

## **WELCOME**

## GROWTH, IMPACT, HIGH PERFORMANCE



his was a record-breaking year for Ecolab. Thanks to the best sales and service team in the business, we delivered record sales, record adjusted earnings per share, record operating income margins and record free cash flow by taking care of our customers. Our team's unparalleled reach and unique capabilities have protected the health of 1.4 billion people, conserved water equivalent to the drinking needs of nearly 800 million people, safeguarded a third of the world's processed food production, and supported more than a fifth of the world's power production. And we delivered our best year ever the right way, being named the most admired company in our industry and one of the world's most ethical companies for the 19th consecutive year.

Ecolab's performance was impressive and broad-based:

 Industrial accelerated its performance, generating strong new business wins

while exploring emerging microelectronics and global high-tech opportunities.

- Institutional & Specialty delivered impressive growth in a down market, helping our restaurant and lodging customers improve performance, optimize labor and reduce costs.
- Healthcare & Life Sciences refocused on the infection prevention and instrument reprocessing needs of hospital customers, while continuing to emerge as a future leader in the fast-growing biotechnology sector.
- Pest Elimination delivered robust performance, as it made sizable investments in the scalable digital capabilities that will support future growth.

This success is the product of the passion and expertise of 48,000 Ecolab associates serving at millions of customer locations across more than 170 countries around the world. We believe the rich diversity of our associates, customers and communities around the world is our strength. That's why we draw a direct connection between our best year ever and the most engaged and inclusive workforce in our history.

While I am proud of what our winning team achieved in 2024, I am just as excited for what lies ahead as we invest in our people and the solutions that will fuel our continued growth. New digital technologies will extend the positive impact of our sales and service team,

with Artificial Intelligence powered dish machines, circular water systems and connected pest management delivering new insights and value for our customers.

The world is also at a moment of incredible change and opportunity. as it makes the transition to Artificial Intelligence. This evolution will reward those who can successfully address the resource constraints presented by a power- and water-intensive technology. These demands play into Ecolab's strengths, and we are perfectly positioned to address the water and cooling needs of this high-growth industry.

A fascinating chapter has just begun, and Ecolab's services and solutions have never been more relevant. We have a solid growth formula in place, the right plan to invest in our business, and a winning people strategy that will fuel continued high performance for the vears ahead.

I thank you for your investment in Ecolab and your continued belief in our team.

**Christophe Beck** CHAIRMAN & CEO

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Thanks to the best sales and service team in the business, we delivered record sales, record earnings per share, record operating income margins and record free cash flow by taking care of our customers.

- Christophe Beck

#### **DELIVERING FOR OUR SHAREHOLDERS**

s we reflect on another outstanding year for Ecolab, the Board of Directors would like to extend our heartfelt thanks to the company's 48,000 associates. Under the capable leadership of Christophe and his executive team, Ecolab has consistently met high expectations, delivered positive impacts for our customers, and provided sustained returns for its shareholders.

By the end of the year, the company achieved record sales, adjusted earnings per share, operating income margins and free cash flow. This performance underpinned the Board's confidence as we approved a 14% increase in our quarterly cash dividend – the 33rd consecutive annual dividend increase.

We have made positive changes to the Board, adding new directors with a range of perspectives and expertise to support the company's growth ambitions.

In February 2024, we welcomed Judson Althoff as an independent director and member of the Audit and Finance Committees. With Ecolab building a new global high-tech business and furthering our digital programs, Judson's global executive and technology experience at Microsoft has proven to be a valuable addition.

In February 2025, we welcomed Michel Doukeris, Chief Executive Officer of AB InBev, as an independent director. Michel's experience leading a major global company and his deep knowledge of complex operations, world-class branding of innovative products and winning in consumer industries will make him a tremendous asset to the Board.

We also look forward to welcoming another independent director in Marion Gross, currently Executive Vice President and Global Chief Supply Chain Officer at McDonalds. Marion has extensive international business expertise with specialist knowledge of global supply chains and the foodservice industry. Marion plans to retire from her current executive role prior to her election to the Ecolab Board.

Together, these directors will offer a wealth of knowledge and insights that will help guide Ecolab's growth strategy.

In February 2025, Arthur Higgins informed the board that he would not stand for re-election at the annual meeting. Arthur has provided so much to our Board and to Ecolab, consistently offering independent advice based on his knowledge of the healthcare and life sciences sectors. He has been a valued colleague, and we thank him for his many significant contributions to the company.

As Lead Independent Director, I work to serve the best interests of Ecolab's shareholders by ensuring that your independent directors provide critical oversight and are closely involved in the company's major strategic decisions.



On behalf of the Board, I have also worked to represent your interests by actively seeking and responding to feedback from our investors to align Ecolab's strategies with their interests and expectations.

Finally, the Board would like to thank you for your continued confidence in our company. We have the privilege of witnessing firsthand the many reasons why that confidence is well placed. Ecolab has a history of delivering innovation and high performance, even in uncertain times. The company has the right strategy, leadership and structure to build on its record year and deliver continued shareholder returns.

David W. Maclennan

David W. MacLennan
LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

# **ATRUSTED PARTNER**

Ecolab's innovative solutions improve operational efficiencies and sustainability for customers in the food, healthcare, life sciences, hospitality and industrial markets.

> STRONG STOCK **PERFORMANCE IN 2024**



n innovative and trusted partner at millions of customer locations, Ecolab Inc. is a global sustainability leader offering water, hygiene and infection prevention solutions and services that protect people and the resources vital to life.

Building on a century of innovation, Ecolab's approximately 48,000 associates deliver comprehensive science-based solutions, data-driven insights and world-class service to advance food safety, maintain clean and safe environments and optimize water and energy use. Ecolab's innovative solutions improve operational efficiencies and sustainability for customers in the food, healthcare, life sciences, hospitality and industrial markets in more than 170 countries around the world.

From hotels, restaurants and healthcare facilities to food and beverage plants, manufacturing plants and power generation facilities across the globe, Ecolab's more than 25,000-strong sales-andservice team, the industry's largest and best trained, uses innovative solutions, digital technologies and unmatched insights to help solve the most pressing challenges our customers face. Many of the world's

leading companies rely on Ecolab to help ensure product quality and guest satisfaction, maintain brand reputation and achieve their operational and sustainability goals.

Ecolab is headquartered in St. Paul, MN, and its common stock is listed under the ticker symbol ECL on the New York Stock Exchange. For more information, visit ecolab.com or call 1.800.2.ECOLAB. Follow us on LinkedIn @Ecolab, Instagram @Ecolab Inc and Facebook at @Ecolab.

#### FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND RISK FACTORS

We refer readers to the company's disclosures titled "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors," which begin on page 16 of Form 10-K.

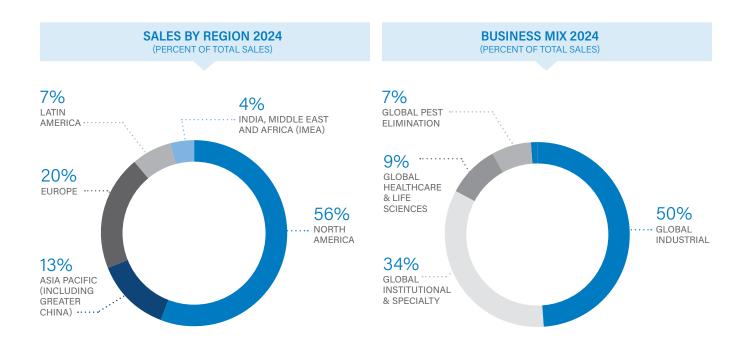


### CONTINUING OPERATIONS — MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE

PERCENT CHANGE

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	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2024	2023	2022	2021
Net Sales	15,741.4	\$15,320.2	\$14,187.8	\$12,733.1	\$11,790.2	3%	8%	11%	8%
Net Income from Continuing Operations Attributable to Ecolab	2,112.4	1,372.3	1,091.7	1,129.9	967.4	54%	26%	-3%	17%
Net Income from Continuing Operations as a Percent of Sales	13.4%	9.0%	7.7%	8.9%	8.2%	-	-	-	-
Diluted Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations	7.37	4.79	3.81	3.91	3.33	54%	26%	-3%	17%
Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share from Continuing Operations (non-GAAP measure)	6.65	5.21	4.49	4.69	4.02	28%	16%	-4%	17%
Diluted Weighted-Average Common Shares Outstanding	286.6	286.5	286.6	289.1	290.3	0%	0%	-1%	0%
Cash Dividends Declared per Common Share	2.36	2.16	2.06	1.95	1.89	9%	5%	6%	3%
Cash Provided by Operating Activities from Continuing Operations	2,813.9	2,411.8	1,788.4	2,061.9	1,741.8	17%	35%	-13%	18%
Capital Expenditures	994.5	774.8	712.8	643.0	489.0	28%	9%	11%	31%
Ecolab Shareholders' Equity	8,757.3	8,044.7	7,236.1	7,224.2	6,166.5	9%	11%	0%	17%
Return on Beginning Equity	26.3%	19.0%	15.1%	18.3%	11.1%	-	-	-	-
Total Debt	7,564.9	8,181.8	8,580.4	8,758.2	6,686.6	-8%	-5%	-2%	31%
Net Debt to EBITDA (non-GAAP measure)	1.7	2.4	3.2	3.4	2.4	-	-	-	-
Total Assets	\$22,387.8	\$21,846.6	\$21,464.3	\$21,206.4	\$18,126.0	2%	2%	1%	17%
· · · · · · ·							2%	1%	

Adjusted earnings per share amounts exclude the impact of special gains and charges, discrete taxes and the impact of the Purolite acquisition.



#### **BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS**

# **EFFICIENCY UNLOCKED**





Ecolab's new DishIQ™ program combines digital capabilities with proprietary data science models to create an adaptive dish machine that solves these challenges.

## DishIQ™

#### Increasing customer productivity while delivering best in class performance

Dish machines are a crucial component in any commercial kitchen, requiring consistent operation every shift. Variables like pre-scraping procedures, water conditions and the number of guests change every day and our customers need solutions beyond what traditional dish machines can deliver. They expect a solution that adapts automatically to their unique needs delivering the best possible cleaning performance. Our customers also continue to experience a combination of high labor, water and energy rates and expect next generation solutions to reduce their dish machine's cost of operation.

Ecolab's new DishIQ™ program combines digital capabilities with proprietary data science models to create an adaptive dish machine that solves these challenges. Remote monitoring and predictive maintenance models identify critical issues that our service associates can fix before they cause costly downtime or rewash.

A new customer-facing application provides real time operational updates and proactively identifies when key operational tasks are needed, supported by built in training. This enables our customers to focus on their operational priorities such as inventory, staffing, guest experience, and food quality.

Ecolab's DishIQ™ program delivers incredible value for our customers. The combination of technology, equipment and service with our best-in-class chemistry enhances productivity, delivers exceptional performance and creates efficient and reliable operations for the long-term growth and success of our customers.



#### **Pest Elimination delivers innovation** and value for customers

After exceeding \$1 billion of revenue for the first time, Ecolab's Pest Elimination business continued its strong growth trajectory in 2024 by delivering value for a wide range of commercial customers across 30 countries globally.

Underpinning confidence in the segment's growth is our continued investment in Pest Intelligence, an innovative program created by Ecolab that reduces pest activity for our customers. The impact of Pest Intelligence is realized through our highly-trained service professionals who use actionable insights from advanced data-driven models to solve customer problems.

Our unique, comprehensive Pest Intelligence program builds from a successful history of using a sciencebased approach to achieve a high level of service quality. The program leverages sensor technology to enhance

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- ECOLAB PEST ELIMINATION



our Pest Elimination service through advanced analytics, predictive modeling, and stronger customer partnerships. Our associates extend their reach and positive customer impact through root cause analysis and actions taken to prevent future pest activity.

The Pest Intelligence program will be core to the business's continued digital transformation. Designed to predict pest risk, proactively address issues, and ultimately exceed customer expectations, we are energized by the growth of our Pest Elimination business and how new technologies improve our support of customers around the world.

#### **Future-focused innovation in Life Sciences**

Ecolab continues to elevate its Life Sciences offering for customers, introducing new innovations to deliver cost efficiencies and accelerate the production of life-saving drugs for patients worldwide.



#### **Artificial Intelligence: Driving water** demand, delivering water solutions

The AI revolution is driving demand for data center capacity, and with it, the demand for natural resources. Water plays an essential role in data center cooling, transferring heat 23.5 times more effectively than air. This growing sector has created an urgent need for sustainable solutions that disconnect

Al's rapid growth from the strain it traditionally places on natural resources.

In 2024, Ecolab collaborated with Digital Realty, a leading global provider of data center co-location and interconnection solutions, to pilot Al-driven solutions that help minimize water use, maintain system performance and protect data center operations from water-related

Our collaborative efforts are helping Digital Realty evaluate water practices across its sites and implement digitally enabled monitoring and measurement tools to help track and manage progress.

Ecolab is proud to innovate Al-powered water solutions with Digital Realty, showcasing how next-generation technology can elevate water stewardship across industries.

## **DurA Cycle™**

Ecolab also launched DurA Cycle™ Chromatography Resin, a protein A purification resin designed for largescale biologic manufacturing of monoclonal antibodies. DurA Cycle™ resin is crucial for biologic drug developers focused on cost efficiency. It offers high productivity, lower aggregation and reduced processing time, increasing manufacturing efficiencies and a lower cost per gram of the commercial drug product. DurA Cycle™ resin is the latest addition to Ecolab's Purolite Resins toolbox, addressing the complex purification of modern biologic drugs.



Launched in 2024, our innovative **CLEEN Technology Program offers** digital solutions for environmental control, cleaning, and validation. An enterprise-level solution, CLEEN helps pharmaceutical companies reduce compliance risks, enhance quality, and boost revenue by digitizing workflows and minimizing downtime between production runs. This increased efficiency allows our customers to reallocate labor to other valuable plant needs.



- CLEEN TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM

# INTEGRITY & PURPOSE

## **Doing Business The Right Way**

We lead with our values and are driven to uphold ethical, inclusive and responsible policies and practices wherever we operate. Our values and commitment to integrity are why we're trusted by our customers, our partners and our communities, Ecolab is managed under the direction of our 13-person board of directors, comprised of members with diverse business backgrounds and experiences, and we have transparent disclosure of our corporate governance practices.

The company also has formal policies and procedures in place to ensure we uphold the highest legal and ethical standards, regardless of when and where we conduct business. The Ecolab Code of Conduct is a guide to the principles and ethics that the company expects all employees to adhere to when making decisions and acting on its behalf. More than a policy, the Code of Conduct serves as the foundation of our success. The values reflected in the Code of Conduct help us continue to succeed in an increasingly competitive global marketplace.

### **Our Impact Within Our** Company

We're committed to an inclusive culture where all associates belong and are encouraged to reach their full potential. We seek to foster an engaged workforce that reflects our longstanding value of working together to integrate diverse perspectives to

challenge ourselves, reach our goals and do what's right. And we endeavor to maintain vendor relationships that reflect Ecolab's commitment to supporting all communities.

#### **Our Impact Within Our** Communities

In keeping with our company's culture of giving, we focused on giving back and making a positive impact, something that is always at the heart of our ongoing work in the community. And our associates delivered during 2024 with a 16 percent increase in participation compared to the prior year.

#### In 2024:

- We had associates in 56 countries donate and/or volunteer their time with an impact value of \$5 million to our communities.
- 7,460 associates donated to and/or volunteered for causes that matter to them.
- We recorded more than 49.600 volunteer hours, valued at more than \$1.66 million, a value determined by the Independent Sector.
- We awarded more than \$1.7 million in grants to organizations supporting our global team and individual employee volunteerism.

And we contributed our support to the communities where we live and work through a variety of initiatives including cash grants to nonprofits, product donations to communities in need and employee volunteerism.

#### In 2024 we:

- Continued our foundation giving through grants totaling \$8.8 million to global nonprofit organizations.
- Continued to grow giving in one of our key initiatives, conserving water and providing education around healthy hygiene around the world through nonprofit partnerships, global philanthropy and employee volunteerism. Since 2014, we've donated more than \$7.9 million to global organizations and positively impacted water projects, most recently in Chile and the western United States.
- Donated more than \$7.9 million worth of products that weighed more than 2 million pounds during numerous disasters throughout the year.





# **POWERING** CHANGE



## HELPING LOTTE CHEMICAL CLEAR THE AIR TO ACHIEVE ITS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT GOALS

#### **Insights**

Lotte Chemical, based in Seoul, South Korea, is one of the world's largest chemical companies. It manufactures synthetic resins and other chemical products used in materials such as polystyrene, a versatile plastic commonly used in food packaging, appliances, toys and other goods.

#### **Actions**

As part of its efforts to create a better, more sustainable future, Lotte Chemical wanted to source more environmentally conscious chemistry solutions. They chose the dual-component PRISM™ antifoulant program developed by Nalco Water, Ecolab's water and process management business.

Testing and a rigorous technical evaluation demonstrated that the Ecolab solution performed as well as hazardous alternatives, with a significant reduction in nitrogen oxides. As a result, Lotte Chemical implemented the antifoulant program to help protect critical assets and increase the efficiency of its manufacturing process.

#### **Outcomes**

In addition to the environmental benefits that resulted from the switch to the Ecolab program, Lotte Chemical avoided a large capital expenditure that would have been required to meet the stronger emission standards being set for alternative chemistries by the Korean Ministry of Environment. Additionally, it enhanced operational efficiency by substantially reducing the need for urea, a raw material used in the chemistry manufacturing process.

Ultimately, the new approach helped Lotte Chemical reduce costs, pursue a more sustainable solution, and enhance plant and operator safety.



## **Annual Savings**



PRODUCTIVITY \$13.1 million



COST \$2.5 million

through avoidance of a significant capital expenditure

WASTE



\$200,000 500 metric tons

of DNBP disposal avoided



SAFETY 40% reduction

(228 ton/yr) in fine dust (NOx) generation

**Total Value Delivered** \$15,8M

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Innovation is at the heart of what we do at Ecolab. By collaborating closely with our customers and partners, we can develop solutions that not only meet their needs but also drive sustainability and efficiency across industries. Together, we can create a better future.





## MARRIOTT VACATIONS WORLDWIDE

### **Insights**

Marriott Vacations Worldwide (MVW) is a leading global vacation company that offers vacation ownership, exchange, rental, and resort and property management, along with related businesses, products and services.

MVW strives to create a positive impact on the communities and resort locations in which they operate.

#### **Actions**

Working with its longtime partner Ecolab, MVW implemented several technologies designed to help save water and energy, increase productivity and improve their bottom line. These include: 3D TRASAR™ Technology for Cooling Water, Aquanomic<sup>™</sup> Low Temp Laundry Program, SMARTPOWER™ Program and Wash 'N Walk™ No Rinse Floor Cleaner.

## ADVANCING OPERATIONAL AND SUSTAINABLE SUCCESS AT MARRIOTT VACATIONS WORLDWIDE

#### **Outcomes**

The partnership with Ecolab has led to increased performance without tradeoffs. MVW has achieved significant operational cost savings and reductions in water use, energy use and solid packaging waste while providing customers with the best experience possible.







23.4 million gallons (~88,578 m3)



12 billion BTU



GREENHOUSE GASES 1,400 metric tons of CO2e



46,000 LBS reduced waste



LABOR PROTECTION 9,100 hours of labor gained



ASSET PROTECTION \$279,000 repair and replacement savings



Enhanced safety via automated dispensing and closed packaging systems

**Total Value Delivered** \$627,000

#### FIVE-YEAR HISTORICAL FINANCIAL DATA

Year ended December 31, millions, except per share amounts and employees	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
OPERATIONS					
Net sales	\$15,741.4	\$15,320.2	\$14,187.8	\$12,733.1	\$11,790.2
Cost of sales (including special (gains) and charges) (1)	8,899.7	9,154.9	8,831.0	7,615.8	6,905.8
Selling, general and administrative expenses	4,228.2	4,061.6	3,653.8	3,416.1	3,309.1
Special (gains) and charges	(188.9)	111.4	140.5	102.6	179.6
Operating income	2,802.4	1,992.3	1,562.5	,598.6	1,395.7
Other (income) expense (1)	(51.3)	(59.9)	(24.5)	(33.9)	(55.9)
Interest expense, net (including special (gains) and charges) (1)	282.5	296.7	243.6	218.3	290.2
Income before income taxes	2,571.2	1,755.5	1,343.4	1,414.2	1,161.4
Provision for income taxes	439.3	362.5	234.5	270.2	176.6
Net income from continuing operations attributable to noncontrolling interest (1)	19.5	20.7	17.2	14.1	\$17.4
Net income from continuing operations attributable to Ecolab	2,112.4	1,372.3	1,091.7	1,129.9	967.4
Net income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax (1)	-			-	(2,172.5)
Net income (loss) attributable to Ecolab	\$2,112.4	\$1,372.3	\$1,091.7	\$1,129.9	\$(1,205.1)
Diluted earnings per common share from continuing operations, as reported (U.S. GAAP)					
Adjustments:	\$7.37	\$4.79	\$3.81	\$3.91	\$3.33
Special (gains) and charges	(0.44)	0.38	0.72	0.74	0.88
Discrete tax expense (benefits)	(0.28)	0.04	(0.04)	0.02	(0.19)
Impact of Purolite on adjusted earnings per share	-			0.02	
Diluted earnings per common share, as adjusted (Non-GAAP)	\$6.65	\$5.21	\$4.49	\$4.69	\$4.02
Weighted-average common shares outstanding — diluted	286.6	286.5	286.6	289.1	290.3
SELECTED INCOME STATEMENT RATIOS					
Gross margin	43.5%	40.2%	37.8%	40.2%	41.4%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	26,9%	26.5%	25.8%	26.8%	28.1%
Operating income	17.8%	13.0%	11.0%	12.6%	11.8%
Net income from continuing operations attributable to Ecolab	13.4%	9.0%	7.7%	8.9%	8.2%
Effective income tax rate	17.1%	20.6%	17.5%	19.1%	15.2%
FINANCIAL POSITION					
Current assets	\$6,025.7	\$5,644.1	\$5,494.2	\$4,687.1	\$5,117.4
	1.1				
Property, plant and equipment, net	3,752.4	3,474.6	3,293.4	3,288.5	3,124.9
Goodwill, intangible and other assets	12,609.7	12,727.9	12,676.7	13,230.8	9,883.7
Total assets	\$22,387.8	\$21,846.6	\$21,464.3	\$21,206.4	\$18,126.0
Current liabilities	\$4,792.8	\$4,345.8	\$4,210.4	\$3,553.2	\$2,932.2
Long-term debt	6,949.2	7,551.4	8,075.3	8,347.2	6,669.3
Post-retirement healthcare and pension benefits	634.9	651.7	670.3	894.2	1,226.2
Other liabilities	1,221.7	1,225.5	1,249.7	1,158.7	1,096.8
Total liabilities	13,598.6	13,774.4	14,205.7	13,953.3	11,924.5
Total equity	8,789.2	8,072.2	7,258.6	7,253.1	6,201.5
Total liabilities and equity	\$22,387.8	\$21,846.6	\$21,464.3	\$21,206.4	\$18,126.0
SELECTED CASH FLOW INFORMATION					
Cash provided by operating activities	\$2,813.9	\$2,411.8	\$1,788.4	\$2,061.9	\$1,860.2
Depreciation and amortization	935.4	923.6	938.7	843.1	812.7
Capital expenditures	994.5	774.8	712.8	643.0	489.0
Cash dividends declared per common share	2.36	2.16	2.06	1.95	1.89
SELECTED FINANCIAL MEASURES/OTHER					
Year-end market capitalization	\$66,350.5	\$56,618.8	\$41,459.6	\$67,225.8	\$61,825.4
Annual common stock price range	\$262.61 to	\$201.62 to	\$237.38 to	\$238.93 to	\$231.36 to
Annual common stock price range					
	\$193.46	\$143.91	\$131.04	\$201.15	\$124.60
Number of employees	48,000	48,000	47,000	47,000	44,000

<sup>(1)</sup> Cost of sales includes special charges of \$5.3 in 2024, \$22.5 in 2023, \$69.9 in 2022, \$93.9 in 2021 and \$48.2 in 2020; Other (income) expense includes special (gains) charges of \$50.6 in 2022, \$37.2 in 2021 and \$0.4 in 2020; Interest expense, net includes special charges of \$33.1 in 2021 and \$83.8 in 2020.

Net income (loss) from discontinued operation, net of tax includes noncontrolling interest of \$2.2 in 2020.

<sup>(2)</sup> The ChampionX business met the criteria to be reported as discontinued operations in 2020. Therefore, the historical results of ChampionX were retrospectively reclassified to discontinued operations for 2020.

Per share amounts do not necessarily sum due to rounding.

Adjusted earnings per share amounts exclude the impact of special gains and charges, discrete taxes and the impact of the Purolite acquisition.

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-K**

	ECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE	SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024	OR	
	OK	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO For the transition period from to	O SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
Commission File No. 1-9328		
	<b>ECOLAB INC.</b>	
(Exact	name of registrant as specified in its	charter)
<b>Delaware</b> (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		<b>41-0231510</b> (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
	colab Place, St. Paul, Minnesota 55 ess of principal executive offices) (Zip	
Registrant's te	lephone number, including area code	: 1-800-232-6522
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: Title of each class	Trading symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$1.00 par value 2.625% Euro Notes due 2025	ECL ECL 25	New York Stock Exchange New York Stock Exchange
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:	None	
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known se	asoned issuer, as defined in Rule 40	5 of the Securities Act. ⊠ Yes □ No
Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to f	ile reports pursuant to Section 13 or 1	5(d) of the Act. ☐ Yes ⊠ No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has file during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter perior requirements for the past 90 days. $\boxtimes$ Yes $\square$ No		
		tata File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of period that the registrant was required to submit such files.
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large a emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large ac in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.		
Large accelerated filer ⊠	Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer □	Smaller reporting	g company □

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Emerging growth company □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report.

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b).

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). □ YES ☒ NO

Aggregate market value of voting and non-voting common equity held by non-affiliates of registrant on June 30, 2024, the last business day of the Registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter: \$58,992,719,690 (see Item 12, under Part III hereof), based on a closing price of registrant's Common Stock of \$238.00 per share.

The number of shares of registrant's Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share, outstanding as of January 31, 2025: 282,997,058 shares.

#### **DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE**

Portions of the registrant's Proxy Statement for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held May 8, 2025, and to be filed within 120 days after the registrant's fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 (hereinafter referred to as "Proxy Statement"), are incorporated by reference into Part III.

#### ECOLAB INC. FORM 10-K For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

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#### **PARTI**

Except where the context otherwise requires, references in this Form 10-K to (i) "Ecolab," "Company," "we" and "our" are to Ecolab Inc. and its subsidiaries, collectively; (ii) "Nalco" are to Nalco Company LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company; (iii) "Purolite" are to Purolite LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and its subsidiaries, collectively; and (iv) "Purolite transaction" are to the Company's acquisition of the shares of the subsidiaries and certain other affiliated entities of Purolite Corporation and substantially all of the assets of Purolite Corporation used or held for use in connection with its filtration and purification resins business in December 2021.

#### Item 1. Business.

#### General Development of Business.

Ecolab was incorporated as a Delaware corporation in 1924. Our fiscal year is the calendar year ending December 31. International subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements on the basis of their U.S. GAAP (accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America) November 30 fiscal year ends to facilitate the timely inclusion of such entities in our consolidated financial reporting.

#### **Narrative Description of Business.**

#### General

A trusted partner for millions of customers, we are a global sustainability leader offering water, hygiene and infection prevention solutions and services that protect people and the resources vital to life. Building on a century of innovation, we have annual sales of \$15.7 billion, employ approximately 48,000 associates and sell to customers in more than 170 countries around the world. We deliver comprehensive science-based solutions, data-driven insights and world-class service to advance food safety, maintain clean and safe environments, and optimize water and energy use. Our innovative solutions improve operational efficiencies and sustainability for customers in the food, healthcare, life sciences, hospitality and industrial markets.

We pursue a "One Ecolab" enterprise selling strategy, built on the legacy of 'circle the customer – circle the globe', where we provide an array of innovative programs, products and services designed to meet the specific operational and sustainability needs of our customers throughout the world. Through this strategy and our varied product and service mix, one customer may utilize the offerings of several of our operating segments. Important in our business proposition for customers is our ability to produce improved results while reducing their water and energy use. With that in mind, we focus on continually innovating to optimize both our own operations and the solutions we provide to customers, aligning with our corporate strategy to address some of the world's most pressing and complex sustainability challenges such as water scarcity and climate change. The work we do matters, and the way we do it matters to our employees, customers, investors and the communities in which we and our customers operate.

Sustainability is core to our business strategy. We deliver sustainable solutions that help companies around the world achieve their business goals while reducing environmental impacts. We partner with customers around the world to reduce water and energy use as well as greenhouse gas emissions through our high-efficiency solutions. By partnering with our customers to help them do more with less through the use of our innovative and differentiated solutions, we aim to help our customers conserve more than 300 billion gallons of water annually by 2030. In 2023, we helped our customers conserve more than 226 billion gallons of water and avoid more than 3.8 million metric tons of greenhouse gas emissions.

The following description of our business is based upon our reportable segments as reported in our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024, which are located in Item 8 of Part II of this Form 10-K. Operating segments that share similar economic characteristics and future prospects, including the nature of the products and production processes, end-use markets, channels of distribution and regulatory environment, have been aggregated into four reportable segments: Global Industrial, Global Institutional & Specialty, Global Healthcare & Life Sciences and Global Pest Elimination.

#### Global Industrial

This reportable segment consists of the Water, Food & Beverage and Paper operating segments, which provide water treatment and process applications, and cleaning and sanitizing solutions, primarily to large industrial customers within the manufacturing, food and beverage processing, transportation, chemical, primary metals and mining, power generation, global refining, petrochemical, pulp and paper industries. The underlying operating segments exhibit similar manufacturing processes, distribution methods and economic characteristics. Descriptions of the three operating segments which comprise our Global Industrial reportable segment follow below.

#### Water

Water serves customers across industrial and institutional markets. Within Water, our light industry markets include food and beverage, manufacturing and transportation, institutional clients including commercial buildings, hospitals, universities and hotels, and global high technology serving customers including data centers and microelectronics. Heavy industries served include power, chemicals and primary metals, mining and petroleum refining and fuels industry.

Water provides water treatment products and technology programs for cooling water, wastewater, boiler water and process water applications. In addition to these solutions, we offer specialty programs to the petroleum and fuels industry – refining process applications, fuels and feedstocks additives. Our cooling water treatment programs are designed to control challenges associated with cooling water systems — corrosion, scale and microbial fouling and contamination — in open recirculating, once-through and closed systems. Our wastewater products and programs focus on improving overall plant economics, addressing compliance issues, optimizing equipment efficiency and improving operator capabilities and effectiveness. We provide integrated chemical and digitally-based solutions, process improvements and mechanical component modifications to optimize boiler performance and control corrosion and scale build-up. Our programs assist in more effectively managing water use for plant processes by optimizing the performance of treatment chemicals and equipment in order to minimize costs and maximize returns on investment.

Our offerings include specialty products such as scale and corrosion inhibitors, antifoulants, pre-treatment solutions, membrane treatments, coagulants and flocculants, anti-foamers, hydrogen sulfide removal, cold flow improvers, lubricity inhibitors, crude desalting and reactive monomer inhibitors, as well as our 3D TRASAR™ technologies, which combine chemistry, remote services and monitoring and control. We provide products and programs for water treatment and process applications aimed at combining environmental benefits with economic gains for our customers. Typically, water savings, energy savings and operating efficiency are among our primary sources of value creation for our customers, with product quality and production enhancement improvements also providing key differentiating features for many of our offerings. Our offerings are sold primarily by our corporate account and field sales employees.

We believe we are one of the leading global suppliers of products and programs for chemical applications within the industrial water treatment and petroleum refining industries.

#### Food & Beverage

Food & Beverage provides cleaning and sanitation products and programs to facilitate the processing of products for human consumption. Food & Beverage provides detergents, cleaners, sanitizers, lubricants and animal health products, as well as cleaning systems, digitally-based dispensers, monitors and chemical injectors for the application of chemical products, primarily to dairy plants; dairy, swine and poultry farms; breweries and soft-drink bottling plants as well as meat, poultry and other food processors. Food & Beverage is also a leading developer and marketer of antimicrobial products used in direct contact with meat, poultry, seafood and produce during processing in order to reduce microbial contamination. Food & Beverage also designs, engineers and installs CIP ("clean-in-place") process control systems and facility cleaning systems for its customer base. Water savings, energy savings, and operating efficiency are among our sources of value creation for our customers. Products for use in processing facilities are sold primarily by our corporate account and field sales employees, while products for use on farms are sold through dealers and independent, third-party distributors.

We believe we are one of the leading global suppliers of cleaning and sanitizing products to the dairy plant, dairy, swine and poultry farm, beverage/brewery, food, meat and poultry, and beverage/brewery processing industries.

#### Paper

Paper provides water and process applications for the pulp and paper industries, offering a comprehensive portfolio of programs that are used in all principal steps of the papermaking process and across all grades of paper, including graphic grades, board and packaging, and tissue and towel. While Paper provides its customers similar types of products and programs for water treatment and wastewater treatment as those offered by Water, Paper also offers two specialty programs that differentiate its offerings from Water—pulp applications and paper applications. Our pulp applications maximize process efficiency and increase pulp cleanliness and brightness in bleaching operations, as well as predict and monitor scaling potential utilizing on-line monitoring to design effective treatment programs and avoid costly failures. Our paper process applications focus on improving our customers' operational efficiency, in part through water savings, energy savings and operating efficiency. Advanced digital sensing, monitoring and automation combine with innovative chemistries and detailed process knowledge to provide a broad range of customer solutions. Specialty products include flocculants, coagulants, dewatering aids and digester yield additives. Our offerings are sold primarily by our corporate account and field sales employees.

We believe we are one of the leading global suppliers of water treatment products and process aids to the pulp and papermaking industry.

#### **Global Institutional & Specialty**

This reportable segment consists of the Institutional and Specialty operating segments, which provide specialized cleaning and sanitizing products to the foodservice, hospitality, lodging, government, education and retail industries. The underlying operating segments exhibit similar manufacturing processes, distribution methods and economic characteristics. Descriptions of the two operating segments which comprise our Global Institutional & Specialty reportable segment follow below.

#### Institutional

Institutional sells specialized cleaners and sanitizers for washing dishes, glassware, flatware, foodservice utensils and kitchen equipment ("warewashing"), plus specialized cleaners for various applications throughout food service operations, on-premise laundries (typically used by hotel and healthcare customers) and general housekeeping functions. We also sell food safety products and equipment, water filters, dishwasher racks and related kitchen sundries to the foodservice, lodging, educational and healthcare industries. Institutional also provides pool and spa treatment programs for hospitality and other commercial customers, as well as a broad range of janitorial cleaning and floor care products and programs to customers in hospitality, healthcare and commercial facilities. Institutional develops various digital monitoring and chemical dispensing systems which are used by our customers to efficiently and safely dispense our cleaners and sanitizers, and through these products, systems and our on-site sales and service expertise, develop better results for our customers including water savings, energy savings and operating efficiency. In addition, Institutional markets a lease program comprised of energy-efficient dishwashing machines, detergents, rinse additives and sanitizers, including full machine maintenance. Through our EcoSure Brand Protection business, Institutional also provides customized on-site evaluations, training and quality assurance services to foodservice and hospitality operations.

Institutional sells its products and programs primarily through its direct field sales and corporate account sales personnel. Corporate account sales personnel establish relationships and negotiate contracts with larger multi-unit or "chain" customers. We also utilize independent, third-party foodservice, broad-line and janitorial distributors to provide logistics to end customers that prefer to work through these distributors. Many of these distributors also participate in marketing our product and service offerings to the end customers. Through our field sales personnel, we generally provide the same customer support to end-use customers supplied by these distributors as we do to direct customers.

We believe we are one of the leading global suppliers of warewashing and laundry products and programs to the food service, hospitality and lodging markets.

#### Specialty

Specialty supplies cleaning and sanitizing products and related items primarily to regional, national and international quick service restaurant ("QSR") chains and food retailers (i.e., supermarkets and grocery stores). Its products include specialty and general purpose hard surface cleaners, degreasers, sanitizers, polishes, hand care products and assorted cleaning tools and equipment which are primarily sold under the "Ecolab" and "Kay" brand names. QSR's program also includes a lease program comprised of energy-efficient dishwashing machines, detergents, rinse additives and sanitizers, including full machine maintenance. Specialty's cleaning and sanitation programs are customized to meet the needs of the market segments it serves and are designed to provide highly effective cleaning performance, promote food safety, reduce labor, water and energy costs and enhance user and guest safety. A number of dispensing options are available for products in the core product range. Specialty supports its product sales with training programs and technical support designed to meet the special needs of its customers.

Both Specialty's QSR business and its food retail business utilize their corporate account sales force which manages relationships with customers at the corporate and regional office levels (and, in the QSR market segment, at the franchisee level) and their field sales force which provides program support at the individual restaurant or store level. QSR customers are primarily supplied through third party distributors while most food retail customers utilize their own distribution networks. While Specialty's customer base has broadened significantly over the years, Specialty's business remains largely dependent upon a limited number of major QSR chains and franchisees and large food retail customers.

Food Safety Solutions supplies a digital platform that combines software, hardware and multiple services to automate kitchen procedures for efficiency and compliance. It also offers a unique variety of products, tools and equipment for food preparation, food rotation labeling, temperature management, cleaning and employee safety across all food service customers.

We believe we are one of the leading suppliers of cleaning and sanitizing products to the global QSR market and the global food retail market.

#### Global Healthcare & Life Sciences

This reportable segment consists of the Healthcare and Life Sciences operating segments, which provide specialized cleaning and sanitizing products to the healthcare, personal care and pharmaceutical industries. The underlying operating segments exhibit similar manufacturing processes, distribution methods and economic characteristics. Descriptions of the two operating segments which comprise our Global Healthcare & Life Sciences reportable segment follow below.

#### Healthcare

Healthcare provides infection prevention solutions to acute care hospitals, surgery centers and medical device Original Equipment Manufacturers ("OEM"). Healthcare's proprietary infection prevention solutions (hand hygiene, hard surface disinfection, digital monitoring systems and instrument cleaning) are sold primarily under the "Ecolab" and "Anios" brand names to various departments within the acute care environment (Infection Control, Environmental Services, Central Sterile and Operating Room). Healthcare sells its products and programs principally through its field sales personnel and corporate account personnel but also sells through healthcare distributors.

We believe we are one of the leading suppliers of infection prevention solutions in the United States and Europe.

#### Life Sciences

Life Sciences provides end-to-end cleaning and contamination control solutions to pharmaceutical and personal care manufacturers. These products are primarily sold under the "Ecolab" brand name, and include detergents, cleaners, sanitizers, disinfectants, surface wipes, as well as cleaning systems, electronic dispensers and chemical injectors for the application of chemical products. The Life Sciences portfolio includes premium fluid treatment and purification solutions with a broad range of unique products sold under the "Purolite" brand name, particularly focusing on biopharma purification solutions, active pharmaceutical ingredients ("API's") and high value industrial applications. The Life Sciences portfolio also includes decontamination systems and services utilizing hydrogen peroxide vapor, which are sold under the "Bioquell" brand name. The pharmaceutical clean room environment is the primary area that Ecolab and Bioquell products are utilized. Products and programs are sold primarily through our field sales and corporate account personnel, and to a lesser extent through distributors.

Life Sciences is comprised of customers and accounts related to manufacturing in the following industries: pharmaceutical, animal health and medicine, blood purification and dialysis, biologic products, cosmetics and medical devices. Our tailored, comprehensive solutions and technical know-how focus on ensuring product quality, safety and compliance standards are met while improving operational efficiency in customers' cleaning, sanitation and disinfection processes. We believe we are one of the leading suppliers of process purification solutions in Europe and North America and of contamination control solutions in Europe, with a growing presence in North America and other regions.

#### **Global Pest Elimination**

This reportable segment consists of the Pest Elimination operating segment.

#### Pest Elimination

Pest Elimination provides services designed to detect, prevent and eliminate pests, such as rodents and insects, in full-service and quick-service restaurants, food and beverage processors, hotels, grocery operations and other commercial segments including education, life sciences and healthcare.

In addition to the United States, which constitutes our largest operation, we operate in various countries in Asia Pacific, Greater China, Western Europe, Latin America, and Africa.

We believe Pest Elimination is a leading service provider of effective, high-quality pest elimination programs that deliver high quality outcomes to commercial segments in the geographies it serves.

#### **Additional Information**

#### International Operations

We directly operate in approximately 100 countries outside of the United States through wholly-owned subsidiaries or, in some cases, through a joint venture with a local partner. In certain countries, selected products are sold by our export operations to distributors, agents or licensees, although the volume of those sales is not significant in terms of our overall revenues. In general, our businesses conducted outside the United States are similar to those conducted in the United States.

Our business operations outside the United States are subject to the usual risks of foreign operations, including possible changes in trade and foreign investment laws, international business laws and regulations, tax laws, currency exchange rates and economic and political conditions. The profitability of our international operations is generally lower than the profitability of our businesses in the United States, due to (i) the additional cost of operating in numerous and diverse foreign jurisdictions with varying laws and regulations, (ii) higher costs of importing certain raw materials and finished goods in some regions, (iii) the smaller scale of international operations where certain operating locations are smaller in size, and (iv) the additional reliance on distributors and agents in certain countries which can negatively impact our margins. Proportionately larger investments in sales and technical support are also necessary in certain geographies in order to facilitate the growth of our international operations.

#### Competition

In general, the markets in which the businesses in our Global Industrial reportable segment compete are led by a few large companies, with the rest of the market served by smaller entities focusing on more limited geographic regions or a smaller subset of products and services. Our businesses in this segment compete on the basis of their demonstrated value, technical expertise, innovation, digital technology, chemical formulations, global customer support, detection equipment, monitoring capabilities, and dosing and metering equipment. Through the combination of our digitally enabled end-to-end water management and hygiene solutions, data-driven insights and personalized service, our Global Industrial businesses deliver outcomes that help our customers optimize water and energy use, improve productivity, advance food safety, and achieve sustainability and net zero goals, while optimizing total cost of operations.

The businesses in our Global Institutional & Specialty and Global Pest Elimination reportable segments have two significant classes of competitors. First, we compete with a small number of large companies selling directly or through distributors on a national or international scale. Second, we have numerous smaller regional or local competitors which focus on more limited geographies, product lines and/or end-use customer segments. We believe we compete principally by providing superior value, premium customer support, training, service, and innovative and differentiated products to help our customers protect their brand reputation and improve their operational efficiency.

Within the Global Healthcare & Life Sciences reportable segment, the Healthcare business competes geographically with companies primarily focused on a smaller range of product categories, with few globally scaled competitors. The Life Sciences business competes in the European market versus several mid-size and regional competitors and competes against two large and other mid-size or regional competitors in North America. Outside of North America and Europe competitors are much more fragmented and do not offer the same level of service or coverage as Ecolab. Our businesses in this segment compete by enabling our customers success through improved hygiene, digitally enabled programs in operating room and patient room space as well as a tailored approach to delivering key inputs that directly impact our customers patients globally.

#### Sales

Our products, systems and services are primarily marketed in domestic and international markets by our Company-trained direct field sales personnel who also advise and assist our customers in the proper and most efficient use of the products and systems in order to meet a full range of cleaning and sanitation, water treatment and process chemistry needs. Independent, third-party distributors and, to a lesser extent, sales agents, are utilized in several markets, as described in the segment descriptions found above.

#### **Customers and Classes of Products**

We believe our business is not materially dependent upon a single customer. Additionally, although we have a diverse customer base and no customer or distributor constituted 10 percent or more of our consolidated revenues in 2024, 2023 or 2022, we do have customers and independent third-party distributors, the loss of which could have a material adverse effect on results of operations for the affected earnings periods; however, we consider it unlikely that such an event would have a material adverse impact on our financial position. No material part of our business is subject to renegotiation or termination at the election of a governmental unit.

We sold one class of products within the Global Institutional & Specialty reportable segment which comprised 10% or more of consolidated net sales in the last three years. Sales of warewashing products were approximately 12% of consolidated net sales in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

#### **Human Capital**

As of December 31, 2024, Ecolab employed approximately 48,000 employees. The largest component of our workforce is more than 25,000 sales and service employees. Our innovation efforts are supported by approximately 3,000 research, development, engineering and digital experts. Approximately 44% of the employees are employed in North America, 21% in Europe, 12% in Latin America, 8% in Asia Pacific, 8% in India, Middle East and Africa, and 7% in Greater China.

We believe that doing the right thing, the right way, is good for business. We believe that driving performance and growing fast, we can deliver a net positive impact in our own operations and what we deliver for our customers. We believe that Ecolab's century-long growth, innovation and high performance have benefited from a workplace where individuals from all backgrounds are encouraged to reach their full potential. We believe in providing training and career development opportunities to all employees and in compensating and rewarding our employees equitably.

Our commitment to the safety of our employees, contractors, and customers is evident in the way we operate, the products we develop, and the customers we serve. In addition, we are committed to promoting the health and well-being of our employees, our customers, and their customers by contributing to programs and initiatives that enhance the quality of life in the communities where they work and live. In support of these overall objectives, key areas of focus include:

Workplace Culture: With approximately 48,000 associates in more than 170 countries, Ecolab representatives engage daily with a diverse range of colleagues, customers, and communities. We are committed to developing a culture where all voices are heard and equitable employment opportunities are available to everyone. To sustain our success, we work to embed our values of inclusivity and engagement throughout our people processes, including recruitment, retention and development.

We also have a vibrant and growing community of 11 Employee Resource Groups ("ERGs") that are open to all Ecolab associates, to help employees connect with colleagues, take part in career and leadership development experiences, and provide important insights that help advance our workplace culture. All employees are welcome and encouraged to join, participate, or become leaders and allies within any of our ERGs.

Employee Training and Development: Ecolab's growth has been characterized by a century of supporting customers by combining science, technology and innovation with the expertise of our associates. Beyond rigorous technical, functional, and business-specific training courses, our Global Corporate Flagship Development Programs for supervisors, managers and leaders are designed to deepen leadership capability and prepare potential successors for key leadership roles.

Compensation and Benefits: Ecolab has a market-competitive and performance-based pay philosophy, and we believe in compensating our employees fairly and equitably. We are committed to rewarding and recognizing employees for their contributions to the success of the organization. This includes our global merit increase program and our short- and long-term variable pay programs, which include goals and targets that are tied to the success of the business. We test our pay and wage data against compensation surveys to align our pay with the competitive external market. In the U.S., we conduct pay equity studies, and we are in the process of expanding pay equity studies outside the U.S.

Ecolab also provides market-competitive benefits based on country-specific needs and government requirements. While our benefits packages vary by market, they are designed to attract top talent and build long-term connections with our associates. Aligned to the applicable market and local regulations, elements of our benefits programs may include medical and dental insurance, retirement savings, employee stock purchase plan, paid time off, parental leave and adoption assistance, life and disability insurance, and employee assistance plans.

Safety, Health, and Wellness: At Ecolab, the safety of our employees and contractors is a top priority and is embedded into our company values. Our safety goals are simple: zero accidents, zero injuries, and zero violations. We communicate that this is a collective goal all employees commit to, own, and deliver on every day. Our leadership teams and a network of Safety, Health, and Environment professionals around the world support employees with robust safety programs, processes, and platforms. Understanding underlying and potential risks is a critical component to improving safety outcomes. Our Global Safety Dashboard tracks our performance on a range of leading and lagging safety indicators and helps us measure the effectiveness of our safety programs.

Additionally, a Be Well Program is available to U.S. employees and their families to empower, educate and support their personal journey to overall well-being by making positive lifestyle choices while creating a culture of wellness throughout Ecolab. Over the last few years, we've expanded our offerings to include comprehensive child and elder caregiver resources to help employees balance the demands of work and personal responsibilities. Wellness initiatives are also underway outside the U.S. aligned to country-specific needs and market practices.

#### Patents and Trademarks

We own and license a number of patents, trademarks and other intellectual property. While we have an active program to protect our intellectual property by filing for patents or trademarks and pursuing legal action, when appropriate, to prevent infringement, except for the items listed below, we do not believe our overall business is materially dependent on any individual patent or trademark.

Trademarks related to Ecolab, Nalco and 3D TRASAR, which collectively are material to all of our reportable segments. The
Ecolab, Nalco and 3D TRASAR trademarks are registered or applied for in all of our key markets and we anticipate maintaining
them indefinitely.

#### Seasonality

We experience variability in our quarterly operating results due to seasonal sales volume and business mix fluctuations in our operating segments. Part II, Item 8, Note 20, entitled "Quarterly Financial Data" of this Form 10-K is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Investments in Equipment

We have invested, and plan to continue to invest, in process control and monitoring equipment consisting primarily of systems used by customers to dispense our products as well as to monitor water systems. The investment in such equipment is discussed under the heading "Investing Activities" in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations of this Form 10-K

#### Manufacturing and Distribution

We manufacture most of our products and related equipment in Company-operated manufacturing facilities. Some products are also produced for us by third-party contract manufacturers. Other products and equipment are purchased from third-party suppliers. Additional information on product/equipment sourcing is found in the segment discussions above and additional information on our manufacturing facilities is located under Part I, Item 2. "Properties," of this Form 10-K.

Deliveries to customers are made from our manufacturing plants and a network of distribution centers and third-party logistics service providers. We use common carriers, our own delivery vehicles, and distributors for transport. Additional information on our plant and distribution facilities is located under Part I, Item 2. "Properties," of this Form 10-K.

#### Raw Materials

Raw materials purchased for use in manufacturing our products are inorganic chemicals, including alkalis, acids, biocides, phosphonates, phosphorous materials, silicates and salts; and organic chemicals, including acids, alcohols, amines, fatty acids, surfactants, solvents, monomers and polymers. Pesticides used by Pest Elimination are purchased as finished products under contract or purchase order from the producers or their distributors. We also purchase packaging materials for our manufactured products and components for our specialized cleaning equipment and systems. We purchase more than 10,000 raw materials, with the largest single raw material representing approximately four percent of raw material purchases. Our raw materials, with the exception of a few specialized chemicals which we manufacture, are generally purchased on an annual contract basis and are ordinarily available in adequate quantities from a diverse group of suppliers globally. When practical, global sourcing is used so that purchasing or production locations can be shifted to control product costs.

#### Research and Development

Our research and development program consists principally of developing and validating the performance of new products, processes, techniques and equipment, improving the efficiency of those already existing, improving service program content, evaluating the environmental compatibility of products and technical support. Key disciplines include analytical and formulation chemistry, microbiology, data science and predictive analytics, process and packaging engineering, digital and remote monitoring engineering and product dispensing technology. Substantially all of our principal products have been developed by our research, development and engineering personnel.

We believe continued research and development activities are critical to maintaining our leadership position within the industry and will provide us with a competitive advantage as we seek additional business with new and existing customers.

#### Joint Ventures

Over time, we have entered into partnerships or joint ventures in order to meet local ownership requirements, to achieve quicker operational scale, to expand our ability to provide our customers a more fully integrated offering or to provide other benefits to our business or customers. During 2024, the impact on our consolidated net income of our joint ventures, in the aggregate, was approximately three percent. We will continue to evaluate the potential for partnerships and joint ventures that can assist us in increasing our geographic, technological and product reach.

#### **Environmental and Regulatory Considerations**

Our businesses are subject to various legislative enactments and regulations relating to the protection of the environment and public health. While we cooperate with governmental authorities and take commercially practicable measures to meet regulatory requirements and avoid or limit environmental effects, some risks are inherent in our businesses. Among the risks are costs associated with transporting and managing hazardous materials and waste disposal and plant site clean-up, fines and penalties if we are found to be in violation of law, as well as modifications, disruptions or discontinuation of certain operations or types of operations including product recalls and reformulations. Similarly, the need for certain of our products and services is dependent upon or might be limited by governmental laws and regulations. Changes in such laws and regulations, including among others, air, water, chemical and product regulations, could impact the sales of some of our products or services. In addition to an increase in costs of manufacturing and delivering products, a change in production regulations or product regulations could result in interruptions to our business and potentially cause economic or consequential losses should we be unable to meet the demands of our customers for products.

Additionally, although we are not currently aware of any such circumstances, there can be no assurance that future legislation or enforcement policies will not have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows. Environmental and regulatory matters most significant to us are discussed below.

Ingredient Legislation: Various laws and regulations have been enacted by state, local and foreign jurisdictions pertaining to the sale of products which contain phosphorous, volatile organic compounds, per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances ("PFAS") or other ingredients that may impact human health or the environment. Under California Proposition 65, for example, label disclosures are required for certain products containing chemicals listed by California. Chemical management initiatives that promote pollution prevention through research and development of safer chemicals and safer chemical processes are being advanced by several states.

Environmentally preferable purchasing programs for cleaning products have been enacted in a number of states to date, and in recent years have been considered by several other state legislatures. Cleaning product ingredient disclosure legislation has been introduced in the U.S. Congress in each of the past few years but has not passed, and several states are considering further regulations in this area. In 2017, California passed the Cleaning Product Right to Know Act of 2017, that required ingredient transparency on-line and on-label by 2020 and 2021, respectively. The U.S. Government is monitoring "green chemistry" initiatives through a variety of initiatives, including its "Design for the Environment" ("DfE")/"Safer Choice" program. DfE/Safer Choice has three broad areas of work (recognition of safer products on a DfE/Safer Choice label, development of best practices for industrial processes and evaluation of safer chemicals), and we are involved in these to varying degrees. Our Global Institutional and Global Industrial cleaning products are subject to the regulations and may incur additional stay-inmarket expenses associated with conducting the required alternatives analyses for chemicals of concern. To date, we generally have been able to comply with such legislative requirements by reformulation or labeling modifications. Such legislation has not had a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows to date.

TSCA: The nation's primary chemicals management law, the Toxic Substances Control Act ("TSCA"), was updated with the passage of the Frank R. Lautenberg Chemical Safety for the 21st Century Act ("LCSA") in 2016. The LCSA modernizes the original 1976 legislation, aiming to establish greater public confidence in the safety of chemical substances in commerce and improve the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's ("EPA") capability and authority to regulate existing and new chemical substances. For Ecolab, the TSCA changes mainly impact testing and submission costs for new and existing chemical substances in the United States. As a result of reform and multiple administration changes, EPA reviews are resulting in the majority of new substances being regulated in some manner by the agency. As the agency continues to review existing chemistries, the likelihood that substances manufactured, imported, or processed by Ecolab may be subject to additional testing costs and/or risk management decisions is increasing. Future EPA risk evaluation decisions may result in the reduction or elimination of future uses for some products. Compliance with new requirements under TSCA are similar to the costs associated with REACH in the European Union, which is discussed below.

**REACH**: The European Union has enacted a regulatory framework for the Registration, Evaluation and Authorization of Chemicals ("REACH"), which aims to manage chemical safety risks. REACH established a European Chemicals Agency ("ECHA") in Helsinki, Finland, which is responsible for evaluating data to determine hazards and risks and to manage this program for authorizing chemicals for sale and distribution in Europe. We met all REACH registration requirements. To help manage this program, we have been simplifying our product lines and working with chemical suppliers to comply with registration requirements. In addition, Korea, Taiwan, Turkey, India, Chile and Colombia and other countries have implemented or are implementing similar requirements. In addition, the European Green Deal will include the revision of chemical management regulation to achieve a circular economy and toxic-free environment (Chemical Strategy for Sustainability) which may impact sales in Ecolab's raw material portfolio. Potential costs to us are not yet fully quantifiable but are not expected to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations or cash flows in any one reporting period or on our financial position.

GHS: In 2003, the United Nations adopted a standard on hazard communication and labeling of chemical products known as the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals ("GHS"). GHS is designed to facilitate international trade and increase safe handling and use of hazardous chemicals through a worldwide system that classifies chemicals based on their intrinsic hazards and communicates information about those hazards through standardized product labels and safety data sheets ("SDSs"). As of 2024, most countries in which we operate have adopted or are expected to adopt GHS-related legislation. The primary cost of compliance revolves around reclassifying products and revising SDSs and product labels. We have met applicable deadlines and are working toward a phased-in approach to mitigate the costs of GHS implementation in remaining countries (e.g., Peru, Chile, India). We are also implementing updates, where applicable, of GHS revisions in countries where it is already present (e.g., US, Canada, Malaysia, Singapore). Potential costs to us are not expected to have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations or cash flows in any one reporting period or on our financial position.

Pesticide and Biocide Legislation: Various international, federal and state environmental laws and regulations govern the manufacture and/or use of pesticides. We manufacture and sell certain disinfecting, sanitizing and material preservation products that kill or reduce microorganisms (bacteria, viruses, fungi) on hard environmental surfaces, in process fluids and on certain food products. Such products constitute "pesticides" or "antimicrobial pesticides" under the current definitions of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act ("FIFRA"), as amended by the Food Quality Protection Act of 1996, the principal federal statute governing the manufacture, labeling, handling and use of pesticides. We maintain several hundred product registrations with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"). Registration entails the necessity to meet certain efficacy, toxicity and labeling requirements and to pay on-going registration fees. In addition, each state in which these products are sold requires registration and payment of a fee. In general, the states impose no substantive requirements different from those required by FIFRA. However, California and certain other states have adopted additional regulatory programs, and California imposes a tax on total pesticide sales in that state. While the cost of complying with rules as to pesticides has not had a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows to date, the costs and delays in receiving necessary approvals for these products continue to increase. Total fees paid to the EPA and the states to obtain or maintain pesticide registrations are not expected to significantly affect our consolidated results of operations or cash flows in any one reporting period or our financial position.

In Europe, the Biocidal Products Regulation established a program to evaluate and authorize marketing of biocidal active substances and products. We are working with suppliers and industry groups to manage these requirements and have met all relevant deadlines of the program by the timely submission of dossiers for active substances and biocide products. Anticipated registration costs, which will be incurred through the multi-year phase-in period, will be significant; however, these costs are not expected to significantly affect our consolidated results of operations or cash flows in any one reporting period or our financial position. The same is true for emerging biocide regulations in Asia.

In addition, Pest Elimination applies restricted-use pesticides that it generally purchases from third parties. That business must comply with certain standards pertaining to the use of such pesticides and to the licensing of employees who apply such pesticides. Such regulations are enforced primarily by the states or local jurisdictions in conformity with federal regulations. We have not experienced material difficulties in complying with these requirements.

**FDA Antimicrobial Product Requirements**: Various laws and regulations have been enacted by federal, state, local and foreign jurisdictions regulating certain products manufactured and sold by us for controlling microbial growth on humans, animals and foods. In the United States, these requirements generally are administered by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"). However, the U.S. Department of Agriculture and EPA also may share in regulatory jurisdiction of antimicrobials applied to food. The FDA codifies regulations for these product categories in order to ensure product quality, safety and effectiveness. The FDA also has been expanding requirements applicable to such products, including proposing regulations for over-the-counter antiseptic drug products, which may impose additional requirements associated with antimicrobial hand care products and associated costs when finalized by the FDA.

**Medical Device, Drug and Cosmetic Product Requirements**: As a manufacturer, distributor and marketer of medical devices and human drugs, we also are subject to regulation by the FDA and corresponding regulatory agencies of the state, local and foreign governments in which we sell our products. These regulations govern the development, testing, manufacturing, packaging, labeling, distribution and marketing of medical devices and medicinal products, including Advanced Pharmaceutical Ingredients ("API"), excipients and resins for biopharmaceutical processing.

- In the United States, we are required to register with the FDA as a medical device, drug and cosmetic
  manufacturer, comply with post-market reporting (e.g., Adverse Event Reporting, MDR and Recall)
  requirements, and to comply with the FDA's current Good Manufacturing Practices and Good Practice
  Guidelines ("GxPs"), which ensure that products are consistently produced and controlled according to quality
  standards and must be approved by the competent authorities.
- Countries in the European Union require that certain products being sold within their jurisdictions obtain a "CE mark," an international symbol of adherence to quality assurance standards, and be manufactured in compliance with certain requirements (e.g., Medical Device Regulation (EU) 2017/745 ("MDR"), and ISO 13485). We have CE mark approval to sell various medical devices. Implementation of the MDR has required additional investments, including system, product, process, technical file and product improvements. Additionally, pharmaceutical products in the EU must comply with regulations such as the GxP guidelines.
- In Australia, products must comply with the regulations set by the Therapeutic Goods Administration ("TGA").
   Medical devices must be included in the Australian Register of Therapeutic Goods ("ARTG") and meet the Essential Principles for safety and performance. Therapeutic goods, including drugs and cosmetics, must adhere to specific standards and regulatory frameworks for safety, quality, efficacy, labelling, and claims.
- Non-EU export markets are also subject to government regulation and country-specific rules and regulations.

**Equipment:** Ecolab's products are dispensed by equipment that is subject to state and local regulatory requirements, as well as being subject to UL, NSF, and other approval requirements. For certain digitally connected product offerings, Federal Communication Commission ("FCC") and corresponding international requirements are applicable. We have both dedicated manufacturing facilities and third-party production of our equipment. We are developing processes to monitor and manage changing regulatory regimes and assist with equipment systems compliance. To date, such requirements have not had a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

Other Environmental Legislation: Our manufacturing plants are subject to federal, state, local or foreign jurisdiction laws and regulations relating to discharge of hazardous substances into the environment and to the transportation, handling and disposal of such substances. The primary federal statutes that apply to our activities in the United States are the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. We are also subject to the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, which imposes certain reporting requirements as to emissions of hazardous substances into the air, land and water. The products we produce and distribute into Europe are also subject to directives governing electrical waste (WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU) and restrictive substances (RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU). Similar legal requirements apply to Ecolab's facilities globally. We make capital investments and expenditures to comply with environmental laws and regulations, to promote employee safety and to carry out our announced environmental sustainability principles. To date, such expenditures have not had a significant adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows. Our capital expenditures for environmental, health and safety projects worldwide were approximately \$56 million in 2024, \$46 million in 2023 and \$35 million in 2022. Approximately \$60 million has been budgeted globally for projects in 2025.

Climate Change: Various laws and regulations addressing climate change are being implemented or considered at international, national, regional, and state levels, particularly focusing on reducing greenhouse gas ("GHG") emissions. Notable regulations include California's 2023 GHG emissions reporting regulations addressing emissions, climate-related risks, and reduction claims, and the European Commission's Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive, which became effective January 2024 and is applicable to both EU and certain non-EU companies with a phased introduction. We are or may become subject to many of these laws. We continue to monitor and evaluate these regulations and incorporate reporting and disclosure obligations as appropriate.

Ecolab recognizes that climate change presents both risks and opportunities. We assess climate-related risks within our Enterprise Risk Management process, aligned with the Financial Stability Board's Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") recommendations. Our TCFD disclosures are available in our annual CDP Climate report on our website. Since our first TCFD-aligned climate risk assessment in 2021, we have continued to review and adapt our strategies to manage climate risks and leverage opportunities for customer impact. We also evaluate potential water-related risks in our operations, disclosing the results in our Growth and Impact Report. Future analyses will explore nature-related risks linked to climate and water, aligned with the Task Force on Nature-Related Financial Disclosures ("TNFD") recommendations.

As a corporate policy, we support a balanced approach to reducing GHG emissions while sustaining economic growth. We have established climate related goals to further our commitment. In 2019, we announced goals to reduce operational GHG emissions by half by 2030 and achieve net zero by 2050, in alignment with the UN Global Compact's Business Ambition for 1.5°C. In 2020, we further committed to move to 100% renewable energy by 2030 and set a science-based target ("SBT") for Scope 1, 2, and 3 GHG emissions. In 2024, our net zero target for Science Based Targets initiative ("SBTi") validation was

approved, including a near term Scope 3 target. Our near-term SBT aims to reduce absolute Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 50% from 2018 levels, and Scope 3 emissions by 25% from 2022 levels, by 2030.

In 2023, we invested \$63 million and \$5.7 million in capital and operating environmental program expenses, respectively. The investments resulted in a reduction of total energy consumption by almost 5.7 billion BTUs; reduction of emissions by 700 metric tons CO2e; and over 153 million gallons (~580,000 cubic meters) of water savings from reduction and recycling projects. These reductions are calculated using direct measurements (such as meter readings and utility reports for water) and best-practice methodologies, with 2018 as the baseline year.

Beyond our operations, we help customers in over 170 countries reduce their energy and GHG emissions through high-efficiency solutions in cleaning, sanitation, water, paper, and energy services. Our 2030 goals include: customer GHG emissions reduction of 6.0 million metric tons; water stewardship to restore over 50% of our water withdrawal and achieve Alliance for Water Stewardship Standard certification in high-risk watersheds; and water conservation to reduce net water withdrawals by 40% per unit of production and help customers conserve over 300 billion gallons of water annually.

The science of sustainability is evolving. For factors that may affect our sustainability initiatives, goals, and targets, see Item 1A of this Form 10-K, entitled "Risk Factors."

Environmental Remediation and Proceedings: Along with numerous other potentially responsible parties ("PRP"), we are currently involved with waste disposal site clean-up activities imposed by the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("CERCLA") or state equivalents at 16 sites in the United States. Additionally, we have similar liability at six sites outside the United States. In general, under CERCLA, we and each other PRP that actually contributed hazardous substances to a Superfund site are jointly and severally liable for the costs associated with cleaning up the site. Customarily, the PRPs will work with the EPA to agree and implement a plan for site remediation.

Based on an analysis of our experience with such environmental proceedings, our estimated share of all hazardous materials deposited on the sites referred to in the preceding paragraph, and our estimate of the contribution to be made by other PRPs which we believe have the financial ability to pay their shares, we have accrued our best estimate of our probable future costs relating to such known sites. In establishing accruals, potential insurance reimbursements are not included. The accrual is not discounted. It is not feasible to predict when the amounts accrued will be paid due to the uncertainties inherent in the environmental remediation and associated regulatory processes.

We have also been named as a defendant in a number of lawsuits alleging personal injury due to exposure to hazardous substances, including multi-party lawsuits alleging personal injury in connection with our products and services. While we do not believe that any of these suits will be material to us based upon present information, there can be no assurance that these environmental matters could not have, either individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

We have also been named as a defendant in lawsuits where our products have not caused injuries, but the claimants wish to be monitored for potential future injuries. We cannot predict with certainty the outcome of any such tort claims or the involvement we or our products might have in such matters in the future, and there can be no assurance that the discovery of previously unknown conditions will not require significant expenditures. In each of these chemical exposure cases, our insurance carriers have accepted the claims on our behalf (with or without reservation) and our financial exposure should be limited to the amount of our deductible; however, we cannot predict the number of claims that we may have to defend in the future and we may not be able to continue to maintain such insurance.

Our worldwide net expenditures for contamination remediation were approximately \$0.7 million in 2024, \$0.3 million in 2023 and \$1.4 million in 2022. Our worldwide accruals at December 31, 2024 for probable future remediation expenditures, excluding potential insurance reimbursements, totaled approximately \$19.6 million. We review our exposure for contamination remediation costs periodically and our accruals are adjusted as considered appropriate. While the final resolution of these issues could result in costs below or above current accruals and, therefore, have an impact on our consolidated financial results in a future reporting period, we believe the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

#### **Available Information.**

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. The SEC maintains a website that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers, including us, that file electronically with the SEC at https://www.sec.gov.

General information about us, including our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q and Current Reports on Form 8-K, as well as any amendments and exhibits to those reports, are available free of charge through our website at https://investor.ecolab.com as soon as reasonably practicable after we file them with, or furnish them to, the SEC.

In addition, the following governance materials are available on our web site at https://investor.ecolab.com/governance/corporate-governance: (i) charters of the Audit, Compensation & Human Capital Management, Finance, Governance, and Safety, Health & Environment Committees of our Board of Directors; (ii) our Board's Corporate Governance Principles; and (iii) our Code of Conduct.

We include our website addresses throughout this report for reference only. The information contained on our websites, including the corporate responsibility, and climate reports identified in this report, is not incorporated by reference into this report.

#### Information about our Executive Officers.

The persons listed in the following table are our current executive officers. Officers are elected annually. There is no family relationship among any of the directors or executive officers and no executive officer has been involved during the past ten years in any legal proceedings described in applicable Securities and Exchange Commission regulations.

Name	Age	Office	Positions Held Since Jan. 1, 2020
Nicholas J. Alfano	63	Executive Vice President and President – Global Industrial Group Executive Vice President and General Manager – Global Light Sector Executive Vice President and General Manager – Global Food & Beverage	Apr. 2023 – Present Jan. 2021 – Mar. 2023 Jan. 2020 – Dec. 2020
Christophe Beck	57	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and President President and Chief Executive Officer President and Chief Operating Officer	Oct. 2022 – Present May 2022 – Oct. 2022 Jan. 2021 – May 2022 Jan. 2020 – Dec. 2020
Larry L. Berger	64	Executive Vice President and Chief Technical Officer	Jan. 2020 – Present
Jandeen M. Boone	51	Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary Executive Vice President, General Counsel, Secretary and Interim Chief Compliance Officer	Jan. 2025 – Present June 2024 – Jan. 2025
		Senior Vice President, Chief Compliance Officer and Interim General Counsel Interim General Counsel and Assistant Secretary Sector General Counsel, Institutional and International Markets Sector General Counsel, Institutional and Specialty Associate General Counsel, Institutional	May 2024 – June 2024  Apr. 2024 – May 2024  Feb. 2023 – Apr. 2024  Jan. 2021 – Jan. 2023  Jan. 2020 – Dec. 2021
Jennifer J. Bradway	48	Senior Vice President and Corporate Controller Senior Vice President Finance - Global Institutional	Jan. 2022 – Present Jan. 2020 – Dec. 2021
Darrell R. Brown	61	President and Chief Operating Officer Executive Vice President and President – Global Industrial	Oct. 2022 – Present Jan. 2020 – Sept. 2022
Gregory B. Cook	56	Executive Vice President and President – Institutional Group Executive Vice President and General Manager – Global Institutional Senior Vice President and General Manager – Global Pest	Aug. 2023 – Present June 2021 – July 2023 Jan. 2020 – May 2021
Alexander A. De Boo	57	Executive Vice President and President – Global Markets Executive Vice President and President – Western Europe Senior Vice President and General Manager – Industrial, Europe	Feb. 2021 – Present Apr. 2020 – Jan. 2021 Jan. 2020 – Apr. 2020
Machiel Duijser (1)	53	Executive Vice President and Chief Supply Chain Officer	Feb. 2020 - Present
Alexandra M. A. Hlila	49	Executive Vice President and General Manager – Global Pest Senior Vice President – Strategy Institutional Group Senior Vice President & General Manager – Institutional Europe Vice President Global & Corporate Accounts – Institutional Europe Vice President Field Sales Europe – Institutional Division	Dec. 2024 – Present Mar. 2024 – Dec. 2024 May 2022 – Feb. 2024 May 2021 – Apr. 2022 Jan. 2020 – Apr. 2021
Scott D. Kirkland	51	Chief Financial Officer Senior Vice President and Corporate Controller	Jan. 2022 – Present Jan. 2020 – Dec. 2021
Laurie M. Marsh	61	Executive Vice President – Human Resources	Jan. 2020 - Present
Harpreet Saluja (2)	56	Executive Vice President – Corporate Strategy & Business Development	Nov. 2024 - Present

<sup>(1)</sup> Prior to joining Ecolab in February 2020, Mr. Duijser was employed by Reckitt Benckiser Group plc (RB), a global provider of health, hygiene and home products, as Chief Supply Officer from 2018 until 2020.

<sup>(2)</sup> Prior to joining Ecolab in November 2024, Ms. Saluja was employed by Eaton Corporation plc, a power management company, as Senior Vice President, Corporate Development and Planning from 2013 until 2024.

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This Form 10-K, including Part I, Item 1, entitled "Business," and the MD&A within Part II, Item 7, contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements include expectations concerning items such as:

- amount, funding and timing of cash expenditures relating to our restructuring and other initiatives, as well as savings from such initiatives
- · future cash flows, access to capital, targeted credit rating metrics and impact of credit rating downgrade
- · adequacy of cash reserves
- uses for cash, including dividends, share repurchases, debt repayments, capital investments and strategic business acquisitions
- global economic and political environment
- long-term potential of our business
- impact of changes in exchange rates and interest rates, including the assessment and management of associated risks
- customer retention rate
- · bad debt experience, non-performance of counterparties and losses due to concentration of credit risk
- · disputes, claims and litigation
- environmental contingencies
- impact and cost of complying with laws and regulations
- sustainability targets
- · returns on pension plan assets
- contributions to pension and postretirement healthcare plans
- · amortization expense
- impact of new accounting pronouncements
- income taxes, including tax attributes, valuation allowances, unrecognized tax benefits, permanent reinvestment assertions and goodwill deductibility
- recognition of share-based compensation expense
- · payments under operating leases
- future benefit plan payments
- market position

Without limiting the foregoing, words or phrases such as "will likely result," "are expected to," "will be," "will continue," "is anticipated," "we believe," "we expect," "estimate," "project" (including the negative or variations thereof), "intends," "could," or similar terminology, generally identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements may also represent challenging goals for us. These statements, which represent our expectations or beliefs concerning various future events, are based on current expectations that involve a number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those of such forward-looking statements. We caution that undue reliance should not be placed on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. For a further discussion of these and other factors which could cause results to differ from those expressed in any forward-looking statement, see Item 1A of this Form 10-K, entitled "Risk Factors." Except as may be required under applicable law, we undertake no duty to update our forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking and other statements in this document may also address our sustainability initiatives, goals, targets and progress, and the inclusion of such statements is not an indication that these contents are necessarily material to investors or required to be disclosed in our filings with the SEC. In addition, historical, current, and forward-looking sustainability-related statements may be based on standards for measuring progress that are still developing, internal controls and processes that continue to evolve, and assumptions that are subject to change in the future and performance against our goals and targets may differ from such forward-looking statements in such event.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors.

The following are important factors which could affect our financial performance and could cause our actual results for future periods to differ materially from our anticipated results or other expectations, including those expressed in any forward-looking statements made in this Form 10-K. See the section entitled "Forward-Looking Statements" set forth above.

We may also refer to this disclosure to identify factors that may cause results to differ materially from those expressed in other forward-looking statements including those made in oral presentations, including telephone conferences and/or webcasts open to the public.

Investing in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described below in addition to the other information set forth in this Annual Report on Form 10-K, including "Item 7 - Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation" and our consolidated financial statements and the related notes, before making an investment decision. The risks described below are not the only risks or uncertainties we face. The occurrence of any of the following risks or additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us, or that we currently believe to be immaterial, could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, prospects, or results of operations. In such case, the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your original investment. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in the forward-looking statements as a result of specific factors, including the risks and uncertainties described below.

Additionally, macroeconomic and geopolitical developments, including public health crises, escalating global conflicts, supply chain disruptions, labor market constraints, rising rates of inflation and high interest rates may amplify many of the risks discussed below to which we are subject. The extent of the impact of macroeconomic and geopolitical developments, including public health crises, on our financial and operating performance depends significantly on the duration and severity of such macroeconomic and geopolitical developments, the actions taken to contain or mitigate its impact and any changes in consumer behaviors as a result thereof.

#### **Economic & Operational Risks**

#### Our results are impacted by general worldwide economic factors.

Over the past year, global interest rates aimed at curbing inflation, as well as implications of geopolitical situations in Europe, the Middle East and China, have resulted in economic and demand uncertainty. Previously, the COVID pandemic, geopolitical instability and other global events have resulted in supply chain challenges, inflation, high interest rates, foreign currency exchange volatility, and volatility in global capital markets, which have affected our business and could have a material adverse impact on our business in the future. Countries such as Argentina and Turkey have experienced economic upheaval and similar upheaval in other countries with Ecolab operations could have a material adverse impact on our consolidated results of operations, financial position and cash flows by negatively impacting economic activity, including in our key end-markets, and by further weakening the local currency versus the U.S. dollar, resulting in reduced sales and earnings from our foreign operations, which are generated in the local currency, and then translated to U.S. dollars.

#### Our results depend upon the continued vitality of the markets we serve.

Economic downturns, and in particular downturns in our larger markets including the foodservice, hospitality, travel, health care, food processing, refining, pulp and paper, mining and steel industries, can adversely impact our customers, and we may find it difficult to restore margins by maintaining pricing due to easing inflation from slowing economic growth. Recently, the war and energy crisis in Europe have resulted in a more challenging macroeconomic environment with significantly impacted costs and demand. Previously, the COVID-19 pandemic negatively impacted the demand for our products and services provided to customers in the full-service restaurant, hospitality, lodging and entertainment industries. In prior years, a weaker global economic environment has also negatively impacted certain of our other end-markets. During these periods of weaker economic activity, our customers and potential customers may reduce or discontinue their volume of purchases of cleaning and sanitizing products and water treatment and process chemicals, which has had, and may continue to have, a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operation or cash flows.

#### Our significant non-U.S. operations expose us to global economic, political and legal risks that could impact our profitability.

We have significant operations outside the United States, including joint ventures and other alliances. We conduct business in more than 170 countries and, in 2024, approximately 47% of our net sales originated outside the United States. There are inherent risks in our international operations, including:

- exchange controls and currency restrictions;
- currency fluctuations and devaluations;
- tariffs and trade barriers:
- export duties and quotas;
- changes in the availability and pricing of raw materials, energy and utilities;
- · changes in local economic conditions;
- changes in laws and regulations, including the imposition of economic or trade sanctions affecting international commercial transactions;
- difficulties in managing international operations and the burden of complying with international and foreign laws;
- requirements to include local ownership or management in our business;
- economic and business objectives that differ from those of our joint venture partners;

- exposure to possible expropriation, nationalization or other government actions;
- restrictions on our ability to repatriate dividends from our subsidiaries;
- unsettled political conditions, military action, civil unrest, acts of terrorism, force majeure, war or other armed conflict, including the Russian invasion of Ukraine, the Israel-Hamas conflict and other hostilities in the Middle East; and
- countries whose governments have been hostile to U.S.-based businesses.

Following Russia's invasion of Ukraine and the United States' and other countries' sanctions against Russia, we have limited our Russian business to operations that are essential to life, providing minimal support for our healthcare, life sciences, food and beverage and certain water businesses, and we may further narrow our presence in Russia depending on developments in the conflict or otherwise. While our operations in Russia and areas experiencing conflict are not material to our business and financial results, the escalation of these conflicts, or the imposition of additional sanctions by the United States, may also heighten many other risks disclosed in our report on Form 10-K, any of which could materially and adversely affect our business and financial results. Such risks include, but are not limited to, adverse effects on macroeconomic conditions, including increased inflation, constraints on the availability of commodities, supply chain disruption and decreased business spending; disruptions to our or our business partners' global technology infrastructure, including through cyber-attack or cyber-intrusion; adverse changes in international trade policies and relations; claims, litigation and regulatory enforcement; our ability to implement and execute our business strategy; terrorist activities; our exposure to foreign currency fluctuations; reputational risk; and constraints, volatility, or disruption in the capital markets.

Additionally, changes in international trade policies by governments around the world, including the imposition or continuation of tariffs, could materially and adversely affect our business. In 2018, the U.S. imposed tariffs on certain imports from China and other countries, resulting in retaliatory tariffs by China and other countries. In February 2025, the U.S. proposed a 25% additional tariff on imports from Canada and Mexico and a 10% additional tariff on imports from China. These tariffs, any new tariffs or policies imposed by governments around the world, or any resulting retaliatory measures, to the extent implemented, could increase our costs, reduce our sales and earnings or otherwise have an adverse effect on our operations.

Further, our operations outside the United States require us to comply with a number of United States and non-U.S. laws and regulations, including anti-corruption laws such as the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and the United Kingdom Bribery Act, as well as U.S. and non-U.S. economic sanctions regulations. We have internal policies and procedures relating to such laws and regulations; however, there is risk that such policies and procedures will not always protect us from the misconduct or reckless acts of employees or representatives, particularly in the case of recently acquired operations that may not have significant training in applicable compliance policies and procedures. Violations of such laws and regulations could result in disruptive investigations, significant fines and sanctions, which could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

Also, because of uncertainties regarding the interpretation and application of laws and regulations and the enforceability of intellectual property and contract rights, we face risks in some countries that our intellectual property rights and contract rights would not be enforced by local governments. We are also periodically faced with the risk of economic uncertainty, which has impacted our business in some countries. Other risks in international business also include difficulties in staffing and managing local operations, including managing credit risk to local customers and distributors.

Our overall success as a global business depends, in part, upon our ability to succeed in differing economic, social, legal and political conditions. We may not continue to succeed in developing and implementing policies and strategies that are effective in each location where we do business, which could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

#### We may experience business disruption if we fail to execute organizational change and management transitions.

Our continued success will depend on the efforts and abilities of our executive officers and certain other key employees, particularly those with sales and sales management responsibilities, to drive business growth, development and profitability. Our operations could be materially and adversely affected if for any reason we are unable to successfully execute organizational change and management transitions at leadership levels.

#### We are subject to information technology system failures, network disruptions and breaches in data security.

We rely to a large extent upon information technology systems and infrastructure to operate our business. The size and complexity of our information technology systems and those of strategic vendors make them vulnerable to failure, malicious intrusion and random attack. Acquisitions have resulted in further de-centralization of systems and additional complexity in our systems infrastructure. Likewise, data security breaches by employees or others with permitted access to our systems or to the systems of strategic vendors pose a risk that sensitive data may be exposed to unauthorized persons or to the public. Geopolitical tensions or conflicts, such as Russia's invasion of Ukraine, may further heighten the risk of cybersecurity attacks. While we have continually matured our security program and capabilities and have had no material incidents to date, cyber threats continue to evolve and there can be no assurance that our efforts will prevent cybersecurity attacks or breaches in our systems or in the systems of strategic vendors, including cloud providers, that could cause reputational damage, business disruption or legal and regulatory costs; could result in third-party claims; could result in compromise or misappropriation of our intellectual property, trade secrets or sensitive information; or could otherwise materially adversely affect our business, including our business strategy, results of operations, or financial condition. Certain of our customer offerings include digital components, such as remote monitoring of certain customer operations. A breach of those remote monitoring systems could expose customer data giving rise to potential third-party claims and reputational damage. There may be other related challenges and risks as we complete implementation of our ERP system upgrade.

Our results could be materially and adversely affected by difficulties in securing the supply of certain raw materials or by fluctuations in the cost of raw materials.

The prices of raw materials used in our business fluctuate, and in recent years we have experienced periods of significant increased raw material costs. Changes in raw material prices, unavailability of adequate and reasonably priced raw materials or substitutes for those raw materials, or the inability to obtain or renew supply agreements on favorable terms has materially and adversely affected our business and can in the future materially and adversely affect our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows. In addition, volatility and disruption in economic activity and conditions could disrupt or delay the performance of our suppliers and thus impact our ability to obtain raw materials at favorable prices or on favorable terms, which may materially and adversely affect our business.

Our increasing reliance on artificial intelligence ("Al") technologies in our products, services, and operations presents several risks that could adversely impact our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

We are increasingly incorporating Al capabilities into the development of technologies and our business operations, and into our products and services. Al technology is complex and rapidly evolving, and may subject us to significant competitive, legal, regulatory, operational and other risks, including the following:

- Operational and Technical Risks: Al technologies are complex and rapidly evolving. Flaws in Al algorithms, training
  methodologies, or datasets may lead to unintended consequences, such as operational disruptions, erroneous decisionmaking, or data loss. These issues could impair the effectiveness of our Al systems and result in significant operational
  challenges. Additionally, software we purchase or lease from third-party vendors could become inoperable (via attack
  from a bad actor, network failure, code error, etc.), such that it adversely impacts Ecolab's ability to deliver products or
  services to its customers, resulting in financial losses, legal liabilities, and damages to our reputation.
- Legal and Regulatory Risks: The legal and regulatory landscape for AI is still developing and varies across jurisdictions.
   Compliance with evolving AI regulations may impose significant costs, limit our ability to incorporate AI capabilities, and expose us to legal liabilities. Additionally, new regulations could conflict with our current AI practices, requiring costly changes to our development and deployment strategies.
- Reputational Risks: The use of Al raises social and ethical concerns, which could harm our reputation if not managed responsibly. Incidents related to Al, such as biased outcomes or privacy breaches, could lead to negative publicity and reduce public trust in our Al solutions.
- Competitive Risks: Our competitors may develop and implement AI technologies more effectively, gaining a competitive advantage. If we fail to keep pace with advancements in AI, our market position could be weakened, adversely affecting our business performance.
- Financial Risks: The development, testing, and deployment of AI systems are resource-intensive and may increase our operational costs. There is no assurance that our investments in AI will yield the anticipated benefits or that customers will adopt our AI-enhanced offerings, potentially impacting our financial results.
- Cybersecurity Risks: Al systems can be vulnerable to cybersecurity threats, such as data breaches and unauthorized access. These threats could result in financial losses, legal liabilities, and damage to our reputation.

We are committed to developing and using AI responsibly, but there can be no guarantee that we will successfully mitigate all associated risks. Any failure in our AI initiatives could materially harm our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

#### Severe public health outbreaks not limited to COVID-19 may adversely impact our business.

The COVID-19 pandemic had a rapid and significant negative impact on the global economy, including a significant downturn in the foodservice, hospitality and travel industries. Measures taken to alleviate the pandemic (such as stay-at-home orders and other responsive measures) significantly impacted our restaurant and hospitality customers and negatively affected demand for our products and services in these segments, resulting in a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations. Besides the COVID-19 pandemic, the United States and other countries have experienced, and may experience in the future, public health outbreaks such as Zika virus, Avian Flu, SARS and H1N1 influenza. A prolonged occurrence of a contagious disease such as these could result in a significant downturn in the foodservice, hospitality and travel industries and also may result in health or other government authorities imposing restrictions on travel further impacting our end markets. Any of these events could result in a significant drop in demand for some of our products and services and materially and adversely affect our business.

#### Strategic Risks

#### If we are unsuccessful in integrating acquisitions our business could be materially and adversely affected.

We seek to acquire complementary businesses as part of our long-term strategy. There can be no assurance that we will find attractive acquisition candidates or succeed at effectively managing the integration of acquired businesses. If the underlying business performance of such acquired businesses deteriorates, the expected synergies from such transactions do not materialize or we fail to successfully integrate new businesses into our existing businesses, our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows could be materially and adversely affected.

#### If we are unsuccessful in executing on key business initiatives, our business could be materially and adversely affected.

We continue to execute key business initiatives as part of our ongoing efforts to improve our efficiency and returns. In particular, we are making supply chain investments to secure supply and add new capacity in our Life Sciences business. Additionally, we are continuing implementation of our ERP system upgrades, which are expected to continue in phases over the next several years. These upgrades, which include sales, supply chain and certain finance functions, are expected to improve the efficiency of certain financial and related transactional processes. These upgrades involve complex business process design and a failure of certain of these processes could result in business disruption. We are also undertaking restructuring programs including the One Ecolab initiative leveraging our digital technologies to realign the functional work done in many countries into global centers of excellence. This program is discussed along with other restructuring activities under Note 3 of this Form 10-K. If the projects in which we are investing or the initiatives which we are pursuing are not successfully executed, our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows could materially and adversely be affected.

#### Our growth depends upon our ability to compete successfully with respect to value, innovation and customer support.

We have numerous global, national, regional and local competitors. Our ability to compete depends in part on providing high quality and high value-added products, technology and service. We must also continue to identify, develop and commercialize innovative, profitable and high value-added products for niche applications and commercial digital applications. We have made significant investments in commercial digital product offerings, and our culture and expertise must continue to evolve to develop, support and profitably deploy commercial digital offerings, which are becoming an increasingly important part of our business. There can be no assurance that we will be able to accomplish our technology development goals or that technological developments by our competitors, including in the area of artificial intelligence, will not place certain of our products, technology or services at a competitive disadvantage in the future. In addition, certain of the new products that we have under development will be offered in markets in which we do not currently compete, and there can be no assurance that we will be able to compete successfully in those new markets. If we fail to introduce new technologies or commercialize our digital offerings on a timely and profitable basis, we may lose market share and our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows could be materially and adversely affected.

#### Consolidation of our customers and vendors could materially and adversely affect our results.

Customers and vendors in the foodservice, hospitality, travel, healthcare, energy, life sciences, food processing and pulp and paper industries, as well as other industries we serve, have consolidated in recent years and that trend may continue. This consolidation could have a material adverse impact on our ability to retain customers and on our pricing, margins and consolidated results of operations.

#### We enter into multi-year contracts with customers that could impact our results.

Our multi-year contracts with some of our customers include terms affecting our pricing flexibility. There can be no assurance that these restraints will not have a material adverse impact on our margins and consolidated results of operations.

#### Legal, Regulatory & Compliance Risks

Our business depends on our ability to comply with laws and governmental regulations and meet our contractual commitments and failure to do so could materially and adversely impact our business; and we may be materially and adversely affected by changes in laws and regulations.

Our business is subject to numerous laws and regulations relating to the environment, including evolving climate change standards, and to the manufacture, storage, distribution, sale and use of our products as well as to the conduct of our business generally, including employment and labor laws and anti-corruption laws. Furthermore, increasing public and governmental awareness and concern regarding the effects of climate change has led to significant legislative and regulatory efforts to limit greenhouse gas emissions and will likely result in further environmental and climate change laws and regulations. Compliance with these laws and regulations exposes us to potential financial liability and increases our operating costs. A violation of these laws and regulations could expose us to financial liability that may have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and cash flows. Regulation of our products and operations continues to increase with more stringent standards, causing increased costs of operations and potential for liability if a violation occurs. The potential cost to us relating to environmental and product registration laws and regulations is uncertain due to factors such as the unknown magnitude and type of possible contamination and clean-up costs, the complexity and evolving nature of laws and regulations, and the timing and expense of compliance. Changes to current laws (including tax laws), regulations and policies could impose new restrictions, costs or prohibitions on our current practices which would have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows. Changes to labor and employment laws and regulations, as well as related rulings by courts and administrative bodies, could materially and adversely affect our operations and expose us to potential financial liability.

Defense of litigation, particularly certain types of actions such as antitrust, patent infringement, personal injury, product liability, breach of contract, wage hour and class action lawsuits, can be costly and time consuming even if ultimately successful, and if not successful could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

#### A chemical spill or release could materially and adversely impact our business.

As a manufacturer and supplier of chemical products, there is a potential for chemicals to be accidentally spilled, released or discharged, either in liquid or gaseous form, during production, transportation, storage or use. Such a release could result in environmental contamination as well as a human or animal health hazard. Accordingly, such a release could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

## Potential indemnification liabilities pursuant to the separation and split-off of our Upstream Energy business could materially and adversely affect our business and financial statements.

With respect to the separation and subsequent split-off of our Upstream Energy business, we entered into a separation and distribution agreement with ChampionX Holding Inc. and ChampionX Corporation (f/k/a Apergy Corporation and taken together with ChampionX Holding Inc., "ChampionX") as well as certain other agreements to govern the separation and related transactions and our relationship with ChampionX going forward. These agreements provide for specific indemnity and certain other obligations of each party and could lead to disputes between ChampionX and us. If we are required to indemnify ChampionX under the circumstances set forth in these agreements, we may be subject to substantial related liabilities. In addition, with respect to the liabilities for which ChampionX has agreed to indemnify us under these agreements, there can be no assurance that the indemnity rights we have against ChampionX will be sufficient to protect us against the full amount of such liabilities, or that ChampionX will be able to fully satisfy its indemnification obligations. Each of these risks could negatively affect our business and our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows could be materially and adversely affected.

#### Extraordinary events may significantly impact our business.

The occurrence of (a) litigation or claims, (b) the loss or insolvency of a major customer or distributor, (c) repeated or prolonged federal government shutdowns or similar events, (d) war (including acts of terrorism or hostilities which impact our markets), (e) natural or manmade disasters, (f) water shortages or (g) severe weather conditions affecting our operations or the energy, foodservice, hospitality and travel industries may have a material adverse effect on our business.

While we have a diverse customer base and no customer or distributor constitutes 10 percent or more of our consolidated revenues, we do have customers and independent, third-party distributors, the loss of which could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations or cash flows for the affected earnings periods.

Government shutdowns can have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations or cash flows by disrupting or delaying new product launches, renewals of registrations for existing products and receipt of import or export licenses for raw materials or products.

War (including acts of terrorism or hostilities), natural or manmade disasters, water shortages or severe weather conditions, including the effects of climate change, affecting the energy, foodservice, hospitality, travel, health care, food processing, pulp and paper, mining, steel and other industries can cause a downturn in the business of our customers, which in turn can have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations, financial position or cash flows. In particular, the U.S. Gulf Coast is a region with significant refining, petrochemicals and chemicals operations which provide us raw materials, as well as being an important customer base for our Water operating segment. Hurricanes or other severe weather events impacting the Gulf Coast, such as the winter freeze in Texas and the Gulf Coast in February 2021, can materially and adversely affect our ability to obtain raw materials at reasonable cost, or at all, and could adversely affect our business with our customers in the region.

## Our commitments, goals, targets, objectives and initiatives related to sustainability, and our public statements and disclosures regarding them, expose us to numerous risks.

We have developed, and will continue to establish, goals, targets, and other objectives related to sustainability matters, including our sustainability goals in alignment with the United Nations Global Compact's Business Ambition for 1.5°C and our commitments to science-based targets addressing Scope 1, 2 and 3 GHG emissions, discussed in Item 1 of Part I of this Form 10-K, entitled "Business." Achieving these goals and commitments will require evolving our business, capital investment and the development of technology that might not currently exist. We might incur additional expense or be required to recognize impairment charges in connection with our efforts. These commitments, goals, targets and other objectives reflect our current plans and there is no guarantee that they will be achieved. Our efforts to research, establish, accomplish, and accurately report on these commitments, goals, targets, and objectives expose us to operational, reputational, financial, legal, and other risks. Our ability to achieve any stated commitment, goal, target, or objective is subject to factors and conditions, many of which are outside of our control, including the pace of changes in technology, the availability of requisite financing, and the availability of suppliers that can meet our sustainability and other standards.

Our business may face increased scrutiny from the investment community, other stakeholders, regulators, and the media related to our sustainability activities, including our commitments, goals, targets, and objectives, and our methodologies and timelines for pursuing them. If our sustainability practices do not meet investor or other stakeholder expectations and standards, which continue to evolve, our reputation, our ability to attract or retain employees, and our attractiveness as an investment, business partner, or as an acquiror could be negatively impacted. Similarly, our failure or perceived failure to pursue or fulfill our commitments, goals, targets, and objectives, to

comply with ethical, environmental, or other standards, regulations, or expectations, or to satisfy reporting standards with respect to these matters, within the timelines we announce, or at all, could have operational, reputational, financial and legal impacts.

#### **Financial Risks**

If the separation and split-off of our Upstream Energy business or certain internal transactions undertaken in anticipation of the divestiture are determined to be taxable in whole or in part, we and our stockholders may incur significant tax liabilities.

In connection with the separation and split-off of our Upstream Energy business that was consummated on June 3, 2020, we obtained opinions of outside tax counsel that the related merger and exchange offer will qualify as tax-free transactions to us and our stockholders, except to the extent that cash was paid to Ecolab stockholders in lieu of fractional shares. We have not sought or obtained a ruling from the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") on the tax consequences of these transactions. An opinion of counsel is not binding on the IRS or the courts, which may disagree with the opinion. Even if the merger and exchange offer otherwise qualified as tax-free transactions, they may become taxable to us if certain events occur that affect either Ecolab or ChampionX Corporation. While ChampionX Corporation has agreed not to take certain actions that could cause the transactions not to qualify as tax-free transactions and is generally obligated to indemnify us against any tax consequences if it breaches this agreement, the potential tax liabilities could have a material adverse effect on us if we were not entitled to indemnification or if the indemnification obligations were not fulfilled. If the merger or exchange offer were determined to be taxable, we could be subject to a substantial tax liability, and each U.S. holder of our common stock who participated in transaction

#### Changes in tax laws and unanticipated tax liabilities could materially and adversely affect the taxes we pay and our profitability.

We are subject to income and other taxes in the United States and foreign jurisdictions, and our operations, plans and results are affected by tax and other initiatives around the world. We are also impacted by actions taken to tax-related matters by associations such as the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD"), which represents a coalition of member countries, and the European Commission which influence tax policies in countries where we operate. In particular, the OECD has coordinated negotiations among more than 140 jurisdictions with the goal of achieving consensus on various substantial changes to the international tax framework, including a 15% global minimum taxation regime ("Pillar Two"). Pillar Two took effect in several jurisdictions in which we operate starting in 2024 and will increase the burden and costs of our tax compliance. We continue to monitor these legislative developments, which based on information available, have not had material impacts to the 2024 financial statements. In addition, we are impacted by settlements of pending or any future adjustments proposed by the IRS or other taxing authorities in connection with our tax audits, all of which will depend on their timing, nature and scope. Increases in income tax rates, changes in income tax laws or unfavorable resolution of tax matters could have a material adverse impact on our financial results.

## Future events may impact our deferred tax position, including the utilization of foreign tax credits and undistributed earnings of international affiliates that are considered to be reinvested indefinitely.

We evaluate the recoverability of deferred tax assets and the need for deferred tax liabilities based on available evidence. This process involves significant management judgment about assumptions that are subject to change from period to period based on changes in tax laws or variances between future projected operating performance and actual results. We are required to establish a valuation allowance for deferred tax assets if we determine, based on available evidence at the time the determination is made, that it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In making this determination, we evaluate all positive and negative evidence as of the end of each reporting period. Future adjustments (either increases or decreases), to the deferred tax asset valuation allowance are determined based upon changes in the expected realization of the net deferred tax assets. The realization of the deferred tax assets ultimately depends on the existence of sufficient taxable income in either the carry-back or carry-forward periods under the tax law. Due to significant estimates used to establish the valuation allowance and the potential for changes in facts and circumstances, it is reasonably possible that we will be required to record adjustments to the valuation allowance in future reporting periods. Changes to the valuation allowance or the amount of deferred tax liabilities could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations or financial position. Further, should we change our assertion regarding the permanent reinvestment of the undistributed earnings of international affiliates, a deferred tax liability may need to be established.

Our indebtedness may limit our operations and our use of our cash flow, and any failure to comply with the covenants that apply to our indebtedness could materially and adversely affect our liquidity and financial statements.

As of December 31, 2024, we had approximately \$7.6 billion in outstanding indebtedness, with approximately \$1.5 billion in the form of floating rate debt. Our debt level and related debt service obligations may have negative consequences, including:

- requiring us to dedicate significant cash flow from operations to the payment of principal and interest on our debt, which
  reduces the funds we have available for other purposes such as acquisitions and capital investment;
- reducing our flexibility in planning for or reacting to changes in our business and market conditions;
- exposing us to interest rate risk since a portion of our debt obligations are at variable rates. For example, a one percentage
  point increase in the average interest rate on our floating rate debt at December 31, 2024 would increase future interest
  expense by approximately \$15 million per year; and
- increasing our cost of funds and materially and adversely affecting our liquidity and access to the capital markets should we fail to maintain the credit ratings assigned to us by independent rating agencies.

If we add new debt, the risks described above could increase.

We incur significant expenses related to the amortization of intangible assets and may be required to report losses resulting from the impairment of goodwill or other assets recorded in connection with the Nalco and Purolite transactions and other acquisitions.

We expect to continue to complete selected acquisitions and joint venture transactions in the future. In connection with acquisition and joint venture transactions, applicable accounting rules generally require the tangible and intangible assets of the acquired business to be recorded on the balance sheet of the acquiring company at their fair values. Intangible assets other than goodwill are required to be amortized over their estimated useful lives and this expense may be significant. Any excess in the purchase price paid by the acquiring company over the fair value of tangible and intangible assets of the acquired business is recorded as goodwill. If it is later determined that the anticipated future cash flows from the acquired business may be less than the carrying values of the assets and goodwill of the acquired business, the assets or goodwill may be deemed to be impaired. In this case, the acquiring company may be required under applicable accounting rules to write down the value of the assets or goodwill on its balance sheet to reflect the extent of the impairment. This write-down of assets or goodwill is generally recognized as a non-cash expense in the statement of operations of the acquiring company for the accounting period during which the write down occurs. As of December 31, 2024, we had goodwill of \$7.9 billion which is maintained in various reporting units, including goodwill from the Nalco and Purolite transactions. If we determine that any of the assets or goodwill recorded in connection with the Nalco and Purolite transactions or any other prior or future acquisitions or joint venture transactions have become impaired, we will be required to record a loss resulting from the impairment. Impairment losses could be significant and could have a material adverse effect on our consolidated results of operations and financial position.

#### Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments.

None.

#### Item 1C. Cybersecurity.

Since 2014, when the Ecolab Cybersecurity program was established, we have continuously matured our cybersecurity program to proactively address evolving cybersecurity trends and risks. Ecolab has an Information Security Steering Committee ("ISSC"), a crossfunctional team chaired by our Chief Information Security Officer ("CISO").

Our CISO, who holds a CISO certification, has been our CISO since 2024 and has more than 25 years of information systems experience in total, including in the financial services and defense sectors and the U.S. military, as well as serving in information security and other information technology leadership positions at Ecolab since 2017.

Senior management provides in-depth reviews of cybersecurity matters to the Board and the Audit Committee. Cybersecurity is also considered in the annual enterprise risk assessment presented to the Board by management as part of the Board's oversight of our enterprise risk management ("ERM") program.

Ecolab's cybersecurity policies, standards, processes, and practices are integrated into our ERM program and are based on recognized frameworks established by the National Institute of Standards and Technology ("NIST") Cybersecurity Framework ("CSF"), the International Organization for Standardization and other applicable industry standards. We are formally assessed by an independent third party against NIST CSF and industry standards, including peer benchmarking.

#### **Risk Management and Strategy**

Cybersecurity presents strategic and operating risks and is an area of continued focus for our Board and management under its ERM program. Ecolab's cybersecurity program addresses the following key areas:

- Governance: As discussed in more detail under the heading "Cybersecurity Governance," the Audit Committee and the Board
  of Directors provide oversight of cybersecurity risk management.
- Technical Safeguards: We have implemented multi-layer controls designed to protect our information systems from
  cybersecurity threats, including general, backup, recovery, resiliency, processing, access, change and risk controls. These
  controls are evaluated by Ecolab's cybersecurity team and enhanced through controls audits and assessments, internal
  testing, and third-party cybersecurity threat intelligence.
- Incident Response and Recovery Planning: We have established and maintain comprehensive cybersecurity incident
  response and recovery plans that coordinate multidisciplinary internal teams and cybersecurity partners to assess, triage,
  escalate, contain, mitigate, investigate, remediate, and recover from a potential cybersecurity incident. Through ongoing
  communications with these teams, management monitors the incidents and reports incidents to the Audit Committee when
  appropriate. Management is responsible for timely disclosure of cybersecurity incidents as required by law.

- Third-Party Risk Management: We maintain a risk-based approach to identify, monitor, and manage third-party cybersecurity
  risks associated with our use of third-party service providers who have access to our systems, data or are critical to our
  continued business operations. Additionally, cybersecurity considerations affect the selection and oversight of our third-party
  service providers. We require certain third-party vendors to agree to manage their cybersecurity risks in specified ways, and to
  agree to be subject to cybersecurity audits, which we conduct as appropriate.
- Education and Awareness: We provide training for personnel regarding cybersecurity trends and threats to equip them with
  the knowledge to recognize and tools to report suspected cybersecurity threats. We also conduct simulations for employees
  and contractors to enhance awareness and responsiveness to such possible threats. In addition, we send global cybersecurity
  awareness communications to our personnel.
- Assessment: We engage in the periodic assessment, testing and updating of our policies, standards, processes, and
  practices that are designed to address cybersecurity threats and incidents. These efforts include a wide range of activities,
  including audits, assessments, tabletop exercises, threat modeling, vulnerability testing and other exercises focused on
  evaluating the effectiveness of our cybersecurity measures, and planning. We engage third parties to perform assessments on
  our cybersecurity measures, including information security maturity assessments, audits and independent reviews of our
  information security control environment and operating effectiveness. Additionally, we leverage third party cybersecurity rating
  agency data to inform our assessment of risk. The results of such assessments, audits and reviews are reported to the Audit
  Committee and the Board.

While we have continually matured our security program and capabilities and have had no material incidents to date, cyber threats continue to evolve and there can be no assurance that our efforts will prevent cybersecurity attacks or breaches in our systems such as those described in the risk factor entitled, "We are subject to information technology system failures, network disruptions and breaches in data security" under "Item 1A. Risk Factors" of this Form 10-K.

#### **Cybersecurity Governance**

Ecolab's ISSC, chaired by our CISO, meets as needed. The Committee is comprised of executive leaders including the Executive Vice President and General Manager - Ecolab Digital ("EVP & GM Digital"), the Senior Vice President IT Enterprise Operations, the Chief Operating Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the Chief Technical Officer, the General Counsel, the Executive Vice Presidents of our commercial divisions, the Executive Vice President Global Supply Chain, the Executive Vice President Human Resources, the Vice President of Global Business Transformation, and the Vice President Internal Audit.

The ISSC assists the CISO in fulfilling our responsibilities regarding our information security program to protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of our information assets, financial assets, and information systems. ISSC responsibilities include, but are not limited to, evaluation of relevant information security risks, prioritization of information security initiatives, determination of, and advocacy for, appropriate investments, review of related legal and regulatory compliance initiatives, review of effective security communication initiatives, establishing specific requirements of the program in documented policies which all Ecolab associates, customers, and partners are obligated to follow, partner with Ecolab's business, functional and regional leaders to ensure effective, risk-based security controls and practices are in place to achieve the program's intent, and assist in monitoring the integrity and evaluating the effectiveness of the program.

The Board, in coordination with the Audit Committee, provides oversight of our ERM program, including the management of risks arising from cybersecurity threats. The Board receives an overview from our EVP & GM Digital and the Audit Committee receives reports from our CISO regarding our cybersecurity threat risk management and strategy processes. These reports cover a wide range of topics, and may include current and emerging cybersecurity threat risks, third-party assessments, risk-mitigation tactics and programs, information security considerations arising with respect to our peers and third parties, and our incident response plan.

Through a risk-based approach consistent with Ecolab's ERM framework, the CISO identifies cyber incidents that are brought forward to a cross-functional cyber-incident response team including our CEO, CFO, EVP & GM Digital, General Counsel, CISO and Executive Vice President Supply Chain. This cyber incident response team, or, in the event of more minor incidents, the CISO and his team, takes steps to promptly assess and address the incident, including engaging third parties according to pre-established guidelines. The Board and the Audit Committee also receive prompt and timely information regarding any cybersecurity incident that meets established reporting thresholds, including ongoing updates regarding any such incident until it has been addressed.

#### Item 2. Properties.

We operate 32 manufacturing facilities in 14 states in the U.S. Internationally, we operate 67 manufacturing facilities in 37 countries. We own most of our manufacturing locations. Our manufacturing philosophy is to manufacture products wherever an economic, process or quality assurance advantage exists or where proprietary manufacturing techniques dictate in-house production. Currently, most products that we sell are manufactured at our facilities. We position our manufacturing locations and warehouses in a manner to permit ready access to our customers. In general, manufacturing facilities located in the United States serve our U.S. markets and facilities located outside of the United States serve our international markets. However, most of the United States facilities do manufacture products for export. Many of our properties are used by multiple segments.

Our manufacturing facilities produce chemical products as well as medical devices and equipment for all our operating segments, although Pest Elimination purchases the majority of their products and equipment from outside suppliers. Our chemical production process consists of blending purchased raw materials into finished products in powder, liquid, and solid form. Additionally, intermediates from reaction chemistries are used in some of the blends and are also packaged directly into finished goods. Our devices and equipment manufacturing operations consist of producing chemical product dispensers and injectors and other mechanical equipment, medical devices, dishwasher racks, related sundries, dish machine refurbishment and water monitoring and maintenance equipment system from purchased components and subassemblies.

Generally, our manufacturing facilities are adequate to meet our existing in-house production needs. We continue to invest in our plant sites to maintain viable operations and to add capacity as necessary to meet business imperatives.

Most of our manufacturing plants also serve as distribution centers. In addition, we operate distribution centers around the world, most of which are leased, and utilize third party logistics service providers to facilitate the distribution of our products and services.

Our corporate headquarters is comprised of a 17-story building that we own in St. Paul, Minnesota. We also own a 115-acre campus in Eagan, Minnesota that houses a significant research and development center and training facilities as well as several of our administrative functions. We also have a significant business presence in Naperville, Illinois, where our Water and Paper operating segments maintain their principal administrative offices and research center, as well as in Greensboro, North Carolina, where our Specialty operating segment maintains its principal administrative offices and a research center. Our Water operating segment leases administrative and research facilities in Houston, Texas. Our Life Sciences operating segment maintains leased and owned facilities in the greater King of Prussia, PA area for administrative functions, and research and development.

Significant regional administrative and/or research facilities are located in Campinas, Brazil; Leiden, Netherlands, which we own; and in Bangalore, India; Dubai, UAE; Monheim, Germany; Pune, India; Singapore; Shanghai, China; and Zurich, Switzerland, which we lease. We also have a network of small leased sales offices in the United States and, to a lesser extent, in other parts of the world.

#### Item 3. Legal Proceedings.

Discussion of legal proceedings is incorporated by reference from Part II, Item 8, Note 15, "Commitments and Contingencies," of this Form 10-K and should be considered an integral part of Part I, Item 3, "Legal Proceedings."

Discussion of other environmental-related legal proceedings is incorporated by reference from Part I, Item 1 above, under the heading "Environmental and Regulatory Considerations."

In accordance with 17 CFR § 229.103(c)(iii)(3), we have established a threshold of \$1 million for reporting potential monetary sanctions relating to administrative or judicial proceedings brought by a governmental authority under any Federal, State, or local provisions that have been enacted or adopted regulating the discharge of materials into the environment or primarily for the purpose of protecting the environment. We have no such proceedings exceeding this threshold to report.

#### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

#### **PART II**

# <u>Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities.</u>

#### Market Information

Our common stock is listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "ECL." Our common stock is also traded on an unlisted basis on certain other United States exchanges.

#### Holders

On January 31, 2025, we had 4,561 holders of record of our Common Stock.

## Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Period	Total number of shares purchased	Average price paid per share	Total number of shares purchased as part of publicly announced plans or programs (1)	Maximum number of shares that may yet be purchased under the plans or programs (1)
October 1-31, 2024	-	\$-	-	8,781,585
November 1-30, 2024	-	-	-	8,781,585
December 1-31, 2024	-	-	-	8,781,585
Total	-	\$-	-	8,781,585

<sup>(1)</sup> As announced on November 3, 2022, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 10,000,000 common shares. Subject to market conditions, we expect to repurchase all shares under this authorization, for which no expiration date has been established, in open market or privately negotiated transactions, including pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 and accelerated share repurchase program.

## Item 6. [Reserved].

#### Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The following management discussion and analysis ("MD&A") provides information that we believe is useful in understanding our operating results, cash flows and financial condition. We provide quantitative information about the material sales drivers including the impact of changes in volume and pricing and the effect of acquisitions and changes in foreign currency at the corporate and reportable segment level. We also provide quantitative information regarding special (gains) and charges, discrete tax items and other significant factors we believe are useful for understanding our results. Such quantitative drivers are supported by comments meant to be qualitative in nature. Qualitative factors are generally ordered based on estimated significance.

The discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes included in this Form 10-K. Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. This discussion contains various Non-GAAP Financial Measures and also contains various forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. We refer readers to the statements and information set forth in the sections entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" at the end of this MD&A, and "Forward-Looking Statements" and "Risk Factors" within Items 1 and 1A of this Form 10-K. We also refer readers to the tables within the section entitled "Results of Operations" of this MD&A for reconciliation information of Non-GAAP measures to U.S. GAAP.

## Comparability of Results

## Impact of Acquisitions and Divestitures

Our non-GAAP financial measures for organic sales, organic operating income and organic operating income margin are at fixed currency and exclude the impact of special (gains) and charges, the results of our acquired businesses from the first twelve months post acquisition and the results of divested businesses from the twelve months prior to divestiture. As part of the separation of ChampionX in 2020, we entered into an agreement with ChampionX to provide, receive or transfer certain products for a transitionary period. Transitionary period sales of product to ChampionX under this agreement are recorded in product and equipment sales in the Corporate segment along with the related cost of sales. The remaining sales to ChampionX are recorded in product and equipment sales in the Global Industrial segment along with the related cost of sales. Further, due to the sale of the global surgical solutions business on August 1, 2024, we have excluded the results of the business for August through December 2023 from these organic measures for the year ended December 31, 2023 to remain comparable to the corresponding period in 2024. These transactions are removed from the consolidated results as part of the calculation of the impact of acquisitions and divestitures.

#### Comparability of Reportable Segments

Effective January 1, 2024, the former Textile Care and Colloidal Technologies Group ("CTG") operating segments are now part of the Water operating segment which continues to remain in the Global Industrial reportable segment. Additionally, the Pest Elimination operating segment, formerly aggregated with the Textile Care and CTG operating segments within Other, is now reported as the standalone Global Pest Elimination reportable segment. We made other immaterial changes, including the movement of certain customers and cost allocations between reportable segments. After these changes, we have eight operating segments.

## Fixed Currency Foreign Exchange Rates

Management evaluates the sales and operating income performance of our non-U.S. dollar functional currency international operations based on fixed currency exchange rates, which eliminate the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on our international operations. Fixed currency amounts are updated annually at the beginning of each year based on translation into U.S. dollars at foreign currency exchange rates established by management, with all periods presented using such rates. Public currency rate data provided within the "Segment Performance" section of this MD&A reflect amounts translated at actual public average rates of exchange prevailing during the corresponding period and is provided for informational purposes only.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

In 2024, we delivered record sales, operating income margin, free cash flow, and adjusted diluted earnings per share. Our team generated high single digit sales growth in Institutional & Specialty and Pest Elimination while Industrial and Healthcare and Life Sciences generated good sales growth. Operating income grew by strong double digits, as strong value pricing, lower delivered product costs, and higher volumes overcame investments in the business.

#### Sales

Reported sales increased 3% to \$15.7 billion in 2024 from \$15.3 billion in 2023. When measured in fixed rates of foreign currency exchange, fixed currency sales increased 3% compared to the prior year. Organic sales increased 4% compared to the prior year.

#### Gross Margin

Our reported gross margin was 43.5% of sales for 2024, compared to our 2023 reported gross margin of 40.2%. Excluding the impact of special (gains) and charges included in cost of sales, our adjusted gross margin was 43.5% in 2024 and 40.4% in 2023. Our gross profit increase reflected strong value pricing and lower delivered product costs.

## Operating Income

Reported operating income increased 41% to \$2.8 billion in 2024, compared to \$2.0 billion in 2023. Adjusted operating income, excluding the impact of special (gains) and charges increased 23% in 2024 as strong value pricing, lower delivered product costs, and higher volumes were partially offset by investments in the business. Organic operating income increased 26% in 2024.

#### Earnings from Continuing Operations Attributable to Ecolab Per Common Share ("EPS")

Reported diluted EPS increased 54% to \$7.37 in 2024 compared to \$4.79 in 2023. Special (gains) and charges had an impact on both years. Special (gains) and charges in 2024 were driven primarily by the gain on sale of the global surgical solutions business and restructuring expense and 2023 were driven primarily by restructuring expense. Adjusted diluted EPS, which excludes the impact of special (gains) and charges and discrete tax items increased 28% to \$6.65 in 2024 compared to \$5.21 in 2023 which reflected solid organic sales growth, lower delivered product costs and continued investments in the business.

#### **Balance Sheet**

We remain committed to maintaining "A" range ratings metrics over the long-term, supported by our current credit ratings of A-/A3/A- by Standard & Poor's, Moody's Investor Services and Fitch, respectively. Our strong balance sheet has allowed us continued access to capital at attractive rates.

## Cash Flow

Cash flow from operating activities was \$2.8 billion in 2024 compared to \$2.4 billion in 2023. We continued to generate strong cash flow from operations, allowing us to fund our ongoing operations, investments in our business, acquisitions, debt repayments, pension obligations and return cash to our shareholders through share repurchases and dividend payments.

## Dividends

Dividends declared per common share in 2024 was \$2.36 per share. In December 2024 we increased our quarterly cash dividend by 14% to \$0.65 per share, representing our 33<sup>rd</sup> consecutive annual dividend rate increase. We have paid cash dividends on our common shares for 88 consecutive years. Our outstanding dividend history reflects our long-term growth and development, strong cash flows, solid financial position and confidence in our business prospects for the years ahead.

#### CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Our consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. We have adopted various accounting policies to prepare the consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Our significant accounting policies are disclosed in Note 2 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements ("Notes").

Preparation of our consolidated financial statements, in conformity with U.S. GAAP, requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Estimates are considered to be critical if they meet both of the following criteria: (1) the estimate requires assumptions to be made about matters that are highly uncertain at the time the accounting estimate is made, and (2) different estimates that we reasonably could have used for the accounting estimate in the current period, or changes in the accounting estimate that are reasonably likely to occur from period to period, have a material impact on the presentation of our financial condition or results of operations.

Besides estimates that meet the "critical" estimate criteria, we make many other accounting estimates in preparing our financial statements and related disclosures. All estimates, whether or not deemed critical, affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenses as well as disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities. Estimates are based on experience and other information available prior to the issuance of the financial statements. Materially different results can occur as circumstances change and additional information becomes known, even from estimates not deemed critical. Our critical accounting estimates include the following:

## **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration expected to be received in exchange for transferring goods or providing service. Revenue from product and sold equipment is recognized when obligations under the terms of a contract with the customer are satisfied, which generally occurs with the transfer of the product or delivery of the equipment. Revenue from service and leased equipment is recognized when the services are provided, or the customer receives the benefit from the leased equipment, which is over time. Service revenue is recognized over time utilizing an input method and aligns with when the services are provided. Typically, revenue is recognized over time using costs incurred to date because the effort provided by the field selling and service organization represents services provided, which corresponds with the transfer of control. Revenue for leased equipment is accounted for under Topic 842 Leases and recognized on a straight-line basis over the length of the lease contract.

Our revenue policies do not provide for general rights of return. We record estimated reductions to revenue for customer programs and incentive offerings including pricing arrangements, promotions and other volume-based incentives based primarily on historical experience and anticipated performance over the contract period. Depending on market conditions, we may increase customer incentive offerings, which could reduce gross profit margins over the term of the incentive. We also record estimated reserves for product returns and credits based on specific circumstances and credit conditions. We record an allowance for uncollectible accounts based on our estimates of expected future credit losses.

The revenue standard can be applied to a portfolio of contracts with similar characteristics if it is reasonable that the effects of applying the standard at the portfolio would not be significantly different than applying the standard at the individual contract level. We apply the portfolio approach primarily within each operating segment by geographical region. Application of the portfolio approach was focused on those characteristics that have the most significant accounting consequences in terms of their effect on the timing of revenue recognition or the amount of revenue recognized. We determined the key criteria to assess with respect to the portfolio approach, including the related deliverables, the characteristics of the customers and the timing and transfer of goods and services, which most closely aligned within the operating segments. In addition, the accountability for the business operations, as well as the operational decisions on how to go to market and the product offerings, are performed at the operating segment level. For additional information on revenue recognition, refer to Note 17.

## Litigation and Environmental Liabilities

Our business and operations are subject to extensive environmental laws and regulations governing, among other things, air emissions, wastewater discharges, the use and handling of hazardous substances, waste disposal and the investigation and remediation of soil and groundwater contamination. Some risk of environmental liability is inherent in our operations.

We record liabilities related to pending litigation, environmental claims and other contingencies when a loss is probable and can be reasonably estimated. Estimates used to record such liabilities are based on our best estimate of probable future costs. We record the amounts that represent the points in the range of estimates that we believe are most probable or the minimum amount when no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount. Potential insurance reimbursements generally are not anticipated in our accruals for environmental liabilities or other insured losses. Expected insurance proceeds are recorded as receivables when recovery is deemed certain. While the final resolution of litigation and environmental contingencies could result in amounts different than current accruals, and therefore have an impact on our consolidated financial results in a future reporting period, we believe the ultimate outcome will not have a significant impact on our consolidated financial position. For additional information on our commitments and contingencies, refer to Note 15.

## **Actuarially Determined Liabilities**

#### Pension and Postretirement Healthcare Benefit Plans

The measurement of our pension and postretirement benefit obligations are dependent on a variety of assumptions determined by management and used by our actuaries in their valuations and calculations. These assumptions affect the amount and timing of future pension contributions, benefit payments and expense or income recognized.

The significant assumptions used in developing the required estimates are the discount rates, expected returns on assets, projected salary and health care cost increases and mortality tables.

- The discount rate assumptions for our U.S. plans are assessed using a yield curve constructed from a subset of bonds yielding greater than the median return from a population of non-callable, corporate bonds that have an average rating of AA when averaging available Moody's Investor Services, Standard & Poor's and Fitch ratings. The discount rates are calculated by matching each plans' projected cash flows to the bond yield curve. For 2024 and 2023, we measured service and interest costs by applying the specific spot rates along that yield curve to the plans' liability cash flows. We believe this approach provides a more precise measurement of service and interest costs by aligning the timing of the plans' liability cash flows to the corresponding spot rates on the yield curve. In determining our U.S. pension obligations and U.S. postretirement health care obligation for 2024, our weighted-average discount rate increased to 5.58% from 4.95% at year-end 2023.
- The expected rate of return on plan assets reflects asset allocations, investment strategies and views of investment advisors, and
  represents our expected long-term return on plan assets. Our weighted-average expected returns on U.S. plan assets used in
  determining the U.S. pension and U.S. postretirement health care expenses was 8.00% for 2024, 7.75% for 2023 and 7.00% for
  2022.
- Projected salary is based on our long-term actual experience, the near-term outlook and assumed inflation. Our weighted-average projected salary increase used in determining the U.S. pension expenses was 3.60% for 2024 and 4.03% for 2023 and 2022.
- For postretirement benefit measurement purposes as of December 31, 2024, the annual rates of increase in the per capita cost of covered health care were assumed to be 8.59% for pre-65 costs. Post-65 costs are no longer used. The rates are assumed to decrease each year until they reach 4.5% in 2035 and remain at those levels thereafter.
- We use mortality tables appropriate in the circumstances, which generally are the recently available mortality tables as of the
  respective U.S. and international measurement dates. Our year-end U.S. valuations reflect mortality tables that estimate the impacts
  of COVID in an endemic state. This represents a change from prior year when the impact of COVID on future mortality could not be
  reasonably estimated.

The effects of actual results differing from our assumptions, as well as changes in assumptions, are reflected in the unrecognized gains or losses and amortized into earnings in the future. Significant differences in actual experience or significant changes in assumptions may materially affect future pension and other postretirement obligations and income or expense. The unrecognized net losses on our U.S. qualified and non-qualified pension plans increased to \$526 million as of December 31, 2024, from \$495 million as of December 31, 2023 (both before tax), primarily due to lower actual return on assets partially offset by current year net actuarial gains.

The effect of a decrease in the discount rate or in the expected return on assets assumption as of December 31, 2024, on the December 31, 2024 defined benefit obligation and 2025 expense is shown below, assuming no changes in benefit levels. Expense amounts reflect the accounting for gains or losses as a component of other comprehensive income or expense and recognition of the impacts into earnings over time:

Effect on U.S. Pension Plans

	Increase in	Higher
Assumption	Recorded	2025
Change	Obligation	Expense
25 pts	\$33.5	\$2.5
25 pts	N/A	4.6
	Care Benefits	Plans
	Increase in	Higher
Assumption	Recorded	2025
Change	Obligation	Expense
- 25 nts	\$2.0	\$-
20 pts	Ψ2.0	Ψ
	Change25 pts25 pts  Effect o Health  Assumption Change	Assumption Change Obligation 25 pts \$33.5 25 pts N/A  Effect on U.S. Postretic Health Care Benefits Increase in Recorded

Our international pension obligations and underlying plan assets represent approximately one third of our global pension plans, with the majority of the amounts held in the U.K. and Eurozone countries. We use assumptions similar to our U.S. plan assumptions to measure our international pension obligations, however, the assumptions used vary by country based on specific local country requirements and information.

Refer to Note 16 for further discussion concerning our accounting policies, estimates, funded status, contributions and overall financial positions of our pension and postretirement plan obligations.

#### Self-Insurance

Globally we have insurance policies with varying deductible levels for property and casualty losses. We are insured for losses in excess of these deductibles, subject to policy terms and conditions and have recorded both a liability and an offsetting receivable for amounts in excess of these deductibles. We are self-insured for health care claims for eligible participating employees, subject to certain deductibles and limitations. We determine our liabilities for claims on an actuarial basis.

#### **Income Taxes**

Judgment is required to determine the annual effective income tax rate, deferred tax assets and liabilities, valuation allowances recorded against net deferred tax assets and unrecognized tax benefits.

#### Effective Income Tax Rate

Our effective income tax rate is based on annual income, statutory tax rates and tax planning available in the various jurisdictions in which we operate. Our annual effective income tax rate includes the impact of unrecognized tax benefits. We recognize the amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being realized upon settlement with a taxing authority. We adjust these liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits in light of changing facts and circumstances.

Tax regulations require items to be included in our tax returns at different times than the items are reflected in our financial statements. As a result, the effective income tax rate reflected in our financial statements differs from that reported in our tax returns. Some of these differences are permanent, such as expenses that are not deductible on our tax return, and some are temporary differences, such as depreciation expense.

#### Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities and Valuation Allowances

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on temporary differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of assets and liabilities, applying enacted tax rates expected to be in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Based on the evaluation of available evidence, both positive and negative, we recognize tax assets, such as net operating loss carryforwards and tax credit carryforwards, to the extent that realizing these benefits is considered to be more likely than not. Relevant factors in determining the realizability of deferred tax assets include historical results, sources of future taxable income, the expected timing of the reversal of temporary differences, tax planning strategies and the expiration dates of the various tax attributes.

#### **Unrecognized Tax Benefits**

A number of years may elapse before a particular tax matter, for which we have established a liability for unrecognized tax benefits, is audited and finally resolved. The number of tax years with open tax audits varies depending on the tax jurisdiction. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has completed examinations of our U.S. federal income tax returns through 2018 and the years 2019 through 2020 are currently under audit. In addition to the U.S. federal examinations, we have ongoing audit activity in several U.S. state and foreign jurisdictions.

The tax positions we take are based on our interpretations of tax laws and regulations in the applicable federal, state and international jurisdictions. We believe our tax returns properly reflect the tax consequences of our operations, and our liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits are appropriate and sufficient for the positions taken. Because of the uncertainty of the final outcome of these examinations, we have established a liability for potential reductions of tax benefits (including related interest and penalties) for amounts that do not meet the more-likely-than-not thresholds for recognition and measurement as required by authoritative guidance. The liability for unrecognized tax benefits is reviewed throughout the year, taking into account new legislation, regulations, case law and audit results. Settlement of any particular issue could result in offsets to other balance sheet accounts, cash payments or receipts and/or adjustments to tax expense. Liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits are presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheets within other non-current liabilities. Our gross liability for unrecognized tax benefits was \$34.1 million and \$24.2 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. For additional information on income taxes refer to Note 12.

#### Long-Lived Assets, Intangible Assets and Goodwill

#### Long-Lived and Amortizable Intangible Assets

Purchased long-lived and amortizable intangible assets not acquired as part of a business combination are recorded as of their acquisition date at cost, whereas long-lived and amortizable assets acquired as part of a business combination are recorded as of their acquisition date at their fair values based on the fair value requirements defined in U.S. GAAP. This requires us to make significant estimates and assumptions relating to the present value of its future cash flows, such as growth rates, royalty rates or discount rates.

We review our long-lived and amortizable intangible assets, the net value of which was \$6.5 billion and \$6.3 billion as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, for impairment when significant events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Such circumstances may include a significant decrease in the market price of an asset or asset group, a significant adverse change in the manner in which asset or asset groups are being used or history of operating or cash flow losses associated with the use of the asset or asset group. Impairment losses could occur when the carrying amount of an asset or asset group exceeds the anticipated future undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset or asset group and its eventual disposition. The amount of the impairment loss to be recorded, if any, is calculated as the excess of the asset's or assets group's carrying amount over its estimated fair value.

We use the straight-line method to recognize amortization expense related to our amortizable intangible assets, including our customer relationships. We consider various factors when determining the appropriate method of amortization for our customer relationships, including projected sales data, customer attrition rates and length of key customer relationships.

Globally, we have a broad customer base. Our retention rate of significant customers has aligned with our acquisition assumptions, including the customer bases acquired from our Nalco, Laboratoires Anios ("Anios"), Copal Invest NV, including its primary operating entity CID Lines (collectively, "CID Lines") and Purolite transactions, which make up the majority of our unamortized customer relationships. Our historical retention rates, coupled with our consistent track record of keeping long-term relationships with our customers, supports our expectation of consistent sales generation for the foreseeable future from the acquired customer bases. If our customer retention rates or other post-acquisition operational activities change materially, we would evaluate the financial impacts and significance of the events given rise to the change which could result in impairment of our customer relationship intangible assets, or absent an impairment, an acceleration of amortization expense.

In addition, we periodically reassess the estimated remaining useful lives of our long-lived and amortizable intangible assets. Changes to estimated useful lives would impact the amount of depreciation and amortization expense recorded in earnings. We have experienced no significant changes in the carrying amount or estimated remaining useful lives of our long-lived or amortizable intangible assets.

#### Goodwill and Indefinite Life Intangible Assets

Goodwill arises from our acquisitions and represents the excess of the fair value of the purchase consideration exchanged over the fair value of net assets acquired. We had total goodwill of \$7.9 billion and \$8.1 billion as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. We test our goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level. Our reporting units are our eight operating segments. We assess goodwill for impairment on an annual basis during the second quarter. If circumstances change or events occur that demonstrate it is more likely than not that the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, we complete an interim goodwill impairment assessment of that reporting unit prior to the next annual assessment. If the results of an annual or interim goodwill impairment assessment demonstrate the carrying amount of a reporting unit is greater than its fair value, we will recognize an impairment loss for the amount by which the reporting unit's carrying amount exceeds its fair value, but not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill assigned to that reporting unit.

For our annual 2024 goodwill impairment assessment, we completed our impairment assessment for our eight reporting units using discounted cash flow analyses that incorporated assumptions regarding future growth rates, terminal values and discount rates. Our goodwill impairment assessments for 2024 indicated the estimated fair values of each of these eight reporting units exceeded the carrying amounts of the respective reporting units by a significant margin. No events were noted during the second half of 2024 that required completion of an interim goodwill impairment assessment in the second half of 2024 for any of our eight reporting units. There has been no impairment of goodwill in any of the periods presented.

The Nalco trade name is our only indefinite life intangible asset, which is tested for impairment on an annual basis during the second quarter. For our annual 2024 indefinite life intangible asset impairment assessment, we completed our impairment assessment of the Nalco trade name using the relief from royalty discounted cash flow method, which incorporates assumptions regarding future sales projections, royalty rates and discount rates. Our Nalco tradename impairment assessment for 2024 indicated the estimated fair value of the Nalco trade name exceeded its \$1.2 billion carrying amount by a significant margin. No events were noted during the second half of 2024 that required completion of an interim impairment assessment of our Nalco trade name in the second half of 2024. There has been no impairment of the Nalco trade name intangible since it was acquired.

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

#### **Net Sales**

Percent Change

(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023
Product and equipment sales	\$12,473.6	\$12,316.8	\$11,446.2		
Service and lease sales	3,267.8	3,003.4	2,741.6		
Reported GAAP net sales	15,741.4	15,320.2	14,187.8	3 %	8 %
Effect of foreign currency translation	131.6	55.3	5.0		
Non-GAAP adjusted fixed currency sales	15,873.0	15,375.5	14,192.8	3 %	8 %
Effect of acquisitions and divestitures	(131.5)	(252.5)	*		
Non-GAAP organic sales	\$15,741.5	\$15,123.0	*	4 %	*

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

The percentage components of the year-over-year sales change are shown below:

(percent)	2024	2023
Volume	2 %	* %
Price changes	2	*
Organic sales change	4	*
Acquisitions and divestitures	(1)	*
Fixed currency sales change	3	8
Foreign currency translation	-	-
Reported GAAP net sales change	3 %	8 %

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

Amounts do not necessarily sum due to rounding.

## Cost of Sales ("COS") and Gross Profit Margin ("Gross Margin")

	2024		2023		202	22
		Gross		Gross		Gross
(millions/percent)	cos	Margin	cos	Margin	cos	Margin
Product and equipment cost of sales	\$6,990.0		\$7,389.2		\$7,212.8	
Service and lease cost of sales	1,909.7		1,765.7		1,618.2	
Reported GAAP COS and gross margin	8,899.7	43.5 %	9,154.9	40.2 %	8,831.0	37.8 %
Special (gains) and charges	5.3		22.5		69.9	
Non-GAAP adjusted COS and gross margin	\$8,894.4	43.5 %	\$9,132.4	40.4 %	\$8,761.1	38.2 %

Our COS values and corresponding gross margin are shown above. Our gross margin is defined as sales less cost of sales divided by sales.

Our reported gross margin was 43.5%, 40.2%, and 37.8% for 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Our 2024, 2023 and 2022 reported gross margins were negatively impacted by special (gains) and charges of \$5.3 million, \$22.5 million, and \$69.9 million, respectively. Special (gains) and charges items impacting COS are shown within the "Special (Gains) and Charges" table below.

Excluding the impact of special (gains) and charges, our 2024 adjusted gross margin was 43.5% compared against a 2023 adjusted gross margin of 40.4%. Our adjusted gross margin increased when comparing 2024 against 2023 reflecting strong value pricing and lower delivered product costs.

Excluding the impact of special (gains) and charges, our adjusted gross margin was 40.4% and 38.2% for 2023 and 2022, respectively. The increase primarily reflected accelerating value pricing that overcame higher supply chain costs.

## Selling, General and Administrative Expenses ("SG&A")

(percent)	2024	2023	2022
SG&A Ratio	26.9 %	26.5 %	25.8 %

The increased SG&A ratio (SG&A expenses as a percentage of reported net sales) comparing 2024 against 2023 was driven by growthoriented investments in the business which was partially offset by sales productivity. The increased SG&A ratio (SG&A expenses as a percentage of reported net sales) comparing 2023 against 2022 was driven by higher incentive compensation compared to last year which was partially offset by strong productivity including cost savings initiatives.

## Special (Gains) and Charges

Special (gains) and charges reported on the Consolidated Statements of Income included the following items:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Cost of sales			
One Ecolab	\$1.9	\$-	\$-
Other restructuring	3.4	22.5	21.4
Acquisition and integration activities	-	-	25.0
Other	-	-	23.5
Cost of sales subtotal	5.3	22.5	69.9
Special (gains) and charges			
One Ecolab	98.3	-	-
Other restructuring	21.8	63.2	85.8
Sale of global surgical solutions business	(340.3)	10.3	-
Acquisition and integration activities	12.6	16.1	14.5
Other	18.7	21.8	40.2
Special (gains) and charges subtotal	(188.9)	111.4	140.5
Operating income subtotal	(183.6)	133.9	210.4
Other (income) expense	-	-	50.6
Total special (gains) and charges	(\$183.6)	\$133.9	\$261.0

For segment reporting purposes, special (gains) and charges are not allocated to reportable segments, which is consistent with our internal management reporting.

#### One Ecolab

On July 30, 2024, we announced the One Ecolab initiative, which will enhance our growth and margin expansion journey. As a program within this initiative, we also announced that we commenced a restructuring plan to leverage our digital technologies to realign the functional work done in many countries into global centers of excellence. We anticipate restructuring costs of \$175 million (\$136 million after tax) or \$0.47 per diluted share and special charges of \$50 million (\$39 million after tax) or \$0.14 per diluted share by the end of 2027. We anticipate that the restructuring costs will primarily be cash expenditures for severance costs relating to team reorganization.

In anticipation of this One Ecolab initiative, a limited number of actions were taken in the first and second quarter of 2024. As a result, we reclassified \$5.3 million (\$4.0 million after tax) or \$0.01 per diluted share from other restructuring to One Ecolab in the third quarter of 2024.

In 2024 we recorded restructuring charges of \$76.5 million (\$59.0 million after tax), or \$0.21 per diluted share primarily related to severance and professional services. In addition, we recorded non-restructuring special charges of \$23.7 million (\$17.9 million after tax), or \$0.06 per diluted share in 2024 primarily related to professional services. We have recorded \$81.8 million (\$63.0 million after tax), or \$0.22 per diluted share of cumulative restructuring charges and \$23.7 million (\$17.9 million after tax), or \$0.06 per diluted share of cumulative special charges under the One Ecolab initiative. Net cash payments were \$26.9 million during 2024.

The net restructuring liability related to the One Ecolab initiative was \$54.9 million as of December 31, 2024. The remaining liability is expected to be paid over a period of a few months to several quarters and will continue to be funded from operating activities.

One Ecolab has delivered \$12 million of cumulative cost savings with estimated annualized cost savings of \$140 million in continuing operations by 2027.

#### Other restructuring

Other restructuring activities are primarily related to the Combined Program which is described below. These activities have been included as a component of cost of sales and special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income. Restructuring liabilities have been classified as a component of other current and other noncurrent liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Further details related to our restructuring charges are included in Note 3.

#### Combined Program

In November 2022, we approved a Europe cost savings program. In February 2023, we expanded our previously announced Europe cost savings program to focus on our Institutional and Healthcare businesses in other regions. In connection with the expanded program (the "Combined Program"), we expected to incur total pre-tax charges of \$195 million (\$150 million after tax) or \$0.52 per diluted share. These restructuring charges were completed at the end of 2024. Program actions included headcount reductions from terminations, not filling

certain open positions, and facility closures. The Combined Program charges were primarily cash expenditures related to severance and asset disposals.

In anticipation of this Combined Program, a limited number of actions were taken in the fourth quarter of 2022. As a result, we reclassified \$19.3 million (\$14.5 million after tax) or \$0.05 per diluted share from other restructuring to the Combined Program in the first quarter of 2023.

In 2024, 2023 and 2022 we recorded restructuring charges of \$25.2 million (\$18.6 million after tax) or \$0.06 per diluted share, \$77.7 million (\$66.4 million after tax) or \$0.23 per diluted share and \$67.2 million (\$56.0 million after tax) or \$0.20 per diluted share, respectively, primarily related to severance and professional services. Restructuring activities were completed at the end of 2024, with total costs \$184.1 million (\$151.5 million after tax), or \$0.53 per diluted share.

We reclassified \$5.3 million (\$4.0 million after tax) or \$0.01 per diluted share from the combined restructuring program to other restructuring activities in the second quarter of 2024.

The net liability related to the Combined Program was \$12.8 million and \$43.1 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Net cash payments were \$48.9 million and non-cash net charges were \$1.3 million during 2024. The remaining liability is expected to be paid over a period of a few months to several quarters and will continue to be funded from operating activities.

The Combined Program has delivered our targeted \$175 million of annual cost savings.

#### Other Restructuring Activities

During 2024, we recorded restructuring charges of \$10.6 million (\$8.0 million after tax), or \$0.03 per diluted share related to an immaterial restructuring plan approved in the second quarter. This plan became part of the One Ecolab initiative in the third quarter.

During 2023 and 2022, we recorded restructuring charges of \$8.0 million (\$6.0 million after tax), or \$0.03 per diluted share and \$40.0 million (\$31.1 million after tax), or \$0.11 per diluted share, respectively, related to immaterial or subsequently concluded restructuring programs. The charges were primarily related to severance and asset write-offs.

The restructuring liability balance for all other restructuring plans excluding the One Ecolab and Combined Program, were \$6.5 million and \$8.2 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The remaining liability is expected to be paid over a period of a few months to several quarters and will continue to be funded from operating activities. Cash payments during 2024 related to all other restructuring plans excluding the One Ecolab and Combined Programs were \$2.2 million.

#### Sale of global surgical solutions business

On April 27, 2024, we reached a definitive agreement to sell our global surgical solutions business, which closed on August 1, 2024. During 2024 we recorded a gain on sale of \$355.9 million (\$257.7 million after tax) or (\$0.90) per diluted share, as described in Note 4. Excluding the gain on sale, we recorded charges of \$15.6 million (\$12.0 million after tax) or \$0.05 per diluted share in 2024, which are primarily related to professional fees to support the sale. During 2023 we recorded charges of \$10.3 million (\$7.7 million after tax) or \$0.03 per diluted share, primarily related to professional fees to support the sale.

#### Acquisition and integration related costs

Acquisition and integration related costs reported in special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income in 2024 include \$12.6 million (\$9.6 million after tax) or \$0.03 per diluted share, primarily related to the Purolite transaction.

Acquisition and integration related costs reported in special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income in 2023 include \$16.1 million (\$12.0 million after tax) or \$0.04 per diluted share. Charges are integration related costs primarily related to the Purolite transaction.

Acquisition and integration related costs reported in special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income in 2022 include \$14.5 million (\$11.4 million after tax) or \$0.04 per diluted share. Charges are related primarily to the Purolite transaction and consist of integration related costs, advisory and legal fees. Acquisition and integration related costs reported in product and equipment cost of sales on the Consolidated Statements of Income in 2022 include \$25.0 million (\$19.6 million after tax) or \$0.07 per diluted share. Charges are related primarily to the recognition of fair value step-up in the Purolite inventory and other integration costs.

#### Other operating activities

During 2022, we recorded other operating activities to cost of sales on the Consolidated Statements of Income of \$23.5 million (\$19.6 million after tax), or \$0.06 per diluted share relating primarily to COVID-19 activities.

During 2024, we recorded other operating activities to special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income of \$18.7 million (\$13.9 million after tax), or \$0.05 per diluted share, relating primarily to a liability relating to a prior divestiture, COVID-19 activities, and certain legal charges. During 2023 and 2022, we recorded other operating activities to special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income of \$21.8 million (\$16.7 million after tax), or \$0.05 per diluted share, and \$40.2 million (\$31.4 million after tax), or \$0.11 per diluted share, respectively, relating primarily to certain legal charges.

#### Other (income) expense

During 2022, we incurred settlement expense recorded in other (income) expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income of \$50.6 million (\$38.2 million after tax) or \$0.13 per diluted share, respectively, related to U.S. pension plan lump-sum payments to retirees.

## **Operating Income and Operating Income Margin**

Percent Change

(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023
Reported GAAP operating income	\$2,802.4	\$1,992.3	\$1,562.5	41 %	28 %
Special (gains) and charges	(183.6)	133.9	210.4		
Non-GAAP adjusted operating income	2,618.8	2,126.2	1,772.9	23	20
Effect of foreign currency translation	32.9	9.4	(5.3)		
Non-GAAP adjusted fixed currency operating income	2,651.7	2,135.6	1,767.6		
Effect of acquisitions and divestitures	(7.5)	(38.4)	*		
Non-GAAP organic operating income	\$2,644.2	\$2,097.2	*	26 %	*

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

(percent)	2024	2023	2022
Reported GAAP operating income margin	17.8 %	13.0 %	11.0 %
Non-GAAP adjusted operating income margin	16.6 %	13.9 %	12.5 %
Non-GAAP adjusted fixed currency operating income			
margin	16.7 %	13.9 %	12.5 %
Non-GAAP organic operating income margin	16.8 %	13.9 %	*

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

Our operating income and corresponding operating income margin are shown in the previous tables. Operating income margin is defined as operating income divided by sales.

Our reported operating income was \$2,802.4 million, \$1,992.3 million and \$1,562.5 for 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Our 2024, 2023 and 2022 operating incomes were negatively (positively) impacted by special (gains) and charges of (\$183.6 million), \$133.9 million, and \$210.4 million, respectively.

Excluding the impacts of special (gains) and charges, 2024 adjusted operating income increased 23% as strong value pricing, lower delivered product costs, and higher volumes were partially offset by investments in the business. Excluding the impacts of special (gains) and charges 2023 adjusted operating income increased 20% as strong pricing overcame investments in the business including incentive compensation, higher supply chain costs and unfavorable mix.

## Other (Income) Expense

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Reported GAAP other (income) expense	(\$51.3)	(\$59.9)	(\$24.5)
Special (gains) and charges	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	` -	50.6
Non-GAAP adjusted other (income) expense	(\$51.3)	(\$59.9)	(\$75.1)

Our reported other income was \$51.3 million, \$59.9 million and \$24.5 million in 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Other (income) expense decreased when comparing 2024 against 2023 primarily due to higher pension costs. Other (income) expense increased when comparing 2023 against 2022 as higher pension costs were more than offset by the comparison to last year's \$50.6 million settlement expense related to U.S. pension plan lump-sum payments to retirees. Excluding the impact of settlements and curtailments recorded in special (gains) and charges during 2024, 2023 and 2022, our adjusted other income was \$51.3 million, \$59.9 million and \$75.1 million, respectively.

## Interest Expense, Net

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Reported GAAP interest expense, net	\$282.5	\$296.7	\$243.6

Our reported net interest expense totaled \$282.5 million, \$296.7 million and \$243.6 million during 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The decrease in net interest expense when comparing 2024 against 2023 was driven primarily by lower interest expense from the repayment of our January 2024 note and the impact from higher interest income earned on cash balances driven by strong free cash flows and proceeds from the sale of the global surgical solutions business. The increase in interest expense when comparing 2023 against 2022 was driven primarily by the higher average interest rates on outstanding debt.

#### **Provision for Income Taxes**

The following table provides a summary of our tax rate:

(percent)	2024	2023	2022
Reported GAAP tax rate	17.1 %	20.6 %	17.5 %
Tax rate impact of:			
Special (gains) and charges	(1.1)	(0.1)	0.5
Discrete tax items	3.3	(0.6)	0.7
Non-GAAP adjusted tax rate	19.3 %	19.9 %	18.7 %

Our reported tax rate was 17.1%, 20.6%, and 17.5%, for 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The change in our tax rate includes the tax impact of special (gains) and charges and discrete tax items, which have impacted the comparability of our historical reported tax rates, as amounts included in our special (gains) and charges are derived from tax jurisdictions with rates that vary from our tax rate, and discrete tax items are not necessarily consistent across periods. The tax impact of special (gains) and charges and discrete tax items will likely continue to impact comparability of our reported tax rate in the future.

We recognized a net tax benefit related to discrete tax items of \$78.6 million during 2024. Discrete items include tax benefits of \$62.1 million associated with capital losses and \$30.4 million of additional basis of foreign intangible assets. The remaining net discrete tax expense of \$13.9 million was primarily related to the filing of federal, state and foreign tax returns and other income tax adjustments including the impact of changes in tax laws, audit settlements, share-based compensation excess tax benefit and other changes in estimates.

We recognized a net tax expense related to discrete tax items of \$11.2 million during 2023. The net discrete tax expense was primarily related to the filing of federal, state and foreign tax returns and other income tax adjustments including the impact of changes in tax laws, audit settlements, share-based compensation excess tax benefits and other changes in estimates.

We recognized a net tax benefit related to discrete tax items of \$11.8 million during 2022. This included a deferred tax benefit of \$14.6 million associated with utilization of tax attributes as a result of legal entity rationalization and share-based compensation excess tax benefits of \$6.0 million. The remaining discrete tax expense of \$8.8 million was primarily related to the filing of federal, state and foreign tax returns and other income tax adjustments including the impact of changes in tax laws, audit settlements and other changes in estimates.

The change in our adjusted tax rates from 2023 to 2024 was primarily driven by geographic income mix. Future comparability of our adjusted tax rate may be impacted by various factors, including but not limited to other changes in global tax rules, further tax planning projects and geographic income mix.

#### Net Income Attributable to Ecolab

Percent Change

(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023
Reported GAAP net income attributable to Ecolab	\$2,112.4	\$1,372.3	\$1,091.7	54 %	26 %
Adjustments:					
Special (gains) and charges, after tax	(126.7)	109.2	207.3		
Discrete tax net (benefit) expense	(78.6)	11.2	(11.8)		
Non-GAAP adjusted net income attributable to Ecolab	\$1,907.1	\$1,492.7	\$1,287.2	28 %	16 %

## **Diluted EPS**

Percent Change

(dollars)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023
Reported GAAP diluted EPS	\$7.37	\$4.79	\$3.81	54 %	26 %
Adjustments:					
Special (gains) and charges, after tax	(0.44)	0.38	0.72		
Discrete tax net (benefit) expense	(0.28)	0.04	(0.04)		
Non-GAAP adjusted diluted EPS	\$6.65	\$5.21	\$4.49	28 %	16 %

Per share amounts do not necessarily sum due to rounding.

Currency translation had an unfavorable (\$0.09) impact on reported and adjusted diluted EPS when comparing 2024 to 2023 and unfavorable (\$0.05) impact when comparing 2023 to 2022.

## **SEGMENT PERFORMANCE**

The non-U.S. dollar functional currency international amounts included within our reportable segments are based on translation into U.S. dollars at the fixed currency exchange rates established by management for 2024. The difference between the fixed currency exchange rates and the actual currency exchange rates is reported as "effect of foreign currency translation" in the following tables. All other accounting policies of the reportable segments are consistent with U.S. GAAP and the accounting policies described in Note 2. Additional information about our reportable segments is included in Note 18.

Fixed currency net sales and operating income for 2024, 2023 and 2022 for our reportable segments are shown in the following tables.

Percent Change

(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023
Global Industrial	\$7,857.2	\$7,640.5	\$7,172.6	3 %	7 %
Global Institutional & Specialty	5,413.9	5,014.6	4,433.2	8	13
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	1,434.1	1,607.5	1,534.3	(11)	5
Global Pest Elimination	1,167.8	1,070.2	963.5	9	11
Corporate	-	42.7	89.2	(100)	(52)
Subtotal at fixed currency	15,873.0	15,375.5	14,192.8	3	8
Effect of foreign currency translation	(131.6)	(55.3)	(5.0)		
Consolidated reported GAAP net sales	\$15,741.4	\$15,320.2	\$14,187.8	3 %	8 %

#### Operating Income Percent Change

(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023
Global Industrial	\$1,300.6	\$1,122.0	\$948.9	16 %	18 %
Global Institutional & Specialty	1,182.7	841.8	631.9	40	33
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	147.2	160.8	193.4	(8)	(17)
Global Pest Elimination	220.4	210.4	197.3	5	7
Corporate	(15.8)	(332.8)	(414.3)	(95)	(20)
Subtotal at fixed currency	2,835.1	2,002.2	1,557.2	42	29
Effect of foreign currency translation	(32.7)	(9.9)	5.3		
Consolidated reported GAAP operating income	\$2,802.4	\$1,992.3	\$1,562.5	41 %	28 %

The following tables reconcile the impact of acquisitions and divestitures within our reportable segments.

## Year ended December 31

	December 31						
Net Sales		2024			2023		
		Impact of			Impact of		
		Acquisitions			Acquisitions		
	Fixed	and		Fixed	and		
(millions)	Currency	Divestitures	Organic	Currency	Divestitures	Organic	
Global Industrial	\$7,857.2	(\$89.3)	\$7,767.9	\$7,640.5	(\$26.7)	\$7,613.8	
Global Institutional & Specialty	5,413.9	(32.0)	5,381.9	5,014.6	-	5,014.6	
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	1,434.1	-	1,434.1	1,607.5	(183.1)	1,424.4	
Global Pest Elimination	1,167.8	(10.2)	1,157.6	1,070.2	-	1,070.2	
Corporate	-	-	-	42.7	(42.7)		
Subtotal at fixed currency	15,873.0	(131.5)	15,741.5	15,375.5	(252.5)	15,123.0	
Effect of foreign currency translation	(131.6)			(55.3)			
Consolidated reported GAAP net sales	\$15,741.4			\$15,320.2			

Operating Income	2024			2023		
	Impact of			Impact of		
		Acquisitions Acquisitions			Acquisitions	
	Fixed	and		Fixed	and	
(millions)	Currency	Divestitures	Organic	Currency	Divestitures	Organic
Global Industrial	\$1,300.6	(\$6.1)	\$1,294.5	\$1,122.0	(\$1.3)	\$1,120.7
Global Institutional & Specialty	1,182.7	(1.8)	1,180.9	841.8	-	841.8
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	147.2	-	147.2	160.8	(35.7)	125.1
Global Pest Elimination	220.4	0.4	220.8	210.4	-	210.4
Corporate	(199.2)	-	(199.2)	(199.4)	(1.4)	(200.8)
Non-GAAP adjusted fixed currency operating income	2,651.7	(7.5)	2,644.2	2,135.6	(38.4)	2,097.2
Special (gains) and charges	(183.4)			133.4		
Subtotal at fixed currency	2,835.1			2,002.2		
Effect of foreign currency translation	(32.7)			(9.9)		
Consolidated reported GAAP operating income	\$2,802.4			\$1,992.3		

#### Global Industrial

Sales at fixed currency (millions)
Sales at public currency (millions)

Organic sales change
Acquisitions and divestitures
Fixed currency sales change
Foreign currency translation
Public currency sales change

Operating income at fixed currency (millions)
Operating income at public currency (millions)

Fixed currency operating income change Fixed currency operating income margin Organic operating income change Organic operating income margin Public currency operating income change

2024	2023	2022
\$7,857.2	\$7,640.5	\$7,172.6
7,777.2	7,626.5	7,197.1
2 %	*	
1 %	*	
3 %	7 %	
(1)%	(1)%	
2 %	6 %	
\$1,300.6	\$1,122.0	\$948.9
1,280.5	1,122.0	959.8
16 %	18 %	
16.6 %	14.7 %	13.2 %
16 %	*	
16.7 %	14.7 %	*
14 %	17 %	

Percentages in the above table do not necessarily sum due to rounding.

#### **Net Sales**

Organic sales for Global Industrial increased in 2024 driven by strong new business wins and value pricing which overcame uneven endmarket trends. Organic sales for Global Industrial increased in 2023 driven by strong pricing and new business wins partially offset by weaker markets

At an operating segment level, *Water* organic sales increased 3% in 2024 reflecting strong growth in downstream and light water. Water organic sales increased 8% in 2023 driven by strong pricing and new business wins. Light water reported strong sales growth in 2024 driven by strong performance across institutional, food & beverage and high-tech and good sales growth in 2023 driven by strong performance across high-tech and institutional. Heavy water in 2024 reported sales growth driven by new business wins that overcame softer market trends in primary metals and good sales growth in 2023 driven by strong pricing, gains in primary metals and growth in chemicals. Downstream reported strong sales growth in 2024 driven by strong growth in refining and water management and strong growth in 2023 driven by innovative water treatment programs. *Food & Beverage* organic sales increased 1% in 2024 as good new business wins more than offset continued soft industry trends and comparisons to last year's strong growth. Organic sales increased 9% in 2023 reflecting continued pricing, strong performance in dairy, and solid growth in beverage & brewing and animal health. *Paper* organic sales were flat in 2024 as strong new business wins were offset by soft but stabilizing customer production rates. Organic sales decreased 1% in 2023 as pricing and new business wins were offset by easing customer production rates.

#### Operating Income

Organic operating income and organic operating income margins for Global Industrial increased in both 2024 and 2023 when compared to prior periods.

Organic operating income margins increased 2.0 percentage points during 2024 compared to 2023, as the 4.2 percentage point positive impacts of lower delivered product costs, strong pricing, and higher volumes were partially offset by the 2.3 percentage point negative impacts of investments in the business. Organic operating income margins increased in 2023 compared to 2022, as the positive impacts of strong pricing overcame the negative impacts of investments in business including incentive compensation, lower volume, and higher supply chain costs.

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

## **Global Institutional & Specialty**

Sales at fixed currency (millions)
Sales at public currency (millions)

Organic sales change
Acquisitions and divestitures
Fixed currency sales change
Foreign currency translation
Public currency sales change

Operating income at fixed currency (millions)
Operating income at public currency (millions)

Fixed currency operating income change Fixed currency operating income margin Organic operating income change Organic operating income margin Public currency operating income change

2024	2023	2022
\$5,413.9	\$5,014.6	\$4,433.2
5,382.6	4,999.2	4,432.1
7 %	*	
1 %	*	
8 %	13 %	
- %	- %	
8 %	13 %	
\$1,182.7	\$841.8	\$631.9
1,173.8	838.7	632.5
40 %	33 %	
21.8 %	16.8 %	14.3 %
40 %	*	
21.9 %	16.8 %	*
40 %	33 %	

Percentages in the above table do not necessarily sum due to rounding.

#### **Net Sales**

Organic sales for Global Institutional & Specialty increased in 2024 continuing to significantly outperform end-market trends. The 2023 sales increased driven by strong pricing and new business wins.

At an operating segment level, *Institutional* organic sales increased 7% in 2024 reflecting sales growth across restaurants and lodging. Organic sales increased 12% in 2023, driven by strong pricing and new business wins. *Specialty* organic sales increased 7% in 2024 and 13% in 2023 reflecting growth in quick service and food retail in both years.

## Operating Income

Organic operating income and organic operating income margin for our Global Institutional & Specialty segment increased in both 2024 and 2023 when compared to prior periods.

Organic operating income margins increased 5.1 percentage points during 2024, as the 6.6 percentage point positive impacts from strong pricing, lower supply chain costs and higher volumes were partially offset by the 1.9 percentage point negative impacts of investments in the business. Organic operating income margins increased during 2023, as the positive impact from strong pricing and cost savings initiatives overcame the negative impacts of investments in the business including incentive compensation and higher supply chain costs.

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

#### Global Healthcare & Life Sciences

Sales at fixed currency (millions)
Sales at public currency (millions)

Organic sales change
Acquisitions and divestitures
Fixed currency sales change
Foreign currency translation
Public currency sales change

Operating income at fixed currency (millions)
Operating income at public currency (millions)

Fixed currency operating income change Fixed currency operating income margin Organic operating income change Organic operating income margin Public currency operating income change

2024	2023	2022
\$1,434.1	\$1,607.5	\$1,534.3
1,418.8	1,586.0	1,510.5
1 %	*	
(11)%	*	
(11)%	5 %	
- %	- %	
(11)%	5 %	
\$147.2	\$160.8	\$193.4
143.3	154.9	189.4
(8)%	(17)%	
10.3 %	10.0 %	12.6 %
18 %	*	12.0 /0
10.3 %	8.8 %	*
(7)%	(18)%	
(1)70	(10)/0	

Percentages in the above table do not necessarily sum due to rounding.

#### **Net Sales**

Reported sales for 2024 reflected the sale of Ecolab's global surgical solutions business, which closed in the third quarter 2024. Organic sales for Global Healthcare & Life Sciences increased in 2024 as compared to 2023 driven by continued growth in Life Sciences partially offset by modestly lower Healthcare sales. Organic sales for Global Healthcare & Life Sciences increased in 2023 as compared to 2022 driven by strong pricing and new business wins.

At an operating segment level, *Healthcare* organic sales decreased 1% in 2024 as strategic low margin business exits were partially offset by value pricing. Organic sales increased 7% in 2023 driven by pricing and strong growth in North America. *Life Sciences* organic sales increased 3% in 2024 reflecting new business wins and progressively improving industry trends. Organic sales increased 1% in 2023 as pricing was more than offset by soft near-term industry demand.

## Operating Income

Organic operating income and organic operating income margins for our Global Healthcare & Life Sciences segment both increased in 2024 when compared to 2023. Organic operating income and organic operating income margins for our Global Healthcare & Life Sciences segment both decreased in 2023 when compared to 2022.

Organic operating income margins increased 1.5 percentage points in 2024, as the 3.5 percentage point positive impact from strong pricing and lower supply chain costs were partially offset by the 1.6 percentage point negative impacts from lower volumes in the business. Organic operating income margins decreased in 2023, as the positive impact from strong pricing was more than offset by the negative impacts from targeted investments in the business, unfavorable mix and higher supply chain costs.

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

#### **Global Pest Elimination**

Sales at fixed currency (millions)
Sales at public currency (millions)

Organic sales change
Acquisitions and divestitures
Fixed currency sales change
Foreign currency translation
Public currency sales change

Operating income at fixed currency (millions)
Operating income at public currency (millions)

Fixed currency operating income change Fixed currency operating income margin Organic operating income change Organic operating income margin Public currency operating income change

2024	2023	2022
\$1,167.8	\$1,070.2	\$963.5
1,162.8	1,066.0	959.0
8 %	*	
1 %	*	
9 %	11 %	
- %	- %	
9 %	11 %	
\$220.4	\$210.4	\$197.3
219.5	209.7	195.6
5 %	7 %	
18.9 %	19.7 %	20.5 %
5 %	*	
19.1 %	19.7 %	*
5 %	7 %	

Percentages in the above table do not necessarily sum due to rounding.

#### **Net Sales**

Organic sales for Global Pest Elimination increased 8% in 2024 led by strong growth in food & beverage, restaurants and food retail.

#### Operating Income

Organic operating income in Global Pest Elimination increased in 2024 compared to 2023. Organic operating income margins decreased in 2024 when compared to 2023.

Organic operating income margins in Global Pest Elimination decreased 0.6 percentage points in 2024, as the 4.4 percentage point positive impacts from strong pricing and higher volumes were more than offset by the 5.8 percentage point negative impacts of investments in the business and costs associated with a fourth quarter spike in accidents.

#### **Corporate**

Consistent with our internal management reporting, Corporate amounts in the table on page 37 include sales to ChampionX in accordance with the transitional supply agreement entered into with the transaction post-separation, as discussed in Note 17, intangible asset amortization specifically from the Nalco and Purolite transactions and special (gains) and charges that are not allocated to our reportable segments. Items included within special (gains) and charges are shown in the table on page 33.

<sup>\*</sup> Not meaningful

#### FINANCIAL POSITION, CASH FLOW AND LIQUIDITY

#### **Financial Position**

Total assets were \$22.4 billion as of December 31, 2024, compared to total assets of \$21.8 billion as of December 31, 2023.

Total liabilities were \$13.6 billion as of December 31, 2024, compared to total liabilities of \$13.8 billion as of December 31, 2023. Total debt was \$7.6 billion as of December 31, 2024 and \$8.2 billion as of December 31, 2023. See further discussion of our debt activity within the "Liquidity and Capital Resources" section of this MD&A.

Our net debt to EBITDA is shown in the following table. EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure discussed further in the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section of this MD&A.

	2024	2023	2022
(ratio) Net debt to EBITDA	1.7	2.4	3.2
(millions)			
Total debt	\$7,564.9	\$8,181.8	\$8,580.4
Cash	1,256.8	919.5	598.6
Net debt	\$6,308.1	\$7,262.3	\$7,981.8
Net income including noncontrolling interest	\$2,131.9	\$1,393.0	\$1,108.9
Provision for income taxes	439.3	362.5	234.5
Interest expense, net	282.5	296.7	243.6
Depreciation	634.9	616.7	618.5
Amortization	300.5	306.9	320.2
EBITDA	\$3,789.1	\$2,975.8	\$2,525.7

#### **Cash Flows**

#### **Operating Activities**

				Dollar Change		
(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023	
Cash provided by operating activities	\$2,813.9	\$2,411.8	\$1,788.4	\$402.1	\$623.4	

We continue to generate cash flow from operations allowing us to fund our ongoing operations, acquisitions, investments in the business and pension obligations along with returning cash to our shareholders through dividend payments and share repurchases.

Cash provided by operating activities increased \$402 million in 2024 compared to 2023, driven by a \$739 million increase in net income less \$258 million net gain on sale of global surgical solutions business.

Cash provided by operating activities increased \$623 million in 2023 compared to 2022, driven primarily by \$332 million net favorable change in working capital and \$284 million increase in net income. The cash flow impact from working capital was primarily driven by improvement in inventory due to management efforts following easing global supply chain constraints and an improvement in receivables offset by a decrease in accounts payable primarily associated with our inventory reduction efforts.

The impact on operating cash flows of pension and postretirement plan contributions, cash activity related to restructuring, cash paid for income taxes and cash paid for interest, are shown in the following table:

Dallar Change

				Dollar C	nange
(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023
Pensions and postretirement plan contributions	\$54.4	\$109.3	\$64.3	(\$54.9)	\$45.0
Restructuring payments	78.0	118.3	41.0	(40.3)	77.3
Income tax payments	647.4	469.2	308.9	178.2	160.3
Interest payments	342.6	324.8	222.4	17.8	102.4

#### Investing Activities

				Dollar (	lar Change	
(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023	
Cash used for investing activities	(\$433.8)	(\$990.5)	(\$716.8)	\$556.7	(\$273.7)	

Cash provided by (used for) investing activities is primarily impacted by the timing of business acquisitions and dispositions as well as from capital investments in the business.

We continue to make capital investments in the business, including merchandising and customer equipment and manufacturing facilities. Total capital expenditures were \$995 million, \$775 million and \$713 million in 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Total cash provided by (used for) acquisitions, net of cash acquired along with dispositions, net of cash divested, in 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$313 million, \$180 million and \$7 million, respectively. Our acquisitions and divestitures are discussed further in Note 4. We continue to target strategic business acquisitions which complement our growth strategy and expect to continue to make capital investments and acquisitions in the future to support our long-term growth.

#### Financing Activities

				Dollar Change		
(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023	
Cash used for financing activities	(\$2,024.1)	(\$1,054.7)	(\$837.3)	(\$969.4)	(\$217.4)	

Dallar Change

Dallar Change

Our cash flows from financing activities primarily reflect the issuances and repayment of debt, common stock repurchases, proceeds from common stock issuances related to our equity incentive programs and dividend payments.

There were no long-term debt issuances in 2024 or 2023. We issued \$500 million par value and received \$494 million in proceeds of long-term debt in 2022. The proceeds received from the debt issuances were used for repayment of outstanding debt, repayment of commercial paper and general corporate purposes. In addition, we had commercial paper and notes payable net issuances of \$2 million in 2024 and net repayments of \$2 million and \$404 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively. We repaid \$630 million and \$500 million of long-term debt in 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Shares are repurchased for the purpose of partially offsetting the dilutive effect of our equity compensation plans, to manage our capital structure and to efficiently return capital to shareholders. We repurchased a total of \$987 million, \$14 million, and \$518 million of shares in 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The impact on financing cash flows of commercial paper and notes payable repayments, long-term debt borrowings and long-term debt repayments, are shown in the following table:

				Dollar C	nange
(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023
Net issuances (repayments) of commercial paper and notes payable	\$1.9	(\$1.9)	(\$404.3)	\$3.8	\$402.4
Long-term debt borrowings	-	-	494.0	-	(494.0)
Long-term debt repayments	(630.4)	(500.0)	-	(130.4)	(500.0)

In December 2024, we increased our quarterly dividend rate by 14%. This represents the 33<sup>rd</sup> consecutive year we have increased our dividend. We have paid dividends on our common stock for 88 consecutive years. We paid dividends of \$664 million, \$617 million and \$603 million in 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Cash dividends declared per share of common stock, by quarter, for each of the last three years were as follows:

	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Year
2024	\$0.57	\$0.57	\$0.57	\$0.65	\$2.36
2023	\$0.53	\$0.53	\$0.53	\$0.57	\$2.16
2022	\$0.51	\$0.51	\$0.51	\$0.53	\$2.06

## **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

We currently expect to fund all of our cash requirements which are reasonably foreseeable for the next twelve months, including scheduled debt repayments, new investments in the business, share repurchases, dividend payments, possible business acquisitions and pension and postretirement contributions with cash from operating activities, and as needed, additional short-term and/or long-term borrowings. We continue to expect our operating cash flow to remain strong.

As of December 31, 2024, we had \$1,257 million of cash and cash equivalents on hand, of which \$382 million was held outside of the U.S. As of December 31, 2023, we had \$920 million of cash and cash equivalents on hand, of which \$880 million was held outside of the U.S. Our cash balance is intended to fund current maturities of long-term debt. We will continue to evaluate our cash position in light of future developments.

In January 2024, we repaid €575 million (\$630 million) of long-term debt.

As of December 31, 2024, we had a \$2.0 billion multi-year credit facility, which expires in April 2026. The credit facility has been established with a diverse syndicate of banks and supports our U.S. and Euro commercial paper programs. The maximum aggregate amount of commercial paper that may be issued under our U.S. commercial paper program and our Euro commercial paper program may not exceed \$2.0 billion. At year end, we had no commercial paper outstanding under our U.S. program nor our Euro program. There were no borrowings under our credit facility as of December 31, 2024 or 2023. As of December 31, 2024, both programs were rated A-2 by Standard & Poor's, P-2 by Moody's and F-1 by Fitch.

Additionally, we have uncommitted credit lines with major international banks and financial institutions. These credit lines support our daily global funding needs, primarily our global cash pooling structures. As of December 31, 2024 we had \$165 million of bank supported letters of credit, surety bonds and guarantees outstanding in support of our commercial business transactions. We do not have any other significant unconditional purchase obligations or commercial commitments.

As of December 31, 2024, Standard & Poor's, Fitch and Moody's rated our long-term credit at A- (stable outlook), A- (stable outlook) and A3 (stable outlook), respectively. A reduction in our credit ratings could limit or preclude our ability to issue commercial paper under our current programs or could also adversely affect our ability to renew existing, or negotiate new, credit facilities in the future and could increase the cost of these facilities.

As of December 31, 2024, we were in compliance with our debt covenants and other requirements of our credit agreements and indentures.

A schedule of our various obligations as of December 31, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

		Payments Due by Period					
		Less			More		
		Than	2-3	4-5	Than		
(millions)	Total	1 Year	Years	Years	5 Years		
Notes payable	\$4	\$4	\$-	\$-	\$-		
One-time transition tax	68	32	36	-	-		
Long-term debt	7,561	612	1,696	500	4,753		
Operating leases	809	159	268	130	252		
Interest*	3,526	295	543	379	2,309		
Total	\$11,968	\$1,102	\$2,543	\$1,009	\$7,314		

<sup>\*</sup>Interest on variable rate debt was calculated using the interest rate at year end 2024.

As of December 31, 2024, our gross liability for unrecognized tax benefits was \$34 million. We are not able to reasonably estimate the amount by which the liability will increase or decrease over an extended period of time or whether a cash settlement of the liability will be required. Therefore, these amounts have been excluded from the schedule of contractual obligations.

We do not have required minimum cash contribution obligations for our qualified pension plans in 2024. We are required to fund certain international pension benefit plans in accordance with local legal requirements. We estimate contributions to be made to our international plans will approximate \$48 million in 2025. These amounts have been excluded from the schedule of contractual obligations.

We lease certain sales and administrative office facilities, distribution centers, research and manufacturing facilities and other equipment under longer-term operating leases. Vehicle leases are generally shorter in duration. Vehicle leases have residual value requirements that have historically been satisfied primarily by the proceeds on the sale of the vehicles.

#### **Market Risk**

We enter into contractual arrangements (derivatives) in the ordinary course of business to manage foreign currency exposure and interest rate risks. We do not enter into derivatives for speculative or trading purposes. Our use of derivatives is subject to internal policies that provide guidelines for control, counterparty risk, and ongoing monitoring and reporting, and is designed to reduce the volatility associated with movements in foreign exchange and interest rates on our income statement and cash flows.

We enter into foreign currency forward contracts to hedge certain intercompany financial arrangements, and to hedge against the effect of exchange rate fluctuations on transactions related to cash flows denominated in currencies other than U.S. dollars. We use net investment hedges as hedging instruments to manage risks associated with our investments in foreign operations. As of December 31, 2024, we had a total of €575 million senior notes designated as net investment hedges.

We enter into cross-currency swap derivative contracts to hedge certain Euro denominated exposures from our investments in certain of its Euro denominated functional currency subsidiaries. We use net investment hedges as hedging instruments to manage risks associated with our investments in foreign operations. As of December 31, 2024, we had €1,575 million of cross-currency swap derivative contracts outstanding designated as a net investment hedge.

We enter into cross-currency swap derivative contracts to hedge certain Chinese Yuan ("CNY") denominated exposures from our investments in certain CNY denominated functional currency subsidiaries. We use net investment hedges as hedging instruments to manage risks associated with our investments in foreign operations. As of December 31, 2024, we had CNH 3,619 million (CNH is the CNY traded in the offshore market) of cross-currency swap derivative contracts outstanding designated as a net investment hedge.

We manage interest expense using a mix of fixed and floating rate debt. To help manage borrowing costs, we may enter into interest rate swap agreements. Under these arrangements, we agree to exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed and floating interest amounts calculated by reference to an agreed-upon notional principal amount. As of December 31, 2024, we had \$1,500 million of interest rate swaps outstanding.

Refer to Note 8 for further information on our hedging activity.

Based on a sensitivity analysis (assuming a 10% change in market rates) of our foreign exchange and interest rate derivatives and other financial instruments, changes in exchange rates or interest rates would increase/decrease our financial position and liquidity by approximately \$262 million. The effect on our results of operations would be substantially offset by the impact of the hedged items.

#### GLOBAL ECONOMIC AND POLITICAL ENVIRONMENT

#### **Global Economies**

Approximately half of our sales are outside of the U.S. Our international operations subject us to changes in economic conditions and foreign currency exchange rates as well as political uncertainty in some countries which could impact future operating results.

Argentina, Turkey and Egypt are classified as highly inflationary economies in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and the U.S. dollar is the functional currency for our subsidiaries in Argentina, Turkey and Egypt. During 2024, sales in Argentina, Turkey and Egypt represented approximately 1% of our consolidated sales. Assets held in Argentina, Turkey and Egypt at the end of 2024 represented less than 1% of our consolidated assets.

In light of Russia's invasion of Ukraine and the sanctions against Russia by the United States and other countries, we have made the determination to limit our Russian business to operations that are essential to life, providing minimal support for our healthcare, life sciences, food and beverage and certain water businesses. We may further narrow our presence in Russia depending on future developments, such as the imposition of additional sanctions by the United States. Our Russian and Ukraine operations represented approximately 1% of our 2024 consolidated net sales. We recorded charges of \$1.4 million and \$13.1 million in 2023 and 2022, respectively, primarily related to recoverability risk of certain assets in both Russia and Ukraine. We cannot predict the progress or outcome of world geopolitical events, including the Russia and Ukraine conflict, or the consequences thereof.

## **NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

Information regarding new accounting pronouncements is included in Note 2.

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In February 2025, we entered into cross-currency swap derivative contracts with notional amounts of €300 million and CAD 280 million. These cross-currency swap derivative contracts are designated as net investment hedges of our Euro or CAD denominated exposures from our investments in certain of our Euro or CAD denominated functional currency subsidiaries.

Effective in the first quarter of 2025, we modified our organizational structure. As a result, our Global Industrial reportable segment was renamed Global Water and includes the Light & Heavy (previously named Water), Food & Beverage, and Paper operating segments. Our Global Institutional & Specialty reportable segment continues to include the Institutional and Specialty operating segments. Our former healthcare operating segment moved into the Institutional operating segment. Global Life Sciences was elevated to a standalone reportable segment. The Global Pest Elimination segment remains a standalone reportable segment.

#### **NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES**

This MD&A includes financial measures that have not been calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP. These non-GAAP measures include:

- Fixed currency sales
- Adjusted net sales
- · Adjusted fixed currency sales
- Organic sales, formerly known as acquisition adjusted fixed currency sales
- Adjusted cost of sales
- · Adjusted gross margin
- Fixed currency operating income
- Fixed currency operating income margin
- Adjusted operating income
- Adjusted operating income margin
- Adjusted fixed currency operating income
- Adjusted fixed currency operating income margin
- Organic operating income, formerly known as acquisition adjusted fixed currency operating income
- · Organic operating income margin, formerly known as acquisition adjusted fixed currency operating income margin
- Adjusted other (income) expense
- Adjusted interest expense, net
- EBITDA
- Adjusted tax rate
- Adjusted net income attributable to Ecolab
- Adjusted diluted EPS

We provide these measures as additional information regarding our operating results. We use these non-GAAP measures internally to evaluate our performance and in making financial and operational decisions, including with respect to incentive compensation. We believe that our presentation of these measures provides investors with greater transparency with respect to our results of operations and that these measures are useful for period-to-period comparison of results.

Our non-GAAP adjusted financial measures for cost of sales, gross margin, operating income and other (income) expense exclude the impact of special (gains) and charges and our non-GAAP adjusted financial measures for tax rate, net income attributable to Ecolab and diluted earnings per share further exclude the impact of discrete tax items. We include items within special (gains) and charges and discrete tax items that we believe can significantly affect the period-over-period assessment of operating results and not necessarily reflect costs and/or income associated with historical trends and future results. After tax special (gains) and charges are derived by applying the applicable local jurisdictional tax rate to the corresponding pre-tax special (gains) and charges.

EBITDA is defined as the sum of net income including non-controlling interest, provision for income taxes, net interest expense, depreciation and amortization. EBITDA is used in our net debt to EBITDA ratio, which we view as important indicators of the operational and financial health of our organization.

We evaluate the performance of our international operations based on fixed currency rates of foreign exchange. Fixed currency amounts included in this Form 10-K are based on translation into U.S. dollars at the fixed foreign currency exchange rates established by management at the beginning of 2024. We also provide our segment results based on public currency rates for informational purposes.

Our reportable segments do not include the impact of intangible asset amortization from the Nalco and Purolite transactions or the impact of special (gains) and charges as these are not allocated to our reportable segments.

Our non-GAAP financial measures for organic sales, organic operating income and organic operating income margin are at fixed currency and exclude the impact of special (gains) and charges, the results of our acquired businesses from the first twelve months post acquisition and the results of divested businesses from the twelve months prior to divestiture. Further, due to the sale of the global surgical solutions business on August 1, 2024, we have excluded the results of the business for August through December 2023 from these organic measures for the years ended December 31, 2023 to remain comparable to the corresponding period in 2024. As part of the separation of ChampionX in 2020, we entered into an agreement with ChampionX to provide, receive or transfer certain products for a transitionary period. Transitionary period sales of product to ChampionX under this agreement are recorded in product and equipment sales in Corporate along with the related cost of sales. The remaining sales to ChampionX are recorded in product and equipment sales in the Global Industrial segment along with the related cost of sales. These transactions are removed from the consolidated results as part of the calculation of the impact of acquisitions and divestitures.

These non-GAAP measures are not in accordance with, or an alternative to U.S. GAAP and may be different from non-GAAP measures used by other companies. Investors should not rely on any single financial measure when evaluating our business. We recommend that investors view these measures in conjunction with the U.S. GAAP measures included in this MD&A and we have provided reconciliations of reported U.S. GAAP amounts to the non-GAAP amounts in this MD&A.

## Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk.

The discussion under the heading entitled "Market Risk" and "Global Economic and Political Environment" is incorporated by reference from Part II, Item 7 of this Form 10-K.

## Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data.

#### REPORTS OF MANAGEMENT

#### To our Shareholders:

#### Management's Responsibility for Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the integrity and objectivity of the consolidated financial statements. The statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and, accordingly, include certain amounts based on management's best estimates and judgments.

The Board of Directors, acting through its Audit Committee composed solely of independent directors, is responsible for determining that management fulfills its responsibilities in the preparation of financial statements and maintains internal control over financial reporting. The Audit Committee recommends to the Board of Directors the appointment of the Company's independent registered public accounting firm, subject to ratification by the shareholders. It meets regularly with management, the internal auditors and the independent registered public accounting firm.

The independent registered public accounting firm has audited the consolidated financial statements included in this annual report and have expressed their opinion regarding whether these consolidated financial statements present fairly in all material respects our financial position and results of operation and cash flows as stated in their report presented separately herein.

## Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f). Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, an evaluation of the design and operating effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting was conducted based on the 2013 framework in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based on the evaluation under the framework in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework*, management concluded that internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2024.

The Company's independent registered public accounting firm, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, has audited the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024 as stated in their report which is included herein.

Christophe Beck

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Scott D. Kirkland

Chief Financial Officer

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Ecolab Inc.

#### Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Ecolab Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of income, of comprehensive income, of equity and of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the COSO.

#### Basis for Opinions

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express opinions on the Company's consolidated financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

## Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Critical Audit Matters**

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (i) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (ii) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

#### Valuation of Certain U.S. Defined Benefit Pension Plan Obligations

As described in Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company's projected benefit obligations for U.S. pension plans was \$1,790.6 million as of December 31, 2024, of which a majority relates to certain U.S. pension plans. The measurement of the Company's pension benefit obligations are dependent on a variety of assumptions determined by management and used by actuaries in their valuation method and calculations. The significant assumptions used in developing the required estimates of the projected benefit obligations are the discount rates, expected returns on assets, projected salary increases, and mortality tables.

The principal considerations for our determination that performing procedures relating to the valuation of certain U.S. defined benefit pension plan obligations is a critical audit matter are (i) the significant judgment by management when developing the estimate of certain U.S. defined benefit pension plan obligations; (ii) a high degree of auditor judgment, subjectivity, and effort in performing procedures and evaluating management's significant assumptions related to the discount rates and expected return on assets; and (iii) the audit effort involved the use of professionals with specialized skill and knowledge.

Addressing the matter involved performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the consolidated financial statements. These procedures included testing the effectiveness of controls relating to management's valuation of the defined benefit pension plan obligations, including controls over the valuation of the U.S. defined benefit pension plan obligations. These procedures also included, among others (i) testing management's process for developing the estimate of certain U.S. defined benefit pension plan obligations; (ii) evaluating the appropriateness of the actuarial valuation method and calculations used by management; (iii) testing the completeness and accuracy of underlying data used in the actuarial valuation method and calculations; and (iv) evaluating the reasonableness of the significant assumptions used by management related to the discount rates and expected return on assets. Professionals with specialized skill and knowledge were used to assist in evaluating (i) the appropriateness of the actuarial valuation method and calculations and (ii) the reasonableness of the discount rates and expected return on assets assumptions.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Minneapolis, Minnesota February 21, 2025

We have served as the Company's auditor since 1970.

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**

(millions, except per share amounts)	2024	2023	2022
Product and equipment sales	\$12,473.6	\$12,316.8	\$11,446.2
Service and lease sales	3,267.8	3,003.4	2,741.6
Net sales	15,741.4	15,320.2	14,187.8
Product and equipment cost of sales	6,990.0	7,389.2	7,212.8
Service and lease cost of sales	1,909.7	1,765.7	1,618.2
Cost of sales (including special charges (a))	8,899.7	9,154.9	8,831.0
Selling, general and administrative expenses	4,228.2	4,061.6	3,653.8
Special (gains) and charges	(188.9)	111.4	140.5
Operating income	2,802.4	1,992.3	1,562.5
Other (income) expense (b)	(51.3)	(59.9)	(24.5)
Interest expense, net	282.5	296.7	243.6
Income before income taxes	2,571.2	1,755.5	1,343.4
Provision for income taxes	439.3	362.5	234.5
Net income including noncontrolling interest	2,131.9	1,393.0	1,108.9
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	19.5	20.7	17.2
Net income attributable to Ecolab	\$2,112.4	\$1,372.3	\$1,091.7
Earnings attributable to Ecolab per common share			
Basic	\$ 7.43	\$ 4.82	\$ 3.83
Diluted	\$ 7.37	\$ 4.79	\$ 3.81
Weighted-average common shares outstanding			
Basic	284.3	285.0	285.2
Diluted	286.6	286.5	286.6

<sup>(</sup>a) Cost of sales includes special (gains) and charges of \$5.3 in 2024, \$14.5 in 2023, and \$65.0 in 2022, which is recorded in product and equipment cost of sales. Cost of sales includes special (gains) and charges of \$8.0 in 2023 and \$4.9 in 2022, which is recorded in service and lease cost of sales.

<sup>(</sup>b) Other (income) expense includes special charges of \$50.6 in 2022.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Net income including noncontrolling interest	\$2,131.9	\$1,393.0	\$1,108.9
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax			
Foreign currency translation adjustments			
Foreign currency translation	(187.1)	10.0	(333.4)
Gain (loss) on net investment hedges	52.4	(73.1)	108.3
Total foreign currency translation adjustments	(134.7)	(63.1)	(225.1)
Derivatives and hedging instruments	8.7	(7.8)	(1.2)
Pension and postretirement benefits	(5.6)	(55.1)	130.3
Subtotal	(131.6)	(126.0)	(96.0)
Total comprehensive income, including noncontrolling interest	2,000.3	1,267.0	1,012.9
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	19.5	18.5	13.0
Comprehensive income attributable to Ecolab	\$1,980.8	\$1,248.5	\$999.9

## **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(millions, except per share amounts)	2024	2023
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,256.8	\$919.5
Accounts receivable, net	2.865.0	2,834.2
Inventories	1,464.9	1,497.2
Other current assets	439.0	393.2
Total current assets	6,025.7	5,644.1
Property, plant and equipment, net	3,752.4	3,474.6
Goodwill	7,907.3	8,148.2
Other intangible assets, net	3,308.8	3,493.5
Operating lease assets	723.2	553.5
Other assets	670.4	532.7
Total assets	\$22,387.8	\$21,846.6
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Short-term debt	\$615.7	\$630.4
Accounts payable	1,810.0	1,566.3
Compensation and benefits	727.4	655.5
Income taxes	127.0	158.7
Other current liabilities	1,512.7	1,334.9
Total current liabilities	4,792.8	4,345.8
Long-term debt	6,949.2	7,551.4
Pension and postretirement benefits	634.9	651.7
Deferred income taxes	280.0	418.2
Operating lease liabilities	575.5	425.5
Other liabilities	366.2	381.8
Total liabilities	13,598.6	13,774.4
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,
Equity (a)		
Common stock	367.8	365.7
Additional paid-in capital	7,159.6	6,766.7
Retained earnings	11,517.1	10.075.4
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,982.0)	(1,850.4)
Treasury stock	(8,305.2)	(7,312.7)
Total Ecolab shareholders' equity	8,757.3	8,044.7
Noncontrolling interest	31.9	27.5
Total equity	8,789.2	8.072.2
Total liabilities and equity	\$22,387.8	\$21,846.6

<sup>(</sup>a) Common stock, 800.0 shares authorized, \$1.00 par value, 283.4 shares outstanding at December 31, 2024 and 285.4 shares outstanding at December 31, 2023. Shares outstanding are net of treasury stock.

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net income including noncontrolling interest	\$2,131.9	\$1,393.0	\$1,108.9
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation	634.9	616.7	618.5
Amortization	300.5	306.9	320.2
Deferred income taxes	(190.5)	(55.7)	(142.6)
Share-based compensation expense	134.8	95.1	87.8
Pension and postretirement plan contributions	(54.4)	(109.3)	(64.3)
Pension and postretirement plan expense (income), net	14.3	3.1	45.5
Restructuring charges, net of cash paid	23.7	(32.6)	66.2
Gain on sale of global surgical solutions business	(381.7)	<u>-</u>	-
Other, net	24.3	31.9	24.9
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of effect of acquisitions:			
Accounts receivable	(146.7)	(84.3)	(319.6)
Inventories	(115.6)	320.3	(402.9)
Other assets	(24.3)	72.2	(278.2)
Accounts payable	300.0	(232.3)	394.7
Other liabilities	162.7	` 86.8 <sup>′</sup>	329.3
Cash provided by operating activities	2,813.9	2,411.8	1,788.4
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			_
Capital expenditures	(994.5)	(774.8)	(712.8)
Property and other assets sold	11.3	9.9	2.2
Acquisitions and investments in affiliates, net of cash acquired	(312.9)	(180.4)	(7.2)
Divestiture of businesses, net of cash divested	889.7	(100.1)	(7.2)
Other, net	(27.4)	(45.2)	1.0
Cash used for investing activities	(433.8)	(990.5)	(716.8)
	(400.0)	(000.0)	(110.0)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net issuances (repayments) of commercial paper and notes payable	1.9	(1.9)	(404.3)
Long-term debt borrowings		-	494.0
Long-term debt repayments	(630.4)	(500.0)	<del>.</del>
Reacquired shares	(986.5)	(13.7)	(518.2)
Dividends paid	(664.3)	(617.3)	(602.8)
Exercise of employee stock options	259.4	96.8	29.1
Hedge settlements	(0.6)	(15.3)	172.0
Other, net	(3.6)	(3.3)	(7.1)
Cash used for financing activities	(2,024.1)	(1,054.7)	(837.3)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(18.7)	(45.7)	4.4
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	337.3	320.9	238.7
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	919.5	598.6	359.9
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$1,256.8	\$919.5	\$598.6
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION			
Income taxes paid	\$647.4	\$469.2	\$308.9
Net interest paid	342.6	324.8	222.4
Not interest paid	U72.0	024.0	222.4

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY**

	Year ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022							
		Additional				Ecolab	Non-	
(millions, except per share	Common	Paid-in	Retained	AOCI	Treasury	Shareholders'	Controlling	Total
amounts)	Stock	Capital	Earnings	(Loss)	Stock	Equity	Interest	Equity
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$364.1	\$6,464.6	\$8,814.5	(\$1,634.8)	(\$6,784.2)	\$7,224.2	\$28.9	\$7,253.1
Net income Other comprehensive income			1,091.7			1,091.7	17.2	1,108.9
(loss) activity Cash dividends declared (a) Fair value adjustment of prior			(587.4)	(91.8)		(91.8) (587.4)	(4.2) (20.0)	(96.0) (607.4)
acquisition						-	0.6	0.6
Stock options and awards	0.6	115.6			1.4	117.6		117.6
Reacquired shares					(518.2)	(518.2)		(518.2)
Balance, December 31, 2022	364.7	6,580.2	9,318.8	(1,726.6)	(7,301.0)	7,236.1	22.5	7,258.6
Net income Other comprehensive income			1,372.3			1,372.3	20.7	1,393.0
(loss) activity				(123.8)		(123.8)	(2.2)	(126.0)
Cash dividends declared (a) Changes in noncontrolling			(615.7)			(615.7)	(13.5)	(629.2)
interests		(4.5)				(4.5)		(4.5)
Stock options and awards	1.0	191.0			2.0	194.0		194.0
Reacquired shares					(13.7)	(13.7)		(13.7)
Balance, December 31, 2023	365.7	6,766.7	10,075.4	(1,850.4)	(7,312.7)	8,044.7	27.5	8,072.2
Net income			2,112.4			2,112.4	19.5	2,131.9
Other comprehensive income								
(loss) activity			(0=0=)	(131.6)		(131.6)	(4= 4)	(131.6)
Cash dividends declared (a)			(670.7)			(670.7)	(15.1)	(685.8)
Stock options and awards	2.1	392.9			3.6	398.6		398.6
Reacquired shares	4007.5	A= 4=0 S		(\$4.000.5)	(996.1)	(996.1)	4016	(996.1)
Balance, December 31, 2024	\$367.8	\$7,159.6	\$11,517.1	(\$1,982.0)	(\$8,305.2)	\$8,757.3	\$31.9	\$8,789.2

<sup>(</sup>a) Dividends declared per common share were \$2.36, \$2.16, and \$2.06 in 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## **COMMON STOCK ACTIVITY**

	2024		2023		2022	
	Common	Treasury	Common	Treasury	Common	Treasury
Year ended December 31	Stock	Stock	Stock	Stock	Stock	Stock
Shares, beginning of year	365,748,640	(80,300,109)	364,711,841	(80,261,501)	364,139,362	(77,255,713)
Stock options	1,772,396	31,531	802,645	14,629	276,059	14,525
Stock awards	297,139	51,791	234,154	30,437	296,420	17,794
Reacquired shares	-	(4,246,642)	-	(83,674)	-	(3,038,107)
Shares, end of year	367,818,175	(84,463,429)	365,748,640	(80,300,109)	364,711,841	(80,261,501)

#### NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS

Ecolab is a global leader in water, hygiene and infection prevention solutions and services that protect people and vital resources. The Company delivers comprehensive solutions, data-driven insights and personalized service to advance food safety, maintain clean and safe environments, optimize water and energy use and improve operational efficiencies and sustainability for customers in the food, healthcare, high-tech, life sciences, hospitality and industrial markets in more than 170 countries.

The Company's cleaning and sanitizing programs and products and pest elimination services support customers in the foodservice, food and beverage processing, hospitality, healthcare, government and education, retail, textile care and commercial facilities management sectors. The Company's products and technologies are also used in water treatment, pollution control, energy conservation, refining, primary metals manufacturing, papermaking, mining and other industrial processes.

The Company is aligned into four reportable segments: Global Industrial, Global Institutional & Specialty, Global Healthcare & Life Sciences and Global Pest Elimination as discussed in Note 18 Operating Segments and Geographical Information.

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## **Principles of Consolidation**

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and all subsidiaries in which the Company has a controlling financial interest. Investments in companies, joint ventures or partnerships in which the Company does not have control but has the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial decisions, are reported using the equity method of accounting. The measurement alternative is used for investments in companies, joint ventures and partnerships over which the Company has neither control nor significant influence and for which the investment does not have a readily determinable fair value. Under the measurement alternative, investments are recorded at cost and adjusted for impairments, if any, or observable price changes. International subsidiaries are included in the financial statements on the basis of their U.S. GAAP November 30 fiscal year ends to facilitate the timely inclusion of such entities in the Company's consolidated financial reporting. All intercompany transactions and profits are eliminated in consolidation.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from these estimates. The Company's critical accounting estimates include revenue recognition, litigation and environmental reserves, actuarially determined liabilities, income taxes, long-lived assets, intangible assets and goodwill.

## **Foreign Currency Translation**

Financial position and reported results of operations of the Company's non-U.S. dollar functional currency international subsidiaries are measured using local currencies as the functional currency. Assets and liabilities of these operations are translated at the exchange rates in effect at each fiscal year end. The translation adjustments related to assets and liabilities that arise from changes in exchange rates from period to period are included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in shareholders' equity. Income statement accounts are translated at average rates of exchange prevailing during the year. As discussed in Note 18 Operating Segments and Geographic Information, the Company evaluates its international operations based on fixed rates of exchange; however, changes in exchange rates from period to period impact the amount of reported income from consolidated operations.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties failed to perform as contracted. The Company believes the likelihood of incurring material losses due to concentration of credit risk is minimal. The principal financial instruments subject to credit risk are as follows:

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The Company maintains cash deposits with major banks, which from time to time may exceed insured limits. The possibility of loss related to financial condition of major banks has been deemed minimal. Additionally, the Company's investment policy limits exposure to concentrations of credit risk and changes in market conditions.

Accounts Receivable - A large number of customers in diverse industries and geographies, as well as the practice of establishing reasonable credit lines, limits credit risk. Based on historical trends and experiences, the allowance for expected credit losses is adequate to cover expected credit risk losses.

Foreign Currency and Interest Rate Contracts and Derivatives - Exposure to credit risk is limited by internal policies and active monitoring of counterparty risks. In addition, the Company uses a diversified group of major international banks and financial institutions as counterparties. The Company does not anticipate nonperformance by any of these counterparties.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

Cash equivalents include highly-liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

## **Accounts Receivable and Allowance for Expected Credit Losses**

Accounts receivable are carried at the invoiced amounts, less an allowance for expected credit losses, and generally do not bear interest. The Company's allowance for expected credit losses estimates the amount of expected future credit losses by analyzing accounts receivable balances by age and applying historical write-off and collection experience. The Company's estimates separately consider macroeconomic trends, specific circumstances and credit conditions of customer receivables. Account balances are written off against the allowance when it is determined the receivable will not be recovered.

The Company's allowance for the expected return of products shipped and credits related to pricing or quantities shipped was \$53 million, \$72 million, and \$59 million as of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Returns and credit activity is recorded directly as a reduction to revenue.

The following table summarizes the activity in the allowance for expected credit losses:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Beginning balance	\$77.3	\$71.9	\$52.8
Bad debt expense	46.9	54.0	38.1
Write-offs	(51.0)	(46.2)	(21.1)
Other (a)	(3.2)	(2.4)	2.1
Ending balance	\$70.0	\$77.3	\$71.9

(a) Other amounts are primarily the effects of changes in currency translations and acquired balances.

## **Inventory Valuations**

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Certain U.S. inventory costs are determined on a last-in, first-out ("LIFO") basis. LIFO inventories represented 31% and 30% of consolidated inventories as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 respectively. All other inventory costs are determined using either the average cost or first-in, first-out ("FIFO") methods. Inventory values at FIFO, as shown in Note 5, approximate replacement cost.

## Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment assets are stated at cost. Merchandising and customer equipment consists principally of various dispensing systems for the Company's cleaning and sanitizing products, warewashing machines and process control and monitoring equipment. Certain dispensing systems capitalized by the Company are accounted for on a mass asset basis, whereby equipment is capitalized and depreciated as a group and written off when fully depreciated. The Company capitalizes both internal and external costs to develop or purchase computer software. Costs incurred for data conversion, training and maintenance associated with capitalized software are expensed as incurred. Expenditures for major renewals and improvements, which significantly extend the useful lives of existing plant and equipment, are capitalized and depreciated. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred. Upon retirement or disposition of plant and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss is recognized in income.

Depreciation is charged to operations using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives ranging from 5 to 40 years for buildings and leasehold improvements, 3 to 20 years for machinery and equipment, 3 to 20 years for merchandising and customer equipment and 3 to 7 years for capitalized software. The straight-line method of depreciation reflects an appropriate allocation of the cost of the assets to earnings in proportion to the amount of economic benefits obtained by the Company in each reporting period. Depreciation expense was \$635 million, \$617 million and \$619 million for 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## **Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arises from the Company's acquisitions and represents the excess of the fair value of the purchase consideration exchanged over the fair value of net assets acquired. The Company's reporting units are its eight operating segments. The Company assesses goodwill for impairment on an annual basis during the second quarter. If circumstances change or events occur that demonstrate it is more likely than not that the carrying amount of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the Company completes an interim goodwill impairment assessment of that reporting unit prior to the next annual assessment. If the results of an annual or interim goodwill impairment assessment demonstrate the carrying amount of a reporting unit is greater than its fair value, the Company will recognize an impairment loss for the amount by which the reporting unit's carrying amount exceeds its fair value, but not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill assigned to that reporting unit.

During the second quarter of 2024, the Company completed its annual goodwill impairment assessment for its eight reporting units using discounted cash flow analyses that incorporated assumptions regarding future growth rates, terminal values and discount rates. The Company's goodwill impairment assessments for 2024 indicated the estimated fair values of each of these eight reporting units exceeded the carrying amounts of the respective reporting unit by a significant margin. The Company evaluates the need to complete interim goodwill impairment assessments when significant events or changes in business circumstances indicate that it is more likely than not that the carrying amount of a reporting unit may be higher than its fair value. No events were noted during the second half of 2024 that required completion of an interim goodwill impairment assessment for any of the Company's eight reporting units. There has been no impairment of goodwill in any of the periods presented.

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for each of the Company's reportable segments were as follows:

	Global	Global Institutional	Global Healthcare &	Global Pest		
(millions)	Industrial	& Specialty	Life Sciences	Elimination	Other	Total
December 31, 2022	\$4,081.8	\$567.6	\$3,125.4	\$-	\$237.9	\$8,012.7
Segment change (a)	102.3	-	-	135.6	(237.9)	
December 31, 2022 recast	4,184.1	567.6	3,125.4	135.6	-	8,012.7
Current year business combinations (b)	30.8	39.3	-	-	-	70.1
Effect of foreign currency translation	28.6	3.1	33.0	0.7	-	65.4
December 31, 2023	\$4,243.5	\$610.0	\$3,158.4	\$136.3	\$-	\$8,148.2
Current year business combinations (b)	116.2	6.5	-	33.9	-	156.6
Prior year business combinations (c)	1.2	-	-	-	-	1.2
Divestiture of businesses (d)	-	-	(305.9)	-	-	(305.9)
Effect of foreign currency translation	(56.0)	(3.3)	(32.7)	(0.8)	-	(92.8)
December 31, 2024	\$4,304.9	\$613.2	\$2,819.8	\$169.4	\$-	\$7,907.3

- (a) Relates to reclassifications made to reportable segments in the current year. Effective January 1, 2024, the Company's former Textile Care and Colloidal Technologies Group ("CTG") operating segments are now part of the Water operating segment which continues to remain in the Global Industrial reportable segment. Additionally, the Pest Elimination operating segment, formerly aggregated with the Textile Care and CTG operating segments within Other, is now reported as the stand-alone Global Pest Elimination reportable segment. After these changes, the Company has eight operating segments aligned with eight reporting units. Refer to Note 18 for further information.
- (b) Represents goodwill associated with current year acquisitions. For 2024, approximately \$132 of goodwill related to businesses acquired is expected to be tax deductible related primarily to the acquisition of Barclay Water Management. For 2023, approximately \$62 of goodwill related to businesses acquired is expected to be tax deductible related primarily to the acquisitions of Chemlink Laboratories LLC and Flottec, LLC. Refer to Note 4 for additional information.
- (c) Represents purchase price allocation adjustments for acquisitions deemed preliminary as of the end of the prior year.
- (d) Represents goodwill associated with the sale of the global surgical solutions business (refer to Note 4 for additional information).

#### Other Intangible Assets

The Nalco trade name is the Company's only indefinite life intangible asset, which is tested for impairment on an annual basis during the second quarter. During the second quarter of 2024, the Company completed its annual impairment assessment of the Nalco trade name using the relief from royalty discounted cash flow method, which incorporates assumptions regarding future sales projections, royalty rate and discount rates. The Company's Nalco trade name impairment assessment for 2024 indicated the estimated fair value of the Nalco trade name exceeded its \$1.2 billion carrying amount by a significant margin. No events were noted during the second half of 2024 that required completion of an interim impairment assessment of the Company's Nalco trade name. There has been no impairment of the Nalco trade name intangible asset since it was acquired.

The Company's intangible assets subject to amortization include customer relationships, trademarks, patents and other technology primarily acquired through business acquisitions. The fair value of intangible assets acquired in business acquisitions are estimated primarily using discounted cash flow valuation methods at the time of acquisition. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated lives. The weighted-average useful life of amortizable intangible assets was 15 years as of both December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The weighted-average useful life by type of amortizable asset at December 31, 2024 were as follows:

(years)	
Customer relationships	15
Patents	15
Trademarks	13
Other technology	12

The straight-line method of amortization reflects an appropriate allocation of the cost of the intangible assets to earnings in proportion to the amount of economic benefits obtained by the Company in each reporting period. The Company evaluates the remaining useful life of its intangible assets subject to amortization each reporting period to determine whether events and circumstances warrant a change to the estimated remaining period of amortization. If the estimate of an intangible asset's remaining useful life is changed, the remaining carrying amount of the intangible asset will be amortized prospectively over the updated remaining useful life. Amortization expense related to other intangible assets during the last three years and future estimated amortization were as follows:

(millions)	
2022	\$320
2023	307
2024	301
2025	293
2026	287
2027	165
2028	157
2029	149

## Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews its long-lived and amortizable intangible assets for impairment when significant events or changes in business circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets, or asset group to which it is assigned, may not be recoverable. Such circumstances may include a significant decrease in the market price of an asset or asset group, a significant adverse change in the manner in which the asset or asset group is being used or history of cash flow losses associated with the use of an asset or asset group. Impairment losses could occur when the carrying amount of an asset or asset group exceeds the anticipated future undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset or asset group and its eventual disposition. The amount of the impairment loss to be recorded, if any, is calculated by the excess of the asset's or asset group's carrying value over its fair value.

In addition, the Company periodically reassesses the estimated remaining useful lives of its long-lived assets. Changes to estimated useful lives would impact the amount of depreciation and amortization recorded in earnings. The Company has not experienced significant changes in the carrying amount or estimated remaining useful lives of its long-lived or amortizable intangible assets.

#### **Rental and Leases**

## Lessee

The Company determines whether a lease exists at the inception of the arrangement. In assessing whether a contract is or contains a lease, the Company evaluates whether the arrangement conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company accounts for lease components separately from the nonlease components (e.g., commonarea maintenance costs, property taxes, parking, etc.). Operating leases are recorded in operating lease assets, other current liabilities and operating lease liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Operating lease assets and operating lease liabilities are measured and recognized based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the estimated lease term at the lease commencement date. The Company uses the rate implicit in the lease when available or determinable. When the rate implicit in the lease is not determinable, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the lease commencement date to determine the present value of future payments. Lease expense for minimum lease payments is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Variable lease payments are not included in the lease liability and are recognized as incurred. The Company identified real estate, vehicles and other equipment as the primary classes of its leases. Certain leases with a similar class of underlying assets are accounted for as a portfolio of leases.

The Company does not record operating lease assets or liabilities for leases with terms of twelve months or less. Those lease payments are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Income over the lease term as incurred.

Many of the Company's leases include options to renew or cancel, which are at the Company's sole discretion. Renewal terms can extend the lease term from one month to multiple years, whereas, cancellation terms can shorten the lease term by multiple years. The lease start date is the date when the leased asset is available for use and in possession of the Company. The lease end date, which includes any options to renew or cancel that are reasonably certain to be exercised, is based on the terms of the contract. The depreciable life of assets and leasehold improvements are limited by the expected lease term, unless there is a transfer of title or purchase option reasonably certain of exercise. The Company's lease agreements do not contain any material restrictive covenants.

#### Lessor

The Company accounts for lease and nonlease components separately. The nonlease components, such as product and service revenue, are accounted for under Topic 606 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, refer to Note 17 for more information. Revenue from leasing equipment is recognized on a straight-line basis over the life of the lease. Cost of sales includes the depreciation expense for assets under operating leases. The assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Initial lease terms range from one year to five years and most leases include renewal options.

Lease contracts convey the right for the customer to control the equipment for a period of time as defined by the contract. There are no options for the customer to purchase the equipment and therefore the equipment remains the property of the Company at the end of the lease term. Refer to Note 13 for additional information regarding rental and leases.

#### **Income Taxes**

Income taxes are recognized during the period in which transactions enter into the determination of financial statement income, with deferred income taxes provided for the tax effect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. The Company records a valuation allowance to reduce its deferred tax assets when uncertainty regarding their realizability exists. Relevant factors in determining the realizability of deferred tax assets include historical results, sources of future taxable income, the expected timing of the reversal of temporary differences, tax planning strategies and the expiration dates of the various tax attributes. The Company records liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits in accordance with the U.S. GAAP recognition and measurement criteria guidance. The Company has elected the period cost method and considers the estimated global intangible low taxed income ("GILTI") impact in tax expense. The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in the income tax provision.

Refer to Note 12 for additional information regarding income taxes.

## **Share-Based Compensation**

The Company measures compensation expense for share-based awards at fair value at the date of grant and recognizes compensation expense over the service period for awards expected to vest. The majority of grants to retirement eligible recipients (age 55 with required years of service) are recorded to expense using the non-substantive vesting method and are fully expensed over a six-month period following the date of grant. In addition, the Company includes a forfeiture estimate in the amount of compensation expense being recognized based on an estimate of the number of outstanding awards expected to vest.

All excess tax benefits or deficiencies are recognized as discrete income tax items on the Consolidated Statements of Income. The extent of excess tax benefits is subject to variation in stock price and stock option exercises. Refer to Note 11 for additional information regarding equity compensation plans.

## **Restructuring Activities**

The Company's restructuring activities are associated with plans to enhance its efficiency, effectiveness and sharpen its competitiveness. These restructuring plans include net costs associated with significant actions involving employee-related severance charges, contract termination costs and asset write-downs and disposals. Employee termination costs are largely based on policies and severance plans, and include personnel reductions and related costs for severance, benefits and outplacement services. These charges are reflected in the quarter in which the actions are probable and the amounts are estimable, which typically is when management approves the associated actions. Contract termination costs include charges to terminate leases prior to the end of their respective terms and other contract termination costs. Asset write-downs and disposals include leasehold improvement write-downs, other asset write-downs associated with combining operations and disposal of assets. Refer to Note 3 for additional information regarding restructuring activities.

## **Revenue Recognition**

Revenue is measured as the amount of consideration expected to be received in exchange for transferring goods or providing service.

## **Product and Sold Equipment**

Revenue from product and sold equipment is recognized when obligations under the terms of a contract with the customer are satisfied, which generally occurs with the transfer of the product or delivery of the equipment.

#### Service and Lease Equipment

Revenue from service and leased equipment is recognized when the services are provided, or the customer receives the benefit from the leased equipment, which is over time. Service revenue is recognized over time utilizing an input method and aligns with when the services are provided. Typically, revenue is recognized using costs incurred to date because the effort provided by the field selling and service organization represents services provided, which corresponds with the transfer of control. Revenue for leased equipment is accounted for under Topic 842 Leases and recognized on a straight-line basis over the length of the lease contract.

#### Other Considerations

Contracts with customers may include multiple performance obligations. For contracts with multiple performance obligations, the consideration is allocated between products and services based on their stand-alone selling prices. Stand-alone selling prices are generally based on the prices charged to customers when the good or service is not bundled with other product or services or using an expected cost plus margin. Judgment is used in determining the amount of service that is embedded within the Company's contracts, which is based on the amount of time spent on the performance obligation activities. The level of effort, including the estimated margin that would be charged, is used to determine the amount of service revenue. Depending on the terms of the contract, the Company may defer the recognition of revenue when a future performance obligation has not yet occurred.

Taxes assessed by a governmental authority that are both imposed on, and concurrent with, a specific revenue-producing transaction, which are collected by the Company from a customer, are excluded from revenue. Shipping and handling costs associated with outbound freight are recognized in cost of sales when control over the product has transferred to the customer.

Other estimates used in recognizing revenue include allocating variable consideration to customer programs and incentive offerings, including pricing arrangements, promotions and other volume-based incentives at the time the sale is recorded. These estimates are based primarily on historical experience and anticipated performance over the contract period. Based on the certainty in estimating these amounts, they are included in the transaction price of the contracts and the associated remaining performance obligations. The Company recognizes revenue when collection of the consideration expected to be received in exchange for transferring goods or providing services is probable.

The Company's revenue policies do not provide for general rights of return. Estimates used in recognizing revenue include the delay between the time that products are shipped and when they are received by customers, when title transfers and the amount of credit memos issued in subsequent periods. Depending on market conditions, the Company may increase customer incentive offerings, which could reduce gross profit margins over the term of the incentive.

# **Earnings Per Common Share**

The difference in the weighted average common shares outstanding for calculating basic and diluted earnings attributable to Ecolab per common share is a result of the dilution associated with the Company's equity compensation plans. As noted in the table below, certain stock options and units outstanding under these equity compensation plans were not included in the computation of diluted earnings attributable to Ecolab per common share because they would not have had a dilutive effect.

The computations of the basic and diluted earnings attributable to Ecolab per share amounts were as follows:

(millions, except per share)	2024	2023	2022
Net income attributable to Ecolab	\$2,112.4	\$1,372.3	\$1,091.7
Weighted-average common shares outstanding			
Basic	284.3	285.0	285.2
Effect of dilutive stock options and units	2.3	1.6	1.4
Diluted	286.6	286.5	286.6
Earnings attributable to Ecolab per common share			
Basic EPS	\$7.43	\$4.82	\$3.83
Diluted EPS	\$7.37	\$4.79	\$3.81
Anti-dilutive securities excluded from the computation of diluted EPS	0.6	4.3	3.9

Amounts do not necessarily sum due to rounding.

## **Assets Held for Sale**

Assets and liabilities are classified as held for sale and presented separately on the balance sheet when all of the following criteria for a plan of sale have been met: (1) management, having the authority to approve the action, commits to a plan to sell the assets; (2) the assets are available for immediate sale, in their present condition, subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sales of such assets; (3) an active program to locate a buyer and other actions required to complete the plan to sell the assets have been initiated; (4) the sale of the assets is probable and transfer of the assets is expected to be completed within one year; (5) the assets are being actively marketed for a price that is reasonable in relation to their current fair value; and (6) actions required to complete the plan indicate that it is unlikely that significant changes to the plan will be made or the plan will be withdrawn. Assets held for sale are measured at the lower of carrying value or fair value less costs to sell. Any loss resulting from the measurement is recognized in the period the held-for-sale criteria are met. Gains are not recognized until the date of the sale. When the disposal group is classified as held for sale, depreciation and amortization for long-lived assets ceases and the Company tests the assets for impairment.

# **Supplier Finance**

In the second quarter of 2024, the Company commenced a voluntary supply chain finance program (the "Program") to provide certain suppliers with the opportunity to sell receivables due from the Company to a participating financial institution at the sole discretion of both the suppliers and the financial institution. These participating suppliers negotiate their outstanding receivable arrangements directly with the financial institution, and the Company's obligation to its suppliers, including amounts due and scheduled payment terms, are not impacted by the Company's suppliers' decisions to sell amounts under these arrangements. All Company payments to participating suppliers are paid to the financial institution on the invoice due date, regardless of whether the individual invoice is sold by the supplier to the financial institution. The range of payment terms the Company negotiates with its suppliers is consistent, irrespective of whether a supplier participates in the Program.

All outstanding payments owed under the Program are recorded within Accounts payable in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The Company accounts for all payments made under the Program as a reduction to operating cash flows in Accounts payable within the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. The amounts owed to a participating financial institution under the Program are not material as of December 31, 2024.

# **Other Significant Accounting Policies**

The following table includes a reference to additional significant accounting policies that are described in other notes to the financial statements, including the note number:

Policy	Note
Fair value measurements	7
Derivatives and hedging transactions	8
Share-based compensation	10
Research and development expenditures	14
Legal contingencies	15
Pension and post-retirement benefit plans	16
Reportable segments	18

# **New Accounting Pronouncements**

# Standards That Are Not Yet Adopted:

Standard	Date of Issuance	Description	Required Date of Adoption	Effect on the Financial Statements
ASU 2024-03 and ASU 2025-01 Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income - Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses	November 2024	The amendments in this ASU are intended to improve expense disclosures, primarily by requiring disclosure of disaggregated information about certain income statement expense line items on an annual and interim basis.	Effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026 and interim periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027, with early adoption permitted.	The updates required by this standard should be applied prospectively, but retrospective application is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adoption and additional disclosure requirements.
ASU 2023-09 Income taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures	December 2023	The amendments in this Update require that public business entities on an annual basis (1) disclose specific categories in the rate reconciliation and (2) provide additional information for reconciling items that meet a quantitative threshold.	January 1, 2025	The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adoption and additional disclosure requirements.
Standards That Were Adopted:	5.4.6		D	<b>-</b> 77
Standard	Date of Issuance	Description	Date of Adoption	Effect on the Financial Statements
ASU 2023-07 - Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures	November 2023	The amendments in this ASU are to improve the disclosures about reportable segments and add more detailed information about a reportable segment's expenses. The amendments in the ASU require public entities to disclose on an annual and interim basis significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") and included within each reported measure of segment profit or loss, other segment items by reportable segment, the title and position of the CODM, and an explanation of how the CODM uses the reported measures of segment profit or loss in assessing segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources. The ASU does not change the definition of a segment, the method for determining segments, the criteria for aggregating operating segments into reportable segments, or the current specifically enumerated segment expenses that are required to be disclosed.	January 1, 2024	The Company adopted the standard and applied the amendments retrospectively to all periods presented. Adoption of this standard impacted the disclosures within the financial statements, but did not have an impact on the Company's financial position or the results of operations.

No other new accounting pronouncement issued or effective has had or is expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

# 3. SPECIAL (GAINS) AND CHARGES

Special (gains) and charges reported on the Consolidated Statements of Income included the following:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Cost of sales			
One Ecolab	\$1.9	\$-	\$-
Other restructuring	3.4	22.5	21.4
Acquisition and integration activities	-	-	25.0
Other	-	-	23.5
Cost of sales subtotal	5.3	22.5	69.9
Special (gains) and charges			
One Ecolab	98.3	-	-
Other restructuring	21.8	63.2	85.8
Sale of global surgical solutions business	(340.3)	10.3	-
Acquisition and integration activities	12.6	16.1	14.5
Other	18.7	21.8	40.2
Special (gains) and charges subtotal	(188.9)	111.4	140.5
Operating income subtotal	(183.6)	133.9	210.4
Other (income) expense	-	-	50.6
Total special (gains) and charges	(\$183.6)	\$133.9	\$261.0

For segment reporting purposes, special (gains) and charges are not allocated to reportable segments, which is consistent with the Company's internal management reporting.

#### One Ecolab

On July 30, 2024, the Company announced the One Ecolab initiative, which will enhance its growth and margin expansion journey. As a program within this initiative, the Company also announced that it commenced a restructuring plan to leverage its digital technologies to realign the functional work done in many countries into global centers of excellence. The Company anticipates restructuring costs of \$175 million (\$136 million after tax) and special charges of \$50 million (\$39 million after tax) by the end of 2027. The Company anticipates that the restructuring costs will primarily be cash expenditures for severance costs relating to team reorganization.

In anticipation of this One Ecolab initiative, a limited number of actions were taken in the first and second quarter of 2024. As a result, the Company reclassified \$5.3 million (\$4.0 million after tax) from other restructuring to One Ecolab in the third quarter of 2024.

In 2024 the Company recorded restructuring charges of \$76.5 million (\$59.0 million after tax) related to severance and professional services. In addition, the Company recorded non-restructuring special charges of \$23.7 million (\$17.9 million after tax) in 2024 primarily related to professional services. The Company has recorded \$81.8 million (\$63.0 million after tax) of cumulative restructuring charges and \$23.7 million (\$17.9 million after tax) of cumulative special charges under the One Ecolab initiative. Net cash payments were \$26.9 million during 2024.

The net restructuring liability related to the One Ecolab initiative was \$54.9 million as of December 31, 2024. The remaining liability is expected to be paid over a period of a few months to several quarters and will continue to be funded from operating activities.

Restructuring activity related to the One Ecolab initiative since inception of the underlying actions includes the following items:

	Employee Costs	Asset Disposals	Other	Total
(millions)		•		
2024 Activity				
Recorded expense (income) and accrual	\$46.3	\$-	\$30.2	\$76.5
Net cash payments	-	-	(26.9)	(26.9)
Non-cash net charges	-	-	-	-
Reclassification	-	-	5.3	5.3
Restructuring liability, December 31, 2024	\$46.3	\$-	\$8.6	\$54.9

## Other restructuring activities

Restructuring activities are primarily related to the Combined Program which is described below. These activities have been included as a component of cost of sales, special (gains) and charges, other (income) expense and interest expense, net on the Consolidated Statements of Income. Restructuring liabilities have been classified as a component of other current and other noncurrent liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

#### Combined Program

In November 2022 the Company approved a Europe cost savings program. In February 2023, the Company expanded its previously announced Europe cost savings program to focus on its Institutional and Healthcare businesses in other regions. In connection with the expanded program ("Combined Program"), the Company expected to incur total pre-tax charges of \$195 million (\$150 million after tax). The Company completed these restructuring charges at the end of 2024. Program actions included headcount reductions from terminations, not filling certain open positions, and facility closures. The Combined Program charges were primarily cash expenditures related to severance and asset disposals.

In anticipation of this Combined Program, a limited number of actions were taken in the fourth quarter of 2022. As a result, the Company reclassified \$19.3 million (\$14.5 million after tax) from other restructuring to the Combined Program in the first quarter of 2023.

In 2024, 2023 and 2022 the Company recorded restructuring charges of \$25.2 million (\$18.6 million after tax), \$77.7 million (\$66.4 million after tax) and \$67.2 million (\$56.0 million after tax), respectively, primarily related to severance and professional services. Restructuring activities were completed at the end of 2024, with total costs \$184.1 million (\$151.5 million after tax).

The Company reclassified \$5.3 million (\$4.0 million after tax) from the Combined restructuring program to other restructuring activities in the second quarter of 2024.

Net cash payments were \$48.9 million and non-cash net charges were \$1.3 million during 2024. The net liability related to the Combined Program was \$12.8 million and \$43.1 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The remaining liability is expected to be paid over a period of a few months to several quarters and will continue to be funded from operating activities.

Restructuring activity related to the Combined Program since inception of the underlying actions includes the following:

(millions)	Employee Costs	Asset Disposals	Other	Total
2022 Activity	00010	Віорозаіз	Other	Total
Recorded expense and accrual	\$67.2	\$-	\$-	\$67.2
Net cash payments	(5.2)	-	-	(5.2)
Net restructuring liability, December 31, 2022	62.0	-	-	62.0
2023 Activity				
Recorded expense and accrual	47.0	14.0	16.7	77.7
Net cash payments	(85.2)	-	(16.7)	(101.9)
Non-cash charges	`	(14.0)	` -	`(14.0)
Reclassification	19.3	·	-	19.3
Net restructuring liability, December 31, 2023	43.1	-	-	43.1
2024 Activity				
Recorded expense and accrual	3.8	1.3	20.1	25.2
Net cash payments	(34.1)		(14.8)	(48.9)
Non-cash charges	` -	(1.3)	` <u>-</u>	`(1.3 <b>)</b>
Reclassification	-	-	(5.3)	(5.3)
Net restructuring liability, December 31, 2024	\$12.8	\$-	\$-	\$12.8

## Other Restructuring Activities

During 2024, the Company recorded restructuring charges of \$10.6 million (\$8.0 million after tax) related to an immaterial restructuring plan approved in the second quarter. This plan became part of the One Ecolab initiative in the third quarter.

During 2023 and 2022, the Company recorded restructuring charges of \$8.0 million (\$6.0 million after tax) and \$40.0 million (\$31.1 million after tax), respectively, related to immaterial or subsequently concluded restructuring programs. The charges primarily related to severance and asset write-offs.

The restructuring liability balance for all other restructuring plans excluding the One Ecolab and Combined Program, were \$6.5 million and \$8.2 million as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The remaining liability is expected to be paid over a period of a few months to several quarters and will continue to be funded from operating activities. Cash payments during 2024 related to all other restructuring plans excluding the One Ecolab and Combined Programs were \$2.2 million.

## Sale of global surgical solutions business

On April 27, 2024, the Company reached a definitive agreement to sell its global surgical solutions business, which closed on August 1, 2024. During 2024 the Company recorded a gain on sale of \$355.9 million (\$257.7 million after tax) as described in Note 4. Excluding the gain on sale, the Company recorded charges of \$15.6 million (\$12.0 million after tax) in 2024, which are primarily related to professional fees to support the sale. During 2023 the Company recorded charges of \$10.3 million (\$7.7 million after tax) primarily related to professional fees to support the sale.

#### Acquisition and integration related costs

Acquisition and integration related costs reported in special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income in 2024 include \$12.6 million (\$9.6 million after tax) related primarily to the Purolite transaction.

Acquisition and integration related costs reported in special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income in 2023 include \$16.1 million (\$12.0 million after tax). Charges are integration related costs primarily related to the Purolite transaction.

Acquisition and integration related costs reported in special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income include \$14.5 million (\$11.4 million after tax) in 2022. Charges are related primarily to the Purolite transaction and consisted of integration costs, advisory and legal fees. Acquisition and integration costs reported in product and equipment cost of sales on the Consolidated Statements of Income in 2022 include \$25.0 million (\$19.6 million after tax) and are related to the recognition of fair value step-up in the Purolite inventory and other integration costs.

## Other operating activities

During 2022, the Company recorded other operating activities to cost of sales on the Consolidated Statements of Income of \$23.5 million (\$19.6 million after tax), relating primarily to COVID-19 activities.

During 2024, the Company recorded other operating activities to special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income of \$18.7 million (\$13.9 million after tax), relating primarily to a liability relating to a prior divestiture, COVID-19 activities, and certain legal charges. During 2023 and 2022, the Company recorded other operating activities to special (gains) and charges on the Consolidated Statements of Income of \$21.8 million (\$16.7 million after tax) and \$40.2 million (\$31.4 million after tax), respectively, relating primarily to certain legal charges.

## Other (income) expense

During 2022, the Company incurred pension settlement expense recorded in other (income) expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income of \$50.6 million (\$38.2 million after tax), respectively, related to U.S. pension plan lump-sum payments to retirees.

## 4. ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSITIONS

## **Acquisitions**

The Company makes business acquisitions that align with its strategic business objectives. The assets and liabilities of acquired businesses are recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets based on estimates of the fair value of assets acquired, liabilities assumed and noncontrolling interests acquired as of the acquisition date. Goodwill is recognized in the amount that the purchase consideration paid exceeds the fair value of the net assets acquired. Purchase consideration includes both cash paid and the fair value of noncash consideration exchanged, including stock and/or contingent consideration exchanged, and is reduced by the amount of cash or cash equivalents acquired. Acquisitions during 2024, 2023 and 2022 were not significant to the Company's consolidated financial statements; therefore, pro forma financial information is not presented.

#### 2024 Activity

In November 2024, the Company acquired Barclay Water Management, a fast-growing provider of water safety and digital monitoring solutions for industrial and institutional customers based primarily in the northeastern U.S for total consideration of \$262.2 million in cash. The acquisition became part of the Global Industrial reporting segment. The purchase accounting for this acquisition is preliminary and subject to change as the Company finalizes the valuation of intangible assets, income tax balances and working capital. The goodwill arising from the acquisition of Barclay Water Management is tax deductible.

During 2024, the Company completed an immaterial acquisition which became part of the Global Institutional & Specialty reporting segment. The Company also completed two immaterial acquisitions both of which became part of the Global Pest Elimination reporting segment. The purchase accounting for these acquisitions is preliminary and subject to change as the Company finalizes the valuation of intangible assets, income tax balances and working capital. The goodwill arising from these acquisitions is tax deductible.

## 2023 Activity

In November 2023, the Company acquired Flottec, LLC, a U.S.-based provider of flotation products and services for the mineral processing industry. The move will expand Nalco Water's flotation offerings and its work to serve the industry from mine to metal. The acquisition became part of the Global Industrial reporting segment. The purchase accounting for this acquisition was finalized in the fourth quarter of 2024 and no further purchase accounting adjustments will be recorded. The goodwill arising from the acquisition of Flottec, LLC is tax deductible.

In May 2023, the Company acquired Chemlink Laboratories LLC, a U.S.-based producer of small format cleaning solutions. The Company made two other immaterial acquisitions during the second quarter of 2023. All three acquisitions became part of the Global Institutional & Specialty reporting segment. The purchase accounting for these acquisitions was finalized in the second quarter of 2024 and no further purchase accounting adjustments will be recorded. The goodwill arising from the acquisition of Chemlink Laboratories LLC is tax deductible.

#### 2022 Activity

No acquisitions occurred during 2022.

## Acquisitions

The components of the cash paid for acquisitions (as further disclosed above), for 2024, 2023 and 2022, are shown in the following table:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Net tangible assets (liabilities) acquired	\$22.7	\$20.8	\$-
Identifiable intangible assets			
Customer relationships	118.3	60.8	-
Trademarks	5.7	-	-
Non-compete agreements	1.6	2.1	-
Other technologies	17.6	25.8	-
Total intangible assets	143.2	88.7	-
Goodwill	156.7	70.2	_
Total aggregate purchase price	322.6	179.7	-
Acquisition-related liabilities and contingent consideration	(12.9)	(3.9)	
Total cash paid for acquisitions, including acquisition-related liabilities and contingent consideration, net of cash acquired	\$309.7	\$175.8	\$-

During 2024, the Company recorded purchase accounting adjustments associated with its 2023 acquisition of Flottec, LLC and two other immaterial acquisitions. As a result of these purchase accounting adjustments, the Company made \$3.2 million of acquisition-related payments, acquisition related net tangible assets decreased by \$2.5 million, definite-lived intangible assets increased by \$1.0 million and goodwill increased by \$1.2 million.

During 2023, the Company recorded purchase accounting adjustments. As a result of these purchase accounting adjustments, the Company made \$4.1 million of acquisition-related payments, acquisition related net tangible assets increased by \$1.7 million, acquisition related liabilities and contingent consideration decreased by \$1.7 million and goodwill increased by \$0.7 million.

During 2022, the Company recorded purchase accounting adjustments associated with the finalization of the purchase accounting for its acquisitions of Purolite, LLC, TechTex Holdings Limited, National Wiper Alliance, Inc. and EPN Water Col, Ltd. As a result of these purchase accounting adjustments, the Company made \$7.2 million of acquisition-related payments, acquisition related net tangible assets decreased by \$55.6 million, definite-lived intangible assets decreased by \$191.0 million, and goodwill increased by \$253.8 million.

The weighted average useful lives of identifiable intangible assets acquired during 2024 and 2023 were 15 and 12 years, respectively. No intangible assets were acquired during 2022.

## **Dispositions**

On April 27, 2024, the Company entered into an agreement to sell its global surgical solutions business for total consideration of \$950 million, subject to certain working capital and other purchase price adjustments. On August 1, 2024, the Company closed the sale and received \$926 million in cash, after deducting for defined working capital and other purchase price adjustments. In December 2024, the Company recorded an additional purchase price adjustment, reducing the purchase price by approximately \$16.1 million, which is expected to be paid in cash in the first quarter of 2025. For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company recorded an associated pre-tax gain within Special (Gains) and Charges in the Consolidated Statements of Income of \$355.9 million (\$257.7 million after tax), which includes \$49.7 million of transaction costs and other adjustments.

The global surgical solutions business did not meet the criteria to be classified as a discontinued operation. As a result, the Company continued to report its operating results in the Global Healthcare & Life Sciences reportable segment through closing of the transaction on August 1, 2024.

The global surgical solutions business was included in the Company's continuing operations and classified as current assets and current liabilities held for sale on the Company's consolidated balance sheets through the closing of the transaction on August 1, 2024. As a result of closing the transaction, the Company derecognized \$504.6 million of net assets, the principal components of which were as follows:

(millions)	August 1 2024
Assets held for sale	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$36.6
Accounts receivable, net	55.0
Inventories	89.0
Other current assets	7.6
Property, plant and equipment, net	65.1
Goodwill	305.9
Other intangible assets, net	22.4
Operating lease assets	8.2
Other assets	43.0
Total assets held for sale	\$632.8
Liabilities held for sale	
Accounts payable	\$38.6
Compensation and benefits	5.9
Other current liabilities	40.6
Postretirement health care and pension benefits	6.7
Operating lease liabilities	5.6
Other liabilities	30.8
Total liabilities held for sale	\$128.2

No dispositions were significant to the Company's consolidated financial statements for 2023 or 2022.

# **5. BALANCE SHEET INFORMATION**

(millions)	December 31 2024	December 31 2023
Accounts receivable, net	2027	2020
Accounts receivable	\$2,987.5	\$2,983.2
Allowance for expected credit losses and other accruals	(122.5)	(149.0)
Total	\$2,865.0	\$2,834.2
Inventories		
Finished goods	\$962.2	\$911.4
Raw materials and parts	607.4	704.7
Inventories at FIFO cost	1,569.6	1,616.1
FIFO cost to LIFO cost difference	(104.7)	(118.9)
Total	\$1,464.9	\$1,497.2
Other current assets		
Prepaid assets	\$151.4	\$143.9
Taxes receivable	163.3	186.9
Derivative assets	13.4	3.3
Other	110.9	59.1
Total	\$439.0	\$393.2
Property, plant and equipment, net		
Land	\$144.5	\$155.6
Buildings and leasehold improvements	1,152.8	1,171.0
Machinery and equipment Merchandising and customer equipment	2,248.5 2,925.3	2,113.8 2,758.4
Capitalized software	1,037.8	2,756.4 985.9
Construction in progress	679.3	470.1
o should also in in progress	8,188.2	7.654.8
Accumulated depreciation	(4,435.8)	(4,180.2)
Total	\$3,752.4	\$3,474.6
Other intangible assets, net		
Intangible assets not subject to amortization		
Trade names	\$1,230.0	\$1,230.0
Intangible assets subject to amortization		
Customer relationships	3,279.8	3,385.1
Patents	504.6	503.6
Trademarks Other technologies	371.9	406.5
Other technologies	541.8 4.698.1	551.2 4,846.4
Accumulated amortization	4,036.1	4,040.4
Customer relationships	(1,814.1)	(1,805.0)
Patents	(340.6)	(319.4)
Trademarks	(236.3)	(238.0)
Other technologies	(228.3)	(220.5)
	(2,619.3)	(2,582.9)
Net intangible assets subject to amortization	2,078.8	2,263.5
Total	\$3,308.8	\$3,493.5
Other assets		
Deferred income taxes	\$155.5	\$119.3
Pension	151.0	118.4
Derivative asset	45.1	23.6
Other	318.8 \$670.4	271.4 \$532.7
Total	\$670.4	\$532.7

	December 31	December 31
(millions)	2024	2023
Other current liabilities		
Discounts and rebates	\$452.2	\$438.8
Dividends payable	184.2	162.7
Interest payable	62.6	68.5
Taxes payable, other than income	171.8	153.2
Derivative liability	3.0	3.7
Restructuring	71.6	48.9
Contract liability	102.0	110.9
Operating lease liabilities	142.3	126.1
Other	323.0	222.1
Total	\$1,512.7	\$1,334.9
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		
Unrealized (loss) gain on derivative financial instruments, net of tax	\$4.6	(\$4.1)
Unrecognized pension and postretirement benefit expense, net of tax	(538.4)	( <del>5</del> 34.7)
Cumulative translation, net of tax	(1,448.2)	(1,311.6)
Total	(\$1,982.0)	(\$1,850.4)

## 6. DEBT AND INTEREST

## **Short-term Debt**

The following table provides the components of the Company's short-term debt obligations, along with applicable interest rates as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	202	24	202	23
		Average		Average
	Carrying	Interest	Carrying	Interest
(millions)	Value	Rate	Value	Rate
Short-term debt				
Commercial paper	\$-	- %	\$-	- %
Notes payable	3.6	7.28 %	1.8	8.29 %
Long-term debt, current maturities	612.1		628.6	
Total	\$615.7		\$630.4	

#### Line of Credit

As of December 31, 2024, the Company had in place a \$2.0 billion multi-currency revolving credit facility which expires in April 2026. The credit facility has been established with a diverse syndicate of banks and supports the Company's U.S. and Euro commercial paper programs. There were no borrowings under the Company's credit facility as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The Company has \$301 million of available bank supported letters of credit, surety bonds and guarantees available in support of its commercial business transactions of which \$165 million is outstanding as of December 31, 2024.

## Commercial Paper

The Company's commercial paper program is used as a potential source of liquidity and consists of a \$2.0 billion U.S. commercial paper program and a \$2.0 billion Euro commercial paper program. The maximum aggregate amount of commercial paper that may be issued by the Company under its commercial paper programs may not exceed \$2.0 billion.

The Company had no outstanding commercial paper under its U.S. and Euro commercial paper programs as of December 31, 2024 and 2023.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company's short-term borrowing program was rated A-2 by Standard & Poor's, P-2 by Moody's and F-1 by Fitch.

# Notes Payable

The Company's notes payable consists of uncommitted credit lines with major international banks and financial institutions, primarily to support global cash pooling structures. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had \$3.6 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, outstanding under these credit lines. Approximately \$2,153 million and \$1,829 million of these credit lines were available for use as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

# **Long-term Debt**

The following table provides the components of the Company's long-term debt obligations, along with applicable interest rates as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

			2024			2023	
			Stated	Effective		Stated	Effective
	Maturity	Carrying	Interest	Interest	Carrying	Interest	Interest
(millions)	by Year	Value	Rate	Rate	Value	Rate	Rate
Long-term debt							
Public notes (2024 principal amount)							
Seven year 2016 senior notes (€575 million)	2024	\$-	- %	- %	\$625.9	1.00 %	1.19 %
Ten year 2015 senior notes (€575 million)	2025	607.8	2.63 %	2.88 %	625.1	2.63 %	2.88 %
Ten year 2016 senior notes (\$750 million)	2026	735.2	2.70 %	3.96 %	728.2	2.70 %	4.07 %
Ten year 2017 senior notes (\$500 million)	2027	456.5	3.25 %	8.54 %	448.3	3.25 %	8.43 %
Six Year 2021 senior notes (\$500 million)	2027	498.2	1.65 %	1.73 %	497.4	1.65 %	1.83 %
Five Year 2022 senior notes (\$500 million)	2028	495.6	5.25 %	5.08 %	494.2	5.25 %	5.60 %
Ten year 2020 senior notes (\$698 million)	2030	657.2	4.80 %	6.52 %	662.7	4.80 %	6.19 %
Ten year 2020 senior notes (\$600 million)	2031	559.3	1.30 %	3.17 %	561.0	1.30 %	3.21 %
Eleven year 2021 senior notes (\$650 million)	2032	645.8	2.13 %	1.59 %	645.2	2.13 %	2.06 %
Thirty year 2011 senior notes (\$389 million)	2041	385.0	5.50 %	5.62 %	384.7	5.50 %	5.62 %
Thirty year 2016 senior notes (\$200 million)	2046	197.5	3.70 %	3.80 %	197.4	3.70 %	3.80 %
Thirty year 2017 senior notes (\$484 million)	2047	428.2	3.95 %	4.79 %	426.8	3.95 %	4.79 %
Thirty year 2020 senior notes (\$500 million)	2050	491.4	2.13 %	2.23 %	491.1	2.13 %	2.23 %
Thirty year 2021 senior notes (\$850 million)	2051	839.7	2.70 %	2.78 %	839.3	2.70 %	2.78 %
Thirty-four year 2021 senior notes (\$685 million)	2055	541.2	2.75 %	3.86 %	539.2	2.75 %	3.86 %
Finance lease obligations and other		22.7			13.5		
Total debt		7,561.3			8,180.0	_	
Long-term debt, current maturities		(612.1)			(628.6)		
Total long-term debt		\$6,949.2			\$7,551.4	_	

## **Public Notes**

In November 2022, the Company issued \$500 million in aggregate principal five year fixed rate notes with a coupon rate of 5.25%. The proceeds are intended to be used for general corporate purposes, which may include, without limitation, repayment of commercial paper borrowings or other indebtedness. The notes mature January 2028.

The Company's public notes may be redeemed by the Company at its option at redemption prices that include accrued and unpaid interest and a make-whole premium. Upon the occurrence of a change of control accompanied by a downgrade of the public notes below investment grade rating, within a specified time period, the Company would be required to offer to repurchase the public notes at a price equal to 101% of the aggregate principal amount thereof, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to the date of repurchase. The public notes are senior unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Company and rank equally with all other senior and unsubordinated indebtedness of the Company.

In January 2024, the Company repaid €575 million (\$630 million) of long-term debt.

## **Covenants and Future Maturities**

The Company is in compliance with all covenants under the Company's outstanding indebtedness at December 31, 2024.

As of December 31, 2024, the aggregate annual maturities of long-term debt for the next five years were:

(millions)	
2025	\$612
2026	738
2027	958
2028	498
2029	2

## **Net Interest Expense**

Interest expense and interest income incurred during 2024, 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Interest expense	\$340.3	\$348.9	\$252.1
Interest income	(57.8)	(52.2)	(8.5)
Interest expense, net	\$282.5	\$296.7	\$243.6

Interest expense generally includes the expense associated with the interest on the Company's outstanding borrowings, including the impact of the Company's interest rate swap agreements. Interest expense also includes the amortization of debt issuance costs and debt discounts, which are both recognized over the term of the related debt.

## 7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company's financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, contingent consideration obligations, commercial paper, notes payable, foreign currency forward contracts, interest rate swap agreements, cross-currency swap derivative contracts and long-term debt.

Fair value is defined as the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants as of the measurement date. A hierarchy has been established for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring the most observable inputs be used when available. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels:

- Level 1 Inputs are quoted prices in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs include observable inputs other than quoted prices in active markets.
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data available.

The carrying amount and the estimated fair value for assets and liabilities measured on a recurring basis were:

	December 31, 2024					
(millions)	Carrying	Fair Value Measurements				
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Assets						
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$38.4	\$-	\$38.4	\$-		
Cross-currency swap derivative contracts	119.0	-	119.0	-		
Liabilities						
Foreign currency forward contracts	28.0	-	28.0	-		
Interest rate swap agreements	138.5	-	138.5	-		
Cross-currency swap derivative contracts	56.4	-	56.4	-		

	December 31, 2023					
(millions)	Carrying	Fair Value Measurements				
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
Assets						
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$26.6	\$-	\$26.6	\$-		
Cross-currency swap derivative contracts	29.1	-	29.1	-		
Liabilities						
Foreign currency forward contracts	27.0	-	27.0	-		
Interest rate swap agreements	146.5	-	146.5	-		
Cross-currency swap derivative contracts	24.9	-	24.9	-		

The carrying value of foreign currency forward contracts is at fair value, which is determined based on foreign currency exchange rates as of the balance sheet date and classified within Level 2. The carrying value of interest rate swap agreements is at fair value, which is determined based on current forward interest rates as of the balance sheet date and are classified within Level 2. The cross-currency swap derivative contracts are used to partially hedge the Company's net investments in foreign operations against adverse movements in exchange rates between the U.S. dollar and the Euro and the U.S. dollar and CNH (CNH is the Chinese Yuan traded in the offshore market). The carrying value of the cross-currency swap derivative contracts is at fair value, which is determined based on the income approach with the relevant interest rates and foreign currency current exchange rates and forward curves as inputs as of the balance sheet date and are classified within Level 2. For purposes of fair value disclosure above, derivative values are presented gross. Further discussion of gross versus net presentation of the Company's derivatives within Note 8.

Contingent consideration obligations are recognized and measured at fair value at the acquisition date and thereafter until settlement or expiration. Contingent consideration is classified within Level 3 as the underlying fair value is determined using income-based valuation approaches appropriate for the terms and conditions of each respective contingent consideration. The consideration expected to be transferred is based on the Company's expectations of various financial measures. The ultimate payment of contingent consideration could deviate from current estimates based on the actual results of these financial measures. Contingent consideration during 2024, 2023 and 2022 were not significant to the Company's consolidated financial statements.

The carrying values of accounts receivable, accounts payable, cash and cash equivalents, commercial paper and notes payable approximate fair value because of their short maturities, and as such are classified within Level 1.

The fair value of long-term debt is based on quoted market prices for the same or similar debt instruments (classified as Level 2). The carrying amount, which includes adjustments related to the impact of interest rate swap agreements, premiums and discounts, and deferred debt issuance costs, and the estimated fair value of long-term debt, including current maturities, held by the Company were:

December 31, 2024					
Carrying	Fair				
Amount	Value				
\$7,561.3	\$6,662.1				

December 31, 2023				
Carrying	Fair			
Amount	Value			
\$8 180	0 \$7,552.5			

Long-term debt, including current maturities

## 8. DERIVATIVES AND HEDGING TRANSACTIONS

The Company uses foreign currency forward contracts, interest rate swap agreements, cross-currency swap derivative contracts and foreign currency debt to manage risks associated with foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and net investments in foreign operations. The Company does not hold derivative financial instruments of a speculative nature or for trading purposes. The Company records derivatives as assets and liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized immediately in earnings unless the derivative qualifies and is designated as a hedge. Cash flows from derivatives are classified in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows in the same category as the cash flows from the items subject to designated hedge or undesignated (economic) hedge relationships. The Company evaluates hedge effectiveness at inception and on an ongoing basis. If a derivative is no longer expected to be effective, hedge accounting is discontinued.

The Company is exposed to credit risk in the event of nonperformance of counterparties for foreign currency forward exchange contracts and interest rate swap agreements. The Company monitors its exposure to credit risk by using credit approvals and credit limits and by selecting major global banks and financial institutions as counterparties. The Company does not anticipate nonperformance by any of these counterparties, and therefore, recording a valuation allowance against the Company's derivative balance is not considered necessary.

# **Derivative Positions Summary**

Certain of the Company's derivative transactions are subject to master netting arrangements that allow the Company to net settle contracts with the same counterparties. These arrangements generally do not call for collateral and as of the applicable dates presented in the following table, no cash collateral had been received or pledged related to the underlying derivatives.

The respective net amounts are included in other current assets, other assets, other current liabilities and other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The following table summarizes the gross fair value and the net value of the Company's outstanding derivatives:

	Derivati	ive Assets	Derivative Liabilities			
(millions)	December 31 2024	December 31 2023	December 31 2024	December 31 2023		
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$11.4	\$6.7	\$3.2	\$5.2		
Interest rate swap agreements	-	-	138.5	146.5		
Cross-currency swap derivative contracts	82.1	29.1	19.5	24.9		
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments						
Foreign currency forward contracts	27.0	19.9	24.8	21.8		
Cross-currency swap derivative contracts	36.9	-	36.9	-		
Gross value of derivatives	157.4	55.7	222.9	198.4		
Gross amounts offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	(98.9)	(28.8)	(98.9)	(28.8)		
Net value of derivatives	\$58.5	\$26.9	\$124.0	\$169.6		

The following table summarizes the notional values of the Company's outstanding derivatives:

#### **Notional Values**

(millions)

Foreign currency forward contracts Interest rate swap agreements Cross-currency swap derivative contracts

December 31 2024	December 31 2023
\$3,175 1,500 2,745	\$3,745 1,500

## **Cash Flow Hedges**

The Company utilizes foreign currency forward contracts to hedge the effect of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations on forecasted foreign currency transactions, including inventory purchases and intercompany royalty, intercompany loans, management fee and other payments. These forward contracts are designated as cash flow hedges. The changes in fair value of these contracts are recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI") until the hedged items affect earnings, at which time the gain or loss is reclassified into the same line item in the Consolidated Statements of Income as the underlying exposure being hedged. Cash flow hedged transactions impacting AOCI are forecasted to occur within the next year. For forward contracts designated as hedges of foreign currency exchange rate risk associated with forecasted foreign currency transactions, the Company excludes the changes in fair value attributable to time value from the assessment of hedge effectiveness. The initial value of the excluded component (i.e., the forward points) is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the hedging instrument and recognized in the same line item in the Consolidated Statements of Income as the underlying exposure being hedged for intercompany loans. For all other cash flow hedge types, the forward points are mark-to-market monthly and recognized in the same line item in the Consolidated Statements of Income as the underlying exposure being hedged. The difference between fair value changes of the excluded component and the amount amortized in the Consolidated Statements of Income is recorded in AOCI.

# **Fair Value Hedges**

The Company manages interest expense using a mix of fixed and floating rate debt. To help manage exposure to interest rate movements and to reduce borrowing costs, the Company may enter into interest rate swaps under which the Company agrees to exchange, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed and floating interest amounts calculated by reference to an agreed upon notional principal amount. The mark-to-market of these fair value hedges is recorded as gains or losses in interest expense, net and is offset by the gain or loss of the underlying debt instrument, which also is recorded in interest expense, net. These fair value hedges are highly effective and thus, there is no impact on earnings due to hedge ineffectiveness.

In aggregate, the Company has entered into a series of interest rate swap agreements to convert \$1.5 billion of its debt from a fixed interest rate to a floating interest rate. The fixed interest rates range from 1.3% to 4.8% and mature between 2026 and 2031. These interest rate swap agreements are designated as fair value hedges.

The following amounts were recorded in the Consolidated Balance Sheets related to cumulative basis adjustments for fair value hedges as of December 31 2024 and 2023:

Line item in which the hedged item is included (millions)
Long-term debt

Carrying amount of the hedged liabilities

**2024** 2023 **\$1,361.1** \$1,353.7 Cumulative amount of the fair value hedging adjustment included in the carrying amount of the hedged

liabilities					
2024	2023				
(\$141.3)	(\$148.6)				

# **Net Investment Hedges**

In November 2023, the Company elected to de-designate as a net investment hedge €316 million of its Euro debt maturing on January 15, 2024. In January 2024, the Company repaid €575 million (\$630 million) of long-term debt and settled the remaining €259 million net investment hedge related to that Euro debt. The Company designates its remaining outstanding €575 million (\$608 million as of year-end 2024) senior notes ("Euronotes") and related accrued interest as a hedge of its Euro denominated exposures from the Company's investments in certain of its Euro denominated functional currency subsidiaries.

In May 2024, the Company entered into a Euro cross-currency swap derivative contract with a notional amount of €300 million. In July 2024, the Company entered into Euro cross-currency swap derivative contracts with notional amounts of €200 million, €100 million and €100 million. In October 2024, the Company entered into Euro cross-currency swap derivative contracts with notional amounts €150 million and €100 million. In November 2024, the Company entered into a series of Euro cross-currency swap derivative contracts effectively replacing two existing cross-currency swap derivative contracts with a total notional amount of €300 million. As a result, the Company has swapped €300 million of notional value.

In aggregate, the Company maintains a series of Euro cross-currency swap derivative contracts that are designated as net investment hedges of the Company's Euro denominated exposures from the Company's investments in certain of its Euro denominated functional currency subsidiaries. The cross-currency swap derivative contracts exchange fixed-rate payments in one currency for fixed-rate payments in another currency. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had €1,575 million (\$1,631 million) cross-currency swap derivative contracts outstanding designated as a hedge of the Company's net investment in foreign operations. The changes in the spot rate of these instruments are recorded in AOCI in stockholders' equity, partially offsetting the foreign currency translation adjustment of the Company's related net investment that is also recorded in AOCI. Any ineffective portions of net investment hedges are reclassified from AOCI into earnings during the period of change. The interest income or expense from these swaps are recorded in interest expense on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income consistent with the classification of interest expense attributable to the underlying debt.

In October 2024, the Company entered into CNH cross-currency swap derivative contracts with a notional amount of CNH 714 million and CNH 713 million. In aggregate, the Company maintains a series of CNH cross-currency swap derivative contracts that are designated as net investment hedges of its Chinese Yuan ("CNY") denominated exposures from the Company's investments in certain CNY denominated functional currency subsidiaries. The cross-currency swap derivative contracts exchange fixed-rate payments in USD for fixed-rate payments in CNH. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had CNH 3,619 million (\$493 million) cross-currency swap derivative contracts outstanding designated as a hedge of the Company's net investment in foreign operations. The changes in the spot rate of these instruments are recorded in AOCI in stockholders' equity, partially offsetting the foreign currency translation adjustment of the Company's related net investment that is also recorded in AOCI. The interest income or expense from these swaps is recorded in interest expense on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income consistent with the classification of interest expense attributable to the underlying debt.

The revaluation gains and losses on the Euronotes and cross-currency swap derivative contracts, which are designated and effective as hedges of the Company's net investments, have been included as a component of the cumulative translation adjustment account, and were as follows:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Revaluation gain (loss), net of tax:			
Euronotes	\$12.8	(\$42.3)	\$81.9
Cross-currency swap derivative contracts	39.6	(30.8)	26.4
Total revaluation gain (loss), net of tax	\$52.4	(\$73.1)	\$108.3

# **Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments**

The Company also uses foreign currency forward contracts to offset its exposure to the change in value of certain foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities held at foreign subsidiaries, primarily receivables and payables, which are remeasured at the end of each period. Although the contracts are effective economic hedges, they are not designated as accounting hedges. Therefore, changes in the value of these derivatives are recognized immediately in earnings, thereby offsetting the current earnings effect of the related foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities.

# Effect of all Derivative Instruments on Income

The gain (loss) of all derivative instruments recognized in product and equipment cost of sales ("COS"), selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") and interest expense, net ("interest") is summarized below:

		2024			2023			2022	
(millions)	COS	SG&A	Interest	cos	SG&A	Interest	COS	SG&A	Interest
Gain (loss) on derivatives designated as									
hedging instruments:									
Foreign currency forward contracts Amount of gain (loss) reclassified									
from AOCI to income	\$4.0	\$5.8	\$-	\$10.6	(\$18.9)	\$-	\$6.4	\$95.0	\$-
Amount excluded from the	Ψ4.0	Ψ5.0	Ψ-	Ψ10.0	(Ψ10.5)	Ψ-	Ψ0.4	ψ55.0	Ψ-
assessment of effectiveness									
recognized in earnings based on									
changes in fair value	-	-	-	-	-	7.7	-	-	13.9
Interest rate swap agreements									
Amount of (loss) gain reclassified from AOCI to income	_	_	(1.9)	_	_	(1.9)	_	_	(2.3)
Hom Acci to income	_	_	(1.3)	_	_	(1.3)	_	_	(2.5)
Gain (loss) on derivatives not designated									
as hedging instruments:									
Foreign currency forward contracts									
Amount of gain (loss) recognized in		(0.4)			(00.0)			00.0	
income	-	(3.4)	-	-	(26.2)	-	-	62.0	
Total gain (loss) of all derivative				<b>.</b>	(A 1)	<b>^-</b> •	<b>^</b>	<b>^</b> ^	
instruments	\$4.0	\$2.4	(\$1.9)	\$10.6	(\$45.1)	\$5.8	\$6.4	\$157.0	\$11.6

# **Subsequent Events**

In February 2025, the Company entered into cross-currency swap derivative contracts with notional amounts of €300 million and CAD 280 million. These cross-currency swap derivative contracts are designated as net investment hedges of its Euro or CAD denominated exposures from the Company's investments in certain of its Euro or CAD denominated functional currency subsidiaries.

# 9. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) INFORMATION

Other comprehensive income (loss) includes net income, foreign currency translation adjustments, defined benefit pension and postretirement plan adjustments, gains and losses on derivative instruments designated and effective as cash flow hedges and non-derivative instruments designated and effective as foreign currency net investment hedges that are charged or credited to the AOCI account in shareholders' equity.

The following table provides other comprehensive income (loss) information related to the Company's derivatives and hedging instruments and pension and postretirement benefits. Refer to Note 8 for additional information related to the Company's derivatives and hedging transactions. Refer to Note 16 for additional information related to the Company's pension and postretirement benefits activity.

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Derivative and Hedging Instruments			
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative and hedging instruments			
Amount recognized in AOCI	\$19.2	(\$12.8)	\$112.9
(Gain) loss reclassified from AOCI into income			
COS	(4.0)	(10.6)	(6.4)
SG&A	(5.8)	18.9	(95.0)
Interest (income) expense, net	1.9	(5.8)	(11.6)
	(7.9)	2.5	(113.0)
Other activity	-	-	1.1
Tax impact	(2.6)	2.5	(2.2)
Net of tax	\$8.7	(\$7.8)	(\$1.2)
Pension and Postretirement Benefits			
Amount recognized in AOCI			
Current period net (loss) gain	(\$19.0)	(\$80.7)	\$83.3
Amount reclassified from AOCI into income	,	, ,	
Settlement charge (income)	0.9	(2.7)	51.6
Amortization of losses and prior period service credits, net	10.6	`6.9 <sup>´</sup>	47.7
	11.5	4.2	99.3
Tax impact	1.9	21.4	(52.3)
Net of tax	(\$5.6)	(\$55.1)	\$130.3

## 10. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Authorized common stock, par value \$1.00 per share, was 800 million shares at December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022. Treasury stock is stated at cost. Dividends declared per share of common stock were \$2.36 for 2024, \$2.16 for 2023 and \$2.06 for 2022.

The Company has 15 million shares, without par value, of authorized but unissued and undesignated preferred stock.

# **Share Repurchase Authorization**

In November 2022, the Company's Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to 10,000,000 shares of its common stock, including shares to be repurchased under Rule 10b5-1. As of December 31, 2024, 8,781,585 shares remained to be repurchased under the Company's repurchase authorization. The Company intends to repurchase all shares under its authorization, for which no expiration date has been established, in open market or privately negotiated transactions, subject to market conditions.

## **Share Repurchases**

During 2024, 2023 and 2022, the Company reacquired 4,246,642, 83,674 and 3,038,107 shares, respectively, of its common stock, of which 4,135,512, 0 and 2,933,090, respectively, related to share repurchases through open market or private purchases, and 111,130, 83,674 and 105,017, respectively, related to shares withheld for taxes on exercise of stock options and vesting of stock awards and units.

#### 11. EQUITY COMPENSATION PLANS

The Company's equity compensation plans provide for grants of stock options, performance-based restricted stock units ("PBRSUs") and non-performance-based restricted stock units ("RSUs") and restricted stock awards ("RSAs"). Common shares available for grant as of December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were 18,052,830, 18,840,265 and 5,475,903, respectively. The Company generally issues authorized but previously unissued shares to satisfy stock option exercises and stock award vesting.

The Company's annual long-term incentive share-based compensation program is made up of 40% stock options and 60% PBRSUs for 2024 and 2023, and 50% stock options and 50% PBRSUs for 2022. The Company also periodically grants RSUs. Total compensation expense related to all share-based compensation plans was \$134.8 million (\$111.8 million net of tax benefit), \$95.1 million (\$81.4 million net of tax benefit) and \$87.8 million (\$74.8 million net of tax benefit) for 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, there was \$182.6 million of total measured but unrecognized compensation expense related to non-vested share-based compensation arrangements granted under all of the Company's plans. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.1 years.

## **Stock Options**

Stock options are granted to purchase shares of the Company's stock at the average daily share price on the date of grant. These options generally expire within ten years from the grant date. The Company generally recognizes compensation expense for these awards on a straight-line basis over the three year vesting period. Stock option grants to retirement eligible recipients are attributed to expense using the non-substantive vesting method.

A summary of stock option activity and average exercise prices is as follows:

	202	4	202	3	202	2
	Number of	Exercise	Number of	Exercise	Number of	Exercise
	Options	Price (a)	Options	Price (a)	Options	Price (a)
Outstanding, beginning of year	6,921,356	\$168.65	7,031,103	\$160.45	6,217,161	\$160.91
Granted	595,791	247.02	861,840	190.53	1,228,673	148.79
Exercised	(1,838,103)	144.58	(832,050)	119.41	(294,228)	101.08
Canceled	(130,774)	173.95	(139,537)	183.77	(120,503)	210.26
Outstanding, end of year	5,548,270	\$184.92	6,921,356	\$168.65	7,031,103	\$160.45
Exercisable, end of year	4,095,681	\$178.24	5,107,518	\$165.77	5,168,161	\$155.45
Vested and expected to vest, end of year	5,396,495	\$184.32				

(a) Represents weighted average price per share.

The total aggregate intrinsic value of options (the amount by which the stock price exceeded the exercise price of the option on the date of exercise) that were exercised during 2024, 2023 and 2022 was \$162.4 million, \$47.7 million and \$21.0 million, respectively.

The total aggregate intrinsic value of options outstanding as of December 31, 2024 was \$283.4 million, with a corresponding weighted-average remaining contractual life of 6.5 years. The total aggregate intrinsic value of options exercisable as of December 31, 2024 was \$231.0 million, with a corresponding weighted-average remaining contractual life of 5.5 years. The total aggregate intrinsic value of options vested and expected to vest as of December 31, 2024 was \$278.2 million, with a corresponding weighted-average remaining contractual life of 6.4 years.

The lattice (binomial) option-pricing model is used to estimate the fair value of options at grant date. The Company's primary employee option grant occurs during the fourth quarter. The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted and the significant assumptions used in determining the underlying fair value of each option grant, on the date of grant were as follows:

Weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted at market prices
Assumptions
Risk-free rate of return
Expected life
Expected volatility

Expected dividend vield

2024	2023	2022
\$66.80	\$50.26	\$37.04
4.1 %	4.1 %	3.5 %
6 years	6 years	6 years
22.6 %	22.4 %	23.5 %
1.0 %	1.2 %	1.4 %

The risk-free rate of return is determined based on a yield curve of U.S. treasury rates from one month to ten years and a period commensurate with the expected life of the options granted. Expected volatility is established based on historical volatility of the Company's stock price. The expected dividend yield is determined based on the Company's annual dividend amount as a percentage of the average stock price at the time of the grant.

## PBRSUs, RSUs and RSAs

The expense associated with PBRSUs is based on the average of the high and low share price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant, adjusted for the absence of future dividends. The awards vest based on the Company achieving a defined performance target from 0% to 200% and with continued service for a three year period. Upon vesting and following certification of performance by the Compensation & Human Capital Management Committee of the Board of Directors, the Company issues shares of its common stock such that one award unit equals one share of common stock. The Company assesses the probability of achieving the performance target and recognizes expense over the three year vesting period when it is probable the performance target will be met. PBRSU awards granted to retirement eligible recipients are attributed to expense using the non-substantive vesting method. The awards are generally subject to forfeiture in the event of termination of employment.

The expense associated with shares of non-performance based RSUs and RSAs is based on the average of the high and low share price of the Company's common stock on the date of grant, adjusted for the absence of future dividends and is amortized on a straight-line basis over the periods during which the restrictions lapse. The Company currently has RSUs that vest over periods between 24 and 48 months. The awards are generally subject to forfeiture in the event of termination of employment.

A summary of non-vested PBRSUs and restricted stock activity is as follows:

	PBRSU	Grant Date	RSAs and	Grant Date
	Awards	Fair Value (a)	RSUs	Fair Value (a)
December 31, 2021	788,529	\$189.96	232,274	\$195.95
Granted	291,496	142.24	240,370	146.90
Vested / Earned	(232,210)	152.63	(68,864)	163.81
Canceled	(24,645)	207.05	(18,683)	201.39
December 31, 2022	823,170	\$181.68	385,097	\$170.50
Granted	328,739	185.10	156,618	165.81
Vested / Earned	(180,674)	178.26	(61,776)	191.22
Canceled	(26,409)	175.05	(24,449)	166.22
December 31, 2023	944,826	\$183.71	455,490	\$166.31
Granted	245,868	240.66	78,386	230.47
Vested / Earned	(180,993)	215.26	(121,400)	196.78
Canceled	(44,499)	171.30	(37,177)	160.90
December 31, 2024	965,202	\$192.87	375,299	\$170.39

<sup>(</sup>a) Represents weighted average price per share.

#### 12. INCOME TAXES

International

Total deferred

Provision for income taxes

Income before income taxes consisted of:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
United States (U.S.)	\$1,035.3	\$408.9	\$295.6
International	1,535.9	1,346.6	1,047.8
Total	\$2,571.2	\$1,755.5	\$1,343.4
The provision (benefit) for income taxes consisted of: (millions)	2024	2023	2022
U.S. federal and state	\$301.3	\$137.6	\$145.7
International	322.6	280.0	231.4
Total current	623.9	417.6	377.1
U.S. federal and state	(143.1)	(40.1)	(78.9)

(41.5)

(184.6)

\$439.3

(15.0)

(55.1)

\$362.5

(63.7)

(142.6)

\$234.5

The Company's overall net deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were comprised of the following:

December 31 (millions)	2024	2023
Deferred tax assets		
Pension and post-retirement benefits	\$68.2	\$82.1
Other accrued liabilities	152.5	162.0
Lease liability	176.7	135.9
Credit carryforwards	105.1	83.7
Capitalization of R&D costs	246.5	180.9
Loss carryforwards	92.9	57.3
Share-based compensation	54.2	54.5
Deferred income	72.4	27.9
Deferred interest	85.2	64.3
Other, net	32.8	49.0
Valuation allowance	(77.8)	(65.7)
Total deferred tax assets	1,008.7	831.9
Deferred tax liabilities		
Goodwill	(133.9)	(160.1)
Intangible assets	(410.4)	(451.3)
Property, plant and equipment	(310.7)	(332.3)
Lease asset	(177.8)	(136.1)
Financing	(43.3)	(32.1)
Other, net	(57.1)	(18.9)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(1,133.2)	(1,130.8)
Net deferred tax liabilities balance	(\$124.5)	(\$298.9)

Presentation of prior year amounts relating to other deferred tax assets and deferred interest are now presented separately and have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported result of operations.

As of December 31, 2024 the Company has tax effected federal, state and international net operating loss carryforwards of \$13.7 million, \$13.2 million and \$39.3 million, respectively, and a tax effected federal tax capital loss carryforward of \$26.7 million which will be available to offset future taxable income. The federal and state net operating loss carryforwards of \$26.9 million expire from 2025 to 2045. The international loss carryforwards of \$18.7 million expire from 2025 to 2045 and \$20.6 million have no expiration. The federal capital loss carryforwards of \$26.7 million expire from 2025 to 2029. The tax loss carryforwards expiring in 2025 are not material.

Additionally, the Company has \$105.1 million of net credit carryforwards that are primarily related to U.S. foreign tax credits and various state and international credits. The U.S. foreign tax credit carryforwards of \$88.5 million expire from 2028 to 2034. Other state and international credit carryforwards will expire from 2025 to 2038. The tax credit carryforwards expiring in 2025 are not material.

The Company has valuation allowances on certain deferred tax assets of \$77.8 million and \$65.7 million at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The increase in valuation allowance from year end 2023 to year end 2024 was primarily due to U.S. federal capital losses.

In connection with the implementation of Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD") global minimum tax initiative known as Pillar Two, any existing deferred taxes not disclosed in the Company's financial statements will not be available in the future to reduce tax otherwise due under Pillar Two. Accordingly, the Company is disclosing the existence of gross tax loss carryforwards in Luxembourg of \$1.5 billion. The losses are determined to have a remote possibility of realization and, therefore, are not reported in the table above.

The Company obtained tax benefits from a tax holiday in the Dominican Republic. The Company received a permit of operation, which expires in April 2036, from the National Council of Free Zones of Exportation for the Dominican Republic. Companies operating under the Free Zones are not subject to income tax in the Dominican Republic on export income. The tax reduction as the result of the tax holiday for 2024 was \$2.7 million (\$0.01 per diluted share), 2023 was \$6.6 million (\$0.02 per diluted share) and 2022 was \$5.8 million (\$0.02 per diluted share). The tax holiday was associated with an entity that was divested as part of the sale of the global surgical solutions business in 2024.

A reconciliation of the statutory U.S. federal income tax rate to the Company's effective income tax rate is as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Statutory U.S. rate	21.0 %	21.0 %	21.0 %
State income taxes, net of federal benefit	1.5	1.4	1.3
Foreign operations	(1.2)	(0.5)	(8.0)
Excess stock benefits	(0.7)	(0.3)	(0.4)
R&D credit	(0.9)	(1.3)	(1.4)
Foreign derived intangible income	(1.9)	(1.2)	(1.8)
Change in valuation allowance	0.6	0.5	0.7
Legal entity rationalization	-	0.1	(1.5)
Sale of global surgical solutions business	1.1	-	-
Capital losses	(3.4)	-	-
Other, net	1.0	0.9	0.4
Effective income tax rate	17.1 %	20.6 %	17.5 %

The change in the Company's effective income tax rate includes the tax impact of special (gains) and charges and discrete tax items, which have impacted the comparability of the Company's historical effective income tax rates, as amounts included in special (gains) and charges are derived from tax jurisdictions with rates that vary from the statutory U.S. rate, and discrete tax items are not necessarily consistent across periods. The tax impact of special (gains) and charges and discrete tax items will likely continue to impact comparability of the Company's effective income tax rate in the future.

The Company's 2024 effective tax rate of 17.1% includes \$56.9 million of net tax expenses on special (gains) and charges, and net tax benefit of \$78.6 million associated with discrete items. Discrete items include a tax benefit of \$62.1 million associated with capital losses and \$30.4 million in additional basis of foreign intangible assets. The remaining net discrete tax expense of \$13.9 million was primarily related to the filing of federal, state and foreign tax returns and other income tax adjustments including the impact of changes in tax laws, audit settlements, share-based compensation excess tax benefit and other changes in estimates.

The Company's 2023 effective tax rate of 20.6% includes \$24.7 million of net tax benefits on special (gains) and charges, and net tax expense of \$11.2 million associated with discrete items. The net discrete tax expense was primarily related to the filing of federal, state and foreign tax returns and other income tax adjustments including the impact of changes in tax laws, audit settlements, share-based compensation excess tax benefit and other changes in estimates.

The Company's 2022 effective tax rate of 17.5% includes \$53.7 million of net tax benefits on special (gains) and charges, and net tax benefit of \$11.8 million associated with discrete items. Discrete items included deferred tax benefits of \$14.6 million associated with utilization of tax attributes as a result of legal entity rationalization and share-based compensation excess tax benefits of \$6.0 million. The remaining discrete tax expense of \$8.8 million was primarily related to the filing of federal, state and foreign tax returns and other income tax adjustments including the impact of changes in tax laws, audit settlements and other changes in estimates.

The Company continues to assert permanent reinvestment of the undistributed earnings of international affiliates unless the earnings can be remitted in a net income tax benefit or tax-neutral manner. If there are policy changes, the Company would record the applicable taxes in the period of change. Due to the complexity of the legal entity structure, the number of legal entities and jurisdictions involved, and the complexity of the laws and regulations, the Company believes it is not practicable to estimate the amount of additional taxes which may be payable upon distribution of these undistributed earnings. Accordingly, no deferred taxes have been provided for withholding taxes or other taxes on permanently reinvested earnings.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amount of gross liability for unrecognized tax benefits is as follows:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Balance at beginning of year	\$24.2	\$24.9	\$25.1
Additions based on tax positions related to the current year	4.6	5.8	2.7
Additions for tax positions of prior years	11.6	1.7	3.6
Reductions for tax positions of prior years	-	-	(1.5)
Reductions for tax positions due to statute of limitations	(0.7)	(2.7)	(0.7)
Settlements	(5.3)	(5.5)	(3.4)
Foreign currency translation	(0.3)	-	(0.9)
Balance at end of year	\$34.1	\$24.2	\$24.9

The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits, if recognized would affect the effective tax rate by \$31.5 million as of December 31, 2024, \$21.6 million as of December 31, 2023 and \$23.1 million as of December 31, 2022.

The Company files U.S. federal income tax returns and income tax returns in various U.S. state and non- U.S. jurisdictions. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to state and foreign income tax examinations by tax authorities for years before 2018. The IRS has completed examinations of the Company's U.S. federal income tax returns through 2018, and the years 2019 through 2020 are currently under audit. In addition to the U.S. federal examination, there is ongoing audit activity in several U.S. state and foreign jurisdictions. The Company anticipates changes to unrecognized tax benefits due to closing of various audits and statutes closing on years mentioned above. The Company does not believe these changes will result in a material impact during the next twelve months. Decreases in the Company's gross liability could result in offsets to other balance sheet accounts, cash payments, and adjustments to tax expense. The occurrence of these events and/or other events not included above within the next twelve months could change depending on a variety of factors.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in its provision for income taxes. The Company had \$5.5 million, \$4.0 million and \$4.0 million of accrued interest, including minor amounts for penalties, at December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## 13. RENTALS AND LEASES

#### Lessee

The Company leases sales and administrative office facilities, distribution centers, research and manufacturing facilities, as well as vehicles and other equipment under operating leases. Certain of the Company's lease arrangements are finance leases, which are immaterial individually and in the aggregate.

The Company's operating lease cost was as follows:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Operating lease cost*	\$218.0	\$215.4	\$196.9

<sup>\*</sup>Includes immaterial short-term and variable lease costs

Future maturity of operating lease liabilities as of December 31, 2024 were as follows:

(millions)	
2025	\$159
2026	148
2027	120
2028	80
2029	50
Thereafter	252
Total lease payments	809
Less: imputed interest	91
Present value of lease liabilities	\$718

The Company's operating leases term and discount rate were as follows:

Leased assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities

	December 31 2024	December 31 2023	December 31 2022
Weighted-average remaining lease terms (years)	7.01	6.44	6.71
Weighted-average discount rate	4.76 %	4.02 %	2.98 %
The Company's other lease information was as follows:			
(millions)	December 31 2024	December 31 2023	December 31 2022
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:  Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$207.7	\$170.6	\$157.3

336.0

251.5

202.7

#### Lessor

The Company leases warewashing and water treatment equipment to customers under operating leases.

Gross assets under operating leases recorded in Property, plant and equipment, net is \$1,481.7 million and \$1,397.5 million, and related accumulated depreciation is \$932.9 million and \$878.9 million, as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The Company's operating lease revenue was as follows:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Operating lease revenue*	\$534.9	\$511.8	\$466.7

<sup>\*</sup>Includes immaterial variable lease revenue

Future revenue from operating leases for existing contracts as of December 31, 2024 were as follows:

(millions)	
2025	\$438
2026	315
2027	252
2028	174
2029	90
Thereafter	51
Total lease revenue	\$1,320

The Company mitigates the risk of residual value subsequent to the lease term by redeploying assets. As such, the Company expects to receive revenue from the operating lease assets through the remaining useful life and therefore subsequent to the initial contract termination date.

## 14. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURES

Research expenditures that relate to the development of new products and processes, including significant improvements and refinements to existing products, are expensed as incurred. Such costs were \$207 million in 2024, \$192 million in 2023 and \$190 million in 2022. The Company did not participate in any material customer sponsored research during any of the years.

## 15. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is subject to various claims and contingencies related to, among other things, workers' compensation, general liability (including product liability), automobile claims, health care claims, environmental matters and lawsuits. The Company is also subject to various claims and contingencies related to income taxes, which are discussed in Note 12. The Company also has contractual obligations including lease commitments, which are discussed in Note 13.

The Company records liabilities when a contingent loss is probable and can be reasonably estimated. If the reasonable estimate of a probable loss is a range, the Company records the most probable estimate of the loss or the minimum amount when no amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount. The Company discloses a contingent liability even if the liability is not probable or the amount is not estimable, or both, if there is a reasonable possibility that a material loss may have been incurred.

## Insurance

Globally, the Company has insurance policies with varying deductible levels for property and casualty losses. The Company is insured for losses in excess of these deductibles, subject to policy terms and conditions and has recorded both a liability and an offsetting receivable for amounts in excess of these deductibles. The Company is self-insured for health care claims for eligible participating employees, subject to certain deductibles and limitations. The Company determines its liabilities for claims on an actuarial basis.

## Litigation and Environmental Matters

The Company and certain subsidiaries are party to various lawsuits, claims and environmental actions that have arisen in the ordinary course of business. These include from time to time antitrust, employment, commercial, patent infringement, tort, product liability and wage hour lawsuits, as well as possible obligations to investigate and mitigate the effects on the environment of the disposal or release of certain chemical substances at various sites, such as Superfund sites and other operating or closed facilities. The Company has established accruals for certain lawsuits, claims and environmental matters. The Company currently believes that there is not a reasonably possible risk of material loss in excess of the amounts accrued related to these legal matters. Because litigation is inherently uncertain, and unfavorable rulings or developments could occur, there can be no certainty that the Company may not ultimately incur charges in excess of recorded liabilities. A future adverse ruling, settlement or unfavorable development could result in future charges that could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or cash flows in the period in which they are recorded.

The Company currently believes that such future charges related to suits and legal claims, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position.

#### **TPC Group Litigation**

On November 27, 2019, a Butadiene production plant owned and operated by TPC Group, Inc. ("TPC") in Port Neches, Texas, experienced an explosion and fire that resulted in personal injuries, the release of chemical fumes and extensive property damage to the plant and surrounding areas in and near Port Neches, Texas.

Nalco Company LLC, a subsidiary of Ecolab, supplied process chemicals to TPC used in TPC's production processes. Nalco did not operate, manage, maintain or control any aspect of TPC's plant operations.

In connection with its provision of process chemicals to TPC, Nalco was named in numerous lawsuits stemming from the plant explosion. Nalco has been named a defendant, along with TPC and other defendants, in multi-district litigation ("MDL") proceedings pending in Orange County, Texas, alleging among other things claims for personal injury, property damage and business losses (In re TPC Group Litigation – A2020-0236-MDL, Orange County, Texas). Numerous other lawsuits were filed against Nalco, including TPC Group v. Nalco, E0208239, Jefferson County, Texas, a subrogation claim by TPC's insurers seeking reimbursement for property damage losses. Over 5,000 plaintiffs (including the subrogation matter) currently have asserted claims against Nalco. All claims have been consolidated for pretrial purposes into the MDL.

All of these cases make similar allegations and seek damages for personal injury, property damage, business losses and other damages, including exemplary damages. Due to the large number of plaintiffs, the early stage of the litigation and the fact that many of the claims do not specify an amount of damages, any estimate of any loss or range of losses cannot be made at this time.

On June 1, 2022, TPC and seven of its affiliated companies filed for bankruptcy under Chapter 11 (Case No. 22-10493-CTG, United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware). In connection with the bankruptcy cases, TPC disclosed an estimated range of its liability related to the Port Neches incident to individuals and homeowners (including subrogation claims) of approximately \$152 million to \$520 million. As part of their bankruptcy plan, TPC and its affiliates announced a settlement which allows the MDL plaintiffs a \$500 million claim solely for purposes of claim allowance in the chapter 11 case and distribution of value pursuant to TPC's bankruptcy plan. Other key terms of the settlement between TPC and the MDL plaintiffs include the establishment of a settlement trust for the benefit of certain general unsecured creditors, which is funded with \$30 million and the assignment of TPC's claims and causes of action, if any, against certain third parties, including Nalco, related to the TPC plant explosion. As part of the bankruptcy process, TPC and its debtor affiliates received a discharge of all MDL related claims, as did certain non-debtor affiliates to the extent third parties did not opt out of the non-debtor releases. As a result, TPC is no longer a defendant in the MDL. Nalco opted out of these releases, preserving any direct causes of action it may have against on-debtors. Furthermore, the allowance of the \$500 million claim should have no effect on any claims or defenses asserted against or by Nalco in the MDL litigation. On December 1, 2022, the bankruptcy court confirmed the TPC bankruptcy plan, including the approval of the settlement and establishment of the aforementioned settlement trust. On December 16, 2022, the TPC bankruptcy plan went effective. As a result of the bankruptcy, the MDL was stayed. The stay was lifted in the fourth quarter of 2023 and various activities advancing discovery have resumed.

The Company believes the claims asserted against Nalco in the lawsuits stemming from the TPC plant explosion are without merit and intends to defend the claims vigorously. The Company also believes any potential loss should be covered by insurance subject to deductibles. However, the Company cannot predict the outcome of these lawsuits, the involvement the Company might have in these matters in the future or the potential for future litigation.

## Vehicle Accident Litigation

In June 2024, an Ecolab employee was driving a company vehicle when it collided with another vehicle, resulting in fatalities and serious injuries. The Company was recently named in a lawsuit arising out of the collision in which the plaintiffs seek monetary damages. The Company believes any potential loss should be covered by insurance subject to its deductible. Due to the early stage of the litigation, an estimate of any loss or range of losses cannot be made at this time.

## **Environmental Matters**

The Company is currently participating in environmental assessments and remediation at approximately 25 locations, the majority of which are in the U.S., and environmental liabilities have been accrued reflecting management's best estimate of future costs. Potential insurance reimbursements are not anticipated in the Company's accruals for environmental liabilities.

#### 16. RETIREMENT PLANS

## Pension and Postretirement Health Care Benefits Plans

The Company has a non-contributory, qualified, defined benefit pension plan covering the majority of its U.S. employees. The Company also has U.S. non-contributory, non-qualified, defined benefit pension plans, which provide for benefits to employees in excess of limits permitted under its pension plans. The U.S. non-qualified plans are not funded and the recorded benefit obligations for the non-qualified plans were \$78 million and \$87 million at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The measurement date used for determining the U.S. pension plan assets and obligations is December 31.

Various international subsidiaries have defined benefit pension plans. International plans are funded based on local country requirements. The measurement date used for determining the international pension plan assets and obligations is November 30, the fiscal year end of the Company's international subsidiaries.

The Company provides postretirement health care and life insurance benefits to certain U.S. employees and retirees. The U.S. postretirement health care plans are contributory based on years of service and choice of coverage (family or single), with retiree contributions adjusted annually. The Company also maintains several U.S. postretirement life insurance plans. The measurement date used to determine the U.S. postretirement health care and life insurance plan assets and obligations is December 31. Certain employees outside the U.S. are covered under government-sponsored programs, which are not required to be fully funded. The expense and obligation for providing international postretirement health care benefits are not significant.

The following table sets forth financial information related to the Company's pension and postretirement benefit plans:

	U.	S.	Interna	International		retirement
	Pens		Pens	sions	Ben	efits
(millions)	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Accumulated benefit obligation, end of year	\$1,790.6	\$1,859.5	\$1,123.4	\$1,125.8	\$101.4	\$112.0
Projected benefit obligation						
Projected benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$1,859.5	\$1,799.0	\$1,174.0	\$1,221.9	\$112.0	\$115.5
Service cost	46.3	40.9	19.0	21.7	0.3	0.4
Interest cost	87.0	88.1	48.9	45.9	5.2	5.6
Participant contributions	-	-	2.9	2.8	3.0	3.8
Plan amendments	-	-	(0.5)	(1.5)	-	-
Actuarial (gain) loss	(68.4)	90.2	14.8	(101.0)	(8.0)	(0.1)
Acquisitions and divestitures	-	-	(13.3)	-	-	-
Other events	-	-	1.6	2.9	-	-
Benefits paid	(133.8)	(158.7)	(58.1)	(69.8)	(11.1)	(13.2)
Foreign currency translation	-	-	(22.7)	51.1	-	-
Projected benefit obligation, end of year	\$1,790.6	\$1,859.5	\$1,166.6	\$1,174.0	\$101.4	\$112.0
Plan assets						
Fair value of plan assets, beginning of year	\$1,719.7	\$1,668.5	\$871.2	\$905.1	\$2.4	\$3.2
Actual returns on plan assets	45.1	149.1	76.5	(44.0)	Ψ <b>2.</b> -	0.2
Company contributions	8.0	60.8	35.3	35.4	10.3	12.2
Participant contributions	0.0	-	2.9	2.8	10.5	12.2
Acquisitions and divestitures		_	(6.3)	2.9		_
Benefits paid	(133.8)	(158.7)	(57.9)	(67.6)	(11.1)	(13.2)
Foreign currency translation	(133.0)	(130.7)	(10.8)	36.6	(11.1)	(13.2)
Fair value of plan assets, end of year	\$1,639.0	\$1,719.7	\$910.9	\$871.2	\$1.6	\$2.4
Funded Status, end of year	(\$151.6)	(\$139.8)	(\$255.7)	(\$302.8)	(\$99.8)	(\$109.6)
	(\$10110)	(\$100.0)	(+20011)	(\$552.5)	(400.0)	(\$ . 55.5)
Amounts recognized in the Consolidated Balance Sheets:		_				
Other assets	\$-	\$-	\$151.0	\$118.4	\$-	\$- (a)=\
Other current liabilities	(8.8)	(9.2)	(36.2)	(33.0)	(8.3)	(8.7)
Pension and postretirement benefits	(142.8)	(130.6)	(370.5)	(388.2)	(91.5)	(100.9)
Net liability	(\$151.6)	(\$139.8)	(\$255.7)	(\$302.8)	(\$99.8)	(\$109.6)
Amounts recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss						
(income):						
Unrecognized net actuarial loss (gain)	\$526.5	\$495.2	\$253.5	\$278.5	(\$45.4)	(\$40.8)
Unrecognized net prior service (benefits) costs	(12.1)	(16.7)	(1.1)	(0.4)		
Tax (benefit) expense	(131.6)	(122.8)	(58.1)	(64.4)	6.7	6.2
Accumulated other comprehensive loss (income), net of tax	\$382.8	\$355.7	\$194.3	\$213.7	(\$38.7)	(\$34.6)
Change in accumulated other comprehensive loss (income):						
Amortization of net actuarial gain (loss)	(\$6.1)	(\$0.2)	(\$12.2)	(\$14.8)	\$3.2	\$3.1
Amortization of prior service credits	4.6	4.5	(0.1)	0.5		-
Current period net actuarial loss (gain)	37.4	83.5	(10.1)	(1.0)	(7.8)	(0.3)
Current period prior service costs	-	-	(0.5)	(1.5)	(110)	(3.3)
Curtailments and settlements	_	_	(0.9)	2.7	_	_
Tax (benefit) expense	(8.8)	(22.0)	6.3	2.1	0.5	(1.5)
Foreign currency translation	(5.5)	(==.5)	(1.9)	12.2	-	-
Other comprehensive loss (income)	\$27.1	\$65.8	(\$19.4)	\$0.2	(\$4.1)	\$1.3
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Estimate amounts in accumulated other comprehensive loss expected to be reclassified to net period cost during 2025 were as follows:

			U.S. Post-
	U.S.	International	Retirement
(millions)	Pensions	Pensions	Benefits
Net actuarial loss (gain)	\$8.6	\$8.1	(\$3.6)
Net prior service benefits	(4.6)	(0.3)	-
Total	\$4.0	\$7.8	(\$3.6)

Service cost is included with employee compensation cost in either cost of sales and selling, general and administrative expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Income based on employee roles in the Company while all non-service components are included in other (income) expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The aggregate projected benefit obligation, accumulated benefit obligation and fair value of pension plan assets for plans with accumulated benefit obligations in excess of plan assets were as follows:

 December 31, (millions)
 2024
 2023

 Aggregate projected benefit obligation
 \$2,292.5
 \$2,428.8

 Accumulated benefit obligation
 2,265.5
 2,392.4

 Fair value of plan assets
 1,738.6
 1,868.9

The projected benefit obligation and fair value of pension plan assets for plans with projected benefit obligations in excess of plan assets were as follows:

 December 31, (millions)
 2024
 2023

 Projected benefit obligations
 \$2,373.4
 \$2,449.1

 Fair value of plan assets
 1,815.1
 1,888.2

These plans include the U.S. non-qualified pension plans which are not funded as well as various international pension plans which are funded consistent with local practices and requirements.

## Net Periodic Benefit Costs and Plan Assumptions

Pension and postretirement benefits expense for the Company's operations were as follows:

	U.S.			lı	International			U.S. Postretirement		
		Pensions			Pensions		Benefits			
(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023	2022	
Service cost	\$46.3	\$40.9	\$40.8	\$19.0	\$21.7	\$28.4	\$0.3	\$0.4	\$0.8	
Interest cost on benefit obligation	87.0	88.1	65.3	48.9	45.9	22.0	5.2	5.6	3.3	
Expected return on plan assets	(150.8)	(145.1)	(144.4)	(50.1)	(56.1)	(69.8)	(0.2)	(0.2)	(0.3)	
Recognition of net actuarial loss (gain)	6.1	0.2	30.2	9.6	12.5	22.8	(3.2)	(3.1)	(0.6)	
Amortization of prior service benefit	(4.6)	(4.5)	(4.5)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.1)	-	-	-	
Curtailments and settlements (a)	-	-	51.6	0.9	(2.7)	-	-	-		
Total expense (benefit)	(\$16.0)	(\$20.4)	\$39.0	\$28.2	\$20.8	\$3.3	\$2.1	\$2.7	\$3.2	

(a) \$50.6 of settlement expense was recognized as special charges in 2022.

During 2022, the Company incurred settlement expense in the U.S. of \$51.6 million (\$38.9 million after tax) related to lump-sum payments to retirees in its U.S. pension plans. In addition to the U.S. qualified plan settlements in 2022, the Company has historically recognized settlements and curtailment gains and losses associated with its U.S. nonqualified pension plans and International pension plans, the amounts of which have been historically not material. These charges have been included as a component of other (income) expense on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

The measurement of the Company's pension and postretirement benefit obligations are dependent on a variety of assumptions determined by management and used by actuaries in their valuation method and calculations. The significant assumptions used in developing the required estimates of the projected benefit obligations are the discount rates, expected returns on assets, projected salary increases, and mortality tables. Assumptions for the Company were as follows:

Plan Assumptions					International l Pensions			U.S. Postretirement Benefits	
(percent)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023	2022
Weighted-average actuarial assumptions used to determine benefit obligations as of year end:									
Discount rate	5.58 %	4.95 %	5.17 %	3.99%	4.34 %	3.70 %	5.58%	4.95 %	5.14 %
Projected salary increase	3.60	4.03	4.03	2.69	2.84	2.81			
Weighted-average actuarial assumptions used to determine net cost: Interest credit rate for cash balance									
plans	4.50	3.89	1.56	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Discount rate	4.95	5.17	2.86	4.34	3.70	1.46	4.95	5.14	2.75
Expected return on plan assets	8.00	7.75	7.00	6.00	6.27	6.18	8.00	7.75	7.00
Projected salary increase	4.03	4.03	4.03	2.84	3.08	2.47			

Discount rate assumptions for the U.S. plans are developed using a bond yield curve constructed from a population of high-quality, non-callable, corporate bonds with maturities ranging from six months to thirty years. Discount rates are estimated for the U.S. plans based on the timing of the expected benefit payments.

The Company measures service and interest costs by applying the specific spot rates along that yield curve to the plans' liability cash flows. The Company believes this approach provides a more precise measurement of service and interest costs by aligning the timing of the plans' liability cash flows to the corresponding spot rates on the yield curve.

The expected long-term rate of return used for the U.S. plans is based on the respective pension plan's asset mix. The Company considers expected long-term real returns on asset categories, expectations for inflation, and estimates of the impact of active management of the assets in determining the expected long-term rate of return to use. The Company also considers historical returns.

The expected long-term rate of return used for the Company's international plans is determined in each local jurisdiction and is based on the assets held in that jurisdiction, the expected rate of returns for the type of assets held and any guaranteed rate of return provided by the investment. The other assumptions used to measure the international pension obligations, including discount rate, vary by country based on specific local requirements and information.

The Company uses mortality tables appropriate in the circumstances, which generally are the recent available mortality tables as of the respective U.S. and international measurement dates. The Company's 2024 and 2023 year-end U.S. valuations reflect mortality tables that estimate the impacts of COVID in an endemic state. This represents a change from 2022 when the impact of COVID on future mortality could not be reasonably estimated.

For postretirement benefit measurement purposes as of December 31, 2024, the annual rates of increase in the per capita cost of covered health care were assumed to be 8.59% for pre-65 costs. Post-65 costs are no longer used. The rates are assumed to decrease each year until they reach 4.5% in 2035 and remain at those levels thereafter. Health care costs for certain employees which are eligible for subsidy by the Company are limited by a cap on the subsidy.

## Plan Asset Management

The Company's U.S. investment strategy and policies are designed to maximize the possibility of having sufficient funds to meet the long-term liabilities of the qualified pension plan, while achieving a balance between the goals of asset growth of the qualified pension plan and keeping risk at a reasonable level. Investment income is not a primary goal of the policy.

The asset allocation position reflects the Company's ability and willingness to accept relatively more short-term variability in the performance of the qualified pension plan asset portfolio in exchange for the expectation of better long-term returns, lower pension costs and better funded status in the long run. The U.S. qualified pension plan's assets are diversified across a number of asset classes and securities. Selected individual portfolios within the asset classes may be undiversified while maintaining the diversified nature of total plan assets. The Company has no significant concentration of risk in its U.S. qualified pension plan assets.

Assets of funded international retirement plans are managed in each local jurisdiction and asset allocation strategy is set in accordance with local rules, regulations and practices; therefore, no overall target asset allocation is presented. Although foreign equity securities are all considered international for the Company, some equity securities are considered domestic for the local plan. The funds are invested in a variety of equities, bonds and real estate investments and, in some cases, the assets are managed by insurance companies which may offer a guaranteed rate of return. The Company has no significant concentration of risk in the assets of its international pension plans.

The fair value hierarchy is used to categorize investments measured at fair value in one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy. This categorization is based on the observability of the inputs used in valuing the investments. Refer to Note 7 for definitions of these levels.

The fair value of the Company's U.S. qualified pension plan assets were as follows:

(millions)	_	air Value as of cember 31, 202		Fair Value as of December 31, 2023			
	Level 1	Level 2	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Total	
Cash	\$41.5	\$-	\$41.5	\$30.1	\$-	\$30.1	
Equity securities:							
Large cap equity	367.1	-	367.1	276.1	-	276.1	
Small cap equity	12.1	26.4	38.5	14.6	29.6	44.2	
International equity	93.8	137.4	231.2	40.4	19.2	59.6	
Fixed income:							
Core fixed income	183.2	371.3	554.5	150.7	669.6	820.3	
High-yield bonds	38.8	-	38.8	34.7	-	34.7	
Emerging markets	-	42.0	42.0	-	24.8	24.8	
Total investments at fair value	736.5	577.1	1,313.6	546.6	743.2	1,289.8	
Investments measured at net asset value			327.0			432.3	
Total	\$736.5	\$577.1	\$1,640.6	\$546.6	\$743.2	\$1,722.1	

The Company had no Level 3 assets as part of its U.S. qualified pension plan assets as of December 31, 2024 or 2023.

The allocation of the Company's U.S. qualified pension plan assets plans were as follows:

Asset Category	Allo	t Asset cation entage	Percentage of Plan Assets		
December 31	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Cash	- %	- %	3 %	2 %	
Equity securities:		, ,	,,,	_ ,•	
Large cap equity	27	21	22	16	
Small cap equity	3	3	2	3	
International equity	17	13	14	9	
Fixed income:					
Core fixed income	35	48	34	48	
High-yield bonds	3	3	2	2	
Emerging markets	3	2	3	1	
Other:					
Real estate	3	3	3	3	
Private equity	6	5	14	14	
Distressed debt	3	2	3	2	
Total	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	

The fair value of the Company's international plan assets for its defined benefit pension plans were as follows:

(millions)	Fair Value as of December 31, 2024			Fair Value as of December 31, 2023			
	Level 1	Level 2	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Total	
Cash	\$8.1	\$-	\$8.1	\$12.6	\$-	\$12.6	
Equity securities:							
International equity	-	193.9	193.9	-	182.5	182.5	
Fixed income:							
Corporate bonds	-	157.5	157.5	-	147.5	147.5	
Government bonds	-	339.6	339.6	-	321.4	321.4	
Insurance company accounts	-	163.2	163.2	-	163.4	163.4	
Total investments at fair value	8.1	854.2	862.3	12.6	814.8	827.4	
Investments measured at net asset value			48.6			43.8	
Total	\$8.1	\$854.2	\$910.9	\$12.6	\$814.8	\$871.2	

The Company had no Level 3 assets as part of its international plan assets as of December 31, 2024 or 2023.

The allocation of plan assets of the Company's international plan assets for its defined benefit pension plans were as follows:

Asset Category	Percentage of Plan Assets	
December 31	2024	2023
Cash	1 %	1 %
Equity securities:		
International equity	21	21
Fixed income:		
Corporate bonds	17	17
Government bonds	37	37
Total fixed income	54	54
Other:		
Insurance contracts	18	19
Real estate	6	5
Total	100 %	100 %

#### Cash Flows

As of year-end 2024, the Company's estimate of pension and postretirement benefits expected to be paid in each of the next five fiscal years and in the aggregate for the five fiscal years thereafter are as follows:

(millions)	All Plans
2025	\$247
2026	245
2027	246
2028	250
2029	247
2030 - 2034	1,217

Depending on plan funding levels, the U.S. qualified pension plan provides certain terminating participants with an option to receive their pension benefits in the form of a lump sum payout.

The Company is currently in compliance with all funding requirements of its U.S. pension and postretirement benefit plans. There were no voluntary contributions made to its non-contributory qualified U.S. pension plan in 2024. The Company is required to fund certain international pension benefit plans in accordance with local legal requirements. The Company estimates contributions to be made to its international plans will approximate \$48 million in 2025.

The Company seeks to maintain balance in its U.S. assets that meet the long-term funding requirements identified by the projections of the pension plans' actuaries while simultaneously satisfying the fiduciary responsibilities prescribed in ERISA. The Company also takes into consideration the tax deductibility of contributions to the benefit plans.

# Savings Plan and ESOP

The Company provides a 401(k) savings plan for the majority of its U.S. employees under the Company's 401(k) savings plans, the Ecolab Savings Plan and ESOP (the "Ecolab Savings Plan").

Under the Ecolab Savings Plan, Employee before-tax contributions of up to 4% of eligible compensation are matched 100% by the Company and employee before-tax contributions over 4% and up to 8% of eligible compensation are matched 50% by the Company.

The Company's matching contributions are 100% vested immediately. The Company's matching contribution expense was \$92.4 million, \$88.2 million and \$81.6 million in 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### 17. REVENUES

#### **Revenue Recognition**

## **Product and Sold Equipment**

Product revenue is generated from sales of cleaning, sanitizing, water treatment, process treatment and colloidal silica products. In addition, the Company sells equipment which may be used in combination with its specialized products. Revenue recognized from product and sold equipment is recognized at the point in time when the obligations in the contract with the customer are satisfied, which generally occurs with the transfer of the product or delivery of the equipment.

#### Service and Lease Equipment

Service and lease equipment revenue is generated from providing services or leasing equipment to customers. Service offerings include installing or repairing certain types of equipment, activities that supplement or replace headcount at the customer location, or fulfilling deliverables included in the contract. Global Industrial segment services are associated with water treatment and paper process applications. Global Institutional & Specialty services include cleaning and sanitizing programs and wash process solutions. Global Healthcare & Life Sciences segment services include pharmaceutical, personal care, infection and containment control solutions. Revenues included in Other primarily related to services designed to detect, eliminate and prevent pests. Service revenue is recognized over time utilizing an input method and aligns with when the services are provided. Typically, revenue is recognized over time using costs incurred to date because the effort provided by the field selling and service organization represents services provided, which corresponds with the transfer of control. Revenue recognized from leased equipment primarily relates to warewashing and water treatment equipment recognized on a straight-line basis over the length of the lease contract pursuant to Topic 842 Leases. Refer to Note 13 for additional information related to lease equipment.

## **Practical Expedients and Exemptions**

The revenue standard can be applied to a portfolio of contracts with similar characteristics if it is reasonable that the effects of applying the standard at the portfolio level would not be significantly different than applying the standard at the individual contract level. The Company applies the portfolio approach primarily within each operating segment by geographical region. Application of the portfolio approach was focused on those characteristics that have the most significant accounting consequences in terms of their effect on the timing of revenue recognition or the amount of revenue recognized. The Company determined the key criteria to assess with respect to the portfolio approach, including the related deliverables, the characteristics of the customers and the timing and transfer of goods and services, which most closely aligned within the operating segments. In addition, the accountability for the business operations, as well as the operational decisions on how to go to market and the product offerings, are performed at the operating segment level.

The following table shows principal activities, separated by reportable segments, from which the Company generates its revenue. The reportable segments have been revised to align with the Company's reportable segments in the current year. Corporate includes sales to ChampionX under the transitional supply agreement entered into as part of the ChampionX Separation. For more information about the Company's reportable segments, refer to Note 18.

Net sales at public exchange rates by reportable segment were as follows:

(millions)	2024	2023	2022
Global Industrial			
Product and sold equipment	\$6,810.8	\$6,710.8	\$6,303.9
Service and lease equipment	966.4	915.7	893.2
Global Institutional & Specialty			
Product and sold equipment	4,362.2	4,087.3	3,655.1
Service and lease equipment	1,020.4	911.9	777.0
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences			
Product and sold equipment	1,300.6	1,476.2	1,398.1
Service and lease equipment	118.2	109.8	112.4
Global Pest Elimination			
Service and lease equipment	1,162.8	1,066.0	959.0
Corporate			
Product and sold equipment	-	42.5	89.1
Total			
Total product and sold equipment	\$12,473.6	\$12,316.8	\$11,446.2
Total service and lease equipment	3,267.8	3,003.4	2,741.6

Net sales at public exchange rates by geographic region were as follows:

	Global Industrial			Global Industrial Global Institutional		
(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023	2022
United States	\$3,320.7	\$3,232.5	\$3,129.2	\$3,713.5	\$3,410.5	\$3,008.1
Europe	1,593.7	1,573.0	1,433.9	706.4	682.3	624.4
Asia Pacific	948.9	947.4	888.8	249.7	238.8	220.9
Latin America	810.5	772.5	656.2	201.6	197.8	169.2
India, Middle East and Africa	493.0	491.8	459.3	84.5	77.8	66.2
Greater China	400.4	407.0	435.8	177.5	161.0	138.3
Canada	210.0	202.3	193.9	249.4	231.0	205.0
Total	\$7,777.2	\$7,626.5	\$7,197.1	\$5,382.6	\$4,999.2	\$4,432.1

	Global H	lealthcare & Lif	e Sciences	Global Pest Elimination		
(millions)	2024	2023	2022	2024	2023	2022
United States	\$465.8	\$633.6	\$600.7	\$805.6	\$733.6	\$650.3
Europe	705.5	719.2	675.6	187.5	171.0	154.7
Asia Pacific	111.3	103.9	100.4	32.1	28.7	27.9
Latin America	29.1	35.5	32.9	58.7	57.5	51.8
India, Middle East and Africa	40.6	29.6	29.0	7.1	6.9	8.1
Greater China	59.0	56.4	65.6	60.0	57.4	56.8
Canada	7.5	7.8	6.3	11.8	10.9	9.4
Total	\$1,418.8	\$1,586.0	\$1,510.5	\$1,162.8	\$1,066.0	\$959.0

	Corporate		
(millions)	2024	2023	2022
United States	\$-	\$38.4	\$84.0
Europe	-	2.7	2.7
Asia Pacific	-	0.2	0.3
Latin America	-	1.1	1.6
Canada	-	0.1	0.5
Total	\$-	\$42.5	\$89.1

Net sales by geographic region were determined based on sales destination. There were no sales from a single foreign country or individual customer that were material to the Company's consolidated net sales. Sales of warewashing products were approximately 12% of consolidated net sales in 2024, 2023 and 2022.

# **Contract Liability**

Payments received from customers are based on invoices or billing schedules as established in contracts with customers. Accounts receivable are recorded when the right to consideration becomes unconditional. The contract liability relates to billings in advance of performance (primarily service obligations) under the contract. Contract liabilities are recognized as revenue when the performance obligation has been performed, which primarily occurs during the subsequent quarter.

	December 31	December 31
(millions)	2024	2023
Contract liability as of beginning of the year	\$110.9	\$116.5
Revenue recognized in the year from: Amounts included in the contract liability at the beginning of the year	(110.9)	(116.5)
Increases due to billings excluding amounts recognized as revenue during the year ended	102.0	110.9
Contract liability as of end of year	\$102.0	\$110.9

## 18. OPERATING SEGMENTS AND GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION

The Company's organizational structure consists of global business unit and global regional leadership teams. The Company's eight operating segments follow its commercial and product-based activities and are based on engagement in business activities, availability of discrete financial information and review of operating results by the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") at the identified operating segment level. The CODM is the Company's Chief Executive Officer.

The Company's operating segments that share similar economic characteristics and future prospects, nature of the products and production processes, end-use markets, channels of distribution and regulatory environment have been aggregated into four reportable segments: Global Industrial, Global Institutional & Specialty, Global Healthcare & Life Sciences and Global Pest Elimination.

The Company's operating segments are aggregated as follows:

#### Global Industrial

Includes the Water, Food & Beverage and Paper operating segments, which provide water treatment and process applications, and cleaning and sanitizing solutions, primarily to large industrial customers within the manufacturing, food and beverage processing, transportation, chemical, primary metals and mining, power generation, global refining, petrochemical, pulp and paper industries. The underlying operating segments exhibit similar manufacturing processes, distribution methods and economic characteristics.

## Global Institutional & Specialty

Includes the Institutional and Specialty operating segments, which provide specialized cleaning and sanitizing products to the foodservice, hospitality, lodging, government and education and retail industries. The underlying operating segments exhibit similar manufacturing processes, distribution methods and economic characteristics.

#### Global Healthcare & Life Sciences

Includes the Healthcare and Life Sciences operating segments, which provide specialized cleaning and sanitizing products to the healthcare, personal care and pharmaceutical industries. The underlying operating segments exhibit similar manufacturing processes, distribution methods and economic characteristics.

#### Global Pest Elimination

Includes the Pest Elimination operating segment which provides services to detect, prevent and eliminate pests, such as rodents and insects, in full-service and quick-service restaurants, food and beverage processors, hotels, grocery operations and other commercial segments including education, life sciences and healthcare. No other operating segments are aggregated into the Global Pest Elimination reportable segment.

#### Corporate

Consistent with the Company's internal management reporting, Corporate amounts in the table below include sales to ChampionX under the transitional supply agreement entered into as part of the ChampionX Separation. Corporate also includes intangible asset amortization specifically from the Nalco and Purolite acquisitions and special (gains) and charges, as discussed in Note 3, that are not allocated to the Company's reportable segments.

## **Comparability of Reportable Segments**

Effective January 1, 2024, the Company's former Textile Care and Colloidal Technologies Group ("CTG") operating segments are now part of the Water operating segment which continues to remain in the Global Industrial reportable segment. Additionally, the Pest Elimination operating segment, formerly aggregated with the Textile Care and CTG operating segments within Other, is now reported as the stand-alone Global Pest Elimination reportable segment. The Company made other immaterial changes, including the movement of certain customers and cost allocations between reportable segments. Prior period amounts have been recast to conform with current period presentation.

The Company evaluates the performance of its non-U.S. dollar functional currency international operations based on fixed currency exchange rates, which eliminate the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on its international operations. Fixed currency amounts are updated annually at the beginning of each year based on translation into U.S. dollars at foreign currency exchange rates established by management, with all periods presented using such rates. The "Fixed Currency Rate Change" column shown in the following table reflects international operations at fixed currency exchange rates established by management at the beginning of 2024, rather than the 2023 established rates. The difference between the fixed currency exchange rates and the actual currency exchange rates is reported within the "Effect of foreign currency translation" row in the following table. The "Other" column shown in the following table reflects immaterial changes between reportable segments, including the movement of certain customers and cost allocations.

The impact of the preceding changes on previously reported full year 2023 and 2022 reportable segment net sales and operating income is summarized as follows:

	December 31, 2023			
(millions)	2023 Reported Valued at 2023 Fixed Currency Rates	Other	Fixed Currency Rate Change	2023 Reported Valued at 2024 Fixed Currency Rates
Net Sales	<u> </u>			
Global Industrial	\$7,193.1	\$407.3	\$40.1	\$7,640.5
Global Institutional & Specialty	4,994.0	-	20.6	5,014.6
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	1,576.9	-	30.6	1,607.5
Global Pest Elimination	-	1,061.5	8.7	1,070.2
Other	1,442.3	(1,442.3)	-	-
Corporate	69.1	(26.5)	0.1	42.7
Subtotal at fixed currency rates	15,275.4	-	100.1	15,375.5
Effect of foreign currency translation	44.8	-	(100.1)	(55.3)
Consolidated reported GAAP net sales	\$15,320.2	\$-	\$-	\$15,320.2
Operating Income				
Global Industrial	\$1,080.7	\$39.0	\$2.3	\$1,122.0
Global Institutional & Specialty	823.0	14.9	3.9	841.8
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	160.0	(6.7)	7.5	160.8
Global Pest Elimination	-	209.0	1.4	210.4
Other	255.0	(255.0)	-	-
Corporate	(331.7)	(1.2)	0.1	(332.8)
Subtotal at fixed currency rates	1,987.0	-	15.2	2,002.2
Effect of foreign currency translation	5.3	-	(15.2)	(9.9)
Consolidated reported GAAP operating income	\$1,992.3	\$-	\$-	\$1,992.3

	December 31, 2022			
(millions)	2022 Reported Valued at 2023 Fixed Currency Rates	Other	Fixed Currency Rate Change	2022 Reported Valued at 2024 Fixed Currency Rates
Net Sales				
Global Industrial	\$6,736.3	\$392.5	\$43.8	\$7,172.6
Global Institutional & Specialty	4,414.3	-	18.9	4,433.2
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	1,505.8	-	28.5	1,534.3
Global Pest Elimination	-	955.4	8.1	963.5
Other	1,313.3	(1,313.3)	-	-
Corporate	123.7	(34.6)	0.1	89.2
Subtotal at fixed currency rates	14,093.4	-	99.4	14,192.8
Effect of foreign currency translation	94.4	-	(99.4)	(5.0)
Consolidated reported GAAP net sales	\$14,187.8	\$-	\$-	\$14,187.8
Operating Income				
Global Industrial	\$935.8	\$10.3	\$2.8	\$948.9
Global Institutional & Specialty	621.7	8.1	2.1	631.9
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	193.3	(4.1)	4.2	193.4
Global Pest Elimination	-	195.6	1.7	197.3
Other	209.9	(209.9)	-	-
Corporate	(414.4)	-	0.1	(414.3)
Subtotal at fixed currency rates	1,546.3	-	10.9	1,557.2
Effect of foreign currency translation	16.2	-	(10.9)	5.3
Consolidated reported GAAP operating income	\$1,562.5	\$-	\$-	\$1,562.5

# **Reportable Segment Information**

The Company has determined its significant segment expenses are cost of sales ("COS") and selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A"), which are regularly provided to the CODM at fixed currency exchange rates. Financial information for each of the Company's reportable segments were as follows:

	December 31, 2024				
(millions)	Net Sales	cos	SG&A	Special (gains) and charges	Operating Income (Loss)
Global Industrial	\$7,857.2	\$4,691.2	\$1,865.4	\$-	\$1,300.6
Global Institutional & Specialty	5,413.9	2,727.5	1,503.7	-	1,182.7
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	1,434.1	895.1	391.8	-	147.2
Global Pest Elimination	1,167.8	655.0	292.4	(400.0)	220.4
Corporate Subtotal at fixed currency rates	<u> </u>	5.4 \$8.974.2	199.3 \$4,252.6	(188.9) (\$188.9)	(15.8 <u>)</u> \$2,835.1
Effect of foreign currency translation	(131.6)		, ,	(, , , , ,	(32.7)
Consolidated reported GAAP	\$15,741.4				\$2,802.4
December				23	
				Special	0
(millions)	Net Sales	cos	SG&A	(gains) and	Operating Income (Loss)
(millions)	Net Sales	003	SGAA	<u>charges</u>	income (Loss)
Global Industrial	\$7,640.5	\$4,769.7	\$1,748.8	\$-	\$1,122.0
Global Institutional & Specialty	5,014.6	2,727.3	1,445.5	-	841.8
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	1,607.5	1,026.9	419.8	-	160.8
Global Pest Elimination	1,070.2	595.0	264.8	-	210.4
Corporate	42.7	63.3	200.8	111.4	(332.8)
Subtotal at fixed currency rates	\$15,375.5	\$9,182.2	\$4,079.7	\$111.4	\$2,002.2
Effect of foreign currency translation	(55.3)				(9.9)
Consolidated reported GAAP	\$15,320.2				\$1,992.3
	December 31, 2022			22	
				Special	
				(gains) and	Operating
(millions)	Net Sales	cos	SG&A	charges	Income (Loss)
Global Industrial	\$7,172.6	\$4,692.1	\$1,531.6	\$-	\$948.9
Global Institutional & Specialty	4,433.2	2,491.3	1,310.0	-	631.9
Global Healthcare & Life Sciences	1,534.3	956.2	384.7	-	193.4
Global Pest Elimination	963.5	537.8	228.4	-	197.3
Corporate	89.2	159.0	204.0	140.5	(414.3)
Subtotal at fixed currency rates	\$14,192.8	\$8,836.4	\$3,658.7	\$140.5	\$1,557.2
Effect of foreign currency translation	(5.0)				5.3
Consolidated reported GAAP	\$14,187.8				\$1,562.5

The profitability of the Company's operating segments is evaluated by management based on operating income, which is used by the CODM in assessing segment performance, including to determine operational targets, make strategic decisions for the organization, and allocate capital and resources to the segments. Segment operating income is also used in determining the compensation of certain employees.

Consistent with the Company's internal management reporting, Corporate amounts in the table above include sales to ChampionX in accordance with the transitional supply agreement entered into with the Transaction, as discussed in Note 17. Corporate also includes intangible asset amortization specifically from the Nalco and Purolite acquisitions and special (gains) and charges, as discussed in Note 3, that are not allocated to the Company's reportable segments.

The Company has an integrated supply chain function that serves all of its reportable segments. As such, asset and capital expenditure information by reportable segment has not been provided and is not available, since the Company does not produce or utilize such information internally. In addition, although depreciation and amortization expense is a component of each reportable segment's operating results, it is not discretely identifiable.

# **Geographic Information**

Long-lived assets, which includes property, plant and equipment and right of use assets, at public exchange rates by geographic region were as follows:

(millions)	Long-Lived Ass	Long-Lived Assets, net			
	2024	2023			
United States	\$3,075.4	\$2,708.6			
Europe	660.6	631.2			
Asia Pacific	241.6	213.0			
Greater China	176.0	167.4			
Latin America	170.1	175.1			
India, Middle East and Africa	78.6	68.2			
Canada	73.3	64.6			
Total	\$4,475.6	\$4,028.1			

Geographic data for long-lived assets is based on physical location of those assets. Refer to Note 17 for net sales by geographic region.

# **Subsequent Event**

Effective in the first quarter of 2025, the Company modified its organizational structure. As a result, the Company's Global Industrial reportable segment was renamed Global Water and includes the Light & Heavy (previously named Water), Food & Beverage, and Paper operating segments. The Company's Global Institutional & Specialty reportable segment continues to include the Institutional and Specialty operating segments. The Company's former healthcare operating segment moved into the Institutional operating segment. Global Life Sciences was elevated to a standalone reportable segment. The Global Pest Elimination segment remains a standalone reportable segment.

## 19. QUARTERLY FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

(millians, avant par share)	First	Second	Third	Fourth	Voor
(millions, except per share) 2024	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Quarter	Year
Net sales	\$3,751.9	\$3,985.8	\$3,998.5	\$4,005.2	\$15,741.4
Operating expenses	\$3,751.9	<b>\$3,903.0</b>	<b>\$3,990.</b> 5	<b>\$4,005.2</b>	\$15,741.4
Cost of sales (a)	2,128.1	2,241.0	2,261.5	2,269.1	8,899.7
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,077.7	1,075.7	1,024.8	1,050.0	4,228.2
Special (gains) and charges	28.2	12.2	(332.6)	103.3	(188.9)
Operating income	517.9	656.9	1,044.8	582.8	2,802.4
Other (income) expense	(12.6)	(12.6)	(12.9)	(13.2)	(51.3)
Interest expense, net	`71.6 <sup>′</sup>	`78.8	`70.4	`61.7	282.5
Income before income taxes	458.9	590.7	987.3	534.3	2,571.2
Provision for income taxes	42.3	95.7	246.5	54.8	439.3
Net income including noncontrolling interest	416.6	495.0	740.8	479.5	2,131.9
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	4.5	4.1	4.3	6.6	19.5
Net income attributable to Ecolab	\$412.1	\$490.9	\$736.5	\$472.9	\$2,112.4
Earnings attributable to Ecolab per common share					
Basic	\$ 1.44	\$ 1.72	\$ 2.60	\$ 1.67	\$ 7.43
Diluted	\$ 1.43	\$ 1.71	\$ 2.58	\$ 1.66	\$ 7.37
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	005.7	0040	000.0	000.0	0040
Basic	285.7	284.6	283.6	283.3	284.3
Diluted	287.8	287.0	286.0	285.7	286.6
2023					
Net sales	\$3,571.6	\$3,852.1	\$3,958.1	\$3,938.4	\$15,320.2
Operating expenses	φο,στ τ.σ	ψ0,002.1	ψ0,000.1	ψ0,000.4	Ψ10,020.2
Cost of sales (a)	2.205.2	2,334.8	2,330.5	2.284.4	9.154.9
Selling, general and administrative expenses	990.3	1,011.6	1,024.9	1,034.8	4,061.6
Special (gains) and charges	24.5	21.0	36.7	29.2	111.4
Operating income	351.6	484.7	566.0	590.0	1,992.3
Other (income) expense	(13.1)	(14.4)	(14.5)	(17.9)	(59.9)
Interest expense, net	74.2	77.8	74.3	70.4	296.7
Income before income taxes	290.5	421.3	506.2	537.5	1,755.5
Provision for income taxes	52.4	86.6	96.8	126.7	362.5
Net income including noncontrolling interest	238.1	334.7	409.4	410.8	1,393.0
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	4.7	5.0	5.4	5.6	20.7
Net income attributable to Ecolab	\$233.4	\$329.7	\$404.0	\$405.2	\$1,372.3
Earnings attributable to Ecolab per common share		<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>		
Basic	\$ 0.82	\$ 1.16	\$ 1.42	\$ 1.42	\$ 4.82
Diluted	\$ 0.82	\$ 1.15	\$ 1.41	\$ 1.41	\$ 4.79
Weighted average common charge outstanding					
Weighted-average common shares outstanding Basic	284.6	284.9	285.1	285.3	285.0
Basic Diluted	284.6 285.9	284.9 286.3	285.1 286.9	285.3 287.1	285.0 286.5
Diluted	200.9	∠00.3	∠00.9	201.1	∠00.3

Per share amounts do not necessarily sum due to changes in the calculation of shares outstanding for each discrete period and rounding. Gross profit is calculated as net sales minus cost of sales.

<sup>(</sup>a) Cost of sales includes special charges of \$1.6, \$0.7, \$0.9 and \$2.1 in Q1, Q2, Q3 and Q4 of 2024, respectively, and \$3.2, \$8.1, \$5.9 and \$5.3 in Q1, Q2, Q3 and Q4 of 2023, respectively.

## Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure.

None.

## Item 9A. Controls and Procedures.

#### Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of December 31, 2024, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as amended). Based upon that evaluation, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer concluded that, as of December 31, 2024, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

## Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Refer to page 48 of this Annual Report for "Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting."

#### Report of Registered Public Accounting Firm

Refer to page 49 of this Annual Report for the "Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm."

#### Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting.

During the period October 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024 there were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

We are continuing our implementation of our enterprise resource planning ("ERP") system upgrades, which are expected to occur in phases over the next several years. These upgrades, which include supply chain and certain finance functions, are expected to improve the efficiency of certain financial and related transactional processes. These upgrades of the ERP systems will affect the processes that constitute our internal control over financial reporting and will require testing for effectiveness.

## Item 9B. Other Information.

Rule 10b5-1 Plan Adoptions and Modifications.

None.

#### Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections.

Not applicable.

#### **PART III**

## Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance.

Information about our directors is incorporated by reference from the discussion under the heading "Proposal 1: Election of Directors" located in the Proxy Statement. Information about our Audit Committee, including the members of the Committee, and our Audit Committee financial experts, is incorporated by reference from the discussion under the heading "Corporate Governance," and subheadings "Board Committees" and "Audit Committee," located in the Proxy Statement. Information about our Code of Conduct is incorporated by reference from the discussion under the heading "Corporate Governance" located in the Proxy Statement. Information regarding our executive officers is presented under the heading "Information about our Executive Officers" in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-K, and is incorporated herein by reference.

The Company's Global Insider Trading Policy governs the trading of our securities by our directors, officers, employees, and consultants. It also requires the Company to comply with all applicable securities and state laws when engaging in transactions in its own securities. We believe that the policy is reasonably designed to promote compliance with insider trading laws, rules and regulations, and listing standards applicable to the Company. A copy of the Global Insider Trading Policy is filed as Exhibit 19.1 to this Form 10-K.

## Item 11. Executive Compensation.

Information appearing under the following headings of the Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference:

- Director Compensation for 2024
- Compensation & Human Capital Management Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation
- Compensation & Human Capital Management Committee Report
- Compensation Discussion and Analysis
- Compensation Tables
- Pay Ratio Disclosure

# <u>Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder</u> Matters.

Information appearing under the heading entitled "Security Ownership" and "Equity Compensation Plan Information" located in the Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

A total of 36,669,046 shares of Common Stock held by our directors and executive officers, some of whom may be deemed to be "affiliates" of the Company, have been excluded from the computation of market value of our Common Stock on the cover page of this Form 10-K. This total represents that portion of the shares reported as beneficially owned by our directors and executive officers as of June 30, 2024 which are actually issued and outstanding.

## Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence.

Information appearing under the headings entitled "Director Independence" and "Related Person Transactions" located in the Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services.

Information appearing under the heading entitled "Audit Fees" located in the Proxy Statement is incorporated herein by reference.

## **PART IV**

# <u>Item 15. Exhibit and Financial Statement Schedules.</u>

The following information required under this item is filed as part of this report:

(a)(1) Financial Statements.

Do	cument:	Page:		
(i)	Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm. (PCAOB ID 238)	49		
(ii)	Consolidated Statements of Income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.	51		
(iii)	Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.	52		
(iv)	Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2024 and 2023.	53		
(v)	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.	54		
(vi)	Consolidated Statements of Equity for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.	55		
(vii)	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.	56		
Exhibit No.:	Document:	Method of Filing:		
(a)(2)	Financial Statement Schedules.			
	All financial statement schedules are omitted because they are no consolidated financial statements or the accompanying notes to the financial statements and summarized financial information of subsolved persons have been omitted because they do not satisfy the	the consolidated financial statements. The separate osidiaries not consolidated and of fifty percent or less		
(a)(3)	The documents below are filed as exhibits to this Report. We will rate at which copies are available from the Securities and Exchar exhibits to stockholders.			
(2.1)	Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization, dated December 18, 2019, by and among Ecolab Inc., ChampionX Holding Inc., Apergy Corporation and Athena Merger Sub, Inc.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (2.1) of our Form 8-K, dated December 18, 2019.		
(2.2)	Separation and Distribution Agreement, dated December 18, 2019, by and among Ecolab Inc., ChampionX Holding Inc. and Apergy Corporation.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (2.2) of our Form 8-K, dated December 18, 2019.		
(2.3)	Stock and Asset Purchase Agreement, dated October 28, 2021, by and among Ecolab Inc., Purolite Corporation, a Delaware corporation ("Purolite"), Stefan E. Brodie and Don B. Brodie (the "Founder Sellers" and together with Purolite, the "Sellers") and Stefan E. Brodie, solely in his capacity as the representative of the Sellers.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (2.1) of our Form 8-K, dated December 1, 2021.		
(3.1)	Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Ecolab Inc., dated January 2, 2013.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (3.2) of our Form 8-K, dated January 2, 2013.		
(3.2)	By-Laws, as amended through May 24, 2023.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (3.1) of our Form 8-K, dated May 4, 2023.		
(4.1)	Common Stock.	See Exhibits (3.1) and (3.2)		

Exhibit No.:	Document:	Method of Filing:
(4.2)	Amended and Restated Indenture, dated January 9, 2001, between Ecolab Inc. and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (formerly known as The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A.) (as successor in interest to J.P. Morgan Trust Company, N.A. and Bank One, N.A.), as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (4)(A) of our Form 8-K, dated January 23, 2001.
(4.3)	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated December 8, 2011, between Ecolab Inc., Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association), as Trustee and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (formerly known as The Bank of New York Trust Company, N.A.) (as successor in interest to J.P. Morgan Trust Company, N.A. and Bank One, N.A.), as original trustee.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (4.2) of our Form 8-K, dated December 5, 2011.
(4.4)	Form of 5.500% Notes due 2041.	Included in Exhibit (4.3) above.
(4.5)	Indenture, dated January 12, 2015, between Ecolab Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association), as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 of our Form 8-K, dated January 15, 2015.
(4.6)	Second Supplemental Indenture, dated July 8, 2015, by and among Ecolab Inc., Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association), as Trustee, Elavon Financial Services Limited, UK Branch, as paying agent, and Elavon Financial Services Limited, as transfer agent and registrar.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (4.2) of our Form 8-K, dated July 8, 2015.
(4.7)	Form of 2.625% Euro Notes due 2025.	Included in Exhibit (4.6) above.
(4.8)	Fourth Supplemental Indenture, dated October 18, 2016, between Ecolab Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association), as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (4.2) of our Form 8-K, dated October 13, 2016.
(4.9)	Forms of 2.700% Notes due 2026 and 3.700% Notes due 2046.	Included in Exhibit (4.8) above.
(4.10)	Seventh Supplemental Indenture, dated November 27, 2017, between Ecolab Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association), as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (4.2) of our Form 8-K, dated November 30, 2017.
(4.11)	Form of 3.250% Notes due 2027.	Included in Exhibit (4.10) above.
(4.12)	Form of 3.950% Notes due 2047.	Included in Exhibit (4.10) above.
(4.13)	Eighth Supplemental Indenture, dated March 24, 2020, between Ecolab Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association), as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (4.2) of our Form 8-K filed on March 24, 2020.
(4.14)	Form of 4.800% Notes due 2030.	Included in Exhibit (4.13) above.
(4.15)	Ninth Supplemental Indenture, dated August 13, 2020, between Ecolab Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association), as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (4.2) of our Form 8-K filed on August 13, 2020.
(4.16)	Form of 1.300% Notes due 2031.	Included in Exhibit (4.15) above.
(4.17)	Form of 2.125% Notes due 2050.	Included in Exhibit (4.15) above.

Exhibit No.:	Document:	Method of Filing:
(4.18)	Tenth Supplemental Indenture, dated August 18, 2021, between Ecolab Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (as successor to Wells Fargo Bank, National Association), as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (4.2) of our Form 8-K filed on August 19, 2021.
(4.19)	Form of 2.750% Notes due 2055.	Included in Exhibit (4.18) above.
(4.20)	Eleventh Supplemental Indenture, dated December 15, 2021, between Ecolab Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (4.2) of our Form 8-K filed on December 15, 2021.
(4.21)	Form of 1.650% Notes due 2027.	Included in Exhibit (4.20) above.
(4.22)	Form of 2.125% Notes due 2032.	Included in Exhibit (4.20) above.
(4.23)	Form of 2.700% Notes due 2051.	Included in Exhibit (4.20) above.
(4.24)	Twelfth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of November 17, 2022, between Ecolab Inc. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A., as Trustee.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (4.2) of our Form 8-K filed on November 17, 2022.
(4.25)	Form of 5.250% Notes due 2028.	Included in Exhibit (4.24) above.
(4.27)	Description of Securities.	Filed herewith electronically.
	Copies of other constituent instruments defining the rights of hold to Section (b)(4)(iii) of Item 601 of Regulation S-K, because the a such instruments is less than 10% of our total assets on a consol Exchange Commission, furnish to the Commission a copy of each	aggregate amount of securities authorized under each of lidated basis. We will, upon request by the Securities and
(10.1)	(i) Third Amended and Restated \$2.0 billion 5-Year Revolving Credit Facility, dated as of April 16, 2021, among Ecolab Inc., the lenders party thereto, the issuing lenders party thereto, Bank of America, N.A., as administrative agent and swing line bank, and Citibank, N.A., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and MUFG Bank, Ltd., as co-syndication agents.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.1) of our Form 8-K, dated April 20, 2021.
	(ii) First Amendment, dated as of March 17, 2023, to the Third Amended and Restated Multicurrency Credit Agreement dated as of April 16, 2021, among Ecolab Inc., the banks from time to time party thereto and Bank of America, N.A., as Agent.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.1) of our Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended March 31, 2023.
(10.2)	Documents comprising global Commercial Paper Programs.	
	(i) U.S. \$2,000,000,000 Euro-Commercial Paper Programme.	
	(a) Amended and Restated Dealer Agreement, dated 30 October 2023, between Ecolab Inc., Ecolab NL 10 B.V., Ecolab NL 11 B.V. and Nalco Overseas Holding B.V. (as Issuers), Ecolab Inc. (as Guarantor in respect of the notes issued by Ecolab NL 10 B.V., Ecolab NL 11 B.V. and Nalco Overseas Holding B.V.), Barclays Bank PLC (as Arranger), and Barclays Bank Ireland PLC, Barclays Bank PLC, Citigroup Global Markets Europe AG and Citigroup Global Markets Limited (as Dealers).	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.2)(i)(a) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Exhibit No.: Document: Method of Filing:

(10.3)

(10.4)

(10.5)

		(b) Amended and Restated Note Agency Agreement, dated 30 October 2023, between Ecolab Inc., Ecola NL 10 B.V. Ecolab NL 11 B.V. and Nalco Overseas Holding B.V. (as Issuers), Ecolab Inc. (as Guarantoi in respect of the notes issued by Ecolab NL 10 B.V. Ecolab NL 11 B.V. and Nalco Overseas Holding B.V.), and Citibank, N.A., London Branch (as Issue and Paying Agent).	December 31, 2023.
		(c) Deed of Covenant made on 30 October 2023 by Ecolab Inc., Ecolab NL 10 B.V., Ecolab NL 11 B.V. and Nalco Overseas Holding B.V. (as Issuers).	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.2)(i)(c) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023.
		(d) Deed of Guarantee made on 30 October 2023 by Ecolab Inc. (in respect of notes issued by Ecolab NI 10 B.V., Ecolab NL 11 B.V. and Nalco Overseas Holding B.V.).	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.2)(i)(d)of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023.
	(ii)	U.S. \$2,000,000,000 U.S. Commercial Paper Program.	
		(a) Form of Commercial Paper Dealer Agreement for 4(a)(2) Program, dated September 22, 2014. The dealers for the program are Barclays Capital Inc., Citigroup Global Markets Inc., BofA Securities, Inc., and Wells Fargo Securities, LLC.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.1)(a) of our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014.
		(b) Issuing and Paying Agent Agreement, dated September 18, 2017, between Ecolab Inc. and U.S. Bank National Association, as Issuing and Paying Agent (as successor, effective as of June 7, 2021, to MUFG Union Bank, N.A.).	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.1)(a) of our Form 10 Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2017.
		(c) Corporate Commercial Paper – Master Note, dated June 7, 2021, together with annex thereto.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.3)(ii) of our Form 10 Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2021.
†	(i)	Ecolab Inc. 2001 Non-Employee Director Stock Option and Deferred Compensation Plan, as amended and restated, effective as of August 1, 2013.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.6) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2013.
†	(ii)	Declaration of Amendment, dated May 5, 2016, to Ecola Inc. 2001 Non-Employee Director Stock Option and Deferred Compensation Plan, as amended and restated effective as of August 1, 2013.	Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2016.
†	(iii)	Master Agreement Relating to Periodic Options, as amended, effective as of May 1, 2004.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10)D(ii) of our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2004.
†	(iv)	Amendment No. 1 to Master Agreement Relating to Periodic Options, as amended, effective as of May 2, 2008.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10)B of our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2008.
†	7, 2	rm of Indemnification Agreement, effective as of December 2023. Substantially identical agreements are in effect as to ch of our directors and certain of our officers.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.4) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023.
†	(i)	Ecolab Executive Death Benefits Plan, as amended and restated, effective as of March 1, 1994.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10)H(i) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2006. See also Exhibit (10.12) hereof.
†	(ii)	Amendment No. 1 to Ecolab Executive Death Benefits Plan, effective as of July 1, 1997.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10)H(ii) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 1998.

Exhibit No.:		Doo	cument:	Method of Filing:	
	†	(iii)	Second Declaration of Amendment to Ecolab Executive Death Benefits Plan, effective as of March 1, 1998.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10)H(iii) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 1998.	
	†	(iv)	Amendment No. 3 to the Ecolab Executive Death Benefits Plan, effective as of August 12, 2005.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10)B of our Form 8-K, dated December 13, 2005.	
	†	(v)	Amendment No. 4 to the Ecolab Executive Death Benefits Plan, effective as of January 1, 2005.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10)H(v) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2009.	
	†	(vi)	Amendment No. 5 to the Ecolab Executive Death Benefits Plan, effective as of May 6, 2015.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 of our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2015.	
	†	(vii)	Amendment No. 6 to the Ecolab Executive Death Benefits Plan, effective as of June 23, 2017.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1(vii) of Ecolab's Form 8-K dated June 23, 2017.	
(10.6)	†	(i)	Ecolab Executive Long-Term Disability Plan, as amended and restated, effective as of January 1, 1994.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10)I of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2004. See also Exhibit (10.12) hereof.	
	†	(ii)	Amendment No. 1 to the Ecolab Executive Long-Term Disability Plan, effective as of August 21, 2015.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 of our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2015.	
(10.7)	†	(i)	Ecolab Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, as amended and restated, effective as of January 1, 2022.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.7)(i) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2021.	
(10.8)	†	(i)	Ecolab Mirror Savings Plan, as amended and restated, effective as of January 1, 2022.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.8)(i) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2021.	
(10.9)	†	(i)	Ecolab Mirror Pension Plan, as amended and restated, effective as of January 1, 2022.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.9)(i) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2021.	
(10.10)	†	(i)	Ecolab Inc. Administrative Document for Non-Qualified Plans, as amended and restated, effective as of January 1, 2022.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.10)(i) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2021.	
(10.11)	†	(i)	Ecolab Inc. Change in Control Severance Compensation Policy, as amended and restated, effective as of February 26, 2010.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10) of our Form 8-K, dated February 26, 2010.	
	†	(ii)	Amendment No. 1 to Ecolab Inc. Change-in-Control Severance Policy, as amended and restated, effective as of February 26, 2010.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.18)(ii) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2011.	
(10.12)	†	Des	cription of Ecolab Management Incentive Plan.	Filed herewith electronically.	
(10.13)	†	(i)	Ecolab Inc. 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated, effective as of May 2, 2013.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.1) of our Form 8-K, dated May 2, 2013.	
	†	(ii)	Declaration of Amendment, effective as of February 22, 2019, to Ecolab Inc. 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated, effective as of May 2, 2013.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.3) of our Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended March 31, 2019.	
	†	(iii)	Sample form of Non-Statutory Stock Option Agreement under the Ecolab Inc. 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, adopted May 6, 2010.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10)B of our Form 8-K, dated May 6, 2010.	

Exhibit No.:		Doc	cument:	Method of Filing:	
	†	(iv)	Sample form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Ecolab Inc. 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, adopted August 4, 2010.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10)A of our Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended September 30, 2010.	
	†	(v)	Sample form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Ecolab Inc. 2010 Stock Incentive Plan, adopted December 1, 2021.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.13)(ix) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2021.	
(10.14)	†	(i)	Ecolab Inc. 2023 Stock Incentive Plan, effective as of May 4, 2023.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.1) of our Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended June 30, 2023.	
	†	(ii)	Amendment No. 1 to Ecolab Inc. 2023 Stock Incentive Plan, adopted December 4, 2024.	Filed herewith electronically.	
	†	(iii)	Sample form of Non-Statutory Stock Option Agreement under the Ecolab Inc. 2023 Stock Incentive Plan, adopted May 4, 2023.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.2) of our Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended June 30, 2023.	
	†	(iv)	Sample form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Ecolab Inc. 2023 Stock Incentive Plan, adopted May 4, 2023.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.4) of our Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended June 30, 2023.	
	†	(v)	Sample form of Performance-Based Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement under the Ecolab Inc. 2023 Stock Incentive Plan, adopted December 6, 2023.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.14)(iv) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023.	
(10.15)	†		co Company Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, as ended and Restated effective as of December 31, 2012.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.3) of our Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended March 31, 2023.	
(10.16)	†		co Company Supplemental Profit Sharing Plan, as ended and Restated effective as of December 31, 2012.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.4) of our Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended March 31, 2023.	
(10.17)	†		m of Nalco Company Death Benefit Agreement and lendum to Death Benefit Agreement.	Incorporated by reference from Exhibit (99.2) on Form 8-K of Nalco Holding Company filed on May 11, 2005. (File No. 001-32342)	
(10.18)	†		ath Benefit Agreement between Nalco Company and Laurie Marsh effective as of December 17, 2009.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (10.5) of our Form 10-Q, for the quarter ended March 31, 2023.	
(19.1)	†		olab Inc. Global Insider Trading Policy, effective December 024.	Filed herewith electronically.	
(21.1)		List	of Subsidiaries.	Filed herewith electronically.	
(23.1)		Cor	nsent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.	Filed herewith electronically.	
(24.1)		Pov	vers of Attorney.	Filed herewith electronically.	
(31.1)		Rule	e 13a-14(a) CEO Certification.	Filed herewith electronically.	
(31.2)		Rule	e 13a-14(a) CFO Certification.	Filed herewith electronically.	
(32.1)		Sec	tion 1350 CEO and CFO Certifications.	Filed herewith electronically.	
(97.1)			olab Inc. Rule 10D-1 Clawback Policy, adopted vember 2, 2023.	Incorporated by reference to Exhibit (97.1) of our Form 10-K Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2023.	
(101.INS)		not	ne XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags embedded within the Inline XBRL document.	Filed herewith electronically.	
(101.SCH)		Inlin	ne XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema.	Filed herewith electronically.	
(101.CAL)		Inlin	ne XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase.	Filed herewith electronically.	

Exhibit No.:	Document:	Method of Filing:
(101.DEF)	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase.	Filed herewith electronically.
(101.LAB)	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase.	Filed herewith electronically.
(101.PRE)	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase.	Filed herewith electronically.
(104)	Cover Page Interactive Data File.	Formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101.

<sup>†</sup> This exhibit is an executive compensation plan or arrangement.

# Item 16. Form 10-K Summary.

None.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, Ecolab Inc. has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on the 21<sup>st</sup> day of February, 2025.

ECOLAB INC. (Registrant)

By: /s/ Christophe Beck

Christophe Beck

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of Ecolab Inc. and in the capacities indicated, on the 21<sup>st</sup> day of February, 2025.

 /s/ Christophe Beck
 Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

 Christophe Beck
 (Principal Executive Officer and Director)

 /s/ Scott D. Kirkland
 Chief Financial Officer

 Scott D. Kirkland
 (Principal Financial Officer)

 /s/ Jennifer J. Bradway
 Senior Vice President and Corporate Controller

 Jennifer J. Bradway
 (duly authorized officer and Principal Accounting Officer)

/s/ Jandeen M. Boone Jandeen M. Boone Directors

as attorney-in-fact for:

Judson B. Althoff, Shari L. Ballard, Eric M. Green, Michael Larson, David W. MacLennan, Tracy B. McKibben, Lionel L. Nowell, III, Victoria J. Reich, Suzanne M. Vautrinot and John J. Zillmer

#### INVESTOR INFORMATION

#### **ANNUAL MEETING**

Ecolab's annual meeting of stockholders will be held virtually on May 8, 2025, by means of a live webcast. To attend, vote and submit guestions during our Annual Meeting, visit www.virtualshareholdermeeting.com/ ECL2025 and enter the 16-digit control number included in your Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials, voting instruction form or proxy card.

#### **COMMON STOCK**

Our stock trading symbol is ECL. Ecolab common stock is listed and traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE). Ecolab stock is also traded on an unlisted basis on certain other exchanges. Options are traded on the NYSE.

Ecolab common stock is included in the S&P 500 Materials sector of the Global Industry Classification Standard. As of January 31, 2025, Ecolab had 4,561 stockholders of record. The closing stock price on the NYSE on January 31, 2025, was \$250.19 per share.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

Ecolab has paid common stock dividends for 88 consecutive years. Quarterly cash dividends are typically paid on the 15th of January, April, July and October, or the ensuing business day.

#### **DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN**

Stockholders of record may elect to reinvest their dividends. Plan participants also may elect to purchase Ecolab common stock through this service. To enroll in the plan, stockholders may contact the plan sponsor, Computershare, for a brochure and enrollment form.

#### **GOVERNANCE**

Disclosures concerning our board of directors' policies, governance principles and corporate ethics practices, including our Code of Conduct, are available online at www.investor.ecolab.com/governance.

## INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 45 South Seventh Street, Suite 3400 Minneapolis, MN 55402

#### **INVESTOR INQUIRIES**

Securities analysts, portfolio managers and representatives of financial institutions should contact:

**Ecolab Investor Relations** 1 Ecolab Place St. Paul, MN 55102 Phone: 651.250.2500

## **INVESTOR RESOURCES**

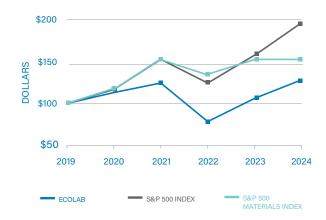
SEC FILINGS: Copies of Ecolab's Form 10-K, 10-Q and 8-K reports as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) are available free of charge. These documents may be obtained on our website at www.investor.ecolab.com/financials/sec-filings promptly after such reports are filed with, or furnished to, the SEC, or by contacting:

Ecolab Inc. Attn: Corporate Secretary 1 Ecolab Place St. Paul, MN 55102

Email: investor.info@ecolab.com

#### **INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE**

The following stock performance graph assumes investment of \$100 on December 31, 2019, in Ecolab Common Stock, the S&P 500 Index, and the S&P 500 Materials Index, and daily reinvestment of all dividends.



#### TRANSFER AGENT, REGISTRAR AND DIVIDEND **PAYING AGENT**

Stockholders of record may contact the transfer agent, Computershare Trust Company, N.A., to request assistance with a change of address, transfer of share ownership, replacement of lost stock certificates, dividend payment or tax reporting issues. If your Ecolab stock is held in a bank or brokerage account, please contact your bank or broker for assistance.

## **COURIER ADDRESS**

Computershare 150 Royall St., Suite 101 Canton, MA 02021

## **GENERAL CORRESPONDENCE AND DIVIDEND** REINVESTMENT PLAN CORRESPONDENCE

Computershare 150 Royall St., Suite 101 Canton, MA 02021

## **WEBSITE**

www.computershare.com

## **TELEPHONE**

1.312.360.5203 or 1.800.322.8325

#### **HEARING IMPAIRED**

1.312.588.4110 or 1.800.822.2794

Computershare provides telephone assistance to stockholders Our agents are available: 8am - 8pm ET on weekdays, 9am - 5.30pm ET on Saturdays. Around-the-clock service is also available online and via the telephone Interactive Voice Response system.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Judson B. Althoff

Executive Vice President and Chief Commercial Officer, Microsoft Corporation (technology provider), Director since 2024, Audit and Finance Committees

#### Shari L. Ballard

Chief Executive Officer of Minnesota United FC (professional soccer team of Minnesota), Director since 2018, Audit and Safety, Health & **Environment Committees** 

## **Christophe Beck**

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Ecolab Inc., Director since 2020, Safety, Health & **Environment Committee** 

#### Michel D. Doukeris

Chief Executive Officer of Anheuser-Busch InBev SA/NV (global beverage and brewing company), Director since 2025

#### Eric M. Green

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of West Pharmaceutical Services Inc. (life sciences company), Director since 2022, Compensation & Human Capital Management\* and Governance Committees

## **Arthur J. Higgins**

Operating Advisor to Abu Dhabi Investment Authority (investment company), Director since 2010, Compensation & Human Capital Management and Safety, Health & **Environment Committees** 

#### Michael Larson

Chief Investment Officer to William H. Gates, III and Business Manager of Cascade Investment, L.L.C., Director since 2012, Finance\* and Safety, Health & Environment Committees

#### David W. MacLennan

Lead Independent Director. Former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Cargill, Incorporated (food, agricultural, financial, and industrial products and services company), Director since 2015, Compensation & Human Capital Management and Governance\* Committees

## Tracy B. McKibben

Founder and Chief Executive Officer of MAC Energy Advisors LLC (investment and consulting company for climate-conscious energy and infrastructure solutions), Director since 2015, Compensation & Human Capital and **Governance Committees** 

#### Lionel L. Nowell III

Former Senior Vice President and Treasurer of PepsiCo, Inc. (food and beverage company), Director since 2018, Audit\* and Finance Committees

#### Victoria J. Reich

Former Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Essendant Inc. (wholesale distributor of business products), Director since 2009, Audit and Governance Committees

## Suzanne M. Vautrinot

President of Kilovolt Consulting Inc. (consulting company for cybersecurity strategy and technology) and a retired Major General of the U.S. Air Force, Director since 2014, Audit and Safety, Health & Environment\* Committees

#### John J. Zillmer

Chief Executive Officer and Director of Aramark (provider of food, facilities management, and uniform services), Director since 2006, Compensation & Human Capital Management and Finance Committees

\*Denotes committee chair

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH DIRECTORS**

Stakeholders and other interested parties, including our investors and associates, with substantive matters requiring the attention of our board (e.g., governance issues or potential accounting, control or auditing irregularities) may use the contact information for our board located on our website at www.investor. ecolab.com/governance/contact-the-board.

Matters not requiring the direct attention of our board — such as employment inquiries, sales solicitations, questions about our products and other such matters — should be submitted to the company's management at our Global Headquarters in St. Paul, MN. In addition to online communication, interested parties may direct correspondence to our board at:

> Ecolab Inc. Attn: Corporate Secretary 1 Ecolab Place St. Paul, MN 55102

## **CORPORATE OFFICERS**

#### Nicholas J. Alfano

Executive Vice President and President -Global Industrial Group

## Tiffany M. Atwell

Executive Vice President - Government Relations

#### **Christophe Beck**

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

## Larry L. Berger

Executive Vice President and Chief Technical Officer

#### David L. Bingenheimer

Executive Vice President and General Manager - Ecolab Digital

#### **Melissa Blais**

Vice President - Tax

#### Jandeen M. Boone

Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

#### Jennifer J. Bradway

Senior Vice President and Corporate Controller

#### Darrell R. Brown

President and Chief Operating Officer

## **Gregory B. Cook**

Executive Vice President and President — Institutional Group

## Hayley E. Crowe

Executive Vice President and General Manager - Global Life Sciences

## Alexander (Sam) De Boo

Executive Vice President and President — Global Markets

## Machiel (Mike) Duijser

**Executive Vice President and Chief Supply** Chain Officer

## Alexandra (Soraya) Hlila

Executive Vice President and General Manager - Global Pest

## Scott D. Kirkland

Chief Financial Officer

## **Catherine Loh**

Vice President and Treasurer

#### Laurie M. Marsh

Executive Vice President — Human Resources

## **Harpreet Saluja**

Executive Vice President — Corporate Strategy & Business Development



# Protecting people and the resources vital to life

Ecolab offers water, hygiene and infection prevention solutions and services to advance food safety, maintain clean and safe environments and optimize water and energy use.

# REDUCE, REUSE, RECYCLE

If you received multiple copies of this report, you may have duplicate investment accounts. Help save resources. Please contact your broker or the transfer agent to request assistance with consolidating any duplicate accounts.

All product names appearing in the text of this Annual Report are the trademarks, brand names, service marks or copyrights of Ecolab USA Inc. or affiliated Ecolab group companies.



Global Headquarters 1 Ecolab Place, St. Paul, MN 55102