

NEW MEDIA L.A.B

新傳企劃有限公司 New Media Lab Limited

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with Limited Liability) 股份代號 Stock Code: 1284

2024 Annual Report 年報

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CORPORATE INFORMATION AND KEY DATES 公司資料及重要日期

Directors

Wong Chi Fai *(Chairman)*[#] Lee Yat Pui, Royce Fan Man Seung, Vanessa Cheng Ka Yu^{**} Mak Kam Chiu^{**} Niu Zhongjie^{**}

Company Secretary

Liu Suet Ying

Executive Committee

Wong Chi Fai *(Chairman)*[#] Lee Yat Pui, Royce Fan Man Seung, Vanessa

Audit Committee

Mak Kam Chiu *(Chairman)* Cheng Ka Yu Niu Zhongjie

Remuneration Committee

Niu Zhongjie *(Chairman)* Wong Chi Fai[#] Mak Kam Chiu

Nomination Committee

Cheng Ka Yu *(Chairperson)* Fan Man Seung, Vanessa Niu Zhongjie

Corporate Governance Committee

Fan Man Seung, Vanessa *(Chairperson)* Cheng Ka Yu Mak Kam Chiu A representative from company secretarial function A representative from finance and accounts function

Investor Relations Contact

Luk Man Ching, Anna Email: ir1284@EmperorGroup.com

Website https://www.NewMediaLab.com.hk

Stock Code Hong Kong Stock Exchange: 1284

Auditor

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Ernst & Young Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

- to be replaced by Mr. Yeung Ching Loong, Alexander on 1 April 2025
- ** Independent Non-executive Directors

董事

黃志輝(*主席)* # 李一培 范敏嫦 鄭嘉裕** 麥錦釗** 牛鍾洁**

公司秘書 廖雪盈

執行委員會 黃志輝(主席)#

李一培 范敏嫦

審核委員會

麥錦釗*(主席)* 鄭嘉裕 牛鍾洁

薪酬委員會

牛鍾洁(*主席)* 黃志輝# 麥錦釗

提名委員會

鄭嘉裕*(主席)* 范敏嫦 牛鍾洁

企業管治委員會

范敏嫦(*主席)* 鄭嘉裕 麥錦釗 一名公司秘書職能代表 一名財務及會計職能代表

投資者關係聯繫資訊

陸文靜 電郵:ir1284@EmperorGroup.com

網站 https://www.NewMediaLab.com.hk

股份代號 香港聯合交易所:1284

核數師

#

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

- 於2025年4月1日由楊政龍先生接替
- ** 獨立非執行董事

CORPORATE INFORMATION AND KEY DATES **公司資料及重要日期**

Compliance Advisor

Lego Corporate Finance Limited

Registered Office

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cavman Islands

Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

8/F, Tower 1, The Quayside 77 Hoi Bun Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon Hong Kong

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Convers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and **Transfer Office**

Tricor Secretaries Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

With effect form 31 March 2025, the Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office will be changed to Union Registrars Limited at Suites 3301-04, 33/F., Two Chinachem Exchange Square, 338 King's Road, North Point, Hong Kong.

Principal Bankers

The Bank of East Asia, Limited Bank of Communications (Hong Kong) Limited

Key Dates

Annual Results Announcement 27 March 2025 Final Dividend HK2.5 cents per share Latest time to lodge 30 May 2025 (before 4:30 p.m.) transfers - Book Close Dates 2-3 June 2025 (both days inclusive) - Record Date Payment Date 18 June 2025 2025 Annual General Meeting 22 May 2025 Latest time to lodge transfers (before 4:30 p.m.)

合規顧問

力高企業融資有限公司

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港 九龍觀塘海濱道77號 海濱匯1座8樓

主要股份過戶登記處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

自2025年3月31日起,香港股份過戶 登記分處將更改為聯合證券登記有限 公司, 地址為香港北角英皇道338號 華懋交易廣場2期33樓3301-04室。

主要往來銀行

東亞銀行有限公司 交通銀行(香港)有限公司

重要日期

3 June 2025

16 May 2025

全年業績公告	2025年3月27日
末期股息	每股2.5港仙
- 遞交過戶	2025年5月30日
文件最後限期	(下午4時30分前)
- 暫停辦理股份	2025年6月2至3日
過戶登記日期	(包括首尾兩日)
- 記錄日期	2025年6月3日
- 派付日期	2025年6月18日
2025年股東週年大會	2025年5月22日
- 遞交過戶文件	2025年5月16日
最後限期	(下午4時30分前)

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The board of directors ("**Board**" or "**Directors**") of New Media Lab Limited ("**Company**") presents the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "**Group**") for the year ended 31 December 2024 ("**Year**"). 新傳企劃有限公司(「本公司」)之董事 會(「董事會」或「董事」)提呈本公司 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至 2024年12月31日止年度(「本年度」) 之經審核綜合業績。

	0.000	ear ended ember 1日止年度
	2024	2023
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Total revenue	207,227	220,885
總收入		
Digital advertising	199,290	211,534
數碼廣告		
Print advertising and circulation	7,937	9,351
印刷廣告及發行		
Net profit	13,491	14,525
淨利潤		
Basic earnings per share	HK2.2 cents港仙	HK2.8 cents港仙
每股基本盈利		
Final dividend per share	HK2.5 cents港仙	HK1.2 cents港仙
每股末期股息		

RESULTS

Due to the weak market sentiment, the Group's total revenue inevitably decreased to HK\$207.2 million (2023: HK\$220.9 million) during the Year. Revenue from digital advertising was HK\$199.3 million (2023: HK\$211.5 million) and remained a key revenue contributor, accounting for 96.2% (2023: 95.8%) of the Group's total revenue. The Group's net profit was HK\$13.5 million (2023: HK\$14.5 million). The basic earnings per share was HK2.2 cents (2023: HK2.8 cents¹). The Group has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK2.50 cents per share. Together with the interim dividend of HK1.67 cents per share, the total dividends for the full year are HK4.17 cents per share.

MARKET REVIEW

During the Year, market uncertainties arising from factors such as geopolitical tensions, global monetary policy and the pace of the United States interest rate cuts continued to impact the local business environment. The changes in the consumption patterns of Hong Kong's inbound visitors and domestic consumers, and the relatively strong Hong Kong dollar continued to pose challenges to the local consumption market. Advertisers in various sectors generally experienced a tough business cycle. They tended to remain cautious regarding their advertising spending, and sought tailor-made, cost-effective marketing campaigns. Hence, the media business became fiercely competitive.

業績

由於市場氣氛疲弱,本集團於本 年度的總收入無可避免地減少至 207,200,000港元(2023年: 220,900,000港元)。數碼廣告收 入為199,300,000港元(2023年: 211,500,000港元),仍為主要收 入來源,佔本集團總收入96.2% (2023年:95.8%)。本集團淨利 潤為13,500,000港元(2023年: 14,500,000港元)。每股基本盈利為 2.2港仙(2023年:2.8港仙¹)。本集 團已建議派付末期股息每股2.50港 仙。連同中期股息每股1.67港仙,全 年股息總額為每股4.17港仙。

市場回顧

於本年度,地緣政治局勢緊張、全球 貨幣政策及美國減息步伐等因素所引 致的市場不確定性,繼續影響本地營 商環境。訪港旅客及本地消費者的消 費模式轉變,以及港元相對強勁,繼 續對本地消費市場構成挑戰。各行為 業的廣告開支保持謹慎,並尋 度身訂造、具成本效益的市場推廣 動。因此,媒體業務的競爭變得激烈。

Please refer to note 12 on pages 124-125 for the number of ¹ shares used for calculation.

用以計算之股份數目請參考第124-125頁上之附註12。

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BUSINESS REVIEW

The Group is a digital media flagship group, providing one-stop integrated advertising solutions to brand owners and advertising agencies through several digital media platforms. The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("**Stock Exchange**") since 17 July 2023 ("**Listing Date**").

The Group has established its online business since 2011, and currently operates 9 media brands, including "Weekend Weekly", "Oriental Sunday", "Economic Digest", "New Monday", "More", "GOtrip", "Sunday Kiss", "SSwagger" and "Madame Figaro". Each brand has its dedicated content pillars covering dining and local attractions, gourmet and gastronomy, fashion and beauty, travel, wellness and entertainment, kids and parenting, electronic gadgets and gaming, finance and investment, as well as designer and luxury labels. The target positions of each media brand are as follows:

業務回顧

本集團為一家數碼媒體旗艦集團,透 過多個數碼媒體平台,向品牌擁有者 及廣告代理公司提供一站式綜合廣告 解決方案。本公司股份自2023年7月 17日(「上市日期」)起於香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

本集團自2011年起開展線上業務,目前經營9個媒體品牌,包括 「新假期」、「東方新地」、「經濟一 週」、「新Monday」、「More」、 「GOtrip」、「Sunday Kiss親子童 盟」、「SSwagger」及「Madame Figaro」。每個品牌有其專門的主打 內容,涵蓋餐飲及本地人氣景點、美 饌及烹飪、時尚服飾及美容、旅遊、 健康生活及娛樂、親子及教育、電子 產品及遊戲、金融及投資,以及設計 師及奢侈品牌。各媒體品牌的目標定 位如下:

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

"Weekend Weekly" - Specialises in providing lifestyle content ranging from topical dining trends and discoveries around town to best dining and shopping offers, tips and recommendations, to meet the demands of people from all walks of life.

「新假期」--專門提供與時尚生活有關的內容,包括主題飲食潮流、 城市遊蹤以至最佳飲食購物優惠、貼士及推介,以滿足不同人士的 需求。

"Oriental Sunday" - A comprehensive wellness and entertainment information platform providing health and wellness tips from specialists of various medical fields, practical household consumption advice and latest entertainment and celebrity news.

「東方新地」—為一個全面的健康及娛樂資訊平台,提供來自各醫學 領域專家的健康及養牛秘訣、實用的家庭消費建議,以及最新的娛 樂及名人新聞。

"Economic Digest" - Provides the latest information on economics, investment, financial markets and personal finance, with the major target audience comprising professional investors, white collars and general public who follow investment and financial markets.

「經濟一週——提供有關經濟、投資、金融市場及個人理財的最新資 訊,主要目標受眾為跟蹤投資及金融市場的專業投資者、白領人十 及一般公眾。

"New Monday" - Provides content on the latest social trends, covering topics such as online shopping, online games, electronic gadgets, sports trend, fashion, entertainment news and beauty tips.

「新Monday」—提供最新的社會潮流內容,涵蓋線上購物、線上遊 戲、電子產品、運動潮流、時裝、娛樂新聞及美容貼士等主題。

"More" — Targets a female audience with coverage of topics including fashion, skincare, makeup, nutritious menus for healthy diets and wedding planning.

「More」— 目標為女性受眾,涵蓋主題包括時裝、護膚、化妝、健 康飲食之營養餐單及婚禮策劃。













MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

"GOtrip" — Provides comprehensive travel information and suggested itineraries ranging from local excursions, staycation to global destinations.

「GOtrip」-提供全面的旅遊資訊及行程建議,包括本地短線遊、 宅度假及世界遊蹤。

"*Sunday Kiss*" — Targets young parents with coverage of the latest trends in child-care, parenting and education, as well as shopping tips.

「Sunday Kiss 親子童盟」—以年輕父母為目標,涵蓋育兒、親子及 教育的最新潮流資訊及購物貼士。

"SSwagger" - Targets GenZ community with content coverage of active and sustainable lifestyle, music and dance, as well as art and creative design trends.

「SSwagger」-以Z世代社群為目標,內容涵蓋積極且可持續的生 活方式、音樂和舞蹈,以及藝術和創意設計趨勢。

"Madame Figaro" – An upmarket, prestigious platform covering fashion and beauty, aiming to capture the luxury market.

「Madame Figaro」—為一個涵蓋時裝及美容的高端及享有盛譽的 平台,旨於開拓奢侈品市場。











Strong Market Presence with Extensive Coverage

As of 31 December 2024, the Group had 9 media brands, covering 9 websites, 10 fanpages on Facebook, 10 profiles on Instagram and 3 profiles on RedNote. The Group has a strong digital presence with millions of subscribers who follow its contents on the websites, mobile apps and third-party social media platforms. This social media engagement creates an ideal platform for advertisers to communicate with and collect feedback from their current and potential consumers and broaden their reach.

Subsequent to the Year, the Group received several accolades in the 9th Media Convergence Awards, organised by Hong Kong Association of Interactive Marketing, in recognition of its efforts and excellence in using technology to transform and innovate in the delivery of news and information. "*Economic Digest*" received four awards, namely "Overall – Gold Award" and "Social Media – Gold Award", "Mobile Applications – Gold Award" and "Website – Silver Award", all under the Magazine category. "*Weekend Weekly*" received three awards, namely "Social Media – Silver Award" and "Overall – Bronze Award" under the Online Media category, as well as the "Overall Lifestyle and Leisure Information Award". "*New Monday*" received "Overall Lifestyle and Leisure Information Award".

強大的市場實力及廣泛的覆蓋

截至2024年12月31日,本集團 有9個媒體品牌,涵蓋9個網站、 10個Facebook粉絲專頁、10個 Instagram賬號及3個小紅書賬號。 本集團於數碼市場實力強大,在網站、 流動應用程式及第三方社交媒體平台 有數百萬訂閱者關注其內容。該等社 交媒體參與為廣告商創造一個理想的 平台,以與其目前及潛在消費者溝通 並收集其反饋以及擴大其可接觸的群 體。

於本年度後,本集團在香港互動市務 商會舉辦之第九屆傳媒轉型大獎中榮 獲數個獎項,表彰其在運用科技轉型 及以創新方式傳遞新聞及資訊方面的 努力與卓越表現。「經濟一週」榮獲一 金獎」、「社交媒體一金獎」、「流動 程式-金獎」及「網站-銀獎」。「新 假期」榮獲三個獎項,分別是網媒類 別下「社交媒體-銀獎」及「整體-銅獎」以及「整體生活消閒資訊大獎」。 「新Monday」榮獲「整體生活消閒資 訊大獎」。





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Broad Range of Advertising Products and Services

The Group offers a wide spectrum of advertising products and integrated services on various media platforms including display banners, advertorials and reviews and social newsfeeds, along with creative production and strategic services such as search engine optimisation (SEO) and segment marketing. The Group has an in-house platform team dedicated to analysing audience behaviour on the Group's media platforms via analytic tools for gaining insights into the behaviour and preferences of target audiences.

Well-established Relationships with Clients Across Different Industries

The Group has been engaged in the media industry in Hong Kong for over 20 years and is renowned for its popular flagship media brands including "**Oriental Sunday**", "**Weekend Weekly**", "**New Monday**" and "**Economic Digest**". With a long history in the advertising business in the print media and an early entry into the digital marketing business, the Group has established an extensive client network. The Group's diverse client portfolio ranges from 4A's and non-4A's advertising agencies, multinational corporations and brand owners to small and medium-sized enterprises, covering a large variety of business sectors.

PROSPECTS

In the face of changing consumption patterns and an unstable market situation, the Group expects that overall advertising expenditure of advertisers will remain tight. Advertisers are altering their advertising strategies and promotional channels. The Group will promptly react to market changes and take appropriate measures to improve its overall operating efficiency. The Group will continue devoting resources by adding digital platform talents, innovations and technologies, to meet the rising demand for digital advertising solutions and further expand its market presence.

廣泛的廣告產品及服務

本集團在多個媒體平台上提供廣泛的 廣告產品及綜合服務,包括顯示橫幅、 廣告稿及評論、社會動態資訊、以及 創意製作及策略性服務如搜索引擎優 化及分部營銷。本集團有一個內部平 台團隊,致力於透過分析工具分析本 集團媒體平台上受眾的行為以了解目 標受眾的行為及喜好。

與來自不同行業的客戶建立良 好關係

本集團在香港從事媒體行業已超過 20年,並以其旗艦媒體品牌(包括「**東** 方新地」、「新假期」、「新Monday」 及「經濟一週」)而聞名。憑藉在印刷 媒體廣告業務的悠久歷史及較早進軍 數碼營銷業務,本集團已建立廣泛的 客戶網絡。本集團擁有多元化的客戶 組合,包括4A及非4A廣告代理公 司、跨國企業及品牌擁有者以至中小 型企業,涵蓋各種各樣的商業領域。

前景

面對消費模式的轉變及不穩定的市場 形勢,本集團預期廣告商整體廣告開 支將持續緊縮。廣告商正在改變其廣 告策略及宣傳渠道。本集團將迅速回 應市場變化及採取適當措施,以提高 整體營運效率。本集團將繼續投放資 源,增加數碼平台人才、創新及技術, 以滿足對數碼廣告解決方案不斷上升 的需求,並進一步擴大市場佔有率。 Nevertheless, considering the pick-up in foot traffic after the resumption of the multiple-entry Individual Visit Scheme for Shenzhen permanent residents, and the increase of disposable income after several United States interest rate cuts in the past six months, as well as the numerous stimulus measures launched by the Central Government and local government, the Group remains positive regarding capturing the opportunities from the market momentum revival, and is confident regarding the long-term growth prospects of online advertising solutions.

FINANCIAL REVIEW Capital Structure, Liquidity and Financial Resources

Cash and cash equivalents of the Group as at 31 December 2024 amounted to HK\$150.0 million (2023: HK\$142.7 million), and were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars. As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not have any bank borrowings (2023: Nil). Its gearing ratio (calculated on the basic of the total debts over total equity) was 1.0% (2023: 0.4%). The strong liquidity position enables the Group to retain high flexibility for future development.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's current assets and current liabilities were approximately HK\$213.1 million (2023: HK\$212.7 million) and HK\$38.7 million (2023: HK\$36.2 million), respectively. Current ratio and quick ratio of the Group were 5.5 (2023: 5.9) and 5.5 (2023: 5.9), respectively.

In view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2024, the Board considered that the Group had sufficient working capital for its operations and future development plans.

然而,考慮到深圳戶籍居民一簽多行 個人遊計劃恢復後人流回升、過去六 個月美國多次減息後可支配收入增加, 以及中央政府及本地政府推出多項刺 激經濟措施,本集團對把握市場動力 復甦帶來的機遇保持樂觀,並對線上 廣告解決方案的長遠增長前景充滿信 心。

財務回顧 資本架構、流動資金及財務資 源

於2024年12月31日,本集團現金 及現金等價物為150,000,000港元 (2023年:142,700,000港元),主 要以港元計值。於2024年12月31 日,本集團並無任何銀行借款(2023 年:無)。其負債比率(按債務總額除 以權益總額計算)為1.0%(2023年: 0.4%)。充裕的流動資金狀況讓本集 團能為未來發展保持高度靈活性。

於 2024年12月31日,本集團 的流動資產及流動負債分別約 為 213,100,000港元(2023年: 212,700,000港元)及38,700,000 港元(2023年:36,200,000港元)。 本集團的流動比率及速動比率分別為 5.5(2023年:5.9)及5.5(2023年: 5.9)。

鑒於本集團於2024年12月31日的財 務狀況,董事會認為本集團擁有充足 營運資金,以應付其營運及末來發展 計劃所需。

Initial Public Offering and Use of Proceeds

The Company has been successfully listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on the Listing Date, and raised net proceeds of approximately HK\$103.5 million. The actual use of the net proceeds up to 31 December 2024 is set out below:

首次公開發售及所得款項用途

本公司已於上市日期在聯交所主 板成功上市,籌集所得款項淨額約 103,500,000港元。截至2024年12 月31日,所得款項淨額的實際使用情 況載列如下:

	Approximate percentage of net proceeds 所得款項淨額之 概約百分比	Allocation of use of net proceeds 所得款項淨額 用途之分配 (HK\$ million) (百萬港元)	Actual use of net proceeds up to 31 December 2024 於截至 2024年12月31日 所得款項淨額之 實際使用 (HK\$ million) (百萬港元)	Unutilised net proceeds as of 31 December 2024 於截至 2024年12月31日 未動用之所得 款項淨額 (HK\$ million) (百萬港元)	Expected timetable for use of the unutilised net proceeds 使用未動用 所得款項淨額之 預期時間表
Expand and enhance product lines and enhance data collection and analytical capabilities 擴展及加強產品系列,以及提高數據收集及 分析能力	44.5%	46.0	10.3	35.7	By 31 December 2025 2025年12月31日之前
Mergers and acquisitions and/or strategic alliances with other media or e-Commerce market players 與其他媒體或電子商務市場從業者合併及 收購及/或建立策略聯盟	26.3%	27.2	Nil 無	27.2	By 31 December 2025 2025年12月31日之前
Construct in-house media content management platform 建設內部媒體內容管理平台	12.5%	13.0	1.9	11.1	By 31 December 2025 2025年12月31日之前
General working capital 一般營運資金	9.9%	10.2	10.2	Nil 無	N/A 不適用
Repay bank borrowings 償還銀行借款	6.8%	7.1	7.1	Nil 無	N/A 不適用
Total 總計	100%	103.5	29.5	74.0	

The unutilised net proceeds are held by way of bank deposits with licensed banks or authorised financial institutions in Hong Kong. 未動用所得款項淨額以銀行存款形式 存放於香港的持牌銀行或認可金融機 構內。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had 219 (2023: 232) employees. Total staff costs including Director's remuneration and the other staff costs for the Year were approximately HK\$103.4 million (2023: HK\$100.9 million). Each employee's remuneration was determined in accordance with the individual's responsibility, competence and skills, experience and performance as well as market pay levels. Staff benefits include medical insurance, retirement benefits and other competitive fringe benefits.

To provide incentives or rewards to staff, the Company adopted a share option scheme on 26 June 2023, which became effective on the Listing Date, particulars of which is set out in the section headed "Share Options" of this annual report.

僱員及薪酬政策

於2024年12月31日,本集團之僱員 數目為219(2023年:232)人。本年 度之總員工成本(包括董事酬金及其 他員工成本)約為103,400,000港元 (2023年:100,900,000港元)。各 僱員之薪酬乃根據個人職責、能力及 技術、經驗及表現以及市場薪酬水平 釐定。員工福利包括醫療保險、退休 福利及其他具競爭力的額外福利。

本公司已於2023年6月26日採納一 項於上市日期生效之購股權計劃以激 勵或獎勵員工,其詳情列載於本年報 的「購股權」一節。

Executive Director and Chairman

WONG CHI FAI, aged 69, an Executive Director of the Company and the Chairman of the Board. He is also the Chairman of the Executive Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Wong joined the Group in June 1999 and is responsible for overseeing the financial management and advising on the business strategic planning and development of the Group. He has over 30 years of finance and management experience in different businesses ranging from media and publication, property investment and development, hotel and hospitality, watch and jewellery retailing, financial and securities services, wholesaling and retailing of furniture, cinema development and operation to entertainment production and investment as well as artiste management. He is a director of Emperor International Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 163) ("Emperor International"), Emperor Entertainment Hotel Limited (Stock Code: 296) ("Emperor E Hotel"), Emperor Watch & Jewellery Limited (Stock Code: 887) ("Emperor W&J"), Emperor Culture Group Limited (Stock Code: 491) ("Emperor Culture"), Emperor Capital Group Limited (Stock Code: 717) ("Emperor **Capital Group**") and Ulferts International Limited (Stock Code: 1711) ("Ulferts"), all being listed members of Emperor Group. Mr. Wong is a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

Note: With effect from 1 April 2025, Mr. Yeung Ching Loong, Alexander will be appointed as the Chairman of the Board and an Executive Director as well as the Chairman of the Executive Committee and a member of the Remuneration Committee of the Company in place of Mr. Wong Chi Fai following Mr. Wong's retirement. Details of the changes was set out in the announcement of the Company dated 3 February 2025. He will also retire from all positions of the listed members of Emperor Group with effect from 1 April 2025.

執行董事兼主席

黃志輝,69歲,為本公司執行董事及 董事會主席。彼亦為本公司執行委員 會主席及薪酬委員會成員。黃先生於 1999年6月加入本集團並負責監管財 務管理並就本集團的業務策略規劃及 發展提供意見。彼擁有逾30年之財 務及管理經驗,涵蓋不同業務,包括 傳媒與出版、物業投資及發展、酒店 營運、鐘錶珠寶零售、金融證券服務、 傢俬批發及零售、戲院發展及營運以 至娛樂製作及投資,以及藝人管理。 彼為英皇國際集團有限公司(股份代 號:163)(「**英皇國際**」)、英皇娛樂酒 店有限公司(股份代號:296)(「英皇 **娛樂酒店**))、英皇鐘錶珠寶有限公司 (股份代號:887)(「**英皇鐘錶珠寶**」)、 英皇文化產業集團有限公司(股份代 號:491)(「**英皇文化產業**」)、英皇資 本集團有限公司(股份代號:717)(「英 皇資本集團」)及歐化國際有限公司(股 份代號:1711)(「**歐化**」)之董事,該等 公司均為英皇集團旗下之上市成員。 黄先生為香港會計師公會執業會計師 及英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員。

附註:自2025年4月1日起,楊政龍先生 將獲委任為董事會主席及執行董 事,以及本公司執行委員會主席及 薪酬委員會成員以接替黃志輝先生 退休後的職務。有關變動詳情已載 於本公司日期為2025年2月3日 之公告。自2025年4月1日起,彼 亦將從英皇集團旗下之上市成員所 有職務退休。

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

LEE YAT PUI, ROYCE, aged 55, an Executive Director of the Company and the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Group. Mr. Lee joined the Group as consultant in October 2016 and has been the CEO since January 2017. He was appointed as a Director in March 2021 and is responsible for overall management of the Group and planning the Group's business and strategies. Mr. Lee is also a member of the Executive Committee of the Company as well as a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. He has over 20 years of experience in marketing and brand management, and specialised in digital marketing. Mr. Lee had worked in Nestlé China Limited and Coca-Cola China Limited and was responsible for marketing. He subsequently took up directorship in a digital marketing company. Prior to joining the Group, he ventured into e-learning and founded a company aiming to apply digital technology to facilitate learning. He is also a director of Double Blossoms Limited ("Double Blossoms"), which is a company disclosed under the section headed "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests in Securities" on page 21 of this annual report. Mr. Lee holds a Bachelor of Science and a Degree of Master in Philosophy from the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Executive Director

FAN MAN SEUNG, VANESSA, aged 62, an Executive Director of the Company, the Chairperson of the Corporate Governance Committee and a member of the Executive Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company as well as a director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. She joined the Group in June 1999 and is responsible for overseeing the overall corporate management and advising on the business strategies of the Group. Ms. Fan has over 35 years of corporate management experience in diversified businesses ranging from media and publication, property investment and development, hotel and hospitality, watch and jewellery retailing, financial and securities services, wholesaling and retailing of furniture, cinema development and operation to entertainment production and investment as well as artiste management. She is currently a director of Emperor International, Emperor E Hotel, Emperor W&J, Emperor Culture, Emperor Capital Group and Ulferts, all being listed members of Emperor Group. Ms. Fan is a lawyer by profession in Hong Kong and a gualified accountant, and holds a Master's Degree in Business Administration.

執行董事兼行政總裁

李一培,55歲,為本公司執行董事 兼本集團行政總裁(「**行政總裁**」)。 李先生於2016年10月加入本集團擔 任顧問,並自2017年1月起為行政總 裁。彼於2021年3月獲委任為董事, 負責本集團之整體管理及規劃本集 團之業務及策略。李先生亦為本公司 執行委員會成員以及本公司若干附 屬公司之董事。彼在市場營銷及品牌 管理方面擁有逾20年的經驗,並擅 長數碼營銷。李先生曾於雀巢中國有 限公司及可口可樂中國有限公司負 責營銷工作。彼其後出任一間數碼營 銷公司之董事。在加入本集團前,彼 曾進軍電子學習領域,並創立一間旨 在應用數碼技術促進學習之公司。 彼亦為本年報第21頁所載「董事及最 高行政人員之證券權益」一節所披露 的公司Double Blossoms Limited ([Double Blossoms])的董事。李先 生持有香港中文大學的理學士學位及 哲學碩士學位。

執行董事

范敏嫦,62歲,為本公司執行董事、 本公司企業管治委員會主席及執行委 員會及提名委員會成員,以及本公司 若干附屬公司之董事。彼於1999年6 月加入本集團並負責監管整體企業管 理及就本集團業務策略提供建議。范 女士擁有逾35年之企業管理經驗,涵 蓋多元化業務包括傳媒與出版、物業 投資及發展、酒店營運、鐘錶珠寶零 售、金融證券服務、傢俬批發及零售、 戲院發展及營運以至娛樂製作及投資, 以及藝人管理。彼現為英皇國際、英 皇娛樂酒店、英皇鐘錶珠寶、英皇文 化產業、英皇資本集團及歐化之董事, 該等公司均為英皇集團旗下之上市成 員。范女士具備香港專業律師資格及 為合資格會計師,並持有工商管理碩 士學位。

Independent Non-executive Director

CHENG KA YU, aged 51, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in June 2023. She is also the Chairperson of the Nomination Committee as well as a member of the Audit Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Ms. Cheng was admitted as a solicitor in Hong Kong in 1998 and is now a partner of P. C. Woo & Co, a solicitors firm. She was an independent non-executive director of Emperor International from 2012 to 2021. She holds a Bachelor of Laws Degree from The University of Hong Kong.

Independent Non-executive Director

MAK KAM CHIU, aged 48, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in June 2023. He is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee as well as a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee of the Company. Mr. Mak has over 20 years of experience in financial management and internal audit. He has served as finance director and/or held management positions with various multinational corporations engaging in retailing and/or food and beverage industry. Mr. Mak is currently the finance director of Skechers Hong Kong Limited. He is also an independent non-executive director of LH Group Limited (Stock Code: 1978). He holds a Bachelor of Business Administration in Accountancy from the City University of Hong Kong and a Degree of Master of Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong. Mr. Mak is a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in Hong Kong and a fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

獨立非執行董事

鄭嘉裕,51歲,於2023年6月獲委 任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為 本公司提名委員會主席以及審核委員 會與企業管治委員會成員。鄭女士於 1998年獲得香港律師執業資格,現為 胡百全律師事務所(一間律師事務所) 合夥人。彼由2012年至2021年為英 皇國際的獨立非執行董事。彼持有香 港大學法學士學位。

獨立非執行董事

麥錦創,48歲,於2023年6月獲委 任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為 本公司審核委員會主席以及薪酬委員 會與企業管治委員會成員。麥先生在 財務管理及內部審計方面擁有逾20 年的經驗。彼曾在多家從事零售及/或 食品及飲料行業的跨國公司擔任財務 總監及/或管理層職位。麥先生現為 斯凱奇(香港)有限公司的財務董事。 彼亦為叙福樓集團有限公司(股份代 號:1978)的獨立非執行董事。彼持 有香港城市大學工商管理會計學學士 學位及香港中文大學工商管理學碩士 學位。麥先生為香港特許公認會計師 公會的資深會員及香港會計師公會的 資深會員。

Independent Non-executive Director

NIU ZHONGJIE, aged 57, was appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in June 2023. He is also the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee as well as a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Niu has worked with various financial institutions and has extensive experience in equity capital markets. He is currently the responsible officer for type 4 (advising on securities) and type 9 (asset management) regulated activities of Vision Finance Asset Management Limited. He is also a director of Vision Finance International Company Limited and the responsible officer of the company to carry on type 1 (dealing in securities) and type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities. Mr. Niu is currently an independent non-executive director of Peiport Holdings Limited (Stock Code: 2885), Smart Digital Technology Group Limited (formerly known as Starlight Culture Entertainment Group Limited) (Stock Code: 1159) and Qian Xun Technology Limited (formerly known as Ruicheng (China) Media Group Limited) (Stock Code: 1640). He was an independent non-executive director of Nanjing Sample Technology Company Limited (Stock Code: 1708) from May 2019 to May 2024, all being listed companies in Hong Kong. He holds a Bachelor of Arts in Business Administration from Northeast Missouri State University, Missouri USA and a Degree of Master of Business Administration from The University of Hong Kong.

Chief Operation Officer

CHEUNG WAI YU, aged 50, the Chief Operating Officer of the Group. Ms. Cheung joined the Group in October 2018 and is responsible for overseeing and guiding the day-today operations of the Group, and presides over the revenue and sales growth, expenses, costs and margin control, and monthly, quarterly and annual financial goal management of the Group. She has over 19 years of experience in overseeing finance and operation of media and advertising companies. Ms. Cheung holds a Bachelor of Business Administration from the Chinese University of Hong Kong.

Chief Information Officer

YEUNG MAN LEUNG, aged 48, the Chief Information Officer of the Group. Mr. Yeung joined the Group in July 2018 and is responsible for driving digitalisation in the Group from in-house operation to users' digital experience through leading the technical and project team. Mr. Yeung has over 25 years of experience in ICT industry including software engineering, web business development and mobile application development, operation and marketing. Mr. Yeung holds a Bachelor of Engineering in Computer Science from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology.

獨立非執行董事

牛鍾洁,57歲,於2023年6月獲委 任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為 本公司薪酬委員會主席以及審核委員 會與提名委員會成員。牛先生曾任職 於多家金融機構,在股票資本市場有 豐富的經驗。彼目前擔任睿智金融資 產管理有限公司的第4類(就證券提 供意見)及第9類(提供資產管理)受 規管活動的負責人員。彼亦擔任睿智 金融國際有限公司的董事,並擔任該 公司的負責人員,進行第1類(證券交 易) 及第6類(就機構融資提供意見) 受規管活動。彼現為彼岸控股有限公 司(股份代號:2885)、智數科技集 團有限公司(前稱星光文化娛樂集團 有限公司)(股份代號:1159)及千循 科技有限公司(前稱瑞誠(中國)傳媒 集團有限公司)(股份代號:1640)的 獨立非執行董事。彼由2019年5月至 2024年5月為南京三寶科技股份有 限公司(股份代號:1708)的獨立非執 行董事,該等公司均為香港的上市公 司。牛先牛持有美國東北密蘇里州立 大學工商管理學文學士學位及香港大 學工商管理學碩士學位。

營運總監

張慧茹,50歲,為本集團的營運總 監。張女士於2018年10月加入本集 團,負責監管及指導本集團的日常營 運,並主持本集團的收益及銷售增長、 費用、成本及利潤率控制,以及月度、 季度及年度財務目標管理。彼在監管 媒體及廣告公司的財務及營運方面有 超過19年的經驗。張女士持有香港中 文大學工商管理學士學位。

資訊總監

楊民樑,48歲,為本集團的資訊總 監。楊先生於2018年7月加入本集 團,負責通過領導技術及項目團隊, 推動本集團由內部運作至使用者數碼 體驗的數碼化進程。楊先生在資訊與 通訊科技產業積累逾25年的經驗,包 括軟體工程、網路業務開發以及流動 應用程式開發、營運及市場推廣。楊 先生持有香港科技大學計算機科學工 程學學士學位。 The Directors present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

SHARE OFFER

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 22 March 2021 with limited liability. The Company's shares have been listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange since the Listing Date.

Details of use of net proceeds are set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis on page 12 of this annual report.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in digital media, which include providing one-stop integrated advertising solutions to brand owners and advertising agencies through several digital media platforms. Details of the principal activities and other particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are set out in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on pages 62 to 63 of this annual report. The dividends paid and proposed to be paid for the Year are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

An interim dividend of HK1.67 cents (2023: HK\$500) per share for the Year amounting to approximately HK\$10 million (2023: HK\$10 million), was paid to the shareholders of the Company ("**Shareholders**") during the Year.

The Directors recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK2.5 cents (2023: HK1.2 cents) per share for the Year, amounting to approximately HK\$15 million (2023: HK\$7.2 million) to Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members on 3 June 2025 (Tuesday), subject to the approval of the Shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting to be held on 22 May 2025 (Thursday) ("**2025 AGM**").

董事提呈本集團於本年度之報告及經 審核綜合財務報表。

股份發售

本公司於2021年3月22日在開曼群 島註冊成立為有限責任公司。本公司 股份自上市日期起在聯交所主板上市。

所得款項淨額用途之詳情載列於本年 報第12頁之管理層討論及分析。

主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本集團 主要從事數碼媒體業務,其中包括透 過多個數碼媒體平台,向品牌擁有者 及廣告代理公司提供一站式綜合廣告 解決方案。本公司主要附屬公司之主 要業務詳情及其他資料載於綜合財務 報表附註1。

業績及股息

本集團於本年度之業績載於本年報第 62至63頁之綜合損益表及綜合全面 收益表。本年度已付股息及建議派付 之股息載於綜合財務報表附註11。

本年度之中期股息每股1.67港仙 (2023年:500港元)已於本年度內 派付予本公司股東(「**股東**」),金額 共計約10,000,000港元(2023年: 10,000,000港元)。

董事建議向於2025年6月3日(星期 二)名列股東名冊之股東派付本年度 末期股息每股2.5港仙(2023年:1.2 港仙),約15,000,000港元(2023 年:7,200,000港元),惟須待股東 於2025年5月22日(星期四)舉行之 應屆股東週年大會(「2025年股東週 年大會」)上批准後方可作實。

BUSINESS REVIEW AND PERFORMANCE

A fair review of the Group's business, a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the Year and an analysis of the likely future development of the Group's business are set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis from pages 6 to 11 of this annual report. Description of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group are set out in the Corporate Governance Report from pages 48 to 50 and note 30 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report respectively.

There is no important event affecting the Group that had occurred since the end of the Year up to the date of this annual report.

In addition, an analysis of the Group's performance during the Year using financial key performance indicators is provided in the Five-Year Financial Summary on page 156. Discussion on the Group's environmental policies and performance, key relationships with the Group's key stakeholders as well as compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have significant impact on the Company are set out in the 2024 Environmental, Social and Governance Report of the Company.

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 156 of this annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group during the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 65 of this annual report.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2024, the Company's distributable reserves calculated in accordance with the Cayman Companies Act included share premium accounts and other reserves, totaling HK\$160,836,000 (2023: HK\$130,632,000), of which HK\$15,000,000 has been proposed as a final dividend for the Year.

業務回顧及表現

本集團業務之中肯回顧、本集團於本 年度表現之討論與分析及本集團業 務之可能未來發展分析乃載於本年報 第6至11頁之管理層討論及分析。本 集團面臨之主要風險及不明朗因素詳 情乃分別列載於本年報第48至50頁 之企業管治報告及綜合財務報表附註 30。

自本年度末直至本年報日期,概無發 生影響本集團之重大事件。

此外,利用財務關鍵表現指標對本集 團本年度業績的分析載於第156頁之 五年財務概要。有關本集團還保政策 及表現、與本集團主要持份者之重要 關係,以及遵守對本公司有重大影響 的相關法律及法規之討論載於本公司 2024年環境、社會及管治報告內。

五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績以 及資產及負債概要載於本年報第156 頁。

股本

本公司於本年度內之股本變動詳情載 於本年報綜合財務報表附註23。

儲備

本集團於本年度之儲備變動詳情載於 本年報第65頁之綜合權益變動表。

可供分派儲備

於2024年12月31日,本公司根據 開曼群島公司法計算並計入股份溢 價賬及其他儲備之可供分派儲備金 額共計160,836,000港元(2023 年:130,632,000港元),其中 15,000,000港元已建議作為本年度 之末期股息。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association ("**Articles of Association**"), or the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of changes in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the Year, the aggregate amount of revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers and the Group's largest customer accounted for approximately 36% (2023: 39%) and 11% (2023: 13%) respectively of the Group's total revenue for the Year.

During the Year, the aggregate purchase attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers and the Group's largest supplier accounted for approximately 54% (2023: 57%) and 46% (2023: 48%) respectively of the Group's total purchases for the Year.

None of the Directors, their close associates or Shareholder (who to the knowledge of the Directors owned more than 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company) had a beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Wong Chi Fai *(Chairman)* Mr. Lee Yat Pui, Royce Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Ms. Cheng Ka Yu Mr. Mak Kam Chiu Mr. Niu Zhongjie

Note:

As disclosed in the Company's announcement dated 3 February 2025, with effect from 1 April 2025, Mr. Yeung Ching Loong, Alexander ("**Mr . Alex Yeung**") will be appointed as the Chairman of the Board and an Executive Director in place of Mr. Wong Chi Fai following Mr. Wong's retirement.

購買、出售或贖回本公司上 市證券

於本年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公 司概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司 上市證券。

優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則(「**組織章程細** 則」)或開曼群島法例概無關於本公司 須按比例向現有股東發售新股份之優 先購買權規定。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度內之物業、廠房及設 備變動詳情載於本年報綜合財務報表 附註13。

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度內,本集團五大客戶以及本 集團最大客戶所帶來之總收益分別 佔本集團本年度收益總額之約36% (2023年:39%)及11%(2023年: 13%)。

於本年度內,本集團五大供應商及本 集團最大供應商所帶來之總採購額分 別佔本集團本年度之採購總額約54% (2023年:57%)及46%(2023年: 48%)。

概無董事、彼等之緊密聯繫人士或據 董事所知擁有本公司已發行股份超過 5%以上之股東於本集團五大客戶及 供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

董事

於本年度內及直至本年報日期止之董 事如下:

執行董事:

黄志輝先生*(主席)* 李一培先生 范敏嫦女士

獨立非執行董事:

鄭嘉裕女士 麥錦釗先生 牛鍾洁先生

附註:

誠如本公司日期為2025年2月3日的公告所披露,自2025年4月1日起,楊政龍先生(「楊先生」)將獲委任為董事會主席及執行董事,以接替黃志輝先生退休後的職務。

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management as at the date of this annual report are set out from pages 14 to 17 of this annual report. Details of Directors' remuneration are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

In accordance with Articles 83(3) and 84(1) and (2) of the Articles of Association, Mr. Alex Yeung, Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa ("**Ms. Vanessa Fan**") and Mr. Niu Zhongjie shall retire at the 2025 AGM and, being eligible, shall offer themselves for re-election thereat.

None of the Directors offering themselves for re-election at the 2025 AGM has an unexpired service contract with the Group which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts, other than employment contracts, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the Group's business were entered into or existed during the Year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

During the Year and up to the date of this annual report, the Company has in force the permitted indemnity provisions which are provided for in the Articles of Association and in the directors and officers liability insurance maintained for the Group in respect of potential liability and costs associated with legal proceedings that may be brought against the Directors and the directors of the Group respectively.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SECURITIES

As at 31 December 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company ("**Chief Executives**") in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("**SFO**")) as recorded in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("**Model Code**") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("**Listing Rules**") adopted by the Company were as follows: 於本年報日期,董事及高級管理人員 之履歷詳情載於本年報第14至17頁。 董事薪酬詳情載於本年報綜合財務報 表附註8。

根據組織章程細則第83(3)及84(1) 及(2)條,楊先生、范敏嫦女士(「范 女士」)及牛鍾洁先生將於2025年股 東週年大會上退任,並符合資格且願 意於會上膺選連任。

概無願意於2025年股東週年大會上 膺選連任之董事與本集團訂有可於一 年內免付賠償(法定賠償除外)之未屆 滿服務合約。

管理合約

於本年度內,除僱傭合約外,並無訂 立或存有關於本集團整體或任何重大 部分業務的管理及行政事宜之合約。

獲准許的彌償條文

於本年度及直至本年報日期止,就董 事及本集團董事分別可能面臨的法律 訴訟而產生的潛在責任及費用,本公 司備有獲准許的彌償條文,該等條文 分別載於組織章程細則以及本集團投 購之董事及高級管理人員責任保險內。

董事及最高行政人員之證券 權益

於2024年12月31日,董事及本公司 之最高行政人員(「最高行政人員」)於 本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及 期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV 部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁 有本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352 條須予備存之登記冊所記錄之權益及 淡倉,或根據本公司採納之聯交所證 券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄C3所 載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的 標準守則(「標準守則」)須另行知會本 公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

(A) Long position interests in the Company

Ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each ("**Shares**")

(A)於本公司之好倉權益

每股面值0.01港元之本公司普通 股(「**股份**」)

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity/ Nature of interests 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares interested 所持有權益 之股份數目	% of issued voting Shares 佔已發行 有投票權股份%
Mr. Lee Yat Pui, Royce (" Mr. Royce Lee") 李一培先生(「 李先生 」)	Interest in a controlled corporation <i>(Note)</i> 受控法團權益 <i>(附註)</i>	90,000,000	15

Note:

Ordinary shares

Mr. Royce Lee legally and beneficially owned the entire issued share capital of Double Blossoms. He was deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares held by Double Blossoms.

(B) Long position interests in associated corporation of the Company

附註:

李先生合法及實益擁有Double Blossoms全部已發行股本。李先生 被視為於Double Blossoms所持有 的相同數目股份中擁有權益。

(B) 於本公司相聯法團之好倉 權益 普通股

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Capacity/ Nature of interests	Number of shares interested	Approximate % of issued voting shares
董事姓名	相聯法團名稱	身份/權益性質	所持有權益 之股份數目	佔已發行 有投票權股份概約%
Ms. Vanessa Fan 范女士	Emperor International 英皇國際	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	15,750,000	0.29
	Emperor E Hotel 英皇娛樂酒店	Beneficial Owner 實益擁有人	2,430,750	0.20

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors or Chief Executives had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO). 除上文披露者外,於2024年12月31 日,概無董事或最高行政人員於本公 司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及 期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關 股份及債權證中擁有任何權益或淡倉。

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company has adopted a share option scheme ("**Share Option Scheme**") on 26 June 2023 (effective on the Listing Date). Particulars of the Share Option Scheme are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report. No option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme since its effective date.

The number of share options available for grant under the scheme mandate as at both the beginning and the end of the Year, was 60,000,000, which represented 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of this annual report.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Other than the Share Option Scheme as stated above, no equity-linked agreement was entered into by the Company during the Year or subsisted at the end of the Year.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the Share Option Scheme as stated above, at the end of the Year and at no time during the Year was the Company, any of its holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors or Chief Executives or their spouses or children under 18 years of age to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

So far as is known to any Directors or Chief Executives, as at 31 December 2024, the persons or corporations (other than Directors or Chief Executives) who had, or were deemed or taken to have interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO ("**DI Register**") were as follows:

Long positions in the Shares

購股權

本公司已於2023年6月26日採納一 項於上市日期起生效之購股權計劃 (「購股權計劃」)。有關購股權計劃之 詳情載於本年報綜合財務報表附註 24。自購股權計劃生效日期以後,並 無購股權根據購股權計劃授出、獲行 使、註銷或失效。

於本年度初及於本年度末,根據計 劃授權可授出之購股權數目均為 60,000,000份,佔於本年報日期已 發行股份的10%。

股票掛鈎協議

除上文所述之購股權計劃外,並無任 何股票掛鈎協議由本公司於本年度訂 立或於本年度末存續。

購買股份或債權證之安排

除上文所述之購股權計劃外,於本年 度末及本年度內任何時間,本公司、 其任何控股公司、附屬公司或同系附 屬公司概無訂立任何安排,致使董事 或本公司最高行政人員或彼等之配偶 或18歲以下子女可藉購入本公司或任 何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而獲 取利益。

其他人士於股份及相關股份 之權益

於2024年12月31日,就任何董事或 最高行政人員所知,除董事或最高行 政人員外,下列人士或法團於股份或 相關股份中擁有或被視為或當作擁有 須根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予 備存於登記冊(「權益披露登記冊」)之 權益或淡倉如下:

於股份之好倉

Names	Capacity/ Nature of interests	Number of Shares interested 所持有權益	% of issued voting Shares 佔已發行
姓名/名稱	身份/權益性質	之股份數目	有投票權股份%
New Media Lab Group Holdings Limited (" New Media Lab Holdings ")	Legal/beneficial owner	315,000,000	52.5
新傳企劃集團控股有限公司(「新傳企劃控股」)	合法/實益擁有人		

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DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

Names 姓名/名稱	Capacity/ Nature of interests 身份/權益性質	S	Number of Shares interested 所持有權益 之股份數目	% of issued voting Shares 佔已發行 有投票權股份%
Albert Yeung Investments Holdings Limited ("AY Investments Holdings") 楊受成投資控股有限公司(「 楊受成投資控股 」)	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 1) 於受控法團之權益(附註1)		315,000,000	52.5
First Trust Management AG (" First Trust ")	Trustee of a private discretionary trust <i>(Note 2)</i> 私人酌情信託之受託人 <i>(附註2)</i>		315,000,000	52.5
Dr. Yeung Sau Shing, Albert ("Dr. Yeung") 楊受成博士(「 楊博士 」)	Founder of a private discretionary trust <i>(Note 2)</i> 私人酌情信託之創辦人 <i>(附註2)</i>		315,000,000	52.5
Ms. Luk Siu Man, Semon 陸小曼女士	Interest of spouse <i>(Note 3)</i> 配偶權益 <i>(附註3)</i>		315,000,000	52.5
Double Blossoms	Legal/beneficial owner 合法/實益擁有人		90,000,000 <i>(Note 4)</i> <i>(附註4)</i>	15
Double Fantastic Group Limited (" Double Fantastic ")	Legal/beneficial owner 合法/實益擁有人		45,000,000	7.5
Ms. Lee Lan Kiu ("Ms. Venus Lee") 李蘭嬌女士(「 李女士 」)	Interest in a controlled corporation <i>(Note 5)</i> 於受控法團之權益 <i>(附註5)</i>		45,000,000	7.5
Mr. Yau Yi Ping 丘怡平先生	Interest of spouse <i>(Note 6)</i> 配偶權益 <i>(附註6)</i>		45,000,000	7.5
Notes:		Rtā	:	
1. The entire issued share capital was held by AY Investments H held by First Trust as trustee of	loldings, which in turn was	1.	楊受成投資控股業 資控股由First Ti	全部已發行股本由 持有,而楊受成投 rust作為楊博士成

- I. The entire issued share capital of New Media Lab Holdings was held by AY Investments Holdings, which in turn was held by First Trust as trustee of a private discretionary trust set up by Dr. Yeung. AY Investments Holdings was deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares held by New Media Lab Holdings.
- 2. First Trust was the trustee and Dr. Yeung was the founder of the private discretionary trust. By virtue of the SFO, each of First Trust and Dr. Yeung was deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares held by New Media Lab Holdings.
- 新傳企劃控股的全部已發行股本由 楊受成投資控股持有,而楊受成投 資控股由First Trust作為楊博士成 立之私人酌情信託的受託人持有。 楊受成投資控股被視為於新傳企劃 控股所持有之相同數目股份中擁有 權益。
- 2. First Trust及楊博士分別為私人酌 情信託的受託人及創辦人。根據證 券及期貨條例,First Trust及楊博 士各自被視為於新傳企劃控股所持 有之相同數目股份中擁有權益。

- 3. Ms. Luk Siu Man, Semon was deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares held by New Media Lab Holdings by virtue of the deemed interest held by her spouse, Dr. Yeung.
- 4. These Shares were the same Shares of which Mr. Royce Lee was deemed to be interested in and was set out under the section (A) of "Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests in Securities" above.
- 5. Ms. Venus Lee legally and beneficially owned the entire issued share capital of Double Fantastic and was deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares held by Double Fantastic.
- 6. Mr. Yau Yi Ping was deemed to be interested in the same number of Shares held by Double Fantastic by virtue of the deemed interest held by his spouse, Ms. Venus Lee.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, the Directors or Chief Executives were not aware of any person or corporation (other than the Directors and Chief Executives) who had, or were deemed or taken to have, any interests or short positions in any Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the DI Register.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors or their respective close associates was interested in any business which was considered to compete or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group as required to be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During and at the end of the Year, none of Directors or entities connected to the Directors was materially interested, whether directly or indirectly in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the Group's business.

The Group had not entered into any connected transaction or continued connected transactions during the Year, which is required to be disclosed under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

All transactions under note 27 to consolidated financial statements are connected transaction or continuing connected transaction in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules exempted from announcement, reporting, annual review and independent shareholders' approval requirements.

- 陸小曼女士因其配偶楊博士被視作 持有的權益而被視為於新傳企劃控 股所持有之相同數目股份中擁有權益。
- 該等股份為上文「董事及最高行政人員之證券權益」(A)節所載李先生被 視為擁有權益的相同股份。
- 李女士合法及實益擁有Double Fantastic全部已發行股本。因此, 李女士被視為於Double Fantastic 持有之相同數目股份中擁有權益。
- 6. 丘怡平先生因其配偶李女士被視 作持有的權益而被視為於Double Fantastic持有之相同數目股份中擁 有權益。

除上文披露者外,於2024年12月31 日,董事或最高行政人員並不知悉任 何人士或法團(董事及最高行政人員 除外)於任何股份或相關股份中擁有 或被視為或當作擁有記錄於權益披露 登記冊之任何權益或淡倉。

董事於競爭業務之權益

於2024年12月31日,概無董事或彼 等各自之緊密聯繫人士於被視為與本 集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能 構成競爭之任何業務中擁有根據上市 規則而須予披露之權益。

董事於交易、安排或合約中 之重大權益及關連交易

於本年度內及於本年度末,董事或與 董事有關連之實體概無直接或間接於 任何對本集團業務而言屬重大的交易、 安排或合約中擁有重大權益。

於本年度內,本集團並無訂立根據上 市規則第14A章須予披露之任何關連 交易或持續關連交易。

綜合財務報表附註27項下所有交易 為上市規則第14A章內之關連交易或 持續關連交易而豁免遵守公告、報告、 年度審閱及獨立股東批准之規定。

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKINGS

The then controlling Shareholders, namely (i) New Media Lab Holdings, (ii) Albert Yeung Holdings Limited ("AY Holdings"), (iii) The Albert Yeung Discretionary Trust ("AY Trust"), (iv) Dr. Yeung, (v) Mr. Royce Lee and (vi) Double Blossoms had entered into the deed of non-competition in favour of the Company on 26 June 2023 ("Deed of Non-Competition"), details of which have been set out in the section headed "Relationship With Controlling Shareholders" in the prospectus of the Company dated 30 June 2023. On 19 August 2024, AY Holdings and AY Trust (collectively "Outgoing Controlling Shareholders") ceased to be the controlling Shareholders and AY Investments Holdings and Albert Yeung Investments Discretionary Trust (collectively "New Controlling Shareholders") became the controlling Shareholders. As such, a deed of release and adherence was executed on 5 March 2025 by (i) New Media Lab Holdings, (ii) Dr. Yeung, (iii) Mr. Royce Lee, (iv) Double Blossoms, (v) the Outgoing Controlling Shareholders and (vi) the New Controlling Shareholders (collectively "Covenantors") as well as (vii) the Company, under which the Outgoing Controlling Shareholders were released and discharged from the obligations, covenants, undertakings and liabilities under the Deed of Non-Competition and the New Controlling Shareholders have been bound by the Deed of Non-Competition since 19 August 2024.

Each of the Covenantors has confirmed that he/it had complied with the terms of Deed of Non-Competition and have enforced the undertakings under the Deed of Non-Competition during the Year or the period during which the Outgoing Controlling Shareholders or the New Controlling Shareholders as the controlling shareholder of the Company.

The independent non-executive Directors ("**INED(s)**") have reviewed the compliance and enforcement status of the Deed of Non-Competition and as far as the INEDs can ascertain, there has been no breach of the undertakings given in the Deed of Non-Competition by the Covenantors during Year or the period during which the Outgoing Controlling Shareholders or the New Controlling Shareholders as the controlling shareholder of the Company.

不競爭承諾

當時的控股股東,即(i)新傳企劃控 股、(ii) 楊受成產業控股有限公司(「楊 受成產業控股」)、(iii) The Albert Yeung Discretionary Trust (AY **Trust**」)、(iv)楊博士、(v)李先生及 (vi) Double Blossoms已於2023年 6月26日以本公司為受益人訂立不競 爭契約(「不競爭契約」),其詳情載列 於本公司日期為2023年6月30日之 招股章程「與控股股東的關係」一節。 於2024年8月19日,楊受成產業 控股及AY Trust (統稱「離任控股股 **東**」)不再為控股股東,而楊受成投資 控股及Albert Yeung Investments Discretionary Trust(統稱「新控股股 **東**」) 成為控股股東。因此,(i) 新傳企 劃控股、(ii)楊博士、(iii)李先生、(iv) Double Blossoms、(v)離任控股股 東與(vi)新控股股東(統稱「**契諾人**」) 以及(vii)本公司於2025年3月5日簽 立解除及遵守契約,據此,自2024 年8月19日起,離任控股股東解除及 免除不競爭契約項下之義務、契諾、 承諾及責任,而新控股股東則已受不 競爭契約約束。

各契諾人已確認,彼於本年度內或離 任控股股東或新控股股東作為本公司 控股股東期間,已遵守不競爭契約之 條款,並已執行不競爭契約項下之承 諾。

獨立非執行董事(「**獨立非執行董事**」) 已審閱不競爭契約的遵守及執行情況, 以及據獨立非執行董事所知,於本年 度或離任控股股東或新控股股東作為 本公司控股股東期間,契諾人並無違 反不競爭契約內所載之承諾。

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The emoluments of the Directors shall be decided by the Board as recommended by the Remuneration Committee having regard to a written remuneration policy (which ensures a clear link to business strategy and a close alignment with the Shareholders' interest and current market best practice). Remuneration should be paid with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives, the salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the executive and non-executive Directors, internal equity of employment conditions across the Group and applicability of performance-based remuneration. The Directors' fees are paid in line with market practice. No individual should determine his or her own remuneration.

Employees' remuneration was determined in accordance with individual's responsibility, competence and skills, experience and performance as well as market pay level. Remuneration package includes, as the case may be, basic salaries, Directors' fees, contribution to pension schemes, discretionary bonus relating to financial performance of the Group and individual performance, ad hoc rewards, share options and other competitive fringe benefits such as medical insurance. Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report respectively.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report, there was sufficient public float of at least 25% of the issued Shares as required under the Listing Rules.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Ernst & Young will retire and a resolution for its reappointment as independent auditor of the Company will be proposed at the 2025 AGM.

On behalf of the Board

Lee Yat Pui, Royce

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer Hong Kong, 27 March 2025

薪酬政策

董事之薪酬須由董事會根據薪酬委員 會參照一套書酬政策(以確保與 業務策略有清晰聯繫,並密切符合股 東之權益及現行市場最佳常規)的 提供的推薦意見而釐定。薪酬應參 定業目標及目的、可予以比 動時間投入及職責的。 可支付的薪金、執行及非執行 動 時間條件及與表現掛鈎的薪酬之 的僱傭 支付。 概 無個別人士可自行 釐 定其酬金。

僱員薪酬乃根據個人職責、能力及技 能、經驗及表現以及市場薪酬水平釐 定。薪酬組合包括(視情況而定)基本 薪金、董事袍金、退休金計劃供款、 與本集團財務表現及個人表現掛鈎之 酌情花紅、特別獎勵、購股權及其他 具競爭力之額外福利(如醫療保險)。 董事及本集團五名最高薪酬人士之薪 酬詳情分別載於本年報綜合財務報表 附註8及9。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司可得之公開資料及據董事 所知,於刊發本年報前之最後實際可 行日期,已發行股份維持上市規則所 規定至少25%之足夠公眾持股量。

獨立核數師

安永會計師事務所將退任,而續聘其 為本公司獨立核數師之決議案將於 2025年股東週年大會上提呈。

代表董事會

執*行董事兼行政總裁* **李一培** 香港,2025年3月27日 The Board is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance for the Company so as to ensure "Accountability, Responsibility and Transparency" towards Shareholders, investors, employees as well as stakeholders of Company and has adopted various policies to ensure compliance with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code ("**CG Code**") as set out in Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules so as to having effective application of the principles of good corporate governance. During the Year, the Company had fully complied with all the code provisions of the CG Code.

CORPORATE CULTURE AND STRATEGY

The Company is committed to cultivating a corporate culture, focusing on four pillars, namely customer centricity, excellence in products and services, people first and positivity, which is underpinned by its purpose and values that enable employees at all levels of the Group to thrive and meet their full potentials by acting in a lawful, ethical and responsible manner that allows the Company to deliver sustainable long-term performance and operate in a way that benefits society and the environment.

The Company's purpose and values serve as a guide for employees' conduct and behaviours, ensuring that they are integrated throughout the Company's operational practices, workplace policies and practices and stakeholder relationships: 董事會致力為本公司維持高水平之企 業管治,以確保為股東、本公司投資 者、僱員以及持份者提供「問責、負 責及具透明度」之制度,並已採納多 項政策,以確保遵守上市規則附錄C1 所載之「企業管治守則」(「企業管治守 則」)之守則條文,從而有效應用良好 的企業管治原則。於本年度內,本公 司已全面遵守企業管治守則之所有守 則條文。

企業文化與策略

本公司致力於培養以四項支柱為重點 的企業文化,即以客為先、優質產品 服務、以人為本、積極向上,該等以 本公司之宗旨及價值觀為基礎,令本 集團各級僱員通過守法、合乎道德、 負責任地行事,充分發揮潛能,從而 使本公司能實現長期可持續發展,並 以造福於社會和環境的方式運營。

本公司的宗旨及價值觀為僱員的行為 操守提供指引,確保彼等得以融入本 公司的營運常規、工作場所政策及常 規以及持份者關係中:





The management is responsible for setting the tone and shaping the corporate culture of the Company, as well as defining the purpose, values and strategic direction of the Group, which are under review by the Board. Taking into account the corporate culture is reflected in various contexts, such as workforce engagement, employee retention and training, legal and regulatory compliance, staff safety, wellbeing and support, the culture, purpose, value and strategy of the Group are aligned with one another.

THE BOARD

The Company is headed by the Board which is responsible for the leadership, control and promotion of success of the Group in the interests of the Shareholders by directing and supervising its affairs and by formulating strategic directions and monitoring the financial and management performance of the Group.

Board Composition and Diversity

As at 31 December 2024, the Board comprised six Directors, with three Executive Directors and three INEDs. Names and biographical details of the members of the Board are set out from pages 14 to 17 of this annual report under the "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" section. All of them possess the skills, experience and expertise either in the same industry or relevant to the management of the business of the Group.

To ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, the following mechanisms were established during the Year:

- sufficient number of INEDs in a total of three, representing more than one-third of the Board;
- no INED has served the Board for more than 9 years;
- separation of the role of the Chairman and the CEO ensures that there is a balance of power and authority; and
- annual meeting between the Chairman and all INEDs without presence of other Directors provides an effective platform for the Chairman to listen to independent views on various issues concerning the Group.

During the Year, the Board had reviewed the implementation of these mechanisms and determined that they remain effective. 管理層負責設定本公司的企業文化基 調,塑造本公司的企業文化,明確本 集團的宗旨、價值觀及戰略方向,由 董事會進行審閱。鑒於企業文化於員 工參與、僱員挽留及培訓、法律及規 管合規、員工安全、福祉及支援等各 方面均有體現,故本集團的文化、宗 旨、價值觀及策略均保持一致。

董事會

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本公司由董事會領導,其負責透過指 導及監督本集團事務與制定戰略方針 及監督財務及管理表現,從而領導、 監控及促進本集團之成功,以符合股 東的利益。

董事會組成及多元化

於2024年12月31日,董事會由六名 董事組成,包括三名執行董事及三名 獨立非執行董事。董事會成員的姓名 及履歷詳情載於本年報第14至17頁 「董事及高級管理人員之履歷」一節。 彼等均擁有於相同行業或與本集團業 務管理相關之技能、經驗及專業知識。

於本年度內,為確保董事會獲得獨立 觀點及意見,已設立以下機制:

- 充足的獨立非執行董事人數,合
 共三名,佔董事會三分之一以上;
- 概無獨立非執行董事於董事會任 職超過9年;
- 主席及行政總裁職能分離,以確 保權力及權限平衡;及
- 主席與全體獨立非執行董事在並
 無其他董事出席的情況下舉行的
 年度會議,為主席提供有效平台
 聽取有關本集團各種事務的獨立
 意見。

於本年度內,董事會已檢討該等機制 的執行情況並認為其仍然有效。 The Company also adopted the Board Diversity Policy setting out the approach to achieve a diverse Board with a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives to the business nature of the Company. In designing the Board's composition, Board diversity has been considered from a wide range of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service, and any other factors that the Board may consider relevant and applicable from time to time. The merits and contribution that will bring to the Board for any Director proposed for re-election or any candidate nominated to be Director will also be assessed, taking into account the Company's corporate strategy and the mix of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity needed in the future.

The current Board composition reflects a diverse mix of educational background, professional knowledge, industry experience and length of service. The diversity mix of the Board as at 31 December 2024 is summarized as follows: 當前的董事會組成反映了教育背景、 專業知識、行業經驗及服務年期的多 元化組合。於2024年12月31日,董 事會的多元化組合概述如下:

佈及服務年期

(i)

董事會組成、性別分佈、年齡分

- Number of Directors 董事人數 6 5 4 1-3 3 ED Male 41-60 2 男性 董事 1 0 Age Group Designation Gender Length of Services 膱銜 性別 年齡組別 (No. of years) 服務年期(年)
- (i) Board Composition, Gender Distribution, Age Distribution and Length of Service

(ii) Directors' Skills and Experience

(ii) 董事技能及經驗

Areas of Experience 經驗領域	Number of Directors 董事人數	Share of the Board 佔董事會比例
Related Industry Knowledge/Experience 相關行業知識/經驗	3	50%
Business Management 業務管理	3	50%
Legal/Regulatory 法律/監管	2	33%
Financial & Accounting 財務及會計	2	33%
Strategic Planning & Risk Management 戰略規劃及風險管理	5	83%

The Board's gender diversity level is relatively high compared to other companies listed on the Stock Exchange, with two female directors out of six (33.3%). During the Year, the Nomination Committee and the Board reviewed the gender diversity target of having no less than 25% female directors on the Board. The Nomination Committee was of the view that the current gender diversity of the Board was appropriate, balanced and exceeding the target set. Therefore, no timeline or plan was proposed for further enhancing the gender diversity target of the Board for the time being. The Nomination Committee will continue reviewing the composition of the Board to maintain diversity.

As at 31 December 2024, our total workforce comprised of 66% female and 34% male, whereas senior management comprised of 37.5% female and 62.5% male. The current gender diversity of workforce was appropriate taking into account the business models and operational needs.

The term of appointment of the INEDs is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election provisions under the Articles of Association and the Listing Rules. Based on the annual review conducted by the Nomination Committee, the Board considered each of them to be independent with reference to the factors as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. 相較聯交所其他上市公司,董事會的 性別多元化水平相對較高,六名董事 中兩名為女性(33.3%)。於本年度內, 提名委員會及董事會審閱女性董事佔 董事會比例不少於25%的性別多元化 目標。提名委員會認為,當前董事 的性別多元化屬適當、平衡,並超過 所制定目標。因此,本公司當前並未 提出進一步提高董事會性別多元化目標 額前董事會組成以維持多元化。

於2024年12月31日,我們的員工總 數由66%女性及34%男性組成,而 高級管理人員由37.5%女性及62.5% 男性組成。考慮到業務模式及營運需 要,目前全體員工的性別多元化屬恰 當。

獨立非執行董事的任期須根據組織章 程細則及上市規則項下之條文輪值退 任及膺選連任。基於提名委員會進行 之年度審核,董事會認為在參照上市 規則第3.13條所載之因素後,各獨立 非執行董事屬獨立人士。

Board Process

Other than regular Board meetings are held during the Year, additional Board meetings, or meetings of Board committees established by the Board to consider specific matters, were convened, when necessary.

The attendance of the Directors at the meetings during the Year is set out below:

董事會程序

於本年度內,除定期舉行董事會會議 外,亦按需要舉行額外的董事會會議, 或由董事會設立的董事會委員會會議, 以審議特定事項。

各董事於本年度出席會議之情況載列 如下:

Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	Corporate Governance Committee	Executive Committee	General Meeting
董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	委員會	執行委員會	股東大會
5/5 (C)	-	1/1	_	_	7/7 (C)	1/1
5/5	-	-	-	-	7/7	1/1
5/5	-	-	1/1	1/1 (C)	7/7	1/1
5/5	3/3	-	1/1 (C)	1/1	-	1/1
5/5	3/3 (C)	1/1	-	1/1	-	1/1
5/5	3/3	1/1 (C)	1/1	-	-	1/1
5	3	1	1	1	7	1
	董事會 5/5 (C) 5/5 5/5 5/5 5/5 5/5	Board Committee 董事會 審核委員會 5/5 (C) - 5/5 - - 5/5 - - 5/5 - - 5/5 - - 5/5 - - 5/5 - 3/3 5/5 - 3/3 (C) 5/5 - 3/3	世界 Board Audit Committee Committee 重事會 審核委員會 新酬委員會 5/5 (C) - 1/1 5/5 5/5 3/3 - 5/5 3/3 - 5/5 3/3 1/1 (C)	出席會議/単行會議が Board Audit Committee Remuneration Committee Nomination Committee 董事會 審核委員會 薪酬委員會 提名委員會 5/5 (C) - 1/1 - 5/5 (C) - 1/1 - 5/5 - - - 5/5 - - 1/1 5/5 - - 1/1 5/5 3/3 - 1/1 (C) 5/5 3/3 1/1 (C) 1/1 5/5 3/3 1/1 (C) 1/1	Audit Committee Remuneration Committee Nomination Committee Governance Committee 董事會 審核委員會 薪酬委員會 提名委員會 Governance Committee 5/5 (C) - 1/1 - - 5/5 (C) - 1/1 - - 5/5 - - - - 5/5 - - 1/1 1/1 (C) 5/5 3/3 - 1/1 1/1 5/5 3/3 (C) 1/1 - 1/1 5/5 3/3 (C) 1/1 - 1/1 5/5 3/3 1/1 (C) 1/1 -	Board Audit Committee Remuneration Committee Nomination Committee Corporate Governance QREIS Executive Committee 5/5 (C) - 1/1 - - 7/7 (C) 5/5 (C) - 1/1 - - 7/7 (C) 5/5 (C) - 1/1 - - 7/7 5/5 - - 1/1 1/1 (C) 7/7 5/5 3/3 - 1/1 (C) 1/1 - 5/5 3/3 (C) 1/1 - 1/1 - 5/5 3/3 (C) 1/1 - 1/1 - 5/5 3/3 (C) 1/1 - - -

During the Year, the Chairman held a meeting with INEDs without the presence of Executive Directors in compliance with code provision C.2.7 of the CG Code.

The Company has received biannual confirmation from each Director that he/she has given sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company during the Year. Directors also disclosed to the Company the changes, if any, in the number and nature of offices they held in public companies or organizations and other significant commitment, including the identity of the public companies or organizations and an indication of the time involved.

During the Year, Mr. Wong Chi Fai acted as the Chairman of the Board who provided leadership to the Board. The day-to-day management of the Group was delegated by the Board to the CEO, Mr. Lee Yat Pui, Royce who was responsible for the Group's strategic planning, business growth and development. The segregation of duties made the Board and the operation of the Group function effectively.

The Chairman sets the agenda for the Board and ensures that members of the Board receive accurate, timely and clear information, and that matters to be taken into consideration are given their due weight, so that sound decisions can be made. With the assistance of the Company Secretary, the Chairman ensures that the Board properly exercises its powers, holds its meetings and implements procedures in compliance with all rules and requirements, and full and proper records are maintained.

If a Director has conflict of interest in a matter to be considered by the Board which the Board has determined to be material, the matter will be dealt with by a physical Board meeting rather than a written resolution. That Director will abstain from voting on the relevant Board resolution and he/she shall not be counted in the quorum present at the Board meeting.

Procedures are also put in place for each Director to have access to supporting papers and relevant information for each scheduled meeting. All Directors also have access to the services of the Company Secretary and her team, and may take independent professional advice upon request, at the Company's expense. 於本年度內,根據企業管治守則之守 則條文第C.2.7條,主席已與獨立非 執行董事舉行一次沒有執行董事出席 之會議。

本公司每半年接獲各董事的確認書, 確認其已於本年度已投入充足時間和 充分關注本公司事務。董事亦向本公 司披露彼等於公眾公司或組織中擔任 職務的數目及性質以及其他重大承擔 的變化(如有),包括公眾公司或組織 的身份以及所涉時間。

於本年度內,黃志輝先生擔任董事會 主席,領導董事會。本集團的日常管 理由董事會授權予行政總裁李一培先 生,彼負責本集團的策略規劃、業務 增長及發展。職務分工使董事會及本 集團職能有效運作。

主席為董事會制定議程,並確保董事 會成員獲取準確、及時及清晰之資料, 及充分重視將予考慮事宜,從而作出 明智決定。在公司秘書的協助下,主 席確保董事會按照所有規則及要求正 確行使權力、舉行會議及執行程序, 並保存完整及適當紀錄。

若任何董事在董事會將予考慮之事項 中存有董事會認為屬重大之利益衝突, 則該事項將以召開實體董事會會議而 非以書面決議案方式處理。該董事將 就相關董事會決議案放棄投票,且不 會計入出席該董事會會議之法定人數 內。

本公司亦制定程序,讓每位董事均可 獲取每次預定會議的說明文件及相關 資料。全體董事亦可獲得公司秘書及 其團隊的服務,並可應要求尋求獨立 專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

Induction and Training for Directors

Newly appointed Directors will receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on appointment. Besides, the Company provides Directors with regular updates on changes to and developments of the Group's business, and on the latest developments in the laws, rules and regulations relating to Directors' duties and responsibilities to help them make informed decisions and discharge their duties and responsibilities as Directors.

During the Year, each Director had participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars/workshops/reading materials on the following topics to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and provided a record of training to the Company:

董事就任須知及培訓

新委任的董事均在任命時獲得全面、 正式兼特訂的就任須知。另外,本公 司定期向董事提供本集團業務變動及 發展的最新資訊,以及與董事職務及 職責有關的法律、規則及條例的最新 發展,以協助彼等作出知情決定及履 行彼等作為董事的職務及職責。

於本年度內,各董事均已參與持續專 業發展,透過出席有關以下主題之研 討會/工作坊/閱讀材料,以發展及 更新彼等之知識及技能,並已向本公 司提供培訓記錄:

Name of Directors 董事姓名

Mr. Wong Chi Fai 黃志輝先生 Mr. Lee Yat Pui, Royce 李一培先生 Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa 范敏嫦女士 Ms. Cheng Ka Yu 鄭嘉裕女士 Mr. Mak Kam Chiu 麥錦釗先生 Mr. Niu Zhongije 牛鍾洁先生

Board Committees

To assist the Board in execution of its duties and facilitate effective management, certain functions of the Board have been delegated by the Board to the Executive Committee, the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee.

1. Executive Committee

The Executive Committee consisted of all the Executive Directors during the Year, namely Mr. Wong Chi Fai (Chairman of the Committee), Mr. Lee Yat Pui, Royce and Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa. It has all powers and authorities of the Board except the following major matters as set out in a "Formal Schedule on matters reserved for and delegated by the Board":

- determining the Group's objectives and strategies;
- approving annual and interim results and financial reporting;
- declaring or recommending payment of dividends or other distributions;

Topics on training covered 培訓所涵蓋課題

- (1) corporate governance 企業管治
- (2) finance 財務
- (3) industry specific 行業相關
- (4) regulatory 監管

董事委員會

為協助董事會履行其職責及促進有效 管理,董事會若干職能已由董事會委 派予執行委員會、審核委員會、薪酬 委員會、提名委員會及企業管治委員 會。

1. 執行委員會

- 於本年度,執行委員會由全體執 行董事組成,即黃志輝先生(委 員會主席)、李一培先生及范敏 嫦女士。其擁有董事會之所有權 力及授權,惟以下「需要董事會 決定及由董事會授權之事項之正 式預定計劃表」所載之主要事項 除外:
 - 釐定本集團之目標及策略;
 - 批准年度及中期業績以及 財務報告;
 - 宣派或建議派付股息或其 他分派;

- approving major changes that require notification by announcement under the Listing Rules;
- approving publication of announcements for notifiable transactions (except for discloseable transactions in relation to lease transactions recognizing the right-of-use asset according to HKFRS 16 "Leases") under the Listing Rules;
- approving non-exempt connected transactions/ non-exempt continuing connected transactions (other than those transactions took place from time to time under the master agreement(s) previously approved by the Board/Shareholders (as the case may be)) under the Listing Rules; and
- approving major capital restructuring and issue of new securities of the Company.

To advise and assist the Executive Committee on the formulation and implementation of the environment, social and governance ("**ESG**") initiatives of the Group, a sub-committee under the Executive Committee known as the ESG Committee was set up. The ESG Committee consists of representatives from operations and supporting departments and the Executive Committee. It has the powers and authorities as delegated by the Executive Committee to formulate and execute relevant ESG action plan, and assess and make recommendations on matters concerning the Group's sustainability development and ESG risks and opportunities.

2. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee consisted of three INEDs during the Year, namely Mr. Mak Kam Chiu (Chairman of the Committee), Ms. Cheng Ka Yu and Mr. Niu Zhongjie.

The major roles and functions of the Audit Committee are set out in its terms of reference which include duties specified in the CG Code and are posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

- 批准根據上市規則須以公 告形式作出通知之重大變 動;
- 批准根據上市規則刊發有 關須予公佈交易之公告(根 據香港財務報告準則第16 號「租賃」就確認使用權資 產之租賃交易相關須予披 露交易除外);
- 批准根據上市規則之非豁免 關連交易/非豁免持續關連 交易(先前已由董事會/股 東(視情況而定)批准之總 協議項下不時進行之該等 交易除外);及
- 批准本公司之重大資本重 組及發行新證券。

2. 審核委員會

於本年度,審核委員會由三名獨 立非執行董事組成,即麥錦釗先 生(委員會主席)、鄭嘉裕女士及 牛鍾洁先生。

審核委員會的主要角色及職能載 於其職權範圍,其中包括企業管 治守則所訂明的職責,並已登載 於聯交所及本公司網站。
A summary of work performed by the Audit Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- i. reviewed with the management/finance personnel and/or the independent auditor the effectiveness of audit process and the accounting policies and practices adopted by the Group, and the accuracy and fairness of the annual consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 ("**Previous Year**") and the interim consolidated financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2024;
- reviewed with the senior management and finance personnel the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group for the Previous Year;
- iii. recommended to the Board on the reappointment of independent auditor at the 2024 annual general meeting ("2024 AGM");
- reviewed the audit fees and the fees for nonaudit services payable to the independent auditor;
- v. approved the audit plan for the Year, reviewed the independence of the independent auditor and approved its engagement; and
- vi. reviewed the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting function.

3. Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee consisted of three members during the Year, namely Mr. Niu Zhongjie (Chairman of the Committee), Mr. Mak Kam Chiu, both being INEDs, and Mr. Wong Chi Fai, being an Executive Director.

The major roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are set out in its terms of reference which include duties specified in the CG Code and are posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company. 審核委員會於本年度內所履行之 工作概要載列如下:

- · 與管理層/財務人員及/或 獨立核數師審閱本集團所 採納之審核程序及會計原 則及實務之成效,以及截至 2023年12月31日止財政年 度(「上年度」)之年度綜合 財務報表及截至2024年6 月30日止六個月之中期綜 合財務報表之準確性及公 平性;
- ii. 與高級管理人員及財務人 員檢討上年度本集團風險 管理及內部監控系統之成 效;
- iii. 建議董事會於2024年股東 週年大會(「2024年股東週 年大會」)上重新委任獨立 核數師;
- iv. 審閱應付予獨立核數師的 核數費用及非核數服務費 用;
- v. 批准本年度之審核計劃、檢 討獨立核數師之獨立性及 批准其委聘;及
- vi. 審閱本集團會計、內部審核 及財務申報職能之資源、員 工資歷及經驗、培訓計劃及 預算之充足性。

薪酬委員會 於本年度,薪酬委員會由三名成員組成,即獨立非執行董事牛鍾洁先生(委員會主席)及麥錦釗先生以及執行董事黃志輝先生。

薪酬委員會的主要角色及職能載 於其職權範圍,其中包括企業管 治守則所訂明的職責,並已登載 於聯交所及本公司網站。 A summary of work performed by the Remuneration Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- i. reviewed the Directors' fees and made recommendation to the Board; and
- reviewed the current remuneration structure/ package of the Executive Directors and senior management and recommended the Board to approve their specific packages.

Before making recommendation to the Board, the Remuneration Committee has reviewed and assessed the remuneration package of the Directors with reference to the Group's operating results, duties and level of responsibility of the Directors and the prevailing market conditions. Details of the remuneration of each of the Directors for the Year are set out in note 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

4. Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee consisted of three members during the Year, namely Ms. Cheng Ka Yu (Chairperson of the Committee) and Mr. Niu Zhongjie, both being INEDs, Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa, being an Executive Director.

The major roles and functions of the Nomination Committee are set out in its terms of reference which include duties specified in the CG Code and are posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for formulating policy and making recommendations to the Board on nomination, appointment and reappointment of Directors, and Board succession pursuant to the Nomination Policy adopted by the Company.

The Nomination Policy aims at assisting the Nomination Committee in identifying and nominating suitable candidates for directorship based on the Board Diversity Policy and sets out the nomination criteria and the nomination procedures for (i) nominating new Director to fill a casual vacancy on the Board; (ii) making recommendation to Directors and Shareholders regarding any Director proposed for election or re-election at general meeting; and (iii) nomination by Shareholders on election of new Director. 薪酬委員會於本年度內所履行之 工作概要載列如下:

- i. 檢討董事袍金並向董事會 提出建議;及
- ii. 檢討執行董事及高級管理 人員之現有薪酬架構/待遇 水平,並就彼等之特定薪酬 待遇向董事會提出建議。

向董事會作出建議前,薪酬委員 會已參照本集團的經營業績、董 事的職務及職責水平以及當前 市況,檢討及評估董事的薪酬待 遇。於本年度內各董事的薪酬詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註8。

4. 提名委員會 於本年度,提名委員會由三名成員組成,即獨立非執行董事鄭嘉 裕女士(委員會主席)及牛鍾洁先生,以及執行董事范敏嫦女士。

> 提名委員會的主要角色及職能載 於其職權範圍,其中包括企業管 治守則所訂明的職責,並已登載 於聯交所及本公司網站。

> 提名委員會負責制定政策並根據 本公司採納的提名政策就董事的 提名、委任及重新委任,以及董 事會繼任向董事會提供建議。

> 提名政策旨在協助提名委員會根 據董事會多元化政策物色及提名 合適的董事候選人,並就(i)提 名新董事以填補董事會的臨時空 缺;(ii)向董事及股東提出建議 以擬於股東大會選舉或重選任何 董事;及(iii)股東就新董事的選 舉提名列明提名標準及提名程序。

The Nomination Committee may identify potential candidates from any source as it may consider appropriate and evaluate them by considering various factors, including their professional expertise, industry and business experience, time commitments, potential contributions to board diversity, material conflict of interest with the Group (if any) and independence (for INEDs). The Committee will then make recommendation of suitable candidates to the Board for consideration of appointment. In case of reappointment of existing Directors who will retire at an annual general meeting ("**AGM**"), the Committee will review the retirement of Directors and make recommendations to the Board accordingly.

A summary of the work performed by the Nomination Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- i. reviewed the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board;
- ii. reviewed the Board Diversity Policy;
- iii. reviewed the mechanisms implemented regarding independent views available to the Board;
- iv. reviewed the independence of the INEDs;
- v. reviewed Directors' time commitment in performing their duties as Directors;
- vi. made recommendation to the Board on the reelection of Directors at the 2024 AGM; and
- vii. reviewed the gender diversity target at Board level.

5. Corporate Governance Committee

The Corporate Governance Committee ("**CG Committee**") consisted of five members during the Year, namely Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa (Chairperson of the Committee), being an Executive Director, Ms. Cheng Ka Yu and Mr. Mak Kam Chiu, both being INEDs, a representative from company secretarial function and a representative from finance and accounts function. 提名委員會於本年度內所履行之 工作概要載列如下:

- . 檢討董事會之架構、人數、 組成及多元化;
- ii. 檢討董事會多元化政策;
- iii. 檢討有關董事會獲得獨立 意見所實施的機制;
- iv. 檢討獨立非執行董事之獨 立性;
- v. 檢討董事就履行彼等董事 職責所投入時間;
- vi. 就於2024年股東週年大會 上膺選連任之董事向董事 會提供建議;及
- vii. 檢討董事會層面的性別多 元化目標。
- 5. 企業管治委員會 於本年度,企業管治委員會(「企 業管治委員會」)由五名成員組 成,即執行董事范敏嫦女士(委 員會主席)、獨立非執行董事鄭 嘉裕女士及麥錦釗先生、一名公 司秘書職能代表及一名財務及會 計職能代表。

The specific written terms of reference of the CG Committee is available on the Company's website. The primary duties of the CG Committee are (i) developing and reviewing the policies and practices on corporate governance of the Company ("CG Policy") and making recommendations to the Board; (ii) reviewing and monitoring the policies and practices of the Company on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; (iii) developing, reviewing and monitoring the codes of conduct applicable to Directors and relevant employees of the Group regarding dealings in the Company's securities; (iv) reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; and (v) reviewing the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this report.

A summary of the work performed by the CG Committee during the Year is set out as follows:

- i. reviewed the CG Policy;
- ii. reviewed the policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- iii. reviewed the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- reviewed the codes of conduct applicable to Directors and relevant employees of the Group; and
- v. reviewed the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in Corporate Governance Report.

COMPANY SECRETARY

During the Year, the Company Secretary, duly complied with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules by taking no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS OF DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted Model Code as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as its own code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors. Having made specific enquiry to Directors, all of them confirmed that they had complied with the required standard of dealings as set out in Model Code throughout the Year. 於本年度內,企業管治委員會所 履行之工作概要載列如下:

- i. 檢討企業管治政策;
- ii. 檢討遵守法規及監管規定方面之政策及常規;
- iii. 檢討董事及高級管理人員 之培訓及持續專業發展;
- iv. 檢討董事及本集團相關僱 員之適用行為守則;及
- v. 檢討本公司遵守企業管治 守則之情況及於企業管治 報告之披露。

公司秘書

於本年度內,公司秘書已妥為遵守上 市規則第3.29條之規定,參加不少於 15小時之相關專業培訓。

董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載 之標準守則作為其有關董事進行證券 交易之行為守則。經向全體董事作出 特定查詢後,彼等全體確認彼等於本 年度內一直遵守標準守則所載之規定 交易準則。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT Financial Reporting

The Directors acknowledged their responsibilities to prepare the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules. The management has provided all members of the Board with monthly updates on internal consolidated financial statements which give a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the Year, the Board adopted appropriate accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgment and estimates that were prudent and reasonable and ensured the consolidated financial statements were prepared on a "going concern" basis (with supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary) and showed a true view of the state of affairs of the Group for the Year. The management provided sufficient explanation and information to the Board on the consolidated financial statements to enable it to make an informed assessment of the financial and other information put before it for approval. The independent auditor of the Company made a statement about their reporting responsibilities in the Independent Auditor's Report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

A. Goals and Objectives

Internal control is fundamental to the successful operation and day-to-day running of a business and it assists a company in achieving its business objectives. The appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems ("**Risk Control Systems**") are designed to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The key objectives of the Risk Control Systems include:

- safeguarding assets;
- ensuring completeness, accuracy and validity of financial records and reports;
- promoting adherence to policies, procedures, regulations and laws; and
- promoting effectiveness and efficiency of operations.

問責及核數 財務匯報

董事知悉彼等負責編製本集團之年度 綜合財務報表及上市規則所規定之其 他財務披露事項。管理層已每月向董 事會全體成員提供內部綜合財務報表 更新資料,以提供有關本集團之表現、 狀況及前景的公正及易於理解的評估。

於編製本年度綜合財務報表時,董事 會已採納適用之會計政策,並貫徹應 用該等政策、作出審慎及合理之判斷 及估計,並確保綜合財務報表已按「持 續經營」基準編製(於需要時作出支所 將假設或限定性條件)並真實呈列 与董事會提供有關綜合財務報表之充 份解釋及資料以使董事會就向其提 以供批准之財務及其他資料作出知情 評估。本公司之獨立核數師報告內作出 聲明。

風險管理及內部監控

A. 宗旨及目標

內部監控乃成功經營及日常業務 營運之基礎,並能協助公司達成 其業務目標。適當及有效的風險 管理及內部監控系統(「風險監控 系統」)旨在管理而非消除未能實 現業務目標的風險,並僅可就重 大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理而非 絕對保證。

風險監控系統之主要目標包括:

- 保障資產;
- 確保財務記錄及報告之完整性、準確性及有效性;
- 促進遵守政策、程序、法規 及法律;及
- 促進經營效益及效率。

Internal control policies and procedures within the Group are updated regularly with the primary objective of providing general guidance and recommendations on a basic framework of Risk Control Systems.

A review has been conducted on (i) the Group's internal control measures and procedures covering governance, operational, financial and compliance controls; and (ii) risk management functions in the principal subsidiaries of the Company for the Year.

B. Internal Control

1. Governance Control

The control structure of the Risk Control Systems is set out as follows:

The Board

- responsible for the overall Risk Control Systems and reviewing their effectiveness;
- oversee the Risk Control Systems on an ongoing basis with the assistance of the Audit Committee;
- ensure the maintenance of appropriate and effective Risk Control Systems;
- define management structure with clear lines of responsibility and limits of authority; and
- determine the nature and extent of significant risks (including the ESG risks) that the Group is willing to take in achieving the strategic objectives and formulate the Group's risk management strategies.

本集團之內部監控政策及程序定 期更新,主要目標為就風險監控 系統之基本框架提供一般指引及 意見。

於本年度內,本公司已檢討(i) 本集團之內部監控政策及程序, 涵蓋管治、營運、財務及合規監 控;及(ii)本公司主要附屬公司 之風險管理職能。

B. 內部監控

管治監控 風險監控系統的監控架構 載列如下:

董事會

- 負責整個風險監控系
 統並審閱其有效性;
- 在審核委員會協助下 持續監督風險監控系 統;
- 確保維持合適及有效的風險監控系統;
- 制定有明確責任及權 限的管理架構;及
 - 釐定本公司就達致戰 略目標所願承擔之重 大風險(包括環境、社 會及管治風險)之性質 及程度,並制定本集 團之風險管理策略。

Audit Committee

- review and discuss the Risk Control Systems with the management annually to ensure that the management has performed its duty to maintain effective Risk Control Systems. This discussion also includes the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions;
- review the nature and extent of significant risks (including ESG risks), and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment;
- consider major findings on internal control matters (if any) raised by internal or independent auditors and make recommendations to the Board; and
- review and discuss annually with significant control failings or weaknesses that are identified by the auditors.

Executive Committee

• with the assistance of the ESG Committee, review the effectiveness of ESG-related Risk Control Systems and report to the Audit Committee for its review.

The management (includes CEO, heads of business units, departments and divisions)

- design and implement the Risk Control Systems' policies and procedures duly endorsed by senior management and the Board;
- monitor the Risk Control Systems properly and ensure they are executed effectively;
- monitor risks and take measures to mitigate risks in day-to-day operations;
- give prompt responses to, and follow up the findings on internal control matters raised by internal or independent auditors;

審核委員會

- 檢討重大風險(包括環 境、社會及管治風險)
 之性質及程度,以及
 本集團應對其業務及
 外部環境變化能力;
- 考慮內部或獨立核數 師提出有關內部監控 事宜的重要發現(如有) 並向董事會提出建議; 及
- 每年檢討並討論核數
 師發現之重大監控失
 效或不足。
- 執行委員會
- 在環境、社會及管治 委員會的協助下,檢 討環境、社會及管治 相關風險監控系統之 有效性並向審核委員 會報告以供其審閱。

管理層(包括行政總裁、業 務單位、部門及分部主管)

- 設計及實行由高級管理人員及董事會正式 批准之風險監控系統 政策及程序;
- 妥為監督風險監控系統,並確保該系統得以有效執行;
- 監察風險並採取措施 降低日常營運風險;
- 對內部或獨立核數師 提出之有關內部監控 事宜之發現作出及時 回應及跟進;

- provide written confirmation to the Board on the effectiveness of the Risk Control Systems; and
- prepare organization charts to show the reporting relationships within the operation and management to establish lines of responsibilities.

Internal Audit Department

- carry out the analysis and independent appraisal of adequacy and effectiveness of the Risk Control Systems in respect of all material controls;
- alert the management on the audit review findings or irregularities, if any, and advise them on the implementation of necessary steps and actions to enhance the internal controls of the Group; and
- report results of internal audit reviews and agreed action plans to the Audit Committee and the Board on a regular basis.

2. Operational Controls

The management is responsible for analysing the control environment, identifying risks pertaining thereto, and implementing various controls therein as follows:

- i. **Approach taken**: The management communicates with relevant staff, reviews relevant documentation of the Risk Control Systems and evaluates findings of any deficiencies in the design of the Group's Risk Control Systems, then provides recommendations for improvement and assesses the effectiveness of implementation of such recommendations, where appropriate. The scope and findings of review on the Risk Control Systems will be reported to the Audit Committee annually;
- ii. **Procedure manuals and operational guidelines**: To safeguard the assets against unauthorised use or disposition and ensure maintenance of proper accounting records that are in compliance with the applicable laws, rules and regulations for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use and/or external publication;

- 就風險監控系統之有 效性向董事會作出書 面確認;及
- 編製企業架構圖,展 現營運及管理內部的 匯報關係,以建立職 責範圍。

內部審核部門

- 就有關所有重大監控 對風險監控系統之充 足性及有效性進行分 析及獨立評估;
- 向管理層提報有關檢 討結果或違規行為(如 有),及就採取必要步 驟及行動向彼等提供 意見,以加強本集團 內部監控;及
- 定期向審核委員會及 董事會匯報內部審核 檢討之結果及協定執 行之計劃。
- 營運監控 管理層負責分析監控環境、 識別其相關風險,並實施以 下多項監控:

 - ii. 程序手冊及運作指引: 保障資產,以免未經 授權使用或處置,並 確保遵守適用法律、 規則及法規存置適當 會計記錄,以提供可 靠財務資料供內部使 用及/或對外刊發;

- iii. Management information system and technology: To control over the business activities, it allows close tracking of various inputs and outputs of the Group's business such as products and customer relationship and human resources. It also tracks audit trails in the authorisation system, under which permissions and responsibility of authorisation are clearly identified and adequate records can be maintained in the Risk Control Systems;
- iv. **Reports and variance analysis**: Reports and analysis of each segment are conducted on regular basis;
- v. **Safeguarding of assets**: Regular physical count of petty cash and fixed assets with reconciliation to ledgers are performed by Finance and Accounts Department; and
- vi. **Service quality control**: Regular review on digital platforms of business segments to ensure the service quality.

3. Financial Controls

- i. **Policies, procedures and systems** are in place to ensure proper accounting records are maintained which provide complete, accurate and timely accounting and management information;
- Financial budget and forecast of the Group are prepared and reviewed regularly to ensure any action can be taken to mitigate any changes in conditions and market accordingly;
- iii. Financial management reports are provided to all Directors and senior management which give a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, financial position and prospects in sufficient details;

- iii. 管理資訊系統及技術: 控制業務活動,允許 密切追瑜不集團輸出 之各項及資源。以及人力資源。以及人力資源。以及人力資源。 授權系的人及 授權、 將 代 務 記 段 院 記 段 記 録 ;
- iv. 報告及差異分析:定 期對各分部進行有關 報告及分析;
- V. 保障資產:財務及會計部門對備用現金及固定資產進行定期實物盤點,並與分類賬進行對賬;及
- vi. 服務品質控制:定期 審閱業務分部的數碼 平台以保證服務品質。

3. 財務監控

- 制定政策、程序及系
 統,確保保存適當的 會計記錄,以提供全 面、準確和及時的會 計及管理資料;
- ii. 定期編製及審閱本集 團之財務預算及預測, 以確保可採取任何行 動以相應地應對狀況 及市場的任何變化;
- 向全體董事及高級管理人員提供財務管理報告,以提供具有充足詳情之本集團表現、財務狀況及前景的持平及易於理解的評估;

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- iv. Operational reports on revenue, debtors' ageing and internal financial analysis are prepared to the management which give a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's operation performance;
- v. **Available fund report and cash flow forecast** are reviewed to monitor the cash flows of the Group; and
- vi. **Annual audit by independent auditor** is carried out to ensure that the consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the Group's accounting policies and the applicable laws and regulations.

4. Compliance Controls

The following policies and procedures are in place to safeguard the compliance controls:

- i. Policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements which shall be reviewed and monitored regularly by the CG Committee as delegated by the Board in order to ensure that the Group is in compliance with all the applicable laws, statutes, rules and regulations and keep up on any legal developments;
- ii. Systems and procedures on disclosure of inside information to ensure, with the assistance of an internal work team (if required), that any material information which comes to the knowledge of any one or more officers should be promptly identified, assessed and escalated, where appropriate, for the attention of the Board. The Board shall make timely decisions on disclosure, if necessary, and take appropriate measures to preserve confidentiality of inside information until proper dissemination of inside information;

- iv. 為管理層編製收入、 應收款賬齡及內部財 務分析的營運報告, 對本集團營運表現給 予持平及易於理解的 評估;
- v. 審閱可用資金報告及 現金流量預測,以監 控本集團的現金流量; 及
- vi. 獨立核數師進行年度 審核,以確保綜合財 務報表根據公認會計 準則、本集團的會計 政策及適用法律及法 規編製。
- 4. 合規監控 設有以下政策及程序以保 障合規監控:
 - 有關遵守法律及監管
 規定之政策與常規會
 由董事會委派之企業
 管治委員會定期檢討
 及監察,以確保本集
 團遵守所有適用法律、
 法規、規則及規例,並
 緊貼任何法律發展;

- iii. Continuing connected transactions Compliance Committee is established to monitor, control and regularly review connected transactions and continuing connected transactions of the Group and ensure proper compliance with all relevant laws and regulations, the Listing Rules and disclosure requirements;
- iv. Whistle-blowing policy is established to provide reporting channels and guidance for employees and related third parties who have business dealings with the Group (e.g. customers and suppliers) to raise concerns, in confidence and anonymity, about any suspected misconduct or malpractice within the Group. The Audit Committee, delegated by the Board, shall ensure that proper arrangements are in place for fair and independent investigation of any concerns raised, appropriate follow-up actions are taken and other recommendations are provided, if thinks fit;
- v. Anti-corruption policy is established to outline the Group's zero-tolerance stance against bribery and corruption and assists employees in recognising circumstances that may lead to or give the appearance of being involved in corruption or unethical business conduct, so as to avoid such conduct which is clearly prohibited, and to promptly seek guidance where necessary or report any reasonably suspected case of corruption or any attempts thereof, to the management through an appropriate reporting channel; and
- vi. Anti-money laundering and counterterrorist financing policy and procedures is established to set out the general framework for combating crime against money laundering and financing of terrorism. It provides guideline to combat money laundering and terrorist and help the Group's employees identify and assess clients/ customers/suppliers/vendors/contractors/ transactions/activities of high risk of money laundering, terrorist financing or other financial crime and take appropriate measures and actions.

- iii. 設立持續關連交易合 規委員會以監察、監 控及定期檢討本集團 之關連交易及持續關 連交易,並確保妥為 遵守一切相關法律及 法規、上市規則及披 露規定;
- N. 制定反貪害政策
 (方政策)
 (方政策)
 (方政策)
 (方成)
 (方成)</l

Review of Internal Controls

Effectiveness of internal controls is tested by Internal Audit Department regularly. Internal audit reviews and agreed action plans are reported to the Audit Committee and the Board on timely basis.

C. Risk Management

1. Risk Management Process

The risk management process includes risk identification, risk analysis, risk evaluation, risk management measures and risk control and review.

The management is entrusted with duties to identify, analyse, evaluate, respond, monitor and communicate risks associated with any activity, function or process within its scope of responsibility and authority. Risks are evaluated by the Board and management based on (i) the severity of the impact of the risk on the Group's financial results; (ii) the probability and frequency that the risks will occur; and (iii) the velocity or speed at which risks can occur.

Based on the risk evaluation, the Company will manage the risk as follows:

- **Risk elimination** the management may identify and implement certain changes or controls that in effect eliminate the risk entirely.
- Risk mitigation the management may implement risk mitigation plan designed to reduce the likelihood, velocity or severity of the risk to an acceptable level or contingency plan for possible loss scenarios.
- Risk control and monitoring it involves making decisions regarding which risks are acceptable and how to address those that are not. Accidents and other situations involving loss or near-loss will be investigated and properly documented as part of the effort to manage risks.

檢討內部監控

由內部審核部門定期測試內部監 控的有效性,並適時向審核委員 會及董事會匯報內部審核檢討及 經協定之行動計劃。

C. 風險管理

1. **風險管理程序** 風險管理程序包括風險識

別、風險分析、風險評估、 風險管理措施以及風險監 控及檢討。

管理層獲委派於其責任及 權力範圍內識別、分析、評 估、應對、監察及傳達與任 何活動、職務或程序有關風 險。董事會及管理層根據(i) 風險對本集團財務業績造 成之影響嚴重性;(ii)風險 發生之概率及頻率;及(iii) 風險進行評估。

根據風險評估,本公司將按 以下方式管理風險:

- 風險消除 管理層可 識別及實施若干變動 或監控,以完全消除 風險。
- 減低風險水平 管理 層可實施風險緩解計 劃,旨在使風險之可 能性、速度或嚴重性 降低降至可接受水平, 或就潛在虧損情境制 定應變方案。
- 風險監控及監察 涉及對哪種風險屬可接受及如何應對不可接受之風險作出決定。
 而作為管理風險之一部分,對涉及造成或分,對涉及造成或投進。
 大或接近損失之事故及其他情況將進行調查並妥為存檔。

 Risk retention — the management may decide that the risk rating is low enough that the risk is acceptable level and no action is required and the risk will continue to be monitored as part of the risk management program to ensure the level of risk does not increase to an unacceptable level.

2. Significant Risks and Strategies

Certain significant risks have been identified through the process of risk identification and assessment. Such significant risks of the Group and their respective key strategies/control measures are set out below:

i. Strong competition and competitive market environment in digital advertising business

- Periodically review and adjust the business strategic plans to cope with the competition.
- Investment on the Group's media brand awareness to differentiate from other competitors.

ii. Heavy reliance on third-party social media platforms for distribution of contents

- Monitor the updates of third-party social media platform policy.
- Maintain a well-developed platform team to adapt any changes of third-party social media platform policy.
- Monitor and adapt the audience preference, expand or diversify the Group's digital distribution channels.

 維持風險水平 - 管理 層可確定基於風險與 級屬於足夠低而風險 屬可接受水平而毋須 採取任何措施以及作 為風險管理計劃的一 部分,將繼續監察風 險以確保風險不會上 升至不可接受水平。

2. 重大風險及策略 本集團已透過風險識別及 評估程序識別若干重大風 險。本集團所面臨的該等重 大風險以及其相關之主要 策略/控制措施載列如下:

- 數碼廣告業務的競爭 激烈及充滿競爭的市 場環境
 - 定期檢討及調整 業務策略計劃以 應對競爭。
 - 投資本集團的媒 體品牌知名度, 以從其他競爭對 手中脫穎而出。

ii. 對第三方社交媒體平 台發佈內容的高度依 賴

- 監察第三方社交 媒體平台政策的 更新。
- 維持完善的平台 團隊,以適應第 三方社交媒體平 台政策的任何變 動。
- 監察及迎合受眾 喜好,擴充或多 元化本集團數碼 發佈渠道。

iii. The contents may expose the Group to potential liabilities, damages to brand names and reputation

- Before any publication of contents or advertisement on the Group's media platforms, there is a set of internal control for reviewing and checking the compliance of all regulatory requirements and quality of our publications.
- Stay alert to public information in different media, in particular to that involving the brand and reputation of the Group's media brands.
- When aware of any adverse publicities or rumours, the Group's Communications Department follows up and makes clarification or disclaimer to the public quickly. If the case is serious, legal action may be taken.

iv. IT systems/programming errors or other defects disrupting business operations and cyber security risk

- The Company's IT infrastructure is regularly scanned and patched and make sure the maintenance support is in place.
- Regular backups of data for recovery.
- Access rights to the Group's systems are strictly controlled and regularly reviewed.
- Trainings of proper use of the systems are provided to staff regularly.
- Risky external IP addresses are blocked.

iii. 內容可能使本集團面 臨潛在責任、品牌名 稱和聲譽受損

- 於本集團的媒體
 平台上發佈任何
 內容或廣告前,
 一套內部監控
 制定以檢告討
 制定以檢監管
 動合規性以及
 版物的質量。
- 留意不同媒體的 公開資訊,特別 是涉及本集團媒 體品牌及其聲譽 的資訊。
- iv. 干擾業務營運的資訊 科技系統/程式設計 錯誤或其他缺失以及 網絡安全風險
 - 本公司會定期掃
 描資訊科技基礎
 設施並修補漏洞
 確保提供維修支援。
 - 定期備份數據,
 以進行恢復。
 - 本集團嚴格控制 及定期檢討其系 統的訪問權限。
 - 定期向員工提供 正確使用系統的 培訓。
 - 具風險的外部IP 地址會遭阻截。

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- Emails are filtered for spam and malware and trainings about dangerous email attachments are provided.
- Specialized ransomware/virus detection software is installed in all computers.

v. People retention and talent acquisition

- Ensure competitiveness of the compensation policy with supervision by the Remuneration Committee.
- Forster the "Continuous Improvement" corporate culture.
- Develop and implement staff development and learning programs.
- Clear line of sight on career ladder.
- Maintain regular dialogues with staff on personal goals for career advancement.
- Develop and implement staff recognition and work-life balance programmes.

D. Management Confirmation

The Board acknowledged that it had received a confirmation from the management on the effectiveness of the Risk Control Systems of the Group for the Year. The Audit Committee and the Board, upon reviewing the Risk Control Systems, were not aware of any significant issues that would have an adverse impact on the effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's operational, financial and compliance areas of the Risk Control Systems.

- 電子郵件會過濾
 垃圾郵件及惡意
 軟件,並提供危
 險郵件附件相關
 培訓。
- 在所有電腦上安 裝特定勒索軟件/病毒檢測軟件。

v. 人員挽留及人才引進

- 在薪酬委員會的 監督下確保薪酬 政策的競爭力。
- 培養「持續改善」 的企業文化。
- 制定並實施員工
 發展和學習計劃。
- 有清晰可見的職業階梯。
- 與員工就職業發展的個人目標保持定期對話。
- 制定及實施員工 表彰及工作與生 活平衡計劃。

D. 管理層確認

董事會確認已接獲管理層於本年 度就本集團之風險監控系統成效 之確認書。審核委員會及董事會 經檢討風險監控系統後,並不知 悉任何將對本集團風險監控系統 在經營、財務及合規方面之成效 及充足性產生不利影響之重大事 宜。

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company had adopted a dividend policy setting out the principles for the Board to determine appropriate amount of dividend to be distributed to the Shareholders. The Company intends to provide the Shareholders with regular interim and final dividends (as the case may be) based on the earnings attributable to its Shareholders after taking into consideration of the factors as stated in the policy, including, inter alia, (i) cash flow requirements for business operations; (ii) cash available, financial liabilities and capital commitment; (iii) market environment and challenges; and (iv) future development and investment opportunities. The declaration of dividends or recommendation on such payment shall be subject to all applicable laws, rules and regulations including but not limited to the Listing Rules, the applicable laws of Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company's Shareholders' Communication Policy (available on the website of the Company) sets out the strategies, practices and commitment for maintaining ongoing and effective communication with the Shareholders, both individual and institutional, and in appropriate circumstances, the investment community at large so as to enable them to engage with the Company and exercise their rights as Shareholders in an informed manner. To this end, the Company strives to ensure that all Shareholders ready and timely access to all publicly available information of the Group. To facilitate communication with Shareholders and the investment community, the Company has established various communication channels, as follows: (i) the holding of AGMs and extraordinary general meetings ("EGM"), if any, which may be convened for specific purposes to provide opportunities for the Shareholders to communicate directly with the Board; (ii) the publication of announcements, annual reports, interim reports and/ or circulars as required under the Listing Rules and press releases providing updated information of the Group; (iii) the availability of latest information of the Group on the Company's website at https://www.NewMediaLab.com.hk; (iv) the holding of press conference(s) from time to time; and (v) meeting with investors and analysts when necessary.

股息政策

本公司已採納一項股息政策,訂明董 事會釐定將派發予股東之適當股息金 額之原則。本公司擬根據其股東應佔 之盈利,向股東派付定期中期及末期 股息(視情況而定),當中已考慮該政 策所載因素(其中包括)(i)業務營運良 環金流量要求;(ii)可用現金、金融負 債和資本承諾;(iii)市場環境和挑戰; 及(iv)未來的發展和投資機會。這派 股息或就此派付之建議須遵守所有適 用法律、規則及規例,包括但不限組 章程細則。

與股東之溝通

本公司的股東傳訊政策(可於本公司 網站查閱)規定與股東(個人及機構) 以及在適當情況下與廣大投資業界 保持持續有效溝通的策略、實務及承 諾,以使彼等與本公司保持溝通聯 繫,並在知情情況下行使彼等作為 股東的權利。為此,本公司致力確保 全體股東可隨時及及時取得本集團 所有公開資料。為促進與股東及投 資界的溝通,本公司已建立以下多 個溝通渠道:(i)舉行股東週年大會 及可能就特定目的召開之股東特別 大會(「**股東特別大會**」)(如有),藉 以提供機會讓股東直接與董事會溝 通;(ii)根據上市規則之規定刊發公 告、年報、中期報告及/或通函及提 供本集團最新資料之新聞稿;(iii)發 放本集團之最新資料於本公司網站 https://www.NewMediaLab.com.hk; (iv)不時舉行記者招待會;及(v)於必 要時與投資者及分析員會面。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

General presentations are made when financial results are announced and dialogue with institutional Shareholders is made from time to time. Shareholders and investors are welcome to visit the Company's website and to raise enquiries through our Investor Relations Department whose contact details are available on the Company's website and the "Corporate Information and Key Dates" section of this annual report.

The Chairman of the Board and the chairmen/members of the Board Committees, appropriate management executives and the independent auditor (as the case may be) are available to attend the general meetings to answer questions from the Shareholders.

The Company shall review the Shareholders' Communication Policy annually to ensure its implementation and effectiveness. Having considered the multiple channels of communication and engagement in place, the Board is satisfied that the Shareholders' Communication Policy was properly in place during the Year and remains effective.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Set out below is a summary of certain rights of the Shareholders as required to be disclosed pursuant to the CG Code:

Right to Convene/Call General Meetings

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, one or more Shareholders holding at the date of the deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, on a one vote per share basis, shall have the right to submit a written requisition for attention of the Board or the Company Secretary, requiring an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more requisitionists.

If the Directors do not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of such requisition proceed duly to convene an EGM for a day not more than 2 months after the date of deposit of such requisition, the requisitionist(s) may convene a physical meeting at only one location which will be the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company. 本公司於公佈財務業績時舉行全面發 佈會,並不時與機構股東定期對話。 歡迎股東及投資者瀏覽本公司網站及 透過投資者關係部門查詢,該部門之 聯絡詳情可於本公司網站及本年報「公 司資料及重要日期」一節查閱。

董事會主席及董事委員會主席/成員、 適當的行政管理人員及獨立核數師(視 情況而定)均會出席股東大會,以回 答股東提問。

本公司應每年檢討股東傳訊政策以確 保其實施及成效。經考慮現有多種溝 通及參與渠道,董事會信納股東傳訊 政策於本年度內已適當實施,且屬有 效。

股東之權利

根據企業管治守則須予披露之若干股 東權利之摘要如下:

召集/召開股東大會之權利

根據組織章程細則,於請求遞呈日期 持有不低於十分之一的有權在本公司 股東大會上表決(按一股一票基準)之 繳足股本的一名或多名股東,有權向 董事會或公司秘書提呈書面請求,要 求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處理 該請求可包含數份同樣格式的文件, 每份由一名或多於一名呈請人簽署。

如董事在請求遞呈日期起計21日內, 未有在請求遞呈日期後兩個月內妥為 安排召開股東特別大會,則該等呈請 人僅可於一個地點(將為本公司之香 港主要營業地點)召開實體會議,而 該等呈請人因董事會未能召開大會而 產生的所有合理開支將由本公司向該 等呈請人作出償付。

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There are no provisions in the Articles of Association or the Cayman Companies Act for the Shareholders to move new resolutions at general meetings. Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene an EGM in accordance with the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

Proposing a Person for Election as a Director

The procedures for the Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director are available for viewing on the Company's website.

Enquires from Shareholders

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar. Other Shareholders' enquiries can be directed to the Investor Relations Department of the Company.

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There were no significant changes in the Company's constitutional documents during the Year.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE AND REMUNERATION

The Audit Committee is mandated to review and monitor the independence of the auditor to ensure objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with applicable standards. Members of the Audit Committee were of the view that Ernst & Young ("**EY**") is independent and had recommended the Board to propose its re-appointment as the Company's independent auditor at the 2025 AGM. During the Year, EY had rendered audit services and nonaudit services to the Group and the remuneration paid/ payable to it by the Group is set out as follows:

於股東大會上提出建議之權利

組織章程細則或開曼群島公司法並無 有關股東於股東大會動議新決議案的 條文。有意動議決議案的股東可根據 上一段所載程序要求本公司召開股東 特別大會。

提名他人參選董事

股東提名他人參選董事之程序可於本 公司網站查閱。

股東查詢

股東可向本公司之香港股份過戶登記 分處查詢彼等之持股情況。股東之其 他查詢可向本公司投資者關係部門作 出。

組織章程文件

於本年度內,本公司組織章程文件並 無重大變動。

核數師之獨立性及酬金

審核委員會獲授權根據適用之準則審 閱及監督核數師之獨立性,以確保綜 合財務報表審計過程之客觀性及有效 性。審核委員會成員認為,安永會計 師事務所(「**安永**」)屬獨立人士並已建 講董事會於2025年股東週年大會上 提呈重新委任其為本公司之獨立核數 師。於本年度內,安永曾向本集團 巴付/應付予彼之酬金載列如下:

Service rendered 所提供服務	Fees paid/payable 已付/應付費用 HK\$'000 千港元
Audit services 核數服務	1,431
权数版码 Non-audit services 非核數服務	Nil 無





To the shareholders of New Media Lab Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of New Media Lab Limited (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (the "**Group**") set out on pages 62 to 155, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "**Code**"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致新傳企劃有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審計列載於第62頁至第155頁 的新傳企劃有限公司(「貴公司」)及其 附屬公司(「貴集團」)的綜合財務報 表,此綜合財務報表包括於2024年 12月31日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該 日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合全面收 益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流 量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括 重大會計政策資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據 香港會計師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」) 頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》(「**香港** 財務報告準則」)真實而公允地反映 了 貴集團於2024年12月31日的綜 合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合 財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照 香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見基準

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香 港審計準則》(「**香港審計準則**」)進行 審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任 已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務 報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡 述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專 業會計師道德守則》(「**守則**」),我們 獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的 其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們 所獲得之審核憑證是充足和適當地為 我們的意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是我們專業判斷中對我 們本次審計本期綜合財務報表影響最 大的事項。該等事宜已於我們審核綜 合財務報表整體時作出回應,亦已表 達我們對此事的意見,我們不會就該 等事宜提供獨立意見。我們對下述每 一事項在審計中是如何應對的描述也 以此為背景。

我們已經履行了本報告「核數師就審 計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分闡 述的責任,包括與這些關鍵審計事項 相關的責任。因此,我們的審計包括 執行程序以回應我們對綜合財務報表 出現重大錯誤陳述風險的評估。我們 審核程序的結果,包括處理下文事項 的程序,為我們對隨附綜合財務報表 的審核意見提供基礎。

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何解決關鍵審核事項

Loss allowance for expected credit losses on trade receivables 貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had trade receivables amounting to approximately HK\$56.0 million, representing approximately 20% of its total assets.

於2024年12月31日,貴集團的貿易應收款項約為56,000,000港元,佔其總資產約20%。

We evaluated the Group's assessment and determination of the loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables. The key procedures we performed in evaluating the methodology, assumptions, judgements and/or estimates used in the assessment and determination included, inter alia, the following:

我們已估計 貴集團對貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損之 虧損撥備的評估及釐定。我們於估計評估及釐定所用 方法、假設、判斷及/或估計時採取的關鍵程序包括 (其中包括)以下各項:

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何解決關鍵審核事項

Loss allowance for expected credit losses on trade receivables (continued) 貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備(續)

Significant management judgements, estimates and assumptions are required for assessing the loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on trade receivables. The Group uses a provision matrix, or other applicable approaches, to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. Generally, the provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical loss experience, supplemented/substituted by relevant external data, as appropriate. The Group calibrates the matrix to adjust the historical loss experience/relevant external information with current and forwardlooking information. At each reporting date, the historical loss experience/ relevant external information are updated and changes in forward-looking estimates are analysed.

於評估貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損(「**預期信貸** 虧損」)之虧損撥備時,管理層須作出重大判斷、 估計及假設。 貴集團採用撥備矩陣或其他適用 方法計算貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損。一般 而言,撥備矩陣最初以 貴集團歷史虧損經驗 為基礎,酌情以相關外部數據作補充/替代。 貴 集團校準矩陣,以就當前及前瞻性資料調整歷 史信貸虧損經驗/相關外部資料。於各報告日 期,歷史虧損經驗/相關外部資料已更新並分 析前瞻性估計的變動。 we obtained an understanding of the Group's key process and procedures for the assessment and determination of the loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables, as well as certain key factors that affected the underlying assumptions and estimates, including, inter alia, the Group's historical loss experience/relevant external information, and the current and forecast economic conditions considered; 我們了解了 貴集團評估及釐定貿易應收款項 預期信貸虧損撥備的關鍵過程及程序,以及影 響相關假設及估計的若干關鍵因素,包括(其中

包括)貴集團的歷史虧損經驗/相關外部資料,

以及所考慮的常前及預測經濟狀況;

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

關鍵審核事項(續)

Key audit matter 關鍵審核事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何解決關鍵審核事項

Loss allowance for expected credit losses on trade receivables (continued) 貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備(續)

For the year under review, the loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables of the Group has been determined by management with the assistance from an independent professionally qualified valuer (the "**external valuer**").

於回顧年度內, 貴集團貿易應收款項預期信貸 虧損之虧損撥備由管理層在獨立專業合資格估 值師(「**外部估值師**」)的協助下釐定。

We identified the assessment of the loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables of the Group as a key audit matter due to the magnitude of the balance involved and the significant management judgements and estimates required in determining the loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables. 由於相關結餘的規模以及於釐定貿易應收款項 預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備時需要重大管理層判 斷及估計,我們將 貴集團貿易應收款項預期 信貸虧損之虧損撥備確定為關鍵審核事項。

The related disclosures about significant accounting judgements and estimates and the information about the loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables are included in notes 3 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

重大會計判斷及估計的相關披露以及貿易應收 款項預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備的相關資料分別 載於綜合財務報表附註3及16。

- we assessed certain key assumptions, judgements and/or estimates made in the Group's assessment; 我們評估了 貴集團評估中所作的若干關鍵假 設、判斷及/或估計;
- we evaluated the objectivity, capabilities and competence of the external valuer engaged by the Group; 我們評估了 貴集團委聘的外部估值師的客觀 性、能力及勝任性;
- we involved our internal specialists to assist us in evaluating the methodologies/models and data used, and certain key assumptions, judgements and/or estimates made in the assessment and determination of the loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables; and

我們內部專家協助我們估計評估及釐定貿易應 收款項預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備所用方法、模型 及數據以及所作出若干關鍵假設、判斷及/或 估計;及

we tested, on a sample basis, the underlying ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables by checking the Group's supporting information and the arithmetic accuracy of the calculation of the loss allowance for ECLs on trade receivables. 我們透過檢查 貴集團的支援資料,抽樣測試 了 貴集團貿易應收款項的相關賬齡分析,以及 計算貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損之虧損撥備的 算術準確性。

OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

年報內的其他資料

貴公司董事負責提供其他資料。其他 信息包括刊載於年度報告內的信息, 但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數 師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋 其他資料,亦不就此作出任何形式之 保證結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責 任為閱讀其他資料,並在進行審核時, 考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表出 現重大不一致,或我們於審核時獲得 的知識有否出現重大錯誤陳述。倘根 據我們所做的工作,我們得出結論認 為,此其他資料存在重大失實陳述, 那麼我們就必須報告這一事實。我們 在此方面沒有什麼可報告的。

董事於綜合財務報表之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公 會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港《公 司條例》的披露規定編製綜合財務報 表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公 平的反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財 務報表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合 財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致的重大錯誤陳述。

在擬備綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董 事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力, 並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關 的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴集 團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際 的替代方案。

審核委員會協助 貴公司董事履行職 責,監督 貴集團的財務報告過程。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任

我們的目標是對綜合財務報表整體是 否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重 大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包 括我們意見的核數師報告。我們的報 告僅為全體股東編制,而並不可作其 他用途。我們概不就本報告之內容, 對任何其他人士負責或承擔責任。

合理保證屬高水平之保證,但並非保 證根據香港審計準則進行之審計在有 重大錯誤陳述時總會發現有關情況。 欺詐或錯誤可產生錯誤陳述,而個別 或整體上可合理預期有關錯誤陳述影 響用戶根據該等綜合財務報表所作出 之經濟決定,則有關錯誤陳述被視為 重大。

作為根據香港審計準則進行審核之一 部份,我們在審核過程中行使專業判 斷及保持專業懷疑精神。我們還:

- > 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導 致綜合財務報表存有重大錯誤陳 述的風險,設計以及執行相應風 險之審核程序,並取得充分及適 當之審核憑。由於欺詐可能涉及串 通、偽造、故意遺漏、虛假陳述 或凌駕內部控制,因此沒有查出 欺詐所導致的重大錯誤陳述的風 險高於錯誤所導致的重大錯誤陳 述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以 設計適當的審計程序,但目的並 非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性 發表意見。
- 評估所採用會計政策的合適性及 董事所作出會計估計及相關披露 的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的 恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的 審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項 或有關的重大不確定性,從 而可能導致對 貴集團的持續認 當能力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認 為存在重大不確定性財務報表的 相關披露,或倘有關披露。他我們的 結論乃基於截至核數師報告日期 止所取得之審核憑證。然而,末 來事件或情況可能令 貴集團不 再持續經營。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈列、 架構及內容,包括披露,以及綜 合財務報表是否以達致公平呈列 的方式呈列相關交易及事件。
- 規劃及執行集團審核,以取得有 關 貴集團實體或業務單位財務 資料的充分適當的審核憑證,作 為就綜合財務報表發表意見的基 礎。我們負責指導、監督及審閱 為集團審核目的而執行的審核工 作。我們仍然只對我們審計意見 負責。

我們與審核委員會就審計的規劃範圍、 時間及重大審計結果等事宜進行溝通, 包括我們在審核過程中所識別的任何 重大內部監控不足。

我們亦向審核委員會作出聲明,表示 我們已遵守有關獨立性的相關道德規 定,以及傳達所有可能合理視作影響 我們的獨立性的關係及其他事宜,以 及消除所應用威脅或保障措施的行動。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Yat Fai, Peter.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任*(續)*

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們 決定哪些事項對本期間審核綜合財務 報表最為重要、因而構成關鍵審核事 項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事 項,除非法律或法規不允許公開披露 這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下, 如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事 項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利 益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事 項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合 夥人是陳日輝。

Ernst & Young

Certified Public Accountants 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

27 March 2025

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 香港鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓

2025年3月27日

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 综合損益表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

			2024	2023
		Notes	НК\$'000	HK\$'000
		BIJĪ	千港元	千港元
REVENUE	收益	5	207,227	220,885
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益	5	6,543	4,430
Employee benefit expense	僱員福利開支		(103,428)	(100,901)
Production costs	製作成本		(53,773)	(54,909)
Printing costs	印刷成本		(2,598)	(2,829)
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷		(15,173)	(16,966)
Reversal of impairment of	貿易應收款項減值撥回			
trade receivables			1,234	1,186
Other expenses, net	其他費用淨額		(22,891)	(28,260)
Finance costs	融資成本	7	(2,742)	(3,766)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	除税前溢利	6	14,399	18,870
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	10	(908)	(4,345)
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利		13,491	14,525
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:			
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人		13,491	14,525
EARNINGS PER SHARE	母公司普通股權益擁有人			
ATTRIBUTABLE TO	應佔每股盈利			
ORDINARY EQUITY				
HOLDERS OF THE PARENT		12		
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄		HK2.2 cents 港仙	HK2.8 cents 港仙

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

綜合全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
	在去浴到		
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利	13,491	14,525
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE	其他全面收益/(虧損)		
INCOME/(LOSS)			
Other comprehensive income/	其後期間可能重新分類至		
(loss) that may be reclassified	損益的其他全面		
to profit or loss in subsequent	收益/(虧損):		
periods:			
Exchange differences on	换算海外業務的匯兌差額		
translation of foreign			
operations		(160)	79
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE	年內全面收益總額		
INCOME FOR THE YEAR		13,331	14,604
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:		
Owners of the parent	母公司擁有人	13,331	14,604

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 綜合財務狀況表

31 December 2024 2024年12月31日

			2024	2023
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	13	16,051	19,841
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	14	42,179	52,086
Intangible assets	無形資產	15	1,578	256
Deposit Deferred tax assets	按金 遞延稅項資產	17 22	3,074 1,758	2,983 665
		22		
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		64,640	75,831
CURRENT ASSETS		4.0		~~~~~
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項 四日期原	16	55,967	62,663
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他 應收款項	17	4,236	4,243
Tax recoverable	可收回稅項	17	2,067	4,243
Pledged bank deposit	已抵押銀行存款	18	800	800
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	18	149,997	142,738
Total current assets	流動資產總值		213,067	212,736
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債			
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	19	4,576	6,398
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	20	24,488	20,296
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	9,426	9,412
Tax payables	應付稅項		170	99
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		38,660	36,205
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		174,407	176,531
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT	[,] 總資產減流動負債			
LIABILITIES			239,047	252,362
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	非流動負債			
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	14	35,648	45,074
Provision	撥備	21	6,557	6,557
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		42,205	51,631
Net assets	資產淨值		196,842	200,731
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the parent	母公司擁有人應佔權益			
Issued capital	已發行股本	23	6,000	6,000
Reserves	儲備	25	190,842	194,731
Total equity	權益總額		196,842	200,731

Lee Yat Pui, Royce 李一培 *Executive Director* 執行董事 Fan Man Seung, Vanessa 范敏嫦 Executive Director 執行董事

綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

				Att	tributable to ow 母公司擁	rners of the p 有人應佔	arent	
			lssued capital 已發行股本	Share premium 股份溢價	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兌波動儲備	Other reserves 其他儲備	Accumulated losses 累計虧損	Total equity 權益總額
		Notes 附註	□頭11版本 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (note 23) (附註23)	∞⒄渔慎 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	匯兒 叔 動馏痈 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	兵他儲備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i> (note 25) (附註25)	※可動資 HK\$'000 千港元	^{催血滤破} HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:	於2023年1月1日 年內溢利 年內其他全面收益:		-	-	48 -	93,407 -	(21,957) 14,525	71,498 14,525
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務的匯兌 差額				79			79
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額		_	-	79	-	14,525	14,604
Capitalisation issue Issue of shares pursuant to a share offe	資本化發行 r 根據股份發售發行股份	23(b) 23(c)	4,500 1,500	(4,500) 136,500	-	-	-	- 138,000
Share issue expenses Interim dividend	股份發行開支 中期股息	11	-	(13,371) -	-	-	- (10,000)	(13,371) (10,000)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日		6,000	118,629*	127*	93,407*	(17,432)*	200,731

			Attributable to owners of the parent 母公司擁有人應佔					
			lssued capital 已發行股本	Share premium 股份溢價	Exchange fluctuation reserve 匯兑波動儲備	Other reserves 其他儲備	Accumulated Iosses 累計虧損	Total equity 權益總額
		Note 附註	HK\$'000 千港元 (note 23) (附註23)	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元 (note 25) (附註25)	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2024 Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	於2024年1月1日 年內溢利 年內其他全面虧損: 換算海外業務的匯兌 差額		6,000 - -	118,629 - -	127 - (160)	93,407 - -	(17,432) 13,491 -	200,731 13,491 (160)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year Final 2023 dividend Interim 2024 dividend	年內全面收益/(虧損) 總額 2023年末期股息 2024年中期股息	11 11	-		(160) - -	- - -	13,491 (7,200) (10,020)	13,331 (7,200) (10,020)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日		6,000	118,629*	(33)*	93,407*	(21,161)*	196,842

* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated * reserves of HK\$190,842,000 (2023: HK\$194,731,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

該等儲備賬目包括於綜合財務狀況 表內的綜合儲備約190,842,000港 元(2023年:194,731,000港元)。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所得現金流量			
Profit before tax Adjustments for:	除税前溢利 就以下各項調整:		14,399	18,870
Finance costs	融資成本	7	2,742	3,766
Interest income Depreciation of property,	利息收入 物業、廠房及設備折舊	5	(5,384)	(3,121)
plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use	使用權資產折舊	6	4,677	4,356
assets Amortisation of intangible	無形資產攤銷	6	9,976	12,270
assets		6	520	340
Write-off of items of property, plant and equipment Reversal of impairment of	撇銷物業、廠房及 設備項目 貿易應收款項減值撥回,	6	15	-
trade receivables, net	算勿虑收 然 項 赋 值 波 回 " 淨 額	6	(1,234)	(1,186)
		-	25,711	35,295
Decrease in trade receivables Decrease in prepayments,	貿易應收款項減少 預付款項、按金及其他應收		7,930	9,993
deposits and other receivables Increase/(decrease) in trade	; 款項減少 貿易應付款項增加/(減少)		464	4,966
payables Increase in other payables and	其他應付款項及應計費用		(1,822)	291
accruals	增加		4,461	1,583
Cash generated from operations	經營產生之現金		36,744	52,128
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得稅		(1,705)	(10,289)
Net cash flows from operating	經營活動所得現金流量			
activities	淨額		35,039	41,839

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得現金流量			
Interest received Purchase of items of property,	已收利息 購買物業、廠房及設備項目		4,836	3,033
plant and equipment Additions to intangible assets	添置無形資產		(1,197) (1,842)	(1,251) (188)
Net cash flows from investing activities	投資活動所得現金 流量淨額		1,797	1,594
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得現金流量			
Proceeds from issue of new shares, net	發行新股份所得款項淨額		-	124,629
Interest paid	已付利息		-	(581)
Dividends paid New bank borrowings	已付股息 新銀行借貸		(17,220) -	(10,000) 7,000
Repayment of bank borrowings Principal portion of lease	償還銀行借貸 租賃付款之本金部分		-	(28,000)
payments Interest portion of lease	租賃付款之利息部分		(9,478)	(10,573)
payments			(2,742)	(3,185)
Net cash flows from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用) 現金流量淨額		(29,440)	79,290
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等價物			
CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at	增加淨額 年初現金及現金等價物		7,396	122,723
beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate	外匯利率變動的影響,淨額		142,738	19,930
changes, net			(137)	85
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END	年末現金及現金等價物			
OF YEAR			149,997	142,738
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物結餘 分析			
Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits with		18	18,081	14,341
original maturity of less than three months when acquired	於三個月的非抵押定期 存款	18	131,916	128,397
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		149,997	142,738

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

New Media Lab Limited is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of the registered office of the Company is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 8th Floor, Tower 1, The Quayside, 77 Hoi Bun Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

During the year, the Group was involved in the following principal activities:

- provision of digital and print advertising products and services, and related businesses (collectively, "digital and print media businesses")
- magazine and book publishing

The immediate holding company of the Company is New Media Lab Group Holdings Limited, which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("**BVI**").

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, as at 31 December 2023, the ultimate holding company of the Company was Albert Yeung Holdings Limited ("**AY Holdings**"), which is incorporated in the BVI and legally wholly-owned by First Trust Services AG acting as the trustee of The Albert Yeung Discretionary Trust, a private discretionary trust set up by Dr. Yeung Sau Shing, Albert ("**Dr. Albert Yeung**").

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, Albert Yeung Investments Holdings Limited ("**AY Investments Holdings**"), which is incorporated in the BVI, has become the new ultimate holding company of the Company on 19 August 2024 and AY Investments Holdings is legally wholly-owned by First Trust Management AG acting as the trustee of Albert Yeung Investments Discretionary Trust, a private discretionary trust set up by Dr. Albert Yeung.

1. 公司及集團資料

新傳企劃有限公司為一間在開曼 群島註冊成立的有限公司。本公 司註冊辦事處的地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-111, Cayman Islands。本公 司香港主要營業地點位於香港九 龍觀塘海濱道77號海濱匯1座8 樓。

年內,本集團從事以下主要業務:

- 提供數碼及印刷廣告產品
 及服務以及相關業務(統稱
 「數碼及印刷媒體業務」)
- 雜誌及圖書出版

本公司的直接控股公司為於英屬 處女群島(「英屬處女群島」)註冊 成立的新傳企劃集團控股有限公 司。

本公司董事認為,於2023年12 月31日,本公司的最終控股公司為楊受成產業控股有限公司 (「楊受成產業控股」),該公司 於英屬處女群島註冊成立,並由 First Trust Services AG以The Albert Yeung Discretionary Trust(由楊受成博士(「楊博士」) 創立之私人酌情信託)信託人的 身份合法全資擁有。

本公司董事認為,於2024年 8月19日,楊受成投資控股有限公司(「**楊受成投資控股**」, 該公司於英屬處女群島註冊成立)已成為本公司新最終控 股公司,而楊受成投資控股由 First Trust Management AG 以Albert Yeung Investments Discretionary Trust (由楊博士 創立的私人酌情信託)信託人的 身份合法全資擁有。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP **INFORMATION** (continued)

For the purposes of these financial statements, all companies directly or indirectly controlled by respective private discretionary trusts set up by Dr. Albert Yeung are collectively referred to as the "Emperor Group".

Information about subsidiaries

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

就本財務報表而言,所有由楊博 士創立的私人酌情信託直接或問 接控制的公司統稱為「英皇集團」。

有關附屬公司的資料

本公司主要附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/	lssued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 已發行普通股本/	Percentage of attributable the Compa	e to	Principal activities	
名稱	註冊及經營地點	註冊資本	本公司應佔權益百分比 Direct Indirect 直接 間接		主要業務	
New Media Group Limited 所傳媒集團有限公司	BVI 英屬處女群島	HK\$78,000 78,000港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股	
lew Media Group Digital Services Limited 新傳媒數碼服務有限公司	Kallex of all Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding and digital media business 投資控股及數碼媒體業務	
Yedia Publishing Limited 某體出版有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Magazine and book publishing, digital and print media businesses and copyright holding 雑誌及書籍出版、數碼及印刷媒體業務 及版權持有	
ew Media Services Consultant Company Limited f傳媒服務顧問有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Provision of group administrative services 提供集團行政服務	
ime Year Limited 医年有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK \$2 2港元	-	100	Trademark holding and licensing 持有商標及許可	
Guangdong Xinchuan Network Technology Company Limited** 重東薪傳網絡科技有限公司 (「廣東薪傳網絡科技」)*	The People's Republic of China (the " PRC ")/ Mainland China 中華人民共和國(「 中國 」)/ 中國大陸	RMB6,500,000 6,500,000人民幣	-	100	Provision of group information technology support services and digital media business 提供集團資訊科技支援服務及 數碼媒體業務	
IMG (Hong Kong) Company Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Magazine publishing and digital and print media businesses 雜誌出版以及數碼及印刷媒體業務	

- represents the best efforts made by management of the Company to directly translate its Chinese name as it does not register any official English name.
- 廣東薪傳網絡科技is registered as a wholly-foreignowned enterprise under PRC law.
- 廣東薪傳網絡科技根據中國法 律註冊為外商獨資企業。

直接翻譯其中文名稱所得。

1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued) Information about subsidiaries (continued)

The above table lists the subsidiaries of the Company which, in the opinion of the directors, principally affected the results for the year or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group, or of particular importance to the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the directors, result in particulars of excessive length.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("**HKFRSs**") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("**HKASs**") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("**HKICPA**") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("**HK\$**") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2024. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

1. 公司及集團資料(續)

有關附屬公司的資料(續)

上表僅列出董事認為會對本集團 年內業績構成主要影響或構成本 集團資產淨值重要部分或對本集 團構成特定意義之本公司附屬公 司。董事認為提供其他附屬公司 之詳情會使篇幅過於冗長。

2. 會計政策 2.1 編製基準

財務報表乃根據香港會計 師公會(「**香港會計師公會**」) 頒佈之香港財務報告準則 (「**香港財務報告準則**」)(包 括所有香港財務報告準則」)(包 括所有香港財務報告準則、 香港會計準則(「**香港會計** 準則」)及詮釋)以及香港公 司條例之披露規定編製。該 等財務報表乃按歷史成本 法編製。該等財務報表以港 元(「**港元**」)列示,除非另有 指明,所有數值均四捨五入 至最接近的千位。

合併基準

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綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued) Basis of consolidation (continued)

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.1 編製基準(續) 合併基準(續)

一般而言,假定擁有大多數 投票權即擁有控制權。倘本 公司擁有少於投資對象大 多數投票或類似權利之權 利,則本集團於評估其是否 擁有對投資對象之權力時 會考慮一切相關事實及情 況,包括:

- (a) 投資對象其他投票持 有人的合約安排;
- (b) 其他合約安排所產生 之權利;及
- (c) 本集團投票權及潛在 投票權。

附屬公司的財務報表乃就 與本公司相同的報告期間 採用一致的會計政策編製。 附屬公司之業績乃自本集 團取得控制權之日起予以 合併,並繼續納入合併範 圍,直至不再被控制為止。

所有集團內公司間資產及 負債、權益、收入、開支及 與本集團成員公司間交易 有關之現金流量會於綜合 帳目時悉數對銷。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述 三項控制權要素有一項或 以上出現變動,本集團會重 新評估其是否對投資對象 擁有控制權。於附屬公司擁 有權權益之變動於入賬時 列作權益交易。
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued) Basis of consolidation (continued)

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any non-controlling interest and the exchange fluctuation reserve; and recognises the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits/accumulated losses, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 16 Amendments to HKAS 1

Amendments to HKAS 1

Amendments to

HKAS 7 and

HKFRS 7

Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent (the "2020 Amendments") Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (the "2022 Amendments") Supplier Finance

Arrangements

2. 會計政策(續)
 2.1 編製基準(續)

合併基準(續) 倘本集團失去對一間附屬 公司之控制權,則其終止確 認相關資產(包括商譽)、 負債、任何非控股權益及匯 兌波動儲備;及於損益確認 任何保留投資及任何因次 產生之盈餘或虧絀之公平 值。先前於其他全面收益內 確認之本集團應佔部分應 重新分類為損益或保留溢 利/累計虧損(如適用),按 猶如本集團已直接出售相 關資產及負債時之基準予 以確認。

2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團已於本年度財務報 表首次採納下列經修訂香 港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則 售後和回的租賃 第16號(修訂本) 首信 香港會計準則第1號 負債按流動或 (修訂本) 非流動分類 ([2020年 修訂本」) 香港會計準則第1號 有契諾之非流動 (修訂本) *負債*([2022] 年修訂本)) 香港會計準則第7號 供應商融資安排 及香港財務報告準 則第7號(修訂本)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

The nature and the impact of the revised HKFRSs are described below:

- (a) Amendments to HKFRS 16 specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. Since the Group has no sale and leaseback transactions with variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate occurring from the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.
- (b) The 2020 Amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, including what is meant by a right to defer settlement and that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The amendments also clarify that a liability can be settled in its own equity instruments, and that only if a conversion option in a convertible liability is itself accounted for as an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. The 2022 Amendments further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current. Additional disclosures are required for noncurrent liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period.

- 2. 會計政策(續)
 - 2.2 會計政策及披露之變 動(續)

經修訂香港財務報告準則 的性質及影響如下:

- (a) 香港財務報告準則第 16號(修訂本)訂明賣 方 - 承租人在計量售 後租回交易中產牛的 相賃負債時,確保賣 方 - 承租人不會確認 任何與其保留的使用 權有關的收益或虧損 金額的規定。由於本 集團白首次應用香港 財務報告準則第16號 之日起並無任何售後 相回交易,而其可變 租賃付款並不取決於 指數或利率,故該等 修訂本不會對本集團 的財務狀況或表現產 生任何影響。
- (b) 2020年修訂本釐清將 負債分類為流動或非 流動的規定,包括遞 延結算權利之含義及 遞延權利於報告期末 必須存在。負債之分 類不會受實體將行使 其權利遞延結算之可 能性影響。該等修訂 本亦釐清負債可按本 身之權益工具結算, 且只有在可轉換負債 之轉換期權本身作為 權益工具入賬時,負 債之條款方能影響其 分類。2022年修訂本 進一步闡明,於一項 貸款安排所產生之負 **債契諾中**,只有實體 須於報告日期或之前 遵守之契諾方可影響 該負債之流動或非流 動分類。受限於報告 期間後12個月內遵守 未來契諾之實體之非 流動負債須作出額外 披露。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

- (b) (continued)
 - The Group has reassessed the terms and conditions of its liabilities as at 1 January 2023 and 2024 and concluded that the classification of its liabilities as current or non-current remained unchanged upon initial application of the amendments. Accordingly, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.
- (c) Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosure of such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. As the Group does not have supplier finance arrangements, the amendments did not have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.2 會計政策及披露之變 動(續)

- (b) (續)
 - 本集團已重新評估其 於2023年及2024年1 月1日的負債條款及條 件,並認為其負債的 流動或非流動分類於 首次應用該等修訂本 時維持不變。因此,該 等修訂本不會對本集 團的財務狀況或表現 產生任何影響。
- (c) 香港會計準則第7號及 香港財務報告準則第7 號(修訂本)釐清供應 商融資安排之特點, 並規定須對該等安排 作出額外披露。該等 修訂本的披露規定旨 在協助財務報表使用 者瞭解供應商融資安 排對實體負債、現金 流量及流動資金風險 的影響。由於本集團 該等修訂本不會對本 集團的財務報表產生 任何影響。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附許

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. The Group intends to apply these new and revised HKFRSs, if applicable, when they become effective.

HKFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements ³
HKFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures ³
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments ²
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ⁴
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability ¹
Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting	Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7 ²

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025

Standards -

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- ² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026
- ³ Effective for annual/reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027
- ⁴ No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

2. 會計政策(續) 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之 香港財務報告準則

本集團並無於本財務報表 中應用下列已頒佈但尚未 生效之新訂及經修訂香港 財務報告準則。本集團擬於 生效後應用該等新訂及經 修訂香港財務報告準則(如 適用)。

 香港財務報告準則
 財務報表之呈列及 按露³

 第18號
 按露³

 香港財務報告準則
 非公共受託責任的 第19號

 幣屬公司:披露³

 香港財務報告準則第9號
 金融工具之分類及 及香港財務報告準則

 予量之修訂²

 第7號(修訂本)

香港財務報告準則第9號 涉及依賴自然能源 及香港財務報告準則 的雷力合約2 第7號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則 投資者與其聯營公 第10號及香港會計 司或合營企業之 準則第28號(修訂本) 間的資產出售或 注資4 香港會計準則第21號 缺少可交換件1 (修訂本) *香港財務報告準則會計* 香港財務報告準則 準則之年度修訂 第1號、香港財 -第11冊 務報告準則第7 號、香港財務報 告準則第9號、 香港財務報告準 則第10號及香港 會計準則第7號 之修訂2

- 1 於2025年1月1日或之後 開始之年度期間生效
 2 於2026年1月1日或之後
- 「於2020年1月1日或足後 開始之年度期間生效
 3 於2027年1日1日成之後
- 3 於2027年1月1日或之後 開始之年度/報告期間 生效
 4 未整定強制生效日期,
 - 未釐定強制生效日期, 惟仍可供採納

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

HKFRS 18 replaces HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. While a number of sections have been brought forward from HKAS 1 with limited changes, HKFRS 18 introduces new requirements for presentation within the statement of profit or loss, including specified totals and subtotals. Entities are required to classify all income and expenses within the statement of profit or loss into one of the five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations and to present two new defined subtotals. It also requires disclosures about managementdefined performance measures in a single note and introduces enhanced requirements on the grouping (aggregation and disaggregation) and the location of information in both the primary financial statements and the notes. Some requirements previously included in HKAS 1 are moved to HKAS 8 Accounting Policies. Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, which is renamed as HKAS 8 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements. As a consequence of the issuance of HKFRS 18, limited, but widely applicable, amendments are made to HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows, HKAS 33 Earnings per Share and HKAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. In addition, there are minor consequential amendments to other HKFRSs. HKFRS 18 and the consequential amendments to other HKFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 with earlier application permitted. Retrospective application is required. The Group is currently analysing the new requirements and assessing the impact of HKFRS 18 on the presentation and disclosure of the Group's financial statements.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之 香港財務報告準則(續)

預期適用於本集團的該等 香港財務報告準則的進一 步資料載於下文。

香港財務報告準則第18號 取代香港會計準則第1號財 務報表之呈列。雖然香港會 計準則第1號的若干條文作 出有限修改,但香港財務報 告準則第18號則引入在損 益表內呈列的新規定,包括 指明總額和小計。實體必須 將損益表內的所有收入和費 用分為經營、投資、融資、 所得稅和終止經營五類之 一,並列出兩個新的定義小 計。其亦要求在單一附註中 披露由管理層定義的業績指 標, 並加強對主要財務報表 和附註中信息的分組(匯總 和分拆)和位置的要求。先 前列入香港會計準則第1號 的部分規定,已轉移至香港 會計準則第8號會計政策, 會計估計的變動及差錯,並 更名為香港會計準則第8號 財務報表編製基準。由於香 港財務報告準則第18號有 限但廣泛適用,因此對香港 財務報告準則第7號現金流 *量表、*香港財務報告準則第 33號每股盈利及香港財務 報告準則第34號中期財務 報告作出修訂。此外,其他 香港財務報告準則亦有輕 微的相應修訂。香港財務報 告準則第18號及相應對其 他香港財務報告準則作出的 修訂,將於2027年1月1日 或之後開始的年度期間生 效,允許提前應用。必須追 溯應用。本集團現正分析新 規定及評估香港財務報告 準則第18號對本集團財務 報表呈列及披露的影響。

HKFRS 19 allows eligible entities to elect to apply reduced disclosure requirements while still applying the recognition, measurement and presentation requirements in other HKFRSs. To be eligible, at the end of the reporting period, an entity must be a subsidiary as defined in HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements, cannot have public accountability and must have a parent (ultimate or intermediate) that prepares consolidated financial statements available for public use which comply with HKFRSs. Earlier application is permitted. As the Company is a listed company, it is not eligible to elect to apply HKFRS 19. Some of the Company's subsidiaries are considering the application of HKFRS 19 in their specified financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 clarify the date on which a financial asset or financial liability is derecognised and introduce an accounting policy option to derecognise a financial liability that is settled through an electronic payment system before the settlement date if specified criteria are met. The amendments clarify how to assess the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets with environmental, social and governance and other similar contingent features. Moreover, the amendments clarify the requirements for classifying financial assets with non-recourse features and contractually linked instruments. The amendments also include additional disclosures for investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial instruments with contingent features. The amendments shall be applied retrospectively with an adjustment to opening retained profits/ accumulated losses (or other component of equity) at the initial application date. Prior periods are not required to be restated and can only be restated without the use of hindsight. Earlier application of either all the amendments at the same time or only the amendments related to the classification of financial assets is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第19號 允許合資格實體選擇採用 較低的披露要求,同時仍採 用其他香港財務報告準則 中的確認、計量和呈列規 定。要獲得資格,在報告期 末,實體必須是香港財務報 告準則第10號*綜合財務報 表*中定義的附屬公司,不能 承擔公眾責任,並且必須 有一家編製符合香港財務 報告準則的綜合財務報表 供公眾使用的母公司(最終 或中間)。允許提前應用。 由於本公司為上市公司,因 此並無資格選擇應用香港 財務報告準則第19號。本 公司部分附屬公司正考慮 在其指明財務報表中應用 香港財務報告準則第19號。

香港財務報告準則第9號及 香港財務報告準則第7號(修 訂本)澄清金融資產或金融 負債終止確認的日期,並引 入一項會計政策選擇,即在 結算日之前通過電子支付系 統結算的金融負債,如符合 指定條件,可終止確認。該 修訂本澄清如何評估具有環 境、社會和治理及其他類似 或有特徵的金融資產的合同 現金流量特徵。此外,修訂 本澄清對具有無追索權特徵 的金融資產和合同掛鈎工具 進行分類的要求。該修訂本 亦包括通過其他綜合收益和 具有或有特徵的金融工具以 公平值指定權益工具的投資 的額外披露。該等修訂本可 追溯應用,並在首次應用日 期對期初保留溢利/累計虧 損(或權益的其他組成部分) 進行調整。過往期間毋需重 述,只能在並無後見之明的 情況下重述。允許提前同時 應用所有修訂本或僅應用與 金融資產分類有關的修訂 本。預計該等修訂本不會對 本集團的財務報表產生重大 影響。

> Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity only apply to contracts that reference naturedependent electricity and clarify the application of the 'own-use' requirements for in-scope contracts. The amendments to HKFRS 9 will now allow an entity designating a contract referencing nature-dependent electricity as the hedging instrument in a hedge of forecast electricity transactions, to designate a variable nominal amount of forecast electricity transactions as the hedged item. HKFRS 7 has been amended to require disclosures relating to contracts that have been excluded from the scope of HKFRS 9 as a result of the amendments. In such cases, an entity must disclose in a single note:

- Information about the contractual features that expose the entity to variability in an underlying amount of electricity and the risk that the entity would be required to buy electricity during a delivery interval where it cannot use it.
- Information about unrecognised contractual commitments arising from such contracts.
- Qualitative and quantitative information about the effects on the entity's financial performance for the reporting period interval where it cannot use it.

The HKFRS 7 disclosure amendments must be applied when the HKFRS 9 amendments are applied. The clarifications regarding the 'own use' requirements must be applied retrospectively without using hindsight, but the guidance permits hedge accounting to be applied prospectively to new hedging relationships designated on or after the date of initial application. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

- 2. 會計政策(續)
 - 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第9號及 香港財務報告準則第7號(修 訂本) 涉及依賴自然能源的 *電力合約僅應用於涉及依* 賴自然能源的電力合約,並 澄清範圍內合約[白用]規 定的應用範圍。香港財務報 告準則第9號(修訂本)現在 允許實體在對沖預測電力 交易時,指定涉及依賴自然 能源的電力合約作為對沖 工具,以指定預測電力交易 之可變名義金額作為對沖 項目。香港財務報告準則第 7號已作出修訂,以規定與 因香港財務報告準則第9號 的修訂本而被剔除於其範 圍之外的合約有關的披露。 在此情況下,實體必須在單 一附註中披露:

- 有關使實體面對相關 電力數量變動的合約 特點,以及實體在無 法使用電力的交割期 間被要求購買電力的 風險的資料。
- 有關該等合約所產生的未確認合約承擔的資料。
- 有關實體在無法使用 電力的報告期間間隔 對其財務表現影響的 定性及定量資料。

香港財務報告準則第7號披露修訂本必須於應用香港財務報告準則第9號修訂本必須於應用香港時應用。有關「自用」規定之證清必須追溯應用,不得使用之間,但指引分許對立之後指定之新對加國人。 對立之後指定之新對加國係。 到本不會對本集團的財務報表造成任何重大影響。

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 was removed by the HKICPA. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

Amendments to HKAS 21 specify how an entity shall assess whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and how it shall estimate a spot exchange rate at a measurement date when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments require disclosures of information that enable users of financial statements to understand the impact of a currency not being exchangeable. Earlier application is permitted. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits or to the cumulative amount of translation differences accumulated in a separate component of equity, where appropriate, at the date of initial application. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之 香港財務報告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則第28號(修 訂本)旨在解決香港財務報 告準則第10號及香港會計 準則第28號在處理投資者 與其聯營公司或合營企業 之間的資產出售或注資方 面的規定不一致的問題。修 訂本要求,當資產的出售或 注資構成一項業務時,應充 分確認下游交易產生的收 益或虧損。對於涉及不構成 業務的資產的交易,交易產 生的收益或虧損僅以不相 關投資者在該聯營公司或 合營企業中的利益為限於 投資者的損益中確認。修訂 本將於未來應用。香港會計 師公會取消香港財務報告 準則第10號及香港會計準 則第28號(修訂本)先前的 強制牛效日期。然而,修訂 本現已可供採納。

香港會計準則第21號(修訂 本)訂明實體應如何評估-貨幣是否可兌換為另一貨 幣,及在缺乏可兌換性的情 況下應如何於計量日期評 估一貨幣之即期匯率。修訂 本要求披露資料,以便財務 報表使用者瞭解不可匯兌 之貨幣之影響。允許提早應 用。於應用修訂本時,實體 不得重列比較資料。初步應 用修訂本的任何累計影響 須於初步應用日期確認,作 為對保留溢利的期初結餘 的調整或對於在權益的一 個單獨部分累計的匯兌差 額的累計金額的調整(如適 用)。修訂本預期不會對本 集團的財務報表產生任何 重大影響。

Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11 set out amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7 (and the accompanying Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7), HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7. Details of the amendments that are expected to be applicable to the Group are as follows:

HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures: The amendments have updated certain wording in paragraph B38 of HKFRS 7 and paragraphs IG1, IG14 and IG20B of the Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7 for the purpose of simplification or achieving consistency with other paragraphs in the standard and/or with the concepts and terminology used in other standards. In addition, the amendments clarify that the Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7 does not necessarily illustrate all the requirements in the referenced paragraphs of HKFRS 7 nor does it create additional requirements. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之 香港財務報告準則(續)

*香港財務報告準則會計準 則之年度改進 — 第11冊*載 列對香港財務報告準則第 1號、香港財務報告準則第 7號(及隨附的*香港財務報 告準則第7號實施指引*)、 香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港財務報告準則第9號、 香港財務報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則第7號的修 訂本詳情如下:

香港財務報告準則第 7號金融工具:披露: 有關修訂本更新香港 財務報告準則第7號第 B38段及香港財務報 告準則第7號實施指引 第IG1、IG14及IG20B 段的某些措辭,以簡 化或與該準則的其他 段落及/或與其他準 則所使用的概念及術 語保持一致。此外, 有關修訂本澄清,香 港財務報告準則第7號 實施指引不一定說明 香港財務報告準則第7 號所引用各段的所有 規定,亦無新增規定。 允許提前應用。預計 該等修訂本不會對本 集團的財務報表產生 重大影響。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

HKFRS 9 *Financial Instruments:* The amendments clarify that when a lessee has determined that a lease liability has been extinguished in accordance with HKFRS 9, the lessee is required to apply paragraph 3.3.3 of HKFRS 9 and recognise any resulting gain or loss in profit or loss. In addition, the amendments have updated certain wording in paragraph 5.1.3 of HKFRS 9 and Appendix A of HKFRS 9 to remove potential confusion. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

 HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements: The amendments clarify that the relationship described in paragraph B74 of HKFRS 10 is just one example of various relationships that might exist between the investor and other parties acting as de facto agents of the investor, which removes the inconsistency with the requirement in paragraph B73 of HKFRS 10. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之 香港財務報告準則(續)

- 香港財務報告準則第 9號金融工具:修訂本 澄清,當承租人已根 據香港財務報告準則 第9號確定和賃貸債已 **消**滅時,承租人須應 用香港財務報告準則 第9號第3.3.3段, 並 在損益中確認任何由 此產生的收益或虧損。 此外,修訂本亦更新 香港財務報告準則第9 號第5.1.3段及香港財 務報告準則第9號附錄 A的某些措辭,以消除 可能造成的混淆。允 許提前應用。預計該 等修訂本不會對本集 團的財務報表產牛重 大影響。
- 香港財務報告準則第 10號綜合財務報表: 有關修訂本澄清,香 港財務報告準則第10 號第B74段所述的關 係只是投資者與作為 投資者實際代理人的 其他各方之間可能存 在的各種關係的一個 例子,從而消除與香 港財務報告準則第10 號第B73段規定的不 一致之處。允許提前 應用。預計該等修訂 本不會對本集團的財 務報表產生重大影響。

 HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows: The amendments replace the term "cost method" with "at cost" in paragraph 37 of HKAS 7 following the prior deletion of the definition of "cost method". Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group. liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the noncontrolling interests in the acquiree at fair value or at the proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

2. 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效之 香港財務報告準則(續)

 香港會計準則第7號現 金流量表:修訂本在 香港會計準則第7號第
 37段刪除「成本法」的 定義後,將「成本法」 一詞替換為「按成本計 戶」。允許提前應用。 預計該等修訂本不會 對本集團的財務報表 產牛仟何影響。

2.4 主要會計政策 業務合併及商譽

業務合併乃採用收購法入 賬。轉讓之代價乃以收購日 期之公平值計算,該公平值 為本集團轉讓之資產、本集 承擔之負債,及本集團就換 取被收購方控制權所發行 股本權益於收購日期之公 平值總和。於各業務合併 中,本集團選擇是否以公平 值或被收購方可識別資產 淨值的應佔比例,計算於被 收購方的非控股權益。非控 股權益的所有其他組成部 分均按公平值計量。收購相 關成本於其產生時支銷。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, as appropriate.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for noncontrolling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

當所收購活動及資產組合 包括一項投入及一項實質 性過程,共同對創造產出的 能力作出重大貢獻,本集團 將釐定其已收購一項業務。

本集團收購業務時會根據 合約條款、於收購日期之經 濟環境及相關條件,評估將 承接之金融資產及所承擔 之金融負債,以作出適當之 分類及指定。此包括分開被 收購方主合約之嵌入式衍 生工具。

倘業務合併分階段進行,先前持有的股權按收購日期 的公平值重新計量,由此產 生的任何收益或虧損在損 益或其他全面收益(如適用) 中確認。

收購方將轉讓的任何或然 代價按收購日期的公平值 確認。分類為資產或負債之 或然代價乃按公平值計量, 而公平值變動於損益確認。 分類為權益之或然代價毋 須重新計量,而其後結算於 權益入帳。

商譽起初按成本計量,即已 轉讓代價、已確認非控股權 益及本集團先前於被收購 方持有的股權的公平值約 有的股權的公平值約 產及所承擔負債的差額。如 代收購資產淨值的公平值, 於重新評估後其差額將於 損益內確認為議價收購收益。 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Business combinations and goodwill (continued)

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cashgenerating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained. 2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

業務合併及商譽(續)

於初步確認後,商譽按成本 減仟何累計減值虧損計量。 商譽須每年作減值測試,若 有事件發生或情況改變顯 示賬面值有可能減值時,則 會更頻密地進行測試。本集 團每年於12月31日對商譽 進行減值測試。為進行減值 **測試**,因業務合併而購入的 商譽自購入之日被分配至 預期可從合併產生的協同 效益中獲益的本集團各個 現金產生單位或現金產生 單位組別,而不論本集團其 他資產或負債是否已分配 予該等單位或單位組別。

減值乃通過評估與商譽有關 之現金產生單位(或現金產 生單位組別)之可收回金額 釐定。倘現金產生單位(或 現金產生單位組別)之可收 回金額低於賬面值,則確認 減值虧損,就商譽確認的減 值虧損不會於其後期間撥回。

倘商譽已分配至現金產生 單位(或現金產生單位組別) 而該單位的部份業務已出 售,則在釐定所出售業務的 收益或虧損時,與所出售業 務相關的商譽會計入該業 務的賬面值。在該等情況下 出售的商譽,乃根據所出售 業務的相對價值及現金產 生單位的保留部分計量。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets, financial assets and non-current assets/ disposal groups classified as held for sale), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

非金融資產減值

倘存在減值跡象,或須每年 對資產(存貨、遞延稅項資 產、金融資產及分類為持作 出售之非流動資產/出售組 別除外) 作減值測試時,資 產之可收回金額會予以估 計。資產的可收回金額為資 產或現金產生單位的使用 價值與公平值減出售成本 的較高者,並按個別資產釐 定,除非資產並無產生基本 上獨立於其他資產或資產 組別的現**金**流入,在此情況 下,可收回金額按資產所屬 的現金產牛單位釐定。

於測試現金產生單位有否 減值時,倘公司資產之賬面 值可按合理及一致之基準 分配,或按其他方式分配至 最小現金產牛單位組別,則 有關賬面值之一部分分配 至個別現金產生單位。

減值虧損僅於資產賬面值 超逾其可收回金額時確認。 於評估使用價值時,估計未 來現金流量使用稅前貼現 率貼現至其現值,該貼現率 反映現時市場對貨幣時間 價值及資產特定風險之評 估。減值虧損於產生期間白 損益扣除。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued) Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

非金融資產減值(續)

關連人士

在下列情況下,有關人士將 視為本集團之關連人士:

- (a) 倘為以下人士或其親 屬而該人士
 - (i) 對本集團擁有控 制權或共同控制 權;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大 影響力; 或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集 團母公司的主要 管理層成員;

或

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued) **Related parties** (continued)

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
 - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
 - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
 - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
 - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
 - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

2. 會計政策(續)
 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

關連人士(續)

- (b) 該方為實體,而符合 下列任何條件:
 - (i) 實體與本集團為同一集團之成員;
 - (ii) 實體為另一實體 (或另一實體之母 公司、附屬公司 或同系附屬公司) 之聯營公司或合 營企業;
 - (iii) 該實體與本集團
 為屬同一第三方
 之合營企業;
 - (iv) 實體為第三方之 合營企業,而另 一實體為第三方 實體之聯營公司;
 - (v) 實體為本集團或 與本集團有關連 之實體之僱員福 利而設之離職後 福利計劃;
 - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識
 別人士控制或共
 同控制;
 - (vii) (a)(i)所識別人士 對該實體有重大 影響力或為該實 體(或該實體之母 公司)之主要管理 層成員;及
 - (viii) 該實體或其所屬 集團的任何成員 公司向本集團或 本集團母公司提 供主要管理人員 服務。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued) **Property, plant and equipment and depreciation**

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straightline basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Leasehold	Over the lease terms
improvements	
Furniture, fixtures	20% to 33 ¹ / ₃ %
and equipment	

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end. 2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

物業[、]廠房及設備與 折舊

物業、廠房及設備按成本減 累計折舊及任何減值虧損 列賬。物業、廠房及設備項 目之成本包括其購買價及 令該項資產達至其運作狀 況及運送至其預期使用位 置之任何直接應佔成本。

折舊乃以直線法按每項物 業、廠房及設備項目的估計 可使用年期撇銷其成本至 其剩餘價值計算。就此而採 用的主要年率如下:

相賃物業裝修 於租賃期 限內 傢俱、固定裝 20%至 置及設備 33½3%

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部分的可使用年期不同,則該項目的成本按合理基準於各部分之間分配,而各部分則分開折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法最少於各財政年度末進行檢討及調整(如適用)。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註 Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Property, plant and equipment and depreciation (continued)

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the statement of profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Mobile applications are amortised on the straightline basis over their estimated useful lives of 3 years.

Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and rightof-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets. 2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備與 折舊(續)

無形資產(商譽除外)

個別收購的無形資產於初 步確認時按成本計量。無形 資產的可使用年期乃評估 為有限或無限。年期有限或 無形資產隨後於可使用經 濟年期內難銷,並於自用經 顯示無形資產。可使用短 調及 難銷方法至少於 各財 政年度末檢討一次。

流動應用程式按直線法於 其估計可使用年期3年內攤 銷。

租賃

本集團於合約開始時評估 合約是否屬或包含租賃。倘 合約賦予權利控制一項可 識別資產的使用期以換取 對價,該合約被視為或包含 租賃。

本集團作為承租人

本集團對所有租賃(惟短期 租賃除外)採取單一確認及 計量方法。本集團確認支付 租賃款項之租賃負債及代 表使用相關資產權利的使 用權資產。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued) **Leases** (continued) Group as a lessee (continued) (a) Right-of-use assets

> Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-ofuse assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Properties	
Equipment	

2 to 8 years 24 months

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. 2. 會計政策(續)
 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(a) 使用權資產 使用權資產於租賃開 始日期(即相關資產可 供使用當日)確認。使 用權資產按成本計量, 減去任何累計折舊及 任何減值虧損,並就 租賃負債的任何重新 計量作出調整。使用 權資產成本包括已確 認相賃負債的款額、 已產牛初始直接成本 及於開始日期或之前 作出的租賃款項減任 何已收租賃獎勵。使 用權資產於和期及資 產估計可使用年期之 較短者按直線法進行 折舊,詳情如下:

物業2至8年設備24個月

倘租賃資產的擁有權 於租期結束前轉讓予 本集團或成本反映行 使購買選擇權,則按 資產估計可使用年期 計算折舊。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Leases (continued) Group as a lessee (continued) (b) Lease liabilities

> Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

> In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續) (b) 租賃負債

> 相賃負債於相賃開始 日按租賃期內的租賃 付款現值確認。租賃 付款包括定額付款(含 實質定額款項)減仟何 應收租賃優惠款項、 取決於指數或利率的 可變相賃付款以及預 期根據剩餘價值擔保 支付的金額。和賃款 項亦包括本集團合理 確定將予行使之購買 權之行使價及終止租 賃之罰款,倘租賃期 反映本集團行使終止 相賃之選擇權。不依 賴於指數或利率之可 變和金付款於觸發付 款之事件或條件發生 之期間確認為開支。 於計算租賃付款的現 值時,本集團使用租 賃開始日期的增量借

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued) **Leases** (continued) Group as a lessee (continued) (c) Short term lesses

(c) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets of the Group are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 短期租約 本集團對設備之短期 租賃(即租賃期自開始 日期起計12個月或以 下,且並無載有購買 選擇權之租賃)應用短 期租賃確認豁免。短 期租賃之租賃付款於 租期內以直線法確認 為開支。

金融資產

首次確認及計量 本集團金融資產於初步確 認時分類為隨後按攤銷成 本計量。

金融資產於初始確認時之 分類取決於金融資產之合 約現金流量特徵及本集團 管理該等特徵之業務模式。 除貿易應收款項並不包含 重大融資部分或本集團已 應用不調整重大融資部分 之影響之實際權宜外,本集 團初步按其公平值計量金 融資產,倘金融資產並非按 公平值計入損益,則加入交 易成本。並無重大融資部分 或本集團已採用實際權宜 之應收貿易款項,按根據香 港財務報告準則第15號所 釐定之交易價格・按照下文 「收益確認」所載之政策計量。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Initial recognition and measurement (continued) In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("**SPPI**") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

金融資產(續)

首次確認及計量(續) 金融資產如欲按攤銷成本 分類及計量,則須產生的現 金流量僅為支付本金及未 償還本金利息(「SPPI」)。 無論商業模式如何,並非 SPPI之現金流量金融資產 均按公平值於損益表列賬 及計量。

本集團管理金融資產之業 務模式,乃指其管理金融資 產從而產生現金流定現金 之。該業務模式決定現金 會否來自收取合約現金 流量有。按攤銷成本分類模 計量的金融資產在美 務 員 式持有,旨在持有金融資 產 以收取合約現金流量。

須於市場規例或慣例一般 設定之期間內交付資產之 金融資產買賣,於交易日確 認,即本集團承諾購買或出 售資產之日期。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Financial assets (continued) Subsequent measurement of financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

金融資產(續)

按攤銷成本計量之金融資 產(債務工具)之其後計量 按攤銷成本計量之金融資 產其後採用實際利率法計 量,並須進行減值。收益及 虧損於資產取消確認、修訂 或減值時於損益表確認。

終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或一項金融資產 之一部分或一組類似金融 資產之一部分(如適用))在 下列情況將終止確認(即自 本集團綜合財務狀況表中 剔除):

- 自資產收取現金流量
 的權利已屆滿;或

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets (continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("**ECLs**") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms. 2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

終止確認金融資產(續)

持續參與指本集團就已轉 讓資產作出之保證,按該項 資產之原賬面值與本集團 或須償還之代價數額上限 兩者之較低者計量。

金融資產減值

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group generally considers a financial asset (other than a trade receivable) in default for the general approach when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may rebut the 90 days past due presumption of default for a particular financial instrument based on reasonable and supportable information, including the Group's credit risk control practices and the historical recovery rate of that financial instrument over 90 days past due. Moreover, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方法

於各報告日期,本集團評估 金融工具之信貸風險自初 步確認以來是否大幅增加。 於作出評估時,本集團比較 於報告日期金融工具出現違約風 到金融工具出現違約風時 期金之可 支力之 資料,包括歷史及前瞻性資 料。

就一般方法而言,當合約付 款逾期90日時,本集團一 般視金融資產(貿易應收款 頃除外)遭違約。然而,在 若干情況下,本集團可根據 合理及有根據之資料(包括 本集團之信貸風險控制措 施及該逾期超過90日的金 融工具之過往回收率),推 翻對特定金融工具逾期90 日的違約推定。此外,在某 些情況下,當有內部或外部 資料顯示本集團不大可能 於考慮本集團所持有之任 何加強信貸安排前全數收 取未支付合約金額時,本集 團亦可視金融資產為遭違 約。倘並無合理預期可收回 合約現金流量,則金融資產 予以撇銷。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附許

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

General approach (continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are creditimpaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

一般方法(續)

以攤銷成本計量之金融資 產須根據一般方法計提減 值,並在以下計量預期信貸 虧損之階段內分類,惟下文 詳述應用簡易方法之貿易 應收款項除外。

第一階段- 自首次確認以 來信貸風險並 無大幅撥備加以 及虧損撥備月 預期信貸虧月 之數額計量之 金融工具

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued) Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix, or other applicable approaches, that is based on its historical loss experience, supplemented/substituted by relevant external data, as appropriated, adjusted for current and forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. At each reporting date, the historical loss experience/relevant external information are updated and changes in forward-looking estimates are analysed.

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities of the Group are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings or payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. 2. 會計政策(續)
 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

簡化方法

對於並不包含重大融資部 分之貿易應收款項,或當 本集團應用不調整重大融 資部分之影響之實務權官 時,本集團會採用簡化方法 計算預期信貸虧損。根據簡 化方法,本集團並不跟蹤信 貸風險之變動,惟會於各報 告日期根據全期預期信貸 虧損確認虧損撥備。本集團 根據其過往虧損經驗(適當 地以相關外部資料補充/取 代)建立撥備矩陣或其他適 用方法,就債務人及經濟 環境特定之當前及前瞻性 因素作出調整。於各報告日 期,歷史虧損經驗/相關外 部資料已更新並分析前瞻 性估計的變動。

金融負債

首次確認及計量 本集團之金融負債於初步 確認時分類為貸款及借貸 或應付款項(如適用)。

所有金融負債於首次確認時以公平值計算,就貸款及借款以及應付款項而言,則 扣除直接應佔交易成本。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities at amortised cost (trade and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, trade and other payables, and interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in the statement of profit or loss.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

金融負債(續)

金融負債按攤銷成本之其 後計量(貿易及其他應付款 項及借貸) 於初步確認後,貿易應付款 項及其他應付款項以及計 息借鎖成本計量,惟倘此 設響並不重大,則於此電 認過程中產生之盈虧於損 益表中確認。

計算攤銷成本時會計及收 購所產生的任何折讓或溢 價,以及作為實際利率一部 分的費用或成本。實際利率 攤銷計入損益表。

終止確認金融負債

金融負債於負債責任解除、 取消或屆滿時終止確認。

倘現有金融負債被另一項 來自同一貸款人以條款截 然不同之金融負債所取代, 或現有負債之條款被大幅 修訂,該等交換或修訂以終 止確認原負債及確認新負 債處理,相關賬面值之間之 差額於損益表內確認。

抵銷金融工具

倘現時存在一項可依法強 制執行的權利,可抵銷已確 認金額,且亦有意以淨額結 算或同時變現資產及償付 債務,則金融資產及金融負 債均可予抵銷,並將淨金額 列入財務狀況表內。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term highly liquid deposits with a maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting shortterm cash commitments.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

Provisions

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in the statement of profit or loss. 2. 會計政策(續)
 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

現金及現金等價物

財務狀況表的現金及現金 等價物包括手頭現金及銀 行存款,以及期限一般在三 個月內且易於轉換為已知 金額現金的短期高流動性 存款,該等存款所承受的價 值變動風險較小,及為應付 短期現金承擔而持有。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現 金及現金等價物包括手頭 現金及銀行存款、上文所定 義之短期存款減須按要求 償還及構成本集團現金管 理一部分之銀行透支。

撥備

倘因過往事件導致現有債務(法定或推定)及日後可能需要有資源流出以償還債務,則確認撥備,但必須能可靠估計有關債務金額。

當貼現的影響重大,就撥備 確認的金額為預期須償還 債務的未來開支於報告期 末的現值。隨時間過去產生 的貼現現值金額增加計入 損益表內。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries/ jurisdictions in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

所得税

所得稅包括即期及遞延稅 項。與於損益以外確認之項 目有關之所得稅於損益以 外確認,即於其他全面收益 或直接於權益確認。

即期稅項資產及負債乃按 預期自稅務機構退回或付 予稅務機構之金額根據截 至報告期末已實施或實質 上已實施之稅率(及稅法) 計算,並考慮本集團經營所 在國家/司法權區之現行詮 釋及慣例。

遞延稅項乃使用負債法,就 於報告期末資產及負債之 稅基與其就財務報告而言 之賬面值之間之所有暫時 差額作出撥備。

遞延稅項負債乃就所有應 課稅暫時差額確認,惟以下 情況除外:

- 因商譽或並靠了之意
 因商譽或並靠了之意
 安易之。
 公務の一方法
 一次の一方法
 一次の一方法</
- 就於附屬公司之投資 所產生之應課稅暫時 性差額而言,暫時性 差額撥回時間可受控 制,而暫時性差額於 可見將來可能不會撥 回。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered. 2. 會計政策(續)
 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

所得税(續)

遞延稅項資產乃就所有可 扣減暫時差額、承前之未動 用稅項抵免及任何未動用 稅項虧損確認。確認遞延稅 項資產的前提是有可能銷 寬課稅溢利可用於抵銷可 相減暫時性差額,承前之未 動用稅項抵免及未動用稅 項虧損可予動用,惟:

- 就於附屬公司之投資 所產生之可扣減暫時 性差額而言,遞延稅 項資產僅於暫時性差 額於可見將來可能撥 回且應課稅溢利將用 以抵銷暫時性差額時, 方會予以確認。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

所得税(續)

遞延稅項資產及負債乃根 據於報告期末已實施或已 大致實施之稅率(及稅法), 按變現資產或清償負債之 期間預期適用之稅率予以 估量。

政府補貼

倘有合理保證可獲取政府 補貼,而所有附帶條件均可 予以遵從,則政府補貼按公 平值確認。倘補貼與開支項 目有關,則會有系統地在擬 補貼的成本支銷期間於損 益內確認。

收益確認

客戶合約收益 來自客戶合約之收入於貨 品或服務之控制權轉移至 客戶時確認,金額為反映本 集團預期就交換該等貨品 或服務有權獲得之代價。 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

2. 會計政策(續)
 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

客戶合約收益(續)

倘合約之代價包括一項可 變金額,則估計本集團向客 戶轉讓貨物或服務時有權 獲得的代價金額。可變代價 在合約開始時估計並受到 限制,直至與可變代價相關 的不確定性其後得以解決 時,很有可能所確認累計收 入金額中不會出現重大收 入轉撥。

倘合約包含給予客戶一項 可於超過一年內就轉讓貨 品或服務向客戶提供融資 之重大利益之融資部份,則 收入以應收金額之現值計 量,按於合約開始時本集團 與客戶間之獨立融資交易 中反映之貼現率貼現。倘合 約包含一項融資部份,為本 集團提供超過一年之重大 財務利益,則合約項下確認 之收益包括根據實際利率 法就合約負債累計之利息 開支。就客戶付款與轉讓承 諾貨品或服務之間之期間 為一年或以下之合約而言, 交易價並無就重大融資部 分之影響使用香港財務報 告準則第15號之實務權宜 作出調整。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued) Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(a) Advertising revenues

Revenue from print advertising is generally recognised at the point in time when the print advertisement is published. For programmatic advertising, revenues are generally recognised as impressions are delivered. Revenues from non-programmatic digital advertising are generally recognised over the period that the related products or services are delivered/rendered, as the customer simultaneously received and consumes the benefits provided by the Group, or upon complete satisfaction of the related performance obligation, such as, at the point in time when the related product(s) and/or service(s) are published or delivered/ rendered, based on the nature of the products or services provided. Advertising revenues are recognised net of provisions for estimated sales incentives, including rebates, rate adjustments or discounts, as appropriate.

Incentive arrangement

Specific incentives may be offered to certain customers once certain advertising spending amount for the relevant period exceeds particular threshold specified in the relevant contracts. To estimate the expected amount of incentives to be offered, which in turn will affect the net consideration that the Group will be entitled under the arrangement, the Group applies the method that it expects to better predict the amount. The requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration are applied and a liability relating to the expected incentives is recognised as a reduction of revenues (i.e., the amount not included in the transaction price), based on the total amount of estimated expected incentives related to the underlying revenue transactions during the reporting period. Measurement of such expected incentives is estimated mainly based on historical experience, current economic trends and accumulated advertising spending to date.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

客戶合約收益(續)

(a) 廣告收入

印刷廣告之收入一般 於印刷廣告刊發時確 認。就節目廣告而言, 收入一般於廣告印象 曝光時確認。非節目 數字廣告之收益一般 於提供/呈現相關產 品或服務之期間內確 認,因為客戶同時收 取並消費本集團提供 之利益,或當相關表 現責任完全履行時確 認,例如根據所提供 的產品或服務性質, 於相關產品及/或服 務發佈或交付/提供 時確認。廣告收入於 扣除估計銷售獎勵(包 括回扣、費率調整或 折扣(如適用))撥備後 確認。 獎勵安排 當有關期間的若干廣 告開支金額超過相關 合約訂明特定門檻時,

則可向若干客戶作出 特定獎勵。為估計將 予提供之獎勵之預期 金額,從而影響本集 團根據安排將有權獲 得之代價淨額,本集 團應用其預期更佳預 測金額之方法。有關 對可變代價進行限制 估計之規定予以應用, 而有關預期獎勵之負 債乃按報告期間相關 收益交易之估計預期 獎勵總額確認為收益 減少(即交易價格並未 包括之金額)。該等預 期獎勵的計量主要根 據過往經驗、目前經 濟趨勢及迄今累計廣 告開支作出估計。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Revenue recognition (continued) Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(b) Circulation revenues

Circulation revenues mainly include revenues from sales/subscriptions of magazines and books. Circulation revenue is based on the number of copies of magazines and books and/or digital subscriptions sold, and the associated rates charged to the respective customers, net of provisions for related returns. Circulation revenue is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally upon delivery of the magazines or books. Revenue from subscriptions (including digital subscriptions) is recognised over the subscription term, generally as the printed or digital publication is delivered.

Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. 2. 會計政策(續)
 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

客戶合約收益(續)

(b) 發行收入

發行收入主要包括銷 售/訂購雜誌及書籍 之收入。發行收入乃 根據已售雜誌及書籍 及/或數碼訂閱之份 數及向有關客戶收取 之相關費率,扣除相 關退貨撥備計算。發 行收益於資產控制權 轉移至客戶時確認, 一般於交付雜誌或書 籍時確認。來自訂閱 (包括數碼訂閱)之收 益於訂閱期間確認, 一般為送出印刷本或 數碼刊物時。

其他收入

利息收入按實際利率法以 累計基準確認,實際利率即 將於金融工具估計可用年 期或更短期間(如適用)所 收取估計日後現金流量準 確折算至該金融資產賬面 淨值的利率。

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue recognition (continued) Contract liabilities

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

Refund liabilities

A refund liability is recognised for the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from a customer and is measured at the amount the Group ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Group updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

Employee benefits

Pension schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "**MPF Scheme**") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續) 合約負債

合約負債於本集團轉讓相 關貨品或服務前收取客戶 款項或到期付款(以較早者 為準)時確認。合約負債於 本集團根據合約(即轉讓相 關貨品或服務予客戶之控 制權)履行時確認為收益。

退款負債

本集團會就客戶退回部分 或全部已收(或應收)代價 之責任確認退款負債,並按 本集團最終預期將須退回 客戶之金額計量。本集團會 於各報告期末更新其退款 負債估計(及交易價格的相 應變動)。

僱員福利
2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

Employee benefits (continued) Pension schemes (continued)

The employees of the Group's subsidiary which operates in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. The subsidiary is required to contribute a certain percentage of its payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

僱員福利(續)

退休金計劃(續) 本集團於中國內地經營之 附屬公司之僱員須參與由 當地市政府設立之中央退 休金計劃。該等附屬公司司 按僱員薪金成本之若干百 分比向中央退休金計劃供 款。供款於根據中央退休金 計劃規則須支付時在損益 表內扣除。

股息

末期股息在股東於股東大 會上批准時確認為負債。建 議末期股息在財務報表附 註中披露。中期股息同時建 議及宣派,原因是本公司之 組織章程大綱及細則授予 重派中期股息之權力。 因此,中期股息於建議及宣 派時即時確認為負債。

外幣

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued) 2.4 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.

2. 會計政策(續) 2.4 主要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

以外幣歷史成本計算之非 貨幣項目按首次交易日期 之匯率換算。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海 外附屬公司之現金流量按 現金流量日期之匯率換算 為港元。海外附屬公司於年 內經常產生之現金流量按 年內之加權平均匯率換算 為港元。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

Judgements

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

3. 重大會計判斷及估計

編製本集團財務報表時,管理層 需要作出會影響收入、開支、資 產及負債呈報金額及其相關披露 以及或然負債披露之判斷、估計 及假設。該等假設及估計之不確 定性可能導致日後須就受影響之 資產或負債賬面值作出重大調整。

判斷

於應用本集團會計政策之過程 中,除涉及估計者外,管理層已 作出下列對財務報表內已確認金 額構成最重大影響之判斷:

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 综合財務報表附註 Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued) Judgements (continued)

Significant judgement in determining the lease term of a contract with a renewal option

The Group has a lease contract that includes an extension option. At the commencement date of the lease, the Group applied judgement in evaluating whether or not to exercise the option to renew the lease. That is, it considered all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise the renewal. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew the lease.

The Group includes the renewal period as part of the lease term for a lease of its office premises due to the significance of the office premises to its operations and the significant leasehold improvements undertaken (or expected to be undertaken) over the term of the relevant lease contract that are expected to have significant economic benefit for the Group when the option to extend that lease becomes exercisable.

Estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

判斷(續)

對釐定附帶續約選擇權的合約的 相賃期限作出重大判斷 本集團訂立的租賃合約包括延期 選擇權·於相賃開始日期,本集 團應用判斷評估是否行使選擇權 以重續租賃。即其已考慮所有帶 來經濟激勵的相關因素,促使其 進行重續。於開始日期後,倘出 現其控制範圍內之重大事件或情 況變動,並影響其行使或不可行 使續租選擇權之能力,則本集團 會重新評估和期。

由於辦公室物業對本集團經營的 重要性,以及預期於相關租賃合 約期內進行(或預期進行)的重大 相賃裝修,並於延長該租賃期選 擇權可行使時預期為本集團帶來 重大經濟利益,故本集團將續期 期間納入其辦公室物業租賃期的 一部分。

估計不確定性

於報告期末就會對下一財政年度 之資產及負債賬面值造成重大調 整之重大風險之有關未來之主要 假設,以及估計不明朗因素之其 他主要來源概述如下。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING

JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued) Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets (including the right-of-use assets) at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets with finite useful lives are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

Provision for reinstatement costs

The Group makes provision for reinstatement costs associated with certain lease property attributable to the Group based on the estimate of the expected costs to be incurred to settle the relevant contractual obligations under the terms of the lease at the end of the reporting period, which are subject to uncertainties and might differ from the actual costs to be incurred. Significant judgements and estimates are required, including, inter alia, making various assumptions with reference to past experience and available information to determine the expected costs to be incurred. Further details are included in note 21 to the financial statements.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定性(續) 非金融資產(商譽除外)減值

本集團會於各報告期末評估全部 非金融資產(包括使用權資產)是 否存在任何減值跡象。當有跡象 顯示賬面值可能無法收回時,有 限定可使用年期之非金融資產將 進行減值測試。倘資產或現金產 生單位的賬面值超過其可收回金 額(即其公平值減出售成本與其 使用價值的較高者),則存在減 值。公平值減出售成本乃根據同 類資產公平交易中自具約束力之 出售交易所得數據或可觀察市價 減出售資產之增加成本計算。倘 採用使用價值計算方式,則管理 層必須估計來自資產或現金產生 單位之預期未來現金流量及選取 · 適當之折現率以計算該等現金流 量之現值。

修復成本撥備

本集團於報告期末按清償租賃條 款下之相關合約責任所產生之預 期成本之估計對若干租賃物業值 關之本集團應佔復原成本作出撥 備,當中存在不確定因素並可能 與將予產生之實際成本有差異, 其中包括參考過在經驗及現有資 料作出多項假設,以釐定預期將 產生之成本。進一步詳情載於財 務報表附註21。

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued) Estimation uncertainty (continued)

Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix, or other applicable approaches, to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. Generally, the provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical loss experience, supplemented/ substituted by relevant external data, as appropriate. The Group calibrates the matrix to adjust the historical loss experience/relevant external information with current and forward-looking information. At each reporting date, the historical loss experience/relevant external information are updated and changes in forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical loss experience/relevant external information, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience/ relevant external information and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements.

Leases – Estimating the incremental borrowing rate The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an incremental borrowing rate ("IBR") to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates.

3. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定性(續)

貿易應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥 備

本集團使用撥備矩陣或其他適用 方法計算貿易應收款項的預期 信貸虧損。一般而言,撥備矩陣 初步按本集團過往虧損經驗為 弊,並在適當情況下以相關外部 數據補充/取代。本集團校/相關 外部資料及當前及前瞻性資料。 於各報告日,過往虧損經驗/相 關外部資料會更新,而前瞻性估 計之變動會予以分析。

租賃一估算增量借款利率

本集團無法輕易釐定租賃內所隱 含的利率,因此,使用增量借款 利率(「增量借款利率」)計量租賃 負債。增量借款利率是本集團就 同期限借款所須支付之利率,並 以類似的抵押品,為在類似經濟 環境中取得與使用權資產價值相 若的資產而必須支付的資金。因 此,增量借款利率反映了本集團 [應支付]的利率,當無可觀察利 率時(如就並無訂立融資交易之 附屬公司而言)或當須對利率進 行調整以反映租賃之條款及條件 時則須作出利率估計。本集團使 用可觀察輸入數據估計增量借款 利率,並須作出若干實體特定的 估計。

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group principally focuses on digital and print media businesses and magazine and book publishing. Information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment, focuses on the operating results of the Group as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated and no discrete operating segment information is available. Accordingly, no operating segment information is presented.

Geographical information

(a) Revenue from external customers

Substantially all of the Group's revenues from external customers during the current and prior years were attributed to Hong Kong based on the location in which the relevant Group's activities which generated such revenues were carried out.

(b) Non-current assets

Substantially all of the Group's non-current assets as at the end of the respective reporting periods, excluding financial instruments and deferred tax assets, were located in Hong Kong based on the location of the assets.

Information about major customers

Revenue from respective external customers derived from digital and print media businesses and magazine and book publishing contributing over 10% of the total revenue of the Group for the respective years is as follows:

Customer A

客戶A

Revenue from Customer A includes revenue from a group of entities which are known to be under common control of Customer A.

4. 經營分部資料

本集團主要專注於數碼及印刷 媒體業務以及雜誌及書籍出版。 就資源分配及績效評估而言,向 本集團主要經營決策者提呈的資 料,側重於本集團的整體經營業 績,因為本集團的資源已整合且 並無分散經營分部資料可提供。 因此,並無呈列經營分部資料。

地區資料

(a) 來自外部客戶的收益 於本年度及過往年度,本集 團來自外部客戶的收益按 產生相關收益的本集團開 展相關活動所處位置絕大 部分來自香港。

(b) 非流動資產 本集團於各報告期末的大 部分非流動資產(不包括金 融工具及遞延稅項資產)按 資產所處位置均位於香港。

有關主要客戶的資料

2024

於各相關年度來自各外部客戶之 收入佔本集團總收入超過10%來 自數碼及印刷媒體業務以及雜誌 及圖書出版業務如下:

HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
23,271	27,635
來自客戶A的收益	益包括來自已知

來自客戶A的收益包括來自已知 受客戶A共同控制的一組實體的 收益。

2023

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANC	IAL STATEMENTS
	綜合財務報表附註
	去云2024年12日71日止午時

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5.	REVENUE, OTHER INCOME An analysis of revenue is as follows:	AND GAINS 5.	收益、其他收 收益分析如下:	入及收益
	Revenue from contracts with (<i>i</i>) Disaggregated revenue information		客戶合約收益 (i) 分拆收益資料	\$
			2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
	Types of goods or services Digital advertising (other than programmatic advertising)	商品或服務種類 數碼廣告 (程序化廣告除外) 程序化廣生	181,646	183,030
	Programmatic advertising Total digital advertising Print advertising Circulation	程序化廣告 數碼廣告總額 印刷廣告 發行	17,644 199,290 5,545 2,392	28,504 211,534 6,760 2,591
	Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益總額	207,227	220,885
	Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time	收益確認時間 某個時間點 隨著時間	142,491 64,736	155,181 65,704
	Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益總額	207,227	220,885

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period and recognised from performance obligations satisfied in previous periods: 下表載列於報告期初計入 合約負債及於過往期間就 達成履約責任而於本報告 期間確認的收益金額:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of reporting period:	於報告期初計入合約 負債的已確認收益:		
Circulation	發行	217	223
Digital advertising	數碼廣告	1,523	1,158
		1,740	1,381

於過
行
期
間
達
成
履
約

責任確認的收益:

未能確認的銷售商品

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(i) Disaggregated revenue information (continued)

5. 收益、其他收入及收益 (續) 客戶合約收益(續)

(i) 分拆收益資料(續)



(ii) **履約責**任 有關本集團履約責任之資 料概述如下:

數碼廣告(包括程序化廣告)

履約責任一般於完成有關 服務或交付/發佈產品時, 或提供服務之期限後履行, 而付款一般於交付時或自 發票日期起計90日內到期。

印刷廣告

履約責任一般於刊發印刷 廣告時履行,而付款一般自 發票日期起計90日內到期。

發行

履約責任一般於交付雜誌 或書籍時達成,付款一般根 據有關協議所載由有關人 士協定之條款釐定。就訂購 收入而言,通常須預先或於 各有關期初付款。

(ii) Performance obligations

Revenue recognised from performance obligations

satisfied in previous period:

Sale of goods not previously recognised due to constraints

on variable consideration

Information about the Group's performance obligations is summarised below:

Digital advertising (including programmatic advertising)

The performance obligation is generally satisfied upon the related services are performed or products are delivered/published, or over time as services are rendered, and payment is normally due upon delivery or within 90 days from the date of billing.

Print advertising

The performance obligation is generally satisfied upon the print advertisement is published and payment is generally due within 90 days from the date of billing.

Circulation

The performance obligation is generally satisfied upon delivery of the magazines or books and payment is generally based on terms agreed by the relevant parties as set out in respective agreements. For subscription revenue, payment in advance or at the beginning of each relevant period is normally required.

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

(ii) Performance obligations (continued) Practical expedient

As a practical expedient, the transaction prices allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) are not disclosed because all the remaining performance obligations are part of respective contracts that have an original expected duration of one year or less.

5. 收益、其他收入及收益 (續) 客戶合約收益(續)

(ii) **腐約責任(續**) 實務權宜 在實務權宜上,由於所有其 餘履約責任均為各自合約 的一部分,而原預期年期為 一年或以下,故前無披露分 配至其餘履約責任(未履行 或部分未履行)的交易價格。

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Other income and gains	其他收入及收益		
Bank interest income	銀行利息收入	5,293	3,033
Accretion of interest on rental	已付租金按金利息累加		
deposit paid		91	88
Government subsidies*	政府補貼*	130	-
Commission income	佣金收入	194	138
Licensing of content	內容許可	39	38
Sale of scraps	銷售廢料	44	46
Others	其他	752	1,087
		6,543	4,430
* The government subsidier	* represented the	两店站时也已	山坂禾洪時回行政

The government subsidies represented the amounts received under the Reimbursement of Maternity Leave Pay Schedule of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administration Region. There were no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to the subsidies.

政府補貼指匕收杳港特別行政 區政府項下發還產假薪酬計劃 的款項。概無與該等補貼有關 的未履行條件或者或然事項。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

6. 除税前溢利

本集團除稅前溢利已扣除/(計入)以下各項:

			2024	2023
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Cost of goods sold and	已售商品及已提供其他			
other services rendered	服務的成本		56,371	57,738
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
plant and equipment		13	4,677	4,356
Depreciation of right-of-use	使用權資產折舊			
assets		14	9,976	12,270
Amortisation of intangible	無形資產攤銷 ^			
assets^		15	520	340
Lease payments not included	未計入租賃負債計量的			
in the measurement of lease	租賃付款			
liabilities		14	96	164
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		1,431	1,590
Listing expenses	上市開支		-	7,669
Employee benefit expense	僱員福利開支(包括董事 马士要行政人员的			
(including directors' and	及主要行政人員的 恭刪(## # # 0));			
chief executive's	薪酬 <i>(附註8)</i>):			
remuneration (<i>note 8</i>)): Salaries, bonuses, allowances	s 薪金、花紅、津貼及			
and other benefits	, 新亚、 化和、 年 加 及 其他 福 利		99,900	97,479
Pension scheme	退休金計劃供款*		55,500	97,479
contributions* (defined	(界定供款計劃)			
contribution schemes)			3,528	3,422
Total	總計		103,428	100,901
			103,428	100,901
Reversal of impairment of	貿易應收款項減值撥回	10		(1.10.0)
trade receivables, net	淨額	16	(1,234)	(1,186)
Write-off of items of property,			15	
plant and equipment	設備項目		15	-
Foreign exchange differences,	训進左谼冲祝		(20)	
net			(28)	(26)
^ The amortisation of intangi	ble assets for the year is	. ^	年內無形資產	「攤銷計入綜合損

The amortisation of intangible assets for the year is included in "Depreciation and amortisation" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

* There are no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group as the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions. At 31 December 2024, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to the pension scheme(s) in future years (2023: Nil). 年內無形資產攤銷計入綜合損 益表「折舊及攤銷」內。

本集團並無可用作僱主的沒 收供款以降低現有供款水平。 於2024年12月31日,本集團 並無已沒收供款可供扣減未來 年度之退休金計劃供款(2023 年:無)。

7. FINANCE COSTS

		Note	
		附言主	
Interest on bank borrowings	銀行借款利息		
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	14	

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("**Stock Exchange**") ("**Listing Rules**"), section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Hong Kong Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

7. 融資成本

	2024	2023
Note 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
PIJOL	1 1276	,,,_
	-	581
14	2,742	3,185
	2,742	3,766

8. 董事及主要行政人員酬 金

本年度,根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)證券上市規則 (「**上市規則**」)、香港公司條例第 383(1)(a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及 香港公司(披露董事利益資料)規 例第2部披露之董事及主要行政 人員之酬金如下:

2024	2023
HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
990	486
2,112	2,112
3,000	-
18	18
5,130	2,130
6,120	2,616

(a) 獨立非執行董事

年內支付予獨立非執行董 事之袍金如下:

2024	2023
HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
180 180	93 93
180	93
540	279

除上文所披露者外,年內並 無應付獨立非執行董事之 其他薪酬(2023年:無)。

Fees	袍金
Other emoluments: Salaries, allowances and other	其他酬金: 薪金、津貼及其他福利
benefits	
Discretionary bonus	酌情花紅
Pension scheme contributions	退休金計劃供款
Subtotal	┘√言↑
Total fees and other emoluments	袍金及其他酬金總額

(a) Independent non-executive directors

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

Ms.	Cheng Ka Yu
Mr.	Mak Kam Chiu
Mr.	Niu Zhongjie

鄭嘉裕女士	
麥錦釗先生	
牛鍾洁先生	

Save as disclosed above, there were no other emoluments payable to the independent nonexecutive directors during the year (2023: Nil). Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

8. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION (continued)

8. 董事及主要行政人員酬金(續)
 (b)執行董事及主要行政

人員

(b) Executive directors and the chief executive

	allov anc Fees b	laries, ances other Discretionary nefits bonus	contributions	Total remuneration
		、津貼 他福利 酌情花紅	退休金 計劃供款	酬金總額
	HK\$'000 Hk	\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 千港元
2024 2024年 Executive directors: 執行董事: Mr. Wong Chi Fai 黄志輝先生	150		-	150
Mr. Lee Yat Pui, Royce* 李一培先生* Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa 范敏嫦女士	150 150	2,112 3,000	18 -	5,280 150
Total 總計	450	2,112 3,000	18	5,580
2023 2023年 Executive directors: 執行董事: Mr. Wong Chi Fai 黄志輝先生	69		- 10	69
Ms. Fan Man Seung, Vanessa	69			2,199 69 2,337
Mr. Lee Yat Pui, Royce* 李一培先生*	69 69 207	2,11 2,11		· ·

* Chief executive officer

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive officer waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.

* 行政總裁

年內,概無董事或行政總裁 放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬 安排。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

9. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included one (2023: one) director, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 8 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining four (2023: four) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

9. 五名最高薪僱員

年內,五名最高薪僱員包括一名 (2023年:一名)董事,其酬金 詳情載於上文附註8。餘下四名 (2023年:四名)並非本公司董 事又非主要行政人員之最高薪僱 員於年內之酬金詳情如下:

2024	2023
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
5,940	5,476
1,211	688
72	72
7,223	6,236

薪酬介乎以下範圍之非董事及非 主要行政人員之最高薪酬僱員人 數如下:

 Number of employees

 僱員人數

 2024
 2023

 1

 3
 3

 1

 4
 4

Salaries, allowances and other
benefits
Discretionary bonuses
Pension scheme contributions
Total

薪金、津貼及其他福利

酌情花紅 退休金計劃供款 總計

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001 港元至
	1,500,000港元
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001 港元至
	2,000,000港元
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001 港元至
	2,500,000港元
Total	總計

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

10. INCOME TAX

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2023: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year.

For the subsidiary in Mainland China, Corporate Income Tax has been provided at the rate of 25% (2023: 25%) for the year.

10. 所得税

於本年度內,香港利得稅乃就在 香港產生的估計應課稅溢利按稅 率16.5%(2023年:16.5%)作出 撥備。

就中國內地成立的附屬公司而 言,於本年度按25%(2023年: 25%)之稅率計提企業所得稅撥 備。

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current — Hong Kong	即期-香港		
Charge for the year	年內支出	2,019	4,349
Under/(over)provision in prior	過往年度撥備不足/		
years	(超額撥備)	(17)	100
Current — Mainland China	即期一中國內地		
Charge for the year	年內支出	63	65
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	(64)	(12)
Deferred (note 22)	遞延 <i>(附註22)</i>	(1,093)	(157)
Total tax charge for the year	本年度稅項支出總額	908	4,345

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

10. INCOME TAX (continued)

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory profits tax rate for Hong Kong in which the Company and the majority of its subsidiaries operate and/or are domiciled to the tax charge at the effective tax rate is as follows:

10. 所得税(續)

按本公司及其大部分附屬公司經 營及/或註冊於香港之法定利得 稅率計算之適用於除稅前溢利之 稅項開支,與按實際稅率計算之 稅項開支之對賬如下:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before tax	除稅前溢利	14,399	18,870
Tax at the Hong Kong statutory tax rate of 16.5% (2023: 16.5%)	按香港法定税率16.5% (2023年:16.5%)計算之		
Effect of different tax rate	稅項 海外當局實施不同稅率	2,376	3,114
enacted by overseas authority Adjustments in respect of	的影響 過往期間即期稅項調整	(161)	(171)
current tax of previous periods		(81)	88
Effect on deferred tax of	稅務法規變動對遞延稅項		
change in tax legislation	的影響	(1,082)	-
Income not subject to tax	毋須課稅收入	(873)	(500)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣稅開支	699	1,446
Tax losses utilised from previous	動用過往期間的稅項虧損		
periods		(5)	-
Tax losses not recognised	未確認稅項虧損	-	399
Others	其他	35	(31)
Tax charge at the Group's	按本集團實際稅率計算的		
effective tax rate	稅項支出	908	4,345

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

11. DIVIDENDS

11. 股息

	2024	2023
	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Interim – HK1.67 cents (2023: 中期-每股普通股1.67港仙 HK\$500) per ordinary share (2023年:500港元) Proposed final – HK2.5 cents 建議末期-每股普通股 (2023: HK1.2 cents) per ordinary 2.5港仙(2023年:	10,020	10,000
share 1.2港仙)	15,000	7,200
	25,020	17,200

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders ("Shareholders") at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

12. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic earnings per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent of HK\$13,491,000 (2023: HK\$14,525,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 600,000,000 outstanding during the year (2023: 519,041,096, as adjusted retrospectively to reflect the capitalisation issue of the Company during that year (note 23(b))).

In determining the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year ended 31 December 2023, the capitalisation issue of the Company during that year, as further detailed in note 23(b) to the financial statements, was deemed to have completed on 1 January 2023.

The Group had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

本年度之建議末期股息須經本公 司股東(「股東」)於應屆股東週年 大會上批准。

12. 母公司普通股權益擁有 人應佔每股盈利

每股基本盈利金額按母公司 普通股權益持有人應佔年內 溢利13,491,000港元(2023 年:14,525,000港元)及年內 發行在外普通股加權平均數 600,000,000股(2023年: 519,041,096股,已追溯調整以 反映本公司於該年度進行之資本 化發行(附註23(b)))計算。

於釐定截至2023年12月31日止 年度發行在外普通股加權平均數 時,本公司於該年度進行之資本 化發行(於財務報表附註23(b) 內進一步詳述)被視為已於2023 年1月1日完成。

於截至2024年及2023年12月 31日止年度,本集團並無已發行 潛在攤薄普通股。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度



- As adjusted retrospectively to reflect the capitalisation issue of the Company during that year.
- 已追溯調整以反映本公司於該 年度進行之資本化發行。

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 13. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold improvements	Furniture, fixtures and equipment	Total
		租賃裝修	傢私丶固定裝置 及設備	總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
31 December 2024	2024年12月31日			
At 1 January 2024:	於2024年1月1日:			
Cost Accumulated depreciation	成本 累計折舊	22,872	10,048	32,920
Net carrying amount	系可加置 賬面淨值	(7,217)	<u>(5,862)</u> 4,186	(13,079) 19,841
		13,033	4,100	13,041
At 1 January 2024, net of accumulated depreciation	於2024年1月1日, 扣除累計折舊	15,655	4,186	19,841
Additions	いの糸口が含	481	4,180	928
Write-off	撇銷	-	(15)	(15)
Depreciation provided during	年內折舊撥備			
the year		(2,895)	(1,782)	(4,677)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整		(26)	(26)
At 31 December 2024, net of accumulated depreciation	於2024年12月31日, 扣除累計折舊	13,241	2,810	16,051
At 31 December 2024:	於2024年12月31日:			
Cost	成本	23,353	10,240	33,593
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(10,112)	(7,430)	(17,542)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	13,241	2,810	16,051

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

13. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 13. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(continued)

		Leasehold	Furniture, fixtures and	
		improvements	equipment 傢私、固定裝置	Total
		租賃裝修	及設備	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
31 December 2023	2023年12月31日			
At 1 January 2023:	於2023年1月1日:			
Cost	成本	22,841	8,665	31,506
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(4,359)	(4,537)	(8,896)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	18,482	4,128	22,610
At 1 January 2023, net of	於 2023 年1月1日,			
accumulated depreciation	扣除累計折舊	18,482	4,128	22,610
Additions	添置	27	1,566	1,593
Depreciation provided during	年內折舊撥備			
the year		(2,854)	(1,502)	(4,356)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整		(6)	(6)
At 31 December 2023, net of	於2023年12月31日,			
accumulated depreciation	扣除累計折舊	15,655	4,186	19,841
At 31 December 2023:	於2023年12月31日:			
Cost	成本	22,872	10,048	32,920
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(7,217)	(5,862)	(13,079)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	15,655	4,186	19,841

14. LEASES

The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various properties, carparks and items of equipment used in its operations. Leases of equipment generally have a lease term of 24 months, while properties generally have lease terms between 2 and 8 years. Carparks and certain properties have lease terms of 12 months or less.

14. 租賃 本集團作為承租人

本集團擁有經營中使用的各種物 業、停車場及設備項目合約。設 備租賃的租期通常為24個月, 而物業的租期通常為2至8年。 停車場及若干物業的租期為12個 月或以內。

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

14. LEASES (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

14. 租賃 (續) 本集團作為承租人 (續)

(a) 使用權資產 年內本集團使用權資產之 賬面值及變動載列如下:

		Properties 物業 HK\$'000 千港元	Equipment 設備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> 千港元
As at 1 January 2023 Modifications Depreciation charge	於 2023 年1月1日 修改 折舊支出	60,234 1,179 (9,838)	2,555 388 (2,432)	62,789 1,567 (12,270)
As at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於2023年12月31日及 2024年1月1日	51,575	511	52,086
Depreciation charge Exchange realignment	折舊支出 匯兌調整	(9,720) 69	(256)	(9,976) 69
As at 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	41,924	255	42,179

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

(b) 租賃負債 年內,租賃負債的賬面值及 其變動如下:

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 January Lease modifications Accretion of interest	於1月1日之賬面值 租賃修改 年內確認利息增加	54,486 -	63,492 1,567
recognised during the year Payments Exchange realignment Carrying amount at	付款 匯兌調整 於12月31日之賬面值	2,742 (12,220) <u>66</u>	3,185 (13,758)
31 December Analysed into: Current portion Non-current portion	分析為: 流動部分 非流動部分	45,074 9,426 35,648	54,486 9,412 45,074
Lease liabilities repayable: Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth years,	應償還租賃負債: 一年 第二年 第三至第五年	9,426 9,254	9,412 9,426
inclusive Beyond five years	(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	26,394 	29,357 6,291 54,486

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 30 to the financial statements.

租賃負債之到期日分析於 財務報表附註30披露。

綜合財務報表附註

2023

千港元

3,185

12,270

164

15,619

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

14. 租賃(續) **14. LEASES** (continued) 本集團作為承租人(續) **The Group as a lessee** (continued) (c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in (c) 於損益中確認有關租賃之 relation to leases are as follows: 金額如下: 2024 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 Interest on lease liabilities 租賃負債利息 2,742 使用權資產折舊開支 Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets 9,976 未計入租賃負債計量 Lease payments not included 的租賃付款(計入其他 in the measurement of lease 開支,淨額) liabilities (included in other expenses, net) 96 Total amount recognised in 於損益中確認之總額 profit or loss 12,814

(d) The total cash outflow for leases are disclosed in note 26(c) to the financial statements.

(d) 租賃之現金流出總額於財 務報表附註26(c)披露。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

15. 無形資產

		Mobile applications 流動應用程式 HK\$'000 千港元
31 December 2024	2024年12月31日	
Cost at 1 January 2024, net of accumulated amortisation Additions — acquired separately Amortisation provided during the year At 31 December 2024	於2024年1月1日之成本, 扣除累計攤銷 添置一單獨收購 年內攤銷 於2024年12月31日	256 1,842 (520) 1,578
At 31 December 2024: Cost Accumulated amortisation Net carrying amount	於2024年12月31日: 成本 累計攤銷 賬面淨值	3,513 (1,935) 1,578
31 December 2023	2023年12月31日	
At 1 January 2023 Cost Accumulated amortisation Net carrying amount	於2023年1月1日 成本 累計攤銷 賬面淨值	1,483 (1,075) 408
Cost at 1 January 2023, net of accumulated amortisation Additions — acquired separately Amortisation provided during the year At 31 December 2023	於2023年1月1日之成本, 扣除累計攤銷 添置-單獨收購 年內攤銷 於2023年12月31日	408 188 (340) 256
At 31 December 2023 and at 1 January 2024: Cost Accumulated amortisation Net carrying amount	於2023年12月31日及 於2024年1月1日: 成本 累計攤銷 賬面淨值	1,671 (1,415) 256

16. TRADE RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables	貿易應收款項
Impairment	減值
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值

The Group's trading terms/settlement arrangements with its customers are generally based on specific contractual terms or in accordance with specific arrangements/trade practices with reference to their historical payment records and/or business relationships, which might include payment in advance, payment upon delivery/service rendered or with credit period extending up to 90 days. Settlements of circulation revenues from sales of magazine are generally made by respective distributors to the Group around 10 days after the verification of the quantity of magazines sold. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding trade receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed by management. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are noninterest-bearing.

Included in the Group's trade receivables at 31 December 2023 were amounts due from members of the Emperor Group other than members of a group in which AY Holdings was the ultimate holding company ("**AY Holdings Group**") ("**Other Members of the Emperor Group**") of approximately HK\$211,000 as at 31 December 2023, which were unsecured, noninterest-bearing and repayable on demand.

At 31 December 2023, certain of the Group's trade receivables, with a net carrying amount of approximately HK\$50 million, were pledged to secure a bank loan facility granted to the Group.

16. 貿易應收款項

2024	2023
НК\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
58,490	66,495
(2,523)	(3,832)
55,967	62,663

於2023年12月31日,本集團貿易應收款項中包括於2023年12月31日應收英皇集團成員(除楊受成產業控股於當中為最終控股公司的集團成員公司(「楊受成產業控股集團」)外)(「英皇集團其他成員」)之款項約211,000港元,該等款項為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。

於2023年12月31日,本集團賬 面淨值約50,000,000港元之若 干貿易應收款項已抵押作為本集 團獲授銀行貸款融資之擔保。

綜合財務報表附註

Within 1 month

Over 6 months

Amount written off as uncollectible At end of year

1 to 3 months 3 to 6 months

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

16. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

16. 貿易應收款項(續)

基於發票日期及扣除虧損撥備 後,於報告期末的貿易應收款項 賬齡分析如下:

2024	2023
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
17,912	26,435
22,264	21,342
12,044	11,327
3,747	3,559
55,967	62,663

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款項減值虧損撥備之變 動如下:

2023
HK\$'000
千港元
5,100
(1,186)
(82)
3,832

於各報告日期使用撥備矩陣或其 他適用方法計算預期信貸虧損, 以進行減值分析。撥備率一般按 逾期日計算。有關計算主要反映 於報告日期有關過往事件、目前 狀況及未來經濟狀況預測之合理 及可支持資料。

At beginning of year Reversal of impairment,	於年初 減值撥回,淨額 <i>(附註6)</i>
net (<i>note 6</i>)	

撇銷為不可收回的金額

於年末

1個月內 1至3個月

3至6個月 6個月以上

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix, or other applicable approach, to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are generally based on days past due. The calculation mainly reflects, as appropriate, reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

16. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables:

As at 31 December 2024

16. 貿易應收款項(續)

以下載列有關本集團貿易應收款 項之信貸風險之資料:

於2024年12月31日

於2023年12月31日

	Current to past due less than 1 month 即期至 逾期 少於1個月	Past due 1 to 3 months 逾期 1至3個月	Past due 3 to 6 months 逾期 3至6個月	Past due 6 to 9 months 逾期 6至9個月	Past due over 9 months 逾期 9個月以上	,	Total 總計
Expected credit loss rate 預期信貸虧損率	1.15%	2.08%	4.51%	12.51%	62.25%	100%	4.31%
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000) 總賬面值(千港元) Expected credit losses (HK\$'000) 預期信貸虧損(千港元)	25,061 288	18,780 390	10,762 485	2,654 332	543 338	690 690	58,490 2,523

As at 31 December 2023

Prepayments

Current portion

Deposits and other receivables

Less: Non-current portion

		Current to past due less than 1 month 即期至	Past due 1 to 3 months	Past due 3 to 6 months	Past due 6 to 9 months	Past due over 9 months	Credit-	Total
		逾期 少於1個月	逾期 1至3個月	逾期 3至6個月	逾期 6至9個月	逾期 9個月以上	已信貸減值	物計
Expected credit loss rate	預期信貸虧損率	1.22%	2.28%	4.61%	10.92%	62.04%	100%	5.76%
Gross carrying amount (HK\$'000 Expected credit losses (HK\$'000		26,763 327	21,840 498	11,874 547	2,858 312	2,666 1,654		66,495 3,832

預付款項

流動部分

按金及其他應收款項

減:非流動部分

17. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

17. 預付款項、按金及其他 應收款項

2024	2023
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,053	2,581
4,257	4,645
7,310	7,226
(3,074)	(2,983)
4,236	4,243

The financial assets included in the above balances relate to receivables for which there was no recent history of significant default and past due amounts. As at 31 December 2023 and 2024, the loss allowance was assessed by management to be minimal. 計入上述結餘的金融資產與近期 並無重大違約和逾期款項的應收 款項有關。於2023年及2024 年12月31日,管理層評估虧損撥 備為微不足道。 現金及銀行結餘 定期存款

減:已抵押銀行存款 現金及現金等價物

小計

港元

其他

人民幣

現金及現金等價物

18. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED BANK DEPOSIT

Cash and bank balances

Less: Pledged bank deposit

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents

Time deposits Subtotal

HK\$

RMB

Others

18. 現金及現金等價物及已 抵押銀行存款

2024	2023
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
18,081	14,341
132,716	129,197
150,797	143,538
(800)	(800)
149,997	142,738

The Group's cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團的現金及現金等價物乃以 下列貨幣計值:

2024	2023
HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
148,936	141,559
936	1,054
125	125
149,997	142,738

The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Certain cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on relevant bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged bank deposit are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default.

The Group's credit card facilities have been secured by the pledge of certain bank deposit of the Group amounting to HK\$800,000 (2023: HK\$800,000) as at 31 December 2024. 人民幣不可自由兌換為其他貨幣,然而,根據中國內地之外匯 管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管 理規定,本集團獲准透過獲授權 進行外匯業務之銀行將人民幣兌 換為其他貨幣。

若干存放於銀行的現金按浮動利 率賺取利息,利率根據有關銀行 存款利率計算。短期定期存款的 存款期由一天至三個月不等,視 乎本集團的即時現金需求而定, 並按各短期定期存款利率賺取利 息。銀行結餘及已抵押銀行存款 乃存於近期並無違約記錄且信譽 良好之銀行。

於2024年12月31日,本集團 之信用卡信貸以本集團金額 為800,000港元(2023年: 800,000港元)之若干銀行存款 作抵押。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

19. TRADE PAYABLES

Less than 30 days

More than 90 days

Contract liabilities

demand.

Total

Notes:

Other payables and accruals*

30 to 90 days

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

19. 貿易應付款項

基於發票日期,於報告期末貿易 應付款項的賬齡分析如下:

2024	2023
HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
4,235	6,140
234	224
107	34
4,576	6,398

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 30 to 90-day terms.

30天以內 30至90天

90天以上

合約負債

總計

Included in the Group's other payables and accruals

are amounts due to the members of the AY Holdings Group, and directors of the Company, of approximately

HK\$1,645,000 (2023: HK\$300,000) and HK\$248,000

(2023: HK\$248,000), respectively. These balances

are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on

(a) Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

其他應付款項及 應計費用*

貿易應付款項為免息且一般以介 乎30至90天為期結算。

20. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

<i>,</i>	IJ	
	2024	2023
Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
附語	千港元	千港元
(a) (b)	3,528	1,749
	20,960	18,547
	24,488	20,296

20.其他應付款項及應計費

本集團其他應付款項及應計費
 用包括應付楊受成產業控股集
 團之成員公司以及本公司董
 事之款項分別約1,645,000港
 元(2023年:300,000港元))
 及248,000港元(2023年:248,000港元)。該等結餘為
 無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。

附註:

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(a) 合約負債詳情如下:

		31 December 2024 2024年 12月31日	31 December 2023 2023年 12月31日	1 January 2023 2023年 1月1日
Payments received in	預收款項:	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
advance: Circulation Digital advertising	發行 數碼廣告	183 3,345	217 1,532	223 1,287
Total contract liabilities	合約負債總額	3,528	1,749	1,510

20. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

(continued) Notes: (continued)

(a) (continued)

Contract liabilities include short-term advances received from customers relating to circulation and digital advertising. The increase in contract liabilities in 2024 and 2023 was mainly due to short-term advances received from customers in relation to digital advertising near the end of the respective years.

(b) Included in the Group's other payables at 31 December 2024 was an aggregate amount of approximately HK\$73,000 (2023: HK\$342,000) in connection with the additions of property, plant and equipment.

Save as the amounts due to related parties as detailed above, other payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 30 to 90-day terms.

21. PROVISION

Pursuant to the terms of relevant tenancy agreements, the Group, as the lessee of certain properties, has the obligations to reinstate certain leased properties to their original state or to a condition as specified in the respective tenancy agreements at the end/upon the termination of the relevant lease terms.

Provision for reinstatement costs

20.其他應付款項及應計費用(續)

附註:(續)

(a) *(續)*

合約負債包括與發行及數碼廣告相關的已收客戶的短期預付款。2024年及2023年合約負債增加主要由於接近相關年度未收到的客戶有關數碼廣告的短期墊款增加所致。

(b) 於2024年12月31日,本集團 就添置物業、廠房及裝置之其 他應付款項總額約為73,000 港元(2023年:342,000港 元)。

除上文詳述的應付關聯方款項外, 其他應付款項為免息且一般以介乎 30至90天為期結算。

21. 撥備

根據相關租賃協議之條款,本集 團作為若干租賃物業之承租人, 有責任於相關租賃期滿後/終止 時將若干租賃物業恢復成各租賃 協議訂明之原狀或狀況。

修復成本撥備

HK\$'000 千港元

At 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023, 於2023年1月1日、2023年12月31日、 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024 2024年1月1日及2024年12月31日 ______6,557

The provision for reinstatement costs was determined based on certain assumptions and estimates made by management of the Group with reference to, inter alia, past experience and available information. The assumptions and estimates are reviewed and revised, where appropriate, at least at the end of each reporting period. 修復成本撥備乃基於本集團管理 層参照過往經驗及現有資料作出 之若干假設及估計而釐定。該等 假設及估計至少於各報告期末進 行檢討及修訂。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

22. DEFERRED TAX

The movements in deferred tax assets during the year are as follows:

Deferred tax assets

22. 遞延税項

年內,遞延稅項資產之變動如下:

			Depreciation in exceed of related depreciation allowance/ (depreciation allowance in excess of related depreciation) 折舊超過相關 折舊撥備/ (折舊撥備超過	Provision	Impairment of trade receivables 貿易應收	Others	Total
		Note 附註	相關折舊) HK\$'000 千港元	撥備 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>	款項減值 HK\$'000 千港元	其他 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023 Deferred tax credited/(charged) to profit or loss during the year	於2023年1月1日 年內於損益計入/(扣除) 之遞延税項	10	(255) 314	-	763 (232)	- 75	508 157
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於2023年12月31日及 2024年1月1日		59	-	531	75	665
Deferred tax credited/(charged) to profit or loss during the year At 31 December 2024	年內於損益計入/(扣除) 之遞延稅項 於2024年12月31日	10	280 339	1,082 1,082	(229) 302	(40)	1,093 1,758

The Group has tax losses arising in Hong Kong of approximately HK\$33,480,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$33,508,000), that are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits arising in Hong Kong of the companies in which the losses arose.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these tax losses due to the unpredictability of the future taxable profits streams of the subsidiaries in which the tax losses arose and it is currently not considered probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders. 於2024年12月31日,本集團 於香港產生之稅項虧損約為 33,480,000港元(2023年: 33,508,000港元),該等款項 可無限期用作抵銷產生虧損公司 於香港產生之未來應課稅溢利。

由於產生稅項虧損之附屬公司之 未來應課稅溢利流屬不可預測, 且目前不大可能有未來應課稅溢 利可供稅項虧損抵銷,故並無就 該等稅項虧損確認遞延稅項資產。

本公司向股東支付股息不會產生 所得稅後果。

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

23. ISSUED CAPITAL Shares	23. 已發行股本 股份			
			2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 1,000,000,000 (2023: 1,000,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	法定: 1,000,000, (2023年 1,000,00 每股面值(普通股	:	10,000	10,000
Issued and fully paid: 600,000,000 (2023: 600,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	已發行及繳足 600,000,0 (2023年 600,000 每股面值(普通股	00股 :	6,000	6,000
A summary of moveme authorised and issued share		-	本公司的法定及 概述如下:	已發行股本變動
		Notes 附註	Number of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: At 1 January 2023 Creation of additional authorised shares	法定: 於2023年1月1日 增設額外法定股份	(a)	5,000,000 995,000,000	50 9,950
At 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	於2023年12月31日、 2024年1月1日及 2024年12月31日		1,000,000,000	10,000
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January 2023 Capitalisation issue Issues of new shares pursuant to a share offer	已發行及悉數繳足: 於2023年1月1日 資本化發行 根據股份發售發行新股份	(b) (c)	20,000 449,980,000 150,000,000	_* 4,500 1,500
At 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	於2023年12月31日、 2024年1月1日及 2024年12月31日		600,000,000	6,000

* Amount less than HK\$1,000

* 金額少於1,000港元

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

23. ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

Shares (continued)

- (a) Pursuant to the written resolution of the Shareholders passed on 26 June 2023, the authorised share capital of the Company was increased from HK\$50,000 divided into 5,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each to HK\$10,000,000 divided into 1,000,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each, by the creation of an additional 995,000,000 shares of HK\$0.01 each, ranking pari passu in all respects with the existing shares of the Company.
- (b) Pursuant to a written resolution of the Shareholders passed on 26 June 2023, 449,980,000 ordinary shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each were allotted and issued, credited as fully paid at par, by way of capitalisation from the share premium account to the Shareholders on a pro-rata basis ("capitalisation issue"). This allotment and capitalisation issue were conditional on the share premium account of the Company being credited with the proceeds from the issue of new shares of the Company in connection with a share offer of the Company as detailed in note (c) below.
- (c) In connection with a share offer of the Company (including a placing and a public offer), 150,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each were issued at a price of HK\$0.92 per share for a total cash consideration, before share issue expenses, of approximately HK\$138,000,000.

23. 已發行股本(續) 股份(續)

附註:

- (a) 根據於2023年6月26日通過 之股東書面決議案,透過增設 額外995,000,000股每股面 值0.01港元之股份,本公司之 法定股本由50,000港元分為 5,000,000股每股面值0.01港 元之股份增加至10,000,000 港元分為1,000,000,000股 每股面值0.01港元之股份,於 所有方面與本公司現有股份享 有同等地位。
- (b) 根據於2023年6月26日通過的股東書面決議案,本公司按比例以資本化股份溢價賬方式向股東配發及發行449,980,000股本公司每股面值0.01港元的普通股,按面值入賬列為繳足(「資本化發行」)。配發及資本化發行氣構有關本公司股份發售之本公司發行新股份之所得款項計入本公司股份溢價賬後,方可作實,詳情載於下文附註(c)。
- (c) 就本公司的股份發售(包括配售及公開發售)而言, 150,000,000股每股面值0.01 港元的普通股已按每股0.92 港元的價格發行,總現金代 價(未計股份發行開支)約為 138,000,000港元。

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

24. SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Share options

The Company has adopted a share option scheme ("**Scheme**") on 26 June 2023. The major terms of the Scheme are summarised as follows:

1. Purpose of the Scheme

To enable the Company to grant options to eligible participants to subscribe for shares in the Company as incentive to encourage the eligible participants to perform their best in achieving goals for the Group or rewards for their contribution to the Group.

2. Eligibility

Eligible participants include employees (whether full time or part time), including any directors of the Company and its subsidiaries.

- **3.** Total number of shares available for issue under the Scheme
 - (a) Total number of shares available for issue as at 27 March 2025 (i.e., the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements) under the Scheme: 60,000,000 shares
 - (b) Percentage of the issued shares that it represents as at the date of approval of these consolidated financial statements: 10%

24.購股權計劃 購股權

本公司於2023年6月26日採納 一項購股權計劃(「該計劃」)。該 計劃之主要條款概述如下:

1. 該計劃之目的

讓本公司向合資格參與者 授予購股權以認購本公司 股份,作為鼓勵合資格參加 者為實現集團目標而努力 或其對本集團所做貢獻之 獎勵。

- 資格 合資格參與者包括全職或 兼職僱員(包括本公司及其 附屬公司任何董事)。
- 3. 根據該計劃可予發行之股 份總數
 - (a) 根據該計劃於2025年 3月27日(即該等綜合 財務報表之批准日期) 可予發行之股份總數:
 60,000,000股股份
 - (b) 於該等綜合財務報表 之批准日期其佔已發 行股份之百分比:10%

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

24. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

Share options (continued)

- 4. Maximum entitlement of each eligible participant under the Scheme
 - (a) not to exceed 1% of the shares in issue in any 12-month period unless approved by the Shareholders; and
 - (b) options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors of the Company or their respective associates in any 12-month period exceeding 0.1% of the shares in issue must be approved by the Shareholders.
- 5. Period within which the option may be exercised by the grantee under the Scheme

At any time from the date of acceptance of the option to such a date determined by the board of directors of the Company ("**Board**") but in any event not exceeding 10 years from the date of grant.

6. Vesting period of options granted under the Scheme

In any event shall not be less than 12 months unless otherwise determined by the Board (or the Remuneration Committee of the Company where the grantee is a director and/or senior management).

24.購股權計劃(續) 購股權(續)

- 該計劃項下每名合資格參 與者可獲授權益上限
 - (a)除非獲股東批准,否則在任何12個月內不得超過已發行股份之 1%;及
 - (b) 於任何12個月內向主要股東或本公司獨立非執行董事或彼等各自之聯繫人授出之購股權,若超過已發行股份之0.1%,則須經股東批准。
- 5. 根據該計劃,承授人可以行 使購股權的期限 於接納購股權日期起至本 公司董事會(「董事會」)釐 定之有關日期內之任何時 間,惟於任何情況下,不得 超過授出日期起計10年。
- 6. 依該計劃授予的購股權的 歸屬期

在任何情況下不得少於12 個月,除非董事會(或本公 司薪酬委員會,若承授人為 董事及/或高級管理人員) 另有釐定。 Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

24. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

Share options (continued)

- (a) Price payable on application or acceptance of the option: HK\$1.00;
 - (b) The period within which payments or calls must or may be made: Within 28 days from the date of grant; and
 - (c) Period within which loans for such purposes of the payments or calls must be repaid: Not applicable.

8. Basis for determining the exercise price

The exercise price is determined by the Board (subject to adjustment) and will not be less than the highest of (a) the closing price of the share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of grant; (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (c) the nominal value of a share.

9. The remaining life of the Scheme

The Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on its effective date, being 17 July 2023.

During the year, no option was outstanding, granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Scheme (2023: Nil).

24.購股權計劃(續)

購股權(續)

- (a) 申請或接納購股權時 所須繳付的價格:1.00
 港元;
 - (b) 必須或可能付款或通 知付款之期限:授出 日期起計28日內;及
 - (c) 必須償還作付款或通 知付款用途的貸款期 限:不適用。

着定行使價之基準 行使價(可進行調整)乃由 董事會釐定,惟不得低於下 列最高者:(a)於授予日期 在聯交所每日報價表所示 之股份收市價;(b)於緊接 授予日期前五個交易日股 份在聯交所每日報價表所 示之平均收市價;及(c)股 份面值。

 該計劃尚餘之年期 購股權計劃自其生效日期 (即2023年7月17日)起計 10年內有效及生效。

於本年度,該計劃項下概無購股 權尚未行使、獲授出、獲行使、 被註銷或已告失效(2023年: 無)。

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

25. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 65 of the financial statements.

Other reserves

The other reserves were mainly arising from:

- (a) the differences between the aggregate amount of issued capital and share premium of the relevant subsidiaries and the nominal value of an entity's shares issued for the acquisition thereof in prior periods;
- (b) the acquisition of additional 15% equity interest in a subsidiary from a non-controlling shareholder in 2006 and was deemed as a capital contribution;
- (c) the current accounts waived by the then immediate holding company as a result of the deregistration of certain subsidiaries in prior periods;
- (d) the deemed contribution arising from the discounting of a non-current interest-free loan from the then immediate holding company in prior periods; and
- (e) the difference between the nominal amount of the issued capital of New Media Group Limited and the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued in exchange therefor pursuant to a reorganisation in 2021.

25.儲備

本集團儲備金額及其於本年度及 過往年度之變動呈列於財務報表 第65頁之綜合權益變動表。

其他儲備

其他儲備主要來自:

- (a) 附屬公司已發行股本及股份溢價總額與以往期間就 收購有關附屬公司而發行 之實體股份面值之差額;
- (b) 於2006年自一名非控股股 東額外購入附屬公司之15% 股權,因而被視為注資;
- (c)過往期間若干附屬公司取 消註冊而由當時直接控股 公司豁免之流動賬戶;
- (d) 過往期間折現當時直接控 股公司非即期免息貸款所 產生之視作注資;及
- (e)新傳媒集團有限公司已發行股本面值與本公司根據 2021年之重組為交換該等股本而發行之股份面值之差額。
26. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (a) Major non-cash transactions

> During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group had non-cash lease modifications resulting in a net increase in right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$1,567,000 and lease liabilities of approximately HK\$1,567,000, respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for properties and equipment.

(b) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

26. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 主要非現金交易

於截至2023年12月31日止 年度,本集團作出非現金租 賃修改,導致物業及設備租 賃安排之使用權資產淨增 加約1,567,000港元及租賃 負債增加約1,567,000港元。

(b) 融資活動所產生之負 **信**變動

		Lease liabilities 租賃負債	Interest- bearing bank borrowings 計息銀行借款
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
2024	2024年	,,0,0	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
At 1 January 2024 Changes from financing cash flows Interest expense Exchange realignment At 31 December 2024	於2024年1月1日 融資現金流量變動 利息開支 匯兌調整 於2024年12月31日	54,486 (12,220) 2,742 66 45,074	
2023	2023年		
At 1 January 2023 Changes from financing cash flows Lease modifications Interest expense At 31 December 2023	於2023年1月1日 融資現金流量變動 租賃修改 利息開支 於2023年12月31日	63,492 (13,758) 1,567 3,185 54,486	21,000 (21,000)

(c) Total cash outflow for leases

The total cash outflow for leases included in the consolidated statement of cash flows is as follows:

Within operating activities	經營活動範圍
Within financing activities	融資活動範圍

(c) 租賃之現金流出總額 計入綜合現金流量表的租

賃現金流出總額如下:

2024	2023
HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
96	164
12,220	13,758
12,316	13,922

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

27. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (INCLUDING OTHER MEMBERS OF THE EMPEROR GROUP)

(a) In addition to the transactions, arrangements and balances detailed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

27.與關連人士(包括英皇集 團其他成員)進行之交易

(a) 除該等財務報表其他地方 所詳述之交易、安排及結餘 **外**,本集團於本年度與關聯 方擁有以下交易:

			2024	2023
		Note 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Other members of the AY Holdings Group Reimbursements of	楊受成產業控股集團 其他成員 償付行政開支			
administrative expenses		(i)	3,440	1,121
Note:			附註:	

- The amounts charged were with reference to the (i) costs incurred.
- (b) The Group had the following transactions with Other Members of the Emperor Group during the year:

		Notes 附註
Advertising income	廣告收入	(i)
Production costs and	製作成本及印刷成本	
printing costs		(ii)
Consultancy fee	顧問費	(iii)
Sponsor fee	保薦費	(iv)
Underwriting fee	包銷費用	(V)
Overall coordinator's fee	整體協調人費用	(vi)

Notes:

- Advertising income was charged based on terms (i) as agreed by the relevant parties as set out in respective agreements.
- (ii) Production costs and printing costs were charged based on terms as agreed by the relevant parties as set out in respective agreements.
- (iii) Consultancy fee paid for financial advisory services was charged based on terms as agreed by the relevant parties as set out in respective agreements.

生之成本。

收取之金額乃參考所產

(b) 於年內,本集團與英皇集團 其他成員有以下交易:

(i)

	2024	2023
otes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
tā£	千港元	千港元
(i)	209	1,280
ïi)	215	279
iii)	240	110
iv)	-	565
V)	-	3,795
vi)	-	690

附註:

- 廣告收入乃根據相關人 (i) 士協定之條款收取。
- (ii) 生產成本及印刷成本乃 按相關訂約方協議的條 款收取。
- (iii) 就財務顧問服務支付之 顧問費乃根據各協議所 載相關訂約方協定之條 款收取。

27. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (INCLUDING OTHER MEMBERS

OF THE EMPEROR GROUP) (continued) (b) (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- (iv) An Other Member of the Emperor Group had been appointed as one of the joint sponsors for the initial public offer of the shares of the Company on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange pursuant to an engagement letter for a total agreed sponsor fee of HK\$1,650,000. The total amount of such sponsor fee incurred was approximately HK\$1,650,000, of which approximately HK\$565,000 was charged to profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2023.
- (v) An underwriting commission paid for the share offer of the Company was charged by an Other Member of the Emperor Group pursuant to an underwriting agreement entered into with that Other Member of the Emperor Group.
- (vi) An overall coordinator's fee paid for the share offer of the Company was charged by an Other Member of the Emperor Group pursuant to an agreement entered into with that Other Member of the Emperor Group.
- (c) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group:

Short term employee benefits	短期僱員福利
Post-employment benefits	離職後福利
Total compensation paid to key	付予主要管理。
management personnel	薪酬總額

職後福利 予主要管理人員的

Further details of directors' and chief executive's emoluments are included in note 8 to the financial statements.

27. 與關連人士(包括英皇集 團其他成員)進行之交易

- (續) (b) *(續)* 附註:(續)
 - (iv) 英皇集團的一名其他 成員已根據委聘函件, 獲委任為本公司於聯交 所主板首次公開發售股 份之聯席保薦人之一, 經協議之保薦費總額 為1,650,000港元。有 關保薦費支出總額約為 1.650.000港元,其中 約565,000港元於截至 2023年12月31日止年度 內損益扣除。
 - (v) 就本公司之股份發售所 支付之包銷佣金由一名 英皇集團其他成員根據 與該英皇集團其他成員 訂立之包銷協議收取。
 - (vi) 就本公司之股份發售所 支付之整體協調人費用 由一名英皇集團其他成 員根據與該英皇集團其 他成員訂立之協議收取。
- (c) 本集團主要管理人員的酬 余:

2024	2023
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	干港元
8,587	5,251
54	54
8,641	5,305

有關董事及主要行政人員 酬金之進一步詳情載於財 務報表附註8。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

28. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

28. 按類別劃分的金融工具

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

於報告期末,各類別金融工具的 賬面值如下:

Financial assets

金融資產

	2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets at amortised cost: 按攤銷成本列賬之		
金融資產:		
Trade receivables 貿易應收款項	55,967	62,663
Financial assets included in 計入預付款項、按金及		
prepayments, deposits and 其他應收款項的		
other receivables 金融資產	4,257	4,645
Pledged bank deposit 已抵押銀行存款	800	800
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	149,997	142,738
	211,021	210,846

Financial liabilities

金融負債

		2024 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial liabilities at	按攤銷成本列賬之		
amortised cost:	金融負債:		
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	4,576	6,398
Financial liabilities included in	計入其他應付款項及		
other payables and accruals	應計費用的金融負債	13,242	12,046
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	45,074	54,486
		62,892	72,930

29. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities reasonably approximated to their fair values.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumption were used to estimate the fair values:

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, pledged bank deposit, trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, trade payables, and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals reasonably approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short-term maturities/ repayable on demand of these instruments or the effect of discounting is not material.

The fair values of the non-current deposit has been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities, as appropriate.

29. 金融工具的公平值及公 平值層級

於報告期末,本集團的金融資產 及金融負債之賬面值合理地與其 公平值相若。

金融資產及負債的公平值按工具 於自願雙方之間的現時交易(強 迫或因清盤出售除外)中所交換 的金額入賬。以下方法及假設乃 用以估計公平值:

管理層已評估現金及現金等價 物、已抵押銀行存款、貿易應收 款項、計入預付款項、按金及其 他應收款項內的金融資產,貿易 應付款項以及計入其他應付款項 及應計費用內的金融負債的公平 值乃與彼等的賬面值合理相若, 主要原因是該等工具均屬短期性 質/按要求償還或並無重大折讓 影響。

非流動按金公平值已通過使用擁 有類似條款、信貸風險及餘下到 期期限(如適用)的工具的現行利 率貼現預期未來現金流量計算。

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附許

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments include lease liabilities, pledged bank deposit and cash and cash equivalents. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations. The Group has various other financial assets and liabilities such as trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, trade payables, and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, which mainly arise directly from its operations.

It is, and has been, throughout the year under review, the Group's policy that no trading in financial instruments shall be undertaken.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The management of the Group reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's time deposits.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax (through the impact on time deposits).

30.財務風險管理目標及政 策

本集團的主要金融工具包括租賃 負債、已抵押銀行存款及現金等價物。此等金融工具之 要目的是為本集團之經營業的 金融資產及負債,如貿易應以款 項以及計入預付款項、按金及貿易 低款項以及計入其他應付款項以 及計入其他應付款項及 援來自經營業務。

本集團於整個回顧年度的政策為 且一直為不進行金融工具買賣。

本集團金融工具所產生之主要風 險為利率風險、信貸風險及流動 資金風險。本集團管理層審閱並 同意該等風險管理的政策,茲概 述如下。

利率風險

本集團承受的市場利率變動風險主要與本集團的定期存款有關。

下表顯示在所有其他變數保持不 變的情況下,本集團除稅前溢利 (透過定期存款的影響)對利率合 理可能變動的敏感度。

		Increase/ (decrease) in basis points 基點增加/ (減少)	Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax 除税前溢利 増加/(減少)
			HK\$'000 千港元
2024	2024年	50	664
HK\$	港元	(50)	(664)
2023	2023年	50	646
НК\$	港元	(50)	(646)

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) Credit risk

The Group mainly transacts on credit with recognised/ creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that customers who wish to trade on credit terms are subject to certain credit verification procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

As at 31 December 2024

30.財務風險管理目標及政策

信貸風險

本集團主要與獲認可/信譽良好 之第三方進行信貸交易。本集團 之政策為欲以信貸條款進行買賣 之客戶均須經過若干信貸核實程 序。此外,應收款項結餘乃按持 續基準監察。

最大風險敞口及年終過渡期 下表載列於12月31日根據本集 團信貸政策的信貸質素及所承受 的最大信貸風險(除非無需付出 不必要成本或努力而可獲得其他 資料,否則主要基於已逾期資料) 及年末階段分類。呈列之金額為 金融資產之賬面總額。

於2024年12月31日

		12個月預期		Lifetime ECLs 全期預期信貸虧損		
		 Stage 1 第1階段	Stage 2 第2階段	Stage 3 第3階段	Simplified approach 簡化方法	Total 總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	貿易應收款項* 計入預付款項、 按金及其他應收 款項的金融資產	-		-	58,490	58,490
— Normal** Pledged bank deposit	— 正常** 已抵押銀行存款	4,257	-	-	-	4,257
 Not yet past due Cash and cash equivalents 	— 尚未逾期 現金及現金等價物	800	-	-	-	800
— Not yet past due	- 尚未逾期	149,997	-	-	-	149,997
		155,054	-	-	58,490	213,544

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (continued) As at 31 December 2023

30.財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

信貸風險(續)

最大風險敞□及年終過渡期(續) 於2023年12月31日

		12-month ECLs 12個月預期	I			
		信貸虧損	全期預期信貸虧損			
					Simplified	
		Stage 1 第1階段 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	Stage 2 第2階段 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	Stage 3 第3階段 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	approach 簡化方法 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>干港元</i>	Total 總計 <i>HK\$'000</i> <i>千港元</i>
Trade receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables	貿易應收款項* 計入預付款項、 按金及其他應收 款項的金融資產	-	-	-	66,495	66,495
— Normal** Pledged bank deposit	— 正常** 已抵押銀行存款	4,645	-	-	-	4,645
 Not yet past due Cash and cash equivalents 	— 尚未逾期 現金及現金等價物	800	-	-	-	800
 Not yet past due 	- 尚未逾期	142,738			-	142,738
		148,183	-	-	66,495	214,678

* For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements.

** The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".

Further quantitative data in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade receivables are disclosed in note 16 to the financial statements.

- * 就本集團採用簡化減值方法計 算之貿易應收款項而言,根據 撥備矩陣作出之資料於財務報 表附註16披露。
- ** 計入預付款項、按金及其他應 收款的金融資產的信貸質量在 未逾期時被視為「正常」,並且 概無資料顯示金融資產自最初 確認以來信貸風險顯著增加。 否則,金融資產之信貸質素被 視為「可疑」。

有關本集團來自貿易應收款項之 信貸風險之進一步量化數據於財 務報表附註16披露。 Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) Liquidity risk

The Group regularly monitors its risk to a shortage of funds and considers the maturity of its financial liabilities and financial assets, and projected cash flows from operations.

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual undiscounted payments, is as follows:

30.財務風險管理目標及政 策(續)

流動性風險

太隼團

本集團定期監控資金短缺之風 險,並考慮金融負債及金融資產 之到期日以及預計經營業務之現 金流量。

本集團於報告期末之金融負債基 於已訂約未折現付款之到期情況 如下:

Group			半 年団		
		On demand or less than 1 year 按要求或	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		1年內	1至5年	超過5年	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
31 December 2024 Trade payables Financial liabilities included in	2024年12月31日 貿易應付款項 計入其他應付款項及	4,576	-	-	4,576
other payables and accruals	應計費用的金融負債	13,242	-	-	13,242
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	11,629	39,178	-	50,807
		29,447	39,178	-	68,625
		On demand			
		or less than	1 to	Over	
		1 year 按要求或	5 years	5 years	Total
		1年內	1至5年	超過5年	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
31 December 2023 Trade payables Financial liabilities included in	2023年12月31日 貿易應付款項 計入其他應付款項及	6,398	-	-	6,398
other payables and accruals	應計費用的金融負債	12,046	-	-	12,046
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	12,181	44,429	6,378	62,988
		30,625	44,429	6,378	81,432

Group

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

30. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued) **Capital management**

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholders' value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is determined based of the Group's total debts, as detailed below, divided by its total equity. Total debts include amounts due to related companies and amounts due to directors. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

30.財務風險管理目標及政策

資本管理

本集團資本管理之主要目標為確 保本集團有能力繼續按持續經營 方式營運,並維持穩健之資本比 率,以支持其業務及盡量提高股 東價值。

本集團管理其資本架構,並根據 經濟狀況變動及相關資產之風 險特徵作出調整。為維持或調整 資本架構,本集團可能調整向股 東派付之股息、向股東退還資本 或發行新股。本集團毋須遵守任 何外部施加之資本規定。於截至 2024年及2023年12月31日止 年度,本集團管理資本之目標、 政策或程序並無出現變動。

本集團採用資本負債比率監控資本,該比率乃按本集團總債務(詳 見如下)除以總權益釐定。總債 務包括應付關連公司款項以及應 付董事款項。於報告期末的資本 負債比率如下:

2027

2024

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	干港元
Amounts due to related	應付關連公司款項 <i>(附註20)</i>		
companies (<i>note 20)</i>		1,665	456
Amounts due to directors	應付董事款項	248	248
Total debts	債務總額	1,913	704
Total equity	權益總額	196,842	200,731
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	1.0%	0.4%

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 綜合財務報表附註

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

31. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

31. 本公司財務狀況表

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

於報告期末,有關本公司之財務 狀況表之資料如下:

		2024	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	干港元
NON-CURRENT ASSET	非流動資產		
Investment in a subsidiary	於一間附屬公司的投資	14,229	14,229
CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產		
Due from a subsidiary	應收一間附屬公司款項	153,671	82,614
Prepayments	預付款項	295	594
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	185	41,030
Total current assets	流動資產總值	154,151	124,238
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債		
Accruals	應計費用	1,393	1,684
Due to a subsidiary	應付一間附屬公司款項	151	151
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	1,544	1,835
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值	152,607	122,403
Net assets	資產淨值	166,836	136,632
EQUITY	權益		
Issued capital	已發行股本	6,000	6,000
Reserves (note)	儲備 <i>(附註)</i>	160,836	130,632
Total equity	權益總額	166,836	136,632

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綜合財務報表附註

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31. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

OF THE COMPANY (continued)

31. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

Note:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

附註:

本公司的儲備概要如下:

		Chana	Other	Retained profits/	
		Share premium	reserve	(accumulated loss) 保留溢利/	Total
		股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	其他儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	(累計虧損) HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023 Capitalisation issue Issue of shares Share issuance expenses Interim dividend (<i>note 11</i>) Total comprehensive income for the year	於2023年1月1日 資本化發行 發行股份 股份發行開支 中期股息(附註11) 年內全面收入總額	(4,500) 136,500 (13,371) -	14,229 - - - -	6,397 - - (10,000) 1,377	20,626 (4,500) 136,500 (13,371) (10,000) 1,377
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於2023年12月31日及 2024年1月1日	118,629	14,229	(2,226)	130,632
Final 2023 dividend (<i>note 11</i>) Interim 2024 dividend (<i>note 11</i>) Total comprehensive income for the year	2023年末期股息 <i>(附註11)</i> 2024年中期股息 <i>(附註11)</i> 年內全面收入總額	-	-	(7,200) (10,020) 47,424	(7,200) (10,020) 47,424
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	118,629	14,229	27,978	160,836

The Company's other reserve represents the excess of the equity of a subsidiary acquired pursuant to the reorganisation in 2021 over the nominal value of the Company's shares issued in exchange therefor.

32. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 27 March 2025. 本公司其他儲備指根據2021年之重 組所收購附屬公司之權益超出本公 司為換取有關權益而發行之股份面 值之差額。

32. 批准財務報表

財務報表已於2025年3月27日 獲董事會批准及授權刊發。

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY 五年財務概要

The following table summarises the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years as extracted/derived from the prospectus of the Company dated 30 June 2023 and the published audited financial statements of the Group:

下表概列本集團於最近五個財政年度 之業績、資產及負債(摘錄自/來自本 公司日期為2023年6月30日之招股 章程及本集團之已刊發經審核財務報 表):

For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		НК\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Results	業績					
Revenue	收入	207,227	220,885	240,678	245,199	211,589
Profit before tax	除稅前溢利	14,399	18,870	46,844	42,120	46,696
Income tax expense	所得稅開支	(908)	(4,345)	(7,413)	(9,071)	(5,528)
Profit attributable to owners	母公司擁有人					
of the parent	應佔溢利	13,491	14,525	39,431	33,049	41,168

		As at 31 December 於12月31日				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Assets and Liabilities	資產及負債					
Total assets	總資產	277,707	288,567	190,619	216,216	122,416
Total liabilities	總負債	(80,865)	(87,836)	(119,121)	(172,181)	(67,422)
Net assets	資產淨值	196,842	200,731	71,498	44,035	54,994
Equity attributable to owner of the parent	母公司擁有人 應佔權益	196,842	200,731	71,498	44,035	54,994

