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## 公司資料 Corporate Information

## 董事會

#### 執行董事

王忠秣先生 *(主席兼行政總裁)* 王賢敏女士 陳子華博士 熊永順先生 陳偉明先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

李家祥博士,GBS,OBE,太平紳士 楊孫西博士,GBM,太平紳士 葉天養先生,太平紳士 羅偉浩先生

## 審核委員會

李家祥博士,GBS,OBE,太平紳士(主席) 楊孫西博士,GBM,太平紳士 葉天養先生,太平紳士

### 風險管理委員會

王賢敏女士(*主席)* 陳子華博士 熊永順先生

## 薪酬委員會

楊孫西博士,GBM,太平紳士(主席) 葉天養先生,太平紳士 陳子華博士

## 提名委員會

王忠秣先生(*主席)* 葉天養先生,<sub>太平紳士</sub> 羅偉浩先生

## 行政委員會

王忠秣先生(主席) 王賢敏女士 陳子華博士 熊永順先生 陳偉明先生

## 公司秘書

何婉芬女士,FCG(CS,CGP),HKFCG(CS,CGP)

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund Mr. Chan Wai Ming, Hermes

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Dr. Li Ka Cheung, Eric, GBS, OBE, JP Dr. Yu Sun Say, GBM, JP Mr. Alfred Donald Yap, JP Mr. Lo Wai Ho, Ashley

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Dr. Li Ka Cheung, Eric, GBS, OBE, JP *(Chairman)* Dr. Yu Sun Say, GBM, JP Mr. Alfred Donald Yap, JP

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada *(Chairperson)* Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Dr. Yu Sun Say, GBM, JP *(Chairman)* Mr. Alfred Donald Yap, JP Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben *(Chairman)* Mr. Alfred Donald Yap, JP Mr. Lo Wai Ho, Ashley

#### ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben *(Chairman)* Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund Mr. Chan Wai Ming, Hermes

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Ms. Ho Yuen Fan, FCG(CS, CGP), HKFCG(CS, CGP)

## 公司資料 Corporate Information

#### 核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 <sup>執業會計師及註冊公眾利益實體核數師</sup>

### 律師

莊驥律師事務所 Musick, Peeler & Garrett LLP

### 來往銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 渣打銀行(香港)有限公司

#### 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### 總辦事處

香港 九龍 官塘 偉業街108號 絲寶國際大廈17樓

#### 主要股份過戶登記處

Appleby Global Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street PO Box HM 1179, Hamilton HM EX Bermuda

## 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

## 網址

www.wih.com.hk

#### **AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants and Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

## SOLICITORS

J.S. Gale & Co. Musick, Peeler & Garrett LLP

### **BANKERS**

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### **PRINCIPAL OFFICE**

17/F, C-Bons International Center No. 108 Wai Yip Street Kwun Tong Kowloon Hong Kong

#### **PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR**

Appleby Global Corporate Services (Bermuda) Limited Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street PO Box HM 1179, Hamilton HM EX Bermuda

#### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

## WEBSITE

www.wih.com.hk

## 全年財務業績

王氏國際集團有限公司(「本公司」,連同其 附屬公司統稱「本集團」)擁有人應佔虧損為 港幣837,500,000元,而上一個財政年度則為 利潤港幣152,700,000元。所呈報業績包括 本集團及合營企業所持投資物業價值以及 已完成物業存貨(扣除遞延税項)減少港幣 984,800,000元,而上一個財政年度則減少 港幣10,400,000元。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司擁有人應佔基本利潤(不包括本集 團及合營企業所持投資物業以及已完成物 業存貨(扣除遞延税項)變動的影響)為港 幣147,300,000元,而上一個財政年度則為 港幣163,100,000元。此乃主要由於EMS部門 利潤減少港幣1,600,000元及物業持有部門 利潤減少港幣15,000,000元(不包括本集團 及合營企業所持投資物業以及已完成物業 存貨(扣除遞延税項)變動的影響)、其他收 入減少港幣10,400,000元、所得税開支(不 包括已完成物業存貨變動的遞延税項影響) 增加港幣13,700,000元,被融資成本淨額減 少港幣14,400,000元及匯兑差異收益增加 港幣10,400,000元所抵銷。

本年度之每股虧損為港幣1.75元,而上一個 財政年度則為每股盈利港幣0.32元。截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 之收益為港幣2,664,700,000元,而上一個財 政年度則為港幣3,185,700,000元。截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度之營運虧損 為港幣286,100,000元,而上一個財政年度則 為營運利潤港幣215,100,000元。

### FINAL FINANCIAL RESULTS

Loss attributable to owners of Wong's International Holdings Limited (the "Company", and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") amounted to HK\$837.5 million, compared to profit of HK\$152.7 million for last financial year. The reported result included decreases in value of investment properties held by the Group and the joint ventures, and stock of completed properties, net of deferred tax, of HK\$984.8 million, compared to decreases of HK\$10.4 million for last financial year.

The underlying profit attributable to owners of the Company (excluding the effect of changes on investment properties held by the Group and the joint ventures, and stock of completed properties, net of deferred tax) for the year ended 31 December 2024 amounted to HK\$147.3 million, as compared to HK\$163.1 million for the last financial year. This was mainly attributable to the profit from EMS Division decreased by HK\$1.6 million, profit from the Property Holding Division decreased by HK\$15.0 million (excluding the effect of changes on investment properties held by the Group and the joint ventures, and stock of completed properties, net of deferred tax), other income decreased by HK\$10.4 million, income tax expenses (excluding deferred tax effect from changes on stock of completed properties) increased by HK\$13.7 million, and offsetting by decrease in net finance cost by HK\$14.4 million and increase in gain in exchange difference by HK\$10.4 million.

Losses per share for the year was HK\$1.75 as compared to earnings per share of HK\$0.32 for the last financial year. The Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2024 was HK\$2,664.7 million, as compared to HK\$3,185.7 million for the last financial year. Operating loss for the year ended 31 December 2024 was HK\$286.1 million, as compared to operating profit of HK\$215.1 million for the last financial year.

#### 股息

本公司已支付二零二四年度中期股息每股 港幣0.0275元(二零二三年:港幣0.0300 元)。董事現建議於二零二五年六月二十日 (星期五)派付末期股息每股港幣0.0300元 (二零二三年:港幣0.0300元)予於二零二五年 六月三日(星期二)名列本公司股東名冊之 股東。派付有關建議末期股息須待股東於本 公司將於二零二五年五月二十八日(星期三) 舉行之應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」) 上批准,方可作實。

## 就股東週年大會而暫停辦理股東登記 手續

為確定出席股東週年大會並於會上投票之權 利,本公司將於二零二五年五月二十二日(星 期四)至二零二五年五月二十八日(星期三) (包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理本公司股東登記 手續,於該期間內不會辦理股份轉讓。如欲 符合資格出席股東週年大會並於會上投票, 務須於二零二五年五月二十一日(星期三) 下午四時三十分前,將所有過戶表格連同有 關股票,一併送達本公司之香港股份過戶登 記分處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港 夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓,以辦理登記 手續。

#### 就 派 發 股 息 而 暫 停 辦 理 股 東 登 記 手續

為確定收取建議末期股息之權利,本公司將 於二零二五年六月三日(星期二)暫停辦理 本公司股東登記手續,該日將不會辦理股份 轉讓。如欲符合資格在於股東週年大會上獲 股東批准之情況下獲派建議末期股息,務須 於二零二五年六月二日(星期一)下午四時 三十分前,將所有過戶表格連同有關股票, 一併送達本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處 卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為香港夏慤道 16號遠東金融中心17樓,以辦理登記手續。

#### DIVIDENDS

The Company paid an interim dividend of HK\$0.0275 (2023: HK\$0.0300) per share for 2024. The Directors now recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK\$0.0300 (2023: HK\$0.0300) per share on Friday, 20 June 2025 to the shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of the Company on Tuesday, 3 June 2025. Payment of such proposed final dividend is subject to approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "AGM") of the Company to be held on Wednesday, 28 May 2025.

## CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS FOR THE AGM

For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM, the Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 22 May 2025 to Wednesday, 28 May 2025, both days inclusive. During this period, no transfer of shares will be effected. To be eligible to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 21 May 2025.

## CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS FOR PAYMENT OF DIVIDEND

For determining the entitlement to the proposed final dividend, the Register of Members of the Company will be closed on Tuesday, 3 June 2025 and no transfer of shares will be effected on that date. To qualify for the proposed final dividend which is subject to approval of the shareholders at the AGM, all transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 2 June 2025.

#### 股息政策

為維持合理的投資回報及回饋股東之持續 支持,董事會已採納股息政策,按本集團的 利潤表現向股東派發股息。股息派付比率將 會根據股東應佔利潤(不包括已計入綜合收 益表的應佔合營企業/聯營公司利潤及虧損 以及資物業公允價值變動),並經考慮少 個於財務表現及預期的盈利能力、流動資 個於財務表現及預期的盈利能力、流動資 出況及資本效率、遵守財務契約、來自附屬 公司的股息收入、未來發展及承諾、潛在投 資機遇,以及本公司之公司細則、百慕達法 律及其他適用規則和規例內的相關條文。本 公司亦或會在普通股息以外不時派發特別 股息。

視乎不時的情況而定,股息建議及派付將由 董事會全權決定,及在適用情況下需經股東 批准。概無保證將會就任何指定期間建議或 派付任何特定金額的股息。

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

For the purpose of maintaining a reasonable return on investment and rewarding shareholders for their continued support, the Board has adopted a Dividend Policy for distribution of dividend to the shareholders in accordance with the Group's profit performance. The dividend payout ratio will be based on the profit attributable to the shareholders excluding share of profit and loss of joint ventures/associated companies and change in fair value of investment properties which have been recorded in the consolidated income statement after considering various prevailing factors at the time of declaration of dividend, including but not limited to financial performance and projected profitability, liquidity position and capital efficiency, compliance with financial covenants, dividends received from subsidiaries. future growth and commitments, potential investment opportunities, relevant provisions under the Company's bye-laws, laws of Bermuda and other applicable rules and regulations. The Company may also distribute special dividend from time to time in addition to the ordinary dividend.

Depending on the situation from time to time, dividend recommendation and payment shall be determined at the sole discretion of the Board and subject to the approval of shareholders, where appropriate. There is no assurance that dividends will be recommended or paid in any particular amount for any given period.

#### 業務回顧

#### 電子製造服務(「EMS」)部門

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, EMS部門之收益為港幣2,603,000,000元,而 上一個財政年度則為港幣3,123,900,000元。 EMS部門應佔分部利潤為港幣189,800,000 元,較上一個財政年度港幣191,400,000元減 少0.8%。分部利潤減少歸因於收益減少,被 嚴格的材料控制以及營運效率提高所抵銷。

#### 物業持有部門

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,物 業持有部門之收益為港幣61,700,000元,而 上一個財政年度則為港幣61,800,000元。分 部虧損為港幣916,100,000元,而上一個財政 年度之分部利潤則為港幣79,900,000元。分 部虧損乃因本年度內本集團及合營企業持 有之物業價值降幅較大所致。物業價值之下 降為未變現,亦對本集團之現金流量並無產 生任何影響。本集團及合營企業所持有之物 業主要用作租賃用途,於本年度內,重續若 干合約後租金收入略有下降。

#### **REVIEW OF BUSINESS ACTIVITIES**

#### Electronic Manufacturing Service ("EMS") Division

Revenue for the EMS Division for the year ended 31 December 2024 was HK\$2,603.0 million, as compared to HK\$3,123.9 million for the last financial year. The segment profit attributable to the EMS Division was HK\$189.8 million, 0.8% decrease as compared to HK\$191.4 million for the last financial year. The decrease in the segment profit was attributable to the decrease in revenue, offset by stringent materials control and the improvement of operating efficiency.

#### **Property Holding Division**

Revenue for the Property Holding Division for the year ended 31 December 2024 was HK\$61.7 million, as compared to HK\$61.8 million for the last financial year. The segment loss was HK\$916.1 million, as compared to segment profit of HK\$79.9 million for last financial year. The segment loss was driven by the more significant reduction on the value of properties held by the Group and the joint ventures during the year. The decrease in the value of the properties is unrealised and did not have any impact on the Group's cash flow. The properties held by the Group and the joint ventures are mainly for leasing purposes and the rental income had faced a slight drop upon renewal of certain contracts during the year.

## 流動資金及財務資源

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀 行信貸總額為港幣2,908,900,000元(二零 二三年:港幣3,071,300,000元)。銀行貸款 總額為港幣1,618,900,000元(二零二三年: 港幣1,790,700,000元)。於二零二四年十二 月三十一日,現金及現金等價物、短期銀行 存款及受限制現金為港幣1,335,500,000元 (二零二三年:港幣1,348,000,000元)。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之 銀行貸款淨額為港幣283,500,000元,而 於二零二三年十二月三十一日則為港幣 442,700,000元。本集團維持充足銀行信貸及 銀行結存,以應對本集團製造業務及物業持 有部門之現金需要。

本集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日之淨 資產負債比率為0.08(二零二三年:0.10)。 淨資產負債比率的計算方法為負債淨額除 以總權益。負債淨額則由總銀行貸款及租賃 負債減現金及現金等價物、短期銀行存款及 受限制現金得出。

#### 外匯及風險管理

本集團大部分銷售均以美元進行,成本及開 支則主要以美元、港幣、日圓、人民幣及越 南盾計算。本集團並無使用任何外匯對沖產 品,與財務風險管理之審慎政策一致。本集 團知悉人民幣匯價波動的貨幣風險,並將密 切監察及積極管理所涉及的風險。

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had a total of HK\$2,908.9 million (2023: HK\$3,071.3 million) of banking facilities. Total bank borrowings were HK\$1,618.9 million (2023: HK\$1,790.7 million). Cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits and restricted cash were HK\$1,335.5 million as at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$1,348.0 million).

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had a net bank borrowing of HK\$283.5 million, as compared to HK\$442.7 million as at 31 December 2023. Sufficient banking facilities and bank balances are available to meet the cash needs of the Group for its manufacturing operations as well as Property Holding Division.

Net gearing ratio for the Group as at 31 December 2024 was 0.08 (2023: 0.10). The net gearing ratio was calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total bank borrowings and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits and restricted cash.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Most of the Group's sales are conducted in United States dollars and costs and expenses are mainly in United States dollars, Hong Kong dollars, Japanese Yen, Chinese Renminbi and Vietnam Dong. Consistent with its prudent policy on financial risk management, the Group does not use any foreign exchange hedging products. The Group recognises the currency risk in the fluctuation of Chinese Renminbi and will closely monitor and actively manage the risk involved.

#### 資本結構

本集團之資本結構包括銀行貸款、現金及現 金等價物、短期銀行存款、受限制現金以及 母公司擁有人應佔權益,當中包括已發行股 本及儲備。

#### 本集團資產之抵押

#### 本集團資產之抵押詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註30。

#### 僱員

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團聘用 2,604名僱員。本集團所採納之薪酬政策為 按僱員之工作性質、資歷及經驗釐定薪酬。 除提供年終花紅及僱員相關保險福利外,本 集團亦會基於僱員之個人表現發放酌情花 紅。本集團之薪酬福利及政策會定期作出檢 討。本集團亦向其僱員提供內部及外間培訓 課程。

#### **CAPITAL STRUCTURE**

The Group's capital structure consists of bank borrowings, cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits, restricted cash and equity attributable to owners of the parent, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

#### PLEDGES ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS

Details of the pledges on the Group's assets are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **EMPLOYEES**

As at 31 December 2024, the Group employed 2,604 employees. The Group adopts a remuneration policy which is commensurate with job nature, qualification and experience of employees. In addition to the provision of annual bonuses and employee related insurance benefits, discretionary bonuses are also rewarded to employees based on individual performance. The remuneration packages and policies are reviewed periodically. The Group also provides inhouse and external training programs to its employees.

#### 前景

二零二五年上半年全球經濟持續受高利率、 高通脹、貿易保護及地緣政治緊張局勢影響。 美國新一屆政府近期對中國商品加徵關税 及可能實施的貿易及經濟政策之若干激進 建議變動的不確定性可能進一步抑制全球 對製成品之需求。烏克蘭及中東戰爭持續擾 亂全球供應鏈,包括能源供應、商品價格、 運輸成本及貿易路線。通脹的不確定性預期 延長降息週期。上述全部因素將影響客戶需 求及本集團的盈利能力。

按目前的客戶訂單及預報,本集團預計二零 二五年上半年EMS業務收益將與二零二四年 下半年錄得的收益相若。本集團將繼續實施 嚴格的成本節省及效率改善措施,以確保本 集團在成本上具有競爭力。本集團將利用其 於中國內地及越南均設有工廠的優勢,擴展 其客戶群並獲取更多銷售機會。本集團於越 南的工廠的收益穩步增長,該工廠將成為本 集團日後增長的重要來源。本集團正採取措 施簡化越南工廠的生產運作、加強人才培訓 及提高技術能力,以為其未來擴展做準備。

#### PROSPECTS

The global economy in the first half of Year 2025 continues to be affected by high interest rates, high inflation, trade protectionism, and geopolitical tensions. The recent increase in tariffs on goods from China and the uncertainty surrounding the possible implementation of certain radical proposed changes in trade and economic policies made by the new US administration are likely to further dampen the world demand for manufactured goods. Wars in Ukraine and the Middle East continue to disrupt global supply chains including energy supply, commodity prices, transport cost and trade routes. The uncertainty of inflation is expected to prolong the interest rates cut cycle. All the above factors will impact demand from our customers and the profitability of the Group.

Based on current customer orders and forecasts, the Group expects that the revenue of the EMS business for the first half of Year 2025 will be comparable to that booked in the second half of Year 2024. The Group will continue to implement stringent cost saving and efficiency improvement measures to ensure that the Group is cost competitive. The Group will make use of its advantage of having factories in both Mainland China and Vietnam to expand its customer base and obtain more sales opportunities. The revenue of the Group's factory in Vietnam is growing steadily and this factory will be an important source of future growth for the Group. The Group is taking measures to streamline production operations, strengthen talents training and enhance technical capability in the Vietnam factory to prepare for its future expansion.

## 前景(續)

香港商業物業的價格於二零二四年大幅下 跌,這導致本集團於本年度錄得公允價值 虧損約港幣1,000,000,000元。然而,該公 允價值虧損對本集團現金流量並無任何影 響。本集團直接或間接持有之商業物業已 幾乎全數租出並將持續為本集團帶來穩定 收入。貸款利率預期維持在高水平,本集 團已採取措施對沖高利率風險。

#### 獎項及認可

本公司及其全資附屬公司王氏電子有限公司連續十三年獲香港社會服務聯會頒發 「商界展關懷」標誌。這些嘉許為對本集團 積極參與社區活動及作為良好企業市民的 認可。

#### 致謝

本人謹此代表董事會同仁衷心感謝客戶、 供應商及業務夥伴一直對本集團的信任及 支持。本人亦謹此特別感謝本集團所有員 工之忠誠、勤奮及為本集團提供專業服務。

#### **PROSPECTS** (continued)

The prices of commercial properties in Hong Kong fell sharply in Year 2024, and this has caused the Group to book a fair value loss of close to HK\$1 billion for the year. However, this fair value loss does not have any effect on the Group's cash flow. The commercial properties held by the Group, directly or indirectly, have remained almost fully leased out and will continue to generate stable income to the Group. Loan interest rates are expected to remain at high level, and the Group has taken measures to hedge against the risk of high interest rates.

#### **AWARD & RECOGNITION**

The Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Wong's Electronics Company Limited, were awarded the Caring Company Logo by The Hong Kong Council of Social Service for the thirteenth consecutive year. These serve as recognition of the Group's active participation in community activities and good corporate citizenship.

#### APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to our customers, suppliers and business partners for their continued confidence in and support to the Group. I would also like to pay a special tribute to all of our employees for their loyal, diligent and professional services to the Group.

**王忠秣** 主席兼行政總裁

香港,二零二五年三月二十六日

**WONG CHUNG MAT, BEN** *Chairman and Chief Executive Officer* 

Hong Kong, 26 March 2025

## 財務摘要 **Financial Highlights**

#### 收益 **Revenue**

港幣百萬元 HK\$million



## 除所得税後利潤/(虧損)

Profit / (Loss) after Income Tax

港幣百萬元 HK\$million



\* 二零二四年業績包括應佔合營企業虧損港幣446.7百萬元 (二零二三年:應佔合營企業溢利港幣49.5百萬元)
 \* Share of losses of joint ventures of HK\$446.7 million included in 2024 results (2023: Share of profits of joint ventures of HK\$49.5 million)

## 總資產及總負債 **Total Assets and Total Liabilities**

港幣百萬元 HK\$million



各業務地區之收益 **Revenue by Geographical Area** 



## 財務摘要 Financial Highlights

				附註 Notes	二零二四年 <b>2024</b> 百分率 %	二零二三年 2023 百分率 %	變動 Changes 百分點 % point
營運	業績	Operating results					
僱員	福利開支對收益百分比	Employee benefit ex to revenue %	xpenses	3	13.8	12.9	0.9
其他	營運開支對收益百分比	Other operating exp to revenue %	oenses		5.7	5.3	0.4
營運	(虧損)/利潤率	Operating (loss)/pro	ofit %		(10.7)	6.8	(17.5)
淨(膚	<b>皆損)/利潤率</b>	Net (loss)/profit %			(31.4)	4.8	(36.2)
權益	回報率	Return on equity (%	b)	1	(23.8)	3.4	(27.2)
財務	健康狀況	Financial health					
淨借	貸對總權益百分比	Net debts to total e	quity %	2	8.1	10.3	(2.2)
貸款	對總權益百分比	Borrowings to total	equity 9	% 3	46.0	40.0	6.0
					二零二四年 <b>2024</b>	二零二三年 2023	變動 Changes
財務	比率	Financial ratio					
流動	比率(倍)	Current ratio (Times	3)	4	1.6	1.6	-
<b>每股</b> 每股	<b>數據</b> ( 虧損)/盈利	Per share data (Losses)/earnings p	er share	j	(港幣1.75元) (HK\$1.75)	港幣0.32元 HK\$0.32	(港幣2.07元) (HK\$2.07)
附註:		(),	Notes		(		()
1.	權益回報率=淨利潤/總權差	ź	1.		iity% = net profit/to	otal equity	
2.	淨借貸對總權益百分比=(總 現金及現金等價物總額一短 現金)/總權益		2.		otal equity% = (tot and cash equivale n)/total equity	-	
3.	貸款對總權益百分比=總貸款	次/總權益	3.	Borrowings to	total equity% = to	tal borrowings/tota	al equity
4.	流動比率=流動資產/流動的	〕債	4.	Current ratio =	- current assets/cu	rrent liabilities	

## 五年財務概要 Five-Year Financial Summary

		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
業績	RESULTS					
收益	Revenue	2,664,674	3,185,668	3,466,674	3,256,729	3,224,636
營運(虧損)/利潤	Operating (loss)/profit	(286,081)	215,094	241,231	120,300	(375,056)
除所得税前(虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit before income tax	(782,828)	200,115	154,650	126,662	(735,630)
		(54,000)	(47.000)		(07 100)	(00.040)
所得税	Income tax	(54,636)	(47,389)	(42,214)	(37,188)	(26,048)
年度(虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit for the year	(837,464)	152,726	112,436	89,474	(761,678)
擁有人應佔(虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit attributable to owners	(837,464)	152,726	112,436	89,474	(761,674)
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		-	-	-	(4)
資產及負債	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
總資產	Total assets	6,158,836	7,310,256	7,678,233	7,747,276	7,585,931
總負債	Total liabilities	2,641,434	2,835,989	3,265,140	3,268,739	3,252,157
歸屬於擁有人之權益	Equity attributable to owners	3,517,402	4,474,267	4,413,093	4,478,537	4,333,774
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-
總權益及負債	Total equity and liabilities	6,158,836	7,310,256	7,678,233	7,747,276	7,585,931



董事會欣然提呈截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度之董事會報告書及已審核 之綜合財務報表,該綜合財務報表於董事 會報告書日期召開之董事會會議上獲董事 會批准。

#### 主要業務

本公司為控股公司。其附屬公司之主要業務是開發、製造、推廣及分銷電子產品,以 及物業持有。

#### 財務報表

本集團本年度之利潤與現金流量,以及本 集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日結算時 之財務狀況刊載於本年報第110至255頁內。

#### 分部資料

按營運分部詳細分析之本集團收益及利潤 刊載於綜合財務報表附註5。

#### 股息

董事會已宣派中期股息,現擬派發截至 二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之末期 股息如下:

The Directors are pleased to present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 which were approved by them at the board meeting held on the date of this Directors' Report.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is a holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are the development, manufacture, marketing and distribution of electronic products as well as property holding.

#### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The profit and cash flows of the Group for the year and the state of affairs of the Group as at 31 December 2024 are set out on pages 110 to 255 of this Annual Report.

#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

A detailed analysis of the Group's turnover and profit by operating segments are set out in note 5 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Directors have declared an interim dividend and now recommend a final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2024 as follows:

		港幣千元 HK\$'000
已付中期股息,為每股港幣0.0275元 擬派末期股息,為每股已發行股份	Interim dividend of HK\$0.0275 per share paid Proposed final dividend of HK\$0.0300 per share	13,158
港幣0.0300元	in issue	14,355
		27,513

#### 業務審視

本集團年內之業務審視,及有關本集團未 來發展及所面對的主要風險及不明朗因素 之討論,載於本年報第4至11頁之主席報 告書。有關本集團之財務風險及風險管理, 載於綜合財務報表附註3。

運用關鍵財務表現指標對本集團年內表現 進行之分析,載於本年報第4至11頁之主 席報告書及第12及13頁之財務摘要。

#### 環境政策及表現

本集團致力履行環保責任,盡量減少對社 會、環境及天然資源造成之影響,同時保 障公眾之健康及安全。本集團積極控制及 致力減少排放、浪費及欠缺效益地使用資 源及能源。健康、安全及環境在我們設計 產品、程序及服務時屬優先考慮之因素。 本集團持續應用國際環保系統管理及監察 製造設施。

#### 與僱員之關係

本集團視僱員為本集團之寶貴資產,並致 力與僱員建立融洽並有良好互動之關係。 僱員之薪酬組合與彼等之工作性質、資歷、 經驗及表現相稱,亦為僱員提供培訓,使 彼等能提升工作表現,在本集團內部晉升。 本集團更致力營造一個和諧之工作環境, 藉此提高僱員表現及增進公司與僱員之關 係。此外,本集團亦力求提供一個安全健 康的工作環境。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A business review of the Group for the year and a discussion on the Group's future development and principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group are provided in the Chairman's Statement on pages 4 to 11 of this Annual Report. A discussion of the financial risks and the management of the risks of Group are provided in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is provided in the Chairman's Statement on pages 4 to 11 and the Financial Highlights on pages 12 and 13 of this Annual Report.

#### **Environmental policies and performance**

The Group is committed to environmental responsibility through minimizing the impacts to the community, environment and natural resources while safeguarding the health and safety of the public. The Group actively controls and endeavors to reduce emissions, waste and inefficient use of resources and energy. Health, safety and the environment are the top priorities in the design of our products, processes and services. Our manufacturing facilities are constantly managed and monitored using international environmental systems.

#### **Relationships with employees**

The Group considers that employees are valuable assets of the Group and is committed to building an amicable and rewarding relationship with its employees. Employees are remunerated with salary packages commensurate with their job nature, qualification, experience and performance. Training is provided to employees to enhance job performance and progression within the Group. The Group also works its best to cultivate a harmonious workplace which enhances employee performance and company-employee relationship. In addition, the Group strives to provide a safe and healthy work environment.



## 業務審視(續)

#### 社會參與

本集團為致力承擔企業責任,主力參與社 區及義工活動,對此深感自豪。藉投身參 與該等活動,本集團及僱員有機會為改善 本地社區出力。有關活動包括捐款、探訪 老人院及參與賣旗活動等。本集團旗下若 干公司獲香港社會服務聯會頒發「商界展 關懷」標誌,作為對他們積極參與社區活 動及作為良好企業市民的認可。

#### 與客戶及供應商之關係

本集團通過提供切合甚或超越客戶對品 質、耐用性及價值要求之產品及服務,竭 力成為客戶之全球策略業務夥伴。為達致 此目標,本集團努力與供應商建立長期互 惠互利關係,對提供優質產品予客戶及確 保準時送貨發揮重要作用。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW (continued)**

#### **Community engagement**

The Group takes pride in participating in community events and volunteer activities as a key component of our commitment to corporate responsibility. The engagements provide opportunities for the Group and our employees to contribute in improving local communities. Such activities include making donations, paying visits to elderly homes and participating in flagselling activities etc. Certain companies in the Group have been awarded the Caring Company Logo by The Hong Kong Council of Social Service in recognition of their active participation in community activities and good corporate citizenship.

#### **Relationships with customers and suppliers**

The Group strives to be global strategic business partners of our customers by providing products and services that meet or exceed our customers' requirements for quality, reliability and value. In accomplishing this goal, the Group endeavours to build long-term and mutually beneficial relationships with our suppliers, which play a crucial role in providing high quality products and ensuring reliable delivery to our customers.

#### 遵守相關法律及規例

就董事會所深知,年內本集團於重大方面 已遵守對本集團之業務及營運有重大影響 之相關法律及規例。

#### 其後事項

本集團自財政年度終結後並無發生任何影 響本集團之重大事件。

#### **Compliance with relevant laws and regulations**

To the best knowledge of the Board of Directors, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group during the year.

#### Subsequent events

The Group did not have any material events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year.

#### 主要客戶及供應商

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

本集團最大供應商及客戶所佔採購及銷售 百分率如下: The percentages of purchases and sales attributable to the Group's largest suppliers and customers are as follows:

		百分率 %
<ul><li>採購額</li><li>−最大供應商</li></ul>	Purchases - the largest supplier	8
一五大供應商合併計算	<ul> <li>– five largest suppliers combined</li> </ul>	27
銷售額	Sales	
- 最大客戶	- the largest customer	44
-五大客戶合併計算	<ul> <li>– five largest customers combined</li> </ul>	73

customers.

各董事、其聯繫人或股東(就董事所知擁 有本公司股本5%以上)於本年度任何時間 均無擁有上述供應商或客戶之權益。

五年財務概要

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

本集團過去五年之業績、資產及負債撮列 於第14頁。

#### 附屬公司詳情

主要附屬公司詳情刊載於綜合財務報表附 註19。

#### 股本

本年度之股本變動情況刊載於綜合財務報 表附註31。

#### 可分派儲備

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司根 據本公司之公司細則及百慕達法律計算 之可分派儲備金額為港幣581,403,000元 (二零二三年:港幣610,911,000元)。

The results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five years are summarised on page 14.

No Directors, their associates or shareholders (which

to the knowledge of the Directors own more than

5% of the Company's share capital) were interested at any time during the year in the above suppliers or

#### PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Movements in share capital during the year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2024 calculated under the Company's Bye-laws and the Bermuda laws, amounted to HK\$581,403,000 (2023: HK\$610,911,000).

### 優先權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法律並無規定 有關發行股份之優先權。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售 或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本年度物業、廠房及設備之面值變動情況 刊載於綜合財務報表附註15。

#### 捐款

本集團於本年度之慈善及其他性質捐款總額約為港幣27,000元。

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no pre-emptive rights upon the issue of shares which are imposed by the Company's Bye-laws or Bermuda laws.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31 December 2024, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Movements in book values of property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### DONATIONS

Donations made by the Group for charitable and other purposes during the year amounted to approximately HK\$27,000.

## 董事

本 年 度 及 截 至 本 報 告 書 日 期 之 本 公 司 董事為:

#### 執行董事

王忠秣先生 *(主席兼行政總裁)* 王賢敏女士 陳子華博士 熊永順先生 陳偉明先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

李家祥博士,GBS,OBE,太平紳士 楊孫西博士,GBM,太平紳士 葉天養先生,太平紳士 羅偉浩先生

根據本公司之公司細則第112條,王忠秣 先生、熊永順先生及葉天養先生將於本公 司應屆股東週年大會上退任,並符合資格 及願意重選連任。

本公司現任獨立非執行董事概無指定任 期,惟須根據本公司之公司細則條文於本 公司股東週年大會上輪值告退並接受重新 選舉。

董事會已收到各獨立非執行董事根據香港 聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上 市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條就其獨立 性發出之年度確認書。董事會視所有獨立 非執行董事為獨立。

## DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund Mr. Chan Wai Ming, Hermes

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Dr. Li Ka Cheung, Eric, GBS, OBE, JP Dr. Yu Sun Say, GBM, JP Mr. Alfred Donald Yap, JP Mr. Lo Wai Ho, Ashley

In accordance with Bye-law 112 of the Company's Byelaws, Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben, Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund and Mr. Alfred Donald Yap shall retire from office at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and, being eligible, offer themselves for reelection.

The existing Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term but is subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Bye-laws of the Company.

The Board has received from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors the annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") and considers them as independent.

## 董事及高級管理層個人資料

#### 執行董事

王忠秣先生,現年73歲,於一九七五年加入 本集團。彼自一九九零年六月出任本公司董 事。於二零零三年二月獲委任為本公司主席 兼行政總裁。王先生為本公司提名委員會及 行政委員會主席,以及本集團其他多間公 司之董事。彼亦為Salop Hong Kong Limited 之董事,其為本公司之主要股東。彼取得俄 亥俄州立大學之營運研究碩士學位,並獲香 港城市大學頒授榮譽院士銜。彼於電子業累 積逾50年經驗。王先生為王賢敏女士之父, 及王忠椏先生、王忠梴先生、王忠椒女士及 王忠恩女士之弟,以及陸潔貞女士及胡倩明 女士之小叔(彼等皆為本公司之主要股東)。

王賢敏女士,現年47歲,於二零零二年加入 本集團及於二零零五年十月獲委任為本公 司董事。彼為本公司風險管理委員會主席及 行政委員會成員。彼亦為本集團其他若干公 司之董事。彼負責本集團之中央採購及供應 管理、財務及其他部門。彼現為創新及科技 基金旗下企業支援計劃評審委員會之委員。 彼取得南加州大學工業工程學士學位及工 程管理碩士學位。王女士為王忠秣先生之女 兒,以及王忠椏先生、王忠梴先生、王忠椒 女士、王忠恩女士、陸潔貞女士及胡倩明女士 之姪女(彼等皆為本公司之主要股東)。

### BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben (former name: Wong Chung Mat, Benedict), aged 73, joined the Group in 1975. He has been a Director of the Company since June 1990. In February 2003, he was appointed Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. Mr. Wong is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and the Administrative Committee of the Company and a director of various other companies of the Group. He is also a director of Salop Hong Kong Limited which is a substantial shareholder of the Company. He obtained a Master of Science degree in Operations Research from Ohio State University and was conferred an Honorary Fellowship by the City University of Hong Kong. He has over 50 years' experience in the electronics industry. Mr. Wong is the father of Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada, and brother of Mr. Wong Chung Ah, Johnny, Mr. Wong Chung Yin, Michael, Mrs. Everitt, Chung Chui and Ms. Wong Chung Yan, Claudia, and brother-in-law of Ms. Luk Kit Ching and Ms. Woo Sin Ming; who are substantial shareholders of the Company.

Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada, aged 47, joined the Group in 2002 and was appointed Director of the Company in October 2005. She is the Chairperson of the Risk Management Committee and a member of the Administrative Committee of the Company. She is also a director of certain other companies of the Group. She is responsible for Central Sourcing and Supply Management, Finance and other departments of the Group. She is currently a member of the Enterprise Support Scheme Assessment Panel under the Innovation and Technology Fund. She obtained a Bachelor degree in Industrial Engineering and a Master of Science in Engineering Management from University of Southern California. Ms. Wong is the daughter of Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben, and a niece of Mr. Wong Chung Ah, Johnny, Mr. Wong Chung Yin, Michael, Mrs. Everitt, Chung Chui, Ms. Wong Chung Yan, Claudia, Ms. Luk Kit Ching and Ms. Woo Sin Ming; who are substantial shareholders of the Company.

#### 執行董事(續)

**陳子華博士**,現年76歲,於一九八五年加入 本集團。自一九九零年六月出任本公司董事。 彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會、風險管理委員會 及行政委員會成員。彼曾為本集團之財務總 監。於二零零七年七月,彼停止出任本集團 財務總監一職,並改為出任本集團之財務顧 問。彼亦為本集團其他若干公司之董事。彼 為英國特許公認會計師公會之資深會員,並 取得香港大學之社會科學學士學位、中國發 展研究碩士學位及哲學博士學位。在加入本 集團之前,彼曾任職於一間大型國際會計師 行約10年。

**熊永順先生**,現年70歲,於一九九二年四月加入本集團,其後於二零一二年一月晉升為高級業務拓展及銷售副總裁。彼於二零一五年十一月獲委任為本公司董事。熊先生亦為本公司風險管理委員會及行政委員會成員及本集團其他若干公司之董事。彼於電子製造業累積逾45年工作經驗,目前全面負責本公司全資附屬公司王氏電子有限公司提供之客戶服務。於加入本集團之前,彼曾於多間跨國及上市公司之生產及規劃以及銷售及市場推廣部門擔任管理職務。熊先生取得香港浸會大學工業工程文憑及澳門城市大學工商管理碩士學位。

#### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)**

#### **Executive Directors (continued)**

Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel, aged 76, joined the Group in 1985. He has been a Director of the Company since June 1990. He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee, the Risk Management Committee and the Administrative Committee of the Company. He was formerly the Group's Financial Controller. In July 2007, he ceased to be the Group's Financial Controller and became a financial adviser of the Group. He is also a director of certain other companies of the Group. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and obtained a Bachelor degree in Social Sciences, a Master of Arts degree in China Development Studies and a Doctor of Philosophy degree from the University of Hong Kong. Before joining the Group, he had approximately 10 years' experience with a major international firm of accountants.

Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund, aged 70, joined the Group in April 1992 and subsequently promoted to Senior Vice President - Sales and Marketing in January 2012. He was appointed Director of the Company in November 2015. Mr. Hung is also a member of the Risk Management Committee and the Administrative Committee of the Company and a director of certain other companies of the Group. He has over 45 years of working experience in electronics manufacturing industry and now has the overall responsibility of serving a portfolio of customers at Wong's Electronics Company Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. Prior to joining the Group, he held various managerial positions in manufacturing, planning, sales & marketing departments in multinational and listed companies. Mr. Hung obtained a Diploma in Industrial Engineering from the Hong Kong Baptist University and a Master degree in Business Administration from the City University of Macau.

#### 執行董事(續)

**陳偉明先生**,現年66歲,於二零一六年六月 加入本集團為企業財務副總裁。彼負責本公 司及其附屬公司有關會計、財務及税務所有 事宜。彼於二零二一年四月獲委任為本公司 董事。彼亦為本公司行政委員會成員及本集 團其他若干公司之董事。陳先生持有香港中 文大學工商管理學士學位。彼為香港會計師 公會及英國特許公認會計師公會之會員。在 加入本集團之前,彼分別於知名跨國上市公 司及一所國際審計事務所之財務管理、業務 控制及審計方面擁有超過30年經驗。

#### 獨立非執行董事

**李家祥博士**,GBS·OBE·太平紳士·FCPA·FCA· FCPA (Aust)·FCIS·LLD·DSocSc·HonDSocSc (EdUHK)· BA·FAIA (Hon)·CGA (Hon)·HonHKAT·RFP (Hon)·現年 71歲,於一九九九年四月加入本公司為獨立 非執行董事。彼亦為本公司審核委員會主席。 李博士為信永中和(香港)會計師事務所有 限公司榮譽主席,並為數碼通電訊集團有限 公司、載通國際控股有限公司、華潤啤酒(控 股)有限公司及新鴻基地產發展有限公司之 獨立非執行董事。李博士為中國人民政治協 商會議全國委員會前任委員、香港立法會前 任議員、立法會政府賬目委員會前任主席、 香港會計師公會前會長,亦為中華人民共 和國財政部國際會計準則委員會前任諮詢 專家。

#### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)**

#### **Executive Directors (continued)**

Mr. Chan Wai Ming, Hermes, aged 66, joined the Group in June 2016 as Vice President of Corporate Finance. He is responsible for all aspects relating to accounting, finance and taxation of the Company and its subsidiaries. He was appointed Director of the Company in April 2021. He is also a member of the Administrative Committee of the Company and a director of certain other companies of the Group. Mr. Chan holds a Bachelor degree of Business Administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. Before joining the Group, he has more than 30 years of experience in financial management, business control and auditing with renowned multinational and listed companies as well as an international audit firm respectively.

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Dr. Li Ka Cheung, Eric, GBS, OBE, JP, FCPA, FCA, FCPA (Aust), FCIS, LLD, DSocSc, HonDSocSc (EdUHK), BA, FAIA (Hon), CGA (Hon), HonHKAT, RFP (Hon), aged 71, joined the Company as an Independent Non-executive Director in April 1999. He is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Company. Dr. Li is the honorary chairman of SHINEWING (HK) CPA Limited and an independent nonexecutive director of SmarTone Telecommunications Holdings Limited, Transport International Holdings Limited, China Resources Beer (Holdings) Company Limited and Sun Hung Kai Properties Limited. Dr. Li was a former member of The National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, former member of the Legislative Council of Hong Kong, former chairman of its Public Accounts Committee, past president of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and former adviser to the Ministry of Finance on international accounting standards of the People's Republic of China.

#### 獨立非執行董事(續)

**楊孫西博士**,GBM·太平紳士,現年86歲,於 一九九九年十月加入本公司為獨立非執行 董事。彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會主席及審核 委員會成員。楊博士為香江國際集團主席, 亦為多間製造及投資公司之董事。彼為北京 控股有限公司、通達集團控股有限公司及富 石金融控股有限公司之獨立非執行董事。楊 博士曾任全國政協常委及香港特別行政區 籌備委員會委員作為其香港事務顧問。彼現 任香港中華總商會常務會董及香港中華廠 商聯合會永遠名譽會長。

**葉天養先生**,太平紳士,現年86歲,於二零 零四年九月加入本公司為獨立非執行董事。 彼亦為本公司薪酬委員會、審核委員會及提 名委員會成員。彼目前為何君柱律師樓及葉 欣穎、林健雄律師行的共用顧問。葉先生為 香港律師會及亞太法律協會前任主席。彼亦 曾擔任香港事務顧問及曾於多間公共及社 區機構任職。彼曾任鴻興印刷集團有限公之 獨立非執行董事(於二零二三年五月二十五日 退任)。葉先生目前為豐德麗控股有限公司 之獨立非執行董事。

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)**

#### Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)

Dr. Yu Sun Say, GBM, JP, aged 86, joined the Company as an Independent Non-executive Director in October 1999. He is also the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee of the Company. Dr. Yu is the chairman of the HKI Group of Companies and a director of a number of manufacturing and investment companies. He is an independent non-executive director of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited, Tongda Group Holdings Limited and Fu Shek Financial Holdings Limited. Dr. Yu had served as a member of the Standing Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference and the Preparatory Committee for the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region acting as its Hong Kong affairs adviser. He is currently a member of the Standing Committee of the Chinese General Chamber of Commerce and permanent honorary president of the Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong.

**Mr. Alfred Donald Yap**, JP, aged 86, joined the Company as an Independent Non-executive Director in September 2004. He is also a member of the Remuneration Committee, the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee of the Company. He is presently a common consultant for both K.C. Ho & Fong and Yap & Lam, Solicitors and Notaries. Mr. Yap is a former president of The Law Society of Hong Kong and The Law Association for Asia and the Pacific (LAWASIA). He is also a former Hong Kong Affairs Adviser and has served on various public and community organizations. He was an independent non-executive director of Hung Hing Printing Group Limited (retired on 25 May 2023). Mr. Yap is currently an independent non-executive director of eSun Holdings Limited.

#### 獨立非執行董事(續)

羅 偉 浩 先 生,現 年59歲,於二零二二年 十一月加入本公司為獨立非執行董事。彼 亦為本公司提名委員會成員。羅先生為安 領國際控股有限公司(「安領國際」,港交 所編號:1410)之非執行董事及其創始人之 一。羅先生於資訊科技行業擁有逾30年經 驗。於二零零二年創辦安領國際之前,彼自 一九八九年十二月起至一九九二年八月止 期間擔任Sandwell Inc.的DATAP Systems部 門(其主要從事開發資訊科技系統)之軟件 工程師,及彼負責系統開發。自一九九二年 九月起至一九九五年十月止期間,羅先生擔 任Svlogist Ltd.的Epic Data部門(其主要從事 資訊科技系統開發)之系統工程師,及彼負 青系統開發。自一九九九年起至二零零二年 八月止期間,羅先生為裕德堂有限公司(一間 以香港為基地之數碼代理)之技術總監。羅 先生於一九八九年五月畢業於加拿大英屬 哥倫比亞大學,持有應用科學電機工程學士 學位。

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)**

#### Independent Non-executive Directors (continued)

Mr. Lo Wai Ho, Ashley, aged 59, joined the Company as an Independent Non-executive Director in November 2022. He is also a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company, Mr. Lo is a non-executive director and one of the founders of Edvance International Holdings Limited ("Edvance International", SEHK: 1410). Mr. Lo has over 30 years of experience in the information technology ("IT") industry. Prior to founding Edvance International in 2002, he was a software engineer of DATAP Systems Division of Sandwell Inc., whose principal business is the development of IT systems, from December 1989 to August 1992, and he was responsible for system development. Mr. Lo was a system engineer of Epic Data Division of Sylogist Ltd., which is principally engaged in the development of IT systems, from September 1992 to October 1995, and he was responsible for system development. From 1999 to August 2002, Mr. Lo was a technology director of Edeas Limited, a digital agency based in Hong Kong. Mr. Lo graduated from the University of British Columbia in Canada with a Bachelor of Applied Science in Electrical Engineering in May 1989.

#### 高級管理層

陳天倫先生,現年57歲,於一九九七年一月 加入本集團。彼目前為副總裁,負責本集 團在美國之技術市場推廣。陳先生亦為本 集團旗下若干公司之董事,包括Wong's International USA Corporation,該公司在北美 市場從事發展本公司之原設計及製造業務。 彼在電子製造業具有超過35年之經驗。於加 入本集團前,陳先生曾於美國多間大型國際 製造公司任職。陳先生持有科羅拉多大學波 爾得分校頒發之機械工程理學士學位。

涂榮礎先生,現年62歲,於一九九五年二月 首次加入本集團及最後於二零二三年七月再 次加入本集團。涂先生目前為本集團業務拓 展及銷售副總裁。彼負責帶領銷售團隊為蘇 州廠房在長江地區建立新客戶及處理越南 廠房客戶。彼亦為本公司旗下一間附屬公司 之董事。涂先生持有藍海策略資格並於電子 製造業擁有多年資深管理經驗。彼取得菲律 賓國立雷省科技大學工商管理學博士學位。

### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)**

#### **Senior Management**

**Mr. Chan Tin Lun, Byron**, aged 57, joined the Group in January 1997. He is currently Vice President and responsible for the Group's Technical Marketing in USA. Mr. Chan is also a director of certain companies of the Group, including Wong's International USA Corporation which is engaged in the development of the Company's original design and manufacturing business in the North America market. He has more than 35 years of experience in the field of electronics manufacturing. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Chan has worked in various leading international manufacturing companies in USA. Mr. Chan holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Mechanical Engineering from the University of Colorado, Boulder.

**Mr. Tu Wing Chor, David**, aged 62, first joined the Group in February 1995 and last rejoined the Group in July 2023. Mr. Tu is currently Vice President of New Business Development and Sales and Marketing of the Group. He is responsible for leading the sales team to solicit new customers for Suzhou factory in the Yangtze River area and taking up customers for Vietnam factory. He is also a director of a subsidiary of the Company. Mr. Tu holds a qualification from Blue Ocean Strategic and has many years of senior management experience in the electronics manufacturing industry. He obtained a PhD degree in Business Administration from Nueva Ecija University of Science and Technology, Philippines.

#### 高級管理層(續)

**王結儀女士**,現年51歲,於二零零七年八月 加入本集團,現時為主席之行政助理及本集 團之助理副總裁。彼負責監察香港總辦事處 的行政事宜、制定與執行本集團有關物業租 賃及管理之發展策略及業務規劃。王女士亦 為本集團旗下若干公司之董事。王女士於辦 公室管理之多方面職能累積豐富經驗。彼獲 香港公開大學頒發工商管理學士學位。

#### 根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條之董事 資料更新

#### 董事之個人資料

本公司執行董事王賢敏女士已於二零二四年 十月二十日任期屆滿後不再擔任香港應用 科技研究院有限公司的董事。

#### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT (continued)**

#### **Senior Management (continued)**

**Ms. Wong Kit Yee, Kitty**, aged 51, joined the Group in August 2007 and is currently Executive Assistant to the Chairman and Assistant Vice President of the Group. She is responsible for overseeing Administration in Corporate Office in Hong Kong, formulating and implementing strategies and business plans for the development of the Group's property leasing and management. Ms. Wong is also a director of certain companies of the Group. Ms. Wong accumulated extensive experience in various functions of office management. She obtained a Bachelor degree of Business Administration from the Open University of Hong Kong.

## UPDATE ON DIRECTOR'S INFORMATION UNDER RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES

#### **Personal Information of Director**

Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada, Executive Director of the Company, ceased to be a director of Hong Kong Applied Science and Technology Research Institute Company Limited upon expiry of her term of office on 20 October 2024.

### 董事及主要行政人員之權益

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司董 事及主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相 聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券 及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份 及債券中擁有須記錄於證券及期貨條例 第352條規定置存之記錄冊內之權益或淡 倉,或須根據上市發行人董事進行證券交 易的標準守則(「標準守則」)知會本公司 及聯交所之權益或淡倉如下:

## INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES

As at 31 December 2024, the interests or short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

#### 於本公司股份之好倉

#### Long positions in shares of the Company

董事姓名 Name of Directors	身份 Capacity	普通股數目 Number of ordinary shares	約佔已發行 股份百分比 Approximate percentage of the issued shares
王忠秣 Wong Chung Mat, Ben	實益擁有人及受控制法團之權益(附註) Beneficial owner and interest of controlled corporation (Note)	136,828,569	28.60%
王賢敏 Wong Yin Man, Ada	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	1,000,000	0.21%
陳子華 Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	1,837,500	0.38%
楊孫西 Yu Sun Say	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	500,000	0.10%

### 董事及主要行政人員之權益(續)

#### 於本公司股份之好倉(續)

附註:

王忠秣先生被視為(根據證券及期貨條例)於本公司 136,828,569股股份中持有權益。該等股份透過以下身 份持有:

- (a) 1,000,000股股份由王忠秣先生個人持有。
- (b) 135,828,569股股份由Salop Hong Kong Limited 持有,而該公司則由王忠秣先生全資擁有及控制。

除本文所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,本公司董事或主要行政人員或 彼等各自之聯繫人概無於本公司或其任何 相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部) 之股份、相關股份或債券中擁有須記錄於 證券及期貨條例第352條規定置存之記錄 冊內之任何權益或淡倉,或須根據標準守 則知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

#### 主要股東之權益

據本公司董事或主要行政人員所知,於 二零二四年十二月三十一日,下列人士(本 公司董事或主要行政人員除外)於本公司 股份或相關股份中擁有須記錄於證券及期 貨條例第336條規定置存之記錄冊內之權 益或淡倉如下:

### INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES (continued)

#### Long positions in shares of the Company (continued)

Note:

Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben was deemed (by virtue of the SFO) to be interested in 136,828,569 shares in the Company. These shares were held in the following capacity:

- (a) 1,000,000 shares were held by Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben personally.
- (b) 135,828,569 shares were held by Salop Hong Kong Limited, which was wholly-owned and controlled by Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben.

Save as disclosed herein, as at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors or chief executives of the Company or their respective associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

#### INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

So far as is known to the Directors or chief executives of the Company, as at 31 December 2024, persons (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

主要股東之權益(續)

# INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (continued)

## 於本公司股份之好倉

## Long positions in shares of the Company

主要股東名稱/姓名 Name of substantial shareholders	身份 Capacity	普通股數目 Number of ordinary shares	約佔已發行 股份百分比 Approximate percentage of the issued shares
Salop Hong Kong Limited	實益擁有人 ( 附註1 ) Beneficial owner (Note 1)	135,828,569	28.39%
Cantrust (Far East) Limited	信託人 ( 附註2 ) Trustee (Note 2)	126,298,413	26.40%
王忠椏 Wong Chung Ah, Johnny	實益擁有人、配偶權益及全權信託之創辦人 ( 附註3 ) Beneficial owner, interest of spouse and founder of a discretionary trust (Note 3)	90,308,532	18.87%
陸潔貞 Luk Kit Ching	實益擁有人及配偶權益 ( 附註3 ) Beneficial owner and interest of spouse (Note 3)	90,308,532	18.87%
Kong King International Limited	實益擁有人 ( 附註3(c) ) Beneficial owner (Note 3(c))	88,073,532	18.41%
WLJ Holding Limited	受控制法團之權益 ( 附註3(c) ) Interest of controlled corporation (Note 3(c))	88,073,532	18.41%
王忠梴 Wong Chung Yin, Michael	實益擁有人及共同持有之權益 ( 附註4 ) Beneficial owner and joint interest (Note 4)	78,526,001	16.41%
胡倩明 Woo Sin Ming	共同持有之權益及配偶權益 ( 附註4 ) Joint interest and interest of spouse (Note 4)	78,526,001	16.41%
王忠恩 Wong Chung Yan, Claudia	全權信託之創辦人 ( 附註5 ) Founder of a discretionary trust (Note 5)	38,224,881	7.99%
New Chung Yan Limited	受控制法團之權益 ( 附註5 ) Interest of controlled corporation (Note 5)	38,224,881	7.99%
王忠椒 Everitt, Chung Chui	全權信託之創辦人 ( 附註6 ) Founder of a discretionary trust (Note 6)	31,379,167	6.56%
Sycamore Assets Limited	實益擁有人 ( 附註6 ) Beneficial owner (Note 6)	31,379,167	6.56%
HSBC International Trustee Limited	信託人 ( 附註6 ) Trustee (Note 6)	31,379,167	6.56%

## 主要股東之權益(續)

### 於本公司股份之好倉(續)

附註:

- Salop Hong Kong Limited為一間由王忠秣先生全 資擁有及控制之公司。請參閱「董事及主要行政 人員之權益」一節附註。
- Cantrust (Far East) Limited被視為(根據證券及 2. 期貨條例)於本公司126,298,413股股份中持有權 益。該等股份透過以下身份持有:
  - (a) 88,073,532股股份由Kong King International Limited根據一項全權信託持 有,而Cantrust (Far East) Limited為該信託 之信託人。請參閱下文附註3(c)。
  - (b) 19,112,441股股份及19,112,440股股份 分別由Aldalyn Limited及Blueford Limited 根據一項全權信託持有,而Cantrust (Far East) Limited為該信託之信託人。請參閱下 文附註5。
- 王忠椏先生及其妻子陸潔貞女士被視為(根據 3. 證券及期貨條例)於本公司同一批90,308,532股 股份中持有權益。該等股份透過以下身份持有:
  - (a) 1,000,000股股份由王忠椏先生個人持有。
  - (b) 1,235,000股股份由王忠椏先生之妻子 陸潔貞女士持有。
  - (c) 88,073,532股股份由Kong King International Limited根據一項全權信託 持有,而王忠椏先生被視為(根據證券 及期貨條例)該信託之創辦人,Cantrust (Far East) Limited則為信託人。Kong King International Limited由WLJ Holding Limited全資擁有,而該公司則由Cantrust (Far East) Limited全資擁有。王忠椏先生、 陸潔貞女士、Kong King International Limited、WLJ Holding Limited及Cantrust (Far East) Limited各自被視為持有同一批 88,073,532股股份之權益。

## INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (continued)

#### Long positions in shares of the Company (continued)

#### Notes:

- Salop Hong Kong Limited was a company wholly-owned and controlled by Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben. Please refer to the Note under the section headed "Interests of Directors and chief executives".
  - Cantrust (Far East) Limited was deemed (by virtue of the SFO) to be interested in 126,298,413 shares in the Company. These shares were held in the following capacity:
    - (a) 88,073,532 shares were held by Kong King International Limited under a discretionary trust, of which Cantrust (Far East) Limited was the trustee. Please refer to Note 3(c) below.
    - (b) 19,112,441 shares and 19,112,440 shares were held by Aldalyn Limited and Blueford Limited respectively under a discretionary trust, of which Cantrust (Far East) Limited was the trustee. Please refer to Note 5 below.
  - Mr. Wong Chung Ah, Johnny and his wife, Ms. Luk Kit Ching, were deemed (by virtue of the SFO) to be interested in the same block of 90,308,532 shares in the Company. These shares were held in the following capacity:
  - (a) 1,000,000 shares were held by Mr. Wong Chung Ah, Johnny personally.
  - (b) 1,235,000 shares were held by Ms. Luk Kit Ching, wife of Mr. Wong Chung Ah, Johnny.
  - (c) 88,073,532 shares were held by Kong King International Limited under a discretionary trust, of which Mr. Wong Chung Ah, Johnny was regarded as the founder (by virtue of the SFO) and Cantrust (Far East) Limited was the trustee. Kong King International Limited was wholly-owned by WLJ Holding Limited, which was wholly-owned by Cantrust (Far East) Limited. Each of Mr. Wong Chung Ah, Johnny, Ms. Luk Kit Ching, Kong King International Limited, WLJ Holding Limited and Cantrust (Far East) Limited was deemed to be interested in the same block of 88,073,532 shares.

## 主要股東之權益(續)

#### 於本公司股份之好倉(續)

附註:(續)

- 王忠梴先生及其妻子胡倩明女士被視為(根據 證券及期貨條例)於本公司同一批78,526,001股 股份中持有權益。該等股份透過以下身份持有:
  - (a) 50,458,041股股份由王忠梴先生個人持有。
  - (b) 28,067,960股股份由王忠梴先生及胡倩明 女士共同持有。
- 王忠恩女士被視為(根據證券及期貨條例)於本 5. 公司19,112,441股股份及19,112,440股股份中 持有權益,該等股份分別由Aldalyn Limited及 Blueford Limited根據一項全權信託持有(總數為 38,224,881股股份),而王忠恩女士被視為(根 據證券及期貨條例)該信託之創辦人,Cantrust (Far East) Limited則為信託人。Aldalyn Limited及 Blueford Limited由New Chung Yan Limited及 Blueford Limited由New Chung Yan Limited全資 擁有,而該公司則由Cantrust (Far East) Limited 全資擁有。王忠恩女士、New Chung Yan Limited 及Cantrust (Far East) Limited各自被視為持有同 一批38,224,881股股份之權益。
- 王忠椒女士被視為(根據證券及期貨條例)於本 公司31,379,167股股份中持有權益,該等股份 由Sycamore Assets Limited根據一項全權信託 持有,而王忠椒女士被視為(根據證券及期貨條 例)該信託之創辦人,HSBC International Trustee Limited則為信託人。Sycamore Assets Limited由 HSBC International Trustee Limited全資擁有。 王忠椒女士、Sycamore Assets Limited及HSBC International Trustee Limited各自被視為持有同 一批31,379,167股股份之權益。

除本文所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,董事並不知悉任何其他人士於 本公司股份或相關股份中擁有須記錄於證 券及期貨條例第336條規定置存之記錄冊 內之權益或淡倉。

## INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (continued)

#### Long positions in shares of the Company (continued)

Notes: (continued)

- 4. Mr. Wong Chung Yin, Michael and his wife, Ms. Woo Sin Ming, were deemed (by virtue of the SFO) to be interested in the same block of 78,526,001 shares in the Company. These shares were held in the following capacity:
  - (a) 50,458,041 shares were held by Mr. Wong Chung Yin, Michael personally.
  - (b) 28,067,960 shares were held by Mr. Wong Chung Yin, Michael and Ms. Woo Sin Ming jointly.
  - Ms. Wong Chung Yan, Claudia was deemed (by virtue of the SFO) to be interested in 19,112,441 shares and 19,112,440 shares in the Company which were held by Aldalyn Limited and Blueford Limited respectively (38,224,881 shares in total) under a discretionary trust, of which Ms. Wong Chung Yan, Claudia was regarded as the founder (by virtue of the SFO) and Cantrust (Far East) Limited was the trustee. Aldalyn Limited and Blueford Limited were wholly-owned by New Chung Yan Limited, which was wholly-owned by Cantrust (Far East) Limited. Each of Ms. Wong Chung Yan, Claudia, New Chung Yan Limited and Cantrust (Far East) Limited was deemed to be interested in the same block of 38,224,881 shares.
- 6. Mrs. Everitt, Chung Chui was deemed (by virtue of the SFO) to be interested in 31,379,167 shares in the Company which were held by Sycamore Assets Limited under a discretionary trust, of which Mrs. Everitt, Chung Chui was regarded as the founder (by virtue of the SFO) and HSBC International Trustee Limited was the trustee. Sycamore Assets Limited was wholly-owned by HSBC International Trustee Limited. Each of Mrs. Everitt, Chung Chui, Sycamore Assets Limited and HSBC International Trustee Limited was deemed to be interested in the same block of 31,379,167 shares.

Save as disclosed herein, the Directors are not aware of any other persons who, as at 31 December 2024, had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO.

#### 購股權

本公司於二零二零年六月二十六日採納購 股權計劃(「該計劃」),自該計劃採納日 期起直至二零二四年十二月三十一日,並 無購股權根據該計劃授出。於二零二四年 一月一日及二零二四年十二月三十一日, 根據計劃授權可供授出的購股權數目為 47,848,379份。

#### 購股權計劃概要

根據上市規則,該計劃概要披露如下:

#### **1.** 目的

該計劃旨在獎勵對本集團有貢獻或 將有貢獻之合資格參與者(於下文 第2段詳述),並鼓勵彼等為本公司及 其股東之整體利益,努力提高本公司 及其股份之價值。

#### 2. 參與者

合資格參與者包括董事會全權認為曾 對或將對本集團有所貢獻之本集團任 何成員公司之董事(包括執行董事、 非執行董事及獨立非執行董事)及僱 員(不論是全職或兼職僱員)。

#### 3. 可予發行之股份總數

根據計劃授權可予發行的股份總數為 47,848,379股,相當於本報告日期本 公司已發行股份之10%。因行使根據 該計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃 授出而尚未行使之所有未行使購股 權而可能發行之股份數目整體上限, 不得超過本公司不時已發行股份之 30%。

#### **SHARE OPTIONS**

The Company has adopted a share option scheme (the "Scheme") on 26 June 2020. No option has been granted under the Scheme since its adoption date and up to 31 December 2024. As at 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024, the number of options available for grant under the scheme mandate was 47,848,379.

#### SUMMARY OF THE SHARE OPTION SCHEME

A summary of the Scheme disclosed in accordance with the Listing Rules is as follows:

#### 1. Purpose

The purpose of the Scheme is to reward the eligible participants (as described in paragraph 2 below) who have contributed or will contribute to the Group and to encourage them to work towards enhancing the value of the Company and its shares for the benefit of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

#### 2. Participants

Eligible participants include Directors (including Executive Directors, Non-executive Directors and Independent Non-executive Directors) and employees (whether full time or part time employees) of any member of the Group who the Board considers, in its sole discretion, have contributed or will contribute to the Group.

#### 3. Total number of shares available for issue

The total number of shares available for issue under the scheme mandate is 47,848,379 shares, representing 10% of the issued shares of the Company as at the date hereof. The overall limit on the number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not exceed 30% of the shares of the Company in issue from time to time.

### 購股權計劃概要(續)

#### 4. 各參與者之權益上限

除非獲得股東批准,否則於任何12個 月期間因行使根據該計劃及本公司任 何其他計劃授予各名承授人之購股權 (包括已行使及尚未行使購股權)已 發行及將予發行之股份總數,不得超 過本公司已發行股份之1%。

#### 5. 根據購股權須承購股份之期限

特定購股權之購股權期限指可行使購 股權之期間,董事會於提出要約時須釐 定該期間並知會各承授人,而在任何情 況下,該期間不得於授出日期起計10年 後屆滿。

#### 6. 於購股權可予行使前須持有之最短 6. 期限

除董事會另行全權酌情決定者外,由購 股權授出日期至購股權根據該計劃的 條款可行使前,持有購股權最短期限必 須為1年。

### 接納購股權須支付之金額及付款 7 期限

為接納購股權,承授人須於接獲要約函件日期起計21日內支付港幣10元予本 公司,作為接納購股權之代價。

## SUMMARY OF THE SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

#### 4. Maximum entitlement of each participant

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to any grantee (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Scheme and any other schemes of the Company in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of shares of the Company in issue, unless approved by shareholders.

## 5. Period within which the shares must be taken up under an option

The option period of a particular option is the period during which the option can be exercised, such period to be determined and notified by the Board to each grantee at the time of making the offer, and in any event such period of time shall not expire later than 10 years from the date of grant.

## Minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

Unless otherwise determined by the Board at its sole discretion, there is a minimum period of 1 year for which an option must be held after its date of grant before such an option can be exercised under the terms of the Scheme.

## 7. Amount payable on acceptance of the option and the payment period

To accept the grant of an option, HK\$10 as consideration for the grant of an option must be paid by the grantee to the Company within 21 days from the date on which an offer letter is delivered to the grantee.



### 購股權計劃概要(續)

#### 8. 釐定行使價之基準

行使價須由董事會全權酌情釐定,惟於 任何情況下不得低於下列之最高者:

- (a) 股份於授出日期(必須為營業日)於聯交所每日報價表所報之 收市價;
- (b) 股份於緊接授出日期前5個營業日 於聯交所每日報價表所報之平均 收市價;及
- (c) 股份面值。

#### 9. 該計劃之有效期

該計劃於二零二零年六月二十六日起 直至二零三零年六月二十五日(包括該 日)止10年期間維持有效。

#### 認購股份或債券之安排

除購股權計劃外,本公司、其附屬公司、其相 聯法團或其指明企業於本年度內概無訂立 任何安排,致使本公司之董事或主要行政人 員或彼等各自之聯繫人可透過購入本公司 或其相聯法團或任何其他法人團體之股份、 相關股份或債券而獲取利益。

## SUMMARY OF THE SHARE OPTION SCHEME (continued)

#### 8. Basis of determining the exercise price

The exercise price shall be such price determined by the Board in its absolute discretion but in any event shall not be less than the higher of:

- (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, which must be a business day;
- (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of the grant; and
- (c) the nominal value of the shares.

#### 9. Life of the Scheme

The Scheme shall remain in force for 10 years commencing on 26 June 2020 up to and including 25 June 2030.

#### ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from the share option scheme, at no time during the year was the Company, its subsidiaries, its associated corporations, or its specified undertaking a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or chief executives of the Company or their respective associates to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares or underlying shares in, or debentures of, the Company, its associated corporations or any other body corporate.
# 董事會報告書 Directors' Report

## 股票掛鈎協議

年內本公司概無訂立股票掛鈎協議,於年度 終結時仍然存續之購股權計劃除外。

## 退休福利計劃

有關本集團退休福利計劃之詳情載於綜合 財務報表附註7。

## 關連人士交易

倘综合財務報表附註37內所述任何交易構成關連交易,本公司則已遵守上市規則之有 關披露及批准規定(如有)。

# 董事於交易、安排及合約中之重大 權益

於年度終結時或年內任何時間,本公司董事 並未在任何與本公司或其任何附屬公司所 訂立關乎本集團業務之重要交易、安排及合 約中取得任何直接或間接之重大權益。

## **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

No equity-linked agreement was entered into by the Company during the year, save for the share option scheme which subsisted at the year end.

## **RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES**

Details of the Group's retirement benefit schemes are set out in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Where any transaction mentioned in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements constitutes a connected transaction, the disclosure and approval requirements, if any, under the Listing Rules have been complied with.

## DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

No transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had, whether directly or indirectly, a material interest subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

## 董事服務合約

擬於本公司應屆股東週年大會上重選連任 之董事,並無與本公司或其附屬公司訂立任 何倘本公司或其附屬公司不支付補償費用 (法定補償除外)則不得於1年內終止之服務 合約。

#### SERVICE CONTRACTS OF DIRECTORS

There is no service contract, which is not determinable by the Company or its subsidiaries within 1 year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation), with any Director proposed for reelection at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

## 獲准許的董事彌償及保險

本公司之公司細則規定本公司每位董事或 本公司其他高級管理人員及清盤人或信託 人(如有),不論現時或過往,在法律容許的 範圍內,就其執行職務或與此有關所蒙受或 招致之所有損失或責任,均可從本公司資產 中獲得彌償。

# PERMITTED DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES AND INSURANCE

The Bye-laws of the Company provide that every Director or other officer of the Company and the liquidator or trustees (if any), whether at present or in the past, shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office, to the extent permitted by the laws.

本公司於年內亦已購買及維持董事及高級 管理人員責任保險,為其董事及高級管理人 員面對某些可能出現之法律行動時提供適 當的保障。 The Company has also taken out and maintained Directors' and officers' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover for certain legal actions that may be brought against its Directors and officers.

## 重大投資

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,重大投資之 詳情載列如下:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,重大投資之 As at 31 December 2024, the details of the significant

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT

investment are set out below:

		擁有權權益比例		
		持有股份數目	Proportion	
公司名稱	註冊成立地點	Number of	of ownership	主要業務
Name of company	Place of incorporation	shares held	interest	Principal activities
	英屬維爾京群島			投資控股
Talent Chain Investments Limited	BVI	357	35.7%	Investment holding
冠奧投資有限公司(附註)	香港	不適用		物業持有
Crown Opal Investment Limited (Note)	Hong Kong	N/A	35.7%	Property holding

附註: 冠奧投資有限公司為Talent Chain Investments Limited之附屬公司。 Note: Crown Opal Investment Limited is a subsidiary of Talent Chain Investments Limited.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,於Talent Chain Investments Limited及冠奥投資有限公 司之投資淨額為港幣1,591,600,000元,該金 額超過本集團總資產5%,而冠奧投資有限公 司所持物業的公允價值為港幣1,808,600,000 元,即本集團總資產29.4%。 As at 31 December 2024, net investment in Talent Chain Investments Limited and Crown Opal Investment Limited was HK\$1,591.6 million, which amount exceeds 5% of the total assets of the Group, and the fair value of properties held under Crown Opal Investment Limited was HK\$1,808.6 million, which represents 29.4% of the total assets of the Group.

# 董事會報告書 Directors' Report

# 重大投資(續)

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 應佔Talent Chain Investments Limited及冠奥 投資有限公司之虧損為港幣446,700,000元, 該金額包括在應佔合營企業虧損內。

Talent Chain Investments Limited及冠奥投 資有限公司之投資為持有位於觀塘的Two Harbour Square商業樓宇。經考慮本集團之 融資需求後,本集團擬盡可能持有應佔該物 業項目之權益,以作出租用途。

## 對聯屬公司的財務支援

根據上市規則第十三章項下之披露責任, 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,塾付予本 集團的合營企業Open Vantage Limited及 Talent Chain Investments Limited之貸款港幣 986,900,000元,超逾本集團於二零二四年 十二月三十一日總資產之8%。該等墊款為 無抵押及免息。該等墊款乃於二零零八年至 二零二四年,年結日為十二月三十一日之財 政年度內提供。

有關該等合營企業的財務資料概要載於綜 合財務報表附註18。

本公司分別於二零一五年十一月二十四日及 二零一五年十二月十五日發佈公佈及通函, 內容有關向Talent Chain Investments Limited 提供額外財務資助,根據上市規則,其構成 本公司一項主要交易。進一步詳情載於該公 佈及通函內。

## **SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT (continued)**

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the share of losses of Talent Chain Investments Limited and Crown Opal Investment Limited, which included in the share of losses of joint ventures, was HK\$446.7 million.

The investment in Talent Chain Investments Limited and Crown Opal Investment Limited is holding a commercial building in Kwun Tong, Two Harbour Square. It is the Group's preference to hold its interest in its attributable share of the property project as much as possible for leasing purposes after taking into account the Group's financial requirements.

# FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO AFFILIATED COMPANIES

Based on the disclosure obligations under Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules, as at 31 December 2024, the loans advanced to Open Vantage Limited and Talent Chain Investments Limited, the joint venture companies of the Group, amounted to HK\$986.9 million, which amount exceeds 8% of the total assets of the Group as at 31 December 2024. The advances are unsecured and interest-free. The advances were made during the financial years ended 31 December from 2008 to 2024.

The summarised financial information of the joint venture companies are set out in note 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

On 24 November 2015 and 15 December 2015, the Company issued an announcement and a circular respectively in relation to the provision of additional financial assistance to Talent Chain Investments Limited which constituted a major transaction for the Company under the Listing Rules. Further details were set out in the announcement and circular.



## 集團貸款及利息資本化

須於1年內償還或於要求時償還之銀行貸款 及透支刊載於綜合財務報表附註30內,而可 於超過1年之期間償還之銀行貸款及其他貸 款亦刊載於綜合財務報表附註30內。於年內, 本集團並無將利息撥作為資本。

# GROUP BORROWINGS AND INTEREST CAPITALISED

Bank loans and overdrafts repayable within 1 year or on demand are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements. Bank loans and other borrowings repayable within a period of more than 1 year are set out in note 30 to the consolidated financial statements. No interest was capitalised by the Group during the year.

## 環境及社會事宜

本集團於環境及社會事宜方面之績效載於 本年報之環境、社會及管治報告書內。

# 企業管治

本公司主要之企業管治常規載於本年報之 企業管治報告書內。

# 足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司獲得之公開資料並就本公司董 事所知,於本董事會報告書日期,本公司相 信,公眾所持有之本公司股份數目高於有關 方面規定之最低百分比。

### **ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL MATTERS**

The Group's performance on environmental and social matters is set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of this Annual Report.

## **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The principal corporate governance practices of the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report of this Annual Report.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors of the Company as at the date of this Directors' Report, the Company believes that the number of shares of the Company which are in the hands of the public is above the relevant prescribed minimum percentage.

# 董事會報告書 Directors' Report

# 核數師

# **AUDITOR**

本年度之財務報表由羅兵咸永道會計師事 The financial statements for the year have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

代表董事會

On behalf of the Board

王忠秣	WONG CHUNG MAT, BEN
主席兼行政總裁	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
香港,二零二五年三月二十六日	Hong Kong, 26 March 2025

本公司欣然提呈截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度之環境、社會及管治(「環 境、社會及管治」)報告書,以提供本集團 管理重要環境、社會及管治事宜的概覽。 本報告書乃參照香港聯合交易所有限公司 證券上市規則附錄C2環境、社會及管治報 告守則(「聯交所環境、社會及管治守則」) 而編製,其適用於二零二四財政年度。本 公司董事認為,於回顧年度內,本公司一 直遵守聯交所環境、社會及管治守則所載 之「不遵守就解釋」條文。

本報告書涵蓋本集團之核心活動,此涉及 三間全資附屬公司,即華高王氏科技(深 圳)有限公司、Welco Technology Vietnam Company Limited與華高科技(蘇州)有限 公司分別設於深圳、越南及蘇州的三間生 產廠房的營運。此外,在社會範疇方面亦 涉及本公司設於香港的總辦事處。有關本 集團企業管治的其他資料載於本年報之企 業管治報告書內。 The Company is pleased to present the Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report for the year ended 31 December 2024 to provide an overview of the Group's management of significant environmental, social and governance issues. The report has been prepared with reference to the ESG Reporting Code in Appendix C2 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange ESG Code") which is applicable for the financial year of 2024. In the opinion of the Directors of the Company, for the year under review, the Company has complied with the "comply or explain" provisions set out in the Stock Exchange ESG Code.

This Report covers the core activities of the Group which involve operations of the three manufacturing factories located in Shenzhen, Vietnam and Suzhou under our wholly-owned subsidiaries, namely Welco Wong's Technology (Shenzhen) Limited, Welco Technology Vietnam Company Limited and Welco Technology (Suzhou) Limited, respectively. Furthermore, in respect of the social aspect, the Company's principal office in Hong Kong is also involved. Additional information in relation to the Group's corporate governance is set out in the Corporate Governance Report of this Annual Report.

### 董事會管理方法

董事會確認其整體負責監督本集團的環 境、社會及管治的目標、策略及管理方法; 及制定流程以評估、優先考慮及管理重大 環境、社會及管治事宜。董事會定期評估 及檢討環境、社會及管治風險及機遇,制 定策略並確保就其業務的環境、社會及管 治方面建立及維持有效的監控系統。董事 會至少每年一次討論,檢查及評估所有相 關的環境、社會及管治事宜及目標進展情 況。本集團已成立由高層及中層管理人員 組成的環境、社會及管治工作小組,協助 董事會落實環境、社會及管治相關的策略 及目標。環境、社會及管治工作小組致力 於指導和監督各項業務的職能,以有效實 施各項措施及實現環境、社會及管治的策 略及目標。

#### **BOARD MANAGEMENT APPROACH**

The Board acknowledges its overall responsibility for overseeing the Group's ESG objectives, strategies and management approach; and sets the process to evaluate, prioritize and manage material ESG issues. The Board regularly assesses and reviews the environmental, social and governance risks and opportunities, formulates its strategies and ensures the establishment and maintenance of an effective control systems on the environmental, social and governance aspects of its business. The Board discusses, reviews and evaluates all relevant ESG issues and the progress towards the targets at least once a year. The Group has set up an ESG Working Group which consists of members from senior and middle management to assist the Board to implement the ESG related strategies and targets. The ESG Working Group strives to guide and monitor various business functions to effectively implement the measures to achieve the ESG strategies and targets.

## 環境、社會及管治策略

本集團的環境、社會及管治策略力爭在 5個主要領域取得高水平的積極成果:

- (i) 承諾以高度道德管治的方式開展業務;
- (ii) 以完善的制度挑選優質、高效、可靠 ( 的供應商,為客戶提供優質及安全的 產品;
- (iii) 建立良好及互幫互助的工作環境,提 供公平及平等待遇、有競爭力的福利 及激勵制度以及高效培訓計劃,以維 持稱職、專業及有品德的員工隊伍;

#### **ESG STRATEGY**

The Group's ESG Strategy is to strive for high level of positive outcomes on 5 major areas:

- (i) Commit to do business with high degree of ethical governance;
- Provide high quality and safe products to the customers with a well-established system to select high quality, efficient and reliable suppliers;
- (iii) Establish a good and supportive workplace that upholds fair and equal treatment, competitive welfare and incentive system and an effective training program aim for sustaining a competent, professional and ethical workforce;

# 環境·社會及管治策略(續)

- (iv) 通過參與各種義工活動、慈善活動及 教育捐贈,積極參與當地社區活動, 做好良好企業公民職責,以創造共享 價值,支持有需要人士;及
- (v) 建立完善的環境管理體系,確保營運 全程合規,同時積極控制及努力減少 排放、浪費及資源低效利用的情況。

## **ESG STRATEGY (continued)**

- (iv) Actively participate in local community activities and good corporate citizenship through engaging various volunteering works, charity events and education donation with an aim to create shared value and support the people in need; and
- (v) Set up a sound environmental management system to ensure compliance throughout the operations meanwhile actively control and endeavor to reduce emissions, wastes and inefficient use of resources and energy.

## 我們關注的環境、社會及管治範疇 Our ESG areas of concern



## 報告原則

本報告乃根據以下原則編製,且符合環境、 社會及管治報告指引:

#### 1) 重要性

透過與持份者之往來及重要性評估考 慮持份者之利益及期望。

## 2) 量化

有關所使用的標準、方法、假設及轉換因素來源的資料已獲披露。本報告 呈報的數據已經過評估及驗證。

3) 平衡

本報告資料的呈現格式,讓用戶可按 年查看表現的正面及負面趨勢。

#### 4) 一致性

本報告乃採用一致的方法編製。資料 可按年基準比較。可識別及解釋報告 期之間的任何重大差異。

## **REPORTING PRINCIPLES**

The report has been prepared in accordance with the following principles and is in compliance with the ESG reporting guideline:

#### 1) Materiality

The interests and expectation of stakeholders is taken into account through the engagement with the stakeholders and the materiality assessment.

#### 2) Quantitative

Information on the standards, methodologies, assumptions and source of conversion factors used have been disclosed. Data reported in this report have been evaluated and validated.

#### 3) Balance

The information in this report is presented in a format that the users can see the positive and negative trends in performance on a year-to-year basis.

#### 4) Consistency

The report is prepared using consistent methodologies. Information can be compared on a year-to-year basis. Any significant variation between reporting period can be identified and explained.

## 重要性

#### MATERIALITY

本集團致力生產及供應優質產品的同時, 亦時刻關心社區、環境及天然資源,以及 保障公眾健康及安全。本集團訂有商業標 準及操守規範,以助我們履行對持份者(包 括股東及投資者、監管機構、社區、客戶、 供應商及員工)之承擔。

It is the commitment of the Group to manufacture and supply good quality products, while caring about the community, environment and natural resources and safeguarding the health and safety of the public. The Group has set up business standards and ethical practices which enable us to fulfill our commitments to our stakeholders, including shareholders and investors, regulatory bodies, communities, customers, suppliers and employees.

我們的重要性評估包括四個步驟:

- 1) 識別一組相關環境、社會及經濟議題;
- 2) 根據持份者之影響及關注事項排序;
- 3) 驗證及批准持份者交流結果;及
- 4) 審查及識別改善空間。

- Our materiality assessment involves a four-step process:
- 1) Identification of a pool of relevant environmental, social and economics topics;
- 2) Prioritization based on the impact and concerns of stakeholders;
- 3) Validation and approval of the stakeholders engagement results; and
- 4) Review and identification of the gaps for improvement.

# 重要性(續)

溝诵渠道如下:

## **MATERIALITY** (continued)

我們深明與持份者之溝通以及彼等之回 We realise that dialogues with stakeholders as well 應及關注對本集團持續改進與發展甚為 as their feedback and concerns are crucial for the ges。 continuous enhancement and growth of the Group.

Communication channels are as follows:

持份者組別	參與渠道 Formation Alexander
Stakeholder Groups	Engagement Channels
股東及投資者	年度/中期報告 Annual/interim reports 公司網頁 Company webpage
Shareholders and Investors	通函 Circulars 股東大會 General meetings
監管機構 Regulatory Bodies	報告 Reports 認證/許可 Certifications/licensing 會議、電郵及信函 Meetings, emails and correspondences
社區 Communities	慈善活動 Charity events 電郵及信函 Emails and correspondences
客戶 Customers	公司網頁 Company webpage 滿意度調查 Satisfaction surveys 會議、電郵及信函 Meetings, emails and correspondences
供應商 Suppliers	供應商評估 Supplier assessment 會議 <sup>、</sup> 電郵及信函 Meetings, emails and correspondences
員工 Employees	會議及電郵 Meetings and emails 績效評估 Performance assessment 培訓計劃 Training programs 公司活動 Company events 公告欄 Notice board

# 重要性(續)

# **MATERIALITY** (continued)

於進行外部及內部評估後的重要性矩陣概 述如下: The Materiality matrix after external and internal assessment is summarized as follows:



對持份者的重要性 Important to stakeholders

範疇 Area	項目 Item	議題 Topic	範疇 Area	項目 Item	議題 Topic
	1	業務策略及表現 Business Strategy and Performance		12	多元化與平等機會 Diversity and Equal Opportunity
管治 Governance	2	風險管理 Risk Management		13	人才吸引及挽留管理 Talent Attraction and Retention Management
dovernance	3	反貪污 Anti-corruption	勞工	14	員工福利及工作環境福祉 Employee Benefits and Workplace Well-being
	4	法律合規 Law Compliance	Labour	15	發展及培訓 Development and Training
環境 Environmental	5	能耗管理 Energy Consumption Management		16	職業健康與安全 Occupational Health and Safety
		用水管理 Water Management		17	員工及勞工常規 Employee and Labour Practice
		溫室氣體排放 Greenhouse Gas Emission			
		材料使用 Use of Materials	產品及服務	18	供應商管理及評估 Supplier Management and Assessment
	9	廢棄物管理 Waste Management	Product and Service	19	產品質量及安全 Product Quality and Safety
	10	運輸管理 Transportation Management			
	11	化學物管理 Chemical Management	社區 Community	20	社區參與 Community Engagement

## 環保

本集團相信環保、低碳、保護資源及可持 續發展為社會大趨勢。我們致力盡量減低 對環境及天然資源造成的影響及持續改善 業務的環境可持續發展。

## **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

The Group believes that environmental protection, low carbon footprint, resources conservation and sustainability development is the key trends in the society. We are committed to minimize the impacts to the environment and natural resources and continuously improve the environmental sustainability of the business.

我們一方面努力為全球客戶帶來優質產品,同時亦積極監控並鋭意減少排放物、 廢棄物及低效能使用資源及能源。我們已 成立環境、健康及安全委員會(「環境、 健康及安全委員會」),負責監督環境、 健康及安全事宜。我們旗下的生產設施乃 按國際環境質素系統(ISO 14001及ISO 45001)持續管理及監控。 Our vision is to bring good quality products to the customers around the world while actively control and endeavor to reduce emissions, wastes and inefficient use of resources and energy. An Environmental, Health and Safety Committee ("EHSC") has been established to oversee environmental, health and safety matters. Our manufacturing facilities are constantly managed and monitored under international environmental quality systems (ISO 14001 and ISO 45001).

#### 環保(續) **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

我們的環境政策包括:

- 教育及鼓勵全體僱員肩負環保的責任;
- 诱過評估生產過程及物料以消除或盡 -量減低有害物質或廢棄物造成的環境 影響,從而防止污染;
- 識別所有活動中的危險,並採取適當 措施控制風險及避免嚴重受傷;
- 藉善用而節約資源;
- 遵守所有相關環境法例及政府規定;
- 藉著定期審核以檢討環境管理系統之 成效,從而達致持續改進;
- 符合國際有害物質規例及個別客戶對 -環保的要求;及
- 向所有相關人士傳達及處理有關合規 -方面的關注。

Our Environmental Policy includes:

- Educate and motivate all our employees to be accountable and responsible for environment protection;
- Prevent pollution through evaluation of manufacturing processes and materials to eliminate or minimize environmental impact due to hazardous substances or wastes:
- Identify hazards in all activities, and take appropriate actions to control risks and avoid serious injuries;
- Conserve all resources through efficient usage;
  - Comply with all relevant environmental laws and \_ government requirements;
- Review the effectiveness of the environmental management system through regular audits for continuous improvements;
  - Meet international hazardous substance regulations and green requirements from specific customers; and
- Share and address compliance concerns with all interested parties.

## 環保(續)

#### 排放及節約能源

我們致力加強及提升環保設施,並改良處 理及減少生產過程中與有害元素相關廢棄 物及排放物的能力。

## **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

#### **Emissions and Energy Conservation**

We have taken rigorous efforts to enhance and upgrade the environmental facilities and improve the capabilities in processing and reducing wastes and emissions related to hazardous elements in the manufacturing process.

我們的廢氣排放主要來自公司汽車。於二零 二四年,我們產生的氮氧化物、硫氧化物 及顆粒物分別為1,143.72公斤、0.73公斤及 82.24公斤。與二零二三年相比,廢氣排放減 少約29%,該減少主要是由於二零二四年當 地車輛運輸所需的運輸量有所減少及使用 新能源汽車替代油車。相關部門已經採取措 施,將汽車維持於良好狀態,以儘量減少廢 氣排放。

我們的溫室氣體排放主要來自用電、公司 汽車及生產機械的碳排放。於二零二四年, 我們產生的二氧化碳排放為14,141噸,耗 電量為25,839,266千瓦時,與二零二三年 相比減少13.4%,此乃由於二零二四年能 源效益提高及運輸量減少。本公司認為能 源效益對減少排放溫室氣體尤其重要。

我們定期由政府認證實驗室進行國際標準 及政府法規相關的環境測試。 Our air emissions were generated mainly by company vehicles. In 2024, our NOx, SOx and PM were 1,143.72 kgs, 0.73 kgs and 82.24 kgs respectively. Comparing with the result in 2023, our air emissions decreased about 29% and the decrease was mainly due to shipment required local vehicle transportation decrease and use of new energy vehicles to replace oil vehicles in 2024. Relevant departments have been taking measures to maintain vehicles in good conditions in order to minimise air emission.

Our greenhouse gas emissions were contributed mainly by electricity consumptions, company vehicles and carbon emissions from the production machines. In 2024, our  $CO_2$  emission was 14,141 tons and electricity consumptions was 25,839,266 kwh. Comparing with the result in 2023, there was 13.4% decrease due to energy efficiency improved and shipment decreased in 2024. The Company considered great importance on energy efficiency to minimise the greenhouse gas emission.

We conducted regular environmental testing through government certified laboratories with respect to international standards and government laws and regulations.

# 環保(續)

#### 排放及節約能源(續)

我們在減低廢氣排放、二氧化碳排放及能 源消耗,以及提高能源效益方面採取的行 動包括:

- 更換低效冷氣機組;
- 優化生產區域及生產線的使用,節約 能源;
- 將公司車輛由油車替換為電車;
- 優化空調溫度,同時不影響生產車間 的濕度;
- 繼續致力於用太陽能取代部分電力,
   如:安裝太陽能街燈;
- 為冷氣系統安裝變頻裝置;
- 一 使用LED燈代替普通燈;
- 升級HVAC系統;
- 優化辦公樓空調的使用時間及溫度,
   以節能;
- 優化週末生產安排,以提高能源使用
   效益;及
- 繼續在我們的製造設施周邊植樹造
   林,以助於吸收碳排放。

# **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

#### **Emissions and Energy Conservation (continued)**

Actions we have taken to reduce air emissions, emission of  $CO_2$ , energy consumption; and improve energy efficiency include:

- Replace low efficiency conditioner units;
- Optimize the production areas and production lines usage to save energy;
- Turn company cars from oil to electrical;
- Optimize the air conditioning temperature without affecting humidity at the production floors;
- Continue the effort to replace part of the electricity by solar energy, i.e.: installing solar street lamps;
- Installed variable frequency devices of air conditioning systems;
- Replaced common lamps with LED;
- Upgraded HVAC system;
- Optimize the use time and the temperature of the air conditioner in office building to save energy;
- Optimize weekend production arrangement to improve the efficiency of energy usage; and
- 植樹造 Continue the trees plantation around our manufacturing facilities to help absorbing carbon emissions.

# 環保(續) ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)

#### **Water Consumption**

utilization:

waste:

\_

usage.

water-saving program;

technology and high efficiency;

我們致力在營運中有效節約用水及已採取 以下節約用水方案: We endeavor to conserve water effectively in the operations and implemented water conservation programs as follow:

Promote and motivate employees to support the

Reduced chiller running time and improved the

Upgraded the deionised water system with new

Regularly inspect the water facilities every day

to prevent long running water or drip and avoid

Control the pipe water valve in toilet and public

area, reduce the water valve flow rate by 30% to

Replaced with infrared sensor faucet in canteen.

In 2024, water consumption was 170,626 tons which

was decreased 14.9% by comparing with the result in 2023, mainly due to improve the efficiency of water

- 提倡及鼓勵僱員支持節約用水方案; -
- 減少冷水機運行時間,提高利用率;
- 利用新技術及高效率升級去離子水
   系統;
- 每天定期檢查供水設施,以防止長時間
   流水或滴水,避免浪費;
- 控制衛生間及公共區域的管道水閥,
   將水閥流量降低30%,以節約用水;及
- 一 為食堂更換感應式水龍頭。

二零二四年的耗水量為170,626噸,較二零 二三年減少14.9%,主要由於用水效率提升。

#### 廢棄物管理

用水

於二零二四年,有害廢棄物及無害廢棄物 分別為127噸及1,033噸。有害廢棄物較二零 二三年減少16.4%,主要是由於電路板廢料 及廢活性炭的數量減少,而無害廢棄物減 少9.9%,主要由於二零二四年致力減少無 害廢棄物及運輸量減少。為創造一個可持 續發展的社會,我們對有害廢棄物及無害 廢棄物進行嚴格分類,有害廢棄物會儲存 於特定地區,並由訓練有素的員工按照工 作指引處理,棄置則交由認可代理商負責。

#### Waste Management

save water: and

In 2024, hazardous wastes and non-hazardous wastes were 127 tons and 1,033 tons respectively. Comparing with the result in 2023, hazardous wastes decreased 16.4% mainly due to the volume decreased for the PCB scrap materials and also waste organic solvent. Non-hazardous wastes decreased by 9.9% mainly due to the efforts of reducing non-hazardous waste and shipment decrease in 2024. With the aim to create a sustainable society, we conduct strict classification of hazardous wastes and non-hazardous wastes, and hazardous wastes are stored in special areas, handled by well-trained employees in accordance with working instructions and disposed through accredited vendors.

## 環保(續)

#### 廢棄物管理(續)

各廠房均有提倡及推行減廢及循環再用。 我們會安排回收波峰焊接機的錫渣以減少 有害廢棄物。部份化工容器及包裝物料會 交回供應商循環再用及回收。我們亦使用 循環再用箱以減少耗用包裝物料。

#### 使用其他資源

我們使用包裝物料保護產品,以減少運輸 中損壞的風險。於二零二四年,我們使用 1,385噸包裝物料,使用量比較二零二三年 低13.3%,乃主要由於二零二四年紙箱裝 運量減少。為了減少包裝物料的使用,我 們為更多的客戶推行使用循環周轉箱,以 替代紙箱。

#### 氣候變化

氣候變化主要是由燃燒化石燃料用於能 源、煉鋼、水泥生產以及森林喪失而排放 的溫室氣體引致。氣候變化的影響已波及 全球經濟。本集團深知應對與氣候相關的 挑戰及機遇以及支持向低碳經濟轉型的重 要性。本集團已識別及評估潛在氣候相關 風險,包括實體風險及轉型風險,以及其 對業務的潛在財務影響。本集團已制定氣 候變化策略,並採取多種行動,以應對氣 候變化。此外,本集團定期審閱相關法律 法規,以確保及時更新並遵守相關規定。

## **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

#### Waste Management (continued)

Waste reduction and recycling have been promoted and implemented in the factories. We recycled solder dross from the wave soldering machines to reduce the amount of hazardous wastes. We returned some of the chemical containers and packaging to the suppliers to reuse and recycle. We used recycles boxes to reduce the use of packing materials.

#### **Other Use of Resources**

Package materials are used to protect our products in order to minimise the risk of damage during transportation. In 2024, package materials used was 1,385 tons which was 13.3% lower than the usage in 2023, mainly caused by the decease of shipments with carton boxes in 2024. To reduce the usage of packing materials, we implemented recycle box for more customers to replace the carton box.

#### **Climate Change**

Climate change is mainly caused by the emission of greenhouse gases due to burning fossil fuels for energy uses, steelmaking, cement production and forest loss. The impact of climate change has affected the economies throughout the world. The Group recognized the importance of addressing the climate related challenges and opportunities and supporting the transition to the low carbon economy. The Group has identified and assessed the potential climate related risks including physical risks and transition risks as well as their potential financial impacts to the business. The Group has developed a climate change strategy and formulated various actions to cope with climate change. Also, the Group reviews relevant law and regulations periodically to ensure the requirements are timely updated and followed.

## 環保(續)

#### 氣候變化(續)

本公司採用碳中和理念,致力於通過各種 節能計劃(例如使用低排放或可再生能源 及植樹造林等)盡量減少能源消耗並提高 日常營運的能效,從而減少溫室氣體排放。

本集團擁有三個製造工廠,分別位於深圳、 蘇州及越南。有關工廠並不位於可能因持 續高溫或極端惡劣天氣情況而中斷本集團 製造活動的地區。本集團亦意識到氣候變 化的影響,包括全球變暖及天氣模式的變 化,可能會影響我們的營運及員工安全。 本公司已針對極端天氣事件採取適當措 施,根據政府規定為所有員工制定全面的 颱風及暴雨警告指引;嚴格執行員工在高 溫天氣下工作的措施,並遵守政府規定; 擁有相應設施,防止相關員工因天氣炎熱 而在高溫環境下工作,並密切留意天氣資 訊,及時安排工作。

本集團亦積極尋求潛在商機,以提升營運 韌性及潛在業務增長。本集團於採購流程 中將氣候變化納入考慮,使用更多環保及 可回收材料,增加可再生能源的使用,改 善生產過程中的能源消耗。隨著客戶對可 持續、綠色及低碳產品需求的增長,此舉 將為我們的日後業務帶來積極影響。

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

#### **Climate Change (continued)**

The Company is adopting the carbon neutrality concept and is committed to reduce the greenhouse gases by minimising the energy consumption and improving the energy efficiency from our daily operations through various energy saving programs for examples, using lower emission or renewable energy and tree plantation etc.

Our Group has three manufacturing factories located in Shenzhen, Suzhou and Vietnam. They are not located in areas where disruption to the Group's manufacturing activities may happen due to sustained high temperature or extreme bad weather conditions. The Group also recognises the impacts of climate change which includes both global warming and weather patterns change can affect our operation and safety of its people. The Company has adopted appropriate measures for extreme weather events. The Company has comprehensive guidelines to all employees for typhoon and rainstorm warnings in accordance with the government regulations. The Company has strictly followed the measures for employees working in hot weather and comply with the government regulations. The Company has the corresponding facilities to prevent the related employees working in high temperature environment due to hot weather and closely monitor the weather information for work arrangements on time.

The Group is also actively looking for the potential business opportunities to enhance the operational resilience and potential business growth. The Group is incorporating climate change considerations in procurement processes to use more environmental friendly and recycled materials, increase the use of renewable energy and improve the energy consumption in our production process. As customers demand for sustainable, green and low carbon products grows, this can lead to a positive impact on our future business.

## 環保(續)

#### 目標

我們的電子製造業務耗用大量能源及資 源,而我們已致力盡量減低對環境所造成 的影響。我們鋭意在廠房內藉著精簡生產、 自動化及優化物流,以提升我們的資源及 能源效益和生產力,以及減少原材料消耗。 我們已向僱員傳遞環境目標及計劃以保持 一個對環境謹慎的工作間。

本集團承諾並制定一系列環保措施,並設 定目標以減少其對環境的營運影響。

本公司已設定二零二五年的目標,即與二零 二一年相比,將能源使用、溫室氣體排放、 廢棄物及用水的密度減少5%。

於二零二四年五月二十九日,為積極踐行 綠色低碳生產生活方式、加速工廠全面發 展及綠色轉型以及為積極推廣減排及綠色 項目,深圳工廠及城市管理領導於寶安區 萬豐湖濕地公園進行了公益植樹活動。

### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (continued)**

### **Targets**

We aim to minimise the impacts to the environment while our electronic manufacturing business consume significant amount of energy and resources. By implementing lean manufacturing, automation and optimising logistics within the factories, we strive to improve our resources and energy efficiencies, productivity and to reduce the use of raw materials. Environmental targets and plans are conveyed to the employees to maintain an environmental cautious workplace.

The Group is committed and has formulated a series of environmental measures and set up the targets to reduce its operational impact on the environment.

The Company has set the targets in Year 2025 to reduce intensities of energy use, greenhouse gas emission, waste and water consumption by 5% compared to the result of Year 2021.

On 29 May 2024, in order to actively practice green and low-carbon production and lifestyle, accelerate the comprehensive development and green transformation of the factory as well as to actively promote emission reduction and green projects, our Shenzhen factory and city management leaders conducted a charity tree planting activity at Wanfenghu Wetland Park in Bao'an District.



## 社會

# SOCIAL

#### 工作場所質素及僱員關係

#### 僱傭

## Workplace Quality and Employee Relationship

#### Employment

員工是我們的寶貴資產,我們致力與各僱 員建立一個友好且互惠互利的關係。

在招聘及晉升、薪酬及解僱、工作時數、多 元化,以及其他待遇及福利方面,我們均 奉行平等及公平對待的政策。我們所採納 之薪酬政策為按僱員之工作性質、資歷及 經驗釐定薪酬。除提供年終花紅及僱員相 關保險福利外,我們亦會基於僱員之個人 表現發放酌情花紅。我們之薪酬福利及政 策會定期作出檢討,以確保薪酬福利合符 具競爭力的市場水平。我們亦與國內若干 醫院作出安排,確保職員國外工作時可即 時得到醫療服務。本集團已實施一套舉報 政策,以致力維持良好的企業管治,以及 達致最高水平的誠信、廉潔與問責。<br />
各階 層的僱員均應秉公辦事、正直不阿,我們 的持份者方能對本集團予以信任,相信本 集團能照顧彼等的需要及履行我們的社會 責任。

我們在招聘及晉升、薪酬及解僱方面嚴格 遵守有關法規。超時工作乃屬自願性質, 並會依據當地法律給予補償。 We consider that employees are our valuable assets and are committed to building an amicable and rewarding relationship with the employees.

Our policy upholds a fair and equal treatment in areas of recruitment and promotion, compensation and dismissal, working hours, diversity and other benefits and welfare. We adopt a remuneration policy which is commensurate with job nature, gualification and experience of employees. In addition to the provision of annual bonuses and employee related insurance benefits, discretionary bonuses are also rewarded to employees based on individual performance. Remuneration packages and policies are reviewed periodically to ensure that compensation and benefits are in line with the market-competitive pay level. We arrange with some hospitals in China to ensure our staffs can receive immediate medical services when working outside their home countries. The Group is committed to maintaining good corporate governance, achieving the highest standard of integrity, probity and accountability by enforcing Whistleblowing Policy. Employees at all levels are expected to conduct themselves with integrity, impartiality and honesty which enable our stakeholders to have trust and faith in the Group to take care of their needs and to fulfill its social responsibility.

In the areas of recruitment and promotion, compensation and dismissal, statutory laws and regulations are strictly complied with. Overtime is on voluntary basis and is compensated according to the local laws.

# 社會(續)

#### 工作場所質素及僱員關係(續)

#### 僱傭(續)

我們重視在工作場所中奉行多元化、平等 機會及反歧視,不會因性別、種族、年齡、 婚姻狀況及國籍而待遇有別。為在日常工 作中向僱員提倡性別敏感度概念,本公司 自二零一六年起加入香港特別行政區政府 勞工及福利局與婦女事務委員會專為上市 公司而設的性別課題聯絡人網絡(「性別 課題聯絡人網絡指當起聯絡與諮詢人的角 色,負責本公司與政府之間在性別相關事 宜方面的溝通和合作,務求提高我們的性 別意識和對性別主流化的了解。

## **SOCIAL** (continued)

# Workplace Quality and Employee Relationship (continued)

#### **Employment (continued)**

We value diversity, equal opportunity and antidiscrimination in our workforce regardless of gender, race, age, marital status and nationality. To promote the gender sensitivity concept in the daily work of our staff, the Company has joined the gender focal point network ("GFP Network") for listed companies set up by the Labour and Welfare Bureau and the Women's Commission of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government since 2016. Under the GFP Network, our designated representatives will serve as the contact and resource persons for communication and collaboration on gender-related matters between the Company and the Government with a target to enhance our gender awareness and understanding of gender mainstreaming.

#### 勞工準則

我們根據國際勞工組織公約、國家法例或 任何其他適用法例或準則嚴禁聘用童工。 我們在任何情況下亦禁止任何形式的被迫 或強制勞工,包括抵債、被迫及/或強制 服刑勞工。我們亦跟隨社會保險要求為僱 員供款的最高標準。

本公司有嚴格的招聘程序,包括檢查身份 證件及進行背景核實,以確保就業候選人 合法就業。在驗證過程成功完成之前不允 許就業,因此僱傭童工及強制勞工的可能 性極低。

#### **Labour Standards**

We prohibit the employment of child labour in pursuance of the International Labor Organization Conventions, national laws or any other applicable law or standard. We also prohibit all kinds of forced or compulsory labour under any conditions, including bonded, forced and/ or compulsory prison labour to work. We also follow the highest standard regarding the social insurance requirements for the employees' contributions.

The Company has a strict recruitment procedure including checking identity documents and performing background verifications to ensure the employment candidates are lawfully employable. No employment is allowed before the verification process is successful completed. It is very unlikely child and forced labour will be hired.

# 社會(續)

#### 工作場所質素及僱員關係(續)

#### 勞工準則(續)

本集團並不知悉違反僱傭童工及強制勞 工相關法律及法規(包括但不限於:《僱用 兒童規例》及《僱傭條例》)的情況。為遵 守有關童工及強制勞工的法律法規,一旦 發現任何違規情況,將立即終止任何僱傭 關係。

#### 發展及培訓

我們投放大量資源於員工培訓及發展,務 求維持一隊能力勝任、專業且品行端正的 團隊,為本集團的成功作出貢獻。

我們對員工發展的承諾與獲授權機構的期 望一致,即其應委聘及調配具備充足技能、 知識及經驗的人員履行其職責。我們有溫 故知新的培訓課程以確保員工獲得最新的 資訊與技能,以達致最佳表現,例如領袖 培訓、團隊建設及主管技能、安全、產品銷 售及技術培訓等。此外,參加與職責相關 的外界培訓課程的員工,亦會獲得資助及 休假。我們設有內部認證培訓導師以培訓 相關員工取得所需技術認證。僱員亦可參 加有關所需認證的外間培訓課程。我們亦 每年招聘一些畢業生從事初級工作,並培 養他們至較高水平,例如:技術人員、採購 人員、策劃人員等。

#### **SOCIAL** (continued)

# Workplace Quality and Employee Relationship (continued)

#### Labour Standards (continued)

The Group is not aware of non-compliance of child and forced labour-related laws and regulations (including but not limited to: "Employment of Children Regulations" and "Employment Ordinance"). To comply with the laws and regulations related to child and force labour, any employment will be terminated immediately in case of any non-compliance case is discovered.

#### **Development and Training**

We allocate ample resources to staff training and development with the aim of sustaining a competent, professional and ethical staff force that will contribute to the success of the Group.

Our commitment to staff development is also aligned with the expectation that authorised institutions should engage and deploy personnel with sufficient skills, knowledge and experience for the discharge of their duties. There are reinforcement and refresher training programs to ensure that employees are in possession of the latest information and skills for carrying out their duties with the highest standards, for examples, leadership training, team building and supervisory skills, safety and sales product and technical training, etc. In addition, we also sponsor and provide time-off for employees who take external training programs relevant to their duties and responsibilities. We have internal certified trainers to train relevant employees for required technical certifications. Employees may also join external training programs on certifications required. We also recruit some graduates each year to take up first level jobs and develop them to the upper levels, for examples, technicians, buyer, planner, etc.

# 社會(續)

#### 工作場所質素及僱員關係(續)

#### 健康與安全

我們承諾為僱員提供及確保一個健康且 安全的工作條件及環境,免於危險及有害 狀況。我們訂有原則,僱員職業安全及健 康應為工作中的首要考慮。我們依據ISO 45001標準實施安全管理系統。涉及僱員 的健康及安全事宜會提交環境、健康及反 全委員會作決策及採取行動。此外,我們 時有足安全主任等若干特定崗位,以 確保工作場所安全以及備有足夠的安全設 備及保障以避免任何工傷發生。工作場所 會每年由政府認可第三方進行檢查以確 定期為僱員提供加強培訓課程,以提高彼 等之安全意識。

為紓緩工作壓力,我們不時舉辦各類消閒 活動,例如週年晚宴、聖誕聯歡、生日聚 會、興趣班及戶外活動等,並鼓勵員工踴 躍參加。

#### **SOCIAL** (continued)

# Workplace Quality and Employee Relationship (continued)

#### **Health and Safety**

We are committed to providing and ensuring healthy and safe working conditions and environment free from danger and hazards to our employees. It is our principle that occupational safety and health of employees should be given the first and foremost consideration at work. We implement our safety management system in accordance with the ISO 45001 standard. Health and safety issues concerning our employees are escalated to the EHSC for decisions and actions. In addition, certain specific positions, such as nurse and safety officers, are employed to ensure that the workplace is safe and that safety device and protections are adequate to avoid any possible injuries arising from our work. An examination of whether the workplace is contaminated by particles is conducted by a government-recognised third party on an annual basis. We also arrange relevant workers to take body check periodically. Furthermore, we provide our employees with regular intensive training programs to alert their safety awareness.

To provide relief on job pressure, we organise and encourage employees to participate the recreational activities organised by the Group such as annual dinner, Christmas party, birthday gathering, interest class and outing from time to time.

# 社會(續)

#### 工作場所質素及僱員關係(續)

#### 健康與安全(續)

**SOCIAL** (continued)

Workplace Quality and Employee Relationship (continued)

#### Health and Safety (continued)

環境與職業健康及安全(「職業健康及安 ♀Ⅰ)政策:

- 1. 通過持續教育,以保護環境並提供可 預防工傷和疾病的安全健康的工作 條件。
- 通過消除有害物質或廢棄物,以節約 2. 2. 能源及資源,預防污染。
- З. 通過排除隱患及降低職業健康及安全 風險,以預防工傷和疾病。
- 4. 遵守環境與職業健康及安全方面的相 4. 關國際及國家法律法規,以及客戶對 管理產品中有害物質的具體要求。
- 5. 藉著審核以檢討環境與職業健康及 安全管理系統之成效,從而做出持續 改進。
- 6. 透過員工代表鼓勵僱員諮詢及參與。

- Environmental and Occupational Health and Safety ("OH&S") Policy:
- To protect environment and provide safe and 1. healthy working conditions for the prevention of work-related injury and ill health through continuous education.
  - To conserve energy & resources and prevent pollution through elimination of hazardous substances or wastes.
- З. To prevent work-related injuries and ill health through elimination of hazards and reduction of OH&S risk.
  - To comply with the relevant International and National laws and regulations on Environmental and OH&S as well as with customer's specific requirements on management of hazardous substances in product.
- 5. To review the effectiveness of the Environmental and OH&S management system through audits to make continuous improvements.
- 6. To encourage the consultation and participation of employees through worker's representatives.

# 社會(續)

營運慣例

#### 供應鏈管理

本集團深知供應鏈管理對可持續發展的重 要性,並致力與供應商建立持續及長期的 關係,以有效採購優質材料。我們的供應 商來自全球各國地區。我們設有供應商管 理系統以甄選供應商及確定其資格,藉以 確保所採購之物料質素符合相關法規。基 於充分的資格,供應商須接受我們的品質 部門對產品質素的評核及實地審核,並須 接受能力測試及質量貫徹測試。本集團只 會向名列核准供應商名單的供應商取貨。 新的供應商只有在經供應商管理系統詳細 評估及批准後,才能被添加至核准供應商 名單中。供應商須知道我們對商業道德、 健康及安全環境以及公眾責任的要求及其 重要性。供應商需確認符合要求,並經供 應商管理體系審核後,方獲批准。我們對 主要供應商的記分卡績效進行定期審查。 倘供應商未能達到本集團的標準,則可能 會導致合作終止。

#### **SOCIAL** (continued)

#### **Operating Practices**

#### **Supply Chain Management**

The Group understands the importance of the supply chain management for sustainability and committed to establish continuous and long term relationship with the suppliers to procure high quality materials efficiently. We have suppliers from different regions globally. A supplier management system is established for selecting and qualifying suppliers to ensure the quality of the purchased materials complies with the relevant laws and regulations. Based on adequate gualification, suppliers are subject to assessment and on-site audits on product quality as well as capabilities and quality consistency tests made by our quality department. The Group only makes purchases from suppliers listed in approved vendor list. A new supplier can only be added to the approved vendor list upon detailed assessment and approval according to the supplier management system. The suppliers recognise the importance of our requirements on business ethics, health and safety environment and public responsibilities. The suppliers need to confirm to meet the requirements and are checked according to supplier management system before approval. Regular review is conducted with key suppliers on their scorecard performance. Suppliers fail to meet the Group's standards may result in termination of the cooperation.

社會	會(續)	SO	CIAL (continued)		
營길	11個人でである。 11日本 11日本 11日本 11日本 11日本 11日本 11日本 11日	<b>Operating Practices (continued)</b>			
產品	请任	Product Responsibility			
	1的一大目標是向全球客戶提供優質而 2的產品。有關政策包括:	cus	nging high quality and safe products to our tomers around the world is our main objective. Our cy includes:		
_	鋭意提高質量,務求使客戶稱心滿意;	_	Achieve total customer satisfaction through total commitment to quality;		
_	系統營運方針是以滿足客戶需求、符 合國際法規以及遵從管理層指導方向 為宗旨:及	_	Operate our system to fulfill customers' requirements, international laws and regulations as well as management's direction; and		
_	遵守環境與職業健康及安全方面的所 有相關法例規定。	_	Comply with all relevant legislative requirements on environmental and occupational health and safety.		
質、 準確	公司已建立質量保證程序,確保來料品 過程質量及最終產品檢驗。我們藉著 的生產過程及過程監控以確保產品質 長安全。我們定期進行內部審閱以確保	pro and	e Company has established quality assurance cedure to ensure the quality of incoming materials I process quality, final product inspection. Product ality and safety are ensured by defining correct		

產品符合客戶預期。我們亦安排內部與外 聘專業人士定期進行產品檢查,此為整體 安全方案的重要一環。產品亦會進行可靠 性測試以評估產品風險。我們的品質系統 符合ISO 9001、IATF 16949及ISO 13485 等國際標準。 procedure to ensure the quality of incoming materials and process quality, final product inspection. Product quality and safety are ensured by defining correct manufacturing process and process controls. Regular internal reviews are conducted to ensure the products meet with the customer expectations. Regular product inspections by both internal and external professional parties also constitute an important part of the overall safety program. Reliability tests are conducted to evaluate product risks. Our quality systems are in compliance with international standards like ISO 9001, IATF 16949 and ISO 13485 standards.

# 社會(續)

營運慣例(續)

#### 產品責任(續)

本公司深明保護自身知識產權及客戶知識 產權的重要性。本公司已與客戶及供應商 簽訂保密協議,並制定嚴格的政策規管規 則及流程,以保護客戶及供應商的機密資 料、個人數據及知識產權。本公司亦申請 相關證書,以保護我們產品及商標的自有 知識產權。我們的資訊安全系統符合國際 標準ISO 27001。我們的內部資訊政策及 程序乃基於此標準制定。

#### 反貪污

我們訂有反貪污政策及操守守則,為全體 僱員提供指引,務求在日常營運中不論對 內或對外均維持高度誠信,以防止及偵測 本地法例及內部規例所禁止任何形式的賄 賂及貪污行為。守則亦有助確保本集團與 客戶、業務夥伴、股東、僱員及業界往來時 能維持高度的商業操守及道德。僱員於受 僱時均須簽署承諾書,保證不會涉及任何 貪污行為。本集團會向各業務夥伴傳達供 應商一般行為守則,以確保彼等與本集團 交易時維持誠信。我們定期向僱員提供有 關此等政策之培訓,並每年向採購及工程 僱員提供培訓讓彼等溫故知新。我們亦會 每年舉辦有關誠信的座談會。我們提供有 關反貪污的閱讀材料,作為二零二四年董 事培訓的一部分。我們不會容忍任何不遵 守本集團反貪污政策的行為。

### **SOCIAL** (continued)

#### **Operating Practices (continued)**

#### **Product Responsibility (continued)**

The Company is fully aware of the importance in protecting intellectual property rights of our own and customers' intellectual property rights. The Company has signed non-disclosure agreements with the customers and suppliers and has a strict policy to govern the rules and procedures to protect the confidential information, personal data and intellectual property rights of the customers and the suppliers. The Company also applied certificates to protect the own intellectual property rights for our products and trademark. Our information security systems are in compliance with international standard ISO 27001. Our internal policies and procedures for information are based on this standard.

#### **Anti-corruption**

Our Anti-Corruption Policy and Code of Conduct provide guidelines to all of our staff to meet the high standards of integrity and honesty in their daily operation internally and externally in order to prevent and detect any kinds of bribery and corruption prohibited by local laws and internal regulations. This is also to ensure that the Group operates to the high standards of business behaviour and ethics in our engagement with customers, business partners, shareholders, employees and the business community. Employees are required to sign an undertaking not to engage in any acts of corruption when being employed. Business partners are notified of the Group's Supplier General Rules of Conduct to ensure their integrity in the dealings with the Group. We conduct periodical training in respect of these policies to employees and refreshing training to employees involved in purchasing and engineering every year. We also conduct regular seminars on integrity every year. We have provided reading materials relating to anti-corruption to form part of the Directors' training during 2024. We have zero tolerance towards non-compliance of the Group's Anti-Corruption Policy.

# 社會(續)

#### 營運慣例(續)

#### 反貪污(續)

此外,為達致最高水平的透明度、廉潔與 問責,我們已採取一套舉報措施,鼓勵以 保密方式向本公司舉報任何失職或不當行 為。所有舉報個案均由本集團審慎處理, 並以公平公正的方式進行調查。

#### 社區投資

本公司及其全資附屬公司王氏電子有限公司連續十三年獲香港社會服務聯會頒發 「商界展關懷」標誌。這些嘉許為對本集團 積極參與社區活動及作為良好企業市民的 認可。

本集團亦參與由志願團體舉辦的不同活動 以支持及加強家庭職能,並且致力為香港 及中國內地建立一個關愛和諧的社會出一 份力。我們支持為不幸人士提供緊急援助 的籌款活動,同時亦支持於社區提倡環保。

過去多年,我們一直積極參與不同的義務 工作、慈善活動及教育捐獻,務求創造共 享價值及對有需要人士施以援手。除讓僱 員參加這些社區及慈善活動外,我們更鼓 勵他們帶同家人一同參與。於二零二四年, 我們的社區服務方向集中於長者和有需要 的基層家庭。

### **SOCIAL** (continued)

#### **Operating Practices (continued)**

#### Anti-corruption (continued)

In addition, in order to achieve the highest standards of openness, probity and accountability, we have adopted the Whistleblowing Policy to encourage disclosure of any misconduct or irregularities to the Company in a confidential way. All reported cases are handled with care by the Group and are investigated in a fair and proper manner.

#### **Community Investment**

The Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Wong's Electronics Company Limited, were awarded the Caring Company Logo by The Hong Kong Council of Social Service for the thirteenth consecutive year. These serve as recognition of the Group's active participation in community activities and good corporate citizenship.

The Group also participated in various events organised by voluntary organizations to support and enhance family functioning, and endeavor to contribute to the building of a humane and caring society in Hong Kong and Mainland China. We support fund raising for providing immediate assistance to those suffered from misfortunes and to promote environmental protection in community.

Over the years, we have been taking an active role in various volunteering works, charity events and education donation with an aim to create shared value and support the people in need. Besides engaging our employees to participate in those community and charity events, we encourage them to bring along their family members. In 2024, the direction of our community services was focused on the elderly and those grassroot families in need.

# 社會(續)

### 社區投資(續)

於二零二四年二月五日,為慶祝農曆新年, 本公司向耆康會王余家潔紀念護理安老院 及仁濟醫院王華湘王余家潔長者日間護理 中心的長者捐贈保暖護膝及送上慰問。

# **SOCIAL** (continued)

### **Community Investment (continued)**

On 5 February 2024, to celebrate the Chinese New Year, the Company donated knee warmers and delivered greetings to the elderly in the SAGE Mrs. Wong Yee Jar Jat Memorial Home For The Elderly and Yan Chai Hospital Wong Wha San Wong Yee Jar Jat Day Care Centre For The Elderly.



# 社會(續)

#### 社區投資(續)

於二零二四年六月六日,藉端午節之際, 深圳工廠義工前往萬豐社區為四個困難家 庭送上禮物及溫暖。

# **SOCIAL** (continued)

#### **Community Investment (continued)**

On 6 June 2024, on the occasion of the Dragon Boat Festival, volunteers of our Shenzhen factory went to Wanfeng Community to deliver gifts and warmth to four families in need.



於二零二四年九月十三日,藉中秋節之際, 深圳工廠為萬豐街道清潔工送上禮物及進 行慰問,為他們帶來溫暖與關懷。 On 13 September 2024, on the occasion of the Mid-Autumn Festival, our Shenzhen factory delivered gifts and greetings to the Wanfeng street cleaners for warmth and care.



# 社會(續)

### 社區投資(續)

於二零二四年十二月九日,深圳工廠慰問 社區重大疾病困難家庭,為其帶來溫暖。

## **SOCIAL** (continued)

#### **Community Investment (continued)**

On 9 December 2024, our Shenzhen factory sent condolences and warmth to families with major illnesses and difficulties in the community.



於二零二四年十二月十二日,蘇州工廠聯 同蘇州怡鄰社區為孤寡長者送上關懷與溫 暖,在冬天品嚐美味的餃子,帶來精神安 慰。通過義工團隊的陪伴與交流,減輕其 孤獨感。 On 12 December 2024, jointly with Suzhou Neighbourhood Community, our Suzhou factory sent care and warmth to elderly people living alone, allowing them to taste delicious dumplings in winter and provide spiritual comfort. Through our volunteer team's companionship and communication, their sense of loneliness has been alleviated.



# 關鍵績效指標

數量披露

## **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

a) 環境

# a) Environmental

#### **Quantitative disclosure**

		關鍵績效指標 Key Performance	二零二四年	二零二三年
		Indicators	2024	2023
廢氣排放物(公斤)	Air emissions (kgs)			
- 氮氧化物	- NOx	A1.1	1,143.72	1,614.20
一硫氧化物	- SOx	A1.1	0.73	1.05
- 顆粒物	– PM	A1.1	82.24	115.62
溫室氣體排放(噸)	Greenhouse gas emission (tons)	A1.2	14,141	17,619
每收益單位的溫室氣體排放 (按每港幣百萬元收益的排放噸數)	Greenhouse gas emission per revenue (tons per revenue HK\$'million)	A1.2	5.43	5.60
有害廢棄物(噸)	Hazardous waste (tons)	A1.3	127	152
每收益單位的有害廢棄物 (按每港幣百萬元收益的產生噸數)	Hazardous waste per revenue (tons per revenue HK\$'million)	A1.3	0.05	0.05
無害廢棄物(噸)	Non-hazardous waste (tons)	A1.4	1,033	1,147
每收益單位的無害廢棄物 (按每港幣百萬元收益的產生噸數)	Non-hazardous waste per revenue (tons per revenue HK\$'million)	A1.4	0.40	0.36
能源消耗-耗電量(千瓦時)	Energy consumption – Electricity (kwh)	A2.1	25,839,266	29,833,158
每收益單位的能源消耗 - 耗電量(按每港幣百萬元收益的耗電量 千瓦時)	Energy consumption per revenue – Electricity (kwh per revenue HK\$'million)	A2.1	9,927	9,482
耗水量 (噸)	Water consumption (tons)	A2.2	170,626	200,521
每收益單位的耗水量 (按每港幣百萬元收益的耗水量噸數)	Water consumption per revenue (tons per revenue HK\$'million)	A2.2	65.55	63.73
包裝材料使用量 ( 噸 )	Packing material use (tons)	A2.5	1,385	1,598
每收益單位的包裝材料使用量 (按每港幣百萬元收益的使用噸數)	Packing material use per revenue (tons per revenue HK\$'million)	A2.5	0.53	0.51

# **關鍵績效指標(續)**

# **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS** (continued)

a) 環境(續)

#### 一般披露

# a) Environmental (continued)

## **General disclosure**

				關鍵績效 Key Performance Indicators	章節 Sections
描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所 採取的步驟			sions target set and hieve them	A1.5	排放及節約能源/目標 Emissions and Energy Conservation/Targets
描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所 訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的 步驟	wastes an	e handle	hazardous and non-hazardous ed, and a description of reduction ps taken to achieve them	A1.6	廢棄物管理/目標 Waste Management/Targets
描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些 目標所採取的步驟		-	y use efficiency target set and hieve them	A2.3	排放及節約能源/目標 Emissions and Energy Conservation/Targets
描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂 立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取 的步驟	water that	t is fit fo	ner there is any issue in sourcing r purpose, water efficiency target en to achieve them	A2.4	用水/目標 Water Consumption/Targets
描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及 已採取管理有關影響的行動	on the en	vironme	ignificant impacts of activities nt and natural resources and to manage them	A3.1	目標 Targets
描述已經及可能會對本公司產生影響的重大 氣候相關事宜,及應對行動	which hav	ve impac	ignificant climate-related issues tted, and those which may impact, d the actions taken to manage them	A4.1	氣候變化 Climate Change
:		Note	s:		
上述績效乃使用電子製造服務部門的收益数	進行評估。	(1)	Revenue of Electronic Ma evaluate the above performa		ce division is used to
僅計算車輛的氮氧化物、硫氧化物及顆 放數據。煤氣及石油氣不適用。	粒物的排	(2)	Only emissions data of calculated. Towngas and LF		
溫室氣體排放量的計算乃基於用電量。		(3)	The GHG emissions calcula	tion is based on e	electricity consumption.

# 關鍵績效指標(續)

# **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS** (continued)

b) 社會

## b) Social

一般披露

#### General disclosure

		關鍵績效 Key Performance	章節 Sections
披露有關僱傭的政策及遵守相關法律及規例的 資料	Disclosure of policies and compliance of relevant laws and regulations relating to employment	B1	僱傭 Employment
披露有關健康與安全的政策及遵守相關法律及 規例的資料	Disclosure of policies and compliance of relevant laws and regulations relating to health and safety	B2	健康與安全 Health and Safety
描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關 執行及監察方法	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored	B2.3	健康與安全 Health and Safety
披露有關提升員工履行工作職責的知識及技能 的政策及描述培訓活動	Disclosure of policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work and description of training activities		發展及培訓 Development and Training
披露有關防止童工及強制勞工的政策及遵守 相關法律及規例的情況	Disclosure of policies and compliance of relevant laws and regulations relating to preventing child and forced labour		勞工準則 Labour Standards
描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制 勞工	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour	B4.1	勞工準則 Labour Standards
描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的 步驟	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered	B4.2	勞工準則 Labour Standards
披露有關管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策	Disclosure of policies on managing environmental and social risks of supply chain	B5	供應鏈管理 Supply Chain Management
描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會 風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored	B5.3	供應鏈管理 Supply Chain Management

# 關鍵績效指標(續) KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (continued)

# b) Social (continued)

b) 社會(續)

一般披露(續)

#### General disclosure (continued)

		關鍵績效 Key Performance	章節 Sections
描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務 的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored	B5.4	供應鏈管理 Supply Chain Management
披露有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、 廣告、標籤與私隱事宜以及補救方法的政策 及遵守相關法律及規例的情況	Disclosure of policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to health and safety, advertising labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress	B6 ,	產品責任 Product Responsibility
描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights	B6.3	產品責任 Product Responsibility
描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關 執行及監察方法	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored	B6.5	產品責任 Product Responsibility
披露有關防止賄賂、勒索,欺詐及洗黑錢的政策 及遵守相關法律及規例的情況	Disclosure of policies and compliance of relevant laws and regulations relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering	B7	反貪污 Anti-corruption
描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及 監察方法	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored	B7.2	反貪污 Anti-corruption
描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff	B7.3	反貪污 Anti-corruption
披露社區參與政策	Disclosure of policies on community engagement	B8	社區投資 Community Investment
專注貢獻範疇(例如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、 健康、文化、體育)	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmenta concerns, labour needs, heath, culture, sport)	B8.1	社區投資 Community Investment
# 關鍵績效指標(續) KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (continued) b) 社會(續) b) Social (continued) g量披露 (cincle disclosure) (cincle disclosure) (cincle disclosure) (cincle disclosure) (cincle disclosure)

於報告期末,本集團共有員工2,604人。 員工總數及員工流失率明細載列如下: At the end of the reporting period, the Group had a total workforce of 2,604 employees. The breakdown of the total workforce and employee turnover rates are as follows:

關鍵績效指標B1.1

KPI B1.1

		員工數目 Number of Employees			
按性別劃分的員工總數	Total workforce by gender	二零二四年 <b>2024</b>	二零二三年 2023		
	Male	1,251	1,149		
女	Female	1,353	1,432		
		員工集	数 目		
		Number of E	Employees		
		二零二四年	二零二三年		
按僱傭類型劃分的員工總數	Total workforce by employment type	2024	2023		
全職	Full time	2,213	2,213		
兼職/臨時	Part time/Temporary	391	368		
		員工集	数 日		
		چ⊥∌ Number of E			
		二零二四年	二零二三年		
按地區劃分的員工總數	Total workforce by geographical region	2024	2023		
	Hong Kong	72	78		

	Hong Kong	72	78
中國內地	Mainland China	2,154	2,263
海外	Overseas	378	240

		員工數目	
		Number of Er	nployees
		二零二四年	二零二三年
按年齡組別劃分的員工總數	Total workforce by age group	2024	2023
30歲以下	Below 30	686	628
30歲至50歲	30 – 50	1,777	1,819
50歲以上	Above 50	141	134

關銷	建績效指標(續)	KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (continued)	
b)	社會(續)	b)	Social (continued)
	數量披露(續)		Quantitative disclosure (continued)
	僱傭(續)		Employment (continued)
	關鍵績效指標B1.2		KPI B1.2

		百分」 Percent	
		二零二四年	二零二三年
按性別劃分的員工流失率*	Employee turnover rate by gender*	2024	2023
	Male	52.8%	42.1%
女	Female	31.6%	23.1%
		百分	t
		Percent	tage
		二零二四年	二零二三年
按年齡組別劃分的員工流失率*	Employee turnover rate by age group*	2024	2023
30歲以下	Below 30	101.1%	62.6%
30歲至50歲	30 – 50	<b>26.1</b> %	25.0%
50歲以上	Above 50	12.1%	3.0%
		百分	ł
		Percent	tage
	Employee turnover rate	二零二四年	二零二三年
按地區劃分的員工流失率*	by geographical region*	2024	2023
香港	Hong Kong	4.3%	7.9%
中國內地	Mainland China	<b>39.7</b> %	30.2%
	Overseas	55.8%	46.7%

" 僅為至職員工(其中包括職員及工人,但不 包括兼職/臨時員工)。流失包括自願離職 或退休以及終止僱傭關係。 Full time employees only (included staff and worker, but excluded part time/temporary employees). Turnover includes voluntary resignation or retirement and termination.

關鍵績效指標(續)

### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS** (continued)

**Quantitative disclosure (continued)** 

b) Social (continued)

數量披露(續)

健康與安全

b) 社會(續)

Health and Safety

### 關鍵績效指標B2.1及B2.2

於報告期內,本集團未發現任何重大 違反健康與安全相關法律法規而對 本集團產生重大影響的情況。於過去 三年(包括報告年度),均無發生與 工作有關的死亡事件。此外,於報告 期內因4項工傷事件而損失的日數為 5日。

### KPI B2.1 and B2.2

During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with health and safety-related laws and regulations that would have a significant impact on the Group. There was no work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year. In addition, there were 5 days of lost day due to 4 work injury cases during the reporting period.

		Y PERFORMANCE INDICATORS ontinued)	
b)	社會(續)	b)	Social (continued)
	數量披露(續)		Quantitative disclosure (continued)
	發展及培訓		Development and Training
	於報告期內,本集團員工發展及培訓 的統計數據如下:		The statistic figures of employee development and training during the reporting period for the Group were as follows:

		百分比 Percenta	<b>n</b> e
按性別劃分的受訓員工百分比	The percentage of employees trained by gender	二零二四年 2024	二零二三年 2023
男	Male	98.5%	98.3%
女	Female	99.3%	97.3%
		百分比	
농년 (동) 전 제 최 종 사 중 월)		Percenta	•
按僱傭類型劃分的受訓 員工百分比	The percentage of employees trained by employee category	二零二四年 <b>2024</b>	二零二三年 2023
副經理或以上	Assistant Manager and above	91.2%	87.4%
高級職員、職員及主管	Officer, staff and supervisor	97.9%	94.3%
工人	Worker	100.0%	99.9%
		小時	
		Hours	
按性別劃分的平均	The average training hours completed	二零二四年	二零二三年
完成受訓時數 ————————————————————	per employee by gender	2024	2023
男	Male	25.1	22.1
女	Female	29.2	24.7
		小時	
		Hours	
按僱傭類型劃分的	The average training hours completed	二零二四年	二零二三年
平均完成受訓時數	per employee by employee category	2024	2023
副經理或以上	Assistant Manager and above	23.0	20.1
高級職員、職員及主管	Officer, staff and supervisor	24.2	22.1
工人	Worker		

**關鍵績效指標(續)** 

### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS** (continued)

b) 社會(續) b) Social (continued)

數量披露(續)

勞工準則

### 關鍵績效指標B4.1及B4.2

於報告期內,本集團未發現重大違反 童工及強制勞工相關法律法規(包括 但不限於《僱用兒童規例》及《僱傭 條例》)的情況。

#### 供應鏈管理

於報告期內,本集團擁有742間供應 商,較二零二三年的691間增加51間, 主要由於本公司越南工廠開始提升產 量以支持二零二四年的業務增長。供 應商按地區細分如下:

**Quantitative disclosure (continued)** 

### Labour Standards

### KPI B4.1 and B4.2

During the reporting period, the Group has not identified material non-compliance of child and forced labour-related laws and regulations (including but not limited to Employment of Children Regulations and Employment Ordinance).

### Supply Chain Management

During the reporting period, there were 742 suppliers, increased 51 while compared with 691 suppliers in 2023, mainly due to more productions were started to support 2024 business growth in our Vietnam factory. And the breakdown by region was as follows:

### 關鍵績效指標B5.1

### **KPI B5.1**

		供應商數目	
		Number of	suppliers
		二零二四年	二零二三年
按地區劃分的供應商數目	Number of suppliers by geographical region	2024	2023
香港	Hong Kong	210	214
中國內地	Mainland China	302	270
北美洲	North America	47	38
歐洲	Europe	35	32
亞洲其他地區	Rest of Asia	148	137
總數	Total	742	691

### 關鍵績效指標(續)

b) 社會(續)

數量披露(續)

產品責任

#### 關鍵績效指標B6.1及B6.2

於報告期內,本集團未發現及知悉任 何違反相關法律法規的事件。概無任 何出於安全及健康理由而被召回的已 售或已出貨產品。

### 反貪污

#### 關鍵績效指標B7.1

於報告期內,本集團並不知悉有針對 本公司或其員工的已審結貪污訴訟 案件。

### 社區投資

#### 關鍵績效指標B8.2

於報告期內,本集團通過參與社區活動合共捐款約港幣27,000元,包括向嶺南大學作出捐款,以支持大學發展及提高學生關於數碼化及全人教育研究推動的教育體驗。企業義工服務時數共計121小時,包括深圳工廠在寶智湖濕地公園進行公益植樹,蘇州工廠向蘇州怡鄰社區孤寡萬豐湖Z及重大疾病家庭及有困難的同胞送上慰問與溫暖等。

### 香港,二零二五年三月二十六日

# KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (continued)

### b) Social (continued)

**Quantitative disclosure (continued)** 

### Product Responsibility

#### KPI B6.1 and B6.2

During the reporting period, there was no incident of non-compliance with laws and regulations identified and was aware by the Group. No product sold or shipped was subjected to recall for safety and health reasons.

### Anti-corruption

### KPI B7.1

The Group was not aware of any concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Company or its employees during the reporting period.

#### Community Investment

#### KPI B8.2

During the reporting period, the Group donated a total of approximately HK\$27,000 by participating in community activities, including making a donation to Lingnan University to support the advancement of the university and the betterment of students' educational experience for digitalized and research-driven liberal arts education. Total 121 hours contributed by corporate volunteers, including our Shenzhen factory conducted a charity tree planting activity at Wanfenghu Wetland Park in Bao'an District, our Suzhou factory delivered gifts and warmth to the elderly living alone in Suzhou Neighborhood Community, our Shenzhen factory sent condolences and warmth to the Wanfeng street cleaners and the families with critical illnesses and the poor compatriot, etc.

Hong Kong, 26 March 2025

本公司致力制定良好的企業管治常規及程 序,所遵行的企業管治原則著重高質素之 董事會、有效之風險管理及內部監控,以 及對全體股東之透明度及問責性。

董事認為,於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度內,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上 市規則」)附錄C1第二部分所載企業管治 守則(「企業管治守則」)之守則條文,惟 以下除外:(a)主席及行政總裁之職位由同 一人兼任,這與守則條文C.2.1條有偏離; (b)本公司現有的舉報政策不接受不具名 舉報,這與守則條文D.2.6條有偏離;及(c) 本公司薪酬委員會現行的職權範圍並未包 括審閱及/或批准上市規則第十七章所述 有關股份計劃的事宜之職責,這與守則條 文E.1.2(i)條有偏離。詳情分別於本報告書 「主席兼行政總裁」、「風險管理及內部監 控」及「薪酬委員會」各段內闡述。

二零二四年期間及直至本報告書日期,為 確保持續遵守企業管治守則之守則條文(上 述若干偏離除外),董事會已檢討本公司 企業管治常規及在適當情況下作出所須修 改。詳情於本報告書內披露。 The Company is committed to the establishment of good corporate governance practices and procedures. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasise a quality Board, effective risk management and internal control, transparency and accountability to all shareholders.

In the opinion of the Directors, during the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Part 2 of Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), except that (a) the positions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are occupied by the same person, which deviates from code provision C.2.1; (b) the existing Whistleblowing Policy of the Company does not accept anonymous reporting, which deviates from code provision D.2.6; and (c) the current Terms of Reference of the Remuneration Committee of the Company do not include the responsibility to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules, which deviates from code provision E.1.2(i). Details are explained in this Report under the paragraphs "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer", "Risk Management and Internal Control" and "Remuneration Committee", respectively.

During the year of 2024 and up to the date of this Report, the Board had reviewed and, where appropriate, made necessary changes to the corporate governance practices of the Company in order to ensure continued compliance with the code provisions of the CG Code (other than certain deviations mentioned above). Details are disclosed in this Report.

### 董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則」)。經向全體董事作出具體查詢 後,所有董事已確認於截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度內已遵守標準守則 所載的規定標準。

### DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry to all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year ended 31 December 2024.

### 董事會及行政委員會

董事會已擬備一份保留予董事會批准之事 務清單。根據清單,董事會對本集團企業 管治常規的制定和實施、本公司的可持續 發展表現、貫徹達成業務計劃及遵守法定 與企業義務負最終責任。董事會會議上討 論之事項包括制定本集團策略及政策;批 准重大業務、管理及財政事宜、主要收購 事項組織章程及股本之事宜,以及更換董 事會成員及核數師;成立董事會轄下委員 會以進行授權;審閱企業管治及維持適當 的風險管理及內部監控系統。

本公司已成立行政委員會,委員會獲董事 會授予一般權力,以處理本公司之行政及 日常營運,惟載於上述保留予董事會批准 之事務清單內之事項除外。行政委員會現 由五名執行董事組成,分別為王忠秣先生 (行政委員會主席)、王賢敏女士、陳子華 博士、熊永順先生及陳偉明先生。

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS & ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE

The Board has a schedule of matters reserved for its approval. Pursuant to the schedule, the Board is ultimately responsible for the development and implementation of the Group's corporate governance practices, sustainable performance of the Company, consistent achievement of business plans and compliance with statutory as well as corporate obligations. Matters which may be discussed in Board meetings include the formulation of the Group's strategies and policies; approval of significant business, management and financial matters, major acquisitions, disposals and capital commitments; approval of matters relating to the Company's constitution and share capital, and change of board members and auditors; delegation of powers by establishment of board committees; review of corporate governance and the maintenance of appropriate risk management and internal control systems.

The Company has established an Administrative Committee which has all the general powers delegated by the Board to deal with administration and daily operation of the Company save as those matters set out in the schedule of matters reserved to the Board mentioned above. The Administrative Committee currently comprises five Executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben (Chairman of the Administrative Committee), Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada, Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel, Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund and Mr. Chan Wai Ming, Hermes.

### 董事會及行政委員會(續)

行政委員會亦向管理層指派多項特定工作,當中包括編製賬目;執行董事會所批 准之策略及政策;日常監控預算;執行特 定業務及工作項目;執行企業管治、風險 管理及內部監控程序以及其他合規事宜。 管理層在有需要時向行政委員會(及其他 獲授權之董事會轄下委員會)提呈報告以 供其審閱及作出指引。

本公司已列載其願景、使命及核心價值。 本公司致力於成為先進技術的領導者及服 務供應商,為人類、社會、客戶、股東及僱 員作出貢獻。董事會於高層及中層管理人 員的協助下負責在本公司各個層級貫徹發 展及推廣符合其預期的企業文化,包括以 道德、客戶渴求、尊重、團隊合作、開放、 實效管理、能力、對成功的承諾、功績及卓 越為重點的核心價值觀。

為確保根據證券及期貨條例第XIVA部及上 市規則之規定,以平等、適時、有效、準確 且恰當之方式發佈內幕消息,本公司已 派具備相關知識及專長之高級職員與行政 人員,協助董事會評估潛在內幕消息之與 人員,協助董事會評估潛在內幕消息之 度及重要性,及判定是否須經董事會批 後向之內控職員及相關僱員會持續謝。此外, 為減低擅自披露或不一致披露之風險, 只有經及其他公眾人士討論本公司之企業 事宜。

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS & ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE (continued)**

The Administrative Committee also delegates specific tasks to the management, which includes the preparation of accounts; implementation of strategies and policies approved by the Board; dayto-day monitoring of budgets; implementation of specific business and work projects; implementation of corporate governance, risk management and internal control procedures and other compliance matters. Management presents reports to the Administrative Committee (and other delegated Board Committee) for its review and guidance whenever necessary.

The vision, mission and core values of the Company have been set out. The Company is committed to becoming an advanced technology leader and service provider to contribute to our humanity, society, customers, shareholders and employees. The Board, assisted by senior and middle management, is responsible to develop and promote a desired company culture in alignment therewith throughout all levels of the Company, including the core values focus on ethics, customer passion, respect, teamwork, openness, managing for results, competence, commitment to success, merit and excellence.

In order to ensure equal, timely, effective, accurate and proper disclosure of inside information under the requirements of Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance and the Listing Rules, the Company has identified a team of officers and executives with knowledge and expertise to assist the Board for assessing the nature and materiality of potential inside information and determining whether public disclosure is required subject to Board approval. The procedures and documentation in this relation are under review of the Company's Internal Compliance Control Department. Continuous training shall be provided to officers and relevant employees (who are likely to be in possession of inside information) for handling and reporting potential inside information. Also, to minimise the risk of unauthorised or inconsistent disclosure, only designated persons are authorised to discuss the Company's corporate matters with investors, analysts, the media and other members of the public.

### 董事會及行政委員會(續)

本公司制定了各種機制,以確保董事會獲 得獨立的觀點和意見。該等機制包括(i)就 提名及委任董事會成員而採納正式、合宜 及透明的程序,以確保提名及委任的權力 歸屬提名委員會及董事會整體;(ii)執行董 事及獨立非執行董事的組成平衡且符合上 市規則項下之獨立性標準;(iii)強調董事的 規則項下之獨立性標準;(iii)強調董事 成員多元化為作出客觀決定之重要推動的 文化;(v)於有需要時建立董事會轄下委員 會,專責從事董事會授權明確界定的職能; 及(vi)董事會及其委員會可通過其他渠道 獲得獨立的觀點和意見(如外部獨立專業 建議)以協助其履行職責,費用由本公司 支付。

董事會現時由五名執行董事及四名獨立非 執行董事組成。董事之個人資料(包括董 事會成員間之關係)刊載於本年報第21至 25頁內。

董事會於二零二四年曾舉行四次定期會 議,會議大約每季舉行一次,以討論本公 司之整體策略、經營、財務表現、股息支 付、風險管理及內部監控系統、董事薪酬 以及企業管治常規事宜。

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS & ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE (continued)**

To ensure independent views and input are available to the Board, various mechanisms have been established by the Company. Such mechanisms include (i) adoption of a formal, considered and transparent procedure for nomination and appointment of Board members to ensure that the power to nominate and appoint is rested on the Nomination Committee and the Board as a whole; (ii) a balanced composition of Executive and Independent Non-executive Directors fulfilling the independence criteria under the Listing Rules; (iii) emphasis on board diversity as an important driver to enable objective decisions to be made; (iv) promote a culture of openness during discussion at board meetings; (v) establishment of Board Committees to specialize in clearly-defined functions delegated by the Board whenever necessary, and (vi) the Board and its Committees may access to other channels where independent views and input are available (e.g. external independent professional advice) at the Company's expense in order to assist the performance of their duties.

The Board currently comprises five Executive Directors and four Independent Non-executive Directors. The biographical details of the Directors (including relationships among the members of the Board) are set out on pages 21 to 25 of this Annual Report.

The Board held four regular Board meetings in 2024 at approximately quarterly intervals to discuss the overall strategy, operation, financial performance, dividend payments, risk management and internal control systems, Directors' remuneration and corporate governance practices.

### 董事會及行政委員會(續)

董事於該四次董事會定期會議及本公司 二零二四年股東週年大會之出席率如下:

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS & ADMINISTRATIVE COMMITTEE (continued)**

The attendance of the Directors at the four regular Board meetings and the 2024 annual general meeting of the Company was as follows:

		董事會會議出席率 Attendance at Board meetings	股東大會出席率 Attendance at general meeting
執行董事	Executive Directors		
王忠秣先生	Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben		
(主席兼行政總裁)	(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	4/4	1/1
王賢敏女士	Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada	4/4	1/1
陳子華博士	Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel	4/4	1/1
熊永順先生	Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund	4/4	1/1
陳偉明先生	Mr. Chan Wai Ming, Hermes	4/4	1/1
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors		
李家祥博士	Dr. Li Ka Cheung, Eric	4/4	1/1
楊孫西博士	Dr. Yu Sun Say	3/4	1/1
葉天養先生	Mr. Alfred Donald Yap	3/4	1/1
羅偉浩先生	Mr. Lo Wai Ho, Ashley	4/4	1/1

於舉行董事會會議前,董事會獲提供所有 所需資料以考慮將予討論之事項。所有董 事會會議按正式議程進行。於董事會會議 處理之所有事務均載入有關會議之會議記 錄。董事會若干決定乃以全體董事通過書 面決議案之方式作出。所有董事會成員可 向公司秘書尋求意見及獲取服務。倘有需 要,董事亦可向外尋求專業意見,費用由 本公司支付。 Before holding of a Board meeting, the Board is supplied with all necessary information to enable it to consider the matters to be discussed. A formal agenda is followed in all Board meetings. All business transacted at the Board meetings is documented in the minutes of such meeting. Some Board decisions are made by way of written resolutions of all Directors. All Board members have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. If necessary, Directors also have access to external professional advice at the expense of the Company.

### 董事培訓

本公司鼓勵所有董事參與持續專業發展, 以發展並更新彼等作為上市公司董事之知 識及技能。本公司不時向董事介紹及推薦 相關培訓課程及閱讀材料。 DIRECTORS' TRAINING

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills as Directors of a listed company. The Company introduces and recommends relevant training courses and reading materials to the Directors from time to time.

每位董事均已向本公司提供其於二零二四年 內接受培訓之記錄,有關培訓之方式如下: Each of the Directors has provided to the Company a record of training received during the year of 2024. The means of such training are as follows:

	培訓方式		Means of Training
執行董事		Executive Directors	
王忠秣先生 <i>(主席兼行政總裁)</i>	閱讀材料	Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	reading material
王賢敏女士	閱讀材料	Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada	reading material
陳子華博士	閱讀材料	Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel	reading material
熊永順先生	閱讀材料	Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund	reading material
陳偉明先生	交流會/座談會/ 閱讀材料/研討會/ 網絡研討會	Mr. Chan Wai Ming, Hermes	conference/forum/ reading material/seminar/ webinar
獨立非執行董事		Independent Non-executive Directors	
李家祥博士	座談會/閱讀材料/ 研討會/網絡研討會	Dr. Li Ka Cheung, Eric	forum/reading material/ seminar/webinar
楊孫西博士	閱讀材料/研討會/ 網絡研討會	Dr. Yu Sun Say	reading material/ seminar/webinar
葉天養先生	座談會/閱讀材料/ 網絡研討會	Mr. Alfred Donald Yap	forum/reading material/ webinar
羅偉浩先生	座談會/閱讀材料/ 研討會/網絡研討會	Mr. Lo Wai Ho, Ashley	forum/reading material/ seminar/webinar

### 主席兼行政總裁

王忠秣先生為本集團主席兼行政總裁,自 二零零三年二月起一直兼任這兩個職位。 在容許兩個職位由同一人擔任時,本公司 已考慮以下事項:

- (a) 兩個職位均須對本集團業務具備透徹 了解及豐富經驗。本集團內外均難以 遇到同時具備合適知識、經驗及領導 才能之人選。倘任何一個職位由不符 合資格之人士擔任,可能會拖累本集 團之表現。
- (b) 本公司相信,董事會及其獨立非執行 董事之監察可提供一個有效之制衡機 制,並確保可足夠代表股東利益。

### 獨立非執行董事

本公司認為獨立非執行董事由工業、財務、 法律及資訊科技專才組成,能夠就制定策 略及其他財政或監管規定向董事會及管理 層提供意見。根據上市規則之規定,獨立 非執行董事已分別向本公司提供有關其獨 立性之年度確認書。本公司視所有獨立非 執行董事為獨立。

本公司現任獨立非執行董事概無指定任 期,惟須根據本公司之公司細則第112條 在本公司股東週年大會上輪值告退並接受 重新選舉。

### CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben is the Group's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and has occupied these two positions since February 2003. In allowing the two positions to be occupied by the same person, the Company has considered the following:

- (a) Both positions require in-depth knowledge and considerable experience of the Group's business. Candidates with the suitable knowledge, experience and leadership are difficult to find both within and outside the Group. If either of the positions is occupied by an unqualified person, the Group's performance could be gravely compromised.
- (b) The Company believes that the supervision of the Board and its Independent Non-executive Directors can provide an effective check and balance mechanism and ensures that the interests of the shareholders are adequately represented.

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company is satisfied that its Independent Nonexecutive Directors comprise a good mix of industrial, financial, legal and information technology expertise to advise the Board and the management team on strategy formulation and other financial or regulatory requirements. Pursuant to the requirement in the Listing Rules, each of the Independent Non-executive Directors has provided an annual confirmation of independence to the Company. The Company considers all of the Independent Non-executive Directors as independent.

The existing Independent Non-executive Directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term but subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company under Bye-law 112 of the Bye-laws of the Company.

### 薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會,由兩名獨立非 執行董事,包括楊孫西博士(薪酬委員會 主席)及葉天養先生,以及一名執行董事, 即陳子華博士所組成。

根據企業管治守則,薪酬委員會已採納一 種顧問模式,據此,薪酬委員會將擔當向 董事會提供建議之角色,而批准執行董事 及高級管理層薪酬之最終權力,則保留予 董事會。薪酬委員會之主要責任包括就本 公司全體董事及高級管理層之薪酬政策及 架構提供建議、因應董事會所訂企業方針 及目標而檢討及批准管理層之薪酬建議, 並就董事及高級管理層之薪酬提供建議。 薪酬委員會現行的職權範圍並未包括守則 條文E.1.2(i)條項下所載審閱及/或批准 上市規則第十七章所述有關股份計劃的事 宜之職責。本公司現有購股權計劃(「該計 劃」) 是一項以僱員及其他合資格參與者 為受益人的傳統計劃。該計劃的實施受本 公司股東所採納的計劃規則內之正式及具 透明度的程序所規管,包括在必要時須取 得董事會、獨立非執行董事或股東明確批 准的規定。董事會整體被視為可更切實有 效地履行監督該計劃相關事宜的職責。授 予董事或高級管理人員的任何購股權將構 成其個人薪酬待遇的一部分,因此屬於薪 酬委員會範圍。

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Company has established a Remuneration Committee which comprises two Independent Nonexecutive Directors, namely Dr. Yu Sun Say (Chairman of the Remuneration Committee) and Mr. Alfred Donald Yap, and one Executive Director, namely Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel.

Pursuant to the CG Code, an advisory model has been adopted by the Remuneration Committee under which the Remuneration Committee shall perform an advisory role to the Board, with the Board retaining the final authority to approve Executive Directors' and senior management's remuneration. The principal responsibilities of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration, reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives, and making recommendations on the remuneration of Directors and senior management. The current Terms of Reference of the Remuneration Committee do not include the responsibility under code provision E.1.2(i) to review and/or approve matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules. The existing share option scheme (the "Scheme") of the Company is a traditional scheme for the benefit of the employees and other eligible participants. Implementation of such Scheme is governed by formal and transparent procedures under the scheme rules adopted by the shareholders of the Company, including the requirements for specific approval from the Board, Independent Non-executive Directors or shareholders where necessary. It is considered that the Board as a whole is more efficient and effective for discharging the responsibility to oversee matters relating to the Scheme. Any share options granted to a Director or senior management will form part of the individual remuneration package and therefore fall under the scope of the Remuneration Committee.

### 薪酬委員會(續)

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,薪酬委員會已審閱付予董事及高級管 理層之薪酬;及批准二零二五年個別董事 薪酬待遇之提案,並向董事會作出建議。

薪酬委員會於二零二四年曾舉行一次會 議。薪酬委員會委員於該次會議之出席率 如下:

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (continued)**

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Remuneration Committee reviewed the remuneration paid to the Directors and senior management; and approved the proposal of the 2025 remuneration packages of individual Directors for recommendation to the Board.

The Remuneration Committee held one meeting in 2024. The attendance of the Remuneration Committee members at this meeting was as follows:

		出席率 Attendance
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors	
楊孫西博士 <i>(主席)</i>	Dr. Yu Sun Say <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
葉天養先生	Mr. Alfred Donald Yap	1/1
執行董事	Executive Director	
陳子華博士	Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel	1/1

本公司之薪酬政策乃設立並維持合適及具 競爭力之酬金以吸引、挽留及激勵董事成 功推動本集團業務。於釐定執行董事之薪 酬待遇時,須參考其於本公司的職務與責 任、市場基準以及個人及業務表現。獨立 非執行董事之薪酬須反映其職務與責任、 預計所需的時間和努力以及對本公司的 承擔。

The Company's Directors' Remuneration Policy is to establish and maintain an appropriate and competitive level of remuneration to attract, retain and motivate Directors to run the Group successfully. In determining the remuneration packages of Executive Directors, reference should be made to their duties and responsibilities with the Company, market benchmark as well as individual and business performance. The remuneration of Independent Non-executive Directors should reflect their duties and responsibilities, anticipated time and effort required and their commitment to the Company.

### 提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會,由董事會主席 王忠秣先生(提名委員會主席)及兩名獨 立非執行董事,包括葉天養先生與羅偉浩 先生組成。

提名委員會的主要職責包括檢討董事會架 構、人數及組成、就任何擬對董事會作出 的變動提出建議;評估獨立非執行董事的 獨立性;以及就董事委任或重新委任及董 事繼任計劃向董事會提出建議。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 內,提名委員會已評估獨立非執行董事的 獨立性;審閲董事會之組成;及考慮就於 股東週年大會上重選退任董事向董事會提 出建議。

提名委員會於二零二四年曾舉行一次會 議。提名委員會委員於該次會議之出席率 如下: NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a Nomination Committee which comprises the Chairman of the Board, Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben (Chairman of the Nomination Committee) and two Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Alfred Donald Yap and Mr. Lo Wai Ho, Ashley.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board; assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors; and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Nomination Committee assessed the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors; reviewed the composition of the Board; and considered making recommendation to the Board on re-election of retiring Directors at the annual general meeting.

The Nomination Committee held one meeting in 2024. The attendance of the Nomination Committee members at this meeting was as follows:

		出席率 Attendance
<b>執行董事</b> 王忠秣先生 <i>(主席)</i>	<b>Executive Director</b> Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben <i>(Chairman)</i>	1/1
<b>獨立非執行董事</b> 葉天養先生 羅偉浩先生	Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. Alfred Donald Yap Mr. Lo Wai Ho, Ashley	1/1 1/1

### 提名委員會(續)

本公司之提名政策旨在作為指引,以確保 在提名具備合適經驗及能力之董事時有正 式、合宜及透明的程序可循,以維持及改 善本公司之競爭力。按照該政策,倘需要 新董事或替任董事,須根據來自現任董事 會成員、管理團隊、認識候選人的其他人 士及(如適合)專業獵頭公司的推薦意見 或推介,編製一份候選董事名單。提名委 員會須按候選董事之品格、誠信、承諾、 知識及能力、觀點多元化(參考本公司董 事會成員多元化政策)、於其領域之成就、 專業或個人聲譽、與董事會現行需要相關 之特定經驗或專業知識進行初步評估,而 倘為新候選獨立董事,則須評估其是否被 視為獨立。提名委員會其後須篩選及推薦 一名或以上候選人進行面試。最後,須推 薦最合適的人選予全體董事會以作考慮。 於釐定退任董事是否符合資格於本公司股 東大會上重選連任時,提名委員會須考慮 該退任董事之貢獻及上文所載之其他相關 標準;隨後向董事會作出建議以供考慮。

### **NOMINATION COMMITTEE (continued)**

The Company's Nomination Policy is to serve as a guideline in order to ensure that there is a formal, considered and transparent procedure for nomination of Directors with suitable experience and capabilities to maintain and improve the competitiveness of the Company, According to the Policy, where a need is identified and arises for a new Director or replacement Director, a list of potential candidates should be complied based on recommendations or referrals from existing Board members, management team, other individuals who know the candidates and, if it deems appropriate, a professional search firm. The Nomination Committee shall conduct an initial evaluation of the potential candidates based on the character, integrity, commitment, knowledge and ability, diversity of perspectives (with reference to the Board Diversity Policy of the Company), accomplishment in his/her own field, professional or personal reputation, particular experience or expertise relevant to the current needs of the Board, and in case of a new Independent Director candidate, whether he would be considered as independent. The Nomination Committee shall then select and recommend one or more candidates for interview. Lastly, the best available candidate shall be recommended for consideration by the Board as a whole. For determining whether a retiring Director is eligible for re-election at a general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee shall consider the contribution of such retiring Director and other relevant criteria set out above; and then make recommendation to the Board for consideration.

### 多元化

本公司深明董事會成員多元化之裨益,並 相信均衡的董事會成員組成將提升董事會 之表現及推動本公司之成功。有見於此, 董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策。該 政策應與上文所述提名政策一併閱讀。

董事會成員多元化政策規定,設計董事會 成員組成時,應從多方面考慮董事會成員 多元化,以支持本公司實現策略性目標及 維持可持續發展。甄選人選時將以一系列 多樣的觀點為基準,包括(但不限於)性 別、年齡、種族、文化及教育背景、專業經 驗、技能及知識。董事會亦將考慮本身的 業務模式及具體需要。最終將取決於所挑 人選的長處及可為董事會提供的貢獻。

董事會認為本公司現任董事會大致達到 觀點多元化,包括性別、年齡、教育背景、 專業經驗、技能及知識。避免董事會成員 性別單一的目標已達成。董事會現由各自 於工業、財務、法律及資訊科技領域擁有 獨特知識及經驗之個別董事所組成。本公 司將繼續保持其董事會成員多元化,並當 有需要填補空缺時,在不損害董事會質素 的前題下,提升性別及年齡多元化為特定 目標。

本公司致力於發展性別平等,將其作為全 集團不同部門間組織文化的一部分。於 二零二四年十二月三十一日,在本集團全 體員工(包括高級管理層)中男性佔48% 及女性佔52%。

### DIVERSITY

The Company recognises the benefits of having a diverse Board and believes that a balanced Board composition will contribute towards the performance of the Board and success of the Company. In view of this, a Board Diversity Policy has been adopted by the Board. Such Policy should be read in conjunction with the Nomination Policy mentioned above.

The Board Diversity Policy provides that, in designing the Board's composition, Board diversity shall be considered from a number of aspects in supporting the attainment of the strategic objectives and sustainable development of the Company. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, ethnicity, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The Board will also take into account factors based on its own business model and specific needs. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the prospective candidate will bring to the Board.

The Board considers that considerable diversity perspectives exist in the existing Board of the Company, including gender, age, educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. The target to avoid a single gender Board has been met. The Board is now made up of individual Directors who each bring with them unique knowledge and experience in the industrial, financial, legal and information technology sectors. The Company shall continue to maintain its Board diversity and, when there is any vacancy to fill, to promote the specific objective of gender and age diversity without compromising the quality of the Board.

The Company is dedicated to develop gender equality as a part of the organization culture across different divisions of the entire Group. As at 31 December 2024, the workforce (including senior management) of the Group was composed of 48% male and 52% female.

### 企業管治職能

本公司致力達到良好企業管治,以保障股 東利益,提升企業價值及問責性。

本公司已採納職權範圍,以列出董事會在 企業管治方面之職責,包括(但不限於) 完善本公司之企業管治政策及常規,並提 出修改和更新之建議、檢討董事和高級管 理層之培訓及持續專業發展,並監察本公 司在遵守法律及監管規定方面之政策及 常規。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 內,董事會已對本公司企業管治之政策及 常規進行年度審閱。

於本年度舉行之四次董事會會議中,兩次 與企業管治職能事宜相關。董事於該等會 議之出席率如下:

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS**

The Company is committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability.

A Terms of Reference has been adopted for the purpose of setting out the corporate governance duties to be performed by the Board, including (but not limited to) development of the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations on changes and updating, review of the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Board has conducted an annual review of the policies and practices on corporate governance of the Company.

Amongst the four Board meetings held during the year, two were related to matters concerning corporate governance functions. The attendance of the Directors at these meetings was as follows:

		出席率 Attendance
		, and a second s
執行董事	Executive Directors	
王忠秣先生	Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben	
(主席兼行政總裁)	(Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)	2/2
王賢敏女士	Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada	2/2
陳子華博士	Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel	2/2
熊永順先生	Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund	2/2
陳偉明先生	Mr. Chan Wai Ming, Hermes	2/2
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors	
李家祥博士	Dr. Li Ka Cheung, Eric	2/2
楊孫西博士	Dr. Yu Sun Say	1/2
葉天養先生	Mr. Alfred Donald Yap	2/2
羅偉浩先生	Mr. Lo Wai Ho, Ashley	2/2

### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會對維持本集團適當而有效之風險管 理及內部監控系統負有整體責任,並分別 透過風險管理委員會及審核委員會檢討該 等系統之有效性。

董事會以持續識別、分析、評估及管理風 險為基礎,建立一套全面的風險管理系統。 集團內各部門須自行負責及管理其本身之 風險,另外亦已成立多個向風險管理委員 會匯報之管理委員會,負責監察本集團不 同的風險管理範疇。該等工作有助獨立查 核個別部門之風險管理系統之成效。本公 司之獨立內控合規部(「內控合規部」)獲 指派專責內部審核職能,定期對本集團風 險管理及內部監控系統進行內部檢討及測 試,涵蓋財務、營運、合規、風險評估及風 險應對措施的監控。由本集團行政人員組 成之各個管理團隊及委員會定期開會,檢 討內控合規部進行內部審核工作之發現及 意見,並提出相關建議。管理團隊及委員 會之行政人員亦確保監控弱點已向有關部 門有效溝通,並監察有關部門其後就其建 議作出之行動。內控合規部定期向風險管 理委員會及審核委員會匯報其主要發現並 提出意見,以助該等委員會分別評核本集 團風險管理及內部監控系統是否有效。風 險管理委員會及審核委員會再向董事會作 出匯報,以供董事會每年從中作出本身之 見解。

# RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has overall responsibility for maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reviewing their effectiveness through the Risk Management Committee and the Audit Committee, respectively.

The Board has established a comprehensive risk management system based on identification, analysis, evaluation and management of risks on an ongoing basis. Each department under the Group is required to own and manage its own risks. A number of management committees reporting to the Risk Management Committee have been established to monitor different aspects of risk management for the Group. Such work serves to provide an independent checking of the effectiveness of the risk management system of individual departments. The independent Internal Compliance Control Department ("ICC") of the Company is delegated with the internal audit function to conduct regular internal reviews and testings of the Group's risk management and internal control systems covering financial, operational, compliance, risk assessment and risk response implementation controls. The respective management teams and committees which comprise relevant executives of the Group meet regularly to review the findings and opinions of internal audits conducted by the ICC and make relevant recommendations. The executives from the management teams and committees also ensure the control weaknesses are effectively communicated to the relevant departments and monitor the follow-up actions in response to their recommendations. The ICC regularly reports its major findings and advice to the Risk Management Committee and the Audit Committee and assists them to evaluate the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, respectively. The Risk Management Committee and the Audit Committee report back to the Board for forming its own view on an annual basis.

### 風險管理及內部監控(續)

審核委員會每年檢討本集團在會計、財務 匯報及內部審核職能方面的資源是否充 足,相關員工的資歷、經驗及培訓又是否 足夠,從而確保監控程序得以持續實施且 行之有效。

本集團風險管理及內部監控系統旨在提供 合理而非絕對之保障,以防範出現重大錯 誤陳述或損失,並管理而非消除營運系統 失效之風險,從而令本集團可達到其目標。 於二零二四年度,董事會已分別透過風險 管理委員會及審核委員會檢討本集團之風 險管理及內部監控系統,並認為該等系統 為有效且足夠。

本公司致力達致及維持最高水平的透明 度、廉潔與問責。與本公司反貪污政策相 輔相成,舉報政策已獲採納以公平公正地 管治及處理僱員及業務夥伴就財務申報、 內部監控或與本集團有關之其他事宜的任 何可疑不當行為或瀆職行為提出之關注。 本公司現有的舉報政策不接受不具名舉 報,因為本公司認為不具名舉報難以跟進 及獲得資料以進行有效調查。此外,根據 本公司工廠的經驗,倘本公司接受不具名 舉報,則其預計將收到大量不具名舉報, 這將對本公司的管理資源造成過度負擔。 然而,本公司將盡一切努力對所有舉報嚴 格保密。調查人員與舉報人之間的所有溝 通均受到嚴格保護,以確保舉報人不會遭 受報復或指責。除非本公司有法律義務向 任何政府部門透露舉報人的身份及其他資 料,否則未經舉報人同意,將不會披露其 身份。

### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (continued)

The Audit Committee annually reviews the adequacy of resources and qualifications, experience and training of the staff responsible for accounting, financial reporting and internal audit functions to ensure that ongoing control process are in place and functioning effectively.

The purpose of the Group's risk management and internal control systems is to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational system in order to achieve the Group's objectives. For the year of 2024 under review, the Board, through the Risk Management Committee and the Audit Committee, has reviewed the Group's risk management and internal control systems, respectively and considered them effective and adequate.

The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining the highest standards of openness, probity and accountability. Complementary with the Anti-Corruption Policy of the Company, the Whistleblowing Policy has been adopted to govern and deal with fairly and properly concerns raised by our employees and business partners about any suspected misconduct or malpractice regarding financial reporting, internal controls or other matters related to the Group. The existing Whistleblowing Policy of the Company does not accept anonymous reporting because the Company believes it will be difficult to follow up and obtain information for an effective investigation. Also, based on experience in the Company's factories, the Company would expect an abundance of anonymous reporting if anonymous reporting was to be accepted and this would unduly burden the Company's management resources. Nevertheless, the Company will make every effort to treat all reporting in a strictly confidential manner. All communications between the investigator and the whistleblowers are strictly protected to ensure that no reprisal or blame would be directed against the whistleblowers. The identity of the whistleblower will not be disclosed without his/her consent, unless the Company is legally obliged to reveal the whistleblower's identity and other information to any government authorities.

### 風險管理委員會

風險管理委員會由三名執行董事組成,包 括王賢敏女士(風險管理委員會主席)、 陳子華博士及熊永順先生。

風險管理委員會之主要職責包括監察本集 團的整體風險管理框架;審批風險政策及 風險容忍度以及審視其違規情況;檢討及 評估風險管理系統的成效;及就風險相關 事宜向董事會提供意見。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,風險管理委員會已監督風險管理框架; 評估風險嚴重程度;監察及更新本集團之 風險政策;討論主要風險之風險報告;及 檢討風險管理系統是否有效及足夠。

風險管理委員會於二零二四年曾舉行十次 會議。風險管理委員會委員於該等會議之 出席率如下:

### **RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

The Risk Management Committee comprises three Executive Directors, namely Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada (Chairperson of the Risk Management Committee), Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel and Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund.

The principal duties of the Risk Management Committee include the oversight of the Group's overall risk management framework; approval of risk policies and tolerances and reviewing the breaches thereof; review and assessment of the effectiveness of the risk management systems; and advising the Board on riskrelated issues.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Risk Management Committee overseen the risk management framework; assessed materiality of risks; monitored and updated the Group's risk policies; discussed risk reports on key risks; and reviewed the effectiveness and adequacy of the risk management system.

The Risk Management Committee held ten meetings in 2024. The attendance of the Risk Management Committee members at these meetings was as follows:

		出席率
		Attendance
執行董事	Executive Directors	
王賢敏女士(主席)	Ms. Wong Yin Man, Ada <i>(Chairperson)</i>	10/10
陳子華博士	Dr. Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel	10/10
熊永順先生	Mr. Hung Wing Shun, Edmund	9/10
附註:	Note:	
本集團相關行政人員亦有出席上述之風險 會議。	管理委員會 Relevant executives of the Group also atte Committee meetings above.	ended the Risk Management

### 審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成, 包括李家祥博士(審核委員會主席)、 楊孫西博士及葉天養先生。

審核委員會之主要職責包括監察本集團之 財務報告及內部監控系統;審閱本集團之 財務資料;及檢討本公司與外聘核數師之 關係。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 內,審核委員會已檢討本集團採納之會計 政策及常規;討論核數、內部監控及財務 報告事宜,當中包括審閱本集團二零二三 年末期業績及二零二四年中期業績;審閲 外聘核數師之聘用函件;就續聘外聘核數 師作出建議;及檢討會計、財務報告及內 部審核功能及相關職員。

審核委員會於二零二四年曾單獨與外聘核 數師會面並舉行兩次會議。審核委員會委 員於該等會議之出席率如下:

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee comprises three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Dr. Li Ka Cheung, Eric (Chairman of the Audit Committee), Dr. Yu Sun Say and Mr. Alfred Donald Yap.

The principal duties of the Audit Committee include the oversight of the Group's financial reporting and internal control systems; review of the Group's financial information; and review of the relationship with the external auditor of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Audit Committee reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group; discussed the auditing, internal control and financial reporting matters including review of the 2023 final results and 2024 interim results of the Group; reviewed the external auditor's engagement letter; recommended the re-appointment of the external auditor; and reviewed the accounting, financial reporting and internal audit functions and their staffs.

The Audit Committee met separately with the external auditors and held two meetings in 2024. The attendance of the Audit Committee members at these meetings was as follows:

		出席率
		Attendance
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors	
李家祥博士( <i>主席)</i>	Dr. Li Ka Cheung, Eric (Chairman)	2/2
楊孫西博士	Dr. Yu Sun Say	2/2
葉天養先生	Mr. Alfred Donald Yap	2/2

### 核數師酬金及核數師相關事宜

### AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION AND AUDITOR RELATED MATTERS

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度, 已付或應付外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師 事務所之酬金載列如下:

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the remuneration paid or payable to the external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers, is set out as follows:

		總額(港幣元) Amount (HK\$)
核數服務	Audit services	3,158,000
非核數服務	Non-audit services	
- 香港利得税合規	<ul> <li>Hong Kong profits tax compliance</li> </ul>	184,000
一轉讓定價税務諮詢	<ul> <li>transfer pricing tax consultation</li> </ul>	121,000
一新加坡税務諮詢	<ul> <li>Singapore tax consultation</li> </ul>	58,000

### 總額 Total 3,521,000 董事及核數師對財務報表之責任 DIRECTORS'AND AUDITOR'S

### DIRECTORS' AND AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

有關董事及核數師編製本集團綜合財務報 表之責任刊載於本年報第101至109頁之 「獨立核數師報告」內。 The responsibilities of the Directors and the auditor for preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group are set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 101 to 109 of this Annual Report.

### 股東權益

為保障股東權益及權利,在股東大會上, 每項實際獨立的事宜,均以個別決議案 提呈。

此外,股東受以下程序保護,該等程序受 制於本公司之公司細則、一九八一年百慕 達公司法及適用法律和規例。

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard the shareholders' interest and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue.

In addition, shareholders are protected by the following procedures as governed by the Company's Bye-laws, the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 and applicable legislation and regulation.

股東權益(續)

### 股東召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大 會」)的程序

- 一名或以上於遞呈要求當日持有不少 1. 於本公司實繳股本(附有按每股一票 基準於本公司股東大會投票之權利) 十分之一(1/10)之股東有權於任何時 間透過向董事會或公司秘書發出書 面要求,送交至本公司註冊辦事處 (地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda) 及其總辦事處(地址為香港九龍觀塘 偉業街108號絲寶國際大廈17樓), 要求董事會召開股東特別大會,以處 理該要求中指明之任何事務或決議 案;且該大會應於遞呈該要求後兩(2) 個月內以董事會可能根據本公司細則 第67條釐定之形式舉行。
- 書面要求須列明股東特別大會之目 的、經有關股東簽署,並可由多份相 同格式之文件組成,而每份文件須由 一名或多名該等股東簽署。
- 倘要求適當,公司秘書將要求董事會 根據法例規定向全體登記股東送達充 分通知後召開股東特別大會。倘於遞 呈該要求後二十一(21)日內,董事會 未能召開股東特別大會,則呈請人可 自行根據一九八一年百慕達公司法第 74(3)條之條文召開有關會議。

### **SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued)**

### Procedures for shareholder(s) to convene a special general meeting ("SGM")

- One or more shareholders holding at the date 1. of deposit of the requisition not less than onetenth (1/10) of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company on one vote per share basis, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition sent to the Board of Directors or Company Secretary at the Company's registered office at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and its principal office at 17/F, C-Bons International Center, No. 108 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong, to require a SGM to be called by the Board of Directors for the transaction of any business or resolution specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held (in the form as may be determined by the Board in accordance with Bye-law 67 of the Company) within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition.
- 2. The written requisition must state the purposes of the SGM, signed by the shareholder(s) concerned and may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more of those shareholders.
- 3. If the requisition is in order, the Company Secretary will ask the Board of Directors to convene a SGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered shareholders. If within twenty-one (21) days of the deposit of such requisition the Board fails to proceed to convene the SGM, the requisitionists themselves may do so in accordance with the provisions of Section 74(3) of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981.

### 股東權益(續)

### 股東召開股東特別大會(「股東特別大 會」)的程序(續)

 相反,倘要求無效,則向有關股東告 知此結果,且因此將不會應要求召開 股東特別大會。

### 股東於股東大會提出建議(提名他人參 選董事除外)的程序

- 本公司每年舉行一次股東週年大會 (「股東週年大會」),並可於必要時舉 行稱為股東特別大會之股東大會。
- 持有(i)有權於股東大會上投票之全體 股東總投票權不少於二十分之一(1/20) 之股東,或(ii)不少於100名股東,可提 交擬於股東週年大會上所動議決議案 之書面要求;或就於特定股東大會上 任何所動議決議案所述事項或將處理 之事務提交不超過1,000字之陳述。
- 書面要求/陳述須由有關股東簽署, 並於股東週年大會舉行前不少於六 (6)個星期(倘要求提供決議案通知) 或於股東大會舉行前不少於一(1)個 星期(倘為任何其他要求)送交至本 公司註冊辦事處(地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda)及其總辦事處(地 址為香港九龍官塘偉業街108號絲寶 國際大廈17樓),並註明收件人為本 公司之公司秘書。

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued)

### Procedures for shareholder(s) to convene a special general meeting ("SGM") (continued)

4. On the contrary, if the requisition is invalid, the shareholder(s) concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, a SGM will not be convened as requested.

### Procedures for shareholder(s) to make proposals at general meeting other than a proposal of a person for election as director

- The Company holds an annual general meeting ("AGM") every year, and may hold a general meeting known as a special general meeting whenever necessary.
- 2. Shareholder(s) of the Company holding (i) not less than one-twentieth (1/20) of the total voting rights of all shareholders having the right to vote at the general meeting; or (ii) not less than 100 shareholders, can submit a written request stating the resolution intended to be moved at the AGM; or a statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at a particular general meeting.
- 3. The written request/statements must be signed by the shareholder(s) concern and deposited at the Company's registered office at Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and its principal office at 17/F, C-Bons International Center, No. 108 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong, for the attention of the Company Secretary of the Company, not less than six (6) weeks before the AGM in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution and not less than one (1) week before the general meeting in the case of any other requisition.

股東權益(續)

### 股東於股東大會提出建議(提名他人參 選董事除外)的程序(續)

 倘書面要求適當,公司秘書將要求本 公司董事會(i)將決議案列入股東週年 大會議程;或(ii)就股東大會傳閱陳述, 惟有關股東須已支付經董事會釐定之 合理金額之費用,足以支付本公司根 據法例規定向全體登記股東送達決議 案通知及/或傳閱有關股東提交之陳 述。相反,倘要求無效,或有關股東 並無支付足夠金額以支付本公司就上 並目的所需費用,則向有關股東告知 此結果,且因此所建議決議案將不會 列入股東週年大會議程,亦將不會就 股東大會傳閱陳述。

另一份載有關於股東提名董事候選人的程 序之文件,亦已刊登於本公司網址。

### **SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued)**

Procedures for shareholder(s) to make proposals at general meeting other than a proposal of a person for election as director (continued)

If the written request is in order, the Company 4. Secretary will ask the Board of Directors of the Company (i) to include the resolution in the agenda for the AGM; or (ii) to circulate the statement for the general meeting, provided that the shareholder(s) concerned have deposited a sum of money reasonably determined by the Board of Directors sufficient to meet the Company's expenses in serving the notice of the resolution and/or circulating the statement submitted by the shareholder(s) concerned in accordance with the statutory requirements to all the registered shareholders. On the contrary, if the requisition is invalid or the shareholder(s) concerned have failed to deposit sufficient money to meet the Company's expenses for the said purposes, the shareholder(s) concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, the proposed resolution will not be included in the agenda for the AGM; or the statement will not be circulated for the general meeting.

A separate document containing the procedures for a shareholder to propose a person for election as a director is also published on the website of the Company.

### 股東權益(續)

### 股東向董事會提出查詢的程序

一九八一年百慕達公司法或本公司之公司 細則概無條文規定股東向本公司董事會提 出查詢之程序。股東理應可於任何時間透 過以下任何一種渠道以書面方式向本公司 董事會送交其查詢:

### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS (continued)

### Procedures by which enquiries may be put to the Board of Directors by shareholder(s)

There are no provisions in the Bermuda Companies Act 1981 or in the Bye-laws of the Company that provide for a procedure by which shareholder(s) may put forward an enquiry to the Board of Directors of the Company. Shareholder(s) may, of course, at any time send their enquiries in writing to the Board of Directors of the Company via one of the following channels:

郵寄地址:	香港九龍官塘 偉業街108號 絲寶國際大廈17樓 (註明收件人為公司秘書或 董事會主席)	Mailing Address:	17/F, C-Bons International Center, No. 108 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong (For the attention of the Company Secretary or Chairman of the Board)
傳真:	(852) 2797 8076	Fax:	(852) 2797 8076
電郵:	enquiry@wih.com.hk	Email:	enquiry@wih.com.hk

### 股東通訊政策

本公司之股東通訊政策旨在促進與股東及 其他持份者之有效溝通:鼓勵股東積極參 與本公司事務:及使股東有效行使股東權 利。本公司主要通過以下方式與股東聯繫: (i)本公司根據上市規則之規定及時和一致 地發佈之公司通訊(包括但不限於年報、 中期報告、大會通告、通函及公佈);(ii)本 公司刊載於本公司網站之資料及文件:(iii) 作為本公司與其股東溝通之主要平台的本 公司股東週年大會及其他股東大會;(iv)股 東查詢可送交予本公司或本公司之香港股 別一登記分處;及(v)其他投資者關係通 訊平台(如適用)。

### SHAREHOLDERS' COMMUNICATION POLICY

The Shareholders' Communication Policy of the Company aims at promoting effective communication with the shareholders and other stakeholders, encouraging shareholders to engage actively with the Company; and enabling shareholders to exercise their rights as shareholders effectively. The Company communicates with the shareholders mainly in the following ways: (i) corporate communications of the Company (including, but not limited to, annual reports, interim reports, notice of meetings, circulars and announcements) to be published in a timely and consistent manner as required by the Listing Rules; (ii) information and documents of the Company posted on the Company's website; (iii) annual general meetings and other general meetings of the Company which serve as the primary forum for communication by the Company with its shareholders; (iv) shareholders' enquiries may be sent to the Company or the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong; and (v) other investor relations communication platforms, if appropriate.

### 股東通訊政策(續)

為支持環保及根據上市規則,鼓勵股東以 電子方式於本公司或聯交所網站閱覽本公 司的公司通訊。股東如希望收取公司通訊 的印刷本,可向本公司的香港股份過戶登 記分處發出書面要求,則本公司將免費向 股東發送公司通訊的印刷本。股東可不時 更改其對收取方式的偏好。此外,本公司 鼓勵股東參與股東大會,倘股東不能出席 股東大會,則可委任代表代其出席大會並 於會上投票。董事會主席及其他董事會成 員、董事會轄下委員會主席或其委託人及 外聘核數師應出席股東週年大會以處理及 回答股東問題。董事會於制定本公司之業 務策略時將考慮股東之任何關注及意見。 董事會已檢討該政策於年內之實施情況並 認為該政策行之有效。

### SHAREHOLDERS' COMMUNICATION POLICY (continued)

In support of environmental protection and pursuant to the Listing Rules, shareholders are recommended to read the Company's corporate communications electronically on the website of the Company or the Stock Exchange. A shareholder who wishes to receive printed copies of corporate communications may send a written request to the Company's Hong Kong branch share registrar and the Company will send corporate communications to the shareholder in printed form, free of charge. Shareholders are able to change their preference for the means of receipt from time to time. Also, shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at the meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings. Chairman of the Board and other Board members, chairmen of board committees or their delegates, and the external auditor shall attend annual general meetings to address and answer any questions from the shareholders. Any concerns and views of the shareholders will be taken into consideration by the Board when formulating the business strategies of the Company. The Board has reviewed the implementation of the Policy during the year and considered the Policy effective.

### 組織章程文件

於二零二四年度,本公司之組織章程文件 概無變動。本公司現行之公司細則可於本 公司及聯交所網站查閱。

香港,二零二五年三月二十六日

### **CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS**

There was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company in the year of 2024. The current Byelaws of the Company is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Hong Kong, 26 March 2025



pwc

### 羅兵咸永道

### 致王氏國際集團有限公司股東 TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF WONG'S

(於百慕達註冊成立的有限公司)

### 意見

### 我們已審計的內容

王氏國際集團有限公司(以下簡稱「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於 第110至255頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零二四年十二月三十一日的綜合 財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收入表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 综合財務報表附註,包括重大會計政策
   信息及其他解釋信息。

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

### **OPINION**

#### What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Wong's International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 110 to 255, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.



### 羅兵咸永道

### 我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會 計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實 而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二四年十二 月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止 年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已 遵照香港《公司條例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

**Our opinion** 

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance

### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審 計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔 的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務 報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及 適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

### 獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師 道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立 於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道 德責任。

### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.



### 羅兵咸永道

### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為 對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事 項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報 表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這 些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項為有關 投資物業估值。

### 關鍵審計事項 Key Audit Matter

### 投資物業估值

#### Valuation of investment properties

請參閱綜合財務報表附註2.2.5、16及18。 Refer to notes 2.2.5, 16 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements.

貴集團的投資物業組合包括附屬公司及合營企 業所持的投資物業。於二零二四年十二月三十一 日, 貴集團持有投資物業港幣1,473,000,000 元(其乃按公允價值列賬),且截至二零二四年 十二月三十一日止年度,投資物業的公允價值虧 損為港幣473,000,000元。

The Group's investment properties portfolio included investment properties held by subsidiaries and joint ventures. As at 31 December 2024, the Group held investment properties of HK\$1,473 million which were stated at fair values and there was a fair value loss from investment properties of HK\$473 million during the year ended 31 December 2024.

### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in our audit is related to valuation of investment properties.

### 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們為處理投資物業估值而執行的程序包括: Our procedures to address valuation of investment properties included:

- 了解及評估管理層對投資物業估值的控制及流程,並通過考慮估計不確定性的程度及釐定將 運用的假設時涉及的判斷,對重大錯誤陳述的 固有風險進行評估;
- Understood and evaluated management's controls and processes over the valuation of investment properties and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and the judgement involved in determining assumptions to be applied;
- 評估獨立估值師的資歷、能力及客觀性;
- Evaluated the independent valuer's competence, capabilities and objectivity;



### 關鍵審計事項 ( 續 ) Key Audit Matter (continued)

管理層已委聘一名獨立估值師以根據直接比較 法及收入資本化法估計 貴集團及合營企業於 二零二四年十二月三十一日的投資物業的公允 價值。我們專注於投資物業的估值,原因為公允 價值估計存在估計不確定性。由於各項物業的個 別性質、其位置、當前市場回報及特定物業的預 期未來租金等因素,有關估值存在固有主觀性。 Management engaged an independent valuer to estimate the fair value of investment properties of the Group and the joint ventures as at 31 December 2024 based on the direct comparison method and income capitalisation method. We focused on the valuation of investment properties because the estimation of fair value is subject to estimation uncertainty. It is inherently subjective due to, among other factors, the individual nature of each property, its location, prevailing market returns and the expected future rentals for that particular property.

由於所涉及的重大判斷及估計,我們已將投資物 業估值確定為一項關鍵審計事項。

We have identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significant judgement and estimation involved. 羅兵咸永道

### 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項(續) How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter (continued)

- 獲取估值報告並與獨立估值師(連同我們的內 部物業估值專家)會面,以討論並了解估計投資 物業的公允價值時所採納的估值方法及關鍵假 設;
- Obtained the valuation reports and held meetings with the independent valuer, together with our internal expert in property valuation, to discuss and understand the valuation methodologies and the key assumptions adopted in estimating the fair value of the investment properties;
- 評估所使用的估值方法是否適當及所應用的假設是否合理,及(如適用)按抽樣基準將估值模型所使用的輸入數據及假設(例如市場可比數據、復歸收益率及租值)與市場及行業數據作比較;及
- Assessed the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies used and the reasonableness of assumptions applied, and where applicable, compared, on a sample basis, the data inputs and assumptions used in the valuation models, such as market comparables, reversionary yields and rental values to market and industry data; and
- 根據香港財務報告準則披露規定,評估與投資 物業估值有關的披露是否充足。
- Assessed the adequacy of the disclosures related to the valuation of investment properties in the context of HKFRSs disclosure requirements.

基於所執行的工作,我們發現投資物業估值所使用 的判斷及關鍵假設獲得了現有證據的支持。

Based on the work performed, we found the judgement and key assumptions used in the valuation of investment properties were supported by the available evidence.



### 羅兵咸永道

### 其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包 括年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形 式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他 信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計過 程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎 存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他 信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事 實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

### 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒 佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條 例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務 報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備 不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 陳述所需的內部控制負責。

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



羅兵咸永道

### 董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任(續)

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

### RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳 述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核 數師報告。我們僅按照百慕達一九八一年《公 司法》第90條向 閣下(作為整體)報告我 們的意見,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。 我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士 負上或承擔任何責任。合理保證是高水平的 保證,但不能保證按照《香港審計準則》進 行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能 發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如 果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能影響 綜合財務報表使用者依賴綜合財務報表所 作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視 作重大。 The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.



羅兵咸永道

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險, 設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險, 以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為 我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕 於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐 而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述 的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
## 獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report



羅兵咸永道

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當 性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證, 確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重 大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團 的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我 們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在 核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財 務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露 不足,則我們應當發表非無保留意見。 我們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所 取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情 況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 計劃及執行集團審計以就 貴集團內 實體或業務單位的財務信息獲取充足、 適當的審計憑證,作為對綜合財務報表 形成意見的基礎。我們負責指導、監督 和覆核為集團審計而執行的審計工作。 我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計 劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等, 包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何 重大缺陷。

### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

## 獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report



羅兵咸永道

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的 責任(續)

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們 獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用 的情況下,用以消除對獨立性產生威脅的行 動或採取的防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪 些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重 要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師 報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許 公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下, 如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造 成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決 定不應在報告中溝通該事項。 AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 是蘇承偉。 The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is So Sing Wai, Donald.

**羅兵咸永道會計師事務所** 執業會計師

香港,二零二五年三月二十六日

**PricewaterhouseCoopers** *Certified Public Accountants* 

Hong Kong, 26 March 2025

## 综合收益表 Consolidated Income Statement

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

		附註 Notes	二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
收益	Revenue	5	2,664,674	3,185,668
其他收入	Other income	6	4,371	14,731
製成品及在製品存貨之變動	Changes in inventories of finished goods			22.222
的体中之内料立业转日	and work in progress		(62,431)	38,089
所使用之原料及消耗品	Raw materials and consumables used	7	(1,824,064)	(2,359,874)
僱員福利開支 45 葉	Employee benefit expenses	7	(367,424)	(409,464)
折舊	Depreciation	8	(49,874)	(65,558)
其他經營支出	Other operating expenses	8	(151,160)	(170,273)
其他收益/(虧損)-淨額 投資物業公允價值變動	Other gains/(losses) – net Change in fair value of investment	9	11,939	(5,098)
这頁初末472頁但 <i>反到</i>	properties	16	(472,741)	(12,062)
已完成物業存貨之撇減撥備	Provision for write-down of stock of			
	completed properties	23	(41,258)	(2,208)
應收貿易賬款之減值虧損	Reversal of provision for impairment			
撥備撥回	losses on trade receivables		1,887	1,143
營運(虧損)/利潤	Operating (loss)/profit		(286,081)	215,094
融資收入	Finance income	11	23,022	25,686
融資成本	Finance costs	11	(73,022)	(90,127)
應佔合營企業(虧損)/利潤	Share of (losses)/profits of joint ventures	18	(446,747)	49,462
除所得税前 (虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit before income tax		(782,828)	200,115
所得税開支	Income tax expense	12	(54,636)	(47,389)
除所得税後(虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit after income tax		(837,464)	152,726
本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company		(837,464)	152,726
本公司擁有人應佔 年度每股(虧損)/盈利	(Losses)/earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company during the year			
基本	Basic		(港幣1.75元)	港幣0.32元
		14	(HK\$1.75)	HK\$0.32
攤薄	Diluted		(港幣1.75元)	港幣0.32元
		14	(HK\$1.75)	HK\$0.32

上述綜合收益表應與隨附附註一併閱讀。

The above consolidated income statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

綜合全面收入表

# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income $\underline{a}\underline{x} = \underline{x} = \underline{m}\underline{x} + \underline{-} \underline{\beta} = \underline{+} - \underline{\beta} \underline{\mu} \pm \underline{\beta}$ For the year ended 31 December 2024

		附註 Notes	二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
年度(虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit for the year		(837,464)	152,726
其他全面收入:	Other comprehensive income:			
可能重新分類至 綜合收益表之項目: 現金流量對沖一年度	Items that may be reclassified to consolidated income statement: Cash flow hedge – fair value			
公允價值收益/(虧損) 現金流量對沖-已確認	gains/(losses) for the year Cash flow hedge – deferred income		5,723	(5,017)
遞延所得税	tax recognised		(944)	828
貨幣換算差額	Currency translation differences		(75,424)	(24,909)
其後不會重新分類至 綜合收益表之項目:	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to consolidated income statement:			
出售按公允價值計入 其他全面收入的 金融資產之	Gain/(loss) on disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			
收益/(虧損)			395	(5,300)
按公允價值計入其他全面 收入的金融資產	Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other			
公允價值變動	comprehensive income	20	(21,638)	(21,267)
年度其他全面虧損 <sup>,</sup> 已扣税	Other comprehensive loss			(== 00=)
	for the year, net of tax		(91,888)	(55,665)
本公司擁有人應佔年度	Total comprehensive (loss)/income			
全面 ( 虧損 ) /收入總額	for the year attributable to the owners of the Company		(929,352)	97,061

閱讀。

上述綜合全面收入表應與隨附附註一併 The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## 綜合財務狀況表

 資產	ASSETS	附註 Notes	二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	15	190,494	211,689
投資物業	Investment properties	16	1,473,317	1,946,822
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	17	79,977	98,072
合營企業的權益	Interests in joint ventures	18	1,591,570	2,071,517
按公允價值計入其他全面	Financial assets at fair value through	10	.,	2,011,011
收入的金融資產	other comprehensive income	20	71,185	100,080
遞延所得税資產	Deferred income tax assets	21	15,164	19,480
訂金及其他應收賬款	Deposits and other receivables	25	27,050	24,578
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	27	11,541	11,324
受限制現金	Restricted cash	26	531	_
			3,460,829	4,483,562
流動資產	Current assets			
存貨	Inventories	22	258,714	372,296
已完成物業存貨	Stock of completed properties	23	160,144	201,402
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	24	865,107	808,589
預付款項、訂金及	Prepayments, deposits and other			
其他應收賬款	receivables	25	76,070	94,613
按公允價值計入其他全面	Financial assets at fair value through			
收入的金融資產	other comprehensive income	20	31	58
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	27	1,987	_
當期可收回所得税	Current income tax recoverable		1,009	1,688
受限制現金	Restricted cash	26	116,814	121,164
短期銀行存款	Short-term bank deposits	26	498,285	284,844
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	26	719,846	942,040
			2,698,007	2,826,694
總資產	Total assets		6,158,836	7,310,256

## 綜合財務狀況表 **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

於二零二四年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2024

		附註 Notes	二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
權益	EQUITY			
歸屬於本公司擁有人之權益	Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
股本	Share capital	31	47,848	47,848
其他儲備	Other reserves	32	376,815	464,843
保留盈利	Retained earnings	32		
一擬派股息	- Proposed dividend		14,355	14,355
一其他	- Others		3,078,384	3,947,221
總權益	Total equity		3,517,402	4,474,267
 負債	LIABILITIES			
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	27	-	3,519
應計費用及其他應付賬款	Accruals and other payables	29	6,120	6,153
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	17	-	1,492
遞延所得税負債	Deferred income tax liabilities	21	81,523	83,250
貸款	Borrowings	30	876,430	935,840
			964,073	1,030,254
流動負債	Current liabilities			
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	28	548,021	545,647
應計費用及其他應付賬款	Accruals and other payables	29	222,369	219,379
合約負債	Contract liabilities	5	133,620	136,502
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	17	1,714	14,676
當期所得税負債	Current income tax liabilities		29,139	34,693
貸款	Borrowings	30	742,498	854,838
			1,677,361	1,805,735
	Total liabilities		2,641,434	2,835,989
總權益及負債	Total equity and liabilities		6,158,836	7,310,256

代表簽署:

综合財務報表已於二零二五年三月二十六日 The consolidated financial statements were approved 獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下列董事 and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

王忠秣	王賢敏	WONG CHUNG MAT, BEN	WONG YIN MAN, ADA
主席兼行政總裁	董事	Chairman and Chief Executive Officer	Director

閱讀。

上述综合財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併 The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## 綜合權益變動表

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity $\underline{a} \underline{x} = \underline{x} = \underline{n} \underline{x} + \underline{n} \underline{z} + -\underline{n} \underline{x} + \underline{x}$ For the year ended 31 December 2024

		本ź Attributable t	公司擁有人應 o owners of t		
		股本 Share	股份溢價 Share	其他儲備 Other	總計
		capital (附註31)	premium (附註32)	reserves (附註32)	Total
		(Note 31) 港幣千元 HK\$'000	(Note 32) 港幣千元 HK\$'000	(Note 32) 港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二零二三年一月一日	As at 1 January 2023	47,848	153,025	4,212,220	4,413,093
<b>全面收入</b> 年度利潤	<b>Comprehensive income</b> Profit for the year	_	_	152,726	152,726
其他全面收入	Other comprehensive income				
出售按公允價值計入其他全面 收入的金融資產之虧損	Loss on disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			(5.200)	(5.200)
按公允價值計入其他全面收入的 金融資產公允價值變動	Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other	_	_	(5,300)	(5,300)
	comprehensive income	-	-	(21,267)	(21,267)
貨幣換算差額 現金流量對沖-年度	Currency translation differences Cash flow hedge – fair value losses	-	_	(24,909)	(24,909)
公允價值虧損 現金流量對沖-已確認	for the year Cash flow hedge – deferred income	-	-	(5,017)	(5,017)
	tax recognised		_	828	828
其他全面虧損總額 	Total other comprehensive loss			(55,665)	(55,665)
全面收入總額	Total comprehensive income	-	-	97,061	97,061
<b>與擁有人之交易</b> 已付本公司擁有人之股息	Transactions with owners Dividend paid to owners of				
	the Company	_	-	(35,887)	(35,887)
與擁有人之交易總額	Total transactions with owners			(35,887)	(35,887)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2023	47,848	153,025	4,273,394	4,474,267

## 綜合權益變動表 **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

		本立	公司擁有人應	佔	
		Attributable t	o owners of	the Company	
		股本 Share	股份溢價 Share	其他儲備 Other	總計
		capital (附註31)	premium (附註32)	reserves (附註32)	Total
		(Note 31) 港幣千元	(Note 32) 港幣千元	<b>(Note 32)</b> 港幣千元	港幣千元
		/香帝干儿 <b>HK\$'000</b>	/≧帝干儿 <b>HK\$'000</b>	/e 帝 〒 九 <b>HK\$'000</b>	▶ ● 帝 十 九 HK\$'000
於二零二四年一月一日	As at 1 January 2024	47,848	153,025	4,273,394	4,474,267
<b>全面收入</b> 年度虧損	Comprehensive income Loss for the year	_	_	(837,464)	(837,464)
其他全面收入	Other comprehensive income				
出售按公允價值計入其他全面 收入的金融資產之收益	Gain on disposal of financial assets at fair value through other				
按公允價值計入其他全面收入的 金融資產公允價值變動	comprehensive income Changes in fair value of financial assets at fair value through other	-	-	395	395
	comprehensive income	-	-	(21,638)	(21,638)
貨幣換算差額 現金流量對沖一年度	Currency translation differences Cash flow hedge – fair value gains	-	-	(75,424)	(75,424)
公允價值收益 現金流量對沖已確認	for the year Cash flow hedge – deferred income	-	-	5,723	5,723
遞延所得税	tax recognised	-	-	(944)	(944)
其他全面虧損總額	Total other comprehensive loss	_		(91,888)	(91,888)
全面虧損總額	Total comprehensive loss	-	-	(929,352)	(929,352)
<b>與擁有人之交易</b> 已付本公司擁有人之股息	Transactions with owners Dividend paid to owners of				
	the Company	-	-	(27,513)	(27,513)
與擁有人之交易總額	Total transactions with owners	-	-	(27,513)	(27,513)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2024	47,848	153,025	3,316,529	3,517,402

閱讀。

上述综合權益變動表應與隨附附註一併 The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

綜合現金流量表

## **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2024

		附註 Notes	二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
營運活動所得現金流量 營運產生的現金淨額 已付香港利得税 已付境外税款	Cash flows from operating activities Net cash generated from operations Hong Kong profits tax paid Overseas tax paid	34(a)	324,157 (4,925) (51,461)	485,217 (6,875) (45,352)
已付利息 營運活動產生的現金淨額	Interest paid Net cash generated from operating activities		(72,145)	(90,127)
投資活動所得現金流量 購入物業、廠房及設備 出售物業、廠房及設備 66.2 款面	Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property,	04/h)	(12,958)	(20,816)
所得款項 已收股息 出售按公允價值計入其他 全面收入的金融資產 投資所得款項	plant and equipment Dividend received Proceeds from disposal of investment in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	34(b)	1,786 252 7,679	6,324 1,827 31,911
短期銀行存款(增加)/減少 受限制現金(增加)/減少 合營企業還款 已收利息	(Increase)/decrease in short-term bank deposits (Increase)/decrease in restricted cash Repayment from joint ventures Interest received	34(c)	(228,395) (643) 33,200 20,748	256,218 2,945 36,057 25,686
投資活動(所用)/所得的 現金淨額	Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities		(178,331)	340,152
<b>融資活動所得現金流量</b> 信託收據銀行貸款 減少 - 淨額 新造銀行貸款 償還銀行貸款 支付租賃付款 已付股息	Cash flows from financing activities Decrease in trust receipt bank Ioans - net New bank Ioans Repayment of bank Ioans Payment of lease payments Dividends paid	34(c)	(115,401) 572,869 (629,218) (13,917) (27,513)	(104,773) 792,000 (919,517) (16,136) (35,887)
融資活動所用的現金淨額	Net cash used in financing activities		(213,180)	(284,313)
現金及現金等價物之 (減少)/增加淨額 年初之現金及現金等價物	Net (decrease)/increases in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		(195,885)	398,702
貨幣換算差額	<b>beginning of the year</b> Currency translation differences		942,040 (26,309)	544,537 (1,199)
年終之現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	26	719,846	942,040

閱讀。

上述综合現金流量表應與隨附附註一併 The above consolidated cash flow statements should be read in conjunction with the accompanying note.

### 1 一般資料

王氏國際集團有限公司(「本公司」)及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事 開發、製造、推廣及分銷電子產品,以 及物業持有。

本公司乃於百慕達註冊成立之獲豁 免有限責任公司。註冊辦事處及主要 營業地點分別位於Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda及香港九龍官塘偉業街108號 絲寶國際大廈17樓。

本公司之股份主要於香港聯合交易所 有限公司主板上市。

除另有指明外,综合財務報表以港幣單 位呈列。综合財務報表已於二零二五年 三月二十六日獲董事會批准刊發。

## 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要

呈列該等綜合財務報表所採用之重大 及其他可能重大會計政策載於下文。除 另有指明外,該等政策已於所有呈列年 度貫徹應用。

### **1 GENERAL INFORMATION**

Wong's International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the development, manufacture, marketing and distribution of electronics products as well as property holding.

The Company is an exempted limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its registered office and principal place of business are Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda and 17/F., C-Bons International Center, No.108 Wai Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong, respectively.

The Company has its primary listing on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2025.

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED

The material and other potentially material accounting policies applied in the presentation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準

(a) 遵守香港財務報告準則及香 港公司條例

> 本集團之該等綜合財務報表 已按照香港會計師公會頒佈 的所有適用香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)、 香港普遍採用的會計原則及 香港公司條例(「香港公司 條例」)(第622章)之規定而 編製。

> 編製符合香港財務報告準則 之綜合財務報表要求使用若 干關鍵會計估計,亦要求管 理層於應用本集團會計政策 之過程中行使判斷。涉及高 度判斷或複雜的範疇,或對 綜合財務報表有重大影響的 假設及估計已於附註4披露。

#### (b) 歷史成本慣例

該等綜合財務報表已根據歷 史成本基準(透過重估按公 允價值計入其他全面收入的 金融資產、衍生金融工具及 投資物業(均按公允價值列 賬)進行修正)編製。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

(a) Compliance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Hong Kong Companies Ordinance

> The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong, and requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("HKCO") Cap. 622.

> The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

#### (b) Historical cost convention

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on historical cost basis, as modified by revaluation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, derivative financial instruments and investment properties, which are carried at fair value.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

#### 2.1.1 會計政策變更及披露

(a) 本集團採納之經修訂準 則及詮釋

> 本集團已於二零二四年 一月一日開始的年度報 告期間首次應用以下經 修訂準則及詮釋:

準則	修訂主題	Standards	Subject of amendment
香港會計準則 第1號之修訂版	負債分類為 流動或非 流動	Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current
香港會計準則 第1號之修訂版 香港財務報告 準則第16號之 修訂版	附帶契諾的 非流動負債 售後租回中 的租賃負債	Amendments to HKAS 1 Amendments to HKFRS 16	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
香港詮釋第5號 (二零二零年)	財務報表的 列報-借款 人對含有按 要求付還條 文的有期貸 款的分類	Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause
香港會計準則 第7號及香港 財務報告準則 第7號之修訂版	供應商融資 安排	Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements

## BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

## 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures

(a) Amended standards and interpretation adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following amended standards and interpretation for the first time for its annual reporting period commencing on 1 January 2024:

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - 2.1 編製基準(續)
    - 2.1.1 會計政策變更及披露(續)
      - (a) 本集團採納之經修訂準 則及詮釋(續)

上述經修訂準則及詮釋 對過往期間入賬之金額 並無任何影響,預期亦 不會對當期或未來期間 產生重大影響。

#### (b) 尚未採納之新訂及經修 訂準則以及詮釋

若干新訂及經修訂準 則以及詮釋已頒佈,但 於二零二四年十二月 三十一日之報告期間未 強制生效且本集團並未 提早採納。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

## 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)

(a) Amended standards and interpretation adopted by the Group (continued)

The amended standards and interpretation listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

(b) New and amended standards and interpretation not yet adopted

Certain new and amended standards and interpretation have been published that are not mandatory for 31 December 2024 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.1 會計政策變更及披露(續)

(b) 尚未採納之新訂及經修

訂準則以及 詮釋 (續)

SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

#### 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)

(b) New and amended standards and interpretation not yet adopted (continued)

準則	修訂主題	自以下日期或之後開 始之年度期間生效 Effective for annual periods beginning
Standards	Subject of amendment	on or after
香港會計準則第21號及香港財務報告準則第1號之修訂版	缺乏可兑换性	二零二五年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 21 and HKFRS 1	Lack of Exchangeability	1 January 2025
香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第7號之 修訂版	金融工具分類及計量之修訂	二零二六年一月一日
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第1號、香港財務報告準則第7號、 香港財務報告準則第9號、香港財務報告準則第10號 及香港會計準則第7號	香港財務報告準則會計準則之年度改進一第11卷	二零二六年一月一日
HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7	Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11	1 January 2026
香港財務報告準則第18號	財務報表中的列報及披露	二零二七年一月一日
HKFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements	1 January 2027
香港財務報告準則第19號	不具公眾問責性的附屬公司:披露	二零二七年一月一日
HKFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures	1 January 2027
香港詮釋第5號	香港詮釋第5號之修訂版:財務報表的列報一借款人對 含有按要求付還條文的有期貸款的分類	二零二七年一月一日
Hong Kong Interpretation 5	Amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	1 January 2027
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號之修訂版	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間之資產出售或注資	待定
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
  - 2.1.1 會計政策變更及披露(續)
    - (b) 尚未採納之新訂及經修 訂準則以及詮釋(續)

本集團將於上述新訂及 經修訂準則以及詮釋生 效時採納有關準則及詮 釋。有關預計將適用於 本集團的該等香港財務 報告準則的進一步資料 於下文載述。

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)
  - 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)
    - (b) New and amended standards and interpretation not yet adopted (continued)

The Group will adopt the above new and amended standards and interpretation as and when they become effective. Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - 2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.1 會計政策變更及披露(續)

(b) 尚未採納之新訂及經修 訂準則以及詮釋(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第18 號引入有關在綜合全 面收入表內列報的新規 定,包括指明合計及小 計。此外,要求各實體 將綜合收益表內的所有 收入及支出分為以下五 收入及文出分為以下五 類之一:營運、投資、融 資、所得税及已終止經 營業務,其中前三類為 規定:其亦 要 要 表 新界定的管理層界定的 業績計量標準、收入及 支出小計,並載入根據 確定的主要財務報表及 附註的 [作用] 對財務資 料進行匯總及分類的新 規定。此外,對香港會 計準則第7號現金流量 表進行了小範圍修訂, 包括將間接法下營運產 生的現金流量的釐定起 點由「損益」變更為「營 運損益」,並取消了對股息及利息現金流量進行 分類的選擇權。亦對其他幾項準則作出相應的 修訂。香港財務報告準 則第18號及其他準則之 修訂版於二零二七年一 月一日或之後開始之報 告期間生效,惟允許提 早應用,並須予以披露。 香港財務報告準則第18 號將追溯應用。新規定 預計將影響本集團綜合 收益表之呈列及本集團 財務表現之披露。迄今 為止,本集團認為採用 香港財務報告準則第18 號不大可能對本集團的 經營業績及財務狀況造 成重大影響。

- BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)
  - 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)
    - 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)
      - (b) New and amended standards and interpretation not yet adopted (continued)

HKFRS 18 introduces new requirements for presentation within the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, including specified totals and subtotals. Furthermore, entities are required to classify all income and expenses within the consolidated income statement into one of five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations, whereof the first three are new. It also requires disclosure of newly defined management-defined performance measures, subtotals of income and expenses, and includes new requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of financial information based on the identified 'roles' of the primary financial statements and the notes. In addition, narrow-scope amendments have been made to HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows, which include changing the starting point for determining cash flows from operations under the indirect method, from 'profit or loss' to 'operating profit or loss' and removing the optionality around classification of cash flows from dividends and interest. There are also consequential amendments to several other standards. HKFRS 18 and the amendments to the other standards, are effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, but earlier application is permitted and must be disclosed. HKFRS 18 will apply retrospectively. The new requirements are expected to impact the Group's presentation of the consolidated income statement and disclosures of the Group's financial performance. So far, the Group considers that the adoption of HKFRS 18 is unlikely to have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations and financial position.

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
- BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
  - 2.1.1 會計政策變更及披露(續)
    - (b) 尚未採納之新訂及經修 訂準則以及詮釋(續)

本公司董事已進行初步 評估,預計採納該等現 行香港財務報告準則之 新訂及經修訂準則以及 詮釋不會對本集團的財 務狀況及經營業績造成 任何其他重大影響。 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

## 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)

(b) New and amended standards and interpretation not yet adopted (continued)

The Directors of the Company have performed preliminary assessment and do not anticipate any other significant impact on the Group's financial position and results of operations upon adopting these new and amended standards and interpretation to existing HKFRSs.

### 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要

#### 2.2.1 綜合

綜合財務報表包括本公司 及其所有附屬公司截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止之 財務報表。

#### (a) 附屬公司

本集團業務合併採用收 購會計法入賬。

#### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

#### 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all of its subsidiaries made up to 31 December 2024.

#### (a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.1 綜合(續)

(b) 合營安排

#### (c) 權益會計法

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(b) Joint arrangements

Under HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or ioint ventures. The classification depends on the contractual rights and obligations of each investor, rather than the legal structure of the joint arrangement. The Group has assessed the nature of its joint arrangements and determined them to be joint ventures. Interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method, after initially being recognised at cost in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### (c) Equity accounting

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the postacquisition profits or losses of the investee in consolidated income statement, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from associate and joint ventures are recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.1 綜合(續)

(c) 權益會計法(續)

當本集團應佔合按權益 入賬投資的虧損相等於 或超出其於該實體的權 益(包括任何其他無」 一 長期應收款項),則 本集團不會確認進一步 虧損,除非其已產生責 任或代表其他實體作出 付款。

按權益入賬投資之賬面 值乃根據附註2.2.6所述 之政策進行減值測試。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(c) Equity accounting (continued)

When the Group's share of losses in an equity-accounted investment equals or exceeds its interest in the entity, including any other unsecured long-term receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the other entity.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associate and joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in these entities. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of equity accounted investees have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

The carrying amount of equityaccounted investments is tested for impairment in accordance with the policy described in Note 2.2.6.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.1 綜合(續)

(d) 擁有權權益變動

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(d) Changes in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of the Company.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.1 綜合(續)

(d) 擁有權權益變動(續)

當本集團因喪失控制 權、共同控制權或重大 影響力而停止綜合入賬 或按權益入賬一項投資 時,於實體的任何保留 權益重新按公允價值 計量,而賬面值變動於 综合收益表確認。就其 後入賬列作聯營公司、 合營企業或金融資產 的保留權益而言,該公 允價值為初始賬面值。 此外,先前於其他全面 收入就該實體確認的任 何金額按猶如本集團已 直接出售有關資產或負 **債的方式入賬。這意味** 著先前於其他全面收入 確認的金額重新分類至 綜合收益表或轉撥至適 用香港財務報告準則所 指明/許可的另一權益 類別內。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(d) Changes in ownership interests (continued)

When the Group ceases to consolidate or equity account for an investment because of a loss of control, joint control or significant influence, any retained interest in the entity is remeasured to its fair value with the change in carrying amount recognised in consolidated income statement. This fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to consolidated income statement or transferred to another category of equity as specified/permitted by applicable HKFRSs.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.1 綜合(續)

(d) 擁有權權益變動(續)

倘於一間合營企業或聯 營公司的擁有權權益減 少但保留共同控制權或 重大影響力,則先前於 其他全面收入確認的 金額僅有一定比例份額 重新分類至綜合收益表 (如適用)。

#### 2.2.2 分部報告

經營分部按向主要經營決策 者(「主要經營決策者」)提供 內部報告之一致方式呈報。 本集團高級行政管理層負責 分配經營分部資源及評估其 表現,視為作出主要策略決 定的主要經營決策者。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(d) Changes in ownership interests (continued)

If the ownership interest in a joint venture or an associate is reduced but joint control or significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to consolidated income statement where appropriate.

#### 2.2.2 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker ("CODM"). The Group's senior executive management, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, is considered as the CODM that makes strategic decisions.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.3 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈報貨幣

本集團各實體財務報表 所列項目均以有關實體 經營業務所在主要經濟 環境所用貨幣(「功能 貨幣」)計算。綜合財務 報表以本公司之功能及 本集團之呈報貨幣港幣 列值。

#### (b) 交易及結餘

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.3 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at yearend exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated income statement, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges or qualifying net investment hedges.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.3 外幣換算(續)

(b) 交易及結餘(續)

所有匯兑盈虧,包括該 等與借貸和現金及現 金等價物有關的,均在 綜合收益表內的「其他 虧損/收益-淨額」中 呈列。

分類為按公允價值計入 損益之金融資產及金融 負債(包括衍生金融工 具)、按公允價值計入 其他全面收入的金融資 產之以外幣計值貨幣證 券之公允價值變動,就 證券攤銷成本變動與證 券賬面值其他變動兩者 所產生換算差額進行分 析。攤銷成本變動相關 換算差額於綜合收益表 確認,而有關按公允價 值計入損益之金融資產 及按公允價值計入其他 全面收入之金融資產之 賬面值其他變動則分別 於綜合收益表及其他全 面收入確認。

## BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.3 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(b) Transactions and balances (continued)

All foreign exchange gains and losses including those relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated income statement within 'other losses/gains – net'.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security, and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in the amortised cost are recognised in consolidated income statement, and other changes in the carrying amount are recognised in consolidated income statement and other comprehensive income for financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income respectively.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.3 外幣換算(續)

(b) 交易及結餘(續)

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.3 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(b) Transactions and balances (continued)

Translation difference on nonmonetary financial assets and liabilities such as financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss and equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in consolidated income statement as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on nonmonetary financial assets such as equities classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are included in other comprehensive income.

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.3 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團旗下公司

本集團旗下所有功能貨 幣與呈報貨幣不同實 體(該等實體概無擁有 極度通脹經濟體系之貨 幣)之業績及財務狀況, 按以下方式換算為呈報 貨幣:

- (i) 各財務狀況表所呈 列資產及負債,按 報告日期之收市匯 率換算;
- (ii) 各收益表之收入及 支出按平均匯率換 算,惟此平均值並 非該等交易日期通 行匯率累積效果之 合理約數除外。在 此情況下,收入及 支出於交易日期換 算;及
- (iii) 所產生全部匯兑差 額將確認為其他全 面收入。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.3 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that report;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.3 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團旗下公司(續)

#### 2.2.4 物業、廠房及設備

樓宇主要包括廠房及辦公室。 所有物業、廠房及設備均按 歷史成本減折舊列賬。歷史 成本包括收購項目直接應佔 的開支。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.3 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(c) Group companies (continued)

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to shareholders' equity. When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of the gain or loss on sale.

#### 2.2.4 Property, plant and equipment

Buildings comprise mainly factories and offices. All property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.4 物業、廠房及設備(續)

僅在與該項目相關的未來經 濟利益有可能流入本集團且 能可靠計量該項目成本之情 況下,其後成本方計入資產 賬面值或確認為獨立資產(如 適用)。重置部分之賬面值則 終止確認。所有其他維修及 保養成本於產生之財政期間 於綜合收益表內扣除。

物業、廠房及設備之折舊按 以下估計可使用年期,以直 線法將成本分攤至剩餘價值 計算:

樓宇	6至40年
物業、廠房及設備	5至7年
傢俬及裝置	5至7年
汽車	4年

資產剩餘價值及可使用年期 會於各報告期末作出檢討及 調整(如適用)。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.4 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Buildings	6 to 40 years
Plant, machinery and equipment	5 to 7 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 to 7 years
Motor vehicles	4 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.4 物業、廠房及設備(續)

在建工程為建設中或待安裝 的物業、廠房及設備,按成本 減去減值虧損(如有)列賬。 在建工程項下資產不計提折 舊撥備,直至相關資產完成 並可作擬定用途。於完成時, 相關資產按公允價值或成本 減去累計減值虧損轉移至物 業、廠房及設備。

倘資產賬面值大於其估計可 收回金額,則資產賬面值即 時撇減至其可收回金額(附 註2.2.6)。

出售盈虧經比較所得款項與 賬面值而釐定,並於綜合收 益表內確認。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.4 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction or pending installation and is stated at cost less impairment losses, if any. No provision for depreciation is made on assets under construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and available for their intended use. On completion, the relevant assets are transferred to property, plant and equipment at fair value or cost less accumulated impairment losses.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.2.6).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.5 投資物業

投資物業主要包括租賃土地 及樓宇,為獲得長期租金收 益或資本升值或同時獲得兩 者而持有,但並非由本集團 公司佔用。

投資物業包括根據經營租賃 及融資租賃而持有之土地及 樓宇。倘根據經營租賃持有 之土地符合投資物業其他定 義,則入賬為投資物業。在該 種情況下,有關經營租賃視 為融資租賃入賬。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.5 Investment properties

Investment properties, principally comprising leasehold land and buildings, are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the companies in the Group.

Investment properties comprise land held under operating leases and buildings held under finance leases. Land held under operating leases are accounted for as investment properties when the rest of the definition of an investment property is met. In such cases, the operating leases concerned are accounted for as if they were finance leases.

Investment properties are measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined at each reporting date by external valuers at least annually. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the external valuers use alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.5 投資物業(續)

僅在與該項目相關的未來經 濟利益將流入本集團且能可 靠計量項目成本之情況下, 其後開支方會於資產賬面值 扣除。所有其他維修及保養 成本於其產生期間於綜合收 益表支銷。

倘投資物業由集團旗下公司 佔用,則重新分類為物業、廠 房及設備,為進行會計處理, 其於重新分類當日之公允價 值即為成本。

倘物業、廠房及設備項目因 用途變更而成為投資物業, 則此項目於轉讓日期之賬面 值與公允價值之任何差額根 據香港會計準則第16號於權 益中列作物業、廠房及設備 之重估。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.5 Investment properties (continued)

Subsequent expenditure is charged to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the consolidated income statement during the period in which they are incurred.

If an investment property becomes owneroccupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment, and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for accounting purposes.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of this item at the date of transfer is recognised in equity as a revaluation of property, plant and equipment under HKAS 16.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

#### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.5 投資物業(續)

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.5 Investment properties (continued)

If an item of stock of completed properties transfers to investment properties, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of this item as at the date of transfer shall be recognised in the consolidated income statement. The transfer to investment properties shall be made when, and only when, there is a change in use. The inception of a lease to another party is generally an evidence of a change in use. A change in use has occurred is based on an assessment of all relevant facts and circumstances. The relevant facts include but not limited to the Group's business plan, financial resources and legal requirements.

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

## 2.2.6 附屬公司、合營企業及非金融資產的投資減值

資產須當有事件出現或情況 改變顯示賬面值可能無法收 回時就減值進行測試。減值 虧損按資產之賬面值超出其 可收回金額之差額確認。可 收回金額以資產之公允價值 扣除出售成本或使用價值兩 者之間較高者為準。於評估 減值時,資產按很大程度上 獨立於來自其他資產或資產 組別之現金流入的可分開識 辨現金流入(現金產生單位) 之最低層次分組。除商譽外, 已蒙受減值之非金融資產於 每個報告期末均就減值是否 可以撥回進行檢討。

- BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)
  - 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.6 Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and nonfinancial assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Nonfinancial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.2.7 投資及其他金融資產

(i) 分類

本集團按以下計量類別 對金融資產進行分類:

- 其後以公允價值計 量(且其變動計入 其他全面收入或綜 合收益表);及
- 按攤銷成本計量。

該分類取決於實體管理 金融資產之業務模式 以及現金流量的合約 條款。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.2.7 Investments and other financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through consolidated income statement), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in consolidated income statement or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2.7 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### (ii) 確認及終止確認

#### (iii) 計量

於初始確認時,本集團 計量金融資產(倘金融 資產並非按公允價值加 上可直接歸屬於收購 資金融資產之交易計 月益之金融資產相關之 交易費用於綜合收益表 支銷。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

## 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

## 2.2.7 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

#### (ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

#### (iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in consolidated income statement.
- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)
    - 2.2.7 投資及其他金融資產(續)
      - (iii) 計量(續)

債務工具

債務工具之後續計量取 決於本集團管理該資產 之業務模式以及該資產 之現金流量特徵。

攤銷成本:對於持 有以收取合約現金 流量而該現金流量 僅代表對本金和利 息之支付之資產而 言,該資產則以攤 銷成本計量。該等 金融資產之利息 收入以實際利率法 計算,計入融資收 入。終止確認時產 生之任何盈虧直接 計入综合收益表, 並與匯兑盈虧一同 呈列在其他虧損/ 收益一淨額中。

## BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

# 2.2.7 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

### Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset.

Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in consolidated income statement and presented in other losses/gains - net, together with foreign exchange gains and losses.

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.7 投資及其他金融資產(續)

- (iii) 計量(續)
  - *債務工具*(續)
  - 按公允價值計入其 他全面收入:對於 持有以收取合約現 金流量及出售金融 資產而該資產之現 金流量僅代表對本 金和利息之支付之 資產而言,該資產 則按公允價值計入 其他全面收入計 量。賬面值之變動 計入其他全面收 入,惟於綜合收益 表確認之減值收益 或虧損、利息收入 及匯兑盈虧之確認 除外。當金融資產 終止確認時,先前 於其他全面收入確 認之累計收益或虧 損由權益重新分類 至綜合收益表,並 於其他收益/(虧 損)確認。該等金 融資產之利息收 入以實際利率法 計算,計入融資收 入。匯兑盈虧於其 他虧損/收益-淨 額呈列,而減值開 支於綜合收益表單 獨呈列。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

- 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)
  - 2.2.7 Investments and other financial assets (continued)
    - (iii) Measurement (continued)
      - Debt instruments (continued)
        - Fair value through other comprehensive income: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in consolidated income statement. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to consolidated income statement and recognised in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other losses/gains - net and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in consolidated income statement.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2.7 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

權益工具

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

# 2.2.7 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

(iii) Measurement (continued)

### Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to consolidated income statement following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in consolidated income statement as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in other losses/ gains – net in the consolidated income statement as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2.7 投資及其他金融資產(續)

### (iv) 減值

BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

# 2.2.7 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

### (iv) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Impairment losses are presented in consolidated income statement. For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.8 衍生工具及對沖活動

衍生工具於訂立衍生工具合 約當日按公允價值初始確認, 其後按各報告期末之公允價 值重新計量。公允價值其後 變動之會計處理乃取決於衍 生工具是否指定為對沖工具, 如是,則取決於被對沖項目 的性質。本集團將若干衍生 工具指定為:

對已確認資產及負債之
 現金流量或可能性甚高
 的預測交易相關的特定
 風險所作的對沖(現金
 流量對沖)。

本集團在對沖工具及被對沖 項目的關係開始時以文件記 錄,以及記錄進行各項對沖 交易的風險管理的目的與策 略。本集團亦在對沖開始時 及持續就用於對沖交易的衍 生工具是否能高度有效地 銷被對沖項目的公允價值或 現金流量變動進行評估,並 以文件記錄。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.8 Derivatives and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The accounting for subsequent changes in fair value depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates certain derivatives:

 hedges of a particular risk associated with the cash flows of recognised assets and liabilities and highly probable forecast transactions (cash flow hedges).

The Group documents at the inception of the relationship between hedging instruments and hedge items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions have been and will continue to be highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.8 衍生工具及對沖活動(續)

用作對沖之各類衍生金融工 具之公允價值於附註27披露。 股東權益內之對沖儲備變動 就於附年期超過十二個月, 則對沖衍生工具之全部公費 負債;當被對沖項目之餘下 年期少於十二個月,則分類 為流動資產或負債。貿易衍 生工具乃分類為流動資產或 負債。

### (i) 符合資格採用對沖會計 法之現金流量對沖

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

# 2.2.8 Derivatives and hedging activities (continued)

The fair values of various derivative financial instruments used for hedging purposes are disclosed in Note 27. Movements in the hedging reserve in shareholders' equity are shown in Note 32. The full fair value of a hedging derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is more than twelve months; it is classified as a current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is less than twelve months. Trading derivatives are classified as a current asset or liability.

# (i) Cash flow hedge that qualify for hedge accounting

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualified as cash flow hedges is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in consolidated income statement within 'other losses/gains - net'.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2.8 衍生工具及對沖活動(續)

(i) 符合資格採用對沖會
 計法之現金流量對沖
 (續)

權益累計金額於對沖項 目影響損益期間內重新 分類如下:

 與利率掉期對沖浮 動利率借款有效部 分相關的收益或虧 損,與對沖借款利 息開支一同計入損 益中的財務成本。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

# 2.2.8 Derivatives and hedging activities (continued)

(i) Cash flow hedge that qualify for hedge accounting (continued)

Amounts accumulated in equity are reclassified in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss, as follows:

• The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of the interest rate swaps hedging variable rate borrowings is recognised in profit or loss within finance cost at the same time as the interest expense on the hedged borrowings.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold or terminated, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in consolidated income statement. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately reclassified to consolidated income statement.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2.8 衍生工具及對沖活動(續)

(ii) 並不符合資格採用對沖 會計法之衍生工具

> 該等衍生工具公允價值 之變動即時於綜合收益 表之「其他虧損/收益-淨額」確認。

### 2.2.9 存貨及已完成物業存貨

存貨乃按成本值或可變現淨 值兩者較低者列賬。成本值 以加權平均法計算,而製成 品及在製品之成本值則包 展料、直當比例之間接生 費用(根據一般運作能力 費用(根據一般運作能力 變現淨值根據於日常業務 程中之估計售價扣除適當之 浮動銷售開支。

已完成物業存貨乃按成本 值或可變現淨值兩者較低者 列賬。成本值以已完成物業 之土地及發展總成本之分配 計算。 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

## 2.2.8 Derivatives and hedging activities (continued)

(ii) The derivative instruments do not qualify for hedge accounting

> Changes in the fair value of these derivative instruments are recognised immediately in the consolidated income statement within 'other losses/gains – net'.

# 2.2.9 Inventories and stock of completed properties

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Stocks of completed properties are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by apportionment of the total land and development costs attributable to the completed properties.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.10 應收貿易及其他應收賬款

應收貿易賬款為在一般業 務過程中就商品銷售或服務 而應收客戶款項。如應收貿 易及其他應收賬款的收回預 期在一年或以內(如仍在一 般經營週期中,則可較長時 間),其被分類為流動資產; 否則分類為非流動資產。

除非含有重大融資成分,應 收貿易賬款初步以無條件之 代價金額以公允價值確認。 本集團持有應收貿易賬款, 目的是收取合約現金流量 對成本計量。有關本集團應 收貿易賬款入賬之進一步資 料,參閲附註24,有關本集 團減值政策之説明,參閲附 註3.1(b)(ii)(1)。

## BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.10 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See Note 24 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade receivables and Note 3.1(b)(ii)(1) for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.11 應付貿易及其他應付賬款

應付貿易賬款為在一般業務 過程中從供應商購買商品或 服務而應支付的承擔。如應 付貿易及其他應付賬款的支 付日期在一年或以內(如仍 在一般經營週期中,則可較 長時間),其被分類為流動負 債;否則分類為非流動負債。

應付貿易及其他應付賬款 初步以公允價值確認,其後 利用實際利率法按攤銷成本 計量。

### 2.2.12 貸款

貸款初步按公允價值並扣除 產生的交易成本確認。貸款 其後按攤銷成本列賬。所得 款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回 價值的任何差額利用實際利 率法於貸款期間內在綜合收 益表確認。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.11 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 2.2.12 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.12 貸款(續)

為建立貸款融資所支付的費 用,當部分或所有融資很可 能使用時確認為貸款的交易 成本。在該情況下,該費用 成本。在該情況下,該費用 。 在該情況下,該費用 。 個沒有任何證據表明部分 。 個沒有任何證據表明部分 。 所有融資會被提取時,該費 用將作為流動性服務之預 開 款項資本化,並在融資相關 的期間內攤銷。

除非本集團有無條件權利於 報告期末後遞延償還負債最 少十二個月,否則貸款均分 類為流動負債。

### 2.2.13 借貸成本

與收購、建築或生產合資格 資產(即需要大量時間準備 作擬定用途或出售的資產) 直接相關的一般及特定借貸 成本會計入該等資產的成本, 直至資產大致上可供作其預 定用途或出售為止。

## BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.12 Borrowings (continued)

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the end of the reporting period.

### 2.2.13 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.13 借貸成本(續)

合資格資產未獲撥付開支的 特定借貸暫時投資賺取的投 資收入自合資格撥充資本的 借貸成本扣除。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期 間在綜合收益表中確認。

### 2.2.14 當期及遞延所得税

當期所得税開支或抵免為 根據各司法管轄區的適用所 得税率按當期應課税收入之 應繳税項,並就臨時差異及 未動用税項虧損引起之遞延 所得税資產及負債之變化而 調整。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.13 Borrowing costs (continued)

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in consolidated income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

### 2.2.14 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)
    - 2.2.14 當期及遞延所得税(續)

### 當期所得税

當期所得税支出根據本公司 及其附屬公司、聯營公司及 合營企業營運及產生應課税 收入之國家於報告期末已頒 佈或實質頒佈的税務法例計 算。管理層就適用税務法例 詮釋所規限的情況定期評估 報税表的狀況,並在適用情 況下根據預期須向税務機關 支付的税款設定撥備。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

# 2.2.14 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

### Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries, associate and joint ventures operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2.14 當期及遞延所得税(續)

### 遞延所得税

**褫延所得税利用負債法就**資 產和負債的税基與資產和負 債在綜合財務報表的賬面值 的差額而產生的臨時差異悉 數計提撥備。然而,若遞延所 得税負債來自對商譽的初步 確認,則不予確認。若遞延 所得税來自在交易(不包括 業務合併)中對資產或負債 的初步確認,而在交易時不 影響會計損益或應課税利潤 或虧損,則不予列賬。遞延所 得税採用在報告期末前已頒 佈或實質上已頒佈,並在有 關的遞延所得税資產實現或 遞延所得税負債結算時預期 將會適用的税率(及法例)而 釐定。

遞延税項資產僅會就很可能 有未來應課税金額以動用有 關臨時差異及虧損時確認。 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

# 2.2.14 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

### Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2.14 當期及遞延所得税(續)

### 遞延所得税(續)

若本公司能控制撥回臨時差 異之時間而有關差異於可預 見將來很有可能不會撥回, 則不會就外國業務投資之賬 面值與税基之間的臨時差異 確認遞延税項負債及資產。

除與於其他全面收入或直接 於權益確認的項目相關外, 當期及遞延税項於綜合收益 表確認。於此情況,税項亦分 別於其他全面收入或直接於 權益確認。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

# 2.2.14 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

### Deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset where there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and where the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in consolidated income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.15 僱員福利

### (a) 退休金責任

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.15 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

Group companies participate in general defined contribution pension schemes. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

The Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

- 2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)
  - 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.15 僱員福利(續)

(b) 僱員應享假期

僱員的應享年假乃於應 計予僱員時確認。僱員 因提供服務而產生的應 享年假乃按截至報告 日之年假估計負債計算 撥備。僱員應享病假及 分娩假期僅於支取時才 確認。

### (c) 終止服務福利

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.15 Employee benefits (continued)

(b) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrued to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

### (c) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either: terminating the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal; or providing termination benefits as a result of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy. Benefits falling due more than twelve months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to present value.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.15 僱員福利(續)

(d) 利潤共享及花紅計劃

報告期末後十二個月內 悉數到期之利潤共享及 花紅計劃之撥備乃當本 集團因僱員提供服務而 產生現有法定或推定責 任,且能可靠估計有關 責任時予以確認。

### 2.2.16 撥備

當本集團因某一過往事件而 負有法定或推定責任並可能 產生合理估計的經濟利益流 出時,確認撥備。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.15 Employee benefits (continued)

(d) Profit-sharing and bonus plans

Provisions for profit sharing and bonus plans due wholly within twelve months after the end of the reporting period are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of services rendered by employees and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

### 2.2.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, which will probably result in an outflow of economic benefits that can be reasonably estimated.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, the existence of which will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs, so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2.17 收益確認

## BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.

(a) 貨品銷售

應收款項於貨品交付時 確認,因付款到期前僅 須待時間過去,於該時 間點代價並無條件。

預先收取有關銷售並未 交付的產品的付款確認 為合約負債,並於綜合 財務狀況表遞延。

### 2.2.17 Revenue recognition

(a) Sales of goods

Revenue is recognised when the control of the products is transferred to the customers at a point in time, being products are delivered to the customers, the customers have full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customers' acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specified location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customers.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

Payments received in advance that are related to sales of goods not yet delivered are recognised as contract liabilities and deferred in the consolidated statement of financial position.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.17 收益確認(續)

(b) 利息收入

利息收入使用實際利率法按時間比例確認。

(c) 租金收入

租金收入於租賃期間以 直線法確認。

(d) 股息收入

股息收入於收取款項的 權利確定時確認。

### 2.2.18 租賃

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團 使用當日確認為使用權資產 及相應負債。

合約可能包含租賃及非租賃 組成部分。本集團按照租賃 及非租賃組成部分相應的獨 立價格,將合約代價分配至 租賃及非租賃組成部分。然 而,就本集團為承租人的房 地產租賃面言,其選擇將租 賃及非租賃組成部分,並無將 單一租賃組成部分,並無將 兩者區分。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.17 Revenue recognition (continued)

(b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(c) Rental income

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease periods.

### (d) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

### 2.2.18 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and nonlease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.18 租賃(續)

租賃產生的資產及負債初步 以現值基準計量。租賃負債 包括下列租賃付款的淨現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質上 的固定付款),減去任何 應收租賃優惠;
- 基於指數或利率的可變 租賃付款,採用於開始 日期的指數或利率初步 計量;
- 本集團於剩餘價值擔保
  下預計應付的金額;
- 倘本集團合理確定行使 購買選擇權,則為該選 擇權的行使價;及
- 倘租賃期反映本集團行 使該選擇權,則支付終 止租賃的罰款。

根據合理確定延續選擇權支 付的租賃付款亦計入負債計 量之內。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.18 Leases (continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including insubstance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.18 租賃(續)

租賃付款使用租賃中隱含的 利率進行貼現。倘無法輕易 確定該利率(為本集團租賃 的一般情況),則使用承租人 的增量貸款利率,即個別承 租人在類似經濟環境中按類 似條款、抵押及條件借入獲 得與使用權資產具有類似價 值的資產所需資金而必須支 付的利率。

為釐定增量貸款利率,本 集團:

- 在可能情況下,使用個 別承租人最近獲得的第 三方融資為出發點作出 調整,以反映自獲得第 三方融資以來融資條件 的變動;
- 使用累加法,首先就本 集團所持有租賃的信貸 風險(最近並無第三方 融資)調整無風險利率; 及
- 進行特定於租約的調整,例如期限、國家、貨幣及抵押。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.18 Leases (continued)

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent thirdparty financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third party financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.18 租賃(續)

租賃付款於本金及融資成本 之間作出分配。融資成本在 租賃期間於綜合收益表扣除, 藉以令各期間的負債餘額的 期間利率一致。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以下各項:

- 租賃負債的初始計量 金額;
- 在開始日期或之前支付 的任何租賃付款減去已 收任何租賃優惠;
- 任何初始直接成本;及
- 修復費用。

使用權資產一般於資產可使 用年期或租賃期(以較短者 為準)按直線法計算折舊。 倘本集團合理確定行使購買 選擇權,則使用權資產於相 關資產的可使用年期內予以 折舊。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.18 Leases (continued)

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to consolidated income statement over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.2 重大會計政策概要(續)

### 2.2.18 租賃(續)

與設備之短期租賃及所有 低價值資產租賃相關的付款 以直線法於綜合收益表確認 為開支。短期租賃為租賃期 十二個月或以下的租賃。

本集團作為出租人的經營租 賃的租賃收入按直線法於租 賃期內在綜合收益表確認。 獲取經營租賃產生的初始直 接成本計入相關資產的賬面 值,並於租賃期內以確認租 賃收入的相同基準確認為開 支。個別租賃資產按其性質 計入綜合財務狀況表。

## BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.2 Summary of material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.2.18 Leases (continued)

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and all leases of lowvalue assets are recognised on a straightline basis as an expense in consolidated income statement. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of twelve months or less.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in consolidated income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the consolidated statement of financial position based on their nature.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.3 其他可能重大會計政策概要

### 2.3.1 抵銷金融工具

### 2.3.2 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括手頭 現金、銀行通知存款、原到 期日為三個月或以下的其他 短期高度流動性投資及銀行 透支。

### 2.3.3 股本

普通股被列為權益。直接歸 屬於發行新股份或購股權之 新增成本在權益中列為所得 款項之減少。

## BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.3 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies

### 2.3.1 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

### 2.3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

### 2.3.3 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.3 其他可能重大會計政策概要 (續)

### 2.3.4 財務擔保合約

財務擔保合約於發出擔保時 確認為金融負債。負債初步 以公允價值計量並其後根 香港財務報告準則第9號「金 融工具」項下預期信貸虧」 全額減去(倘適當)根據香港 財務報告準則第15號「客戶 合約收益」原則確認之收益 累計金額兩者中之較高者。

財務擔保之公允價值釐定為 債務工具之合約付款與在並 無擔保下將須作出之付款之 間的現金流量之差額之現值, 或就承擔責任而可能須付予 第三方之估計金額。

若按無償代價就附屬公司或 聯營公司之貸款或其他應付 賬款而作出擔保,有關公允 價值則作為注資,並在本集 團的財務報表內確認為投資 成本的一部分。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.3 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.3.4 Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher of the amount determined in accordance with the expected credit loss model under HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" and the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined as the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

Where guarantees in relation to loans or other payables of subsidiaries or associate are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment in the financial statements of the Group.

2 呈列基準以及所採用之重大及 2 其他可能重大會計政策信息 概要(續)

### 2.3 其他可能重大會計政策概要 (續)

### 2.3.5 政府補助

倘能夠合理確定本集團將收 到政府補助及本集團符合所 有附帶條件,即按其公允價 值確認政府補助。

與成本有關的政府補助遞延 至補助與擬補償成本需予配 對的期間內,在綜合收益表 確認。

與購入物業、廠房及設備有 關的政府補助初步作為遞延 政府補助計入負債,並於建 設或購入該物業、廠房及設 備時將已收政府補助按系統 基準於有關資產之預期可使 用年期於綜合收益表內確認。

### 2.3.6 股息分派

向本公司股東分派的股息在 股息獲本公司股東或董事(視 何者適用而定)批准的期間 內於本集團及本公司的財務 報表確認為負債。

### BASIS OF PREPARATION AND SUMMARY OF MATERIAL AND OTHER POTENTIALLY MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES INFORMATION APPLIED (continued)

# 2.3 Summary of other potentially material accounting policies (continued)

### 2.3.5 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair values where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated income statement over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of property, plant and equipment are initially included in liabilities as deferred government grants and when such property, plant and equipment are built or purchased, the received government grants are recognised in consolidated income statement on a systematic basis over the expected useful lives of the related assets.

### 2.3.6 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

### 3 財務風險管理

### 3.1 財務風險因素

本集團的業務承受著多類財務風險:市場風險(包括外匯風險及現 金流量利率風險)、信貸風險及流 動資金風險。本集團的整體風險 管理計劃專注於金融市場的不可 預測性,並尋求盡量減低對本集 團財務表現可能產生之不利影響。 本集團利用衍生金融工具對沖若 干風險。

### (a) 市場風險

### (i) 外匯風險

### **3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

### **3.1 Financial risk factors**

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures.

### (a) Market risk

### (i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures. The Group's foreign currency assets, liabilities and transactions are principally denominated in Chinese renminbi ("RMB") and United States dollars ("US\$"). These currencies are not the functional currencies of certain subsidiaries of the Group to which these balances related. Foreign exchange risk mainly arises from future commercial transactions. recognised assets and liabilities and net investments denominated in RMB and US\$.

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (a) 市場風險(續)
    - (i) 外匯風險(續)

本集團透過設置港幣、 美元及人民幣銀行賬戶 緩減此項風險,本集團 使用該等賬戶支付以該 等貨幣計值之交易。

本集團在中國內地設有 業務營運,其資產淨值 以人民幣計值。人民幣 與外幣之兑換,須遵照 中國內地政府頒佈之外 匯管制規則和法規。

於二零二四年十二月 三十一日,就以人民幣 為其功能貨幣的集團公 司而言,倘人民幣兑美 元貶值/升值5%(二零 二三年:5%),而所有 其他可變因素保持不 變,本年度除税後虧損 (二零二三年:除税後 利潤)將減少/增加港 幣16,550,000元(二零 二三年:增加/減少港 幣16,347,000元),主要 來自換算以美元計值的 應收及應付貿易賬款以 及現金及現金等價物的 外匯收益/虧損。

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

### (a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The Group mitigates this risk by maintaining HK\$, US\$ and RMB bank accounts which are used by the Group to pay for the transactions denominated in these currencies.

The Group has operations in Mainland China, whose net assets are denominated in RMB. The conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulations on the foreign exchange control promulgated by the Mainland China government.

At 31 December 2024, for the group companies with RMB as their functional currency, if RMB had weakened/strengthened by 5% (2023: 5%) against US\$ with all other variables held constant, post-tax loss (2023: post-tax profit) for the year would have been HK\$16,550,000 lower/higher (2023: HK\$16,347,000 higher/lower), mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of US\$-denominated trade receivables and payables and cash and cash equivalents.

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

### (a) 市場風險(續)

(i) 外匯風險(續)

由於港幣與美元掛鈎, 本集團管理層認為有關 的外匯風險甚微。

由於以港幣為功能貨幣 的集團實體的以人民幣 計值的資產及負債並不 重大,故本集團管理層 認為有關的外匯風險 甚微。

### (ii) 現金流量利率風險

本集團使用利率掉期管 理其現金流量利率風險。一般而言,本集團 以浮動利率籌措借款, 並掉為假使本集團直接 按固定利率借款可取得 較低之固定利率。

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

### (a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

As the Hong Kong dollar is pegged to the US\$, the Group management considers that the relevant foreign exchange risks are minimal.

As the RMB-denominated assets and liabilities in group entities with HK\$ as functional currency is immaterial, the Group management considered that the relevant foreign exchange risks are minimal.

### (ii) Cash flow interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest bearing assets and liabilities. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will impact cash flows arising from variable rate financial instruments. The Group's interest bearing assets mainly include deposits at bank. The Group's floating rate borrowings will be affected by fluctuation of prevailing market interest rates and will expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Group manages its cash flow interest rate risk by using interest rate swaps. Generally, the Group raises borrowings at floating rates and swaps them into fixed rates that are lower than those available if the Group borrowed at fixed rates directly.

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (a) 市場風險(續)
    - (ii) 現金流量利率風險 (續)

### (b) 信貸風險

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (a) Market risk (continued)
    - (ii) Cash flow interest rate risk (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, if interest rate on bank borrowings had been 1% (2023: 1%) higher/lower with all variables held constant, post-tax loss for the year would have been HK\$993,000 higher/lower (2023: post-tax profit of HK\$2,427,000 lower/higher), mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate bank borrowings, which are not hedged with interest rate swap contracts.

### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk of the Group mainly arises from restricted cash, short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents as well as credit exposures to customers such as trade receivables, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, deposits and other receivables. The credit risk on cash and bank deposits is limited because the Group mainly places the deposits in banks with high credit rating and management does not expect any losses from non-performance by these banks.

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (b) 信貸風險(續)
    - (i) 風險管理

為管理信貸風險,本集 團已考慮相關擔保及 與對手方之長期業務 關係。本集團已制訂政 策,確保按信貸條款獲 銷售產品之客戶均具有 良好信貸紀錄,而本集 團亦會定期評估客戶的 信貸狀況。本集團通常 不要求貿易債務人提供 抵押品。於二零二四年 十二月三十一日,首五 名(二零二三年:五名) 客戶佔本集團年末應 收貿易賬款總結餘85% (二零二三年:83%), 故本集團面對信貸風險 集中的情況。管理層經 考慮該等客戶的財務狀 況及過往經驗,認為有 關該等客戶的信貸風險 十分輕微。

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

### (b) Credit risk (continued)

### (i) Risk management

To manage credit risk, the Group has considered the underlying security and the long-established business relationship with the counterparty. The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales of products on credit terms are made to customers with an appropriate credit history and the Group performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers. Normally the Group does not require collaterals from trade debtors. As at 31 December 2024, the Group has a concentration of credit risk given that the top five (2023: five) customers account for 85% (2023: 83%) of the Group's total year end trade receivable balance. Management considers that the credit risk in respect of these customers is minimal after considering the financial position and past experience with these customers.

The credit risk of the Group's other financial assets, which comprise, restricted cash, shortterm bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, deposits and other receivables, arises from default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amounts of these instruments.

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (b) 信貸風險(續)
    - (ii) 金融資產減值

應收貿易賬款以及訂金 及其他應收賬款應用信 貸虧損模型。

(1) 應收貿易賬款

本集團應用香港 財務報告準則第9 號計量預期信貸虧 損之簡化方法,就 所有應收貿易賬款 使用年期預期虧損 撥備。

為計量預期信貸虧 損,應收貿易賬款 會作個別評估以計 提減值撥備。應收 貿易賬款乃根據客 戶的信貸評級、不 同客戶的還款及違 約記錄以及與相關 客戶的持續業務關 係進行評估。虧損 率會進行進一步調 整,以反映當前和 前瞻性的宏觀經濟 因素的資料以影響 客戶結清應收賬款 能力。本集團已經 將客戶所在國家的 本地生產總值指數 及全年居民消費價 格指數識別為最相 關的因素,並根據 該等因素的預期變 化相應調整歷史虧 損率。

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

- (b) Credit risk (continued)
  - (ii) Impairment of financial assets

Trade receivables and deposits and other receivables are subject to the expected credit loss model.

(1) Trade receivables

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables are assessed individually for provision for impairment allowance. Trade receivables have been assessed based on credit rating of the customers, the repayment and default histories of different customers and on-going business relationship with the relevant customers. The loss rates are further adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables. The Group has identified the Gross Domestic Product index and annual consumer price index of the countries where the customers located to be the most relevant factor, and accordingly adjust the historical loss rate based on expected changes in these factors.

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產減值(續)

十二月三十一日, 根據預期虧損率 約0.01%至0.39% (二零二三年: 算,有關應收貿易 為港幣438,000元 (二零二三年:港幣 2,325,000元),乃主 要基於個人評估。

當無法合理預期可 還款計劃。

值虧損呈列為營運 利潤內減值虧損淨 額。其後收回之先 前已撇銷金額於同 一個項目計入。

- FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT 3 (continued)
  - 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

- (ii) Impairment of financial assets (continued)
  - (1) Trade receivables (continued)

Loss allowance in respect of the trade receivables amounted to approximately HK\$438,000 (2023: HK\$2,325,000) based on an expected loss rate of approximately 0.01% to 0.39% (2023: 0.01% to 1.40%) as at 31 December 2024, primarily based on individual assessment.

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery includes, amongst other, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the Group.

Impairment losses on trade receivables are presented as net impairment losses within operating profit. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the same line item.

(1) 應收貿易賬款(續)

於二零二四年 0.01%至1.40%)計 賬款的虧損撥備約

收回應收貿易賬款 時,則將其進行撇 銷。無法合理預期 可收回的指標包括 (其中包括)債務人 無法與本集團達成

應收貿易賬款之減

3 財務風險管理(續)

### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

- 3.1 財務風險因素(續)
  - (b) 信貸風險(續)
    - (ii) 金融資產減值(續)
      - (1) 應收貿易賬款(續)

於二零二四年及 二零二三年十二月 三十一日,應收貿 易賬款的虧損撥備 變動如下:

- 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (b) Credit risk (continued)
    - (ii) Impairment of financial assets (continued)
      - (1) Trade receivables (continued)

The movement of loss allowance for trade receivables as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
	Opening loss allowance at 1 January Reversal of provision for loss allowance	(2,325) 1,887	(3,468) 1,143
於十二月三十一日的期末虧損撥備	Closing loss allowance at 31 December	(438)	(2,325)

應收貿易賬款減 值虧損撥備撥回 港幣1,887,000元 (二零二三年:港 幣1,143,000元)計 入綜合收益表。 Reversal of provision for impairment losses on trade receivables amounted to HK\$1,887,000 (2023: HK\$1,143,000) is included in the consolidated income statement.

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- (b) 信貸風險(續)
  - (ii) 金融資產減值(續)
    - (2) 以攤銷成本列賬 之其他金融資產

- 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)
  - 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)
    - (b) Credit risk (continued)
      - (ii) Impairment of financial assets (continued)
        - (2) Other financial assets at amortised cost

Other financial assets at amortised cost include deposits and other receivables. Management considers that the credit risk of these balances has not increased significantly since initial recognition with reference to the counterparty historical default rate and current financial position. The impairment provision is determined based on the twelve months expected credit losses which was immaterial.

While cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits and restricted cash are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.
3 財務風險管理(續)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管理包 括保持充裕現金和透過可得 信用額度獲取充足資金的能 力。董事之目標是通過信貸 額度以保持資金的靈活性。

本集團之政策為定期監察其 流動資金需要、有否履行借 貸責任及與往來銀行的關係, 以確保具有足夠現金儲備、 可隨時套現的有價證券及來 自主要金融機構的資金來源, 以應付短期及長期流動資金 需要。

下表展示本集團非衍生金融 負債於報告期末之餘下合約 年期,其根據未折現現金流 (包括按合約利率或(如屬浮 息)按結算日利率計算之利 息付款)及本集團最早須還 款日期。

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of available credit facilities. The Directors aim to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping credit lines available.

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements, its compliance with lending covenants and its relationship with its bankers to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and readily realisable marketable securities and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's nonderivative financial liabilities, based on undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the balance sheet date) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) 流動資金風險(續)

有關分析列示實體須還款的 最早期間(即貸款人行使其 無條件權力要求即時還款) 的現金外流。其他銀行貸款 的到期日分析乃根據預定還 款期編製。

# 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The analysis shows the cash outflow based on the earliest period in which the entity can be required to pay, that is if the lenders were to invoke their unconditional rights to call the loans with immediate effect. The maturity analysis for other bank borrowings is prepared based on the scheduled repayment dates.

		到期日分析			
			Maturity A	nalysis	
		1年內或 按要求償還 Less than 1 year	<b>1</b> 至2年	<b>2</b> 至5年	總額
		or repayable on demand 港幣千元	Between 1 and 2 years 港幣千元	Between 2 and 5 years 港幣千元	<b>Total</b> 港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零二三年十二月三十一日 應付貿易賬款	At 31 December 2023 Trade payables	545,647	_	-	545,647
應計費用及其他應付賬款	Accruals and other payables	219,379	_	-	219,379
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	15,121	1,532	-	16,653
信託收據銀行貸款	Trust receipt bank loans	343,911	-	-	343,911
受按需償還條文規限的	Other bank borrowings subject				
其他銀行貸款	to a repayment on demand clause	39,273	-	-	39,273
其他銀行貸款	Other bank borrowings	544,046	419,046	621,634	1,584,726
		1,707,377	420,578	621,634	2,749,589
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2024				
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	548,021	-	-	548,021
應計費用及其他應付賬款	Accruals and other payables	121,631	-	-	121,631
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	1,714	-	-	1,714
信託收據銀行貸款	Trust receipt bank loans	226,381	-	-	226,381
其他銀行貸款	Other bank borrowings	574,777	560,599	379,373	1,514,749
		1,472,524	560,599	379,373	2,412,496

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 3.2 資本風險管理

本集團的資金管理目標是確保本 集團能持續營運,繼續為股東提 供回報並為其他持份者帶來利益, 同時維持最佳的資本結構以減低 資金成本。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團 可能會調整支付予股東的股息金 額、向股東退回資本、發行新股份 或出售資產以降低債務。

與其他同業一致,本集團以淨資 產負債比率作為監控資本的基準。 該比率按淨負債除以總權益計算。 淨負債按總貸款及租賃負債減受 限制現金、短期銀行存款以及現 金及現金等價物計算。

#### 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of net gearing ratio. The ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings and lease liabilities less restricted cash, short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents.

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
總貸款	Total borrowings	1,618,928	1,790,678
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	1,714	16,168
		1,620,642	1,806,846
受限制現金	Restricted cash	117,345	121,164
短期銀行存款	Short-term bank deposits	498,285	284,844
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	719,846	942,040
		1,335,476	1,348,048
· 淨借貸	Net debt	285,166	458,798
總權益	Total equity	3,517,402	4,474,267
淨借貸對總權益比率	Net debt to total equity ratio	8%	10%

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 3.2 資本風險管理(續)

本集團於二零二四年十二月 三十一日之淨資產負債比率為8% (二零二三年:10%)。淨資產負債 比率減少乃由於逐步償還總貸款 及租賃負債所致。

本集團若干實體須遵守貸款契諾。 二零二四年及二零二三年兩個年 度,均無嚴重違反該等貸款契諾 的情況。誠如附註30所披露,銀行 貸款的全部非流動部分均須遵守 相關集團實體須遵守的若干契諾, 有關契諾乃於與貸款人協定的日 期獲評估。根據貸款協議的條款, 本集團若干實體須遵守若干銀行 貸款適用的財務契諾,包括利息 覆蓋比率及貸款價值比率。本集 團實體須遵守的非財務相關契諾 乃以基於現行金融市場慣例普遍 適用於借款人的條款訂立。並無 跡象表明集團實體於報告期末後 12個月內難以遵守該等契諾。

#### 3.2 Capital risk management (continued)

The Group's net gearing ratio was 8% (2023: 10%) as at 31 December 2024. The decrease in net gearing ratio was due to gradual repayments of total borrowings and lease liabilities.

Certain entities of the Group are subject to loan covenants. For both 2024 and 2023. there is no material non-compliance with those loan covenants. As disclosed in Note 30, the entire non-current portion of bank loans is subject to certain covenants which the relevant group entities are required to comply with, which are assessed on the date agreed upon with the lenders. Under the terms of the loan agreements, certain entities of the Group are required to comply with financial covenants applicable to certain bank loans, which includes interest coverage ratio and loan-tovalue ratio. Non-financial related covenants that the Group's entities must comply with are terms that commonly applicable to borrowers based on the prevalent financial market practice. There are no indications that the group entities would have difficulties complying with the covenants within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

3 財務風險管理(續)

# **3.3** 公允價值估計

下列金融資產及負債之公允價值 與其賬面值相若:

- 應收貿易賬款
- 訂金及其他應收賬款
- 受限制現金
- 短期銀行存款
- 現金及現金等價物
- 應付貿易賬款
- 應計費用及其他應付賬款
- 銀行貸款
- 租賃負債

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 3.3 Fair value estimation

The fair value of the following financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts:

- Trade receivables
- Deposits and other receivables
- Restricted cash
- Short-term bank deposits
- Cash and cash equivalents
- Trade payables
- Accruals and other payables
- Bank borrowings
- Lease liabilities

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

# 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

下表載列以估值法計量按公允價 值列賬之金融工具分析。不同等 級之定義如下:

- 可識別資產或負債在活 躍市場報價(未經調整) (第1級)。
- 除第1級計及的報價外,就資 產或負債直接(即價格)或間 接(即自價格所得)觀察所得 參數(第2級)。
- 並非基於可觀察市場數據之 資產或負債之參數(無法觀 察參數)(第3級)。

下表呈列本集團於二零二三年 十二月三十一日按公允價值計量 之資產及負債。

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### **3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)**

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value at 31 December 2023.

		第1級 Level 1 港幣千元	第2級 Level 2 港幣千元	第3級 Level 3 港幣千元	總額 Total 港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
 資產	Assets				
按公允價值計入其他全面收入 的金融資產 衍生金融工具	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Derivative financial instruments	73,260	- 11,324	26,878 -	100,138 11,324
<b>負債</b> 衍生金融工具	Liabilities Derivative financial instruments	_	3,519	_	3,519

3 財務	<b>务風險管理(續)</b>		FINAN (contin		RISK	MANAG	EMENT
3.3	公允價值估計(續)	;	3.3 Fair	value e	stimation	n (continued	d)
	下表呈列本集團於二零二四年 十二月三十一日按公允價值計量 之資產及負債。		asse	ets and lia		oresents the at are measu 2024.	
				第1級 Level 1 港幣千元 HK\$'000	第2級 Level 2 港幣千元 HK\$'000	第3級 Level 3 港幣千元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
資產	Assets						
按公允價值書 的金融資產 衍生金融工具		ome		53,874 -	- 13,528	17,342 -	71,216 13,528

年內,第1級、第2級及第3級之間 並無轉移。

年內,估值技巧並無其他變動。

#### (a) 第1級金融工具

There were no transfers between Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

There were no other changes in valuation techniques during the year.

#### (a) Financial instruments in Level 1

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

# 3 財務風險管理(續)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

#### (b) 第2級金融工具

並非在活躍市場買賣的金融 工具(例如場外衍生工具)的 公允價值乃使用估值技巧釐 定。該等估值技巧盡量使用 可取得之可觀察市場數據, 並盡可能減少依賴實體特定 估計。倘工具公允價值之全 部所需重要參數均可觀察, 該工具計入第2級。

第2級衍生金融工具包括利率 掉期,其公允價值乃使用估 值技巧釐定。該等估值技巧 盡量使用可取得之可觀察市 場數據,並盡可能減少依賴 實體特定估計。

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

#### (b) Financial instruments in Level 2

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

Level 2 derivative financial instruments comprise interest rate swaps. The fair value of interest rate swaps is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates.

3 財務風險管理(續)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

# 3.3 公允價值估計(續)

#### (c) 第3級金融工具

倘一項或多項重大參數並非 基於可觀察市場數據,則工 具計入第3級。

下表概述於二零二四年及 二零二三年十二月三十一日 用於非上市私營投資基金及 實體之第3級公允價值計量所 用的公允價值及重大無法觀 察參數的定量資料:

# 3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

## (c) Financial instruments in Level 3

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

The following table summarises the fair value and quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements of investments in unlisted private investment fund and entities as at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

描述	二零二四年	二零二三年	重大無法觀察參數	無法觀察參數與公允價值之關係
Description	2024	2023	Significant	Relationship of
	港幣千元	港幣千元	unobservable	unobservable inputs
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	inputs	to fair value
			相關資產的近期交易價格	交易價格越高,公允價值越高
Unlisted private investment fund	11,073	13,872	Recent transaction prices	The higher the transaction prices,
			of underlying assets	the higher the fair value
於非上市私營實體之權益投資			折現率、銷售增長率	折現率/銷售增長率越高,
			(二零二三年:	公允價值越低/越高
			近期交易價格)	(二零二三年:交易價格
				越高,公允價值越高)
Equity investment in an unlisted	5,402	12,154	Discount rate, Sales	The higher the discount
private entity			growth rate	rate/sales growth rate,
			(2023: Recent	the lower/higher the fair value
			transaction prices)	(2023: The higher the transaction
				prices, the higher the fair value)
於非上市私營實體之權益投資			近期交易價格	交易價格越高,公允價值越高
Equity investments in unlisted	867	852	Recent transaction prices	The higher the transaction prices,
private entities				the higher the fair value
	17,342	26,878		

. . . . . . .

3	FINANCIAL R (continued)	ISK MANA	AGEMENT
	3.3 Fair value estin	nation (contir	nued)
	(c) Financial (continued)	instruments	in Level 3
工具之			0
		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
Changes in fa assets at fa	air value of financial air value through other	26,878	20,109
	.工具之 Opening bala Changes in fa assets at fa	(continued) 3.3 Fair value estin (c) Financial (continued) 工具之 The following	(continued) 3.3 Fair value estimation (continued) (c) Financial instruments (continued) 工具之 The following table present in Level 3 instruments for the continuent in Level 3 instrument in Level 3 instrument for the continuent in Level 3 instrument in Level 3 instrument for the continuent in Level 3 instrument in Lev

Closing balance

4

# 4 重大會計估計及判斷

年終結餘

叶花园际体田(信)

# CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

17,342

26.878

估計及判斷須持續評估,並基於過往經 驗及其他因素,包括依據當時情況相信 屬未來事件的合理預期。

本集團就未來作出估計及假設。產生的 會計估計顧名思義多數與有關實際結 果不同。對下一財政年度有重大風險, 造成資產與負債賬面值須作出重大調 整的估計及假設載於下文。 Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are addressed below.

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# 4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

# (a) 存貨之估計撥備

本集團根據對存貨可變現程度的 評估,將存貨撇減至可變現淨值。 倘有事件或情況變化顯示結餘可 能無法變現,則會將存貨撇減值入 賬。識別撇減值時須運用判斷及估 計。倘預期金額與原有估計有別, 該差額將影響存貨賬面值及估計 變更期間的存貨撇減值。

#### (b) 應收賬款之估計減值

金融資產之虧損撥備乃根據違約 風險及預期損失率之假設釐定。 本集團於作出該等假設及選擇減 值計算輸入數據時,根據本集團 過往歷史、現行市況及於各報告 期末之前瞻性估計作出判斷。有 關主要假設及所用之輸入數據之 詳情披露於綜合財務報表附註3。

# (c) 非金融資產之減值

倘有任何事件或情況變化顯示非 金融資產之賬面值可能無法收回, 則須作出減值檢討。可收回金額 乃依據使用價值計算或市場估值 而釐定。該等計算方法須運用判 斷及估計。

# CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

#### (a) Estimated provision for inventories

Inventories are written down to net realisable value based on an assessment of the realisability of inventories. Write-downs on inventories are recorded where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realised. The identification of write-downs requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and write-downs of inventories in the periods in which such estimate has been changed.

#### (b) Estimated impairment of receivables

The loss allowance for financial assets is based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### (c) Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on value-in-use calculations or market valuations. These calculations require the use of judgements and estimates.

# 4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

# (c) 非金融資產之減值(續)

倘管理層評估減值之假設有變(包括現金流量預測所採用之折現率 或增長率假設),或會影響減值測 試所使用的淨現值,因而影響本 集團財務狀況及營運業績。

# (d) 投資物業之公允價值

投資物業之估值乃根據香港測量 師學會頒佈的「物業估值準則」進 行。有關估值每半年由合資格估 值師檢討,彼會考慮於相關市場 可得之可資比較銷售交易。

計算估值時採用的假設如有變動, 則可能會出現導致財務狀況表的 賬面值須作出重大調整的重大 風險。有關主要假設及所用之輸 入數據之詳情披露於綜合財務報 表附註16。

# 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

# (c) Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial position and results of operations.

#### (d) Fair value of investment properties

The valuation of investment properties is performed in accordance with the "Valuation Standards on Valuation of Properties" published by the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors. The valuation is reviewed semiannually by qualified valuers by considering comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market.

Changes to the assumptions used in deriving the valuation could have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts in the statement of financial position. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

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- 4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)
  - (e) 物業、廠房及設備之使用年限

### (f) 所得税及遞延所得税

本集團於多個司法權區須繳納所 得税。於釐定各地所得税撥備時 須作出重大判斷。日常業務過程 中有多宗交易且計算釐定該等碰 易最終税項尚不明確。本集團衣 諸估計是否須繳納額外税項而確 認預計税務審核事宜之負債。倘 有關事宜之最終税務結果與初釐 定有關數額期間之所得税及遞延 税項撥備。

# CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

# (e) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives, and related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation charges where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives. It will write-off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation expense in future periods.

### (f) Income taxes and deferred income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in various jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be required. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

# 4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

#### (f) 所得税及遞延所得税(續)

# (g) 已完成物業存貨撇減之撥備

於評估已完成物業存貨之可變現 淨值時,管理層已參考獨立合資 格專業估值。評估有賴於要求主 觀假設及重大管理層估計的若干 關鍵假設,包括進行已完成持作 出售物業估值時所使用之可資比 較市場交易調整因素。

# 4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

# (f) Income taxes and deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers it is likely that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. When the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred tax assets and income tax charges in the period in which such estimates have been changed.

# (g) Provision for write-down of stock of completed properties

In assessing the net realisable value of stock of completed properties, the management took reference to the independent qualified professional valuations. The assessment is dependent on certain key assumptions that require subjective assumptions and significant management estimates, including adjustment factors on comparable market transactions used in valuation of completed properties held for sale.

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# 4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

# (g) 已完成物業存貨 撇減之撥備 (續)

本集團根據已完成物業存貨的可 變現淨值確認物業存貨的撇減撥 備。當可變現淨值低於其賬面值 時,已完成物業存貨須作出撇減 撥備。可變現淨值的確認涉及判 斷及估計。

倘新估計結果與現有估計存在差 異,該差異將會影響相應期間的 已完成物業存貨賬面值。

# 5 分部資料

本集團之高級行政管理層被視為主要 營運決策者(「主要營運決策者」)。本 集團目前分為兩個經營部門:

電子製造服務(「EMS」)一為EMS顧客 製造及分銷電子產品。

物業持有一物業發展、銷售及租賃。

# CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

# (g) Provision for write-down of stock of completed properties (continued)

The Group recognises provision for writedown of stock of properties according to net realisable value of the stock of completed properties. Provision for write-down of stock of completed properties is required when the net realisable value is lower than the carrying value. Recognition of net realisable value involves judgment and estimation.

If the result of new estimation differs from current estimation, such difference will impact the carrying value of stock of completed properties for the corresponding period.

# 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group's senior executive management is considered as the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM"). The Group is currently organised into two operating divisions:

Electronic Manufacturing Service ("EMS") – manufacture and distribution of electronic products for EMS customers.

Property Holding – development, sale and lease of properties.

# 5 分部資料(續)

主要營運決策者定期審閲本集團表現 及其內部報告,以評估表現及分配資 源。主要營運決策者根據分部業績之計 量評估營運分部表現。該計量基準包括 未扣除其他收入、其他虧損/收益-淨 額及融資成本-淨額之營運分部盈虧, 惟不包括企業及未分配開支。向主要營 運決策者提供之其他資料按與綜合財 務報表所載方式-致者計量。

#### 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

The CODM reviews the performance of the Group on a regular basis and reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. The CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of segment results. This measurement basis includes profit or loss of the operating segments before other income, other losses/ gains – net and finance costs – net but excludes corporate and unallocated expenses. Other information provided to the CODM is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated financial statements.

		EMS部門 EMS division 港幣千元	物業持有部門 Property Holding division 港幣千元	總額 Total 港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日	For the year ended 31 December 2024			
止年度				
對外收益	External revenue			
客戶合約收益	Revenue from contracts with customers			
收益確認時間	Timing of revenue recognition			
- 在某一時點	<ul> <li>At a point of time</li> </ul>	2,603,021	-	2,603,021
其他收益來源	Revenue from other sources			
一租金收入	<ul> <li>Rental income</li> </ul>	-	61,653	61,653
		2,603,021	61,653	2,664,674
	Segment results	189,777	(916,058)	(726,281)
	Depreciation	47,610	26	47,636
應佔合營企業虧損	Share of losses of joint ventures	-	(446,747)	(446,747)
投資物業公允價值變動	Change in fair value of investment properties	-	(472,741)	(472,741)
已完成物業存貨之撇減撥備	Provision for write-down of stock of			
	completed properties	-	(41,258)	(41,258)
 資本開支	Capital expenditure	21,364	-	21,364

# 5 分部資料(續)

# 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

			枷業性左並問	466 安石
		EMS部門	物業持有部門 Property	總額
		EMS	Holding	
		division	division	Tota
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度	For the year ended 31 December 2023			
對外收益	External revenue			
客戶合約收益	Revenue from contracts with customers			
收益確認時間	Timing of revenue recognition			
一在某一時點	- At a point of time	3,123,899	_	3,123,899
其他收益來源	Revenue from other sources	, ,		, ,
一租金收入	- Rental income	-	61,769	61,769
		3,123,899	61,769	3,185,668
	Segment results	191,400	79,940	271,340
	Depreciation	63,278	43	63,321
應佔合營企業利潤	Share of profit of joint ventures	00,210	49,462	49,462
投資物業公允價值變動	Change in fair value of investment properties	_	(12,062)	(12,062
已完成物業存貨之撇減撥備	Provision for write-down of stock		(12,002)	(12,002
	of completed properties	_	(2,208)	(2,208
 資本開支	Capital expenditure	20,816	(2,200)	20,816
A THA		20,010		20,010
		EMS部門	物業持有部門	總額
			Property	
		EMS	Holding	
		division	division	Total
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2024			
分部資產	Segment assets	2,725,170	1,655,939	4,381,109
合營企業的權益	Interests in joint ventures	-	1,591,570	1,591,570
可呈報分部資產總額	Total reportable segment assets	2,725,170	3,247,509	5,972,679
				14 27
		EMS部門	物業持有部門	總額
			Property	
		EMS	Holding	
		division	division	Total
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2023			
分部資產	Segment assets	2,837,849	2,167,230	5,005,079
合營企業的權益	Interests in joint ventures	-	2,071,517	2,071,517
可呈報分部資產總額	Total reportable segment assets	2,837,849	4,238,747	7,076,596

# 5 分部資料(續)

分部資產主要包括物業、廠房及設備、 投資物業、使用權資產、合營企業的權 益、存貨、已完成物業存貨、應收貿易 賬款、預付款項、訂金及其他應收賬款、 受限制現金、短期銀行存款及現金及 現金等價物,但不包括按公允價值計入 其他全面收入的金融資產、衍生金融工 具、遞延所得税資產、當期可收回所得 税及企業及未分配資產。

and equipment, investment properties, right-ofuse assets, interests in joint ventures, inventories, stock of completed properties, trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables, restricted cash, short-term bank deposits and cash and cash equivalents, but exclude financial assets

Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant

**SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)** 

and cash equivalents, but exclude financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, derivative financial instruments, deferred income tax assets, current income tax recoverable and corporate and unallocated assets.

可呈報分部業績與除所得税前(虧 損)/利潤之對賬如下: A reconciliation of reportable segment results to (loss)/profit before income tax is provided as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
可呈報分部業績	Reportable segment results	(726,281)	271,340
其他收入 其他收益-淨額	Other income Other gains – net	4,371 11,939	14,731 2,612
融資成本一淨額 企業及未分配開支	Finance costs – net Corporate and unallocated expenses	(50,000) (22,857)	(64,441) (24,127)
除所得税前(虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit before income tax	(782,828)	200,115

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# 5 分部資料(續)

# 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

可呈報分部資產與總資產之對賬 如下: Reportable segment assets are reconciled to total assets as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
可呈報分部資產	Reportable segment assets	5,972,679	7,076,596
按公允價值計入其他全面收入	Financial assets at fair value through		
的金融資產	other comprehensive income	71,216	100,138
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	13,528	11,324
遞延所得税資產	Deferred income tax assets	15,164	19,480
當期可收回所得税	Current income tax recoverable	1,009	1,688
企業及未分配資產	Corporate and unallocated assets	85,240	101,030
	Total assets per consolidated		
	statement of financial position	6,158,836	7,310,256

其他重大項目之對賬如下:

Reconciliations of other material items are as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
折舊 一可呈報分部總額 一公司總部	Depreciation - Reportable segment total - Corporate headquarters	47,636 2,238	63,321 2,237
		49,874	65,558
資本開支 一可呈報分部總額	Capital expenditure – Reportable segment total	21,364	20,816

# 5 分部資料(續)

# 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

本公司於百慕達註冊。以下為本集團按 地區市場劃分之收益分析(按出具發票 之地點決定): The Company is domiciled in Bermuda. Analysis of the Group's revenue by geographical market, which is determined by the destination of the invoices billed, is as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
	North America	423,101	355,376
亞洲(不包括香港)	Asia (excluding Hong Kong)	1,621,467	1,831,943
歐洲	Europe	477,682	771,400
香港	Hong Kong	142,424	226,949
		2,664,674	3,185,668

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度,約港幣1,176,805,000元(二零 二三年:港幣1,415,962,000元)及港 幣291,684,000元(二零二三年:港幣 326,047,000元)之收益分別來自兩大 外部客戶。該等客戶各佔本集團收益之 10%或以上。該等收益為EMS部門應佔 收益。

For the year ended 31 December 2024, revenues of approximately HK\$1,176,805,000 (2023: HK\$1,415,962,000) and HK\$291,684,000 (2023: HK\$326,047,000) were derived from the top two external customers respectively. These customers individually account for 10% or more of the Group's revenue. These revenues are attributable to the EMS division.

以下為本集團按地區市場劃分之非流 動資產分析:

Analysis of the Group's non-current assets by geographical market is as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
北美洲	North America	6	_
亞洲(不包括香港)	Asia (excluding Hong Kong)	248,080	286,350
歐洲	Europe	9	8
香港	Hong Kong	3,197,570	4,177,724
		3,445,665	4,464,082

# 5 分部資料(續)

非流動資產包括物業、廠房及設備、 投資物業、使用權資產、合營企業的 權益、按公允價值計入其他全面收入 的金融資產、衍生金融工具、訂金及 其他應收賬款以及受限制現金,惟不 包括遞延所得税資產。

本集團已確認下列與客戶合約有關的 負債:

# 5 SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Non-current assets comprise property, plant and equipment, investment properties, right-of-use assets, interests in joint ventures, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, derivative financial instruments, deposits and other receivables and restricted cash. They exclude deferred income tax assets.

The Group has recognised the following liabilities related to contracts with customers:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
合約負債-EMS部門	Contract liabilities - EMS division	133,620	136,502

下表列示與已於上一年度償付的承前 合約負債有關的已確認收益金額: The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised relates to carried-forward contract liabilities that were satisfied in prior year:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
EMS部門	EMS division	136,502	131,574

		— < — H I	
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Government grants	2,108	12,095
出售廢料及零部件	Sales of scrap and spare parts	685	795
按公允價值計入其他全面收入的	Dividend income from a financial		
金融資產之股息收入	asset at fair value through other		
	comprehensive income	252	1,827
其他	Others	1,326	14
		4,371	14,731

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# 6 其他收入

# 6 OTHER INCOME

### 7 僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金)

# EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

一愛一四年

- 〒 二 年

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
工資、薪金、津貼及其他離職福利	Wages, salaries, allowances and		
	other termination benefits	324,542	365,896
退休金成本-界定供款計劃	Pension costs – defined contribution		
	schemes	42,882	43,568
		367,424	409,464

本集團為香港所有合資格僱員設立強 制性公積金計劃(「公積金計劃」)。公 積金計劃之資產與本集團資產分開持 有,以基金方式由受託人管理。根據公 積金計劃,本集團及其僱員每月分別向 計劃作出供款,金額為僱員相關收入(定 義見香港強制性公積金計劃條例)之 5%。本集團及僱員之供款上限均為每 月港幣1,500元(二零二三年:每月港幣 1,500元)。供款全部即時歸屬予僱員。 The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "Fund Scheme") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the Fund Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. Under the Fund Scheme, the Group and its employees make monthly contributions to the Scheme at 5% of the employees' relevant income as defined in the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance. Both the Group's and the employees' contributions are subject to a cap of HK\$1,500 per month (2023: HK\$1,500 per month). The contributions are fully and immediately vested for the employees.

# 7 僱員福利開支(包括董事酬金) 7 (續)

並無任何被沒收之供款(即僱員在有關 供款歸其所有前退出該計劃,由僱主代 僱員處理之供款)用以抵銷界定供款計 劃之現有供款。

中華人民共和國(「中國」)及越南附屬 公司之僱員為中國及越南政府設立之 退休福利計劃成員。

有關附屬公司須在中國及越南向國家 退休計劃供款。附屬公司須按薪酬的一 定百分比向計劃供款。中國及越南政 府負責退休僱員之退休金。該等計劃下 被沒收的供款不得用作減少現有供款 水平。

列入綜合收益表處理之總成本約 港幣42,882,000元(二零二三年:港幣 43,568,000元)指本集團就本財政年度 向該等計劃應付之供款。

# EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (continued)

There were no forfeited contributions (by employers on behalf of employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in such contributions) to offset existing contributions under the defined contribution schemes.

The employees of the subsidiaries in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Vietnam are members of retirement benefits schemes operated by the PRC and Vietnam governments.

The relevant subsidiaries are required to make contributions to the state retirement schemes in the PRC and Vietnam. The subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of payroll to the schemes. The PRC and Vietnam governments are responsible for the pension liability to the retired staff. No forfeited contributions under these schemes can be used to reduce the existing level of contributions.

The total cost charged to the consolidated income statement of approximately HK\$42,882,000 (2023: HK\$43,568,000) represents contributions payable to the schemes by the Group in respect of the current financial year.

# 8 除所得税前(虧損)/利潤

# 8 (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

除所得税前(虧損)/利潤分析如下:

(Loss)/profit before income tax is analysed as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Depreciation of property, plant		
	and equipment	33,312	44,284
使用權資產之折舊	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	16,562	21,274
折舊	Depreciation	49,874	65,558
	Auditor's remuneration		
一審計服務	<ul> <li>Audit service</li> </ul>	3,158	3,088
一非審計服務	<ul> <li>Non-audit services</li> </ul>	363	361
銀行手續費	Bank charges	2,508	3,624
樓宇管理費	Building management fees	18,419	17,101
化學品及消耗品	Chemicals and consumables	33,555	33,037
佣金	Commission fees	24	502
清潔費	Cleaning expenses	2,244	2,912
交際費	Entertainment expenses	900	1,137
政府地租及差餉	Government rent and rates	3,193	2,971
政府附加費	Government surcharges	6,852	6,042
保險費	Insurance charges	2,419	2,251
法律及專業費用	Legal and professional fees	5,292	4,720
汽車開支	Motor vehicle expenses	3,879	4,825
辦公室及廠房開支	Office and factories expenses	4,590	4,981
短期租賃之經營租賃租金	Operating lease rental in respect of		
	short-term leases	2,944	3,701
招聘、培訓及其他員工福利開支	Recruitment, training and other staff		
	welfares expenses	4,593	2,464
維修及保養	Repairs and maintenances	10,604	18,467
保安費	Security expenses	1,789	2,526
差旅費	Travelling expenses	2,521	3,159
運輸費	Transportation	17,497	22,365
公用開支	Utility expenses	20,194	24,344
其他	Others	3,622	5,695
其他經營支出	Other operating expenses	151,160	170,273
總額	Total	201,034	235,831

# 9 其他收益/(虧損) - 淨額 9 OTHER GAINS/(LOSSES) - NET

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		<b>2024</b> 港幣千元	2023 港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
匯兑收益/(虧損)-淨額	Exchange gains/(losses) – net	5,154	(5,267)
出售物業、廠房及設備之收益	Gains on disposal of property, plant		
	and equipment	1,275	1,961
租賃修改的收益	Gains on lease modification	-	333
撇銷物業、廠房及設備	Write-off of property, plant and equipment	-	(8,055)
撥回其他應付賬款	Write-back of other payables	5,510	5,930
		11,939	(5,098)

10 董事及高級管理層之酬金

董事酬金

**a** 

# 10 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS

# (a) Directors' emoluments

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於截至二零二四年十二月三十

The emoluments of Directors for the year ended 31 December 2024 is set

	止年度之董事酬金載列如	· F		out below:						, ) )
		袍	権	勯 皘 花 紅	皆」	其 市 福 祖 元 史 史 の 合	逸 存 福 祖 社 慧	ੱ	ു	ᇔ 朢
									Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of Director's other	
						-		Remuneration paid or receivable	services in connection with the management	
				Discretionary	Housing	Estimated money value of other	Employer's contribution to a retirement	In respect of accepting office as	of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary	Total
		Fees 油糖十元 HK\$'000	Salaries 诺蒂千元 HK\$'000	ponus 油新市 HK\$'000	allowance 谢蒂千元 HK\$'000	benefits 诺蒂千元 HK\$'000	benefit scheme 诺蒂千元 HK\$'000	Director 诫卷十 HK\$'000	undertaking 谢雅十 HK\$'000	emoluments 诫新十占 HK\$'000
執行董事	Executive Directors									
王忠秣(附註)	Wong Chung Mat, Ben (Note)	02	4,597	2,682	1	1	T	T	1	7,349
王賢敏	Wong Yin Man, Ada	20	2,454	2,682	1	1 I	18	1	1	5,224
陳子華	Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel	20	819	270	1	I.	1	1	1	1,159
熊永順	Hung Wing Shun, Edmund	20	1,793	450	1	ı.	1	1	1	2,313
陳偉明	Chan Wai Ming, Hermes	02	1,459	270	1	1	1	•	1	1,799
獨立非執行董事	<u> </u>									
₹ 1	Directors									C I
子 ぼうし かんしょう かんしょう かんしょう かんしょう かんしょう かんしょう かんしょう かんしょう かんしょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひょう ひ	LI Ka Uneung, Eric		I.		I.		I	1		
楊孫西	Yu Sun Say	170	1	I.	I.	I.	1	1	1	170
葉天養	Alfred Donald Yap	170	1	1	1	I	1	1	1	170
羅偉浩	Lo Wai Ho, Ashley	170	1	1	T	1	1	1	1	170
總額	Total	1,030	11,122	6,354	T	1	18	1	T	18,524

# 綜合財務報表附註 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(a) 重零) ((a) 重零) ((b) ((c) ((b) ((c) ((c) ((c) ((c) ((c	<del>师</del> ]	董事及高級管理層之酬金(	官(續)	10 DIF (co	DIRECTOR( (continued)	S' AND	SENIC	R MAN	AGEMENI	DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)	MENTS
送載至二零二年十二月三十一日 上年度之董事酬金載列切下: aut below:		<b>董事酬</b> 金 (		<b>(a)</b>	Director	s' emolu	uments (	continued	(		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	きょ	二零二三年十二月 之董事酬金載列如			The emoluout below	uments c	f Director	s for the ye	ar ended 3		023 is set
Feroiments pade (moments pade (moments pade)         Feroiments pade (moments pade)         Feroiments pade (moments pade)           「業業長」         Salention (moments pade)         Feroiments pade)         Feroiments pade           「業業長」         Salention (moments pade)         Feroiments pade)         Connection with (manus value)         Connection with (manus value)         Feroiments pade)           「業業長」         Salention (moments pade)         Moments pade)         Connection with (manus value)			金	推	酌情花紅	調査	其他福利之 古时强急值	沒 存 福利計劃 之 雇主供款		就 簡 理 本 公 司 公 課 法 定 法 筆 篇 第 第 代 章 派 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章 章	受
中国         Estimated         Employers         Commettion										Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of Director's	
Fees         Salaries         Estimated         Employer's         recorrable in recorrable in money value         the amagement recorrable in money value         the amagement recorrable money value           Kewing         Mage         Mage <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Remuneration</td> <td>other services in connection with</td> <td></td>									Remuneration	other services in connection with	
Fees         Salaries         Discretionary         Housing         of other         respect of         the Company           港幣千元         市         Testiment         accepting office         or its subsidiary           Microson         HK5'000         HK5'000 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Estimated</td> <td>Employer's</td> <td>paid or receivable in</td> <td>the management of the affairs of</td> <td></td>							Estimated	Employer's	paid or receivable in	the management of the affairs of	
Fees         Salaries         Discretionary         Housing         of other         netimenent         accepting office         or its subsidiary           海縣十元         海縣十元         海縣十元         海縣十元         海縣十元         海縣十元         海縣十元         小橋 subsidiary           海縣十元         海縣十元         海縣十元         海縣十元         海縣十元         海縣十元         小崎         or objection         undertaking         en           Hck'solo							money value	contribution to a	respect of	the Company	
rees         balance         bonus         allowance         benefits         benefits         barent         competiating         enterct         unonradiating         unonradiating			L	-	Discretionary	Housing	of other	retirement	accepting office	or its subsidiary	Total
HK\$'000         <			新E	Salaries 诫務十元	nuod 定于 能	allowance 诫務十元	penetits 诵鹅千儿	penetit scheme 油素千元	as Director 油糖十元	undertaking 滿憲千元	emoluments 诫幣千元
Executive Directors         70         4,590         2,814         -         -         -         -         -         -         7           Wong Yin Man, Ada         70         4,590         2,814         -         1,1         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,1         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$,000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Wong Yin Man, Ada70 $2,451$ $2,814$ $ 18$ $ 18$ $ 5$ Chan Taze Wah, Gabriel70 $819$ 300 $  -$ <		Executive Directors Wong Chung Mat, Ben (Note)	02	4,590	2,814	1	1	1	I	I	7,474
Chan Taze Wah, Gabriel       70       819       300 $  -$		Wong Yin Man, Ada	70	2,451	2,814	I	I	18	I	I	5,353
Hung Wing Shun, Edmund         70         1,790         500         -         -         -         -         -         -         2           Chan Wai Ming, Hames         70         1,456         300         -         -         8         -         -         1,1           Independent Non-executive         70         1,456         300         -         -         8         -         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         -         -         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         1         -         -         1         -         -         -         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel</td><td>70</td><td>819</td><td>300</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td>1,189</td></t<>		Chan Tsze Wah, Gabriel	70	819	300	I	I	I	I	I	1,189
Chan Wai Ming, Hermes       70       1,456       300       -       -       8       -       -       1         Independent Non-executive       Independent Non-executive       1       -       1       -       -       1         Independent Non-executive       1       1       -       -       1       -       -       1       -       -       1       -		Hung Wing Shun, Edmund	70	1,790	500	I	I	I	I	I	2,360
Independent Non-executive Directors         Independent Non-executive           Directors         170         - <t< td=""><td></td><td>Chan Wai Ming, Hermes</td><td>20</td><td>1,456</td><td>300</td><td>I</td><td>I</td><td>8</td><td>I</td><td>Ι</td><td>1,834</td></t<>		Chan Wai Ming, Hermes	20	1,456	300	I	I	8	I	Ι	1,834
Cheung, Eric       170       -	<del>旧件</del> 划IIII	Independent Non-executive Directors									
In Say 170			170	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	170
J Donald Yap         170         -		Yu Sun Say	170	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	170
ai Ho, Ashley 170		Alfred Donald Yap	170	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	170
1,030 11,106 6,728 26		Lo Wai Ho, Ashley	170	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	170
		Total	1,030	11,106	6,728	I	I	26	I	I	18,890

# 10 董事及高級管理層之酬金(續)

#### (a) 董事酬金(續)

附註: 王忠秣先生為本公司主席兼行政 總裁,其薪酬已於上文披露。

截至二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度,概無董 事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金。

年內,本集團概無支付酬金予董 事,作為吸引彼等加入本集團或 加入本集團後之獎勵或作為離 職補償。

#### (b) 董事退休福利

並無任何董事退休福利於截至 二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日止年度內支付。

#### (c) 董事終止服務福利

並無任何董事終止服務福利於 截至二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度內支付。

# (d) 就提供董事服務向第三方作出 的代價

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度內,本公 司並無就提供董事服務向第三方 支付任何代價。

# 10 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

Note: Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and his remuneration has been disclosed above.

No Directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments in any of the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

No emolument was paid by the Group to the Directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office during the year.

#### (b) Directors' retirement benefits

No Directors' retirement benefits were paid during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

#### (c) Directors' termination benefits

No Directors' termination benefits were paid during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

# (d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available Directors' services

The Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available Directors' services during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

# 10 董事及高級管理層之酬金(續)

(e) 向董事、受該等董事控制的法 人團體及該等董事的關連主體 提供的貸款、準貸款和其他交 易的資料

> 於截至二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度年結時或 年內任何時間,並無向董事、受該 等董事控制的法人團體及該等董 事的關連主體提供任何貸款、準 貸款和作出其他交易。

# (f) 董事於交易、安排或合約中的 重大權益

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日止年度年結時或 年內任何時間,本公司並無訂立 關乎本集團業務而本公司董事直 接或間接在其中取得重大權益的 重要交易、安排或合約。

# 10 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

(e) Information about loans, quasiloans and other dealings in favour of Directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such Directors

No loans, quasi-loans and other dealings were made available in favour of Directors, body corporates controlled by and connected entities with such Directors subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

# (f) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

# 10 董事及高級管理層之酬金(續) 10 DI

# 10 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

# (g) 五名獲最高酬金人士

年內,本集團五名獲最高酬金人 士,包括三名(二零二三年:四名) 董事,彼等之酬金已載於上文呈列 之分析。餘下兩名(二零二三年: 一名)人士之應付酬金列載如下:

#### (g) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include three (2023: four) Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining two (2023: one) individual is as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
薪金及其他福利 花紅 退休金成本界定供款計劃	Salaries and other benefits Bonus Pension costs – defined contribution schemes	3,573 228 18	2,015 145 –
		3,819	2,160

	人婁	<b></b> 敗
	Number of	individual
	二零二四年	二零二三年
	2024	2023
 酬金範圍 Emolument bands		
港幣1,500,001元 – 港幣2,000,000元 HK\$1,500,001–HK\$2,000,000	1	_
港幣2,000,001元 – 港幣2,500,000元 HK\$2,000,001– HK\$2,500,000	1	1

# (h) 高級管理層(不包括董事)酬金 範圍

#### 高級管理層(不包括董事)之酬 金介平以下範圍:

# 10 董事及高級管理層之酬金(續) 10 DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S EMOLUMENTS (continued)

# (h) Senior management's (excluding **Directors) emoluments by band**

The emoluments of senior management (excluding Directors) fell within the following bands:

		人類	數
		Number of i	ndividuals
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
	Emolument bands		
港幣零元-港幣500,000元	HK\$nil – HK\$500,000	-	1
港幣500,001元 – 港幣1,000,000元	HK\$500,001 – HK\$1,000,000	1	-
港幣1,000,001元 - 港幣1,500,000元	HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000	1	2
港幣1,500,001元 – 港幣2,000,000元	HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000	1	1

# 11 融資成本-淨額

# **11 FINANCE COSTS – NET**

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
融資收入 一銀行存款之利息收入	Finance income – Interest income on bank deposits	23,022	25,686
融資成本 一租賃負債之利息開支 一銀行貸款之利息開支	Finance costs – Interest expenses on lease liabilities – Interest expenses on bank borrowings	(749) (72,273)	(1,451) (88,676)
合計融資成本	Total finance costs	(73,022)	(90,127)
融資成本一淨額	Finance costs - net	(50,000)	(64,441)

# 12 所得税開支

香港利得税已就產生自或源於香港之 估計應課税利潤按税率16.5%(二零 二三年:16.5%)計提撥備。

本集團中國內地附屬公司須繳納中 國企業所得税(「企業所得税」),税 率為估計利潤之25%(二零二三年: 25%),惟本公司之全資附屬公司華 高科技(蘇州)有限公司(「華高蘇 州」)除外。華高蘇州符合高新科技 企業下之15%(二零二三年:15%) 優惠企業所得税率,直至二零二六年 十二月三十一日。

計入綜合收益表的所得税金額指:

# **12 INCOME TAX EXPENSE**

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2023: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit arising in or derived from Hong Kong.

The Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China are subject to the China Corporate Income Tax ("CIT") at a rate of 25% (2023: 25%) on the estimated profits, except for Welco Technology (Suzhou) Limited ("WTSZ"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. WTSZ is entitled to the preferential CIT rate of 15% (2023: 15%) under the New and High Technology Enterprises status till 31 December 2026.

The amount of income tax charged to the consolidated income statement represents:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Current income tax		
一香港利得税	<ul> <li>Hong Kong profits tax</li> </ul>	5,869	4,900
一海外税項	<ul> <li>Overseas taxation</li> </ul>	38,063	35,501
一過往年度超額撥備	- Over-provision in prior years	-	(2,333)
已付一間中國註冊成立附屬公司	Dividend withholding tax paid on the		
之已分派保留利潤之	distributed retained profits of		
股息預扣税	a PRC incorporated subsidiary	8,639	6,998
遞延所得税(附註21)	Deferred income tax (Note 21)	2,065	2,323
		54,636	47,389

# 12 所得税開支(續)

有關本集團除所得税前利潤之税項有 別於採用合併實體利潤適用的加權平 均税率所得出的理論金額如下:

### 12 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the consolidated entities as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
除所得税前(虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit before income tax	(782,828)	200,115
按適用於各地利潤之 國內税率計算之税項	Tax calculated at the domestic tax rates applicable to profits in the respective places	(132,827)	34,280
已呈報合營企業除税後業績之	Tax effects of joint ventures' results	(,,	01,200
税務影響	reported, net of tax	73,713	(8,161)
不可扣税開支	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	96,413	9,182
毋須課税收入	Income not subject to tax	(4,881)	(4,562)
已付或應付一間中國註冊 成立附屬公司之保留利潤	Dividend withholding tax paid or payable on the retained profits of		
之股息預扣税	PRC incorporated subsidiary	11,481	8,805
動用未確認税項虧損及 其他暫時性差額	Utilisation of unrecognised tax losses and other temporary difference	-	(4,799)
並無確認遞延所得税資產	Tax losses of which no deferred		
的税項虧損	income tax asset was recognised	10,737	14,977
過往年度超額撥備	Over-provision in prior years	-	(2,333)
	Income tax expense	54,636	47,389

適用加權平均税率為17%(二零 二三年:17%)。 The weighted average applicable tax rate was 17% (2023: 17%).

儘管截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度本集團設有業務營運的若干地 區已頒佈新的税法以實施經濟合作與 發展組織公佈的支柱二示範規則,但 本集團毋須繳納新附加税。 The Group is not subject to new top-up tax despite certain regions where the Group has business operations have enacted new tax laws to implement the Pillar Two model rules published by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development for the year ended 31 December 2024.

# 13 股息

二零二四年及二零二三年已付的股息 分別為約港幣27,513,000元(每股港幣 0.0575元)及港幣35,887,000元(每股 港幣0.0750元)。將於本公司應屆股 東週年大會上建議宣派之截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度末期股 息為每股港幣0.0300元,合共約港幣 14,355,000元。此等財務報表並無反映 是次應付之末期股息。

#### **13 DIVIDENDS**

The dividends paid in 2024 and 2023 were approximately HK\$27,513,000 (HK\$0.0575 per share) and HK\$35,887,000 (HK\$0.0750 per share) respectively. A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2024 of HK\$0.0300 per share, amounting to a total dividend of approximately HK\$14,355,000 will be proposed at the upcoming annual general meeting of the Company. These financial statements do not reflect this final dividend payable.

	二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
已付中期股息一每股港幣0.0275元 Interim dividend paid – HK\$0.0275 (二零二三年 : 港幣0.0300元) (2023: HK\$0.0300) per share 擬派末期股息一每股港幣0.0300元 Proposed final dividend – HK\$0.0300	13,158	14,354
(二零二三年 : 港幣0.0300元) (2023: HK\$0.0300) per share	14,355	14,355
	27,513	28,709

# 14 每股(虧損)/盈利

# 14 (LOSSES)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

# (a) 基本

每股基本(虧損)/盈利乃按本 公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/利潤 除以年內已發行普通股之加權 平均數計算。

#### (a) Basic

Basic (losses)/earnings per share is calculated by dividing the (loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

		二零二四年 <b>2024</b>	二零二三年 2023
本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/ 利潤(港幣千元)	(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	(837,464)	152,726
已發行普通股之加權平均數 (千股)	Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (in thousands)	478,484	478,484
每股基本(虧損)/盈利 (港幣元)	Basic (losses)/earnings per share (HK\$)	(1.75)	0.32

#### (b) 攤薄

概無就兩個年度呈報每股攤薄 盈利,因為兩個年度內概無潛在 之攤薄普通股。

#### (b) Diluted

No diluted earnings per share is presented for both years because there is no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding throughout both years.

# 15 物業·廠房及設備

# **15 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

		樓宇 Buildings 港幣千元	在建工程 Construction in progress 港幣千元	廠房、機器 及設備 Plant, machinery and equipment 港幣千元	傢俬及裝置 Furniture and fixtures 港幣千元	Motor vehicles	合計 Total 港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		HK\$'000
	At 1 January 2023						
成本值	Cost	143,987	70,769	828,305	142,950	13,078	1,199,089
累計折舊及減值	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(69,820)	-	(731,166)	(134,651)		(947,207)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	74,167	70,769	97,139	8,299	1,508	251,882
截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2023						
年初賬目淨值	Opening net book amount	74,167	70,769	97,139	8,299	1,508	251,882
添置	Additions	953	3,277	16,586	_	_	20,816
轉讓	Transfer	57,162	(73,526)	16,364	-	-	
出售	Disposals	(16)	(**;*=*)	(4,347)	-	-	(4,363)
折舊	Depreciation	(8,863)	_	(34,695)	(346)	(380)	(44,284)
撇銷	Write off	(7,874)	_	(115)	(66)	(000)	(8,055)
貨幣換算差額	Currency translation differences	(1,613)	(520)	(2,173)	(00)		(4,307)
	Closing net book amount	113,916	-	88,759	7,886	1,128	211,689
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2023						
成本值	Cost	184,942	_	827,335	142,789	10,426	1,165,492
累計折舊及減值	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(71,026)	-	(738,576)	(134,903)		(953,803)
	Net book amount	113,916		88,759	7,886	1,128	211,689
		110,010		00,100	1,000	1,120	211,000
			廠房 <sup>、</sup> 機器				
		樓宇			及裝置	汽車	合計
			Plant				
			machiner	·	niture	Matax	
		Duilding	and		and	Motor	Total
		Buildings			xtures ₩ イ ニ	<b>vehicles</b> 洪歌イニ	Total 洪教イニ
		港幣千元 <b>HK\$'000</b>			幣千元 <b>(\$'000</b>	港幣千元 <b>HK\$'000</b>	港幣千元 <b>HK\$'000</b>
		ΠΚΦ ΟΟΟ				Πλφ 000	ΠΚΦ 000
截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2024						
年初賬目淨值	Opening net book amount	113,916			7,886	1,128	211,689
添置	Additions	9,332			7	1,215	21,364
出售	Disposals		- (51)		-	-	(511)
折舊	Depreciation	(7,246		1	(236)	(647)	(33,312)
貨幣換算差額 	Currency translation differences	(4,488	3) (4,23)	9)	(4)	(5)	(8,736)
年末賬面淨值 	Closing net book amount	111,514	69,63	6	7,653	1,691	190,494
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2024						
成本值	Cost	187,340	803,58	6 14	42,651	10,150	1,143,727
累計折舊及減值	Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(75,826	6) (733,95	0) (13	34,998)	(8,459)	(953,233)
賬目淨值	Net book amount	111,514	69,63	6	7,653	1,691	190,494
从日/FIE		111,014	00,00		-,	.,	100,404

於 二零 二四年十二月三十一日, 若 干銀 行貸款由賬面值為約港幣 18,556,000元(二零二三年: 港幣19,145,000元)之樓宇作抵押 (附註30)。

As at 31 December 2024, certain bank borrowings are secured on buildings with carrying amount of approximately HK\$18,556,000 (2023: HK\$19,145,000) (Note 30).

#### 2024 2023 港幣千元 港幣千元 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 於一月一日 At 1 January 1,946,822 1,959,215 公允價值虧損 Fair value losses (472,741) (12,062)貨幣換算差額 Currency translation differences (764) (331)於十二月三十一日 1,473,317 At 31 December 1,946,822

16 投資物業

# **16 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

本集團按賬面淨值入賬之投資物業權 益按10至50年之中期租約持有。

於 二 零 二 四 年 十 二 月 三 十 一 日, 若 干 銀 行 貸 款 由 賬 面 總 值 為 約 港 幣 1,444,700,000元 (二零 二 三 年 : 港幣 1,915,000,000元) 之 投 資 物 業 作 抵 押 (附 註 30)。

上文所示投資物業價值包括:

The Group's interest in investment properties at their net book values are on medium-term leases of 10 to 50 years.

二零二四年

二零二三年

As at 31 December 2024, certain bank borrowings are secured on investment properties with an aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,444,700,000 (2023: HK\$1,915,000,000) (Note 30).

Value of investment properties shown above comprises:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Properties in Hong Kong	1,454,100	1,925,000
香港境外物業	Properties outside Hong Kong	19,217	21,822
		1,473,317	1,946,822
#### 16 投資物業(續)

#### 本集團之估值過程

投資物業每半年按直接比較法估值。 投資物業於二零二四年及二零二三年 十二月三十一日之估值由獨立測量師 行羅馬國際評估有限公司進行,其為香 港測量師學會資深會員。根據香港財務 報告準則第13號,該等投資物業之公允 價值計量資料現列載如下。

本集團之財務團隊就財務報告規定進 行投資物業估值,其向管理層直接匯 報。根據本集團之報告日,管理層與該 團隊需就估值過程及結果每半年至少 討論一次。

管理層與該團隊於各報告日估值討論 中,分析第3級公允價值之變動。作為討 論之一部分,該團隊提呈報告,以解釋 公允價值變動之理由。

#### **16 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)**

#### Valuation processes of the Group

The investment properties are valued semi-annually on the direct comparison approach. The valuations of the investment properties at 31 December 2024 and 2023 were carried out by an independent firm of surveyors, Roma Appraisals Limited, who is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors. The fair value measurement information for these investment properties in accordance with HKFRS 13 is given below.

The Group's finance team performs the valuations of investment properties required for financial reporting purposes. This team reports directly to the management. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the management and the team at least once biannually, in line with the Group's reporting dates.

Changes in Level 3 fair values are analysed at each reporting date valuation discussions between the management and the team. As part of this discussion, the team presents a report that explains the reasons for the fair value movements.

			公允價值計量	
		Fair	value measuremen	its
		對等資產		
		於活躍市場	重大其他	重大無法
		之報價	觀察所得參數	觀察參數
		(第1級)	(第 <b>2</b> 級)	(第3級)
		Quoted prices	Significant	
		in active	other	Significant
		markets for	observable	unobservable
		identical assets	inputs	inputs
		(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
常規公允價值計量	Recurring fair value measurements			
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	As at 31 December 2024	-	-	1,473,317
	As at 31 December 2023	_	_	1,946,822

年內,第1級、第2級及第3級之間並無 轉移。

There were no transfers among Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the year.

#### 16 投資物業(續)

#### **16 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)**

#### 使用重大無法觀察參數計量公允價值 (第**3**級)

## Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

		Inve 香港 Hong Kong 港幣千元 HK\$'000	投資物業 stment properties 香港境外 Outside Hong Kong 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>總計</b> Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二零二四年一月一日 公允價值虧損 貨幣換算差額	At 1 January 2024 Fair value losses Currency translation differences	1,925,000 (470,900) -	21,822 (1,841) (764)	1,946,822 (472,741) (764)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日 年內未變現虧損總額 (就年終所持資產計入 綜合收益表內「投資物業 公允價值變動」項下)	At 31 December 2024 Total unrealised losses for the year included in the consolidated income statement for assets held at the end of the year, under 'Change in fair value of investment properties'	1,454,100	19,217	(472,741)
於二零二三年一月一日 公允價值虧損 貨幣換算差額 於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 1 January 2023 Fair value losses Currency translation differences At 31 December 2023	1,936,400 (11,400) - 1,925,000	22,815 (662) (331) 21,822	1,959,215 (12,062) (331) 1,946,822
年內未變現虧損總額 (就年終所持資產計入 綜合收益表內「投資物業 公允價值變動」項下)	Total unrealised losses for the year included in the consolidated income statement for assets held at the end of the year, under 'Change in fair value of investment properties'	(11,400)	(662)	(12,062)

投資物業之公允價值已使用直接比較 法估值,當中假設可以交吉形式按現 狀出售物業,並參考相關市場上可取 得之可比較出售交易資料。 Fair values of investment properties have been valued by the direct comparison approach assuming sale of the properties in their existing states with the benefit of vacant possession and by making reference to comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market.

#### 16 投資物業(續)

#### 使用重大無法觀察參數計量公允價值 (第**3**級)(續)

估值時乃假設擁有人於公開市場出售 物業,而並無憑藉遞延條款合約、售後 租回、合營企業、管理協議或任何類似 安排,以提升有關物業之價值。此外, 估值時並無計及任何有關或影響出售 該等物業之選擇權或優先購買權,亦並 無就一次過出售或售予單一買家之該 等物業提供折扣。

年內,估值技巧並無變動。

本集團根據經營租賃租出投資物業,初 步為期3至6年,附有選擇權可按重新商 定之條款續期。有關租賃概無包含或然 租金。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度,投資物業之租金收入總額約為 港幣61,653,000元(二零二三年:港幣 61,769,000元),而相關直接開支約為 港幣16,113,000元(二零二三年:港幣 15,022,000元)。

#### 16 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

## Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) (continued)

The valuation has been made on the assumption that the owners sell the properties in the open market without the benefit of deferred term contracts, leasebacks, joint ventures, management agreements or any similar arrangements which would serve to increase the values of such properties. In addition, no account has been taken of any option or right of pre-emption concerning or affecting the sale of the properties and no allowance has been made for the properties to be sold in one lot or to a single purchaser.

There were no changes in valuation techniques during the year.

The Group leases out the investment properties under operating leases, for an initial period of 3 to 6 years, with an option to renew on renegotiated terms. None of the leases includes contingent rentals. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the gross rental income from investment properties amounted to approximately HK\$61,653,000 (2023: HK\$61,769,000) and related direct outgoings amounted to approximately HK\$16,113,000 (2023: HK\$15,022,000).

#### 16 投資物業(續)

#### 16 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

### 使用重大無法觀察參數計量公允價值 (第**3**級)(續)

有關使用重大無法觀察參數計量公允 價值(第3級)的資料:

## Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) (continued)

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

物業	估值技巧 無法觀察參數 無法觀察參數之範圍 Valuation		參數之範圍	無法觀察參數與公允價值之關係 Relationship of unobservable	
Properties	technique	Unobservable inputs	Range of unob	servable inputs	inputs to fair value
			二零二四年	二零二三年	
			2024	2023	
香港					
Hong Kong					
辦公室	直接比較	經調整市價 (港幣/平方呎)	港幣 <b>9,000</b> 元至 港幣 <b>12,800</b> 元	港幣14,000元至 港幣15,300元	每平方呎經調整市價越高, 公允價值越高
Office	Direct comparison	Adjusted market price (HK\$/sq.ft.)	HK\$9,000 – HK\$12,800	HK\$14,000 – HK\$15,300	The higher the adjusted market price per square feet, the higher the fair value
停車場	直接比較	經調整市價 (港幣/單位)	港幣 <b>1,800,000</b> 元至 港幣 <b>2,500,000</b> 元	港幣1,800,000元至 港幣2,500,000元	每單位經調整市價越高, 公允價值越高
Carparks	Direct comparison	Adjusted market price (HK\$/unit)	HK\$1.8M – HK\$2.5M	HK\$1.8M – HK\$2.5M	The higher the adjusted market price per unit, the higher the fair value
住宅	直接比較	經調整市價 (港幣/平方呎)	港幣12,800元至 港幣13,400元	港幣13,900元至 港幣14,400元	每平方呎經調整市價越高, 公允價值越高
Residential	Direct comparison	Adjusted market price (HK\$/sq.ft.)	HK\$12,800 – HK\$13,400	HK\$13,900 – HK\$14,400	The higher the adjusted market price per square feet, the higher the fair value
香港境外 Outside Hong Kong	1				
辦公室	直接比較	經調整市價 (人民幣/平方米)	人民幣 <b>17,700</b> 元至 人民幣 <b>18,600</b> 元	人民幣17,900元至 人民幣21,800元	每平方米經調整市價越高, 公允價值越高
Office	Direct comparison	Adjusted market price (RMB/sq.m.)	RMB17,700 – RMB18,600	RMB17,900 – RMB21,800	The higher the adjusted market price per square meter, the higher the fair value

#### 17 租賃

#### **17 LEASES**

本附註提供有關本集團為承租人的租 賃的資料。

本集團租賃多項處所主要用作廠房、 辦公室及倉庫。租期一般固定為2至 3年。

# (i) 綜合財務狀況表中的已確認金額

綜合財務狀況表列示以下與租 賃有關的金額: This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

The Group leases a number of premises mainly for use as factories, office premises and warehouses. The leases are typically made for fixed periods from 2-3 years.

## (i) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

			_ =
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets		
租賃土地及土地使用權	Leasehold land and land use rights	78,486	82,454
工廠及樓宇	Factories and buildings	1,491	15,618
		79,977	98,072
	Lease liabilities		
流動	Current	1,714	14,676
非流動	Non-current	-	1,492
		1,714	16,168

二零二四財政年度概無增加使 用權資產(二零二三年:增加港 幣7,709,000元)。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度內,經與業主相互協議 後,本集團並無修改使用權 資產(二零二三年:修改港幣 6,927,000元)及租賃負債(二零 二三年:修改港幣7,260,000元) 的租賃。 No addition to the right-of-use assets during the 2024 financial year (2023: additions of HK\$7,709,000).

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group did not modify leases with right-of-use assets (2023: modification of HK\$6,927,000) and lease liabilities (2023: modification of HK\$7,260,000) under the mutual agreement with landlord.

#### 17 租賃(續)

## (i) 綜合財務狀況表中的已確認金額(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 若干銀行貸款由賬面值為約港幣 51,926,000元(二零二三年: 港幣53,574,000元)之使用權資 產作抵押(附註30)。

#### 17 LEASES (continued)

# (i) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, certain bank borrowings are secured on right-of-use assets with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$51,926,000 (2023: HK\$53,574,000) (Note 30).

#### (ii) 綜合收益表中的已確認金額

綜合收益表列示以下與租賃有 關的金額: The consolidated income statement shows the following amounts relating to leases:

(ii) Amounts recognised in the consolidated

income statement

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
使用權資產的折舊支出	Depreciation charge of		
印任上山立上山住田橋	right-of-use assets	0.400	0.010
租賃土地及土地使用權	Leasehold land and land use rights	2,199	2,210
工廠及樓宇	Factory and buildings	14,363	19,064
		16,562	21,274
利息開支	Interest expense		
(計入融資成本)	(included in finance costs)	749	1,451
有關短期租賃的開支	Expenses relating to short-term leases		
(計入其他營運開支)	(included in other operating expenses)	2,944	3,701
		3,693	5,152

二零二四年租賃負債的現金流出 總額為港幣16,861,000元(二零 二三年:港幣19,837,000元)。 The total cash outflow for lease liabilities in 2024 was HK\$16,861,000 (2023: HK\$19,837,000).

#### 18 合營企業的權益

#### **18 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES**

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
應佔資產淨值	Share of net assets	604,695	1,051,442
貸款予合營企業	Loans to joint ventures	986,875	1,020,075
		1,591,570	2,071,517

應佔資產淨值之變動分析如下:

Movements in share of net assets is analysed as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於一月一日	At 1 January	1,051,442	1,001,980
應佔合營企業(虧損)/利潤	Share of (losses)/profits of joint ventures	(446,747)	49,462
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	604,695	1,051,442

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 於以下非上市主要合營企業擁有權益:

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had interests in the following principal joint ventures, which are unlisted:

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立地點 Place of incorporation	擁有權權益比例 Proportion of ownership interest %		Proportion of		主要業務 Principal activities	關係性質 Nature of the relationship	計量方法 Measurement method
		二零二四年	二零二三年					
		2024	2023					
	英屬維爾京群島			投資控股	附註	權益		
Talent Chain Investments Limited (Note)	BVI	35.7	35.7	Investment holding	Note	Equity		
冠奧投資有限公司(附註)	香港			物業持有	附註	權益		
Crown Opal Investment Limited (Note)	Hong Kong	35.7	35.7	Property holding	Note	Equity		
	英屬維爾京群島			物業投資	不適用	權益		
Open Vantage Limited	BVI	35.7	35.7	Property investment	N/A	Equity		

附註: Talent Chain Investments Limited之全資 附屬公司冠奧投資有限公司從事物業持 有業務。物業項目指持有位於官塘的商 業樓宇,其包括20層辦公室樓層。於二零 二四年十二月三十一日,辦公室部分的 100%(二零二三年:100%)已分類為投 資物業。 Note: Crown Opal Investment Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Talent Chain Investments Limited, is engaged in the business of property holding. The property project represents the holding of a commercial building in Kwun Tong, which comprises 20-storey of office floors. As at 31 December 2024, 100% (2023: 100%) of the office portion were classified as investment properties.

### 18 合營企業的權益(續)

Talent Chain Investments Limited、 冠奧投資有限公司及Open Vantage Limited為私人公司,其股份並無可取 得市場報價。

以下列載合營企業之財務資料概要。

## 18 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

Talent Chain Investments Limited, Crown Opal Investment Limited and Open Vantage Limited are private companies and there is no quoted market price available for their share.

Set out below is the summarised financial information for joint ventures.

	Talent Chain Investments Limited				總額			
		(Note i)	(附註i)	Open Vantag	ge Limited	Tota	tal	
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二四年	二零二三年	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
<u>資産</u>	<u>ASSETS</u>							
<u>非流動</u>	Non-current							
投資物業(附註ii)	Investment properties (Note ii)	5,066,000	6,661,900	17,000	17,600	5,083,000	6,679,500	
非流動資產總額	Total non-current assets	5,066,000	6,661,900	17,000	17,600	5,083,000	6,679,500	
<u>流動</u>	<u>Current</u>							
流動資產總額	Total current assets	103,553	125,734	525	276	104,078	126,010	
<u>負債</u>	LIABILITIES							
<u>流動</u>	Current							
應付貿易賬款及其他流動負債	Trade payable and other current liabilities	(125,945)	(135,592)	(160)	(158)	(126,105)	(135,750)	
流動負債總額	Total current liabilities	(125,945)	(135,592)	(160)	(158)	(126,105)	(135,750)	
	Non-current							
金融負債	Financial liabilities	(3,172,229)	(3,265,198)	(3,982)	(4,015)	(3,176,211)	(3,269,213)	
其他非流動負債	Other non-current liabilities	(190,939)	(455,330)		-	(190,939)	(455,330)	
非流動負債總額	Total non-current liabilities	(3,363,168)	(3,720,528)	(3,982)	(4,015)	(3,367,150)	(3,724,543)	
資產淨值	Net assets	1,680,440	2,931,514	13,383	13,703	1,693,823	2,945,217	

### 18 合營企業的權益(續)

## 18 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

			Talent Chain Investments Limited Open Vantage Limited			總額 Total	
		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
收益	Revenue	153,268	187,116	371	364	153,639	187,480
經營開支	Operating expenses	(47,706)	(47,090)	(708)	(127)	(48,414)	(47,217)
行政開支	Administrative expenses	(125)	(123)	(17)	(18)	(142)	(141)
投資物業公允價值變動	Change in fair value of investment properties	(1,602,191)	11,867	–	(300)	(1,602,191)	11,567
除所得税前(虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit before income tax	(1,496,754)	151,770	(354)	(81)	(1,497,108)	151,689
所得税抵免/(開支)	Income tax credit/(expense)	245,680	(13,140)	34		245,714	(13,140)
除所得税後(虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit after income tax	(1,251,074)	138,630	(320)	(81)	(1,251,394)	138,549
其他全面收入	Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	_	-	-
全面(虧損)/收入總額	Total comprehensive (loss)/income	(1,251,074)	138,630	(320)	(81)	(1,251,394)	138,549

#### 附註:

#### Note:

(i) 該金額代表與其附屬公司之綜合財務資料。

(i) The amount represents the consolidated financial information with its subsidiary.

- (ii) 投資物業之公允價值已由獨立估值師以直接比較法及收入資本化法估值。有關投資物業於公允價值等級列為第3級。
- (ii) Fair values of investment properties have been valued by independent valuer with the direct comparison approach and income capitalisation approach. The investment properties are classified as Level 3 in fair value hierarchy.

## 18 合營企業的權益(續) 18 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

附註: (續)

(ii) (續)

Note: (continued)

(ii) (continued)

投資物業公允價值計量所使用的重大無法觀 察參數如下:

## The significant unobservable inputs used for fair value measurements of investment properties are as follows:

物業	估值技巧 <b>Valuation</b>	無法觀察參數	無法觀察參數之範圍		無法觀察參數與公允價值之關係 Relationship of unobservable
Properties	technique	Unobservable inputs	Range of unob	servable inputs	inputs to fair value
			二零二四年	二零二三年	
			2024	2023	
香港					
Hong Kong					
辦公室	直接比較	經調整市價	港幣 <b>8,900</b> 元至	港幣13,900元至	每平方呎經調整市價越高,
		(港幣/平方呎)	港幣 <b>12,600</b> 元	港幣15,100元	公允價值越高
Office	Direct	Adjusted market price	HK\$8,900 –	HK\$13,900 -	The higher the adjusted market
	comparison	(HK\$/sq.ft.)	HK\$12,600	HK\$15,100	price per square feet, the
					higher the fair value
停車場	直接比較	經調整市價	港幣1,800,000元至	港幣1,800,000元至	每單位經調整市價越高,
		(港幣/單位)	港幣 <b>2,000,000</b> 元	港幣2,300,000元	公允價值越高
Carparks	Direct	Adjusted market price	HK\$1.8M –	HK\$1.8M -	The higher the adjusted market
	comparison	(HK\$/unit)	HK\$2.0M	HK\$2.3M	price per unit, the higher the
					fair value
零售店	收入資本化法	經調整月租金	港幣 <b>27</b> 元至	港幣28元至	每平方呎經調整月租金越高,
		(港幣/平方呎)	港幣 <b>39</b> 元	港幣47元	公允價值越高
Retail shop	Income	Adjusted monthly rent	HK\$27 –	HK\$28 –	The higher the adjusted monthly
	capitalization	(HK\$/sq.ft.)	HK\$39	HK\$47	rent per square feet, the
	approach				higher the fair value
		復歸收益率	每年3.65%	每年3.35%至	復歸收益率越高,公允價值越低
				3.55%	
		Reversionary yield	3.65% p.a.	3.35% -	The higher the reversionary
				3.55% p.a.	yield, the lower the fair value

#### 18 合營企業的權益(續) 18 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

#### 財務資料概要對賬

所呈報財務資料與合營企業權益之賬 面值之對賬。

## Reconciliation of summarised financial information

Reconciliation of the financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interests in the joint ventures.

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於一月一日之資產淨值 年度(虧損)/利潤	Net assets at 1 January (Loss)/profit for the year	2,945,217 (1,251,394)	2,806,668 138,549
於十二月三十一日之資產淨值	Net assets at 31 December	1,693,823	2,945,217
合營企業之權益及應佔 資產淨值@ 35.7%	Interests in joint ventures and share of net assets @ 35.7%	604,695	1,051,442
應佔合營企業 (虧損)/利潤@ 35.7%	Share of (losses)/profits of joint ventures @ 35.7%	(446,747)	49,462

貸款予合營企業為無抵押、免息及將不 會於未來十二個月內償還。其指本集團 的長期權益,大體上構成本集團於合營 企業投資淨額之一部分。該等金額以港 幣計值。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無有關合營企業之資本承擔或或然 負債(二零二三年:無)。 The loans to joint ventures are unsecured, interestfree and will not be repaid in the coming twelve months. They represent the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investments in the joint ventures. The amounts are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group has no capital commitments nor contingent liabilities related to the joint ventures (2023: Nil).

### 19 附屬公司

#### **19 SUBSIDIARIES**

屬公司之詳情如下:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,主要附 Details of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2024 are as follows:

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立/設立地點 Place of incorporation/ establishment	已發行及繳足股本 Issued and fully paid share capital	本集團應佔股本權益百分比 Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group		主要業務 Principal activities
			二零二四年 2024	二零二三年 2023	·
Bollardbay Limited	英屬維爾京群島 BVI	357美元 US\$357	100%	100%	投資控股 Investment holding
Catel (B.V.I.) Limited	英屬維爾京群島 BVI	港幣110元 HK <b>\$</b> 110	100%	100%	投資控股 Investment holding
易偉有限公司 Easywise Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣1元 HK <b>\$</b> 1	100%	100%	物業持有 Property holding
Elite Sourcing Pte. Ltd.	新加坡 Singapore	1新加坡元 S\$1	100%	100%	電子產品貿易 Electronic products trading
兆偉實業有限公司 Siu Wai Industrial Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣2元 HK\$2	100%	100%	投資控股及作為其直接 控股公司的代理 Investment holding and acting as an agent for its immediate holding company
崇豐有限公司 Top Plenty Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣1,000,000元 HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%	投資控股 Investment holding
Ubiquitous International Limited	英屬維爾京群島 BVI	1美元 US\$1	100%	100%	投資控股 Investment holding
Welco Technology Vietnam Company Limited	越南 Vietnam	2,500,000美元 US\$2,500,000	100%	100%	製造電子產品 Electronic products manufacturing
華高科技 (蘇州)有限公司 <sup>#</sup> Welco Technology (Suzhou) Limited <sup>#</sup>	中國 PRC	9,000,000美元 US\$9,000,000	100%	100%	製造電子產品 Electronic products manufacturing
華高王氏科技 ( 深圳) 有限公司# Welco Wong's Technology (Shenzhen) Limited#	中國 PRC	30,000,000美元 US\$30,000,000	100%	100%	製造電子產品 Electronic products manufacturing

### 19 附屬公司(續)

#### **19 SUBSIDIARIES (continued)**

公司名稱 Name of company	註冊成立/設立地點 Place of incorporation/ establishment	已發行及繳足股本 Issued and fully paid share capital	本集團應佔股本權益百分比 Percentage of equity interest attributable to the Group		主要業務 Principal activities
			二零二四年 <b>2024</b>	二零二三年 2023	
Wellink Technology Pte. Ltd. (formerly known as Wellink Dynamics Pte. Ltd.)	新加坡 Singapore	1新加坡元 S\$1	100%	100%	電子產品貿易 Electronic products trading
華納科技 ( 深圳 ) 有限公司# Wellop Technology (Shenzhen) Limited#	中國 PRC	2,500,000美元 US\$2,500,000	100%	100%	製造電子產品 Electronic products manufacturing
王氏電子有限公司 Wong's Electronics Company Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣1,000,000元 HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%	電子產品貿易 Electronic products trading
王氏工業 (集團)有限公司 Wong's Industrial (Holdings) Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣500元 HK\$500	100%	100%	投資控股 Investment holding
Wong's International Japan Inc.	日本 Japan	20,000,000日圓 JPY20,000,000	100%	100%	銷售及市場拓展 Sales and marketing
Wong's International USA Corporation	美國 United States of America	10,000美元 US\$10,000	100%	100%	市場拓展 Marketing
王氏策略有限公司 Wong's Strategic Limited	香港 Hong Kong	港幣100元 HK\$100	100%	100%	電子產品貿易 Electronic products trading

# 根據中國法律,此公司為外商獨資企業。

上表列出對本集團業績有重大影響或 佔本集團主要部分資產淨值之主要附 屬公司。本公司董事及本集團管理層認 為,載列其他附屬公司之全部詳情將過 分冗長。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度內任何時間,附屬公司概無任何已發 行貸款資本。 The company is a wholly-owned foreign enterprise under PRC law.

The above lists the principal subsidiaries which principally affected the results or formed a substantial portion of the net assets of the Group. To give details of other subsidiaries would, in the opinion of the Company's Directors and the Group's management, result in particulars of excessive length.

None of the subsidiaries had any loan capital in issue at any time during the year ended 31 December 2024.

## 的金融資產

#### (i) 按公允價值計入其他全面收入 的金融資產之分類

按公允價值計入其他全面收入的 金融資產包括並非持作買賣的股 本證券,且本集團已於初步確認 時不可撤回地選擇將其於此類別 內確認。該等證券為策略投資,且 本集團認為此分類更有相關性。

#### (ii) 按公允價值計入其他全面收入 的股權投資

按公允價值計入其他全面收入 的股權投資包括以下個別投資:

#### 20 按公允價值計入其他全面收入 20 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME**

#### (i) Classification of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and which the Group has irrevocably elected at initial recognition to recognise in this category. These are strategic investments and the Group considers this classification to be more relevant.

#### (ii) Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income

Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise the following individual investments:

		二零二四年 <b>2024</b> 港幣千元 <b>HK\$'000</b>	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
上市股本證券 一於香港上市 一於香港境外上市 非上市股本證券	Listed equity securities – Listed in Hong Kong – Listed outside Hong Kong Unlisted equity securities	53,866 8 17,342	73,252 8 26,878
 上市證券市值	Market value of listed securities	71,216 53,874	100,138 73,260
		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
非流動 流動	Non-current Current	71,185 31	100,080 58
總計	Total	71,216	100,138

## 的金融資產(續)

#### (ii) 按公允價值計入其他全面收入 的股權投資(續)

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度確認按公允價值計入其 他全面收入的金融資產之公允 價值虧損為港幣21.638.000元並 計入其他全面收入(二零二三年: 港幣21,267,000元)。

#### 20 按公允價值計入其他全面收入 20 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE **INCOME** (continued)

#### (ii) Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income (continued)

The fair value losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income of HK\$21,638,000 (2023: HK\$21,267,000) was recognised in other comprehensive income for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### 21 遞延所得税資產/(負債)

#### 21 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS/ (LIABILITIES)

以下為遞延所得税資產及遞延所得税 負債分析:

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities is as follows:

遞延税項負債淨值	Net deferred tax liabilities	(66,359)	(63,770)
遞延所得税負債	Deferred income tax liabilities	(81,523)	(83,250)
	Deferred income tax assets	15.164	19.480
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年

遞延所得税賬目變動如下:

The movements on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		—	_≈+ 2023
		2024 港幣千元	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於一月一日	At 1 January	(63,770)	(61,408)
於綜合收益表確認(附註12)	Recognised in the consolidated income		
	statement (Note 12)	(2,065)	(2,323)
於其他全面收入確認	Recognised in other comprehensive income	(944)	828
貨幣換算差額	Currency translation differences	420	(867)
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	(66,359)	(63,770)

### 21 遞延所得税資產/(負債) 21 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS/ (續) (LIABILITIES) (continued)

未計入抵銷同一税務機關之結餘前, 遞延所得税資產及負債於年內之變動 如下: The movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

遞延所得税資產:

Deferred income tax assets:

		減速税項折舊 Decelerated tax	撥備	政府補助 Government	税項虧損	總額
		<b>depreciation</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>Provision</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>grant</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>Tax loss</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二零二三年一月一日 於綜合收益表計入/(扣除)	At 1 January 2023 Credited/(charged) to the consolidated	13,930	11,321	1,283	564	27,098
	income statement	(2,028)	292	(1,266)	-	(3,002)
貨幣換算差額	Currency translation differences	(886)	(161)	(17)	-	(1,064)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日 於綜合收益表扣除	At 31 December 2023 Charged to the consolidated	11,016	11,452	-	564	23,032
	income statement	(3,770)	(3,844)	-	-	(7,614)
貨幣換算差額	Currency translation differences	322	(335)	-	-	(13)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2024	7,568	7,273	-	564	15,405

遞延所得税負債:

#### Deferred income tax liabilities:

		加速税項折舊	物業公允 價值調整 Fair value	股息預扣税 Dividend	衍生工具 公允價值	總額
		Accelerated tax	adjustment on	withholding	Fair value of	
		depreciation	properties	tax	derivative	Total
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1 January 2023	(18,957)	(60,343)	(7,090)	(2,116)	(88,506)
於綜合收益表計入/(扣除)	Credited/(charged) to the consolidated					
	income statement	2,122	364	(1,807)	-	679
於其他全面收入計入	Credited to the other comprehensive income	-	-	-	828	828
貨幣換算差額	Currency translation differences	91	-	106	-	197
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2023	(16,744)	(59,979)	(8,791)	(1,288)	(86,802)
於綜合收益表計入/(扣除)	Credited/(charged) to the consolidated					
	income statement	1,583	6,808	(2,842)	-	5,549
於其他全面收入扣除	Charged to the other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(944)	(944)
貨幣換算差額	Currency translation differences	53	-	380	-	433
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2024	(15,108)	(53,171)	(11,253)	(2,232)	(81,764)

### 21 遞 延 所 得 税 資 產 /(負 債) 21 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS/ (續) (LIABILITIES) (continued)

遞延所得税資產乃因應相關税務利益 可能透過未來應課税利潤變現而就 所結轉之税項虧損進行確認。於二零 二四年十二月三十一日,本集團可用 以抵銷香港未來利潤之估計未動用税 項虧損約為港幣473,956,000元(二零 二三年:港幣411,216,000元),有關虧 損可無限期結轉。由於透過該等結轉之 税項虧損之未來應課税利潤變現有關 税項利益的機會不高,故未就税項虧損 確認遞延税項資產。香港附屬公司的 税項虧損約港幣403,069,000元(二零 二三年:港幣351,308,000元)可無限期 結轉及一間越南附屬公司的税項虧損 約港幣70.887.000元(二零二三年:港 幣59,908,000元)可於未來五年結轉。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,就於 中國註冊成立的附屬公司的未分派保 留利潤的預扣税確認遞延税項負債港 幣11,481,000元(二零二三年:港幣 8,791,000元)且未就若干於中國註冊成 立之附屬公司的剩餘未分派保留盈利 確認遞延税項負債,原因是分派剩餘未 分派保留盈利可能性不大。於二零二四 年十二月三十一日,本集團的中國註冊 成立附屬公司的未分派保留利潤合共 約港幣1,253,601,000元(二零二三年: 港幣1,271,825,000元)。就中國註冊成 立之附屬公司所分派股息之適用預扣 税率介乎5%至10%。 Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 December 2024, the Group has estimated unused tax losses of approximately HK\$473,956,000 (2023: HK\$411,216,000) available for offsetting against future profits in Hong Kong, which can be carriedforward indefinitely. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses as the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profit from these tax loss carryforwards is not probable. The tax losses amounted to approximately HK\$403.069.000 (2023: HK\$351,308,000) from Hong Kong subsidiaries can be carried forward indefinitely and approximately HK\$70,887,000 (2023: HK\$59,908,000) from a Vietnam subsidiary which can be carried forward in coming five years.

As at 31 December 2024, deferred tax liability of HK\$11,481,000 (2023: HK\$8,791,000) has been recognised in respect of the withholding tax on the undistributed retained profits of a PRC incorporated subsidiary and no deferred tax liability recognised for the remaining undistributed retained earnings of certain PRC incorporated subsidiaries as the distribution of the remaining undistributed retained earnings is not probable. As at 31 December 2024, the Group's PRC incorporated subsidiaries have approximately HK\$1,253,601,000 (2023: HK\$1,271,825,000) undistributed retained profits in aggregate. The applicable withholding tax rate on dividend distributed by PRC incorporated subsidiaries is ranged from 5% to 10%.

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
原材料	Raw materials	141,401	192,552
在製品	Work in progress	19,208	29,212
製成品	Finished goods	98,105	150,532
		258,714	372,296

**22 INVENTORIES** 

#### 22 存貨

#### 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度,存貨撥備之撥回港幣11,976,000 元(二零二三年:港幣2,375,000元) 在綜合收益表內的「所使用之原料及 消耗品」確認。

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the reversal of provision for inventories of HK\$11,976,000 (2023: HK\$2,375,000) was recognised in 'raw materials and consumables used' in the consolidated income statement.

#### 23 已完成物業存貨

#### 23 STOCK OF COMPLETED PROPERTIES

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於一月一日 撇減已完成物業存貨之撥備	At 1 January Provision for write-down of stock of completed properties	201,402 (41,258)	203,610 (2,208)
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	160,144	201,402

已完成物業存貨包括:

Stock of completed properties comprised:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
商業辦公室單位 車位	Commercial office units Car parking spaces	140,140 20,004	181,300 20,102
		160,144	201,402

#### 23 已完成物業存貨(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,已完 成物業存貨全部均位於香港,並按可 變現淨值港幣160,144,000元(二零 二三年:港幣201,402,000元)列值, 其在截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度之綜合收益表內確認撇減撥備 港幣41,258,000元(二零二三年:港幣 2,208,000元)。已完成物業存貨已抵押 作為本集團貸款之抵押品(附註30)。

## 23 STOCK OF COMPLETED PROPERTIES (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, stock of completed properties are all located in Hong Kong and carried at net realisable value amounted to HK\$160,144,000 (2023: HK\$201,402,000) and provision for write-down of HK\$41,258,000 (2023: HK\$2,208,000) was recognised in the consolidated income statement during the year ended 31 December 2024. The stock of completed properties were pledged as collateral for the Group's borrowings (Note 30).

#### 24 應收貿易賬款

#### 24 TRADE RECEIVABLES

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
應收貿易賬款 減:應收貿易賬款之減值撥備	Trade receivables Less: allowance for impairment of trade receivables	865,545 (438)	810,914 (2,325)
		865,107	808,589

本集團給予貿易客戶之賒賬期主要介 乎30日至120日不等,且並無收取任 何利息。

本集團設有既定信貸政策。一般信貸 期為一至四個月。每位客戶均有最高 信貸額。本集團設法維持嚴格控制其 被拖欠之應收賬款,以減低信貸風險。 本集團並無就應收貿易賬款結餘持有 任何抵押品或採用其他信貸提升措 施。高級管理人員定期檢討逾期結餘。 應收貿易賬款乃不計息。 The credit period allowed by the Group to its trade customers mainly ranges from 30 days to 120 days and no interest is charged.

A defined credit policy is maintained within the Group. The general credit terms range from one to four months. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise its credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Overdue balances are regularly reviewed by senior management. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

#### 24 應收貿易賬款(續)

#### 24 TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

本集團應收貿易賬款按發票日期之賬 齡分析如下: Ageing analysis of the Group's trade receivables by invoice date is as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
0至60日	0 – 60 days	506,851	531,396
61至90日	61 – 90 days	180,405	154,137
超過90日	Over 90 days	178,289	125,381
		865,545	810,914

本集團應用香港財務報告準則第9號 計量預期信貸虧損之簡化方法,就所 有應收貿易賬款使用年期預期虧損撥 備。附註3.1(b)提供有關計算該撥備 之詳情。 The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. Note 3.1(b) provides for details about the calculation of the allowance.

The carrying amount of trade receivables approximate their fair values.

本集團應收貿易賬款以下列貨幣計值:

應收貿易賬款之賬面值與公允價值相若。

The Group's trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
 美元	United States dollar	407,075	317,743
人民幣	Chinese renminbi	442,590	475,423
日圓	Japanese yen	-	1,101
港幣	Hong Kong dollar	15,880	16,647
		865,545	810,914

## 25 預付款項、訂金及其他應收賬款 25 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
固定資產之按金	Deposits for fixed assets	10,979	17,697
預付存貨	Prepayments for inventories	5,944	20,948
應收增值税	Value added tax receivables	3,670	6,242
租金、管理費及公共事業按金	Rental, management and utility deposits	11,563	6,881
應收銀行利息收入	Bank interest income receivables	6,420	4,146
其他應收賬款及預付款項	Other receivables and prepayments	64,544	63,277
		103,120	119,191
減:非流動部分	Less: non-current portion	(27,050)	(24,578)
流動部分	Current portion	76,070	94,613

預付款項、訂金及其他應收賬款以下 列貨幣計值: The prepayments, deposits and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
人民幣	Chinese renminbi	50,545	65,467
美元	United States dollar	2,056	12,346
港幣	Hong Kong dollar	41,329	38,089
日圓	Japanese yen	414	425
越南盾	Vietnam dong	8,508	1,376
其他	Others	268	1,488
		103,120	119,191

#### 26 現金及現金等價物<sup>、</sup>短期銀行 26 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, 存款及受限制現金 SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS AND RESTRICTED CASH

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
手頭現金	Cash on hand	343	345
銀行存款	Cash at bank	719,503	941,695
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	719,846	942,040
原到期日為超過三個月之	Short-term bank deposits with original		
短期銀行存款	maturity over three months	498,285	284,844
受限制現金	Restricted cash	117,345	121,164
現金及現金等價物、 短期銀行存款	Cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits and restricted cash		
及受限制現金	·	1,335,476	1,348,048

現金及現金等價物、短期銀行存款及 受限制現金以下列貨幣計值: Cash and cash equivalents, short-term bank deposits and restricted cash were denominated in the following currencies:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
 港幣	Hong Kong dollar	36,863	59,758
人民幣	Chinese renminbi	802,757	722,844
美元	United States dollar	489,791	561,842
其他	Others	6,065	3,604
		1,335,476	1,348,048

短期銀行存款之加權平均實際年利率為5.73%(二零二三年:6.18%)。

銀行存款按基於每日銀行存款利率之 浮動利率賺取利息。 The weighted average effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was 5.73% (2023: 6.18%) per annum.

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

## 存款及受限制現金(續)

銀行存款、短期存款以及受限制現金 港幣1,197,845,000元(二零二三年: 港幣1,201,444,000元) 乃於中國及越 南持有,須遵守當地外匯管控規定。 該等當地外匯管控規定載列對從國 家出口資金的限制,不包括透過一般 股息。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,受 限制現金港幣117.345.000元(二零 二三年:港幣121,164,000元)主要 為於銀行持有的受限制存款港幣 116,814,000元(二零二三年:港幣 120,129,000元),乃作為一間香 港附屬公司獲授的銀行融資儲備。 受限制現金將會自二零二五年六月 至二零二六年四月(二零二三年: 二零二四年三月至二零二四年十月) 到期, 並以人民幣計值。

#### 26 現金及現金等價物、短期銀行 26 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS. SHORT-TERM BANK DEPOSITS AND **RESTRICTED CASH (continued)**

Cash at bank, short-term deposits and restricted cash of HK\$1,197,845,000 (2023: HK\$1,201,444,000) are held in China and Vietnam and are subject to local exchange control regulations. These local exchange control regulations provide for restrictions on exporting capital from the country, other than through normal dividends.

As at 31 December 2024, restricted cash of HK\$117,345,000 (2023: HK\$121,164,000) are mainly restricted deposits held at bank of HK\$116,814,000 (2023: HK\$120,129,000) as reserve for banking facility granted to a subsidiary in Hong Kong. The restricted cash will mature from June 2025 to April 2026 (2023: March 2024 to October 2024), and are mainly denominated in Chinese renminbi.

#### 27 衍生金融工具

#### **27 DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

		二零	二四年	二零二	二三年
		20	)24	2023	
		資產	負債	資產	負債
		Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
利率掉期	Interest rate swap				
一現金流量對沖	- cash flow hedge				
非流動	Non-current	11,541	-	11,324	3,519
流動	Current	1,987	-	_	-

衍生工具僅用作經濟對沖用途而非 投機。

未 完 利 率 掉 期 合 約 於 二 零 二 四 年 十二月三十一日之名義本金額為港幣 1,500,000,000元(二零二三年:港幣 1,500,000,000元)。

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日,所有利率掉期合約符合對沖 標準。倘利率掉期合約預期於報告期末 後十二個月內結算,即會呈列為流動資 產或負債。有關未完利率掉期將會自 二零二五年至二零二七年(二零二三年: 二零二五年至二零二七年)到期。

本集團有關現金流量對沖之會計政 策載於附註2.2.8。有關釐定衍生工具 公允價值所用之方法及假設請參閱 附註3.3。 Derivatives are only used for economic hedging purposes and not as speculative investments.

The notional principal amount of the outstanding interest rate swap contracts at 31 December 2024 was HK\$1,500,000,000 (2023: HK\$1,500,000,000).

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, all interest rate swap contracts meet the hedging criteria. They are presented as current assets or liabilities if they are expected to be settled within twelve months after the end of the reporting period. The outstanding interest rate swaps will mature from 2025 to 2027 (2023: 2025 to 2027).

The Group's accounting policy for its cash flow hedges is set out in Note 2.2.8. For information about the methods and assumptions used in determining the fair value of derivatives please refer to Note 3.3.

#### 28 應付貿易賬款

#### **28 TRADE PAYABLES**

本集團應付貿易賬款按發票日期之賬 齡分析如下: Ageing analysis of the Group's trade payables by invoice date is as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0至60日	0 – 60 days	376,770	362,364
61至90日	61 – 90 days	47,815	56,047
超過90日	Over 90 days	123,436	127,236
		548,021	545,647

本集團應付貿易賬款以下列貨幣計值:

The Group's trade payables are denominated in the following currencies:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
港幣	Hong Kong dollar	66,984	71,559
人民幣	Chinese renminbi	162,128	141,456
美元	United States dollar	306,914	327,578
日圓	Japanese yen	2,470	1,440
歐元	Euro	7,154	1,836
越南盾	Vietnam dong	1,866	1,778
其他	Others	505	_
		548,021	545,647

### **29** 應計費用及其他應付賬款 **29** ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
應計僱員福利成本	Accrued employee benefit costs	98,773	107,423
其他應付税項	Other tax payables	1,965	5,655
應計航運、交付及儲存費用	Accrued freight, delivery and storage charges	10,083	11,904
應計公共事業費用	Accrued utilities charges	667	1,128
應計應付建築費	Accrued construction payables	23,371	21,683
修復成本撥備	Provision for reinstatement cost	6,120	6,153
其他	Others	87,510	71,586
		228,489	225,532
減:非流動部分	Less: non-current portion	(6,120)	(6,153)
流動部分	Current portion	222,369	219,379

本集團應計費用及其他應付賬款以下 列貨幣計值:

The Group's accruals and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
人民幣	Chinese renminbi	69,303	83,134
港幣	Hong Kong dollar	107,335	106,240
美元	United States dollar	35,344	31,576
越南盾	Vietnam dong	15,854	3,993
日圓	Japanese yen	77	93
其他	Others	576	496
		228,489	225,532

## 30 貸款

#### **30 BORROWINGS**

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
信託收據銀行貸款,無抵押	Trust receipt bank loans, unsecured	223,390	338,790
短期銀行貸款,無抵押	Short-term bank loans, unsecured	299,000	275,000
短期銀行貸款,有抵押	Short-term bank loans, secured	115,700	103,000
含有按要求償還條款的	Long-term bank loans which contains		
長期銀行貸款,有抵押	a repayment on demand clause, secured	-	38,138
部分長期銀行貸款,	Portion of long-term bank loans due		
於一年內償還 <sup>,</sup> 有抵押	for repayment within one year, secured	104,408	99,910
部分長期銀行貸款,	Portion of long-term bank loans due		
於一年後償還,有抵押	for repayment after one year, secured	876,430	935,840
總貸款	Total borrowings	1,618,928	1,790,678
	Non-current	876,430	935,840
流動	Current	742,498	854,838
總貸款	Total borrowings	1,618,928	1,790,678

團貸款之償還情況如下:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集 At 31 December 2024, the Group's borrowings were repayable as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000_
1年內	Within 1 year	742,498	854,838
1至2年	Between 1 and 2 years	521,060	385,508
2至5年	Between 2 and 5 years	355,370	550,332
總貸款	Total borrowings	1,618,928	1,790,678

#### 30 貸款(續)

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,港幣 1,096,538,000元(二零二三年:港幣 1,176,888,000元)之短期銀行貸款及 長期銀行貸款以下列各項為保證:

- 於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 賬面值約港幣18,556,000元 (二零二三年:港幣19,145,000元) 之物業、廠房及設備、賬面值約 港幣51,926,000元(二零二三年: 港幣53,574,000元)之使用權資 產、賬面值約港幣1,444,700,000元 (二零二三年:港幣1,915,000,000 元)之投資物業及賬面值約港幣 160,144,000元(二零二三年:港幣 201,402,000元)之已完成物業存 貨之押記;
- 本公司一家間接全資附屬公司 所提供港幣116,814,000元(二零 二三年:港幣120,129,000元)之受 限制現金;
- 本公司一家間接全資附屬公司所 提供上限為港幣760,000,000元之 擔保。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集 團之貸款由本公司提供之企業擔保作 擔保。

#### 30 BORROWINGS (continued)

As at 31 December 2024, the short-term and longterm bank loans of HK\$1,096,538,000 (2023: HK\$1,176,888,000) were secured by the following:

- As at 31 December 2024, charges over property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of approximately HK\$18,556,000 (2023: HK\$19,145,000), right-of-use assets with carrying amount of approximately HK\$51,926,000 (2023: HK\$53,574,000), investment properties with carrying amount of approximately HK\$1,444,700,000 (2023: HK\$1,915,000,000) and stock of completed properties with carrying amount of approximately HK\$160,144,000 (2023: HK\$201,402,000);
- Restricted cash of HK\$116,814,000 (2023: HK\$120,129,000) from an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company;
- A guarantee limited to HK\$760,000,000 from an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group's borrowings were guaranteed by the corporate guarantee given by the Company.

#### 30 貸款(續)

除上述各項外,本集團已同意遵守某些 銀行施加之若干財務限制契約。

因流動貸款之到期日較短,故其賬面值 與公允價值相若。

非流動貸款之賬面值與其公允價值相 若。公允價值乃根據按即期貸款利率折 現之現金流量,並屬於公允價值等級 第2級。

本集團貸款以港幣計值。

貸款於報告期末之實際年利率如下:

30 BORROWINGS (continued)

In addition to the above, the Group has agreed to comply with certain restrictive financial covenants imposed by certain banks.

The carrying amounts of the current borrowings approximate their fair values due to their short maturities.

The carrying amount of the non-current borrowing approximates its fair value. The fair value is based on the cash flow discounted using a rate based on current borrowing rate and is within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The Group's borrowings are denominated in Hong Kong dollar.

The effective annual interest rates of borrowings at the end of the reporting periods are as follows:

		二零二四年 <b>2024</b>	二零二三年 2023
長期銀行貸款	Long-term bank loans	4.53%-6.05%	6.15%-6.47%
信託收據銀行貸款	Trust receipt bank loans	5.28%-5.43%	5.97%-6.12%
短期銀行貸款	Short-term bank loans	5.48%-5.78%	6.27%-6.47%

#### 股份數目 面值 Number of Nominal shares value 港幣千元 HK\$'000 每股面值港幣0.10元之普通股 Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each 法定股本: Authorised: 於二零二三年一月一日、 At 1 January 2023, 二零二三年十二月三十一日及 31 December 2023 and 二零二四年十二月三十一日 **31 December 2024** 700,000,000 70,000 已發行及繳足股本: Issued and fully paid: 於二零二三年一月一日、 At 1 January 2023, 二零二三年十二月三十一日及 31 December 2023 and 二零二四年十二月三十一日 31 December 2024 478,483,794 47,848

年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購 買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。 Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year.

#### 31 股本

## 31 SHARE CAPITAL

		11X 1/1 / 1   1   1	奥牛瀬口庫冊 Capital	人员通过	汝貝里山蹢禰 Investment	法戶福備	匯兄儲領	對并簡備	沃 田 館 人	<b>然</b> 然
		Share	redemption	Contributed	revaluation	Statutory	Translation	Hedging	Retained	
		<b>premium</b> 谦利于正	<b>reserve</b> 崔素千元	<b>surplus</b> 崔秋十正	<b>reserve</b> 谦柔于正	<b>reserve</b>	<b>reserve</b> 谦雅	<b>reserve</b> 举刑	<b>earnings</b>	<b>Total</b> 谦赖千元
		HK\$,000	000,\$XH	HK\$'000 (附註a) (Note a)	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 (附註b) (Note b)	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000	HK\$,000
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1 January 2023	153,025	345	331,559	13,990	148,695	(139,029)	10,706	3,845,954	4,365,245
年度利潤	Profit for the year	I	I	I	I	I		I	152,726	152,726
出售按公允價值計入	Loss on disposal of financial									
其他全面收入的	assets at fair value through									
金融資產之虧損	other comprehensive income	I	I	I	(5,300)	I	I	I	I	(5, 300)
按公允價值計入其他全面	Changes in fair value of financial									
收入旳缸融資産	assets at fair value through				100 F0					
公元價恒愛凱 々な言事に	Other comprehensive income	I	I	I	(797,12)	I	I	I	I	(/97,12)
現蛍消重到沖ケトゥン雁井寺市	Cash flow hedge - fair value							Î		Î
一年度公允價值虧預 <	losses for the year	I	I	I	I	I	I	(5,017)	I	(5,017)
現金派重對沖	Cash flow hedge – deferred									
一己確認遞延所得税	income tax recognised	I	I	I	I	I	I .	828	I	828
貨幣換算差額	Currency translation differences	I	I	I	I	I	(24,909)	I	I	(24,909)
已付股息	Dividends paid	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	(35,887)	(35,887)
轉撥至法定儲備	Transfer to statutory reserve	I	I	ļ	ļ	1,217	I	I	(1,217)	I
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2023	153,025	345	331,559	(12,577)	149,912	(163,938)	6,517	3,961,576	4,426,419
於二零二四年一月一日	At 1 January 2024	153,025	345	331,559	(12,577)	149,912	(163,938)	6,517	3,961,576	4,426,419
年度虧損	Loss for the year	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	(837,464)	(837,464)
出售按公允價值計入	Gain on disposal of financial									
其他全面收入的	assets at fair value through									
金融資產之收益	other comprehensive income	I.	1	1	395	1	1	1	1	395
按公允價值計入其他全面	Changes in fair value of financial									
收入的金融資產	assets at fair value through									
公允價值變動	other comprehensive income	I.	1	1	(21,638)	1	ı.	1	1	(21,638)
現金鴻量對泊	Cash flow hedge – fair value									
- 年度公允價值虧損	losses for the year	T	1	1	T	1	T	5,723	1	5,723
現金消量對注	Cash flow hedge – deferred									
已確認遞延所得税	income tax recognised	T	1	1	T	1	T	(944)	1	(944)
幣換算差額	Currency translation differences	T	1	1	T	1	(75,424)	1	1	(75,424)
已付股息	Dividends paid	T	1	T	T	T	1	1	(27,513)	(27,513)
轉撥至法定儲備	Transfer to statutory reserve	1	1	1	1	3,860	1	1	(3,860)	1

**32 RESERVES** 

32 儲備

#### 32 儲備(續)

- 附註a: 本集團之實繳盈餘指本集團於一九九零年 重組時所收購附屬公司股份之面值與本公 司就收購而發行股份之面值兩者之差額。
- 附註b: 中國內地法規訂明,本公司於中國內地成 立及經營之附屬公司須分配一部分除税 後利潤(抵銷過往年度虧損後)至一般儲 備及企業擴展基金。

就一般儲備而言,根據中國會計法例及法 規之釐定,中國實體須將其純利至少10% 轉撥至法定一般儲備。有關數額須於向權 益股東作出股息分派前轉撥至該儲備。當 儲備結餘達到各實體註冊資本之50%,則 可選擇作出任何進一步之分配。一般儲備 可用於抵銷過往年度虧損或用於發行紅股 股份。

就企業擴展基金而言,分配之百分比乃由 董事每年釐定。企業擴展基金可用於業務 經營發展。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度·港幣3,860,000元(二零二三年:港幣 1,217,000元)獲分配至一般儲備及企業 擴展。

#### 32 **RESERVES** (continued)

- Note a: The contributed surplus of the Group represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the acquired subsidiaries, and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the Group's reorganisation in 1990.
- Note b: As stipulated by regulations in Mainland China, the Company's subsidiaries established and operated in Mainland China are required to appropriate a portion of their after – tax profit (after offsetting prior years' losses) to the general reserve and the enterprise expansion fund.

For the general reserve, the PRC entities are required to transfer at least 10% of its net profit, as determined under the PRC accounting rules and regulations, to the statutory general reserve. The transfer to this reserve must be made before distribution of dividends to equity owners. When the balance of reserve reaches 50% of each entity's registered capital, any further appropriation is optional. The general reserve can be utilised to offset prior year losses or be utilised for the issuance of bonus shares.

For the enterprise expansion fund, the percentage of appropriation is determined annually by the directors. The enterprise expansion fund can be utilised for the development of business operations.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, HK\$3,860,000 (2023: HK\$1,217,000) was appropriated to the general reserve and the enterprise expansion.

### 33. 按類別劃分之金融工具 33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

本集團持有以下金融工具:

The Group holds the following financial instruments:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
金融資產	Financial assets		
以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost		
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	865,107	808,589
訂金及其他應收賬款	Deposits and other receivables	42,574	32,937
受限制現金	Restricted cash	117,345	121,164
短期銀行存款	Short-term bank deposits	498,285	284,844
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	719,846	942,040
按公允價值計入其他	Financial assets at fair value through		
全面收入的金融資產	other comprehensive income	71,216	100,138
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	13,528	11,324
		2,327,901	2,301,036
金融負債	Financial liabilities		
以攤銷成本列賬之負債	Liabilities at amortised cost		
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	548,021	545,647
應計費用及其他應付賬款	Accruals and other payables	121,631	219,379
貸款	Borrowings	1,618,928	1,790,678
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	1,714	16,168
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	3,519
		2,290,294	2,575,391

### 34 綜合現金流量表

### 34 CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS

(a) 除所得税前(虧損) /利潤與 營運產生的現金淨額之對賬 如下:

#### (a) Reconciliation of (loss)/profit before income tax to net cash generated from operations is as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
營運活動	Operating activities		
除所得税前(虧損)/利潤	(Loss)/profit before income tax	(782,828)	200,115
就下列各項調整:	Adjustments for:		
融資成本-淨額	Finance costs – net	50,000	64,441
應佔合營企業	Share of losses/(profits) of		
虧損/(利潤)	joint ventures	446,747	(49,462)
折舊	Depreciation	49,874	65,558
出售物業、廠房及設備	Gains on disposals of property,		
之收益	plant and equipment	(1,275)	(1,961)
應收貿易賬款之減值	Reversal of provision for impairment		
虧損撥備撥回	losses on trade receivables	(1,887)	(1,143)
租賃修改的收益	Gains on lease modification	-	(333)
撇銷物業、廠房及設備	Write-off of property, plant and equipment		8,055
其他應付賬款撥回	Write-back of other payables	(5,510)	(5,930)
股息收入	Dividend income	(3,310) (252)	(1,827)
<sub>成</sub> 忘收八 已完成物業存貨撇減	Provision for write down of stock	(232)	(1,027)
之撥備	of completed properties	41,258	2,208
~ <sup>12 開</sup> 投資物業公允價值變動	Change in fair value of investment	41,230	2,200
仅頁初未厶九頁直愛勤	0	470 744	10.060
存貨撥備之撥回	properties Reversal of provision of inventories	472,741	12,062
		(11,976)	(2,375)
營運資金變動前之	Operating cash flows before changes		
經營現金流量	in working capital	256,892	289,408
存貨	Inventories	113,404	111,563
應收貿易賬款	Trade receivables	(78,941)	254,710
預付款項、訂金及	Prepayments, deposits and other		
其他應收賬款	receivables	8,413	(12,244)
應付貿易賬款	Trade payables	13,911	(160,583)
應計費用及其他應付賬款	Accruals and other payables	10,764	(2,565)
合約負債	Contract liabilities	(286)	4,928
營運產生的現金	Cash generated from operations	324,157	485,217

34 綜合現金流量表(續)

## 34 CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS (continued)

- (b) 在現金流量表內<sup>,</sup>出售物業、 廠房及設備所得款項包括:
- (b) In the cash flow statement, proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment comprise:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
賬面淨值 出售物業、廠房及設備 之收益	Net book amount Gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	511 1,275	4,363 1,961
出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項	Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	1,786	6,324

#### (c) 債務淨額對賬

#### (c) Net debt reconciliation

本節載列於各呈列期間債務淨 額分析及債務淨額變動。 This section sets out an analysis of net debt and the movements in net debt for each of the period presented.

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	719,846	942,040
短期銀行存款	Short-term bank deposits	498,285	284,844
受限制現金	Restricted cash	117,345	121,164
租賃負債-流動部分	Lease liabilities - current portion	(1,714)	(14,676)
租賃負債-非流動部分	Lease liabilities – non-current portion	-	(1,492)
貸款-須於一年內償還	Borrowings – repayable within one year	(742,498)	(854,838)
貸款-須於一年後償還	Borrowings - repayable after one year	(876,430)	(935,840)
債務淨額	Net debt	(285,166)	(458,798)

### 34 綜合現金流量表(續)

## 34 CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS (continued)

#### (c) 債務淨額對賬(續)

### (c) Net debt reconciliation (continued)

		融資活動之負債 Liabilities from financing activities						
		現金及 現金等價物 Cash and cash	短期 銀行存款 Short- term bank	受限制現金 Restricted	和賃負債 Lease	貸款一須 於一年內償還 Borrowings – repayable	貨款─須 於一年後償還 Borrowings – repayable	總額
		<b>equivalents</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>deposits</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>cash</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>liabilities</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>within one year</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>after one year</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二零二三年一月一日之債務淨額	Net debt as at 1 January 2023	544,537	546,736	125,757	(38,333)	(952,674)	(1,070,294)	(844,271)
現金流量 外匯調整 其他非現金變動	Cash flows Foreign exchange adjustments Other non-cash movements	398,702 (1,199) -	(256,218) (5,674) –	(2,945) (1,648) -	16,136 214 5,815	232,290 - (134,454)	- - 134,454	387,965 (8,307) 5,815
於二零二三年十二月三十一日 之債務淨額	Net debt as at 31 December 2023	942,040	284,844	121,164	(16,168)	(854,838)	(935,840)	(458,798)
現金流量 外匯調整 其他非現金變動	Cash flows Foreign exchange adjustments Other non-cash movements	(195,885) (26,309) –	228,395 (14,954) –	643 (4,462) -	13,917 537 -	171,750 - (59,410)	- - 59,410	218,820 (45,188) -
於二零二四年十二月三十一日 之債務淨額	Net debt as at 31 December 2024	719,846	498,285	117,345	(1,714)	(742,498)	(876,430)	(285,166)

#### 35 公司層面之財務狀況表及儲備 35 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF 變動 FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT

			二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
資產	ASSETS			
非流動資產	Non-current asset			
附屬公司的投資	Investments in subsidiaries		563,366	563,366
流動資產	Current assets			
預付款項、訂金及	Prepayments, deposits and			
其他應收賬款	other receivables		363	333
應收附屬公司款項	Amounts due from subsidiaries		548,774	548,774
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents		2,508	1,575
			551,645	550,682
	Total assets		1,115,011	1,114,048
 權益	EQUITY			
歸屬於本公司擁有人 之權益	Equity attributable to owners of the Company			
股本	Share capital		47,848	47,848
其他儲備	Other reserves 附	註 Note	675,934	675,934
保留盈利	Retained earnings 附	註 Note	58,839	88,347
總權益	Total equity		782,621	812,129
	LIABILITIES			
流動負債	Current liabilities			
應計費用及其他應付賬款	Accruals and other payables		3,185	3,155
應付附屬公司款項	Amounts due to subsidiaries		329,205	298,764
總負債	Total liabilities		332,390	301,919
總權益及負債	Total equity and liabilities		1,115,011	1,114,048
流動資產淨值	Net current assets		219,255	248,763
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		782,621	812,129

財務報表已於二零二五年三月二十六日 獲董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下列 董事代表簽署:

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 March 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

**王忠秣** *主席 兼行政總裁*  **王賢敏** *董事*  WONG CHUNG MAT, BEN Chairman and Chief Executive Officer WONG YIN MAN, ADA Director

#### 

附註:本公司儲備變動

#### Note: Reserves movement of the Company

		股份溢價	資本贖回儲備 Capital	實繳盈餘	保留盈利	總額
		Share	redemption	Contributed	Retained	
		premium	reserve	surplus	earnings	Total
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二零二三年一月一日	At 1 January 2023	153,025	345	522,564	76,710	752,644
年度利潤	Profit for the year	-	-	-	47,524	47,524
股息	Dividends	-	-	-	(35,887)	(35,887)
於二零二三年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2023	153,025	345	522,564	88,347	764,281
年度虧損	Loss for the year	-	-	-	(1,995)	(1,995)
股息	Dividends	-	-	-	(27,513)	(27,513)
於二零二四年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2024	153,025	345	522,564	58,839	734,773

本公司之實繳盈餘指本集團於一九九零年 重組時本公司所收購附屬公司相關資產淨 值之賬面值與本公司就收購而發行股份之 面值兩者之差額。根據公司法及本公司之 公司細則,本公司之實繳盈餘可供分派予 股東。 The contributed surplus of the Company represents the difference between the book values of the underlying net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company, and the nominal value of the Company's shares issued for the acquisition at the time of the Group's reorganisation in 1990. Under the Companies Act and the Bye-laws of the Company, contributed surplus of the Company is available for distribution to the shareholders.

#### 36 承擔

#### **36 COMMITMENTS**

- (a) 物業、廠房及設備之資本承擔如下:
- (a) Capital commitments in respect of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

		二零二四年	二零二三年
		2024	2023
		港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
已訂約但未撥備	Contracted but not provided for	7,713	8,547

(b) 於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 本集團根據多份不可撤銷之租 賃樓宇經營租賃日後應收之租 金收入分析如下: (b) As at 31 December 2024, the Group's future rental income receivables under various noncancellable operating leases in respect of rented premises are analysed as follows:

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
一年內 第二至第五年	Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive	51,125	27,980
(包括首尾兩年)		72,029	48,678
		123,154	76,658

經營租賃收款指本集團就出租其投資物業應收之租金。租約及租金按平均年期3年磋商及釐定(二零二三年:3年)。

Operating lease receipts represent rentals receivable by the Group for leasing its investment properties. Leases and rentals are negotiated and fixed for an average of 3 years (2023: 3 years).

#### 37 關連人士交易

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司 之最大股東為王忠秣先生(個人及透過 Salop Hong Kong Limited,其乃由彼全 資擁有及控制之公司)。

#### (a) 與關連人士之結餘

應收合營企業款項載於綜合財務 狀況表。有關條款載於附註18。

#### (b) 擔保

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 本公司就其附屬公司獲授約港幣 2,733,523,000元(二零二三年: 港幣2,827,435,000元)之銀行融 資,向銀行提供企業擔保。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日, 附屬公司所動用的融資約為港幣 1,618,928,000元(二零二三年: 港幣1,790,678,000元)。

#### (c) 主要管理人員報酬

#### **37 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

As at 31 December 2024, the largest shareholder of the Company was Mr. Wong Chung Mat, Ben (personally and via Salop Hong Kong Limited, a company wholly-owned and controlled by him).

#### (a) Balances with related parties

The amounts due from joint ventures are set out in the consolidated statement of financial position. The terms are set out in Note 18.

#### (b) Guarantee

As at 31 December 2024, the Company has provided corporate guarantee given to the banks in respect of banking facilities of approximately HK\$2,733,523,000 (2023: HK\$2,827,435,000) granted to its subsidiaries.

The facilities utilised by the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$1,618,928,000 (2023: HK\$1,790,678,000).

#### (c) Key management compensation

		二零二四年 2024 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二零二三年 2023 港幣千元 HK\$'000
	Salaries and allowances Bonus	15,069 6,554	16,041 7,011
退休金成本-界定供款計劃	Pension costs – defined contribution schemes	36	62
	contribution schemes	21,659	23,114

## 主要物業列表

物業名稱及位置	別類	概約總樓面 面積 (平方米)	地段編號	用途	租賃期限	完成階段	本集團 權益
Name of property and location	Туре	Approximate Gross Floor Areas (sq.m.)	Lot Number	Purpose	Lease Expiry	Stage of Completion	Group Interest
位於香港之投資物業 Investment properties in Hong Kong							
香港九龍官塘海濱道181號One Harbour Square 9樓、 10樓、12樓、15樓、16樓、17樓、18樓、19樓及20樓	辦公室		官塘內地段 173號	辦公室	二零四七年 六月三十日	已完成	
9th, 10th, 12th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th, 19th and 20th floors, One Harbour Square, 181 Hoi Bun Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong	Office	12,089	Kwun Tong Inland Lot No. 173	Office	30 June 2047	Completed	100%
香港九龍官塘海濱道181號One Harbour Square 43個停車位	停車位		官塘內地段 173號	泊車	二零四七年 六月三十日	已完成	
43 car parking spaces, One Harbour Square, 181 Hoi Bun Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong	Car parking spaces	538	Kwun Tong Inland Lot No. 173	Parking	30 June 2047	Completed	100%
位於香港之已完成物業存貨 Stock of completed properties in Hong Kong							
香港九龍官塘海濱道181號One Harbour Square 7樓	辦公室		官塘內地段 173號	辦公室	二零四七年 六月三十日	已完成	
7th floors, One Harbour Square, 181 Hoi Bun Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong	Office	1,354	Kwun Tong Inland Lot No. 173	Office	30 June 2047	Completed	100%
香港九龍官塘海濱道181號One Harbour Square 14個停車位	停車位		官塘內地段 173號	泊車	二零四七年 六月三十日	已完成	
14 car parking spaces, One Harbour Square, 181 Hoi Bun Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong	Car parking spaces	175	Kwun Tong Inland Lot No. 173	Parking	30 June 2047	Completed	100%

## WONG'S INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED 王氏國際集團有限公司

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