2024 Annual Report



Dear Fellow Shareholders,

As we reflect on the past year, we are proud to share our progress and continued commitment to delivering long-term value for our shareholders. Equity Residential has remained steadfast in our mission to generate superior long-term returns to our shareholders by owning, developing and operating high-quality apartment communities in the most attractive places in the United States for our target well-earning renter demographic to live, work and play.

In 2024, we continued to benefit from strong demand across our markets. Through our industry leading operating platform, we achieved annual same store revenue growth of 3.0%, driven by a high occupancy rate of 96.2% and healthy growth in our rental rates. Despite rates of inflation not experienced in decades, our disciplined cost management, our scale and the adoption of technology led to annual same store expense growth of only 2.9%, with the result that our same store net operating income (NOI) improved by 3.1%.⁽¹⁾ This growth led to an increase of 2.9% in our Normalized FFO per share for 2024⁽²⁾ and led our Board of Trustees to increase our annual dividend in the first quarter of 2025 by 2.6% to \$2.77 per share.⁽³⁾

These results were achieved despite relatively high levels of new apartment supply across most of our Established Markets, which are Boston, New York, Washington, D.C., Seattle, San Francisco and Southern California and all of our Expansion Markets, which are Dallas/Ft. Worth, Denver, Atlanta and Austin, reflecting the deep demand for quality rental housing in these markets. As we will discuss in a moment, new apartment supply is abating quickly, creating a powerful future tailwind for our business.

During the year we continued our practice of prudently managing our balance sheet to maintain flexibility for future growth opportunities while ensuring stability in an evolving interest rate environment. Our debt maturities have been carefully laddered, leaving us less susceptible to the current higher rate environment than our competitors, and we have a strong liquidity position.

Portfolio Growth and Asset Management

We own and manage a portfolio of 311 high-quality, well-located apartment properties, consisting of 84,249 apartment units. Our portfolio optimization strategy is focused on increasing our exposure to our Expansion Markets over time. We believe that this strategy will allow us to produce superior long-term results while insulating the company from the turbulence that can come from having a focus in too few markets.

During 2024, we continued to advance our portfolio optimization strategy with the acquisition of 18 properties, consisting of 5,373 apartment units, as well as the completion of four new joint venture developments consisting of 1,262 apartment units. This addition of almost \$2 billion of newer, high-quality assets, primarily to our Atlanta, Denver and Dallas/Ft. Worth portfolios, was funded with a combination of older asset sales and opportunistically sourced long-term debt. These acquisitions align with our strategic focus on metropolitan areas with strong employment trends and population growth as well as high single-family housing costs, creating demand for quality rental housing. Because of these acquisitions and new developments, we now have approximately 10% of our NOI coming from the Expansion Markets and will continue to focus on increasing our exposure in these markets over the next few years.

Additionally, our asset management team successfully completed renovations at dozens of properties, in the process modernizing amenities, improving energy efficiency and generating an average internal rate of return of 9.4%. These efforts have resulted in higher resident satisfaction and increased rental rates, further enhancing our overall asset value.

In 2024, we were recognized for our commitment to sustainability with our inclusion in both the Dow Jones Sustainability World and North America Indices. We are the first residential REIT to receive this distinction. We were also honored with Nareit's 2024 Residential Sector Leader in the Light award, further demonstrating our leadership in this area.

Governance

Our trustees bring to the Company's Board substantial and wide-ranging business experience derived from their past and present service as leaders and directors of complex organizations. They are careful stewards of your capital and have the experience and skill necessary to oversee the Company's capital allocation and risk management strategies and faithfully execute their other important responsibilities. One of those outstanding trustees, Jack Neal, is retiring from the Board after nearly 20 years of service as a trustee. We have been tremendously fortunate to have Jack's knowledge and insights, we thank him for his service and wish him all the best.

Looking Ahead

As we move into 2025, we remain confident in our ability to navigate the evolving market landscape. We will continue to identify growth opportunities, optimize our operations, and enhance our technological capabilities to improve resident experiences. We believe that a favorable supply and demand backdrop will benefit us in the coming years. After several years of high new supply, new starts have decreased substantially. We expect to see very little new supply in our Established Markets and much more manageable levels of new supply across most of our Expansion Markets. With the continued high cost of home ownership due to limited availability as well as elevated financing costs, renting will remain a desirable financial and lifestyle option for our demographic, positioning Equity Residential well for sustained success. We also benefit from being a company that operates only in the United States and that provides housing – an essential good – in our now more uncertain trade and economic climate.

We extend our deepest gratitude to our shareholders, residents and employees for your continued trust and support. We remain committed to executing our strategic vision and delivering long-term value for all stakeholders.

Sincerely,

David J. Neithercut

Chairman of the Board of Trustees

Mark J. Parrell
President and CEO

- (1) For same store NOI information, see pages 33 through 35 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 which accompanies this letter.
- (2) Earnings per share (EPS) increased by 23.6% and Funds from Operations (FFO) per share increased 0.3% for 2024. For reconciliations of net income to FFO and Normalized FFO, see page 44 of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 which accompanies this letter. For reconciliations of EPS to FFO per share and Normalized FFO per share, please see the appendix to this letter.
- (3) All dividend payments remain subject to declaration by the Board of Trustees in its sole discretion.

Appendix

Reconciliation of EPS to FFO per share and Normalized FFO per share

The following table shows the reconciliation of EPS computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States to FFO per share and Normalized FFO per share for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023. All data shown is on a per share diluted basis.

	Year Ende December 3		
Description For the reservoir and the reservoir	2024	2023	
Earnings per share	\$ 2.72	•	
Depreciation expense	2.44	2.27	
Net (gain) loss on sales	(1.40)	(0.72)	
Impairment – operating real estate assets	_	_	
FFO per share	3.76	3.75	
Impairment – non-operating real estate assets	_	_	
Write-off of pursuit costs	0.01	0.01	
Debt extinguishment and preferred share redemption (gains) losses	_	_	
Non-operating asset (gains) losses	(0.04)	(0.03)	
Other miscellaneous items	0.16	0.05	
Normalized FFO per share	\$ 3.89	\$ 3.78	

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

×	ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO	FORM SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE For the Fiscal Year End	SECURITIES EX		
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT	TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF		ES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
_		For the transition pe			
		Commission File Number: 1	·	_	
	Con	ımission File Number: 0-24920 (F	` 1 '	,	
		EQUITY RE	SIDENTIAL		
		ERP OPERATING LIN (Exact name of registrant	IITED PART	TNERSHIP	
	Maryland (Equity Resi Illinois (ERP Operating Limite (State or other jurisdiction of incorpo	ed Partnership)		13-3675988 (Equity Residential) 36-3894853 (ERP Operating Limited Partnership) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)	
	Two North Riverside Plaza, Chic (Address of principal executive o		(I	(312) 474-1300 Registrant's telephone number, including area code)	
Securitie	es registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of Title of each class	the Act: Trading S	ymbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered	
	Common Shares of Beneficial Interest \$0.01 Par Value (Equity Residential)			New York Stock Exchange	_
	7.57% Notes due August 15, 2026 (ERP Operating Limited Partnership)	N/	A	New York Stock Exchange	
		Securities registered pursuan None (Equity		of the Act:	
	Units	of Limited Partnership Interest ((Title of e	ERP Operating l	Limited Partnership)	
Indicate b	by check mark if the registrant is a well-known	seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405	of the Securities Act.		
	esidential Yes ⊠ No □			ERP Operating Limited Partnership Yes 🗵 No 🛭	J
	by check mark if the registrant is not required to	offile reports pursuant to Section 13 or Se	ection 15(d) of the A		
	esidential Yes □ No ⊠ ov check mark whether the registrant (1) has fil	ed all reports required to be filed by Sec	tion 13 or 15(d) of th	ERP Operating Limited Partnership Yes □ No he Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for	
such shor	ter period that the registrant was required to file	e such reports), and (2) has been subject	to such filing require	ements for the past 90 days.	
	esidential Yes ⊠ No □			ERP Operating Limited Partnership Yes 🗵 No 🛭	
Indicate to	by check mark whether the registrant has submit the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter periods)	ted electronically every Interactive Data od that the registrant was required to sub	File required to be somit such files).	submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter)
Indicate b	esidential Yes No or or or check mark whether the registrant is a large as of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer			ERP Operating Limited Partnership Yes \(\times \) No Er, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the pany" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.	
	esidential:				
Large acc	celerated filer			Accelerated filer	
	elerated filer g growth company			Smaller reporting company	
	rating Limited Partnership: celerated filer			Accelerated filer	
	elerated filer \times growth company			Smaller reporting company	
	rging growth company, indicate by check mark pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.	if the registrant has elected not to use the	extended transition p	period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standard	s
Equity Re	esidential			ERP Operating Limited Partnership	
	by check mark whether the registrant has filed a fithe Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) b			the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section dits audit report.	n
		ne Act, indicate by check mark whether t	he financial statemen	ERP Operating Limited Partnership make the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error	
Equity Re Indicate b officers d		ctions are restatements that required a re §240.10D-1(b).	covery analysis of in	ERP Operating Limited Partnership	
Equity Re	esidential	, , ,	A -4)	ERP Operating Limited Partnership	
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The number of Common Shares of Beneficial Interest, \$0.01 par value, outstanding on February 6, 2025 was 379,705,225. Auditor Firm Id: 42 Auditor Name: Ernst and Young LLP Auditor Location: Chicago, Illinois, USA

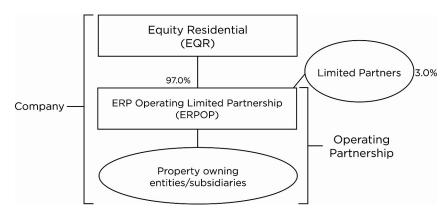
The aggregate market value of Common Shares held by non-affiliates of the Registrant was approximately \$26.3 billion based upon the closing price on June 30, 2024 of \$69.34 using beneficial ownership of shares rules adopted pursuant to Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to exclude voting shares owned by Trustees and Executive Officers, some of whom may not be held to be affiliates upon judicial determination.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Part III incorporates by reference certain information that will be contained in Equity Residential's Proxy Statement relating to its 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareholders, which Equity Residential intends to file no later than 120 days after the end of its fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, and thus these items have been omitted in accordance with General Instruction G(3) to Form 10-K. Equity Residential is the general partner and 97.0% owner of ERP Operating Limited Partnership.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This report combines the annual reports on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 of Equity Residential and ERP Operating Limited Partnership. Unless stated otherwise or the context otherwise requires, references to "EQR" mean Equity Residential, a Maryland real estate investment trust ("REIT"), and references to "ERPOP" mean ERP Operating Limited Partnership, an Illinois limited partnership. References to the "Company," "we," "us" or "our" mean collectively EQR, ERPOP and those entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by EQR and/or ERPOP. References to the "Operating Partnership" mean collectively ERPOP and those entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by ERPOP. The following chart illustrates the Company's and the Operating Partnership's corporate structure:



EQR is the general partner of, and as of December 31, 2024 owned an approximate 97.0% ownership interest in, ERPOP. The remaining 3.0% interest is owned by limited partners. As the sole general partner of ERPOP, EQR has exclusive control of ERPOP's day-to-day management. Management operates the Company and the Operating Partnership as one business. The management of EQR consists of the same members as the management of ERPOP.

The Company is structured as an umbrella partnership REIT ("UPREIT") and EQR contributes all net proceeds from its various equity offerings to ERPOP. In return for those contributions, EQR receives a number of OP Units (see definition below) in ERPOP equal to the number of Common Shares it has issued in the equity offering. The Company may acquire properties in transactions that include the issuance of OP Units as consideration for the acquired properties. Such transactions may, in certain circumstances, enable the sellers to defer in whole or in part, the recognition of taxable income or gain that might otherwise result from the sales. This is one of the reasons why the Company is structured in the manner shown above. Based on the terms of ERPOP's partnership agreement, OP Units can be exchanged with Common Shares on a one-for-one basis because the Company maintains a one-for-one relationship between the OP Units of ERPOP issued to EQR and the outstanding Common Shares.

The Company believes that combining the reports on Form 10-K of EQR and ERPOP into this single report provides the following benefits:

- enhances investors' understanding of the Company and the Operating Partnership by enabling investors to view the business as a whole in the same manner as management views and operates the business;
- eliminates duplicative disclosure and provides a more streamlined and readable presentation since a substantial portion of the disclosure applies to both the Company and the Operating Partnership; and
- creates time and cost efficiencies through the preparation of one combined report instead of two separate reports.

The Company believes it is important to understand the few differences between EQR and ERPOP in the context of how EQR and ERPOP operate as a consolidated company. All of the Company's property ownership, development and related business operations are conducted through the Operating Partnership and EQR has no material assets or liabilities other than its investment in ERPOP. EQR's primary function is acting as the general partner of ERPOP. EQR also issues equity from time to time, the net proceeds of which it is obligated to contribute to ERPOP. EQR does not have any indebtedness as all debt is incurred by the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership holds substantially all of the assets of the Company, including the Company's ownership interests in its joint ventures. The Operating Partnership conducts the operations of the business and is structured as a partnership with no publicly traded equity. Except for the net proceeds from equity offerings by EQR (which are contributed to the capital of ERPOP in exchange for additional partnership interests in ERPOP ("OP Units") (on a one-for-one Common Share per OP Unit basis) or additional preference units in ERPOP (on a one-for-one preferred share per preference unit basis)), the Operating Partnership generates all remaining capital required by the Company's business. These sources include the Operating Partnership's working capital, net cash provided by operating activities, borrowings under its revolving credit facility and/or commercial paper program, the issuance of secured and unsecured debt and partnership interests, and proceeds received from disposition of certain properties and joint venture interests.

Shareholders' equity, partners' capital and noncontrolling interests are the main areas of difference between the consolidated financial statements of the Company and those of the Operating Partnership. The limited partners of the Operating Partnership are accounted for as partners' capital in the Operating Partnership's financial statements and as noncontrolling interests in the Company's financial statements. The noncontrolling interests in the Operating Partnership's financial statements include the interests of unaffiliated partners in various consolidated partnerships. The noncontrolling interests in the Company's financial statements include the same noncontrolling interests at the Operating Partnership level and limited partner OP Unit holders of the Operating Partnership. The differences between shareholders' equity and partners' capital result from differences in the equity issued at the Company and Operating Partnership levels.

To help investors understand the differences between the Company and the Operating Partnership, this report provides separate consolidated financial statements for the Company and the Operating Partnership; a single set of consolidated notes to such financial statements that includes separate discussions of each entity's debt, noncontrolling interests and shareholders' equity or partners' capital, as applicable; and a combined Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations section that includes discrete information related to each entity.

This report also includes separate Part II, Item 9A, *Controls and Procedures*, sections and separate Exhibits 31 and 32 certifications for each of the Company and the Operating Partnership in order to establish that the requisite certifications have been made and that the Company and the Operating Partnership are compliant with Rule 13a-15 or Rule 15d-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and 18 U.S.C. §1350.

In order to highlight the differences between the Company and the Operating Partnership, the separate sections in this report for the Company and the Operating Partnership specifically refer to the Company and the Operating Partnership. In the sections that combine disclosure of the Company and the Operating Partnership, this report refers to actions or holdings as being actions or holdings of the Company. Although the Operating Partnership is generally the entity that directly or indirectly enters into contracts and joint ventures and holds assets and debt, reference to the Company is appropriate because the Company is one business and the Company operates that business through the Operating Partnership.

As general partner with control of ERPOP, EQR consolidates ERPOP for financial reporting purposes, and EQR essentially has no assets or liabilities other than its investment in ERPOP. Therefore, the assets and liabilities of the Company and the Operating Partnership are the same on their respective financial statements. The separate discussions of the Company and the Operating Partnership in this report should be read in conjunction with each other to understand the results of the Company on a consolidated basis and how management operates the Company.

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		PAGE
PART I.		
Item 1.	Business	7
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	13
Item 1B.	Unresolved Staff Comments	24
Item 1C.	Cybersecurity	24
Item 2.	Properties	25
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings	27
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	28
PART II.		
Item 5.	Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	29
Item 6.	Reserved	29
Item 7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	30
Item 7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	45
Item 8.	Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	46
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	46
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures	46
Item 9B.	Other Information	47
Item 9C.	Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections	47
PART III.		
Item 10.	Trustees, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	48
Item 11.	Executive Compensation	48
Item 12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	48
Item 13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Trustee Independence	48
Item 14.	Principal Accountant Fees and Services	48
PART IV.		
Item 15.	Exhibit and Financial Statement Schedules	49
Item 16.	Form 10-K Summary	49

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULE

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

	PAGE
INANCIAL STATEMENTS FILED AS PART OF THIS REPORT	
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on the Financial Statements (Equity Residential)	F-1 to F-2
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on the Financial Statements (ERP Operating Limited Partnership)	F-3 to F-4
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Equity Residential)	F-5
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (ERP Operating Limited Partnership)	F-6
Financial Statements of Equity Residential:	
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023	F-7
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022	F-8 to F-9
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022	F-10 to F-13
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022	F-14 to F-15
Financial Statements of ERP Operating Limited Partnership:	
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023	F-16
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022	F-17 to F-18
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022	F-19 to F-22
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Capital for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022	F-23 to F-24
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements of Equity Residential and ERP Operating Limited Partnership	F-25 to F-57
CHEDULE FILED AS PART OF THIS REPORT	
Schedule III – Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation of Equity Residential and ERP Operating Limited Partnership	S-1 to S-12

All other schedules have been omitted because they are inapplicable, not required or the information is included elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements or notes thereto.

PART I

Item 1. Business

General

Equity Residential ("EQR") is committed to creating communities where people thrive. The Company, a member of the S&P 500, is focused on the acquisition, development and management of residential properties located in and around dynamic cities that attract affluent long-term renters. ERP Operating Limited Partnership ("ERPOP") is focused on conducting the multifamily property business of EQR. EQR is a Maryland real estate investment trust ("REIT") formed in March 1993 and ERPOP is an Illinois limited partnership formed in May 1993. References to the "Company," "we," "us" or "our" mean collectively EQR, ERPOP and those entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by EQR and/or ERPOP. References to the "Operating Partnership" mean collectively ERPOP and those entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by ERPOP.

EQR is the general partner of, and as of December 31, 2024 owned an approximate 97.0% ownership interest in, ERPOP. All of the Company's property ownership, development and related business operations are conducted through the Operating Partnership and EQR has no material assets or liabilities other than its investment in ERPOP. EQR issues equity from time to time, the net proceeds of which it is obligated to contribute to ERPOP, but does not have any indebtedness as all debt is incurred by the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership holds substantially all of the assets of the Company, including the Company's ownership interests in its joint ventures. The Operating Partnership conducts the operations of the business and is structured as a partnership with no publicly traded equity.

The Company's corporate headquarters is located in Chicago, Illinois and the Company also operates regional property management offices in most of its markets.

Certain capitalized terms used herein are defined in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements or the Definitions section of Item 7, *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*. See also Note 16 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion regarding the Company's segment disclosures.

Available Information

You may access our Annual Report on Form 10-K, our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, our Current Reports on Form 8-K, our proxy statements and any amendments to any of those reports/statements we file with or furnish to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") free of charge on our website, www.equityapartments.com. These reports/statements are made available on our website as soon as reasonably practicable after we file them with or furnish them to the SEC. The information contained on our website, including any information referred to in this report as being available on our website, is not a part of or incorporated into this report.

Business Objectives and Operating and Investing Strategies

Overview

The Company is one of the largest U.S. publicly-traded owners and operators of high quality rental apartment properties, with an established presence in Boston, New York, Washington, D.C., Southern California (including Los Angeles, Orange County and San Diego), San Francisco and Seattle, and an expanding presence in Denver, Atlanta, Dallas/Ft. Worth and Austin. Through our ownership in these markets, we seek to optimize our portfolio by balancing risk and maximizing returns. We believe that this portfolio will allow us to produce more consistent cash flows in a volatile world where local market conditions may cause operating fundamentals to rapidly fluctuate. We believe our markets are knowledge centers of the U.S. economy that draw employers and their talented affluent workers that drive economic growth in the United States. We believe that both the locations of our properties and the cost of renting versus home ownership in these markets are attractive to these affluent knowledge workers (who often choose to rent for lifestyle reasons and due to a lack of home affordability) that we hope to convert into satisfied long-term residents.

We believe we have created an industry-leading operating platform and balance sheet to run our properties. Our employees are focused on delivering remarkable customer service to our residents so they will stay with us longer, be willing to pay higher rent for a great experience and will tell others about how much they love living in an Equity Residential property. We utilize technology and other innovative methods of engagement with our residents to foster relationships and community, improve the resident experience and operate our business more efficiently. We pair that with disciplined balance sheet management that enhances returns and value creation while maintaining flexibility to take advantage of future opportunities. We believe that our stakeholders value stability, liquidity, predictability and accountability and that is the mission to which we remain unwaveringly committed.

Demand to live in our apartment communities remains healthy and we believe that the long-term prospects for our business remain strong. Our business benefits from elevated single family home ownership costs which makes renting more attractive, positive household formation trends, residents choosing a rental lifestyle for greater flexibility in living arrangements and the overall deficit in housing across the country, especially in the areas in which we are investing. Our well-located communities provide an exceptional experience for our residents around dynamic cities that we believe will continue to attract long-term renters who are highly educated, well employed and earn high incomes.

Equity Residential is committed to creating communities where people thrive. We carry this, our corporate purpose, through our relationships with our customers, our employees, our shareholders and the communities in which we operate. It drives our commitments to sustainability, inclusion, the total wellbeing of our employees and being a responsible corporate citizen in the communities in which we operate.

Investment Strategy

The Company's long-term strategy is to invest in apartment properties located in strategically targeted markets with the goal of generating consistent and superior risk-adjusted total returns by balancing current cash flow generation with long-term capital appreciation. We seek to meet this goal by investing in markets that are characterized by conditions favorable to multifamily property operations over the long-term. Our multi-pronged investment strategy featuring acquisitions, new stand-alone and expansion developments, densifying developments and accretive renovations of existing properties is focused on optimizing and balancing our portfolio in terms of location, including between our Established Markets and Expansion Markets and between urban and suburban submarkets within those markets. The markets we focus on generally feature one or more of the following characteristics that allow us to drive performance:

- Large and diverse economic drivers. Our markets are some of the largest cities in the United States. They are markets that generally attract a variety of large and diverse industries and businesses. They include a number of submarkets that are attractive for long-term multifamily ownership and are positioned to capture future demand.
- **High costs of single family home ownership.** Elevated single family home ownership costs (large down payments, high interest rates, etc.), low for sale inventory and existing homeowners that are reluctant to sell given favorable locked-in financing all support renting in the long-term, especially in the markets in which we operate.
- Strong high quality job growth. Our markets attract and create high quality jobs that are often focused in growing areas of the knowledge-based economy. These jobs result in the significant presence and growth in renters that work in the highest earning sectors of the economy and are not rent-burdened, creating the ability to raise rents more readily in good economic times and reducing risk during downturns. Many of these workers are employed in the fields of Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics, or STEM jobs, as well as financial services, medical, legal and other higher-earning professions.
- **Significant apartment demand that meets new apartment supply.** We remain focused on owning and operating properties in markets and submarkets where the supply of apartments is met with strong demand. While at times supply and demand imbalances may occur, over the long-term we believe that the dynamics in our markets will support superior long-term returns.

We also focus on resiliency/environmental and regulatory issues when choosing which markets/submarkets in which to concentrate our investment efforts. We conduct climate resilience analyses and assess the regulatory climate to identify potential risks and opportunities as part of our due diligence process for new acquisitions and developments, as well as potential markets for portfolio expansion. Resiliency and regulatory issues also factor into our decisions to dispose of certain properties and/or exit certain submarkets.

We believe our strategy capitalizes on the preference of renters of all ages to live in the locations where we operate which typically are near transportation (both public transit and convenient highway access), entertainment, employment centers/universities and cultural and outdoor amenities. Furthermore, we believe that demand for rental housing will continue to be driven primarily through household formations from the younger segments of our population, particularly Generation Z, while retaining Millennials for longer, and to a lesser extent, capturing the aging Baby Boomer generation.

- Generation Z is approximately 70 million people born between 1997 and 2012. This cohort is entering prime renter age and is expected to continue to be an important source of demand.
- Millennials are individuals born between 1981 and 1996, totaling approximately 72 million people, and continue to be a significant portion of the renter population. They also tend to remain renters longer due to the high cost of single family home ownership, societal trends favoring delays in marriage and having children and caution around making large financial commitments during uncertain economic times.

• Baby Boomers, a demographic of more than 68 million people born between 1946 and 1964, also may trend toward apartment rentals as they downsize and select retirement living in vibrant cities.

The Company continues to allocate capital in order to optimize performance by balancing current cash flow growth with long-term capital appreciation. We have done so by adding Expansion Markets to our portfolio when certain submarkets in those markets meet many of the same characteristics listed above. Expansion into these markets includes investments in both urban and suburban properties in select submarkets and is generally being funded by reducing exposure to older or lower returning assets in selected Established Markets. We believe having a more balanced portfolio between urban and suburban and between our Established Markets and Expansion Markets, while remaining focused on serving a more financially resilient renter, will create the highest returns and lowest return volatility over time. Development also plays an important role in our capital allocation. Development activity is primarily focused on our strategic partnerships and joint ventures with third-party developers, as well as on our in-house redevelopment/densification of existing operating properties, located in both Established Markets and Expansion Markets. The Company remains committed to development as a driver of external growth but acknowledges its incremental risk, particularly in higher inflationary cost environments, when evaluating it as a method of expansion.

Competition

All of the Company's properties are located in developed areas with multiple housing choices, including other multifamily properties. The number of competitive housing choices or multifamily properties in a particular area could have a material effect on the Company's ability to lease apartment units at its properties and on the rents charged. The Company may be competing with other housing providers that have greater resources than the Company and whose managers have more experience than the Company's managers. In addition, other forms of rental properties and single family housing provide housing alternatives to potential residents of multifamily properties. See Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, for additional information with respect to competition.

Operations and Innovation

We attempt to balance occupancy and rental rates to maximize our revenue while exercising tight cost control to generate the highest possible cash flow generation to our shareholders. Our focus on operating efficiency and delivery of an exceptional resident living experience has driven strong Physical Occupancy and low Turnover while achieving strong renewal rate growth.

We have been and continue to be a leader in deploying and investing in property technology to serve our customers better and operate more efficiently. Having a history as a first mover in such important areas as online leasing, we are focused on technology that drives superior margins and improves customer experience. We use a standardized purchasing system to control our operating expenses and a business intelligence platform and other data analytics that allow our team members to quickly identify and address issues and opportunities. Many of these initiatives allow us to interact with our customers in a safe, responsible and convenient manner, including self-guided tours, automated responses to customer inquiries and enhanced service and maintenance management. While we believe areas such as "smart home" technology and others will provide the foundation for current and future improvements to how we do business, we will continue to consider the cost and longevity of technology capital investments and their benefits.

Our Commitment to Corporate Responsibility

At Equity Residential, corporate responsibility is integrated into every aspect of our business, as we aim to minimize environmental impact, manage climate and environmental risks and position the Company as an attractive investment. We prioritize robust governance and transparency, operating our assets efficiently, strategically and responsibly allocating capital and investing in innovative technologies and practices. We are focused on creating and maintaining a sustainable portfolio with properties that can withstand and adapt to the impacts of climate change, minimizing casualty loss risk and providing stable housing for our residents. We have a dedicated in-house team that initiates and applies sustainable practices in all aspects of our business, including investment activities, development, property operations and property management activities. Multifamily housing is one of the most environmentally-friendly uses of real estate, as each property provides homes for hundreds of families in a denser shared environment. We consider building locations based on walkability, accessibility, neighborhoods and communities. Our properties support amenities such as fitness centers and we select locations near retail shops, restaurants, outdoor amenities such as bike/running paths and health clubs, enabling a low carbon footprint lifestyle for our residents to live, work and play.

Equity Residential's sustainability program actively manages environmental impacts and utility costs through optimized, financially responsible capital investments and technologies. We methodically focus on energy, water, waste and emissions to advance the program's policies, targets and resilience outcomes as well as our shareholders' long-term financial interests. We believe that our approach will prepare us to operate in a low-carbon economy and drive long-term asset value while maintaining a commitment to good corporate citizenship and maximizing investment performance. Our expertise has shown that as real estate owners, developers and managers, we have the ability to make a positive impact on the environment while also enhancing our financial performance and strengthening our organization's sense of purpose.

As detailed below, we are committed to our employees' engagement, inclusion and wellness. We are committed to building a community where everyone belongs and diverse perspectives fuel creativity and innovation, shaping a workplace that is not only inclusive but also collaborative. We also recognize that a successful company must incorporate the best corporate governance practices to serve its stakeholders better. Consistent with the Company's purpose and commitment to corporate responsibility concepts in all aspects of its business, executive compensation includes a goal that focuses on corporate responsibility factors.

For additional information regarding our corporate responsibility efforts, see our 2024 Corporate Responsibility Report at our website, www.equityapartments.com, which includes third-party limited assurance covering some of the environmental metrics included in the report. The report was reviewed and approved by the Corporate Governance Committee of our Board of Trustees, which monitors the Company's ongoing corporate responsibility efforts. The Corporate Responsibility Report is not part of or incorporated into this report. Furthermore, our annual proxy statements contain additional information on our corporate responsibility efforts, including detailed information regarding our corporate governance practices. Such annual proxy statements and the information contained therein are not part of or incorporated into this report, except as otherwise provided herein.

Human Capital

Our commitment to Human Capital starts with a highly skilled Board of Trustees that reflects a diverse range of thought and perspective. At Equity Residential, our team of approximately 2,500 employees is the driving force behind our continued success. Employees can grow, innovate and contribute to our shared goals, including our purpose of "Creating communities where people thrive." This alignment of individual aspirations with our business goals creates a powerful partnership that drives innovation, excellence and lasting impact across our organization and industry. We believe it enhances employee job capabilities, advances our business and creates sustainable shareholder value.

Our approach focuses on engaging, motivating and rewarding employees, ensuring they feel valued and contribute their best. Built on a foundation of continuous learning and development, we have implemented programs that support career progression, enhance managerial capabilities and create a culture of collaboration and engagement. These efforts ensure that our workforce is well-prepared to meet today's challenges and equipped to lead the future.

Talent Development, Attraction and Retention

- To develop, attract and retain the best employees, we are committed to providing a total compensation package that is market-based, performance driven, fair and internally equitable.
- Our goal is to be competitive both within the general employment market and with our competitors in the real estate industry, with our strongest performers being paid more.
- Base pay is reviewed annually, along with Equity Residential's compensation framework. This process involves partnering
 with managers to create and update job descriptions that accurately reflect the duties, skills, experience and education
 required for each role. We then benchmark the Company's pay practices and budget as well as our job roles against thirdparty compensation surveys to determine the market value of each position.
- During the year-end performance evaluation process, managers review and calibrate compensation for their team members in an effort to ensure fairness in our pay practices, while recognizing and rewarding top talent to keep them motivated.
- We benefit from a diverse workforce, of which over 60% currently identify as ethnically diverse.
- We are committed to fostering a safe, inclusive and productive workplace for all employees. We believe our strength lies in our differences. By fostering a work environment built on respect, trust and collaboration, we create an exceptional experience where employees can bring their full selves to work and thrive in their careers.
- We actively work to expand the breadth of our talent pipeline at all levels, with an enhanced focus on mid-management and higher positions. We connect with emerging real estate talent in the communities we serve, sponsor internships and ensure educational opportunities are accessible to more students.

 We employ interns from universities nationwide and local colleges to provide pathways for students of various backgrounds interested in real estate.

Employee Engagement

- Employee engagement and experience are extremely important at Equity Residential. Our Employee Experience (EX) Survey measures employee engagement, manager effectiveness, trust and inclusion, among other components of the employee experience.
- Our 2024 engagement score of 77.4% favorability is very strong, especially given changes in employee expectations over the past several years. Our inclusion index score of 84.4% demonstrates significant employee favorability for our initiatives and a greater sense of belonging.
- We launched an Engagement Advisory Group dedicated to identifying opportunities to bolster our engagement scores and improve the employee experience by leveraging insights gleaned from our 2023 engagement survey.
- Executive leaders are assessed annually on leadership results on inclusion, engagement and manager completion of Ethics and Positive Workplace training, which for 2024 were measured by an employee experience survey and course completion rates.

Training and Development

- Our HR Transformation Learning & Development team is focused on driving innovation, connection and a culture of continuous growth. We work hand-in-hand with leaders and employees to create meaningful learning experiences that allow everyone to succeed. With tailored learning paths, we guide employees on personalized development journeys, helping them build the skills they need to thrive.
- Leadership development is a key focus, giving current and future leaders the tools to inspire, innovate and lead with impact. Whether it's hands-on workshops, virtual learning or self-paced programs, our team blends diverse approaches to meet evolving needs and elevate our organization to the next level.

Health, Total Rewards and Wellness

- Equity Residential empowers employees to thrive across physical, mental, financial, career, social and community dimensions of wellbeing. By fostering an environment where employees bring their best selves to work, we enable impactful contributions to our business, culture and communities, underscoring the connection between employee wellbeing and organizational success.
- Recognizing that one size does not fit all when supporting our employees, we offer a comprehensive and inclusive benefits package designed to meet a wide range of needs. Our programs include medical, dental and vision coverage; mental health and stress management resources; financial wellness tools; and support for proactive self-care. From addressing complex health conditions to providing resources for everyday wellbeing, we believe our benefits ensure every employee feels supported, balanced and able to thrive.
- To address the ongoing importance of mental health, we provide culturally competent and accessible resources, including educational tools, free access to an industry-leading meditation app for employees and their families, partnerships with virtual care providers and an Employee Assistance Program offering five free counseling sessions per year per presenting matter. These efforts focus on mindfulness, stress management and building resilience to enhance productivity and overall wellbeing.
- We prioritize proactive healthcare by covering 100% of preventive care for employees, a longstanding commitment that predates healthcare reform. We removed financial barriers to accessing affordable, life-saving medications, such as insulin, opioid overuse, asthma and severe allergic reaction medications, by eliminating out-of-pocket expenses for these medications within our medical plan. Our robust wellness program encourages ongoing healthy behaviors, rewards proactive health management and ensures accessible care for ongoing health needs and emergencies, fostering a balanced and healthy workforce.
- In 2024, we reimagined recognition, introducing popular digital recognition badges awarded at the peer-to-peer, manager-to-employee and officer-to-employee levels. We rebuilt our year-end awards program for all employees and added new governance, accountability and reporting layers to ensure compliance and equitable application. It was codified in a recognition playbook that informs and guides any employee on recognition and appreciation best practices.

- Financial benefits and resources help our employees manage their money better today, while preparing for financial milestones and retirement in the future. Financial peace of mind is at the core of these offerings, whether it's our generous 401(k) match, basic and supplemental insurance to ensure our loved ones and possessions are cared for, rent discounts at our properties or additional savings and investment options like our employee share purchase plan.
- When employees move up in skill and experience, so does Equity Residential. We encourage our employees to push the boundaries of their comfort zones and seek new challenges through several learning resources and courses. We actively promote from within, and many senior corporate and property leaders have risen from entry level or junior positions.
- We offer a number of benefits that foster social and community wellbeing, including paid time off to volunteer in our communities.
- Equity Residential continues to partner with Employees1st to provide financial relief via a crisis fund for employees struck by personal hardships or unforeseen disasters. The Company contributes funds to further support employees who experience unforeseen or catastrophic hardship. We are proud that this program allows yet another avenue for us to tangibly demonstrate a one team culture by ensuring that employees feel safe and supported during extreme circumstances.

Regulatory Considerations

See Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, for information concerning the potential effects of governmental regulations, including environmental regulations, on our operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

General

This Item 1A includes forward-looking statements. You should refer to our discussion of the qualifications and limitations on forward-looking statements included in Item 7, Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

The occurrence of the events discussed in the following risk factors could adversely affect, possibly in a material manner, our business, financial condition or results of operations, which could affect the value of our common shares of beneficial interest or preferred shares of beneficial interest (which we refer to collectively as "Shares"), Preference Units, OP Units, restricted units and our public unsecured debt. In this section, we refer to the Shares, Preference Units, OP Units, restricted units and public unsecured debt together as our "securities" and the investors who own such securities as our "security holders."

Risks Related to our Business Strategy

Investing in real estate is inherently subject to risks that could negatively impact our business.

Investing in real estate is subject to varying degrees and types of risk. While we seek to mitigate these risks through various strategies, including geographic diversification, market research and proactive asset management, among other techniques, these risks cannot be eliminated entirely. Factors that have in the past and may in the future impact cash flows and real estate values include, but are not limited to:

- Local economic conditions, particularly oversupply or reductions in demand;
- National, regional and local political and regulatory climates, governmental fiscal health and governmental policies;
- The inability or unwillingness of residents to pay rent increases;
- Increases in our operating expenses due to inflation, tariffs, immigration issues or other cost pressures;
- Cost and availability of labor and materials required to maintain our properties at acceptable standards;
- Availability of attractive financing opportunities;
- Changes in social preferences, demographics or migration patterns; and
- Additional risks that are discussed below.

The geographic concentration of our properties could have an adverse effect on our operations.

While the Company continues to diversify its portfolio with the addition of the Expansion Markets, the Company's properties are still predominantly concentrated in our Established Markets (generally within certain dense urban and suburban submarkets). If one or more of these markets is unfavorably impacted by specific geopolitical and/or economic conditions, local real estate conditions, increases in social unrest, increases in real estate and other taxes, reduced quality of life, deterioration of local or state government health, rent control or rent stabilization laws, other similar regulations, or localized environmental and climate issues, the impact of such conditions may have a more negative impact on our results of operations than if our properties were more geographically diverse. Additionally, to the extent that these markets or submarkets become less desirable to operate in, including changes in multifamily housing supply and demand, our results of operations could be more negatively impacted than if we were more diversified within our markets or invested in a greater number of markets.

Competition for housing may negatively affect operations and demand for the Company's properties or residents.

Our properties face competition for residents from other existing or new multifamily properties, condominiums, single family homes and other living arrangements, whether owned or rental, that may attract residents from our properties or prospective residents that would otherwise choose to live with us. As a result, we may not be able to renew existing resident leases or enter into new resident leases, or if we are able to renew or enter into new leases, they may be at rates or terms that are less favorable than our current rates or terms, resulting in a material impact on our results of operations.

Additionally, our properties face competition for residents as a result of innovations in technology and amenities. Therefore, we may not be able to retain residents or attract new residents if we are unable to identify and cost effectively implement new, relevant technologies/amenities and keep up with constantly changing resident demand for the latest innovations in these areas.

The short-term nature of apartment leases exposes us more quickly to the effects of declining market rents, potentially making our results of operations and cash flows more volatile.

Generally, our residential apartment leases are for twelve months or less. If the terms of the renewal or releasing are less favorable than current terms, then the Company's results of operations and financial condition could be negatively affected. Given our generally shorter-term lease structure, our rental revenues are impacted by declines in market rents more quickly than if our leases were for longer terms. In addition, operating expenses associated with each property, such as real estate taxes, insurance, utilities, maintenance costs and employee wages and benefits, may not decline at all or decline at the same rate as revenues when circumstances might cause a reduction of those revenues at our properties.

Because real estate investments are illiquid, we may not be able to sell properties when appropriate.

Real estate investments often cannot be sold quickly due to regulatory constraints, market conditions or otherwise. As a result, we may not be able to reconfigure our portfolio, including the diversification of our portfolio into the Expansion Markets, as promptly as desired or as quickly in response to changing economic or other conditions. We may also be unable to consummate dispositions in a timely manner, on attractive terms, or at all. The capitalization rates/disposition yields at which properties may be sold could also be higher than historic rates, thereby reducing our potential proceeds from sale. In some cases, we may also determine that we will not recover the carrying amount of the property upon disposition, potentially causing an impairment charge. This inability to reallocate our capital promptly could negatively affect our financial condition, including our ability to make distributions to our security holders.

Competition may prevent us from acquiring properties on favorable terms.

We may not be successful in pursuing acquisition and development opportunities. We expect that other real estate investors will compete with us for attractive investment opportunities or may also develop properties in markets where we focus our development and acquisition efforts. We may not be in a position or have the opportunity in the future to make suitable property acquisitions on favorable terms.

Operations from new acquisitions, development projects and renovations may fail to perform as expected.

We intend to actively acquire, develop and renovate multifamily operating properties as part of our business strategy. Newly acquired, developed or renovated properties may not perform as we expect. We may overestimate the revenue (or underestimate the expenses) that these new or repositioned properties may generate. The occupancy and rental rates at these properties may also fail to meet our expectations for these investments. Land parcels acquired for development may lose significant value prior to the start of construction. Development and renovations are subject to even greater uncertainties and risks due to the complexities and lead time to build or complete these projects. We may also underestimate the costs to complete a development property or to complete a renovation.

Additionally, we have and may in the future acquire large portfolios of properties or companies that could increase our size and result in alterations to our capital structure. We may be unable to integrate the operations or accurately assess the liabilities of newly acquired large portfolios or companies and realize the anticipated synergies and other benefits or do so within the anticipated time frame.

Furthermore, we have in the past and may in the future decide to invest in new markets outside of our existing Established Markets by acquiring and/or developing properties in accordance with the Company's long-term investment strategy. Our historical experience in our Established Markets does not ensure that we will be able to operate successfully in new markets, should we choose to enter them. Entering into new markets may expose us to a variety of risks, including an inability to accurately evaluate local market conditions and local economies, to identify appropriate acquisition and/or development opportunities, to hire and retain key personnel and a lack of familiarity with local governmental regulations.

Construction risks on our development projects could affect our profitability.

We intend to continue to develop multifamily properties through both wholly owned and joint venture arrangements as part of our business strategy. Development often includes long planning and entitlement timelines, subjecting the projects to changes in market conditions. It can involve complex and costly activities, including significant environmental remediation or construction work in our markets. We have experienced and may continue to experience an increase in costs due to general disruptions that affect the cost of labor and/or materials, such as supply chain disruptions, trade disputes, tariffs, immigration issues, labor unrest, geopolitical conflicts or other factors that create inflationary pressures. We may abandon opportunities that we have already begun to explore for a number of reasons, and as a result, we may fail to recover costs already incurred in exploring those opportunities, potentially causing an impairment charge. We may also be unable to obtain, or experience delays in obtaining, necessary zoning, occupancy, or other required governmental or third-party permits and authorizations. These and other risks inherent in development projects, including the joint venture risks noted below, could result in increased costs or the delay or abandonment of opportunities.

We are subject to risks involved in real estate activity through joint ventures.

We currently, and may continue to in the future, develop and acquire properties in joint ventures with unrelated third parties. Joint ventures create risks including the following:

- The possibility that our partners might refuse or be financially unable to make capital contributions when due or may fail to meet contractual obligations to cover development cost overruns and therefore we may be forced to make contributions to protect our investments;
- These projects generally use mortgage debt (including variable rate constructions loans) to finance their activities at a higher leverage level (and at a potentially higher cost due to higher variable rates) than how we finance the Company as a whole;
- We may be responsible to our partners for indemnifiable losses;
- Our partners might at any time have business, tax planning or economic goals that are inconsistent with ours;
- Our partners may be in a position to take action or withhold consent contrary to our recommendations, instructions or requests; and
- The possibility that our partner is either unable to or unwilling to complete their contractual development activities.

At times we have entered into agreements providing for joint and several liability with our partners. We have in the past and may in the future choose to guarantee part of or all of certain joint venture debt or to act as a lender to the joint venture itself. We and our respective joint venture partners may each have the right to trigger a buy-sell arrangement that could cause us to sell our interest, or acquire our partner's interest, at a time or price that is unfavorable to us. Each joint venture agreement is individually negotiated and our ability to operate, finance or dispose of properties and interests in such joint ventures in our sole discretion may be limited to varying degrees depending on the terms of the applicable joint venture agreement. To the extent we have commitments to, on behalf of or are dependent on any such off-balance sheet commitments, or if those commitments or their properties or leases are subject to material contingencies, our liquidity and financial condition could be adversely affected.

In some instances, our joint venture partners may also have competing interests or objectives that could create conflicts of interest similar to those noted above. These objectives may be contrary to our compliance with the REIT requirements, and our REIT status could be jeopardized if any of our joint ventures do not operate in compliance with those requirements. To the extent our partners do not meet their obligations to us or our joint ventures, or they take actions inconsistent with the interests of the joint venture, it could have a negative effect on our results of operations and financial condition, including distributions to our security holders.

We are subject to risks involved in activity through real estate technology and other real estate fund investments.

We have entered into, and may continue in the future to enter into, real estate technology and other real estate fund investments. Noncontrolling interests and passive investments are inherently risky because we have limited ability to influence business decisions. The managers of such investments have autonomy over the day-to-day operations of the business and may make business, financial or management decisions with which we do not agree or take risks or otherwise act in a manner that does not serve our interests. In addition, the market for the technologies or products these companies are developing are typically in the early stages and may not materialize to the expected scale, causing these companies to abandon, modify or alter their product, service or overall strategy. Further, there is no assurance that these companies can obtain additional capital or resources, generate sufficient cash flow to sustain operations and successfully execute their strategy or that their equity will become sufficiently liquid for us to effectively monetize our investment. The performance of these investments may also rely on the services of a limited number of key individuals, the loss of whom could significantly adversely affect such investments' performance. As a result, we may recognize an impairment of our investment or be unable to sell or otherwise monetize any of the investments we have acquired or may acquire in the future.

We are subject to risks related to our properties that are subject to ground leases.

We have entered into, and may continue in the future to enter into, long-term ground leases with respect to assets that may restrict our ability to finance, sell or otherwise transfer our interests in these properties, limit our use and expose us to loss of the properties if such agreements are breached by us or terminated. These restrictions may limit our ability to timely sell or exchange the properties, impair the properties' value or negatively impact our ability to operate the properties. In addition, as we get closer to the lease termination dates, the values of the properties could decrease if we are unable to agree upon an extension of the lease with the lessor. Certain of these ground leases have payments subject to annual escalations and/or periodic fair market value adjustments which could adversely affect our financial condition or results of operations.

We face certain risks related to our Non-Residential operating activities.

The Non-Residential space (includes retail and public parking garage operations) at our properties primarily serves as an additional amenity for our residents and neighbors. The longer-term nature of our Non-Residential leases (generally five to ten years with market based renewal options) and the characteristics of many of our Non-Residential tenants (generally small, local businesses) may subject us to certain risks. We may not be able to lease new space for rents that are consistent with our projections or for market rates. Also, when leases for our existing Non-Residential space expire or are otherwise terminated, the space may not be relet or the terms of reletting, including the cost of allowances and concessions to tenants, may be less favorable than the current lease terms. The presence of competitive alternatives and other market conditions (including online shopping) may affect our ability to lease our Non-Residential space and impact the level of rents we can obtain. If our Non-Residential tenants experience financial distress or bankruptcy, they may fail to comply with their contractual obligations, seek concessions, such as rent abatements and deferrals, in order to continue operations or cease their operations, any or all of which could lead us to record a non-cash write-off of a tenant's straight-line rent receivable (like we did in 2023 due to the Rite Aid bankruptcy) and could adversely impact our results of operations and financial condition.

The Company's real estate assets may be subject to impairment charges.

A decline in the fair value of our assets may require us to recognize an impairment against our assets under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") if we were to determine that, with respect to any assets in unrealized loss positions, we do not have the ability and intent to hold such assets for a period of time sufficient to allow for recovery of the depreciated cost of such assets. If such a determination were to be made, we would recognize unrealized losses through earnings and write-down the depreciated cost of such assets to a new cost basis, based on the fair value of such assets on the date they are considered to be impaired. Such impairment charges reflect non-cash losses at the time of recognition; subsequent disposition or sale of such assets could further affect our future losses or gains, as they are based on the difference between the sale price received and adjusted depreciated cost of such assets at the time of sale. If we are required to recognize material asset impairment charges, these charges could adversely affect our financial condition and results of operations.

Corporate responsibility, specifically related to sustainability efforts, may impose additional costs and expose us to new risks.

Corporate responsibility evaluations remain highly important to some investors and other stakeholders. Certain organizations that provide corporate governance and other corporate risk advisory services to investors have developed scores and ratings to evaluate companies and investment funds based upon corporate responsibility metrics. Many investors focus on corporate responsibility-related business practices and scores when choosing to allocate their capital and may consider a company's score as a reputational or other factor in making an investment decision. Government regulators' and investors' increased focus and activism related to corporate responsibility and similar matters may constrain our business operations or increase expenses or capital expenditures. In addition, investors may decide to refrain from investing in us as a result of their assessment of our approach to and consideration of corporate responsibility factors. We may face reputational damage in the event our corporate responsibility procedures or standards do not meet the standards set by various constituencies. In addition, the criteria by which companies are rated for their efforts may change, which could cause us to receive different scores than in previous years. Our rating could result in a negative perception of the Company, exclusion of our securities from consideration by certain investors who may elect to invest with our competition instead and/or cause investors to reallocate their capital away from the Company, all of which could have an adverse impact on the price of our securities.

Our various technology-related initiatives to improve our operating margins and customer experience may fail to perform as expected.

We have developed and may continue to develop initiatives that are intended to serve our customers better and operate more efficiently, including "smart home" technology and self-service options that are accessible to residents through smart devices or otherwise. Such initiatives have involved and may involve our employees having new or different responsibilities and processes with which they may be unfamiliar. We may incur significant costs and divert resources in connection with such initiatives, and these initiatives may not perform as expected, which could adversely affect our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

Risks Related to our Financing Strategy and Capital Structure

Disruptions in the financial markets could hinder our ability to obtain debt and equity financing and impact our acquisitions and dispositions.

Dislocations and disruptions in capital markets could result in increased costs or lack of availability of debt financing (including under our commercial paper program) and equity financing. This includes any disruptions that may occur as a result of the potential

privatization of the currently government sponsored organizations, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. Such events may affect our ability to refinance existing debt, require us to utilize higher cost alternatives and/or impair our ability to adjust to changing economic and business conditions. Capital market disruptions have and could continue to negatively impact our ability to make acquisitions or make it more difficult or not possible for us to sell properties or may unfavorably affect the price we receive for properties that we do sell. Such disruptions could cause the price of our securities to decline.

Changes in market conditions and volatility of share prices could decrease the market price of our Common Shares.

The stock markets, including the New York Stock Exchange on which we list our Common Shares, have experienced significant price and volume fluctuations over time, including in recent years. As a result, the market price of our Common Shares has been and could continue to be similarly volatile. Investors in our Common Shares consequently may experience a decrease in the value of their shares, including decreases due to this volatility and not necessarily related to our operating performance or prospects. Additionally, the market price of our Common Shares may decline or fluctuate significantly in response to the sale of substantial amounts of our Common Shares, or the anticipation of the sale of such shares, by large holders of our securities, as well as our inclusion or exclusion from stock indices. The issuance of additional Common Shares by the Company, or the perception that such issuances might occur, could also cause significant volatility and decreases in the value of our shares. Continuing high interest rates can also negatively impact the value of our Common Shares, not just through higher interest expense on our debt, but also as investors and markets discount our earnings more and/or assume slower growth in earnings.

Our financial counterparties may not perform their obligations.

Disruptions in financial and credit markets or other events could impair the ability of our counterparties to perform under their contractual obligations to us. There are multiple financial institutions that are individually committed to provide borrowings under our revolving credit facility and to pay us amounts due under various interest rate derivative agreements. Should any of these institutions fail to perform their obligations when contractually required, our financial condition could be adversely affected.

Rising interest rates can increase costs and impact the value of the Company's assets.

The Company is exposed to market risk from financial instruments primarily from changes in market interest rates. Such risks derive from the refinancing of debt at or prior to maturity, from exposure to interest rate fluctuations on floating rate debt and from derivative instruments utilized to swap fixed rate debt to floating rates or to hedge rates in anticipation of future debt issuances. Rising interest rates increased and may continue to increase our interest expense and the costs of refinancing existing debt. Higher interest rates also increased and could continue to increase capitalization rates, which may lead to reduced valuations of the Company's assets.

Failure to hedge effectively against interest rate changes may adversely affect our results of operations.

From time to time when we anticipate issuing debt securities, we may seek to limit our exposure to fluctuations in interest rates during the period prior to the pricing of the securities by entering into interest rate hedging contracts. Also, from time to time we may rely on interest rate hedging contracts to limit our exposure under variable rate debt to unfavorable changes in market interest rates. The settlement of interest rate hedging contracts may involve material charges. In addition, our use of interest rate hedging arrangements may expose us to additional risks, including a risk that a counterparty to a hedging arrangement may default on the contract. There can be no assurance that our hedging activities will be effective and have the desired beneficial impact on our results of operations or financial condition.

Insufficient cash flow could affect our ability to service existing debt and create refinancing risk.

We are subject to risks normally associated with debt financing, including the risk that our cash flow will be insufficient to meet required payments. We may not be able to refinance existing debt and if we can, the terms of such refinancing may be less favorable than the terms of existing indebtedness. Our inability to refinance, extend or repay debt with proceeds from other capital market transactions would negatively impact our financial condition. If the debt is secured, the mortgage holder may also foreclose on the property.

A significant downgrade in our credit ratings could adversely affect our performance.

A significant downgrade in our credit ratings, while not affecting our ability to draw proceeds under the Company's revolving credit facility, would cause the corresponding borrowing costs to increase, impact our ability to borrow secured and unsecured debt, and potentially impair our ability to access the commercial paper market or otherwise limit our access to capital. In addition, a downgrade below investment grade would likely cause us to lose access to the commercial paper market and would require us to post cash collateral

and/or letters of credit in favor of some of our secured lenders to cover our self-insured property and liability insurance deductibles or to obtain lower deductible insurance compliant with the lenders' requirements at the lower ratings level.

Financial covenants could limit operational flexibility and affect our overall financial position.

The terms of our credit agreements, including our revolving credit facility and the indentures under which a substantial portion of our unsecured debt was issued, require us to comply with a number of financial covenants. These covenants may limit our flexibility to run our business and breaches of these covenants could result in defaults under the instruments governing the applicable indebtedness and trigger a cross default of other debt.

Some of our properties are financed with tax-exempt bonds or otherwise contain restrictive covenants or deed restrictions, including affordability requirements, which limit income from certain properties. The Company monitors compliance with the restrictive covenants and deed restrictions that affect these properties. While we generally believe that the interest rate benefit from financing properties with tax-exempt bonds more than outweighs any loss of income due to restrictive covenants or deed restrictions, this may not always be the case. Some of these requirements are complex, and our failure to comply with them may subject us to material fines or liabilities.

We may change the dividend policy for our securities in the future.

The decision to declare and pay dividends on our securities, as well as the timing, amount and composition of any such future dividends, is at the discretion of the Board of Trustees and will depend on actual and projected financial conditions, the Company's actual and projected liquidity and operating results, the Company's projected cash needs for capital expenditures and other investment activities and such other factors as the Company's Board of Trustees deems relevant. The Board of Trustees may modify our dividend policy from time to time and any change in our dividend policy could negatively impact the market price of our securities.

Issuances or sales of our Common Shares or Units may be dilutive.

Any additional issuance of Common Shares (including those issued under our At-The-Market ("ATM") program) or Units would reduce the percentage of our Common Shares and Units owned by existing investors. In some circumstances, shareholders and unitholders will not be entitled to vote on whether or not we issue additional Common Shares or Units. In addition, depending on the terms and pricing of additional offerings of our Common Shares or Units along with the value of our properties, our shareholders and unitholders could experience dilution in both the book value and fair value of their Common Shares or Units, as well as dilution in our actual and expected earnings per share, funds from operations ("FFO") per share and Normalized FFO per share.

Regulatory and Tax Risks

The adoption of, or changes in, rent control or rent stabilization regulations and eviction restrictions could have an adverse effect on our operations and property values.

In part due to increasing pressure from advocacy groups, a growing number of state and local governments have enacted and may continue to consider enacting and/or expanding rent control, rent stabilization, eviction moratoriums or other regulations that restrict the methods and strategies by which we operate our business. In addition, the federal government has recently considered imposing rent regulations on multifamily properties secured by government-sponsored debt. These regulations specifically and/or effectively limit or could continue to limit our ability to raise rents or charge certain fees (either of which could have a retroactive effect), enforce residents' or tenants' contractual rent obligations or pursue collections, all of which could have an adverse impact on our operations and property values.

Compliance or failure to comply with regulatory requirements could result in substantial costs.

Our properties are subject to various federal, state and local regulatory requirements, such as state and local fire and life safety requirements, building and zoning codes, environmental and other related regulations, and federal, state and local accessibility requirements, including and in addition to those imposed by the Americans with Disabilities Act and the Fair Housing Act. Noncompliance could result in fines, subject us to lawsuits and require us to remediate or repair the noncompliance. Existing requirements could change and compliance with future requirements may require significant unanticipated expenditures that could adversely affect our financial condition or results of operations.

Further, laws and regulations at the federal, state and local level requiring climate-related disclosures, including the rules proposed by the SEC and the legislation recently enacted in the State of California, may increase compliance and data collection costs if and/or when such laws and regulations become effective.

Environmental problems are possible and can be costly.

Federal, state and local laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment may require current or previous owners or operators of real estate to investigate and clean up hazardous or toxic substances at such properties. The owner or operator may have to pay a governmental entity or third parties for property damage and for investigation and clean-up costs incurred by such parties in connection with the contamination. These laws typically impose clean-up responsibility and liability without regard to whether the owner or operator knew of or caused the presence of the contaminants. Even if more than one person may have been responsible for the contamination, each person covered by the environmental laws may be held responsible for all of the clean-up costs incurred. Third parties may also sue the owner or operator of a site for damages and costs resulting from environmental contamination emanating from that site. We cannot be assured that existing environmental assessments of our properties reveal all environmental liabilities, that any prior owner of any of our properties did not create a material environmental condition not known to us, or that a material environmental condition does not otherwise exist as to any of our properties.

Changes in U.S. accounting standards may materially and adversely affect the reporting of our operations.

The Company follows GAAP, which is established by the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), an independent body whose standards are recognized by the SEC as authoritative for publicly held companies. The FASB and the SEC create and interpret accounting standards and may issue new accounting pronouncements or change the interpretation and application of these standards that govern the preparation of our financial statements. These changes could have a material impact on our reported consolidated results of operations and financial position.

Any weaknesses identified in our internal control over financial reporting could result in a decrease of our share price.

Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 requires us to evaluate and report on our internal control over financial reporting. If we identify one or more material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, we could lose investor confidence in the accuracy and completeness of our financial reports, which in turn could have a negative impact on our share price.

Our failure to qualify as a REIT would have serious adverse consequences to our security holders.

We plan to continue to meet the requirements for taxation as a REIT. Many of these requirements, for which there is limited judicial and administrative interpretation, however, are highly technical and complex. Therefore, we cannot guarantee that we have qualified or will qualify as a REIT in the future. The determination that we are a REIT requires an analysis of various factual matters that may not be totally within our control. To qualify as a REIT, our assets must be substantially comprised of real estate assets as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), and related guidance and our gross income must generally come from rental and other real estate or passive related sources that are itemized in the REIT tax laws. We are also required to distribute to security holders at least 90% of our REIT taxable income excluding net capital gains.

If we fail to qualify as a REIT, we would be subject to U.S. federal income tax at regular corporate rates and would have to pay significant income taxes unless the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") granted us relief under certain statutory provisions. In addition, we would remain disqualified from taxation as a REIT for four years following the year in which we failed to qualify as a REIT. We would therefore have less money available for investments or for distributions to security holders and would no longer be required to make distributions to security holders. This would likely have a significant negative impact on the value of our securities.

In addition, we own and may in the future own additional interests in subsidiary entities that have elected or will elect to be taxed as REITs. As such, each must separately satisfy all of the requirements to qualify for REIT status. If a subsidiary REIT did not satisfy such requirements, and certain relief provisions did not apply, it would be taxed as a regular corporation and its income would be subject to U.S. federal income taxation. Failure to comply with these complex REIT rules at the subsidiary REIT level can have a material and detrimental impact to EQR's REIT status.

Gain on disposition of assets held for sale in the ordinary course of business is subject to 100% tax.

Any gain resulting from transfers of properties we hold as inventory or primarily for sale to customers in the ordinary course of business is treated as income from a prohibited transaction subject to a 100% penalty tax unless certain safe harbor exceptions set forth in the Code apply. We do not believe that our transfers or disposals of property are prohibited transactions. However, whether property is held for investment purposes is a question that depends on all the facts and circumstances surrounding the particular transaction. The IRS may contend that certain transfers or dispositions of properties by us or contributions of properties are prohibited transactions. While we believe the IRS would not prevail in any such dispute, if the IRS were to argue successfully that a transfer or disposition of property constituted a prohibited transaction, we would be required to pay a 100% penalty tax on any gain allocable to us from the prohibited transaction. In addition, income from a prohibited transaction might adversely affect our ability to satisfy the income tests for qualification as a REIT.

We may be subject to legislative or regulatory tax changes that could negatively impact our financial condition.

At any time, U.S. federal income tax laws governing REITs or impacting real estate or the administrative interpretations of those laws may be enacted or amended. We cannot predict if or when any new U.S. federal income tax law, regulation or administrative interpretation, or any amendment to any existing U.S. federal income tax law, IRS and U.S. Department of Treasury regulations or other administrative guidance, will be adopted or become effective and any such law, regulation or interpretation may take effect retroactively. The Company and our shareholders could be negatively impacted by any such change in, or any new, U.S. federal income tax law, regulations or administrative guidance.

Distribution requirements may limit our flexibility to manage our portfolio.

In order to maintain qualification as a REIT under the Code, a REIT must annually distribute to its shareholders at least 90% of its REIT taxable income, excluding the dividends paid deduction and net capital gains. To the extent the REIT does not distribute all of its net capital gain, or distributes at least 90%, but less than 100% of its REIT taxable income, it will be required to pay regular U.S. federal income tax on the undistributed amount at corporate rates. In addition, we will be subject to a 4% nondeductible excise tax on amounts, if any, by which distributions we pay in any calendar year are less than the sum of 85% of our ordinary income, 95% of our net capital gains and 100% of our undistributed income from prior years. We may not have sufficient cash or other liquid assets to meet the 90% distribution requirement. We may be required from time to time, under certain circumstances, to accrue as income for tax purposes interest and rent earned but not yet received. We may incur a reduction in tax depreciation without a reduction in capital expenditures. Difficulties in meeting the 90% distribution requirement might arise due to competing demands for our funds or due to timing differences between tax reporting and cash distributions, because deductions may be disallowed, income may be reported before cash is received, expenses may have to be paid before a deduction is allowed or because the IRS may make a determination that adjusts reported income. In addition, gain from the sale of property may exceed the amount of cash received on a leverage-neutral basis. A substantial increase to our taxable income may reduce the flexibility of the Company to manage its portfolio through dispositions of properties other than through tax deferred transactions, such as Section 1031 exchanges, or cause the Company to borrow funds or liquidate investments on unfavorable terms in order to meet these distribution requirements. If we do not dispose of our properties through tax deferred transactions, we may be required to distribute the gain proceeds to shareholders or pay income tax. If we fail to satisfy the 90% distribution requirement and are unable to cure the deficiency, we would cease to be taxed as a REIT, resulting in substantial tax-related liabilities.

We have a share ownership limit for REIT tax purposes.

To remain qualified as a REIT for U.S. federal income tax purposes, not more than 50% in value of our outstanding Shares may be owned, directly or indirectly, by five or fewer individuals at any time during the last half of any year. To facilitate maintenance of our REIT qualification, our Declaration of Trust, subject to certain exceptions, prohibits ownership by any single shareholder of more than five percent of the lesser of the number or value of any outstanding class of common or preferred shares (the "Ownership Limit"). Absent an exemption or waiver granted by our Board of Trustees, securities acquired or held in violation of the Ownership Limit will be transferred to a trust for the exclusive benefit of a designated charitable beneficiary, and the security holder's rights to distributions and to vote would terminate. A transfer of Shares may automatically be deemed void if it causes a person to violate the Ownership Limit. The Ownership Limit could delay or prevent a change in control and, therefore, could affect our security holders' ability to realize a premium over the then-prevailing market price for their Shares. To reduce the ability of the Board to use the Ownership Limit as an anti-takeover device, the Company's Ownership Limit requires, rather than permits, the Board to grant a waiver of the Ownership Limit if the individual seeking a waiver demonstrates that such ownership would not jeopardize the Company's status as a REIT.

Tax elections regarding distributions may impact future liquidity of the Company or our shareholders.

Under certain circumstances we have made and/or may consider making in the future, a tax election to treat certain distributions to shareholders made after the close of a taxable year as having been distributed during such closed taxable year. This election, which is provided for in the Code, may allow us to avoid increasing our dividends or paying additional income taxes in the current year. However, this could result in a constraint on our ability to decrease our dividends in future years without creating risk of either violating the REIT distribution requirements or generating additional income tax liability. In addition, the Company may be required to pay interest to the IRS based on such a distribution.

In order to retain liquidity and continue to satisfy the REIT distribution requirements, the Company could issue shares rather than pay a dividend entirely in cash to shareholders. The IRS has published several rulings which have allowed REITs to offer shareholders the choice between shares or cash as a form of payment of a dividend (an "elective stock dividend"). However, REITs are generally required to structure the cash component to be no less than 20% of the total dividend paid. Therefore, it is possible that the total tax burden to shareholders resulting from an elective stock dividend may exceed the amount of cash received by the shareholder.

Certain provisions of Maryland law could inhibit changes in control.

Certain provisions of Maryland law applicable to REITs prohibit "business combinations" (including certain issuances of equity securities) with any person who beneficially owns ten percent or more of the voting power of outstanding securities, or with an affiliate

who, at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question, was the beneficial owner of ten percent or more of the voting power of the Company's outstanding voting securities (an "Interested Shareholder"), or with an affiliate of an Interested Shareholder. These prohibitions last for five years after the most recent date on which the Interested Shareholder became an Interested Shareholder. After the five-year period, a business combination with an Interested Shareholder must be approved by two super-majority shareholder votes unless, among other conditions, holders of common shares receive a minimum price for their shares and the consideration is received in cash or in the same form as previously paid by the Interested Shareholder for its common shares.

General Risk Factors

Risk of Pandemics or Other Health Crises.

Pandemics, epidemics or other health crises or public emergencies have and could in the future disrupt our business. Both global and locally targeted health events could materially affect areas where our properties, corporate/regional offices or major service providers are located. These events have and could in the future have an adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, which could also heighten many of the other risks described elsewhere in this Item 1A, *Risk Factors*.

Significant inflation could negatively impact our business.

Substantial inflationary pressures can adversely affect us by disproportionately increasing the costs of land, materials, labor and other costs needed to operate our business. In a highly inflationary environment, we may not be able to raise rental rates at or above the rate of inflation, which could reduce our profit margins. If we are unable to increase our rental prices to offset the effects of inflation, our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition could be adversely affected. In addition, interest rate increases enacted to combat inflation have caused market disruption and could continue to prevent us from acquiring or disposing of assets on favorable terms or at all.

The occurrence of cyber incidents, or a deficiency in our cybersecurity, could negatively impact our business by causing a disruption to our operations, a compromise or corruption of our confidential information, and/or damage to our reputation and business relationships, all of which could negatively impact our financial results.

A cybersecurity incident is an unauthorized occurrence, or a series of related unauthorized occurrences, on or conducted through the Company's information systems that jeopardizes the confidentiality, integrity or availability of our information systems or any information residing therein. These events can include gaining unauthorized access to systems to disrupt operations, corrupt data or steal confidential information, including information regarding our residents, prospective residents, employees and employees' dependents.

Despite system redundancy, the implementation of security measures, required employee awareness training and the existence of a disaster recovery plan, our information technology systems, including those maintained by third-party vendors with which we do business, are vulnerable to damage and interruption from any number of sources beyond our control, including energy blackouts, natural disasters, terrorism, geopolitical events, telecommunication failures and cyber attacks. We face risks associated with security breaches, whether through cyber attacks or cyber intrusions over the Internet, malware, computer viruses, attachments to emails, phishing attempts, social engineering, ransomware or other scams, persons inside our organization or persons/vendors with access to our systems and other significant disruptions of our information technology networks and related systems, including property infrastructure. These risks have increased due to increased reliance on remote working and other electronic interactions with our current and prospective residents. Our information technology networks and related systems are essential to the operation of our business and our ability to perform day-today operations. We use these systems to manage our resident and vendor relationships, internal communications, accounting and recordkeeping systems and many other key aspects of our business. Our operations rely on the secure processing, storage and transmission of confidential and other information in our computer systems and networks, which also depend on the strength of our procedures and the effectiveness of our internal controls as well as those of vendors with whom we do business. Even the most well-protected information, networks, systems and facilities remain potentially vulnerable because the techniques used in such attempted security breaches evolve and generally are not recognized until launched against a target, and in some cases are designed not to be detected and, in fact, may not be detected. Accordingly, we may be unable to anticipate these techniques or to implement adequate security barriers or other preventative measures, and thus it is impossible for us to entirely mitigate this risk.

We may periodically collect and store personally identifiable information of our residents and prospective residents in connection with our leasing activities, and we may collect and store personally identifiable information of our employees and their dependents. In addition, we often engage third-party service providers that may have access to such personally identifiable information in connection with providing necessary information technology, security and other business services to us. Despite the fact that we monitor and perform a comprehensive review of businesses that we contract with that represent a cybersecurity risk to the organization, the systems of these third-party service providers may contain defects in design or other problems that could unexpectedly compromise personally

identifiable information or lead to other types of cyber breaches. Although we make efforts to maintain the security and integrity of our information technology networks and those of our third-party providers and we have implemented various measures to manage the risk of a security breach or disruption, there can be no assurance that our security efforts and measures will be effective or that attempted security breaches or disruptions would not be successful or damaging.

A breach or significant and extended disruption in the function of our systems, including our primary website, could damage our reputation and cause us to lose residents and revenues, result in a violation of applicable privacy and other laws, generate third-party claims, result in the unintended and/or unauthorized public disclosure or the misappropriation of proprietary, personally identifiable and confidential information and require us to incur significant expenses to address and remediate or otherwise resolve these kinds of issues. We may not be able to recover these expenses in whole or in any part from our service providers, our insurers or any other responsible parties. Our insurance coverage may not be sufficient to cover all losses related to cybersecurity incidents. As a result, there can be no assurance that our financial results would not be negatively impacted.

We are also subject to laws, rules, and regulations in the United States, such as the California Privacy Rights Act ("CPRA"), relating to the collection, use, and security of resident, tenant, employee and other data. Evolving compliance and operational requirements under the CPRA and the privacy laws of other jurisdictions in which we operate may impose significant costs that are likely to increase over time. Our failure to comply with laws, rules and regulations related to privacy and data protection could harm our business or reputation or subject us to fines and penalties.

Our business and operations rely on specialized information technology systems, the failure of or inadequacy of which could impact our business.

Our ability to identify, implement and maintain appropriate information technology systems differentiates and creates competitive advantages for us in the operations of our business. These systems often are developed and hosted by third-party vendors whom we rely upon for ongoing maintenance, upgrades and enhancements. While we maintain a rigorous process around selecting appropriate information technology systems and partnering with vendors, our failure to adequately do so could negatively impact our operations and competitive position.

Our approach to artificial intelligence may not be successful and could adversely affect our business.

We have incorporated and may continue to incorporate the use of generative artificial intelligence ("AI") within our business, and these solutions and features may become more important to our operations or to our future growth over time. Our research and development of AI remains ongoing. There can be no assurance that we will realize the desired or anticipated benefits, or any benefits, and we may fail to properly implement such technology. AI presents risks, challenges and unintended consequences that could affect our adoption and use of this technology. Our competitors or other third parties may incorporate AI in their business operations more quickly or more successfully than we do, which could impair our ability to compete effectively and adversely affect our results of operations. Additionally, the complex and rapidly evolving landscape around AI may expose us to claims, demands and proceedings by private parties and regulatory authorities and subject us to legal liability as well as reputational harm.

We depend on our key personnel.

We depend on the efforts of our trustees and executive officers. If one or more of them resign or otherwise cease to be employed by us, our business and results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected.

Litigation risk could affect our business.

We are involved and may continue to be involved in legal proceedings, claims, class actions, inquiries and governmental investigations in the ordinary course of business. These legal proceedings may include, but are not limited to, proceedings related to consumer, shareholder, securities, antitrust, employment, environmental, development, condominium conversion, tort, eviction and commercial legal issues. Litigation can be lengthy and expensive, and it can divert management's attention and resources. Results cannot be predicted with certainty, and an unfavorable outcome in litigation could result in liability material to our financial condition or results of operations. See Item 3, *Legal Proceedings*, for additional discussion.

Insurance policies can be costly and may not cover all losses, which may adversely affect our financial condition or results of operations.

The Company's property, general liability and workers compensation insurance policies provide coverage with substantial per occurrence deductibles and/or self-insured retentions. These self-insurance retentions can be a material portion of insurance losses in

excess of the base deductibles. While the Company has previously purchased incremental insurance coverage in the event of multiple non-catastrophic occurrences within the same policy year, these substantial deductible and self-insured retention amounts do expose the Company to greater potential for uninsured losses and this additional coverage may not be available at all or on commercially reasonable terms in the future. We believe the policy specifications and insured limits of these policies are adequate and appropriate; however, we may not always be able to place the desired amount of third-party coverage due to a significant increase in insurance premiums and deductibles or a decrease in the availability of coverage, a combination of which have exposed and could further expose the Company to uninsured losses. As a result, our financial results could be adversely affected and may vary significantly from period to period.

The Company relies on third-party insurance providers for its property, general liability, workers compensation and other insurance, and should any of them experience liquidity issues or other financial distress, it could negatively impact their ability to pay claims under the Company's policies.

Earthquake risk: Our policies insuring against earthquake losses have substantial deductibles which are applied to the values of the buildings involved in the loss. With the geographic concentration of our properties, a single earthquake affecting a market may have a significant negative effect on our financial condition and results of operations, as well as insurers' ability to pay claims. We cannot assure that an earthquake would not cause damage or losses greater than insured levels. In the event of a loss in excess of insured limits, we could lose our capital invested in the affected property or market, as well as anticipated future revenue.

Terrorism risk: The Company has terrorism insurance coverage which excludes losses from nuclear, biological and chemical attacks. In the event of a terrorist attack impacting one or more of our properties, we could lose the revenues from the property, our capital investment in the property and possibly face liability claims from residents or others suffering injuries or losses.

Catastrophic weather and natural disaster risk: Our properties may be located in areas that could experience catastrophic weather and other natural disasters from time to time, including wildfires, snow or ice storms, hail, windstorms or hurricanes, drought, flooding or other severe disasters. These severe weather and natural disasters could cause substantial damages or losses to our properties which may not be covered or could exceed our insurance coverage. Exposure to this risk could also result in a decrease in demand for properties located in these areas or affected by these conditions.

Climate change risk: To the extent that significant changes in the climate occur in areas where our properties are located, we may experience severe weather, which may result in physical damage to or decrease the demand for properties located in these areas or affected by these conditions. Should the impact of climate change be material in nature, significant property damage or destruction of our properties could result. Our financial condition or results of operations may be adversely affected. In addition, changes in federal, state and local legislation and regulation based on concerns about climate change could adversely impact the value of our properties or result in increased capital expenditures or operating expenses on our existing properties and our new development properties.

Provisions of our Declaration of Trust and Bylaws could inhibit changes in control.

Certain provisions of our Declaration of Trust and Bylaws may delay or prevent a change in control of the Company or other transactions that could provide the security holders with a premium over the then-prevailing market price of their securities or which might otherwise be in the best interest of our security holders. This includes the Ownership Limit described above. While our existing preferred shares/preference units do not have all of these provisions, any future series of preferred shares/preference units may have certain voting provisions that could delay or prevent a change in control or other transactions that might otherwise be in the interest of our security holders. Our Bylaws require certain information to be provided by any security holder, or persons acting in concert with such security holder, who proposes business or a nominee at an annual meeting of shareholders, including disclosure of information related to hedging activities and investment strategies with respect to our securities. These requirements could delay or prevent a change in control or other transactions that might otherwise be in the interest of our security holders. The Board of Trustees may use its powers to issue preferred shares and to set the terms of such securities to delay or prevent a change in control of the Company even if a change in control were in the interest of the security holders.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 1C. Cybersecurity

Risk management and strategy

We have an enterprise-wide information security program designed to protect our information systems from cybersecurity threats. We identify and assess risks from cybersecurity threats by monitoring and evaluating our digital assets and our risk profile using various methods. We monitor security events that are internally discovered or externally reported that may affect our systems and have processes and procedures to assess those events for potential cybersecurity impact or risk and consequently improve our security measures and planning. Additionally, we work with third parties from time to time that assist us in refining our cybersecurity risk strategy in order to identify, assess and manage cybersecurity risks, including professional services firms and consulting firms. We seek to detect and investigate unauthorized attempts and attacks against our network and services, and to minimize their occurrence and recurrence through changes or updates to our internal processes and tools and changes or updates to our services; however, we remain potentially vulnerable to known or unknown threats.

Our cybersecurity incident response processes are designed to escalate certain cybersecurity events to members of management depending on the circumstances. Key members of management, including representatives from information technology ("IT"), operations, legal, finance, risk management and internal audit, serve on the Company's senior security incident response team to help the Company mitigate and remediate cybersecurity incidents of which they are notified, and certain cybersecurity incidents are escalated to the Company's executives. In addition, the Company's incident response processes include potential reporting to the Audit Committee of our Board of Trustees for certain cybersecurity incidents.

We also have a third-party risk management program in place to manage cybersecurity risks associated with third-party service providers. While we do maintain processes and procedures to identify, prioritize and assess risks associated with third-party service providers, we must rely on third parties to augment our security program, and we cannot ensure in all circumstances that their efforts will be successful.

While to date we have not experienced a cybersecurity threat or incident that resulted in a material adverse impact to our business or operations, there can be no guarantee that we will not experience such an incident in the future. Any significant disruption to our systems could adversely affect our business and results of operations. Further, a cyber incident impacting our systems or a third-party's systems could subject us to business, regulatory, litigation and reputational risk, which could have a negative effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Notwithstanding the extensive approach we take to cybersecurity, we may not be successful in preventing or mitigating a cybersecurity incident that could have a material adverse effect on us. While we maintain cybersecurity insurance, the costs related to cybersecurity threats or disruptions may not be fully insured. See Item 1A, *Risk Factors*, for a discussion of cybersecurity risks.

Governance

Our Information Technology Security Team, under the oversight of our Senior Vice President and Chief Technology Officer and the leadership of our VP of IT Infrastructure and Security, is responsible for our overall information security strategy, policy, security engineering, operations and cyber threat detection and response. The Information Technology Security Team manages and continually enhances a robust enterprise security structure with the ultimate goal of minimizing cybersecurity incidents to the extent feasible, while simultaneously increasing our system resilience in an effort to minimize the business impact should an incident occur. Our Information Technology Security Team possesses decades of experience in navigating cybersecurity threats and mitigating associated risks as a result of holding similar positions at other large companies. Most members of the team hold degrees in cybersecurity and/or related disciplines, have cybersecurity certifications such as Certified Information Systems Security Professional (CISSP) and/or periodically attend various cyber-focused conferences and training programs. Specifically, our Senior Vice President and Chief Technology Officer and our VP of IT Infrastructure and Security combined have over 30 years of technology and cybersecurity experience. The team provides regular reports to senior management and affected departments on various cybersecurity threats, assessments and findings.

The Audit Committee of our Board of Trustees oversees our annual enterprise risk management assessment, where we assess key risks within the Company, including security and technology risks and cybersecurity threats. The Audit Committee oversees our ongoing cybersecurity risk management efforts and regularly receives detailed reports from representatives of our Information Technology Security Team addressing a wide range of related topics. At least annually, our IT leadership (and external cybersecurity experts if applicable) reviews key cybersecurity strategies and policies with the full Board of Trustees, including risk assessments, mitigation strategies, areas of emerging risks, incidents and industry trends and other areas of importance.

Item 2. Properties

As of December 31, 2024, the Company, directly or indirectly through investments in title holding entities, owned all or a portion of 311 properties located in 10 states and the District of Columbia consisting of 84,249 apartment units. See Item 1, *Business*, for additional information regarding the Company's properties and the markets/metro areas upon which we are focused. The Company's properties are summarized by building type in the following table:

			Average
Type	Properties	Apartment Units	Apartment Units
Garden	95	26,087	275
Mid/High-Rise	216	58,162	269
	311	84,249	271

Garden is generally defined as properties with two and/or three story buildings while mid/high-rise is generally defined as properties with greater than three story buildings. These two property types typically provide residents with amenities, such as rooftop decks and swimming pools, fitness centers and community rooms. In addition, many of our urban properties have non-residential components, such as parking garages and/or retail spaces.

The Company's properties are summarized by ownership type in the following table:

	Properties	Apartment Units
Wholly Owned Properties	295	80,331
Partially Owned Properties – Consolidated	12	2,656
Partially Owned Properties – Unconsolidated	4	1,262
	311	84.249

The following table sets forth certain information by market relating to the Company's properties at December 31, 2024:

Porti	folio Summary			
Markets/Metro Areas	Properties	Apartment Units	% of Stabilized Budgeted NOI	Average Rental Rate
Established Markets:				
Los Angeles	58	14,733	16.7%	7 7
Orange County	12	3,718	4.7%	2,949
San Diego	11	2,649	3.7%	3,189
Subtotal – Southern California	81	21,100	25.1%	2,974
Washington, D.C.	43	13,846	15.1%	2,788
San Francisco	40	11,315	14.8%	3,351
New York	34	8,536	14.1%	4,690
Boston	27	7,237	11.3%	3,643
Seattle	42	8,854	9.9%	2,636
Subtotal – Established Markets	267	70,888	90.3%	3,232
Expansion Markets:				
Denver	15	4,408	4.0%	2,369
Atlanta	14	4,356	3.1%	2,020
Dallas/Ft. Worth	12	3,855	2.3%	1,965
Austin	3	742	0.3%	1,754
Subtotal – Expansion Markets	44	13,361	9.7%	2,105
Total	311	84,249	100.0%	\$ 3,056

Note: Projects under development are not included in the Portfolio Summary until construction has been completed.

The following tables provide a rollforward of the apartment units included in Same Store Properties (please refer to the Definitions section in Item 7, *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*) and a reconciliation of apartment units included in Same Store Properties to those included in Total Properties for the year ended December 31, 2024:

	December 3	1, 2024
	Properties	Apartment Units
Same Store Properties at December 31, 2023	288	76,297
2021 acquisitions (not stabilized until 2022)	1	421
2022 acquisitions	1	172
2024 dispositions (1)	(13)	(2,598)
Lease-up properties stabilized (1)	4	986
Other	<u> </u>	21
Same Store Properties at December 31, 2024	281	75,299

	December 31, 2024				
	Properties	Apartment Units			
Same Store	281	75,299			
Non-Same Store:					
2024 acquisitions	18	5,373			
2023 acquisitions	4	1,183			
Properties removed from same store (2)	2	819			
Lease-up properties not yet stabilized (3)	5	1,574			
Other	1	1			
Total Non-Same Store	30	8,950			
Total Properties and Apartment Units	311	84,249			

Note: Properties are considered "stabilized" when they have achieved 90% Physical Occupancy for three consecutive months. Properties are included in same store when they are stabilized for all of the current and comparable periods presented.

(1) Includes one former third-party master-leased property which was stabilized and subsequently sold.

- (2) Consists of two properties which were removed from the same store portfolio as discussed further below:
 - a. Lorien Ivy (fka Laguna Clara) located in Santa Clara, CA containing 222 apartment units was removed from the same store portfolio in the second quarter of 2022 due to a major renovation and redevelopment project, including the demolition of 42 apartment units. As of December 31, 2024, the property had a Physical Occupancy of 95.9%. This property will not return to the same store portfolio until it is stabilized for all of the current and comparable periods presented, which has not yet occurred.
 - b. Pearl MDR located in Marina Del Rey, CA containing 597 apartment units was removed from the same store portfolio in the third quarter of 2022 due to a large scale re-piping and renovation project in which significant portions of the property are being taken offline for extended time periods. As of December 31, 2024, the property had a Physical Occupancy of 75.9%. This property will not return to the same store portfolio until it is stabilized for all of the current and comparable periods presented.
- (3) Consists of properties in various stages of lease-up and properties where lease-up has been completed but the properties were not stabilized for the comparable periods presented.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company's same store Physical Occupancy was 96.2% and its total portfolio-wide Physical Occupancy, which includes completed development properties in various stages of lease-up, was 96.0%. Certain of the Company's properties are encumbered by mortgages and additional detail can be found on Schedule III – Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation.

The properties in various stages of development and lease-up at December 31, 2024 are included in the following table:

Development and Lease-Up Projects as of December 31, 2024 (Amounts in thousands except for project and apartment unit amounts)												
Estimated/Actual												
Projects	Location	Ownership Percentage	No. of Apartment Units	Total Budgeted Capital Cost	Total Book Value to Date	Total Debt (1)	Percentage Completed	Start Date	Initial Occupancy	Completion Date	Stabilization Date	Percentage Leased / Occupied
CONSOLIDATED:												
Projects Under Development:												
Lorien (fka Laguna Clara II)	Santa Clara, CA	100%	225	\$ 152,621	\$ 140,939	s —	97%	Q2 2022	Q1 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2025	2% / -
The Basin	Wakefield, MA	95%	440	232,172	120,767	_	43%	Q1 2024	Q4 2025	Q3 2026	Q2 2027	-/-
Projects Under Development - Consolidated			665	384,793	261,706							
UNCONSOLIDATED:												
Projects Under Development:												
Alexan Harrison	Harrison, NY	62%	450	200,664	198,595	108,413	99%	Q3 2021	Q1 2024	Q1 2025	Q2 2026	67% / 62%
Solana Beeler Park	Denver, CO	90%	270	85,206	82,803	48,063	98%	Q4 2021	Q3 2024	Q2 2025	Q4 2025	19% / 15%
Modera Bridle Trails	Kirkland, WA	95%	369	185,282	66,603	_	19%	Q3 2024	Q2 2027	Q3 2027	Q4 2028	-/-
Modera South Shore	Marshfield, MA	95%	270	121,918	38,486	_	17%	Q3 2024	Q1 2026	Q4 2026	Q2 2027	-/-
Projects Under Development - Unconsolidated			1,359	593,070	386,487	156,476						
Projects Completed Not Stabilized:												
Alloy Sunnyside	Denver, CO	80%	209	70,004	69,277	35,815	100%	Q3 2021	Q2 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2025	40% / 31%
Remy (Toll)	Frisco, TX	75%	357	98,937	96,869	49,855	97%	Q1 2022	Q2 2024	Q4 2024	Q3 2025	68% / 64%
Sadie (fka Settler) (Toll)	Fort Worth, TX	75%	362	82,775	77,311	37,374	98%	Q2 2022	Q2 2024	Q4 2024	Q3 2025	60% / 55%
Lyle (Toll) (2)	Dallas, TX	75%	334	86,332	82,949	46,676	98%	Q3 2022	Q1 2024	Q4 2024	Q1 2026	60% / 55%
Projects Completed Not Stabilized - Unconsolidated			1,262	338,048	326,406	169,720						
Total Development Projects - Consolidated			665	384,793	261,706							
Total Development Projects - Unconsolidated			2,621	931,118	712,893	326,196						
Total Development Projects			3,286	\$ 1,315,911	\$ 974,599	\$ 326,196						

- (1) All unconsolidated projects are being partially funded with project-specific construction loans. None of these loans are recourse to the Company.
- (2) The land parcel under this project is subject to a long-term ground lease.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various pending and threatened legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company evaluates these litigation matters on an ongoing basis, but in no event less than quarterly, in assessing the adequacy of its accruals and disclosures. For legal proceedings in which it has been determined that a loss is both probable and reasonably estimable, the Company records new accruals and/or adjusts existing accruals that represent its best estimate of the loss incurred based on the facts and circumstances known at that time. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company's litigation accruals approximated \$42.4 million and \$17.1 million, respectively, and are included in other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Actual losses may differ materially from the amounts noted above and the ultimate outcome of these legal proceedings is generally not yet determinable. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company does not believe there is any litigation pending or threatened against it that, either individually or in the aggregate and inclusive of the matters accrued for as noted above, may reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company and its financial condition.

The Company has been named as a defendant in a number of cases filed in late 2022 and 2023 alleging antitrust violations by RealPage, Inc., a seller of revenue management software products, and various owners and/or operators of multifamily housing, including us, that have utilized these products. The complaints allege collusion among the defendants to illegally fix and inflate the pricing of multifamily rents and seek monetary damages, injunctive relief, fees and costs. All of the cases except for one have been consolidated into a single putative class action in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Tennessee. On December 28, 2023, motions to dismiss this consolidated action, filed by RealPage, Inc. as well as us and our multifamily co-defendants, were denied by the Court and the case is proceeding. Another case with similar allegations has been filed by the District of Columbia against RealPage, Inc. and a number of multifamily owners and/or operators, including us, and no assurance can be given that similar additional cases will not be filed in the future. We believe these various lawsuits are without merit and we intend to vigorously defend against them. As these proceedings are in the early stages, it is not possible for the Company to predict the outcome nor is it possible to estimate the amount of loss, if any, which may be associated with an adverse decision in any of these cases.

The Company is named as a defendant in a class action in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California filed in 2016 which alleges that the amount of late fees charged by the Company were improperly determined under California law. The plaintiffs are seeking monetary damages and other relief. On April 8, 2024, the Court issued certain findings of facts and conclusions of law that are adverse to the Company's legal position. At this time, the Company is continuing to defend the action. While the resolution of this matter cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company does not believe that the eventual outcome will have a material adverse effect on the Company and its financial condition.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Common Share/Unit Information (Equity Residential and ERP Operating Limited Partnership)

The Company's Common Shares trade on the New York Stock Exchange under the trading symbol EQR. There is no established public market for the Operating Partnership's Units (OP Units and restricted units). At February 6, 2025, the number of record holders of Common Shares was approximately 1,630 and 379,705,225 Common Shares were outstanding. At February 6, 2025, the number of record holders of Units in the Operating Partnership was approximately 450 and 391,519,896 Units were outstanding.

Unregistered Common Shares Issued in the Quarter Ended December 31, 2024 (Equity Residential)

During the quarter ended December 31, 2024, EQR issued 19,181 Common Shares in exchange for 19,181 OP Units held by various limited partners of ERPOP. OP Units are generally exchangeable into Common Shares on a one-for-one basis or, at the option of ERPOP, the cash equivalent thereof, at any time one year after the date of issuance. These shares were either registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), or issued in reliance on an exemption from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, as these were transactions by an issuer not involving a public offering. In light of the manner of the sale and information obtained by EQR from the limited partners in connection with these transactions, EQR believes it may rely on these exemptions.

Item 6. Reserved

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of the results of operations and financial condition of the Company and the Operating Partnership should be read in connection with the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto. Due to the Company's ability to control the Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries, the Operating Partnership and each such subsidiary entity has been consolidated with the Company for financial reporting purposes, except for any unconsolidated properties/entities. Capitalized terms used herein and not defined are as defined elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. In addition, please refer to the Definitions section below for various capitalized terms not immediately defined in this Item 7, *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*.

Forward-Looking Statements

Forward-looking statements are intended to be made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are based on current expectations, estimates, projections and assumptions made by management. While the Company's management believes the assumptions underlying its forward-looking statements are reasonable, such information is inherently subject to uncertainties and may involve certain risks, which could cause actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to differ materially from anticipated future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Many of these uncertainties and risks are difficult to predict and beyond management's control. Additional factors that might cause such differences are discussed in Part I of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, particularly those under Item 1A, *Risk Factors*. Forward-looking statements and related uncertainties are also included in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in this report. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance, results or events. The forward-looking statements contained herein are made as of the date hereof and the Company undertakes no obligation to update or supplement these forward-looking statements.

Overview

See Item 1, *Business*, for discussion regarding the Company's overview.

Business Objectives and Operating and Investing Strategies

See Item 1, Business, for discussion regarding the Company's business objectives and operating and investing strategies.

Results of Operations

2023 and 2024 Transactions

In conjunction with our business objectives and operating and investing strategies, the following table provides a rollforward of the transactions that occurred during the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2024:

Portfolio Rollforward (\$ in thousands)

		Properties	Apartment Units	Purchase Price	Acquisition Cap Rate
	12/31/2022	308	79,597		
Acquisitions:					
Consolidated Rental Properties		2	577	\$ 189,734	5.1 %
Consolidated Rental Properties – Not Stabilized		2	606	\$ 176,600	5.9 %
				Sales Price	Disposition Yield
Dispositions:					
Consolidated Rental Properties		(11)	(912)	\$ (379,893)	(5.5)%
Completed Developments – Consolidated		1	312		
Configuration Changes			11		
	12/31/2023	302	80,191		
				Purchase Price	Acquisition Cap Rate
Acquisitions:					
Consolidated Rental Properties		16	4,986	\$ 1,438,250	5.1 %
Consolidated Rental Properties – Not Stabilized		2	387	\$ 153,845	5.5 %
Unconsolidated Land Parcels		_	_	\$ 33,394	
				Sales Price	Disposition Yield
Dispositions:					
Consolidated Rental Properties		(13)	(2,598)	\$ (975,641)	(5.4)%
Completed Developments – Unconsolidated		4	1,262		
Configuration Changes			21		
	12/31/2024	311	84,249		

Acquisitions

- The consolidated properties acquired in 2023 are located in the Atlanta (3) and Denver markets;
- In 2023, the Company acquired its joint venture partner's 10.0% interest in a 200-unit apartment property located in the San Francisco market for \$4.6 million, of which the Company paid \$3.7 million in cash and ERPOP issued \$0.9 million of 3.00% Series Q Preference Units. The property is now wholly owned. The Company also repaid \$64.7 million of mortgage debt at par prior to maturity in conjunction with the buyout;
- The consolidated properties acquired in 2024 are located in the Atlanta (7), Boston, Dallas/Ft. Worth (5) and Denver (5) markets; and
- In 2024, the Company acquired its joint venture partner's 8.0% interest in a 312-unit apartment property located in the Washington, D.C. market for \$3.1 million in cash. The property is now wholly owned. The Company also repaid \$67.9 million of the joint venture construction mortgage debt during 2023.

Dispositions

• The consolidated properties disposed of in 2023 were located in the Los Angeles (8), Seattle (2) and San Francisco markets; and

• The consolidated properties disposed of in 2024 were located in the Boston, Orange County, San Francisco (3), Washington, D.C. (5), Seattle (2) and San Diego markets.

Developments

Consolidated:

- The Company stabilized one consolidated apartment property during 2023, located in the San Francisco market, consisting of 200 apartment units totaling approximately \$116.4 million of development costs;
- The Company completed construction on one consolidated apartment property during 2023, located in the Washington, D.C. market, consisting of 312 apartment units totaling approximately \$108.0 million of development costs;
- The Company spent approximately \$78.2 million during 2023, primarily for consolidated development projects;
- The Company commenced construction on one partially owned consolidated apartment property during 2024, located in the Boston market, consisting of 440 apartment units totaling approximately \$232.2 million of expected development costs;
- The Company stabilized one partially owned consolidated apartment property during 2024, located in the Washington, D.C. market, consisting of 312 apartment units totaling approximately \$106.0 million of development costs; and
- The Company spent approximately \$129.8 million during 2024, primarily for consolidated development projects.

• Unconsolidated:

- The Company entered into two separate unconsolidated joint ventures during 2023 for the purpose of developing vacant land parcels in the Boston and Seattle markets. The Company's total investment in these two joint ventures was approximately \$4.9 million as of December 31, 2023;
- The Company spent approximately \$42.8 million during 2023, primarily for unconsolidated development projects;
- The Company completed construction on four unconsolidated apartment properties during 2024, located in the Denver and Dallas/Ft. Worth (3) markets, consisting of 1,262 apartment units totaling approximately \$338.0 million of development costs;
- The Company spent approximately \$103.8 million during 2024, primarily for unconsolidated development projects;
- The Company previously entered into two separate unconsolidated joint ventures for the purpose of developing vacant land parcels in the Boston and Seattle markets. During 2024, the joint ventures acquired their respective land parcels for the total purchase price listed above. The Company commenced construction on these two apartment properties, which are expected to contain 639 total apartment units. Total expected development cost for these projects is \$307.2 million, and the Company's total investment in these two joint ventures is approximately \$90.9 million as of December 31, 2024.

See Notes 4 and 5 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion regarding the Company's real estate investments and investments in partially owned entities.

Comparison of the year ended December 31, 2024 to the year ended December 31, 2023

The following table presents a reconciliation of diluted earnings per share/unit for the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to the same period in 2023:

	Ended nber 31
Diluted earnings per share/unit for full year 2023	\$ 2.20
Property NOI	0.18
Interest expense	(0.04)
Corporate overhead (1)	(0.04)
Net gain/loss on property sales	0.68
Depreciation expense	(0.17)
Other	 (0.09)
Diluted earnings per share/unit for full year 2024	\$ 2.72

(1) Corporate overhead includes property management and general and administrative expenses.

The Company's primary financial measure for evaluating each of its apartment communities is net operating income ("NOI"). NOI represents rental income less direct property operating expenses (including real estate taxes and insurance). The Company believes that NOI is helpful to investors as a supplemental measure of its operating performance because it is a direct measure of the actual operating results of the Company's apartment properties.

The following tables present reconciliations of net income per the consolidated statements of operations to NOI, along with rental income, operating expenses and NOI per the consolidated statements of operations allocated between same store and non-same store/other results (amounts in thousands):

	Year Ended December 31,						
		2024		2023		\$ Change	% Change
Net income	\$	1,070,975	\$	868,488	\$	202,487	23.3 %
Adjustments:		•		,		,	
Property management		132,739		119,804		12,935	10.8 %
General and administrative		61,653		60,716		937	1.5 %
Depreciation		952,191		888,709		63,482	7.1 %
Net (gain) loss on sales of real estate properties		(546,797)		(282,539)		(264,258)	93.5 %
Interest and other income		(30,329)		(22,345)		(7,984)	35.7 %
Other expenses		74,051		29,419		44,632	151.7%
Interest:							
Expense incurred, net		285,735		269,556		16,179	6.0%
Amortization of deferred financing costs		7,834		8,941		(1,107)	(12.4)%
Income and other tax expense (benefit)		1,256		1,148		108	9.4%
(Income) loss from investments in unconsolidated entities		8,974		5,378		3,596	66.9 %
Total NOI	\$	2,018,282	\$	1,947,275	\$	71,007	3.6 %
Rental income:							
Same store	\$	2,823,418	\$	2,740,193	\$	83,225	3.0 %
Non-same store/other		156,690		133,771		22,919	17.1 %
Total rental income		2,980,108		2,873,964		106,144	3.7 %
Operating expenses:							
Same store		894,477		869,635		24,842	2.9 %
Non-same store/other		67,349		57,054		10,295	18.0 %
Total operating expenses		961,826		926,689		35,137	3.8 %
NOI:							
Same store		1,928,941		1,870,558		58,383	3.1 %
Non-same store/other		89,341		76,717		12,624	16.5 %
Total NOI	\$	2,018,282	\$	1,947,275	\$	71,007	3.6 %

See Note 16 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for our disclosure of reportable segments.

• The increase in same store rental income is primarily driven by good demand and modest supply across most of our markets.

- The increase in same store operating expenses is due primarily to:
 - Real estate taxes An \$11.2 million increase due to escalation in rates and assessed values including an approximately one percentage point contribution to growth from 421-a tax abatement burnoffs in New York City. Once the burnoffs are completed, previously rent-restricted apartment units will transition to market;
 - Other on-site operating expenses A \$3.4 million increase primarily driven by higher property-related legal expenses;
 - Insurance A \$3.3 million increase due to higher premiums on property insurance renewal due to conditions in the insurance market that while less difficult than recent years, remain challenging;
 - Utilities A \$3.4 million increase primarily driven by higher water, sewer and trash expense, partially offset by lower commodity prices for gas and electric; and
 - Repairs and maintenance A \$2.3 million increase primarily driven by higher minimum wage on contracted services, partially offset by lower resident Turnover compared to the same period of 2023.
- Non-same store/other NOI results consist primarily of properties acquired in calendar years 2023 and 2024, operations from the Company's development properties, other corporate operations and operations prior to disposition from 2023 and 2024 sold properties. The increase in NOI is primarily a result of the Company's net acquisition activity during 2024.
- The increase in consolidated total NOI is primarily a result of the Company's higher NOI from same store properties, largely due to improvement in same store revenues as noted above and the Company's continued focus on same store expense efficiency.

See the *Same Store Results* section below for additional discussion of those results. See the reconciliation table of net income per the consolidated statements of operations to NOI above for the dollar and percentage changes related to the comparison discussions provided below.

Property management expenses include off-site expenses associated with the self-management of the Company's properties as well as management fees paid to any third-party management companies. The increase during the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to 2023 is primarily attributable to increases in payroll-related costs, information technology expenses and legal and professional fees.

General and administrative expenses, which include corporate operating expenses, increased during the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to 2023, primarily due to increases in legal and professional fees and other public company costs, partially offset by decreases in payroll-related costs.

Depreciation expense increased during the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to 2023, primarily as a result of additional depreciation expense on properties acquired in 2023 and 2024 and development properties placed in service during 2023 and 2024, partially offset by lower depreciation from properties sold in 2023 and 2024.

Net gain on sales of real estate properties increased during the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to 2023, primarily as a result of a significantly higher dollar sales volume and the mix of properties sold in 2024 vs. 2023.

Interest and other income increased during the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to 2023, primarily due to a net increase in realized/unrealized gains on various investment securities, short-term investment income on restricted deposit accounts due to a higher rate environment and higher overall invested balances as well as insurance/litigation settlement proceeds received during 2024 that did not occur in 2023.

Other expenses increased during the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to 2023, primarily due to increases in litigation accruals and advocacy contributions, partially offset by decreases in data transformation project costs that occurred during 2023 but not during 2024.

Interest expense, including amortization of deferred financing costs, increased during the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to 2023, primarily due to higher overall debt balances outstanding and higher overall rates, partially offset by higher capitalized interest. The effective interest cost on all indebtedness, excluding debt extinguishment costs/prepayment penalties, for the year ended December 31, 2024 was 3.91% as compared to 3.82% in 2023. The Company capitalized interest of approximately \$14.5 million and \$12.3 million during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Loss from investments in unconsolidated entities increased during the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to 2023, primarily as a result of losses incurred on our unconsolidated development properties which recently started lease-up activities, partially offset by increases in net income of unconsolidated operating properties and a gain on sale of an unconsolidated operating property.

For comparison of the year ended December 31, 2023 to the year ended December 31, 2022, refer to Item 7, *Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*, included in the Company's and the Operating Partnership's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.

Same Store Results

Properties that the Company owned and were stabilized for all of both 2024 and 2023, which represented 75,299 apartment units, drove the Company's results of operations. Properties are considered "stabilized" when they have achieved 90% Physical Occupancy for three consecutive months.

The following table provides results and statistics related to our Residential same store operations for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023:

2024 vs. 2023 Same Store Residential Results/Statistics by Market

						Increase (E	ear	
Markets/Metro Areas	Apartment Units	2024 % of Actual NOI	2024 Average Rental Rate	2024 Weighted Average Physical Occupancy %	2024 Turnover	Average Rental Rate	Physical Occupancy	Turnover
Los Angeles	14,136	17.7% \$	\$ 2,933	95.6%	43.3%	2.5%	0.3%	(1.2%)
Orange County	3,718	5.3%	2,925	95.9%	38.2%	3.7%	(0.4%)	0.6%
San Diego	2,649	4.1%	3,167	95.9%	40.6%	3.5%	0.5%	(1.3%)
Subtotal - Southern California	20,503	27.1 %	2,962	95.7%	42.0%	2.9%	0.2%	(0.9%)
San Francisco	11,093	16.1%	3,326	96.1%	44.2%	1.1%	0.5%	(0.1%)
Washington, D.C.	13,534	15.9%	2,743	96.8%	40.7%	4.6%	0.0%	0.0%
New York	8,536	14.6%	4,640	97.3%	33.6%	3.0%	0.5%	(3.6%)
Boston	7,077	11.3%	3,615	96.0%	41.5%	3.6%	0.0%	(2.6%)
Seattle	8,853	10.2%	2,607	96.2%	45.2%	1.2%	1.0%	(3.1%)
Denver	2,505	2.6%	2,410	96.2%	54.9%	0.2%	(0.1%)	(3.2%)
Other Expansion Markets	3,198	2.2%	1,946	95.1%	56.9%	(2.2%)	0.3%	(1.0%)
Total	75,299	100.0 %	3,127	96.2%	42.5%	2.6%	0.3%	(1.5%)

Note: The above table reflects Residential same store results only. Residential operations account for more than 96.0% of total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2024.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company's operating business performed well, with healthy demand across most of our markets supported by a continuing solid job market, high employment levels and high wage growth among our target renter demographic. Competitive new supply was modest in our Established Markets, but has been elevated in our Expansion Markets. As expected, our East Coast markets were our best performers. On the West Coast, Seattle showed improvement, while San Francisco improved but at a more modest pace. Our Southern California markets (namely the city of Los Angeles) showed good demand but greater price sensitivity during the second half of 2024, though pricing started improving later in the year.

We continued to make progress in delinquent resident move-out activity, which reduced delinquencies in our portfolio. However, that progress was slower during 2024 than originally anticipated.

Activity in the transaction market was intermittent in 2024. However, we were able to source attractive opportunities to acquire properties in our Expansion Markets. We are excited to grow our portfolio and create operating scale in these markets as we execute on our strategy to optimize our portfolio allocation.

Overall, the fundamentals of our business are healthy. Long-term, we expect elevated single family home ownership costs, positive household formation trends, manageable competitive new supply in our Established Markets and moderating competitive new supply in our Expansion Markets. With an overall deficit in housing across the country, we believe our business is well positioned for the future. We also see our resident base as being resilient to economic uncertainty, including elevated inflation, due to higher levels of disposable income and lower relative rent-to-income ratios.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

With approximately \$2.0 billion in readily available liquidity, a strong balance sheet, limited near-term debt maturities, very strong credit metrics and ample access to capital markets, the Company believes it is well positioned to meet its future obligations and take advantage of opportunities. See further discussion below.

Statements of Cash Flows

The following table sets forth our sources and uses of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 (amounts in thousands):

	 December 31,							
	 2024		2023		2022			
Cash flows provided by (used for):								
Operating activities	\$ 1,573,607	\$	1,532,798	\$	1,454,756			
Investing activities	\$ (1,176,484)	\$	(409,504)	\$	107,792			
Financing activities	\$ (376,952)	\$	(1,120,471)	\$	(1,785,612)			

The following provides information regarding the Company's cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Operating Activities

Our operating cash flows are primarily impacted by NOI and its components, such as Average Rental Rates, Physical Occupancy levels and operating expenses related to our properties. Cash provided by operating activities for the year ended December 31, 2024 as compared to 2023 increased by approximately \$40.8 million primarily as a result of the NOI and other changes discussed above in *Results of Operations*.

Investing Activities

Our investing cash flows are primarily impacted by our transaction activity (acquisitions/dispositions), development spend and capital expenditures. For the year ended December 31, 2024, key drivers were:

- Acquired eighteen consolidated rental properties for approximately \$1.6 billion;
- Disposed of thirteen consolidated rental properties, receiving net proceeds of approximately \$960.4 million;
- Invested \$129.8 million primarily in consolidated development projects;
- Invested \$109.7 million primarily in unconsolidated development joint venture entities as well as unconsolidated investments in real estate technology funds/companies for various technology initiatives; and
- Invested \$301.4 million in capital expenditures to real estate presented in the table below.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, our actual capital expenditures to real estate included the following (amounts in thousands except for apartment unit and per apartment unit amounts):

Capital Expenditures to Real Estate For the Year Ended December 31, 2024

Total Consolidated Apartment Units	Same Store Properties 75,299	-	Non-Same Store Properties/Other 7,688	-	Total Consolidated Properties 82,987	Store Avg. artment Unit
Building Improvements	\$ 122,515	\$	12,781	(2)	\$ 135,296	\$ 1,627
Renovation Expenditures	100,456 ((1)	10,837	(2)	111,293	1,334
Replacements	51,026		3,819		54,845	678
Total Capital Expenditures to Real Estate	\$ 273,997	\$	27,437	_	\$ 301,434	\$ 3,639

- (1) Renovation Expenditures Amounts for 3,353 same store apartment units approximated \$30,000 per apartment unit renovated.
- (2) Includes expenditures for two properties that have been removed from same store while undergoing major renovations requiring a significant number of apartment units to be vacated to accommodate the extensive planned improvements. The renovation at one property was substantially completed in the second quarter of 2024, while the renovation of the other is ongoing and expected to continue into 2026.

Financing Activities

Our financing cash flows primarily relate to our borrowing activity (debt proceeds or repayment), distributions/dividends to shareholders/unitholders and other Common Share activity. For the year ended December 31, 2024, key drivers were:

- Issued Common Shares related to share option exercises and ESPP purchases and received net proceeds of \$26.5 million;
- Paid dividends/distributions on Common Shares, Preferred Shares, Units (including OP Units and restricted units) and noncontrolling interests in partially owned properties totaling approximately \$1.1 billion;
- Repurchased and retired 652,452 Common Shares, at a weighted average purchase price of \$58.95 per share, for an aggregate purchased amount of approximately \$38.5 million. See Note 3 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion;
- Repurchased and retired 402,500 Series K Preferred Shares/Preference Units with a liquidation value of approximately \$20.1 million for total cash consideration of approximately \$21.8 million, inclusive of premiums and accrued dividends through the redemption date. See Note 3 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion; and
- Issued \$600.0 million of ten-year 4.65% unsecured notes, receiving net proceeds of approximately \$598.0 million before underwriting fees, hedge termination costs and other expenses. The proceeds from this issuance were used to partially fund the Company's acquisition activity during 2024.

Short-Term Liquidity and Cash Proceeds

The Company generally expects to meet its short-term liquidity requirements, including capital expenditures related to maintaining its existing properties and scheduled unsecured note and mortgage note repayments, through its working capital, net cash provided by operating activities and borrowings under the Company's revolving credit facility and commercial paper program. Currently, the Company considers its cash provided by operating activities to be adequate to meet operating requirements and payments of distributions.

The following table presents the Company's balances for cash and cash equivalents, restricted deposits and the available borrowing capacity on its revolving credit facility as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 (amounts in thousands):

	Decen	nber 31, 2024	De	cember 31, 2023
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,302	\$	50,743
Restricted deposits	\$	97,864	\$	89,252
Unsecured revolving credit facility availability	\$	1,952,067	\$	2,086,585

Credit Facility and Commercial Paper Program

The Company has a \$2.5 billion unsecured revolving credit facility maturing on October 26, 2027. The Company has the ability to increase available borrowings by an additional \$750.0 million by adding lenders to the facility, obtaining the agreement of existing lenders to increase their commitments or incurring one or more term loans. The interest rate on advances under the facility will generally be the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus a spread (currently 0.725%), or based on bids received from the lending group, and the Company pays an annual facility fee (currently 0.125%). Both the spread and the facility fee are dependent on the Company's senior unsecured credit rating and other terms and conditions per the agreement. See Note 8 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion of the Company's credit facility.

The Company has an unsecured commercial paper note program under which it may borrow up to a maximum of \$1.5 billion (increased from \$1.0 billion as of December 18, 2024) subject to market conditions. The notes will be sold under customary terms in the United States commercial paper note market and will rank pari passu with all of the Company's other unsecured senior indebtedness.

The Company limits its utilization of the revolving credit facility in order to maintain liquidity to support its \$1.5 billion commercial paper program along with certain other obligations. The following table presents the availability on the Company's unsecured revolving credit facility as of February 6, 2025 (amounts in thousands):

	Feb	ruary 6, 2025
Unsecured revolving credit facility commitment	\$	2,500,000
Commercial paper balance outstanding		(425,000)
Unsecured revolving credit facility balance outstanding		_
Other restricted amounts		(3,438)
Unsecured revolving credit facility availability	\$	2,071,562

Dividend Policy

The Company declared a dividend/distribution for each quarter in 2024 of \$0.675 per share/unit, an annualized increase of 2.0% over the amount paid in 2023. All future dividends/distributions remain subject to the discretion of the Company's Board of Trustees.

Total dividends/distributions paid in January 2025 amounted to \$263.5 million (excluding distributions on Partially Owned Properties), which consisted of certain distributions declared during the quarter ended December 31, 2024.

Long-Term Financing and Capital Needs

The Company expects to meet its long-term liquidity requirements, such as lump sum unsecured note and mortgage debt maturities, property acquisitions and financing of development activities, through the issuance of secured and unsecured debt and equity securities (including additional OP Units), proceeds received from the disposition of certain properties and joint ventures, along with cash generated from operations after all distributions. The Company has a significant number of unencumbered properties available to secure additional mortgage borrowings should unsecured capital be unavailable or the cost of alternative sources of capital be too high. The value of and cash flow from these unencumbered properties are in excess of the requirements the Company must maintain in order to comply with covenants under its unsecured notes and line of credit. Of the \$30.0 billion in investment in real estate on the Company's balance sheet at December 31, 2024, \$26.8 billion or 89.4% was unencumbered. However, there can be no assurances that these sources of capital will be available to the Company in the future on acceptable terms or otherwise. For additional details, see Item 1A, *Risk Factors*.

EQR issues equity and guarantees certain debt of the Operating Partnership from time to time. EQR does not have any indebtedness as all debt is incurred by the Operating Partnership.

The Company's total debt summary schedule as of December 31, 2024 is as follows:

Debt Summary as of December 31, 2024 (\$ in thousands)

		Debt Balances	% of Total
Secured	\$	1,630,690	20.1%
Unsecured		6,491,055	79.9%
Total	\$	8,121,745	100.0%
Fixed Rate Debt:	_		
Secured – Conventional	\$	1,401,099	17.3%
Unsecured – Public		5,947,376	73.2%
Fixed Rate Debt		7,348,475	90.5%
Floating Rate Debt:			
Secured – Tax Exempt		229,591	2.8%
Unsecured – Revolving Credit Facility		_	_
Unsecured – Commercial Paper Program		543,679	6.7%
Floating Rate Debt		773,270	9.5%
Total	\$	8,121,745	100.0%

The following table summarizes the Company's debt maturity schedule as of December 31, 2024:

Debt Maturity Schedule as of December 31, 2024 (\$ in thousands)

Year	Fixed Rate	Floating Rate	Total	% of Total
2025	\$ 450,000	\$ 552,595 (1)	\$ 1,002,595	12.2%
2026	592,025	9,000	601,025	7.3%
2027	400,000	9,800	409,800	5.0%
2028	900,000	10,700	910,700	11.1%
2029	888,120	11,500	899,620	11.0%
2030	1,148,462	12,700	1,161,162	14.2%
2031	528,500	39,800	568,300	6.9%
2032	_	28,100	28,100	0.4%
2033	550,000	2,300	552,300	6.7%
2034	600,000	2,400	602,400	7.4%
2035+	1,350,850	106,200	1,457,050	17.8%
Subtotal	7,407,957	785,095	8,193,052	100.0%
Deferred Financing Costs and				
Unamortized (Discount)	(59,482)	(11,825)	(71,307)	N/A
Total	\$ 7,348,475	\$ 773,270	\$ 8,121,745	100.0%

(1) Includes \$544.5 million in principal outstanding on the Company's commercial paper program.

Interest expected to be incurred on the Company's secured and unsecured debt based on obligations outstanding at December 31, 2024, inclusive of capitalized interest, approximates \$225.4 million annually for the next five years, with total remaining obligations of approximately \$2.3 billion. For floating rate debt, the current rate in effect for the most recent payment through December 31, 2024 is assumed to be in effect through the respective maturity date of each instrument.

See Note 8 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion of debt at December 31, 2024. See also Notes 7 and 15 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional discussion of contractual obligations and commitments as of December 31, 2024.

Capital Structure

The Company's "Consolidated Debt-to-Total Market Capitalization Ratio" as of December 31, 2024 is presented in the following table. The Company calculates the equity component of its market capitalization as the sum of (i) the total outstanding Common Shares and assumed conversion of all Units at the equivalent market value of the closing price of the Company's Common Shares on the New York Stock Exchange and (ii) the liquidation value of all perpetual preferred shares outstanding.

Equity Residential Capital Structure as of December 31, 2024 (Amounts in thousands except for share/unit and per share amounts)

Secured Debt			\$ 1,630,690	20.1%	
Unsecured Debt			6,491,055	79.9%	
Total Debt			8,121,745	100.0%	22.4%
Common Shares (includes Restricted Shares)	379,475,383	97.0%			
Units (includes OP Units and Restricted Units)	11,543,773	3.0%			
Total Shares and Units	391,019,156	100.0%			
Common Share Price at December 31, 2024	\$ 71.76				
			28,059,535	99.9%	
Perpetual Preferred Equity			17,155	0.1%	
Total Equity			28,076,690	100.0%	77.6%
Total Market Capitalization			\$36,198,435		100.0%

The Operating Partnership's "Consolidated Debt-to-Total Market Capitalization Ratio" as of December 31, 2024 is presented in the following table. The Operating Partnership calculates the equity component of its market capitalization as the sum of (i) the total outstanding Units at the equivalent market value of the closing price of the Company's Common Shares on the New York Stock Exchange and (ii) the liquidation value of all perpetual preference units outstanding.

ERP Operating Limited Partnership Capital Structure as of December 31, 2024 (Amounts in thousands except for unit and per unit amounts)

Secured Debt		\$ 1,630,690	20.1%	
Unsecured Debt		6,491,055	79.9%	
Total Debt		8,121,745	100.0%	22.4%
Total Outstanding Units	391,019,156			
Common Share Price at December 31, 2024	\$ 71.76			
		28,059,535	99.9%	
Perpetual Preference Units		17,155	0.1%	
Total Equity		28,076,690	100.0%	77.6%
Total Market Capitalization		\$36,198,435	_	100.0%

Financial Flexibility

EQR and ERPOP currently have an active universal shelf registration statement for the issuance of equity and debt securities that automatically became effective upon filing with the SEC in May 2022 and expires in May 2025. Per the terms of ERPOP's partnership agreement, EQR contributes the net proceeds of all equity offerings to the capital of ERPOP in exchange for additional OP Units (on a one-for-one Common Share per OP Unit basis) or preference units (on a one-for-one preferred share per preference unit basis).

The Company has an ATM share offering program which allows EQR to issue Common Shares from time to time into the existing trading market at current market prices or through negotiated transactions, including under forward sale arrangements. The current program matures in May 2025 and gives us the authority to issue up to 13.0 million shares, all of which remain available for issuance as of February 6, 2025.

Forward sale agreements under the ATM program allow the Company, at its election, to settle the agreements by issuing Common Shares in exchange for net proceeds at the then-applicable forward sale price specified by the agreement or, alternatively, to settle the agreements in whole or in part through the delivery or receipt of Common Shares or cash. Issuances of shares under these forward sale agreements are classified as equity transactions. Accordingly, no amounts relating to the forward sale agreements are recorded in the consolidated financial statements until settlement occurs. Prior to any settlements, the only impact to the consolidated financial statements is the inclusion of incremental shares, if any, within the calculation of diluted net income per share using the treasury stock method (see Note 10 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements). The actual forward price per share to be received by the Company upon settlement will be determined on the applicable settlement date based on adjustments made to the initial forward price to reflect the then-current overnight federal funds rate and the amount of dividends paid to holders of the Company's Common Shares over the term of the forward sale agreement.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company repurchased and subsequently retired approximately \$38.5 million (652,452 shares at a weighted average price per share of \$58.95) of its Common Shares in the open market under its share repurchase program. Concurrent with these transactions, ERPOP repurchased and retired the same amount of OP Units previously issued to EQR. Prior to the share repurchase activity during the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company had the authority to repurchase up to 13.0 million Common Shares under its share repurchase program. As of February 6, 2025, EQR has remaining authorization to repurchase up to 12,347,548 of its shares.

We believe our ability to access the capital markets is enhanced by ERPOP's long-term senior debt ratings and short-term commercial paper ratings, as well as EQR's long-term preferred equity ratings. As of February 6, 2025, the ratings are as follows:

	Standard & Poor's	Moody's
ERPOP's long-term senior debt rating	A-	A3
ERPOP's short-term commercial paper rating	A-2	P-2
EQR's long-term preferred equity rating	BBB	Baa1

See Note 17 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for discussion of the events, if any, which occurred subsequent to December 31, 2024.

Inflation

Inflation primarily impacts our results of operations as a result of wage/payroll pressures, increases in utilities through escalation of commodity costs and increases in repair and maintenance costs through higher contractor costs. In addition, inflation could also impact the interest we pay on our floating rate debt and upon refinancing of fixed rate debt in a high-inflationary environment, our cost of capital and our cost of development, renovation and capital expenditure activities. However, the majority of our apartment leases have initial terms of 12 months or less, which generally enables us to compensate for inflationary effects by increasing rents on our apartment homes, subject to supply and demand conditions. Although an extreme or sustained escalation in costs could have a negative impact on our residents and their ability to absorb rent increases, we do not believe inflation had a material impact on our results of operations for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

Definitions

The definition of certain terms described above or below are as follows:

- Acquisition Capitalization Rate or Cap Rate NOI that the Company anticipates receiving in the next 12 months (or the year two or three stabilized NOI for properties that are in lease-up at acquisition) less an estimate of property management costs/management fees allocated to the project (generally ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% of revenues depending on the size and income streams of the asset) and less an estimate for in-the-unit replacement capital expenditures (generally ranging from \$100-\$450 per apartment unit depending on the age and condition of the asset) divided by the gross purchase price of the asset. The weighted average Acquisition Cap Rate for acquired properties is weighted based on the projected NOI streams and the relative purchase price for each respective property.
- Average Rental Rate Total Residential rental revenues reflected on a straight-line basis in accordance with GAAP divided by the weighted average occupied apartment units for the reporting period presented.
- Building Improvements Includes roof replacement, paving, building mechanical equipment systems, exterior siding and
 painting, major landscaping, furniture, fixtures and equipment for amenities and common areas, vehicles and office and
 maintenance equipment.
- Disposition Yield NOI that the Company anticipates giving up in the next 12 months less an estimate of property management costs/management fees allocated to the project (generally ranging from 2.0% to 4.0% of revenues depending on the size and income streams of the asset) and less an estimate for in-the-unit replacement capital expenditures (generally ranging from \$150-\$450 per apartment unit depending on the age and condition of the asset) divided by the gross sales price of the asset. The weighted average Disposition Yield for sold properties is weighted based on the projected NOI streams and the relative sales price for each respective property.
- Established Markets Includes Boston, New York, Washington, D.C., Seattle, San Francisco and Southern California (Los Angeles, Orange County and San Diego).
- Expansion Markets Includes Denver, Atlanta, Dallas/Ft. Worth and Austin.
- Leasing Concessions Reflects upfront discounts on both new move-in and renewal leases on a straight-line basis.
- Non-Residential Consists of revenues and expenses from retail and public parking garage operations.
- Non-Same Store Properties For annual comparisons, primarily includes all properties acquired during 2023 and 2024, plus any properties in lease-up and not stabilized as of January 1, 2023. Unless otherwise noted, includes both Residential and Non-Residential operations for these properties.
- Physical Occupancy The weighted average occupied apartment units for the reporting period divided by the average of total apartment units available for rent for the reporting period.
- Renovation Expenditures Apartment unit renovation costs (primarily kitchens and baths) designed to reposition these units for higher rental levels in their respective markets.
- Replacements Includes appliances, mechanical equipment, fixtures and flooring (including hardwood and carpeting).
- Residential Consists of multifamily apartment revenues and expenses.

- Same Store Properties For annual comparisons, primarily includes all properties acquired or completed that are stabilized prior to January 1, 2023, less properties subsequently sold. Properties are included in Same Store when they are stabilized for all of the current and comparable periods presented. Unless otherwise noted, includes both Residential and Non-Residential operations for these properties.
- % of Stabilized Budgeted NOI Represents original budgeted 2025 NOI for stabilized properties and projected annual NOI at stabilization (defined as having achieved 90% Physical Occupancy for three consecutive months) for properties that are in lease-up.
- Total Budgeted Capital Cost Estimated remaining cost for projects under development and/or developed plus all capitalized costs incurred to date, including land acquisition costs, construction costs, capitalized real estate taxes and insurance, capitalized interest and loan fees, permits, professional fees, allocated development overhead and other regulatory fees, plus any estimates of costs remaining to be funded for all projects, all in accordance with GAAP. Amounts for partially owned consolidated and unconsolidated properties are presented at 100% of the project.
- Turnover Total Residential move-outs (including inter-property and intra-property transfers) divided by total Residential apartment units.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to use judgment in the application of accounting policies, including making estimates and assumptions. If our judgment or interpretation of the facts and circumstances relating to various transactions had been different or different assumptions were made, it is possible that different accounting policies would have been applied, resulting in different financial results or different presentation of our financial statements.

The Company's significant accounting policies are described in Note 2 in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. These policies were followed in preparing the consolidated financial statements at and for the year ended December 31, 2024.

The Company has identified the significant accounting policies below as critical accounting policies. These critical accounting policies are those that have the most impact on the reporting of our financial condition and those requiring significant judgments and estimates. With respect to these critical accounting policies, management believes that the application of judgments and estimates is consistently applied and produces financial information that fairly presents the results of operations for all periods presented.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company evaluates its long-lived assets, including its investment in real estate, for indicators of impairment at least quarterly. The judgments regarding the existence of impairment indicators are based on factors such as operational performance, market conditions, legal, regulatory and environmental concerns, the Company's intent and ability to hold the related asset, as well as any significant cost overruns on development properties. Future events could occur which would cause the Company to conclude that impairment indicators exist and an impairment loss is warranted. Assessing impairment can be complex and involves a high degree of subjectivity in determining if indicators are present and in estimating the future undiscounted cash flows or the fair value of an asset. In particular, these estimates are sensitive to significant assumptions, including the estimation of future rental revenues, operating expenses, discount and capitalization rates and our intent and ability to hold the related asset, all of which could be affected by our expectations about future market or economic conditions. Assumptions are primarily subject to property-specific characteristics, especially with respect to our intent and ability to hold the related asset. While these property-specific assumptions can have a significant impact on the undiscounted cash flows or estimated fair value of a particular asset, our evaluation of the reported carrying values of long-lived assets during the current year were not particularly sensitive to external or market assumptions.

Acquisition of Investment Properties

The Company allocates the purchase price of properties that meet the definition of an asset acquisition to net tangible and identified intangible assets acquired based on their relative fair values using assumptions primarily based upon property-specific characteristics. In making estimates of relative fair values for purposes of allocating purchase price, the Company utilizes a number of sources, including independent appraisals that may be obtained in connection with the acquisition or financing of the respective property, our own analysis of recently acquired or developed and existing comparable properties in our portfolio and other market data. The Company also considers information obtained about each property as a result of its pre-acquisition due diligence, marketing and leasing activities in estimating the relative fair value of the tangible and intangible assets/liabilities acquired.

Funds From Operations and Normalized Funds From Operations

The following is the Company's and the Operating Partnership's reconciliation of net income to FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units and Normalized FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units for each of the three years ended December 31, 2024:

Funds From Operations and Normalized Funds From Operations (Amounts in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		2022
Net income	\$	1,070,975	\$	868,488	\$	806,995
Net (income) loss attributable to Noncontrolling						
Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(6,212)		(6,340)		(3,774)
Preferred/preference distributions		(1,613)		(3,090)		(3,090)
Premium on redemption of Preferred Shares/Preference Units		(1,444)		_		_
Net income available to Common Shares and Units / Units		1,061,706		859,058		800,131
Adjustments:						
Depreciation		952,191		888,709		882,168
Depreciation – Non-real estate additions		(3,791)		(4,268)		(4,306)
Depreciation – Partially Owned Properties		(2,132)		(2,130)		(2,640)
Depreciation – Unconsolidated Properties		7,191		2,860		2,898
Net (gain) loss on sales of unconsolidated entities - operating assets		(515)		_		(9)
Net (gain) loss on sales of real estate properties		(546,797)		(282,539)		(304,325)
Noncontrolling Interests share of gain (loss) on sales						
of real estate properties		1,857		2,336		_
FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units (1) (3) (4)		1,469,710		1,464,026		1,373,917
Adjustments:						
Write-off of pursuit costs		5,155		3,647		4,780
Debt extinguishment and preferred share/preference unit redemption						
(gains) losses		1,444		1,143		4,664
Non-operating asset (gains) losses		(16,311)		(13,323)		2,368
Other miscellaneous items		61,608		21,588		(13,901)
Normalized FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units (2) (3) (4)	\$	1,521,606	\$	1,477,081	\$	1,371,828
	_		_		_	
FFO (1) (3)	\$	1,472,767	\$	1,467,116	\$	1,377,007
Preferred/preference distributions	*	(1,613)		(3,090)		(3,090)
Premium on redemption of Preferred Shares/Preference Units		(1,444)		_		_
FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units (1) (3) (4)	\$	1,469,710	\$	1,464,026	\$	1,373,917
110 available to Common blades and office of City (1)	<u>Ψ</u>	1,100,710	Ψ	1,101,020	Ψ	1,575,717
Normalized FFO (2) (3)	\$	1,523,219	\$	1,480,171	\$	1,374,918
Preferred/preference distributions		(1,613)		(3,090)		(3,090)
Normalized FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units (2) (3) (4)	\$	1,521,606	\$	1,477,081	\$	1,371,828
	_					

- (1) The National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("Nareit") defines funds from operations ("FFO") (December 2018 White Paper) as net income (computed in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP")), excluding gains or losses from sales and impairment write-downs of depreciable real estate and land when connected to the main business of a REIT, impairment write-downs of investments in entities when the impairment is directly attributable to decreases in the value of depreciable real estate held by the entity and depreciation and amortization related to real estate. Adjustments for partially owned consolidated and unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures are calculated to reflect funds from operations on the same basis.
- (2) Normalized funds from operations ("Normalized FFO") begins with FFO and excludes:
 - the impact of any expenses relating to non-operating real estate asset impairment;
 - pursuit cost write-offs;
 - gains and losses from early debt extinguishment and preferred share/preference unit redemptions;
 - gains and losses from non-operating assets; and
 - other miscellaneous items.

- The Company believes that FFO and FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units are helpful to investors as supplemental measures of the operating performance of a real estate company, because they are recognized measures of performance by the real estate industry and by excluding gains or losses from sales and impairment write-downs of depreciable real estate and excluding depreciation related to real estate (which can vary among owners of identical assets in similar condition based on historical cost accounting and useful life estimates), FFO and FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units can help compare the operating performance of a company's real estate between periods or as compared to different companies. The Company also believes that Normalized FFO and Normalized FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units are helpful to investors as supplemental measures of the operating performance of a real estate company because they allow investors to compare the Company's operating performance to its performance in prior reporting periods and to the operating performance of other real estate companies without the effect of items that by their nature are not comparable from period to period and tend to obscure the Company's actual operating results. FFO, FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units, Normalized FFO and Normalized FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units do not represent net income, net income available to Common Shares / Units or net cash flows from operating activities in accordance with GAAP. Therefore, FFO, FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units, Normalized FFO and Normalized FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units should not be exclusively considered as alternatives to net income, net income available to Common Shares / Units or net cash flows from operating activities as determined by GAAP or as a measure of liquidity. The Company's calculation of FFO, FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units, Normalized FFO and Normalized FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units may differ from other real estate companies due to, among other items, variations in cost capitalization policies for capital expenditures and, accordingly, may not be comparable to such other real estate companies.
- (4) FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units and Normalized FFO available to Common Shares and Units / Units are calculated on a basis consistent with net income available to Common Shares / Units and reflects adjustments to net income for preferred distributions and premiums on redemption of preferred shares/preference units in accordance with GAAP. The equity positions of various individuals and entities that contributed their properties to the Operating Partnership in exchange for OP Units are collectively referred to as the "Noncontrolling Interests Operating Partnership may exchange their OP Units for Common Shares on a one-for-one basis.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company is exposed to market risk from financial instruments primarily from changes in interest rates. Such risks derive from the refinancing of debt maturities, from exposure to interest rate fluctuations on floating rate debt and from derivative instruments utilized to swap fixed rate debt to floating or to hedge rates in anticipation of future debt issuances. Our operating results are, therefore, affected by changes in short-term interest rates, primarily SOFR and Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association ("SIFMA") indices, which directly impact borrowings under our revolving credit facility and/or interest on secured and unsecured borrowings contractually tied to such rates. Short-term interest rates also indirectly affect the discount on notes issued under our commercial paper program. Additionally, we have exposure to long-term interest rates, particularly U.S. Treasuries, as they are utilized to price our long-term borrowings and therefore affect the cost of refinancing existing debt or incurring additional debt.

The Company monitors and manages interest rates as part of its risk management process, by targeting adequate levels of floating rate exposure and an appropriate debt maturity profile. From time to time, we may utilize derivative instruments to manage interest rate exposure and to comply with the requirements of certain lenders, but not for trading or speculative purposes.

The Company had total variable rate debt of \$0.8 billion, representing 9.5% of total debt, and \$0.6 billion, representing 8.7% of total debt, as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. If interest rates had been 100 basis points higher in 2024 and 2023 and average balances coincided with year end balances, our annual interest expense would have been \$7.7 million and \$6.4 million higher, respectively. Unsecured notes issued under the Company's commercial paper program are treated as variable rate debt for the purposes of this calculation even though they do not have a stated interest rate, given their short-term nature. The effect of derivatives, if applicable, is also considered when computing the total amount of variable rate debt.

Changes in interest rates also affect the estimated fair market value of our fixed rate debt, computed using a discounted cash flow model. As of December 31, 2024, the Company had total outstanding fixed rate debt of \$7.3 billion, or 90.5% of total debt, with an estimated fair market value of \$6.8 billion. If interest rates had been 100 basis points lower as of December 31, 2024, the estimated fair market value would have increased by approximately \$400.3 million. As of December 31, 2023, the Company had total outstanding fixed rate debt of \$6.7 billion, or 91.3% of total debt, with an estimated fair market value of \$6.2 billion. If interest rates had been 100 basis points lower as of December 31, 2023, the estimated fair market value would have increased by approximately \$411.2 million.

These amounts were determined by considering the impact of hypothetical interest rates on the Company's financial instruments. These analyses do not consider the effects of the changes in overall economic activity that could exist in such an environment. Further, in the event of changes of such magnitude, management would likely take actions to further mitigate its exposure to these changes. However, due to the uncertainty of the specific actions that would be taken and their possible effects, this analysis assumes no changes in the Company's financial structure or results.

The Company cannot predict the effect of adverse changes in interest rates on its debt and derivative instruments and, therefore, its exposure to market risk, nor can there be any assurance that long-term debt will be available at advantageous pricing. Consequently, future results may differ materially from the estimated adverse changes discussed above.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedule on page 6 of this Form 10-K.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Equity Residential

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures:

Effective as of December 31, 2024, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in its Exchange Act filings is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

(b) Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

Equity Residential's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act. Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework).

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can only provide reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Based on the Company's evaluation under the framework in Internal Control – Integrated Framework, management concluded that its internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2024. Our internal control over financial reporting has been audited as of December 31, 2024 by Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included herein.

(c) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

There were no changes to the internal control over financial reporting of the Company identified in connection with the Company's evaluation referred to above that occurred during the fourth quarter of 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

ERP Operating Limited Partnership

(a) Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures:

Effective as of December 31, 2024, the Operating Partnership carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Operating Partnership's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of EQR, of the effectiveness of the Operating Partnership's disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Operating Partnership in its Exchange Act filings is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms.

(b) Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

ERP Operating Limited Partnership's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as such term is defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Exchange Act. Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of EQR, management conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework).

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can only provide reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Based on the Operating Partnership's evaluation under the framework in Internal Control – Integrated Framework, management concluded that its internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2024. Our internal control over financial reporting has been audited as of December 31, 2024 by Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included herein.

(c) Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting:

There were no changes to the internal control over financial reporting of the Operating Partnership identified in connection with the Operating Partnership's evaluation referred to above that occurred during the fourth quarter of 2024 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting.

Item 9B. Other Information

During the quarter ended December 31, 2024, no trustee or officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as each term is defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K.

Item 9C. Disclosure Regarding Foreign Jurisdictions that Prevent Inspections

Not applicable.

PART III

Items 10, 11, 12, 13 and 14.

Trustees, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance; Executive Compensation; Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters; Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Trustee Independence; and Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by Item 10, Item 11, Item 12 (with the exception of the *Equity Compensation Plan Information* provided below), Item 13 and Item 14 is incorporated by reference to, and will be contained in, Equity Residential's Proxy Statement, which the Company intends to file no later than 120 days after the end of its fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, and thus these items have been omitted in accordance with General Instruction G(3) to Form 10-K. Equity Residential is the general partner and 97.0% owner of ERP Operating Limited Partnership.

Equity Compensation Plan Information

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2024 with respect to the Company's Common Shares that may be issued under its existing equity compensation plans.

			Number of securities remaining available
Pl. C.	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options,	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants	for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities
Plan Category	warrants and rights	and rights	in column (a))
	(a) (1)	(b) (1)	(c) (2)
Equity compensation plans approved by shareholders	3,873,648	\$64.91	9,908,235
Equity compensation plans not approved by shareholders	N/A	N/A	N/A

- (1) The amounts shown in columns (a) and (b) of the above table do not include 413,099 outstanding Common Shares (all of which are restricted and subject to vesting requirements) that were granted under the Company's 2019 Share Incentive Plan, as amended (the "2019 Plan"), and outstanding Common Shares that have been purchased by employees and trustees under the Company's ESPP.
- (2) Includes 7,554,970 Common Shares that may be issued under the 2019 Plan and 2,353,265 Common Shares that may be sold to employees and trustees under the ESPP.

On June 27, 2019, the shareholders of EQR approved the Company's 2019 Plan and the Company filed a Form S-8 registration statement to register 11,331,958 Common Shares under this plan. As of December 31, 2024, 7,554,970 shares were available for future issuance. The 2019 Plan expires on June 27, 2029.

Any Common Shares issued pursuant to EQR's incentive equity compensation and employee share purchase plans will result in ERPOP issuing OP Units to EQR on a one-for-one basis, with ERPOP receiving the net cash proceeds of such issuances.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibit and Financial Statement Schedules

- (a) The following documents are filed as part of this Report:
- (1) Financial Statements: See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedule on page 6 of this Form 10-K.
- (2) Exhibits: See the Exhibit Index.
- (3) Financial Statement Schedules: See Index to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedule on page 6 of this Form 10-K.

Item 16. Form 10-K Summary

None.

EXHIBIT INDEX

The exhibits listed below are filed as part of this report. References to exhibits or other filings under the caption "Location" indicate that the exhibit or other filing has been filed, that the indexed exhibit and the exhibit referred to are the same and that the exhibit referred to is incorporated by reference. The Commission file numbers for our Exchange Act filings referenced below are 1-12252 (Equity Residential) and 0-24920 (ERP Operating Limited Partnership).

Exhibit	Description	Location
3.1	Articles of Restatement of Declaration of Trust of Equity Residential dated December 9, 2004.	Included as Exhibit 3.1 to Equity Residential's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2004.
3.2	Ninth Amended and Restated Bylaws of Equity Residential, effective September 19, 2024.	Included as Exhibit 3.1 to Equity Residential's Form 8-K dated September 19, 2024, filed on September 24, 2024.
3.3		Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated March 18, 2021, filed on March 24, 2021.
3.4	Form of Preference Unit Term Sheet for 3.00% Series Q Cumulative Redeemable Preference Units.	Included as Exhibit 3.1 to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated April 13, 2023, filed on April 19, 2023.
4.1	Description of Equity Residential Common Shares Registered Under Section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.	Attached herein.
4.2		Included as Exhibit 4.2 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.
4.3		Included as Exhibit 4.3 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.
4.4	Indenture, dated October 1, 1994, between the Operating Partnership and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as successor trustee ("Indenture").	Included as Exhibit 4(a) to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form S-3 filed on October 7, 1994. **
4.5	First Supplemental Indenture to Indenture, dated as of September 9, 2004.	Included as Exhibit 4.2 to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K, filed on September 10, 2004.
4.6	Second Supplemental Indenture to Indenture, dated as of August 23, 2006.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated August 16, 2006, filed on August 23, 2006.
4.7	Third Supplemental Indenture to Indenture, dated as of June 4, 2007.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated May 30, 2007, filed on June 1, 2007.
4.8	Fourth Supplemental Indenture to Indenture, dated as of December 12, 2011.	Included as Exhibit 4.2 to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated December 7, 2011, filed on December 9, 2011.
4.9	Fifth Supplemental Indenture to Indenture, dated as of February 1, 2016.	Included as Exhibit 4.6 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2015.
4.10	Form of 3.375% Note due June 1, 2025.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated May 11, 2015, filed on May 13, 2015.
4.11	Terms Agreement regarding 7.57% Notes due August 15, 2026.	Included as Exhibit 1 to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K, filed on August 13, 1996.
4.12	Form of 2.850% Note due November 1, 2026.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated October 4, 2016, filed on October 7, 2016.
4.13	Form of 3.250% Note due August 1, 2027.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated July 31, 2017, filed on August 2, 2017.
4.14	Form of 3.500% Note due March 1, 2028.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated February 1, 2018, filed on February 6, 2018.
4.15	Form of 4.150% Note due December 1, 2028.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated November 28, 2018, filed on November 29, 2018.
4.16	Form of 3.000% Note due July 1, 2029.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated June 17, 2019, filed on June 20, 2019.

4.17	Form of 2.500% Note due February 15, 2030.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated August 20, 2019, filed on August 22, 2019.
4.18	Form of 1.850% Note due August 1, 2031.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated August 3, 2021, filed on August 5, 2021.
4.19	Form of 4.650% Note due September 15, 2034.	Included as Exhibit 4.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated September 9, 2024, filed on September 10, 2024.
4.20	Form of 4.500% Note due July 1, 2044.	Included as Exhibit 4.2 to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated June 16, 2014, filed on June 18, 2014.
4.21	Form of 4.500% Note due June 1, 2045.	Included as Exhibit 4.2 to ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated May 11, 2015, filed on May 13, 2015.
4.22	Form of 4.000% Note due August 1, 2047.	Included as Exhibit 4.2 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated July 31, 2017, filed on August 2, 2017.
10.1	* Equity Residential Executive Severance Plan.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated December 12, 2024, filed on December 18, 2024.
10.2		Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated October 26, 2022, filed on October 27, 2022.
10.3	Amended and Restated Limited Partnership Agreement of Lexford Properties, L.P.	Included as Exhibit 10.16 to Equity Residential's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999.
10.4	* Equity Residential 2019 Share Incentive Plan.	Included as Exhibit 99.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated June 27, 2019, filed on July 1, 2019.
10.5	* Equity Residential 2011 Share Incentive Plan.	Included as Exhibit 99.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated June 16, 2011, filed on June 22, 2011.
10.6	* First Amendment to 2011 Share Incentive Plan.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2012.
10.7	* Second Amendment to 2011 Share Incentive Plan.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013.
10.8	* Third Amendment to 2011 Share Incentive Plan.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2014.
10.9	* Fourth Amendment to 2011 Share Incentive Plan.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014.
10.10	* Fifth Amendment to 2011 Share Incentive Plan.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2016.
10.11	* Sixth Amendment to 2011 Share Incentive Plan.	Included as Exhibit 10.18 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016.
10.12	* Seventh Amendment to 2011 Share Incentive Plan.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017.
10.13	* Form of 2022 Long-Term Incentive Plan Award Agreement.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2022.
10.14	* Form of Change in Control/Severance Agreement between the Company and other executive officers.	Included as Exhibit 10.13 to Equity Residential's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2001.

10.15	* Form of First Amendment to Amended and Restated Change in Control/Severance Agreement with each executive officer.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2009.
10.16	* Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and each trustee and executive officer.	Included as Exhibit 10.18 to Equity Residential's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003.
10.17	* Form of Executive Retirement Benefits Agreement.	Included as Exhibit 10.24 to Equity Residential's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.
10.18	* Age 62 Retirement Agreement, dated September 4, 2018, by and between Equity Residential and David J. Neithercut.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2018.
10.19	* The Equity Residential Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan as Amended and Restated effective April 1, 2017.	Included as Exhibit 10.2 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017.
10.20	* Amendment to the Equity Residential Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, effective as of June 1, 2020.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2020.
10.21	* Amendment to the Equity Residential Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, effective as of October 1, 2022.	Included as Exhibit 10.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2022.
10.22	* The Equity Residential Grandfathered Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan as Amended and Restated effective January 1, 2005.	Included as Exhibit 10.2 to Equity Residential's Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2008.
10.23	Distribution Agreement, dated May 18, 2022.	Included as Exhibit 1.1 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated and filed on May 18, 2022.
10.24	Form of Master Forward Sale Confirmation.	Included as Exhibit 1.2 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated and filed on May 18, 2022.
10.25	Archstone Residual JV, LLC Limited Liability Company Agreement.	Included as Exhibit 10.3 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated February 27, 2013, filed on February 28, 2013.
10.26	Archstone Parallel Residual JV, LLC Limited Liability Company Agreement.	Included as Exhibit 10.4 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated February 27, 2013, filed on February 28, 2013.
10.27	Archstone Parallel Residual JV 2, LLC Limited Liability Company Agreement.	Included as Exhibit 10.5 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated February 27, 2013, filed on February 28, 2013.
10.28	Legacy Holdings JV, LLC Limited Liability Company Agreement.	Included as Exhibit 10.6 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 8-K dated February 27, 2013, filed on February 28, 2013.
19	Equity Residential Securities Trading Policy.	Attached herein.
21	List of Subsidiaries of Equity Residential and ERP Operating Limited Partnership.	Attached herein.
23.1	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP - Equity Residential.	Attached herein.
23.2	Consent of Ernst & Young LLP - ERP Operating Limited Partnership.	Attached herein.
24	Power of Attorney.	See the signature page to this report.
31.1	Equity Residential - Certification of Mark J. Parrell, Chief Executive Officer.	Attached herein.
31.2	Equity Residential - Certification of Robert A. Garechana, Chief Financial Officer.	Attached herein.
31.3	ERP Operating Limited Partnership - Certification of Mark J. Parrell, Chief Executive Officer of Registrant's General Partner.	Attached herein.
31.4	ERP Operating Limited Partnership - Certification of Robert A. Garechana, Chief Financial Officer of Registrant's General Partner.	Attached herein.
32.1	Equity Residential - Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley	Attached herein.

104	Linkbase Documents. Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).	
101.INS 101.SCH	Inline XBRL Instance Document – the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document. Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema With Embedded	
97	Incentive-Based Compensation Clawback Policy.	Included as Exhibit 97 to Equity Residential's and ERP Operating Limited Partnership's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023.
32.4	ERP Operating Limited Partnership - Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, of Robert A. Garechana, Chief Financial Officer of Registrant's General Partner.	Attached herein.
32.3	ERP Operating Limited Partnership - Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, of Mark J. Parrell, Chief Executive Officer of Registrant's General Partner.	Attached herein.
32.2	Equity Residential - Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, of Robert A. Garechana, Chief Financial Officer of the Company.	Attached herein.
	Act of 2002, of Mark J. Parrell, Chief Executive Officer of the Company.	

^{*}Management contracts and compensatory plans or arrangements filed as exhibits to this report are identified by an asterisk.

^{**}Filed on paper – hyperlink is not required pursuant to Rule 105 of Regulation S-T.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, each registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL

By: /s/ Mark J. Parrell

Mark J. Parrell

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: February 13, 2025

ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP BY: EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ITS GENERAL PARTNER

By: /s/ Mark J. Parrell

Mark J. Parrell

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: February 13, 2025

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL MEN/WOMEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below, hereby constitutes and appoints Mark J. Parrell, Robert A. Garechana and Ian S. Kaufman, or any of them, his or her attorneys-in-fact and agents, with full power of substitution and resubstitution for him or her in any and all capacities, to do all acts and things which said attorneys and agents, or any of them, deem advisable to enable the company to comply with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and any requirements or regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission in respect thereof, in connection with the company's filing of an annual report on Form 10-K for the company's fiscal year 2024, including specifically, but without limitation of the general authority hereby granted, the power and authority to sign his or her name as a trustee or officer, or both, of the company, as indicated below

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of each registrant and in the capacities set forth below and on the dates indicated:

opposite his or her signature, to the Form 10-K, and any amendment thereto; and each of the undersigned does hereby fully ratify and confirm all that said attorneys and agents, or any of them, or the substitute of any of them, shall do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Name	Title	Date
/s/ Mark J. Parrell Mark J. Parrell	President, Chief Executive Officer and Trustee (Principal Executive Officer)	February 13, 2025
/s/ Robert A. Garechana Robert A. Garechana	Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)	February 13, 2025
/s/ Ian S. Kaufman Ian S. Kaufman	Senior Vice President and Chief Accounting Officer (Principal Accounting Officer)	February 13, 2025
/s/ Angela M. Aman Angela M. Aman	_ Trustee	February 13, 2025
/s/ Linda Walker Bynoe Linda Walker Bynoe	_ Trustee	February 13, 2025
/s/ Mary Kay Haben Mary Kay Haben	Trustee	February 13, 2025
/s/ Ann C. Hoff Ann C. Hoff	Trustee	February 13, 2025
/s/ Tahsinul Zia Huque Tahsinul Zia Huque	Trustee	February 13, 2025
/s/ Nina P. Jones Nina P. Jones	Trustee	February 13, 2025
/s/ John E. Neal John E. Neal	Trustee	February 13, 2025
/s/ David J. Neithercut David J. Neithercut	_ Chairman of the Board of Trustees	February 13, 2025
/s/ Mark S. Shapiro Mark S. Shapiro	Trustee	February 13, 2025
/s/ Stephen E. Sterrett Stephen E. Sterrett	Trustee	February 13, 2025

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and the Board of Trustees of Equity Residential

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Equity Residential (the Company) as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a) (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework), and our report dated February 13, 2025 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective or complex judgments. The communication of the critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Description of the Matter

At December 31, 2024, the Company's net investment in real estate was approximately \$19.6 billion. As more fully described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company periodically evaluates its long-lived assets, including its investment in real estate, net, for impairment. The judgments and assumptions regarding the existence of impairment indicators are based on factors such as operational performance, market conditions, legal, regulatory and environmental concerns, the Company's intent and ability to hold the related asset, as well as any significant cost overruns on development properties.

Auditing the Company's process to evaluate indicators of impairment was complex due to a high degree of subjectivity in the identification of events or changes in circumstances that may indicate impairment was present. Changes in these judgments could have a material impact on the Company's analysis.

How We Addressed the Matter in Our Audit We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over the Company's long-lived asset impairment evaluation, including controls over management's determination and review of the significant assumptions used in the analyses described above.

We performed audit procedures that included, among others, evaluating the judgments used by management to identify whether indicators of impairment were present and testing the significant assumptions and completeness and accuracy of market and operating data used by the Company in its analyses. We reviewed costs incurred on development properties. We compared the significant assumptions used by management to current market data and performed sensitivity analyses of certain significant assumptions, such as market capitalization rates. We also held discussions with management and read the minutes of meetings of the Board of Trustees and related committees to understand whether there were any changes in management's operating and development plans that would result in the disposal of a property significantly before the end of its useful life.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP ERNST & YOUNG LLP

We have served as the Company's auditor since 1996.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Partners of ERP Operating Limited Partnership

Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of ERP Operating Limited Partnership (the Operating Partnership) as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, changes in capital and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a) (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Operating Partnership at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework), and our report dated February 13, 2025 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

These financial statements are the responsibility of the Operating Partnership's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Operating Partnership's financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Operating Partnership in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Critical Audit Matter

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that: (1) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the financial statements and (2) involved our especially challenging, subjective or complex judgments. The communication of the critical audit matter does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Description of the Matter

At December 31, 2024, the Operating Partnership's net investment in real estate was approximately \$19.6 billion. As more fully described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Operating Partnership periodically evaluates its long-lived assets, including its investment in real estate, net, for impairment. The judgments and assumptions regarding the existence of impairment indicators are based on factors such as operational performance, market conditions, legal, regulatory and environmental concerns, the Operating Partnership's intent and ability to hold the related asset, as well as any significant cost overruns on development properties.

Auditing the Operating Partnership's process to evaluate indicators of impairment was complex due to a high degree of subjectivity in the identification of events or changes in circumstances that may indicate impairment was present. Changes in these judgments could have a material impact on the Operating Partnership's analysis.

How We Addressed the Matter in Our Audit We obtained an understanding, evaluated the design and tested the operating effectiveness of controls over the Operating Partnership's long-lived asset impairment evaluation, including controls over management's determination and review of the significant assumptions used in the analyses described above.

We performed audit procedures that included, among others, evaluating the judgments used by management to identify whether indicators of impairment were present and testing the significant assumptions and completeness and accuracy of market and operating data used by the Operating Partnership in its analyses. We reviewed costs incurred on development properties. We compared the significant assumptions used by management to current market data and performed sensitivity analyses of certain significant assumptions, such as market capitalization rates. We also held discussions with management and read the minutes of meetings of the Board of Trustees and related committees to understand whether there were any changes in management's operating and development plans that would result in the disposal of a property significantly before the end of its useful life.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP ERNST & YOUNG LLP

We have served as the Operating Partnership's auditor since 1996.

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Shareholders and the Board of Trustees of Equity Residential

Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited Equity Residential's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) (the COSO criteria). In our opinion, Equity Residential (the Company) maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Company as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a) and our report dated February 13, 2025 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

The Company's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and trustees of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP ERNST & YOUNG LLP

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

To the Partners of ERP Operating Limited Partnership

Opinion on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We have audited ERP Operating Limited Partnership's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on criteria established in Internal Control – Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (2013 framework) (the COSO criteria). In our opinion, ERP Operating Limited Partnership (the Operating Partnership) maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2024, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB), the consolidated balance sheets of the Operating Partnership as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income, changes in capital and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(a) and our report dated February 13, 2025 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

Basis for Opinion

The Operating Partnership's management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Operating Partnership's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit. We are a public accounting firm registered with the PCAOB and are required to be independent with respect to the Operating Partnership in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Definition and Limitations of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and trustees of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP ERNST & YOUNG LLP

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Amounts in thousands except for share amounts)

	Γ	December 31, 2024	1	December 31, 2023
ASSETS	Φ.	5 (0) 521	Φ.	5 501 076
Land	\$	5,606,531	\$	5,581,876
Depreciable property		24,039,412		22,938,426
Projects under development		261,706		78,036
Land held for development Investment in real estate		63,142		114,300
		29,970,791		28,712,638
Accumulated depreciation		(10,412,463)		(9,810,337)
Investment in real estate, net		19,558,328		18,902,301
Investments in unconsolidated entities		386,531		282,049
Cash and cash equivalents		62,302		50,743
Restricted deposits		97,864		89,252
Right-of-use assets		455,445		457,266
Other assets		273,706		252,953
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	20,834,176	\$	20,034,564
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Liabilities:				
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$	1,630,690	\$	1,632,902
Notes, net		5,947,376		5,348,417
Line of credit and commercial paper		543,679		409,131
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		99,347		87,377
Accrued interest payable		74,176		65,716
Lease liabilities		304,897		311,640
Other liabilities		310,559		272,596
Security deposits		75,611		69,178
Distributions payable		263,494		259,231
Total liabilities		9,249,829		8,456,188
Commitments and contingencies				
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership		338,563		289,248
Equity:				
Shareholders' equity:				
Preferred Shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par value;				
100,000,000 shares authorized; 343,100 shares issued and				
outstanding as of December 31, 2024 and 745,600 shares issued				
and outstanding as of December 31, 2023		17,155		37,280
Common Shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par value; 1,000,000,000 shares authorized; 379,475,383 shares issued		,		,
and outstanding as of December 31, 2024 and 379,291,417		2.705		2.702
shares issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023		3,795		3,793
Paid in capital		9,611,826		9,601,866
Retained earnings		1,407,570		1,437,185
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		4,214		5,704
Total shareholders' equity		11,044,560		11,085,828
Noncontrolling Interests:				
Operating Partnership		201,942		202,306
Partially Owned Properties		(718)		994
Total Noncontrolling Interests		201,224		203,300
Total equity		11,245,784		11,289,128
Total liabilities and equity	\$	20,834,176	\$	20,034,564

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Amounts in thousands except per share data)

	Year Ended December 31,					
	_	2024		2023		2022
REVENUES						
Rental income	<u>\$</u>	2,980,108	\$	2,873,964	\$	2,735,180
EXPENSES						
Property and maintenance		529,737		514,575		483,865
Real estate taxes and insurance		432,089		412,114		388,412
Property management		132,739		119,804		110,304
General and administrative		61,653		60,716		58,710
Depreciation		952,191		888,709		882,168
Total expenses		2,108,409		1,995,918		1,923,459
Net gain (loss) on sales of real estate properties		546,797		282,539		304,325
Interest and other income		30,329		22,345		2,193
Other expenses		(74,051)		(29,419)		(13,664)
Interest:						
Expense incurred, net		(285,735)		(269,556)		(282,920)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		(7,834)		(8,941)		(8,729)
Income before income and other taxes, income (loss) from investments in unconsolidated entities and net gain (loss)						
on sales of land parcels		1,081,205		875,014		812,926
Income and other tax (expense) benefit		(1,256)		(1,148)		(900)
Income (loss) from investments in unconsolidated entities	_	(8,974)		(5,378)		(5,031)
Net income		1,070,975		868,488		806,995
Net (income) loss attributable to Noncontrolling Interests:						
Operating Partnership		(28,932)		(26,710)		(26,310)
Partially Owned Properties	_	(6,212)		(6,340)		(3,774)
Net income attributable to controlling interests		1,035,831		835,438		776,911
Preferred distributions		(1,613)		(3,090)		(3,090)
Premium on redemption of Preferred Shares	<u>_</u>	(1,444)				
Net income available to Common Shares	<u>\$</u>	1,032,774	\$	832,348	\$	773,821
Earnings per share – basic:						
Net income available to Common Shares	\$	2.73	\$	2.20	\$	2.06
Weighted average Common Shares outstanding	_	378,795		378,773		376,209
Earnings per share – diluted:						
Net income available to Common Shares	•	2.72	•	2.20	•	2.05
	<u>\$</u>		Φ		Ф	
Weighted average Common Shares outstanding	_	390,740		390,897		389,450

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued) (Amounts in thousands except per share data)

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2024 2023			2023	2022	
Comprehensive income:						
Net income	\$	1,070,975	\$	868,488	\$	806,995
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Other comprehensive income (loss) – derivative instruments:						
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the year		(3,989)		4,514		20,654
Losses reclassified into earnings from other comprehensive						
income		2,499		3,737		11,071
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(1,490)		8,251		31,725
Comprehensive income		1,069,485		876,739		838,720
Comprehensive (income) attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		(35,103)		(33,307)		(31,132)
Comprehensive income attributable to controlling interests	\$	1,034,382	\$	843,432	\$	807,588

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Amounts in thousands)

	 Y	ear Ei	nded December 3	1,	
	2024		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Net income	\$ 1,070,975	\$	868,488	\$	806,995
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	952,191		888,709		882,168
Amortization of deferred financing costs	7,834		8,941		8,729
Amortization of discounts and premiums on debt	5,151		4,091		5,004
Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments	2,488		3,725		11,059
Amortization of right-of-use assets	14,548		12,795		12,157
Write-off of pursuit costs	5,155		3,647		4,780
(Income) loss from investments in unconsolidated entities	8,974		5,378		5,031
Distributions from unconsolidated entities – return on capital	555		559		398
Net (gain) loss on sales of real estate properties	(546,797)		(282,539)		(304,325
Realized (gain) loss on investment securities	1,992		(1,504)		(2,061
Unrealized (gain) loss on investment securities	(19,880)		(13,466)		_
Compensation paid with Company Common Shares	31,287		31,815		29,513
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(11,813)		(10,203)		10,893
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,249		8,911		(266
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable	8,460		(594)		(3,200
Increase (decrease) in lease liabilities	(3,863)		(1,551)		(1,524
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	36,668		5,358		(13,394
Increase (decrease) in security deposits	 6,433		238		2,799
Net cash provided by operating activities	 1,573,607		1,532,798		1,454,756
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Investment in real estate – acquisitions	(1,595,100)		(324,497)		(113,046
Investment in real estate – development/other	(129,822)		(78,197)		(109,345
Capital expenditures to real estate	(301,434)		(319,342)		(221,086
Non-real estate capital additions	(2,766)		(1,851)		(4,050
Interest capitalized for real estate and unconsolidated entities under development	(14,489)		(12,347)		(7,105
Proceeds from disposition of real estate, net	960,398		374,018		720,302
Investments in unconsolidated entities – acquisitions	(31,286)		(2,800)		(49,855
Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other	(78,435)		(47,180)		(109,846
Distributions from unconsolidated entities – return of capital	1,409		42		300
Purchase of investment securities and other investments	_		(2,500)		(2,061
Proceeds from sale of investment securities	15,041		3,042		3,584
Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities	_		2,108		_
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	 (1,176,484)		(409,504)		107,792

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (Amounts in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Debt financing costs	\$	(5,307)	\$	(4,106)	\$	(9,894)
Mortgage notes payable, net:						
Proceeds		_		572,896		48,054
Lump sum payoffs		_		(932,598)		(286,461)
Scheduled principal repayments		(6,100)		(3,354)		(3,392)
Notes, net:						
Proceeds		597,954		_		
Lump sum payoffs		_		_		(500,000)
Line of credit and commercial paper:						
Line of credit proceeds		392,000		_		_
Line of credit repayments		(392,000)		_		_
Commercial paper proceeds		33,116,303		6,124,068		6,036,083
Commercial paper repayments		(32,981,755)		(5,844,892)		(6,221,158)
Proceeds from (payments on) settlement of derivative instruments		(3,989)		25,169		_
Finance ground lease principal payments		(2,880)		(2,662)		(2,463)
Proceeds from sale of Common Shares		_		_		139,623
Proceeds from Employee Share Purchase Plan (ESPP)		3,522		3,517		4,178
Proceeds from exercise of options		23,000		23,632		25,069
Common Shares repurchased and retired		(38,474)		(49,105)		_
Redemption of Preferred Shares		(20,125)		_		_
Premium on redemption of Preferred Shares		(1,444)		_		_
Payment of offering costs		_		_		(783)
Other financing activities, net		(94)		(75)		(63)
Acquisition of Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(3,129)		(3,737)		(32,178)
Contributions - Noncontrolling Interests - Partially Owned Properties		583		9		603
Contributions – Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership		2		1		1
Distributions:						
Common Shares		(1,019,050)		(990,148)		(931,783)
Preferred Shares		(2,386)		(3,090)		(2,318)
Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership		(30,419)		(30,253)		(30,324)
Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(3,164)		(5,743)		(18,406)
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities		(376,952)		(1,120,471)		(1,785,612)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted deposits		20,171		2,823		(223,064)
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted deposits, beginning of year		139,995		137,172		360,236
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted deposits, end of year	\$	160,166	\$	139,995	\$	137,172
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted deposits, end of year						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,302	\$	50,743	\$	53,869
Restricted deposits		97,864		89,252		83,303
Total cash and cash equivalents and restricted deposits, end of year	\$	160,166	\$	139,995	\$	137,172

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (Amounts in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		2022
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:						
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized	\$	241,034	\$	248,990	\$	267,612
Net cash paid (received) for income and other taxes	\$	1,339	\$	1,091	\$	748
Real estate acquisitions/dispositions/other:						
Mortgage loans assumed	\$		\$	42,256	\$	
Amortization of deferred financing costs:						
Investment in real estate, net	\$		\$	(211)	\$	(506)
Other assets	\$	2,785	\$	2,785	\$	2,768
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$	1,047	\$	2,527	\$	2,080
Notes, net	\$	4,002	\$	3,840	\$	4,387
Amortization of discounts and premiums on debt:		_	'			
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$	2,841	\$	1,843	\$	2,184
Notes, net	\$	2,310	\$	2,248	\$	2,820
Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments:						
Other liabilities	\$	(11)	\$	(12)	\$	(12)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$	2,499	\$	3,737	\$	11,071
Write-off of pursuit costs:						
Investment in real estate, net	\$	2,809	\$	527	\$	1,150
Investments in unconsolidated entities	\$	1,717	\$	2,186	\$	2,898
Other assets	\$	629	\$	934	\$	732
(Income) loss from investments in unconsolidated entities:						
Investments in unconsolidated entities	\$	7,739	\$	4,132	\$	3,778
Other liabilities	\$	1,235	\$	1,246	\$	1,253
Realized/unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments:						
Other assets	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(3,749)	\$	(21,865)
Other liabilities	\$	3,989	\$	(765)	\$	1,211
Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$	(3,989)	\$	4,514	\$	20,654
Investment in real estate – acquisitions:						
Investment in real estate, net	\$	(1,573,920)	\$	(324,497)	\$	(113,046)
Right-of-use assets	\$	(12,727)	\$		\$	
Other assets	\$	(8,453)	\$		\$	_
Interest capitalized for real estate and unconsolidated entities under development:						
Investment in real estate, net	\$	(6,328)	\$	(4,010)	\$	(2,365)
Investments in unconsolidated entities	\$	(8,161)	\$	(8,337)	\$	(4,740)
Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other:						
Investments in unconsolidated entities	\$	(76,455)	\$	(45,770)	\$	(108,556)
Other liabilities	\$	(1,980)	\$	(1,410)	\$	(1,290)
Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities:						•
Investment in real estate, net	\$	_	\$	(50,315)	\$	_
Investments in unconsolidated entities	\$		\$	46,327	\$	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$		\$	75	\$	
Other liabilities	\$		\$	2,000	\$	
Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties	\$		\$	4,021	\$	
Tions of the state	Ψ		Ψ	1,021	Ψ	

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (Amounts in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,						
		2024	2023			2022	
Debt financing costs:							
Other assets	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	(9,566)	
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$		\$	(4,106)	\$	(228)	
Notes, net	\$	(5,307)	\$		\$	(100)	
Proceeds from (payments on) settlement of derivative instruments:							
Other assets	\$		\$	25,613	\$	<u> </u>	
Other liabilities	\$	(3,989)	\$	(444)	\$		
Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities initial measurement and reclassifications:		_		_			
Right-of-use assets	\$		\$	(7,105)	\$	(400)	
Lease liabilities	\$		\$	7,105	\$	400	
Non-cash share distribution and other transfers from unconsolidated entities:							
Investments in unconsolidated entities	\$		\$	636	\$	4,201	
Other assets	\$		\$	(636)	\$	(4,201)	
Non-cash change in Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (SERP) balances:		-					
Other assets	\$	(1,457)	\$	24,767	\$	31,405	
Other liabilities	\$	2,051	\$	(56,845)	\$	(31,136)	
Paid in capital	\$	(594)	\$	32,078	\$	(269)	

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

(Amounts in thousands except per share data)

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		2022
HAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
PREFERRED SHARES						
Balance, beginning of year	\$	37,280	\$	37,280	\$	37,280
Partial redemption of 8.29% Series K Cumulative Redeemable		(20,125)	_			
Balance, end of year	\$	17,155	\$	37,280	\$	37,280
COMMON SHARES, \$0.01 PAR VALUE						
Balance, beginning of year	\$	3,793	\$	3,784	\$	3,755
Conversion of OP Units into Common Shares		2		10		4
Issuance of Common Shares		_		_		17
Exercise of share options		4		5		4
Employee Share Purchase Plan (ESPP)		1		1		1
Common Shares repurchased and retired		(7)		(9)		_
Share-based employee compensation expense:						
Restricted shares		2		2		2
Balance, end of year	\$	3,795	\$	3,793	\$	3,784
PAID IN CAPITAL						
Balance, beginning of year	\$	9,601,866	\$	9,476,085	\$	9,121,122
Common Share Issuance:	•	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	4	,,,,,,,,,	*	,,,-
Conversion of OP Units into Common Shares		8,768		23,938		11,919
Issuance of Common Shares		-				139,600
Exercise of share options		22,996		23,627		25,06
Employee Share Purchase Plan (ESPP)		3,521		3,516		4,17
Share-based employee compensation expense:		-,		2,010		-,
Restricted shares		13,905		12,484		11,593
Share options		3,441		4,628		2,32
ESPP discount		711		644		790
Offering costs		_		_		(78.
Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (SERP)		(594)		32,078		(269
Acquisition of Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		1,120		(900)		(27,38
Change in market value of Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests –		-,		(200)		(= / ,= =
Operating Partnership		(49,366)		7,667		176,49
Adjustment for Noncontrolling Interests ownership in Operating Partnership		5,458		18,099		11,43
Balance, end of year	\$	9,611,826	\$	9,601,866	\$	9,476,08
RETAINED EARNINGS	<u> </u>	-,,,,,,,,,	Ť	-,,,,,,,,	Ť	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,437,185	\$	1,658,837	\$	1,827,06
Net income attributable to controlling interests	Ψ	1,035,831	ψ	835,438	Ψ	776,91
Common Share distributions		(1,023,922)		(1,004,904)		(942,04)
Preferred Share distributions		(1,613)		(3,090)		(3,09)
Premium on redemption of Preferred Shares - cash charge		(1,444)		(3,070)		(3,0)
Common Shares repurchased and retired		(38,467)		(49,096)		_
Balance, end of year	\$	1,407,570	\$	1,437,185	\$	1,658,83
	Φ	1,407,370	<u> </u>	1,437,163	<u>\$</u>	1,030,03
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)	Ф	5.504	Φ.	(2.545)	Φ	(2.4.25)
Balance, beginning of year	\$	5,704	\$	(2,547)	\$	(34,27)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) – derivative instruments:		(2.000)		4.51.4		20.65
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the year		(3,989)		4,514		20,65
Losses reclassified into earnings from other comprehensive income	_	2,499	_	3,737	Φ.	11,07
Balance, end of year	\$	4,214	\$	5,704	\$	(2,547
DICTIDIDICTIONS						
DISTRIBUTIONS Distributions deslared nor Common Share outstanding	ø	2.70	¢.	2.65	•	2.5
Distributions declared per Common Share outstanding	\$	2.70	\$	2.65	\$	2.50

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Continued) (Amounts in thousands except per share data)

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		2022
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS						
OPERATING PARTNERSHIP						
Balance, beginning of year	\$	202,306	\$	209,961	\$	214,094
Issuance of restricted units to Noncontrolling Interests		2		1		1
Conversion of OP Units held by Noncontrolling Interests into OP Units						
held by General Partner		(8,770)		(23,948)		(11,923)
Equity compensation associated with Noncontrolling Interests		15,462		16,430		19,104
Net income attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		28,932		26,710		26,310
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests		(30,583)		(30,107)		(30,407)
Change in carrying value of Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests –						
Operating Partnership		51		21,358		4,214
Adjustment for Noncontrolling Interests ownership in Operating Partnership		(5,458)		(18,099)		(11,432)
Balance, end of year	\$	201,942	\$	202,306	\$	209,961
PARTIALLY OWNED PROPERTIES		_		_		_
Balance, beginning of year	\$	994	\$	(721)	\$	18,166
Net income attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		6,212		6,340		3,774
Contributions by Noncontrolling Interests		583		9		603
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests		(3,258)		(5,818)		(18,469)
Acquisition of Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(4,249)		(2,837)		(4,795)
Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities		_		4,021		_
Other		(1,000)				
Balance, end of year	\$	(718)	\$	994	\$	(721)

ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Amounts in thousands)

	I	December 31, 2024			
ASSETS				2023	
Land	\$	5,606,531	\$	5,581,876	
Depreciable property		24,039,412		22,938,426	
Projects under development		261,706		78,036	
Land held for development		63,142		114,300	
Investment in real estate		29,970,791		28,712,638	
Accumulated depreciation		(10,412,463)		(9,810,337)	
Investment in real estate, net		19,558,328		18,902,301	
Investments in unconsolidated entities		386,531		282,049	
Cash and cash equivalents		62,302		50,743	
Restricted deposits		97,864		89,252	
Right-of-use assets		455,445		457,266	
Other assets		273,706		252,953	
Total assets	\$	20,834,176	\$	20,034,564	
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL					
Liabilities:					
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$	1,630,690	\$	1,632,902	
Notes, net		5,947,376	•	5,348,417	
Line of credit and commercial paper		543,679		409,131	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		99,347		87,377	
Accrued interest payable		74,176		65,716	
Lease liabilities		304,897		311,640	
Other liabilities		310,559		272,596	
Security deposits		75,611		69,178	
Distributions payable		263,494		259,231	
Total liabilities		9,249,829		8,456,188	
Commitments and contingencies					
Redeemable Limited Partners		338,563		289,248	
Capital:		<u> </u>			
Partners' Capital:					
Preference Units		17,155		37,280	
General Partner		11,023,191		11,042,844	
Limited Partners		201,942		202,306	
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		4,214		5,704	
Total partners' capital		11,246,502		11,288,134	
Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(718)		994	
Total capital		11,245,784		11,289,128	
Total liabilities and capital	<u>\$</u>	20,834,176	\$	20,034,564	

ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Amounts in thousands except per Unit data)

		Ye	ided December 3	per 31,				
		2024		2023		2022		
REVENUES								
Rental income	\$	2,980,108	\$	2,873,964	\$	2,735,180		
EXPENSES								
Property and maintenance		529,737		514,575		483,865		
Real estate taxes and insurance		432,089		412,114		388,412		
Property management		132,739		119,804		110,304		
General and administrative		61,653		60,716		58,710		
Depreciation		952,191		888,709		882,168		
Total expenses		2,108,409		1,995,918		1,923,459		
Net gain (loss) on sales of real estate properties		546,797		282,539		304,325		
Interest and other income		30,329		22,345		2,193		
Other expenses		(74,051)		(29,419)		(13,664)		
Interest:		, , ,				, , ,		
Expense incurred, net		(285,735)		(269,556)		(282,920)		
Amortization of deferred financing costs		(7,834)		(8,941)		(8,729)		
Income before income and other taxes, income (loss) from investments in unconsolidated entities and net gain (loss)								
on sales of land parcels		1,081,205		875,014		812,926		
Income and other tax (expense) benefit		(1,256)		(1,148)		(900)		
Income (loss) from investments in unconsolidated entities		(8,974)		(5,378)		(5,031)		
Net income		1,070,975		868,488		806,995		
Net (income) loss attributable to Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(6,212)		(6,340)		(3,774)		
Net income attributable to controlling interests	\$	1,064,763	\$	862,148	\$	803,221		
ALLOCATION OF NET INCOME:								
Preference Units	\$	1,613	\$	3,090	\$	3,090		
Premium on redemption of Preference Units	\$	1,444	\$		\$			
General Partner	\$	1,032,774	\$	832,348	\$	773,821		
Limited Partners		28,932		26,710		26,310		
Net income available to Units	\$	1,061,706	\$	859,058	\$	800,131		
Earnings per Unit – basic:								
Net income available to Units	\$	2.73	\$	2.20	\$	2.06		
Weighted average Units outstanding		389,425		389,954		388,045		
Earnings per Unit – diluted:								
Net income available to Units	\$	2.72	\$	2.20	\$	2.05		
Weighted average Units outstanding	<u> </u>	390,740		390,897		389,450		
Troighted average Onto outstanding		370,740	_	370,037	_	307,430		

ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continued) (Amounts in thousands except per Unit data)

	Year Ended December 31,							
		2024		2023		2022		
Comprehensive income:								
Net income	\$	1,070,975	\$	868,488	\$	806,995		
Other comprehensive income (loss):								
Other comprehensive income (loss) – derivative instruments:								
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the year		(3,989)		4,514		20,654		
Losses reclassified into earnings from other comprehensive								
income		2,499		3,737		11,071		
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(1,490)		8,251		31,725		
Comprehensive income		1,069,485		876,739		838,720		
Comprehensive (income) attributable to Noncontrolling Interests –								
Partially Owned Properties		(6,212)		(6,340)		(3,774)		
Comprehensive income attributable to controlling interests	\$	1,063,273	\$	870,399	\$	834,946		

ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Amounts in thousands)

	 Y	ear Ei	nded December 3	1,	
	 2024		2023		2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Net income	\$ 1,070,975	\$	868,488	\$	806,995
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	952,191		888,709		882,168
Amortization of deferred financing costs	7,834		8,941		8,729
Amortization of discounts and premiums on debt	5,151		4,091		5,004
Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments	2,488		3,725		11,059
Amortization of right-of-use assets	14,548		12,795		12,157
Write-off of pursuit costs	5,155		3,647		4,780
(Income) loss from investments in unconsolidated entities	8,974		5,378		5,031
Distributions from unconsolidated entities – return on capital	555		559		398
Net (gain) loss on sales of real estate properties	(546,797)		(282,539)		(304,325
Realized (gain) loss on investment securities	1,992		(1,504)		(2,061
Unrealized (gain) loss on investment securities	(19,880)		(13,466)		_
Compensation paid with Company Common Shares	31,287		31,815		29,513
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in other assets	(11,813)		(10,203)		10,893
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	3,249		8,911		(266
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable	8,460		(594)		(3,200
Increase (decrease) in lease liabilities	(3,863)		(1,551)		(1,524
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	36,668		5,358		(13,394
Increase (decrease) in security deposits	6,433		238		2,799
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,573,607		1,532,798		1,454,756
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Investment in real estate – acquisitions	(1,595,100)		(324,497)		(113,046
Investment in real estate – development/other	(129,822)		(78,197)		(109,345
Capital expenditures to real estate	(301,434)		(319,342)		(221,086
Non-real estate capital additions	(2,766)		(1,851)		(4,050
Interest capitalized for real estate and unconsolidated entities under development	(14,489)		(12,347)		(7,105
Proceeds from disposition of real estate, net	960,398		374,018		720,302
Investments in unconsolidated entities – acquisitions	(31,286)		(2,800)		(49,855
Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other	(78,435)		(47,180)		(109,846
Distributions from unconsolidated entities – return of capital	1,409		42		300
Purchase of investment securities and other investments			(2,500)		(2,061
Proceeds from sale of investment securities	15,041		3,042		3,584
Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities			2,108		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	 (1,176,484)		(409,504)		107,792

ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,							
		2024		2023		2022		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Debt financing costs	\$	(5,307)	\$	(4,106)	\$	(9,894)		
Mortgage notes payable, net:								
Proceeds		_		572,896		48,054		
Lump sum payoffs		_		(932,598)		(286,461)		
Scheduled principal repayments		(6,100)		(3,354)		(3,392)		
Notes, net:								
Proceeds		597,954		_		_		
Lump sum payoffs		_		_		(500,000)		
Line of credit and commercial paper:								
Line of credit proceeds		392,000		_		_		
Line of credit repayments		(392,000)		_		_		
Commercial paper proceeds		33,116,303		6,124,068		6,036,083		
Commercial paper repayments		(32,981,755)		(5,844,892)		(6,221,158)		
Proceeds from (payments on) settlement of derivative instruments		(3,989)		25,169		_		
Finance ground lease principal payments		(2,880)		(2,662)		(2,463)		
Proceeds from sale of OP Units		_		_		139,623		
Proceeds from EQR's Employee Share Purchase Plan (ESPP)		3,522		3,517		4,178		
Proceeds from exercise of EQR options		23,000		23,632		25,069		
OP Units repurchased and retired		(38,474)		(49,105)		_		
Redemption of Preference Units		(20,125)		_		_		
Premium on redemption of Preference Units		(1,444)		_		_		
Payment of offering costs		_		_		(783)		
Other financing activities, net		(94)		(75)		(63)		
Acquisition of Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(3,129)		(3,737)		(32,178)		
Contributions – Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		583		9		603		
Contributions – Limited Partners		2		1		1		
Distributions:								
OP Units – General Partner		(1,019,050)		(990,148)		(931,783)		
Preference Units		(2,386)		(3,090)		(2,318)		
OP Units – Limited Partners		(30,419)		(30,253)		(30,324)		
Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(3,164)		(5,743)		(18,406)		
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities		(376,952)		(1,120,471)		(1,785,612)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and restricted deposits		20,171		2,823		(223,064)		
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted deposits, beginning of year		139,995		137,172		360,236		
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted deposits, end of year	\$	160,166	\$	139,995	\$	137,172		
	<u>-</u>		Ť		Ť			
Cash and cash equivalents and restricted deposits, end of year								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	62,302	\$	50,743	\$	53,869		
Restricted deposits		97,864		89,252		83,303		
Total cash and cash equivalents and restricted deposits, end of year	\$	160,166	\$	139,995	\$	137,172		

ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) (Amounts in thousands)

Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ (3,989) \$ 4,514 \$ 20,654 Investment in real estate – acquisitions: Investment in real estate, net \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046) Right-of-use assets \$ (12,727) \$ — \$ — Other assets \$ (8,453) \$ — \$ — Interest capitalized for real estate and unconsolidated entities under development: Investment in real estate, net \$ (6,328) \$ (4,010) \$ (2,365) Investments in unconsolidated entities — development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities — development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ (76,455) \$ (45,770) \$ (108,556) Other liabilities \$ (1,980) \$ (1,410) \$ (1,290)		Year Ended December 3				31,		
Cash paid for interest, net of amounts capitalized \$ 241,034 \$ 248,990 \$ 748 Net cash paid (received) for income and other taxes \$ 1,339 \$ 1,091 7 48 Real estate acquisitions/dispositions/other: Wortgage loans assumed \$			2024		2023		2022	
Net cash paid (received) for income and other taxes S			244.024	•	• 40 000	Φ.	0.5	
Real estate acquisitions/dispositions/other: Mortgage loans assumed S				_		_		
Mortgage loans assumed \$ — \$ 42,256 \$ — Amortization of deferred financing costs: Investment in real estate, net \$ — \$ (211) \$ (506) Other assets \$ 2,785 \$ 2,785 \$ 2,785 \$ 2,785 \$ 2,785 \$ 2,785 \$ 2,785 \$ 2,785 \$ 2,285 \$ 2,285 \$ 2,285 \$ 2,285 \$ 2,285 \$ 2,285 \$ 2,285 \$ 2,285 \$ 2,280 \$ 4,382 \$ 2,281 \$ 2,340 \$ 2,340 \$ 2,341 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,282 Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments: \$ 2,310 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,822 \$ 2,802 \$ 2,310 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,822 Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments: \$ 1,11 \$ 1,12 \$ 2,802 \$ 2,802 \$ 3,737 \$ 1,107 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ 2,809 \$ 3,733 \$ 1,107 \$ 2,802 \$ 3,733 \$ 1,150 \$ 2,809 \$ 3,733 \$ 1,150 \$ 2,808 \$ 3,733 \$ 1,150 \$ 2,234 \$ 2,809 \$ 3,733 \$ 1,150 \$ 2,23 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,809 <		\$	1,339	\$	1,091	\$	7/48	
Investment in real estate, net S		ø		ø	12.256	¢		
Investment in real estate, net		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	42,236	<u> </u>		
Other assets \$ 2,785 \$ 2,785 \$ 2,785 \$ 2,768 Mottage notes payable, net \$ 1,047 \$ 2,527 \$ 2,080 Notes, net \$ 4,002 \$ 3,840 \$ 4,387 Mortigage notes payable, net \$ 2,841 \$ 1,843 \$ 2,184 Notes, net \$ 2,310 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,820 Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments: \$ 1,11 \$ 1,22 \$ 1,843 \$ 2,184 Other liabilities \$ 1,11 \$ 1,12 \$ 1,12 \$ 1,10	Amortization of deferred financing costs: Investment in real actata net	¢		•	(211)	•	(506)	
Mortgage notes payable, net \$ 1,047 \$ 2,527 \$ 2,080 Notes, net \$ 4,002 \$ 3,840 \$ 4,387 Amortization of discounts and premiums on debt: \$ 2,841 \$ 1,843 \$ 2,184 Notes, net \$ 2,310 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,820 Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments: \$ (11) \$ (12) \$ (12) \$ (12) Other liabilities \$ (11) \$ (12) \$			2 795					
Notes, net \$ 4,002 \$ 3,840 \$ 4,387 Amortization of discounts and premiums on debt: S 2,841 \$ 1,843 \$ 2,184 Notes, net \$ 2,310 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,820 Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments: S (11) \$ 1(12) \$ 2,820 Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments: S (11) \$ 1(12) \$ 1,071 Other liabilities \$ 2,499 \$ 3,737 \$ 11,071 Write-off of pursuit costs: Investment in real estate, net \$ 2,809 \$ 527 \$ 11,501 Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ 1,717 \$ 2,186 \$ 2,808 Other assets \$ 2,209 \$ 34,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 5 \$ 2,935 \$ 1,246 \$ 1,253 Realized/unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments: \$ 1,235 \$ 1,246 \$ 1,253 Other liabilities \$ 5 \$ 3,989 \$ 7,659 \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive								
Mortagae notes payable, net \$ 2,841 \$ 1,843 \$ 2,184 Notes, net \$ 2,310 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,820 Mortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments: Other liabilities		_						
Mortgage notes payable, net \$ 2,841 \$ 1,843 \$ 2,184 Notes, net \$ 2,310 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,820 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ 2,499 \$ 3,337 \$ 11,071 Write-off of pursuit costs: \$ 2,499 \$ 3,337 \$ 11,071 Investment in real estate, net \$ 2,809 \$ 5,27 \$ 1,150 Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ 1,717 \$ 2,186 \$ 2,898 Other assets \$ 6,29 \$ 934 \$ 732 (Income) loss from investments in unconsolidated entities: \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,215 Realized/unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments: \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ (15,73,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046		<u> </u>	4,002	<u>></u>	3,840	<u>\$</u>	4,387	
Notes, net \$ 2,310 \$ 2,248 \$ 2,820 Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments: S (11) \$ (12) \$ (11) \$ (12) \$ (11) \$ (12) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (12) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (12) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (11) \$ (12) \$ (11) \$ (12) \$ (11) \$ (12) \$ (11) \$ (12) \$ (12) \$ (12) \$ (12) \$ (12) \$ (¢	2 8/1	•	1 9/12	•	2 194	
Amortization of deferred settlements on derivative instruments: Other liabilities \$ (11) \$ (12				_				
Other liabilities \$ (11) (12) \$ (12) Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ 2,499 \$ 3,737 \$ 11,071 Write-off of prusuit costs: Investment in real estate, net \$ 2,809 \$ 527 \$ 1,150 Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ 1,717 \$ 2,186 \$ 2,898 Other assets \$ 629 934 \$ 732 (Income) loss from investments in unconsolidated entities: \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 1,235 \$ 1,246 \$ 1,253 Realized/unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments: \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 1,253 Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ 765 \$ 1,215 Other lassets \$ 3,989 \$ 765 \$ 1,215 Investment in real estate – acquisitions: \$ 3,989 \$ 4,514 \$ 20,654 Investment in real estate, net \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046 Right-of-use assets \$ (12,727) \$ - 2 \$ - 2 Investment in real estate, net \$ (6,328) \$ (4,010) \$ (2,365)		Φ	2,310	Ф	2,246	Ф	2,820	
Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ 2,499 \$ 3,737 \$ 11,071 Write-off of pursuit costs: Investment in real estate, net \$ 2,809 \$ 527 \$ 1,150 Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ 1,717 \$ 2,186 \$ 2,898 Other assets \$ 629 \$ 934 \$ 732 (Income) loss from investments in unconsolidated entities: \$ 1,235 \$ 1,246 \$ 2,898 Other liabilities \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 1,235 \$ 1,246 \$ 1,253 Realized/unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments: \$ 1,235 \$ 1,246 \$ 1,253 Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046 Right-of-use assets \$ (1,2727) \$ - \$ \$ - \$ Other assets \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046 Right-of-use assets \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,97) \$ (113,046 Right-of-use assets \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,97) \$ (113,046 Right-o		\$	(11)	\$	(12)	\$	(12)	
######################################						_		
Investment in real estate, net \$ 2,809 \$ 527 \$ 1,150 Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ 1,717 \$ 2,186 \$ 2,898 Other assets \$ 629 \$ 934 \$ 732 Investments in unconsolidated entities: Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 1,235 \$ 1,246 \$ 1,253 Realized/turrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments: Other assets \$ 3,989 \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ 7,739 \$ 4,514 \$ 20,654 Investment in real estate – acquisitions: Investment in real estate – acquisitions: Investment in real estate, net \$ 1,573,920 \$ 3,4497 \$ 113,046 Right-of-use assets \$ 12,727 \$ - \$ - \$ Other assets \$ 12,727 \$ - \$ Other assets \$ 12,727 \$ - \$ Investment in real estate, net \$ 1,573,920 \$ 3,4497 \$ 113,046 Right-of-use assets \$ 1,2727 \$ - \$ Investment in real estate, net \$ 1,573,920 \$ 3,4497 \$ 1,130,460 Investment in real estate and unconsolidated entities under development: Investment in real estate, net \$ 6,6328 \$ (4,010 \$ 2,365 Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other:	•	Ψ	2,477	Ψ	3,737	Ψ	11,071	
Investments in unconsolidated entities		\$	2.809	S	527	\$	1 150	
Other assets \$ 629 \$ 934 \$ 732 (Income) loss from investments in unconsolidated entities: \$ 7,739 \$ 4,132 \$ 3,778 Other liabilities \$ 1,235 \$ 1,246 \$ 1,253 Realized/unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments: \$ - \$ (3,749) \$ (21,865) Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ (3,989) \$ 4,514 \$ 20,654 Investment in real estate – acquisitions: Investment in real estate, net \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046) Right-of-use assets \$ (12,727) \$ -				_		_		
Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ 7,739				_				
Investments in unconsolidated entities		<u> </u>	027	=	751	Ψ	732	
Other liabilities \$ 1,235 \$ 1,246 \$ 1,253 Realized/unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments: 0ther assets \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accoumulated other comprehensive income \$ (3,989) \$ 4,514 \$ 20,654 Investment in real estate – acquisitions: Investment in real estate, net \$ (1573,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046) Right-of-use assets \$ (12,727) \$ - \$ - \$ - Other assets \$ (8,453) \$ - \$ - Investment in real estate and unconsolidated entities under development: Investment in real estate, net \$ (6,328) \$ (4,010) \$ (2,365) Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ (76,455) \$ (45,770) \$ (108,556) Other liabilities \$ (76,455) \$ (45,770) \$ (108,556) \$ (108,556) \$ (108,556) \$ (108,556) \$ (108,556) \$ (108,556) \$ (108,556) \$ (108,556) \$ (108,556) \$ (108,556) <td< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td>7,739</td><td>\$</td><td>4,132</td><td>\$</td><td>3,778</td></td<>		\$	7,739	\$	4,132	\$	3,778	
Realized/unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments: Other assets	Other liabilities	\$		\$		\$		
Other assets \$ \$ (3,749) \$ (21,865) Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ (3,989) \$ 4,514 \$ 20,654 Investment in real estate – acquisitions: Investment in real estate, net \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046) Right-of-use assets \$ (12,727) \$ — \$ — Other assets \$ (12,727) \$ — \$ — — Investments in users capitalized for real estate and unconsolidated entities under development. \$ (8,345) \$ — — Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ (8,161) \$ (8,337) \$ (4,740) Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ (1,980) \$ (1,410) \$ (1,290) Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities \$ 1,980) \$	Realized/unrealized (gain) loss on derivative instruments:	_						
Other liabilities \$ 3,989 \$ (765) \$ 1,211 Accumulated other comprehensive income \$ (3,989) \$ 4,514 \$ 20,654 Investment in real estate – acquisitions: Investment in real estate, net \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046) Right-of-use assets \$ (12,727) \$ — \$ — Other assets \$ (8,453) \$ — \$ — Investment in real estate and unconsolidated entities under development: \$ (6,328) \$ (4,010) \$ (2,365) Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other: \$ (8,161) \$ (8,337) \$ (4,740) Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other: \$ (76,455) \$ (45,770) \$ (108,556) Other liabilities \$ (1,980) \$ (1,410) \$ (1,290) Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities: \$ — \$ (50,315) \$ — Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ — \$ (50,315) \$ — Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ — \$ 2,000 \$ — Other liabilities \$ — \$ 2,000 \$ —		\$	_	\$	(3,749)	\$	(21,865)	
Investment in real estate - acquisitions: Investment in real estate, net \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046) Right-of-use assets \$ (12,727) \$ -	Other liabilities	\$	3,989	\$	(765)	\$	1,211	
Investment in real estate - acquisitions: Investment in real estate, net \$ (1,573,920) \$ (324,497) \$ (113,046) Right-of-use assets \$ (12,727) \$ -	Accumulated other comprehensive income	\$	(3,989)	\$	4,514	\$	20,654	
Right-of-use assets	Investment in real estate – acquisitions:	_						
Other assets \$ (8,453) \$ — \$ — Interest capitalized for real estate and unconsolidated entities under development: Investment in real estate, net \$ (6,328) \$ (4,010) \$ (2,365) Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ (8,161) \$ (8,337) \$ (4,740) Investments in unconsolidated entities — development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ (76,455) \$ (45,770) \$ (108,556) Other liabilities \$ (1,980) \$ (1,410) \$ (1,290) Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities: Investment in real estate, net \$ — \$ (50,315) \$ — Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ — \$ (50,315) \$ — Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ — \$ 75 \$ — Other liabilities \$ — \$ 2,000 \$ —	Investment in real estate, net	\$	(1,573,920)	\$	(324,497)	\$	(113,046)	
Interest capitalized for real estate and unconsolidated entities under development: Investment in real estate, net Investments in unconsolidated entities Investments in unconsolidated entities — development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities Other liabilities Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities: Investment in real estate, net Investment in unconsolidated entities: Investment in real estate, net Investment in real estate, net Solution of previously unconsolidated entities: Investment in unconsolidated entities: Investment in unconsolidated entities: Investments in	Right-of-use assets	\$	(12,727)	\$		\$		
Investment in real estate, net \$ (6,328) \$ (4,010) \$ (2,365) Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ (8,161) \$ (8,337) \$ (4,740) Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ (76,455) \$ (45,770) \$ (108,556) Other liabilities \$ (1,980) \$ (1,410) \$ (1,290) Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities: \$ - \$ (50,315) \$ - Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ - \$ (46,327) \$ - Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ - \$ (50,315) \$ - Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ - \$ (50,315) \$ - Other liabilities \$ - \$ (50,315) \$ -	Other assets	\$	(8,453)	\$		\$	_	
Investments in unconsolidated entities $$$ (8,161) $$$ (8,337) $$$ (4,740) Investments in unconsolidated entities — development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities $$$ (76,455) $$$ (45,770) $$$ (108,556) Other liabilities $$$ (1,980) $$$ (1,410) $$$ (1,290) Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities: Investment in real estate, net $$$ $$$ (50,315) $$$ — Investments in unconsolidated entities $$$ $$$ — $$$ 46,327 $$$ — Accounts payable and accrued expenses $$$ — $$$ 75 $$$ — Other liabilities $$$ — $$$ 2,000 $$$ — $$$	Interest capitalized for real estate and unconsolidated entities under development:							
Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other: Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ $(76,455)$ \$ $(45,770)$ \$ $(108,556)$ Other liabilities \$ $(1,980)$ \$ $(1,410)$ \$ $(1,290)$ Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities: Investment in real estate, net \$ - \$ $(50,315)$ \$ Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ - \$ $(46,327)$ \$ Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ - \$ $(46,327)$ \$ Other liabilities \$ - \$ $(46,327)$ \$ Solvent S	Investment in real estate, net	\$	(6,328)	\$	(4,010)	\$	(2,365)	
Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ (76,455) \$ (45,770) \$ (108,556) Other liabilities \$ (1,980) \$ (1,410) \$ (1,290) Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities: Investment in real estate, net \$ - \$ (50,315) \$ - Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ - \$ 46,327 \$ - Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ - \$ 75 \$ - Other liabilities \$ - \$ 2,000 \$ -	Investments in unconsolidated entities	\$	(8,161)	\$	(8,337)	\$	(4,740)	
Other liabilities \$ (1,980) \$ (1,410) \$ (1,290) Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities: Investment in real estate, net \$ - \$ (50,315) \$ - Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ - \$ 46,327 \$ - Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ - \$ 75 \$ - Other liabilities \$ - \$ 2,000 \$ -	Investments in unconsolidated entities – development/other:							
Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities: Investment in real estate, net Investments in unconsolidated entities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Other liabilities S - \$ (50,315) \$ - 46,327 \$ - 5 - 75 \$ - 2,000 \$ -	Investments in unconsolidated entities	\$	(76,455)	\$	(45,770)	\$	(108,556)	
Investment in real estate, net \$ - \$ (50,315) \$ - Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ - \$ 46,327 \$ - Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ - \$ 75 \$ - Other liabilities \$ - \$ 2,000 \$ -	Other liabilities	\$	(1,980)	\$	(1,410)	\$	(1,290)	
Investments in unconsolidated entities \$ — \$ 46,327 \$ — Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ — \$ 75 \$ — Other liabilities \$ — \$ 2,000 \$ —	Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities:		_		_			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ - \$ 75 \$ - Other liabilities \$ - \$ 2,000 \$ -		\$		\$	(50,315)	\$		
Other liabilities \$ \$ 2,000 \$	Investments in unconsolidated entities	\$		\$	46,327	\$		
	Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$		\$	75	\$		
Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties \$ \$ 4,021 \$	Other liabilities	\$		\$	2,000	\$		
	Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties	\$		\$	4,021	\$		

ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31,						
		2024	2023			2022	
Debt financing costs:							
Other assets	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	(9,566)	
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$		\$	(4,106)	\$	(228)	
Notes, net	\$	(5,307)	\$		\$	(100)	
Proceeds from (payments on) settlement of derivative instruments:							
Other assets	\$	<u> </u>	\$	25,613	\$	<u> </u>	
Other liabilities	\$	(3,989)	\$	(444)	\$		
Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities initial measurement and reclassifications:							
Right-of-use assets	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(7,105)	\$	(400)	
Lease liabilities	\$		\$	7,105	\$	400	
Non-cash share distribution and other transfers from unconsolidated entities:							
Investments in unconsolidated entities	\$		\$	636	\$	4,201	
Other assets	\$	_	\$	(636)	\$	(4,201)	
Non-cash change in Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (SERP) balances:		_		_		_	
Other assets	\$	(1,457)	\$	24,767	\$	31,405	
Other liabilities	\$	2,051	\$	(56,845)	\$	(31,136)	
Paid in capital	\$	(594)	\$	32,078	\$	(269)	

ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL

(Amounts in thousands except per Unit data)

	Year Ended December 31,					
		2024		2023		2022
PARTNERS' CAPITAL						
PREFERENCE UNITS						
Balance, beginning of year	\$	37,280	\$	37,280	\$	37,280
Partial redemption of 8.29% Series K Cumulative Redeemable		(20,125)				
Balance, end of year	\$	17,155	\$	37,280	\$	37,280
GENERAL PARTNER			-			
Balance, beginning of year	\$	11,042,844	\$	11,138,706	\$	10,951,940
OP Unit Issuance:						
Conversion of OP Units held by Limited Partners into OP Units held						
by General Partner		8,770		23,948		11,923
Issuance of OP Units		_		_		139,623
Exercise of EQR share options		23,000		23,632		25,069
EQR's Employee Share Purchase Plan (ESPP)		3,522		3,517		4,178
Share-based employee compensation expense:						
EQR restricted shares		13,907		12,486		11,595
EQR share options		3,441		4,628		2,321
EQR ESPP discount		711		644		796
OP Units repurchased and retired		(38,474)		(49,105)		_
Net income available to Units – General Partner		1,032,774		832,348		773,821
OP Units – General Partner distributions		(1,023,922)		(1,004,904)		(942,047)
Offering costs				_		(783)
Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (SERP)		(594)		32,078		(269)
Acquisition of Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		1,120		(900)		(27,383)
Change in market value of Redeemable Limited Partners		(49,366)		7,667		176,490
Adjustment for Limited Partners ownership in Operating Partnership		5,458		18,099		11,432
Balance, end of year	\$	11,023,191	\$	11,042,844	\$	11,138,706
LIMITED PARTNERS						
Balance, beginning of year	\$	202,306	\$	209,961	\$	214,094
Issuance of restricted units to Limited Partners		2		1		1
Conversion of OP Units held by Limited Partners into OP Units held by						
General Partner		(8,770)		(23,948)		(11,923)
Equity compensation associated with Units - Limited Partners		15,462		16,430		19,104
Net income available to Units – Limited Partners		28,932		26,710		26,310
Units – Limited Partners distributions		(30,583)		(30,107)		(30,407)
Change in carrying value of Redeemable Limited Partners		51		21,358		4,214
Adjustment for Limited Partners ownership in Operating Partnership	_	(5,458)		(18,099)		(11,432)
Balance, end of year	\$	201,942	\$	202,306	\$	209,961
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		_		_		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	5,704	\$	(2,547)	\$	(34,272)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) – derivative instruments:						
Unrealized holding gains (losses) arising during the year		(3,989)		4,514		20,654
Losses reclassified into earnings from other comprehensive income		2,499	_	3,737		11,071
Balance, end of year	\$	4,214	\$	5,704	\$	(2,547)
						
DISTRIBUTIONS						
Distributions declared per Unit outstanding	\$	2.70	\$	2.65	\$	2.50
	-		É		_	

ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL (Continued)

(Amounts in thousands except per Unit data)

	Year Ended December 31,					
	2024 2023		2023		2022	
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS						
NONCONTROLLING INTERESTS – PARTIALLY OWNED						
PROPERTIES						
Balance, beginning of year	\$	994	\$	(721)	\$	18,166
Net income attributable to Noncontrolling Interests		6,212		6,340		3,774
Contributions by Noncontrolling Interests		583		9		603
Distributions to Noncontrolling Interests		(3,258)		(5,818)		(18,469)
Acquisition of Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(4,249)		(2,837)		(4,795)
Consolidation of previously unconsolidated entities		_		4,021		_
Other		(1,000)				
Balance, end of year	\$	(718)	\$	994	\$	(721)

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Business

Equity Residential ("EQR") is an S&P 500 company focused on the acquisition, development and management of residential properties located in and around dynamic cities that attract affluent long-term renters, a business that is conducted on its behalf by ERP Operating Limited Partnership ("ERPOP"). EQR is a Maryland real estate investment trust ("REIT") formed in March 1993 and ERPOP is an Illinois limited partnership formed in May 1993. References to the "Company," "we," "us" or "our" mean collectively EQR, ERPOP and those entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by EQR and/or ERPOP. References to the "Operating Partnership" mean collectively ERPOP and those entities/subsidiaries owned or controlled by ERPOP. Unless otherwise indicated, the notes to consolidated financial statements apply to both the Company and the Operating Partnership.

EQR is the general partner of, and as of December 31, 2024 owned an approximate 97.0% ownership interest in, ERPOP. All of the Company's property ownership, development and related business operations are conducted through the Operating Partnership and EQR has no material assets or liabilities other than its investment in ERPOP. EQR issues equity from time to time, the net proceeds of which it is obligated to contribute to ERPOP, but does not have any indebtedness as all debt is incurred by the Operating Partnership. The Operating Partnership holds substantially all of the assets of the Company, including the Company's ownership interests in its joint ventures. The Operating Partnership conducts the operations of the business and is structured as a partnership with no publicly traded equity.

As of December 31, 2024, the Company, directly or indirectly through investments in title holding entities, owned all or a portion of 311 properties located in 10 states and the District of Columbia consisting of 84,249 apartment units. The ownership breakdown includes (table does not include any uncompleted development properties):

	Properties	Apartment Units
Wholly Owned Properties	295	80,331
Partially Owned Properties – Consolidated	12	2,656
Partially Owned Properties – Unconsolidated	4	1,262
	311	84,249

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

Due to the Company's ability as general partner to control either through ownership or by contract the Operating Partnership and its subsidiaries, the Operating Partnership and each such subsidiary has been consolidated with the Company for financial reporting purposes, except for any unconsolidated properties/entities.

Real Estate Assets and Depreciation of Investment in Real Estate

The Company expects that substantially all of its acquisitions will be accounted for as asset acquisitions. In an asset acquisition, the Company is required to capitalize transaction costs and allocate the purchase price on a relative fair value basis (including any identified intangible assets). For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, all acquisitions were considered asset acquisitions.

In making estimates of relative fair value for purposes of allocating purchase price, the Company utilizes a number of sources, including independent appraisals that may be obtained in connection with the acquisition or financing of the respective property, our own analysis of recently acquired or developed and existing comparable properties in our portfolio and other market data. The Company also considers information obtained about each property as a result of its pre-acquisition due diligence, marketing and leasing activities in estimating the relative fair value of the tangible and intangible assets/liabilities acquired. The Company allocates the purchase price of acquired real estate to various components as follows:

- Land Based on actual purchase price and/or market research/comparables, adjusted to an allocation of the relative fair value.
- Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment Based on replacement cost, which approximates the allocation of the relative fair value. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of five to ten years.

- Lease Intangibles The Company considers the value of acquired in-place leases and above/below market leases and the amortization period is the average remaining term of each respective acquired lease.
- Other Intangible Assets The Company considers whether it has acquired other intangible assets, including any customer relationship or real estate tax intangibles, and the amortization period is the estimated useful life of the acquired intangible asset.
- Building Based on the allocation of the relative fair value determined on an "as-if vacant" basis. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of thirty years.
- Site Improvements Based on replacement cost, which approximates the allocation of the relative fair value. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over an estimated useful life of eight years.
- Long-Term Debt The Company calculates the allocation of the relative fair value by discounting the remaining contractual cash flows on each instrument at the current market rate for those borrowings.

Replacements inside an apartment unit such as appliances and carpeting are depreciated over an estimated useful life of five to ten years. Expenditures for ordinary maintenance and repairs are expensed to operations as incurred and significant renovations and building improvements that improve and/or extend the useful life of the asset are capitalized over their estimated useful life, generally five to fifteen years. Initial direct leasing costs are expensed as incurred as such expense approximates the deferral and amortization of initial direct leasing costs over the lease terms.

The Company classifies real estate assets as real estate held for sale when it is probable a property will be disposed of. The Company classifies properties under development and/or expansion and properties in the lease-up phase (including land) as construction-in-progress until construction has been completed and certificates of occupancy permits have been obtained.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

At least quarterly, the Company evaluates its long-lived assets, including its investment in real estate, for indicators of impairment. The judgments regarding the existence of impairment indicators are based on factors such as operational performance, market conditions, legal, regulatory and environmental concerns, the Company's intent and ability to hold the related asset, as well as any significant cost overruns on development properties. Future events could occur which would cause the Company to conclude that impairment indicators exist and an impairment loss is warranted. If an impairment indicator exists, the Company performs the following:

- For long-lived operating assets to be held and used, the Company evaluates whether the expected future undiscounted cash flows exceed the carrying amount of the asset. If they do not, the Company estimates the fair value for the asset and records an impairment loss for the difference between the carrying amount and the estimated fair value.
- For long-lived non-operating assets (projects under development and land held for development), if any of the indicators were to suggest impairment was present, a recoverability analysis would be performed and the carrying value of the asset would be adjusted accordingly to fair value.

For long-lived assets to be disposed of, an impairment loss is recognized when the estimated fair value of the asset, less the estimated cost to sell, is less than the carrying amount of the asset measured at the time that the Company has determined it is probable that the asset will be disposed of. Long-lived assets held for sale and the related liabilities are separately reported, with the long-lived assets reported at the lower of their carrying amounts or their estimated fair values, less their costs to sell, and are not depreciated after reclassification to real estate held for sale.

Impairment of Investments in Unconsolidated Entities and Other Investments

At least quarterly, the Company evaluates its investments in unconsolidated entities and other investments for indicators of other than temporary impairment, considering whether there has been a change to events or circumstances that would impact recoverability of the Company's investment as well as any changes with regards to the Company's intent and ability to hold the investment to recover its carrying value.

Cost Capitalization

See the *Real Estate Assets and Depreciation of Investment in Real Estate* section for a discussion of the Company's policy with respect to capitalization vs. expensing of fixed asset/repair and maintenance costs. For all development, capital and renovation projects, the Company uses its professional judgment in determining whether such costs meet the criteria for capitalization or must be expensed as incurred. The Company capitalizes interest, real estate taxes and insurance, as well as payroll for those individuals directly responsible for and who spend their time on the execution and supervision of development activities. Additionally, the Company capitalizes payroll for those individuals directly responsible for and who spend their time on the execution and supervision of major capital and/or renovation projects. Capitalization ends when the asset, or a portion of the asset, is substantially completed and ready for its intended use. These costs are reflected on the balance sheets as increases to depreciable property, construction-in-progress and/or investments in unconsolidated entities.

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company capitalized \$16.9 million and \$15.4 million, respectively, of payroll and associated costs of employees directly responsible for and who spend their time on the execution and supervision of development activities as well as major capital and/or renovation projects.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all demand deposits, money market accounts and investments in certificates of deposit with a maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains its cash and cash equivalents at financial institutions. The combined account balances at one or more institutions typically exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance coverage, and, as a result, there is a concentration of credit risk related to amounts on deposit in excess of FDIC insurance coverage. The Company believes that the risk is not significant, as the Company does not anticipate the financial institutions' non-performance.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The valuation of financial instruments requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the fair value of the instruments. The Company, where possible, bases the fair values of its financial instruments on listed market prices and third-party quotes. Where these are not available, the Company bases its estimates on current instruments with similar terms and maturities or on other factors relevant to the financial instruments.

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to the effect of interest rate changes. The Company may seek to manage these risks by following established risk management policies and procedures, including the use of derivatives to hedge interest rate risk on debt instruments. The Company may also use derivatives to manage commodity prices in the daily operations of the business.

The Company has a policy of only entering into derivative contracts with major financial institutions based upon their credit ratings and other factors. When viewed in conjunction with the underlying and offsetting exposure that the derivatives are designed to hedge, the Company has not sustained a material loss from these instruments nor does it anticipate any material adverse effect on its net income or financial position in the future.

The Company recognizes all derivatives as either assets or liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets and measures those instruments at fair value. In addition, fair value adjustments will affect either shareholders' equity/partners' capital or net income depending on whether the derivative instruments qualify as a hedge for accounting purposes and, if so, the nature of the hedging activity. When the terms of an underlying transaction are modified, or when the underlying transaction is terminated or completed, all changes in the fair value of the instrument are marked-to-market with changes in value included in net income each period until the instrument matures. Any derivative instrument used for risk management that does not meet the hedging criteria is marked-to-market each period. The Company does not use derivatives for trading or speculative purposes. See Note 9 for additional derivatives discussion.

Leases and Revenue Recognition

Rental income attributable to residential leases is recorded on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease when reasonably assured they are collectible, which is not materially different than if it were recorded when due from residents and recognized monthly as it was earned. Residential apartment leases may include lease income related to such items as utility recoveries, parking rent, storage rent and pet rent that the Company treats as a single lease component because the amenities cannot be leased on their own and the timing and pattern of revenue recognition are the same. Leases entered into between a resident and a property for the rental of an apartment unit are generally year-to-year, renewable upon consent of both parties on an annual or monthly basis.

Rental income attributable to non-residential leases is also recorded on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease when reasonably assured they are collectible. Non-residential leases may include lease income related to such items as utility recoveries, parking rent and storage rent that the Company treats as a single lease component because the amenities cannot be leased on their own and the timing and pattern of revenue recognition are the same. Non-residential leases generally have five to ten year lease terms with market-based renewal options and consist of ground floor retail spaces and master-leased parking garages that serve as additional amenities for our residents.

The majority of the Company's revenue is derived from residential, non-residential and other lease income. Our revenue streams have the same timing and pattern of revenue recognition across our reportable segments, with consistent allocations between the lease and revenue recognition standards. The Company elected an accounting policy to account for both its lease and non-lease components (specifically common area maintenance charges) as a single lease component under the lease standard.

The Company is a lessor for its residential and non-residential leases and is a lessee for its corporate headquarters and regional offices and ground leases for land underlying current operating properties and/or projects under development. If applicable, lease agreements must be evaluated to determine the accounting treatment as a finance or operating lease in accordance with the lease standard.

The lease standard also requires lessees to recognize on the balance sheet: (a) a liability for the lease obligation (initially measured at the present value of the future lease payments not yet paid over the lease term); and (b) an asset for its right to use the underlying asset (initially equal to the lease liability). The Company uses estimates and judgments on the discount rate used to calculate the present value of the future lease payments. The Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate because the Company typically cannot readily determine the rate implicit in the lease. Since the Company's credit backs the corporate office lease obligations and the lease terms are generally ten years or less, the discount rate range was estimated by using the Company's borrowing rates for actual pricing data. The discount rate range for ground leases takes into account various factors, including the longer life of the ground leases, and was estimated by using the Company's borrowing rates for actual pricing data through 30 years and other long-term market rates.

The Company's income streams that are not accounted for under the lease standard include:

- Parking revenue The Company's parking revenue, not related to leasing, is derived primarily from monthly and transient daily parking and is accounted for at the point in time when control of the goods or services transfers to the customer and our performance obligation is satisfied.
- Other rental and non-rental related revenue The Company receives other income, including, but not limited to: (a) ancillary income, such as laundry, renters insurance and cable income; and (b) miscellaneous fee income.
- Fee and asset management revenue and interest income The Company's fee and asset management revenue and interest income are recorded on an accrual basis.
- Gains or losses on sales of real estate properties The Company accounts for the sale of real estate properties and any related gain recognition in accordance with the accounting guidance applicable to sales of real estate, which establishes standards for recognition of profit on all real estate sales transactions. The Company recognizes the sale and associated gain or loss from the disposition when control transfers to unrelated third parties, contingencies have been removed and sufficient cash consideration has been received by the Company.

See Note 7 for the Company's rental income detail allocated between the lease and revenue recognition standards.

The Company's allowance for doubtful accounts (which offsets accounts receivable and is included within other assets on the consolidated balance sheets) and bad debts (which reduce rental income on the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income) have historically been very modest, particularly in our residential business, given the quality of our resident base and asset class. However, due to the impact of the pandemic and extended eviction moratoriums enacted during the pandemic, the allowance for doubtful accounts and bad debts were elevated in 2022, 2023 and 2024, though they have gradually declined throughout 2023 and 2024. In accordance with the lease standard, if we determine the lease payments are not probable of collection (based on known troubled accounts, rent deferral plans granted, historical experience and other currently available evidence), we fully reserve for any unpaid amounts, deferred rent receivable, variable lease payments and straight-line receivable balances and recognize rental income only if cash is received. If we later determine that these lease payments are probable of collection (based on sustained clean payment history, no deferral plans granted and other currently available evidence), we will no longer fully reserve for the respective current receivable balances, we will reinstate the straight-line balances for the respective leases and we will no longer recognize rental income only if cash is received. If the Company's estimates of collectibility differ from the cash received, then the timing and amount of the Company's reported revenue could be impacted. See Note 7 for additional details.

Share-Based Compensation

The Company expenses share-based compensation for employee and trustee grants of restricted shares, restricted units and share options. Any common share of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par value per share (the "Common Shares"), issued pursuant to EQR's incentive

equity compensation and employee share purchase plans will result in ERPOP issuing units of partnership interest ("OP Units") to EQR on a one-for-one basis, with ERPOP receiving the net cash proceeds of such issuances. See Note 11 for further discussion.

Income and Other Taxes

EQR has elected to be taxed as a REIT. This, along with the nature of the operations of its operating properties, resulted in no provision for federal income taxes at the EQR level. In addition, ERPOP generally is not liable for federal income taxes as the partners recognize their allocable share of income or loss in their tax returns; therefore no provision for federal income taxes has been made at the ERPOP level. Historically, the Company has generally only incurred certain state and local income, excise and franchise taxes. The Company has elected taxable REIT subsidiary status for certain of its corporate subsidiaries and, as a result, these entities will incur both federal and state income taxes on any taxable income of such entities after consideration of any net operating losses.

The Company's provision for income and other tax expense (benefit) was as follows for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 (amounts in thousands):

	 December 31,					
	2024		2023		2022	
State and local income, franchise and excise tax (benefit)	\$ 1,256	\$	1,148	\$	900	
Income and other tax expense (benefit) (1)	\$ 1,256	\$	1,148	\$	900	

(1) All provisions for income tax amounts are current and none are deferred.

During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the tax character of the Company's dividends and distributions were as follows:

	December 31,								
	2024 (1)			2023 (2)		2022 (3)			
Tax character of dividends and distributions:									
Ordinary dividends	\$	1.53095	\$	1.85676	\$	1.75466			
Long-term capital gain		0.70884		0.57857		0.42850			
Unrecaptured section 1250 gain		0.44771		0.17717		0.29434			
Dividends and distributions per									
Common Share/Unit outstanding	\$	2.68750	\$	2.61250	\$	2.47750			

- (1) The Company's fourth quarter 2024 dividends and distributions of \$0.675 per Common Share/Unit outstanding will be included as taxable income in calendar year 2025.
- (2) The Company's fourth quarter 2023 dividends and distributions of \$0.6625 per Common Share/Unit outstanding was included as taxable income in calendar year 2024.
- (3) The Company's fourth quarter 2022 dividends and distributions of \$0.625 per Common Share/Unit outstanding was included as taxable income in calendar year 2023.

The Company issued Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") Form 1099-DIV to shareholders to report the tax character of Company distributions consistent with these amounts. The Company provides additional information to assist shareholders in the preparation of their tax returns. For 2024, the Company reported an Alternative Minimum Tax ("AMT") preference adjustment equal to \$(0.04) per share and disclosed amounts defined under Treasury Regulation §1.1061-6(c) as "One Year Amounts Disclosure" and "Three Year Amounts Disclosure" equal to \$0.06866 per share and \$0.05462 per share, respectively.

Principles of Consolidation

The Company may hold an interest in subsidiaries, partnerships, joint ventures and other similar entities and accounts for these interests in accordance with the consolidation guidance. The Company first determines whether to consolidate the entity as a variable interest entity ("VIE") or voting interest entity, or to account for the interest under the equity method of accounting as an unconsolidated entity. In situations in which we have concluded that an entity qualifies as a VIE, it is generally because the equity investors of VIEs do not have sufficient equity at risk to finance their activities without additional subordinated financial support or do not have substantive voting rights. The Company consolidates an entity when it is considered to be the primary beneficiary of the VIE or when it controls the entity through ownership of a majority voting interest. A primary beneficiary has the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's performance and has the obligation to absorb the expected losses or the right to receive the expected residual returns that could potentially be significant to the VIE. In evaluating whether the entity is a VIE and/or the Company is the primary beneficiary of the entity, the Company considers several factors, including, but not limited to, proportionate share or ownership of the VIE, funding and financing sources, the business purpose of the entity, related parties, developer and property management fees and agreement terms regarding major decisions, participating and voting rights, contributions and distributions.

Investments in Unconsolidated Entities

The Company accounts for investments in unconsolidated entities under the equity method of accounting and measures the investments initially at cost. The Company subsequently adjusts the carrying amount by additional cash and non-cash contributions and distributions and its proportionate share of the earnings and losses are also recognized in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. In addition, we may earn fees for providing property management services or construction oversight.

Noncontrolling Interests

A noncontrolling interest in a subsidiary (minority interest) is an ownership interest in the consolidated entity that should be reported as equity in the consolidated financial statements and separate from the parent company's equity. In addition, consolidated net income is required to be reported at amounts that include the amounts attributable to both the parent and the noncontrolling interest and the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and the noncontrolling interest are required to be disclosed on the face of the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income. See Note 3 for further discussion.

Operating Partnership: Net income is allocated to noncontrolling interests based on their respective ownership percentage of the Operating Partnership. The ownership percentage is calculated by dividing the number of OP Units held by the noncontrolling interests by the total OP Units held by the noncontrolling interests and EQR. Issuances and retirements of Common Shares and OP Units changes the ownership interests of both the noncontrolling interests and EQR. Such transactions and the related proceeds/payments are treated as capital transactions.

Partially Owned Properties: The Company reflects noncontrolling interests in partially owned properties on the balance sheet for the portion of properties consolidated by the Company that are not wholly owned by the Company. The earnings or losses from those properties attributable to the noncontrolling interests are generally based on ownership percentage and are reflected as noncontrolling interests in partially owned properties in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income.

Partners' Capital

The "Limited Partners" of ERPOP include various individuals and entities that contributed their properties to ERPOP in exchange for OP Units. The "General Partner" of ERPOP is EQR. Net income is allocated to the Limited Partners based on their respective ownership percentage of ERPOP. The ownership percentage is calculated by dividing the number of OP Units held by the Limited Partners by the total OP Units held by the Limited Partners and the General Partner. Issuances and retirements of Common Shares and OP Units changes the ownership interests of both the Limited Partners and EQR. Such transactions and the related proceeds/payments are treated as capital transactions.

Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership / Redeemable Limited Partners

The Company classifies Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership / Redeemable Limited Partners in the mezzanine section of the consolidated balance sheets for the portion of OP Units that EQR is required, either by contract or securities law, to deliver registered Common Shares to the exchanging OP Unit holder. The redeemable noncontrolling interest units / redeemable limited partner units are adjusted to the greater of carrying value or fair market value based on the Common Share price of EQR at the end of each respective reporting period. See Note 3 for further discussion.

Use of Estimates

In preparation of the Company's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, management makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2024, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued a new standard on disaggregation of income statement expenses, which requires an entity to disclose, on an annual and interim basis, disaggregated information about certain income statement expense line items in a tabular format in the notes to the financial statements. The standard will be effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2026 and for interim reporting periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2027, with early adoption permitted, and may be applied either prospectively or retrospectively. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new rules on its disclosures.

In March 2024, the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") adopted final rules that will require certain climate-related information in registration statements and annual reports. In April 2024, the SEC voluntarily stayed the new rules as a result of pending legal challenges. The new rules include a requirement to disclose material climate-related risks, descriptions of board and management oversight and risk management activities, the material impacts of these risks on a registrant's strategy, business model and outlook, and any material climate-related targets or goals, as well as material effects and costs of severe weather events and other natural conditions and greenhouse gas emissions. Prior to the stay of the new rules, they would have been effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2025, except for the greenhouse gas emissions disclosures, which would have been effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2026. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the new rules on its disclosures.

In December 2023, the FASB issued an amendment to the income tax standards which requires disclosure enhancements and further transparency to certain income tax disclosures, most notably the tax rate reconciliation and income taxes paid. The new standard will be effective for annual periods beginning January 1, 2025 and will be applied on a prospective basis with the option to apply the standard retrospectively. Due to the nature of the Company's operations and its status as a REIT, we expect the adoption of the standard to have no impact on its disclosures. See the *Income and Other Taxes* section above for additional discussion.

In November 2023, the FASB issued an amendment to the segment reporting standards which requires disclosure for each reportable segment, on an interim and annual basis, of the significant expense categories and amounts that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker and included in each reported measure of a segment's profit or loss. Additionally, it requires disclosure of the title and position of the individual or the name of the group or committee identified as the chief operating decision maker. The Company adopted the standard as required in this Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. See Note 16 for further discussion.

In August 2020, the FASB issued an amendment to the debt and equity financial instruments standards which simplifies the accounting for convertible instruments and accounting for contracts in an entity's own equity. The Company adopted the standard when effective on January 1, 2022 and it had no impact on its consolidated results of operations and financial position.

In March 2020, the FASB issued an amendment to the reference rate reform standard which provides the option for a limited period of time to ease the potential burden in accounting for, or recognizing the effects of, reference rate reform on contract modifications and hedge accounting. The new standard was effective for the Company upon issuance and elections could be made through December 31, 2024. The Company elected to apply the hedge accounting expedients and application of these expedients preserves the presentation of derivatives consistent with past presentation.

Other

The Company is the controlling partner in various consolidated partnerships owning 12 properties consisting of 2,656 apartment units having a noncontrolling interest deficit balance of \$0.7 million at December 31, 2024. The Company is required to make certain disclosures regarding noncontrolling interests in consolidated limited-life subsidiaries. Of the consolidated entities described above, the Company is the controlling partner in limited-life partnerships owning two properties having a noncontrolling interest deficit balance of \$1.5 million. These two partnership agreements contain provisions that require the partnerships to be liquidated through the sale of their assets upon reaching a date specified in each respective partnership agreement. The Company, as controlling partner, has an obligation to cause the property owning partnerships to distribute the proceeds of liquidation to the Noncontrolling Interests in these Partially Owned Properties only to the extent that the net proceeds received by the partnerships from the sale of their assets warrant a distribution

based on the partnership agreements. As of December 31, 2024, the Company estimates the value of Noncontrolling Interest distributions for these two properties would have been approximately \$51.7 million ("Settlement Value") had the partnerships been liquidated. This Settlement Value is based on estimated third-party consideration realized by the partnerships upon disposition of the two Partially Owned Properties and is net of all other assets and liabilities, including yield maintenance on the mortgages encumbering the properties, that would have been due on December 31, 2024 had those mortgages been prepaid. Due to, among other things, the inherent uncertainty in the sale of real estate assets, the amount of any potential distribution to the Noncontrolling Interests in the Company's Partially Owned Properties is subject to change. To the extent that the partnerships' underlying assets are worth less than the underlying liabilities, the Company has no obligation to remit any consideration to the Noncontrolling Interests in these Partially Owned Properties.

3. Equity, Capital and Other Interests

The Company refers to "Common Shares" and "Units" (which refer to both OP Units and restricted units) as equity securities for EQR and "General Partner Units" and "Limited Partner Units" as equity securities for ERPOP. To provide a streamlined and more readable presentation of the disclosures for the Company and the Operating Partnership, several sections below refer to the respective terminology for each with the same financial information and separate sections are provided, where needed, to further distinguish any differences in financial information and terminology.

The following table presents the changes in the Company's issued and outstanding Common Shares and Units for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	2024	2023	2022
Common Shares			
Common Shares outstanding at January 1,	379,291,417	378,429,708	375,527,195
Common Shares Issued:			
Conversion of OP Units	210,200	1,013,795	452,532
Issuance of Common Shares	_	_	1,740,550
Exercise of share options	375,436	495,690	468,021
Employee Share Purchase Plan (ESPP)	65,198	68,136	66,835
Restricted share grants, net	185,584	148,474	174,575
Common Shares Other:			
Repurchased and retired	(652,452)	(864,386)	<u> </u>
Common Shares outstanding at December 31,	379,475,383	379,291,417	378,429,708
<u>Units</u>	_		_
Units outstanding at January 1,	11,581,306	12,429,737	12,659,027
Restricted unit grants, net	172,667	165,364	223,242
Conversion of OP Units to Common Shares	(210,200)	(1,013,795)	(452,532)
Units outstanding at December 31,	11,543,773	11,581,306	12,429,737
Total Common Shares and Units outstanding at December 31,	391,019,156	390,872,723	390,859,445
Units Ownership Interest in Operating Partnership	3.0%	3.0%	3.2 %

The following table presents the changes in the Operating Partnership's issued and outstanding General Partner Units and Limited Partner Units for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	2024	2023	2022
General and Limited Partner Units			
General and Limited Partner Units outstanding at January 1,	390,872,723	390,859,445	388,186,222
Issued to General Partner:			
Issuance of OP Units	_	_	1,740,550
Exercise of EQR share options	375,436	495,690	468,021
EQR's Employee Share Purchase Plan (ESPP)	65,198	68,136	66,835
EQR's restricted share grants, net	185,584	148,474	174,575
<u>Issued to Limited Partners:</u>			
Restricted unit grants, net	172,667	165,364	223,242
General Partner Other:			
OP Units repurchased and retired	(652,452)	(864,386)	<u> </u>
General and Limited Partner Units outstanding at December 31,	391,019,156	390,872,723	390,859,445
Limited Partner Units			
Limited Partner Units outstanding at January 1,	11,581,306	12,429,737	12,659,027
Limited Partner restricted unit grants, net	172,667	165,364	223,242
Conversion of Limited Partner OP Units to EQR Common Shares	(210,200)	(1,013,795)	(452,532)
Limited Partner Units outstanding at December 31,	11,543,773	11,581,306	12,429,737
Limited Partner Units Ownership Interest in Operating Partnership	3.0%	3.0%	3.2 %

The equity positions of various individuals and entities that contributed their properties to the Operating Partnership in exchange for OP Units, as well as the equity positions of the holders of restricted units, are collectively referred to as the "Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership" and "Limited Partners Capital," respectively, for the Company and the Operating Partnership. Subject to certain exceptions (including the "book-up" requirements of restricted units), the Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital may exchange their Units with EQR for Common Shares on a one-for-one basis. The carrying value of the Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital (including redeemable interests) is allocated based on the number of Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital in total in proportion to the number of Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital in total number of Common Shares/General Partner Units. Net income is allocated to the Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital based on the weighted average ownership percentage during the period.

The Operating Partnership has the right but not the obligation to make a cash payment instead of issuing Common Shares to any and all holders of Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital requesting an exchange of their Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital with EQR. Once the Operating Partnership elects not to redeem the Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital for cash, EQR is obligated to deliver Common Shares to the exchanging holder of the Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital.

The Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital are classified as either mezzanine equity or permanent equity. If EQR is required, either by contract or securities law, to deliver registered Common Shares, such Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital are differentiated and referred to as "Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership" and "Redeemable Limited Partners," respectively. Instruments that require settlement in registered shares cannot be classified in permanent equity as it is not always completely within an issuer's control to deliver registered shares. Therefore, settlement in cash is assumed and that responsibility for settlement in cash is deemed to fall to the Operating Partnership as the primary source of cash for EQR, resulting in presentation in the mezzanine section of the balance sheet. The Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Redeemable Limited Partners are adjusted to the greater of carrying value or fair market value based on the Common Share price of EQR at the end of each respective reporting period. EQR has the ability to deliver unregistered Common Shares for the remaining portion of the Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital that are classified in permanent equity at December 31, 2024 and 2023.

The carrying value of the Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Redeemable Limited Partners is allocated based on the number of Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Redeemable Limited Partners in proportion to the number of Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital in total. Such percentage of the total carrying value of Units/Limited Partner Units which is ascribed to the Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Redeemable

Limited Partners is then adjusted to the greater of carrying value or fair market value as described above. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Redeemable Limited Partners have a redemption value of approximately \$338.6 million and \$289.2 million, respectively, which represents the value of Common Shares that would be issued in exchange for the Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Redeemable Limited Partners.

The following table presents the changes in the redemption value of the Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership/Redeemable Limited Partners for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively (amounts in thousands):

	 2024	2023	2022
Balance at January 1,	\$ 289,248	\$ 318,273	\$ 498,977
Change in market value	49,366	(7,667)	(176,490)
Change in carrying value	 (51)	 (21,358)	(4,214)
Balance at December 31,	\$ 338,563	\$ 289,248	\$ 318,273

Net proceeds from EQR Common Share and Preferred Share (see definition below) offerings and proceeds from exercise of options for Common Shares are contributed by EQR to ERPOP. In return for those contributions, EQR receives a number of OP Units in ERPOP equal to the number of Common Shares it has issued in the equity offering (or in the case of a preferred equity offering, a number of preference units in ERPOP equal in number and having the same terms as the Preferred Shares issued in the equity offering). As a result, the net proceeds from Common Shares and Preferred Shares are allocated for the Company between shareholders' equity and Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership and for the Operating Partnership between General Partner's Capital and Limited Partners Capital to account for the change in their respective percentage ownership of the underlying equity.

The Company's declaration of trust authorizes it to issue up to 100,000,000 preferred shares of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par value per share (the "Preferred Shares"), with specific rights, preferences and other attributes as the Board of Trustees may determine, which may include preferences, powers and rights that are senior to the rights of holders of the Company's Common Shares.

The following table presents the Company's issued and outstanding Preferred Shares/Preference Units as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

				Amounts in	thous	ands
	Call Date (1)	Annual Dividend Per Share/Unit (2		December 31, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023
Preferred Shares/Preference Units of beneficial interest, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized:						
8.29% Series K Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Shares/Preference Units; liquidation value \$50 per share/unit; 343,100 shares/units issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2024 and 745,600 shares/units issued and outstanding as of December 31, 2023 (3)	12/10/2026	\$ 4.14	15	\$ 17,155	\$	37,280
				\$ 17,155	\$	37,280

- (1) On or after the call date, redeemable Preferred Shares/Preference Units may be redeemed for cash at the option of the Company or the Operating Partnership, respectively, in whole or in part, at a redemption price equal to the liquidation price per share/unit, plus accrued and unpaid distributions, if any.
- (2) Dividends on Preferred Shares/Preference Units are payable quarterly.
- (3) During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company repurchased and retired 402,500 Series K Preferred Shares/Preference Units with a liquidation value of approximately \$20.1 million for total cash consideration of approximately \$21.8 million, inclusive of premiums and accrued dividends through the redemption date. As a result of this partial redemption, the Company incurred a cash charge of approximately \$1.4 million which was recorded as a premium on the redemption of Preferred Shares/Preference Units.

Other

EQR and ERPOP currently have an active universal shelf registration statement for the issuance of equity and debt securities that automatically became effective upon filing with the SEC in May 2022 and expires in May 2025. Per the terms of ERPOP's partnership agreement, EQR contributes the net proceeds of all equity offerings to the capital of ERPOP in exchange for additional OP Units (on a one-for-one Common Share per OP Unit basis) or preference units (on a one-for-one preferred share per preference unit basis).

The Company has an At-The-Market ("ATM") share offering program which allows EQR to issue Common Shares from time to time into the existing trading market at current market prices or through negotiated transactions, including under forward sale arrangements. The current program matures in May 2025 and gives us the authority to issue up to 13.0 million shares, all of which remain available for issuance as of December 31, 2024.

Forward sale agreements under the ATM program allow the Company, at its election, to settle the agreements by issuing Common Shares in exchange for net proceeds at the then-applicable forward sale price specified by the agreement or, alternatively, to settle the agreements in whole or in part through the delivery or receipt of Common Shares or cash. Issuances of shares under these forward sale agreements are classified as equity transactions. Accordingly, no amounts relating to the forward sale agreements are recorded in the consolidated financial statements until settlement occurs. Prior to any settlements, the only impact to the consolidated financial statements is the inclusion of incremental shares, if any, within the calculation of diluted net income per share using the treasury stock method (see Note 10). The actual forward price per share to be received by the Company upon settlement will be determined on the applicable settlement date based on adjustments made to the initial forward price to reflect the then-current overnight federal funds rate and the amount of dividends paid to holders of the Company's Common Shares over the term of the forward sale agreement.

During part of the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company had forward sale agreements outstanding for approximately 1.7 million Common Shares at a weighted average initial forward price per share of \$83.25. During the quarter ended December 31, 2022, the Company settled all of the outstanding forward sale agreements, at a weighted average forward price per share of \$80.22, which is inclusive of adjustments made to reflect the then-current federal funds rate and the amount of dividends paid to holders of the Company's Common Shares, for net proceeds of approximately \$139.6 million. Concurrent with this transaction, ERPOP issued the same amount of OP Units to EQR in exchange for the net proceeds.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company repurchased and subsequently retired approximately \$38.5 million (652,452 shares at a weighted average price per share of \$58.95) of its Common Shares in the open market under its share repurchase program. Concurrent with these transactions, ERPOP repurchased and retired the same amount of OP Units previously issued to EQR. Prior to the share repurchase activity during the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company had the authority to repurchase up to 13.0 million Common Shares under its share repurchase program, of which 12,347,548 shares remain authorized to repurchase as of December 31, 2024.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company repurchased and subsequently retired approximately \$49.1 million (864,386 shares at a weighted average price per share of \$56.79) of its Common Shares in the open market under its share repurchase program. Concurrent with these transactions, ERPOP repurchased and retired the same amount of OP Units previously issued to EQR. As of December 31, 2023, EQR had remaining authorization to repurchase up to 12,135,614 of its shares. Following this share repurchase activity, in early 2024 the Company's Board of Trustees approved replenishing the Company's share repurchase program authorization back to its original 13.0 million shares.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, ERPOP issued \$0.9 million of 3.00% Series Q Cumulative Redeemable Preference Units (the "Series Q Preference Units") in connection with the buyout of the noncontrolling interest in a consolidated operating property. The 933,454 Series Q Preference Units have a liquidation value of \$1.00 per unit and pay distributions quarterly at the annual rate of \$0.03 per unit. The Series Q Preference Units can be redeemed for, at EQR's/ERPOP's option, Common Shares, OP Units and/or cash upon the occurrence of specific events laid out in the agreement. If redeemed for Common Shares or OP Units, the number of shares/units issued is based on the Common Share price. The Series Q Preference Units increased the balance of Noncontrolling Interests - Partially Owned Properties in the consolidated balance sheets.

4. Real Estate

The following table summarizes the carrying amounts for the Company's investment in real estate (at cost) as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 (amounts in thousands):

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Land	\$ 5,606,531	\$ 5,581,876
Depreciable property:		
Buildings and improvements	20,635,583	19,809,432
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2,840,691	2,609,600
In-Place lease intangibles	563,138	519,394
Projects under development:		
Land	40,034	3,201
Construction-in-progress	221,672	74,835
Land held for development:		
Land	46,160	82,026
Construction-in-progress	16,982	32,274
Investment in real estate	29,970,791	28,712,638
Accumulated depreciation	(10,412,463)	(9,810,337)
Investment in real estate, net	\$ 19,558,328	\$ 18,902,301

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company acquired the following from unaffiliated parties (purchase price and purchase price allocation in thousands):

				Purchase Price Allocation (1)					
		Apartment	Purchase		Depreciable		Lease	1	Real Estate Tax
	Properties	Units	Price	Land	_Property_	Inta	ngible (2)		Intangible (3)
Rental Properties – Consolidated	18	5,373	\$1,592,095	\$181,178	\$1,391,905	\$	12,727	\$	8,453

- (1) Purchase price allocation includes capitalized closing costs.
- (2) One of the properties is subject to fully prepaid below market long-term ground and parking leases, recorded as a lease intangible asset included in right-of-use assets on the consolidated balance sheets.
- (3) One of the properties benefits from a real estate tax abatement, recorded as a below market real estate tax intangible asset included in other assets on the consolidated balance sheets.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company acquired the following from unaffiliated parties (purchase price and purchase price allocation in thousands):

]	Purchase Price A	Alloca	tion (1), (2)
		Apartment	Purchase				Depreciable
	Properties	Units	 Price (1)		Land		Property
Rental Properties – Consolidated	4	1,183	\$ 366,334	\$	41,142	\$	325,611

- (1) Purchase price and purchase price allocation are both net of a mark-to-market discount of approximately \$11.2 million on a mortgage assumed in connection with the purchase of a property.
- (2) Purchase price allocation includes capitalized closing costs.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company disposed of the following to unaffiliated parties (sales price and net gain in thousands):

	Properties	Apartment Operties Units		Sales Price	Net Gain
Rental Properties – Consolidated	13	2,598	\$	975,641	\$ 546,797

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company disposed of the following to unaffiliated parties (sales price and net gain in thousands):

	Properties	Apartment Units	Sales Price	Net Gain
Rental Properties – Consolidated	11	912	\$ 379,893	\$ 282,539

5. Investments in Partially Owned Entities

The Company has invested in various entities with unrelated third parties which are either consolidated or accounted for under the equity method of accounting (unconsolidated).

Consolidated VIEs

In accordance with accounting standards for consolidation of VIEs, the Company consolidates ERPOP on EQR's financial statements. As the sole general partner of ERPOP, EQR has exclusive control of ERPOP's day-to-day management. The limited partners are not able to exercise substantive kick-out or participating rights. As a result, ERPOP qualifies as a VIE. EQR has a controlling financial interest in ERPOP and, thus, is ERPOP's primary beneficiary. EQR has the power to direct the activities of ERPOP that most significantly impact ERPOP's economic performance as well as the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from ERPOP that could potentially be significant to ERPOP.

The Company has various equity interests in certain joint ventures that have been deemed to be VIEs, and the Company is the VIEs' primary beneficiary. As a result, the joint ventures are required to be consolidated on the Company's financial statements. The following table summarizes the Company's consolidated joint ventures as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Operating Properties (1)		Projects Unde	er Development (2)	Projects Held for Development (2), (3)		
		Apartment		Apartment Units		Apartment	
	Properties	Units	Projects	(4)	Projects	Units (4)	
2024 Consolidated Joint Ventures (VIE)	12	2,656	1	440	_	_	
2023 Consolidated Joint Ventures (VIE)	14	3,060	_	_	1	440	

- (1) The land parcel under one of the properties in 2023 is subject to a long-term ground lease.
- (2) Represents separate consolidated joint ventures for the purpose of developing multifamily rental properties.
- (3) Represents separate consolidated joint ventures that have not yet started.
- (4) Represents the intended number of apartment units to be developed.

The following table provides consolidated assets and liabilities related to the Company's VIEs as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 (amounts in thousands):

	Decei	December 31, 2023		
Consolidated Assets	\$	528,076	\$	599,788
Consolidated Liabilities	\$	47,137	\$	41,153

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company completed the following transactions:

2024

- Acquired its joint venture partner's 8.0% interest in a 312-unit apartment property for \$3.1 million in cash (the Company had previously repaid the \$67.9 million construction mortgage during 2023; see further discussion below). The property is now wholly owned. In connection with the buyout, the carrying amount of the Noncontrolling Interests Partially Owned Properties totaling \$4.2 million was reduced to zero and the remaining \$1.1 million was recorded to paid in capital/General Partner's Capital; and
- Sold one partially owned property consisting of 92 apartment units for approximately \$29.5 million.

2023

• Acquired its joint venture partner's 10.0% interest in a 200-unit apartment property for \$4.6 million, of which the Company paid \$3.7 million in cash and ERPOP issued \$0.9 million of 3.00% Series Q Preference Units (see Note 3 for additional

discussion). The property is now wholly owned. In connection with the buyout, the carrying amount of the Noncontrolling Interests – Partially Owned Properties totaling \$3.7 million was reduced to zero and the remaining \$0.9 million was recorded to paid in capital/General Partner's Capital. The Company also repaid \$64.7 million of mortgage debt at par prior to maturity in conjunction with the buyout;

- Repaid the \$67.9 million outstanding principal balance of the variable rate construction mortgage for one of its consolidated development joint ventures;
- Sold one partially owned property consisting of 166 apartment units for approximately \$60.1 million; and
- Entered into an amended joint venture agreement for one of the unconsolidated projects held for development for the purpose of making the Company the joint venture manager and responsible for funding any further budgeted project costs up to a \$139.0 million commitment as preferred and mezzanine contributions. The project is now consolidated. There was no funding at the closing of the amended joint venture. See the supplemental information in the consolidated statements of cash flows for disclosure of the consolidated amounts.

Investments in Unconsolidated Entities

The Company has various equity interests in certain joint ventures that are unconsolidated and accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Most of these have been deemed to be VIEs and the Company is not the VIEs' primary beneficiary. The remaining have been deemed not to be VIEs and the Company does not have a controlling voting interest.

The following table and information summarizes the Company's investments in unconsolidated entities as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 (amounts in thousands except for ownership percentage):

	Decer	nber 31, 2024	Dece	mber 31, 2023	Ownership Percentage
Investments in Unconsolidated Entities:					
Various Real Estate Holdings (VIE)	\$	34,510	\$	35,421	Varies
Projects Under Development and Land Held for Development (VIE)		323,998		220,192	62% - 95% (1)
Real Estate Technology Funds/Companies (VIE)		28,276		26,691	Varies
Other		(253)		(255)	Varies
Investments in Unconsolidated Entities	\$	386,531	\$	282,049	

(1) In certain instances, the joint venture agreements contain provisions for promoted interests in favor of our joint venture partner. If the terms of the promoted interest are attained, then our share of the proceeds from a sale or other capital event of the unconsolidated entity may be less than the indicated ownership percentage.

The following table summarizes the Company's unconsolidated joint ventures that were deemed to be VIEs as of December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Operating Pro	perties (1)	Real Estate Holdings (2)		ets Under nent (3), (4)		ts Held for ment (3), (5)
	Properties	Apartment Units	Entities	Projects	Apartment Units (6)	Projects	Apartment Units (6)
2024 Unconsolidated Joint Ventures (VIE)	4	1,262	3	4	1,359	2	526
2023 Unconsolidated Joint Ventures (VIE)	_	´—	3	6	1,982	4	1,164

- (1) The land parcel under one of these properties is subject to a long-term ground lease.
- (2) Represents entities that hold various real estate investments.
- (3) Represents separate unconsolidated joint ventures for the purpose of developing multifamily rental properties.
- (4) The land parcel under one of the projects in 2023 is subject to a long-term ground lease.
- (5) Represents separate unconsolidated joint ventures that have not yet started.
- (6) Represents the intended number of apartment units to be developed.

New Development Joint Ventures

The following table provides information on total unconsolidated development joint ventures entered into during the year ended December 31, 2023 (there were no new development joint ventures entered into during the year ended December 31, 2024) (amounts in thousands except for number of unconsolidated joint ventures and apartment units).

	December	31, 2023
Number of unconsolidated joint ventures (1)		2
Apartment units (2)		639
Investments in unconsolidated entities – acquisitions	\$	2,800

- (1) The entities qualify as VIEs, but the Company is not the primary beneficiary because it does not have the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's performance. Therefore, the entities are unconsolidated and recorded using the equity method of accounting. See Note 2 for additional discussion.
- (2) Represents the intended number of apartment units to be developed.

6. Restricted Deposits

The following table presents the Company's restricted deposits as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 (amounts in thousands):

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Mortgage escrow deposits:		
Real estate taxes and insurance	\$ 217	\$ 307
Mortgage principal reserves/sinking funds	31,208	29,270
Mortgage escrow deposits	31,425	29,577
Restricted cash:		
Earnest money on pending acquisitions	_	524
Restricted deposits on real estate investments	2,143	2,181
Resident security and utility deposits	44,287	40,149
Replacement reserves	17,914	15,571
Other	2,095	1,250
Restricted cash	66,439	59,675
Restricted deposits	\$ 97,864	\$ 89,252

7. Leases

Lessor Accounting

The Company is the lessor for its residential and non-residential leases and these leases are accounted for as operating leases under the lease standard.

The following table presents the lease income types relating to lease payments for residential and non-residential leases along with the total other rental income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 (amounts in thousands):

	December 31, 2024			December 31, 2023				December 31, 2022				
	Residential	Res	Non- sidential		Residential		Non- sidential		Residential		Non- sidential	
Income Type	Leases	I	Leases	Total	Leases		Leases	Total	Leases	1	Leases	Total
Residential and non-residential rent	\$ 2,672,772	\$	63,889	\$ 2,736,661	\$ 2,588,499	\$	62,193	\$ 2,650,692	\$ 2,454,587	\$	63,995	\$ 2,518,582
Utility recoveries (RUBS income) (1)	93,021		954	93,975	86,628		906	87,534	81,140		844	81,984
Parking rent	46,717		1,422	48,139	44,081		449	44,530	43,335		435	43,770
Other lease revenue, net (2)	(3,452)		(1,518)	(4,970)	(9,317)		(131)	(9,448)	(415)		(61)	(476)
Total lease revenue	\$ 2,809,058	\$	64,747	2,873,805	\$ 2,709,891	\$	63,417	2,773,308	\$ 2,578,647	\$	65,213	2,643,860
Parking revenue				44,079				40,836				37,338
Other revenue				62,224				59,820				53,982
Total other rental income (3)				106,303				100,656				91,320
Rental income				\$ 2,980,108				\$ 2,873,964				\$ 2,735,180

- (1) RUBS income primarily consists of variable payments representing the recovery of utility costs from residents.
- (2) Other lease revenue consists of the revenue adjustment related to bad debt (see below for further discussion), service fees, late fees and other miscellaneous lease revenue.

(3) Other rental income is accounted for under the revenue recognition standard and primarily consists of third-party transient parking revenue and ancillary income such as cable and laundry revenue.

The following table presents residential accounts receivable and straight-line receivable balances for the Company's properties as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 (amounts in thousands):

Balance Sheet (Other assets):	Dec	ember 31, 2024	De	cember 31, 2023
Residential accounts receivable balances	\$	15,152	\$	21,477
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(9,904)		(15,846)
Net receivable balances	\$	5,248	\$	5,631
Straight-line receivable balances	\$	10,234	\$	9,183

The following table presents residential bad debt for the Company's properties for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 (amounts in thousands):

	 December 31,								
Income Statement (Rental income):	2024		2023		2022				
Bad debt, net (1)	\$ 33,256	\$	38,117	\$	26,570				
% of residential rental income	1.2%	6	1.4%	,)	1.0%				

(1) Bad debt, net benefited from additional resident payments due to governmental rental assistance programs of approximately \$1.6 million, \$2.8 million and \$34.7 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Lessee Accounting

The Company is the lessee under various corporate office leases, ground leases and parking leases for which the Company recognizes right-of-use ("ROU") assets and related lease liabilities. The Company's corporate office lease expiration dates range from 2025 through 2042 (inclusive of applicable extension options) while ground leases and parking leases range from 2042 through 2118 (inclusive of applicable purchase options). The Company owns the building and improvements above its ground leases.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company acquired below market long-term ground and parking leases, each fully prepaid at \$1 and expiring in 2110, in connection with an apartment property acquisition as described in Note 4 and recorded a lease intangible asset of approximately \$12.7 million, which is included in right-of-use assets on the consolidated balance sheets. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company entered into new corporate office leases which are being accounted for as operating leases and recorded initial lease liabilities and ROU assets of approximately \$7.1 million.

The following table presents the Company's ROU assets and related lease liabilities as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 (amounts in thousands):

Description	Balance Sheet Location	2024	2023		
Assets					
Operating leases	Right-of-use assets	\$ 363,095	\$	363,175	
Finance leases	Right-of-use assets	 92,350		94,091	
Total		\$ 455,445	\$	457,266	
Liabilities					
Operating leases	Lease liabilities	\$ 237,769	\$	243,497	
Finance leases	Lease liabilities	67,128		68,143	
Total		\$ 304,897	\$	311,640	

Additional disclosures

The following tables illustrate the quantitative disclosures for lessees as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 (amounts in thousands):

	December 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Lease cost:						
Finance lease cost:						
Amortization of right-of-use assets (capitalized)	\$	_	\$	146	\$	351
Amortization of right-of-use assets (expensed)		1,945		1,781		1,391
Interest on lease liabilities (expensed)		1,865		1,886		1,904
Operating lease cost		23,074		22,791		22,131
Variable lease cost		6,447		4,937		4,772
Total lease cost	\$	33,331	\$	31,541	\$	30,549

	Dece	mber 31, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023	De	cember 31, 2022
Other information:						
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:						
Financing cash flows from finance leases	\$	3,084	\$	2,847	\$	2,463
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$	21,046	\$	20,202	\$	19,154
Weighted-average remaining lease term – finance leases		22.0 years		23.1 years		24.1 years
Weighted-average remaining lease term – operating leases		53.2 years		53.0 years		54.5 years
Weighted-average discount rate – finance leases		2.8 %		2.8 %		2.8 %
Weighted-average discount rate – operating leases		4.9 %		4.9 %		4.8 %

The following table summarizes the Company's undiscounted cash flows for contractual obligations for minimum rent payments/receipts under operating and financing leases for the next five years and thereafter as of December 31, 2024:

(Payments)/Receipts Due by Year (in thousands)														
		2025		2026		2027		2028		2029	T	hereafter		Total
Finance Leases:														
Minimum Rent Payments	\$	(2,946)	\$	(2,959)	\$	(2,971)	\$	(2,984)	\$	(2,998)	\$	(79,256)	\$	(94,114)
Operating Leases:														
Minimum Rent Payments	\$	(15,817)	\$	(15,553)	\$	(15,651)	\$	(15,794)	\$	(15,670)	\$	(789,790)	\$	(868,275)
Minimum Rent Receipts (a)	\$	54,235	\$	51,141	\$	47,845	\$	41,973	\$	33,317	\$	112,157	\$	340,668

(a) Excludes residential leases due to their short-term nature.

The following table provides a reconciliation of lease liabilities from our undiscounted cash flows for minimum rent payments as of December 31, 2024 (amounts in thousands):

	_ Oper	ating Leases	Finance Leases			
Total minimum rent payments	\$	868,275	\$	94,114		
Less: Lease discount		(630,506)		(26,986)		
Lease liabilities	\$	237,769	\$	67,128		

8. Debt

EQR does not have any indebtedness as all debt is incurred by the Operating Partnership. Weighted average interest rates noted below for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 include the effect of any derivative instruments and amortization of premiums/discounts/OCI (other comprehensive income) on debt and derivatives.

Mortgage Notes Payable

The following tables summarize the Company's mortgage notes payable activity for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (amounts in thousands):

	paya	rtgage notes ble, net as of nber 31, 2023	_Pro	ceeds	p sum yoffs	pr	neduled incipal nyments	of pr	rtization emiums/ counts	of d	rtization eferred ancing , net (1)	pay	rtgage notes able, net as of mber 31, 2024
Fixed Rate Debt:													
Secured - Conventional	\$	1,398,598	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	1,594	\$	907	\$	1,401,099
Floating Rate Debt:													
Secured - Tax Exempt		234,304		_	_		(6,100)		1,247		140		229,591
Total	\$	1,632,902	\$		\$	\$	(6,100)	\$	2,841	\$	1,047	\$	1,630,690

(1) Represents amortization of deferred financing costs, net of debt financing costs.

	pay	ortgage notes vable, net as of becember 31, 2022	F	Proceeds	As	sumptions		ump sum		Scheduled principal epayments	of p	ortization oremiums/ iscounts	of c	ortization deferred nancing es, net (1)	pay	ortgage notes vable, net as of ember 31, 2023
Fixed Rate Debt:																
Secured - Conventional	\$	1,608,838	\$	550,000	(2)\$	42,256	(3)\$	(800,000)	(2) \$	_	\$	601	\$	(3,097)	\$	1,398,598
Floating Rate Debt:																
Secured - Conventional		108,378		22,896		_		(132,598)		(54)		_		1,378		_
Secured – Tax Exempt		236,222		_		_				(3,300)		1,242		140		234,304
Floating Rate Debt		344,600		22,896				(132,598)	_	(3,354)		1,242		1,518		234,304
Total	\$	1,953,438	\$	572,896	\$	42,256	\$	(932,598)	\$	(3,354)	\$	1,843	\$	(1,579)	\$	1,632,902

- (1) Represents amortization of deferred financing costs, net of debt financing costs.
- (2) Obtained \$200.0 million of 5.18% fixed rate mortgage debt maturing in September 2033 and \$350.0 million of 5.25% fixed rate mortgage debt maturing in September 2033. The secured notes totaling \$550.0 million have an all-in effective interest rate of approximately 4.7%. The proceeds from these loans were used, along with funding from the Company's commercial paper note program, to repay \$800.0 million of 4.21% fixed rate mortgage debt that was due to mature in November 2023.
- (3) Assumed \$53.5 million of 2.24% fixed rate mortgage debt maturing in September 2030 on one acquired property and recorded an initial discount of approximately \$11.2 million.

The following table summarizes certain interest rate and maturity date information as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Interest Rate Ranges (ending)	0.10% - 5.25%	0.10% - 5.25%
Weighted Average Interest Rate	3.84%	3.68%
Maturity Date Ranges	2029-2061	2029-2061

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, the Company had \$240.6 million and \$246.7 million, respectively, of secured tax-exempt bonds subject to third-party credit enhancement.

The historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation, of encumbered properties was \$2.0 billion and \$2.1 billion at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

Notes

The following tables summarize the Company's notes activity for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (amounts in thousands):

E' ID (D1)	tes, net as of mber 31, 2023	Proceeds		np sum ayoffs	of pi	ortization remiums/ scounts	of fi	ortization deferred nancing ts, net (1)	otes, net as of cember 31, 2024
Fixed Rate Debt:									
Unsecured – Public	\$ 5,348,417	\$ 597,954	(2)\$	_	\$	2,310	\$	(1,305)	\$ 5,947,376

(1) Represents amortization of deferred financing costs, net of debt financing costs.

(2) Issued \$600.0 million of ten-year 4.65% unsecured notes, receiving net proceeds before underwriting fees, hedge termination costs and other expenses.

	tes, net as of omber 31, 2022	Pro	ceeds	np sum voffs	of pi	ertization remiums/ scounts	of c	ortization deferred nancing ss, net (1)	otes, net as of ember 31, 2023
Fixed Rate Debt:	<u> </u>								
Unsecured – Public	\$ 5,342,329	\$	_	\$ _	\$	2,248	\$	3,840	\$ 5,348,417

(1) Represents amortization of deferred financing costs, net of debt financing costs.

The following table summarizes certain interest rate and maturity date information as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Interest Rate Ranges (ending)	1.85% - 7.57%	1.85% - 7.57%
Weighted Average Interest Rate	3.54%	3.51%
Maturity Date Ranges	2025-2047	2025-2047

The Company's unsecured public notes contain certain financial and operating covenants including, among other things, maintenance of certain financial ratios. The Company was in compliance with its unsecured public debt covenants for both the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

EQR and ERPOP currently have an active universal shelf registration statement for the issuance of equity and debt securities that automatically became effective upon filing with the SEC in May 2022 and expires in May 2025.

Line of Credit and Commercial Paper

The Company has a \$2.5 billion unsecured revolving credit facility maturing on October 26, 2027. The Company has the ability to increase available borrowings by an additional \$750.0 million by adding lenders to the facility, obtaining the agreement of existing lenders to increase their commitments or incurring one or more term loans. The interest rate on advances under the facility will generally be the Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") plus a spread (currently 0.725%), or based on bids received from the lending group, and the Company pays an annual facility fee (currently 0.125%). Both the spread and the facility fee are dependent on the Company's senior unsecured credit rating and other terms and conditions per the agreement. The weighted average interest rate on the revolving credit facility was 5.98% for the year ended December 31, 2024. The Company did not borrow any amounts under its revolving credit facility during the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Company has an unsecured commercial paper note program under which it may borrow up to a maximum of \$1.5 billion (increased from \$1.0 billion as of December 18, 2024) subject to market conditions. The notes will be sold under customary terms in the United States commercial paper note market and will rank pari passu with all of the Company's other unsecured senior indebtedness.

The following table summarizes certain weighted average interest rate, maturity and amounts outstanding information for the commercial paper program as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Weighted Average Interest Rate (1)	5.25%	5.47%
Weighted Average Maturity (in days)	13	14
Weighted Average Amount Outstanding	\$535.7 million	\$276.0 million

(1) The notes bear interest at various floating rates.

The Company limits its utilization of the revolving credit facility in order to maintain liquidity to support its \$1.5 billion commercial paper program along with certain other obligations. The following table presents the availability on the Company's unsecured revolving credit facility as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (amounts in thousands):

	Decen	nber 31, 2024	Dec	ember 31, 2023
Unsecured revolving credit facility commitment	\$	2,500,000	\$	2,500,000
Commercial paper balance outstanding		(544,495)		(410,000)
Unsecured revolving credit facility balance outstanding		_		_
Other restricted amounts		(3,438)		(3,415)
Unsecured revolving credit facility availability	\$	1,952,067	\$	2,086,585

Other

The following table summarizes the Company's total debt extinguishment costs recorded as additional expense for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively (amounts in thousands):

	Deceml	per 31, 2024	Decem	nber 31, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022
Write-offs of unamortized deferred financing costs	\$	_	\$	1,143	\$	717
Write-offs of unamortized (premiums)/discounts/OCI		_		_		3,947
Total	\$	_	\$	1,143	\$	4,664

The following table provides a summary of the aggregate payments of principal on all debt for each of the next five years and thereafter as of December 31, 2024 (amounts in thousands):

Year	 Total			
2025 (1)	\$ 1,002,595			
2026	601,025			
2027	409,800			
2028	910,700			
2029	899,620			
Thereafter	4,369,312			
Subtotal	8,193,052			
Deferred Financing Costs and Unamortized (Discount)	(71,307)			
Total	\$ 8,121,745			

(1) Includes \$544.5 million in principal outstanding on the Company's commercial paper program.

9. Fair Value Measurements

The valuation of financial instruments requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the fair value of the instruments. The Company, where possible, bases the fair values of its financial instruments on listed market prices and third-party quotes. Where these are not available, the Company bases its estimates on current instruments with similar terms and maturities or on other factors relevant to the financial instruments.

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to the effect of interest rate changes. The Company may seek to manage these risks by following established risk management policies and procedures including the use of derivatives to hedge interest rate risk on debt instruments. The Company may also use derivatives to manage commodity prices in the daily operations of the business.

A three-level valuation hierarchy exists for disclosure of fair value measurements. The valuation hierarchy is based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. A financial instrument's categorization within the valuation hierarchy is based upon the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The three levels are defined as follows:

• Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table summarizes the inputs to the valuations for each type of fair value measurement:

Fair Value Measurement Type	Valuation Inputs
Employee holdings (other than Common Shares) within the	Quoted market prices for identical assets. These holdings are included in other
supplemental executive retirement plan (the "SERP")	assets and other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets.
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests – Operating	Quoted market price of Common Shares.
Partnership/Redeemable Limited Partners	
Mortgage notes payable and private unsecured debt (including its	Indicative rates provided by lenders of similar loans.
commercial paper and line of credit, if applicable)	
Public unsecured notes	Quoted market prices for each underlying issuance.
Derivatives	Readily observable market parameters such as forward yield curves and credit default swap data.

The fair values of the Company's financial instruments (other than the items listed above and the investments disclosed below) approximate their carrying or contract value. The following table provides a summary of the carrying and fair values for the Company's mortgage notes payable and unsecured debt (including its commercial paper and line of credit, if applicable) at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (amounts in thousands):

	December 31, 2024					December 31, 2023						
			Estimated Fair			Estimated Fair				Estimated Fair		
	Carr	ying Value	Va	lue (Level 2)	Ca	rrying Value	Value (Level 2)					
Mortgage notes payable, net	\$	1,630,690	\$	1,506,955	\$	1,632,902	\$	1,509,706				
Unsecured debt, net		6,491,055		6,036,591		5,757,548		5,346,488				
Total debt, net	\$	8,121,745	\$	7,543,546	\$	7,390,450	\$	6,856,194				

The following tables provide a summary of the fair value measurements for each major category of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the location within the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (amounts in thousands):

				Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using					9
Description	Balance Sheet Location	12/31/2024		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets/Liabilities (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Assets									
Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan	Other Assets	\$	109,935	\$	109,935	\$	_	\$	_
Liabilities									
Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan	Other Liabilities	\$	109,935	\$	109,935	\$	_	\$	_
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests –									
Operating Partnership/Redeemable									
Limited Partners	Mezzanine	\$	338,563	\$	_	\$	338,563	\$	_

				Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using					ıg
Description	Balance Sheet Location 12/31/2023		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets/Liabilities (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
Assets									
Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan	Other Assets	\$	108,478	\$	108,478	\$	_	\$	_
Liabilities									
Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan	Other Liabilities	\$	108,478	\$	108,478	\$	_	\$	_
Redeemable Noncontrolling Interests –									
Operating Partnership/Redeemable									
Limited Partners	Mezzanine	\$	289,248	\$	_	\$	289,248	\$	_

The following tables provide a summary of the effect of cash flow hedges on the Company's accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively (amounts in thousands):

December 31, 2024 Type of Cash Flow Hedge	Amount of Gain/(Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative	Location of Gain/(Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income	Amount of Gain/(Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:			
Interest Rate Contracts:			
Forward Starting Swaps	\$ (3,989)	Interest expense	\$ (2,499)
Total	\$ (3,989)		\$ (2,499)
December 31, 2023 Type of Cash Flow Hedge Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:	Amount of Gain/(Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative	Location of Gain/(Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income	Amount of Gain/(Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income
Interest Rate Contracts:			
Forward Starting Swaps	<u>\$ 4,514</u>	Interest expense	\$ (3,737)
Total	\$ 4,514		<u>\$ (3,737)</u>
December 31, 2022 Type of Cash Flow Hedge	Amount of Gain/(Loss) Recognized in OCI on Derivative	Location of Gain/(Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income	Amount of Gain/(Loss) Reclassified from Accumulated OCI into Income
Derivatives designated as hedging instruments:			
Interest Rate Contracts:			
Forward Starting Swaps	\$ 20,654	Interest expense	\$ (11,071)
Total	<u>\$ 20,654</u>		<u>\$ (11,071)</u>

As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, there were approximately \$4.2 million and \$5.7 million in deferred gains, net, included in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), respectively, related to previously settled and/or unsettled derivative instruments, of which an estimated \$1.2 million may be recognized as additional interest expense during the twelve months ending December 31, 2025.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company paid approximately \$4.0 million to settle four forward starting swaps in conjunction with the issuance of \$600.0 million of ten-year unsecured public notes. The entire \$4.0 million was initially deferred as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and will be recognized as an increase to interest expense over the ten-year term of the notes.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company received a net \$27.1 million to settle nine forward starting swaps in conjunction with the interest rate lock on \$530.0 million of ten-year secured conventional mortgage notes. The Company ultimately closed on \$550.0 million of secured notes. The accrued interest of approximately \$1.9 million was recorded as a decrease to interest

expense. The remaining \$25.2 million was initially deferred as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) and will be recognized as a decrease to interest expense over the first nine years and eight months of the mortgage notes.

Other

The Company has invested in various equity securities without readily determinable fair values and has elected to measure them using the measurement alternative in accordance with the applicable accounting standards for equity securities. These investments are carried at cost less any impairment and adjusted to fair value if there are observable price changes for an identical or similar investment of the same issuer.

The following table summarizes the Company's real estate technology investment securities included in other assets as of December 31, 2024 and 2023 (amounts in thousands):

	Deceml	December 31, 2024		
Real Estate Technology Investments	\$	22,159	\$	19.312

During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company sold certain of these investment securities for proceeds of approximately \$15.0 million and realized a loss on sale of approximately \$2.0 million, which is included in interest and other income in the consolidated statements of operations. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company adjusted certain of these investment securities to observable market prices and recorded a net unrealized gain of approximately \$19.9 million, which is included in interest and other income in the consolidated statements of operations.

During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company sold a portion of one of these investment securities for proceeds of approximately \$2.5 million and realized a gain on sale of approximately \$1.6 million, which is included in interest and other income in the consolidated statements of operations. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the Company adjusted certain of these investment securities to observable market prices and recorded an unrealized gain of approximately \$13.5 million, which is included in interest and other income in the consolidated statements of operations.

10. Earnings Per Share and Earnings Per Unit

Equity Residential

The following tables set forth the computation of net income per share – basic and net income per share – diluted for the Company (amounts in thousands except per share amounts):

	Year Ended December 31,						
		2024		2023		2022	
Numerator for net income per share – basic:							
Net income	\$	1,070,975	\$	868,488	\$	806,995	
Allocation to Noncontrolling Interests – Operating Partnership		(28,932)		(26,710)		(26,310)	
Net (income) loss attributable to Noncontrolling							
Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(6,212)		(6,340)		(3,774)	
Preferred distributions		(1,613)		(3,090)		(3,090)	
Premium on redemption of Preferred Shares		(1,444)			_		
Numerator for net income per share – basic	\$	1,032,774	\$	832,348	\$	773,821	
Numerator for net income per share – diluted:				_			
Net income	\$	1,070,975	\$	868,488	\$	806,995	
Net (income) loss attributable to Noncontrolling							
Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(6,212)		(6,340)		(3,774)	
Preferred distributions		(1,613)		(3,090)		(3,090)	
Premium on redemption of Preferred Shares		(1,444)			_		
Numerator for net income per share – diluted	\$	1,061,706	\$	859,058	\$	800,131	
Denominator for net income per share - basic and diluted:							
Denominator for net income per share – basic		378,795		378,773		376,209	
Effect of dilutive securities:							
OP Units		10,630		11,181		11,836	
Long-term compensation shares/units		1,315		943		1,402	
ATM forward sales		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		3	
Denominator for net income per share – diluted		390,740	_	390,897	_	389,450	
Net income per share – basic	\$	2.73	\$	2.20	\$	2.06	
Net income per share – diluted	\$	2.72	\$	2.20	\$	2.05	

ERP Operating Limited Partnership

The following tables set forth the computation of net income per Unit – basic and net income per Unit – diluted for the Operating Partnership (amounts in thousands except per Unit amounts):

	Year Ended December 31,							
		2024		2023		2022		
Numerator for net income per Unit – basic and diluted:								
Net income	\$	1,070,975	\$	868,488	\$	806,995		
Net (income) loss attributable to Noncontrolling								
Interests – Partially Owned Properties		(6,212)		(6,340)		(3,774)		
Allocation to Preference Units		(1,613)		(3,090)		(3,090)		
Allocation to premium on redemption of Preference Units		(1,444)				<u> </u>		
Numerator for net income per Unit – basic and diluted	\$	1,061,706	\$	859,058	\$	800,131		
Denominator for net income per Unit – basic and diluted:								
Denominator for net income per Unit – basic		389,425		389,954		388,045		
Effect of dilutive securities:								
Dilution for Units issuable upon assumed exercise/vesting								
of the Company's long-term compensation shares/units		1,315		943		1,402		
ATM forward sales		<u> </u>				3		
Denominator for net income per Unit – diluted	_	390,740		390,897	_	389,450		
Net income per Unit – basic	\$	2.73	\$	2.20	\$	2.06		
Net income per Unit – diluted	\$	2.72	\$	2.20	\$	2.05		

11. Share Incentive Plans

Any Common Shares issued pursuant to EQR's incentive equity compensation and employee share purchase plans will result in ERPOP issuing OP Units to EQR on a one-for-one basis with ERPOP receiving the net cash proceeds of such issuances.

Overview of Share Incentive Plans

The 2019 Share Incentive Plan (the "2019 Plan"), as approved by the Company's shareholders on June 27, 2019, expires on June 27, 2029 and reserves 11,331,958 Common Shares for issuance. All future awards will be granted under the 2019 Plan until its expiration. As of December 31, 2024, 7,554,970 shares were available for future issuance.

Pursuant to the 2019 Plan and the 2011 Share Incentive Plan (the "2011 Plan") (collectively the "Share Incentive Plans"), officers, trustees, key employees and consultants of the Company and its subsidiaries may be granted share options to acquire Common Shares ("Options"), including non-qualified share options ("NQSOs"), incentive share options ("ISOs") and share appreciation rights ("SARs"), or may be granted restricted or non-restricted shares/units (including long-term incentive plan awards), subject to conditions and restrictions. Options, SARs, restricted shares and restricted units are sometimes collectively referred to herein as "Awards."

The 2011 Plan will terminate when all outstanding Awards have expired or have been exercised/vested. The Board of Trustees may at any time amend or terminate the Share Incentive Plans, but termination will not affect Awards previously granted, absent immediate vesting and cash settlement. Any unexpired Options which had vested prior to such a termination would remain exercisable by the holder.

Employee Long-Term Compensation Awards

The following table summarizes the terms of Awards generally granted to employees:

	Options	Restricted Shares	Restricted Units
Overview	Options exercised after vesting result in issuance of new Common Shares.	Restricted shareholders generally have the same voting rights and receive quarterly dividend payments on their shares at the same rate and on the same date as any other Common Share holder (1).	units convert into an equal number of OP Units, which the holder may exchange for
Grant/Exercise Price	Granted at the fair market value of Common Shares as of the grant date using the Black-Scholes model as described below.	Granted at the fair market value of Common Shares as of the grant date.	Granted at varying discount rates to the fair market value of Common Shares as of the grant date (2).
Vesting Period	In three equal installments over a three- year period from the grant date.	Three years from the grant date.	Three years from the grant date.
Expiration	Ten years from the grant date.	Not applicable.	Ten years from the grant date (2).
Upon Employee Termination	Unvested options are canceled.	Unvested restricted shares are canceled.	Unvested restricted units are canceled.

- (1) Dividends/distributions paid on unvested restricted shares and units are included as a component of retained earnings and Noncontrolling Interest

 Operating Partnership/Limited Partners Capital, respectively, and have not been considered in reducing net income available to Common Shares/Units in a manner similar to the Company's preferred share/preference unit dividends for the earnings per share/Unit calculation.
- (2) A restricted unit will automatically convert to an OP Unit when the capital account of each restricted unit increases ("books-up") to a specified target. The probability of a book-up occurring within the ten-year contractual life along with the liquidity risk associated with various hold period restrictions are both reflected in the discount. If the capital target is not attained within ten years following the date of issuance, the restricted unit will automatically be canceled and no compensation will be payable to the holder of such canceled restricted unit. If the capital target is attained and the restricted unit is converted to an OP Unit, it will not expire.

Valuation Method of Share Options

The fair value of the Option grants is recognized over the requisite service/vesting period of the Options. The fair value for the Company's Options was estimated at the time the Options were granted using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the primary grant in each year having the following weighted average assumptions:

	2024	2023	2022
Expected volatility (1)	23.6%	23.8%	21.7%
Expected life (2)	5 years	5 years	5 years
Expected dividend yield (3)	3.48%	3.30%	3.26%
Risk-free interest rate (4)	3.80%	4.04%	1.66%
Exercise price per share (5)	\$ 60.96	\$ 66.59	\$ 91.59
Option valuation per share	\$ 11.01	\$ 12.67	\$ 12.57

- (1) Expected volatility Estimated based on the historical five-year volatility (the period matching the expected life) of EQR's share price measured on a monthly basis.
- (2) Expected life Approximates the actual weighted average life of all Options granted since the Company went public in 1993.
- (3) Expected dividend yield Calculated by averaging the historical annual yield on EQR shares for a period matching the expected life of each grant, with the annual yield calculated by dividing actual regular dividends (excluding any special dividends) by the average price of EQR's shares in a given year.
- (4) Risk-free interest rate The most current U.S. Treasury rate available at the grant date for a period matching the expected life of each grant.
- (5) Exercise price per share The closing share price of the Common Shares on the grant date.

The valuation method and assumptions are the same as those the Company used in accounting for Option expense in its consolidated financial statements. The Black-Scholes option valuation model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options that have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. This model is only one method of valuing options. Because the Company's Options have characteristics significantly different from those of traded options, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, the actual value of the Options to the recipient may be significantly different.

Long-Term Incentive Plan

The Company's executive compensation program allows the Chief Executive Officer and certain other executive officers to earn from 0% to 200% of the target number of long-term incentive ("LTI") awards, payable in the form of restricted shares and/or restricted units. No payout would be made for any result below 50% of the target performance metric. The Company's Total Shareholder Return ("TSR"), Normalized Funds from Operations ("FFO") per share and Net Debt to Normalized EBITDAre (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization for Real Estate) results over a forward-looking three-year performance period determine the restricted shares and/or restricted units awarded and are compared to pre-established quantitative performance metrics. The grant date fair value of the awards is estimated using a Monte Carlo model for the TSR portion of the awards, and the resulting expense is recorded over the service period regardless of whether the TSR performance measures are achieved, while the Normalized FFO per share and Net Debt to Normalized EBITDAre portions of the awards are adjusted based on the final achievement obtained. If the executive is retirement-eligible, the grant date fair value is amortized into expense over the first year. All other awards are amortized into expense over the three-year performance and vesting period. If employment is terminated prior to vesting, the restricted shares and restricted units are generally canceled, subject to the retirement benefit provisions discussed below as well as the death and disability provisions of the plan.

The LTI participants receive distributions only on restricted units awarded equal to 10% of the quarterly distributions paid on OP Units during the performance period. At the end of the performance period, LTI participants receive dividends/distributions actually earned on restricted shares or restricted units awarded during the performance period, less any distributions already paid on the restricted units.

The grant date fair value of the TSR portion of the LTI awards is estimated using a multifactor Monte Carlo model to determine share prices for a set of relative awards for which the payout of the award depends on the spread of EQR's TSR to the TSR of two indices: (a) the FTSE Nareit Apartment Index; and (b) the FTSE Nareit Equity Index. The grant date fair value of the Normalized FFO per share and Net Debt to Normalized EBITDAre portions of the LTI awards are estimated using the closing price of EQR Common Shares on the grant date for the restricted shares and a discounted closing price of EQR Common Shares on the grant date for the restricted units to reflect the "book-up" and liquidity risk inherent in the units. The individual prices determined above are then weighted to arrive at the final values for each restricted share/unit as follows:

	2024	2023	2022
Weighted average fair value per restricted share	\$ 62.64	\$ 61.18	\$ 96.84
Weighted average fair value per restricted unit	\$ 59.70	\$ 58.78	\$ 93.32

The valuation method and assumptions are the same as those the Company used in accounting for the LTI award expense in its consolidated financial statements. The Monte Carlo valuation model is only one method of valuing awards. Because the Company's restricted shares/units have characteristics significantly different from those of traded shares/units, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, the actual value of the restricted shares/units to the recipient may be significantly different.

Trustees

All non-employee Trustees are granted Options, restricted shares and/or restricted units that vest one year from the grant date that corresponds to the term for which he or she has been elected to serve.

Retirement Benefits

The Company's Share Incentive Plans provide for certain benefits upon retirement. The following table summarizes the terms of each retirement eligibility category.

	Age 62 for Employees	Rule of 70 for Employees	Age 72 for Trustees					
Eligibility	For employees hired prior to January 1, 2009 and who were age 59 or older as of February 1, 2019.	* * * * *	All non-employee Trustees.					
Effect on unvested restricted shares, restricted units and Options	Awards immediately vest, Options continue to be exercisable for the balance of the applicable ten-year option period and restricted units are still subject to the book-up provisions.	original vesting schedule, subject to certain conditions, Options continue	Options continue to be exercisable for the balance of the applicable ten-year option period and restricted units are still					
Effect on LTI Plan	Awards are prorated in proportion to the period and the individual does not receivend of the three-year performance period	e any payout of shares or units until the						

(1) The Rule of 70 is met when an employee's years of service with the Company (which must be at least 15 years) plus his or her age (which must be at least 55 years) on the date of termination equals or exceeds 70 years. In addition, the employee must give the Company at least six months' advance written notice of his or her intention to retire along with agreeing to certain other conditions.

Under the Company's definitions of retirement, some of its executive officers, including its Chief Executive Officer, are retirement eligible.

Compensation Expense and Award Activity

The following tables summarize compensation information regarding the restricted shares, restricted units, Options and Employee Share Purchase Plan ("ESPP") for the three years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022.

						December 31, 2024				
	Compensation		C	Compensation		estricted Units/Options	Compensation			Dividends
	E	xpense		Capitalized		In-Lieu of Bonus (1)		Equity		Incurred
Restricted shares	\$	12,095	\$	1,812	\$	_	\$	13,907	\$	1,209
Restricted units		15,331		131				15,462		1,930
Options		3,220		221		_		3,441		_
ESPP discount		641		70		_		711		_
Total	\$	31,287	\$	2,234	\$		\$	33,521	\$	3,139

December 31, 2023											
Compensation		Compensation			estricted Units/Options		Compensation		Dividends		
]	Expense	Capitalized		In-Lieu of Bonus (1)			Equity	Incurred			
\$	11,006	\$	1,480	\$	_	\$	12,486	\$	889		
	15,809		96		525		16,430		904		
	4,436		192		_		4,628		_		
	564		80		_		644		_		
\$	31,815	\$	1,848	\$	525	\$	34,188	\$	1,793		
		Expense \$ 11,006 15,809 4,436 564	Expense \$ 11,006 \$ 15,809 4,436 564	Expense Capitalized \$ 11,006 \$ 1,480 15,809 96 4,436 192 564 80	Expense Capitalized \$ 11,006 \$ 1,480 \$ 15,809 96 4,436 192 564 80	Compensation Expense Compensation Capitalized Restricted Units/Options In-Lieu of Bonus (1) \$ 11,006 \$ 1,480 \$ — 15,809 96 525 4,436 192 — 564 80 —	Compensation Expense Compensation Capitalized Restricted Units/Options In-Lieu of Bonus (1) \$ 11,006 \$ 1,480 \$ — \$ 15,809 96 525 4,436 192 — 564 80 —	Compensation Expense Compensation Capitalized Restricted Units/Options In-Lieu of Bonus (1) Compensation Equity \$ 11,006 \$ 1,480 \$ — \$ 12,486 15,809 96 525 16,430 4,436 192 — 4,628 564 80 — 644	Expense Capitalized In-Lieu of Bonus (1) Equity \$ 11,006 \$ 1,480 \$ — \$ 12,486 \$ 15,809 96 525 16,430 4,436 192 — 4,628 564 80 — 644		

		December 31, 2022												
	Compensation		(Compensation	Restricted Units/Options			Compensation		Dividends				
		Expense		Capitalized		-Lieu of Bonus (1)		Equity		Incurred				
Restricted shares	\$	10,419	\$	1,176	\$	_	\$	11,595	\$	1,120				
Restricted units		16,487		87		2,530		19,104		1,039				
Options		1,889		169		263		2,321		_				
ESPP discount		718		78		_		796						
Total	\$	29,513	\$	1,510	\$	2,793	\$	33,816	\$	2,159				

(1) The Company allows eligible officers the ability to receive immediately vested restricted units (subject to the book-up provisions described above and a two-year hold restriction) or immediately vested Options in-lieu of any percentage of their annual cash bonus.

Compensation expense is generally recognized for Awards as follows:

- Restricted shares, restricted units and Options Straight-line method over the vesting period of the Options, shares or units regardless of cliff or ratable vesting distinctions.
- LTI plan awards Target amount is recognized under the straight-line method over the vesting period of the shares or units.
- ESPP discount Immediately upon the purchase of Common Shares each quarter.

The Company accelerates the recognition of compensation expense for all Awards for those individuals approaching or meeting the retirement age criteria discussed above. The total compensation expense related to Awards not yet vested at December 31, 2024 is \$11.0 million (including the accelerated expenses for individuals approaching or meeting the retirement age criteria discussed above), which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average term of 1.33 years.

The table below summarizes the Award activity of the Share Incentive Plans for the three years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Common Shares Subject to Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price per Option	Restricted Shares	Weighted Average Fair Value per estricted Share	Restricted Units	Weighted Average Fair Value per estricted Unit
Balance at December 31, 2021	4,387,833	\$ 60.65	309,876	\$ 75.17	853,431	\$ 66.11
Awards granted	164,199	\$ 88.22	182,801	\$ 80.52	223,242	\$ 86.47
Awards exercised/vested	(468,021)	\$ 52.87	(194,533)	\$ 70.91	(122,999)	\$ 66.10
Awards forfeited	(12,968)	\$ 77.29	(8,226)	\$ 82.02	_	\$ _
Awards expired	(9,683)	\$ 60.02		\$ 		\$ _
Balance at December 31, 2022	4,061,360	\$ 62.60	289,918	\$ 81.21	953,674	\$ 73.57
Awards granted	395,280	\$ 66.56	152,217	\$ 66.93	236,031	\$ 60.38
Awards exercised/vested	(495,690)	\$ 48.52	(118,322)	\$ 80.76	(75,105)	\$ 76.38
Awards forfeited	(1,717)	\$ 66.73	(3,743)	\$ 76.43	(70,667)	\$ 59.14
Awards expired	(981)	\$ 67.50	_	\$ _	_	\$ _
Balance at December 31, 2023	3,958,252	\$ 64.76	320,070	\$ 74.64	1,043,933	\$ 68.56
Awards granted	323,201	\$ 61.85	194,536	\$ 61.58	172,667	\$ 59.46
Awards exercised/vested	(375,436)	\$ 60.15	(92,555)	\$ 67.89	(199,943)	\$ 60.47
Awards forfeited	(14,557)	\$ 74.31	(8,952)	\$ 68.30		\$ _
Awards expired	(17,812)	\$ 67.13		\$ _	_	\$ _
Balance at December 31, 2024	3,873,648	\$ 64.91	413,099	\$ 70.14	1,016,657	\$ 68.48

The table below summarizes information regarding the intrinsic value of Options exercised and the fair value of restricted shares/units vested for the three years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022:

	Amounts in thousands except per share amounts									
		2024		2023		2022				
Weighted average grant date fair value per share for Options granted	\$	11.18	\$	12.61	\$	12.45				
Aggregate intrinsic value of Options exercised (1)	\$	3,879	\$	6,023	\$	14,511				
Fair value of restricted shares vested	\$	5,724	\$	7,783	\$	17,353				
Fair value of restricted units vested	\$	12,100	\$	4,965	\$	10,662				

(1) These values were calculated as the difference between the strike price of the underlying awards and the per share price at which each respective award was exercised.

The following table summarizes information regarding Options outstanding and exercisable at December 31, 2024 (aggregate intrinsic value is in thousands):

		Weighted Average		
		Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Average	Aggregate Intrinsic
	Options	in Years	Exercise Price	Value (1)
Options Outstanding	3,873,648	4.49	\$ 64.91	\$ 31,443
Options Exercisable	3,296,824	3.76	\$ 64.84	\$ 27,115
Vested and expected to vest	572,841	8.63	\$ 65.34	\$ 4,294

(1) The aggregate intrinsic values were calculated as the excess, if any, between the Company's closing share price of \$71.76 per share on December 31, 2024 and the strike price of the underlying awards.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, 3,342,785 Options (with a weighted average exercise price of \$63.83) and 3,549,325 Options (with a weighted average exercise price of \$60.80) were exercisable, respectively.

12. Employee Plans

The Company established an Employee Share Purchase Plan to provide each employee and trustee the ability to annually acquire up to \$100,000 of Common Shares of EQR. The Company registered 7,000,000 Common Shares under the ESPP, of which 2,353,265 Common Shares remained available for purchase at December 31, 2024. The Common Shares may be purchased quarterly at a price equal to 85% of the lesser of: (a) the closing price for a share on the last day of such quarter; and (b) the greater of: (i) the closing price for a share on the first day of such quarter, and (ii) the average closing price for a share for all the business days in the quarter. The following table summarizes information regarding the Common Shares issued under the ESPP with the net proceeds noted below being contributed to ERPOP in exchange for OP Units (amounts in thousands except share and per share amounts):

	Y	Year Ended December 3	1,
	2024	2023	2022
Shares issued	65,198	68,136	66,835
Issuance price ranges	\$50.60 - \$62.11	\$47.97-\$55.11	\$52.33 - \$72.51
Issuance proceeds	\$3,522	\$3,517	\$4,178

The Company established a defined contribution plan (the "401(k) Plan") to provide retirement benefits for employees that meet minimum employment criteria. The Company matches dollar for dollar up to the first 4% of eligible compensation that a participant contributes to the 401(k) Plan for all employees except those defined as highly compensated employees, whose match is 3%. Participants are vested in the Company's contributions over five years. The Company recognized an expense in the amount of \$5.1 million, \$5.2 million and \$4.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The Company established the SERP to provide certain officers and trustees an opportunity to defer a portion of their eligible compensation in order to save for retirement. The SERP is restricted to investments in Common Shares, certain marketable securities that have been specifically approved and cash equivalents. The deferred compensation liability represented in the SERP and the securities issued to fund such deferred compensation liability are consolidated by the Company and carried on the Company's balance sheets, and the Company's Common Shares held in the SERP are accounted for as a reduction to paid in capital (included in general partner's capital in the Operating Partnership's financial statements).

13. Distribution Reinvestment Plan

On September 30, 2014, the Company filed with the SEC a Form S-3 Registration Statement to register 4,790,000 Common Shares pursuant to a Distribution Reinvestment Plan (the "2014 DRIP"), which included the remaining shares available for issuance under a previous registration. The registration was automatically declared effective the same day and will expire when all 4,790,000 shares have been issued. The Company has 4,608,156 Common Shares available for issuance under the 2014 DRIP at December 31, 2024.

The 2014 DRIP provides holders of record and beneficial owners of Common Shares and Preferred Shares with a simple and convenient method of reinvesting cash dividends/distributions in additional Common Shares. Common Shares purchased under the 2014 DRIP may, at the option of EQR, be directly issued by EQR or purchased by EQR's transfer agent in the open market using participants' funds. The net proceeds from any Common Share issuances are contributed to ERPOP in exchange for OP Units.

14. Transactions with Related Parties

The Company leases its corporate headquarters from an entity affiliated with Samuel Zell, who was EQR's Chairman of the Board of Trustees until his death in May 2023. This lease is no longer a related party lease as of December 31, 2024 and 2023. The lease term expires on November 30, 2032 and contains two five-year extension options. The amount incurred for such office space for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were approximately \$1.9 million, \$1.9 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. The Company believes these amounts approximate market rates for such rental space.

15. Commitments and Contingencies

Commitments

Real Estate Development Commitments

As of December 31, 2024, the Company has both consolidated and unconsolidated real estate projects under development. The following table summarizes the gross remaining total project costs for the Company's projects under development at December 31, 2024 (total project costs remaining in thousands):

	Projects	Apartment Units	Total Project Costs Remaining (1)
Projects Under Development			
Consolidated	2	665	\$ 123,087
Unconsolidated	4	1,359	206,583
Total Projects Under Development	6	2,024	\$ 329,670

(1) The Company's share of the \$329.7 million in total project costs remaining approximates \$172.1 million, with the balance funded by the Company's joint venture partners (approximately \$2.6 million) and/or applicable construction loans (approximately \$155.0 million).

We have entered into, and may continue in the future to enter into, joint venture agreements with third-party partners for the development of multifamily rental properties. The joint venture agreements with each development partner include buy-sell provisions that provide the right, but not the obligation, for the Company to acquire each respective partner's interests or sell its interests at any time following the occurrence of certain pre-defined events described in the joint venture agreements. See Note 5 for additional discussion.

Other Commitments

We have entered into, and may continue in the future to enter into, real estate technology and other real estate fund investments. As of December 31, 2024, the Company has invested in ten separate such investments totaling \$42.7 million with aggregate remaining commitments of approximately \$15.3 million.

Employment Agreements

The Company entered into a retirement benefits agreement with its former Chairman and a deferred compensation agreement with one former executive officer. During the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the Company recognized compensation expense of \$0.2 million, \$0.6 million and \$(0.2) million, respectively, related to these agreements.

The following table summarizes the Company's contractual obligations for deferred compensation for the next five years and thereafter as of December 31, 2024:

				(Payments)	Due	by Year (in	tho	usands)			
	202	5	2026	2027		2028		2029	Th	ereafter	Total
Other Long-Term Liabilities:											
Deferred Compensation (1)	\$	(840)	\$ (840)	\$ (840)	\$	(840)	\$	(840)	\$	(2,939)	\$ (7,139)

(1) Includes payments due to the estate of the Company's former Chairman. As of December 31, 2024 and 2023, no payments remain due to the Company's former executive officer.

Contingencies

Litigation and Legal Matters

The Company, as an owner of real estate, is subject to various federal, state and local laws. Compliance by the Company with existing laws has not had a material adverse effect on the Company. However, the Company cannot predict the impact of new or changed laws or regulations on its current properties or on properties that it may acquire in the future.

The Company is involved in various pending and threatened legal proceedings which arise in the ordinary course of business. The Company evaluates these litigation matters on an ongoing basis, but in no event less than quarterly, in assessing the adequacy of its accruals and disclosures. For legal proceedings in which it has been determined that a loss is both probable and reasonably estimable, the Company records new accruals and/or adjusts existing accruals that represent its best estimate of the loss incurred based on the facts and circumstances known at that time. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company's litigation accruals approximated \$42.4 million and \$17.1 million, respectively, and are included in other liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets. Actual losses may differ materially from the amounts noted above and the ultimate outcome of these legal proceedings is generally not yet determinable. As of December 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Company does not believe there is any litigation pending or threatened against it that, either individually or in the aggregate and inclusive of the matters accrued for as noted above, may reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company and its financial condition.

The Company has been named as a defendant in a number of cases filed in late 2022 and 2023 alleging antitrust violations by RealPage, Inc., a seller of revenue management software products, and various owners and/or operators of multifamily housing, including us, that have utilized these products. The complaints allege collusion among the defendants to illegally fix and inflate the pricing of multifamily rents and seek monetary damages, injunctive relief, fees and costs. All of the cases except for one have been consolidated into a single putative class action in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Tennessee. On December 28, 2023, motions to dismiss this consolidated action, filed by RealPage, Inc. as well as us and our multifamily co-defendants, were denied by the Court and the case is proceeding. Another case with similar allegations has been filed by the District of Columbia against RealPage, Inc. and a number of multifamily owners and/or operators, including us, and no assurance can be given that similar additional cases will not be filed in the future. We believe these various lawsuits are without merit and we intend to vigorously defend against them. As these proceedings are in the early stages, it is not possible for the Company to predict the outcome nor is it possible to estimate the amount of loss, if any, which may be associated with an adverse decision in any of these cases.

The Company is named as a defendant in a class action in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California filed in 2016 which alleges that the amount of late fees charged by the Company were improperly determined under California law. The plaintiffs are seeking monetary damages and other relief. On April 8, 2024, the Court issued certain findings of facts and conclusions of law that are adverse to the Company's legal position. At this time, the Company is continuing to defend the action. While the resolution of this matter cannot be predicted with certainty, the Company does not believe that the eventual outcome will have a material adverse effect on the Company and its financial condition.

16. Reportable Segments

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise that engage in business activities from which they may earn revenues and incur expenses and about which discrete financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is the Company's chief executive officer, decides how resources are allocated and assesses performance on a recurring basis at least quarterly.

The Company's primary business is the acquisition, development and management of multifamily residential properties, which includes the generation of rental and other related income through the leasing of apartment units to residents. The chief operating decision maker evaluates the Company's operating performance of our apartment communities geographically by market on a same store basis and in total on a non-same store basis, which represent our operating segments.

The Company has aggregated its geographic same store operating segments into one reportable segment called same store. Management believes the properties in the same store reportable segment have similar economic characteristics, facilities, services and residents, which is in alignment with the required aggregation criteria. The following reflects the two reportable segments for the Company:

- Same store primarily includes all properties acquired or completed that were stabilized (defined as having achieved 90% physical occupancy for three consecutive months) for all of the current and comparable periods presented.
- Non-same store primarily includes all properties acquired during the current and prior year, any properties in lease-up and not stabilized for all of the current and comparable periods presented and any properties undergoing major renovations.

The Company has non-residential activities included in each of its reportable segments, which account for less than 4.0% of total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2024 and serve as an amenity for our residential residents. All revenues are from external customers and there is no customer who contributed 10% or more of the Company's total revenues during the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The primary financial measure for the Company's reportable segments is net operating income ("NOI"), which represents rental income less: 1) property and maintenance expense and 2) real estate taxes and insurance expense (all as reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income). The Company believes that NOI is helpful to investors as a supplemental measure of its operating performance because it is a direct measure of the actual operating results of the Company's apartment properties. Revenues for all leases are reflected on a straight-line basis in accordance with GAAP for the current and comparable periods.

The following table presents a reconciliation of net income per the consolidated statements of operations to NOI for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively (amounts in thousands):

	Decembe	er 31, 2024	Decemb	er 31, 2023	Decemb	oer 31, 2022
Net income	\$	1,070,975	\$	868,488	\$	806,995
Adjustments:						
Property management		132,739		119,804		110,304
General and administrative		61,653		60,716		58,710
Depreciation		952,191		888,709		882,168
Net (gain) loss on sales of real estate properties		(546,797)		(282,539)		(304,325)
Interest and other income		(30,329)		(22,345)		(2,193)
Other expenses		74,051		29,419		13,664
Interest:						
Expense incurred, net		285,735		269,556		282,920
Amortization of deferred financing costs		7,834		8,941		8,729
Income and other tax expense (benefit)		1,256		1,148		900
(Income) loss from investments in						
unconsolidated entities		8,974		5,378		5,031
Total NOI	\$	2,018,282	\$	1,947,275	\$	1,862,903

The following table presents NOI from our rental real estate for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively (amounts in thousands):

	D	ecember 31, 202	24	D	ecember 31, 202	23	1	December 31, 20	22
	Rental Income	Operating Expenses	NOI	Rental Income	Operating Expenses	NOI	Rental Income	Operating Expenses	NOI
Same store (1)									
Los Angeles	\$ 479,711	\$ 148,030	\$ 331,681	\$ 466,980	\$ 143,983	\$ 322,997	\$ 450,635	\$ 132,858	\$ 317,777
Orange County	125,214	28,208	97,006	121,113	26,759	94,354	122,660	26,511	96,149
San Diego	96,969	21,127	75,842	92,847	20,794	72,053	86,728	19,506	67,222
Subtotal - Southern California	701,894	197,365	504,529	680,940	191,536	489,404	660,023	178,875	481,148
San Francisco	431,323	129,084	302,239	424,547	128,742	295,805	415,173	124,192	290,981
Washington, D.C.	438,914	137,786	301,128	419,628	132,610	287,018	417,210	138,570	278,640
New York	494,060	201,857	292,203	476,319	193,311	283,008	434,820	187,218	247,602
Boston	327,134	94,576	232,558	314,929	91,977	222,952	270,899	82,523	188,376
Seattle	285,539	81,843	203,696	278,170	78,418	199,752	281,959	79,037	202,922
Denver	71,061	21,600	49,461	71,067	21,328	49,739	67,785	19,569	48,216
Other Expansion Markets	73,493	30,366	43,127	74,593	31,713	42,880	61,897	27,618	34,279
Total same store	2,823,418	894,477	1,928,941	2,740,193	869,635	1,870,558	2,609,766	837,602	1,772,164
Non-same store	100,419	36,350	64,069	35,474	15,117	20,357	74,379	29,758	44,621
Total reportable segments	2,923,837	930,827	1,993,010	2,775,667	884,752	1,890,915	2,684,145	867,360	1,816,785
Other (2)	56,271	30,999	25,272	98,297	41,937	56,360	51,035	4,917	46,118
Totals	\$ 2,980,108	\$ 961,826	\$ 2,018,282	\$ 2,873,964	\$ 926,689	\$ 1,947,275	\$ 2,735,180	\$ 872,277	\$ 1,862,903

⁽¹⁾ For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, same store represented 75,299 apartment units. For the year ended December 31, 2022, same store represented 76,297 apartment units.

⁽²⁾ Other includes development, other corporate operations and operations prior to disposition for properties sold.

The following table presents a reconciliation of operating expenses for each reportable segment for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022, respectively (amounts in thousands):

		D	ecemb	er 31, 2024			D	ecemb	er 31, 2023			D	ecemb	er 31, 2022	
	Sa	ame Store (1)		on-Same Store	Total	Sa	me Store (1)		on-Same Store	Total	Sa	me Store (1)		on-Same Store	Total
Operating expenses:															
Real estate taxes	\$	368,087	\$	12,050	\$ 380,137	\$	356,847	\$	3,929	\$ 360,776	\$	350,928	\$	9,822	\$ 360,750
On-site payroll		168,006		7,335	175,341		167,486		3,189	170,675		161,297		5,156	166,453
Utilities		139,116		5,860	144,976		135,721		2,664	138,385		133,579		5,443	139,022
Repairs and maintenance		118,829		5,583	124,412		116,529		1,961	118,490		107,702		3,538	111,240
Other (2)		100,439		5,522	105,961		93,052		3,374	96,426		84,096		5,799	89,895
Total	\$	894,477	\$	36,350	\$ 930,827	\$	869,635	\$	15,117	\$ 884,752	\$	837,602	\$	29,758	\$ 867,360

- (1) For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, same store represented 75,299 apartment units. For the year ended December 31, 2022, same store represented 76,297 apartment units.
- (2) Other operating expenses for each reportable segment includes insurance, leasing and advertising and other on-site operating expenses.

The following table presents a reconciliation of total assets and capital expenditures as of and for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively (amounts in thousands):

				Decembe	r 31, 2	2024					Decembe	r 31,	2023	
	5	Same Store	ľ	Non-Same				5	Same Store	N	lon-Same			
		(1)		Store	(Other (2)	Total		(1)		Store		Other (2)	Total
Total assets	\$	17,638,845	\$	2,322,642	\$	872,689	\$ 20,834,176	\$	18,190,640	\$	782,516	\$	1,061,408	\$ 20,034,564
Capital expenditures	\$	273,997	\$	22,028	\$	5,409	\$ 301,434	\$	278,149	\$	32,023	\$	9,170	\$ 319,342

- (1) For the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, same store represented 75,299 apartment units.
- (2) Other includes development, other corporate operations and capital expenditures for properties sold.

17. Subsequent Events

Subsequent to December 31, 2024, the Company:

• Disposed of the following to unaffiliated parties (sales price in thousands):

	Properties	Apartment Units	 Sales Price
Rental Properties – Consolidated	1	440	\$ 183,000

 Repaid \$37.9 million of tax-exempt floating rate mortgage debt maturing in 2036 in conjunction with the sale of the consolidated rental property noted above.

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation

Overall Summary December 31, 2024

	Properties	Apartment Units	Investment in Real Estate, Gross	Accumulated Depreciation	Investment in Real Estate, Net	Encumbrances (1)
Wholly Owned Unencumbered	262	72,108	\$ 26,060,716,604	\$ (8,995,415,392)	\$ 17,065,301,212	~
Wholly Owned Encumbered	33	8,223	3,137,623,911	(1,145,441,380)	1,992,182,531	1,602,386,003
Wholly Owned Properties	295	80,331	29,198,340,515	(10,140,856,772)	19,057,483,743	1,602,386,003
Partially Owned Unencumbered	11	2,388	736,698,865	(248,342,763)	488,356,102	
Partially Owned Encumbered	1	268	35,752,011	(23,263,607)	12,488,404	28,303,802
Partially Owned Properties	12	2,656	772,450,876	(271,606,370)	500,844,506	28,303,802
Total Unencumbered Properties	273	74,496	26,797,415,469	(9,243,758,155)	17,553,657,314	1
Total Encumbered Properties	34	8,491	3,173,375,922	(1,168,704,987)	2,004,670,935	1,630,689,805
Total Consolidated Investment in Real Estate	307	82,987	\$ 29,970,791,391	\$ (10,412,463,142)	\$ 19,558,328,249	\$ 1,630,689,805

(1) See attached Encumbrances Reconciliation.

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation Encumbrances Reconciliation December 31, 2024

	I Januari Oi			
	Properties	See Properties		
Portfolio/Entity Encumbrances	Encumbered by	With Note:		Amount
Archstone Master Property Holdings LLC	∞	Н	⇔	547,116,704
Portfolio/Entity Encumbrances	∞			547,116,704
Individual Property Encumbrances				1,083,573,101
Total Encumbrances per Financial Statements			8	1,630,689,805

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP Schedule III – Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation (Amounts in thousands)

The changes in total real estate for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	2024		2023		2022
Balance, beginning of year	28,712	,638	\$ 28,088,754	\$	28,272,906
Acquisitions and development	1,717,217	,217	500,221		214,903
Improvements	304	,200	321,082		225,136
Dispositions and other	(763	,264)	(197,419)		(624,191)
Balance, end of year	29,970,791	,791	\$ 28,712,638	∽	28,088,754

The changes in accumulated depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2024, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

		2024		2023	2022
Balance, beginning of year	8	9,810,337	\$	9,027,850	\$ 8,354,282
Depreciation		952,191		888,709	882,168
Dispositions and other		(350,065)		(106,222)	(208,600)
Balance, end of year	\$	10,412,463	8	9,810,337	\$ 9,027,850

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTINERSHIP Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation December 31, 2024

Description					Initial Cost to Company	Ost to	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (Improvements, net) (E)	Gross Amou	Gross Amount Carried at Close of Period 12/31/24				
Apartment Name	Location	Non-Residential Components	Date of Construction	Apartment Units	Land	Building & Fixtures	Building & Fixtures	Land	Building & Fixtures (A)	Total (B)	Accumulated Depreciation (C)	Investment in Real Estate, Net at 12/31/24	Encumbrances
Wholly Owned Unencumbered:													
100 K Apartments (fka 100K Street)	Washington, D.C.	ı	2018	222	\$ 15,600,000	\$ 70,296,069	\$ 627,994	\$ 15,600,000	\$ 70,924,063	\$ 86,524,063	\$ (17,822,446)	\$ 68,701,617	8
170 Amsterdam	New York, NY	O	2015	236	1	112,096,955	1,367,221	1	113,464,176	113,464,176	(43,049,429)	70,414,747	I
175 Kent	Brooklyn, NY	9	2011	113	22,037,831	53,962,169	3,082,404	22,037,831	57,044,573	79,082,404	(28,045,068)	51,037,336	I
180 Montague (fka Brooklyn Heights)	Brooklyn, NY	9	2000	193	32,400,000	92,675,228	6,655,948	32,400,000	99,331,176	131,731,176	(44,741,960)	86,989,216	I
180 Riverside Boulevard	New York, NY	Ð	8661	516	144,968,250	138,346,681	23,943,297	144,968,250	162,289,978	307,258,228	(108,359,879)	198,898,349	1
1210 Mass	Washington, D.C.	Ð	2004	144	9,213,513	36,559,189	6,439,066	9,213,513	42,998,255	52,211,768	(27,955,324)	24,256,444	1
1401 Joyce on Pentagon Row	Arlington, VA	I	2004	326	9,780,000	89,668,165	10,408,727	9,780,000	100,076,892	109,856,892	(55,775,349)	54,081,543	I
1500 Mass Ave	Washington, D.C.	5	1951	564	54,638,298	40,361,702	19,738,260	54,638,298	60,099,962	114,738,260	(39,473,302)	75,264,958	I
1800 Oak (Ika Rossiyn)	Arlington, VA	י כ	2003	314	31,400,000	109,005,734	14,905,927	31,400,000	123,909,661	155,509,661	(36,682,730)	98,626,911	ı
2201 Persing Drive	Artington, VA	50	2002	188	21,000,000	70 774 663	5,800,432	21,000,000	55,480,607	04,801,803	(24,968,240)	29,655,505	I
2400 M St	Washinoton D.C.	0	2000	359	30,006,593	114 013 785	6.481.056	30,006,593	120 494 841	150 501 434	(77.893.669.)	20, 120, 17	1 1
2501 Porter	Washington, D.C.	·	1988	202	13.000,000	75.271.179	9,011,187	13,000,000	84.282.366	97,282,366	(39,924,592)	57.357.774	ı
315 on A	Boston, MA	Ð	2013	202	14,450,070	115,824,930	2,957,010	14,450,070	118,781,940	133,232,010	(44,372,786)	88,859,224	1
340 Fremont (fka Rincon Hill)	San Francisco, CA	1	2016	348	42,000,000	248,607,902	2,068,617	42,000,000	250,676,519	292,676,519	(81,954,131)	210,722,388	I
341 Nevins	Brooklyn, NY	I	(F)	I	3,621,717	308,661	I	3,621,717	308,661	3,930,378	ı	3,930,378	I
3003 Van Ness (fka Van Ness)	Washington, D.C.	I	1970	625	56,300,000	141,191,580	15,993,278	56,300,000	157,184,858	213,484,858	(71,185,587)	142,299,271	I
425 Broadway	Santa Monica, CA	9	2001	101	12,600,000	34,394,772	4,481,987	12,600,000	38,876,759	51,476,759	(18,329,413)	33,147,346	I
425 Mass	Washington, D.C.	5	2009	529	28,150,000	138,600,000	13,657,653	28,150,000	152,257,653	180,407,653	(79,337,182)	101,070,471	1
455 Eye Street	Washington, D.C.	5	2017	174	11,941,407	61,418,689	610,012	11,941,407	62,028,701	73,970,108	(18,424,614)	55,545,494	I
4th and Hill	Los Angeles, CA	ı	(H)	; ا	15,151,456	1,868,544	1,000,00	13,131,456	1,868,544	000,000,01		000,000,61	ı
55 West Fith I & II (tka Townhouse Plaza and Gardens)	San Mateo, CA	4	1964/1972	241	21,041,710	71,931,323	20,283,614	21,041,710	92,214,937	113,256,647	(47,267,978)	65,988,669	I
600 Washington (flo Borton Common)	New York, NY Boston MA	ט פ	2004	135	32,852,000	166,140,551	0,072,853	32,852,000	188 983 749	81,065,404	(30,924,462)	20,140,942	1
70 Greene	Jersev City, NJ	5 G	2010	480	28.108.899	236.763.553	9.574.610	28.108.899	246.338.163	274.447.062	(123.961.737)	150.485.325	1 1
71 Broadway	New York, NY	5	1997	238	22,611,600	77,492,171	22,717,412	22,611,600	100,209,583	122,821,183	(72,000,593)	50,820,590	1
77 Bluxome	San Francisco, CA	1	2007	102	5,249,124	18,609,876	855,764	5,249,124	19,465,640	24,714,764	(9,461,250)	15,253,514	I
77 Park Avenue (fka Hoboken)	Hoboken, NJ	9	2000	301	27,900,000	168,992,440	12,564,427	27,900,000	181,556,867	209,456,867	(80,555,800)	128,901,067	I
777 Sixth	New York, NY	O	2002	294	65,352,706	65,747,294	11,645,774	65,352,706	77,393,068	142,745,774	(43,457,096)	99,288,678	I
855 Brannan	San Francisco, CA	5	2018	449	41,363,921	282,730,067	2,130,197	41,363,921	284,860,264	326,224,185	(80, 192, 969)	246,031,216	I
929 Mass (fka 929 House)	Cambridge, MA	5	1975	127	3,252,993	21,745,595	10,092,794	3,252,993	31,838,389	35,091,382	(26,006,815)	9,084,567	ı
Academy Village	North Hollywood, CA	I	1989	248	25,000,000	23,593,194	16,291,180	25,000,000	39,884,374	64,884,374	(26,975,025)	37,909,349	I
Acappella	Pasadena, CA	4	2002	143	5,839,548	29,360,452	2,982,614	5,839,548	32,343,066	38,182,614	(17,814,023)	20,368,591	I
Aero Aparuments	Alameda, CA	5	1707	700	15,107,242	100,584,289	138,338	13,107,242	100,722,827	113,830,069	(15,046,520)	98,783,749	I
Alban Lowers	Washington, D.C.	I	1935	677	18,900,000	89, 794,201	8,515,225	18,900,000	98,309,426	05 467 606	(45,815,456)	0/6,565,57	ı
All-th Annual (2)- Wi-th The Company	Fremont, CA	1	1600	7 42	10,424,000	59,214,129	11,945,477	24,310,000	700,110,118	95,467,606	(38,313,018)	37,122,388	I
Alcott Apartments (Ika west End Tower)	Boston, IMA	5 (7007	0/4	10,424,000	215,070,500	1,334,000	10,424,000	52,520,118	409,834,118	(49, 143, 736)	286,060,082	ı
Alcyone Altitude (4.9 Village of Howard Hughes The (Lote 1.8/2))	Seattle, w.A.	ן כ	2004	791	11,3/9,497	150 234 305	3,159,670	11,379,497	152 587 381	196 370 866	(50,707,957)	45,191,713	I
Altern The (flee Milliam)	Los Augeres, CA	ı	2010	£ 5	11,040,007	150,234,503	070,555,0	11,040,007	132,367,361	100,370,000	(21,000,217)	77 204 362	ı
Arbor Terrace	Sumvale CA] [1979	¥ 12	9.057.300	18 483 642	13 305 770	9.057.300	31 789 412	40.846.712	(26,091,131)	14.755.581	
Arbone Source	Wastminster CO		6100	300	3,021,300	24 601 084	990,901	1007,200	94 980 173	94,040,112	(76.901,151)	14,722,381	
Arches The	Sunnyvale CA		1974	410	26,650,000	62 850 000	24 315 290	26,570,000	87 165 290	113.815.290	(38 618 955)	75 196 335	
ATT ATTACK	tion farmed frame			1	and and and and	- 2060 2060		- safa aafam			(- 1, 5, 1, 5, 1)		

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTINERSHIP Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation December 31, 2024

Location Location Components Compone	struction 2008 118 1209 2015 2015 2016 202 2015 2002 2015 2002 2015 2000 2010 201	Building & Bui	Building & Fixtures 4,756,138 1,088,384 1,1 1,208,384 1,1 1,208,384 1,4 1,5 1,4 1,5 1,5 1,4 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5 1,5	Buildin 8,000400 408, 408, 32,401,680 8,2401,680 8,2401,680 8,3401,680 8,3401,680 8,350,115 14,745,774 91,680,109 14,345,744 91,745,745 91,745,431 92,745	Building & Fixtures (A) 40,810,738 72,44,16 83,40,173 81,00,275 91,665,306 68,539,121 155,738,775 32,877,193 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,247 170,2	Total (B) 48.811,138 84.64,378 84.64,378 106.391,70 106.391,70 106.391,70 108.593,800 188.593,800 188.593,800 188.593,800 198.71,93 284.597,193 41,54,189 108.477,66 108.477,67 108.477,67 40,661,777 40,661	Accumulated Depreciation (C) (19,475,131) (15,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,731) (17,577,611) (1	Investment in Real Estate, Net at 1231/24 at 1231/24 at 1231/24 at 1231/24 at 1231/24 at 1231/24 at 1346/25 at	Encumbrances
Los Angeles, CA Emeryville, CA Brooklya, IN Frisco, TX San Francisco, CA Long Baeath, CA Long Baeath, CA New York, NY Woodhand Hills, CA Bellevue, MA Marina Del Rey, CA Sandy Springs, GA Marina Del Rey, CA Sumyvale, CA Westminster, CO Brooklya, NY Los Angeles, CA Seartle, WA Seartle, W				8,000,400 12,300,000 32,401,680 8,486,099 14,745,714 7,600,000 114,351,405 7,600,000 114,351,405 9,098,808 15,745,431 9,098,808 15,745,431 9,098,808 15,745,431 16,74	40.810.738 48.344.416 83.060.275 91.645.396 68.559.121 155.738.775 12.87.193 170.246.107 19.999.413 23.8255 22.415.381 92.732.230 76.747.942 81.733.738	48.811,138 84,644,378 80,746,096 91,536,374 106,391,70 76,233,854 108,593,854 40,487,91 284,597,512 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,749 171,74	(19,475,131) (15,238,629) (17,377,731) (23,38,639) (24,308,634) (23,14,256) (24,14,256) (2	25.53 8.875 8.875 8.875 8.890 8.890 8.890 8.831 8.833 8.834 8.833 8.933 8.833 8.933 803 803 803 803 803 803 803 803 803 8	
Emeryville, CA. Brodskin, NY Highlands Ranch, CO Rockville, MD Frisco, TX San Famerisco, CA Long Baech, CA New York, NY Woodland Hills, CA Bellevue, WA Natura De Rey, CA Sandy Springs, GA Marrina De Rey, CA Sandrinser, CO Rockody, NA G G G Cantle, WA Seattle,		2		12,300,000 3,401,680 8,460,690 14,745,774 7,674,733 32,855,115 7,600,000 114,351,405 31,682,744 15,745,431 15,745,431 9,909,500 8,639,904 10,009,922	72,344,378 48,344,416 83,060,275 91,645,396 68,559,121 155,738,775 12,887,193 170,246,107 139,999,413 23,415,381 92,732,230 76,747,942 36,670,277 81,733,738 81,733,738	84,644,378 80,746,096 91,556,374 10,6391,770 76,233,884 188,533,880 10,487,193 284,597,512 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,682,167 171,41,89 108,477,661 76,747,942 46,661,777 46,661,777 46,661,777 46,661,777	(35.238.629) (75.77.73) (75.77.73) (75.79.80.694) (21.48.28) (34.66.73) (21.89.303) (37.19.28) (38.18.200) (13.19.88) (15.61.5.22) (4.16.52.23) (4.16.52.23) (4.16.50.23) (4.16.50.23) (4.16.50.23) (4.16.50.23) (4.16.50.23) (4.16.50.23) (4.16.50.23) (4.16.50.23)	40,405,749 61,408,365 90,748,875 778,451,476 77,508,598 133,917,253 17,297,890 20,549,261 82,863,967 169,428 159,931 21,504,825 66,120,376 159,499,825 15,849,982 15,849,982	
Brooklyn, NY Highards Ranch, CO Rookville, MD Frisco, TX San Francisco, CA Long Beach, CA New York, NY Woodland Hills, CA Bellevue, WA Murina Del Rey, CA Sandy Springs, GA Marina Del Rey, CA Sundy Springs, GA Marina Del Rey, CA Sundy Springs, GA Newmirster, CA Seathey, NY Les Angeles, CA Alexandria, VA Seattle, WA Se		2 2		32.401.680 8.486.099 14.745.774 14.745.774 7.604.733 14.825.715 11.682.754 16.82.754 16.82.754 17.745.431 9.098.808 15.745.431 17.745.431 17.745.431 17.745.431 17.745.431 17.745.431 17.745.431 17.745.431 17.745.431	48,344,416 83,050,275 91,645,396 168,559,121 155,738,775 32,887,193 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,246,107 170,245,107 170,245,107 170,47,942 170,470,470 170,470 170,470 170,470 170,470 170,470 170,470 170,470 1	80,746,096 91,536,374 106,391,70 76,233,854 188,593,890 40,457,193 171,682,167 301,413 41,514,189 108,477,661 76,47,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,459,913 268,459,913	(17,577,731) (78,499) (77,939,694) (21,44,256) (24,676,637) (23,174,231) (89,174,231) (89,114,231) (15,616,532) (4,310,563) (35,37,641) (35,37,641) (35,37,641) (35,37,641) (35,37,641) (35,37,641) (35,37,641) (35,37,641)	63.168.365 99.748.875 78.451.476 73.089.598 133.91.73.53 17.297.839 205,422.261 82.863.967 104.167.098 41.590.331 21.304.825 66.120.376 18.438.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998 18.589.998	11111111111111111
Highlands Ranch, CO Rodelite, MD Frisco, TX San Francisco, CA Long Beach, CA New York, NY Woodhand Hilb, CA Bellevue, WA Marina Del Rey, CA Sundy Springs, GA Marina Del Rey, CA Sundyshings, CA Westmirser, CO Brooklyn, NY Los Angeles, CA Alexandria, VA San Diego, CA Seartie, WA Seartie, WA G Seartie, WA G G Cambridge, MA G C Cuperinc, CA G G Cambridge, MA G C Cuperinc, CA G C Cuperinc, CA G C Cuperinc, CA G C C Cuperinc, CA G C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		7		8.486,099 14,447.74 7,674.73 32,855.115 7,600,000 114,351,405 31,682.74 6,51.88 9,098,808 15,745,431 9,099,500 8,999,500 8,999,500	83.050,275 91,645,396 08.553,18,775 32.887,193 170,246,107 139,999,413 170,246,107 199,999,413 22,415,381 92,73,230 76,747,942 76,747,942 81,733,738	91,536,374 106,391,770 706,391,770 706,391,874 188,593,880 40,487,812 171,682,167 30,413 41,514,189 108,477,661 76,47,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(787,499) (27,938,694) (3,144,256) (3,144,256) (3,144,256) (3,144,256) (3,174,231) (3,174,231) (3,174,231) (3,174,231) (4,319,85) (15,616,532) (4,310,85) (35,575,611) (35,575	90.748.875 78.451.476 73.098.598 17.297.890 205.423.261 169.428 169.428 169.428 141.590.331 21.304.825 66.120.376 33.478.708	1111111111111111
Frisco, TX San Famerisco, CA Long Baech, CA Rew York, NY Woodland Hills, CA Bellevue, WA Marina De Rey, CA Sumsyade, CA Westminster, CO Roodkyn, WA Los Angeles, CA Sand, Ca, Cand,				14.745.774 7.674.733 92.885.115 7.600,000 114.551,405 31,682.754 65,138 9,098.808 15.745.431 9,991.500 8,639.904 4,009.902	91,645,396 68,559,121 155,738,775 170,246,107 139,999,413 23,415,381 92,732,230 76,747,942 36,670,277 81,733,738 81,733,738	106.99.1,70 76.233.854 188.593.804 104.87,193 264.597.512 171.682.167 101.41.89 41.514.189 108.477.661 76.747.481 46.661,777 46.661,777 46.661,777 46.661,777	(27,939,694) (51,64,256) (54,676,637) (79,174,231) (88,818,200) (131,985) (15,616,532) (43,105,60) (25,157,611) (25,356,62) (24,253,266) (195,500,931)	73 451,476 73,089,598 133,917,253 13,917,253 10,297,890 205,423,261 82,863,967 104,467,098 11,590,331 21,590,332 66,120,376 66,120,376 15,594,982 15,594,982 15,594,982 15,594,982 15,594,982	11111111111111
Frisco, TX San Frisco, TX Loug Beach, CA New York, NY Woodland Hills, CA Bellevue, WA Marina Del Rey, CA Sandy Springs, GA Marina Del Rey, CA Sundyshar, NY Los Angeles, CA Alexandria, NA Los Angeles, CA Sandy, NA Los Angeles, CA Santle, WA San Diego, CA Seattle, WA Seattle, WA Seattle, WA Seattle, WA Seattle, WA G G Cambridge, MA G G C Custangon, DC C Custangon, DC C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		7		7.674,733 92.853,115 7.600,00 114.351,405 114.351,405 9.098,808 9.098,808 15,745,431 8.639,904 4.0099,922	68,559,121 155,738,775 32,877,193 170,246,107 139,994,413 228,255 32,415,381 92,725,230 76,747,942 36,670,277 81,733,738	76,233,854 188,593,890 40,457,193 171,682,167 301,413 41,514,189 108,477,661 76,447,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(3,144,256) (54,676,537) (23,189,303) (23,189,303) (89,184,203) (13,188) (15,616,532) (4,310,563) (35,187,611) (35,387,612) (34,287,613) (34,287,613) (34,287,613)	13.99 17.358 13.99 17.253 17.297 880 26.453.261 82.863.967 16.94.28 16.4.589 565 16.4.167.098 41.590.331 21.304.822 66.120.376 35.499.82	
San Francisco, CA Lorg Beach, CA New York, NY Woodhand Hilb, CA Bellevue, MA Sandy Springs, GA Marina Del Rey, CA Sumyvale, CA Westminster, CO Brookyn, NY Lex Angeles, CA Alexandria, VA Seattle, WA Se		7 7 7		32.855,115 7,600,000 114.351,405 11,682,754 63,188 9,008,808 115,745,431 15,745,431 16,009,922	155,738,775 32,887,103 170,246,107 139,999,413 28,255 32,415,381 92,732,230 76,747,942 36,670,277 81,733,738	18.8593,890 18.8593,890 18.8593,890 17.1,682,167 301,413 41,514,189 10.8477,661 76,747,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(54,676,637) (21,89,303) (79,174,251) (88,318,200) (13,985) (15,616,332) (43,157,611) (25,386,922) (24,23,266) (199,500,931)	133.917.253 17.297,890 205.432.601 82.863.967 169.428 25.897,657 104,167,098 41,590,331 21,304,825 66,120,376 15.894,982 35.439,908	
Long Beach, CA New York, IN, Y Woodband Hills, CA Bellevue, WA Marina Del Rey, CA Sandy Springs, GA Marina Del Rey, CA Sumyvake, CA Westminster, CO Brookby, WA Los Angeles, CA Alvandria, WA Seattle,		7 - 2		7,600,000 114,351,405 31,682,754 63,158 9,098,808 15,745,431 15,745,431 9,991,500 8,639,904 40,099,922	32,887,193 170,246,107 130,999,413 28,255 32,415,381 92,732,230 76,747,942 36,670,277 81,733,738 22,330,991	284,597,512 284,597,512 171,682,167 301,413 41,514,189 108,477,661 76,747,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(23,189,303) (79,194,231) (88,818,200) (131,985) (15,616,532) (4,310,563) (35,157,611) (23,356,922) (24,253,266) (109,500,931)	205.423.261 82.865.967 109.428 25.897.657 104.167.098 41.590.331 21.304.825 66.120.376 15.894.982 15.894.982	1111111111
New York, NY Woodland Hills, CA Bellevue, WA Marina Der Rev, CA Sandy Springs, GA Marina Der Rev, CA Sundyswike, CA Westmirster, CO Brooklyn, NY Los Angeles, CA Alexandria, WA San Diego, CA Seartle, WA San Diego, CA Seartle, WA G G Gartle, WA G G Seartle, WA G G Cambridge, MA G G CA Nageles, CA Los Angeles, CA Usa Nageles, CA Washington, VA Usa Nageles, CA Washington, DC.		2		114,351,405 31,682,754 61,158 9,098,808 15,745,431 9,991,500 8,639,904 40,099,922	170,246,107 139,999,413 228,255 32,415,381 92,732,230 76,747,942 36,702,77 81,733,738 22,733,0991	284,597,512 171,682,167 301,413 41,514,189 108,477,661 76,747,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(79,174,251) (88,818,200) (13,198) (15,616,532) (4,310,563) (35,157,611) (25,356,922) (24,253,266) (109,500,931)	205,423,261 82,865,967 169,428 25,897,657 104,167,098 41,590,331 21,304,825 66,120,376 15,894,982 35,478,706	
Woodland Hills, CA Bellevue, WA Sandy Springs, GA Sandy Springs, GA Marina Del Rey, CA Werninator, CO Brookly, WA Los Angeles, CA Alexandria, WA Sentile, WA Senti		- 2		31,682,754 63,158 9,098,808 15,745,431 	139,999,413 28,255 32,415,381 92,732,230 76,747,942 36,670,277 81,733,738	171,682,167 301,413 41,514,189 108,477,661 76,747,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(88,818,200) (131,985) (15,616,532) (4,310,563) (35,137,611) (25,386,952) (24,253,266) (109,500,931)	82,863,967 169,428 25,897,657 104,167,098 41,590,331 21,304,825 66,120,376 158,949,982 35,478,706	11111111
Bellevue, WA Marina Del Rey, CA Sandy Springs, GA Marina Del Rey, CA Sumyayak, CA Brooklyn, NY Los Angeles, CA Alexandria, VA San Dego, CA Seattle, WA Contain, CA Cambridge, MA Cambridge, MA Cambridge, CA C		7		63,158 9,098,808 15,745,431 9,991,500 8,639,904 40,099,922	238,255 32,415,381 92,732,330 76,747,942 36,670,277 81,733,738 2228,330,991	301,413 41,514,189 108,477,661 76,747,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(131,985) (15,616,532) (4,310,563) (35,157,611) (25,356,952) (24,253,266) (109,500,931)	169,428 25,897,657 104,167,098 41,590,331 21,304,825 66,120,376 18,594,982 35,478,706	
Marina Del Rey, CA Sandy Springs, GA Namina Del Rey, CA Sumywide, CA Westmirate, CO Brooklyn, NY Los Angeles, CA Alexandria, VA San Diego, CA Seattle, WA Seattle, WA Gontario, CA Contario, CA Redmond, WA Seattle, WA Gontario, CA Contario,				9,098,808 15,745,431 — 9,991,500 8,639,904 40,099,922	32,415,381 92,732,230 76,747,942 36,670,277 81,773,738 22,8,36,991	41,514,189 108,477,661 76,747,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(15,616,532) (4,310,563) (35,157,611) (25,356,952) (24,233,266) (109,500,931)	25,897,657 104,167,098 41,590,331 21,304,825 66,120,376 18,949,982 35,478,706	
Sandy Spings, GA Sumyyale, CA Weshimser, CO Brooklyn, NY Les Angeles, CA Alexandria, VA Sant Dego, CA Sentile, WA Gentle, WA Gentle, WA Sentile, WA Gentle, WA Gen		2		15,745,431 — 9,991,500 8,639,904 40,099,922	92,732,230 76,747,942 36,670,277 81,733,738 228,350,991	108,477,661 76,747,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(4,310,563) (35,157,611) (25,356,952) (24,253,266) (109,500,931)	104,167,098 41,590,331 21,304,825 66,120,376 158,949,982 35,478,706	11111
Marina De Rey, CA Sumysabe, CA Brooklyn, NY Los Angeles, CA Alexandria, VA San Dego, CA Seattle, WA Contain, CA Co		7		9,991,500 8,639,904 40,099,922	76,747,942 36,670,277 81,733,738 228,350,991	76,747,942 46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(35,157,611) (25,356,952) (24,253,266) (109,500,931)	41,590,331 21,304,825 66,120,376 158,949,982 35,478,706	1 1 1 1 1
Sumywake, CA Westminete, CO Brooklyn, NY Los Angeles, CA Alexandria, VA San Diego, CA Seattle, WA Gontrio, CA Control, CA Seattle, WA Gethrood, WA Washington, VA US Washington, VA US Washington, DC Washing		7		9,991,500 8,639,904 40,099,922	36,670,277 81,733,738 228,350,991	46,661,777 90,373,642 268,450,913	(25,356,952) (24,253,266) (109,500,931)	21,304,825 66,120,376 158,949,982 35,478,706	1 1 1 1
Westminster, CO		7		8,639,904	81,733,738	90,373,642	(24,253,266) (109,500,931)	66,120,376 158,949,982 35,478,706	1 1 1
Brookly, NY Lox Angeles, CA Alexandria, VA San Diego, CA Seattle, WA Control, CA Seattle, WA Control, CA Seattle, WA Cambridge, MA Seattle, WA G Cambridge, MA G C Cambridge, MA G C Cambridge, MA G C Cambridge, MA G C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		2		40,099,922	228,350,991	268.450.913	(109,500,931)	158,949,982	1 1
Los Augeless, CA Alexandría, VA San Diego, CA Seattle, WA Gontario, CA Ontario, CA Cambridge, WA Gelmond, WA Gellevue, WA Gellevue, WA Gellevue, WA Gellevue, WA Gellevue, WA Washington, VA Los Angeles, CA Los Angeles, CA Washington, DC.				2000	000000	ar stone tone		35 478 706	
Alexandra, VA San Diego, CA Seatte, WA Seatte, WA Seatte, WA Omario, CA Omario, CA Seatte, WA Seatte, WA Seatte, WA Cambridge, MA Cambridge, VA Cambridge, V				17,125,766	28,892,627	46,018,393	(10,539,687)	001,011,00	
San Dego, CA Seattle, WA Seattle, WA Ontario, CA Redmond, WA Seattle, WA G Cambridge, MA G Cambridge, MA G Cambridge, CA Cambrid				10,000,000	64,902,351	74,902,351	(47,182,660)	27,719,691	I
Seattle, WA Seattle, WA Seattle, WA G Seattle, WA G G Seattle, WA G Seattle, WA G Cambridge, MA Denver, CO Cuperfron, CA Bellevue, WA Los Angeles, CA Washington, DC Washington, DC Washington, DC G			. 1	2,288,300	46,095,459	48,383,759	(35,004,298)	13,379,461	I
Ontrino, CA Seattle, WA Seattle, WA Seattle, WA G Seattle, WA G Cambridge, MA Dever, CO Cupertino, CA Bellevue, WA Affington, VA Lox Angeles, CA Washington, D.C.	2017	0.700.000	2,3/3,308	55,751,564	151,780,525	08 017 080	(44,898,833)	150,655,056	I
m) Seartle, WA G Seartle, WA G Cambridge, MA G Almigran, CA G Bellevue, WA A Affagen, VA G Los Angeles, CA G Washington, DC				2,700,000	46,000,205	50,014,703	(00,420,10)	30,370,730	I
m) Scattle, WA Scattle, WA Scattle, WA Cambridge, MA Denver, CO Cuperfino, CA Bellevue, WA Afrington, VA Los Angeles, CA Washington, D.C.		7,436,000 33,014,789	13,968,006	7,436,000	12 721 056	54,418,795	(36,102,209)	18,316,386	I
Scantic, WA Scantic, WA Cambridge, MA Dewer, CO Cupertino, CA Bellevue, WA Artington, VA Los Angeles, CA Washington, D.C.		,		10.401.059	54.060.368	10,116,930	(105,741,11)	53 037 684	I
Combidge, MA Combidge, MA Davert, CO Cupetine, CA Belkeue, WA Afriguen, VA Los Angeles, CA Washington, D.C.				14.835.571	42 725 648	57 561 219	(13 576 186)	43 985 033	
Denver, CO Cuperfino, CA Bellevue, WA Adington, VA Los Angeles, CA Washington, D.C.				5.220.000	20.728.150	25.948.150	(14.782.486)	11.165.664	1
Cuperino, CA Belevue, WA Afington, VA Los Angeles, CA Washington, D.C.				9,241,400	87,058,475	96,299,875	(15,085,497)	81,214,378	1
Bellevue, WA Arington, VA Los Angeles, CA Washington, D.C.	1998 311	40,400,000 95,937,046	9,253,509	40,400,000	105,190,555	145,590,555	(48,687,591)	96,902,964	1
Arlington, VA Los Angeles, CA Washington, D.C.		15,100,000 41,876,257	7,731,297	15,100,000	49,607,554	64,707,554	(22,024,588)	42,682,966	1
Los Angeles, CA Washington, D.C.		30,400,340 103,824,660		30,400,340	110,692,819	141,093,159	(54,896,760)	86,196,399	1
washington, D.C.	1989 92	6,615,467 14,829,335	5,100,977	6,615,467	19,930,312	26,545,779	(12,835,917)	13,709,862	1
		27,600,000 114,002,295	12,897,892	27,600,000	126,900,187	154,500,187	(58,008,704)	96,491,483	1
			10,002,015	I	97,388,039	97,388,039	(46,281,760)	51,106,279	1
Creekside (San Mateo) San Mateo, CA —	1985 192	9,606,600 21,193,232	6,628,191	009'909'6	27,821,423	37,428,023	(24,029,865)	13,398,158	1
Crest at Park Central Dallas, TX —		11,340,882 58,809,330	293,390	11,340,882	59,102,720	70,443,602	(3,439,005)	67,004,597	1
Cronins Landing Waltham, MA G	1998 281	32,300,000 85,119,324	17,600,133	32,300,000	102,719,457	135,019,457	(48,196,938)	86,822,519	1
		17,200,000 47,918,975	8,177,204	17,200,000	56,096,179	73,296,179	(25,503,647)	47,792,532	I
Dalton, The Alexandria, VA G		22,947,777 95,334,754	1 643,225	22,947,777	95,977,979	118,925,756	(22,087,606)	96,838,150	1
				2,082,095	38,184,578	40,266,673	(35,443,578)	4,823,095	1
idge San Diego, CA			=	7,801,824	48,067,783	55,869,607	(25,384,230)	30,485,377	1
		-		12,661,724	103,840,511	116,502,235	(2,939,956)	113,562,279	I
Eagle Canyon Chino Hills, CA —	1985 252	1,808,900 16,274,361	14,748,935	1,808,900	31,023,296	32,832,196	(26,742,415)	6,089,781	I

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTIYERSHIP Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation December 31, 2024

Description					Initial Cost to Company	sst to uny	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (Improvements, net) (E)	Gross Amount Carried at Close of Period 1231/24	nt Carried at iod 12/31/24				
Abarment Name	Location	Non- Residential Components	Date of Construction	Apartment Units	Land	Building & Fixtures	Building & Fixtures	Land	Building & Fixtures (A)	Total (B)	Accumulated Depreciation (C)	Investment in Real Estate, Net at 12/31/24	Encumbrances
Edgemont at Bethesda Metro	Bethesda. MD		1989	123	13.092.552	43.907.448	6.161.174	13.092.552	50.068.622	63.161.174	(24.262.080)	38.899.094	
Emerson Place	Boston, MA	9	1962	444	14,855,000	57,566,636	40,288,465	14,855,000	97,855,101	112,710,101	(84,466,394)	28,243,707	I
Encore at Sherman Oaks, The	Sherman Oaks, CA	I	1988	174	8,700,000	25,446,003	6,159,156	8,700,000	31,605,159	40,305,159	(16,701,782)	23,603,377	1
Estancia at Santa Clara (fka Santa Clara)	Santa Clara, CA	I	2000	450	I	123,759,804	12,176,110	I	135,935,914	135,935,914	(59,130,887)	76,805,027	I
Eviva on Cherokee	Denver, CO	I	2017	274	10,507,626	100,037,204	2,848,513	10,507,626	102,885,717	113,393,343	(27,019,110)	86,374,233	I
Flora	Austin, TX	I	2019	194	5,733,088	32,343,349	1,250,616	5,733,088	33,593,965	39,327,053	(8,095,151)	31,231,902	I
Fremont Center	Fremont, CA	Ð	2002	322	25,800,000	78,753,114	13,661,396	25,800,000	92,414,510	118,214,510	(40,652,050)	77,562,460	1
Gaithersburg Station	Gaithersburg, MD	O	2013	400	17,500,000	74,678,917	7,691,420	17,500,000	82,370,337	99,870,337	(35,632,776)	64,237,561	1
Gateway at Malden Center	Malden, MA	g	1988	203	9,209,780	25,722,666	20,343,033	9,209,780	46,065,699	55,275,479	(35,826,201)	19,449,278	1
Girard	Boston, MA	Ö	2016	160	I	102,450,328	1,531,330	I	103,981,658	103,981,658	(29,871,615)	74,110,043	I
Hampshire Place	Los Angeles, CA	I	1989	259	10,806,000	30,335,330	13,731,398	10,806,000	44,066,728	54,872,728	(29,000,237)	25,872,491	I
Harbor Steps	Seattle, WA	O	2000	761	59,403,601	158,829,432	68,263,473	59,403,601	227,092,905	286,496,506	(144,638,194)	141,858,312	I
Hathaway	Long Beach, CA	I	1987	385	2,512,500	22,611,912	17,989,143	2,512,500	40,601,055	43,113,555	(35,125,691)	7,987,864	1
Helios (fka 2nd+Pine)	Seattle, WA	g	2017	398	18,061,674	206,762,591	1,612,412	18,061,674	208,375,003	226,436,677	(61,522,435)	164,914,242	I
Helix Apartments	Weymouth, MA	5	2023	160	6,592,480	56,165,407	239,690	6,592,480	56,405,097	62,997,577	(2,645,271)	60,352,306	
Heritage at Stone Ridge	Burlington, MA	I	2005	180	10,800,000	31,808,335	8,253,204	10,800,000	40,061,539	50,861,539	(24,738,949)	26,122,590	1
Heritage Ridge	Lynwood, WA	I	1999	197	6,895,000	18,983,597	6,252,196	6,895,000	25,235,793	32,130,793	(17,082,975)	15,047,818	1
Hesby	North Hollywood, CA	ı	2013	308	23,299,892	102,700,108	4,210,207	23,299,892	106,910,315	130,210,207	(42,734,637)	87,475,570	1
Highlands at South Plainfield	South Plainfield, NJ	1	2000	252	10,080,000	37,526,912	4,510,884	10,080,000	42,037,796	52,117,796	(27,797,877)	24,319,919	
Hikari	Los Angeles, CA	0	2007	128	9,435,760	32,564,240	3,270,446	9,435,760	35,834,686	45,270,446	(17,467,531)	27,802,915	1
Hudson Crossing	New York, NY	O	2003	259	23,420,000	66,977,699	7,833,359	23,420,000	77,811,058	101,231,058	(51,636,566)	49,594,492	
Hudson Point	Jersey City, NJ	5	2003	182	5,350,000	41,114,074	9,663,448	5,350,000	50,777,522	56,127,522	(36,050,691)	20,076,831	1
Huxley, The	Redwood City, CA	1	2018	137	18,775,028	89,336,651	779,080	18,775,028	90,115,731	108,890,759	(20,088,951)	88,801,808	
Indie Deep Ellum	Dallas, TX	5 (2020	231	12,253,503	63,853,833	1,324,924	12,253,503	65,178,757	77,432,260	(11,724,325)	65,707,935	I
Ins O4W	Atlanta, GA	5	2023	320	20,663,801	105,762,510	87,400	20,663,801	105,849,910	126,513,711	(5,391,374)	121,122,337	I
Ivoly wood	Los Assolve CA	<	2000	1 62	14.701.821	13,000,202	0,907,043	14.701.921	20,790,127	25,326,927	(12,447,633)	11,061,072	I
Juction 47 (Ra West Seattle)	Seattle WA	5 C	2014	206	11.726.305	56 581 665	1 238 874	11,726,305	57 820 539	99,203,040	(21.867.443)	47 679 401	1 1
Juniper Sandy Springs	Sandy Springs, GA	1	2017	230	8,668,700	64,989,813	1,048,876	8,668,700	68,038,689	74,707,389	(12,381,430)	62,325,959	I
Kelvin, The (fka Modera)	Irvine, CA	I	2015	194	15,521,552	64,853,448	1,941,324	15,521,552	66,794,772	82,316,324	(25,417,758)	998,868	1
Kia Ora Park	Plano, TX	I	2007	250	7,040,930	56,605,865	422,555	7,040,930	57,028,420	64,069,350	(2,750,760)	61,318,590	I
Kilby	Frisco, TX	I	2020	258	6,431,940	64,187,474	1,286,004	6,431,940	65,473,478	71,905,418	(12,149,395)	59,756,023	I
Landings at Port Imperial	W. New York, NJ	I	1999	276	27,246,045	37,741,050	18,746,774	27,246,045	56,487,824	83,733,869	(44,596,858)	39,137,011	ı
Lane	Seattle, WA	Ð	2019	217	13,142,946	71,942,751	644,249	13,142,946	72,587,000	85,729,946	(16,151,778)	69,578,168	I
Lex, The	San Jose, CA	I	2017	387	21,817,512	158,778,598	3,032,983	21,817,512	161,811,581	183,629,093	(39,828,517)	143,800,576	1
Liberty Park	Braintree, MA	I	2000	202	5,977,504	26,749,111	10,038,549	5,977,504	36,787,660	42,765,164	(27,291,059)	15,474,105	I
Liberty Tower	Arlington, VA	Ð	2008	235	16,382,822	83,817,078	10,837,071	16,382,822	94,654,149	111,036,971	(48,905,180)	62,131,791	I
Lincoln Heights	Quincy, MA	I	1661	336	5,928,400	33,595,262	18,008,499	5,928,400	51,603,761	57,532,161	(45,980,745)	11,551,416	I
Lofts at Kendall Square (fka Kendall Square)	Cambridge, MA	I	1998	186	18,696,674	78,445,657	9,192,241	18,696,674	87,637,898	106,334,572	(40,718,870)	65,615,702	1
Lofts at Kendall Square II (fka 249 Third Street)	Cambridge, MA	O	2019	84	4,603,326	44,187,266	589,775	4,603,326	44,777,041	49,380,367	(9,253,629)	40,126,738	1
Longacre House	New York, NY	D	2000	293	73,170,045	53,962,510	10,408,276	73,170,045	64,370,786	137,540,831	(37,059,900)	100,480,931	I
Longfellow Place	Boston, MA	5	1975	710	38,264,917	132,175,915	114,454,890	38,264,917	246,630,805	284,895,722	(201,138,635)	83,757,087	I
Lorien (fka Laguna Clara II)	Santa Clara, CA	I	(F)	1 8	3,200,426	137,738,522	1 8	3,200,426	137,738,522	140,938,948	1 000 000	140,938,948	I
Lorien Ivy (fka Laguna Clara)	Santa Clara, CA	1	7.261	222	10,441,994	22,572,843	44,425,099	10,441,994	66,997,942	77,439,936	(28,838,462)	48,601,474	I

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation December 31, 2024

Description					Initial Cost to Company	st to ny	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (Improvements, net) (E)	Gross Amount Carried at Close of Period 12/31/24	Carried at d 12/31/24				
Apartment Name	Location	Non-Residential Components	Date of Construction	Apartment Units	Land	Building & Fixtures	Building & Fixtures	Land	Building & Fixtures (A)	Total (B)	Accumulated Depreciation (C)	Investment in Real Estate, Net at 12/31/24	Encumbrances
Luna Upper Westside	Atlanta. GA		2020	345	14.847.420	108.325.394	1.280.201	14.847.420	109.605.595	124.453.015	(17.841.260)	106.611.755	
Lyric Sugar Hill	Sugar Hill, GA	1	2023	294	7,150,971	78,240,138	18,160	7,150,971	78,258,298	85,409,269	(905,424)	84,503,845	1
Madox	Jersey City, NJ	Ö	2013	131	9,679,635	64,594,205	2,233,937	9,679,635	66,828,142	76,507,777	(17,666,502)	58,841,275	I
Mantena	New York, NY	5	2012	86 ;	22,346,513	61,501,158	2,380,301	22,346,513	63,881,459	86,227,972	(28,686,989)	57,540,983	ı
Mara Pacific Beach	San Diego, CA	Ö	2020	172	25,360,682	87,755,429	2,954,498	25,360,682	90,709,927	116,070,609	(12,811,205)	103,259,404	I
Marina 41 (tka Marina Del Rey) Marinaca et Diaca Del Day (45a Diaca Del Day)	Marina Del Rey, CA	1	2004	354	000 000 09	168,842,442	13,517,780	0000009	182,360,222	182,360,222	(84,683,461)	97,676,761	1
Milano Lofts	Los Angeles, CA	ا ت	1925/2006	5 8	8.125.216	27,378,784	5.641,503	8,125,216	33,020,287	41.145,503	(16,078,063)	25.067.440	1 1
Milehouse	Denver, CO	O	2015	353	13,511,360	111,154,511	188,027	13,511,360	111,342,538	124,853,898	(3,239,232)	121,614,666	I
Mill Creek	Milpitas, CA	I	1661	516	12,858,693	57,168,503	20,951,957	12,858,693	78,120,460	90,979,153	(57,368,649)	33,610,504	I
Milo	Denver, CO	I	2020	319	15,957,975	153,331,358	1,974,617	15,957,975	155,305,975	171,263,950	(21,793,704)	149,470,246	ı
Mosaic at Metro	Hyattsville, MD	I	2008	262	I	29,580,898	2,776,443	I	62,357,341	62,357,341	(34,287,468)	28,069,873	I
Mountain View Redevelopment	Mountain View, CA	I	(F)	I	I	2,677,902	I	I	2,677,902	2,677,902	I	2,677,902	I
Mozaic at Union Station	Los Angeles, CA	1	2007	272	8,500,000	52,529,446	6,440,024	8,500,000	58,969,470	67,469,470	(35,914,649)	31,554,821	I
Murray Hill Tower (fka Murray Hill)	New York, NY	5 C	1974	270	75,800,000	102,705,401	17,107,094	75,800,000	119,812,495	195,612,495	(57,576,757)	138,035,738	I
Next on Sixin North Pier at Harborside	Los Angeles, CA Jersev City NI	ן כ	2003	297	4 000 159	94 290 590	15.892.159	4 000 159	110 182 749	190,745,655	(73 837 897)	40 345 011	
Northelen	Valencia, CA	ı	1988	234	9.360.000	20.778.553	9.000.176	9.360.000	29.778.729	39.138.729	(22.985.880)	16.152.849	ı
Northpark	Burlingame, CA	I	1972	510	38,607,000	77,472,217	28,637,599	38,607,000	106,109,816	144,716,816	(58,051,768)	86,665,048	I
Oak Park Combined	Agoura Hills, CA	I	1989 & 1990	444	3,390,700	30,517,274	14,182,912	3,390,700	44,700,186	48,090,886	(41,526,668)	6,564,218	I
Oaks	Santa Clarita, CA	I	2000	520	23,400,000	61,020,438	21,301,558	23,400,000	82,321,996	105,721,996	(53,812,640)	51,909,356	I
Ocean Crest	Solana Beach, CA	I	1986	146	5,111,200	11,910,438	6,012,813	5,111,200	17,923,251	23,034,451	(15,450,081)	7,584,370	I
Odin (fka Tallman)	Seattle, WA	I	2015	301	16,807,519	64,519,515	1,048,172	16,807,519	65,567,687	82,375,206	(24,364,634)	58,010,572	1
Olivian at the Realm	Lewisville, TX	4	2021	421	14,854,564	109,313,571	1,557,136	14,854,564	110,870,707	125,725,271	(17,198,164)	108,527,107	I
One Henry Adams	San Francisco, CA Atlanta GA	<u>ئ</u> ئ	2016	320	30,224,393	139, 704, 146	1,477,330	30,224,393	141,181,476	171,405,869	(45,340,953)	117 584 961	1 1
Pacific Place	Los Angeles, CA	· 1	2008	430	32,250,000	110,750,000	13,665,179	32,250,000	124,415,179	156,665,179	(50,954,026)	105,711,153	1
Packard Building	Seattle, WA	Ð	2010	19	5,911,041	19,954,959	1,607,545	5,911,041	21,562,504	27,473,545	(8,015,095)	19,458,450	1
Parc 77	New York, NY	Ð	1903	137	40,504,000	18,025,679	8,180,253	40,504,000	26,205,932	66,709,932	(18,397,284)	48,312,648	I
Parc Cameron	New York, NY	Ö	1927	166	37,600,000	9,855,597	8,887,013	37,600,000	18,742,610	56,342,610	(14,411,317)	41,931,293	I
Parc Coliseum	New York, NY	5	1910	177	52,654,000	23,045,751	11,028,103	52,654,000	34,073,854	86,727,854	(24,395,020)	62,332,834	I
Parc East Towers	New York, NY	J (1977	324	102,163,000	108,989,402	16,972,442	102,163,000	125,961,844	228,124,844	(78,720,690)	149,404,154	I
Part on Powell (Ika Parkside at Emeryville)	Workington D.C.	5	2002	1.43	16,667,059	50.057 510	5,699,491	12,700,000	69,17,828	70,657,024	(25,839,058)	60,000,829	I
Park West (CA)	Los Angeles CA	1 1	1987/1990	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3 033 500	27 302 383	16 924 077	3 033 500	44 226 460	47.259.960	(39 652 427)	7 607 533	1 1
Parkside	Union City, CA	ı	1979	208	6,246,700	11,827,453	9,297,068	6.246,700	21,124,521	27.371.221	(17,841,159)	9,530,062	ı
Pearl, The (WA)	Seattle, WA	Ð	2008	08	6,972,585	26,527,415	1,550,194	6,972,585	28,077,609	35,050,194	(10,849,047)	24,201,147	1
Pearl MDR (fka Oakwood Marina Del Rey)	Marina Del Rey, CA	Ð	1969	597	I	120,795,359	36,892,605	I	157,687,964	157,687,964	(65,983,790)	91,704,174	I
Pegasus	Los Angeles, CA	ŋ	1949/2003	322	18,094,052	81,905,948	12,836,707	18,094,052	94,742,655	112,836,707	(49,546,073)	63,290,634	1
Penman, The	Atlanta, GA	Ð	2023	262	9,942,043	68,921,901	860,554	9,942,043	69,782,455	79,724,498	(6,323,549)	73,400,949	I
Portofino	Chino Hills, CA	I	1989	176	3,572,400	14,660,994	6,120,719	3,572,400	20,781,713	24,354,113	(17,633,658)	6,720,455	1
Portofino (Val)	Valencia, CA	<	1989	216	8,640,000	21,487,126	8,202,123	8,640,000	29,689,249	38,329,249	(23,253,694)	15,075,555	ı
Portside Towers	Jersey City, NJ	0	1992-1997	527	22,487,006	96,842,913	33,103,285	22,487,006	129,946,198	152,433,204	(113,270,039)	39,163,165	1
Potrero 1010	San Francisco, CA	5	2016	455	40,830,011	181,924,463	3,159,833	40,830,011	185,084,296	225,914,307	(64,071,470)	161,842,837	I

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTIYERSHIP Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation December 31, 2024

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Anartment Name	Lacation	Non- Residential Components	Date of Construction	Apartment Units	l and	Building & Fixtures	Building & Fixtures	Land	Building &	Total (B)	Accumulated Denreciation (C)	Investment in Real Estate, Net at	Encumbrances
Peado (fea Glandale)	Glendale CA		1988	264		67 977 313	8 178 867		76 156 180	76 156 180	(35 098 842)	41 057 338	
Prime. The	Arlington, VA	ı	2002	281	34.625.000	77.879.740	13.367.582	34.625.000	91.247.322	125.872.322	(49.221.249)	76.651.073	ı
Prism at Park Avenue South (fka 400 Park Avenue South)	New York, NY	D	2015	569	76,292,169	171,812,112	840,595	76,292,169	172,652,707	248,944,876	(65,677,740)	183,267,136	I
Promenade at Town Center I & II	Valencia, CA	1	2001	564	28,200,000	69,795,915	20,655,523	28,200,000	90,451,438	118,651,438	(61,874,920)	56,776,518	I
Providence	Bothell, WA	I	2000	200	3,573,621	19,055,505	7,347,637	3,573,621	26,403,142	29,976,763	(17,862,487)	12,114,276	I
Quarry Hills	Quincy, MA	ı	2006	316	26,900,000	84,411,162	8,909,242	26,900,000	93,320,404	120,220,404	(42,235,358)	77,985,046	I
Radiant Fairfax Ridge	Fairfax, VA	I	2016	213	7,352,547	63,018,744	1,170,039	7,352,547	64,188,783	71,541,330	(12,292,324)	59,249,006	I
Radius Uptown	Denver, CO	ı	2017	372	13,644,960	121,899,084	2,953,824	13,644,960	124,852,908	138,497,868	(35,316,070)	103,181,798	I
Redmond Court	Bellevue, WA	1	1977	206	10,300,000	33,488,745	6,607,166	10,300,000	40,095,911	50,395,911	(18,450,539)	31,945,372	I
Reserve at Burlington, The	Burlington, MA	I	2019	270	20,250,000	114,476,933	2,243,718	20,250,000	116,720,651	136,970,651	(19,437,981)	117,532,670	I
Reserve at Clarendon Centre, The	Arlington, VA	9	2003	252	10,500,000	52,812,935	9,611,626	10,500,000	62,424,561	72,924,561	(43,531,608)	29,392,953	I
Reserve at Eisenhower, The	Alexandria, VA	ı	2002	226	0000009	34,585,059	6,790,496	6,500,000	41,375,555	47,875,555	(30,337,242)	17,538,313	ı
Reserve at Empire Lakes	Rancho Cucamonga, CA	I	2005	467	16,345,000	73,080,670	16,468,702	16,345,000	89,549,372	105,894,372	(55,055,730)	50,838,642	1
Reserve at Farriax Corner	Fairfax, VA	I	2001	652	15,804,057	63,129,050	17,047,229	15,804,057	80,176,279	95,980,336	(60,469,121)	35,511,215	I
Reserve at Mountain View (tka Mountain View)	Mountain View, CA	I	1965	180	27,000,000	33,029,605	11,167,784	27,000,000	44,197,389	71,197,389	(22,255,197)	48,942,192	I
Reserve at Potomac Yard	Alexandria, VA	0	7007	288	11,918,917	77 623 664	15 520 051	11,918,917	92,994,438	104,913,333	(65,616,630)	59,296,125	ı
Reserve at 10wn Center I-III (WA)	Workington D.C.	5 0	2001, 2009, 2014	384	10,/08,/03	104 824 400	13,329,031	10,708,703	95,152,715	109,921,420	(7,792,717)	07 500 161	1
Reveit (18a 2tti atta W)	South WA	- C	2007	156	4430000	29.798.096	5,608 501	4430000	34 906 687	30 336 687	(18 430 847)	20 905 840	1
Richmond Row	Sugance GA	P	2002/2002	344	10.030.008	88 345 634	2000,231	10.030.008	88 638 127	98 668 135	(8122238)	90 545 907	
Ridoewood Village I&II	San Diego CA		7997	408	11 809 500	34 004 048	9 220 363	11 809 500	43 224 411	55 033 911	(35.825.485.)	19 208 426	1
Riva Terra I (fka Redwood Shores)	Redwood City, CA	ı	1986	304	34.963.355	84.587.658	12.113.882	34.963.355	96.701.540	131.664.895	(45.814.764)	85.850.131	I
Riva Terra II (fka Harborside)	Redwood City, CA	1	9861	149	17,136,645	40,536,531	5,617,618	17,136,645	46,154,149	63,290,794	(20,963,384)	42,327,410	I
Rivington, The	Hoboken, NJ	I	1999	240	34,340,640	112,112,152	6,579,399	34,340,640	118,691,551	153,032,191	(34,234,569)	118,797,622	I
Rivington II, The	Hoboken, NJ	I	(F)	1	I	882,999	I	1	882,999	882,999	I	882,999	I
RosecliffII	Quincy, MA	I	2005	130	4,922,840	30,202,160	4,731,123	4,922,840	34,933,283	39,856,123	(17,016,924)	22,839,199	I
Sakura Crossing	Los Angeles, CA	g	2009	230	14,641,990	42,858,010	2,742,163	14,641,990	45,600,173	60,242,163	(23,333,605)	36,908,558	I
Savanna Nine Mile	Erie, CO	1	2022	287	9,386,048	98,792,001	456,465	9,386,048	99,248,466	108,634,514	(10,144,496)	98,490,018	I
Saxton	Seattle, WA	Ð	2019	325	38,805,400	128,652,023	1,104,035	38,805,400	129,756,058	168,561,458	(29,504,458)	139,057,000	I
Sheffield Court	Arlington, VA	I	9861	597	3,342,381	31,337,332	30,553,290	3,342,381	61,890,622	65,233,003	(51,822,110)	13,410,893	I
Siena Tefrace	Lake Forest, CA	I	9861	336	0,000,000	24,063,024	10,732,328	2,000,000	26,633,332	45,755,552	(29,403,293)	65,525,039	I
Slace Muge	Volumin CA	ı	0001	354	10,555,01	75 574 457	7 516 117	169,664,1	23 000 574	42 650 574	(3,074,199)	55,000,00	ı
Skybouse South	Atlanta GA	ا د	2014	320	14 182 277	101 911 477	1 749 357	14 182 277	103 660 834	117.843.111	(19 301 723)	98 541 388	
Skylark	Union City CA	P	1986	174	1 781 600	16 731 916	6619820	1 781 600	23 351 736	25 133 336	(20,261,723)	4 863 459	I
Name of the second	Rancho Santa Margarita		0000		000,107,1	01/11/10/10	0.000,000,000	000,107,1	001110010	000000000	((((((((((((((((((((60160061	
Skyview	CA	I	6661	260	3,380,000	21,952,863	8,164,469	3,380,000	30,117,332	33,497,332	(25,203,554)	8,293,778	I
SoMa II	San Francisco, CA	I	(F)	I	29,406,606	5,947,247	I	29,406,606	5,947,247	35,353,853	I	35,353,853	I
Sonterra at Foothill Ranch	Foothill Ranch, CA	I	1997	300	7,503,400	24,048,507	7,686,501	7,503,400	31,735,008	39,238,408	(27,744,166)	11,494,242	I
South City Station (fka South San Francisco)	San Francisco, CA	9	2007	368	000'006'89	79,476,861	13,417,106	000'006'89	92,893,967	161,793,967	(41,097,113)	120,696,854	1
Springline	Seattle, WA	Ð	2016	136	9,163,667	47,910,981	1,060,398	9,163,667	48,971,379	58,135,046	(15,634,169)	42,500,877	I
Square One	Seattle, WA	I	2014	112	7,222,544	26,277,456	695,695	7,222,544	26,973,151	34,195,695	(10,689,404)	23,506,291	1
Station 92	Woodstock, GA	I	2015	272	7,132,150	66,564,114	94,608	7,132,150	66,658,722	73,790,872	(2,969,550)	70,821,322	I
Stillhouse Vinings	Atlanta, GA	I	2022	274	10,764,285	78,806,295	20,241	10,764,285	78,826,536	89,590,821	(1,626,928)	87,963,893	I
STOA	Los Angeles, CA	g	2017	237	25,326,048	79,976,031	1,061,635	25,326,048	81,037,666	106,363,714	(20,981,096)	85,382,618	I

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTYERSHIP Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation December 31, 2024

Description					Initial Cost Company	Initial Cost to Company	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (Improvements, net) (E)	Gross Amount Carried at Close of Period 12/31/24	tt Carried at iod 12/31/24				
Anartment Name	Location	Non-Residential Components	Date of Construction	Apartment Units	Land	Building & Fixtures	Building & Fixtures	Land	Building & Fixtures (A)	Total (B)	Accumulated Depreciation (C)	Investment in Real Estate, Net at 12/31/24	Encumbrances
Ten23 (fka 500 West 23rd Street)	New York NY	C	2011	Ε		58 881 873	1 930 350		60.812.223	60.812.223	(26993618)	33.818.605	
Terraces, The	San Francisco, CA	0	1975	117	14,087,610	16,314,151	3,546,231	14,087,610	19,860,382	33,947,992	(11,089,163)	22,858,829	I
Theo	Denver, CO	Ð	2018	275	15,322,049	122,105,822	5,930,484	15,322,049	128,036,306	143,358,355	(20,433,643)	122,924,712	1
Third Square	Cambridge, MA	Ð	2008/2009	472	26,767,171	219,668,983	17,770,687	26,767,171	237,439,670	264,206,841	(127,710,276)	136,496,565	I
Three20	Seattle, WA	Ð	2013	134	7,030,766	29,005,762	1,300,575	7,030,766	30,306,337	37,337,103	(12,922,503)	24,414,600	I
Toscana	Irvine, CA	I	1991/1993	563	39,410,000	50,806,072	30,425,228	39,410,000	81,231,300	120,641,300	(63,860,011)	56,781,289	ı
Trailwinds Grapevine Tray Boston	Grapevine, 1X Boston MA	0	2023	3.24	34 641 051	75,436,361	165,369	34 641 051	186 374 610	90,821,025	(4,407,500)	86,413,525	1 1
Union at Carrollton Square	Carrollton, TX	0	2013	311	100,140,40	49.428.349	356.894	100,140,45	49.785.243	49.785.243	(2.567.013)	47.218.230	1 1
Urbana (fka Market Street Landing)	Seattle, WA	O	2014	289	12,542,418	75,800,090	4,570,858	12,542,418	80,370,948	92,913,366	(34,269,846)	58,643,520	I
Uwajimaya Village	Seattle, WA	1	2002	176	8,800,000	22,188,288	9,990,428	8,800,000	32,178,716	40,978,716	(19,464,328)	21,514,388	I
Vantage Hollywood	Los Angeles, CA	I	1987	298	42,580,326	56,014,674	5,329,349	42,580,326	61,344,023	103,924,349	(24,658,919)	79,265,430	I
Veloce	Redmond, WA	Ð	2009	322	15,322,724	76,176,594	10,732,656	15,322,724	86,909,250	102,231,974	(37,224,492)	65,007,482	1
Venue at the Promenade	Castle Rock, CO	I	2017	312	8,355,048	83,752,689	1,401,140	8,355,048	85,153,829	93,508,877	(21,860,408)	71,648,469	I
Verde Condominum Homes (tka Mission Verde, LLC) Varidian (the Silver Suring)	San Jose, CA	0	3000	108	5,190,700	9,679,109	5,804,559	5,190,700	15,483,668	20,674,368	(13,452,328)	7,222,040	1
Verruian (1kd 511Ver 5pring) Versailles	Woodland Hills CA	P	1991	753	12 650 000	33,656,992	12 532 385	12,650,000	46 188 677	58 838 677	(32,356,238)	26,482,439	
Versailes (K-Town)	Los Angeles, CA	1	2008	225	10,590,975	44,409,025	3,100,526	10,590,975	47,509,551	58,100,526	(26,215,272)	31.885.254	ı
Victor on Venice	Los Angeles, CA	Ð	2006	116	10,350,000	35,433,437	5,556,188	10,350,000	40,989,625	51,339,625	(24,379,748)	26,959,877	1
View at Woodstock, The	Woodstock, GA	I	2020	320	8,745,396	78,958,962	204,122	8,745,396	79,163,084	87,908,480	(3,832,069)	84,076,411	I
Villa Solana	Laguna Hills, CA	I	1984	272	1,665,100	14,985,677	14,598,936	1,665,100	29,584,613	31,249,713	(27,179,284)	4,070,429	I
Village at Del Mar Heights, The (fka Del Mar Heights)	San Diego, CA	I	1986	168	15,100,000	40,859,396	5,034,037	15,100,000	45,893,433	60,993,433	(21,712,127)	39,281,306	I
Vintage at 425 Broadway (fka Promenade)	Santa Monica, CA	g	1934/2001	09	000,000,6	13,961,523	2,372,510	000,000,6	16,334,033	25,334,033	(7,946,176)	17,387,857	1
Virginia Square	Arlington, VA	Ü	2002	231	0	85,940,003	7,266,104		93,206,107	93,206,107	(42,981,254)	50,224,853	I
Vista 99 (tka Tasman)	San Jose, CA	I	2016	X 9	4 525 800	177,347,508	4,696,702	77,709,329	182,044,210	209,753,539	(63,517,339)	146,236,200	I
Visia Del Dago	Cambridge. MA		1966	232	12.448.888	52,044,448	5.903.673	12.448.888	57.948.121	70.397.009	(30.963.840.)	39.433.169	
Water Park Towers	Arlington, VA	I	1989	362	34,400,000	108,485,859	20,610,791	34,400,000	129,096,650	163,496,650	(58,825,200)	104,671,450	ſ
Watertown Square	Watertown, MA	O	2005	134	16,800,000	34,074,056	6,528,689	16,800,000	40,602,745	57,402,745	(17,174,940)	40,227,805	1
Weaver, The	Austin, TX	O	2020	251	25,405,232	69,552,640	1,847,151	25,405,232	71,399,791	96,805,023	(11,876,026)	84,928,997	I
West 96th	New York, NY	ŋ	1987	209	84,800,000	67,055,501	10,332,679	84,800,000	77,388,180	162,188,180	(37,403,289)	124,784,891	I
West End Apartments (fka Emerson Place/CRP II)	Boston, MA	O	2008	310	469,546	163,123,022	7,740,175	469,546	170,863,197	171,332,743	(96,856,266)	74,476,477	I
Westchester at Rockville	Rockville, MD	4	2009	192	10,600,000	44,135,207	3,301,771	10,600,000	47,436,978	58,036,978	(20,645,593)	37,391,385	I
Westerly	Nam Vork NV	5 0	1886	331	64 900,000	611/1,448	015,510,1	11,958,829	80, /86, 964	124 491 778	(14,413,252)	101 933 415	I
Westeide	Los Angeles CA	>	2004	201	34 200,000	56.962.630	6,446,017	34 200,000	61.737.805	95 937 805	(37,842,175)	68 005 630	
White Fence Farm	Lakewood CO	1 1	2023	202	10 416 696	66.715.895	116 100	10.416.696	66 831 995	77 248 691	(2.787.240.)	74 461 451	1 1
Windridge (CA)	Laguna Niguel, CA	ı	1989	1 2 8	2,662,900	23,985,497	16,990,164	2,662,900	40,975,661	43,638,561	(36,747,706)	6,890,855	I
Wisconsin Place	Chevy Chase, MD	1	2009	432	1	172,089,355	3,080,396	1	175,169,751	175,169,751	(76,656,323)	98,513,428	I
Woodleaf	Campbell, CA	I	1984	178	8,550,600	16,988,182	8,129,288	8,550,600	25,117,470	33,668,070	(21,267,424)	12,400,646	I
Zephyr on the Park	Redmond, WA	g	2021	193	15,637,106	89,964,029	704,458	15,637,106	90,668,487	106,305,593	(13,888,189)	92,417,404	I
Management Business	V/A	I	(D) (F)	ı	I	- 012 700 2	150,634,848	I	150,634,848	150,634,848	(121,137,910)	29,496,938	I
Operating rating snip	N/A	I	9	I	I	3,290,710	384.070	I	384.070	384.070	(310.5)	3,296,710	I
Wholly Owned Unencumbered	T. C.			72,108	4,828,454,463	18,898,331,115	2,333,931,026	4,828,454,463	21,232,262,141	26,060,716,604	(8,995,415,392)	17,065,301,212	1

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTYERSHIP Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation December 31, 2024

Becrinin					Initial Cost to Company	ost to	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition (Improvements, net) (E)	Gross Amou	Gross Amount Carried at Close of Period 1231/24				
Anartment Name	Location	Non-Residential Components	Date of Construction	Apartment Units	pue]	Building &	Building &	pue]	Building & Fixtures (A)	Total (B)	Accumulated Donreciation (C)	Investment in Real Estate, Net at	Encumbrances
Wholly Owned Encumbered:									(3)	(a) ma			
1111 Belle Pre (fka The Madison)	Alexandria, VA	9	2014	360	18,937,702	94,758,679	2,428,753	18,937,702	97,187,432	116,125,134	(41,313,478)	74,811,656	86,485,984
300 East 39th (fka East 39th)	New York, NY	Ö	2001	254	48,900,000	96,174,639	9,392,015	48,900,000	105,566,654	154,466,654	(47,816,688)	106,649,966	58,771,151
303 East 83rd (fka Camargue)	New York, NY	9	1976	261	79,400,000	79,122,624	15,461,384	79,400,000	94,584,008	173,984,008	(46,180,093)	127,803,915	(H)
Artisan Square	Northridge, CA	I	2002	140	7,000,000	20,537,359	3,492,472	7,000,000	24,029,831	31,029,831	(17,513,542)	13,516,289	35,680,839
Avanti	Anaheim, CA	I	1987	162	12,960,000	18,497,682	4,972,488	12,960,000	23,470,170	36,430,170	(15,728,704)	20,701,466	28,088,126
Avenir Apartments	Boston, MA	U	2009	241	I	114,321,619	9,196,875	I	123,518,494	123,518,494	(54,897,485)	68,621,009	850,000
Baxter Decatur, The	Decatur, GA	I	2019	290	11,783,860	70,318,252	613,188	11,783,860	70,931,440	82,715,300	(8,210,580)	74,504,720	43,825,232
City Pointe	Fullerton, CA	g	2004	183	6,863,792	36,476,208	6,192,923	6,863,792	42,669,131	49,532,923	(23,407,435)	26,125,488	39,685,048
Elevé	Glendale, CA	9	2013	208	14,080,560	56,419,440	2,069,570	14,080,560	58,489,010	72,569,570	(24,001,654)	48,567,916	38,458,404
Fairchase	Fairfax, VA	-	2007	392	23,500,000	87,722,321	9,016,475	23,500,000	96,738,796	120,238,796	(40,426,139)	79,812,657	(H)
Flats at DuPont Circle	Washington, D.C.	1	1967	306	35,200,000	108,768,198	6,855,221	35,200,000	115,623,419	150,823,419	(49,886,919)	100,936,500	Ξ
Glo	Los Angeles, CA	Ö	2008	201	16,047,022	48,650,963	5,124,335	16,047,022	53,775,298	69,822,320	(27,497,664)	42,324,656	33,209,234
Heights on Capitol Hill	Seattle, WA	O	2006	104	5,425,000	21,138,028	2,703,182	5,425,000	23,841,210	29,266,210	(15,172,677)	14,093,533	22,623,221
Kelvin Court (fka Alta Pacific)	Irvine, CA	I	2008	132	10,752,145	34,846,856	4,202,521	10,752,145	39,049,377	49,801,522	(21,063,741)	28,737,781	26,282,272
Kenwood Mews	Burbank, CA	ı	1661	141	14,100,000	24,662,883	5,163,667	14,100,000	29,826,550	43,926,550	(19,919,281)	24,007,269	37,683,442
La Terrazza at Colma Station	Colma, CA	Ö	2005	155	I	41,251,044	5,806,273	I	47,057,317	47,057,317	(28,298,277)	18,759,040	25,060,973
Lindley Apartments	Encino, CA	I	2004	129	5,805,000	25,705,000	6,164,344	5,805,000	31,869,344	37,674,344	(15,602,824)	22,071,520	28,085,310
Lofts 590	Arlington, VA	I	2005	212	20,100,000	67,909,023	2,562,672	20,100,000	70,471,695	90,571,695	(30,041,398)	60,530,297	43,117,846
Longview Place	Waltham, MA	I	2004	348	20,880,000	90,255,509	16,634,538	20,880,000	106,890,047	127,770,047	(70,305,291)	57,464,756	84,412,560
Mark on 8th	Seattle, WA	Ō	2016	174	23,004,387	51,116,647	933,461	23,004,387	52,050,108	75,054,495	(15,702,897)	59,351,598	Œ
Metro on First	Seattle, WA	0	2002	106	8,540,000	12,209,981	4,960,919	8,540,000	17,170,900	25,710,900	(10,819,183)	14,891,717	21,526,032
Moda	Seattle, WA	Ö	2009	251	12,649,228	36,842,012	3,130,604	12,649,228	39,972,616	52,621,844	(21,565,006)	31,056,838	(E)
Montierra (CA)	San Diego, CA	ı	1990	272	8,160,000	29,360,938	18,621,407	8,160,000	47,982,345	56,142,345	(33,906,670)	22,235,675	61,118,125
Notch	Newcastle, wA	0	2070	861	5,463,524	45,490,989	029'870	5,465,524	44,096,809	49,560,133	(9,125,980)	40,434,153	(H)
Old I own Lotts	Kedmond, WA	י כי	2014	149	7,740,467	44,146,181	484,1484	1,740,467	45,587,665	55,528,132	(17,672,182)	35,655,950	35,625,211
Olympus Lowers	Seattle, WA	יכ	2000	978	14,752,034	13,335,425	16,011,880	14,752,034	89,347,305	104,099,339	(64,261,124)	39,838,215	94,898,236
Park Place at San Mateo (fka San Mateo)	San Mateo, CA	Ü	2001	575	71,900,000	211,907,141	32,756,157	71,900,000	244,663,298	316,563,298	(107,423,091)	209,140,207	Œ
Red 160 (fka Redmond Way)	Redmond, WA	Ü	2011	250	15,546,376	65,320,010	6,516,711	15,546,376	71,836,721	87,383,097	(32,847,476)	54,535,621	(H)
Skyhouse Denver	Denver, CO	Ö	2017	361	13,562,331	126,360,318	4,560,548	13,562,331	130,920,866	144,483,197	(36,284,093)	108,199,104	74,301,755
SoMa Square Apartments (fka South Market)	San Francisco, CA	Ō	1986	418	79,900,000	177,316,977	27,859,528	79,900,000	205,176,505	285,076,505	(92,120,716)	192,955,789	Œ
Teresina	Chula Vista, CA	I	2000	440	28,600,000	61,916,670	10,391,857	28,600,000	72,308,527	100,908,527	(46,896,214)	54,012,313	37,940,000
Vintage	Ontario, CA	I	2005-2007	300	7,059,230	47,677,762	8,792,477	7,059,230	56,470,239	63,529,469	(32,955,297)	30,574,172	49,213,487
West 54th	New York, NY	O	2001	222	000,000,009	48,193,837	6,744,489	000,000,009	54,938,326	115,838,326	(26,577,581)	89,260,745	48,326,811
Portfolio/Entity Encumbrances (1)													547,116,704
Wholly Owned Encumbered				8,223	709,512,458	2,166,731,215	261,380,238	709,512,458	2,428,111,453	3,137,623,911	(1,145,441,380)	1,992,182,531	1,602,386,003

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL
ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTYERSHIP
Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation
December 31, 2024

					,	:	Cost Capitalized Subsequent to Acquisition						
Description					Initial Com	Initial Cost to Company	(Improvements, net) (E)	Gross Amor Close of Pe	Gross Amount Carried at Close of Period 12/31/24				
		Non- Residential	Date of	Apartment]	Building &	Building &]	Building &	6) 1776	Accumulated	Investment in Real Estate, Net at	-
Apartment (Name Partially Owned Unencombered:	Location	Components	Construction	CIIICS	Pand	rixiares	FIXILITES	Land	r Kures (A)	1 0tal (B)	Depreciation (C)	47/16/71	Encumbrances
Basin, The	Wakefield, MA	Ö	Œ	ı	36.833.687	83,933,770	1	36,833,687	83,933,770	120,767,457	1	120,767,457	I
Bellevue Meadows	Bellevue, WA	1	1983	180	4,507,100	12,574,814	10,464,162	4,507,100	23,038,976	27,546,076	(17,628,998)	9,917,078	1
Canyon Ridge	San Diego, CA	I	1989	162	4,869,448	11,955,064	5,705,235	4,869,448	17,660,299	22,529,747	(15,160,177)	7,369,570	I
Country Oaks	Agoura Hills, CA	I	1985	256	6,105,000	29,561,865	8,850,571	6,105,000	38,412,436	44,517,436	(29,740,487)	14,776,949	1
Lantem Cove	Foster City, CA	I	1985	232	6,945,000	23,064,976	9,648,942	6,945,000	32,713,918	39,658,918	(26,003,553)	13,655,365	I
Radius Koreatown	Los Angeles, CA	I	2014/2016	301	32,494,154	84,645,203	1,931,407	32,494,154	86,576,610	119,070,764	(28,228,671)	90,842,093	1
Rosecliff	Quincy, MA	I	1990	156	5,460,000	15,721,570	8,871,765	5,460,000	24,593,335	30,053,335	(18,467,262)	11,586,073	I
Schooner Bay I	Foster City, CA	ı	1985	168	5,345,000	20,390,618	9,365,180	5,345,000	29,755,798	35,100,798	(22,522,089)	12,578,709	I
Schooner Bay II	Foster City, CA	I	1985	144	4,550,000	18,064,764	8,121,344	4,550,000	26,186,108	30,736,108	(19,933,003)	10,803,105	I
St Johns West	Austin, TX	I	2020	297	10,097,109	47,928,229	2,244,564	10,097,109	50,172,793	60,269,902	(12,197,560)	48,072,342	1
Venn at Main	Bellevue, WA	Ö	2016	350	26,626,497	151,520,448	3,025,678	26,626,497	154,546,126	181,172,623	(44,611,982)	136,560,641	I
Virgil Square	Los Angeles, CA	ı	1979	142	5,500,000	15,216,613	4,559,088	5,500,000	19,775,701	25,275,701	(13,848,981)	11,426,720	I
Partially Owned Unencumbered				2,388	149,332,995	514,577,934	72,787,936	149,332,995	587,365,870	736,698,865	(248,342,763)	488,356,102	1
Partially Owned Encumbered:													
Canyon Creek (CA)	San Ramon, CA	I	1984	268	5,425,000	18,812,121	11,514,890	5,425,000	30,327,011	35,752,011	(23,263,607)	12,488,404	28,303,802
Partially Owned Encumbered				268	5,425,000	18,812,121	11,514,890	5,425,000	30,327,011	35,752,011	(23,263,607)	12,488,404	28,303,802
Total Consolidated Investment in Real Estate				82,987	\$ 5,692,724,916	\$ 21,598,452,385	\$ 2,679,614,090	\$ 5,692,724,916	\$ 24,278,066,475	\$ 29,970,791,391	\$ (10,412,463,142)	\$ 19,558,328,249	\$ 1,630,689,805

(1) See attached Encumbrances Reconciliation.

EQUITY RESIDENTIAL ERP OPERATING LIMITED PARTNERSHIP Schedule III - Real Estate and Accumulated Depreciation December 31, 2024

NOTES:

- The balance of furniture & fixtures included in the total investment in real estate amount was \$2,840,691,355 as of December 31, 2024 (A)
- The cost, net of accumulated depreciation, for Federal Income Tax purposes as of December 31, 2024 was approximately \$12.4 billion (unaudited). (B)
- The life to compute depreciation for building is 30 years, for building improvements ranges from 5 to 15 years, for furniture & fixtures, replacements and renovations is 5 to 10 years and for lease intangibles is the average remaining term of each respective lease. 0
- This asset consists of costs owned by the Management Business acquired/added at various acquisition dates and largely represents furniture, fixtures and equipment and computer equipment and software costs, which are generally depreciated over periods ranging from 3 to 7 years, and leasehold improvements, which are generally depreciated over the term of each respective lease. 9
- Primarily represents capital expenditures for building improvements, replacements and renovations incurred subsequent to each property's acquisition date. $\widehat{\mathbb{E}}$
- Primarily represents land and/or construction-in-progress on projects either held for future development or projects currently under development. (F)
- A portion of these properties includes and/or will include non-residential components (consisting of retail and/or public parking garage operations) 9
- (H) See Encumbrances Reconciliation schedule.
- Boot property for Bond Partnership mortgage pool.

Corporate Data

Board of Trustees

David J. Neithercut^{5,6} Chairman of the Board, Equity Residential Former President and Chief Executive Officer, Equity Residential

Mark J. Parrell^{5,6} President and Chief Executive Officer, Equity Residential

Angela M. Aman² Chief Executive Officer, Kilroy Realty

Linda Walker Bynoe^{2,4} President and Chief Executive Officer, Telemat Limited LLC

Mary Kay Haben^{3,4} Former President-North America, William Wrigley Jr. Company

Ann C. Hoff² President and Chief Operating Officer, Bellagio and Park MGM at MGM Resorts International

Tahsinul Zia Huque^{3,4} Private Investor

Nina P. Jones^{2,4} Retired Portfolio Manager, T. Rowe Price

John E. Neal^{2,5} Retired Partner, Linden LLC

Mark S. Shapiro^{3,4} President and Managing Partner, WME Group

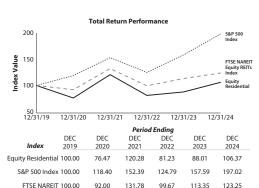
Stephen E. Sterrett^{1,2,3,5} Former Chief Financial Officer, Simon Property Group, Inc.

1 Lead Trustee, 2 Audit Committee, 3 Compensation Committee, 4 Corporate Governance Committee, 5 Executive Committee, 6 Pricing Committee

Total Shareholder Returns

Performance Graph 2020-2024

The following graph compares our shareholder return (assuming reinvestment of dividends) since December 31, 2019 with the S&P 500 Index and the FTSE Nareit Equity REITs Index. The graph assumes an investment of \$100 in Equity Residential and the two indexes on December 31, 2019. The Nareit Equity REITs index includes all Equity REITs not designated as Timber REITs or Infrastructure REITs.



Corporate Office

Equity Residential Two North Riverside Plaza, Suite 500 Chicago, Illinois 60606-2609 Phone: 312.474.1300 www.equityapartments.com

Available at our website at www.equityapartments.com in the Investor Section are our Corporate Governance Guidelines, Code of Ethics and Business Conduct, Declaration of Trust, Bylaws, Committee Charters, Political Contributions Policy, Incentive - Based Compensation Clawback Policy, Securities Trading Policy and our 2024 Corporate Responsibility Report.

Executive Officers

Mark J. Parrell
President and Chief Executive Officer

Barry S. Altshuler Executive Vice President-Investments

Alexander Brackenridge Executive Vice President and Chief Investment Officer

Catherine M. Carraway
Executive Vice President and Chief Human
Resources Officer

Scott J. Fenster
Executive Vice President and General Counsel

Robert A. Garechana Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Michael L. Manelis Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP Chicago, Illinois

Transfer Agent

To keep securities information up-to-date and to ensure that record holders of Equity Residential securities receive financial information as soon as possible after mailing, please advise the transfer agent of your new address or change of name. Write to them directly at:

First Class/Registered/Certified Mail: Computershare Investor Services P.O. Box 43078 Providence, RI 02940-3078

Courier Services: Computershare Investor Services 150 Royall St., Suite 101 Canton, MA 02021

Or call, 800.733.5001 www.computershare.com/investor

Shareholders

The number of record holders of Equity Residential common shares at February 6, 2025 was approximately 1,630. The number of outstanding common shares as of February 6, 2025 was 379,705,225.

Form 10-K and Other Reports

Requests for Equity Residential's Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and any other inquiries from individuals and institutional investors should be directed to:

Martin J. McKenna
First Vice President–Investor and Public Relations
Equity Residential
Two North Riverside Plaza, Suite 500
Chicago, Illinois 60606-2609
Phone: 888.879.6356
Email: InvestorRelations@egr.com

The SEC also maintains a website that contains reports, proxy information and statements, and other information regarding registrants who file electronically with the SEC. The website address is: www.sec.gov.

Distribution Reinvestment Plan

Equity Residential offers a Distribution Reinvestment Plan. For an information packet, including the plan prospectus and enrollment form, please call the Plan Administrator, Computershare, at 800.733.5001.

Equity Residential

Two North Riverside Plaza, Suite 500 Chicago, IL 60606-2609

www.equityapartments.com