

China Environmental Resources Group Limited 中國環境資源集團有限公司 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) 股份代號: 1130

> 20 24 報

Contents 目錄

- 02 Corporate information 公司資料
- 04 Management discussion and analysis 管理層討論及分析
- 32 Biographical details of directors 董事簡歷
- 36 Report of the directors 董事會報告書
- 51 Corporate governance report 企業管治報告
- 76 Independent auditor's report 獨立核數師報告
- 81 Consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表
- 83 Consolidated statement of financial position 綜合財務狀況表
- 85 Consolidated statement of changes in equity 綜合權益變動表
- 86 Consolidated statement of cash flows 綜合現金流量表
- 88 Notes to the consolidated financial statements 綜合財務報表附註
- **172** Five-year financial summary 五年財務概要

Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang *(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)* Mr. Leung Kwong Choi Mr. Wong Po Keung Mr. Chung Siu Wah Mr. Chik To Pan Mr. Liu Yafei *(appointed on 2 August 2024)*

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Wong Kwai Sang Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric Mr. Lee Chi Ho *(appointed on 5 December 2023)* Ms. Lai Pik Chi Peggy *(appointed on 3 October 2024)* Mr. Ong Chi King *(resigned on 25 September 2023)*

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Lee Chi Ho (*Chairman*) (appointed on 5 December 2023) Mr. Wong Kwai Sang Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric Ms. Lai Pik Chi Peggy (appointed on 3 October 2024) Mr. Ong Chi King (*Chairman*) (resigned on 25 September 2023)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE AND NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Kwai Sang (Chairman) (appointed as chairman on 25 September 2023)

Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric Mr. Yeung Chi Hang (appointed on 25 September 2023) and ceased on 5 December 2023) Mr. Lee Chi Ho (appointed on 5 December 2023) Ms. Lai Pik Chi Peggy (appointed on 3 October 2024) Mr. Ong Chi King (Chairman) (resigned on 25 September 2023)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lo Tai On

董事會

執行董事

楊智恒先生(主席兼行政總裁) 梁廣才先生 黃保強先生 鍾少樺先生 戚道斌先生 劉亞非先生 (於二零二四年八月二日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

黃貴生先生 香志恒先生 李智豪先生 *(於二零二三年十二月五日獲委任)* 黎碧芝女士 *(於二零二四年十月三日獲委任)* 王子敬先生 *(於二零二三年九月二十五日辭任)*

審核委員會

 李智豪先生(主席)

 (於二零二三年十二月五日獲委任)

 黃貴生先生

 香志恒先生

 黎碧芝女士

 (於二零二四年十月三日獲委任)

 王子敬先生(主席)

 (於二零二三年九月二十五日辭任)

薪酬委員會及提名委員會

 黃貴生先生(主席)

 (於二零二三年九月二十五日獲委任為

 主席)

 香志恒先生

 楊智恒先生

 (於二零二三年九月二十五日獲委任並於

 二零二三年十二月五日終止)

 李智豪先生

 (於二零二三年十二月五日獲委任)

 黎碧芝女士

 (於二零二四年十月三日獲委任)

 王子敬先生(主席)

 (於二零二三年九月二十五日蘇任)

公司秘書

羅泰安先生

Corporate Information 公司資料

AUDITORS

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited

HONG KONG OFFICE

Room 2608, 26/F, Greenfield Tower, Concordia Plaza No. 1 Science Museum Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East Kowloon

REGISTERED OFFICE

Ugland House PO Box 309 Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Union Registrars Limited Suites 3301–04, 33/F., Two Chinachem Exchange Square 338 King's Road, North Point Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Citic Bank International Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

HONG KONG STOCK CODE

1130

SINGAPORE TRADING SYMBOL

CHEV4000: SP

WEBSITE

www.cergroup.com.hk

核數師

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司

香港辦事處

九龍 尖東科學館道一號 康宏廣場南座26樓2608室

註冊辦事處

Ugland House PO Box 309 Grand Cayman, KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

股份過戶登記總處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

聯合證券登記有限公司 香港 北角英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期 33樓3301-04室

主要往來銀行

中信銀行(國際)有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

香港股份代號

1130

新加坡交易代號

CHEV4000: SP

網址

www.cergroup.com.hk

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of China Environmental Resources Group Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the Annual Report 2024 and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 30 June 2024.

BUSINESS AND OPERATION REVIEW

The Group is currently engaged in metal recycle business, motor and motor accessories business, car parking spaces rental, money lending business and securities trading and investment business. The Group also maintains the green businesses of research, development and application of technologies and solutions, manufacture, sale and trading of products, materials, systems and services for green market segments including the environmental markets, agricultural markets, organic markets and green technology markets in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and overseas. The Group has also a hotel leasing business in Nepal.

The Group has been continuing to explore new business opportunities for corporate development and dedicates to develop sustainable current business.

Investment Properties

The Group holds two investment properties located at PRC and Hong Kong respectively.

In PRC

The Company holds 80% interest of an investment property in PRC which are industrial developments with land lot numbers of 1914130300339 and 1914130300340, located at Longchuanzhou, Renzhou Village, Shatian, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province. The industrial developments comprise two parcels of land with a site area of about 72,335.99 sq.m (or about 778,624.6 sq.ft.) and various buildings and ancillary structures erected thereon. The property has a total gross floor area of approximately 10,745 sq.m (or about 115,659.18 sq.ft.). The land use rights of the property have been granted for separate terms expiring on 15 February 2044 and on 10 May 2044 respectively for industrial use.

本人謹此代表中國環境資源集團有限公司 (「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)向股東呈報 二零二四年年報及本公司及其附屬公司(統 稱「本集團」)截至二零二四年六月三十日止 年度之經審核綜合財務報表。

業務及營運回顧

本集團目前從事金屬回收業務、汽車及汽 車配件業務、停車位租賃、借貸業務以及 證券買賣及投資業務。本集團亦維持從事 中華人民共和國(「中國」)及海外綠色市場 分部(包括環保市場、農業市場、有機市場 及綠色技術市場)技術與解決方案的研發 及應用、生產、銷售及買賣相關產品、材 料、系統及服務等綠色業務。本集團亦於 尼泊爾擁有酒店租賃業務。

本集團一直不斷為公司發展探尋新商機以及致力發展可持續的現有業務。

投資物業

本集團持有兩個投資物業,分別位於中國 及香港。

於中國

本公司持有屬工業發展項目的中國投資物業 80%權益,其地段編號為1914130300339及 1914130300340,位於廣東省東莞市沙田稔 洲村龍船洲。該等工業發展項目包括兩幅地 盤面積約72,335.99平方米(或約778,624.6 平方呎)的土地及建於其上的數項樓宇及附 屬構築物。該物業總建築面積合計約為 10,745平方米(或約115,659.18平方呎)。該 物業獲授予獨立期限的土地使用權,分別於 二零四四年二月十五日及二零四四年五月十 日屆滿,以作工業用途。 On 8 June 2023, an ordinary resolution was passed at an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders in relation to the disposal of all 80% interest of the investment property in PRC, a deposit of HK\$11,800,000 has been received and the balance of HK\$47,200,000 shall be received upon completion.

On 5 December 2023, the Company, the Purchaser and the Disposal Company have entered into a supplemental agreement to the SPA (the "Supplemental Agreement"), pursuant to which the parties thereto mutually agreed that:

- (i) the Completion Date is extended and shall be a Business Day on or before 9 December 2024; and
- (ii) an aggregate amount of HK\$11,800,000 (the "Deposits"), being the first and second instalments of the Transaction Consideration which had been paid by the Purchaser, or any part thereof shall in no circumstances be refunded or refundable to the Purchaser and the Purchaser irrevocably waives and abandons his rights to claim or recover the Deposits or any part thereof under any provisions of the SPA or the laws.

For detail, please refer to the announcement dated 5 December 2023.

In Hong Kong

The Group holds 100% interest of a Hong Kong investment property which comprises 95 car parking spaces at Inland Lot No. 1301 where 72 car parking spaces are located at 2nd Floor to 4th Floor of Harbour View Garden and 23 car parking spaces are located at 3th Floor, Tower III, Harbour View Garden, No. 2 Catchick Street, Hong Kong.

The car parking spaces are held under Government Lease for a term of 999 years commencing on 24 June 1892 and are leased out for parking fee income.

The car parking spaces continued to provide a stable revenue and cash flow to the Group. For the year ended 30 June 2024, rental income slopped down to approximately HK\$3,932,000 (2023: approximately HK\$4,236,000).

於二零二三年六月八日,一項普通決議案 已於股東特別大會上獲通過,內容有關出 售中國投資物業之全部80%權益。按金 11,800,000港元已收訖,而餘額47,200,000 港元則將於完成後收取。

於二零二三年十二月五日,本公司、買方 及出售公司已訂立買賣協議之補充協議 (「補充協議」),據此,訂約方互相協定:

- (i) 完成日期予以延長,且應為於二零 二四年十二月九日或之前之營業日; 及
- (ii) 合共11,800,000港元(「按金」)(即買 方已支付之交易代價之第一及第二期 付款或其任何部分)在任何情況下均 不應或不可退還予買方,而買方不可 撤回地捨棄及放棄其可根據買賣協議 或法律之任何條文申索或收回按金或 其任何部分之權利。

有關詳情,請參閱日期為二零二三年十二 月五日之公佈。

於香港

本集團持有包括95個停車位(內地段第 1301號)的香港投資物業100%權益,當中 72個停車位位於香港吉席街2號海怡花園2 樓至4樓,而23個停車位位於香港吉席街2 號海怡花園3座3樓。

停車位乃根據政府租契持有,年期為自 一八九二年六月二十四日起計999年,並出 租以賺取泊車費收入。

停車位繼續為本集團提供穩定收益及現金 流量。截至二零二四年六月三十日止年 度,租金收入下跌至約3,932,000港元(二零 二三年:約4,236,000港元)。

Biological Assets

By way of a forestry management and undertaking agreement, the Group through its wholly-owned subsidiary acquired timber cutting right over a plantation land of approximately 30,000 mu (Chinese Mu) in Shihezi City, Xinjiang (the "Plantation Land") for a period of 30 years commencing on 1 July 2008.

In the process of valuing the biological assets planted at the Plantation Land, Colliers Appraisal and Advisory Services Co., Ltd. ("Colliers") adopted the Market-Based Approach to estimate the fair value of the biological assets. Discussion of the valuation process and results had been made between the management of the Company and Colliers in respect of the valuation as at the reporting date. The fair value of the biological assets was computed using the formula:

The fair value of biological assets = (total volume of standing timbers x recovery rate) x market price of timber – cutting cost + scrap sale income

According to 林地樹林資源2024年度調查報告 prepared by CNBM Geological Engineering Exploration Academy Co. Ltd. ("CNBM"), stratified random samplings have been applied in order to estimate the total volume of standing timbers on the Plantation Land based on the "Dual stumpage volume table for plain area artificial poplar forests of Xinjiang (新疆平原楊樹人工林二元立木材積表) DB65/T2283-2005". During each sampling process, whole plantation land of 30,000 mu was divided into 3,824 sampling areas and 660 sampling areas were selected. The following inputs have been adopted in this valuation based on the opinions as stated in 林地樹林資源2024年度調查報告 prepared by CNBM:

- Total volume of standing timbers = 459,397 m³
- Recovery rate = 80%
- Cutting cost = 6% of revenue
- Scrap sale income = 3.5% of revenue

生物資產

透過一份林業管理承包合約,本集團透過 其全資附屬公司取得新疆石河子市約 30,000畝(中國畝)種植土地(「種植土地」) 的伐木權,自二零零八年七月一日起,為 期30年。

於種植在種植土地上的生物資產估值過程,北京高力國際土地房地產資產評估有限公司(「高力國際」)已採用市場基礎法以估算生物資產公允值。本公司管理層與高力國際已於報告日期就估值討論估值流程及結果。生物資產公允值按以下算式計算:

生物資產之公允值 = (可採伐林木總量 x 採收率) x 木材市價 - 砍伐成本 + 廢料銷 售收入

根據中材地質工程勘查研究院有限公司 (「中材」)編製之林地樹林資源2024年度調 查報告和「新疆平原楊樹人工林二元立木 材積表DB65/T2283-2005」採用分層抽樣法 結合隨機抽樣,以估計種植土地之可採伐 林木總量。於各抽樣過程中,整個種植土 地30,000畝,分為3,824個抽樣地區,已挑 選660個抽樣地區。根據中材編製之林地樹 林資源2024年度調查報告所載意見,本估 值已採納以下輸入數據:

- 可採伐林木總量 = 459,397立方米
- 採收率 = 80%
- 砍伐成本 = 收益之6%
- 廢料銷售收入 = 收益之3.5%

With reference to the total volume of standing timbers estimated by CNBM and also observable market price of timber of similar pieces in Mainland China, the adopted market price was RMB496 per cubic meter and thus, Colliers determined the fair value of the fair value of the Group's biological assets of RMB177,731,000 as at 30 June 2024. To determine how the different values of an independent variable would impact a particular dependent variable under a given set of assumptions, Colliers carried out sensitivity analysis on the fair value of the biological assets in respect of the recovery rate and adopted market price. The results of the sensitivity analysis are as follows:

-10%

經參考中材估計之可採伐林木總量及中國 內地同類木材之可觀察市價,所採納市價 為每立方米人民幣496元,故高力國際釐定 之公允值為人民幣177,731,000元。為釐 於一組特定假設下一項獨立變項之數值不 同對某一特定應變項之影響,高力國際就 採收率及所採納市價對生物資產公允值進 行敏感度分析。敏感度分析結果如下:

159,958,000

Absolute Change in Recovery Rate 採收率變動絶對值	Applied Recovery Rate 所用採收率	Fair Value of the Biological Asset 生物資產公允值 (RMB) (人民幣)
+10%	90%	199,948,000
+5%	85%	188,840,000
+0%	80%	177,731,000
-5%	75%	166,623,000
-10%	70%	155,515,000
	Adapted Market Drice	Tain Malua, of the Diale visal Assot
% change in Adopted Market Price 所採納市價變動%	Adopted Market Price 所採納市價 (RMB/m³) (每立方米人民幣)	Fair Value of the Biological Asset 生物資產公允值 (RMB) (人民幣)
	, 所採納市價 (RMB/m³)	生物資產公允值 (RMB)
所採納市價變動%	所採納市價 (RMB/m³) (每立方米人民幣)	生物資產公允值 (RMB) (人民幣)
所採納市價變動% +10%	所採納市價 (RMB/m³) (每立方米人民幣) 546	生物資產公允值 (RMB) (人民幣) 195,505,000

446

Fair value of the biological assets is mainly affected by the total volume of standing timbers and market price of the polar tree timbers. Despite the Plantation Land still faces problems of shortage of water resources, soil degradation and broken ecosystem, total volume of standing timbers increased 1,141 cubic metres from 458,256 cubic metres of last financial year end to 459,397 cubic metres at this financial year end, representing an increase of 0.25%. Reason for the volume increase is natural growth of polar trees. However, market price of polar tree timber fell from RMB594 per cubic meter of last financial year end to RMB496 at this financial year end, representing a decrease of 16.50%. The fair value is also affected by the fall of renminbi value against Hong Kong dollars. For cost control reason, the Group has not appointed Plantation Land maintenance operator since July 2018 and yet to devise appropriate valued and economically viable plan to optimise the use of the biological assets. The Group recorded a decrease to approximately HK\$190,958,000 (2023: approximately HK\$230,481,000) in the fair value of the biological assets. The decrease is mainly attributable to the fall of market price of polar tree timber and value of renminbi.

The actual fair value of poplar tree of biological assets in RMB as at 30 June 2024 amounted to approximately RMB177,731,000 (2023: approximately RMB213,336,000). The Group considers that such fair value change is non-cash in nature and will not have effect on the cash flow and business operation of the Group.

During the financial year ended 30 June 2024, the Group recognised aggregate net losses arising from the major non-current assets of approximately HK\$60,445,000 (2023: approximately HK\$19,621,000). This represents the combined effect of the amortisation and impairment loss of intangible assets, the loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets, fair value loss on investment properties and no provision (2023: reversal of provision) for impairment loss of right-of-use assets.

生物資產之公允值主要受到採伐林木總量 及楊樹林木市價影響。儘管種植土地仍然 面臨水資源匱乏、土壤退化及生態系統受 到破壞的問題,可採伐林木總量由去年財 政年底的458,256立方米增加1,141立方米 至本年財政年底的459,397立方米,增幅達 0.25%。數量增加的理由是楊樹林木的天 然增長。然而,楊樹林木的市價由去年財 政年底的每立方米人民幣594元下跌至本年 財政年底的人民幣496元,減幅16.50%。 公允值亦受到人民幣價值兑港元下跌所影 響。就成本控制理由,本集團自二零一八 年七月未有委任種植土地維護營運商,尚 未部署適當估值及經濟可行計劃,以優化 使用生物資產。本集團錄得生物資產公允 值減少至約190,958,000港元(二零二3 年:約230,481,000港元)。該減少乃主要歸 因於楊樹林木市價及人民幣價值下跌。

以人民幣計算,生物資產內白楊樹的實際 公允值於二零二四年六月三十日約為人民 幣177,731,000元(二零二三年:約人民幣 213,336,000元)。本集團認為,有關公允值 變動為非現金性質,且將不會對本集團之 現金流量及業務營運造成影響。

於截至二零二四年六月三十日止財政年 度,本集團確認來自主要非流動資產之虧 損淨額合共約60,445,000港元(二零二三 年:約19,621,000港元),代表無形資產攤 銷及減值虧損、生物資產公允值變動減出 售成本產生之虧損、投資物業之公允值虧 損及並無就使用權資產減值虧損撥備(二 零二三年:撥備撥回)之合併影響。

Operating Rights

The operating rights relate to the favorable aspect of the right to use and operate the plantation land of a subsidiary of the Company. The subsidiary was acquired in the year ended 30 June 2009. The intangible assets are amortised using straight-line method over the useful life of 30 years and the remaining useful life is 14 (2023: 15) years.

With reference to the valuation conducted by AP Appraisal Limited ("AP Appraisal"), an independent professional valuer, the recoverable amount of the Group's operating rights is higher than its carrying amount and no impairment has been recognised during the year ended 30 June 2024. The recoverable amount has been determined on the basis of the value in use by using discounted cash flow method (level 3 fair value measurements). The discount rate used was 14.3% (2023: 16.4%).

Plantation Sales Business

Source of the plantation sales business is the poplar trees at the Plantation Land. There was no timber cutting activity and, hence, for the year ended 30 June 2024, there was no revenue generated from the plantation sales business (2023: Nil).

The Group is working prudently to find the best possible use of the biological assets and will cautiously evaluate the actual economic return after knowing the harvest quota available alongside with comprehensive analysis of all risks and uncertain factors before making any investment decision.

Metal Recycle Business

For the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group recorded a decrease in revenue from metal recycle businesses with total of approximately HK\$9,822,000 (2023: approximately HK\$17,417,000).

There is no doubt that scrape metal recycling has received more attention worldwide because of promotion of green energy, government initiatives and rising demand from various end-use industries. The global metal recycling market size was valued at USD229.6 billion in 2021 and is expected to expand at a compound annual growth rate of 5.85% to 2030 and reach about USD384 billion. However, government initiatives across the globe may not be helpful to exporters. Most of the initiatives are aiming at promoting domestic scrap metal recycling. For example PRC's rules limiting importation to higher quality scrap metals have negative impact for our operations.

經營權

經營權與本公司附屬公司使用及經營種植 土地權利的有利內容有關。本公司於截至 二零零九年六月三十日止年度收購該附屬 公司。無形資產使用直線法於為期30年的 可使用年期內攤銷,而餘下可使用年期為 14年(二零二三年:15年)。

經參考獨立專業估值師AP Appraisal Limited (「AP Appraisal」)進行的估值,截至二零 二四年六月三十日止年度,本集團經營權 利的可收回金額高於其賬面值,且並無確 認減值。可收回金額已使用貼現現金流量 法(三級公允值計量)按使用價值釐定。已 使用的貼現率為14.3%(二零二三年: 16.4%)。

種植銷售業務

種植銷售業務源自種植土地的白楊樹。由 於並無伐木活動,故此於截至二零二四年 六月三十日止年度,種植銷售業務並無產 生收益(二零二三年:無)。

本集團正審慎尋找生物資產的最適當用 途,並將於知悉可用採伐限額後謹慎評估 實際經濟回報,以及於作出任何投資決定 前全面分析所有風險及不確定因素。

金屬回收業務

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本 集團金屬回收業務之收益錄得下跌,合 共約為9,822,000港元(二零二三年:約 17,417,000港元)。

毫無疑問,由於綠色能源的推廣、政府舉 措及各種終端行業需求不斷增長,廢金屬 回收在全球受到越來越多的關注。二 2,296億美元,預期將以5.85%的複合年 長率擴充,於二零三零年達到約3,840億 元。然而,全球各地的政府舉措未必對 口商有所幫助。大多數措施旨在促進國內 廢金屬回收。舉例而言,中國限制進口較 高品質廢金屬的規定已對我們的業務產生 了負面影響。

Also, numbers of local scrap metal operators are increasing and so is the competition, sourcing metal scrap in Hong Kong is becoming more and more difficult.

The total gross value of construction Works ("GVCW") performed at private sector sites totalled \$21.8 billion in the first quarter of 2024, up by 20.8% in nominal terms over a year earlier. In real terms, it increased by 18.3%. The GVCW performed at public sector sites increased by 9.5% in nominal terms over a year earlier to \$25.5 billion in the first quarter of 2024. In real terms, it increased by 7.8%. However, the Group did not benefit from the above figure; the sourcing of scrap metal became more difficult led the cost the scrap metal continuous increase. On the contrary, the selling price of scrap metal slipped down.

Motor and Motor Accessories Business

For the year ended 30 June 2024, revenue from motor and motor accessories business raised to approximately HK\$63,726,000 (2023: approximately HK\$60,279,000).

On the sale of car segment, there was no new sale of BAC mono and used car for this year. Sale of high end car market, same as the economy, requires time to pick up.

On the sale of motor accessories, the tyres business recorded an increase of sales from last year's approximately HK\$44,440,000 to this year end of approximately HK\$53,057,000, representing an increase of 19.4%. The reason being that the Pirelli supplier, after our hard efforts with prolonged negotiations, discussions and petitions, was able to meet approximately 60% of our orders. Although the quantity and category were not very satisfactory, it showed a good sign in the right direction. However, the PRC market recorded a negative turnover from last year's approximately HK\$13,987,000 to this year end of approximately HK\$9,661,000. It was evident that consumer confidence at PRC continued to hover at all-time lows. More and more motor vehicle owners prolonged tyre's maintenance or shifted to use lower tier tyres with cheaper price and Pirelli did not manufacture that category. We are of the view that if Pirelli supplier continues to improve meeting our order, sales at Taiwan may further improve but the PRC market remains uncertain.

此外,本地廢金屬營運商的數量不斷增加,競爭也日益激烈。在香港採購廢金屬 變得越來越困難。

於二零二四年第一季度,私營界別地盤進 行的建築工程總值(「建築工程總值」)合共 為218億港元,較去年名義總值上升 20.8%。實質建築工程總值上升18.3%。 公營界別地盤進行的名義建築工程總值較 去年上升9.5%至二零二四年第一季度的 255億港元。實質建築工程總值上升 7.8%。然而,本集團並無受惠於上述數 字,廢金屬採購日益困難,導致廢金屬成 本持續上漲。相反,廢金屬售價則有所下 跌。

汽車及汽車配件業務

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,汽車 及汽車配件業務之收益上升至約63,726,000 港元(二零二三年:約60,279,000港元)。

銷售汽車分部方面,今年並無BAC mono及 二手車的新銷售。高端汽車市場的銷售與 經濟一樣,需要時間方能復甦。

銷售汽車配件方面,輪胎業務的銷售從去 年約44,440,000港元增加至今年年底約 53,057,000港元,增幅達19.4%。增加乃由 於經過我們努力持續磋商、討論及呈請 後,Pirelli的供應商能夠滿足我們約60%的 訂單。儘管數量及種類尚未能令人滿意, 但這顯示我們面向一個正確方向的良好跡 象。然而,中國市場的營業額由去年約 13.987.000港 元 下 降 至 今 年 年 底 約 9,661,000港元。顯然,中國的消費者信心 持續於歷史低點徘徊。越來越多的車主延 長輪胎的保養時間或轉用價格較便宜的較 低端輪胎,惟Pirelli並不生產該類輪胎。我 們認為,倘Pirelli供應商繼續改善以滿足我 們的訂單,台灣的銷售或會進一步改善, 但中國市場則仍然並不確定。

Money Lending Business

The Group operates money lending business through a wholly owned subsidiary, which is a holder of money lender's licence under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong). The Group has adopted money lending policies and procedures for handling and/or monitoring the money lending business in compliance with the Money Lenders Ordinance.

During the year, the Group recorded loan interest income of approximately HK\$307,000 (2023: approximately HK\$298,000) from loans granted to both corporate and individual clients. The outstanding principal amount of loan receivables net of provision of impairment loss as at 30 June 2024 was approximately HK\$5,517,000 (2023: approximately HK\$5,876,000). During the year, no provision for impairment loss of loan receivables was made (2023: approximately HK\$4,290,000) was considered necessary in the application of HKFRS 9 by the Group.

The scope of the money lending services of the Group mainly focuses on the provision of corporate or personal loans to referred customers, instead of the mass customer market, with loan size of not more than HK\$5 million in general. The target clientele primarily consists of (i) corporations which are in small to medium size with well-established business operations in Hong Kong and/ or the PRC; and (ii) businessmen, executives or professionals in various industries, as referred from the Company's senior management, business partners or clients with past business dealings with the Group. The funding for the money lending business is financed by the internal resources of the Group.

The key operation of the money lending business of the Group is in Hong Kong. When a prospective client is identified, the finance department of the Group will conduct a series of due diligence work for the purpose of credit assessment. The management of the Company is primarily responsible for the credit assessment, loan approval and determination of terms under the respective loan agreements.

借貸業務

本集團透過一間全資附屬公司經營借貸業務,該公司為香港法例第163章放債人條例 項下放債人牌照的持有人。本集團已採納 符合放債人條例的借貸政策及程序,以處 理及/或監察借貸業務。

於本年度,本集團自向企業及個人客戶授 出貸款錄得貸款利息收入約307,000港元 (二零二三年:約298,000港元)。於二零 二四年六月三十日,尚未償還的應收貸款 本金額(扣除減值虧損撥備)約為5,517,000 港元(二零二三年:約5,876,000港元)。於 本年度,本集團應用香港財務報告準則第 9號,並無就應收貸款計提減值虧損撥備 (二零二三年:約4,290,000港元)。

本集團借貸服務範圍主要集中於向轉介客 戶提供公司或個人貸款,而非大眾客戶市 場,貸款規模一般不超過5百萬港元。目標 客戶主要包括(i)在香港及/或中國擁有穩 固業務營運的中小型公司;及(ii)各行各業 的商人、行政人員或專業人士,彼等由本 公司高級管理層、業務夥伴或過去與本資 蜜由本集團的內部資源撥付。

本集團借貸業務的主要營運地點為香港。 當識別出潛在客戶,本集團的財務部門將 就信貸評估進行一系列盡職審查工作。本 公司管理層主要負責信貸評估、貸款審批 及釐定各貸款協議項下的條款。

Internal Control Policies and Credit Risk Assessment

The Group has maintained the internal control policies for its money lending business in managing the credit risk and safeguarding the assets and interests of the Group. The key internal control procedures adopted by the Group in terms of credit risk assessment and ongoing monitoring of loan recoverability and loan collection are outlined below:

Credit Risk Assessment

To assess the creditworthiness and the repayment ability of the potential borrowers, the Group would conduct a series of due diligence work including (i) obtaining information as to the identity, background, statutory documents and financial conditions of the potential borrowers as well as the purpose of the loan; (ii) reviewing the financial statements of the corporate borrowers; and (iii) performing relevant searches such as judiciary judgment search and internet search regarding news or events that may have negative bearings on the loans or the repayment ability of the borrowers.

In respect of loan extension/renewal or change of loan terms, the internal control procedures to be conducted by the Group would include (i) reviewing the latest financial statements of the corporate borrowers; (ii) understanding from the borrowers on, among others, the reasons for loan extension/renewal or change of loan terms, the financial conditions and the intended repayment schedule/method etc.; (iii) performing relevant searches such as judiciary judgment search and internet search regarding news or events that may have negative bearings on the loans or the repayment ability of the borrowers; and (iv) assessing the feasibility of such revision(s) to the loan terms by the Board taking into account various factors such as the assessed risks, the track record of past business opportunities.

內部監控政策及信貸風險評估

本集團已維持其借貸業務的內部監控政策 以管理信貸風險及保障本集團的資產及利 益。本集團在信貸風險評估及持續監控貸 款可收回性及貸款追討方面採納的主要內 部監控程序概述如下:

信貸風險評估

為評估潛在借款方的信譽及還款能力,本 集團將進行一系列盡職審查工作,包括(i) 獲取有關潛在借款方的身份、背景、法定 文件及財務狀況以及貸款目的等資料;(ii) 審閱公司借款方的財務報表;及(iii)對可能 對借款方的貸款或還款能力產生負面影響 的消息或事件進行相關搜索,例如司法判 決搜索及互聯網搜索。

就貸款延期/續期或更改貸款條款而言, 本集團將進行的內部監控程序包括(i)審 了的最新財務報表:(ii)從借款方的最新財務報表:(ii)從借款方的最新財務報表:(ii)從借款方的最新財務報表:(ii) 款條款的原因、財務狀況及擬定方法等:(iii)對可能對的消息或該對了 之後 款能力產生負和司影響的消息或互助 關搜索,例如董事會對貸款條款 近個董字的可行性,當中經考慮經於任何其 過去與借款方的累務。 潛在商機等不同因素。

Ongoing Monitoring of Loan Recoverability and Loan Collection

The finance department of the Group is responsible for ongoing monitoring of the loan portfolio, loan recoverability, debt collection as well as identifying any irregularities and taking mitigating measures if and when necessary. Whenever any irregularity is identified, the Group would enquire with the relevant borrower to reassess the credit risk and the loan recoverability.

The Group maintains a loan register to monitor loan repayment schedule and status. Follow-up actions in the event of a loan delinquency include telephone calls, email or text messages. The Group will issue demand letters and serve statutory demand to the defaulting client in the case that the overdue persists, and, if the circumstances warrant, it may consider pursuing legal actions against the defaulting client after seeking legal advice.

Basis of Determination of Major Terms of Loans

The key terms of loan such as the principal amount, the interest rates, the tenure, the repayment terms vary and are determined by factors including but not limited to the background and credibility of borrowers, the value of security (if any) and the assessed risk. The credit risk for a listed corporate borrower is generally considered lower than that for a private company. In determining the interest rates, the Group would take into consideration, among others, the amount of loan, the loan tenure, the value of security (if any), the assessed risk, the track record of past business dealings with the potential client(s), the prospects of other future businesses and the prevailing market interest rates. In determining the extension period at the request of borrowers, the Group would base on arm's length negotiations with borrowers with reference to, among others, the needs and the financial condition of the borrowers, the potential or past business dealings with the borrowers and the assessed risks associated with the relevant loans

持續監控貸款可收回性及貸款追討

本集團的財務部門負責持續監控貸款組 合、貸款可收回性、債務追討,以及識別 任何異常情況並在有需要時採取緩解措 施。每當識別任何異常情況,本集團將向 相關借款方查詢,以重新評估信貸風險及 貸款可收回性。

本集團設有貸款登記冊以監控貸款還款時 間表及狀況。有關拖欠貸款的後續行動包 括電話、電郵或短信。如持續逾期未還, 本集團將向違約客戶發出催繳函及送達法 定追償書,並在情況需要時,經徵求法律 意見後考慮對違約客戶採取法律行動。

主要貸款條款的釐定基準

Loan Portfolio as of 30 June 2024

As at 30 June 2024, the Group had five customers with the aggregate loan receivables before loss allowance for expected credit losses of approximately HK\$16,023,000, of which approximately HK\$7,182,000, or approximately 44.8%, was due from the largest borrower while approximately HK\$4,091,000 and approximately HK\$4,033,000, or approximately 25.5% and approximately 25.2%, were due from the second and the third largest borrowers, respectively. All these five customers were secured by referrals. The summary of major terms of the loan portfolio as of 30 June 2024 is tabulated below:

截至二零二四年六月三十日的貸款組合

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團有五名 客戶,應收貸款總額(扣除預期信貸虧損的 虧損撥備前)約為16,023,000港元,其中約 7,182,000港元或約44.8%乃應收最大借款 方,而約4,091,000港元及約4,033,000港元 (或約25.5%及約25.2%)乃分別應收第二 大及第三大借款方。該五名客戶均透過轉 介獲得。截至二零二四年六月三十日,貸 款組合的主要條款概要如下表所示:

Loan	Background of the borrowers	Date of grant of loans	Principal loan amount granted	receivables as at 30 June 2024	annum) applicable during the year ended 30 June 2024 截至		Latest repayment terms	Collateral/ guarantee	Proportion of the outstanding loan receivables before loss allowance for expected credit losses as at 30 June 2024 於二零二四年
貸款	借款方的背景	授出貸款日期	授出貸款 本金額	於二零二四年 六月三十日的 未償還 應收貸款 (Note 1) (附註1) Approx. 概約		還款/到期日期 (經續期或延長)	最新運款條款	抵押品/擔保	六月三十日的 未償還應收貸款 (扣除預期信貸虧損約 虧損撥備前)的比例 (Note 1) (附註1) Approx. 概約
			(HK \$'000) (千港元)	概約 (HK\$'000) (千港元)					(SI, A)
1	Borrower 1 is a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Please also refer to the paragraph headed "Information on Borrower 1" in the announcement published on 31 May 2023.	September 2016	5,000	7,182	(Note 2)	December 2024 (Note 2)	Bullet repayment	Not applicable	44.8%
	借款方一為一間於聯交所主板上市的 公司。另請參閱於二零二三年 五月三十一日刊發的公佈 「借款方一的資料」一段。	二零一六年九月			(附註2)	二零二四年十二月 (附註2)	一次性還款	不適用	
2	Borrower 2 was a company previously listed on GEM but delisted in 2021.	October 2018	5,000	4,033 (Note 1)	(Note 3)	December 2023 (Note 3)	Bullet repayment	Guaranteed	25.2%
	借款方二為一間先前於GEM上市 但於二零二一年除牌的公司。	二零一八年十月		(附註1)	(附註3)	二零二三年十二月 (附註3)	一次性還款	有擔保	
3	Borrower 3 is a private company with business operation in Hong Kong.	November 2018	1,000	518	12%	November 2025 (Note 4)	Instalment loan with 36 payments in three years (Note 4)	Secured by luxury watches and guaranteed	3.2%
	借款方三為一間於香港經營業務的 私人公司。	二零一八年十一月				二零二五年十一月 (附註4)	於三年內分三十六期 支付的分期貸款 (附註4)	以名貴手錶作抵 押及有擔保	
4	Borrower 4 is a businessman.	April 2018	5,000	4,091 (Note 1)	Nil (Note 5)	November 2023 (Note 5)	Bullet repayment (Note 5)	Not applicable	25.5%
	借款方四為一名商人。	二零一八年四月		(附註1)	零(附註5)	二零二三年十一月 (附註5)	一次性還款(附註5)	不適用	
5	Borrower 5 is a businessman.	May 2019	200	199 (Note 1)	20%	September 2023 (Note 6)	Instalment loan with 24 payments in two years (Note 6)	Not applicable	1.3%
	借款方五為一名商人。	二零一九年五月		(附註1)		二零二三年九月 (附註6)	於兩年內分二十四期 支付的分期貸款 (附註6)	不適用	
			Total 總計	16,023					100.0%

Notes:

- (1) The outstanding loan receivables before loss allowance for expected credit losses as at 30 June 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$16.0 million. After taking into account the provision of impairment loss made to the respective amount of approximately HK\$4.0 million, HK\$4.1 million and HK\$0.2 million in respect of the outstanding loan receivables under Loan 2, 4 and 5, the outstanding loan receivables of the Group net of provision of impairment loss as at 30 June 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$7.7 million.
- (2) The tenure of Loan 1 as initially granted was 180 days and the repayment date of Loan 1 has been further extended to 10 December 2024 as per ten supplemental agreements. The interest rate of Loan 1 has been revised from 9% (applicable for the period from September 2016 to December 2020) to 2% (applicable for the period from December 2020) to 2% (applicable for the period from December 2020) to December 2023, and further to 6.5% (applicable for the period from December 2023 to December 2024). Please also refer to the section headed "DISCLOSEABLE TRANSACTION RELATING TO FURTHER EXTENSION OF LOAN" in the announcement published on 31 May 2023 for the detailed terms of Loan 1.
- (3) The tenure of Loan 2 as initially granted was one month and the repayment date of Loan 2 has been further extended to 31 December 2023 as per four supplemental agreements to the loan agreement entered into between the Lender and Borrower 2. Upon expiry of the extended repayment date, no further supplemental agreement had been entered during the year ended 30 June 2024. The interest rate of Loan 2 has been revised from 20% (applicable for the period from October 2018 to August 2020) to 30% (applicable for the period from September 2020 to December 2023).
- (4) The tenure of Loan 3 as initially granted was 12 months and the maturity date of Loan 3 has been further extended to 25 November 2025 as per four supplemental agreements to the loan agreement entered into between the Lender and Borrower 3. The repayment terms have been changed from monthly repayment of interest and repayment of principal on the maturity date during the period from November 2018 to November 2022 to instalment repayment during the period from November 2022 to November 2025.
- (5) The tenure of Loan 4 as initially granted was 12 months and the repayment date of Loan 4 has been further extended to 3 November 2023 as per five supplemental agreements (including a settlement deed) to the loan agreement entered into between the Lender and Borrower 4. Upon expiry of the extended repayment date, no further supplemental agreement had been entered during the year ended 30 June 2024. The repayment terms have been changed from instalment repayment during the period from April 2018 to November 2020 to bullet repayment during the period from November 2020 to November 2023. The interest rate of Loan 4 has been revised from 12% (applicable for the period from November 2020), to 2% (applicable for the period from November 2020 to November 2022), and nil (applicable for the period from November 2022 to November 2023).
- (6) The tenure of Loan 5 as initially granted was three months and the maturity date of Loan 5 has been further extended to 13 September 2023 as per four supplemental agreements to the loan agreement entered into between the Lender and Borrower 5. Upon expiry of the extended repayment date, no further supplemental agreement had been entered during the year ended 30 June 2024. The repayment terms have been changed from bullet repayment during the period from May 2019 to October 2021 to instalment repayment during the period from October 2021 to September 2023.

附註:

- (1) 於二零二四年六月三十日,未償還應收貸款 (扣除預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備前)約為16.0 百萬港元。經計及就貸款二、四及五項下未 償還應收貸款全部金額分別約4.0百萬港元、
 4.1百萬港元及0.2百萬港元作出的減值虧損 撥備後,本集團於二零二四年六月三十日的 未償還應收貸款(扣除減值虧損撥備)約為
 7.7百萬港元。
- (2) 初步授出的貸款一期限為180日,而貸款一 的還款日期已根據十份補充協議進一步延長 至二零二四年十二月十日。貸款一的利率已 由9%(適用於二零一六年九月至二零二零年 十二月期間)修訂為2%(適用於二零二零年 十二月至二零二三年十二月期間),並進一 步修訂為6.5%(適用於二零二三年十二月至 二零二四年十二月期間)。有關貸款一的詳 細條款,另請參閱於二零二三年五月三十一 日刊發的公佈「有關貸款進一步延期的須予 披露交易」一節。
- (3) 初步授出的貸款二期限為一個月,而貸款二 的還款日期已根據貸款方與借款方二所訂立 的四份貸款協議補充協議進一步延長至二零 二三年十二月三十一日。於經延長還款日期 屆滿後,截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度 內並無訂立進一步補充協議。貸款二的利率 已由20%(適用於二零一八年十月至二零 年八月期間)修訂為30%(適用於二零二零 年九月至二零二三年十二月期間)。
- (4) 初步授出的貸款三期限為12個月,而貸款三 的到期日期已根據貸款方與借款方三所訂立 的四份貸款協議補充協議進一步延長至二零 二五年十一月二十五日。還款條款已由於二 零一八年十一月至二零二二年十一月期間每 月償還利息及於到期日期償還本金更改為於 二零二二年十一月至二零二五年十一月期間 分期還款。
- (5) 初步授出的貸款四期限為12個月,而貸款四 的還款日期已根據貸款方與借款方四所訂立 的五份貸款協議補充協議(包括一份清償契 據)進一步延長至二零二三年十一月三日。 於經延長還款日期屆滿後,截至二零二四年 六月三十日止年度內並無訂立進一步補充協 議。還款條款已由於二零一八年四月至二零 二零年十一月期間分期還款更改為於二零二 零年十一月第二零十一月期間)修訂 為2%(適用於二零二零年十一月期間)修訂 為2%(適用於二零二零年十一月至二零二年 十一月至二零二三年十一月期間)。
- (6) 初步授出的貸款五期限為三個月,而貸款五 的到期日期已根據貸款方與借款方五所訂立 的四份貸款協議補充協議進一步延長至二零 二三年九月十三日。於經延長還款日期屆滿 後,截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度內並 無訂立進一步補充協議。還款條款已由於二 零一九年五月至二零二一年十月期間一次性 還款更改為於二零二一年十月至二零二三年 九月期間分期還款。

The internal control procedures and credit assessment carried out by the Group on each of the loans at the time of initial grant and subsequent extensions or change of loan terms together with the actions taken by the Group on the incidents of defaults (if any) are summarized as follows:

本集團於初步授出及其後延長或更改貸款 條款時對各項貸款進行的內部監控程序及 信貸評估連同本集團就違約事件採取的行 動(如有)概述如下:

Internal control procedures and Loan credit assessment on the loans

貸款 貸款的內部監控程序及信貸評估

1 At the time of granting Loan 1, the Group conducted relevant due diligence work for its credit risk assessment including reviewing the memorandum and articles of association of Borrower 1, the then announcements and the then financial reports/results published by Borrower 1 on the website of the Stock Exchange. The financial performance and financial positions revealed the financial strength and repayment ability of Borrower 1 at the time of granting the loan.

於授出貸款一時,本集團就其信貸風 險評估進行相關盡職審查工作,包括 審閱借款方一的組織章程大綱及細 則、借款方一於聯交所網站刊發當時 的公佈及當時的財務報告/業績。財 務表現及財務狀況反映借款方一於授 出貸款時的財務實力及還款能力。

Group before agreeing to the extensions or the change of loan terms 本集團於同意延長或更改貸款條款前考慮的 其他基準及因素

At the request of Borrower 1, the Group offered a lower interest rate for Loan 1 since December 2020 (and up to December 2023), having taken into account the followings: 應借款方一的要求,本集團自二零二零年 十二月起(及截至二零二三年十二月止)就貸 款一提供較低利率,當中經考慮以下各項:

the Company recognized the adverse (i) market sentiment prevailing in 2020, being the first year of the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic, and the deteriorating financial performance of and the financial pressure experienced by Borrower 1 during these unprecedented and unpredictable difficult times; 本公司意識到於二零二零年(即爆發 前所未見COVID-19疫情的第一年)普 遍存在不利市場情緒,以及借款方一 於此段前所未見及不可預測的困難時 期的財務表現惡化及面臨財務壓力;

Other basis and factors considered by the The Group's actions taken on the incidents of defaults (if any) 本集團就違約事件採取的行動 (如有)

> Not applicable. 不適用。

(如有)

Internal control procedures and Loan credit assessment on the loans

貸款 貸款的內部監控程序及信貸評估

1 At the times of granting extensions of the repayment date of Loan 1, the Group had been in close contact with Borrower 1 in understanding, among others, its reasons for extensions with the intended repayment schedule, and reviewed the then latest financial statements and the then announcements published by Borrower 1 on the website of the Stock Exchange to understand its then financial conditions and latest business development. Despite the lossmaking of Borrower 1 during the period from 2016 to 2022, the Group had taken into consideration that (i) its total equity and net current asset position during the period from 2016 to 2023 far exceeded the outstanding loan amount, which revealed the repayment ability of Borrower 1; (ii) the improving financial positions of Borrower 1 from the period from 2019 to 2023; and (iii) the improving financial performance of Borrower 1 since 2023. The re-assessed credit risk was therefore considered acceptable at the times of granting extensions.

> 於授出延長貸款一的還款日期時,本 集團一百與借款方一保持緊密聯繫, 以了解(其中包括)其延期的原因及擬 定還款時間表,並審閱借款方一於聯 交所網站刊發當時最新的財務報表及 當時的公佈,從而了解其當時的財務 狀況及最新業務發展。儘管借款方一 於二零一六年至二零二二年期間錄得 虧損,本集團已考慮(i)其於二零一六 年至二零二三年期間的權益總額及淨 流動資產狀況遠超未償還貸款金額, 顯示借款方一的還款能力;(ii)借款方 一的財務狀況於二零一九年至二零 二三年期間有所改善;及(iii)借款方一 自二零二三年起財務表現改善。因 此,於授出延期時,經重新評估的信 貸風險被視為可接受。

Other basis and factors considered by the The Group's actions taken Group before agreeing to the extensions or the change of loan terms 本集團於同意延長或更改貸款條款前考慮的 其他基準及因素

(ii)

on the incidents of defaults (if any) 本集團就違約事件採取的行動

while Borrower 1, being an industry counterpart which through its subsidiaries was engaged in the money lending business and holding a valid money lenders licence under the Money Lender Ordinance at the material time, is offered to enjoy a lower interest rate for Loan 1 granted, the Group may reasonably assume to enjoy the same merit of lower interest rate to be offered by Borrower 1 in return if and when needed in the future; and 借款方一(作為透過其附屬公司於關 鍵時間從事放債業務並持有放債人條 例項下的有效放債人牌照的行業對手 方)就授出的貸款一享有較低利率,本 集團可因而合理假設於日後有需要時 將享有借款方一提供較低利率的相同 優惠;及

by retaining strong bonding with (iii) Borrower 1, being a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since 2007 (with market capitalization up to HK\$13 billion in 2018), the Group may be benefited from the potential business opportunities including but not limited to business referrals, strategic collaborations and/or investment prospects which, if capitalized, may potentially be more lucrative than the interest income to be generated from Loan 1.

> 透過與借款方一(一間自二零零七年 起於聯交所主板上市的公司,於二零 一八年的市值高達130億港元)保持緊 密關係,本集團可能受益於潛在商 機,包括但不限於業務轉介、戰略合 作及/或投資前景,倘資本化,可能 較貸款一產生的利息收入更有利可圖。

Internal control procedures and Loan credit assessment on the loans

貸款 貸款的內部監控程序及信貸評估

1 Having considered the loan recoverability backed by the improving financial positions since 2019 and the turnaround financial performance of Borrower 1 since 2023, the Group agreed to the further extension of Loan 1 from December 2023 to December 2024 (at the request of Borrower 1). In return, the Group has increased the interest rate to 6.5%. 考慮到由自二零一九年起財務狀況改 善以及借款方一自二零二三年起的財 務表現好轉支持的貸款可收回性,本 集團同意將貸款一的期限從二零二三 年十二月進一步延長至二零二四年 十二月(應借款方一的要求)。作為回 報,本集團已將利率提高至6.5%。

Other basis and factors considered by the Group before agreeing to the extensions or the change of loan terms

本集團於同意延長或更改貸款條款前考慮的 其他基準及因素

The Group's actions taken on the incidents of defaults (if any) 本集團就違約事件採取的行動

本集團就違約事件採取的行動 (如有)

貸款 貸款的內部監控程序及信貸評估

2 At the time of granting Loan 2, the Group conducted relevant due diligence work for its credit risk assessment including reviewing the memorandum of association and articles of association of Borrower 2, the then announcements and the then financial reports/results published by Borrower 2 on the website of the Stock Exchange. Given the then listing status of Borrower 2 and the then gearing ratio being less than 1, its financial condition was considered acceptable and the credit risk was relatively low at the time of granting the loan.

> 於授出貸款二時,本集團就其信貸風 險評估進行相關盡職審查工作,包括 審閱借款方二的組織章程大綱及組織 章程細則、借款方二於聯交所網站刊 發當時的公佈及當時的財務報告/業 績。鑑於借款方二當時的上市地位及 當時的資產負債比率低於1,其財務狀 況被視為可接受,且於授出貸款時的 信貸風險相對較低。

> Before agreeing to the extensions of the repayment date of Loan 2, the Group has obtained and reviewed the then latest business information of Borrower 2 to ascertain its repayment ability and enquired about its debt restructuring plan.

> 於同意延長貸款二的還款日期前,本 集團已取得並審閱借款方二當時最新 的業務資料,以確認其還款能力,並 對其債務重組計劃作出查詢。

Other basis and factors considered by the The Group's actions taken Group before agreeing to the extensions or the change of loan terms

本集團於同意延長或更改貸款條款前考慮的 其他基準及因素

The Group revised the interest rate from 20% to 30% per annum starting from 1 September 2020 in response to Borrower 2's request for extension of the repayment date.

應借款方二有關延長還款日期的要求,本集 團自二零二零年九月一日起將年利率由20% 修訂為30%。

on the incidents of defaults (if any)

本集團就違約事件採取的行動 (如有)

Following the incidents of default of Borrower 2 in 2019, the finance department of the Group had from time to time made telephone calls to Borrower 2 to demand settlement and enquired about the expected time for repayment. In view of the prolonged non-repayment, the Group had engaged an external legal adviser to initiate legal actions including serving a statutory demand to Borrower 2. Subsequently, the Group reached a consensus on the settlement arrangement with Borrower 2 and collected part of the loan receivables from it in 2019. 繼借款方二於二零一九年發生違約 事件後,本集團財務部門不時致電 借款方二要求清償款項,以及查詢 預期還款時間。鑑於長期未償還款 項,本集團已委聘外部法律顧問採 取法律行動,包括向借款方二送達 法定追償書。其後,本集團與借款 方二就清償安排達成共識,並於二 零一九年向其收回部分應收貸款。

In light of Borrower 2's default in repayment upon expiry of the extended repayment date of Loan 2, the Company has engaged an external legal adviser to take legal actions in 2024 for recovering the outstanding loan receivables. A writ of summons against Borrower 2 had been issued. The recovering process is still ongoing as at the date of this annual report. 鑒於借款方二於貸款二延長還 款日期到期後未能按時還款, 本公司已聘請外部法律顧問於 二零二四年採取法律行動以追 回未償還貸款應收款。借款方二 已獲發出傳票。於本年報日期, 追回流程仍然正在進行中。

貸款 貸款的內部監控程序及信貸評估

3 At the time of granting Loan 3, the Group conducted relevant due diligence work for its credit risk assessment including reviewing the business registration certificate, certificate of change of name, annual returns, audited report and bank statement of Borrower 3 and performing judiciary judgment search and internet search. The Company considered that the credit risk is controllable and the likelihood of recoverability of the loan is high given the security charged with satisfactory loan-to-security ratio and having taken into account that Borrower 3 has genuine operation (rather than being an investment holding company). 於授出貸款三時,本集團就其信貸風 險評估進行相關盡職審查工作,包括 審閱借款方三的商業登記證、更改名 稱證明書、年度申報表、經審核報告 及銀行結單,以及進行司法判決搜索 及互聯網搜索。鑑於抵押品有足以信 納的貸款抵押品比率,並考慮到借款 方三有實際經營業務(而非作為一間 投資控股公司),本公司認為信貸風險 可控,且貸款可收回性較高。

Other basis and factors considered by the Group before agreeing to the extensions or the change of loan terms

本集團於同意延長或更改貸款條款前考慮的 其他基準及因素

Given the security charged with satisfactory loan-to-security ratio and good track record of repayment, the Company agreed to the extensions and revised the repayment terms from monthly repayment of interest and repayment of principal on the maturity date to instalment payment, which further reduces the credit risk.

鑑於抵押品有足以信納的貸款抵押品比率, 以及良好的還款紀錄,本公司同意延期,並 將還款條款由每月償還利息及於到期日期償 還本金修訂為分期付款,從而進一步減低信 貸風險。 The Group's actions taken on the incidents of defaults (if any)

本集團就違約事件採取的行動 (如有)

Not applicable. 不適用。

貸款 貸款的內部監控程序及信貸評估

- 4 At the time of granting Loan 4, the Group conducted relevant due diligence work for its credit risk assessment, including performing judiciary judgment search and internet search. Given that (i) Borrower 4 was a reputable person with significant background, in particular as a Justice of the Peace, and previously held directorships in several listed companies; and (ii) no news or events that may have negative bearings on the loan or the repayment ability of Borrower 4 were found based on the result of relevant public searches, Borrower 4 was considered creditworthy and financially sound at the time of granting the loan. 於授出貸款四時,本集團就其信貸風 險評估進行相關盡職審查工作,包括 進行司法判決搜索及互聯網搜索。鑑 於(i)借款方四為一名背景顯赫的知名 人士,具體而言是一名太平紳士,且 先前於數間上市公司擔任董事職務; 及(ii)基於相關公開搜索的結果,概無 發現任何可能對借款方四的貸款或 還款能力有負面影響的消息或事件, 借款方四於授出貸款時被視為信譽良
 - 好,且財務穩健。

Other basis and factors considered by the The Group's actions taken Group before agreeing to the extensions or the change of loan terms

本集團於同意延長或更改貸款條款前考慮的 其他基準及因素

At the request of Borrower 4, the Group offered a lower interest rate under Loan 4 since November 2020 and changed the repayment terms including the extension for bullet repayment, having taken into account the followings:

應借款方四的要求,本集團自二零二零年 十一月起就貸款四提供較低利率,並更改還 款條款(包括延期一次性還款),當中經考慮 以下各項:

(i) the Company recognized the adverse market sentiment prevailing in 2020, being the first year of the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic, and the acute financial difficulties of Borrower 4 as a result of unprecedented series of worldwide events since mid of 2018; and 本公司意識到於二零二零年(即爆發 前所未見COVID-19疫情的第一年)普

遍存在不利市場情緒,以及自二零 一八年年中以來,由於發生一系列前 所未見的全球性事件,借款方四有嚴 重財務困難;及

on the incidents of defaults (if any)

本集團就違約事件採取的行動 (如有)

Following the incidents of default of Borrower 4 at the material times during the period from 2018 to 2020, the Group had from time to time made telephone calls to Borrower 4 to demand settlement and enquired about the expected time for repayment and issued demand letters to Borrower 4. Upon issuance of a demand letter by the Company through a legal adviser to Borrower 4 in 2019, Borrower 4 had shown his commitment in repayment of the outstanding principal and interests accrued by delivering post-dated cheques in an aggregate sum of approximately HK\$4.7 million (based on the then proposed instalment payment schedule pursuant to a settlement deed) to the Group. The Group resolved to enter into the settlement deed in June 2019 in consideration of receipt of the post-dated cheques delivered by Borrower 4. 繼借款方四於二零一八年至二零二

零年期間的關鍵時間發生違約事件 後,本集團不時致電借款方四要求 清償款項及查詢預期還款時間,並 向借款方四發出催繳函。本公司於 二零一九年經一名法律顧問向借款 方四發出催繳函後,借款方四已透 過向本集團交付總金額約4.7百萬港 元(基於清償契據項下的當時建議分 期付款時間表)的期票,以表明其償 還未償還本金及應計利息的承諾。 本集團於二零一九年六月議決訂立 清償契據,代價為收取借款方四交 付的期票。

貸款 貸款的內部監控程序及信貸評估

4 At the times of granting extensions, the Group had been in close contact with Borrower 4 in understanding, among others, his financial needs for extensions with the intended repayment schedule, and performed public searches on Borrower 4. No news or events that may have negative bearings on the loan or the repayment ability of Borrower 4 was found. Further, the Group had periodically reviewed the full lists of Justices of the Peace and confirmed that Borrower 4 has still been holding the office of the Justice of the Peace, revealing that the credibility of Borrower 4 remained. 於授出延期時,本集團一直與借款方 四保持緊密聯繫,以了解(其中包括) 其對延期的財務需要及擬定還款時間 表,並對借款方四進行公開搜索。概 無發現任何可能對借款方四的貸款或 還款能力有負面影響的消息或事件。 此外,本集團已定期審閱太平紳士的 完整名單,並確認借款方四仍擔任太 平紳士一職,反映借款方四的信譽保 持不變。

Other basis and factors considered by the Group before agreeing to the extensions or the change of loan terms

本集團於同意延長或更改貸款條款前考慮的 其他基準及因素

(ii)

having taken into account that Borrower 4 has extensive networks in both Hong Kong and the PRC, the Group envisages to bolster a solid, stable and long-term relationship with Borrower 4 and to be benefited from any potential business or investment opportunities as referred and lined up by him through his extensive networks which may be more fruitful to the Group as compared to the interest income to be incurred from Loan 4. Capitalizing on the networks of Borrower 4, the Group has gained access to a range of potential business and investment opportunities since 2016, most of which were related to the principal businesses of the Group, in particular the metal recycle business has materialized and become an integral component of the Group's core operations. The Group had been, and is likely to continue to be, benefited from the solid, longstanding and mutually beneficial relationship with Borrower 4. 考慮到借款方四於香港及中國均擁有 廣泛人脈,本集團展望與借款方四加

The Group's actions taken on the incidents of defaults (if any) 本集團就違約事件採取的行動

本集團就建約事件採取的行動 (如有)

Following the default of Borrower 4 in late 2019, the Group issued a demand letter to Borrower 4 in March 2020 and was given to understand that his cash flow pressure would be eased after his business opportunities as contemplated in the PRC become fruitful. However, such attempts had been subsequently baffled by the unprecedented COVID-19 pandemic with stringent travel restrictions. As a gesture of goodwill, Borrower 4 had done his darnedest to make early partial repayments on interests during the period from December 2021 to October 2022 despite the agreed bullet repayment term. 繼借款方四於二零一九年年底違約 後,本集團於二零二零年三月向借 款方四發出催繳函,並獲悉其現金 流量壓力將於其在中國所計劃的商 機有所成果後得以緩解。然而,有 關嘗試其後因前所未見的COVID-19 疫情及嚴格的旅遊限制而受挫。為 表善意,儘管經協定條款為一次性 還款,借款方四仍在二零二一年 十二月至二零二二年十月期間竭力 提前償還部分利息。

In light of Borrower 4's default in repayment upon expiry of the extended repayment date of Loan 4, the Company has engaged an external legal adviser to take legal actions in 2024 for recovering the outstanding loan receivables. A writ of summons against Borrower 4 had been issued. The recovering process is still ongoing as at the date of this annual report.

鑒於借款方四於貸款四延長還款日 期到期後未能按時還款,本公司已 聘請外部法律顧問於二零二四年採 取法律行動以追回未償還貸款應收 款。借款方四已獲發出傳票。於 本年報日期,追回流程仍然正在進 行中。

貸款 貸款的內部監控程序及信貸評估

5 At the time of granting Loan 5, the Group conducted relevant due diligence work for credit risk assessment including performing judiciary judgment search and internet search. No news or events that may have negative bearings on the loan or the repayment ability of Borrower 5 were found based on the result of relevant public searches. In order to control the credit risk, the Group granted the loan in the amount of HK\$200,000 only.

> 於授出貸款五時,本集團就信貸風險 評估進行相關盡職審查工作,包括進 行司法判決搜索及互聯網搜索。基於 相關公開搜索的結果,概無發現任何 可能對借款方五的貸款或還款能力有 負面影響的消息或事件。為控制信貸 風險,本集團僅授出貸款200,000港 元。

Other basis and factors considered by the The Group's actions taken Group before agreeing to the extensions or the change of loan terms

本集團於同意延長或更改貸款條款前考慮的 其他基準及因素

To lower the credit risk for Loan 5, the Group revised the repayment terms in September 2021 from bullet repayment to instalment repayment in response to the request from Borrower 5 for extension of the repayment date to 13 September 2023. 為降低貸款五的信貸風險,本集團於二零 _一年九月修訂還款條款,由一次性還款更 改為分期還款,以回應借款方五將還款日期 延長至二零二三年九月十三日的要求。

on the incidents of defaults (if any)

本集團就違約事件採取的行動 (如有)

Following Borrower 5's default in repayment of the instalment loan since the last payment made in July 2022, the Group had issued demand letters to demand for immediate repayment. In May 2023, the Group collected part of the loan receivables from Borrower 5. Upon expiry of the extended repayment date of Loan 5, the Group had issued a demand letter to, and has been communicating with, Borrower 5 to demand for repayment of the outstanding loan receivables. The recovering process is still ongoing as at the date of this annual report. 繼借款方五自二零二二年七月作出 最後一次付款以來拖欠償還分期貸 款後,本集團已發出催繳 函要求即 時還款。於二零二三年五月,本集 團向借款方五收回部分應收貸款。 於貸款五的經延長還款日期屆滿 後,本集團已發出要求函且與借款 方五一直溝通,以要求償還尚未清 償應收貸款。於本年報日期, 追回 流程仍然正在進行中。

The Group has adhered to its internal control policies in respect of ongoing monitoring of loan recoverability, including but not limited to identifying irregularities from time to time and making enquiries with the involved borrowers in order to reassess the associated credit risks under relevant loans and the impact on loan recoverability. The Group will continue to assess the likelihood of recovering the outstanding loan receivables and evaluate the costs and benefits of taking legal actions against the borrowers who default in payment. Having considered that the aforementioned incidents of defaults were primarily due to the global economic downturn and poor investment market sentiments as a result of the series of unprecedented and unforeseeable incidents (including the United States-China trade war since mid of 2018 followed by the Anti-Extradition Law Amendment Bill Movement in Hong Kong, the COVID-19 pandemic and/or the interest rates hikes by the United States) which adversely affected the financial and liquidity conditions of the relevant borrowers, there were no reasons for the Group to cast doubt on the effectiveness of its credit assessment work done and the Company believes that the internal control policies for the money lending business of the Group are effective.

本集團已遵守其有關持續監控貸款可收回 性的內部監控政策,包括但不限於不時識 別異常情況,並向所涉借款方查詢,以重 新評估相關貸款項下的相關信貸風險及對 貸款可回收性的影響。本集團將繼續評估 收回未償還應收貸款的可能性,並評估對 拖欠還款的借款方採取法律行動的成本及 裨益。考慮到上述違約事件主要是由於一 連串前所未見及不可預見的事件(包括自 二零一八年年中以來的中美貿易戰以及後 來 香 港 的 反 對 逃 犯 條 例 修 訂 運 動、 COVID-19疫情及/或美國加息,該等事件 對相關借款方的財務及流動資金狀況造成 不利影響)令全球經濟低迷及投資市場情 緒不佳所致,本集團並無理由懷疑其所作 信貸評估工作的有效性,而本公司相信本 集團借貸業務的內部監控政策行之有效。

To the best of the Directors' knowledge, information and belief, after having made all reasonable enquiries, each of the above borrowers and/or their respective ultimate beneficial owner(s) (if applicable) is an Independent Third Party. Therefore, none of the loan transactions constituted a connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. None of the loan transaction(s) during the year ended 30 June 2024 constituted a notifiable transaction of the Company under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. Save and except for the further extension in respect of Loan 1 as disclosed under the section headed "DISCLOSEABLE TRANSACTION RELATING TO FURTHER EXTENSION OF LOAN" in the announcement published on 31 May 2023, the Company has complied with the requirements set out in Chapter 14 and/or 14A of the Listing Rules when it granted or extended the loans to each of the respective borrowers whose loan were still outstanding as at 30 June 2024.

Impairment Assessment

The Company performed impairment assessment on loan receivables under expected credit loss ("ECL") model. The money lending business is relatively inactive and small in scale as compared to other principal businesses of the Group and the aggregate outstanding loan receivables before loss allowance for ECL were associated with five loans only and represented approximately 2.4% of the total assets of the Group as at 30 June 2024, which are relatively immaterial in terms of the aggregate value.

The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible or the borrowers' inabilities to make timely payments. The Group assessed various factors in its internal control procedures to determine the probability of default and recoverability of loan for measuring the loss allowance (if any) for the loans, which include but limited to: (i) any significant changes in the creditworthiness of borrower; (ii) any significant changes in the value of the collateral or in the guality of guarantees; (iii) any actual or expected significant adverse changes in financial conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations; and/or (iv) past collection history of the borrowers and any significant changes in their behaviour such as payment status. The Group believes that its internal control procedures in respect of ongoing monitoring of loan recoverability are effective in identifying any significant changes in the creditworthiness or financial conditions of the borrowers, which in turn ensures the robust and effective impairment assessment process.

據董事作出一切合理查詢後所深知、盡悉 及確信,上述借款方及/或彼等各自的最 終實益擁有人(如適用)各自為獨立第三 方。因此,概無貸款交易構成上市規則第 14A章項下的關連交易。截至二零二四年 六月三十日止年度的貸款交易概不構成上 市規則第14章項下的本公司須予公冊 局際於二零二三年五月三十一日刊發的 公佈「有關貸款進一步延期的須予披露近 易」一節所披露的有關貸款一的進一步 期外,本公司在向截至二零二四年六月 三十日仍未償還貸款的各有關借款方授予 或延長貸款時,已遵守上市規則第14章 及/或第14A章所載的規定。

減值評估

本公司基於預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧 損」)模型就應收貸款進行減值評估。與本 集團的其他主要業務相比,借貸業務相對 不活躍且規模較小,且未償還應收貸款總 額(扣除預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備前)僅與 五項貸款相關,佔本集團於二零二四年六 月三十日的資產總額約2.4%,就總價值而 言相對不重大。

識別呆壞賬需要運用判斷及估計。於發生 顯示餘額可能無法收回或借款方無法及時 付款之事件或情況變動下會出現減值。為 計量貸款的虧損撥備(如有),本集團於其 內部監控程序中評估各種因素以確定貸款 的違約概率及可收回性,包括但不限於: (i)借款方信用度的任何重大變動;(ii)抵押 品價值或擔保質素的任何重大變動;(iii)預 期導致借款方履行其責任的能力出現重大 變動的財務狀況的任何實際或預期重大不 利變動;及/或(iv)借款方過去的收款紀錄 及其行為(如付款狀況)的任何重大變動。 本集團相信,其有關持續監控貸款可收回 性的內部監控程序可有效識別借款方信用 度或財務狀況的任何重大變動,從而確保 穩健有效的減值評估程序。

The Group's basis of impairment assessment for each of the loans 本集團於二零二四年六月三十日對各項貸 as at 30 June 2024 are tabulated below:

款進行減值評估的基準如下表所示:

Borrowers 借款方	Factors considered by the Group in assessing the probability of default and recoverability of loan and the impairment as at 30 June 2024 本集團評估二零二四年六月三十日貸款違約概率及可收回性及減值情況時考慮的因素
Borrower 1	Given the listing status of Borrower 1, its strong net current assets and total equity positions (which far exceeded the outstanding amount of the loan) coupled with its profit-making position based on its latest audited financial information, the Group considered there had been no significant adverse change in its repayment ability and determined no impairment was necessary.
借款方一	鑑於借款方一的上市地位,其具有強勁的流動資產淨值及權益總額(遠超過貸款的未償還金 額),以及根據其最新經審核財務資料顯示的盈利狀況,本集團認為其還款能力並無重大不 利變動,並確定沒有必要進行減值。
Borrower 2	Given the cancellation of listing of Borrower 2 in March 2021, the Group considered the possibility of loan recoverability to be remote and thus recognized the impairment loss for the entire amount of the outstanding loan receivables during the year ended 30 June 2021. No additional provision or reversal of provision for impairment loss for the loan receivables under Loan 2 was made during the year ended 30 June 2024.
借款方二	鑑於借款方二於二零二一年三月取消上市,本集團認為收回貸款的可能性很小,因此對截 至二零二一年六月三十日止年度的未償還應收貸款全額確認減值虧損。截至二零二四年六 月三十日止年度,概無就貸款二項下的應收貸款計提額外減值虧損撥備或撥備撥回。
Borrower 3	Given no adverse change in the value of collateral and no incidents of default by Borrower 3, the Group considered there had been no significant adverse change in its repayment ability and determined no impairment was necessary.
借款方三	鑑於抵押品價值並無不利變動及借款方三並無違約事件,本集團認為其還款能力並無重大 不利變動,並確定沒有必要進行減值。
Borrower 4	Upon conducting a bankruptcy search at the Official Receiver's Office in August 2023, a bankruptcy record associated with Borrower 4 was found. It was revealed that Borrower 4 has been summoned for a hearing initially scheduled in August 2023, but it was subsequently rescheduled to October 2023. Considering the prudence of loan recoverability, the Group recognized an impairment loss for the entire outstanding loan receivables during the year ended 30 June 2023. No additional provision or reversal of provision for impairment loss for the loan receivables under Loan 4 was made during the year ended 30 June 2024.
借款方四	於二零二三年八月在破產管理署的辦事處進行破產搜查後,發現與借款方四相關的破產記 錄。茲發現借款方四已遭傳召出席初步定於二零二三年八月舉行的聆訊,惟該聆訊其後改 期至二零二三年十月。經審慎考慮貸款可收回性,本集團於截至二零二三年六月三十日止 年度內就全部未償還應收貸款確認減值虧損。截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,概無就 貸款四項下的應收貸款計提額外減值虧損撥備或撥備撥回。
Borrower 5	Owing to the non-repayment by Borrower 5 at the material time during the year ended 30 June 2023 (save for partial payments made in July 2022 and May 2023), the Group considered the possibility of loan recoverability to be remote and thus recognized the impairment loss for the entire amount of the outstanding loan receivables during the year ended 30 June 2023. No additional provision or reversal of provision for impairment loss for the loan receivables under Loan 5 was made during the year ended 30 June 2024.
借款方五	由於借款方五於截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度內的關鍵時刻並無還款(除於二零二二 年七月及二零二三年五月部分付款外),本集團認為貸款可收回性的可能微乎其微,故於截 至二零二三年六月三十日止年度內就全部未償還應收貸款確認減值虧損。截至二零二四年 六月三十日止年度,概無就貸款五項下的應收貸款計提額外減值虧損撥備或撥備撥回。

Securities Trading and Investment Business

The Group maintained a very cautious approach and had made one additional investment during the year. Performance of the prices of the invested stocks were partially up and partially down. As at 30 June 2024, size of the securities investment portfolio amounted to approximately HK\$5,032,000 (2023: approximately HK\$725,000).

For the year ended 30 June 2024, the Group recorded a net gain on fair value changes in investments at fair value through profit or loss of the invested stocks of approximately HK\$1,052,000 (2023: loss approximately HK\$236,000).

Details of the Group's investments at fair value through profit or loss of the invested stocks are set out in the sub-section headed "Significant Investments".

Green Technology

There was no revenue on the green technology for the year (2023: Nil).

Hotel Leasing Business

The Group owns a hotel located at Thamel district, Kathmandu, Nepal, which started operation in July 2022. The hotel has around 40 guest rooms with food and beverage outlets on the ground floor and first floor. For the year ended 30 June 2024, the revenue from the hotel leasing business amounted to approximately HK\$4,784,000 (2023: HK\$2,184,000).

PROSPECTS

The Hong Kong economy continued to record moderate growth in the first and second quarters of 2024. Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew by 2.7% year-on-year in the first quarter, having increased by 4.3% in the previous quarter and by 3.3% year-on-year in the second quarter, having increased by 2.8% in the preceding quarter. It was forecasted that real GDP growth for the whole year of 2024 would be in the range of 2.5%–3.5%. Underlying consumer price inflation remained moderate in July 2024 and unemployment rate stayed low at 3% in May–July 2024.

證券買賣及投資業務

本集團維持非常謹慎的態度,且於年內作 出一項額外投資。已投資股份的價格表現 部分向上及部分向下。於二零二四年六月 三十日,證券投資組合規模約為5,032,000 港元(二零二三年:約725,000港元)。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本集 團錄得有關已投資股份的按公允值計入損 益之投資之公允值變動之收益淨額約 1,052,000港元(二零二三年:虧損約 236,000港元)。

本集團有關已投資股份的按公允值計入損 益之投資詳情載於「重大投資」分節。

綠色技術

線色技術於本年度並無錄得收益(二零二三 年:無)。

酒店租賃業務

本集團擁有一間位於尼泊爾加德滿都塔美爾區的酒店,其於二零二二年七月開始營業。該酒店約有40間客房,以及位於地下及一樓的餐飲食肆。截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,酒店租賃業務的收益約為4,784,000港元(二零二三年:2,184,000港元)。

前景

香港經濟於二零二四年第一季度及第二季 度繼續錄得溫和增長。實質本地生產總值 (GDP)於第一季度按年增長2.7%,而上一 季增長4.3%,於第二季按年增長3.3%,而 前一季則增長2.8%。預測二零二四年全年 實際GDP增長將介乎2.5%至3.5%。基本消 費者價格通脹在二零二四年七月保持溫 和,失業率在二零二四年五月至七月期間 保持在3%的低位。 However, value of retail sales continued to decline. Home prices continued to fall. The total number of unsold residential units reached a record high in 2023, and new private home supply is expected to hit a 20-year high this year. These factors have led some analysts to predict a further 5% fall in home prices in 2024, before recovery takes hold in 2025. Performance of commercial real estate markets was even worse amid continuous political tensions resulting from removal of headquarters of many traditional international businesses from Hong Kong to Singapore.

Hong Kong is currently coping with paradigm shift in both the internal and external environments when compared with four years ago, taking initiative to adapt to changes. Amidst such paradigm shift in the global political landscape, the departure of a few old patrons is inevitable but does not connote a bleak future for Hong Kong. Indeed, an objective view of Hong Kong's economic prospects can only be attained through multiple perspectives which all bode well for the city's future.

Hong Kong's main growth momentum comes from China mainland, particularly thanks to favourable policies introduced by the central government, such as designating Hong Kong as one of the only two financial services cities in China, enhancing cooperation between mainland and Hong Kong to promote economic development, expanding the individual visit scheme to Hong Kong to 59 cities and the China Securities Regulatory Commission unveiling five measures on capital market cooperation with Hong Kong etc. Also, it is expected that the United States Federal Reserve is about to shift to the path of lowering interest rate, a move which will have a significant positive impact on Hong Kong economy.

Hong Kong can also source its growth momentum from the evolving international market. On the one hand, growth momentum from traditional overseas markets, such as the United States and Europe, needs reinforcing. The more unfriendly they become towards Hong Kong, the greater the need for Hong Kong to build stronger ties with them. On the other hand, Hong Kong should explore new growth impetus with emerging economies, for example Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) countries, which have been thriving lately.

There is no reason for pessimism about Hong Kong's future if the traditional advantages of internationalism, free port traits, free and stable monetary market are all being maintained and the decision makers and policy executors of Hong Kong can put more focus on economy.

然而,零售銷售值持續下滑,樓價亦持續 下跌。未售出的住宅單位總數於二零二三 年達到新高,而今年新私人住宅供應預計 將達到二十年以來的新高。該等因素導致 一些分析師預測樓價將於二零二四年進一 步下跌5%,直至二零二五年才會開始復 輕。在持續的政治緊張局勢下,許多傳統 國際企業將總部從香港遷往新加坡,令商 業房地產市場的表現雪上加霜。

與四年前相比,香港目前正在透過主動適 應變化應對內外環境的範式轉變。在全球 政治格局面對該範式轉變之際,舊顧客無 可避免會離開,但這並不意味著香港的未 來黯淡。誠然,只有通過多角度觀察才能 客觀地看待香港的經濟前景,而這些角度 都預示著這個城市前途一片光明。

香港的主要增長動力來自中國內地,特別 是由於中央政府推出的有利政策,例如將 香港指定為中國僅有的兩個金融服務城市 之一,加強內地與香港的合作以促進經濟, 擴大個人遊訪港計劃至59個城市, 而中國證券監督管理委員會公佈了五項與 香港資本市場合作的措施等。此外,預計 美國聯邦儲備局即將轉向降息的道路,此 舉將對香港經濟產生顯著的正面影響。

香港亦可從不斷發展的國際市場中獲得增長動力。一方面,來自美國和歐洲等傳統海外市場的增長動力需要加強。他們對香港越不友善,香港就越需要與他們建立更強的聯繫。另一方面,香港應探索與新興經濟體的增長動力,例如最近蓬勃發展的東南亞國家協會(ASEAN)國家。

倘香港能夠保持其國際化、自由港特徵、 自由和穩定的貨幣市場等傳統優勢,且香 港的決策者及政策執行者能更著眼於經 濟,則毋需對香港的未來感到悲觀。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

For the year ended 30 June 2024, revenue of the Group decreased by 1.9% to approximately HK\$82,817,000 (2023: approximately HK\$84,414,000) and gross profit of the Group increased by 17.7% to approximately HK\$17,724,000 (2023: approximately HK\$15,061,000). Loss for the year ended 30 June 2024 increased to approximately HK\$72,084,000 as compared to loss of approximately HK\$35,200,000 of last corresponding year. The decrease in revenue was mainly due to the decrease from the material recycled business. The increase in gross profit was mainly due to the increase from the hotel leasing business. The loss for the year was mainly due to administrative and operating expenses, loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets, fair value loss on investment properties and finance cost. The Group considers that the change in fair value is non-cash in nature and will not have material adverse effect on the financial position of the Group.

For the year ended 30 June 2024, basic and diluted loss per share were HK16 cents (2023: HK9 cents, restated). Loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets was approximately HK\$38,595,000 (2023: loss approximately HK\$16,556,000). Fair value loss on investment properties was approximately HK\$17,294,000 (2023: approximately HK\$1,918,000).

For the year ended 30 June 2024, the finance costs were approximately HK\$6,801,000 (2023: approximately HK\$4,133,000). Administrative expenses from operations for the year ended 30 June 2024 decreased to approximately HK\$40,907,000 (2023: approximately HK\$43,725,000). It included major items such as amortisation of intangible assets of approximately HK\$4,556,000, salaries and directors' emoluments of approximately HK\$13,527,000 and expenses related to short-term leases of approximately HK\$854,000. Income tax credit was recorded at approximately HK\$10,594,000 (2023: approximately HK\$4,934,000). Exchange loss on translating foreign operations was recorded at approximately HK\$1,180,000 (2023: approximately HK\$24,941,000).

財務回顧

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本集 團的收益減少1.9%至約82,817,000港元(二 零二三年:約84,414,000港元),而本集團 毛利增加17.7%至約17,724,000港元(二 三年:約15,061,000港元)。截至二二 四年六月三十日止年度的虧損增加至約 72,084,000港元,而去年同期則為虧損增加 55,200,000港元。收益減少乃主要由於物 35,200,000港元。收益減少乃主要由於物 對回收業務減少所致。毛利增加乃主要換 約個方政及營運開支、生物資產公允值 動減出售成本產生的虧損、投資物業之公, 五值變動乃非現金性質,且將不會對 集團之財務狀況造成重大不利影響。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,每股 基本及攤薄虧損為16港仙(二零二三年:9 港仙,經重列)。生物資產公允值變動減出 售成本產生的虧損約為38,595,000港元(二 零二三年:虧損約16,556,000港元)。投資 物業公允值虧損約為17,294,000港元(二零 二三年:約1,918,000港元)。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,融 資成本約為6,801,000港元(二零二三年: 約4,133,000港元)。截至二零二四年六月 三十日止年度,經營產生的行政開支下 跌至約40,907,000港元(二零二三年:約 43,725,000港元),包括的主要項目如無形 資產攤銷約4,556,000港元、薪金及董事酬 金約13,527,000港元以及有關短期租賃之 開支約854,000港元等。所得税抵免錄得約 10,594,000港元(二零二三年:約4,934,000 港元)。換算海外業務之匯兑虧損錄得約 1,180,000港元(二零二三年:約24,941,000 港元)。

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 30 June 2024, the total assets of the Group were approximately HK\$661,398,000 (2023: approximately HK\$718,692,000), including cash and bank balances of approximately HK\$22,631,000 (2023: approximately HK\$5,531,000).

The Group's total borrowings as at 30 June 2024 were approximately HK\$84,841,000 (2023: approximately HK\$74,148,000). The Group's gearing ratio (which was expressed as a percentage of total borrowings over total equity) was approximately 20.2% as at 30 June 2024 (2023: approximately 15.6%).

As at 30 June 2024, the Group's net assets amounted to approximately HK\$419,022,000 (2023: approximately HK\$476,320,000).

The directors of the Company are of the view that the Group has sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due in the foreseeable future.

Significant Investments

As at 30 June 2024, the Group held investments at fair value through profit or loss of the invested stocks of approximately HK\$5,032,000. Details of the significant investments are as follows:

流動資金及財務資源

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團總資產約為661,398,000港元(二零二三年:約718,692,000港元),其中包括現金及銀行結餘約22,631,000港元(二零二三年:約5,531,000港元)。

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團借款總 額約為84,841,000港元(二零二三年:約 74,148,000港元)。於二零二四年六月三十 日,本集團的資產負債比率(以借款總額除 以總權益之百分比表示)約為20.2%(二零 二三年:約15.6%)。

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團資產淨 值約為419,022,000港元(二零二三年:約 476,320,000港元)。

本公司董事認為本集團有充足營運資金以 撥資其經營並有能力償還於可預見未來內 到期之財務責任。

重大投資

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團持有已 投資股份的按公允值計入損益之投資約 5,032,000港元。重大投資詳情如下:

Stock Name	Note	Stock Code	Place of incorporation	Net unrealized gains/(losses) on listed securities 上市證券的 未變現收益/	Market value	Approximate percentage of investments at fair value through profit or loss 按公允值計入 損益之投資之	percentage to
股份名稱	附註	股份代號	註冊成立地點	(虧損)淨額	市值	概約百分比	百分比
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000	%	%
				千港元	千港元	%	%
Wai Chun Group Holdings Ltd. 偉俊集團控股有限公司	1	1013	Bermuda 百慕達	(40)	65	1.3	0.02
Kantone Holdings Limited 看通集團有限公司	2	1059	Cayman Islands 開曼群島	1,029	4,823	95.8	1.15
Hang Sang (Siu Po) International Holding Co Ltd	3	3626	Cayman Islands	(34)	144	2.9	0.03
Hang Sang (Siu Po) International Holding Co Ltd			開曼群島				
				955	5,032	100	1.20

Notes:

- 1. Wai Chun Group Holdings Ltd is an investment holding company principally engaged in the trading of chemicals and agricultural products. The company operates its business through two segments. The General Trading segment is engaged in the trading of chemicals and agricultural products. The Sales and Integrated Services segment is engaged in the sales and provision of integrated services for computer and communication systems. The segment is also engaged in the design and manufacture of information system software. No dividend was received for the year ended 30 June 2024. According to its latest published financial statements, it had net liabilities of approximately HK\$240,288,000 as at 31 March 2024.
- 2. Kantone Holdings Limited is an investment holding company principally engaged in the sales of cultural products. The company operates through three business segments. The Sales of Cultural Products segment is engaged in the trading of cultural products. The Systems Sales and Licensing segment is engaged in the sales of systems and related products, software licensing and customization, as well as the provision of related services. The Leasing of Systems Products segment is engaged in the e-lottery business, the design and manufacture of communication systems and equipment, as well as the investments in advanced technology and e-commerce projects through its subsidiaries. No dividend income was received for the year ended 30 June 2024. According to its latest published financial statements, it had a net asset value of approximately HK\$140,885,000 as at 31 December 2023.
- 3. Hang Sang (Siu Po) International Holding Company Limited is an investment holding company. The company is principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of apparel labels and packaging printing products. The company's products include hangtags, size tapes, labels, such as woven labels, heat transfer labels and printed labels, header cards, stickers, price tickets, plastic packaging bags and packaging boxes. Its subsidiaries include Hang Sang (Siu Po) Holding Limited, Hang Sang (Siu Po) Press Company Limited and A W Printing & Packaging Limited. No dividend income was received for the year ended 30 June 2024. According to its latest published financial statements, it had a net asset value of approximately HK\$38,366,000 as at 31 December 2023.

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 June 2024, the Group had 44 (2023: 39) employees. The Group implements remuneration policy, bonus and share option scheme to ensure that pay scales of its employees are rewarded on a performance related basis within the general framework of the Group's remuneration.

CHARGES ON THE GROUP ASSETS

As at 30 June 2024, the bank loans of approximately HK\$84,051,000 were secured by (i) the car parking spaces with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$190,000,000; (ii) a deed of assignment of rental income from the car parking spaces and (iii) personal guarantee from a director of the Company.

DIVIDEND

The directors of the Company do not recommend or declare the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

附註:

- 律俊集團控股有限公司乃投資控股公司,主 要從事化學品及農產品貿易。該公司通過兩 個分部營運業務。一般貿易分部為從事化學 品及農產品貿易。銷售及綜合服務分部從事 銷售電腦及通訊系統並提供相關綜合服務。 該分部亦從事設計及製造資訊系統軟件。截 至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,概無收取零 上四年三月三十一日,其擁有負債淨額約 240,288,000港元。
- 看通集團有限公司乃投資控股公司,主要從 事銷售文化產品。該公司通過三個業務分部 營運。銷售文化產品分部從事買賣文化產 品。蒸統銷售及特許權分部從事銷售系統及 相關產品、軟件特許權及訂製以及提供相關 服務。租賃系統產品分部從事租賃系統產 品。該公司亦從事電子彩票業務、設計及製 造通訊系統及設備,以及通過其附屬公司投 資先進科技及電商項目。截至二零二四年六 月三十日止年度,概無收取股息收入。根據 其最近刊發的財務報表,於二零二三年十二 月三十一日,其擁有資產淨值約140,885,000 港元。
- Hang Sang (Siu Po) International Holding Company Limited乃投資控股公司。該公司主 要從事製造及銷售服裝標籤及包裝印刷產 品。該公司產品包括吊牌、尺碼卷尺、標籤 (例如織嘜、熱轉印標籤及印刷標籤)、橫頭 卡、貼紙、價格標籤、塑膠包裝袋及包裝 盒。其附屬公司包括Hang Sang (Siu Po) Holding Limited、恆生(兆保)印務有限公司 及A W Printing & Packaging Limited。截至 二零二四年六月三十日止年度,概無收取股 息收入。根據其最近刊發的財務報表,於二 零二三年十二月三十一日,其擁有資產淨值 約38,366,000港元。

僱傭及酬金政策

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團共有44 (二零二三年:39)名僱員。本集團實施酬 金政策、花紅及購股權計劃,以確保其僱 員之薪金數額乃於本集團酬金一般架構內 釐定並以其表現為評核基準。

本集團資產抵押

於 二 零 二 四 年 六 月 三 十 日,銀 行 貸 款約84,051,000港 元 以(i)賬 面 總 值 約 190,000,000港元之停車位:(ii)來自停車位 的租金收入轉讓契據;及(iii)本公司一名董 事之個人擔保作抵押。

股息

本公司董事並不建議或宣佈就截至二零 二四年六月三十日止年度派付任何股息(二 零二三年:無)。

EXPOSURE TO FLUCTUATIONS IN EXCHANGE RATES

The Group conducted most of its business in Great British Pound, Renminbi, United States Dollar and Hong Kong Dollars for the year ended 30 June 2024. The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from the business operations in the PRC denominated in RMB. As at 30 June 2024, the Group had a minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions were principally denominated in the respective functional currencies used by the respective group entities.

The Group does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of its foreign currency assets and liabilities. The Group will closely monitor its foreign currency exposure and will consider using hedging instruments in respect of significant foreign currency exposure as and when appropriate.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 30 June 2024, the directors of the Company are not aware of any material contingent liabilities (2023: Nil).

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Legal proceedings regarding a refundable secured deposit

As disclosed in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company has engaged a Hong Kong solicitors' firm to commence legal proceedings against two independent third parties (being the vendor and the target company under a then proposed acquisition of 100% equity interest in the hotel operations in the PRC by the Company) (the "Defendants") to recover a refundable secured deposit in the outstanding amount of HK\$11,000,000 (together with the accrued interest) which was overdue on 22 August 2023. In July 2024, an application for default judgment has been lodged against the Defendants to the Court of First Instance of the High Court of Hong Kong (the "Court") for approval. In September 2024, the Court made the final and interlocutory judgment and ordered the Defendants to pay the Group, among others, HK\$11,000,000 together with the accrued interest, costs associated with relevant legal documents and due diligence under the proposed acquisition and its subsequent termination, and costs of this action to be summarily assessed.

Yeung Chi Hang Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 September 2024

匯率波動風險

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,本集團大部分業務以英鎊、人民幣、美元及港 元進行。本集團須承受交易貨幣風險。該 等風險來自中國以人民幣計值的業務營 運。於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團的 外幣風險極微,因為其大部分業務交易主 要以有關集團實體各自的功能貨幣計值。

本集團並無就其外幣資產及負債制定外幣 對沖政策。本集團將密切監察其外幣風險,並將於適當時候考慮就重大外幣風險 使用對沖工具。

或然負債

於二零二四年六月三十日,本公司董事並 不知悉有任何重大或然負債(二零二三年: 無)。

法律程序

有關可退還已抵押按金的法律程序

誠如綜合財務報表附註29所披露,本公司 已委聘一間香港律師行就兩名獨立第三方 (即本公司當時建議收購中國酒店業務 100%股權項下的賣方及目標公司(「抗辯 人」))展開法律程序,以收回於二零二三年 八月二十二日逾期尚未清償金額達 11,000,000港元(連同應計利息)的可退還 已抵押按金。於二零二四年七月,本公司 已向香港高等法院原訟法庭(「法院」)提出 針對抗辯人的缺席判決申請,以供批准。 於二零二四年九月,法院作出最終及非正 審判決,並頒令抗辯人向本集團支付(其中 包括)11,000,000港元連同應計利息、與建 議收購及其後續終止項下相關法律文件及 盡職審查相關的成本,以及簡要程序評估 的訟費。

楊智恒

主席

香港,二零二四年九月三十日

Biographical Details of Directors 董事簡歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, aged 45, was appointed as Executive Director on 16 January 2014. Mr. Yeung was also appointed as the Chairman and chief executive officer of the Company on 27 January 2015 and a member of each of the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee on 25 September 2023 and ceased on 5 December 2023. Mr. Yeung is a substantial shareholder of the Company. Mr. Yeung studied at Camosun College, Canada and has over 10 years of experience in investment, hotel management and in operating entertainment businesses.

Mr. Leung Kwong Choi, aged 68, was appointed as Executive Director on 6 October 2008. Mr. Leung holds a Bachelor of Social Science Degree from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. He had been working for 10 years in the marketing department of Hang Lung Development Ltd. since graduation. Mr. Leung had also served the positions of executive director of Top Glory International Holdings Limited, China Foods Limited, Cheung Tai Hong Holdings Limited, and an independent non-executive director of Top Spring International Holdings Limited (stock code: 3688), all of which are companies with shares listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, Mr. Leung has over 28 years of real estate and business experience in Hong Kong and Mainland China concentrating in property investment and development, acquisition and merger, deal marking and investment projects arrangement. He was as an independent non-executive director of Rainbow Digital Commercial Co., Ltd. (stock code: 002419SZ) and Smartac International Holdings Limited (former stock code: 395 and listing cancelled on 20 February 2023) from 19 September 2019 and 31 March 2022 respectively.

Mr. Wong Po Keung, aged 53, was appointed as Executive Director on 30 September 2013. He is also the director of certain subsidiaries of the Company and the financial controller of the Company. Mr. Wong holds a Master degree in business administration from the University of South Australia. He is a fellow member of both the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has ample experience in auditing, accounting, financial management and company secretarial practices in respect of listed companies. He is as an independent non-executive director of FSM Holdings Limited (stock code: 1721) from 8 April 2020.

執行董事

楊智恒先生,45歲,於二零一四年一月 十六日獲委任為執行董事。楊先生亦於二 零一五年一月二十七日獲委任為本公司主 席及行政總裁,以及於二零二三年九月 二十五日獲委任為薪酬委員會及提名委員 會各自之成員,並於二零二三年十二月五 日終止。楊先生為本公司之主要股東。楊 先生就讀於加拿大Camosun College及於投 資、酒店管理及娛樂業務運營方面積逾10 年經驗。

梁廣才先生,68歲,於二零零八年十月六 日獲委任為執行董事。梁先生畢業於香港 中文大學,持有社會科學學士學位。彼自 畢業後於恒隆有限公司市場推廣部工作達 10年。梁先生亦曾於鵬利國際集團有限公 司、中國食品有限公司及祥泰行集團有限 公司擔任執行董事職務及於萊蒙國際集團 有限公司(股份代號:3688)擔任獨立非執 行董事,該等公司之股份均於香港聯合交 易所有限公司上市。梁先生於香港及中國 内地擁有逾28年房地產及商務經驗,專注 物業投資及發展、併購、交易及投資項目 安排。彼分別自二零一九年九月十九日及 二零二二年三月三十一日起為天虹數科商 業股份有限公司(股份代號:002419SZ)及 環球智能控股有限公司(前股份代號: 395,及上市地位於二零二三年二月二十日 取消)之獨立非執行董事。

黃保強先生,53歲,於二零一三年九月 三十日獲委任為執行董事。彼亦為本公司 若干附屬公司董事及本公司財務總監。黃 先生持有澳洲南澳大學的工商管理碩士學 位。彼為特許公認會計師公會及香港會計 師公會資深會員。彼於上市公司之審核、 會計、財務管理及公司秘書實務方面擁有 豐富經驗。自二零二零年四月八日起,彼 為FSM Holdings Limited(股份代號:1721) 之獨立非執行董事。 Mr. Chung Siu Wah, aged 67, was appointed as Executive Director on 14 August 2014. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Chung started his career in 1976 by joining the Hong Kong Government as a Customs Inspector. He obtained his law degree with honour at the University of London in 1986 and further obtained his Postgraduate Certificate of Laws at University of Hong Kong in 1987. He resigned from the Customs and Excise Department in 1987 and started his legal career. He has been a solicitor practicing in Hong Kong since 1989. He joined Messer. Tony Kan & Co. in 1987 and became a partner in 1992. He retired from the partnership in 2004 but continues to associate with the law firm as a consultant till now. Mr. Chung has over 8 years of experience in the hotel, gaming and entertainment industry. Mr. Chung has also experience in the management of listed company in Hong Kong. He was as an executive director of Daido Group Limited (stock code: 544) for the period from 9 September 2011 to 5 August 2013.

Mr. Chik To Pan, aged 45, was appointed as Executive Director on 15 April 2016. He is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Chik has wide experience in licensing of karaoke music products, operating entertainment businesses and wedding service businesses. Mr. Chik has also experience in the management of listed company in Hong Kong. He was as an executive director of United Power Investment Limited (now named as China Tangshang Holdings Limited) (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange) (stock code: 674) for the period from 8 March 2005 to 24 January 2008.

Mr. Liu Yafei, aged 55, was appointed as Executive Director on 2 August 2024. He has over 15 years of experience in international trading and mining business in the People's Republic of China. He obtained his master's degree in engineering from Wuhan University in June 2009.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Kwai Sang, aged 72, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director on 2 March 2009. He was also as a member of the audit committee and as a chairman of each of the remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company from 25 September 2023. Mr. Wong had been an Independent Non-executive Director, member of audit committee and member of remuneration committee of the Company since 3 July 2002. He resigned on 4 July 2008 as he himself had a long term personal assignment stationed in Shanghai. Mr. Wong had completed his assignment in Shanghai and returned to Hong Kong. He holds a Bachelor of Social Sciences degree from the University of Hong Kong. He is a property consultant and a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Real Estate Administrators and the Australian Institute of Building respectively.

鍾少樺先生,67歲,於二零一四年八月 十四日獲委任為執行董事。彼亦為本公司 若干附屬公司董事。鍾先生於一九七六年 透過加入香港政府海關擔任督察開始其職 業生涯。彼於一九八六年獲得英國倫敦大 學法律榮譽學位,其後於一九八七年獲得 香港大學法律專業證書。彼於一九八七年 辭去香港海關職務並開始法律職業。彼自 一九八九年以來一直為香港執業律師。彼 於一九八七年加入簡松年律師行並於 一九九二年成為一名合夥人。彼於二零零 四年退出合夥關係,惟至今仍繼續與該律 師事務所合作,擔任其顧問。鍾先生於酒 店、博彩及娛樂行業擁有逾八年經驗。鍾 先生亦擁有管理香港上市公司之經驗。彼 於二零一一年九月九日至二零一三年八月 五日期間為大同集團有限公司(股份代號: 544)之執行董事。

戚道斌先生,45歲,於二零一六年四月 十五日獲委任為執行董事。彼亦在本公司 若干附屬公司任職董事。戚先生於卡拉OK 音樂產品之特許經營、經營娛樂業務及婚 禮服務業務擁有廣泛經驗。戚先生亦於香 港之上市公司擁有管理經驗。彼於二零零 五年三月八日至二零零八年一月二十四日 期間為友力投資(控股)有限公司(現稱為中 國唐商控股有限公司)(於聯交所主板上市 之公司)(股份代號:674)之執行董事。

劉亞非先生,55歲,於二零二四年八月二 日獲委任為執行董事。彼於中華人民共和 國的國際貿易及採礦業務擁有逾15年經 驗。彼於二零零九年六月在武漢大學取得 工程學碩士學位。

獨立非執行董事

Biographical Details of Directors 董事簡歷

Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric, aged 56, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director on 16 January 2015. He is also a member of audit committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee. He is a gualified solicitor admitted to the Supreme Court of Hong Kong and a Civil Celebrant of Marriages. Mr. Heung received a bachelor's degree in Law from University of Leicester England. He has more than 23 years of experience in the legal profession. Mr. Heung is presently a partner of Messrs. Wong Heung Sum & Lawyers, executive committee member of Basic Law Institute Limited, committee member of USRC Standing Disciplinary and Member of the sixth Guangxi Guilin Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. He was as an independent non-executive director of Gold Tat Group International Limited (now known as Zhuoxin International Holdings Limited) (stock code: 8266) for the period from 18 August 2000 to 3 March 2015. He resigned as an independent non-executive director of Zhong Fa Zhan Holdings Limited (stock code: 475) and WE Solutions Limited (Stock Code: 860) with effect from 20 October 2017 and 17 December 2018 respectively.

Mr. Lee Chi Ho, aged 42, was appointed as Independent Nonexecutive Director on 5 December 2023. He is also a chairman of audit committee and a member of each of remuneration committee and nomination committee. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and has over 15 years of experience in finance, auditing and accounting sectors. He obtained his Bachelor of Arts in Accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 2004. Mr. Lee has been serving as the chief financial officer in two companies listed in Hong Kong, namely (i) TOMO Holdings Limited (stock code: 6928) since April 2023; and (ii) Carry Wealth Holdings Limited (stock code: 643) since November 2023. From August 2019 to April 2023, Mr. Lee worked for Zhongshan Pacific Lighting Co., Ltd. as a general manager. He also served as the chief financial officer at (i) Gold-Finance (Holdings) Group Company Limited from June 2014 to August 2015; (ii) Huajin International Holdings Limited (stock code: 2738) from July 2015 to June 2017; (iii) Mastermind Manufacture Limited from January 2018 to August 2019; and (iv) Fullwealth International Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1034) from May 2023 to May 2024. During the period from August 2004 to December 2013, Mr. Lee worked in Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu in Hong Kong and its affiliates operating in Shenzhen and Shanghai, with his last position being audit manager.

香志恒先生,56歲,於二零一五年一月 十六日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為 審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會成 員。彼為香港最高法院認可之合資格律師 及婚姻監禮人。香先生於英國萊斯特大學 獲得法律學士學位。彼於法律專業擁有逾 23年經驗。香先生現時為黃香沈律師事務 所之合夥人、基本法研究中心有限公司執 行委員會成員、三軍會常設紀律委員會成 員及第六屆中國人民政治協商會議廣西桂 林市政協委員。彼於二零零零年八月十八 日至二零一五年三月三日期間為金達集團 國際有限公司(現稱為卓信國際控股有限 公司)(股份代號:8266)之獨立非執行董 事。彼已辭任中發展控股有限公司(股份代 號:475)及力世紀有限公司(股份代號: 860)之獨立非執行董事,分別自二零一七 年十月二十日及二零一八年十二月十七日 牛效。

李智豪先生,42歲,於二零二三年十二月 五日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦為審 核委員會主席,以及薪酬委員會及提名委 員會各自的成員。彼為英國特許公認會計 師公會資深會員,並於財務、審計及會計 領域擁有逾15年經驗。彼於二零零四年 十一月取得香港理工大學會計學文學士學 位。李先生於兩間香港上市公司擔任財務 總監,即(i)萬馬控股有限公司(股份代號: 6928)(自二零二三年四月起);及(ii)恒富控 股有限公司(股份代號:643)(自二零二三 年十一月起)。於二零一九年八月至二零 二三年四月,李先生於中山市太平洋燈飾 有限公司擔任總經理。彼亦(i)於二零一四 年六月至二零一五年八月擔任金誠財富(控 股)集團有限公司之財務總監;(ii)於二零 一五年七月至二零一七年六月擔任華津國 際控股有限公司(股份代號:2738)之財務 總監;(iii)於二零一八年一月至二零一九年 八月擔任博思製造有限公司之財務總監; 及(iv)於二零二三年五月至二零二四年五月 擔任富匯國際集團控股有限公司(股份代 號:1034)之財務總監。於二零零四年八月 至二零一三年十二月期間,李先生曾任職 於香港德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行及其於深 圳及上海營運之聯屬公司,最後職位為審 計經理。

Mr. Ong Chi King, aged 51, was appointed as Independent Non-executive Director on 27 January 2014. He was also the chairman of audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee. Mr. Ong is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Mr. Ong received a bachelor's degree in business administration from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and a master's degree in corporate finance from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

Mr. Ong has more than 20 years of experience in accounting, finance and company secretarial fields and held senior positions in finance and company secretarial departments in various listed companies listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Currently, he is a director of a consultancy firm providing accounting and compliance services and also a director of a construction group in Hong Kong. He resigned as an executive director of Smart City Development Holdings Limited (stock code: 8268) with effect from 29 July 2019. He resigned as an independent non-executive director of Larry Jewelry International Company Limited (former stock code: 8351 and listing cancelled on 15 December 2021) with effect from 1 October 2019.

Mr. Ong resigned as an Independent Non-executive Director and the Chairman of each of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee with effect from 25 September 2023.

王子敬先生,51歲,於二零一四年一月 二十七日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼亦 為審核委員會、提名委員會及薪酬委員會 主席。王先生現為香港會計師公會會員及 特許公認會計師公會資深會員。王先生持 有香港科技大學工商管理學士學位和香港 理工大學企業金融碩士學位。

王先生擁有超過20年之會計、財務及公司 秘書經驗,曾在多間聯交所主板上市公司 之財務與公司秘書部門出任高職。目前, 彼為一間提供會計及合規服務之諮詢公司 之董事,亦為香港一個建築集團之董事。 彼已辭任智城發展控股有限公司(股份代 號:8268)之執行董事,自二零一九年七月 二十九日生效。彼於二零一九年十月一日 辭任俊文寶石國際有限公司(前股份代號: 8351,及上市地位於二零二一年十二月 十五日取消)之獨立非執行董事。

王子敬先生已辭任獨立非執行董事以及審 核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會各自 之主席,自二零二三年九月二十五日起生 效。
Report of the Directors 董事會報告書

The Board has pleasure to present their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2024.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The Group is principally engaged in metal recycle business, motor and motor accessories business, car parking spaces rental, money lending business, golden flower tea products trading, securities trading and investment business. The Group also maintains the green businesses of research, development and application of technologies and solutions, manufacture, sale and trading of products, materials, systems and services for green market segments including the environmental markets, agricultural markets, organic markets, green technology markets in the PRC and overseas. The Group has a hotel business in Nepal.

PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of principal subsidiaries of the Company are set out in Note 41 to the consolidated financial statements on page 171.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2024 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 81 to 82.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The business review of the Group and an analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 4 to 31 of this annual report.

Description of possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing can be found in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" and Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 116 to 122 of this annual report. 董事會謹此欣然呈列本集團截至二零二四 年六月三十日止年度的年報及經審核綜合 財務報表。

主要業務

本公司主要業務為投資控股。本集團主要 從事金屬回收業務、汽車及汽車配件業 務、停車位租賃、借貸業務、金花茶產品 買賣、證券買賣及投資業務。本集團亦繼 續從事中國及海外綠色市場分部(包括環 保市場、農業市場、有機市場及綠色技術 市場)技術與解決方案的研發及應用、生 產、銷售及買賣相關產品、材料、系統及 服務等綠色業務。本集團在尼泊爾擁有酒 店業務。

附屬公司之詳細資料

本公司各主要附屬公司之詳細資料刊載於 第171頁之綜合財務報表附註41內。

業績

本集團截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度 之業績載於第81至82頁的綜合損益及其他 全面收益表。

業務回顧

本集團之業務回顧及本集團根據主要財務 表現指標得出之年內表現分析,載於本年 報第4至31頁「管理層討論及分析」一節。

本集團可能面臨之風險及不明朗因素之概 述載於本年報「管理層討論及分析」一節及 第116至122頁綜合財務報表附註6。

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES

The Group puts great emphasis on environmental protection and sustainable development. The conscientious use of resources and the adoption of best practices across the Group's businesses underlie its commitment to safeguarding the environment. The Group encourages environmental protection, complies with environmental legislations and promotes awareness towards environmental protection to its employees. Several measures have been implemented by the Group in order to promote environmental protection, including, among others:

- promoting energy saving by encouraging its staff to switch off all air-conditioners and lightings before leaving the office, and to utilize the timer-control function of all airconditioning systems;
- (ii) reducing energy consumption by using energy-saving light bulbs in the corridors and the reception area of its offices;
- promoting recycling by placing recycle bins next to printers for collecting used papers for reusing and recycling purposes, and by encouraging two-sided printing and/or the use of scratch papers; and
- (iv) reducing the use of disposable products by, for example, cancelling the distribution of plastic bags in office.

The report of Environmental, Social and Governance of the Group will be available at the HKEXnews website of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (www.hkexnews.hk), Singapore Exchange Limited (www.sgx.com) and Company's website (www.cergroup.com.hk).

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report, the Group have complied with all the relevant laws and regulations in the Mainland China and Hong Kong that have a significant impact on the Group.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

In the year under review, the sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 80% of the total sales for the year and the sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 41%. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 99% of the total purchases for the year and the purchase from the largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 67%.

環境保護政策

本集團高度重視環境保護及可持續發展。 本集團承諾保護環境,並於業務過程中謹 慎使用資源及採取最佳實踐。本集團鼓勵 環境保護及遵守環境法例,努力提高僱員 的環境保護意識。本集團已採取若干提倡 環境保護措施,包括但不限於:

- (i) 透過鼓勵員工離開辦公室時關閉所有 空調及照明工具,以及所有空調系統 使用定時功能促進節能;
- (ii) 透過於走廊及辦公室接待區域使用節 能燈泡減少能源消耗;
- (iii) 透過在打印機旁邊放置回收桶收集使 用後紙張,以供重用及資源回收,以 及鼓勵雙面打印及/或使用廢紙促進 循環利用;及
- (iv) 減少使用一次性產品,如取消在辦公 室派發塑料袋。

本集團之環境、社會及管治報告將刊載於 香港交易及結算所有限公司披露易網站 (www.hkexnews.hk)、新加坡交易所有限 公司網站(www.sgx.com)及本公司網站 (www.cergroup.com.hk)。

遵守法律及法規

於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度及截 至本報告日期,本集團已遵守對本集團有 重大影響的中國大陸及香港的所有相關法 律及法規。

主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年內,本集團向五大客戶的銷售額 佔本年度總銷售額約80%,其中向最大客 戶銷售佔41%。本集團自五大供應商的採 購額佔本年度總採購額約99%,其中自最 大供應商採購佔約67%。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告書

None of Directors, any of their associates or any substantial Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers or five largest suppliers.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group's management policies, working environment, career prospects and employees' benefits have contributed to building a good employee relations and employee retention of the Group.

The Group offers competitive remuneration packages commensurate with industry practice and provides various fringe benefits to employees including medical benefits, social insurance, provident funds, bonuses and a share option scheme. The management regularly reviews its employee's remuneration packages to ensure they are up to prevailing market standard. The Group keeps a high standard in selecting reputable and reliable suppliers, in order to meet our own quality, safety, environmental and product criteria. During the year ended 30 June 2024 and up to the date of this report, the Group maintained good relationship with its suppliers. The Group has a well-established business relationship with the customers.

DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend or declare the payment of a dividend for the year ended 30 June 2024 (2023: Nil).

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For the purpose of determining the entitlement of the shareholders of the Company to attend and vote at the annual general meeting, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 28 November 2024 to Tuesday, 3 December 2024 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of share(s) will be effected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the annual general meeting, all transfers documents, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with Union Registrars Limited, the branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company in Hong Kong, at Suites 3301–04, 33/F., Two Chinachem Exchange Square, 338 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:00 p.m. on Wednesday, 27 November 2024.

SEGMENTS INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's revenue and contribution to results by operating segments for the financial year is set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements. 各董事、彼等任何聯繫人或據董事所知擁 有本公司5%以上已發行股本的任何主要股 東,概無擁有本集團五大客戶或五大供應 商任何實益權益。

與僱員、供應商及客戶的關係

本集團的管理政策、工作環境、晉升前景 及僱員福利有助本集團與僱員建立良好關 係及留聘僱員。

股息

董事會不建議或宣佈派付截至二零二四年 六月三十日止年度的股息(二零二三年: 無)。

暫停辦理股東登記手續

為釐定本公司股東出席股東週年大會及於 會上投票的權利,本公司將由二零二四年 十一月二十八日(星期四)至二零二四年 十二月三日(星期二)止(包括首尾兩日)暫 停辦理股東登記手續,期間暫停辦理限 過戶登記手續。為符合資格出席股東週週 大會及於會上投票,所有股份過戶文件一月 二十七日(星期三)下午四時正前送證券 記有限公司,地址為香港北角英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期33樓3301-04室,以辦理 登記手續。

分部資料

於本財政年度按經營分部劃分之本集團收益及業績貢獻分析載於綜合財務報表附註 9。

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the share capital of the Company and its movements during the year ended 30 June 2024 are set out in Note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in reserves of the Group during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 85.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 30 June 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$135,213,000. Under section 34 of the Companies Act (as revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium is available for distribution to the Shareholders subject to the provisions of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association"), and no distribution may be paid to the Shareholders out of the Company's share premium unless the Company shall be able to pay its debt as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

Details of pledge of assets during the year are set out in Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

股本

本公司於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年 度的股本詳情及其變動情況載於綜合財務 報表附註34。

儲備

本集團年內儲備變動詳情載於第85頁的綜 合權益變動表。

可分派儲備

本公司於二零二四年六月三十日的可分派 儲備約為135,213,000港元。根據開曼群島 公司法(經修訂)第34條,股份溢價可分派 予股東,惟須遵守本公司組織章程細則 (「組織章程細則」)的條文,除非本公司可 在日常業務過程中支付到期債務,否則不 得自本公司股份溢價向股東作出分派。

物業、廠房及設備

年內物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註17。

資產質押

年內,資產質押詳情載列於綜合財務報表 附註19。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the financial year and up to date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang Mr. Leung Kwong Choi Mr. Wong Po Keung Mr. Chung Siu Wah Mr. Chik To Pan Mr. Liu Yafei *(appointed on 2 August 2024)*

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wong Kwai Sang Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric Mr. Lee Chi Ho *(appointed on 5 December 2023)* Mr. Ong Chi King *(resigned on 25 September 2023)*

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, Mr. Wong Kwai Sang, Mr. Wong Po Keung and Mr. Chung Siu Wah, being the existing Directors longest in office since their last re-election, will retire by rotation and eligible for re-election. After the last annual general meeting, Mr. Lee Chi Ho was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 5 December 2023 and Mr. Liu Yafei was appointed as an executive Director on 2 August 2024 and they will retire and eligible for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting (see note below).

No Director being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company has a service contract which is not determinable by the Company and its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The Company has received, from each of Independent Nonexecutive Director, a written annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange.

The nomination committee of the Company and the Board considered that all Independent Non-executive Directors are independent.

Note:

Subsequent to the date of this report of the directors, Ms. Lai Pik Chi Peggy has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 3 October 2024 and pursuant to the Articles of Association, she will retire and eligible, together with Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, Mr. Wong Po Keung, Mr. Chung Siu Wah, Mr. Liu Yafei and Mr. Lee Chi Ho, the other retiring Directors, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting. Mr. Wong Kwai Sang has decided not to seek re-election and will therefore retire and cease to be an independent non-executive Director after the conclusion of the forthcoming annual general meeting.

董事

本財政年度及截至本報告日期止的董事如 下:

執行董事

楊智恒先生 梁廣才先生 黃保強先生 鍾少樺先生 戚道斌先生 劉亞非先生 *(於二零二四年八月二日獲委任)*

獨立非執行董事

黃貴生先生 香志恒先生 李智豪先生 *(於二零二三年十二月五日獲委任)* 王子敬先生

(於二零二三年九月二十五日辭任)

根據組織章程細則,黃貴生先生、黃保強 先生及鍾少樺先生(即自上次獲重選後在 任時間最長之現任董事)將輪席退任及符 合資格重選。於上一屆股東週年大會後, 李智豪先生於二零二三年十二月五日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事,及劉亞非先生於二 零二四年八月二日獲委任為執行董事,且 彼等將於應屆股東週年大會上退任及符合 資格重選(見下文附註)。

擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任 的董事概無訂立於一年內本公司及其附屬 公司不作賠償(法定補償除外)則不可終止 的服務合約。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據聯交 所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條發 出有關其獨立性的年度書面確認。

本公司提名委員會及董事會認為所有獨立 非執行董事均為獨立。

附註:

於本董事會報告日期後,黎碧芝女士已於二零二四 年十月三日獲委任為獨立非執行董事,而根據組織 章程細則,彼將退任及符合資格重選,且將連同其 他退任董事楊智恒先生、黃保強先生、鍾少樺先 生、劉亞非先生及李智豪先生於應屆股東週年大會 上膺選連任。黃貴生先生已決定不尋求重選,故將 於應屆股東週年大會後退任且不再擔任獨立非執行 董事。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2024, the interests and short positions held by each Director and chief executive of the Company and their associates in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporation, if any, (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules were as follows:

Long positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關 股份及債券之權益

於二零二四年六月三十日,本公司各董事 及最高行政人員和彼等之聯繫人於本公司 或其任何相聯法團(如有)(定義見證券及期 貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股 份、相關股份或債券中擁有本公司須根據 證券及期貨條例第352條存置之登記冊記錄 之權益及短倉;或根據上市規則附錄C3所 載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守 則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所之 權益及短倉如下:

於本公司股份及相關股份之長倉

	Number of shares/underlying shares held in the Company 所持本公司股份/相關股份數目					
Name of Director	Capacity in which interests are held	Interests in shares	Interest under equity derivatives 根據股本衍生	Total interests	Total interests as to % to the issued share capital as at 30 June 2024 (Note) 於二零二四年 六月三十日權益 總額佔已發行 股本之百分比	
董事姓名	持有權益之身份	股份權益	工具之權益	權益總額	成本之日 万 に (附註)	
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	102,247,200	3,388,563	105,635,763	21.61%	
Mr. Chung Siu Wah 鍾少樺先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	3,388,563	3,388,563	0.69%	
Mr. Chik To Pan 戚道斌先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	—	3,388,563	3,388,563	0.69%	
Mr. Wong Po Keung 黃保強先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	3,388,563	3,388,563	0.69%	
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi 梁廣才先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	300,000	300,000	0.06%	
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang 黃貴生先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	_	200,000	200,000	0.04%	
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric 香志恒先生	Beneficial owner 賓益擁有人	_	200,000	200,000	0.04%	

Note:

附註:

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 5 April 2024, every five shares of HK\$0.02 each were consolidated into one consolidated share of HK\$0.1 each effective on 9 April 2024. The percentage of total interest was calculated based on the Company's issued share capital of 488,769,147 consolidated shares as at 30 June 2024.

根據於二零二四年四月五日通過的普通決議案,每 五股每股面值0.02港元的股份合併為一股每股面值 0.1港元的合併股份,於二零二四年四月九日生效。 權益總額百分比乃按二零二四年六月三十日本公司 已發行股本488,769,147股合併股份為基準計算。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告書

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2024, none of the Directors, chief executive of the Company or their respective associates had any other personal, family, corporate and other interests or short positions in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a share option scheme on 11 November 2015 (the "2015 Share Option Scheme").

Details of the 2015 Share Option Scheme are as follows:

(a) Purpose of the 2015 Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the 2015 Share Option Scheme is to provide the Group with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating and/or providing benefits to the eligible persons and to provide the eligible persons with all opportunity to acquire a personal stake in the Group and to build common objectives of the Group and the eligible persons for the betterment of business and profitability of the Group and the Shareholders as a whole.

Eligible persons, according to the 2015 Share Option Scheme, means: (a) any eligible employee; (b) any non-executive director (including any independent nonexecutive director) of the Company, any subsidiary or any invested entity; (c) chief executive or any substantial shareholder of the Company; (d) any consultant or professional advisor to the Company, any subsidiary or any invested entity; (e) any associate of director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company; or (f) any discretionary object of a discretionary trust established by any of the above-mentioned persons. 除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年六月 三十日,本公司董事、最高行政人員或彼 等各自之聯繫人概無於本公司或其任何相 聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的 股份、相關股份或債券中擁有任何根據證 券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊記錄 之其他個人、家族、公司及其他權益或短 倉,或根據標準守則須知會本公司及聯交 所的其他個人、家族、公司及其他權益或 短倉。

購股權計劃

購股權計劃(「二零一五年購股權計劃」)於 二零一五年十一月十一日獲本公司股東批 准採納。

二零一五年購股權計劃詳情如下:

(a) 二零一五年購股權計劃的目的

二零一五年購股權計劃的目的是為本 集團提供靈活的渠道,向合資格人士 授出鼓勵、獎勵及/或提供福利及向 合資格人士提供各種機會,以個人名 義收購本集團的股份,使本集團與合 資格人士建立共同目標,為本集團及 股東整體利益而優化業務及盈利。

根據二零一五年購股權計劃,合資格 人士指(a)任何合資格僱員;(b)本公司、任何附屬公司或任何所投資實體 的任何非執行董事(包括任何獨立非 執行董事);(c)本公司最高行政人員 或任何主要股東;(d)本公司、任何附 屬公司或任何所投資實體之任何顧問 或專業諮詢人;(e)本公司董事、最高 行政人員或主要股東之任何聯繫人; 或(f)上述任何人士設立之全權信託之 任何全權對象。

(b) Who may join

The Board may, at its discretion, invite any eligible persons to take up options at a price calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (g) below.

Upon acceptance of the option, the eligible person shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant. The option will be offered for acceptance for such period as may be determined by the Board.

(c) Total number of shares of the Company available for issue

The Company refreshed the scheme mandate limit at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 11 December 2020 (the "2020 AGM") and at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 29 July 2016 (the "2016 EGM").

At the 2020 AGM, an ordinary resolution was passed by the shareholders of the Company approving the refreshment of the Scheme Mandate Limit. Accordingly, the Company was allowed to grant options up to 40,730,762 consolidated shares, which is equivalent to approximately 10% of the aggregate number of the consolidated issued shares at the date of the 2020 AGM and as at 1 July 2023 and 8.33% of the aggregate number of the consolidated issued shares as at 30 June 2024.

(d) Maximum entitlement of each participant

The total number of the shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to a participant under the 2015 Share Option Scheme (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the shares in issue from time to time, provided that if approved by shareholders in general meeting with such participant and his associates abstaining from voting, the Company may make a further grant to such participant.

(b) 可參與者

董事會可酌情邀請任何合資格人士按 下文(g)分段所計算的價格接納購股 權。

合資格人士於接納購股權時,應向本 公司支付1.00港元的代價接納購股 權。購股權將於董事會可能釐定之有 關期間提呈接納。

(c) 可予發行的本公司股份總數

本公司曾於二零二零年十二月十一日 舉行的本公司股東週年大會(「二零二 零年股東週年大會」)及於二零一六年 七月二十九日舉行的本公司股東特別 大會(「二零一六年股東特別大會」)上 更新計劃授權限額。

於二零二零年股東週年大會上,本公司股東通過普通決議案批准更新計劃 授權限額。因此,本公司獲准授出最 多40,730,762股合併股份的購股權, 股份數目相當於於二零二零年股東週 年大會日期及於二零二三年七月一日 已發行合併股份總數的約10%及於二 零二四年六月三十日已發行合併股份 總數的8.33%。

(d) 每名參與人可獲授權益上限

於任何十二個月期間,因參與者行使 根據二零一五年購股權計劃所授購股 權(包括已行使及尚未行使的購股權) 而發行及將予發行的股份總數,不得 超過不時已發行股份1%,惟倘股東 於股東大會上批准(有關參與者及其 聯繫人須放棄投票),本公司可向該 等參與者授出額外購股權。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告書

In relation to the further grant, the Company shall send a circular to the shareholders, which discloses the identity of the relevant participant, the number and the terms of the options to be granted (and options previously granted to such participant under the 2015 Share Option Scheme and other scheme) and the information required under the Listing Rules. The number and terms (including the exercise price) of options which is the subject of the further grant shall be fixed before the relevant shareholders' approval and the date of meeting of the Board meeting for proposing the further grant should be taken as the date of grant for the purpose of calculating the relevant subscription price.

(e) Period of the 2015 Share Option Scheme

The 2015 Share Option Scheme remains valid for a period of 10 years commencing on the date of 11 November 2015 after which period no further options may be granted but the provisions of the 2015 Share Option Scheme shall remain in all other respects in full force and effect in respect of any options granted prior thereto but not yet exercised at the time of termination, which shall continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of grant.

(f) Time of exercise of option

Unless the Board determines otherwise, an option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the 2015 Share Option Scheme at any time during which shall not exceed 10 years from the date upon which the option is deemed to be granted and accepted. The 2015 Share Option Scheme does not require a minimum period for which an option must be held or a performance target which must be achieved before an option can be exercised.

(g) Price of the shares

The subscription price for the shares subject to options will be a price determined by the Board and notified to each participant and will be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares on the Main Board as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the Option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares on the Main Board as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

The Company should also comply with the new requirements under the amended chapter 17 of the listing rules of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange Limited. 就額外授出而言,本公司須向股東寄發通函,披露有關參與者的身份、海露有關參與者的身份、五年購股權(及先前根據二零開嚴權計劃及其他計劃及作款,五年開股權計劃及其他計劃及條款,必及上市規則規定的資料。根據額外授出擬授出購股權的數目及條款(包括行使價),必須於取得有關股東批額前釐定,而董事會舉行會議以提呈計算有關認購價。

(e) 二零一五年購股權計劃的期限

二零一五年購股權計劃將自二零一五 年十一月十一日開始生效,為期十 年。其後,不會再授出任何購股權, 惟於之前授出但於終止時尚未行使的 任何購股權(須根據其授出條款可繼 續予以行使)所涉及的二零一五年購 股權計劃的條文將於所有其他方面仍 然具有十足效力及作用。

(f) 購股權之行使時限

除非董事會另有釐定,購股權可於由 購股權被視為授出及接納日期起計不 超過十年的任何時間內根據二零一五 年購股權計劃之條款行使。二零一五 年購股權計劃並無規定須持有購股權 之最短期限或行使購股權之前須達到 之表現目標。

(g) 股份價格

購股權涉及的股份的認購價將由董事 會釐定及知會每位參與者,認購價最 低將為(以最高者為準)(i)於授出購股 權當日(必須為營業日),聯交所每日 報價表所示股份於主板的收市價;(ii) 於緊接授出當日前五個營業日,聯交 所每日報價表所示股份於主板的平均 收市價;及(iii)股份面值。

本公司亦應遵守經修訂香港聯合交易所有限公司上市規則第17章項下之新規定。

The following table set out movements in the Company's share options granted under the 2015 Share Options Scheme during the year:

下表載列根據二零一五年購股權計劃已授 出之本公司購股權於年內之變動:

						Nu	mber of Sha 購股權			
Capacity	Date of Grant	Exercise price (after share consolidation 行使價	Exercisable period	As at 1 July 2023	Granted	Exercised	Cancelled	Lapsed	Adjustment after share consolidation	As at 30 June 2024
身份	授出日期	(於股份 合併後)	行使期	於二零二三年 七月一日	已授出	已行使	已註銷	已註銷	於股份合併後 調整	於二零二四年 六月三十日
Executive Directors										
執行董事 Yeung Chi Hang 楊智恒	22 April 2016 二零一六年四月二十二日	1.032	22 April 2016-21 April 2026 二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日	14,142,817	_	_	_	-	(11.314.254)	2,828,563
	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	1.585	5 June 2018-4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	2,800,000	_	_	-	-	(2,240,000)	560,000
Chung Siu Wah 鍾少樺	22 April 2016 二零一六年四月二十二日	1.032	22 April 2016-21 April 2026 二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日	14,142,817	_	_	_	_	(11,314,254)	2,828,563
	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	1.585	5 June 2018-4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	2,800,000	-	_	-	-	(2,240,000)	560,000
Chik To Pan 戚道斌	22 April 2016 二零一六年四月二十二日	1.032	22 April 2016-21 April 2026 二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日	14,142,817	-	_	-	-	(11,314,254)	2,828,563
	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	1.585	5 June 2018-4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	2,800,000	_	_	-	-	(2,240,000)	560,000
Wong Po Keung 黃保強	22 April 2016 二零一六年四月二十二日	1.032	22 April 2016-21 April 2026 二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日	14,142,817	_	_	-	-	(11,314,254)	2,828,563
	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	1.585	5 June 2018-4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	2,800,000	_	_	_	-	(2,240,000)	560,000
Leung Kwong Choi 梁廣才	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	1.585	5 June 2018-4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	1,500,000	_	_	_	_	(1,200,000)	300,000
Independent Non-ex	ecutive Directors									
獨立非執行董事 Ong Chi King 王子敬	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	1.585	5 June 2018-4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	1,000,000	_	_	_	(1,000,000)	_	_
Wong Kwai Sang 黃貴生	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	1.585	八千八万四日 5 June 2018-4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	1,000,000	_	_	_	-	(800,000)	200,000
Heung Chee Hang, Eric	5 June 2018	1.585	5 June 2018–4 June 2028	1,000,000	_	_	-	_	(800,000)	200,000
香志恒	二零一八年六月五日		二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日							
Employees 員工										
An employee 一名員工	22 April 2016 二零一六年四月二十二日	1.032	22 April 2016-21 April 2026 二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日	14,142,817	_	_	_	(14,142,817)	_	_
Employees 員工	5 June 2018 二零一八年六月五日	1.585	5 June 2018-4 June 2028 二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日	18,700,000	_	_	_	(10,500,000)	(6,560,000)	1,640,000
				105,114,085	_	_	_	(25,642,817)	(63,577,016)	15,894,252

Note: Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 5 April 2024, every five shares of HK\$0.02 each were consolidated into one consolidated share of HK\$0.1 each effective on 9 April 2024.

附註:根據於二零二四年四月五日通過的普通決議 案,每五股每股面值0.02港元的股份合併為 一股每股面值0.1港元的合併股份,於二零 二四年四月九日生效。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告書

The closing price of the Company's shares immediately before the date of grant of the options were HK\$0.202 and HK\$0.320 on 22 April 2016 and 5 June 2018; and were adjusted to HK\$1.032 and HK\$1.585 respectively as a result of the share consolidation effective 9 April 2024.

As at 30 June 2024, options to subscribe for an aggregate of 15,894,252 consolidated shares of the Company were outstanding, representing 3.25% of the consolidated shares in issue of the Company as at 30 June 2024 and the date of this report.

Save as disclosed above, no option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the year.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2024, the following persons, other than Directors or chief executive of the Company, were interested or had short positions in more than 5% of shares and underlying shares of the Company or its subsidiaries according to the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO as follows:

於二零一六年四月二十二日及二零一八年 六月五日,本公司緊接購股權授出日期前 之股份收市價分別為0.202港元及0.320港 元;並因於二零二四年四月九日生效的股 份合併而分別調整至1.032港元及1.585港 元。

於二零二四年六月三十日,可認購本公司 合共15,894,252股合併股份之購股權未獲 行使,佔本公司於二零二四年六月三十日 及本報告日期3.25%已發行合併股份。

除上文所披露者外,概無購股權於年內獲 授出、行使、註銷或失效。

主要股東於股份、相關股份及債券 之權益

根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置之登記 冊,於二零二四年六月三十日,以下人士 (並非董事或本公司最高行政人員)於本公 司或其附屬公司之股份及相關股份中擁有 5%以上之權益或短倉如下:

Number of shares/underlying shares held in the Company
所持本公司股份/相關股份數目

Name of shareholders	Personal interest	Spouse interest	Corporate interest	Total interest	Total interest as to % to the issued share capital as at 30 June 2024 (Note 2) 於二零二四年 六月三十日權益 總額佔已發行 股本之百分比
股東姓名	個人權益	配偶權益	公司權益	權益總額	(附註2)
Mr. Chu Ying Man 朱英文先生	27,000,000	—	—	27,000,000	5.52%
Ocean Line Holdings Limited	—	—	59,900,000	59,900,000 (note 1)	12.26%
遠航控股有限公司				(附註1)	
Ms. Cheung Wai Fung	2,902,400	—	59,900,000	62,802,400 (note 1)	12.85%
張惠峰女士				(附註1)	
Mr. Kwai Sze Hoi	_	2,902,400	59,900,000	62,802,400 (note 1)	12.85%
桂四海先生				(附註1)	

Notes:

- (1) Ocean Line Holdings Limited ("Ocean Line") holds 59,900,000 Shares and is owned as to 60% by Mr. Kwai Sze Hoi ("Mr. Kwai") and 40% by Ms. Cheung Wai Fung ("Ms. Cheung"), the spouse of Mr. Kwai, who also holds personal interest in 2,902,400 Shares. By virtue of Part XV of the SFO, both Mr. Kwai and Ms. Cheung are deemed to be interested in an aggregate of 62,802,400 Shares, comprising (i) 59,900,000 Shares held by Ocean Line; and (ii) 2,902,400 Shares held by Ms. Cheung as at 30 June 2024.
- (2) Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 5 April 2024, every five shares of HK\$0.02 each were consolidated into one consolidated share of HK\$0.1 each effective on 9 April 2024. The percentage of shareholding was calculated based on the Company's issued share capital of 488,769,147 consolidated shares as at 30 June 2024.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save for 2015 Share Option Scheme disclosed above, at no time during the year, was the Company or any of its associated corporations a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate and none of the Directors or their spouses or children under 18 years of age was granted any right to subscribe for any shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any of its associated corporations.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the year, there were no transactions which need to be disclosed as connected transactions and continuing connected transactions pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as disclosed in the section headed "continuing connected transaction", no transactions, arrangement or contracts of significance, to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

附註:

- (1) 遠航控股有限公司(「遠航」)持有59,900,000 股股份,並由桂四海先生(「桂先生」)及張惠 峰女士(「張女士」,桂先生之配偶)擁有60% 及40%權益,而張女士亦持有2,902,400股股 份之個人權益。根據證券及期貨條例第XV 部,於二零二四年六月三十日,桂先生及張 女士均被視為於合共62,802,400股股份之權 益,當中包括(i)遠航持有之59,900,000股股 份;及(ii)張女士持有之2,902,400股股份。
- (2) 根據於二零二四年四月五日通過的普通決議案,每五股每股面值0.02港元的股份合併為一股每股面值0.1港元的合併股份,於二零二四年四月九日生效。持股百分比按二零二四年六月三十日本公司已發行股本488,769,147股合併股份為基準計算。

董事購買股份或債券之權利

除上文所披露之二零一五年購股權計劃 外,本公司或其任何相聯法團於年內概無 訂立任何安排,致使董事可藉著購買本公 司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債券而獲 取利益,且並無任何董事或其配偶或其年 齡在十八歲以下之子女獲授予任何權利以 認購本公司或其任何相聯法團之任何股份 或債券。

關連交易及持續關連交易

於年內,概無交易須根據上市規則第14A章 披露為關連交易及持續關連交易。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約的權 益

除「持續關連交易」一節所披露者外,本公 司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立於本年度結 束時或年內任何時間仍然有效而董事直接 或間接擁有重大權益的重大交易、安排或 合約。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contracts of significance, to which the Company or any its subsidiaries was a party in which a Shareholder had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

The Board was not aware that during the year ended 30 June 2024, the Directors did have interests in any businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities on the Stock Exchange.

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 June 2024, the Group had 44 employees (2023: 39 employees). The Group implements remuneration policy, bonus and share options scheme to ensure that pay scales of its employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis within the general framework of the Group's remuneration.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group did not make any charitable donations.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the share option scheme as disclosed in the Annual Report, no equity-linked agreement was entered during the year or subsisted at the end of the year.

董事服務合約

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董 事,概無與本公司訂立不可於一年內由本 公司終止而毋須付出賠償(法定補償除外) 之服務合約。

控股股東於重大合約的權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立於本年 度結束時或年內任何時間仍然有效而股東 直接或間接擁有重大權益的重大合約。

董事於競爭業務的權益

董事會並不知悉,截至二零二四年六月 三十日止年度,董事並無於任何與本集團 業務直接或間接競爭或可能競爭的業務中 擁有權益。

購買[、]出售或贖回本公司的上市證 券

年內,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司於聯交所的任何上 市證券。

僱傭及薪酬政策

於二零二四年六月三十日,本集團共有44 名僱員(二零二三年:39名僱員)。本集團 實施薪酬政策、花紅及購股權計劃,以確 保僱員之薪金數額乃於本集團一般薪酬架 構內釐定並以其表現為評核基準。

捐贈

年內,本集團並無作出任何慈善捐款。

股票掛鈎協議

除於年報所披露之購股權計劃外,於本年 度內概無訂立股票掛鈎協議,於本年度末 亦無該等協議存在。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, every Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director, in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favor, or in which he is acquitted. The Company has taken out insurance against the liability and costs associated with defending any proceedings which may be brought against Directors of the Group.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association, or the Companies Act (as revised) of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, the Company has maintained enough public float under the Listing Rules, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of Directors.

CAPITAL RAISING AND EXPENDITURE

Placing of New Shares under General Mandate

On 16 February 2024 (after trading hours), the placing agent and the Company entered into the placing agreement pursuant to which the Company has conditionally agreed to place through the placing agent, on a best effort basis, up to 407,307,622 ordinary shares (the "Placing Shares") of HK\$0.02 each of the Company at the placing price of HK\$0.04 per placing share to not less than six placees (the "Placees") who and whose beneficial owners are independent third parties (the "Placing"). Completion of the Placing took place on 6 March 2024. All the 407,307,622 Placing Shares have been successfully placed in full to not less than six Placees (who and whose ultimate beneficial owner(s), if applicable, is an independent third party) at the Placing Price of HK\$0.04 per Placing Share. The Placing Shares were allotted and issued under the general mandate granted to the Directors pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 4 December 2023. The net issue price per Placing Share after deducting the related expenses of the Placing was approximately HK\$0.039 per share. The aggregate nominal value of the Placing Shares under the Placing was HK\$8,146,152.44 based on par value of HK\$0.02 per Share. The closing price was HK\$0.043 per share as quoted on the Stock Exchange on 16 February 2024, being the date of the placing agreement.

Through the Placing, the Company intended to reduce the interest burden amidst the high-interest rate cycle by repayment of interest-bearing debts so as to alleviate the financial pressure and improve the financial performance of the Group. The Board considered that the placing represents a good opportunity to raise immediate additional funds to strengthen the financial position of the Group, finance its working capital needs and financial obligations.

獲准許的彌償條文

根據組織章程細則,每名董事就其作為董 事獲判勝訴或獲判無罪之民事或刑事訴訟 中進行辯護所招致或蒙受之一切損失或責 任,均有權從本公司資產中獲得彌償。本 公司已就本集團之董事於可能面對之任何 訴訟中進行抗辯時產生的責任和相關的費 用購買保險。

優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島公司法(經修訂) 並無訂明優先購買權條文,規定本公司按 比例向現有股東發售新股。

公眾持股量

於本報告日期,根據可供本公司獲悉的公 開資料及就董事所知,本公司一直按上市 規則規定維持充足公眾持股量。

集資及開支

根據一般授權配售新股份

在高利率週期下,本公司擬通過配售事項 償還計息債務以減輕利息負擔,從而緩解 財務壓力並改善本集團之財務表現。董事 會認為配售事項為即時籌集額外資金之良 機,以加強本集團財務狀況、應付其營運 資金需求及財務責任。

The details of the net proceeds and the use of proceeds from the Placing are set out in the section headed "Use of Proceeds" below.

Details of the Placing are set out in the Company's announcements dated 16 February 2024 and 6 March 2024.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The gross proceeds and the actual net proceeds raised from the Placing amounted to approximately HK\$16.3 million and HK\$16.0 million respectively. As at 30 June 2024, the net proceeds have been fully utilized as follows:

配售事項之所得款項淨額及所得款項用途 之詳情載於下文「所得款項用途」一節。

配售事項之詳情載於本公司日期為二零 二四年二月十六日及二零二四年三月六日 之公佈。

所得款項用途

配售事項籌措之所得款項總額及實際所得 款項淨額分別約為16.3百萬港元及16.0百萬 港元。於二零二四年六月三十日,所得款 項淨額已悉數動用如下:

		Intended use of net proceeds 所得款項 淨額擬定用途 HK\$' million	Net proceeds utilized during the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年 六月三十日 止年度已動用之 所得款項淨額 HK\$' million	Unutilized net proceeds as at 30 June 2024 於二零二四年 六月三十日 未動用之 所得款項淨額 HK\$' million
		百萬港元	百萬港元	百萬港元
Settlement and/or repayment of the installment loans payable and other bank loans	結清及/或償還應付分期 貸款及其他銀行貸款	5.2	5.2	_
Existing operation of its motor and motor accessories business as well as its metal recycled business	其汽車及汽車配件業務 以及金屬回收業務之 現有營運	3.5	3.5	_
Settlement of outstanding accounts and other payables	結清未付應付賬款及 其他應付款項	3.0	3.0	—
General working capital	一般營運資金	4.3	4.3	
		16.0	16.0	_

AUDITORS

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2024 were audited by ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited as auditors of the Company. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to reappoint ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited as auditors of the Company.

核數師

本集團截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度的綜合財務報表已由本公司核數師中匯安 達會計師事務所有限公司審核。本公司將 於應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案,續聘 中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司為本公司 核數師。

On behalf of the Board **China Environmental Resources Group Limited** Yeung Chi Hang Chairman

代表董事會 中國環境資源集團有限公司 主席

Hong Kong, 30 September 2024

楊智恒

香港,二零二四年九月三十日

The Board is committed to maintain and ensure high standards of corporate governance practice. The Company stresses the importance of maintaining the quality of the Board by ensuring that the Directors possess a wide range of expertise and the effective implementation of an accountability system, so as to ensure that business activities and decision making processes are regulated in a proper manner.

The Board has established the Group's purpose, values and strategy, and has satisfied itself that the Group's culture is aligned. Acting with integrity and leading by example, the Directors promote the desired culture to instill and continually reinforce across the Group the values of acting lawfully, ethically and responsibly. The Company aims to becoming a recognized company that develops and grows with environment caring.

The Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix C1 to the Rule Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") for the year ended 30 June 2024, except the followings:

Code provisions C.2.1 of the CG Code provides that the roles of chairman of the board and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. This code provision also stipulate, inter alia, the role and responsibility of the chairman of the board and the chief executive.

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang was appointed as chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company on 27 January 2015. Thereafter, Mr. Yeung Chi Hang has assumed both roles. The Directors are of the view that the vesting of the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive officer in the same person can provide the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allow for more effective planning, management and execution of long-term business strategies, as well as ensuring effective oversight of management. The Directors are also of the view that the present structure is considered to be appropriate under the circumstances of the Company. The Board has reviewed of its current board structure from time to time.

Mr. Ong Chi King resigned as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of each of the audit committee, the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company effective from 25 September 2023 in order to devote more time to his other business commitments.

董事會致力維持及確保實施高水平之企業 管治常規。本公司著重確保董事具備不同 專長及實行有效問責制度,保持董事會的 質素,確保業務運作及決策過程均受到適 當規管。

董事會已制定本集團的宗旨、價值及策 略,並確保其與本集團的文化相符一致。 各董事行事正直,以身作則、致力推廣企 業文化,以宣揚及持續鞏固本集團以合 法、合乎道德及負責任方式行事的價值 觀。本公司的目標是成為以關注環境方式 發展及成長的知名公司。

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度,除下 文所載事項外,本公司一直遵守聯交所證 券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C1所載企業 管治守則(「企業管治守則」)的守則條文:

企業管治守則第C.2.1條守則條文規定,董 事會主席及行政總裁之角色應有所區分, 且不應由同一人士擔任。該守則條文亦規 定(其中包括)董事會主席及行政總裁之職 能及責任。

楊智恒先生於二零一五年一月二十七日獲 委任為本公司董事會主席及行政總裁。 智恒先生之後承擔該兩項職務。董書認為 由同一人士承擔董事會主席及行政總基認為 自同一人士承擔董事會主席及行政總 人士承擔董事會主席及行政總 人士承擔董事會一直不時檢視其現行董事會架構。

王子敬先生已辭任獨立非執行董事、本公 司審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會 各自之主席,自二零二三年九月二十五日 起生效,以投入更多時間於其他業務承擔。

Following the resignation of Mr. Ong, the Company had two independent non-executive Directors and the audit committee comprised of two members only. As a result of the foregoing, the Company was not in compliance with the requirements of (i) rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules that the Board must include at least three independent non-executive Directors and at least one of the independent non-executive Directors must have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise; (ii) rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules that the number of independent non-executive Directors must represent at least one-third of the Board; and (iii) rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules that the audit committee must comprise a minimum of three members, at least one of whom is an independent non-executive director with appropriate professional gualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise as required under rule 3.10(2), and be chaired by an independent non-executive Director.

Mr. Lee Chi Ho was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of the audit committee and a member of each of the remuneration committee and the nomination committee of the Company (the "Appointment") effective from 5 December 2023.

Immediately upon the Appointment of Mr. Lee, the Company has re-complied with the following requirements under the Listing Rules: (i) the Board comprises eight members, including five executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors, which is in compliance with the requirements under Rules 3.10 and 3.10A of the Listing Rules that the Board must include at least three independent non-executive Directors (at least one of whom must have appropriate professional gualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise) and that the independent non-executive Directors must represent at least one-third of the Board; and (ii) the Audit Committee comprises three members, including all of the three independent non-executive Directors (at least one of whom possesses appropriate qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise), and is chaired by an independent non-executive Director, which is in compliance with the requirements under Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

Mr. Liu Yafei was appointed as an executive Director on 2 August 2024 and had obtained legal advice in relation to the requirements, duties and obligations under the Listing Rules that are applicable to him as a director of a listed company on 1 August 2024 from an external legal adviser qualified to advise on Hong Kong law pursuant to Rule 3.09D of the Listing Rules. Mr. Liu had confirmed that he understood his obligations as a director of the Company.

於王先生辭任後,本公司僅有兩名獨立非 執行董事及審核委員會僅包括兩名成員。 由於上述情況,本公司未有遵守(i)上市 則第3.10條之規定,即董事會必須包括至 少三名獨立非執行董事。且至少一名獨立 非執行董事的會計或相關的財務管理專述 行董事的會計或相關的財務。即獨立 行董事人數必須佔董事會成員之規定,即至 有 個必須包括至少三名成員,即至 人數必須包括至少三名成員,即至 人數必須包括至少三名成員,即至 人數必須包括至少三名成員,即至 人數必須包括至少三名成員,即至 人數必須包括至少三名成員,即至 人數必須自動第3.10(2)條所規定具備 國務管理專長的獨立非執行董事,且須 獨立非執行董事作為主席。

李智豪先生獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行 董事、審核委員會主席以及薪酬委員會及 提名委員會各自之成員(「委任」),自二零 二三年十二月五日起生效。

緊隨委任李先生後,本公司已重新遵守上 市規則項下之下列規定:(i)董事會由八名 成員組成,包括五名執行董事及三名獨立 非執行董事,符合上市規則第3.10條及第 3.10A條項下之規定,即董事會必須至少包 括三名獨立非執行董事(其中至少一名 個關的財務管理成 員備適當的會計或相關的財務管理成 人數至少三分之一:及(ii)審核委員會由 名成員組成,包括全部三名獨立非執行董 客(其中至少一名必須具備適當的專業管理 格,或具備適當的會計或相關的財務管理 事(其中至少一名必須具備適當的專業管理 格,或具備適當的會計或相關的財務管理 高之非執行董事擔任主席,符 合上市規則第3.21條項下之規定。

劉亞非先生於二零二四年八月二日獲委任 為執行董事,並已於二零二四年八月一日 自一名根據上市規則第3.09D條符合資格就 香港法例提供意見之外部法律顧問取得有 關適用於彼作為上市公司董事之上市規則 項下規定、職務及責任之法律意見。劉先 生已確認,彼了解身為本公司董事之責任。

THE BOARD

The Board is charged with the responsibility of leadership and control of the Group. The Board promotes success of the Group and makes decisions objectively in the best interests of the Group.

The Board's role is mainly to direct and supervise the affairs of the Group, establish its strategic directions and set objectives and business development plans. The Board authorizes the management to manage the day-to-day business operation of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the various Board committees and the Chief Executive Officer.

The Company has developed a schedule of matters reserved to the Board for decisions. The Board will review those arrangements on a regular basis to ensure that the arrangements meet the needs of the Company.

BOARD COMPOSITION

As at the date of approval of this report, the Board comprises nine Directors with six Executive Directors, namely, Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, Mr. Leung Kwong Choi, Mr. Wong Po Keung, Mr. Chung Siu Wah, Mr. Chik To Pan and Mr. Liu Yafei and three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wong Kwai Sang, Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric and Mr. Lee Chi Ho.

董事會

董事會負責領導及管理本集團,促進本集 團成功,以對本集團最有利的方式客觀地 作出各項決策。

董事會的主要職責為指導及監督本集團事務,訂立策略方向,並設定目標及業務發展計劃。董事會授權管理層管理本集團的 日常業務營運。此外,董事會亦授權多個 董事委員會及行政總裁負責處理若干職務。

本公司已訂立一份保留待董事會決定的事 項表。董事會將定期檢討該等安排,以確 保有關安排符合本公司的需要。

董事會之組成

於本報告批准日期,董事會由九名董事組 成,即六名執行董事楊智恒先生、梁廣才 先生、黃保強先生、鍾少樺先生、戚道斌 先生及劉亞非先生及三名獨立非執行董事 黃貴生先生、香志恒先生及李智豪先生。

During the year, the Board held 6 board meetings, including, four regular meetings, and if necessary, had also transacted its business by written resolutions. The Directors participated these meetings in person or through electronic means of communication. The attendance of Board meetings of each Director during the year is set out as below:

於年內,董事會共舉行6次董事會(包括四 次常規會議),亦按需要透過書面決議案處 理其事務。董事親身或透過電子通訊方式 參與該等會議。各董事於年內出席董事會 會議的情況載列於下表:

Name of Directors		Number of Board meetings attended/Number of Board meetings held
董事姓名		已出席董事會會議次數/ 已舉行董事會會議次數
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang	楊智恒先生	6/6
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi	梁廣才先生	6/6
Mr. Wong Po Keung	黃保強先生	6/6
Mr. Chung Siu Wah	鍾少樺先生	6/6
Mr. Chik To Pan	戚道斌先生	6/6
Mr. Liu Yafei (appointed on 2 August 2024)	劉亞非先生 <i>(於二零二四年 八月二日委任)</i>	0/0
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生	5/6
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生	5/6
Mr. Lee Chi Ho (appointed on 5 December 2023)	李智豪先生 <i>(於二零二三年</i> <i>十二月五日委任)</i>	5/5
Mr. Ong Chi King (resigned on 25 September 2023)	王子敬先生(於二 <i>零二三年</i> 九月二十五日辭任)	0/0
For regular Board meeting, a notice of th Directors at least 14 days before the inte	e meeting is sent to all 舉行常非	現董事會會議時,將於會議擬定日 少14日向全體董事寄發會議通告,

and an agenda and accompanying board papers of the meeting are sent to all Directors at least three days before the intended date of meeting. For all other Board meeting, a notice of the meeting together with an agenda and accompanying board papers of the meeting are sent to all Directors in reasonable time. The Directors also from time to time transact the Board business by way of written resolutions.

內寄發予全體董事。董事亦不時透過書面 決議案的方式處理董事會事務。

Every Director is entitled to have access to the advice and service of the Company Secretary with a view to ensure that the Board procedures and applicable rules and regulations are complied with.

各董事均可要求公司秘書提供意見及服 務,以確保遵守董事會程序及適用規則與 法規。

及將於擬定會議日期前至少三日向全體董

事寄發會議議程及隨附會議文件。就所有

其他董事會會議而言,會議通告連同會議

議程及隨附董事會會議文件將於合理時間

All minutes are kept by the Company and are open for inspections by any Director during normal office hours by giving reasonable advance notice. Minutes of the Board meetings and the Board committee meetings record in sufficient details the matters considered in the meetings and decisions reached. Draft and final versions of minutes of the Board meetings and Board committee meetings have been sent to all Directors and relevant Board Committee members for their comments and records respectively within a reasonable time after the relevant meetings were held.

If a Director has a conflict of interest in a matter before the Board, the matter will be dealt with in accordance with applicable rules and regulations and, if appropriate, an independent board committee will be set up to deal with the matter.

To the best knowledge of the Board, there is no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s) between the members of the Board. Every Director has sufficient time and attention to deal with the affairs of the Group. The Board considers the composition of Executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors is rational and appropriate and provides adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of shareholders and the Group.

The Independent Non-executive Directors provide the Group with diversified knowledge and expertise. Their suggestions, opinions and participation in the meetings of the Board and each Board committee bring independent opinions, suggestions and judgments on issues relating to the Group's strategy, development, operations, performance, risk control and conflicts of interest, to ensure that the interest of all shareholders are taken into account. Information and responsibilities of all Directors are contained in this annual report on pages 32 to 35.

The Board has established a mechanism is to enable Directors to seek independent professional advice when exercising Directors' duties to ensure a strong independent element to the decision made by the Board which is key to an effective Board.

According to the mechanism, subject to the prior approval by the executive Director of the Company (which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed), the Directors may seek independent legal, financial or other professional advice from advisors independent of those advising the Company as and when necessary in appropriate circumstances to enable them to discharge their responsibilities effectively, either on the Company's affairs or in respect of their fiduciary or other duties, at the Company's expense. In case of the Board is seeking independent professional advice, prior approval must be given by the executive Director of the Company (which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed). The Board will review this mechanism on an annual basis to ensure the implementation and effectiveness of this mechanism.

倘董事在董事會將討論的事項涉及利益衝 突,有關事項將根據適用規則及法規處 理,如有需要,將成立獨立董事委員會處 理。

據董事會所深知,董事會成員之間概無任 何財務、業務、家族或其他重大/相關關 係。每名董事均有足夠時間及精力處理本 集團的事務。董事會認為執行董事及獨立 非執行董事的組成屬合理及適當,並充分 發揮制衡作用,以保障股東及本集團的利 益。

獨立非執行董事為本集團帶來多元化的知 識及專長。彼等提出的建議及意見,以及 透過彼等參與董事會及各董事委員會會 議,為本集團的策略、發展、營運、表現、 風險控制及利益衝突等事宜提供獨立意 見、建議及判斷,以確保所有股東的權益 均獲得考慮。所有董事的資料及職責載於 本年報第32至35頁。

董事會已建立一項機制,使董事能夠在行 使董事職責時尋求獨立的專業意見,以確 保董事會擁有強大的獨立元素以作決策, 這是有效董事會的關鍵。

根據該項機制,在本公司執行董事事先批 准(不得無理拒絕或延遲批准)的情況下, 董事可在適當情況下,在必要時向獨立於 本公司顧問的顧問尋求獨立的法律、財務 或其他專業意見,以使他們能夠有效地履 行其對本公司事務或受託或其他職責的 展開由本公司承擔。如董事會正在尋 求獨立專業意見,必須事先獲得本公司執 行董事的批准(不得無理拒絕或延遲批 准)。董事會將每年對該機制進行檢討,以 確保該機制的實施成效。

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer have different roles. The Chairman of the Board is responsible for the operation of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for managing the operations and day-to-day management of the Group. Their functions have been clearly divided to ensure a balanced distribution of power and authority not concentrating on a single individual.

The Chairman of the Board is principally responsible for leading the Board and ensures the Board acts in the best interests of the Company. The Chairman of the Board shall ensure the Board operates effectively and performs its proper duties and discusses all important and proper matters in a timely manner. The Chairman of the Board is responsible for convening Board meetings, consulting, determining and approving the agenda of each Board meeting, and ensuring that Directors are provided sufficient information on current matters in a timely manner.

The Chief Executive Officer is principally responsible for the daily operation and management of the Group's overall operations and implementing the Board's operating strategy and policy and delegating tasks to all departments for implementation so as to realize the Board's objectives and decisions. In addition, the Chief Executive Officer is also responsible for coordinating close cooperation among all departments, uniting efforts of staff and encouraging the initiative of staff so as to ensure smooth and effective operation of the Company's operations and systems.

Code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code provide that the role of chairman of the board and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. This code provision also stipulates, inter alia, the role and responsibility of the chairman of the board and the chief executive.

Mr. Yeung Chi Hang was appointed as Chairman of the Board and the chief executive officer of the Company on 27 January 2015. Thereafter, Mr. Yeung Chi Hang has assumed both roles.

The Directors are of the view that the vesting of the roles of Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer in the same person can provide the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allow for more effective planning and execution of long-term business strangles, as well as ensuring effective oversight of management. The Directors are also of the view that the present structure is considered to be appropriate under the circumstances of the Company. The Board has reviewed of its current Board structure from time to time.

主席及行政總裁

董事會主席及行政總裁的角色不同。董事 會主席負責董事會運作,而行政總裁負責 管理本集團的業務及日常管理,兩者之間 的職務已清楚區分,以確保權力和授權分 佈均衡,不致集中在一位人士。

董事會主席主要負責領導董事會,確保董 事會行事符合本公司最佳利益。董事會主 席須確保董事會有效地運作及履行應有職 責,並及時就所有重要及適當的事項進行 討論。董事會主席負責召開董事會會議、 諮詢、釐定及批准每次董事會會議的議 程,並確保董事及時獲悉有關當前事項的 充分資料。

行政總裁主要負責本集團整體業務的日常 運作及管理,執行董事會的經營策略及政 策,下達任務至各部門執行,以實現董事 會的目標和決定。此外,行政總裁亦負責 協調各部門的緊密合作關係,團結員工的 力量,鼓勵員工積極性,確保本公司業務 及制度暢順而有效地運行。

企業管治守則第C.2.1條守則條文規定,董 事會主席及行政總裁之角色應有所區分, 且不應由同一人士擔任。該守則條文亦規 定(其中包括)董事會主席及行政總裁之職 能及責任。

楊智恒先生於二零一五年一月二十七日獲 委任為本公司董事會主席及行政總裁。故 此,楊智恒先生承擔該兩項職務。

董事認為由同一人士承擔董事會主席及行 政總裁能為本集團提供強勁而貫徹的領 導,使本集團能更有效地規劃及執行長期 業務策略,並確保有效監督管理。董事亦 認為就本公司的情況而言,現有架構屬恰 當。董事會一直不時檢視其現行董事會架 構。

RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

In accordance with the CG Code and the Articles of Association, all Directors, including Independent Non-executive Directors, are subject to retirement by rotation once every three years.

Composition of the Board will be reviewed regularly by the Board and also by the nomination committee of the Company to ensure that it covers a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company.

Pursuant to the Articles of Association and as at the date of approval of this report, Mr. Wong Kwai Sang, Mr. Wong Po Keung and Mr. Chung Siu Wah, being the existing Directors longest in office since their last re-election, will retire by rotation and eligible for re-election. Mr. Lee Chi Ho, an independent nonexecutive Director and Mr. Liu Yafei, an executive Director, were appointed after last annual general meeting, will retire and eligible for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

Each Director had entered into an appointment letter with the Company setting out the key terms and conditions of his appointment. The Directors are required to refer to the relevant key terms and conditions as set out in the Articles of Association and the guidelines for Directors and Guide for Independent Nonexecutive Directors (if applicable) published by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors.

All Independent Non-executive Directors are appointed for a specific term, subject to retirement by rotation under the Articles of Association. The term of office of Mr. Wong Kwai Sang, Mr. Ong Chi King, Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric and Mr. Lee Chi Ho as Independent Non-executive Director is for one to three years until 1 March 2025, 25 January 2026, 15 January 2025 and 4 December 2026 respectively. Mr. Ong Chi King resigned as an Independent Non-executive Director on 25 September 2023.

The Board has received from each Independent Non-executive Director a written annual confirmation of his independence and is satisfied with their independence in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all Independent Non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent to the Company.

董事之重選

根據企業管治守則及組織章程細則,所有 董事(包括獨立非執行董事)須每三年輪流 退任一次。

董事會及本公司提名委員會將定期檢討董 事會之組成,確保董事會具備均衡的專業 知識、技能及經驗,以配合本公司業務之 需求。

根據組織章程細則及於本報告批准日期, 黃貴生先生、黃保強先生及鍾少樺先生為 自上次獲重選後在任時間最長之現任董 事,彼等將輪席退任及符合資格重選。於 上一屆股東週年大會後委任的獨立非執行 董事李智豪先生及執行董事劉亞非先生將 於應屆本公司股東週年大會上退任及符合 資格重選。

各董事已與本公司訂立載列其委任之主要 條款及條件之委任函件。董事須參考組織 章程細則所載之相關主要條款及條件及由 香港董事學會出版之董事指引及獨立非執 行董事指南(如適用)。

所有獨立非執行董事有指定任期,並須根 據組織章程細則輪流退任。黃貴生先生、 王子敬先生、香志恒先生及李智豪先生擔 任獨立非執行董事的任期為一至三年,分 別至二零二五年三月一日、二零二六年一 月二十五日、二零二五年一月十五日及二 零二六年十二月四日為止。於二零二三年 九月二十五日,王子敬先生辭任為獨立非 執行董事。

董事會已收到各獨立非執行董事發出其獨 立身份的週年書面確認書,並信納彼等符 合上市規則規定的獨立性。本公司認為所 有獨立非執行董事符合上市規則第3.13條 所載的獨立指引,並獨立於本公司。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board has established an audit committee (the "Audit Committee") with the term of references in accordance with the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The Audit Committee currently comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Lee Chi Ho (Chairman, appointed on 5 December 2023), Mr. Wong Kwai Sang and Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric. Mr. On Chi King resigned on 25 September 2023.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee includes:

- 1. to recommend to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditor;
- 2. to consider and discuss with the external auditor the nature and scope of audit for each year;
- 3. to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity;
- 4. to review the interim and annual financial statements before submission to the Board and to discuss any problem and reservation arising therefrom;
- 5. to review the Group's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems; and
- 6. to consider other topics, as defined by the Board.

During the year, the Audit Committee had reviewed and discussed, in accordance with its terms of reference, the financial reporting matters with external auditor, including the review of the interim and annual consolidated financial statements, the risk management and internal control and the audit fee and made recommendation to the Board for reappointment of external auditor.

審核委員會

董事會已根據上市規則及企業管治守則成 立審核委員會(「審核委員會」)並制訂權責 範圍。審核委員會現時由三名獨立非執行 董事組成,即李智豪先生(主席,於二零 二三年十二月五日委任)、黃貴生先生及香 志恒先生。王子敬先生於二零二三年九月 二十五日辭任。

審核委員會之主要職責包括:

- 向董事會提供委任、續聘及辭退外聘 核數師的建議,批准委任外聘核數師 的酬金及條款,以及處理任何有關核 數師辭任或罷免的問題;
- 考慮並與外聘核數師討論每年度的審 核性質與範圍;
- 檢討及監察外聘核數師的獨立性及客 觀性;
- 向董事會遞交中期及年度財務報表前 審閱有關報表,並討論任何相關問題 及異議;
- 檢討本集團的財務監控、內部監控及 風險管理制度;及
- 6. 考慮董事會界定的其他議題。

年內,審核委員會已根據其權責範圍與外 聘核數師審閱及討論財務報告事宜,包括 審閱中期及年度綜合財務報表、風險管理 及內部監控及審核費,並就續聘外聘核數 師向董事會提供建議。

During the year, the Audit Committee held 2 meetings. The attendance of Audit Committee meetings of each member is set out below:

年內,審核委員會舉行2次會議。各成員出 席審核委員會會議情況載列如下:

Number of Audit Committee meetings attended/Number of

已舉行審核委員會會議次數

1/1

2/2

1/2

0/0

Audit Committee meetings held 已出席審核委員會會議次數/

Name of the Audit Committee Members

審核委員會成員姓名

Mr. Lee Chi Ho (appointed on 5 December 2023) Mr. Wong Kwai Sang Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric Mr. Ong Chi King (resigned on 25 September 2023)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Board has established a remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") with the term of references in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Remuneration Committee currently comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wong Kwai Sang (Chairman), Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric and Mr. Lee Chi Ho (appointed on 5 December 2023). Mr. Yeung Chi Hang was appointed on 25 September 2023 and ceased on 5 December 2023 and Mr. On Chi King resigned on 25 September 2023.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee (as adopted pursuant to the terms of references of the Remuneration Committee) includes making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure of all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for development of remuneration policy.

Set out below is the summary of work of the Remuneration Committee done during the year:

- 1. to review the Company's emolument policy and structure for all Directors;
- to review management's remuneration proposal with reference to the corporate goals and objective of the Board; and
- 3. to review and recommend the remuneration of individual Executive Director and Independent Non-executive Director (including the new Directors).

During the year, the Remuneration Committee held 2 meeting and had also transacted its business by written resolutions.

薪酬委員會

李智豪先生(於二零二三年

王子敬先生(於二零二三年

九月二十五日辭任)

十二月五日委任)

黃貴生先生

香志恒先生

董事會已根據上市規則成立薪酬委員會 (「薪酬委員會」)並制訂權責範圍。薪酬委 員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即 黃貴生先生(主席)、香志恒先生及李智豪 先生(於二零二三年十二月五日委任)。楊 智恒先生於二零二三年九月二十五日獲委 任及於二零二三年十二月五日停任,而王 子敬先生則於二零二三年九月二十五日辭 任。

薪酬委員會的主要職責(根據薪酬委員會 的權責範圍獲採納)包括就本公司全體董 事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構,及就 制定薪酬政策而設立正規且透明的程序, 向董事會提出建議。

以下載列薪酬委員會於年內完成的工作概 要:

- 檢討本公司全體董事的薪酬政策及架 構;
- 參考企業目標及董事會宗旨,檢討管 理層的薪酬建議;及
- 檢討及建議執行董事及獨立非執行董 事(包括新任董事)的薪酬。

年內,薪酬委員會舉行2次會議及透過書面 決議處理其業務。 The attendance of Remuneration Committee meeting of each 各成員出席薪酬委員會會議情況載列如下: member is set out below:

Name of the Remuneration Committee Members 薪酬委員會成員姓名		Number of Remuneration Committee meetings attended/ Number of Remuneration Committee meetings held 已出席薪酬委員會會議次數/ 已舉行薪酬委員會會議次數
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang (chairman, appointed on 25 September 2023)	黄貴生先生 <i>(主席,於二零二三年</i> <i>九月二十五日委任)</i>	2/2
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric Mr. Yeung Chi Hang (appointed on 25 September 2023 and ceased on 5 December 2023)	香志恒先生 楊智恒先生 <i>(於二零二三年 九月二十五日委任及 於二家二三年十二月五日</i>	2/2 1/1
Mr. Lee Chi Ho <i>(appointed on 5 December 2023)</i> Mr. Ong Chi King <i>(resigned on 25 September 2023)</i>	<i>停任)</i> 李智豪先生(於二零二三年 十二月五日委任) 王子敬先生(於二零二三年 九月二十五日辭任)	1/1 0/0

The Company aims to design remuneration policies that attract and retain employees that are needed to run the Group successfully and to motivate employees to pursue appropriate growth strategies whilst taking into account performance of the individual. The remuneration should reflect performance, complexity and responsibility of the individual; and the remuneration package will be structured to include salary and bonus to provide incentives to directors and senior management to improve their individual performances.

The Company has put in place a directors' remuneration policy to determine the remuneration packages of directors to ensure that there is an appropriate level of remuneration to attract and retain experienced people of high calibre to oversee the Group's business and development. The remuneration of directors is reviewed at least annually and determined with reference to the skills and knowledge of the directors, their job responsibilities and level of involvement in the Group's affairs, corporate performance, individual performance as well as prevailing market conditions. Remuneration comprises directors' fees, salaries, allowances and performance-related bonuses, equity-settled share based payments and retirement benefit contributions.

During the year, the Board had approved, upon review and recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, the increase of the remuneration of Mr. Wong Po Keung and Mr. Chik To Pan, the executive Directors of the Company, by HK\$45,000 and HK\$10,000 per month respectively, with effect from 1 July 2023.

本公司旨在設計薪酬政策以吸引並挽留成 就本集團業務所需僱員,並推動僱員追求 適用業務發展策略,同時考慮個別員工表 現。薪酬應反映個別員工之表現、能力及 責任:而薪酬待遇乃由薪金及獎金構成、 給予董事及高級管理層獎勵,激勵彼等改 進個人表現。

本公司已就釐定董事的薪酬待遇制訂董事 薪酬政策,以確保有合適的薪酬水平吸引 及挽留經驗豐富的高質素人才,以監察本 集團的業務及發展。董事的薪酬至少知識、 之物費工作職責及參與本集團事務的程度、 業表現、個人表現以及現行市況而釐定現 相關的獎金,以權益結算的股份支付及退 休福利供款。

年內,董事會經薪酬委員會審閲及建議後,批准本公司執行董事黃保強先生及戚 道斌先生的薪酬分別每月增加45,000港元 及10,000港元。自二零二三年七月一日起 生效。 The Group's business are under the direct responsibility of the Executive Directors who are the senior management of the Company. Details of emoluments of Directors and the five highest-paid employees of the Group during the year are set out in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Board has established a nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") with the term of references in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee currently comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wong Kwai Sang (Chairman, appointed on 25 September 2023), Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric and Mr. Lee Chi Ho (appointed on 5 December 2023). Mr. Yeung Chi Hang was appointed on 25 September 2023 and ceased on 5 December 2023 and Mr. On Chi King resigned on 25 September 2023.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee includes review of the structure, size and composition of the Board and board diversity policy on a regular basis, assessing new candidates for appointment as Directors and the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors and considering the retirement and reelection of the Directors.

Set out below is the summary of work of the Nomination Committee done during the year:

- 1. to assess the independence of each Independent Nonexecutive Director;
- 2. to review the structure, size and composition of the Board; and
- to review and make the recommendation of appointment of new directors and re-election of retiring Directors to the Board.

本集團的業務乃由身為本公司高級管理層 的執行董事直接負責。年內,本集團董事 及五名最高薪僱員的酬金詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註14。

提名委員會

董事會已根據上市規則成立提名委員會 (「提名委員會」)並制訂權責範圍。提名委 員會現時由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即 黃貴生先生(主席,於二零二三年九月 二十五日委任)、香志恒先生及李智豪先生 (於二零二三年十二月五日委任)。楊智恒 先生於二零二三年九月二十五日獲委任及 於二零二三年十二月五日停任,而王子敬 先生則於二零二三年九月二十五日辭任。

提名委員會的主要職責包括定期檢討董事 會的架構、人數及組成及董事會成員多元 化政策、評估董事委任的新候選人及獨立 非執行董事的獨立性以及考慮董事的退任 與連任。

以下載列提名委員會於年內完成的工作概 要:

- 1. 評估各獨立非執行董事的獨立性;
- 2. 檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成;及
- 就委任新任董事及重選退任董事向董 事會檢討並提供建議。

During the year, the Nomination Committee held 2 meeting. The attendance of Nomination Committee meeting of each member is set out below:

年內,提名委員會舉行2次會議。各成員出 席提名委員會會議情況載列如下:

Name of the Nomination Committee Members 提名委員會成員姓名	Number of Nomination Committee meetings attended/ Number of Nomination Committee meetings held 已出席提名委員會會議次數/ 已舉行提名委員會會議次數	
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang (chairman, appointed on 25 September 2023)	黃貴生先生 <i>(主席,於二零二三年</i> <i>九月二十五日委任)</i>	2/2
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生	2/2
Mr. Lee Chi Ho (appointed on 5 December 2023)	李智豪先生 <i>(於二零二三年</i> <i>十二月五日委任)</i>	1/1
Mr. Ong Chi King (resigned on 25 September 2023)	王子敬先生 <i>(於二零二三年 九月二十五日辭任)</i>	0/0
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang (appointed on 25 September 2023 and ceased on 5 December 2023)	楊智恒先生(於二零二三年 九月二十五日委任及 於二零二三年十二月五日 停任)	1/1

NOMINATION POLICY

The Board has adopted a nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") which sets out the selection criteria and procedure of appointing and re-appointing a Director. The selection criteria used in assessing the suitability of a candidate include, inter alia, such candidate's academic background and professional qualifications, relevant experience in the industry, character and integrity etc.

Pursuant to the Nomination Policy, the nomination committee reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board periodically and make recommendation on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy.

When it is necessary to fill a casual vacancy or appoint an additional director, the nomination committee identifies or selects candidates as recommended to the committee pursuant to the criteria set out in the Nomination Policy. Based upon the recommendation of the nomination committee, the Board deliberates and decides on the appointment. In addition, every director shall be subject to retirement by rotation or re-election at least once every three years and shall be eligible for re-election at each annual general meeting. The nomination committee shall review the overall contribution and service to the Company, expertise and professional qualifications of the retiring directors, who offered himself/herself for re-election at the annual general meeting, to determine whether such director continues to meet the criteria as set out in the Nomination Policy.

提名政策

董事會已採納提名政策(「提名政策」),該 政策載列委任及重選董事的遴選標準及程 序。評估人選適用性所採用之遴選標準包 括人選的學術背景及專業資格、產業相關 經驗、品格及操守等。

根據提名政策,提名委員會定期審閲董事 會的架構、規模及組成,並就董事會的任 何建議變動提出建議,以配合本公司的企 業策略。

當有必要填補臨時空缺或委任額外董事 時,提名委員會將根據提名政策中載列 標準識別或選擇推薦予委員會的候選人。 根據提名委員會的建議,董事會審議並大 定任命。此外,每名董事須至少每年 值退任或重選連任,並有資格於每年的 東週年大會上膺選連任。提名委員會 寬於股東週年大會上膺選是任的退 對本公司之整體貢獻及服務、專業資格 ,以釐定該董事是否繼續符合提 名政策所載之標準。

DIVIDEND POLICY

Under the Companies Act (as revised) of Cayman Islands and the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, dividends may be paid out of the profits of the Company, or subject to solvency of the Company, out of sums standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company. However, no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by Directors of the Company.

Declaration and recommendation of payment of dividends of the Company is subject to the approval of the Directors of the Company, depending on results of operations, working capital, financial position, future prospects, and capital requirements, as well as any other factors which the Directors of the Company may consider relevant from time to time. Any future declaration, recommendation and payment of dividends of the Company may or may not reflect the historical declarations and payments of dividends and will be at the absolute discretion of the Directors of the Company. The Company does not have any predetermined dividend payout ratio.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board, and sees diversity at Board level as an essential element in maintaining a competitive advantage. The Company has adopted a board diversity policy.

All appointments of the members of the Board are made on their merit in the content of the talents, skills and experience to be an effective Board as a whole.

The Nomination Committee reviews and assesses the composition of the Board by considering the benefits of all aspects of diversity, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience etc. in order to maintain an appropriate range and balance of talents, skills, experience and background on the Board.

The Nomination Committee also oversees the conduct of the annual review of the effectiveness of the Board and considers the balance of talents, skills, experience, independence and knowledge on the Board and the diversity representation of the Board.

股息政策

根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)及本公司組 織章程大綱及細則,股息可自本公司溢利 中派付,或在本公司償付能力所限下,以 本公司股份溢價賬中的進賬總額派付。然 而,股息不得多於本公司董事所建議之金 額。

宣派及建議支付本公司股息須得本公司董 事批准,而本公司董事批准與否,取決於 營運資金、財務狀況、未來前 景及資本要求,以及本公司董事不時認 開的任何其他因素。任何未來宣派、 議及支付本公司股息未必反映過往的股息 宣派及支付情況,且本公司董事就此擁有 絕對酌情權。本公司並無任何預先釐訂的 派息比率。

董事會多元化政策

本公司瞭解及認同具有多元化董事會的裨 益,並視董事會層面的多元化為維持競爭 優勢的重要元素。本公司採納了董事會多 元化政策。

董事會成員的所有委任均按董事會整體有 效運作所需要的才能、技能及經驗等裨益 而作出。

提名委員會透過考慮各方面多元化的裨益 檢討及評估董事會的組成(包括但不限於 性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、種族、專業 經驗等),以維持董事會具備適當範圍及平 衡的才能、技能、經驗及背景。

提名委員會亦會監督對董事會有效性的年 度審閱的進行情況,及考慮董事會的才 能、技能、經驗、獨立性及知識的平衡以 及董事會的多元化代表性。

The Board currently comprises entirely of male Directors. It is targeted to appoint one female director as soon as possible. The female representation is about 33% at workforce level. The Board has reviewed board diversity policy on an annual basis to ensure its continued effectiveness. For compliance with the Listing Rules and the board diversity policy, the following measurable objectives were reviewed and implemented:

- at least one-third of the members of the Board shall be Independent Non-executive Directors;
- at least one of the members of the Board shall have obtained accounting or other professional qualifications;
- members of the Board shall have knowledge or experience relating to the business operation of the Group;
- at least two of the members of the Board shall have China-related work experience; and
- no single gender Board is allowed after 2024.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board has from time to time considered its policy for corporate governance and its duties and duties of various board committees. The Board has not established a corporate governance committee but has performed the obligations regarding corporate governance, including:

- to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, including the board diversity policy, mechanisms to ensure independent views of the board and shareholders communication policy, and make recommendation;
- to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management;
- 3. to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- 4. to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and directors; and
- 5. to review the Company's compliance with Appendix C1 (Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report) of the Listing Rules.

董事會目前完全由男性董事組成。本公司 旨在盡快委任一名女性董事。僱員層面中 女性佔約33%。董事會已每年檢討董事會 多元化政策,以確保其行之有效。為遵守 上市規則及董事會多元化政策,已審閱及 採納以下可計量目標:

- 至少三分之一董事會成員須為獨立非 執行董事;
- 至少一名董事會成員須獲得會計或其 他專業資格;
- 董事會成員須具有有關本集團不同業 務營運的知識或經驗;
- 至少兩名董事會成員須擁有中國相關 工作經驗;及
- 二零二四年後不會有單一性別的董事 會。

企業管治職能

董事會已不時考慮其企業管治政策及其職 責以及各董事委員會職責。董事會並無成 立企業管治委員會,但已履行下列企業管 治責任,包括:

- 制訂及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及 常規,包括董事會成員多元化政策、 確保存在獨立見解的機制及股東溝通 政策,並作出推薦意見;
- 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管 規定方面的政策及常規;
- 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事 的操守準則及合規手冊;及
- 5. 檢討本公司遵守上市規則附錄C1(企 業管治守則及企業管治報告)的情況。

The Directors have disclosed to the Board the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations and other signification commitments (if any). During the year, the Board had attended and reviewed the above matters. The Board also regularly reviews the contribution required by each Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company and whether he is spending sufficient time performing his duties.

TRAINING OF DIRECTORS

Newly appointed Director, if any, are provided with necessary information to ensure that he has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his responsibilities under the relevant statutes, laws, rules and regulations. The Company Secretary and representative of auditor update the Directors on the latest development and changes regarding the Listing Rules, accounting standards and other relevant regulatory requirements from time to time.

In addition, the Directors are provided with monthly updates on the Company's performance and position to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. According to the records provided by the existing Directors, all Directors have participated as follows in continuous professional development during the year.

董事已向董事會披露於公眾公司或組織擔 任職務的數目與性質以及其他重大承擔(如 有)。年內,董事會已處理及檢討上述事 項。董事會亦會定期檢討各董事向本公司 履行其職責時須作出的貢獻及其是否花費 足夠時間履行職責。

董事培訓

新獲委任的董事(如有)獲提供必要的資料,以確保其對本公司的營運及業務以及 其於相關法規、法律、規則及規例下的責 任有適當了解。公司秘書及核數師代表不 時為董事提供有關上市規則、會計準則及 其他相關監管規定的最新發展及變動資料。

此外,董事亦獲提供本公司表現及狀況的 每月最新資料,以便董事會整體及各董事 履行其職務。

本公司鼓勵所有董事參與持續專業發展, 以發展及更新彼等的知識及技能。根據現 任董事提供的記錄,全體董事已於年內參 與持續專業發展如下。

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Reading regulatory updates/attending in house briefing 閱讀監管最新資料/ 出席內部簡報會	Attending expert briefing/seminars/ conference relevant to the business/ director's duties 出席有關業務/ 董事職責的專家 簡介會/研討會/ 會議
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang	楊智恒先生	1	1
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi	梁廣才先生	1	\checkmark
Mr. Wong Po Keung	黃保強先生	1	\checkmark
Mr. Chung Siu Wah	鍾少樺先生	1	1
Mr. Chik To Pan	戚道斌先生	1	\checkmark
Mr. Liu Yafei ^{##}	劉亞非先生##		_
Mr. Ong Chi King*	王子敬先生*	1	1
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生	1	✓
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生	1	1
Mr. Lee Chi Ho [#]	李智豪先生#	\checkmark	\checkmark
 resigned on 25 September 2023. appointed on 5 December 2023. appointed on 2 August 2024. 		# 於二零二三年	九月二十五日辭任。 十二月五日委任。 八月二日委任。

DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITIES INSURANCE

The Company has arranged directors' and officers' liabilities insurance for all Directors and the senior management of the Company. The insurance covers them against costs, charges, expenses and liabilities incurred arising out of the corporate activities.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 of the Listing Rules as the Company's Code of Conduct regarding Director's securities transactions.

Having made specific enquiry, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 30 June 2024.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board recognizes its overall responsibilities for maintaining a sound and effective internal control system of the Group and risk taking is unavoidable as part of the Group's business. By appropriate risk management and continuous risk monitoring, risk taking can bring value to the Company. The Board believes that risks are acceptable after prudent assessment of their impact and likelihood. The Company can protect its assets and shareholders' interests and create value simultaneously through appropriate risks management and control measures. The system includes a defined management structure with limits of authority, safeguards its assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensures the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensures compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

董事及高級職員的責任保險

本公司已為本公司的全體董事及高級管理 層安排董事及高級職員的責任保險。該等 保險涵蓋企業活動中所產生的成本、費 用、開支及責任。

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市發 行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準 守則」)作為本公司董事進行證券交易的行 為守則。

經作出特定查詢後,所有董事已確認彼等 於截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度一直 遵守標準守則所載的規定標準。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會意識到,在使本集團維持健全有效 的內部監控系統上負有整體責任,而冒著 風險行事為本集團業務不可避免的一部 分。只要採取適當的風險管理及持續監察 風險,冒險行事可為本公司創優增值。董 事會相信,經過審慎評估風險的影響及出 現的可能性,風險屬可接受。本公司可透 過適當的風險管理及控制措施,保障其資 產及股東利益,同時使本公司創優增值。 有關系統包括一套具備權限約束的明確管 理架構,保障其資產免遭未獲授權使用或 處置,確保存有適當的會計記錄,以提供 可靠的財務資訊作內部使用或刊發,同時 確保遵守相關的法律及法規。有關系統設 計目的為管理而非消除未能達致業務目標 的風險,並僅能就重大失實陳述或損失提 供合理而非絕對的保證。

Process used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks

The Group recognise that it is necessary for identifying and assessing the significant business, operational, financial and compliance risks on an ongoing basis. Risk identification and assessment should be undertaken throughout the year, but in any event must be undertaken on an annual basis by the Audit Committee. Risk identification involves collecting information from the senior management to identify relevant risks and then need to update the risk register in response to changes in its business and the external environment. Risk assessment should include the review of

- (i) the timely and efficient management and reporting the key risks; and
- (ii) any events, incidents or trends that have arisen or might arise.

Risk evaluation and risk prioritization

Risk ranking process involves analysing the inherent likelihood and impact of each identified risk in order to facilitate the senior management to prioritise the identified risk items and identify the responsible risk owners.

Risk reporting, managing and monitoring

Once the decision to mitigate the significant risk has been made and the strategy is identified, a mitigation plan should be developed. After the plan is implemented the residual risk is evaluated and is subject to monitoring. Once the plan is in place and the system is running, the effectiveness of the plan will be monitored, reviewed and adjusted if necessary. The ongoing monitoring program will be checked if risk priority numbers have changed to either higher or lower values. All employees can write down observations and to make recommendations. They can also make a recommendation if the change should be implemented urgently if it is time critical. The senior management evaluates the recommendations made by the employees and reports to board in timely manner.

用於識別、評估及管理重大風險之程 序

本集團確認必須持續識別及評估重大業務、營運、財務及合規風險。風險識別及 評估均須全年進行,惟無論如何須由審核 委員會每年進行。風險識別涉及自高級管 理層收集資料,以識別相關風險,然後更 新風險評估表,應付營商及外部環境變 動。風險評估應包括檢討

- (i) 及時有效管理及匯報關鍵風險;及
- (ii) 已出現或可能出現的任何事件、事故 或趨勢。

風險評估及風險先後次序

風險分級過程涉及分析各個已識別風險的 固有可能性及影響,以便高級管理層將已 識別風險項目制定先後次序,並識別須負 責風險的人士。

風險匯報、管理及監察

一旦決定減輕重大風險及已識別策略,應 制訂緩解計劃。計劃實施後,將會評估剩 餘風險,並加以監察。計劃開始及系統運 作後,本公司將會監察、檢討及調整(倘必 須)計劃的成效。持續監察計劃將會檢查 險先後次序數是否已經變為較高或較低 值。全體僱員可寫下觀察結果及作出推薦 建議。倘時間緊急,須迫切改變,彼等亦 可提出推薦建議,並及時向董事會報告。

Procedures for the handling and dissemination of inside information

The Group is committed to a consistent practice of time, accurate and sufficiently detailed disclosure of material information. To ensure that proper safeguards exist to prevent a breach of a disclosure relation to the Group, procedures for the handling and dissemination of inside information are as follows:

- 1. When any employee becomes aware of any actual or potential Inside Information, he/she must immediately inform any member of the Disclosure Working Group comprising the Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer and Legal Counsel.
- 2. Meeting of Disclosure Working Group shall be convened to conduct preliminary assessment of the information received.
- 3. The Disclosure Working Group reviews and decides whether the information must be disclosed, as well as when and how the information shall be released and makes recommendation to the Board.
- 4. The Board reviews the recommendation of the Disclosure Working Group and approves the issue of an announcement and any other documents as appropriate.

Main features of the internal control system

A professional advisory firm was to conduct a review on the Group's internal control systems at the corporate level and business level on certain agreed control areas as stated in a three year internal control review plan to the management and endorsed by the board and audit committee.

The scope of the internal control review carried out during the year includes:

- a) understand how a control procedure is carried out during the period from 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 through discussion with the management, and reading relevant policies and procedures;
- b) consider and comment on whether a control procedure has been designed and implemented effectively by determining whether it exists at a specific point in time. This is achieved by reading policies and procedures, reviewing minutes, reports, organisational charts and other supporting documentation, and by performing selected walkthrough and tests of samples;

處理及發放內幕消息之程序

本集團致力於貫徹地以適時、準確及詳盡 之方式披露重大資料。為確保有適當保障 措施避免違反有關本集團的披露,以下為 處理及發放內幕消息之程序:

- 當任何僱員知悉任何實際或潛在內幕 消息,彼必須立即知會由董事會主 席、行政總裁及法律顧問組成的披露 工作小組的任何成員。
- 披露工作小組須召開會議,就所接獲 的資料進行初步評估。
- 披露工作小組審視消息並決定是否必 須予以披露以及發佈消息的時間及方 式,並向董事會作出推薦建議。
- 董事會審閱披露工作小組的推薦建 議,並批准適時刊發公佈及任何其他 文件。

內部監控系統之主要特點

本集團委聘專業顧問公司就致管理層並經 董事會及審核委員會認可的三年內部監控 審閲計劃內訂明的若干協定監控範疇,於 企業層面及商業層面為本集團的內部監控 系統進行審閱。

年內進行的內部監控審閱範疇包括:

- a) 透過與管理層討論,並閱讀相關政策
 及程序,了解二零二三年七月一日至
 二零二四年六月三十日期間如何進行
 監控程序;
- b) 藉釐定監控程序是否於特定時間存 在,省覽及評價其是否獲有效設計及 實施。此乃憑藉細閱政策及程序、審 閱會議記錄、報告、組織圖表及其他 佐證文件,並透過進行選定的徹底調 查及測試樣本而達致;

- c) draw to the Company's attention to any significant control design and implementation weaknesses and deficiencies which come to its attention based on the limited procedures it agree to perform;
- provide recommendations to address the identified control design (in particular to corporate governance and cash receipt handling policy) and implementation weaknesses and deficiencies; and
- e) perform a follow-up review after the Company has responded to the findings stated in the Report. The final Report will be issued after the follow-up procedures have been completed.

The report and recommendations have been submitted to the board and follow-up action has been taken based on recommendations, which will be monitored by the board.

The Audit Committee reviewed adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

The board's confirmation on risk management

Based on the risk management mechanism and internal control review activities mentioned in the aforesaid paragraphs, the board was of the opinion that the Company had maintained an effective risk management mechanism and internal control system during the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

WHISTLE-BLOWING POLICY

The Board adopted a whistle-blowing policy to (i) foster a culture of compliance, ethical behaviour and good corporate governance across the Group; and (ii) promote the importance of ethical behaviour and encourages the reporting of misconduct, unlawful and unethical behavior. All complaints received under the whistle-blowing policy are promptly reported to the chairman of the audit committee or designated persons of the Group to ensure accountability and transparency. The Audit Committee will continue to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the whistle-blowing policy.

- c) 根據顧問公司同意進行的有限程序, 於發現任何重大監控設計以及執行的 弱點及不足之處時知會本公司;
- d) 提供推薦建議,處理已識別的監控設
 計(尤其是企業管治及現金收取處理
 政策)及執行的弱點及不足之處;及
- e) 於本公司回應報告所訂明的發現後進 行跟進審閱。最終報告將於跟進程序 完成後發表。

報告及推薦建議已向董事會呈交,並按推 薦建議採取跟進行動,將由董事會監察。

審核委員會已檢討本公司會計及財務報告 職能之資源、員工之資格及經驗、員工培 訓及預算是否充足。

董事會對風險管理之確認

基於上文各段所述之風險管理機制及內部 監控檢討,董事會認為,本公司於截至二 零二四年六月三十日止財政年度已維持有 效的風險管理機制及內部監控系統。

舉報政策

董事會採納一項舉報政策,以(i)於本集團 內培養合規、道德行為及良好企業管治的 文化;及(ii)宣傳道德行為的重要性,並鼓 爆舉報政策收到的所有投訴均及時向審核 委員會主席或本集團之指定人士報告,以 確保問責及透明度。審核委員會將繼續監 察及評估舉報政策的有效性。

ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICY

The Board adopted an anti-corruption policy to achieve the highest standards of integrity and ethical behaviour in conducting business. The anti-corruption policy outlines specific guidelines that must be adhered to by all Directors and employees of the Group and third parties dealing with the Group to effectively combat corruption. It demonstrates the Group's commitment to the practice of ethical business conduct and the compliance of the anti-corruption laws and regulations that apply to its operations. The anti-corruption policy is reviewed and updated periodically to align with the applicable laws and regulations as well as the industry best practice.

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is Mr. Lo Tai On who has been engaged and appointed by the Company from an external secretarial services provider.

The primary contact persons with the Company Secretary are Mr. Wong Po Keung, an Executive Director and the financial controller of the Company, and Ms. Leung Siu Hing, a senior officer of the Company. The Company Secretary has duly complied with the relevant training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the consolidated financial statements for each financial year which give true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group in presenting the interim and annual consolidated financial statements and announcements to the Shareholders. The Directors aim to present a clear and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects. The Board acknowledges its responsibility to present a clear and understandable assessment in the Company's annual and interim reports, other inside information announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules and to report to the regulators.

The responsibility of the external auditor with respect to the financial reporting and its audit opinion are set out in the section "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 76 to 80.

REMUNERATION OF THE AUDITOR

For the year, the remuneration in respect of audit services provided by auditor of the Company, ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited, was HK\$980,000.

反貪污政策

董事會採納一項反貪污政策,以在經營業務時達致最高標準的誠信及道德操守。反貪污政策概述本集團所有董事及僱員守及與有交易往來之第宣方必須遵守之具間,藉以有效打擊貪污。該政策表明道德業務操守的慣例以及遵守通常於其業務經營之反貪污法律法規的適開於其實方政策會定期予以檢討及更新,以符合適用法律法規以及行業最佳慣例。

公司秘書

本公司向外聘秘書服務供應商聘用及委任 公司秘書羅泰安先生。

與公司秘書的主要聯絡人為黃保強先生(執 行董事及本公司財務總監)及梁笑卿女士 (本公司一名高級職員)。公司秘書已適當 遵守上市規則第3.29條有關培訓之規定。

問責及審核

董事確認彼等有責任就每個財政年度編製 真實公平反映本集團事務的綜合財務報 表,並向股東呈報中期及年度綜合財務報 表以及公佈。董事旨在提呈清晰易明的本 集團現況及前景評估。董事會確認其有責 任根據上市規則之規定於本公司的年度及 中期報告、其他內幕消息公佈及其他財務 擴作出清晰易明之評估並呈交予監管機 構。

有關外聘核數師的財務匯報責任以及其審 核意見載於第76至80頁的「獨立核數師報 告」。

核數師酬金

就本年度,本公司核數師中匯安達會計師 事務所有限公司提供審計服務的酬金為 980,000港元。 The non-audit service provided by auditor of the Company is detailed as follows:

本公司核數師提供的非審計服務的詳情如 下:

HK\$210.000

210,000港元

HK\$50.000

50,000港元

HK\$435,000

435,000港元

Review service for the interim result for the	就截至二零二三年十二月三十一日
six months ended 31 December 2023	止六個月的中期業績的審閱服務
Review on internal control systems over Anti-Money	審視反洗黑錢及反恐融資的內部監
Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing	控系統
Tax services and others	税務服務及其他

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Board recognizes the importance of good communications with shareholders and investors, and the shareholders communication policy of the Company is reviewed on an annual basis to ensure its continued effectiveness. The objective of shareholder communication is to provide shareholders with detailed information about the Company so that they can exercise their rights as shareholders in an informed manner. The Company establishes various communication channels with its shareholders and investors and employs a range of communication tools to ensure its shareholders are kept well informed of key business imperatives. These include general meetings, interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars. The Company believes that the annual general meeting is one of the principal channels for shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The Board welcomes shareholders to express their opinions at the annual general meeting. Directors and external auditor attend the annual general meeting to address shareholders' gueries. Separate resolutions are proposed at general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the re-election of individual Directors. The notice of the meeting, the annual report and the circular containing information on the proposed resolutions are sent to shareholders before the meeting in accordance to the listing rules and the articles of association of the Company. Procedure for voting by poll had been read out at the general meetings. All votes of the shareholders were taken by poll. The Company announced results of the poll in the manner prescribed under the Listing Rules.

The Group also fully recognises the importance of employing a professional, truthful and proactive attitude in promoting investor relations. This underscores the Group's persistence in maintaining optimum all round communications with investors, allowing it to collect information and valuable feedbacks from investors and announce its business strategy and direction in due course. These efforts are critical for the Group to improve its corporate governance and strengthen investor confidence.

股東通訊及投資者關係

董事會明瞭與股東及投資者有良好溝通之 重要性,所以每年均檢討本公司之股東溝 通政策,以確保本政策行之有效。股東通 訊之目的為向股東提供有關本公司之詳細 資料,以使彼等在知情情況下行使作為股 東之權利。本公司為股東及投資者建立不 同的溝通渠道,並運用一系列通訊工具以 確保股東獲知重要業務動向,其中包括股 東大會、中期及年度報告、公佈及通函。 本公司認為,股東週年大會為股東提供與 董事會交流意見之主要渠道之一。董事會 歡迎各股東於股東週年大會上發表彼等意 見。董事及外聘核數師皆出席股東週年大 會,以回應股東提問。股東大會上就各項 重要獨立之事宜提呈獨立決議案,包括重 選個別董事。大會通告、年報及載有擬提 呈決議案有關資料之通函皆根據上市規則 及本公司的組織章程細則向股東分發。投 票表決程序已於股東大會上宣讀。股東之 所有表決已按投票表決方式進行。本公司 已按上市規則規定之方式公佈投票表決結 里。

本集團亦深明以專業、坦誠並適時主動之 態度,乃推動投資者關係之重要因素。因 此,本集團致力與投資者保持充分及良好 之溝通,以便從投資者收集訊息及寶貴意 見,並在適當時候公佈集團之業務策略及 發展方向,期望在企業管治上力臻完善, 增強投資者信心。
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

During the year, an annual general meeting of the Company was held on 4 December 2023 (the "2023 AGM") and an extraordinary general meeting to approve share consolidation of the Company was held on 5 April 2024 (the "EGM"). Notices convening the 2023 AGM and EGM contained in a circular dated 18 October 2023 and a circular dated 13 March 2024 respectively were dispatched to the Shareholders.

Another extraordinary general meeting of the Company was held on 5 July 2024 to approve refreshment of general mandate of the Company. A notice convening the extraordinary general meeting was despatched to the Shareholders together with a circular dated 31 May 2024.

The attendance of 2023 AGM and EGM held during the year of each Director is set out below:

年內,本公司曾於二零二三年十二月四日 舉行股東週年大會(「二零二三年股東週年 大會」)及於二零二四年四月五日舉行股東 司股份合併。召開二零二三年股東週年大 會及該股東特別大會之通告分別載於日期 為二零二三年十月十八日之通函及日期為 二零二四年三月十三日之通函,並已寄發 予股東。

本公司曾於二零二四年七月五日舉行另一次股東特別大會,以批准更新本公司之一 般授權。召開股東特別大會之通告已連同 日期為二零二四年五月三十一日之通函寄 發予股東。

各董事出席年內舉行之二零二三年股東週 年大會及該股東特別大會的情況載列如下:

			Attendance at 出席情況			
Name of Directors			2023 AGM	EGM		
董事姓名			二零二三年 股東週年大會	該股東特別大會		
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang	楊智恒先生		\checkmark	1		
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi	梁廣才先生		\checkmark	\checkmark		
Mr. Wong Po Keung	黃保強先生		\checkmark	\checkmark		
Mr. Chung Siu Wah	鍾少樺先生		\checkmark	\checkmark		
Mr. Chik To Pan	戚道斌先生		\checkmark	\checkmark		
Mr. Liu Yafei##	劉亞非先生##		—	—		
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生		\checkmark	_		
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生		—	_		
Mr. Lee Chi Ho [#]	李智豪先生#		—	\checkmark		
Mr. Ong Chi King*	王子敬先生*		—			
* resigned on 25 September 2023.		*	於二零二三年九月二			
appointed on 5 December 2023.appointed on 2 August 2024.		#	於二零二三年十二月 於二零二四年八月二			

The forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company will be held on 3 December 2024 (the "2024 AGM"). A notice convening 2024 AGM will be published on the websites of the Stock Exchange, the Singapore Stock Exchange and the Company and dispatched together with the 2024 Annual Report to the Shareholders as soon as practicable in accordance with the Article of Association and the CG Code.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the Shareholders and the Board. An annual general meeting of the Company shall be held in each year at such place as may be determined by the Board. Each general meeting, other than an annual general meeting, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM"). Set out below are procedures by which Shareholders may (a) convene an EGM; (b) put forward enquires to the Board; and (c) put forward proposals at general meetings. The procedures are subject to the Articles of Association and applicable legislation and regulation.

Procedures for Shareholders to convene EGM

Any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary, to require an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition.

The written requisition must state the business to be transacted at the meeting, signed by the requisitionist(s) and deposited at the Company's registered office (with a copy of the said written requisition deposited at the Company's Hong Kong office) for the attention of the Board or the Company Secretary, and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists. The requisition will be verified with the Company's branch share registrars in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the requisition is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board to convene an EGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the requirements under the Articles of Association to all the registered Shareholders. 本公司將於二零二四年十二月三日舉行應 屆股東週年大會(「二零二四年股東週年大 會」)。召開二零二四年股東週年大會之通 告將根據組織章程細則及企業管治守則在 切實可行情況下盡快刊登在聯交所、新加 坡證券交易所及本公司網站以及隨同二零 二四年年報一併寄發予股東。

股東的權利

本公司股東大會為股東與董事會提供一個 溝通的機會。本公司每年在董事會可能釐 定的地點舉行股東週年大會。股東週年大 會(「股東特別大會」)。以下載列股東寸(a) 召開股東特別大會」)。以下載列股東可(a) 召開股東特別大會:(b)向董事會提出查 詢:及(c)於股東大會上提出建議的程序。 程序受組織章程細則及適用法律及法規所 規限。

- 股東召開股東特別大會的程序

任何一位或以上於遞交要求當日持有 不少於有權於本公司股東大會上投票 之本公司繳足股本十分之一的股東, 有權隨時透過向董事會或公司秘書發 出書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特 別大會以處理要求中列明的任何事 務;而相關會議將於遞交相關要求後 兩個月內舉行。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

If within twenty-one days from the date of the deposit of the requisition the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s), may convene a meeting in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

On the contrary, if the requisition has been verified as invalid, the requisitionist(s) will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, an EGM will not be convened as requested.

The notice period to be given to all the registered Shareholders for consideration of the proposal raised by the requisitionist(s) concerned at the EGM varies according to the nature of the proposal, as follows:

- Not less than 14 clear days' and not less than 10 clear business days' notice in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the Company; and
- Not less than 21 clear days' and not less than 10 clear business days' notice in writing if the proposal constitutes a special resolution of the Company.

- Procedures for putting enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may, at any time, direct enquiries to the Board.

All enquiries shall be in writing and sent by post to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong or by email to info@cergroup.com.hk for the attention of the Board.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at general meetings

To put forward proposals at a general meeting of the Company, a Shareholder should lodge a written request, duly signed by the Shareholder concerned, setting out the proposals at the Company's registered office (with a copy of the said written request lodged at the Company's Hong Kong office) for the attention of the Board and the Company Secretary. The request will be verified with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon its confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Company Secretary will pass the request to the Board. 如董事會在該要求遞交日期起計 二十一天內未有妥為安排召開會議, 則該等請求人可以同樣方式召開會 議,請求人因董事會未能安排會議產 生的所有合理費用應由本公司退還請 求人。

相反,倘若要求核實為無效,則請求 人將會獲通知此結果,而股東特別大 會亦因而不會按要求召開。

向全體登記股東發出通知以供彼等考 慮請求人於股東特別大會上所提呈建 議的通知期因建議的性質而異,載列 如下:

- 倘建議構成本公司一項普通決 議案,則不少於14個足日及不 少於10個足營業日書面通知; 及
- 倘建議構成本公司一項特別決 議案,則不少於21個足日及不 少於10個足營業日書面通知。

- 向董事會提出查詢的程序

股東可隨時向董事會提出直接查詢。

所有查詢須以書面作出,並郵寄往本 公司的香港主要營業地點或以電郵發 送至info@cergroup.com.hk,註明董 事會收。

- 在股東大會提出建議的程序

如欲在本公司股東大會提出建議,股 東應送交書面要求,其由有關股東妥 為簽署,載列有關建議,並交回本公 司的副本送交本公司的香港辦事處(連同上述書面要求), 註明董會及公司秘書收。本公司 新聞股份過戶登記分處會核實有關要 求,於其確認要求屬妥善及有效後, 公司秘書會將要求交給董事會。 Whether a proposal will be put to a general meeting will be decided by the Board in its discretion, unless the proposal put forward by a Shareholder is (i) pursuant to a requisition by a Shareholder to convene an EGM referred to above or (ii) forms part of ordinary business to be considered at an annual general meeting as described in Article 75 of the Articles of Association.

The procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as Director are posted on the Company's website at http://www.cergroup.com.hk. 建議會否提呈股東大會,將由董事會 酌情決定,除非股東提出的建議(i)乃 根據上述股東請求召開股東特別大會 而作出或(ii)構成組織章程細則第75條 內所述在股東週年大會上考慮的普通 事務的一部分,則作別論。

股東提名他人參選董事的程序載於本公司 網站http://www.cergroup.com.hk。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



CHINA ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES GROUP LIMITED 中國環境資源集團有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Environmental Resources Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 81 to 171, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致中國環境資源集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

吾等已審核第81至171頁所載中國環境資源 集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(合 稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,包括於二零 二四年六月三十日的綜合財務狀況表與截 至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益 表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表, 以及包括重大會計政策資料的綜合財務報 表附註。

吾等認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實中 肯反映 貴集團於二零二四年六月三十日 的綜合財務狀況,及其截至該日止年度的 綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照 香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

意見基準

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈之香港審 計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。吾等 於該等準則下之責任,已於吾等的報告中 「核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的最 任」一節中進一步表述。根據香港會計師公 會頒佈之專業會計師道德守則(「守則」), 吾等獨立於 貴集團,並已根據守則履行 吾等之其他道德責任。吾等相信所取得之 審核憑證能充份及適當地為吾等的意見提 供基準。

MATERIAL UNCERTAINTY RELATED TO GOING CONCERN

We draw attention to note 2 to the consolidated financial statements which mentions that the Group incurred a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$67,660,000 and operating cash outflow of approximately HK\$23,009,000 for the year ended 30 June 2024. These conditions indicate a material uncertainty which may cast doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

(I) Investment properties and biological assets

Refer to notes 19, 20 and 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group measured its investment properties including those grouped in assets classified as held for sale, and biological assets at fair value and fair value less costs to sell, respectively, with the changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. These fair value measurements are significant to our audit because the balances of investment properties including those grouped in assets classified as held for sale of approximately HK\$240,498,000 as at 30 June 2024 and the corresponding fair value loss of approximately HK\$17,294,000 for the year then ended, and biological assets of approximately HK\$190,958,000 as at 30 June 2024 and the corresponding loss from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets of approximately HK\$38,595,000 for the year then ended are material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's fair value measurements involve application of judgements and are based on assumptions and estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

 Assessing the competence, independence and integrity of the external valuers engaged by the Group;

有關持續經營的重大不確定因素

吾等提呈 閣下垂注綜合財務報表附註2, 其中指出 貴集團於截至二零二四年六月 三十日止年度產生 貴公司擁有人應佔虧 損約67,660,000港元,以及經營現金流出約 23,009,000港元。此等狀況表示存在重大 不確定因素,或會對 貴集團持續經營之 能力構成疑問。吾等之意見並無就此作出 修訂。

主要審核事項

主要審核事項是指根據吾等的專業判斷, 對吾等審核本期間綜合財務報表最為重要 的事項。此等事項已於吾等整體審核綜合 財務報表時,以及就達致吾等之意見時處 理,而吾等不會就此等事項提供獨立意 見。除有關持續經營的重大不確定因素一 節所述的事宜外,吾等已釐定下述之事 項,為將於吾等之報告中交代之主要審核 事項。

(I) 投資物業及生物資產

謹此提述綜合財務報表附註19、20及 23。

貴集團分別以公允值及公允值減出售 成本計量其投資物業(包括該等於分 類為持作出售資產組別者)及生物資 產,而公允值之變動於損益中確認。 該等公允值計量對吾等之審核有重大 影響,原因為投資物業(包括分類為持 作可供出售集團資產)於二零二四年 六月三十日之結餘約為240,498,000 港元及截至該日止年度之相應公允值 虧損約為17,294,000港元,以及於二 零二四年六月三十日之生物資產約為 190,958,000港元及截至該日止年度 之生物資產公允值變動減出售成本產 生之相應虧損約為38,595,000港元, 對 綜 合 財 務 報 表 具 重 要 性。此 外, 貴集團之公允值計量涉及運用 判斷,並基於假設及估計。

吾等的審核程序包括(其中包括):

一評估 貴集團委聘的外部估值
 師的能力、獨立性及誠信;

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

- Obtaining the external valuation reports and meeting with the external valuers to discuss and challenge the valuation process, methodologies used and market evidence to support significant judgements and assumptions applied in the valuation models;
- Checking key assumptions and input data in the valuation models to supporting evidence;
- Checking arithmetical accuracy of the valuation models; and
- Assessing the disclosure of the fair value measurement in the consolidated financial statements.

We consider that the Group's fair value measurements of the investment properties and biological assets are supported by the available evidence.

(II) Intangible assets

Refer to note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group tested the amount of intangible assets for impairment. This impairment test is significant to our audit because the balance of intangible assets of approximately HK\$65,606,000 as at 30 June 2024 is material to the consolidated financial statements. In addition, the Group's impairment test involves application of judgement and is based on assumptions and estimates.

Our audit procedures included, among others:

- Evaluating the Group's impairment assessment;
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key assumptions such as discount rates;
- Obtaining and checking to evidence to support the Group's impairment assessment;
- Assessing the competence, independence and integrity of the external valuer engaged by the Group;
- Obtaining the external valuation report and meeting with the external valuer to discuss and challenge the valuation process, methodologies used and market evidence to support significant judgements and assumptions applied in the valuation model;

- 取得外部估值報告,並與外部 估值師會面,以商討估值過 程、使用的估值方法、支持重 大判斷的市場證據,以及估值 模型所應用的假設,並提出質 疑;
- 查核估值模型中的主要假設及
 輸入數據的支持證據;
- 查核估值模型的算術準確度;
 及
- 一評估綜合財務報表內公允值計 量的披露。

吾等認為 貴集團對投資物業及生物 資產的公允值計量獲現有證據所支 持。

(II) 無形資產

謹此提述綜合財務報表附註21。

貴集團已對無形資產金額進行減值測 試。此減值測試對吾等之審核有重大 影響,原因是於二零二四年六月三十 日,無形資產的結餘約為65,606,000 港元,對綜合財務報表具重要性。此 外,貴集團減值測試涉及運用判 斷,並基於假設及估計。

吾等的審核程序包括(其中包括):

- 一 評價 貴集團之減值評估;
- 評估主要假設(如貼現率)的合 理性;
- 取得支持 貴集團減值評估之
 證據並對此進行查核;
- 一 評核 貴集團委聘的外部估值
 師的能力、獨立性及誠信;
- 取得外部估值報告,並與外部 估值師會面,以商討估值過 程、使用的估值方法、支持重 大判斷的市場證據,以及估值 模型所應用的假設,並提出質 疑;

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

- Checking arithmetical accuracy of the valuation model; and
- Checking key assumptions and input data in the valuation model to supporting evidence.

We consider that the Group's impairment test for intangible assets is supported by the available evidence.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The other information is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

- 查核估值模型的算術準確度;
 及
- 查核估值模型中的主要假設及 輸入數據的支持證據。

吾等認為 貴集團的無形資產減值測 試獲現有證據所支持。

其他資料

董事對其他資料負有責任。其他資料包括 貴公司年報內的所有資料,但不包括 綜合財務報表及吾等核數師報告。其他資 料預期於本核數師報告日期後提供予吾等。

吾等對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 資料,而吾等將不就其表達任何形式的保 證結論。

就吾等對綜合財務報表之審核而言,吾等 的責任為於可取得上文所識別的其他資料 時閱讀該等資料,從而考慮其他資料是否 與綜合財務報表或吾等於審核時所知者存 在重大不一致,或可能存在重大失實陳述。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披 露規定,編製及真實中肯列報綜合財務報 表,以及進行董事認為必要的內部監控, 以確保所編製的綜合財務報表並無因欺詐 或錯誤而引致的重大失實陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評 核 貴集團持續經營的能力,並於適當情 況下披露與持續經營相關的事項,及使用 持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 對 貴集團進行清盤或停止營運,或別無 其他實際的替代方案。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements is located at the HKICPA's website at:

https://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/Standards-setting/Standards/ Our-views/auditre

This description forms part of our auditor's report.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

有關吾等就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任之進一步概述,請瀏覽香港會計師公會 網頁:

https://www.hkicpa.org.hk/en/Standardssetting/Standards/Our-views/auditre

這概述組成吾等核數師報告之一部分。

ZHONGHUI ANDA CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants **Tse Kit Yan** *Audit Engagement Director* Practising Certificate Number P08158

Hong Kong, 30 September 2024

中匯安達會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

謝傑仁 *審核項目董事* 執業牌照號碼P08158

香港,二零二四年九月三十日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

			2024	2023
		A lata a	二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes 附註	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
D	16 社			
Revenue Cost of sales	收益 銷售成本	8	82,817 (65,093)	84,414 (69,353)
Gross profit	毛利 其他收入、收益及虧損	10	17,724 1,925	15,061 11,538
Other income, gains and losses Administrative and operating	兵他收入、收益反虧損 行政及營運開支	10	1,925	11,538
expenses	门峡风苦庄田文		(40,907)	(43,725)
Fair value loss on investment	投資物業之公允值虧損			
properties		19, 23	(17,294)	(1,918)
Loss arising from changes in fair	生物資產公允值變動減			
value less costs to sell of biological assets	出售成本產生之虧損	20	(38,595)	(16,556)
Net gain on fair value changes in	按公允值計入損益之投	20	(50,555)	(10,000)
investments at fair value through	資之公允值變動之收			
profit or loss	益淨額		1,589	512
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之 虧損		_	(15)
Reversal of provision for impairment				(1)
loss of right-of-use assets	回撥備	18	—	3,595
Provision for impairment loss of	應收款項減值虧損撥備			
receivables		25, 26	(319)	(4,493)
Loss from operations	經營虧損		(75,877)	(36,001)
Finance costs	融資成本	11	(6,801)	(4,133)
Loss before tax	除税前虧損		(82,678)	(40,134)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	12	10,594	4,934
Loss for the year	年度虧損	13	(72,084)	(35,200)
Other comprehensive loss after tax:	除税後其他全面虧損:			
Items that may be reclassified to	可能重新分類至損益之			
profit or loss:	項目:			
Exchange differences on translation	換算海外業務之匯兑			
of foreign operations	差額		(1,180)	(24,941)
Release of translation reserve upon disposal of a foreign subsidiary	於出售一間海外附屬 公司後解除匯兑儲備		_	(8)
Other comprehensive	年內其他全面虧損			
loss for the year, net of tax	(除税後)		(1,180)	(24,949)
Total comprehensive	年度全面虧損總額			/
loss for the year			(73,264)	(60,149)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Loss for the year attributable to:	下列人士應佔年度虧損:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(67,660)	(35,065)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(4,424)	(135)
			(72,084)	(35,200)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:	下列人士應佔年度全面 虧損總額:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		(68,824)	(59,312)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		(4,440)	(837)
			(73,264)	(60,149)
Loss per share	每股虧損	15		(Restated) (經重列)
Basic (HK cents per share)	基本(每股港仙)		(16)	(9)
Diluted (HK cents per share)	攤薄(每股港仙)		(16)	(9)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2024 於二零二四年六月三十日

			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	17	772	1,583
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	18	5,132	5,054
Investment properties	投資物業	19	190,000	191,900
Biological assets	生物資產	20	190,958	230,481
Intangible assets	無形資產	21	65,606	70,508
Goodwill	商譽	22	1,087	1,087
Loans receivable	應收貸款	26	161	517
Finance lease receivables	應收融資租賃款項	27	37,340	36,747
Investments at fair value through	按公允值計入損益之		57,510	
profit or loss	投資	28	_	18,908
			491,056	556,785
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	24	29,549	33,445
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收			
	款項	25	43,867	37,660
Loans receivable	應收貸款	26	7,539	7,318
Investments at fair value through	按公允值計入損益之			
profit or loss	投資	28	5,032	725
Refundable secured deposit	可退還已抵押按金	29	11,000	11,000
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金		22,631	5,531
			119,618	95,679
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售之資產	23	50,724	66,228
			170,342	161,907
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付			
	款項	30	26,931	30,063
Contract liabilities	合約負債		4,347	2,637
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	31	2,826	1,205
Borrowings	借款	32	82,333	74,148
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	32	2,508	_
Current tax liabilities	即期税項負債		781	642
			119,726	108,695
Liabilities associated with assets	與分類為持作出售之資			
classified as held for sale	產相關之負債	23	11,041	10,195
			130,767	118,890
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		39,575	43,017
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總額減流動負債		530,631	599,802
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	31	47,592	48,359
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	33	64,017	75,123
		_	111,609	123,482
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		419,022	476,320

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 30 June 2024 於二零二四年六月三十日

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Capital and reserves Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	34	48,877 361,067	40,731 422,249
Equity attributable to owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司擁有人應佔權益 非控股權益		409,944 9,078	462,980 13,340
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		419,022	476,320

The consolidated financial statements on pages 81 to 171 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 於二零二四年九月三十日批准及授權刊 30 September 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

第81至171頁所載綜合財務報表乃經董事會 發,並由以下董事代表董事會簽署:

Yeung Chi Hang 楊智恒 Director 董事

Leung Kwong Choi 梁廣才 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

				Attrib	utable to ow	ners of the Con	npany				
					本公司	瘫有人應佔					
		Share capital	Share premium account	Statutory reserve	Capital reserve	Share-based compensation reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total
			股份			股份	外匯兑换				
		股本	溢價賬	法定儲備	股本儲備	酬金儲備	儲備	累計虧損	總額	非控股權益	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年 七月一日	40,731	1,210,501	5,407	76	12,630	49,520	(794,669)	524,196	12,273	536,469
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	_	_	_	_	_	(24,247)	(35,065)	(59,312)	(837)	(60,149)
Purchase of non- controlling interests (note 37(a))	購買非控股權益 <i>(附註37(a))</i>	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,904)	(1,904)	1,904	_
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年 六月三十日	40,731	1,210,501	5,407	76	12,630	25,273	(831,638)	462,980	13,340	476,320
At 1 July 2023	於二零二三年 七月一日	40,731	1,210,501	5,407	76	12,630	25,273	(831,638)	462,980	13,340	476,320
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	_	_	_	_	_	(1,164)	(67,660)	(68,824)	(4,440)	(73,264)
Placing of new shares (note 34(a))	配售新股 <i>(附註34(a))</i>	8,146	7,820	_	-	_	_	_	15,966	_	15,966
Share options lapsed	已失效之購股權	-	-	-	-	(3,293)	-	3,293	-	-	-
Purchase of non- controlling interests (note 37(a))	購買非控股權益 <i>(附註37(a))</i>	_	_	_	_	_	_	(178)	(178)	178	_
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年 六月三十日	48,877	1,218,321	5,407	76	9,337	24,109	(896,183)	409,944	9,078	419,022

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	來自經營活動的 現金流量		
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(82,678)	(40,134)
Adjustments for:	已就下列各項調整:		
Finance costs	融資成本	6,801	4,133
Depreciation	折舊	2,521	5,650
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	4,556	4,742
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備之收益	(456)	(3,601)
Fair value loss on investment properties	投資物業之公允值 虧損	17,294	1,918
Loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets	生物資產公允值變動 減出售成本產生之 虧損	38,595	16,556
Net gain on fair value changes in investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益之 投資之公允值變動 之收益淨額	(1,589)	(512)
Gain on waiver of other payables	其他應付款項寬免 收益	_	(5,857)
Loss on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之 虧損	_	15
Gain on early termination of leases	提早終止租約之收益	(31)	_
Reversal of provision for impairment loss of right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損 撥備撥回	_	(3,595)
Provision for impairment loss of receivables	應收款項減值虧損 撥備	319	4,493
Operating loss before working capital changes	營運資金變動前之經營 虧損	(14,668)	(16,192)
Change in inventories	存貨變動	3,896	(3,815)
Change in trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收 款項變動	(6,526)	7,201
Change in loans receivable	應收貸款變動	135	8
Change in investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益之 投資變動	(3,255)	_
Change in finance lease receivables	應收融資租賃款項 變動	(2,017)	(74)
Change in trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付 款項變動	(2,240)	4,462
Change in contract liabilities	合約負債變動	1,710	(2,225)
Cash used in operations	經營所用現金	(22,965)	(10,635)
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(44)	(1,770)
Income tax refunded	已退回所得税	—	1,649
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所用現金淨額	(23,009)	(10,756)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	來自投資活動的 現金流量		
Receipt of deposit for disposal of assets classified as held for sale	收取出售分類為持作出 售之資產之按金	_	11,800
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備 之所得款項	1,709	1,134
Proceeds from surrender of investments at fair value through profit or loss	交出按公允值計入損益 之投資之所得款項	19,445	_
Acquisition of intangible assets	收購無形資產	—	(498
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備	(323)	(2,181
Net cash outflow from disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司之現 金流出淨額	_	(30
Net cash generated from investing activities	投資活動所得現金淨額	20,831	10,225
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	來自融資活動的現金 流量		
Borrowings raised	已籌集借款	32,200	14,570
Repayment of borrowings	償還借款	(23,999)	(8,615
Repayment of lease liabilities and interests	償還租賃負債及利息	(2,755)	(3,721
Net proceeds from the placing of new shares	配售新股所得款項淨額	15,966	
Interests paid	已付利息	(4,651)	(2,318
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用) 現金淨額	16,761	(84
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及等同現金項目 増加/(減少)淨額	14,583	(615
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動的影響	126	(40
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	年初之現金及等同現金 項目	5,640	6,295
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年終之現金及等同現金 項目	20,349	5,640
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及等同現金項目 分析		
— Bank and cash balances	- 銀行及現金結餘	22,631	5,531
— Bank overdrafts	— 銀行透支	(2,508)	
 Bank and cash balances classified as held for sale 	 一 分類為持作出售之 銀行及現金結餘 	226	109
		20,349	5,640

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

China Environmental Resources Group Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Ugland House, PO Box 309, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is Room 2608, 26/F., Greenfield Tower, Concordia Plaza, No.1 Science Museum Road, Tsim Sha Tsui East, Kowloon, Hong Kong. The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and Singapore Exchange Limited.

During the year, the Company's principal activity is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 41 to the consolidated financial statements. The Company and its subsidiaries hereinafter are collectively referred to as the "Group".

2. GOING CONCERN BASIS

The Group incurred a loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$67,660,000 and operating cash outflow of approximately HK\$23,009,000 for the year ended 30 June 2024. These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The directors have been undertaking the following plans and measures to improve the Group's liquidity and financial position:

- (i) An executive director who is also the chairman, chief executive officer and substantial shareholder of the Company has undertaken to provide adequate funds to enable the Group to meet its liabilities and to settle financial obligations to third parties as and when they fall due, so that the Group can continue as a going concern and carry on its business without a significant curtailment of operations for the next twelve months from 30 June 2024;
- (ii) The Group shall continue to implement measures aiming at improving the working capital and cash flows of the Group, including but not limited to the implementation of cost-saving measures to maintain adequate cash flows for the Group's operations; and

1. 一般資料

中國環境資源集團有限公司(「本公司」)是於開曼群島註冊成立的有限責任公司。其註冊辦事處位於Ugland House, PO Box 309, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands,主要營 業地點位於香港九龍尖東科學館道一 號康宏廣場南座26樓2608室。本公司 股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)主板及新加坡交易所有限公司 上市。

年內,本公司的主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司之主要業務載列於綜 合財務報表附註41。本公司及其附屬 公司此後統稱為「本集團」。

2. 持續經營基準

本集團於截至二零二四年六月三十日 止年度產生本公司擁有人應佔虧損約 67,660,000港元及經營現金流出約 23,009,000港元。此等狀況表示存在 重大不確定因素,或會對本集團持續 經營之能力構成重大疑問。因此,本 集團或無法於正常業務過程中變現其 資產及解除其負債。

董事一直執行以下計劃及措施,以改 善本集團之流動性及財務狀況:

- (i) 一名執行董事(同時為本公司主席、行政總裁及主要股東)已承諾將提供足夠資金以確保本集團足以於到期時償還其負債及向第三方結付財務債務,使本集團可自二零二四年六月三十日起計未來十二個月在並無顯著營運縮減下作持續經營及經營其業務;
- (ii) 本集團將繼續實施措施,旨在 改善本集團之營運資金及現金 流量,包括但不限於實施節約 成本之措施,為本集團之營運 維持充足現金流量;及

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

2. GOING CONCERN BASIS (CONTINUED)

(iii) The directors have carried out a detailed review of the cash flow forecast of the Group prepared by the management of the Company covered a period of not less than twelve months from 30 June 2024, after taking into account the impact of the above-mentioned plans and measures. Accordingly, the directors believe that the Group will have sufficient cash resources to satisfy its future working capital and other financing requirements as and when they fall due in the next twelve months from 30 June 2024.

The directors of the Company are therefore of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis. Should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to the consolidated financial statements to adjust the value of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and liabilities as current assets and liabilities, respectively.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

In the current year, the Group has adopted all the new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") that are relevant to its operations and effective for its accounting year beginning on 1 July 2023. HKFRSs comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"), Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"), and Interpretations. The adoption of these new and revised HKFRSs did not result in significant changes to the Group's accounting policies, presentation of the Group's consolidated financial statements and amounts reported for the current year and prior years.

The Group has not applied the new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The application of these new and revised HKFRSs will not have material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

2. 持續經營基準(續)

(iii) 經考慮上述計劃及措施之影響後,董事已對本集團之現金流量預測(由本公司管理層編製,涵蓋自二零二四年六月三十日起計不少於十二個月期間)進行詳盡審閱。因此,董事相信本集團將有充足現金資源以滿足其未來營運資金與自二零二四年六月三十日起計未來十二個月到期之其他融資需求。

本公司董事因而認為,按持續經營基 準編製綜合財務報表實屬恰當。倘本 集團無法持續經營,屆時會對綜合財 務報表作出調整,以將本集團資產價 值調整至其可收回金額,並就可能產 生之任何進一步負債作出撥備,以及 將非流動資產及負債分別重新分類為 流動資產及負債。

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則

本集團尚未應用已頒佈但未生效之新 訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。應用 該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 將不會對本集團綜合財務報表造成重 大影響。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of biological assets, which are carried at their fair values less costs to sell, and investment properties and investments at fair value through profit or loss, which are carried at their fair values. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain key assumptions and estimates. It also requires the directors of the Company to exercise their judgements in the process of applying the accounting policies. The areas involving critical judgements and areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to these consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in note 5.

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below.

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 30 June. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties, to determine whether it has control. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

4. 重大會計政策

合規聲明

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會 所頒佈之香港財務報告準則、香港公 認會計原則及香港聯合交易所有限公 司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)及香港 公司條例所規定之適用披露編製。

綜合財務報表已根據歷史成本慣例編 製,並經生物資產之重新估值(按公 允值減出售成本列值),以及投資物 業及按公允值計入損益之投資(兩者 均按公允值列值)作出調整。綜合財 務報表乃按港元(「港元」)呈列,除另 有指明外,所有數值均湊整至最接近 千位數。

為遵守香港財務報告準則,編製綜合 財務報表時須使用若干主要假設及估 計,亦要求本公司董事於應用會計政 策之過程中作出判斷。涉及重大判斷 之範疇及有關涉及假設及估計對此等 綜合財務報表而言屬重大之範疇,於 附註5中披露。

已於編製綜合財務報表時應用之重大 會計政策列載如下。

綜合入賬

在評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其潛 在投票權以及其他人士持有的潛在投 票權,以釐定其是否擁有控制權。在 持有人能實際行使潛在投票權的情況 下,方會考慮其權利。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Consolidation (Continued)

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill relating to that subsidiary and any related accumulated foreign currency translation reserve.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the non-controlling shareholders and owners of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

綜合入賬(續)

附屬公司在控制權轉移至本集團之日 起綜合入賬,而在控制權終止之日起 停止綜合入賬。

引致喪失控制權的附屬公司出售所產 生的收益或虧損指以下兩項的差額: (i)銷售代價公允值加該附屬公司所保 留的任何投資的公允值及(ii)本公司分 佔該附屬公司資產淨值加與該附屬公 司有關的任何商譽餘額及任何相關的 累計外匯兑換儲備。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及未變現 溢利均予以對銷。除非交易提供憑證 顯示所轉讓資產出現減值,否則未變 現虧損亦予以對銷。附屬公司之會計 政策於必要時已作出變動,以確保符 合本集團採納之政策。

非控股權益指並非本公司直接或間接 應佔之附屬公司權益。非控股權益於 綜合財務狀況表及綜合權益變動表之 權益內列賬。於綜合損益及其他全面 收益表內,非控股權益呈列為本年度 溢利或虧損及全面收益總額在本公司 非控股股東與擁有人之間的分配。

即使導致非控股權益結餘出現虧絀, 溢利或虧損及其他全面收益各項目乃 歸屬於本公司擁有人及非控股股東。

本公司於附屬公司之所有權權益之變動 (不會導致失去控制權)作為股本交 易入賬(即與擁有人以彼等之擁有人 身份進行交易)。控股及非控股權 之賬面值經調整以反映其於附屬公司 相關權益之變動。非控股權益被調整 之金額與已付或已收代價公允值之間 之任何差額須直接於權益內確認並歸 屬於本公司擁有人。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Business combination and goodwill

The acquisition method is used to account for the acquisition of a subsidiary in a business combination. The cost of acquisition is measured at the acquisition-date fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued, liabilities incurred and contingent consideration. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received. Identifiable assets and liabilities of the subsidiary in the acquisition are measured at their acquisition-date fair values.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition is recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase which is attributed to the Company.

In a business combination achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary is remeasured at its acquisition-date fair value and the resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is added to the cost of acquisition to calculate the goodwill.

If the changes in the value of the previously held equity interest in the subsidiary were recognised in other comprehensive income (for example, equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income), the amount that was recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised on the same basis as would be required if the previously held equity interest were disposed of.

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that it might be impaired. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The method of measuring impairment losses of goodwill is the same as that of "impairment of assets" as stated in the accounting policy below. Impairment losses of goodwill are recognised in consolidated profit or loss and are not subsequently reversed. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units ("CGU") that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition for the purpose of impairment testing.

The non-controlling interests in the subsidiary are initially measured at the non-controlling shareholders' proportionate share of the net fair value of the subsidiary's identifiable assets and liabilities at the acquisition date.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

業務合併及商譽

於業務合併中收購附屬公司乃按收購 會計法處理。收購成本按於收購當日 所交付資產、所發行股本工具、所產 生負債及或然代價之公允值計算。與 收購有關之成本於產生成本及獲得服 務之期間確認為開支。所收購附屬公 司之可識別資產及負債按收購當日之 公允值計量。

收購成本超出本公司攤分附屬公司可 識別資產及負債之公允淨值之差額將 以商譽列賬。本公司攤分可識別資產 及負債之公允淨值高於收購成本之任 何差額將於損益內確認為屬本公司之 議價收購收益。

對於分階段進行之業務合併,先前已 持有之附屬公司之股權乃按其於收購 日期之公允值重新計量,而由此產生 之收益或虧損於損益內確認。公允值 會加入至收購成本以計算商譽。

倘先前已持有之附屬公司之股本權益 之價值變動已於其他全面收益內確認 (例如按公允值計入其他全面收益的 股本投資),則於其他全面收益確認 之金額乃按在先前已持有之股本權益 被出售的情況下所規定之相同基準確 認。

商譽於每年進行減值測試,或倘出現 可能減值之事宜或情況出現變動,則 會作更頻密測試。商譽乃按成本減累 計減值虧損計量。商譽減值虧損之計 量方法與「資產減值」所用者相同(如 下文會計政策所述)。商譽之減值虧 損於綜合損益確認且不會於其後撥 回。就減值測試而言,商譽會被分配 至預期受惠於收購之協同效益之現金 產生單位(「現金產生單位」)。

於附屬公司之非控股權益初步按非控 股股東於收購當日攤分附屬公司之可 識別資產及負債公允淨值之比例計 量。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional currency and presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣匯兑

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體財務報表內之項 目,均以實體經營業務之主要 經濟環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」) 計算。綜合財務報表以港元列 賬,其為本公司之功能貨幣和 呈列貨幣。

(b) 各實體財務報表內之交易及結 餘

外幣交易於首次確認時按交易 日之現行匯率折算為功能貨 幣。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及 負債按各報告期末之匯率折 算。該折算政策所產生之收益 及虧損於損益確認。

以外幣之公允值計量的非貨幣 項目,乃使用於釐定公允值當 日之匯率進行兑換。

當非貨幣項目之收益或虧損於 其他全面收益確認時,該收益 或虧損之任何匯兑組成部分於 其他全面收益中確認。當非貨 幣項目之收益或虧損於貨 確認,該收益或虧損之任何 戶組成部分於損益中確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(c) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (ii) Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case incomes and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- (iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities and of borrowings are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are recognised in consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

外幣匯兑(續)

(c) 於綜合入賬時兑換

功能貨幣有別於本公司呈列貨 幣的所有本集團實體的業績及 財務狀況乃按下列方式兑換為 本公司的呈列貨幣:

- (i) 各財務狀況表內呈列的資 產及負債乃按該財務狀況 表日期的收市匯率兑換;
- (ii) 收入及開支乃按平均匯率 兑換(除非該平均值並非 該等交易日期當時匯率的 累計影響的合理約數,在 此情況下收入及開支則按 交易日期的匯率兑換); 及
- (iii) 所有產生的匯兑差額乃於外匯兑換儲備中確認。

於綜合入賬時,兑換於海外實 體的投資淨額及借款時產生的 匯兑差額乃於外匯兑換儲備中 確認。當出售海外業務時,有 關匯兑差額乃於綜合損益內確 認為出售時的收益或虧損之一 部分。

因收購海外實體而產生的商譽 及公允值調整,乃以海外實體 之資產及負債方式處理,並以 收市匯率兑換。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their costs less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rates are as follows:

Leasehold improvements	The shorter of 20%–33% or over the remaining unexpired terms of the leases
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	19%-33%
Motor vehicles	30%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減累計折 舊及減值虧損列值。

只有當與該項目相關的日後經濟利益 可能流入本集團且該項目的成本可以 可靠地計量時,往後的成本才計入該 資產的賬面值或確認為獨立資產(視 情況而定)。所有其他維修及保養乃 於產生期間內於損益內確認。

物業、廠房及設備的折舊乃以直線 法,按於估計可使用年期內足以撇銷 其成本減其剩餘價值的比率計算。主 要年度比率如下:

租賃裝修	20%至33%或租賃之 餘下未屆滿期間 (以較短者為準)
傢具、裝置及 設備	19%至33%
汽車	30%

於各報告期末,剩餘價值、可使用年 期及折舊法均會檢討及調整(如適 合)。

出售物業、廠房及設備的收益或虧損 乃銷售所得款項淨額與有關資產的賬 面值之間的差額,並於損益內確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are measured initially at their cost including all direct costs attributable to the properties.

After initial recognition, the investment property is stated at its fair value. Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value of the investment properties are recognised in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

The gain or loss on disposal of an investment property is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the property, and is recognised in profit or loss.

Leases

The Group as lessee

Leases are recognised as right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities when the leased assets are available for use by the Group. Right-of-use assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation of right-of-use assets is calculated at rates to write off their cost over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. The principal annual rate is as follows:

Land and buildings	5%-50%
Motor vehicles	20%

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities, lease payments prepaid, initial direct costs and the restoration costs. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the lease payments discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate can be determined, or otherwise the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability.

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expenses in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Short-term leases are leases with an initial lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets are assets of value below US\$5,000.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

投資物業

投資物業指為賺取租金及/或資本增 值而持有之土地及/或樓宇。投資物 業初步按成本(包括物業應佔所有直 接成本)計量。

於初步確認後,投資物業以其公允值 列賬。投資物業之公允值變動產生之 收益或虧損於產生期間之損益內確 認。

出售投資物業之收益或虧損乃出售所 得款項淨額與該物業之賬面值兩者之 差額,並於損益內確認。

租賃

本集團作為承租人

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用時確 認為使用權資產及相應租賃負債。使 用權資產按成本減累計折舊及減值虧 損列賬。使用權資產於資產可使用年 期與租賃期間之較短者內按撇銷成本 之比率以直線基準計算折舊。主要年 度比率如下:

土地及樓宇	5%至50%
汽車	20%

使用權資產按成本計量,該成本包括 租賃負債之初始計量金額、預付租賃 付款、初始直接成本及復原成本。租 賃債債包括租賃付款以租賃內含利率 (倘該利率可釐定,否則按本集團之 增量借貸利率)貼現之淨現值。每項 租賃付款均會在負債與融資成本之間 分配。融資成本於租賃期間內於損益 扣除,以產生租賃負債剩餘結餘的固 定利率。

與短期租賃及低價值資產租賃相關的 付款於租賃期內按直線基準在損益內 確認為開支。短期租賃為初始租賃期 限為12個月或以下的租賃。低價值資 產為價值低於5,000美元的資產。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Leases (Continued)

The Group as lessor

(i) Operating leases

Leases that do not substantially transfer to the lessees all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

(ii) Finance leases

Leases that substantially transfer to the lessees all the risks and rewards of ownership of assets are accounted for as finance leases. Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recognised as receivables at the amount of the Group's net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to accounting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment in the leases.

Intangible assets

(a) Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognised separately from goodwill are initially recognised at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost).

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately. Amortisation of operating rights is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 30 years.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為出租人

(i) 經營租賃

並無將資產擁有權的所有風險 及回報絕大部分轉移至承租人 之租賃均視為經營租賃。來自 經營租賃之租金收入於相關租 期內按直線基準確認。

(ii) 融資租賃

無形資產

(a) 業務合併所購無形資產

業務合併所購並與商譽分開確 認之無形資產,於收購日期按 公允值(被視為成本)初步確認。

初步確認後,業務合併所購無 形資產按成本減累計攤銷及累 計減值虧損(如有)計量,基準 與另行收購之無形資產相同。 經營權利之攤銷以直線基準按 其估計可使用年期30年計算。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Intangible assets (Continued)

(b) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses.

Amortisation of exclusive distribution rights with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives of 30.6 years.

Vehicle registration marks with indefinite useful life is stated at cost less any impairment losses. Impairment is reviewed annually or when there is any indication that the vehicle registration mark has suffered an impairment loss.

Biological assets

A biological asset is defined as a living plant managed by the Group which is involved in the agricultural activity of the transformation of biological assets for sale, into agricultural produce, or into additional biological assets.

Biological assets comprise standing timbers in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), which are stated at fair value less costs to sell at initial recognition and at the end of each reporting period. The gain or loss arising on initial recognition, and subsequent change in fair values less costs to sell of biological assets is recognised in profit or loss in the reporting period in which it arises. Costs to sell are the incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset, excluding finance costs and taxes. Standing timber is transferred to inventory at its fair value less costs to sell at the date of harvest.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

無形資產(續)

(b) 另行收購之無形資產

本集團所收購之無形資產按成 本減累計攤銷(倘估計可使用年 期為有限)及減值虧損列賬。

具有有限可使用年期之獨家分銷權利攤銷於資產估計可使用 年期30.6年內以直線基準在損益中扣除。

具有無限可使用年期之汽車牌 照按成本減任何減值虧損列 賬。減值每年或當有任何跡象 顯示汽車牌照蒙受減值虧損時 進行檢討。

生物資產

生物資產指涉及將待售生物資產轉為 農產品或額外生物資產的農業活動之 本集團所管理的植物。

生物資產包括位於中華人民共和國 (「中國」)的未採伐林木,於初步確認 時及各報告期末以公允值減出售成本 列賬。初步確認所產生的損益及本物 資產公允值之其後變動減出售成本物 資產之報告期內於損益確認。出售成 本,惟不包括融資成本及税項。未採 伐林木按公允值減採伐日期之出售成 本轉為存貨。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets or disposal group are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the assets or disposal group are available for immediate sale in their present condition. The Group must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Except for investment property which is carried at its fair value, non-current assets or disposal group classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of the assets' or disposal group's previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out basis for motor vehicles and tyres. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis for recycled metals and accessories of motor vehicles other than tyres. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure, and where appropriate, subcontracting charges. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

持作出售之非流動資產

倘其賬面值將主要通過銷售交易而非 通過持續使用收回,則非流動資產或 出售集團分類為持作出售。僅當銷售 極為可能進行,且資產或出售組合可 供以其現狀即時銷售時,方會視作符 合此項條件。本集團必須承諾銷售, 其應預期將於一年內符合資格確認為 已完成銷售。

除投資物業按其公允值列賬外,分類 為持作出售之非流動資產或出售組合 按資產或出售組合之過往賬面值與公 允值減銷售成本之較低者計量。

存貨

存貨以成本與可變現淨值兩者中之較 低者列賬。就汽車及輪胎而言,成本 以先進先出基準釐定。回收金屬及汽 車配件(輪胎除外)之成本使用加權 均基準釐定。製成品及在製品之成本 包括原材料、直接勞工、適量比例之 所有日常生產費用以及分判費用(倘 適用)。可變現淨值乃根據日常業務 運作中之估計售價減估計完成成本及 估計出售所需成本計算。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets are derecognised when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the assets expire; the Group transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets; or the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets but has not retained control on the assets. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets

Financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis where the purchase or sale of an asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially recognised at fair value, plus directly attributable transaction costs except in the case of investments at fair value through profit or loss. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Financial assets of the Group are classified under the following categories:

- Financial assets at amortised cost; and
- Investments at fair value through profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

確認及終止確認金融工具

倘本集團乃工具合約條款之訂約方, 則金融資產及金融負債於綜合財務狀 況表確認。

於收取資產現金流量之已訂約權利屆 滿;本集團轉讓資產擁有權之絕大部 分風險及回報;或本集團既無轉讓 資產擁有權之絕大部分風險及 回報,但不保留資產之控制權時,終 止確認金融資產。終止確認一項金融 資產時,資產賬面值與已收代價總額 之間之差額於損益內確認。

倘相關合約訂明之責任解除、註銷或 屆滿,則終止確認金融負債。已終止 確認金融負債賬面值與已付代價之間 的差額於損益內確認。

金融資產

倘根據合約條款要求在相關市場中約 定的時間內交付該項資產的購買或出 售資產,則有關金融資產會按交易日 基準確認及終止確認,並初步按公分 值加直接應佔交易費用確認,惟按公 允值計入損益之投資除外。收購按公 允值計入損益之投資直接應佔之交易 成本,即時於損益中確認。

本集團將金融資產分類為以下類別:

- 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產;
 及
- 一 按公允值計入損益之投資。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial assets (Continued)

(a) Financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets (including trade, loans and other receivables) are classified under this category if they satisfy both of the following conditions:

- the assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less loss allowance for expected credit losses.

(b) Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified under this category if they do not meet the conditions to be measured at amortised cost and the conditions of debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the Group designates an equity investment that is not held for trading as at fair value through other comprehensive income on initial recognition.

Investments at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at fair value with any gains or losses arising from changes in fair values recognised in profit or loss. The fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are net of any interest income and dividend income. Interest income and dividend income are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

金融資產(續)

(a) 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產

符合下列兩項條件的金融資產 (包括應收賬款、貸款及其他應 收款項)分類至此類別:

- 一 資產乃按目的為持有資產 以收集合約現金流量的業 務模式持有;及
- 一 資產合約條款於特定日期
 產生現金流量,有關現金
 流量僅為本金及尚未償還
 本金之利息付款。

有關項目其後以實際利率法按 攤銷成本減去預期信貸虧損之 虧損撥備計量。

(b) 按公允值計入損益之投資

倘金融資產不符合按攤銷成本 計量的條件及於其他全面收益 按公允值計算的債務投資認供 ,除非本集團於初步確認時 將並非持作買賣的股本投資指 定為於其他全面收益按公允值 計量,否則金融資產分類至此 類別。

按公允值計入損益之投資其後 按公允值計量,公允值變動產 生之任何收益或虧損於損益中 確認。於損益確認之公允值收 益或虧損乃減去任何利息收入 及股息收入。利息收入及股息 收入於損益中確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Loss allowances for expected credit losses

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortised cost and lease receivables. Expected credit losses are the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of a default occurring as the weights.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of that financial instrument ("lifetime expected credit losses") for trade, loans and lease receivables or if the credit risk on that financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition.

If, at the end of the reporting period, the credit risk on a financial instrument (other than trade, loans and lease receivables) has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime expected credit losses that represents the expected credit losses that result from default events on that financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting period.

The amount of expected credit losses or reversal to adjust the loss allowance at the end of the reporting period to the required amount is recognised in profit or loss as an impairment gain or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents represent cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. Bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備

本集團按攤銷成本確認金融資產的預 期信貸虧損及應收租賃款項之虧損撥 備。預期信貸虧損乃加權平均信貸虧 損,並以發生相關違約之風險作為加 權數值。

於各報告期末,本集團就應收賬款、 貸款及應收租賃款項按相等於該金融 工具的預期年期內所有可能發生違約 事件,或倘金融工具的信貸風險自初 步確認以來大幅增加而導致的預期信 貸虧損(「全期預期信貸虧損」),計量 金融工具的虧損撥備。

倘於報告期末,金融工具(應收賬 款、貸款及應收租賃款項除外)的信 貸風險自初步確認後並無大幅增加, 本集團會按相等於反映該金融工具可 能於報告期後12個月內發生的違約事 件所引致預期信貸虧損的全期預期信 貸虧損部分的金額,計量該金融工具 之虧損撥備。

於報告期末將虧損撥備調整至所需金額的預期信貸虧損或撥回金額,於損益中確認為減值收益或虧損。

現金及等同現金項目

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及等同 現金項目指銀行及手頭上的現金、銀 行及其他金融機構之活期存款,以及 可隨時兑換為已知數額之現金及並 明顯變值風險之短期高流動性投資 銀行透支應要求償還並構成本集團現 金管理之主要部分,亦計入現金及等 同現金項目之內。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRSs. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

金融負債及權益工具

金融負債及權益工具乃根據所訂立合約安排之內容,及香港財務報告準則 中金融負債和權益工具之定義予以分類。權益工具為可證明於本集團資產 之餘額權益經扣除其所有負債後之任 何合約。就特定金融負債及權益工具 採納之會計政策載列如下。

借款

借款初始按公允值確認減已產生的交 易成本,其後使用實際利率法按攤銷 成本計量。

借款乃分類為流動負債,除非本集團 有權無條件將負債結算延長至報告期 間後最少十二個月。

應付賬款及其他應付款項

應付賬款及其他應付款項初始按其公 允值列賬,並於其後採用實際利率法 按攤銷成本計算,除非貼現之影響輕 微,則在此情況下按成本列賬。

權益工具

由本公司所發行的權益工具乃按收取 的所得款項減直接發行成本記錄。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer with reference to the customary business practices and excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised product or service exceeds one year, the consideration is adjusted for the effect of a significant financing component.

The Group recognises revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation by transferring control over a product or service to a customer. Depending on the terms of a contract and the laws that apply to that contract, a performance obligation can be satisfied over time or at a point in time. A performance obligation is satisfied over time if:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the product or service.

Other revenue

Interest income from a financial asset is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

客戶合約之收益

收益乃根據與客戶訂立的合約所指明 的代價參考慣常業務慣例計量,並不 包括代表第三方收取的金額。對於客 戶付款及轉移協定產品或服務期間超 過一年的合約,代價會就重大融資部 分的影響進行調整。

本集團於達成向客戶轉讓產品或服務 控制權的履約責任時確認收益。視乎 合約條款及有關合約適用的法例,履 約責任可隨時間或於某個時間點達 成。倘屬以下情況,履約責任隨時間 達成:

- 客戶同時收取及消耗本集團履約所提供的利益;
- 本集團履約創建或提升一項於 創建或提升時由客戶控制的資 產;或
- 本集團履約並無創建供本集團
 用於其他用途的資產,且本集
 團對迄今為止已完成的履約付
 款具有可執行權利。

倘履約責任隨時間達成,收益乃根據 完全達成有關履約責任的進度確認。 否則,收益於客戶獲得產品或服務控 制權的時間點確認。

其他收益

金融資產的利息收入參考未償還本金 額按時間基準以適用實際利率累計, 實際利率指透過金融資產的預期年期 將估計未來現金收入準確貼現至該資 產的賬面淨值的利率。

租金收入於租期內按直線基準確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Employee benefits

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(b) Pension obligations

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement schemes which are available to all employees. Contributions to the schemes by the Group and employees are calculated as a percentage of employees' basic salaries. The retirement benefit scheme cost charged to profit or loss represents contributions payable by the Group to the funds.

The Group operates a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The Group's contributions to the MPF Scheme are calculated at 5% of the salaries and wages subject to a monthly maximum amount of contribution of HK\$1,500 per employee and vest fully with employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries established in the PRC are members of a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute certain percentage of the employees' basic salaries and wages to the central pension scheme to fund the retirement benefits. The local municipal government undertakes to assume the retirement benefits obligations of all existing and future retired employees of these subsidiaries. The only obligation of these subsidiaries with respect to the central pension scheme is to meet the required contributions under the scheme.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

僱員福利

(a) 僱員應享有之假期

僱員應享有之年假及長期服務 假期在僱員應享有時確認。就 僱員於截至報告期末所提供服 務而應享有之年假及長期服務 假期之估計負債作出撥備。

僱員享有之病假及產假於休假 時始予確認。

(b) 退休金承擔

本集團向所有僱員均可參與之 定額供款退休計劃作出供款。 本集團與僱員對計劃之供款乃 按僱員基本薪金之若干百分比 計算。於損益內扣除之退休福 利計劃費用乃指本集團應付基 金之供款。

本集團根據香港《強制性公積金 計劃條例》,為其所有合資格香 港僱員設立強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」)。本集團向強 積金計劃之供款按薪金及工資 5%計算,每名僱員最高每月供 款額為1,500港元,而供款歸屬 僱員。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Employee benefits (Continued)

(c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

To the extent that funds are borrowed generally and used for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation is determined by applying a capitalisation rate to the expenditures on that asset. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the borrowing costs applicable to the borrowings of the Group that are outstanding during the period, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

僱員福利(續)

(c) 離職福利

離職福利於本集團不能再取消 提供該等福利及本集團確認重 組成本並涉及支付離職福利時 (以日期較早者為準)確認。

借貸成本

因收購、建造或生產合資格資產(指 需要相當長時間準備作擬定用途或出 售之資產)而直接產生之借貸成本乃 資本化為該等資產成本的一部分,直 至該等資產大致上已準備就緒作擬定 用途或出售。在特定借貸撥作合資格 資產的支出前用作短暫投資所賺取的 投資收入自合資格資本化的借貸成本 中扣除。

如借貸之一般目的及用途為獲取合資 格資產,合資格資本化之借貸成本金 額則按對該項資產支出應用資本化比 率之方法釐定。資本化比率為適用於 本集團於該期間未償還借貸之借貸成 本加權平均值,但為獲得合資格資產 之特別借貸除外。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間在損益 中確認。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options granted to directors and employees

The fair value of services received is determined by reference to the fair value of the share options granted at the grant date and is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, with a corresponding increase in equity (share-based compensation reserve).

At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to ultimately vest. The impact of the revision of the estimates during the vesting period, if any, is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to share-based compensation reserve.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the corresponding amount previously recognised in share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the corresponding amount previously recognised in share-based compensation reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

以權益結算及以股份為基礎付款 的交易

授予董事及僱員的購股權

所獲服務的公允值乃參考於授出日期 授出的購股權公允值釐定,於歸屬期 按直線基準支銷,並於權益(股份酬 金儲備)作相應增加。

本集團於報告期末修訂預期最終歸屬 的估計購股權數目。歸屬期間修訂估 計的影響(如有)於損益確認,並會相 應調整股份酬金儲備。

購股權獲行使時,過往於股份酬金儲 備確認的相應數額將轉撥至股份溢 價。倘購股權於歸屬日後被沒收或於 屆滿日仍未獲行使,則過往於股份酬 金儲備確認的相應數額將轉至累計虧 損。

政府補助

如有合理保證本集團將遵守附加條件及將收到補助,則確認政府補助。

作為已產生的開支或虧損的補償或為 本集團提供即時財務資助而可收取 (並無日後相關成本)的政府補助,乃 於其成為可收取的期間於損益確認。
For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

税項

所得税指即期税項及遞延税項總額。

現時應付税項乃按年度應課税溢利計 算。應課税溢利不包括其他年度之應 課税或應扣減之收入或開支項目,亦 不包括可作免税或不可作税項扣減之 項目,故與損益所確認溢利不同。本 集團之即期税項負債按其於報告期末 前已訂立或大致上訂立之税率計算。

遞延税項負債就於附屬公司之投資所 產生應課税暫時差額予以確認,若本 集團有能力控制暫時差額撥回,而暫 時差額很可能不會於可見將來撥回則 除外。

遞延税項資產之賬面值乃於各報告期 末進行檢討,並予以相應扣減,直至 不再可能有足夠應課税溢利可供收回 全部或部分資產為止。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model of the Group whose business objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax for such investment properties are measured based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

税項(續)

遞延税項根據於報告期末前已訂立或 大致上訂立之税率,按預期適用於負 債清償或資產變現期間之税率計算。 遞延税項於損益中確認,除非遞延税 項關乎於其他全面收益或直接於權益 確認之項目,在該情況下遞延税項亦 於其他全面收益或直接於權益中確 認。

遞延税項資產及負債之計量反映本集 團預期於報告期末收回或結付其資產 及負債賬面值之方式所致使之税務後 果。

就計量使用公允值模式計量之投資物 業之遞延税項而言,有關物業的賬面 值假定通過出售收回,除非該假定通過出售收回,除非該假定通過出售收回,除非該假定被 物業務目的是工業務目的是以 透過時間耗用其所包含的絕大部 透過計售),則該假定被駁回。倘該 假定被駁回,則有關投資物業的遞延計 量。

當擁有按法例可強制執行權利以抵銷 即期税項資產與即期税項負債,及當 有關資產及負債涉及由同一税務當局 徵收之所得税,以及本集團計劃按淨 額基準結算其即期税項資產及負債 時,遞延税項資產及負債則互相抵 銷。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Segment reporting

Operating segments and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing the performance of the Group's various lines of business.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of productions processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (A) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (B) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - The entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

分部報告

經營分部及各分部項目於財務報表內 呈報的金額,乃自定期提供予本集團 最高行政管理人員用作向本集團各項 業務分配資源並評估其表現的財務資 料中識別。

就財務報告而言,除非分部具備相似 的經濟特徵及在產品及服務性質、生 產過程性質、客戶類型或類別、用於 分銷產品或提供服務的方法以及監管 環境的性質方面相似,否則各個個別 而言屬重大的經營分部不會合併計 算。個別而言並非重大的經營分部如 符合上述大部分標準,則可合併計 算。

關連人士

關連人士為與本集團有關連的個人或 實體。

- (A) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士或該 人士之近親與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
 - (iii) 為本公司或本公司母公司 的主要管理層成員。
- (B) 倘某實體符合下列任何條件, 即該實體與本集團有關連:
 - (i) 該實體與本公司屬同一集 團之成員公司(即各母公 司、附屬公司及同系附屬 公司彼此間有關連)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體的聯 營公司或合營企業(或另 一實體為成員公司之集團 旗下成員公司之聯營公司 或合營企業)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方 的合營企業。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Related parties (Continued)

- (B) (Continued)
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (A).
 - (vii) A person identified in (A)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Company or to a parent of the Company.

Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its assets except biological assets, investment properties, investments, inventories, receivables and goodwill to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

關連人士(續)

- (B) (續)
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體的 合營企業,而另一實體為 該第三方實體的聯營公 司。
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集團 有關連之實體就僱員利益 設立的離職福利計劃。倘 本集團本身便是該計劃, 提供資助的僱主亦與本集 團有關連。
 - (vi) 實體受(A)所識別人士控 制或共同控制。
 - (vii) 於(A)(i)所識別人士對實體 有重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體的母公司)主要 管理層成員。
 - (viii) 實體或其所屬集團旗下任 何成員公司為向本公司或 本公司母公司提供主要管 理人員服務。

資產減值

於各報告期末,本集團對其資產之賬 面值作出評估(生物資產、投資物 業、投資、存貨、應收款項及商譽除 外),以釐定有否任何跡象顯示該等 資產出現減值虧損。如果存在任何此 類跡象,則會對資產的可收回金額 出估計,以釐定任何減值虧損之程 度。倘若不可能估計個別資產的可收 回金額,則本集團估計資產屬於的現 金產生單位的可收回金額。

可收回金額為公允值減去出售成本與 使用價值兩者中之較高者。於評估使 用價值時,估計未來現金流量乃以税 前貼現率貼現至現值,該貼現率能反 映當前市場所評估之貨幣時間值及資 產特定風險。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Impairment of assets (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset or CGU in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period or those that indicate the going concern assumption is not appropriate are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

4. 重大會計政策(續)

資產減值(續)

倘資產或現金產生單位之可收回金額 估計將少於其賬面值,則資產或現金 產生單位之賬面值會減少至其可收回 金額。減值虧損會即時於損益確認, 除非相關資產按重估金額列賬,在該 情況下減值虧損被視作重估減值。

倘減值虧損其後撥回,則資產或現金 產生單位之賬面值增加至其經修訂估 計之可收回金額,惟增加後之賬面值 不能超過倘於過往年度並無確認該確 定之賬面值(扣除攤銷或折舊)。減值 虧損之撥回會於損益內即時確認,惟 在有關資產按重估金額列賬之情況 下,減值虧損之撥回則被當作重估增 值。

撥備及或然負債

當本集團因過去事項須承擔現有法定 責任或推定責任,而履行該責任很可 能需要付出經濟利益並能可靠估計其 數額時,即為未確定時間或金額之負 債確認撥備。倘金錢時間值屬重大, 則按預期履行該責任所需支出之現值 列報撥備。

當不大可能需要付出經濟利益,或其 數額未能可靠估計,除非付出經濟利 益之可能性極小,否則該責任披露為 或然負債。當潛在責任之存在僅能以 一宗或數宗未來事項發生或不發生來 證實,除非付出經濟利益之可能性極 小,否則亦披露為或然負債。

報告期後事項

提供有關本集團報告期末狀況之額外 資料或顯示持續經營假設並不適當之 報告期後事項為調整事項,並於綜合 財務報表反映。非調整事項之報告期 後事項如屬重大,則於附註內披露。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES 5.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

Going concern basis

These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which mainly depends upon the financial support of the controlling shareholder at a level sufficient to finance the working capital requirements of the Group. Details are explained in note 2.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

The Group determines the estimated useful lives, residual values and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. The Group will revise the depreciation charge where useful lives and residual values are different to those previously estimated, or it will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold.

重大判斷及關鍵估計

應用會計政策時的重大判斷

於應用會計政策的過程中,董事已作 出以下對於財務報表中確認的金額影 響最重大的判斷(涉及估計之部分除 外,該等部分於下文處理)。

持續經營基準

該等財務報表乃按持續經營基準編 製,其有效性主要依靠控股股東提供 足以滿足本集團營運資金需求的財務 資助。詳情闡釋於附註2。

估計不確定因素的主要來源

下文載述對下一個財政年度之資產及 負債賬面值作出重大調整之重大風 險,而有關未來之主要假設,以及於 報告期末估計不明朗因素之其他主要 來源。

(a) 物業、廠房及設備及折舊

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(b) Fair value less costs to sell of biological assets and fair value of investment properties

The Group appointed independent professional valuers to assess the fair value less costs to sell of biological assets and fair value of investment properties. In determining the fair values, the valuers have utilised a method of valuation which involves certain estimates. The directors have exercised their judgement and are satisfied that the method of valuation is reflective of the current market conditions.

(c) Impairment of intangible assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. Such assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, which is higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. To calculate the fair value less costs of disposal, the management estimates the expected future cash flows from the assets or CGU and chooses a suitable discount rate in order to derive the present value of those cash flows.

5. 重大判斷及關鍵估計(續)

估計不確定因素的主要來源(續)

(b) 生物資產之公允值減出售成本 及投資物業之公允值

本集團委任獨立專業估值師評 估生物資產之公允值減出售成 本及投資物業之公允值。於 定公允值時,估值師運用涉及 若干估計的估值方法。董事經 更映現時市況。

(c) 無形資產減值

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(d) Impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts

The Group makes impairment loss for bad and doubtful debts based on assessments of the recoverability of its trade, loans, finance lease and other receivables, including the current creditworthiness, collateral security, financial condition and past collection history of each debtor. Impairments arise where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of bad and doubtful debts requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the actual result is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of the trade, loans, finance lease and other receivables and doubtful debt expenses in the year in which such estimate has been changed. If the financial conditions of the debtors were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

(e) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and the PRC. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(f) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expense. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste and competitor actions. The Group will reassess the estimates by the end of each reporting period.

5. 重大判斷及關鍵估計(續)

估計不確定因素的主要來源(續)

(d) 呆壞賬減值虧損

本集團之呆壞賬減值虧損乃根 **據其應收賬款、貸款、融資租** 賃及其他應收款項可收回性之 評估而確認,包括每名債務人 目前之信譽、抵押擔保、財務 狀況及過往收款記錄。於發生 顯示餘額可能無法收回之事件 或情況變動下會出現減值。本 集團需憑判斷及估計識別呆壞 賬。倘實際結果有別於原來估 計,則該差額將於有關估計出 現變動之年度影響應收賬款、 貸款、融資租賃及其他應收款 項及呆賬開支之賬面值。倘債 務人之財務狀況變差而導致其 付款能力受損,則可能需要作 出額外撥備。

(e) 所得税

(f) 存貨之可變現淨值

存貨之可變現淨值乃日常業務 過程中之估計售價,減估計完 成成本及出售開支。該等估計 乃基於現時市況及過往製造和 出售類似性質產品之經驗,可 能會因客戶偏好轉變及競爭對 手所作出的行動而大幅變化。 本集團將於各報告期末重新評 估有關估計。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in HK\$ and Renminbi which are the functional currencies of the principal operating entities of the Group. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group will monitor its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise. The directors currently consider that the risk of movements in exchange rates between HK\$ and Renminbi to be insignificant.

(b) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk in respect of its investments at fair value through profit or loss. The directors manage this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles. The Group's equity price risk is mainly concentrated on equity instruments quoted in the Stock Exchange.

At 30 June 2024, if the share prices of the investments increased/decreased by 10%, the Group's post tax loss for the year would have been approximately HK\$420,000 (2023: HK\$61,000) lower/ higher, arising as a result of the fair value gain/loss of the investments.

6. 金融及資金風險管理

本集團的活動令其承受多種金融風險:外幣風險、價格風險、信貸風險、流動資金風險及利率風險。本集團整體風險管理計劃專注於金融市場的不可預測性,以減少對本集團財務 表現的潛在不利影響。

- (a) 外幣風險

(b) 價格風險

本集團就按公允值計入損益之 投資承擔股本價格風險。董事 透過維持不同風險的投資組合 來管理風險。本集團之股本價 格風險主要集中於在聯交所所 報之股本工具。

於二零二四年六月三十日,如 投資之股價上升/下跌10%, 則將因投資公允值收益/虧損 而導致本集團年內除税後虧損 減少/增加約420,000港元(二 零二三年:61,000港元)。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT 6. 金 (CONTINUED)

(c) Credit risk

The carrying amounts of bank and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, loans receivable, finance lease receivables, investments at fair value through profit or loss and refundable secured deposit included in the consolidated statement of financial position represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to the Group's financial assets.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had certain concentration of credit risk as approximately 74% (2023: 49%) and 97% (2023: 97%) of its trade receivables were due from the largest customer and the five largest customers, respectively. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. In addition, the directors review the recoverable amounts of each individual trade, loan debt and lease regularly to ensure that adequate impairment losses are recognised for irrecoverable debts. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The credit risk on bank balances is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The credit risk on investments at fair value through profit or loss is limited because the counterparties are well-established securities broker firms in Hong Kong.

The Group obtains collateral from the vendor to minimise the credit risk in respect of the refundable secured deposit.

金融及資金風險管理(續)

(c) 信貸風險

銀行結餘的信貸風險有限,原因是交易對手為獲國際信貸評級機構頒授高信貸評級的銀行。

按公允值計入損益之投資的信 貸風險有限,原因是交易對手 為香港成立已久的證券經紀公 司。

本集團自賣方取得抵押品,以 減少可退還已抵押按金的信貸 風險。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT 6. (CONTINUED)

(c) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group considers whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk of financial assets on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period by comparing the risk of a default occurring as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following information is used:

- internal credit rating;
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the borrower's ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower;
- significant changes in the value of the collateral or in the quality of guarantees or credit enhancements; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of the borrower, including changes in the payment status of borrower.

A significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment. A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 90 days of when they fall due.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. The Group normally categorises a loan or receivable for write off when a debtor fails to make contractual payments greater than 360 days past due. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Group, if practicable and economical, continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due.

金融及資金風險管理(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

本集團透過比較於報告日期發 生違約的風險及於初始確認日 期的違約風險,持續考慮於各 報告期間金融資產信貸風險有 否顯著增加。其考慮可得的合 理有據的前瞻性資料。尤其使 用以下資料:

- 一 內部信貸評級;
- 預期導致借款人履行其責任的能力出現重大變動的業務、財務或經濟狀況的 實際或預期重大不利變動;
- 一借款人經營業績的實際或 預期重大變動;
- 抵押品價值或擔保或信貸 提升措施的質素的重大變 動;及
- 借款人預期表現及行為的 重大變動,包括借款人的 付款狀況變動。

倘涉及合約付款的債務人逾期 超過30天,則假定信貸風險顯 著增加。當交易對手無法於合 約付款到期90天內支付款項, 則金融資產出現違約。

金融資產於無法合理預期收回 (例如債務人無法與本集團達成 還款計劃)時撇銷。當債務人未 能於逾期360天後支付合約 款或應收款項。倘貸款或應收 款項被撇銷,則本集團(於寬際 可行及符合經濟效益的情況下) 繼續採取強制執行活動試圖收 回到期應收款項。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT 6. 金屬 (CONTINUED)

(c) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group uses two categories for non-trade receivables which reflect their credit risk and how the loss provision is determined for each of the categories. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category and adjusts for forward looking data.

金融及資金風險管理(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

本集團就非應收賬款使用兩個 類別,以反映其信貸風險及如 何就各類別釐定虧損撥備。計 算預期信貸虧損率時,本集團 考量各類別之歷史虧損率,並 對前瞻性數據作出調整。

Category 類別	Definition 定義	Loss provision 虧損撥備
Performing	Low risk of default and strong capacity to pay	12 month expected losses
良好	違約風險低及支付能力強	12個月預期虧損
Non-performing 不良	Significant increase in credit risk 信貸風險顯著增加	Lifetime expected losses 全期預期虧損
		(1) 法乱次人同险

(d) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis of the Group's financial liabilities based on the earliest date the Group can be required to pay is as follows: (d) 流動資金風險

本集團的政策是定期監察現時 及預期流動資金需要,確保維 持充足的現金儲備滿足短期及 長期流動資金需要。

本集團金融負債按本集團可能 被要求支付的最早日期之到期 日分析如下:

		Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total undiscounted cash flow 未貼現現金	Carrying amount
		少於1年	1至2年	2至5年	超過5年	流量總額	賬面值
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年 六月三十日						
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付 款項	26,931	_	_	_	26,931	26,931
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4,830	6,598	10,800	45,102	67,330	50,418
Borrowings	借款	82,333	—	—	-	82,333	82,333
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	2,508	—	—	-	2,508	2,508
		116,602	6,598	10,800	45,102	179,102	162,190
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年 六月三十日						
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及 其他應付款項	30,063	_	_	_	30,063	30,063
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3,070	5,891	11,840	45,668	66,469	49,564
Borrowings	借款	74,148	_	_	_	74,148	74,148
		107,281	5,891	11,840	45,668	170,680	153,775

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT 6. (CONTINUED)

(d) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity analysis of the Group's borrowings based on scheduled repayments dates as set out in the loan agreements is as follows:

金融及資金風險管理(續)

(d) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團借款根據貸款協議所載 的預定還款日期之到期日分析 如下:

		Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total undiscounted cash flow 未貼現現金	Carrying amount
		少於1年 HK\$'000	1至2年 HK\$′000	2至5年 HK\$′000	超過5年 HK\$'000	流量總額 HK\$'000	賬面值 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 30 June 2024 Borrowings	於二零二四年六月三十日 借款	41,237	5,447	16,342	37,223	100,249	82,333
At 30 June 2023 Borrowings	於二零二三年六月三十日 借款	29,603	4,698	14,094	36,801	85,196	74,148

(e) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest-rate risk arises from its bank borrowings and overdrafts. These bank borrowings and overdrafts bear interests at variable rates varied with the then prevailing market condition. The Group's bank borrowings and overdrafts do not bear interest at fixed interest rates and therefore are not subject to fair value interest rate risk.

At 30 June 2024, if interest rates at that date had been 100 basis points lower with all other variables held constant, consolidated loss after tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$702,000 (2023: HK\$612,000) lower arising mainly as a result of lower interest expense on bank borrowings and overdrafts. If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher, with all other variables held constant, consolidated loss after tax for the year would have been approximately HK\$702,000 (2023: HK\$612,000) higher, arising mainly as a result of higher interest expense on bank borrowings and overdrafts. (e) 利率風險

本集團面對的利率風險來自銀 行借款及透支。銀行借款及透支。銀行借款及透支。 支按浮動利率計息,利率隨當 時的市場情況而變化。本集團 之銀行借款及透支並非按固定 利率計息,故並無面臨公允值 利率風險。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT 6. 金融及資金風險管理(續) (CONTINUED)

- (f) Categories of financial instruments at 30 June 2024 and 2023
- (f) 於二零二四年及二零二三年 六月三十日之金融工具類別

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial assets	金融資產		
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益之 投資	5,032	19,633
Financial assets at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents):	按攤銷成本計量之金融 資產(包括現金及等同 現金項目):		
Trade receivables	應收賬款	19,990	16,774
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	11,845	9,935
Loans receivable	應收貸款	7,700	7,835
Finance lease receivables	應收融資租賃款項	37,340	36,747
Refundable secured deposit	可退還已抵押按金	11,000	11,000
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	22,857	5,640
		110,732	87,931
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:	按攤銷成本計量之 金融負債:		
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付		
	款項	26,931	30,063
Borrowings	借款	82,333	74,148
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	2,508	
		111,772	104,211

(g) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

(h) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost capital. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior years. (g) 公允值

綜合財務狀況表所示本集團金 融資產及金融負債的賬面值與 其各自的公允值相若。

(h) 資金風險管理

本集團管理資金的目標是維持 本集團持續經營之能力,為股 東提供回報及為其他持份者提 供利益,並維持最佳資本結 構,減少成本資金。自過往年 度以來,本集團的整體策略維 持不變。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

6. FINANCIAL AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT 6. 金融及 (CONTINUED)

(h) Capital risk management (Continued)

The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may issue or buy-back shares, issue new debts, recover debts or sell assets to maintain sufficiency of working capital.

The Group's total capital is the shareholders' equity stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group is not subject to external mandatory capital requirements and uses the liquidity ratio (i.e. proportion of current assets to current liabilities) to monitor the capital.

The liquidity ratio of the Group is as follows:

金融及資金風險管理(續)

(h) 資金風險管理(續)

本集團鑒於經濟狀況變動管理 資本結構及對其作出調整。為 維持或調整資本結構,本集團 可能發行或購回股份、發行新 債務、收回債務或出售資產, 維持足夠營運資金。

本集團的總資本為綜合財務狀 況表列明的股東權益。本集團 毋須遵守外部強制資本規定, 並使用流動資金比率(即流動資 產對流動負債的比例)監察資 金。

本集團的流動資金比率如下:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Liquidity ratio	流動資金比率	1.30	1.36

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

7. 公允值計量

公允值之定義為市場參與者於計量日 期進行之有序交易中出售資產所收取 或轉讓負債所支付之價格。以下公允 值計量披露使用之公允值層級,將估 值技術所用輸入數據分為三個等級, 以計量公允值:

- 第一級 本集團於計量日期可 輸入數據:取得相同資產或負債 於活躍市場報價(未經 調整)。
- 第二級 資產或負債可直接或
 輸入數據: 間接觀察之輸入數
 據,第一級包括之報價
 除外。
- 第三級 資產或負債之不可觀 輸入數據:察輸入數據。

本集團之政策為確認截至於事項或狀 況變動導致該轉移之日期止該等三個 等級之任何轉入及轉出。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED) 7. 公允值計量(續) 7.

- (a) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2024:
- (a) 於二零二四年六月三十日之公 允值層級披露:

				Fair value measurements using: 使用以下輸入數據之公允值計量:				
Description		Level 1		Level 3	Total			
概述		第一級	第二級		總計			
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			HK\$'000			
		千港元			千港元			
		TRU	TRU	TRU	干危儿			
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公允值 計量:							
Biological assets	生物資產	—	190,958	—	190,958			
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	按公允值計入損益 之投資							
 Equity securities listed in Hong Kong 	— 於香港上市之 股本證券	5,032	_	_	5,032			
Investment properties in Hong Kong	香港投資物業	—	190,000	—	190,000			
Total recurring fair value measurements	經常性公允值計量 總額	5,032	380,958	_	385,990			
Non-recurring fair value measurements:	非經常性公允值 計量:							
Non-current assets held for sale	持作出售之非流動 資產							
- Investment properties in the PRC	一 中國投資物業	_	50,498	_	50,498			
Total non-recurring fair value measurements	非經常性公允值 計量總額	_	50,498	_	50,498			

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) (Continued)

(b)

(a) (續)

7.

公允值計量(續)

Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2023:

於二零二三年六月三十日之公 允值層級披露:

			ue measureme 輸入數據之公		
Description 概述		Level 1 第一級 HK\$'000 千港元	第二級 HK\$′000	Level 3 第三級 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公允值 計量:				
Biological assets Investments at fair value through profit or loss	生物資產 按公允值計入損益 之投資	_	230,481	_	230,481
 Equity securities listed in Hong Kong 	一於香港上市之 股本證券	725	_	_	725
— Keyman insurance contract	一 主要人員保險 合約		_	18,908	18,908
Investment properties in Hong Kong	香港投資物業	_	191,900	_	191,900
Total recurring fair value measurements	經常性公允值計量 總額	725	422,381	18,908	442,014
Non-recurring fair value measurements:	非經常性公允值 計量:				
Non-current assets held for sale	持作出售之非流動 資產				
- Investment properties in the PRC	一中國投資物業	_	66,119	—	66,119
Total non-recurring fair value measurements	非經常性公允值計 量總額		66,119	_	66,119
Reconciliation of assets measured level 3:	at fair value based c	ท	(b) 根據第 產對賬	三級按公允 :	值計量的資
			2 二零二D	024 D 🖛 🚽	2023 二零二三年
Description 概述			—≪—≌ HK\$′ 千渚	000	-令—二午 HK\$′000 千港元
Investments at fair value through profit or loss — Keyman insurance contract	按公允值計入損 投資— 主要人 合約	益之 員保險			
At 1 July	於七月一日		18,	908	18,160
Total fair value gains recognised in profit or loss ^{(#}	於損益確認之 ⁾ 公允值收益約	悤 額(#)		537	748

Total fair value gains recognised in profit or loss ^(#)	於損益確認之 公允值收益總額∰	537	748
Disposal	出售	(19,445)	
At 30 June	於六月三十日	—	18,908
(#) Include gains or losses for assets held at end of reporting period	[⊯] 包括於報告期末持有之 資產收益或虧損	_	748

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements:

The Group's management is responsible for the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair value measurements. The management reports directly to the board of directors for these fair value measurements. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the management and the board of directors at least twice a year.

The following table gives information about how the fair values of the Group's biological assets and investment properties carried at fair value are determined.

Level 2 fair value measurements

7. 公允值計量(續)

(c) 本集團所用估值過程披露及公 允值計量所用估值技術及輸入 數據:

> 本集團管理層負責進行財務報 告所規定之資產及負債公允值 計量,包括第三級公允值計量。管理層直接向董事會報告 該等公允值計量。管理層與董 事會每年至少討論估值過程及 結果兩次。

> 下表載列有關本集團按公允值 列賬生物資產及投資物業的公 允值如何釐定之資料。

第二級公允值計量

			Fair value	Fair value
			公允值	公允值
			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
Description	Valuation technique	Key input	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
概述	估值技術	主要輸入數據	千港元	千港元
Biological assets	Market approach	Volume of poplar trees and market price of poplar trees per cubic meter	190,958	230,481
生物資產	市場法	白楊樹數量及白楊樹每立方米市價		
Investment properties in Hong Kong	Direct comparison approach	Market price of car parking space	190,000	191,900
香港投資物業	直接比較法	停車位市價		
Investment properties in the PRC*	Market approach and replacement cost approach	Land: market price per square meter; Buildings: replacement cost per square meter	50,498	66,119
中國投資物業*	市場法及重置成本法	土地:每平方米市價; 樓宇:每平方米重置成本		

* included in assets classified as held for sale

* 計入分類為持作出售的資產

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) (Continued)

Level 3 fair value measurements

The fair value of the keyman insurance contract purchased for a key management personnel of the Group is determined based on the cash surrender value in accordance with the keyman insurance contract which is not an observable input. Management estimates the fair value based on the latest policy statement of the keyman insurance contract provided by the insurance company.

The unobservable input is the cash surrender value quoted by the insurance company according to the keyman insurance contract. When the cash surrender value is higher, the fair value of the keyman insurance contract will be higher.

During the two years, there were no changes in the valuation techniques used.

7. 公允值計量(續)

(c) (續)

第三級公允值計量

為本集團一名主要管理人員投 保的主要人員保險合約之公允 值基於按主要人員保險合約之公允 列之退保現金值釐定,此根 可觀察輸入數據。管理層根 險公司提供的主要人員保險 合約之最新保單報告估計公允 值。

不可觀察輸入數據為保險公司 根據主要人員保險合約所報的 退保現金值。當退保現金值較 高,主要人員保險合約之公允 值將會較高。

於該兩年內,所用之估值技術 概無變動。

8. **REVENUE**

8. 收益

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trading of recycled metals	買賣回收金屬	9,822	17,417
Trading of motor vehicles and	買賣汽車及相關配件		
related accessories		63,726	60,279
Trading of computer accessories	買賣電腦配件	246	—
Hotel room income and sales of	酒店房間收入及銷售		
food and beverage	餐飲	—	1,790
Revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約之收益	73,794	79,486
Rental income	租金收入	3,932	4,236
Loan interest income	貸款利息收入	307	298
Finance lease interest income	融資租賃利息收入	4,784	394
Total revenue	總收益	82,817	84,414

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

8. **REVENUE (CONTINUED)**

8. 收益(續)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers for year ended 30 June 2024:

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度, 客戶合約收益之分拆:

		Trading of recycled metals		Trading of computer accessories	
		買賣回收金屬	買賣汽車及 相關配件	買賣電腦配件	酒店房間收入 及銷售餐飲
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Geographical markets	地區市場				
The PRC	中國	_	9,661	_	—
Hong Kong	香港	9,822	53,786	246	—
Macau	澳門	_	159	_	—
Taiwan	山灣	_	120	—	—
		9,822	63,726	246	—

All revenue from contracts with customers are recognised at a point in time during the year ended 30 June 2024.

截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度, 所有客戶合約收益乃於某個時間點 確認。

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers for year ended 30 June 2023:

截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度, 客戶合約收益之分拆:

		Trading of recycled metals	Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories	Trading of computer accessories	Hotel room income and sales of food and beverage
		metals	買賣汽車及	accessories	酒店房間收入
		買賣回收金屬	相關配件	買賣電腦配件	及銷售餐飲
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Geographical markets	地區市場				
The PRC	中國	—	13,987	—	—
Hong Kong	香港	17,417	45,742	_	_
Macau	澳門	—	409	—	—
Taiwan	台灣	_	141	_	_
Nepal	尼泊爾	—	_	—	1,790
		17,417	60,279	—	1,790
Timing of revenue recognition	收益確認時間				
At a point in time	於某個時間點	17,417	60,279	—	614
Over time	隨時間	_	_	_	1,176
		17,417	60,279	_	1,790

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

8. **REVENUE (CONTINUED)**

Sales of goods

The Group sells recycled metals, motor vehicles and related accessories, computer accessories, and food and beverage to the customers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to a customer, there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products and the customer has obtained legal titles to the products.

Sales to customers are normally made with credit terms of 30 to 90 days. For new customers, payment in advance or cash on delivery is normally required. Deposits received are recognised as contract liabilities.

A receivable is recognised when the products are delivered to the customers as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

Hotel room income

Hotel room income is recognised over time during the period of stay for the hotel guests.

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has seven reportable segments as follows:

- (i) Trading of recycled metals
- (ii) Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories
- (iii) Property investment
- (iv) Provision of financial services
- (v) Securities trading and investment
- (vi) Sales of plantation materials and products
- (vii) Provision of finance lease services (2023: hotel and related business)

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

8. 收益(續)

銷售貨品

本集團向客戶出售回收金屬、汽車及 相關配件、電腦配件以及餐飲。銷售 於產品的控制權已轉移時(即產品交 付予客戶),且無可能影響客戶接納 產品的未履行責任及客戶取得產品的 合法所有權時確認。

向客戶作出的銷售一般按30至90天的 信貸期進行。新客戶通常須提前付款 或貨到付款。收取的按金確認為合約 負債。

應收款項於產品交付予客戶時確認, 因該時間點為代價因付款到期僅須時 間過去而成為無條件。

酒店房間收入

酒店房間收入於酒店賓客住宿期間隨 時間確認。

9. 分部資料

本集團有下列七個可呈報分部:

- (i) 買賣回收金屬
- (ii) 買賣汽車及相關配件
- (iii) 物業投資
- (iv) 提供金融服務
- (v) 證券買賣及投資
- (vi) 銷售種植材料及產品
- (vii) 提供融資租賃服務(二零二三 年:酒店及相關業務)

本集團之可呈報分部為提供不同產品 及服務之策略性業務單位。由於各業 務需要不同技術及市場推廣策略,故 分開管理各可呈報分部。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Segment profits or losses do not include finance costs and income tax credit. Segment assets do not include goodwill and refundable secured deposit. Segment liabilities do not include deferred tax liabilities, borrowings and bank overdrafts.

Information about reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

9. 分部資料(續)

分部溢利或虧損不包括融資成本及所 得税抵免。分部資產不包括商譽及可 退還已抵押按金。分部負債不包括遞 延税項負債、借款及銀行透支。

有關可呈報分部收益、損益、資產及 負債的資料如下:

		Trading of recycled metals	Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories	Property investment	Provision of financial services	Securities trading and investment	Sales of plantation materials and products	Provision of finance lease services (2023: hotel and related business) 提供融資 租賃服務	Others	Total
		買賣 回收金屬	買賣汽車及 相關配件	物業投資	提供 金融服務	證券買賣及 投資	銷售 種植材料及 產品	(二零二三年: 酒店及 相關業務)	其他	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Year ended 30 June 2024	截至二零二四年 六月三十日止年度									
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶的收益	9,822	63,726	3,932	307	-		4,784	246	82,817
Segment (loss)/profit comprising:	分部(虧損)/溢利包括:	(1,155)	3,787	(15,009)	(727)	1,046	(43,242)	3,192	61	(52,047)
Loss arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of biological assets	生物資產公允值變動減 出售成本產生之虧損	_	_	_	_	_	(38,595)	_	_	(38,595)
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(52)	(651)	(1)	(676)	-	(4,588)	-	_	(5,968)
Proceeds from disposal of listed securities	出售上市證券之所得款項	-	-	-	-	1,115	-	-	-	1,115
Costs of disposal of listed securities	出售上市證券之成本	-	-	-	-	(1,018)	-	-	-	(1,018)
Net unrealised gain on listed securities	上市證券的未變現收益淨額	-	-	-	-	955	-	-	-	955
Net gain on fair value changes in investments at fair value through	按公允值計入損益之投資之 公允值變動之收益淨額									
profit or loss	机次先带八八左射带	_	537	-	_	-	_	_	_	537
Fair value loss on investment properties	投資物業公允值虧損 應收款項減值虧損撥備	_		(17,294)	_	_	_	_	_	(17,294)
Provision for impairment loss of receivables	愿收款俱减值虧損預備 於二零二四年六月三十日	_	(319)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(319)
At 30 June 2024 Segment assets	水-会-四年ハ月二十日 分部資産	950	84.896	241,233	9.589	5.043	256,511	38.792	_	637,014
Segment liabilities	力 部 負 債	193	13,388	7,156	1,570	467	1,784	46,986		71,544
-		195	13,300	7,130	1,570	407	1,/04	40,500		71,344
Year ended 30 June 2023	截至二零二三年六月三十日止年度		co 270	1.000	200			2.494		
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶的收益	17,417	60,279	4,236	298	-	_	2,184	_	84,414
Segment (loss)/profit comprising:	分部(虧損)/溢利包括:	(1,795)	3,538	1,199	(5,092)	(246)	(21,390)	1,210	-	(22,576)
Loss arising from changes in fair value less	生物資產公允值變動減	_	_				(10 550)	_		(10 550)
costs to sell of biological assets Depreciation and amortisation	出售成本產生之虧損 折舊及攤銷	(1,325)	(580)	(1)	(799)	_	(16,556) (4,775)		_	(16,556) (9,776)
Fair value loss on investment properties	57 mm 及策明 投資物業公允值虧損	(1,523)	(500)	(1)	(755)	_	(4,773)	(2,290)	_	(1,918)
Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes in investments at fair value through profit	按公允值計入損益之投資之 公允值變動之收益/(虧損)			(1,510)						(1,510)
or loss	ムル国友助之収益/(虧預) 淨額	_	748	_	_	(236)	_	_	_	512
Reversal of provision/(provision) for impairment loss of receivables	應收款項減值虧損撥備撥回/ (撥備)	167	(370)	_	(4,290)	_	_	_	_	(4,493)
Reversal of provision for impairment loss of right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損撥備撥回	_	_	_	_	_	_	3,595	_	3,595
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日									
Segment assets	分部資產	1,755	83,946	258,995	8,333	825	300,970	38,272	-	693,096
Segment liabilities	分部負債	894	16,116	6,039	133	467	1,792	46,447	_	71,888

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

9. 分部資料(續)

Reconciliations of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

有關可呈報分部收益、損益、資產及 負債的對賬如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue:	收益:		
Total revenue of reportable segments	可呈報分部總收益	82,817	84,414
Loss:	虧損:		
Total loss of reportable segments	可呈報分部總虧損	(52,047)	(22,576)
Other profit or loss:	其他損益:		
Finance costs	融資成本	(6,801)	(4,133)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	10,594	4,934
Corporate and unallocated items	企業及未分配項目	(23,830)	(13,425)
Consolidated loss for the year	年度綜合虧損	(72,084)	(35,200)
Assets:	資產:		
Total assets of reportable segments	可呈報分部總資產	637,014	693,096
Goodwill	商譽	1,087	1,087
Refundable secured deposit	可退還已抵押按金	11,000	11,000
Corporate and unallocated assets	企業及未分配資產	12,297	13,509
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產	661,398	718,692
Liabilities:			
Total liabilities of reportable segments	可呈報分部總負債	71,544	71,888
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	64,017	75,123
Borrowings and bank overdrafts	借款及銀行透支	84,841	74,148
Corporate and unallocated liabilities	企業及未分配負債	21,974	21,213
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債	242,376	242,372

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

9. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

9. 分部資料(續)

Geographical information:

地區資料:

			Revenue 收益		ent assets 协資產
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
The PRC	中國	9,661	13,987	256,506	300,964
Hong Kong	香港	68,093	67,693	197,049	199,649
Macau	澳門	159	409	_	—
Taiwan		120	141	_	_
Nepal	尼泊爾	4,784	2,184	—	—
		82,817	84,414	453,555	500,613

In presenting the geographical information, revenue is based on the locations of the customers. 於呈列地區資料時,收益乃根據客戶 所在地計算。

Revenue from major customers:

來自主要客戶的收益:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories	買賣汽車及相關配件		
Customer A	客戶A	14,872	38,966
Customer B	客戶B	N/A*	9,138
Customer C	客戶C	34,019	N/A*
Trading of recycled metals	買賣循環再造金屬		
Customer D	客戶D	N/A*	9,350

Revenue from the above customers individually contributed more than 10% of the total revenue of the Group.

來自上述客戶的收益個別佔本集團總 收益10%以上。

* Customers did not contribute more than 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

客戶並無佔本集團截至二零二四年及 二零二三年六月三十日止年度總收益 10%以上。

*

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

10. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES 10. 其他收入、收益及虧損

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Sponsor income	贊助收入	1,056	1,428
Government subsidy	政府補貼	—	248
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備之收益	456	3,601
Gain on waiver of other payables	豁免其他應付款項之		
	收益	—	5,857
Others	其他	413	404
		1,925	11,538

11. FINANCE COSTS

11. 融資成本

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Interest on bank loans	銀行貸款利息	4,434	2,318
Interest on bank overdrafts	銀行透支利息	204	—
Interest on other loan	其他貸款利息	13	—
Lease interests	租賃利息	2,150	1,815
		6,801	4,133

12. INCOME TAX CREDIT

12. 所得税抵免

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax — Hong Kong Profits Tax Provision for the year Over-provision in prior years	即期税項 — 香港利得税 年度撥備 過往年度超額撥備	175 (3)	289 (6)
		172	283
Current tax — PRC Enterprise Income Tax Deferred tax <i>(note 33)</i>	即期税項 — 中國企業所 得税 遞延税項(<i>附註33)</i>	22 (10,788)	108 (5,325)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	(10,594)	(4,934)

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

12. INCOME TAX CREDIT (CONTINUED)

Under the two-tiered Profits Tax regime, the first HK\$2 million of profits of the qualifying group entity established in Hong Kong will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above that amount will be subject to the tax rate of 16.5%. The profits of the group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered Profit Tax rate regime will continue to be taxed at a rate of 16.5%.

Profits of the group entities established in the PRC will be taxed at the PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate of 25% (2023: 25%).

Tax charge on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretation and practices in respect thereof.

Reconciliation between income tax credit and the product of loss before tax multiplied by the PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate is as follows:

12. 所得税抵免(續)

根據利得税兩級制,在香港成立的合資格集團實體首2百萬港元溢利將按8.25%之税率徵税,而該金額以上的溢利將須按16.5%之税率繳税。不符合利得税兩級制資格的集團實體之溢利將繼續按16.5%之税率徵税。

在中國成立的集團實體的溢利將按中國企業所得税税率25%(二零二三年:25%)徵税。

其他地區之應課税溢利税項開支已按 本集團經營所在國家之現行税率,根 據有關現行法例、詮釋及常規計算。

所得税抵免與除税前虧損乘以中國企 業所得税税率所得的積之對賬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(82,678)	(40,134)
Tax calculated at applicable tax rate of 25% (2023: 25%)	按適用税率25% (二零二三年:25%) 計算之税項	(20,670)	(10,034)
Effect of different tax rates of the subsidiaries	附屬公司税率不一之 影響	1,995	1,536
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible	不可扣減開支之税務 影響	2,285	1,545
Tax effect of income that are not taxable	毋須課税收入之税務 影響	(974)	(891)
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised	未確認暫時差額之税務 影響	4,355	659
Tax reduction	税務扣減	(249)	(595)
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(3)	(6)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損之税務 影響	2,667	2,852
Income tax credit		(10,594)	(4,934)

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

13. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

13. 年度虧損

The Group's loss for the year is stated at after charging/ (crediting) the following:

本集團年度虧損乃經扣除/(計入)下 列各項後列示:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	4,556	4,742
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	980	980
Cost of inventories recognised as an	確認為開支之存貨成本		
expense		65,093	68,490
Depreciation	折舊	2,521	5,650
Gain on disposals of property,	出售物業、廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備之收益	(456)	(3,601)
Expenses related to short-term leases	有關短期租賃之開支	795	712
Staff costs (including directors'	員工成本		
remuneration):	(包括董事酬金):		
— salaries, bonuses and allowances	— 薪金、花紅及津貼	13,237	13,538
— retirement benefit scheme	— 退休福利計劃供款		
contributions		288	323
		13,525	13,861

During the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023, the Group had no forfeited contribution under defined contribution retirement schemes utilised to reduce the existing levels of contributions. As at 30 June 2024 and 2023, there was no forfeited contribution under defined contribution retirement schemes which may be used by the Group to reduce the contribution payable in the future years. 截至二零二四年及二零二三年六月 三十日止年度內,本集團並無動用定 額供款退休計劃項下的已沒收供款以 降低現行供款水平。於二零二四年及 二零二三年六月三十日,概無定額供 款退休計劃項下的已沒收供款可能會 由本集團動用,以降低未來年度的應 付供款。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

14. 董事及行政總裁酬金

(a) The emoluments of each director are as follows:

(a) 各名董事酬金列載如下:

總計	4,072	2,520	_	54	6,646
李智豪先生 <i>(附註(ii))</i>	70	-	-	—	70
香志恒先生	120	-	-	-	120
王子敬先生 <i>(附註(i))</i>	30	-	-	-	30
黃貴生先生	120	-	-	-	120
獨立非執行董事					
戚道斌先生	480	120	-	18	618
鍾少樺先生	1,056	600	-	-	1,656
黃保強先生	300	1,200	-	18	1,518
梁廣才先生	360	-	-	-	360
執行董事					
楊智恒先生	1,536	600	_	18	2,154
行政總裁兼執行董事					
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	袍金	薪金及津貼	酌情花紅	供款	總計
				退休福利計劃	
	Fees	allowances	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Total
		Salaries and	Discretionary	benefit	
			二零二四年	Dethemant	
			2024		
	楊智恒先生 執行 了才先生 黃保保先生 威強 大生 致 支 生 先生 黄 士 先生 (<i>附註(i)</i>) 香 智豪 先生 (<i>附註(ii</i>))	袍金 HK\$'000 <u>千港元</u> 行政總裁兼執行董事 楊智恒先生 1,536 執行董事 梁廣才先生 360 黃保強先生 1,056 戚道斌先生 獨立非執行董事 黃貴生先生 王子敬先生(<i>附註(i)</i>) 香志恒先生 李智豪先生(<i>附註(ii</i>))	補金 and Fees allowances 抱金 薪金及津貼 HKS'000 千港元 行政總裁兼執行董事 HKS'000 線智恒先生 1,536 600 執行董事 360 漢廣才先生 360 黃保強先生 1,056 600 螺道斌先生 480 120 獨立非執行董事 黃貴生先生 120 王子敬先生(附註(i)) 30 香志恒先生(附註(iii)) 70	二零二四年 Salaries and Pees Discretionary bonuses 複金 薪金及津貼 HKS'000 酌情花紅 HKS'000 青港元 千港元 竹広300 竹政總裁兼執行董事 1,536 600	Retirement benefit allowancesRetirement benefit scheme allowancesRetirement benefit scheme achtibutions ake afkack #新金及津貼 书先でRetirement benefit achtibutions aktemp 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け にRetirement benefit achtibutions achtibutions 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け 出け にRetirement benefit achtibutions 出け 出け 出け 出け 出た 出たRetirement benefit achtibutions 出け 出け 出け 出た 出た 出たRetirement benefit achtibutions 出け 出け 出た 出た 出た 出たRetirement benefit Scheme 出け 出た 出た 出た に精智恒先生 軟行董事 案項法先生 出け

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

14. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

- (a) The emoluments of each director are as follows: (Continued)
- (a) 各名董事酬金列載如下: (續)

Total	總計	4,092	1,160	_	54	5,306
Mr. Heung Chee Hang, Eric	香志恒先生	120	_	_	_	120
Mr. Ong Chi King	王子敬先生	120	—	—	—	120
Mr. Wong Kwai Sang	黃貴生先生	120	_	_	—	120
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Chik To Pan	戚道斌先生	480	—	—	18	498
Mr. Chung Siu Wah	鍾少樺先生	1,056	250	—	—	1,306
Mr. Wong Po Keung	黃保強先生	300	660	—	18	978
Mr. Leung Kwong Choi	梁廣才先生	360	—	—	—	360
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Yeung Chi Hang	楊智恒先生	1,536	250	_	18	1,804
Chief executive officer and executive director	行政總裁兼執行董事					
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		袍金	薪金及津貼	酌情花紅	退休福利計劃 供款	緫言
		Fees	allowances	bonuses	contributions	Tota
			Salaries and	Discretionary	Retirement benefit scheme	
				二零二三年		
				2023		

Notes:

(i) Mr. Ong Chi King resigned on 25 September 2023.

(ii) Mr. Lee Chi Ho was appointed on 5 December 2023.

There was no arrangement under which a director and chief executive waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

附註:

(ii) 李智豪先生已於二零二三年 十二月五日獲委任。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年 六月三十日止年度,董事及行 政總裁概無訂立放棄或同意放 棄任何酬金的安排。

⁽i) 王子敬先生已於二零二三年九 月二十五日辭任。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

14. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

individuals are set out below:

14. 董事及行政總裁酬金(續)

(b) 五名最高薪人士

年內,本集團五名最高薪人士 包括三名(二零二三年:三名) 董事,其酬金載列於上文附註 (a)。餘下兩名(二零二三年:兩 名)人士之酬金列載如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Basic salaries, allowances and benefits-in-kind	基本薪金、津貼及實物 利益	2,000	2,000
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	18	18
		2,018	2,018

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during

the year included three (2023: three) directors whose emoluments are set out in note (a) above. The

emoluments of the remaining two (2023: two)

酬金介乎下列範圍:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Nil–HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001–HK\$1,500,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至	1	1
	1,500,000港元	1	1
		2	2

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or the highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

15. LOSS PER SHARE

Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$67,660,000 (2023: HK\$35,065,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 433,348,602 (2023: 407,307,623, as adjusted to reflect the share consolidation in April 2024) in issue during the year.

Diluted loss per share

The effects of all potential ordinary shares are anti-dilutive for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

本集團概無向任何董事或最高 薪人士支付酬金,作為加入本 集團或於加入本集團時之獎勵 或離職補償。

15. 每股虧損

每股基本虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本虧損之計 算基準為本公司擁有人應佔年內 虧損約67,660,000港元(二零二三 年:35,065,000港元)及年內已發行 普通股加權平均數433,348,602股(二 零二三年:407,307,623股(經調整以 反映二零二四年四月的股份合併))。

每股攤薄虧損

截至二零二四年及二零二三年六月 三十日止年度的所有潛在普通股影響 屬反攤薄。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

16. DIVIDENDS

The directors do not recommend or declare the payment of any dividend in respect of the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

17. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

16. 股息

董事並不建議或宣佈就截至二零二四 年及二零二三年六月三十日止年度派 付任何股息。

17. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements	Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢具、裝置及	Motor vehicles	Total
		租賃裝修	₿ <u>₩</u> 表重及 設備	汽車	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本				
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	8,342	10,337	4,148	22,827
Additions	添置	303	128	1,750	2,181
Disposals	出售	(2,361)	(2,862)	(4,028)	(9,251)
Derecognised	終止確認	(5,827)	(2,476)	—	(8,303)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(185)	(77)	_	(262)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日	272	5,050	1,870	7,192
Additions	添置	230	93	—	323
Transfer from right-of-use assets	轉移自使用權資產	—	_	664	664
Disposals	出售	(20)	(1,060)	(1,784)	(2,864)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	482	4,083	750	5,315
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊				
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	2,442	8,448	4,148	15,038
Charge for the year	於年內扣除	782	617	419	1,818
Disposals	出售	(2,361)	(2,749)	(4,028)	(9,138)
Derecognised	終止確認	(728)	(1,345)	—	(2,073)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	_	(36)	_	(36)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日	135	4,935	539	5,609
Charge for the year	於年內扣除	64	81	400	545
Disposals	出售	(6)	(1,060)	(545)	(1,611)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	193	3,956	394	4,543
Carrying amount	賬面值				
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	289	127	356	772
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	137	115	1,331	1,583

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

18. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

18. 使用權資產

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 30 June:	於六月三十日:		
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產		
— Land and buildings	一 土地及樓宇	2,678	1,288
— Motor vehicles	一 汽車	2,454	3,766
		5,132	5,054
Lease commitments of short-term leases	短期租賃之租賃承擔	392	712
The maturity analysis, based on undiscounted cash flows, of the Group's lease liabilities is as follows:	本集團按未貼現現金流 量之租賃負債到期日 分析如下:		
— Less than 1 year	一 少於1年	4,830	3,070
— Between 1 and 2 years	— 1至2年	6,598	5,891
— Between 2 and 5 years	— 2至5年	10,800	11,840
— Over 5 years	一 超過5年	45,102	45,668
		67,330	66,469
Year ended 30 June:	截至六月三十日止年度:		
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊開支		
— Land and buildings	一 土地及樓宇	1,284	3,518
— Motor vehicle	一 汽車	692	314
		1,976	3,832
Lease interests	租賃利息	2,150	1,815
Reversal of provision for impairment loss on right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損撥 備撥回	_	(3,595)
Expenses related to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關之開支	795	712
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃現金流出總額	(3,550)	(4,433)
Additions to right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產	3,234	2,894

The Group leases various land use rights, land and buildings and motor vehicles. Lease agreements are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 19 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants and the leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes. 本集團租賃各種土地使用權、土地及 樓宇以及汽車。租賃協議一般按1至 19年的固定期限制訂。租賃條款乃按 個別基準磋商釐定,並包含各種不同 條款及條件。租賃協議不施加任何契 諾,且租賃資產不得用作借款的抵 押。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

19. 投資物業

		Car parking spaces 信恵位	Industrial properties 工業機業	Total ゅう
		停車位 HK\$′000	工業物業 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Fair value	公允值			
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	191,900	73,678	265,578
Change in fair value	公允值變動		(1,918)	(1,918)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額		(5,641)	(5,641)
Transfer to assets held for sale (note 23)	轉移至持作出售資產 <i>(附註23)</i>	_	(66,119)	(66,119)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日 及二零二三年七月一日	191,900	_	191,900
Change in fair value	公允值變動	(1,900)	_	(1,900)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	190,000	_	190,000

The car parking spaces are situated in Hong Kong. As at 30 June 2024, the fair value of the car parking spaces is approximately HK\$190,000,000 (2023: HK\$191,900,000), which was arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by Ravia Global Appraisal Advisory Limited ("Ravia"), an independent professional valuer. The fair value is based on the direct comparison approach under fair value measurement level 2.

停車位位於香港。於二零二四年 六月三十日,停車位之公允值約為 190,000,000港元(二零二三年: 191,900,000港元),乃按獨立專業估 值師瑞豐環球評估諮詢有限公司(「瑞 豐」)進行之該估值為基準達致。公允 值乃根據直接比較法於公允值計量第 二級計算。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

The industrial properties are situated in the PRC. As at 30 June 2024, the fair value of the industrial properties is approximately HK\$50,498,000 (equivalent to RMB47,000,000) (2023: HK\$66,119,000 (equivalent to RMB61,200,000)), which was arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out by Ravia. The fair value is based on the market approach for land and replacement cost approach for buildings and structures under fair value measurement level 2. The industrial properties are grouped as assets classified as held for sale (note 23).

The Group leases out its investment properties under an operating lease. The lease term is 2 years (2023: 1 year). The lease is on a fixed rental basis and include variable lease payments.

As at 30 June 2024 and 2023, the car parking spaces with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$190,000,000 (2023: HK\$191,900,000) were pledged to a bank to secure banking facilities available to the Group. A deed of assignment of rental income from the car parking spaces was executed in the favour of the bank.

20. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

19. 投資物業(續)

工業物業位於中國。於二零二四年六 月三十日,工業物業之公允值約為 50,498,000港元(相等於人民幣 47,000,000元)(二零二三年: 66,119,000港元(相等於人民幣 61,200,000元)),乃按瑞豐進行之 估值為基準達致。土地以及樓宇及構 建物之公允值乃分別根據市場法及重 置成本法於公允值計量第二級計算。 該等工業物業被分類為持作出售資產 組別(附註23)。

本集團按經營租賃出租其投資物業。 租期為2年(二零二三年:1年)。該租 賃乃按固定租金基準,並包括可變租 賃付款。

於二零二四年及二零二三年六月三十 日,總賬面值約為190,000,000港元 (二零二三年:191,900,000港元)之 停車位已就授予本集團之銀行融資質 押予一間銀行作為抵押。以銀行為受 益人執行了一項停車位租金收入轉讓 契約。

20. 生物資產

		Standing timbers 未採伐林木 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2022 Change in fair value less costs to sell Exchange differences	於二零二二年七月一日 公允值變動減出售成本 匯兑差額	267,079 (16,556) (20,042)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023 Change in fair value less costs to sell	於二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日 公允值變動減出售成本	230,481 (38,595)
Exchange differences At 30 June 2024		(928) 190,958

The Group's biological assets represent standing timbers on plantation land of approximately 30,000 Chinese Mu with a lease term of 30 years, expiring in 2038. The standing timbers comprise mostly poplar trees (accounting over 99% of the total standing timbers), mixed with a very small portion of other species of deciduous trees such as elm and willow. During the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023, the Group did not harvest or sell any standing timbers. 本集團之生物資產指位於約30,000中 國畝種植土地上的未採伐林木,該種 植土地的租期為30年,於二零三八年 屆滿。未採伐林木主要為白楊樹(佔 全部未採伐林木超過99%),夾雜少 數其他品種的落葉喬木,例如榆樹及 柳樹。截至二零二四年及二零二三年 六月三十日止年度,本集團並無砍伐 或銷售任何未採伐林木。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

20. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The Group's standing timbers as at 30 June 2024 were independently valued by Colliers Appraisal and Advisory Services Co., Ltd. ("Colliers") which comprises a group of independent professional valuers with experience and expertise in relation to biological assets valuation. Their team consists of professional valuers and agricultural experts who work together in a wide array of biological assets to ensure the reliability and fairness of their valuation results. Accordingly, the directors are of the view that Colliers is independent and competent to determine the fair value of the Group's biological assets.

Colliers has adopted a market approach for the valuation of standing timbers. The method uses the present market value in terms of price per unit cubic meter of round logs and the total merchantable volume of timbers on the plantation land as at 30 June 2024 as a basis for calculating the fair value less costs to sell of the biological assets. Colliers has adopted the measured merchantable volume of standing timbers as indicated by an independent forest surveyor engaged by the Group and also verified the market price per cubic meter of logs by referencing to the market price lists, after taking into account of local timber manufacturing factories as well.

The management of the Company reviewed the valuation performed by Colliers for financial reporting purposes. The management of the Company:

- assessed the valuation techniques;
- verified all major inputs to the independent valuation reports; and
- held discussions with the independent valuer on the valuation basis, processes and results.

The management of the Company reported directly to the directors. Discussions of the valuation techniques, changes in market information, the valuation processes and results were held between the directors, the management of the Company and Colliers to ensure the valuation has been performed properly.

20. 生物資產(續)

本集團於二零二四年六月三十日未採 伐林木的價值由北京高力國際土地房 地產資產評估有限公司(「高力國際」) 獨立評估,其由一組具備生物資值值 經驗及專業知識的獨立專業估值 組成。團隊包括專業估值師專 家,彼等於多項生物資產攜手合作, 確保估值結果可靠及公平。因此,董 事認為高力國際屬獨立及具備能力釐 定本集團生物資產的公介值。

高力國際已就未採伐林木的估值採納 市場法。該方法按二零二四年六月 三十日圓木的每單位立方米價格及種 植土地上林木的可推銷總量計的現時 市值作為計算生物資產之允值減出時 成本的基準。經計及當地林木製造畸 後,高力國際已採納本集團所委聘 量可推銷數量,亦經參考市價清單核 實木材的每立方米市價。

本公司管理層已審閱高力國際就財務 報告目的所進行的估值。本公司管理 層已:

- 一 評估估值技術;
- 核實獨立估值報告的所有重大 輸入數據;及
- 與獨立估值師就估值基準、流 程及結果進行討論。

本公司管理層直接向董事匯報。董 事、本公司管理層及高力國際之間曾 就估值技術、市場資料變動、估值流 程及結果進行討論,以確保估值已經 妥為進行。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

20. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The principal assumptions adopted are as follows:

- 1. no material changes in the existing financial, economic, taxation, legal, forestry technological, nature conditions, political conditions, climate and any other natural condition; and
- 2. the market conditions in which the region operate, which are material to revenue and costs of the businesses will have no material change.

The valuation techniques used in the determination of fair values as well as the key inputs used in the valuation models are disclosed in note 7.

Nature risk

The Group's revenue depends significantly on the ability to harvest wood at adequate levels. The ability to harvest on the plantation land and the growth of the trees on the plantation land may be affected by unfavorable local weather conditions and natural disasters. Severe weather conditions and natural disasters such as earthquakes, rainfall, underground water, fire, disease, insect infestation and pests are examples of such events. The occurrence of severe weather conditions or natural disasters may diminish the supply of trees available for harvesting on the plantation land, or otherwise impede the Group's logging operations or the growth of the trees on the plantation land, which in turn may have a material adverse effect on the Group's ability to produce the products in sufficient quantities and a timely manner.

20. 生物資產(續)

所採納的主要假設如下:

- 現有財務、經濟、税務、法律、 林業科技、天然狀況、政治狀況、氣候及任何其他天然狀況 並無重大變動;及
- 經營所在地區的市況(對業務的 收益及成本而言屬重大)將並無 重大變動。

釐定公允值所用之估值技術及估值模 型所用之關鍵輸入數據於附註7披露。

自然風險
For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

21. 無形資產

		Operating rights 經營權 HK\$'000	Exclusive distribution rights 獨家分銷權 HK\$'000	Vehicle registration marks 汽車牌照 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Cost	成本				
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	147,710	24,115	_	171,825
Additions	添置	_		498	498
Eliminated on disposal of	於出售一間附屬公司時				
a subsidiary	對銷	—	(24,115)	—	(24,115
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(11,473)		_	(11,473
At 30 June 2023 and	於二零二三年六月三十日	426.227		400	426 725
1 July 2023	及二零二三年七月一日	136,237	_	498	136,735
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(750)			(750
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	135,487	—	498	135,985
Accumulated amortisation and impairment losses	累計攤銷及減值虧損				
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	66,881	24,115	_	90,996
Amortisation for the year	年內攤銷	4,742	_	_	4,742
Eliminated on disposal of a subsidiary	於出售一間附屬公司時 對銷		(24,115)	_	(24,115
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(5,396)	_	_	(5,396
At 30 June 2023 and	於二零二三年六月三十日				
1 July 2023	及二零二三年七月一日	66,227	—	—	66,227
Amortisation for the year	年內攤銷	4,556	_	—	4,556
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(404)	_	—	(404
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	70,379	_		70,379
Carrying amount	賬面值				
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年六月三十日	65,108	_	498	65,606
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年六月三十日	70,010		498	70,508

The operating rights relate to the favorable aspect of the right to use and operate the plantation land of a subsidiary of the Company. The subsidiary was acquired in the year ended 30 June 2009. The intangible assets are amortised using straight-line method over the useful life of 30 years and the remaining useful life is 14 (2023: 15) years.

經營權與本公司附屬公司使用及經營 種植土地權利的有利內容有關。本公 司於截至二零零九年六月三十日止年 度收購該附屬公司。無形資產使用直 線法於為期30年的可使用年期內攤 銷,而餘下可使用年期為14年(二零 二三年:15年)。 For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The impairment assessment of the Group's operating rights as at 30 June 2024 were independently performed by AP Appraisal Limited who is an independent professional valuer with relevant experience and expertise in relation to intangible assets valuation. Accordingly, the directors are of the view that AP Appraisal Limited is independent and competent to determine the impairment assessment of the Group's operating rights.

The management of the Company reported directly to the directors. Discussions of the valuation techniques, changes in market information, the impairment assessment processes and results were held between the directors, the management of the Company and AP Appraisal Limited to ensure the impairment assessment has been performed properly.

With reference to a valuation conducted by AP Appraisal Limited, the recoverable amount of the Group's operating rights is higher than its carrying amount and no impairment has been recognised during the year ended 30 June 2024. The recoverable amount has been determined on the basis of the value in use by using discounted cash flow method (level 3 fair value measurements). The discount rate used was 14.3% (2023: 16.4%).

The vehicle registration marks have an indefinite useful life and they are carried at cost less any subsequent impairment losses. No amortisation is provided until the respective useful life is determined to be finite. Instead, they will be tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that they might be impaired. The management of the Group determined that there was no impairment of vehicle registration marks as the market value exceeds the carrying amount as at the end of the reporting period.

22. GOODWILL

21. 無形資產(續)

本集團於二零二四年六月三十日的經 營權利減值評估由AP Appraisal Limited獨立進行,其為具有無形資產 估值相關經驗及專業知識的獨立專業 估值師。因此,董事認為AP Appraisal 屬獨立並具有能力釐定本集團經營權 利的減值評估。

本公司管理層直接向董事匯報。董 事、本公司管理層及AP Appraisal Limited就估值技術、市場資料變動、 減值評估流程及結果進行討論,以確 保妥善進行減值評估。

經參考AP Appraisal Limited進行的估 值,截至二零二四年六月三十日止年 度,本集團經營權利的可收回金額高 於其賬面值,且並無確認減值。可收 回金額已使用貼現現金流量法(三級 公允值計量)按使用價值釐定。已使 用的貼現率為14.3%(二零二三年: 16.4%)。

汽車牌照具有無限可使用年期,且其 按成本減任何其後減值虧損列賬。概 不計提攤銷,直至釐定相關可使用年 期為有限為止。反之,其將每年或更 頻密地(倘事件或情況變動顯示其可 能減值)進行減值測試。本集團管理 層釐定由於於報告期末之市值超出賬 面值,故汽車牌照並無減值。

22. 商譽

		HK\$′000 千港元
Cost	成本	
At beginning and end of reporting period	於報告期初及期末	1,087
Goodwill acquired in a business combination acquisition, to the CGU that are expected that business combination. The carrying amon had been allocated to the CGU of trading of	to benefit from ount of goodwill	業務合併中收購的商譽於收購時分配 至預期受惠於業務合併的現金產生單 位。商譽賬面值已分配至汽車買賣現 金產生單位。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

22. GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

Impairment testing of goodwill

Trading of motor vehicles CGU

Goodwill is tested for impairment for this CGU by the management by estimating the recoverable amount of the CGU based on value-in-use calculation.

As at 30 June 2024, the value-in-use calculation uses cash flow projections based on the financial budgets approved by the management covering a 5-year period. Key assumptions used by the management in the value-in-use calculation of the CGU include budgeted revenue and gross profit margin. The pre-tax discount rate used for estimating the value in use is 8.54%. The assumptions have been determined based on past performance and management's expectations in respect of the motor vehicles trading in Hong Kong and the PRC.

The management is not currently aware of any other probable changes that would necessitate changes in its key estimates. No impairment loss has been recognised for the years ended 30 June 2024 and 2023.

23. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE/ LIABILITIES ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

On 31 March 2023, the Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement with an independent third party (the "Purchaser") to dispose of its 100% equity interest in a subsidiary, namely First Rank Corporation, and all of its 80% equity interest in two subsidiaries, namely Warner Investments Limited and 東莞大新科技有限公司 for a consideration of HK\$59,000,000. The disposal group mainly holds industrial properties with fair value of approximately HK\$50,498,000 in the PRC. The assets and liabilities of the disposal group, which are expected to be sold within twelve months, have been classified as a disposal group held for sale and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position. The disposal group is included in the Group's property investment segment. Reference is made to the Company's announcement dated 5 December 2023, the Group entered into a supplemental agreement with the Purchaser to extend the completion date to December 2024 or earlier.

As at 30 June 2024, the disposal have not been completed and presented the relevant assets and liabilities were classified as held for sale.

22. 商譽(續)

商譽減值測試

汽車買賣現金產生單位

管理層就該現金產生單位進行商譽減 值測試的方法為根據使用價值計算估 計現金產生單位的可收回金額。

於二零二四年六月三十日,使用價值 計算使用以管理層批准五年期間之財 務預算為根據的現金流預測。管理層 於現金產生單位使用價值計算中使用 的主要假設包括預算收益及毛利率。 估計使用價值的税前貼現率為 8.54%。假設乃根據有關香港及中國 汽車買賣的過往表現及管理層預期釐 定。

管理層目前並不知悉導致必須改變其 主要估計的任何其他可能變動。截至 二零二四年及二零二三年六月三十日 止年度,概無確認減值虧損。

23. 分類為持作出售之資產/與分 類為持作出售之資產相關之負 債

於二零二三年三月三十一日,本集團 與一名獨立第三方(「買方」)訂立買賣 協議,以出售其於一間附屬公司(即 First Rank Corporation)之全部股權 及其於兩間附屬公司(即Warner Investments Limited及東莞大新科技 有限公司)之全部80%股權,代價為 59,000,000港元。出售集團主要持有 公允值約50,498,000港元之中國工業 物業。出售集團之資產及負債(預期 將於十二個月內出售)已分類為持作 出售之出售集團,並在綜合財務狀況 表內分開呈列。出售集團計入本集團 之物業投資分部。茲提述本公司日期 為二零二三年十二月五日的公佈,本 集團與買方訂立一份補充協議,以將 完成日期延長至二零二四年十二月或 更早。

於二零二四年六月三十日,出售尚未 完成,且呈列相關資產及負債分類為 持作出售。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

23. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE/ LIABILITIES ASSOCIATED WITH ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

23. 分類為持作出售之資產/與分 類為持作出售之資產相關之負 債(續)

The major classes of assets and liabilities comprising the disposal group classified as held for sale at 30 June 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

於二零二四年及二零二三年六月三十 日組成分類為持作出售集團之資產及 負債主要類別如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Investment properties Cash and cash equivalents	投資物業 現金及等同現金	50,498 226	66,119 109
Total assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售之資產 總額	50,724	66,228
Other payables and total liabilities associated with assets classified as held for sale	其他應付款項,以及與 分類為持作出售之資 產相關之負債總額	(11,041)	(10,195)
Net assets of the disposal group	出售集團之資產淨值	39,683	56,033

24. INVENTORIES

24. 存貨

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Goods for resale	轉售貨品	29,549	33,445

25. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

25. 應收賬款及其他應收款項

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade receivables	應收賬款	28,874	25,339
Less: provision for impairment loss of trade receivables	減:應收賬款減值虧損 撥備	(8,884)	(8,565)
		19,990	16,774
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他		
other receivables	應收款項	23,877	20,886
Total	總計	43,867	37,660

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

25. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

The Group's trading terms with customers are mainly on credit. The credit terms generally range from 30 to 90 (2023: 30 to 90) days. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. For new customers, payment in advance or cash on delivery is normally required. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by the directors.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date, and net of allowance, is as follows:

25. 應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

本集團主要以信貸方式與客戶訂立交 易條款。信貸期一般介乎30至90天 (二零二三年:30至90天)不等。每位 客戶均有信貸上限。新客戶通常須提 前付款或貨到付款。本集團力求對其 尚未償還應收款項維持嚴格監控。董 事定期檢閱逾期結餘。

應收賬款按發票日期之賬齡分析(已 扣除撥備)如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
0–90 days	0至90天	15,534	11,576
91–180 days	91至180天	3,447	1,134
181–360 days	181至360天	12	2,164
Over 360 days	超過360天	997	1,900
		19,990	16,774

The movement in provision for impairment of trade receivables is as follows:

應收賬款減值撥備變動如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$′000 千港元
Balance at beginning of year	年初結餘	8,565	8,231
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	319	503
Eliminated on disposal of a subsidiary	於出售一間附屬公司時 對銷	_	(156)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	_	(13)
Balance at end of year	年終結餘	8,884	8,565

Impaired trade receivables were mainly due from customers with long outstanding balances and the management of the Group considered the recoverability is remote as the related customers were in financial difficulties or have prolonged delay in repayment. The Group did not hold any material collateral over those balances. 已減值應收賬款主要為應收客戶的長 期未償還結餘,而本集團管理層認為 其可回收性低,原因是有關客戶陷於 財政困難或長期拖延還款。本集團並 無就該等結餘持有任何重大抵押品。 For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

25. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

25. 應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

The movement in provision for impairment of prepayments, deposits and other receivables is as follows:

預付款項、按金及其他應收款項減值 撥備變動如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Balance at beginning of year	年初結餘	—	696
Reversal of impairment loss	減值虧損撥回	—	(300)
Eliminated on disposal of a subsidiary	於出售一間附屬公司時		
	對銷	—	(365)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	—	(31)
Balance at end of year	年終結餘	—	_

The Group applies the simplified approach under HKFRS 9 to provide for expected credit losses using the lifetime expected loss provision for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward looking information. 本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號 項下的簡化方法,利用所有應收賬款 的全期預期虧損撥備,計提預期信貸 虧損。為計量預期信貸虧損,應收賬 款已根據共同信貸風險特徵及逾期天 數進行分組。預期信貸虧損亦包括前 瞻性資料。

		Current	1–90 days past due	91–180 days past due	181-360 days past due 已逾期	Over 360 days past due	Total
		即期	已逾期 1至90天	已逾期 91至180天	181至 360天	已逾期 超過360天	總計
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年 六月三十日						
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期虧損率	0%	0%	0%	0%	90%	
Receivable amount (HK\$'000)	應收金額(千港元)	15,534	3,447	_	12	9,881	28,874
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	-	—	-	—	(8,884)	(8,884)
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年 六月三十日						
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期虧損率	0%	0%	0%	0%	85%	
Receivable amount (HK\$'000)	應收金額(千港元)	11,573	1,133	1,414	802	10,417	25,339
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	_	_	_	_	(8,565)	(8,565)

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

25. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers who have no recent history of default and have kept good track records with the Group. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. Based on past experience, the management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there are no significant change in their respective credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable.

26. LOANS RECEIVABLE

25. 應收賬款及其他應收款項(續)

已逾期但未減值之應收款項與多名在 本集團並無近期拖欠歷史及有良好往 績紀錄之獨立客戶有關。本集團並無 就該等結餘持有任何抵押品。根據以 往經驗,管理層相信由於該等結餘各 自並無重大信貸質素變動且仍視為可 全數收回,故毋須就該等結餘作出減 值撥備。

26. 應收貸款

		2024 一	2023 二零二三年
		二零二四年 HK\$′000	
		千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Loans receivable	應收貸款	16,023	16,158
		10,025	10,150
Less: provision for impairment loss of loans receivable	減 : 應收貸款減值虧損 撥備	(8,323)	(8,323)
		7,700	7,835
Loans receivable, secured	應收貸款,有抵押	517	876
Loans receivable, unsecured	應收貸款,無抵押	5,000	5,000
Loan interests receivable, secured	應收貸款利息,有抵押	1	2
Loan interests receivable, unsecured	應收貸款利息,無抵押	2,182	1,957
		7,700	7,835
Analysed as:	分析為:		
Current assets	流動資產	7,539	7,318
Non-current assets	非流動資產	161	517
		7,700	7,835

The loans granted are interest bearing at 6.5%–12% (2023: 2%–20%) per annum. The loan periods are generally 12 to 36 (2023: 12 to 36) months. Loans receivable of approximately HK\$517,000 (2023: HK\$876,000) are secured by watches (2023: watches). The directors of the Company monitored the collectibility of the loans receivable closely with reference to their respective current creditworthiness and repayment records.

授出之貸款按年利率6.5%至12%(二 零二三年:2%至20%)計息。貸款期 間一般為12至36(二零二三年:12至 36)個月。應收貸款約517,000港元 (二零二三年:876,000港元)以手錶 (二零二三年:手錶)作抵押。本公司 董事參考其個別目前信用度及還款記 錄,密切監察應收貸款的可收回性。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

26. LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

The ageing analysis of these loans and interests receivable, based on loan commencement or renewal dates set out in the relevant contracts, is as follows:

26. 應收貸款(續)

根據相關合約載列的貸款開始或重續 日期的該等應收貸款及利息賬齡分析 如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
181–360 days	181至360天	7,182	7,835
Over 360 days	超過360天	518	
		7,700	7,835

The movement in provision for impairment of loans receivable is as follows:

應收貸款減值撥備變動如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Balance at beginning of year	年初結餘	8,323	4,033
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	—	4,290
Balance at end of year	年終結餘	8,323	8,323

The Group applies the simplified approach under HKFRS 9 to provide for expected credit losses using the lifetime expected loss provision for all loans and interests receivable. To measure the expected credit losses, loans and interests receivable have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The expected credit losses also incorporate forward looking information. 本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號 項下的簡化方法,利用所有應收貸款 及利息的全期預期虧損撥備,就預期 信貸虧損計提撥備。為計量預期信貸 虧損,應收貸款及利息已根據共同信 貸風險特徵及逾期天數進行分組。預 期信貸虧損亦包括前瞻性資料。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

26. LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

26. 應收貸款(續)

		Current	91–180 days past due	181-360 days past due 已逾期		Total
		即期	已逾期 91至180天	181至 360天	已逾期 超過360天	總計
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年 六月三十日					
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期虧損率	0%	0%	100%	0%	
Receivable amount (HK\$'000)	應收金額(千港元)	7,700	_	8,323	_	16,023
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	_	_	(8,323)	_	(8,323)
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年 六月三十日					
Weighted average expected loss rate	加權平均預期虧損率	52%	0%	0%	0%	
Receivable amount (HK\$'000)	應收金額(千港元)	16,158			_	16,158
Loss allowance (HK\$'000)	虧損撥備(千港元)	(8,323)		_	_	(8,323)

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

27. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

27. 應收融資租賃款項

		Lease payments 租賃付款		lease pa	value of ayments 款現值
		2024	2023	2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Less than 1 year	少於1年	4,748	3,640	_	
Between 1 and 2 years	1至2年	6,783	6,618	1,906	644
Between 2 and 3 years	2至3年	5,206	5,386	658	829
Between 3 and 4 years	3至4年	4,865	4,793	359	284
Between 4 and 5 years	4至5年	5,080	5,080	638	631
Over 5 years	超過5年	65,773	66,723	33,779	34,359
Less: Unearned finance	減:未賺取財務收入	92,455	92,240	37,340	36,747
income		(55,115)	(55,493)		
Present value of lease payments	租賃付款現值	37,340	36,747		
Less: Amount within 12 months (shown under current assets)	減:於12個月內之 金額(列示於 流動資產)			_	_
Amount receivable after 12 months	於12個月後之 應收款項			37,340	36,747

The Group leases out its hotel business under a finance lease. The lease is on a fixed repayment basis and no arrangements have been entered into for variable lease payments. 本集團根據融資租賃出租其酒店業 務。該租賃按固定還款基準,且概無 就可變租賃付款訂立安排。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

27. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

27. 應收融資租賃款項(續)

Disclosures of finance lease-related items:

融資租賃相關項目披露:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$′000	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Year ended 30 June:	截至六月三十日止年度:		
Finance income on net investment in the lease	租賃投資淨額之財務 收入	4,784	394
Significant changes in net investment in the lease	租賃投資淨額之重大 變動 四一〇新和信款項		
— Increase due to a new lease	— 因一份新租賃款項 增加	_	37,161
— Decrease due to repayments	一 因還款減少	3,344	808

28. INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH 28. 按公允值計入損益之投資 PROFIT OR LOSS

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Equity securities listed in Hong Kong, at fair value	於香港上市之股本 證券,按公允值	5,032	725
Unlisted investment — keyman insurance contract	未上市投資 — 主要人員 保險合約	_	18,908
		5,032	19,633

The fair value of the listed equity securities was determined based on the quoted market bid prices of the corresponding listed equity securities.

The keyman insurance contract related to an insurance policy insured for Mr. Yeung Chi Hang, the chief executive officer and an executive director of the Company. The keyman insurance contract was denominated in US dollars. The fair value of the keyman insurance contract was estimated by making reference to the cash surrender value set out in the policy statement provided by the insurance company. During the year ended 30 June 2024, the keyman insurance contract was surrendered.

As at 30 June 2023, the keyman insurance contract with carrying amount of approximately HK\$18,908,000 was pledged to a bank to secure banking facilities available to the Group.

上市股本證券之公允值乃根據相應上 市股本證券的所報市場購入價釐定。

主要人員保險合約與本公司行政總裁 兼執行董事楊智恒先生投保的保單有 關。該主要人員保險合約以美元計 值。主要人員保險合約的公允值參考 保險公司提供的保單報告所載之退保 現金值予以估計。截至二零二四年六 月三十日止年度,主要人員保險合約 已被解除。

於二零二三年六月三十日,賬面值約 為18,908,000港元的主要人員保險合 約就授予本集團之銀行融資質押予銀 行作為抵押。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

29. REFUNDABLE SECURED DEPOSIT

The Group entered into a sale and purchase agreement and a supplemental agreement on 27 November 2013 and 16 December 2013, respectively, with an independent third party in relation to the acquisition of 100% equity interest of a target company and its subsidiaries which are mainly engaged in hotel operations in the PRC (the "Proposed Acquisition"). On 23 December 2013, an amount of HK\$150,000,000 was paid by the Group as refundable deposit. The refundable deposit was charged over the entire issued share capital of a Hong Kong subsidiary of the target company and was classified as secured deposit for acquisition of subsidiaries as at 30 June 2014.

According to the Company's announcement dated 28 October 2014, the Group and the vendor entered into a termination agreement to terminate the Proposed Acquisition because certain conditions precedent of the Proposed Acquisition were not satisfied. Pursuant to the termination agreement, the Group and the vendor agreed that the refundable deposit shall be refunded to the Group by three installments including HK\$60,000,000; HK\$45,000,000; and HK\$45,000,000, repayable on 10 November 2014, 27 January 2015 and 27 April 2015, respectively. The first installment of HK\$60,000,000 was received by the Company on 7 November 2014.

29. 可退還已抵押按金

根據本公司日期為二零一四年十月 二十八日之公佈,本集團與賣方訂立 終止協議以終止建議收購事項,因為 建議收購事項之若干先決條件尚未達 成,可退還按金將分三期退還予本集 團,包括分別須於二零一四年十一月 十日、二零一五年一月二十七日及二 60,000,000港元、45,000,000港元及 45,000,000港元。本公司已於二零 一四年十一月七日收取第一期款項 60,000,000港元。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

29. REFUNDABLE SECURED DEPOSIT (CONTINUED)

According to the Company's announcement dated 18 June 2015, the Group and the vendor entered into a supplemental termination agreement to amend certain terms of the termination agreement relating to the refund of the remaining refundable deposit. Pursuant to the supplemental termination agreement, the Group and the vendor have agreed that the remaining refundable deposit shall be refunded to the Group by two installments including HK\$20,000,000 and HK\$70,000,000, together with interest as calculated at 5% per annum, repayable on 18 June 2015 and 19 November 2015, respectively. The second installment of HK\$20,000,000 together with interest was received by the Group on 18 June 2015. During the year ended 30 June 2018, the Group received deposit refund of HK\$58,000,000 together with interest income of HK\$2,000,000. The deposit of HK\$12,000,000 was overdue as at 30 June 2021. On 23 August 2021, the Group and the vendor entered into an agreement for the settlement of the remaining refundable deposit of HK\$12,000,000. Pursuant to the agreement, the vendor shall pay HK\$1,000,000 and HK\$11,000,000 with interest as calculated at 1% per annum within 14 days and 24 months, respectively, from the date of agreement signed. During the year ended 30 June 2022, deposit of HK\$1,000,000 was refunded to the Group. The outstanding amount of HK\$11,000,000 (together with the accrued interest) was overdue on 22 August 2023. The board of directors of the Company decided not to extend the settlement date. In 2023, the Company has engaged a Hong Kong solicitors' firm to commence legal proceedings against the vendor and the target company. In July 2024, an application for default judgment has been lodged against the Defendants to the Court of First Instance of the High Court of Hong Kong (the "Court") for approval. In September 2024, the Court made the final and interlocutory judgment and ordered the Defendants to pay the Group, among others, HK\$11,000,000 together with the accrued interest, costs associated with relevant legal documents and due diligence under the proposed acquisition and its subsequent termination, and costs of this action to be summarily assessed.

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that no provision for impairment loss is necessary in respect of this balance as the Group obtains collateral from the vendor of which the estimated value is sufficient to cover the outstanding amount in case of default.

29. 可退還已抵押按金(續)

根據本公司日期為二零一五年六月 十八日之公佈,本集團與賣方訂立一 份補充終止協議,以就退還餘下可退 還按金修訂終止協議之若干條款。根 據 補 充 終 止 協 議,本 集 團 與 賣 方 協 定,餘下可退還按金(包括20,000,000 港元及70.000.000港元連同按年利率 5%計算之利息)將分兩期退還予本集 围,分别於二零一五年六月十八日及 二零一五年十一月十九日償付。本集 團已於二零一五年六月十八日接獲第 二期款項20.000.000港元連同利息。 於截至二零一八年六月三十日止年 度,本集團收取按金退款58,000,000 港元連同利息收入2,000,000港元。 按金12,000,000港元已於二零二一年 六月三十日到期。於二零二一年八月 二十三日,本集團與賣方就清償餘下 可退還按金12.000.000港元訂立一份 協議。根據該協議,賣方須於簽訂協 議日期起計14天及24個月內,分別支 付1.000.000港元及11.000.000港元, 按年利率1%計息。截至二零二二年 六月三十日止年度,按金1,000,000港 元已退還予本集團。未償還金額 11,000,000港元(連同應計利息)已於 二零二三年八月二十二日到期。本公 司董事會決定不會延長償付日期。於 二零二三年,本公司委聘一間香港律 師行就賣方及目標公司展開法律程 序。於二零二四年七月,本公司已向 香港高等法院原訟法庭(「法院」)提出 針對抗辯人的缺席判決申請,以供批 准。於二零二四年九月,法院作出最 終及非正審判決,並頒令抗辯人向本 集團支付(其中包括)11,000,000港元 連同應計利息、與建議收購及其後續 終止項下相關法律文件及盡職審查相 關的成本,以及簡要程序評估的訟 費。

本公司董事認為,由於本集團從賣方 取得的抵押品的估計價值足以於違約 時支付未償還金額,因此毋須就該結 餘計提減值虧損撥備。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

30. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

30. 應付賬款及其他應付款項

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade payables	應付賬款	6,448	10,917
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計 款項	8,683	7,346
Receipt of deposits for disposal of assets classified as held for sale	收取有關出售分類為持 作出售資產之按金	11,800	11,800
		26,931	30,063

The ageing analysis of trade payables, based on the date of receipt of goods, is as follows:

應付賬款按收貨日期之賬齡分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
0–90 days	0至90天	4,913	10,280
91–180 days	91至180天	1,426	528
Over 360 days	超過360天	109	109
		6,448	10,917

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

31. LEASE LIABILITIES

31. 租賃負債

				Present	Present
				value of	value of
		Lease	Lease	lease	lease
		payments	payments	payments	payments
		租賃付款	租賃付款	租賃 付款現值	租賃 付款現值
		2024	2023	2024	2023
			二零二三年		二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	4,830	3,070	2,826	1,205
In the second to fifth years, inclusive	第二至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	17,398	17,731	11,170	11,436
After five years	五年後	45,102	45,668	36,422	36,923
		67,330	66,469	50,418	49,564
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來融資費用	(16,912)	(16,905)		
Present value of lease	租賃責任現值				
obligations		50,418	49,564		
Less: Amount due for settlement within 12 months	減:12個月內到期結 算款項(列示 於流動負債 項下)				
(shown under current liabilities)	(4) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1			(2,826)	(1,205)
Amount due for settlement after 12 months	12個月後到期結算 款項			47,592	48,359

At 30 June 2024, the average effective borrowing rate was 3.99% (2023: 3.91%). Interest rates are fixed at the contract dates and thus expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

於二零二四年六月三十日,平均實際 借貸利率為3.99%(二零二三年: 3.91%)。利率於合約日期已固定, 因此使本集團面臨公允值利率風險。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

32. BORROWINGS

32. 借款

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Bank loans	銀行貸款	81,543	73,342
Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	2,508	—
Director loans	董事貸款	790	806
		84,841	74,148

The banking facilities of the installment loan and revolving loan contain a repayment on demand clause that provides the bank with an unconditional right to demand repayment at any time at its own discretion. As at 30 June 2024, installment loan of approximately HK\$46,543,000 (2023: HK\$49,242,000) is repayable more than one year after the end of the reporting period pursuant to the repayment schedule included in the installment loan agreement. Revolving loans of approximately HK\$35,000,000 (2023: HK\$24,100,000) are repayable on the maturity date of that advance unless the bank allows for a rollover. Bank loans are charged at 1.3% to 3% over HIBOR (2023: 2.75% per annum below the bank's prime lending rate or 3% per annum over HIBOR). Bank overdrafts are charged at 4% over HIBOR. Due to the repayment on demand clause, such amounts of loans were classified as current liabilities as at 30 June 2024 and 2023 in accordance with Hong Kong Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements -Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause. The bank loans are arranged at floating rates, thus exposing the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

As at 30 June 2024, the bank loans were secured by (i) the car parking spaces with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$190,000,000; (ii) a deed of assignment of rental income from the car parking spaces; and (iii) personal guarantee from a director of the Company.

The director loans are unsecured, interest-free and repayable within one year.

The effective interest rate at the end of the reporting period was 5.23% (2023: 3.13%).

分期貸款及循環貸款的銀行融資 載有按要求償還條款,賦予銀行無條 件權利可隨時酌情要求還款。於 二零二四年六月三十日,分期貸款約 46,543,000港 元(二零二三年: 49,242,000港元) 須根據分期貸款協 議所載還款時間表於報告期末後超過 一年後償還。除非銀行分許延期,否 則約35,000,000港元(二零二三年: 24,100,000港元)的循環貸款須於該 >>>>到期日償還。銀行貸款均按高於 香港銀行同業拆息1.3%至3%計息 (二零二三年:低於銀行最優惠利率 每年2.75%或高於香港銀行同業拆息 每年3%)。銀行透支按高於香港銀行 同業拆息4%計息。由於按要求償還 條款,根據香港詮釋第5號財務報表 之呈列 — 借款人對載有按要求償還 條款之定期貸款之分類,該等貸款金 額於二零二四年及二零二三年六月 三十日分類為流動負債。銀行貸款按 浮動利率安排,因此本集團面臨現金 流量利率風險。

於二零二四年六月三十日,銀行貸款 以(i)賬面總值約190,000,000港元之停 車位:(ii)來自停車位的租金收入 轉讓契據:及(iii)本公司一名董事之個 人擔保作抵押。

董事貸款為無抵押、免息及須於一年 內償還。

於報告期末, 實際利率為5.23%(二 零二三年:3.13%)。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

33. DEFERRED TAX

33. 遞延税項

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised by the Group.

以下為本集團確認的主要遞延税項負 債。

		Fair value		
		adjustment on biological assets 生物次支入	Operating rights	Total
		生物資產之 公允值調整	經營權	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 July 2022 Credited to profit or loss for	於二零二二年七月一日 年內於損益計入	66,771	20,206	86,977
the year (note 12)	(附註12)	(4,139)	(1,186)	(5,325)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(5,010)	(1,519)	(6,529)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年 六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日	57,622	17,501	75,123
Credited to profit or loss for the year (note 12)	年內於損益計入 <i>(附註12)</i>	(9,649)	(1,139)	(10,788)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(232)	(86)	(318)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年	47 744	46.276	64.047
	六月三十日	47,741	16,276	64,017

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK\$140,291,000 (2023: HK\$127,737,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the unused tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams of the respective group entities. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$3,904,000 (equivalent to RMB3,633,000) (2023: HK\$4,140,000 (equivalent to RMB3,832,000)) that will expire in 5 years from the year of origination. Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

於報告期末,本集團未動用税項 虧損約140,291,000港元(二零二三年: 127,737,000港元)可供對銷未來 溢利。由於無法預計各集團實體未來 溢利流,故並無就未動用税項虧損 確認遞延税項資產。計入未確認税項 虧損約3,904,000港元(相等 於人民幣3,633,000元)(二零二三年: 4,140,000港元(相等於人民幣 3,832,000元))將自起始年度起計5 年屆滿。其他税項虧損可能無限期結 轉。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

34. SHARE CAPITAL

34. 股本

		Number of Shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised:	法定:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 (2023: HK\$0.02) each	每股面值0.1港元 (二零二三年: 0.02港元)之普通股		
At 1 July 2022, 30 June 2023 and	於二零二二年七月一日、		
1 July 2023	二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日	15,000,000,000	300,000
Share consolidation	股份合併	(12,000,000,000)	
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年 六月三十日	3,000,000,000	300,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:		
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 (2023: HK\$0.02) each	每股面值0.1港元 (二零二三年:0.02港元) 之普通股		
At 1 July 2022, 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二二年七月一日、 二零二三年六月三十日及 二零二三年七月一日	2,036,538,114	40,731
Issue of shares on placement (Note (a)		407,307,622	8,146
Share consolidation (Note (b))	限份合併(<i>附註(b</i>))	(1,955,076,589)	
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年		
	六月三十日	488,769,147	48,877

Notes:

附註:

- (a) On 16 February 2024, the Company entered into a placing agreement with a placing agent in respect of the placement of 407,307,622 ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each to independent investors at a price of HK\$0.04 per share. The placement was completed on 6 March 2024 and the premium on the issue of shares, amounting to approximately HK\$7,820,000, net of share issue expenses of HK\$326,000, was credited to the Company's share premium account.
- (b) Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 5 April 2024, every 5 ordinary shares of HK\$0.02 each in the issued and unissued share capital of the Company were consolidated into one consolidated ordinary share of HK\$0.1 each in the issued and unissued share capital of the Company effective on 9 April 2024.
- (a) 於二零二四年二月十六日,本公司與 配售代理就將407,307,622股每股面值 0.02港元的普通股以每股0.04港元的 價格配售予獨立投資者訂立配售協 議。該配售於二零二四年三月六日完 成,發行股份的溢價約為7,820,000港 元,經扣除發行股份費用326,000港元 後,已計入本公司股份溢價賬。
- (b) 根據於二零二四年四月五日通過的普通決議案,本公司已發行及未發行股本中每5股每股面值0.02港元的普通股已合併為本公司已發行及未發行股本中一股每股面值0.1港元的合併普通股,於二零二四年四月九日生效。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 35. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備 COMPANY AND RESERVES

(a) Statement of financial position of the Company

(a) 本公司之財務狀況表

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產		
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	18	18
Current assets	流動資產		
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他		
other receivables	應收款項	693	634
Due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	270,267	277,929
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	554	1,789
		271,514	280,352
Current liabilities	流動負債		
Other payables	其他應付款項	14,582	13,836
Due to subsidiaries	應付附屬公司款項	72,860	64,012
		87,442	77,848
Net current assets	流動資產淨額	184,072	202,504
NET ASSETS	資產淨額	184,090	202,522
Capital and reserves	資本及儲備		
Share capital	股本	48,877	40,731
Reserves	儲備	135,213	161,791
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額	184,090	202,522

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 35. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備 COMPANY AND RESERVES (CONTINUED) (續)

(b) Reserves of the Company

(b) 本公司儲備

		premium	Share-based compensation reserve 股份酬金儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年 七月一日	1 210 501	12 (20	(1.040.047)	174.004
Loss for the year	年度虧損	1,210,501	12,630	(1,049,047) (12,293)	174,084 (12,293)
At 30 June 2023	於二零二三年 六月三十日	1,210,501	12,630	(1,061,340)	161,791
At 1 July 2023	於二零二三年 七月一日	1,210,501	12,630	(1,061,340)	161,791
Placing of new shares (note 34(a))	配售新股 <i>(附註34(a))</i>	7,820	_	_	7,820
Loss for the year	年度虧損	—	_	(34,398)	(34,398)
Share options lapsed	已失效之購股權	—	(3,293)	3,293	-
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年 六月三十日	1,218,321	9,337	(1,092,445)	135,213

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves of the Group

(i) Share premium account

Under the Companies Act (as revised) of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Statutory reserve

In accordance with the relevant regulations of the PRC, the group entities established in the PRC are required to transfer a certain percentage of the profit after tax, if any, to a statutory reserve. Subject to certain restrictions as set out in the relevant regulations, the statutory reserve may be used to offset the accumulated losses, if any, of the group entities.

(c) 本集團儲備之性質及用途

(i) 股份溢價賬

根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂),本公司股份溢價 賬之資金可分派予本公司 股東,惟前提是緊隨建議 分派股息日期後,本公司 將能夠在日常業務過程中 償還到期債項。

(ii) 法定儲備

根據中國相關法規,於中 國成立之集團實體須將若 干比例之除税後溢利(如 有)轉撥至法定儲備。在 遵守相關法規所載之若干 限制的情況下,法定儲備 可用作抵銷集團實體之累 計虧損(如有)。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

35. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY AND RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves of the Group (Continued)

(iii) Capital reserve

Capital reserve represents the difference between the capital injection made by the Company over the nominal value of the registered capital of the subsidiaries in the PRC.

(iv) Share-based compensation reserve

Share-based compensation reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to directors and employees of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for equity-settled share-based payments in note 4.

(v) Foreign currency translation reserve

Foreign currency translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 4.

36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Equity-settled share option scheme

The existing share option scheme of the Company was approved on 11 November 2015 ("Share Option Scheme") (the 10% general limit under the said share option scheme has been refreshed pursuant to a resolution passed by the shareholders of the Company at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 11 November 2015). The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide the Group with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, and/or providing benefits to the participant and to provide the participant with the opportunity to acquire a personal stake in the Group and to build common objectives of the Group and the participant for the betterment of business and profitability of the Group and its shareholders as a whole.

35. 本公司之財務狀況表及儲備 (續)

- (c) 本集團儲備之性質及用途 (續)
 - (iii) 資本儲備

資本儲備指本公司注入之 資金與中國附屬公司註冊 資本面值之間的差額。

(iv) 股份酬金儲備

股份酬金儲備指已根據就 以權益結算以股份為基礎 付款(見附註4)採納之會 計政策,確認向本集團董 事及僱員授出之實際或估 計數目之未行使購股權之 公允值。

(v) 外匯兑換儲備

外匯兑換儲備包括換算海 外業務財務報表所產生之 所有匯兑差異。有關儲備 根據附註4所載之會計政 策處理。

36. 以股份為基礎的付款

以股權結算之購股權計劃

本公司現行購股權計劃於二零一五年 十一月十一日獲批准(「購股權計劃」) (根據本公司於二零一五年十一月 十一日舉行的股東週年大會獲本公司 股東通過的決議案更新前購股權計劃) 目在舉一人一般上限)。購股權計劃 的10%一般上限)。購股權計劃 旨在集團以靈活方式向參提供 利,以及給予參與者於本集團與參與者 之間建立共同目標,以改善本集團 篇 位。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

The Board of Directors may, at their discretion, invite any participant to take up options. An option is deemed to have been granted and accepted by the grantee upon his or her signing the duplicate letter comprising acceptance of the option and paying HK\$1 by way of consideration for the grant thereof.

The subscription price for shares in the Company under the Share Option Scheme will be the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares in the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the offer date (which date must be a business day); (ii) a price being the average of the closing prices of the shares in the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the offer date; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company.

The total number of shares in the Company which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares in the Company in issue as at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme. An option may be exercised during a period to be determined by the directors in its absolute discretion and in any such period shall not be longer than 10 years from the date upon which the option is granted.

The maximum entitlement for any one participant is that the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each participant under the Share Option Scheme in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue of the Company. Any further grant of options in excess of the 1% limit shall be subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting with such participant and his or her associates abstaining from voting. The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of 10 years from the date upon which the option is deemed to be granted and accepted.

36. 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

以股權結算之購股權計劃(續)

董事會可酌情邀請任何參與者接納購 股權。承授人簽署一式兩份表示接納 購股權之函件及支付1港元作為接納 購股權之代價後,購股權將被視為已 授出及獲承授人接納。

根據購股權計劃,本公司股份認購價 須為以下各項之最高者:(i)提呈購股 權當日(必須為營業日)在聯交所每日 報價表所報本公司股份收市價;(ii)緊 接提呈購股權當日前五個營業日聯交 所每日報價表所報本公司股份收市價 的平均價;及(iii)本公司股份面值。

因根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他 購股權計劃將予授出之全部購股權 行使而可發行之本公司股份總數, 合 共不得超過於批准購股權計劃當日本 公司已發行股份總數的10%。購股權 可於董事全權酌情釐定之期間內行 使,惟在任何情況下,有關期間不得 超過購股權授出日期後10年。

根據購股權計劃,任何一名參與者在 任何十二個月期間內因行使各參與者 獲授購股權而發行及將予發行之股份 總數最高配額,不得超過本公司已發 行股份總數1%。任何進一步授出超 過1%限額之購股權,須經股東於股 東大會批准,而該名參與者及其聯繫 人不得就此投票。購股權計劃於購股 權被視為已授出及接納之日期起計10 年期間內有效。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

36. 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

Details of the movements of share options are as follows:

以股權結算之購股權計劃(續)

購股權變動之詳情如下:

					Number of sh 購股權		
Grantees	Date of grant	Exercise period	Exercise price per share HK\$ (Note)	Balance as at 1 July 2022, 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023 於二零二二年 七月一日、 二零二三年	Lapsed during the year	Adjustment for share consolidation (Note)	Balance as at 30 June 2024
承授人	授出日期	行使期	每股行使價 港元(附註)	_ ← ♥ _ ニ + + 六月三十日及 二零二三年 七月一日之結餘 HK\$ 港元	於年內失效	就股份合併 作出之調整 (附註)	於二零二四年 六月三十日之 結餘
Executive directors	22 April 2016	22 April 2016- 21 April 2026	1.032	42,428,451	_	(33,942,761)	8,485,690
執行董事	二零一六年四月 二十二日	二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日					
Executive directors	5 June 2018	5 June 2018– 4 June 2028	1.585	9,900,000	-	(7,920,000)	1,980,000
執行董事	二零一八年六月五日	二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日					
Chief executive officer	22 April 2016	22 April 2016– 21 April 2026	1.032	14,142,817	-	(11,314,255)	2,828,562
行政總裁	二零一六年四月 二十二日	二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日					
Chief executive officer	5 June 2018	5 June 2018– 4 June 2028	1.585	2,800,000	-	(2,240,000)	560,000
行政總裁	二零一八年六月五日	二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日					
ndependent non- executive directors	5 June 2018	5 June 2018– 4 June 2028	1.585	3,000,000	(1,000,000)	(1,600,000)	400,000
燭立非執行董事	二零一八年六月五日	二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日					
An employee	22 April 2016	22 April 2016– 21 April 2026	1.032	14,142,817	(14,142,817)	—	_
一名僱員	二零一六年四月 二十二日	二零一六年四月二十二日至 二零二六年四月二十一日					
Employees	5 June 2018	5 June 2018– 4 June 2028	1.585	18,700,000	(10,500,000)	(6,560,000)	1,640,000
僱員	二零一八年六月五日	二零一八年六月五日至 二零二八年六月四日					
				105,114,085	(25,642,817)	(63,577,016)	15,894,252
Weighted average exercise price (HK\$) 加權平均行使價(港元)				0.2426			1.1913

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

36. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Equity-settled share option scheme (Continued)

Note:

Reference is made to the Company's announcement dated 5 April 2024. On 9 April 2024, for share options granted on 22 April 2016, the exercise price and number of share options have been adjusted from HK\$0.2064 to HK\$1.032 and from 56,571,268 shares to 11,314,252 shares, respectively, and for share options granted on 5 June 2018, the exercise price and number of share options have been adjusted from HK\$0.317 to HK\$1.585 and from 22,900,000 shares to 4,580,000 shares, respectively, as a result of the share consolidation. Details are set out in note 34(b).

The fair value of share options was calculated using the binomial pricing model. The inputs into the model are as follows:

36. 以股份為基礎的付款(續)

以股權結算之購股權計劃(續)

附註:

兹提述本公司日期為二零二四年四月五日之 公佈。於二零二四年四月九日,由於股份合 併,就於二零一六年四月二十二日授出之購 股權而言,其行使價及購股權數目已分別由 0.2064港元調整至1.032港元及由56,571,268 股調整至11,314,252股,而就於二零一八年 六月五日授出之購股權而言,其行使價及購 股權數目已分別由0.317港元調整至1.585港 元及由22,900,000股調整至4,580,000股。詳 情載於附註34(b)。

購股權之公允值乃使用二項期權定價 模型計算。該模型之輸入數據如下:

Date of grant		22 April 2016 二零一六年	5 June 2018 二零一八年
授出日期		四月二十二日	六月五日
Stock price	股價	HK\$0.198	HK\$0.315
		0.198港元	0.315港元
Strike price	行使價	HK\$0.2064	HK\$0.317
		0.2064港元	0.317港元
Historical volatility	歷史波幅	96.86%	47.82%
Contractual life (years)	合約年期(年)	10	10
Risk free rate	無風險利率	1.311%	2.125%
Dividend yield	股息收益率	0%	0%
Early exercise multiple	提早行使倍數	2.8	2.2-2.8
Exit rate per annum	年流失率	22.92%	0%-27.32%

Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous 10 years. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on the Group's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations.

預期波幅乃根據本公司股價於過往十 年之歷史波幅的計算而釐定。該模式 所用之預計年期已根據本集團之最佳 估計,就不可轉讓、行使限制及行為 因素所造成之影響予以調整。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

37. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT STATEM

37. 綜合現金流量表之附註

(a) 購買非控股權益

如下:

(a) Purchase of non-controlling interests

follows:

On 13 April 2023, the Group acquired the remaining 40% interest in a subsidiary from the non-controlling shareholders at a cash consideration of HK\$40. The effect of the acquisition on the equity attributable to the owners of the Company is as follows:

於二零二三年四月十三日,本 集團自非控股股東收購一間附 屬公司之其餘40%權益,現金 代價為40港元。收購對本公司 擁有人應佔權益之影響如下:

			HK\$′000 千港元
Share of net liabilities in the subsidiary acquired	分佔所收購附屬2 淨額	公司負債	(1,904)
Consideration	代價		—
Loss on acquisition recognised directly in equity	直接於權益確認之	2收購虧損	(1,904)
On 20 November 2023, the Group acquired remaining 49% interest in a subsidiary from a controlling shareholder at a cash consideration HK\$49. The effect of the acquisition on the attributable to the owners of the Company	non- on of equity	本集團按現 名非控股股 司之其餘49	年十一月二十日, 金代價49港元自一 東收購一間附屬公)%權益。收購對本 、應佔權益之影響

		HK\$′000 千港元
Share of net liabilities in the subsidiary acquired	分佔所收購附屬公司負債 淨額	(178)
Consideration	代價	—
Loss on acquisition recognised directly in equity	直接於權益確認之收購虧損	(178)

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

37. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT 37. 综合現金流量表之附註(續) OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

(b) 融資活動產生之負債變動

The following table shows the Group's changes in liabilities arising from financing activities during the year:

下	表	列	示	年	內	本	集	專	融	資	活	動
產	生	Ż	負	債	變	動	:					

		Borrowings	Lease liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities 融資活動產生
		借款	租賃負債	之總負債
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
At 1 July 2022	於二零二二年七月一日	68,215	50,341	118,556
Changes in cash flows Non-cash changes	現金流量變動 非現金變動	3,637	(3,721)	(84)
— additions	一添置	—	2,894	2,894
 interest charged offset with finance 	— 已計利息 — 抵銷融資租賃應收	2,318	1,815	4,133
lease receivables — exchange differences	款項 — 匯兑差額及其他	_	(120)	(120)
and others		(22)	(1,645)	(1,667)
At 30 June 2023 and 1 July 2023	於二零二三年 六月三十日及			
	二零二三年七月一日	74,148	49,564	123,712
Changes in cash flows Non-cash changes	現金流量變動 非現金變動	3,754	(2,755)	999
— additions	一 添置	—	3,234	3,234
 interest charged offset with finance 	— 已計利息 — 抵銷融資租賃應收	4,447	2,150	6,597
lease receivables — exchange differences	款項 — 匯兑差額及其他	-	(1,377)	(1,377)
and others		(16)	(398)	(414)
At 30 June 2024	於二零二四年 六月三十日	82,333	50,418	132,751

38. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

38. 或然負債

The Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities at 30 June 2024 and 2023.

本集團於二零二四年及二零二三年六月三十日並無任何重大或然負債。

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

39. COMMITMENTS

39. 承擔

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had contracted with a tenant for the following minimum lease payments receivable:

於報告期末,本集團就以下應收最低 租賃付款與一名租戶訂有合約:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	3,000	2,000
In the second to fifth years inclusive	第二至第五年		
	(包括首尾兩年)	2,000	—
		5,000	2,000

The Group leases its investment properties (note 19) under an operating lease arrangement which runs for an initial period of 2 years (2023: 1 year), with an option to renew the lease terms at the expiry date or at dates as mutually agreed between the Group and the tenant.

40. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(b)

(a) In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, during the year, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions. 本集團根據經營租賃安排租賃其投資 物業(附註19),初步租期為2年(二零 二三年:1年),可選擇於到期日或本 集團與租戶雙方協定之日期重續租 期。

40. 關連人士交易

(a) 除於該等綜合財務報表其他部 分披露之交易及結餘外,年 內,本集團訂立以下重大關連 人士交易。

					2024	— 	2023 — — — / —
				二零二			三三年
				HK\$	000	I	HK\$'000
				千	港元		千港元
	s to a related company 向一間關 ote 1)	連公司銷售			644		40
	hase from a related company 自一間關鍵 otes 1 and 2) (附註1)	連公司購買 及 <i>2)</i>			157		
Notes	x.			附註:			
1.	 Goods were sold to and purchased from a company whose director is the spouse of a director of the Company's subsidiary. 				購買貨品	品,該公司	自一間公司 董事為本公 事之配偶。
2.	The corresponding amount is presented as trade	payables.		2.	相應金額	領乃呈列為	應付賬款。
Key management personnel remuneration			(b)	主要	管理人	員薪酬	
Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors and all the highest paid employees, is disclosed in note 14.				括支付	寸予本	公司董事	之薪酬包 及全體最 附註14披

For the year ended 30 June 2024 截至二零二四年六月三十日止年度

41. PARTICULARS OF THE PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES 41. 本公司主要附屬公司詳情 OF THE COMPANY

The amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

應收/應付附屬公司的款項為無抵 押、免息及無固定還款期。

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at 30 June 2024 are as follows:

於二零二四年六月三十日,本公司主 要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and operation	Issued and paid-up capital	Percentage of ownership interest		Principal activities	
名稱	註冊成立/註冊及 營運地點	已發行及 繳足資本	擁有權 Direct	百分比 Indirect	主要業務	
			直接	間接		
Grand Diamond Investment Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	_	Provision of money lending services	
君鑽投資有限公司	香港	1港元			提供借貸服務	
International Richway Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	_	Securities trading and investments, and trading of computer accessories	
國際富旭有限公司	香港	10,000港元			證券買賣及投資,以及買賣電腦配件	
Prima Choice Limited	The British Virgin Islands	US\$1	100%	_	Investment holding	
	英屬處女群島	1美元			投資控股	
Harvest Top Development Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	-	100%	Property investment	
潤昇發展有限公司	香港	10,000港元			物業投資	
BAC HK Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	_	90%	Trading of motor vehicles and related accessories	
	香港	10,000港元			買賣汽車及相關配件	
Power Asia Motorsport Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	_	90%	Trading of motorcycles and related accessories	
	香港	10,000港元			買賣電單車及相關配件	
佛山凱金林業有限公司 (Note 1)(附註1)	the PRC	HK\$600,000	—	100%	Plantation related business	
	中國	600,000港元			種植相關業務	
東莞大新科技有限公司 (Note 1)(附註1)	the PRC	HK\$77,000,000	—	80%	Property investment	
	中國	77,000,000港元			物業投資	
CER Ho Wun Motors Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	_	51%	Trading of motor vehicle accessories and investment holding	
好運車業有限公司	香港	100港元			買賣汽車配件及投資控股	
好運車業(深圳)有限責任公司 (Note 1) (附註1)	the PRC	_	_	51%	Trading of motor vehicle accessories	
	中國				買賣汽車配件	
Samuel Environmental Resources (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	_	Trading of recycled metals	
森淼環保產業(香港)有限公司	香港	1港元			買賣回收金屬	
Art Profit Corporation Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	_	100%	Provision of finance lease services	
	香港	1港元			提供融資租賃服務	

Note 1: Wholly-owned foreign enterprise established in the PRC.

42. APPROVAL OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 September 2024.

附註1: 於中國成立之全資海外企業。

42. 批准綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表於二零二四年九月三十 日獲董事會批准並授權刊發。 A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements and reclassified as appropriate, is set out below.

本集團過往五個財政年度的業績與資產及 負債之概要載於下文,內容乃摘錄自己刊 發之經審核財務報表,並於適當情況下重 新分類。

RESULTS 業績		For the years ended 30 June 截至六月三十日止年度						
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年		
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元		
Revenue	收益	82,817	84,414	93,188	77,878	75,406		
Loss before tax Income tax credit/(expense)	除税前虧損)所得税抵免/	(82,678)	(40,134)	(13,222)	(50,056)	(56,782)		
· · ·	(開支)	10,594	4,934	(1,606)	1,114	1,008		
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(72,084)	(35,200)	(14,828)	(48,942)	(55,774)		
Other comprehensive (loss)/income	其他全面(虧損)/ 收益	(1,180)	(24,949)	(8,404)	30,913	(12,423)		
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額	(73,264)	(60,149)	(23,232)	(18,029)	(68,197)		
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year attributable to:	以下人士應佔年度 全面 (虧損) / 收益總額:							
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	(68,824)	(59,312)	(24,899)	(16,058)	(67,610)		
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(4,440)	(837)	1,667	(1,971)	(587)		
		(73,264)	(60,149)	(23,232)	(18,029)	(68,197)		

ASSETS AND LIABILITIE 資產及負債	5			As at 30 June 於六月三十日	•	
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	491,056	556,785	673,988	669,382	641,280
Current assets	流動資產	170,342	161,907	106,520	130,268	121,118
Current liabilities	流動負債	(130,767)	(118,890)	(108,942)	(125,289)	(73,436)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(111,609)	(123,482)	(135,097)	(114,660)	(111,230)
Net assets	資產淨值	419,022	476,320	536,469	559,701	577,732
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:					
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	409,944	462,980	524,196	549,095	565,158
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	9,078	13,340	12,273	10,606	12,574
Total equity	權益總額	419,022	476,320	536,469	559,701	577,732