

# CNC HOLDINGS LIMITED 中國新華電視控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock code 股份代號:8356

# Annual Report 年報 **2023/2024**

### CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate small and mid-sized companies to which a higher investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration.

Given that the companies listed on GEM are generally small and mid-sized companies, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

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This report, for which the directors (the "Directors") of CNC Holdings Limited (the "Company") collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the "GEM Listing Rules") for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this report misleading.

### 香港聯合交易所有限公司GEM之特色

GEM之定位,乃為中小型公司提供一個上市的市場,此等公司相比起其他在聯交所上市的公司帶有較高投資風險。有意投資者應了解投資於該等公司之潛在風險,並應經過審慎周詳考慮後方作出投資決定。

由於GEM上市的公司普遍為中小型公司,在GEM買賣之證券可能會承受較於聯交所主板買賣之證券為高之市場 波動風險,亦無法保證在GEM買賣之證券會有高流通量之市場。

香港交易及結算所有限公司及聯交所對本報告之內容概不負責,對其準確性或完整性亦不發表任何聲明,並明確 表示概不就因本報告全部或任何部分內容而產生或因倚賴該等內容而引致之任何損失承擔任何責任。

本報告載有根據聯交所GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)而提供有關中國新華電視控股有限公司(「本公司」) 之資料,本公司之董事(「董事」)願就本報告共同及個別承擔全部責任。董事在作出一切合理查詢後確認,就彼等 所知及所信,本報告所載資料在所有重大方面均屬準確、完整及並無誤導或欺詐成份,且亦無遺漏任何其他事項 致使本報告所載之任何聲明或本報告有所誤導。

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# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

## **CONSOLIDATED RESULTS** For the year ended 31 March

## 綜合業績

截至三月三十一日止年度

		Changes 變動	2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Revenue Gross profit Loss before income tax Loss attributable to the owners of the	收益 毛利 除所得稅前虧損 本公司擁有人應佔虧損	-5.5% 428.2% 25.0%	468,963 18,063 (9,677)	496,457 3,420 (12,906)
Company Basic loss per Share <i>(HK cents)</i> Dividend per Share <i>(HK cents)</i>	每股基本虧損 <i>(港仙)</i> 每股股息 <i>(港仙)</i>	1.2% 1.2% N/A 不適用	(9,324) (23.0) N/A 不適用	(9,440) (23.3) N/A 不適用

## **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION**

As at 31 March

# 綜合財務狀況

於三月三十一日

		Changes	2024	2023
		變動	二零二四年	二零二三年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Total assets	總資產	-10.8%	218,960	245,543
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	-6.6%	48,222	51,619
Total liabilities	總負債	-2.8%	622,390	640,349
Equity attributable to the owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Company		-2.2%	(405,113)	(396,277)

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

RATI As at a	<b>OS</b> 31 March		<b>比</b> 於3	<b>率</b> 三月三十-	-8	
					2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Returr Currer	n on equity <i>(Note a)</i> n on assets <i>(Note b)</i> nt ratio <i>(Note c)</i> ng ratio <i>(Note d)</i>	權益回報 <i>(附註a)</i> 資產回報 <i>(附註b)</i> 流動比率 <i>(附註c)</i> 資產負債比率 <i>(附註</i>	Èd)		N/A 不適用 -4.2% 0.33 time 倍 176.7%	N/A 不適用 -3.9% 0.37 time 倍 160.8%
Notes:			附言	È:		
(a) R	Return on equity is calculated as net loss divided	by Shareholders' equity.	(a)	權益回報	乃按淨虧損除以股東	權益計算。
(b) R	Return on assets is calculated as net loss divided	d by total assets.	(b)	資產回報	乃按淨虧損除以總資	產計算。
	Current ratio is calculated as total current assets abilities.	divided by total current	(C)	流動比率 算。	乃按流動資產總額除	以流動負債總額計
	Gearing ratio is calculated as total amount of pror notes, lease liabilities and contract liabilities divide		(d)		比率乃按承兌票據、 約負債總和除以總資	

# **CORPORATE PROFILE** 公司簡介

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of civil engineering services for the public sector in Hong Kong.

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961 as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands on 15 March 2010 and the Shares were listed on GEM on 30 August 2010.

The Group's business of provision of civil engineering services for the public sector is carried out through TYW and TY Civil respectively with TYW responsible for signing and implementing civil engineering contracts as a main contractor, a subcontractor and forming joint operations while TY Civil responsible for signing and implementing civil engineering contracts as a subcontractor and forming joint operations. 本集團主要從事為香港公營部門提供土木工 程服務。

本公司於二零一零年三月十五日根據開曼群 島公司法第22章(一九六一年法例3,經綜合及 修訂)於開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限責任 公司,其股份於二零一零年八月三十日在GEM 上市。

本集團乃分別透過進業水務及進業土木為公 營部門提供土木工程服務業務,進業水務負責 以主承建商、分包商身份簽訂及履行土木工程 合約以及成立合營企業,而進業土木則負責以 分包商身份簽訂及履行土木工程合約以及成 立合營企業。

# **CORPORATE PROFILE** 公司簡介

## REGISTRATIONS HELD FOR UNDERTAKING PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

#### 為從事主要業務持有之註冊

The Group has obtained the following registrations from Works Branch Development Bureau (發展局工務科) of the Government for undertaking projects as a main contractor: 本集團已向政府發展局工務科取得下列註冊, 以作為主承建商承接工程:

	Value of project which the Group is eligible to undertake
Registration	under the relevant registration
註冊	本集團根據相關註冊合資格承接之工程之價值
Approved Contractors for Public Works – Waterworks Category (Group C) (probationary status)	A maximum of two contracts exceeding HK\$400 million each in any one category, provided that the total value of works in any one category does not exceed HK\$1,500 million
認可公共工程承建商-水務類別(丙組) (試用期)	最多為任何一個類別中兩項合約各超過400,000,000港元,惟任 何一個類別的工程總價值不超過1,500,000,000港元
Approved Contractors for Public Works – Roads and Drainage Category (Group C) (probationary status)	A maximum of two contracts exceeding HK\$400 million each in any one category, provided that the total value of works in any one category does not exceed HK\$1,500 million
認可公共工程承建商-道路及渠務工程類別 (丙組)(試用期)	最多為任何一個類別中兩項合約各超過400,000,000港元,惟任 何一個類別的工程總價值不超過1,500,000,000港元
Approved Contractors for Public Works – Site Formation Category (Group C) (confirmed status)	Contracts of any values exceeding HK\$400 million
認可公共工程承建商-地盤平整工程類別 (丙組)(確認)	任何價值超過400,000,000港元的合約

Also, the Group has registered under the Voluntary Subcontractor Registration Scheme (非強制性分包商註冊制度), which is maintained by the Construction Industry Council (建造業議會), for participating in civil engineering works, road works and drainage services and waterworks engineering services as a sub-contractor. 此外,本集團亦於建造業議會設立之非強制性 分包商註冊制度下註冊,以分包商身份參與土 木工程、道路工程及渠務服務以及水務工程服 務。

# **CORPORATE PROFILE** 公司簡介

### **CORPORATE STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY**

本公司企業架構

The following diagram illustrates the corporate structure of the Company as at 31 March 2024:

下圖說明本公司於二零二四年三月三十一日 之企業架構:



\* for identification purpose only

僅供識別

### DIRECTORS

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung (Chairman) (Redesignated as Chairman on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Hui Ka Tsun (Chief Executive Officer) (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Kan Chun Ting Max (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Dr. Jiang Yan (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Dr. Li Yong Sheng (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Liu Da Yong (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

### **Non-executive Director**

Mr. Law Cheuk Hung Ms. Tang Li *(Resigned on 16 April 2024)* 

### Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wu Guo Ming (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, BBS, JP (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

### **AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Hui Ka Tsun *(Appointed on 16 April 2024)* Mr. Chan Chun Ki*t (Appointed on 23 May 2024)* Dr. Li Yong Sheng *(Resigned on 16 April 2024)* Ms. Li Yuet Tai *(Resigned on 23 May 2024)* 

## **COMPLIANCE OFFICER**

Dr. Li Yong Sheng (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Chan Chun Kit (*Appointed on 23 May 2024*) Ms. Li Yuet Tai (*Resigned on 23 May 2024*)

### 董事

#### 執行董事

簡國祥先生(主席) (於二零二四年四月十六日調任為主席) 許嘉駿先生(行政總裁) (於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 簡臻廷先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 姜岩博士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 李永升博士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 劉大勇先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

### 非執行董事

羅焯雄先生 唐麗女士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

### 獨立非執行董事

錢志浩先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任) 郭文韜先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任) 王忠業先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 黎雅明先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 吳國銘先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

### 授權代表

許嘉駿先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 陳俊傑先生(於二零二四年五月二十三日獲委任) 李永升博士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 李月弟女士(於二零二四年五月二十三日辭任)

### 合規主任

李永升博士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

#### 公司秘書

陳俊傑先生 (於二零二四年五月二十三日獲委任) 李月弟女士 (於二零二四年五月二十三日辭任)

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (Chairman) (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Law Cheuk Hung
Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Ms. Tang Li (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wu Guo Ming (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, BBS, JP (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon (Chairman) (Appointed on 16 April 2024)

Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (Appointed on 29 February 2024 and resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, BBS, JP (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

Mr. Wu Guo Ming (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung (Chairman) (Redesignated as Chairman on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Hui Ka Tsun (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Dr. Jiang Yan (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (Appointed on 29 February 2024 and resigned on 16 April 2024)
Dr. Li Yong Sheng (Resigned on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Wu Guo Ming (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, BBS, JP (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

### 審核委員會

錢志浩先生(*主席*) (*於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任*) 羅焯雄先生 郭文韜先生(*於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任*) 王忠業先生(*於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任*) 唐麗女士(*於二零二四年四月十六日辭任*) 吳國銘先生(*於二零二四年四月十六日辭任*) 尹志強先生,*銅紫荊星章,太平紳士* (*於二零二四年四月十六日辭任*)

### 薪酬委員會

黎雅明先生(*主席*) (*於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任*) 郭文韜先生(*於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任*) 我志浩先生(*於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任*) 錢志浩先生(*於二零二四年二月二十九日 獲委任,後於二零二四年四月十六日辭任*) 尹志強先生,*銅紫荊星章,太平紳士* (*於二零二四年四月十六日辭任*) 吳國銘先生(*於二零二四年四月十六日辭任*)

### 提名委員會

簡國祥先生(主席)

(於二零二四年四月十六日調任為主席) 許嘉駿先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 郭文韜先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任) 王忠業先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 黎雅明先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 錢志浩先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 錢志浩先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

李永升博士(於二零二四年二月二十九日辭任) 吳國銘先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

### **RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (Chairman) (Appointed as member on 29 February 2024 and redesignated as Chairman on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (Appointed as Chairman on 29 February 2024 and redesignated as member on 16 April 2024)

Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wu Guo Ming (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, BBS, JP (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

### **AUDITORS**

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited *Certified Public Accountants* 

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Flat 314, 3/F., Fuk Shing Commercial Building, 28 On Lok Mun Street, Fanling, New Territories

## 風險管理委員會

郭文韜先生(主席)(於二零二四年二月二十九日 獲委任為成員,後於二零二四年四月十六日 調任為主席)
錢志浩先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日 獲委任為主席,後於二零二四年四月十六日 調任為成員)
王忠業先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任)
黎雅明先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任)
吳國銘先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)
尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

### 核數師

國衛會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師* 

### 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681 Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

### 總部及香港主要營業地點

新界粉嶺 安樂門街28號 福成商業大廈 3樓314室

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN CAYMAN ISLANDS

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F., Fast East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

Hang Seng Bank Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

### WEBSITE

http://www.cnctv.hk

### **STOCK CODE**

8356

### 開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

## 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

## 主要往來銀行

恒生銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

公司網站

http://www.cnctv.hk

股份代號

8356

# DEFINITIONS 釋 義

In this report, unless the context otherwise requires, the following 在本報告內,除文義另有所指外,下列詞語及 words and expressions shall have the following meanings when 詞彙於本報告使用時具有以下涵義: used herein:

"AGM" 「股東週年大會」	指	the annual general meeting of the Company 本公司股東週年大會
"Board" 「董事會」	指	the board of Directors 董事會
"BVI" 「英屬處女群島」	指	the British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島
"China Xinhua NNC"		China Xinhua News Network Co., Limited (中國新華新聞電視網有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong and a wholly-owned subsidiary of Xinhua News Agency (新華社) and the then substantial Shareholder of the Company before change of substantial shareholder of the Company on 29 February 2024
「中國新華新聞電視網」	指	中國新華新聞電視網有限公司,一家於香港註冊成立之公司及為新華社之全資 附屬公司,且於二零二四年二月二十九日本公司主要股東變動前為本公司當時 之主要股東
"Company"		CNC Holdings Limited (中國新華電視控股有限公司), a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability on 15 March 2010
「本公司」	指	中國新華電視控股有限公司,一家於二零一零年三月十五日在開曼群島註冊成 立之有限公司
"Director(s)" 「董事」	指	director(s) of the Company from time to time 本公司不時之董事
"Financial Statements" 「財務報表」	指	the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 本集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之經審核財務報表
"GEM" 「GEM」	指	the GEM of the Stock Exchange 聯交所GEM



"GEM Listing Rules" 「GEM上市規則」	指	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM GEM證券上市規則
"Government" 「政府」	指	the Government of Hong Kong 香港政府
"Group" 「本集團」	指	the Company and its subsidiaries 本公司及其附屬公司
"HK\$" and "HK cent(s)" 「港元」及「港仙」	指	Hong Kong dollar(s) and cent(s), respectively, the lawful currency of Hong Kong 分別為香港法定貨幣港元及港仙
"Hong Kong" 「香港」	指	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC 中國香港特別行政區
"Macau" 「澳門」	指	the Macau Special Administrative Region of the PRC 中國澳門特別行政區
"Mr. Kan"		Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung (簡國祥), an executive Director and the controlling shareholder of the Company
「簡先生」	指	本公司執行董事兼控股股東簡國祥先生
"PRC" 「中國」	指	the People's Republic of China, excluding Hong Kong, Macau and Taiwan 中華人民共和國,不包括香港、澳門及台灣
"SFO"		the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) as amended or otherwise modified from time to time
「證券及期貨條例」	指	香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(經不時修訂或以其他方式修改)
"Share(s)" 「股份」	指	ordinary share(s) of the Company 本公司之普通股
"Shareholder(s)" 「股東」	指	holder(s) of the Share(s) 股份持有人

# DEFINITIONS 釋 義

"Shunleetat"		Shunleetat (BVI) Limited, a company incorporated in the BVI which is wholly and beneficially owned by Mr. Kan
<sup></sup> ∫Shunleetat 」	指	Shunleetat (BVI) Limited,一家於英屬處女群島註冊成立之公司,由簡先生全資實益擁有
"Stock Exchange"		The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
「聯交所」	指	香港聯合交易所有限公司
"TY Civil"		Tsun Yip Civil Construction Company Limited (進業土木工程有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 16 June 2000 and an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company
「進業土木」	指	進業土木工程有限公司,一家於二零零零年六月十六日在香港註冊成立之有限 公司,為本公司之間接非全資附屬公司
"TYW"		Tsun Yip Waterworks Construction Company Limited (進業水務建築有限公司), a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability on 6 February 1996 and an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company
「進業水務」	指	進業水務建築有限公司,一家於一九九六年二月六日在香港註冊成立之有限公司,為本公司之間接非全資附屬公司
"WSD"		Water Supplies Department (水務署) of the Government
「水務署」	指	政府水務署
"%"		per cent
Γ%]	指	百分比

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

### To all Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024.

### **RESULTS FOR THE YEAR**

During the year ended 31 March 2024, we had obtained approximately HK\$469.0 million (2023: HK\$496.5 million) revenue, which represented a decrease of approximately 5.5% over the revenue for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The gross profit of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 was amounted to approximately HK\$18.1 million (2023: approximately HK\$3.4 million), which represented an increase of approximately 428.2% from that of previous year.

The net loss of our Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 was approximately HK\$9.1 million (2023: approximately of HK\$9.5 million), representing a decrease of approximately 3.7% from that of previous year.

### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

During the year, the Company has been proactively assessing the current financial and operational conditions with a view to formulating a solution to improve the financial position of the Group that respects the rights of all stakeholders and unlocks the inherent value of the Company's business and assets. In this regard, the Group has communicated and constructively engaged with the holder of convertible bonds issued by the Company and creditors of the Company to facilitate the formulation of a consensual debt restructuring proposal. Upon completion of share subscription, fifth amendment of terms of existing outstanding convertible bonds and issuance of new convertible bonds on 15 April 2024, the Group believes that these measures can alleviate the financial burden of the Group and provide flexibility to the Company in its future cash management in business development. The Group believes that the financial position of the Group can be greatly improved by the implementation of these measures.

#### 致全體股東:

本人謹此代表董事會欣然提呈本集團截至二 零二四年三月三十一日止年度之年度業績。

### 年度業績

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,我 們取得約469,000,000港元(二零二三年: 496,500,000港元)之收益,較截至二零二三年 三月三十一日止年度之收益減少約5.5%。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 之毛利約為18,100,000港元(二零二三年:約 3,400,000港元),較上一年度增加約428.2%。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 之淨虧損約為9,100,000港元(二零二三年:約 9,500,000港元),較上一年度減少約3.7%。

### 未來前景

於本年度,本公司一直積極評估當前的財務及 經營狀況,務求制定一項改善本集團財務狀況 的解決方案,既可兼顧所有持份者的權益,同 時釋放本公司業務及資產的內在價值。為此, 本集團與本公司所發行的可換股債券的持有 人及本公司債權人進行了溝通和建設性合作, 共同商議一項共識性的債務重組計劃。於二零 二四年四月十五日完成股份認購、第五次修訂 現有未償還可換股債券條款及發行新可換股 債券後,本集團認為,前述舉措能緩解本集團 的財務負擔,為本公司未來業務發展的現金管 理提供靈活性。本集團相信,通過實施此等舉 措,本集團的財務狀況將會大有改善。。

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告書

During the year under review, the construction industry was still full of challenges. The Group has been facing increasing costs of operation as well as keen competition in the market. Despite facing complicated and stringent business environment such as severe labor shortage and occupational safety and health regulations, with the concerted efforts of all employees, the Group surmounted the challenges, forged ahead and continued to consolidate its overall competitive advantages in the industry and to maintain a sustainable development of the Group. The Group will continue to review its existing operations and businesses to formulate longterm business strategies and focus on improving the Group's profitability.

With the Group's experienced management team and reputation in the construction industry, the Group is of the view that the current priority should be to strengthen its position in the market and maintain existing business relationships with its customers, as well as to focus on completing the existing civil engineering projects with effective control on costs so as to secure the profit margin of the projects and, hence, to achieve sustainable business growth to bring long-term benefits to our shareholders.

### **APPRECIATION**

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to express my most sincere appreciation to all the management team and staff for their dedication and contribution over the past years. I would also like to thank all the Shareholders, customers, suppliers and business partners for their continuous support and trust. 於回顧年度,建築業依舊面臨重重考驗。日益 增加的營運成本以及激烈的市場競爭,皆是本 集團面臨的課題。縱然要應對嚴重的勞工短 缺、職安健規管等複雜嚴格的營商環境,但全 賴同事上下一心,本集團終能克服重重困難, 砥礪前行,繼續鞏固自身在行業內的整體競爭 優勢,維持本集團的可持續發展。未來,本集 團定當繼續審視現有營運及業務,謀劃長遠業 務策略,並集中資源提高本集團的盈利能力。

憑藉本集團經驗豐富的管理團隊及在建築行 業的聲譽,本集團認為,當前應首要鞏固市場 地位,維持與客戶的現有業務關係,並專心致 志完成手頭的土木工程項目,有效控制成本, 從而確保項目利潤,最終實現可持續的業務增 長,為股東帶來長期利益。

### 致謝

最後,本人願藉此機會代表董事會由衷感謝全 體管理團隊及員工在過去多年的付出及貢獻, 並感謝所有股東、客戶、供應商及業務夥伴一 直以來給予支持與信任。

Kan Kwok Cheung Chairman

28 June 2024

**簡國祥** *主席* 

二零二四年六月二十八日

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of civil engineering services for the public sector in Hong Kong. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group continued to focus on rendering civil engineering services to the public sector in Hong Kong.

#### **Provision of civil engineering services**

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group has been undertaking eight contracts. Among the eight contracts, one of these is related to provision of waterworks engineering services and the remaining contracts are related to provision of drainage services and site formation services. Details of the contracts undertaken are set out below.

### 業務回顧

本集團主要為香港公營部門提供土木工程服務。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本 集團繼續專注於為香港公營部門提供土木工 程服務。

### 提供土木工程服務

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 一直進行八項合約。於八項合約中,其中一項 與提供水務工程服務有關,其餘合約則與提供 渠務服務及地盤平整服務有關。所承接合約之 詳情載列如下。

Contract number 合約編號	Particulars of contract 合約詳情	Client 客戶	Contract period under main contracts 根據主合約的合約期	
Subcontracts 主合約				
CV/2016/10	Site Formation and Association Infrastructural Works For Development of Columbarium at Sandy Ridge Cemetery	Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture	Dec 2017 – Jun 2021	
	沙嶺填場興建骨灰安置所的土地平整 及相關基礎設施工程	新昌進業聯營	二零一七年十二月至 二零二一年六月	Total contract value HK\$2,330.5 million
PYC- 03084BAH-001	Site Formation, Foundation & Sub- structure Works for the Student Residence Development at The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology	Paul Y. Construction Company Limited	Aug 2020 – Dec 2022	總合約價值 2,330,500,000港元 Total amount of works certified (Note)
	香港科技大學的學生宿舍發展計劃的 土地平整、地基及下部結構工程	保華建築有限公司	二零二零年八月至 二零二二年十二月	HK\$1,775.7 million <b>已核證工程總額</b> <i>(附註)</i> 1,775,700,000港元
ND/2018/02	The Establishment of an Agricultural Pak in Kwu Tung South (Phase 1) 在古洞南設立農業園 (第一期)	Harvest – Tsun Yip Joint Venture 軒誠一進業聯營	Oct 2020 – Oct 2022 二零二零年十月至 二零二二年十月	J

Contract number 合約編號	Particulars of contract 合約詳情	<b>Client</b> 客戶	Contract period under main contracts 根據主合約的合約期
<b>Subcontracts</b> 主合約			
1002EM19A	Design-Build-Operate for the Additional District Cooling System (DCS) at the	Paul Y – Qianhai Joint Venture	Dec 2020 – Dec 2023
	Kai Tak Development (KTD) 設計、興建及營運位於啟德發展區的新 增的區域供冷系統	保華-前海聯營	二零二零年十二月至 二零二三年十二月
EP/SP/10/91	South East-New Territories (SENT) Landfill Extension	Paul Y. Construction & Engineering Co. Limited	July 2021 – July 2023
	新界東南堆填區擴建	保華建築工程有限 公司	二零二一年七月至 二零二三年七月
Joint Operations 合營業務			
ND/2018/02	The Establishment of an Agricultural Pak in Kwu Tung South (Phase 1)	Civil Engineering and Development Department of the Government	Oct 2020 – Oct 2022
	在古洞南設立農業園 (第一期)	政府土木工程拓展署	二零二零年十月至 二零二二年十月
4/WSD/19	Development of Anderson Road Quarry site – construction of grey water treatment plant	WSD	Sep 2020 – Sep 2025
	安達臣道石礦場用地發展一中水處理廠 建造工程	水務署	二零二零年九月至 二零二五年九月
CV/2019/04	Site Formation and Infrastructure Works near Tsz Tin Road and Hing Fu Street in Area 54, Tuen Mun	Civil Engineering and Development Department of the Government	Dec 2020 – Jun 2024
	屯門第54區鄰近紫田路及興富街的工 地平整及基礎建設工程	政府土木工程拓展署	二零二零年十二月至 二零二四年六月
CV/2022/08	Site Formation and Infrastructure Works at Area 48, Fanling	Civil Engineering and Development Department of the Government	Jan 2023 – Jan 2027
	粉嶺第48區工地平整及基礎設施工程	政府土木工程拓展署	二零二三年一月至 二零二七年一月
	t of works certified is based on the cert d from client.	ificates of payment	<i>附註:</i> 已核證工程金額乃根據從客戶收到之付款 核證確定。

During the year ended 31 March 2024, contracts with contract numbered 1002EM19A and 4/WSD/19 were the main contributors to the Group's revenue, which generated approximately HK\$148.3 million and approximately HK\$119.6 million, constituting approximately 31.6% and 25.5% of the Group's total revenue respectively.

#### Media and advertising business

Media and advertising business remained stagnant during the year and no revenue was derived.

### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue

For the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group reported a revenue of approximately HK\$469.0 million (2023: approximately HK\$496.5 million), representing a decrease of approximately 5.5% as compared with that for the previous year. All of the Group's revenue was derived from provision of civil engineering services during the year ended 31 March 2024. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to decrease in works for certain civil engineering projects at or nearly completion stage.

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,合約編 號為1002EM19A及4/WSD/19之合約是本集團 之主要收益來源,產生約148,300,000港元及 約119,600,000港元,分別佔本集團總收益約 31.6%及25.5%。

### 媒體及廣告業務

年內,媒體及廣告業務仍然停滯不前,並無錄 得收益。

### 財務回顧

### 收益

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 錄得收益約469,000,000港元(二零二三年:約 496,500,000港元),較去年減少約5.5%。截至 二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團之所 有收益均來自提供土木工程服務。收益減少主 要由於若干處於或接近完成階段的土木工程 項目的工程量減少所致。

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the revenue of the Group was primarily generated from the undertaking of civil engineering contracts in the capacity of a subcontractor and joint ventures. The breakdown of total revenue by nature of capacity of the Group is set forth below:

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 收益主要來自以分包商及合營方身份承接之 土木工程合約。按本集團身份性質分類之總收 益詳情載列如下:

			截至三月三十一日止年度			
		20	)24	20	23	
		二零日	二四年	二零二三年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000  % of total 佔總額		% of total 佔總額	
		千港元	<i>百分比<b>(%)</b></i>	千港元	百分比(%)	
Main contractor	主承建商	-	-	354	-	
Subcontractor	分包商	278,771	59.4	321,255	64.8	
Jointly controlled operations	共同控制經營	190,192	40.6	174,848	35.2	
Total	總額	468,963	100.0	496,457	100.0	

# For the year ended 31 March

### **Cost of services**

The Group's cost of services decreased by approximately 8.5% to approximately HK\$450.9 million (2023: approximately HK\$493.0 million) for the year ended 31 March 2024 as compared with that for the previous year. The Group's cost of services mainly includes costs of construction services. Costs of construction services mainly comprise raw materials, direct labour and subcontracting fee for services provided by the subcontractors. The decrease in cost of services was mainly due to net effect of decreased work orders for certain civil engineering projects and the overall increase in staff costs, materials and subcontracting costs from provision of civil engineering services business for the year. The following table sets out a breakdown of the Group's cost of services:

#### 服務成本

本集團於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止 年度之服務成本較去年減少約8.5%至約 450,900,000港元(二零二三年:約493,000,000 港元)。本集團的服務成本主要包括建築服務 成本。建築服務成本主要包括原材料、直接勞 工及分包商提供服務的分包費用。服務成本減 少主要由於本年度若干土木工程項目的工程 量減少,以及提供土木工程服務業務所產生的 員工成本、物料及分包成本整體增加的淨影響 所致。下表載列本集團服務成本之詳情:

### For the year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

	#w / J		
<b>2024</b> 二零二四年			23 二三年
— <sub>▼</sub> - <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	-四中 % of total <i>佔總額</i> 百分比(%)	マ_ HK\$'000 千港元	+ % of total <i>佔總額</i> 百分比(%)
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
26,869	6.0	62,459	12.7
101,256	22.5	95,684	19.4
251,309	55.7	254,792	51.7
71,466	15.8	80,102	16.2
450,900	100.0	493,037	100.0

Costs of construction services	建築服務成本
Raw materials	原材料
Direct labour	直接勞工
Subcontracting fee	分包費用
Other direct costs	其他直接成本
Total	總額

#### **Gross profit**

The gross profit for the Group for the year increased by approximately 428.2% to approximately HK\$18.1 million (2023: approximately HK\$3.4 million) for the year ended 31 March 2024 as compared with that for the previous year. The gross profit margin of the Group amounted to approximately 3.9% (2023: approximately 0.7%) for the year. The increase in gross profit was mainly due to higher gross profit margin derived from certain civil engineering projects at early stage and the implementation of operation plans by the Group to control construction costs.

#### **Other income**

The Group's other income for the year ended 31 March 2024 decreased by approximately 35.2% to approximately HK\$3.0 million (2023: approximately HK\$4.6 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The decrease in other income was mainly due to the absence of subsidies of the Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund, set up by the Hong Kong Government.

#### Other (losses)/gains, net

The Group's other losses, net for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$1.1 million (2023: other gains, net of approximately HK\$7.4 million). Other losses, net mainly consisted of allowance for expected credit losses recognised for contract assets and net loss on termination of lease for the Period. The decrease in other gains/(losses), net was mainly due to absence of one-off recognition of gain on modification of promissory note recognised for the previous year.

### 毛利

本集團於截至二零二四年三月三十一日 止年度之毛利較去年增加約428.2%至約 18,100,000港元(二零二三年:約3,400,000港 元)。本集團於本年度之毛利率約為3.9%(二零 二三年:約0.7%)。毛利增加主要由於若干土 木工程項目在早期階段產生較高的毛利率,以 及本集團實施營運計劃控制建築成本所致。

#### 其他收入

本集團於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止 年度之其他收入較去年減少約35.2%至約 3,000,000港元(二零二三年:約4,600,000港 元)。其他收入減少主要由於概無收取香港政 府成立的防疫抗疫基金「保就業」計劃項下的補 貼所致。

### 其他(虧損)/收益,淨額

本集團於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度之其他虧損,淨額為約1,100,000港元(二零 二三年:其他收益,淨額約7,400,000港元)。其 他虧損,淨額主要包括本期間就合約資產確認 的預期信貸虧損撥備以及終止租賃的淨虧損。 其他收益/(虧損),淨額減少主要由於並無一 次性確認去年確認之承兌票據修訂收益所致。

#### Administrative and operating expenses

The Group's administrative and operating expenses for the year ended 31 March 2024 increased by approximately 16.1% to approximately HK\$17.6 million (2023: approximately HK\$15.2 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The administrative expenses mainly consisted of auditors' remuneration, legal and professional fees, staff costs (including Directors' remuneration), depreciation expenses and rental expenses. The increase in the administrative and operating expenses was mainly due to the legal and professional fee paid in respect of resumption of trading of the shares of the Company.

#### **Finance costs**

The Group's finance costs for the year ended 31 March 2024 decreased by approximately 9.0% to approximately HK\$12.0 million (2023: approximately HK\$13.2 million) as compared with that for the previous year. The finance costs mainly consist of interest expenses for the promissory note and default interest on convertible notes.

#### Impairment assessment of contract assets and receivables

The Group made a reversal of expected credit losses allowance of approximately HK\$262,000 (2023: allowance of approximately HK\$83,000) and a provision of additional expected credit loss allowance of approximately HK\$83,000 (2023: approximately HK\$308,000) for trade receivables and contract assets based on the impairment assessment for the year ended 31 March 2024. According to the policy of impairment provision of receivables of the Group, the Group: (i) has decided the receivable portfolio by using aging as the credit risk characteristics, and has made provisions for doubtful debts for trade receivables and other receivables based on the aging analysis approach, and (ii) has sorted the customers against whom the provisions for doubtful debts has been made, and has estimated the expected credit loss, taking into account the recoverability of certain receivables, in order to estimate the impairment provisions for receivables.

#### 行政及經營開支

本集團於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度的行政及經營開支較去年增加約16.1%至約 17,600,000港元(二零二三年:約15,200,000港 元)。行政開支主要包括核數師薪酬、法律和專 業費用、員工成本(包括董事薪酬)、折舊開支 以及租金開支。行政及經營開支增加主要由於 本公司股份恢復買賣涉及支付法律及專業費 用所致。

#### 融資成本

本集團於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止 年度的融資成本較去年減少約9.0%至約 12,000,000港元(二零二三年:約13,200,000港 元)。融資成本主要包括承兌票據之利息開支 及可換股票據之違約利息。

#### 合約資產及應收款項之減值評估

本集團根據截至二零二四年三月三十一日止 年度的減值評估分別就貿易應收款項及合約 資產撥回預期信貸虧損撥備約262,000港元(二 零二三年:撥備約83,000港元)及計提額外預 期信貸虧損撥備約83,000港元(二零二三年: 約308,000港元)。根據本集團應收款項之減值 撥備政策,本集團:(i)已透過使用賬齡作為信貸 風險特徵而決定貿易應收款項組合,並已根據 賬齡分析方法計提貿易應收款項及其他應收 款項的呆賬撥備,及(ii)根據已對客戶作出呆賬 撥備將客戶排序,並計及若干應收款項之可收 回性而估計預期信貸虧損,從而估計應收款項 之減值撥備。

# Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

During the year ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment and right of use assets based on higher of fair values less costs of disposal and value in use. The carrying amount of the relevant assets does not exceed the recoverable amount and no impairment has been recognised.

#### **Net loss**

The net loss of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 decreased by 3.7% to approximately HK\$9.1 million (2023: approximately HK\$9.5 million) as compared with that for the previous year.

#### Loss per Share

The basic loss per Share attributable to the owners of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024 was approximately HK23.0 cents (2023: approximately HK23.3 cents (restated)).

#### 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產減值評估

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日 止年度,本集團按基於公平值減出售成本與使 用價值的較高者估計物業、廠房及設備以及使 用權資產的可收回金額。相關資產的賬面值並 無超過可收回金額,亦無確認減值。

#### 淨虧損

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 淨虧損較去年減少3.7%至約9,100,000港元(二 零二三年:約9,500,000港元)。

### 每股虧損

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本公司 擁有人應佔每股基本虧損為約23.0港仙(二零 二三年:約23.3港仙(經重列))。

### PROSPECTS

Amid the uncertain economic outlook, the provision of civil engineering service business will continue to provide a stable revenue source and remain the major contributor to the Group's revenue.

Looking ahead to the new financial year, the Group is actively participating in various contract biddings. Together with the committed work contracts on hand, the Group is cautiously optimistic about the future market conditions. The impact of tender price inflation, the competition for supply chain resources and labor shortages are expected to co-exist. To tackle the current challenges, greater attention will be needed to allocate risk fairly and have good project execution planning and procurement schedules to prevent hindrances and enhance cost efficiency. The Group has been actively monitoring market conditions and taking appropriate measures to mitigate any negative impact on the business and performance of the Group. The Group will closely monitor the projects' progress and communicate with suppliers and subcontractors, maintain close communication with customers on the latest project works schedules and arrangements. The Group will also continue to strengthen its cost control measures and resources management policies, and actively participate in tendering and bidding to maintain its market competitiveness.

The Group will carefully formulate development strategies, leveraging industry knowledge and resources, to solidify our core business and maintain our leading position in the construction industry. In addition, the Group will continue to optimise and diversify our business operations, and continue to explore or seek other appropriate business opportunities to strengthen and consolidate the Group's revenue base.

### 前景

在經濟前景不明朗的環境下,土木工程服務業務將繼續提供穩定的收入來源,繼續擔當本集團收益的主要支柱。

展望新的財政年度,本集團正積極參與各類合約招標。加上手頭的已承擔工程合約,本集團對未來市場前景持審慎樂觀態度。預期投標價格上漲、供應鏈資源競爭及勞工短缺的影響將同時存在。為應對眼前的挑戰,我們需要更加注重公平分攤風險,制定完善的項目執行規劃及採購時間表,以防範障礙並提高成本效益。本集團一直積極監察市況,並採取適當措施,設法減輕對本集團業務及績效的任何負面影響。本集團將密切監控項目進度,與供應商及分包商保持溝通,並與客戶就最新項目的工作進度及安排保持密切聯繫。本集團亦將繼續加強成本控制措施及資源管理政策,積極參與招標,以維持其市場競爭力。

本集團將審慎制定發展戰略,善用行業知識及 資源,以鞏固我們的核心業務,並保持我們在 建築業的領先地位。此外,本集團將繼續優化 及多元發展業務營運,不斷探索或尋求其他適 切的商機,以增強及鞏固本集團的收入基礎。

### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

The Shares were listed on GEM on 30 August 2010. The capital of the Group comprises only ordinary shares.

Total equity attributable to the owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$405.1 million in deficit as at 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: approximately HK\$396.3 million). The decrease in equity was mainly resulted from net loss for the year.

On 15 April 2024, an aggregate of 1,666,666,667 subscription share, representing approximately 29.1% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the allotment and issue of the subscription shares immediately after the share subscription completion, were allotted and issued at the subscription price of HK\$0.012 per subscription share to Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, an executive director and the shareholder of the Company under the share specific mandate. The gross and net proceeds from share subscription are HK\$20,000,000 and approximately HK\$19,900,000, respectively, of which (i) HK\$10,355,700 has been used for the repayment of its outstanding indebtedness of the Group which includes (a) an amount of HK\$2,008,844 due to Xinhua News Agency Audio News Desk(新華音像中心), being a wholly-owned subsidiary of Xinhua News Agency (新華 社) and a fellow subsidiary of the China Xinhua NNC; and (b) part of outstanding broadcasting fee in the amount of HK\$8,346,856 owed to the China Xinhua NNC as a service provider to the Group; and (ii) the remaining amount of approximately HK\$9,500,000 will be used for the general working capital of the Group.

### 資本架構

股份於二零一零年八月三十日在 GEM 上市。本集團股本僅包括普通股。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本公司擁有人應 佔權益總額為虧絀約405,100,000港元(二零 二三年三月三十一日:約396,300,000港元)。 權益減少主要由於本年度淨虧損所致。

於二零二四年四月十五日,合共1,666,666,667 股認購股份(相當於本公司經緊隨股份認購事 項完成後配發及發行認購股份擴大後之已發 行股本約29.1%)已根據股份特別授權按認購 價每股認購股份0.012港元配發及發行予本公 司執行董事兼股東簡國祥先生。股份認購事項 所得款項總額及淨額分別為20,000,000港元及 約19,900,000港元,其中(i)10,355,700港元已 用作償還本集團之未償還債務,其中包括(a)應 付新華音像中心(即新華社之全資附屬公司及 中國新華新聞電視網之同系附屬公司)之款項 2,008,844港元;及(b)應付中國新華新聞電視網 (為本集團之服務供應商)部分未償還播放費 8,346,856港元;及(ii)餘額約9,500,000港元將用 作本集團之一般營運資金。

### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group generally financed its operations through internally generated cash flows.

### 流動資金及財務資源

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 一般透過內部產生之現金流量為其經營提供 資金。

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$418.4 million (31 March 2023: approximately HK\$370.5 million), including cash balance of approximately HK\$48.2 million (31 March 2023: approximately HK\$51.6 million). The current ratio, being the ratio of current assets to current liabilities, was approximately 0.33 as at 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: approximately 0.37).

### **GEARING RATIO**

The gearing ratio, which is based on the total amount of promissory note, convertible notes, lease liabilities and contract liabilities divided by total assets, was approximately 176.7% as at 31 March 2024 (31 March 2023: approximately 160.8%).

### FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

The group entities collect most of the revenue and incur most of the expenditures in their respective functional currencies. The Directors consider that the Group's exposure to foreign currency exchange risk is insignificant as the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated in the functional currency of each individual group entity. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group was mainly exposed to foreign currency exchange risk of Renminbi and the management mainly monitored the foreign currency exchange risk with advice from the Group's major banks.

### **CAPITAL COMMITMENT**

As at 31 March 2024, the Group did not have any significant capital commitments (31 March 2023: Nil).

### **CHARGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS**

As at 31 March 2024, the Group's machinery with net book values amounted to approximately HK\$3.6 million (31 March 2023: approximately HK\$9.4 million) were held under finance lease. 於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團之流動負 債淨額為約418,400,000港元(二零二三年三月 三十一日:約370,500,000港元),包括現金結 餘約48,200,000港元(二零二三年三月三十一 日:約51,600,000港元)。於二零二四年三月 三十一日,流動比率(即流動資產與流動負債 之比率)為約0.33(二零二三年三月三十一日: 約0.37)。

#### 資產負債比率

資產負債比率乃以承兌票據、可換股票據、租 賃負債及合約負債之總額除以總資產計算,於 二零二四年三月三十一日為約176.7%(二零 二三年三月三十一日:約160.8%)。

### 外匯風險

各集團實體收取之大部分收益及所產生之大 部分開支以其各自之功能貨幣計值。董事認 為,本集團面臨之外匯風險甚微,乃由於本集 團之大部分交易以各單獨集團實體之功能貨 幣計值。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團主要面臨人民幣外匯風險,而管理 層主要根據本集團主要往來銀行之建議監管 外匯風險。

### 資本承擔

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團並無任 何重大資本承擔(二零二三年三月三十一日: 無)。

### 本集團資產質押

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團根據融資 租賃持有賬面淨值約3,600,000港元(二零二三 年三月三十一日:約9,400,000港元)之機器。

### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 March 2024, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (31 March 2023: Nil).

### **INFORMATION ON EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had 237 full-time staff in Hong Kong and over 90% of them are direct labour. Total staff costs (including Directors' remuneration) for the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$105.2 million (2023: approximately HK\$99.9 million), representing an increase of approximately 5.3% over that for the previous year. The increase was mainly resulted from inflation and labor market condition for the year.

### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT HELD

Except for investment in subsidiaries, during the year ended 31 March 2024 and as at the end of the reporting period, the Group did not hold any significant investment in equity interest in any company.

# FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

As at 31 March 2024, the Group did not have other plans for material investments and capital assets.

# MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies.

### 或然負債

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團並無任 何重大或然負債(二零二三年三月三十一日: 無)。

### 僱員資料

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團在香港有 237名全職員工,其中逾90%為直接勞工。截至 二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之總員工成本 (包括董事薪酬)為約105,200,000港元(二零 二三年:約99,900,000港元),較去年增加約 5.3%。增加主要由於受本年度的通脹及勞動力 市況影響所致。

### 所持重大投資

除於附屬公司之投資外,截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度及於報告期末,本集團並無於 任何公司之股權中持有任何重大投資。

### 重大投資及資本資產之未來計劃

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團並無重大 投資及資本資產之其他計劃。

### 重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬公司

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團並無任何重大收購及出售附屬公司及聯屬 公司。

# CHANGE OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER OF THE COMPANY

On 5 February 2024, Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, an executive Director and the shareholder of the Company and China Xinhua NNC entered into the sale and purchase agreement (the "Sale and Purchase Agreement"), pursuant to which China Xinhua NNC agreed to sell and Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung agreed to purchase a total of 1,188,621,377 shares, representing approximately 29.3% of the entire issued share capital of the Company at that time, for a total consideration of HK\$16,641,000 (equivalent to HK\$0.014 per sale share). Following the completion of the Sale and Purchase Agreement which took place on 29 February 2024, Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung became the substantial shareholder of the Company and was required under the Code on Takeovers and Mergers to make a mandatory unconditional cash offer to acquire all the issued shares (other than those already owned or agreed to be acquired by Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung) at HK\$0.014 per offer share (the "Offer"). The Offer was closed on 29 April 2024. Having made all reasonable enquiries and to the best knowledge and belief of the Board, Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung held 3,126,348,044 shares (before the share consolidation effective on 19 June 2024) after the close of Offer on 29 April 2024. Details of the change of controlling shareholder of the Company and the Offer were set out in the joint announcements dated 15 January 2024, 5 February 2024, 26 February 2024, 29 February 2024, 2 April 2024, 15 April 2024 and 29 April 2024 and the composite document dated 29 February 2024 issued by the Company. As at the date of this report, Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung owns 54.6% issued share capital of the Company and became the controlling shareholder of the Company.

### 本公司主要股東變動

於二零二四年二月五日,本公司執行董事兼 股東簡國祥先生與中國新華新聞電視網訂立 買賣協議(「買賣協議」),據此,中國新華新聞 電視網同意出售,而簡國祥先生同意購買合 共1,188,621,377股股份,佔本公司當時全部 已發行股本約29.3%,總代價為16,641,000港 元(相當於每股出售股份0.014港元)。於二零 二四年二月二十九日完成買賣協議後,簡國祥 先生成為本公司之主要股東,並須根據公司 收購及合併守則以每股發售股份0.014港元提 出強制性無條件現金要約,以收購全部已發 行股份(不包括簡國祥先生已擁有或同意收購 之股份)(「要約」)。要約已於二零二四年四月 二十九日截止。據董事會經作出一切合理查詢 後所深知及確信, 簡國祥先生於二零二四年四 月二十九日要約結束後持有3,126,348,044股 股份(股份合併於二零二四年六月十九日生效 前)。有關本公司控股股東變動及要約之詳情 載於本公司所刊發日期分別為二零二四年一 月十五日、二零二四年二月五日、二零二四年 二月二十六日、二零二四年二月二十九日、二 零二四年四月二日、二零二四年四月十五日及 二零二四年四月二十九日之聯合公佈及日期 為二零二四年二月二十九日之綜合文件。於本 報告日期, 簡國祥先生擁有本公司54.6%之已 發行股本,並成為本公司控股股東。

### DIRECTORS

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung (簡國祥), aged 59, is the founder of the Group. Mr. Kan formed TYW and TY Civil in 1996 and 2000 respectively and has been the director of both companies since their formation. Mr. Kan has over 30 years of experience in handling civil engineering projects of various types. In the last three years, he held no directorships in any listed public companies. Mr. Kan has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from 11 August 2010, and will continue thereafter until terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party on the other or three months' salary being payment in lieu of notice. In addition, Mr. Kan has entered into an employment contract with TYW to act as the director of TYW for a continuous term commencing from 6 February 1996 until terminated by not less than thirty days' notice in writing served by either party on the other or thirty days' salary being payment in lieu of notice.

Mr. Hui Ka Tsun (許嘉駿), aged 50, has over 24 years of experience in project management and administration of various construction projects in the civil engineering industry. He has joined and served as the project manager of TYW and TY Civil since 2010 and is primarily responsible for the management and operation of the Group's civil engineering projects, as well as overseeing the construction progress of various projects undertaken by the Group. Mr. Hui was further appointed as a director of TYW and TY Civil in 2020 and is responsible for the management and supervision of the Group's engineering projects and participating in the Group's administrative management work. He obtained a diploma in civil engineering in 1999. In the last three years, he held no directorships in any listed public companies. Mr. Hui has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years, expiring at the end of the initial term or at any time thereafter, unless terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party or by the payment of the equivalent of three months salary in lieu of such notice by either party.

## 董事

#### 執行董事

簡國祥先生,59歲,為本集團之創辦人。簡先 生分別於一九九六年及二零零零年成立進業 水務及進業土木,並自其成立起成為該兩家公 司之董事。簡先生擁有逾30年處理各類土木 工程項目之經驗。在過去三年內,彼並無於任 何上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。簡先生已 與本公司訂立服務合約,自二零一零年八月 十一日起初步為期三年,並將持續有效,直至 任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個月之書面 通知或支付三個月薪金作代通知金予以終止。 此外,簡先生已經與進業水務訂立一份僱傭合 約,擔任進業水務董事,連續任期由一九九六 年二月六日起直至任何一方向另一方發出不 少於三十日之書面通知或支付三十日薪金作 代通知金予以終止。

許嘉駿先生,50歲,擁有逾24年土木工程業多 個工程項目的項目管理及行政經驗。自二零一 零年起,彼加入進業水務及進業土木,擔任項 目經理,主要負責本集團的土木工程項目的管 理及運營以及監督本集團多個項目的施工進 度。於二零二零年,許先生進一步獲委任為進 業水務及進業土木的董事,負責本集團工程項 目的管理及監督並參與本集團行政管理工作。 彼於一九九九年獲得土木工程文憑。在過去三 年內,彼並無於任何上市公眾公司擔任任何董 事職務。許先生已與本公司訂立服務合約,初 步期限為三年,直至初步任期結束時或其後任 何時間屆滿,除非任何一方發出不少於三個月 之書面通知或任何一方支付相當於三個月薪 金作代通知金予以終止。

Mr. Kan Chun Ting Max (簡臻廷), aged 28, obtained a Bachelor of Engineering in Civil Engineering from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in 2018. Mr. Max Kan is the son of Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, being an executive Director and the controlling shareholder of the Company. Mr. Max Kan joined TYW as a financial controller in 2018, and is responsible for corporate control, contracting works, project management, and overseeing various construction projects. Mr. Max Kan was appointed as a director of TTW and TY Civil in 2023 and is responsible for providing recommendations to the executive directors in relation to the overall management and administration of the Group's civil engineering business. In the last three years, he held no directorships in any listed public companies. Mr. Max Kan has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial term of three years, expiring at the end of the initial term or at any time thereafter, unless terminated by not less than three months' notice in writing served by either party or by the payment of the equivalent of three months salary in lieu of such notice by either party.

# 簡臻廷先生,28歲,於二零一八年取得香港科 技大學土木工程學士學位。簡先生為本公司執 行董事兼控股股東簡國祥先生之兒子。簡臻廷 先生於二零一八年加入進業水務擔任財務總 監,負責企業控制、承包工程、項目管理,並監 督各種建設項目。簡臻廷先生於二零二三年獲 委任為進業水務及進業土木的董事,負責就本 集團土木工程業務的整體管理及行政事宜向 執行董事提供建議。在過去三年內,彼並無於 任何上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。簡臻廷 先生已與本公司訂立服務合約,初步期限為三 年,直至初步任期結束時或其後任何時間屆 滿,除非任何一方發出不少於三個月之書面通 知或任何一方支付相當於三個月薪金作代通 知金予以終止。

#### **Non-Executive Director**

**Mr. Law Cheuk Hung (羅焯雄)**, aged 67, has been the administration manager of TYW and TYC since December 2012 and further been appointed as a director of TYW and TYC since November 2015. Mr. Law is experienced in office administration and tender estimate relating to construction projects and has over 35 years of experience in civil construction works for various companies prior to joining the Group. Mr. Law obtained a diploma in civil engineering and a higher certificate in civil engineering from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University (formerly known as Hong Kong Polytechnic) in 1978 and 1980 respectively. In the last three years, he held no directorships in any listed public companies.

#### 非執行董事

羅焯雄先生,67歲,自二零一二年十二月起擔 任進業水務及進業土木之行政經理,其後於二 零一五年十一月起獲同時委任為進業水務及 進業土木之董事。羅先生於行政管理及工程估 算有豐富經驗,加入本集團前曾於多間不同公 司服務並於土木工程方面擁有逾35年經驗。羅 先生於一九七八年及一九八零年於香港理工 大學(前稱香港理工學院)分別獲土木工程文憑 及土木工程高級證書。在過去三年內,彼並無 於任何上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (錢志浩), aged 41, has over 15 years of experience in the areas of audit, financial management, corporate governance and operations in capital markets. Mr. Stanley Chin has obtained a Master of Business Administration from the University of Hong Kong. He was admitted as a Certified Public Accountant in 2009 and served as an audit specialist in PricewaterhouseCoopers and KPMG for 7 years. He has also been awarded the qualification of Financial Risk Manager in 2009 and Chartered Financial Analyst in 2010. Mr. Stanley Chin has extensive experience serving as senior management for different Hong Kong listed companies. Mr. Stanley Chin is currently an independent non-executive director of each of Champion Alliance International Holdings Limited and Peking University Resources (Holdings) Company Limited, the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock codes: 1629 and 618 respectively). Apart from the above, Mr. Stanley Chin did not hold any directorships in any listed public companies in the last three years.

Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (郭文韜), aged 56, obtained a Bachelor of Science (Economics) from the University of London in the United Kingdom in 1994, and a Master of Applied Finance from the Macquarie University of Australia in 2000. Mr. Paul Kwok is also a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Paul Kwok previously worked at one of the reputable international accounting firms to provide audit and assurance services for 5 years. Mr. Paul Kwok possesses extensive knowledge and has over 30 years of experience in accounting, financing, capital investment and management, operational risks and banking industries. Mr. Paul Kwok is currently a chief financial officer and alternative chief executive of an international bank in Hong Kong. In the last three years, Mr. Paul Kwok did not hold any directorships in any listed public companies.

### 獨立非執行董事

錢志浩先生,41歲,在審計、財務管理、企業管 治及資本市場營運領域擁有逾15年經驗。錢志 浩先生已取得香港大學工商管理學碩士學位。 彼於二零零九年獲認可為執業會計師,並於羅 兵咸永道會計師事務所及畢馬威會計師事務 所擔任審計專員達七年。彼亦於二零零九年及 二零一零年分別獲得金融風險管理師及特許 金融分析師資格。錢志浩先生擁有豐富經驗, 擔任多間香港上市公司之高級管理人員。錢志 浩先生目前為冠均國際控股有限公司及北大 資源(控股)有限公司(兩間公司之股份均於聯 交所主板上市及股份代號分別為:1629及618) 各自之獨立非執行董事。除上述者外,在過去 三年內,錢志浩先生並無於任何上市公眾公司 擔任任何董事職務。

**郭文韜先生**,56歲,於一九九四年獲得英國倫 敦大學理學士(經濟學)學位,並於二零零零年 獲得澳洲麥覺理大學應用金融碩士學位。郭文 韜先生亦為香港會計師公會會員、特許公認會 計師公會會員及特許公認會計師公會資深會 員。郭文韜先生先前於一間知名國際會計師事 務所任職五年,提供審計及鑒證服務。郭文韜 先生在會計、融資、資本投資與管理、運營風 險及銀行業方面擁有豐富的知識及逾30年經 驗。郭文韜先生現任香港一間國際銀行的首席 財務官兼候補首席執行官。在過去三年內,郭 文韜先生並無於任何上市公眾公司擔任任何 董事職務。

Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (王忠業), aged 56, graduated with professional diploma in accountancy from Hong Kong Polytechnic in 1990 and obtained a Bachelor of Laws from the Peking University in the People's Republic of China in 1998. Mr. Kenneth Wong also obtained a Master of Science from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1999, Mr. Kenneth Wong has extensive experience in auditing, accounting and corporate finance, and is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Kenneth Wong previously worked at one of the reputable international accounting firms for six years and also worked in the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited for over 13 years with last position as senior manager of the Listing Division of the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited. Mr. Kenneth Wong then worked in different financial service institutions licensed by the Securities and Futures Commission as responsible officer providing corporate finance advisory services for more than 10 years. Mr. Kenneth Wong had served as the independent nonexecutive Director from December 2013 to October 2022. Apart from the above, Mr. Kenneth Wong did not hold any directorships in any listed public companies in the last three years.

Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon (黎雅明), aged 67, obtained a Bachelor of Laws with Honours from the University of Wales, University College, Cardiff in July 1982 and subsequently completed a Postgraduate Certificate in Laws at the University of Hong Kong in July 1986. Mr. Leon Lai has been a practising solicitor in Hong Kong and a member of the Law Society of Hong Kong since August 1988 and is the sole proprietor of a law firm in Hong Kong. He has also been an advocate and solicitor of the Supreme Court of Singapore since February 1995. He has been an independent non-executive director of Allan International Holdings Limited (stock code: 684) since December 1995 and Royal Deluxe Holdings Limited (stock code: 3789) since January 2017. Apart from the above, Mr. Leon Lai did not hold any directorships in any listed public companies in the last three years. He has not, by himself or through his firm in which he practices, provided professional services to the Company in last two years.

**王忠業先生**,56歲,於一九九零年畢業於香港 理工學院,取得會計專業文憑,並於一九九八 年取得中華人民共和國北京大學法學學士學 位。王忠業先生亦於一九九九年獲得香港中文 大學理學碩士學位。王忠業先生在審計、會計 及企業融資方面擁有豐富經驗,並為香港會計 師公會會員。王忠業先生曾於一家知名國際會 計師事務所工作六年,並於香港交易及結算所 有限公司工作逾13年,最後擔任香港交易及結 算所有限公司上市科高級經理。王忠業先生其 後於多間獲證券及期貨事務監察委員會發牌 的金融服務機構擔任負責人,提供企業融資顧 問服務逾十年。王忠業先生於二零一三年十二 月至二零二二年十月期間擔任獨立非執行董 事。除上述者外,在過去三年內,王忠業先生 並無於任何上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。

**黎雅明先生**,67歲,於一九八二年七月獲得威爾士大學加的夫學院法律學榮譽學士學位及隨後於一九八六年七月獲得香港大學的法學專業證書。黎雅明先生自一九八八年八月起為香港執業律師及香港律師會會員,現亦為一間香港律師事務所的獨資經營者。彼自一九九五年二月起亦為新加坡高等法院的代訟人及律師。彼自一九九五年十二月起一直為亞倫國際集團有限公司(股份代號:684)的獨立非執行董事及自二零一七年一月起一直為御佳控股有限公司(股份代號:3789)的獨立非執行董事除上述者外,在過去三年內,黎雅明先生並無於任何上市公眾公司擔任任何董事職務。在過去兩年內,彼尚未親自或透過其執業之公司向本公司提供專業服務。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

The Board hereby presents this Corporate Governance Report for the year ended 31 March 2024.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and enhance the performance of the Group.

The Company has applied the principles and code provisions in the Code on Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules.

In the opinion of the Board, the Company has complied with the Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2024, except for paragraphs C1.8, C1.6, C.2.7 and C5.1 of the Code. This report further illustrates in detail as to how the Code was applied, inclusive of the considered reasons for any deviation throughout the year ended 31 March 2024.

### DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors on terms which are the same as the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules.

The Company periodically issues notices to its Directors reminding them of the general prohibition on dealing in the Company's listed securities during the blackout periods before the publication of announcements of financial results.

The Company has confirmed, having made specific enquiry of the Directors, that all the Directors have complied with the required standards of dealings throughout the year ended 31 March 2024. The Company was not aware of any non-compliance in this respect throughout the year ended 31 March 2024.

董事會謹此呈列截至二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度之企業管治報告。

### 企業管治常規

本公司一直致力維持高水平之企業管治,務求 保障股東利益及提高本集團之表現。

本公司已應用GEM上市規則附錄十五所載之 企業管治守則(「守則」)之原則及守則條文。

董事會認為,除守則第C.1.8段、第C.1.6段、第 C.2.7段及第C.5.1段之規定外,本公司於截至 二零二四年三月三十一日止年度全年一直遵 守守則。本報告進一步詳細說明守則如何獲應 用,包括於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度全年之任何偏離情況之所考慮理由。

### 董事進行證券交易

本公司採納一項董事進行證券交易之行為守 則,其條款與GEM上市規則第5.48條至第5.67 條所載交易必守標準一致。

本公司定期向其董事發出通知,提醒彼等於財務業績公佈刊發前之禁制期內買賣本公司上 市證券之一般禁制規定。

本公司經向董事作出特定查詢後確認,全體董 事於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度全 年一直遵守交易必守標準。據本公司所知,截 至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度全年,並無 任何此方面的違規事宜。

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT** 企業管治報告

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Board is accountable for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs in a responsible and effective manner. Each Director has a duty to act in good faith and in the best interests of the Company.

Matters reserved for the Board include, but not limited to:

- approval of the Group's long term objectives and strategy, policies and annual budgets;
- oversight of the Group's operations and management;
- approval of major changes to the Group's corporate structure, management and control structure;
- approval of quarterly, interim and annual results;
- approval of any significant changes in accounting policies or practices;
- responsible for the system of internal control and risk management;
- approval of matters in relation to Board membership and Board remuneration;
- review of the existing policies of the Company on corporate governance;
- review of the coverage of knowledge and skills of the training sessions arranged for the Directors and senior management by the Company;
- evaluated the effectiveness of internal safeguard procedure for overseeing timely disclosure of material inside information and perseverance of its confidentiality;

### 董事會

董事會以負責任、重效益的態度領導及監管本 公司事務,令本公司取得成功。各董事均有責 任以本公司的最佳利益為前提真誠行事。

交由董事會處理的事宜包括但不限於:

- 批准本集團之長期目標及策略、政策及年 度預算;
- 監管本集團之業務營運及管理;
- 批准本集團的公司架構、管理層及監控架構之重大變動;
- 批准季度、中期及年度業績;
- 批准會計政策或慣例之任何重大變動;
- 負責內部監控及風險管理制度;
- 批准與董事會成員及董事會薪酬有關之 事宜;
- 檢討本公司現有企業管治政策;
- 檢討本公司為董事及高級管理層安排培 訓課程之知識及技能涵蓋範圍;
- 評估監察適時披露重要內幕消息及維護 消息保密性之內部保障程序之有效性;
- review and monitor the policies and practices on compliance with legal and regularity requirements;
- monitor the compliance of code of conduct by the Directors and relevant employees of the Group; and
- review of the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in this report.

#### **Composition of the Board**

The Board currently comprises eight Directors, including three executive Directors, a non-executive Director and four independent non-executive Directors.

Biographical details of the Directors are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors" section on pages 30 to 33 of this report. The composition of the Board is set out as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung (Chairman) (Redesignated as Chairman on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Hui Ka Tsun (Chief Executive Officer) (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Kan Chun Ting Max (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Dr. Jiang Yan (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Dr. Li Yong Sheng (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Liu Da Yong (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

#### **Non-Executive Director**

Mr. Law Cheuk Hung Ms. Tang Li *(Resigned on 16 April 2024)* 

- 檢討及監督遵守法律及監管規定之政策
   及慣例;
- 監督董事及本集團有關僱員有否遵守行 為守則;及
- 檢討本公司有否遵守守則及本報告之披 露事宜。

### 董事會之組成

董事會目前由八名董事組成,包括三名執行董 事、一名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行董事。

董事履歷詳情載於本報告第30頁至第33頁「董 事履歷詳情」一節。董事會之組成載列如下:

#### 執行董事

簡國祥先生(主席) (於二零二四年四月十六日調任為主席) 許嘉駿先生(行政總裁) (於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 簡臻廷先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 姜岩博士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 李永升博士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 劉大勇先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

#### 非執行董事

羅焯雄先生 唐麗女士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wu Guo Ming (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, BBS JP (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley and Mr. Kwok Man To Paul were appointed as independent non-executive Directors with effective from 29 February 2024. Mr. Hui Ka Tsun, Mr. Kan Chun Ting Max were appointed as executive Directors and Mr. Wong Chun Yip Kenneth and Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon were appointed as independent nonexecutive Directors with effective from 16 April 2024 respectively. Mr. Hui Ka Tsun, Mr. Kan Chun Ting Max, Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley, Mr. Kwok Man To Paul, Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth and Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon obtained the legal advice referred to in Rule 5.02D of the GEM Listing Rules on 22 February 2024 and 27 February 2024, and has confirmed that each of them understood his obligations as a director of a listed company.

With the Board Diversity Policy adopted by the Company, the Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board towards enhancement of its overall performance. With a vision of achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company regards Board diversity as an essential element for achieving its strategic goals. Appointments of Directors are made on merits having due regard to a range of diversity objectives, including inter alia gender, age, cultural and educational background, length of service, professional experience, knowledge of the Group's business and a broad range of individual attributes, interests and values.

### 獨立非執行董事

錢志浩先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任) 郭文韜先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任) 王忠業先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 黎雅明先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 吳國銘先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

錢志浩先生及郭文韜先生獲委任為獨立非執 行董事,自二零二四年二月二十九日起生效。 許嘉駿先生及簡臻廷先生獲委任為執行董事, 而王忠業先生及黎雅明先生獲委任為獨立非 執行董事,分別自二零二四年四月十六日起生 效。許嘉駿先生、簡臻廷先生、錢志浩先生、 郭文韜先生、王忠業先生及黎雅明先生已於 二零二四年二月二十二日及二零二四年二月 二十七日取得GEM上市規則第5.02D條所述的 法律意見,並已確認彼等各自明白其作為上市 公司董事的責任。

隨著本公司採納董事會成員多元化政策,本公 司明白到並接受擁有一個多元化的董事會對 提升整體業績的裨益。本著實現可持續及均衡 發展的願景,本公司視董事會成員多元化為實 現其策略性目標的必要條件。董事的委任以 舉賢任能為本,並在充分考慮一系列多元化 目標的基礎上進行,其中包括性別、年齡、文 化和教育背景、服務年資、專業經驗、對本集 團業務的了解,以及廣泛的個人特質、興趣和 價值觀。

The Company is conscious of maintaining a Board made up with independent non-executive Directors as the majority, together with an appropriate level of female members on the Board. At present, half of the directors on the Board are independent non-executive Directors. They represent diverse career experience in both international and local enterprises. Following the resignation of Ms. Tang Li on 16 April 2024, there is no female Director on the Board. Although the Board is currently of a single gender, the Company will appoint at least one female director by no later than 31 December 2024. We are also committed to adopting a similar approach to promote diversity within the management (including but not limited to the senior management) of the Company to enhance the effectiveness of corporate governance of the Company as a whole.

The list of Directors (by category) is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules from time to time. The independent non-executive Directors are expressly identified in all corporate communications pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules. Every Director is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and has access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the Company's senior management. 本公司有意識地維持由獨立非執行董事為大 多數組成的董事會,以及董事會中有適當水平 的女性成員。目前,董事會半數董事為獨立非 執行董事。彼等具有在國際及本地企業發展事 業的多方面經驗。繼唐麗女士於二零二四年四 月十六日辭任後,董事會並無女性董事。儘管 董事會目前由單一性別成員組成,但本公司將 在不遲於二零二四年十二月三十一日前委任 至少一名女性董事。我們亦致力採取類似的方 法,以促進本公司管理層(包括但不限於高級 管理層)的多元化,從而提升本公司企業管治 的整體成效。

本公司根據GEM上市規則不時刊發的所有公司通訊中亦會披露董事名單(按類別劃分)。根 據GEM上市規則,獨立非執行董事已於所有公司通訊中明確指出。每名董事有權查閱董事會 文件及相關資料,及可向公司秘書尋求意見及 服務。董事會及各董事亦可個別及獨立地接觸 本公司之高級管理層。

# Re-compliance with Rules 5.05(1), 5.05(2), 5.05A, 5.36A and 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules

Following the appointment of independent non-executive Directors on 29 February 2024, the Board has re-complied with: (i) Rule 5.05 of the GEM Listing Rules which requires the Board to include at least 3 independent non-executive Directors and at least one of the independent non-executive Directors must have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise; (ii) Rule 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules which requires the Company to appoint independent nonexecutive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board; (iii) Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules which requires the audit committee to be chaired by an independent non-executive Director and to comprise a minimum of 3 members and at least one of whom is an independent non-executive Director with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required in Rule 5.05(2) of the GEM Listing Rules; (iv) Rule 5.36A of the GEM Listing Rules which requires the Company to establish a nomination committee comprising a majority of independent non-executive directors.

#### Chairman and chief executive officer

In order to have a clear division between the management of the Board and the day-to-day management of the business operations of the Group, the role and duties of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company are carried out by different individuals.

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung is the chairman of the Board. The chairman is responsible for strategic and business directions to the Board and ensures its effectiveness in all aspects. The Chairman provides leadership for the Board and ensures that the Company establishes sound corporate governance practices and procedures. He also encourages all the Directors to make a full and active contribution to the affairs of the Board.

### 重新遵守GEM上市規則第5.05(1)條、 第5.05(2)條、第5.05A條、第5.36A條及 第5.28條

於二零二四年二月二十九日委任獨立非執行 董事後,董事會已重新遵守:(i) GEM上市規則 第5.05條,該條規定董事會須包括最少三名獨 立非執行董事,而其中最少一名獨立非執行董 事須具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管 理專業知識;(ii)GEM上市規則第5.05A條,該條 規定本公司委任的獨立非執行董事須佔董事 會成員人數最少三分之一;(iii) GEM上市規則 第5.28條,該條規定審核委員會須由一名獨立 非執行董事擔任主席,並須由最少三名成員組 成,而其中最少一名成員須為獨立非執行董 事,並須具備GEM上市規則第5.05(2)條所規定 的適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業 知識;(iv)GEM上市規則第5.36A條,該條規定本 公司須成立提名委員會,成員須以獨立非執行 董事佔大多數。

#### 主席及行政總裁

為明確董事會管理與本集團日常業務經營管 理的分工,本公司主席及行政總裁的職位及職 務由不同人士擔任。

簡國祥先生為董事會主席。主席負責為董事會 提供策略及業務指導並確保其在所有方面均 有效力。主席領導董事會並確保本公司制定穩 健之企業管治常規及程序。主席亦鼓勵全體董 事全力積極投入董事會事務。

Mr. Hui Ka Tsun is the chief executive officer of the Company. The chief executive officer of the Company is responsible for the Company's day-to-day management and operations and focuses on implementing objectives, policies and strategies approved and delegated by the Board.

# Responsibilities, Accountabilities and Contributions of the Board and Senior Management

The Board is the primary decision-making body of the Company and takes the responsibility to oversee all major matters of the Company, including the formulation and approval of all policy matters, overall strategies, internal control and risk management systems, and monitor the performance of the senior executives. The Directors have to make decisions objectively in the interests of the Company. The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to the management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place.

The Board has delegated the responsibilities of the execution of strategies and decision making for day-to-day operation and administration functions of the Company to the management team headed by the chief executive officer. The Board has set out guidelines for management team as to when final authority should rest with the Board and its prior approval should be obtained before making decisions or entering into any commitments; issue of such include but not limited to any proposed notifiable transactions, connected transactions, significant investments, major business decisions related to operation and business strategy, change of key management of the Group and disclosure of inside information. 許嘉駿先生為本公司行政總裁。本公司行政總 裁負責本公司之日常管理及營運,全力實踐董 事會所批准及授權之目標、政策及策略。

#### 董事會及高級管理層之職責、問責及貢獻

董事會為本公司的主要決策機構及其職責為 監督本公司所有主要事務,包括制定及批准所 有政策事務、整體策略、內部監控及風險管理 系統,以及監察高級行政人員的表現。董事須 以本公司之利益作出客觀的決定。董事會直接 或間接透過其委員會領導管理層及向其作出 指示,制定策略並監督其實施,監察本集團的 營運及財務表現,並確保設有健全的內部監控 及風險管理制度。

董事會已將本公司戰略執行及日常營運與行 政管理職能決策之責任轉授予由行政總裁領 導之管理團隊。董事會已為管理團隊制訂指 引,列明最終決定權何時歸屬於董事會,於作 出決策或訂立任何承諾前須取得事先批准,包 括但不限於任何建議須予公佈之交易、關連交 易、重大投資、涉及營運及業務戰略之重大商 業決定、本集團主要管理人員變動及內幕消息 披露。

#### Appointment, re-election and removal

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial fixed term of three years, expiring at the end of the initial term or at any time thereafter, unless terminated by not less than three (3) months' notice in writing served by either party or by the payment of the equivalent of three (3) months salary in lieu of such notice by either party, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment pursuant to the Articles and thereafter subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meeting at least once every three years according to the provisions of the Articles, the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable laws.

The non-executive Director was appointed for a specific term of three years subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM pursuant to the articles of association of the Company. The appointment of non-executive Director will continue thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than three months' prior written notice to the other or the payment of three-month salary in lieu of notice.

#### 委任、膺選連任及罷免

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,初步固 定年期為三年,直至初步任期結束時或其後任 何時間屆滿,除非任何一方發出不少於三(3)個 月之書面通知或任何一方支付相當於三(3)個月 薪金作代通知金予以終止,惟須根據細則於其 獲委任後之首個股東週年大會上輪值退任及 膺選連任,其後須根據細則、GEM上市規則及 其他適用法例的規定最少每三年於股東週年 大會上輪值退任及應選連任一次。

非執行董事獲委任之指定任期為三年,惟須根 據本公司組織章程細則於股東週年大會上輪 值退任及膺選連任。非執行董事之委任將持續 有效,直至任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個 月之事先書面通知或支付三個月薪金作代通 知金予以終止。

Each of the independent non-executive Directors was appointed for a specific term of three years, unless terminated by not less than one-(1) month' notice in writing served by either party and subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment pursuant to the Articles and thereafter subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meeting at least once every three years according to the provisions of the Articles, the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable laws. 各獨立非執行董事獲委任之指定任期為三年,除非任何一方發出不少於一(1)個月之書面通知 予以終止,並須根據細則於其獲委任後之首個 股東週年大會上輪值退任及膺選連任,其後須 根據細則、GEM上市規則及其他適用法例的規 定最少每三年於股東週年大會上輪值退任及 膺選連任一次。

In accordance with the articles of association of the Company, at each AGM one third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Such retiring Directors may, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

None of the Directors has a service contract with any member of the Group which does not expire or is not determinable by the relevant employer within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

The Company has established mechanisms to ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, including without limitation by reviewing that the independent non-executive Directors have appropriate qualifications and expertise from time to time with sufficient time commitment to the Group, that the number of independent non-executive Directors comply with the requirements of the GEM Listing Rules, and that channels are established (including without limitation by questionnaires or at Board meetings) to assess and evaluate the independent nonexecutive Directors' contribution and views. The implementation and effectiveness of such mechanisms will be reviewed by the Board on an annual basis. 根據本公司之組織章程細則,於每屆股東週年 大會上,當時三分之一之董事須輪值退任,惟 每名董事須最少每三年輪值退任一次。該等退 任董事符合資格並願意於股東週年大會上膺 選連任。

概無董事與本集團任何成員公司訂立不會於 一年內屆滿或有關僱主不得於一年內終止而 毋須支付任何賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務合 約。

#### 獨立非執行董事

本公司已訂立相關機制以確保董事會可獲得 獨立觀點及意見,包括但不限於不時檢視獨立 非執行董事持有合適資格及專業技能且已為 本集團投入充分時間、獨立非執行董事數目已 遵守GEM上市規則規定,以及已設立渠道(包 括但不限於問卷調查或董事會會議)以評估獨 立非執行董事的貢獻及意見。董事會將每年檢 討有關機制的實施及成效。

The Company has received, from each of the independent nonexecutive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

Paragraph C.2.7 of the Code provides that the chairman should at least annually hold meetings with the independent non-executive Directors without the executive Directors and non-executive Directors present. Although the chairman did not hold a meeting with the independent non-executive Directors, excluding the executive Directors and non-executive Directors during the year ended 31 March 2024, he delegated the company secretary to gather any concerns and/or questions that the independent nonexecutive Directors might have and report to him for setting up follow-up meetings, whenever necessary, in due course.

#### **Relation of the Board Members**

Mr. Kan Chun Ting Max is the son of Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, being an executive Director and the controlling shareholder of the Company. Save as disclosed above, all Directors are no relationships (including financial, business, family or other material or relevant relationships) among members of the Board.

#### Meeting of the Board

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Board had convened total 6 meetings, 3 of which are in regular nature. The attendance record of individual Directors at the Board and committees' meetings and general meetings are set out in page 60 of this report. The Code provision C.5.1 stipulates that the board of directors should meet regularly and board meeting should be held at least four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. During the year, due to the delay in publication of financial results and suspension of trading in share of the Company, the Board has not held board meetings at regular time intervals. During the year, the Directors were provided with relevant information of the Company regarding the operation and financial performance of the Group. The Board has also made resolutions by circulation of written resolutions for all the Directors' execution from time to time. Together with the circulation of written materials to keep the Board informed throughout the year, sufficient measures had been taken to ensure that there was efficient communication among the Directors. The Board will endeavour to comply with the Code provision C.5.1 going forward.

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據GEM上 市規則第5.09條作出之年度獨立身份確認書。 本公司認為,所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人 士。

守則第C.2.7段規定主席須至少每年與獨立非 執行董事舉行沒有執行董事及非執行董事出 席的會議。儘管截至二零二四年三月三十一日 止年度主席並無與獨立非執行董事舉行沒有 執行董事及非執行董事出席的會議,惟主席授 權公司秘書收集獨立非執行董事可能存有之 任何疑慮及/或問題並向其匯報,以便於適當 時候召開跟進會議(如有必要)。

#### 董事會成員之關係

簡臻廷先生為本公司執行董事兼控股股東簡 國祥先生之兒子。除上文所披露者外,全體董 事於董事會成員之間概無任何關係(包括財 務、業務、家族或其他重大或相關關係)。

#### 董事會會議

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,董事會 總共已召開6次會議,其中3次為定期會議。各 董事出席董事會及委員會會議以及股東大會 之記錄載於本報告第60頁。守則條文第C.5.1條 規定董事會應定期舉行會議,且董事會會議應 每年至少舉行四次,約每季舉行一次。年內, 由於本公司延遲刊發財務業績及暫停股份買 賣,董事會並無定期召開董事會會議。年內, 董事已獲提供有關本集團營運及財務表現的 相關本公司資料。董事會亦不時以傳閱書面決 議案的方式作出決議,供全體董事簽立。董事 會已採取充分措施,確保董事之間的有效溝 通,並透過傳閱書面材料,使董事會於整個年 度期間能夠及時了解情況。董事會今後將努力 遵守守則條文第C.5.1條的規定。

#### **Directors' Training and Professional Development**

Every Director keeps abreast of responsibilities as a director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company. The Company provides all members of the Board with monthly updates on the Group's performance and financial position.

The Directors are aware of the requirement under the paragraph C.1.4 of the Code regarding continuous professional development. During the year, the Directors reviewed the monthly business and financial updates and other reading materials provided to them concerning latest developments in corporate governance practices and relevant legal and regulatory developments. A record of the Directors' participation in various continuous professional development program is kept by the company secretary as below:

#### 董事培訓及專業發展

各董事充分了解作為本公司董事之職責以及 本公司之營運、業務活動及發展。本公司每月 向全體董事會成員提供有關本集團之表現及 財務狀況之更新資料。

董事知悉守則第C.1.4段項下有關持續專業發展的規定。於本年度,董事已審閱每月的業務及財務更新資料,以及其他向彼等提供的閱讀材料,內容有關企業管治常規的最新發展以及相關法律及監管發展。有關董事於各項持續專業發展課程的出席記錄由公司秘書保存如下:

		Training 培訓			
		Self-learning 自學進修	Attend seminar 參加研討會	Induction training 入職培訓	
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung	簡國祥先生	✓		1	
Mr. Hui Ka Tsun	許嘉駿先生	1		1	
(appointed on 16 April 2024)	(於二零二四年四月十六日 獲委任)				
Mr. Kan Chun Ting Max	簡臻廷先生	1	1	$\checkmark$	
(appointed on 16 April 2024)	(於二零二四年四月十六日 獲委任)				
Dr. Jiang Yan	姜岩博士	1			
(resigned on 16 April 2024)	(於二零二四年四月十六日 辭任)				
Dr. Li Yong Sheng	李永升博士	1			
(resigned on 16 April 2024)	(於二零二四年四月十六日 辭任)				
Mr. Liu Da Yong	劉大勇先生	1			
(resigned on 16 April 2024)	(於二零二四年四月十六日 辭任)				

		Training 培訓			
		Self-learning 自學進修	Attend seminar 參加研討會	Induction training 入職培訓	
Non-executive Director	非執行董事				
Mr. Law Cheuk Hung	羅焯雄先生	1		✓	
Ms. Tang Li	唐麗女士	1			
(resigned on 16 April 2024)	<i>(於二零二四年四月十六日 辭任)</i>				
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事				
Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley	錢志浩先生	1		1	
(appointed on 29 February 2024)	<i>(於二零二四年二月二十九 日獲委任)</i>				
Mr. Kwok Man To Paul	郭文韜先生	$\checkmark$		1	
(appointed on 29 February 2024)	(於二零二四年二月二十九 日獲委任)				
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth	王忠業先生	$\checkmark$	1	1	
(appointed on 16 April 2024)	<i>(於二零二四年四月十六日 獲委任)</i>				
Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon	黎雅明先生	$\checkmark$	1	✓	
(appointed on 16 April 2024)	<i>(於二零二四年四月十六日 獲委任)</i>				
Mr. Wu Guo Ming	吳國銘先生	$\checkmark$			
(resigned on 16 April 2024)	(於二零二四年四月十六日 辭任)				
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, <i>BBS, JP</i>	尹志強先生, <i>銅紫荊星章,太平紳士</i>	$\checkmark$			
(resigned on 16 April 2024)	<i>(於二零二四年四月十六日 辭任)</i>				

#### Directors' insurance cover of legal action

Pursuant to code provision C.1.8 of the Code, the Company should arrange appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors. Such directors' liability insurance will be reviewed and renewed annually. Upon the expiry of insurance cover on 30 August 2020, the Company did not arrange appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors as it took time for the Company to solicit a suitable insurer at reasonable commercial terms and conditions.

#### 董事有關法律行動之保險

根據守則的守則條文第C.1.8條,本公司應就其 董事可能會面對的法律行動作適當的投保安 排。有關董事責任保險將每年檢討及續保。於 保險保障於二零二零年八月三十日屆滿後,由 於本公司需要時間按合理商業條款及條件招 攬合適的保險公司,故本公司並無就針對其董 事的法律行動安排適當保險保障。

### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established four committees, namely audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"), remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and risk management committee (the "Risk Management Committee"), to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs. Their respective terms of reference are set out in the Company's website.

#### **Audit Committee**

The Company has established the Audit Committee on 11 August 2010 with terms of reference in compliance with paragraph D.3.3 of the Code.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, among other things, reviewing and supervising the financial reporting process and internal control systems, as well as the overall risk management of the Group, reviewing the financial statements and the quarterly, interim and annual reports of the Group, and reviewing the terms of engagement and scope of audit work of the external auditors.

The composition of the Audit Committee is as follows:

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (*Chairman*) (*Appointed on 29 February 2024*)
Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (*appointed on 29 February 2024*)
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (*appointed on 16 April 2024*)
Mr. Wu Guo Ming (*resigned on 16 April 2024*)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, *BBS, JP* (*resigned on 16 April 2024*)

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Law Cheuk Hung Ms. Tang Li *(resigned on 16 April 2024)* 

### 董事委員會

董事會已成立四個委員會,即審核委員會(「審 核委員會」)、提名委員會(「提名委員會」)、薪 酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及風險管理委員會 (「風險管理委員會」),以督導本公司特定範 疇之事務。其各自職權範圍載於本公司網站。

#### 審核委員會

本公司已於二零一零年八月十一日成立審核 委員會,其職權範圍符合守則第D.3.3段。

審核委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括)檢討及 監督本集團之財務申報程序及內部監控制度 以及整體風險管理、審閱本集團之財務報表及 季度、中期及年度報告,以及審閱外聘核數師 的委聘條款及核數工作範圍。

審核委員會之組成如下:

### 獨立非執行董事

錢志浩先生(*主席*) (於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任) 郭文韜先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任) 王忠業先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 吳國銘先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

非執行董事

羅焯雄先生 唐麗女士*(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)* 

The members of the Audit Committee possess diversified industry experience and the chairman of the Audit Committee has appropriate professional qualifications and experience in accounting matters. Following the appointment of independent non-executive Directors on 29 February 2024, the Board has recomplied with Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules which requires the audit committee to be chaired by an independent nonexecutive Director and to comprise a minimum of 3 members and at least one of whom is an independent non-executive Director with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required in Rule 5.05(2) of the GEM Listing Rules.

#### Summary of works

During the year, the Audit Committee has convened 3 meetings to discuss and review the annual results for the year ended 31 March 2022, the first quarterly results for three months ended 30 June 2022, the interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2022, the third quarterly results for the nine months ended 31 December 2022, the annual results for the year ended 31 March 2023, the first quarterly results for three months ended 30 June 2023 and the interim results for the six months ended 30 September 2023. Subsequent to the year ended 31 March 2024, the Audit Committee held one meeting and have reviewed and recommended to the Board for approval of the annual results for the year ended 31 March 2024. The Audit Committee is of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and that adequate disclosures have been made. 審核委員會之成員具有不同行業經驗,而審核 委員會主席於會計事務方面擁有適當之專業 資格及經驗。於二零二四年二月二十九日委任 獨立非執行董事後,董事會已重新遵守GEM上 市規則第5.28條,該條規定審核委員會須由一 名獨立非執行董事擔任主席,並須由最少三名 成員組成,而其中最少一名成員須為獨立非執 行董事,並須具備GEM上市規則第5.05(2)條所 規定的適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理 專業知識。

#### 工作概要

於本年度,審核委員會已召開3次會議,以討 論及審閱截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年 度之年度業績、截至二零二二年六月三十日止 三個月之第一季度業績、截至二零二二年九月 三十日止六個月之中期業績、截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止九個月之第三季度業績, 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度之年度 業績、截至二零二三年六月三十日止三個月之 第一季度業績及截至二零二三年九月三十日 止六個月之中期業績。於截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度後,審核委員會已舉行一次會 議,並已審閱及建議董事會批准截至二零二四 年三月三十一日止年度之年度業績。審核委員 會認為該等業績的編製符合適用會計準則並 已作出充分披露。

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Company has established the Nomination Committee on 11 August 2010 with terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.3.1 of the Code.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, identifying and nomination of directors and making recommendations to the Board on appointment and re-appointment of Directors, reviewing the board diversity policy, reviewing the nomination policy and reviewing and accessing the independence of the independent non-executive Director and making recommendation if necessary.

The composition of the Nomination Committee is as follows:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung (*Chairman*) (*Redesignated as Chairman on 16 April 2024*) Mr. Hui Ka Tsun (*Appointed on 16 April 2024*) Dr. Jiang Yan (*Resigned on 16 April 2024*) Dr. Li Yong Sheng (*Resigned on 29 February 2024*)

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (Appointed on 29 February 2024 and resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wu Guo Ming (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, BBS, JP (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

Following the appointment of independent non-executive Directors on 29 February 2024, the Board has re-complied with Rule 5.36A of the GEM Listing Rules which requires the Company to establish a nomination committee comprising a majority of independent nonexecutive directors.

### 提名委員會

本公司已於二零一零年八月十一日設立提名 委員會,其職權範圍符合守則第B.3.1段。

提名委員會的主要職責包括審閱董事會結構、 規模及組成,物色及提名董事,以及就委任及 續聘董事向董事會提出推薦意見,審閱董事會 成員多元化政策,審閱提名政策以及審閱及評 估獨立非執行董事的獨立性,並於需要時提出 建議。

提名委員會之組成如下:

### 執行董事

簡國祥先生(*主席*) (於二零二四年四月十六日調任為主席) 許嘉駿先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 姜岩博士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 李永升博士(於二零二四年二月二十九日辭任)

#### 獨立非執行董事

郭文韜先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任) 王忠業先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 黎雅明先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 錢志浩先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日 獲委任,後於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 吳國銘先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

於二零二四年二月二十九日委任獨立非執行 董事後,董事會已重新遵守GEM上市規則第 5.36A條,該條規定本公司須成立由大多數獨 立非執行董事組成之提名委員會。

#### Summary of work

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Nomination Committee had convened 2 meetings to review the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessed the independence of the Independent non-executive Directors and considered the Directors to retire and stand for re-election at the AGM. The Nomination Committee has also reviewed the board diversity policy as set out in the paragraph headed "Board Diversity Policy" above.

When identifying suitable candidates for directorship, the Nomination Committee will carry out the selection process by making reference to the skills, experience, education background, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, and also the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations. Qualified candidates will then be recommended to the Board for approval.

#### **Nomination Policy**

The Board has adopted a nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") which sets out the selection criteria and nomination procedures to identify, select and recommend candidates for Directors. The Nomination Policy aims to (i) set out the criteria and process in the nomination and appointment of directors of the Company; (ii) ensure that the Board of the Company has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company; and (iii) ensure the Board continuity and appropriate leadership at Board level.

#### 工作概要

於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,提名 委員會已召開兩次會議,以檢討董事會架構、 規模及組成,評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性, 以及考慮於股東週年大會上退任及重選連任 之董事。提名委員會已審閱載於上文「董事會 成員多元化政策」一段之董事會成員多元化政 策。

當物色到適合的董事候選人,提名委員會將參 考擬議候選人的技能、經驗、教育背景、專業 知識、個人誠信及時間承諾開展篩選程序,亦 會考慮本公司之需要及其他相關法定要求及 法規。合資格候選人隨後將向董事會推薦以獲 得批准。

#### 提名政策

董事會已採納提名政策(「提名政策」),其中載 列甄選標準及提名程序,以識別、甄選及推薦 董事候選人。提名政策旨在(i)列出本公司董事 提名及委任的準則及程序;(ii)確保本公司董事 會在適合本公司的技能、經驗及多元化觀點方 面取得平衡;及(iii)確保董事會的連續性及董事 會層面的適當領導。

#### Selection Criteria

The Nomination Committee shall consider a number of the factors in assessing the suitability of a proposed candidate to the Board, including but not limited to the following:

- (a) character and integrity;
- (b) qualifications including professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience and diversity aspects under the Board Diversity Policy that are relevant to the Company's business and corporate strategy;
- (c) any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board;
- (d) requirement for the Board to have independent directors in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules and whether the candidate would be considered independent with reference to the independence guidelines set out in the GEM Listing Rules;
- (e) any potential contributions the candidate can bring to the Board in terms of qualifications, skills, experience, independence and gender diversity;
- (f) willingness and ability to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a member of the Board and/or Board committee(s) of the Company; and
- (g) such other perspectives that am appropriate to the Company's business and succession plan and where applicable, may be adopted and/or amended by the Board and/or the Nomination Committee from time to time for nomination of directors and succession planning.

#### 甄選標準

提名委員會於評估向董事會建議之候選人之 適合性時,應考慮若干因素,包括但不限於以 下各項:

- (a) 品格與誠信;
- (b) 資格,包括專業資格、技能、知識及與本 公司業務及策略相關的經驗,以及董事會 成員多元化政策所提述的多元化因素;
- (c) 為達致董事會成員多元化而採納的任何 可計量目標;
- (d) 根據GEM上市規則,董事會需包括獨立董 事的規定,以及參考GEM上市規則內列明 候選人是否被視為獨立的指引;
- (e) 候選人的專業資格、技能、經驗、獨立性 及性別多元化方面可為董事會帶來的任 何潛在貢獻;
- (f) 是否願意及是否能夠投放足夠時間履行 身為本公司董事會成員及/或擔任董事 委員會的委員的職責;及
- (g) 其他適用於本公司業務及繼任計劃的觀點,董事會及/或提名委員會可於適用時因應提名董事及繼任規劃不時採納及/或修訂有關觀點。

#### **Nomination Procedures**

#### Appointment of New Director

- i. The Nomination Committee and/or the Board may select candidates for directorship from various channels, including but not limited to internal promotion, re-designation, referral by other member of the management and external recruitment agents.
- ii. The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should, upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the candidate, evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.
- iii. If the process yields one or more desirable candidates, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and reference check of each candidate (where applicable).
- iv. The Nomination Committee should then recommend to the Board to appoint the appropriate candidate for directorship, as applicable.
- v. For any person that is nominated by a shareholder for election as a director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship. Where appropriate, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed election of director at the general meeting.

### 提名程序

#### 委任新董事

- i. 提名委員會及/或董事會可從各種途徑 招攬董事人選,包括但不限於內部晉升、 調任、由管理層其他成員和外部招聘代理 人推薦。
- ii. 提名委員會及/或董事會在收到委任新 董事的建議及候選人的履歷資料(或相關 詳情)後,依據上述準則評估該候選人,以 決定該候選人是否合資格擔任董事。
- iii. 如過程涉及一個或多個合意的候選人,提 名委員會及/或董事會應根據本公司的 需要及每位候選人的證明審查(如適用)排 列彼等之優先次序。
- iv. 提名委員會隨後應就委任合適人選擔任 董事一事向董事會提出建議(如適用)。
- v. 就任何經由股東提名於本公司股東大會 上選舉為董事的人士,提名委員會及/或 董事會應依據上述準則評估該候選人,以 決定該候選人是否合資格擔任董事。提名 委員會及/或董事會應於適當時候就於 股東大會上委任董事的提案向股東提出 建議。

#### Re-election of Director at General Meeting

- i. The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring director and the level of participation and performance on the Board.
- ii. The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should also review and determine whether the retiring director continues to meet the criteria as set out above.
- iii. The Nomination Committee and/or the Board should then make recommendation to shareholders in respect of the proposed re-election of director at the general meeting. Where the Board proposes a resolution to elect or re-elect a candidate as director at the general meeting, the relevant information of the candidate will be disclosed in the circular to shareholders and/or explanatory statement accompanying the notice of the relevant general meeting in accordance with the GEM Listing Rules and/or applicable laws and regulations.

#### Monitoring and reporting

The Nomination Committee will monitor the implementation of the Nomination Policy and report to the Board when necessary. Also, the Nomination Committee will review the Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the Nomination Policy and will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

#### 於股東大會上重選董事

- i. 提名委員會及/或董事會應檢討退任董 事對本公司的整體貢獻及服務,以及在董 事會的參與程度及表現。
- ii. 提名委員會及/或董事會亦應檢討及確
   定退任董事是否仍然符合上述準則。
- iii. 提名委員會及/或董事會應就於股東大 會上重選董事的提案向股東提出建議。若 董事會擬於股東大會上提呈決議案委任 或重選某候選人為董事,隨附有關股東大 會通告的致股東通函及/或說明函件中, 將會按GEM上市規則及/或適用法律及 規則要求載列候選人的有關資料。

#### 監察與匯報

提名委員會將監察提名政策的實施情況,並於 必要時向董事會報告。此外,提名委員會將在 適當時候檢討提名政策,以確保提名政策行之 有效並將會討論任何或需作出的修訂,再向董 事會提出修訂建議,由董事會審批。

During the year, the Company reviewed its nomination policy for a formal, considered and transparent procedure to help identifying and nomination of candidates for Directors. All valid nomination of candidates, accompanied with biographical details, would be presented to the Board for consideration. Consideration would be given to factors such as the candidate's integrity, experience and qualifications relevant to the Group's business. It is believed that members of the Nomination Committee collectively would have required relevant knowledge and skills to identify, invite and evaluate qualifications of nominated candidates for directorship.

#### **Board diversity policy**

The Company has adopted the board diversity policy on 30 August 2013 with a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development of the Group. The Company sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. A summary of the Board Diversity Policy together with the measurable objectives for implementing such policy and the progress on achieving such objectives are disclosed below.

#### Summary of the Board Diversity Policy

The Company recognises the importance of diversity in board members to corporate governance and the board effectiveness. The purposes of the Board Diversity Policy are to set out the basic principles to be followed to ensure that (i) a diverse range of candidates are considered; and (ii) the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives necessary to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and to maintain high standards of corporate governance. Board nomination and appointments will be made on merit basis based on its business needs from time to time while taking into account the benefits of diversity. The Company has identified and implemented programs that will assist in the development of a broader and more diverse pool of skilled and experienced employees and that, in time, their skills will prepare them for senior management and board positions. 於本年度,本公司以正式、審慎及透明的程序 檢討其提名政策,以協助識別及提名董事候選 人。所有候選人有效的提名連同履歷詳情將提 交董事會審議。將考慮候選人的誠信、經驗及 與本集團業務有關的資歷等因素。提名委員會 的成員共同認為將需要具備相關的知識及技 能以識別、邀請及評估獲提名董事候選人的資 格。

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

本公司已於二零一三年八月三十日採納董事 會成員多元化政策,旨在達致本集團可持續均 衡發展。本公司視董事會層面日益多元化為支 持其達到戰略目標及可持續發展的關鍵因素。 下文披露董事會成員多元化政策概要,以及實 施該政策之可計量目標以及實現該目標之進 度。

#### 董事會成員多元化政策概要

本公司認同董事會成員多元化對企業管治及 董事會行之有效的重要性。董事會成員多元化 政策旨在列載基本原則,以確保(i)考慮候選人 多元化;及(ii)董事會的成員在技能、經驗以及 視角的多元化方面達到適當的平衡,從而提升 董事會的有效運作並保持高標準的企業管治 水平。董事會成員的提名與委任均以用人唯才 為原則,以日常的業務需求為基準,並考慮董 事會成員多元化的裨益。本公司已確定並實施 計劃,將有助於招聘更廣泛、更多元化之熟練 及經驗豐富之僱員,且彼等之技能將及時為高 級管理層及董事會職位做好準備。

#### Measurable objectives

Selection of board candidates shall be based on a range of diversity perspectives with reference to the Company's business model and specific needs, including but not limited to gender, age, race, language, cultural background, educational background, industry experience and professional experience. The ultimate decision shall be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates shall bring to the Board.

For the purpose of implementation of the Board Diversity Policy, the following measurable objectives were adopted:

(i) Independence:

The Board should include a balanced composition of executive and non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) so that there is a strong element of independence in the Board. The independent non-executive Directors shall be of sufficient caliber and stature for their views to carry weight.

(ii) Skills and experience:

The Board possesses a balance of skills appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company. The Directors have a mix of finance, academic and management backgrounds that taken together provide the Company with considerable experience in a range of activities.

#### Workforce Diversity

The gender ratios in the workforce by categories of employees are set out in the section headed "B1: Employment" in the Environment, Social and Governance (ESG) Report in this Annual Report. The Board considers that gender diversity is currently achieved and is committed to maintain gender diversity in respect of the workforce level.

#### 可計量目標

董事會候選人的甄選工作將以一系列多元化 範疇為基準,並參考本公司的業務模式和特定 需要,包括但不限於性別、年齡、種族、語言、 文化背景、教育背景、行業經驗及專業經驗。 最終決定應基於用人唯才及所選候選人應向 董事會作出的貢獻。

為實施董事會成員多元化政策,本公司已採用 以下可計量目標:

(i) 獨立性:

董事會應包括均衡的執行及非執行董事 (包括獨立非執行董事)構成,以使董事 會具備較強的獨立性。獨立非執行董事應 具備相當的才幹及地位以使彼等的觀點 具有影響力。

(ii) 技能及經驗:

董事會擁有適用於本公司業務要求的均 衡技能。董事具備財務、學術及管理背景 的組合,其在一系列業務中共同為本公司 提供豐富的經驗。

#### 勞動力多元化

按僱員類別劃分的性別比率已載於本年報環 境、社會及管治報告「B1:僱傭」一節。董事會 認為現時已達成性別多元化,並致力在勞動力 水平上維持性別多元化。

#### Monitoring and reporting

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board Diversity Policy, developing and reviewing measurable objectives for implementing the Board Diversity Policy and monitoring the progress on achieving these measurable objectives. The Nomination Committee shall review this policy and the measurable objectives at least annually to ensure the continued effectiveness of the Board.

During the year, the Nomination Committee considered and reviewed the board diversity policy and the director nomination policy of the Company, with recommendations to the Board for approval.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Company has established the Remuneration Committee on 11 August 2010 with terms of reference in compliance with paragraph E.1.2 of the Code.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include, among other things, formulating and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy, determining the specific remuneration packages of all executive Directors and senior management and making recommendations to the Board of the remuneration of non-executive Directors.

The Company adopts the remuneration policy to its Directors as disclosed in the section headed "Remuneration Policy" in this Directors' report.

#### 監察與匯報

提名委員會負責檢討董事會成員多元化政策、 制定並檢討可計量目標,以確保董事會成員多 元化政策的執行,並監察可計量目標的實現進 度。提名委員會至少每年檢討本政策與可計量 目標,以確保董事會持續行之有效。

於本年度,提名委員會已考慮及檢討董事會成 員多元化政策及本公司董事提名政策,建同向 董事會提供的推薦建議以供批准。

#### 薪酬委員會

本公司已於二零一零年八月十一日設立薪酬 委員會,其職權範圍符合守則第E.1.2段。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括)制訂及 向董事會建議有關薪酬政策、釐定全體執行董 事及高級管理層的具體薪酬福利,以及就非執 行董事的薪酬向董事會作出建議。

本公司採納本董事會報告中「薪酬政策」一節所 披露的董事薪酬政策。

The composition of the Remuneration Committee is as follows:

#### **Independent non-executive Directors**

Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon (Chairman) (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (Appointed on 29 February 2024 and resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, BBS, JP (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wu Guo Ming (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

Following the appointment of independent non-executive Directors on 29 February 2024, the Board has re-complied with the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee which requires the Company to establish a remuneration committee with at least three members.

#### Summary of work

During the year, the Remuneration Committee had convened 2 meetings to consider the revision of Directors' remuneration and the remuneration packages of all the Directors, reviewed and made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration package of the proposed Directors in accordance with the Remuneration Committee's written terms of reference. 薪酬委員會之組成如下:

#### 獨立非執行董事

黎雅明先生(主席) (於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 郭文韜先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任) 錢志浩先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日 獲委任,後於二零二四年二月二十九日 進委任,後於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 吳國銘先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

於二零二四年二月二十九日委任獨立非執行 董事後,董事會已重新遵守薪酬委員會之職權 範圍,當中規定本公司須成立由至少三名成員 組成之薪酬委員會。

#### 工作概要

於本年度,薪酬委員會已召開2次會議以考慮 修訂董事薪酬及全體董事之薪酬待遇,根據薪 酬委員會書面職權範圍審閱擬任董事之薪酬 待遇並就其向董事會提出意見。

#### **Risk Management Committee**

The Company established the Risk Management Committee on 15 June 2016 with written terms of reference in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules and the Code.

The main duties of the Risk Management Committee include, among other things, reviewing the risk management system of the Group; assessing the risks from major decisions and to consider solutions for significant risk; monitoring the Group's risk profile; reviewing and monitor emerging risks relating to the Group's business and strategies; having periodic assessment on the Group's risk profile and risk management capabilities; and overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis.

The composition of the Risk Management Committee is as follows:

#### Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (Chairman) (Appointed as member on 29 February 2024 and redesignated as Chairman on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (Appointed as Chairman on 29 February 2024 and redesignated as member on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wu Guo Ming (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, BBS, JP (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

Following the appointment of independent non-executive Directors on 29 February 2024, the Board has re-complied with the terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee which requires the Company to establish a risk management committee with at least three members.

### 風險管理委員會

本公司已於二零一六年六月十五日設立風險 管理委員會,其書面職權範圍符合GEM上市規 則及守則。

風險管理委員會之主要職責包括(其中包括)檢 討本集團之風險管理系統;評估來自主要決策 之風險及考慮針對重大風險之解決方案;監督 本集團之風險情況;檢討及監督出現之有關本 集團業務及策略之風險;定期對本集團之風險 情況及風險管理能力進行評估;及持續監察本 集團之風險管理及內部控制系統。

風險管理委員會之組成如下:

#### 獨立非執行董事

郭文韜先生(主席)(於二零二四年二月二十九日 獲委任為成員,後於二零二四年四月十六日 調任為主席)
錢志浩先生(於二零二四年二月二十九日 獲委任為主席,後於二零二四年四月十六日 調任為成員)
王忠業先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任)
黎雅明先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任)
吳國銘先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)
尹志強先生,銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

於二零二四年二月二十九日委任獨立非執行 董事後,董事會已重新遵守風險管理委員會之 職權範圍,當中規定本公司須成立由至少三名 成員組成之風險管理委員會。

#### Summary of work

The Risk Management Committee should meet at least once a year to consider major investigation findings on risk management matters and the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks. During the year, the Risk Management Committee had convened one meeting to consider the risk assessment of the Group.

#### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Company has not established any committee responsible for the corporate governance function of the Group and the function has been collectively performed by the Board. The Board acknowledges the overseeing of the corporate governance function by the Board collectively. The Board is responsible for the corporate governance functions with the following duties:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations on changes and updating;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors;
- to review the Company's compliance with the Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report; and
- such other corporate governance duties and functions set out in the Code (as amended from time to time) for which the Board are responsible.

#### 工作概要

風險管理委員會須每年至少會面一次,以考慮 對風險管理事宜之主要調查結果及管理層持 續監督風險之範疇及質素。於本年度,風險管 理委員會已召開一次會議以考慮本集團之風 險評估。

#### 企業管治職能

本公司並無就本集團之企業管治職能設立任 何委員會,有關職能由董事會共同負責。董事 會了解其共同監察企業管治職能之責任。董事 會負責企業管治職能,並有下列職責:

- 制訂及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規,並就變動及更新提出建議;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及 持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規 定方面的政策及常規;
- 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的操 守守則及合規手冊(如有);
- 檢討本公司遵守守則的情況及於企業管 治報告中作出的披露;及
- 載列於守則(經不時修訂)內董事會負責的 該等其他企業管治職責及職能。

The Board has reviewed and approved the Corporate Governance Report set out in this report. The Board reviewed the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, and the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

#### ATTENDANCE RECORDS OF MEETINGS

The Board is scheduled to meet regularly at least four times a year, and Directors will receive at least 14 days prior written notice of such meetings. For any ad hoc Board meetings, Directors are given as much notice as is reasonably practicable in those circumstances. Agendas and accompanying papers are sent not less than 3 days before the date of Board meetings to ensure that the Directors are given sufficient time to review the same. Draft and final versions of minutes of regular board meetings are circulated to all directors for their comment and records respectively. All Directors are kept informed in a timely manner of major changes that may affect the Group's businesses, including relevant rules and regulations. The Board also understands where potential conflicts of interests arise, the independent non-executive Directors shall take the lead the physical meetings in discussing the relevant transactions being contemplated when there is a Director or any of his associates having a material interest in the transactions and shall abstain from voting. All directors, in the discharge of their duties, are allowed to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at a reasonable cost to be borne by the Company.

The Code provision C.5.1 stipulates that the board of directors should meet regularly and board meeting should be held at least four times a year at approximately guarterly intervals. Paragraph C.1.6 of the Code requires that independent non-executive directors and non-executive directors shall generally attend general meetings to gain and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. During the year, due to the delay in publication of financial results and suspension of trading in share of the Company, the Board has failed to hold board meetings at regular time intervals and failed to hold the annual general meeting within the time prescribed by the Rule 18.03 of GEM Listing Rules and the Company's Articles. The Board is of the view that the aforesaid delays are one-off incidents and that the aforesaid matters had been/will be rectified eventually and the Company will endeavour to comply with the Code provision C.5.1 and C.1.6 going forward.

董事會已審閱及批准本報告所載企業管治報 告。董事會檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規 以及本公司遵守法律及監管規定之情況。

#### 會議出席記錄

董事會擬訂每年最少舉行四次定期會議,董事 將在會議召開最少14天前收到書面通知。任何 臨時召開的董事會會議,董事會在合理可行情 況下接獲有關通知。議程及附隨之文件於董事 會會議舉行日期至少三天之前寄予董事,以確 保董事有充足的時間審閱有關資料。常規董事 會會議紀錄之初稿及定稿將分別送交全體董 事,以徵求其意見及供彼等存案。本集團將及 時告知全體董事可能影響本集團業務之重大 變動,包括有關規則及規例。董事會亦了解倘 出現潛在利益衝突,董事或任何其聯繫人於交 易中擁有重大利益時須放棄表決,而獨立非執 行董事須領導實體會議討論擬進行之有關交 易。所有董事可在適當情況下就履行彼等職責 尋求獨立專業意見,有關合理成本由本公司承 擔。

守則條文第C.5.1條規定董事會應定期舉行會 議,且董事會會議應每年至少舉行四次,約每 季舉行一次。守則第C.1.6段規定獨立非執行 董事及非執行董事須出席股東大會以全面了 解股東的意見。年內,由於本公司延遲刊發財 務業績及暫停股份買賣,董事會未有定期召開 董事會會議,亦未能於GEM上市規則第18.03 條及本公司的細則所規定的時間內舉行股東 週年大會。董事會認為,上述延誤屬一次性事 件,而上述事宜最終已經/將會獲得糾正,而 本公司今後將努力遵守守則條文第C.5.1條及 第C.1.6條的規定。

Details of the Directors' attendance at Board and committees' meetings and general meetings for the year ended 31 March 2024 are set out below:

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,董事於 董事會及委員會會議以及股東大會之出席率 詳情如下:

		Board 董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Risk Management Committee 風險管理委員會	General meeting 股東大會
Number of meetings	會議次數	6	3	2	2	1	0
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung	簡國祥先生	6/6	-	2/2	-	-	-
Mr. Hui Ka Tsun <i>(appointed on 16 April 2024)</i>	許嘉駿先生 <i>(於二零二四年 四月十六日獲委任)</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Kan Chun Ting Max	簡臻廷先生 <i>(於二零二四年</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-
(appointed on 16 April 2024)	四月十六日獲委任)						
Dr. Jiang Yan (resigned on 16 April 2024)	姜岩博士 <i>(於二零二四年 四月十六日辭任)</i>	6/6	-	2/2	-	-	-
Dr. Li Yong Sheng (resigned on 16 April 2024)	李永升博士 <i>(於二零二四年 四月十六日辭任)</i>	6/6	-	2/2	-	-	-
Mr. Liu Da Yong <i>(resigned on 16 April 2024)</i>	劉大勇先生 <i>(於二零二四年 四月十六日辭任)</i>	6/6	-	-	-	-	-
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事						
Mr. Law Cheuk Hung	羅焯雄先生	6/6	3/3	-	-	-	-
Ms. Tang Li (resigned on 16 April 2024)	唐麗女士 <i>(於二零二四年四月 十六日辭任)</i>	0/6	0/3	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (appointed on 29 February 2024)	錢志浩先生 <i>(於二零二四年 二月二十九日獲委任)</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (appointed on 29 February 2024)	郭文韜先生 <i>(於二零二四年 二月二十九日獲委任)</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (appointed on 16 April 2024)	王忠業先生 <i>(於二零二四年 四月十六日獲委任)</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon <i>(appointed on 16 April 2024)</i>	黎雅明先生 <i>(於二零二四年 四月十六日獲委任)</i>	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Wu Guo Ming <i>(resigned on 16 April 2024)</i>	吴國銘先生 <i>(於二零二四年 四月十六日辭任)</i>	6/6	3/3	2/2	2/2	1/1	-
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, <i>ess, JP</i> (resigned on 16 April 2024)	<ul> <li>コストハロ新し</li> <li>尹志強先生、弱紫莉星章、太平綽士</li> <li>(於二零二四年四月十六日</li> <li>辭任)</li> </ul>	6/6	3/3	2/2	2/2	1/1	-
Average attendance rate	平均出席率	87.5%	75%	100%	100%	100%	-

### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Financial Statements, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, results and cash flows of the Group in accordance with relevant law and disclosure requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

The statement of the auditors of the Company about its reporting responsibilities on the Financial Statements is set out in "Independent Auditors' Report" section on pages 153 and 164 of this report.

### AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration in respect of audit services provided by the Company's auditor, during the year ended 31 March 2024 amounted to HK\$0.65 million.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT ANS INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Board has overall responsibilities for the Group's risk management and internal control systems to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole. To this end, the Board oversees and approves the Group's risk management and internal control strategies and policies, which are aimed at evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks that are compatible with the Group's strategic objectives and risk appetite, with main purpose for provision of reasonable assurance against material misstatement or loss rather than absolute elimination of the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

The Board acknowledges that it is responsible for establishing and maintaining the Group's risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. The risk management and internal control measures are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

### 董事及外聘核數師各自的責任

董事負責根據有關法律及GEM上市規則之披 露規定,編製真實及公平地反映本集團事務狀 況、業績及現金流量之財務報表。

本公司核數師就財務報表而發出的報告責任 聲明載於本報告第153頁至第164頁的「獨立核 數師報告」一節。

### 核數師酬金

本公司核數師於截至二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度所提供審核服務的酬金為650,000 港元。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會對本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統 承擔全部責任,以保障本公司及其股東的整體 利益。為此,董事會監督及審批本集團的風險 管理及內部監控策略與政策,相關策略與政策 旨在評估及釐定風險性質及程度是否符合本 集團的策略目標及風險承受能力,主要目的是 合理地保證不會出現重大誤述或損失,而非絕 對地消除未能達成業務目標的風險。

董事會確認其負責建立及維持本集團風險管 理及內部監控系統並檢討其成效。風險管理及 內部監控措施旨在管理而非消除未能實現業 務目標的風險,且僅可合理而非絕對地保證不 會出現重大失實陳述或損失。

In June 2016, the Group has established a risk management framework, which consists of the Board, the Audit Committee, Risk Management Committee and the senior management of the Group. The Board determines the nature and the extent of risks that shall be taken in achieving the Group's strategic objectives and has the overall responsibilities for monitoring the design, implementation and the overall effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems. The Board, through the Audit Committee, conducts reviews of the effectiveness of such systems at least annually, covering all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls.

#### **Risk Management Philosophy**

Risk taking is a necessary and accepted part of the Company's business. Effectively managing risk is a competitive necessity and an integral part of creating shareholder value through good business practices designed to ensure that the Company achieves its strategic, business and governance objectives, and protects its corporate reputation, values and integrity. Risk management applies to all aspects of the Company's business and forms a critical part of developing strategic plans, preparing operational plans and budgets, completing detailed project approval requests and designing and managing project plans.

#### **Risk Management Process**

In addition to the Board's oversight responsibilities, the Company has developed a risk management process to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks and to resolve material internal control defects (if any). Senior management is responsible for the annual risk reporting process. Risks are compiled, ratings are assigned and mitigation plans are documented. The risk assessment is reviewed by certain members of senior management and presented to the Risk Management Committee and the Board for their review. Risks are evaluated by the Board and senior management based on (i) the severity of the impact of the risk on the Company's financial results; and (ii) the probability that the risk will occur. 於二零一六年六月,本集團已建立了一個風險 管理框架,其中包括董事會、審核委員會、風 險管理委員會及本集團之高層管理人員。董事 會釐定在實現本集團的策略目標時應承擔之 風險的性質及程度,並承擔監督風險管理及內 部監控系統的設計、實施及整體有效性之整體 責任。董事會透過審核委員會至少每年一次檢 討該等系統的有效性,其中涵蓋所有重大控制 措施,包括財務、營運及合規監控。

#### 風險管理理念

風險承擔對本公司業務而言屬必要及可接受。 有效的管理風險可維持競爭力,亦是通過實施 良好商業慣例來確保本公司實現其戰略、經營 及管治目標,保障公司聲譽、價值及誠信,從 而創造股東價值的不可或缺部分。風險管理涵 蓋本公司業務的所有方面,是制定戰略計劃、 編製經營計劃及預算、完成具體項目審批申請 及制定與管理項目規劃時至關重要的一環。

#### 風險管理流程

除董事會的監管責任外,本公司亦已制定風險 管理流程以識別、評估及管理重大風險,解決 重大內部監控缺陷(如有)。高級管理層負責 進行年度風險申報。對風險進行匯總、評級並 記錄緩解計劃。高級管理層若干成員負責審閱 風險評估結果,然後提呈有關結果予風險管理 委員會及董事會以供審閱。董事會及高級管理 層根據(i)風險對本公司財務業績影響的嚴重程 度;及(ii)風險發生的可能性對風險進行評估。

Based on the risk evaluation, the Company will manage the risks as follows:

- Risk elimination senior management may identify and implement certain changes or controls that in effect eliminate the risk entirely.
- Risk mitigation senior management may implement a risk mitigation plan designed to reduce the likelihood, velocity or the severity of the risk to an acceptable level.
- Risk retention senior management may decide that the risk rating is low enough that the risk is acceptable for the Company and that no action is required. The risk would continue to be monitored as part of the risk management program to ensure the level of risk does not increase to an unacceptable level.

Reporting, monitoring and evaluating are essential and integral parts of managing risk. Senior management has established an annual risk reporting process to gather risk issues affecting the Company. A risk template has been developed to assist in the identification, documentation, assessment and management of risk exposures.

# Review the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system

The Risk Management Committee met at least annually during the year and reported to the Board for assessment. Key risks are identified and their responsive mitigating controls are documented in the risk registers and report to the Bard by the Risk Management Committee.

The Group does not have an internal audit function as the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Company and is currently of the view that there is no immediate need to set up an internal audit function within the Group in light of the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business. The situation will be reviewed from time to time. 本公司將根據風險評估結果按以下方式管理 風險:

- 排除風險一高級管理層可確認並實施若干 變動或控制,完全排除風險。
- 減低風險水平-高級管理層可實施設定之
   風險緩解計劃,將風險可能性、速度或嚴
   重性降至可接受水平。
- 維持風險水平-高級管理層可確定基於風險評級屬低,對本公司屬可接受,毋須採取措施。根據風險管理計劃,將繼續監督風險,確保風險水平不會上升至不可接受的水平。

申報、監察及評估乃風險管理不可或缺的關鍵 部分。高級管理層已制定年度風險申報流程以 收集影響本公司的風險事宜,亦已制定風險管 理文檔以協助識別、記錄、評估及管理風險。

#### 審閱風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性

風險管理委員會於本年度至少舉行一次會議, 並就評估向董事會匯報。風險管理委員會已識 別出關鍵風險,並將其應對紓緩監控記錄在風 險名冊,以及匯報予董事會。

本集團並無內部審核功能,原因是董事會已檢 討本公司內部監控系統之效用,目前認為根據 本集團業務的規模、性質及複雜性,毋須即時 於本集團內設立內部審核功能。該情況將不時 進行檢討。

The Board has engaged Redford Business Advisory Services Limited as its risk management and internal control review adviser ("the Adviser") to conduct the annual review of the risk management and internal control systems for the year ended 31 March 2024. Such review is conducted annually and cycles reviewed are under rotation basis. The scope of review was previously determined and approved by the Board. The Adviser has reported findings and areas for improvement to the Audit Committee and management. The Board/Audit Committee are of the view that there are no material internal control defeats noted. All recommendations from the Adviser are properly followed up by the Group to ensure that they are implemented within a reasonable period of time. The Board therefore considered that the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate. 董事會已聘請泓富企業咨詢服務有限公司為 其風險管理及內部監控審核顧問(「顧問」),對 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度的風險 管理及內部監控系統進行年度審閱。該審閱每 年進行一次,審閱週期乃輪流進行。審核範圍 先前已經董事會確定及批准。顧問已向審核範圍 先前已經董事會確定及批准。顧問已向審核範圍 方。董事會/審核委員會認為,並不存在重大 內部控制缺陷。顧問提出的所有推薦建議均由 本集團妥善跟進,以確保其於合理時間內得到 落實。因此,董事會認為風險管理及內部監控 系統有效且充分。

#### **Inside information policy**

The Company recognises the significance of consistent practices of fair disclosure with the aim of disclosing inside information in a timely and accurate manner. The Company has a policy with regard to the principles and procedures for handling and disseminating the Company's inside information in compliance with the requirements under Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap 571 of the laws of Hong Kong) and the GEM Listing Rules, and such policy has been communicated to the relevant senior executives of the Group. Company Secretary works closely with senior executives in identifying potential inside information and assess the materiality thereof, and where appropriate, to escalate such information for the attention of the Board to resolve on further action(s) complying with the applicable laws and regulations.

#### 內幕消息政策

本公司深知貫徹作出公平披露非常重要,目標 是適時及準確地披露內幕消息。本公司有政策 訂明處理及散發本公司內幕消息的原則及程 序,符合香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例第 XIVA部及GEM上市規則的規定,及本集團的相 關高級行政人員已獲知會相關政策。公司秘書 與高級行政人員緊密合作,識別潛在內幕消息 及評估其重要性,並在適當情況下將相關資料 上報董事會知悉,從而決定進一步行動,以符 合適用的法律規章。

In prevention of premature leakage of inside information, the Company has taken all reasonable measures from time to time to ensure proper preservation of confidentiality of inside information until disclosure to the general public, including inter alia:

- restrictive access to inside information to a limited number of employees on a need-to-know basis. Employees who are in possession of inside information are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentially;
- appropriate confidentiality agreements are put in place when entering into any significant negotiations;
- inclusion of a strict prohibition on the unauthorised use or disclosure of inside information in employee code of conduct; and
- policy is issued to all employees annually reminding their duties and obligations in respect of any dealings in the listed securities of the Company as well as its subsidiaries and associated corporations.

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

**Mr. Chan Chun Kit (陳俊傑)**, aged 41, joined the Group as Company Secretary and Chief Financial Officer on 23 May 2024. Mr. Chan is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also a Chartered Governance Professional and Chartered Company Secretary, as well as a member of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute. He graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Master's Degree in Corporate Governance and a Bachelor Degree in Accountancy. 為防止過早洩露內幕消息,本公司不時採取一 切合理措施確保向公眾披露內幕消息前,內幕 消息的保密性獲適當維護,措施包括:

- 只限有需要知情的僱員查閱內幕消息。擁 有內幕消息的僱員完全熟知彼等的保密 義務;
- 進行任何重大商議時,訂有適當的保密協 議;
- 僱員操守守則訂明嚴格禁止未經授權使
   用或披露內幕消息;及
- 每年向全部僱員發出政策,提醒僱員買賣
   本公司、其附屬公司及相聯法團的上市證
   券時的義務及責任。

### 公司秘書

陳俊傑先生,41歲,於二零二四年五月二十三 日加入本集團,擔任公司秘書及首席財務官。 陳先生為香港會計師公會會員。彼亦為公司治 理師及特許公司秘書以及香港公司治理公會 會員。彼於香港理工大學畢業,取得公司管治 碩士學位以及會計學學士學位。

Mr. Chan has served as a corporate financial consultant for various Hong Kong, the People's Republic of China and overseas listed and private companies since 2018. In the past, he had held chief finance in-charge positions in two listed companies on the Mainboard of Singapore Stock Exchange ("SGX-ST") for 9 years. Between 2011 to 2020, he has been the chief financial officer at Sino Grandness Food Industry Group Limited (2020), and Chief Financial Officer and company secretary at China Flexible Packaging Holdings Limited (between 2011 to 2018). Prior to these roles and positions, he had worked at an international audit firm, BDO Limited in Hong Kong from 2007 to 2011 as an auditor.

In the past 5 years, Mr. Chan had previously served as an independent non-executive director for various listed companies including (i) Jlogo Holdings Limited (listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange Limited ("SEHK"); code: 8527.HK) from March to May 2024; (ii) GS Holdings Limited (listed on SGX-ST; code: 43A. SI) from 2019 to 2022 (iii) Universe Printshop Holdings Limited (listed on the SEHK; code: 8448.HK) from 2017 to 2022; and (iv) Shenzhen Mingwah Aohan High Technology Corporation Limited (previously listed on SEHK: code 8301.HK and delisted from 6 December 2021) from 2020 to 2021. He had also served as a non-executive director for Raffles Financial Group Limited (listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange; code: RICH.CNSX) from 2020 to 2021. Apart from above, Mr. Chan held no directorships in any listed public companies in the last three years.

The company secretary took more than 15 hours' professional training for the year ended 31 March 2024. Reporting to the chairman and chief executive officer, the company secretary plays an important role in ensuring proper Board procedures are tailored to the Company's business needs and compliance with all applicable laws, rule and regulations. The Directors could obtain advices and services from the company secretary for any updates and developments in corporate governance, applicable laws and regulations when necessary.

二零一八年以來,陳先生曾擔任若干香港、中 華人民共和國及海外上市公司及私人公司的 企業財務顧問。彼過去曾為兩間新加坡證券交 易所(「新交所」)主機板上市公司擔任財務總監 職務九年。於二零一一年至二零二零年期間, 彼擔任振鵬達中華食品工業集團有限公司的 財務總監(二零二零年)及中國軟包裝控股有限 公司之財務總監兼公司秘書(二零一一年至二 零一八年)。於擔任該等職務及職位前,於二零 零七年至二零一一年,彼曾於一間國際會計事 務所香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司擔 任核數師。

在過去五年內,陳先生曾擔任若干上市公司的 獨立非執行董事,包括(i)於二零二四年三月至 五月任職於聚利寶控股有限公司(於香港聯合 交易所有限公司(「港交所」)上市之公司,股份 代號:8527.HK);(ii)於二零一九年至二零二二 年任職於GS Holdings Limited (一間於新交所上 市之公司,股份代號:43A.SI);(iii)於二零一七 年至二零二二年任職於環球印館控股有限公 司(於港交所上市之公司,股份代號:8448. HK);及(iv)於二零二零年至二零二一年任職於 深圳市明華澳漢科技股份有限公司(曾於港交 所上市之公司,股份代號:8301.HK,其後於二 零二一年十二月六日除牌)。彼亦曾於二零二 零年至二零二一年擔任Raffles Financial Group Limited(於加拿大證券交易所上市之公司,股 份代號:RICH.CNSX)的非執行董事。除上述者 外,在過去三年內,陳先生並無於任何上市公 眾公司擔任任何董事職務。

公司秘書於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止 年度已完成超過15小時的專業培訓。公司秘書 乃向主席及行政總裁匯報,於制定適合的董事 會程序以配合本公司業務需要並符合一切適 用法律、規則及規例方面擔任重要的角色。董 事於有需要時可就企業管治、適用法律及規例 之任何最新消息及發展,向公司秘書取得意見 和服務。

The company secretary, as delegated by the Chairman, is responsible for preparing the meeting agenda, serving notice to the Board at least 14 days before the regular meetings or at a reasonable time for other ad-hoc meetings, and providing relevant Board papers to Directors at least 3 days before the meetings, so as to ensure that the Directors receive adequate, accurate, clear, complete and reliable information in a timely manner for effective and informed decision making.

The company secretary also ensures that the Board meetings are convened and constituted in accordance with all applicable laws, regulations and the procedural requirements set out in the articles of association at all times. In addition, the company secretary will take minutes of the meetings and circulate them to Directors for comments at a reasonable time after the meetings. After incorporating Directors' comments, the executed version of the minutes will be maintained by the company secretary and be open for Directors' inspection during normal office hours.

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The Board believes that general meetings can provide an open forum for communication between the Board and the Shareholders. Shareholders are encouraged to attend general meetings of the Company and give valuable advices to the Company through this direct communication platform. The Company will convene AGM every year and convene any other extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") as required. 公司秘書(按主席授權)負責編製會議議程, 於定期會議召開至少14日前(或就其他特別會 議而言之合理時間)向董事會發出會議通知, 並於相關會議舉行前至少三日向董事提供相 關董事會文件,以確保董事及時收到足夠、準 確、清晰、完備及可靠的資料,以作出有效及 有根據的決策。

公司秘書亦確保董事會會議一直根據所有適 用法律、規例及組織章程細則所載的程序規定 來召開及舉行。此外,公司秘書會作相關會議 記錄並於會後一個合理時間內將其向董事傳 閱以供表達意見。綜合董事之意見後,經簽署 的會議記錄將由公司秘書保存並於正常營業 時間內供董事查閱。

#### 股東權利

董事會相信,股東大會可提供一個公開平台讓 董事會及股東進行溝通。歡迎股東出席本公司 股東大會,透過此直接的溝通平台給予本公司 寶貴意見。本公司每年召開股東週年大會,並 於有需要時召開任何其他股東特別大會(「股東 特別大會」)。

#### 1. The way in which Shareholders can convene an EGM

Any one or more Shareholders holding not less than 10% of the issued share capital at the time of deposit of the requisition and carrying the right of voting at general meeting can deposit a written request to convene an EGM.

The written request must state the purposes of the meeting, signed by the Shareholders concerned and deposited to the Board or the company secretary at the Company's principal place of business at Flat 314, 3/F., Fuk Shing Commercial Building, 28 On Lok Mun Street, Fanling, New Territories, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more Shareholders. The request will be verified with the Company's share registrar and upon its confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the company secretary will notify the Board to convene an EGM and include the resolution in the agenda. The Board shall convene and hold such general meeting within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If the request is verified to be not in order, Shareholders concerned will be advised of the result and no EGM will be convened.

If within twenty-one days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such general meeting, the Shareholders or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene an EGM, but any EGM so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the said date.

#### 1. 股東召開股東特別大會的方法

任何一名或多名股東於提交召開股東特別大會要求時持有已發行股本10%或以上 並於股東大會上持有投票權,可以書面要 求召開股東特別大會。

書面要求必須註明會議目的,由有關股東 簽署後交回本公司主要營業地點新界粉 嶺安樂門街28號福成商業大廈3樓314室, 指定由董事會或公司秘書接收。如附有多 份形式類似的文件,則須由一名或多名股 東於每份文件上簽署。要求將由本公司股 份過戶登記處核實,經確認要求為正式及 符合程序後,公司秘書將通知董事會召開 股東特別大會並將有關決議案加入議程。 董事會須於接獲該要求後兩個月內召開 及舉行有關股東大會。倘要求被確認為不 符合程序,有關股東將獲告知結果,而本 公司將不會召開股東特別大會。

倘於提交要求後二十一日內,董事會未能 召開有關股東大會,股東或佔全體該等股 東所持投票權總數一半以上的任何人士, 可親自召開股東特別大會,惟任何在此情 況下召開的股東特別大會不得於上述日 期起計三個月屆滿後舉行。

#### 2. The procedures for sending enquiries to the Board

Shareholders who wish to raise any queries with the Board may write to the Company's investor relationship contact at Flat 314, 3/F., Fuk Shing Commercial Building, 28 On Lok Mun Street, Fanling, New Territories, by phone on +852 3104 2962 or by email at cnc@cnctv.hk.

# 3. The procedures for making proposals at Shareholders' meetings

To put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings, the Shareholders shall submit a written notice of those proposals with the detail contact information to the company secretary at the Company's principal place of business. The request will be verified with the Company's share registrar and upon its confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the company secretary will ask the Board to include the resolution in the agenda for the general meeting.

#### 4. Communications with Shareholders

The Board believes regular and timely communication with shareholders forms part of the Group's effort to help our shareholders understand our business better. Copies of the annual reports and interim reports of the Company are distributed to its shareholders in accordance with statutory and regulatory requirements and also to interested parties recorded in the Company's mailing lists. The publications of the Company, including financial reports, circulars and announcements, are also available on the Company's website.

#### 2. 向董事會提交查詢的程序

股東如欲向董事會提出任何查詢,可致 函聯絡本公司投資者關係部(地址為新 界粉嶺安樂門街28號福成商業大廈3樓 314室)、致電+852 3104 2962或發送電郵 至cnc@cnctv.hk。

#### 3. 於股東大會上提呈動議的程序

股東如欲於股東大會上提呈動議,應將列 明有關動議並附有詳細聯絡資料的書面 通知提交本公司主要營業地點,指定由公 司秘書接收。要求將由本公司股份過戶登 記處核實,經確認要求為正式及符合程序 後,公司秘書將要求董事會將有關決議案 加入股東大會議程。

#### 4. 與股東之溝通

董事會相信,定期及適時與股東溝通為本 集團致力協助股東了解本集團業務之其 中一環。本公司根據法定及監管規定向股 東及於本公司郵寄名單中記錄之有意人 士寄發本公司年報及中期報告。本公司之 刊物,包括財務報告、通函及公佈亦於本 公司網站可供查閱。

The Company acknowledges that general meetings are good communication channel with the shareholders. At the general meeting, each substantially separate issue is considered by a separate resolution, including election of individual directors, and the poll procedures are clearly explained. Paragraph C.1.6 of the Code requires that independent non-executive directors and non-executive directors shall generally attend general meetings to gain and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Paragraph F.2.2 of the Code requires the chairman of the board and chairmen of the audit. remuneration, nomination and other committees to attend the annual general meeting. During the year, due to the delay in publication of financial results and suspension of trading in share of the Company, the Company failed to hold the annual general meeting within the time prescribed by the Rule 18.03 of GEM Listing Rules and the Company's Bye-laws. The Board is of the view that the aforesaid delays are one-off incidents and that the aforesaid matters had been/will be rectified eventually and the Company will endeavour to comply with the Code provision C.1.6 and F.2.2 going forward.

The attendance of the Directors at the general meetings of the Company is set out on page 60 of this report.

本公司明白股東大會為與股東溝通之良 好渠道。於股東大會,將以獨立決議案方 式考慮各重大個別事項,包括選舉個別董 事,本公司亦將清楚解釋按股數投票表決 之程序。守則第C.1.6段規定獨立非執行董 事及非執行董事通常須出席股東大會以 全面理解股東的意見。守則第F.2.2段規定 董事會主席及審核、薪酬、提名及其他委 員會主席股東週年大會。於本年度,由於 延遲刊發財務業績及本公司股份暫停買 膏,本公司未符合GEM上市規則第18.03 條及本公司的公司細則所規定的時間內 召開股東週年大會。董事會認為上述延誤 乃一次性事件,且上述事項最終已/將會 得到糾正,而本公司日後將盡力遵守守則 條文第C.1.6條及第F.2.2條。

董事出席本公司股東大會之情況載於本 報告第60頁。

### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company's corporate website is www.cnctv.hk. The Company may from time to time conduct investor/analysts briefings and presentations, roadshows, media interviews, marketing activities for investors and specialist industry forums etc.

All corporate communication materials published on the GEM website (http://www.hkgem.com) are posted on the Company's corporate website as soon as practicable after their release. The Company's constitutional documents are also available on our website. On 31 May 2024, the proposed amendments by way of adoption of a new amended and restated memorandum of association (the "Amended and Restated Memorandum") and amended and restated articles of association (the "Amended and Restated Articles", together with the Amended and Restated Memorandum, the "Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association") in substitution for and to the exclusion of, the existing Memorandum and Articles of Association was approved at the extraordinary general meeting. Apart from this, no significant changes were made to these documents during the year ended 31 March 2024. Information on our website will be updated on a regular basis.

The Board was satisfied with the review of the implementation and effectiveness of the communication with the shareholders, which could effectively provide a two-way communication platform by the Company with the investors and shareholders by way of regular meetings and timely update of the Company's financial results and developments.

#### 投資者關係

本公司的公司網站為www.cnctv.hk。本公司可 不時舉行投資者/分析師簡介及匯報會、路 演、媒體訪問、投資者市場活動及業內專業人 士論壇等。

所有於GEM網站(http://www.hkgem.com)刊登 的公司通訊資料須於公佈後盡快上載至本公 司的公司網站。本公司的憲章文件亦於本公司 網站可供查閱。於二零二四年五月三十一日, 已於股東特別大會上批准透過採納新經修訂 及重列組織章程大綱(「經修訂及重列大綱」)及 經修訂及重列組織章程細則(「經修訂及重列細 則」,連同經修訂及重列大綱,統稱為「經修訂 及重列組織章程大綱及細則」)作出建議修訂, 以取代及摒除現有組織章程大綱及細則。除此 之外,截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度, 該等文件並無重大變動。本公司網站的資料將 會定期更新。

董事會滿意與股東溝通的實施檢討及成效,本 公司通過定期會議及適時更新本公司財務業 績及發展情況,有效為投資者及股東提供雙向 溝通平台。
The Directors are pleased to present this annual report together with the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

# **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of civil engineering services for the public sector in Hong Kong.

## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Further discussion and analysis of business activities of the Group, including a business review of the Group and an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business, can be found in the Management Discussion and Analysis set out on pages 17 to 29 and Environmental, Social and Governance Report set out on pages 95 to 152 of this annual report. This discussion forms part of this directors' report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group can be found throughout this annual report.

An analysis of the Group's performance using financial key performance indicators is provided in the Five Year Financial Summary from pages 299 to 300 and Financial Highlights on pages on 3 to 4 respectively of this annual report.

## ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to supporting the environmental sustainability. The Group is committed to implementing policies and measures in our daily business operations to foster reduction of the Group's environmental impact. Detail information regarding the environmental, social and governance practices adopted by the Group are set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 95 to 152 of this report.

董事欣然提呈本年報及截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度之財務報表。

## 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司之主 要業務則為在香港為公營部門提供土木工程 服務。

#### 業務回顧

對本集團業務活動之進一步討論及分析(包括 本集團之業務回顧及本集團業務日後可能的 發展)可於本年報第17頁至第29頁載列的管理 層討論及分析以及第95頁至第152頁載列的環 境、社會及管治報告內閱覽。該討論構成董事 會報告之一部分。有關本集團面對的主要風險 及不確定因素載於本年報內。

使用主要財務表現指標對本集團表現進行之 分析載於本年報第299頁至第300頁的五年財 務概要及第3頁至第4頁之財務摘要。

#### 環境政策及表現

本集團致力支持環境的可持續發展。本集團致 力在日常業務營運中實施政策及措施,以減低 本集團對環境的影響。有關本集團採納之環 境、社會及管治常規之詳細資料載於本報告第 95頁至第152頁之環境、社會及管治報告。

# COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year, as far as the Company is aware, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations by the Group that has a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group.

## **RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES**

The employees of the Group are one of the most important assets and stakeholders of the Group and their contribution and support are values at all times. The Group regularly reviews compensation and benefits policies accordingly to industry benchmark as well as the individual performance of employees. Other fringe benefits, mandatory provident fund, share options and share award scheme are provided to retain loyal employees with the aim to form a professional staff and management team that can bring the Group to different levels of success.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The declaration, form, frequency and amount of any dividend payout of the Company must be in accordance with relevant laws, rules and regulations and subject to the Articles of Association of the Company. Subject to compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and the Articles of Association, in deciding whether to propose any dividend payout, the Board will take into account, among other things, the financial results, the earnings and distributable reserves, the operations and liquidity requirements, the debt ratio and possible effects on the credit lines, and the current and future development plans of the Company.

## **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The Group's results for the year ended 31 March 2024 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 165 to 166 of this report.

The Board does not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 March 2024.

#### 遵守相關法律及法規

於本年度,就本公司所知,本集團並無嚴重違 反或不遵守適用法律及法規,致使對本集團之 業務及營運造成重大影響。

## 與僱員的關係

本集團僱員是本集團最重要的資產和持份者 之一,本集團一直珍視彼等的貢獻和支持。本 集團根據行業基準及僱員個人表現定期檢討 薪酬及福利政策。本集團亦提供其他附帶福 利、強制性公積金、購股權及股份獎勵計劃以 挽留忠誠僱員,務求構建專業的員工及管理團 隊,推動本集團再創佳績。

#### 股息政策

本公司任何股息之宣派、形式、次數及金額須 根據相關法律、規則及法規以及遵守本公司之 組織章程細則。根據適用法律、規則、法規及 組織章程細則,當董事會決定是否提議派付任 何股息時,將考慮,其中包括,本公司之財務 業績、收益及可分派儲備、營運及流動資金需 求、債務比率及對信貸額度之可能影響,以及 現時及未來發展計劃。

#### 業績及股息

本集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度 之業績載於本報告第165頁至第166頁之綜合 損益及其他全面收益表。

董事會不建議就截至二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度派發末期股息。

# **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 23 September 2024 to Thursday, 26 September 2024, both days inclusive. During this period, no transfer of Shares will be registered. In order to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 20 September 2024.

### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 18 to the Financial Statements.

## **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 30 to the Financial Statements.

## RESERVES

Movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 169 of this report and note 40 to the Financial Statements.

## DONATIONS

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group did not make any charitable donations.

# **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 March 2024, the Company's distributable reserves, including the share premium account, calculated under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately HK\$318.6 million in deficit.

### 暫停辦理股東登記手續

本公司將由二零二四年九月二十三日(星期一) 至二零二四年九月二十六日(星期四)(包括首 尾兩天)暫停辦理本公司股東登記手續,期間 將不會辦理股份過戶登記手續。為出席股東週 年大會並於會上投票,所有股份過戶文件連同 有關股票最遲須於二零二四年九月二十日(星 期五)下午四時三十分之前交回本公司股份過 戶登記處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港 灣仔夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓。

## 物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度之物業、廠房及設備變動詳情 載於財務報表附註18。

#### 股本

本公司於本年度之股本變動詳情載於財務報 表附註30。

#### 儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度之儲備變動載於本 報告第169頁之綜合權益變動表及財務報表附 註40。

#### 捐獻

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 並無作出任何慈善捐獻。

#### 可分派儲備

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本公司根據開曼 群島公司法(第22章)(一九六一年法例3,經綜 合及修訂)計算之可分派儲備(包括股份溢價 賬)為虧絀約318,600,000港元。

# **CONVERTIBLE NOTES**

Details of the convertible notes of the Group are set out in note 28 to the Financial Statements.

### **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the Group's results and financial position for the last five financial years is set out on pages 299 to 300 of this report.

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentage of the Group's revenue, subcontracting costs and purchases of raw materials attributable to the Group's major customers, subcontractors and suppliers respectively for the year ended 31 March 2024 is as follows:

#### 可換股票據

本集團之可換股票據詳情載於財務報表附註 28。

### 財務概要

本集團於過往五個財政年度的業績及財務狀 況概要載於本報告第299頁至第300頁。

### 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集團 之收益、分包成本及原材料採購應佔本集團主 要客戶、分包商及供應商的百分比分別如下:

Revenue	收益	
The largest customer	最大客戶	31.6%
Five largest customers in aggregate	五大客戶合佔	80.9%
Subcontracting costs	分包成本	
The largest subcontractor	最大分包商	31.5%
Five largest subcontractors in aggregate	五大分包商合佔	59.7%
Purchases of raw materials (Notes)	<b>採購原材料</b> (附註)	
The largest supplier	最大供應商	41.2%
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	五大供應商合佔	77.7%

During the year, none of the Directors, their associates or any Shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers, subcontractors and suppliers.

Notes:

Total purchases of raw materials by the Group included purchases of raw materials by main contractors for the Group's use in carrying out waterworks engineering services as a subcontractor for respective contracts. However, the suppliers from which main contractors purchased the raw materials were not included as the suppliers of the Group as the Group did not have direct relationship with these suppliers.

附註:

擁有任何權益。

本集團原材料採購總額包括主承建商就各合約為本集 團採購作為分包商進行水務工程服務而用的原材料。然 而,主承建商採購原材料的供應商並不納入本集團之供 應商,原因是本集團與該等供應商並無直接關係。

於本年度,概無董事、彼等之聯繫人或就董事

所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上之任何股 東於本集團任何五大客戶、分包商及供應商中

## **SUBSIDIARIES**

Details of the Company's subsidiaries as at 31 March 2024 are set out in note 38 to the Financial Statements.

## DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung (Chairman) (Redesignated as Chairman on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Hui Ka Tsun (Chief Executive Officer) (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Kan Chun Ting Max (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Dr. Jiang Yan (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Dr. Li Yong Sheng (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Liu Da Yong (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

#### **Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Law Cheuk Hung Ms. Tang Li *(Resigned on 16 April 2024)* 

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (Appointed on 29 February 2024)
Mr. Wong Chung Yip Kenneth (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Lai Ah Ming Leon (Appointed on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wu Guo Ming (Resigned on 16 April 2024)
Mr. Wan Chi Keung Aaron, BBS, JP (Resigned on 16 April 2024)

# 附屬公司

本公司附屬公司於二零二四年三月三十一日 的詳情載於財務報表附註38。

#### 董事

於本年度內及直至本報告日期任職的董事 包括:

#### 執行董事

簡國祥先生(主席) (於二零二四年四月十六日調任為主席) 許嘉駿先生(行政總裁) (於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 簡臻廷先生(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任) 姜岩博士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 李永升博士(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任) 劉大勇先生(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)

#### 非執行董事

羅焯雄先生 唐麗女士*(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)* 

**獨立非執行董事** 錢志浩先生*(於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任)* 郭文韜先生*(於二零二四年二月二十九日獲委任)* 王忠業先生*(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任)* 黎雅明先生*(於二零二四年四月十六日獲委任)* 吳國銘先生*(於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)* 尹志強先生,*銅紫荊星章,太平紳士 (於二零二四年四月十六日辭任)* 

Following the appointment of independent non-executive Directors on 29 February 2024, the Board has re-complied with (i) Rule 5.05 of the GEM Listing Rules which requires the Board to include at least 3 independent non-executive Directors and at least one of the independent non-executive Directors must have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise; (ii) Rule 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules which requires the Company to appoint independent nonexecutive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board; (iii) Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules which requires the audit committee to be chaired by an independent non-executive Director and to comprise a minimum of 3 members and at least one of whom is an independent non-executive Director with appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required in Rule 5.05(2) of the GEM Listing Rules; (iv) Rule 5.36A of the GEM Listing Rules which requires the Company to establish a nomination committee comprising a majority of independent non-executive directors.

於二零二四年二月二十九日委任獨立非執行 董事後,董事會已重新遵守(i) GEM上市規則第 5.05條,該條規定董事會須包括最少三名獨立 非執行董事,而其中最少一名獨立非執行董事 須具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理 專業知識;(ii)GEM上市規則第5.05A條,該條規 定本公司委任的獨立非執行董事須佔董事會 成員人數最少三分之一;(iii) GEM上市規則第 5.28條規定,該條規定審核委員會須由一名獨 立非執行董事擔任主席,並須由最少三名成員 組成,而其中最少一名成員須為獨立非執行董 事,並須具備GEM上市規則第5.05(2)條所規定 的適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專業 知識;(iv)GEM上市規則第5.36A條,該條規定本 公司須成立提名委員會,成員須以獨立非執行 董事佔大多數。

# INDEPENDENCE CONFIRMATIONS OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received, from each of the independent nonexecutive Directors, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

The Company's Articles of Association provide that all Directors and officers of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty.

#### 獨立非執行董事之獨立身份確認

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據GEM上 市規則第5.09條就其獨立身份所發出的年度確 認書。本公司認為,所有獨立非執行董事均為 獨立人士。

#### 獲准許之彌償保證條文

本公司之組織章程細則規定,全體董事及本公 司管理人員,均可從本公司的資產及利潤獲得 彌償,該等人士就各自的職務或執行其職責時 因所作出、發生的作為或不作為而招致或蒙受 的所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支, 可獲確保免就此受任何損害。

Upon the expiry of the previous insurance cover in year 2020, the Company did not arrange appropriate insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors as it took time for the Company to solicit a suitable insurer at reasonable commercial terms and conditions.

## **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for an initial fixed term of three years, expiring at the end of the initial term or at any time thereafter, unless terminated by not less than three (3) months' notice in writing served by either party or by the payment of the equivalent of three (3) months salary in lieu of such notice by either party, subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment pursuant to the Articles and thereafter subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meeting at least once every three years according to the provisions of the Articles, the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable laws.

The non-executive Director was appointed for a specific term of three years subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM pursuant to the articles of association of the Company. The appointment of non-executive Director will continue thereafter until terminated by either party giving not less than three months' prior written notice to the other or the payment of three-month salary in lieu of notice.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors was appointed for a specific term of three years, unless terminated by not less than one-(1) month' notice in writing served by either party and subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment pursuant to the Articles and thereafter subject to retirement by rotation and reelection at annual general meeting at least once every three years according to the provisions of the Articles, the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable laws. 於過往保險保障於二零二零年屆滿後,由於本 公司需要時間按合理商業條款及條件招攬合 適的保險公司,故本公司並無就針對其董事的 法律行動安排適當保險保障。

#### 董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,初步固 定年期為三年,直至初步任期結束時或其後任 何時間屆滿,除非任何一方發出不少於三(3)個 月之書面通知或任何一方支付相當於三(3)個月 薪金作代通知金予以終止,惟須根據細則於其 獲委任後之首個股東週年大會上輪值退任及 膺選連任,其後須根據細則、GEM上市規則及 其他適用法例的規定最少每三年於股東週年 大會上輪值退任及膺選連任一次。

非執行董事獲委任之指定任期為三年,惟須根 據本公司組織章程細則於股東週年大會上輪 值退任及膺選連任。非執行董事之委任將持 續,直至任何一方向另一方發出不少於三個月 之事先書面通知或支付三個月薪金作代通知 金予以終止。

各獨立非執行董事獲委任之指定任期為三年,除非任何一方發出不少於一(1)個月之書面通知 予以終止,並須根據細則於其獲委任後之首個 股東週年大會上輪值退任及膺選連任,其後須 根據細則、GEM上市規則及其他適用法例的規 定最少每三年於股東週年大會上輪值退任及 膺選連任一次。

None of the Directors has a service contract with any member of the Group which does not expire or is not determinable by the relevant employer within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS**

The biographical details of Directors as at the date of this report are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors" section on pages 30 to 33 of this report.

# **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contract, other than employment contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group was entered into or existed during the year.

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACT

Save as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Connected Transactions", no contract of significance to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party, and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

## **REMUNERATION POLICY**

Remuneration is determined with reference to the nature of job, performance, qualifications and experience of individual employees, as well as the result of the Group and the market trend. The Group carries out staff performance appraisal once a year and the assessment result is used for salary reviews and promotion decisions. The Group recognises the importance of staff training and thus regularly provides internal and external training for its staff to enhance their skills and knowledge.

The remuneration of the Directors is determined with reference to the duties and level of responsibilities of each Director, the remuneration policy of the Group and the prevailing market conditions. 概無董事與本集團任何成員公司訂立不會於 一年內屆滿或有關僱主不得於一年內終止而 毋須支付任何賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務 合約。

# 董事履歷詳情

董事於本報告日期的履歷詳情載於本報告第 30頁至第33頁「董事履歷詳情」一節。

# 管理合約

除僱傭合約外,本年度並無訂立或存在任何有 關本集團全部或任何重大部分業務的管理與 行政之合約。

### 董事於合約中的權益

除「關連交易」一段所披露者外,於年終或本年 度任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂 立董事於其中直接或間接擁有重大權益之重 大合約。

# 薪酬政策

薪酬乃參考個別僱員的工作性質、表現、資歷 及經驗以及本集團業績及市場趨勢釐定。本集 團每年進行一次員工表現評估,評估結果用作 薪金檢討及晉升決定。本集團認可員工培訓的 重要性,因而定期為員工提供內部及外部培 訓,以提升彼等的技能及知識。

董事薪酬乃參考各董事的職務及職責水平、本 集團的薪酬政策以及當時的市況釐定。

# REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and of the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 13 and 14 to the Financial Statements.

# **PENSION SCHEMES**

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the MPF Scheme vest immediately.

Pursuant to the relevant labour laws, rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group participates in defined contribution retirement benefit scheme (the "Retirement Benefit Scheme") organised by the relevant local government authorities in the PRC whereby the Group is required to make contributions to the Retirement Benefit Scheme at a certain rate of the standard wages determined by the relevant authorities in the PRC during the year. Contributions to the Retirement Benefit Scheme temperature benefit Scheme vest immediately.

During the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, the Group had no forfeited contributions under the MPF Scheme and the Retirement Benefits Scheme utilised to reduce the existing levels of contributions. As at 31 March 2024 and 2023, there was no forfeited contribution under the MPF Scheme and Retirement Benefit Scheme which may be used by the Group to reduce the contribution payable in the future years.

Particulars of the pension schemes are set out in note 14 to the Financial Statements.

#### 董事及五名最高薪人士之薪酬

本集團董事及五名最高薪人士之薪酬詳情載 於財務報表附註13及14。

## 退休金計劃

本集團根據香港法例第485章強制性公積金計 劃條例實施一項強制性公積金計劃(「強積金 計劃」),對象為香港法例第57章僱傭條例管轄 範圍下之僱員。強積金計劃乃一項定額供款退 休計劃,由獨立受託人負責管理。根據強積金 計劃,僱主及其僱員各自須按僱員有關收入的 5%向強積金計劃作出供款,每月有關收入的 上限為30,000港元。向強積金計劃作出的供款 乃即時歸屬。

根據中國相關勞動法例、條例及規例,本集團 參與一項由中國有關地方政府機關組織的界 定供款退休福利計劃(「退休福利計劃」),據 此,本集團須於本年度按中國相關機關釐定的 標準工資之一定比率向退休福利計劃作出供 款。退休福利計劃之供款乃即時歸屬。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一日 止年度,本集團並無強積金計劃項下的供款遭 沒收,亦無利用退休福利計劃來降低現有供款 水平。於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一 日,強積金計劃及退休福利計劃下概無被沒收 的供款可供本集團用於減少未來年度應付的 供款。

退休金計劃之詳情載於財務報表附註14。

# SHARE OPTION SCHEME

A share option scheme was adopted and approved by the shareholders of the Company on 11 August 2010. The share option scheme expired on 10 August 2020. No share options have been granted pursuant to the share option scheme during the year ended 31 March 2024.

The Board has resolved to propose the adoption of a new share option scheme for the approval by the shareholders of the Company. The purpose of the new share option scheme is to provide incentive or reward to eligible persons for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group or any entity in which the Group holds any equity interest.

The new share option scheme will constitute a share option scheme under Chapter 23 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Board will propose the new share option scheme for shareholders' approval at a general meeting of the Company to be convened in due course for the purposes of, among other things, seeking the approval from the shareholders of the Company for the adoption of the share option scheme and authorising the Board to grant the share options pursuant to the share option scheme and to allot and issue the shares of the Company pursuant to the exercise of the share options. As at the date of this report, the new share option scheme remains subject to the obtaining of (i) the approval from the shareholders of the Company at a general meeting of the Company to be convened in due course; and (ii) the approval from the Stock Exchange for the listing and trading of any Shares to be issued under the share options that may be granted under the new share option scheme.

## 購股權計劃

本公司股東已於二零一零年八月十一日採納 及批准購股權計劃。購股權計劃於二零二零年 八月十日屆滿。於截至二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度,並無根據購股權計劃授出購股權。

董事會已決議提呈採納新購股權計劃以供本 公司股東批准。新購股權計劃之目的為鼓勵或 獎賞合資格人士對本集團所作出之貢獻及/ 或使本集團可聘請及挽留優秀僱員及吸引對 本集團或任何本集團持有其任何股本權益的 實體具價值之人力資源。

新購股權計劃將構成GEM上市規則第23章項 下之購股權計劃。董事會將於本公司股東大會 上提呈新購股權計劃以待股東批准,大會將於 適當時候召開,藉以(其中包括)尋求本公司股 東批准採納購股權計劃及授權董事會根據購 股權計劃授出購股權及根據購股權之行使配 發及發行本公司股份。於本報告日期,新購股 權計劃仍須待取得(i)本公司股東於將在適當時 候召開之本公司股東大會上之批准;及(ii)聯交 所批准根據新購股權計劃可能授出之購股權 項下將予發行之任何股份之上市及買賣。

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES OR DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 March 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions in which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by Directors as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules, were as follows:

# 董事及主要行政人員於本公司及其相聯法 團的股份、相關股份或債權證的權益及淡 倉

於二零二四年三月三十一日,董事及本公司主 要行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證 券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及債 權證中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第 7及第8分部知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉 (包括根據證券及期貨條例的有關條文彼等 被當作或視作擁有的權益及淡倉);或根據證 券及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該條所述登記 冊的權益及淡倉;或根據GEM上市規則第5.46 條所述董事進行交易的規定標準須知會本公 司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

於股份的好倉:

#### Percentage of aggregate interests to Number of total issued Capacity/Nature of interest Shares held share capital Name 總權益佔全部 已發行股本的 姓名 身份/權益性質 所持股份數目 百分比 Mr. Kan (Note) Interest in controlled corporation 1,257,621,377 31.01% 簡先生(附註) 於受控制法團之權益 附註: Notes: Mr. Kan is the sole beneficial owner of Shunleetat, which was interested in 簡先生為Shunleetat的唯一實益擁有人,而Shunleetat擁

Mr. Kan is the sole beneficial owner of Shunleetat, which was interested in 1,257,621,377 Shares. Under the SFO, Mr. Kan is deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Shunleetat.

簡先生為Shunleetat的唯一實益擁有人,而Shunleetat擁 有1,257,621,377股股份的權益。根據證券及期貨條例, 簡先生被視為擁有Shunleetat所持全部股份的權益。

#### Long position in the Shares:

Saved as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2024, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any other interests or short positions in any Shares, underlying Shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the required standard of dealings by Directors as referred to in Rule 5.46 of the GEM Listing Rules.

# SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

So far as was known to the Directors, as at 31 March 2024, the following persons/entities (other than the Directors or chief executive of the Company) had, or are deemed to have, interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or who were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group or who/which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO with details as follows:

除上文披露者外,於二零二四年三月三十一 日,概無董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司 或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部) 的任何股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有須根據 證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部知會本 公司及聯交所的任何其他權益或淡倉(包括根 據證券及期貨條例的有關條文彼等被當作或 視作擁有的權益或淡倉);或根據證券及期貨 條例第352條須記錄於該條所述登記冊的任何 其他權益或淡倉;或根據GEM上市規則第5.46 條所述董事進行交易的規定標準須知會本公 司及聯交所的任何其他權益或淡倉。

# 主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份及相關 股份的權益及淡倉

就董事所知,於二零二四年三月三十一日,下 列人士/實體(董事或本公司主要行政人員除 外)於本公司股份、相關股份或債權證擁有或 被視作擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2 及第3分部的條文須向本公司披露的權益或淡 倉,或直接或間接擁有可於任何情況下在本集 團任何成員公司的股東大會上投票的任何類 別股本面值5%或以上的權益或淡倉,或擁有 記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須 存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉,詳情如下:

#### Long position in the Shares:

Notes:

## 於股份的好倉:

		Number of Shares held 所持股份數目	Number of underlying Shares under convertible notes (Note a) 可換股票據項下之相關股份數目 (附註a)			
		Beneficial owner	Beneficial owner	Interest in controlled corporation	Total interests	Percentage of aggregate interests to total issued share capital (Note c) 總權益佔已發行
Name	名稱	實益擁有人	實益擁有人	於受控制 法團之權益	總權益	<b>股本總數百分比</b> <i>(附註c)</i>
Shunleetat	Shunleetat	1,257,621,377	-	-	1,257,621,377	31.01%
China Xinhua NNC	中國新華新聞電視網	-	1,311,378,622 <i>(Note b)</i> <i>(附註b)</i>	-	1,311,378,622	32.34%
中國新華新聞電視網 有限公司 ("CNC China")	中國新華新聞電視網有限公司 (「中國新華新聞電視網 (中國)」)	-	-	1,311,378,622 <i>(Note b)</i> <i>(附註b)</i>	1,311,378,622	32.34%

 (a) Details of the convertible notes were set out in the circulars of the Company dated 19 November 2011, 6 January 2015, 17 January 2018, 16 January 2019, 18 May 2021 and 15 March 2024.

(b) China Xinhua NNC is wholly and beneficially owned by CNC China. Accordingly, CNC China is deemed to be interested in 1,311,378,622 underlying Shares held by China Xinhua NNC under the SFO.

(c) The percentage of aggregate interests to total issued share capital is calculated based on the number of shares in issue as at the 31 March 2024 (i.e. 4,055,349,947 Shares).

Saved as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2024, the Directors were not aware of any other person/entity (other than the Directors or chief executive as disclosed in the paragraph headed "Directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company and its associated corporations" above) who which had, or is deemed to have, interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or who which were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any member of the Group or who/which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

附註:

- (a) 有關可換股票據的詳情載於本公司日期為二零 一一年十一月十九日、二零一五年一月六日、二 零一八年一月十七日、二零一九年一月十六日、 二零二一年五月十八日及二零二四年三月十五日 的通函內。
- (b) 中國新華新聞電視網由中國新華新聞電視網(中國)全資及實益擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,中國新華新聞電視網(中國)被視為擁有中國新華新聞電視網所持有的1,311,378,622股相關股份的權益。
- (c) 總權益佔已發行股本總數百分比乃根據於二 零二四年三月三十一日之已發行股份數目(即 4,055,349,947股股份)計算。

除上文披露者外,於二零二四年三月三十一 日,就董事所知,概無任何其他人士/實體(並 非上文「董事及主要行政人員於本公司及其相 聯法團的股份、相關股份或債權證的權益及淡 倉」一段所披露之董事或主要行政人員)於本公 司股份、相關股份或債權證擁有或被視為擁有 根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的 條文須向本公司披露的權益或淡倉,或直接或 間接擁有可於任何情況下在本集團任何成員 公司的股東大會上投票的任何類別股本面值 5%或以上的權益或淡倉,或擁有記錄於本公 司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記 冊之權益或淡倉。

## **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Details of the equity-linked agreements entered into during the year or subsisting at the end of the year and up to date of this report are set out below:

On 9 December 2011, the Company issued convertible notes with the principal amount of approximately HK\$607,030,000, carried interest at the rate of 5% per annum as part of the consideration for the acquisition of Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific Operating Company Limited. Each note entitles the holder to convert to ordinary shares at a conversion price of approximately HK\$0.196 per share. Conversion may occur at any time between 9 December 2011 and 8 December 2014. If the notes have not been converted, the Company would redeem on 9 December 2014 at the outstanding principal amount. Interest of 5% per annum would be paid annually until the notes are converted or redeemed.

On 9 December 2014, the Company entered into the first supplemental deed with China Xinhua NNC pursuant to which the Company and China Xinhua NNC agreed to amend certain terms and conditions of the convertible notes (the "Existing Convertible Bonds"), where (i) the maturity date of the outstanding convertible notes with outstanding principal amount of HK\$277,030,210 was extended for 3 years and the conversion period was accordingly extended for 3 years to 9 December 2017; and (ii) the interest rate of the convertible notes was amended from 5% per annum to 3% per annum for the extended period, being from 9 December 2014 to 9 December 2017. Except for above-mentioned, the other terms remained unchanged. If the notes have not been converted, the Company will redeem on 9 December 2017 at the outstanding principal amount. Interest of 3% per annum will be paid annually until the notes are converted or redeemed.

## 權益掛鈎協議

於本年度訂立或於年末及直至本報告日期存 續之權益掛鈎協議之詳情載列如下:

於二零一一年十二月九日,本公司發行本金額 為約607,030,000港元,按年利率5%計息之可 換股票據,作為收購新華電視亞太台運營有限 公司之部分代價。每份票據賦予持有人權利 按每股股份約0.196港元之換股價兌換為普通 股。可換股票據可於二零一一年十二月九日至 二零一四年十二月八日期間內隨時兌換。倘票 據尚未兌換,本公司將於二零一四年十二月九 日贖回未行使本金額。於票據獲兌換或贖回之 前,須按5%之年利率每年支付一次利息。

於二零一四年十二月九日,本公司與中國新華 新聞電視網訂立第一份補充契據,據此,本公 司與中國新華新聞電視網同意修訂可換股票據 (「現有可換股票據」)之若干條款及條件,其 中(i)尚未行使本金額為277,030,210港元之尚未 兌換可換股票據之到期日延長三年,且兌換期 相應延長三年至二零一七年十二月九日;及 (ii)延長期間(即二零一四年十二月九日至二零 一七年十二月九日)之可換股票據之利率由每 年5%修訂為每年3%。除上文所述者外,其他 條款維持不變。倘票據尚未獲兌換,本公司將 於二零一七年十二月九日按尚未行使本金額 將其贖回。於票據獲兌換或贖回之前,須按3% 之年利率每年支付一次利息。

On 13 December 2017, the Company entered into the second supplemental deed with China Xinhua NNC pursuant to which the Company and China Xinhua NNC agreed to amend term and condition of the Existing Convertible Bonds, where the maturity date of the outstanding convertible notes with outstanding principal amount of HK\$257,030,210 was extended for 1 year and the conversion period was accordingly extended for 1 year to 9 December 2018. Except for above-mentioned, the other terms remained unchanged. If the notes have not been converted, the Company will redeem on 9 December 2018 at the outstanding principal amount. Interest of 3% per annum will be paid annually until the notes are converted or redeemed.

On 9 December 2018, the Company entered into the third supplemental deed with China Xinhua NNC pursuant to which the Company and China Xinhua NNC agreed to amend term and condition of the Existing Convertible Bonds, where the maturity date of the outstanding convertible notes with outstanding principal amount of HK\$257,030,210 was extended for 2 years and the conversion period was accordingly extended for 2 years to 9 December 2020. Except for above-mentioned, the other terms remained unchanged. If the notes have not been converted, the Company will redeem on 9 December 2020 at the outstanding principal amount. Interest of 3% per annum will be paid annually until the notes are converted or redeemed.

On 25 January 2021, the Company entered into the fourth supplemental deed with China Xinhua NNC pursuant to which the Company and China Xinhua NNC agreed to amend term and condition of the Existing Convertible Bonds, where the maturity date of the outstanding convertible notes with outstanding principal amount of HK\$257,030,210 was extended for 1 year and the conversion period was accordingly extended for 1 year to 9 December 2021. Except for above-mentioned, the other terms remained unchanged. If the notes have not been converted, the Company will redeem on 9 December 2021 at the outstanding principal amount. Interest of 3% per annum will be paid annually until the notes are converted or redeemed.

於二零一七年十二月十三日,本公司與中國新 華新聞電視網訂立第二份補充契據,據此,本 公司與中國新華新聞電視網同意修訂現有可 換股票據之條款及條件,其中尚未行使本金額 為257,030,210港元之尚未兌換可換股票據之 到期日延長一年,且兌換期相應延長一年至二 零一八年十二月九日。除上文所述者外,其他 條款維持不變。倘票據尚未獲兌換,本公司將 於二零一八年十二月九日按尚未行使本金額 將其贖回。於票據獲兌換或贖回之前,須按3% 之年利率每年支付一次利息。

於二零一八年十二月九日,本公司與中國新華 新聞電視網訂立第三份補充契據,據此,本公 司與中國新華新聞電視網同意修訂現有可換 股票據之條款及條件,其中尚未行使本金額為 257,030,210港元之尚未兌換可換股票據之到 期日延長兩年,且兌換期相應延長兩年至二零 二零年十二月九日。除上文所述者外,其他條 款維持不變。倘票據未獲兌換,本公司將於二 零二零年十二月九日按尚未行使本金額將其 贖回。於票據獲兌換或贖回之前,須按3%之年 利率每年支付一次利息。

於二零二一年一月二十五日,本公司與中國新 華新聞電視網訂立第四份補充契據,據此,本 公司與中國新華新聞電視網同意修訂現有可 換股票據之條款及條件,其中尚未行使本金額 為257,030,210港元之尚未兌換可換股票據之 到期日延長一年,且兌換期相應延長一年至二 零二一年十二月九日。除上文所述者外,其他 條款維持不變。倘票據未獲兌換,本公司將於 二零二一年十二月九日按尚未行使本金額將 其贖回。於票據獲兌換或贖回之前,須按3%之 年利率每年支付一次利息。

On 5 February 2024, the Company entered into the fifth supplemental deed (the "Fifth Supplemental Deed") with the holder of the outstanding Existing Convertible Bonds, pursuant to which the maturity date of the outstanding Existing Convertible Bonds was extended to 9 December 2025. The interest rate of the Existing Convertible Bonds shall be retrospectively reduced from 3% to 0.8% per annum from 10 December 2021 to 9 December 2025. The fifth amendments of terms and conditions had been approved by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the shareholder of the Company. Further details of the Fifth Supplemental Deed of convertible bonds were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 15 January 2024 and 5 February 2024 and the circular (the "Circular") of the Company dated 15 March 2024. The holder of the Existing Convertible Bonds is mandatorily required to convert the outstanding principal amount of the Existing Convertible Bonds as at 9 December 2025 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Fifth Supplemental Deed.

On 15 April 2024, the Company issued certain convertible bonds (the "Convertible Bonds A") in the principal amount of HK\$64,127,855, which are convertible into 327,182,933 shares due on 9 December 2025 at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.196 per conversion share. The issue of the Convertible Bonds A had been approved by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the shareholder of the Company. Further details of the Convertible Bonds A were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 15 January 2024 and 5 February 2024 and the Circular. The holder of the Convertible Bonds A is mandatorily required to convert the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Bonds A as at 9 December 2025 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the subscription agreement in respect of the Convertible Bonds A. The conversion price has been adjusted to HK\$19.6 per conversion share after the effective date of share consolidation on 19 June 2024.

於二零二四年二月五日,本公司與尚未行使 現有可換股債券之持有人訂立第五份補充契 據(「第五份補充契據」),據此,尚未行使現有 可換股債券之到期日延長至二零二五年十二 月九日。現有可換股債券的年利率於二零二一 年十二月十日至二零二五年十二月九日將由 3%追溯下調至0.8%。第五次修訂條款及條件 已獲香港聯合交易所有限公司及本公司股東 批准。有關可換股債券之第五份補充契據之進 一步詳情載於本公司日期為二零二四年一月 十五日及二零二四年二月五日之公佈以及本 公司日期為二零二四年三月十五日之通函(「通 函」)。現有可換股債券之持有人須根據第五份 補充契據之條款及條件於二零二五年十二月 九日強制轉換現有可換股債券之未償還本金 額。

於二零二四年四月十五日,本公司發行本金額 為64,127,855港元之若干可換股債券(「可換股 債券A」),可按初步換股價每股換股股份0.196 港元轉換為於二零二五年十二月九日到期之 327,182,933股股份。可換股債券A之發行已獲 香港聯合交易所有限公司及本公司股東批准。 可換股債券A之進一步詳情載於本公司日期為 二零二四年一月十五日及二零二四年二月五 日之公佈及通函。可換股債券A之持有人須根 據可換股債券A之認購協議條款及條件於二零 二五年十二月九日強制轉換可換股債券A之未 償還本金額。於股份合併生效日期二零二四年 六月十九日後,換股價已調整為每股換股股份 19.6港元。

On 15 April 2024, the Company issued certain convertible bonds (the "Convertible Bonds B") in the principal amount of HK\$16,240,000, which are convertible into 82,857,142 shares due on 9 December 2025 at the initial conversion price of HK\$0,196 per conversion share. The issue of the Convertible Bonds B had been approved by The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the shareholder of the Company. Further details of the Convertible Bonds B were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 15 January 2024 and 5 February 2024 and the Circular. The holder of the Convertible Bonds B is mandatorily required to convert the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Bonds B as at 9 December 2025 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the subscription agreement in respect of the Convertible Bonds B. The conversion price has been adjusted to HK\$19.6 per conversion share after the effective date of share consolidation on 19 June 2024.

於二零二四年四月十五日,本公司發行本金額 為16,240,000港元之若干可換股債券(「可換股 債券B」),可按初步換股價每股換股股份0.196 港元轉換為於二零二五年十二月九日到期之 82,857,142股股份。可換股債券B之發行已獲 香港聯合交易所有限公司及本公司股東批准。 可換股債券B之進一步詳情載於本公司日期為 二零二四年一月十五日及二零二四年二月五 日之公佈及通函。可換股債券B之持有人須根 據可換股債券B之認購協議條款及條件於二零 二五年十二月九日強制轉換可換股債券B之未 償還本金額。於股份合併生效日期二零二四年 六月十九日後,換股價已調整為每股換股股份 19.6港元。

# DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this report, none of the Directors and their respective associates including spouses and children under 18 years of age was granted by the Company or its subsidiaries any right to acquire Shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate, or had exercised any such right during the year ended 31 March 2024.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE SHARES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Shares during the year ended 31 March 2024.

## SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public throughout the year ended 31 March 2024 and as at the date of this report.

#### 董事購買股份或債權證的權利

除本報告所披露者外,截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度,概無董事及彼等各自的聯繫 人(包括配偶及未滿18歲的子女)獲本公司或其 附屬公司授出任何權利可購買本公司或任何 其他法人團體的股份或債權證,亦無行使任何 有關權利。

#### 購買、出售或贖回股份

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本公司 或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回任何 股份。

### 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司取得之公開資料及據董事所知,截 至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度及於本報 告日期,公眾持有本公司已發行股本總數不低 於25%。

## **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association and the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

## **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

During the year, the Group entered into following connected transactions:

- (i) On 5 February 2024, the Company, as issuer and the Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, an executive director and the shareholder of the Company, as subscriber, entered into the share subscription agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue, and Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, an aggregate of 1,666,666,667 subscription shares at the share subscription price of HK\$0.012 per subscription share at a total consideration of HK\$20,000,000. The allotment and issuance of subscription share has been completed on 15 April 2024.
- (ii) On 5 February 2024, the Company, as issuer, and China Xinhua NNC, as bondholder, entered into the Fifth Supplemental Deed to amend certain terms of the Existing Convertible Bonds to which the maturity date of the outstanding Existing Convertible Bonds was extended to 9 December 2025. The interest rate of the Existing Convertible Bonds shall be retrospectively reduced from 3% to 0.8% per annum from 10 December 2021 to 9 December 2025. The Fifth Supplemental Deed took effect on 15 April 2024.
- (iii) On 5 February 2024, the Company, as issuer, and China Xinhua NNC, as subscriber, entered into the convertible bonds subscription agreement (the "CB Subscription Agreement A"), pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue, and China Xinhua NNC has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, the Convertible Bonds A in the principal amount of HK\$64,127,855 due on 9 December 2025 at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.196 per Conversion Share. The completion of the issuance of the Convertible Bonds A took place on 15 April 2024.

### 優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則及開曼群島法例並無 載有優先購買權條文,以規定本公司須按比例 基準向現有股東發售新股份。

## 關連交易

於本年度,本集團訂立以下關連交易:

- (i) 於二零二四年二月五日,本公司(作為發行人)與本公司執行董事兼股東簡國祥先生(作為認購人)訂立股份認購協議,據此,本公司有條件同意配發及發行,而簡國祥先生有條件同意認購合共1,666,666,667股認購股份,股份認購價為每股認購股份0.012港元,總代價為20,000,000港元。配發及發行認購股份已於二零二四年四月十五日完成。
- (ii) 於二零二四年二月五日,本公司(作為發行人)與中國新華新聞電視網(作為債券持有人)訂立第五份補充契據,以修訂現有可換股債券之若干條款,據此,未償還現有可換股債券之到期日已延長至二零二五年十二月九日。現有可換股債券之年利率將於二零二一年十二月十日至二零二五年十二月九日由3%追溯下調至0.8%。第五份補充契據於二零二四年四月十五日生效。
- (iii) 於二零二四年二月五日,本公司(作為發行人)與中國新華新聞電視網(作為認購人)訂立可換股債券認購協議(「可換股債券認購協議A」),據此,本公司有條件同意發行,而中國新華新聞電視網有條件同意認購本金額為64,127,855港元之可換股債券A,到期日為二零二五年十二月九日,初步換股價為每股換股股份0.196港元。發行可換股債券A於二零二四年四月十五日完成。

(iv) On 5 February 2024, the Company, as issuer, and China Xinhua NNC, as subscriber, entered into the convertible bonds subscription agreement (the "CB Subscription Agreement B"), pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to issue, and China Xinhua NNC has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, the Convertible Bonds B in the principal amount of HK\$16,240,000 due on 9 December 2025 at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.196 per Conversion Share. The completion of the issuance of the Convertible Bonds B took place on 15 April 2024.

#### **GEM LISTING RULES IMPLICATIONS**

(i) Share Subscription

Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung is an executive Director and shareholder of the Company, and is therefore a connected person of the Company under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. Accordingly, the share subscription constitutes a connected transaction on the part of the Company and is subject to the reporting, announcement, circular and Independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

(ii) Convertible Bonds

Pursuant to Rule 34.05 of the GEM Listing Rules, any alteration in the terms of convertible debt securities after issue must be approved by the Stock Exchange, except where the alteration takes effect automatically under the existing terms of such convertible debt securities. The Company has applied to the Stock Exchange for its approval of the Fifth Amendment of Terms contemplated under the Fifth Supplemental Deed pursuant to Rule 34.05 of the GEM Listing Rules. China Xinhua NNC is a substantial Shareholder at the date of entering into the Fifth Supplemental Deed, CB Subscription Agreement A and CB Subscription Agreement B and therefore a connected person of the Company under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules. Accordingly, the (1) entering into of Fifth Supplemental Deed with China Xinhua NNC; and (2) the issue of the Convertible Bonds A and Convertible Bonds B to China Xinhua NNC, constitute connected transactions on the part of the Company and is subject to the reporting, announcement, circular and Independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

(iv) 於二零二四年二月五日,本公司(作為發行人)與中國新華新聞電視網(作為認購人)訂立可換股債券認購協議(「可換股債券認購協議B」),據此,本公司有條件同意發行,而中國新華新聞電視網有條件同意認購本金額為16,240,000港元之可換股債券B,到期日為二零二五年十二月九日,初步換股價為每股換股股份0.196港元。發行可換股債券B於二零二四年四月十五日完成。

### GEM上市規則的涵義

(i) 股份認購事項

簡國祥先生為本公司執行董事兼股東,因此根據GEM上市規則第二十章為本公司的關連人士。因此,股份認購事項構成本公司的關連交易,並須遵守GEM上市規則 第二十章項下的申報、公告、通函及獨立股東批准規定。

## (ii) 可換股債券

根據GEM上市規則第34.05條,可換股債 務證券條款於發行後的任何修訂均須獲 聯交所批准,惟該修訂根據有關可換股債 務證券的現有條款自動生效則除外。本公 司已根據GEM上市規則第34.05條向聯交 所申請批准第五份補充契據項下擬進行 的第五次修訂條款。於訂立第五份補充契 據、可換股債券認購協議A及可換股債券 認購協議B日期,中國新華新聞電視網為 主要股東,因此根據GEM上市規則第二十 章為本公司關連人士。因此,(i)與中國新 華新聞電視網訂立第五份補充契據;及(ii) 向中國新華新聞電視網發行可換股債券A 及可換股債券B構成本公司的關連交易, 並須遵守GEM上市規則第二十章項下的 申報、公告、通函及獨立股東批准規定。

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors, controlling Shareholders and their respective associates has any other conflict of interests with the Group during the year ended 31 March 2024.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Details of the Group's corporate governance practices are set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" section on pages 34 to 71 of this report.

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

On 5 February 2024, the Company, as issuer and the Mr. (i) Kan Kwok Cheung, an executive director and the shareholder of the Company, as subscriber, entered into the share subscription agreement, pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to allot and issue, and the Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung has conditionally agreed to subscribe for, an aggregate of 1,666,666,667 subscription shares at the share subscription price of HK\$0.012 per subscription share at a total consideration of HK\$20,000,000. The share subscription has been completed on 15 April 2024. The gross and net proceeds from Share Subscription are HK\$20,000,000 and approximately HK\$19,900,000, respectively, of which (i) HK\$10,355,700 has been used for the repayment of its outstanding indebtedness of the Group which includes (a) an amount of HK\$2,008,844 due to Xinhua News Agency Audio News Desk (新華音像中心), being a whollyowned subsidiary of Xinhua News Agency (新華社) and a fellow subsidiary of the China Xinhua NNC; and (b) part of outstanding broadcasting fee in the amount of HK\$8,346,856 owed to the China Xinhua NNC as a service provider to the Group; and (ii) the remaining amount of approximately HK\$9,500,000 will be used for the general working capital of the Group.

除上文披露者外,截至二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度期間,董事、控股股東及彼等各自的 聯繫人概無與本集團有任何其他利益衝突。

# 企業管治

本集團企業管治常規之詳情載於本報告第34 頁至第71頁的「企業管治報告」一節。

### 報告期後事項

於二零二四年二月五日,本公司(作為 (i) 發行人)與本公司執行董事兼股東簡國 祥先生(作為認購人)訂立股份認購協 議,據此,本公司有條件同意配發及發 行,而簡國祥先生有條件同意認購合共 1.666.666.667股認購股份,股份認購價 為每股認購股份0.012港元,總代價為 20,000,000港元。股份認購事項已於二零 二四年四月十五日完成。股份認購事項所 得款項總額及淨額分別為20.000.000港元 及約19,900,000港元,其中(i)10,355,700港 元已用作償還本集團之未償還債務,其中 包括(a)應付新華音像中心(即新華社之全) 資附屬公司及中國新華新聞電視網之同 系附屬公司) 之款項2,008,844港元; 及(b) 應付中國新華新聞電視網(為本集團之服 務供應商)部分未償還播放費8.346.856港 元;及(ii)餘額約9,500,000港元將用作本集 團之一般營運資金。

- (ii) On 5 February 2024, the Company, as issuer, and China Xinhua NNC, as holder of the Existing Convertible Bonds, entered into the Fifth Supplemental Deed to amend certain terms of the Existing Convertible Bonds to which the maturity date of the outstanding Existing Convertible Bonds was extended to 9 December 2025. The interest rate of the Existing Convertible Bonds shall be retrospectively reduced from 3% to 0.8% per annum from 10 December 2021 to 9 December 2025. A. The Fifth Supplemental Deed has been approved by independent shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company on 8 April 2024 and the Stock Exchange. Fifth Supplemental Deed took effect on 15 April 2024.
- (iii) On 15 April 2024, the Company issued the Convertible Bonds A in the principal amount of HK\$64,127,855, which are due on 9 December 2025. Further details of the Convertible Bonds A were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 15 January 2024 and 5 February 2024 and the Circular. The holder of the Convertible Bonds A is mandatorily required to convert the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Bonds A as at 9 December 2025 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the subscription agreement in respect of the Convertible Bonds A at initial conversion price of HK\$0.196 per conversion share. The conversion price has been adjusted to HK\$19.6 per conversion share after the effective date of share consolidation on 19 June 2024. The issuance of Convertible Bonds A has been approved by independent shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company on 8 April 2024 and the Stock Exchange. The completion of the issuance of the Convertible Bonds A took place on 15 April 2024.
- (ii) 於二零二四年二月五日,本公司(作為發 行人)與中國新華新聞電視網(作為現有可 換股債券持有人)訂立第五份補充契據, 以修訂現有可換股債券之若干條款,據 此,未償還現有可換股債券之到期日已延 長至二零二五年十二月九日。現有可換股 債券之年利率將於二零二一年十二月十 日至二零二五年十二月九日由3%追溯下 調至0.8%。第五份補充契據已於二零二四 年四月八日在本公司股東特別大會上獲 獨立股東批准,亦獲得聯交所批准。第五 份補充契據於二零二四年四月十五日生 效。
- 於二零二四年四月十五日,本公司發行本 (iii) 金額為64,127,855港元之可換股債券A, 到期日為二零二五年十二月九日。可換股 債券A之進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二 零二四年一月十五日及二零二四年二月 五日之公佈及通函。可換股債券A之持有 人須根據可換股債券A之認購協議條款及 條件,按初步換股價每股換股股份0.196 港元於二零二五年十二月九日強制轉換 可換股債券A之未償還本金額。換股價 已於股份合併生效日期二零二四年六月 十九日後調整至每股換股股份19.6港元。 可換股債券A之發行已於二零二四年四月 八日在本公司股東特別大會上獲獨立股 東批准,亦獲得聯交所批准。發行可換股 債券A於二零二四年四月十五日完成。

- (iv) On 15 April 2024, the Company issued the Convertible Bonds B in the principal amount of HK\$16,240,000, which are due on 9 December 2025. Further details of the Convertible Bonds B were set out in the announcements of the Company dated 15 January 2024 and 5 February 2024 and the Circular. The holder of the Convertible Bonds B is mandatorily required to convert the outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Bonds B as at 9 December 2025 in accordance with the terms and conditions of the subscription agreement in respect of the Convertible Bonds B at initial conversion price of HK\$0.196 per conversion share. The conversion price has been adjusted to HK\$19.6 per conversion share after the effective date of share. The issuance of Convertible Bonds B has been approved by independent shareholders at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company on 8 April 2024 and the Stock Exchange. The completion of the issuance of the Convertible Bonds B took place on 15 April 2024.
- (v) On 15 April 2024, the Board resolved to approve the change of the English name and dual foreign name in Chinese of the Company from "CNC Holdings Limited 中國新華電視控股 有限公司" to "Tsun Yip Holdings Limited 進業控股有限公 司". The proposed change of name has been approved by shareholders at extraordinary general meeting of the Company on 31 May 2024. The Certificate of Incorporation on Change of Name was issued by the Registrar of Companies in the Cayman Islands on 7 June 2024, certifying that the English name of the Company has been changed from "CNC Holdings Limited" to ""Tsun Yip Holdings Limited" and the dual foreign name of the Company from "中國新華電視控股有限公 司"" to "進業控股有限公司". As at the date of this report, all necessary filing procedures with the Companies Registry in Hong Kong are still underway.
- (iv) 於二零二四年四月十五日,本公司發行本 金額為16,240,000港元之可換股債券B, 到期日為二零二五年十二月九日。可換股 債券B之進一步詳情載於本公司日期為二 零二四年一月十五日及二零二四年二月 五日之公佈及通函。可換股債券B之持有 人須根據可換股債券B之認購協議條款及 條件,按初步換股價每股換股股份0.196 港元於二零二五年十二月九日強制轉換 可換股債券B之未償還本金額。換股價已 於股份合併生效日期後調整至每股換股 股份19.6港元。可换股債券B之發行已於 二零二四年四月八日在本公司股東特別 大會上獲獨立股東批准,亦獲得聯交所批 准。發行可換股債券B於二零二四年四月 十五日完成。
- (v) 於二零二四年四月十五日,董事會議決 批准將本公司之英文名稱及雙重中文外 文名稱由「CNC Holdings Limited 中國新 華電視控股有限公司」更改為「Tsun Yip Holdings Limited 進業控股有限公司」。建 議更改名稱已於二零二四年五月三十一 日在本公司股東特別大會上獲股東批准。 開曼群島公司註冊處處長已於二零二四 年六月七日發出名稱更改註冊證書,證 明本公司的英文名稱由「CNC Holdings Limited」更改為「Tsun Yip Holdings Limited」 及本公司的中文雙重外文名稱由「中國新 華電視控股有限公司」更改為「進業控股有 限公司」。於本報告日期,所有必須向香港 公司註冊處辦理的存檔手續仍在進行中。

- (vi) On 15 April 2024, the Board resolved to make the proposed amendments by way of adoption of a new amended and restated memorandum of association (the "Amended and Restated Memorandum") and amended and restated articles of association (the "Amended and Restated Articles", together with the Amended and Restated Memorandum, the "Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association"). The proposed adoption of the Amended and Restated Memorandum and Articles of Association has been approved by shareholders at extraordinary general meeting of the Company on 31 May 2024.
- (vii) The one hundred (100) to one (1) share consolidation has been approved by the shareholders at extraordinary general meeting of the Company on 17 June 2024 and was effective on 19 June 2024.

Save for disclosed in note 41 and above, no significant event has taken place subsequent to 31 March 2024 and up to the date of this report.

#### AUDITOR

The Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 have been audited by HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited which will retire and, being eligible, offer itself for re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM. A resolution to re-appoint HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited and to authorise the Directors to fix its remuneration will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

On behalf of the Board Kan Kwok Cheung Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 June 2024

- (vi) 於二零二四年四月十五日,董事會議決透 過採納新經修訂及重列組織章程大綱(「經 修訂及重列大綱」)及經修訂及重列組織章 程細則(「經修訂及重列細則」,連同經修 訂及重列大綱,統稱為「經修訂及重列組 織章程大綱及細則」)作出建議修訂。建議 採納經修訂及重列組織章程大綱及細則 已於二零二四年五月三十一日在本公司 股東特別大會上獲股東批准。
- (vii) 一百(100)股合併為一(1)股的股份合併已於 二零二四年六月十七日在本公司股東特 別大會上獲股東批准,並於二零二四年六 月十九日生效。

除附註41及上文所披露者外,於二零二四年三 月三十一日後及直至本報告日期概無發生重 大事件。

#### 核數師

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度之財務 報表已由國衛會計師事務所有限公司審核,其 將於即將舉行之股東週年大會上退任且符合 資格並願意膺選連任。本公司將於即將舉行之 股東週年大會上提呈一項決議案續聘國衛會 計師事務所有限公司並授權董事釐定其薪酬。

代表董事會 **簡國祥** *主席* 

香港,二零二四年六月二十八日

# **ABOUT THIS REPORT**

CNC Holdings Limited (the "Company"), together with its subsidiaries (the "Group"), is pleased to present this Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "Report") to provide an overview of the Group's management of significant issues affecting the operation, including environmental, social and governance issues. This Report is prepared by the Group with the professional assistance of Vincorn Consulting and Appraisal Limited.

### **PREPARATION BASIS AND SCOPE**

This Report is prepared in accordance with Appendix C2 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the GEM (the "GEM Listing Rules") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") – "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" and has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions in the GEM Listing Rules.

This Report summarises the performance of the Group in respect of corporate social responsibility, covering its operating activities which are considered as material by the Group – namely provision of civil engineering services for the public sector in Hong Kong (the "Civil Engineering Services Business"). With the aim to optimise and improve the disclosure requirements in the Report, the Group has taken the initiative to formulate policies, record relevant data as well as implement and monitor measures. This Report shall be published both in Chinese and English on the website of the Stock Exchange. Should there be any discrepancy between the Chinese and the English versions, the English version shall prevail.

### 關於本報告

中國新華電視控股有限公司(「本公司」,連同 其附屬公司統稱為「本集團」) 欣然提呈本環 境、社會及管治報告(「本報告」),旨在概述影 響本集團營運的重大管理事宜,包括環境、社 會及管治事宜。本報告乃由本集團在泓亮諮詢 及評估有限公司提供專業協助下編製。

#### 編製基準及範圍

本報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)GEM證券上市規則(「GEM上市規則」)附 錄C2《環境、社會及管治報告指引》而編製,並 已遵守GEM上市規則所載之「不遵守就解釋」條 文。

本報告概述本集團在企業社會責任方面之表 現,內容涵蓋本集團認為重大之經營活動一即 為香港公營部門提供土木工程服務(「土木工 程服務業務」)。為優化及改善本報告所需的披 露,本集團主動制定相關政策、記錄相關數據 以及執行及監察相關措施。本報告將於聯交所 網站以中英文版本刊發。中英文版本如有任何 歧義,概以英文本為準。

# **REPORTING PERIOD**

This Report demonstrates our sustainability initiatives during the reporting period from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024.

#### **CONTACT INFORMATION**

The Group welcomes your feedback on this Report for our sustainability initiatives. Please contact us at cnc@cnctv.hk.

## **INTRODUCTION**

The Group is principally engaged in the Civil Engineering Services Business in current year. The Civil Engineering Services Business includes provision of waterworks engineering services, road works and drainage services and site formation work for public sector in Hong Kong.

Sustainable development is an integral part of the Group's business strategy in order to enhance capabilities for long-term competitiveness. The Group is committed to operating in a manner that is economically, environmentally and socially sustainable while balancing the interests of its stakeholders and fostering a positive impact on the society. To demonstrate its commitment, the Group has established and implemented various policies to manage and monitor the risks related to the environment, employment, operating practices and community. Details of the management approaches to sustainable development of different areas are illustrated in this Report.

## 報告期間

本報告載列我們於二零二三年四月一日起至 二零二四年三月三十一日止報告期間之可持 續發展計劃。

#### 聯絡資料

本集團歡迎 閣下對本報告提出有關我們可持 續發展計劃之反饋,請透過cnc@cnctv.hk與我 們聯絡。

# 緒言

本集團於本年度主要進行土木工程服務業務。 土木工程服務業務包括為香港公營部門提供 水務工程服務、道路工程及渠務服務以及地盤 平整工程。

可持續發展為本集團業務策略之重要部分,有 助提高長遠競爭力。本集團致力以經濟、環境 及社會可持續發展之方式進行經營,並同時平 衡其持份者之利益及為社會締造正面影響。為 顯示其決心,本集團已制定並實施多項政策以 管理及監察與環境、僱傭、營運常規及社區有 關之風險。本報告載有不同領域之可持續發展 管理方針詳情。

# STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group understands the success of the Group's business depends on the support from its key stakeholders, who (a) have invested or will invest in the Group; (b) have the ability to influence the outcomes within the Group; and (c) are interested in or affected by or have the potential to be affected by the impact of the Group's activities, products, services and relationships. It allows the Group to understand risks and opportunities. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

Stakeholders are prioritised from time to time in view of the Group's roles and duties, strategic plan and business initiatives. The Group engages with its stakeholders to develop mutually beneficial relationships and to seek their views on its business proposals and initiatives as well as to promote sustainability in the marketplace, workplace, community and environment.

The Group acknowledges the importance of intelligence gained from the stakeholders' insights, inquiries and continuous interest in the Group's business activities. The Group has identified key stakeholders that are important to our business and established various channels for communication. The following table provides an overview of the Group's key stakeholders, and various platforms and methods of communication are used to reach, listen and respond.

## 持份者參與及重要性評估

本集團明白本集團成功經營實有賴於其主要 持份者的支持,主要持份者包括(a)已經或將會 投資於本集團的人士;(b)有能力影響本集團事 務結果的人士;及(c)對本集團的業務、產品、服 務及關係涉及利益又或受其影響或可能受影 響的人士。主要持份者的支持有助本集團明白 有關風險與機遇。本集團將繼續確保與各主要 持份者有效溝通及保持良好關係。

本集團不時因應其角色與職責、策略規劃及業 務計劃對持份者作出重要性排序。本集團冀透 過持份者的參與建立與持份者互惠互利的關 係、諮詢彼等對本集團業務方案及計劃的意 見,以及推動市場、工作場所、社區及環境的 可持續發展。

本集團明瞭持份者對本集團業務活動的見解、 查詢及持續關注甚為重要。本集團已辨識對我 們的業務而言屬重要的主要持份者,並已建立 各種溝通渠道。下表概述本集團的主要持份者 及各種接觸、聆聽和回應的平台及溝通方式。

# Key Stakeholders 主要持份者

## Expectations 期望

Government 政府

- Compliance with the applicable laws and regulations
- 遵守適用法律及規例
- Proper tax payment
- 依法納稅

• Low risk

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低風險

投資回報

資訊披露

of shareholders

employees

工作環境

職業發展機會
Health and safety
健康與安全

- Promotion of regional economic development and employment
- 推動區域經濟發展及就業

• Return on the investment

Information disclosure

保障股東權益及平等對待

保障僱員權利及權益

Working environment

Safeguard the rights and interests of

Career development opportunities

# Engagement Channels 參與渠道

- On-site inspections and checks
- 實地視察及檢查
- Conferences
- 會議
- Work reports preparation and submission for approval
- 工作報告編製及提交批准
- Annual and interim reports
- 年度及中期報告
- Company website
- 公司網站
- Annual general meeting and other shareholder meetings
- 股東週年大會及其他股東大會
- Annual, interim and quarterly reports
- 年度、中期及季度報告
- Announcements
- Protection of interests and fair treatment 公佈
  - Newsletter

  - Feedback forms
  - 反饋表格
  - Training, seminars and briefing sessions
  - 培訓、研討會及簡介會
  - Employee activities
  - 僱員活動

Shareholders and Investors 股東及投資者

# Employees 僱員

# Key Stakeholders 主要持份者

## Expectations 期望

Suppliers and Partners 供應商及合作夥伴

- Long-term partnership
- 長期夥伴關係
- Honest cooperation
- 坦誠合作
- Fair and open tendering process
- 公平、公開投標流程
- Information resources sharing
- 資訊資源共享
- Peer/Industry
- Associations 同業/業界組織

Market Regulator

市場監管機構

- Experience sharing
- 經驗分享
- Cooperation
- 合作
- Fair competition
- 公平競爭
- Compliance with applicable laws and regulations
- 遵守適用法律及規例
- Information disclosure
- 資訊披露

# Engagement Channels 參與渠道

- Business meetings and supplier conferences
- 業務會議及供應商會議
- Strategic cooperation
- 戰略合作
- Review and assessment
- 檢討及評估
- Tendering process
- 投標流程
- Industry conference and seminars
- 行業會議及研討會
- Site visit
- 實地拜訪
- Consulting
- 諮詢
- Information disclosure
- 資訊披露
- Annual, interim, quarterly reports and other published information
- 年度、中期、季度報告及其他刊發資
   訊

Through general communication with stakeholders, the Group understands the expectations and concerns from stakeholders. The feedbacks obtained allow the Group to make more informed decisions, and to better assess and manage the resulting impact.

The Group has adopted the principle of materiality in the ESG reporting by understanding the key ESG issues that are important to the business of the Group. All the key ESG issues and key performance indicators (KPIs) are reported in the Report according to recommendations of the ESG Reporting Guide (Appendix C2 of the GEM Listing Rules) and the GRI Guidelines.

The Group has evaluated the materiality and importance in ESG aspects through the following steps:

#### Step 1: Identification – Industry Benchmarking

- Relevant ESG areas were identified through the review of relevant ESG reports of the local and international industry peers.
- The materiality of each ESG areas was determined based on the importance of each ESG area to the Group through internal discussion of the management and the recommendation of ESG Reporting Guide (Appendix C2 of the GEM Listing Rules).

#### Step 2: Prioritisation – Stakeholder Engagement

• The Group discussed with key stakeholders on key ESG areas identified above to ensure that all the key aspects were covered.

#### Step 3: Validation – Determining Material Issues

 Based on the discussion with key stakeholders and internal discussion among the management, the Group's management ensured that all the key and material ESG areas, which were important to the business development, were reported and in compliance with ESG Reporting Guide.

As a result of this process carried out in 2024, those important ESG areas to the Group were discussed in this Report.

透過與持份者進行一般溝通,本集團了解到持 份者的期望及關注。所獲得的反饋讓本集團能 夠作出知情決策,且更好地評估及管理由此產 生的影響。

本集團通過了解對本集團業務而言屬重要的 關鍵環境、社會及管治事宜,於環境、社會及 管治報告中採用重要性原則。根據環境、社會 及管治報告指引(GEM上市規則附錄C2)及全 球報告倡議組織指引的建議,本報告就所有關 鍵環境、社會及管治事宜及關鍵績效指標作出 匯報。

本集團已透過以下步驟評估環境、社會及管治 方面的重大性及重要性:

#### 步驟一:識別一行業基準

- 透過審查當地及國際同業的相關環境、社 會及管治報告,確定相關的環境、社會及 管治範疇。
- 根據各個環境、社會及管治範疇對本集團的重要性,透過管理層的內部討論及環境、社會及管治報告指引(GEM上市規則附錄C2)的建議,釐定各個環境、社會及管治範疇的重要性。

#### 步驟二:排序-持份者的參與

本集團已就上述關鍵環境、社會及管治範疇與主要持份者進行討論,以確保涵蓋所有關鍵方面。

#### 步驟三:確認-釐定重大議題

根據與主要持份者的討論以及管理層之間的內部討論,本集團的管理層確保所有對業務發展至關重要的關鍵及重大環境、社會及管治範疇已予報告並遵守環境、社會及管治報告指引。

由於二零二四年進行該程序,本報告中已討論 該等對本集團至關重要的環境、社會及管治範 疇。

# A. ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS

The Group is committed to continuously improving its environmental sustainability and integrating environmental considerations into its operations. For the Civil Engineering Services Business, the Group endeavours to manage construction sites in an environmentally friendly and energy efficient manner with the implementation of the "Environmental Management Policy" and the "Environmental Management Plan".

The "Environmental Management Policy" (the "EMP") summarises the Group's commitment in ensuring environmentally responsible operation, including establishing and attaining environmental objectives and targets, communicating with employees and sub-contractors the Group's standards, as well as preventing or reducing environmental pollution and nuisance with adequate protective measures.

The "Environmental Management Plan" outlines how the Group intends to minimise the environmental nuisance of air, noise and wastewater pollution, and minimise the generation of surplus construction and demolition ("C&D") materials and complying the requirement of Environmental Permit under Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance.

# A. 環境方面

本集團致力持續提高環境的可持續發展 並將環境方面的考慮納入其營運。就土木 工程服務業務而言,本集團努力以環保節 能方式管理施工地盤,並實施「環境管理 政策」及「環境管理計劃」。

「環境管理政策」(「環境管理政策」)概述本 集團致力於確保以對環境負責任的方式 營運,包括制定及實現環境目的及目標、 與僱員及分包商溝通本集團之標準,以及 採取適當保護措施,防止或減少環境污染 及損害。

「環境管理計劃」概述本集團擬盡量降低空 氣、噪音及廢水污染等環境損害的措施, 並盡量減少產生剩餘拆建(「拆建」)物料及 遵守《環境影響評估條例》項下的環境許可 之規定。

# A1. EMISSIONS

The Group has implemented the "Environmental Management Plan" and various emission control initiatives to address air, noise, water and waste pollution during construction. The Group strictly complies with the relevant laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Noise Control Ordinance (Cap. 400), the Air Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 311), the Water Pollution Control Ordinance (Cap. 358), the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Cap. 354) and the Environmental Impact Assessment Ordinance (Cap. 499), to ensure the environmental impacts arising from its business are managed in a proper manner.

During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

### **Air Pollutant Emissions**

Air pollutants are a major concern for construction industry. Construction activities such as concrete breaking and demolition works, drilling works, excavation works and combustion of fuels resulted in generation of air pollutants. The Group has implemented various mitigation and preventative measures to reduce its air pollutants emission.

In managing the dust generation, all stockpile of construction materials including excavated soft materials, demolition debris, fill materials, etc. which are dusty by their nature are properly covered by tarpaulin or other approved means. For carrying out dusty construction activities such as demolition works, drilling works or excavation works, the Group provides dust screens or enclosure, water spraying system, the fitting of vacuum cleaning services to the pneumatic or drilling, cutting and polishing machines or other appropriate abatement measures to reduce the air nuisance to the public.

## A1. 排放物

本集團已實施「環境管理計劃」及各項排 放控制措施,以解決施工期間的空氣、噪 音、水及廢物污染問題。本集團嚴格遵守 有關法律及規例,包括但不限於《噪音管 制條例》(第400章)、《空氣污染管制條例》 (第311章)、《水污染管制條例》(第358 章)、《廢物處置條例》(第354章)及《環境 影響評估條例》(第499章),以確保以適當 方式管理其業務所產生的環境影響。

於報告期間,本集團並不知悉任何重大未 遵守有關氣體及溫室氣體排放、向水及土 地排污、有害及無害廢棄物之產生之法律 及規例之情況。

#### 空氣污染排放物

空氣污染物是建築業的主要關注點。混凝 土破碎及拆遷作業、鑽井作業、挖掘作業 及焚燒燃料等建築活動導致空氣污染物 的產生。本集團已實施多項緩解措施及預 防措施,以減少空氣污染排放物。

管理粉塵產生方面,所有庫存的建築材 料,包括已挖掘之軟質材料、拆除碎片、 填充材料等,該等材料具有多塵性質,將 通過油布或其他經批准方法妥當遮蓋。在 拆遷作業、鑽井作業或挖掘作業等多塵施 工作業中,本集團提供防塵屏或防護罩、 噴水系統、將真空清潔裝置裝配至充氣或 鑽孔、切割及拋光機器或採取其他適當減 排措施以將對公眾之空氣滋擾降至最低。

The Group also provides wheel washing systems at all existing points of construction sites, comprising high-pressure water jets and heavy duty metal grating capable for supporting the heaviest vehicles and a tough for collecting wastewater.

For the fuel control, the Group uses Ultra-Low-Sulphur Diesel for non-road mobile machinery. All non-road mobile machinery must be approved with a proper label in a prescribed format issued by the Environmental Protection Department in accordance to the Air Pollution Control (Non-road Mobile Machinery) (Emission) Regulation. The decrease in air pollutant emissions in 2024 was mainly attributable to the effective implementation of a fuel saving policy on mobile sources during the year.

During the reporting period, the air pollutant emissions were as follows:

本集團亦於所有現有施工地點提供車輪 清洗系統,包括高壓水槍、能夠支撐最重 車輛之高承重金屬格柵及一個收集廢水 之水槽。

燃料控制方面,本集團使用超低硫柴油用 於非道路移動機械。所有非道路移動機械 必須根據《空氣污染管制(非道路移動機械) (排放)規例》獲環境保護署核准並貼上由 其發出之指定格式適當標籤。於二零二四 年空氣污染排放物減少乃主要由於年內 有效實施汽車源燃料節省政策所致。

於報告期間,空氣污染排放物情況如下:

<b>Type of air pollutant</b> 空氣污染物類別	Unit 單位	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Nitrogen oxides (NO <sub>x</sub> ) 氮氧化物(NO <sub>x</sub> )	tonnes 噸	22.42	25.23
Sulphur oxides (SO <sub>x</sub> ) 硫氧化物(SO <sub>x</sub> )	tonnes 噸	0.01	0.02
Particulate matter (PM) 懸浮顆粒物(PM)	tonnes 噸	2.13	1.65

### Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") Emission

GHG is considered as one of the major contributors to the climate change and global warming. During the operation of the Group, electricity and fuel consumptions account for a major part of its GHG emission. The Group places great emphasis on improving energy efficiency and reducing energy consumption to reduce GHG emission. The Group has adopted energy saving initiatives mentioned in the section "Use of Resources" of this Report.

Regarding GHG emissions of the Group, scope 1 direct emissions and scope 2 indirect emissions mainly result from the combustion of fuels in stationary sources and purchased electricity respectively for business operations. During the year, the Group complied with all applicable environmental laws and regulations or prosecution for non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations relating to emissions. The decrease in GHG emissions in 2024 was mainly attributable to the effective implementation of a fuel saving policy on mobile sources during the year.

#### 溫室氣體排放

溫室氣體被認為是氣候變化及全球變暖 的主要原因之一。於本集團營運中,電力 及燃料消耗佔其溫室氣體排放的主要部 分。本集團非常重視提高能源效率及減少 能源消耗,從而減少溫室氣體排放。本集 團已採納本報告「資源利用」一節所述的節 能措施。

就本集團溫室氣體排放而言,範圍1直接 排放及範圍2間接排放分別主要分別來自 業務經營過程中固定源燃料燃燒及所購 買電力。年內,本集團已遵守所有適用環 境法律法規或並無因違反與排放有關的 相關法律法規的檢控。二零二四年溫室氣 體排放減少乃由於年內有效實施汽車源 燃料節省政策所致。

During the reporting period, the GHG emission was as follows:

於報告期間,溫室氣體排放如下:

	GHG emission 澧排放類別	<b>Unit</b> 單位		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Scope 1 範圍1 (图	(Note 1) 附註1)	tonnes of CO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量		2,140.73	3,043.65
Scope 2 範圍1 (图	? (Note 2) 附註2)	tonnes of CO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量		303.21	241.47
	HG emission 澧排放總量	tonnes of CO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量		2,443.94	3,285.12
	nission intensity 體排放密度	tonnes of CO₂e/HK\$'00 噸二氧化碳當量/千港		0.005	0.007
Note 1:	Scope 1 refers to direct emission from a or controlled by the Group.	sources that are owned	附註1:	範圍1指本集團擁有 生的直接排放物。	或控制的源頭所產
Note 2:	Scope 2 refers to indirect emissions purchased electricity consumed by the	-	附註2:	範圍2指本集團耗用 間接排放物。	所購買電力產生的

#### Hazardous and Non-hazardous Wastes

The Group generates non-hazardous waste from construction sites and office operations. The construction sites produce waste that includes C&D materials and household waste. The Group strives to reduce the generation of C&D materials in particular metallic waste, timber, cardboard packaging and chemical waste.

The approaches include proper planning of works, good site management, avoiding cross contamination to reusable materials, use of metal formwork and maximising the reuse of excavated inert C&D materials. All C&D materials arising from or in connection with construction works shall be sorted to recover the inert C&D materials and reusable and/or recyclable materials prior to disposal of the waste portion off-site. The disposal of waste is managed properly in accordance with the relevant legislation.

Furthermore, the Group strives to minimise the use of timber for temporary construction works. Alternative environmentally friendly materials, such as metal scaffolding and metal formwork shall be used to replace timber. The Group reuses timber as much as possible and tries to avoid treating the timber with chemicals which make it difficult to reuse or recycle.

The Group provides recycling bins for the collection of aluminium cans, papers and plastic bottles on construction sites. The recyclable materials are collected by recycling companies on a regular basis.

#### 有害及無害廢棄物

本集團從施工工地及辦公室營運產生無 害廢物。施工工地產生的廢物包括拆建物 料及生活垃圾。本集團致力減少拆建物料 之產生,尤其是金屬廢料、木材、紙板包 裝及化學廢物。

該等方法包括妥當規劃作業、良好的工地 管理、避免交叉污染可重複使用物料、使 用金屬模板,最大限度再利用所挖掘惰性 拆建物料。所有由建築工程引起或與建造 工程有關的拆建物料,須在廢物場外處置 前,進行分類,以回收惰性拆建物料及可 重複使用及/或可循環再造物料。廢物處 理按照相關法律妥善管理。

此外,本集團致力盡量減少臨時建築作業 的木材使用。應使用替代環保材料,如金 屬腳手架及金屬模板以代替木材。本集團 盡可能多地再利用木材,並盡量避免用化 學物質處理木材,以減少再利用回收之困 難。

本集團提供回收箱,用於在施工工地收集 鋁罐、紙張及塑膠瓶。可回收材料由回收 公司定期收集。

In addition, the Group has implemented the "Environmental Office Practices", which provides guidelines on reducing waste in office operation. The Group strives to reduce the paper waste by encouraging employees to use both sides of paper and suitable font size and shrinkage mode. Besides, communication by electronic means is promoted to minimise the use of paper and paper waste. Employees are also encouraged to use reusable items, such as reusable cups and cutleries to reduce the amount of waste. The decrease in the amount of non-hazardous waste generated in 2024 was mainly attributable to the decrease in work from civil engineering projects from the Civil Engineering Services Business and the effective implementation of waste management strategies during the year.

During the reporting period, the non-hazardous waste generated by the Group was as follows:

此外,本集團已實施「環保辦公室常規」, 其中規定減少辦公室營運中廢物的指引。 本集團致力於通過鼓勵員工雙面使用紙 張及採用合適字體大小及縮小模式以減 少紙張浪費。此外,建議採用電子手段通 信,以進一步減少用紙及紙張浪費。另外 亦鼓勵員工使用可重複使用的物品,例如 可重複使用的杯子及餐具,以減少廢物 量。二零二四年所產生之無害廢棄物數量 減少乃主要由於年內土木工程服務業務 的土木工程項目工作量減少及有效實施 廢棄物管理策略所致。

於報告期間,本集團產生之無害廢棄物如 下:

<b>Type of waste</b> 廢物類別	Unit 單位	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Non-hazardous waste generated 所產生之無害廢棄物	tonnes 噸	21,141.65	27,536.60
Non-hazardous waste generated intensity 所產生之無害廢棄物密度	tonnes/HK\$'000 噸/千港元	0.05	0.06

During the reporting period, there was no significant hazardous waste generated by the Group. The Group will closely monitor its operation to the possible generation of hazardous waste in the future. 於報告期間,本集團概無產生任何重大有 害廢棄物。本集團將於未來對其可能產生 有害廢棄物的業務進行密切監控。

## Noise

Noise is generated from the Group's construction activities, such as excavation of hard materials, operation of plants and machinery, falsework dismantle and formwork removing. In managing the impacts of construction noise on the surrounding environment, the Group strictly adheres to the relevant laws and regulations, including the Noise Control Ordinance (Cap. 400). The Group strives to mitigate the noise nuisance by controlling the noise source and adopting noise abatement practices.

The Group undertakes various construction planning to eliminate noise sources. Except for those machinery operations and construction works stated in the Construction Noise Permit issued by the Environmental Protection Department, other operations are not allowed to be carried out from 7 p.m. to 7 a.m. or at any time on Sundays or public holidays. The Group also selects the quieter plants to be used on site instead of noisy plant when feasible.

In order to minimise the noise pollution on construction sites, the Group has adopted noise abatement practices. The Group uses non-percussive equipment such as sawing and coring machines for demolition and concrete breaking work. Mufflers or silencers, and dampening layer with steel collars are fitted to hand held pneumatic breakers. Where percussive breakers are used, the breaker tip is enclosed with sound insulating material to reduce the noise.

# 噪音

噪音來自本集團挖掘堅硬物料、機器與設備運作、腳手架拆除及模板拆除等施工作 業。在管理施工噪音對周圍環境的影響方面,本集團嚴格遵守相關法律及規例,包括 《噪音管制條例》(第400章)。本集團致力 透過控制噪音源及採用減噪措施,以減輕 噪音滋擾。

本集團進行各種施工規劃以消除噪音源。 除環境保護署發出的建築噪音許可證所 述的機械操作及施工作業外,其他作業不 得於下午七時正至上午七時正時間段或 週日或公眾假期的任何時間進行。在可行 的情況下,本集團亦選擇在工地使用更安 靜的機器代替嘈雜的機器。

為盡量減低施工工地的噪音污染,本集團 已採取減噪措施。本集團使用鋸、取芯機 等非衝擊設備進行用作拆除及混泥土破 碎作業。消聲器或消音器以及帶有鋼圈的 阻尼層安裝在手提破碎機上。於使用衝擊 破碎機時,破碎機尖端會用隔音材料封閉 以減少噪音。
#### Wastewater

Wastewater such as toilet sewage generated from the site depot is discharged into a foul sewer if connection to foul sewer can be made. Otherwise, it is temporarily collected in the sewage tank. The Group has engaged licensed sewage contractor for sewage disposal. Direct discharge of wastewater produced during construction into rainwater gutter is prohibited. Wastewater generated from the sites is properly treated by appropriate means before disposal such as sedimentation tank or waste treatment plant whenever necessary.

During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

#### A2. USE OF RESOURCES

The Group places great emphasis on ensuring efficient use of energy and resources. The Group aims to promote resource saving by adopting green office practices and motivating our employees to participate in resource conservation activities. The Group's "Environmental Office Practices" provides guidelines on saving energy and water in the office operation.

#### 廢水

如可與污水管道連接,則從工地倉庫產生 的廁所污水等廢水將被排放到污水管道 中。否則,廢水被臨時收集在污水箱中。 本集團已聘請持牌污水處理承辦商進行 污水處理。禁止將施工期間產生的廢水直 接排放到雨水排水溝中。於必要時,進行 處置前,通過適當的方法(例如沉澱池或 廢物處理廠)對工地產生的廢水進行妥善 處理。

於報告期間,本集團並不知悉任何未遵守 有關氣體及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地排 污、產生有害及無害廢棄物之法律及規例 而對本集團產生重大影響之情況。

#### A2. 資源利用

本集團十分重視確保能源及資源之有效 利用。本集團旨在透過採納綠色辦公室常 規及鼓勵僱員參與節約資源活動以推廣 資源節約。本集團的「環保辦公室常規」訂 明在辦公室營運中有關節能及節水的指 引。

#### Energy

The energy consumption of the Group comes from electricity and fuel consumption. In view of the scarcity of energy, the Group has advocated various energy conservation strategies. Electrical appliances should be set to energy-saving mode where possible. Computers are set in standby mode when they are not in use for a long period of time. Besides, room temperature should be maintained at an energy-efficient level. Lighting and power supply should be switched off when they are not in use. The decrease in energy consumption in 2024 was mainly attributable to the decrease in work from civil engineering projects from the Civil Engineering Services Business and the effective implementation of an energy saving policy during the year.

During the reporting period, the energy consumption was as follows:

#### 能源

本集團的能源耗用來自電力及燃料消耗。 鑒於能源短缺,本集團已提出多項節能策 略。電器於可行的情況下應設為節能模 式。長時間停用之電腦會轉為待機模式。 此外,室溫應控制在節能水平,且不使用 時應關掉照明和電源。二零二四年能源耗 用減少乃主要由於年內土木工程服務業 務的土木工程項目工作量減少及有效實 施節能政策所致。

於報告期間,能源耗用情況如下:

<b>Type of energy</b> 能源類別	<b>Unit</b> 單位	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Purchased electricity 購入電力	MWh 兆瓦時	481.29	619.16
Petrol 汽油	MWh 兆瓦時	651.19	568.71
Diesel 柴油	MWh 兆瓦時	5,551.65	11,854.77
Total energy consumption 能源耗用總量	<b>MWh</b> 兆瓦時	6,684.13	13,042.64
Energy consumption intensity 能源耗用密度	MWh/HK\$'000 兆瓦時/千港元	0.01	0.03

#### Water

Water is another important resource used by the Group. Employees are reminded to turn off the tap when not in use. In case of leaking faucet or pipe, employees should report to the relevant authority to avoid wastage of water. The decrease in the water consumption in 2024 was mainly attributable to the decrease in work from civil engineering projects from the Civil Engineering Services Business and the effective implementation of a water saving policy during the year.

#### 水資源

水資源乃本集團耗用的另一項重要資源。 本集團會提醒僱員不用水時關緊水龍頭。 倘水龍頭或管道漏水,僱員應報告有關部 門以避免水資源浪費。二零二四年水資源 耗用減少乃主要由於年內土木工程服務 業務的土木工程項目工作量減少及有效 實施節約用水政策所致。

During the reporting period, the water consumption was as follows:

於報告期間,水資源耗用情況如下:

Water 水資源	Unit 單位	<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Water consumption 耗水量	m <sup>3</sup> 立方米	14,386.00	20,539.00
Water consumption intensity 耗水密度	m³/HK\$'000 立方米/千港元	0.03	0.04

#### A3. THE ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

As stipulated in EMP, the Group considers in its construction planning all the statutory and contractual environmental protection and pollution control requirements that are applicable to the proposed construction works, which are likely to pose potential harm to the environment or environmental nuisance to the members of general public. Before the intended commencement of individual construction operations, the environmental officers and site agents identify the potential adverse impacts on the environment and develop pollution and mitigation measures, in order to reduce the environmental impacts to the minimum. The Group establishes and maintains a routine site inspection programme as part of its active monitoring programme to identify and rectify environmental problems and assess the adequacy of existing pollution control and waste management measures with a view to achieving progressive improvements.

#### A3. 環境及天然資源

誠如環境管理政策所訂明,本集團於建築 規劃時會考慮適用於擬建建築工程的所 有法定及合約環保及污染控制規定,而有 關工程可能會損害環境或對公眾造成環 境滋擾。各建築工程準備動工前,環保主 任及工地總管會識別有關環境及開發污 染的潛在不利影響並制定緩解措施,以將 環境影響降至最低。本集團設立並維持常 規實地考察程序作為積極監控程序的一 部分,以識別及處理環境問題,並評估現 有污染控制及廢棄物管理措施是否足夠, 實現逐步改善。

In addition, the Group adopts various promotion activities to enhance the environmental awareness of its employees. The Group establishes safety and environmental notice boards for displaying environmental information, provides and displays adequate and appropriate environmental protection and waste management signs and posters, delivers environmental talks and distributes environmental protection and waste management publications and information sheets to generally promote environmental protection and waste management to the workforce. The Group also launches environmental campaigns such as model workers to encourage frontline staff to participate in environmental protection activities.

With the integration of policies and measures to reduce air pollutants and GHG emissions, waste generation, noise nuisance and resource consumption, the Group strives to enhance environmental sustainability and minimise the impacts on the environment.

#### **A4. CLIMATE CHANGE**

#### Governance

The Board holds ultimate responsibility for overseeing the Group's ESG related risks and opportunities, as well as the effectiveness of the strategy and measures. The Board establishes the Group's ESG-related strategies and targets, regularly reviews the Group's ESG performance against these targets, and revises strategies as necessary in case of significant deviations.

The Group has established dedicated teams composed of staff from main department of the Group to manage ESG issues within each business division of the Group and kept monitoring and overseeing the progress against corporate goals and targets for addressing climate change. Dedicated teams with designated staff for management of ESG issues have been assigned to enforce and supervise the implementation of the relevant ESG policies cascading through the Group. 此外,本集團採納多項推廣活動以增強其 僱員的環保意識。本集團設立安全及環保 公告欄公示環保資訊,提供並張貼充足且 適合的環保及廢棄物管理標誌及海報,開 辦環保講座並派發環保及廢棄物管理刊 物及資料冊,以在工作場所全面推廣環保 及廢棄物管理。本集團亦組織模範工人等 環保活動,鼓勵前線員工參與環保活動。

隨著納入政策及措施以減少空氣污染及 溫室氣體排放、廢棄物產生、噪音騷擾以 及資源耗用,本集團會努力加強環境可持 續發展並盡量減少對環境的影響。

#### A4. 氣候變化

#### 管治

董事會負有監察本集團環境、社會及管治 相關的風險及機遇,以及相關策略及措施 成效的最終責任。董事會制定本集團的環 境、社會及管治相關策略及目標,定期檢 視本集團在該等目標下的環境、社會及管 治表現,倘有重大偏差,則作出必要的策 略調整。

本集團已成立專責小組,由本集團旗下主 要部門員工組成,負責管理各業務分部內 的環境、社會及管治事宜,並持續監控及 監察應對氣候變化的企業目標及指標的 進展。專責小組由指定人員組成,已獲指 派執行及監督環境、社會及管治相關政策 在本集團上下的落實情況。

Supported by our ESG Working Group, our Board oversees climate-related issues and risks and ensures that they are incorporated into our strategy.

Our Group addresses climate-related risks based on the nature of the risk to our operations. The physical impacts of climate change, including extreme weather events, or damage to facilities have immediate operational impacts and are treated as operational risks. Long-term challenges, such as emerging ESG issues and climate-related risks and opportunities, may be discussed by the Group's ESG Working Group. Our commitment is to implement, maintain and continually improve our Quality, Environmental, Health and Safety ("QEHS") management system and QEHS performance to uphold the elements of this QEHS Policy and achieve Environmental Friendliness and Protection, Prevention of Pollution and Green and Gracious practices, we endeavour to protect the environmental aspects, reduce the impact of global warming and practice graciousness to our site surroundings. The QEHS policy is reviewed annually to suit climate change.

Our ESG Working Group provides effective governance for integrating and addressing ESG issues, including climate change, within our business. The ESG Working Group plays an integral role in overseeing the Company's ESG strategy, policies and disclosure, including reporting to the Board regularly as important matters arise. The Board plays a role in decision-making and supervision on ESG-related issues.

The board indicates the Company's development direction, supervises whether all subsidiaries have completed the targets, and assesses and manages climate-related risks and opportunities. 環境、社會及管治工作小組協助董事會監 察氣候相關議題及風險並確保將其納入 我們的策略。

本集團根據營運風險的性質處理與氣候 有關的風險。氣候變化的實體影響,包括 極端天氣事件或設備遭到破壞而做成即 時營運影響會被視為營運風險處理。本集 團的環境、社會及管治工作小組會討論長 期挑戰,例如新出現的環境、社會及管治 議題,及與氣候有關的風險及機遇。我們 承諾實施、維護並持續改進我們的質量、 環境、健康與安全(「QEHS」)管理體系及 QEHS績效,以落實本QEHS政策元素,實 現環境友好及保護、防止污染以及環保與 優雅的做法,致力於各方面保護環境,減 少全球暖化的影響以及於我們的現場環 境周圍推行優雅做法。每年均會對QEHS 政策進行審查以適應氣候變化。

我們的環境、社會及管治工作小組於我們 業務範圍內就整合及處理環境、社會及管 治事宜(包括氣候變化)進行有效管理。環 境、社會及管治工作小組於監督本公司環 境、社會及管治策略、政策及披露方面發 揮不可或缺的作用,包括定期向董事會報 告重要事項。董事會於環境、社會及管治 相關議題的決策及監督中發揮作用。

董事會指明本公司的發展方向,監督所有 附屬公司是否完成目標,並評估和管理與 氣候有關的風險及機會。

To ensure that our management keeps up with the latest trend of climate-related issues, climate competence training will be provided so that it has the necessary expertise and skills to oversee the management of climate-related issues. Our Board also seeks professional advice from external experts when necessary to better support the decision-making process.

The ESG Working Group is responsible for approving operational emissions targets for the Group, and commissioning an ESG benchmarking and gap analysis exercise to identify gaps in both disclosure and policy relative to best practice standards. Moreover, the ESG Working Group works closely with the Group's different operation departments, with an aim to develop consistent and enhanced approaches on addressing climate risk issues and report to the management. Moreover, the team works together with consultants to review the green-mark rating of our development. This is to ensure that the proposed design or method to construct green sustainable buildings is considered thoroughly while selecting and reviewing materials, technology and sourcing for a sustainable product that is more climatic responsive, energy effective, resource efficient, smarter and has healthier indoor environments.

為確保管理層緊跟氣候相關議題的最新 趨勢,我們將提供氣候能力培訓,使其具 備必要專業知識及技能,以監督氣候相關 問題管理。董事會亦會於必要時尋求外部 專家意見,以更好支持決策過程。

環境、社會及管治工作小組負責審批本集 團營運排放目標,並委託進行環境、社會 及管治基準及差距分析測試以識別出披 露與政策相關最佳常規標準之間的差距。 此外,環境、社會及管治工作小組與本集 團不同營運部門緊密合作,旨在制定一致 及經改良的方法處理氣候風險議題,並向 管理層匯報。此外,該團隊與顧問共同報 閱我們發展項目的綠色標誌評級,以確保 於選擇及審查材料及技術,以及採購更適 應氣候變化、能源效率及資源效率更高、 更智能且擁有更健康室內環境的可持續 發展產品時,全面考慮興建綠色可持續建 築的建議設計或方法。

#### Strategy

Climate change risk forms part of our overall risk profile through its role in increasing the frequency and intensity of certain diseases, and the health and mortality impacts resulting from natural disasters. We assess the overall level of risk by taking into consideration a range of diverse risk factors across the many categories in our product or service range. This diversity of risk together with our business strategy and broad geographic footprint helps us distribute risk and provides protection against the impacts of short-term climate change effects. The climate-related risks and opportunities are a factor that determines whether a company can adapt to the market. If the change strategy seizes the opportunity, it will go further; if the risk is resisted, business will be more successful.

In the short term, the Company needs to invest higher costs in the initial stage to achieve environmentally friendly projects. For example, the Company has to source and make use of green materials and sustainably sourced finishes and provide higher energy saving appliances and water saving sanitary wares. We have to face many uncertain factors, such as investor preferences and consumer preferences.

After the initial investment, certain results will be seen in the medium term. At this time, we have to face the situation of whether to continue to expand the influence and whether investment and return are proportional.

The Company will incorporate more technology with integrated solutions that meet the multiple functional needs of a home, which may include lighting, thermal comfort, air quality, noise control and more, to integrate solutions that meet the multiple functional needs of a home. The system is constantly updated to be abreast with the latest technology available in the market.

#### 策略

氣候變化風險構成我們的整體風險組合 的一部分,原因為氣候變化會增加若干疾 病發生頻率及強度,以及自然災害對健康 及死亡率的影響。評估整體風險水平時, 會考慮到我們產品或服務範圍內眾多類 別中不同風險因素。風險多樣性,加上我 們的業務戰略及廣泛的地理覆蓋範圍,有 助我們分散風險,並提供保護,抵禦短期 氣候變化的影響。氣候相關風險及機遇為 決定公司能否適應市場的因素。倘改變戰 略能夠抓住機遇,企業便能走得更遠;倘 能夠抵禦風險,業務就能取得更大成功。

短期內,本公司需要於初期階段投入更高 成本以實現環保項目。例如,本公司須採 購及使用綠色材料及可持續採購的飾面, 提供更高節能效益的電器及節水潔具。我 們亦面對眾多不確定因素,如投資者偏好 及消費者喜好。

經過前期投入,中期可見若干成效。此時,我們將面臨是否繼續擴大影響、投資 與回報是否成正比的局面。

本公司將引入更多技術,提供滿足家庭多 功能需求的綜合解決方案,該等需求可能 包括燈光、熱能舒適、空氣質素、噪音控 制等。該系統將不斷更新,以跟上市場上 的最新技術。

Our diversified products and services plan to provide protection cover to people in our communities against weather and heat-related disease, while we continue to explore opportunities to engage our business partners with the participation in renewable energy programs and adoption of energy efficiency measures, encouraging them to develop climate resilience and reduce their operational carbon footprint by taking into consideration different climate-related scenarios, including a "2°C or lower scenario" through the following steps:

#### Step 1: Foresee Future Images Assuming Climate Change Effects

As climate change measures proceed, there is a possibility that the industry will be exposed to substantial changes such as stricter policies including the introduction of and increases in carbon pricing as well as advances in technology, and changes in customer awareness. In light of these climate change effects, based on the IEA scenarios and others, we have foreseen multiple future images as the external environment that will surround our Group.

With regard to the IEA scenarios, we put focus on the 2°C scenario (2DS) to analyse and picture future images in cases where climate change measures do not progress and where climate change measures progress further Beyond 2°C scenario.

#### Step 2: Consider the Impacts

We considered the impacts on our Group for each of the future images foreseen in Step 1. We believe that in such a society, it will be possible to expand carbon dioxide reduction effects. This in turn will lead to increased business opportunities. 我們的多元化產品及服務計劃為社區提 供保護,免受與天氣及高溫相關疾病。同 時,我們繼續探索機會,使業務夥伴參與 可再生能源計劃及採取能源效率措施,鼓 勵其通過以下步驟,考慮與氣候有關的不 同情景,包括「攝氏2度或以下的情境」,發 展氣候適應能力,減少其營運碳足跡:

#### 步驟1:預測氣候變化影響,想像未來景象

隨著氣候變化措施推行,行業有可能面臨 更嚴格政策等重大變動,包括引入及提高 碳定價,以及技術進步及客戶意識變化。 考慮到該等氣候變化影響,根據國際能源 機構預測及其他預測,我們預測未來本集 團所處外部環境的多種景象。

關於國際能源機構情景,我們重點關注攝 氏2度情景(2DS),以分析及描繪氣候變化 措施並無進展及氣候變化措施進一步進 展超過攝氏2度的情況下的未來景象。

#### 步驟2:評估影響

經考慮步驟1中預見的各種未來景象對本 集團的影響。我們相信,於如此社會中, 將有可能擴大二氧化碳減排效應,從而帶 來更多商機。

With regard to effects on production and purchasing, introduction of and increase in carbon pricing is anticipated in accordance with the global advance of climate change measures, leading to the possibility of higher purchasing and production costs.

On the other hand, in the case where climate change measures are not adequate throughout society, production interruptions and supply chain disruptions are likely to increase as a result of higher frequency and intensification of natural disasters such as flooding.

#### Step 3: Confirm Measures

Our Group will begin promoting the reduction of nonrenewable energy in our daily operation. This strategy will allow for flexible and strategic responses to each demand for the regions where the emission factors of purchased electricity consumptions are high. By promoting real carbon emissions reductions throughout the world through these types of initiatives, we are working to achieve zero carbon emission in our business.

We minimise carbon emissions through comprehensive energy-saving and introduction of renewable energy. With respect to renewable energy in particular, we have set a new target, achieve a reduction rate for purchased electricity in the coming few years.

With regard to the ongoing confirmation of the suitability and progress of the Group's strategies, we believe that we will have opportunities for stable funding and sustainable increase in corporate value through appropriate information disclosure, dialogue with institutional investors and other stakeholders. 於對生產及採購的影響方面,隨著全球氣 候變化措施推進,預期引入及提高碳定價 將可能導致採購及生產成本增加。

另一方面,倘全社會並無採取適當應對氣 候變化措施,洪水等自然災害的發生頻率 及強度可能會增加,從而導致生產中斷及 供應鏈中斷。

#### 步驟3:確定措施

本集團將開始於日常營運中推動減少使 用不可再生能源。就外購電力消耗排放系 數較高的地區而言,此戰略可以靈活、有 策略地應對各種需求。通過此類舉措在全 球推動實際碳排放減少,我們正致力實現 業務零碳排放。

我們通過全面節能及引入可再生能源,最 大限度減少碳排放。尤其於可再生能源方 面,我們制定新目標,於未來數年內實現 外購電力減少率。

於持續確認本集團戰略適宜性及進展方面,我們相信,通過適當資料披露,以及 與機構投資者及其他持份者對話,我們將 有機會獲得穩定資金及企業價值持續增 長。

#### **Risk Management**

Our Group identifies the climate change related risks or tests the existing risk management strategies under climate change with the aid of risk assessment, and therefore the areas where new strategies are needed could be identified.

The risk assessment takes a standard risk-based approach using national data, local information and expert knowledge, which can identify how climate change may compound existing risks or create new ones.

The risk assessment is conducted through the following steps:

#### Step 1: Establish the context

- Objective/goal
- Scale
- Time frame
- Climate change scenario for most climate variables and sea level

#### Step 2: Identify existing risk (past and current)

- Identify the record of occurrence of climatic hazards in the past in the area
- Risk management strategies in place to tackle future occurrence of the hazard

#### Step 3: Identify future risk and opportunities

- Explore climate change projections for the selected time frame(s) and emission scenario(s)
- Identify potential hazards
- Investigate whether any existing risk from Step 2 may get worse under future projected changes
- Identify new risks that can emerge under future projected changes

#### 風險管理

本集團識別與氣候變化有關的風險,或借 助風險評估測試氣候變化下的現有風險 管理策略,因此可以識別須制定新策略的 範疇。

風險評估採取基於風險的標準方法,使用 國家數據、當地資料及專家知識,評估氣 候變化如何使現有風險更為複雜或產生 新風險。

風險評估通過以下步驟進行:

#### 第1步:建立情境

- 目的/目標
- 規模
- 時間框架
- 大多數氣候變數及海平面的氣候變 化情景

#### 第2步:識別現有風險(過去及現在)

- 識別地區過去發生氣候災害的記錄
- 為應對未來發生的災害而制定風險 管理戰略

#### 第3步:識別未來風險及機會

- 探討選定時間框架及排放情景下的 氣候變化預測
- 識別潛在災害
- 調查步驟2中任何現有風險是否會於
   未來預測變化中惡化
- 識別未來預測變化可能帶來的新風
   險

#### Step 4: Analyse and evaluate risk

 Identify a set of decision areas or systems (i.e. geographical areas, business operation, assets, ecosystems, etc.) that has the potential to be at-risk in future

As outlined within the ESG Governance section above, the Group has robust risk management and business planning processes that are overseen by the Board in order to identify, assess and manage climate-related risks. Then, the Board will issue instructions to the ESG Working Group to issue specific rectification measures to business units. The Group engages with government and other appropriate organisations in order to keep abreast of expected and potential regulatory and/or fiscal changes.

The Group continues to raise awareness of climate change in regard to monitoring of carbon and energy footprint in our daily operation. However, there remains gaps in understanding how such climate risks and opportunities may impact our operations, assets and profits. Our Group assesses how the business addresses climate change risks and opportunities and takes the initiative to monitor and reduce its environmental footprint.

During the reporting period, the significant climate-related physical risks and transition risks, which have impacted and/or may impact our Group's businesses and strategy including but not limited to the products and services, supply chain and/or value chain, adaptation and mitigation activities, investment in research and development and operations areas, the impact on financial planning in operating costs and revenues, capital expenditures and capital allocation, acquisitions or divestment and access to capital areas, and the steps taken to manage these risks, are as follows:

#### 第4步:分析及評估風險

 識別未來有可能面臨風險的一系列 決策範圍或系統(例如地區、業務營 運、資產、生態系統等)

誠如上文環境、社會及管治治理一節所 述,本集團擁有健全的風險管理及業務規 劃程序,並由董事會監督,以識別、評估 及管理與氣候有關的風險。董事會向環 境、社會及管治工作小組發出指示,向各 業務單位提供具體整改措施。本集團與政 府及其他適當機構合作,以了解預期及潛 在監管及/或財政變動。

本集團繼續提高對氣候變化的意識,於日 常業務中監測碳及能源足跡。然而,我們 於了解有關氣候風險及機會如何影響我 們的營運、資產和利潤方面仍然存在差 距。本集團評估業務如何應對氣候變化風 險及機遇,並主動監測及減少環境足跡。

於報告期內,與氣候相關的重大實體風險 及過渡風險已經及/或可能影響本集團 的業務及戰略,包括但不限於產品及服 務、供應鏈及/或價值鏈、適應及減緩活 動、研發及營運領域的投資、對營運成本 及收益的財務規劃的影響、資本支出及資 本分配、收購或撤資及獲取資本領域,以 及為管理該等風險所採取的措施如下:

#### Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險描述

Financial Impact 財務影響

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

Physical Risk 實體風險

#### Acute physical risks 急性實體風險

 Increased severity and frequency of extreme weather events such as cyclones and floods. Workers are unable to access the construction sites due to high water level, and the rebar at storage area become unusable due to overexposed to water. Besides, some excavation areas may not be visible, thus may cause drowning. Reconstruction is required and the increase in material demand will cause suppliers to increase prices or out of stock. Additionally, excavation slope will be erose which may endanger workers working in the pit/trench. 颶風及洪水等極端天氣事件的嚴重程 度及頻率增加。由於水位過高,工人

無法進入建築工地,儲存區的鋼筋因 過度暴露於水中而無法使用。此外, 若干挖掘區域因無法目視,從而可能 導致溺水。需要進行重建,材料需求 增加將導致供應商提價或缺貨。此 外,挖掘斜坡會受到侵蝕,可能危及 於坑洞/壕溝內工作的工人。

- Operating cost increases such 
   as the inadequate water supply for power plants
   營運成本增加,如發電廠供 水不足
- Capital cost increases due to the damage of facilities 設施損壞導致資金成本增加
- Plan to adopt scenario analysis to disclose an organisation's planning under future scenarios, most notably one with in a 2°C scenario. 計劃採用情景分析來披露組 織在未來情景下的規劃(尤 其是攝氏2度情景)。
- Ensure all site are provided with proper drainage system to ensure water are able to flow during heavy downpour. 確保為所有地盤配備適當的 排水系統,並確保於暴雨下 能排水。

### Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險描述

Financial Impact 財務影響

 Increased likelihood and severity of wildfire. Natural or man-made natural fires can cause a large number of trees to be burned. Thereby affecting the supply of raw materials.
 野火發生的可能性及嚴重程度增加。 自然或人為的自然火災會導致大量樹 木被燒毀,進而影響原材料的供應。

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

- Ensure Earth Control Measures ("ECM") machine is working and always on standby, with regular maintenance of ECM machine and ensure sufficiency of chemicals for ECM machine to prevent delays due to shortage of chemical. 確保地面控制測量(「ECM」) 機器正常工作並始終處於 待命狀態,定期維護ECM機 器,確保ECM機器有足夠化 學品,防止因化學品短缺而 造成延誤。
- Based on past historical climate analysis, a plan to deal with possible natural disasters is established. 根據過往的歷史氣候分析, 制定應對可能發生的自然災 害的計劃。
- Improve warehouse protection measures to prevent materials from being damaged by fire and rain. 改善倉庫保護措施,防止材 料被火災及雨水損壞。
- Consciously save materials in peacetime.
   於和平時期自覺節約材料。
- Protect of cut slope using soil erosion blanket. 使用土壤侵蝕毯保護切坡。
- Introduce storm water tank and raise the minimum platform level. 引入水槽,提高最低平台高 度。

#### Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險描述

#### Chronic physical risks 慢性實體風險

- Changes in precipitation patterns and extreme variability in weather patterns, rainy seasons become unpredictable.
   降水模式的變化及天氣模式的極端多 變性,使雨季變得難以預測。
- Sites may face high water level due to excessive rain throughout the days and work will be delayed due to damaged materials and equipment. Besides, the water availability will reduce under the change of rainfall patterns, which will greatly affect the construction progress of the site.

工地可能因連日雨水過多面臨水位過 高問題,材料及設備受損會導致工期 延誤。此外,隨降雨模式變化,可用水 量亦會減少,此將大幅影響工地的施 工進度。

 Rising temperatures: Hot weather can affect the construction progress, such as the reduction of the efficacy of materials like sealants and mortar.
 Besides, staff or workers may feel sick easily in extreme temperature.
 溫度上升:炎熱天氣會影響施工進 度,如降低密封膠及砂漿等材料的功 效。此外,工作人員或工人於極端溫 度下容易感到不適。

**Financial Impact** 

財務影響

 Revenue reduces from decreased production capacity and the negative impacts of workforce 收入因生產能力下降及勞動 力的負面影響而減少

# Carefully plan areas that will be affected by extreme weather,

Steps taken to

manage the risks

為管理風險所採取的措施

and increase design flexibility to adapt to possible situations such as sea level rise. For example, elevating the materials from the ground to an optimum level to minimise physical contact with water, and to have personnel be on standby in case of heavy rain to turn on the ECM machine.

仔細規劃將受到極端天氣影響的區域,提高設計的靈活性, 以適應海平面上升等可能出現 的情況。例如,將材料從地面 提升至最佳高度,以盡量減少 實際接觸水,並安排人員隨時 待命,以於大雨時啟動ECM機 器。

Develop the habit of saving resources.
 培養節約資源的習慣。

### Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險描述

Financial Impact 財務影響

• Rising sea levels: The rise in sea level may cause the coastal area to be submerged. The original building planning area cannot be constructed normally, or the completed building is submerged.

海平面上升:海平面上升可能導致沿 海地區被淹沒,使原建築規劃區不能 正常施工,或竣工樓宇被淹沒。

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

- Increase water conservation efforts through effective use of water coming out from water treatment plants, and joint all reservoirs together to ensure water discharge to open drain. 通過有效利用污水處理廠產生 的水,加大節水力度,聯合所 有水庫一同確保水排入明渠。
- Engage with local or national governments and local stakeholders on local resilience to promotes healthy living to all staff and workers.
   與地方或國家政府及當地持份 者就本地復原力進行合作,以 促進所有員工及工人的健康生 活。

#### **Climate-related risks description** 氣候相關風險描述

**Financial Impact** 財務影響

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

**Transitional Risk** 過渡風險

#### **Policy risk** 政策風險

- As a result of energy efficiency requirements, the complied standard of construction materials may be required. 由於節能要求,可能需要符合標準的 建築材料。
- The choices of suppliers become scarce as they are unable to adapt to new changes. 由於供應商無法適應新變化,選擇變 得更少。
- Mandates on and regulation of existing products and services. Contractors have to update their equipment and reduce environmental pollutions. 對現有產品及服務的規定及監管。承 包商必須更新設備,減少環境污染。

• Operating cost increases due • Source out alternative to high compliance costs for the updates of equipment and inspections

由於設備更新及面臨檢查導 • Outsource to overseas 致合規成本上升,使營運成 本增加

- Construction costs increase 
   Educate the staff on the usage as the price of materials and traditional fuels rise 由於材料及傳統燃料價格上 漲,建築成本增加
- construction materials. 尋求替代建築材料。
- suppliers. 外包予海外供應商。
  - of new materials. 教育員工使用新材料。

#### Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險描述

#### Financial Impact 財務影響

- The government will increase the price of fuel to restrict the use of traditional fuel sources such as diesel and petrol. 政府提高燃料價格,以限制柴油及汽 油等傳統燃料的使用。
- The Group needs to spend much time and resource to carry out ISO quality inspections every year in order to meet the government's quality inspection requirements.

本集團每年需要花費大量時間及資源 進行ISO品質檢查,以符合政府質量檢 查要求。

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

 The Group should follow the development of technology and use clean energy machines and appliances, such as energyefficient 5-ticks aircons aids in the reduction in carbon emissions.

本集團應跟隨技術發展,使用 清潔能源機器及設備,如節能 型5剔空調,以減少碳排放。

 There should be environmental awareness to reduce carbon dioxide emissions. The management carefully study the requirements of ISO and implement. 應有減少二氧化碳排放環保意 識。管理層小心研究ISO要求 並加以落實。

#### Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險描述

Financial Impact 財務影響

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

#### Legal risk 法律風險

- Exposure to litigation. Contractors have to adapt the tightened law and regulations issued by the government due to climate change. When the construction sites affect nearby residents, such as noise pollution and water pollution, residents will complain or even file a lawsuit.
   面臨訴訟。承包商必須適應政府因氣 候變化而出臺更嚴格的法律法規。當 建築工地對附近居民造成影響時,如 噪音污染及水污染,居民會投訴甚至 提起訴訟。
- Unable to tender for new project. 無法投標新項目。
- Will be blacklisted by the Government bodies. 被政府機構列入黑名單。
- The Group will be fined when they fail to comply with relevant government regulations.
   如本集團不符合政府有關規定,將被 處以罰款。
- The Group may be required to cease operations when they fail to obtain certificates.
   當本集團無法獲得證明時,可能會被 要求停止營運。

- Operating cost increases due
   Monitor the updates of to high compliance costs
   由於合規成本上升,營運成
   本增加
   Monitor the updates of Environmental laws and regulations and implem
   GHG emissions accourt
- Additional cost increases when the companies are fined 當公司被處以罰款時,會增 加額外的成本
- Monitor the updates of Environmental laws and regulations and implemented GHG emissions accounting in advance. Management has to review environmental plan if any change of legal requirements. 監測環境法律法規的更新情況,提前實施溫室氣體排放核 算。倘法律要求發生變化,管 理層必須重新審查環境計劃。
- Engage Environmental Control Officer to advice the site on any environmental issues.
   聘請環境控制人員就工地的任 何環境問題提供建議。
- Conduct inspection and report to ensure compliance. 進行檢查並報告以確保合規。
- Seriously abide by relevant laws and regulations proposed by the government.
   認真遵守政府頒佈的相關法律 法規。

#### **Climate-related risks description** 氣候相關風險描述

**Financial Impact** 財務影響

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

#### **Technology risk** 技術風險

- More green building strategies with low- Capital investment in carbon, energy-saving technologies are produced. Lagging behind may weaken our competitive edges. 更多低碳、節能技術的綠色建築策略 獲制定。落後或會削弱我們的競爭優 勢。
- Advanced training is required for the staff to use new technology. 員工需要進行使用新技術的高級培 訓。
- Requires more space consumption due to advancement of technology. 由於技術的進步,需要佔用更多的空 間。
- The technology fails due to inadequate experience/still under research and development ("R&D") phase. 技術因使用經驗不足/仍處於研究及 開發(「研發」)階段而失效。

- technology development increases 技術開發的資本投資增加
- R&D expense in new and alternative technologies increases 新技術及替代技術的研發費 用增加
- · Examine the feasibility and benefits of applying the latest environmental technologies to increase the competitiveness and productivity. 研究應用最新環保技術提高競 爭力及生產力的可行性及效 盆。
- Source out companies that may offer better pricing wise but deliver the same as others. 尋找可能提供更佳價格,但與 其他公司提供相同服務的公 司。
- Educate the staff on how to use the technology. 教育員工如何使用技術。
- Cater the space for advancement of technology. 滿足技術進步所需的空間。
- Ensure the supplier is well recognise to prevent failure in technology. 確保供應商屬廣受認可的供應 商以防止技術失效。

#### **Climate-related risks description** 氣候相關風險描述

Market risk 市場風險

- More customers are considering climate-related risks and opportunities, which may lead to changes in customer preference. Consumers may be more inclined to buy green and environmentally friendly homes. The loss of competitiveness of traditional houses • Operating cost increases as has led to a decline in corporate profits. 更多客戶正考慮與氣候相關的風險及 機遇,可能會導致客戶偏好改變。 消費 者可能傾向於購買綠色環保型住宅。 傳統住宅失去競爭力,導致企業溢利 下降。
- Uncertainty in market signals. Green buildings become one of the factors to affect the property price. 市場信號不確定性。綠色建築成為影 響房地產價格的因素之一。
- More environmentally-friendly raw materials may be much expensive. 更多的環保原材料可能會令價格更高 昂。

**Financial Impact** 財務影響

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

 Bevenue decreases due to the 

 Control the environmental

 change in revenue mix and sources. 由於收入組合及來源發生變

化,導致收入減少。

abrupt and unexpected shifts in energy costs. 由於能源成本的突然及意料 之外的變化,導致營運成本 增加。

 Construction cost increases due to changing input prices and output requirements and the increased cost of raw materials.

由於投入價格及產出要求發 牛變化以及原材料成本增 加,建築成本增加。

- hazardous materials in products such as asbestos, and studying the application of eco-friendly and recycled materials. 控制產品中對環境有害的材 料,如石棉,並研究環保材料 及再生材料的應用。
- Allocated appropriate budget or costing while tendering projects. 在項目投標時分配適當的預算 或成本。
- Source out supplier not only in the country but overseas to maintain pricing competition. 尋求本地以外的海外供應商以 保持價格競爭力。
- Advise and recommend the benefits of using environmentally-friendly products to the customer. 向客戶建議及推薦使用環保產 品的好處。

### Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險描述

Financial Impact 財務影響

- Fewer suppliers can provide environmentally-friendly raw materials. 可提供環保原材料的供應商更少。
- The changes in consumer preferences lead to the increase in the risks that companies have to bear. 消費者偏好的變化導致公司須承擔的 風險增加。

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

- Actively conduct surveys

   on user preferences in the
   consumer market to formulate
   appropriate development
   strategies.
   積極於客戶市場開展用戶偏好
   調查,制定相應的發展策略。
- Increased revenues through access to new and emerging markets (e.g., partnerships with governments, development banks).
   透過進入新市場及新興市場

(如與政府發展銀行合作)以 增加收入。

 Increased diversification of financial assets. (e.g. green bonds and infrastructure) 提升金融資產多樣化程度。 (如綠色債券及基礎建設)

#### **Climate-related risks description** 氣候相關風險描述

**Financial Impact** 財務影響

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

#### **Reputational risk** 聲譽風險

- Shifts in consumer preferences. More customers are considering climate related risks and opportunities, which may lead to changes in customer preference for the houses with greener design. 消費者偏好的轉變。越來越多的客戶已 在考慮與氣候相關的風險及機遇,從而 可能導致客戶偏好傾向設計更環保的 房屋。
- Stigmatisation of sector, more stakeholder concern or negative stakeholder feedback on the contractors or developers if the houses are developed in a less environmentally friendly way. 較不環保的住宅開發方式會導致行業 污名化、持份者對承包商或開發商關注 或給予負面回饋。
- Revenue decreases from a decrease in demand for properties/engineering services, and the decrease in engineering work capacity 收入因對物業/工程服務的需 求以及工程產能減少而減少
- Operating costs increase from management and planning 對勞動力管理及規劃的負面影 響導致營運成本增加
- Fulfilled the social responsibility by organising more activities or actions to show how the corporation places importance on climate change.
  - 履行社會責任,組織更多活動 或行動,展示公司對氣候變化 的重視。
  - negative impacts on workforce Engaged Environmental Control Officer to advice the site on any environmental issues. 聘請環境控制人員就環境問題 向現場提供建議。
    - Management should conduct inspections and reports to ensure compliance. 管理層應進行檢查及報告,以 確保合規。
    - Management to review the environmental plan if any change of legal requirements. 倘法律要求有任何變化,管理 層將審查環境計劃。

### Climate-related risks description 氣候相關風險描述

Financial Impact 財務影響

- If the operation in the construction site violates environmental protection laws and is subjected to monitoring, it will damage the Group's reputation and reduce chances of acquiring new contracts or will be blacklisted by the Government bodies. Besides, the public's trust in the company may be reduced as well.
  倘建築工地的營運違反環境保護法律 並受到監督,將損害本集團聲譽,減少 獲得新合約的機會,或被政府機構列入 黑名單。此外,公眾對本公司的信任度 亦會降低。
- Damage to the company's reputation will affect the judgment of investors.
   Existing investors may withdraw their capital, and potential new investors may abandon their investment.
   本公司聲譽受損會影響投資者判斷。現 有投資者可能會撤資,潛在新投資者可 能會放棄投資。

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

- The construction work will be terminated if any noncompliance is found.
   倘發現任何不合規情況,工程 將終止。
- Take practical actions to prove that the company attaches great importance to climate protection and hold more related activities. 以實際行動證明公司對氣候保 護高度重視,並舉辦更多相關 活動。
- Meet all government requirements for climate protection. 滿足政府對氣候保護的所有要 求。
- To ensure the safety is in place for all sites. 確保所有工地安全。

#### **Climate-related risks description** 氣候相關風險描述

**Financial Impact** 財務影響

#### Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

#### **Resource efficiency** 資源效益

- Construct and move to more efficient buildings 建設並遷至更具效益的樓宇
- Reduce water usage and consumption 減少用水及消耗
- Operating cost reduces through efficiency gains and cost reductions 诱過效益收益及削減成本降 低營運成本
- Operating cost reduces through use of lowest cost abatement 通過將成本削減至最低降低 營運成本

#### **Energy source** 能源

- Use of lower-emission sources of Returns on investment in lowenergy 使用排放更少的能源
- Use of supportive policy incentives 使用支持性政策激勵
- Use of new technologies 使用新技術

- emission technology 對低排放技術的投資回報
- Revenue increases through new solutions to adaptations needs, such as insurance risk transfer products and services 透過針對適應需求的新解決 方案增加收入,例如保險風 險轉移產品及服務
- Revenue increases through access to new and emerging markets 透過進入新興市場增加收入

#### **Climate-related risks description** 氣候相關風險描述

**Financial Impact** 財務影響

Steps taken to manage the risks 為管理風險所採取的措施

#### **Products and services** 產品及服務

- Development of climate adaptation and Market valuation increases insurance risk solutions 制定氣候適應及保險風險相關解決方 案
- · Ability to diversify business activities 業務活動多元化的能力
- through resilience planning, such as infrastructure, land, buildinas 透過復原規劃增加市場估值, 如基建、土地、樓宇
- Reliability of supply chain and ability to operate under various condition increase 各種情況下的供應鏈穩定性及 其營運能力提升

#### Markets

市場

- Access to new markets 進入新市場
- Revenue increases through new products and services related to ensuring resiliency 透過有關確保復原的新產品及 服務增加收入

### **Resilience**

#### 彈性

- Participation in renewable energy programs and adoption of energyefficiency measures 參與可再生能源計劃及採納能效措施
- Resource substitution or diversification 資源替換或多樣化

#### **Metric and Targets**

Our Group adopts the key metrics to measure and manage climate-related risks and opportunities. The energy consumption and greenhouse gases (GHG) emissions indicators are the key metrics used to assess and manage relevant climate-related risks where we consider such information is material and crucial for assessing the impact of our operation on global climate change during the year. We track our energy consumption and greenhouse gas emissions indicators regularly to assess the effectiveness of emission reduction initiatives, as well as set targets to contribute our effort to limit global warming. The details of time frames over which the target applies and base year from which progress is measured are described in the section A1: "Emissions" and section A2: "Use of Resources" of this Report. Our Group adopt absolute target to manage climate-related risks and opportunities and performance.

#### 指標及目標

本集團採用關鍵指標計量及管理與氣候 相關的風險及機遇。能源消耗及溫室氣體 (溫室氣體)排放指標為評估及管理與氣 候有關的相關風險的關鍵指標,我們認為 有關資料屬重大,並對評估我們年內的營 運對全球氣候變化的影響至關重要。我們 定期追蹤能源消耗及溫室氣體排放指標, 以評估減排措施是否有效,並設定目標, 為限制全球變暖貢獻我們的一份力。有關 適用目標的時限及衡量進展的基準年的 詳情載述於本報告A1:「排放物」一節及 A2:「資源利用」一節。本集團採取絕對目 標以管理與氣候有關的風險及機會以及 表現。

#### **B. SOCIAL ASPECTS**

#### **EMPLOYMENT AND LABOUR PRACTICES**

#### **B1. EMPLOYMENT**

The Group believes people are the most valuable assets to the continuing development and success of the Group. As such, the Group strives to attract and retain talents and maintain a safe and equal working environment for its employees. Through the staff handbook, the Group has stated the terms of compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods and other benefits and welfare. The Group strives to construct a diverse and inclusive workplace where all its employees are treated with dignity and respect. The Group provides equal opportunity in all aspects of employment and maintaining a workplace that is free from discrimination or harassment against any individual on the basis of seniority, nationality, gender, age, marital status, disability, race, color, religion or sexual preference. Remuneration and promotion opportunities are crucial to retain and motivate employees in achieving key objectives of the Group. The Group provides remuneration for its employees in accordance with the Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57), the Minimum Wage Ordinance (Cap. 608) and the Labour Law of the PRC. For promotion of employees, the Group conducts performance appraisal annually to evaluate overall performance of employees. The data collected is used to serve as reference in considering promotion. In addition, the Group provides mandatory provident fund in accordance with the Mandatory Provident Fund Ordinance (Cap. 485) to its Hong Kong employees and required social insurance to its PRC employees.

#### B. 社會方面

僱傭及勞工常規

#### B1. 僱傭

本集團深信,員工為本集團持續發展及邁 向成功之最重要資產。因此,本集團努力 吸引及留聘人才,並為其僱員營造安全及 平等的工作環境。員工手冊載列本集團有 關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、 假期及其他待遇及福利之條款。本集團竭 力建立多元化及共融的工作環境,禮待 及尊重全體僱員。本集團於僱傭各方面提 供平等機會,並營造一個不得因資歷、國 籍、性別、年齡、婚姻狀態、殘疾、種族、 **唐**色、宗教或性取向而針對任何個人作出 歧視或騷擾的工作環境。薪酬及晉升機遇 對留聘及激勵僱員達成本集團的主要目 標而言極其重要。本集團根據《僱傭條例》 (第57章)、《最低工資條例》(第608章)及 《中國勞動法》為僱員提供薪酬。在僱員 晋升方面,本集團會每年進行表現評估, 以評價僱員的整體表現。所收集的數據用 作評估晉升的參考。此外,本集團根據《強 制性公積金計劃條例》(第485章)為其香 港僱員提供強制性公積金,並為其中國僱 員購買規定的社會保險。

During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that would have significant impact on the Group relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, antidiscrimination and other benefits and welfare. As at 31 March 2024, the employee compositions by gender, age group, geographical region, employment category and employment mode were as follows: 於報告期間,本集團概不知悉任何未遵 守有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時 數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及 其他待遇及福利之相關法律及法規而對 本集團產生重大影響之情況。於二零二四 年三月三十一日,按性別、年齡組別、地 區、僱傭類別及僱傭模式劃分之僱員組成 情況如下:

Employee compositions 僱員組成		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
By gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男性	74%	74%
Female	女性	26%	26%
By age group	按年齡組別劃分		
Age 30 or below	30歲或以下	8%	12%
Age 31-40	31-40歲	18%	24%
Age 41-50	41-50歲	20%	17%
Age 51 or above	51歲或以上	54%	47%
By geographical region	按地區劃分		
Hong Kong	香港	100%	100%
PRC	中國	-	-
By employment category	按僱傭類別劃分		
Senior management	高級管理層	12%	9%
Middle management	中級管理層	12%	16%
General staff	一般員工	76%	75%
By employment mode	按僱傭模式劃分		
Full-time staff	全職員工	97%	100%
Part-time staff	兼職員工	3%	-

During the reporting period, the employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region during the reporting period was as follows: 於報告期間,按性別、年齡組別及地區劃 分的僱員流失比率如下:

Employment turnover rate 僱傭流失率		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
By gender	按性別劃分		
Male	男性	78%	42%
Female	女性	21%	40%
By age group	按年齡組別劃分		
Age 30 or below	30歲或以下	<b>42</b> %	61%
Age 31-40	31至40歲	17%	34%
Age 41-50	41至50歲	<b>21</b> %	31%
Age 51 or above	51歲或以上	20%	43%
By geographical region	按地區劃分		
Hong Kong	中國	<b>21</b> %	36%
PRC	香港	-	-
Overall	整體	21%	36%

#### **B2. HEALTH AND SAFETY**

#### The Group places the highest priority on securing health and safety of all its employees. Adhering to the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Cap. 509) and the Law of the PRC on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Disease, the Group strives to minimise workplace accidents and continuously improves workplace safety. The Group has established the "Health and Safety Policy Statement" and the "Safety Management Policy", covering the Group's commitment, safety objectives and safety measures in ensuring occupational safety.

#### B2. 健康與安全

本集團將保障全體僱員之健康與安全放 在首位。本集團嚴格遵守《職業安全及健 康條例》(第509章)以及《中國職業病防治 法》,力求減少工作事故及不斷提升工作 環境安全性。本集團已制定「健康與安全 政策聲明」及「安全管理政策」,當中載有 本集團的承諾、安全目標及安全措施,以 確保職業安全。

Safety education is crucial to ensure that employees are fully understand the safety risks and well-equipped to handle the job duties in a safe manner. All workers on sites are required to attend an induction training on the safety policies of the Group. Depending on work nature, the safety officers are responsible to provide safety briefing regularly to illustrate major safety issues to the workers. Besides, safety reminders and warnings are posted at prominent areas at the sites to enhance the safety awareness of workers.

In addition, safety monitoring is important to identify the potential safety risks. The safety officers, site agents and the Group's clients carry out weekly on-site inspection to identify the existing and potential safety issues. In case any safety issue is noticed, the site agent will implement safety precautions and rectification measures to minimise the risk.

During the reporting period, the Group recorded 1 case (2023: 2 cases) of work-related injury for the Civil Engineering Services Business. The Group did not have any work-related fatality during the year. Besides, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that would have significant impact on the Group in providing a safe and healthy working environment during the reporting period.

#### **B3. DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING**

The Group considers the skills and knowledge of its employees as the key elements of the Group's continued business growth and success. By encouraging employees to participate in training programmes, the Group strives to enhance employees' work performance, personal development and promotion opportunities. 對確保僱員充分了解到安全風險並攜備 齊全裝備安全地處理工作而言,安全教育 乃屬至關重要。施工現場全體工人須就本 集團安全政策參加入職培訓。根據工作性 質,安全主管須負責提供安全簡報,定期 向工人說明主要安全問題。此外,為加強 工人的安全意識,於施工現場顯眼地區貼 示安全提示及警告。

再者,安全監控對於識別潛在安全隱患而 言實屬重要。安全主管、工地主管及本集 團客戶每週對施工現場進行檢查,以識別 現有及潛在安全隱患。倘發現任何安全問 題,工地主管將實施安全預防措施以及整 改措施,將工傷風險減至最低。

於報告期間,本集團就土木工程服務業務 錄得一宗(二零二三年:兩宗)工傷個案。 本集團於年內並無發現任何與工作有關 的身亡事件。此外,本集團並不知悉任何 不遵守相關法律及法規,導致對本集團於 報告期間提供安全及健康工作環境造成 重大影響。

#### B3. 發展及培訓

本集團認為,其僱員的技能及知識乃本集 團業務不斷增長及成功的關鍵因素。通過 鼓勵僱員參加培訓課程,本集團努力提升 僱員工作表現、個人發展及晉升機會。

According to the Group's staff handbook, the Group provides internal trainings for employees, including induction training, on-the-job training and professional training. The induction training covers the corporate culture, corporate facilities and regulations such as security and confidentiality. The on-the-job training includes the business knowledge and skills required for specific positions, with the aim to enhance employees' work performance. The Group also encourages employees to attend professional training and obtain relevant certification and license.

For Civil Engineering Services Business, the Group encourages employees to participate in training programmes organised by professional institutes, including Construction Industry Council, Occupational Safety and Health Council, Hong Kong Institute of Construction, Vocational Training Council, etc.

During the reporting period, the percentage of employees trained by gender and employment category was as follows:

根據本集團員工手冊,本集團向僱員提供 內部培訓,包括入職培訓、在職培訓及專 業培訓。入職培訓涵蓋企業文化、企業設 施及監管(如安保及機密)。在職培訓包括 指定崗位所需業務知識及技能,旨在提升 僱員工作表現。本集團亦鼓勵僱員出席專 業培訓,獲取相關證書及牌照。

就土木工程服務業務而言,本集團鼓勵僱 員參加建造業議會、職業安全健康局、香 港建造學院、職業訓練局等專業機構組織 的培訓課程。

於報告期間,按性別及僱傭類別分類的受 培訓僱員百分比如下:

<b>Percentage of employee trained</b> 受培訓僱員百分比		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Pu condox	按性別劃分		
By gender Male	男性	21%	10%
Female	女性	10%	18%
By employment category	按僱傭類別劃分		
Senior management	高級管理層	28%	25%
Middle management	中等管理層	<b>66</b> %	35%
General staff	一般員工	27%	7%
Overall	整體	18%	12%

During the reporting period, the detailed breakdown of employees trained (in percentage) and the average training hours completed per employee by gender and employment category was as follows: 於報告期間,按性別及僱傭類別分類的受 培訓僱員(百分比)詳細明細及各僱員完成 的平均培訓時數如下:

Training		Average training hours (hours/employee) 平均培訓時數 (小時/僱員)		Breakdown of employee trained (%) 受培訓僱員明細(%)	
培訓		2024	2023	2024	2023
		<b>二零二四年</b> 二零			
By gender	按性別劃分				
Male	男性	1.8	1.0	87%	63%
Female	女性	1.7	2.1	13%	37%
By employment category	按僱傭類別劃分				
Senior management	高級管理層	2.7	2.6	11%	19%
Middle management	中等管理層	1.7	3.6	25%	37%
General staff	一般員工	1.7	0.7	<b>64</b> %	44%
Overall	整體	1.7	1.2	100%	100%

#### **B4. LABOUR STANDARDS**

With the implementation of "Labour Standards Policy", the Group is committed to prohibiting the use of forces and child labour in any part of its business. The Group strictly adheres to the relevant laws and regulations, including the Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57) and the Labour Law of the PRC. As stipulated in the staff handbook, newly recruited employees are required to present their identity documents to Human Resources Department for age verification as prevention of engaging child labour. Besides, all work should be voluntarily performed and should not involve forced labour. Employees are free to leave employment upon giving reasonable notice. During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations related to recruitment of child labour or forced labour practices. B4. 勞工準則

藉著「勞工準則政策」的實行,本集團致力 於禁止於其任何業務部分中使用強制勞 工及童工。本集團嚴格遵守相關法律及法 規,包括《僱傭條例》(第57章)及《中國勞 動法》。誠如員工手冊所訂明,新聘僱員須 向人力資源部門出示彼等身份證件作年 齡核實,防止僱傭童工。此外,所有工作 應自願進行,不得涉及強制勞工。僱員於 給出合理通知後可離職。於報告期間,本 集團並不知悉任何未遵守有關聘用童工 或強制勞工之相關法律及法規之情況。

#### **OPERATING PRACTICES**

#### **B5. SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT**

During the Reporting Period, there were 86 suppliers and all of them were located in Hong Kong. The Group strives to maintain long-term and stable relationships with suppliers and sub-contractors who meet our standards of technical competence, innovation, product quality, reliability and delivery performance, financial soundness, ethics and social responsibility. The Group has implemented a "Supply Chain Policy" and ensures that its suppliers and sub-contractors meet the Group's requirement regarding guality, environmental, safety, labour and confidentiality standards. It ensures the production capacity, technology level, quality assurance capabilities, supply capacity, safety and environment management qualifications if needed. Only the highly qualified suppliers/subcontractors complied with regulatory requirements are eligible for the supplier/ subcontractor selection by the Group. The Group also carries out regular assessment on suppliers'/subcontractors' overall capabilities, assets position, nature of business, reputation in the industry, quality of products, goods delivery and compliance with law and regulations. The Group provides technical assistance and supervision to suppliers and subcontractors for quality assurance and educate them with anticorruption terms. Meanwhile, the Group encourages any feedback from our suppliers and sub-contractors, which may help the Group in understanding their needs and facilitate us in formulating the future policy.

#### 營運慣例

#### B5. 供應鏈管理

於報告期間,86名供應商均位於香港。本 集團努力維護與可滿足我們技術能力、 創新、產品質量、可靠性及交貨情況、財 務穩健性、道德與社會責任標準之供應商 及分包商之間的長期穩定關係。本集團已 實行「供應鏈政策」,確保其供應商及分包 商可滿足本集團有關質量、環境、安全、 勞工及機密性標準的要求。其確保生產 能力、技術水平、質量保證能力、供應能 力、安全及環境管理資格(如需)。只有符 合監管要求的高質量供應商/分包商才 符合資格供本集團選擇。本集團亦對供應 商/分包商的整體能力、資產狀況、業務 性質、行業聲譽、產品質量、貨物交付及 遵守法律法規情況進行定期評估。本集團 向供應商及分包商提供技術支持及監督 以確保質量,並對彼等進行反貪污條款教 育。同時,本集團鼓勵供應商及分包商提 供反饋,這可能有助於本集團了解彼等需 求並有利於我們制定未來政策。

#### **B6. PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY**

Service quality is always of the utmost concern in the Group's operation. The Group continues to provide high-quality and safe services to its clients in order to meet their expectations and enhance their satisfaction. The Group has implemented the "Quality Management Policy", which covers the Group's commitment to enhance the service quality by providing trainings for employees, monitoring the progress and building action plan. For the Civil Engineering Services Business, the Group's subsidiaries are certified for ISO9001:2008 Quality Management System Standards. To pursue quality construction work, the Group has adopted various quality control procedures, including regular monitoring, inspection and testing at different stage of construction, recording data and controlling non-conforming works. The Group implements project quality plan for each project, covering the specifications, timing of delivery, guality of construction materials and manpower required. The project manager is responsible to ensure the progress is in line with the project quality plan. Besides, the site agent or foreman conducts inspection to ensure the quality of the completed work conforms to the requirements specified in the contract. The Group is aware of the importance in handling customer information. The Group takes high precaution in ensuring their confidentiality to avoid misuse or leakage of personal data. As stipulated in the Group's Code of Conduct and staff handbook, employees are required to abide by the guidance on prohibiting any unauthorised disclosure of confidential information.

#### B6. 產品責任

服務質量乃本集團經營的日常關注所向。 本集團一直向其客戶提供高質量安全服 務,以達致彼等期望,提升彼等滿意度。 本集團已實行「質量管理政策」,政策包括 本集團致力於通過向僱員提供培訓、監控 進程及制定行動計劃,提高服務質量。就 土木工程服務業務而言,本集團附屬公司 已獲ISO9001:2008質量管理體系標準認 證。為追求優質建築工程,本集團已採取 多項質量控制程序,包括於建築不同階段 進行定期監察、檢查及測試,記錄數據及 監控非標準工作。本集團為每個項目實施 項目質量計劃,涵蓋規格、交付時間、建 築材料質量以及所需人力。項目主管須負 青確保進程與項目質量計劃一致。此外, 工地主管或工頭進行檢查,確保竣工工程 質量符合合約規定要求。本集團了解處理 客戶資料的重要性。本集團採取高度預防 措施,確保彼等機密性,避免個人數據誤 用或洩露。誠如本集團行為守則及員工手 冊所訂明,僱員須遵守指引,防止任何保 密資料出現未經授權披露。

In addition, the Group does not make false claims regarding the service provided. Besides, we respect intellectual rights and purchase products and services from authorised suppliers and copyright holders. The Group is in strict compliance with the relevant laws and regulations, including the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486), the Copyright Ordinance (Cap. 528) and the Copyright Law of the PRC. During the reporting period, the Group did not receive any complaint related to the services provided. The Group was not aware of any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters during the reporting period.

#### **B7. ANTI-CORRUPTION**

The Group is committed to upholding the high standards of business ethics and integrity. Abiding to the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201) and the Criminal Law of the PRC, the Group has incorporated its requirement towards anti-corruption into the Code of Conduct. All employees should decline an offer of advantage if acceptance of it could affect their objectivity in conducting the Group's business. Employee who violates the Code of Conduct after investigation will be subject to disciplinary actions, including termination of employment. The Group will also report the case to relevant legal authorities. The Group's "Whistleblowing Policy" encourages and enables employees to report on observed and suspected non-compliance and questionable practice by mail, email or phone. The Group treats all disclosures in a confidential and sensitive manner to reasonably protect whistle blowers against intimidation and reprisal.

此外,本集團並無就所提供服務作出虛 假聲明。再者,我們尊重知識產權,並向 授權供應商及版權持有人購買產品及服 務。本集團嚴格遵守相關法律及法規,包括 《個人資料(私隱)條例》(第486章)、《版 權條例》(第528章)及《中國版權法》。於報 告期間,本集團並無收到任何有關所提供 服務的投訴。於報告期間,本集團並不知 悉任何未遵守有關健康與安全、廣告、標 籤及隱私事項之相關法律及法規。

#### B7. 反貪污

本集團致力於維持高水平的商業道德及 誠信標準。本集團遵守《防止賄賂條例》 (第201章)以及《中國刑法》,將其有關 反貪污的規定納入行為守則當中。倘僱員 所接受利益將影響其於進行本集團業務 過程中保持客觀性,則一律不得接受。倘 經調查後,僱員被發現違反行為守則,則 視乎情況接受紀律處分,包括解聘。本集團 「舉報政策」鼓勵僱員且使僱員能夠通過 郵件、電郵或電話方式報告所發現及懷疑 違規及可疑行為。本集團將保密審慎處理 所有舉報,以合理保護舉報者免受恐嚇及 威脅。

The Group plans to host regular trainings delivered by representatives from regulators and professionals to all Directors and employees in regards to anti-corruption policies and procedures so to maintain employees' awareness on anticorruption best practices. During the reporting period, no legal case regarding corrupt practices was brought against the Group. The Group was not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that would have significant impact on the Group relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering during the reporting period.

#### COMMUNITY

#### **B8. COMMUNITY INVESTMENT**

As a socially responsible enterprise, the Group is constantly aware of the community needs and strives to bring a positive impact on community development. The Group encourages and supports community development initiatives to enhance social benefits such as environment, health and education. Besides, the Group encourages its employees to dedicate their time and skills to supporting local communities. 本集團計劃定期舉行由監管機構及專業 人士代表向全體董事及僱員進行有關反 貪污政策及程序的培訓,以保持僱員對反 貪污的意識及做法。於報告期間,概無發 生針對本集團提出涉及貪污的法律案件。 於報告期間,本集團並不知悉任何違反對 本集團造成重大影響的有關賄賂、勒索、 欺詐及洗黑錢之相關法律及法規的情況。

#### 社區

#### B8. 社區投資

作為一間局負社會責任的企業,本集團持 續了解社區需求,並致力於為社區發展帶 來正面影響。本集團鼓勵及支持社區發展 舉措,以提升環境、健康及教育等方面的 社會效益。此外,本集團鼓勵其僱員投入 時間及技能支持當地社區。
ENVIRONME REPORTING	NTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE INDEX	環境、社會及管治報告索引	
Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) 主要範疇 \ 層面 \ 一般披露及關鍵績效指標		Section 章節	<b>Pages</b> 頁次
A. Environmen A. 環境	tal		
A1: Emissions A1:排放物			
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Emissions" 「排放物」	102
KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data	"Emissions – Air Pollutant Emissions"	102
關鍵績效指標 A1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據	「排放物-空氣污染排放物」	
KPI A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions in total and, where appropriate, intensity	"Emissions – Greenhouse Gas Emission"	104
關鍵績效指標 A1.2	溫室氣體總排放量及(如適用)密度	「排放物-溫室氣體排放」	
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity	Not applicable to the Group's business.	N/A
關鍵績效指標 A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量及(如適用)密度	不適用於本集團業務。	不適用
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced and, where appropriate, intensity	"Emissions – Hazardous and Nonhazardous Wastes"	106
關鍵績效指標 A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量及(如適用)密度	「排放物-有害及無害廢棄物」	

Performance I	aspects, general disclosures and Key ndicators (KPIs) \、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Section 章節	<b>Pages</b> 頁次
KPI A1.5	Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved	"Emissions – Air Pollutant Emissions" "Emissions – Greenhouse Gas Emission"	102-104
關鍵績效指標 A1.5	描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果	「排放物-空氣污染排放物」 「排放物-溫室氣體排放」	
KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous and nonhazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved	"Emissions – Hazardous and Nonhazardous Wastes"	105-106
關鍵績效指標 A1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生 量的措施及所得成果	「排放物-有害及無害廢棄物」	
A2: Use of Reso A2:資源利用	Durces		
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Use of Resources" 「資源利用」	108
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total and intensity	"Use of Resources – Energy"	109
關鍵績效指標 A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源總耗量及 密度	「資源利用-能源」	
KPI A2.2 關鍵績效指標 A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity 總耗水量及密度	"Use of Resources – Water" 「資源利用一水資源」	110
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved	"Use of Resources – Energy"	109
關鍵績效指標 A2.3	描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果	「資源利用-能源」	

Performance I	, aspects, general disclosures and Key Indicators (KPIs) \\_一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Section 章節	Pages 頁次
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved	"Use of Resources – Water"	110
關鍵績效指標 A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升 用水效益計劃及所得成果	「資源利用-水資源」	
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced	Not applicable to the Group's business.	N/A
關鍵績效指標 A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量及(如適用)每生產 單位佔量	不適用於本集團業務。	不適用
A3: The Environ A3:環境及天約	ment and Natural Resources 然資源		
General Disclos	ure	"The Environment and Natural Resources"	110
一般披露		「環境及天然資源」	
KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them		111
關鍵績效指標 A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響 及已採取管理有關影響的行動	「環境及天然資源」	

Subject areas, aspects, general disclosures and Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) 主要範疇、層面、一般披露及關鍵績效指標		Section 章節	Pages 頁次			
A4: Climate Cha A4:氣候變化	ange					
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Climate Change" 「氣候變化」	111-118			
KPI A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them	"Climate Change"	119-133			
關鍵績效指標 A4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大 氣候相關事宜,及應對行動	「氣候變化」				
B. Social B. 社會						
Employment a 僱傭及勞工常規	nd Labour Practices 見					
B1: Employmen B1:僱傭	t					
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Employment" 「僱傭」	134			
KPI B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region	"Employment"	135			
關鍵績效指標 B1.1	按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱 員總數	「僱傭」				
KPI B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region	"Employment"	136			
關鍵績效指標 B1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率	「僱傭」				

Performance I	aspects, general disclosures and Key ndicators (KPIs) \、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Section 章節	Pages 頁次
B2: Health and B2:健康與安曇			
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Health and Safety" 「健康與安全」	136
KPI B2.1 關鍵績效指標 B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities 因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率	"Health and Safety" 「健康與安全」	137
KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標 B2.2	Lost days due to work injury 因工傷損失工作日數	"Health and Safety" 「健康與安全」	137
KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored	"Health and Safety"	137
關鍵績效指標 B2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關 執行及監察方法	「健康與安全」	

Performance I	aspects, general disclosures and Key ndicators (KPIs) \、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Section 章節	Pages 頁次
B3: Developmer B3:發展及培言	-		
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Development and Training" 「發展及培訓」	137
KPI B3.1	The percentage of employee trained by gender and employee category	"Development and Training"	138
關鍵績效指標 B3.1	按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比	「發展及培訓」	
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category	"Development and Training"	139
關鍵績效指標 B3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的 平均時數	「發展及培訓」	
B4: Labour Star B4:勞工準則	ndards		
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Labour Standards" 「勞工準則」	139
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour	"Labour Standards"	139
關鍵績效指標 B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制 勞工	「勞工準則」	
KPI B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered	The Group current does not report on this indicator.	N/A
關鍵績效指標 B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取 的步驟	本集團目前並無就此指標進行報告。	不適用

Performance I	aspects, general disclosures and Key ndicators (KPIs) \、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Section 章節	Pages 頁次
Operating Pract 營運慣例	ices		
B5: Supply Cha B5:供應鏈管理			
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Supply Chain Management" 「供應鏈管理」	140
KPI B5.1 關鍵績效指標 B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region 按地區劃分的供應商數目	"Supply Chain Management" 「供應鏈管理」	140
KPI B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are	"Supply Chain Management"	140
關鍵績效指標 B5.2	implemented and monitored 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例、執行有關慣例的 供應商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法	「供應鏈管理」	

Performance I	aspects, general disclosures and Key ndicators (KPIs) \、一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Section 章節	Pages 頁次
B6: Product Res B6:產品責任	sponsibility		
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Product Responsibility" 「產品責任」	141
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons	Not applicable to the Group's business.	N/A
關鍵績效指標 B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由 而須回收的百分比	不適用於本集團業務。	不適用
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with	No complaint related to the service provided was received.	142
關鍵績效指標 B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方 法	概無接獲有關所提供服務之投訴。	
KPI B6.3	Description and practices relating to observing	"Product Responsibility"	142
關鍵績效指標 B6.3	and protecting intellectual property rights 描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例	「產品責任」	
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures	"Product Responsibility"	141
關鍵績效指標 B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序	「產品責任」	
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored	"Product Responsibility"	141
關鍵績效指標 B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執 行及監察方法	「產品責任」	

Performance I	aspects, general disclosures and Key ndicators (KPIs) 丶一般披露及關鍵績效指標	Section 章節	Pages 頁次
B7: Anti-corrupt B7:反貪污	ion		
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Anti-corruption" 「反貪污」	142
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the case	No legal case regarding corrupt practices was brought against the Group.	N/A
關鍵績效指標 B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果	概無對本集團就貪污行為提出起訴 之法律案件。	不適用
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored	"Anti-corruption"	142
關鍵績效指標 B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監 察方法	「反貪污」	
Community 社區			
B8: Community B8:社區投資	Investment		
General Disclos 一般披露	ure	"Community Investment" 「社區投資」	143
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health,	"Community Investment"	143
關鍵績效指標 B8.1	culture, sport) 專注貢獻範疇 (如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、 健康、文化、體育)	「社區投資」	
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area	"Community Investment"	143
關鍵績效指標 B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)	「社區投資」	



#### TO THE MEMBERS OF CNC HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of CNC Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "**the Group**") set out on pages 165 to 298, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

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#### 致中國新華電視控股有限公司之股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

本行已審核列載於第165至298頁中國新華電 視控股有限公司及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」) 之綜合財務報表,綜合財務報表包括於二零 二四年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表與截 至該日止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益表、 綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合 財務報表附註(包括重大會計政策資料)。

本行認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」)頒佈的香港財務報 告準則(「**香港財務報告準則**」)真實而公平地反 映 貴集團於二零二四年三月三十一日之綜合 財務狀況及其截至該日止年度之綜合財務表 現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例的 披露規定妥為編製。

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("**HKSAs**") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("**the Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to Note 3(c) in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$9,112,000 during the year ended 31 March 2024 and, as of that date, the Group had net current liabilities and net liabilities of approximately HK\$418,426,000 and HK\$403,430,000 respectively. As stated in Note 3(c), these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 3(c), indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the "Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern" section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### 意見基礎

本行根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則 (「**香港審計準則**」)進行審核工作。根據該等 準則,本行的責任於本報告「核數師就審核綜 合財務報表須承擔的責任」中進一步詳述。根 據香港會計師公會頒佈的專業會計師道德守則 (「該守則」),本行獨立於 貴集團,並已遵循 該守則履行其他道德責任。本行相信,本行所 獲得的審核憑證乃為充足及適當地為本行的 意見提供基礎。

#### 有關持續經營之重大不確定因素

本行提請垂注綜合財務報表附註3(c),當中顯 示截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度, 貴 集團產生淨虧損約9,112,000港元,以及截至該 日, 貴集團之流動負債淨額及負債淨額分別 約為418,426,000港元及403,430,000港元。誠 如附註3(c)所述,該等事件或情況以及附註3(c) 所載的其他事項表明存在重大不確定因素,可 能會對 貴集團的持續經營能力構成重大疑 問。就此事項而言,本行並未作出保留意見。

#### 關鍵審核事項

根據本行的專業判斷, 關鍵審核事項乃本行審 核本期間綜合財務報表最為重要的事項。該等 事項乃於本行審核整體綜合財務報表及達成 本行對其的意見時進行處理, 而本行不會對該 等事項單獨發表意見。除「有關持續經營之重 大不確定因素」一節所述事項外, 本行已釐定 下述事項為本行報告中需要溝通的關鍵審核 事項。

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit address the key audit matter 本行的審核如何對關鍵審核事項進行處理

Contract revenue recognition and accounting for construction contract 確認合約收益及建築合約之會計處理 Refer to Notes 5 and 6 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 4 to

the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註5及6以及綜合財務報表附註4之會計政策。

The Group recognises revenue over time in accordance with HKFRS 15 Revenue for contract with customers. 貴集團按照香港財務報告準則第15號客戶合約收益 隨時間確認收益。

The revenue and profit recognised in a year on these projects is dependent, amongst others, on the assessment of the Group's efforts or inputs to the construction projects (i.e. contract cost incurred for work performed) relative to the total expected inputs to the construction projects (i.e. estimated total budgeted contract cost committed for the projects).

該等項目於一年內確認的收益及溢利,取決於(其中 包括) 貴集團對建築項目的努力或投入(即已完成 工程產生的合約成本)相對於建設項目的總預期投入 (即為項目承諾的估計總預算合約成本)的評估。

The uncertainty and subjectivity involved in determining the cost to complete and foreseeable losses may have a significant impact on the revenue and profit of the Group. 釐定完工成本及可預見虧損涉及不確定性及主觀性, 這些因素可能對 貴集團的收益及溢利造成重大影響。 Our procedures in relation to revenue recognition from construction projects included but not limited to: 本行有關建築項目收益確認之程序包括但不限於:

- Obtaining an understanding of the projects, evaluated the design and implementation of relevant controls relating to revenue recognition and partially completed projects.
- 了解項目、評估與收益確認和部分完成項目有關的 相關控制的設計和實施。
- Assessing the Group's revenue recognition practice to determine that they are in compliance with HKFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers, including the assessment of the Group's efforts or inputs to the construction projects (i.e. contract cost incurred for work performed) relative to the total expected inputs to the construction projects (i.e. estimated total budgeted contract cost committed for the projects).
- 評估 貴集團的收益確認慣例,以釐定其符合香港 財務報告準則第15號客戶合約收益,包括 貴集團 對建築項目的努力或投入(即已完成工程產生的合 約成本)相對於建設項目的總預期投入(即為項目承 諾的估計總預算合約成本)的評估。

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit address the key audit matter 本行的審核如何對關鍵審核事項進行處理

*Contract revenue recognition and accounting for construction contract* (*Continued*) *確認合約收益及建築合約之會計處理 (續*)

Refer to Notes 5 and 6 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.(*Continued*)

請參閱綜合財務報表附註5及6以及綜合財務報表附註4之會計政策。(續)

- For selected projects, our audit procedures included the following:
- 就經選定項目而言,本行的審核程序包括以下各項:
  - i. agreed projects contract sum to signed contracts and variation orders;
  - i. 項目合約金額符合所簽訂合約及改工指示;
  - obtained construction contract from management and reviewed for any specific or special performance obligations and conditions during the financial period;
  - ii. 自管理層獲得建築合約並審核於本財政期間任
     何具體或特殊的履約責任及條件;
  - iii. assessed the reasonableness of cost incurred against our understanding of the projects;
  - iii. 以本行對項目的了解評核所產生成本的合理 性;
  - vouched the actual cost incurred during the year to details of supplier invoices and subcontractors to check the validity and accuracy of the costs;
  - iv. 將年內實際產生的成本與供應商發票及分包商
     的詳細資料進行核對,以確保該等成本的有效
     性及準確性;

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit address the key audit matter 本行的審核如何對關鍵審核事項進行處理

*Contract revenue recognition and accounting for construction contract (Continued)* 確認合約收益及建築合約之會計處理 (續)

Refer to Notes 5 and 6 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements. *(Continued)* 

請參閱綜合財務報表附註5及6以及綜合財務報表附註4之會計政策。(續)

- v. performed cut-off testing to verify contract costs were taken up in the appropriate financial year;
- v. 進行截止測試,以核實合約成本乃於合適財政 年度支取;
- vi. assessed and vouched to the estimated cost to complete by substantiating costs that have been committed to quotations and contracts entered;
- vi. 透過核實報價及合約中承諾的成本,評估並核 對預計完工成本;
- vii. checked to the latest certificate issued by the independent surveyors ("Surveyors") before year end date for the verification of the value of work already performed during the year;
- vii. 查核獨立測量師(「**測量師**」)於年結日前就核證 年內已進行工程的價值所出具的最新證明;
- viii. checked to the certificate issued by the Surveyors subsequent to year end date, to verify the uncertified work before year end has been subsequently certified by the Surveyors;
- viii. 查核測量師於年結日後出具的證書,以核證年 結前未經證明的工程已在年結後得到測量師的 證明;

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit address the key audit matter 本行的審核如何對關鍵審核事項進行處理

*Contract revenue recognition and accounting for construction contract* (*Continued*) 確認合約收益及建築合約之會計處理 (續)

Refer to Notes 5 and 6 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements. *(Continued)* 

請參閱綜合財務報表附註5及6以及綜合財務報表附註4之會計政策。(續)

- ix. performed retrospective review by comparing the total actual contract costs incurred at completion against the total budgeted contract costs to assess the reasonableness of the estimates used by the management;
- ix. 透過比較竣工時實際產生的合約總成本與預算
   合約總成本進行回顧性審查,以評估管理層所
   用估計的合理性;
- for projects in progress, recomputed the percentage of the progress of the contract based on input method to test the accuracy of the percentage of the progress to determine the revenue;
- x. 就進行中項目而言,本行根據投入法重新計算
   合約進度百分比,以檢驗進度百分比的準確
   性,以確定收益;
- xi. for projects completed during the year, obtained the certificate of substantial completion and verified that the remaining revenue has been captured;
- xi. 已就年內完工的項目取得實質竣工證明,並核 實剩餘收益已入賬;

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項 How our audit address the key audit matter 本行的審核如何對關鍵審核事項進行處理

*Contract revenue recognition and accounting for construction contract* (*Continued*) 確認合約收益及建築合約之會計處理 (續)

Refer to Notes 5 and 6 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements. (*Continued*)

請參閱綜合財務報表附註5及6以及綜合財務報表附註4之會計政策。(續)

- xii. compared total contract revenue to actual cost incurred plus estimated cost to complete, and assessed for foreseeable losses; and
- xii. 將合約總收益與實際產生的成本加上預計完工 成本進行比較,並對可預見虧損進行評估;及
- xiii. examined the project documentation (including contracts effective during the financial period, terms and conditions) and discussed with management on the progress of significant projects to determine if there are any changes such as delays, penalties, overruns which may result in liquidated damages.
- xiii. 審查項目文件(包括於本財政期間生效之合約、 條款及條件),並與管理層討論重大項目的進 度,以釐定是否存在可能引致算定損害賠償的 任何變動,例如延誤、罰款、超支等。
- Assessing the appropriateness and adequacy of the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements.
- 評估綜合財務報表所作出披露之適當性及準確性。

Based on our audit procedures performed above, we found that the management's judgement in relation to the revenue recognition from construction contracts to be supportable by available evidence.

基於本行上述進行之審核程序,本行發現管理層就建築 合約確認收益所作的判斷,均有現存證據為憑。

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon (the "**Other Information**").

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the Other Information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the Other Information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### 其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 載入年報之資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及本 行就其發出的核數師報告(「**其他資料」**)。

本行對綜合財務報表作出的意見不包括其他 資料,本行亦不會對其他資料發表任何形式的 核證結論。

就本行審核綜合財務報表而言,本行的責任為 閱讀其他資料,並於此過程中,考慮其他資料 是否與綜合財務報表或本行於審核中所得知 的情況有重大抵觸,或似乎有重大錯誤陳述。 基於本行已執行的工作,倘本行認為此其他資 料有重大錯誤陳述,本行須報告有關事實。於 此方面,本行沒有任何報告。

#### 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編 製綜合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實 而公平的呈報,及落實董事認為就編製綜合財 務報表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述。

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements. 於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集 團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持 續經營有關的事項,以及採用持續經營為會計 基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經 營,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的辦法。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務申報程 序。

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

本行的目標為合理確定此等綜合財務報表整 體而言是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述,並發出載有本行意見的核數師 報告。本行根據協定委聘條款僅向閣下(作為 整體)報告意見,除此之外本報告別無其他目 的。本行概不就本報告內容向任何其他人士承 擔或負上任何責任。合理保證屬高層次的保 證,惟概不保證根據香港審計準則進行的審核 工作總能察覺所存在的重大錯誤陳述。錯誤陳 述可因欺詐或錯誤而產生,倘個別或整體在合 理預期情況下可影響使用者根據該等綜合財 務報表作出的經濟決定時,則被視為重大錯誤 陳述。

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

作為根據香港審計準則進行審核的一部分,本 行於整個審核過程中行使專業判斷並保持專 業懷疑態度。本行亦:

- 識別及評估無論由於欺詐或錯誤而導致 綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險、 設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審核憑證,作為本行 意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽 造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述或淩駕內部控制 的情況,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重 大錯誤陳述的風險高於因錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審核有關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審核程序,但並非為對 貴集團內部控 制的效能發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的適當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營為會計基礎的恰當 性作出結論,並根據所獲得的審核憑證, 確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大 不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持 續經營能力產生重大疑慮。倘本行認為存 在重大不確定性,本行須於核數師報告中 提請注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露,或 倘有關披露不足,則本行發表非無保留意 見。本行的結論乃基於截至核數師報告日 期所獲得的審核憑證。然而,未來事項或 情況可能導致 貴集團無法持續經營。

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體呈報方式、結構
   及內容,包括披露資料,以及綜合財務報
   表是否中肯反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料 獲取充足及適當的審核憑證,以就綜合財 務報表發表意見。本行須負責集團審核的 方向、監督及執行。本行須為本行的審核 意見承擔全部責任。

本行與審核委員會就(其中包括)審核的計劃範 圍及時間以及重大審核發現進行溝通,該等發 現包括本行在審核過程中識別的內部控制的 任何重大缺失。

本行亦向審核委員會作出聲明,說明本行已符 合有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並與彼等溝通 可能被合理認為會影響本行獨立性的所有關 係及其他事宜,以及消除威脅的行動或防範措 施(如適用)。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,本行釐定對本 期間財務報表的審核至關重要,並因而構成關 鍵審核事項的事項。本行在核數師報告中描述 該等事項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露該 等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,倘合理預期 在報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超出產 生的公眾利益,則本行決定不應在報告中溝通 有關事項。

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Hon Koon Fai, Alex.

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目董事為韓 冠輝。

HLB Hodgson Impey Cheng Limited Certified Public Accountants

Hon Koon Fai, Alex Practising Certificate Number: P05029

Hong Kong, 28 June 2024

**國衛會計師事務所有限公司** 執業會計師

**韓冠輝** 執業證書編號:P05029

香港,二零二四年六月二十八日

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

				1
			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	6	468,963	496,457
Cost of services	服務成本		(450,900)	(493,037)
Gross profit	毛利		18,063	3,420
Other income	其他收入	7	2,984	4,603
Other (losses)/gains, net	其他 (虧損) /收益,淨額	, 8	(1,097)	7,435
Administrative and operating expenses	行政及經營開支	Ũ	(17,629)	(15,181)
	门政汉社召而文			
-	xx 100 114 Tu	10		077
Profit from operations	營運溢利	10	2,321	277
Finance costs	融資成本	12	(11,998)	(13,183)
Loss before income tax	除所得稅前虧損		(9,677)	(12,906)
Income tax credit	所得稅抵免	15	565	3,449
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(9,112)	(9,457)
	1 1 3 123 374		(0))	(0,101)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	其他全面收益/(虧損)			
Items that may be reclassified	其後可重新分類至			
subsequently to profit or loss	其後5至約5% <u>工</u> 損益之項目			
Exchange differences on translating	換算境外業務之匯兌差額			
foreign operations	Jス井祝川 木切 へ 匹 兀 圧 识		488	(41)
ioreign operations			+00	(41)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	r 年内全面虧損總額		(8,624)	(9,498)

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
(Loss)/profit for the year attributable to: – Owners of the Company	<b>下列人士應佔年內 (虧損)</b> / <b>溢利:</b> 一本公司擁有人		(9,324)	(9,440)
- Non-controlling interest	一非控股權益		212	(17)
			(9,112)	(9,457)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year attributable to	下列人士應佔年內 全面 (虧損) /收益總額			
<ul> <li>Owners of the Company</li> <li>Non-controlling interest</li> </ul>	-本公司擁有人 一非控股權益		(8,836) 212	(9,481) (17)
			(8,624)	(9,498)
				(restated) (經重列)
Loss per share attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 每股虧損			(22.2)
– Basic and diluted (HK cents)	-基本及攤薄 <i>(港仙)</i>	17	(23.0)	(23.3)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these 随附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部分。 consolidated financial statements.

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### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2024 於二零二四年三月三十一日

			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	18	12,810	16,635
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	19	3,746	11,465
			16,556	28,100
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	21	103,065	124,647
Contract assets	合約資產	22	51,070	41,177
Tax recoverable	可收回稅項	~~	47	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	23	48,222	51,619
Cash and Cash equivalents	坑並仅坑並守順彻	20	40,222	
			202,404	217,443
Total assets	總資產		218,960	245,543
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	24	227,800	229,928
Contract liabilities	合約負債	22	83,933	88,790
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	25	1,735	5,558
Promissory note	承兌票據	27	44,122	-
Convertible notes	可換股票據	28	257,030	257,030
Employee benefits	僱員福利	26	6,210	6,514
Tax payable	應付稅項		-	133
			620,830	587,953
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(418,426)	(370,510)
	加均只原行限			(070,010)
Table in the large state of the large	<b>纳</b> 恣文试法我在/唐		(404.070)	
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		(401,870)	(342,410)

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2024 於二零二四年三月三十一日

		1		
			2024 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	2023 — — — — — —
		Nistaa	二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		PTY 声士	てた兀	てた兀
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Interest payables	應付利息	24	-	6,777
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	25	71	2,907
Promissory note	承兌票據	27	-	40,429
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	29	1,489	2,283
			1,560	52,396
Total liabilities	總負債		622,390	640,349
Net liabilities	負債淨額		(403,430)	(394,806)
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	30	4,055	4,055
Reserves	儲備		(409,168)	(400,332)
			(405,113)	(396,277)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		1,683	1,471
Ğ				
Total equity	總權益		(403,430)	(394,806)
	预心门挂 Ⅲ		(+00,+30)	(004,000)

The consolidated financial statements were approved and 董事會已於二零二四年六月二十八日批准及 authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 June 2024 and 授權刊發綜合財務報表,並由下列人士代表董 are signed on its behalf by:

事會簽署:

Kan Kwok Cheung	Hui Ka Tsun
簡國祥	許嘉駿
Director	Director
董事	董事

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these 随附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部分。

consolidated financial statements.

#### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

		Share capital	Share premium*	Capital reserves*	Convertible notes equity reserves* 可換股票據	Foreign currency translation reserves* 外幣	Other reserves*	Accumulated losses*	Total	Non controlling interest	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 30) (附註30)	股份溢價* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 31) (附註31)	資本儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 31) (附註31)	權益儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 28) (附註28)	換算儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 31) (附註31)	其他儲備* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 31) (附註31)	累計虧損* HK\$'000 千港元 (note 31) (附註31)	總計 HK\$'000 千港元	非控股權益 HK\$'000 千港元	總權益 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	4,055	1,238,195	2,758	14,400	(1,683)	41,214	(1,685,735)	(386,796)	1,488	(385,308)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,440)	(9,440)	(17)	(9,457)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax:	年內其他全面虧損,扣除稅項:										
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後可重新分類至損益之項目:										
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	換算境外業務之匯兌差額					(41)			(41)		(41)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額					(41)		(9,440)	(9,481)	(17)	(9,498)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及 二零二三年四月一日	4,055	1,238,195	2,758	14,400	(1,724)	41,214	(1,695,175)	(396,277)	1,471	(394,806)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,324)	(9,324)	212	(9,112)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the year, net of tax: Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	年內其他全面《虧損)/收益;扣除稅 項: 其後可重新分類至損益之項目:										
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	換算境外業務之匯兌差額	-	-	-	-	488	-	-	488	-	488
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	← 年內全面收益/ (虧損) 總額					488		(9,324)	(8,836)	212	(8,624)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	4,055	1,238,195	2,758	14,400	(1,236)	41,214	(1,704,499)	(405,113)	1,683	(403,430)

\*

\* The aggregate amount of these balances of approximately HK\$409,168,000 in deficit (2023: approximately HK\$400,332,000) was included as reserves in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

於二零二四年三月三十一日,該等結餘之總額 為虧絀約409,168,000港元(二零二三年:約 400,332,000港元),已在綜合財務狀況表內列作 儲備。

随附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部分。

### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		//3/===	,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Cash flows from operating activities Loss before income tax	<b>經營活動產生之現金流量</b> 除所得稅前虧損		(9,677)	(12,906)
Adjustment for:	調整:		(0,011)	(12,000)
Gain on modification of promissory not		8	-	(6,722)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	10	7,995	7,353
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	10	4,057	3,564
Net gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備之收益淨額	8	(76)	(1,217)
Finance costs	融資成本	12	11,998	13,183
Net loss on termination of lease	終止租賃之虧損淨額	8	1,371	237
Interest income Exchange gain, net	利息收入 匯兌收益,淨額	7 8	(344) (20)	(14) (2)
(Reversal of)/allowance for expected	就貿易應收款項確認之	U	(==)	()
credit losses recognised for trade receivables, net	預期信貸虧損(撥回) /撥備,淨額	8	(262)	83
Allowance for/(reversal of) expected	就其他應收款項及按金	0	(202)	00
credit losses recognised for other	確認之預期信貸虧損			(100)
receivables and deposits, net Allowance for expected credit losses	撥備/(撥回),淨額 就合約資產確認之	8	1	(122)
recognised for contract assets, net	預期信貸虧損撥備,			
	淨額	8	83	308
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之			
movements in working capital	經營現金流量		15,126	3,745
Decrease/(increase) in trade and	貿易及其他應收款項		04.050	(007)
other receivables Increase in contract assets	減少/(增加) 合約資產增加		21,850 (9,976)	(367) (16,727)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and	貿易及其他應付款項			
other payables (Decrease)/increase in contract liabilities	(減少)/增加 合約負債(減少)/增加		(16,841) (4,857)	8,766 23,562
Decrease in employee benefits	僱員福利減少		(304)	(1,076)
Cash generated from operations Income tax (paid)/refund	經營所得現金 (已付)/已退回所得稅		4,998 (409)	17,903 3,077
			(100)	
Net cash generated from operating	經營活動所得現金淨額			
activities			4,589	20,980

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes		
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b> Proceeds from disposal of property,	<b>投資活動產生之現金流量</b> 出售物業、廠房及設備之			
plant and equipment Purchase of property,	所得款項 購買物業、廠房及設備		527	1,740
plant and equipment			(3,642)	(6,589)
Interest received	已收利息		344	14
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(2,771)	(4,835)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動產生之現金流量			
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債		(5,723)	(7,047)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(5,723)	(7,047)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物 (減少)/增加淨額		(3,905)	9,098
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	年初現金及現金等價物		51,619	42,560
Effects of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動之影響		508	(39)
Cash and cash equivalents	年末現金及現金等價物			
at the end of the year			48,222	51,619

The accompany notes form an integral part of these consolidated 随附之附註為此等綜合財務報表之一部分。 financial statements.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 1. GENERAL

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 15 March 2010 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961 as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The registered office and principal place of business of the Company are located at the offices of Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands and Flat 314, 3/F., Fuk Shing Commercial Building, 28 On Lok Mun Street, Fanling, New Territories respectively.

On 29 February 2024, the substantial shareholder of the Company has been changed from China Xinhua News Networks Co., Limited ("**China Xinhua NNC**") to Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, an executive director and shareholder of the Company. As at the date of this report, Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung owns 54.6% issued shares capital of the Company and is the controlling shareholder of the Company.

The Shares of the Company were listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange on 30 August 2010.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are the provision of civil engineering services for the public sector in Hong Kong.

#### 1. 一般資料

本公司於二零一零年三月十五日根據開 曼群島第22章公司法(一九六一年法例3, 經綜合及修訂)於開曼群島註冊成立為獲 豁免有限責任公司。本公司之註冊辦事 處及主要營業地點分別為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands及新 界粉嶺安樂門街28號福成商業大廈3樓 314室。

於二零二四年二月二十九日,本公司的主要股東已由中國新華新聞電視網有限公司 (「中國新華新聞電視網」)變更為本公司 執行董事兼股東簡國祥先生。於本報告日 期,簡國祥先生擁有本公司54.6%之已發 行股本,為本公司控股股東。

本公司股份於二零一零年八月三十日於 聯交所GEM上市。

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公 司之主要業務則為在香港為公營部門提 供土木工程服務。

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

# New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountant ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group's annual period beginning on 1 April 2023 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

HKFRS 17 (including the October 2020 and February 2022 Amendments to HKFRS 17)	Insurance Contracts
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction
Amendments to HKAS 12	International Tax Reform- Pillar Two Model Rules
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies

Except as described below, the application of the new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.  應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)及其修訂本

#### 於本年度強制生效之新訂香港財務報告 準則及其修訂本

於本年度,本集團首次應用以下由香港會 計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的新訂 香港財務報告準則及其修訂本,該等準則 及修訂本於二零二三年四月一日開始的 本集團年度期間強制生效,以供編製綜合 財務報表。

香港財務報告準則	保險合約
第17號(包括二零	
二零年十月及二零	
二二年二月香港	
財務報告準則第17號	
(修訂本))	
香港會計準則第8號	會計估計之定義
(修訂本)	
香港會計準則第12號	與單一交易產生
(修訂本)	的資產及負債
	有關的遞延稅
	項
香港會計準則第12號	國際稅務改革-
(修訂本)	支柱二示範規
	則
香港會計準則第1號及	會計政策披露
香港財務報告準則實	
務報告第2號(修訂本)	l.

除下文所述者外,於本年度應用新訂香港 財務報告準則及其修訂本對本集團於本 年度及過往年度的財務狀況及表現及/ 或該等綜合財務報表所載的披露事項並 無重大影響。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

#### Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the year. HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements is amended to replace all instances of the term "significant accounting policies" with "material accounting policy information". Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

The amendments also clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material. If an entity chooses to disclose immaterial accounting policy information, such information must not obscure material accounting policy information.

HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements (the "Practice Statement") is also amended to illustrate how an entity applies the "four-step materiality process" to accounting policy disclosures and to judge whether information about an accounting policy is material to its financial statements. Guidance and examples are added to the Practice Statement.

The application of the amendments has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance but has affected the disclosure of the Group's accounting policies.  應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)及其修訂本(續)

於本年度強制生效之新訂香港財務報告 準則及其修訂本 *(續)* 

#### 應用香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告 準則實務報告第2號(修訂本)會計政策披 露的影響

本集團已於本年度首次應用該等修訂本。 香港會計準則第1號「財務報表的呈列」經 已修訂,以「重大會計政策資料」取代「主要 會計政策」一詞的所有提述。倘連同實體 財務報表內其他資料一併考慮,會計政策 資料可以合理預期會影響通用財務報表 的主要使用者根據該等財務報表所作出 的決定,則該會計政策資料屬重大。

該等修訂本亦澄清,即使涉及款項並不重 大,但基於相關交易性質、其他事件或情 況,會計政策資料仍可屬重大。然而,並 非所有與重大交易、其他事件或情況有關 的會計政策資料本身即屬重大。倘一個實 體選擇披露非重大會計政策資料,則有關 資料不得掩蓋重大會計政策資料。

香港財務報告準則實務報告第2號「作出重 大性判斷」(「實務報告」)亦經修訂,以說 明一個實體如何將「四步法評估重大性流 程」應用於會計政策披露及判斷有關一項 會計政策的資料對其財務報表是否屬重 大。實務報告已加入指引及實例。

應用該等修訂本並無對本集團的財務狀 況及表現構成重大影響,惟已影響本集團 會計政策的披露。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Change in accounting policy as a result of application of the HKICPA guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") – Long Service Payment ("LSP") offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong

The Company and its subsidiary are operating in Hong Kong which are obliged to pay LSP to employees under certain circumstances. Meanwhile, the Group makes mandatory MPF contributions to the trustee who administers the assets held in a trust solely for the retirement benefits of each individual employee. Offsetting of LSP against an employee's accrued retirement benefits derived from employers' MPF contributions was allowed under the Employment Ordinance (Cap.57). In June 2022, the Government of the HKSAR gazetted the Employment and Retirement Schemes Legislation (Offsetting Arrangement) (Amendment) Ordinance 2022 (the "Amendment Ordinance") which abolishes the use of the accrued benefits derived from employers' mandatory MPF contributions to offset severance payment and LSP (the "Abolition"). The Abolition will officially take effect on 1 May 2025 (the "Transition Date"). In addition, under the Amendment Ordinance, the last month's salary immediately preceding the Transition Date (instead of the date of termination of employment) is used to calculate the portion of LSP in respect of the employment period before the Transition Date.

 應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)及其修訂本(續)

> 於本年度強制生效之新訂香港財務報告 準則及其修訂本 *(續)*

應用香港會計師公會就香港取消強制性 公積金計劃(「強積金」)—長期服務金(「長 期服務金」)對沖機制的會計影響發出之指 引而作出之會計政策變更

本公司及其附屬公司在香港經營,在特定 情況下有責任向僱員支付長期服務金。同 時,本集團向受託人作出強制性強積金供 款,受託人管理的信託資產僅能用作個別 僱員的退休福利。《僱傭條例》(香港法例 第57章) 允許以僱主強積金供款所產生的 僱員累計退休福利來抵銷長期服務金。於 二零二二年六月,香港特別行政區政府就 《2022年僱傭及退休計劃法例(抵銷安排) (修訂)條例》(「修訂條例」)刊憲,旨在取 消僱主使用強制性強積金供款所產生的 累計權益來抵銷遣散費及長期服務金(「廢 除機制」)。廢除機制於二零二五年五月一 日(「轉制日」)正式生效。此外,根據修訂 條例,計算轉制日前僱傭期間的長期服務 金部分時,以緊接轉制日前最後一個月的 薪金為依據,而非終止僱傭日期。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Change in accounting policy as a result of application of the HKICPA guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") – Long Service Payment ("LSP") offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong (Continued)

In July 2023, the HKICPA published "Accounting implications of the abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong" which provides guidance for the accounting for the offsetting mechanism and the impact arising from abolition of the MPF-LSP offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong. In light of this, the Group has implemented the guidance published by the HKICPA in connection with the LSP obligation retrospectively so as to provide more reliable and more relevant information about the effects of the offsetting mechanism and the Abolition.

The Group considered the accrued benefits arising from employer MPF contributions that have been vested with the employee and which could be used to offset the employee's LSP benefits as a deemed contribution by the employee towards the LSP. Historically, the Group has been applying the practical expedient in paragraph 93(b) of HKAS 19 to account for the deemed employee contributions as a reduction of the service cost in the period in which the related service is rendered.  應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)及其修訂本(續)

於本年度強制生效之新訂香港財務報告 準則及其修訂本 *(續)* 

應用香港會計師公會就香港取消強制性 公積金計劃(「強積金」)—長期服務金(「長 期服務金」)對沖機制的會計影響發出之指 引而作出之會計政策變更(續)

於二零二三年七月,香港會計師公會發佈 《香港取消強積金與長期服務金對沖機 制的會計影響》,為對沖機制以及香港取 消強積金與長期服務金對沖機制所產生 的影響提供會計指引。有鑑於此,本集團 已追溯實施香港會計師公會發佈有關長 期服務金責任的指引,籍以就對沖機制及 廢除機制的影響提供更可靠及更相關的 資訊。

本集團認為,僱主強積金供款所產生的累 計權益已歸屬僱員所有,並可用作對沖僱 員的長期服務金權益,亦被視同僱員對長 期服務金的供款。過往,本集團一直應用 香港會計準則第19號第93(b)段中的可行 權宜方法,將此等視同僱員供款作為提供 相關服務期間時之服務成本扣減入賬。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (Continued)

Change in accounting policy as a result of application of the HKICPA guidance on the accounting implications of the abolition of the Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") – Long Service Payment ("LSP") offsetting mechanism in Hong Kong (continued)

Based on the HKICPA's guidance, as a result of the Abolition, these contributions are no longer considered "linked solely to the employee's service in that period" since the mandatory employer MPF contributions after the Transition Date can still be used to offset the pre-transition LSP obligation. Therefore, it would not be appropriate to view the contributions as "independent of the number of years of service" and the practical expedient in paragraph 93(b) of HKAS 19 is no longer applicable. Instead, these deemed contributions should be attributed to periods of service in the same manner as the gross LSP benefit applying paragraph 93(a) of HKAS 19.

Based on management's assessment, the change has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance.  應用新訂香港財務報告準則(「香港財 務報告準則」)及其修訂本(續)

> 於本年度強制生效之新訂香港財務報告 準則及其修訂本 *(續)*

因應香港會計師公會就香港取消強制性 公積金(「強積金」)與長期服務金(「長期服 務金」)對沖機制的會計影響所發出的指引 而作出的會計政策變動(續)

根據香港會計師公會的指引,由於廢除機 制,該等供款不再被視為「僅與僱員在該 段期間的服務掛鈎」,乃由於轉制日後的 強制性僱主強積金供款仍可用作抵銷過 渡前的長期服務金責任。因此,將該等供 款視為「與服務年數無關」屬不恰當,而香 港會計準則第19號第93(b)段中的可行權 宜方法亦不再適用。相反,該等視作供款 應與應用香港會計準則第19號第93(a)段 的長期服務金權益總額一樣歸入服務期。

根據管理層的評估,該變更對本集團的財 務狀況及表現並無重大影響。

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

2.

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (Continued)		2.	應用新訂香港財務報告準則 (「香港財 務報告準則」) 及其修訂本 <i>(續)</i>		
Amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective			已頒佈但尚未生效之香港財務報告準則 修訂本		
The Group has not early appl HKFRSs that have been issue	ied the following amendments to ed but not yet effective:		本集團並無提早應用 生效之香港財務報告準		
Amendments to HKFRS 10 And HKAS 28	Sales or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associates or joint ventures <sup>1</sup>		香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計 準則第28號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營 公司或合營企 業之間之資產 出售或注資 <sup>1</sup>	
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease liability in a Sale and Leaseback <sup>2</sup>		香港財務報告準則 第16號 (修訂本)	售後租回的租賃 負債 <sup>2</sup>	
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) <sup>2</sup>		香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	負債分類為流 動或非流動及 香港詮釋第5號 (二零二零年) 之有關修訂 <sup>2</sup>	
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants <sup>2</sup>		香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	附有契諾的非流 動負債 <sup>2</sup>	
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements <sup>2</sup>		香港會計準則第7號及 香港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)	供應商融資安排 <sup>2</sup>	
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability <sup>3</sup>		香港會計準則第21號 (修訂本)	缺乏可交換性 <sup>3</sup>	
<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods determined.	s beginning on or after a date to be		1 於將予釐定的日期或 生效。	之後開始之年度期間	
<sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods b	beginning on or after 1 January 2024.		<sup>2</sup> 於二零二四年一月一 期間生效。	日或之後開始之年度	
<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods b	beginning on or after 1 January 2025.		<sup>3</sup> 於二零二五年一月一 期間生效。	日或之後開始之年度	
	v anticipate that the application of vill have no material impact on the		本公司董事預期應用 準則修訂本於可見未:		

並無重大影響。

consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs, which is a collective term that includes all applicable individual HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"), and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("GEM Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### 3. 編製基準

#### (a) 遵例聲明

綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告 準則(此乃香港會計師公會(「**香港**會 計師公會」)頒佈的所有適用個別香港 財務報告準則、香港會計準則(「**香港** 會計準則」)及詮釋的統稱)以及香港 公認會計原則編製。就編製綜合財務 報表而言,倘合理預期有關資料將影 響主要使用者的決策,即被視為重要 資料。此外,綜合財務報表包括香港 聯合交易所有限公司GEM證券上市 規則(「**GEM上市規則」**)及香港公司 條例所規定之適用披露。
綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### (b) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 "Inventories" or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

#### 3. 編製基準 (續)

(b) 編製基準

綜合財務報表乃根據歷史成本基準 編製,惟於各報告期末按公平值計量 之若干金融工具除外(已於下列會計 政策內解釋)。

歷史成本一般根據貨品及服務交換 代價之公平值計算。

公平值為市場參與者於計量日期在 有序交易中出售資產所收取或轉讓 負債須支付的價格,而不論該價格是 否為可直接觀察取得或可使用其他 估值方法估計。於估計資產或負債之 公平值時,本集團會考慮於計量日期 對資產或負債進行定價時考慮的特 點。於該等綜合財務報表中計量及/ 或披露的公平值均按此基準予以釐 定,惟香港財務報告準則第2號「以股 份為基礎之付款」範圍內的以股份為 基礎之付款交易、根據香港財務報告 準則第16號「租賃」入賬之租賃交易 及與公平值類似但並非公平值的計 量(例如香港會計準則第2號「存貨」 的可變現淨值或香港會計準則第36號 「資產減值」的使用價值)除外。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### (b) Basis of preparation (Continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirely, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

#### (c) Going concern basis

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the future liquidity of the Group notwithstanding that the Group incurred a net loss of approximately HK\$9,112,000 during the year ended 31 March 2024 and, as of that date, the Group had net current liabilities and net liabilities of approximately HK\$418,426,000 and HK\$403,430,000 respectively.

The directors of the Company adopted the going concern basis in the preparation of consolidated financial statements and implemented certain measures in order to improve the working capital and liquidity and cash flow position of the Group:

#### 3. 編製基準(續)

#### (b) 編製基準(續)

此外,就財務報告而言,公平值計量 根據公平值計量的輸入數據可觀察 程度及輸入數據對公平值計量的整 體重要性分類為第一級別、第二級別 或第三級別,載述如下:

- 第一級別輸入數據是實體於計量日期可以取得的相同資產或 負債於活躍市場的報價(未經調 整);
- 第二級別輸入數據是就資產或 負債直接或間接地可觀察的輸 入數據(第一級別內包括的報價 除外);及
- 第三級別輸入數據是資產或負 債的不可觀察輸入數據。

#### (c) 持續經營基準

於編製綜合財務報表時,本公司董事 已審慎考慮本集團之未來流動資金 狀況,惟本集團於截至二零二四年三 月三十一日止年度已產生淨虧損約 9,112,000港元,且截至該日,本集團 之流動負債淨額及負債淨額分別約 為418,426,000港元及403,430,000港 元。

本公司董事於編製綜合財務報表時 已採納持續經營基準,並已實施若干 措施,以改善本集團之營運資金及流 動資金以及現金流量狀況:

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### (c) Going concern basis (Continued)

- On 15 April 2024, an aggregate of 1,666,666,667 subscription share, representing approximately 29.1% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the allotment and issue of the subscription shares immediately after the share subscription completion, were allotted and issued at the subscription price of HK\$0.012 per subscription share to Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, an executive director and the major substantial shareholder of the Company under the share specific mandate. The gross and net proceeds from share subscription are HK\$20,000,000 and approximately HK\$19,900,000, respectively, of which (i) HK\$10,355,700 has been used for the repayment of its outstanding indebtedness of the Group which includes (a) an amount of HK\$2,008,844 due to Xinhua News Agency Audio News Desk (新華音像 中心), being a wholly-owned subsidiary of Xinhua News Agency (新華社) and a fellow subsidiary of the China Xinhua NNC; and (b) part of outstanding broadcasting fee in the amount of HK\$8,346,856 owed to the China Xinhua NNC as a service provider to the Group; and (ii) the remaining amount of approximately HK\$9,500,000 will be used for the general working capital of the Group;
- The fifth supplemental deed of the convertible bonds of approximately HK\$257,030,000 has been effective on 15 April 2024, in which the maturity date of the convertible bonds has been extended to 9 December 2025 and the interest rate has been retrospectively reduced from 3% to 0.8% per annum. The holder of the convertible bonds before the maturity date and the holder of the convertible bonds before the maturity date and the holder of the convertible bonds shall mandatorily convert all of the convertible bonds into the conversion shares at the conversion price of HK\$0.196 per conversion share at maturity date. The conversion price has been adjusted to HK\$19.6 per conversion share after the effective date of share consolidation on 19 June 2024;

- 3. 編製基準(續)
  - (c) 持續經營基準(續)
    - 於二零二四年四月十五日,合 共1.666.666.667股認購股份(相 當於本公司經緊隨股份認購事 項完成後配發及發行認購股份 擴大後之已發行股本約29.1%) 已根據股份特別授權按認購價 每股認購股份0.012港元配發及 發行予本公司執行董事兼主要 股東簡國祥先生。股份認購事 項所得款項總額及淨額分別為 20,000,000港元及約19,900,000 港元,其中(i)10,355,700港元已 用作償還本集團之未償還債務, 其中包括(a)應付新華音像中心 (即新華社之全資附屬公司及 中國新華新聞電視網之同系附 屬公司)之款項2,008,844港元; 及(b)應付中國新華新聞電視網 (為本集團之服務供應商)部分 未償還播放費8,346,856港元; 及(ii)餘額約9,500,000港元將用作 本集團之一般營運資金;
    - 約257,030,000港元之可換股債券之第五份補充契據已於二零二四年四月十五日生效,據此,可換股債券之到期日已延長至二零二五年十二月九日,而年利率已由3%追溯下調至0.8%。可換股債券持有人於到期日前不得轉換或贖回可換股債券,且可換股債券持有人須於到期日按換股價每股換股股份0.196港元將所有可換股債券強制轉換為換股股份。於股份合併生效日期二零二四年六月十九日後,換股價已調整至每股換股股份19.6港元;

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### (c) Going concern basis (Continued)

- Convertible bonds of approximately HK\$64,127,855 have been issued to the China Xinhua NNC on 15 April 2024. The overdue existing convertible bonds interest has been set-off against the subscription price of the convertible bonds. The maturity date of the convertible bonds is 9 December 2025 and the interest rate is 0.8% per annum. The holder of the convertible bonds shall not convert or redeem the convertible bonds before the maturity date and the holder of the convertible bonds shall mandatorily convert all of the convertible bonds into the conversion shares at the conversion price of HK\$0.196 per conversion share at maturity date. The conversion price has been adjusted to HK\$19.6 per conversion share after the effective date of share consolidation on 19 June 2024:
- Convertible bonds of approximately HK\$16,240,000 have been issued to the China Xinhua NNC on 15 April 2024. Part of the outstanding broadcasting fee owed to the China Xinhua NNC has been setoff against the subscription price of the convertible bonds. The maturity date of the convertible bonds is 9 December 2025 and the interest rate is 0.8% per annum. The holder of the convertible bonds shall not convert or redeem the convertible bonds before the maturity date and the holder of the convertible bonds shall mandatorily convert all of the convertible bonds into the conversion shares at the conversion price of HK\$0.196 per conversion share at maturity date. The conversion price has been adjusted to HK\$19.6 per conversion share after the effective date of share consolidation on 19 June 2024; and

#### 3. 編製基準(續)

#### (c) 持續經營基準(續)

- 約64,127,855港元之可換股債券 已於二零二四年四月十五日發 行予中國新華新聞電視網。已逾 期之現有可換股債券利息已與 可換股債券之認購價抵銷。可換 股債券之到期日為二零二五年 十二月九日,年利率為0.8%。可 换股債券持有人於到期日前不 得轉換或贖回可換股債券,且可 換股債券持有人須於到期日按 換股價每股換股股份0.196港元 將所有可換股債券強制轉換為 **换股股份。於股份合併生效日期** 二零二四年六月十九日後,換股 價已調整至每股換股股份19.6港 元;
- 約16,240,000港元之可換股債券 已於二零二四年四月十五日發 行予中國新華新聞電視網。應付 中國新華新聞電視網之部分未 償還播放費已與可換股債券之 認購價抵銷。可換股債券之到期 日為二零二五年十二月九日,年 利率為0.8%。可換股債券持有人 於到期日前不得轉換或贖回可 换股債券,且可換股債券持有人 須於到期日按換股價每股換股 股份0.196港元將所有可換股債 券強制轉換為換股股份。於股份 合併生效日期二零二四年六月 十九日後,換股價已調整至每股 换股股份19.6港元;及

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#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

- (c) Going concern basis (Continued)
  - The Company is negotiating with its promissory notes holder to extend the repayment dates of principal and the interest amounts accrued on the Promissory Notes;
  - Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, an executive director and controlling shareholder of the Company, has granted a loan facility up to HK\$60,000,000 (which has not been utilised up to date of this report) to the Group to maintain the going concern of the Company; and
  - The management is endeavoring to improve the Group's operating results and cash flows through cost control measures and will focus on the existing business of the Group by actively engaged into new construction projects.

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, in light of the various measures/arrangements implemented after the end of the reporting period, the Group will have sufficient working capital for its current requirements and it is reasonable to expect the Group to remain a commercially viable concern. Accordingly, the directors of the Company are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Should the Group be unable to continue to operate as a going concern, it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any future liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

- 3. 編製基準(續)
  - (c) 持續經營基準 (續)
    - 本公司正與承兌票據持有人進 行磋商,以延長承兌票據本金及 應計利息金額的還款日期;
    - 本公司執行董事兼控股股東簡 國祥先生已向本集團授予最多 60,000,000港元的貸款融資(截 至本報告日期尚未動用),以維 持本公司的持續經營;及
    - 管理層正致力透過成本控制措施改善本集團之經營業績及現金流量,並將專注於本集團之現有業務,積極參與新增的建築項目。

本公司董事認為,鑑於報告期末後實 施多項措施/安排,本集團將有足夠 營運資金應付其目前需求,並可合理 預期本集團將繼續以符合商業利益 之基準經營。因此,本公司董事信納 按持續經營基準編製綜合財務報表 乃屬適當。

倘本集團無法繼續按持續經營基準 經營,則可能無法於日常業務過程中 變現其資產及清償其負債。本集團須 作出調整,以將資產價值撇減至其可 收回金額,為可能產生之任何未來負 債計提撥備,並將非流動資產及負債。該 等調整之影響並未於綜合財務報表 中反映。

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#### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (Continued)

#### (d) Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("**HK\$**"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company. All values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (HK\$'000) except otherwise indicated.

#### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

#### 3. 編製基準 (續)

#### (d) 功能及呈報貨幣

財務報表乃以港元(「**港元**」)列值,港 元亦為本公司之功能貨幣。除另有指 明外,所有數值均四捨五入至最接近 的千位數(千港元)。

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料

#### (a) 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司以及本公 司及其附屬公司所控制實體之財務 報表。倘符合以下情況,本公司即獲 得控制權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 自參與投資對象的業務獲得或 有權獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力以其權力影響其回報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上文所列控制 權三個元素之一個或多個元素出現 變動,本集團會重新評估其是否對投 資對象擁有控制權。

附屬公司之綜合入賬於本集團取得 有關附屬公司之控制權起開始,並於 本集團失去有關附屬公司之控制權 時終止。具體而言,年內所收購或出 售附屬公司之收入及開支乃自本集 團取得控制權之日期起計入綜合損 益及其他全面收益表,直至本集團不 再控制有關附屬公司之日期為止。

綜合財務報表附註

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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Profit or loss and each component item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interests entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

# Change in the Group's interests in existing subsidiaries

Changes in the Group's interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Group's relevant components of equity and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries, including re-attribution of relevant reserves between the Group and the non-controlling interests according to the Group's and the non-controlling interests' proportionate interests.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(a) 綜合基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益之每個組成項 目乃歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股 權益。附屬公司之全面收益總額乃分 配至本公司擁有人及非控股權益(即 使此舉會導致非控股權益出現虧絀 結餘)。

如有需要,附屬公司之財務報表會作 出調整,以使其會計政策與本集團之 會計政策一致。

集團內公司間一切資產及負債、權 益、收入、開支及有關本集團成員公 司間交易之現金流量於綜合賬目時 悉數對銷。

於附屬公司之非控股權益與本集團 於其中的權益獨立呈列,其指賦予持 有人權利可於清盤時按比例分佔相 關附屬公司資產淨值現有擁有權權 益。

#### 本集團於現有附屬公司權益之變動

倘本集團於附屬公司之權益有所變 動,而又未導致本集團失去該附屬公 司之控制權,則按權益交易入賬。本 集團相關權益部分及非控股權益之 賬面值將獲調整,以反映其各自於附 屬公司之權益變動,包括按照本集團 與非控股權益之權益比例,於本集團 與非控股權益之間重新分配相關儲 備。

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(a) Basis of consolidation (Continued)

Change in the Group's interests in existing subsidiaries (Continued)

Any difference between the amount by which the noncontrolling interests are adjusted, and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of that subsidiary and non-controlling interests (if any) are derecognised. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary attributable to the owners of the Company. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that subsidiary (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specified/ permitted by applicable HKFRSs). The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(a) 綜合基準 (續)

#### 本集團於現有附屬公司權益之變動 (續)

非控股權益經調整之金額與已付或 已收代價之公平值之間的任何差額 乃直接於權益中確認並歸屬於本公 司擁有人。

當本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權, 該附屬公司之資產及負債以及非控 股權益(如有)予以終止確認。收益或 虧損於損益內確認並按(i)所收代價之 公平值與任何保留權益之公平值總 額與(ii)本公司擁有人應佔該附屬公司 之資產(包括商譽)及負債賬面值之間 的差額計算。先前於其他全面收益就 該附屬公司確認之所有金額(即按適 用香港財務報告準則所訂明/允許 重新分類至損益或轉撥至另一項權 益類別)。於失去控制權當日於前附 屬公司保留之任何投資的公平值,會 根據香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工 具」在其後入賬時被列作首次確認之 公平值,或(如適用)首次確認於聯營 公司或合營企業之投資成本。

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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (b) Interests in joint operations

A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation in accordance with the HKFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

When a group entity transacts with a joint operation in which a group entity is a joint operator (such as a sale or contribution of assets), the Group is considered to be conducting the transaction with other parties to the joint operation, and gains and losses resulting from the sale or contribution are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of other parties' interests in the joint operation.

When a group entity transacts with a joint operation in which a group entity is a joint operator (such as a purchase of assets), the Group does not recognise its share of the gains and losses until it resells those asset to a third party. 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### (b) 於合營業務之權益

合營業務乃一種合營安排,據此,對 安排擁有共同控制權的各方享有有 關合營安排之資產之權利及承擔負 債之義務。共同控制權乃指按照合約 協定共同控制一項安排,並僅在有關 業務相關的決策需共同控制的各方 一致同意時存在。

根據特定資產、負債、收益及開支適 用之香港財務報告準則,本集團將對 與其於合營業務之權益有關之資產、 負債、收益及開支入賬。

當集團實體與合營業務(其中集團實 體為合營經營方)進行交易(如出售或 注入資產),則本集團被視為與合營 業務之其他各方進行交易,及該等出 售或注資產生之收益及虧損於本集 團之綜合財務報表確認,惟僅限於其 他各方於合營業務之權益。

當集團實體與合營業務(其中集團實 體為合營經營方)進行交易(如購買資 產),則本集團不會確認其應佔之收 益及虧損,直至重售該等資產予第三 方為止。

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#### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

#### (c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost. less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Properties in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Such properties are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. The principal annual rates used for the current year are as follows:

Site offices	Over the respective project terms	地盤辦公
Leasehold improvements	30% or over the respective life of the leases, whichever is shorter	租賃物業
Machinery	20% – 30%	機器
Furniture and fixtures	20%	傢具及裝
Office equipment	20%	辦公室設
Motor vehicles	20%	車輛

#### (c) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減其後累計 折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)於綜 合財務狀況表列賬。

處於動工階段以供生產、供應或行 政用途之物業按成本減任何已確認 減值虧損列值。成本包括專業費用及 (就合資格資產而言)根據本集團會 計政策已資本化之借貸成本。該等物 業於完成及可作擬定用途時分類為 適當類別的物業、廠房及設備。該等 資產於資產可作擬定用涂時按與其 他物業資產相同的基準開始折舊。

折舊乃按資產成本(在建物業除外)減 其剩餘價值,按其可使用年期以直線 法撇銷加以確認。估計可使用年期、 剩餘價值及折舊法於各報告期末檢 討,任何估計變動之影響按預期基準 入賬。就本年度採用之主要年率如 下:

地盤辦公室	按相關項目的期限 計算
租賃物業裝修	按30%或相關租賃
	期限 (以較短者
	為準)計算
機器	20% – 30%
傢具及裝置	20%
辦公室設備	20%
車輛	20%

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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (c) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### (d) Leases

#### Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combination, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception, modification date or acquisition date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed. 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### (c) 物業、廠房及設備 (續)

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或當預 期持續使用該資產不再帶來未來經 濟利益時終止確認。出售或報廢物 業、廠房及設備項目之任何收益或虧 損乃按出售所得款項與該資產賬面 值之差額釐定,並於綜合損益及其他 全面收益表內確認。

#### (d) 租賃

#### 租賃的定義

倘合約為換取代價而給予在一段時 間內控制可識別資產使用的權利,則 該合約為租賃或包含租賃。

對於首次應用或產生自業務合併日 期或之後訂立或修訂或業務合併產 生的合約,本集團根據香港財務報告 準則第16號項下的定義,於開始日 期、修訂日期或收購日期(如適用)評 估合約是否為一項租賃或包含一項 租賃。除非合約條款及條件在後續發 生變更,否則不會對此類合約進行重 新評估。

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#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

#### (d) Leases (Continued)

#### As a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and nonlease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Group also applies practical expedient not to separate non-lease components from lease component, and instead account for the lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

As a practical expedient, leases with similar characteristics are accounted on a portfolio basis when the Group reasonably expects that the effects on the financial statements would not differ materially from individual leases within the portfolio.

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of machinery and property that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term. (d) 租賃 (續)

#### 作為承租人

#### 分配代價至合約組成部分

對於包含租賃組成部分及非租賃組 成部分的合約,本集團根據租賃組成 部分的相對獨立價格及非租賃組成 部分的總獨立價格將合約中的代價 分配予各租賃組成部分。

本集團亦採用實際權宜方法,不將非 租賃組成部分與租賃組成部分分開, 而將租賃組成部分與任何相關的非 租賃組成部分作為單個租賃組成部 分進行會計處理。

作為實際權宜方法,當本集團合理預 期對財務報表的影響與投資組合中 個別租賃不會有重大不同時,具有類 似特徵的租賃按投資組合基準進行 會計處理。

#### 短期租賃及低價值租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用於 租期自開始日期起為12個月或以下 且並不包括購買選擇權的機器及物 業租賃。其亦對低價值資產租賃應用 確認豁免。短期租賃及低價值資產租 賃之租賃付款於租期內按直線法或 另一種系統基準確認為開支。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

(d) Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

#### Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

(d) 租賃 (續)

作為承租人 (續)

使用權資產

#### 使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債的初步計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前的任何已付 租賃付款,減任何已收取租賃優 惠;
- 本集團所產生的任何初始直接 成本;及
- 本集團於拆除及移除相關資產、
  復原其所在地或復原相關資產
  至租賃條款及條件所規定的狀態而產生的成本估計。

本集團於租賃開始日期(即相關資產 可供使用的日期)確認使用權資產。 使用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊 及減值虧損計量,並就租賃負債的任 何重新計量作出調整。

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(Continued)

(d) Leases (Continued)

#### As a lessee (Continued)

#### Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term is depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statements of financial position.

#### Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. (d) 租賃 (續)

作為承租人(續)

#### 使用權資產 (續)

本集團於租期結束時合理確定會取 得相關租賃資產所有權的使用權資 產,自開始日期起至使用年期結束期 間計提折舊。在其他情況下,使用權 資產則以直線法於其估計可使用年 期與租期兩者中的較短者計提折舊。

本集團將使用權資產於綜合財務狀 況表中作獨立項目呈列。

#### 可退還租金按金

已付可退還租金按金根據香港財務 報告準則第9號入賬且初始按公平值 計量。於初始確認時對公平值作出的 調整被視為額外租賃付款並計入使 用權資產成本。

#### 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按該日未付 租賃付款的現值確認及計量租賃負 債。倘租賃隱含利率難以釐定,則本 集團使用租賃開始日期的增量借款 利率計算租賃付款現值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

4.	MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION	4.	重大會計政策資料 (續)
	(Continued)		

(d) Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

(d) 租賃 (續)

作為承租人(續)

租賃負債 (續)

#### 租賃付款包括:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減
  任何應收租賃優惠;
- 根據指數或利率而定的可變租 賃付款初步使用開始日期的指 數或利率計量;
- 剩餘價值擔保項下本集團預期 應付的金額;
- 本集團合理確定將予行使購買 權的行使價;及
- 終止租約的罰款(倘租賃期反映 本集團行使權利終止租約)。

於開始日期後,租賃負債就應計利息 及租賃付款作出調整。

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#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

(d) Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review/ expected payment under a guaranteed residual value, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position. (d) 租賃 (續)

作為承租人(續)

租賃負債(續)

倘出現以下情況,本集團重新計量租 賃負債(並對有關使用權資產作出相 應調整):

- 租賃期變動或購買權行使評估 變動,就此情況下,有關租賃負 債透過使用重新評估日期的經 修訂貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付 款而重新計量。
- 租賃付款因市場租金檢討後的 市場租金費率/擔保剩餘價值 下預期付款變動而出現變動,在 此情況下,有關租賃負債透過使 用初步貼現率貼現經修訂租賃 付款而重新計量。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表呈列租賃 負債為獨立項目。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續) 4. (Continued)

(d) Leases (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

#### Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset.

(d) 租賃 (續)

作為承租人 (續)

租賃修訂

倘出現以下情況,本集團將租賃修訂 作為一項獨立租賃入賬:

- 該項修訂通過增加使用一項或 多項相關資產的權利擴大租賃 範圍;及
- 調增租賃的代價,而增加的金額 ٠ 相當於範圍擴大對應的獨立價 格,加上按照特定合約的實際情 況對獨立價格進行的任何適當 調整。

就未作為獨立租賃入賬的租賃修訂 而言,本集團基於透過使用修訂生效 日期的經修訂貼現率貼現經修訂租 賃付款的經修訂租賃的租期重新計 量租賃負債。

本集團通過對相關使用權資產進行 相應調整,以對租賃負債進行重新計 量。

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#### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

#### (e) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination with finite useful lives are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of the reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gain and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### (e) 無形資產

#### 業務合併所收購之無形資產

業務合併所收購之無形資產與商譽 分開確認,初步按收購日期之公平值 (視為彼等之成本)確認。

於初步確認後,業務合併所收購之具 有限可使用年期之無形資產,以成本 減累計攤銷及累計減值虧損列賬。攤 銷按其估計可使用年期以直線基準 確認。估計可使用年期及攤銷方法於 報告期末檢討,估計中任何變動之影 響按預期基準入賬。

無形資產於出售或當預期使用或出 售不會帶來未來經濟利益時終止確 認。終止確認無形資產產生之收益及 虧損按出售所得款項淨額與資產賬 面值之差額計量,並於終止確認資產 時於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (f) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivable arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("**FVTPL**")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### (f) 金融工具

當集團實體成為工具之合約條文訂 約方時,金融資產及金融負債乃予以 確認。所有以常規方式購入或出售之 金融資產均按買賣日期基準確認及 終止確認。以常規方式購入或出售指 須於市場規定或慣例所訂時限內交 付資產之金融資產購入或出售。

金融資產及金融負債初步以公平值 計量,惟來自客戶合約之貿易應收 款項乃根據香港財務報告準則第15 號初步計量。因收購或發行金融資產 及金融負債(透過損益按公平值入賬」)之金融 資產或金融負債除外)而產生之直接 應佔交易成本於初步確認時加入金 融資產或金融負債之公平值或從中 扣除(如適用)。因收購透過損益按公 平值入賬之金融資產或金融負債而 產生之直接應佔交易成本即時於損 益中確認。

#### 實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算金融資產或金融 負債之攤銷成本及於有關期間分配 利息收入及利息開支之方法。實際利 率乃於初步確認時透過金融資產或 金融負債估計年期或(倘適用)較短期 間,準確折現估計未來現金付款(包 括所有構成實際利率整體部分之已 付或已收費用及點數、交易成本及其 他溢價或折價)至賬面淨值之比率。

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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

#### (f) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets

Classification and measurement of financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("**FVTOCI**"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at the date of initial application/ initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which HKFRS 3 Business Combinations applies.

#### (f) 金融工具 (續)

#### 金融資產

按攤銷成本分類及計量金融資產

符合以下條件之金融資產其後按攤 銷成本計量:

- 以收取合約現金流量為目的之業務模式持有之金融資產;及
- 合約條款導致於特定日期產生 之現金流純為支付本金及尚未 償還本金之利息。

符合以下條件之金融資產其後透過 其他全面收益按公平值入賬(「透過其 他全面收益按公平值入賬」):

- 以出售及收取合約現金流量為
  目的之業務模式持有之金融資
  產;及
- 合約條款導致於特定日期產生 之現金流純為支付本金及尚未 償還本金之利息。

所有其他金融資產其後透過損益按 公平值入賬計量,但於初步應用/初 步確認金融資產當日,倘股權投資既 非持作買賣,亦非香港財務報告準則 第3號業務合併所適用的業務合併收 購方確認的或然代價,本集團可作出 不可撤回選擇,於其他全面收益呈報 股權投資公平值的其後變動。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) (f)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and measurement of financial assets at amortised cost (Continued)

A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of • identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)
  - (f) 金融工具(續)
    - 金融資產 (續)

按攤銷成本分類及計量金融資產(續)

倘屬下列情況,則金融資產乃分類為 持作買賣:

- 購入該金融資產之主要目的為 於不久將來出售;或
- 於初步確認時該金融資產為本 集團共同管理之已識別金融工 具組合之部分,且近期實際錄得 短期溢利;或
- 該金融資產為並非指定及有效 作為對沖工具之衍生工具。

此外,本集團可作出不可撤回指定, 將需要按攤銷成本或透過其他全面 收益按公平值入賬計量的金融資產 指定為透過損益按公平值入賬計量, 倘如此可消除或顯著減少會計錯配。

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(Continued)

(f) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss excludes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is presented as a separate line item. (f) 金融工具 (續)

#### **金融資產** (續)

#### 攤銷成本及利息收入

其後按攤銷成本計量之金融資產之 利息收入乃使用實際利率法予以確 認。利息收入乃對一項金融資產賬面 總值應用實際利率予以計算,惟其後 出現信貸減值(見下文)之金融資產除 外。就其後出現信貸減值之金融資產除 外。就其後出現信貸減值之金融資產除 加言,自下一報告期起,利息收入乃 對金融資產攤銷成本應用實際利率 予以確認。倘信貸減值金融工具之信 貸減值,於釐定資產不再出現信貸減 值後,自報告期開始起利息收入乃對 金融資產賬面總值應用實際利率予 以確認。

#### 透過損益按公平值入賬之金融資產

不符合按攤銷成本計量或透過其他 全面收益按公平值入賬或指定為透 過其他全面收益按公平值入賬的金 融資產乃透過損益按公平值入賬計 量。

透過損益按公平值入賬之金融資產 按各報告期末的公平值計量,任何公 平值收益或虧損於損益中確認。於損 益確認之收益或虧損淨額不包括從 金融資產賺取之任何股息或利息,並 呈列為獨立項目。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(f) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group perform impairment assessment under expected credit losses ("**ECL**") model on financial assets which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9 (including trade and other receivables, contract assets and cash and cash equivalents). The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting period to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("**12m ECL**") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period. Assessment are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting period as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables without significant financial component. The ECL on these assets are assessed individually for debtors with significant balances and collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings. 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

- (f) 金融工具(續)
  - **金融資產** (續)

#### 金融資產減值

本集團根據預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸 虧損」)模型就根據香港財務報告準則 第9號須作減值評估的金融資產(包括 貿易及其他應收款項、合約資產及現 金及現金等價物)進行減值評估。預 期信貸虧損的金額於各報告期更新, 以反映自初始確認後信貸風險的變 化。

全期預期信貸虧損指於相關工具之 預計年期內所有可能發生之違約事 件所將產生之預期信貸虧損。反之, 12個月預期信貸虧損(「12個月預期 信貸虧損」)指預期於報告期後12個月 內可能發生之違約事件所將產生之 部分全期預期信貸虧損。評估乃按本 集團過往信貸虧損經驗進行,並就與 債務人、整體經濟情況以及對於報告 期之當前情況及預測之未來情況兩 者所作之評估有關之特定因素作出 調整。

本集團一直就並無重大融資組成部 分的貿易應收款項確認全期預期信 貸虧損。就具有重大結餘的債務人個 別及使用適當組別的撥備矩陣集體 評估該等資產的預期信貸虧損。

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(Continued)

#### (f) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

#### Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting period with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. (f) 金融工具 (續)

**金融資產** (續)

#### 金融資產減值 (續)

就所有其他工具而言,本集團計量之 虧損撥備相等於12個月預期信貸虧 損,除非自初步確認起信貸風險顯著 增加,在此情況下本集團將確認全期 預期信貸虧損。對於應否確認全期預 期信貸虧損,有關評估乃基於自初步 確認起發生違約之可能性或風險大 幅增加。

#### 信貸風險顯著增加

在評估自初步確認以來信貸風險有 否顯著增加時,本集團將金融工具於 報告期發生違約之風險與金融工具 於初步確認日期發生違約之風險進 行比較。在進行該評估時,本集團同 時考慮合理及有理據支持之定量及 定性資料,包括過往經驗及無需付出 過度成本或精力就可取得之前瞻性 資料。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) (f)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators • of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the ٠ operating results of the debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)
  - 金融工具(續) (f)
    - 金融資產 (續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

具體而言,在評估信貸風險是否顯著 增加時,會考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具之外部(如有)或內部信 貸評級實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 信貸風險的外部市場指標顯著 惡化,例如信貸息差、債務人的 信貸違約掉期價大幅增加;
- 商業、金融或經濟情況的目前或 • 預期不利變動,預計將導致債務 人償還債項的能力顯著下降;
- 債務人經營業績實際或預期顯 著惡化;
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境 的實際或預計重大不利變動,導 致債務人償還債項的能力顯著 下降。

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(Continued)

(f) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

#### Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full.

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate. (f) 金融工具 (續)

#### **金融資產**(續)

#### 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

不論上述評估結果如何,本集團假設 合約付款逾期超過30日後信貸風險 自初始確認以來顯著增加,除非本集 團有合理可靠的資料說明其他情況。

本集團定期監察就確定信貸風險曾 否顯著增加所用標準之成效,並視適 當情況修訂有關標準,以確保其能夠 於款項逾期前發現信貸風險顯著增 加。

#### 違約之定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團認 為,當內部產生或自外界來源獲得的 資料顯示債務人不大可能向其債權人 (包括本集團)悉數支付時,則產生 違約事件。

儘管上文所述,倘金融資產逾期超過 90日,本集團將視作已發生違約,除 非本集團擁有合理及有理據支持之 資料證明較寬鬆之違約標準更為適 用,則當別論。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) (f)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is creditimpaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower:
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event:
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)
  - 金融工具(續) (f)
    - 金融資產 (續)

已信貸減值之金融資產

當一項或多項對金融資產之估計未 來現金流量造成負面影響之違約事 件發生時,金融資產已信貸減值。金 融資產信貸減值之證據包括涉及以 下事件之可觀察數據:

- (a) 發行人或借款人出現重大財務 困難;
- (b) 違反合約,例如發生拖欠或逾期 之情況;
- (c) 向借款人作出貸款之貸款人出 於與借款人財務困難有關之經 濟或合約考慮,給予借款人在其 他情況下不會作出之讓步;
- (d) 借款人很可能破產或進行其他 財務重組;或
- (e) 因財務困難,該金融資產失去活 躍市場。

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(Continued)

(f) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. (f) 金融工具(續)

**金融資產** (續)

#### 撇銷政策

倘有資料顯示交易對手方陷入嚴重 財務困難且無實際可收回之期望(如 交易對手方已進行清盤或進入破產 程序),本集團則撇銷金融資產。經 考慮法律意見(如適用)後,已撇銷之 金融資產仍可能受制於本集團收回 程序下之執法活動。撇銷構成終止確 認事件。其後的任何收回均在損益確 認。

#### 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損之計量乃違約概率、違約虧損率(即違約造成虧損之幅度)及 違約風險之函數。違約概率及違約虧 損率乃根據經前瞻性資料調整之歷 史數據進行評估。預期信貸虧損之估 計反映根據加權之相應違約風險釐 定之無偏頗及概率加權數額。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損為按根據合約應付本集團之所有合約現金流與本集團將收取之現金流量之間之差額,並按初步確認時釐定之實際利率 貼現。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued) (f)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

For collective assessment the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status:
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade receivables, other receivables and contract assets where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)
  - 金融工具(續) (f)
    - 金融資產 (續)

預期信貸虧損之計量及確認(續)

就集體評估而言,本集團在分組時計 及以下特徵:

- 逾期情況;
- 債務人之性質、規模及從事行 業;及
- 可用之外部信貸評級。

管理層定期檢討分組,以確保各組別 的組成部分繼續擁有類似的信貸風 險特徵。

利息收入乃按金融資產之賬面總值 計算,除非金融資產出現信貸減值, 在此情況下,利息收入乃按金融資產 之攤銷成本計算。

本集團通過調整金融工具之賬面值 於損益內確認所有金融工具之減值 收益或虧損,惟貿易應收款項、其他 應收款項及合約資產乃透過虧損撥 備賬確認相應調整除外。

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(Continued)

(f) Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as financial liabilities or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

(f) 金融工具 (續)

**金融資產** (續)

#### 終止確認金融資產

本集團僅於從資產收取現金流量的 合約權利屆滿時,或向另一實體轉讓 金融資產及資產擁有權絕大部分風 險及回報時終止確認金融資產。倘本 集團並無轉讓或保留擁有權絕大部 分風險及回報且繼續控制已轉讓 資 產,本集團確認其於資產中的保留利 益及其可能須支付之相關負債金額。 倘本集團保留已轉讓金融資產擁有 權絕大部分風險及回報,本集團繼續 確認金融資產,亦就已收取之所得款 項確認已抵押借款。

#### 金融負債及股本工具

#### 分類為金融負債或股本

集團實體發行之金融負債及股本工 具乃按所訂立之合約安排之性質及 金融負債與股本工具之定義分類為 金融負債或股本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

4.	MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION4.(Continued)		4.	重;	大會計政策資料 <i>(續)</i>
	(f)	Financial instruments (Continued)		(f)	金融工具 (續)
		<i>Financial liabilities and equity instruments</i> ( <i>Continued</i> )			金融負債及股本工具(續)
		Equity instruments			股本工具
		An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the			股本工具乃證明一間實 所有負債後之資產中擁 之任何合約。本公司發行 五按已收662款項(扣除)
		Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of			乃按已收所得款項(扣

direct issue costs.

#### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities (including trade payables and other payables, interest payable, convertible notes, promissory note, lease liabilities and employee benefits) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

#### Convertible loan notes contain equity component

The component parts of the convertible loan notes are classified separately as financial liability and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. A conversion option that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity instrument.

間實體於扣減其 中擁有剩餘權益 發行之股本工具 乃按已收所得款項(扣除直接發行成 本)確認。

#### 金融負債

所有金融負債隨後使用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。

#### 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債

金融負債(包括貿易及其他應付款 項、應付利息、可換股票據、承兌票 據、租賃負債及僱員福利) 隨後使用 實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

#### 含股本部分的可換股貸款票據

可換股貸款票據的負債部分根據合 約安排的內容以及金融負債及股本 工具的定義單獨分類為金融負債及 股本。換股權將以固定金額現金或另 一項金融資產換取固定數目的本公 司本身股本工具的方式結清,並分類 為股本工具。

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# **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4.** 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

(f) Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

Convertible loan notes contain equity component (Continued)

At the date of issue, the fair value of the liability component (including any embedded non-equity derivatives features) is estimated by measuring the fair value of similar liability that does not have an associated equity component.

A conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognised and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised, in which case, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to share premium. Where the conversion option remains unexercised at the maturity date of the convertible note, the balance recognised in equity will be transferred to accumulated losses. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss upon conversion or expiration of the conversion option.

Transaction costs that relate to the issue of the convertible loan notes are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the gross proceeds. Transaction costs relating to the equity component are charged directly to equity. Transaction costs relating to the liability component are included in the carrying amount of the liability portion and amortised over the period of the convertible loan notes using the effective interest method. (f) 金融工具 (續)

金融負債及股本工具 (續)

含股本部分的可換股貸款票據(續)

於發行日期,負債部分的公平值(包括任何嵌入非股本衍生特徵)透過計量並無相關股本部分之類似負債之公平值進行估算。

分類為權益的換股權按自複合工具 的公平總值扣除負債部分金額的方 式釐定,於權益確認(經扣除所得稅 影響)及計入且不會於其後重新計 量。此外,分類為權益的換股權在獲 行使前於權益列賬,在此情況下於權 益確認之結餘將轉入股份溢價。倘換 股權於可換股票據到期日仍未獲行 使,已於權益確認之結餘將轉入累計 虧損。於轉換或換股權屆滿後,概不 會於損益確認收益或虧損。

發行可換股貸款票據的交易成本,按 所得款項總額的分配比例分配至負 債及股本部分。股本部分的交易成本 直接自權益扣除。負債部分的交易成 本計入負債部分的賬面值,並以實際 利率法於可換股貸款票據期限內攤 銷。

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重 (Continued)

(f) Financial instruments (Continued)

*Financial liabilities and equity instruments* (*Continued*)

#### Derecognition/modification of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

When the contractual terms of a financial liability are modified, the Group assess whether the revised terms result in a substantial modification from original terms taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances including qualitative factors. If qualitative assessment is not conclusive, the Group considers that the terms are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received, and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is at least 10 per cent different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability. Accordingly, such modification of terms is accounted for as an extinguishment, any costs or fees incurred are recognised as part of the gain or loss on the extinguishment. The exchange or modification is considered as non-substantial modification when such difference is less than 10 per cent.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)
  - (f) 金融工具(續)

金融負債及股本工具 (續)

#### 終止確認/修改金融負債

本集團在且僅在本集團之責任獲解 除、取消或屆滿時終止確認金融負 債。已終止確認金融負債的賬面值與 已付及應付代價的差額於損益內確 認。

當金融負債的合約條款被修訂時,本 集團會考慮所有相關事實及情況(包 括定性因素),評估經修訂的條款是 否導致對原有條款有重大修訂。倘定 性評估並無定論,則倘根據新條款的 現金流量(包括任何已付費用扣除住 何已收費用,並使用原有實際利率貼 現)的貼現值與原金融負債剩餘現金 流量的貼現值相差至少10%,則本集 團認為該等條款有重大差異。因此, 有關條款修訂列作取消確認,產生之 任何成本或費用確認為取消確認的 部分損益。倘有關差異低於10%,則 交換或修訂視為非重大修訂。

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# **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4.** 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

(f) Financial instruments (Continued)

*Financial liabilities and equity instruments* (*Continued*)

Derecognition/modification of financial liabilities (Continued)

For non-substantial modifications of financial liabilities that do not result in derecognition, the carrying amount of the relevant financial liabilities will be calculated at the present value of the modified contractual cash flows discounted at the financial liabilities' original effective interest rate. Transaction costs or fees incurred are adjusted to the carrying amount of the modified financial liabilities and are amortised over the remaining term. Any adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial liability is recognised in profit or loss at the date of modification.

When the contractual terms of a convertible notes are modified, such as extending the tenure, change in exercise price of the underlying options, the revised terms would result in a substantial modification from the original terms, after taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances including qualitative factors, such modification is accounted for as derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of financial liability derecognised and the fair value of consideration paid or payable, including any liabilities assumed and derivative components recognised, is recognised in profit or loss.

(f)

金融工具 (續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

終止確認/修改金融負債(續)

就不會導致終止確認的金融負債非 重大修訂,相關金融負債的賬面值將 按金融負債原有實際利率貼現的經 修訂合約現金流量現值計算。所產生 交易成本或費用調整至經修訂金融 負債的賬面值及於餘下期間攤銷。任 何金融負債賬面值的調整於修訂日 期於損益中確認。

當可換股票據的合約條款被修改(如 延長限期、更改相關購股權的行使 價),致使經修訂條款相比原定條款 出現重大修訂,經計及所有相關事實 及情況(包括定性因素)後,有關修訂 按終止確認原金融負債及確認新金 融負債入賬。終止確認的金融負債的 賬面值與已付或應付代價(包括所承 擔的任何負債及所確認的衍生工具 部分)的公平值之間的差額於損益中 確認。

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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (g) Construction contracts

The Group completes satisfaction of the relevant performance obligations over time and the revenue is recognised during the contract period based on the performance progress, which is determined by input or output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation or based on measuring progress toward satisfying a performance obligation based on results achieved and value transferred, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services. When the Group is not able to reasonably measure its performance progress, the Group recognises revenue only to the extent of the recoverable amount of costs incurred until such time that it can reasonably measure the performance progress.

#### (h) Revenue recognition

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

 the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs; 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### (g) 建築合約

本集團於一段時間內完成相關履約 責任並基於履約進度於合約期確認 收益,其採用輸入或產出法釐定,即 根據本集團為履行履約責任的付出 或投入相對於完成有關履約責任之 總預期投入的比例或基於根據所取 得成果及所轉移價值計量履行履約 義務的進度確認收益,有關方法最能 反映本集團於轉移貨品或服務控制 權方面之履約表現。倘本集團僅以能夠 合理計量履約進度之時已產生成本 之可收回款項為限確認收益。

#### (h) 收益確認

當(或於)達成履約責任時,本集團確 認收益,即於特定履約責任的相關貨 品或服務的「控制權」轉讓予客戶時確 認。

履約責任指一項明確貨品及服務(或 一批貨品或服務)或一系列大致相同 的明確貨品或服務。

控制權隨時間轉移,而倘符合以下其 中一項標準,則收益乃參照完全達成 相關履約責任之進度而隨時間確認:

 客戶隨本集團履約而同時取得 並耗用本集團履約所提供的利 益;

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#### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

#### (h) Revenue recognition (Continued)

- the Group's performance does not create and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

A contract asset represents the Group's right to consideration in exchange for goods or services that the Group has transferred to a customer that is not yet unconditional. It is assessed for impairment in accordance with HKFRS 9. In contrast, a receivable represents the Group's unconditional right to consideration, i.e. only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer.

A contract asset and a contract liability relating to a contract are accounted for and presented on a net basis.

#### (h) 收益確認 (續)

- 本集團之履約並未創建或提升 一項資產,而該資產於本集團履 約之時由客戶控制;或
- 本集團之履約並未創造對本集 • 團具替代用涂之資產,且本集團 對本集團有替代用途及本集團 對迄今已完成履約之款項具有 可強制執行之權利。

否则,收益於客戶獲得明確貨品或服 務控制權的時間點確認。

合約資產指本集團就換取本集團已 轉讓的貨品或服務而向客戶收取代 價的權利(尚未成為無條件)。其根據 香港財務報告準則第9號評估減值。 相反,應收款項指本集團收取代價的 無條件權利,即代價付款到期前僅需 時間推移。

合約負債指本集團因已自客戶收取 代價(或代價金額到期)而須轉讓貨品 或服務予客戶之責任。

與合約有關的合約資產及合約負債 以淨額基準入賬及呈列。
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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

(h) Revenue recognition (Continued)

Over time revenue recognition: measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation

#### Output method

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

As a practical expedient, if the Group has a right to consideration in an amount that corresponds directly with the value of the Group's performance completed to date, the Group recognises revenue in the amount to which the Group has the right to invoice.

#### Input method

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on input method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of a performance obligation relative to the total expected inputs to the satisfaction of that performance obligation, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(h) 收益確認(續)

隨時間確認收益:完成達成履約責任 進度的計量

#### 產出法

完全滿足履約進展乃基於產出法計 量,即基於迄今為止向客戶轉移的貨 品或服務相對於合約下承諾之剩餘 貨品或服務的價值直接計量,藉以確 認收益,此最佳反映本集團在轉移貨 品或服務控制權方面的履約情況。

作為一種可行權宜方法,倘本集團有 權以與本集團迄今已完成的履約價 值直接對應的金額收取代價,則本集 團以本集團有權開具發票的金額確 認收益。

#### 投入法

完成達成履約責任之進度乃根據投 入法計量,其根據本集團對達成履約 責任之努力或投入,相對達成履約責 任的預期總投入而確認收益,該方法 最佳反映本集團在轉讓貨品或服務 控制權方面的履約情況。

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#### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(Continued)

(h) Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### Contract cost

#### Incremental costs of obtaining a contract

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained.

The Group recognises such costs as an asset if it expects to recover these costs. The asset so recognised is subsequently amortised to profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the assets relate.

The Group applies the practical expedient of expensing all incremental costs to obtain a contract if these costs would otherwise have been fully amortised to profit or loss within one year.

#### Costs to fulfil a contract

The Group incurs costs to fulfil a contract in its construction contracts. The Group first assesses whether these costs qualify for recognition as an asset in terms of other relevant standards, failing which it recognises an asset for these costs only if they meet all of the following criteria:

- (a) the costs relate directly to a contract or to an anticipated contract that the Group can specifically identify;
- (b) the costs generate or enhance resources of the Group that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future; and
- (c) the costs are expected to be recovered.

The asset so recognised is subsequently amortised to profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the assets relate. The asset is subject to impairment review.

(h) 收益確認 (續)

合約成本

獲得合約之增量成本

獲得合約之增量成本指本集團取得 客戶合約所產生的成本,倘未獲得該 合約,則不會產生該成本。

倘本集團預期收回該等成本,則本集 團將該等成本確認為資產。由此確認 之資產其後按與向客戶轉移該等資 產有關的貨品或服務一致的系統性 基準於損益內攤銷。

倘該等成本於一年內已以其他方式 於損益悉數攤銷,本集團則採用實際 權宜方法將所有取得合約之增量成 本進行支銷。

#### 履行合約之成本

本集團於建築合約中產生履行合約 之成本。本集團首先根據其他相關準 則評估該等成本是否合資格確認為 資產,倘不合資格,僅在符合以下全 部標準的情況下方會將該等成本確 認為資產:

- (a) 有關成本與本集團可明確識別 之合約或預期訂立之合約有直 接關係;
- (b) 有關成本令本集團將用於履行 (或持續履行)日後履約責任之 資源得以產生或有所增加;及
- (c) 有關成本預期可收回。

由此確認之資產其後按與向客戶轉 移該等資產有關的貨品或服務一致 的系統性基準於損益內攤銷。該資產 須進行減值審閱。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (i) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'loss before income tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### **Deferred** tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### (i) 稅項

所得稅開支指當期應付稅項及遞延 稅項之總和。

#### 當期稅項

當期應付稅項乃按本年度應課稅溢 利計算。應課稅溢利與綜合損益及其 他全面收益表中所呈報「除所得稅前 虧損」不同,乃由於前者不包括在其 他年度應課稅或可扣稅收入或支出, 亦不包括從來無須課稅或可扣稅之 項目。本集團之當期稅項負債乃按於 報告期末已實施或大致上已實施之 稅率計算。

#### 遞延稅項

遞延稅項為就綜合財務報表內資產 及負債賬面值與用於計算應課稅溢 利之相應稅基兩者之暫時性差額而 確認之稅項。遞延稅項負債通常會就 所有應課稅暫時性差額確認。遞延稅 項資產就所有可扣稅暫時性差額 確認一般僅限於有可能有應課稅 至一般僅限於有可能有應課稅 對時性差額因於一項既不影響 應課稅溢利亦不影響會計溢利之交易 (業務合併除外)中首次確認其他 竇 產及負債而引致,則不會確認該等態 延稅項資產及負債。此外,若暫時性 差額因首次確認商譽而引致,則不會 確認該等遞延稅項負債。

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大 (Continued)

#### (i) Taxation (Continued)

#### Deferred tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(i) 稅項(續)

#### 遞延稅項(續)

遞延稅項負債乃就投資附屬公司相 關之應課稅暫時性差額確認,惟倘本 集團能控制該暫時性差額之撥回且 暫時性差額將極有可能不會於可見 未來撥回則作別論。與該等投資相關 之可扣減暫時性差額所產生遞延稅 項資產,僅於具有足夠應課稅溢利可 動用暫時性差額之利益,且預期於可 見將來撥回時確認。

遞延稅項資產之賬面值於各報告期 末作出檢討,並在不大可能再有足夠 應課稅溢利收回全部或部分資產時 減少。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃按預期於負 債償還或資產變現期間按於報告期 末前已實施或大致上已實施之適用 稅率(及稅法)計量。

遞延稅項負債及資產之計量反映本 集團預期於報告期末收回或償還資 產及負債賬面值產生之稅務後果。

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#### MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. (Continued)

#### Taxation (Continued) (i)

#### Deferred tax (Continued)

For the purpose of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-ofuse assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attribute to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" requirements to right-ofuse assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences relating to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised at initial recognition and over the lease terms due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

#### Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

#### **Employee benefits** (i)

#### 1. Retirement benefit costs

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

稅項(續) (i)

#### 遞延稅項(續)

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相 關租賃負債的租賃交易的遞延稅項 而言,本集團首先釐定稅項扣減乃歸 因於使用權資產抑或租賃負債。

就稅項抵免歸屬於租賃負債的租賃 交易,本集團對使用權資產和租賃負 債分別應用香港會計準則第12號「所 得稅」規定。與使用權資產和租賃負 債相關的暫時性差異於初步確認時 以及於租賃期內由於適用初步確認 豁免而不予確認。

#### 年內當期及遞延稅項

當期及遞延稅項於損益確認。

僱員福利 (j)

#### 1. 退休金福利成本

強制性公積金計劃之供款於僱 員提供服務並有權收取供款時 確認為開支。

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## **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4.** 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

#### (j) Employee benefits (Continued)

#### 2. Short term employee benefits

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave in the period the related service is rendered at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for that service.

Liabilities recognised in respect of shortterm employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related service.

#### 3. Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

- (j) 僱員福利*(續)* 
  - 2. 短期僱員福利

於僱員提供相關服務期間,會就 僱員的工資及薪金、年假及病假 的應計福利,按為換取有關服務 預期支付之福利之未貼現金額 確認為負債。

就短期僱員福利確認之負債乃 按預期將就換取有關服務而支 付之未貼現福利金額計量。

#### 3. 終止福利

終止福利僅於本集團明確承諾 終止聘用,或就根據詳細正式而 撤銷可能性不大之自願離職計 劃而提供福利時予以確認。

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# **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4.** *(Continued)*

#### (j) Employee benefits (Continued)

#### 4. Long service payments

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service payments payable on cessation of employment in certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods. The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method, discounted to its present value and reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's retirement plans that are attributable to contributions made by the Group.

For LSP obligation, the Group accounts for the employer MPF contributions expected to be offset as a deemed employee contribution towards the LSP obligation in terms of HKAS 19.93(a) and it is measure on a net basis. The estimated amount of future benefit is determined after deducting the negative service cost arising from the accrued benefits derived from the Group's MPF contributions that have been vested with employees, which are deemed to be contributions from the relevant employees.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(j) 僱員福利 (續)

#### 4. 長期服務金

根據香港僱傭條例,本集團在若 干情況下終止聘用員工而須支 付之長期服務金責任淨額,為僱 員因本期及過往期間提供服務 而賺取之回報之未來利益金額。 此責任乃以預計單位貸記法計 算,並折現至其現值,再扣減本 集團就退休金計劃所作供款之 應得權益。

就長期服務金義務而言,本集團 根據香港會計準則第19.93(a)條 將預期會被抵銷的僱主強積金 供款入賬為視作僱員對長期服 務金義務的供款,並按淨額基準 計量。估計未來福利金額乃於扣 除因已歸屬於僱員的本集團強 積金供款產生的累計福利而產 生的負服務成本後確定,被視為 相關員工的供款。

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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

## (k) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or the cashgenerating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

#### (k) 有形及無形資產(商譽除外)之減值

於各報告期末,本集團會檢討其有形 及無形資產之賬面值,以確定是否有 任何跡象顯示該等資產已蒙受減值 虧損。倘有任何有關跡象,則估計該 項資產之可收回金額,以釐定減值虧 損(如有)的程度。當不可能估計個別 資產之可收回金額時,本集團會估計 該項資產所屬現金產生單位的可收 回金額。當可識別合理及貫徹的分派 基準時,企業資產亦可分派至個別現 金產生單位,否則,則將企業資產分 派至能識別合理及貫徹的分派基準 之最小現金產生單位組別。

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本與 使用價值之較高者。於評估使用價值 時,估計未來現金流量採用稅前貼現 率貼現至其現有價值。該稅前貼現率 反映現時市場對貨幣時間價值及資 產之特殊風險評估,而未來現金流量 的估計並無就此調整。

倘資產(或現金產生單位)之可收回 金額估計低於其賬面值,則將該資產 (或現金產生單位)之賬面值減低至 其可收回金額。減值虧損即時於損益 中確認。

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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

## (k) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill (*Continued*)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### (I) **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)
  - (k) 有形及無形資產(商譽除外)之減值 (續)

倘減值虧損於其後撥回,資產(或現 金產生單位)之賬面值增加至其經重 新估計之可收回金額,惟已增加之賬 面值不能超過倘該資產(或現金產生 單位)過往年度並無確認減值虧損而 原應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損之撥回 即時於損益中確認。

(I) 撥備

倘本集團因過往事件承擔現有法律 或推定責任,而本集團可能須履行責 任,並可以合理估計該責任之金額, 則會確認撥備。

確認為撥備之金額為於報告期末經 計入有關責任之風險及不明朗因素 後,對履行現有責任之所需代價之最 佳估計。倘撥備採用履行現有責任之 估計現金流量計量,則其賬面值為該 等現金流量之現值(倘對貨幣時間價 值之影響屬重大)。

倘用以償還撥備之部分或全部經濟 利益預期將由第三方收回,則當實質 上確認將收到償款且應收款項之金 額能可靠計量時,應收款項方確認為 資產。

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#### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### **Provisions** (Continued) (I)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### (m) Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (n) Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### **(I)** 撥備 (續)

凡不可能需要經濟利益流出,或金額 不能可靠估計時,則此責任將披露為 或然負債,除非經濟利益流出之機會 甚微。有可能之責任,倘其存在僅可 由一項或多項未來事件之出現與否 確定,亦披露為或然負債,除非經濟 利益流出之機會甚微。

#### (m) 借款成本

所有借款成本均於產生期間於損益 中確認。

#### (n) 外幣

編製各個個別集團實體的財務報表 時,以該實體功能貨幣以外之貨幣 (外幣)進行之交易均按交易日期之 適用匯率確認。於各報告期末,以外 幣計值的貨幣項目按該日之適用匯 率重新换算。以外幣計值按公平值列 賬之非貨幣項目,按釐定公平值當日 適用之匯率重新換算。以歷史成本計 量並以外幣計價的非貨幣性項目並 無予以重新換算。

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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (n) Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on repayment of the monetary items.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. Hong Kong dollars) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve.

#### (o) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(n) 外幣 (續)

貨幣項目的匯兌差額乃於產生期間 內於損益確認,惟應收或應付一項海 外業務之貨幣項目之匯兌差額除外, 其既無計劃結算及發生結算之可能 性亦不大(因此構成海外業務投資淨 額之一部分),初步於其他全面收益 確認及於償還貨幣項目時由權益重 新分類至損益。

為呈列綜合財務報表,本集團境外業 務之資產及負債乃按於各報告期末 之現行匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣 (即港元)。收支項目乃按期內之平 均匯率進行換算,除非期內匯率出現 重大波幅,於該情況,則採用交易當 日之匯率。所產生之匯兌差額(如有) 乃於其他全面收益確認,並於權益下 以外幣換算儲備累計。

#### (o) 分部報告

營運分部及財務報表所呈報各分部 項目之金額乃自定期提供予本集團 最高行政管理人員之財務資料中識 別得出,以將資源分配至本集團各項 業務及地理位置,以及評估本集團各 項業務及地理位置之表現。

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## 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

#### (o) Segment reporting (Continued)

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type of class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### (p) Related party

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that is preparing the financial statements:

- (1) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group.
- (2) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following condition applies:
  - The entity and the Group are members of the (i) same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to others).

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### (o) 分部資料(續)

就財務申報而言,除非分部具備相似 經濟特徵以及貨品及服務性質、生產 工序性質、客戶類型或類別、用作分 配貨品或提供服務之方法及監管環 境性質方面相似,否則各重大營運分 部不會進行合算。倘個別非重大之營 運分部符合上述大部分標準,則可進 行合算。

#### (p) 關連方

關連方乃指與編製財務報表實體有 關連之人士或實體:

- (1) 倘一名人士(或該人士家庭的近 親成員)符合下列各項,則與本 集團有關連:
  - 控制或共同控制本集團; (i)
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
  - (iii) 屬本集團或本集團母公司 主要管理人員的成員。
- (2) 倘任何下列情況出現,則一間實 體與本集團有關連:
  - 該實體與本集團為同一集 (i) 團的成員公司(即各母公 司、附屬公司及同系附屬公 司相互關連)。

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### 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4. 重大 (Continued)

#### (p) Related party (Continued)

- (2) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following condition applies: *(Continued)* 
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third party.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsorship employers are also related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (1).
  - (vii) A person identified in (1)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel service to the Group's or the Group's parent.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)
  - (p) 關連方(續)
    - (2) 倘任何下列情況出現,則一間實 體與本集團有關連:(續)
      - (ii) 一間實體屬另一間實體的
        聯營公司或合營公司(或屬)
        一集團成員公司的聯營公
        司或合營公司,其中另一間
        實體為該集團成員)。
      - (iii) 兩間實體皆為同一第三方 的合營公司。
      - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的 合營公司及另一間實體為 第三方的聯營公司。
      - (v) 該實體屬以本集團或屬本 集團關連實體的僱員為受 益人的離職後福利計劃。倘 本集團本身為一項計劃,提 供資助的僱主亦與本集團 有關連。
      - (vi) 該實體被於(1)項確認的人士 控制或共同控制。
      - (vii) 於(1)(i)項確認的人士對該實 體有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或屬該實體的母公司)主 要管理人員的成員。
      - (viii) 該實體或某一集團的任何 成員公司向本集團或本集 團母公司提供主要管理人 員服務,而該實體也是該集 團的成員。

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## **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4.** 重大會計政策資料 (續) (Continued)

#### (p) Related party (Continued)

A related party transaction is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between a reporting entity and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (i) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (ii) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner; and
- (iii) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

#### (q) Separate financial statement

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

#### (p) 關連方 (續)

關連方交易指報告實體與一名關連 方之間的資源、服務或責任轉移,不 論是否收取對價。

該名人士之近親為預期於與實體進 行交易時可能影響該名人士或受該 名人士影響之該等家族成員並包括:

- (i) 該名人士之子女及配偶或家庭 夥伴;
- (ii) 該名人士之配偶或家庭夥伴之子女;及
- (iii) 該名人士或該名人士之配偶或 家庭夥伴之家屬。

#### (q) 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司之投資按成本扣除減值 列賬。成本包括直接應佔投資成本。 附屬公司之業績乃由本公司按已收 股息及應收款項基準入賬。

倘股息超出附屬公司宣派股息期間 全面收入總額,或倘獨立財務報表中 投資之賬面值超出綜合財務報表所 示投資對象資產淨值(包括商譽)之賬 面值,則須於自該投資收取股息時, 對該等投資進行減值測試。

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# 4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (r) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

The purchase method of accounting is used to account for the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group which qualifies as business combination, except for those acquisitions which qualify as a common control combination and are therefore accounted for using the merger accounting.

Under the purchase method of accounting, subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange and, all acquisition-related costs are expensed. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets.

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

(r) 附屬公司

附屬公司指本集團有權控制其財務 及營運政策,且一般擁有其過半數投 票權之持股量之所有實體(包括特殊 目的實體)。於評估本集團是否控制 另一實體時,會考慮是否存在即時可 行使或轉換至潛在投票權及其影響。

本集團收購附屬公司時,如符合業務 合併基準,即會採用購買會計處理 法入賬,除非該收購符合共同控制合 併原則,即會使用合併會計處理法入 賬。

根據購買會計法,附屬公司在控制權 轉移至本集團之日起全面綜合入賬。 附屬公司在控制終止之日起停止綜 合入賬。收購成本根據於交易日期所 給予資產、所發行的股本工具及所產 生或承擔的負債的公平值計算,而收 購相關之成本予以支銷。在企業合併 中所收購可識別資產以及所承擔的 負債及或然負債,首先以彼等於收購 日期的公平值計量。就每一筆收購, 本集團可按非控股權益應佔被收購 方資產淨值的比例,確認被收購方的 非控股權益。

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## **4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION 4.** *(Continued)*

#### (r) Subsidiaries (Continued)

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If this is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### (s) Government grant

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

#### 4. 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### (r) 附屬公司 (續)

轉移之代價、被收購方的任何非控股 權益之金額及被收購方之原股本權 益於收購日期的公平值超出所收購 之可識別資產淨值公平值的部分,乃 記作商譽入賬。如低於已購入附屬公 司之資產淨值之公平值,差額乃直接 於綜合損益及其他全面收益表內確 認。

#### (s) 政府補助

政府補助僅會於出現本集團遵守政 府補助所附帶的條件及將收取政府 補助的合理保證的情況下方會確認。

與收入相關的政府補助乃作為已產 生開支或虧損的應收補償或為向本 集團提供即時財務支援而並無未來 相關成本,即於其成為應收款項時在 損益中確認。該等補助會於「其他收 入」中呈列。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the directors of the Company are required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The followings are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### (i) Construction contract revenue recognition

The Group reviews and revises the estimates of contract revenue, contract costs, variation orders and contract claims prepared for each construction contract as the contract progresses. Budgeted construction costs are prepared by the management on the basis of quotations prepared by the management on the basis of quotations from time to time provided by the major contractors, suppliers or vendors involved and the experience of the management. In order to keep the budget accurate and up-to-date, management conducts periodic reviews of the budgets of contracts by comparing the budgeted amounts to the actual amounts incurred. Such significant estimate may have impact on the profit recognised in each period.

#### 5. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主 要來源

在應用附註4所述的本集團會計政策時, 本公司董事須就不可輕易自其他來源得 悉的資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及 假設。估計及相關假設乃按過往經驗及被 視為相關的其他因素得出。實際結果可能 有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設乃按持續基準檢討。倘會 計估計的修訂僅影響修訂期間,則於修訂 有關估計期間確認該等修訂,或倘修訂影 響當前及未來期間,則會於修訂期間及未 來期間確認該等修訂。

#### 應用會計政策之重要判斷

以下為管理層於應用本集團之會計政策 時所作出以及對於綜合財務報表確認之 金額有最重大影響之重要判斷(該等涉及 估計者(見下文)除外)。

#### (i) 建築合約收益確認

隨著合約工程進度,本集團審查及修 訂每一份建築合約編製之合約收益、 合約成本、改工指令及合約索償之估 計。建築成本預算由管理層按不時參 考所涉及的總承建商、供應商或供貨 商提供之報價所編製的報價,加上管 理層之經驗為基礎而釐定。為確保預 算準確及更新,管理層對合約預算進 行定期審查,比較預算金額及實際金 額之差別。有關重大估計可能對各期 間確認的溢利產生影響。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

## Critical judgments in applying accounting policies (Continued)

(i) Construction contract revenue recognition (Continued)

The Group recognises its contract revenue based on the satisfaction of the performance obligation either input method or output method, by reference to the contract costs incurred up to the end of reporting period as a percentage of total estimated costs for each contract or according to the percentage of work performed to date of individual contract of construction works as a percentage of total contract value. Because of the nature of the activity undertaken in construction contracts, the date at which the contract activity is entered into and the date when the activity is completed usually fall into different accounting periods.

#### 6. **REVENUE**

(i) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

5. 重要會計判斷及估計不明朗因素之主 要來源 (續)

應用會計政策之重要判斷(續)

(i) 建築合約收益確認 (續)

本集團根據對履約責任的履行以輸 入法或產出法確認其合約收入,當中 參考直至報告期末產生的合約成本 佔各合約總估計成本的百分比或各 獨立建築工程合約至今已進行的工 程佔總合約價值之百分比。由於根據 建造合約進行活動的性質,合約活動 的訂立日期與活動的完成日期通常 屬於不同的會計期間。

6.	收益
----	----

(i) 客戶合約收益分拆

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
468,963	496,457
468,963	496,457

Revenue recognised over time 隨時間確認收益

建築工程

Construction works

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

- **REVENUE** (Continued) 6.
  - (ii) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The aggregated amount of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation under the Group's existing contracts is as follow:

- 6. 收益 (續)
  - (ii) 分配至客戶合約餘下履約責任的交 易價

根據本集團現有合約分配至餘下履 約責任的交易價總額如下:

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
<i>千港元</i>	<i>千港元</i>
345,040	398,248
431,362	628,637
776,402	1,026,885

該金額指日後將就客戶與本集團訂 立的竣工前建築合約預期確認的收 益。

### 7. 其他收入

2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>工</i> 进二	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>て进二</i>
<i>千港元</i> 344	<i>千港元</i> 14
234	2,561
2,406	2,028
2,984	4,603

附註: 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團就與香港政府「保就業」計劃有關 之COVID-19相關補貼確認政府補助零港 元 (二零二三年:約2,442,000港元) 及來 自建造業議會的補助約234,000港元(二 零二三年:119,000港元)。

Within one year	一年內
More than one year	超過一年

Revenue recognised over time 防時間確認收益

This amount represents revenue expected to be recognised in the future from pre-completion construction contracts entered into by the customers with the Group.

7. OTHER INCOME

Interest income Government subsidies (Note) Sundry income

利息收入 政府補助(附註) 雜項收入

Note: During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group recognised government grant of HK\$nil (2023: approximately HK\$2,442,000) in respect of COVID-19 related subsidies which is related to Employment Support Scheme provided by Hong Kong Government and subsidy from Construction Industry Council of approximately HK\$234,000 (2023: HK\$119,000).

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 8. OTHER (LOSSES)/GAINS, NET

#### 8. 其他(虧損)/收益,淨額

	2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Exchange gain, net 匯兌收益 <sup>,</sup> 淨額 Net gain on disposal of property, 出售物業 <sup>、</sup> 廠房及設備之	20	2
Net gain on disposal of property,    田宮初葉 小廠房及設備之      plant and equipment    收益淨額      Net loss on termination of lease    終止租賃之虧損淨額      Reversal of/(allowance for) expected    就貿易應收款項確認之預期      credit loss recognised for trade    信貸虧損撥回/(撥備),淨額	76 (1,371)	1,217 (237)
receivables, net (Allowance for)/reversal of expected 就其他應收款項及按金確認之 credit loss recognised for other 預期信貸虧損(撥備)/撥回,	262	(83)
receivables and deposits, net 淨額 Allowance for expected credit loss 就合約資產確認之預期信貸	(1)	122
recognised for contract assets, net   虧損撥備,淨額 Gain on modification of promissory   承兌票據修訂收益	(83)	(308)
note		6,722
	(1,097)	7,435

#### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's segment information is presented on the basis of internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker ("**CODM**"), in order to allocate resources to the segments and assess their performance.

Specifically, the Group's reportable segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

 Provision of civil engineering services – provision of waterworks engineering services, road works and drainage services and site formation works for public sector in Hong Kong; and

#### 9. 分部資料

本集團之分部資料乃根據本公司執行董 事(即主要營運決策者(「**主要營運決策** 者」))為分配資源至各分部及評估各分部 表現而定期檢討之內部報告予以呈報。

具體而言,本集團根據香港財務報告準則 第8號可呈報分部如下:

(i) 提供土木工程服務-為香港公營部門 提供水務工程服務、道路工程及渠務 服務,亦從事地盤平整工程;及

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

 (ii) Media and advertising business – (a) the business of broadcasting television programmes on television channels operated by television broadcasting companies in the Asia-Pacific region (excluding the PRC) and (b) business of promoting digital marketing activities on overseas video platform in return for advertising and related revenue.

Each of these operating segments is managed separately as each of the product and service lines requires different resources as well as marketing approaches.

#### Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable and operating segments.

#### For the year ended 31 March 2024

#### 9. 分部資料(續)

(ii) 媒體及廣告業務-(a)在位於亞太區
 (不包括中國)之電視播放公司所經
 營之電視頻道進行電視節目播放的
 業務;及(b)於海外視頻平台推廣數碼
 營銷活動以賺取廣告及相關收益之
 業務。

由於各個貨品和服務類別需要不同的資 源以及涉及不同的營銷手法,故分開管理 上述各營運分部。

#### 分部收益及業績

本集團按可呈報及營運分部劃分的收益 及業績分析如下。

#### 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

		Provision of civil engineering services 提供土木工程 服務 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Media and advertising business 媒體及廣告業務 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	468,963		468,963
Reportable segment results	可呈報分部業績	6,253	(167)	6,086
Unallocated corporate income Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs	未分配企業收入 未分配企業開支 融資成本			332 (4,097) (11,998)
Loss before income tax	除所得稅前虧損			(9,677)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 9. 分部資料(續)

分部收益及業績 (續) Segment revenue and results (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		Provision of	Media	
		civil engineering	and advertising	
		services	business	Total
		提供土木工程		
		服務	媒體及廣告業務	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收益	496,457		496,457
Reportable segment results	可呈報分部業績	(2,474)	(402)	(2,876)
Unallocated corporate income	未分配企業收入			6,770
Unallocated corporate expenses	未分配企業開支			(3,617)
Finance costs	融資成本			(13,183)
Loss before income tax	除所得稅前虧損			(12,906)

There were no inter-segment sales for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in note 4. Segment profit/loss represents the profit earned/loss incurred by each segment without allocation of central administration costs, interest income, finance costs, gains on modification of promissory note and income tax expense. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度概無分部間銷售。

營運分部的會計政策與附註4所述的本集 團會計政策相同。分部溢利/虧損指各分 部在未分配中央行政成本、利息收入、融 資成本、承兌票據修訂收益及所得稅開支 前所賺取的溢利/產生的虧損。此乃向主 要營運決策者呈報以供其分配資源及評 估表現之計量方式。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments:

#### At 31 March 2024

9. 分部資料 (續)

#### 分部資產及負債

本集團按可呈報及營運分部劃分之資產 及負債分析如下:

#### 於二零二四年三月三十一日

		Provision of civil engineering services 提供土木工程 服務 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Media and advertising business 媒體及廣告業務 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Segment assets Unallocated	分部資產 未分配	170,389	160	170,549 48,411
Consolidated assets	綜合資產			218,960
Segment liabilities Unallocated	分部負債 未分配	192,425	33,853	226,278 396,112
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債			622,390

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 9. 分部資料 (續) Segment assets and liabilities (Continued) 分部資產及負債 (續)

At 31 March 2023

#### 於二零二三年三月三十一日

		Provision of civil engineering services 提供土木工程 服務 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Media and advertising business 媒體及廣告業務 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
Segment assets Unallocated	分部資產 未分配	193,741	41	193,782 51,761
Consolidated assets	綜合資產			245,543
Segment liabilities Unallocated	分部負債 未分配	220,320	34,447	254,767 385,582
Consolidated liabilities	綜合負債			640,349

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to operating segments other than cash and cash equivalents, tax recoverable and corporate assets; and
- all liabilities are allocated to operating segments other than convertible notes, tax payable, deferred tax liabilities, promissory note and corporate liabilities.

為監察分部表現及分配分部資源:

- 除現金及現金等價物、可收回稅項及 企業資產外,所有資產均分配至營運 分部;及
- 除可換股票據、應付稅項、遞延稅項 負債、承兌票據及企業負債外,所有 負債均分配至營運分部。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

**Other segment information** 

For the year ended 31 March 2024		截至	至二零二四年。	三月三十一日」	止年度
		Provision of civil engineering	Media and advertising		
		services 提供土木工程	business 媒體及	Unallocated	Total
		服務 <i>HK\$'000</i>	廣告業務 <i>HK\$'000</i>	未分配 <i>HK\$'000</i>	總計 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Additions to non-current assets Depreciation of property, plant and	添置非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備折舊	5,592	-	-	5,592
equipment	住田桃物文扩作	7,995	-	-	7,995
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Allowance of ECL on contract assets,	使用權資產折舊 合約資產預期信貸虧損	4,057	-	-	4,057
net Reversal of ECL on trade receivables,	撥備,淨額 貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損	83	-	-	83
net Allowance of ECL on other receivables	撥回,淨額 其他應收款項及按金預期	(262)	-	-	(262)
and deposits, net	信貸虧損撥備,淨額	1	-	-	1
Net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備之 收益淨額	(76)	-	-	(76)
Net loss on termination of lease	終止租賃之虧損淨額	1,371			1,371

9. 分部資料(續)

其他分部資料

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

9.	9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)		分部資料 (續)
	Other segment information (Continued)		其他分部資料(續)

For the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度

		Provision of	Media		
		civil	and		
		engineering	advertising		
		services	business	Unallocated	Total
		提供土木工程	媒體及		
		服務	廣告業務	未分配	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Additions to non-current assets	添置非流動資產	18,965	_	_	18,965
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊				
equipment		7,353	-	-	7,353
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	3,564	-	-	3,564
Allowance for ECL on contract assets,	合約資產預期信貸虧損				
net	撥備,淨額	308	-	-	308
Allowance for ECL on trade receivables,	貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損				
net	撥備,淨額	83	-	-	83
Reversal of ECL on other receivables	其他應收款項及按金預期				
and deposits, net	信貸虧損撥回,淨額	(88)	-	(34)	(122)
Net gain on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之				
plant and equipment	收益淨額	(1,217)	-	-	(1,217)
Net loss on termination of lease	終止租賃之虧損淨額	237			237

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

#### **Geographical information**

Revenue from external customers of the Group was all derived Hong Kong for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023.

All non-current assets are located in Hong Kong.

#### Information about major customers

Revenue from customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group are as follows:

客戶甲(附註(i))

客戶丙(附註(i))

客戶丁(附註(i))

客戶乙(附註(i)及(ii))

#### 9. 分部資料(續)

地區資料

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,本集團來自外部客戶之 收益均產生自香港。

所有非流動資產均位於香港。

#### 有關主要客戶之資料

來自相應年度佔本集團總收益超過10%之 客戶之收益如下:

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
65,216	75,274
-	92,791
148,280	135,470
119,575	99,928

附註:

- (i) 來自提供土木工程服務之收益。
- (ii) 各年度相應收益並無佔本集團收益超過 10%。

Customer A (*Note (i*)) Customer B (*Notes (i*) and (ii)) Customer C (*Notes (i*)) Customer D (*Notes (i*))

Notes:

- (i) Revenue from provision of civil engineering services.
- (ii) The corresponding revenue did not contribute over 10% of the Group's revenue for the respective year.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### **10. PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS**

#### 10. 營運溢利

		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit from operations has been arrived at after charging:	營運溢利乃經扣除以下各項後 計算得出:		
Contract costs recognised	確認為開支之合約成本*		
as expenses*		450,900	493,037
Auditors' remuneration	核數師薪酬	650	650
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊**		
equipment**		7,995	7,353
Depreciation of right-of-use assets***	使用權資產折舊***	4,057	3,564
Staff costs (note 11)****	員工成本 <i>(附註11)****</i>	105,165	99,878
Expenses relating to	有關短期租賃之開支		
short-term leases		416	439
		<b>应</b> 到关眼十六人的	<b>.</b> 

- Contract costs recognised as expenses mainly include subcontracting fee of approximately HK\$251,309,000 (2023: HK\$254,792,000) and raw materials of approximately HK\$26,869,000 (2023: HK\$62,459,000).
- \*\* Depreciation of property, plant and equipment of approximately HK\$7,147,000 (2023: HK\$6,505,000) and HK\$848,000 (2023: HK\$848,000) have been separately expensed in cost of services and administrative and operating expenses respectively.
- \*\*\* Depreciation of right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$2,829,000 (2023: HK\$2,911,000) and HK\$1,228,000 (2023: HK\$ 653,000) have been separately expensed in cost of services and administrative and operating expenses respectively.
- \*\*\*\* Included in the staff costs, approximately HK\$101,256,000 (2023: HK\$95,684,000) was charged in cost of services.

- \* 確認為開支之合約成本主要包括分包 費用約251,309,000港元(二零二三年: 254,792,000港元)及原材料約26,869,000港 元(二零二三年:62,459,000港元)。
- \*\* 物業、廠房及設備折舊約7,147,000港元(二 零二三年:6,505,000港元)及848,000港元 (二零二三年:848,000港元)已分別於服務 成本以及行政及經營開支內支銷。
- \*\*\* 使用權資產折舊約2,829,000港元(二零二三年:2,911,000港元)及1,228,000港元(二零二三年:653,000港元)已分別於服務成本以及行政及經營開支內支銷。
- \*\*\*\* 員工成本包括約101,256,000港元(二零二三年:95,684,000港元)計入服務成本。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

11. STAFF COSTS11. 員工	11. 員工成本		
	2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	
Staff costs (including directors'員工成本 (包括董事薪酬)remuneration) comprise:包括:Wages, salaries and other benefits工資、薪金及其他福利Contribution to defined contribution定額供款退休計劃供款	102,682	97,722	
retirement plan	2,483	2,156	
	105,165	99,878	

#### **12. FINANCE COSTS**

#### 12. 融資成本

		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Interest on:	以下各項之利息:		
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	369	377
Promissory note (Note 27)	承兌票據 <i>(附註27)</i>	3,918	2,708
Default interest of convertible notes	可換股票據違約利息	7,711	10,098
		11,998	13,183

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 13. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

#### (i) Directors' remuneration

The aggregate amounts of the remuneration paid and payable to the directors by the Group for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

#### 13. 董事酬金及高級管理層酬金

#### (i) 董事酬金

就截至二零二四年及二零二三年三 月三十一日止年度已付及應付本集 團董事之酬金總額如下:

			Salaries and		Contributions to retirement benefit	
		Fees	other benefits	Bonus	schemes	Total
			薪金及		退休福利	
		袍金	其他福利	花紅	計劃供款	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 31 March 2024	截至二零二四年 三月三十一日止年度					
Executive director and chief executive officer:	執行董事兼行政總裁:					
Dr. Li Yong Sheng (note (ii))	李永升博士 (附註(ii))	-	-	-	-	-
Executive Directors:	<i>執行董事:</i>					
Dr. Jiang Yan <i>(note (ii))</i>	姜岩博士 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Liu Da Yong <i>(note (ii))</i>	劉大勇先生 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung	簡國祥先生	-	12,812	-	19	12,831
Non-executive Directors:	非執行董事:					
Ms. Tang Li <i>(note (ii))</i>	唐麗女士 <i>(附註(ij)</i>	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Law Cheuk Hung	羅焯雄先生	12	1,440	-	-	1,452
Independent Non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. Wu Guo Ming	吳國銘先生	144	-	-	-	144
Mr. Wan Chi Keung, Aaron	尹志強先生	144	-	-	-	144
Mr. Chin Chi Ho Stanley (note (iii))	錢志浩先生 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	12	-	-	-	12
Mr. Kwok Man To Paul (note (iii))	郭文韜先生 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	12				12
		324	14,252		19	14,595

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 13. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

#### 13. 董事酬金及高級管理層酬金 (續)

(i) Directors' remuneration (Continued)

(i) 董事酬金 (續)

			Fees	Salaries and other benefits	Bonus	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	Total
				薪金及		退休福利	
			袍金	其他福利	花紅	計劃供款	總計
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year en	ded 31 March 2023	截至二零二三年 三月三十一日止年度					
	ve director and chief utive officer:	執行董事兼行政總裁:					
Dr. Li Yo	ong Sheng <i>(note (ii))</i>	李永升博士 (附註(ii))	-	-	-	-	-
Executi	ive Directors:	執行董事:					
Dr. Jian	ig Yan <i>(note (ii))</i>	姜岩博士 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Liu	Da Yong <i>(note (ii))</i>	劉大勇先生 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Kan	n Kwok Cheung	簡國祥先生	-	12,412	-	18	12,430
Non-ex	ecutive Directors:	非執行董事:					
Ms. Tar	ng Li <i>(note (ii))</i>	唐麗女士 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Law	v Cheuk Hung	羅焯雄先生	12	1,280	-	-	1,292
Indeper	ndent Non-executive Directo	ors: 獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. Wu	Guo Ming	吳國銘先生	144	-	-	-	144
Mr. War	n Chi Keung, Aaron	尹志強先生	144	-	-	-	144
Mr. Woi	ng Chung Yip, Kenneth	王忠業先生					
(note	? (i))	(附註(j))	77				77
			377	13,692	_	18	14,087
Note:				附言	È :		
(i)	Resigned on 14 Octob	per 2022.		(i)	於二零二二年	三十月十四日辭	任。
<ul><li>(ii) The directors' emoluments were waived for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023.</li></ul>		(ii)		截至二零二匹 三十一日止年			
(iii)	Appointed on 29 Febr	uary 2024.		(iii)	於二零二四年	□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□	獲委任。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 13. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

#### (i) Directors' remuneration (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2024, directors' emoluments amounted to approximately HK\$48,000 (2023: approximately HK\$48,000) were waived. Waived contributions cannot be used to reduce ongoing contributions. There were no emoluments paid by the Group to any directors or chief executive officer as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

#### 14. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

The five highest paid employees the Group during the year included two (2023: two) directors, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 13 above. Details of the remaining three (2023: three) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

13. 董事酬金及高級管理層酬金 (續)

#### (i) 董事酬金 (續)

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度,已放棄之董事酬金約為48,000港 元(二零二三年:約48,000港元)。已 放棄之款項不可用於扣減持續供款。 本集團並無向任何董事或主要行政 人員支付任何酬金以作為勸誘彼等 加入本集團或於加入時之獎勵或作 為離職補償。

#### 14. 僱員酬金

本集團於本年度之五名最高薪僱員中包 括兩名(二零二三年:兩名)董事,有關董 事酬金之詳情載於上文附註13。其餘三名 (二零二三年:三名)最高薪僱員(並非本 公司董事或主要行政人員)之詳情如下:

2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
4,557	4,039
36	54
4,593	4,093

Basic salaries, bonuses and other allowances Contributions to retirement benefit schemes 基本薪金、花紅及其他津貼

退休福利計劃供款

1.000.001港元至1.500.000港元

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 14. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

14. 僱員酬金 (續)

The number of the highest paid employees who are not the directors of the Company whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

### 最高薪僱員(並非本公司董事)之酬金介乎 下列範圍的人數如下:

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
Number of	Number of
employees	employees
僱員人數	僱員人數
3	3
3	3

HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000

During the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, none of five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any remuneration and there were no emoluments paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. 於截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,五名最高薪人士概無放 棄或同意放棄任何酬金,而本集團亦無向 五名最高薪人士中任何人士支付任何酬 金以作為勸誘彼等加入本集團或於加入 時之獎勵或作為離職補償。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### **15. INCOME TAX CREDIT**

#### 15. 所得稅抵免

The amount of income tax in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income represents:

綜合損益及其他全面收益表之所得稅金 額如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Current tax – Hong Kong Profits Tax – tax for the year – over-provision in respect of prior years	當期稅項-香港利得稅 -年內稅項 -過往年度超額撥備		260 (4,011)
Deferred tax <i>(Note 29)</i>	遞延稅項 <i>(附註29)</i>	229	(3,751)
- provision for the year	一年內撥備	(794)	302
Income tax credit	所得稅抵免	(565)	(3,449)

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime of Hong Kong Profits Tax, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%. Accordingly, the Hong Kong Profits Tax of the qualifying group entity is calculated at 8.25% on the first HK\$2 million of the estimated assessable profits and at 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits above HK\$2 million.

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands (the "**BVI**"), the Company and its subsidiaries incorporated in BVI are not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI respectively. 根據香港利得稅的利得稅兩級制,合資格 集團實體首2,000,000港元溢利將按8.25% 徵稅,2,000,000港元以上溢利將按16.5% 徵稅。利得稅兩級制下不合資格集團實 體的溢利將繼續按劃一稅率16.5%徵稅。 因此,合資格集團實體的香港利得稅首 2,000,000港元的估計應課稅溢利按8.25% 徵稅,2,000,000港元以上的估計應課稅溢 利則按16.5%徵稅。

根據開曼群島及英屬處女群島(「英屬處女 群島」)規則及法規,本公司及其於英屬處 女群島註冊成立之附屬公司毋須繳納開 曼群島及英屬處女群島各自之任何所得 稅。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 15. INCOME TAX (Continued)

Under the prevailing tax law in the PRC, the Enterprise Income Tax rate of the subsidiary of the Company incorporated in the PRC is 25% (2023: 25%).

The tax credit for the year can be reconciled to the loss before income tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

#### 15. 所得稅 (續)

根據中國現行稅法,本公司於中國註冊 成立之附屬公司之企業所得稅稅率為25% (二零二三年:25%)。

年內稅項抵免與綜合損益及其他全面收 益表所列之除所得稅前虧損之對賬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Loss before income tax	除所得稅前虧損	(9,677)	(12,906)
Tax calculated at the rates, applicable to profits in the	按於有關國家所產生溢利 適用之稅率計算之稅項		
countries concerned	了可切购没有的用于之	(1,608)	(2,161)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose Tax effect of income not taxable for	稅務影響	2,396	3,264
tax purpose	分次時間の入入と1017家/音	(1,350)	(2,194)
Over-provision in respect of prior year		-	(4,011)
Tax effect of temporary difference not recognised	未確認暫時差異之稅務影響	230	118
Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not recognised	動用未確認稅項虧損之 稅務影響	(1,033)	-
Tax effect of tax losses not	未確認稅項虧損之	200	1 505
recognised	稅務影響	800	1,535
Income tax credit	所得稅抵免	(565)	(3,449)

#### **16. DIVIDENDS**

The board of directors does not recommend the payments of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2024 (2023: nil).

#### 16. 股息

董事會不建議就截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度派付任何股息(二零二三 年:無)。

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#### **17. LOSS PER SHARE**

#### 17. 每股虧損

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data: 本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧損 乃根據以下數據計算:



Number of shares



Diluted loss per share for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023 are the same as the basic loss per share. The weighted average number of shares for calculating basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023 is adjusted on the assumption that a subsequent share consolidation of every one hundred existing ordinary shares into one consolidated share have been effective in the prior and current year.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,每股攤薄虧損與每股基 本虧損相等。用於計算截至二零二四年及 二零二三年三月三十一日止年度本公司 擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧損的股份 加權平均數,已按其後將每100股現有普 通股合併為1股合併股份的股份合併於上 一年度及本年度均已生效的假設作出調 整。
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## **18. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

#### 18. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold Improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Machineries</b> 機器 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Furnitures and fixtures 傢具及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 車輛 HK\$'000 千港元	Site offices 地盤辦公室 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
<b>Cost</b> At 1 April 2022 Additions Disposals Exchange differences	<b>成本</b> 於二零二二年四月一日 添置 出售 匯兌差額	80 	80,529 3,984 (6,650) 	3,341 50 	10,477 14 (45) (26)	53,032 2,541 (2,605)	15,225 _ 	162,684 6,589 (9,300) (26)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023 Additions Disposals Transfer from ROUA	於二零二三年三月三十一日 及二零二三年四月一日 添置 出售 轉撥自使用權資產	80 (80) 	77,863 40 (4,924) 1,450	3,391 7 (2,786)	10,420 18 (7,347)	52,968 3,577 (3,157)	15,225 (15,225) 	159,947 3,642 (33,519) 1,450
At 31 March 2024 Accumulated depreciation and	於二零二四年三月三十一日 <b>累計折舊及減值</b>		74,429	612	3,091	53,388		131,520
impairment At 1 April 2022 Depreciation charge for the year Eliminated on disposals Exchange differences	於二零二二年四月一日 年內折舊開支 出售時對銷 匯兌差額	80 _ 	76,473 2,371 (6,650)	3,038 80 	10,105 94 (45) (26)	39,841 4,808 (2,082)	15,225 _ 	144,762 7,353 (8,777) (26)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023 Depreciation charge for the year Eliminated on disposals Transfer from ROUA	於二零二三年三月三十一日 及二零二三年四月一日 年內折舊開支 出售時對銷 轉撥自使用權資產	80 (80) 	72,194 3,058 (4,924) 471	3,118 88 (2,754)	10,128 96 (7,344)	42,567 4,753 (2,741) 	15,225 (15,225)	143,312 7,995 (33,068) 471
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日		70,799	452	2,880	44,579		118,710
Carrying amount At 31 March 2024	賬面值 於二零二四年三月三十一日		3,630	160	211	8,809		12,810
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日		5,669	273	292	10,401		16,635

During the year, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of those property, plant and equipment. These assets are used in the Group's performance of provision of civil engineering services reportable segment.

#### Impairment assessment

During the year ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment and right of use assets based on higher of fair values less costs of disposal and value in use. The carrying amount of the relevant assets does not exceed the recoverable amount and no impairment has been recognised. 於年內,本集團已對該等物業、廠房及設備之可收回金額進行審查。該等資產用於本集團提供土木工程服務可呈報分部之表現。

#### 減值評估

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,本集團根據公平值減出 售成本與使用價值兩者中的較高者估計 物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產的可收 回金額。相關資產的賬面金額不超過可收 回金額,且未確認減值。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## **19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS**

## 19. 使用權資產

		Leased properties 租賃物業 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Machineries</b> 機器 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost:	成本			
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	896	4,480	5,376
Additions (note (ii))	添置 (附註(ii))	2,760	9,616	12,376
Termination	終止	-	(2,300)	(2,300)
Disposal	出售	(896)		(896)
At 31 March 2023 and	於二零二三年三月三十一日			
1 April 2023	及二零二三年四月一日	2,760	11,796	14,556
Additions (note (ii))	添置 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	-	1,950	1,950
Termination	終止	(1,828)	(6,170)	(7,998)
Transter to PPE	轉撥至物業、廠房及設備		(1,450)	(1,450)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	932	6,126	7,058
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	累計折舊及減值			
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	896	505	1,401
Charge for the year	年內開支	653	2,911	3,564
Termination	終止	-	(978)	(978)
Disposal	出售	(896)		(896)
At 31 March 2023 and	於二零二三年三月三十一日			
1 April 2023	及二零二三年四月一日	653	2,438	3,091
Charge for the year	年內開支	1,228	2,829	4,057
Termination	終止	(1,143)	(2,222)	(3,365)
Transter to PPE	轉撥至物業、廠房及設備		(471)	(471)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	738	2,574	3,312
Carrying amount	賬面值			
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	194	3,552	3,746
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日	2,107	9,358	11,465

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# 20242023二零二四年二零二三年HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元4164396,1397,4861,95012,376

19. 使用權資產 (續)

附註(i):

- Expenses relating to short-term leases有關短期租賃之開支Total cash outflow for leases (note (i))租賃現金流出總額(附註(i))Addition to right-of-use assets (note (ii))添置使用權資產(附註(ii))
- Note (i): Amount includes payments of principal of HK\$5,524,000 (2023: HK\$6,954,000) and interest portion of HK\$199,000 (2023: HK\$93,000) of lease liabilities and short-term lease of HK\$416,000 (2023: HK\$439,000).
- *Note (ii):* Amount includes right-of-use assets resulting from hire purchase of machinery and renewal of lease.

During the current year, the Group leases certain office premises and machinery with lease term of between 21 months to 30 months (2023: 21 months to 30 months). Leases terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as securities for borrowing purpose.

The impairment assessment are disclosed in Note 18.

款5,524,000港元(二零二三年: 6,954,000港元)及利息部分付款 199,000港元(二零二三年:93,000港 元)以及短期租賃416,000港元(二零 二三年:439,000港元)。

相關金額包括租賃負債本金付

*附註(ii):* 相關金額包括機器租購及重續租賃產 生的使用權資產。

於本年度,本集團租賃若干辦公室物業 及機器,租期為期21個月至30個月(二零 二三年:21個月至30個月)。租賃條款乃 按個別基準磋商,包括各種不同條款及條 件。於釐定租期及評估不可撤回期間的長 度時,本集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約 可強制執行的期間。

除出租人持有的租賃資產的抵押權益外, 租賃協議並無施加任何其他契諾。租賃資 產不可就借貸用作抵押。

減值評估於附註18披露。

19. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## **20. JOINT OPERATIONS**

## 20. 合營企業

Details of investment in joint operations as at 31 March 2024 and 2023 were as follows: 於二零二四年及二零二三年三月三十一 日於合營企業之投資詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Place of operation 營運地點	Attributab to the 本集團版		Principal activity 主要業務
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	
Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture (CV/2015/03)	Unincorporated joint operation operating in Hong Kong	43%	43%	Civil engineering
新昌進業聯營(CV/2015/03)	於香港營運之非屬法團合營企業			土木工程
Hsin Chong Tsun Yip Joint Venture (CV/2016/10)	Unincorporated joint operation operating in Hong Kong	49%	49%	Civil engineering
新昌進業聯營(CV/2016/10)	於香港營運之非屬法團合營企業			土木工程
Harvest-Tsun Yip Joint Venture (ND/2018/02)	Unincorporated joint operation operating in Hong Kong	49%	49%	Civil engineering
軒誠一進業聯營 (ND/2018/02)	於香港營運之非屬法團合營企業			土木工程
Paul Y-Tsun Yip Joint Venture (4/WSD/19)	Unincorporated joint operation operating in Hong Kong	95%	95%	Civil engineering
保華一進業聯營 (4/WSD/19)	於香港營運之非屬法團合營企業			土木工程

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 20. JOINT OPERATIONS (Continued)

## 20. 合營企業 (續)

		Attributab	le interest	
Name 名稱	Place of operation 營運地點		<b>Group</b> 餦佔權益	Principal activity 主要業務
		<b>2024</b> 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年	
Paul Y-Tsun Yip Joint Venture (CV/2019/04) 保華一進業聯營 (CV/2019/04)	Unincorporated joint operation operating in Hong Kong 於香港營運之非屬法團合營企業	20%	20%	Civil engineering 土木工程
Paul Y-Tsun Yip Joint Venture (CV/2022/08) 保華一進業聯營 (CV/2022/08)	Unincorporated joint operation operating in Hong Kong 於香港營運之非屬法團合營企業	30%	30%	Civil engineering 土木工程
Note:		附註:		

Pursuant to the terms of the joint agreements, the profit sharing for each year of all joint operations listed herein above shall be distributed to the joint operators in proportion to their respective interests. 根據合營協議之條款,上述所有合營業務每年之 溢利分配將依照各合營方所佔之權益比例分配予 有關合營方。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 21. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### 21. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade receivables <i>(Note (i))</i> Allowance for ECL	貿易應收款項 <i>(附註(i))</i> 預期信貸虧損撥備	58,317 (929)	74,051 (3,431)
		57,388	70,620
Other receivables <i>(Notes (iv))</i> Deposits Allowance for ECL <i>(Note (iii))</i>	其他應收款項 <i>(附註(iv))</i> 按金 預期信貸虧損撥備 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	926 3,373 (29)	814 3,643 (28)
		4,270	4,429
Prepayment <i>(Note (ii))</i>	預付款項 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	41,407	49,598
		103,065	124,647

#### Notes:

(i) Trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period mainly derived from provision of construction works on civil engineering contracts. The related customers are mainly government department/organisation and reputable corporations. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

An aging analysis of the trade receivables as of the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of allowance of ECL, is as follows:

Current to 1 month More than 1 month but less than 3 months More than 3 months but less than 12 months 即期至1個月 超過1個月但少於3個月

超過3個月但少於12個月

#### 附註:

(i) 於報告期末之貿易應收款項主要來自提供 土木工程合約之建築工程。相關客戶主要為 政府部門/機構及聲譽良好之企業。本集團 並無就該等結餘持有任何抵押。

> 貿易應收款項(經扣除預期信貸虧損撥備)截 至報告期末根據發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
45,671	56,322
6,108	13,826
5,609	472
57,388	70,620

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

21. TR	RADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Contin	nued) 2	21. 5	貿易	易及其他應收款項(	(續)
Not	tes: (Continued)		ß	附註	:(續)	
(i)	(Continued)		(i	i)	(續)	
	The Group grants an average credit period of 30 days (2023: 30 days) to its trade customers of contract works. Application for progress payments of contract works is made on a regular basis.				本集團向其合約工程貿 (二零二三年:30日)之 度款項申請會定期進行	こ信貸期。合約工程進
	Movements in the allowance for ECL of trade rece	eivables:			貿易應收款項預期信	<i>貸虧損撥備變動:</i>
	The following table shows movement in lifetime ECL the recognised for trade receivables in accordance wit approach.				下表載列根據簡化法 之全期預期信貸虧損變	
						HK\$'000 千港元
	At 1 April 2022 Allowance for ECL, net	於二零二二年[ 預期信貸虧損]			<b>濆</b>	3,348 83
	At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年 二零二三年[			一日及	3,431
	Reversal of allowance for ECL, net Written off	預期信貸虧損 撇銷	橃備挧	發回	,淨額	(262) (2,240)
	At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年3	三月日	Ξ÷	一日	929
	Details of assessment of ECL are set out in Note 36.				預期信貸虧損之評估詳	情載於附註36。
(ii)	As at 31 March 2024, prepayments mainly compris	ed advance	(i	ii)	於二零二四年三月三-	十一日,預付款項主

 (ii) As at 31 March 2024, prepayments mainly comprised advance payment to subcontractors of approximately HK\$30,079,000
 (2023: HK\$34,953,000) and prepaid insurance of approximately HK\$10,458,000 (2023: HK\$14,382,000).  (ii) 於二零二四年三月三十一日,預付款項主 要包括向分包商支付之墊款約30,079,000
 港元(二零二三年:34,953,000港元)以及 預付保險約10,458,000港元(二零二三年: 14,382,000港元)。

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21.	TR	ADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continu	<i>led)</i> 21	.貿易	易及其他應收款項(	續)
	Note	es: (Continued)		附註	:(續)	
	(iii)	Movements in the allowance for ECL of other received deposits:	vables and	(iii)	<i>其他應收款項及按金預</i> 動:	<i>頁期信貸虧損撥備變</i>
		The following table shows movement in 12m ECL that recognised for other receivables and deposits in accord general approach.			下表載列根據一般法就 金確認之12個月預期信:	
						12m ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
		At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四	月一日		150
		Reversal of allowance for ECL, net	預期信貸虧損撥	備撥回	,淨額	(122)
		At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023 Allowance for ECL, net	於二零二三年三 二零二三年四 預期信貸虧損撥	月一日		1
		At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三	月三十	一日	29

Details of assessment of ECL are set out in Note 36.

(iv) As at 31 March 2024, the other receivables mainly comprised amounts due from other partners of joint operations of approximately HK\$109,000 (2023: HK\$29,000). The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### 預期信貸虧損之評估詳情載於附註36。

(iv) 於二零二四年三月三十一日,其他應收款項 主要包括應收合營業務的其他合作夥伴款 項約109,000港元(二零二三年:29,000港 元)。該等款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償 還。

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#### 22. CONTRACT ASSETS/CONTRACT LIABILITIES 22. 合約資產/合約負債 2024 2023 二零二三年 二零二四年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 Contract assets: 合約資產: Retention receivables 應收保留金 51,975 41,999 Allowance for ECL, net 預期信貸虧損撥備,淨額 (905) (822) 51.070 41,177 **Contract liabilities:** 合約負債: Construction work 建築工程 82,358 87,215 客戶廣告收入合約 Contract with customers from advertising income 1,575 1,575 88,790 83,933

#### Note:

At 1 April 2022, contract assets amounted to HK\$24,758,000.

The contract assets primarily relate to the Group's rights to consideration for work completed but not yet billed because the rights are conditional on the satisfaction of the service quality by the customers over a certain period as stipulated in the contracts at the reporting date. The contract assets are transferred to trade receivables where the rights become unconditional. The contract liabilities primarily relate to the advanced consideration received from customers, for which revenue is recognised based on the progress of the provision of related services.

The balance of contract assets (provision of civil engineering service) are expected to be recovered/settled more than one year.

#### 附註:

於二零二二年四月一日,合約資產為24,758,000 港元。

合約資產主要與本集團就已完成但尚未發出發票 的工程而收取代價之權利有關,原因為於報告日 期相關權利須待客戶於合約規定的一定期間內對 服務質素表示滿意後方可作實。當權利成為無條 件時,合約資產轉移至貿易應收款項。合約負債 主要與從客戶收取的預付代價有關,其收益乃根 據提供相關服務的進度確認。

合約資產(提供土木工程服務)之結餘預計於一年 後收回/清償。

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22.	CONTRACT ASSETS/CONTRACT LIABILIT (Continued)	TES 22	<b>. 合約資產/合約負債</b> (約	續)
	Note: (Continued)		附註:(續)	
	Contract assets and contract liabilities which are experience experience of the set of t		預期將於本集團正常營運週期 約資產及合約負債被分類為流	
	Movement in the allowance for ECL of contract assets		合約資產預期信貸虧損撥備之	變動
	The following table shows movement in lifetime ECL that recognised for contract assets in accordance with simplified a	ing table shows movement in lifetime ECL that has been for contract assets in accordance with simplified approach.		資產確認之全期預期
				HK\$'000 千港元
	At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四	日——日	514
	Allowance for ECL, net	新二マ二二十二     預期信貸虧損撥		308
	At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三,	月三十一日及	
	二零二三年四			
	Allowance for ECL, net	預期信貸虧損撥	<b>備</b> ・淨額	83
	At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三	月三十一日	905

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## 22. CONTRACT ASSETS/CONTRACT LIABILITIES

22. 合約資產/合約負債 (續)

(Continued)

#### Note: (Continued)

附註:(續)

The following provides information about contract liabilities from contract with customers:

以下載有客戶合約的合約負債之資料:

			1
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 April	於四月一日	88,790	65,228
Revenue from construction work recognised	於年初列入合約負債結餘的		
that was included in the contract liabilities	來自已確認的建築工程之		
balance at the beginning of the year	收益	(87,215)	(60,068)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of	年內因客戶墊款而導致		
advance from customers during the year	合約負債增加	278,535	371,409
Revenue from construction work recognised	年內就已收取金額確認的		
in respect of amount received	建築工程收益		
during the year		(196,177)	(287,779)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	83,933	88,790

## 23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Bank balances carry interest at market rates which range from 0.001% - 0.30% (2023: 0.001% - 0.30%) per annum.

As at 31 March 2024, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group included currencies denominated in Renminbi amounted to approximately HK\$74,000 (2023: HK\$110,000) which is not freely convertible into other currencies.

## 23. 現金及現金等價物

銀行結餘按市場年利率介乎0.001%至 0.30% (二零二三年:0.001%至0.30%)計 息。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團之現 金及現金等價物包括以人民幣計值之貨 幣約74,000港元(二零二三年:110,000港 元),其不可自由兌換作其他貨幣。

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## 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

## 24. 貿易及其他應付款項

		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	43,128	55,467
Retention money payables Amount due to a shareholder	應付保留金 應付一名股東款項 <i>(附註(i))</i>	33,592	31,281
(Note (i))		362	24,587
Interest payables <i>(Note (ii))</i> Amount due to related parties	應付利息 <i>(附註(ii))</i> 應付關連方款項 <i>(附註(iii))</i>	88,939	81,003
<i>(Note (iii))</i> Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計款項	-	2,009
(Note (iv))	(附註(iv))	61,779	42,358
		227,800	236,705
<i>Less:</i> payables within twelve months shown under current liabilities	<i>減:</i> 流動負債項下所示須於十二 個月內應付款項	(227,800)	(229,928)
Interest payables shown under non- current liabilities	非流動負債項下所示應付利息		6,777

#### Notes:

附註:

(i) As at 31 March 2024, amount due to a shareholder represents amount due to Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung which is unsecured, interestfree and repayable on demand. As at 31 March 2023, amount due to a shareholder represents amount due to the then a major substantial shareholder of the Company, China Xinhua NNC, in respect of annual fee for television broadcasting right, carriage fee payment and satellite transmission fee which was unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. (i) 於二零二四年三月三十一日,應付一名股 東款項指應付簡國祥先生之款項,為無抵 押、免息及按要求償還。於二零二三年三月 三十一日,應付一名股東款項指應付一名本 公司當時重大主要股東中國新華新聞電視 網有關電視播放權年費、代付傳輸費及衛星 轉播費之款項,為無抵押、免息及按要求償 還。

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## 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

#### Notes: (Continued)

- (ii) Interest payables represented interest of promissory note and convertible notes of approximately HK\$7,002,000 and HK\$81,937,000 (2023: HK\$6,777,000 and HK\$74,226,000) respectively. As at 31 March 2024, the Company had defaulted in repayment of principal amount of convertible notes of approximately HK\$257,030,000 (2023: HK\$257,030,000) and interest thereon of approximately HK\$81,937,000 (2023: HK\$74,226,000).
- (iii) As at 31 March 2023, amount due to related parties represented amount due to 新華音像中心, 新華音像中心 and China Xinhua NNC which have a common shareholder, Xinhua News Agency (新 華社). The amount was unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (iv) As at 31 March 2024, the other payables mainly comprised of amounts due to other parties of joint operations of approximately HK\$9,020,000 (2023: HK\$12,417,000). The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

The Group normally settles trade payables within 30 days (2023: 30 days) credit term. Based on the invoice date, ageing analysis of trade payables at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

#### 24. 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

附註:(續)

- (ii) 應付利息指承兌票據及可換股票據的利息, 分別約為7,002,000港元及81,937,000港元 (二零二三年:6,777,000港元及74,226,000 港元)。於二零二四年三月三十一日,本 公司已拖欠償還可換股票據本金額約 257,030,000港元(二零二三年:257,030,000 港元)及利息約81,937,000港元(二零二三 年:74,226,000港元)。
- (iii) 於二零二三年三月三十一日,應付關連方款 項指應付新華音像中心之款項。新華音像中 心與中國新華新聞電視網之共同股東為新 華社。該款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。
- (iv) 於二零二四年三月三十一日,其他應付款項主要包括應付合營業務的其他合作 夥伴款項約9,020,000港元(二零二三年: 12,417,000港元)。該等款項為無抵押、免息 及按要求償還。

本集團一般於30日(二零二三年:30日)之 信貸期內清償貿易應付款項。根據發票日 期,報告期末貿易應付款項的賬齡分析如 下:

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
40,037	35,775
269	16,888
19	7
2,803	2,797
43,128	55,467

Current to 1 month More than 1 month but less than 3 months More than 3 months but less than 12 months More than 12 months 即期至1個月 超過1個月但少於3個月 超過3個月但少於12個月 超過12個月

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## **25. LEASE LIABILITIES**

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities is 5.85% (2023: 2.35% to 5.85%). The Group has options to purchase the equipment for a nominal amount at the end of the lease terms. No arrangements have been entered into for contingent rental payments.

Lease liabilities payable:

## 25. 租賃負債

適用於租賃負債的加權平均增量借款 利率為5.85% (二零二三年:2.35%至 5.85%)。本集團有權於租期末以名義金 額購買設備。並無就或然租金付款訂立任 何安排。

#### 應付租賃負債:

			ise payments 賃付款	Present minimum leas 最低租賃作	se payments
		2024         2023           二零二四年         二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000 HK\$'000</i> チボー         チボー		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Within one year More than one year but not exceeding two years	於一年內 超過一年但不超過兩年	1,799 72	5,878 2,968	1,735 71	5,558 2,907
Less: Future finance charges	<i>減:</i> 未來融資開支	1,871 (65)	8,846 (381)	1,806 	8,465 
Present value of lease obligations	租賃責任之現值	1,806	8,465	1,806	8,465
<i>Less:</i> Amount due for settlement within 12 months shown under current liabilities	<i>減:</i> 於12個月內到期結算之款 項 (列作流動負債)			(1,735)	(5,558)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	於12個月後到期結算之款項			71	2,907

The net carrying value of leased assets used to secure the lease obligations was approximately HK\$3,552,000 (2023: HK\$9,358,000).

用於抵押租賃責任的租賃資產的賬面 淨值約為3,552,000港元(二零二三年: 9,358,000港元)。

年假權利

長期服務金權利

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## **26. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS**

Annual leave entitlement

Long service payments entitlement

#### 26. 僱員福利

2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
4,381 1,829	4,849 1,665
6,210	6,514

#### **27. PROMISSORY NOTE**

A promissory note with a principal amount of HK\$45,040,000 was issued by Profit Station Limited ("**Profit Station**"), a direct wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company on 11 August 2011 (the "**Issue Date**") upon the completion of the acquisition of 17% of equity interests in China New Media (HK) Company Limited. The promissory note is unsecured, carried interest at the rate of 3% per annum and matured on 11 August 2014. Profit Station might early redeem all or part of the promissory note at any time from the Issue Date. Unless previously redeemed, Profit Station will redeem the promissory note on its maturity date.

On 11 August 2014 (the "**Renewal Date**"), Profit Station has entered into an extension agreement with the noteholder of the promissory note pursuant to which the maturity date of the promissory note was extended from 11 August 2014 to 11 August 2017 and the extended promissory note will be non-interest bearing with effect from 11 August 2014 till 11 August 2017. Furthermore, the noteholder has agreed to waive the interest accrued on the promissory note amounting to approximately HK\$4,054,000 for the period from 11 August 2011 to 11 August 2014. Except the abovementioned, other terms and conditions of the promissory note remain unchanged.

## 27. 承兌票據

本公司之直接全資附屬公司Profit Station Limited (「**Profit Station**」)於二零一一年 八月十一日(「發行日期」)完成收購中國新 媒體(香港)有限公司之17%股權後發行本 金額為45,040,000港元之承兌票據。承兌 票據為無抵押、按年利率3厘計息及於二 零一四年八月十一日到期。Profit Station可 自發行日期起隨時提前贖回全部或部分 承兌票據。除非之前已被贖回,否則Profit Station將於其到期日贖回承兌票據。

於二零一四年八月十一日(「**更新日期**」), Profit Station與承兌票據之票據持有人已 訂立延長協議,據此,承兌票據之到期 日自二零一四年八月十一日延長至二零 一七年八月十一日,且經延長之承兌票 據將自二零一四年八月十一日起至二零 一七年八月十一日止免息。此外,票據持 有人已同意免除承兌票據自二零一一年 八月十一日至二零一四年八月十一日期 間累計之利息約4,054,000港元。除上述 者外,承兌票據之其他條款及條件維持不 變。

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## 27. PROMISSORY NOTE (Continued)

On 15 December 2017 (the "**Second Renewal Date**"), Profit Station has entered into the second extension agreement with the noteholder of the promissory note pursuant to which the maturity date of the promissory note was extended from 11 August 2017 to 31 December 2018 and the extended promissory note will bear interest of 3% per annum with effect from 11 August 2017 till 31 December 2018. Except the abovementioned, other terms and conditions of the promissory note remain unchanged.

On 15 February 2019 (the "**Third Renewal Date**"), Profit Station has entered into the third extension agreement with the noteholder of the promissory note pursuant to which the maturity date of the promissory note was extended from 31 December 2018 to 30 June 2020 and the extended promissory note will bear interest of 3% per annum with effect from 11 August 2017 till 30 June 2020. Except the abovementioned, other terms and conditions of the promissory note remain unchanged.

On 9 March 2021 (the "**Fourth Renewal Date**"), Profit Station has entered into the fourth extension agreement with the noteholder of the promissory note pursuant to which the maturity date of the promissory note was extended from 30 June 2020 to 30 June 2022 and the extended promissory note will bear interest of 3% per annum with effect from 11 August 2017 till 30 June 2022. Except the abovementioned, other terms and conditions of the promissory note remain unchanged.

#### 27. 承兌票據 (續)

於二零一七年十二月十五日(「第二次更 新日期」),Profit Station與承兌票據之票據 持有人已訂立第二份延長協議,據此,承 兌票據之到期日自二零一七年八月十一 日延長至二零一八年十二月三十一日,且 經延長之承兌票據將自二零一七年八月 十一日起至二零一八年十二月三十一日 止按年利率3厘計息。除上述者外,承兌票 據之其他條款及條件維持不變。

於二零一九年二月十五日(「第三次更新日 期」),Profit Station與承兌票據之票據持有 人已訂立第三份延長協議,據此,承兌票 據之到期日自二零一八年十二月三十一 日延長至二零二零年六月三十日,且經延 長之承兌票據將自二零一七年八月十一 日起至二零二零年六月三十日止按年利 率3厘計息。除上述者外,承兌票據之其他 條款及條件維持不變。

於二零二一年三月九日(「第四次更新日 期」),Profit Station與承兌票據之票據持有 人已訂立第四份延長協議,據此,承兌票 據之到期日自二零二零年六月三十日延 長至二零二二年六月三十日,且經延長之 承兌票據將自二零一七年八月十一日起 至二零二二年六月三十日止按年利率3厘 計息。除上述者外,承兌票據之其他條款 及條件維持不變。

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## 27. PROMISSORY NOTE (Continued)

On 31 August 2022 (the "**Fifth Renewal Date**"), Profit Station has entered into the fifth extension agreement with the noteholder of the promissory note pursuant to which the maturity date of the promissory note was extended from 30 June 2022 to 30 June 2024 and the extended promissory note will bear interest of 0.5% per annum with effect from 1 July 2022 till 30 June 2024. Except the abovementioned, other terms and conditions of the promissory note remain unchanged.

On Fifth Renewal Date, the fair value of the liability component of the extended promissory note was reassessed and calculated using an equivalent market interest rate for an equivalent instrument at the Fifth Renewal Date. The fair value of the extended promissory note at the Fifth Renewal Date amounted to approximately HK\$38,318,000. The fair value is calculated using discounted cash flow method at a rate of 18.25%.

#### 27. 承兌票據 (續)

於二零二二年八月三十一日(「**第五次更新** 日期」),Profit Station與承兌票據之票據持 有人已訂立第五份延長協議,據此,承兌 票據之到期日自二零二二年六月三十日 延長至二零二四年六月三十日,且經延長 之承兌票據將自二零二二年七月一日起 至二零二四年六月三十日止按年利率0.5 厘計息。除上述者外,承兌票據之其他條 款及條件維持不變。

於第五次更新日期,經延長之承兌票據之 負債部分之公平值於第五次更新日期乃 以等價工具之等值市場利率重估及計算。 經延長之承兌票據之公平值於第五次更 新日期為約38,318,000港元。公平值乃採 用貼現現金流量法以18.25%之貼現率計 算。

		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 1 April Gain arising on modification of	於四月一日 承兌票據修訂產生之收益	40,429	44,949
promissory note <i>(Note 8)</i>	(附註8)	-	(6,722)
Interest expense	利息開支	3,918	2,708
Interest payables	應付利息	(225)	(506)
At 31 March	於三月三十一日	44,122	40,429
<i>Less:</i> Within twelve months shown under current liabilities	<i>減:</i> 流動負債項下所示 十二個月內	(44,122)	
Shown under non-current liabilities	非流動負債項下所示		40,429

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## **28. CONVERTIBLE NOTES**

On 9 December 2011, the Company issued convertible notes with the principal amount of approximately HK\$607,030,000, carried interest at the rate of 5% per annum as part of the consideration for the acquisition of Xinhua TV Asia Pacific Operating Co., Limited. Each note entitles the holder to convert to ordinary shares at a conversion price of approximately HK\$0.196 per share.

Conversion may occur at any time between 9 December 2011 and 8 December 2014. If the notes have not been converted, the Company will redeem on 9 December 2014 at the outstanding principal amount. Interest of 5% per annum will be paid annually until the notes are converted or redeemed.

On 9 December 2014, the Company entered into the supplemental deed with China Xinhua NNC, the sole holder of the outstanding convertible notes, pursuant to which the Company and China Xinhua NNC agreed to amend certain terms and conditions of the convertible notes, where (i) the maturity date of the convertible notes will be extended for 3 years and the conversion period will accordingly be extended for 3 years to 9 December 2017; and (ii) the interest rate of the convertible notes will be amended from 5% per annum to 3% per annum for the extended period, being from 9 December 2014 to 9 December 2017.

On 13 December 2017, the Company entered into the second supplemental deed with China Xinhua NNC, the sole holder of the outstanding convertible notes, pursuant to which the Company and China Xinhua NNC agreed to amend the term and condition of the convertible notes, where the maturity date of the convertible notes will be extended for 1 year and the conversion period will accordingly be extended for 1 year to 9 December 2018.

#### 28. 可換股票據

於二零一一年十二月九日,本公司發行本 金額為約607,030,000港元,按年利率5厘 計息之可換股票據,作為收購新華電視亞 太台運營有限公司之部分代價。每份票據 賦予持有人權利按每股股份約0.196港元 之換股價兌換為普通股。

可換股票據可於二零一一年十二月九日 至二零一四年十二月八日期間內隨時兌 換。倘票據尚未兌換,本公司將於二零 一四年十二月九日贖回未行使本金額。每 年5厘之利息將須按年支付,直至其獲兌 換或贖回。

於二零一四年十二月九日,本公司與尚未 兌換可換股票據唯一持有人中國新華新 聞電視網訂立補充契據,據此本公司與中 國新華新聞電視網同意修訂可換股票據 之若干條款及條件,其中(i)可換股票據之 到期日將延長3年,且兌換期相應延長3年 至二零一七年十二月九日;及(ii)延長期間 (即二零一四年十二月九日;及(ii)延長期間 (即二零一四年十二月九日至二零一七 年十二月九日)之可換股票據之利率將由 每年5厘修訂為每年3厘。

於二零一七年十二月十三日,本公司與尚 未兌換可換股票據唯一持有人中國新華 新聞電視網訂立第二份補充契據,據此本 公司與中國新華新聞電視網同意修訂可 換股票據之條款及條件,其中可換股票據 之到期日將延長1年,且兌換期將相應延 長1年至二零一八年十二月九日。

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## 28. CONVERTIBLE NOTES (Continued)

On 9 December 2018, the Company entered into the third supplemental deed with China Xinhua NNC, the sole holder of the outstanding convertible notes, pursuant to which the Company and China Xinhua NNC agreed to amend the term and condition of the convertible notes, where the maturity date of the convertible notes will be extended for 2 years and the conversion period will accordingly be extended for 2 years to 9 December 2020.

On 25 January 2021, the Company entered into the fourth supplemental deed with China Xinhua NNC, the sole holder of the outstanding convertible notes, pursuant to which the Company and China Xinhua NNC agreed to amend the term and condition of the convertible notes, where the maturity date of the convertible notes will be extended for 1 year and the conversion period will accordingly be extended for 1 year to 9 December 2021. Except the abovementioned, other terms and conditions of the convertible notes remain unchanged.

On 9 December 2021, the Company had default in repayment of principal amount of convertible notes of approximately HK\$257,030,000 and interest thereon of approximately HK\$64,128,000.

The convertible notes contain two components, liability component and equity component. The equity component is presented in equity heading "convertible notes equity reserves". The effective interest rate of the liability component is 11.27% from 9 December 2020 to 9 December 2021.

#### 28. 可換股票據 (續)

於二零一八年十二月九日,本公司與尚未 兌換可換股票據唯一持有人中國新華新 聞電視網訂立第三份補充契據,據此本公 司與中國新華新聞電視網同意修訂可換 股票據之條款及條件,其中可換股票據之 到期日將延長2年,且兌換期將相應延長2 年至二零二零年十二月九日。

於二零二一年一月二十五日,本公司與尚 未兌換可換股票據唯一持有人中國新華 新聞電視網訂立第四份補充契據,據此本 公司與中國新華新聞電視網同意修訂可 換股票據之條款及條件,其中可換股票據 之到期日將延長1年,且兌換期將相應延 長1年至二零二一年十二月九日。除上文 所述者外,可換股票據之其他條款及條件 維持不變。

於二零二一年十二月九日,本公司有尚未 償還可換股票據本金金額約257,030,000 港元及其利息約64,128,000港元。

可換股票據由兩個部分組成,分別為負債 部分及權益部分。權益部分於權益中「可 換股票據權益儲備」項下呈列。負債部分 之實際利率自二零二零年十二月九日起 至二零二一年十二月九日止為11.27厘。

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28.	CONVERTIBLE NOTES (Continued)	<b>28. 可換股票據</b> (續)	
			HK\$'000 千港元
	Equity component at 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	於二零二二年四月一日、 二零二三年三月三十一日、 二零二三年四月一日及 二零二四年三月三十一日之 權益部分	14,400
	Liability component at 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	於二零二二年四月一日、 二零二三年三月三十一日、 二零二三年四月一日及二零二四年 三月三十一日之負債部分	257,030
29.	DEFERRED TAXATION	29. 遞延稅項	
	The followings are the deferred tax balances red in the consolidated statement of financial position movements thereon:		之遞延稅項結餘
			Accelerated depreciation allowances 加速折舊 撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
	At 1 April 2022 Charged to profit or loss for the year <i>(Note 15)</i>	於二零二二年四月一日 年內於損益支銷 <i>(附註15)</i>	1,981
	At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023 Charged to profit or loss for the year <i>(Note 15)</i>	於二零二三年三月三十一日及二零 二三年四月一日 年內於損益支銷 <i>(附註15)</i>	2,283 (794)
	At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	1,489

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## 29. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.001 each

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$204,028,000 (2023: approximately HK\$206,246,000) available for offset against future profits that may be carried forward indefinitely. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profits streams.

#### **30. SHARE CAPITAL**

#### 29. 遞延稅項(續)

於報告期末,本集團有未動用稅項虧損 約為204,028,000港元(二零二三年:約 206,246,000港元)可用作抵銷可無限期 結轉之未來溢利。由於未來溢利來源難以 預測,故並無就稅項虧損確認遞延稅項資 產。

## 30. 股本

#### 每股面值0.001港元之普通股

		Number of shares 股份數目	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Authorised:</b> At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	<b>法定:</b> 於二零二二年四月一日、 二零二三年三月三十一日、 二零二三年四月一日及二 零二四年三月三十一日	500,000,000,000	500,000
<b>Issued and fully paid:</b> At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023, 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024	<b>已發行及繳足:</b> 於二零二二年四月一日、 二零二三年三月三十一日、 二零二三年四月一日及二 零二四年三月三十一日	4,055,349,947	4,055

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#### **31. RESERVES** 31. 儲備 下文描述擁有人權益中各個儲備的性質 The following describes the nature and purpose of each 及目的: reserve within owners' equity: Reserve **Description and purpose** 儲借 描述及目的 Share premium Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account of the Company is distributable to the shareholders provided that immediately following that date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts when they fall due in the ordinary course of business. 股份溢價 根據開曼群島公司法,本公司股份溢價賬可供分派予股東,惟緊隨擬派付 股息之日期後,本公司將能夠支付日常業務過程中到期的債務。 Foreign currency translation Foreign currency translation reserve represents foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. reserves The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 4. 外幣換算儲備 外幣換算儲備指換算境外業務之財務報表所產生之外匯匯兌差額。該儲 備根據附註4載列之會計政策處理。 Other reserves Other reserve of the Company represents the difference between the consolidated net assets of the subsidiaries at the date on which they were acquired by the Company and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the Reorganisation. 其他儲備 本公司的其他儲備指附屬公司被本公司收購之日的綜合資產淨值與本公 司於重組之時就收購已發行之股份的面值之差額。

Accumulated lossesCumulative net losses recognised in profit or loss.<br/>於損益中確認之累計虧損淨額。Capital reservesThe capital reserve of the Group represents the additions during the year<br/>represent the injection of additional paid-up capital by the shareholder.資本儲備本集團的資本儲備指年內添置,指股東作出之額外繳足股本注資。

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## 32. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM 32. 融資活動產生之負債對賬 FINANCING ACTIVITIES

		Lease Liabilities (Note 25)	Promissory note (Note 27)	Convertible notes (Note 28)	Interest payables (Note 24)	Total
		租賃負債	承兌票據	可換股票據	應付利息	( <b>†</b> 1)
		(附註25)	(附註27)	(附註28)	(附註24)	總計
		HK\$'000 -= `#=	HK\$'000 	HK\$'000 	HK\$'000 	HK\$'000 
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	3,869	44,949	257,030	70,399	376,247
Cash outflow:	現金流出:					
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(7,047)	_	-	_	(7,047)
Other non-cash movements:	其他非現金變動:					
Gain on modification of promissory note	承兌票據修訂收益	-	(6,722)	_	-	(6,722)
Termination of lease	終止租賃	(1,085)	-	-	_	(1,085)
Addition of lease liabilities	添置租賃負債	12,351	-	-	-	12,351
Interest expense (Note 12)	利息開支 <i>(附註12)</i>	377	2,708	10,098	-	13,183
Interest payables	應付利息		(506)	(10,098)	10,604	
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月					
	三十一日及二零二三年					
	四月一日	8,465	40,429	257,030	81,003	386,927
Cash outflow:	現金流出:					
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(5,723)	_	_	_	(5,723)
Other non-cash movements:	其他非現金變動:	(-) -)				(-7 -7
Termination of lease	終止租賃	(3,255)	_	-	-	(3,255)
Addition of lease liabilities	添置租賃負債	1,950	_	-	_	1,950
Interest expense (Note 12)	利息開支 <i>(附註12)</i>	369	3,918	7,711	-	11,998
Interest payables	應付利息		(225)	(7,711)	7,936	
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年					
	三月三十一日	1,806	44,122	257,030	88,939	391,897

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## **33. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT**

The Company's share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was adopted pursuant to a resolution passed at a board meeting held on 11 August 2010 for the primary purpose of providing incentives or rewards to participants for their contribution to the Group. The Share Option Scheme expired on 10 August 2021. Under the Share Option Scheme, the Board may grant options to the Directors, employees, non-executive Directors, suppliers of goods and services, customers, advisors and consultants, shareholders or any of its subsidiaries for the primary purpose of providing incentives to them, to subscribe for shares in the Company with the payment of HK\$1 per offer.

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the Shares of the Company in issue at the date of listing of the Shares unless the Company obtains the approval of the Shareholders in general meeting for refreshing such 10% limit, in which case the total number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company as "refreshed" shall not exceed 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the date of the approval of the Shareholders on the refreshment of the limit. The number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the Shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's Shareholders. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's Shareholders.

#### 33. 以股份為基礎之付款

本公司根據於二零一零年八月十一日舉 行之董事會會議通過之決議案採納購股 權計劃(「購股權計劃」),主要旨在就參與 者對本集團之貢獻向彼等提供鼓勵或獎 勵。購股權計劃於二零二一年八月十日屆 滿。根據購股權計劃,董事會可向董事、 僱員、非執行董事、貨品及服務之供應 商、客戶、顧問及諮詢公司、股東或其任 何附屬公司授出購股權,主要旨在向彼等 提供鼓勵,以透過每份要約支付1港元之 方式認購本公司股份。

根據購股權計劃可能授出之購股權所涉 及股份總數,不得超過於股份上市日期本 公司之已發行股份的10%,惟本公司於股 東大會上獲股東批准更新有關10%限額 除外。在此情況下,根據「經更新」購股權 計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃可能 授出之購股權所涉及股份總數,不得超過 股東批准更新限額當日已發行股份總數 的10%。在未獲得本公司股東事先批准的 情況下,於任何一年內可能向任何人士授 出之購股權所涉及股份數目,不得超過本 公司於任何時間點之已發行股份的1%。 倘授予主要股東或獨立非執行董事之購 股權超過本公司股本之0.1%或價值超過 5.000.000港元,則有關購股權之授予須獲 本公司股東事先批准。

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## 33. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT (Continued)

Options granted must be taken up within 21 business days of the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1 per each grant of options. Options may be exercised in whole or in part by the grantee (or his legal personal representatives) at any time before the expiry of the period to be determined and notified by the board to the grantee which in any event shall not be longer than ten years commencing on the date of the offer letter and expiring on the last day of such ten-year period subject to the provisions for early termination as contained in the Share Option Scheme. The exercise price is determined by the Directors and will not be less than the highest of the closing price of the Shares on the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, the average closing prices of the Shares on the Stock Exchange on the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the options or the nominal value of the Shares.

All share-based employee compensation will be settled in equity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle the options other than by issuing the shares.

During the year ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, no share option was granted, exercised, expired or lapsed and there is no outstanding share option under the Share Option Scheme.

#### 33. 以股份為基礎之付款 (續)

授出的購股權須於授出日期起計21個營 業日內獲接納,並須就每次授出購股權支 付1港元。承授人(或其法定遺產代理人) 可於董事會釐定及通知承授人的期間(無 論如何不得長於自要約函件日期起計十 年並將於該十年期間的最後一日屆滿,惟 可透過購股權計劃所載之提前終止條文 予以調整)屆滿前之任何時間內行使全部 或部分購股權。行使價由董事釐定,並將 不低於以下三項之最高者:股份於緊接購 股權授出日期前五個交易日在聯交所所 報之平均收市價;或股份之面值。

所有以股份為基礎支付之僱員薪酬將計 入權益。除發行股份外,本集團並無任何 法定或推定責任購回或支付購股權。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,概無購股權獲授出、獲 行使、屆滿或失效,且購股權計劃項下並 無尚未行使之購股權。

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## 34. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Save as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, during the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, the Group had entered into the following transactions with related parties which, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, were conducted on normal commercial terms and in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

(a) During the year, the Group entered into the following related party transactions:

#### 34. 重大關連方交易

除於綜合財務報表其他部分所披露者 外,截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,本集團與關連方已訂立 下列交易,本公司董事認為該等交易乃按 正常商業條款並於本集團日常業務過程 中進行。

(a) 年內,本集團訂立以下關連方交易:

2024

2023

Related party relationship 關連方關係	<b>Type of transaction</b> 交易類型	二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
China Xinhua NNC	Accrued default interest on convertible note	7,058	10,098
中國新華新聞電視網	可換股票據的應計違約利息		

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## 34. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

The key management personnel of the Group are the directors of the Company. Details of the remuneration during the year are set out in Note 13.

(c) For the transactions constitutes continuing connected transactions under the GEM Listing Rules, please refer to "Connected Transactions" under "Directors' Report".

#### **35. NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS**

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities were approximately HK\$1,950,000 (2023: HK\$12,351,000 in respect of lease arrangements of machineries and renewal of lease) in respect of lease arrangements of machineries.

#### **36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

(a) Categories of financial instruments

34. 重大關連方交易 (續)

(b) 本集團主要管理人員薪酬

本集團主要管理人員為本公司董事。 年內酬金詳情載於附註13。

(c) 有關構成GEM上市規則項下持續關 連交易之該等交易,請參閱「董事會 報告」內的「關連交易」。

## 35. 非現金交易

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度, 就機器租賃安排添置之使用權資產及租 賃負債約為1,950,000港元(二零二三年: 就機器租賃安排及重續租賃之添置為 12,351,000港元)。

## 36. 金融工具

(a) 金融工具類別

2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
109,880	126,668
536,968	549,143

Financial assets	金融資產
Amortised cost (including cash	攤銷成本 (包括現金及
and cash equivalents)	現金等價物)

Financial liabilities Amortised costs **金融負債** 攤銷成本

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## 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other payables, employee benefits, promissory note, lease liabilities and convertible notes. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### (i) Credit risk management

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables, deposits, contract assets and cash and cash equivalents. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of trade customers and, where appropriate, credit guarantee insurance cover is purchased. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the carrying amounts of the recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position.

## 36. 金融工具 (續)

#### (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策

本公司之主要金融工具包括貿易及 其他應收款項、按金、現金及現金等 價物、貿易及其他應付款項、僱員福 利、承兌票據、租賃負債及可換股票 據。該等金融工具之詳情於相關附註 中披露。與該等金融工具相關之風 險包括市場風險(貨幣風險及利率風 險)、信貸風險及流動資金風險。減輕 該等風險之政策於下文載列。管理層 對該等風險進行管理及監察,確保以 及時有效之方式實行適當措施。

#### (i) 信貸風險管理

本集團之信貸風險主要來自貿 易及其他應收款項、按金、合約 資產以及現金及現金等價物。管 理層已設立信貸政策,並持續監 控所面臨的該等信貸風險。

本集團會對貿易客戶的財務狀 況進行持續信貸評估,並購買信 貸擔保保險(如適用)。一般而 言,本集團並無向客戶取得抵押 品。

本集團之信貸風險主要受綜合 財務狀況表所示已確認金融資 產之賬面值所影響。

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## 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (i) Credit risk management (Continued)

The default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate also has an influence on credit risk but to a lesser extent. At the end of reporting period, the Group has a certain concentration of credit risk as 51.3% (2023: 34.8%) and 98.5% (2023: 84.6%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively.

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime ECL provision for all trade receivables and contract assets. To measure the ECL, trade receivables and contract assets have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics. The Group has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and ECL. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information.

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that followup action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

#### 36. 金融工具 (續)

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策 (續)

#### (i) 信貸風險管理(續)

客戶經營所在行業及國家之違 約風險亦對信貸風險有所影 響,但程度較小。於報告期末, 本集團之51.3%(二零二三年: 34.8%)及98.5%(二零二三年: 84.6%)貿易應收款項總額分別 來自本集團最大客戶及五大客 戶,故存在一定集中之信貸風 險。

本集團應用簡化方法就香港財 務報告準則第9號訂明之預期信 貸虧損計提撥備,該準則允許就 所有貿易應收款項及合約資產 使用全期預期信貸虧損撥備。為 計量預期信貸虧損,貿易應收款 項及合約資產已基於共同信貸 風險特徵分組。本集團已進行歷 史分析,並識別影響信貸風險及 預期信貸虧損之關鍵經濟變數, 當中考慮可得合理及具理據支 持之前瞻性資料。

為盡量減低信貸風險,本集團管 理層已委派一支團隊負責釐定 信貸限額、信貸審批及其他監察 程序,以確保採取跟進行動收回 逾期債務。此外,本集團於報告 期末審閱每筆個別債務之可收 回金額,以確保就不可收回金額 作出充分減值虧損。就此,本公 司董事認為本集團之信貸風險 已顯著降低。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (i) Credit risk management (Continued)

As at 31 March 2024 and 2023, trade receivables and contract assets that are individually significant have been separately assessed for impairment. The Group make periodic assessments on the recoverability of the receivable based on the background and reputation of the customers, historical settlement records and past experience.

#### Trade receivables

#### At 31 March 2024

36. 金融工具 (續)

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策 (續)

#### (i) 信貸風險管理(續)

於二零二四年及二零二三年三 月三十一日,已對個別屬重大的 貿易應收款項及合約資產進行 獨立減值評估。本集團根據客戶 的背景及聲譽、歷史結算記錄及 過往經驗定期評估應收款項的 可收回性。

貿易應收款項

## 於二零二四年三月三十一日

	Current to 1 month 即期至 1個月 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	1 month to 3 months 1個月 至3個月 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	More than 3 months but less than 12 months 3個月以上 但少於12個月 <i>HK\$</i> '000 <i>千港元</i>	More than 12 months 12個月以上 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total carrying amount 賬面總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
預期信貸虧損率 賬面總額 全期預期信貸虧損	1.51% 46,372 (701) 45,671	1.91% 6,227 (119) 6,108	1.91% 5,718 (109) 5,609		1.59% 58,317 (929) 57,388

#### At 31 March 2023

Gross carrying amount

ECL rate

Lifetime ECL

於二零二三年三月三十一日

		Current to 1 month 即期至	1 month to 3 months 1個月	More than 3 months but less than 12 months 3個月以上	More than 12 months	Total carrying amount
		1個月 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	至3個月 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	但少於12個月 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	12個月以上 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>	賬面總額 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i>
ECL rate Gross carrying amount Lifetime ECL	預期信貸虧損率 賬面總額 全期預期信貸虧損	1.53% 57,196 (874)	2.17% 14,133 (307)	2.28% 483 (11)	100% 2,239 (2,239)	4.63% 74,051 (3,431)
		56,322	13,826	472		70,620

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

36.	6. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)				36. 金融工具 <i>(續)</i>				
	(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)			es	(b) ਤੋਂ	<b></b>	目的及政策(	(續)	
		(i)	Credit risk management (Continued)		(	)信貸風險管	<b>管理</b> (續)		
			Contract assets			合約資產			
			At 31 March 2024			於二零二四	□年三月三十		
				Current to 1 month 即期至 1個月 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	3 mc 1 至3 <i>HK</i> 3		More than 12 months 12個月以上 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total carrying amount 賬面總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	

ECL rate Gross carrying amount Lifetime ECL

預期信貸虧損率 賬面總額 全期預期信貸虧損

## 於二零二三年三月三十一日

-

-

-

1.74%

51,975

51,070

(905)

-

-

-

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		Querrat to	1 months to	More than 3 months but	Maria da an	Total
		Current to 1 month	1 month to 3 months	less than 12 months	More than 12 months	carrying amount
		即期至	1個月	3個月以上	12 1101103	arriourit
		1個月	至3個月	但少於12個月	12個月以上	賬面總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ECL rate	預期信貸虧損率	1.96%	-	-	-	1.96%
Gross carrying amount	賬面總額	41,999	-	-	-	41,999
Lifetime ECL	全期預期信貸虧損	(822)				(822)
		41,177				41,177

1.74%

51,975

51,070

(905)

-

-

-

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At 31 March 2023

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
  - (i) Credit risk management (Continued)

Amounts due from other partners of joint operations

The Group regularly monitors the business performance of the joint operations. The Group's credit risks in these balances are mitigated through the value of the assets held by these entities and the power to participate or jointly control the relevant activities of these entities. The management believes that there are no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL.

#### Other receivables and deposits

For other receivables and deposits, the directors of the Company make periodic individual assessment on the recoverability of other receivables and deposits based on historical settlement records, past experience, and also quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportive forward-looking information. The expected credit loss rate for other receivables is 0.7% (2023: 0.6%). The management believes that there are no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and the Group provided impairment based on 12m ECL.

#### 36. 金融工具 (續)

(b) 金融風險管理目的及政策 (續)

#### (i) 信貸風險管理(續)

應收合營企業其他合作夥伴款 項

本集團定期監察合營企業之業 務表現。本集團透過該等實體所 持資產價值及參與或共同控制 該等實體相關活動之權力,減低 本集團於該等結餘之信貸風險。 管理層認為,自初始確認以來, 該等金額之信貸風險並無大幅 增加及本集團基於12個月預期 信貸虧損計提減值撥備。

#### 其他應收款項及按金

就其他應收款項及按金而言,本 公司董事根據過往結算記錄、過 往經驗以及屬合理有據的前瞻 性資料的定量及定性資料,對其 他應收款項及按金的可回收性 定期進行個別評估。其他應收款 項的預期信貸虧損率為0.7%(二 零二三年:0.6%)。管理層認為, 自初始確認以來,該等金額之信 貸風險並無大幅增加及本集團 基於12個月預期信貸虧損計提 減值撥備。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
  - (i) Credit risk management (Continued)

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are reputable banks with high credit ratings assigned by credit agencies. The Group assessed 12m ECL for cash and cash equivalents by reference to information relating to probability of default and loss given default of the respective credit rating grades published by external credit rating agencies. Based on the average loss rates, the 12m ECL on cash and cash equivalents is considered to be insignificant and therefore no loss allowance was recognised.

#### (ii) Liquidity risk management

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans of cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the parent company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

#### 36. 金融工具 (續)

- (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策 (續)
  - (i) 信貸風險管理(續)

#### 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物的信貸風險 有限,原因乃交易對手為獲信貸 機構授予高信貸評級的知名銀 行。本集團參考外部信貸評級的知名銀 構所發佈有關信貸評級等級的 違約概率及違約虧損率之資料 評估現金及現金等價物的12個 月預期信貸虧損。基於平均虧損 率,現金及現金等價物的12個月 預期信貸虧損被視為不重大,因 此並無確認虧損撥備。

#### (ii) 流動資金風險管理

本集團內個別營運實體須負責 其各自之現金管理,包括現金盈 餘之短期投資及籌措貸款以應 付預期現金需求,惟借款超過若 干預先釐定授權水平,則須獲得 母公司董事會批准,方可進行。 本集團之政策為定期監察其流 動資金需求以及遵守貸款契諾, 以確保本集團能維持充裕的現 金儲備及從主要金融機構取得 足夠的承諾資金額度,以滿足其 短期及長期流動資金需要。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
  - (ii) Liquidity risk management (Continued)

The tables below summarise the maturity profile of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities at 31 March 2024 and 2023 on contractual undiscounted payments:

- 36. 金融工具 (續)
  - (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策 (續)

#### (ii) 流動資金風險管理(續)

下表根據合約未貼現款項概述 本集團及本公司於二零二四年 及二零二三年三月三十一日之 金融負債到期情況:

		Weighted average interest rate	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	Over 1 year	Total undiscounted cash flows	Total carrying amount
		加權平均利率 <i>%</i>	按要求 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	少於 <b>3</b> 個月 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	3至12個月 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	超過1年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	未貼現現金 流量總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	賬面值總額 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日							
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	-	144,077	50,187		33,592	227,856	227,800
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.85%	-	904	895	72	1,871	1,806
Promissory note	承兌票據	18.25%	-	45,040		-	45,040	44,122
Convertible note	可換股票據	3.0%	257,030	-		-	257,030	257,030
Employee benefits	僱員福利	-	6,210				6,210	6,210
			407,317	96,131	895	33,664	538,007	536,968
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日							
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	-	143,179	55,467	7,059	31,282	236,987	236,705
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.85%	-	1,942	3,936	2,968	8,846	8,465
Promissory note	承兌票據	18.25%	-	_	_	45,040	45,040	40,429
Convertible note	可換股票據	3.0%	257,030	-	-	-	257,030	257,030
Employee benefits	僱員福利	-	6,514				6,514	6,514
			406,723	57,409	10,995	79,290	554,417	549,143

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

36.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)			36.	金融工具(續)			
	(b)	Financial risk management objectives and po (Continued)		S		金融風險管理目的及政策(		(續)
		<i>(iii)</i>	Interest rate risk management			(iii)	利率風險管理	
			Interest rate profile				利率情況	
			The Group's exposure to interest rate risk for				本集團因利率變動而正	面日

changes in interest rates to the Group's cash at bank, convertible notes, promissory note and lease liabilities. The Company manages the risk by regularly evaluating its cash flows when sufficient funds are available.

The following table details interest rates analysis that the directors of the Company evaluate its interest rate risk. 本集團因利率變動而面臨的利 率風險與本集團銀行現金、可換 股票據、承兌票據及租賃負債有 關。本公司於資金充足時透過定 期評估其現金流量以管理風險。

下表詳述本公司董事評估其利 率風險之利率分析。

			interest rate		2023 二零二三年 Effective interest rate 實際利率	
		(%)	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	(%)	HK\$'000 千港元	
<b>Financial liabilities</b> Fixed rate borrowings – Lease liabilities – Promissory note	<b>金融負債</b> 定息借款 一租賃負債 一承兌票據	5.85 18.25	1,806 44,122	2.35-5.85 18.25	8,465 40,429	
– Convertible notes	一可換股票據	3.0	257,030	3.0	257,030	
Financial assets Floating rate assets – Bank balances	<b>金融資產</b> 浮息資產 一銀行結餘	0.001-0.3	48,222	0.001-0.3	51,619	

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)
  - (iii) Interest rate risk management (Continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis

At 31 March 2024, it is estimated that a general decrease or increase of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would increase or decrease the post-tax loss by approximately HK\$482,000 (2023: HK\$516,000). There is no impact on other components of equity. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2023.

#### (iv) Currency risk

The group entities collect most of the revenue and incur most of the expenditures in their respective functional currencies. The directors of the Company consider that the Group's exposure to foreign currency exchange risk is insignificant as the majority of the Group's transactions are denominated in the functional currency of each individual group entity.

- 36. 金融工具 (續)
  - (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策 (續)
    - (iii) 利率風險管理(續)

#### 敏感度分析

於二零二四年三月三十一日,估 計利率整體下降或上升100個基 點,在所有其他變數維持不變的 情況下,除稅後虧損將增加或減 少約482,000港元(二零二三年: 516,000港元)。概無對權益的其 他部分產生影響。分析乃按與二 零二三年相同之基準進行。

## (iv) 貨幣風險

集團實體以彼等各自的功能貨幣取得大部分的收益及產生大部分的開支。由於本集團的主要 交易均以各個別集團實體的功 能貨幣計值,故本公司董事認為 本集團的外匯風險甚微。
綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### (iv) Currency risk (Continued)

The Group currently does not have a foreign exchange hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign exchange exposure should the need arises.

As HK\$ is pegged to USD, the Group does not expect any significant foreign currency exposure arising from the fluctuation of the HK\$ to USD exchange rates. As a result, the directors of the Company consider that the sensitivity of the Group's exposure towards the change in foreign exchange rates between HK\$ to USD is minimal and no sensitivity analysis is presented.

- 36. 金融工具 (續)
  - (b) 金融風險管理目的及政策 (續)
    - (iv) 貨幣風險 (續)

本集團目前並無外匯對沖政策。 然而,本集團管理層會監控外匯 風險,並將於有需要時考慮對沖 重大外匯風險。

由於港元與美元掛鈎,本集團預 期不會因港元兌美元之匯率波 動而產生任何重大外幣風險。因 此,本公司董事認為本集團對港 元兌美元之間外幣匯率變動之 風險之敏感度屬極低且並無呈 列敏感度分析。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (c) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities with standard terms and conditions and traded on active markets are determined with reference to quoted market bid prices and ask prices respectively.
- The fair values of other financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding those described above) are determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on discounted cash flow analysis.

Except as detailed in the following table, the directors of the Company consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate to their fair values:

### 36. 金融工具 (續)

#### (c) 金融工具之公平值

金融資產及金融負債之公平值乃按 以下準則釐定:

- 具有標準條款及條件並於活躍 市場買賣之金融資產及金融負 債,乃分別參考所報市場買盤價 及賣盤價釐定公平值。
- 其他金融資產及金融負債(不包括上述者)之公平值乃根據使用 貼現現金流量分析之普遍採納 定價模式釐定。

除下表所詳述者外,本公司董事認 為,於綜合財務報表中確認之金融資 產及金融負債之賬面值與其公平值 相若:

20; 二零二 Carrying amount 賬面值 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>		202 二零二 Carrying amount 賬面值 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	
44,122	50,012	40,429	43,262

Financial liabilities Promissory note



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### **37. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group's objective of managing capital is to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce cost of capital. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (which includes lease liabilities, promissory note and convertible notes, net of cash and cash equivalents) and equity attributable to the owners of the Company, comprising share capital and reserves.

The Group's risk management reviews the capital structure on a semi-annual basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

### 37. 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之宗旨為保障本集團持 續經營之能力以向股東提供回報及為其 他股權持有人帶來裨益,以及維持最適合 資本結構以減少資本成本。本集團之整體 策略與過往年度相比維持不變。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團可發行新 股份或出售資產以減少債務。

本集團之資本結構包括債務淨額(包括租 賃負債、承兌票據及可換股票據,扣除現 金及現金等價物)及本公司擁有人應佔權 益(包括股本及儲備)。

本集團之風險管理人員按每半年之基準 審閱資本架構。作為本審閱之一部分,管 理層認為資本成本及風險與各資本類別 相關連。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 37. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

### 37. 資本風險管理(續)

The net debt to equity ratio at the end of the reporting period was as follows:

於報告期末之債務淨額與權益之比率如 下:

		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Debt <i>(Note (a))</i> <i>Less:</i> Cash and cash equivalents	債務 <i>(附註(a)) 減:</i> 現金及現金等價物	302,958 (48,222)	305,924 (51,619)
Net debt Equity <i>(Note (b))</i>	債務淨額 權益 <i>(附註(</i> b) <i>)</i>	254,736 (405,113)	254,305 (396,277)
Net debt and equity	債務淨額及權益	(150,377)	(141,972)
Net debt to equity ratio	債務淨額與權益比率	N/A不適用	N/A不適用

#### Notes:

#### 附註:

- (a) Debt comprises lease liabilities, promissory note and convertible notes as detailed in Notes 25, 27 and 28 respectively.
- (b) Equity includes all capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the Company.

(a) 債務包括租賃負債、承兌票據及可換股票 據,詳情分別載於附註25、27及28。

(b) 權益包括所有本公司擁有人應佔資本及儲 備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 38. PARTICULARS OF PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

38. 本公司主要附屬公司之詳情

Details of the Group's subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are set out below.

本集團附屬公司於報告期末之詳情載列 如下。

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place and date of incorporation and form of business structure 註冊成立地點及日期以及 業務架構形式	Percentage interests an power attrib the Com 本公司應佔的」 投票權百 2024 二零二四年 %	d voting utable to pany 设本權益及	Nominal value of issued share capital 已發行股本面值	Principal activities 主要業務
Directly held 直接持有					
TYW (BVI) Limited	BVI 2 July 2009, limited liability company	100	100	United States Dollars ("US\$") 50,000, divided into 50,000 ordinary shares of US\$1.00	Investment holding
	英屬處女群島,二零零九年 七月二日,有限責任公司			each 50,000美元 (「美元」),分為 50,000股每股面值1.00美元 之普通股	投資控股
Shenzhen Qianhai Xinhua TV Cultural Development Limited* 深圳前海新華電視文化發展有限公司	PRC, 30 May 2013, limited liability company 中國,二零一三年五月三十日, 有限責任公司	100	100	Registered and paid up capital of RMB30,000,000 註冊及繳足資本人民幣 30,000,000元	Inactive 閒置
Indirectly held 間接持有					
Tsun Yip Civil Construction Company Limited 進業土木工程有限公司	Hong Kong, 16 July 2000, limited liability company 香港,二零零零年七月十六日, 有限責任公司	97	97	HK\$20,372,000 divided into 20,372,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each 20,372,000港元分為20,372,000 股每股面值1.00港元之普通 股	Holding of motor vehicles, provision of waterworks and laying of water pipes 持有車輛、提供水務工程及 敷設水管
Tsun Yip Waterworks Construction Company Limited	Hong Kong, 6 February 1996, limited liability company	97	97	HK\$26,123,200 divided into 26,123,200 ordinary shares of	Provision of waterworks and laying of water pipes
進業水務建築有限公司	香港,一九九六年二月六日,有限 責任公司			HK\$1.00 each 26,123,200港元,分為 26,123,200股每股面值 1.00港元之普通股	提供水務工程及敷設水管
Xinhua TV Asia-Pacific Operating Company Limited	Hong Kong, 22 December 2009, limited liability company	100	100	HK\$10,000, divided into 10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each	Inactive
新華電視亞太台運營有限公司	香港,二零零九年十二月二十二 日,有限責任公司			10,000港元,分為10,000股每股 面值1.00港元之普通股	<b>照置</b> 周 <u>首</u>
BayTV Network Holdings Limited	Hong Kong, 14 May 2010, limited liability company	100	100	HK\$10,000 divided into 10,000 ordinary shares of HK\$1.00 each	Inactive
灣區電視網有限公司	香港,二零一零年五月十四日,有 限責任公司			each 10,000港元,分為10,000股每股 面值1.00港元之普通股	閒置

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### **39. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLAN**

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "**MPF Scheme**") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the MPF Scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000. Contributions to the MPF Scheme vest immediately.

Pursuant to the relevant labour laws, rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group participates in defined contribution retirement benefit scheme (the "**Retirement Benefit Scheme**") organised by the relevant local government authorities in the PRC whereby the Group is required to make contributions to the Retirement Benefit Scheme at a certain rate of the standard wages determined by the relevant authorities in the PRC during the year. Contributions to the Retirement Benefit Scheme vest immediately.

During the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023, the Group had no forfeited contributions under the MPF Scheme and the Retirement Benefits Scheme utilised to reduce the existing levels of contributions. As at 31 March 2024 and 2023, there was no forfeited contribution under the MPF Scheme and Retirement Benefit Scheme which may be used by the Group to reduce the contribution payable in the future years.

### 39. 退休福利計劃

本集團根據香港法例第485章強制性公積 金計劃條例實施一項強制性公積金計劃 (「**強積金計劃**」),對象為香港法例第57 章僱傭條例管轄範圍下之僱員。強積金計 劃乃一項定額供款退休計劃,由獨立受託 人負責管理。根據強積金計劃,僱主及其 僱員各自須按僱員有關收入的5%向強積 金計劃作出供款,每月有關收入的上限為 30,000港元。向強積金計劃作出的供款乃 即時歸屬。

根據中國相關勞動法例、條例及規例,本 集團參與一項由中國有關地方政府機關 組織的界定供款退休福利計劃(「退休福利 計劃」),據此,本集團須於年內按中國相 關機關釐定的標準工資之一定比率向退 休福利計劃作出供款。退休福利計劃之供 款乃即時歸屬。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無強積金計劃 項下的供款遭沒收,亦無利用退休福利計 劃來降低現有供款水平。於二零二四年及 二零二三年三月三十一日,強積金計劃及 退休福利計劃下概無被沒收的供款可供 本集團用於減少未來年度應付的供款。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

### 40. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備

Statement of financial position of the Company

#### 本公司之財務狀況表

		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司之投資	38,681	38,682
<b>Current assets</b> Prepayment and other receivables Amounts due from subsidiaries Cash and cash equivalents	<b>流動資產</b> 預付款項及其他應收款項 應收附屬公司款項 現金及現金等價物	119 21 	118 21 1
		140	140
Total assets	總資產	38,821	38,822
<b>Current liabilities</b> Accrued expenses and other payable Amounts due to subsidiaries Convertible notes	<b>流動負債</b> es應計開支及其他應付款項 應付附屬公司款項 可換股票據	86,462 13,970 	78,919 9,334 257,030
		357,462	345,283
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(357,322)	(345,143)
Total assets less current liabilities	s 總資產減流動負債	(318,641)	(306,461)

負債淨額

資本及儲備

股本 儲備

總權益

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# 40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND

40. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備 (續)

RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (Continued)

本公司之財務狀況表 (續)

Statement of financial position of the Company (Continued)

**Net liabilities** 

Share capital

**Total equity** 

Reserves

**Capital and reserves** 

2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (318,641)	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000 千港元</i> (306,461)
4,055 (322,696)	4,055 (310,516)
(318,641)	(306,461)

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 June 2024 and are signed on its behalf by: 董事會已於二零二四年六月二十八日批 准及授權刊發財務報表,並由下列人士代 表董事會簽署:

Kan Kwok Cheung	Hui Ka Tsun
簡國祥	許嘉駿
Director	Director
董事	董事

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### **40. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY** (Continued)

#### 40. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備 (續)

#### Movement in the Company's reserves

### 本公司之儲備變動

		Share premium	Capital reserves	Convertible notes equity reserves 可換股票	Other reserves	Accumulated losses	Total
		<b>股份溢價</b> <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (Note 31) (附註31)	<b>資本儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 31) (附註31)	<b>據權益儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 28) (附註28)	<b>其他儲備</b> HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 31) (附註31)	<b>累計虧損</b> HK\$'000 千港元 (Note 31) (附註31)	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022 Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	於二零二二年四月一日 年內虧損及全面虧損總額	1,238,195	2,758	14,400	54,993 	(1,605,209) (15,653)	(294,863) (15,653)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023 Loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	於二零二三年三月三十一日及 二零二三年四月一日 年內虧損及全面虧損總額	1,238,195 	2,758	14,400	54,993 	(1,620,862) (12,180)	(310,516) (12,180)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	1,238,195	2,758	14,400	54,993	(1,633,042)	(322,696)

### **41. EVENT AFTER REPORTING PERIOD**

(a) On 15 April 2024, an aggregate of 1,666,666,667 subscription share, representing approximately 29.1% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the allotment and issue of the subscription shares immediately after the share subscription completion, were allotted and issued at the subscription price of HK\$0.012 per subscription share to Mr. Kan Kwok Cheung, an executive director and shareholder of the Company under the share specific mandate. The gross and net proceeds from share subscription are HK\$20,000,000 and approximately HK\$19,900,000, respectively, of which (i) HK\$10,355,700 has been used for the repayment of its outstanding indebtedness of the Group which includes (a) an amount of HK\$2,008,844 due to Xinhua News Agency Audio News Desk (新 華音像中心), being a wholly-owned subsidiary of Xinhua News Agency (新華社) and a fellow subsidiary of the China Xinhua NNC; and (b) part of outstanding broadcasting fee in the amount of HK\$8,346,856 owed to the China Xinhua NNC as a service provider to the Group; and (ii) the remaining amount of approximately HK\$9,500,000 will be used for the general working capital of the Group.

### **41.** 報告期後事項

(a) 於二零二四年四月十五日,合共 1.666.666.667股認購股份(相當於本 公司經緊隨股份認購事項完成後配 發及發行認購股份擴大後之已發行 股本約29.1%)已根據股份特別授權 按認購價每股認購股份0.012港元配 發及發行予本公司執行董事兼股東 簡國祥先生。股份認購事項所得款項 總額及淨額分別為20,000,000港元及 約19,900,000港元,其中(i)10,355,700 港元已用作償還本集團之未償還債 務,其中包括(a)應付新華音像中心 (即新華社之全資附屬公司及中國 新華新聞電視網之同系附屬公司)之 款項2,008,844港元;及(b)應付中國 新華新聞電視網(為本集團之服務供 應商)部分未償還播放費8,346,856港 元;及(ii)餘額約9,500,000港元將用作 本集團之一般營運資金。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 41. EVENT AFTER REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

- (b) The fifth supplemental deed of the convertible bonds of approximately HK\$257,030,000 has been effective on 15 April 2024, in which the maturity date of the convertible bonds has been extended to 9 December 2025 and the interest rate has been retrospectively reduced from 3% to 0.8% per annum. China Xinhua NNC, the holder of the convertible bonds shall not convert or redeem the convertible bonds before the maturity date and the holder of the convertible bonds shall mandatorily convert all of the convertible bonds into the conversion shares at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.196 per conversion share at the maturity date. The conversion price has been adjusted to HK\$19.6 per conversion share after the effective date of share consolidation on 19 June 2024.
- (c) Convertible bonds of approximately HK\$64,127,855 has been issued to China Xinhua NNC on 15 April 2024. The overdue existing convertible bonds interest has been set-off against the subscription price of the convertible bonds. The maturity date of the convertible bonds is 9 December 2025 and the interest rate is 0.8% per annum. The holder of the convertible bonds shall not convert or redeem the convertible bonds before the maturity date and the holder of the convertible bonds into the conversion shares at the initial conversion price of HK\$0.196 per conversion share at the maturity date. The conversion price has been adjusted to HK\$19.6 per conversion share after the effective date of share consolidation on 19 June 2024.

#### 41. 報告期後事項(續)

- (b) 約257,030,000港元之可換股債券之 第五份補充契據已於二零二四年四 月十五日生效,據此,可換股債券之 到期日已延長至二零二五年十二月 九日,而年利率已由3%追溯下調至 0.8%。可換股債券持有人中國新華新 聞電視網於到期日前不得轉換或贖 回可換股債券,且可換股債券持有人 須於到期日按初步換股價每股換股 股份0.196港元將所有可換股債券強 制轉換為換股股份。於股份合併生效 日期二零二四年六月十九日後,換股 價已調整為每股換股股份19.6港元。
- (c)約64,127,855港元之可換股債券已於
   二零二四年四月十五日發行予中國
   新華新聞電視網。已逾期之現有可換
   股債券利息已與可換股債券之認購
   價抵銷。可換股債券之到期日為二零
   二五年十二月九日,年利率為0.8%。
   可換股債券持有人於到期日前不得
   轉換或贖回可換股債券,且可換股債
   券持有人須於到期日按初步換股價
   每股換股股份0.196港元將所有可換
   股債券強制轉換為換股股份。於股份
   合併生效日期二零二四年六月十九
   日後,換股價已調整為每股換股股份
   19.6港元。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 41. EVENT AFTER REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

- (d) Convertible bonds of approximately HK\$16,240,000 has been issued to China Xinhua NNC on 15 April 2024. Part of the outstanding broadcasting fee owed to China Xinhua NNC has been set-off against the subscription price of the convertible bonds. The maturity date of the convertible bonds is 9 December 2025 and the interest rate is 0.8% per annum. The holder of the convertible bonds before the maturity date and the holder of the convertible bonds shall not convert or redeem the convertible bonds before the maturity date and the holder of the convertible bonds shall mandatorily convert all of the convertible bonds into the initial conversion shares at the maturity date. The conversion price has been adjusted to HK\$19.6 per conversion share after the effective date of share consolidation on 19 June 2024.
- (e) The one hundred (100) to one (1) share consolidation has been effective on 17 June 2024.

## 42. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 28 June 2024.

### 41. 報告期後事項(續)

- (d)約16,240,000港元之可換股債券已於 二零二四年四月十五日發行予中國 新華新聞電視網。應付中國新華新聞 電視網之部分未償還播放費已與可 換股債券之認購價抵銷。可換股債券 之到期日為二零二五年十二月九日, 年利率為0.8%。可換股債券持有人 於到期日前不得轉換或贖回可換股 債券,且可換股債券持有人須於到期 日按初步換股價每股換股股份0.196 港元將所有可換股債券強制轉換為 換股股份。於股份合併生效日期二零 二四年六月十九日後,換股價已調整 為每股換股股份19.6港元。
- (e) 一百(100)股合併為一(1)股的股份合併 已於二零二四年六月十七日生效。

### 42. 批准綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表已於二零二四年六月 二十八日獲董事會批准及授權刊發。

# FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

A summary of the results and of the financial position of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

## **CONSOLIDATED RESULTS**

For the year ended 31 March

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績及財務狀況 概要,乃摘錄自已刊發之經審核財務報表,載 列如下。

# 綜合業績

截至三月三十一日止年度

		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$`000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Revenue Cost of services	收益 服務成本	468,963 (450,900)	496,457 (493,037)	408,175 (417,531)	239,233 (268,053)	237,322 (254,858)
Gross profit/(loss) Other income Other (losses)/gains, net Amortisation expenses Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Impairment loss on intangible assets Impairment of right-of-use assets Impairment of property, plant and equipment Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	毛利/(損) 其他收入 其他(虧損)/收益,淨額 攤銷開支 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 無形資產減值虧損 使用權資產減值 物業、廠房及設備減值 透過損益按公平值入賬之 金融資產之公平值變動	18,063 2,984 (1,097) - - (17,629) - - -	3,420 4,603 7,435 - - (15,181) - - -	(9,356) 4,487 (453) - (770) (17,452) - (1,517) 3,575	(28,820) 12,374 (913) (18,316) (770) (26,005) (7,679) (2,872) –	(17,536) 1,033 (11,811) (18,367) (770) (24,591) – – – (4,636)
Profit/(loss) from operations Finance costs Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Impairment loss recognised in respect of trade receivables	<ul> <li>營運溢利/(虧損)</li> <li>融資成本</li> <li>出售附屬公司之收益</li> <li>就貿易應收款項確認之</li> <li>減值虧損</li> </ul>	 2,321 (11,998) 	 (13,183) 	(21,486) (20,573) 	(70,036) (9,314) 	(4,636) (76,678) (28,496) –
Loss before income tax Income tax	除所得稅前虧損 所得稅	(9,677) 565	(12,906) 3,449	(42,059) (93)	(79,350) 5,598	(105,174) 4,343
Loss for the year (Loss)/profit for the year attributable to:	<b>年內虧損</b> 應佔年內 (虧損) /溢利:	(9,112)	(9,457)	(42,152)	(73,752)	(100,831)
<ul> <li>owners of the Company</li> <li>Non-controlling interest of the Company</li> </ul>	—本公司擁有人 —本公司非控股權益	(9,324) 	(9,440) (17)	(41,729) (423)	(72,946) (806)	(100,831)
		(9,112)	(9,457)	(42,152)	(73,752)	(100,831)

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

As at 31 March

### **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL POSITION**

### 綜合財務狀況

於三月三十一日

		2024 二零二四年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2023 二零二三年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2022 二零二二年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2021 二零二一年 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2020 二零二零年 <i>HK\$'000</i>
		千港元	HK\$ 000 千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	16,556	28,100	21,897	24,244	61,633
Current assets	流動資產		217,443	191,584	150,667	186,821
Total assets	總資產	218,960	245,543	213,481	174,911	248,454
Less: Current liabilities	減:流動負債	(620,830)	(587,953)	(571,257)	(466,305)	(509,570)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	(401,870)	(342,410)	(357,776)	(291,394)	(261,116)
Less: Non-current liabilities	減:非流動負債	(1,560)	(52,396)	(27,532)	(51,799)	(10,852)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(1,683)	(1,471)	(1,488)	(1,911)	
Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔資本及儲備	(405,113)	(396,277)	(386,796)	(345,104)	(271,968)



CNC HOLDINGS LIMITED 中國新華電視控股有限公司