programme	合約負債-客戶忠 誠度計劃	20,316	13,068	29,134
Contract liabilities – franchise agreements	合約負債−特許經 營協議	85	85	85
Contract liabilities – advance from customers	合約負債-預收客 戶賬款	9,788	11,570	7,935
Total contract liabilities	合約負債總額	30,189	24,723	37,154
Contract receivables (included in trade receivables)	合約應收款項(計入 貿易應收款項)	167,612	135,510	170,731

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For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

29. CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)

29. 合約負債(續)

 Transaction prices allocated to performance obligations unsatisfied
 於年末分配至未履行的履約責任的

 at end of year and expected to be recognised as revenue in:
 交易價及預期於下列年度確認為收益:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
- 2023	- 2023 年	_	25,580
- 2024	- 2024 年	31,046	942
		31,046	26,522

Year ended 31 December

截至12月31日止年度

37,069

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue recognised in the year that	於年初計入合約負債的		

Revenue recognised in the year that	於年初計入合約負債的	
was included in contract liabilities at	年內已確認收益	
beginning of year	_	24,638

綜合財務報表附註

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29. CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)

29. 合約負債(續)

於年內合約負債的重大變動:

Significant changes in contract liabilities during the year:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		Contract liabilities	Contract liabilities
		合約負債	合約負債
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Increase due to operations in the year	年內由於營運增加	243,519	255,332
Transfer of contract liabilities to revenue	轉移合約負債至收益	(238,053)	(267,763)

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer products or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. 合約負債指本集團就已收客戶代價 (或到期代價款項)向客戶轉移產品 或服務之義務。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

30. LEASE LIABILITIES

30. 租賃負債

		Lease pay 租賃作		Present value of lease payments 租賃付款之現值		
		2023	2022	2023	2022	
		2023年	2022年	2023年	2022年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Within one year	一年內	15,041	17,871	14,697	17,464	
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	7,042	23,567	6,541	21,099	
After five years	五年後		8,367		6,069	
		22,083	49,805	21,238	44,632	
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來融資開支	(845)	(5,173)	-		
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債之現值	21,238	44,632			
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months (shown under	減:於12個月內到期結 算之款項(列於流動負					
current liabilities)	債項下)			(14,697)	(17,464)	
Amount due for settlement after 12	於12個月後到期結算					
months	之款項			6,541	27,168	

At 31 December 2023, the average effective borrowing rate was 4.35% to 4.90% (2022: 4.35% to 4.90%). Interest rates are fixed at the contract dates and thus expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

於2023年12月31日,平均實際借貸 利率為4.35%至4.90%(2022年:4.35% 至4.90%)。利率於合約日期釐定及 因此令本集團承受公允值利率風險。

綜合財務報表附註

31. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

Pursuant to the relevant regulations of the PRC government, the PRC subsidiaries have participated in a central pension scheme (the "Scheme") operated by local municipal government whereby the PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute 18% of basic salaries of the employees to the Scheme to fund their retirement benefits. The local municipal government undertakes to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired employees of the PRC subsidiaries. The only obligation of the PRC subsidiaries with respect to the Scheme is to pay the ongoing required contributions under the Scheme mentioned above. Contributions under the Scheme are charged to profit or loss as incurred.

During the reporting period, the total amounts contributed by the Group to the Scheme and the Auto-enrolment which were charged to profit or loss representing contribution payable to the Scheme and auto-enrolment by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the Scheme are as follows: For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

31. 退休福利計劃

根據中國政府的有關法規,中國附 屬公司參加由當地市政府運作的中 央退休金計劃(「該計劃」),據此, 中國附屬公司須將僱員基本工資的 18%供款予該計劃,以為其退休福 利提供資金。當地市政府承諾承擔 所有中國附屬公司現有及未來退休 的僱員的退休福利責任。中國附屬 公司就該計劃的唯一責任為持續支 付上述計劃項下的供款。根據該計 劃作出的供款於產生時於損益中扣 除。

於報告期間,本集團向該計劃供款 的總金額及自損益中扣除的自動登 記金額指本集團按該計劃規則指定 的比率應付該計劃的供款及自動登 記金額載列如下:

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Amount contributed and charged to profit or loss	供款及自損益扣除的 金額	51,633	51,672

As at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, there was no outstanding contributions payable to the Scheme.

於2023年12月31日及2022年12月31 日,概無尚未支付的應付該計劃的 供款。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

32. SHARE CAPITAL

32. 股本

		Number of shares	Amount
		股份數目	金額
			USD'000
			千美元
Ordinary shares of USD0.015 each	每股面值0.015美元之		
	普通股		
Authorised:	法定:		
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December	於2022年1月1日及2022年		
2022, 1 January 2023 and 31	12月31日、2023年1月1		
December 2023	日及2023年12月31日	20,000,000,000	300,000
lssued and fully paid:	已發行並繳足:		
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December	於2022年1月1日及2022年		
2022, 1 January 2023 and 31	12月31日、2023年1月1		
December 2023	日及2023年12月31日	2,077,000,000	31,155
			Amount
			金額
			RMB'000
			人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 20	<i>,</i>	1日及2022年12月	
2023 and 31 December 2023		3年1月1日及2023	
	年12月31日	∃	209,097
During the year ended 31 December 2	2023 and 2022, the Company	截至2023年及202	2年12月31日止。
did not repurchase any shares through		度,本公司並無逐 何股份。	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

33. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION33. 本公司財務狀況表及儲
備AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY備

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Investment in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	105,992	105,992
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	1	1
Other intangible asset	其他無形資產	2,751	4,186
	_	108,744	110,179
Current assets	流動資產		
Other receivables and prepayments	其他應收款項及預付款項	689	462
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	666,715	137,188
Bank balances and cash	銀行結餘及現金	274,365	14,658
	_	941,769	152,308
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	5,962	3,269
	_	5,962	3,269
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	935,807	149,039
Net assets	資產淨值	1,044,551	259,218
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	209,097	209,097
Reserves	儲備	835,454	50,121
Total equity	總權益	1,044,551	259,218

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 March 2024.

於2024年3月28日獲董事會批准及 授權刊發。

Yuan Zhenhua	Zhang Baojun	袁振華	張寶軍
Director	Director	董事	董事

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

34. RESERVES

(a) Group

(i) The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

(ii) Share premium

Share premium represents premium arising from the issue of shares at a price in excess of their par value per share and is not distributable but may be applied in paying up unissued shares of the Company to be issued to the shareholders of the Company as fully paid bonus shares or in providing for the premiums payable on repurchase of shares.

(iii) Shares held under the share award scheme

Shares held under the share award scheme represents the Company's employee share trust purchases shares from the market, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs is presented as "Shares held under the share award scheme" and presented as a deduction against equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. The details are set out in Note 35.

(iv) PRC statutory reserve

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC applicable to foreign investment enterprises and the Articles of Association of the PRC subsidiaries, the PRC subsidiaries are required to maintain a statutory surplus reserve fund. Appropriations to this fund are made out of net profit after taxation as reported in the PRC statutory financial statements of the subsidiaries (the "PRC Accounting Profit").

34. 儲備

(a) 本集團

- (i) 本集團之儲備金額及其
 變動呈列於綜合損益及
 其他全面收益表及綜合
 權益變動表。
- (ii) 股份溢價 股份溢價指按超過其每 股面值之價格發行股份 所產生之溢價,屬不可 分派,惟可用於繳足將 發行予本公司股東作為 發約子本公司股款紅利股份 之本公司未發行股份之 股款,或用於計提購回 股份應付溢價。
- (iii) 根據股份獎勵計劃持有 的股份

根據股份獎勵計劃持有 的股份指本公司僱員股 份信託從市場購買股份, 則已付代價(包括任何直 接應佔的新增成本)列作 「根據股份獎勵計劃持有 的股份」及列作本公司權 益持有人應佔權益之扣 減。詳情載於附註35。

(iv) 中國法定儲備 根據中國外商投資企業 適用的有關法律及法規 以及中國附屬公司之組 織章程細則,中國附屬 公司須維持法定盈餘儲 備基金。從中國附屬公 司法定財務報表中呈報 的税後純利(「中國會計 溢利」)中向該基金作出 撥款。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

34. **RESERVES** (continued)

(a) Group (continued)

(iv) PRC statutory reserve (continued)

Dongguan Mayflower, Nanjing Soft, Jiangsu Mega Shoes Co., Ltd are required to transfer 10% of their PRC Accounting Profit to the statutory surplus reserve fund in each profit making year until the balances reach 50% of the registered capital of each of the Company respectively. The statutory surplus reserve fund may be used to make up prior year losses incurred and, with approval from relevant government authority, to increase capital.

Xuzhou C.banner is not required to maintain this statutory surplus reserve fund according to the relevant laws and regulations in the PRC applicable to Sino-foreign joint investment enterprises. However, as at 31 December 2018, the directors of Xuzhou C.banner approved on a discretionary basis to transfer the maximum amount of RMB9,465,000 to the statutory surplus reserve fund as the statutory reserve fund balance reach 50% of the registered capital.

(v) Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

34. 儲備(續)

(a) 本集團(續)

(iv) 中國法定儲備(續)

東莞美麗華、南京舒服 特、江蘇美嘉鞋業有限 公司須於每個盈利年度 將其中國會計溢利的10% 轉撥至法定盈餘儲備基 金,直至結餘分別達各 公司註冊資本的50%。法 定盈餘儲備基金可能用 作彌補去年發生的虧損, 在取得有關政府機關的 批准下增加資本。

根據中國中外合資企業 適用的有關法律及法規, 徐州千百度無須維持此 項法定盈餘儲備基金。 然而,於2018年12月31 日,由於法定儲備基金 餘額達註冊資本的50%, 徐州千百度董事酌情批 准轉撥最高金額人民幣 9,465,000元至法定盈餘 儲備基金。

(v) 換算儲備 換算儲備包括所有換算 海外業務財務報表所產 生之匯兑差額。有關儲 備已根據綜合財務報表 附註3所載之會計政策處 理。

綜合財務報表附註

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34.	RESERVES (continued)	34.	儲 備 (續)
	(b) Company		(b) 本公司

		Accumulated Share (losses)/ Premium profits 累計 (虧損)/		Total	
		股份溢價	溢利	總計	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
At 1 January 2022 Total comprehensive	於2022年1月1日 年內全面開支總額	646,042	(591,810)	54,232	
expenses for the year			(4,111)	(4,111)	
At 31 December 2022 and at 1 January 2023 Total comprehensive income	於2022年12月31日及2023 年1月1日 年內全面收益總額	646,042	(595,921)	50,121	
for the year		_	785,333	785,333	
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	646,042	189,412	835,454	

35. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Pursuant to written resolution passed on 26 August 2011, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Hongguo Hong Kong Share Option Scheme"), details of which are set out in "Report of the Directors - Share Option Scheme" to the annual report. No share option has been granted under the Hongguo Hong Kong Share Option Scheme since its adoption.

On 31 August 2015, the Company adopted a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") under which shares of the Company may be awarded to selected employees (including executive directors) of the Group (the "Selected Employees") pursuant to the terms of the scheme rules and trust deed of the Share Award Scheme. The Share Award Scheme became effective on the adoption date and, unless otherwise terminated or amended, will remain in force for a term of 10 years commencing on the adoption date.

The Board shall not make any further award of awarded shares which will result in the nominal value of the Shares awarded by the Board under the Share Award Scheme exceeding 10% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The maximum number of the Awarded Shares which may be awarded to a selected employee shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

When a Selected Employee has satisfied all vesting conditions, which might include service and/or performance conditions specified by the board of directors of the Company at the time of making the award and become entitled to the shares of the Company forming the subject of the award, the trustee shall transfer the relevant awarded shares to that employee at no consideration. The Selected Employee however is not entitled to receive any income or distribution, such as dividend derived from the unvested Awarded Shares allocated to him/her.

As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, no share option was outstanding.

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35. 以股份為基礎的支付

根據於2011年8月26日 通過的書面 決議案,本公司採納一項購股權計 劃(「鴻國香港購股權計劃」),其詳 情載於年報「董事會報告-購股權 計劃」。自採納以來,概無根據鴻國 香港購股權計劃授出購股權。

於2015年8月31日,本公司採納一項 股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」), 據此,可根據股份獎勵計劃的計劃 規則及信託契據之條款,向本集團 包括執行董事在內的獲選僱員(「獲 選 僱 員 」) 授 出 本 公 司 股 份。股 份 獎 勵計劃於採納日期起生效,除另行 被終止或修訂外,將自採納日期起 計10年有效。

倘進一步授出獎勵股份會導致董事 會根據股份獎勵計劃授出的股份面 值超過本公司不時已發行股本的 10%,則董事會不得進一步授出獎 勵股份。可授予獲選僱員的獎勵股 份的最高數目不得超過本公司不時 已發行股本的1%。

倘獲選僱員符合本公司董事會於作 出有關獎勵時列明的全部歸屬條件 (其中可能包括服務及/或表現條 件),便可獲取有關獎勵的本公司股 份,受託人須以無代價向該名僱員 轉讓有關獎勵股份。然而,獲選僱 員無權收取任何收入或分派,如來 自分配予彼的未歸屬獎勵股份的股 息。

於2023年及2022年12月31日,概無 購股權尚未行使。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED 36. 綜合現金流量表附註 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

融資活動所產生的負債變動

The following table shows the Group's changes in liabilities arising from financing activities during the year:

下表列示本集團年內融資活動所產 生的負債變動:

		Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	54,938
Changes in cash flows	現金流量變動	(30,335)
Non-cash changes	非現金變動	
- modification of lease	一租賃修改	(6,910)
- additions of lease	一租賃添置	24,384
- interest charged	一已 付 利 息	2,555
At 31 December 2022 and	於2022年12月31日及	
1 January 2023	2023年1月1日	44,632
Changes in cash flows	現金流量變動	(27,984)
Non-cash changes	非現金變動	
- modification of lease	一租賃修改	(21,026)
- additions of lease	一租賃添置	22,648
- interest charged	一已 付 利 息	2,968
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	21,238

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For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

37.	The (PITAL COMMITMENTS Group's capital commitments at the end s follows:		37.		本 承 擔 集團於報告期末的資本承擔如	
						2023 2023年	2022 2022年
					Л	RMB'000 、民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
	-		機器及設備 「約但未計提撥備			1,362	4,472
38.	RE	LATED PARTY TRANSA	ACTIONS	38.	騧	聯方交易	
	(i)	Related party transactions			(i)	關聯方交易	
		During the year, in addition to tho	se disclosed elsewhere				財務報表其他部
		in the consolidated financial stateme	ents, the Group had the			分披露者外,本集團的關	
		following related party transactions:				交易如下:	
						2023	2022
						2023年	2022年
		Relationship with related parties	Nature of transactions			RMB'000	RMB'000
		與關聯方關係	交易性質			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		An associate	Purchase of goods				
		一間聯營公司	購買貨品		_	767	4,684
		A related company, in which certain directors of the Company have controlling interest	Rental expense				
		一間關聯公司,本公司若干董事於	租賃開支				
		其中擁有控股權益			_	2,502	2,502
	(ii)	Compensation of key management The remuneration of directors, management, are disclosed in Note 12	who are also the key		(ii)	主要管理人員 身為主要管理 薪酬於附註12	理人員的董事的

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

39. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

39. 於附屬公司的投資

Particulars of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2023 are as follows:

於2023年12月31日附屬公司的詳情 如下:

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place/Country of incorporation/ establishment and operations 註冊成立/成立及營 運地點/國家	Attributable equity interest of the Company 本公司應佔股本權益		Principal activities 主要業務	
的画厶刂石冊	建地湖/ 四水	本公司應由成 2023	2022	工女术切	
		2023年 2023年	2022年 2022年		
Held directly by the Company: 本公司直接持有:					
Best Invent Holdings Limited	The BVI 英屬處女群島	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
China Ease Enterprise Limited	Hong Kong	100%	100%	Investment holding and sale of branded fashion footwear	
華誼企業有限公司	香港			投資控股及銷售品牌時尚鞋履	
Toy Kingdom Hong Kong Ltd	Hong Kong 香港	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
Held by subsidiaries of the Company: 本公司附屬公司持有:					
Dongguan Mayflower Footwear Corporation Limited ("Dongguan Mayflower") (Note 1)	The PRC	100%	100%	Contract manufacture and sale of branded fashion footwear	
東莞美麗華鞋業有限公司(「東莞美麗華」) (附註1)	中國			訂約生產及銷售品牌時尚鞋履	
Nanjing Soft Garment & Footwear Co., Ltd. ("Nanjing Soft") (Note 1)	The PRC	100%	100%	Manufacture and sale of branded fashion footwear and related materials	
南京舒服特服飾鞋業有限公司 (「南京舒服特」)(附註1)	中國			生產及銷售品牌時尚鞋履及有 關物料	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

39. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES 39. 於附屬公司的投資(續) (continued)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place/Country of incorporation/ establishment and operations 註冊成立/成立及營 運地點/國家	Attributable equity interest of the Company 本公司應佔股本權益		Principal activities 主要業務	
		2023	2022		
		2023年	2022年		
Xuzhou C.banner Shoes Co., Ltd. ("Xuzhou C.banner") (Note 2)	The PRC	100%	100%	Manufacture and sale of branded fashion footwear and related materials	
徐州千百度鞋業有限公司(「徐州千百度」) (附註2)	中國			生產及銷售品牌時尚鞋履及有 關物料	
Mega Brilliant International Limited	Hong Kong	79%	79%	Investment holding	
美宏國際有限公司	香港			投資控股	
Jiangsu Mega Shoes Co., Ltd (Note 1)	The PRC	79%	79%	Manufacture and sale of branded fashion footwear and related materials	
江蘇美嘉鞋業有限公司(附註1)	中國			生產及銷售品牌時尚鞋履及有 關物料	
Xuzhou Mayflower Footwear Co., Ltd ("Xuzhou Mayflower") (Note 1)	The PRC	100%	100%	Manufacture and sale of branded fashion footwear and related materials	
徐州美麗華鞋業有限公司(「徐州美麗華」) (附註1)	中國			生產及銷售品牌時尚鞋履及有 關物料	
Toy Kingdom Co., Ltd ("Toy Kingdom") 英哈玩具有限公司(「英哈玩具」)	The PRC 中國	100%	100%	Toys retailing 玩具零售	
Toy Kingdom (Nanjing) Co., Ltd ("Toy Kingdom Nanjing")	The PRC	100%	100%	Toys retailing	
英哈玩具貿易(南京)有限公司 (「英哈南京」)	中國			玩具零售	
Toy Kingdom (Xuzhou) Co., Ltd ("Toy Kingdom Xuzhou") (Note 4)	The PRC	0%	100%	Toys retailing	
英哈玩具貿易(徐州)有限公司 (「英哈徐州」)(附註4)	中國			玩具零售	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

39. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES 39. 於附屬公司的投資(續) (continued)

Name of subsidiary	Place/Country of incorporation/ establishment and operations 註冊成立/成立及着	Attributable equity interest of the Company 本公司應佔股本權益		Principal activities 主要業務		
附屬公司名稱	運地點/國家					
		2023 2023年	2022 2022年			
			2022 -			
Meihong Footwear Company Limited ("Meihong") (Note 1)	The PRC	100%	100%	Retail sale of branded fashion footwear		
美鴻鞋業有限公司(「美鴻」)(附註1)	中國			零售品牌時尚鞋履		
南京千奧鞋業有限公司	The PRC	100%	100%	Retail sale of branded fashion footwear		
	中國			零售品牌時尚鞋履		
南京千尋鞋業有限公司	The PRC	100%	100%	Retail sale of branded fashion footwear		
	中國			零售品牌時尚鞋履		
南京千舞鞋業有限公司	The PRC	100%	100%	Retail sale of branded fashion footwear		
	中國			零售品牌時尚鞋履		
Max Profit industrial Limited ("Max Profit") (Note 3)	Hong Kong	100%	100%	Investment holding		
澤豐實業有限公司(「澤豐」)(附註3)	香港			投資控股		
Notes:			附註:			
(1) wholly-foreign owned enterprise est) wholly-foreign owned enterprise established in the PRC			國成立之外商獨資企業		
(2) sino-foreign owned enterprise established in the PRC			(2) 於中	於中國成立之中外合資企業		
(3) acquisition of wholly interest in a subsidiary during 2022			(3) 2022益	2022年收購一間附屬公司的全部權 益		
(4) deregistration of subsidiary during 2023.			(4) 2023	(4) 2023年註銷之附屬公司。		
None of the Company's subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.			於本年度末,本公司的附屬公司概 無發行任何債務證券。			

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

40. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed in this Annual Report, there were no other significant events that might affect the Group since the end of the year ended 31 December 2023.

41. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 March 2024.

40. 報告期後事件

除本年報所披露者外,自截至2023 年12月31日止年度結束起並無可能 影響本集團的其他重大事項。

41. 批准綜合財務報表

該等綜合財務報表乃由董事會於 2024年3月28日批准並授權刊發。

Five-year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
		2019年	2020年	2021年	2022年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Financial results Revenue	財務業績 收益	2,157,529	1,539,368	1.629,120	1,381,742	1,539,942
Revenue			1,557,500	1,029,120	1,301,742	1,557,742
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔純利	(311,480)	6,179	27,346	14,789	20,830
		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
		2019年	2020年	2021年	2022年	2023年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Balance sheet summary	資產負債表概要					
Total assets	資產總額	1,817,881	1,762,817	1,745,652	1,718,605	1,749,534
Total liabilities	負債總額	417,611	435,539	391,058	344,545	357,664
Total equity	權益總額	1,400,270	1,327,278	1,354,594	1,374,060	1,391,870



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