

1Q25 Earnings Presentation April 23, 2025

Forward Looking Statements

This presentation contains forward-looking statements made pursuant to the Safe Harbor Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include the discussions of our business strategies and expectations concerning future operations, margins, profitability, liquidity and capital resources. In addition, in certain portions included in this presentation, the words "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "expects," "intends," "may," "plans," "positions," "remains," "seeks," "will," and similar expressions, as they relate to our company or management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Although we believe these forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot assure you any forward-looking statements will prove to be correct. These statements represent our expectations, beliefs, intentions or strategies concerning future events that, by their nature, involve a number of risks, uncertainties or other factors beyond our control, which may cause our actual results, performance, achievements or other expectations to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or other expectations expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These factors include, but are not limited to, risks associated with: our gaming license in Singapore and concession in Macao and amendments to Macao's gaming laws; general economic conditions; disruptions or reductions in travel and our operations due to natural or man-made disasters, pandemics, epidemics, or outbreaks of infectious or contagious diseases; our ability to invest in future growth opportunities, or attempt to expand our business in new markets and new ventures, execute our capital expenditure programs at our existing properties and produce future returns; government regulation; the extent to which the laws and regulations of mainland China become applicable to our operations in Macao and Hong Kong; the possibility that economic, political and legal developments in Macao adversely affect our Macao operations, or that there is a change in the manner in which regulatory oversight is conducted in Macao; our subsidiaries' ability to make distribution payments to us; substantial leverage and debt service; fluctuations in currency exchange rates and interest rates; our ability to collect gaming receivables; win rates for our gaming operations; risk of fraud and cheating; competition; tax law changes; political instability, civil unrest, terrorist acts or war; legalization of gaming; insurance; the collectability of our outstanding loan receivable; limitations on the transfers of cash to and from our subsidiaries; limitations of the pataca exchange markets; restrictions on the export of the renminbi; and other factors detailed in the reports filed by Las Vegas Sands Corp. with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date such statement is made. Las Vegas Sands Corp. assumes no obligation to update any forwardlooking statements and information.

Within this presentation, the company may make reference to certain non-GAAP financial measures including "adjusted net income/loss," "adjusted earnings/loss per diluted share," and "consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA," which have directly comparable financial measures presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). The specific reasons why the company's management believes the presentation of each of these non-GAAP financial measures provides useful information to investors regarding Las Vegas Sands' financial condition, results of operations and cash flows, as well as reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures, are included in the company's Form 8-K dated April 23, 2025, which is available on the company's website at <u>www.sands.com</u>. Reconciliations also are available in the Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Financial Information section of this presentation.

The Investment Case for Las Vegas Sands

- Global leader in Integrated Resort development and operation delivering industry-leading returns
- Largest scale operator in the most important markets with industry-leading revenues and margins
- Investing in promising growth opportunities
- Experienced leadership team dedicated to driving long-term shareholder value and maximizing shareholder returns



Strategic Priorities and Market Updates

Strategic Priorities:

- Ongoing capital investment programs in both Macao and Singapore
 - Adding suite capacity in both markets to attract more high-value business
- Returning excess capital to shareholders through share repurchases
 - On April 22, 2025, the LVS Board of Directors increased our repurchase authorization to \$2.0 billion
- Pursuing development opportunities in new jurisdictions

Macao:

- The Macao market recovery has been led by the premium mass segment
- The Macao market recovery in the base mass segment remains below 2019 levels
- The growth rate of the Macao market has declined in recent quarters
- Ongoing investments to contribute to growth in 2025 and beyond

Singapore:

- Operating environment remains strong
- Ongoing investments to contribute to growth in 2025 and beyond



First Quarter 2025 Financial Highlights

Quarter Ended March 31, 2025 vs March 31, 2024

| (\$ in US millions, except per share information) | LVS Consolidated First Quarter Financial Results | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------|----------|--|--|--|
| | 1Q24 | 1Q25 | Change | | | |
| Net Revenue | \$2,959 | \$2,862 | (\$97) | | | |
| Net Income | 583 | 408 | (175) | | | |
| Net Income Attributable to LVS | 494 | 352 | (142) | | | |
| Diluted EPS | \$0.66 | \$0.49 | (\$0.17) | | | |
| Dividends per Common Share | \$0.20 | \$0.25 | \$0.05 | | | |
| Adjusted Net Income Attributable to LVS | 552 | 421 | (131) | | | |
| Adjusted Diluted EPS | \$0.73 | \$0.59 | (\$0.14) | | | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA | 1,207 | 1,140 | (67) | | | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin | 40.8% | 39.8% | -100 bps | | | |

- \$450 million of LVS stock repurchased
 - 10.09 million LVS shares at a weighted average price of \$44.59
 - On April 22, 2025, the LVS Board of Directors increased our share repurchase authorization to \$2.0 billion
- \$179 million of dividends paid (\$0.25 per share)



First Quarter 2025 Adjusted Property EBITDA

| (\$ in US millions) | | rty EBITDA | DA | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|------------|----------|----------|--|
| | 1Q24 | 1Q25 | Change | % Change | |
| Macao Operations | \$610 | \$535 | (\$75) | -12.3% | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin | 33.7% | 31.3% | -240 bps | | |
| Marina Bay Sands | \$597 | \$605 | \$8 | 1.3% | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin | 51.6% | 52.0% | 40 bps | | |
| LVS Total | \$1,207 | \$1,140 | (\$67) | -5.6% | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin | 40.8% | 39.8% | -100 bps | | |

• See slides 7 and 8 for the impact of expected hold in our rolling play in Macao and Singapore

- In 1Q25 hold on rolling play negatively impacted Adjusted Property EBITDA by \$10 million in Macao and did not impact Adjusted Property EBITDA in Singapore¹
- In 1Q24 hold on rolling play negatively impacted Adjusted Property EBITDA by \$31 million in Macao and positively impacted Adjusted Property EBITDA in Singapore by \$52 million¹

^{1.} We revised the expected hold-adjusted win percentage from 3.30% to 3.70% for Marina Bay Sands during the three months ended March 31, 2025, due to the increase in Rolling Chip win percentage experienced over the last two years. The prior year non-GAAP measurement for Marina Bay Sands has also been adjusted to conform to the current period presentation.



Illustrative Impact of Hold in Our Rolling Play¹

Macao – Select Quarterly Results

| (\$ in US millions) | | | Macao Operati | ons | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| | 1Q24 | 2Q24 | 3Q24 | 4Q24 | 1Q25 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Revenue | \$1,811 | \$1,754 | \$1,771 | \$1,771 | \$1,709 | | | | |
| Expected hold impact ¹ | 52 | 6 | 4 | 38 | 17 | | | | |
| Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Net Revenue would have been \$17 million higher in 1Q25 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA | 610 | 561 | 585 | 571 | 535 | | | | |
| Expected hold impact ¹ | 31 | 4 | 2 | 22 | 10 | | | | |
| Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Adjusted Propert | y EBITDA wou | ld have been \$ | 10 million highe | er in 1Q25 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin | 33.7% | 32.0% | 33.0% | 32.2% | 31.3% | | | | |
| Expected hold impact ¹ | 34.4% | 32.1% | 33.1% | 32.8% | 31.6% | | | | |
| Had we held as expected in our rolling play, Adjusted Propert | y EBITDA mar | gin would have | been 31.6% in | 1Q25 | | | | | |

1. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.



Illustrative Impact of Hold in Our Rolling Play^{1,2}

Marina Bay Sands – Select Quarterly Results

| (\$ in US millions) | Marina Bay Sands | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|---------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 1Q24 | 2Q24 | 3Q24 | 4Q24 | 1Q25 | | | | | |
| Net Revenue | \$1,158 | \$1,016 | \$919 | \$1,137 | \$1,163 | | | | | |
| Expected hold impact ^{1,2} | (67) | (59) | 126 | 29 | - | | | | | |
| Because we held as expected in our rolling play, no illustrat | ive impact in 10 | 25 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA | 597 | 512 | 406 | 537 | 605 | | | | | |
| Expected hold impact ^{1,2} | (52) | (46) | 98 | 22 | - | | | | | |
| Because we held as expected in our rolling play, no illustrat | ive impact in 10 | 25 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin | 51.6% | 50.4% | 44.2% | 47.2% | 52.0% | | | | | |
| Expected hold impact ^{1,2} | 50.0% | 48.7% | 48.2% | 47.9% | 52.0% | | | | | |
| Because we held as expected in our rolling play, Adjusted P | roperty FBITDA | margin remaine | d 52 0% in 10 | 25 | | | | | | |

We revised the expected hold-adjusted win percentage from 3.30% to 3.70% during the three months ended March 31, 2025, due to the increase in Rolling Chip win percentage experienced over the last two years



^{1.} These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.70%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

^{2.} The prior periods' non-GAAP measurement for Marina Bay Sands have also been adjusted to conform to the current period presentation.

Operating Update: Macao Property Portfolio

Quarter Ended March 31, 2025

Macao market overview:

- The Macao market generated gaming revenue of ~\$7.2 billion for 1Q25, up 1% from 1Q24
 - Mass gaming revenue was ~\$6.3 billion, up 1% from 1Q24
- Visitation from China excluding Guangdong province remained below 2019 level at ~75% of 1Q19
- Total visitation in 1Q25 was ~0.5 million below 1Q19 level

Sands China property portfolio update:

- Londoner Phase II renovation work is now substantially completed
- All 2,405 suites and rooms are now in service

Macao portfolio quarterly financial results:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA was \$535 million
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been higher by \$10 million
- Mass win was \$1.45 billion during 1Q25, down 9% compared to 1Q24
- Adjusted Property EBITDA margin was 31.3%

1. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided. Source: Macao DSEC.

Operating Update: Marina Bay Sands in Singapore

Quarter Ended March 31, 2025

Marina Bay Sands property update:

- \$1.75 billion capital investment program is now substantially completed
- The resort now features 1,844 keys, including 775 suites

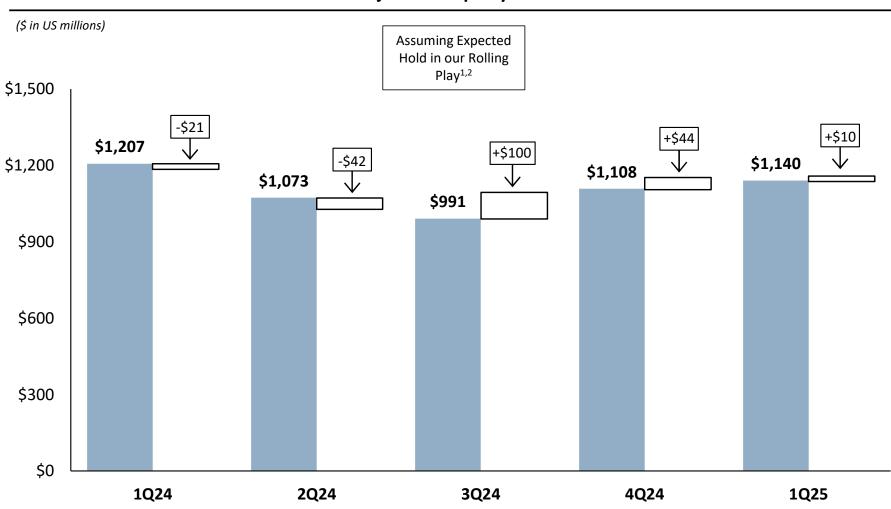
Marina Bay Sands quarterly financial results:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA of \$605 million
- 1Q25 Adjusted property EBITDA was not impacted by hold in our rolling play
- Mass win was \$778 million, up 13% from \$687 million in 1Q24
- Rolling volume was \$8.0 billion, down 2.6% from \$8.2 billion in 1Q24
- Adjusted Property EBITDA margin was 52.0%



LVS Adjusted Property EBITDA

Select Quarterly Results



LVS Adjusted Property EBITDA

1. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.30% and 3.70% for Sands China and Marina Bay Sands, respectively. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

2. We revised the expected hold-adjusted win percentage from 3.30% to 3.70% for Marina Bay Sands during the three months ended March 31, 2025, due to the increase in Rolling Chip win percentage experienced over the last two years. The prior periods' non-GAAP measurement for Marina Bay Sands have also been adjusted to conform to the current period presentation.



Sands China



Sands China Ltd.

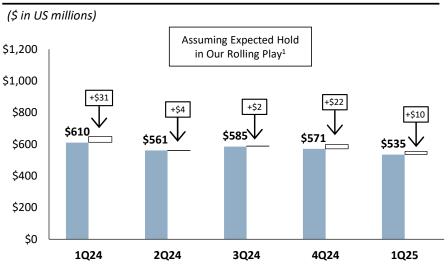
Capital Investment Programs Now Completed...Positioned for Future Growth

Capital investment programs at the Londoner Macao are now substantially completed

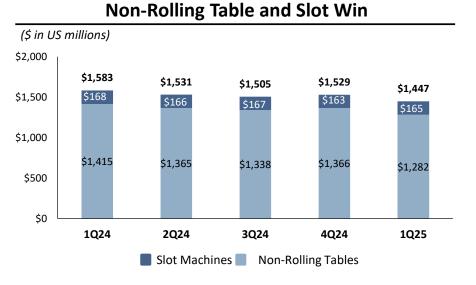
All 2,405 Londoner Grand rooms and suites are now open

Financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2025:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA: \$535 million with a margin of 31.3%
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, Adjusted Property EBITDA would have been \$10 million higher
 - Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, Adjusted Property EBITDA margin would have been 31.6%, a decrease of 280 basis points compared to 1Q24
- Mass (Non-Rolling tables and slots):
 - Non-Rolling table win was \$1.28 billion
 - Slot win was \$165 million
- Rolling volume was \$5.5 billion
 - Rolling win was \$163 million, hold percentage of 2.99%
- Occupancy was 99.1% with ADR of \$237
- Retail revenues: \$124 million



Adjusted Property EBITDA



1. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.



Macao Financial Performance

Quarter Ended March 31, 2025 vs March 31, 2024

| (\$ in US millions) | | Net Revenue | | | Adj. Property EBITDA | | | | Adj. Property EBITDA Margin | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------|------------|----------------------|-------|--------|--------|-----------------------------|-------|--------|
| | | | Gro | wth | | | Gro | wth | | | Growth |
| | 1Q24 | 1Q25 | \$ | % | 1Q24 | 1Q25 | \$ | % | 1Q24 | 1Q25 | bps |
| The Venetian Macao | \$771 | \$638 | (\$133) | -17.3% | \$314 | \$225 | (\$89) | -28.3% | 40.7% | 35.3% | (540) |
| The Londoner Macao | 562 | 529 | (33) | -5.9% | 172 | 153 | (19) | -11.0% | 30.6% | 28.9% | (170) |
| The Parisian Macao | 230 | 227 | (3) | -1.3% | 71 | 66 | (5) | -7.0% | 30.9% | 29.1% | (180) |
| Four Seasons/Plaza Casino | 142 | 208 | 66 | 46.5% | 36 | 74 | 38 | 105.6% | 25.4% | 35.6% | 1,020 |
| Sands Macao | 76 | 75 | (1) | -1.3% | 12 | 10 | (2) | -16.7% | 15.8% | 13.3% | (250) |
| Ferry Operations and Other | 30 | 32 | 2 | 6.7% | 5 | 7 | 2 | 40.0% | 16.7% | 21.9% | 520 |
| Total Macao Portfolio | 1,811 | 1,709 | (102) | -5.6% | 610 | 535 | (75) | -12.3% | 33.7% | 31.3% | (240) |
| Total Macao Portfolio Margins Ass | uming Expecte | ed Hold in | Our Ro | lling Play | 1 | | | | 34.4% | 31.6% | (280) |

Assuming expected hold in our rolling play¹, margins would have decreased by 280 bps compared to 1Q24

1. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.30%. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

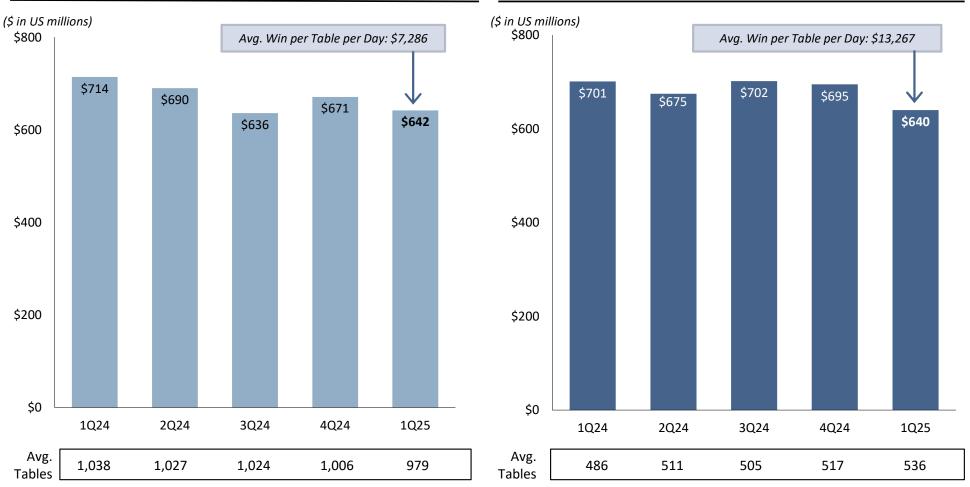


Sands China Mass Market Table Update

Base Mass and Premium Mass Table Win

SCL Base Mass Table Win by Quarter



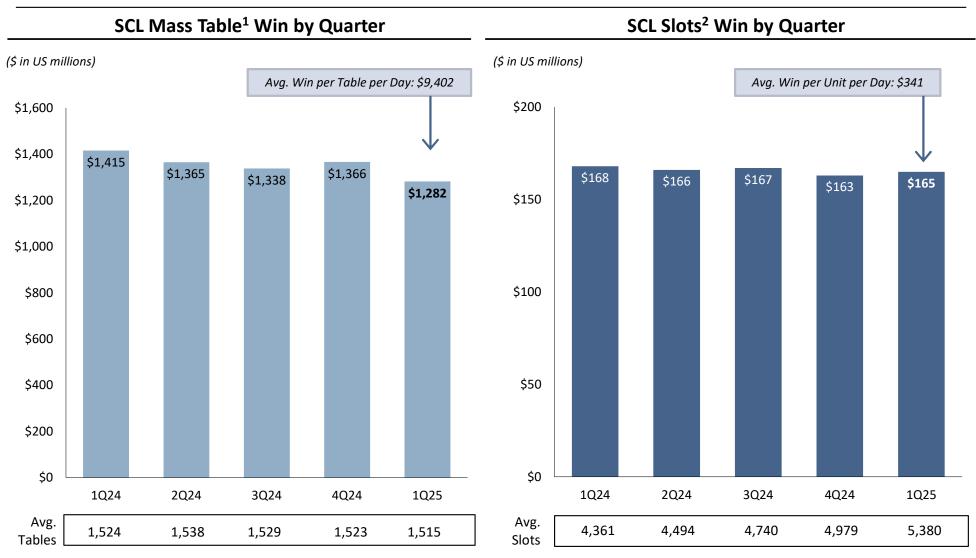


Note: Sands China's base mass and premium mass table revenues as presented above are based on the geographic position of non-rolling (mass) tables on the gaming floor. Some high-end mass play occurs in the base mass geographic area.



Sands China Mass Market Table and Slots Update

Total Mass Table Win and Slots Win

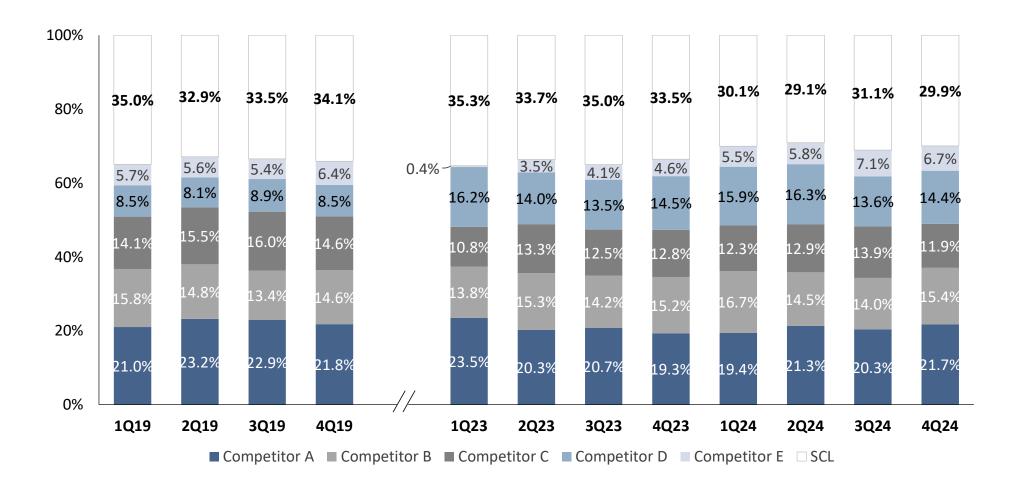


1. Excludes rolling play.

2. Includes slots and electronic table games.

Macao Concessionaire Adjusted Property EBITDA Share

SCL Has Consistently Generated the Leading Share of Macao Market EBITDA



SCL has consistently generated the leading share of Macao market EBITDA

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed. Source: Public company filings (does not include Adj. Property EBITDA from Galaxy's City Clubs business).

Macao Market: Mass Gaming

Mass GGR Tables & Slots



Macao Market Mass Gaming Revenue (Tables & Slots) & Mass Win-per-Visit^{1,2}

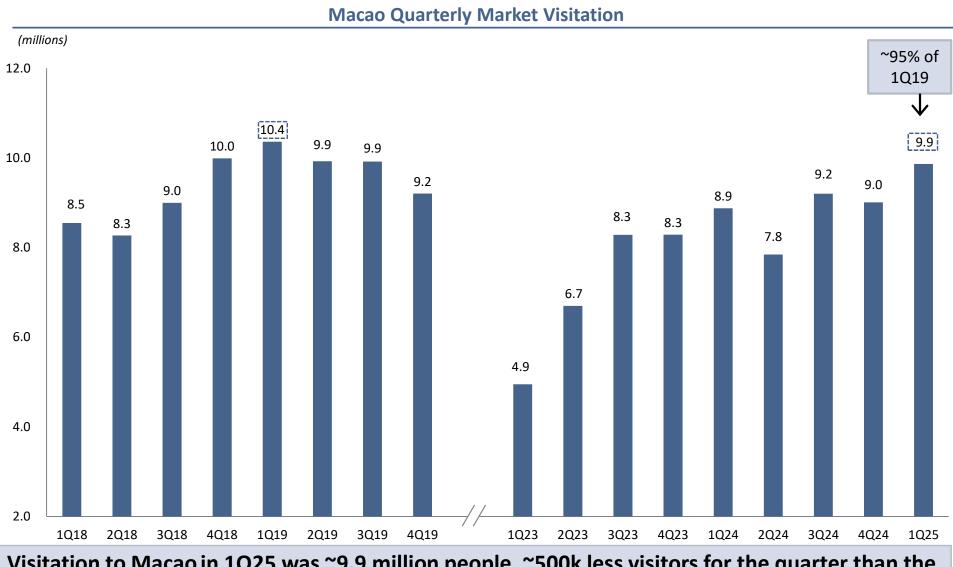
Mass win in Macao was ~\$6.3 billion for 1Q25, up 1% from 1Q24

1. Market-wide mass GGR for all periods through 4Q24 is defined as mass win (tables and slots) as reported by the casino operators in their public filings (does not include revenue from Galaxy's City Clubs business). All figures reported in Hong Kong dollars have been converted to USD using a 7.75 exchange rate.

2. Market-wide mass GGR for 1Q25 is estimated by LVS management based on DICJ reported data and LVS management's estimated differences between DICJ reporting and win reported by operators in public filings. Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed. Source: Public company filings, Macao DSEC, Macao DICJ.



Macao Market: Total Visitation



Visitation to Macao in 1Q25 was ~9.9 million people, ~500k less visitors for the quarter than the ~10.4 million in 1Q19

Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed. Source: Macao DSEC.

Macao Visitation Overview

Quarter Ended March 31, 2025 vs March 31, 2019

(millions)

| | Visitation | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|------|----------|-----------|--|--|--|
| | 1Q19 | 1Q25 | Variance | % of 2019 | | | |
| China, excluding Guangdong Province | 4.27 | 3.21 | (1.07) | 75% | | | |
| Guangdong Province | 3.17 | 4.00 | 0.82 | 126% | | | |
| Hong Kong | 1.79 | 1.75 | (0.04) | 98% | | | |
| All Other Visitation | 1.12 | 0.90 | (0.21) | 81% | | | |
| Total Macao Visitation | 10.36 | 9.86 | (0.50) | 95% | | | |

• Tour Group visitation totaled ~343,000 visitors for January and February; this compares to 1.48 million in 2019

There were ~1.14 million fewer tour group visitors to Macao in January and February of 2025 compared to January and February of 2019

Visitation to Macao remains below 2019 levels; 0.50 million fewer visitors in 1Q25

Source: Macao DSEC statistical database.



Visitation from China to Macao¹

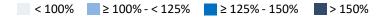
1Q25 Visitation - % 2019

Exclusive of Guangdong Province, 1Q25 Visitation Was 75% of 2019 Level

Visitation from China to Macao¹

| _ | Three Mo | onths Ended M | arch 31, | _ Populatio | n GDP Per Pe | enetration |
|------------------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| Province | 2019 | 2025 | % of 2019 | (MM) | Capita (US\$) | Rate |
| Zhejiang | 244,123 | 259,135 | 106% | 66 | \$17,579 | 0.4% |
| Shanghai | 227,850 | 255,905 | 112% | 25 | \$26,792 | 1.0% |
| Jiangsu | 231,162 | 231,324 | 100% | 85 | \$21,222 | 0.3% |
| Beijing | 131,627 | 189,360 | 144% | 22 | \$28,249 | 0.9% |
| Hubei | 254,680 | 154,364 | 61% | 58 | \$13,489 | 0.3% |
| Sichuan | 190,929 | 152,485 | 80% | 84 | \$10,141 | 0.2% |
| Guangxi | 209,257 | 142,244 | 68% | 50 | \$7,636 | 0.3% |
| Fujian | 236,372 | 141,458 | 60% | 42 | \$18,337 | 0.3% |
| Hunan | 305,315 | 135,932 | 45% | 66 | \$10,745 | 0.2% |
| Liaoning | 99,991 | 101,535 | 102% | 42 | \$10,194 | 0.2% |
| Shandong | 88,240 | 97,953 | 111% | 101 | \$12,834 | 0.1% |
| Henan | 152,762 | 83,242 | 54% | 98 | \$8,502 | 0.1% |
| Anhui | 86,083 | 73,586 | 85% | 61 | \$10,847 | 0.1% |
| Shaanxi | 70,970 | 70,301 | 99% | 40 | \$12,064 | 0.2% |
| Hebei | 79,220 | 68,077 | 86% | 74 | \$8,388 | 0.1% |
| Chongqing | 93,796 | 68,036 | 73% | 32 | \$13,331 | 0.2% |
| Jiangxi | 125,076 | 64,203 | 51% | 45 | \$10,064 | 0.1% |
| Shanxi | 67,098 | 63,091 | 94% | 35 | \$10,463 | 0.2% |
| Jilin | 73,855 | 60,891 | 82% | 23 | \$8,164 | 0.3% |
| Heilongjiang | 96,888 | 60,395 | 62% | 31 | \$7,320 | 0.2% |
| Tianjin | 45,024 | 41,873 | 93% | 14 | \$17,316 | 0.3% |
| Other Provinces (Ex. GD) | 1,163,022 | 691,368 | 59% | 189 | N/A | 0.4% |
| China Excluding Guangdong | 4,273,340 | 3,206,758 | 75% | 1,283 | \$12,747 | 0.3% |
| Guangdong | 3,174,951 | 3,999,277 | 126% | 127 | \$15,068 | 3.1% |
| Total China | 7,448,291 | 7,206,035 | 97% | 1,410 | \$12,956 | 0.5% |

% of 2019



Data not available

1. Visitation figures shown exclude visitation from Hong Kong SAR.

Note: Penetration rates assume that each visitor to Macao is a unique visitor. GDP per Capita defined as 2023 GDP divided by 2023 population (the latest provincial and national data available). Source: Macao DSEC statistical database, National Bureau of Statistics of China.

Marina Bay Sands



Marina Bay Sands

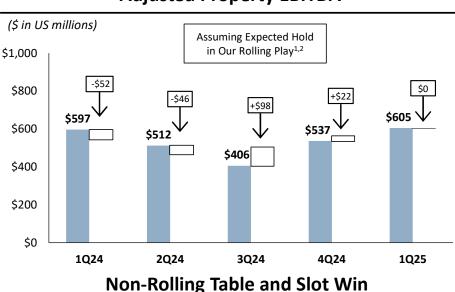
Investment Program Now Completed – Record Financial Performance

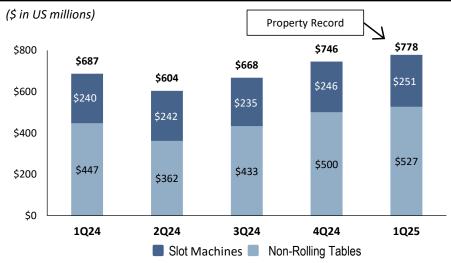
MBS Phase II suite renovation and refurbishment program has now been substantially completed:

MBS now features 775 suites and 1,069 rooms

Financial results for the quarter ended March 31, 2025:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA: \$605 million with margin of 52.0%
- We held as expected at 3.70% in hold in our rolling play^{1,2}
- Assuming expected hold in our rolling play^{1,2}, Adjusted Property EBITDA margin increased 200 bps compared to 1Q24
- Mass revenue: property all-time record \$778 million
- Mass (Non-Rolling tables and slots):
- Non-Rolling table win: \$527 million
- Slot win: \$251 million
- Rolling volume was \$8.0 billion
- Rolling win: \$297 million, hold percentage of 3.70%
- Occupancy: 95.6% with ADR: \$925





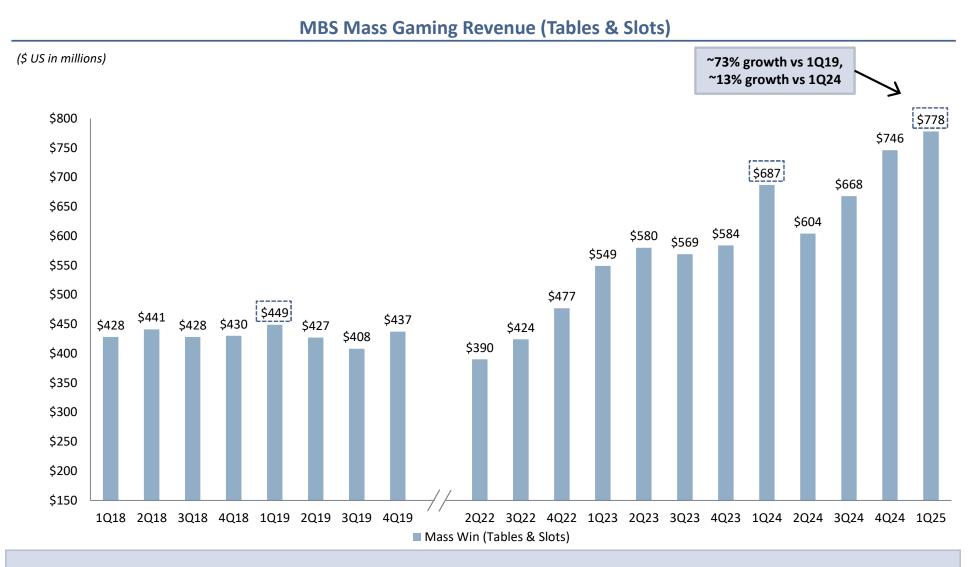
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Adjusted Property EBITDA

Marina Bay Sands

Mass Gaming Revenue (Tables & Slots)



Marina Bay Sands continues to deliver strong growth in mass gaming revenue

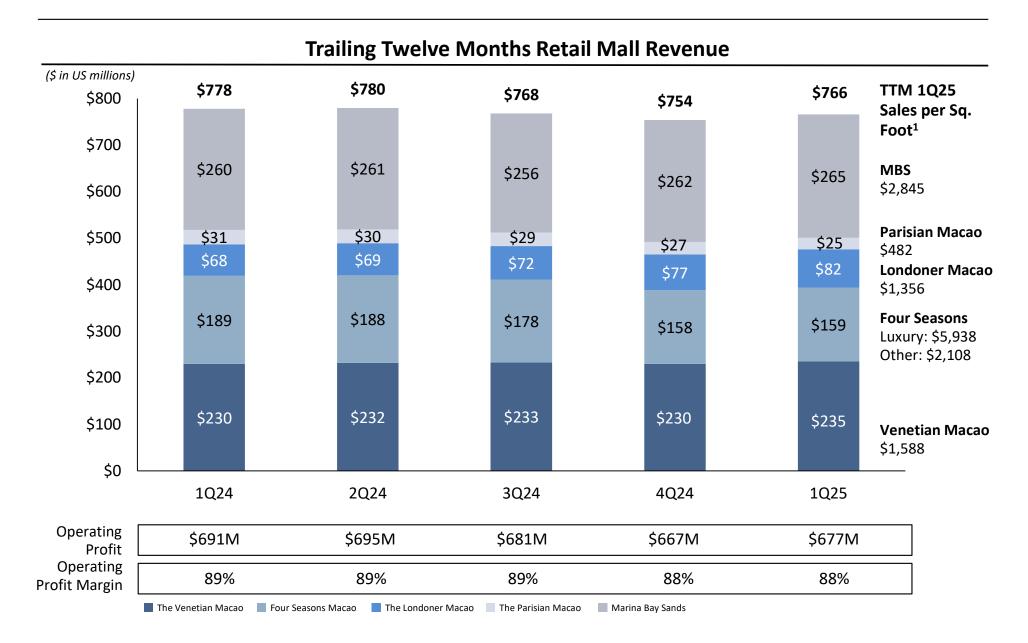
Note: Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in Singapore in first quarter of 2020. Beginning in the second quarter of 2022, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.



Retail Mall Operations



Retail Mall Portfolio in Asia



1. Tenant sales per square foot is the sum of reported comparable sales for the trailing 12 months divided by the comparable square footage for the same period. Only tenants that have occupied mall space for a minimum of 12 months are included in the tenant sales per square foot calculation.

Tenant Sales

| (\$ per Sq. Foot, Unless Otherwise Indicated) | 1 | 1Q25 Sales per Sq. Ft. ² | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|--|
| _ | GLA ¹ (Sq. Ft.) | Occupancy % at Period End | TTM 1Q25 | TTM 4Q24 | TTM 3Q24 | TTM 2Q24 | TTM 1Q24 | |
| The Shoppes at Marina Bay Sands | 622,561 | 98.8% | \$2,845 | \$2,878 | \$2,919 | \$2,945 | \$3,022 | |
| Shoppes at Venetian | 821,670 | 84.4% | \$1,588 | \$1,581 | \$1,615 | \$1,737 | \$1,859 | |
| Shoppes at Four Seasons | | | | | | | | |
| Luxury Retail | 164,144 | 100.0% | \$5,938 | \$6,831 | \$7,501 | \$7,905 | \$9,227 | |
| Other Stores | 97,754 | 91.0% | \$2,108 | \$2,312 | \$2,429 | \$2,452 | \$2,664 | |
| Shoppes at Londoner ³ | 517,610 | 75.1% | \$1,356 | \$1,457 | \$1,491 | \$1,575 | \$1,709 | |
| Shoppes at Parisian ⁴ | 259,953 | 76.4% | \$482 | \$489 | \$525 | \$592 | \$664 | |

1. Denotes gross leasable area.

2. Tenant sales per square foot reflect sales from tenants only after the tenant has been open for a period of 12 months.

3. In 1Q25 GLA of retail space as presented decreased by ~49,000 Sq. Ft. compared to 4Q24, as a result of space being re-allocated for non-retail use.

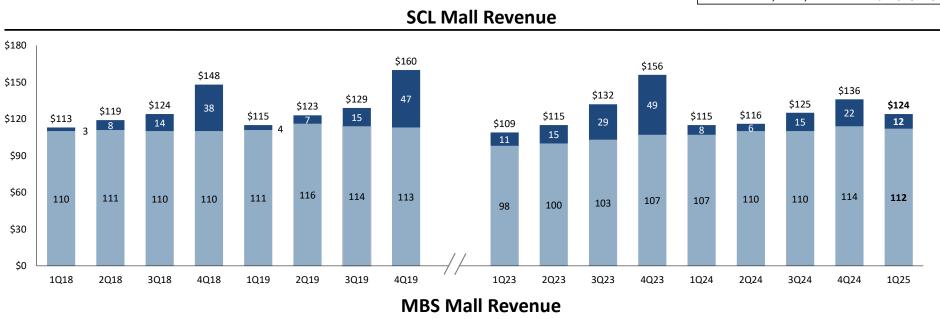
4. In 1Q25 GLA of retail space as presented decreased by ~37,000 Sq. Ft. compared to 4Q24, as a result of space being re-allocated for non-retail use.

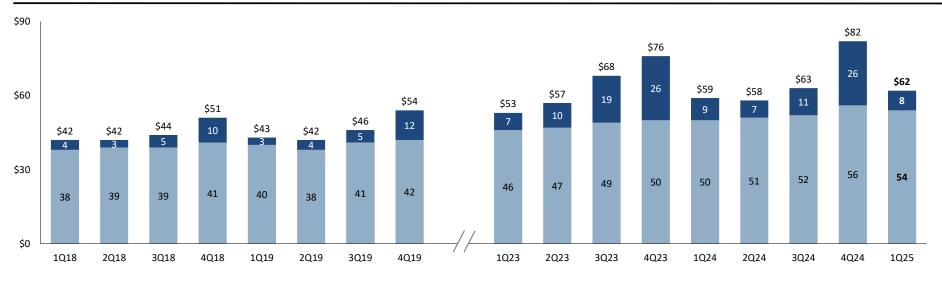
Retail Mall Revenue

Quarterly Retail Revenue Composition - 1Q18 to 4Q19 and 1Q23 to 1Q25

(\$ in US millions)

Base Rent, CAM, Other¹ Turnover Rent²





1. Denotes minimum rent, common area maintenance ('CAM'), levies and direct recoveries.

2. Denotes turnover/overage rent.



Balance Sheet, Liquidity and Return of Capital to Shareholders



Strong Balance Sheet and Liquidity

As of March 31, 2025:

- Cash Balance¹ \$3.04 billion
- Liquidity² \$7.48 billion
- Debt \$13.71 billion
- Net Debt \$10.67 billion

Trailing Twelve Months Ended March 31, 2025:

- Adjusted Property EBITDA \$4.31 billion
- Cash Flow from Operations \$3.02 billion

| (\$ in US millions) | Sands China | | LVS Corp. | Total |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------|-----------|--------------|
| As of March 31, 2025 | Ltd. Singapore | | and Other | Consolidated |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents ^{1,3} | \$920 | \$373 | \$1,743 | \$3,036 |
| Debt ^{3,4} | 6,947 | 2,783 | 3,980 | 13,710 |
| Net Debt (Cash) ³ | 6,027 | 2,410 | 2,237 | 10,674 |
| Trailing Twelve Months Adjusted Property EBITDA | 2,252 | 2,060 | - | 4,312 |
| Gross Debt to TTM Adjusted Property EBITDA | 3.1x | 1.4x | - | 3.2x |
| Net Debt to TTM Adjusted Property EBITDA | 2.7x | 1.2x | - | 2.5x |

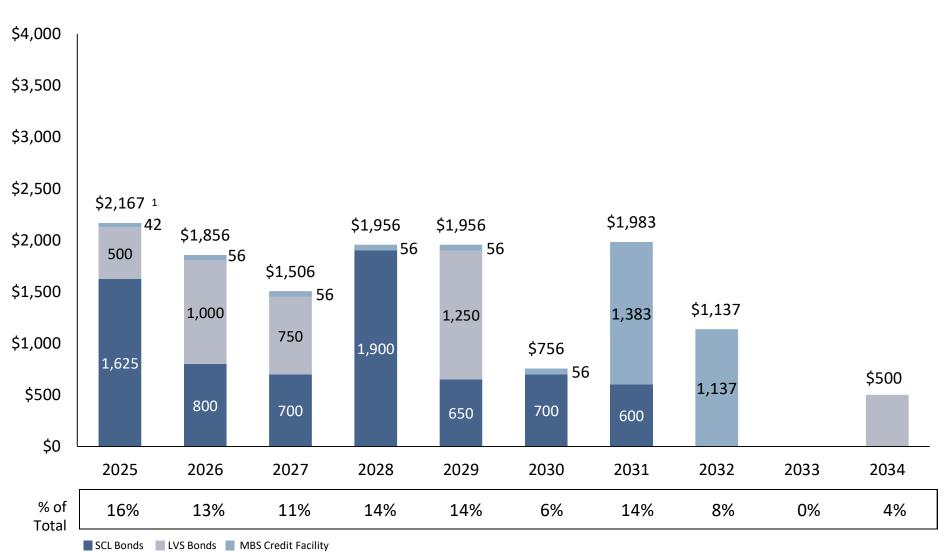
- 2. Denotes cash plus total revolver availability.
- 3. On March 27, 2025, Sands China repaid its \$1.0 billion unsecured, subordinated inter-company term loan to LVS Corp.
- 4. Debt balances shown here are net of deferred financing costs and original issue discounts of \$107 million and exclude finance leases.

^{1.} Excludes restricted cash.

Debt Maturity Profile

Debt Maturity by Year

(\$ in US millions)



1. Amount maturing April 1 through December 31, 2025.

Note: On October 23, 2024, SCL entered into an agreement that makes available a HKD 12.95 billion (USD 1.67 billion) Unsecured Term Loan that can be used to repay the SCL Senior Notes due August 2025.

2012 - 2020

| | Total Capital Returned to LVS Shareholders 2012 - 2020 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| (\$ in US millions) | | | | | | | | | | Total 201 | .2 - 2020 |
| | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 ³ | \$ | % |
| LVS Share Repurchases | - | \$570 | \$1,665 | \$205 | - | \$375 | \$905 | \$754 | - | \$4,474 | 20.0% |
| LVS Dividends Paid ^{1,2} | 824 | 1,153 | 1,610 | 2,074 | 2,290 | 2,310 | 2,352 | 2,367 | 603 | 15,583 | 69.8% |
| LVS Special Dividend Paid ¹ | 2,262 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,262 | 10.1% |
| Total Dividends | 3,085 | 1,153 | 1,610 | 2,074 | 2,290 | 2,310 | 2,352 | 2,367 | 603 | 17,845 | 80.0% |
| Total | \$3,085 | \$1,723 | \$3,275 | \$2,279 | \$2,290 | \$2,685 | \$3,257 | \$3,121 | \$603 | \$22,319 | 100.0% |

Composition of return of capital in the period from 2012 to 2020 was 80% dividends and 20% repurchases

1. Excludes dividends paid by Sands China.

2. Excludes the \$2.75 per share special dividend paid in December 2012.

3. The Company suspended its return of capital program at the onset of the Covid-19 pandemic and reinstated the program in the second half of 2023.

LVS Return of Capital (cont'd)

Return of Capital 2023 – 2025 Predominantly Share Repurchases

| Iotal | Capital | Returne | | s snare | noider | s 3Q23 | - 1Q25 | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------|---------|--------|--------|--------|---------|---------------------------|
| (Share amounts and \$US in m | Total 3Q2 | 24 - 1Q25 | | | | | | | |
| | 3Q23 | 4Q23 | 1Q24 | 2Q24 | 3Q24 | 4Q24 | 1Q25 | \$ | % |
| LVS Share Repurchases ¹ | - | \$505 | \$450 | \$400 | \$450 | \$450 | \$450 | \$2,705 | 71.5% |
| LVS Dividends Paid ² | 153 | 152 | 151 | 148 | 147 | 145 | 179 | 1,075 | 28.5% |
| Total Return of Capital | \$153 | \$657 | \$601 | \$548 | \$597 | \$595 | \$629 | \$3,780 | 100.0% |
| | | | | | | | | r | |
| | | | | | | | | Total a | t 1Q25 |
| | 3Q23 | 4Q23 | 1Q24 | 2Q24 | 3Q24 | 4Q24 | 1Q25 | Shares | % S/O ³ |
| LVS Shares Repurchased | - | 11.12 | 8.58 | 8.74 | 11.43 | 8.80 | 10.09 | 58.76 | 7.7% |

Total Capital Daturnad to IVS Sharahaldars 2022 1025

Capital Return Update for 1Q25

Repurchases:

- \$450 million of LVS share repurchases (10.09 million shares at a weighted average price of \$44.59) in 1Q25
- On April 22, 2025, the LVS Board of Directors increased the LVS share repurchase authorization to \$2.0 billion, available through November 3, 2026

Dividends:

LVS paid quarterly dividend of \$0.25 per share during the quarter



^{1.} LVS share repurchases were suspended at the onset of the Covid-19 pandemic and were reinstated in 4Q23.

^{2.} A guarterly dividend of \$0.20 per share was initiated in 3Q23, in 1Q25 the dividend was increased to \$0.25 per share.

^{3.} Reflects LVS shares repurchased as a percentage of shares outstanding as of September 30, 2023.

Investment and Capital Expenditures

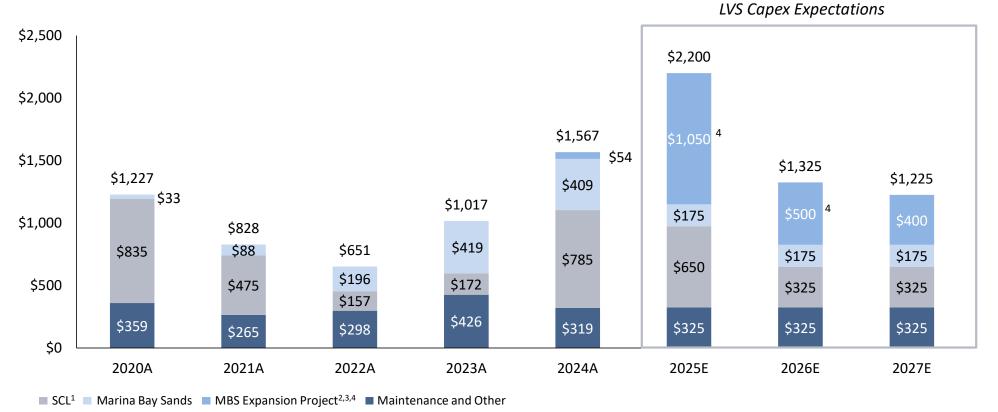


Capital Expenditures Expectations

Investments to enhance our industry-leading portfolio of Integrated Resorts in Macao and Singapore

- Investment in high quality assets drives revenue growth
- Scale of assets creates competitive advantage

(\$ US in millions)



1. Includes SCL capex commitment related to new concession, through 2032 (~\$2.7 billion), and additional capex commitments (~\$0.7 billion) at a Macao market GGR of ~\$22.5bn.

2. Total capital expenditures presented for the MBS Expansion Project in Singapore exclude financing fees, interest costs, and pre-opening expenses.

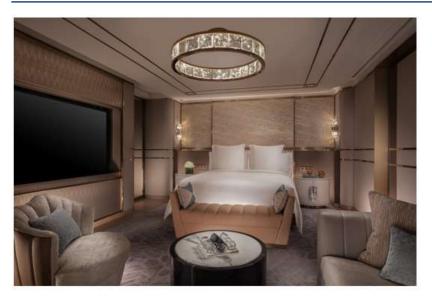
3. While the Company is contractually obligated to complete the MBS Expansion Project by July 2029, the current estimate is that construction will be complete in June 2030 with an anticipated opening date in January 2031. Any extension of the completion date beyond July 2029 is subject to the approval of the Singapore government.

4. Includes payment of \$1.0 billion of additional land premium, \$848 million of which the Company paid in April 2025, with the remainder to be paid in late 2025 or early 2026.

#Sands

Sands China: Recent Capital Investment

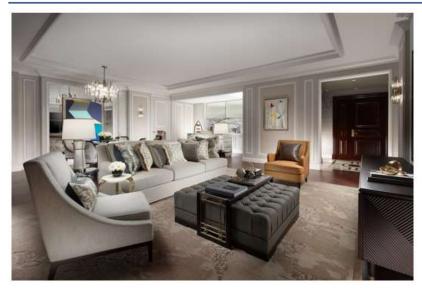
Investments in Increased Capacity and Elevated Customer Experience



Grand Suites at Four Seasons Macao



The Londoner Macao







The Londoner Macao is Now Completed





- Phase II
 - Creation of the Londoner Grand featuring 1,500 suites and 905 rooms
 - Renovation of the Pacifica casino
 - Creation of new dining, retail and entertainment offerings
 - Introduction of new health and wellness experiences



The Londoner Macao has significantly elevated our market-leading Macao property portfolio, enhancing our product offerings and the customer experience

- Phase I
 - Londoner Court (luxury residential style 368-suite hotel ~ one million SF of new suites)
 - The Londoner Hotel (594 suites)
 - Crystal Palace Atrium
 - New dining, entertainment, gaming and London-themed attractions
 - Suites by David Beckham
 - Shakespeare's Hall Atrium in south towers
 - Big Ben and Houses of Parliament external façade
 - Re-themed Shoppes at Londoner
 - The Londoner Arena



Long-Term Commitment to Macao

Capital Investment Commitment in Macao Through 2032

In conjunction with the award of our concession to operate in Macao through 2032, Sands committed to spend at least \$4.5 billion of investment in Macao through 2032, 93% of which will be for non-gaming projects

| | Investment Amount (\$ in US billions) |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Capital Expenditure Commitment | \$3.4 |
| Renovation and Refurbishment Program | |
| MICE Expansion - Podium Development Adjacent to Venetian Expo | |
| Themed Attractions Including a new garden-themed attraction in the current Le Jardin Tropical Garden adjacent to The Londoner | |
| Investment in upgrades in MICE and Entertainment facilities | |
| Investment in new F&B and Health & Wellness amenities | |
| Operating Expenditure Commitment | \$1.1 |
| Increasing International Visitation including MICE | |
| - Sporting Events | |
| - Entertainment, Arts & Culture | |
| - Community Tourism | |
| Total Capital and Operating Expenditure Commitment Through 2032 | \$4.5 |

Capital and operating investment commitment of ~\$4.5 billion over the 10-year concession period

Source: Public company filings, Macao DICJ.



Marina Bay Sands: \$1.75 Billion Renovation Projects Substantially Completed Elevation of hotel towers, premium gaming areas, public spaces, lifestyle experiences

- Renovation and Refurbishment Program to elevate and enhance room and suite product and conduct refurbishments to increase Singapore's business and leisure tourism appeal and target our service offerings to the region's most valuable and discerning visitors seeking immersive travel experiences
- The resort now features:
 - 1,844 keys including 775 suites
 - The Paiza collection with dedicated arrival and departure experiences
 - Enhancements to premium gaming areas including Tower gaming
 - Enhancements to dining, entertainment and retail offerings

Investing in the future of high-value tourism in Singapore

Marina Bay Sands Recent Capital Investment (cont'd)

\$1.75 Billion Renovation Projects Substantially Completed



MBS Renovation Phase

- Hotel Towers 1 and 2 introduction of redesigned rooms and suites and VIP arrival
- Premium gaming
- Tower Gaming
- Paiza Sky Residence
- Premium Retail and F&B Offerings



MBS Renovation Phase II

- Hotel Tower 3 introduction of redesigned rooms and suites
- Lobby and VIP arrival renovation
- Skypark amenities
- Additional dining and F&B options
- Spa and wellness facilities









Marina Bay Sands Recent Capital Investment (cont'd)

Introduction of New Suites and Amenities





Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project Development Update



Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project

New Offerings and Amenities to Enhance Tourism Appeal of Singapore

- Iconic Design: A new property designed by Moshe Safdie, the architect of the original Marina Bay Sands, that will redefine the Singapore skyline
- The Skyloop: Multi-story signature rooftop experience with infinity pools, destination F&B and nightlife, and public attractions
- All-Suite Ultra Luxury Hotel: 570 luxury suites featuring the highest level of design
- Arena: A 15,000-seat arena designed to be the leading live entertainment venue in Asia featuring unique premium hospitality experiences
- Premium MICE Facilities: ~110,000 net sq. ft. Including a grand ballroom and premium meeting amenities
- Entertainment including signature dining experiences, luxury retail boutiques, podium and sky gaming, as well as additional lifestyle and wellness amenities



The Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project will complement and enhance the existing resort by introducing a new luxurious and exclusive hotel experience, a 15,000-seat arena, additional MICE capacity and entertainment offerings including premium gaming areas

MBS Expansion Project Development Cost Estimate Summary

(\$ in US billions)

| Original Land Premium (paid 2019) Additional Land Premium ¹ | \$1.0 1.0 | | Note: Land Premium for 47-Year Leasehold |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------|---------------------------------------------|
| Total Land Premiums | \$2.0 | 25% | |
| Design and Development paid through 1Q25 | 0.3 | | |
| Additional Development Costs: | | | |
| Hard Construction Costs | \$3.5 | | |
| Soft Construction Costs and Other | 0.9 | | |
| Design, Construction and Other Costs | \$4.7 | 59% |] |
| Pre-opening Expense | 0.3 | | |
| Financing Fees and Interest | 1.0 | | |
| Pre-Opening and Finance Costs | \$1.3 | 16% |] |
| Total Development Cost ² | \$8.0 | 100% |] |

Investing in the growth of Singapore's high-value leisure and business tourism market

1. Denotes \$1.0 billion of additional land premium, \$848 million of which the Company paid in April 2025, with the remainder to be paid in late 2025 or early 2026.





Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project

| Estimated Date | Key Milestone | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| October 2024 | Submission of development application to the Urban Redevelopment Authority - completed | | | | | |
| June 2025 | Anticipated piling and foundation commencement | | | | | |
| June 2025 - 2030 ¹ | Estimated 55 to 60 month construction period | | | | | |
| January 1, 2031 ¹ | Estimated opening date; subject to government approval | | | | | |

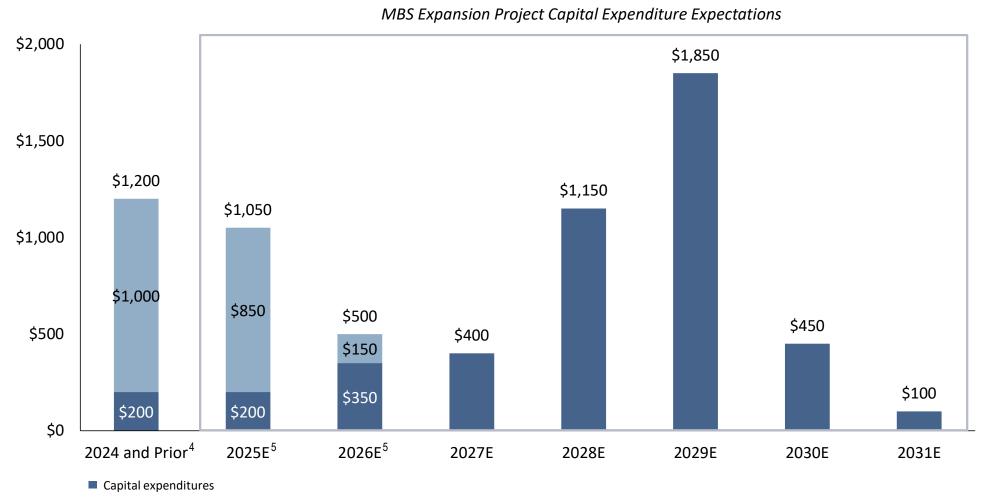
1. While the Company is contractually obligated to complete the MBS Expansion Project by July 2029, the current estimate is that construction will be complete in June 2030 with an anticipated opening date in January 2031. Any extension of the completion date beyond July 2029 is subject to the approval of the Singapore government.



Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project

Development Capital Expenditure Expectations^{1,2,3}

(\$ US in millions)



Land Premium⁴

- 1. While the Company is contractually obligated to complete the MBS Expansion Project by July 2029, the current estimate is that construction will be complete in June 2030 with an anticipated opening date in January 2031. Any extension of the completion date beyond July 2029 is subject to the approval of the Singapore government.
- 2. Total expenditures presented exclude financing fees and interest costs of ~\$1.0 billion and pre-opening expenses of \$300 million.
- 3. Development cost is estimated and subject to substantial revision based on project schedule and other factors.
- 4. Includes ~\$1.0 billion of land premium paid in 2019.
- 5. Includes payment of \$1.0 billion of additional land premium, \$848 million of which the Company paid in April 2025, with the remainder to be paid in late 2025 or early 2026.



Marina Bay Sands

Contributing to Singapore's Economic Growth and Enhancing Singapore's Tourism Appeal

Marina Bay Sands Original Integrated Resort

- Contributed meaningfully to economic growth and to Singapore's appeal as an exciting global city
- Delivered iconic architecture to Singapore's CBD area
- MBS is central to the MICE business in Singapore creating thousands of jobs for Singaporeans (MBS employed >10,000 FTE's in each of the last four years)
- Created procurement and sourcing opportunities for Singapore-based SME's

Marina Bay Sands Expansion Project

- Further enhance MBS' status as an iconic architectural landmark
- Provide suite product and customer experiences that are designed to be the finest and most exclusive in the world
- Introduce a 'state-of-the-art' arena designed for live musical performances that can attract the highest-caliber global entertainment events and artists to Singapore
- Extend the success of Singapore as a MICE destination
- Ensure MBS is positioned to grow its economic, employment, SME support and tourism destination contributions to Singapore in the decades ahead



Disciplined Execution of Our Global Growth Strategy

Focused on the Most Promising Global Development Opportunities

- Uniquely positioned to bring our unmatched track record and powerful convention-based business model to the world's most promising Integrated Resort development opportunities
- Balance sheet strength designed to support future large-scale development projects
- Development opportunity objectives:
 - Target minimum of 20% return on total invested capital
 - 25% 35% of total project costs to be funded with equity (project financing to fund 65% 75% of total project costs)



Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)



Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG)

Industry Leading ESG Platform

- LVS is committed to providing leadership in ESG through collaboration with Team Members, guests, small and medium enterprises, and community organizations where we operate
- Minimizing our environmental impact, practicing good governance, operating with integrity and being an employer of choice are fundamental to the way we conduct our business
- Our industry-leading ESG program is structured around three pillars:
 - People
 - Communities
 - Planet
- Our governance structure supports our commitment to operating our business ethically and with accountability
- Our 2024 ESG Report is available at <u>www.sands.com</u>
- LVS' ESG Report includes data disclosure in formats that conform with the reporting requirements of the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI), Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB), IFRS S2 Climate-related disclosures and Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)

LVS has a long-term commitment to its ESG platform; our ESG report provides details on the key components of our program and our performance



Sustainability Awards and Certifications

Recognized by Independent Third Parties as a Global Leader in Sustainability



Highlights:

- In 2024, Sands was named to the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) on DJSI World for the fifth consecutive year and DJSI North America for the seventh consecutive year
- Sands continued disclosure to CDP, the gold standard of environmental reporting, earning A- for CDP Climate Change in 2024
- In 2024, Sands was awarded Prime status by ISS for Corporate ESG Performance
- Sands was included in the FTSE4Good Index Series, which recognizes companies demonstrating strong ESG practices and performance
- Sands was included in Newsweek's America's Most Responsible Companies 2025 for the fourth consecutive year

Sustainability Awards and Certifications (cont'd)

Recognized by Independent Third Parties as a Global Leader in Sustainability

Las Vegas Sands

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, North America (2015, 2016, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, World (2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

CDP Climate A List (2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021)

CDP Water A List (2018, 2019, 2020, 2021)

FTSE4Good (2019, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

Fortune's Most Admired Companies (2015, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2024)

Newsweek's Most Responsible Companies (2022, 2023, 2024, 2025)

LEED Gold for Building Design and Construction Corporate Headquarters (since 2023)

Singapore

LEED Platinum for Building Operations and Maintenance Sands Expo and Convention Center at Marina Bay Sands (since 2019)

LEED Platinum for Building Operations and Maintenance ArtScience Museum at Marina Bay Sands (since 2024, (2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024) Gold since 2018)

Singapore BCA Green Mark Platinum Marina Bay Sands (since 2015)

Global Sustainable Tourism Council Industry Criteria Marina Bay Sands (2023)

Singapore MICE Sustainability Certification Sands Expo and Convention Center at Marina Bay Sands (since 2024)

EIC Sustainable Events Platinum Sands Expo and Convention Center (2022, Gold since 2020)

Enabling Mark Platinum Marina Bay Sands (since 2021)

Health Venue Gold Marina Bay Sands (2022)

ISO 20121 Event Sustainability Management Sands Expo and Convention Center at Marina Bay Sands (since 2014)

ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management

ISO 27001 Global Cyber Security Operation and **Vulnerability Management**

Macao

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, Asia Pacific (2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

Dow Jones Sustainability Index, World (2022, 2023, 2024)

FTSE4Good

LEED Silver for Building Design and Construction The Parisian Macao (2019)

Macao Green Hotel Gold

The Venetian Macao (2023), The Parisian Macao (2023), Four Seasons Macao (2023), The Londoner Macao (2022), Sands Macao (2021)

ISO 20121 Event Sustainability Management The Venetian Macao, The Parisian Macao (since 2014)

ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management

ISO 27001 Global Cyber Security Operation and **Vulnerability Management**

Hong Kong Business Sustainability Index (2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023)

Greater Bay Area Business Sustainability Index (2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023)

Greater China Business Sustainability Index (2020, 2021, 2022, 2023)

Hotel Business Sustainability Index (2020, 2021, 2022, 2023)

Global (Asia-Pacific) Business Sustainability Index (2022, 2023)

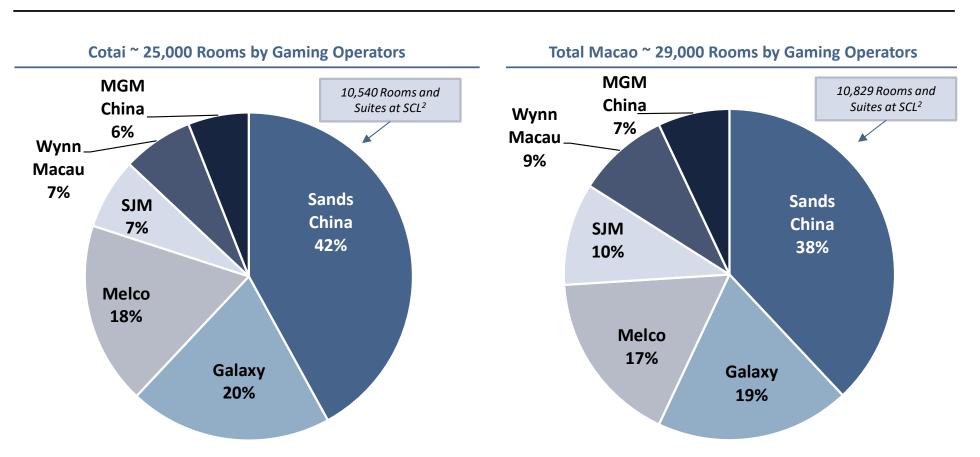


Appendices



Market Leading Hotel Capacity

SCL is the Leader in Macao Hotel Room and Suite Inventory



Macao Market 4/5 Star Hotel Rooms at March 31, 2025^{1,2} – Gaming Operators

With a market-leading ~US\$17 billion of investment, SCL hotel inventory represents ~38% of concessionaire hotel rooms and ~42% of concessionaire hotel rooms on Cotai

1. See slide 57 titled 'Market-Leading Hotel Capacity at SCL' for further detail.

2. Sands China figures reflect Londoner Grand's 2,405 keys, including 1,500 suites.

Source: Public company filings, Macao DSEC, Macao Government Tourism Office.

Sands China

Market Leading Investment in Macao

Investment

- ~\$17 billion
- Approximately 30 million square feet of interconnected facilities on Cotai

Hotel Inventory

- ~10,800 rooms including 3,730 suites¹
- ~42% of hotel inventory on Cotai

Retail

- ~1.9 million square feet of gross leasable retail
- Revenue of \$501 million as of TTM March 31, 2025

Entertainment

- The Macao leader in entertainment more seats, shows and venues than any other operator
- The Venetian Arena is an important entertainment venue in Macao, featuring 14,000 seats and premium VIP amenities

MICE

- The Macao leader in convention and group meetings
- ~70% of all MICE square footage in Macao is owned and operated by Sands China

Recent Expansion and Reinvestment

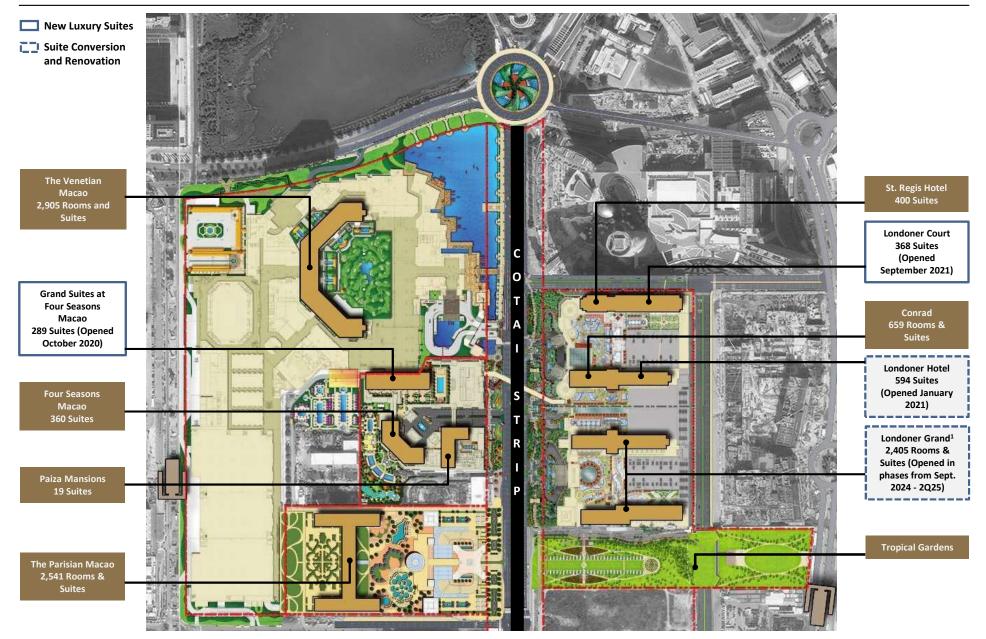
- 289 suites in the Grand Suites at Four Seasons Macao opened October 2020 (~1 million SF of suite product)
- 368 suites in Londoner Court opened September 2021 (~1.0 million SF of suite product)
- The re-themed Londoner Macao introduced a third Europeanthemed iconic destination resort on Cotai with additional MICE, retail, entertainment and luxurious suite offerings throughout 2021 and 2022
- The Londoner Macao Phase II commenced in 3Q24 and is now substantially completed; The Londoner Grand includes the introduction of the Londoner Grand Casino featuring 1,500 new suites and 905 refreshed rooms, new retail, dining, entertainment and health and wellness experiences



^{1.} Reflects Londoner Grand's 2,405 keys, including 1,500 suites.

Sands China

Continued Expansion of Market-Leading Cotai Strip Property Portfolio

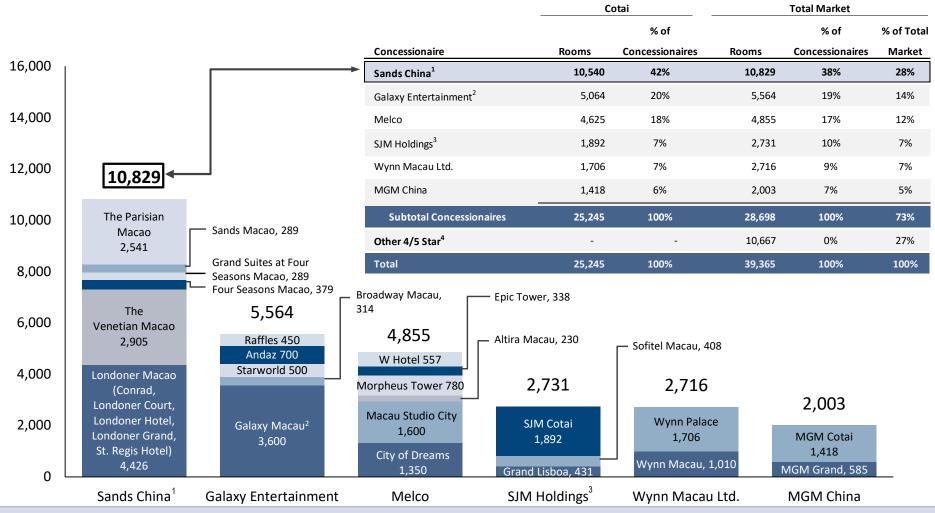


1. Reflects Londoner Grand's 2,405 keys, including 1,500 suites.



Market Leading Hotel Capacity at SCL

Macao Market 4/5 Star Hotel Rooms at March 31, 2025



With a market-leading ~US\$17 billion of investment, SCL hotel inventory represents ~42% of hotel rooms on Cotai

1. Reflects Londoner Grand's 2,405 keys, including 1,500 suites.

2. Reflects the opening of Galaxy Phase I and Phase II.

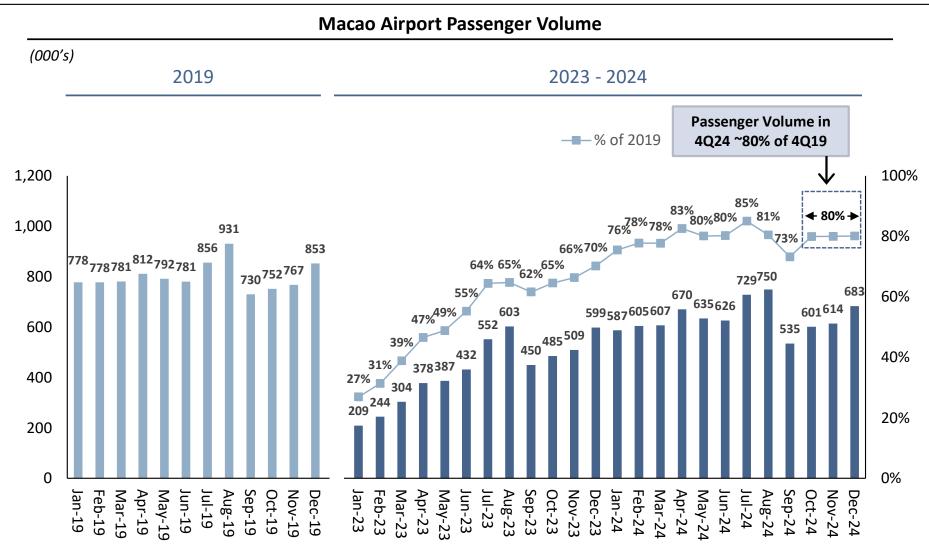
3. Reflects only SJM Holdings owned hotels.

4. In addition to the hotel rooms that are owned by gaming operators, there are approximately 10,667 additional four- and five-star hotel rooms owned by non-gaming operators in Macao at March 31, 2025. Source: Public company filings, Macao DSEC, Macao Government Tourism Office.



Sands China

Macao Airport Monthly Passenger Volume in 4Q24 was ~80% of 4Q19 Volume



In 4Q24 the recovery in Macao Airport passenger volume averaged ~80% of the 4Q19 volume

Source: CAM/Macau International Airport Co., Ltd.

Note: Passenger data for 2025 is not yet available; Covid-19 related travel restrictions were put in place in China in the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.



Supplemental Data



Macao Market: Mass Gaming Revenue

| (\$ in US millions) | Mass Win (Tables and Slots) ¹ | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------|---------|------------------|----------|--|--|--|
| | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total | | | |
| 2019 | \$5 <i>,</i> 440 | \$5,356 | \$5,523 | \$5 <i>,</i> 608 | \$21,927 | | | |
| Growth ('19 v '18) | 9.8% | 10.6% | 13.5% | 6.8% | 10.1% | | | |
| 2022 ² | \$1,779 | \$890 | \$621 | \$1,157 | \$4,447 | | | |
| Growth ('22 v '21) | -14.2% | -62.0% | -64.6% | -42.7% | -45.7% | | | |
| 2023 ² | \$3,715 | \$4,730 | \$5,350 | \$5 <i>,</i> 936 | \$19,731 | | | |
| Growth ('23 v '22) | 108.8% | 431.4% | 761.6% | 413.1% | 343.7% | | | |
| 2024 ² | \$6,171 | \$6,139 | \$6,051 | \$6,292 | \$24,653 | | | |
| Growth ('24 v '23) | 66.1% | 29.8% | 13.1% | 6.0% | 24.9% | | | |
| 2025 ² | \$ 6,261 ³ | | | | | | | |
| Growth ('25 v '24) | 1.5% | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| % of 2019 | 115.1% | | | | | | | |

Macao Market Mass Gaming Revenue

Macao market-wide mass GGR was ~\$6.3 billion in 1Q25 (~115% of 1Q19)

^{3.} Market-wide mass GGR for 1Q25 is estimated by LVS management based on DICJ reported data and LVS management's estimated differences between DICJ reporting and win reported by operators in public filings. Source: Public company filings, Macao DICJ.



^{1.} Market-wide mass GGR for all periods through 4Q24 is defined as mass win (tables and slots) as reported by the casino operators in their public filings (does not include revenue from Galaxy's City Clubs business). All figures reported in Hong Kong dollars have been converted to USD using a 7.75 exchange rate.

^{2.} Covid-19 related travel restrictions have been in place in China since the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.

Macao Market: VIP Gaming Revenue

| (\$ in US millions) | | | VIP Win ¹ | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------|----------------------|---------|----------|
| | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 | Total |
| 2019 | \$3,892 | \$3,640 | \$3,173 | \$3,301 | \$14,006 |
| Growth ('19 v '18) | -12.1% | -13.5% | -26.0% | -25.2% | -19.2% |
| 2022 ² | \$372 | \$140 | \$76 | \$129 | \$717 |
| Growth ('22 v '21) | -54.5% | -82.0% | -86.1% | -61.5% | -71.1% |
| 2023 ² | \$581 | \$876 | \$723 | \$757 | \$2,937 |
| Growth ('23 v '22) | 56.2% | 525.7% | 849.2% | 486.8% | 309.8% |
| 2024 ² | \$902 | \$850 | \$813 | \$839 | \$3,404 |
| Growth ('24 v '23) | 55.4% | -3.0% | 12.5% | 10.9% | 15.9% |
| 2025 ² | \$899 ³ | | | | |
| Growth ('25 v '24) | -0.3% | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| % of 2019 | 23.1% | | | | |

Macao Market VIP Gaming Revenue

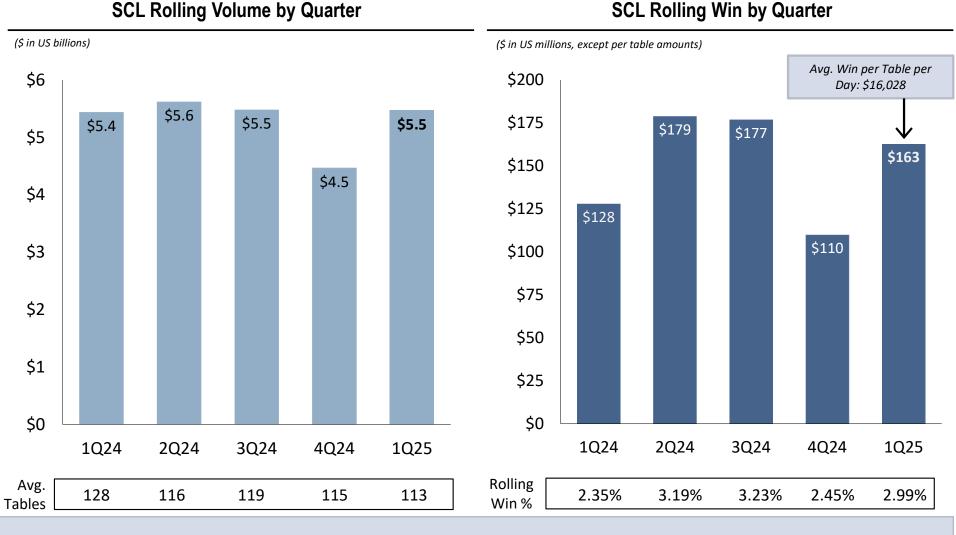
In 1Q25 Macao Market VIP revenue reached ~23% of 2019 level

- 2. Covid-19 related travel restrictions have been in place in China since the first quarter of 2020. In early 2023, most of those restrictions were reduced or removed.
- 3. Market-wide VIP GGR for 1Q25 is estimated by LVS management based on DICJ reported data and LVS management's estimated differences between DICJ reporting and win reported by operators in public filings. Source: Public company filings, Macao DICJ.



^{1.} Market-wide VIP GGR for all periods through 4Q24 is defined as rolling win as reported by the casino operators in their public filings (does not include revenue from Galaxy's City Clubs business). All figures reported in Hong Kong dollars have been converted to USD using a 7.75 exchange rate.

Sands China VIP Table Metrics



SCL Rolling Win by Quarter

In 1Q25 Sands China rolling volume was ~\$5.5 billion; rolling win was ~\$163 million

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures and Other Financial Information



Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Net Income to Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA

(\$ in US millions)

| | 1Q24 | 2Q24 | 3Q24 | 4Q24 | 1Q25 |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|
| Net income | \$583 | \$424 | \$353 | \$392 | \$408 |
| Add (deduct): | | | | | |
| Income tax expense | 17 | 72 | 50 | 69 | 63 |
| Loss on modification or early retirement of debt | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Other (income) expense | 6 | (11) | (11) | 6 | 1 |
| Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized | 182 | 186 | 179 | 180 | 174 |
| Interest income | (71) | (80) | (67) | (57) | (42) |
| Loss on disposal or impairment of assets | 14 | 16 | 11 | 9 | 7 |
| Amortization of leasehold interests in land | 16 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 320 | 316 | 324 | 348 | 362 |
| Development expense | 53 | 61 | 55 | 59 | 69 |
| Pre-opening expense | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Stock-based compensation | 6 | 3 | 10 | 8 | 1 |
| Corporate expense | 78 | 69 | 68 | 75 | 73 |
| Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA | \$1,207 | \$1,073 | \$991 | \$1,108 | \$1,140 |

Non-GAAP Measures

Adjusted Net Income

| (\$ in US millions) | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|--|--|
| | 2025 | 2024 | | |
| Net income attributable to LVS | \$352 | \$494 | | |
| Pre-opening expense | 4 | 3 | | |
| Development expense | 69 | 53 | | |
| Loss on disposal or impairment of assets | 7 | 14 | | |
| Other expense | 1 | 6 | | |
| Loss on modification or early retirement of debt | 5 | - | | |
| Income tax impact on net income adjustments ¹ | (14) | (11) | | |
| Noncontrolling interest impact on net income adjustments | (3) | (7) | | |
| Adjusted net income attributable to LVS | \$421 | \$552 | | |

1. The income tax impact for each adjustment is derived by applying the effective tax rate, including current and deferred income tax expense, based upon the jurisdiction and the nature of the adjustment.



Non-GAAP Measures

Adjusted Earnings per Diluted Share

| (\$ in per share amounts) | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| | 2025 | 2024 | | |
| Per diluted share of common stock: | | | | |
| Net income attributable to LVS | \$0.49 | \$0.66 | | |
| Pre-opening expense | 0.01 | - | | |
| Development expense | 0.10 | 0.07 | | |
| Loss on disposal or impairment of assets | 0.01 | 0.02 | | |
| Other expense | - | 0.01 | | |
| Loss on modification or early retirement of debt | 0.01 | - | | |
| Income tax impact on net income adjustments ¹ | (0.03) | (0.02) | | |
| Noncontrolling interest impact on net income adjustments | - | (0.01) | | |
| Adjusted earnings per diluted share | \$0.59 | \$0.73 | | |
| | | | | |
| Weighted average diluted shares outstanding (in millions) | 713 | 752 | | |

1. The income tax impact for each adjustment is derived by applying the effective tax rate, including current and deferred income tax expense, based upon the jurisdiction and the nature of the adjustment.



Non-GAAP Reconciliation

Trailing Twelve Month Supplemental Schedule

(\$ in US millions)

| | 1Q24 | 2Q24 | 3Q24 | 4Q24 | 1Q25 | TTM 1Q25 |
|---------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|----------|
| Cash Flows From Operations | \$714 | \$814 | \$761 | \$915 | \$526 | \$3,016 |
| Adjust for: | | | | | | |
| Recovery of (provision for) doubtful accounts | (11) | (4) | 5 | (9) | (5) | (13) |
| Foreign exchange gains (losses) | (5) | 11 | 11 | 1 | (2) | 21 |
| Other non-cash items | 9 | (1) | - | (22) | (12) | (35) |
| Changes in working capital | 226 | (50) | (74) | (121) | 290 | 45 |
| Add: Stock-based compensation expense | 6 | 3 | 10 | 8 | 1 | 22 |
| Add: Corporate expense | 78 | 69 | 68 | 75 | 73 | 285 |
| Add: Pre-opening and development expense | 56 | 64 | 59 | 63 | 73 | 259 |
| Add: Interest expense, net of amounts capitalized | 182 | 186 | 179 | 180 | 174 | 719 |
| Add: Interest and other income | (65) | (91) | (78) | (51) | (41) | (261) |
| Add: Income tax expense | 17 | 72 | 50 | 69 | 63 | 254 |
| LVS Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA | \$1,207 | \$1,073 | \$991 | \$1,108 | \$1,140 | \$4,312 |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA Macao: | | | | | | |
| The Venetian Macao | \$314 | \$262 | \$267 | \$250 | \$225 | \$1,004 |
| The Londoner Macao | 172 | 103 | 124 | 144 | 153 | 524 |
| The Parisian Macao | 71 | 83 | 74 | 69 | 66 | 292 |
| The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao | 36 | 100 | 102 | 83 | 74 | 359 |
| Sands Macao | 12 | 10 | 14 | 20 | 10 | 54 |
| Ferries and Other | 5 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 7 | 19 |
| Macao Operations | 610 | 561 | 585 | 571 | 535 | 2,252 |
| Marina Bay Sands | 597 | 512 | 406 | 537 | 605 | 2,060 |
| LVS Consolidated Adjusted Property EBITDA | \$1,207 | \$1,073 | \$991 | \$1,108 | \$1,140 | \$4,312 |

Supplemental Information

1Q25 and 1Q24

| (\$ in US millions) | Three Months Ended March 31, 2025 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Operating Income (Loss) | Depreciation and Amortization | Interests | Loss on Disposal or Impairment of Assets | | Royalty Fees | Stock-Based Compensation | Corporate Expense | Adjusted Property EBITDA |
| Macao: | | | | | | | | | |
| The Venetian Macao | \$168 | \$45 | \$1 | \$1 | - | \$10 | - | - | \$225 |
| The Londoner Macao | 46 | 89 | 2 | 6 | 2 | 8 | - | - | 153 |
| The Parisian Macao | 28 | 33 | 1 | - | - | 4 | - | - | 66 |
| The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao | 53 | 17 | 1 | - | - | 3 | - | - | 74 |
| Sands Macao | 4 | 5 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 10 |
| Ferry Operations and Other | 4 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 7 |
| Macao Operations | 303 | 192 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 26 | - | - | 535 |
| Marina Bay Sands | 397 | 161 | 9 | - | 2 | 35 | 1 | - | 605 |
| Other Development | (72) | 2 | 1 | - | 69 | - | - | - | - |
| Corporate and Other | (19) | 7 | - | - | - | (61) | - | 73 | - |
| | \$609 | \$362 | \$15 | \$7 | \$73 | - | \$1 | \$73 | \$1,140 |

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|
| | Operating Income (Loss) | Depreciation and Amortization | Interests | Loss on Disposal or Impairment of Assets | | Royalty Fees | Stock-Based Compensation | Corporate Expense | Adjusted Property EBITDA |
| Macao: | | | | | | | | | |
| The Venetian Macao | \$255 | \$35 | \$1 | \$8 | - | \$12 | \$3 | - | \$314 |
| The Londoner Macao | 57 | 100 | 2 | 3 | - | 9 | 1 | - | 172 |
| The Parisian Macao | 33 | 32 | 1 | - | - | 4 | 1 | - | 71 |
| The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao | 15 | 18 | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 36 |
| Sands Macao | 6 | 5 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | 12 |
| Ferry Operations and Other | 2 | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Macao Operations | 368 | 193 | 5 | 11 | - | 28 | 5 | - | 610 |
| Marina Bay Sands | 427 | 119 | 9 | 3 | 3 | 35 | 1 | - | 597 |
| Other Development | (56) | 1 | 2 | - | 53 | - | - | - | - |
| Corporate and Other | (22) | 7 | - | - | - | (63) | - | 78 | - |
| | \$717 | \$320 | \$16 | \$14 | \$56 | - | \$6 | \$78 | \$1,207 |

Marina Bay Sands Hold-Normalization Update

- In 2012, SCL and MBS began normalizing rolling win using an expected win percentage of 2.85% when the Company's actual rolling win percentage fell outside a range of 2.70% 3.00%
- In 2017 and 2019, SCL and MBS, respectively, updated the expected win percentage to 3.15% when the Company's actual rolling win percentage fell outside a range of 3.00% 3.30% as a result of increases in actual rolling win percentage
- In 2020, SCL and MBS updated the expected win percentage to 3.30% when the Company's actual rolling win percentage fell outside a range of 3.15% - 3.45% as a result of increases in actual rolling win percentage
- In 4Q23, SCL and MBS eliminated the range and began providing illustrations of the impact of hold at an expected win percentage of 3.30%
- Recently, Marina Bay Sands has experienced an increase in actual rolling win percentage
- Dragon Tiger Baccarat side bet introduced
- Higher no-commission mix and side bet volumes
- As a result, MBS' illustration of normalized hold on rolling play is calculated based on an expected hold rate of 3.70%

| (\$ in US millions) | 2-Year Trailing ¹ | 1-Year Trailing ² |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Actual Rolling Win % | 3.69% | 3.60% |
| Actual Rolling Volume | \$57,419 | \$28,942 |
| Actual Rolling Win | 2,118 | 1,041 |

As of 1Q25, for Marina Bay Sands, normalized win was adjusted to 3.70%; all periods presented throughout this document reflect this normalization adjustment

Marina Bay Sands

| (\$ in US millions) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------------------|------|--------|-------|-------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|------|-------|--------|
| | 1Q22 | 2Q22 | 3Q22 | 4Q22 | 1Q23 | 2Q23 | 3Q23 | 4Q23 | 1Q24 | 2Q24 | 3Q24 | 4Q24 | 1Q25 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Hold-Normalized at 3.30% (Prior) ¹ | - | (\$41) | (\$9) | \$113 | \$18 | (\$19) | (\$34) | (\$71) | (\$77) | (\$64) | \$78 | (\$2) | (\$25) |
| Hold-Normalized at 3.70% (Current) ² | 6 | (25) | 12 | 135 | 40 | - | (9) | (49) | (52) | (46) | 98 | 22 | - |
| Difference | \$6 | \$16 | \$21 | \$22 | \$22 | \$19 | \$25 | \$22 | \$25 | \$18 | \$20 | \$24 | \$25 |

1. Prior methodology: Hold adjustment is calculated by applying a rolling win percentage of 3.30% to the rolling volume for the quarter. 2. Current methodology: Hold adjustment is calculated by applying a rolling win percentage of 3.70% to the rolling volume for the quarter.



(\$ in US millions)

| | 1022 | 2022 | 2022 | 4022 | 1022 | 2022 | 2022 | 4022 | 1024 | 2024 | 2024 | 4024 | 1025 |
|----------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------|---------|---------|
| | _1Q22 | _2Q22 | 3Q22 | 4Q22 | 1Q23 | 2Q23 | 3Q23 | 4Q23 | 1Q24 | 2Q24 | <u>3Q24</u> | 4Q24 | 1Q25 |
| Macao Operations ¹ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Revenues | \$551 | \$374 | \$258 | \$444 | \$1,279 | \$1,628 | \$1,789 | \$1,863 | \$1,811 | \$1,754 | \$1,771 | \$1,771 | \$1,709 |
| Impact of hold-adjustment ² | (12) | (22) | (10) | (10) | (22) | (19) | (25) | 68 | 52 | 6 | 4 | 38 | 17 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA | (11) | (110) | (152) | (51) | 398 | 541 | 631 | 654 | 610 | 561 | 585 | 571 | 535 |
| Impact of hold-adjustment ² | (7) | (13) | (6) | (6) | (13) | (11) | (15) | 40 | 31 | 4 | 2 | 22 | 10 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin | n/m | n/m | n/m | n/m | 31.1% | 33.2% | 35.3% | 35.1% | 33.7% | 32.0% | 33.0% | 32.2% | 31.3% |
| Impact of hold-adjustment ² | n/m | n/m | n/m | n/m | -0.5% | -0.3% | -0.4% | 0.8% | 0.7% | 0.1% | 0.1% | 0.6% | 0.3% |
| | n/m | n/m | n/m | n/m | 30.6% | 32.9% | 34.9% | 35.9% | 34.4% | 32.1% | 33.1% | 32.8% | 31.6% |
| Marina Bay Sands ³ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Revenues | \$399 | \$679 | \$756 | \$682 | \$848 | \$925 | \$1,015 | \$1,061 | \$1,158 | \$1,016 | \$919 | \$1,137 | \$1,163 |
| Impact of hold-adjustment ² | 7 | (31) | 15 | 172 | 51 | - | (12) | (62) | (67) | (59) | 126 | 29 | - |
| | | (02) | | | | | () | (0-) | (07) | (00) | | | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA | 121 | 319 | 343 | 273 | 394 | 432 | 491 | 544 | 597 | 512 | 406 | 537 | 605 |
| Impact of hold-adjustment ² | 6 | (25) | 12 | 135 | 40 | - | (9) | (49) | (52) | (46) | 98 | 22 | - |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Adjusted Property EBITDA Margin | 30.3% | 47.0% | 45.4% | 40.0% | 46.5% | 46.7% | 48.4% | 51.3% | 51.6% | 50.4% | 44.2% | 47.2% | 52.0% |
| Impact of hold-adjustment ² | 1.0% | -1.6% | 0.6% | 7.8% | 1.8% | 0.0% | -0.3% | -1.8% | -1.6% | -1.7% | 4.0% | 0.7% | - |
| | 31.3% | 45.4% | 46.0% | 47.8% | 48.3% | 46.7% | 48.1% | 49.5% | 50.0% | 48.7% | 48.2% | 47.9% | 52.0% |

1. Macao operations reflect amounts from The Venetian Macao, The Londoner Macao, The Parisian Macao, The Plaza Macao and Four Seasons Macao, Sands Macao and Ferry Operations and Other.

2. These amounts present the illustrative impact if the current period Rolling Chip win percentage was 3.30% and 3.70% for Macao operations and Marina Bay Sands, respectively. Included are the estimated commissions paid, discounts and other incentives rebated directly or indirectly to customers, gaming taxes and bad debt expense that would have been incurred or avoided.

3. We revised the expected hold-adjusted win percentage from 3.30% to 3.70% for Marina Bay Sands during the three months ended March 31, 2025, due to the increase in Rolling Chip win percentage experienced over the last two years. The prior periods' non-GAAP measurement for Marina Bay Sands have also been adjusted to conform to the current period presentation.



