UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

(Marl	k One)		
\boxtimes	ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF TH	IE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 193 For the fiscal year ended: June 30, 202	
	TRANSPORT NUMBER IN THE SECTION AS OR AT A D	•	
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) O		F 1934
	ror tn	e transition period from to _	
		Commission File No. 001-39256	
	RESE	ARCH SOLUTIO	ONS, INC.
		(Exact name of registrant as specified in its cl	harter)
	Nevada (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	on)	11-3797644 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	Address not applicable 1		N/A
	(Address of principal executive offices)		(Zip Code)
Caana	rities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:	(310) 477-0354 (Registrant's telephone number, including area	a code)
Secui			
	Title of each Class Common stock, \$0.001 par value	Trading Symbol(s) RSSS	Name of each Exchange on which registered The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC
Indica	ate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as define	d in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes □ 1	•
Indic	ate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to S	ection 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes	No ⊠
	ate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to gistrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such fi		ies Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that 3 No \square
Indic	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	ursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorte
	ate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an a erated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company" and "emerging		aller reporting company or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "largage Act.
	Large accelerated filer	Accelerated filer	
	Non-accelerated filer ⊠	Smaller reporting Emerging growth	• • •
	emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected on 13(a) of the Exchange Act.		complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to
	ate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation y Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepa		ness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-
	urities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check cial statements. $\hfill\Box$	mark whether the financial statements of the re-	gistrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued
	ate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that ery period pursuant to $\S240.10D\text{-}1(b).$ \Box	at required a recovery analysis of incentive-base	ed compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant
Indic	ate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Ru	ale 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes $\ \square$ No	\boxtimes
	aggregate market value of the voting and non-voting common equity held by iter, was $$68,813,766$ based on the closing price of $$2.60$ per share as reported		31, 2023, the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal
Indic	ate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of con Title of Class	nmon stock as of the latest practicable date.	Number of Shares Outstanding on September 13, 2024
	Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	<u> </u>	32,554,568
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¹ In	November 2019, we became a fully remote company. Accord	ingly, we do not currently have princi	рат ехеситуе оптсев.

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Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Unless otherwise indicated, (i) the terms "Research Solutions," "we," "us" and "our" refer to Research Solutions, Inc., a Nevada corporation, and our five wholly-owned subsidiaries: Reprints Desk, Inc., ("Reprints Desk") a Delaware corporation, including its wholly owned subsidiary Resolute Innovation, Inc., ("ResoluteAI"), a Delaware corporation, Scite, LLC, ("Scite"), a Delaware limited liability company, Reprints Desk Latin America S. de R.L. de C.V., ("Reprints Desk Latin America"), an entity organized under the laws of Mexico and RESSOL LA, S. DE R.L. DE C.V., ("ResSol LA") an entity organized under the laws of Mexico, and (ii) the term "common stock" refers to the common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of Research Solutions. The financial information included herein is presented in United States dollars ("US Dollars"), the functional currency of our company. Although the majority of our revenue and costs are in US Dollars, the costs of Reprints Desk Latin America and ResSol LA are in Mexican Pesos.

The Research Solutions logo, Article Galaxy and other trademarks or service marks of Research Solutions, Inc. appearing in this annual report on Form 10-K are the property of Research Solutions, Inc. This annual report on Form 10-K also contains registered marks, trademarks and trade names of other companies. All other trademarks, registered marks and trade names appearing herein are the property of their respective holders.

All statements included or incorporated by reference in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, other than statements or characterizations of historical fact, are forward-looking statements. Examples of forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements concerning our accounting estimates; assumptions and judgments; the demand for our products; the competitive nature of and anticipated growth in our industry; and our prospective needs for additional capital. These forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations, estimates, approximations and projections about our industry and business, management's beliefs, and certain assumptions made by us, all of which are subject to change. Forward-looking statements can often be identified by words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "predicts," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "may," "will," "should," "would," "could," "potential," "continue," "ongoing," and similar expressions, and variations or negatives of these words. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Therefore, our actual results could differ materially and adversely from those expressed in any forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, some of which are listed under "Risk Factors" in Item 14 of this report. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this report. We undertake no obligation to revise or update publicly any forward-looking statement for any reason, except as otherwise required by law.

This Annual Report on Form 10-K also contains estimates and other information concerning our industry, including market size and customer satisfaction ratings, that we obtained from industry publications, surveys and forecasts. This information involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to these estimates. Although we believe the information in these industry publications, surveys and forecasts is reliable, we have not independently verified the accuracy or completeness of the information. The industry in which we operate is subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk due to a variety of factors.

PART I

Item 1. Business

Company Overview

Research Solutions was incorporated in the State of Nevada on November 2, 2006, and is a publicly traded holding company with five wholly owned subsidiaries as of June 30, 2024: Reprints Desk, Inc., a Delaware corporation, including its wholly owned subsidiary Resolute Innovation, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Scite, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Reprints Desk Latin America S. de R.L. de C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico, and RESSOL LA, S. DE R.L. DE C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico.

We provide software and related services to help research intensive organizations save time and money. We offer various software platforms ("Platforms") that are typically sold to corporate, academic, government and individual researchers as cloud-based software-as-a-service ("SaaS") via auto-renewing license agreements. Corporate, academic, and government customers typically sign up under annual agreements. Individual researchers can sign up under an annual or a month-to-month agreement and are typically billed monthly. Our Platforms also facilitate the sale of published scientific, technical, and medical ("STM") content sold as individual articles ("Transactions") either stand alone or via one or more of the research Platform solutions we provide. When one or more of the Platform solutions are used to purchase Transactions, customers pay for those transactions through monthly billing or via credit card for individual researchers. Our Platforms enable life science and other research-intensive organizations to accelerate their research and development activities through our advanced discovery tools (i.e. search), tools to access and buy STM articles required to support their research (i.e. acquire), as well as tools that manage that content across the enterprise and on an individual basis (i.e. manage). The Platforms typically deliver an ROI to the customer by reducing the amount of time it takes a research organization to find, acquire and manage content, in addition to also driving down the ultimate cost per article over time.

Platforms

Our cloud-based SaaS Platforms consist of proprietary software and Internet-based interfaces sold to customers through an annual or monthly subscription fee. Legacy functionality falls into three areas.

Discover – These solutions facilitate search (discovery) across virtually all STM articles available. The solutions we offer include free (basic) search solutions and advanced search tools like the Resolute.ai and scite.ai products. These tools allow for searching and identifying relevant research and then purchasing that research through one of our other solutions. In addition, these tools increasingly enable users to find insights in other datasets adjacent to STM content, such as Clinical Trial, Patent, Life Science & MedTech Regulatory information, Competitor and Technology landscape insights in addition to searching the customer's internal datasets. The advanced search solutions are sold through a seat, enterprise, or individual license. Our Platform is deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platform through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within in-house and third-party software systems. The Platform can also be configured to satisfy a customer's individual preferences. We leverage our Platform's efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and competitive advantage.

Acquire – Our Article Galaxy® ("AG") solution allows for research organizations to load their entitlements (subscriptions, discount or token packages, and their existing library of articles) and AG manages those entitlements in the background enabling the researchers to focus on acquiring articles they need quickly and efficiently at the lowest possible cost. When used in conjunction with our discovery Platforms, customers can initiate orders, route orders based on the lowest cost to acquire, obtain spend and usage reporting, automate authentication, and connect seamlessly to in-house and third-party software systems.

Manage – Our References solution allows users to access the article inside the Platform including setting up personal folders or team folders and allows researchers to markup and take notes on the articles in a supported browser on a desktop or tablet.

We use Artificial Intelligence ("AI") in several parts of the research workflow today and will continually add capability as we move forward. Today we offer an AI based recommendation engine in our Discover, Acquire, and Manage Platform solutions. We also offer an AI based "assistant" in some of our solutions to allow the researcher to ask questions about articles, groups of articles (folders), and more. We also have the capability to provide full text search on STM content in the scite.ai Platform where the publisher gives us the rights to do so.

Using Resolute.ai and scite.ai technology, we plan to release several new Platform solutions to enhance the research workflows described above and add new solutions to support the analysis functions that exist in our typical customer base.

Our Platforms are deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platform through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within inhouse and third-party software systems. The Platform can also be configured to satisfy a customer's individual preferences. We leverage our Platform efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and to gain a competitive advantage.

Transactions

We provide our researchers with a single source to the universe of published STM content that includes over 100 million existing STM articles and over 2 to 4 million newly published STM articles each year. STM content is sold to our customers on a per transaction basis. Researchers and knowledge workers in life science and other research-intensive organizations generally require single copies of published STM journal articles for use in their research activities. These individuals are our primary users and while they typically purchase the articles via one of our Platform solutions, we do have some customers that just order articles from us on behalf of end-users in their organizations.

Core to many of our Platform solutions is providing our customers with ways to find and download digital versions of STM articles that are critical to their research. Customers submit orders for the articles they need which we source and electronically deliver to them generally in under an hour; in most cases under one minute. This service is generally known in the industry as single article delivery or document delivery. We also obtain the necessary permission licenses from the content publisher or other rights holder so that our customer's use complies with applicable copyright laws. We have arrangements with hundreds of content publishers that allow us to distribute their content. The majority of these publishers provide us with electronic access to their content, which allows us to electronically deliver single articles to our customers often in a matter of minutes. While a vast majority of the articles are available in electronic form, the Company also has workflows to deliver older paper-based articles through relationships we have built with libraries around the world.

Competitive Strengths

We believe that we possess the following competitive strengths:

Services and Technology

We have developed proprietary software, a sophisticated information logistics technology backbone, and Internet-based interfaces that allow customers to initiate orders for STM content, manage these transactions, obtain reporting, automate authentication, improve seamless connectivity to inhouse and third-party software systems, and maximize the information resources they already own or license, as well as organize workgroups to collaborate around bibliographic information. We are focused on rapidly developing an ecosystem of new interactive app-like components for researchers that will deliver time saving efficiencies in core research workflows and knowledge creation processes. We continually

enhance the performance of our existing proprietary software and systems and develop and implement new technologies that expand the available methods of discovering, obtaining and managing content. Through the acquisitions of ResoluteAI and Scite, our services have been enhanced to include AI as part of the research workflow.

Our services are highly configurable to meet customers' needs and provide a personalized yet turnkey solution that covers the full spectrum of customer requirements; from identifying and locating articles, to facilitating copyright compliance, maximizing information resources already owned, monitoring usage, and automating end-user authentication. Our services alleviate the need for our customers to develop internal systems or contact multiple content publishers in order to obtain the content that is critical to their research.

Experienced Management Team

Our management team has years of extensive experience satisfying customers across the information services and STM publishing and technology industries. In addition, our team has experience growing and scaling SaaS and subscription business models.

Customer Loyalty

The majority of our revenue comes from our loyal base of customers, indicative of our focus on customer satisfaction and quality. In Document Delivery Buyer Surveys conducted by industry research and advisory firm Outsell, Inc., we have ranked first overall and in every category for customer satisfaction (depth and breadth of coverage, fair pricing, and ease of doing business) and loyalty (intention to renew or continue service, and willingness to recommend the service to others). This is reflected by our gross churn rate in the low single digit range, and a net churn rate in the high single digit range, each as a percentage of revenue.

Industry Presence and Established Relationships

We have a well-established presence and a network of contacts with our customers (life science companies, academic institutions, and other research-intensive organizations), STM publishing partners, and others in the information services space. We have existing arrangements with hundreds of content publishers that allow us to distribute their content. Although we do not have exclusive relationships with these content publishers, the aggregate number of in place agreements are essential to our value proposition, market presence, and our ability to satisfy the requirements of our customers.

Promotion

We employ a segment-focused marketing approach that focuses on traditional buyers such as corporate libraries as well as new types of non-library buyers across a variety of business functions, including those within research and development. In pursuit of growth, we invest in vertical integration and channel relationships to increase the value we provide to customers, extend our promotional reach, and decrease customer acquisition costs. We anticipate growth coming from cross-selling into our existing customer base, penetrating new market verticals, and generating market demand and preference from both existing and new customers. While we place emphasis on the life science market, with a focus on pharmaceutical, biotechnology and medical device customers, we are also penetrating the following markets: academic, aerospace, automotive, electronics, chemicals and food and agriculture.

Growth Strategy

Organic Growth

We seek to grow our customer base through targeted direct and channel promotions of our Platform to potential customers. This strategy for sales and marketing is supported by inbound marketing driven by educational content, innovative technological systems, competitive pricing and best in class service. We are also positioning our sales force to be able to better serve small and medium sized businesses that we consider to be largely underserved today. We also seek to grow existing customer revenue by year over year increases, and through value-based add-ons.

In addition, we submit proposals to potential customers in response to requests for proposals, or "Request for Proposals" (RFPs). We are continually improving our operations and technology to ensure that they are capable of delivering proposed solutions and supporting future growth.

Product Development

We seek to grow revenue through product differentiation, and the development of new products that are attractive to new and existing customers. Our focus on product development leads us to continually explore options to strengthen and broaden our service offering portfolio.

Acquisitions and Combinations

From time to time, and as opportunities arise, we may explore strategic acquisitions and combinations, including the acquisition of customer lists, that bring revenue, profitability, growth potential, cross-selling opportunities and additional technology, products, services, operations and/or geographic capabilities to our company.

International Expansion

We have expanded internationally through increased sales to companies located abroad, particularly in Europe and Japan. From time to time, and as opportunities arise, we may further expand internationally through partnerships or acquisitions.

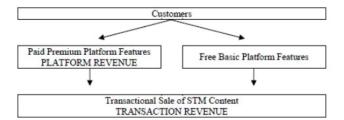
Publisher Agreements

We have arrangements with all of the major STM content publishers and most of the smaller STM publishers that allow us to distribute their content, and we regularly advance new business opportunities such as rentals through amendments to existing agreements. In addition, we regularly contact publishers to negotiate additional publisher agreements. A typical publisher agreement would allow us to distribute the publisher's content according to a negotiated price list, thereby eliminating the need to contact the publisher and obtain the rights for each individual order. The majority of these publishers provide us with electronic access to their content, which allows us to further expedite the delivery of single articles to our customers. In addition, we rely on a small number of content publishers for the majority of our content costs.

Company Services

We account for revenue in accordance with ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), ("ASC 606"). The underlying principle of ASC 606 is to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at the amount expected to be collected.

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services are transferred to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to receive in exchange for those goods or services. We derive our revenues from two sources: annual licenses that allow customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our cloud-based SaaS research intelligence platform ("Platform" or "Platforms") and the transactional sale of STM content managed, sourced and delivered through the Platform ("Transactions").



We apply the following five steps in order to determine the appropriate amount of revenue to be recognized as we fulfill our obligations under each of our agreements:

- identify the contract with a customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract; and
- · recognize revenue as the performance obligation is satisfied.

Platforms

We charge a subscription fee that allows customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our Platform. Revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the subscription agreement, which is typically one year, provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met. Billings or payments received in advance of revenue recognition are recorded as deferred revenue.

Transactions

We charge a transactional service fee for the electronic delivery of single articles, and a corresponding copyright fee for the permitted use of the content. We recognize revenue from single article delivery services upon delivery to the customer provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Customers and Suppliers

There were no customers that accounted for greater than 10% of our revenue for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Approximately 44% and 43% of our content cost for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, was derived from our three largest suppliers of content. Loss of any or all of these suppliers of content would significantly reduce our revenue, which would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. We can provide no assurance that these suppliers of content will continue to supply us with content in the future.

Sales and Marketing

To efficiently acquire customers, we rely on marketing in close cooperation with value-based selling to acquire new small, medium and large geographically-dispersed enterprises. The promotional mix of tactics we utilize includes: search engine optimization and digital marketing, educational content, advertising, events, direct response and integrated marketing campaigns, public relations and content publicity, thought leadership programs, channel alliances training, and

analyst relations. In addition, we focus on account expansion, upselling add-ons, and customer retention, which, we believe, increases total lifetime customer value and generates referrals for new business.

Competition

The markets in which we compete are highly competitive. The primary methods of competition in our industry are price, service, technology and niche focus. Competition based on price is often successful in the short-term, but can limit the ability of a supplier to provide adequate service levels. Competition based on service and/or technology requires significant investment in systems and that investment requires time to produce results. Niche operators focus on narrow activities, but cannot aggregate sufficient content, technology and services to satisfy broad customer needs. We believe that many customers and potential customers are less price sensitive if the service levels are high and the technology creates efficiency and/or management information that has not been available previously.

Our competition includes:

- Reference Management Applications We expect to increasingly compete with tools that exist in the marketplace that are used to
 aid in organizing references, storing personal content assets, and prepare scholarly papers for submission to congresses and
 journals.
- Piracy Perhaps, our most serious competitor. Many entities use content for commercial purposes without complying with
 applicable copyright laws, and paying the required copyright to the content publisher. As information becomes more readily
 available, the opportunity for piracy increases.
- STM Single Article Delivery Vendors and Content Aggregators Our primary competitors for global, full-service single article
 delivery services are Copyright Clearance Center, regional interlibrary loan networks throughout the world such as those owned
 and operated by OCLC, and numerous national libraries located outside of the United States.
- Customer In-House Services While single article delivery services and software development are challenging for our customers
 to provide in-house, many existing and potential customers manage these capabilities internally.
- Publisher In-House Capabilities Some large publishers have developed in-house capabilities to service the content re-use
 market, however, many of them neglect other content repurposing opportunities and may not be able to aggregate content from
 other publishers nor create value added software-based solutions.

Corporate History and Structure

Research Solutions was incorporated in the State of Nevada on November 2, 2006, and in November 2006 entered into a Share Exchange Agreement with Reprints Desk. At the closing of the transaction contemplated by the Share Exchange Agreement, Research Solutions acquired all of the outstanding shares of Reprints Desk from its stockholders and issued 8,000,003 shares of common stock to the former stockholders of Reprints Desk. Following completion of the exchange transaction, Reprints Desk became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Research Solutions.

On July 24, 2012, we formed Reprints Desk Latin America to provide operational and administrative support services to Reprints Desk.

On March 4, 2013, we consummated a merger with DYSC Subsidiary Corporation, our wholly-owned subsidiary, pursuant to which we, in connection with such merger, amended our Articles of Incorporation to change our name to Research Solutions, Inc. (formerly Derycz Scientific, Inc.).

On June 9, 2022, we formed ResSol LA to provide operational and administrative support services to Reprints Desk.

On July 28, 2023, we acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Resolute Innovation, Inc., a Delaware corporation, an advanced search platform that equips organizations with search, discovery and knowledge management tools that are powered by artificial intelligence and neuro-linguistic programming ("NLP") technologies.

On December 1, 2023, we acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Scite, Inc. a Delaware corporation, a platform for discovering and evaluating scientific articles via Smart Citations. Smart Citations allow users to see how a publication has been cited by providing the context of the citation and a classification describing whether it allows for supporting or contrasting evidence for the cited claim. The acquisition was completed through the merger of our subsidiary, Research Solutions Acquisition 2, LLC, with Scite, Inc., with our subsidiary surviving the merger and subsequently being renamed Scite, LLC.

Human Capital Resources

As of September 13, 2024, we had 145 full time employees.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks and uncertainties described below, together with all of the other information in this report, including our consolidated financial statements and related notes, before investing in our common stock. The following summarizes material risks that investors should carefully consider before deciding to buy or maintain an investment in our common stock. Any of the following risks, if they actually occur, would likely harm our business, financial condition and results of operations. As a result, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and investors could lose the money they paid to buy our common stock.

Risks Related to Our Business and Our Industry

We have historically incurred significant losses and may be unable to maintain profitability. If we continue to incur significant losses, we may have to curtail our operations, which may prevent us from successfully operating and expanding our business.

Historically, we have relied upon cash from financing activities to fund substantially all of the cash requirements of our activities and have incurred significant losses and experienced negative cash flow. For our fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, we incurred a net loss of \$3,786,597 and earned a net income of \$571,623, respectively. As of June 30, 2024, we had an accumulated deficit of \$26,309,246. We cannot predict if we will be profitable. We may continue to incur losses for an indeterminate period of time and may be unable to sustain profitability. An extended period of losses and negative cash flow may prevent us from successfully operating and expanding our business. We may be unable to sustain or increase our profitability on a quarterly or annual basis.

The loss of our largest customers would significantly reduce our revenue and adversely affect our results of operations.

There were no customers that accounted for greater than 10% of our revenue for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023. The loss of our largest customers would significantly reduce our revenue, which would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. We can provide no assurance that these customers will continue to place orders in the future.

The loss of our largest suppliers of content would significantly reduce our revenue and adversely affect our results of operations.

Approximately 44% and 43% of our content cost for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, was derived from our three largest suppliers of content. Loss of any or all of these suppliers of content would significantly

reduce the attractiveness of our services and our revenue, which would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. We can provide no assurance that these suppliers of content will continue to supply us with content in the future. Moreover, our arrangements with content providers are non-exclusive. As a result, our content providers can provide the same content to our competitors.

We are exposed to credit risk on our accounts receivable and prepayments to suppliers of content. This risk is heightened during periods when economic conditions worsen.

There were no customers that accounted for greater than 10% of our accounts receivable as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. In addition, we have made prepayments to suppliers of content. While we have procedures to monitor and limit exposure to credit risk on our trade receivables as well as long-term prepayments, there can be no assurance such procedures will effectively limit our credit risk and avoid losses, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

Our services, technology and industry relationships are key assets and competitive advantages of our company and our business may be affected by how we are perceived in the marketplace.

Our services, technology and industry relationships are key assets that enable us to effectively compete in our industry. Our ability to attract and retain customers is highly dependent upon external perceptions of the quality, efficacy, responsiveness and ease-of-use of our services and business practices, and overall financial condition. Negative perceptions or publicity regarding these matters could damage our reputation with customers and the public, which could make it difficult for us to attract and maintain customers. Adverse developments with respect to our industry may also, by association, negatively impact our reputation. Negative perceptions or publicity could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial results.

Our business performance is dependent upon the effectiveness of our technology investments, the failure of which could materially impact our business and financial results.

We have and will continue to undertake significant investments in our technology infrastructure to continually strengthen our position in research and marketing solutions and improve our existing technology platform. We may fail to effectively invest such amounts, or we may invest significant amounts in technologies that do not ultimately assist us in achieving our strategic goals. We may also fail to maintain our technology infrastructure in a manner that allows us to readily meet our customers' needs. If we experience any of these or similar failures related to our technology investments, we will not achieve our expected revenue growth, or desired cost savings, and we could experience a significant competitive disadvantage in the marketplace, which could have a material adverse effect on our business and financial results.

In addition, the failure to continue to invest in our business could result in a material adverse effect on our future financial results. Such investments may include: executing on, and mitigating risks associated with, new product offerings and entrance into new geographic markets; and ensuring continued compatibility of our new platforms and technologies with our customers' networks and systems.

We may be subject to intellectual property rights claims by third parties, which are extremely costly to defend, could require us to pay significant damages and could limit our ability to use certain technologies.

Third parties, including our content providers, may assert claims of infringement of intellectual property rights against us or our customers for which we may be liable or have an indemnification obligation. Any claim of infringement by a third party, even those without merit, could cause us to incur substantial costs defending against the claim and could distract our management from our business. Although third parties may offer a license to their content, the terms of any offered license may not be acceptable and the failure to obtain a license or the costs associated with any license could cause our business, results of operations or financial condition to be materially and adversely affected. In addition, our licenses are generally non-exclusive, and therefore our competitors may have access to the same content licensed to us. Furthermore, a successful claimant could secure a judgment or we may agree to a settlement that prevents us from providing certain content or that requires us to pay substantial damages, including treble damages if we are found to have

willfully infringed the claimant's copyrights, royalties or other fees. Any of these events could seriously harm our business, operating results and financial condition.

Artificial intelligence-based platforms present new risks and challenges to our business.

Enterprise use of generative artificial intelligence (GenAI) technologies may result in access to and processing of sensitive information, intellectual property, source code, trade secrets, and other data, through direct user input or the API, including customer or private information and confidential information. Sending confidential and private data outside of our own servers could trigger legal and compliance exposure, as well as risks of information exposure, including unauthorized acquisition, use, or other processing. Such exposure can result from contractual (for example, with customers) or regulatory obligations (such as CCPA, GDPR, HIPAA). Furthermore, if the GenAI platform's own systems and infrastructure are not secure, data breaches or incidents may occur and lead to the exposure of sensitive information such as customer data, financial information, and proprietary business information, or it may be believed or asserted that one or more of these has occurred. Threat actors could also use GenAI for malicious purposes, increasing the frequency of their attacks and the complexity level some are currently capable of, e.g. phishing attacks, fraud, social engineering, and other possible malicious use, such as with writing malware. Code generated by GenAI could potentially be used and deployed without a proper security audit or code review to find vulnerable or malicious components. This could cause widespread deployment of vulnerable code within the organization systems.

The use of GenAI by our business partners with access to our confidential information, including trade secrets, may continue to increase and could lead to the release of such information, which could negatively impact us, including our ability to realize the benefits of our intellectual property. Such use may lead to novel and urgent cybersecurity risks, which could have a material adverse effect on our operations and reputation as well as the operations of any of our business partners. We may also face increased competition from other companies that are using GenAI platforms, some of whom may develop more effective methods than we and any of our business partners have, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, or financial condition. In addition, uncertainties regarding developing legal and regulatory requirements and standards may require significant resources to modify and maintain business practices to comply with U.S. and non-U.S. laws concerning the use of AI and AI systems, the nature of which cannot be determined at this time.

We have developed policies governing the use of GenAI to help reasonably ensure that such GenAI systems are used in a trustworthy manner by our employees, contractors, and authorized agents and that our assets, including intellectual property, competitive information, personal information we may collect or process, and customer information, are protected. Any failure by our personnel, contractors, or other agents to adhere to our established policies could violate confidentiality obligations or applicable laws and regulations, jeopardize our intellectual property rights, cause or contribute to unlawful discrimination, or result in the misuse of personally identifiable information or the injection of malware into our systems.

Our industry is subject to intense competition and rapid technological change, which may result in products or new solutions that are superior to our products or solutions under development. If we are unable to anticipate or keep pace with changes in the marketplace and the direction of technological innovation and customer demands, our products or solutions may become less useful or obsolete and our operating results will suffer.

The industry in which we operate in general is subject to intense and increasing competition and rapidly evolving technologies. Because our products are expected to have long development cycles, we must anticipate changes in the marketplace and the direction of technological innovation and customer demands. To compete successfully, we will need to demonstrate the advantages of our products and solutions.

Our future success will depend in large part on our ability to establish and maintain a competitive position in current and future technologies. Rapid technological development may render our products under development, or any future solutions we may have, and related technologies obsolete. Many of our competitors have or may have greater corporate, financial, operational, sales and marketing resources, and more experience in research and development than we have. We cannot assure you that our competitors will not succeed in developing or marketing technologies or products that are more effective or commercially attractive than our products or that would render our solutions and related

technologies obsolete. We may not have or be able to raise or develop the financial resources, technical expertise, or support capabilities to compete successfully in the future. Our success will depend in large part on our ability to maintain a competitive position with our products and solutions.

Increased accessibility of free or relatively inexpensive information sources may reduce demand for our products and services.

In recent years, more public sources of free or relatively inexpensive information have become available, particularly through the Internet, and this trend is expected to continue. For example, some governmental and regulatory agencies have increased the amount of information they make publicly available at no cost. Public sources of free or relatively inexpensive information may reduce demand for our products and services. Our financial results may be adversely affected if our customers choose to use these public sources as a substitute for our products or services.

We depend on the services of key personnel, and may not be able to operate and grow our business effectively if we lose their services or are unable to attract qualified personnel in the future.

We rely heavily on our senior management team because they have substantial experience with our diverse service offerings and business strategies. In addition, we rely on our senior management team to identify internal expansion and external growth opportunities. Our ability to retain senior management and other key personnel is therefore very important to our future success. We have employment agreements with our senior management, but these employment agreements do not ensure that they will not voluntarily terminate their employment with us. In addition, our key personnel are subject to non-solicitation and confidential information restrictions. We do not have key man insurance for any of our current management or other key personnel. The loss of any key personnel would require the remaining key personnel to divert immediate attention to seeking a replacement. Competition for senior management personnel is intense, and fit is important to us. Our inability to find a suitable replacement for any departing executive officer or key employee on a timely basis could adversely affect our ability to operate and grow our business.

We rely on our proprietary software systems, and our websites and online networks, and a disruption, failure or security compromise of these systems would disrupt our business, damage our reputation and adversely affect our revenue and profitability.

Our proprietary software systems are critical to our business because they enable the efficient and timely service of a large number of customer orders. Similarly, we rely on our websites, online networks, and email systems to obtain content and deliver customer orders, and provide timely, relevant and dependable business information to our customers. Therefore, network or system shutdowns caused by events such as computer hacking, sabotage, dissemination of computer viruses, worms and other destructive or disruptive software, denial of service attacks and other malicious activity, as well as loss of service from third parties, power outages, natural disasters and similar events, could affect our ability to store, handle and deliver data and services to our customers. Any such interruption of our operations could negatively impact customer satisfaction and revenue.

Breaches of our data security systems or unintended disclosure of our customer data could result in large expenditures to repair or replace such systems, to remedy any security breaches and to protect us from similar events in the future.

Our infrastructure may be vulnerable to physical or electronic break-ins, computer viruses, or similar disruptive problems. In addition to shutdowns, our systems are subject to risks caused by misappropriation, misuse, leakage, falsification and accidental release or loss of information. We process, store, and transmit data, including personally identifiable information and payment card industry data of our customers, and it is critical that this data remains secure and is perceived by the marketplace to be secure.

Disruptions or security compromises of our systems could result in large expenditures to repair or replace such systems, to remedy any security breaches and protect us from similar events in the future. We also could be exposed to negligence claims or other legal proceedings brought by regulators, our customers or their clients, and we could incur significant legal expenses and our management's attention may be diverted from our operations in defending ourselves

against and resolving lawsuits or claims. In addition, if we were to suffer damage to our reputation as a result of any system failure, security compromise, or personal data breach, our revenue and profitability could be adversely affected.

Personal data is increasingly subject to legal and regulatory protections around the world, which vary widely in approach and which possibly conflict with one another. For example, in the U.S., there are numerous federal, state, and local privacy, data protection, and cybersecurity laws, rules, and regulations governing the collection, storage, transmission, use, and other processing of personal data and Congress has considered, and continues to consider, many proposals for additional comprehensive national data privacy and cybersecurity legislation. At the state level, we may be subject to laws, rules, and regulations, such as the California Consumer Privacy Act ("CCPA") and/or similar laws that have been enacted and gone into effect in Virginia, Colorado, Connecticut, Utah, Oregon, and Texas, or laws that will soon go into effect in Montana, Iowa, Delaware, New Hampshire, Nebraska and New Jersey. These laws impose various obligations, including disclosure requirements, access and opt-out rights, and the right to request deletion of personal data. Outside of the United States, an increasing number of laws, rules, regulations, and industry standards apply to privacy, data protection, and cybersecurity, including the General Data Protection Regulation ("GDPR") in the European Union, the United Kingdom's Data Protection Act 2018 as supplemented by the GDPR and implemented into UK law (collectively, "UK GDPR"), and China's Personal Information Protection Law. These data protection laws and regulations are intended to protect the privacy and security of personal data, including credit card information, that is collected, processed and transmitted in or from the relevant jurisdiction. Implementation of and compliance with these laws and regulations may be more costly or take longer than we anticipate, or could otherwise adversely affect our business operations, which could negatively impact our financial position or cash flows. Our business could be materially adversely affected by our inability, or the inability of our vendors who receive personal data from us, to comply with legal obligations regarding the use of personal data, new data handling requirements that conflict with or negatively impact our business practices. In addition, our agreements with customers may also require that we indemnify the customer for liability arising from personal data breaches under the terms of our agreements with these customers.

Disruptions and other damages to our information technology and breaches in data security or cybersecurity attacks could have a negative financial impact and damage our reputation.

Our ability to serve our customers depends in part on the reliability of our technologies and system networks. Unauthorized parties gaining access to digital technology and networks for the purposes of misappropriating sensitive financial or business information, corrupting data, causing operational disruptions and other cyber-related risks could adversely impact our customer relationships, business strategy and our reputation. These potential disruptions and cyber-attacks could negatively affect revenues, costs, customer demand, system availability and our reputation. In addition, as we execute our strategy to grow through acquisitions and to pursue newer technologies that improve the efficiency of our operations, we are also expanding our information technologies, resulting in a greater technological presence and corresponding vulnerability to cybersecurity risk. Certain new technologies present new and significant cybersecurity safety risks that must be addressed before implementation. If we fail to identify and address cybersecurity risks associated with acquisitions and new strategic initiatives, we may become increasingly exposed to such risks.

We are exposed to risks associated with PCI compliance.

The Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard ("PCI DSS") is a specific set of comprehensive security standards required by credit card brands for enhancing payment account data security, including but not limited to requirements for security management, policies, procedures, network architecture, and software design. PCI DSS compliance is required in order to maintain credit card processing services. Compliance does not guarantee a completely secure environment and notwithstanding the results of this assessment there can be no assurance that payment card brands will not request further compliance assessments or set forth additional requirements to maintain access to credit card processing services. Compliance is an ongoing effort and the requirements evolve as new threats are identified. In the event that we were to lose PCI DSS compliance status (or fail to renew compliance under a future version of the PCI DSS), we could be exposed to increased operating costs, fines and penalties and, in extreme circumstances, may have our credit card processing privileges revoked, which would have a material adverse effect on our business.

Our failure to comply with the covenants contained in our loan agreement could result in an event of default that could adversely affect our financial condition and ability to operate our business as planned.

We currently have a line of credit with PNC Bank, National Association, maturing on April 15, 2025, under which there were no outstanding borrowings as of June 30, 2024. Our loan agreement contains, and any agreements to refinance our debt likely will contain, financial and restrictive covenants. We were in compliance with these covenants as of June 30, 2024, however, our failure to comply with these covenants in the future may result in an event of default, which if not cured or waived, could result in the bank preventing us from accessing availability under our line of credit and requiring us to repay any outstanding borrowings. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain waivers of future covenant violations or that such waivers will be available on commercially acceptable terms.

In addition, the indebtedness under our loan agreement is secured by a security interest in substantially all of our tangible and intangible assets, and therefore, if we are unable to repay such indebtedness the bank could foreclose on these assets and sell the pledged equity interests, which would adversely affect our ability to operate our business. If any of these were to occur, we may not be able to continue operations as planned, implement our planned growth strategy or react to opportunities for or downturns in our business.

Government regulations related to the Internet could increase our cost of doing business, affect our ability to grow or may otherwise negatively affect our business.

Governmental agencies and federal and state legislatures have adopted, and may continue to adopt, new laws and regulatory practices in response to the increasing use of the Internet and other online services. These new laws may be related to issues such as online privacy and data protection requirements, copyrights, trademarks and service mark, sales taxes, fair business practices, domain name ownership and the requirement that our operating units register to do business as foreign entities or otherwise be licensed to do business in jurisdictions where they have no physical location or other presence. In addition, these new laws, regulations or interpretations relating to doing business through the Internet could increase our costs materially and adversely affect our revenue and results of operations.

We may be adversely affected by changes in legislation and regulation.

Laws relating to communications, data protection, e-commerce, direct marketing and digital advertising and the use of public records have become more prevalent in recent years. Existing and proposed legislation and regulations, including changes in the manner in which such legislation and regulations are interpreted by courts in the United States, Europe and other jurisdictions, may impose limits on our collection and use of certain kinds of information and our ability to communicate such information effectively to our customers. It is difficult to predict in what form laws and regulations will be adopted or how they will be construed by the relevant courts, or the extent to which any changes might adversely affect us.

Our growth strategy may require significant additional resources, and such additional resources might not be available on terms acceptable to us, if at all, which may in turn hamper our growth and adversely affect our business.

Our growth strategy will require us to significantly expand the capabilities of our administrative and operational resources. We intend to continue to make investments to support our business growth and may require additional funds to respond to business challenges, including the need to develop new technology, improve our operating infrastructure or acquire complementary businesses and technologies. Accordingly, we may need to undertake equity, equity-linked or debt financings to secure additional funds. If we raise additional funds through future issuances of equity or convertible debt securities, our existing stockholders could suffer significant dilution, and any new equity securities we issue could have rights, preferences and privileges superior to those of holders of our common stock. Any debt financing that we secure in the future could involve restrictive covenants relating to our capital raising activities and other financial and operational matters, including the ability to pay dividends. This may make it more difficult for us to obtain additional capital and to pursue business opportunities. We may not be able to obtain additional financing on terms favorable to us, if at all. If we are unable to obtain adequate financing or financing on terms satisfactory to us when we require it, our ability to continue to support our business growth and respond to business challenges could be significantly impaired, and our business may be adversely affected. In addition, our failure to successfully manage our growth could result in our sales not increasing

commensurately with our capital investments. If we are unable to successfully manage our growth, we may be unable to achieve our goals.

Acquisitions, joint ventures or similar strategic relationships may disrupt or otherwise have a material adverse effect on our business and financial results.

As part of our strategy, we may explore strategic acquisitions and combinations, including the acquisition of customer lists, or enter into joint ventures or similar strategic relationships. These transactions are subject to the following risks:

- Acquisitions, joint ventures or similar relationships may cause a disruption in our ongoing business, distract our management and make it difficult to maintain our standards, controls and procedures;
- We may not be able to integrate successfully the services, content, products and personnel of any such transaction into our operations;
- . We may not derive the revenue improvements, cost savings and other intended benefits of any such transaction; and
- There may be risks, exposures and liabilities of acquired entities or other third parties with whom we undertake a transaction, that may
 arise from such third parties' activities prior to undertaking a transaction with us.

Our prior acquisitions have resulted in significant impairment charges and have operated at losses. We can provide no assurance that future acquisitions, joint ventures or strategic relationships will be accretive to our business overall or will result in profitable operations.

We are subject to risks related to our foreign operations which could adversely affect our operations and financial performance.

We have an operational and administrative support organization in Mexico, and sell our services worldwide. Foreign operations are subject to various risks which could have a material adverse effect on those operations, the costs of those operations, and our business as a whole, including: exposure to local economic and employment conditions; exposure to local taxes and employment regulations, political conditions; currency exchange rate fluctuations; reliance of local management; and additional potential costs of complying with rules and regulations, and potential changes to those rule and regulations, of foreign jurisdictions. Any adverse consequence resulting from the materialization of the foregoing risks would adversely affect our financial performance and results of operations.

Unfavorable global economic conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, prospects and market price of our common stock.

Financial instability and a general decline in economic conditions in the United States and other countries caused by political instability and conflict, including the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine, and economic or financial challenges caused by current and potential future bank failures or by general health crises such as the COVID-19 pandemic, have led to market disruptions, including significant volatility in commodity prices, credit and capital markets instability, including disruptions in access to bank deposits and lending commitments, supply chain interruptions, rising interest rates and global inflationary pressures. These macroeconomic factors could materially and adversely affect our ability to continue to operate as a going concern and could otherwise have a material adverse effect on our business, operations, operating results and financial condition as well as the price of our common stock. The recent closures of Silicon Valley Bank, or SVB, Signature Bank and First Republic Bank have resulted in broader financial institution liquidity risk and concerns. Although we were able to access all of the funds we had in deposit with SVB and have diversified banking services previously provided solely by SVB to alternative global banking providers, future adverse developments with respect to specific financial institutions or the broader financial services industry may lead to market-wide liquidity shortages.

The failure of any bank in which we deposit our funds could reduce the amount of cash we have available for our operations or delay our ability to access such funds. Any such failure may increase the possibility of a sustained deterioration of financial market liquidity, or illiquidity at clearing, cash management and/or custodial financial institutions. In the event we have a commercial relationship with a bank that has failed or is otherwise distressed, we may experience delays or other issues in meeting our financial obligations. If other banks and financial institutions fail or become insolvent in the future in response to financial conditions affecting the banking system and financial markets, our ability to access our cash and cash equivalents and investments may be threatened, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, operations, operating results and financial condition as well as the price of our common stock.

Risks Relating to Ownership of Our Common Stock

We cannot predict the extent to which an active public trading market for our common stock will develop or be sustained. If an active public trading market does not develop or cannot be sustained, you may be unable to liquidate your investment in our common stock.

We cannot predict the extent to which an active public market for our common stock will develop or be sustained due to a number of factors, including the fact that we are a small company that is relatively unknown to stock analysts, stock brokers, institutional investors, and others in the investment community that generate or influence sales volume, and that even if we came to the attention of such persons, they tend to be risk-averse and would be reluctant to follow an unproven company such as ours or purchase or recommend the purchase of our shares of common stock until such time as we became more seasoned and viable. As a consequence, there may be periods of several days or more when trading activity in our shares is minimal or non-existent, as compared to a seasoned issuer which has a large and steady volume of trading activity that will generally support continuous sales without an adverse effect on share price. We cannot give you any assurance that an active public trading market for our common stock will develop or be sustained. If such a market cannot be sustained, you may be unable to liquidate your investment in our common stock.

Our common stock may be subject to significant price volatility which may have an adverse effect on your ability to liquidate your investment in our common stock.

The market for our common stock may be characterized by significant price volatility when compared to seasoned issuers, and we expect that our share price will be more volatile than a seasoned issuer for the indefinite future. The potential volatility in our share price is attributable to a number of factors. First, our common shares may be sporadically and/or thinly traded. As a consequence of this lack of liquidity, the trading of relatively small quantities of shares by our stockholders may disproportionately influence the price of those shares in either direction. The price for our shares could, for example, decline precipitously in the event that a large number of our common shares are sold on the market without commensurate demand, as compared to a seasoned issuer that could better absorb those sales without adverse impact on its share price. Secondly, an investment in us is a speculative or "risky" investment due to our lack of meaningful profits

to date and uncertainty of future profits. As a consequence of this enhanced risk, more risk-adverse investors may, under the fear of losing all or most of their investment in the event of negative news or lack of progress, be more inclined to sell their shares on the market more quickly and at greater discounts than would be the case with the stock of a seasoned issuer.

We have not paid cash dividends in the past and do not expect to pay cash dividends in the foreseeable future. Any return on your investment may be limited to increases in the market price of our common stock.

We have never paid cash dividends on our common stock and do not anticipate paying cash dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future. In addition, our Loan and Security Agreement with Silicon Valley Bank prohibits us from paying cash dividends. The payment of dividends on our common stock will depend on our earnings, financial condition and other business and economic factors affecting us at such time as the board of directors may consider relevant. If we do not pay dividends, our common stock may be less valuable because a return on your investment might only occur if the market price of our common stock appreciates.

Voting power of a significant percentage of our common stock is held by our former Executive Chairman, and his brother-in-law, who together are able to exert significant influence over the outcome of matters to be voted on by our stockholders.

As of September 13, 2024, Peter Victor Derycz, our former Executive Chairman, had voting power equal to approximately 8.3% of votes eligible to be cast at a meeting of our stockholders. Paul Kessler, the brother-in-law of Mr. Derycz, exercises investment and voting control over the shares held by Bristol Investment Fund, Ltd., and had, as of September 13, 2024, voting power equal to approximately 3.8% of votes eligible to be cast at a meeting of our stockholders. As a result of their significant ownership interests, Mr. Derycz and Mr. Kessler together currently have the ability to exert significant influence over the election of directors, and other matters submitted to a vote of all of our stockholders. They may also have interests that differ from yours and may vote in a manner that is adverse to your interests. This concentration of ownership may have the effect of deterring, delaying or preventing a change of control of our company, could deprive our stockholders of an opportunity to receive a premium for their common stock as part of a sale of our company and might ultimately affect the market price of our common stock.

The exercise of outstanding options and warrants to purchase our common stock could substantially dilute your investment.

Under the terms of our outstanding options and warrants to purchase our common stock issued to employees and others, the holders are given an opportunity to profit from a rise in the market price of our common stock that, upon the exercise of the options and/or warrants, could result in dilution in the interests of our other stockholders.

The market price of our common stock and the value of your investment could substantially decline if our options are exercised and our common stock is issued and resold into the market, or if a perception exists that a substantial number of shares will be issued upon exercise of our warrants and option and then resold into the market.

If the exercise prices of our options are lower than the price at which you made your investment, immediate dilution of the value of your investment will occur. In addition, sales of a substantial number of shares of common stock issued upon exercise of our options, or even the perception that such sales could occur, could adversely affect the market price of our common stock. You could, therefore, experience a substantial decline in the value of your investment as a result of both the actual and potential exercise of our options.

Failure to achieve and maintain effective internal controls in accordance with Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 could result in a restatement of our financial statements, cause investors to lose confidence in our financial statements and our company and have a material adverse effect on our business and stock price.

We produce our financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. Effective internal controls are necessary for us to provide reliable financial reports to help mitigate the risk of fraud and to operate successfully as a publicly traded company. As a public company, we are required to document and test our internal control procedures in order to satisfy the requirements of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of

2002, or Section 404. Further, Section 404 requires annual management assessments of the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting.

Testing and maintaining internal controls can divert our management's attention from other matters that are important to our business. We may not be able to conclude on an ongoing basis that we have effective internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Section 404. If we are unable to conclude that we have effective internal controls over financial reporting, investors could lose confidence in our reported financial information and our company, which could result in a decline in the market price of our common stock, and cause us to fail to meet our reporting obligations in the future, which in turn could impact our ability to raise additional financing if needed in the future.

Our board of directors has broad discretion to issue additional securities.

We are entitled under our certificate of incorporation to issue up to 100,000,000 shares of common stock and 20,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock, although these amounts may change in the future subject to stockholder approval. Shares of our blank check preferred stock provide our board of directors' broad authority to determine voting, dividend, conversion, and other rights. As of June 30, 2024 we had issued and outstanding 32,295,373 shares of common stock and we had 3,826,618 shares of common stock reserved for future grants under our equity compensation plans and for issuances upon the exercise or conversion of currently outstanding options, warrants and convertible securities. As of June 30, 2024, we had no shares of preferred stock issued and outstanding. Accordingly, as of June 30, 2024, we could issue up to 63,878,009 additional shares of common stock and 20,000,000 additional shares of "blank check" preferred stock. Any additional stock issuances could be made at a price that reflects a discount or premium to the then-current market price of our common stock. In addition, in order to raise capital, we may need to issue securities that are convertible into or exchangeable for a significant amount of our common stock. Our board may generally issue those common and preferred shares, or convertible securities to purchase those shares, without further approval by our stockholders. Any preferred shares we may issue could have such rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions as may be designated from time-to-time by our board, including preferential dividend rights, voting rights, conversion rights, redemption rights and liquidation provisions. We may also issue additional securities to our directors, officers, employees and consultants as compensatory grants in connection with their services, both in the form of stand-alone grants or under our stock incentive plans. The issuance of additional securities may cause substantial dilution to our stockholders.

Our articles of incorporation, bylaws and Nevada law have anti-takeover provisions that could discourage, delay or prevent a change in control, which may cause our stock price to decline.

Our articles of incorporation, bylaws and Nevada law contain provisions which could make it more difficult for a third party to acquire us, even if closing such a transaction would be beneficial to our stockholders. We are currently authorized to issue up to 20,000,000 shares of "blank check" preferred stock. This preferred stock may be issued in one or more series, the terms of which may be determined at the time of issuance by our board of directors without further action by stockholders. The terms of any series of preferred stock may include voting rights (including the right to vote as a series on particular matters), preferences as to dividend, liquidation, conversion and redemption rights and sinking fund provisions. No shares of our preferred stock are currently outstanding. The issuance of any preferred stock could materially adversely affect the rights of the holders of our common stock, and therefore, reduce the value of our common stock. In particular, specific rights granted to future holders of preferred stock could be used to restrict our ability to merge with, or sell our assets to, a third party and thereby preserve control by current management.

Provisions of our articles of incorporation, bylaws and Nevada law also could have the effect of discouraging potential acquisition proposals or making a tender offer or delaying or preventing a change in control, including changes a stockholder might consider favorable. Such provisions may also prevent or frustrate attempts by our stockholders to replace or remove our management. In particular, our articles of incorporation, our bylaws and Nevada law, as applicable, among other things, provide our board of directors with the ability to alter our bylaws without stockholder approval, and provide that vacancies on our board of directors may be filled by a majority of directors in office, although less than a quorum.

We may become subject to Nevada's control share acquisition laws (Nevada Revised Statutes 78.378 -78.3793), which prohibit an acquirer, under certain circumstances, from voting shares of a corporation's stock after crossing specific

threshold ownership percentages, unless the acquirer obtains the approval of the issuing corporation's stockholders. We are also subject to Nevada's Combination with Interested Stockholders Statute (Nevada Revised Statutes 78.411 -78.444) which prohibits an interested stockholder from entering into a "combination" with the corporation, unless certain conditions are met. These provisions are expected to discourage certain types of coercive takeover practices and inadequate takeover bids and to encourage persons seeking to acquire control of our company to first negotiate with our board of directors. These provisions may delay or prevent someone from acquiring or merging with us, which may cause the market price of our common stock to decline.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

Not applicable.

Item 1C. Cybersecurity

As required by Item 106 of Regulation S-K, the following sets forth certain information regarding our cybersecurity strategy, risk management and governance.

We are committed to protecting the confidentiality and integrity of our data, as well as the data of our customers. The mission of our cybersecurity program is to protect the assets used to generate revenue and serve customers while complying with industry frameworks and best practices. Our cybersecurity program consists of cyber defense, governance and compliance, and risk management. Each area has tools, controls, and processes aligned with the National Institute of Standards and Technology Cyber Security Framework.

Managing cybersecurity risk and maintaining secure, reliable, and functional systems are among our highest priorities. Therefore, we have implemented tools, procedures, processes, and management mechanisms to help us achieve a robust cybersecurity environment, and a reliable cybersecurity posture

We maintain an information security program comprised of policies and controls designed to reduce our cybersecurity attack surface and to mitigate cybersecurity risk. However, at any given time, we face known and unknown cybersecurity risks and threats that are not fully mitigated, and we discover vulnerabilities in our program. We continuously work to enhance our information security program and risk management efforts.

Risk Management and Strategy

Our cyber defense practices prioritize protection against cyber threats. We have operationalized tools and processes designed to educate, assess, identify, address, and manage risks from cybersecurity threats that may result in material adverse effects on the confidentiality, integrity and availability of our business and information systems. We routinely perform cybersecurity assessments, including with the assistance of external third parties, to identify, assess, and prioritize potential risks that could affect our information and data assets and infrastructure. Once identified, the mitigation of these risks is given our highest priority.

In addition, we use a threat intelligence platform to routinely monitor risks specific to both our organization and third parties. Risks we identify are assessed based on severity and are addressed as appropriate through both tactical and strategic plans.

Our governance and compliance practice focuses on cybersecurity and data privacy policy taxonomy and policy compliance.

We have implemented a number of measures to enhance the security and resiliency of our information and data systems. These measures include, but are not limited to: (i) user access control management; (ii) intrusion detection and prevention systems; (iii) information security continuity measures, including redundant systems and information backups; (iv) system segmentation; (v) encryption of critical information and data; (vi) event logging; (vii) implementation of an application patching and update cadence; and (viii) incident response planning and least privilege access methodology.

Cybersecurity Governance

Our Board of Directors delegates to the Audit Committee the oversight of our programs, policies, and procedures related to cybersecurity, information asset security, and data privacy and protection. Broad oversight is maintained by our full Board, which receives a report from the Audit Committee at least annually.

Our CTO oversees our cybersecurity matters and reports to both the Audit Committee and the Board at least once a year, or more frequently as needed. The Audit Committee reviews and discusses with Company management key processes and risk indicators, progress on plans to address key risks, and any material changes in threat landscapes or risk posture which could negatively affect our business.

Training and Awareness

Our Company's employees are a critical part of our defense against potential cybersecurity incident exposure. All of our associates and contractors have a responsibility and a role to play by complying with our cybersecurity operational practices and reporting any potential cybersecurity incidents or exposures to our cybersecurity team.

To ensure that associates can play their part in protecting our networks and data from cybersecurity incident exposure, all of our associates receive cybersecurity training in the form of online modules on an annual basis, routine simulations to assess risk, and retraining where necessary.

Material Cybersecurity Risks, Threats & Incidents

We are not aware of any cyber event that has had a material effect on our business. However, we cannot ensure that we will not experience any such event in the future. Any security breach or other significant disruption involving our computer networks and related systems could cause substantial costs and other negative effects, including litigation, remediation costs, costs to deploy additional protection strategies, compromising of confidential information, and reputational damage adversely affecting investor confidence. In addition, a penetration of our systems or a third-party's systems or other misappropriation or misuse of personal information could subject us to business, regulatory, litigation and reputation risk, which could have a negative effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

See Item 1A. Risk Factors for further details on risks related to potential breaches of our information technology systems.

Item 2. Properties

We operate in a virtual environment and do not have a physical office space or headquarters.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We are involved in legal proceedings in the ordinary course of our business. Although our management cannot predict the ultimate outcome of these legal proceedings with certainty, it believes that the ultimate resolution of our legal proceedings, including any amounts we may be required to pay, will not have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Market Information and Approximate Number of Holders of Common Stock

Our common stock is quoted on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC's Nasdaq Capital Market ("Nasdaq") under the symbol "RSSS."

As of September 13, 2024, according to the records of our transfer agent, we had 57 record holders of our common stock. Because brokers and other institutions hold shares on behalf of stockholders, we are unable to estimate the total number of stockholders represented by these record holders.

Dividends

We have never declared or paid dividends on our common stock. In addition, our Loan Agreement with PNC Bank prohibits us from paying cash dividends on or after the occurrence of an event of default or if an event of default would occur as a result thereof. We currently intend to retain all available funds and any future earnings for use in the operation of our business and do not anticipate paying any dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future, if at all. Any future determination to declare dividends will be made at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on our financial condition, operating results, capital requirements, general business conditions and other factors that our board of directors may deem relevant.

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

None.

Use of Proceeds

None.

Common Stock Repurchases

Effective as of March 19, 2024, the Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase, on the last day of each trading window during which the outstanding awards remain outstanding and otherwise in accordance with our insider trading policies, of an aggregate value not exceeding \$750,000, in addition to the prior remaining balance of outstanding common stock of \$82,347 (at prices no greater than \$4.00 per share) from our employees to satisfy their tax obligations in connection with the vesting of stock incentive awards through the end of fiscal year 2025. The actual number of shares repurchased will be determined by applicable employees in their discretion and will depend on their evaluation of market conditions and other factors. As of June 30, 2023, \$151,095 remained under the current authorization to repurchase our outstanding common stock from our employees.

During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, we repurchased 198,383 and 51,841 shares of our common stock under the repurchase plan at an average price of approximately \$2.79 and \$2.01 per share, respectively, for an aggregate amount of \$554,202 and \$104,250, respectively. As of June 30, 2024, \$346,893 remains under the current authorization to repurchase our outstanding common stock from our employees.

Shares repurchased are retired and deducted from common stock for par value and from additional paid in capital for the excess over par value. Direct costs incurred to acquire the shares are included in the total cost of the shares.

The following table summarizes repurchases of our common stock on a monthly basis:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased ¹	Pri	verage ce Paid · Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
April 1-30, 2024	_			_	\$ 379,071
May 1-31, 2024	_		_	_	\$ 379,071
June 1-30, 2024	12,235	\$	2.63	_	\$ 346,893
Total	12,235	\$	2.63		

¹ Consists of shares of common stock purchased from employees to satisfy tax obligations in connection with the vesting of stock incentive awards.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

Information relating to compensation plans under which our equity securities are authorized for issuance is set forth in Item 12 of this report under "Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters."

Item 6. [Reserved]

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related notes to those financial statements that are included elsewhere in this report. Our discussion includes forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. Actual results and the timing of events could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a number of factors, including those set forth under "Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this report.

We use words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "plan," "project," "continuing," "ongoing," "expect," "believe," "intend," "may," "will," "should," "could," and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this report are based on information available to us on the date hereof and, except as required by law, we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements.

Overview

Research Solutions was incorporated in the State of Nevada on November 2, 2006, and is a publicly traded holding company with five wholly owned subsidiaries as of June 30, 2024: Reprints Desk, Inc., a Delaware corporation, including its wholly owned subsidiary Resolute Innovation, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Scite, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Reprints Desk Latin America S. de R.L. de C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico, and RESSOL LA, S. DE R.L. DE C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico.

We provide software and related services to help research intensive organizations save time and money. We offer various software platforms ("Platform" or "Platforms") that are typically sold to corporate, academic, government and individual researchers as cloud-based software-as-a-service ("SaaS") via auto-renewing license agreements. Corporate, academic, and government customers typically sign up under annual agreements. Individual researchers can sign up under an annual or a month-to-month agreement and are typically billed monthly. Our Platforms also facilitate the sale of published scientific, technical, and medical ("STM") content sold as individual articles ("Transactions") either stand alone or via one or more of the research Platform solutions we provide. When one or more of the Platform solutions are used to purchase Transactions, customers pay for those transactions through monthly billing or via credit card for individual researchers. Our Platforms enable life science and other research-intensive organizations to accelerate their research and development activities through our advanced discovery tools (i.e. search), tools to access and buy STM articles required to support their research (i.e. acquire), as well as tools that manage that content across the enterprise and on an individual basis (i.e. manage). The Platforms typically deliver an ROI to the customer by reducing the amount of time it takes a research organization to find, acquire and manage content, in addition to also driving down the ultimate cost per article over time.

Platforms

Our cloud-based SaaS Platforms consist of proprietary software and Internet-based interfaces sold to customers through an annual or monthly subscription fee. Legacy functionality falls into three areas.

Discover – These solutions facilitate search (discovery) across virtually all STM articles available. The solutions we offer include free (basic) search solutions and advanced search tools like the Resolute.ai and scite.ai products. These tools allow for searching and identifying relevant research and then purchasing that research through one of our other solutions. In addition, these tools increasingly enable users to find insights in other datasets adjacent to STM content, such as Clinical Trial, Patent, Life Science & MedTech Regulatory information, Competitor and Technology landscape insights in addition to searching the customer's internal datasets. The advanced search solutions are sold through a seat, enterprise, or individual license. Our Platform is deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platform through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within in-house and third-party software systems. The Platform can also be configured to

satisfy a customer's individual preferences. We leverage our Platform's efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and competitive advantage.

Acquire – Our Article Galaxy® ("AG") solution allows for research organizations to load their entitlements (subscriptions, discount or token packages, and their existing library of articles) and AG manages those entitlements in the background enabling the researchers to focus on acquiring articles they need quickly and efficiently at the lowest possible cost. When used in conjunction with our discovery Platforms, customers can initiate orders, route orders based on the lowest cost to acquire, obtain spend and usage reporting, automate authentication, and connect seamlessly to in-house and third-party software systems.

Manage – Our References solution allows users to access the article inside the Platform including setting up personal folders or team folders and allows researchers to markup and take notes on the articles in a supported browser on a desktop or tablet.

We use Artificial Intelligence ("AI") in several parts of the research workflow today and will continually add capability as we move forward. Today we offer an AI based recommendation engine in our Discover, Acquire, and Manage Platform solutions. We also offer an AI based "assistant" in some of our solutions to allow the researcher to ask questions about articles, groups of articles (folders), and more. We also have the capability to provide full text search on STM content in the scite.ai Platform where the publisher gives us the rights to do so.

Using Resolute.ai and scite.ai technology, we plan to release several new Platform solutions to enhance the research workflows described above and add new solutions to support the analysis functions that exist in our typical customer base.

Our Platforms are deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platform through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within inhouse and third-party software systems. The Platform can also be configured to satisfy a customer's individual preferences. We leverage our Platform efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and to gain a competitive advantage.

Transactions

We provide our researchers with a single source to the universe of published STM content that includes over 100 million existing STM articles and over 2 to 4 million newly published STM articles each year. STM content is sold to our customers on a per transaction basis. Researchers and knowledge workers in life science and other research-intensive organizations generally require single copies of published STM journal articles for use in their research activities. These individuals are our primary users and while they typically purchase the articles via one of our Platform solutions, we do have some customers that just order articles from us on behalf of end-users in their organizations.

Core to many of our Platform solutions is providing our customers with ways to find and download digital versions of STM articles that are critical to their research. Customers submit orders for the articles they need which we source and electronically deliver to them generally in under an hour; in most cases under one minute. This service is generally known in the industry as single article delivery or document delivery. We also obtain the necessary permission licenses from the content publisher or other rights holder so that our customer's use complies with applicable copyright laws. We have arrangements with hundreds of content publishers that allow us to distribute their content. The majority of these publishers provide us with electronic access to their content, which allows us to electronically deliver single articles to our customers often in a matter of minutes. While a vast majority of the articles are available in electronic form, the Company also has workflows to deliver older paper-based articles through relationships we have built with libraries around the world.

Inflation Risk

We do not believe that inflation has had a material effect on its operations to date, other than its impact on the general economy. However, there is a risk that our operating costs could become subject to inflationary and interest rate pressures in the future, which would have the effect of increasing our operating costs, and which would put additional stress on our working capital resources.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

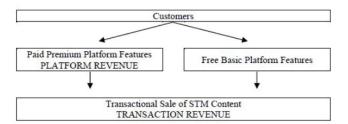
The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP, requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. When making these estimates and assumptions, we consider our historical experience, our knowledge of economic and market factors and various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ under different estimates and assumptions.

The accounting estimates and assumptions discussed in this section are those that we consider to be the most critical to an understanding of our financial statements because they inherently involve significant judgments and uncertainties.

Revenue Recognition

We account for revenue in accordance with ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), ("ASC 606"). The underlying principle of ASC 606 is to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at the amount expected to be collected.

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services are transferred to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration that we expect to receive in exchange for those goods or services. We derive our revenues from two sources: annual licenses that allow customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our cloud-based SaaS research intelligence platform ("Platform" and "Platforms") and the transactional sale of STM content managed, sourced and delivered through the Platform ("Transactions").



We apply the following five steps in order to determine the appropriate amount of revenue to be recognized as we fulfill our obligations under each of our agreements:

- identify the contract with a customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract; and
- recognize revenue as the performance obligation is satisfied.

Platforms

We charge a subscription fee that allows customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our Platform. Revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the subscription agreement, which is typically one year, provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met. Billings or payments received in advance of revenue recognition are recorded as deferred revenue.

Transactions

We charge a transactional service fee for the electronic delivery of single articles, and a corresponding copyright fee for the permitted use of the content. We recognize revenue from single article delivery services upon delivery to the customer provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Stock-Based Compensation

We periodically issue stock options, warrants and restricted stock to employees and non-employees for services, in capital raising transactions, and for financing costs. We account for share-based payments under the guidance as set forth in the Share-Based Payment Topic 718 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees, officers, directors, and consultants, including employee stock options, based on estimated fair values. We estimate the fair value of stock option and warrant awards to employees and directors on the date of grant using an option-pricing model, and the value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the required service period in our Statements of Operations. We estimate the fair value of restricted stock awards to employees and directors using the market price of our common stock on the date of grant, and the value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the required service period in our Statements of Operations.

Under ASC 718, Repurchase or Cancellation of equity awards, the amount of cash or other assets transferred (or liabilities incurred) to repurchase an equity award shall be charged to equity, to the extent that the amount paid does not exceed the fair value of the equity instruments repurchased at the repurchase date. Any excess of the repurchase price over the fair value of the instruments repurchased shall be recognized as additional compensation cost.

Allowance for Credit Losses

Our trade accounts receivable are recorded at amounts billed to customers and presented on the balance sheet net of the allowance for estimated credit losses. We evaluate the collectability of our trade accounts receivable based on a number of factors. In circumstances where we become aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations to us, we estimate and record a specific reserve for bad debts, which reduces the recognized receivable to the estimated amount we believe will ultimately be collected. In addition to specific customer identification of potential bad debts, bad debt charges are recorded based on our historical losses and an overall assessment of past due trade accounts receivable outstanding. We established an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$68,579 and \$85,051 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Foreign Currency

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars, the functional currency of our company. Capital accounts of foreign subsidiaries are translated into US dollars from foreign currencies at their historical exchange rates when the capital transactions occurred. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate as of the balance sheet date. Income and expenditures are translated at the average exchange rate of the period. Although the majority of our revenue and costs are in US dollars, the costs of Reprints Desk Latin America and ResSol LA are in Mexican Pesos. As a result, currency exchange fluctuations may impact our revenue and the costs of our operations. We currently do not engage in any currency hedging activities.

The following table summarizes the exchange rates used:

	Year End June 30	
	2024	2023
Period end Euro : US Dollar exchange rate	1.07	1.09
Average period Euro: US Dollar exchange rate	1.08	1.05
Period end GBP: US Dollar exchange rate	1.26	1.27
Average period GBP: US Dollar exchange rate	1.26	1.20
Period end Mexican Peso: US Dollar exchange rate	0.05	0.06
Average period Mexican Peso: US Dollar exchange rate	0.06	0.05

Quarterly Information (Unaudited)

The following table sets forth unaudited and quarterly financial data for the four quarters of fiscal years 2024 and 2023:

		June 30, 2024	Mar. 31, 2024		Dec. 31, 2023	Sept. 30, 2023		June 30, 2023			Mar. 31, 2023		Dec. 31, 2022		Sept. 30, 2022
Revenue:				_	,					_	,				
Platforms	\$	4,277,338	\$ 3,953,403	\$	3,125,584	\$	2,600,192	\$	2,303,375	\$	2,249,632	\$	2,110,272	\$	2,019,967
Transactions		7,856,176	8,162,269		7,188,158		7,460,779		7,656,342		8,092,794		6,606,394		6,664,676
Total revenue		12,133,514	12,115,672		10,313,742		10,060,971		9,959,717		10,342,426		8,716,666		8,684,643
Cost of revenue:															
Platforms		627,051	571,352		486,185		382,615		275,110		268,630		253,073		230,473
Transactions		5,863,596	6,062,388		5,343,755		5,646,791		5,764,064		6,046,523		5,059,766		5,104,922
Total cost of revenue	_	6,490,647	6,633,740		5,829,940		6,029,406		6,039,174		6,315,153		5,312,839		5,335,395
Gross profit:															
Platforms		3,650,287	3,382,051		2,639,399		2,217,577		2,028,265		1,981,002		1,857,199		1,789,494
Transactions		1,992,580	2,099,881		1,844,403		1,813,988		1,892,278		2,046,271		1,546,628		1,559,754
Total gross profit		5,642,867	5,481,932		4,483,802		4,031,565		3,920,543		4,027,273		3,403,827		3,349,248
Operating expenses:															
Sales and marketing		830,195	1,122,365		804,927		685,016		455,030		642,624		666,608		521,216
Technology and product dev.		1,489,491	1,371,754		1,336,558		1,244,579		991,093		953,677		922,132		875,290
General and administrative		1,917,908	2,027,073		2,023,848		2,542,868		1,649,333		1,871,590		1,613,664		1,519,424
Depreciation and amortization		311,004	309,898		155,749		59,620		22,163		18,332		6,342		5,812
Stock-based comp. expense		426,190	541,002		596,455		591,814		585,384		480,458		608,703		175,361
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)		6,336	22,177		(13,738)		6,620		(37,743)		(72,547)		(84,179)		72,516
Total operating expenses	_	4,981,124	 5,394,269	_	4,903,799	_	5,130,517	_	3,665,260	_	3,894,134		3,733,270		3,169,619
Other income (expenses and income taxes)		(3,482,970)	(11,362)		366,369		110,909		120,463		103,703		73,913		34,936
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,821,227)	\$ 76,301	\$	(53,628)	\$	(988,043)	\$	375,746	\$	236,842	\$	(255,530)	\$	214,565
Basic income (loss) per common share:															
Net income (loss) per share	\$	(0.09)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.01	\$	0.01	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.01
Basic weighted average common shares outstanding		30,314,522	30,020,652		28,092,945		27,052,445		26,981,813		26,929,314		26,816,550		26,718,171
Diluted income (loss) per common share:															
Net income (loss) per share	\$		\$ -	\$	-	\$	(0.04)	\$	0.01	\$	0.01	\$	(0.01)	\$	0.01
Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding		30,314,522	33,511,242		28,092,945		27,052,445		30,058,791		29,791,719		26,815,550		27,779,841

Comparison of the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Results of Operations

		Year Ended June 30,						
	_	2024		2023		\$ Change	% Change	
Revenue:								
Platforms	\$	13,956,517	\$	8,683,246	\$	5,273,271	60.7 %	
Transactions	Ψ	30,667,382	Ψ	29,020,206	Ψ.	1,647,176	5.7 %	
Total revenue	_	44,623,899	_	37,703,452	_	6,920,447	18.4 %	
Cost of revenue:								
Platforms		2,067,203		1,027,286		1,039,917	101.2 %	
Transactions		22,916,530		21,975,275		941,255	4.3 %	
Total cost of revenue		24,983,733		23,002,561		1,981,172	8.6 %	
Gross profit:								
Platforms		11,889,314		7,655,960		4,233,354	55.3 %	
Transactions		7,750,852		7,044,931		705,921	10.0 %	
Total gross profit		19,640,166		14,700,891		4,939,275	33.6 %	
Operating expenses:								
Sales and marketing		3,442,503		2,285,478		1,157,025	50.6 %	
Technology and product development		5,442,382		3,742,192		1,700,190	45.4 %	
General and administrative		8,511,697		6,654,011		1,857,686	27.9 %	
Depreciation and amortization		836,271		52,649		783,622	1,488.4 %	
Stock-based compensation expense		2,155,461		1,849,906		305,555	16.5 %	
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)		21,395		(121,953)		143,348	117.5 %	
Total operating expenses		20,409,709		14,462,283		5,947,426	41.1 %	
Income (loss) from operations		(769,543)		238,608		(1,008,151)	(422.5)%	
Other income		333,088		338,617		(5,529)	(1.6)%	
Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability		(3,237,071)				(3,237,071)	%	
Income (loss) from operations before provision for income taxes		(3,673,526)		577,225		(4,250,751)	(736.4)%	
Provision for income taxes							. /	
FIGURE OF THE COMPLETE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY		(113,071)	_	(5,602)	_	(107,469)	(1,918.4)%	
Net income (loss)	\$	(3,786,597)	\$	571,623	\$	(4,358,220)	(762.4)%	

Revenue

	Years Ended June 30,									
	2024		2023		\$ Change	% Change				
Revenue:										
Platforms	\$ 13,956,517	\$	8,683,246	\$	5,273,271	60.7 %				
Transactions	30,667,382		29,020,206		1,647,176	5.7 %				
Total revenue	\$ 44,623,899	\$	37,703,452	\$	6,920,447	18.4 %				

Total revenue increased \$6,920,447, or 18.4%, for the year ended June 30, 2024 compared to the prior year, due to the following:

Category	Imp	act	Key Drivers						
Platforms	↑	\$ 5,273,271	Increased due to additional deployments to new and existing customers, expansion						
			from existing customers and additional revenue from the ResoluteAI and Scite						
			acquisitions. Revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the subscription						
			agreement, which is typically one year for commercial customers and monthly for						
			dividual subscribers, provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.						
			Billings or payments received in advance of revenue recognition are recorded as						
			deferred revenue.						
Transactions	1	\$ 1,647,176	Increased primarily due to organic higher paid order volume and additional paid order						
			volume due to the FIZ asset acquisition.						

Cost of Revenue

	Years Ended June 30,									
	 2024		2023		\$ Change	% Change				
Cost of Revenue:	 									
Platforms	\$ 2,067,203	\$	1,027,286	\$	1,039,917	101.2 %				
Transactions	22,916,530		21,975,275		941,255	4.3 %				
Total cost of revenue	\$ 24,983,733	\$	23,002,561	\$	1,981,172	8.6 %				

	•	Years Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	% Change *
As a percentage of revenue:			
Platforms	14.8 %	11.8 %	3.0 %
Transactions	74.7 %	75.7 %	(1.0)%
Total	56.0 %	61.0 %	(5.0)%

^{*} The difference between current and prior period cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue

Total cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue decreased 5.0%, from 61.0% for the previous year to 56.0%, for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Category	Impact as per of reve		Key Drivers
Platforms	1	3.0 %	Increased primarily due to proportionally greater hosting costs from ResoluteAI.
Transactions	\downarrow	1.0 %	Decreased primarily due to higher copyright margins.

Gross Profit

		Years Ended June 30,									
	_	2024	2023			\$ Change	% Change				
Gross Profit:											
Platforms	\$	11,889,314	\$	7,655,960	\$	4,233,354	55.3 %				
Transactions		7,750,852		7,044,931		705,921	10.0 %				
Total gross profit	\$	19,640,166	\$	14,700,891	\$	4,939,275	33.6 %				

	Yea	Years Ended June 30,						
	2024	2023	% Change*					
As a percentage of revenue:								
Platforms	85.2 %	88.2 %	(3.0)%					
Transactions	25.3 %	24.3 %	1.0 %					
Total	44.0 %	39.0 %	5.0 %					

^{*} The difference between current and prior period gross profit as a percentage of revenue

Operating Expenses

	Years Ended June 30,							
	2024		2023		\$ Change	% Change		
Operating Expenses:								
Sales and marketing	\$ 3,442,503	\$	2,285,478	\$	1,157,025	50.6 %		
Technology and product development	5,442,382		3,742,192		1,700,190	45.4 %		
General and administrative	8,511,697		6,654,011		1,857,686	27.9 %		
Depreciation and amortization	836,271		52,649		783,622	1,488.4 %		
Stock-based compensation expense	2,155,461		1,849,906		305,555	16.5 %		
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)	21,395		(121,953)		143,348	117.5 %		
Total operating expenses	\$ 20,409,709	\$	14,462,283	\$	5,947,426	41.1 %		

Category	Imj	pact	Key Drivers
Sales and marketing	↑		Increased primarily due to greater personnel costs, including costs from the
			ResoluteAI and Scite transactions, and marketing discretionary spend partially offset
			by lower consulting expenses.
Technology and product	↑		Increased due to greater software development personnel costs, primarily from the
development			onboarding personnel from ResoluteAI and Scite, but also due to organic growth in
			personnel cost.
General and administrative	↑		Increased due to greater personnel costs, primarily from the onboarding of Resolute AI
			and Scite and greater legal expenses, partially offset by lower recruiting expenses.
			Greater legal expenses include proxy-related and acquisition-related costs. Greater
			personnel costs include separation costs paid to a former officer as result of the
			resolution of the proxy matter.

Provision for Income Taxes

During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 we recorded a provision for income taxes of \$113,071 and \$5,602, respectively, an increase of \$107,469, which was largely due to an increase in income tax related to our ResSol LA subsidiary.

Net Income (Loss)

	Year Ended June 30,						
	 2024		2023		\$ Change	% Change	
Net Income (Loss):	_		_		_		
Net income (loss):	\$ (3,786,597)	\$	571,623	\$	(4,358,220)	(762.4)%	

Net income decreased \$4,358,220 or 762.4%, for the year ended June 30, 2024 compared to the prior year, due to increased operating expenses, primarily in intangibles amortization and depreciation expenses associated with our acquisition accounting, and charges on our other income line related to increasing the estimated earn out liability associated with the acquisitions completed in fiscal year 2024.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

	Year Ended June 30,				
		2024		2023	
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flow Data:					
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,550,954	\$	3,383,847	
Net cash used in investing activities		(10,095,256)		(344,659)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(905,851)		(97,259)	
Effect of exchange rate changes		4,851		229	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(7,445,302)		2,942,158	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		13,545,333		10,603,175	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	6,100,031	\$	13,545,333	

Liquidity

As of June 30, 2024, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$6,100,031 compared to \$13,543,333 as of June 30, 2023, a decrease of \$7,445,302. This decrease was primarily due to cash used in investing activities, primarily related to the acquisitions completed in fiscal year 2024.

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$3,550,954 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and resulted primarily from an increase in fair value of vested restricted common stock of \$1,994,362, an increase in deferred revenue of \$921,879 and an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$560,027, partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable of \$344,020.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$3,383,847 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and resulted primarily from an increase in net income, the fair value of vested restricted common stock of \$1,418,718, an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$1,337,056 and an increase in deferred revenue of \$886,198, partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable of \$901,518.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$10,095,256 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and resulted primarily from the payment for the Scite acquisition of \$7,305,493 and the payment for the ResoluteAI acquisition of \$2,718,253.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$344,659 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and primarily from the payment for non-refundable deposit for asset acquisition of \$297,450.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was \$905,851 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and resulted from repurchase of common stock of \$554,202 and the payment of contingent acquisition consideration of \$351,649 pertaining to FIZ acquisition.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$97,259 for the year ended June 30, 2023 and resulted from the repurchase of common stock of \$104,250 and the payment of contingent acquisition consideration of \$50,509 pertaining to FIZ acquisition, partially offset by the proceeds from the exercise of options of \$57,500.

We entered into a Loan and Security Agreement with Silicon Valley Bank ("SVB") on July 23, 2010, which, as amended, provides for a revolving line of credit for the lesser of \$2,500,000, or 80% of eligible accounts receivable. The line of credit matured on February 28, 2024 and was not renewed. There were no outstanding borrowings on the line of credit at maturity and all security interests and liens related to the Loan and Security Agreement have been released.

On April 15, 2024, we entered into a Loan Agreement (the "PNC Loan Agreement") with PNC Bank, National Association ("PNC"), as lender. Pursuant to the PNC Loan Agreement, we entered into a Revolving Line of Credit Note (the "PNC Note") with PNC, which provides for a \$500,000 secured revolving line of credit that matures on April 15, 2025 and bears interest annually at the daily SOFR rate plus 2.5%, with accrued interest due and payable monthly. The PNC Note contains customary events of default including, among other things, payment defaults, material misrepresentations, breaches of covenants, revocation of guarantee, certain bankruptcy and insolvency events. There were no outstanding borrowings under the line of credit as of June 30, 2024.

Non-GAAP Measure - Adjusted EBITDA

In addition to our GAAP results, we present Adjusted EBITDA as a supplemental measure of our performance. However, Adjusted EBITDA is not a recognized measurement under GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income, income from operations or any other performance measure derived in accordance with GAAP or as an alternative to cash flow from operating activities as a measure of liquidity. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss), plus interest expense, other income (expense) including any change in fair value of contingent earnout liability, foreign currency transaction loss, provision for income taxes, depreciation and amortization, stock-based compensation, income from discontinued operations and gain on sale of discontinued operations. Management considers our core operating performance to be that which our managers can affect in any particular period through their management of the resources that affect our underlying revenue and profit generating operations that period. Non-GAAP adjustments to our results prepared in accordance with GAAP are itemized below. You are encouraged to evaluate these adjustments and the reasons we consider them appropriate for supplemental analysis. In evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we may incur expenses that are the same as or similar to some of the adjustments in this presentation. Our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or non-recurring items.

Set forth below is a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to net income (loss) for the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Years Ended June 30,						
		2024		2023		\$ Change	% Change
Net income (loss)	\$	(3,786,597)	\$	571,623	\$	(4,358,220)	(762.4)%
Add (deduct):							
Other (income) expense		2,903,983		(338,617)		3,242,600	957.6 %
Foreign currency transaction loss (gain)		21,395		(121,953)		143,348	117.5 %
Provision for income taxes		113,071		5,602		107,469	1,918.4 %
Depreciation and amortization		836,271		52,649		783,622	1,488.4 %
Stock-based compensation		2,155,461		1,849,906		305,555	16.5 %
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	2,243,584	\$	2,019,210	\$	224,374	11.1 %

We present Adjusted EBITDA because we believe it assists investors and analysts in comparing our performance across reporting periods on a consistent basis by excluding items that we do not believe are indicative of our core operating performance. In addition, we use Adjusted EBITDA in developing our internal budgets, forecasts and strategic plan; in analyzing the effectiveness of our business strategies in evaluating potential acquisitions; and in making compensation decisions and in communications with our board of directors concerning our financial performance. Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, which includes, among others, the following:

- · Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect our cash expenditures, or future requirements, for capital expenditures or contractual commitments;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, our working capital needs;
- Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect interest expense, or the cash requirements necessary to service interest or principal payments, on our debts; and
- although depreciation and amortization are non-cash charges, the assets being depreciated and amortized will often have to be replaced in
 the future, and Adjusted EBITDA does not reflect any cash requirements for such replacements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

For information about recently issued accounting standards, refer to Note 2 to our Consolidated Financial Statements appearing elsewhere in this report.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Not required.

Item 8. Financial Statements

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries Henderson, Nevada

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the "Company") as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income (loss), changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements"). In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) ("PCAOB") and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audit, we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of the critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Valuation of Developed Technology Asset Acquired and Contingent Earnout Liability Related to Acquisitions of ResoluteAI and Scite

As described in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, in July 2023 and December 2023, the Company completed the acquisitions of ResoluteAI and Scite, respectively, for total consideration of \$25.9 million, including contingent consideration of \$9 million. In connection with the acquisitions, the Company acquired \$10.9 million of intangible assets, including \$10.8 million for developed technology assets. The developed technology assets were valued using the multi-

period excess earnings method under the income approach. The present value of projected future cash flows included significant judgment and assumptions regarding projected future revenues, projected expenses, and the discount rate for the technology asset. The fair value of the contingent earnout liability is calculated using Monte Carlo simulation based on corresponding projected recurring revenue, as defined in the acquisition agreements.

We identified the valuation of the acquired developed technology assets and the contingent earnout liabilities in connection with the acquisitions of ResoluteAI and Scite as a critical audit matter because of the significant judgement by management when developing the fair value estimate of the developed technology assets acquired and the contingent earnout liability. This required a high degree of auditor judgment and an increased extent of effort, when performing procedures to evaluate the reasonableness of management's assumptions related to projected future revenues, projected expenses, and the discount rate for the technology asset.

The primary procedures we performed to address this critical audit matter included:

- We evaluated the appropriateness of the valuation methods used to determine the respective fair values.
- We assessed the reasonableness of forecasted revenue and costs including comparing the forecasts prepared by management to historical revenue and costs.
- We performed procedures to verify the mathematical accuracy of the calculations used by management.
- We examined the acquisition agreements to identify relevant terms of the acquisitions.
- We assessed the appropriateness of the presentation and disclosure of these accounting elements in the financial statements.

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2006.

/s/ Weinberg and Company, P.A Los Angeles, California September 20, 2024 PCAOB ID: 572

Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets

	June 30, 2024			June 30, 2023
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,100,031	\$	13,545,333
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$68,579 and \$85,015, respectively		6,879,800		6,153,063
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		643,553		400,340
Prepaid royalties		1,067,237		1,202,678
Total current assets		14,690,621		21,301,414
Non-current assets:				
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$922,558 and \$881,908, respectively		88,011		70,193
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,535,310 and \$747,355, respectively (\$8,343,056				
provisional)		10,764,261		462,068
Goodwill (\$13,171,486 provisional)		16,315,888		_
Deposits and other assets		981		1,052
Total assets	\$	41,859,762	\$	21,834,727
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	8,843,612	\$	8,079,516
Deferred revenue	-	9,023,848	_	6,424,724
Total current liabilities	_	17,867,460	_	14,504,240
Non-current liabilities:				
Contingent earnout liability		12,298,114		_
Total liabilities		30,165,574		14,504,240
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock; \$0.001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding		_		_
Common stock; \$0.001 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 32,295,373 and 29,487,508 shares issued		22 20 5		20.40=
and outstanding, respectively		32,295		29,487
Additional paid-in capital		38,089,958		29,941,873
Accumulated deficit		(26,309,246)		(22,522,649)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	_	(118,819)	_	(118,224)
Total stockholders' equity	_	11,694,188	_	7,330,487
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	41,859,762	\$	21,834,727

Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

		Years Jun	Ended	ed		
	_	2024		2023		
Revenue:						
Platforms	\$	13,956,517	\$	8,683,246		
Transactions	Ψ	30,667,382	Ψ	29,020,206		
Total revenue	_	44,623,899	_	37,703,452		
Cost of revenue:						
Platforms		2,067,203		1,027,286		
Transactions		22,916,530		21,975,275		
Total cost of revenue	_	24,983,733		23,002,561		
Gross profit	_	19,640,166		14,700,891		
Operating expenses:						
Selling, general and administrative		19,573,438		14,409,634		
Depreciation and amortization		836,271		52,649		
Total operating expenses		20,409,709		14,462,283		
Income (loss) from operations		(769,543)		238,608		
()		(, 5, 5, 10)				
Other income		333,088		338,617		
Change in fair value of contingent earnout liability		(3,237,071)				
Income (loss) from operations before provision for income taxes		(3,673,526)		577,225		
Provision for income taxes		(113,071)		(5,602)		
N. C. A. A.	_	(2.504.505)		551 (00		
Net income (loss)		(3,786,597)		571,623		
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Foreign currency translation		(595)		3,717		
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(3,787,192)	\$	575,340		
Basic income (loss) per common share:						
Net income (loss) per share	\$	(0.13)	\$	0.02		
Weighted average common shares outstanding		28,863,949		26,860,761		
Diluted income (loss) per common share:						
Net income (loss) per share	\$	(0.13)	\$	0.02		
Weighted average common shares outstanding		28,863,949		29,139,759		

Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	Common Shares	Stock Amoun	<u>t</u>	Additional Paid-in Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Other Comprehensive Loss	St	Total ockholders' Equity
Balance, July 1, 2022	27,075,648	\$ 27,07	6	\$ 28,072,855	\$ (23,094,272)	\$ (121,941)	\$	4,883,718
Fair value of vested stock options	_	-	-	375,189	_	_		375,189
Fair value of vested restricted common stock	2,354,834	2,35	5	1,416,363	_	_		1,418,718
Forfeited restricted common stock	(65,165)	(6	5)	65	_	_		_
Fair value of vested unrestricted common stock	36,509	3	6	68,236	_	_		68,272
Repurchase of common stock	(51,841)	(5	(2)	(104,198)	_	_		(104,250)
Common stock issued upon exercise of stock options	137,523	13	7	57,363	_	_		57,500
Modification cost of stock options	_	-	_	56,000	_	_		56,000
Net income for the period	_	-	_	_	571,623	_		571,623
Foreign currency translation						3,717		3,717
Balance, June 30, 2023	29,487,508	29,48	7	29,941,873	(22,522,649)	(118,224)		7,330,487
Fair value of vested stock options	_	-	_	140,150	_	_		140,150
Fair value of vested restricted common stock	405,000	40	5	1,993,957	_	_		1,994,362
Forfeited restricted common stock	(200,000)	(20	0)	200	_	_		_
Repurchase of common stock	(198,383)	(19	(8)	(554,004)	_	_		(554,202)
Common stock issued upon exercise of stock options	72,234	7	2	(72)	_	_		_
Common stock issued for acquisition of Scite	2,729,014	2,72	9	6,546,905	_	_		6,549,634
Modification cost of accelerated vesting of restricted common stock	_	_	_	20,949	_	_		20,949
Net loss for the period	_	-	_	_	(3,786,597)	_		(3,786,597)
Foreign currency translation			_			(595)		(595)
Balance, June 30, 2024	32,295,373	\$ 32,29	5	\$ 38,089,958	\$ (26,309,246)	\$ (118,819)	\$	11,694,188

Research Solutions, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

		Years Ended June 30,		
		2024		2023
Cash flow from operating activities:				
Net income (loss)	\$	(3,786,597)	\$	571,623
Adjustment to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:	*	(=,, ==,=, -,)	Ť	0.1,020
Depreciation and amortization		836,271		52,649
Fair value of vested stock options		140,150		375,189
Fair value of vested restricted common stock		1,994,362		1,418,718
Fair value of vested unrestricted common stock				68,272
Modification cost of accelerated vesting of restricted common stock		20,949		56,000
Adjustment to contingent earnout liability		3,237,071		_
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		, ,		
Accounts receivable		(344,020)		(901,518)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(164,579)		(124,314)
Prepaid royalties		135,441		(356,026)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		560,027		1,337,056
Deferred revenue		921,879		886,198
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,550,954		3,383,847
1 7 1 0			_	
Cash flow from investing activities:				
Purchase of property and equipment		(71,510)		(47,209)
Payment for acquisition of Resolute, net of cash acquired		(2,718,253)		
Payment for acquisition of Scite, net of cash acquired		(7,305,493)		_
Payment for non-refundable deposit for asset acquisition				(297,450)
Net cash used in investing activities		(10,095,256)		(344,659)
<u> </u>				
Cash flow from financing activities:				
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options		_		57,500
Common stock repurchase		(554,202)		(104,250)
Payment of contingent acquisition consideration		(351,649)		(50,509)
Net cash used in financing activities		(905,851)		(97,259)
g		(111)11	_	(1) (1)
Effect of exchange rate changes		4,851		229
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(7,445,302)		2,942,158
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		13,545,333		10,603,175
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	6,100,031	\$	13,545,333
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		0,100,021	Ť	15,6 10,555
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:				
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	113,071	\$	5,602
cush para tot moonte unos	Ψ	115,071	Ψ	5,002
Non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Contingent consideration accrual on asset acquisition	\$	32,022	\$	138,428
Comingent consideration accrual on asset acquisition	\$	32,022	Φ	138,428

RESEARCH SOLUTIONS, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Note 1. Organization, Nature of Business and Basis of Presentation

Organization

Research Solutions, Inc. (the "Company," "Research Solutions," "we," "us" or "our") was incorporated in the State of Nevada on November 2, 2006, and is a publicly traded holding company with five wholly owned subsidiaries as of June 30, 2024: Reprints Desk, Inc., a Delaware corporation, including its wholly owned subsidiary Resolute Innovation, Inc., a Delaware corporation, Scite, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, Reprints Desk Latin America S. de R.L. de C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico, and RESSOL LA, S. DE R.L. DE C.V., an entity organized under the laws of Mexico.

Nature of Business

We provide software and related services to help research intensive organizations save time and money. We offer various software platforms ("Platform" or "Platforms") that are typically sold to corporate, academic, government and individual researchers as cloud-based software-as-a-service ("SaaS") via auto-renewing license agreements. Corporate, academic, and government customers typically sign up under annual agreements. Individual researchers can sign up under an annual or a month-to-month agreement and are typically billed monthly. Our Platforms also facilitate the sale of published scientific, technical, and medical ("STM") content sold as individual articles ("Transactions") either stand alone or via one or more of the research Platform solutions we provide. When one or more of the Platform solutions are used to purchase Transactions, customers pay for those transactions through monthly billing or via credit card for individual researchers. Our Platforms enable life science and other research-intensive organizations to accelerate their research and development activities through our advanced discovery tools (i.e. search), tools to access and buy STM articles required to support their research (i.e. acquire), as well as tools that manage that content across the enterprise and on an individual basis (i.e. manage). The Platforms typically deliver an ROI to the customer by reducing the amount of time it takes a research organization to find, acquire and manage content, in addition to also driving down the ultimate cost per article over time.

Platforms

Our cloud-based SaaS Platforms consist of proprietary software and Internet-based interfaces sold to customers through an annual or monthly subscription fee. Legacy functionality falls into three areas.

Discover – These solutions facilitate search (discovery) across virtually all STM articles available. The solutions we offer include free (basic) search solutions and advanced search tools like the Resolute.ai and scite.ai products. These tools allow for searching and identifying relevant research and then purchasing that research through one of our other solutions. In addition, these tools increasingly enable users to find insights in other datasets adjacent to STM content, such as Clinical Trial, Patent, Life Science & MedTech Regulatory information, Competitor and Technology landscape insights in addition to searching the customer's internal datasets. The advanced search solutions are sold through a seat, enterprise, or individual license. Our Platform is deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platform through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within in-house and third-party software systems. The Platform can also be configured to satisfy a customer's individual preferences. We leverage our Platform's efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and competitive advantage.

Acquire – Our Article Galaxy® ("AG") solution allows for research organizations to load their entitlements (subscriptions, discount or token packages, and their existing library of articles) and AG manages those entitlements in the background enabling the researchers to focus on acquiring articles they need quickly and efficiently at the lowest possible cost. When used in conjunction with our discovery Platforms, customers can initiate orders, route orders based on the lowest cost to acquire, obtain spend and usage reporting, automate authentication, and connect seamlessly to in-house and third-party software systems.

Manage – Our References solution allows users to access the article inside the Platform including setting up personal folders or team folders and allows researchers to markup and take notes on the articles in a supported browser on a desktop or tablet.

We use Artificial Intelligence ("AI") in several parts of the research workflow today and will continually add capability as we move forward. Today we offer an AI based recommendation engine in our Discover, Acquire, and Manage Platform solutions. We also offer an AI based "assistant" in some of our solutions to allow the researcher to ask questions about articles, groups of articles (folders), and more. We also have the capability to provide full text search on STM content in the scite.ai Platform where the publisher gives us the rights to do so.

Using Resolute.ai and scite.ai technology, we plan to release several new Platform solutions to enhance the research workflows described above and add new solutions to support the analysis functions that exist in our typical customer base.

Our Platforms are deployed as a single, multi-tenant system across our entire customer base. Customers securely access the Platform through online web interfaces and via web service APIs that enable customers to leverage Platform features and functionality from within in-house and third-party software systems. The Platform can also be configured to satisfy a customer's individual preferences. We leverage our Platform efficiencies in scalability, stability and development costs to fuel rapid innovation and to gain a competitive advantage.

Transactions

We provide our researchers with a single source to the universe of published STM content that includes over 100 million existing STM articles and over 2 to 4 million newly published STM articles each year. STM content is sold to our customers on a per transaction basis. Researchers and knowledge workers in life science and other research-intensive organizations generally require single copies of published STM journal articles for use in their research activities. These individuals are our primary users and while they typically purchase the articles via one of our Platform solutions, we do have some customers that just order articles from us on behalf of end-users in their organizations.

Core to many of our Platform solutions is providing our customers with ways to find and download digital versions of STM articles that are critical to their research. Customers submit orders for the articles they need which we source and electronically deliver to them generally in under an hour; in most cases under one minute. This service is generally known in the industry as single article delivery or document delivery. We also obtain the necessary permission licenses from the content publisher or other rights holder so that our customer's use complies with applicable copyright laws. We have arrangements with hundreds of content publishers that allow us to distribute their content. The majority of these publishers provide us with electronic access to their content, which allows us to electronically deliver single articles to our customers often in a matter of minutes. While a vast majority of the articles are available in electronic form, the Company also has workflows to deliver older paper-based articles through relationships we have built with libraries around the world.

Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying financial statements are consolidated and include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

These estimates and assumptions include estimates for reserves of uncollectible accounts, accruals for potential liabilities, assumptions made in valuing equity instruments issued for services or acquisitions, and realization of deferred tax assets.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company defines cash equivalents as all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less. In all periods presented, cash equivalents consist primarily of money market funds.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Under Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, fair value is defined as the price at which an asset could be exchanged or a liability transferred in a transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability. Where available, fair value is based on observable market prices or parameters or derived from such prices or parameters. Where observable prices or parameters are not available, valuation models are applied. A fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value into three broad levels as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs, other than the quoted prices in active markets, are observable either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs based on the Company's assumptions.

The Company is required to use observable market data if such data is available without undue cost and effort. The Company has no fair value items required to be disclosed as of June 30, 2023 under these requirements.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, the Company's assets and liabilities at fair value as of June 30, 2024:

	Year ended June 30, 2024									
	Le	Level 1 Level 2				Level 3		Total		
Assets										
Total assets	\$		\$		\$		\$			
Liabilities										
Contingent earnout liability	\$	_		_	\$	12,298,114	\$	12,298,114		
Total liabilities	\$		\$		\$	12,298,114	\$	12,298,114		

Our contingent earnout liability related to acquisitions, which are further discussed in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, are in the "Level 3" category for valuation purposes.

The carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities, such as cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable, approximate their fair values because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Allowance for Credit Losses

The Company's trade accounts receivable are recorded at amounts billed to customers and presented on the balance sheet net of the allowance for estimated credit losses. The Company evaluates the collectability of its trade accounts receivable based on a number of factors. In circumstances where the Company becomes aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations to the Company, a specific reserve for bad debts is estimated and recorded, which reduces the recognized receivable to the estimated amount the Company believes will ultimately be collected. In addition to specific customer identification of potential bad debts, bad debt charges are recorded based on the Company's historical losses and an overall assessment of past due trade accounts receivable outstanding. The Company established an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$68,579 and \$85,015 as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments, which potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk, consist of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company places its cash with high quality financial institutions and at times may exceed the FDIC \$250,000 insurance limit. The Company does not anticipate incurring any losses related to these credit risks. The Company extends credit based on an evaluation of the customer's financial condition, generally without collateral. Exposure to losses on receivables is principally dependent on each customer's financial condition. The Company monitors its exposure for credit losses and intends to maintain allowances for anticipated losses, as required.

Cash denominated in Euros and British Pounds with an aggregate US Dollar equivalent of \$294,145 and \$1,760,323 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, was held in accounts at financial institutions located in Europe.

The Company has no customers that represent 10% of revenue or more for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The Company has no customers that represent 10% of accounts receivable at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The following table summarizes our content costs from our vendors:

	Year : Jun	Ended e 30,
	2024	2023
Vendor A	26 %	23 %
Vendor B	10 %	13 %

Property and Equipment

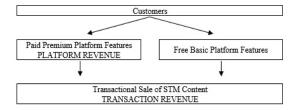
Property and equipment are stated at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 7 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the useful lives of the related assets, or the lease term. Expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred while renewals and betterments are capitalized. Gains and losses on disposals are included in the consolidated statements of operations.

Management assesses the carrying value of property and equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If there is indication of impairment, management prepares an estimate of future cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. If these cash flows are less than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized to write down the asset to its estimated fair value. For the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company did not recognize any impairments for its property and equipment.

Revenue Recognition

The Company accounts for revenue in accordance with ASU 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606), ("ASC 606"). The underlying principle of ASC 606 is to recognize revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers at the amount expected to be collected.

Revenues are recognized when control of the promised goods or services are transferred to a customer, in an amount that reflects the consideration that the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods or services. The Company derives its revenues from two sources: annual licenses that allow customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our cloud-based SaaS research intelligence platform ("Platform" and "Platforms") and the transactional sale of STM content managed, sourced and delivered through the Platform ("Transactions").



The Company applies the following five steps in order to determine the appropriate amount of revenue to be recognized as it fulfills its obligations under each of its agreements:

- identify the contract with a customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to performance obligations in the contract; and
- recognize revenue as the performance obligation is satisfied.

Platforms

We charge a subscription fee that allows customers to access and utilize certain premium features of our Platform. Revenue is recognized ratably over the term of the subscription agreement, which is typically one year, provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met. Billings or payments received in advance of revenue recognition are recorded as deferred revenue.

Transactions

We charge a transactional service fee for the electronic delivery of single articles, and a corresponding copyright fee for the permitted use of the content. We recognize revenue from single article delivery services upon delivery to the customer provided all other revenue recognition criteria have been met.

Revenue by Geographical Region

The following table summarizes revenue by geographical region:

	Year Ended June 30,								
	 2024			2023					
United States	\$ 26,481,085	59.3 %	\$	21,862,582	58.0 %				
Europe	13,962,285	31.3 %		12,716,650	33.7 %				
Rest of World	4,180,529	9.4 %		3,124,220	8.3 %				
Total	\$ 44,623,899	100 %	\$	37,703,452	100 %				

Accounts Receivable by Geographical Region

The following table summarizes accounts receivable by geographical region:

	Year Ended June 30,								
	 2024			2023					
United States	\$ 4,125,696	60.0 %	\$	3,727,977	60.6 %				
Europe	2,082,900	30.2 %		1,763,044	28.6 %				
Rest of World	671,204	9.8 %		662,042	10.8 %				
Total	\$ 6,879,800	100 %	\$	6,153,063	100 %				

Deferred Revenue

Contract liabilities, such as deferred revenue, exist where the Company has the obligation to transfer services to a customer for which the entity has received consideration, or when the consideration is due, from the customer.

Cash payments received or due in advance of performance are recorded as deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is primarily comprised of cloud-based software subscriptions which are generally billed in advance. The deferred revenue balance is presented as a current liability on the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

Cost of Revenue

Platforms

Cost of Platform revenue consists primarily of personnel costs of our operations team, and to a lesser extent managed hosting providers and other third-party service and data providers.

Transactions

Cost of Transaction revenue consists primarily of the respective copyright fee for the permitted use of the content, less a discount in most cases, and to a much lesser extent, personnel costs of our operations team and third-party service providers.

Segment reporting

The Company operates in a single segment based on how the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") views and evaluates the Company's operations in making operational and strategic decisions and assessments of financial performance. The Company's President has been identified as the CODM.

Business Combinations

The Company allocates the fair value of purchase consideration to the tangible assets acquired, liabilities assumed, and separately identified intangible assets acquired based on their estimated fair values. The excess of the fair value of purchase consideration over the fair values of these identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Such valuations require management to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially with respect to intangible assets. Significant estimates in valuing certain intangible assets include, but are not limited to, future expected cash flows from acquired technology, and customer relationships, useful lives, and discount rates. Management's estimates of fair value are based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable, but which are inherently uncertain and unpredictable and, as a result, actual results may differ from estimates. During the measurement period, which can be up to one year from the acquisition date, the Company may record adjustments to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed, with the corresponding offset to goodwill. Upon the conclusion of the measurement period, any subsequent adjustments are recorded in the consolidated statements of operations.

Intangible Assets

The Company has certain intangible assets that were initially recorded at their fair value at the time of acquisition. The finite-lived intangible assets consist of customer relationships, and developed technology. Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life of three to ten years.

The Company reviews all finite-lived intangible assets for impairment when circumstances indicate that their carrying values may not be recoverable. If the carrying value of an asset group is not recoverable, the Company recognizes an impairment loss for the excess carrying value over the fair value in our consolidated statements of operations.

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of purchase price and related costs over the value assigned to the net tangible and identifiable intangible assets of the business acquired. As of June 30, 2024, goodwill that arose from acquisitions of ResoluteAI and Scite (see Note 9) was \$16,315,888. Under ASC 350 Intangibles-Goodwill and Other, goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives are not amortized, but instead are tested for impairment annually, or whenever events or circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The Company's impairment testing is performed annually at June 30. Impairment of goodwill and indefinite lived intangible assets is determined by comparing the fair value of the Company's reporting unit to the carrying value of the underlying net assets in the reporting unit. If the fair value of the reporting unit is determined to be less than the carrying value of its net assets, goodwill is deemed impaired and an impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the carrying value of goodwill exceeds the difference between the fair value of the reporting unit and the fair value of its other assets and liabilities.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company periodically issues stock options, warrants and restricted stock to employees and non-employees for services, in capital raising transactions, and for financing costs. The Company accounts for share-based payments under the guidance as set forth in the Share-Based Payment Topic 718 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which requires the measurement and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards made to employees, officers, directors, and consultants, including employee stock options, based on estimated fair values. The Company estimates the fair value of stock option and warrant awards to employees and directors on the date of grant using an option-pricing model, and the value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the required service period in the Company's Statements of Operations. The Company estimates the fair value of the portion of the award that is ultimately expected to vest is recognized as expense over the required service period in the Company's Statements of Operations.

Under ASC 718, Repurchase or Cancellation of equity awards, the amount of cash or other assets transferred (or liabilities incurred) to repurchase an equity award shall be charged to equity, to the extent that the amount paid does not exceed the fair value of the equity instruments repurchased at the repurchase date. Any excess of the repurchase price over the fair value of the instruments repurchased shall be recognized as additional compensation cost.

Foreign Currency

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented in United States dollars, the functional currency of the Company. Capital accounts of foreign subsidiaries are translated into US Dollars from foreign currency at their historical exchange rates when the capital transactions occurred. Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rate as of the balance sheet date. Income and expenditures are translated at the average exchange rate of the period. Although the majority of our revenue and costs are in US dollars, the costs of Reprints Desk Latin America and ResSoL LA are in Mexican Pesos. As a result, currency exchange fluctuations may impact our revenue and the costs of our operations. We currently do not engage in any currency hedging activities.

Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions, which result from a change in exchange rates between the functional currency and the currency in which a foreign currency transaction is denominated, are included in selling, general and administrative expenses and amounted to a loss of \$21,395 and a gain of \$121,953 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Cash denominated in Euros and British Pounds with an aggregate US Dollar equivalent of \$294,145 and \$1,760,323 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, was held in accounts at financial institutions located in Europe.

The following table summarizes the exchange rates used:

	Year Er June 3	
	2024	2023
Period end Euro: US Dollar exchange rate	1.07	1.09
Average period Euro: US Dollar exchange rate	1.08	1.05
Period end GBP: US Dollar exchange rate	1.26	1.27
Average period GBP: US Dollar exchange rate	1.26	1.20
Period end Mexican Peso: US Dollar exchange rate	0.05	0.06
Average period Mexican Peso: US Dollar exchange rate	0.06	0.05

Net Income (Loss) Per Share

Basic net income (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period, excluding shares of unvested restricted common stock. Shares of restricted stock are included in the basic weighted average number of common shares outstanding from the time they vest. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net income applicable to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the number of additional common shares that would have been outstanding if all dilutive potential common shares had been issued, using the treasury stock method. Shares of restricted stock are included in the diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding from the date they are granted. Potential common shares are excluded from the computation when their effect is antidilutive. At June 30, 2024 potentially dilutive securities include options to acquire 2,788,625 shares of common stock and unvested restricted common stock of 1,957,726. At June 30, 2023 potentially dilutive securities include options to acquire 2,909,574 shares of common stock and unvested restricted common stock of 2,477,794. The dilutive effect of potentially dilutive securities is reflected in diluted net income per share if the exercise prices were lower than the average fair market value of common shares during the reporting period.

Basic and diluted net loss per common share is the same for the year ended June 30, 2024 because all stock options, warrants, and unvested restricted common stock are anti-dilutive. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the calculation of diluted earnings per share include unvested restricted common stock, stock options and warrants, calculated under the treasury stock method.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences, and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary

differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2023, FASB issued ASU 2024-01 to amend the guidance in ASC 718 Compensation—Stock Compensation (Topic 718). Some entities compensate employees or other service providers by granting profits interest awards, which generally give the grantee an opportunity to participate in future profits and/or equity appreciation of the entity but do not give them rights to existing net assets of the entity. ASU 2024-01 adds an example showing how to apply the scope guidance in ASC 718 to determine whether profits interests and similar awards should be accounted for as share-based payment arrangements. The ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024, with early adoption permitted. The Company does not currently anticipate that the guidance will have a material impact on its financial statements.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosure, which is intended to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expense categories that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and included in each reported measure of a segment's profit or loss. The update also requires all annual disclosures about a reportable segment's profit or loss and assets to be provided in interim periods and for entities with a single reportable segment to provide all the disclosures required by ASC 280, Segment Reporting, including the significant segment expense disclosures. This standard will be effective for the Company on July 1, 2024 and interim periods beginning in fiscal year 2025, with early adoption permitted. The updates required by this standard should be applied retrospectively to all periods presented in the financial statements. The Company does not expect this standard to have a material impact on its results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

Note 3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Computer equipment	\$ 687,307	\$ 628,200
Software	282,080	282,080
Furniture and fixtures	41,182	41,821
Total	1,010,569	952,101
Less accumulated depreciation	(922,558)	(881,908)
Net, Property and equipment	\$ 88,011	\$ 70,193

Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$48,316 and \$28,329, respectively.

Note 4. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of developed technology and customer relationships acquired in the acquisition of ResoluteAI effective July 28, 2023 and Scite effective December 1, 2023, and are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. The developed technology and customer relationships are being amortized over the estimated average useful lives of 3 to 10 years. The Company does not have any intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives. Amortization expense for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$787,955 and \$24,320, respectively. Amortization expense expected to be recognized is approximately \$1,170,000 annually in 2025 through 2029 and approximately \$4,930,000 thereafter.

Intangible assets consist of the following as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Developed technology	\$ 10,800,000	\$ _
Customer relationships	170,000	_
Customer lists	1,313,146	1,192,998
Intellectual property licenses	16,425	16,425
Total	12,299,571	1,209,423
Less accumulated amortization	(1,535,310)	(747,355)
Net, Intangible assets	\$ 10,764,261	\$ 462,068

Note 5. Line of Credit

On April 15, 2024, the Company entered into a Loan Agreement (the "PNC Loan Agreement") with PNC Bank, National Association ("PNC"), as lender. Pursuant to the PNC Loan Agreement, the Company entered into a Revolving Line of Credit Note (the "PNC Note") with PNC, which provides for a \$500,000 secured revolving line of credit that matures on April 15, 2025 and bears interest annually at the daily SOFR rate plus 2.5%, with accrued interest due and payable monthly. The PNC Note contains customary events of default including, among other things, payment defaults, material misrepresentations, breaches of covenants, revocation of guarantee, certain bankruptcy and insolvency events. There were no outstanding borrowings under the line of credit as of June 30, 2024.

The Company entered into a Loan and Security Agreement with Silicon Valley Bank ("SVB") on July 23, 2010, which, as amended, provides for a revolving line of credit for the lesser of \$2,500,000, or 80% of eligible accounts receivable. The line of credit matured on February 28, 2024 and was not renewed. There were no outstanding borrowings on the line of credit at maturity and all security interests and liens related to the Loan and Security Agreement have been released.

Note 6. Stockholders' Equity

Stock Options

In December 2007, we established the 2007 Equity Compensation Plan (the "2007 Plan") and in November 2017 we established the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2017 Plan"), collectively (the "Plans"). The Plans were approved by our board of directors and stockholders. The purpose of the Plans is to grant stock and options to purchase our common stock, and other incentive awards, to our employees, directors and key consultants. On November 10, 2016, the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2007 Plan increased from 5,000,000 to 7,000,000. On November 21, 2017, the Company's stockholders approved the adoption of the 2017 Plan (previously adopted by our board of directors on September 14, 2017), which authorized a maximum of 1,874,513 shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2017 Plan. On November 17, 2020, the Company's stockholders approved an increase in the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan from 2,374,513 to 3,374,513. On November 17, 2021, the Company's stockholders approved an increase in the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan from 3,374,513 to 6,874,513. Upon adoption of the 2017 Plan we ceased granting incentive awards under the 2007 Plan and commenced granting incentive awards under the 2017 Plan. The shares of our common stock underlying cancelled and forfeited awards issued under the 2017 Plan may again become available for grant under the 2017 Plan. Cancelled and forfeited awards issued under the 2007 Plan that were cancelled or forfeited prior to November 21, 2017 became available for grant under the 2007 Plan. As of June 30, 2024, there were 1,037,993 shares available for grant under the 2017 Plan, and no shares were available for grant under the 2007 Plan. All incentive stock award grants prior to the adoption of the 2017 Plan on November 21, 2017 were made under the 2007 Plan, and all incentive stock award grants after the adoption of the 2017 Plan on November 21, 2017 were made under the 2017 Plan.

The majority of awards issued under the Plan vest immediately or over three years, with a one year cliff vesting period, and have a term of ten years. Stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date, based on the fair value of the awards that are ultimately expected to vest, and recognized on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period.

The following table summarizes vested and unvested stock option activity:

	All Options			Vested Options			Unvested	Options												
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise ares Price		Average Exercise		Average Exercise		Average Exercise		Average Exercise		Average Exercise		Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price		Average Exercise		Weighted Average Exercise Price	
Outstanding at July 1, 2022	3,182,872	\$	1.79	2,999,974	\$	1.75	182,898	\$	2.49											
Granted	200,000		2.15	_		_	200,000		2.15											
Options vesting	_		_	336,834		2.28	(336,834)		2.28											
Exercised	(307,298)		1.31	(307,298)		1.31	_		_											
Forfeited	(166,000)		1.81	(163,917)		1.79	(2,083)		3.92											
Outstanding at June 30, 2023	2,909,574	\$	1.87	2,865,593	\$	1.86	43,981	\$	2.47											
Granted	257,934		2.73	_		_	257,934		2.73											
Options vesting	_		_	42,729		2.47	(42,729)		2.47											
Exercised	(373,883)		1.99	(373,883)		1.99	_		_											
Forfeited	(5,000)		2.67	(4,583)		2.67	(417)		2.67											
Outstanding at June 30, 2024	2,788,625	\$	1.93	2,529,856	\$	1.85	258,769	\$	2.73											

The following table presents the assumptions used to estimate the fair values based upon a Black-Scholes option pricing model of the stock options granted during the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

	Years En June 30	
	2024	2023
Expected dividend yield	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Risk-free interest rate	4.00 %	3.76 %
Expected life (in years)	5	5
Expected volatility	50 %	56 %

The weighted average remaining contractual life of all options outstanding as of June 30, 2024 was 5.08 years. The remaining contractual life for options vested and exercisable at June 30, 2024 was 4.63 years. Furthermore, the aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding as of June 30, 2024 was \$1,920,882, and the aggregate intrinsic value of options vested and exercisable as of June 30, 2024 was \$1,920,582, in each case based on the fair value of the Company's common stock on June 30, 2024.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company granted 257,934 options to directors with a fair value of \$340,473 which amount will be amortized over the vesting period. The total fair value of options that vested during the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$140,150 and was included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying statement of operations. As of June 30, 2024, the amount of unvested compensation related to the unvested options was \$256,321 which will be recorded as an expense in future periods as the options vest. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company issued 72,234 net shares of common stock upon the exercise of options underlying 373,883 shares of common stock.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Company granted 200,000 options to directors with a fair value of \$222,000 which, due to immediate vesting, were fully expensed at the time of grant. The total fair value of options that vested during the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$375,189 and was included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying statement of operations. As of June 30, 2023, the amount of unvested compensation related to the unvested options was \$56,577 which will be recorded as an expense in future periods as the options vest. During the year

ended June 30, 2023, the Company issued 137,523 net shares of common stock upon the exercise of options underlying 307,298 shares of common stock, resulting in net cash proceeds of \$57,500.

Additional information regarding stock options outstanding and exercisable as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Option Exercise Price	Options Outstanding	Remaining Contractual Life (in years)	Options Exercisable
\$	0.70	225,000	1.43	225,000
	0.77	25,000	0.13	25,000
	0.80	16,000	1.14	16,000
	0.90	15,000	1.10	15,000
	1.00	15,000	0.69	15,000
	1.05	305,000	2.15	305,000
	1.09	40,000	1.90	40,000
	1.10	105,000	1.00	105,000
	1.20	247,000	3.39	247,000
	1.59	25,000	3.86	25,000
	2.10	238,767	7.61	238,767
	2.13	216,708	6.39	216,708
	2.15	200,000	8.45	200,000
	2.17	35,955	6.87	35,955
	2.19	5,000	7.56	4,165
	2.40	284,000	4.38	284,000
	2.43	61,250	6.93	61,250
	2.45	89,500	6.10	89,500
	2.49	78,435	5.92	78,435
	2.50	20,000	4.88	20,000
	2.64	30,882	7.10	30,882
	2.67	28,194	7.22	28,194
	2.73	257,934	9.44	_
	2.99	8,000	5.87	8,000
	3.13	208,000	5.37	208,000
	3.50	8,000	5.62	8,000
Total		2,788,625		2,529,856

Restricted Common Stock

Prior to July 1, 2022, the Company issued 2,829,758 shares of restricted common stock to employees valued at \$3,836,194, of which \$3,060,741 had been recognized as an expense. As of June 30, 2022, 400,092 of these shares with a grant date fair value of \$775,453 had not yet vested.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Company issued an additional 2,354,834 shares of restricted stock to employees with an aggregate fair value of \$3,478,878. Of this amount, 229,834 shares vest over a three year period, with a one year cliff vesting period, and remain subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met and 25,000 shares vest over a four year period, with a one year cliff vesting period, and remain subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met. The aggregate fair value of these stock awards was \$503,478 based on the market price of our common stock price ranging from \$1.94 to \$2.22 per share on the date of grant, which will be amortized over the range of three and four-year vesting periods. The remaining 2,100,000 shares were granted, under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP").

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company issued an additional 405,000 shares of restricted stock to employees with an aggregate fair value of \$925,900. Of this amount, 155,000 shares vest over a three-year period, with a one-year cliff vesting period, and remain subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met. The aggregate fair value

of these stock awards was \$417,700 based on the market price of our common stock ranging from \$2.24 to \$2.73 per share on the date of grant, which will be amortized over the range of a three-year vesting period. The remaining 250,000 shares were granted, under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with the LTEBP.

The LTEBP replaced the previous restricted stock compensation program for executives. It spans 5 years and is designed to better serve stockholder interests by aligning key executive compensation with stockholder value. Awards under the LTEBP will vest as follows, upon the 30-day volume weighted average price (VWAP) of our common stock reaching the following targets:

- 20% at a 30-day VWAP of \$3.00 per share;
- 20% at a 30-day VWAP of \$3.75 per share;
- 20% at a 30-day VWAP of \$4.50 per share;
- 20% at a 30-day VWAP of \$5.25 per share; and
- 20% at a 30-day VWAP of \$6.00 per share.

Upon a change of control vesting will accelerate with respect to that portion of the award that would vest if the target 30-day VWAP was achieved at the level above the per share price in such change of control transaction. For example, if we granted an award of 100,000 shares under the LTEBP, 20,000 shares would vest upon our stock price achieving a 30-day VWAP of \$3.00 per share, and 20,000 shares would vest upon our stock price achieving a 30-day VWAP of \$3.75 per share. If the per share price in a change of control transaction was \$5.00 per share, vesting would accelerate for 40,000 shares under the same award (i.e. the number of shares that would vest for our stock price achieving a 30-day VWAP of \$5.25 per share, pursuant to a tier round up provision in the Plan effective upon a change in control). As a condition to receiving awards under the LTEBP, recipients will be required to hold at least 75% of all vested shares during the term of their employment. Applicable target 30-day VWAPs must be achieved within 5 years following the grant of awards under the LTEBP, and all unvested awards under the LTEBP will be forfeited upon expiration of such 5-year period. Recipients will also forfeit unvested awards in the event their service with our company terminates for any reason.

As the vesting of the 250,000 shares of restricted common stock under the LTEBP is subject to certain market conditions, pursuant to current accounting guidelines, the Company determined the fair value to be \$508,200, computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 0.68 to 2.51 years. The total fair value of restricted common stock vesting and expenses related to amortization of the fair value of the LTEBP during the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$1,994,362 and is included in selling, general and administrative expenses in the accompanying statements of operations. As of June 30, 2024, the amount of unvested compensation related to issuances of restricted common stock was \$1,375,199, which will be recognized as an expense in future periods as the shares vest. When calculating basic net income per share, these shares are included in weighted average common shares outstanding from the time they vest. When calculating diluted net income per share, these shares are included in weighted average common shares outstanding as of their grant date. When calculating net loss per share, the 1,957,726 shares are considered antidilutive and are excluded from that calculation.

The following table summarizes restricted common stock activity:

	Number of Shares	Fair Value	Av Gra	eighted verage ant Date ir Value
Non-vested, June 30, 2022	400,092	775,453	\$	2.38
Granted	2,354,834	3,478,878		1.48
Vested	(211,967)	(1,418,717)		2.42
Forfeited	(65,165)	(123,953)		2.15
Non-vested, June 30, 2023	2,477,794	\$ 2,711,661	\$	1.52
Granted	405,000	925,900		2.29
Vested	(725,068)	(1,994,362)		1.70
Forfeited	(200,000)	(268,000)		1.40
Non-vested, June 30, 2024	1,957,726	\$ 1,375,199	\$	1.63

Common Stock Repurchase and Retirement

Effective as of March 19, 2024, the Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase, on the last day of each trading window during which the outstanding awards remain outstanding and otherwise in accordance with our insider trading policies, of an aggregate value not exceeding \$750,000, in addition to the prior remaining balance of outstanding common stock of \$82,347 (at prices no greater than \$4.00 per share) from our employees to satisfy their tax obligations in connection with the vesting of stock incentive awards through the end of fiscal year 2025. The actual number of shares repurchased will be determined by applicable employees in their discretion and will depend on their evaluation of market conditions and other factors. As of June 30, 2023, \$151,095 remained under the current authorization to repurchase our outstanding common stock from our employees.

During the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company repurchased 198,383 and 51,841 shares of our common stock under the repurchase plan at an average price of approximately \$2.79 and \$2.01 per share, respectively, for an aggregate amount of \$554,202 and \$104,250, respectively. As of June 30, 2024, \$346,893 remains under the current authorization to repurchase our outstanding common stock from our employees.

Shares repurchased are retired and deducted from common stock for par value and from additional paid in capital for the excess over par value. Direct costs incurred to acquire the shares are included in the total cost of the shares.

The following table summarizes repurchases of our common stock on a monthly basis:

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Pı	verage rice Paid er Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Approximate Dollar Valu of Shares that May Yet B Purchased Under the Plans or Programs		
September 2022	9,659	\$	1.87	_	\$	237,283	
December 2022	16,141	\$	1.90	_		206,616	
March 2023	12,785	\$	2.02	_		180,789	
June 2023	13,256	\$	2.24			151,095	
Year ended June 30, 2023	51,841	\$	2.01	_	\$	151,095	
September 2023	18,603	\$	2.48	_	\$	104,960	
December 2023	8,501	\$	2.66	_		82,347	
March 2024	159,044	\$	2.85	_		379,071	
June 2024	12,235	\$	2.63			346,893	
Year ended June 30, 2024	198,383	\$	2.79		\$	346,893	

Note 7. Contingencies and Commitments

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in legal proceedings in the ordinary course of its business. Although management of the Company cannot predict the ultimate outcome of these legal proceedings with certainty, it believes that the ultimate resolution of the Company's legal proceedings, including any amounts it may be required to pay, will not have a material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Note 8. Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes consists of the following for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Years Ended June 30,			
	2024		2023	
Current				
Federal	\$ _	\$	_	
State	21,143		3,806	
Foreign (Mexico)	91,928		1,796	
Deferred				
Federal	_		_	
Foreign	_		_	
State	_		_	
Provision for income tax expense	\$ 113,071	\$	5,602	

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Company recorded a provision for income tax expense of \$113,071, which consisted of \$21,143 in state income tax payments and \$91,928 in foreign (Mexico) income tax payments. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Company recorded a provision for income tax expense of \$5,602 which consisted of \$3,806 in state income tax payments and \$1,796 in foreign (Mexico) income tax payments.

The reconciliation of the effective income tax rate to the federal statutory rate is as follows:

	Years En June 30	
	2024	2023
Federal income tax rate	21.0 %	21.0 %
State tax, net of federal benefit	1.7 %	5.0 %
Permanent differences	(70.5)%	(3.4)%
Change in valuation allowance	44.8 %	(21.8)%
Effective income tax rate	(2.9)%	0.8 %

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial statement purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Significant components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities at June 30, 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Deferred tax assets:		
Federal net operating loss carryforward	\$ 3,512,478	\$ 2,074,080
State net operating loss carryforward	531,098	171,716
Intangibles amortization	_	148,404
Stock based compensation	1,440,562	2,250,149
Other	34,571	211,219
Total deferred tax assets	5,518,709	4,855,568
Deferred tax liability:		
Fixed asset depreciation	(2,386,241)	(73,224)
Net deferred tax assets	3,132,468	4,782,344
Less valuation allowance	(3,132,468)	(4,782,344)
	\$ _	\$

The Company has provided a valuation allowance on the deferred tax assets at June 30, 2024 and 2023 to reduce such asset to zero, since there is no assurance that the Company will generate future taxable income to utilize such asset. Management will review this valuation allowance requirement periodically and make adjustments as warranted. The net change in the valuation allowance for the year ended June 30, 2024 was a decrease of \$1,649,876.

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company had federal net operating loss ("NOL") carryforwards of approximately \$16,726,000 and \$15,650,000, respectively, and state NOL carryforwards of approximately \$7,748,000 and \$6,560,000, respectively. Federal NOLs generated prior to and after 2018 can be carried forward indefinitely with some limitations. State NOLs will begin to expire in 2026.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company adopted FASB guidelines that address the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under this guidance, we may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position should be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. This guidance also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties on income taxes, accounting in interim periods and requires increased disclosures. At the date of adoption, and as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company did not have a liability for unrecognized tax benefits, and no adjustment was required at adoption.

The Company's policy is to record interest and penalties on uncertain tax provisions as income tax expense. As of June 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company has no accrued interest or penalties related to uncertain tax positions.

Company is subject to taxation in the United States and various states and Mexico. The Company is subject to United States federal or state income tax examinations by tax authorities for fiscal years after 2017.

Note 9. Acquisition

Current Year Business Combinations

Resolute AI

On July 28, 2023, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Resolute Innovation, Inc. ("ResoluteAI"), a Delaware corporation, an advanced search platform that equips organizations with search, discovery and knowledge management tools that are powered by artificial intelligence ("AI") and neuro-linguistic programming ("NLP") technologies. The total purchase consideration for ResoluteAI, net of cash acquired, was approximately \$4.7 million. The

consideration included an initial payment of \$2.8 million, a holdback of \$0.1 million and a contingent earnout that had an initial fair value of \$1.8 million. The Company's revaluation of the earnout resulted in a fair value of \$0 as of June 30, 2024. The contingent earnout payment will be based upon the product of three and one half multiplied by ending annual recurring revenue as of January 31, 2025 less the agreed upon Enterprise Value of \$3.4 million.

Scite

On December 1, 2023, the Company acquired 100% of the outstanding stock of Scite, Inc. a Delaware corporation ("Scite"), a platform for discovering and evaluating scientific articles via Smart Citations. Smart Citations allow users to see how a publication has been cited by providing the context of the citation and a classification describing whether it allows for supporting or contrasting evidence for the cited claim.

The total purchase consideration for Scite, net of cash acquired, was approximately \$21.1 million. The consideration included an initial payment of \$7.2 million in cash, \$6.5 million in stock, a holdback of \$0.2 million and a contingent earnout that had an initial fair value of \$7.2 million. The Company's revaluation of the earnout resulted in a fair value of \$12.2 million as of June 30, 2024.

The Company utilized the acquisition method of accounting for the acquisition in accordance with ASC 805, Business Combinations, and allocated the purchase price to ResoluteAI's and Scite's tangible assets, identifiable intangible assets, and assumed liabilities at their estimated fair values as of the date of acquisition. The fair value assigned to the developed technology and customer relationships were determined using the multiperiod excess earnings method, which estimates the direct cash flow expected to be generated from the existing customers acquired. The cash flows were based on estimates used to value the acquisition, and the discount rates applied were benchmarked with reference to the implied rate of return from the transaction model, as well as the weighted average cost of capital.

The valuation assumptions took into consideration the Company's estimates of customer attrition and revenue growth projections. The excess of the purchase price paid by the Company over the estimated fair value of identified tangible and intangible assets has been recorded as goodwill. Goodwill also represents the future benefits as a result of the acquisitions that the Company believes will enhance the Company's product offerings and lineup available to both new and existing customers and generate future synergies within the software and related services business.

At the date of the acquisition and as of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, management has not yet finalized its valuation analysis related to Scite acquisition. The fair values of the assets acquired, as set forth below, are considered provisional and subject to adjustment as additional information is obtained through the purchase price measurement period (a period of up to one year from the closing date). Any prospective adjustments through the purchase price measurement period would change the fair value allocation as of the acquisition date. The Company is still in the process of reviewing underlying models, assumptions and discount rates used in the valuation of provisional goodwill and intangible assets.

The following table represents the Company's allocation of the total purchase consideration to the fair value of tangible assets, identifiable intangible assets, and assumed liabilities of ResoluteAI and Scite on the date of acquisition:

<u>In thousands</u>	ResoluteAI		Scite	
Fair value of consideration				
Cash	\$	2,774	\$	7,217
Holdback cash paid		125		175
Common Stock (2,729,014 shares at \$2.40 per share)		_		6,549
Contingent earn-out		1,867		7,194
Total purchase price		4,766		21,135
Allocation of the consideration to the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed:				
Cash and cash equivalents		59		_
Accounts receivable		162		109
Prepaid expenses		43		_
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(33)		_
Deferred revenue		(649)		(997)
Other current liabilities		(60)		(18)
Net tangible assets		(478)		(906)
Intangible assets:				
Developed technology		2,000		8,800
Customer relationships		100		70
Net identifiable intangible assets		2,100		8,870
Goodwill		3,144		13,171
Fair value of net assets acquired	\$	4,766	\$	21,135

Prior Year Asset Acquisition

FIZ

On September 28, 2022, Reprints Desk entered into an asset purchase agreement with FIZ Karlsruhe – Leibniz-Institut für Informationsinfrastruktur GmbH ("FIZ"). FIZ delivers STM content pursuant to various contracts with its customers through its AutoDoc platform. FIZ agreed to assign and transfer to Reprints Desk certain of these contracts effective January 1, 2023 (the "Sold Contracts").

On September 30, 2022, Reprints Desk made a non-refundable payment of \$297,450 (€300,000) (the "Base Amount") as initial consideration for the asset purchase. As of June 30, 2024, Reprints Desk has paid \$64,578 in contingent consideration for customers that have their Sold Contracts assumed by Reprints Desk in comparison to the trailing twelve months of revenue of all Sold Contracts (the "Base Amount Plus"). As of June 30, 2024, \$161,976 in contingent consideration was recorded for customers that placed an order and have consented to have their contract assumed by Reprints Desk (the "Bonus Amount"). As of June 30, 2024, \$96,121 and \$116,364 of Bonus Amount payments were made for the 2023 fiscal year and 2024 fiscal year, respectively. The Bonus Amount is based upon the collectable service fee that FIZ would have received from these customers. Contingent consideration for the Bonus Amount will continue to be paid in arrears through the quarter ending December 31, 2025.

The current contingent consideration for the Base Amount Plus and the Bonus Amount is recorded as a short-term liability on the balance sheet. At June 30, 2024, the Base Amount, the Base Amount Plus and the Bonus Amount were recorded as intangible assets on the balance sheet with an estimated average useful life of 10 years.

The following sets out the unaudited pro forma operating results for the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 for the Company had the acquisitions occurred as of July 1, 2022. These amounts include amortization of intangible assets:

		Pro Forma (Unaudited) Year ended June 30,		
	<u> </u>	2024		2023
D	¢	46 092 525	ø	20.024.651
Revenue	\$	46,083,535	\$	38,824,651
Cost of revenue		25,091,938		23,202,113
Gross profit		20,991,597		15,622,538
Total operating expenses		21,572,819		15,851,599
1 0 1				
Loss from operations		(581,222)		(229,061)
Other income (expense)		(2,902,981)		338,617
	_			
Income (loss) from operations before provision for income taxes		(3,484,203)		109,556
Provision for income taxes		(113,071)		(5,602)
		<u> </u>		
Pro Forma Net income (loss)	\$	(3,597,274)	\$	103,954
Pro Forma Net income (loss) per weighted average share, basic	\$	(0.12)	\$	_
Pro Forma Net income (loss) per weighted average share, diluted	\$	(0.12)	\$	_

Note 10. Subsequent Events

Stock Options

On August 6, 2024, the Company issued 250,000 shares of restricted common stock under the long-term equity bonus plan, or LTEBP.

On August 9, 2024, the Company issued 7,105 shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock options underlying 10,000 shares of common stock on a cashless basis.

On August 13, 2024, the Company issued 10,674 shares of common stock upon the exercise of stock options underlying 15,000 shares of common stock on a cashless basis.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

There were no changes in or disagreements with our accountants on accounting and financial disclosure during the last two fiscal years.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this Annual Report on Form 10-K. For purposes of this section, the term disclosure controls and procedures means controls and other procedures of an issuer that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by an issuer in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the issuer's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based upon that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of June 30, 2024, the end of the period covered by this report, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at a reasonable assurance level.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) or 15d-15(f) promulgated under the Exchange Act as a process designed by, or under the supervision of, the company's principal executive and principal financial officers and effected by the company's board of directors, management and other personnel, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (ii) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (iii) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. All internal control systems, no matter how well designed, have inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Because of the inherent limitations of internal control, there is a risk that material misstatements may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis by internal control over financial reporting. However, these inherent limitations

are known features of the financial reporting process. Therefore, it is possible to design into the process safeguards to reduce, though not eliminate, this risk.

Management evaluated the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of June 30, 2024, using the framework set forth in the report of the Treadway Commission's Committee of Sponsoring Organizations ("COSO"), "2013 Internal Control— Integrated Framework." Based upon that evaluation, management believes our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of June 30, 2024.

Inherent Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

Management does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control systems are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, no evaluation of internal control over financial reporting can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, have been or will be detected.

These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of a simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Projections of any evaluation of controls effectiveness to future periods are subject to risks. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting

Management has evaluated, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, whether any changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our last fiscal year have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting. Based on the evaluation we conducted, management has concluded that no such changes have occurred.

Item 9B. Other Information

Not applicable.

<u>Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections</u>

Not applicable.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The following table sets forth the name, age, position, and date of appointment of each of our directors and executive officers as of September 13, 2024:

Name	Age	Position	Date of Appointment
Roy W. Olivier	66	President and Chief Executive Officer, and Director	March 29, 2021
William Nurthen	51	Chief Financial Officer and Secretary	October 4, 2021
Scott Ahlberg	61	Chief Operating Officer	July 1, 2007
Shane Hunt	47	Chief Revenue Officer	May 18, 2022
John Regazzi (1)	75	Lead Independent Director	June 22, 2015
Barbara J. Cooperman (2)	69	Director	February 8, 2022
Gen. Merrill McPeak (3)	88	Director	November 5, 2010
Jeremy Murphy (4)	41	Director	November 14, 2023
Kenneth L. Gayron (5)	54	Director	December 4, 2023

- (1) Chairman of the Board and member of the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, and the Nominating and Governance Committee
- (2) Chair of the Compensation Committee and member of the Nominating and Governance Committee
- (3) Member of Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, and Nominating and Governance Committee
- (4) Chair of the Nominating and Governance Committee and member of the Audit Committee
- (5) Chair of the Audit Committee and member of the Compensation Committee

Roy W. Olivier - Chief Executive Officer and President, and Director

Mr. Olivier was named Interim Chief Executive Officer and President on March 29, 2021 and was formally appointed as Chief Executive Officer and President on October 4, 2021. Mr. Olivier has been a member of the Company's Board of Directors since January 2018. Before joining Research Solutions/Reprints Desk, Mr. Olivier served as CEO of ARI Network Services, a leading provider of SaaS tools and marketing services, growing the business from less than 80 employees to over 1,200 and increasing revenues from under \$15 million to over \$100 million through accelerated organic growth and acquisitions. Earlier in his career, he served as VP of Sales and Marketing for ProQuest Media Solutions (now Snap-on Inc.) and held executive and senior management positions at multiple companies across the telecommunications and computer industries including Multicom Publishing, Tandy Corporation, BusinessLand and PacTel. Our board of directors concluded that Mr. Olivier should serve as a director in light of his extensive experience in management and the information services industry.

William Nurthen - Chief Financial Officer and Secretary

Mr. Nurthen was appointed as Chief Financial Officer and Secretary on October 4, 2021. He brings more than twenty years of experience which includes financial leadership roles at both publicly traded and private companies across multiple industries. Prior to joining Research Solutions, Mr. Nurthen served in Chief Financial Officer roles for Endeavor Business Media, a B2B media publisher, and ARI Network Services, Inc. (formerly on the Nasdaq), a SaaS marketing company. Mr. Nurthen has also held prior CFO roles in investment banking, biotechnology, and information technology. He holds a Master of Business Administration from the Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University and a Bachelor of Business Administration from the University of Notre Dame.

Scott Ahlberg - Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Ahlberg has effectively served as the Chief Operating Officer since July 1, 2007, and has many years of experience in content and startup businesses. Mr. Ahlberg started with Dynamic Information (EbscoDoc) in the 1980s, then went on to be Executive Vice President at Infotrieve, Inc. After leaving Infotrieve in 2005 Mr. Ahlberg provided consulting services to ventures in professional networking and medical podcasting. He joined Reprints Desk in 2006. His areas of expertise include strategic planning, operational innovation, copyright and content licensing, and quality management. Mr. Ahlberg has degrees from Stanford University (B.A., 1984) and the University of London (M.A., 1990).

Shane Hunt - Chief Revenue Officer

Mr. Hunt provides leadership resulting in the acquisition and development of healthy long-term relationships with the Company's cloud-based software customers and ensures the daily satisfaction of users across R&D-driven organizations in life sciences, technology and academia worldwide. Mr. Hunt has nearly 20 years of industry experience and was co-founder of 4 Research Solutions Inc., a boutique information industry start-up that the Company acquired in 2012. Mr. Hunt attended California State University, Chico for his undergraduate and graduate studies in Psychology.

John Regazzi - Chairman of the Board

Mr. Regazzi was appointed to our board of directors on June 22, 2015, and served as Chairman of the Board from August 20, 2015 through March 29, 2021, and Lead Independent Director from 2021 through 2023, when he was again designated Chairman of the Board. Mr. Regazzi is an information services and IT industry innovator, with more than four decades of experience. He is currently managing director of Akoya Capital Partners, a sector-focused private investment firm, where for the last few years he has served as its professional information services sector leader. He has also been a professor at the Long Island University's College of Education, Information and Technology since 2005, and has served as dean of LIU's College of Information and Computer Science. Before joining Akoya Capital Partners, Mr. Regazzi served for several years as CEO of Elsevier Inc. and managing director of the NYSE-listed Reed Elsevier, the world's largest publisher and information services company for journal and related scientific, technical and medical content. At Reed Elsevier, he oversaw its expansive electronic publishing portfolio, with a program staff of 3,000 and revenues exceeding \$1 billion. He was previously CEO of Engineering Information, which he helped turn around before being acquired by Reed Elsevier. As a recognized industry thought leader, Mr. Regazzi has designed, launched, and managed some of the most innovative and well-known information services in the professional communities, including the Engineering Village, Science Direct, Scirus and Scopus, as well as numerous other electronic information services dating back to the early days of the online and CD-ROM industries. Mr. Regazzi has served on a variety of corporate and industry boards, including the British Standards Institute Group and the American Institute of Physics, and he served as chairman of the board of National Technical Information Service, a division of the U.S. Department of Commerce. He currently serves as chairman of DiSTI and Convergered Security Solutions (CSS), both Akoya portfolio companies. Mr. Regazzi earned his B.S. from St. Johns University, M.A. from University of Iowa, M.S. from Columbia University, and Ph.D. in Information Science from Rutgers University. Our board of directors concluded that Mr. Regazzi should serve as a director in light of his extensive experience in the information services industry.

Barbara J. Cooperman - Director

Ms. Cooperman was appointed to our board of directors on February 8, 2022. Ms. Cooperman is an accomplished executive with general management background, P&L responsibility, and world-class marketing specialty in both B2B and B2C sectors. She has more than 20 years' governance experience on boards including early-stage and privately held companies, nonprofits, industry associations, as well as executive leadership teams. She is known for being strategic and is a highly regarded leader skilled at developing vision and guiding organizations through growth stages and periods of reinvention. With 20+ years in the C-suite, Ms. Cooperman has significant experience advising the board on a wide range of issues such as unlocking brand value, strategic plans, M&A, and corporate social responsibility. Most recently, Ms. Cooperman was the global CMO at Kroll, a leader in cyber security and risk consulting, and Kroll Ontrack, a leader in ediscovery and data recovery. Joining as the firm came out of bankruptcy, she restored worldwide gold standard brand reputations, created go-to-market strategy for the high-growth cyber security practice, and managed corporate and crisis communications through the successful sale of both companies and several high-stakes matters. Kroll Ontrack was sold in 2016 and Kroll in 2018, both at highly attractive valuations. Prior to her role as Chief Marketing Officer at Kroll, Inc., Ms. Cooperman worked for 12 years at Reed Elsevier, where she served as the Global Chief Marketing Officer for LexisNexis and Elsevier. Our board of directors concluded that Ms. Cooperman should serve as a director in light of her extensive industry knowledge, marketing and operating expertise, and governance experience.

General Merrill McPeak - Director

Gen. McPeak was appointed to our board of directors on November 5, 2010. He is President of McPeak and Associates, a company he founded in 1995. From 1990 until his retirement from active military service in late 1994, he was chief of staff of the U.S. Air Force. During this period, he was the senior officer responsible for organization, training and equipage of a combined active duty, National Guard, Reserve and civilian work force of over 850,000 people serving at 1,300 locations in the United States and abroad. As a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, he and the other service chiefs were military advisors to the Secretary of Defense and the President. Gen. McPeak has served on the board of directors of several publicly traded companies, including long service with Trans World Airlines, Inc. and with the test and measurement company, Tektronix, Inc. He was for many years Chairman of the Board of ECC International Corp., until that company was acquired by Cubic Corporation. Currently, Gen. McPeak is a director of Iovance Biotherapeutics (Nasdaq:IOVA). Gen. McPeak was a founding investor, director and chairman of Ethicspoint, Inc., a software-as-a-service provider of secure, confidential employee reporting systems, that was acquired by private equity at a return making it one of Oregon's most successful business startups in decades. Our board of directors concluded that Gen. McPeak should serve as a director in light of his demonstrated leadership abilities and years of experience serving on the boards of directors of numerous publicly traded corporations.

Jeremy Murphy - Director

Jeremy Murphy was appointed to our board of directors on November 14, 2023. Mr. Murphy is the current COO & President at ClickTripz, the leading contextual ad network for the travel industry, which each month delivers tens of millions of travel-intenders to the world's largest travel websites. At ClickTripz, Mr. Murphy has orchestrated pioneering new b2b software from ideation to roll-out, including the first AI-powered conversational advertisement trained to be an expert on each advertiser's product offering by leveraging state-of-the-art document indexing and language models. Previously, he co-founded TheSuitest, a hotel data-analytics platform featured in the NYTimes, The Today Show and elsewhere for using natural language processing to compare and quantify hotel accommodations. TheSuitest was successfully acquired by ClickTripz in 2015. Prior to his current role, Mr. Murphy had significant experience in various crucial positions at prominent financial institutions. Mr. Murphy was an analyst in the Investment Management Division of Goldman Sachs & Co. as part of a team responsible for nearly \$10 billion in assets. Mr. Murphy later worked as a risk manager and analyst for the investment arm of the Gulf Bank of Kuwait and its controlling shareholder. Our board of directors determined that Mr. Murphy would make a beneficial addition to our board of directors in light of his AI experience, software expertise and analytics background.

Kenneth L. Gayron - Director

Kenneth L. Gayron was appointed to our board of directors on November 14, 2023. Mr. Gayron serves as the Chief Financial Officer and EVP of Avid Technology. Mr. Gayron previously served as the Interim CEO and CFO at Numerex Corp., where he successfully managed a public turnaround of Numerex's business model. This culminated in a successful merger with Sierra Wireless which was approved by over 99% of public shareholders. As a result, Mr. Gayron delivered a 15% shareholder return over the two-year period. Mr. Gayron was also responsible for Numerex's Global Financial Organization, including accounting, SEC reporting, financial planning, tax, treasury, capital markets and investor relations. Prior to Numerex, Mr. Gayron served as the Chief Financial Officer at Osmotica Pharmaceutical Corp. During his three-year tenure, he drove 300% improvement in profitability and created \$300 million in enterprise value. Mr. Gayron also lead a strategic M&A exit with the CEO which resulted in a \$650 million valuation. Mr. Gayron began his career as the VP Finance and Treasurer at Sensus. Mr. Gayron then became the Treasurer at Nuance Communications. Mr. Gayron received his MBA in finance from Cornell Johnson Graduate School of Management and his Bachelor of Science in finance from Boston College. Our board of directors determined that Mr. Gayron would make a beneficial addition to our board of directors in light of his software development expertise and finance background.

Term of Office

Each director serves until our next annual meeting or until his or her successor is duly elected and qualified. Each executive officer is elected by our board of directors and serves at its discretion.

Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires our officers, directors, and persons who own more than ten percent of a registered class of our equity securities to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership with the SEC and to furnish the Company with copies of all Section 16(a) forms they file. Our review of copies of the Section 16(a) reports filed to report transactions occurring during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 indicates that all filing requirements applicable to our officers, directors, and greater than ten percent beneficial owners were complied with except as follows: Mr. Derycz failed to timely file four Form 4s reporting fourteen transactions and one Form 5 reporting one transaction and Mr. Nurthen failed to timely file one Form 4 reporting one transaction.

Audit Committee Financial Expert

Our board of directors has a separately designated standing Audit Committee, comprised of Mr. Gayron (Chair), Gen. McPeak, Mr. Murphy and Mr. Regazzi, each of whom our board of directors has determined to be an independent director as that term is defined in the applicable rules for companies traded on Nasdaq. Our board of directors has determined that Mr. Gayron qualifies as an "audit committee financial expert" as defined under SEC rules.

Code of Ethics

Our board of directors has adopted a Code of Ethical Conduct that applies to all of our employees, officers and directors, including our Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other executive and senior financial officers. The code is available in the Corporate Governance – Code of Ethical Conduct section of our website, www.researchsolutions.com.

Clawback Policy

Effective November 14, 2023, our board of directors adopted a Compensation Recovery Policy, whereby we may seek the recovery or forfeiture of incentive compensation paid by us, including cash, equity or equity-based compensation, in the event we restate our financial statements under certain circumstances (the "Clawback Policy"), in accordance with the applicable rules of Nasdaq and Section 10D and Rule 10D-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Clawback Policy applies to our Section 16 officers, any employee who was eligible to receive incentive compensation and whose conduct contributed to the need for a restatement, and any other former Section 16 officer or other employee who contributed to the need for such restatement. Our Clawback Policy is administered by our Compensation Committee, and

the Compensation Committee has the authority, in accordance with the applicable laws, rules and regulations, to interpret and make determinations necessary for the administration of the Clawback Policy, and may forego recovery in certain instances. The full text of our Clawback Policy is included as Exhibit 97.1 to this annual report.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Compensation of Executive Officers

The following table summarizes all compensation for the last two fiscal years awarded to, earned by, or paid to our Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and our two most highly compensated executive officers other than our CEO who were serving as executive officers at the end of our last completed fiscal year, whose total compensation exceeded \$100,000 during such fiscal year ends.

Compensation of Executive Officers for Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Name and principle Position	Fiscal Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Stock awards (\$)	All other compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Roy W. Olivier	2024	400,000	188,600	_	19,215	607,815
President and Chief Executive Officer, and Director	2023	400,000	105,600	857,000 (1) (2)	17,734	1,380,334
William Nurthen	2024	333,333	155,875	111,200 ⁽³⁾	19,082	619,490
Chief Financial Officer and Secretary	2023	310,000	76,000	468,926 (4) (5)	19,058	873,984
Scott Ahlberg	2024	240,400	96,600	_	24,365	361,365
Chief Operating Officer	2023	240,400	73,600	265,801 (6) (7)	22,109	601,910

- (1) Represents the grant date fair value of 79,897 shares of restricted stock granted on August 19, 2022. The grant date fair value was estimated using the market price of our common stock at the date of grant. The restricted stock vests over a three-year period, with a one year cliff vesting period, and remains subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met.
- (2) Represents the grant date fair value of 500,000 shares of restricted stock granted on October 31, 2022 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP"). The grant date fair value was computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 1.43 to 2.59 years.
- (3) Represents the grant date fair value of 50,000 shares of restricted stock granted on December 6, 2023 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP"). The grant date fair value was computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 0.68 to 2.25 years.
- (4) Represents the grant date fair value of 24,601 shares of restricted stock granted on August 19, 2022. The grant date fair value was estimated using the market price of our common stock at the date of grant. The restricted stock vests over a three-year period, with a one year cliff vesting period, and remains subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met.
- (5) Represents the grant date fair value of 300,000 shares of restricted stock granted on October 31, 2022 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP"). The grant date fair value was computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 1.43 to 2.59 years.

- (6) Represents the grant date fair value of 28,454 shares of restricted stock granted on August 19, 2022. The grant date fair value was estimated using the market price of our common stock at the date of grant. The restricted stock vests over a three-year period, with a one year cliff vesting period, and remains subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met.
- (7) Represents the grant date fair value of 150,000 shares of restricted stock granted on October 31, 2022 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP"). The grant date fair value was computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 1.43 to 2.59 years.

Employment Agreements

Roy W. Olivier

On March 29, 2021, we entered into an executive employment agreement with Mr. Olivier. Under the terms of the executive employment agreement, Mr. Olivier agreed to serve as our Interim Chief Executive Officer and President on an at-will basis. The term of the agreement ended on September 21, 2021, and it was amended and restated on October 4, 2021 to formally appoint Mr. Oliver as Chief Executive Officer and President. The agreement provides for a base salary of at least \$371,520 per year, subject to annual review and adjustment by the Board, and participation in an executive bonus plan as determined by the Board. No part of Mr. Olivier's salary is allocated to his duties as a director of our company.

The amended and restated agreement contains provisions that prohibit Mr. Olivier from soliciting our customers or employees during his employment with us and for one year afterward. The agreement also contains provisions that restrict disclosure by Mr. Olivier of our confidential information and assign ownership to us of inventions related to our business that are created by him during his employment. We may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without cause. Mr. Olivier will be eligible to receive an amount equal to his then-current base salary payable and group medical benefits for a period equal to the lesser of (i) eighteen (18) months or (ii) or the end of the term if his amended and restated agreement, if he is terminated without cause. In addition, he is eligible to receive a pro-rata bonus for the fiscal year of termination. Mr. Olivier may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without reason, upon two weeks' advance written notice.

William Nurthen

On October 4, 2021, we entered into an executive employment agreement with Mr. Nurthen which has an indefinite period. Under the terms of the executive employment agreement, Mr. Nurthen has agreed to serve as our Chief Financial Officer on an at-will basis. The agreement provides for a base salary of \$284,000 per year, subject to annual review and increase by our chief executive officer and Compensation Committee, and participation in an executive bonus plan as determined by the Board.

The agreement contains provisions that prohibit Mr. Nurthen from soliciting our customers or employees during his employment with us and for one year afterward for employees and two years afterward for customers. The agreement also contains provisions that restrict disclosure by Mr. Nurthen of our confidential information and assign ownership to us of inventions related to our business that are created by him during his employment. We may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without cause. Mr. Nurthen will be eligible to receive (i) an amount equal to twelve (12) months of his then-current base salary payable in the form of salary continuation, (ii) a pro-rata bonus for the then-current fiscal year, (iii) acceleration of all outstanding unvested options or restricted stock as of the effective date of termination, and (iv) continuation of health and welfare benefits for 12 months if he is terminated without cause. Mr. Nurthen may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without reason, upon thirty (30) days' advance written notice.

Scott Ahlberg

On July 1, 2013, we entered into an executive employment agreement with Mr. Ahlberg which was subsequently amended effective June 30, 2023. Under the terms of the executive employment agreement, Mr. Ahlberg has agreed to serve as Chief Operating Officer on an at-will basis. The term of the agreement ends on June 30 of each year, subject to automatic renewal for subsequent one-year periods unless Reprints Desk provides written notice of non-renewal to Mr. Ahlberg at least thirty (30) days prior to the expiration of the then-current term, and subject to earlier termination in accordance with the other provisions of Mr. Ahlberg's executive employment agreement. The agreement provides for a base salary of \$240,400 per year, subject to adjustment from time to time, and participation in an executive bonus plan as determined by the Board.

The agreement contains provisions that prohibit Mr. Ahlberg from soliciting our customers or employees during his employment with us and for one year afterward. The agreement also contains provisions that restrict disclosure by Mr. Ahlberg of our confidential information and assign ownership to us of inventions related to our business that are created by him during his employment. We may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without cause. Mr. Ahlberg will be eligible to receive an amount equal to six (6) months of his then-current base salary payable in the form of salary continuation if he is terminated without cause. Mr. Ahlberg may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without reason, upon four weeks' advance written notice.

Shane Hunt

On November 1, 2012, we entered into an executive employment agreement with Mr. Hunt which was subsequently amended on June 30, 2022. Under the terms of the executive employment agreement, as amended, Mr. Hunt has agreed to serve as Chief Revenue Officer on an at-will basis. The term of the agreement is indefinite unless terminated by either party subject to the provisions of the employment agreement. The agreement provides for a base salary of \$225,000 per year, subject to adjustment from time to time, and participation in a bonus plan based upon company sales and retention, and executive bonus plan as determined by the Board.

The agreement contains provisions that prohibit Mr. Hunt from soliciting our customers or employees during his employment with us and for one year afterward. The agreement also contains provisions that restrict disclosure by Mr. Hunt of our confidential information and assign ownership to us of inventions related to our business that are created by him during his employment. We may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without cause. Mr. Hunt will be eligible to receive an amount equal to six (6) months of his then-current base salary payable in the form of salary continuation if he is terminated without cause. Mr. Hunt may terminate the agreement at any time, with or without reason, upon two weeks' advance written notice.

Outstanding Equity at Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The following table sets forth information regarding stock options, warrants and other stock awards (restricted stock) for each named executive officer as of June 30, 2024.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Name	Number of securities underlying unexercised options/warrants exercisable (#)	Number of securities underlying unexercised options/warrants unexercisable (#)	ex	ption/ arrant ercise ice (\$)	Option/ Warrant expiration date (1)	Stock Awards: Number of shares of stock that have not vested (#)	Stock Awards: Market value of shares of stock that have not vested (\$)
Roy W. Olivier	50,000	_	\$	2.40	11/13/2028	_	_
	50,000	_	\$	3.13	11/12/2029	_	_
	50,000	_	\$	2.13	11/17/2030	_	_
	_	_		_	_	1,180 ⁽²⁾ \$	
	_	_		_	_	2,460 (4) \$	5,167 ⁽⁵⁾
	_	_		_	_	4,145 ⁽⁶⁾ \$	7,750 ⁽⁷⁾
	_	_		_	_	26,632 (8)	51,667 ⁽⁹⁾
	_	_		_	_	400,000 (12)	561,600 (13)
William Nurthen	_	_		_	_	31,250 (10)\$	
	_	_		_	_	913 ⁽⁴⁾ \$	
	_	_		_	_	1,538 (6) \$	2,875 (7)
	_	_		_	_	8,200 (8) \$	15,909 ⁽⁹⁾
	_	_		_	_	240,000 (12)\$	336,960 (13)
						40,000 (14)\$	
Scott Ahlberg	_	_		_	_	435 ⁽²⁾ \$	952 ⁽³⁾
	_	_		_	_	919 ⁽⁴⁾	1,929 (5)
	_	_		_	_	1,538 (6)	2,875 (7)
	_	_		_	_	9,485 (8) \$	18,400 ⁽⁹⁾
	_	_		_	_	120,000 (12)\$	168,480 (13)

- (1) Stock options expire ten years from the grant date.
- (2) The restricted stock was granted on December 2, 2021 and vest over a three year period, with a one year cliff vesting period.
- (3) Based on a market closing price per share of common stock of \$2.19 on December 2, 2021.
- (4) The restricted stock was granted on February 8, 2022 and vest over a three year period, with a one year cliff vesting period.
- (5) Based on a market closing price per share of common stock of \$2.10 on February 8, 2022.
- (6) The restricted stock was granted on May 10, 2022 and vest over a three year period, with a one year cliff vesting period.
- (7) Based on a market closing price per share of common stock of \$1.87 on May 10, 2022.
- (8) The restricted stock was granted on August 19, 2022 and vest over a three year period, with a one year cliff vesting period.
- (9) Based on a market closing price per share of common stock of \$1.94 on August 19, 2022.
- (10) The restricted stock was granted on October 4, 2021 and vest over a four year period, with a one year cliff vesting period.
- (11) Based on a market closing price per share of common stock of \$2.61 on October 4, 2021.
- (12) The restricted stock was granted on October 31, 2022 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP").
- (13) Based on fair value computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 1.43 to 2.59 years.
- (14) The restricted stock was granted on December 6, 2023 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP").
- (15) Based on fair value computed using the Monte Carlo simulations on a binomial model with the assistance of a valuation specialist with a derived service period ranging from 0.68 to 2.25 years.

Compensation of Directors

The following table sets forth compensation awarded or paid to our directors for the last fiscal year for the services rendered by them to the Company in all capacities.

Director Compensation for the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

Name	Fiscal Year	Fees earned or paid in cash (\$)	Warrant and Option Awards (\$)	Total (\$)
John Regazzi (1)	2024	36,000	66,000	102,000
	2023	36,000	55,500	91,500
Gen. Merrill McPeak (2)	2024	18,000	66,000	84,000
	2023	18,000	55,500	73,500
Barbara J. Cooperman (3)	2024	18,000	66,000	84,000
	2023	18,000	55,500	73,500
Jeremy Murphy (4)	2024	15,000	79,381	94,381
	2023	_	_	_
Kenneth L. Gayron (5)	2024	10,500	63,092	73,592
	2023	_	_	_

- (1) Outstanding equity awards as of June 30, 2024 consists of options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73 per share, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15 per share, 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.10 per share.
- (2) Outstanding equity awards as of June 30, 2024 consists of options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73 per share, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15 per share, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.10 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.10 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.15 per share.
- (3) Outstanding equity awards as of June 30, 2024 consists of options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73, 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15 and options to purchase 38,767 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.10 per share.
- (4) Outstanding equity awards as of June 30, 2024 consists of options to purchase 60,137 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73.

(5) Outstanding equity awards as of June 30, 2024 consists of options to purchase 47,797 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The following table sets forth certain information, as of September 13, 2024, with respect to the holdings of (1) each person who is the beneficial owner of more than five percent of our common stock, (2) each of our directors, (3) each named executive officer, and (4) all of our directors and executive officers as a group.

Beneficial ownership of the common stock is determined in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission and includes any shares of common stock over which a person exercises sole or shared voting or investment powers, or of which a person has a right to acquire ownership at any time within 60 days of September 13, 2024. Except as otherwise indicated, and subject to applicable community property laws, the persons named in this table have sole voting and investment power with respect to all shares of common stock held by them. The address of each director and officer is c/o Research Solutions, Inc., 10624 S. Eastern Ave., Ste. A-614, Henderson, NV 89052. Applicable percentage ownership in the following table is based on 32,563,152 shares of common stock outstanding as of September 13, 2024 plus, for each person, any securities that person has the right to acquire within 60 days of September 13, 2024.

	Shares Beneficially	Percentage
Name and Address of Beneficial Owner	Owned	of Shares
Greater than 5% Shareholder:		
Needham Investment Management, LLC (1)		
250 Park Avenue, 10th Floor		
New York, NY 10177	2,725,000	8.4 %
Peter Victor Derycz		
2355 Westwood Boulevard, #739		
Los Angeles, CA 90064	2,679,129	8.3 %
Cove Street Capital, LLC (2)		
525 South Douglas Street, Suite 225		
El Segundo, CA 90245	2,619,792	8.0 %
Richard H. Witmer, Jr.		
16 Fort Hills Lane		
Greenwich, CT 06831	2,608,448	8.0 %
Directors and Executive Officers:		
Roy W. Olivier (3)	809,808	2.5 %
William Nurthen (4)	430,273	1.3 %
Scott Ahlberg (5)	569,218	1.7 %
Shane Hunt (6)	507,135	1.6 %
John Regazzi (7)	1,143,500	3.4 %
Gen. Merrill McPeak (8)	884,608	2.7 %
Barbara Cooperman (9)	88,767	* %
Jeremy Murphy (10)	_	* %
Kenneth L. Gayron (11)	_	* %
All Directors and Executive Officers as a group (9 persons) (12)	4,433,309	12.9 %

^{*} Less than 1%

⁽¹⁾ Includes 1,700,000 shares of Common Stock held by Needham Investment Management LLC, of which each of Needham Asset Management, LLC and George A. Needham may be considered a control person, Needham Asset Management LLC, Needham Aggressive Growth Fund, and George A. Needham (the "Needham Investors").

- The foregoing information regarding the Needham Investors is based solely on Schedule 13F, filed by the Needham Investment Management, LLC with the SEC on August 14, 2024.
- (2) The foregoing information regarding Cove Street Capital, LLC is based solely on Schedule 13F, filed by Cove Street Capital, LLC with the SEC on July 18, 2024.
- (3) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share, and options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share, and 434,417 shares of unvested restricted stock. Of this amount, 34,417 shares of the restricted stock vests over a three-year period, with one-year cliff vesting period and remains subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met. The remaining 400,000 shares of unvested restricted stock were granted on October 31, 2022 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP").
- (4) Includes 321,901 shares of unvested restricted stock. Of this amount, 31,250 shares of the restricted stock vests over a four-year period, with a one-year cliff vesting period and remains subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met. 10,651 shares of the restricted stock vests over a three-year period, with a one-year cliff vesting period and remains subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met. The remaining 280,000 shares of unvested restricted stock were granted on October 31, 2022 and December 6, 2023 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP").
- (5) Includes 132,375 shares of unvested restricted stock. Of this amount 12,375 shares of the restricted stock vests over a three-year period, with a one-year cliff vesting period and remains subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met. The remaining 120,000 shares of unvested restricted stock were granted on October 31, 2022 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP").
- Includes shares underlying options to purchase 7,500 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.00 per share, options to purchase 12,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share, options to purchase 10,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.59 per share, options to purchase 20,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.50 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.49 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.45 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.49 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.49 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.49 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.49 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.49 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.49 per share, options to purchase 8,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.17 per share, options to purchase 7,353 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.64 per share, and 246,073 shares of unvested restricted stock. Of this amount, 6,073 shares of the restricted stock vests over a three-year period, with one-year cliff vesting period and remains subject to forfeiture if vesting conditions are not met. The remaining 240,000 shares of unvested restricted stock were granted on October 31, 2022 under the 2017 Plan, as restricted stock awards to key management in accordance with its long-term equity bonus program (the "LTEBP").
- (7) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 30,000 shares of common stock at \$1.10 per share, options to purchase 16,000 shares of common stock at \$0.80 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at \$0.70 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 150,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share, and options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$3.13 per share, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at

- an exercise price of \$2.13 per share, options to purchase 100,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.10 per share and options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15 per share.
- (8) Includes options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.15 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.10 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.05 per share, options to purchase 75,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$1.20 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.40 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.13 per share, options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15.
- (9) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 38,767 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.10 per share and options to purchase 50,000 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.15.
- (10) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 60,137 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73 per share.
- (11) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 47,797 shares of common stock at an exercise price of \$2.73 per share.
- (12) Includes shares underlying options to purchase 1,905,620 shares of common stock.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

In December 2007, we established the 2007 Equity Compensation Plan (the "2007 Plan") and in November 2017 we established the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2017 Plan"), collectively (the "Plans"). The Plans were approved by our board of directors and stockholders. The purpose of the Plans is to grant stock and options to purchase our common stock, and other incentive awards, to our employees, directors and key consultants. On November 10, 2016, the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2007 Plan increased from 5,000,000 to 7,000,000. On November 21, 2017, the Company's stockholders approved the adoption of the 2017 Plan (previously adopted by our board of directors on September 14, 2017), which authorized a maximum of 1,874,513 shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2017 Plan. On November 17, 2020, the Company's stockholders approved an increase in the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan from 2,374,513 to 3,374,513. On November 17, 2021, the Company's stockholders approved an increase in the maximum number of shares of common stock that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan from 3,374,513 to 6,874,513. Upon adoption of the 2017 Plan, we ceased granting incentive awards under the 2007 Plan and commenced granting incentive awards under the 2017 Plan. The shares of our common stock underlying cancelled and forfeited awards issued under the 2017 Plan may again become available for grant under the 2017 Plan. Cancelled and forfeited awards issued under the 2007 Plan that were cancelled or forfeited prior to November 21, 2017 became available for grant under the 2007 Plan. As of June 30, 2023, there were 1,495,927 shares available for grant under the 2017 Plan, and no shares were available for grant under the 2007 Plan. All incentive stock award grants prior to the adoption of the 2017 Plan on November 21, 2017 were made under the 2007 Plan, and all incentive stock award grants after the adoption of the 2017 Plan on November 21, 2017 were

made under the 2017 Plan. The following table provides information as of June 30, 2023 with respect to the Plans, which are the only compensation plans under which our equity securities are, or have been, authorized for issuance.

Number of committee

Plan category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights		remaining available for future issuance e under equity compensation plans is, (excluding securities tts reflected in column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by stockholders (2007 Equity	(a)	(0)	(c)
Compensation Plan, and 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan)	2,788,625	\$ 1	.93 1,037,993
Equity compensation plans not approved by stockholders	_		
Total	2,788,625		1,037,993

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

Other than the transactions described herein, since July 1, 2022, there has not been, nor is there currently proposed, any transaction or series of similar transactions to which we were or will be a party in which the amount involved exceeds the lesser of \$120,000 or one percent of the average of our total assets at year end for the last two completed fiscal years; and in which any director, executive officer, shareholder who beneficially owns more than 5% of our common stock or any member of their immediate family had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

Director Independence

Our board of directors currently consists of six members: Mr. Regazzi (Chairman), Ms. Cooperman, Mr. Gayron, Gen. McPeak, Mr. Murphy and Mr. Olivier. Our board of directors has determined that Ms. Cooperman, Mr. Gayron, Gen. McPeak, Mr. Murphy and Mr. Regazzi are independent directors as that term is defined in the applicable rules for companies traded on Nasdaq. Messrs Gayron, Murphy and Regazzi and Gen. McPeak are each members of our Audit Committee, and Ms. Cooperman, Messrs. Gayron and Regazzi and Gen. McPeak are each members of our Compensation Committee. Each of the foregoing directors meets Nasdaq's independence standards for members of such committees.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

Summary of Principal Accounting Fees for Professional Services Rendered

Our independent registered public accounting firm is Weinberg & Company, P.A. 1925 Century Park E., Suite 1120, Los Angeles, CA 90067. PCAOB Auditor ID: 572. The following table presents the aggregate fees for professional audit services and other services rendered in the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

	Year Ended June 30, 2024		Year Ended June 30, 2023	
Audit Fees	\$ 182,5	87 \$	130,407	
Audit-Related Fees		_	_	
Tax Fees	30,5	50	37,800	
All Other Fees		_	_	
Total	\$ 213,1	37 \$	168,207	

Audit Fees consist of amounts billed for professional services rendered for the audit of our annual consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, and reviews of our interim consolidated financial statements included in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, including amendments thereto.

Audit-Related Fees consist of fees billed for professional services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of our consolidated financial statements but are not reported under "Audit Fees."

Tax Fees consist of fees for professional services for tax compliance activities, including the preparation of federal and state tax returns and related compliance matters.

All Other Fees consists of amounts billed for services other than those noted above.

The audit committee of our board of directors has considered whether the provision of the services described above for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, is compatible with maintaining the auditor's independence.

All audit and non-audit services that may be provided by our principal accountant to us shall require pre-approval by the audit committee of our board of directors. Further, our auditor shall not provide those services to us specifically prohibited by the SEC, including bookkeeping or other services related to the accounting records or financial statements of the audit client; financial information systems design and implementation; appraisal or valuation services, fairness opinion, or contribution-in-kind reports; actuarial services; internal audit outsourcing services; management functions; human resources; broker-dealer, investment adviser, or investment banking services; legal services and expert services unrelated to the audit; and any other service that the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board determines, by regulation, is impermissible.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

(a)(1) Financial Statements.

The financial statements of Research Solutions, Inc. and its subsidiaries and the independent registered public accounting firm's report dated September 20, 2024, are incorporated by reference to Item 8 of this report.

(a)(2) and (c) Financial Statement Schedules

Not required.

(a)(3) and (b) Exhibits

EXHIBIT INDEX

		Incorporated by Reference			
Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Form	Date	Number	Filed Herewith
2.1	Share Exchange Agreement between Research Solutions, Inc. and	SB-2	12/28/2007	2.1	
	Reprints Desk Inc. dated November 13, 2006.				
2.2	Agreement of Merger and Plan of Reorganization, by and among	8-K	11/27/2023	2.1	
	the Research Solutions, Inc., Research Solutions Acquisition 2,				
	LLC, Scite, Inc., and the Stockholder Representative, dated as of				
	November 24, 2023.				
3.1.1	Articles of Incorporation.	SB-2	12/28/2007	3.1	
3.1.2	Articles of Merger Effective March 4, 2013.	8-K	3/6/2013	3.1	
3.2	Amended and Restated Bylaws.	8-K	10/17/2012	3.2	
4	Description of the registrant's common stock.	10-K	9/23/2022	4	
10.1	Executive Employment Agreement dated July 1, 2013, between	10-K	9/30/2013	10.12	
	Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Scott Ahlberg.				
	<u>++</u>				
10.2	Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement dated June 30,	10-K	9/8/2015	10.25	
	2015, between Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and				
	Scott Ahlberg. ++				
10.3	Securities Purchase Agreement dated June 23, 2016, among	8-K	6/28/2016	10.1	
	Research Solutions, Inc. and the Investors signatory thereto.				
10.4	Registration Rights Agreement dated June 24, 2016, among	8-K	6/28/2016	10.2	
	Research Solutions, Inc. and the Investors signatory thereto.				
10.5	Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement dated June 30,	10-K	9/18/2017	10.32	
	2017, between Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and				
	Scott Ahlberg. ++				
10.6	Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement dated	10-Q	2/14/2018	10.1	
	October 31, 2017, between Silicon Valley Bank, Research				
	Solutions, Inc. and Reprints Desk, Inc.				

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10.7	Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement dated June 30, 2019, between Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Scott Ahlberg. ++	8-K	8/7/2019	10.3
10.8	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, effective December 31, 2019, among Silicon Valley Bank, Research Solutions, Inc. and Reprints Desk, Inc.	10-K	9/24/2020	10.29
10.9	Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security. Agreement, dated February 14, 2020, among Silicon Valley. Bank, Research Solutions, Inc. and Reprints Desk, Inc.	10-Q	5/14/2020	10.1
10.10	Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement dated June 30, 2020, between Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Scott Ahlberg. ++	8-K	9/2/2020	10.3
10.11	Consulting Agreement dated July 1, 2020, between Reprints Desk, Inc. and Michiel van der Heijden BV. ++	10-K	9/24/2020	10.35
10.12	Amended and Restated Executive Employment Agreement dated March 29, 2021, among Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Peter Derycz. +++	10-Q	5/13/2021	10.1
10.13	Executive Employment Agreement dated March 29, 2021, among Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Roy W. Olivier. ++	10-Q	5/13/2021	10.2
10.14	Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement dated June 30, 2021, between Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Scott Ahlberg, ++	10-K	9/23/2022	10.19
10.15	Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement dated June 30, 2022, between Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Scott Ahlberg, ++	10-K	9/23/2022	10.20
10.16	Amended and Restated Executive Employment Agreement dated October 4, 2021, among Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Roy W. Olivier. ++	10-Q	11/12/2021	10.1
10.17	Employment Agreement dated October 4, 2021, between Research Solutions, Inc. and William A. Nurthen. ++	10-Q	11/12/2021	10.2
10.18	Executive Employment Agreement dated November 1, 2012, between Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Shane Hunt. ++	10-K	9/23/2022	10.23
10.19	Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement dated June 30, 2021, between Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Shane Hunt.++	10-K	9/23/2022	10.24
10.20	Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement dated June 30, 2022, between Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc. and Shane Hunt.++	10-K	9/23/2022	10.25
10.21	Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement dated February 15, 2022 among Silicon Valley Bank, Research Solutions, Inc. and Reprints Desk, Inc.	10-Q	5/13/2022	10.1

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10.22	Fourth Amendment to Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement dated February 28, 2022 among Silicon Valley Bank,	10-Q	5/13/2022	10.2	
	Research Solutions, Inc. and Reprints Desk, Inc.				
10.23	Asset Purchase Agreement dated September 28, 2022, between	10-Q	11/14/2022	10.1	
	Reprints Desk, Inc. and FIZ Karlsruhe – Leibniz-Institut für				
10.24	Informationsinfrastruktur GmbH.	8-K	7/31/2023	2.1	
10.24	Agreement and Plan of Merger by and among Reprints Desk, Inc., Research Solutions Acquisition Corp 1, Research Solutions,	8-K	//31/2023	2.1	
	Inc., as Parent Guarantor, Resolute Innovation, Inc. and				
	Shareholder Representative Services LLC dated July 28, 2023. ##				
10.25	Amendment to Executive Employment Agreement effective June	10-K	9/15/2023	10.28	
10.23	30, 2023, between Research Solutions, Inc., Reprints Desk, Inc.	10 11	J/ 13/2023	10.20	
	and Scott Ahlberg.++				
10.26	Cooperation Agreement, dated as of September 15, 2023, by and	8-K	9/20/2023	10.1	
	among Research Solutions, Inc., Peter Derycz, Bristol Investment				
	Fund, Ltd., Bristol Capital Advisors, LLC and Paul Kessler.				
10.27	Loan Agreement among Reprints Desk, Inc., Research Solutions,	8-K	4/17/2024	10.1	
	Inc., and PNC Bank, National Association, dated as of April 15,				
	<u>2024.</u>				
10.28	Revolving Line of Credit Note among Reprints Desk, Inc.,	8-K	4/17/2024	10.2	
	Research Solutions, Inc., and PNC Bank, National Association,				
10.20	dated as of April 15, 2024.	0.17	4/17/2024	10.2	
10.29	Security Agreement between Reprints Desk, Inc. and PNC Bank, National Association, dated as of April 15, 2024.	8-K	4/17/2024	10.3	
10.30	Security Agreement between Research Solutions, Inc. and PNC	8-K	4/17/2024	10.4	
10.50	Bank, National Association, dated as of April 15, 2024.	0-IX	4/1//2024	10.4	
21	List of Subsidiaries.				*
23	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.				
24	Power of Attorney.				*
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive				
	Officer				
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer				
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer *				*
32.2	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer *				*
97.1	Compensation Recovery Policy				*
99.1	2007 Equity Compensation Plan. ++	SB-2	12/28/2007	10.1	
99.2	Amendment No. 1 to 2007 Equity Compensation Plan. ++	DEF 14A	10/29/2012	App. A	
99.3	Amendment No. 2 to 2007 Equity Compensation Plan. ++	DEF 14A	10/13/2014	App. A	

99.4	Amendment No. 3 to 2007 Equity Compensation Plan. ++	DEF 14A	9/26/2016	App. A
99.5	2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan. ++	DEF 14A	9/26/2017	App. A
99.6	Amendment No. 1 to 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan. ++	DEF 14A	9/21/2019	App. A
99.7	Amendment No. 2 to 2017 Omnibus Incentive Plan.	DEF 14A	9/25/2020	App. A
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document			
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document			
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase			
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase			
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase			
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase			
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and			
	contained in Exhibit 101)			

^{*} Furnished herewith

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

Not applicable.

⁺⁺ Indicates management contract or compensatory plan.

^{##} The Registrant has omitted schedules and exhibits pursuant to Item 6.01(b)(2) of Regulation S-K. The Registrant agrees to furnish supplementally a copy of the omitted schedules and exhibits to the SEC upon request.

Date: September 20, 2024

Date: September 20, 2024

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

RESEARCH SOLUTIONS, INC.

By: /s/ Roy W. Olivier

Roy W. Olivier Chief Executive Officer and President (Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ William Nurthen

William Nurthen Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Roy W. Olivier and William Nurthen, and each of them, as his or her true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, with full power of substitution for him or her, and in his or her name in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this Annual Report on Form 10-K, and to file the same, with exhibits thereto and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and any of them or his or her substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

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Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

Signature	Title	Date
/s/ Roy W. Olivier Roy W. Olivier	Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer), President and Director	September 20, 2024
/s/ William Nurthen William Nurthen	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer) and Secretary	September 20, 2024
/s/ Merrill McPeak Merrill McPeak	Director	September 20, 2024
/s/ John Regazzi John Regazzi	Director	September 20, 2024
/s/ Barbara J. Cooperman Barbara J. Cooperman	Director	September 20, 2024
/s/ Jeremy Murphy Jeremy Murphy	Director	September 20, 2024
/s/ Kenneth L. Gayron Kenneth L. Gayron	Director	September 20, 2024