

## 福田實業(集團)有限公司

Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) (於香港註冊成立的有限公司) SEHK 股份代號:420

> Annual Report 2023 年報

The World's Finest Circular Knits Since 1969
世界優質圓筒針織始於

#### **GROUP PROFILE**

About Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Fountain Set Group") (Stock Code: 00420.HK)

One of the world's largest and long-established fabric manufacturers, the Fountain Set Group produces knitted fabric and garments through vertically integrated operations in fabric knitting, dyeing, printing, finishing and garment manufacturing, for many of the renowned apparel retailers and brands.

As a strong believer of research and development, we collaborate with brands and suppliers to develop innovative and creative fabric and garment products to consumers all over the world. Headquartered in Hong Kong and listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the Fountain Set Group has 7 production facilities in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), Sri Lanka and Indonesia, with marketing and representative offices in 4 countries and a global staff force of close to 5,800 strong.

Mr. HA Chung Fong, founder and honorary chairman of the Company remains one of the substantial shareholders of the Company.

To learn more about Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited, please visit www.fshl.com

## 集團簡介

有關福田實業(集團)有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(「福田集團」)(股份代號:00420,香港)

福田集團為一家世界最大及歷史悠久的針織面料生產商之一,提供針織、染色、印花、整理及成衣製造等高度垂直綜合服務,為許多知名服裝零售商和品牌製造針織面料及成衣。

作為研發的堅信者,我們與品牌和供應商合作,為世界各地的消費者開發創新和創意的面料及成衣產品。福田集團總部位於香港,並於香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市,其於中華人民共和國(「中國」)、斯里蘭卡及印尼設有7個生產設施,市場推廣辦事處及代表處分佈4個國家,全球員工接近5.800人。

名譽主席夏松芳先生仍為本公司主要股東之一。

欲知更多福田實業 (集團) 有限公司資料,請瀏覽www.fshl.com

## Corporate Information 2 公司資料

- Financial and Statistical Highlights 4 財務及統計摘要
  - Financial Summary 6 財務概要
  - Awards and Certifications 8 獎項及認證
    - Chairman's Statement 17 主席報告
- Management Discussion and Analysis 21 管理層討論與分析
  - Corporate Governance Report 34 企業管治報告
    - Profiles of Directors 56 董事簡介
      - Directors' Report 62 董事會報告
  - Particulars of Investment Properties 75 投資物業詳情
    - Independent Auditor's Report 76 獨立核數師報告
- Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other
  - Comprehensive Income 84 綜合損益及其他全面收益表
  - Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 86 綜合財務狀況表
  - Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 88 綜合權益變動表
    - Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 89 綜合現金流量表
  - Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 92 綜合財務報表附註

## CONTENTS 目錄

# CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

#### **HONORARY CHAIRMAN**

Mr. HA Chung Fong

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. LIU Xianfu (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

(appointed as Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 1 April 2023)

Dr. LI Gang (appointed as executive Director on 1 June 2023)

Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew

Ms. ZHAO Jianli

(appointed as executive Director on 1 December 2023)

Mr. ZHANG Zheng

Mr. SUN Fuji (resigned as executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 1 April 2023)

Mr. ZHAO Yao (resigned as executive Director, authorised representative and senior consultant of the Company on 1 December 2023)

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Dr. YEN Gordon (Non-executive Vice Chairman)

Mr. TAO Yongming

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. NG Kwok Tung

Mr. YING Wei

Mr. William LAM

Mr. WONG Kwong Chi

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. CHENG Wai Han Charmaine

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE & PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS**

Block A, 6/F., Eastern Sea Industrial Building 29-39 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong

#### **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.fshl.com

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKS**

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

Hang Seng Bank Limited

Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

CTBC Bank Co., Ltd.

#### **SOLICITORS**

Loong & Yeung Vivien Chan & Co.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants

#### **SHARE REGISTRAR**

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited Room 2103B, 21/F., 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong Kong

#### 名譽主席

夏松芳先生

#### 董事會

#### 執行董事

劉賢福先生(主席兼行政總裁)

(於2023年4月1日起獲委任為本公司行政總裁) 李剛博士(於2023年6月1日起獲委任為執行董事) 邱恒達先生

趙建麗女十

(於2023年12月1日起獲委任為執行董事)

張正先生

孫福紀先生(於2023年4月1日起

辭任本公司執行董事及行政總裁)

趙耀先生(於2023年12月1日起

辭任本公司執行董事、授權代表及高級顧問)

#### 非執行董事

嚴震銘博士(非執行副主席)

陶永銘先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

伍國棟先生

應偉先生

林偉成先生王幹芝先生

#### 公司秘書

鄭惠嫻女士

#### 註冊辦事處及主要營業地點

香港新界葵涌葵昌路29-39號 東海工業大廈A座6樓

#### 公司網址

www.fshl.com

#### 主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司香港上海匯豐銀行有限公司渣打銀行(香港)有限公司恒生銀行有限公司富邦銀行(香港)有限公司

中國信託商業銀行股份有限公司

#### 律師

龍炳坤、楊永安律師行 陳韻雲律師行

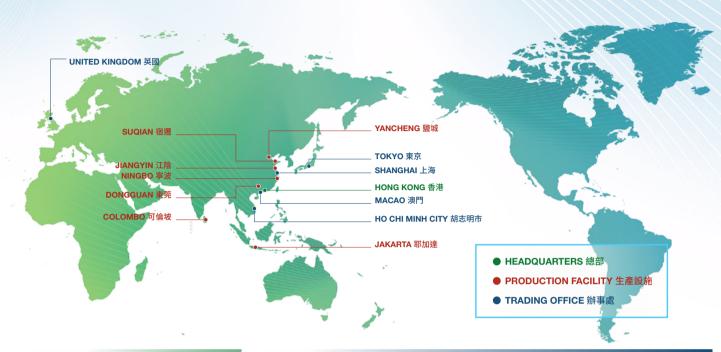
#### 獨立核數師

信永中和 (香港) 會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

#### 股份登記處

寶德隆證券登記有限公司 香港北角電氣道148號21樓2103B室

## **EXTENSIVE WORLDWIDE NETWORK** 強大環球網絡



#### HEADQUARTERS • 總 部

#### HONG KONG 香港

Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited 福田實業(集團)有限公司

#### PRODUCTION FACILITY • 生產設施

#### CHINA 中國

#### Knitting & Dyeing 針織及染色

Jiangyin Fuhui Textiles Limited 江陰福匯紡織有限公司 Yancheng Fuhui Textiles Limited 鹽城福匯紡織有限公司

#### Knitting, Dyeing & Printing 針織、染色及印花

Dongguan Shatin Lake Side Textiles Printing & Dyeing Co., Ltd. 東莞沙田麗海紡織印染有限公司

#### Garment Manufacturing 製衣

Ningbo Young Top Garments Co., Ltd. 寧波創裕製衣有限公司 Suqian Young Top Garments Co., Ltd. 宿遷創裕製衣有限公司

#### JAKARTA 耶加達

Garment Manufacturing 製衣 P.T. Sandang Mutiara Cemerlang

#### COLOMBO 可倫坡

Knitting, Dyeing & Printing 針織、染色及印花 Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited 海洋蘭卡(私人)有限公司#

#### TRADING OFFICE • 辦事處

#### CHINA 中國

#### Sales of Dyed Fabrics 色布銷售

Shenzhen Faun Textiles Limited 深圳福力紡織品有限公司 Shanghai Fuhui Textiles Trading Co., Ltd. 上海福匯紡織貿易有限公司

#### HONG KONG 香港

#### Raw Materials Sourcing 原料採購

Highscene Limited 漢盛有限公司

#### Sales of Dyed Fabrics 色布銷售

Fountain Set Limited 福田實業有限公司

Hiway Textiles Limited

#### Sales of Garments 成衣銷售

海匯紡織有限公司 Oceanstar Textiles International Limited 海星紡織國際有限公司

#### MACAO 澳門

#### Raw Materials Sourcing 原料採購

Prosperlink (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited 匯漢(澳門離岸商業服務)有限公司

#### HO CHI MINH CITY 胡志明市

Fountain Set Limited - Vietnam Representative Office

福田實業有限公司

- 越南代表處

#### TOKYO 東京

Fountain Set Limited

- Japan Representative Office 福田實業有限公司

- 駐日本事務所

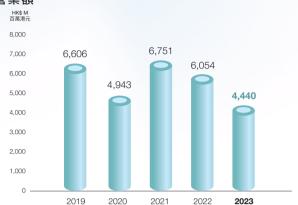
<sup>#</sup> Chinese names are only translations of their official English names. In case of inconsistencies, the English names shall prevail. 中文名稱僅為彼等官方英文名稱之譯文。倘有歧異,概以英文名稱為準。

## FINANCIAL AND STATISTICAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務及統計摘要

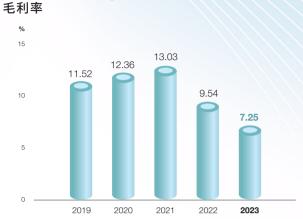
|  |                                       | 2023<br><i>HK\$Mil 百萬港元</i> | 2022<br>HK\$Mil 百萬港元 |
|--|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
|  |                                       | ,                           |                      |
| Operating Results  | 營運業績                                  |                             |                      |
| Revenue  | 營業額                                   | 4,440.2                     | 6,053.6              |
| Financial Performance  | 財務表現                                  |                             |                      |
| Profit/(loss) attributable to owners                                   | 本公司擁有人                                |                             |                      |
| of the Company   | 應佔盈利/(虧損)                             | 50.9                        | (115.5)              |
| Profit margin  | 盈利率                                   | 1.1%                        | (1.9%)               |
| Earnings per share (HK cents)  | 每股盈利(港仙)                              |                             |                      |
| – Basic  | 一基本                                   | 4.2                         | (9.4)                |
| - Diluted  | 一攤薄                                   | 4.2                         | (9.4)                |
| Dividends  | 股息                                    |                             |                      |
| Proposed final dividend per share                                      | 擬付每股末期股息                              |                             |                      |
| (HK cents)   | (港仙)                                  | 3.00                        | _                    |
| Dividend payout ratio  | 派息比率                                  | 71.43%                      | _                    |
|  |                                       |                             |                      |
|  |                                       | At 31 December              | At 31 December       |
|  |                                       | 於12月31日                     | 於12月31日              |
|  |                                       | 2023                        | 2022                 |
|  |                                       | HK\$Mil 百萬港元                | HK\$Mil 百萬港元         |
| Financial Desition at Year End   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                             |                      |
| Financial Position at Year End   | 於年度終結時之財務狀況<br>流動資產淨值                 | 0 000 5                     | 2 102 0              |
| Net current assets Total assets  | 派到貝娃伊祖<br>資產總值                        | 2,203.5<br>4,900.8          | 2,193.0<br>5,046.8   |
|  | 非流動銀行借貸                               | 4,900.8                     |                      |
| Non-current bank borrowings  | 非洲野城17個員<br>總銀行借貸                     | 199.6                       | 235.5<br>436.2       |
| Total bank borrowings  Net bank borrowings                             | 銀行借貸淨值                                | (1,181.3)                   | (962.9)              |
| Total liabilities  | 致11 旧貝伊旧<br>負債總值                      | 1,432.2                     | 1,623.0              |
| Net asset value per share (HK\$)                                       | 每股資產淨值(港元)                            | 2.67                        | 2.63                 |
| Capital expenditure  | 資本開支                                  | 87.9                        | 163.6                |
| Capital experience   |                                       | 01.5                        | 100.0                |
| Financial Statistics   | 財務統計                                  |                             | (5 0)                |
| Return on equity (%)   | 權益回報率(%)                              | 2.0%                        | (2.7%)               |
| Consolidated tangible net worth  | 綜合淨有形資產<br>(2)                        | 3,189.3                     | 3,126.4              |
| Consolidated total bank debt to  | 綜合總銀行負債對綜合淨有形<br>※ A L All            | 0.4                         | 0.4                  |
| consolidated tangible net worth  | 資產比例                                  | 0.1                         | 0.1                  |
| Consolidated EBITDA to consolidated                                    | 綜合息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤對綜合                       | 40.5                        | 0.0                  |
| interest expenses  | 利息支出比例                                | 12.5                        | 8.8                  |
| Consolidated current assets to consolidated current liabilities        | 綜合流動資產對綜合流動<br>負債比例                   | 0.0                         | 0.0                  |
|  | 兵俱比例<br>存貨周轉期(日)                      | 2.9<br>69                   | 2.9                  |
| Inventory turnover period (days)  Trade and bills receivables turnover | 学員 同 特 期 (ロ)                          | 69                          | 62                   |
|  | 宮耒及宗據應收款項                             | 66                          | 56                   |
| period (days)  Trade and bills payables turnover                       | 河 時期 (ロ)<br>營業及票據應付款項                 | 00                          | 30                   |
| period (days)  | 宮耒及宗塚應的私頃                             | 58                          | 33                   |
| penou (uays)   | 円特別(ロ)                                | 58                          | 33                   |

## 財務及統計摘要(續)

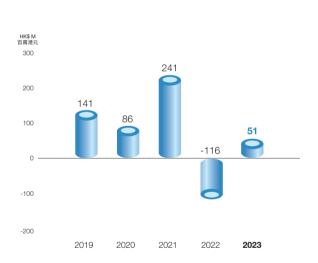
Revenue 營業額 HK\$ M 百萬港元 8,000



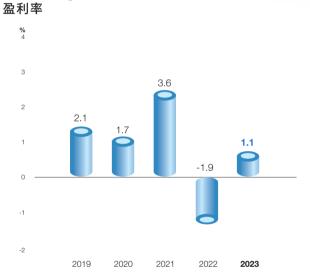
**Gross Profit Margin** 



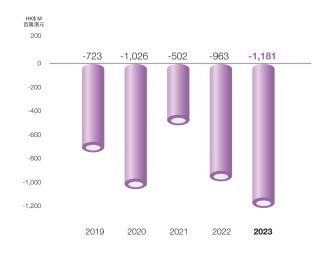
Profit/(loss) Attributable to Owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔盈利/(虧損)



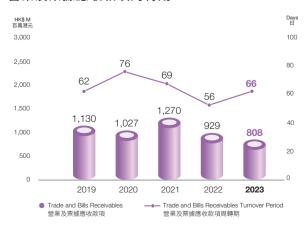
**Profit Margin** 



#### **Net Bank Borrowings** 銀行借貸淨值



Trade and Bills Receivables Turnover Period 營業及票據應收款項周轉期



# FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

A summary of the financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries for the last five financial years, as extracted from the respective published audited consolidated financial statements, is set out as below. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

本公司及其附屬公司過去五個財政年度之財務 資料概要(摘取自相關已公佈經審核綜合財務 報表)載列如下。此概要並不構成經審核綜合財 務報表之一部分。

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

### 綜合損益表

|                                 |            | For the      |
|---------------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                 |            | year ended   |
|                                 |            | 31 December  |
|                                 |            | 2019         | 2020         | 2021         | 2022         | 2023         |
|                                 |            | 截至2019年      | 截至2020年      | 截至2021年      | 截至2022年      | 截至2023年      |
|                                 |            | 12月31日       | 12月31日       | 12月31日       | 12月31日       | 12月31日       |
|                                 |            | 止年度          | 止年度          | 止年度          | 止年度          | 止年度          |
|                                 |            | HK\$'000 千港元 |
|                                 |            |              |              |              |              |              |
| Revenue                         | 營業額        | 6,605,655    | 4,943,230    | 6,751,277    | 6,053,645    | 4,440,235    |
|                                 |            |              |              |              |              |              |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax | 除所得稅支出前盈利/ |              |              |              |              |              |
| expense                         | (虧損)       | 209,619      | 122,145      | 337,450      | (20,210)     | 111,128      |
| Income tax expense              | 所得稅支出      | (42,805)     | (20,554)     | (67,192)     | (72,954)     | (43,284)     |
|                                 |            |              |              |              |              |              |
| Profit/(loss) for the year      | 是年度盈利/(虧損) | 166,814      | 101,591      | 270,258      | (93,164)     | 67,844       |
| Attributable to:                | 應佔:        |              |              |              |              |              |
| Owners of the Company           | 本公司擁有人     | 141,089      | 85,706       | 241,334      | (115,532)    | 50,903       |
| Non-controlling interests       | 非控股權益      | 25,725       | 15,885       | 28,924       | 22,368       | 16,941       |
|                                 |            | -,           | -,           | -,           | ,,,,,        | .,,,,,,,,    |
|                                 |            | 166,814      | 101,591      | 270,258      | (93,164)     | 67,844       |

## **FINANCIAL SUMMARY (continued)** 財務概要(續)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 综合財務狀況表

|                                       |                   | At           | At           | At           | At           | At           |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                       |                   | 31 December  |
|                                       |                   | 2019         | 2020         | 2021         | 2022         | 2023         |
|                                       |                   | 於12月31日      | 於12月31日      | 於12月31日      | 於12月31日      | 於12月31日      |
|                                       |                   | 2019         | 2020         | 2021         | 2022         | 2023         |
|                                       |                   | HK\$'000 千港元 |
|                                       |                   |              |              |              |              |              |
| Non-current assets                    | 非流動資產             | 1,835,805    | 1,746,822    | 1,728,511    | 1,671,542    | 1,532,032    |
|                                       | V 71 = E -        |              |              |              |              |              |
| Current assets                        | 流動資產              | 3,461,095    | 3,678,889    | 4,019,879    | 3,375,223    | 3,368,807    |
| Current liabilities                   | 流動負債              | 1,331,653    | 1,619,636    | 1,771,099    | 1,182,174    | 1,165,291    |
|                                       | V =1 =1 -1 14     |              |              |              |              |              |
| Net current assets                    | 流動資產淨值            | 2,129,442    | 2,059,253    | 2,248,780    | 2,193,049    | 2,203,516    |
|                                       |                   |              |              |              |              |              |
| Total assets less current liabilities | 資產總值減流動負債         | 3,965,247    | 3,806,075    | 3,977,291    | 3,864,591    | 3,735,548    |
| Non-current liabilities               | 非流動負債             | 380,191      | 226,286      | 218,193      | 440,824      | 266,882      |
|                                       | -In ->- \viv. I+- |              |              | . ==         |              |              |
| Net assets                            | 資產淨值              | 3,585,056    | 3,579,789    | 3,759,098    | 3,423,767    | 3,468,666    |
| 0 " 1 1                               |                   |              |              |              |              |              |
| Capital and reserves                  | 資本及儲備<br>股本       | 000 010      | 000 010      | 000 010      | 000 010      | 000.040      |
| Share capital                         |                   | 889,810      | 889,810      | 889,810      | 889,810      | 889,810      |
| Reserves                              | 儲備                | 2,529,651    | 2,504,762    | 2,670,428    | 2,331,257    | 2,378,536    |
| Equity attributable to owners         | 本公司擁有人應佔權益        |              |              |              |              |              |
| of the Company                        |                   | 3,419,461    | 3,394,572    | 3,560,238    | 3,221,067    | 3,268,346    |
| Non-controlling interests             | 非控股權益             | 165,595      | 185,217      | 198,860      | 202,700      | 200,320      |
|                                       |                   | 1,000        |              | ,            | - ,          | ,,           |
| Total equity                          | 權益總值              | 3,585,056    | 3,579,789    | 3,759,098    | 3,423,767    | 3,468,666    |
|                                       |                   |              |              |              |              |              |

## AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS 獎項及認證

#### Fountain Set Limited 福田實業有限公司







| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱  | Issued by<br>頒發機構                 |
|------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| A1                     | Scope Certificate (Global Recycled Standard 4.0 (GRS 4.0))<br>全球回收聲明標準(GRS 4.0)認證證書                  | Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc |
| A2                     | Scope Certificate (Organic Content Standard (OCS) Version 3.0)<br>有機棉含量標準(OCS 3.0)認證證書               | ECOCERT GREENLIFE S.A.S.          |
| A3                     | Scope Certificate (Global Organic Textile Standard (GOTS)<br>Version 6.0)<br>全球有機紡織品標準(GOTS 6.0)認證證書 | ECOCERT GREENLIFE S.A.S.          |

## Dongguan Futian Oasis Heating Co. Ltd.

東莞福田綠洲供熱有限公司



| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱  | Issued by<br>頒發機構  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| B1                     | Hong Kong - Guangdong Cleaner Production Partner (Manufacturing)<br>粤港清潔生產伙伴 (制造業) | Department of Industry and Information Technology of Guangdong Province 廣東省工業和信息化廳 Environment and Ecology Bureau The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region 香港特別行政區政府 環境及生態局 |

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)** 獎項及認證(續)

#### Jiangyin Fuhui Textiles Limited 江陰福匯紡織有限公司













| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱   | Issued by<br>頒發機構   |
|------------------------|---|---|
| A1                     | ISO14001 Environmental Management<br>System Certificate<br>ISO14001環境管理體系認證       | Beijing Zhongjing Quality Certification Co., Ltd.<br>北京中經科環質量認證有限公司   |
| A2                     | ISO 50001 Energy Management System Certificate ISO 50001能源管理體系認證                  | Beijing Zhongjing Quality Certification Co., Ltd.<br>北京中經科環質量認證有限公司   |
| A3                     | Mill Certificate  | CARTER'S  |
| A4                     | Colorist Certificate  | CARTER'S  |
| A5                     | Datacolor Certify Certificate<br>(Global Assessment Program)                      | datacolor   |
| A6                     | 2022 Outstanding Contribution Award for High-quality Development 2022年度高質量發展突出貢獻獎 | Jiangyin High-tech Industrial Development Zone Committee of Communist Party of China 中共江陰高新技術產業開發區工作委員會 Administration Committee of Jiangyin High-tech Industrial Development Zone 江陰高新技術產業開發區管理委員會 |

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)**

獎項及認證(續)

## Dongguan Shatin Lake Side Textiles Printing & Dyeing Co., Ltd.

東莞沙田麗海紡織印染有限公司



























| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱  | Issued by<br>頒發機構  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| A1                     | Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate HKKO 056043<br>Oeko-Tex 標準100 證書 HKKO 056043   | TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute<br>TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所                                   |
| A2                     | Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate HKKO 041727<br>Oeko-Tex 標準100 證書 HKKO 041727   | TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute<br>TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所                                   |
| A3                     | Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate HK015 215774<br>Oeko-Tex 標準100 證書 HK015 215774 | TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute<br>TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所                                   |
| A4                     | Certificate of Color Accreditation Program                                       | natific AG Switzerland   |
| A5                     | PUMA Laboratory Accreditation Certificate  | SGS  |
| A6                     | Certificate of Accreditation   | Carter's Global Sourcing Ltd<br>Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services<br>(Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. |
| A7                     | Laboratory Accreditation Certificate   | NEXT   |
| A8                     | Certification of Assessment  | Abercrombie & Fitch Co.  |
| A9                     | Assigned Colorist Certificate  | Abercrombie & Fitch Co.  |
| A10                    | Datacolor Certify Certificate  | datacolor  |
| A11                    | Certificate of Color Accreditation Program for Puma                              | Colour Apparel Development Services Limited  |
| A12                    | Certificate of Accreditation   | Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services<br>(Guangzhou) Co., Ltd.<br>The Children's Place         |
| A13                    | Laboratory Accreditation Certificate   | Bureau Veritas Consumer Products Services (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd. UNDER ARMOUR                       |
|                        |  |  |

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)** 獎項及認證(續)













| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱  | Issued by<br>頒發機構  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| B1                     | Hong Kong - Guangdong Cleaner Production Partner (Manufacturing)<br>粤港清潔生產夥伴 (製造業) | Department of Industry and Information Technology of Guangdong Province 廣東省工業和資訊化廳 Environment and Ecology Bureau The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region 香港特別行政區政府 環境及生態局 |
| B2                     | 低碳製造計畫(黃金標籤)(LCMP)   | WWF<br>世界自然基金會   |
| ВЗ                     | 廣東省節水標杆企業  | 廣東省工業和資訊化廳、廣東省水利廳  |
| C1                     | Certificate of OEKO-TEX STeP<br>可持續紡織生產認證  | TESTEX Swiss Textile-Testing Ltd.<br>瑞士生態市場研究所   |
| C2                     | Higg Index Facility Social & Labor Module<br>Higg Index FSLM模組證書                   | Sustainable Apparel Coalition<br>可持續服裝聯盟   |
| C3                     | 中國海關貿易景氣統計調查(出口)樣本企業   | 中華人民共和國海關總署  |

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)**

獎項及認證(續)

## Yancheng Fuhui Textiles Limited

鹽城福匯紡織有限公司

























| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱  | Issued by<br>頒發機構  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| A1                     | Certificate of Accreditation   | Carter's Global Sourcing Ltd                                     |
| A2                     | Top 30 Chinese Knitting Industry in 2022<br>2022年度中國針織行業30強                      | China Knitting Industry Association<br>中國針織工業協會                  |
| A3                     | 2022年度高品質發展貢獻獎   | 中共鹽城經濟技術開發區工作委員會、鹽城經濟技術<br>開發區管理委員會                              |
| A4                     | Laboratory Accreditation Certificate 實驗室認可証書                                     | ANTA Sports Products Limited<br>安踏體育用品有限公司                       |
| A5                     | Supplier Laboratory Accreditation Certificate                                    | Intertek – Softlines<br>The Children's Place                     |
| A6                     | 中紡聯2023年物理性能實驗室間比對證書   | 中國紡織工業聯合會檢測中心  |
| A7                     | L.L.BEAN買家認證證書   | L.L.Bean INC<br>L.L.Bean客戶實驗室                                    |
| A8                     | 實驗室認可證書  | 福建鴻星爾克體育用品有限公司   |
| A9                     | Comparison Test Certificate<br>比對測試証書  | China Textile Industry Federation Testing Center 中國紡織工業聯合會檢測中心   |
| A10                    | Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate SH015 144422<br>Oeko-Tex 標準100 證書 SH015 144422 | TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute<br>TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所 |
| A11                    | Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate SH015 208514<br>Oeko-Tex 標準100 證書 SH015 208514 | TESTEX AG, Swiss Textile Testing Institute<br>TESTEX AG, 瑞士紡織檢定所 |
| A12                    | 2023中國面料之星優秀獎  | 《紡織服裝週刊》雜誌社  |
|                        |  |  |

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)** 獎項及認證(續)



















| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱 | Issued by<br>頒發機構                                      |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| B1                     | 能源管理體系認證證書                            | China Quality Mark Certification Group<br>方圓標誌認證集團有限公司 |
| B2                     | 綠色可持續產品推薦證書                           | China Knitting Industry Association 中國針織工業協會           |
| B3                     | 市場應用產品推薦證書                            | China Knitting Industry Association 中國針織工業協會           |
| C1                     | 2022年度爭星創優三星企業                        | 鹽城市人民政府  |
| C2                     | 江蘇省工人先鋒號證書                            | 江蘇省總工會   |
| C3                     | 「學習二十大 競逐新賽道·奮進新征程」職工紅歌大賽優秀<br>組織獎    | 鹽城經濟技術開發區總工會   |
| C4                     | 中糧集團先進基層黨組織                           | 中共中糧集團有限公司黨組   |
| C5                     | 五四紅旗團支部證書                             | 共青團中國中紡集團有限公司委員會                                       |
| C6                     | 時尚性入圍產品證書                             | China Knitting Industry Association 中國針織工業協會           |

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)**

獎項及認證(續)

#### Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited 海洋蘭卡(私人)有限公司





















| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱  | Issued by<br>頒發機構                                  |
|------------------------|--|--|
| A1                     | Oeko-Tex Standard 100 Certificate 07.BH.52767<br>Oeko-Tex 標準100 證書 07.BH.52767                                 | Hohenstein Textile Testing Institute               |
| A2                     | Laboratory Certification   | Intertek   |
| A3                     | bluesign® SYSTEM PARTNER<br>bluesign® SYSTEM 夥伴  | bluesign technologies ag                           |
| A4                     | Facility and Merchandise Authorization (Licensee: Fashion Uk)  | Disney   |
| A5                     | Facility and Merchandise Authorization (Licensee: Marks & Spencer Plc)   | Disney   |
| A6                     | Laboratory Approval Certificate<br>實驗室批准證書   | Gap Inc.   |
| A7                     | George Laboratory Certification Scheme<br>George 實驗室認證計劃   | George & Intertek Group<br>George及天祥集團             |
| A8                     | Certificate of Good Manufacturing Practice<br>良好生產規範證書   | SGS Lanka Ltd.<br>斯裡蘭卡通用檢測認證有限公司                   |
| A9                     | Global Organic Textiles (GOTS) 6.0<br>全球有機紡織品(GOTS) 6.0  | Control Union Certifications B.V<br>世優認證 (上海) 有限公司 |
| A10                    | Organic Content Standard (OCS) 3.0<br>Global Recycled Standard (GRS) 4.0<br>有機含量標準(OCS) 3.0<br>全球回收標準(GRS) 4.0 | Control Union Certifications B.V<br>世優認證 (上海) 有限公司 |
|                        |  |  |

## **AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued)** 獎項及認證(續)



| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱  | Issued by<br>頒發機構   |
|------------------------|--|---|
| A11                    | Higg Index Facility Social & Labor Module<br>Higg Index FSLM模組證書                                 | Sustainable Apparel Coalition<br>可持續服裝聯盟                          |
| A12                    | ISO 14001:2015 Environmental Management Systems<br>ISO 14001:2015 環境管理系統                         | SGS United Kingdom Ltd.<br>英國通用檢測認證有限公司                           |
| A13                    | ISO 45001:2018 Occupational Health and Safety<br>Management Systems<br>ISO 45001:2018 職業安全衛生管理系統 | SGS Société Générale de Surveillance SA<br>瑞士通用檢測認證有限公司           |
| A14                    | Marks & Spencer Premier Accreditation Scheme<br>馬莎百貨高級認證計劃                                       | Marks & Spencer Group<br>馬莎百貨集團                                   |
| A15                    | Next Laboratory Accreditation Certification Next 實驗室認證證書   | NEXT Retail Ltd.  |
| A16                    | Registration Certificate for End Users of Precursor Chemicals 易制毒化學品最終用戶登記證                      | Sri Lanka National Dangerous Drugs Control Board<br>斯裡蘭卡國家危險藥物管制局 |
| A17                    | Supplier to Zero Certificate   | ZDHC<br>危險化學品零排放組織  |
| A18                    | regenagri Content Standard (version 2.1)   | Control Union (UK) Limited  |
| B1                     | Environmental Protection Licence   | Board of Investment of Sri Lanka                                  |

## AWARDS & CERTIFICATIONS (continued) 獎項及認證(續)

## Shanghai Fuhui Textiles Trading Co., Ltd.

上海福匯紡織貿易有限公司







| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱 | Issued by<br>頒發機構 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| A1                     | 2022年度創新優秀獎                           | ANTA              |
| A2                     | 2023優秀供應商-最佳創新獎                       | ERKE              |
| АЗ                     | 2023創新銀獎                              | ANTA              |

#### Ningbo Young Top Garments Co., Ltd 寧波創裕製衣有限公司





| File<br>number<br>文件編號 | Awards/Certifications name<br>獎項/認證名稱 | Issued by<br>頒發機構 |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| A1                     | 電商供應支持獎                               | 李寧                |
| A2                     | 正面清單企業                                | 寧波市生態環境局          |
|                        |                                       |                   |

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the board of directors of Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited (the "Company" or "we" or "our", and the "Board", respectively), I would like to present the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group" or the "Fountain Set Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 ("2023"), and to provide you with an overview of the Group's strategy and business outlook.

#### FINANCIAL AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The financial year of 2023 was a highly challenging year for the Group, mainly attributed to (1) the global economic growth slowdown, insufficient international market demand, and significant decrease in the average unit price of main exported textile products; (2) inadequate total domestic demand and intense price competition in the domestic market; (3) a sharp increase in primary costs and unresolved relocation issues concerning Jiangyin Fuhui Textiles Limited (the Company's indirect wholly-owned subsidiary) ("Jiangyin Fuhui"), resulting in increased operating pressures; and (4) proactive adjustments to Jiangyin Fuhui's production capacity, including the voluntary payment of one-off redundancy severance compensation to certain employees.

Facing the difficult time in textile and apparel industry and various risks and challenges, the Group responded calmly and made efforts to maintain operational stability. The net profit attributable to owners of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023 was mainly attributable to the one-off gain of approximately HK\$259 million recorded during the year from disposal of the land use rights of part of the land parcel located at number 12. West District, Xiaoshan Road, Jiangvin City pursuant to the land resumption agreement dated 19 November 2023 between Jiangvin Fuhui and the local government of Jiangyin City People's Government Chengdong Subdistrict Office\* (江陰 市人民政府城東街道辦事處). The profit obtained from this land use rights sale is one-time in nature, supplemented the Group's cash flow and reduced external financial costs, provided cash security for the current operations and overall future plan of the Group. The Group maintained stable operations, with a consistently low debt ratio, abundant cash flow and ample working capital. The cash and cash equivalent as at 31 December 2023 was HK\$1,379 million, as compared to that of about HK\$1,394 million as at 31 December 2022.

#### \* For identification purpose only

#### 致各股東:

本人謹代表福田實業(集團)有限公司董事會(分別指「本公司」或「我們」及「董事會」)謹此提呈本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」或「福田集團」)截至2023年12月31日止財政年度(「2023年」)經審核之綜合業績,並提供本集團策略及業務展望之概覽。

#### 財務及業務回顧

2023財年對本集團而言是極具挑戰的一年,主要由於(1)全球經濟增速放緩,國際市場需求不足,印染面料主要產品出口平均單價明顯下降;(2)國內總需求不足,內銷市場價格競爭白熱化;(3)要素成本剛性上漲、江陰福匯紡織有限公司(本公司間接全資附屬公司)(「江陰福匯」)拆遷事宜仍未得到徹底解決,導致經營壓力增加;及(4)主動對江陰福匯產能進行調整,支付若干僱員的一次性遣散賠償。

面對紡織及服裝行業寒冬和各種風險挑戰,本 集團沉著應對,努力保持經營穩定。截至2023 年12月31日止年度的本公司擁有人應佔純利主 要歸因於年內根據江陰福匯與江陰市人民政府 城東街道辦事處於2023年11月19日簽訂的土地 徽收協議出售位於中國江陰市蕭山路西區12號 的土地使用權錄得之一次性利潤約259百萬港 元。本次出售土地使用權所獲得之利潤為一次 性,補充了本集團現金流,降低外部融資費用, 為本集團可直經營穩定,資產負責率連年處於 較低水準,現金流充裕、流動資金充沛。於2023 年12月31日的現金及現金等價物為港幣13.79 億元,而於2022年12月31日則約為港幣13.94億 元。

\* 僅供識別

## **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (continued)** 主席報告(續)

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE ("ESG") POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE**

To go green by minimising printing and as our common practice, we shall only upload the 2023 ESG report on the respective websites of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the Company. The 2023 ESG report details the Group's progress in multiple ESG areas, showing where we exceeded expectations and where we need further improvement. We have embraced sustainable innovation as a powerful engine for growth not only for our own business, but across upstream and downstream partners in our industry. Since 2016, we have set up a "Sustainability Development and Enhancement Committee" (the "Committee") which consists of different subsidiaries and cross-functional departments. The Committee not only helps drive the vision across the Group, but also implements our sustainability objectives and goals. The Committee prompts our business to understand our sustainability impacts, sets ambitious targets to address them and overcome obstacles in meeting them.

In 2016, we started a revolutionary new business - centralised heat supply project (the "Project"), of which the business model is a pioneer in the industry. The Shatian Town Environmental Industrial Park (the "Park") (for electroplating, fabric printing and dyeing industry) is one of the seven largest environmental industrial parks in Dongguan, China. It integrates and assembles the industry's enterprises within the Park and in other areas in Shatian Town, which are required to be relocated. The Project, being one of the ancillary projects of the industrial park development, is also a key project of the implementation plan of the centralised heat supply in Guangdong Industrial Park and Industrial Cluster Areas. The Project has been contributing to cleaner air for the community and neighbourhood by reducing the emission of nitrogen oxide, sulphur dioxide as well as smoke and dust by reducing the remaining 28 coal-fired heaters within the district. The Project has completed the first phase of construction in 2018 and put into operation to supply heat to local enterprises. The second phase of construction of the Project started in 2019. According to the Guangdong Province's "Blue Sky Defense", second phase commenced after the removal of the remaining coal-fired boilers and two new natural gas boilers have been built and put into operation in 2021, gradually replacing the original coalfired boilers. Natural gas is a clean energy source, which can be efficiently burned and utilised. Upon the completion, it can further reduce overall energy consumption and carbon emissions, promote green development, and improve ecological environment of the region, overall social benefits and contentment.

The Group will continue to invest in advanced technologies and install additional equipment to prevent and reduce pollution. The Group provides periodic training workshops to staff members regarding environmental protection and pollution controls. The Group also invites qualified advisers to visit its factories from time to time to evaluate whether the environmental protection measures are up to standard and to give recommendations for further improvement.

### 環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」) 政策及表現

為響應環保,我們決定以身作則減少印刷並一 如以往,只將2023年環境、社會及管治報告分 別上載於香港聯合交易所有限公司網站及本公 司網站,當中詳述本集團在多個環境、社會及管 治領域取得的進展,展示我們超平預期及仍需 改進的領域。我們已採用可持續的創新措施,為 自身業務及同行業內的上下游合作夥伴的發展 提供強大動力。自2016年,我們設立由不同附 屬公司及跨職能部門組成的「持續發展及改進 委員會」(「該委員會」)。該委員會不僅有助於提 升本集團管理人員的視野,亦有助實現可持續 發展目的及目標,同時促使本公司了解可持續 發展對業務的影響,就此設定宏大目標,克服達 成目標面臨的障礙。

自2016年,我們開創一項革新業務一集中供熱 項目(「項目」),其業務模式是業界先驅。沙田鎮 環保工業園(「工業園」)(針對著色、面料印花及 染色行業) 為中國東莞市七大環保工業園之一, 匯合及聚集園內及沙田鎮其他地區須搬遷的同 行業企業。該項目乃該工業園發展的附屬項目 之一,亦屬廣東工業園及產業集群區集中供熱 實施計劃的關鍵項目。該項目的建成已減少區 內原有的28座燃煤鍋爐,透過降低氮氧化物、二 氧化硫及煙塵排放量,為社區及周邊地區營造 更潔淨的空氣環境。該項目已於2018年完成第 一期建設並投產供熱予區內企業,2019年項目 啟動第二期建設,而根據廣東省「藍天保衛戰」, 二期拆除餘下的燃煤鍋爐後新建2台天然氣鍋 爐,已於2021年建成並投產,逐步替代原來的 燃煤鍋爐。天然氣屬於潔淨能源且能高效燃燒 利用,建成後除能更進一步降低大氣污染物的 排放量,還能減少總體能源消耗量及碳排放量, 提高資源利用率並促進綠色發展、改善本地區 的生態環境面貌,達至提升整體社會效益以及 人民幸福感。

本集團將繼續投資採用先進技術及新增設備以 預防及減少污染。本集團定期向員工提供有關 環境保護及污染控制的培訓。本集團亦不時邀 請合資格顧問親臨廠房,以評估環保措施是否 達標並提供進一步改善的建議。

### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (continued) 主席報告(續)

#### **LOOKING FORWARD**

According to the World Bank's January 2024 Global Economic Prospects Report, this year's global economic growth is expected to further slow down due to factors such as monetary policy tightening, constrained financial conditions, and weak global trade and investment. It is projected to decrease from 2.6% in 2023 to 2.4% in 2024, the third consecutive year of deceleration and is nearly three-quarters of a percentage point lower than the average of the 2010s. In 2024, the textile and apparel industry's foreign trade in dyed and printed fabrics will continue to face instability and uncertainty. The Group will encounter challenges such as insufficient demand and declining orders in traditional markets such as Europe and the United States, while also embrace new opportunities in rapid growth of emerging markets and developing economies. The underlying long-term positive trend in the domestic Chinese economy remains unchanged. The Chinese government has set a target of around 5% economic growth for 2024, which is expected to continue to outpace the global growth forecast. Domestic consumption is expected to shift from post-pandemic recovery to sustained expansion.

All staff members of the Group will work towards the Board's direction and objectives as well as implement the work plans set by the Board, and will further map out our long-term development strategy. With our spirit of "diligence, frugality, sincerity and integrity", and promote "pursuing excellence and prioritizing performance", uphold the behavioral principles of "professionalism, innovation, responsibility and challenge". The Group will adhere to the business principles of "institutional management, resource optimization, and collaborative efforts" and actively pursue a strategy of "steady progress and reform and innovation." We will actively expand the market, seize orders, accelerate strategic deployment, and intensify efforts to improve product quality and competitiveness. We will solidly promote technological processes and product research and development ("R&D") innovation, build a high-quality professional talent pool, continuously improve operating efficiency, and reduce operating costs. We will strive diligently to reverse the financial performance of the Group. We are prepared to turn challenges into opportunities and will forge ahead against all odds.

#### **FINAL DIVIDEND**

After reviewing the financial results and cash flow situation of the Group, the Board has resolved to recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK\$3.00 cents per share (payout ratio: 71.43%) in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023. There is no final dividend has been paid for the year ended 31 December 2022. Subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 21 June 2024, it is expected that the payment of the final dividend will be made on or about 16, July 2024 (Tuesday). Going forward in 2024, the Group expects to maintain a similar range of dividend payout ratio as our dividend policy so as to provide rewarding investment return to the Shareholders, subject to the dividend policy stated on page 72 of this annual report.

#### 展望

根據世界銀行的2024年1月《全球經濟展望報告》,在貨幣政策緊縮、金融條件受限、全球貿易投資疲軟等因素作用下,今年全球經濟增速將進一步放緩。預計2024年的全球經濟增長率將從2023年的2.6%下降至2.4%,這是連續第三年放緩,比2010年代的平均水平低近四分之面的對於2024年,紡織及服裝行業印染面區的不穩定、不確定因素依然較多,本足例對面臨的不穩定、不確定因素依然較多,本足別單下降的挑戰,同時也將迎來新興市場經濟體快速成長的新機遇。中國政府將經濟長期向好的基本趨勢不會改變,中國政府將繼續長期向好的基本趨勢不會改變,中國政府將繼續長期向好的基本趨勢不會改變,中國政府將繼續是12024年經濟預期增長目標為5%左右,將繼續度的持續擴大。

本集團全體員工將依從董事會制定的方向和目標,精誠團結,全面貫徹董事會的工作部署,進一步落實集團長期發展戰略規劃,秉承集團「勤、儉、誠、信」的精神,宣導「追求極致、績為先」的陽光文化,推崇「專業、創新、擔當、挑戰」的行為準則,堅持「制度治企、開源節流、協同攻堅」的經營方針,按照「穩中求進、門孫整」的經營策略,積極拓展市場、搶抓訂單,加快推進戰略佈局,加緊提升產品品質和競爭力。我們將紮實推進技術工藝及產品研究開發(「研發」),建立高素質的專業人才隊伍,不斷提高灣運效率,降低營運成本,為本集團扭轉財務業績而努力奮鬥。我們必定作好準備,把挑戰轉化為機遇,堅定前行。

#### 末期股息

經審視集團之財務業績及現金流情況,董事會 決議建議就截至2023年12月31日止年度派發每 股3.00港仙末期股息(派息比率:71.43%),截 至2022年12月31日止年度沒有派發末期股息。 待在即將於2024年6月21日(星期五)舉行的本 公司股東週年大會上獲本公司股東(「股東」)批 准後,末期股息預期將於2024年7月16日(星期 二)或之前派付。展望2024年,除受限於本年報 第72頁之股息政策外,本集團期望能維持與派 息政策類似的派息比率,以提供可觀投資回報 予股東。

## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT (continued) 主席報告 (續)

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Group acknowledges the need and importance of corporate governance as one of the essential elements in enhancing shareholder value. The Group is devoted to improving its corporate governance policies in compliance with regulatory requirements and in accordance with international recommended practices. The Company has formed the audit committee (the "Audit Committee" or "AC"), remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee" or "RC") and nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee" or "NC") all at the Board's level, to provide assistance, advice and recommendations on the relevant matters that aim to ensure protection of the interests of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

#### **APPRECIATION**

We are grateful for the excellent guidance and counsel from our fellow Board members. We appreciate the ongoing support of our Shareholders, customers, end users, suppliers, business partners and the entire Fountain Set Group during the previous challenging year. We are confident that, with our unrelenting bold vision, customer focus and business momentum, we will achieve have a turnaround in the coming year and position Fountain Set with exciting opportunities in the months and years ahead.

#### LIU Xianfu

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong 22 March 2024

#### 企業管治

本集團確信企業管治為創造股東價值的主要元素之一,有其必要及重要意義。本集團致力遵守監管規定,及根據國際最佳常規,改善其企業管治政策。本公司已於董事會層面成立審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及提名委員會(「提名委員會」)。以就有關事宜提供協助、意見及推薦建議,旨在確保保障本集團及股東的整體利益。

#### 鳴謝

我們感謝董事會成員的出色指導及睿智建言。 我們對在過往充滿挑戰的一年內一直支持本公司的股東、客戶、最終用家、供應商、業務夥伴 及福田實業全體全人的努力,使本集團今年寫 下輝煌一頁。憑藉堅毅的宏大願景,以客為尊的 熱誠,以及強勁業務發展動力,我們深信來年會 有轉機,使福田實業有能力把握未來歲月的龐 大機遇。

#### 劉賢福

主席兼行政總裁

香港 2024年3月22日

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論與分析

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Since 2023, the textile and apparel industry, in which the Group operates, has faced increasingly complex and challenging internal and external situations. Global economic growth was sluggish, geopolitical risks escalated, and the efficiency of the industry and supply chain integration were affected, leading to an overall contraction in external demand. The textile and apparel supply chains for export markets underwent restructuring, with an accelerated shift towards regional distribution. Due to the combined impact of the global economic recovery being slower than expected and supply chain restructuring, downstream customers continued destocking, resulting in a significant year-on-year decline in China's textile and apparel exports to the Europe and US markets. Domestic consumption demand remained weak while recovery was still slow in terms of consumers' purchasing power in the textile and apparel market.

Market competition intensified, with brand customers shifting their demands towards "small batches, multiple varieties, high quality, and fast delivery." End consumers' demand for clothing shifted toward "personalization, functionality, and high-cost effectiveness". The textile and apparel industry continued to experience a decline in factory prices, leading to intensified price competition.

Affected by the aforementioned unfavorable factors, the Group's orders and average unit prices experienced a significantly year-on-year decline. The revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 was HK\$4,440,235,000, a reduction of 26.7% (2022: HK\$6,053,645,000) due to the reasons stated in the above paragraphs. The profit attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$50,903,000 (2022: loss attributable to owners of the Company: HK\$115,532,000), including the one-off gain of approximately HK\$259,011,000 incurred in the Jiangyin Fuhui land resumption.

Faced with an extraordinarily severe market situation and complex and volatile operating environment, the Group took decisive measures during 2023 to stabilize its operations and lay the foundation for overcoming challenges and achieving recovery growth in 2024.

#### 業務回顧

2023年以來,集團所處的紡織及服裝行業面臨的內外形勢更加複雜嚴峻。全球經濟增長緩慢,地緣政治風險上升,產業鏈、供應鏈銜接效率受到影響,從而導致外需總體收縮。紡織及服裝出口市場供應鏈經歷了重構,加速向區域分佈轉移。在全球經濟復甦不及預期和供應鏈重構的雙重影響下,下遊客戶持續庫存去化中導致中國紡織品服飾對歐美市場出口較去年同期大幅下降。國內消費需求依然疲軟,紡織及服裝市場消費者購買力恢復緩慢。

市場競爭日趨激烈,品牌客戶需求加速向「小批次、多品種、高品質、快交期」方向轉變。終端消費者對服飾需求向「個性化、功能化、高性價比」方向轉變。紡織及服裝行業出廠價格繼續下降,價格競爭愈發激烈。

受上述不利因素影響,本集團的訂單及平均單價同比明顯下滑,於截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團的收入為4,440,235,000港元,減少了26.7%(2022年:為6,053,645,000港元),原因於上文段落中已陳述。本公司擁有人應佔盈利為50,903,000港元(2022年:本公司擁有人應佔虧損:115,532,000港元),包括因江陰福匯事件中產生的一次性利潤約259,011,000港元。

面對市場形勢異常嚴峻和經營環境複雜多變的不利條件,本集團在2023年期間果斷採取多項措施來穩定經營局面,為2024年擺脫困境、實現恢復增長積累條件。

### Adapt to market changes, actively develop new customers, and make every effort to stabilize orders

The Group actively adapted to market changes, closely followed market and customer dynamics, and conducted targeted R&D of new products, achieved positive outcomes, and received customer acclaim. The series of new products developed by the Group demonstrated strong competitiveness and were well received by internationally and domestically renowned sport and leisure brands. In 2023, while striving to maintain the stability of orders in existing customers, the Group actively pursed market development and customer acquisition efforts. Through various channels, the Group successfully secured over 10 renowned domestic and international brand customers.

#### II. Proactively adjust production capacity, prudently advance new plan, and accelerate the establishment of a new framework

The Group proactively responded to new changes in the accelerated restructuring new plans of the global textile and apparel supply chain by actively adjusting production capacity and order allocation. Based on the market's new dynamics, the Group pragmatically adjusted the construction plans of the Yancheng Fuhui Textiles Limited (the Company's indirect wholly-owned subsidiary) ("Yancheng Fuhui") expansion project, and completed the initial sketches of the product design and process equipment plans. The Group successfully initiated the land resumption of Jiangyin Fuhui living area, and proactively reduced the fabric production capacity of Jiangyin Fuhui. By replicating the successful model of the Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited (the Company's indirect owned subsidiary) ("Ocean Lanka"), the Group accelerated the implementation of the "go global" strategy.

#### III. Implement lean management, construct a comprehensive quality control system, and enhance product quality

In the fabric production sector, the Group implemented a comprehensive quality control system, further strengthened the tracking mechanism of product production. Standardized operating procedures, assessment criteria, and reward and punishment measures were developed to strictly control the quality issues of products. Continuous improvement in production and manufacturing levels, along with ongoing optimization of production processes and technological advancements, earned customers' acclaim. In 2023, Ocean Lanka was honored with the 25th edition of the Presidential Export Awards - Honorary Award for the Best Knitted Fabric Export Company and the 31st Annual Export Awards-2023 for the Commerce Best Supplier Gold Award, and the Victoria's Secret (VS&CO) Raw Material Supplier Cost Efficiency Award.

#### 一、順應市場變化,積極開發新客戶,全力以 赴穩訂單

本集團積極順應市場變化,緊密關注市場 及客戶需求變化動態,針對性開展新產品 研發,並取得了良好效果,受到客戶歡迎。 本集團研發的一系列新產品展示出強大的 競爭力,深受國際國內知名運動休閒品牌 客戶歡迎。2023年,本集團在努力保持現 有客戶訂單穩定的基礎之上,積極開拓市 場,努力獲得新客戶。通過更多管道增加 訂單數量,成功新開發了10餘家國內外知 名品牌客戶。

#### 二、主動調整產能,審慎推進新佈局,加快構 建新格局

本集團積極應對全球紡織服裝供應鏈加速 重構和新佈局加速演進的新變化,主動調 整產能和訂單分配。根據市場的新動態, 本集團實事求是調整鹽城福匯紡織有限公 司(本公司間接全資附屬公司)(「鹽城福 匯」) 擴建項目建設方案,並完成產品設計 方案及工藝設備方案初稿。本集團成功推 動江陰福匯生活區土地收儲,主動削減江 陰福匯面料產能。通過複製海洋蘭卡(私 人)有限公司(本公司間接附屬公司)(「海 洋蘭卡」)工廠成功模式,加快推進「走出 去」戰略落地。

#### 三、推行精益管理,構建全面品質管制體系, 提升產品品質

本集團在面料生產領域實施了全面質量管 制體系,進一步強化了產品生產的跟蹤機 制。制定標準化操作流程和考核標準與獎 懲措施,嚴格把控產品質量問題。生產製 造水準不斷提升,生產流程和工藝技術持 續優化,得到客戶讚譽。2023年海洋蘭卡 榮獲斯里蘭卡第25屆總統出口獎-最佳針 織面料出口企業榮譽獎、第31屆斯里蘭卡 出口商會最佳供應商金獎。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

## IV. Promote centralized procurement, strengthen supplier management evaluation, and reduce procurement costs

The Group strengthened the centralized procurement organizational structure, formulated procurement regulations and documents, and established and optimized expert database of procurement experts and supplier directories. Through the construction of information systems, online monitoring and approval processes were further reinforced, fully leveraging the functionality and role of centralized procurement. Supplier management evaluation was strengthened with clear evaluation criteria and improved mechanisms for admission and withdrawal. The Group expelled some unqualified suppliers and avoided intermediaries by directly procuring from resource owners that effectively helped to reduce procurement costs.

# V. Strengthen production management, resolutely reduce the capital occupation, and continuously reduce costs and increase efficiency

The Group systematically carried out process technology equipment upgrades and transformations, continuously optimized production processes and order scheduling, identified hidden loopholes, reduced unreasonable waste, and consistently lowered the defect rate. Management processes for cotton yarn procurement and fabric production were optimized, with clear responsibilities assigned to each party. Effective control of inventory levels and safety stock levels was implemented, along with control over raw material procurement quantities and schedules, reduced inventory pressure effectively. Inventory was promptly utilized to reduce capital occupation. The Group continuously optimized its personnel structure by reducing the proportion of managerial staff and increasing frontline staff, thereby building a workshop-based factory.

#### 四、推動集中採購,強化供應商管理評價,降 低採購成本

本集團加強了集中採購工作組織架構,制 訂集採制度文件,建立和優化集採專家庫 與供應商目錄庫。通過信息化系統建設, 進一步強化線上監督及審批,充分發揮集 中採購的功能與作用。加強了對供應商管 理評價,設立明確評價標準,完善供應商 進退機制,本集團清退了一些不合格的供 應商,並避開中間商直接與資源擁有者進 行採購,有效降低了採購成本。

#### 五、加強生產管理,堅決壓降資金佔用,持續 減員降本增效

本集團有計劃、有步驟地進行工藝技術設備更新升級改造,持續優化生產流程、訂單排產安排,查找隱形漏洞,降低不合理的損耗,不斷降低次品率。優化棉紗採購、胚布生產的管理流程,明確各方責任。實施有效的庫存水平和安全庫存水平控制,控制原料採購量與進度,有效減少庫存壓力。及時化用庫存減少資金佔用。本集團通過減少管理人員比例,增加一線員工,持續優化人員結構,打造車間型工廠。

## VI. Value R&D innovation and strengthen the construction of R&D capabilities

The Group established a professional R&D management system and working mechanism, systematically carrying out R&D activities. Strengthen the R&D and sampling capabilities of new fiber and functional fabric products, ultimately improving customer service levels. Continuous efforts were made to improve the performance and upgrade of conventional pure cotton fabrics, enrich the functions of new fiber fabric products, and strengthen the R&D of new fabrics.

## VII. Maintain a strong safety defense and create a green and environmentally friendly factory

The production safety situation of the Group remained stable, with all indicators met the operational standards. In line with the demands of highend customers, efforts were made to build a green and environmentally friendly factory. Jiangyin Fuhui was awarded the Green Power Consumption Certificate issued by the Beijing Electricity Trading Center. Dongguan Shatin Lake Side Textiles Printing & Dyeing Co., Ltd. (the Company's indirect owned subsidiary) ("Shatin Lake Side") was honored as a provincial-level benchmark enterprise for water conservation in 2023, as announced by the Guangdong Provincial Department of Industry and Information Technology and the Guangdong Provincial Department of Water Resources. Among the 21 benchmark water conservation enterprises in Guangdong Province, Shatin Lake Side was the only textile printing and dyeing enterprise, and also the only selected enterprise in Dongguan City.

#### 六、重視研發,強化研發能力建設

本集團構建了專業研發管理體系及工作機制,系統化開展研發工作。強化新型纖維、功能性面料產品研發和打樣能力,最終提升客戶服務水平。持續對常規純棉面料進行性能改善、提檔升級,豐富新型纖維面料產品功能,加強新型面料研發。

#### 七、守住安全防線,打造綠色環保工廠

本集團安全形勢平穩,各項指標達標運行。契合高端客戶需求,打造綠色環保工廠。江陰福匯獲得北京電力交易中心頒發的綠色電力消費憑證。東莞沙田麗海紡織印染有限公司(本公司間接附屬公司)(「沙田麗海」)獲得廣東省工業和資訊化廳、廣東省水利廳公佈的2023年省級節水標杆企業稱號。在廣東省的21家節水標杆企業中,沙田麗海是唯一的紡織印染企業,也是東莞市唯一入選的企業。

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

## 財務回顧

The key operating and financial indicators of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 are set out below:

本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之主要經營 及財務指標呈列如下:

|   |                         | 2023      | 2022      |
|---|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|   |                         |           |           |
| Statement of Profit or Loss Items                       | 損益表項目                   |           |           |
| (All amounts in HK\$ thousands unless otherwise stated) | (除特別註明外所有金額<br>均以千港元列示) |           |           |
| Revenue   | 營業額                     | 4,440,235 | 6,053,645 |
| Gross profit  | 毛利                      | 321,989   | 577,817   |
| EBITDA*   | 息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤              | 328,919   | 188,096   |
| Profit/(loss) for the year                              | 是年度盈利/(虧損)              | 67,844    | (93,164)  |
| Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the             | 本公司擁有人應佔盈利/(虧損)         |           |           |
| Company   |                         | 50,903    | (115,532) |
| Basic earnings/(loss) per share                         | 每股基本盈利/(虧損)(港仙)         |           |           |
| (HK cents)  |                         | 4.2       | (9.4)     |
| Key Financial Ratios                                    | 主要財務比率                  |           |           |
| Profitability ratios                                    | 盈利能力比率                  |           |           |
| Gross profit margin (%)                                 | 毛利率(%)                  | 7.3%      | 9.5%      |
| EBITDA* margin (%)                                      | 息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤率(%)          | 7.4%      | 3.1%      |
| Expenses as a% of revenue                               | 開支佔營業額比率                |           |           |
| Distribution and selling expenses                       | 分銷及銷售費用                 | 1.7%      | 1.5%      |
| Administrative expenses                                 | 行政費用                    | 10.7%     | 9.2%      |
| Finance costs   | 融資成本                    | 0.6%      | 0.4%      |
| Asset efficiency  | 資產效率                    |           |           |
| Inventory turnover period (days)                        | 存貨周轉期(日)                | 69        | 62        |
| Trade and bills receivables turnover period (days)      | 營業及票據應收款項周轉期(日)         | 66        | 56        |
| Trade and bills payables turnover period (days)         | 營業及票據應付款項周轉期(日)         | 58        | 33        |

EBITDA means earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation.

EBITDA解釋為息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤。

|   |                                   | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022 |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Asset ratios  Current ratio#  Net debt/EBITDA ratio                           | <b>資產比率</b> 流動比率# 淨債務/息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤率 | 2.9<br>(3.6)                      | 2.9<br>(5.1)                      |
| Gearing ratio  Total liabilities/Equity attributable to owners of the Company | <b>資本負債比率</b><br>負債總額/本公司擁有人應佔權益  | 0.4                               | 0.5                               |

<sup>\*</sup> Current ratio is calculated by dividing current assets by current liabilities.

#### Revenue

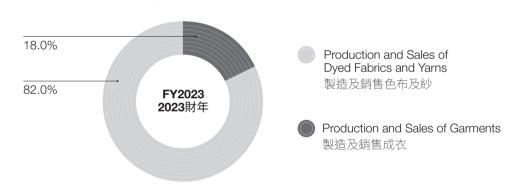
The Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2023 amounted to approximately HK\$4,440,235,000 (2022: HK\$6,053,645,000).

#### 營業額

營業額按業務分類

集團截至2023年12月31日止年度的營業額約為4,440,235,000港元(2022年:6,053,645,000港元)。

#### Revenue by business segments



For the year under review, the Group's core business, production and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns, generated revenue of approximately HK\$3,639,699,000 (2022: HK\$5,150,345,000), which accounted for 82.0% (2022: 85.1%) of the Group's total revenue. Revenue from production and sales of garments was approximately HK\$800,536,000 (2022: HK\$903,300,000), which accounted for 18.0% (2022: 14.9%) of the Group's total revenue.

於回顧年度,集團核心業務一製造及銷售色布及紗的營業額約為3,639,699,000港元(2022年:5,150,345,000港元),佔集團營業額總值的82.0%(2022年:85.1%)。製造及銷售成衣的營業額約為800,536,000港元(2022年:903,300,000港元),佔集團營業額總值的18.0%(2022年:14.9%)。

<sup>\*</sup> 流動比率的計算方法是將流動資產除以流動負債。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

#### Cost of Sales and Gross Profit

For the year ended 31 December 2023, overall cost of sales of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$4,118,246,000 (2022: HK\$5,475,828,000) and overall gross profit margin was 7.3% (2022: 9.5%).

During the year under review, the Group's revenue decreased by 26.7% compared with the same period last year, which was mainly due to the decrease in sales volume of fabric by approximately 22.9%. Compared with the same period last year, the decrease in percentage of revenue was larger than the decrease in percentage of production cost, which led to the decrease in gross profit margin.

#### **Distribution and Selling Expenses**

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's overall distribution and selling expenses amounted to approximately HK\$74,477,000 (2022: HK\$92,291,000), which accounted for 1.7% (2022: 1.5%) of the Group's total revenue.

#### **Administrative Expenses**

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's overall administrative expenses amounted to approximately HK\$476,389,000 (2022: HK\$559,179,000), which accounted for 10.7% (2022: 9.2%) of the Group's total revenue.

#### Earnings before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation (EBITDA)

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's EBITDA amounted to approximately HK\$328,919,000 (2022: HK\$188,096,000) and the EBITDA margin was 7.4% (2022: 3.1%).

#### **Finance Costs**

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's finance costs amounted to approximately HK\$26,258,000 (2022: HK\$21,408,000), representing 0.6% (2022: 0.4%) of the Group's total revenue.

#### **Capital Expenditure**

During the year under review, the Group invested approximately HK\$87,871,000 (2022: HK\$163,631,000) in additions of property, plant and equipment. The Group's commitments primarily relate to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had contracted capital commitments of approximately HK\$86,721,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$86,607,000) in relation to the acquisition of property, plant and equipment.

#### 銷售成本及毛利

集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之整體銷 售成本約為4,118,246,000港元(2022年: 5,475,828,000港元),整體毛利率為7.3%(2022 年:9.5%)。

於回顧年內,本集團的營業額同比下跌26.7%, 主要是由於面料銷售量下跌約22.9%。與去年同 期相比,營業額的下跌幅度大於生產成本的下 跌幅度,引致毛利率減少。

#### 分銷及銷售費用

集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之整體分銷 及銷售費用約為74,477,000港元(2022年: 92,291,000港元),佔集團營業額總值的1.7% (2022年:1.5%)。

#### 行政費用

集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之整體行政費 用約為476,389,000港元(2022年:559,179,000 港元),佔集團營業額總值的10.7%(2022年: 9.2%) •

#### 息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤(EBITDA)

集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之息稅折舊 及攤銷前利潤約為328,919,000港元(2022年: 188,096,000港元),息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤率 為7.4% (2022年: 3.1%)。

#### 融資成本

集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之融資成本約 為26,258,000港元(2022年:21,408,000港元), 佔集團營業額總值的0.6%(2022年:0.4%)。

#### 資本開支

於回顧年內,集團已投資約87,871,000港元 (2022年:163,631,000港元) 以增加物業、 機器及設備。集團的資本承擔主要涉及購買物 業、機器及設備。於2023年12月31日,集團有 關購買物業、機器及備的已簽約資本承擔約為 86,721,000港元(2022年12月31日:86,607,000 港元)。

#### **Income Tax Expense**

For the year ended 31 December 2023, income tax expense of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$43,284,000 (2022: HK\$72,954,000).

#### Profit/Loss Attributable to Owners of the Company

For the year ended 31 December 2023, profit attributable to owners of the Company was approximately HK\$50,903,000 (2022: loss attributable to owner of the Company HK\$115,532,000) and the corresponding profit margin was 1.1% (2022:-1.9%).

#### **Inventories**

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's inventories amounted to approximately HK\$783,908,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$929,526,000). The inventory turnover period was 69 days, an increase of 7 days compared with 62 days in 2022.

#### Trade and Bills Receivables

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade and bills receivables amounted to approximately HK\$808,091,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$928,721,000). Trade and bills receivables turnover period was 66 days, an increase of 10 days compared with 56 days in 2022.

#### **Trade and Bills Payables**

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade and bills payables amounted to approximately HK\$651,571,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$491,299,000). Trade and bills payables turnover period was 58 days, an increase of 25 days compared with 33 days in 2022.

#### 所得稅支出

集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之所得稅支出 約為43,284,000港元(2022年:72,954,000港元)。

#### 本公司擁有人應佔盈利/虧損

集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之本公司擁有 人應佔盈利約為50,903,000港元(2022年:本公 司擁有人應佔虧損115,532,000港元),其相關 盈利率為1.1%(2022年:-1.9%)。

#### 存貨

集團於2023年12月31日之存貨約為783,908,000 港元(2022年12月31日:929,526,000港元)。存 貨周轉期為69天,與2022年62天相比增加7天。

#### 營業及票據應收款項

集團於2023年12月31日之營業及票據應收款項約為808,091,000港元(2022年12月31日:928,721,000港元)。營業及票據應收款項周轉期為66天,與2022年56天相比增加10天。

#### 營業及票據應付款項

集團於2023年12月31日之營業及票據應付款項約為651,571,000港元(2022年12月31日:491,299,000港元)。營業及票據應付款項周轉期為58天,與2022年33天相比增加25天。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

#### Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's net assets amounted to approximately HK\$3,468,666,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$3,423,767,000). The key figures of the Group's financial position were as follows:

#### 資金流動性及財政資源

於2023年12月31日,集團資產淨值約為3,468,666,000港元(2022年12月31日:3,423,767,000港元)。集團財務狀況的主要資料如下:

|                         |       | At 31 December | At 31 December |
|-------------------------|-------|----------------|----------------|
|                         |       | 於12月31日        | 於12月31日        |
|                         |       | 2023           | 2022           |
|                         |       | HK\$'000千港元    | HK\$'000千港元    |
|                         |       |                |                |
| Non-current assets      | 非流動資產 | 1,532,032      | 1,671,542      |
| Current assets          | 流動資產  | 3,368,807      | 3,375,223      |
|                         |       |                |                |
| Total assets            | 資產總值  | 4,900,839      | 5,046,765      |
|                         |       |                |                |
| Current liabilities     | 流動負債  | 1,165,291      | 1,182,174      |
| Non-current liabilities | 非流動負債 | 266,882        | 440,824        |
|                         |       |                |                |
| Total liabilities       | 負債總值  | 1,432,173      | 1,622,998      |
|                         |       |                |                |
| Net assets              | 資產淨值  | 3,468,666      | 3,423,767      |

The Group met its funding requirements in its usual course of operation by cash flows from operations, as well as long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Capital expenditure was mainly financed by long-term bank borrowings.

集團以營運所得現金流量及銀行的長短期貸款 應付日常資金需要,而資本開支則主要由長期 銀行貸款撥付。

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's bank borrowings amounted to HK\$199,557,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$436,248,000). Details of the bank borrowings of the Group are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

於2023年12月31日,本集團銀行借貸為199,557,000港元(2022年12月31日:436,248,000港元)。本集團的銀行借貸詳情已載於綜合財務報表附註30。

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's bank balances and cash, including short-term bank deposits, amounted to HK\$1,378,997,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$1,393,679,000) and were mainly denominated in HKD, USD and RMB.

於2023年12月31日,本集團的銀行結餘及現金 (包括短期銀行存款)合共1,378,997,000港元 (2022年12月31日:1,393,679,000港元),主要 是港幣、美元及人民幣。

As at 31 December 2023, the principal financial covenant figures/ratios (according to the definitions of the Group's principal banks) were as follows:

於2023年12月31日,主要的財務契約數據/比率 (根據本集團主要往來銀行的定義)如下:

|   |                           | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022 |
|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Consolidated tangible net worth                                 | 綜合淨有形資產                   | HK\$3,189,317,000港元               | HK\$3,126,412,000港元               |
| Consolidated total bank debt to consolidated tangible net worth | 綜合總銀行負債對<br>綜合淨有形資產比例     | 0.1                               | 0.1                               |
| Consolidated EBITDA to consolidated interest expense            | 綜合息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤對<br>綜合利息支出比例 | 12.5                              | 8.8                               |
| Consolidated current assets to consolidated current liabilities | 綜合流動資產對<br>綜合流動負債比例       | 2.9                               | 2.9                               |
| Consolidated capital expenditure                                | 綜合資本開支                    | HK\$87,871,000港元                  | HK\$163,631,000港元                 |

During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 the Group had complied with all covenant ratios and undertakings.

於截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度內,本 集團已遵守所有契約比率及承諾。

#### **Risk Management**

The Group follows a stringent and prudent risk management policy to manage foreign exchange and interest rate risks.

The sale and the purchase of raw materials of the Group were mainly denominated in HKD, USD and RMB. Since the Group mainly carries out production in China, we are exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from RMB exposure. The Group has been closely monitoring the exchange rate fluctuation for USD and RMB and will continue to monitor the trend of the exchange rate and adopt appropriate measures in order to mitigate the foreign currency risk in a cautious manner.

In addition, bank borrowings of the Group were denominated in HKD and interests were mainly charged on a floating rate basis. The average effective interest rate of bank borrowings of the Group was 5.99% per annum (2022: 2.64% per annum) for the year ended 31 December 2023 and the bank borrowings were repayable within two years (2022: within three years). All bank borrowings were unsecured for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022. The Group will continue to monitor the interest rates fluctuation in the market and will adopt appropriate measures to minimise the interest rate risk.

#### 風險管理

集團會依據嚴格及審慎的風險管理政策應對外 匯及利率風險。

集團之銷售和原料採購以港元、美元及人民幣 為主。而集團主要的生產基地位於中國,故涉及 人民幣所產生之外匯風險。集團一直密切留意 美元及人民幣匯率的變動,會採取謹慎的方法, 適時審視匯率的走勢,安排合適的措施以減低 外匯風險。

此外,集團的銀行借貸以港元為單位,利息主要以浮動利率計算。本集團銀行借貸之平均實際年利率5.99%(2022:2.64%),及銀行借貸須於兩年內償還(2022:三年內)。截至2023年12月31日及2022年12月31日止年度,所有銀行借貸均為無抵押。本集團將繼續留意市場的利率波動,並安排合適的措施以減低利率風險。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

#### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had approximately 5,800 (31 December 2022: 5.900) full-time employees. The Group will continue to implement streamlined production so as to further minimise its labour cost. The Group's emolument policies are formulated based on the performance of individual employee and the salary trends in various regions, which are reviewed regularly. The Group may, subject to the profitability, distribute a discretionary bonus to its employees as an incentive for their contribution to the Group.

The Company also provides regular training courses and subsidies for continuing education so as to improve the skills of its employees with respect to production, selling and management.

#### STAKEHOLDERS' ENGAGEMENT

We obtain and understand the views of our stakeholders regularly. This communication provides valuable feedback for our business and assists us to understand stakeholders' needs and assess the best way to leverage our resources and expertise to contribute to future business and community development.

Across the supply chain, we have taken steps throughout the Year to ensure that we operate responsibly and in the interests of our customers, workforce, suppliers and other stakeholders.

Employees perform management, administration and human resources, operation and finance relation functions respectively. The Group determines the remuneration of its employees by reference to the market salary of their individual experience and performance. The Group will continue to improve and upgrade their management and professional skills. None of the Group's employees is represented by any collective bargaining agreement or labour union. The Group has not experienced any significant problem with its employees or disruption to its operations due to labour dispute, nor has the Group experienced any difficulties in the recruitment and retention of experienced staff.

#### 僱員及酬金政策

本集團於2023年12月31日之全職僱員人數約為 5.800人(2022年12月31日:5.900人)。本集團將 繼續實施精簡生產,以盡量減少勞動力成本。本 集團的酬金政策是根據個別僱員的工作表現及 各地區薪酬趨勢而制定並定期作出檢討。本集 團亦會因應盈利情況,酌情發放花紅予僱員以 鼓勵他們對本集團之貢獻。

本集團亦會提供定期培訓課程及資助進修計 劃,以提高僱員之生產、銷售及管理技能。

#### 權益人參與

我們定期搜集及了解權益人的意見。這種溝通 為我們的業務提供了寶貴的反饋意見,並有助 我們了解權益人的需求,並評估最佳利用資源 和專業知識的方法,以促進未來業務和社區的 發展。

在整個供應鏈中,我們於整個年度已採取措施 確保我們以負責任的態度經營業務,並符合我 們客戶、員工、供應商和其他權益人的利益。

本集團僱員分別履行管理、行政及人力資源、營 運、財務及投資者關係職能。本集團參考僱員個 人經驗及表現的市場薪金來釐定其薪酬。本集 團將繼續改善及提升其管理及專業技巧。本集 **團僱員概無任何集體談判協議或工會代表。本** 集團與其僱員並無重大問題或因為勞資糾紛而 令到其運作受阻,本集團亦無在招聘及挽留富 經驗員工問題上遇到任何困難。

#### **OUTLOOK**

The World Bank has made a pessimistic forecast for global economic growth in 2024, predicting the weakness of the global economy to surpass that of the 2008 global financial crisis, the 1997 Asian financial crisis, and the early 2000s dot-com bubble. The Chinese economy continues to face challenges such as "insufficient effective demand, excess capacity in certain industries, weak social expectations, numerous hidden risks, and obstacles in the domestic economic cycle." The complexity, severity, and uncertainty of the external environment are also on the rise. The textile and apparel industry, in which the Group operates. is challenged by the reconstruction of the international textile and apparel industry chain and supply chain, increased uncertainty in the international trade environment, as well as the opportunities brought by rapid growth of emerging markets, steady improvement of the domestic economy, and the continuation of the recovery trend in the domestic market.

In the face of severe situations and challenges, the Group will accurately grasp and actively integrate into the new development pattern of the global textile and apparel industry. We will seize opportunities, turn crises into opportunities, seek steady progress, promote stability through progress, pursue reform and innovation, and undergo transformational development. Our goal is to drive the Group's transformation from a fabric manufacturing-oriented enterprise with a primarily domestic presence into a balanced fabric-to-garment integrated product and technology R&D innovation service-oriented enterprise, both domestically and internationally.

#### Striving to achieving the strategic development goals for the China's 14th Five-Year Plan (the"14th FYP") period with continued efforts

In recent years, the global economy has been sluggish, and the global textile and apparel industry supply chain has undergone reconstruction. The supply chain layout is rapidly evolving towards regional distribution, while competitors are accelerating their overseas expansion and implementing intelligent and automated upgrades to their factories. A new competitive landscape is emerging in the textile and apparel industry, where Fountain Set Group operates. The current and upcoming years remain a strategic opportunities period for Fountain Set Group, which must proactively adapt and accelerate its transformation and upgrading.

In the future, Fountain Set Group will be guided by innovation and pursue a path of specialization and novelty. Relying on technological innovation, we will expedite the balanced domestic and international layout and the integration of fabrics-to-garments production. Fabric products and R&D innovation services will hold a significant position, and we will drive high-quality development through technological innovation.

#### 前景

世界銀行對2024年全球經濟增長作出悲觀預 測,預計全球經濟的疲弱程度將超過2008年全 球金融危機、1997年亞洲金融危機,以及2000 年初互聯網泡沫時期。中國經濟仍面臨著「有效 需求不足、部分行業產能過剩、社會預期偏弱、 風險隱患仍然較多、國內大循環存在堵點」的困 難。此外,外部環境的複雜性、嚴峻性及不確定 性也在上升。集團所處的紡織及服裝行業也面 臨著多重挑戰,包括國際紡織服裝產業鏈及供 應鏈重構、國際貿易環境不確定性增加帶來的 挑戰、新興市場快速增長、國內經濟穩步向好和 內銷市場延續恢復態勢帶來的機遇。

面對嚴峻的形勢和挑戰,本集團將準確把握並 積極融入全球紡織服裝產業新發展格局,抓住 機遇,化危為機,穩中求進、以進促穩、改革創 新、實現轉型發展。目標推動本集團從以國內佈 局為主的面料制造型企業轉型為內外均衡佈局 的面料成衣一體化的產品及技術研發創新服務 型企業。

#### 接續奮鬥,努力實現「十四五」戰略發展目標

近年來,全球經濟低迷,全球紡織及服裝行業供 應鏈重構。供應鏈佈局向區域佈局加速演進,競 爭對手加快推進海外佈局,並對工廠進行智能 化及自動化升級改造。福田集團所在紡織及服 裝行業市場的新競爭格局正在形成,當前及未 來幾年仍是福田集團的戰略機遇期,必須主動 適應並加快轉型升級的步伐。

福田集團未來將以創新為引領,追求專業化和 新穎性的道路。依靠科技創新,我們將加快實 現國內外佈局的平衡和面料到成衣生產的一體 化。面料產品和研發創新服務將佔據重要地位, 我們將通過技術創新推動高質量發展。

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued) 管理層討論與分析(續)

Fountain Set Group will continue to consolidate its advantages, address its weaknesses, and enhance product quality and competitiveness. We aim to further solidify our leading position in the field of cotton knitted fabric printing and dyeing while gradually addressing the shortcomings in the area of synthetic fiber fabrics. We will continuously improve our product strength, value, and industry influence, providing customers with high-quality, high-efficiency products and comprehensive technical R&D service solutions to foster mutual growth.

福田集團將持續穩固優勢,補足短板,提升產品質量與競爭力。進一步穩固於棉針織面料印染領域的行業領先地位,逐步補強化纖面料領域的短板不足。我們將不斷提升產品實力、價值和行業影響力,為客戶提升高品質、高效率的產品及全面的技術研發服務解決方案,促進共同成長。

Fountain Set Group will intensify the optimization and adjustment of production capacity layout in line with the direction of balanced domestic and international development. We will accelerate the transformation and upgrading of factories through digitalization and intelligent initiatives. In the rapidly evolving competitive landscape, Fountain Set Group must swiftly achieve a balanced domestic and international layout and accelerate global expansion. Additionally, building upon the successful implementation of the Yancheng Fuhui MES+project, we will expedite the establishment of smart factory models and replicate and promote them in other factories.

福田集團將依照國內外均衡發展的方向,優化生產能力佈局的調整。通過數字化和智能化的措施,加快推進工廠轉型升級。在新的產業競爭格局加快形成的情形下,福田集團必須要儘快實現國內外均衡的佈局,加速全球擴展。同時,在鹽城福匯MES+專案上線運行的基礎上,加快打造智慧化工廠典範,並在其它工廠複製推廣。

Fountain Set Group will adapt to market and customer demand trends by consolidating existing markets, focusing on developing emerging markets, and accelerating the development of domestic mid-to-high-end markets. We will prioritize renowned international and domestic brand customers and develop products that prioritize comfort, ecological sustainability, functionality, and fashion based on their specific needs.

福田集團將順應市場及客戶需求變化趨勢,穩固現有市場,重點開發新興市場,加快發展國內中高端市場。聚焦國際國內知名品牌客戶,根據客戶需求重點開發以舒適性、生態可持續性、功能性和時尚性為重點的產品。

Fountain Set Group will continue to be driven by technological innovation. We will increase R&D investment and carry out planned, targeted and directional R&D activities. We will promote collaborative R&D, increase product varieties, and enhance product quality, and driving the transformation of Fountain Set Group from a fabric processing and manufacturing enterprise to a provider of fabric products and R&D technology services.

福田集團將繼續以技術創新為驅動力。重點加大研發投入,有計劃、有重點、有方向的開展研發,推進聯合研發,增加產品品種,提升產品質量,推動福田集團由面料加工制造型企業轉型為提供面料產品和研發技術服務的企業。

We firmly believe that all employees of Fountain Set Group, in accordance with the directives of the Board, will work unitedly and cooperatively. We will continuously improve and optimize integrated operations in production, supply, and marketing, actively explore new markets, strengthen technological R&D, enhance operational management, improve operations efficiency, and focusing on addressing challenges related to orders, layout, costs, and quality. We will solidly advance the implementation of the Group's long-term strategic plans, quickly turn our business profits from losses to gains, complete various annual business goals, and create better returns and benefits for shareholders, customers, employees, and society.

我們堅信,福田集團全體員工將按照董事會的工作部署,團結協同。持續改進和優化生產、供應和市場綜合運作,積極開拓新市場,加強科技研發,強化營運管理,提升營運效率,重點解決與訂單、佈局、成本和質量相關的挑戰。紮實推動集團長期戰略規劃落實落地,儘快實現福田集團經營利潤轉虧為盈,完成年度各項經營目標任務,為股東、客戶、員工、社會創造更好回報和更優業績。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices and procedures as it believes that an effective corporate governance framework is fundamental to promoting and safeguarding interests of shareholders and other stakeholders and enhancing shareholder value. Throughout the year from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023 (the "Year"), the Company has consistently adopted and complied with all the applicable code provisions of the section headed "Part 2 – Principles of good corporate governance, code provisions and recommended best practices" of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange" and the "Listing Rules", respectively) as quidelines to reinforce our corporate governance principles.

本公司致力維持高水平的企業管治常規及程序,認為有效的公司治理框架對於促進及維護股東和其他利益相關者的利益,以及提高股東價值至關重要。由2023年1月1日起至2023年12月31日止年度(「本年度」),本公司一貫地採納及遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(分別為「聯交所」及「上市規則」)附錄14所載之企業管治守則(「企管守則」)第二部分良好企業管治的原則、守則條文及建議最佳常規之全部適用守則條文,作為強化本公司企業管治原則之方針。

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Board Composition**

As at 31 December 2023, the board of directors of the Company (the "Directors" and the "Board", respectively) comprised 11 members, namely 5 executive Directors (the "EDs"), 2 non-executive Directors (the "NEDs") and 4 independent non-executive Directors (the "INEDs"). The NEDs and INEDs represented about 55% of the Board members thereat. During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprises the following members:

*EDs* 

Mr. LIU Xianfu (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)
(appointed as Chief Executive Officer on 1 April 2023)

Dr. LI Gang

(appointed as ED on 1 June 2023)

Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew

Ms. ZHAO Jianli

(appointed as ED on 1 December 2023)

Mr. ZHANG Zheng

Mr. SUN Fuji

(resigned as ED and Chief Executive Officer on 1 April 2023)

Mr. ZHAO Yao

(resigned as ED, authorised representative and senior consultant on 1 December 2023)

**NEDs** 

Dr. YEN Gordon (Non-executive Vice Chairman)

Mr. TAO Yongming

**INEDs** 

Mr. NG Kwok Tung Mr. YING Wei

Mr. William LAM

Mr. WONG Kwong Chi

The Company has complied with the requirement of Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules which the number of INEDs representing at least one-third of the Board. The profiles of all the current Directors are set out on pages 56 to 61 of this annual report. The relationships among the Board members (including financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships, if any) are also disclosed thereto.

#### 董事會

#### 董事會成員

於2023年12月31日,本公司之董事會(分別為「董事」及「董事會」)由11名成員組成,包括5名執行董事(「執行董事」)、2名非執行董事(「非執行董事」)及4名獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)。非執行董事及獨立非執行董事代表了約55%的董事會成員。本年度及截至本年報日期,董事會成員如下:

執行董事

劉賢福先生(主席兼行政總裁)

(於2023年4月1日起獲委任為行政總裁)

李剛博士

(於2023年6月1日起獲委任為執行董事)

邱恒達先生

趙建麗女十

(於2023年12月1日起獲委任為執行董事)

張正先生

孫福紀先生

(於2023年4月1日起辭任執行董事及行政 總裁)

趙耀先生

(於2023年12月1日起辭任執行董事、授權代表及高級顧問)

非執行董事

嚴震銘博士(非執行副主席)

陶永銘先生

獨立非執行董事

伍國棟先生

應偉先生 林偉成先生

干幹芝先生

本公司已按上市規則第3.10A條之規定,本公司獨立非執行董事人數佔董事會三分之一。現任董事的個人簡介均載列於本年報第56至第61頁。董事會成員之間的關係(包括財務、業務、家屬或其他重大或相關的關係(如有))亦已作出披露。

All Directors have entered into service contracts or letters of appointment with the Company, subject to renewal, retirement by rotation and re-election at the general meetings of the Company in accordance with the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"). Article 102(A) of the Articles provides that at each annual general meeting of the Company (the "AGM"), one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third or any other number subject to such manner of rotation as may be required by the statutes, the Listing Rules or other codes, rules, and regulations prescribed from time to time by the applicable regulatory authority, shall retire from office. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been the longest in office since their last election but as between persons who became Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election. Article 93 of the Articles also provides that any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy (who shall hold office until the next following general meeting of the Company) or as an addition to the Board (who shall hold office until the next following AGM) shall then be eligible for re-election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

# Roles and Responsibilities of the Board and Delegation to the Management

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Group and is responsible for promoting the success of the Group by directing and supervising the business operations of the Group in the interests of the Company's shareholders (the "Shareholders") providing insights regarding the Group's culture and values by formulating strategic directions and monitoring the financial and management performance of the Group.

The overall management of the Group's business is vested in the Board. The Board has delegated the day-to-day management of the Group's business to the executive management team, and focused its attention on matters affecting the Group's overall strategic policies, finances and the Shareholders. The executive management team assumes full accountability to the Board for the operations of the Group. A formal schedule has been formulated and will be reviewed regularly to identify specific matters that shall be reserved to the Board and those delegated to the management. The Board has given clear directions to the management that certain matters must be referred to the Board for consideration and approval. The Board is the ultimate decision making body of the Company except for matters requiring the approval of the Shareholders in accordance with the Articles, the Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations.

所有董事已與本公司訂立服務合約或委任函, 委任可予續期,但須根據本公司之組織章程細 則(「章程細則」)於本公司之股東大會上輪席告 退及膺選連任。章程細則第102(A)條規定,在本 公司各股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上當時 三分之一董事(或倘董事人數並非3或3之倍數, 則為最接近三分之一的數目或按法例、上市規 則所規定須輪席告退或適用監管機構不時訂明 之其他守則、規則及規例所規定之任何其他數 目) 須退任。每年退任之董事須為自上次獲選後 在任時間最長者,惟於同一日成為董事者,則以 抽籤方式決定何者退任(除非彼等之間另有協 定)。退任董事將合資格膺選連任。章程細則第 93條亦規定,獲委任以填補董事會臨時空缺或 增添董事會成員之董事,其任期僅至本公司下 一次股東週年大會為止,並合資格於會上膺選 連任,惟不得計算入須於該大會上輪席告退之 董事人數內。

### 董事會之角色及職責以及轉授予管理層

董事會以本公司股東(「股東」)利益為出發點, 負責領導及監控本集團,並透過制定策略決策, 建立有關本集團文化及價值,及監督本集團之 財務及管理層表現,指導及監督本集團之業務 營運,以促進本集團之成功。

本集團整體業務由董事會負責管理。董事會將本集團日常事務的管理授權予本公司的行政管理層處理,而董事會本身則專注處理可影響を集團整體策略方針、財務及股東的事項。行政管理層須就本集團之所有經營業務向董事會承擔全部責任。本集團制定並將定期審閱正式清單,以確認應由董事會負責及轉授予管理層是之具體事項。董事會已就須交由董事會考慮及批准之若干事項向管理層作出清晰指引。董事上之若干事項向管理層作出清晰指引。董事上市規則及其他適用法例及規例須由股東批准之事宜則除外。

#### **Board Independence**

The Company recognises that board independence is critical to good corporate governance and board effectiveness. The participation of Independent non-executive Directors in the Board brings independent and objective judgment on issues relating to the Group's strategy, performance, conflicts of interest and management process to ensure that the interests of all Shareholders have been duly considered.

To ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, the mechanisms described in this Corporate Governance Report are established by the Board, and Board Committees follow the same processes, where applicable.

#### **Practices and Conduct of Meetings**

Four regular Board meetings at approximately quarterly intervals were held during the Year. Each of the Directors has actively participated in each meeting in person or via telephone or videoconferencing. Decisions were made by majority vote at the Board meetings.

The dates of 2023 regular Board meetings had been determined in 2022 and any amendments to this schedule were notified to all Directors at least 14 days before the meetings. Appropriate arrangements were in place to allow the Directors to include items in the agenda for regular Board meetings.

All Directors had access to the services of the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") who regularly updated the Board on governance and regulatory matters. Any Director, wishing to do so in the furtherance of his respective duties, might take independent professional advice (through the chairman of the Board (the "Chairman")) at the Company's expense. The availability of professional advice extended to three Board committees, namely the audit committee (the "Audit Committee" or the "AC"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee" or the "RC") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee" or the "NC"). Minutes of the Board meetings were taken by the Company Secretary and, together with any supporting documents, were available to all Directors. Draft and final versions of the minutes were sent to all Directors for their comment and record respectively.

If a Director had a conflict of interest in a transaction or proposal to be considered by the Board and such transaction or proposal was determined by the Board to be material, the individual Director had to declare his interest and was required to abstain from voting on any matter in which he or any of his close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had a material interest and that he would not be counted in the guorum present at the Board meeting.

#### 董事會之獨立性

本公司深明董事會獨立性對良好企業管治及董 事會效能至為關鍵。獨立非執行董事於董事會 之參與,可就本集團之策略、表現、利益衝突及 管理過程等事項作出獨立而客觀的判斷,以確 保全體股東之利益已獲妥善考慮。

為確保董事會能獲得獨立的觀點及意見,董事 會設立了在企業管治報告中描述的機制,在適 用的情況下,董事委員會會遵循相同的程序。

## 會議常規及規則

本年度內,本公司大約每季舉行定期董事會會 議。各董事積極親身、透過電話或視頻形式參與 各會議。董事會會議之決定是以多數票表決。

2023年董事會定期會議的舉行日期在2022年內 已定下,所有日期改動均在最少14天前通知各 董事。本公司備有適當安排,讓董事提出商討事 項以納入董事會定期會議議程內。

公司秘書(「公司秘書」) 定期更新董事會的管治 及規管事官,所有董事均可聯絡公司秘書。任何 董事可就履行其職責而(透過本公司主席(「主 席」) 尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司支付。3 個董事委員會(審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、薪 酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及提名委員會(「提名 委員會」))亦可尋求專業意見。董事會會議記錄 由公司秘書負責撰寫,會議記錄連同任何有關 文件均可提供予所有董事。初稿供所有董事審 閱,而最後定稿供其作記錄之用。

若有董事在董事會將予考慮的交易或建議中存 有董事會認為重大利益衝突時,涉及的個別董 事須申報利益,而該董事須就彼或其任何緊密 聯繫人士具有重大權益之相關董事會決議案放 棄投票(如上市規則所列明),且不會計入出席 該董事會會議之法定人數內。

# **Directors' Attendance at Board Meetings, Board Committee Meetings and General Meeting**

Details of the attendance of the Directors at meetings of the Board, the AC, the RC and the NC and AGM during the Year are set out in the following table:

# 董事於董事會會議、董事委員會會議及股東大會之出席情況

本年度內,董事於董事會會議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委員會會議、提名委員會會議及股東大會的出席詳情列載於下表:

## Meetings attended/Meetings required to be attended during the Year 本年度內董事之出席次數/需要出席之會議

|                    | 中午皮 <b>门里</b> 事之山市入 <u>数</u> / 而安山市之自哦   |   |            |  |   |
|--------------------|--|---|------------|--|---|
|                    | Board  |   | RC         | NC   | AGM   |
|                    |  | 番核安貝曾<br>———  | 新酬安貝曾      | <u> </u>   | 股東週年大會  |
| 執行董事               |  |   |            |  |   |
| 劉賢福先生(附註1)         | 4/4  | _   | _          | 1/1  | 1/1   |
|                    | 3/3  | _   | _          | _  | 1/1   |
| 邱恒達先生              | 4/4  | _   | _          | _  | 1/1   |
| 趙建麗女士(附註3)         | -  | _   | _          | _  | _   |
| 張正先生               | 4/4  | _   | _          | _  | 1/1   |
| 孫福紀先生 <i>(附註4)</i> | 1/1  | _   | _          | _  | _   |
| 趙耀先生(附註5)          | 4/4  | -   | -          | -  | 1/1   |
| 非執行董事              |  |   |            |  |   |
| 嚴震銘博士              | 4/4  | _   | _          | _  | 1/1   |
| 陶永銘先生              | 4/4  | -   | 1/1        | -  | 1/1   |
| 獨立非執行董事            |  |   |            |  |   |
| 伍國棟先生              | 4/4  | 4/4   | 1/1        | _  | 1/1   |
| 應偉先生               | 4/4  | _   | 1/1        | 1/1  | 1/1   |
| 林偉成先生              | 4/4  | 4/4   | _          | 1/1  | 1/1   |
| 王幹芝先生              | 4/4  | 4/4   | _          | _  | 1/1   |
| <b>會議日期</b>        | 24/03/2023   | 06/01/2023  | 15/11/2023 | 15/11/2023   | 29/06/2023  |
| 日 財 口 小」           |  |   |            |  | 20,00,2020  |
|                    |  |   |            |  |   |
|                    |  |   | 113 020    | 113 P.L.1  |   |
|                    | 劉賢福先生 (附註1) 李剛博士 (附註2) 邱恒達先生 趙建麗女士 (附註3) 張正先生 孫福紀先生 (附註4) 趙耀先生 (附註5)  非執行董事 嚴震銘博士 陶永銘先生 獨立非執行董事 伍國棟先生 應偉先生 林偉成先生 | 対行董事  劉賢福先生 (附註1) 4/4 李剛博士 (附註2) 3/3 邱恒達先生 4/4 趙建麗女士 (附註3) - 現正先生 4/4 孫福紀先生 (附註4) 1/1 趙耀先生 (附註5) 4/4  非執行董事  嚴震銘博士 4/4 陶永銘先生 4/4 横成先生 4/4 株権成先生 4/4 末韓 25先生 4/4 末韓 25先生 4/4 | お行董事   AC  | 教行董事     Board 董事會     AC 審核委員會     報酬委員會       教行董事       劉賢福先生 (附註1) | 勘のard 董事會     AC 審核委員會     RC 排酬委員會     NC 提名委員會       執行董事     期質福先生(附註1)     4/4     -     -     1/1       季剛博士(附註2)     3/3     -     -     -       邱恒達先生     4/4     -     -     -       趙建麗女士(附註3)     -     -     -     -       張正先生     4/4     -     -     -       孫福紀先生(附註4)     1/1     -     -       趙耀先生(附註5)     4/4     -     -     -       非執行董事       低國檢先生     4/4     4/4     1/1     -       藤健先生     4/4     4/4     1/1     -       藤健先生     4/4     4/4     1/1     -       藤健先生     4/4     4/4     1/1     -       本條先生     4/4     4/4     -     1/1       工幹芝先生     4/4     4/4     -     -     1/1       本條先生     4/4     4/4     4/4     -     -     -       會議日期     24/03/2023     06/01/2023     15/11/2023     Note 6     Note 7       25/08/2023     11/07/2023     Note 6     Note 7       25/08/2023     11/107/2023     Note 6     Note 7 |

#### Notes:

- Mr. LIU Xianfu was appointed as Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 April 2023.
- 2. Dr. LI Gang was appointed as an ED with effect from 1 June 2023.
- 3. Ms. ZHAO Jianli was appointed as an ED with effect from 1 December 2023.

#### 附註:

- 1. 劉賢福先生於2023年4月1日起獲委任為行政總 裁。
- 2. 李剛博士於2023年6月1日起獲委任為執行董
- 3. 趙建麗女士於2023年12月1日起獲委任為執行董事。

- Mr. Sun Fuji was resigned as ED and Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 April 2023.
- Mr. ZHAO Yao was resigned as ED, authorised representative and Senior Consultant with effect from 1 December 2023.
- During the Year, apart from the meeting held on 15 November 2023, written resolutions had also been circulated and passed by all the RC members on 4 occasions, which were dated 20 March 2023, 31 March 2023, 28 June 2023 and 1 August 2023, respectively.
- During the Year, apart from the meeting held on 15 November 2023, written resolutions had also been circulated and passed by all the NC members on 3 occasions, which were dated 10 March 2023, 31 March 2023 and 27 June 2023, respectively.

#### **Training of Directors**

All Directors have been given relevant guideline materials regarding the duties and responsibilities as a Director as well as relevant laws, rules and regulations applicable to the Directors, the duty of disclosure of interest and the business of the Group and induction materials will also be provided to newly appointed Directors shortly upon their appointment as Directors.

All Directors have been updated from time to time on the latest developments and changes in the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices.

- 4. 孫福紀先生於2023年4月1日起辭任執行董事及 行政總裁。
- 5. 趙耀先生於2023年12月1日起辭任執行董事、授權代表及高級顧問。
- 6. 於本年度,除了2023年11月15日召開的會議外, 全體薪酬委員會成員亦已傳閱及通過4項書面決 議案,日期分別為2023年3月20日、2023年3月31 日、2023年6月28日及2023年8月1日。
- 7. 於本年度,除了2023年11月15日召開的會議外, 全體提名委員會成員亦已傳閱及通過3項書面決 議案,日期分別為2023年3月10日、2023年3月31 日及2023年6月27日。

#### 董事培訓

所有董事均已獲提供有關擔任董事之職責及責任、適用於董事之相關法例、規則及規例、權益 披露責任及本集團業務之有關指引資料,而於 新任董事獲委任為本公司董事後,亦會於短期 內向其提供該等介紹資料。

所有董事已不時就上市規則及其他適用監管要求之發展及變動獲得最新資料,從而確保合規, 同時加強彼等對良好企業管治常規之意識。

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued)** 企業管治報告(續)

Each of the Directors has confirmed that he had complied with code provision C.1.4 of the CG Code on Directors' training. Throughout the Year, each of the Directors named below has participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars/in-house briefing/reading materials on the following topics to develop and refresh his knowledge and skills and provided a record of training to the Company:

董事已各自確認彼等已遵守有關董事培訓之企 管守則條文第C.1.4條。本年度內,以下所有董 事已透過出席有關以下主題之座談會/內部簡 介/閱讀材料參與持續專業發展,以發展及更 新彼等之知識及技能,並已向本公司提供培訓 記錄:

| Name of Directors       | Topics of Training covered (Notes) | 董事姓名    | 所涵蓋之培訓主題 (附註) |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|---------|---------------|
| EDs                     |                                    | 執行董事    |               |
| Mr. LIU Xianfu          | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 劉賢福先生   | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Dr. LI Gang             | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 李剛博士    | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 邱恒達先生   | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Ms. ZHAO Jianli         | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 趙建麗女士   | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Mr. ZHANG Zheng         | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 張正先生    | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Mr. SUN Fuji            | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 孫福紀先生   | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Mr. ZHAO Yao            | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 趙耀先生    | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| NEDs                    |                                    | 非執行董事   |               |
| Dr. YEN Gordon          | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 嚴震銘博士   | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Mr. TAO Yongming        | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 陶永銘先生   | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| INEDs                   |                                    | 獨立非執行董事 |               |
| Mr. NG Kwok Tung        | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 伍國棟先生   | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Mr. YING Wei            | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 應偉先生    | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Mr. William LAM         | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 林偉成先生   | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Mr. WONG Kwong Chi      | (a), (b) and (c)                   | 王幹芝先生   | (a) \ (b)及(c) |
| Notes:                  |                                    | 附註:     |               |

- (a) corporate governance
- (b) regulatory requirements or risk management
- finance or business operation/management

#### Directors' and Officers' Liabilities Insurance

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage in respect of potential legal action against the Directors and officers.

- 企業管治
- 監管要求或風險管理
- 財務或業務營運/管理

#### 董事及高級人員責任保險

本公司已就董事及高級人員可能面對之法律行 動作出適當之投保安排。

# CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (THE "CEO")

Since 1 April 2023, Mr. LIU Xianfu, the Chairman and an ED, has taken up the position of CEO of the Company, details of which were set out in the Company's announcement dated 31 March 2023. This deviates from code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, which stipulates that the roles of the chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. However, having considered the current status of the Group, vesting the roles of both Chairman and CEO in the same person enables the Group to plan its overall strategy more efficiently and achieve the budgeted target. The Board believes that the balance of power and authority under this arrangement is adequately ensured by the Board which comprises experienced, professional and high caliber individuals with a sufficient number thereof being INEDs.

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

All the existing NEDs and INEDs were appointed for a specific term. Each of the NEDs and INEDs has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of one year, subject to renewal, retirement by rotation and re-election at the general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Articles.

#### **CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE**

The Company has received, from each of the existing INEDs, an annual written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board considers that all the INEDs are independent and at least one of them has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise in accordance with Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

#### **DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as its own code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. In response to the specific enquiries made by the Company on all Directors, they have confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the Year.

## 主席及行政總裁(「行政總裁」)

自2023年4月1日起,本公司主席及執行董事劉賢福先生開始兼任本公司行政總裁職務,詳情已載於日期為2023年3月31日之公司公告。此會偏離企管守則條文C.2.1的規定,主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分,不應由一人同時兼任,但時意國本集團現時的情況,由同一名人士同時擔任主席及行政總裁兩個職務可以讓本集團更有效率地計劃整體策略及完成預算目標。由於養事會由經驗豐富人士及專業人士組成(包括大多數的非執行董事及獨立非執行董事人數),相信會有足夠能力確保職能及權力在此安排下得到平衡。

## 非執行董事

所有現有非執行董事及獨立非執行董事均有特定委任年期。非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已各自與本公司訂立委任函,任期為1年,委任可予續期,但須根據章程細則於本公司股東大會上輪席告退及應選連任。

#### 獨立性確認書

本公司已根據上市規則第3.13條接獲各現任獨立非執行董事的書面年度獨立確認書。根據上市規則第3.10(2)條,董事會認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士,其中最少一位具備合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理知識。

## 董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)為其有關董事進行證券交易之守則。就本公司向所有董事作出具體查詢後,彼等已確認於本年度內均已遵守標準守則所要求的標準。

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board currently has established three committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, each with specific terms of reference. Their terms of reference have been reviewed and approved by the Board and are updated by reference to the CG Code from time to time. The terms of reference of each of the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee have been posted on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

During the Year, these committees adhered to their principles, procedures and arrangements set out in their respective terms of reference. The respective committee secretaries took full minutes of the meetings of these committees and the work of each of these committees was reported to the Board regularly.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision over the Company's financial reporting process, risk management and internal control systems. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee were revised and effective on 1 January 2019. The principal duties of the Audit Committee are to consider the appointment and remuneration of the external auditors, to monitor the integrity of the Group's financial statements with a focus on the changes in accounting policies and practices, major judgmental areas, significant audit adjustments, going concern assumptions, and compliance with accounting standards, the Listing Rules and other applicable legal requirements, and to review the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems.

As at the date of this annual report, the Audit Committee comprises three INEDs, namely Mr. NG Kwok Tung, Mr. William LAM and Mr. WONG Kwong Chi, and is chaired by Mr. NG Kwok Tung.

The Audit Committee held 4 meetings during the Year and details of the attendance are shown in the table on page 37 of this annual report. A summary of the work of the Audit Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

 provided recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of independent auditor, and approved the audit fee and the terms of engagement of the independent auditor;

## 董事會委員會

董事會現已成立3個委員會,分別為審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會,各自有特定職權範圍書。彼等之職權範圍書已獲董事會批准及審閱,並已參考企管守則作不時更新。審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會各自之職權範圍書已刊載於聯交所及本公司網站。

本年度內,該等委員會均已遵守彼等各自之職權範圍書所載之原則、程序及安排。委員會相關秘書負責為該等委員會撰寫完整的會議記錄,而委員會則定期向董事會作出工作匯報。

## 審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,並設有書面職權範圍書,藉以檢討及監察本公司之財務申報程序、風險管理及內部監控制度。審核委員會的職權範圍於2019年1月1日經修訂並生效。審核委員會的主要職務為考慮外聘核數師的委任及酬金、監督本集團財務報表是否完整(尤其著重會計政策及實務的更改、重要判斷範圍、重大核數調整、持續經營假設以及是否符合會計準則、上市規則及其他適用之法律要求),同時檢討本集團的財務申報制度、風險管理及內部監控制度。

截止本年報的發表日期,審核委員會由3名獨立 非執行董事組成,分別為伍國棟先生、林偉成先 生及王幹芝先生。審核委員會主席為伍國棟先 生。

本年度內審核委員會舉行了4次會議,出席詳情 列於本年報第37頁之表格內。審核委員會於本 年度內的工作概要包括以下事項:

就獨立核數師的重新委任向董事會提供建議,及核准獨立核數師酬金及聘用條款;

- reviewed and monitored the independent auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards, and discussed with the independent auditor before the audit commenced, the nature and scope of the audit and the reporting obligations;
- reviewed the financial statements, interim report and annual report as well as significant financial reporting judgments contained in them;
- reviewed the financial controls, internal control and risk management systems:
- discussed the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that the management had performed its duty to have effective systems. Such discussion included the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;
- to consider major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and for the management's response to these findings;
- ensured co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and ensured that the internal audit function was adequately resourced and had appropriate standing within the Company, and reviewed and monitored its effectiveness;
- reviewed the financial and accounting policies and practices; and
- reviewed the independent auditor's management letter, any material queries raised by the independent auditor to management regarding the accounting records, financial accounts or systems of control and management's response.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge the responsibilities for preparing the financial statements of the Company. They were not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The independent auditor's statement about its reporting responsibilities is set out on pages 76 to 83 of this annual report.

- 按適用的標準檢討及監察獨立核數師的獨 立性及客觀性,以及核數程序的有效性; 並與獨立核數師在審核工作開始前預先討 論審核工作的性質和範圍及有關申報責 任;
- 審閱財務報表、中期報告及年度報告,並 檢閱其所載有關財務申報的重大意見;
- 檢閱財務監控、內部監控及風險管理制度;
- 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統, 並確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的系 統。有關討論包括本公司的財務匯報職能 方面資源、員工之資歷及經驗、培訓課程 及有關預算是否充足;
- 主動或應董事會的委派,就有關風險管理 及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果及管理層 對調查結果的回應進行研究;
- 確保內部和外聘核數師的工作得到協調; 及確保內部審核功能在本公司內部有足夠 資源運作,並且有適當的地位;以及檢討 及監察內部審核功能的有效性;
- 檢閱財務及會計政策及實務;及
- 檢閱獨立核數師致管理層的審核情況說明 函件、獨立核數師就會計記錄、財務賬目 或監控系統向管理層提出的任何重大疑問 及管理層的回應。

#### 董事及核數師對財務報表的責任

董事知悉其有編製本公司財務報表的責任。董 事並不知悉任何有關可能對本集團按持續基準 繼續經營之能力構成重大疑問之事件或情況之 任何重大不明朗因素。獨立核數師發表有關其 申報責任的聲明載列於本年報第76至83頁。

#### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

During the Year, the fees paid/payable to SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited, the Group's existing independent auditor in respect of audit services for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$2,645,000, the non-audit services mainly consisted interim review of HK\$360,500, payroll services of HK\$55,000 and The State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council's report of HK\$550,000, respectively.

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference and its principal duties are 1) to review the structure, size and composition of the Board at least annually; 2) to identify and recommend suitably qualified candidates as new Director(s) or to fill Board vacancies as they arise for the approval of the Board; 3) to assess the independence of the INEDs; and 4) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the CEO.

As at the date of this annual report, the Nomination Committee comprises an ED, Mr. LIU Xianfu, and two INEDs, namely Mr. YING Wei and Mr. William LAM, and is chaired by Mr. LIU Xianfu.

The Nomination Committee held 1 meeting during the Year and details of the attendance are shown in the table on page 37 of this annual report. A summary of the work of the Nomination Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- made recommendations to the Board and determined the policy on the appointment and re-appointment of Directors and Chairman and assessed the independence of the INEDs;
- reviewed the policy of diversity of the Board; and
- reviewed the size, structure and diversity of the Board, and assessed the balance of skills and experience of the Board as expedient with a diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Group.

## 核數師酬金

於本年度,就審計服務已付/應付予本集團之 現任獨立核數師予信永中和(香港)會計師事務 所有限公司之費用約為2,645,000港元,非核數 服務主要包括中期審閱為360,500港元,薪金服 務為55,000港元及國務院國有資產監督管理委 員會報告為550,000港元。

## 提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會,並設有書面職權範圍書,其主要職責包括1)至少每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成、2)物色及提名合資格人士成為董事會新成員或填補董事會空缺的人選,供董事會批准、3)評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性、及4)就董事之委任、重新委任及董事,尤其是主席及行政總裁之繼任計劃,向董事會提供意見。

截至本年報日期,提名委員會由1名執行董事及 2名獨立非執行董事組成,分別為劉賢福先生、 應偉先生及林偉成先生,委員會主席為劉賢福 先生。

本年度內提名委員會召開了1次提名委員會會議,出席詳情列於本年報第37頁之表格內。提名委員會於本年度內的工作概要包括以下事項:

- 就委任及重新委任董事及主席向董事會提供建議和決定政策,以及評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- 檢討董事會成員多元化政策;及
- 檢討董事會的人數、組成、架構及多元性, 並評估董事會技能的均衡和經驗;及觀點 多元化以適合及有利於本集團的業務要求。

#### **NOMINATION POLICY**

The Nomination Committee will recommend to the Board for the appointment of Directors (including an INED) in accordance with the following procedures and process:

- i. The Nomination Committee will, giving due consideration to the current composition and size of the Board, develop a list of desirable skills, perspectives and experience at the outset to focus the search effort;
- ii. The Nomination Committee may consult any source it considers appropriate in identifying or selecting suitable candidates, such as referrals from existing Directors, advertising, recommendations from a third party agency firm and proposals from the Shareholders with due consideration given to the criteria which include but are not limited to:
  - (a) Diversity in the aspects of, amongst others, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service;
  - (b) Commitment for responsibilities of the Board in respect of available time and relevant interest;
  - (c) Qualifications, including accomplishment and experience in the relevant industries in which the Group's business is involved;
  - (d) Independence;
  - (e) Reputation for integrity;
  - (f) Potential contributions that the individual can bring to the Board; and
  - (g) Plan(s) in place for the orderly succession of the Board.

## 提名政策

提名委員會將根據以下程序及流程向董事會建 議任命董事(包括獨立非執行董事):

- i. 提名委員會將適當考慮董事會目前的組成 和規模,首先制定一份理想的技能、觀點 及經驗清單,以集中尋覓工作;
- ii. 提名委員會可諮詢其認為適當的任何來源,以識別或選擇合適的候選人,例如現有董事的推薦、廣告、第三方代理公司的推薦及股東的建議,並適當考慮(包括但不限於)下列因素:
  - (a) 各方面的多樣性,其中包括性別、年 齡、文化和教育背景、專業經驗、技 能、知識和服務年限;
  - (b) 其能投放於董事會職責的可付出的時間及相關利益;
  - (c) 資格、包括涉及本集團業務的相關行 業的成就和經驗;
  - (d) 獨立性;
  - (e) 誠信聲譽;
  - (f) 個人可以向董事會帶來的潛在貢獻; 及
  - (g) 為董事會有序繼任而制訂的計劃。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

- iii. The Nomination Committee may adopt any process it considers appropriate in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, such as interviews, background checks, presentations and third party reference checks;
- iii. 提名委員會可採用其認為適當的任何程序 評估候選人的合適性,例如面試、背景調查、演示及查核第三方推薦;
- iv. The Nomination Committee will consider a broad range of candidates who are in and outside of the Board's circle of contacts:
- iv. 提名委員會將考慮在董事會聯絡圈內外的 各類候撰人;
- Upon considering a candidate suitable for the directorship, the Nomination Committee will hold a meeting and/or by way of written resolutions to, if thought fit, approve the recommendation to the Board for appointment;
- 在考慮適合擔任董事職位的候選人後,提 名委員會將舉行會議及/或以書面決議案 方式(如認為合適)批准向董事會提交建 議,以備委任;
- vi. The Nomination Committee will provide the relevant information of the selected candidate to the Remuneration Committee for consideration of the remuneration package of such selected candidate;
- vi. 提名委員會將向薪酬委員會提供所選候選 人的相關資料,以備考慮該候選人的薪酬 待遇;
- vii. The Nomination Committee will thereafter make the recommendation to the Board in relation to the proposed appointment, and where a Director is considered, the Remuneration Committee will make the recommendation to the Board on the policy and structure for the remuneration;
- vii. 及後,提名委員會將就建議的委任向董事會提出建議,而在考慮委任董事的情況下,薪酬委員會將就薪酬政策及架構向董事會提出建議;
- viii. The Board may arrange for the selected candidate to be interviewed by the members of the Board, who are not members of the Nomination Committee and the Board will thereafter deliberate and decide the appointment as the case may be; and
- viii. 董事會可安排選定的候選人由不屬提名委員會成員的董事會成員進行面試,此後,董事會將根據具體情況審議並決定任命;及
- ix. All appointment of Directors will be confirmed by the filing of the consent to act as Director of the relevant Director (or any other similar filings requiring the relevant Director to acknowledge or accept the appointment as Director, as the case may be) to be filed with the relevant regulatory authorities, if required.
- ix. 所有董事的任命,將通過提交相關董事的 同意擔任董事函(或要求相關董事確認或 接受任命為董事的任何其他類似文件,視 具體情況而定)予向相關法定機構(如有需 要)作存檔確認。

#### POLICY OF DIVERSITY OF THE BOARD

The Company has adopted a policy of diversity of the Board (the "Policy"). The criteria adopted by the Nomination Committee in considering whether the relevant personnel are suitable as Directors include their qualifications, experience, expertise, skills, knowledge, ethnicity, age, cultural background and so on in view of the provisions of the Listing Rules and the particulars of the Policy as adopted by the Board are summarised as follows:

#### **Purposes:**

- to increase diversity at the level of the Board;
- 2. to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and the quality of its performance; and
- 3. to support the attainment of strategic objectives/plan and sustainable and balanced development of the Group.

Traditionally, there has been short of female talents in the operation level in the Group due to industry norm and culture influences. However, the Company believes the balance of gender in the Board would bring more inspiration to the Board and enhance the overall business strategies development of the Group. Hence, the Company has appointed a female talent to join the Board with effect from 1 December 2023. As at 31 December 2023, the Company has a workforce gender ratio of approximately 3:1 (male:female) to avoid a single gender workforce (including the Directors and senior management) and will timely review the gender diversity of the Company's workforce in accordance with the business development of the Group.

#### **Measurable Objectives**

The optimum composition of the Board will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional qualifications, regional and industry experience, skills, knowledge and other experience of the Directors. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidate(s) will bring to the Board.

## 董事會多樣化政策

本公司已採納董事會多樣化政策(「本政策」)。 提名委員會在考慮有關人士是否適合成為董事時,基於上市規則及董事會已採納之本政策, 採納的準則包括其資歷、經驗、專長、技能及知 識、種族、年齡及文化背景等。本政策之細節總 結如下:

#### 目的:

- 1. 增加董事會之多元性;
- 2. 提升董事會之效率及表現質素;及
- 支持達到本公司之策略目標/計劃及持續 及平衡發展。

傳統上,由於行業規範和文化影響,本集團在運營層面上一直缺乏女性人才。然而,本公司相信,性別平衡將為董事會帶來更多靈感,並促進本集團整體業務策略發展。因此,本公司已於2023年12月1日委任一位女性人才加入董事會。截至2023年12月31日,本公司的員工性別比例為約3:1(男:女),以避免員工性別單一化的情況發生(包括董事及高級管理人員),本公司將適時根據公司規定及集團的業務發展檢討公司員工團隊之性別多元化程度。

#### 可計量目標

最佳的董事會組成將按一系列多元化範疇為基準,包括但不限於董事的性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、專業資格、地區及行業經驗、技能、知識及其他資歷。最終人選將按其長處及可為董事會提供的貢獻作決定。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

For the purpose of implementation of the Board Diversity Policy, the following measurable objectives were adopted:

- The Company should comply with the requirements on board composition in the Listing Rules from time to time.
- 2. The number of INEDs should be not less than three and one-third of the Board.
- 3. At least one of the INEDs must have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.
- 4. At least one Director should be the professional or have intensive experience of the industry on which the business of the Group is.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Board has achieved the measurable objectives under the Board Diversity Policy.

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference and its principal duties are 1) to make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy for all Directors; 2) to review and approve the Group's remuneration policy proposed by the CEO and make recommendations to the Board; and 3) to review and approve the management's remuneration and incentive assessment indicators proposals by reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives. The Group's remuneration policy is to provide a competitive level of remuneration in accordance with current market conditions to attract and motivate the Directors and staff for their contribution.

As at the date of this annual report, the Remuneration Committee comprises a NED Mr. TAO Yongming, and two INEDs, namely Mr. NG Kwok Tung and Mr. YING Wei, and is chaired by Mr. YING Wei.

就實施董事會成員多元化政策而言,以下可計 量目標獲採納:

- 1. 本公司應遵守上市規則不時有關董事會組成的規定。
- 2. 獨立非執行董事的人數應不少於三名及董 事會的三分之一。
- 3. 至少一名獨立非執行董事須擁有適當的專 業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。
- 4. 至少一名董事應為本集團業務所在行業的 專業人士或具備豐富的行業經驗。

截至2023年12月31日,董事會已達成董事會成員多元化政策項下的可計量目標。

#### **薪酬委員會**

本公司已成立薪酬委員會,並設有書面職權範圍書,其主要職務為1)就制訂所有董事之薪酬政策向董事會提出建議、2)審批行政總裁建議之本集團的薪酬政策及向董事會提出建議及3)因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而檢討及批准管理層的薪酬及績效考核指標建議,並向董事會提出建議。本集團的薪酬政策旨在根據目前市況提供具競爭力的薪酬,以吸引及激勵董事及員工作出貢獻。

截至本年報日期,薪酬委員會由1名非執行董事 及2名獨立非執行董事組成,分別為陶永銘先 生、伍國棟先生及應偉先生,委員會主席為應偉 先生。

The Remuneration Committee has convened 1 meeting during the Year and details of the attendance are shown in the table on page 37 of this annual report. A summary of the work of the Remuneration Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

本年度內薪酬委員會召開了1次會議,出席詳情 列於本年報第37頁之表格內。薪酬委員會於本 年度內的工作概要包括以下事項:

- made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management, including benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment and assessed their performance;
- 就個別董事及高級管理層之酬金待遇向董 事會提供建議,包括金錢利益、退休金權 利及賠償金額(包括喪失或終止職務或委 任的賠償),及評審彼等之表現;
- reviewed and approved the management's remuneration and incentive assessment indicators proposals by reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; and
- 因應董事會所訂企業方針及目標而審批管 理層薪酬及績效考核指標建議; 及
- ensured that no Director or any of the respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) is involved in deciding his own remuneration.
- 確保任何董事或各自的任何聯繫人(定義 見上市規則) 不可參與決定本身之薪酬。

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board has overall responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The risk management and internal control systems employed by the Group are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the business objectives of the Group, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material and/ or financial misstatement or loss. The Board is also responsible for evaluating and determining the risk related to the Group's environmental, social and governance ("ESG") reporting ("ESG Report") and ensuring that appropriate and effective ESG risk management is in place. Details of the ESG risk management system will be disclosed in the Company's ESG Report. The Board has delegated the Audit Committee the following duties:

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會全權負責維持本集團的風險管理及內部 監控系統。本集團使用風險管理及內部監控系 統之目的是為減少本集團營運固有的風險以達 至可接受程度,但非消除所有風險,及只能就重 大及/或財務的數據失實或損失作出合理而非 絕對的保證。董事會亦負責評估及釐定本集團 環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)報告(「ESG報告」)相 關風險,並確保實行適當而有效的ESG風險管 理及內部監控制度。詳細的ESG風險管理系統 將於本公司的ESG報告中披露。董事會已交予 審核委員會以下職責:

- to review the Company's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems;
- 檢討本公司財務監控、風險管理及內部監 控系統;
- to discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that the management has performed its duty to have effective systems. This discussion should include the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function;
- 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控系統, 確保管理層已履行職責建立有效的系統。 討論內容應包括會計及財務匯報職能方 面的資源、相關員工之資歷及經驗是否足 夠,以及該等員工所接受的培訓課程及有 關本公司預算是否充足;
- where an internal audit function exists, to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors, and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company, and to review and monitor its effectiveness; and
- 如公司設有內部審計職能,須確保內部和 外聘核數師的工作得到協調;也須確保內 部審核功能在本公司內部有足夠資源運 作,並且有適當的地位;以及檢討及監察 其成效;及

 to consider major investigation findings on risk management and internal control matters as delegated by the Board or on its own initiative and the management's response to these findings.

The Company has established the Internal Audit Department (the "IAD") and the CEO Office to manage the internal control and risk management issues of the Group respectively. The CEO Office reports to both the AC and the CEO, while the IAD reports only to the AC.

The AC and the CEO report to the Board periodically regarding material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and other risk issues of the Group identified by the AC and the CEO from time to time. The Board, through the AC, reviews risk management and internal control matters approximately once every six months. The Board and the AC are satisfied with the effectiveness of the Company's procedure for financial reporting.

#### **INTERNAL CONTROL**

The IAD is responsible for the internal control matters of the Group and currently comprises 3 staff members. It is governed by an internal audit charter and has established an internal audit approach for its internal audit function. The IAD has prepared 13 internal audit reports during the year ended 31 December 2023. The Board has confirmed that IAD had been provided with adequate resources and budget and comprised qualified staff with sufficient experience and training programs to perform its internal audit function.

The missions of the IAD are:

- to evaluate and improve the Group's risk management, control and operation processes; and
- to assist the organisation in achieving the best practice, thus becoming the best managed company.

The IAD is authorised to have unrestricted access to records, personnel, and physical properties relevant to the performance of audits. Their relevance depends on the nature and extent of the audits as well as the audit environment, and is subject to the internal audit guideline on the handling of sensitive information as endorsed by the AC. The IAD is authorised to directly and regularly communicate with the senior management and all executives in individual organisation being audited to discuss its major findings. All personnel within the Group are required to assert full cooperation any time and in any place with the IAD necessary to allow it to discharge its responsibilities.

4. 主動或應董事會的委派,就有關風險管理 及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果及管理層 對調查結果的回應進行研究。

本公司已成立內部審計部(「內部審計部」)及總裁辦公會(「總裁辦公會」)並分別負責管理本集團內部監控及風險管理事宜。總裁辦公會向審核委員會及行政總裁匯報,而內部審計部只向審核委員會匯報。

審核委員會及行政總裁定期向董事會匯報實質 監控,包括財務,營運及合規監控及其他不時由 審核委員會及行政總裁指出有關本集團的風險 事宜。董事會約於每6個月會經審核委員會審閱 風險管理及內部監控事宜。董事會及審核委員 會信納本公司財務申報程序的有效性。

## 內部監控

內部審計部現時由3名員工組成並負責本集團的內部監控事宜。受內部審計憲章監管及已就其內部審計職能制定了內部審計模式。於截至2023年12月31日止年度內部審計部已完成13個內部審計報告。董事會確定已向內部審計部提供充足的資源及預算及具足夠經驗的合資格員工及培訓課程以執行其內部審計職能。

內部審計部的任務:

- 評估及改善本集團的風險管理、監控及營 運流程;及
- 協助組織達到最佳常規並變成最佳管理的公司。

內部審計部獲授權可無限制地接觸與進行審計相關的記錄、人員及實物財產。其相關性視乎審計的屬性及程度以及審計環境而定,且須受審核委員會允許有關處理敏感資料的內部審計指引的規限。內部審計部獲授權直接及定期與接受審計的個別組織的高級管理人員及所有行政人員溝通,以討論其主要結果。本集團內所有人員須於任何時間及任何地點積極全面地與內部審計部進行必要的合作,以履行其責任。

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group has established a comprehensive risk management framework (the "Framework") since 2016. The Framework is to execute the basic risk management measures in various business sectors such as production, operation and management, with the aim to (i) develop a group-wide, open and proactive risk management culture, and (ii) safeguard the strategic development and current business operations of the Group.

The Framework consists of the following concepts:

## 風險管理

本集團於2016年開始推行全面風險管理框架 (「框架」)。該框架是指通過在生產、經營與管 理的各個環節執行風險管理基本流程,以(i)培育 集團性,開放及主動的風險管理文化及(ii)為本 集團實現發展戰略與經營業績的總體目標提供 保障為目標。

框架包括以下的概念:

# The Comprehensive Risk Management Framework 全面風險管理框架



The Company has also established the guideline for the Framework (the "Guideline"). According to the Guideline, the risk management function of the Group is made up of the Board, the AC, the CEO, senior management, the CEO Office, the IAD and various subsidiaries of the Company.

The Framework is a tri-layer system. The first layer is mainly made up of senior management and heads of various functional and operational departments of the Group, who are the key players for minimising potential risks in advance. The second layer consists of the AC, the CEO and the CEO Office, which is mainly responsible for the organisation, co-ordination and planning of the corporate risk management works and monitors the progress of the risk management works. Thus, the second layer is vital during a risk management crisis. The third layer is formed by the AC and the IAD to review and audit the existing operation flow such as information system, business flow and financial disclosure. The third layer is often the key to mitigate risk factors in the aftermath of a risk management crisis.

本公司亦制定了框架的守則(「守則」)。根據守則,本集團的風險管理職能由董事會、審核委員會、行政總裁、高級管理人員、總裁辦公會、內部審計部及本公司各個附屬公司所組成。

框架是一個3層系統。第1層主要包括高級管理 人員及本集團不同職能部門和業務部門的主 管,他們為事前控制風險的關鍵人物。第2層由 審核委員會、行政總裁及總裁辦公會構成,主層 負責企業風險管理工作的統籌、組織、協調與規 劃,並對該項工作的開展與落實情況進行監控, 是風險控制危機的關鍵。第3層包含審核委員會 和內部審計部,主要負責對現時營運流程如 計系統、業務流程及財務披露等方面進行審計 及審閱,第3層常作為於風險控制危機事後處理 上減低風險因素的關鍵。

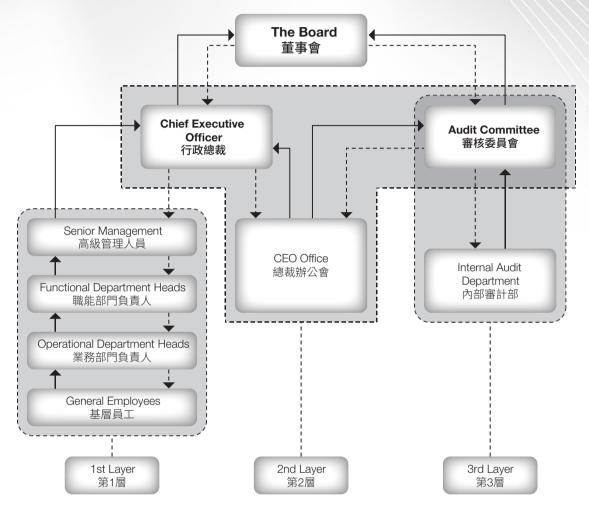
## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued)

企業管治報告(續)

2023年年報

The following diagram displays the relationship and interaction among the three layers of the Framework:

下圖顯示了框架3層系統之間的關係及互動:



Notes 附註:

The up flow of risk related information 表示風險有關資訊上報

Request to execute the risk management measures 表示風險管理要求下達

In 2024, the CEO Office will continue to focus on the following risk management issues:

- 於2024年,總裁辦公會將繼續專注下列的風險 管理事宜:
- 1. Continue to strengthen and deepen the risk self-assessment and internal assessment work;
- 繼續加強、深化風險自主評估與內部評估工作;
- 2. Set reasonable assessment standards and methods for the impact of risk categories; and
- 2. 對風險類型影響程度的評估標準與方法進 行合理設置;及
- 3. Accelerate the implementation progress of the risk management work.
- 3. 加快風險管理工作的實施進度。

During 2023, the IAD and the CEO Office had reviewed the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reported their findings to the AC. The risk management and internal control systems are reviewed twice during the Year. There was no significant defect found in respect of the risk management or internal control system under review. The Board and the AC are satisfied with the effectiveness and adequacy of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group.

於2023年內,內部審計部及總裁辦公會已審閱 本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統並向審核委 員會匯報。風險管理及內部監控系統於年內檢 討2次。有關檢討概無發現重大風險或內部監控 系統問題。董事會及審核委員會均滿意本集團 的風險管理及內部監控系統的成效及充足性。

#### INSIDE INFORMATION POLICY

The Group has established a policy for ensuring that inside information (the "Inside Information") is disclosed to the public in an equal and timely manner in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

The senior management of the Group is to provide timely and accurate information, to allow the Board to make an informed decision to determine whether the information is the Inside Information and/or whether the Company has to disclose such information to the public. Senior management of the Group must report to the Board and/or the CEO any information they have which they believe to be the Inside Information and will trigger the Company to discharge its disclosure duty. The Company Secretary will follow up accordingly.

The Company Secretary is responsible for disclosing the Inside Information to the public and/or is authorised to collect any information from any department and/or employee of the Group in order to help determining whether the alleged information is Inside Information and/or whether disclosure is required.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

#### **Corporate Governance Duties**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties of the Group, including (a) developing and reviewing the policies and practices on (i) corporate governance and (ii) compliance with legal and regulatory requirements of the Company; (b) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management; (c) developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and (d) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report. The Board has, amongst other matters, reviewed this corporate governance report, ensuring compliance with the Listing Rules.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. CHENG Wai Han Charmaine ("Ms. CHENG"), the company secretary of the Company, has continued to perform and discharge the duties of a company secretary under the Listing Rules.

## 內幕消息政策

本公司已制定政策,以確保內幕消息(「內幕消 息」) 根據上市規則及證券及期貨條例(香港法例 第571章) 公平及適時地向公眾發佈。

本集團的高級管理人員有責任提供可靠及適時 的資料,讓董事會就釐定有關消息是否為內幕 消息及/或本公司是否應即時向公眾公佈,作 出知情的決定。所有本集團的高級管理人員須 就其所知可能引致本公司須履行披露責任的內 幕消息時,應向董事會及/或行政總裁報告,再 中公司秘書跟淮。

公司秘書負責向公眾披露內幕消息及/或有權 向本集團任何部門及/或僱員收集任何資料, 以進一步評估該資料是否屬於內幕消息及/或 是否需要披露。

#### 企業管治

#### 企業管治職責

董事會須負責履行本集團之企業管治職責,包 括(a)制定及檢討有關(i)企業管治及(ii)本公司在遵 守法例及監管規定方面之政策及慣例;(b)檢討 及監察董事及高級管理人員之培訓及持續專業 發展;(c)制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守準 則及合規手冊(如有);及(d)檢討本公司遵守企 管守則的情況及在企業管治報告內的披露。董 事會已(其中包括)審閱此企業管治報告,確保 符合上市規則。

### 公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書鄭惠嫻女士(「鄭女士」) 將繼 續執行及履行聯交所證券上市規則項下的公司 秘書職責。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

Ms. CHENG joined the Group in October 2003 and is currently the Deputy General Manager (Corporate Governance Department of the Group) of the Company. She has over 25 years of extensive working experience specialising in company secretarial matters, credit management, investor relations. corporate affairs and insurance operation. Ms. CHENG is a fellow member of each of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries) and The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators) in England. Ms. CHENG obtained a Bachelor of Commerce degree from Mount Allison University, Canada, an Executive Master's degree in Business Administration (EMBA) from the Chinese University of Hong Kong and a Master of Science degree in Professional Accounting and Corporate Governance from the City University of Hong Kong. Ms. Cheng was the first female president of the Alumni Association of the Chinese University of Hong Kong Executive MBA Program and is currently a director of the Chinese University of Hong Kong Federation of Alumni Associations. Ms. Cheng is a member of the fundraising committee for the 2023 Chinese University of Hong Kong Alumni Day Graduation Commemorative Class. She is also a member of the Breast Cancer Support Center Committee of the Hong Kong Breast Cancer Foundation from 2023 to 2024. Ms. CHENG has fulfilled the specified qualifications and experience under Rule 3.28 of the Listing Rules and she has received no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules during the Year.

鄭女士於2003年10月加入本集團,現任本公司 副總經理(集團企業管治部)。彼擁有超過25年 的豐富工作經驗,專長於公司秘書事務、信貸 管理、投資者關係、企業事務和保險營運。鄭女 士是香港公司治理公會(原稱為香港特許秘書 公會) 及位於英國的特許公司治理公會(原稱為 特許秘書及行政人員公會)的資深會員。鄭女 士於加拿大艾利森山大學\*取得商業學士學位, 於香港中文大學取得行政人員工商管理碩士學 位(EMBA)及於香港城市大學取得理科碩士學位 (專業會計與企業管治)。鄭女士曾為香港中 文大學行政人員工商管理碩士課程校友會首位 女會長,現為香港中文大學校友會聯會教育基 金會董事。鄭女士為2023年香港中文大學校友 日畢業紀念班籌款委員會成員。彼亦於2023至 2024年香港乳癌基金會乳癌支持中心委員會成 員。鄭女士已符合上市規則第3.28條所要求的 專業資格及資歷,彼於年內亦已遵守上市規則 第3.29條所要求的接受不少於15小時的相關專 業訓練。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Board and the management of the Company endeavour to maintain a continuing communication with the Shareholders and investors through various channels, including the Company's general meetings. Set out below is a summary of how the Shareholders can convene a general meeting and put forward proposals at such meetings.

#### Convening a general meeting

Pursuant to Sections 566 to 568 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "Companies Ordinance"), Shareholder(s) holding at least 5% of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having a right to vote at general meetings may, by written request authenticated by the Shareholder(s) making it (the "Written Request") and sent to the Company, require the Directors to call a meeting.

The Written Request (i) must state the general nature of the business to be dealt with; and (ii) may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting.

The Directors must call a meeting within 21 days after the date on which they become subject to the requirement of the relevant Shareholder(s) and such meeting must be held within 28 days after the date of the notice convening the meeting.

## 股東之權利

本公司董事會及管理人員致力通過不同渠道與 股東及投資者保持持續溝通,包括本公司之股 東大會。以下概述股東可如何召開股東大會及 於會上提呈建議。

#### 召開股東大會

根據公司條例(香港法例第622章)(「公司條例」)第566至568條,1名或多名股東(佔全體有權在股東大會上表決的股東的總表決權最少5%),可通過遞交經提呈股東認證的書面請求(「書面請求」)至本公司,要求董事召集會議。

該書面要求(i)須述明有待處理的事務的一般性質,及(ii)可包含可恰當地動議並擬在該股東大會上動議的決議文本。

董事必須於他們收到召開股東大會之相關股東的規定所規限日期後的21日內召開股東大會,該大會須在召開該股東大會的通知發出日期後的28日內舉行。

If the Written Request received by the Company identifies a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting, the notice of the meeting must include notice of the resolution. The business that may be dealt with at the meeting includes a resolution that has been included in such notice of meeting. If the resolution is to be proposed as a special resolution, the Directors must include, in the notice of the meeting, the text of the resolution and specifies the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.

If the Directors do not call a meeting as required by the Written Request, the Shareholders who requested the meeting, or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves call a general meeting.

The meeting to be called by the Shareholders must be called (i) within 3 months after the date on which the Directors become subject to the requirement to call a meeting and (ii) in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which that meeting is required to be called by the Directors.

Any reasonable expenses incurred by the Shareholders requesting the meeting by reason of the failure of the Directors duly to call a meeting must be reimbursed by the Company.

#### Procedures to put forward proposals at general meetings

Pursuant to Sections 580 and 582 of the Companies Ordinance, a Shareholder may request the Company to circulate a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to a matter mentioned in any proposed resolution or other business to be dealt with at any general meeting.

To put forward proposals at the meeting, a Written Request must be made by (i) Shareholder(s) holding at least 2.5% of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders who have a relevant right to vote on a proposed resolution at the meeting; or (ii) at least 50 Shareholders who have a relevant right to vote on a proposed resolution at the meeting.

The Written Request must identify the statement to be circulated, and must be received by the Company at least 7 days before the relevant meeting. The expenses of circulating such statement must be paid by the Shareholder(s) who requested the circulation of the statement unless (i) the Company resolves otherwise or (ii) the meeting to which the requests related is an AGM; and requests sufficient to require the Company to circulate the statement are received in time to enable the Company to send a copy of the statement at the same time as it gives notice of the meeting.

如果本公司收到書面要求,指出一項可恰當地 動議並擬在該股東大會上動議的決議,則大會 通知必須包括該決議的通知。已包含在大會通 知內的決議,則可列為該大會上處理的事務。如 果決議案提呈為特別決議案,董事必須於股東 大會的通知內包含該決議的文本,並指明擬採 用特別決議的形式提出該決議的意向。

如果董事沒有按上述書面要求的規定召開會議,則要求召開該股東大會的股東,或佔全體該等股東的總表決權過半數的股東,可自行召開股東大會。

股東召開的會議,必須(i)在董事受到召開股東大會的規定所規限的日期後的3個月內,及(ii)盡可能按董事須召開該股東大會的同樣方式召開。

如因董事沒有妥為召開股東大會,導致要求召 開會議的股東產生之任何合理開支,將會由公 司承擔。

#### 於股東大會上提呈議案程序

根據公司條例第580條及582條,股東可要求公司傳閱關於有待在該股東大會上處理的決議或其他事務,而字數不多於1,000字的陳述書。

如欲在會議上提呈建議,以下人士必須提出書面要求:(i)佔全體有相關表決權利於會上就所提呈決議案表決的股東的總表決權最少2.5%的股東;或(ii)最少50名有相關表決權利於會上就所提呈決議案表決的股東。

該書面要求須指出將予傳閱的陳述書並經所有 提出該要求的人認證;及須於該要求所關乎的 股東大會前最少7日送抵該公司。要求傳閱有關 陳述書的股東須支付傳閱有關陳述書的費用, 除非(i)公司通過決議;或(ii)有關要求所關乎的股 東大會,是本公司的股東週年大會;及本公司及 時收到足以令本公司須傳閱該陳述書的要求, 使本公司在發出該股東大會的通知的同時,能 夠送交該陳述書的文本。

#### **Enquiries from Shareholders**

Shareholders should direct their enquiries in respect of their shareholdings or change of address or distribution instructions to the Company's share registrar, Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited. Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries to the Board via the Investor Relations Representative of the Company whose contact details are shown under "Shareholder Information" of this annual report.

#### COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

The Company believes that effective communication with shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investors' understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, through AGM and other general meetings. The chairman of the Board, all other members of the Board including INEDs, and the chairmen of all Board committees (or their delegates) will make themselves available at the AGM to meet Shareholders and answer their enquiries.

To promote effective communication, the Company maintains a website at www.fshl.com, where information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

#### Policies relating to Shareholders

The Company has in place a Shareholders' Communication Policy to ensure that Shareholders' views and concerns are appropriately addressed. The policy is regularly reviewed to ensure its effectiveness.

The Company has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the shareholder communication policy during the year and conclude that it is effective because some minority shareholders have personally approached the company and ask for relevant news.

#### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

There was no change in the Company's constitutional documents during the Year.

#### 股東查詢

股東可向本公司之股份過戶登記處寶德隆證券登記有限公司查詢彼等之持股情況、地址更改或分配指示。股東可隨時透過本公司投資者關係代表向董事會提交查詢,其聯絡資料已列載於本年報「股東資料」內。

#### 與股東及投資者溝通

本公司相信有效地與股東溝通對於加強投資者關係,加強投資者對於集團表現及策略的理解是不可或缺的。本公司致力於與股東維持持續對話,尤其是透過股東週年大會及其他股東大會。董事會主席、所有其他董事會的成員(包括獨立非執行董事),以及所有董事委員會主席(或其代表)將會抽空出席股東週年大會與股東會面,並回答其有關查詢。

為促進有效溝通,本公司設立網站www.fshl.com。網站內載有關於本公司業務發展及營運之資訊及更新,財務資料、企業管治常規及其他資料,以供公眾查閱。

#### 與股東有關的政策

本公司已制定股東溝通政策,以確保股東的意見及關注得到適當處理。該政策會作定期檢討,以確保其行之有效。

本公司已審閱股東通訊政策於年內的執行情況 及成效,並認為該政策行之有效,此乃由於部分 少數股東親自接觸本公司並尋問相關資訊。

#### 組織章程文件

本年度內本公司之組織章程文件並無任何變 動。

## PROFILES OF DIRECTORS 董事簡介

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. LIU Xianfu ("Mr. LIU")

Chairman of the Board

#### Chairman of the Nomination Committee

Aged 58, has been an ED since 28 August 2018 and was re-designated as a NED on 1 November 2021. He was re-designated from a NED to an ED and was further appointed as the Chairman of the Board and chairman of the Nomination Committee on 1 April 2022, and appointed as the CEO on 1 April 2023. Mr. LIU has over 29 years of experience in the textile industry. Mr. LIU graduated from Anhui University of Finance and Economics (formerly known as Anhui Finance and Trade College\*) in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") in 1987 in professional accounting with a Bachelor's degree of Economics. He graduated in finance and obtained a Master's degree in Economics from Chinese Academy of Fiscal Sciences (formerly known as The Research Institute for Fiscal Science) in the PRC in 1990 and an Executive Master of Business Administration degree from The University of Texas at Arlington, United States of America ("USA") in 2010.

#### Dr. LI Gang ("Dr. LI")

#### Vice President and Executive Director

Aged 45, was appointed as an ED and Vice President on 1 June 2023. Dr. LI has 10 years of experience in the textile industry, 17 years of experience in strategic research and planning, strategy implementation and investment project management. Expertise in strategic development planning and more. Dr. LI once served two Hong Kong listed companies, China Agri Oils and Sinochem Fertilizer. He graduated from Hubei University of Technology with a bachelor's degree in industrial finance and accounting in 2001, a master's degree in economics from Zhongnan University of Economics and Law in 2004, and a master's degree in economics from Renmin University of China in 2007.

## 執行董事(「執行董事」)

劉賢福先生(「劉先生」)

董事會主席

#### 提名委員會主席

現年58歲,自2018年8月28日起出任執行董事, 並於2021年11月1日調任為非執行董事,彼再於 2022年4月1日調任為執行董事並獲委任為董事 會主席及提名委員會主席,及於2023年4月1日 獲委任為行政總裁。劉先生擁有超過29年從事 紡織行業之經驗。劉先生在1987年畢業於中國 安徽財經大學(前稱:安徽財貿學院),會計學專 業,獲得經濟學學士學位。彼在1990年於中華 人民共和國(「中國」)財政科學研究院(前稱:財 政部財政科學研究所) 財政學專業畢業,獲得經 濟學碩士學位;並於2010年獲得美國德克薩斯 大學阿靈頓分校頒發的行政人員工商管理碩士 學位。

#### 李剛博士(「李博士」)

#### 副總裁兼執行董事

現年45歲,自2023年6月1日起出任執行董事兼 副總裁。李博士擁有10年從事紡織行業經驗, 17年戰略研究與規劃、戰略執行與投資項目管 理經驗。李博士曾經服務於中國糧油、中化化 肥兩家香港上市公司,具備工業製造企業財務 管理、產業研究與戰略發展規劃等方面的專業 知識。彼於2001年畢業於湖北工業大學工業財 務與會計本科專業學習管理學學士學位,並於 2004年畢業於中南財經政法大學經濟學碩士學 位及於2007年畢業於中國人民大學經濟學博士 學位。

## PROFILES OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事簡介(續)

#### Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew ("Mr. YAU")

Aged 55, was appointed as an ED on 28 August 2018. Mr. YAU is also the chief marketing officer of the Group and holds directorships in certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. YAU joined the Group in 1992 and has over 29 years of experience in the textile industry with extensive experience in operations and strategic planning. Mr. YAU is also a director of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Textiles Limited. Mr. YAU graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in 1991 with a Higher Diploma in Textile Technology and subsequently obtained a Master of Science degree in Textile Engineering from the University of Leeds in England in 1992. He earned an Executive Master of Business Administration degree and a Master of Science (MSc) degree in Finance from the Chinese University of Hong Kong in 2015 and 2019, respectively.

#### Ms. ZHAO Jianli ("Ms. ZHAO")

Aged 47, was appointed on 1 December 2023 as an ED. She is a legal professional with legal professional qualification\* (法律職業資格) and corporate lawyer qualification\* (公司律師資格) in China. She has 21 years of experience in legal, strategic, and board management. Ms. ZHAO graduated with a Bachelor's degree in Laws and obtained her Master's degree in Laws from Peking University Law School in 1999 and 2002 respectively.

## Mr. ZHANG Zheng ("Mr. ZHANG")

Aged 38, was appointed as an ED on 1 April 2021. Mr. ZHANG graduated with a Bachelor Degree in Economics from Renmin University of China in 2009, and a Master's Degree in Economics from Renmin University of China in 2011. He obtained with the professional qualification of board secretary of Shenzhen Stock Exchange in 2017. He has adequate knowledge in equity financing, mergers and acquisitions and fund management. Mr. ZHANG was the Researcher, Assistant of Fund Manager and Fund Manager of Da Cheng Fund Management Co., Ltd. between 2011 and 2017. He is currently the director and board secretary of Huafu Fashion Co., Ltd., a company listed on Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

#### 邱恒達先生(「邱先生」)

現年55歲,於2018年8月28日獲委任為執行董事。彼現任本集團市場總裁,亦擔任本公司若干附屬公司之董事。邱先生於1992加入本集團,擁有超過29年從事紡織行業之經驗,並於營運及策略性規劃方面具廣泛經驗。邱先生同時擔任香港紡織商會會董。邱先生在1991年畢業於香港理工學院(現香港理工大學之前身),獲頒紡織技術高級文憑,隨後前往英國裡茲大學,並於1992年獲紡織工程科學碩士學位。彼分別於2015年及2019年獲得香港中文大學頒發行政人員工商管理碩士學位及金融學理學碩士學位。

#### 趙建麗女士(「趙女士」)

現年47歲,自2023年12月1日起出任執行董事。 彼是一名法律專業人士,具有法律職業資格、公司律師資格。彼擁有21年法律、戰略及董事會管理經驗。趙女士於1999年畢業於北京大學,獲得法學院法學本科學士學位;並於2002年獲得北京大學法學院經濟法學碩士學位。

#### 張正先生(「張先生」)

現年38歲,於2021年4月1日獲委任為執行董事。張先生於2009年畢業於中國人民大學經濟學學士學位,並於2011年畢業於中國人民大學經濟學碩士學位。彼亦於2017年考獲深圳證券交易所董事會秘書資格證書。彼於股權融資、投資併購及基金管理擁有一定知識。張先生於2011年至2017年期間,歷任大成基金管理有限公司研究員、基金經理助理及基金經理。彼現擔任華孚時尚股份有限公司,一家於深圳證券交易所上市的公司之董事及董事會秘書職位。

## PROFILES OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事簡介 (續)

#### **NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Dr. YEN Gordon ("Dr. YEN")

#### Non-executive Vice Chairman

Aged 54, has been a NED since 31 May 2013 and was further appointed as the Non-executive Vice Chairman of the Board on 28 August 2018. Prior to that, he was the Chief Financial Officer of the Group and an ED. He joined the Group in 1999 and was then promoted to the role of ED in 2004 before being re-designated as a NED. Dr. YEN is currently the founding managing partner of Radiant Tech Ventures Limited, an innovation and technology venture capital firm. Dr. YEN is registered as a responsible officer under the Securities and Futures Ordinance for Type 9 (asset management) regulated activity. He serves as an independent non-executive director and a member of the audit committee and the nomination committee as well as the chairman of the sustainability committee of Impro Precision Industries Limited, and also serves as an independent non-executive director and a member of the nomination committee of Asia Allied Infrastructure Holdings Limited, both companies listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Dr. YEN is a distinguished professor at the City University of Hong Kong; Honorable Life-Chairman of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Textiles Limited; chairman of the Hong Kong Business Angel Network; and a co-chairperson of the Technical Committee of Hong Kong Venture Capital & Private Equity Association (HKVCA). He holds a Bachelor's degree in Manufacturing Engineering from Boston University, USA; a Master degree in Business Administration from McGill University, Canada and a Doctorate in Business Administration from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

## Mr. TAO Yongming ("Mr. TAO")

#### Member of the Remuneration Committee

Aged 58, was appointed as an ED and a member of the Remuneration Committee on 28 August 2018 and re-designated from an ED to a NED, and remain as a member of the Remuneration Committee on 1 April 2022. Mr. TAO graduated from Renmin University of China with a Bachelor's degree in Foreign Trade Accounting in 1987.

### 非執行董事

嚴震銘博士(「嚴博士」)

#### 非執行副主席

現年54歲,自2013年5月31日起出任非執行董 事,並於2018年8月28日獲委任為董事會非執行 副主席。彼之前為本集團執行董事兼首席財務 官。彼於1999年加入本集團,於2004年晉升為 執行董事,其後被任命為非執行董事。嚴博士現 為慧科科創投資有限公司(一家創新和技術開 發投資公司)的創始及執行合夥人,並註冊為證 券及期貨條例下第9類(資產管理)受規管活動之 負責人員。彼為鷹普精密工業有限公司之獨立 非執行董事及審核委員會、提名委員會成員及 可持續發展委員會主席,亦為亞洲聯合基建控 股有限公司之獨立非執行董事及提名委員會之 成員,兩家公司均為香港聯合交易所有限公司 主板上市公司。嚴博士為香港城市大學特約教 授、香港紡織商會永遠榮譽會長、香港天使投資 脈絡主席及香港創業及私募投資協會(HKVCA) 技術委員會聯席主席。彼持有美國波士頓大學 生產工程學士學位、加拿大麥基爾大學工商管 理碩士學位及香港理工大學工商管理博士學 位。

#### 陶永銘先生(「陶先生」)

#### 薪酬委員會成員

現年58歲,於2018年8月28日獲委任為執行董事及薪酬委員會成員,並於2022年4月1日調任為非執行董事,及繼續擔任薪酬委員會成員。陶先生在1987年畢業於中國人民大學一分校外貿會計專業,獲得學士學位。

## PROFILES OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事簡介 (續)

#### **INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. NG Kwok Tung ("Mr. NG")

Chairman of the Audit Committee

#### Member of the Remuneration Committee

Aged 73, joined the Board in 1993 as an INED, and was then appointed as the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee. Mr. NG is a practising accountant. He holds a Bachelor of Commerce Degree and a Licentiateship in Accountancy from McGill University, Canada and a Diploma in Chinese Law from the University of East Asia, Macao. Mr. NG is a member of each of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants of British Columbia, Order of Chartered Professional Accountants of Quebec, The Canadian Institute of Chartered Professional Accountants, The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong, The Society of Chinese Accountants and Auditors and the Society of Registered Financial Planners in Hong Kong.

#### Mr. YING Wei ("Mr. YING")

#### Chairman of the Remuneration Committee

#### Member of the Nomination Committee

Aged 57, was appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director, the chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee on 1 January 2015. Mr. YING holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the University of San Francisco and a Bachelor's Degree in Economics from the Zhejiang Gongshang University (formerly known as Hangzhou Institute of Commerce) in the PRC. He is a non-practising member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants. For the period from 1989 to 2007, Mr. YING served as an ED and the Vice President of China Resources Textiles (Holdings) Company Limited. Between 2007 and 2009, he served as the Vice President of China Water Affairs Group Limited, a company listed in Hong Kong. From July 2008 to July 2009, he held the position of an ED and the President of China City Infrastructure Group Ltd. (formerly known as China Botanic Development Holdings Limited), a company listed in Hong Kong. From September 2011 to March 2022, Mr. YING was an independent non-executive director of China Hengtian Lixin International Co., LTD. From May 2016 to February 2021, he served as a director of Shenzhen listed Giant Network Group Co., LTD. (formerly known as Chongging New Century Cruises Co., LTD.). Currently, Mr. Ying is an independent non-executive director of Zhongsheng Group Holdings Limited, a listed company in Hong Kong. Mr. YING is also a managing partner of CDH Investments.

## 獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)

伍國棟先生(「伍先生」)

審核委員會主席

#### 薪酬委員會成員

現年73歲,於1993年加入董事會為獨立非執行董事,其後被任命為審核委員會主席及薪酬委員會成員。伍先生現為執業會計師。彼持有加拿大麥基爾大學商學院商科學士學位及高級會計文憑及澳門東亞大學中國法律文憑。伍先生為香港會計師公會、加拿大與北克省特許會計師公會、加拿大特許會計師公會、香港稅務學會、香港華人會計師公會及註冊財務策劃師協會會員。

#### 應偉先生(「應先生」)

#### 薪酬委員會主席

#### 提名委員會成員

現年57歲,於2015年1月1日獲委任為獨立非執 行董事、薪酬委員會之主席及提名委員會之成 員。應先生持有舊金山大學工商管理碩士學位 及浙江工商大學(前稱杭州商學院)經濟學學 士學位,並為中國註冊會計師協會之非執業會 員。於1989年至2007年期間,應先生曾於華潤 紡織(集團)有限公司工作,擔任執行董事及 副總裁。於2007年至2009年期間,彼出任香港 上市公司中國水務集團有限公司之副總裁。於 2008年7月至2009年7月期間,彼出任香港上市 公司中國城市基礎設施集團有限公司(前稱中 國植物開發控股有限公司) 之執行董事及總裁。 於2011年9月至2022年3月期間,應先生為中國 恒天立信國際有限公司之獨立非執行董事。於 2016年5月至2021年2月期間,彼為深圳上市公 司巨人網絡集團有限公司(前稱重慶新世紀郵 輪股份有限公司)之董事。目前,應先生任中升 集團控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事,為香港 上市公司。另外,應先生現時亦是鼎暉投資之管 理合夥人。

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

## PROFILES OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事簡介 (續)

Mr. William LAM ("Mr. YING")

Member of the Audit Committee

Member of the Nomination Committee

Aged 65, was appointed as an INED, a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee on 9 May 2016. Mr. LAM is a solicitor of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and the Supreme Court of England and Wales, and a civil celebrant of marriages in Hong Kong. He graduated from the University of Manchester, England in 1981 with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Electronics and Electrical Engineering. His major study included computer design, power transmission and telecommunications. He is also a member of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (M.I.E.E.E.) in USA. After obtaining his Bachelor's Degree, he studied laws at the Manchester Polytechnic (now known as Manchester Metropolitan University), England and the College of Law in Chester, England, respectively. Mr. LAM returned to Hong Kong in 1984 to work in family business of Tai Sun Company (a member of The Hong Kong-Kowloon Yarn and Fabrics Association), and Shing Fung Finance Company Limited, both founded by his late father Mr. LAM Muk Kwong in 1958 and 1972, respectively. In 1992, Mr. LAM furthered his studies in laws at the University of Hong Kong and obtained a Postgraduate Certificate in Laws (PCLL) and was admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of Hong Kong in 1994 and of the Supreme Court of England and Wales in the following year. In 1999, Mr. LAM founded William Lam and Company, Solicitors to start his own practice in law. Mr. LAM also serves in many areas. He is an executive committee member of the Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organisations, the founding president of the University of Manchester Alumni Association of Hong Kong, General Committee of Yau Yat Chuen Garden City Club Ltd. and a member of the InnoTech Committee of the Law Society of Hong Kong from 18 January 2005 to 30 September 2020 and was a coopted member of the Chinese Temples Committee from 2009 to 2015. Mr. LAM has also acted as the legal advisor of various organisations, such as the Hong Kong General Chamber of Textiles Limited, the Chamber of the Hong Kong Computer Industry, the Hong Kong Information Technology Joint Council, the Hong Kong WEEE Recycling Association, the Hong Kong Society of Medical Professionals, the Hong Kong Software Industry Association and the Hong Kong New Youth Energy Think Tank.

林偉成先生(「林先生」)

審核委員會成員提名委員會成員

現年65歲,於2016年5月9日獲委任為獨立非執 行董事、審核委員會之成員及提名委員會之成 員。林先生是香港特別行政區和英格蘭和威爾 士的註冊律師及香港婚姻監禮人。彼於1981年 畢業於英國曼徹斯特大學電子及電機工程系理 學士學位,主修科目包括電腦設計,輸電交換及 電子通訊。彼亦是美國電機電子工程師學會的 會員(M.I.E.E.E.)。彼於英國曼徹斯特大學取得 理學士學位後往曼徹斯特理工學院(現為曼徹 斯特都會大學) 和英國法律學院修讀法律。林先 生1984年回港後便從事家族生意,在先父林木 廣先生於1958年創立的大新公司(港九紗布經 銷商之一) 和1972年成立的成豐財務有限公司 工作。林先生於1992年在香港大學深造法律, 並考取專業法律證書(PCLL)。林先生於1994年 正式成為香港高等法院律師,翌年取得英格蘭 和威爾士高等法院律師資格,並在1999年成立 林偉成律師行。林先生出任多項公職,包括現任 香港廣東社團總會常務會董、英國曼徹斯特大 學校友會(香港)創會會長、又一村花園俱樂部 有限公司委員會委員、2005年1月18日至2020年 9月30日香港律師會創新科技的委員會成員和 2009年至2015年華人廟宇委員會的增補委員。 林先生亦先後擔任香港紡織商會、香港電腦商 會、香港資訊科技聯會、香港電器及電子設備回 收協會、香港醫療專業人士協會、香港軟件行業 協會及香港新活力青年智庫之法律顧問。

## PROFILES OF DIRECTORS (continued) 董事簡介 (續)

#### Mr. WONG Kwong Chi ("Mr. WONG")

#### Member of the Audit Committee

Aged 72, has been an INED since 30 June 2021 and was further appointed as a Member of the Audit Committee since 1 November 2021. Mr. WONG was an INED from 1998 to 2012. He has extensive experience in the capital investment market. Mr. WONG is a founding partner and a member of the investment committee of Whiz Partners Asia Limited and he is the chairman of the board of directors of Cornwall Medical Holding Company Limited. He was an executive director of CDC Corporation which is a listed company in the United States and an executive director of CDC Software Corporation which is a public company in the United States. He was also an executive director of China.com Inc. (now known as Sino Splendid Holdings Limited) and an independent non-executive director of Glory Mark Hi-Tech (Holdings) Limited and Sinoref Holdings Limited (now known as Cybernaut International Holdings Company Limited), all of which are listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. WONG holds a Bachelor's degree of Science in Physics and a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. Additionally, Mr. WONG served as the former Chairman of the Hong Kong Venture Capital and Private Equity Association, the former Vice President of The Hong Kong Electronic Industries Association and the former Vice President of the Hong Kong Auto Parts Industry Association. He is also a member of the Hong Kong Young Industrialists Council and the Honorary Advisor of the Hong Kong Critical Components Manufacturers Association.

#### 王幹芝先生(「王先生」)

#### 審核委員會成員

現年72歲,自2021年6月30日起出任獨立非執 行董事,並於2021年11月1日獲委任為審核委 員會成員。王先生於1998年至2012年曾擔任本 集團獨立非執行董事。彼在資本投資市場上有 豐富經驗。王先生為匯澤亞洲投資有限公司創 始合夥人及投資委員會成員,以及為安和醫療 集團董事會主席。彼曾任CDC Corporation之執 行董事為一家美國上市公司及CDC Software Corporation之執行董事為一家美國公眾公司。 彼亦曾任中華網科技公司(現稱中國華泰瑞銀 控股有限公司) 之執行董事、輝煌科技(控股) 有 限公司及華耐科技控股有限公司(現稱賽伯樂 國際控股有限公司)之獨立非執行董事,全為 為香港上市公司。王先生持有香港中文大學頒 發之物理學理學學士學位及工商管理學碩士學 位。王先生為香港創業及私募投資協會前任主 席、香港電子業商會前任副會長及香港汽車零 部件工業協會前任副會長。彼亦為香港青年工 業家協會會員及香港關鍵性零部件製造業協會 名譽司庫。

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT** 董事會報告

The Directors present the annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

## 主要業務

務報表。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團主要從事 紡織及成衣業務,包括生產及銷售針織布料及 成衣。其主要附屬公司之主要業務載列於綜合 財務報表附註35內。

董事提呈本集團本年度之年報及經審核綜合財

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in the textile and garment businesses, including the production and sale of knitted fabric and garments. Details of the principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The Group's financial performance for the Year and the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023 are set out in the consolidated financial statements on pages 84 to 180 of this annual report. No interim dividend was declared for the six months ended 30 June 2023. The Board has resolved to recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK3.00 cents per share of the Company (the "Share") in respect of the Year (2022: Nil) to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") whose names will appear on the register of members of the Company (the "Register of Members") on Friday, 5 July 2024 and the retention of the remaining profit for the Year.

Subject to the approval of the Shareholders at the forthcoming AGM of the Company to be held on Friday, 21 June 2024, it is expected that the final dividend and the special dividend will be paid on or about Tuesday, 16 July 2024.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A fair review of the business and a discussion and analysis of the performance for the Year and an indication of likely future development in the business of the Group are provided in the Chairman's Statement and the Management Discussion and Analysis (the "MD&A") of this annual report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group can be found throughout this annual report, in particular the Risk Management and Internal Control section under the Corporate Governance Report and the Possible Risks and Uncertainties section of this Directors' Report. The Group did not have any significant event after the Year and up to the date of this annual report. An analysis using financial key performance indicators is provided in the Financial and Statistical Highlights and the MD&A. Compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group can be found throughout this annual report, in particular, the Corporate Governance Report.

In addition, discussions on the Group's environmental policies and relationships with the key stakeholders that have a significant impact on the Group are contained in the Environmental, Social and Governance Policies and Performance section in the Chairman's Statement and the Stakeholders' Engagement section in the MD&A of this annual report.

## 財務報表及分配

本集團本年度之財務業績及本集團於2023年12 月31日止年度之財務狀況載列於本年報第84至 180頁之綜合財務報表內。截至2023年6月30日 止六個月內並無派發中期股息,本公司董事會 (「董事會」) 決議建議就本年度向予在2024年7 月5日(星期五)名列在股東名冊(「股東名冊」)之 本年度股東(「股東」)派發末期股息本公司股份 (「股份」) 每股3.00港仙(2022年:無),並保留 本年度餘下的盈利。

待在即將於2024年6月21日(星期五)舉行的本 公司股東週年大會上獲股東批准後,末期股息 預期於2024年7月16日(星期二)或之前派付。

#### 業務回顧

有關對本集團截至本年度業務的中肯審視及該 年度表現的討論及分析,以及業務上相當有可 能的未來發展的揭示,已載於本年報的主席報 告及管理層討論與分析報告(「管理層討論及分 析」)內。對本集團面對的主要風險及不明朗因 素的描述,於本年報管理層討論與分析內之風 險管理及於董事報告之潛在風險及不明朗因素 已作披露。於本年度後及直至本年報日期止,本 集團沒有任何重大事項。運用財務關鍵表現指 標進行的分析,見於本年報的財務及統計摘要 及管理層討論與分析報告書。而本集團遵守對 本集團有重大影響的有關法律及規例的情況, 則已在本年報各部分(尤其在企業管治報告內) 作出披露。

此外,本集團的環境政策及其與對本集團有重 大影響的主要持份者的關係的討論,披露於本 年報主席報告的環境、社會及管治政策及表現 部分及管理層討論及分析的權益人參與部分。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) 董事會報告(續)

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Possible Risks and Uncertainties

The Group's possible risks and uncertainties range from raw material risk, market risk, operational risk, credit risk and financial risk.

#### Raw Material Risk

The Group's business is dependent on the supply and cost of raw materials, in particular cotton yarns and any disruption in the supply or fluctuation in the prices of such raw materials, which could materially and adversely affect the Group's business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects.

#### Market Risk

The global financial markets have experienced volatility recently, which may have a negative impact on the Group's business operation. Affected by the China-United States trade war, textile industry related products have appeared in the list of tariffs imposed by both parties. Therefore, the latest trend of trade negotiations will determine the extent of the impact of tariff policies on the textile and garment industry. The financial uncertainty may affect the global textile and garment industry, which in turn may affect the business of major retail brands and garment manufacturers, which are the principal customers of the Group.

#### **Operational Risk**

The Group's fabric production facilities emit wastewater and other pollutants and are subject to various environmental protection laws and regulations in China and other countries where the Group's production facilities are located. Any change to, or failure by the Group to comply with, environmental protection laws or regulations may cause the Group to incur additional costs and expenses.

In addition, if the production facilities of the Group experience any power, steam or water shortages, the Group's business and results of operations may be harmed.

## 風險管理

#### 潛在風險及不明朗因素

本集團的潛在風險及不明朗因素包括原材料風險、市場風險、營運風險、信貸風險及財務風險。

#### 原材料風險

本集團的業務取決於原材料(尤其是棉紗)的供應及成本,供應出現任何中斷或原材料價格出現波動可能會對本集團的業務、經營業績、財務狀況及前景造成重大不利影響。

#### 市場風險

全球金融市場近期動盪不穩,可能會對本集團的業務經營造成不利影響。受中美貿易戰影響,紡織行業相關產品已出現在雙方加征關稅的清單中。因此,中美貿易談判的最新走勢將決定關稅政策對於紡織及成衣行業的影響程度。金融不明朗因素可能影響全球紡織及成衣行業,而這或會影響大型零售品牌及成衣製造商(為本集團的主要客戶)的業務。

## 營運風險

本集團的面料生產設施排放廢水及其他污染物,並須受中國及本集團生產設施所在地的其他國家的各種環保法例及法規的規限。環保法例或法規的任何變動或本集團未能遵守環保法例或法規可能令本集團產生額外費用及開支。

此外,倘本集團的生產設施出現電力、蒸汽或水力不足,本集團的業務及經營業績或會受損。

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that a customer in a transaction may default. The Group identifies and manages credit risk by defining the target market segment, formulating appropriate credit policies, and carrying out credit assessment and monitoring asset quality. The Group has established policies, procedures, and rating systems to identify, measure, monitor, control and report on credit risk. They are reviewed and enhanced on an ongoing basis to cater for market changes, statutory requirements and best practices in risk management processes.

#### Financial Risk

For financial risk, please refer to the Risk Management section under the MD&A and note 37(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

Details of the movements in the investment properties of the Group during the Year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements. Particulars of the Group's investment properties are set out on page 75 of this annual report.

#### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

During the Year, the Group had additions of HK\$87,871,000 to property, plant and equipment, which were mainly used to expand and upgrade the Group's manufacturing facilities.

Details of the above and other movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to the Shareholders as at 31 December 2023, calculated under Sections 291, 297 and 299 of the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), amounted to HK\$1,035,531,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$1,030,269,000).

#### 信貸風險

信貸風險源於客戶未能履行其交易承擔。本集團透過設定目標市場分部、制定適當的信貸政策和執行信貸評核程序,以及監控資產素質,來識別和管理信貸風險。本集團已制訂多項政策、程序及評級系統,以識別、衡量、監察、控制及匯報本集團所承受的信貸風險。本集團持續檢討和改善該等指引,以配合市場轉變、有關法定要求及風險管理程序的最佳做法。

#### 財務風險

就財務風險而言,請參閱管理層討論與分析內之風險管理及綜合財務報表附註37(b)內。

## 投資物業

本年度本集團之投資物業變動詳情載列於綜合 財務報表附註13內。本集團之投資物業詳情載 列於本年報第75頁。

#### 物業、機器及設備

本 年 度 本 集 團 添 置 物 業、機 器 及 設 備 87,871,000港元,主要用於擴大及增強本集團 之生產設備。

本年度本集團之物業、機器及設備就上述及其 他變動詳情載列於綜合財務報表附註14內。

#### 股本

本年度之本公司股本變動詳情載列於綜合財務 報表附註31內。

#### 本公司之可供分派儲備

於2023年12月31日,本公司可供分派予股東之儲備(根據香港法例第622章公司條例第291、297及299條的規定計算)為1,035,531,000港元(2022年12月31日:1,030,269,000港元)。

## **DIRECTORS**

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

#### **EDs**

Mr. LIU Xianfu (Chairman)

(appointed as Chief Executive Officer on 1 April 2023)

Dr. LI Gang

(appointed as ED on 1 June 2023)

Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew

Ms. ZHAO Jianli

(appointed as ED on 1 December 2023)

Mr. ZHANG Zheng

Mr. SUN Fuji

(resigned as ED and CEO on 1 April 2023)

Mr. ZHAO Yao

(resigned as ED, authorised representative and senior consultant on 1 December 2023)

#### **NEDs**

Dr. YEN Gordon (Non-executive Vice Chairman)

Mr. TAO Yongming

## **INEDs**

Mr. NG Kwok Tung

Mr. YING Wei

Mr. William LAM

Mr. WONG Kwong Chi

## 董事

本年度內及截至本年報日期,董事名單如下:

#### 執行董事

劉賢福先生(主席兼行政總裁)

(於2023年4月1日起獲委任為行政總裁) 李剛先生

(於2023年6月1日起獲委任為執行董事)

邱恒達先生

趙建麗女士

(於2023年12月1日起獲委任為執行董事)

張正先生

孫福紀先生

(於2023年4月1日起辭任執行董事及行政總裁)

趙耀先生

(於2023年12月1日起辭任執行董事、授權代表 及高級顧問)

#### 非執行董事

嚴震銘博士(非執行副主席)

陶永銘先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

伍國棟先生

應偉先生

林偉成先生

王幹芝先生

According to the Articles, Mr. LIU Xianfu, Mr. ZHANG Zheng and Mr. TAO Yongming will retire and being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM. Mr. NG Kwok Tung and Mr. YING Wei have served as INEDs for more than nine years. The Nomination Committee of the Company believes that both Mr. NG Kwok Tung and Mr. YING Wei have demonstrated their integrity and independence in their appointed positions and contributions to the Board, providing independent judgment and fresh perspectives to the company's affairs, unaffected by their length of service. The Board is confident that their in-depth understanding of the Group's business and their extensive experience and professional knowledge will continue to make significant contributions to the Board.

According to the Articles, Ms. ZHAO Jianli (appointed as an ED on 1 December 2023) will retire but is eligible for re-election at the 2024 AGM, and she has expressed her willingness to stand for re-election.

The independence of INEDs has been assessed by the Company's Nomination Committee. The Company has also received annual confirmations regarding their independence, as per the independence guidelines under Listing Rule 3.13. The Board confirms that all Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company are independent individuals.

As at 31 December 2023, no Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM had a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries, which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The biographical details of the Directors are set out on pages 56 to 61 of this annual report.

根據章程細則,趙建麗女士(於2023年12月1日 獲委任為執行董事)將退任,彼符合資格,並願 意於2024年股東週年大會上膺選連任。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性已經由本公司提名委員會評估。本公司亦已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條之獨立性指引作出有關彼等獨立性之年度確認書。董事會認為本公司所有獨立非執行董事皆為獨立人士。

於2023年12月31日,並無擬在即將舉行之股東 週年大會上重選連任之董事,與本公司或其任 何附屬公司訂立本集團在1年內不可在不予賠償 (法定賠償除外)的情況下終止的服務合約。

有關董事履歷之詳情載列於本年報第56至第61 頁。

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES**

As at 31 December 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "SFO")), which were required to be: (a) notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), (b) recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO (the "Register"), or (c) notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules" and the "Model Code", respectively), were as follows:

Long positions in the Shares:

## 於股份的好倉情況:

| Name of Directors                | Capacity  | Nature of Interests                                  | Number of Shares Held               | Total     | Approximate % of<br>the Issued Shares<br>約佔本公司總已 |
|----------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|-----------|--|
| 董事姓名                             | 身份<br>  | 權益性質   | 股份及相關股份目                            | 總數        | 發行股本百分比  |
| Dr. YEN Gordon<br>嚴震銘博士          | Beneficial owner<br>實益擁有人                               | Personal interest<br>個人權益                            | 8,380,000                           | 8,380,000 | 0.68   |
| Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew<br>邱恒達先生 | Beneficial owner<br>實益擁有人<br>Spouse's interests<br>配偶權益 | Personal interest<br>個人權益<br>Family interest<br>家族權益 | 2,508,000<br>380,000<br>(Note) (附註) | 2,888,000 | 0.24   |

Note: Mr. YAU Hang Tat Andrew is deemed to be interested in 380,000 Shares held by his spouse under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which (a) had been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), (b) were recorded in the Register, or (c) had been notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

## 董事之證券權益

於2023年12月31日,本公司董事及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(具有香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第 XV部所賦予之涵義)之股份、相關股份及債權證中須擁有(a)按證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部通知本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例第352條所存置之記錄於該條所述之名冊(「名冊」)之權益及淡倉;或(c)按聯交所證券上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(分別為「上市規則」及「標準守則」)通知本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

附註: 根據證券及期貨條例,邱恒達先生被視為擁有其配偶所持有本公司的380,000股股份之權益。

除上述披露者外,於2023年12月31日,概無本公司董事、最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(具有證券及期貨條例第XV部所賦予之涵義)之任何股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有根據本公司(a)按證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部通知本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例之有關規定彼等被當作或視為擁有之權益及淡倉);(b)記錄於該條所述之名冊之權益及淡倉;或(c)按標準守則須通知本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' **INTERESTS**

As at 31 December 2023, the following persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company)/entities had interests and short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register of interests of the substantial shareholders required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO (the "Substantial Shareholders' Register").

Long positions in the Shares:

## 主要股東及其他人士權益

於2023年12月31日,根據本公司按證券及期貨 條例第336條所存置之主要股東名冊(「主要股 東名冊」) 記錄,下列人士(本公司董事或最高行 政人員除外)/實體於股份及相關股份中擁有 權益及淡倉為:

於股份的好倉情況:

| Name of<br>Substantial Shareholders  | Capacity                                    | Nature of Interests        | Number of<br>Shares Held                       | Total       | Approximate % of the Issued Shares |
|--|---|----------------------------|--|-------------|------------------------------------|
| 主要股東名稱   | 身份  | 權益性質                       | 持有股份數目   | 總數          | 約佔已發行<br>股份百分比                     |
| COFCO Corporation ("COFCO")<br>中糧集團有限公司 (「中糧」)                                     | Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益 | Corporate interest<br>法團權益 | 485,092,000<br>(Notes 1 and 2)<br>(附註1及2)      | 485,092,000 | 39.60                              |
| Chinatex Corporation Limited<br>("Chinatex")<br>中國中紡集團有限公司 (「中紡」)                  | Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益 | Corporate interest<br>法團權益 | 485,092,000<br>(Notes 1 and 2)<br>(附註1及2)      | 485,092,000 | 39.60                              |
| Chinatex Yieldfull Investment<br>Co., Ltd. ("Yieldfull")<br>中紡盈豐投資管理有限公司<br>(「盈豐」) | Beneficial owner<br>實益擁有人                   | Personal interest<br>個人權益  | 409,036,000                                    | 409,036,000 | 33.39                              |
| Mr. SUN Weiting ("Mr. SUN")<br>孫偉挺先生 (「孫先生」)                                       | Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益 | Corporate interest<br>法團權益 | 211,966,000<br><i>(Note 3)</i><br><i>(附註3)</i> | 211,966,000 | 17.30                              |
| Ms. CHEN Lingfen ("Ms. CHEN")<br>陳玲芬女士 (「陳女士」)                                     | Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益 | Corporate interest<br>法團權益 | 211,966,000<br><i>(Note 3)</i><br><i>(附註3)</i> | 211,966,000 | 17.30                              |
| Huafu Holding Co., Ltd.<br>("Huafu Holding")<br>華孚控股有限公司 (「華孚控股」)                  | Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益 | Corporate interest<br>法團權益 | 211,966,000<br><i>(Note 3)</i><br><i>(附註3)</i> | 211,966,000 | 17.30                              |
| Huafu Fashion Co., Ltd.<br>("Huafu Fashion")<br>華孚時尚股份有限公司<br>(「華孚時尚」)             | Interest of controlled corporations 控制法團的權益 | Corporate interest<br>法團權益 | 211,966,000<br><i>(Note 3)</i><br><i>(附註3)</i> | 211,966,000 | 17.30                              |

| Name of<br>Substantial Shareholders             | Capacity                   | Nature of Interests       | Number of<br>Shares Held                      | Total      | Approximate % of the Issued Shares 約佔已發行 |
|---|----------------------------|---------------------------|---|------------|--|
| 主要股東名稱  | 身份                         | 權益性質                      | 持有股份數目  | 總數         | 股份百分比                                    |
| Mr. HA Chung Fong ("Mr. HA")<br>夏松芳先生 (「夏先生」)   | Beneficial owner<br>實益擁有人  | Personal interest<br>個人權益 | 80,282,948                                    | 80,282,948 | 6.55                                     |
| Ms. TANG Kuen Mui ("Ms. TANG")<br>鄧娟妹女士 (「鄧女士」) | Spouse's interests<br>配偶權益 | Family interest<br>家族權益   | 80,282,948<br><i>(Note 4)</i><br><i>(附註4)</i> | 80,282,948 | 6.55                                     |

<sup>\*</sup> For identification purpose only

## 僅供識別

#### Notes:

- Yieldfull is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Chinatex and Chinatex is a wholly-owned subsidiary of COFCO. Therefore, each of Chinatex and COFCO is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Yieldfull under the SFO.
- 2. As at 31 December 2023, Chinatex (H.K.) Holding Limited ("Chinatex (H.K.)") held 76,056,000 Shares as beneficial owner. Chinatex (H.K.) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Chinatex and Chinatex is a wholly-owned subsidiary of COFCO. Therefore, each of Chinatex and COFCO is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Chinatex (H.K.) under the SFO.
- 3. Hong Kong Tin Shing Trading Limited ("Tin Shing") held 211,966,000 Shares as beneficial owner. Tin Shing is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Huafu HK Co. Limited ("Huafu HK"). Huafu HK is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shenzhen Huafu Import and Export Co., Ltd. ("Shenzhen Huafu") and Shenzhen Huafu is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Huafu Fashion. Huafu Fashion is owned as to 30.62% by Huafu Holding and Huafu Holding is owned as to 50% by each of Mr. SUN and Ms. CHEN. Therefore, each of Huafu HK, Shenzhen Huafu, Huafu Fashion, Huafu Holding, Mr. SUN and Ms. CHEN is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Tin Shing under the SFO.
- Ms. TANG, spouse of Mr. HA, is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Mr. HA under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2023, the Directors were not aware of any persons (other than a Director or the chief executive of the Company) who/entities which had any interests and short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares, which were recorded in the Substantial Shareholders' Register.

#### 附註:

- 根據證券及期貨條例,盈豐為中紡之全資附屬公司,而中紡則為中糧的全資附屬公司。因此,中紡及中糧各自被視作擁有盈豐所持股份之權益。
- 2. 根據證券及期貨條例,於2023年12月31日,中 紡(香港)控股有限公司(「中紡(香港)」)持有 76,056,000股股份(作為實益擁有人)。中紡(香港)為中紡之全資附屬公司,而中紡則為中糧之 全資附屬公司。因此,中紡及中糧各自被視作擁 有中紡(香港)所持股份之權益。
- 3. 香港天成貿易有限公司(「天成」)持有 211,966,000股股份(作為實益擁有人)。天成為 香港華孚有限公司(「香港華孚」)之全資附屬公司。香港華孚為深圳市華孚進出口有限公司(「深 圳華孚」)之全資附屬公司,而深圳華孚為華孚時 尚之全資附屬公司。華孚時尚由華孚控股持有 30.62%權益,而華孚控股由孫先生及陳女士分 別持有50%權益。因此,根據證券及期貨條例, 香港華孚、深圳華孚、華孚時尚、華孚控股、孫 先生及陳女士均被視為擁有天成持有的股份的 權益。
- 4. 根據證券及期貨條例,鄧女士為夏先生之配偶, 因而被當作擁有夏先生所持股份之權益。

除上述披露者外,於2023年12月31日,董事並不知悉任何人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)/實體於股份及相關股份中擁有須記錄於主要股東名冊之權益或淡倉。

# ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the Year was the Company, or its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate and no such arrangements subsisted as at 31 December 2023.

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office. Such provision was in force during the course of the Year and remained in force as of the date of this report.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors and officers liability insurance in respect of relevant legal actions against the Directors.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transactions" in this Directors' Report below and note 42 to the consolidated financial statements, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business, to which the Company, or its holding companies, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director or an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted as at 31 December 2023 or at any time during the Year.

#### **DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES**

The names of all directors who have served on the boards of the subsidiaries of the Company during the Year or during the period from 1 January 2024 to the date of this Directors' Report are available on the Company's website at www.fshl.com.

# CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements, there was no contract of significance (whether for the provision of services to the Group or not) in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which any controlling shareholders (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

## 購買股份或債券安排

除上述披露者外,本公司/或其任何控股公司/或其任何附屬公司或其任何同系附屬公司, 於2023年12月31日止及年度內均無或存在任何安排,使董事可藉購買本公司或任何其他公司之股份或債券而獲益。

### 獲准許的彌償條文

根據章程細則,每名董事就其執行職務或與此 有關所蒙受或招致之一切損失或負債,均有權 從本公司資產中獲得彌償。此條文在本年度期 間生效,並於此報告日仍生效。

本公司已就董事及主要職員可能面對之有關法律行動安排適當的董事及主要職員責任保險。

## 董事擁有之重要交易,安排或合約權益

除本董事會報告「關連交易」部分及綜合財務報 表附註42所披露者外,於截至2023年12月31日 或在本年度任何時間,本公司/或其任何控股 公司/或任何附屬公司或其任何同系附屬公 司,並無與董事或與董事有關連的實體訂立或 存在任何與本集團業務直接或間接重大權益之 重要交易,安排或合約。

#### 附屬公司之董事

於本年度或於2024年1月1日起至本董事會報告日期止期間任職於本公司附屬公司董事會的全體董事姓名載於本公司網站www.fshl.com。

#### 控股股東擁有之合約權益

除綜合財務報表附註42所披露者外,於本年度 結束時或在本年度任何時間,本公司或其任何 附屬公司並無與其控股股東(「定義見上市規則) 或其任何附屬公司訂立或存在任何與本集團業 務直接或間接重大權益之重要合約(不論是否 為本集團提供服務)。

### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Company's independent auditor was engaged to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions (as defined in the Listing Rules) (the "Continuing Connected Transactions") in accordance with the Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and by reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The independent auditor has issued a letter containing its findings and conclusions in respect of the Continuing Connected Transactions disclosed by the Group in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules. A copy of the independent auditor's letter has been provided by the Company to the Stock Exchange. The information in relation to the Continuing Connected Transactions entered into during the Year is set out in note 42(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company's independent auditor has confirmed that all of the Continuing Connected Transactions (a) had been approved by the Board; (b) were in accordance with the pricing policies of the Group, where applicable; (c) had been entered into in accordance with the terms of the agreements governing the transactions; and (d) had not exceeded the respective cap amounts in respect of each of the Continuing Connected Transactions.

The INEDs have also reviewed the Continuing Connected Transactions and confirmed that the same had been entered into by the Group:

- (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties; and
- (iii) in accordance with the terms of the agreements governing such transactions that were fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.

### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION**

Save for the transactions disclosed in note 42(b) to the consolidated financial statements, none of the related party transactions disclosed in note 42 to the consolidated financial statements constituted a one-off connected transaction or continuing connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements for all the one-off connected transactions or continuing connected transactions (as the case may be) in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

### 關連交易

本公司獨立核數師已獲委聘根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港核證工作準則》第3000號(經修訂)「對過往財務資料進行審核或審閱以外的核證工作」及參照實務說明第740號「關於香港《上市規則》所述持續關連交易(定義見上市規則所列明)(「持續關連交易」)的核數師函件」報告本集團之持續關連交易。獨立核數師已根據上市規則第14A.56條發出函件,當中載有核數師對本集團於綜合財務報表附註42所披露之持續關連交易之發現及結論。本公司已將獨立核數師函件副本送呈聯交所。於本年度訂立之持續關連交易之資料已載於綜合財務報表附註42(c)。

本公司獨立核數師已確認,所有持續關連交易(a)已獲董事會批准;(b)根據本集團之定價政策釐定(如適用);(c)根據監管該等交易之協議條款訂立;及(d)各項持續關連交易並無超過各自之上限金額。

獨立非執行董事亦已審閱上述持續關連交易, 並確認上述持續關連交易乃由本集團按下列基 準訂立:

- (i) 於本集團日常及正常業務過程中訂立;
- (ii) 按一般商業條款或不遜於本集團提供予獨 立第三方或獨立第三方提供予本集團之條 款訂立;及
- iii) 根據監管該等交易之協議條款訂立,而該等協議條款屬公平合理,並符合本公司股東的整體利益。

### 關聯人士交易

除綜合財務報表附註42(b)所披露之交易外,概無於本集團綜合財務報表附註42所披露之關聯人士交易根據上市規則第14A章構成一次性關連交易或持續關連交易。本公司已根據上市規則第14A章遵守有關所有一次性關連交易或持續關連交易(視情況而定)之披露規定。

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)** 董事會報告(續)

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Year, the Company had not redeemed its listed securities, nor did the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchase or sell any of such securities.

### CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the INEDs an annual written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considered that all the INEDs meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines.

### **REMUNERATION POLICY**

The remuneration policy of the employees (including key management) of the Group was established by the management of the Group on the basis of their merit, qualifications and competence. The Remuneration Committee will review and approve the remuneration policy to be recommended to the Board for approval.

The remuneration of each of the Directors is reviewed and recommended by the Remuneration Committee to the Board for approval, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics. None of the Directors or executives, or any of their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules), is involved in dealing with his own remuneration.

### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

Under the dividend policy, provided the Group is profitable and without affecting the normal operations of the Group, the Company may consider to declare and pay dividends to the Shareholders. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, inter alia: (i) the general financial condition of the Group; (ii) capital and debt level of the Group; (iii) future cash requirements and availability for business operations, business strategies and future development needs; (iv) any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders; (v) the general market conditions; (vi) the interests of the Shareholders; and (vii) any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

During the Year, none of the Directors or their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interest in any business (apart from the Group's business) which competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

### 購回、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

本年度內,本公司並未有贖回其上市證券,本公 司及其附屬公司亦無購買或出售該等證券。

### 獨立性之確認

本公司已獲得每名獨立非執行董事每年書面聲 明以確認各自按上市規則第3.13條的獨立性。 本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均符合上市規 則第3.13條所載之獨立指引,並根據有關指引 屬獨立。

### 薪酬政策

有關本集團僱員(包括主要管理人員)之薪酬政 策由本集團管理層制定,以彼等之表現、資歷及 工作能力為基準,由本公司薪酬委員會審批,並 作為建議向董事會呈交,供其審批。

每位董事之酬金參照本公司之營運業績、個別 表現及比較市場統計數字而釐定,並由薪酬委 員會審閱及作為建議向董事會呈交,供其審批。 概無董事或執行人員或其任何聯繫人士(如上 市規則所列)參與處理其本身之薪酬事宜。

### 股息政策

根據股息政策,倘本集團有盈利且不影響本集 團的正常營運的情況下,則本公司可考慮向股 東宣佈及派發股息。在決定是否建議宣派股息 及釐定股息的金額時,董事會應考慮(其中包 括):(i)本集團的一般財務狀況;(ii)本集團的資本 及債務水準;(iii)未來現金需求及業務營運、業務 策略及未來發展需要的可用性;(iv)對本集團貸 方可能施加的股息支付的任何限制;(v)一般市 場條件;(vi)股東的利益;及(vii)董事會認為適當 的任何其他因素。

### 董事於競爭業務之權益

本年度內,董事或彼等各自之聯繫人士(定義見 上市規則) 概無在與本集團業務直接或間接構 成競爭或可能構成競爭之業務中擁有權益。

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) 董事會報告(續)

# **UPDATE ON THE DIRECTORS' INFORMATION UNDER RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES**

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, changes in the information of the Directors since the date of the 2023 interim report of the Company required to be disclosed in this annual report are as follows:

- Ms. ZHAO Jianli was appointed as ED of the Company with effect from 1 December 2023.
- Mr. ZHAO Yao was resigned as ED, authorised representative and senior consultant of the Company with effect from 1 December 2023.

### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts (except for the EDs' service contracts) concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

During the Year, the aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers was less than 30% of the total revenue for the Year.

During the Year, the aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers was less than 30% of the total purchases for the Year.

None of the Directors nor any of their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) owns more than 5% of the number of issued Shares) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and/or five largest suppliers during the Year.

### **DONATIONS**

During the Year, the Group made charitable and other donations totaling HK\$10,000 (2022: None).

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 34 to 55 of this annual report.

### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT**

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the Year or subsisted at the end of the Year.

### 根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條更新董事 資料

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,自本公司2023年中期報告日期以來本公司董事資料的變動須於本年報中披露如下:

- 趙建麗女士於2023年12月1日獲委任為本 公司執行董事。
- 趙耀先生於2023年12月1日起辭任本集團 執行董事、授權代表及高級顧問。

### 管理合約

於本年度內,除於執行董事訂立之服務合約,並 無訂立或存在與本公司業務全部或任何重大部 分有關的管理及行政合約。

### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團本年度內之5大客戶共佔營業總額少於 30%。

本集團本年度內之5大供應商共佔採購總額少 於30%。

年內,董事或彼等的任何緊密聯繫人(如上市規則所列)(就董事所深知擁有已發行股份數目5%以上)概無於本集團5大客戶及/或5大供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

### 捐款

本年度本集團作出共10,000港元慈善及其他捐款(2022年:無)。

### 企業管治

本公司採納之主要企業管治常規載於本年報第 34至55頁之企業管治報告內。

### 股權掛鉤協議

於是年度結束時,本公司概無訂立或存在任何 股權掛鉤協議。

### DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued) 董事會報告(續)

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

From the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float of not less than 25% of the issued Shares throughout the Year and the period thereafter up to the date of this Directors' Report.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE'S REVIEW**

The Company has established an audit committee of the Board (the "Audit Committee") for the purposes of reviewing and providing supervision over the Company's financial reporting process, internal controls and risk management. The Audit Committee presently comprises three INEDs, and one of the INEDs acts as the chairman of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee has reviewed the audited consolidated final results as well as the systems of internal control and risk management of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year have been audited by SHINEWING, who will retire and, being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment at the 2024 AGM. A resolution will be proposed to the Shareholders at the 2024 AGM to re-appoint SHINEWING as the independent auditor.

On behalf of the Board

### LIU Xianfu

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong 22 March 2024

### 足夠公眾持股量

從本公司可獲得之公開資料顯示及就董事所知,本公司於截至本年度及本董事會報告日期期間一直維持不少於已發行股份25%之足夠公眾持股量。

### 審核委員會審閱

本公司已成立董事會審核委員會(「審核委員會」),藉以檢討及監察本公司之財務申報程序、內部監控及風險管理制度。審核委員會現由3名獨立非執行董事組成,並由其中1名獨立非執行董事擔任審核委員會主席。審核委員會已審閱本集團截至2023年12月31日止年度之經審核綜合末期業績以及內部監控及風險管理制度。

### 獨立核數師

本集團是年度的綜合財務報表已由信永中和審核,而信永中和將於2024年股東週年大會退任並符合資格膺選連任。本公司將於2024年股東週年大會上向股東一項提呈決議案以續聘信永中和為獨立核數師。

代表董事會

### 劉賢福

主席兼行政總裁

香港 2024年3月22日

### PARTICULARS OF INVESTMENT PROPERTIES 投資物業詳情

Particulars of investment properties held by the Group at 31 December 2023 are as follows: 於2023年12月31日,本集團投資物業的詳情如下:

| Location<br>地點   | Lease<br>租賃年期                             | Use<br>用途                      | The Group's effective interest 本集團有效權益 |
|--|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Unit A2 on 5/F., & Unit A1 on 7/F.,<br>Eastern Sea Industrial Building,<br>29-39 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung,<br>New Territories, Hong Kong<br>香港新界葵涌葵昌路29-39號<br>東海工業大廈<br>5樓A2室及7樓A1室   | Medium-term leases<br>中期租賃                | Warehouse and office<br>貨倉及辦公室 | 100%                                   |
| Office Units A3801, 03, 05, 06, 08-10 and 12, Block A, United Plaza, Futian District, Shenzhen, the PRC 中國深圳市福田區濱河路與彩田路交匯處聯合廣場A棟塔樓 A3801, 03, 05, 06, 08至10和12   | Medium-term land<br>use rights<br>中期土地使用權 | Office<br>辦公室                  | 100%                                   |
| Factory Nos. 3 (Phase 1), 5, 6, 9 and 11, Factory Nos. 3 (Phase 2), 1, 2, 12 and 13 (Phase 3), Factory Nos. 4, 14, 15, 16 and 17 (Phase 4) and portion of bare land, No 66-68, Danxia Road, Xiangshan Industry Zone, Ningbo, Zhejiang Province, the PRC中國浙江省寧波市象山縣工業園區丹霞路66-68號廠區內3 (1期)、5、6、9及11號廠房、廠區內3 (2期)、1、2、12及13號 (3期) 廠房、廠區內4、14、15、16及17 (4期) 廠房以及部分空地 | Medium-term land use rights 中期土地使用權       | Factory and office<br>廠房及辦公室   | 55.5%                                  |
| Portion of Dormitory No. 3,<br>No 66-68, Danxia Road,<br>Xiangshan Industry Zone,<br>Ningbo, Zhejiang Province, the PRC<br>中國浙江省寧波市象山縣工業園區丹霞路66-68號<br>廠區內3號部分宿舍   | Medium-term land<br>use rights<br>中期土地使用權 | Dormitory<br>宿舍                | 55.5%                                  |
| A pier located at west port dike of Baiqu Port, near No. 9 Xiaoshan Road, High-tech Zone, Jiangyin, Jiangsu Province, the PRC 中國江蘇省江陰高新區蕭山路9號旁白屈港河西港堤碼頭  | Medium-term land use rights 中期土地使用權       | Pier<br>碼頭                     | 100%                                   |

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited 17/F, Chubb Tower, Windsor House, 311 Gloucester Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong 信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司 香港銅鑼灣 告士打道311號 皇室大廈安達人壽大樓17樓

致福田實業 (集團) 有限公司各位股東

(於香港註冊成立的有限公司)

### TO THE MEMBERS OF FOUNTAIN SET (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 84 to 180 which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

### 意見

本核數師行已審核載於第84至180頁內的福田實業(集團)有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此等財務報表包括於2023年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表及截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重要會計政策資料。

本核數師行認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實且公平地反映了 貴集團於2023年12月31日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例妥為編製。

### 意見基準

本核數師行已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核工作。本核數師行於該等準則下的責任在本核數師行的報告內「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任」一節中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會的「職業會計師道德守則」(「守則」),本核數師行獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循守則履行其他道德責任。本核數師行相信,本核數師行所獲得的審核憑證能充足及適當地為本核數師行的意見提供基礎。

### 關鍵審核事項

根據本核數師行的專業判斷,關鍵審核事項為 本核數師行於審核本期間的綜合財務報表中最 重要的事項。本核數師行在審核整體綜合財務 報表及就此達致意見時處理此等事項,而不會 就此等事項單獨發表意見。

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

### Impairment of inventories

Refer to notes 4(g) and 19 to the consolidated financial statements

A degree of substandard products is typically produced during the normal course of the Group's production process. Moreover, inventories of the Group will become aged and/or obsolete in the absence or cancellation of orders. The Group maintains a sophisticated information technology system to keep track of the aging and utilisation of inventories and materials regarded as wastage for the estimation of net realisable value.

Based on the utilisation of inventories which became wastage and long-aged, the Group made an accumulated provision of HK\$174,981,000 as at year end by reference to estimated net realisable values of inventories.

We identified the impairment of inventories as a key audit matter because the estimates of net realisable values and how materials are regarded as wastage on which this impairment entailed a significant degree of management judgement.

### Our response:

We performed audit procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of inventories which included:

- obtaining an understanding of the key procedures implemented by management in estimating the net realisable values of inventories and allowance for inventories and performing periodic reviews of inventory obsolescence;
- evaluating the methodology and key assumptions adopted by management in estimating the net realisable values and discussing them with management;
- challenging the reasonableness of key assumptions based on our knowledge of the business and industry;
- checking, on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data used by management in capturing the aging and utilisation of inventories and estimate the net realisable values of those inventories; and
- Testing the subsequent utilization and sales, on a sample basis, to source documents.

### 關鍵審核事項(續)

### 存貨減值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4(g)及19

貴集團於日常生產過程中通常會產生一定程度的不合格產品。此外,若無訂單或取消訂單, 貴集團的存貨會變為陳舊及/或廢棄。 貴集團設有完善的資訊科技系統,從以監察存貨及被視作廢棄物的材料之賬齡及使用情況以估算可變現淨值。

根據廢棄及陳舊存貨的使用情況, 貴集團於 年度終結時經參考存貨的估計可變現淨值作出 累計撥備174,981,000港元。

本核數師行確定存貨減值為關鍵審核事項,此 乃由於對有關可變現淨值作出減值估計以及材 料為何被視為廢棄材料時,涉及管理層的重大 判斷。

#### 本核數師行的應對:

本核數師行就管理層的存貨減值評估進行的審 核程序包括:

- 一 了解管理層在估計存貨可變現淨值及存 貨撥備以及進行定期審查過時存貨時所 實施的關鍵程序;
- 對管理層於估計可變現淨值時所採納的方法及主要假設進行評估並與管理層進行討論;
- 依據本核數師行對業務及行業的了解, 質疑關鍵假設的合理性;
- 抽樣檢查管理層於計算存貨賬齡及使用 情況,以及估計該等存貨的可變現淨值 時所使用輸入數據的準確性及相關性; 及
- 抽樣測試原始文件的後續使用及銷售情況。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

# Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets

Refer to notes 4(m), 13, 14 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group had property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets for its production and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Hong Kong with gross carrying amount to HK\$894,402,000, HK\$26,550,000 and HK\$133,235,000 respectively, which constituted a significant portion of total assets as at 31 December 2023. Property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets are subject to impairment assessment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable.

Management reviews the financial performance of the subsidiaries for its production and sales of dyed fabrics at the end of each reporting period to identify if an impairment indicator exists.

Where indicators of impairment are identified, management identifies the relevant cash-generating units ("CGU") to which these property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets belong and estimates the recoverable amounts of these CGUs based on the fair value less costs of disposal and value-in-use calculation, whichever is higher. Based on the results of the assessment conducted, management determined that due to higher value-in-use than carrying amounts of the CGU and higher fair value less costs of disposal than carrying amounts of land and buildings and investment properties. Therefore, there is no impairment on the Group's property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets during the year.

We identified the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets for its production and sales of dyed fabrics as a key audit matter due to the significance of the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets and significance of management judgements adopted in the key assumptions used in the impairment assessment, such as annual revenue growth rate and discount rate.

### 關鍵審核事項(續)

# 物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值評估

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4(m)、13、14及15

於2023年12月31日, 貴集團擁有位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)及香港用於製造及銷售色布及紗的物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的總賬面值分別為894,402,000港元、26,550,000港元及133,235,000港元,其構成資產總值的重大組成部分。當有事件或情況變化表明賬面值可能無法收回時,物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產需進行減值評估。

管理層於各報告期末審閱其製造及銷售色布的 附屬公司的財務表現,以識別是否存在減值跡 象。

當發現有減值跡象,管理層識別該等物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產所屬的相關現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」),並根據公平價值減出售成本與使用價值計算中的較高者估計該等現金產生單位的可收回金額。根據所進行的評估結果,管理層釐定由於現金產生單位的使用價值高於賬面值,且土地及建築物以及投資物業的公平價值減出售成本高於賬面值,故 貴集團的物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產於年內並無減值。

由於物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產 賬面值的重要性及減值評估中所使用關鍵假設 採納的管理層判斷(例如年度營業額增長率及 貼現率)的重要性,本核數師行確定用於製造及 銷售色布的物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用 權資產減值評估為關鍵審核事項。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

# Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets (continued)

#### Our response:

We performed audit procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets which included:

- meeting with management and reviewing board minutes and other papers to understand the Group's latest operating plans;
- assessing management's identification of assets which are unlikely to be deployed in economic service in the future, and evaluating their recoverable amount;
- assessing management's identification of the CGUs and the allocation of assets to the CGUs for the purpose of impairment assessment;
- understanding the internal controls relevant to the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets for its production and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns;
- for those subsidiaries where there was an impairment indicator, assessing the appropriateness of the methodology used by the management and independent valuer in determining the recoverable amount of the relevant CGU;
- comparing the forecast operating results prepared in the prior year with the current year's performance of the relevant CGU to assess the accuracy of management's historical estimation;
- checking, on a sample basis, the accuracy and relevance of the input data to supporting evidence, such as approved budgets and considering the reasonableness of these budgets by comparing the budgets to the historical results and the market data;
- reviewing the annual revenue growth rate adopted by management and independent valuer in the discounted cash flow projections by comparing them with historical performance of the relevant CGU with historical performance, industry forecasts, external economic data and financial budget approved by the management;
- reviewing the discount rate used in determining the recoverable amount of the relevant CGU by applying a range of estimates to compare discount rate developed by independent source with the discounted rate adopted by the management and independent valuer;

### 關鍵審核事項(續)

# 物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值評估(續)

#### 本核數師行的應對:

本核數師行就管理層對物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值評估進行的審核程序包括:

- 與管理層會面及審閱董事會會議記錄及 其他文件以了解 貴集團的最近期營運計 劃;
- 評估管理層對未來不大可能在經濟服務中 利用的資產的識別,並評估其可收回金額;
- 評估管理層對現金產生單位的識別以及就 減值評估目的將資產分配至現金產生單位 的情況;
- 了解用於製造及銷售色布及紗的物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值評估有關的內部監控;
- 就出現減值跡象的該等附屬公司而言,評估管理層及獨立估值師於釐定相關現金產生單位的可收回金額時所使用的方法的適當性;
- 將相關現金產生單位的上一年度編製的經營業績預測與當前年度的表現進行比較, 以評估管理層過往估計的準確性;
- 抽樣檢查佐證證據的輸入數據(例如經批准的預算)的準確性及相關性並通過將預算與過往業績及市場數據進行比較以考慮該等預算的合理性;
- 審閱管理層及獨立估值師於貼現現金流量 預測中採納的年度營業額增長率,方式為 將其與有過往表現的相關現金產生單位的 過往表現、行業預測、外部經濟數據及管 理層批准的財務預算進行比較;
- 審閱釐定相關現金產生單位的可收回金額時使用的貼現率,方式為應用一系列估計,將獨立來源編製的貼現率與管理層及獨立估值師採納的貼現率進行比較;

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets (continued)

Our response: (continued)

- evaluating the sensitivity analysis prepared by management and independent valuer on the key assumptions and inputs of the discounted cash flow projections to evaluate the extent of such changes to the recoverable amount;
- involving our external independent valuer to assess the methodology and significant assumptions including discount rates adopted by management in its impairment assessments; and
- considering the appropriateness of the relevant disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

Based on our procedures performed, we found the key assumptions and inputs used by management and independent valuer in the impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets were supportable by available evidence.

### OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

### 關鍵審核事項(續)

物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值評估(續)

本核數師行的應對:(續)

- 評估管理層及獨立估值師就關鍵假設及貼現現金流量預測輸入值編製的敏感度分析,以評估可收回金額的該等變動的範圍;
- 委託本核數師行的外部獨立估值師評估管 理層於其減值評估中採納的方法及重大假 設(包括貼現率);及
- 考慮綜合財務報表中的相關披露內容的適 常性。

根據本核數師行進行的程序,本核數師行發現 管理層及獨立估值師於物業、機器及設備、投資 物業及使用權資產的減值評估中所使用的關鍵 假設及輸入值有可得之憑證作為支持。

### 年報內的其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 年報所載全部資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及 有關核數師報告。

本核數師行對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他資料,本核數師行亦不會對其他資料發表任 何形式的核證結論。

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)** 獨立核數師報告(續)

### OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

(continued)

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Audit Committee are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### 年報內的其他資料(續)

就本核數師行審核綜合財務報表而言,本核數 師行的責任為閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資 料是否與綜合財務報表或本核數師行在審核過 程中獲悉的資料存在重大不符,或似乎存在重 大錯誤陳述。

基於本核數師行所做的工作,倘本核數師行認 為有關其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,本核數師 行須報告該事實。就此,本核數師行毋須作出報

### 貴公司董事及審核委員會就綜合財務 報表須承擔的責任

**告公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的** 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例,編製真實 且公平的綜合財務報表,及落實 貴公司董事 認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部監控,以 使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 的重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事須負責 評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況 下披露與持續經營相關的事項,並運用持續經 營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴 集團清盤或停止經營或別無其他實際的替代方 案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團財務申報程 序。

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued)** 獨立核數師報告(續)

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

# 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的

本核數師行的目標為對綜合財務報表整體是否 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 取得合理保證,並出具包括本核數師行意見的 核數師報告。本報告乃根據香港公司條例第405 條,及我們協定的委聘條款僅向整體股東作出 報告,並無作其他用途。本核數師行不會就本報 告內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任及 債務。合理核證是高水平的核證,但不能保證 按香港審計準則進行的審計在某一重大錯誤陳 述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可因欺詐或錯誤 產生,倘個別或整體在合理預期情況下可影響 使用者根據該等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定 時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

本核數師行根據香港審計準則執行審核的工作 之一,是在審核的過程中運用專業判斷及保持 職業懷疑。本核數師行亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財 務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及 執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取 充足和適當的審核憑證,作為本核數師行 意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽 造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述或淩駕內部監控 的情況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重 大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而 導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審核相關的內部監控,以設計適當 的審計程序,惟並非旨在對 貴集團內部 監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評估 貴公司董事所採用會計政策的恰當 性及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對 貴公司董事採用持續經營會計基準的 恰當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審核憑 證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重 大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的 持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘本核數師 行認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核 數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表 中的相關披露。倘有關披露不足,則修訂 本核數師行意見。本核數師行的結論乃基 於截至本核數師行的核數師報告日期止所 得的審核憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可 能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Lee Shun Ming.

### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任(續)

- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構 及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報 表是否公平反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料 獲取充足及適當的審核憑證,以便對綜合 財務報表發表意見。本核數師行負責集團 審核的方向、監督及執行。本核數師行為 審核意見承擔全部責任。

本核數師行與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核的計劃範圍、時間安排及重大審核發現進行溝通,該等發現包括本核數師行在審核過程中識別的內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

本核數師行亦向審核委員會作出聲明,指出本核數師行已符合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能被合理認為會影響本核數師行獨立性的所有關係及其他事宜,以及為減少威脅而採取的行動或應用的相關防範措施(如適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,本核數師行釐 定對本期間綜合財務報表審核至關重要的事 項,因而構成關鍵審核事項。本核數師行在核數 師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律或法規不允 許公開披露該等事項,或在極少數情況下,倘合 理預期在本核數師行的報告中溝通某事項造成 的負面後果超出產生的公眾利益,則本核數師 行決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是李 順明先生。

### SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants

Lee Shun Ming

Practising Certificate Number P07068

Hong Kong, 22 March 2024

信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

### 李順明

執業證書編號P07068

香港,2024年3月22日

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

|   |  | Notes 附註 | 2023<br>HK\$'000 千港元                       | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元                     |
|---|--|----------|--|--|
| Revenue<br>Cost of sales  | <b>營業額</b><br>銷售成本                     | 6        | 4,440,235<br>(4,118,246)                   | 6,053,645<br>(5,475,828)                 |
| Gross profit Other revenue Other gains and losses   | <b>毛利</b><br>其他收入<br>其他收益及虧損           | 9a<br>9b | 321,989<br>87,582<br>277,529               | 577,817<br>73,001<br>1,681               |
| Distribution and selling expenses Administrative expenses Finance costs Share of profit of an associate | 分銷及銷售費用<br>行政費用<br>融資成本<br>應佔一間聯營公司之盈利 | 7<br>17  | (74,477)<br>(476,389)<br>(26,258)<br>1,152 | (92,291)<br>(559,179)<br>(21,408)<br>169 |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax expense   | 除所得稅支出前盈利/<br>(虧損)                     |          | 111,128                                    | (20,210)                                 |
| Income tax expense  | 所得稅支出                                  | 8        | (43,284)                                   | (72,954)                                 |
| Profit/(loss) for the year  | 是年度盈利/(虧損)                             | 9c       | 67,844                                     | (93,164)                                 |
| Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests             | 應佔是年度盈利/(虧損):<br>本公司擁有人<br>非控股權益       |          | 50,903<br>16,941                           | (115,532)<br>22,368                      |
|   |  |          | 67,844                                     | (93,164)                                 |
|   |  |          | HK cents 港仙                                | HK cents 港仙                              |
| Earnings/(loss) per share  - Basic  | <b>每股盈利/(虧損)</b><br>-基本                | 12       | 4.2  | (9.4)                                    |
| – Diluted   | 一攤薄                                    | 12       | 4.2  | (9.4)                                    |

|  |                             |         | 2023         | 2022         |
|--|-----------------------------|---------|--------------|--------------|
|  |                             | Note 附註 | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| Profit/(loss) for the year   | 是年度盈利/(虧損)                  | 9c      | 67,844       | (93,164)     |
| Other comprehensive expense, net of tax                            | 其他全面開支<br>(經扣除稅項)           |         |              |              |
| Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:      | 其後可能重新分類至<br>損益之項目:         |         |              |              |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations  | 換算海外業務產生之<br>匯兌差額           |         | (4,130)      | (35,178)     |
| Other comprehensive expense for the year                           | 是年度其他全面開支                   |         | (4,130)      | (35,178)     |
| Total comprehensive income/<br>(expense) for the year              | 是年度全面收益/(開支)<br>總值          |         | 63,714       | (128,342)    |
| Total comprehensive income/<br>(expense) for the year attributable | 應佔是年度全面<br>e to: 收益/(開支)總值: |         |              |              |
| Owners of the Company  | 本公司擁有人                      |         | 47,279       | (143,167)    |
| Non-controlling interests  | 非控股權益                       |         | 16,435       | 14,825       |
|  |                             |         | 63,714       | (128,342)    |

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023 於2023年12月31日

|                                       |             |          | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|                                       |             | Notes 附註 | HK\$'000 千港元                      | HK\$'000 千港元                      |
|                                       |             |          |                                   |                                   |
| Non-current assets                    | 非流動資產       |          |                                   |                                   |
| Investment properties                 | 投資物業        | 13       | 62,609                            | 72,225                            |
| Property, plant and equipment         | 物業、機器及設備    | 14       | 1,202,956                         | 1,307,647                         |
| Right-of-use assets                   | 使用權資產       | 15       | 171,364                           | 194,534                           |
| Other intangible assets               | 其他無形資產      | 16       | -                                 | 3,015                             |
| Deposit paid for purchase of          | 購買機器及設備的    |          |                                   |                                   |
| plant and equipment                   | 已付按金        |          | 28,215                            | 17,324                            |
| Interest in an associate              | 於一間聯營公司之權益  | 17       | 24,919                            | 23,767                            |
| Deferred tax assets                   | 遞延稅項資產      | 18       | 41,969                            | 53,030                            |
|                                       |             |          | 1,532,032                         | 1,671,542                         |
|                                       | `##L=##     |          |                                   |                                   |
| Current assets                        | 流動資產        | 40       | 700.000                           | 000 500                           |
| Inventories                           | 存貨          | 19       | 783,908                           | 929,526                           |
| Trade and bills receivables           | 營業及票據應收款項   | 20       | 808,091                           | 928,721                           |
| Prepayments, deposits and             | 預付款項、按金及    | 0.4      | 070.050                           | 114050                            |
| other receivables                     | 其他應收款項      | 21       | 370,052                           | 114,952                           |
| Tax recoverable                       | 可收回稅項       |          | 25,862                            | 2,888                             |
| Restricted bank deposits              | 受限制銀行存款     | 22       | 1,897                             | 5,457                             |
| Short-term bank deposits              | 短期銀行存款      | 23       | 373,870                           | 246,116                           |
| Bank balances and cash                | 銀行結餘及現金     | 23       | 1,005,127                         | 1,147,563                         |
|                                       |             |          | 3,368,807                         | 3,375,223                         |
|                                       |             |          |                                   |                                   |
| Current liabilities                   | 流動負債        |          |                                   |                                   |
| Trade and bills payables              | 營業及票據應付款項   | 24       | 651,571                           | 491,299                           |
| Other payables and accruals           | 其他應付款項及應計費用 | 25       | 289,962                           | 374,840                           |
| Contract liabilities                  | 合約負債        | 26       | 19,712                            | 21,216                            |
| Lease liabilities – current portion   | 租賃負債一流動部分   | 27       | 26,239                            | 26,768                            |
| Amounts due to non-controlling        | 欠非控股股東款項    |          |                                   |                                   |
| shareholders                          |             | 28a      | 37,027                            | 37,027                            |
| Amount due to an associate            | 欠一間聯營公司款項   | 28b      | 5,984                             | 2,429                             |
| Deferred income – current portion     | 遞延收入 一流動部分  | 29       | 4,699                             | 5,231                             |
| Tax payable                           | 應付稅項        |          | 21,626                            | 22,630                            |
| Bank borrowings – due within one year | 銀行借貸一一年內到期  | 30       | 108,471                           | 200,734                           |
|                                       |             |          | 1,165,291                         | 1,182,174                         |
| Net current assets                    | 流動資產淨值      |          | 2,203,516                         | 2,193,049                         |
|                                       |             |          |                                   |                                   |
| Total assets less current liabilities | 資產總值減流動負債   |          | 3,735,548                         | 3,864,591                         |

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)** 綜合財務狀況表(續)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023 於2023年12月31日

|   |                   |          | At 31 December | At 31 December |
|---|-------------------|----------|----------------|----------------|
|   |                   |          | 於12月31日        | 於12月31日        |
|   |                   |          | 2023           | 2022           |
|   |                   | Notes 附註 | HK\$'000 千港元   | HK\$'000 千港元   |
| Non-current liabilities                 | 非流動負債             |          |                |                |
| Deferred income – non-current portion   | <b>遞延收入一非流動部分</b> | 29       | 67,732         | 76,154         |
| Bank borrowings – due after one year    | 銀行借貸——年後到期        | 30       | 91,086         | 235,514        |
| Lease liabilities – non-current portion | 租賃負債一非流動部分        | 27       | 99,234         | 116,234        |
| Deferred tax liabilities                | 遞延稅項負債            | 18       | 8,830          | 12,922         |
|   |                   |          |                |                |
|   |                   |          | 266,882        | 440,824        |
| Net assets                              | 資產淨值              |          | 3,468,666      | 3,423,767      |
|   | -/a_1             |          |                |                |
| Capital and reserves                    | 資本及儲備             | 0.4      | 000 040        | 000.040        |
| Share capital                           | 股本                | 31       | 889,810        | 889,810        |
| Reserves                                | 儲備                |          | 2,378,536      | 2,331,257      |
| Equity attributable to owners of the    | 本公司擁有人應佔權益        |          |                |                |
| Company                                 |                   |          | 3,268,346      | 3,221,067      |
| Non-controlling interests               | 非控股權益             | 32       | 200,320        | 202,700        |
| Total equity                            | 權益總值              |          | 3,468,666      | 2 422 767      |
| iotai equity                            | 作血芯性              |          | 3,400,000      | 3,423,767      |

The consolidated financial statements on pages 84 to 87 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

第84至87頁的綜合財務報表已於2024年3月22 日由董事會通過及核准發放,並由下列董事代 表簽署:

LIU Xianfu 劉賢福 Director 董事

YAU Hang Tat, Andrew 邱恒達 Director 董事

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度

### Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

|   |                                 | Share<br>capital<br>股本<br>HK\$000<br>千港元 | Translation<br>reserve<br>匯兌儲備<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Statutory<br>reserves<br>法定儲備<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元<br>(note)<br>(附註) | Retained<br>earnings<br>滾存盈利<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Total<br>總值<br><i>HK\$</i> '000<br>千港元 | Non-<br>controlling<br>interests<br>非控股權益<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Total<br>equity<br>權益總值<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---|---------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| At 1 January 2022   | 於2022年1月1日                      | 889,810                                  | (25,842)  | 109,570  | 2,586,700                                       | 3,560,238                              | 198,860  | 3,759,098                                  |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations (Loss)/profit for the year    | 換算海外業務產生之<br>匯兌差額<br>是年度(虧損)/盈利 | -<br>-                                   | (27,635)  | <u>-</u>   | (115,532)                                       | (27,635)<br>(115,532)                  | (7,543)<br>22,368  | (35,178)<br>(93,164)                       |
| Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year   | 是年度全面 (開支) /<br>收益總值            |  | (27,635)  |  | (115,532)                                       | (143,167)                              | 14,825   | (128,342)                                  |
| Dividend recognised as distribution<br>Transfer from retained earnings<br>to statutory reserves | 已確認為分派之股息<br>由滾存盈利調撥至<br>法定儲備   | -  | -   | -<br>4,791   | (196,004)<br>(4,791)                            | (196,004)                              | (10,985)   | (206,989)                                  |
| At 31 December 2022   | 於2022年12月31日                    | 889,810                                  | (53,477)  | 114,361  | 2,270,373                                       | 3,221,067                              | 202,700  | 3,423,767                                  |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Profit for the year           | 換算海外業務產生之<br>匯兌差額<br>是年度盈利      | Ī  | (3,624)   | -  | -<br>50,903                                     | (3,624)<br>50,903                      | (506)<br>16,941  | (4,130)<br>67,844                          |
| Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the year   | 是年度全面 (開支) /<br>收益總值            | -  | (3,624)   | -  | 50,903  | 47,279                                 | 16,435   | 63,714                                     |
| Dividend recognised as distribution Transfer from retained earnings to statutory reserves       | 已確認為分派之股息<br>由滾存盈利調撥至<br>法定儲備   | -  | -   | -<br>3,077   | (3,077)   | -                                      | (18,815)   | (18,815)                                   |
| At 31 December 2023   | 於2023年12月31日                    | 889,810                                  | (57,101)  | 117,438  | 2,318,199                                       | 3,268,346                              | 200,320  | 3,468,666                                  |

Note: In accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Articles of Association of the company incorporated in the PRC now comprising the Group, i.e. the PRC Operational Entity, it is required to appropriate 10% of the annual net profits of the PRC Operational Entity, after offsetting any prior years' losses as determined under the PRC accounting standards, to the statutory reserve fund before distributing any net profit. When the balance of the statutory reserve fund reaches 50% of the registered capital of the PRC Operational Entity, any further appropriation is at the discretion of shareholders. The statutory reserve fund can be used to offset prior years' losses, if any, and may be capitalised as capital, provided that the remaining balance of the statutory reserve fund after such issue is no less than 25% of registered capital.

In accordance with the Article 377 of the Commercial Code of Macau Special Administrative Region, the subsidiary registered under private limited liability company by quotas in Macau are required to transfer part of their profits of each accounting period of not less than 25% to statutory reserves, until the amount reaches half of the respective share capital.

附註:根據相關中華人民共和國(「中國」)法律及法規及現組成本集團於中國註冊成立的公司(即中國經營實體)的組織章程細則規定,於抵銷根據中國會計準則釐定的任何過往年度的虧損後,其須於分派任何純利前撥款中國經營實體年度純利的10%至法定儲備金。倘法定儲備金結餘達至中國經營實體註冊資本的50%,任何進一步的撥款乃由股東酌情決定。法定儲備金可用於抵銷過往年度的虧損(如有),並可資本化為股本,惟於有關發行後法定儲備金的餘下結餘不得少於註冊資本的25%。

根據澳門特別行政區商法典第377條,於澳門以限額註冊成為私人有限公司的附屬公司須將其於各會計期間不少於25%的部分溢利轉撥至法定儲備,直至達到相等於其股本一半的金額。

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS** 綜合現金流量表

|   |                        | 2023         | 2022         |
|---|------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|   |                        | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES                            | 營運項目                   |              |              |
| Profit/(loss) before income tax expense         | 除所得稅支出前盈利/(虧損)         | 111,128      | (20,210)     |
| Adjustments for:                                | 調整:                    | 111,120      | (20,210)     |
| Amortisation of deferred income                 | 遞延收入之攤銷                | (5,206)      | (5,328)      |
| Amortisation of other intangible assets         | 其他無形資產之攤銷              | 3,015        | 3,015        |
| Depreciation of investment properties           | 投資物業之折舊                | 5,308        | 5,521        |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets             | 使用權資產之折舊               | 28,314       | 28,866       |
| Depreciation and impairment of property,        | 物業、機器及設備之              |              |              |
| plant and equipment                             | 折舊及減值                  | 171,837      | 171,863      |
| Finance costs                                   | 融資成本                   | 26,258       | 21,408       |
| Interest income                                 | 利息收入                   | (30,442)     | (9,069)      |
| Loss on written-off of investment properties    | 撇銷投資物業之虧損              | 3,552        | _            |
| Gain on disposal/written-off of property, plant | 出售/撇銷物業、機器及設備之         | -,           |              |
| and equipment                                   | 收益                     | (9,600)      | (1,467)      |
| Gain on compensation of land resumption         | 土地徴收之補償收益              | (259,011)    | _            |
| (Reversal of)/provision for impairment loss     | 營業及票據應收款項之減值損失         | ( , - ,      |              |
| recognised on trade and bills receivables, ne   | (撥回)/撥備確認淨值            | (13,275)     | 17,867       |
| Reversal of impairment loss recognised on       | 其他應收款項之減值損失撥回          | , , ,        | ·            |
| other receivables, net                          | 確認淨值                   | -            | (6,105)      |
| Gain on lease modification                      | 租約修改之收益                | (777)        | _            |
| Share of profit of an associate                 | 應佔一間聯營公司之盈利            | (1,152)      | (169)        |
|   |                        |              |              |
| Operating profit before working capital         | 營運資金變動前之營運盈利           |              |              |
| changes   |                        | 29,949       | 206,192      |
| Decrease in inventories                         | 存貨之減少                  | 143,956      | 775,744      |
| Decrease in trade and bills receivables         | 營業及票據應收款項之減少           | 127,726      | 279,543      |
| (Increase)/decrease in prepayments, deposits    | 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項之        | ,            | ,            |
| and other receivables                           | (增加)/減少                | (27,547)     | 81,099       |
| Increase/(decrease) in trade and bills payables | 營業及票據應付款項之增加/(減少)      | 165,429      | (415,255)    |
| (Decrease)/increase in other payables and       | 其他應付款項及應計費用之           |              | ,            |
| accruals  | (減少)/增加                | (83,628)     | 50,600       |
| Decrease in contract liabilities                | 合約負債之減少                | (1,504)      | (11,485)     |
| Increase/(decrease) in amount due to            | 欠一間聯營公司款項之             | ,            | , , ,        |
| an associate                                    | 增加/(減少)                | 3,555        | (4,014)      |
| (Decrease)/increase in deferred income          | 遞延收入之(減少)/增加           | (3,748)      | 832          |
|   |                        |              |              |
| Cash generated from operations                  | 營運所得之現金                | 354,188      | 963,256      |
| Hong Kong profits tax paid                      | 已付香港利得稅                | (35,619)     | (10,287)     |
| Overseas tax paid                               | 已付海外稅項                 | (24,811)     | (47,335)     |
|   | WIR T D COLL TO A TO C |              |              |
| NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES              | 營運項目所得的現金淨值            | 293,758      | 905,634      |

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)** 綜合現金流量表(續)

|  |                            | Notes 附註 | 2023<br>HK\$'000 千港元 | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|----------------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|
|  |                            |          |                      |                      |
| NET CASH FROM                                | 營運項目所得的現金淨值                |          |                      |                      |
| OPERATING ACTIVITIES                         |                            |          | 293,758              | 905,634              |
| INVESTING ACTIVITIES                         | 投資項目                       |          |                      |                      |
| Interest received                            | 已收利息                       |          | 30,393               | 8,866                |
| Proceeds from disposal of property,          | 出售物業、機器及                   |          | 00,000               | 0,000                |
| plant and equipment                          | 設備所得款項                     |          | 9,943                | 3,367                |
| Proceeds from land resumption                | 土地徵收所得款項                   |          | 56,727               | -                    |
| Deposit paid for purchase of property,       | 購買物業、機器及                   |          | 00,121               |                      |
| plant and equipment                          | 設備的已付按金                    |          | (10,891)             | (516)                |
| Purchases of property,                       | 購買物業、機器及設備                 |          | (10,001)             | (0.0)                |
| plant and equipment                          | 71377 1377 138 117 128 171 |          | (87,871)             | (163,631)            |
| Decrease/(increase) in restricted            | 受限制銀行存款減少/                 |          | (01,011)             | (100,001)            |
| bank deposits                                | (增加)                       |          | 3,560                | (1,260)              |
| Decrease in short-term bank deposits         | 原到期日三個月以上的                 |          | ,,,,,,               | ( ,,                 |
| with original maturity over                  | 短期銀行存款減少                   |          |                      |                      |
| three months                                 |                            |          | _                    | 16,549               |
| NET CASH FROM/(USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES | 投資項目所得/(所用)的<br>現金淨值       |          | 1,861                | (136,625)            |
| INVESTING ASTIVITIES                         | <u> </u>                   |          | 1,001                | (100,020)            |
| FINANCING ACTIVITIES                         | 融資項目                       |          |                      |                      |
| New bank borrowings raised                   | 新籌集之銀行借貸                   | 38       | 252,796              | 1,193,538            |
| Repayment of bank borrowings                 | 償還銀行借貸                     | 38       | (489,962)            | (1,084,881)          |
| Repayment of principal portion of the        | 償還租賃負債之                    |          |                      |                      |
| lease liabilities                            | 本金部分                       | 38       | (26,888)             | (27,356)             |
| Repayment of interest portion of the         | 償還租賃負債之                    |          |                      |                      |
| lease liabilities                            | 利息部分                       | 38       | (7,000)              | (7,939)              |
| Repayment of amounts due                     | 償還欠非控股股東款項                 |          |                      |                      |
| to non-controlling shareholders              |                            | 38       | -                    | (25,807)             |
| Interest paid                                | 已付利息                       | 38       | (20,034)             | (11,964)             |
| Dividends paid to                            | 已付股息予非控股股東                 |          |                      |                      |
| non-controlling shareholders                 |                            |          | (18,815)             | (10,985)             |
| Dividends paid                               | 已付股息                       |          | -                    | (196,004)            |
|  |                            |          |                      |                      |
| NET CASH USED IN FINANCING                   | 融資項目所用的                    |          |                      |                      |
| ACTIVITIES                                   | 現金淨值                       |          | (309,903)            | (171,398)            |

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (continued)**

綜合現金流量表(續)

|                                      |                                       | 2023           | 2022            |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
|                                      |                                       | HK\$'000 千港元   | HK\$'000 千港元    |
|                                      |                                       | ΠΑΦ ΟΟΟ Ι /Ε/Ι | TING UUU   /E/L |
| NET (DEODEAGE) (NODEAGE IN           | <b>现</b> 人工签尺积人在口机                    |                |                 |
| NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN           | 現金及等同現金項目的                            |                |                 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS            | (減少)/增加淨值                             | (14,284)       | 597,611         |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS            | 於是年度開始時的現金及                           |                |                 |
| AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR             | 等同現金項目                                | 1,393,679      | 808,430         |
| AT BEGINNING OF THE TEAM             | 行門犯型祭日                                | 1,000,010      | 000,400         |
| EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE              | 匯率變動對現金及等同現金                          |                |                 |
| CHANGES ON CASH AND                  | 項目的影響                                 |                |                 |
| CASH EQUIVALENTS                     | 7,570 E                               | (398)          | (12,362)        |
|                                      |                                       |                |                 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS            | 於是年度終結時的現金及                           |                |                 |
| AT THE END OF THE YEAR               | 等同現金項目                                | 1,378,997      | 1,393,679       |
| AT THE END OF THE TEAR               | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1,378,997      | 1,090,079       |
|                                      |                                       |                |                 |
| ANALYSIS OF THE BALANCES OF          | 現金及等同現金項目結存的                          |                |                 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:           | 分析:                                   |                |                 |
| Chart tarm bank deposits             | 短期銀行存款                                | 272 970        | 246.116         |
| Short-term bank deposits             |                                       | 373,870        | -, -            |
| Bank balances and cash               | 銀行結餘及現金                               | 1,005,127      | 1,147,563       |
|                                      |                                       |                |                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents in the     | 綜合財務狀況表內的現金及                          |                |                 |
| consolidated statement of            | 等同現金項目                                |                |                 |
| financial position                   |                                       | 1,378,997      | 1,393,679       |
|                                      |                                       |                |                 |
| Less: Short-term bank deposits with  | 減:原到期日三個月以上的                          |                |                 |
| original maturity over three months  | 短期銀行存款                                | -              |                 |
|                                      |                                       |                |                 |
| Cash and cash equivalents in the     | 綜合現金流量表內的現金及                          |                |                 |
| consolidated statement of cash flows | 等同現金項目                                | 1,378,997      | 1,393,679       |

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 1. GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong. Its issued shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and the principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information to the annual report.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

The Company acts as an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 35.

The directors of the Company consider its immediate parent is Chinatex Yieldfull Investments Co., Ltd., a company incorporated in Hong Kong, and ultimate parent is COFCO Corporation, a company established in the PRC and a state-owned enterprise under the direct supervision and administration of, and is beneficially owned by, the State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council of the PRC.

### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

### (a) Adoption of amended HKFRSs

In the current year, the Group has applied, for the first time, the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") which are effective for the Group's financial year beginning on 1 January 2023:

HKFRS 17 (including the October Insurance Contracts

2020 and February 2022 amendments to HKFRS 17)

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Disclosure of Accounting Policies

Amendments to HKAS 8 Amendments to HKAS 12 Definition of Accounting Estimates Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction International Tax Reform-Pillar Two

Amendments to HKAS 12

Model Rules

Expect as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has no material impact on the Group's financial performance and position for the current and prior periods and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

### 1. 簡介

本公司為在香港註冊成立的公眾有限公司,其 已發行股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)上市。本公司的註冊辦事處地址及主要營 業地點於本年報公司資料內披露。

綜合財務報表乃以港元(「港元」)呈列,港元亦 為本公司的功能貨幣。

本公司乃一間投資控股公司。其主要附屬公司 的主要業務載列於附註35內。

本公司董事認為,其直接母公司為在香港註冊 成立的中紡盈豐投資管理有限公司,而其最終 母公司為中糧集團有限公司,一家於中國成立 的公司並由中國國務院國有資產監督管理委員 會直接監督及管理以及實益擁有之國有企業。

### 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)及其修訂本

### (a) 採納香港財務報告準則之修訂本

於本年度,本集團已首次應用下列由香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈並於本集團自 2023年1月1日開始之財政年度生效之新訂香港 財務報告準則及其修訂本:

香港財務報告準則第17號

保險合約

(包括2020年10月及2022年 2月香港財務報告準則第17號

之修訂本)

香港會計準則第1號及

會計政策的披露

香港財務報告準則作業準則

第2號之修訂本

香港會計準則第8號之修訂本 香港會計準則第12號之修訂本

會計估計的定義 與單一交易產生的

國際稅務改革一

資產及負債有關的 遞延稅項

香港會計準則第12號之修訂本

第二支柱示範規則

除下文所述外,於本年度應用新訂香港財務報 告準則及其修訂本並無對本集團於當前及過往 期間的財務表現及狀況及/或該等綜合財務報 表所載的披露資料造成重大影響。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

(a) Adoption of amended HKFRSs (continued)

### Impact on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 – Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements provide guidance and examples to help entities apply materiality judgements to accounting policy disclosures. The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

The application of the amendments has had no material impact on the Group's financial performance and positions, but has affected the disclosures of accounting policies as set out in note 4.

## Impact on application of Amendments to HKAS 8 – Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments to HKAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates, and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. They also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments had no impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

## Impact on application of Amendments to HKAS 12 - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments to HKAS 12 narrow the scope of the initial recognition exemption of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning liabilities. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions. The amendments shall be applied to transactions related to leases and decommissioning obligations at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings or other component of equity as appropriate at that date. For all other transactions, the amendments are applied to those transactions that occur after the beginning of the earliest period presented.

The amendments had no material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

### 2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港 財務報告準則」) 及其修訂本 (續)

### (a) 採納香港財務報告準則之修訂本(續)

### 應用香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則作 業準則第2號之修訂本一會計政策的披露的影響

香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則作業準則第2號之修訂本作出重大判斷為實體將重大判斷應用於會計政策披露提供指引及範例。該等修訂本旨在幫助實體提供更為有用的會計政策披露,將實體披露其「重大」會計政策的規定取代披露其「重要」會計政策的規定,並加入有關實體在作出會計政策披露決策時應當如何應用重大性概念的指引。

應用該等修訂本並無對本集團的財務表現及狀況造成重大影響,惟影響附註4所載會計政策的 披露。

### 應用香港會計準則第8號之修訂本一會計估計的 定義的影響

香港會計準則第8號之修訂本澄清了會計估計變動與會計政策變動及更正錯誤之間的區別。 其亦闡明了實體如何使用測量技術及輸入數據來制定會計估計。

該等修訂本並無對本集團的綜合財務報表造成 任何影響。

### 應用香港會計準則第12號之修訂本-與單一交 易產生的資產及負債有關的遞延稅項的影響

香港會計準則第12號之修訂本將遞延稅項負債 及遞延稅項資產之初步確認豁免範圍收窄,使 其不再適用於初步確認時產生相等的應課稅及 可扣減暫時差額的交易,例如租賃及棄置責任。 因此,實體須就此類交易產生的暫時差額確認 遞延稅項負債。該等修訂本應用於與所呈列 遞延稅項負債。該等修訂本應用於與所呈列 早比較期間開始時的租賃及棄置責任有關的交 易,其中任何累計影響確認為對該日期滾存的 表。就所有其他交易而言,該等修訂本應用於所 呈列最早期間開始後發生的交易。

該等修訂本並無對本集團的綜合財務報表造成 重大影響。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

(a) Adoption of amended HKFRSs (continued)

New HKICPA guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the mandatory provident fund ("MPF") – long service payment ("LSP")

In June 2022, the Hong Kong SAR Government (the "Government") gazetted the Hong Kong Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance"), which will come into effect from 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date"). Once the Amendment Ordinance takes effect, an employer can no longer use any of the accrued benefits derived from its mandatory contributions to MPF scheme to reduce the LSP in respect of an employee's service from the Transition Date (the abolition of the "offsetting mechanism"). In addition, the LSP in respect of the service before the Transition Date will be calculated based on the employee's monthly salary immediately before the Transition Date and the years of service up to that date.

In July 2023, the HKICPA published the "Accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong" that provides accounting guidance relating to the offsetting mechanism and the abolition of the mechanism.

The Group has considered the accrued benefits derived from mandatory MPF contributions that are expected to be used to reduce the LSP payable to an employee as deemed contributions by that employee towards the LSP. Historically, the Group accounted for the offsetting mechanism by applying the practical expedient in HKAS 19.93(b). Based on the HKICPA guidance, upon the enactment of the Amendment Ordinance in June 2022, these deemed contributions should be attributed to periods of service in the same manner as the gross LSP benefit applying HKAS 19.93(a).

The Group has assessed the implications of the above HKICPA guidance on the above accounting policies and has decided to change those accounting policies to conform with the HKICPA guidance. The management has commenced the processes on implementing the change including additional data collection and impact assessment. It has concluded that the adoption of the HKICPA guidance and the application of the new or amendments to standards is unlikely to have a material impact on the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods.

- 2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)及其修訂本(續)
- (a) 採納香港財務報告準則之修訂本(續)

有關取消強制性公積金(「強積金」) — 長期服務 金(「長服金」) 的會計影響的新香港會計師公會 指引

於2022年6月,香港特別行政區政府(「政府」)於 憲報刊登香港2022年僱傭及退休計劃法例(抵 銷安排)(修訂)條例(「修訂條例」),該條例將 於2025年5月1日(「過渡日期」)生效。於修訂條 例生效後,僱主不可再使用其強積金計劃的強 制性供款所產生之任何累算權益,扣減僱員由 過渡日期起服務年期的長服金(取消「對沖機 制」)。此外,於過渡日期前的服務年期的長服金 將根據僱員於緊接過渡日期前的月薪及截至該 日期的服務年期計算。

於2023年7月,香港會計師公會發佈「香港取消 強積金-長服金對沖機制的會計影響」,就對沖 機制及取消該機制提供會計指引。

本集團將強制性強積金供款產生的累算權益 (預期用以扣減應付予僱員的長服金)視為僱 員就長服金的視作供款。一直以來,本集團採用 香港會計準則第19.93(b)條可行權宜方法對對沖 機制進行會計處理。根據香港會計師公會指引, 於修訂條例於2022年6月頒佈後,該等視作供款 乃按與香港會計準則第19.93(a)條應用的長服金 總權益相同的方式歸屬於服務期間。

本集團已評估上述香港會計師公會指引對上述會計政策的影響,並決定變更該等會計政策,以符合香港會計師公會指引。管理層已開始實施變更的程序,包括額外資料收集及影響評估。因此,採納香港會計師公會指引及應用新訂或經修訂準則不大可能對本集團當前或以往期間的業績及財務狀況造成重大影響。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

## (b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new or amendments to HKFRSs have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and Sale or Contribution of Assets between HKAS 28 an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture<sup>3</sup> Amendments to HKFRS 16 Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback<sup>1</sup> Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and the related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) Presentation of Financial Statements - Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause<sup>1</sup> Amendments to HKAS 1

Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 Amendments to HKAS 21 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants<sup>1</sup> Supplier Finance Arrangements<sup>1</sup>

Lack of Exchangeability<sup>2</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024.
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The directors of the Company anticipate that, except as described below, the application of the amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the results and the financial position of the Group.

### 2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)及其修訂本(續)

### (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂或經修訂香港 財務報告準則

下列新訂香港財務報告準則或其修訂本已經頒佈,惟尚未生效,且未經本集團提早採納。本集團目前擬於該等變動生效日期應用該等變動。

之修訂本

香港會計準則第1號之修訂本 流動或非流動負債分類

及香港詮釋第5號 (2020年),財務報表的 呈報一借款人對載有 按要求償還條款的 定期貸款的分類 之相關修訂<sup>1</sup>

香港會計準則第1號之修訂本 附帶契諾之非流動負債'香港會計準則第7號及香港財務 供應商融資安排'報告準則第7號之修訂本 香港會計準則第21號之修訂本 缺乏可兌換性<sup>2</sup>

- 1 於2024年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 2 於2025年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效。
- 3 於有待釐定的日期或之後開始之年度期間生效。

除下文所述外,本公司董事預計應用香港財務 報告準則之修訂本將不會對本集團的業績及財 務狀況造成重大影響。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

- 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)
- (b) New or amended HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020); Amendments to HKAS 1 – Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current issued in 2020 (the "2020 Amendments") clarify the requirements on determining if a liability is current or non-current, in particular the determination over whether an entity has the right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. The amendments specify that an entity's right to defer settlement must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by management's intentions or expectations about whether the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The amendments also clarify the classification of liabilities that will or may be settled by issuing an entity's own equity instruments.

Amendments to HKAS 1 Non-current Liabilities with Covenants issued in 2022 (the "2022 Amendments") further clarify how an entity determines the current or non-current classification of a liability when its right to defer the settlement is subject to compliance with covenants.

The amendments require additional disclosures by an entity that classifies liabilities arising from loan arrangements as non-current when it has a right to defer settlement of those liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within twelve months.

The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 and shall be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. However, an entity that applies the 2020 Amendments early is also required to apply the 2022 Amendments, and vice versa.

Based on the Group's outstanding liabilities as at 31 December 2023, the application of the amendments will not result in change in the classification of the Group's liabilities.

- 2. 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)及其修訂本(續)
- (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂或經修訂香港 財務報告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號之修訂本,流動或非流動負債分類及香港詮釋第5號(2020年);香港會計準則第1號之修訂本-附帶契諾之非流動負債

於2020年頒佈的香港會計準則第1號之修訂本 流動或非流動負債分類「2020年修訂本」)闡明 有關釐定負債為流動或非流動負債的規定,尤 其是釐定實體是否有權將清償負債的時間推遲 至報告期間後至少12個月。該等修訂本規定, 實體推遲清償的權利須於報告期結束時方可作 實。分類不受管理層對實體是否行使其推遲清 償權利的意圖或預期的影響。該等修訂本亦闡 明負債的分類,其將或可能透過發行實體自身 權益工具來清償。

於2022年頒佈的香港會計準則第1號之修訂本 附帶契諾之非流動負債(「2022年修訂本」)進一 步澄清當實體推遲清償的權利受遵守契諾規限 時,實體如何釐定負債的流動或非流動分類。

該等修訂本要求若實體將由貸款安排產生的負債歸類為非流動負債,並有權推遲在未來十二個月內遵守契諾時清償該等負債,則須作出額外披露。

該等修訂本於2024年1月1日或之後開始之年 度期間生效,並應追溯應用。允許提前應用。 然而,提前應用2020年修訂本之實體亦須應用 2022年修訂本,反之亦然。

根據本集團於2023年12月31日未償還的負債, 應用該等修訂本將不會導致本集團負債分類產 生變動。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRSs. Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRSs") and the provisions of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules").

### (b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis at the end of each reporting period.

### (c) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the same as the functional currency of the Company.

### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

### (a) Business combination and basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"). Inter-company transactions and balances between group companies together with unrealised profits are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment on the asset transferred, in which case the loss is recognised in profit or loss.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the dates of acquisition or up to the dates of disposal, as appropriate. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group.

### 3. 編製基準

### (a) 遵例聲明

綜合財務報表乃按照所有適用之香港財務報告 準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋 (以下統稱「香港財務報告準則」) 以及香港公司 條例之條文而編製。此外,綜合財務報表包括香 港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規 則1)所規定之適用披露資料。

### (b) 計量基準

綜合財務報表乃於各報告期終按歷史成本基準 編製。

### (c) 功能及呈列貨幣

綜合財務報表以港元呈列,亦為本公司之功能 貨幣。

### 4. 重要會計政策資料

### (a) 業務合併及綜合基準

綜合財務報表包含本公司以及本公司及其附屬 公司(「本集團」)控制實體的財務報表。集團公 司之間內部公司交易及結餘以及未變現之盈利 已於編製綜合財務報表時悉數對銷。未變現虧 損亦已作對銷,除非是項交易提供所轉讓資產 之減值證據,則在損益內確認虧損。

是年度收購或出售的附屬公司的業績已根據其 收購或截至出售日期(如適用)包括在綜合損益 及其他全面收益表內。如有需要,附屬公司的財 務報表會作出調整,使其會計政策與本集團其 他成員公司所採用者一致。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (continued)

### (a) Business combination and basis of consolidation (continued)

Acquisition of businesses is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the acquisition-date fair value of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and equity interests issued by the Group, as the acquirer. The identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are principally measured at acquisition-date fair value. The Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured at acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss. The Group may elect, on a transaction-by-transaction basis, to measure the non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary either at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other non-controlling interests are measured at fair value unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs. Acquisition-related costs incurred are expensed unless they are incurred in issuing equity instruments in which case the costs are deducted from equity.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent adjustments to consideration are recognised against goodwill only to the extent that they arise from new information obtained within the measurement period (a maximum of 12 months from the acquisition date) about the fair value at the acquisition date. All other subsequent adjustments to contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability are recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of.

Subsequent to acquisition, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests that represent present ownership interests in the subsidiary is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus such non-controlling interest's share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to such non-controlling interests even if this results in those non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (a) 業務合併及綜合基準(續)

收購業務採用收購法入賬。收購成本按本集團(作為收購方)於收購日期所轉移資產、所產生的負債及發行的股權的公平價值總額計量。所 收購之可識別資產及所承擔的負債主要按收購日期公平價值計算。本集團先前於被收購方期公平價值計算。本集團先前於被收購所 持有的股權將按收購日期公平價值重新計算,所產生的收益或虧損於損益內確認。本集收購 所產生的收益或虧損於損益內確認。本集收 可識別資產淨值的比例計量代表於附屬公司 可識別資產淨值的比例計量代表於附屬可 目前擁有權權益之非控股權益。所有其他 股權益按公平價值計量,除非香港財務報 則規定另一項計量基準,則作別論。因收購 於發行股本工具時產生,則有關成本會於權益 於發行股本工具時產生,則有關成本會於權益 中扣除。

收購方將予轉移之任何或然代價按收購日期公平價值確認。其後對代價之調整,則僅於調整是源自有關於收購日期之公平價值之新資料,且新資料是於計量期間(最長為收購日期起12個月)內取得時,方以商譽確認。所有其他對分類為資產或負債的或然代價作出之其後調整於損益內確認。

當本集團失去該附屬公司之控制權,出售盈利 或虧損為以下兩者之差額:(i)已收代價公平價值 與任何保留權益公平價值之總額與(ii)附屬公司 過往之資產(包括商譽)及負債之賬面值及任何 非控股權益。如相關資產或負債已經出售,以往 於其他全面收益確認與該附屬公司有關之金額 須以相同方式入賬。

於收購後,代表於附屬公司的現有擁有權權益 的非控股權益的賬面值指該等權益於初步確 認的金額加上該非控股權益應佔權益之其後變 動。即使導致該等非控股權益結餘出現虧絀,全 面收益總值亦歸屬於該等非控股權益。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (b) Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee over which the Company is able to exercise control. The Company controls an investee if all three of the following elements are present: (i) power over the investee, (ii) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and (iii) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the Group's returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, if any. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

### (c) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

Associates are accounted for using the equity method whereby they are initially recognised at cost and thereafter, their carrying amount are adjusted for the Group's share of the post-acquisition change in the associates' net assets except that losses in excess of the Group's interest in the associate are not recognised unless there is an obligation to make good those losses.

Profits and losses arising on transactions between the Group and its associates are recognised only to the extent of unrelated investors' interests in the associate. The investor's share in the associate's profits and losses resulting from these transactions is eliminated against the carrying value of the associate. Where unrealised losses provide evidence of impairment of the asset transferred, they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Any premium paid for an associate above the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is capitalised and included in the carrying amount of the associate. Where there is objective evidence that the investment in an associate has been impaired, the carrying amount of the investment is tested for impairment in the same way as other non-financial assets.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (b) 附屬公司

附屬公司為本公司可以對其行使控制權的被投資方。倘以下三種因素全部出現時,本公司即控制一名被投資方:(i)有權控制被投資方、(ii)因參與其業務而承擔或享有來自被投資方可變回報的風險或權利,及(iii)利用其對被投資方的權力影響本集團回報金額的能力。當有事實及情況顯示任何該等控制因素可能出現變動時,將會重新評估控制權。

於本公司的財務狀況表內,於附屬公司的投資 乃按成本扣除減值損失(如有)入賬。附屬公司 的業績由本公司按已收及應收的股息基準入 賬。

### (c) 聯營公司

聯營公司指本集團能對其有重大影響力,且並 非附屬公司或合營安排之實體。重大影響力指 可參與被投資方之財務及營運政策之決策而非 控制或共同控制該等政策之權力。

聯營公司乃採取權益法入賬,據此,聯營公司初始以成本確認,其後,其賬面值根據本集團在收購後分佔聯營公司資產淨值的變動進行調整,惟超過本集團在聯營公司中的權益的虧損則不會確認,除非有義務填補有關虧損,則作別論。

本集團與其聯營公司之間的交易所產生的損益 會予以確認,惟僅限於無關連投資者在聯營公 司之權益。投資者應佔因該等交易而產生的有 關聯營公司損益與聯營公司的賬面值對銷。倘 未變現虧損提供所轉讓資產之減值證據,則立 即於損益內確認。

任何收購聯營公司之成本超過本集團應佔所收購的可識別資產、負債及或然負債的公平價值的部分會予以資本化,並計入聯營公司的賬面值。倘有客觀證據顯示於聯營公司之投資已經減值,則投資的賬面值會以與其他非金融資產相同的方式進行減值測試。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (continued)

### (d) Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held either to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or for both, but not held for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any. Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of investment properties net of expected residual value over the estimated useful live using straight-line method. The useful life, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property when there is a change in use, as supported by observable evidence, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of that item at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in properties revaluation reserve. The properties revaluation reserve in respect of that item will be transferred directly to retained earnings when it is recognised.

### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment including buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes (other than construction in progress and freehold land) are stated at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes its purchase price and the costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (d) 投資物業

投資物業為持作賺取租金或資本增值或兩者兼 有,而非於日常業務過程中持作出售、用於生產 或提供貨物或服務,或作行政用途的物業。

投資物業初步以成本(包括任何直接應佔開支) 計量。於初步確認後,投資物業以成本減往後累 計折舊及往後累計減值損失(如有)列賬。投資 物業之折舊乃按其估計可使用年期經扣減其預 期剩餘價值後,以直線法撇銷其成本。可使用年 期、剩餘價值及折舊方法於各報告期終進行檢 討並於適當情況下作出調整。

如物業、機器及設備項目在用途發生變化時成 為投資物業,並且在可觀察證據的支持下,該項 目於轉讓日期之賬面值與公平價值之間之任何 差額在其他全面收益中予以確認,並於物業重 估儲備中累計。該項目之物業重估儲備將於確 認時直接轉撥至滾存盈利。

### (e) 物業、機器及設備

物業、機器及設備包括持作生產或供應貨物或 提供服務或行政用途的建築物(惟在建工程及 永久持有的土地除外),以成本扣減往後累計折 舊及累計減值損失(如有)後列賬。

物業、機器及設備的成本包括其購買價及收購該等項目直接應佔之成本。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (e) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

### Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the buildings elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition. To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land is presented as "right-of-use assets" in the consolidated statement of financial position. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as an expense in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Property, plant and equipment (other than construction in progress and freehold land) are depreciated so as to write off their cost net of expected residual value over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The useful lives, residual value and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The useful lives are as follows:

Freehold land Nil

Leasehold land and buildings Shorter of 20 – 50 years or period of the

lease term

Furniture, fixtures and equipment 3 - 10 years Plant and machinery 5 - 10 years Motor vehicles  $3 \frac{1}{3} - 5$  years

Construction in progress Nil

Freehold land is carried at cost less any recognised impairment loss.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (e) 物業、機器及設備(續)

### 於租賃土地及建築物之所有權權益

當本集團就物業之所有權權益(包括租賃土地 及建築物部分)作出付款時,則對價按於初步確 認時的相對公平價比例,於租賃土地及建築物 部分之間悉數分配。倘相關付款分配能可靠計 量時,租賃土地權益於綜合財務狀況表中呈列為 「使用權資產」。當對價無法在相關租賃土地的 非租賃建築物部分及未分配權益之間可靠分配 時,則整項物業分類為物業、機器及設備。

僅當項目相關之未來經濟利益可能會流入本集團,而且能夠可靠地計算該項目之成本時,其後成本方會計入資產之賬面值或確認為一項獨立資產(如適宜)。被取代部分之賬面值將終止確認。所有其他維修及保養在其產生之財政期間於損益賬內確認為開支。

除在建工程及永久持有的土地外,物業、機器及 設備乃按估計可使用年期經扣減其預期剩餘價 值後,以直線法撇銷其成本。可使用年期、剩餘 價值及折舊方法於各報告期終進行檢討並於適 當情況下作出調整。可使用年期載列如下:

永久持有的土地 無

租賃土地及建築物 20 - 50年或租賃年期

(以較短者為準)

傢俬、裝置及設備 3 - 10年 廠房及機器 5 - 10年 車輛 3 ⅓ - 5年

在建工程無

永久持有的土地乃按成本扣減任何已確認減值 損失列賬。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註(續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (e) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Construction in progress is stated at cost less impairment losses. Costs include any costs directly attributable to bring the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, including cost of testing whether the related assets are functioning properly and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Sale proceeds of items that are produced while bringing an item of property, plant and equipment to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management (such as samples produced when testing whether the asset is functioning properly), and the related costs of producing those items are recognised in the profit or loss. No depreciation is provided for in respect of construction in progress until it is completed and ready for its intended use.

An asset is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is higher than the asset's estimated recoverable amount.

The gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sale proceeds and its carrying amount, and is recognised in profit or loss on disposal.

### (f) Leasing

### The Group as a lessee

All leases are required to be capitalised in the consolidated statement of financial position as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but accounting policy choices exist for an entity to choose not to capitalise (i) leases which are short-term leases and/or (ii) leases for which the underlying asset is of low value. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for low-value assets and leases for which at the commencement date have a lease term of less than 12 months. The lease payments associated with those leases have been expensed on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

### Right-of-use asset

The right-of-use asset should be recognised at cost and would comprise:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability (see below for the accounting policy to account for lease liability);
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (e) 物業、機器及設備(續)

在建工程以成本扣減減值損失列賬。成本包括 資產達到能夠按照管理層擬定的方式開展經營 所必要的位置及條件而應佔之任何直接成本, 包括測試相關資產是否可正常運行的成本,及 對合資格資產按照本集團的會計政策進行資本 化之借貸成本。為使資產達到能夠按照管理層 擬定的方式開展經營所必要的位置及條件而生 產的項目(例如當測試資產是否可正常運行時 所生產之樣品) 之出售所得款項及生產該等項 目的相關成本於損益內確認。在建工程於完成 及可按擬定用途使用前不作折舊撥備。

倘資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,則會 即時撇減至其可收回金額。

處置一項物業、機器及設備產生的收益或虧損 為銷售所得款項淨額與其賬面值的差額,並於 處置時於損益賬內確認。

### (f) 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

所有和賃均須於綜合財務狀況表內資本化為使 用權資產及租賃負債,惟會計政策選擇可供實 體選擇不將的屬短期租賃之租賃及/或的相關資 產為低價值之租賃進行資本化。本集團已選擇 不就低價值資產及租賃期限於開始日期少於12 個月之租賃確認為使用權資產及租賃負債。與 該等租賃相關之租賃付款已於租賃期限內按直 線法攤銷。

### 使用權資產

使用權資產應按成本確認,並包括:

- (i) 租賃負債之初始計量金額(見下文將租賃 負債入賬之會計政策);
- 於開始日或之前支付之任何租賃付款,扣 減任何已收取之租賃優惠;
- (iii) 承租人產生之任何初始直接成本;及

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (f) Leasing (continued)

### The Group as a lessee (continued)

Right-of-use asset (continued)

(iv) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

The Group measures the right-of-use assets applying a cost model. Under the cost model, the Group measures the right-of-use assets at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liability.

The Group has leased a number of properties under tenancy agreements which the Group exercises its judgement and determines that it is a separate class of assets apart from the leasehold land and buildings which is held for own use. As a result, the right-of-use assets arising from the properties under tenancy agreements are carried at depreciated cost.

#### Lease liability

The lease liability is recognised at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the date of commencement of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the Group's incremental borrowing rate.

The following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease are considered to be lease payments:

- (i) fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable;
- (ii) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- (iii) amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- (iv) the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (v) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

Subsequent to the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability by:

- (i) increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability;
- (ii) reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made; and
- (iii) remeasuring the carrying amount to reflect any reassessment or lease modification, or to reflect revised in-substance fixed lease payments.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (f) 租賃(續)

### 本集團作為承租人(續)

### 使用權資產(續)

(iv) 承租人於拆除及移除相關資產以恢復至租 賃條款及約定狀態而預計將予產生之成 本,除非該等成本乃因生產存貨而產生。

本集團採用成本模式計量使用權資產。根據成本模式,本集團按成本減任何累計折舊及任何減值損失計量使用權資產,並就任何重新計量之租賃負債進行調整。

本集團根據租賃協議租賃多項物業,本集團對 其行使判斷及釐定其是否有別於持作自用租賃 土地及建築物之另一資產類別。因此,租賃協 議項下物業產生之使用權資產乃以折舊成本列 值。

### 租賃負債

於租賃開始日租賃負債按照尚未支付之租賃付款之現值確認。倘該利率可輕易釐定,則租賃付款採用租賃隱含之利率貼現。倘該利率無法輕易釐定,則本集團使用本集團之增量借貸利率。

於租賃期限內,在租賃開始日尚未支付之相關 資產使用權之以下付款均被視為租賃付款:

- (i) 固定付款減任何應收租賃優惠;
- (ii) 取決於指數或利率之可變租賃付款(初始 使用於開始日之指數或利率計量);
- (iii) 承租人根據擔保剩餘價值預計應付之金 類:
- (iv) 購買選擇權之行使價格(倘承租人合理確 定將行使該選擇權);及
- (v) 終止租賃之罰金付款(倘租賃期限反映承租人行使終止租賃之選擇權)。

於開始日後,本集團計量租賃負債是以:

- (i) 增加賬面值以反映租賃負債之利息;
- (ii) 減少賬面值以反映作出之租賃付款;及
- (iii) 重新計量賬面值以反映任何重估或租賃修 訂,或反映實際修訂之固定租賃付款。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

(f) Leasing (continued)

### The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liability (continued)

When the Group revises its estimate of the term of any lease (because, for example, it re-assesses the probability of a lessee extension or termination option being exercised), it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments to make over the revised term, which are discounted using a revised discount rate. The carrying value of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of future lease payments dependent on a rate or index is revised, except the discount rate remains unchanged. In both cases, an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying value of the right-of-use asset, with the revised carrying amount being amortised over the remaining (revised) lease term. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is adjusted to zero, any further reduction is recognised in profit or loss.

When the Group renegotiates the contractual terms of a lease with the lessor, if the renegotiation results in one or more additional assets being leased for an amount commensurate with the standalone price for the additional rights-of-use obtained, the modification is accounted for as a separate lease, in all other cases, where the renegotiated increases the scope of the lease (whether that is an extension to the lease term, or one or more additional assets being leased), the lease liability is remeasured using the discount rate applicable on the modification date, with the right-of-use asset being adjusted by the same amount. The lease liability is then further adjusted to ensure its carrying amount reflects the amount of the renegotiated payments over the renegotiated term, with the modified lease payments discounted at the rate applicable on the modification date and the right-of-use asset is adjusted by the same amount.

### The Group as a lessor

The Group has leased out its investment properties to a number of tenants. Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Any changes in the scope of the consideration for a lease that was not part of the original terms and conditions of the lease are accounted for as lease modifications. The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, recognising the remaining lease payments as income on a either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the remaining lease term.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (f) 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

於本集團修訂其任何租賃期限的估計時(例如,重新評估承租人延期或行使終止選擇權的可能性),其調整租賃負債的賬面值以反映將於經修訂期限作出之付款,其使用經修訂貼現率進行貼現。當修訂取決於利率或指數的未來租賃付款可變部分時,除非貼現率保持不變,否則將對租賃負債的賬面值作出相同修訂。於兩種情況下,均會對使用權資產的賬面值進行同等調整,並於剩餘(經修訂)租賃期限內攤銷經修訂賬面值。倘使用權資產的賬面值調整至零,則任何進一步減少於損益賬內確認。

於本集團與出租人重新磋商租賃合約條款時,倘重新磋商導致以與所獲得額外使用權的獨立 價格相稱的金額租賃一項或多項額外資產,則 該修訂以單獨租賃入賬,而於所有其他情況下, 倘重新磋商擴大租賃範圍(無論為延長租赁期 限或租賃一項或多項額外資產),則於修訂日期 使用適用貼現率重新計量租賃負債,並對使用 權資產作出相同金額調整。之後進一步調整租 賃負債,以確保其賬面值反映於經重新磋商期 限內之經重新磋商付款金額,而經修訂租賃付 款於修訂日期按適用比率貼現及使用權資產以 相同金額進行調整。

### 本集團作為出租人

本集團已出租其投資物業予若干租戶。營運租 賃的租金收入乃按有關租賃期限以直線法於損 益賬內確認。磋商及安排營運租賃產生的初步 直接成本會加入該租賃資產的賬面值內並按租 賃期限以直線法確認為開支。

並非原租賃條款及條件的一部分的租賃代價範 圍的任何變動入賬列作租賃修訂。本集團自修 訂生效日期起將營運租賃之修訂入賬列作新租 賃,並於剩餘租賃期限內以直線法或其他系統 性方式將剩餘租賃付款確認為收入。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (g) Inventories

Inventories are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the first-in first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

### (h) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

### (i) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are initially recognised at cost. Subsequently, intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is provided on a straight-line basis over their useful lives as follows. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The amortisation expense is recognised in profit or loss and included in administrative expenses.

Software

Shorter of 5 – 10 years or period of the contract term

### (ii) Impairment

Intangible assets with finite lives are tested for impairment when there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, irrespective of whether there is any indication that they may be impaired. Intangible assets are tested for impairment by comparing their carrying amounts with their recoverable amounts (see note 4(m)).

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount; however, the carrying amount should not be increased above the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that would have resulted had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. All reversals are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income immediately.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (g) 存貨

存貨初始按成本確認,其後按成本及可變現淨值的較低者確認。成本包括所有採購成本、轉換成本及將存貨達致其目前地點及狀況所產生的其他成本。成本以先進先出基準計算。可變現淨值指日常業務過程中的估計售價減去完工估計成本及作出銷售所需的成本。

### (h) 無形資產(商譽除外)

### (i) 無形資產

獨立收購的無形資產初步按成本確認。其後,確定可使用年期之無形資產會按成本扣減累計攤銷及累計減值損失列賬。

攤銷乃以直線法按以下可使用年期計提撥備。不確定可使用年期之無形資產會按成本扣減任何累計減值損失列賬。攤銷費用於損益賬內確認及計入行政費用。

軟件 5-10年或合約年期(以較短者為準)

### (ii) 減值

確定年期之無形資產於資產可能出現減值之跡象時進行減值測試。不確定可使用年期之無形資產及尚未可供使用之無形資產不論是否可能出現任何減值之跡象,均會於每年進行減值測試。無形資產之減值測試為比較其賬面值與其可收回金額(見附註4(m))。

倘估計資產之可收回金額低於其賬面值,則資產之賬面值減至其可收回金額。減值損失即時確認為開支。

倘減值損失於其後撥回,資產賬面值將增加至 其經修訂之估計可收回金額;然而,賬面值不應 增加至超過其可收回金額及於過往年度並無就 資產確認減值損失的情況下原賬面值(以較低 者為準)。全部撥回於綜合損益及其他全面收益 表內即時確認。

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (i) Financial instruments

### (i) Financial assets

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Financial assets at amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gains or losses on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

### (ii) Impairment loss on financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit loss ("ECL") on trade and bills receivables, other receivables and other financial assets measured at amortised cost. The ECLs are measured on either of the following bases: (1) 12-month ECLs: these are the ECLs that result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and (2) lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the assets' original effective interest rate.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (i) 金融工具

### (i) 金融資產

金融資產(除非是並無重大融資部分的營業應收款項)首次按公平價值加上收購或發行金融資產(並非按公平價值計入損益的金融資產)直接應佔的交易成本計量。並無重大融資部分的營業應收款項首次按交易價格計量。

以常規方式購買及出售的金融資產,均按交易 日期(即本集團承諾購買或出售相關資產的日期)進行確認。以常規方式購買及出售是指要求 在相關市場中的規則或慣例通常約定的時間內 交付資產的金融資產買賣。

於釐定內含衍生金融工具的金融資產的現金流量是否屬於僅支付本金及利息時,將全盤考慮內含衍生金融工具的金融資產。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產:就持作收回合約 現金流量的資產而言,倘有關資產的現金流量 為僅支付本金及利息,則按攤銷成本計量。按攤 銷成本計量的金融資產其後使用實際利率法計量。利息收入、外幣匯兌收益及虧損以及減值於 損益賬內確認。終止確認的任何收益或虧損於 損益賬內確認。

### (ii) 金融資產之減值損失

本集團就營業及票據應收款項、其他應收款項 及按攤銷成本計量的其他金融資產確認預期信 貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」)虧損撥備。預期信貸 虧損按以下其中一項基準計量:(1)12個月內發生 期信貸虧損:其為於報告日期後12個月內發生 的潛在違約事件導致的預期信貸虧損;及(2)年 限內預期信貸虧損:此乃於金融工具預計年期 內所有可能由違約事件產生的預期信貸虧損。 估計預期信貸虧損時所考慮的最長期間為本集 團面對信貸風險的最長合約期間。

預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損的概率加權估計。信 貸虧損乃按本集團根據合約應收的所有合約現 金流量與本集團預期收取的所有現金流量之間 的差額計量。該差額其後按貼近資產原有實際 利率貼現。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (i) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (continued)

The Group has elected to measure loss allowances for trade and bills receivables using HKFRS 9 simplified approach and has calculated ECLs based on lifetime ECLs. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For other financial assets of the Group, the ECLs are based on the 12-month ECLs. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrate otherwise.

The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when: (1) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (2) the financial asset is more than 365 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information demonstrate that aware lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

The Group considers a financial asset to be credit-impaired when:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (i) 金融工具(續)

#### (ii) 金融資產之減值損失(續)

本集團已選用香港財務報告準則第9號簡化法以計量營業及票據應收款項的虧損撥備,並已根據年限內預期信貸虧損計算預期信貸虧損。本集團已設立根據本集團過往信貸虧損經驗計算的撥備矩陣,並按債務人特定的前瞻性因素及經濟環境予以調整。

就本集團之其他金融資產而言,預期信貸虧損 乃以12個月預期信貸虧損為基準。然而,當信貸 風險自開始以來大幅增加時,撥備將以年限內 預期信貸虧損為基準。

於釐定金融資產之信貸風險自初步確認後有否 大幅增加及於估計預期信貸虧損時,本集團會 考慮相關及無須付出過多成本或努力即可獲得 之合理及可靠資料。此包括根據本集團之過往 經驗及已知信貸評估得出之量化及質化資料及 分析,並包括前瞻性資料。

本集團假設,倘金融資產逾期超過30日,其信貸 風險已大幅增加,除非本集團有合理及可靠資 料證明並非如此。

本集團認為金融資產於下列情況下為信貸減值:(1)借款人不大可能在本集團無追索權採取行動(例如:變現抵押)(如持有)的情況下向本集團悉數支付其信貸義務;或(2)該金融資產逾期超過365日,除非本集團有合理及可靠資料證明按意識滯後違約標準處理更為恰當。

根據金融工具的性質,對信貸風險顯著增加的 評估乃按個別或共同基準開展。按共同基準開 展評估時,金融工具根據共有的信貸風險特徵 (如逾期狀況及信貸風險評級) 進行分組。

本集團認為金融資產於下列情況下為信貸減 值:

- 債務人出現嚴重財務困難;
- 違反合約,例如拖欠或逾期事件;
- 借款人的貸款人因有關借款人財務困難的 經濟或合約理由而向借款人授出貸款人原 本不予考慮的優惠;
- 債務人可能將會進入破產或其他財務重 組;或
- 因出現財務困難導致證券失去活躍市場。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (i) Financial instruments (continued)

### (ii) Impairment loss on financial assets (continued)

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

Interest income on credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset. Interest income on non credit-impaired financial assets is calculated based on the gross carrying amount.

#### (iii) Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities, depending on the purpose for which the liabilities were incurred. Financial liabilities at amortised costs are initially measured at fair value, net of directly attributable costs incurred.

Financial liabilities at amortised cost including trade and bills payables, other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders/an associate and bank borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. The related interest expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

#### (iv) Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts or payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

### (v) Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (i) 金融工具(續)

#### (ii) 金融資產之減值損失(續)

本集團於損益賬內確認所有金融工具之減值收益或虧損,並透過虧損撥備賬調整相應賬面值。

當有資料顯示債務人有嚴重財政困難且無實際收回前景時(例如當債務人已開展清盤或進入破產程序時(以較早發生者為準)),本集團會撇銷金融資產。經考慮適當法律意見後,本集團仍可能根據追討程序對撇銷的金融資產進行強制執行活動。任何收回款項均在損益賬內確認。

信貸減值金融資產的利息收入按金融資產的攤 銷成本(即總賬面值減虧損撥備)計算。非信貸 減值金融資產的利息收入按總賬面值計算。

#### (iii) 金融負債

本集團視乎負債產生的目的將其金融負債分類。按攤銷成本計量的金融負債初步以公平價值,扣除所產生的直接應佔成本後計算。

按攤銷成本計量的金融負債包括營業及票據應付款項、其他應付款項、欠非控股股東/一間聯營公司款項及銀行借貸,其後乃按實際利率法以攤銷成本計量。有關利息費用於損益賬內確認。

收益或虧損於終止確認負債時透過攤銷程序於 損益賬內確認。

#### (iv) 實際利率法

實際利率法是一種計算金融資產或金融負債的 攤銷成本以及按有關期間攤分利息收入或利息 費用的方法。實際利率是透過金融資產或金融 負債的預期年期或(如適用)更短期間估計未來 現金收入或付款準確貼現的利率。

### (v) 權益工具

本公司發行的權益工具乃以所收款項,扣除直接發行成本後記賬。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (i) Financial instruments (continued)

#### (vi) Derecognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the future cash flows in relation to the financial asset expire or when the financial asset has been transferred and the transfer meets the criteria for derecognition in accordance with HKFRS 9.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

### (j) Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of financial position, bank balances and cash comprise cash (i.e. cash on hand and demand deposits) and cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather for investment or other purposes.

Bank balances for which use by the Group is subject to third party contractual restriction are included as part of cash unless the restrictions result in a bank balance no longer meeting the definition of cash. Contractual restriction affecting use of bank balances are disclosed in note 22.

For the purpose of the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise short-term bank deposits, bank balances and cash which are not restricted as to use.

### (k) Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Government grants related to depreciable assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss over the useful lives of the related assets.

Governments grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (i) 金融工具(續)

#### (vi) 終止確認

本集團於與金融資產有關之未來現金流量合約權利屆滿,或此類金融資產已轉讓且該轉讓根據香港財務報告準則第9號符合終止確認標準時,終止確認金融資產。

當有關合約所訂明責任已告解除、註銷或屆滿時,金融負債將被終止確認。

### (j) 現金及等同現金項目

於綜合財務狀況表內,銀行結餘及現金包括現金 (即手頭現金及活期存款)及等同現金項目。等 同現金項目為短期(通常原到期日為三個月或 更短)、可隨時轉換為已知數額現金且價值變動 風險不大的高流動性投資。等同現金項目持作 滿足短期現金承擔,而非用於投資或其他目的。

本集團根據第三方合約限制使用的銀行結餘作 為部分現金入賬,除非有關限制導致銀行結餘 不再符合現金的定義。對銀行結餘的使用產生 影響的合約限制於附註22中披露。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同現金項目 包括短期銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金,其用途不 受限制。

### (k) 政府補貼

除非能合理確定本集團將符合補貼所附帶之條件及將獲發有關補貼,否則政府補貼不予確認。

政府補貼於本集團確認有關成本為開支的期間內,有系統地於損益賬內確認,該補貼擬用於補償相關成本。與折舊資產有關的政府補貼於綜合財務狀況表確認為遞延收入,並按相關資產的可使用年期撥入損益。

作為已產生開支或虧損的賠償或為向本集團提 供直接財務支援而應收取且並無未來相關成本 的與收入有關的政府補貼於其成為應收款項期 間於損益賬內確認。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which it is probable will result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reliably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required. or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### (m) Impairment of assets (other than financial assets)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the following assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exist or may have decreased:

- investment properties;
- property, plant and equipment;
- right-of-use assets;
- other intangible assets; and
- interest in an associate.

If the recoverable amount (i.e. the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use) of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount under another HKFRS, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase under that HKFRS.

Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### 撥備及或然負債

倘本集團因過往事件而承擔法律或推定責任, 而有可能將導致經濟利益外流及能夠可靠估計 時,則會為未確定時間或金額之負債確認撥備。

倘經濟利益需要外流的可能性不大,或不能對 有關金額作出可靠估計時,則有關責任會作為 或然負債披露,惟經濟利益外流之可能性極低 則作別論。僅以發生或未發生一項或多項未來 事件方可確定是否存在的可能責任,亦會披露 為或然負債,惟經濟利益外流之可能性極低則 作別論。

### (m) 資產減值(金融資產除外)

於報告期終,本集團會檢討以下資產的賬面值, 以判斷是否有任何跡象顯示該等資產出現減值 損失,或過往確認的減值損失是否不再存在或 已經減少:

- 投資物業;
- 物業、機器及設備;
- 使用權資產;
- 其他無形資產; 及
- 於一間聯營公司的權益。

若估計一項資產的可收回金額(即公平價值減 處置成本與使用價值兩者的較高者) 低於其賬 面值時,該資產的賬面值會減至其可收回金額。 減值損失即時確認為開支。

倘減值損失其後出現撥回,則該資產的賬面值 可增加至其經修訂的估計可收回金額,惟增加 後的賬面值不得超過該資產於過往年度並未確 認減值損失時的賬面值。此項減值損失撥回會 立即確認為收入,惟有關資產根據另一香港財 務報告準則以重估金額列賬,則減值損失撥回 會根據該香港財務報告準則視為重估增值。

使用價值按基於預計將源自資產之估計未來現 金流量,按照能反映當時市場對貨幣時間值和 資產或現金產生單位特定風險的評估的稅前貼 現率貼現至其現值計算。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (n) Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the goods or services may be transferred over time or at a point in time. Control of the goods or services is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer;
- creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the goods or services transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods or services.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amounts receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For contracts where the period between the payment and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (n) 收入確認

客戶合同收入在貨物或服務的控制權轉移予客戶時確認,金額為反映本集團預期就交換該等貨物或服務有權獲得的代價(經扣除代表第三方收取的金額)。收入不包括增值稅或其他銷售稅,並扣除任何貿易折讓。

視乎合約條款及適用於該合約之法律規定,貨物或服務控制權可隨時間轉移或於某一時間點轉移。倘本集團在履約過程中滿足下列條件,貨物或服務控制權屬隨時間轉移:

- 提供的所有利益,客戶同時取得並消耗;
- 創建或提升客戶控制之資產(如本集團履約);或
- 沒有創建對本集團而言有其他用途之資產,而本集團可強制執行其權利收回就累計至今已完成履約部分之款項。

倘貨物或服務之控制權隨時間轉移,收入確認 將按整個合約期間已完成履約責任之進度進 行。否則,收入於客戶獲得貨物或服務控制權之 時間點確認。

當合約包含融資部分,就貨物或服務轉移予客戶而為客戶提供重大利益超過一年時,收入按應收金額的現值計量,使用合約開始時在中戶,使用合約開始時在中戶,也不會的人工。當合約包含為本集團提供重大人包含為本集團提供重大人包含為本集團提供重大人包含為本集團,與不會就重於付款與承諾貨物或服務轉移之制,是一年或不足一年的合約,根據香港則第15號應用可行權宜方式,交易價格不會就重大融資部分的影響進行調整。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (n) Revenue recognition (continued)

### Production and sales of dyed fabrics, yarns and garments

Customers obtain control of the products when the goods are delivered to and have been accepted. Revenue is thus recognised upon when the customers accepted the products. There is generally only one performance obligation. Invoices are usually payable within 60 days.

Some of the Group's contracts with customers from the sale of product provides customers a right of return (a right to exchange another product). These rights of return do not allow the returned goods to be refund in cash. The right of return gives rise to variable consideration. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until the associated uncertainty is subsequently resolved. The application of the constraint on variable consideration increases the amount of revenue that will be deferred.

#### Other revenue (ii)

Rental income under operating lease is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

### (o) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not vet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in note 4(i)(ii) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional.

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (n) 收入確認(續)

#### 製造及銷售色布、紗及成衣

常貨物已交付且獲接收時,客戶獲得產品的控 制權。因此於客戶接收產品時確認收入。合約通 常僅有一項履約責任。發票通常須於60日內支 付。

本集團與客戶簽訂的部分產品銷售合約提供客 戶退貨權(交換另一產品的權利)。該等退貨權 不允許退貨的商品以現金退還。退貨權產生可 變代價。可變代價乃於合約開始時估計且受約 東,直至相關不確定性於其後解除為止。對可變 代價應用約束會增加將予遞延的收入金額。

### (ii) 其他收入

營運和賃的租金收入乃按有關租賃年期以直線 法確認。

金融資產的利息收入乃於經濟效益可能流入本 集團,且收入金額能被可靠地計量時予以確認。

### (o) 合約資產及合約負債

合約資產指本集團對已轉移至客戶的貨物而換 取尚未成為無條件的代價的權利,其乃根據香 港財務報告準則第9號進行減值評估。相對而 言,應收款項指本集團對代價的無條件權利,即 支付該代價僅須經過時間流逝方會到期。

合約負債指本集團就本集團已經自客戶收取的 代價(或到期的代價金額)而向該客戶轉移貨物 的責任。

合約資產於本集團根據合約所載的付款條件 無條件收取代價前確認收入時確認。合約資產 根據附註4(i)(ii)所載的政策評估預期信貸虧損, 並於有權無條件收取代價時重新分類為應收款 項。

合約負債於本集團確認相關收入前客戶支付代 價時確認。倘本集團在確認相關收入前有權無 條件收取代價,亦會確認合約負債。於該等情況 下亦會確認相應的應收款項。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (p) Capitalisation of borrowing costs

Borrowing costs attributable directly to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets which require a substantial period of time to be ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. Income earned on temporary investments of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on those assets is deducted from borrowing costs capitalised. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (q) Income taxes

Income taxes for the year comprise current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax is based on the profit or loss from ordinary activities adjusted for items that are non-assessable or disallowable for income tax purposes and is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the corresponding amounts used for tax purposes. Except for goodwill and recognised assets and liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profits, deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates appropriate to the expected manner in which the carrying amount of the asset or liability is realised or settled and that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of reporting period.

An exception to the general requirement on determining the appropriate tax rate used in measuring deferred tax amount is when an investment property is carried at fair value under HKAS 40 "Investment Property". Unless the presumption is rebutted, the deferred tax amounts on these investment properties are measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of these investment properties at their carrying amounts at the reporting date. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and an associate, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (p) 借貸成本撥作資本

收購、建造或生產合資格資產(即需要大量時間達成其擬定用途或供銷售的資產)直接應佔的借貸成本撥作資本,作為該等資產成本的一部分。該等資產有待支銷的特定借貸臨時投資所賺得的收入,從資本化的借貸成本中扣除。所有其他借貸成本在其產生期間的損益賬內確認。

### (q) 所得稅

是年度所得稅包括是年度稅項及遞延稅項。

是年度稅項乃根據日常業務之盈利或虧損,就 所得稅而言毋須課稅或不可扣稅之項目作出調 整,按報告期終已頒佈或實際上已頒佈的稅率 計算。

遞延稅項乃就用於財務報告目的之資產及負債的賬面值與用於稅務目的之相應金額之間的暫時差額而確認。除商譽以及不影響會計或應課稅盈利的已確認資產及負債外,會就所有應課稅暫時差額確認遞延稅項負債。遞延稅項資產於有可能動用應課稅盈利抵銷可抵扣暫時差額的情況下確認。遞延稅項乃按預期資產或負債變現或清償資產或負債賬面值的方式以及於報告期終已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的適用稅率計量。

對於計量遞延稅項金額時用於釐定適合稅率的一般規定而言,有一個例外情況,即投資物業是根據香港會計準則第40號「投資物業」而按公平價值列賬。除非該假定被推翻,否則此等投資物業的遞延稅項金額是以出售此等投資物業時所適用的稅率以及按其於報告日期的賬面值商計量。若投資物業是可計提折舊並根據一個商計量式而持有,而該商業模式的目的是隨著時間推移而消耗該物業所體現的絕大部分經濟效益(而不是通過出售)時,該假定即被推翻。

附屬公司及聯營公司的投資產生的應課稅暫時 差額會被確認為遞延稅項負債,惟若本集團可 控制暫時差額的撥回及於可見將來不會將暫時 差額撥回則除外。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION** (continued)

### (q) Income taxes (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the rightof-use assets or the lease liabilities.

Income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income in which case the taxes are also recognised in other comprehensive income or when they relate to items recognised directly in equity in which case the taxes are also recognised directly in equity.

### (r) Foreign currencies

Transactions entered into by group entities in currencies other than the currency of the primary economic environment in which they operate (the "functional currency") are recorded at the rates ruling when the transactions occur. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the rates ruling at the end of reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the translation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (q) 所得稅(續)

倘有合法可強制執行權利將即期稅項資產與即 期稅項負債予以抵銷,且與同一稅務機關所徵 收之所得稅有關,而本集團擬按淨值基準結算 其即期稅項負債及資產,則遞延稅項資產及負 債可予以抵銷。

就本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃負債之租 賃交易計量遞延稅項而言,本集團首先釐定稅 項扣減是否歸屬於使用權資產或租賃負債。

所得稅乃於損益賬內確認,除非該等稅項與於 其他全面收益或與於權益內直接確認的項目有 關,在此情況下,該等稅項亦分別於其他全面收 益或直接於權益中確認。

#### (r) 外幣

集團實體以其經營所在的主要經濟環境貨幣 (「功能貨幣」)以外的貨幣進行的交易乃按交 易發生時的適用匯率入賬。外幣貨幣資產及負 債則以報告期終的適用匯率換算。按公平價值 以外幣列賬的非貨幣項目乃按釐定公平價值當 日的匯率重新換算。按歷史成本以外幣計算的 非貨幣項目毋須重新換算。

於結算及換算貨幣項目時產生的匯兌差額乃於 其產生的期間於損益賬內確認。於重新換算以 公平價值列賬的非貨幣項目時產生的匯兌差額 計入該期間之損益賬內,惟重新換算之非貨幣 項目所產生差額的盈虧是在其他全面收益確認 時,在此情況下,有關匯兌差額亦於其他全面收 益確認。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (r) Foreign currencies (continued)

On consolidation, income and expense items of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the rates approximating to those ruling when the transactions took place are used. All assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated at the rate ruling at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as translation reserve (attributed to minority interests as appropriate). Exchange differences recognised in profit or loss of group entities' separate financial statements on the translation of long-term monetary items forming part of the Group's net investment in the foreign operation concerned are reclassified to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity as translation reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in the translation reserve relating to that operation up to the date of disposal are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the profit or loss on disposal.

#### (s) Employee benefits

#### (i) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are employee benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before twelve months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Short term employee benefits are recognised in the year when the employees render the related service.

### (ii) Defined contribution retirement plan

Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when the services are rendered by the employees.

### (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised on the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

### (r) 外幣(續)

當處置海外業務時,匯兌儲備內確認該業務截 至處置日期止的累積匯兌差額將重新分類至損 益賬,作為處置盈利或虧損的一部分。

#### (s) 僱員福利

#### (i) 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利是指預計在僱員提供相關服務的 年度呈報期末後12個月以內將全數結付的僱員 福利(離職福利除外)。短期僱員福利於僱員提 供相關服務的年度內確認。

### (ii) 定額供款退休計劃

向定額供款退休計劃作出的供款,於僱員提供 服務時在損益賬內確認為開支。

### (iii) 離職福利

離職福利於本集團在不得撤銷提供該等福利時 或本集團確認重組成本(涉及支付離職福利)時 (以較早者為準)確認。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### Related parties

- A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - has significant influence over the Group; or
  - is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Company's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions apply:
  - The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of the employees of the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or the Group's parent.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (t) 關聯人士

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士或該人士的近親 與本集團有關聯:
  - 對本集團有控制權或共同控制權; (i)
  - 對本集團有重大影響力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本公司母公司主要管理人 員的成員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則該實體與本集團 有關聯:
  - 該實體及本集團屬同一集團(即各母 公司、附屬公司及同系附屬公司為互 相關聯)。
  - 一個實體是另一實體的聯營公司或合 (ii) 營公司(或集團成員公司之聯營公司 或合營公司,而另一實體為該集團成 員公司)。
  - (iii) 兩個實體皆為相同第三方的合營公 司。
  - 一個實體為第三實體之合營公司及另 (iv)一實體為該第三實體的聯營公司。
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關聯的 實體的僱員福利而設的離職後福利計 割。
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)內所識別的人士控制或共 同控制。
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)內所識別對實體有重大影響的 人士或是實體(或實體之母公司)主要 管理人員的成員。
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的任何成員公司 向本集團或本集團的母公司提供主要 管理人員服務。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### (t) Related parties (continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

#### 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are as follows:

## Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets at the end of each reporting period. Property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or CGU and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The fair value less costs of disposal were assessed with reference to the market prices of similar assets after considering the conditions of these assets.

As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets are approximately HK\$1,202,956,000, HK\$62,609,000 and HK\$171,364,000 respectively (2022: HK\$1,307,647,000, HK\$72,225,000 and HK\$194,534,000 respectively). No impairment loss in respect of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets have been recognised (2022: nil) in profit or loss.

### 4. 重要會計政策資料(續)

#### (t) 關聯人士(續)

該名人士的近親為可能被預期於與實體進行交易時影響該名人士或受該名人士影響的該等家 族成員並包括:

- (i) 該名人士的子女及配偶或家庭夥伴;
- (ii) 該名人士的配偶或家庭夥伴的子女;及
- (iii) 該名人士或該名人士的配偶或家庭夥伴的 家屬。

### 5. 估計不確定性的主要來源

於報告期終有極大風險會導致下個財政年度的 資產及負債的賬面值出現重大調整之不確定性 估計的主要來源如下:

## 物業、機器及設備、投資物業以及使用權資產的估計減值

本集團於各報告期末評估物業、機器及設備、 投資物業以及使用權資產是否存在任何減值跡 象。倘有跡象表明可能無法收回賬面值,則對物 業、機器及設備、投資物業以及使用權資產進行 減值測試。倘一項資產或現金產生單位的 值超出其可收回金額(即公平價值減處置的 與使用價值兩者的較高者),則存在減值。於 與使用價值計算時,管理層估計有關資產站現 金產生單位的未來現金流量,並選擇適當貼現 率以便計算該等現金流量的現值。公平價值減 處置成本乃於考慮該等資產的狀況後參考類似 資產的市價進行評估。

於2023年12月31日,物業、機器及設備、投資物業以及使用權資產的賬面值分別約為1,202,956,000港元、62,609,000港元及171,364,000港元(2022年:分別為1,307,647,000港元、72,225,000港元及194,534,000港元)。概無物業、機器及設備、投資物業及使用權資產的減值損失於損益確認(2022年:零)。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

(continued)

### Estimated useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment

In determining the useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment, the Group has to consider various factors, such as technical or commercial obsolescence arising from changes or improvements in production, or from a change in the market demand for the product or service output of the asset expected usage of the asset, expected physical wear and tear, the care and maintenance of the asset, and legal or similar limits on the use of the asset. The estimation of the useful life of the asset is based on the experience of the Group with similar assets that are used in a similar way. Additional depreciation is made if the estimated useful lives and/or the residual values of items of property, plant and equipment are different from previous estimation. Useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each financial year end date based on changes in circumstances.

As at 31 December 2023, there is no revision of the estimated useful lives and residual values of the items of property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,202,956,000 (2022: HK\$1,307,647,000).

#### Estimated impairment of trade and bills receivables

The Group recognises lifetime ECLs for trade and bills receivables, using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. The amount of the impairment loss based on ECL model is measured as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. Where the future cash flows are less than expected, or being revised downward due to changes in facts and circumstances, a material impairment loss may arise.

The economic downturn and uncertainties that have arisen as a result of resurgence of the pandemic and soaring global inflation have made these estimates more judgemental, which the Group has taken into account in its determination of applicable ECLs attributable to trade and bills receivables arising from sales to customers on credit term, including the incorporation of forward-looking information to supplement historical credit loss rate. Further information on the impairment assessment on trade and bills receivables is provided in note 37(b).

As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of trade and bills receivables is approximately HK\$808,091,000 (2022: HK\$928,721,000), net of allowance for ECL of approximately HK\$35,139,000 (2022: HK\$52,109,000). During the year, a reversal of impairment loss of approximately HK\$13,275,000 (2022: an impairment loss of HK\$17,867,000) was recognised in profit or loss.

### 5. 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

### 物業、機器及設備項目的估計可使用年期及剩 餘價值

在釐定物業、機器及設備項目的可使用年期及 剩餘價值時,本集團須考慮多項因素,例如因 生產變動或改進或市場對有關資產的產品或服 務輸出的需求有所改變而產生的技術性或商業 性過時、資產預期用途、預期自然損耗、資產維 修及保養以及使用資產所受到的法律或類似限 制。估計資產的可使用年期時,本集團根據經驗 考慮類似用途的類似資產。倘若物業、機器及設 備項目的估計可使用年期及/或剩餘價值與先 前估計不同,則增加折舊。可使用年期及剩餘價 值於每個財政年度結算日按情況變化檢討。

於2023年12月31日,並無對賬面值約1,202,956,000 港元(2022年:1,307,647,000港元)之物業、機器 及設備項目的估計可使用年期及剩餘價值進行修 計一。

### 營業及票據應收款項的估計減值

本集團根據本集團過往信貸虧損經驗使用撥備 矩陣確認營業及票據應收款項的年限內預期信 貸虧損,並根據於報告日期債務人的特定因素、 整體經濟環境及對現有及預計的環境方向的評 估進行調整。根據預期信貸虧損模式作出的減 值損失金額按根據合約應付本集團的所有合約 現金流量與本集團預期將收到的所有現金流量 之間的差額計量,並按初始確認時的實際利率 貼現。倘未來現金流量少於預期或因事實及環 境變化而向下修訂,則可能產生重大減值損失。

因疫情反覆及全球通脹飆升導致的經濟下滑及 產生的不確定性令有關估計較具判斷性,本集 團在釐定按信貸條款向客戶銷售產生之營業及 票據應收款項應佔之適用預期信貸虧損時已計 及此項因素,包括計入前瞻性資料以補充過往 信貸虧損率。有關營業及票據應收款項減值評 估的更多資料載於附註37(b)。

於2023年12月31日,營業及票據應收款項 之賬面值約為808,091,000港元(2022年: 928,721,000港元),扣除預期信貸虧損撥備約 35,139,000港元(2022年:52,109,000港元)。年 內,減值損失撥回約13,275,000港元(2022年: 減值損失17,867,000港元)於損益內確認。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 5. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

### Estimated impairment of deposits and other receivables

The Group use ECL model to assess the impairment of deposits and other receivables. The application of ECL model requires significant judgements and estimates, and requires consideration for all reasonable and proofed information, including forward-looking information. When making these judgements and estimates, the Group infers expected changes in debtor's credit risk based on historical repayment data combined with economic policies, macroeconomic indicators, industrial risks and other factors. Different estimates may affect the accrual of provision for impairment. The accrued provision for impairment may not be equal to the actual amount of impairment losses in the future.

As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of deposits and other receivables is approximately HK\$248,473,000 (2022: HK\$18,453,000), net of allowance for ECL of nil (2022: nil). During the year, no impairment loss (2022: reversal of impairment loss of approximately HK\$6,105,000) was recongised in profit of loss.

#### **Estimated allowance for inventories**

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The Group regularly reviews its inventory levels in order to identify slow-moving and obsolete inventories. The Group makes allowance for slow-moving and obsolete items through management's estimation of the net realisable value for such obsolete and slow-moving items based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions, including the consideration of potential impacts on the subsequent sales orders and demand of its products resulting from the resurgence of the pandemic, soaring global inflation and uncertainties in the global economy. When the Group identifies items of inventories which have a market price that is lower than its carrying amount, the Group estimates the amount of write-down of inventories as allowance for inventories. If the market price of inventories of the Group becomes lower than its carrying amount subsequently, an additional allowance may be required.

As at 31 December 2023, the carrying amount of inventories of approximately HK\$783,908,000 (2022: HK\$929,526,000), net of accumulated provision of approximately HK\$174,981,000 (2022: HK\$180,524,000).

### 5. 估計不確定性的主要來源(續)

#### 按金及其他應收款項預期減值

本集團採用預期信貸虧損模式對按金及其他應收款項進行減值評估,應用預期信貸虧損模式 需要做出重大判斷和估計,需考慮所有合理且 有依據的信息,包括前瞻性信息。於作出該等判 斷及估計時,本集團根據歷史還款數據結合經 濟政策、宏觀經濟指標、行業風險等因素推斷債 務人信用風險的預期變動。不同的估計可能會 影響減值撥備的計提,已計提的減值撥備可能 並不等於未來實際的減值損失金額。

於2023年12月31日,按金及其他應收款項賬面值約為248,473,000港元(2022年:18,453,000港元),扣除預期信貸虧損撥備零港元(2022年:零)。本年度,於損益中概無確認減值損失(2022年:減值損失撥回約6,105,000港元)。

#### 估計存貨撥備

存貨乃按成本及可變現淨值的較低者估值。本 集團定期檢討其存貨水平,以辨別滯銷及陳 存貨。本集團通過管理層主要基於最新發票價 格及當前市況(包括考慮對其後銷售訂單分 在影響及因疫情反覆、全球通脹飆升及全球 濟的不穩定性導致對產品的需求)對有關陳 預目作出撥備。倘本集團發現存貨項目的可變 項目作出撥備。倘本集團估計存貨撇減的金額 為存貨撥備。倘本集團的存貨市價之後低於其 賬面值,則或須作出額外撥備。

於2023年12月31日,存貨之賬面值約為783,908,000 港元(2022年:929,526,000港元),扣除累計撥備約174,981,000港元(2022年:180,524,000港元)。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The executive directors, i.e. the chief operating decision makers, regularly review the operating results and financial information based on distinct geographical areas of location of customers, including Hong Kong (place of domicile of the Company), the PRC, Taiwan, Korea, Sri Lanka, America, Europe and Others, i.e. representing other geographical locations mainly Bangladesh, Vietnam, Singapore and Macau. All of these geographical areas are operating segments except "Others" which is an aggregation of operating segments.

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and profit from the production and sales of dyed fabrics, yarns and garments and results by reportable segments for the year.

### 6. 營業額及分類資料

執行董事(即主要營運決策者)根據客戶所在地區不同的地域位置定期審閱經營業績及財務資料,包括香港(本公司所屬地)、中國、台灣、韓國、斯里蘭卡、美洲、歐洲及其他地區(即指其他地域位置,主要為孟加拉國、越南、新加坡及澳門)。所有該等地域位置為營運分類,而「其他地區」則為綜合之營運分類。

以下為本集團於是年度源自製造及銷售色布、 紗及成衣按可申報分類劃分之營業額及盈利以 及業績所作之分析。

| 2023   | 2023年       | Hong Kong<br>香港<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | The PRC<br>中國<br><i>HK\$</i> *000<br>千港元 | Taiwan<br>台灣<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | Korea<br>韓國<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | Sri Lanka<br>斯里蘭卡<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | America<br>美洲<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | Europe<br>歐洲<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | Others<br>其他地區<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | Segment total<br>分類總值<br><i>HK\$</i> '000<br>千港元 | Eliminations<br>對銷<br><i>HK\$</i> '000<br>千港元 | Consolidated<br>綜合<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 |
|--|-------------|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| Revenue  | 營業額         |   |  |  |                                       |   |   |  |  |  |   |  |
| External sales                                 | 對外銷售        | 664,027                                   | 1,776,404                                | 158,784                                | 205,839                               | 739,165                                     | 223,007                                 | 66,827                                 | 606,182                                  | 4,440,235  | -   | 4,440,235                                    |
| Inter-segment sales (note)                     | 分類間銷售 (附註)  | 1,925,160                                 | 732,943                                  | -                                      | -                                     | 174,051                                     | -                                       | -                                      | 85,914                                   | 2,918,068  | (2,918,068)                                   |  |
| Total segment revenue                          | 分類營業額總值     | 2,589,187                                 | 2,509,347                                | 158,784                                | 205,839                               | 913,216                                     | 223,007                                 | 66,827                                 | 692,096                                  | 7,358,303  | (2,918,068)                                   | 4,440,235                                    |
| Results<br>Segment profit                      | 業績<br>分類盈利  | 22,912                                    | 80,689                                   | 5,394                                  | 7,138                                 | 56,619                                      | 11,231                                  | 2,307                                  | 26,602                                   |  |   | 212,892                                      |
| Interest income                                | 利息收入        |   |  |  |                                       |   |   |  |  |  |   | 30,442                                       |
| Unallocated income                             | 未分配收入       |   |  |  |                                       |   |   |  |  |  |   | 267,906                                      |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment loss | 折舊、攤銷及減值損失  |   |  |  |                                       |   |   |  |  |  |   | (180,160)                                    |
| Other unallocated expenses                     | 其他未分配支出     |   |  |  |                                       |   |   |  |  |  |   | (194,846)                                    |
| Finance costs                                  | 融資成本        |   |  |  |                                       |   |   |  |  |  |   | (26,258)                                     |
| Share of profit of an associate                | 應佔一間聯營公司之盈利 |   |  |  |                                       |   |   |  |  |  |   | 1,152  |
| Profit before income tax expense               | 除所得稅支出前盈利   |   |  |  |                                       |   |   |  |  |  |   | 111,128                                      |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

# The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and profit from the production and sales of dyed fabrics, yarns and garments and results by reportable segments for the year. (continued)

### 6. 營業額及分類資料(續)

以下為本集團於是年度源自製造及銷售色布、 紗及成衣按可申報分類劃分之營業額及盈利以 及業績所作之分析。(續)

| 2022   | 2022年        | Hong Kong<br>香港<br><i>HK\$</i> '000<br>千港元 | The PRC<br>中國<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Taiwan<br>台灣<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | Korea<br>韓國<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | Sri Lanka<br>斯里蘭卡<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | America<br>美洲<br><i>HK\$*000</i><br>千港元 | Europe<br>歐洲<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Others<br>其他地區<br><i>HK\$*000</i><br>千港元 | Segment total<br>分類總值<br><i>HK\$</i> *000<br>千港元 | Eliminations<br>對銷<br><i>HK\$</i> *000<br>千港元 | Consolidated<br>綜合<br><i>HK\$*000</i><br>千港元 |
|--|--------------|--|----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|--|--|---|--|
| Revenue  | 營業額          |  |                                  |  |                                       |   |   |                                 |  |  |   |  |
| External sales                                 | 對外銷售         | 784,537                                    | 2,046,010                        | 319,967                                | 339,944                               | 978,471                                     | 524,590                                 | 74,897                          | 985,229                                  | 6,053,645  | -   | 6,053,645                                    |
| Inter-segment sales (note)                     | 分類間銷售 (附註)   | 3,259,209                                  | 1,101,808                        | -                                      | -                                     | 269,775                                     | -                                       | -                               | 189,727                                  | 4,820,519  | (4,820,519)                                   |  |
| Total segment revenue                          | 分類營業額總值      | 4,043,746                                  | 3,147,818                        | 319,967                                | 339,944                               | 1,248,246                                   | 524,590                                 | 74,897                          | 1,174,956                                | 10,874,164                                       | (4,820,519)                                   | 6,053,645                                    |
| Results<br>Segment profit                      | 業績分類盈利       | 49,435                                     | 129,228                          | 19,849                                 | 21,280                                | 79,436                                      | 42,432                                  | 4,711                           | 64,153                                   |  |   | 410,524                                      |
| Interest income                                | 利息收入         |  |                                  |  |                                       |   |   |                                 |  |  |   | 9,069  |
| Unallocated income                             | 未分配收入        |  |                                  |  |                                       |   |   |                                 |  |  |   | 21,565                                       |
| Depreciation, amortisation and impairment loss | : 折舊、攤銷及減值損失 |  |                                  |  |                                       |   |   |                                 |  |  |   | (180,399)                                    |
| Other unallocated expenses                     | 其他未分配支出      |  |                                  |  |                                       |   |   |                                 |  |  |   | (259,730)                                    |
| Finance costs                                  | 融資成本         |  |                                  |  |                                       |   |   |                                 |  |  |   | (21,408)                                     |
| Share of profit of an associate                | 應佔一間聯營公司之盈利  |  |                                  |  |                                       |   |   |                                 |  |  | -   | 169  |
| Loss before income tax expense                 | 除所得稅支出前虧損    |  |                                  |  |                                       |   |   |                                 |  |  | _   | (20,210)                                     |

Note: Inter-segment sales are charged at price by reference to the prevailing market rates.

附註:分類間銷售之價格乃參照當時之市場價格而釐 定。

The Group's assets, liabilities and capital expenditure are predominately attributable to geographical regions. Therefore, no analysis by geographical regions is presented.

本集團之資產、負債及資本開支乃主要來自於 地理區域。因此,概無呈列地理區域分析。

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 4. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment without allocation of central administration costs and other expenses (including non-production related employee benefits expenses, directors' emoluments, bank charges, etc.), depreciation and amortisation of investment properties, property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets, interest income, impairment loss and gain/loss on disposal/written-off of property, plant and equipment and investment properties, finance costs, share of profit of an associate, etc. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision makers for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment. No analysis on segment assets and liabilities is disclosed as it is not presented to the chief operating decision makers.

可申報分類之會計政策與附註4所述之本集團會計政策相同。分類盈利指各分類所賺取的別,當中並無計入中央行政成本及其他費用(包括與非生產有關之僱員福利開支、董事酬金、包括與非生產有關之僱員福利開支、董事酬金、役費用等)、投資物業、物業、機器及設備及投資物業之減值損失及出售/撤路及設備及投資物業之減值損失及出售/撤銷收益/虧損、融資成本、應佔一間聯營公司主要營運決策者匯報之基準。對分類資產及負債運決策者匯報之基準。對分類資產及負債運決策者呈列。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

### 6. 營業額及分類資料(續)

### Other segment information

其他分類資料

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit:

已包括計量分類盈利之金額:

|  |                             | Hong Kong<br>香港<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | The PRC<br>中國<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Taiwan<br>台灣<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Korea<br>韓國<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Sri Lanka<br>斯里蘭卡<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | America<br>美洲<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Europe<br>歐洲<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Others C<br>其他地區<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | ionsolidated<br>綜合<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2023   | 2023年                       |                                    |                                  |                                 |                                |                                      |                                  |                                 |                                     |                                       |
| Impairment loss (reversed)/<br>recognised on trade and<br>bills receivables, net       | 營業及票據應收款項之減值損失(回撥)/確認淨值     | (2,447)                            | (6,584)                          | (887)                           | (119)                          | (2,066)                              | (396)                            | (23)                            | (752)                               | (13,274)                              |
| Depreciation of investment properties  Depreciation and impairment of property,        | 投資物業之折舊<br>物業、機器及設備之折舊及減值   | 109                                | 5,199                            | -                               | -                              | -                                    | -                                | -                               | -                                   | 5,308                                 |
| plant and equipment  | 70末   饭苗又以用之川 百又   版   因    | 1,937                              | 153,124                          | -                               | -                              | 16,725                               | _                                | -                               | 51                                  | 171,837                               |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets  | 使用權資產之折舊                    | 542                                | 24,097                           | -                               | -                              | 766                                  | -                                | -                               | 2,909                               | 28,314                                |
| Loss on written-off of investment properties   | 撤銷投資物業之虧損                   | -                                  | (3,552)                          | -                               | -                              | -                                    | -                                | -                               | -                                   | (3,552)                               |
| 2022   | 2022年                       |                                    |                                  |                                 |                                |                                      |                                  |                                 |                                     |                                       |
| Impairment loss recognised/<br>(reversed) on trade and                                 | 營業及票據應收款項之減值損失<br>確認/(回撥)淨值 |                                    |                                  |                                 |                                |                                      |                                  |                                 |                                     |                                       |
| bills receivables, net   |                             | 746                                | 18,957                           | 306                             | (383)                          | 391                                  | (438)                            | 3                               | (1,715)                             | 17,867                                |
| Depreciation of investment properties  Depreciation and impairment of property,        | 投資物業之折舊<br>物業、機器及設備之折舊及減值   | 109                                | 5,412                            |                                 | -                              | -                                    | -                                | -                               | -                                   | 5,521                                 |
| plant and equipment  |                             | 2,362                              | 151,210                          | -                               | -                              | 18,170                               | -                                | -                               | 121                                 | 171,863                               |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets<br>Loss on written-off of investment<br>properties | 使用權資產之折舊撒銷投資物業之虧損           | 652                                | 24,260                           | -                               | -                              | 338                                  | -                                | -                               | 3,616                               | 28,866                                |

### 綜合財務報表附註(續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

### **Geographical information**

The following is an analysis of geographical location of the Group's non-current assets (note) at the end of the reporting period:

### 6. 營業額及分類資料(續)

### 地域資料

於報告期終,本集團之非流動資產(附註)按地 域位置之分析如下:

|           |      | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022 |
|-----------|------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|           |      | 2023<br>HK\$'000 千港元              | HK\$'000 千港元                      |
|           |      |                                   |                                   |
| The PRC   | 中國   | 1,321,327                         | 1,461,800                         |
| Hong Kong | 香港   | 10,433                            | 15,347                            |
| Sri Lanka | 斯里蘭卡 | 155,249                           | 135,744                           |
| Others    | 其他地區 | 3,054                             | 5,621                             |
|           |      |                                   |                                   |
|           |      | 1,490,063                         | 1,618,512                         |

Note: Non-current assets excluded deferred tax assets.

附註:非流動資產不包括遞延稅項資產。

### Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by products and timing of revenue recognition are as follows:

### 營業額分列

按產品及按確認收入時間劃分的客戶合同收入 分列如下:

|   |  | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15:  Production and sales of dyed fabrics | 香港財務報告準則第15號範圍內的客戶<br>合同收入:<br>製造及銷售色布及紗 |                             |                      |
| and yarns   |  | 3,639,699                   | 5,150,345            |
| Production and sales of garments  | 製造及銷售成衣                                  | 800,536                     | 903,300              |
|   |  |                             |                      |
|   |  | 4,440,235                   | 6,053,645            |
| Timing of revenue recognition:  | 確認收入的時間:                                 |                             |                      |
| At a point in time  | 在某時間點                                    | 4,440,235                   | 6,053,645            |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

## The following table provides information about trade and bills receivables and contract liabilities from contracts with customers.

### 6. 營業額及分類資料(續)

下表提供有關營業及票據應收款項以及來自客戶合同的合約負債資料。

|  |                         | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Trade and bills receivables (note 20) Contract liabilities (note 26) | 營業及票據應收款項 <i>(附註20)</i> | 808,091  | 928,721  |
|  | 合約負債 <i>(附註26)</i>      | 19,712   | 21,216   |

#### Information about major customers

No revenue from individual customer contributed over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

### 有關主要客戶之資料

截至2023年12月31日及2022年12月31日止年度,來自個別客戶之收入佔本集團營業額總值均無超過10%。

## Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations for contracts with the customers

Sales of goods were made in a short period of time and the performance obligation was mostly satisfied in one year or less at the end of each year, thus the Group applied the expedient of not to disclose the transaction price allocated to unsatisfied performance obligation.

### 分配至客戶合同剩餘履約責任的交易價格

商品銷售短時間內完成,其履約責任在一年內或更短期間內(於各年年底)被履行,因此,本集團採用不披露分配至未被履行履約責任的交易價格的權宜方法。

#### 7. FINANCE COSTS

#### 7. 融資成本

|                   |       | 2023         | 2022         |
|-------------------|-------|--------------|--------------|
|                   |       | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
|                   |       |              |              |
| Finance costs on: | 融資成本: |              |              |
| Bank borrowings   | 銀行借貸  | 19,258       | 13,469       |
| Lease liabilities | 租賃負債  | 7,000        | 7,939        |
|                   |       |              |              |
|                   |       | 26,258       | 21,408       |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

### 8. 所得稅支出

|  |                      | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Current tou                            | 是年度稅項:               |                             |                      |
| Current tax:                           | 在中度优块·<br>香港         | 562                         | 0.105                |
| Hong Kong<br>The PRC                   | 中國                   | 15,046                      | 3,125<br>20,345      |
|  | 其他司法地區               | 19,418                      | 14,690               |
| Other jurisdictions                    | 共100万次地區             | 19,410                      | 14,090               |
|  |                      | 35,026                      | 38,160               |
|  |                      |                             |                      |
| Under/(over) provision in prior years: | 過往年度撥備不足/(超額撥備):     |                             |                      |
| Hong Kong                              | 香港                   | (12)                        | 311                  |
| The PRC                                | 中國                   | (22)                        | 12,680               |
| Other jurisdictions                    | 其他司法地區               | 1,461                       | 1,266                |
|  |                      | 1,427                       | 14,257               |
|  |                      | 36,453                      | 52,417               |
|  |                      | 00,400                      | 02,411               |
| Deferred tax (note 18):                | 遞延稅項 <i>(附註18)</i> : |                             |                      |
| Hong Kong                              | 香港                   | 230                         | 1,962                |
| The PRC                                | 中國                   | 11,777                      | 10,358               |
| Other jurisdictions                    | 其他司法地區               | (5,176)                     | 8,217                |
|  |                      |                             |                      |
|  |                      | 6,831                       | 20,537               |
|  |                      |                             |                      |
|  |                      | 43,284                      | 72,954               |

Under the Hong Kong two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the first HK\$2,000,000 of assessable profits of one subsidiary of the Company, which is a qualifying corporation, is taxed at 8.25% and the remaining assessable profits at 16.5%. The profits of other group entities not entitled to the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at 16.5%.

Under the law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries is 25%.

根據香港利得稅兩級制,本公司一間為合資格 企業的附屬公司的首2,000,000港元應課稅盈利 稅率為8.25%,而餘下的應課稅盈利稅率則為 16.5%。不符合利得稅兩級制的其他集團實體 之盈利將繼續按稅率16.5%課稅。

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及企 業所得稅法實施條例,中國附屬公司之稅率為 25%。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 8. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations in Sri Lanka, the tax rate of Sri Lanka subsidiary was 14% from January to September 2022 and has been increased to 30% from October 2022.

Taxation arising in other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

Details of the deferred tax are set out in note 18.

Income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the profit/(loss) before income tax expense per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

### 8. 所得稅支出(續)

根據斯里蘭卡有關之法律及法規,2022年1月至9月,斯里蘭卡附屬公司之稅率為14%,並已自2022年10月起增加至30%。

其他司法地區之稅項是以有關各自司法地區當 時之稅率計算。

有關遞延稅項之詳情載於附註18。

是年度於綜合損益及其他全面收益表的所得稅 支出與除所得稅支出前盈利/(虧損)的對賬如 下:

|  |                           | 2023<br>HK\$'000 千港元 | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Profit/(loss) before income tax expense        | 除所得稅支出前盈利/(虧損)            | 111,128              | (20,210)             |
|  |                           |                      |                      |
| Tax at domestic rates applicable to profits or | 按有關司法地區適用於損益之當地稅率         | 07.400               | (0.144)              |
| losses in the jurisdiction concerned           | 計算的稅項                     | 37,128               | (3,141)              |
| Tax effect of expenses not deductible for      | 費用不獲扣稅的稅務影響               | 47.004               | 40 1 40              |
| tax purpose                                    | 此可知的知识。                   | 17,681               | 48,146               |
| Tax effect of income not taxable for           | 收入毋須課稅的稅務影響               | (70.004)             | (15,000)             |
| tax purpose Under provision in prior years     | 過往年度撥備不足                  | (70,921)<br>1,427    | (15,380)<br>14,257   |
| Tax effect of tax losses not recognised        | 超位 中                      | 56,068               | 49,292               |
| Tax effect of other deferred tax               | 其他遞延稅項未被確認的稅務影響           | 50,000               | 49,292               |
| not recognised                                 | 兵也処延优埃不似唯心的优份於音           | 1,615                |                      |
| Utilisation of tax losses previously           | 運用過往未被確認的稅項虧損             | 1,015                | _                    |
| not recognised                                 | 医巾 旭 山木 恢 唯 応 印 坑 次 推 川 京 | (700)                | (130)                |
| Increase in opening deferred tax balances      | 適用稅率上升導致年初遞延稅項結餘          | (100)                | (130)                |
| resulting from an increase in applicable       | 增加                        |                      |                      |
| tax rate                                       | *E //II                   | _                    | 3,470                |
| Utilisation of other deferred tax previously   | 運用過往未被確認的其他遞延稅項           |                      | 0,470                |
| not recognised                                 | <b>是</b> 用過世界版程即可與他處差视境   | _                    | (6,770)              |
| Deferred tax provided on withholding tax       | 就海外附屬公司預扣稅作出的遞延稅項         |                      | (0,110)              |
| on overseas subsidiaries                       | 撥備                        | 1,061                | (9,500)              |
| Income tax on concessionary rate               | 按優惠稅率計算的所得稅               | (72)                 | (7,291)              |
| Others   | 其他                        | (3)                  | 1                    |
|  |                           |                      |                      |
| Income tax expense                             | 所得稅支出                     | 43,284               | 72,954               |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 9. OTHER REVENUE, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES AND PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR

(a) An analysis of the Group's other revenue is as follows:

- 9. 其他收入、其他收益及虧損以及是 年度盈利(虧損)
- (a) 本集團其他收入之分析如下:

|  |                   | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
|  |                   |                             |                      |
| Amortisation of deferred income (note i)     | 遞延收入之攤銷 (附註i)     | 5,206                       | 5,328                |
| Compensation income                          | 補償收入              | 23,059                      | 21,290               |
| Government grants (note iii)                 | 政府補貼(附註iii)       | 4,076                       | 10,304               |
| Interest income                              | 利息收入              | 30,442                      | 9,069                |
| Net rental income from investment properties | 投資物業之租金收入淨值(附註40) |                             |                      |
| (note 40)                                    |                   | 13,702                      | 14,299               |
| Others                                       | 其他                | 11,097                      | 12,711               |
|  |                   |                             |                      |
|  |                   | 87,582                      | 73,001               |

- (b) An analysis of the Group's other gains and losses is as follows:
- (b) 本集團其他收益及虧損之分析如下:

|   |                   | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
|   |                   |                             |                      |
| Net exchange losses                           | 匯兌虧損淨值            | (1,543)                     | (6,223)              |
| Gain on disposal/written-off of property,     | 出售/撇銷物業、機器及設備之收益  |                             |                      |
| plant and equipment                           |                   | 9,600                       | 1,467                |
| Loss on written-off of investment properties  | 撇銷投資物業之虧損(附註13)   |                             |                      |
| (note 13)                                     |                   | (3,552)                     | _                    |
| Gain on compensation of land resumption       | 土地徵收之補償收益 (附註iv)  |                             |                      |
| (note iv)                                     |                   | 259,011                     | _                    |
| Reversal of/(provision for) impairment loss   | 營業及票據應收款項之減值損失撥回/ |                             |                      |
| recognised on trade and bills receivables, no |                   | 13,275                      | (17,867)             |
| Reversal of impairment loss recognised        | 其他應收款項之減值損失撥回確認淨值 | ,                           | ( , ,                |
| on other receivables, net                     |                   | _                           | 6,105                |
| Others  | 其他                | 738                         | 18,199               |
|   | 7710              | 100                         | 10,100               |
|   |                   | 077 500                     | 1 001                |
|   |                   | 277,529                     | 1,681                |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### OTHER REVENUE, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES AND PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR (continued)

(c) An analysis of the Group's loss for the year is as follows:

### 9. 其他收入、其他收益及虧損以及是 年度盈利(虧損)(續)

(c) 本集團是年度虧損之分析如下:

|  |                           | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| Profit/(loss) for the year has been arrived at after charging: | 是年度盈利/(虧損)已扣減:            |                             |                      |
| Amortisation of other intangible assets (note 16) <sup>1</sup> | 其他無形資產之攤銷(附註16)1          | 3,015                       | 3,015                |
| Auditors' remuneration  – SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited           | 核數師之薪酬<br>一信永中和(香港)會計師事務所 |                             |                      |
| 0.11   | 有限公司                      | 2,645                       | 2,495                |
| - Other auditors   | 一其他核數師                    | -                           | 34                   |
| Cost of sales (note ii)  | 銷售成本(附註ii)                | 4,118,246                   | 5,475,828            |
| Depreciation of investment properties                          | 投資物業之折舊 (附註13)            |                             |                      |
| (note 13)  |                           | 5,308                       | 5,521                |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment                  | 物業、機器及設備之折舊 (附註14)        |                             |                      |
| (note 14)  |                           | 171,837                     | 171,863              |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 15)                  | 使用權資產之折舊 (附註15)           | 28,314                      | 28,866               |
| Employee costs (including directors'                           | 僱員成本(包括附註10所載的董事酬金)       |                             |                      |
| emoluments set out in note 10)                                 |                           | 691,167                     | 848,355              |
| Research and development costs                                 | 研發成本                      | 56,659                      | 59,115               |
| Redundancy costs   | 冗餘成本                      | 70,100                      | 127,390              |

<sup>1</sup>Included in administrative expenses

1包括在行政費用內

### Notes:

- Amortisation of deferred income mainly represents i) grants received from the PRC local government authority as subsidies to the Group for acquiring property, plant and equipment for business development and energy saving scheme implemented by the PRC local government, and ii) rental income received in advance for the leasing of three investment properties.
- (ii) Cost of sales includes HK\$1,308,542,000 (2022: HK\$1,417,055,000) of staff costs, depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment, depreciation of right-of-use assets, subcontracting fee and other manufacturing overheads. Staff costs, depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment and depreciation of right-of-use assets are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed above for each of these types of expenses.

### 附註:

- (i) 遞延收入之攤銷主要指i)收取來自中國當地政府 機構授予本集團用作購入物業、機器及設備之 補貼,該等補貼乃用於業務發展及中國當地政 府執行的節能計劃及ii)租賃三個投資物業而預收 的租金收入。
- (ii) 銷售成本包括1,308,542,000港元(2022年: 1,417,055,000港元)之員工成本、物業、機器及 設備折舊及減值、使用權資產折舊、加工費用及 其他製造費用。員工成本、物業、機器及設備折 舊及減值以及使用權資產折舊亦已包括在上文 所披露各類開支之相關總額內。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 9. OTHER REVENUE, OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES AND PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(iii) For the year ended 31 December 2023, government grants mainly included grants of HK\$4,076,000 (2022: HK\$6,489,000) received from the PRC local government authority as subsidies to the Group for incentive of foreign trade and steady growth of business and there were no restrictions with the use of such government grants.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the Group applied for government support programs introduced in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Government grants of HK\$3,759,000 was received from the Hong Kong Government relating to supporting the payroll of the Group's employees and recognised in profit or loss. The Group elected to present this government grant separately, rather than reducing the related expense. The Group had to commit to spending the assistance on payroll expenses, and not to reduce employee head count below prescribed levels for a specified period of time. The Group did not have any unfulfilled obligations relating to this program. No such government grants were obtained for the year ended 31 December 2023.

On 19 November 2023, the local government of Jiangyin City People's Government Chengdong Subdistrict Office (the "Local Government") and Jiangyin Fuhui Textiles Limited ("Jiangyin Fuhui"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a land resumption agreement in respect of the land use rights owned by Jiangyin Fuhui (the "Government Acquired Land") together with all buildings, structures (the "Land Buildings") and attachments threat located in Jiangyin City, the PRC (the "Land Resumption Agreement"). Pursuant to the Land Resumption Agreement, Jiangyin Fuhui shall surrender the land use rights to the Local Government for an aggregate compensation of approximately RMB259 million (equivalent to HK\$284 million). Jiangyin Fuhui returned the Government Acquired Land together with the Land Buildings to the Local Government on 25 December 2023 and thus, the corresponding right-of-use assets and property, plant and equipment amounting to approximately HK\$6,466,000 and HK\$17,973,000 respectively, were disposed during the year ended 31 December 2023. Details of relevant receivables are disclosed in Note 21. No such compensation of land resumption was received for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Pursuant to the relevant PRC laws and regulations, after demolition of housing structure, Jiangyin Fuhui shall conduct the soil pollution investigation report with respect to the land issued by an independent third party qualified investigator. Based on the preliminary investigation conducted by an independent third party qualified investigator ("Preliminary Result"), the Company is confident that the result of the investigation after demolition of housing structures will be satisfactory. Otherwise, Jiangyin Fuhui may take control measures against the land and pay additional costs on the remediation project with respect to the land. Based on the Preliminary Result, such provision of costs on remediation project may not be probable.

### 9. 其他收入、其他收益及虧損以及是 年度盈利(虧損)(續)

附註:(續)

(iii) 截至2023年12月31日止年度,政府補貼主要包括收取來自中國當地政府機構授出作為本集團鼓勵外貿及業務穩定增長之補貼4,076,000港元(2022年:6,489,000港元),而該等政府補貼的使用並無限制。

截至2022年12月31日止年度,本集團申請為應對冠狀病毒病疫情而引入之政府支持計劃。就支持本集團支付僱員之工資而取得香港政府之政府補貼3,759,000港元並於損益內確認。本集團選擇單獨呈列該政府補貼,而非扣減相關開支。本集團須承諾將補貼用於支付工資開支,且於特定期間內不可將員工人數減少至低於所規定的水平。本集團就該計劃並無任何尚未履行之責任。截至2023年12月31日止年度,概無獲取該政府補貼。

於2023年11月19日,江陰市人民政府城東街道 辦事處(「當地政府」)與江陰福匯紡織有限公司 (「江陰福匯」)(本公司的間接全資附屬公司)就 江陰福匯擁有的位於中國江陰市的土地使用權 (「政府徵收的土地」) 連同其中的所有建築物、 構築物(統稱「土地建築物」)及附屬物簽訂土地 徵收協議(「土地徵收協議」)。。根據土地徵收協 議,江陰福匯須將土地使用權移交給當地政府, 補償金總額約為人民幣259,000,000元(相當於 284,000,000港元)。江陰福匯於2023年12月25日 將政府徵收的土地連同土地建築物歸還當地政 府,因此於截至2023年12月31日止年度已出售 相應的使用權資產及物業、機器及設備,金額分 別約為6,466,000港元及17,973,000港元。有關 應收賬款的詳情於附註21內披露。截至2022年 12月31日止年度,並未收到土地徵收的補償。

根據相關中國法律法規,於房屋建築拆除後,江陰福匯須就土地委聘獨立第三方合資格調查機構出具土壤污染調查報告。根據獨立第三方合資格調查機構進行的初步調查(「初步結果」),本公司相信房屋建築拆除後的調查結果將令人滿意。否則,江陰福匯可能會對該土地採取控制措施,並就該土地的整治項目支付額外費用。根據初步結果,可能不用就整治項目計提有關費用。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 10. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS' AND **EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS**

### 10. 董事及僱員酬金資料

### (a) Directors' emoluments

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to Section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622) and the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap. 622G) (the Regulation) are as follows:

### (a) 董事酬金

根據香港公司條例(第622章)第383條及公司(披 露董事利益資料) 規例 (第622G章) (規例) 披露 的董事酬金如下:

|                              |            |          |            |           | utive direct<br>執行董事 | ors       |          |           | Non-ex<br>direc<br>非執行 | tors      | lr       | •        | non-executio<br>立非執行董事 |          |          |
|------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|------------------------|-----------|----------|----------|------------------------|----------|----------|
|                              |            |          |            |           |                      | YAU       |          |           |                        |           |          |          |                        | WONG     |          |
|                              |            | LIU      | SUN        | ZHAO      | ZHAO                 | Hang Tat, | ZHANG    | LI        | YEN                    | TAO       | NG Kwok  | YING     | William                | Kwong    |          |
| 2023                         | 2023年      | Xianfu   | Fuji       | Yao       | Jianli               | Andrew    | Zheng    | Gang      | Gordon                 | Yongming  | Tung     | Wei      | LAM                    | Chi      | Total    |
|                              |            | 劉賢福      | 孫福紀        | 趙耀        | 趙建麗                  | 邱恒達       | 張正       | 李剛        | 嚴震銘                    | 陶永銘       | 伍國棟      | 應偉       | 林偉成                    | 王幹芝      | 總值       |
|                              |            | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000             | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000               | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000               | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
|                              |            | 千港元      | 千港元        | 千港元       | 千港元                  | 千港元       | 千港元      | 千港元       | 千港元                    | 千港元       | 千港元      | 千港元      | 千港元                    | 千港元      | 千港元      |
|                              |            | (note i) | (note iii) | (note iv) | (note v)             |           |          | (note ii) |                        | (note vi) |          |          |                        |          |          |
|                              |            | (附註i)    | (附註iii)    | (附註iv)    | (附註v)                |           |          | (附註ii)    |                        | (附註vi)    |          |          |                        |          |          |
| Fees<br>Other emoluments     | 袍金<br>其他酬金 | -        | -          | -         | -                    | -         | -        | -         | 200                    | -         | 250      | 200      | 200                    | 200      | 1,050    |
| Salaries and other benefits# | 薪金及其他福利#   | 2,699    | 903        | -         | -                    | 2,567     | -        | 1,072     | _                      | -         | _        | -        | -                      | -        | 7,241    |
| Discretionary bonuses*       | 酌情獎金*      | -        | -          | -         | -                    | -         | -        | -         | -                      | -         | -        | -        | -                      | -        | -        |
| Retirement benefits scheme   | 退休福利計劃供款   |          |            |           |                      |           |          |           |                        |           |          |          |                        |          |          |
| contribution                 |            | 8        | 6          | -         | -                    | 165       | -        | 10        | -                      | -         | -        | -        | -                      | -        | 189      |
|                              |            |          |            |           |                      |           |          |           |                        |           |          |          |                        |          |          |
|                              |            | 2,707    | 909        | -         | -                    | 2,732     | -        | 1,082     | 200                    | -         | 250      | 200      | 200                    | 200      | 8,480    |

|  |                               |                                      |  | cutive directo<br>執行董事 | ors<br>YAU                 |                      | Non-exe<br>direc<br>非執行 | tors                                   | Indepe                 | endent non-e<br>獨立非執 |                 | ectors                   |                 |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 2022   | 2022年                         | LIU<br>Xianfu<br>劉賢福                 | SUN<br>Fuji<br>孫福紀                       | ZHAO<br>Yao<br>趙耀      | Hang Tat,<br>Andrew<br>邱恒達 | ZHANG<br>Zheng<br>張正 | YEN<br>Gordon<br>嚴震銘    | TAO<br>Yongming<br>陶永銘                 | NG Kwok<br>Tung<br>伍國棟 | YING<br>Wei<br>應偉    | 林偉成             | WONG<br>Kwong Chi<br>王幹芝 | Total<br>總值     |
|  |                               | HK\$'000<br>千港元<br>(note i)<br>(附註i) | HK\$'000<br>千港元<br>(note iii)<br>(附註iii) | HK\$'000<br>千港元        | HK\$'000<br>千港元            | HK\$'000<br>千港元      | HK\$'000<br>千港元         | HK\$'000<br>千港元<br>(note vi)<br>(附註vi) | HK\$'000<br>  千港元      | HK\$'000<br>千港元      | HK\$'000<br>千港元 | HK\$'000<br>千港元          | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
| Fees<br>Other emoluments   | 袍金<br>其他酬金                    | -                                    | -  | -                      | -                          | -                    | 200                     | -                                      | 250                    | 200                  | 200             | 200                      | 1,050           |
| Salaries and other benefits <sup>#</sup> Discretionary bonuses* Retirement benefits scheme | 薪金及其他福利*<br>酌情獎金*<br>退休福利計劃供款 | -                                    | 2,708                                    | 1,547<br>-             | 2,567                      | -                    | -                       | -                                      | -                      | -                    | -               | -                        | 6,822           |
| contribution   |                               |                                      | 18                                       | 8                      | 165                        | -                    | _                       | _                                      | -                      | -                    | _               |                          | 191             |
|  |                               | _                                    | 2,726                                    | 1,555                  | 2,732                      | -                    | 200                     | -                                      | 250                    | 200                  | 200             | 200                      | 8,063           |

Other benefits include performance-based salary and double pay.

The basis of the discretionary bonus is based on the profitability of the Group.

<sup>#</sup> 其他福利包括績效薪資及雙薪。

<sup>\*</sup> 酌情獎金的基礎是基於本集團盈利能力。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

## 10. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

### (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

#### Notes:

- (i) Mr. LIU, Xianfu, was re-designated as an executive director from a non-executive director and appointed as the Chairman of the board of directors (the "Board") on 1 April 2022 and he is appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company with effective from 1 April 2023 and an authorized representative of the Company with effective from 18 January 2024.
- (ii) Mr. LI Gang is appointed as an executive director and the vice president of the Company with effective from 1 June 2023.
- (iii) Mr. SUN Fuji was resigned as an executive director and the chief executive officer of the Company with effective from 1 April 2023.
- (iv) Mr. ZHAO Yao was resigned as an executive director with effective from 1 December 2023.
- (v) Ms. ZHAO Jianli was appointed as an executive director with effective from 1 December 2023.
- (vi) Mr. Tao Yongming, was re-designated from an executive directors as a nonexecutive director on 1 April 2022.

During the years 2023 and 2022, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any director as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

During the year ended 31 December 2023, four directors (2022: three directors) waived their whole-year emoluments.

#### (b) Employees' emoluments

The five highest paid employees included two (2022: two) directors, whose emoluments are set out in note 10(a) above. Emoluments of the remaining three (2022: three) employees are as follows:

### 10. 董事及僱員酬金資料(續)

#### (a) 董事酬金(續)

#### 附註:

- (i) 劉賢福先生於2022年4月1日起由非執行董事調 任為執行董事,並獲委任為董事會(「董事會」)主 席,彼自2023年4月1日起獲委任為本公司行政 總裁,自2024年1月18日起獲委任為本公司授權 代表。
- (ii) 李剛先生自2023年6月1日起獲委任為本公司執 行董事兼副總裁。
- (iii) 孫福紀先生自2023年4月1日起已辭任本公司執 行董事兼行政總裁。
- (iv) 趙耀先生自2023年12月1日起已辭任執行董事。
- (v) 趙建麗女士自2023年12月1日起獲委任為執行董 事。
- (vi) 陶永銘先生於2022年4月1日起由執行董事調任 為非執行董事。

於2023年及2022年,本集團並無向任何董事支付酬金,以作為加盟本集團或於加入本集團時的獎勵或離職補償。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,4位(2022年:3 位)董事放棄彼等全年酬金。

### (b) 僱員酬金

最高酬金的5名僱員包括2位(2022年:2位)董事,其酬金詳情載於上述附註10(a)。餘下3位(2022年:3位)僱員的酬金如下:

|  |                     | , | 2023<br>HK\$'000 千港元 | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|---------------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefits scheme contributions | 薪金及其他福利<br>退休福利計劃供款 |   | 7,795<br>146         | 7,421<br>118         |
|  |                     |   | 7,941                | 7,539                |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 10. INFORMATION REGARDING DIRECTORS' AND **EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS** (continued)

### (b) Employees' emoluments (continued)

Their emoluments were within the following bands:

### 10. 董事及僱員酬金資料(續)

### (b) 僱員酬金(續)

彼等之酬金介平以下組別:

|                                |                         | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------|------|
|                                |                         |      |      |
| HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 | 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 | 1    | _    |
| HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 | 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元 | -    | 2    |
| HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000 | 2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元 | 1    | -    |
| HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000 | 3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元 | 1    | 1    |

### (c) Senior management's emoluments

The emoluments paid or payable to members of senior management were within the following bands:

### (c) 高級管理層酬金

已付或應付高級管理層成員之酬金介乎以下組 别:

|                                |                         | 2023 | 2022 |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------|------|
| HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000 | 2,000,001港元至3,000,000港元 | 2    | 2    |

#### 11. 股息 11. DIVIDENDS

|  |  | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Dividend attributable to the previous financial year, approved and recognised as distribution during the year: | 上一財政年度應佔之股息,<br>本年度已批准及確認為分派:          |                             |                             |
| 2022 final dividend of nil<br>(2021 final dividend: HK16.00 cents)<br>per share                                | 2022年末期股息每股為零<br>(2021年末期股息:每股16.00港仙) | -                           | 196,004                     |

The final dividend of HK\$3.00 cents in respect of the year ended 31 December 2023 (2022: nil) per share, amounting to approximately HK\$36,751,000 (2022: nil) has been recommended by the Board and will be subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

Final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2016 of HK\$5.30 cents per share, payable on 21 July 2017 and remaining unclaimed on 6 August 2023, were forfeited and reverted to the Company. Details are refer to announcement on 14 July 2023.

董事會建議派付截至2023年12月31日止年度之 末期股息每股3.00港仙(2022年:無),合共約 36,751,000港元(2022年:無),惟須待股東於本 公司應屆股東週年大會上批准後,方可作實。

截至2016年12月31日止年度之末期股息每股 5.30港仙,須於2017年7月21日派付及於2023年 8月6日之餘下未被領取之股息將予以沒收並撥 歸本公司所有。詳情請參閱日期為2023年7月14 日之公告。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 12. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

## The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

### 12. 每股盈利/(虧損)

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)乃根據下列數據計算:

|  |  | 2023<br>HK\$'000 千港元 | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Earnings/(loss)  | 盈利/(虧損)  |                      |                      |
| Earnings/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of computation of basic and diluted   | 就計算每股基本及攤薄盈利/<br>(虧損)所用之本公司擁有人<br>應佔是年度盈利/(虧損) |                      |                      |
| earnings/(loss) per share  |  | 50,903               | (115,532)            |
|  |  | 2023                 | 2022                 |
| Number of shares   | 股份數目   |                      |                      |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of computation of basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share | 就計算每股基本及攤薄盈利/(虧損)所用之普通股加權平均數目                  | 1,225,026,960        | 1,225,026,960        |

#### (a) Basic earnings/(loss) per share

The computation of basic earnings/(loss) per share for the year ended 31 December 2023 is based on the earnings attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$50,903,000 (2022: loss attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$115,532,000) and the weighted average of 1,225,026,960 ordinary shares (2022: 1,225,026,960 ordinary shares) during the year.

#### (b) Diluted earnings/(loss) per share

The Company had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares outstanding for the years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

### (a) 每股基本盈利/(虧損)

截至2023年12月31日止年度之每股基本盈利 /(虧損)乃按年內本公司擁有人應佔盈利 50,903,000港元(2022年:本公司擁有人應佔 虧損115,532,000港元)及1,225,026,960股普通 股(2022年:1,225,026,960股普通股)的加權平 均數目計算。

#### (b) 每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)

截至2023年12月31日及2022年12月31日止年度,本公司並無已發行之具潛在攤薄影響之普通股。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

### 13. 投資物業

|                       |              | HK\$'000 千港元 |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Cost                  | 成本           |              |
|                       |              | 110 100      |
| At 1 January 2022     | 於2022年1月1日   | 113,160      |
| Currency realignment  | 外幣換算差額       | (7,438       |
| At 31 December 2022   | 於2022年12月31日 | 105,722      |
| Currency realignment  | 外幣換算差額       | (1,118       |
| Written-off           | 撇銷           | (4,179       |
| At 31 December 2023   | 於2023年12月31日 | 100,425      |
| Depreciation          | 折舊           |              |
| At 1 January 2022     | 於2022年1月1日   | 29,965       |
| Currency realignment  | 外幣換算差額       | (1,989       |
| Provided for the year | 是年度撥備        | 5,521        |
| At 31 December 2022   | 於2022年12月31日 | 33,497       |
| Currency realignment  | 外幣換算差額       | (362)        |
| Provided for the year | 是年度撥備        | 5,308        |
| Written-off           | 撇銷           | (627         |
| At 31 December 2023   | 於2023年12月31日 | 37,816       |
| Carrying values       | <b>賬面值</b>   |              |
| At 31 December 2023   | 於2023年12月31日 | 62,609       |
| At 31 December 2022   | 於2022年12月31日 | 72,225       |

The Group's investment properties consisted of leased properties and leased pier. The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31 December 2023 was HK\$254,142,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$269,517,000). The fair value of leased properties was HK\$230,748,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$245,000,000) and the fair value of leased pier was HK\$23,394,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$24,517,000) which have been arrived at based on a valuation carried out by RHL Appraisal Limited, an independent property valuer.

本集團的投資物業包括租賃物業及租賃碼頭。本集團投資物業於2023年12月31日的公平價值為254,142,000港元(2022年12月31日:269,517,000港元)。租賃物業的公平價值為230,748,000港元(2022年12月31日:245,000,000港元)及租賃碼頭的公平價值為23,394,000港元(2022年12月31日:24,517,000港元),乃由獨立物業估值師永利行評值顧問有限公司進行的估值計算得出。

The valuation of leased properties was determined by direct comparison method and term and reversion analysis of investment approach.

租賃物業的估值乃按直接比較法以及投資期限 和回歸分析法釐定。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 13. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Direct comparison method is based on the principle of substitution, where comparison is made based on prices realised on actual sales of comparable properties. Comparable properties of similar size, scale, nature, character and location are analysed and carefully weighed against all the respective advantages and disadvantages of each property in order to arrive at a fair comparison of market value.

Term and reversion analysis of investment approach estimates the capital value of a property by capitalised rental income on a fully leased basis having regard to the current passing rental income from existing tenancy and the potential reversionary rental income at market level.

The valuation of leased pier was determined by Depreciated Replacement Cost approach, which is based on an estimate of the market value for the existing use of the land, plus the current cost of replacement of the improvements less allowance for physical deterioration and all relevant forms of obsolescence and optimisation. The key input of Depreciated Replacement Cost approach is the building construction cost per square metre. A significant increase/decrease in building construction cost per metre used would result in a significant increase/decrease in the fair value of the leased pier.

The valuation of leased properties takes into account the characteristics of the investment properties, which include the location, size, shape, view, floor level, year of completion and other factors collectively, to arrive at the unit market price. The key input of direct comparison method is the unit market price. A significant increase/decrease in the market price would result in a significant increase/decrease in the fair value of the leased properties.

Significant unobservable inputs were used in the valuation of investment properties. The fair value of investment properties is a level 3 recurring fair value measurement under the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement. There has been no change from the valuation technique used in the prior year. The fair value measurement is based on the above properties' highest and best use, which does not differ from their actual use.

The above investment properties are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of 20 to 50 years or period of the lease term.

All of the investment properties of the Group are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation.

### 13. 投資物業 (續)

直接比較法乃以替代原則為基準,而比較乃按可比較物業實際銷售實現之價格作出。大小、規模、性質、特徵及地點相若之可供比較物業乃按照各物業之相關利弊進行分析及仔細衡量,以達致公平市值比較。

投資期限和回歸分析法乃在考慮到現有租約的 當期租金收入和市場水平的潛在復歸租金收入 的基礎上,按全額租賃基準將租金收入資本化 估計一項物業的資本價值。

租賃碼頭的估值乃按折舊重置成本法釐定,該方法乃根據土地的現有用途對市值作出估計,加上目前裝修重置的成本減去實質損耗撥備及所有相關形式的陳舊及優化計算。折舊重置成本法的主要輸入數據為每平方米的建築成本。每平方米的建築成本大幅上升/下跌將導致租賃碼頭之公平價值大幅上升/下跌。

租賃物業估值時會考慮投資物業之整體特性,包括位置、尺寸、形狀、景觀、樓層、落成年份及其他因素,以得出單位市場價格。直接比較法之主要輸入數據為單位市場價格。市場價格大幅上升/下跌將導致租賃物業之公平價值大幅上升/下跌。

重大不可觀察輸入參數計量乃用於投資物業之 估值。投資物業之公平價值為香港財務報告準 則第13號公平價值計量所界定的3級公平價值 層級項下之第3級經常性公平價值計量。於過往 年度採用之估值技術概無變動。公平價值計量 乃按以上述物業之最高及最佳用途為依據,其 與物業之實際用途並無差別。

上述投資物業以直線法按20至50年或租賃年期(以較短者為準)折舊。

本集團所有投資物業乃持作賺取租金或資本增 值。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 14. 物業、機器及設備

|   |                               |               | Leasehold        | Furniture,       |                  |          |                    |           |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|
|   |                               | Freehold      | land and         | fixtures and     | Plant and        | Motor    |                    |           |
|   |                               | land<br>永久持有的 | buildings<br>租賃的 | equipment<br>傢俬、 | machinery        | vehicles | in progress        | Total     |
|   |                               |               | 土地和建築物           | 裝置及設備            | 廠房及機器            | 車輌       | 在建工程               | 總值        |
|   |                               | HK\$'000      | HK\$'000         | HK\$'000         | HK\$'000         | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000           | HK\$'000  |
|   |                               | 千港元           | 千港元              | <i>千港元</i>       | 千港元              | 千港元      | 千港元                | 千港元       |
| Cost  | 成本                            |               |                  |                  |                  |          |                    |           |
| At 1 January 2022   | 於2022年1月1日                    | 2,450         | 1,022,243        | 977,814          | 2,227,950        | 21,359   | 25,738             | 4,277,554 |
| Currency realignment  | 外幣換算差額                        | 2,100         | (4,584)          | (19,367)         | (5,709)          | (737)    | ,                  | (30,651)  |
| Additions   | 增加                            | _             | (1,001)          | 22,798           | 86,276           | (101)    | 54,557             | 163,631   |
| Transfer from construction in progress                                | 調撥自在建工程                       | _             | 25,080           | 39,575           | 3,098            | _        | (67,753)           | -         |
| Disposals/written-off   | 出售/撇銷                         |               | (37)             | (7,453)          | (39,786)         | (1,936)  | , ,                | (49,212)  |
| At 01 December 0000   | ₩0000年10日01日                  | 0.450         | 1 040 700        | 1.010.007        | 0.071.000        | 10.000   | 10.000             | 4 004 000 |
| At 31 December 2022   | 於2022年12月31日<br>外幣換算差額        | 2,450         | 1,042,702        | 1,013,367        | 2,271,829        | 18,686   | 12,288             | 4,361,322 |
| Currency realignment  | 外帶換昇左額<br>增加                  | 5             | (527)            | (3,271)          | (285)            | (34)     |                    | (4,154)   |
| Additions Transfer from construction in progress                      | <sup>垣加</sup><br>調撥自在建工程      | _             | 19               | 13,204<br>21,247 | 14,295<br>17,008 | -        | 60,353<br>(38,255) | 87,871    |
| Transfer from construction in progress Disposals/written-off (note i) | 調撥日往建工程<br>出售/撇銷 <i>(附註i)</i> |               |                  | *                | · ·              |          | . , ,              | (100 700) |
| Disposais/writteri-oii (note i)                                       | 山台/ 撒朝 ( <i>例 註1)</i>         |               | (51,690)         | (79,071)         | (60,612)         | (2,415)  | <del>_</del>       | (193,788) |
| At 31 December 2023   | 於2023年12月31日                  | 2,455         | 990,504          | 965,476          | 2,242,235        | 16,237   | 34,344             | 4,251,251 |
| Depreciation and impairment   | 折舊及減值                         |               |                  |                  |                  |          |                    |           |
| At 1 January 2022   | 於2022年1月1日                    | -             | 619,786          | 705,296          | 1,599,205        | 17,162   | _                  | 2,941,449 |
| Currency realignment  | 外幣換算差額                        | _             | (2,645)          | (7,884)          | (1,618)          | (178)    | _                  | (12,325)  |
| Provided for the year   | 是年度撥備                         | _             | 38,353           | 39,348           | 93,038           | 1,124    | _                  | 171,863   |
| Eliminated on disposals/written-off                                   | 出售/撇銷時沖銷                      | _             | (22)             | (6,810)          | (38,604)         | (1,876)  |                    | (47,312)  |
| At 31 December 2022   | 於2022年12月31日                  | _             | 655,472          | 729,950          | 1,652,021        | 16,232   | _                  | 3,053,675 |
| Currency realignment  | 外幣換算差額                        | _             | (376)            | (1,555)          | (96)             | (25)     |                    | (2,052)   |
| Provided for the year   | 是年度撥備                         | _             | 37,994           | 41,528           | 91,561           | 754      | _                  | 171,837   |
| Eliminated on disposals/written-off (note i)                          | 出售/撇銷時沖銷 (附註i)                | _             | (40,638)         | (71,699)         | (60,572)         | (2,256)  |                    | (175,165) |
| - India or disposals miles on piece y                                 |                               |               | (10,000)         | (,000)           | (00,012)         | (=,=00)  |                    | (,)       |
| At 31 December 2023   | 於2023年12月31日                  | _             | 652,452          | 698,224          | 1,682,914        | 14,705   |                    | 3,048,295 |
| Carrying values   | 賬面值                           |               |                  |                  |                  |          |                    |           |
| At 31 December 2023   | 於2023年12月31日                  | 2,455         | 338,052          | 267,252          | 559,321          | 1,532    | 34,344             | 1,202,956 |
| At 31 December 2022   | 於2022年12月31日                  | 2.450         | 387,230          | 283,417          | 619,808          | 2.454    | 12,288             | 1,307,647 |
|   | ", = o==   1=, ] o 1 H        | 2,100         | 301,200          | 200,117          | 0.0,000          | 2,104    | 12,200             | 1,001,011 |

The cost of above items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated, after taking into account of their estimated residual values, on a straight-line basis.

上述物業、機器及設備項目之成本於計入彼等 之估計剩餘價值後以直線法折舊。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

Note:

- (i) Property, plant and equipments of approximately HK\$17,973,000 represents buildings located in the Jiangyin City, the PRC and was disposed due to the Land Resumption Agreement entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023. Further details of the Land Resumption Agreement are set out in note 9(b) and note 9(iv).
- (ii) During the year, as the result of the unexpected poor performance of the manufacturing plants, and further reduction in production capacity of the fabric mill operated by Jiangyin Fuhui announced on 5 February 2024, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of the related property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets under the CGU. The poor performance of the manufacturing plants can be attributed to the pronounced slowdown of global economic and industry growth. These assets are used in the Group's production and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns.

The Group has engaged an independent professional valuer, Pretium Advisory Services Limited, to review the VIU of the CGU. The valuation method of discounted cash flow was adopted for the calculation of the VIU using the income approach.

For the production and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns in the PRC and Hong Kong, the assessment assumes that, due to the recovery of global economic and industry growth and demand of dyed fabrics and yarns is forecasted with steady growth under the streamlined production lines. Management determined budgeted gross margins based on past performance, existing sales contracts, and expectations for market development. A five-year forecast is considered appropriate. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated by using the estimated terminal growth rate of 3% as at 31 December 2023. The estimated average annual revenue growth rate of 8.1% (2022: nil) is similar to the average growth rate for the industry (China Home Textile Market's most recent 5-year forecast is 7.4%). Other key assumptions for the VIU calculation include cost of raw materials such as cotton and yarns. Cash outflows include capital and maintenance expenditure including the purchase of plant and machinery and other equipment. The discount rate used of 10% (2022: nil) is pre-tax and reflects the specific risks related to the relevant CGU.

The Group estimated the VIU of the CGU and also estimated the fair value less costs of disposal of the land and buildings and investment properties which is based on recent market prices of assets with similar age and obsolescence. Details of valuation please refer to note 13. The assessment results show that recoverable amounts of the CGU are higher than the carrying amounts of the CGU as at 31 December 2023 and consequently no impairment is recongised (2022: nil).

### 14. 物業、機器及設備(續)

附註:

- (i) 物業、機器及設備(位於中國江陰市的建築物)約 為17,973,000港元,並因本集團於截至2023年12 月31日止年度訂立之土地徵收協議而被出售。 有關土地徵收協議的進一步詳情載於附註9(b)及 附註9(iv)。
- (ii) 於本年度,鑒於製造廠房的表現低於預期,以及 江陰福匯於2024年2月5日宣佈進一步削減面料 工廠產能,本集團對現金產生單位下的相關物 業、機器及設備、投資物業以及使用權資產的可 收回金額已進行檢討。製造廠房表現欠佳可歸 因於全球經濟及行業增長明顯放緩。該等資產 用於本集團製造及銷售色布及紗。

本集團已委聘獨立專業估值師Pretium Advisory Services Limited審閱現金產生單位的使用價值。 在計算使用價值時,乃應用收入法並採納貼現 現金流量估值方法。

就於中國及香港製造及銷售色布及紗而言,評估假設由於全球經濟及行業增長的恢復,在精簡生產線的情況下,色布及紗的需求預計將穩步增長。管理層根據過往業績、現有銷售合約預期整定預算毛利率。五年期後的現金流量乃使期被認為屬適當。五年期後的現金流量乃使用於2023年12月31日之估計最終增長率3%推算。估計平均年營業額增長率8.1%(2022年:無)與行業平均增長率相近(中國家紡市場最近的五年預測為7.4%)。計算使用價值的其他主要假設有限,包括原材料成本,如棉及紗。現金流出包括資本及維護支出,包括購買廠房、機械及其他設備。使用的貼現率為10%(2022年:無),屬稅前貼現率,反映了相關現金產生單位的特定風險。

本集團估計現金產生單位的使用價值,亦估計公平價值減土地及建築物以及投資物業的處置成本,其乃基於具有類似賬齡及陳舊程度的資產的近期市價。有關估值之詳情請參閱附註13。評估結果顯示,於2023年12月31日,現金產生單位的可收回金額超過了其賬面值,因此並未確認減值(2022年:無)。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

### 15. 使用權資產

|                                  |                 | Land and<br>buildings<br>土地及建築物<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Equipment<br>設備<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Machinery<br>機器<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br>千港元 | <b>Total</b><br>總 <b>值</b><br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|--|------------------------------------|---|---|
| At 1 January 2022                | 於2022年1月1日      | 195,169  | 228                                | 1,464                                     | 196,861                                       |
| Currency realignment             | 外幣換算差額          | (1,136)  |                                    |   | (1,136)                                       |
| Additions                        | 增加              | 27,675   | _                                  |   | 27,675  |
| Depreciation                     | 折舊              | (28,529)   | (182)                              | (155)                                     | (28,866)                                      |
| At 31 December 2022              | 於2022年12月31日    | 193,179  | 46                                 | 1,309                                     | 194,534                                       |
| Currency realignment             | 外幣換算差額          | (140)  | _                                  | 3   | (137)   |
| Additions                        | 增加              | 2,202  | 540                                |   | 2,742   |
| Disposals (note i)               | 出售 <i>(附註i)</i> | (6,466)  | _                                  |   | (6,466)                                       |
| Depreciation                     | 折舊              | (28,033)   | (127)                              | (154)                                     | (28,314)                                      |
| Effect of modification (note ii) | 修訂之影響 (附註ii)    | 9,005  |                                    |   | 9,005   |
| At 31 December 2023              | 於2023年12月31日    | 169,747  | 459                                | 1,158                                     | 171,364                                       |

#### Note:

- (i) Right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$6,466,000 represents land use right located in the Jiangyin City, the PRC was disposed due to the Land Resumption Agreement entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2023. Further details of the Land Resumption Agreement are set out in note 9(b) and note 9(iv).
- (ii) Right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$804,000 and lease liabilities of approximately HK\$1,581,000 were derecognised due to early termination of leases while additions of right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$9,809,000 and lease liabilities of approximately HK\$9,809,000 were recognised due to modification to lease terms during the year ended 31 December 2023. The lease modifications are resulted in a gain on lease modification of HK\$777,000.

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying assets is as follows:

#### 附註:

- (i) 使用權資產(位於中國江陰市的土地使用權)約 為6,466,000港元,並因本集團於截至2023年12 月31日止年度訂立之土地徵收協議而被出售。 有關土地徵收協議的進一步詳情載於附註9(b)及 附註9(iv)。
- (ii) 截至2023年12月31日止年度,因提前終止租賃 而終止確認使用權資產約804,000港元及租賃負 債約1,581,000港元,同時因租賃條款之修改而 確認增加使用權資產約9,809,000港元及租賃負 債約9,809,000港元。租賃修改產生租賃修改收 益777,000港元。

按相關資產類別劃分之使用權資產賬面淨值分 析如下:

4.015

|  |                                     | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings, carried at depreciated cost with remaining lease term of: | 於租賃土地及建築物之所有權權益,<br>按折舊成本列值及餘下租賃期為: |  |  |
| - 30 years or more   | - 30年或以上<br>- 10年及30年之間             | 67,088   | 75,813   |
| <ul> <li>between 10 and 30 years</li> <li>Other properties leased for own use,</li> </ul>                      | 在<br>租賃作自用之其他物業,                    | 8,744  | 9,094  |
| carried at depreciated cost  | 按折舊成本列值                             | 93,915   | 108,272  |
| Plant, machinery and equipment,  | 廠房、機器及設備,按折舊成本列值                    |  |  |
| carried at depreciated cost  |                                     | 1,617  | 1,355  |
|  |                                     | 171,364  | 194,534  |

### 綜合財務報表附註(續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 16. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

### 16. 其他無形資產

|                                      |                         | Software<br>軟件<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Cost                                 | 成本                      |                                   |
| At 1 January 2022, 31 December 2022, | 於2022年1月1日、2022年12月31日、 |                                   |
| 1 January 2023 and 31 December 2023  | 2023年1月1日及2023年12月31日   | 31,267                            |
| Amortisation                         | 難銷                      |                                   |
| At 1 January 2022                    | 於2022年1月1日              | 25,237                            |
| Provided for the year                | 是年度撥備                   | 3,015                             |
| At 31 December 2022                  | 於2022年12月31日            | 28,252                            |
| Provided for the year                | 是年度撥備                   | 3,015                             |
| At 31 December 2023                  | 於2023年12月31日            | 31,267                            |
| Carrying values                      | 賬面值                     |                                   |
| At 31 December 2023                  | 於2023年12月31日            | _                                 |
| At 31 December 2022                  | 於2022年12月31日            | 3,015                             |

### 17. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE

### 17. 於一間聯營公司之權益

|                                   |             | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                   |             | 2023                      | 2022                      |
|                                   |             | HK\$'000 千港元              | HK\$'000 千港元              |
|                                   |             |                           |                           |
| Unlisted investment, at cost      | 非上市投資,以成本列值 | 16,204                    | 16,204                    |
| Share of post-acquisition profits | 應佔收購後盈利     | 8,715                     | 7,563                     |
|                                   |             |                           |                           |
|                                   |             | 24,919                    | 23,767                    |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 17. INTEREST IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

### 17. 於一間聯營公司之權益(續)

Particulars of the associate of the Group at 31 December 2023 and 31 本集團聯營公司於2023年12月31日及2022年12 December 2022 are as follows:

月31日之詳情如下:

| Name       | Form of business structure | Place of incorporation | Place of operation and principal activities                    | Percentage<br>of ownership<br>interests/voting<br>rights/profit share<br>所佔擁有權權益 |
|------------|----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| 名稱         | 業務架構形式                     | 註冊成立<br>所在地            | 營業所在地及主要業務   | 投票權/<br>盈利百分比  |
| 東莞欣潤水務有限公司 | Corporation                | The PRC                | Construction and managing of sewage treatment plant in the PRC | 30%  |
|            | 法團                         | 中國                     | 於中國建設及管理污水處理廠  |  |

The primary business of 東莞欣潤水務有限公司 is engaged in construction and managing of sewage treatment plant in Dongguan of Guangdong Province.

東莞欣潤水務有限公司的主要業務乃於廣東省 東莞市建設及管理污水處理廠。

The above associate is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

上述聯營公司乃以權益法於綜合財務報表列 賬。

Summarised financial information of an associate that is not individually material:

個別非屬重要之聯營公司之財務資料概述:

|  |                           | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| The Group's share of profit from continuing operations The Group's share of other comprehensive income | 本集團應佔持續經營業務之盈利本集團應佔其他全面收益 | 1,152                       | 169                         |
| The Group's share of total comprehensive income  | 本集團應佔全面收益總值               | 1,152                       | 169                         |

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

#### 18. DEFERRED TAX

# The major deferred tax liabilities/(assets) recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the current and prior reporting periods are as follows:

### 18. 遞延稅項

本集團於本報告期間及過往報告期間確認的主要遞延稅項負債/(資產)及其變動如下:

|                           |              |              | Accelerated                    | Accelerated                                      |                                   |                          |                         |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
|                           |              | Right-of-use | assets liabilities<br>權資產 租賃負債 | tax<br>depreciation<br>提前稅項折舊<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | Tax<br>losses<br>稅項虧損<br>HK\$'000 | Others<br>其他<br>HK\$'000 | Total<br>總值<br>HK\$'000 |
|                           |              | assets       |                                |  |                                   |                          |                         |
|                           |              | 使用權資產        |                                |  |                                   |                          |                         |
|                           |              | HK\$'000     |                                |  |                                   |                          |                         |
|                           |              | 千港元          | 千港元                            | 千港元  | 千港元                               | 千港元<br>(note)<br>(附註)    | 千港元                     |
|                           |              |              |                                |  |                                   |                          |                         |
| At 1 January 2022         | 於2022年1月1日   | 25,990       | (37,921)                       | 15,124   | (737)                             | (63,654)                 | (61,198)                |
| Charged to profit or loss | 於損益賬內扣除      | 1,421        | 1,898                          | 15,767   | 170                               | 1,281                    | 20,537                  |
| Currency realignment      | 外幣換算差額       | 19           | 9                              | 116  | _                                 | 409                      | 553                     |
| At 31 December 2022       | 於2022年12月31日 | 27,430       | (36,014)                       | 31,007   | (567)                             | (61,964)                 | (40,108)                |
| Charged to profit or loss | 於損益賬內扣除      | (2,789)      | 3,830                          | (2,521)  | 183                               | 8,128                    | 6,831                   |
| Currency realignment      | 外幣換算差額       | (67)         | (88)                           | 59   | _                                 | 234                      | 138                     |
| At 31 December 2023       | 於2023年12月31日 | 24,574       | (32,272)                       | 28,545   | (384)                             | (53,602)                 | (33,139)                |

Note: The amount represents mainly deferred tax assets arising from unrealised profit on inventories, provision for impairment of property, plant and equipment, provision for ECL on trade and bills receivables, and other receivables, write-down of inventories, unrealised gain on transfer of plant and equipment between subsidiaries and deferred tax liabilities arising from withholding tax charged on two PRC/overseas subsidiaries.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group had unused tax losses of approximately HK\$473 million (31 December 2022: HK\$221 million) available for offset against future profits. A deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of approximately HK\$2 million (31 December 2022: HK\$3 million) of such losses, which represent tax losses incurred by certain of the Company's subsidiaries as it is considered by the management that future taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the remaining HK\$471 million (31 December 2022: HK\$218 million) tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. As at 31 December 2023, the Group had unused tax losses not recognised of approximately HK\$363 million (31 December 2022: HK\$197 million) arose in PRC to carry forward to set off against future taxable profit which will expire within 1 to 5 years from each of the financial year end date. Remaining unused tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

附註: 有關款額主要為存貨的未變現盈利、物業、機器及設備的減值撥備、營業及票據應收款項以及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備、存貨撇減、附屬公司之間機器及設備調撥的未變現收益所產生的遞延稅項資產,以及對兩間中國/海外附屬公司徵收的預扣稅所產生的遞延稅項負債。

於2023年12月31日,本集團可用作抵銷未來 盈利的未運用稅項虧損約為473,000,000港元 (2022年12月31日:221,000,000港元)。而此 項虧損中約2,000,000港元(2022年12月31日: 3.000.000港元) 已確認為一項遞延稅項資產,此 乃本公司若干附屬公司所產生的稅項虧損,經 管理層考慮認為未來的應課稅盈利將可運用此 稅項虧損。餘下471,000,000港元(2022年12月 31日:218,000,000港元) 因未能預測將來的盈 利來源而未有確認為遞延稅項資產。於2023年 12月31日,本集團於中國產生的未運用及未確 認稅項虧損約為363,000,000港元(2022年12月 31日:197,000,000港元),以結轉抵銷將於每個 財政年度結束日起1至5年內到期的未來應課稅 盈利。餘下未經使用的稅項虧損可無限期地轉 存。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

### 18. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

In addition, at 31 December 2023, the Group had other deductible temporary differences of approximately HK\$30 million (31 December 2022: HK\$24 million) mainly consist of unrealised gain on transfer of plant and equipment between subsidiaries, unrealised profit on inventories, allowance for ECL on trade and bills receivables, and other receivables, and inventories. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary differences as it is not certain that taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

According to the EIT Law, starting from 1 January 2008, 10% withholding income tax will be imposed on dividends relating to profits earned in the calendar year 2008 onwards to foreign investors for the companies established in the PRC. For investors incorporated in Hong Kong and holds at least 25% of the equity interest in the PRC company, reduced rate of 5% will be applied. Deferred tax has not been provided for in the consolidated financial statements in respect of temporary differences attributable to retained profits of the whollyowned PRC subsidiaries amounting to HK\$438,098,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$329,687,000) as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group provided the deferred tax in full in respect of the withholding tax attributable to the undistributed profits after 1 January 2008 of a partially-owned PRC subsidiary amounting to HK\$48,775,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$29,661,000).

For the purposes of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances for reporting purposes:

### 18. 遞延稅項(續)

此外,於2023年12月31日,本集團其他可扣減暫時差額約為30,000,000港元(2022年12月31日:24,000,000港元),主要包含附屬公司之間機器及設備調撥的未變現收益、存貨的未變現盈利、營業及票據應收款項以及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損以及存貨撥備。因未能確定應課稅盈利將可作抵銷此可扣減暫時差額,故未有確認該可扣減暫時差額為遞延稅項資產。

根據企業所得稅法,由2008年1月1日起,於中國成立的公司向境外投資者派發與於2008曆年及以後年度的盈利有關的股息須繳納10%預扣所得稅。於香港註冊成立且持有中國公司最少25%權益的投資者,將應用寬減稅率5%。由於本集團可以控制暫時差額撥回之時間,而暫時差額很可能於可見將來不會撥回,故並未就全資中國附屬公司滾存盈利之暫時差額438,098,000港元(2022年12月31日:329,687,000港元)在綜合財務報表內作出遞延稅項撥備。

於2023年12月31日,本集團已就一間非全資之中國附屬公司於2008年1月1日後之未分派盈利48,775,000港元(2022年12月31日:29,661,000港元)之預扣稅全數計提遞延稅項撥備。

就綜合財務狀況表的呈列而言,若干遞延稅項 資產及負債已抵銷。以下是就呈報而言的遞延 稅項結餘分析:

|                          |        | At 31 December | At 31 December |
|--------------------------|--------|----------------|----------------|
|                          |        | 於12月31日        | 於12月31日        |
|                          |        | 2023           | 2022           |
|                          |        | HK\$'000 千港元   | HK\$'000 千港元   |
|                          |        |                |                |
| Deferred tax assets      | 遞延稅項資產 | (41,969)       | (53,030)       |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 遞延稅項負債 | 8,830          | 12,922         |
|                          |        |                |                |
|                          |        | (33,139)       | (40,108)       |

2023年年報

# 31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

#### 19. INVENTORIES

# 19. 存貨

|                  |     | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 |
|------------------|-----|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                  |     | 2023                      | 2022                      |
|                  |     | HK\$'000 千港元              | HK\$'000 千港元              |
|                  |     |                           |                           |
| Spare parts      | 備件  | 29,129                    | 33,417                    |
| Raw materials    | 原料  | 228,013                   | 270,560                   |
| Work-in-progress | 半製品 | 266,623                   | 313,308                   |
| Finished goods   | 製成品 | 260,143                   | 312,241                   |
|                  |     |                           |                           |
|                  |     | 783,908                   | 929,526                   |

#### 20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES

# 20. 營業及票據應收款項

|                         |            | 4.4.5          | A. O. D        |
|-------------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|
|                         |            | At 31 December | At 31 December |
|                         |            | 於12月31日        | 於12月31日        |
|                         |            | 2023           | 2022           |
|                         |            | HK\$'000 千港元   | HK\$'000 千港元   |
|                         |            |                | _              |
| Trade receivables       | 營業應收款項     | 720,569        | 797,805        |
| Bills receivables       | 票據應收款項     | 122,661        | 183,025        |
| Less: allowance for ECL | 減:預期信貸虧損撥備 | (35,139)       | (52,109)       |
|                         |            |                | _              |
|                         |            | 808,091        | 928,721        |

The Group normally allows a credit period ranging from 30 days to 60 days to its trade customers. The Group's bills receivables were all aged within two months and were neither past due nor impaired. The expected credit losses for bills receivables are assessed to be minimal. The following is an ageing analysis of trade and bills receivables based on the invoice dates, which approximates the respective revenue recognition dates, as at the end of the reporting period:

本集團通常提供介乎30天至60天信貸期予其營業客戶。本集團之票據應收款項賬齡均於兩個月內及並無逾期或減值。票據應收款項的預期信貸虧損經評估屬微乎其微。營業及票據應收款項按發票日期(與有關收入確認日期相若)於報告期終的賬齡分析如下:

|   |            | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> |
|---|------------|--|--|
| NAME OF THE PARTY | //B D -}-  |  | 400.000  |
| Within 1 month  | 1個月內       | 384,120  | 400,699  |
| 1 to 2 months   | 1至2個月      | 267,879  | 274,643  |
| 2 to 3 months   | 2至3個月      | 98,811   | 136,582  |
| Over 3 months   | 3個月以上      | 92,420   | 168,906  |
|   |            |  |  |
|   |            | 843,230  | 980,830  |
| Less: allowance for ECL   | 減:預期信貸虧損撥備 | (35,139)   | (52,109)   |
|   |            |  |  |
|   |            | 808,091  | 928,721  |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 20. TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLES (continued)

Before accepting any new customer, the Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and defines its credit limits. Credit sales are made to customers with satisfactory trustworthy credit history. Credit limits attributed to customers are reviewed regularly.

The Group does not hold any collateral over the trade and bills receivables.

No interest is charged on the overdue trade receivables.

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. The Group has assessed bills receivables whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group considers that there is no significant increase in credit risk of bills receivables since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL. The Group recognised impairment loss on trade and bills receivables based on the accounting policy stated in note 4(i)(ii).

Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade debtors and bills receivables are set out in note 37(b).

#### Transferred financial assets that are derecognised in their entirety

At 31 December 2023, the Group endorsed certain bills receivable accepted by banks in the PRC (the "Derecognised Bills") to certain of its suppliers in order to settle the trade payables due to such suppliers with a carrying amount in aggregate of HK\$43,795,000 (2022: HK\$54,550,000). The Derecognised Bills had a maturity of within one to six months (2022: within one year) from the end of the reporting period. In accordance with the Law of Negotiable Instruments in the PRC, the holders of the Derecognised Bills have a right of recourse against the Group if the relevant banks in the PRC default (the "Continuing Involvement"). In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards relating to the Derecognised Bills. Accordingly, it has derecognised the full carrying amounts of the Derecognised Bills and the associated trade payables. The maximum exposure to loss from the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Bills and the undiscounted cash flows to repurchase these Derecognised Bills is equal to their carrying amounts. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the fair values of the Group's Continuing Involvement in the Derecognised Bills are not significant.

# 20. 營業及票據應收款項(續)

本集團於接納任何新客戶前,會評估該潛在客戶的信貸質素及界定其信貸限額。信貸銷售將會給予信貸記錄良好的客戶。客戶信貸限額定期予以檢討。

本集團並無就營業及票據應收款項持有任何抵 押品。

逾期營業應收款項不計利息。

本集團按等於年限內預期信貸虧損的金額計量營業應收款項虧損撥備。營業應收款項的預期信貸虧損經參考債務人的過往違約經驗及對債務人當前財務狀況的分析使用撥備矩陣預測,並根據於報告日期債務人的特定因素、債務人的特定因素、債務人的特定因素、債務人的特定因素、債務人的特定因素、負額計算,人的經營行業的整體經濟環境及對現有及預計的環境方向的評估進行調整。本集團已評估票籍應收款項之信貸風險並無顯著增加,而本集團根據12個月預期信貸虧損計提減值撥備。本集團根據附註4(i)(ii)所載列的會計政策確認營業及票據應收款項的減值損失。

有關本集團信貸政策及來自應收賬款及票據 應收款項的信貸風險的進一步詳情載於附註 37(b)。

#### 全部終止確認的已轉讓金融資產

於2023年12月31日,本集團向其若干供應商 背書獲中國的銀行接納的若干票據應收款項 (「終止確認票據」),以結清賬面值合共為 43,795,000港元(2022年:54,550,000港元)的 欠付該等供應商的營業應付款項。於報告期終, 終止確認票據的期限為1至6個月(2022年:1 年內)。根據中國票據法,倘相關中國的銀行違 約,則終止確認票據持有人對本集團有追索權 (「持續參與」)。本公司董事認為,本集團已轉 移有關終止確認票據的絕大部分風險及回報, 據此,已取消確認終止確認票據及相關營業應 付款項的全部賬面值。本集團因持續參與終止 確認票據及因購回該等終止確認票據的未貼現 現金流量而面臨的最大損失等於其賬面值。本 公司董事認為,本集團之持續參與終止確認票 據的公平價值並不重大。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 21. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER **RECEIVABLES**

# 21. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

|   |                | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|----------------|--|---|
|   | - W = W (+ 30) |  |   |
| Value-add tax recoverable                             | 可收回增值稅         | 9,201  | 15,524  |
| Deposits, prepayments and other receivables           | 按金、預付款項及其他應收款項 | 132,153  | 99,428  |
| Receivables from compensation of land                 | 土地徵收補償應收款項(附註) |  |   |
| resumption (note)                                     |                | 228,698  | _ / _   |
| Less: allowance for ECL                               | 減:預期信貸虧損撥備     | -  | \_\   |
|   |                |  |   |
|   |                | 370,052  | 114,952   |
| Opening provision for impairment of                   | 年初其他應收款項之減值撥備  |  |   |
| other receivables                                     |                | _  | 6,115   |
| Reversed during the year                              | 年內回撥           | _  | (6,105)   |
| Currency realignment                                  | 外幣換算差額         | -  | (10)  |
| Closing provision for impairment of other receivables | 年末其他應收款項之減值撥備  | -  | _   |

The Group has assessed deposits and other receivables whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group considers that there is no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL. As at 31 December 2023, deposits and other receivables with gross amount of HK\$248,473,000 (2022: HK\$18,453,000) are without significant increase in credit risk on which 12-month ECL of nil (2022: nil) were recognised.

Note:

The amount refers to the compensation receivable from the Local Government in Jiangyin Fuhui. It is expected to receive from the Local Government in 2024 in accordance with the Land Resumption Agreement. The Group has assessed receivables from compensation of land resumption whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group considered that no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL. As at 31 December 2023, such receivables with gross amount of HK\$228,698,000 (2022: nil) are without significant increase in credit risk on which 12-month ECL of nil (2022: nil) were recognised.

本集團已評估按金及其他應收款項之信貸風 險自初始確認以來是否顯著增加。本集團認為 自初始確認以來,該等款項之信貸風險並無 顯著增加,而本集團根據12個月預期信貸虧 損計提減值撥備。於2023年12月31日,總額為 248,473,000港元 (2022年:18,453,000港元) 之 按金及其他應收款項的信貸風險並無顯著增加 且已確認12個月預期信貸虧損為零(2022年: 無)。

#### 附註:

該款項指江陰福匯應收當地政府的補償,預計將於 2024年根據土地徵收協議向當地政府收取。本集團已 評估應收土地徵收補償之信貸風險自初始確認以來 是否顯著增加。本集團認為,該等款項之信貸風險自 初始確認以來並無顯著增加,而本集團根據12個月預 期信貸虧損計提減值撥備。於2023年12月31日,總額 為228,698,000港元 (2022年:無)的有關應收款項之 信貸風險並無顯著增加,且並無就其確認12個月預期 信貸虧損(2022年:無)。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

#### 22. RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

As at 31 December 2023, restricted bank deposits of HK\$1,897,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$5,457,000) mainly represented guaranteed deposits placed in the banks in the PRC and Sri Lanka as securities for the bills payables and bank overdraft.

# 23. SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS AND BANK **BALANCES AND CASH**

Short-term bank deposits and bank balances, for the purpose of meeting the Group's short term cash commitment, carry market interest rates ranging from 0.01% to 6.61% (31 December 2022: 0.01% to 8.50%) per annum.

#### 24. TRADE AND BILLS PAYABLES

# 22. 受限制銀行存款

於2023年12月31日,受限制銀行存款1.897.000 港元 (2022年12月31日:5.457,000港元) 主要指 存放於中國及斯里蘭卡銀行作為票據應付款項 及銀行透支抵押的有擔保存款。

### 23. 短期銀行存款及銀行結餘及現金

就履行本集團之短期現金承諾而言,短期銀行 存款及銀行結餘乃按介乎0.01%至6.61%(2022 年12月31日:0.01%至8.50%) 之市場年利率計 息。

# 24. 營業及票據應付款項

|                                  |                  | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023<br><i>HK\$</i> '000 千港元 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---|--|
| Trade payables<br>Bills payables | 營業應付款項<br>票據應付款項 | 533,243<br>118,328  | 386,071<br>105,228                                       |
|                                  |                  | 651,571   | 491,299  |

The following is an ageing analysis of trade and bills payables based on the invoice dates, as at the end of the reporting period:

營業及票據應付款項按發票日期於報告期終的 賬齡分析如下:

|   |                                 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023<br><i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元 | 於12月31日<br>2022   |
|---|---------------------------------|--|-------------------|
| Within 1 month<br>1 to 2 months<br>2 to 3 months<br>Over 3 months | 1個月內<br>1至2個月<br>2至3個月<br>3個月以上 | 430,215<br>135,777<br>30,212<br>55,367                   | 146,126<br>39,177 |
|   |                                 | 651,571  | 491,299           |

All the bills payables of the Group were not yet due at the end of the reporting period.

於報告期終,本集團之所有票據應付款項均未 到期。

As at 31 December 2023, bills payables of HK\$1,103,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$19,200,000) were secured by the Group's restricted bank deposits of HK\$221,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$3,840,000).

於2023年12月31日,票據應付款項1,103,000港 元(2022年12月31日:19,200,000港元)乃由本 集團之受限制銀行存款221,000港元(2022年12 月31日:3,840,000港元)作為抵押。

The credit period on purchase of goods ranges from 30 days to 120 days.

購貨的信貸期介乎30天至120天。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

# 25. 其他應付款項及應計費用

|                |        | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 |
|----------------|--------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|                |        | 2023                      | 2022                      |
|                |        | HK\$'000 千港元              | HK\$'000 千港元              |
|                |        |                           |                           |
| Other payables | 其他應付款項 | 109,551                   | 131,289                   |
| Accruals       | 應計費用   | 180,411                   | 243,551                   |
|                |        |                           |                           |
|                |        | 289,962                   | 374,840                   |

#### **26. CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

# 26. 合約負債

The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

本集團已確認以下收入相關合約負債:

|                      |      |   | At 31 December | At 31 December |
|----------------------|------|---|----------------|----------------|
|                      |      |   | 於12月31日        | 於12月31日        |
|                      |      |   | 2023           | 2022           |
|                      |      |   | HK\$'000 千港元   | HK\$'000 千港元   |
|                      |      |   |                |                |
| Contract liabilities | 合約負債 | 責 | 19,712         | 21,216         |

#### Movements in contract liabilities

#### 合約負債的變動

|  |  | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| At 1 January  Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the | 於1月1日<br>因年內確認年初計入合約負債的<br>收入而導致合約負債減少 | 21,216                      | 32,701               |
| beginning of the year Increase in contract liabilities as a result of advanced consideration received from   | 因收自客戶的預付代價而導致的<br>合約負債增加               | (21,109)                    | (32,131)             |
| customers<br>Currency realignment  | 外幣換算差額                                 | 19,712<br>(107)             | 21,216<br>(570)      |
| At 31 December (note 6)  | 於12月31日 (附註6)                          | 19,712                      | 21,216               |

Contract liabilities included advances received to deliver dyed fabrics, yarns and garments. In general, the Group receives certain percentage of the contract sum as advance payment from the customers upon signing the sales contracts.

合約負債包括交付色布、紗及成衣所收取的預 付款項。一般而言,本集團於簽署銷售合約後 向客戶收取合約金額的若干百分比作為預付款 項。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

#### 27. LEASE LIABILITIES

# Nature of leasing activities (in the capacity as lessee)

The Group leases a number of properties in the jurisdictions from which it operates. The Group leases various factories, staff quarters, offices premises, warehouse and machinery and equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods from 2 to 50 years for land and buildings and 2 years for machinery. All rental contracts comprise only fixed payments over the lease terms.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk of lessee; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

# 27. 租賃負債

#### 租賃業務之性質(作為承租人)

本集團於其營運之司法地區租賃多項物業。本 集團租賃多間工廠、員工宿舍、辦公室物業、倉 庫以及機器及設備。租賃合約一般按固定年期2 至50年(就土地及建築物而言)及2年(就機器而 言)訂立。所有租賃合約僅包含於租賃期作出固 定付款。

合約可包含租賃及非租賃組成部分。本集團根 據租賃及非租賃組成部分之相對單獨價格,將 合約之代價分配至租賃及非租賃組成部分。

租賃期乃按個別基準進行磋商,且包含多種不同條款及條件。租賃協議不會施加任何契諾。租 賃資產不得用作借款之抵押。

租賃款項乃使用租賃隱含之利率貼現。倘無法輕易釐定該利率(本集團之租賃通常如此),則使用承租人之增量借款利率,即個別承租人於類似經濟環境根據類似條款、抵押及條件為借入取得與使用權資產價值相若之資產所需之資金而將須支付之利率。

為釐定增量借款利率,本集團:

- 在可能情況下使用個別承租人近期取得之 第三方融資作為基點,並作出調整以反映 自取得第三方融資以來融資條件之變動;
- 使用累加法,首先就承租人之信貸風險調整無風險利率;及
- 對租賃作出特定調整,如年期、國家、貨幣 及抵押。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 27. LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

# 27. 租賃負債(續)

|                                 |              | Land and                               |                             |                             |                         |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Lease liabilities               | 租賃負債         | buildings<br>土地及建築物<br><i>HK\$'000</i> | Equipment<br>設備<br>HK\$'000 | Machinery<br>機器<br>HK\$'000 | Total<br>總值<br>HK\$'000 |
|                                 |              | 千港元                                    | 千港元                         | 千港元                         | 千港元                     |
|                                 |              |  |                             |                             |                         |
| At 1 January 2022               | 於2022年1月1日   | 153,859                                | 241                         | 871                         | 154,971                 |
| Additions                       | 增加           | 27,614                                 | _                           | _                           | 27,614                  |
| Interest expense                | 利息支出         | 7,918                                  | 4                           | 17                          | 7,939                   |
| Lease payments                  | 租賃款項         | (34,207)                               | (196)                       | (892)                       | (35,295)                |
| Currency realignment            | 外幣換算差額       | (12,231)                               | _                           | 4                           | (12,227)                |
| At 31 December 2022             | 於2022年12月31日 | 142,953                                | 49                          | _                           | 143,002                 |
| Additions                       | 增加           | 2,202                                  | 540                         | _                           | 2,742                   |
| Interest expense                | 利息支出         | 6,990                                  | 10                          | _                           | 7,000                   |
| Lease payments                  | 租賃款項         | (33,753)                               | (135)                       | _                           | (33,888)                |
| Effect on modification (note i) | 修改之影響 (附註i)  | 8,228                                  | _                           | _                           | 8,228                   |
| Currency realignment            | 外幣換算差額       | (1,611)                                | _                           | _                           | (1,611)                 |
| At 31 December 2023             | 於2023年12月31日 | 125,009                                | 464                         | _                           | 125,473                 |

#### Note:

Right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$804,000 and lease liabilities of approximately HK\$1,581,000 were derecognised due to early termination of leases while additions of right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$9,809,000 and lease liabilities of approximately HK\$9,809,000 were recognised due to modification to lease terms during the year ended 31 December 2023. The lease modifications are resulted in a gain on lease modification of HK\$777,000.

The analysis of the present value of future lease payments is as follows:

#### 附註:

截至2023年12月31日止年度,因提前終止租賃 而終止確認使用權資產約804,000港元及租賃負 債約1,581,000港元,同時因租賃條款之修改而 確認增加使用權資產約9,809,000港元及租賃負 債約9,809,000港元。租賃修改產生租賃修改收 益777,000港元。

#### 未來租賃款項之現值分析如下:

|  |               | At 31 December<br>於12月31日   | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 |
|--|---------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
|  |               | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元      |
|  |               |                             |                           |
| Current liabilities  Non-current liabilities | 流動負債<br>非流動負債 | 26,239                      | 26,768<br>116,234         |
| Non-current liabilities                      | チール(野) 兵 (関   | 99,234                      | 110,234                   |
|  |               | 125,473                     | 143,002                   |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 27. LEASE LIABILITIES (continued)

# 27. 租賃負債(續)

|  |                                   | 2023<br>HK\$'000 千港元 | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Short-term leases expenses   | 短期租賃支出                            | 2,213                | 7,285                |
| Aggregate undiscounted commitments for short-term leases   | 未貼現短期租賃承擔總額                       | 38                   | 311                  |
| Total cash outflows for leases which includes payments of principal and interest portion of lease liabilities and short-term leases expenses | 租賃現金流出總額(包括支付租賃負債的本金及利息部分)及短期租賃支出 | 36,101               | 42,580               |

# 28. AMOUNTS DUE TO NON-CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS/AN ASSOCIATE

#### (a) Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders

The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### (b) Amount due to an associate

The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable with agreed 30 to 60 days credit period.

# 28. 欠非控股股東/一間聯營公司款 項

# (a) 欠非控股股東款項

有關款項為無抵押、免息及應要求償還。

#### (b) 欠一間聯營公司款項

有關款項為無抵押、免息及須於30至60天協定 信貸期間償還。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

2023年年報

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 29. DEFERRED INCOME

# 29. 遞延收入

|   |   | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|---|--|---|
| Arising from government grants (notes i and iii) Arising from rental income (note ii) | 由政府補貼所產生 <i>(附註i及iii)</i><br>由租金收入所產生 <i>(附註ii)</i> | 51,992<br>20,439   | 53,771<br>27,614                                  |
|   |   | 72,431   | 81,385  |
| Current<br>Non-current  | 流動<br>非流動   | 4,699<br>67,732  | 5,231<br>76,154                                   |
|   |   | 72,431   | 81,385  |

Notes:

- In 2008, the Group received a government subsidy of HK\$72,912,000 for the purchase of certain assets, which had been deferred to recognise as income over the useful lives of the relevant assets upon the fulfillment of the relevant conditions. The Group has no unfulfilled conditions attaching to the government grants.
- ii) In 2021, the Group received the rental income of HK\$33,941,000 for the leasing of three investment properties, which had been deferred to recognise as income over the rental periods of 9 to 10 years.
- iii) In 2022, the Group received a government subsidy of HK\$832,000 for the purchase of machinery, which had been deferred to recognise as income over the useful lives of the relevant assets upon the fulfillment of the relevant conditions. The Group has no unfulfilled conditions attaching to the government grants.

#### 附註:

- i) 於2008年,本集團已收一項政府補貼72,912,000 港元,用於購買若干資產,補貼已於達成相關條 件後按有關資產使用年期確認為收入。本集團 並無該等政府補貼所附帶的未達成條件。
- ii) 於2021年,本集團已收出租三處投資物業的租金收入33,941,000港元,已按租期9至10年遞延確認為收入。
- iii) 於2022年,本集團已收一項政府補貼832,000港元,用於購買機器,補貼已於達成相關條件後按有關資產使用年期確認為收入。本集團並無該等政府補貼所附帶的未達成條件。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

#### 30. BANK BORROWINGS

### 30. 銀行借貸

| 30. DANK DOMNOWINGS   | 以门旧具  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
|   |   | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> |
| Unsecured borrowings:<br>Bank loans<br>Import bills loans   | 無抵押借貸:<br>銀行貸款<br>進口貸款                                  | 154,435<br>45,122<br>199,557                             | 418,850<br>17,398<br>436,248                             |
| Repayable as follows: On demand or within one year (note) More than one year, but not exceeding two years More than two years, but not exceeding five years | 須於下列期間償還:<br>應要求償還或1年內 (附註)<br>1年以上但不超過2年<br>2年以上但不超過5年 | 108,471<br>91,086<br>–                                   | 200,734<br>123,343<br>112,171                            |
| Less: Amounts repayable on demand or due within one year shown under current liabilities  – bank borrowings due within one year                             | 減:列入流動負債應要求償還或<br>1年內到期的金額<br>-1年內到期的銀行借貸               | 199,557<br>(108,471)                                     | 436,248<br>(200,734)                                     |
| Amounts due after one year  | 1年後到期金額   | 91,086   | 235,514  |

Note: As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the current liabilities include all bank loans that are scheduled to repay within one year.

附註: 於2023年及2022年12月31日, 流動負債包括 所有須於1年內到期償還之銀行貸款。

The bank borrowings with carrying amount of HK\$199,557,000 (2022: HK\$304,701,000), including bank loans and import bills loans, of the Group are variable rate borrowings which carry interest at the Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") plus a spread, ranging from 0.7% to 2.15% (2022: 0.95% to 2.25%) or Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus a spread, ranging from 0.7% to 1.8% (2022: London Interbank offered Rate plus a spread, ranging from 0.95% to 1.8%) per annum. The average effective interest rates of the bank borrowings of the Group is 5.99% (2022: 2.64%) per annum. As at 31 December 2022, bank borrowings with carrying amount of HK\$131,547,000 (2023: nil) carry interest at fixed rates ranging from 0.70% to 3.85% (2023: nil) per annum.

Pursuant to the Group's banking facilities letters, the Group was required to maintain a number of covenant ratios. During the years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022, the Group had complied with all covenant ratios.

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's borrowings with the carrying amount of HK\$154,435,000 (2022: HK\$287,846,000) are subject to the fulfillment of covenants relating to certain of the Group's financial ratios. If the Group were to breach the covenants the drawn down facilities would become payable on demand. The Group regularity monitors its compliance with these covenants. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in note 37. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, none of the covenants relating to drawn down facilities had been breached.

本集團賬面值199.557.000港元(2022年: 304,701,000港元)的銀行借貸(包括銀行貸款 及進口貸款) 為浮息借貸,按香港銀行同業拆息 (「香港銀行同業拆息」)加上息差介平0.7%至 2.15% (2022年: 0.95%至2.25%)或有擔保隔 夜融資利率(「有擔保隔夜融資利率」)加上息 差介乎0.7%至1.8%(2022年:倫敦銀行同業 拆息加上息差介乎0.95%至1.8%) 之年利率計 息。本集團銀行借貸之平均實際年利率為5.99% (2022年: 2.64%)。於2022年12月31日,賬面 值131,547,000港元 (2023年:無)的銀行借貸乃 按固定年利率介乎0.70%至3.85%(2023年:無) 計息。

根據本集團的銀行融資函件,本集團須維持數 個契約比率。於截至2023年及2022年12月31日 止年度,本集團已遵守所有契約比率。

於2023年12月31日,本集團賬面值為 154,435,000港元(2022年:287,846,000港元) 的借款須履行與若干本集團財務比率有關的契 諾。倘本集團違反契諾,所提取的融資將須應要 求償還。本集團定期監測其遵守該等契諾的情 況。有關本集團管理流動資金風險的進一步詳 情載於附註37。於2023年及2022年12月31日, 概無與已提取融資有關的契諾遭違反。

2023年年報

# 綜合財務報表附註(續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

#### 31. SHARE CAPITAL

# 31. 股本

|  |                    | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023 |                 | <b>於12月31日</b> 於12月31日 |                 |
|--|--------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------|
|  |                    | No. of shares<br>股份數目             | HK\$'000<br>千港元 | No. of shares<br>股份數目  | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
| Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid At beginning and at end of the year | 普通股,已發行及繳足 於年初及於年終 | 1,225,026,960                     | 889,810         | 1,225,026,960          | 889,810         |

In accordance with section 135 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), the ordinary shares of the Company do not have a par value.

根據香港公司條例 (第622章) 第135條,本公司 的普通股並無票面價值。

#### 32. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

# Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited, a 60% (2022: 60%) owned subsidiary of the Company, has material non-controlling interests ("NCI"). The NCI of all other subsidiaries that are not 100% owned by the Group are considered not to be material.

Summarised financial information in relation to the NCI of Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited, before intra-group eliminations, is presented below:

# 32. 非控股權益

本公司於一間附屬公司海洋蘭卡(私人)有限公司擁有60%(2022年:60%)股權的重大非控股權益(「非控股權益」)。並非由本集團擁有100%權益之所有其他附屬公司之非控股權益被認為並不重大。

於集團內部對銷之前,有關海洋蘭卡(私人)有限公司非控股權益的概要財務資料呈列如下:

|  |                  | 2023<br>HK\$'000 千港元 | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--|------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| For the year ended 31 December                 | 截至12月31日止年度      |                      |                      |
| Revenue  | 營業額              | 817,443              | 916,806              |
| Profit for the year                            | 是年度盈利            | 34,741               | 48,734               |
| Other comprehensive (expense)/income           | 其他全面(開支)/收益      | (910)                | 134                  |
| Total comprehensive income                     | 全面收益總額           | 33,831               | 48,868               |
| Profit allocated to NCI                        | 分配至非控股權益的盈利      | 13,896               | 19,493               |
| Dividend paid to NCI                           | 派付予非控股權益的股息      | 18,815               | 10,985               |
|  |                  |                      |                      |
| For the year ended 31 December                 | 截至12月31日止年度      |                      |                      |
| Cash flows from operating activities           | 營運項目所得的現金流量      | 98,633               | 115,929              |
| Cash flows (used in)/from investing activities | 投資項目(所用)/所得的現金流量 | (20,721)             | 7,370                |
| Cash flows used in financing activities        | 融資項目所用的現金流量      | (47,328)             | (56,561)             |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash        | 匯率變動對現金及等同       |                      |                      |
| and cash equivalents                           | 現金項目的影響          | 253                  | (16)                 |
|  |                  |                      |                      |
| Net cash inflows                               | 現金流入淨額           | 30,837               | 66,722               |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 32. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (continued)

# 32. 非控股權益(續)

33. 儲備

| 52. HOR SOMTHOLEMA INTERESTS (COMMINGED)  |          | OL: 7 |                           |                           |
|---|----------|-------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|   |          |       | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 |
|   |          |       | 2023                      | 2022                      |
|   |          |       | HK\$'000 千港元              | HK\$'000 千港元              |
|   |          |       |                           |                           |
| Current assets  | 流動資產     |       | 443,500                   | 437,440                   |
| Non-current assets  | 非流動資產    |       | 155,249                   | 135,744                   |
| Current liabilities   | 流動負債     |       | (121,662)                 | (89,376)                  |
| Non-current liabilities   | 非流動負債    |       | (30,802)                  | (26,136)                  |
|   |          |       |                           |                           |
| Net assets  | 資產淨值     |       | 446,285                   | 457,672                   |
| A constitution of the state of | ᄪᆲᆉᆉᅍᄱᅓᆉ |       | 170 514                   | 100,000                   |
| Accumulated non-controlling interests   | 累計非控股權益  |       | 178,514                   | 183,068                   |

# 33. RESERVES

The Group 本集團

The Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

本集團本年度及過往年度的儲備及其變動載列 於綜合權益變動表。

The Company 本公司

> earnings 滾存盈利 HK\$'000 千港元

Retained

| 於2022年1月1日   | 1,222,564                                   |
|--------------|---|
| 是年度盈利        | 3,709                                       |
| 已確認為分派之股息    | (196,004)                                   |
|              |   |
| 於2022年12月31日 | 1,030,269                                   |
| 是年度盈利        | 5,262                                       |
|              |   |
| 於2023年12月31日 | 1,035,531                                   |
|              | 是年度盈利<br>已確認為分派之股息<br>於2022年12月31日<br>是年度盈利 |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 34. HOLDING COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL **POSITION**

# 34. 控股公司之財務狀況報表

|   |   | Notes 附註 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023<br><i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> |
|---|---|----------|--|--|
| Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investments in subsidiaries                | 非流動資產<br>物業、機器及設備<br>使用權資產<br>附屬公司投資              | i        | 761<br>581<br>7,650                                      | 1,778<br>349<br>7,650                                    |
|   |   |          | 8,992  | 9,777  |
| Current assets Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Bank balances and cash | 流動資產<br>預付款項、按金及其他<br>應收款項<br>附屬公司所欠款項<br>銀行結餘及現金 | ii       | 2,142<br>2,552,794<br>158,525                            | 2,473<br>2,961,495<br>106,548                            |
|   |   |          | 2,713,461  | 3,070,516  |
| Current liabilities Other payables and accruals Lease liabilities – current portion Amounts due to subsidiaries | 流動負債<br>其他應付款項及應計費用<br>租賃負債-流動部分<br>欠附屬公司款項       | ii       | 9,051<br>227<br>787,475                                  | 6,699<br>231<br>1,153,161<br>1,160,091                   |
| Net current assets  | 流動資產淨值  |          | 796,753<br>1,916,708                                     | 1,910,425  |
| Total assets less current liabilities   | 資產總值減流動負債   |          | 1,925,700  | 1,920,202  |
| Non-current liabilities Lease liabilities – non-current portion   | <b>非流動負債</b><br>租賃負債-非流動部分                        |          | 359  | 123  |
| Net assets  | 資產淨值  |          | 1,925,341  | 1,920,079  |
| Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves   | <b>資本及儲備</b><br>股本<br>儲備                          | 31<br>33 | 889,810<br>1,035,531                                     | 889,810<br>1,030,269                                     |
| Total equity  | 權益總值  |          | 1,925,341  | 1,920,079  |

The Company's statement of financial position was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 22 March 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

本公司財務狀況表已於2024年3月22日由董事 會通過及核准發放,並由下列董事代表簽署:

LIU Xianfu 劉賢福 Director 董事

YAU Hang Tat, Andrew 邱恒達 Director 董事

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# **34. HOLDING COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** (continued)

# 34. 控股公司之財務狀況報表(續)

Notes:

附註:

- (i) As at 31 December 2023, investment in subsidiaries are carried at cost of approximately HK\$7,650,000 (31 December 2022 HK\$7,650,000) less accumulated impairment loss of nil (31 December 2022: nil).
- (i) 於2023年12月31日,附屬公司投資按成本約為 7,650,000港元(2022年12月31日:7,650,000港 元)減累計減值損失零(2022年12月31日:零)列 值。
- (ii) The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. The directors of the Company do not expect repayments from subsidiaries within next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.
- (ii) 附屬公司所欠款項/欠附屬公司款項為無抵押、免息及應要求償還。本公司董事預期附屬公司不會於自報告期終起未來十二個月內還款。

#### 35. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

# 35. 附屬公司投資

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 are as follows:

於2023年12月31日及2022年12月31日本公司主要附屬公司的詳情如下:

| Name of subsidiary   | Place/country of incorporation/ registration and operation         | Issued and fully<br>paid share capital/<br>registered capital<br>已發行及  | Proportion of is<br>capital/register<br>held by the C | red capital | Principal activities  |
|--|--|--|---|-------------|---|
| 附屬公司名稱   | 註冊成立/登記及<br>營業所在地/國家   | 繳足的股本/<br>登記股本   | 本公司所持已登<br>登記股本的<br>Directly<br>直接<br>%               |             | 主要業務  |
| Dongguan Shatin Lake Side Textiles<br>Printing & Dyeing Co., Ltd. <i>(note b)</i><br>東莞沙田麗海紡織印染有限公司 <i>(附註b)</i> | The PRC<br>中國  | HK\$307,500,000<br>307,500,000港元                                       | -   | 95          | Knitting, dyeing, printing and sales of dyed fabrics<br>針織、染色、印花和銷售色布 |
| Fountain Set Limited<br>福田實業有限公司   | Hong Kong<br>香港  | HK\$3,000,000<br>3,000,000港元   | 100   | -           | Trading of dyed fabrics and yarns<br>色布及色紗貿易                          |
| Highscene Limited<br>漢盛有限公司  | Hong Kong<br>香港  | HK\$3,000,000<br>3,000,000港元   | 100   | -           | Trading of yarns, dyestuffs and chemicals<br>胚紗及顏化料貿易                 |
| Hiway Textiles Limited<br>海匯紡織有限公司   | Hong Kong<br>香港  | HK\$2<br>2港元   | -   | 100         | Trading of garments<br>成衣貿易   |
| Jiangyin Fuhui Textiles Limited <i>(note a)</i><br>江陰福匯紡織有限公司 <i>(附註a)</i>                                       | The PRC<br>中國  | United States Dollar ("USD")<br>110,000,000<br>110,000,000美元 (「美元」)    | -   | 100         | Knitting, dyeing and sales of dyed fabrics and yarns<br>針織、染色和銷售色布及色紗 |
| Lake Side Printing Factory Limited<br>麗海印花廠有限公司  | Hong Kong<br>香港  | HK\$2<br>2港元   | 100   | -           | Investment holding<br>投資控股  |
| Ningbo Young Top Garments Co., Ltd. <i>(note a)</i> 寧波創裕製衣有限公司 <i>(附註a)</i>                                      | The PRC<br>中國  | USD10,000,000<br>10,000,000美元  | -   | 55.5        | Production and sales of garments<br>製造及銷售成衣                           |
| Ocean Lanka (Private) Limited<br>海洋蘭卡 (私人) 有限公司  | Democratic Socialist<br>Republic of Sri Lanka<br>斯里蘭卡民主社會<br>主義共和國 | Sri Lanka Rupee ("LKR")<br>985,000,000<br>985,000,000<br>斯里蘭卡盧比 (「盧比」) | -   | 60          | Knitting, dyeing, printing and sales of dyed fabrics<br>針織、染色、印花和銷售色布 |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

#### 35. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

# 35. 附屬公司投資(續)

| 35. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)                      |  |   | 35. 附屬公可投頁(續)  |              |   |  |
|--|--|---|--|--------------|---|--|
| Name of subsidiary   | Place/country of incorporation/ Issued and fully registration and operation registered capital 已發行及 註冊成立/登記及 |   | Proportion of is<br>capital/registe<br>held by the     | ered capital | Principal activities                        |  |
| 附屬公司名稱   |  |   | 本公司所持已發行股本/<br>登記股本的比率<br>Directly Indirectly<br>直接 間接 |              | 主要業務  |  |
|  |  |   | %  | %            |   |  |
| Oceanstar Textiles International Limited<br>海星紡織國際有限公司           | Hong Kong<br>香港  | HK\$2<br>2港元                            | -  | 100          | Trading of garments<br>成衣貿易                 |  |
| Ocean Yarn Dyeing Factory Limited<br>海洋染紗廠有限公司                   | Hong Kong<br>香港  | HK\$2<br>2港元                            | 100  | -            | Investment holding<br>投資控股                  |  |
| Prosperlink (Macao Commercial Offshore) Limited                  | Macao  | Macau Pataca 100,000                    | -  | 100          | Trading of yarns, dyestuffs and             |  |
| 匯漢(澳門離岸商業服務)有限公司   | 澳門   | 100,000澳門幣                              |  |              | chemicals<br>胚紗及顏化料貿易                       |  |
| Shanghai Fuhui Textiles Trading Co., Ltd. (note a)               | The PRC  | Renminbi ("RMB")                        | _  | 100          | Trading of dyed fabrics                     |  |
| 上海福匯紡織貿易有限公司 (附註a)   | 中國   | 5,000,000<br>人民幣 (「人民幣」)<br>5,000,000元  |  |              | 色布貿易  |  |
| 深圳福力紡織品有限公司 (note a) (附註a)                                       | The PRC<br>中國  | RMB35,000,000<br>人民幣35,000,000元         | -  | 100          | Trading of dyed fabrics<br>色布貿易             |  |
| Suqian Young Top Garments Co., Ltd. (note a)<br>宿遷創裕製衣有限公司 (附註a) | The PRC<br>中國  | USD800,000<br>800,000美元                 | -  | 55.5         | Production and sales of garments<br>製造及銷售成衣 |  |
| 東莞福田綠洲供熱有限公司 (note a) (附註a)                                      | The PRC<br>中國  | RMB90,000,000<br>人民幣90,000,000元         | -  | 100          | Heating supply<br>熱力供應                      |  |
| Yancheng Fuhui Textiles Limited (note a)                         | The PRC  | USD149,000,000                          | -  | 100          | Knitting, dyeing and sales of dyed          |  |
| 鹽城福匯紡織有限公司 (附註a)   | 中國   | (2022: USD109,900,000)<br>149,000,000美元 |  |              | fabrics and yarns<br>針織、染色和銷售色布及色紗          |  |

(2022年:109,900,000美元)

#### Notes:

- a. Companies are established as wholly foreign owned enterprise in the PRC.
- b. Companies are established as cooperative joint ventures in the PRC.

The above table includes the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, principally affected the results of the Group for the year or formed a substantial portion of the assets and liabilities of the Group at the end of the reporting period. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, result in particulars of excessive length.

#### 附註:

- a. 於中國以外商獨資企業成立的公司。
- b. 於中國以合資經營的合作形式成立的公司。

以上本公司的附屬公司乃基於本公司董事認為 其對本集團是年度業績有重要影響或構成本集 團於報告期終的資產及負債重要部分而表列。 本公司董事認為併列其他附屬公司的詳情會引 致篇幅過於冗長。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

#### **36. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debts, which include the borrowings disclosed in note 30, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

The directors of the Company review the capital structure on an on-going basis. As part of this review, the directors of the Company consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with the share capital. Based on recommendations of the directors of the Company, the Group may balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debts and the redemption of existing debts.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is total liabilities divided by total capital. Total liabilities is calculated as current liabilities and non-current liabilities. Capital includes equity attributable to owners of the Company. The gearing ratio at the end of reporting period was as follows:

# 36. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之目的,在於確保本集團各實體得以持續經營,同時透過取得債務與權益之間的最佳平衡,為持份者爭取最大回報。本集團的整體策略與往年一致。

本集團的資本架構包括債務 (當中包括附註30 所披露的借貸) 及本公司擁有人應佔權益 (包括 已發行股本及儲備)。

本公司董事按持續基準檢討資本架構。作為檢討一部分,本公司董事考慮資本的成本與股本的相關風險。根據本公司董事的建議,本集團會以透過派發股息、發行新股及購回股份以及發行新債務及贖回現有債務以平衡其整體資本架構。

本集團使用資本負債比率(即負債總額除以總資本)監控其資本。負債總額乃按流動負債及非流動負債計算。資本包括本公司擁有人應佔權益。於報告期終的資本負債比率如下:

|  |            | At 31 December | At 31 December |
|--|------------|----------------|----------------|
|  |            | 於12月31日        | 於12月31日        |
|  |            | 2023           | 2022           |
|  |            | HK\$'000 千港元   | HK\$'000 千港元   |
|  |            |                |                |
| Total liabilities                            | 負債總額       | 1,432,173      | 1,622,998      |
|  |            |                |                |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company | 本公司擁有人應佔權益 | 3,268,346      | 3,221,067      |
|  |            |                |                |
| Gearing ratio                                | 資本負債比率     | 43.8%          | 50.4%          |

2023年年報

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

#### 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (a) Categories of financial instruments

# 37. 金融工具

#### (a) 金融工具類別

|  |                                       | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|  |                                       | 2023                      | 2022                      |
|  |                                       | HK\$'000 千港元              | HK\$'000 千港元              |
| Financial assets Financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents) | 金融資產<br>按攤銷成本計量的金融資產<br>(包括現金及等同現金項目) | 2,437,458                 | 2,346,310                 |
| Financial liabilities Financial liabilities measured at amortised cos                              | <b>金融負債</b><br>t 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債         | 978,285                   | 1,097,031                 |

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The major financial instruments of the Group include trade and bills receivables, deposits, other receivables, restricted and short-term bank deposits, bank balances and cash, trade and bills payables, other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, amount due to an associate and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. Management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### Market risk

#### (i) Currency risk

Certain entities in the Group have foreign currency transactions, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk.

The Group manages and monitors foreign exchange exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner. To mitigate the risk of foreign currency, the Group manages the foreign currency receivables, payables, bank balances and bank borrowings by performing regular review. The Group will continue to assess if the use of the foreign currency hedging strategy as appropriate in order to mitigate the foreign currency risk.

# (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具包括營業及票據應收款項、按金、其他應收款項、受限制及短期銀行存款、銀行結餘及現金、營業及票據應付款項、其他應付款項、欠非控股股東的款項、欠一間聯營公司的款項及銀行借貸。該等金融工具之詳情已於各自附註中披露。與該等金融工具有關的風險包括市場風險(貨幣風險及利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。下文載列有關如何降低該等風險的政策。管理層管理及監控該等風險,以確保及時和有效地採取適當措施。

#### 市場風險

#### (i) 貨幣風險

本集團若干實體有外幣交易,故本集團涉及外 幣風險。

本集團管理及監控外匯風險,以確保及時和有效地採取適當措施。為降低外幣風險,本集團透過定期檢討以管理外幣之應收款項、應付款項、銀行結餘及銀行借貸。本集團將繼續評估是否使用適當外幣對沖策略以降低外幣風險。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Market risk (continued)

### (i) Currency risk (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities of the Group that are considered significant by the management are as follows:

Monetary assets and monetary liabilities:

# 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 市場風險(續)

#### (i) 貨幣風險(續)

於報告期終,管理層認為屬重大的本集團以外幣列值的貨幣資產及貨幣負債的賬面值如下:

#### 貨幣資產及貨幣負債:

|   |   | Assets<br>資產  |  |   | lities<br>債   |
|---|---|---|--|---|---|
|   |   | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023                   | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022                      | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023               | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022                   |
|   |   | HK\$'000 千港元  | HK\$'000 千港元   | HK\$'000 千港元                                    | HK\$'000 千港元  |
| USD<br>RMB<br>Canadian Dollar ("CAD")<br>LKR<br>HK\$<br>Indonesian Rupiah ("IDR") | 美元<br>人民幣<br>加元 (「加元」)<br>盧比<br>港元<br>印尼盾 (「印尼盾」) | 818,019<br>583,677<br>515<br>61,361<br>1,014<br>117 | 1,029,322<br>462,224<br>7,532<br>2,794<br>2,413<br>518 | 158,000<br>404,816<br>-<br>-<br>13,961<br>1,810 | 207,408<br>395,774<br>-<br>2,363<br>18,331<br>3,460 |

#### Sensitivity analysis

The Group is mainly exposed to the risk of fluctuation of USD, RMB, CAD, LKR and HK\$ when such currencies are different from the functional currency of the relevant group entities.

The following table detail the sensitivity of the Group to a 5% increase and decrease in the above foreign currencies against the functional currency of the corresponding group entity, except for HK\$ against USD since HK\$ is pegged to USD. 5% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items at the year end for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. On this basis, there will be an increase/(a decrease) in pre-tax profit for the year (2022: a decrease/(an increase) in pre-tax loss) where foreign currencies strengthen against the functional currencies of the corresponding group entity by 5%, and vice versa. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2022.

#### 敏感度分析

本集團主要涉及美元、人民幣、加元、盧比及港元(當該等貨幣與相關集團實體的功能貨幣不同時)的波動風險。

下表詳細載列本集團對上述外幣兌相關集團實體功能貨幣升值或貶值5%的敏感度,由於港元與美元掛鈎,因此港元兌美元除外。5%為向主要管理人員內部呈報外匯風險及管理人員對匯率可能合理變動的評估所採用的敏感度比率。敏感度分析僅包括於年終尚未結算以外幣列值的貨幣項目,按5%的外匯率變動調整其換算。按此基準,當外幣兌相關集團實體功能貨幣升值5%,是年度稅前盈利將會增加/(減少)(2022年:稅前虧損減少/(增加)),反之亦然。有關分析乃按2022年的相同基準進行。

2023年年報

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Market risk (continued)

(i) Currency risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

Monetary assets and monetary liabilities:

# 37. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) **貨幣風險**(續)

敏感度分析(續)

貨幣資產及貨幣負債:

|  |                          | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2023<br>HK\$'000 千港元<br>Increase/<br>(decrease)<br>in pre-tax profit<br>稅前盈利增加/ | At 31 December<br>於12月31日<br>2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元<br>Decrease/<br>(increase)<br>in pre-tax loss<br>稅前虧損減少/ |
|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| RMB against HK\$ CAD against HK\$ LKR against HK\$ | 人民幣兌港元<br>加元兌港元<br>盧比兌港元 | (減少)<br>8,943<br>26<br>3,068   | (增加)<br>3,323<br>377<br>22<br>3,722  |

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is mainly exposed to cash flow interest rate risk primarily in relation to variable-rate bank balances and borrowings. It is the Group's policy to keep its bank borrowings at floating rate of interests so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk. The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of HIBOR or SOFR arising from the Group's variable-rate bank borrowings. In view of the frequent changes in market interest rate, the Group shall monitor the interest rate fluctuation closely and arrange appropriate financial instruments to minimise the interest rate risk.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments (included variable-rate borrowings only as the directors of the Company consider the exposure of cash flow interest rate risk arising from variable-rate bank balances is not significant) at 31 December 2023 and 2022. The analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 (31 December 2022: 50) basis points increase or decrease in interest rate is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

#### (ii) 利率風險

本集團的現金流量利率風險主要與浮息銀行結 餘及借貸有關。本集團的政策是維持其銀行借 貸於浮動利率以減低公平價值利率風險。本集 團的現金流量利率風險主要集中於由本集團浮 息銀行借貸產生之香港銀行同業拆息或有擔保 隔夜融資利率波動。由於市場利率頻繁變動,本 集團會密切留意利率波動,並安排合適的金融 工具降低利率風險。

#### 敏感度分析

下列敏感度分析根據非衍生工具(僅包括浮息借貸,因本公司董事認為浮息銀行結餘產生之現金流量利率風險並不重大)於2023年及2022年12月31日的利率風險釐定。有關分析乃基於報告期終尚未償還的負債數額在本年整個年度內均為未償還的假設而編製。向主要管理人員內部呈報利率風險乃採用50個(2022年12月31日:50個)基點的升降,代表管理層對利率可能合理變動的評估。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

Interest rate risk(continued)

Sensitivity analysis (continued)

For non-derivative bank borrowings, if interest rate had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the year would decrease/increase by HK\$998,000 (31 December 2022: increase/decrease in pre-tax loss by HK\$1,524,000).

As at 31 December 2023, certain borrowings of the Group are linked to interbank offered rates which may be subject to interest rate benchmark reform. The Group has closely monitored the market and the output from the various industry working groups managing the transition to new benchmark interest rates.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the Group's counterparties default on their contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Group. As at 31 December 2023 and 2022, the maximum exposure to credit risk by the Group without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, which will cause a financial loss due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amounts of the recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In order to manage the credit risk, management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. Credit sales of products are only made to customers with good credit quality and repayment history. In addition, the Group regularly reviews the recoverable amount of debt on both collective and individual basis to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In response to the global economic uncertainty, management has also been performing more frequent reviews of credit limits for customers in regions and industries that are severely impacted. During the year ended 31 December 2023, a reversal of a net impairment loss of HK\$13,275,000 (31 December 2022: an impairment loss of HK\$17,867,000) in respect of the trade and bills receivables was recognised.

# 37. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(ii) 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析(續)

就非衍生銀行借貸而言,倘利率上升/下跌 50個基點,而所有其他變數維持不變,則本集 團的是年度之稅前盈利將減少/增加998,000 港元(2022年12月31日:稅前虧損增加/減少 1,524,000港元)。

於2023年12月31日,本集團若干借貸與可能受 利率基準改革影響之銀行同業拆息掛鈎。本集 團已密切監察市場及各行業工作小組管理過渡 至新基準利率之成果。

#### 信貸風險

信貸風險指本集團的對手方違反其合約責任而 導致本集團財務虧損之風險。於2023年及2022 年12月31日,本集團因對手方未能履行責任而 導致財務損失的最高信貸風險(未計及任何持 有的抵押品或其他信貸提升措施) 為各項在綜 合財務狀況表所呈列已確認金融資產的賬面金 額。

為管理信貸風險,本集團的管理層已委派一組 人員負責釐定信貸限額、信貸審批及其他監控 程序,以確保採取跟進行動收回逾期債項。產品 信貸銷售僅提供予具有良好信貸質素及還款記 錄的客戶。此外,本集團會定期按集體及個別 基準檢討債項的可收回款額,以確保就無法收 回款額作出足夠的減值損失。為應對全球經濟 不穩定性,管理層亦已對受到嚴重影響的地區 及行業的客戶實行更加頻繁的信貸限額審閱。 於截至2023年12月31日止年度內,本集團已就 營業及票據應收款項確認減值損失撥回淨值 13,275,000港元(2022年12月31日:減值損失 17,867,000港元)。

綜合財務報表附註(續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# **37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following

37. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

本集團現行信貸風險評級框架包括以下類別

**Basis for** 

| Category<br>類別 | Description<br>描述   | recognising<br>ECL<br>確認預期信貸虧損的根據  |
|----------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Performing     | For financial assets where there has low risk of default or has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition and that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 1) | 12-month ECL                       |
| 良好             | 違約風險低或自初步確認以來信貸風險並無顯著增加且無信貸減值的金融資產(稱為第一階段)  | 12個月預期信貸虧損                         |
| Doubtful       | For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 2)                                | Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired |
| 呆賬             | 自初步確認以來信貸風險顯著增加但無信貸減值的金融資產(稱為第二階段)  | 年限內預期信貸虧損-無<br>信貸減值                |
| Default        | Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred (refer to as Stage 3)    | Lifetime ECL – credit impaired     |
| 違約             | 當一項或多項對金融資產的估計未來現金流量有不利影響的事件發生時,有關資產即被評為信貸減值(稱為第三階段)  | 年限內預期信貸虧損一<br>信貸減值                 |
| Write-off      | There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery  | Amount is written-off              |
| 撇銷             | 有證據顯示債務人有嚴重財政困難且本集團實際收回的機會渺茫  | 撇銷款項                               |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

# (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

# Credit risk (continued)

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's financial assets, as well as the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades:

# 37. 金融工具(續)

# (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

下表根據信貸風險評級詳列本集團金融資產的 信貸質素以及本集團所面臨的最高信貸風險:

| 2023                           | 2023年     | Notes | Internal credit rating | 12-month or<br>lifetime ECL<br>12個月或年限內 | Gross carrying amount | Loss allowance | Net carrying amount |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------|------------------------|---|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------|
|                                |           | 附註    | 內部信貸評級                 | 預期信貸虧損                                  | 總賬面值                  | 虧損撥備           | 賬面淨值                |
|                                |           |       |                        |   | HK\$'000              | HK\$'000       | HK\$'000            |
|                                |           |       |                        |   | 千港元                   | 千港元            | 千港元                 |
|                                |           |       |                        |   |                       |                |                     |
| Trade receivables              | 營業應收款項    | 20    | (Note)                 | Lifetime ECL -                          |                       |                |                     |
|                                |           |       |                        | not credit impaired                     |                       |                |                     |
|                                |           |       |                        | (simplified approach)                   | 720,569               | (35,139)       | 685,430             |
|                                |           |       | (附註)                   | 年限內預期信貸虧損-無                             |                       |                |                     |
|                                |           |       |                        | 信貸減值(簡化法)                               |                       |                |                     |
| Bills receivables              | 票據應收款項    | 20    | Performing             | 12-month ECL                            | 122,661               | -              | 122,661             |
|                                |           |       | 良好                     | 12個月預期信貸虧損                              |                       |                |                     |
| Deposits and other receivables | 按金及其他應收款項 | 21    | Performing             | 12-month ECL                            | 248,473               | -              | 248,473             |
|                                |           |       | 良好                     | 12個月預期信貸虧損                              |                       |                |                     |
| Restricted bank deposits       | 受限制銀行存款   | 22    | Performing             | 12-month ECL                            | 1,897                 | -              | 1,897               |
|                                |           |       | 良好                     | 12個月預期信貸虧損                              |                       |                |                     |
| Short-term bank deposits       | 短期銀行存款    | 23    | Performing             | 12-month ECL                            | 373,870               | -              | 373,870             |
|                                |           |       | 良好                     | 12個月預期信貸虧損                              |                       |                |                     |
| Bank balances and cash         | 銀行結餘及現金   | 23    | Performing             | 12-month ECL                            | 1,005,127             | -              | 1,005,127           |
|                                |           |       | 良好                     | 12個月預期信貸虧損                              |                       |                |                     |
|                                |           |       |                        |   |                       |                |                     |
|                                |           |       |                        |   | 2,472,597             | (35,139)       | 2,437,458           |

2023年年報

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued)

# 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

| 2022                           | 2022年     | Notes  | Internal credit rating | 12-month or<br>lifetime ECL<br>12個月或年限內        | Gross carrying amount   | Loss allowance          | Net carrying amount |
|--------------------------------|-----------|--------|------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
|                                | 附註        | 內部信貸評級 | 預期信貸虧損                 | 總賬面值<br><i>HK\$'000</i><br><i>千港元</i>          | 虧損撥備<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 賬面淨值<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |                     |
| Trade receivables              | 營業應收款項    | 20     | (Note)                 | Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired (simplified | 707 005                 | (50.100)                | 745 606             |
|                                |           |        | (附註)                   | approach)<br>年限內預期信貸虧損一無<br>信貸減值(簡化法)          | 797,805                 | (52,109)                | 745,696             |
| Bills receivables              | 票據應收款項    | 20     | Performing<br>良好       | 12-month ECL<br>12個月預期信貸虧損                     | 183,025                 | -                       | 183,025             |
| Deposits and other receivables | 按金及其他應收款項 | 21     | Performing<br>良好       | 12-month ECL<br>12個月預期信貸虧損                     | 18,453                  | -                       | 18,453              |
| Restricted bank deposits       | 受限制銀行存款   | 22     | Performing<br>良好       | 12-month ECL<br>12個月預期信貸虧損                     | 5,457                   | -                       | 5,457               |
| Short-term bank deposits       | 短期銀行存款    | 23     | Performing<br>良好       | 12-month ECL<br>12個月預期信貸虧損                     | 246,116                 | -                       | 246,116             |
| Bank balances and cash         | 銀行結餘及現金   | 23     | Performing<br>良好       | 12-month ECL<br>12個月預期信貸虧損                     | 1,147,563               | -                       | 1,147,563           |
|                                |           |        |                        |  | 2,398,419               | (52,109)                | 2,346,310           |

#### Note:

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the ECL on these items by using a provision matrix, estimated based on historical credit loss experience based on the past due status of the debtors, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current conditions and estimates of future economic conditions. Accordingly, the credit risk profile of these assets is presented based on their past due status in terms of the provision matrix.

As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past default experience of the debtor, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtor and the economic environment is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

#### 附註:

就營業應收款項而言,本集團已應用香港財務報告 準則第9號簡化法按年限內預期信貸虧損計量虧損撥 備。本集團透過使用撥備矩陣釐定該等項目的預期信 貸虧損,根據債務人過往逾期狀況的過往信貸虧損經 驗進行估計,並作出適當調整以反映當前狀況及未來 經濟狀況的估計。因此,該等資產的信貸風險組合根 據撥備矩陣按彼等過往逾期狀況呈列。

由於本集團的過往信貸虧損經驗並無表明不同客戶分部的虧損模式具有明顯差異,故並無進一步區分本集團不同客戶群根據債務人的過往違約經驗,並按債務人特定的前瞻性因素及經濟環境予以調整的虧損撥備。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade and bills receivables as at 31 December 2023 and 2022:

# 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

下表提供關於本集團於2023年及2022年12月31 日就營業及票據應收款項所面臨的信貸風險及 預期信貸虧損的資料:

| 2023   | 2023年                                   | Expected loss<br>rate<br>預期虧損比率<br><i>(%)</i> | Gross carrying<br>amount<br>總賬面值<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | Loss allowance<br>虧損撥備<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> |
|--|---|---|---|---|
| Not yet due<br>Overdue 1-60 days<br>Overdue 61-365 days<br>Overdue >365 days | 未到期<br>逾期1-60天<br>逾期61-365天<br>逾期超過365天 | 1.68%<br>1.93%<br>44.88%<br>100.00%           | 702,326<br>94,780<br>44,659<br>1,465                    | 11,801<br>1,828<br>20,045<br>1,465            |
|  |   |   | 843,230   | 35,139  |
| 2022   | 2022年                                   | Expected loss<br>rate<br>預期虧損比率<br><i>(%)</i> | Gross carrying<br>amount<br>總賬面值<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | Loss allowance<br>虧損撥備<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> |
| Not yet due<br>Overdue 1-60 days<br>Overdue 61-365 days<br>Overdue >365 days | 未到期<br>逾期1-60天<br>逾期61-365天<br>逾期超過365天 | 2.47%<br>2.69%<br>37.22%<br>100.00%           | 810,528<br>99,164<br>66,497<br>4,641                    | 20,051<br>2,664<br>24,753<br>4,641            |
|  |   |   | 980,830   | 52,109  |

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 5 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

預期虧損比率乃按過往5年的實際虧損經驗為 基準。該等比率乃經調整,以反映在收集歷史 數據期間的經濟狀況、目前狀況以及本集團對 應收款項的預期年期期間經濟狀況之看法的差 異。

2023年年報

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Movements in the loss allowance are as follows:

# 37. 金融工具(續)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

信貸風險(續)

虧損撥備之變動如下:

|                                       |                | 2023         | 2022         |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                       |                | HK\$'000 千港元 | HK\$'000 千港元 |
|                                       |                |              |              |
| At 1 January                          | 於1月1日          | 52,109       | 36,832       |
| Impairment loss (reversed)/recognised | 營業及票據應收款項之減值損失 |              |              |
| on trade and bills receivables, net   | (撥回)/確認淨值      | (13,275)     | 17,867       |
| Amounts written off as uncollectible  | 因不可收回而撇銷的金額    | (3,324)      | (344)        |
| Currency realignment                  | 外幣換算差額         | (371)        | (2,246)      |
|                                       |                |              |              |
| At 31 December                        | 於12月31日        | 35,139       | 52,109       |

At 31 December 2023, the Group's trade and bills receivables included in the loss allowance with an aggregate balance of HK\$35,139,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$52,109,000) was impaired. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

The following changes in the gross carrying amounts of trade and bills receivables mainly contributed to the decrease in the loss allowance:

- decrease in lifetime expected credit loss after assessing existing or forecast change in business, financial or economic conditions which may cause deterioration in the operating results of the debtors;
- decrease in the adjustment factors to expected loss rates as a consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic; and
- written-off of uncollectible trade and bills receivables.

Furthermore, the Company only provides financial guarantees to its subsidiaries after a careful consideration of its subsidiaries' financial conditions. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated.

於2023年12月31日,計入虧損撥備合共結餘為35,139,000港元(2022年12月31日:52,109,000港元)的本集團營業及票據應收款項已減值。本集團並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。

營業及票據應收款項總賬面值之以下變動主要 由於虧損撥備減少所致:

- 經評估可能導致債務人之經營業績惡化之業務、財務或經濟狀況之現有或預測變動 後減少年限內預期信貸虧損;
- 因冠狀病毒病疫情而減少預期虧損率的調整因素;及
- 撇銷不可收回的營業及票據應收款項。

此外,本公司僅於審慎考慮其附屬公司的財務 狀況後方向其附屬公司提供財務擔保。就此而 言,本公司董事認為本集團的信貸風險已大幅 減低。

信貸風險集中有限乃由於客戶群龐大且互無關 連。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Credit risk (continued)

For other non-trade related receivables, the Group has assessed whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. The Group considers that there is no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12-month ECL.

The credit risk on liquid funds of the Group is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by reputable creditrating agencies.

Other than concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings, the Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with exposure spread over a number of counterparties.

#### Liquidity risk

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. Management monitors the utilisation of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with the relevant loan covenants.

Other than equity, the Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As at 31 December 2023, the available unutilised banking facilities of the Group are approximately HK\$2,316 million (31 December 2022: HK\$3,020 million).

# 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

就其他非貿易相關應收款項而言,本集團已評估信貸風險自初始確認以來是否顯著增加。本集團認為自初始確認以來,該等款項之信貸風險並無顯著增加,而本集團根據12個月預期信貸虧損計提減值撥備。

本集團的流動資金信貸風險有限,因對手方均 為具信譽的信貸評級機構給予高信貸評級的銀 行。

除有關存放於若干高信貸評級銀行的流動資金 之信貸風險集中外,本集團並無面對重大集中 信貸風險,因風險分散於多個對手方。

#### 流動資金風險

於管理流動資金風險時,本集團會監察及維持 管理層視為足夠水平的現金及等同現金項目, 以撥付本集團營運所需及減低現金流量波動的 影響。管理層會監察銀行借貸的運用情況,並確 保遵守相關貸款契約。

除權益外,本集團倚賴銀行借貸作為主要流動 資金來源。於2023年12月31日,本集團的可動 用但未運用銀行信貸額約為2,316,000,000港元 (2022年12月31日:3,020,000,000港元)。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for their non-derivative financial liabilities based on the agreed repayment terms. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of the financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest is floating rates, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

# 37. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險(續)

下表詳列根據議定償還條款本集團非衍生金融 負債的餘下合約到期情況。該表乃按本集團可 能被要求付款的最早日期根據金融負債的未貼 現現金流量編製。該表包括利息及本金現金流 量。在利息採用浮動利率之限度內,未貼現金額 乃由報告期終之利率得出。

|  |                       | Weighted      |            |            |           |           |           |              |              | Carrying    |
|--|-----------------------|---------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
|  |                       | average       | Less than  |            |           |           |           |              | Total        | amount at   |
|  |                       | effective     | 1 month or |            | 3 months  |           |           |              | undiscounted | 31 December |
| 2023   | 2023年                 | interest rate | on demand  | 1-3 months | to 1 year | 1-2 years | 2-5 years | over 5 years | cash flows   | 2023        |
|  |                       |               |            |            |           |           |           |              |              | 於2023年      |
|  |                       | 加權平均          | 少於1個月      |            |           |           |           |              | 未貼現現金        | 12月31日      |
|  |                       | 實際利率          | 或應要求       | 1至3個月      | 3個月至1年    | 1至2年      | 2至5年      | 超過5年         | 流量總值         | 的賬面值        |
|  |                       | %             | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000     | HK\$'000     | HK\$'000    |
|  |                       |               | 千港元        | 千港元        | 千港元       | 千港元       | 千港元       | 千港元          | 千港元          | 千港元         |
|  |                       |               |            |            |           |           |           |              |              |             |
| Non-derivative financial liabilit                        | ies 非衍生金融負債           |               |            |            |           |           |           |              |              |             |
| Trade, bills and other payables                          | 營業、票據及其他應付款項          |               | 437,443    | 195,089    | 103,185   | -         | -         | -            | 735,717      | 735,717     |
| Amounts due to non-controlling                           | 欠非控股股東款項              |               |            |            |           |           |           |              |              |             |
| shareholders   |                       |               | 37,027     | -          | -         | -         | -         | -            | 37,027       | 37,027      |
| Amount due to an associate                               | 欠一間聯營公司款項             |               | 5,984      | -          | -         | -         | -         | -            | 5,984        | 5,984       |
| Bank borrowings  | 銀行借貸                  |               |            |            |           |           |           |              |              |             |
| - variable rate  | - 浮息                  | 6.06          | 14,464     | 30,148     | 73,469    | 93,425    | -         | -            | 211,506      | 199,557     |
| - fixed rate   | 一定息                   | 3.85          | -          | -          | -         | -         | -         | -            | -            | -           |
|  |                       |               |            |            |           |           |           |              |              |             |
|  |                       |               | 494,918    | 225,237    | 176,654   | 93,425    | -         | -            | 990,234      | 978,285     |
| The west with each size of leave                         | 和任 <u>名</u> 建 之 可 切 口 |               |            |            |           |           |           |              |              |             |
| The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are as below: | 租賃負債之到期日<br>分析如下:     |               |            |            |           |           |           |              |              |             |
|  |                       | F.00          | 0.000      | F 404      | 00.004    | 04.000    | 04.070    | 400.000      | 040.070      | 405 470     |
| Lease liabilities  | 租賃負債                  | 5.06          | 3,936      | 5,121      | 22,984    | 24,826    | 34,273    | 120,930      | 212,070      | 125,473     |
|  |                       |               |            |            |           |           |           |              |              |             |
| Total  | 總值                    |               | 498,854    | 230,358    | 199,638   | 118,251   | 34,273    | 120,930      | 1,202,304    | 1,103,758   |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 37. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

# 37. 金融工具(續)

### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### Liquidity risk (continued)

流動資金風險(續)

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|-----------------------------------|--------------|---------------|------------|------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
|                                   |              | Weighted      |            |            |           |                     |           |              |              | Carrying    |
|                                   |              | average       | Less than  |            |           |                     |           |              | Total        | amount at   |
|                                   |              | effective     | 1 month or |            | 3 months  |                     |           |              | undiscounted | 31 December |
| 2022                              | 2022年        | interest rate | on demand  | 1-3 months | to 1 year | 1-2 years           | 2-5 years | over 5 years | cash flows   | 2022        |
|                                   |              |               |            |            |           |                     |           |              |              | 於2022年      |
|                                   |              | 加權平均          | 少於1個月      |            |           |                     |           |              | 未貼現現金        | 12月31日      |
|                                   |              | 實際利率          | 或應要求       | 1至3個月      | 3個月至1年    | 1至2年                | 2至5年      | 超過5年         | 流量總值         | 的賬面值        |
|                                   |              | %             | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000   | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000            | HK\$'000  | HK\$'000     | HK\$'000     | HK\$'000    |
|                                   |              |               | 千港元        | 千港元        | 千港元       | 千港元                 | 千港元       | 千港元          | <i>千港元</i>   | <u> </u>    |
| Non-derivative financial liabilit | ties 非衍生金融負債 |               |            |            |           |                     |           |              |              |             |
| Trade, bills and other payables   | 營業、票據及其他應付款項 |               | 415,077    | 139,544    | 66,706    | _                   |           | _            | 621,327      | 621,327     |
| Amounts due to non-controlling    | 欠非控股股東款項     |               |            |            |           |                     |           |              |              |             |
| shareholders                      |              |               | 37,027     | _          | _         | _                   | _         | _            | 37,027       | 37,027      |
| Amount due to an associate        | 欠一間聯營公司款項    |               | 2,429      | -          | _         | -                   | -         | -            | 2,429        | 2,429       |
| Bank borrowings                   | 銀行借貸         |               |            |            |           |                     |           |              |              |             |
| - variable rate                   | - 浮息         | 3.36          | 6,593      | 15,304     | 65,646    | 134,680             | 114,699   | -            | 336,922      | 304,701     |
| - fixed rate                      | 一定息          | 1.35          | 132,218    | _          | _         | _                   | _         | -            | 132,218      | 131,547     |
|                                   |              |               | 593,344    | 154,848    | 132,352   | 134,680             | 114,699   | -            | 1,129,923    | 1,097,031   |
| The maturity analysis of lease    | 租賃負債之到期日     |               |            |            |           |                     |           |              |              |             |
| liabilities are as below:         | 分析如下:        |               |            |            |           |                     |           |              |              |             |
| Lease liabilities                 | 租賃負債         | 5.22          | 4,018      | 5,492      | 23,912    | 30,953              | 52,954    | 98,422       | 215,751      | 143,002     |
| Total                             | 總值           |               | 597,362    | 160,340    | 156,264   | 165,633             | 167,653   | 98,422       | 1,345,674    | 1,240,033   |

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

倘浮動利率之變動有別於於報告期終所釐定之 利率估計,則上述非衍生金融負債之浮息工具 之金額可能有所改動。

### (c) Fair value

#### Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Financial instruments not measured at fair value include restricted bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and bills receivables, other receivables, trade and bills payables, other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders, amount due to an associate and bank borrowings.

Due to their short-term nature, the carrying value of restricted bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and bills receivables, other receivables, trade and bills payables, other payables, amounts due to non-controlling shareholders and amount due to an associate approximates their fair value.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022.

# (c) 公平價值

#### 並非以公平價值計量之金融工具

並非以公平價值計量之金融工具包括受限制銀行存款、現金及等同現金項目、營業及票據應收款項、其他應收款項、營業及票據應付款項、其他應付款項、欠非控股股東款項、欠一間聯營公司的款項及銀行借貸。

由於屬短期性質,受限制銀行存款、現金及等同 現金項目、營業及票據應收款項、其他應收款 項、營業及票據應付款項、其他應付款項、欠非 控股股東款項及欠一間聯營公司款項的賬面值 與其公平價值相若。

本集團按成本或攤銷成本列值的金融工具的賬面值,與彼等於2023年12月31日及2022年12月31日的公平價值並無重大差異。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 38. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM **FINANCING ACTIVITIES**

# 38. 融資項目產生的負債之對賬

|   |                     | Bank borrowings                    | Amounts due to non-controlling shareholders | Lease liabilities           |
|---|---------------------|------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
|   |                     | <b>銀行借貸</b><br>(note 30)<br>(附註30) | 欠非控股<br>股東款項                                | 租賃負債<br>(note 27)<br>(附註27) |
|   |                     | HK\$'000 千港元                       | HK\$'000 千港元                                | HK\$'000 千港元                |
| At 1 January 2022                                       | 於 <b>2022</b> 年1月1日 | 327,342                            | 62,834                                      | 154,971                     |
| Changes from cash flows:                                | 現金流量變動:             |                                    |   |                             |
| New bank borrowings raised                              | 新籌集之銀行借貸            | 1,193,538                          | _   | _                           |
| Repayment of bank borrowings                            | 償還銀行借貸              | (1,084,881)                        | _   | _                           |
| Interest paid   | 已付利息                | (11,964)                           | _   | _                           |
| Repayment of amounts due to                             | 償還欠非控股股東款項          | ( , ,                              |   |                             |
| non-controlling shareholders                            |                     | _                                  | (25,807)                                    | _                           |
| Repayment of principal portion of the lease liabilities | 償還租賃負債之本金部分         | _                                  | _   | (27,356)                    |
| Repayment of interest portion of                        | 償還租賃負債之利息部分         |                                    |   |                             |
| the lease liabilities                                   |                     | _                                  |   | (7,939)                     |
| Total changes from financing                            | 融資現金流量變動總額:         |                                    |   |                             |
| cash flow:  |                     | 96,693                             | (25,807)                                    | (35,295)                    |
| Other changes:  | 其他變動:               |                                    |   |                             |
| Interest expenses (note 7)                              | 利息開支 <i>(附註7)</i>   | 13,469                             | _   | 7,939                       |
| Increase in lease liabilities from                      | 因年內訂立新租賃而導致之        | •                                  |   | 7,000                       |
| entering into new leases                                | 租賃負債增加              |                                    |   |                             |
| during the year   |                     |                                    | _   | 27,614                      |
| Currency realignment                                    | 外幣換算差額              | (1,256)                            |   | (12,227)                    |
| Total other changes                                     | 其他變動合計              | 12,213                             | -   | 23,326                      |
| At 31 December 2022                                     | 於2022年12月31日        | 436,248                            | 37,027                                      | 143,002                     |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 38. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM 38. 融資項目產生的負債之對賬(續) FINANCING ACTIVITIES (continued)

|  |                       |                             | Amounts due to non-controlling |                             |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|  |                       | Bank borrowings             | shareholders<br>欠非控股           | Lease liabilities           |
|  |                       | 銀行借貸<br>(note 30)<br>(附註30) | 股東款項                           | 租賃負債<br>(note 27)<br>(附註27) |
|  |                       | HK\$'000 千港元                | HK\$'000 千港元                   | HK\$'000 千港元                |
| At 31 December 2022                                      | 於2022年12月31日          | 436,248                     | 37,027                         | 143,002                     |
| Changes from cash flows:                                 | 現金流量變動:               |                             |                                |                             |
| New bank borrowings raised                               | 新籌集之銀行借貸              | 252,796                     | _                              | _                           |
| Repayment of bank borrowings                             | 償還銀行借貸                | (489,962)                   | _                              | _                           |
| Interest paid  | 已付利息                  | (20,034)                    | _                              | _                           |
| Repayment of amounts due to non-controlling shareholders | 償還欠非控股股東款項            |                             | _                              | _                           |
| Repayment of principal portion of the lease liabilities  | 償還租賃負債之本金部分           |                             |                                | (26,888)                    |
| Repayment of interest portion of                         | 償還租賃負債之利息部分           | _                           | _                              | (20,000)                    |
| the lease liabilities                                    |                       |                             |                                | (7,000)                     |
| Total changes from financing                             | 融資現金流量變動總額:           |                             |                                |                             |
| cash flow:   |                       | (257,200)                   |                                | (33,888)                    |
| Other changes:   | 其他變動:                 |                             |                                |                             |
| Interest expenses (note 7)                               | 利息開支(附註7)             | 19,258                      | _                              | 7,000                       |
| Increase in lease liabilities from entering              |                       |                             |                                | ,                           |
| into new leases during the year                          | 租賃負債增加                | _                           | _                              | 2,742                       |
| Effect of modification                                   | 修訂之影響                 | _                           | _                              | 8,228                       |
| Currency realignment                                     | 外幣換算差額                | 1,251                       |                                | (1,611)                     |
| Total other changes                                      | 其他變動合計                | 20,509                      | _                              | 16,359                      |
| At 31 December 2023                                      | 於 <b>2023</b> 年12月31日 | 199,557                     | 37,027                         | 125,473                     |

綜合財務報表附註(續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 39. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

# 39. 資本承擔

|  |  | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 |
|--|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
|  |  | 2023                      | 2022                      |
|  |  | HK\$'000 千港元              | HK\$'000 千港元              |
| Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements in respect of acquisition | 與購買物業、機器及設備相關之已簽約<br>但於綜合財務報表未有作出撥備之<br>資本開支 |                           |                           |
| of property, plant and equipment   | 兵平师文   | 86,721                    | 86,607                    |

#### **40. OPERATING LEASES**

#### As lessor

Gross rental income earned from investment properties of the Group during the year was approximately HK\$15,076,000 (2022: HK\$15,823,000). The related outgoings amounted to HK\$1,374,000 (2022: HK\$1,524,000).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with tenants, in respect of rented premises, for the following future minimum lease receipts.

# 40. 營運租賃

# 作為出租人

於是年內,本集團就投資物業所賺得的租 金收入總值約為15,076,000港元(2022年: 15,823,000港元)。有關支出為1,374,000港元 (2022年:1,524,000港元)。

於報告期終,本集團與租戶就租賃物業已訂約 的未來最低租賃收入如下。

|                                       |                    | At 31 December<br>於12月31日   | At 31 December<br>於12月31日 |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
|                                       |                    | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元      |
|                                       |                    | 71K\$ 600   7E76            | ΤΙΙΨ 000 Τ 7Ε7Ε           |
| Within one year                       | 1年內                | 8,209                       | 12,836                    |
| In the second to fifth year inclusive | 第2年至第5年內(首尾兩年包括在內) | 14,100                      | 19,198                    |
| Over five years                       | 5年以上               | 9,432                       | 12,667                    |
|                                       |                    |                             |                           |
|                                       |                    | 31,741                      | 44,701                    |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

#### 41. RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES

The Group operates a defined contribution scheme registered under the Occupational Retirement Schemes Ordinance (the "ORSO Scheme") and a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") established under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance for all the eligible employees of the Group in Hong Kong. The assets of both schemes are held separately from those of the Group in funds under the control of trustees. The retirement benefits cost charged to the profit or loss represents the contributions payable to the funds by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the schemes.

Employees of the Group in other jurisdictions currently participate in state-sponsored pension scheme or defined contribution schemes operated by the Government of such jurisdictions. The Group is required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the schemes is to make the required contributions.

During both years, there was no significant forfeited contribution, which arose upon employees leaving the retirement benefits schemes, available to reduce the contribution payable in the future years.

The retirement benefits scheme contributions, amounting to HK\$58,151,000 (2022: HK\$79,884,000) have been charged to profit or loss for the year and included in employee costs as set out in note 9(c).

#### 42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

#### (a) Related party balances

Details of the Group's outstanding balances with related parties are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position and in note 28.

# (b) Related party transactions

During the year, the Group entered into the following transactions with related parties:

# 41. 退休福利計劃

本集團根據職業退休計劃條例註冊成立一項定額供款計劃(「職業退休計劃」)及根據強制性公積金計劃條例設立一項強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)予所有合資格的本集團香港僱員。這兩個計劃的資產乃獨立於本集團資產並由信託人管理。在損益內扣除的退休福利成本乃本集團根據計劃既定比率計算的應付基金供款。

本集團其他司法地區的僱員現正參與該司法地區政府營運的國家退休福利計劃或定額供款計劃。本集團須將僱員薪酬的若干百分比供款予該等計劃作為福利基金。本集團對該等計劃的唯一責任是按規定作出供款。

於兩個年度,因僱員退出退休福利計劃而沒收 的供款並不重大,此款項並可用作扣減未來年 度的應付供款。

已於是年度在損益內扣除的退休福利計劃供款金額為58,151,000港元(2022年:79,884,000港元),並已計入附註9(c)所載之僱員成本內。

# 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露

#### (a) 關聯人士的結餘

本集團與關聯人士的未償還結餘詳情載列於綜 合財務狀況表及附註28內。

#### (b) 關聯人士交易

是年度本集團與關聯人士進行下列交易:

| Name of related party<br>關聯人士名稱 | Related party<br>relationship<br>與關聯人士的關係 | Nature of<br>transaction<br>交易性質 | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| 東莞欣潤水務有限公司                      | Associate<br>聯營公司                         | Sewage expenses<br>污水處理費用        | 19,407                      | 15,138               |

None of the related party transactions disclosed above constituted connected transaction or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

上述披露之關聯人士交易並不構成上市規則第 14A章所界定之關連交易或持續關連交易。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續) (continued)

# (c) Connected party transactions

# (c) 關連人士交易

| Name of connected party<br>關連人士名稱                   | Nature of transactions<br>交易性質   | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元 | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|---|--|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| The FM Group (note i)<br>FM集團 (附註i)                 | Sale of fabrics, yarns, fibers and garment parts<br>售賣布料、胚紗、纖維及成衣配件  | 267,389                     | 272,086              |
| The AH Group <i>(note ii)</i><br>AH集團 <i>(附註ii)</i> | Sale of fabrics, yarns, fibers and garment parts<br>售賣布料、胚紗、纖維及成衣配件  | 153,153                     | 212,565              |
| Chinatex Group (note iii)                           | Purchase of yarns, cotton and other materials for the manufacture of fabric, garments and cooking oil and foodstuffs | 10,013                      | 18,461               |
| 中紡集團 (附註iii)  | 採購胚紗、棉花及其他生產布料的原材料、成衣<br>以及糧油食品  |                             |                      |
| Huafu Group (note iv)                               | Purchase of cotton yarn, cotton blended yarn, top dyed melange yarn and other yarn products                          | -                           | -                    |
| 華孚集團 <i>(附註iv)</i>                                  | 採購棉紗、棉混紡紗、色紡紗及其他紗產品  |                             |                      |
|   |  | <i>RMB'000</i><br>人民幣千元     | RMB'000<br>人民幣千元     |
| COFCO Finance (note v)                              | Maximum daily balance of deposits placed by the Group  | 155,000                     | 55,000               |
| 中糧財務 (附註v)  | 本集團存放的最高每日存款結餘   |                             |                      |

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES

(continued)

#### (c) Connected party transactions (continued)

Notes:

The Company and Mr. Feroz Omar ("Mr. Omar") entered into a renewed FM Master Sales Agreement (the "2024 FM Master Sales Agreement") regarding the sales of fabrics, yarns, fibers and garment parts by the Group to the FM Group on 16 December 2021. Mr. Omar is a director and substantial shareholder of a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and hence a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. The FM Group comprises companies which Mr. Omar and his associates and relatives individually or together exercise or control the exercise of more than 50% of the voting power at general meetings or control the composition of a majority of the board of directors. Accordingly, members of the FM Group are associates of Mr. Omar and hence connected persons of the Company under the Listing Rules. The transactions contemplated under the 2024 FM Master Sales Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The 2024 FM Master Sales Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024 (both days inclusive).

The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ending 31 December 2024 under the 2024 FM Master Sales Agreement are HK\$450,000,000, HK\$450,000,000 and HK\$450,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 16 December 2021.

The extent of these connected transactions did not exceed the annual cap of HK\$450,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2023 as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 16 December 2021.

The Company and Mr. Anil Kumar Lalchand Hirdaramani ("Mr. Hirdaramani") entered into a renewed AH Master Sales Agreement (the "2024 AH Master Sales Agreement") regarding the sales of fabrics, yarns, fibers and garment parts by the Group to the AH Group on 16 December 2021. Mr. Hirdaramani is a director and substantial shareholder of a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company and hence a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. The AH Group comprises companies which Mr. Hirdaramani and his associates and relatives individually or together exercise or control the exercise of more than 50% of the voting power at general meetings or control the composition of a majority of the board of directors. Accordingly, members of the AH Group are associates of Mr. Hirdaramani and hence connected persons of the Company under the Listing Rules. The transactions contemplated under the 2024 AH Master Sales Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listina Rules.

The 2024 AH Master Sales Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024 (both days inclusive).

The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ending 31 December 2024 under the 2024 AH Master Sales Agreement are HK\$450,000,000, HK\$450,000,000 and HK\$450,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 16 December 2021.

The extent of these connected transactions did not exceed the annual cap of HK\$450,000,000 (2022: HK\$450,000,000) for the year ended 31 December 2023 as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 16 December 2021.

# 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

#### (c) 關連人士交易(續)

附註:

本公司與Feroz Omar先生(「Omar先生」)於2021 年12月16日就本集團向FM集團出售布料、胚 紗、纖維及成衣配件訂立經重續FM總銷售協議 (「2024年FM總銷售協議」)。Omar先生為本公 司一間非全資附屬公司之董事兼主要股東,根 據上市規則,彼為本公司之關連人士。FM集團 之成員公司包括由Omar先生及其聯繫人士及親 屬可在該等公司的股東大會上個別地或共同地 行使或控制行使過半數以上的表決權或控制該 等公司董事會大部分成員的公司,因此,FM集 團之成員公司為Omar先生之聯繫人士,故而根 據上市規則,FM集團為本公司之關連人士。根 據上市規則第14A章,2024年FM總銷售協議項 下擬進行之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

> 2024年FM總銷售協議之年期由2022年1月1日起 至2024年12月31日止(包括首尾兩天)。

> 誠如本公司日期為2021年12月16日之公告 所載,2024年FM總銷售協議於截至2024年 12月31日止三個財政年度的年度上限金額分 別為450,000,000港元、450,000,000港元及 450,000,000港元。

> 該等關連交易並無超過本公司日期為2021年12 月16日之公告所載截至2023年12月31日止年度 之年度上限450,000,000港元。

本公司與Anil Kumar Lalchand Hirdaramani先生 (「Hirdaramani先生」)於2021年12月16日就本 集團向AH集團出售布料、胚紗、纖維及成衣配件 訂立經重續AH總銷售協議 (「2024年AH總銷售 協議」)。Hirdaramani先生為本公司一間非全資附 屬公司之董事兼主要股東,根據上市規則,彼為 本公司之關連人士。AH集團之成員公司包括由 Hirdaramani先生及其聯繫人士及親屬可在該等 公司股東大會上個別地或共同地行使或控制行 使過半數以上的表決權,或控制該等公司董事 會大部分成員的公司,因此,AH集團之成員公 司為Hirdaramani先生之聯繫人士,故而根據上市 規則,AH集團為本公司之關連人士。根據上市 規則第14A章,2024年AH總銷售協議項下擬進 行之交易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

2024年AH總銷售協議之年期由2022年1月1日起 至2024年12月31日止(包括首尾兩天)。

誠如本公司日期為2021年12月16日之公告 所載,2024年AH總銷售協議於截至2024年 12月31日止三個財政年度的年度上限金額分 別為450,000,000港元、450,000,000港元及 450,000,000港元。

該等關連交易並無超過本公司日期為2021年 12月16日之公告所載截至2023年12月31日止 年度之年度上限450,000,000港元(2022年: 450,000,000港元)。

2023年年報

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) 綜合財務報表附註 (續)

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# **42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES** (continued)

#### (c) Connected party transactions (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(iii) The Company and Chinatex Corporation Limited ("Chinatex") entered into a renewed Material Purchase Framework Agreement (the "2024 Material Purchase Framework Agreement") in relation to the purchase of yarn, cotton, other materials for the manufacture of fabric, garments, whereas cooking oil and foodstuffs for the provision of meals to the employees by the Group from the Chinatex Group (i.e. Chinatex and its subsidiaries) on 16 December 2021. The Company and Chinatex entered into a supplemental Agreement (the "2024 Meaterial Purchase Framework Supplemental Agreement") in relation to the revision of the existing annual cap on 15 May 2023. Chinatex is a controlling shareholder of the Company and hence a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Accordingly, members of the Chinatex Group are associates of Chinatex and hence connected persons of the Company under the Listing Rules. The transactions contemplated under the 2024 Material Purchase Framework Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The 2024 Material Purchase Framework Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024 (both days inclusive).

The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ending 31 December 2024 under the 2024 Material Purchase Framework Supplemental Agreement are HK\$63,000,000, HK\$363,000,000 and HK\$363,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 May 2023.

The extent of these connected transactions did not exceed the annual cap of HK\$363,000,000 and HK\$63,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2023 and 2022 as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 May 2023 and 16 December 2021 respectively.

### 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

#### (c) 關連人士交易(續)

附註:(續)

iii)本公司與中國中紡集團有限公司(「中紡」)於 2021年12月16日就本集團向中紡集團(即中紡 及其附屬公司)採購胚紗、棉花、其他生產布料 相關的原材料、成衣以及用於向本集團僱員提 供膳食之糧油食品訂立經重續物資採購框架協 議(「2024年物資採購框架協議」)。本公司立 統於2023年5月15日就修訂現有年度上限訂立 充協議(「2024年物資採購框架補充協議」)。中 紡為本公司之控股股東,因此,根據上市規則, 中紡為本公司之關連人士。相應地,根據上市規 則,中紡集團之成員公司為中紡之聯繫人士, 因而為本公司之關連人士。根據上市規則第14A 章,2024年物資採購框架協議項下擬進行之交 易構成本公司之持續關連交易。

2024年物資採購框架補充協議之年期由2022 年1月1日起至2024年12月31日止(包括首尾兩 天)。

誠如本公司日期為2023年5月15日之公告所載,2024年物資採購框架協議於截至2024年12月31日止三個財政年度的年度上限金額分別為63,000,000港元、363,000,000港元及363,000,000港元。

該等關連交易並無超過本公司日期為2023年5月15日及2021年12月16日之公告分別所載截至2023年及2022年12月31日止年度之年度上限363,000,000港元。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# 42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES (continued)

#### (c) Connected party transactions (continued)

Notes: (continued)

The Company and Huafu Holding Co., Ltd. ("Huafu Holding") and its subsidiaries ("Huafu Group") entered into a purchase framework agreement (the "2022 Purchase Framework Agreement") and a renewed purchase framework agreement (the "2025 Purchase Framework Agreement") on 29 November 2019 and 13 December 2022 respectively. Pursuant to the 2022 Purchase Framework Agreement and the 2025 Purchase Framework Agreement, Huafu Holding agreed to, or procures its subsidiaries to, supply cotton varn, cotton blended varn, top dyed melange yarn and other yarn products that may be needed for the Group. The cotton yarn, cotton blended yarn, top dyed melange yarn and other yarn products that may be needed to be purchased by the Group will be used for the manufacture of textile products of the Group.

As Hong Kong Tin Shing Trading Limited ("Tin Shing"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability and a wholly owned subsidiary of Huafu Holding, completed the acquisition of 16.33% of the total number of issued Shares of the Company on 1 November 2019, Tin Shing has become a substantial Shareholder and a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. Huafu Holding, as the holding company of Tin Shing, is an associate of Tin Shing and, therefore, is a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The transactions contemplated under the 2022 Purchase Framework Agreement and the 2025 Purchase Framework Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The 2022 Purchase Framework Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2022 (both days inclusive) and 2025 Purchase Framework Agreement is for a term commencing from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2025 (both days inclusive).

The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ended 31 December 2022 under the 2022 Purchase Framework Agreement are HK\$600,000,000, HK\$600,000,000 and HK\$600,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 29 November 2019.

The annual cap amounts for the three financial years ending 31 December 2025 under the 2025 Purchase Framework Agreement are HK\$40,000,000, HK\$40,000,000 and HK\$40,000,000 respectively as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 13 December 2022.

The extent of these connected transactions did not exceed the annual cap of HK\$40,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2023 as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 13 December 2022.

# 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

#### (c) 關連人士交易(續)

附註:(續)

本公司於2019年11月29日及2022年12月13日與 華孚控股有限公司(「華孚控股」)及其附屬公司 (「華孚集團」)分別訂立採購框架協議(「2022年 採購框架協議」)及經重續採購框架協議(「2025 年採購框架協議」)。根據2022年採購框架協議 及2025年採購框架協議,華孚控股同意(或促使 其附屬公司) 供應棉紗、棉混紡紗、色紡紗及本 集團可能需要的其他紗線產品。本集團可能需 要採購之棉紗、棉混紡紗、色紡紗及其他紗線產 品將用於製造本集團之紡織品。

> 由於香港天成貿易有限公司(「天成」,一間於香 港註冊成立之有限公司,並為華孚控股之全資 附屬公司)於2019年11月1日完成收購本公司已 發行股份總數之16.33%,根據上市規則,天成 已成為本公司之主要股東及關連人士。華孚控股 (作為天成之控股公司)為天成之聯繫人士,因 此,根據上市規則第14A章,華孚控股為本公司 之關連人士。

> 2022年採購框架協議及2025年採購框架協議項 下擬進行之交易構成本公司於上市規則第14A 章項下之持續關連交易。

> 2022年採購框架協議之年期由2020年1月1日起 至2022年12月31日止(包括首尾兩天)及2025年 採購框架協議之年期由2023年1月1日起至2025 年12月31日止(包括首尾兩天)。

> 誠如本公司日期為2019年11月29日之公告 所載,2022年採購框架協議於截至2022年12 月31日止三個財政年度之年度上限金額分 別為600,000,000港元、600,000,000港元及 600,000,000港元。

> 誠如本公司日期為2022年12月13日之公告所 載,2025年採購框架協議於截至2025年12月 31日止三個財政年度的年度上限金額分別為 40,000,000港元、40,000,000港元及40,000,000 港元。

> 該等關連交易並無超過本公司日期為2022年12 月13日之公告所載截至2023年12月31日止年度 之年度上限40,000,000港元。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# **42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES** (continued)

#### (c) Connected party transactions (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(v) The Company and COFCO Finance Company Limited ("COFCO Finance") entered into a finance services agreement (the "Financial Services Agreement") on 14 July 2022. The Company and COFCO Finance entered into a Supplemental Agreement (the "Financial Services Supplemental Agreement") in relation to the revision of the existing annual cap on 15 May 2023. Pursuant to the Financial Services Agreement, COFCO Finance agreed to provide deposit services, comprehensive loan services and other financial services to the Group. As COFCO Finance is an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company's ultimate parent, COFCO Corporation, and hence COFCO Finance is a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules.

The transactions contemplated under the Financial Services Agreement constitute continuing connected transactions for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

The Financial Services Agreement is for a term commencing from 14 July 2022 to 13 July 2025 (both days inclusive).

The maximum daily balance of deposits (including accrued interests) placed by the Group pursuant to the Financial Services Agreement is RMB155 million or its equivalent on any day throughout the term of the Financial Services Supplemental Agreement and the maximum fees payable by the Group for the other financial services pursuant to the Financial Services Agreement is HK\$500,000 or its equivalent on an annual basis as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 May 2023.

The extent of these connected transactions did not exceed the maximum daily balance of deposits of RMB155 million (2022: RMB55 million) or its equivalent on any day throughout the year ended 31 December 2023 and the maximum services fees payable on annual basis of HK\$500,000 or equivalent as set out in the announcement of the Company dated 15 May 2023.

#### (d) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year was as follows:

# 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

#### (c) 關連人士交易(續)

附註:(續)

(v) 本公司於2022年7月14日與中糧財務有限責任公司(「中糧財務」)訂立金融服務協議(「金融服務協議」)。本公司於2023年5月15日與中糧財務就修訂現有年度上限訂立補充協議(「金融服務補充協議」)。根據金融服務協議,中糧財務同意向本集團提供存款服務、全面貸款服務及其他金融服務。由於中糧財務為本公司最終母公司中糧集團的間接全資附屬公司,因此根據上市規則,中糧財務為本公司的關連人士。

金融服務協議項下擬進行之交易構成本公司於 上市規則第14A章項下之持續關連交易。

金融服務協議之年期由2022年7月14日起至 2025年7月13日止(包括首尾兩天)。

誠如本公司日期為2023年5月15日之公告所載,於金融服務補充協議的有效期內,本集團根據金融服務協議存放的最高每日存款結餘(包括應計利息)為人民幣15,500萬元或其等值及就其他金融服務而言,本集團根據金融服務協議應付的最高費用為每年500,000港元或其等值。

該等關連交易並無超過本公司日期為2023年5月15日之公告所載截至2023年12月31日止年度期間的最高每日存款結餘人民幣15,500萬元(2022年:人民幣5,500萬元)或其等值及最高應付費用每年500,000港元或其等值。

#### (d) 主要管理人員的薪酬

本年度董事及其他主要管理人員的薪酬如下:

|                          |       | 2023<br><i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元 | 2022<br>HK\$'000 千港元 |
|--------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
|                          |       |                             |                      |
| Fees                     | 袍金    | 1,050                       | 1,050                |
| Short-term benefits      | 短期福利  | 7,241                       | 6,822                |
| Post-employment benefits | 離職後福利 | 189                         | 191                  |
| Discretionary bonuses    | 酌情獎金  | -                           | _                    |
|                          |       |                             |                      |
|                          |       | 8,480                       | 8,063                |

The remunerations of directors and key management are decided by the Board and reviewed by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Company's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

董事及主要管理人員之酬金由董事會參照本公司之營運業績、個別表現及可比較市場統計數字而釐定,並由薪酬委員會審閱。

31 DECEMBER 2023 2023年12月31日

# **42. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTIES DISCLOSURES** (continued)

#### (e) Transactions with other state-owned entities in the PRC

The Group operates in an economic environment currently predominated by enterprises directly or indirectly owned, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by the PRC government (collectively the "state-owned entities"). The Company's directors consider that state-owned entities are independent third parties so far as the Group's business transactions with them are concerned.

During the year, the Group had transactions with other state-owned entities including, but not limited to, the sales of finished goods, purchases of raw materials/utilities and transactions with state-owned banks.

The sales of finished goods and purchase of raw materials/utilities to these state-owned entities are individually not significant. In addition, the Group's bank balances (including short-term bank deposits and restricted bank deposits) and bank borrowings of HK\$837,931,000 and HK\$21,284,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$696,574,000 and HK\$121,138,000) respectively are placed/arranged with state-owned banks as at 31 December 2023.

#### 43. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

For the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group reduced the production volume of the fabric mill operated by Jiangyin Fuhui and streamlined the production team of Jiangyin Fuhui. Taking these circumstances into account and to mitigate further losses, the Group has decided to further reduce the fabric production capacity by solely maintaining fabric knitting production capacity at the fabric mill operated by Jiangyin Fuhui. Details are refer to announcement on 5 February 2024.

# 42. 關聯及關連人士的披露(續)

#### (e) 與其他中國國有實體進行的交易

本集團經營所在的經濟環境現時主要由中國政府直接或間接擁有、共同控制或可對其行使重大影響力的實體(統稱「國有實體」)主導。本公司董事認為,至今曾與本集團進行商業交易的國有實體均為獨立第三方。

於年內,本集團曾與其他國有實體進行交易,包括但不限於銷售製成品、購買原料/水電,以及 與國有銀行間的交易。

向該等國有實體銷售製成品及購買原料/水電的個別交易並非重大。此外,於2023年12月31日,本集團的銀行結餘(包括短期銀行存款及受限制銀行存款)及銀行借貸中分別有837,931,000港元及21,284,000港元(2022年12月31日:分別為696,574,000港元及121,138,000港元)為存放於國有銀行/由國有銀行安排。

# 43. 報告期後事項

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團減少了江 陰福匯經營的面料工廠的產量,並精簡江陰福 匯的生產團隊。考慮到這些情況並為進一步減 少虧損,本集團決定進一步削減面料產能,同時 僅保留江陰福匯營運的面料工廠之織造產能。 詳情請參閱日期為2024年2月5日之公告。

# SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION 股東資料

Listing : Listed on the Main Board of

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

since 20 April 1988

Stock Code : 420

**Board Lot** : 2,000 shares **Shares Issued** : 1,225,026,960

(as at 31 December 2023)

#### **Financial Calendar**

Financial year end 31 December 2023 2023 interim results announced 25 August 2023 2023 annual results announced 22 March 2024 Register of members closed for 18 – 21 June 2024

determining the right to attend and vote at Annual General Meeting

Annual General Meeting 21 June 2024 2024 interim results to be announced Late August 2024

#### **Shareholder Services**

For enquiries about share transfer and registration, change of correspondence address, etc.,

please contact the Company's share registrar:

### **Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited**

Room 2103B, 21/F.

148 Electric Road, North Point

Hong Kong

Tel: +852 2153 1688 Fax: +852 3020 5058

#### **Investor Relations**

Ms. Charmaine CHENG Company Secretary and

Deputy General Manager

Corporate Governance Department of the Group

Block A, 6/F., Eastern Sea Industrial Building

29-39 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung

New Territories, Hong Kong

Tel: +852 3478 6267 Email: pr@fshl.com **上市** : 自1988年4月20日起

於香港聯合交易所有限公司

主板上市

**股份代號** : 420 **買賣單位** : 2.000股

已發行股份 : 1,225,026,960

(截至2023年12月31日)

#### 財務日誌

財政年度結算 2023年12月31日 2023中期業績公佈 2023年8月25日 2023年度業績公佈 2024年3月22日 股份暫停登記以釐定 2024年6月18日至

出席股東週年大會及 21日

於會上投票資格

股東週年大會 2024年6月21日 2024中期業績公佈 2024年8月下旬

#### 股東服務

任何有關股份過戶及登記,

變更通訊地址等的查詢,

請聯絡本公司股份過戶登記處:

# 寶德隆證券登記有限公司

香港

北角電氣道148號

21樓2103B室

電話:+852 2153 1688 傳真:+852 3020 5058

#### 投資者關係

鄭惠嫻小姐

公司秘書及

集團企業管治部副總經理

香港新界

葵涌葵昌路29-39號

東海工業大廈A座6樓

電話:+852 3478 6267

電郵:pr@fshl.com

# FOUNTAIN SET (HOLDINGS) LIMITED 福田實業(集團) 有限公司

Block A, 6/F, Eastern Sea Industrial Building 29-39 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung New Territories, Hong Kong

香港新界葵涌葵昌路29-39號 東海工業大廈A座6樓

www.fshl.com SEHK: 420

Marketing Offices 市場推廣辦事處:

Ho Chi Minh City London Shanghai Tokyo 胡志明市 倫敦 上海 東京

Production Countries 生產國家:

