# **CIRTEK HOLDINGS LIMITED** 常達控股有限公司

Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability 於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司

STOCK CODE 股份代號:1433

# $2024 \text{ ANNUAL REPORT} \\ \text{Fgage}$

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# CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. CHAN Sing Ming Barry (Chairman) Ms. LAW Miu Lan (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. CHAN Tsz Fung

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LAM Chor Ki Dick Mr. LEE Tak Cheong Ms. LUK Mei Yan

# AUDIT COMMITTEE

Ms. LUK Mei Yan *(Chairman)* Mr. LEE Tak Cheong Mr. LAM Chor Ki Dick

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. LEE Tak Cheong *(Chairman)* Ms. LAW Miu Lan Ms. LUK Mei Yan

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. CHAN Sing Ming Barry (*Chairman*) Mr. CHAN Tsz Fung Mr. LAM Chor Ki Dick Mr. LEE Tak Cheong Ms. LUK Mei Yan

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. CHAN Wai Shing Kevin

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Vistra (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman, KY1-1205 Cayman Islands

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

1/F, Wing Ming Industrial Centre 15 Cheung Yue Street Lai Chi Kok, Kowloon Hong Kong

#### 執行董事

陳醒明先生(*主席)* 羅妙蘭女士(行政總裁) 陳梓峰先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

林楚祺先生 李德昌先生 陸美恩女士

#### 審核委員會

陸美恩女士(*主席)* 李德昌先生 林楚祺先生

#### 薪酬委員會

李德昌先生(*主席)* 羅妙蘭女士 陸美恩女士

#### 提名委員會

陳醒明先生(主席) 陳梓峰先生 林楚祺先生 李德昌先生 陸美恩女士

#### 公司秘書

陳偉成先生

#### 註冊辦事處

Vistra (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman, KY1-1205 Cayman Islands

#### 香港主要營業地點

香港 九龍荔枝角 長裕街15號 永明工業中心1樓 CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited Level 10 HSBC Main Building 1 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Bank of China Tower, 1 Garden Road, Hong Kong

Citibank (Hong Kong) Limited 3 Garden Road, Central, Hong Kong

#### AUDITOR

Ernst & Young Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

#### 主要銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 香港 皇后大道中1號 滙豐總行大廈 10樓

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 香港花園道1號 中銀大廈

花旗銀行(香港)有限公司 香港 中環花園道3號

#### 核數師

安永會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師 香港鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓

# CAYMAN ISLANDS PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Vistra (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman, KY1-1205 Cayman Islands

#### HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

#### WEBSITE

http://www.cirtek.com

## **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

E-mail: information@cirtek.com

#### **STOCK CODE**

1433

#### 開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Vistra (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion Hibiscus Way 802 West Bay Road Grand Cayman, KY1-1205 Cayman Islands

## 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

#### 網站

http://www.cirtek.com

#### 投資者關係

電郵:information@cirtek.com

股份代號

1433

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

# **CONSOLIDATED RESULTS** 綜合業績

		For the year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度				
		<b>2024</b> 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Profit/(loss) before tax and impairment of non-financial	收益 除税及非金融 資產減值前溢	551,049	372,310	408,572	362,513	259,314
assets Impairment of non-financial	利/(虧損) 非金融資產減值	74,747	(11,585)	20,310	21,254	4,792
assets		-	(8,065)	(1,534)	_	_
Income tax expense Profit/(loss) for the year	所得税開支 年內溢利/	(12,888)	(6,026)	(6,218)	(6,270)	(3,145)
Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners	(虧損) 本公司擁有人 應佔年內	61,859	(25,676)	12,558	14,984	1,647
of the Company	溢利/(虧損)	61,859	(25,676)	12,558	14,984	1,647

			As at 31 December 於12月31日			
		<b>2024</b> 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 2022年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 2021年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 2020年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities Equity attributable to owners of the Company	資產總值 負債總額 本公司擁有人 應佔權益	452,430 206,496 245,934	369,425 174,393 195,032	395,067 155,807 239,260	401,028 151,362 249,666	361,692 125,566 236,126

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "**Board**") of directors (the "**Directors**") of Cirtek Holdings Limited (the "**Company**" or "**Cirtek**") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "**Group**"), I hereby present the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "**year under review**").

In 2024, the global economy struggled to move forward and faced multiple contradictions. The recovery in major markets around the world was uneven, with improved economic data but weak consumer confidence in the United States and a moderate recovery in Europe. Despite a slowdown in inflation, factors such as geopolitical issues hindered the pace of the retail market's recovery, and consumer sentiment remained cautious. Intensified market competition and supply chain integration also posed challenges to the manufacturing industry.

Despite the volatile market environment, the Group leveraged its global presence over the years, which has provided advantages in seizing business opportunities in the fast-changing market, resulting in continuous growth in sales and productivity during the year under review. With the Group's production bases in five major garment exporting countries, namely Mainland China, India, Bangladesh and Vietnam, as well as emerging locations such as Central America, where production has commenced in recent years, we have been able to immediately seize the opportunity of market demand recovery and recorded growth in revenue from each of the major markets, driving total revenue up by 48% year-on-year to HK\$551.1 million.

In addition, benefiting from economies of scale and with our upgraded automation and implementation of cost control measures, we were able to keep our costs within a stable range and offset some of the impact of raw material cost fluctuations to maintain profitability, with gross profit margins increasing to 49.1% year-on-year during the year under review. The forwardlooking strategic development and firm execution of business strategies have strengthened the Group's resilience and laid the foundation for future growth.

#### 各位股東:

本人謹代表常達控股有限公司(「常達」或「本 公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)董 事(「董事」)會(「董事會」),提呈本集團截至 2024年12月31日止年度(「回顧年內」)的全年 業績。

2024年,全球經濟在多重矛盾中艱難前行。 世界各地主要市場復甦步伐不一,例如美國 經濟數據有所改善但消費者信心欠穩,而歐 洲展現溫和復甦。即使通脹有所放緩,地緣 政治等因素卻窒礙了零售市場回升的速度, 消費意欲仍見審慎。市場競爭加劇,加上供 應鏈整合,亦對製造業造成挑戰。

儘管市場環境多變,本集團憑藉多年深耕於 全球佈局的優勢,仍能在瞬息萬變的市場中 把握商機,回顧年內在銷售及產能方面達到 持續增長。隨著本集團於中國內地、印度、 孟加拉及越南五大成衣出口國設有生產基 地,加上近年投產的中美洲等新興據點,我 們能即時把握市場需求回暖的時機,來自各 主要市場的收入均錄得增長,帶動總收入按 年上升48%至551,100,000港元。

此外,受惠於規模經濟效益,加上我們提升 自動化水平及實施成本控制措施,將成本控 制在穩定範圍,並抵銷了部分原材料成本波 動帶來的影響,在回顧年內維持盈利能力, 毛利率按年上升至49.1%。前瞻性策略佈局 與堅定執行業務策略,加強了本集團的抗逆 能力,並為未來增長奠定基礎。

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

In 2024, in addition to further deepening our global footprint, consolidating our sales network in more than 40 markets worldwide and our partnerships with existing customers, as well as enhancing the productivity and operational efficiency of our major production bases, we also sought to explore development opportunities. In addition, Primway S.A.R.L ("**Primway**"), a French company acquired by the Group in 2023, has progressively realised the synergistic effect and injected new impetus into the European business after the integration in 2024.

At the same time, as the market for radio-frequency identification ("**RFID**") technology continues to grow, and its applications widen, we have continued to proactively promote our RFID products as one of the key growth areas for our business. During the year under review, we also actively sourced environmentally-friendly and recycled materials and launched related products to align with the global market trend, helping us to secure new orders from major clothing brands. These development efforts will provide further impetus to our future business growth.

According to the United Nations' 2025 World Economic Situation and Prospects report, global economic growth is forecast to remain at 2.8% in 2025, the same as in 2024. This means that economic recovery will continue to be slow and the apparel retail industry will continue to face challenges such as a volatile global trade environment and unstable consumer sentiment. Despite this opportunities in the market still exist. We remain cautiously optimistic about future prospects as the global apparel market is expected to grow from US\$708.8 billion in 2024 to US\$766.6 billion in 2025, representing a growth rate of 8.2%, according to a research firm. 2024年,我們除了持續深化全球佈局,鞏 固遍佈全球超過40個市場的銷售網絡和與 現有客戶的合作關係,並提升了各大生產 基地的產能和效率外,也致力開拓發展機 會。此外,本集團於2023年收購的法國公司 Primway S.A.R.L (「Primway」)經過2024年 的整合,已逐步發揮協同效應,為歐洲業務 注入新動力。

另一方面,隨著無線射頻識別(「**RFID**」)的市 場規模不斷擴大,應用範疇日趨廣泛,我們 繼續主動推廣RFID產品,並成為業務增長重 點之一。回顧年內,我們也積極搜羅環保及 循環再用物料,推出相關產品,迎合全球市 場的大勢所趨,並獲得大型服裝品牌的新訂 單。上述發展,將為我們日後的業務增長更 添動力。

根據聯合國《2025年世界經濟形勢與展望》 報告,2025年全球經濟增長率預測維持在 2.8%,與2024年持平。這意味著經濟復甦 進程持續緩慢,而服裝零售行業仍需面臨諸 多挑戰,如全球貿易環境充滿變數,以及消 費者情緒不穩等。儘管如此,市場依舊存在 機遇。據研究公司的報告顯示,全球服裝市 場規模預計從2024年的7,088億美元增長至 2025年的7,666億美元,增長率達8.2%,因 此我們對前景仍保持審慎樂觀。

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

The Group has established competitive advantages based on its global footprint, with sales and production closely integrated in each geographical market. We have sufficient productivity in all major garment exporting countries around the world, enabling us to respond quickly to local market demand while helping our customers to avoid potential geopolitical risks. Our sales points and offices around the world will also strengthen cooperation with local customers to ensure faster production and shipment processes, as well as optimising supply chain management to further improve operational efficiency and cost control.

In terms of market expansion, following the successful integration of our business in 2024, we will further deepen our cooperation with Primway in 2025, leveraging its established sales network in Europe and the Group's manufacturing strengths to jointly expand into sub-markets in France and other European countries, attract more brand customers, and build new growth momentum. Moreover, we will utilise our global sales network to capitalise on the growing demand for RFID products and develop cross-selling opportunities. We will also continue to upgrade the automation of our production facilities to improve production efficiency and leverage economies of scale to effectively control costs, thereby further strengthening our market competitiveness.

The Group has passed its peak investment period and will reduce its capital expenditure accordingly in 2025. Our strong cash position, coupled with a declining gearing ratio and continued improvement in financial liquidity, will enable us to meet the ever-changing market environment and challenges, and drive our business to achieve long-term and stable growth. We look forward to pursuing greater development opportunities for the Group and creating greater value and returns for shareholders this year.

I would like to take this opportunity to express my heartfelt gratitude to our shareholders, customers, staff members and suppliers for their trust and long-term support of the Group, which have enabled us to work together, forging ahead amidst opportunities and challenges, and achieving remarkable results. 本集團已建立競爭優勢,將以全球佈局為基礎,在各地域市場將銷售與生產緊密結合。 我們在全球各大成衣出口國擁有充足產能, 能快速回應各地市場需求,同時有助客戶 規避地緣政治的潛在風險。我們分佈全球的 銷售點和銷售辦公室也將加強與當地客戶合 作,確保能加快生產及出貨流程,並通過優 化供應鏈管理,進一步提升運營效率及成本 控制。

在市場拓展方面,繼2024年成功整合業務後,2025年我們將進一步深化與Primway合作,善用其在歐洲的成熟銷售網絡,加上本集團的生產優勢,攜手拓展法國及其他歐洲地區的細分市場,吸引更多品牌客戶,建立新的增長動力。同時,我們也會借助遍佈全新的銷售網絡,積極把握市場對RFID產品日益增長的需求,拓展交叉銷售機會。我們還將持續推進生產設施自動化升級,提高生產效率,並利用規模效益有效控制成本,進一步鞏固本集團的市場競爭力。

本集團已過投資高峰期,2025年將適度下調 資本開支。我們現金充裕,加上負債比率下 降,財務的流動性也持續提高,有助我們應 付日新月異的市場環境及挑戰,帶動業務達 致長期而穩健的發展。我們期待今年為本集 團爭取更大發展空間,為股東創造更大價值 與回報。

本人謹藉此機會衷心感謝股東、客戶、員工 及供應商對本集團的信任及長期支持,讓我 們攜手共進,在機遇與挑戰中砥礪前行,共 創佳績。

**Mr Chan Sing Ming** *Chairman and Executive Director* Hong Kong

31 March 2025

*主席兼執行董事* **陳醒明先生** 香港

2025年3月31日

### **REVIEW OF OPERATIONS**

Although global inflationary pressures eased in 2024, the global economy continued to grow at a slow pace due to the uncertain geopolitical situation and the high interest rate environment. The United Nations forecasted global economic growth of 2.8% in 2024, which remains well below the pre-pandemic levels. During the year, among the developed economies, the US economy grew by 2.8% year-on-year and retail sales increased by 4.4% year-on-year; Mainland China benefited from policies aimed at expanding domestic demand and boosting consumption, resulting in economic growth of 5.0% year-on-year and a 3.5% year-on-year increase in total retail sales of social consumer goods; and in the Eurozone, gross domestic product ("GDP") grew by 0.7% year-on-year, retail sales increased by 1.9% yearon-year in December. Despite these improvements in economic performance across various countries, the market environment remained fraught with uncertainty due to unfavourable factors such as weak economic activity, particularly in the manufacturing industry, and overall low consumer confidence.

In this complex market environment, the Group completed its global expansion initiatives. The Group's sales offices and production bases in various countries established a strong foothold, providing the Group with a competitive edge in key markets and creating a worldwide business network conducive to seizing opportunities arising from the rebound of the apparel market. The Group's production bases in major garment exporting countries such as Mainland China, Vietnam and Bangladesh have seen a steady increase in order volumes. Meanwhile, operations at new factories in Central America and Southern Europe progressed smoothly, securing new customers and orders. As a result, the Group maintained its growth momentum in the first half of 2024, with revenue increasing by 48.0% year-on-year to approximately HK\$551,049,000 (2023: approximately HK\$372,310,000). With the completion of the relocation of the newly established plant in Bangladesh and its commencement of operations in February 2024, the Group achieved significant economies of scale, with the gross profit margin for the year under review increasing to 49.1% (2023: 43.7%). To further enhance production efficiency, reduce costs and increase profits, the Group increased its investment in automation equipment and upgraded its internal management system. Consequently, the Group successfully turned its loss into profit for the year under review and recorded profit attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$61,859,000 (2023: loss attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$25,676,000).

#### 業務回顧

2024年,全球通脹壓力雖有所緩解,然而, 受到地緣政治局勢不明朗及高息環境等影響,全球經濟持續緩慢增長。聯合國預計 2024年全球經濟增長率為2.8%,增速顯著 低於疫情前水平。年內,在發達經濟體中, 美國經濟按年增長2.8%,而零售銷售按年增 長4.4%;中國內地受惠於擴內需促消費品 策,經濟按年增長5.0%,而社會消費品零售 總額按年增長3.5%;歐元區國內生產總值 (GDP)按年增長0.7%,而12月零售銷售按年 升1.9%。儘管各國的經濟表現在數據上錄得 升幅,然而受不利因素,包括經濟活動尤其 是製造業勢頭疲弱,以及整體消費者信心低 迷影響,市場環境仍然充滿不確定性。

在這個複雜的市場環境下,本集團已完成全 球佈局部署,旗下各國銷售辦事處及生產基 地已站穩陣腳,不僅為本集團在各主要市場 創造了競爭優勢,更建立了遍佈全球的業 務網絡,有助把握市場回暖的機遇。本集團 位於中國內地、越南及孟加拉等主要成衣出 口國的生產基地,訂單數量穩步增加。與此 同時,在中美洲及南歐等地區的新廠房,營 運已漸上軌道,並成功開拓了新客戶並獲 取新訂單。因此,本集團延續了2024年上 半的增長勢頭,全年收益較去年同期上升 48.0% 至約551,049,000港元(2023年:約 372,310,000港元)。隨著孟加拉新建廠房於 2024年2月完成搬遷並正式投產,本集團坐 享更顯著的規模經濟效益,回顧年內毛利率 上升至49.1%(2023年:43.7%)。為進一 步提升生產效率及降本增利,本集團加大對 自動化設備的投入,並提升內部管理系統。 因此,本集團在回顧年內成功轉虧為盈, 錄得本公司擁有人應佔溢利約61,859,000 港元(2023年:本公司擁有人應佔虧損約 25,676,000港元)。

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With the steady growth in business performance, the Group's financial position has become more robust with sufficient cash reserves and stable operating cash flow. In view of this, the Board of Directors has proposed a final dividend of HK0.75 cents per share (2023: Nil) as a token of appreciation to its shareholders for their long-term support. The Group has implemented effective capital management to enhance its cash flow enabling it to better adapt to market changes and seize business opportunities in a timely manner. In addition, with the gearing ratio stabilised, the Group's financial status has become more solid, providing strong support for future development.

In terms of sales and production, the growth in demand for apparel in the European Union ("EU") was one of the main drivers during the year under review. In the third guarter of 2024, the EU apparel import market recovered significantly, particularly in October, when non-EU apparel imports into the EU grew by 28.6% year-on-year. By establishing a sales network in more than 40 markets worldwide and production bases in the top five garment exporting countries, the Group has been able to diversify its business risks and capture market opportunities in a timely manner. Leveraging its local operating experience, the Group has been successful in expanding its local customer base and securing new orders by closely following local market demands, optimising supply chain management and improving service response time. During the year under review, the Group achieved significant sales growth in markets such as Mainland China, Vietnam, Bangladesh and India, while sales from its production bases in Central America and Southern Europe also increased, contributing to the Group's overall revenue growth.

In terms of products, with the widespread application of RFID technology in the global retail sector, especially in the apparel industry, the Group is able to promote RFID products to its customers through cross-selling, as it has accumulated a wide customer base with its years of in-depth experience in the apparel labels and trim products industry. During the year under review, the proportion of revenue of RFID products to the revenue of the Group has significantly increased. In addition, the Group has proactively responded to the growing trend of global environmental, social and governance ("ESG") considerations by implementing sustainable development concepts from raw material selection to production processes. The Group has been actively sourcing environmentally friendly materials, such as biodegradable materials and recycled plastics, to enrich its product portfolio and offer more choices to renowned apparel brands, as well as to meet the environmental requirements of these customers in terms of energy and water conservation in the production process.

隨著業績穩步增長,本集團的財務狀況更趨 穩健,擁有充足的現金儲備及穩定的營運現 金流量。有見及此,董事會建議派發末期股 息每股0.75港仙(2023年:無),以答謝股東 的長期支持。本集團實行有效的資金管理, 提升現金流水平,藉此更靈活地應付市場 變化,並及時抓緊業務機遇。此外,隨著負 債比率維持穩定,本集團的財務基礎更加穩 固,為未來發展提供了強而有力的後盾。

在銷售與生產方面,回顧年內,歐盟(「歐 **盟**])對服裝需求的增長成為了主要推動力之 一。2024年第三季,歐盟服裝進口市場顯著 復甦。特別是在10月份,非歐盟國家向歐盟 的服裝進口量同比增長28.6%。本集團早著 先機,在全球超過40個市場建立銷售網絡, 以及在五大成衣出口國設立生產基地,不但 能夠有效分散業務風險,更能迅速緊抓市場 機遇。憑藉在各地的營運經驗,本集團通過 緊貼當地市場需求、優化供應鏈管理、提升 服務回應速度等措施,成功拓展當地客戶群 及承接新訂單。回顧年內,本集團在中國內 地、越南、孟加拉、印度等市場均實現了顯 著的銷售增長,同時來自中美洲及南歐生產 基地的銷售也有所提高,推動了本集團整體 收入上揚。

產品方面,隨著RFID標籤技術在全球零售 領域,尤其是服裝業廣泛應用,本集團憑 在服裝標籤及裝飾產品行業多年來的深靜 銷售,向客戶推廣RFID產品。回顧年內 銷售,向客戶推廣RFID產品。回顧年內 將FID產品的收入佔本集團的收入比會顯治 (「ESG」)興起的趨勢,本集團積極響應,從 原材料選擇到生產流程板採購可生物降解之 人類 及再生塑料等環保物料,以豐富產品組合, 為知名服裝品牌提供更多選擇,並致力滿足 這些客戶對生產過程中節能減排及節水等的 環保要求。 In 2023, the Group completed the acquisition of an associate in Primway S.A.R.L. ("**Primway**"), a French packaging company with over a decade of history, and the integration into the Group's operations was successfully completed in 2024. During the year under review, Primway introduced French brands to the Group as new customers and started to contribute revenue to the Group. Capitalising on the Group's extensive industry experience and advantages in large-scale production, it is expected that together with Primway, it will be able to attract more brand customers from France and other European countries and regions, thus injecting new impetus into the Group's development.

#### PROSPECTS

In 2024, the global economy showed a moderate recovery, which positively impacted the Group's performance. However, looking ahead to 2025, challenges such as intensifying geopolitical conflicts and protectionism policies, as well as high debt levels, are expected to create more uncertainty in the market environment. The United Nations forecasts that the global economy will grow by 2.8% in 2025, the same as last year, mainly due to slower growth in the two largest economies, the United States and Mainland China. In particular, growth in the US is expected to slow from 2.8% last year to 1.9% in 2025 due to a weaker labour market and a slowdown in consumer spending. In Mainland China, overall economic performance will be weighed down by a slowdown in consumption and a sluggish recovery in household consumer confidence.

As a pioneer in the apparel labels and trim products industry, the Group has been focusing on the implementation of its global deployment strategy for many years, and has now moved from the investment stage to the harvesting stage. In the face of market ups and downs, the Group will continue to capitalise on the advantages of its global presence to capture the growth potential of each regional market, while increasing its investment in automation of production facilities and improving its management system in order to further consolidate its business footprint. With a solid business foundation and stringent cost control measures, the Group is confident that it will be able to cope with market changes and rise to the challenges. 在2023年,本集團完成收購成立逾10年的法 國包裝公司Primway S.A.R.L.(「Primway」) 的一間聯營公司,並在2024年順利完成了 整合工作。回顧年內,Primway為本集團引 入了法國品牌成為新客戶,開始為本集團帶 來收入貢獻。憑藉本集團豐富的行業經驗和 規模生產優勢,預期與Primway攜手合作, 將能吸引更多法國及其他歐洲地區的品牌客 戶,為本集團發展注入新動力。

#### 前景

2024年全球經濟呈現溫和復甦,帶動本集團 業績表現。然而,展望2025年,地緣政治衝 突及保護主義加劇、債務高企等挑戰,預計 將對市場環境產生更多不明朗因素。聯合國 預測,2025年全球經濟增長率將為2.8%,與 去年相同,主要受制於美國與中國內地兩大 經濟體的增長放緩。其中,由於勞動市場疲 弱及消費支出放緩,美國經濟增長率預計將 從去年的2.8%下滑至2025年的1.9%;在中 國內地,消費降級,家庭消費信心恢復速度 緩慢,為整體經濟表現帶來壓力。

本集團作為服裝標籤及裝飾產品行業的先行 者,多年來專注推行全球策略佈局,現已從 投資期步入收成期。面對市場的起伏變化, 本集團會繼續善用全球佈局的優勢,抓緊各 區域市場的增長潛力,同時加大自動化設備 的投入力度,完善管理體系,以進一步穩固 約投入固。憑藉穩健的業務基礎,加上嚴格 實行成本控制措施,本集團有信心能應對市 場變化,迎難而上。

With the increasing application of RFID products in various industries, the market demand continues to rise and is showing considerable growth potential. The Group will endeavour to expand the market for RFID products while reviewing the way it works with existing customers to create more crossselling opportunities. In addition, the increasing consumer focus on sustainability has led brands to seek cooperation with manufacturing partners that meet ESG standards. In light of this movement, the Group has incorporated the concept of sustainability into its daily operations and production processes. In addition to the use of renewable energy in its factories in Mainland China, the Group has expanded its choice of environmentally friendly raw materials to further enhance its competitiveness and capture the opportunities presented by the current trend.

Looking ahead, the Group will monitor the market situation and take advantage of its "offensive yet defensive" global deployment strategy to consolidate its existing businesses and markets, while actively exploring and seizing new business opportunities. The Group will continue to strengthen the resilience of its business to ensure its steady progress in the complex and volatile market environment and to bring long-term value to its shareholders.

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### Revenue

Revenue of the Group is mainly generated from the sale of apparel labels and trim products, such as hang tags, woven labels, printed labels and heat transfer products. Revenue of our Group sharply increased by approximately HK\$178.8 million or 48.0% from approximately HK\$372.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 ("**FY2023**") to approximately HK\$551.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2024 ("**FY2024**"). Such increase was due to the increase in sales orders from the Group's global sales network during FY2024.

#### **Gross profit**

The Group recorded a gross profit and gross profit margin of approximately HK\$270.6 million and 49.1% respectively for FY2024, compared to a gross profit of approximately HK\$162.6 million and a gross profit margin of 43.7% for FY2023. The improvement in gross profit margin was mainly due to the cost management incentives using the Group's global advantages and resource allocation during FY2024.

隨著各行各業對RFID產品的應用日趨廣泛, 市場需求持續上升,展現出可觀的增長潛 力。本集團將致力拓展RFID產品的市場,同 時檢討與現有客戶合作的模式,創造更多交 叉銷售的機會。此外,消費者日益重視可持 續發展,促使品牌企業尋求與符合ESG標準 的製造夥伴合作。因此,本集團將可持續發 展理念融入日常運營及生產流程之中,除了 在中國內地廠房採用可再生能源,還不斷豐 富環保原料的選擇,進一步增強競爭力,把 握當下趨勢帶來的機遇。

展望未來,本集團將審時度勢,充分利用「攻 守兼備」的全球佈局戰略優勢,鞏固現有業務 和市場,同時積極探索和把握新商機。本集 團將不斷增強業務的抗逆能力,確保在複雜 多變的市場環境中穩健前行,為股東帶來長 期價值。

#### 財務回顧

#### 收益

本集團的收益主要來自銷售服裝標籤及裝飾 產品,例如吊牌、織嘜、印嘜及熱轉印產 品。本集團的收益由截至2023年12月31日 止年度(「2023財政年度」)約372,300,000港 元大幅上升約178,800,000港元或48.0%至 截至2024年12月31日止年度(「2024財政年 度」)約551,100,000港元。有關增長乃由於 本集團全球的銷售網絡於2024財政年度的銷 售訂單增加所致。

#### 毛利

本集團於2024財政年度錄得毛利及毛利率分 別約270,600,000港元及49.1%,而2023財 政年度則錄得毛利約162,600,000港元及毛 利率43.7%。毛利率改善主要由於於2024財 政年度利用本集團的全球優勢及資源分配進 行成本管理獎勵所致。

#### Other income and gains

The Group recorded a decrease in other income and gains of 6.0%, from approximately HK\$6.1 million for FY2023 to approximately HK\$5.7 million for FY2024, which is due to decline of the freight and transportation income and bank interest income during FY2024.

#### Selling and distribution expenses

The Group recorded an increase in selling and distribution expenses of 2.9%, from approximately HK\$59.5 million for FY2023 to approximately HK\$61.2 million for FY2024, which is consistent with the increase in revenue during FY2024.

#### Administrative expenses

The Group recorded an increase in administrative expenses for the year by 12.1% from approximately HK\$121.0 million for FY2023 to approximately HK\$135.6 million for FY2024. The increment was mainly due to the headcount and depreciation cost increase during FY2024.

#### Other operation income/(expenses), net

The Group recorded other operation expenses of approximately HK\$2.4 million in FY2024 compared with the other operating income of approximately HK\$4.1 million in FY2023. The above change was mainly due to the foreign exchange differences and impairment of trade receivables during FY2024.

#### Finance costs

The Group recorded a decrease in finance costs of 25.3%, from approximately HK\$3.2 million for FY2023 to approximately HK\$2.4 million for FY2024, which is due to the repayment of certain bank loans during FY2024.

#### Taxation

The Group recorded an increase in income tax expenses from approximately HK\$6.0 million for FY2023 to approximately HK\$12.9 million for FY2024, which is due to the improvement of the operating performance during FY2024.

#### 其他收入及收益

本集團錄得其他收入及收益減少6.0%,由 2023財政年度的約6,100,000港元下跌至 2024財政年度的約5,700,000港元,乃由於 2024財政年度的貨運及運輸收入及銀行利息 收入下跌所致。

#### 銷售及分銷開支

本集團錄得銷售及分銷開支增加2.9%,由 2023財政年度的約59,500,000港元增加至 2024財政年度的約61,200,000港元,與2024 財政年度收益的增加一致。

行政開支

本集團於本年度錄得的行政開支,由2023財 政年度的約121,000,000港元增加12.1%至 2024財政年度的135,600,000港元。增幅主 要由於2024財政年度員工人數及折舊費用增 加所致。

其他經營收入/(開支)淨額

本集團於2024財政年度錄得其他經營開支約 2,400,000港元,而2023財政年度的其他經 營收入約為4,100,000港元。上述變動主要由 於2024財政年度的匯兑差額及貿易應收款項 減值所致。

#### 融資成本

本集團錄得融資成本減少25.3%,由2023財 政年度約3,200,000港元降至2024財政年度 約2,400,000港元,乃由於於2024財政年度 償還若干銀行貸款所致。

税項

本集團錄得所得税開支由2023財政年度約6,000,000港元增至2024年財政年度約 12,900,000港元,乃由於於2024財政年度經 營表現得到改善。

#### Profit/(Loss) for the year

The Group recorded a turnaround from loss to profit, as compared to operating loss approximately HK\$25.7 million in FY2023 to operating profit approximately HK\$61.9 million in FY2024.

The recovery of the Group's financial performance was mainly attributable to an increase in sales orders from Group's global sales network, combined with enhanced production efficiency through the expansion of its production bases and effective cost management using the Group's global advantages and resource allocation.

#### **Capital Structure, Liquidity and Financial Resources**

The Group's operating capital was mainly generated from cash from its daily operation of its businesses, equity funding and interest-bearing loan. The Group's cash requirements related primarily to production and operating activities, repayment of due liabilities, capital expenditure, interest and other unforeseeable cash requirements.

The net asset value of the Group increased by 26.1%, from approximately HK\$195.0 million as at 31 December 2023 to approximately HK\$245.9 million as at 31 December 2024.

Cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits of the Group as at 31 December 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$72.8 million, which increased by 49.5% as compared to approximately HK\$48.7 million as at 31 December 2023.

The Group had interest-bearing bank borrowings of approximately HK\$6.2 million as at 31 December 2024, which decreased by 73.2% as compared to approximately HK\$23.1 million as at 31 December 2023. The Group had aggregate banking facilities of approximately HK\$135.6 million, of which approximately HK\$6.3 million was utilized and approximately HK\$129.3 million was unutilized. The Group maintains these facilities as an available resource and, as at the date of this report, the Company does not intent to draw down the unutilised amount.

年內溢利/(虧損)

本集團錄得扭虧為盈,由2023財政年度的經 營虧損約25,700,000港元轉為2024財政年度 的經營溢利約61,900,000港元。

本集團財務表現回升主要由於本集團全球銷 售網絡的銷售訂單增加,加上透過擴大生產 基地及有效的成本管理,運用本集團的全球 優勢及資源分配提高生產效率。

#### 資本架構、流動資金及財務資源

本集團的營運資金主要來自日常業務營運所 產生的現金、權益資金及計息貸款。本集團 的現金需求主要與生產經營活動、償還到期 負債、資本開支、利息及其他不可預見的現 金需求有關。

本集團的資產淨值由於2023年12月31日的約 195,000,000港元增至於2024年12月31日的 約245,900,000港元,增幅為26.1%。

本集團於2024年12月31日的現金及現金等 價物及已抵押存款約為72,800,000港元,較 於2023年12月31日約48,700,000港元增加 49.5%。

於2024年12月31日,本集團的計息銀行借 貸約為6,200,000港元,較於2023年12月 31日約23,100,000港元減少73.2%。本集 團的銀行信貸總額約為135,600,000港元, 其中已動用約6,300,000港元,未動用約 129,300,000港元。本集團將該等信貸維持 為可用資源,於本報告日期,本公司無意提 取未動用金額。

#### **Current** ratio

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had net current assets of approximately HK\$88.1 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$59.5 million as compared to that of approximately HK\$28.6 million as at 31 December 2023. As a result, the current ratio of the Group (dividing total current assets by total current liabilities at year end date) improved to approximately 1.6 times as at 31 December 2024 compared to approximately 1.2 times as at 31 December 2023.

#### **Gearing ratio**

The gearing ratio (dividing bank borrowings plus lease liabilities by equity attributable to owners of the Company) was approximately 27.5% as at 31 December 2024, while the gearing ratio as at 31 December 2023 was approximately 24.7%.

The Board is of the opinion that the Group has a solid and stable financial position and adequate resources to support the necessary operating funding requirements and foreseeable capital expenditures.

#### **Treasury policy**

The Group has adopted a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policies and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the Reporting Period.

The management of the Group regularly reviews the recoverable amounts and trade receivables by performing ongoing credit assessments and monitoring prompt recovery and, if necessary, making adequate impairment losses for irrecoverable amounts. In order to achieve better cost control and minimise the cost of funds, the Group's treasury activities are centralised and cash is generally deposited with leading licensed banks in Hong Kong and denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

#### 流動比率

於2024年12月31日,本集團的流動資產淨值 約為88,100,000港元,較於2023年12月31日 約28,600,000港元增加約59,500,000港元。 因此,與於2023年12月31日本集團流動比率 (年結日流動資產總值除以流動負債總額)的 1.2倍相比,於2024年12月31日的流動比率 提高至1.6倍。

#### 資產負債比率

於2024年12月31日的資本負債比率(以銀行 借款加租賃負債除以本公司擁有人應佔權益) 約為27.5%,而於2023年12月31日的資本負 債比率約為24.7%。

董事會認為,本集團擁有穩健及穩定的財務 狀況以及充足的資源,以支援必要的營運資 金要求及可見的資本開支。

#### 庫務政策

本集團就其庫務政策採取審慎的財務管理方 針,故在整個報告期間維持穩健的流動資金 狀況。

本集團管理層透過進行持續的信貸評估、監 察準時收款狀況以及在有需要時就不可收回 金額作出充足的減值虧損,定期審閱可收回 金額及貿易應收款項。為求更有效地控制成 本及盡量降低資金成本,本集團集中進行其 庫務活動,且現金一般存放於香港的主要持 牌銀行,並以港元計值。

#### **EXPOSURE TO FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK**

The Group's transactions and the monetary assets are principally denominated in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi, Euro dollars and United States dollars. The Group currently does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge against the volatility associated with foreign currency transactions and other financial assets and liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business. The Group has not experienced any material difficulties or effects on its operations or liquidity as a result of fluctuations in currency exchanges rate during the Reporting Period. The Board will closely monitor the changes of the rate of exchange and government policies from time to time.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (as at 31 December 2023: Nil).

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

CHANGE OF PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE AND REGISTERED OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

As of 31 December 2024, the principal share registrar and transfer office and the registered office of the Company in the Cayman Islands has been changed to:

Vistra (Cayman) Limited, P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205, Cayman Islands

For further information, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 10 January 2025.

#### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

As at FY2024, we had a total of 1,424 employees in all regions (2023: 1,219 employees).

The Company's employee benefit expense (excluding directors' remuneration), including salaries, bonuses and other employee's benefits, amounted to approximately HK\$171.0 million for FY2024 (FY2023: approximately HK\$153.7 million). Remuneration packages are generally structured by reference to market terms and individual qualifications. Salaries and wages are normally reviewed annually based on performance appraisals and other relevant factors.

#### 外匯風險

本集團的交易及貨幣資產均主要以港元、人 民幣、歐元及美元計值。本集團現時並無使 用衍生金融工具對沖於日常業務過程中招致 並與外匯交易以及其他金融資產及負債有關 的波動。於報告期間,本集團的營運或流動 資金並無因匯率波動而經受任何重大困難或 影響。董事會將不時密切監察匯率及政府政 策變動。

#### 或然負債

於2024年12月31日,本集團並無任何重大或 然負債(於2023年12月31日:無)。

#### 報告期後事項

變更開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處及註冊辦 事處

於2024年12月31日,本公司於開曼群島的主要股份過戶登記處及註冊辦事處已變更為:

Vistra (Cayman) Limited, P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman, KY1-1205, Cayman Islands

進一步資料請參閱本公司日期為2025年1月 10日的公告。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於2024財政年度,我們於所有地區共有 1,424名僱員(2023年:1,219名僱員)。

於2024財政年度,本公司的僱員福利開支 (不包括董事酬金)(包括薪金、花紅及其他僱 員福利)約為171,000,000港元(2023財政年 度:約153,700,000港元)。薪酬待遇一般參 考市場條款及個人資歷而釐定。薪金及工資 一般按績效評估及其他相關因素進行每年檢 討。

## FINAL DIVIDEND AND DATE OF ANNUAL GENERAL 末期股息及股東週年大會日期 MEETING

The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend in cash of HK0.75 cents per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil). The final dividend is conditional upon the passing of the relevant resolution by the Shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "**2025 AGM**") to be held on Friday, 20 June 2025.

Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Friday, 20 June 2025 will be eligible to attend and vote at the 2025 AGM. It is expected that the proposed final dividend, if approved, the final dividend will be paid in Hong Kong dollars and to be paid on Friday, 18 July 2025 to shareholders whose name appeared on the register of members on Friday, 27 June 2025. A notice concerning the annual general meeting will be published and despatched to the shareholders of the Company in due course.

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS AND FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND CAPITAL ASSETS

Save as disclosed in this report, the Group did not hold any significant investments in equity interest in any other companies and had no definite future plans for material investments and capital assets for FY2024.

#### MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

# Discloseable transaction in relation to the purchase of machinery

On 6 December 2024 (after trading hours), Charming Printing (Boluo), as the purchaser, entered into the purchase contracts with Konica Minolta Business Solutions (CHINA) Co., Ltd., as the vendor, for the purchase of an UV inkjet printer (the "**UV Inkjet Printer**"), at a total contract price of RMB9,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$10,486,000) payable in the manner set out in the announcement of the Company dated 6 December 2024.

The purchase of the UV Inkjet Printer was part of the capital investment to increase the Group's capacity in the sale of printing products. The machines purchased would be utilised by the Group for its business operations. 董事會建議就截至2024年12月31日止財政年 度以現金按每股普通股0.75港仙的基準派付 末期股息(2023年:無)。末期股息須待股東 於將在2025年6月20日(星期五)舉行的應屆 股東週年大會(「**2025年股東週年大會**」)上通 過相關決議案,方告作實。

於2025年6月20日(星期五)名列本公司股東 登記冊的股東均有權出席2025年股東週年大 會及於會上投票。倘末期股息獲批准,預期 將於2025年7月18日(星期五)以港元派付予 於2025年6月27日(星期五)名列股東登記冊 的股東。本公司將於適時刊發召開股東週年 大會的通告及將通告寄發予本公司股東。

#### 重大投資以及重大投資及資本資產的未來計 劃

除本報告所披露者外,本集團於2024財政年 度概無於任何其他公司的股權持有任何重大 投資,亦無有關重大投資及資本資產的確切 未來計劃。

# 重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業

有關購買機器之須予披露交易

於2024年12月6日(交易時段後),博羅縣常 美印刷(作為買方)與柯尼卡美能達辦公系 統(中國)有限公司(作為賣方)訂立購買合 約,以購買一部UV噴墨印刷機(「**UV噴墨印 刷機**」),總合約價為人民幣9,800,000元(相 當於約10,486,000港元),按本公司日期為 2024年12月6日之公告所載方式支付。

購買UV噴墨印刷機乃增加本集團在銷售印刷 產品的資本投資的一部分。本集團將為其業 務營運動用購買之該等機器。 As the highest applicable percentage ratio (as defined under the Listing Rules) in respect of the purchase of the UV Inkjet Printer exceeds 5% but is less than 25%, such purchase constitutes a discloseable transaction for the Company and is accordingly subject to the notification and announcement requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. For further information, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 6 December 2024.

Save for the above, the Group did not have any material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures during the Reporting Period.

#### MAJOR TRANSACTION IN RELATION TO THE LEASE

On 23 July 2024 (after trading hours), Charming Printing (Boluo) Ltd. (博羅縣常美印刷有限公司), a limited liability company incorporated in the People's Republic of China and a whollyowned subsidiary of the Company ("Charming Printing (Boluo)") as lessee, and Boluo County Shiwan Town Shiwan Village Yaowu Joint Stock Economic Cooperative (博羅縣石灣鎮 石灣村姚屋股份經濟合作社) as lessor entered into the lease (the "Lease") in relation to the lease of the factory located at No. 70, Honghai Road, Shiwan Village, Shiwan Town, Boluo County (the "Premises") for a term of fifteen (15) years commencing from 10 November 2024 and expiring on 9 November 2039 (both days inclusive). Given that the current lease for the relevant premises was expected to expire in November 2024, the Directors considered that continue leasing the Premises with competitive rental terms would be in the interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company as a whole, as well as avoiding relocation and refurbishment costs which the Group would otherwise have to incur. As one or more of the applicable percentage ratios (as defined in the Listing Rules) in respect of the acquisition of right-of-use assets of the Premises recognised by the Group pursuant to HKFRS 16 under the Lease is 25% or more but is less than 100%, the entering into of the Lease constitutes a major transaction for the Company and is subject to the reporting, announcement, circular and shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14 of the Listing Rules. For details of the information in relation to the Lease, please refer to the circular of the Company dated 23 September 2024.

由於有關購買UV噴墨印刷機的最高適用百 分比率(定義見上市規則))超過5%但少於 25%,該購買事項構成本公司之須予披露交 易,因此須遵守上市規則第14章項下的通知 及公告規定。詳細資料請參閱本公司日期為 2024年12月6日的公告。

除上述者外,本集團於報告期間並無重大收 購及出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業。

#### 有關租賃的主要交易

於2024年7月23日(交易時段後),博羅縣常 美印刷有限公司(「博羅縣常美印刷」)(於中 華人民共和國註冊成立的有限責任公司及本 公司全資附屬公司)(以承租人身份)與博羅 縣石灣鎮石灣村姚屋股份經濟合作社(以出租 人身份)就租賃位於博羅縣石灣鎮石灣村紅 海路70號的工廠(「該物業」)訂立該租賃(「該 租賃」),為期十五(15)年,自2024年11月10 日起至2039年11月9日屆滿(首尾兩日包括在 內)。鑒於相關物業現時的租賃預計於2024 年11月屆滿,董事認為,以具競爭力的租賃 條款繼續租用該物業將符合本公司及本公司 股東的整體利益,同時免卻本集團需就重置 及裝修其他物業所產生的成本。由於本集團 根據該租賃按照香港財務報告準則第16號確 認該物業之使用權資產收購涉及的一項或以 上適用百分比率(定義見上市規則)為25%或 以上且少於100%,故訂立該租賃構成本公司 一項主要交易並須遵守上市規則第14章的報 告、公告、通函及股東批准的規定。有關該 租賃的詳細資料,請參閱本公司日期為2024 年9月23日的通函。

# PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY (INCLUDING SALE OF TREASURY SHARES)

During FY2024, the Company repurchased a total of 10,410,000 shares of the Company (the "**Shares**") for an aggregate consideration of HK\$416,400 on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, all of the purchased Shares are held as treasury shares (as defined in the Listing Rules). As at 31 December 2024, the Company held 10,410,000 treasury shares, details of the Shares repurchase during FY 2024 are as follows:

## 購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券(包括庫存 股份銷售)

於2024財政年度,本公司於香港聯合交易 所有限公司以總代價416,400港元購回合 共10,410,000股本公司股份(「股份」),所 有購回股份均作為庫存股份(定義見上市規 則)保存。於2024年12月31日,本公司持有 10,410,000股庫存股份,於2024財政年度購 回股份的詳情如下:

Month		Number of Shares Repurchased 購回股份	Purchase Price	Aggregate Amount
月份		數目	<b>購買價</b> HK <b>\$</b> 港元	<b>總金額</b> HK <b>\$</b> 港元
July 2024	2024年7月	10,410,000	0.04	416,400
Total	總計	10,410,000		416,400

Save as disclosed, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's securities (including sale of treasury shares (as defined in the Listing Rules)) throughout FY2024. 除已披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於 整個2024財政年度內概無購買、贖回或出售 本公司任何證券(包括庫存股份(定義見上市 規則)銷售)。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION**

The Company is committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices and procedures. The corporate governance principle of the Company emphasises accountability and transparency and is adopted in the best interests of the Company and the shareholders (the "**Shareholders**"). In addition, the Company will strive to continuously improve these practices and cultivate an ethical corporate culture.

#### CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to protect the interests of its Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Board has reviewed the Company's corporate governance practices and is satisfied that the Company has complied with all Code Provisions of the Corporate Governance Code ("**CG Code**") as set out in Appendix C1 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "**Listing Rules**") during the Reporting Period. The Company has applied the principles of the CG Code to its corporate governance structure and practices as described in this report. The Company will continue to enhance its corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of its business and to review such practices from time to time to ensure that they comply with the CG Code and align with the latest developments.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in Code Provision A.2.1 of the CG Code. The Board recognises that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of the Directors which includes:

- (a) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- (c) to develop, review and monitor the codes of conduct and compliance manuals applicable to employees and the Directors;
- (d) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board on such matters; and
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

#### 企業管治及其他資料

本公司致力維持高水平的企業管治常規及程序。本公司的企業管治原則著重問責性及透明度,採納有關原則符合本公司及股東(「**股 東**」)最佳利益。此外,本公司將致力於不斷 改善有關常規及建立企業道德文化。

#### 企業管治常規守則

本公司致力保持高標準的企業管治,以保障 其股東利益,提升公司價值及問責性。董 會已檢討本公司企業管治慣例,並信納本公 司於報告期間已遵守聯交所證券上市規則 (「上市規則」)附錄C1所載企業管治守則(「 定治守則」)的所有守則條文。本公司已於 本報告所述之企業管治結人慣例中套用企 業管治守則的原則,並將繼續提升適用於其 業務操守及增長的企業管治慣例,並不時檢 討有關慣例,確保其符合企業管治守則並與 最新發展一致。

#### 企業管治職責

董事會負責履行企業管治守則守則條文第 A.2.1條所載的企業管治職責。董事會深知企 業管治為董事的共同責任,彼等的職責包括:

- (a) 審閱及監管本公司的政策及常規有否符合 法定及監管規定;
- (b) 審閱及監管董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業進修;
- (c) 制定、審閱及監管僱員及董事的行為守則 以及合規手冊;
- (d) 制定及監管本公司有關企業管治的政策及 常規,並就此向董事會提出建議;及
- (e) 審閱本公司遵守企業管治守則之情況以及 其於企業管治報告中作出的披露。

#### **BOARD COMPOSITION AND BOARD PRACTICES**

The Board is composed of six Directors, of which three are executive Directors, namely Mr. Chan Sing Ming Barry ("Mr. Barry Chan"), Ms. Law Miu Lan ("Ms. Candy Law") and Mr. Chan Tsz Fung ("Mr. James Chan"), and three are independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lam Chor Ki Dick, Mr. Lee Tak Cheong and Ms. Luk Mei Yan. All the independent nonexecutive Directors have appropriate professional qualifications, experience or related industry expertise. Mr. Barry Chan, the Chairman, is the spouse of Ms. Candy Law, the Chief Executive Officer. The Chairman provides leadership and is responsible for the effective functioning and leadership of the Board. The Chief Executive Officer focuses on the Company's business development and daily management and operations generally. The Directors' biography and relevant relationships amongst them are set out in the section headed "DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S PROFILES" section under Report of the Directors on pages 40 to 44 of this annual report. Save as disclosed in this annual report, none of the members of the Board are related to one another.

Review will be made regularly by the Board to ensure that it has a balance of skills and experience appropriate for the requirement of the Group. Also, a balanced composition of executive Directors is maintained to ensure independence and effective management. The Company has satisfied the Listing Rules in having one of the independent non-executive Directors with appropriate accounting qualifications and expertise to sit in the Audit Committee.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has made an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are independent in accordance with the terms of the guidelines. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company are appointed for a specific term of three years, subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the amended and restated memorandum and articles of association of the Company (the "**Articles of Association**") and the Listing Rules. Independent non-executive Directors are identified in all corporate communications. An updated list of the Directors identifying the independent non-executive Directors and the roles and functions of the Directors is maintained on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### 董事會組成及董事會常規

董事會由六名董事組成,其中三名為執行董 事,即陳醒明先生(「陳醒明先生」)、羅妙蘭 女士(「羅妙蘭女士」)及陳梓峰先生(「陳梓峰 先生」),以及三名為獨立非執行董事,即 校 花,中李德昌先生及陸美恩女士。所有 獨立非執行董事均具有適當專業資格、經 爾 到相關行業之專業知識。陳醒明先生(主席) 為羅妙蘭女士(行政總裁)之配偶。主席負 續領,並負責帶領及維持董事會的有效展 及日常管理及營運。董事履歷及彼等之間的 相關係載於本年報第40至44頁董事會報告 之「董事及高級管理層履歷」一節。除於本年 報披露者外,董事會成員彼此之間概無關係。

董事會會定期作出檢討,以確保其擁有本集 團所需的均衡技能與經驗。此外,董事會維 持執行董事之均衡組合,以確保其獨立性及 有效管理。本公司符合上市規則有關審核委 員會內有一名具備適當會計資格及專業知識 之獨立非執行董事之規定。

各獨立非執行董事已根據上市規則第3.13條 作出獨立性之年度確認。本公司認為,全體 獨立非執行董事均符合上市規則第3.13條所 載之獨立性指引,且根據該指引條款屬於獨 立人士。本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均 屬獨立。

本公司的獨立非執行董事的特定委任期為三 年,並須根據本公司經修訂及重列的組織章 程大綱及細則(「組織章程細則」)以及上市規 則輪值退任。所有公司通訊均列明獨立非執 行董事身份。本公司網站及聯交所網站登載 最新董事名單,註明獨立非執行董事身份以 及列明董事之角色和職能。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

When selecting potential candidates for directors, skills, experience, expertise, their devotion of time, potential conflicts of interests are key factors of consideration. The Nomination Committee was set up to make recommendations to the Board on the selection and nomination of candidates for directorship. Majority of members of the Nomination Committee are independent non-executive Directors.

The Board is accountable to the Shareholders and is responsible for the formulation of the Group's strategy, overseeing the management of the business and affairs of the Group. The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place. The Board reserves its decision for all major matters relating to policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and co-ordinating the daily operation and management of the Company are delegated to the management.

Key and important decisions are fully discussed at the board meetings. All Directors have been fully consulted about any matters proposed for inclusion in the agenda. The Chairman has delegated the responsibility for drawing up the agenda for each board meeting to the company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary"). With the support of the Company Secretary, the Chairman seeks to ensure that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at board meetings and receive adequate and reliable information in a timely manner. The Chairman ensures that the Board works effectively to discharge its responsibilities in the best interests of the Company, and, to establish good corporate governance practices and procedures. He also ensures that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner and all Directors are encouraged to make a full and active contribution to the board's affairs. Directors with different views are encouraged to voice their concerns. They are allowed sufficient time for discussion of issues so as to ensure that board decisions fairly reflect board consensus. A culture of openness and debate is promoted to facilitate the effective contribution of non-executive Directors and ensure constructive relations between executive and non-executive Directors. During the year, the Chairman held a meeting on 29 November 2024 with the independent nonexecutive Directors without the presence of other directors in compliance with the applicable code provision of the CG Code.

甄選董事潛在候選人時之主要考慮因素為有 關人選之技能、經驗、專業知識、可投入時 間及潛在利益衝突。本公司已設立提名委員 會,就遴選及提名董事候選人向董事會提供 建議。提名委員會之大部分成員為獨立非執 行董事。

董事會向股東負責,並負責制訂本集團之策 略,監督本集團業務及事務之管理工作。董 會透過制訂策略及監督管理層執行策略, 直接及間接透過轄下委員會帶領及指導管理 層,監察本集團營運及財務表現,以及確 設有完善的內部監控和風險管理制度。董 會保留所有與政策事宜、策略和預算、內 設在和風險管理、重大交易(尤其是可能涉及 利益衝突的交易)、財務資料、董事委任以及 有的決策權。有關董事會執行決策以及指導 及協調本公司日常營運及管理的職責則授權 予管理層。

關鍵及重要的決策須於董事會會議獲全面討 論。所有董事已就擬納入議程的任何事項獲 得全面諮詢。主席已授權本公司的公司秘書 (「公司秘書」)負責擬訂每次董事會會議之議 程。主席亦會在公司秘書協助下,務求確保 所有董事就董事會會議上提出之事項獲適當 簡報,並及時獲得足夠及可靠之資訊。主席 確保董事會能有效運作,以在符合本公司最 佳利益的情況下履行其職責,及制定良好企 業管治常規及程序。主席亦確保董事會就所 有關鍵及適當事宜及時進行討論,鼓勵所有 董事全力及積極投入董事會的事務,亦鼓勵 持不同觀點的董事發表己見。董事有充足時 間討論事宜,以確保董事會的決定能公平地 反映董事會的共識。董事會提倡公開及積極 的討論文化,以鼓勵非執行董事作出有效貢 獻,並確保執行與非執行董事之間存有建設 性關係。年內,主席於2024年11月29日在沒 有其他董事出席的情況下,與獨立非執行董 事舉行會議,以遵守企業管治守則的適用守 則條文。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

Board meetings are scheduled to be held at regular intervals. The Board would meet more frequently as and when required.

All the Directors are covered by the Director's & Officer's Liability Insurance, which is also part of our best practices.

The attendance record of the individual Directors at the Board and committee meetings, and general meeting(s) held during FY2024 is set out below: 董事會定期舉行會議。董事會將於有需要時 召開更多會議。

所有董事均由董事及高級職員責任險承保, 其亦為我們最佳實踐的一部分。

各董事出席於2024財政年度舉行的董事會及 委員會會議以及股東大會之記錄載列如下:

	Number of meetings attended/eligible to attend during FY2024 於2024財政年度出席/合資格出席會議次數					
		Board Meeting 董事會會議	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee	<b>AGM</b> 股東週年大會
<b>Executive Directors</b> Mr. Barry Chan Ms. Candy Law Mr. James Chan	<mark>執行董事</mark> 陳醒明先生 羅妙蘭女士 陳梓峰先生	4/4 4/4 4/4	- - -	- - -	1/1  1/1	1/1 1/1 1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Lam Chor Ki Dick Mr. Lee Tak Cheong Ms. Luk Mei Yan	林楚祺先生 李德昌先生 陸美恩女士	4/4 4/4 4/4	4/4 4/4 4/4	1/1 1/1 1/1	1/1 1/1 1/1	1/1 1/1 1/1

Notice of at least fourteen days is given to the Directors for regular meetings, while Board papers are sent to the Directors not less than three days before the scheduled date of a board or board committee meeting. The Directors can attend meetings in persons or through other means of electronic communication. The Company Secretary ensures that the procedure and all applicable rules and regulations are strictly and fully complied with. Minutes of board meetings and board committee meetings are recorded in sufficient details of the matters considered and decisions reached at the relevant meetings. Draft and final versions of the minutes in respect of board meetings and board committee meetings are sent to all Directors or board committee members respectively for comment and records within a reasonable time after the relevant meetings. Minutes of board meetings and board committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary and are available for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Directors.

Directors have full access to information on the Group and are able to obtain independent professional advice whenever necessary.

董事可充分取閱本集團資料,並可在有需要 時徵詢獨立專業意見。

#### TRAINING AND SUPPORT FOR DIRECTORS

Every newly appointed Director will meet with other Directors and key management executives, and will receive a comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the first occasion of her appointment. Subsequently, he/she will receive briefings and other professional development necessary to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the operations and business of the Company and he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibility with the Company.

All Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Directors are also invited to participate in the Company events to familiarize themselves with the operations of the Company and create opportunity to communicate with other management members of the Company.

The records of training as received by each Director for the year ended 31 December 2024 are summarised as follows:

#### 董事之培訓及支援

每名新任董事將與其他董事及主要管理行政 人員會面,並將於委任的首次場合接受全 面,正式及特設之就職指引。其後,彼將得 到必要的簡報及其他專業發展培訓,以確保 彼對本公司營運及業務有恰當了解,並完全 明白彼於本公司之責任。

本公司鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業發展培訓 以更新彼等的知識及技能,確保彼等在了解 及切合所需之情況下對董事會作出貢獻。董 事亦獲邀參與本公司活動,以熟悉本公司運 作,亦創造機會與本公司其他管理層成員溝 诵。

各董事於截至2024年12月31日止年度接受培 訓之記錄概述如下:

		Type of trainings 培訓類型
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Barry Chan	陳醒明先生	А
Ms. Candy Law	羅妙蘭女士	А
Mr. James Chan	陳梓峰先生	А
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Lam Chor Ki Dick	林楚祺先生	А, В
Mr. Lee Tak Cheong	李德昌先生	A, C
Ms. Luk Mei Yan	陸美恩女士	А, В

A: Newsletters published by the Stock Exchange

- B: Corporate governance & administration courses and seminars organized by various professional bodies and institutions
- C: E-learning courses and seminars prepared by the Stock C: 聯交所準備的線上培訓課程及研討會 Exchange
- A: 聯交所刊登的通訊
- B: 多個專業團體及機構籌辦的企業管治與行 政課程及研討會

## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules as the Company's code of conduct regarding Directors' and employees' securities transactions. The chairman of the Audit Committee is the person to be notified for securities dealings by Directors and a designated form is used for notification and acknowledgment purpose. Following specific enquiry by the Company, they have complied with the requirements of the Model Code during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL**

The Company places great importance on internal control and risk management to safeguard the assets of the Company and the interests of Shareholders. The Board has overall responsibility for the system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Audit Committee assists the Board in meeting its responsibilities for maintaining an effective system of internal control. The Audit Committee reviews the process by which the Group evaluates its control environment and risk assessment process, and the way in which business and control risks are managed through the assistance of the Company's Internal Control Consultant.

The Internal Control Consultant assesses risk exposure, formulates audit plan and ensures that the audit programs cover key internal control areas of operating subsidiaries on a rotational basis for the review by the Audit Committee.

The Internal Control Consultant reports their findings and recommendations to management of the Company and the Audit Committee. The Internal Control Consultant also monitors the follow-up actions agreed upon in response to her recommendations and reports to the Audit Committee the progress of implementation of those recommendations.

With the assistance of the Audit Committee and the Company's Internal Control Consultant, the Board is satisfied that the overall financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management of the Group continues to be effective and adequate.

#### 本公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市發 行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守 則」),作為本公司有關董事及僱員進行證 券交易的行為守則。審核委員會主席乃董事 進行證券交易須知會的人士,並有指定表格 作通知及確認之用。經本公司作出具體查詢 後,所有董事於報告期間及截至本年報日期 一直遵守標準守則之規定。

#### 風險管理及內部監控

本公司非常重視內部監控及風險管理,以保 障本公司資產及股東利益。董事會全面負責 内部監控制度,並檢討其成效。審核委員會 協助董事會履行其維持有效內部監控制度之 責任。審核委員會檢討本集團評估其監控環 境之程序及風險評估程序,以及透過本公司 內部監控顧問之協助管理業務及監控風險之 方法。

內部監控顧問評估風險,制訂審核計劃及確 保審核程序以輪替方式涵蓋營運附屬公司之 關鍵內部監控範圍,以供審核委員會審閱。

內部監控顧問向本公司管理層及審核委員會 匯報彼發現事項及建議。內部監控顧問亦監 察因應彼建議而協定之跟進行動,並向審核 委員會報告該等建議之實施進度。

在審核委員會及本公司內部監控顧問協助 下,董事會信納本集團的整體財務、營運及 合規監控以及風險管理仍然有效充足。

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL 董事對財務報表之責任 STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group. The Directors ensure that the preparation of the financial statements of the Group is in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

The statement of the auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 52 to 58 of this annual report.

#### AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the auditors of the Company received approximately HK\$2,050,000 for their audit service. Non-audit service which covered tax compliance and other service provided to the Group was approximately HK\$375,000 in the same year.

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Remuneration Committee comprises two Independent Non-executive Directors and one executive Director. They are Mr. Lee Tak Cheong (Committee Chairman), Ms. Candy Law and Ms. Luk Mei Yan. The Committee's authority and duties are set out in written terms of reference which are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The policy and structure for all remuneration of directors and the senior management were reviewed by the Remuneration Committee. Remuneration, includes basic salary and performance bonus. Annual salary adjustment and performance bonus are subject to review and approval by the Remuneration Committee.

The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of Chairman, the executive Directors and the senior management of the Company, the remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management and establishing transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no Director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration. 董事確認彼等對編製本集團之財務報表負有 責任。董事確保本集團財務報表之編製符合 法例規定及適用之會計準則。

有關本公司核數師就其對本集團財務報表申 報責任之聲明,載於本年報第52至58頁之獨 立核數師報告內。

#### 核數師酬金

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本公司核數師 就其核數服務收取約2,050,000港元。同年, 其向本集團提供之非核數服務(涵蓋税務合規 及其他服務)約為375,000港元。

#### 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由兩名獨立非執行董事及一名執 行董事組成,分別為李德昌先生(委員會主 席)、羅妙蘭女士及陸美恩女士。委員會之職 權及職責載於書面職權範圍內,其登載於本 公司及聯交所網站。

董事及高級管理人員之所有薪酬政策及結構 由薪酬委員會檢討。薪酬包括基本薪金及表 現花紅。年度薪金調整及表現花紅由薪酬委 員會檢討及批准。

薪酬委員會的主要職能包括檢討主席、執行 董事和本公司高級管理人員的薪酬待遇以及 全體董事和高級管理人員的薪酬政策和結 構,並就此向董事會提出建議,以及製定明 確的程序用以拓展相關薪酬政策和結構,以 確保概無董事或其任何聯繫人參與決定其個 人薪酬。 The Remuneration Committee met once during the Reporting Period with a 100% attendance by all committee members. During the year, the works performed by the Remuneration Committee included the following:

- the review of the performance and remuneration packages of directors and senior management; and
- the review of the remuneration policy of the Group.

The remuneration of members of the senior management (excluding Directors) by band for the year ended 31 December 2024 is set out below:

薪酬委員會於報告期間舉行一次會議,所有 委員會成員出席率達100%。年內,薪酬委員 會執行的工作包括以下事項:

- 審閲董事及高級管理層的表現及薪酬待 遇;及
- 審閱本集團的薪酬政策。

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集團之高 級管理層成員(不包括董事)的薪酬範圍載列 如下:

Number of

Band of Remuneration (HK\$)	薪酬範圍(港元)	person(s) 人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000 HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000 HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000 HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000 HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	零至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元 1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元 2,000,001港元至2,500,000港元 2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元 3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	- - 2 1 1

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee comprises two executive Directors, Mr. Barry Chan (Committee Chairman) and Mr. James Chan and three independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Lee Tak Cheong, Mr. Lam Chor Ki Dick and Ms. Luk Mei Yan. The defined terms of reference of the Committee are set out in writing and are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for making recommendation to the Board for selection and nomination of directors, and the succession planning of directors and senior management. The Nomination Committee also reviews the size, structure and composition of the Board with reference to the Company's board diversity policy and assesses the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

#### 提名委員會

提名委員會由兩名執行董事陳醒明先生(委員 會主席)及陳梓峰先生以及三名獨立非執行董 事李德昌先生、林楚祺先生及陸美恩女士組 成。委員會所定書面職權範圍載於本公司及 聯交所網站。

提名委員會負責就遴選及提名董事以及董事 及高級管理人員之接任計劃向董事會提供推 薦意見。提名委員會亦會根據本公司之董事 會成員多元化政策審閲董事會之人數、架構 及組成,並評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性。 The Nomination Committee met once during the Reporting Period with a 100% attendance by all committee members.

During the year, the works performed by the Nomination Committee included the following:

- the recommendation of the retiring directors for re-election at the annual general meeting (the "AGM");
- the review of composition of the Board; and
- the assessment of independence of the independent Nonexecutive Directors.

The Board adopted the board diversity policy which sets out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity of the Board to enhance quality of its performance. The policy aims to achieve diversity through the consideration of a number of factors including but not being limited to skills, regional and industry experience, background, age, race, gender and other qualities. The board reviews the implementation and effectiveness of the board diversity policy on an annual basis. These differences will be taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board. All Board appointments are based on merit, in the content of the talents, skills and experience, and taking into account diversity.

The Nomination Committee will report annually on the composition of the Board under diversified perspective, and monitor the implementation of this policy to ensure its effectiveness. It will discuss any revisions that may be required and recommend such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

#### **NOMINATION POLICY**

The Board has delegated its responsibilities and authority for selection and appointment of Directors to the Nomination Committee.

The Company has adopted a nomination policy ("**Nomination Policy**") which sets out the selection criteria and process in relation to nomination and appointment of Directors of the Company and aims to ensure that the Board members have a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Group's business. 提名委員會於報告期間舉行一次會議,所有 委員會成員出席率達100%。

年內,提名委員會執行的工作包括以下事項:

- 建議退任董事於股東週年大會(「股東週
  年大會」)重選連任;
- 檢討董事會人員組成;及
- 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策,其制 定方針以達致及維持董事會成員多元化, 時 項因素(包括但不限於技能、地區及行業) 現 動業事會多元化。董事會每年需檢討其董 會多元化政策實施及有效性。此等差異將在 決定董事會之最佳人員組成時予以考慮。董 事會所有委任將根據人選在才能、技能及經 驗方面之長處作決定,同時考慮成員是否多 元化。

提名委員會將每年報告在董事會多元化層面 之人員組成,並監察該政策之執行情況以確 保其行之有效。該委員會將討論任何可能需 對該政策作出之修訂,並向董事會提出修訂 建議,供其考慮及批准。

#### 提名政策

董事會已將其甄選及委任董事之職責及權限 委派予提名委員會。

本公司已採納提名政策(「提名政策」),當中 列明本公司董事提名及委任之相關甄選標準 及過程,旨在確保董事會成員具有切合本集 團業務所需之均衡技能、經驗及多元觀點。 The Nomination Policy sets out the factors for assessing the suitability and the potential contribution to the Board of a proposed candidate, including but not limited to the following:

- Reputation for integrity;
- Accomplishment, experience and reputation in the business and industry;
- Commitment in respect of available time and relevant 可投入的時間及對相關利益的承擔; interest:
- Compliance with the criteria of independence, in case for the appointment of an independent non-executive director, as prescribed under Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange;
- Diversity in all its aspects, including but not limited to gender, age (18 years or above), cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service; and
- Any other relevant factors as may be determined by the Nomination Committee or the Board from time to time as appropriate.

The Nomination Policy also sets out the procedure for the selection and appointment of new Directors and re-election of Directors at general meetings.

The Nomination Committee will review the Nomination Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of the Nomination Policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

提名政策載有評估建議候選人合適與否及可 為董事會帶來之潛在貢獻的因素,包括但不 限於以下各項:

- 誠信聲譽;
- 於業務及行業之成就、經驗及聲譽;
- 遵守聯交所證券上市規則第3.13條就委任 獨立非執行董事所規定之獨立性準則;
- 於所有方面之多元性,包括但不限於性 別、年齡(18歲或以上)、文化及教育背 景、種族、專業經驗、技能、知識及服務 任期;及
- 提名委員會或董事會可能不時釐定屬適當 之任何其他相關因素。

提名政策亦載有新董事甄選及委任及於股東 大會上重選董事之程序。

提名委員會將在適當時候檢討提名政策,以 確保提名政策之有效性。提名委員會將討論 任何可能需作出之修訂,並向董事會提出任 何該等修訂建議以供審批。

## AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises three independent nonexecutive Directors. They are Ms. Luk Mei Yan (Committee Chairman), Mr. Lee Tak Cheong and Mr. Lam Chor Ki Dick. The defined terms of reference of the Audit Committee are set out in writing and are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include reviewing the effectiveness of Company's internal control and the Company's internal audit function, risk management system and regulatory compliance, the review of the Company's financial information and compliance, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and removal of external auditor and assessing its independence and performance.

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee held 4 meetings and the attendance record are as follows:

#### 審核委員會

本公司的審核委員會包括三名獨立非執行董 事,即陸美恩女士(委員會主席)、李德昌先 生及林楚祺先生。審核委員會所定書面職權 範圍載於本公司及聯交所網站。

審核委員會之主要職責包括審閱本公司內部 監控之有效性及本公司之內部審核職能、風 險管理系統及監管合規性、審閱本公司財務 資料及合規情況、就委任及罷免外聘核數師 向董事會提出建議以及評估其獨立性及表現。

於報告期間,審核委員會舉行了4次會議,出 席記錄如下:

		Attendance 出席率
Mr. Lam Chor Ki Dick	林楚祺先生	4/4
Mr. Lee Tak Cheong	李德昌先生	4/4
Ms. Luk Mei Yan	陸美恩女士	4/4

The works performed by the Audit Committee during the year 年內 included the following:

- reviewing with the auditor on key audit and accounting matters, and updates on regulatory rules in the auditor's "Communication with the Audit Committee – 2024 Audit Result" and the draft audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024;
- reviewing the financial statements for the year ended 31
  December 2024 focusing on business highlights, any change of accounting policies and practices, and compliance with accounting standards and Listing Rules requirements;
- reviewing with the auditor the scope of their audit, their communication plan, their independence, developments affecting the Company's business, their risk assessment and updates of accounting standards and Listing Rules as affecting the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2024;

年內,審核委員會執行之工作包括以下事項:

- 與核數師審閱關鍵審核及會計事項、於核 數師之「與審核委員會的溝通一2024年審 核結果」之監管規則之最新資訊以及截至 2024年12月31日止財政年度之經審核財 務報表初稿;
- 審閲截至2024年12月31日止年度之財務 報表,側重於業務撮要、會計政策及慣例 之任何變動以及遵守會計準則及上市規則 之規定的情況;
- 連同核數師審閱審核範圍、溝通計劃、獨 立性、影響本公司業務之發展狀況、風險 評估及截至2024年12月31日止財政年度 影響本公司之會計準則及上市規則最新資 料;

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- reviewing the audit plan, audit progress report and significant audit findings with management at all committee meetings;
- reviewing with management on implementation of the recommendations on internal control made by the Internal Control Consultant; and
- reviewing the risk management and internal control of the Group.

The Committee is satisfied with the review of the work of external auditors, their audit fees, results of their audits and has recommended to the Board their re-appointment for the financial year ending on 31 December 2025 at the 2025 AGM. It was also reported that there were no material change in nature and extent of significant risks (including ESG risks) as compared with that of last year and the Company can respond to the market changes in its business and external environment.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary is a full time employee of the Group and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. During the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the Company Secretary has duly complied with the relevant professional training requirement under Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules which requires the Company Secretary to take no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training. The biographical details of the Company Secretary are set out in the section headed "DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S PROFILES" in this annual report.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy ("**Dividend Policy**"), pursuant to which the Company may declare and distribute dividends to the Shareholders. A decision to declare and pay any dividends would require the approval of the Board and will be at their discretion. The Board may from time to time determine and pay to the Shareholders such interim dividends as it considers appropriate. The Board may recommend the payment of final dividends which are required to be approved by the Shareholders in general meetings.

- 與管理層於所有委員會會議上審閱審核計 劃、審核進度報告及重大審核發現;
- 與管理層審閱有關由內部監控顧問提出有 關內部監控之建議實施;及
- 審閱本集團之風險管理及內部監控。

該委員會信納外聘核數師工作之審閲、審核 費、審核結果,並已向董事會建議於2025年 股東週年大會上審議截至2025年12月31日 止財政年度外聘核數師續聘事項。報告亦顯 示,重大風險(包括環境、社會及管治風險) 與去年比較在性質及程度兩方面均無重大變 動,而本公司能夠應對其業務及外部環境的 市場轉變。

#### 公司秘書

公司秘書為本集團全職僱員,對本公司事務 有日常認知。於截至2024年12月31日止財政 年度,公司秘書妥為遵守上市規則第3.29條 項下之相關專業培訓規定,該條規定公司秘 書須參與不少於15小時之相關專業培訓。公 司秘書之履歷詳情載於本年報「董事及高級管 理層履歷」一節。

#### 股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策(「**股息政策**」),據 此,本公司可向股東宣派及派發股息。宣派 及派付任何股息之決定需經董事會批准,並 將由其酌情決定。董事會可不時釐定並向股 東派付其認為適當的中期股息。董事會可建 議派付末期股息,惟須經股東於股東大會上 批准。

#### DIVERSITY

## 多元性

目前員工組成

## Current composition of the workforce

The Company values gender diversity across all levels of the Group. The following table sets out the gender ratio in the workforce of the Group as at the date of this annual report.

#### Number of Employees

本公司重視本集團各階層的性別多元性。下 表載列本集團於本年報日期的全體員工性別 比例。

#### 員工數目

		Number of Employees Involved 所涉僱員數目	Proportion of total workforce 佔員工總數比例
Gender Diversity Male Female	性別多元性 男 女	778 646	54.6% 45.4%

The Company will keep on achieving and improving its gender diversity across all levels of the Group (in both composition of the Board and the workforce) with reference to the current workforce available in the market and experience required for the Company's future development. The plan for gender diversity in our workforce and the Board will continue to achieve more balance of gender diversity in the future.

Policies for Whistleblowing and Anticorruption

## 本公司將參考目前市場上的人力資源以及本 公司未來發展所需的經驗,持續在本集團各 階層(董事會及全體員工的組成)實現並改善 性別多元性。全體員工及董事會性別多元化 的計劃將會繼續,使日後的性別多元化更為 均衡。

#### 舉報及反貪政策

本公司已制定系統,讓僱員可舉報任何與本 集團有關的任何可疑似或實際不當行為。由 董事、財務總監及人力資源主管組成的工作 委員會負責評估收到的每份舉報,並決定是 否需要進行全面調查。本集團將對此類不當 行為採取適當行動,並在適當情況下向相關 部門報告。

The Company has established a system for employees to report concerns of about any suspected or actual improprieties relating to the Group. The working committee comprising the Director, Chief Financial Officer and Head of Human Resources is responsible for evaluating every report received and deciding if a full investigation is necessary. The Group will take appropriate actions against such improprieties and, where appropriate, report the cases to the relevant authorities.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

Apart from the channels set out in the relevant policies, the Company has provided a separate email link on its website, by which stakeholders can freely provide comments and suggestions on the operations of the Company so that proper actions can be taken to address issues being raised. The reported cases, where necessary, will be escalated to the Board for consideration and discussion.

#### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Company recognises the importance of communication with the Shareholders, both individual and institutional as well as potential investors. The Company adopted a Shareholders Communication Policy with an aim of ensuring that the Shareholders are provided with timely information about the Company and enabling them to engage actively with the Company and to exercise their rights in an informed manner.

The AGM also provides a good opportunity for communication between the Board and the Shareholders. The Chairman of the Board, the Chairman of the respective Committees as well as the external auditors are normally present to answer questions as raised by the Shareholders. Notice of the AGM and the related circular are sent to the Shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting.

Votes of the Shareholders at general meeting will be taken by poll in accordance with the Listing Rules. Detailed procedures for conducting a poll will be explained to the Shareholders at the beginning of the general meeting to ensure that the Shareholders are familiar with the voting procedures. Each issue will be proposed by a separate resolution by the Chairman of the general meeting. The poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange on the same day of the general meeting. Each general meeting, other than an AGM, shall be called an extraordinary general meeting ("**EGM**"). 除相關政策所載渠道外,本公司亦已於其網 站中提供獨立電郵鏈接,讓持份者自由地用 以提供有關本公司運作的意見與建議,以便 本公司為處理所提出的事件而採取適當行 動。如有必要,本公司會將所舉報的個案提 交董事會考慮及討論。

#### 與股東溝通

本公司明白與股東(包括個人及機構)及潛在 投資者保持良好溝通之重要性。本公司已採 納股東溝通政策,以確保向股東提供本公司 之及時資訊及讓其積極參與本公司事務,使 其在知情情況下行使權利。

股東週年大會亦提供董事會與股東溝通之良 好機會。董事會主席、相關委員會主席及外 聘核數師一般均會出席大會,以解答股東提 出之問題。股東週年大會通告及相關通函均 會於大會前最少20個營業日寄予股東。

股東於股東大會的投票將根據上市規則以投 票表決方式進行。將在股東大會開始時向股 東解釋進行投票的詳細程序,以確保股東熟 悉投票程序。每項問題將由股東大會主席 以單獨決議案提呈。投票結果將於股東大會 同日刊登於本公司及聯交所網站。除股東週 年大會外,各股東大會均稱為股東特別大會 (「股東特別大會」)。

#### Procedures and right for the Shareholders to convene EGM

- An EGM shall be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company (the "Eligible Shareholder(s)") having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary for the purpose of requiring an EGM to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition;
- The requisition must state clearly the names of the Eligible Shareholders concerned, specify the objects of the meeting, and be signed by the Eligible Shareholders concerned. The Eligible Shareholders must prove their shareholdings in the Company to the satisfaction of the Company;
- The requisition will be verified with Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company and upon their confirmation that the requisition is proper and in order, the Board will convene an EGM by serving sufficient notice in accordance with the requirements under the Articles of Association to all the registered Shareholders. On the contrary, if the requisition has been verified as not in order or the Shareholders concerned have failed to deposit sufficient money to meet the Company's expenses for the said purposes, the Eligible Shareholder(s) concerned will be advised of this outcome and accordingly, the Board will not call for an EGM; and
- If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

股東召開股東特別大會的程序及權利

- 股東特別大會須應一名或多名股東的請求 召開,該等股東於提出請求當日須持有本 公司繳足股本不少於十分之一且擁有在股 東大會上投票的權利(「合資格股東」)。
   有關請求須以書面形式向董事會或公司秘 書提出,藉以要求董事會就處理有關請求 所指明之任何事務而召開股東特別大會, 而有關大會須在送交該請求後兩個月內舉 行;
- 請求必須載明相關合資格股東的姓名、召開大會的事由,並由相關合資格股東簽署。合資格股東必須證明彼等於本公司的持股量足以令本公司信納;
- 請求將由本公司香港股份過戶登記分處核 實,在確定請求為適當及符合程序後,董 事會將根據組織章程細則的規定向所有登 記股東發出充分通知,藉以召開股東特別 大會。反之,若請求經核實為不符合程序 或有關股東未能繳存足夠款項撥付本公司 上述用途的開支,有關合資格股東將獲通 知該結果,因此,董事會將不會要求召開 股東特別大會;及
- 如董事會在有關送交日期起計21日內未有 進行安排召開有關會議,則請求人(或多 名請求人)可用相同方式自行召開會議, 且請求人因董事會未有妥為召開會議而產 生的所有合理費用須由本公司償付。

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

There are no provisions allowing shareholders to move new resolutions at the general meetings under the Companies Act (as revised) of Cayman Islands. However, pursuant to the Articles of Association, Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may by means of requisition convene an EGM.

Specific enquiries and suggestions by the Shareholders can be sent in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's registered office. Shareholders are encouraged to access to the Company website at http://www.cirtek.com for all relevant information including Company's announcements, press releases, financial highlights, the Company's constitutional documents and detailed procedures for the Shareholders to convene meetings.

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

The Company has a proactive policy for promoting investor relations and communications by maintaining a regular dialogue with investors and other stakeholders. The Company's website at http://www.cirtek.com also features a dedicated Investor Relations section to facilitate communication with the Shareholders and investors. Corporate information and other relevant financial and non-financial information are made available electronically and in a timely manner.

Save for the adoption of the Articles of Association upon the Listing, since the Listing Date and up to the date of this annual report, there had been no significant changes in the constitutional documents of the Company. The Articles of Association is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. 根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂),概無條文批 准股東於股東大會動議新決議案。然而,根 據組織章程細則,有意動議決議案的股東可 以請求方式召開股東特別大會。

倘股東有特別查詢或建議,可以書面方式寄 予董事會或公司秘書,地址為本公司註冊 辦事處。本公司鼓勵股東訪問本公司網站 http://www.cirtek.com,以便了解所有相關 資料,包括本公司的公告、新聞稿、財務摘 要、本公司章程文件及股東召開會議的詳細 程序。

#### 投資者關係

本公司的政策為通過與投資者及其他利益相 關者保持定期對話,積極推動投資者關係及 溝通。本公司網站 http://www.cirtek.com 亦 登載專門的投資者關係部分,以促進與股東 及投資者的溝通。企業資料以及其他相關財 務及非財務資料以電子方式及時提供。

除於上市後採納組織章程細則外,自上市日 期起及直至本年報日期,本公司章程文件並 無重大變動。組織章程細則於本公司及聯交 所網站刊載。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

#### **REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS**

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company during the year was investment holding. The principal activities of the Group during the year were manufacture and sale of apparel products, such as hang tags, woven labels, printed labels and heat transfer products. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A discussion and review in the business activities of the Group, including a description of the principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Group and an indication of the likely future development of the Group's business, are set out in the sections headed "Chairman's statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 5 to 7 and pages 8 to 18 of this annual report, respectively. Certain key performance indicators, a discussion on the Group's environment policies and performance and its compliance with the relevant laws and regulations, and an account of the Group's relationship with its key stakeholders are included in the "Management Discussion and Analysis". The Company will also publish its standalone Environmental, Social and Governance Report for the year ended 31 December 2024 on the websites of the Stock Exchange in due course. These discussions form part of this "Report of the Directors". The financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group are shown in note 37 to the financial statements.

#### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The Group's consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year and the Company's and the Group's financial positions at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 59 to 61.

The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend in cash of HK0.75 cents per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil). The final dividend is conditional upon the passing of the relevant resolution by the Shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "**2025 AGM**") to be held on Friday, 20 June 2025.

#### 董事會報告

董事謹提呈截至2024年12月31日止年度之董 事會報告及本集團經審核財務報表。

#### 主要業務

本公司於本年度的主要業務為投資控股。本 集團於本年度的主要業務為生產及銷售服裝 產品,例如吊牌、織嘜、印嘜及熱轉印產 品。本集團主要業務性質於本年度內並無重 大變動。

#### 業務回顧

有關本集團業務活動之討論及回顧(包括本集 團面對之主要風險及不確定因素之描述及本 集團業務之可能未來發展情況之說明)分別載 於本年報第5至7頁及第8至18頁之「主席報 告」及「管理層討論及分析」章節。若干關鍵 表現指標、本集團環保政策及表現與其遵守 相關法例及規例情況之討論以及本集團與其 主要利益相關者之關係載於「管理層討論及分 析」內。本公司亦將適時於聯交所網頁刊發其 截至2024年12月31日止年度的獨立環境、社 會及管治報告。該等討論構成本「董事會報 告」之一部分。本集團的財務風險管理目標及 政策載於財務報表附註37。

#### 業績及股息

本集團本年度綜合損益表以及本公司與本集 團於該日之財務狀況載於第59至61頁之財務 報表中。

董事會建議就截至2024年12月31日止財政年 度以現金按每股普通股0.75港仙的基準派付 末期股息(2023年:無)。末期股息須待股東 於將在2025年6月20日(星期五)舉行的應屆 股東週年大會(「**2025年股東週年大會」**)上通 過相關決議案,方告作實。
# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

### SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the Group's financial information for FY2024 is set out on page 4 of this annual report.

# **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

# **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

None of the Directors are interested in any business apart from the Group's business which competes or is likely to compete, directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group pursuant to Rule 8.10 of the Listing Rules during FY2024.

# **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

The Company did not have any connected transactions which were subject to the requirement under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the year. The related party transactions are disclosed in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

# **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during FY2024.

# 財務資料概要

本集團於2024財政年度的財務資料概要載於 本年報第4頁。

# 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動詳情 載於財務報表附註14。

# 股本

本公司股本於年內之變動詳情載於財務報表 附註28。

# 董事於競爭業務中的權益

於2024財政年度,除本集團業務外,概無董 事於根據上市規則第8.10條直接或間接與本 集團業務競爭或可能競爭的任何業務中擁有 權益。

#### 關連交易

年內,本公司概無任何須遵守上市規則第 14A章項下規定的關連交易。關聯方交易於 綜合財務報表附註34中披露。

# 管理合約

於2024財政年度,概無訂立或存在有關本公司全部或任何重大部分業務的管理及行政合約。

# PURCHASE, REDEMPTION OR SALE OF LISTED SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY (INCLUDING SALE OF TREASURY SHARES)

During FY2024, the Company repurchased a total of 10,410,000 shares of the Company (the "**Shares**") for an aggregate consideration of HK\$416,400 on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, all of the purchased Shares are held as treasury shares (as defined in the Listing Rules). As at the 31 December 2024, the Company held 10,410,000 treasury shares, details of the Shares repurchase during FY 2024 are as follows:

# 購買、贖回或出售本公司上市證券(包括庫存 股份銷售)

於2024財政年度,本公司於香港聯合交易 所有限公司以總代價416,400港元購回合 共10,410,000股本公司股份(「股份」),所 有購回股份均作為庫存股份(定義見上市規 則)保存。於2024年12月31日,本公司持有 10,410,000股庫存股份,於2024財政年度購 回股份的詳情如下:

Month 月份	Number of Shares Repurchased 購回股份數目	<b>Purchase</b> Price 購買價 HK\$ 港元	Aggregate Amount 總金額 HK\$ 港元
July 2024	10,410,000	0.04	416,400
2024年7月 <b>Total</b> 總計	10,410,000		416,400

Save as disclosed, neither the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities (including sale of treasury shares (as defined in the Listing Rules) during FY2024.

# **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

# **TAX RELIEF**

The Company is not aware of any tax relief or exemption to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Shares during FY2024.

# RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and in note 30 to the financial statements, respectively. 除已披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司於 整個2024 財政年度內概無購買、贖回或出售 本公司任何上市證券(包括庫存股份(定義見 上市規則)銷售)。

# 優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島法律並無有關規定 本公司須按比例向現有股東發售新股份的優 先購買權條文。

# 税項減免

本公司並不知悉因股東於2024財政年度持有 股份而獲享的任何税項減免或豁免。

# 儲備

本集團及本公司於年內儲備之變動詳情分別 載於綜合權益變動表及財務報表附註30。

# **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

As at 31 December 2024, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the Companies Act (as revised) of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately HK\$212.7 million (2023: HK\$212.6 million). The share premium of the Company is available for distribution or paying dividends to the shareholders provided that immediately following the distribution or the payment of dividends, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

# **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 17 June 2025 to Friday, 20 June 2025 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for attending and voting at the 2025 AGM, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 16 June 2025.

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 26 June 2025 to Friday, 27 June 2025 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 25 June 2025.

# **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

In the year under review, sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 8.7% (2023: 9.0%) of the total sales for the year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to 4.1% (2023: 5.5%). Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 19.2% (2023: 10.0%) of the total purchases for the year and purchase from the largest supplier included therein amounted to 8.2% (2023: 3.5%). None of the Directors of the Company or any of their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5.0% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

# 可供分派儲備

截至2024年12月31日,本公司的可供分派 儲備(按開曼群島公司法(經修訂)計算)約為 212,700,000港元(2023年:212,600,000港 元)。本公司的股份溢價可供作股息分派或派 付予股東,前提是緊接於股息獲分派或派付 予股東後,本公司仍有能力於日常業務過程 中償還到期的債務。

### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司將於2025年6月17日(星期二)至2025 年6月20日(星期五)(首尾兩天包括在內)暫 停辦理股份過戶登記。為符合資格出席2025年股 東週年大會並於會上投票,所有填妥過戶表 格連同有關股票須不遲於2025年6月16日(星 期一)下午四時三十分送達本公司香港股份過 戶登記分處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址為 香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓。

本公司將於2025年6月26日(星期四)至2025 年6月27日(星期五)(首尾兩天包括在內)暫 停辦理股份過戶登記。為符合資格獲派建議末期 股息,所有填妥過戶表格連同有關股票須不 遲於2025年6月25日(星期三)下午四時三十 分送達本公司香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳證 券登記有限公司,地址為香港夏慤道16號遠 東金融中心17樓。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

於回顧年內,本集團向五大客戶作出之銷 售額佔本年度銷售總額約8.7%(2023年: 9.0%),而其中向最大客戶作出之銷售額為 4.1%(2023年:5.5%)。本集團向五大供應 商作出之購貨額佔本年度購貨總額約19.2% (2023年:10.0%),而其中向最大供應商 作出之購貨額為8.2%(2023年:3.5%)。概 無本公司董事或彼等之任何聯繫人或任何股 東(就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本超過 5.0%者)於本集團五大客戶及供應商中擁有 任何實益權益。 REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

# DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors: Mr. Chan Sing Ming Barry Ms. Law Miu Lan Mr. Chan Tsz Fung

Independent non-executive Directors: Mr. LAM Chor Ki Dick Mr. LEE Tak Cheong Ms. LUK Mei Yan

In accordance with article 108(a) of the Articles of Association, one-third of the directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third, shall retire from office by rotation provided that every director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring director shall be eligible for re-election. The Company at the general meeting at which a director retires may fill the vacated office. According to Article 112 of the Articles of Association, any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

In accordance with the Article of Association, each of Mr. Chan Sing Ming Barry and Ms. Luk Mei Yan will retire at the 2025 AGM and all of them, being eligible, will offer themselves for reelection at the 2025 AGM.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Mr. Lam Chor Ki Dick, Mr. Lee Tak Cheong and Ms. Luk Mei Yan, and as at the date of this report still considers them to be independent.

# 董事

於本年度內及直至本報告日期的董事為:

執行董事: 陳醒明先生 羅妙蘭女士 陳梓峰先生

獨立非執行董事: 林楚祺先生 李德昌先生 陸美恩女士

根據組織章程細則第108(a)條,當時在任的 三分之一董事(或倘人數並非三或三的倍數, 則為最接近但不少於三分之一的人數)須輪值 退任,惟每名董事(包括該等以特定任期獲委 任者)須至少每三年輪值退任一次。退任董事 符合資格重選連任。本公司可在董事退任的 股東大會上填補空缺職位。根據組織章程細 則第112條,任何獲董事會委任以作為現有董 事會新增成員的董事,任期僅至本公司下屆 股東週年大會為止,屆時將符合資格重選連 任。

根據組織章程細則,陳醒明先生及陸美恩女 士各自將於2025年股東週年大會上退任,且 彼等均符合資格於2025年股東週年大會上重 選連任。

本公司已接獲林楚祺先生、李德昌先生及陸 美恩女士的年度獨立確認書,且於本報告日 期仍視彼等為獨立。

# DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S PROFILES

# **Executive Directors**

**Mr. Chan Sing Ming Barry (**陳醒明), aged 65, being one of our Controlling Shareholders and Chairman of our Board, was appointed as our managing director in February 1992 and appointed as our Director on 25 January 2019 and re-designated as our executive Director on 21 February 2020. Mr. Barry Chan is the chairman of the Nomination Committee and the director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Barry Chan is responsible for our Group's overall management, corporate development and strategic planning. He obtained a higher certificate in fashion and clothing manufacture from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University (formerly known as Hong Kong Polytechnic) in November 1984.

Mr. Barry Chan has over 42 years of experience in the apparel labels and trim products manufacturing industry. Mr. Barry Chan is the spouse of Ms. Candy Law and the father of Mr. James Chan, who are both our executive Directors.

**Ms. Law Miu Lan (**羅妙蘭), aged 62, being one of our Controlling Shareholders, was appointed as our assistant managing director in September 1994, our Chief Executive Officer and Director on 17 May 2019 and was re-designated as our executive Director on 21 February 2020. Ms. Candy Law is responsible for our Group's overall management, operation and strategic planning. She obtained a higher certificate in fashion and clothing manufacture from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University (formerly known as Hong Kong Polytechnic) in November 1984.

Ms. Candy Law has over 39 years of experience in the apparel labels and trim products manufacturing industry. Ms. Candy Law is the spouse of Mr. Barry Chan and the mother of Mr. James Chan, who are both our executive Directors.

#### 董事及高級管理層履歷

#### 執行董事

陳醒明先生,65歲,為其中一名控股股東及 董事會主席,於1992年2月獲委任為董事總 經理,並於2019年1月25日獲委任為董事及 於2020年2月21日調任為執行董事。陳醒明 先生為提名委員會主席,並為本公司多間附 屬公司的董事。陳醒明先生負責本集團的整 體管理、公司發展及戰略規劃。彼於1984年 11月取得香港理工大學(前稱香港理工學院) 的時裝及製衣高級文憑。

陳醒明先生於服裝標籤及裝飾產品製造行業 擁有逾42年經驗。陳醒明先生為羅妙蘭女士 的配偶及陳梓峰先生的父親,羅妙蘭女士及 陳梓峰先生均為我們的執行董事。

**羅妙蘭女士**,62歲,為我們其中一名控股 股東,於1994年9月獲委任為助理董事總經 理以及於2019年5月17日獲委任為行政總裁 兼董事,並於2020年2月21日調任為執行董 事。羅妙蘭女士負責本集團的整體管理、營 運及戰略規劃。彼於1984年11月取得香港理 工大學(前稱香港理工學院)的時裝及製衣高 級文憑。

羅妙蘭女士於服裝標籤及裝飾產品製造行業 擁有逾39年經驗。羅妙蘭女士為陳醒明先生 的配偶及陳梓峰先生的母親,陳醒明先生及 陳梓峰先生均為我們的執行董事。 Mr. Chan Tsz Fung (陳梓峰), aged 35, joined our Group in October 2013 as an operations assistant and is currently a product development manager of Charming Printing Limited, a subsidiary of the Group ("Charming Printing"). He was appointed as our Director on 17 May 2019 and was re-designated as our executive Director on 21 February 2020. Mr. James Chan is also a member of the Nomination Committee and director of certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. James Chan has over five years of experience in the apparel labels and trim products manufacturing industry. He is primarily responsible for overseeing the product development, marketing and strategic planning of our Group, in particular our Group's sales and marketing activities in Europe. He studied diploma of engineering at Deakin University from February 2011 to February 2012. He is the son of Mr. Barry Chan and Ms. Candy Law, our executive Directors.

Independent Non-executive Directors

**Mr. Lam Chor Ki Dick** (林楚祺), aged 59, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 February 2020 and is currently a member of each of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. He graduated from the Hong Kong Baptist University with a bachelor's degree in business administration in November 1990. He then obtained the master of arts in electronic business from the City University of Hong Kong in November 2003.

From July 1990 to October 2000, Mr. Lam held various accounting and finance positions in a number of companies including AIA Group Limited, Inchcape Marketing Ltd., LeaRonal (S.E.Asia) Ltd., Elite Business Machines Mfg. Co. Ltd., Dong Ying Computer Label & Embroidery Company Limited and AFG Company Limited. From November 2000 to January 2005, Mr. Lam served as a financial controller at Lexmark International (China) Co., Ltd., a company principally engages in the provision of printing and imaging products and software solutions services. From January 2005 to December 2005, he worked as a financial controller at Fellowes Consulting LLC Dongguan Representative Office, a company principally manufactures paper shredders. From January 2006 to November 2008, Mr. Lam worked as a director at Electrical Components International Inc., a company principally manufactures wire harness, with his last position being a finance and administrative director and was the director of business administration at ECI (Huizhou). From December 2008 to October 2010, Mr. Lam served as an operation controller at Shakespeare (Hong Kong) Ltd., a company principally manufactures sports hardware. From November 2010 to January 2012, he served as a consultant at Resources Global Professionals (HK) Limited, a consultancy firm. Mr. Lam has served as a vice president of the asian operation department in ECI (Huizhou) since February 2012.

**陳梓峰先生**,35歲,於2013年10月加入本 集團,職位為營運助理,目前為本集團附屬 公司集美印刷有限公司(「**集美印刷**」)的產品 開發經理。彼於2019年5月17日獲委任為 事,並於2020年2月21日調任為執行董事。 使格先生亦為本公司提名委員會成員及若 下附屬公司之董事。陳梓峰先生於服裝標 及裝飾產品製造行業擁有逾五年經驗。彼戰 規劃,尤其是本集團於歐洲的銷售及營銷活 動。於2011年2月至2012年2月,彼於迪肯大 學修讀工程文憑。彼為執行董事陳醒明先生 及羅妙蘭女士的兒子。

#### 獨立非執行董事

林楚祺先生,59歲,於2020年2月21日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事,現分別為本公司之審 核委員會及提名委員會之成員。彼於1990年 11月畢業於香港浸會大學,並取得工商管理 學士學位。彼其後於2003年11月取得香港城 市大學的文學碩士(電子商業)學位。

於1990年7月至2000年10月,林先生於多 間公司擔任不同會計及財務職位,包括友邦 保險控股有限公司、英之傑商務拓展有限公 司、勵樂(東南亞)有限公司、Elite Business Machines Mfg. Co. Ltd.、東英電腦織嘜刺 綉有限公司及AFG Company Limited。於 2000年11月至2005年1月,林先生於利盟國 際(中國)有限公司(為一間主要從事提供印刷 及影像產品以及軟件解決方案服務的公司)擔 任財務總監。於2005年1月至2005年12月, 彼於 Fellowes Consulting LLC Dongguan Representative Office(為一間主要從事生 產碎紙機的公司)擔任財務總監。於2006 年1月至2008年11月,林先生於Electrical Components International Inc.(為一間主要 從事生產配線的公司)擔任董事,最後職位為 財務及行政主管,並為ECI (Huizhou)的業務 行政主管。於2008年12月至2010年10月, 林先生擔任莎士比亞(香港)有限公司(為一 間主要從事生產運動硬件的公司)的營運總 監。於2010年11月至2012年1月,彼於顧問 公司 Resources Global Professionals (HK) Limited擔任顧問。林先生自2012年2月起擔 任ECI (Huizhou)的亞洲營運部副總裁。

**Mr. Lee Tak Cheong** (李德昌), aged 54, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 21 February 2020 and is currently the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, a member of each of the Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Lee graduated from the University of Hong Kong with a bachelor's degree in engineering in November 1993. He then obtained a postgraduate diploma in quality management from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in November 2000. In December 2003, Mr. Lee obtained a master's degree in business administration from The Chinese University of Hong Kong.

From April 2004 to December 2007, Mr. Lee worked as a general manager overseeing factory management at Mansfield Manufacturing Co. Ltd., a company primarily engaged in metal stamping business. From December 2007 to June 2009, he served as a general manager at Top Link Industrial Co. Ltd., a company primarily manufactures electric powered tools. From September 2009 to August 2014, Mr. Lee started working as a general manager at Charming Printing and was promoted as an operational director in April 2012. From October 2014 to the present, Mr. Lee has been serving as a director overseeing the business management at Dreamcubics 3D Printing Limited, a company primarily sells 3D printers and provides 3D printing service.

**Ms. Luk Mei Yan** (陸美恩), aged 60, was appointed as our independent non-executive Director on 25 June 2021 and is currently the Chairman of Audit Committee, a member of each of the Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company. Ms. Luk acquired her bachelor of commerce (accounting) from Curtin University of Technology in August 1996 and associate diploma in accounting from Adeliade College of TAFE in Australia in May 1993. Ms. Luk was admitted as a certified practicing accountant of the Australian Society of Certified Practising Accountants in March 1998 and was certified as an associate of Hong Kong Society of Accountants (currently known as Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants) in July 1998.

From November 2013 to December 2016, Ms. Luk was appointed as an independent non-executive director and the chairman of the audit committee in Eprint Group Limited (Stock code: 1884). From July 2008 to March 2019, she had also worked as the group financial controller of Golden Sun Home Products Limited. Since February 2020, she has served as accounting manager in Advanced Finishing Systems (HK) Limited. **李德昌先生**,54歲,於2020年2月21日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事,現為本公司之薪酬委 員會主席以及審核委員會及提名委員會之成 員。李先生於1993年11月畢業於香港大學, 取得工程學士學位。彼其後於2000年11月取 得香港理工大學的質量管理研究生文憑。於 2003年12月,李先生取得香港中文大學的工 商管理碩士學位。

於2004年4月至2007年12月,李先生擔任茂 森精藝金屬製造有限公司(為一間主要從事金 屬沖壓業務的公司)的總經理,負責監察廠房 管理。於2007年12月至2009年6月,彼擔任 特力實業有限公司(為一間主要生產電動工具 的公司)的總經理。於2009年9月至2014年8 月,李先生開始擔任集美印刷的總經理,並 於2012年4月晉升為營運總監。由2014年10 月至今,李先生一直擔任夢立方三維打印有 限公司(為一間主要銷售立體打印機及提供立 體打印服務的公司)的董事,負責監察其業務 管理。

陸美恩女士,60歲,於2021年6月25日獲委 任為獨立非執行董事,現為本公司之審核委 員會主席以及薪酬委員會及提名委員會之成 員。陸女士於1996年8月取得科廷科技大學 商業(會計)學士學位及於1993年5月取得澳 洲Adeliade College of TAFE的會計專科文 憑。陸女士於1998年3月加入澳洲會計師公 會成為執業會計師,並於1998年7月註冊為 香港會計師公會會員。

於2013年11月至2016年12月,陸女士獲委 任為Eprint集團有限公司(股份代號:1884) 獨立非執行董事及審核委員會主席。於2008 年7月至2019年3月,彼亦任職金昇家品有限 公司集團財務總監。自2020年2月起,彼於 Advanced Finishing Systems (HK) Limited 擔任會計經理職務。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

### **Senior Management**

Mr. Chew Yong Hock (周榮福), aged 66, was appointed as the sales and marketing director of Charming Printing in July 2012. Mr. Chew obtained a higher stage certificate in salesmanship and sales management from The London Chamber of Commerce and Industry in spring 1984. Mr. Chew has more than 32 years of experience in the apparel labels and trim products manufacturing industry.

Mr. Fung Hong Keung (馮康強), aged 62, was appointed as Chief Financial Officer of Charming Printing in February 2021. From 1992 to 2011, Mr. Fung held various financial position in a number of companies including Integrated Display Technology Limited, a subsidiary of IDT International Limited (a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 167)), Sanmina-SCI (China) Limited, a subsidiary of Sanmina-SCI (NASDAQ stock code: SANM) and a subsidiary of Fountain Set (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 420). During the period from 2011 to 2012, Mr Fung worked as the Chief corporate service officer of生產力(深圳) 諮詢有限公司, a subsidiary of the Hong Kong Productivity Council. From 2012 to 2016, Mr Fung worked as executive director, chief financial officer, company secretary at eprint Group Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code:1884), which primarily engaged in supplying online printing services and customized printed products. From 2017 to 2020, Mr Fung worked as chief financial officer at Tung Chit Tobacco (H.K) Company Limited, a subsidiary of Tung Chit Group Limited, which primarily engaged in distribution and manufacturing of PRC-branded cigarettes.

Mr. Fung obtained a bachelor degree of arts in accountancy from the Bolton University of Higher Education in the United Kingdom in October 2003, and a graduate diploma in China marketing and e-business from the University of Hong Kong School of Professional and Continuing Education in November 2004. He was awarded the Professional diploma in Corporate Governance and Directorship from the Hong Kong Institute of Directors and Hong Kong Productivity Council in November 2012. He has been a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since December 2004, a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 2005, and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Directors since January 2013.

# 高級管理層

周榮福先生,66歲,於2012年7月獲委任為 集美印刷的銷售及營銷主管。周先生於1984 年春季取得倫敦工商會的推銷術及銷售管理 高級證書。周先生於服裝標籤及裝飾產品製 造行業擁有逾32年經驗。

馮康強先生,62歲,於2021年2月獲委任為 集美印刷的首席財務總監。於1992至2011 年,馮先生於多間公司擔任不同財務職位, 公司包括萬威科技有限公司(萬威國際有限 公司(於聯交所主板上市的公司(股份代號: 167))的附屬公司)、新美亞(中國)有限公司 (Sanmina-SCI(NASDAQ股份代號:SANM) 的附屬公司)及福田實業(集團)有限公司(股 份代號:420)的附屬公司。於2011年至2012 年期間,馮先生於生產力(深圳)諮詢有限公 司(香港生產力促進局的附屬公司)擔任首席 機構執行官。於2012至2016年,馮先生於 eprint集團有限公司(於聯交所主板上市的公 司(股份代號:1884),主要從事供應網上印 刷服務及個人化印刷產品)擔任執行董事、 首席財務總監及公司秘書的職位。於2017 年至2020年,馮先生於Tung Chit Tobacco (H.K) Company Limited (Tung Chit Group Limited的附屬公司,主要從事分派及生產中 國品牌香煙)擔任首席財務總監一職。

馮先生於2003年10月在英國Bolton University of Higher Education獲取會計學 士學位,並於2004年11月在香港大學專業進 修學院獲取中國營銷及電子業務深造文憑。 彼於2012年11月獲香港董事學會及香港生產 力促進局頒發企業管治及董事專業文憑。彼 自2004年12月起為英國皇家特許會計師公會 資深會員、自2005年1月起為香港童計師公 會會員及自2013年1月為香港董事學會會員。 Mr. Richard Phillip Ringeisen, aged 66, was appointed as the president of Charming US in February 2011 and is the director of Charming US. Mr. Ringeisen studied at the Western Michigan University from 1979 to 1980. Prior to joining our Group, Mr. Ringeisen worked as a western region sales manager at US Label Corporation, a company primarily sells and markets apparel identification products, from 1999 to 2001. Mr. Ringeisen worked as a sales manager in the western region of the United States at Alkahn Labels Inc, a company primarily engaged in the sales business, from 2001 to 2003. Mr. Ringeisen then worked as a vice president at 28 Packaging Inc, a company primarily engaged in the sales and marketing business from 2003 to 2008. He later worked as a vice president at Integra Trim, a company primarily engaged in the sales and marketing business from 2008 to 2010 where he was responsible for overseeing and managing the sales business of the company.

Mr. Liao Wenwei (廖文偉), aged 56, was appointed as the general manager of Charming China in August 2009. He obtained a diploma in business administration from the Huizhou University in July 1997. From April 1992 to July 2000, Mr. Liao worked as a salesman at Huizhou Jiangbei Building Material Company\* (惠州市江北建材公司), a company primarily engaged in the trading business, with his last position being a manager. Mr. Liao then worked as a factory manager at Boluo County Shiwan Chuangmei Printing Factory\* (博羅縣石灣創美印刷廠) from August 2000 to July 2009.

# **Company Secretary**

Mr. Chan Wai Shing Kevin (陳偉成), aged 50, was appointed as the finance and accounts manager of Charming Printing in February 2016 and the company secretary on 17 May 2019. Mr. Chan obtained a diploma in accounting from Hong Kong Shue Yan University (formerly known as Shue Yan College) in July 1998. He was then awarded a diploma in operating business in China and a diploma in professional management for China business from the City University of Hong Kong in April 2004 and October 2004, respectively. Mr. Chan has been a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since August 2008 and a member of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administration since February 2010. In view of Mr. Chan's experience in legal and company secretarial functions and with stock exchange rules and regulations, our Directors believe that Mr. Chan has the appropriate expertise for the purposes of Rule 3.28 of the Listing Rules.

**Richard Phillip Ringeisen**先生,66歲,於 2011年2月獲委任為Charming US的總裁, 並為Charming US的董事。Ringeisen先生 於1979年至1980年在西密歇根大學就讀。 於加入本集團前, Ringeisen先生於1999年 至2001年在US Label Corporation(為一間主 要銷售及營銷服裝識別產品的公司)擔任西岸 銷售經理。Ringeisen先生於2001年至2003 年在美國西岸的Alkahn Labels Inc(為一間 主要從事銷售業務的公司)擔任銷售經理。 Ringeisen先生其後於2003年至2008年擔任 28 Packaging Inc(為一間主要從事銷售及營 銷業務的公司)的副總裁。彼其後於2008年 至2010年擔任Integra Trim(為一間主要從事 銷售及營銷業務的公司)的副總裁,彼負責監 察及管理該公司的銷售業務。

**廖文偉先生**,56歲,於2009年8月獲委任 為常美中國的總經理。彼於1997年7月取得 惠州大學的工商管理文憑。於1992年4月至 2000年7月,廖先生為惠州市江北建材公司 (為一間主要從事貿易業務的公司)的推銷 員,最後職位為經理。廖先生其後於2000年 8月至2009年7月擔任博羅縣石灣創美印刷廠 的工廠經理。

#### 公司秘書

陳偉成先生,50歲,於2016年2月獲委任為 集美印刷的財務及會計經理,並於2019年5 月17日獲委任為公司秘書。陳先生於1998年 7月取得香港樹仁大學(前稱樹仁學院)的會計 文憑。彼其後分別於2004年4月及2004年10 月獲香港城市大學頒授中國營商實務文憑及 中國企業專修文憑。陳先生自2008年8月起 一直為英國皇家特許公認會計師公會資深會 員,而自2010年2月起,彼一直為英國特許 秘書及行政人員公會會員。鑒於陳先生於法 律及公司秘書職能方面以及聯交所規則及規 例之經驗,董事相信就上市規則第3.28條而 言,陳先生擁有適當之專業知識。

<sup>\*</sup> for identification purposes only

# DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

No Director proposed for re-election at the 2025 AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

# DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The Directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. Other emoluments are determined by the Board with reference to directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group.

# PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles of Association and subject to the provisions of the Companies Act (as revised) of the Cayman Islands, every Director or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto. The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No Director nor a connected entity of a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of the Company's subsidiaries was a party during the year.

# 董事之服務合約

擬於2025年股東週年大會上重選連任之董事 概無與本公司訂立不可由本公司於一年內終 止而毋須賠償(法定賠償除外)之服務合約。

# 董事酬金

董事袍金須於股東大會上獲股東批准。其他 酬金則由董事會參照董事職責、責任及表現 以及本集團之業績予以釐定。

# 獲准許的彌償保證條文

根據組織章程細則及開曼群島公司法條文(經修訂),本公司的每名董事或其他高級職員均 有權就或因履行其職責而承受或產生的所有 虧損或負債,自本公司資產獲得彌償。本公 司已為本集團董事及高級職員投購適當的董 事及高級職員責任險。

# 董事於交易、安排或合約之權益

董事或董事之關連實體概無於本公司或本公 司任何附屬公司於年內訂約的對本集團業務 而言屬重大的任何交易、安排或合約中直接 或間接擁有重大權益。

# **DISCLOSURE OF INTERESTS**

#### A. Directors' and chief executive's interests and/or short positions in shares and underlying shares of the Company or its associated corporations

As at 31 December 2024, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares of the Company ("Shares"), underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "**SFO**")) which (a) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they have taken, or are deemed to have taken, under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company; or (c) were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"), to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange were as follows:

# Long positions in shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations

# 權益披露

A. 董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其相聯法 團股份及相關股份之權益及/或淡倉

於2024年12月31日,本公司董事及主要 行政人員在本公司或其相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第 XV部)的本公司股份(「股份」)、相關股份 及債券中擁有(a)根據證券及期貨條例第 XV部第7及8分部,須知會本公司及聯交 所的權益和淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例第 352條 須記錄於本公司備置登記冊內的權益和淡 倉);或(b)根據證券及期貨條例第352條 須記錄於本公司備置登記冊內的權益和淡 倉;或(c)根據上市規則附錄C3所載上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所的權益和 淡倉如下:

# 於本公司或其任何相聯法團股份之好倉

Name of director 董事姓名	Company/ name of associated company 本公司/聯營公司名稱	Nature of interest and capacity 權益性質及身份	Number and class of securities 證券數目及類別	Approximate percentage of the Company's/ the associate company's total issued share capital 佔本公司 已發行股本總額 的概約百分比
Chan Sing Ming Barry (" <b>Mr. Barry Chan</b> ")	The Company	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 1) (Note 2)	1,308,000,000 shares	65.4%
陳醒明(「陳醒明先生」)	本公司	受控制法團權益(附註1)(附註2)	1,308,000,000股股份	
	Charming International Limited ("Charming International")	Beneficial owner	51 shares of US\$1.00 each	51.0%
	Charming International Limited ([Charming International])	實益擁有人	51股 每股1.00美元的股份	
Law Miu Lan (" <b>Ms. Candy Law</b> ")	The Company	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 1) (Note 2)	1,308,000,000 shares	65.4%
羅妙蘭(「羅妙蘭女士」)	本公司	受控制法團權益( <i>附註1)(附註2)</i>	1,308,000,000股股份	
	Charming International	Beneficial owner	49 shares of US\$1.00 each	49.0%
		實益擁有人	49股 每股1.00美元的股份	
Chan Tsz Fung	The Company	Beneficial owner	12,000,000 shares	0.6%
陳梓峰	本公司	實益擁有人	12,000,000股股份	

#### Notes:

- Each of Mr. Barry Chan and Ms. Candy Law owns as to 51% and 49% of the issued share capital of Charming International which, in turn, holds 1,308,000,000 Shares. Accordingly, Mr. Barry Chan and Ms. Candy Law are deemed to be interested in 1,308,000,000 Shares held by Charming International by virtue of the disclosure requirements of the SFO.
- Mr. Barry Chan is the spouse of Ms. Candy Law. Accordingly, Mr. Barry Chan and Ms. Candy Law are deemed to be interested in the Shares held by each other by virtue of the SFO.

# Short positions in shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors and/or chief executive of the Company nor their associates had or was deemed to have any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which each of them has taken or deemed to have taken under the SFO), or which would be required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register required to be kept therein or which would be required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

#### 附註:

- 1. 陳醒明先生及羅妙蘭女士各自擁有Charming International的51%及49%已發行股本,而 Charming International則持有1,308,000,000 股股份。因此,根據證券及期貨條例的披露 規定,陳醒明先生及羅妙蘭女士被視為於 Charming International持有的1,308,000,000股 股份中擁有權益。
- 陳醒明先生為羅妙蘭女士之配偶。因此,根據 證券及期貨條例,陳醒明先生及羅妙蘭女士被 視作擁有各自持有之股份之權益。

# 於本公司或其任何相聯法團股份之淡倉

除上文所披露者外,於2024年12月31 日,概無董事及/或本公司主要行政人 員及其聯繫人於本公司或其任何相聯法 團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股 份、相關股份或債權證中擁有或被視為擁 有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8 分部須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或 淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例彼等被當 券及期貨條例第352條須記入本公司須存 置的登記冊的任何權益或淡倉,或根據標 準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益 或淡倉。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

B. Substantial shareholders' and other persons' interests and/or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company

As at the date of this annual report, the following persons (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company) have interests of 5% or more in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO:

#### Long positions in ordinary shares of the Company

B. 主要股東及其他人士於本公司股份及相關 股份之權益及/或淡倉

於本年報日期,以下人士(董事或本公司 主要行政人員除外)於本公司股份及相關 股份中擁有記入本公司根據證券及期貨條 例第336條須存置之權益登記冊之5%或 以上權益:

# 於本公司普通股之好倉

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Capacity/ nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of shares 股份數目	Approximate percentage of the Company's total issued share capital 佔本公司 已發行股本總額 的概約百分比
Charming International	Beneficial interest <i>(Note)</i> 賓益權益( <i>附註)</i>	1,308,000,000	65.4%

#### Note:

Each of Mr. Barry Chan and Ms. Candy Law owns as to 51% and 49% of the issued share capital of Charming International which, in turn, holds 1,308,000,000 Shares. Accordingly, Mr. Barry Chan and Ms. Candy Law are deemed to be interested in 1,308,000,000 Shares held by Charming International by virtue of the disclosure requirements of the SFO.

# Short positions in shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations

As at 31 December 2024, no person, other than the Directors and chief executive of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section headed "Directors' and chief executive's interests and/or short positions in Shares and underlying Shares of the Company" above, had registered an interest or a short position in the Shares or underlying Shares of the Company as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

#### 附註:

陳 醒 明 先 生 及 羅 妙 蘭 女 士 各 自 擁 有 Charming International 的 51% 及 49% 已 發 行 股 本 , 而 Charming International 則持有1,308,000,000 股股 份。因此,根據證券及期貨條例的披露規定,陳醒明 先生及羅妙蘭女士被視為於Charming International 持有的1,308,000,000 股股份中擁有權益。

# 於本公司或其任何相聯法團股份之淡倉

於2024年12月31日,除董事及本公司主 要行政人員外(彼等擁有之權益載於上文 「董事及主要行政人員於本公司股份及相 關股份之權益及/或淡倉」一節),概無 人士於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有已記 入證券及期貨條例第336條規定本公司須 存置的權益登記冊內的權益或淡倉。

# **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company has adopted a share option scheme on 21 February 2020 (the "Share Option Scheme"). On 15 September 2020, the Company granted a total of 2,000,000 shares options with an exercise price of HK\$0.057 per share under the Share Option Scheme to one of our senior management carrying rights to subscribe for up to a total of 2,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company under the Share Option Scheme. The details are set out in note 29 to the financial statements. 50% of the 2,000,000 share options granted shall be exercisable from 31 December 2021 (instead of 1 January 2022) to 14 September 2025, and the remaining 50% shall be exercisable from 31 December 2023 (instead of 1 January 2024) to 14 September 2025. The 2,000,000 share options granted are valid for 5 years from the date of grant (up to 14 September 2025). The said share options granted will lapse automatically if not exercised within the validity period. The closing price of the Shares before the date of grant of the share options under the Share Option Scheme was HK\$0.059. As at the date of the Annual Report, 200,000,000 Shares are available for issue under the Share Option Scheme, representing approximately 10.0% of the total number of Shares in issue (i.e. 2,000,000,000 Shares as at the date of the Annual Report). Pursuant to the Share Option Scheme and Rule 17.03(5) of the Listing Rules, the Shares under an option granted under the Share Option Scheme must be taken up within 10 years from the date of grant of the option. No share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during FY2024.

The maximum number of Shares to be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. No options may be granted under any schemes of the Company or the subsidiary of the Company if such grant will result in the maximum number being exceeded. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue (i.e. 200,000,000 Shares as at the date of this annual report). Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Scheme or any other schemes will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the 10% limit.

# 購股權計劃

本公司已於2020年2月21日採納購股權計 劃(「購股權計劃」)。於2020年9月15日, 本公司根據購股權計劃,以行使價為每股 股份0.057港元向一名高級管理層授予合共 2.000.000份購股權,彼憑此有權根據購股權 計劃認購最多合共2,000,000股本公司普通 股。有關詳情載於財務報表附註29。所授出 的2.000.000份購股權的50%須於2021年12 月31日(而非2022年1月1日)至2025年9月14 日期間予以行使,而餘下的50%則須於2023 年12月31日(而非2024年1月1日)至2025年 9月14日期間予以行使。所授出的2,000,000 份購股權由授出日期起計5年內(百至2025年 9月14日)有效。倘前述購股權並無於有效期 間內予以行使,則自動失效。根據購股權計 劃授出購股權日期前的股份收市價為0.059港 元。於本年報日期,200,000,000股股份可 根據購股權計劃予以發行,佔已發行股份總 數約10.0%(即於本年報日期2,000,000,000 股股份)。根據購股權計劃及上市規則第 17.03(5)條,根據購股權計劃授予的購股權 必須由授出購股權日期起計10年內承購。於 2024財政年度,概無購股權獲授予、行使、 註銷或失效。

根據該計劃及本集團任何其他購股權計劃授 出而尚未行使的所有尚未行使購股權而發行 的股份最高數目合共不得超過本公司不時已 發行股本之30%。倘有關授出將導致超出最 高數目,則概無可根據本公司或本公司附屬 公司的任何計劃授出的購股權。根據該計劃 及本公司任何其他計劃授出的所有購股權獲 行使而可能發行的股份總數不得超過已發行 股份的10%(於本年報日期即200,000,000股 股份)。就計算10%限額而言,根據該計劃或 任何其他計劃的條款而失效之購股權將不會 計算在內。

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted under Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group (including both exercised and outstanding options) to each participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Shares then in issue. Any further grant of the options in excess of this limit is subject to Shareholders' approval in a general meeting. Each grant of option under the Scheme to a Director, chief executive or substantial Shareholder, or to any of their associates, is subject to approval in advance by the independent non-executive Directors. In addition, any grant of option under the Scheme to a substantial Shareholder or an independent non-executive Director, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the Shares in issue at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, are subject to Shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

An option may be accepted by a participant within 28 days from the date of the grant of the option. The Directors may, at their absolute discretion, fix any minimum period for which an option must be held, any performance targets that must be achieved and any other conditions that must be fulfilled before the options can be exercised upon the grant of an option to a participant.

The subscription price of a Share in respect of any option granted under the Scheme, subject to any adjustments made in accordance with the Share Option Scheme, shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, provided that such price shall not be less than the highest of (i) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five business days (as defined in the Listing Rules) immediately preceding the date of grant of the option (which must be a business day (as defined in the Listing Rules)); (ii) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the option (which must be a business day (as defined in the Listing Rules)); and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares. A consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptance of the offer of the grant of an option.

The Scheme is effective for a period of 10 years commencing on the Listing Date.

根據該計劃及本集團任何其他購股權計劃(包括已行使及尚未行使的購股權)授出的所有購股權獲行使後於任何12個月期間內向各參與者已發行及將發行的股份總額不得超過當時已發行股份的1%。進一步授予任何超過此限。 截該計劃向董事、主要行政人員或主要。 根據計劃向董事、主要行政人員或主要。 根據該計劃於任何12個月期間向向主要 股東或獨立非執行董事或其任何聯營公司每次授出購股權均須 。要 份,根據該計劃於任何12個月期間向主要授 出超過於任何時候的已發行股份的0.1%或總 價值(基於本公司股份於授出日期的價格)超 過5,000,000港元之任何購股權均須獲得股東 於股東大會事先批准後方可作實。

參與者可自授出購股權要約日期起計28日 內接納購股權。董事可於授出購股權予參與 者時全權酌情釐定必須持有購股權的最短期 間、任何必須達致的表現目標及於購股權可 予行使前必須達成的任何其他條件。

根據該計劃授出的任何購股權相關股份的認 購價,須由董事會全權酌情釐定(可根據購股 權計劃作出任何調整),惟該價格不得低於下 列各項的最高者:(i)股份於緊接授出購股權日 期(必須為營業日(定義見上市規則))前五個 營業日(定義見上市規則)在聯交所每日報價 表所示的平均收市價:(ii)股份於授出購股權 日期(必須為營業日(定義見上市規則))在聯 交所每日報價表所示收市價:及(iii)股份的面 值。接納授出購股權要約時須支付代價1.00 港元。

該計劃自上市日期起10年期間內有效。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS 董事會報告

# **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Save as disclosed in this annual report, no equity-linked agreement was entered into by or subsisted in the Company, and there was no provision to enter into any agreement which will or may result in the Company issuing shares during the year.

# DIRECTOR'S RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed under the section headed "Share Option Scheme" above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company or chief executives or any of their spouse or children under the age of 18 to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

# SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued Shares was held by the public as at the date of this report.

# **AUDITORS**

The Company has appointed Ernst & Young as the auditor of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024. Ernst & Young will retire and a resolution for their reappointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the 2025 AGM.

By Order of the Board Chan Sing Ming Barry Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong

31 March 2025

# 股權掛鈎協議

年內,除本年報披露者外,本公司概無訂立 或存在股權掛鈎協議,亦概無有關訂立任何 協議將導致或可能導致本公司發行股份的條 文。

董事收購股份或債券的權利

除上文「購股權計劃」一節項下所披露者外, 本公司或其任何附屬公司概無於年內任何時 間訂立任何安排,以使本公司董事或主要行 政人員或其任何配偶或18歲以下的子女收購 本公司或任何其他法團的股份或債券而獲益。

# 公眾持股量充足

根據本公司公開可得資料及據董事所知,於 本報告日期,本公司已發行股份總額的最少 25%由公眾人士持有。

核數師

本公司已委任安永會計師事務所為本公司截 至2024年12月31日止年度的核數師。安永會 計師事務所行將退任,且一項有關續聘其為 本公司核數師的決議案將於2025年股東週年 大會上提呈。

承董事會命 *主席兼執行董事* **陳醒明** 

香港

# 2025年3月31日

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



Ernst & Young 27/F, One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong 安永會計師事務所 香港鰂魚涌英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓 ev.com

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# To the shareholders of Cirtek Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

# **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Cirtek Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 59 to 176, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

# 致常達控股有限公司股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

# 意見

吾等已審核列載於第59至176頁的常達控股 有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(「貴集 團」)的綜合財務報表,當中包括於2024年12 月31日的综合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度 的綜合損益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益 變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報 表附註(包括重要會計政策資料)。

吾等認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師 公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而公平地 反映 貴集團於2024年12月31日的綜合財務 狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜 合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的披露 規定妥為編製。

# **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

# 意見基礎

吾等已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港核數 準則(「香港核數準則」)進行審核。吾等於該 等準則下承擔的責任已於本報告核數師就審 計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任一節作進一步 闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的專業會計 師道德守則(「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴集 團,並已履行守則中的其他道德責任。吾等 相信,吾等所獲得的審核憑證能充足及適當 地為吾等的意見提供基礎。

# 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項乃根據吾等的專業判斷,認為 對本期間綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事 項。該等事項於吾等審核整體綜合財務報表 及就此出具意見時處理。吾等不會對該等事 項提供單獨的意見。就下述各項而言,吾等 的審計如何處理有關事項的描述乃以此為背 景。

吾等已履行本報告核數師就審計綜合財務報 表須承擔的責任一節闡述的責任,包括與該 等事項相關的責任。相應地,吾等的審計工 作包括執行為應對評估綜合財務報表重大錯 誤陳述風險而設計的程序。吾等執行審計程 序(包括處理下述事項所執行的程序)的結果 為綜合財務報表審計意見提供基礎。

# **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

# 關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

# Kev audit matter 關鍵審計事項

#### Impairment assessment of trade receivables 貿易應收款項的減值評估

As at 31 December 2024, the Group recorded trade Our audit procedures included assessing the controls receivables of approximately HK\$60,134,000 before over the monitoring of trade receivables; evaluating impairment of HK\$2,572,000. Under HKFRS 9, the methodologies, inputs and assumptions used the Group accounted for the impairment of trade by the Group in calculating the ECLs; obtaining an receivables with an expected credit loss ("ECL") understanding of and discussing with management approach. The measurement on the Group's trade on the judgement used under the ECL approach: receivables under the ECL approach was estimated by assessing historical loss pattern and reviewing management through the application of judgements subsequent settlements after the year end; and and use of highly subjective assumptions. The impact assessing the current economic condition and of current economic factors, and forward-looking forward-looking information by checking the economic factors specific to the debtors were also considered indicators. in management's assessment of the likelihood of 吾等的審計程序包括評估監察貿易應收款項的監控措 recovery from customers.

於2024年12月31日, 貴集團錄得貿易應收款項約 輸入值及假設;與管理層瞭解及討論預期信貸虧損方法 60,134,000港元(扣除減值2,572,000港元前)。根據香港 下使用的判斷;評估過往虧損模式及於年末後審閲其後 財務報告準則第9號, 貴集團以預期信貸虧損(「預期信 結付情況;及透過檢查經濟指標評估目前經濟狀況及前 貸虧損1)方法將貿易應收款項減值入賬。以預期信貸虧損 膽性資料。 方法計量 貴集團貿易應收款項乃由管理層透過應用判斷 及高度主觀假設作出估計。管理層就收回客戶款項的可能 性所作評估亦已考慮目前經濟因素的影響以及債務人的特 定前瞻性因素。

Due to the significance of trade receivables and the application of significant judgement and estimates, we considered it as a key audit matter.

由於貿易應收款項屬重大,目已應用重大判斷及估計,故 吾等認為其為關鍵審計事項。

The related disclosures are included in notes 4 and 21 to the consolidated financial statements. 有關披露載於綜合財務報表附註4及21。

施;評核 貴集團於計算預期信貸虧損時使用的方法、

# **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (Continued)

# 關鍵審計事項(續)

Kev audit matter 關鍵審計事項

# How our audit addressed the key audit matter 吾等的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

**Provision for inventories** 存貨撥備

As at 31 December 2024, the Group recorded Our audit procedures included obtaining an inventories of approximately HK\$83,227,000 and understanding of management's controls over write-down of inventories to net realisable value of identifying and valuing obsolete, damaged, slow-HK\$3,248,000 was recognised during the year. The moving, excess and other inventory items whose write-down of inventories to net realisable value was costs may not be fully recoverable; evaluating the estimated by management through the application methodologies, inputs and assumptions used by of judgement and the use of highly subjective the Group in calculating the provision; assessing the assumptions, such as the estimated selling price. 於2024年12月31日, 貴集團錄得存貨約83,227,000 usage after the year end and checking the latest selling 港元,並於年內確認存貨撇減至可變現淨值3,248,000港 prices; and observing physical condition of inventories 元。存貨撇減至可變現淨值乃由管理層透過應用判斷及高 by performing physical inventory inspection. 度主觀假設作出估計(如估計出售價格)。

The related disclosures are included in notes 4 and 20 就此進行估值的監控措施;評估 貴集團於計算撥備時 to the consolidated financial statements. 有關披露載於綜合財務報表附註4及20。

inventory provision by reviewing subsequent sales and

吾等的審計程序包括瞭解管理層對於識別陳舊、損壞、 滞銷、過剩及成本不一定可全數收回的其他存貨項目及 所用方法、輸入值及假設;透過於年末後審閱其後銷售 及使用情況評估存貨撥備及檢查最近期出售價格;以及 诱過進行實物存貨檢查觀察存貨的實質狀況。

# OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### 年報所載的其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料承擔責任。其他資 料包括年報中所包含的資料,但不包括綜合 財務報表及吾等就此發出的核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表作出的意見並不涵蓋其 他資料,吾等亦不就此發表任何形式的核證 結論。

就審核綜合財務報表而言,吾等的責任是閱 讀其他資料,在此過程中考慮其他資料是否 與綜合財務報表或吾等於審核過程中獲悉的 資料存在重大不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳 述。倘若吾等基於已完成的工作認為其他資 料存在重大錯誤陳述,吾等須報告該事實。 吾等就此並無任何事項須報告。

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

# **RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE** 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露 規定編製真實而公平的綜合財務報表,以及 落實董事認為必要的有關內部監控措施,以 確保綜合財務報表的編製不存在由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責 評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並披露與持 續經營有關的事項(倘適用)。除非 貴公司 董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止營運,或別 無其他實際的替代方案,否則董事須採用持 續經營為會計基礎。

貴公司董事在審核委員會的協助下履行職 責,監督 貴集團的財務報告流程。

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

吾等的目標為合理核證整體上綜合財務報表 是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯 誤陳述,並發出包含吾等意見的核數師報 告。吾等僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告,除此 之外,本報告別無其他目的。吾等不會就本 報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何 責任。

合理核證屬高層次的核證,但不能保證根據 香港核數準則進行的審核於重大錯誤陳述存 在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可由欺詐或錯誤引 起,倘個別或整體於合理預期情況下可影 響使用者依據綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定 時,則被視為重大錯誤陳述。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 *(續)*

在根據香港核數準則進行審核的過程中,吾 等運用專業判斷,於整個審核過程中保持專 業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致的重大錯誤陳述,因應該等風險設 計及執行審計程序,獲取充足及適當的審 核憑證為吾等的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐 可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳 述或凌駕於內部控制之上,故未能發現因 欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險較因錯 誤所導致者為高。
- 瞭解與審核有關的內部控制,以設計在有 關情況下屬恰當的審計程序,但並非旨在 對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估所用會計政策是否恰當,以及董事所 作出的會計估計及相關披露是否合理。
- 就董事採用持續經營會計基礎是否恰當作 出總結,並根據已獲取的審核憑證,確定 是否有對 貴集團持續經營的能力構成重 大疑問的事件或情況等重大不確定因素。 倘吾等總結認為存在重大不確定因素,則 吾等須於核數師報告中提請注意綜合財務 報表內的相關披露,或倘相關披露不足, 則吾等須發表非無保留意見。吾等的結論 為基於直至核數師報告日期所獲取的審 核憑證。然而,未來事件或情況或會導 致 貴集團不再具有持續經營的能力。
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體呈列、架構及內容(包括披露資料)以及綜合財務報表是 否公平反映相關交易及事項。

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

• Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Fok Lai Ching.

# 核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任 *(續)*

 計劃及進行集團審核就 貴集團內各實體 或業務單位的財務資料獲取充分而適當的 審核憑證,以就綜合財務報表形成意見之 基礎。吾等負責指導、監督及審閱為集團 審核而執行的審核工作。吾等為審核意見 承擔全部責任。

吾等與審核委員會就(其中包括)計劃審計範 圍及時間安排以及重大審計發現(包括吾等在 審計中識別出的內部控制的任何重大缺陷)進 行溝通。

吾等亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明吾等已 遵守有關獨立性的相關道德要求,並就或會 合理地被認為會影響吾等獨立性的所有關係 及其他事項以及(倘適用)為解除威脅而作出 的行動及已採取的相關防範措施進行溝通。

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,吾等確定該 等對本期綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事 項,因而構成關鍵審計事項。吾等在核數師 報告中描述此等事項,除非法律或規例不允 許公開披露此等事項,或在極端罕見的情況 下,倘合理預期在吾等報告中談及某事項造 成的負面後果超出所產生的公眾利益,則吾 等決定不應在報告中談及該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人為 霍麗貞。

**Ernst & Young** *Certified Public Accountants* Hong Kong

31 March 2025

**安永會計師事務所** *執業會計師* 香港

2025年3月31日

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

綜合損益表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>REVENUE</b> Cost of sales	<b>收益</b> 銷售成本	6	551,049 (280,430)	372,310 (209,757)
Gross profit	毛利		270,619	162,553
Other income and gains Selling and distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other operating income/(expenses),	其他收入及收益 銷售及分銷開支 行政開支 其他經營收入/(開支)	6	5,698 (61,243) (135,638)	6,061 (59,524) (121,050)
net Impairment of non-financial assets Finance costs Share of profits/(losses) of an	淨額 非金融資產減值 融資成本 分佔一間聯營公司	8	(2,433) _ (2,364)	4,067 (8,065) (3,164)
associate	溢利/(虧損)		108	(528)
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX Income tax expense	<b>除税前溢利/(虧損)</b> 所得税開支	7 11	74,747 (12,888)	(19,650) (6,026)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司擁有人應佔年內 溢利/(虧損)		61,859	(25,676)
EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF	本公司普通權益持有人 應佔每股盈利/(虧損)		HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
<b>THE COMPANY</b> – Basic	一基本	13	3.10	(1.28)
			HK cents 港仙	HK cents 港仙
– Diluted	一攤薄		3.10	(1.28)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	年內溢利/(虧損)	61,859	(25,676)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS Other comprehensive loss that may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods: Exchange differences: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net	<b>其他全面虧損</b> 於其後期間將可能重新分類至 損益的其他全面虧損: 匯兑差額: 換算海外業務產生的 匯兑差額淨額	(10,541)	(14,560)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY	本公司擁有人應佔年內 全面收益/(虧損)總額	51,318	(40,236)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日

		Notes 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Prepayments and deposits Goodwill Other intangible assets Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss Investment in an associate Deferred tax assets	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資及按金 商譽 其他無形資產 其公平值計入損益的 金融彈營公司的投資 遞延税項資產	14 15 22 16 17 18 19 27	131,240 64,036 3,687 - 569 6,067 5,789 476	141,157 31,038 2,671 - 675 5,940 5,681 506
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		211,864	187,668
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b> Inventories Trade receivables Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Tax recoverable Pledged deposits Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 存貨 貿易應收款項 預付款項、按金及 其他應收款項 可收回税項 已抵押存款 現金及現金等價物	20 21 22 23 23	83,227 57,562 26,882 70 4,306 68,519	70,163 44,912 17,877 72 14,575 34,158
Total current assets	流動資產總值		240,566	181,757
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b> Trade payables Other payables and accruals Interest-bearing bank borrowings Lease liabilities Tax payable	<b>流動負債</b> 貿易應付款項 其他應付款項及應計費用 計息銀行借款 租賃負債 應付税項	24 25 26 15	64,233 56,018 6,246 9,580 16,423	57,323 51,167 21,784 10,401 12,484
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		152,500	153,159
NET CURRENT ASSETS	流動資產淨值		88,066	28,598
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	資產總值減流動負債		299,930	216,266
<b>NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES</b> Other payables Interest-bearing bank borrowings Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	<b>非流動負債</b> 其他應付款項 計息銀行借款 租賃負債 遞延税項負債	25 26 15 27	160 _ 51,846 1,990	3,417 1,331 14,664 1,822
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		53,996	21,234
Net assets	資產淨值		245,934	195,032
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the Company Share capital Reserves	<b>權益</b> 本公司擁有人應佔權益 股本 儲備	28 30	20,000 225,934	20,000 175,032
Total equity	權益總額		245,934	195,032

**CHAN Sing Ming Barry** 陳醒明 Chairman and Executive Director 主席兼執行董事 **LAW Miu Lan** 羅妙蘭 Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director 行政總裁兼執行董事

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

# 綜合權益變動表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔							
		Share capital	Share premium	Treasury shares	Merger reserve	Share option reserve	Exchange fluctuation reserve 外匯波動	Retained profits	Total equity
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 28) (附註28)	<mark>股份溢價</mark> HK\$'000 千港元 (note 30(c)) (附註30(c))	<mark>庫存股份</mark> HK\$'000 千港元 (note 28) (附註28)	<mark>合併儲備</mark> HK\$'000 千港元 (note 30(a)) (附註30(a))	<mark>購股權儲備</mark> HK\$'000 千港元 (note 29) (附註29)	储備 HK\$'000 千港元 (note 30(b)) (附註30(b))	<b>保留溢利</b> HK\$'000 千港元	權益總額 HK\$'000 千港元
1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	20,000	277,051	-	(193,538)	42	(18,530)	154,235	239,260
Loss for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year	年內虧損 年內其他全面虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(25,676)	(25,676)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net	換算海外業務產生的 匯兑差額淨額	-	-	-	-	_	(14,560)	-	(14,560)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	-	-	-	-	-	(14,560)	(25,676)	(40,236)
Equity-settled share option arrangement (note 29) Final dividend	股本結算購股權安排 (附註29) 末期股息	-	-	-	-	8	-	- (4,000)	8 (4,000)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024	於2023年12月31日及 2024年1月1日	20,000	277,051*	_*	(193,538)*	50*	(33,090)*	124,559*	195,032
Profit for the year Other comprehensive loss for the year	年內溢利 年內其他全面虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	61,859	61,859
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations, net	換算海外業務產生的 匯兑差額淨額	-	-	-	-	-	(10,541)	-	(10,541)
Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year	年內全面收益/(虧損) 總額	_	_	_	_	_	(10,541)	61,859	51,318
Shares repurchased (note 28)	購回股份(附註28)	-	-	(416)	-	-	-	-	(416)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	20,000	277,051*	(416)	* (193,538)*	50*	(43,631)*	186,418*	245,934

\* These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of \* 於綜合財務狀況表內,該等儲備賬包括綜合儲備 HK\$225,934,000 (2023: HK\$175,032,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

225,934,000港元(2023年:175,032,000港元)。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動之現金流量			
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/(虧損)		74,747	(19,650)
Adjustments for: Finance costs	就以下各項作出調整: 融資成本	8	2,364	3,164
Share of profits/(losses) of an	分佔一間聯營公司			
associate Interest income	溢利/(虧損) 利息收入	6	(108) (442)	528 (652)
Fair value gain on a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss		6	(127)	(137)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	7	20,280	17,693
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortisation of other intangible	使用權資產折舊 其他無形資產攤銷	7	13,452	12,832
assets		7	89	752
(Gain)/loss on disposal of items of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備 項目的(收益)/虧損	_		
equipment, net Gain on early termination of lease	淨額 提早終止租賃的收益	7	(177) (2)	217
Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of trade receivables,	貿易應收款項的減值/			
net Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	7 7	1,981 _	(176) 361
Impairment of other intangible assets	其他無形資產減值	, 7	_	4,615
Impairment of investment in	於一間聯營公司的			
an associate Provision/(reversal of provision) for	投資減值 存貨撥備/(撥備撥回)	7	-	3,089
inventories		7	3,248	(1,135)
Equity-settled share option expense	股本結算購股權開支		-	8
Amortisation of a government grant	政府補助攤銷		(131)	(134)
			115,174	21,375
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(19,394)	(5,135)
Increase in trade receivables Increase in prepayments, deposits	貿易應收款項增加 預付款項、按金及其他應		(16,680)	(4,744)
and other receivables	收款項增加		(9,814)	(3,094)
Increase in trade payables Increase in other payables	貿易應付款項增加 其他應付款項及應計		11,272	5,316
and accruals	費用增加		8,919	8,042
Cash generated from operations	經營所得現金		89,477	21,760
Overseas taxes paid	已付海外税項		(7,917)	(508)
Net cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金 流量淨額		81,560	21,252

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動之現金流量			
Interest received Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment, including related	已收利息 購買物業、廠房及設備項 目(包括相關預付款項)		442	652
prepayments Proceeds from disposal of items of	出售物業、廠房及設備項		(21,922)	(32,112)
property, plant and equipment Investment in an associate Decrease/(increase) in pledged	目的所得款項 目的所得款項 於一間聯營公司的投資 已抵押定期存款減少/		805 (3,119)	3,693 (3,061)
time deposits	(增加)		10,421	(304)
Net cash flows used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金 流量淨額		(13,373)	(31,132)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動之現金流量			
New bank loans Repayment of bank loans	新增銀行貸款 償還銀行貸款		2,939 (15,650)	17,863 (19,721)
Interest paid Principal portion of lease payments	已付利息 租賃付款的本金部分		(2,364) (12,439)	(3,164) (12,026)
Dividend paid Repurchase of shares	已付股息 購回股份		(416)	(4,000)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	融資活動所用 現金流量淨額		(27,930)	(21,048)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at	現金及現金等價物 增加╱(減少)淨額 年初現金及現金等價物		40,257	(30,928)
beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate	匯率變動的影響淨額		34,221	66,346
changes, net			(1,653)	(1,197)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	年末現金及現金等價物		72,825	34,221
ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物 結餘分析			
Cash and bank balances Non-pledged time deposits with	現金及銀行結餘存放時原定三個月內到期	23	59,952	34,158
original maturity of less than three months when acquired	之無抵押定期存款	23	8,567	-
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the statement of financial position Time deposits with original maturity of less than three months when acquired, pledged as security	呈列於財務狀況表的現金 及現金等價物 存放時原定三個月內到期 且已成為銀行貸款的 抵押品之定期存款		68,519	34,158
for bank loans Bank overdrafts	銀行透支	23 26	<b>4,306</b> –	4,154 (4,091)
Cash and cash equivalents as stated in the statement of cash flows	呈列於現金流量表的現金 及現金等價物		72,825	34,221

31 December 2024 2024年12月31日

# **1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION**

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The registered office address of the Company is P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman KY1-1205, Cayman Islands. The principal place of business of the Company is located at 1/F, Wing Ming Industrial Centre, 15 Cheung Yue Street, Lai Chi Kok, Kowloon, Hong Kong.

The Company is an investment holding company. During the year, the Group was principally engaged in the manufacturing and sale of printing products.

On 12 March 2020, the shares of the Company were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

Charming International Limited ("Charming International"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI") on 2 January 2019, is the immediate holding company of the Company, and, in the opinion of the Directors, is also the ultimate holding company of the Company.

# 1. 公司及集團資料

本公司為於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司。本公司的註冊辦事處地址為P.O. Box 31119 Grand Pavilion, Hibiscus Way, 802 West Bay Road, Grand Cayman KY1-1205, Cayman Islands。本公司的 主要營業地點為香港九龍荔枝角長裕街 15號永明工業中心1樓。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。於年內,本 集團主要從事生產及銷售印刷產品。

於2020年3月12日,本公司股份於香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

Charming International Limited (「Charming International」,一間於 2019年1月2日在英屬處女群島(「英屬處 女群島」)註冊成立的公司)為本公司的直 接控股公司,董事認為該公司亦為本公司 的最終控股公司。

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1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)	1.	公司及集團資料(續)
Information about subsidiaries		附屬公司的資料
Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:		本公司主要附屬公司的詳情載列如下:

<b>Company name</b> 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 註冊地點及營業地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊股本	Percenta equity attri to the Cor 本公司應佔權 Direct 直接	butable npany	<b>Principal activities</b> 主要業務
Cirtek Investment Limited	BVI 英屬處女群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Charming Printing Limited 集美印刷有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK <b>\$</b> 10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Sale of printing products 銷售印刷產品
Charming Printing (Boluo) Ltd. (note (a)) 博羅縣常美印刷有限公司(附註(a))	People's Republic of China ("PRC") 中華人民共和國 (「中國」)	US\$6,234,178 6,234,178美元	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of printing products 生產及銷售印刷產品
Charming Trim & Packaging (VN) Co., Ltd.	Vietnam 越南	US\$3,100,000 3,100,000美元	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of printing products 生產及銷售印刷產品
Charming Trim & Packaging Company Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Charming Trim & Packaging (BD) Ltd.	Bangladesh 孟加拉	BDT50,000,000 50,000,000 孟加拉塔卡	_	100	Manufacturing and sale of printing products 生產及銷售印刷產品
Charming Trim (BD) Co. Ltd.	Bangladesh 孟加拉	BDT5,000,000 5,000,000 孟加拉塔卡	-	100	Sale of printing products 銷售印刷產品

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# 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued) 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

**Information about subsidiaries** (Continued)

附屬公司的資料(續)

<b>Company name</b> 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 註冊地點及營業地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊股本	Percentage of equity attributable to the Company 本公司應佔權益百分比 Direct Indirect 直接 間接		<b>Principal activities</b> 主要業務
Charming Trim India Private Limited	India 印度	INR100,000 100,000印度盧比	-	100	Manufacturing and sale of printing products 生產及銷售印刷產品
Lowatag Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$150,002 150,002港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Cirtek Link Limited 常達智能科技有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Cirtek Link (Shenzhen) Limited (note (b)) 常達智能物聯(深圳)有限公司(附註(b))	PRC 中國	US\$1,000,000 1,000,000美元	_	100	Provision of customer services 提供客戶服務
Charming Trim & Packaging Sociedad Anonima	Guatemala 危地馬拉	GTQ499,900 499,900危地馬拉 格查爾	-	100	Provision of customer services 提供客戶服務
Charming Trim Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico 墨西哥	MXN2,600,000 2,600,000墨西哥 披索	-	100	Provision of customer services 提供客戶服務

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# 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (Continued)

# 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

**Information about subsidiaries** (Continued)

附屬公司的資料(續)

<b>Company name</b> 公司名稱	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/ 註冊地點及營業地點	Issued ordinary/ registered share capital 已發行普通股/ 註冊股本	Percentag equity attrib to the Com 本公司應佔權證	utable pany	Principal activities 主要業務
			Direct 直接	Indirect 間接	
Print100 Limited 印100有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$15,997,980 15,997,980港元	_	100	Manufacturing and sale of printing products 生產及銷售印刷產品
Yinyibai Digital Color Printing (Shenzhen) Co. Limited (note (b)) 印壹百數碼彩印(深圳)有限公司 (附註(b))	PRC 中國	RMB100,000 人民幣100,000元	_	100	Product sourcing business 產品採購業務
Charming Trim Spain, Sociedad Limited	Spain 西班牙	EUR5,000 5,000歐元	-	100	Provision of customer services 提供客戶服務
Notes:			附註:		
(a) This entity is registered as a wholly-foreign-owned enterprise under the laws of the PRC.			(a) 該實體根據中國法律註冊為外商獨資企業。		
(b) These entities are registered as lim of the PRC.	(b) 該等實體根據中國法律註冊為有限責任公司。				
The above table lists the subsid in the opinion of the directors, p for the year or formed a substa of the Group. To give details o the opinion of the directors, res	董事認為,上表所列的本公司附屬公司 乃主要影響年度業績或構成本集團資產淨 值的重大部分的附屬公司。董事認為,提 供其他附屬公司的詳情會導致篇幅過於冗 長。				

length.

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# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

# 2.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all HKFRSs, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss which has been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (HK\$'000) except when otherwise indicated.

### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

# 2. 會計政策

2.1 編製基準

該等財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)(包 括所有香港財務報告準則、香港會計 準則(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋)及香 港公司條例的披露規定編製。

該等財務報表乃按歷史成本法編製, 惟按公平值計入損益的金融資產則按 公平值計量。該等財務報表以港元列 值,除另有指明外,所有數值已約整 至最接近的千位(千港元)。

# 綜合入賬基準

綜合財務報表包括本集團截至2024年 12月31日止年度的財務報表。附屬公司指由本公司直接或間接控制的實體 (包括結構性實體)。當本集團通過參 與投資對象的相關活動而承擔可變回 報的風險或有權享有可變回報,並且 有能力透過對投資對象的權力(即賦 予本集團現有能力以主導投資對象的 相關活動的現有權利)影響該等回報 時,即表示擁有控制權。

一般而言,推定持有大部分投票權者 擁有控制權。當本公司擁有少於投資 對象大多數投票權或類似權利,則本 集團於評估其對投資對象是否擁有權 力時考慮一切相關事實及情況,包 括:

- (a) 與投資對象其他投票權持有人的 合約安排;
- (b) 來自其他合約安排的權利;及
- (c) 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。

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# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

# Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between shareholders of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, any non-controlling interest and the exchange fluctuation reserve; and recognises the fair value of any investment retained and any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. 2. 會計政策(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

# 綜合入賬基準(續)

附屬公司的財務報表乃按與本公司於 同一報告期間編製,並使用一致的會 計政策。附屬公司之業績自本集團取 得控制權當日起綜合入賬,並持續綜 合入賬直至該控制權終止當日止。

損益及其他全面收益的各組成部分屬 本集團母公司擁有人及非控股權益的 應佔部分,即使此將導致非控股權益 出現虧絀結餘。所有有關與本集團股 東之間交易的集團內資產及負債、權 益、收入、開支及現金流量均於綜合 入賬時全面對銷。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制權 元素中有一項或以上出現變化,本集 團會重新評估其是否對投資對象擁有 控制權。並無失去控制權的附屬公司 之所有權權益變動乃列作權益交易入 賬。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司的控制權, 則其終止確認相關資產(包括商譽)、 負債、任何非控股權益及匯兑波動儲 備;並確認任何保留投資之公平值以 及於損益中任何因此產生之盈餘或虧 絀。本集團先前於其他全面收益中確 認之應佔部分重新分類至損益或保留 溢利(如適用),按猶如本集團已直接 出售有關資產或負債所需的相同基準 確認。

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# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to	Lease Liability in a Sale and
HKFRS 16	Leaseback
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (the "2020 Amendments")
Amendments to HKAS 1	<i>Non-current Liabilities with Covenants</i> (the "2022 Amendments")
Amendments to HKAS 7	Supplier Finance
and HKFRS 7	Arrangements

The nature and the impact of the revised HKFRSs are described below:

(a) Amendments to HKFRS 16 specify the requirements that a seller-lessee uses in measuring the lease liability arising in a sale and leaseback transaction to ensure the seller-lessee does not recognise any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. Since the Group has no sale and leaseback transactions with variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate occurring from the date of initial application of HKFRS 16, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

# 2. 會計政策(續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露

本集團已就本年度財務報表首次採納 下列經修訂的香港財務報告準則:

香港財務報告準則 第16號(修訂本)	售後租回的租賃負債
香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	負債分類為流動或 非流動(「2020年 修訂本   )
香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	◎ (「2022年 修訂本」)
香港會計準則第7號 及香港財務報告 準則第7號(修訂本)	供應商融資安排

經修訂香港財務報告準則的性質及影 響載列如下:

(a) 香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)訂明賣方一承租人於計量售後租回交易中產生的租賃負債時遵守的規定,以確保賣方一承租人並無確認與其保留的使用權相關的任何盈虧金額。由於本集團的任何不取決稅租售。 可指數或利率計算的可變租 日以來並無產生任何不取決稅租 付款之售後租回交易,故修訂本並無對本集團的財務狀況或表現 構成任何影響。
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# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 2.2 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (Continued)
  - (b) The 2020 Amendments clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current, including what is meant by a right to defer settlement and that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement. The amendments also clarify that a liability can be settled in its own equity instruments, and that only if a conversion option in a convertible liability is itself accounted for as an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. The 2022 Amendments further clarify that, among covenants of a liability arising from a loan arrangement, only those with which an entity must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of that liability as current or non-current. Additional disclosures are required for non-current liabilities that are subject to the entity complying with future covenants within 12 months after the reporting period.

The Group has reassessed the terms and conditions of its liabilities as at 1 January 2023 and 2024 and concluded that the classification of its liabilities as current or non-current remained unchanged upon initial application of the amendments. Accordingly, the amendments did not have any impact on the financial position or performance of the Group.

(c) Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7 clarify the characteristics of supplier finance arrangements and require additional disclosure of such arrangements. The disclosure requirements in the amendments are intended to assist users of financial statements in understanding the effects of supplier finance arrangements on an entity's liabilities, cash flows and exposure to liquidity risk. As the Group does not have supplier finance arrangements, the amendments did not have any impact on the Group's financial statements. 2. 會計政策(續)

2.2 會計政策變動及披露(續)

(b) 2020年修訂本釐清將負債分類 為流動或非流動的規定,包括延 遲清償權的含義,以及延遲清償 權必須在報告期末存在。負債的 分類不受實體行使其延遲清償權 可能性的影響。該等修訂本亦釐 清,負債可以其本身的權益工具 清償,以及只有當可轉換負債中 的轉換選擇權本身作為權益工具 入賬時,負債的條款方不會影響 其分類。2022年修訂本進一步釐 清,在貸款安排產生的負債契約 中,只有實體於報告日或之前必 須遵守的契約方會影響負債的流 動或非流動分類。對於實體於報 告期後12個月內必須遵守附帶未 來契約的非流動負債,須進行額 外披露。

> 本集團已於2023年及2024年1月 1日重新評估其負債的條款及條 件,並決定其負債的流動或非流 動分類於初始應用該等修訂本後 維持不變。因此,該等修訂本並 無對本集團的財務狀況或表現構 成任何影響。

(c) 香港會計準則第7號及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)闡明供應商融資安排的特點,並規定須就該等安排作出額外披露。該等修訂本的披露規定旨在協助財務報表使用者了解供應商融資安排對實體的負債、現金流量及流動資金風險的影響。由於本集團並無供應商融資安排,故該等修訂本並無對本集團財務報表構成任何影響。

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements. The Group intends to apply these new and revised HKFRSs, if applicable, when they become effective.

HKFRS 18	Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements <sup>3</sup>
HKFRS 19	Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability <sup>1</sup>
Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11	Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7 <sup>2</sup>

# 2. 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則

> 本集團並無於該等財務報表內應用下 列已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則。本集團擬於該等 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則生效 時應用有關準則(如適用)。

香港財務報告準則 第18號	財務報表的呈列及 披露 <sup>3</sup>
香港財務報告準則 第19號	非公共受託責任附屬 公司的披露 <sup>3</sup>
香港財務報告準則 第9號及香港財務	金融工具分類及計量 的修訂本 <sup>2</sup>
報告準則第7號 (修訂本)	יז נא עונא
香港財務報告準則	投資者與其聯營公司
第10號及香港會計	或合營企業之間
準則第28號	<i>資產出售或注資</i> 4
(修訂本)	
香港財務報告準則	涉及自然依賴型電力
第9號及香港財務	<i>之合約</i> 2
報告準則第7號	
(修訂本)	
香港會計準則第21號 (修訂本)	缺乏可交換性1
香港財務報告準則會計	香港財務報告進則
準則的年度改進	第1號、香港財務
一第11卷	報告準則第7號、
	香港財務報告準
	則第9號、香港財
	務報告準則第10
	號和香港會計準
	則第7號(修訂本) <sup>2</sup>
1 於2025年1日1日武	之後開始之年度期間生
· ////////////////////////////////////	~12 闭灯之十反别间生

<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025

<sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026

<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual/reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027

<sup>4</sup> No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for adoption

- 於2025年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 2 於2026年1月1日或之後開始之年度期間生效
- 3 於2027年1月1日或之後開始之年度/報告 期間生效
- 4 尚未釐定強制生效日期,惟可供採納

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

HKFRS 18 replaces HKAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. While a number of sections have been brought forward from HKAS 1 with limited changes, HKFRS 18 introduces new requirements for presentation within the statement of profit or loss, including specified totals and subtotals. Entities are required to classify all income and expenses within the statement of profit or loss into one of the five categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations and to present two new defined subtotals. It also requires disclosures about management-defined performance measures in a single note and introduces enhanced requirements on the grouping (aggregation and disaggregation) and the location of information in both the primary financial statements and the notes. Some requirements previously included in HKAS 1 are moved to HKAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, which is renamed as HKAS 8 Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements. As a consequence of the issuance of HKFRS 18, limited, but widely applicable, amendments are made to HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows, HKAS 33 Earnings per Share and HKAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. In addition, there are minor consequential amendments to other HKFRSs. HKFRS 18 and the consequential amendments to other HKFRSs are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027 with earlier application permitted. Retrospective application is required. The Group is currently analysing the new requirements and assessing the impact of HKFRS 18 on the presentation and disclosure of the Group's financial statements.

- 2. 會計政策(續)
  - 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)
    - 預期將適用於本集團之該等香港財務 報告準則之進一步資料於下文載述。

香港財務報告準則第18號取代香港 會計準則第1號財務報表之呈列。儘 管香港會計準則第1號的若干條文作 出了有限的修改,但香港財務報告準 則第18號則引入在損益表內呈列的新 規定,包括指明總額及小計。實體必 須將損益表內的所有收入及費用分為 經營、投資、融資、所得税及終止經 營五類之一,並列出兩個定義新的小 計。它並要求在單一附註中披露由管 理層定義的業績指標,並加強對主要 財務報表及附註中信息的分組(匯總 及分解)及位置的要求。先前列入香 港會計準則第1號的部分規定,已轉 移至香港會計準則第8號會計政策、 *會計估計的變動及差錯*,並更名為 香港會計準則第8號財務報表編製依 據。由於香港財務報告準則第18號有 限但廣泛適用,因此對香港財務報告 準則第7號現金流量表、香港財務報 告準則第33號每股盈利及香港財務報 告準則第34號中期財務報告作出修 訂。此外,其他香港財務報告準則亦 有輕微的相應修訂。香港財務報告準 則第18號及相應對其他香港財務報告 準則作出的修訂,將於2027年1月1 日或之後開始的年度期間生效,准許 提前應用。必須追溯應用。本集團現 正分析新規定及評估香港財務報告準 則第18號對本集團財務報表呈列及披 露的影響。

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

HKFRS 19 allows eligible entities to elect to apply reduced disclosure requirements while still applying the recognition, measurement and presentation requirements in other HKFRSs. To be eligible, at the end of the reporting period, an entity must be a subsidiary as defined in HKFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*, cannot have public accountability and must have a parent (ultimate or intermediate) that prepares consolidated financial statements available for public use which comply with HKFRSs. Earlier application is permitted. As the Company is a listed company, it is not eligible to elect to apply HKFRS 19. Some of the Company's subsidiaries are considering the application of HKFRS 19 in their specified financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments clarify the date on which a financial asset or financial liability is derecognised and introduce an accounting policy option to derecognise a financial liability that is settled through an electronic payment system before the settlement date if specified criteria are met. The amendments clarify how to assess the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets with environmental, social and governance and other similar contingent features. Moreover, the amendments clarify the requirements for classifying financial assets with non-recourse features and contractually linked instruments. The amendments also include additional disclosures for investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial instruments with contingent features. The amendments shall be applied retrospectively with an adjustment to opening retained profits (or other component of equity) at the initial application date. Prior periods are not required to be restated and can only be restated without the use of hindsight. Earlier application of either all the amendments at the same time or only the amendments related to the classification of financial assets is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### 2. 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務 報告準則第7號(修訂本)金融工具分 *類及計量的修訂本*澄清金融資產或金 融負債終止確認的日期,並引入一項 會計政策選擇,即在結算日之前通過 電子支付系統結算的金融負債,如符 合指定條件,可終止確認。該修訂本 澄清如何評估具有環境、社會和管治 及其他類似或有特徵的金融資產的合 同現金流量特徵。此外,修訂本並澄 清對具有無追索權特徵的金融資產及 合同關聯工具進行分類的要求。該修 訂本並包括通過其他全面收益和具有 或有特徵的金融工具以公平值指定權 益工具的投資的額外披露。該等修訂 本應追溯適用,並在首次適用日期對 期初保留溢利(或權益的其他組成部 分)進行調整。適往期間毋須重列, 只能在作出預知的情況下重列。允許 提前同時應用所有修訂本或僅應用與 金融資產分類有關的修訂本。預計該 等修訂本不會對本集團的財務報表產 生重大影響。

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 was removed by the HKICPA. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity clarify the application of the "own-use" requirements for in-scope contracts and amend the designation requirements for a hedged item in a cash flow hedging relationship for inscope contracts. The amendments also include additional disclosures that enable users of financial statements to understand the effects these contracts have on an entity's financial performance and future cash flows. The amendments relating to the own-use exception shall be applied retrospectively. Prior periods are not required to be restated and can only be restated without the use of hindsight. The amendments relating to the hedge accounting shall be applied prospectively to new hedging relationships designated on or after the date of initial application. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 shall be applied at the same time. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

# 2. 會計政策(續)

2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

> 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計 準則第28號(修訂本),旨在解決香港 財務報告準則第10號與香港會計準則 第28號在處理投資者與其聯營企業或 合營企業之間的資產出售或投入方面 的規定不一致的問題。修訂本要求, 當資產的出售或貢獻構成一項業務 時,應充分確認下游交易產生的收益 或虧損。對於涉及不構成業務的資產 的交易,交易產生的收益或虧損僅以 不相關投資者在該聯營企業或合營企 業中的權益的程度在投資者的損益中 確認。此等修訂本將前瞻性應用。香 港會計師公會取消香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計準則第28號先前的 **強制性修訂生效日期。不過,此等修** 訂本現在已可供採納。

> 香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務 報告準則第7號(修訂本)涉及自然依 *賴型電力*之合約澄清範圍內合約「自 用」規定的應用,並修訂範圍內合約 現金流量對沖關係中被對沖項目的指 定規定。修訂本亦包括額外披露, 使財務報表使用者能夠了解該等合約 對實體財務表現及未來現金流量的影 響。與自用例外情況相關的修訂本應 追溯應用。過往期間毋須重列,並在 不作出預知的情況下方予重列。與對 沖會計相關的修訂本應前瞻性應用於 首次應用之日或之後指定的新對沖關 係。允許提早應用。香港財務報告準 則第9號及香港財務報告準則第7號 (修訂本)應同時應用。該等修訂本預 期對本集團的財務報表並無任何重大 影響。

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Amendments to HKAS 21 specify how an entity shall assess whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and how it shall estimate a spot exchange rate at a measurement date when exchangeability is lacking. The amendments require disclosures of information that enable users of financial statements to understand the impact of a currency not being exchangeable. Earlier application is permitted. When applying the amendments, an entity cannot restate comparative information. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits or to the cumulative amount of translation differences accumulated in a separate component of equity, where appropriate, at the date of initial application. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

- 2. 會計政策(續)
  - 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港會計準則第21號(修訂本)訂明 實體應如何評估一種貨幣是否可兑換 成另一種貨幣,以及在缺乏可兑換性 的情況下如何估計於計量日的即期期 。修訂本要求披露的信息應使財期 報表。使用者能夠理解不可兑換貨幣的 影響,實訂的任何累積影響期初餘額有 次應用之日對留在範疇,應確認為可 時修訂本行會單看點響,該 該算本不會對本集團的財務報表產 生重大任何影響。

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)

Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11 set out amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 7 (and the accompanying Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7), HKFRS 9, HKFRS 10 and HKAS 7. Details of the amendments that are expected to be applicable to the Group are as follows:

- HKFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures: The amendments have updated certain wording in paragraph B38 of HKFRS 7 and paragraphs IG1, IG14 and IG20B of the Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7 for the purpose of simplification or achieving consistency with other paragraphs in the standard and/or with the concepts and terminology used in other standards. In addition, the amendments clarify that the Guidance on implementing HKFRS 7 does not necessarily illustrate all the requirements in the referenced paragraphs of HKFRS 7 nor does it create additional requirements. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
- HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments: The amendments clarify that when a lessee has determined that a lease liability has been extinguished in accordance with HKFRS 9, the lessee is required to apply paragraph 3.3.3 of HKFRS 9 and recognise any resulting gain or loss in profit or loss. In addition, the amendments have updated certain wording in paragraph 5.1.3 of HKFRS 9 and Appendix A of HKFRS 9 to remove potential confusion. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

- 2. 會計政策(續)
  - 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)

香港財務報告準則會計準則的年度改進一第11卷載列對香港財務報告準則 第1號、香港財務報告準則第7號(及 隨附的香港財務報告準則第7號(及 隨附的香港財務報告準則第7號實施 指引)、香港財務報告準則第9號、香 港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準 則第7號的修訂本。預計將適用於本 集團的修訂本詳情如下:

- 香港財務報告準則第7號金融工具:披露:有關修訂本更新了香港財務報告準則第7號實施指引
  奮港財務報告準則第7號實施指引
  第IG1、IG14及IG20B段的若干措辭,以簡化或與該準則的其他段落及/或與其他準則所使用的概念及術語保持一致。此外,有關修訂本澄清,香港財務報告準則第7號實施指引不一定説明香港財務報告準則第7號實施指引不一定説明香港財務報告準則第7號所引用各段的所有規定,亦沒有新增規定。允許提前應用。預計該等修訂本不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。
- 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工具:有關修訂本澄清,當承租人已根據香港財務報告準則第9號確定租賃負債已消滅時,承租人須應用香港財務報告準則第9號第3.3.3段,並在損益中確認任何由此產生的利得或損失。此外,修訂本亦更新香港財務報告準則第9號附錄A的若干措辭,以消除可能造成的混淆。允許提前應用。預計該等修訂本不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影響。

# 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 2.3 Issued but not yet effective Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (Continued)
  - HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements: The amendments clarify that the relationship described in paragraph B74 of HKFRS 10 is just one example of various relationships that might exist between the investor and other parties acting as de facto agents of the investor, which removes the inconsistency with the requirement in paragraph B73 of HKFRS 10. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
  - HKAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows: The amendments replace the term "cost method" with "at cost" in paragraph 37 of HKAS 7 following the prior deletion of the definition of "cost method". Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any impact on the Group's financial statements.

# 2. 會計政策(續)

- 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報告 準則(續)
  - 香港財務報告準則第10號綜合 財務報表:有關修訂本澄清,香 港財務報告準則第10號第B74段 所述的關係只是投資者與作為投 資者的實際代理人的其他各方之 間可能存在的各種關係的一個例 子,從而消除與香港財務報告準 則第10號第B73段規定的不一致 之處。允許提前應用。預計該等 修訂本不會對本集團的財務報表 產生任何重大影響。
  - 香港會計準則第7號現金流量表: 有關修訂本在香港會計準則第7號 第37段刪除「成本法」的定義後, 將「成本法」一詞替換為「按成本計 算」。允許提前應用。預計該等修 訂本不會對本集團的財務報表產 生任何影響。

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# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Investment in an associate

An associate is an entity in which the Group has a long term interest of generally not less than 20% of the equity voting rights and over which it has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The Group's investment in an associate is stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. The Group's share of the postacquisition results and other comprehensive income of associates is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated other comprehensive income, respectively. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investment in the associate, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of the associate is included as part of the Group's investment in an associate.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other case, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

# 3. 重要會計政策

## 於一間聯營公司的投資

聯營公司為本集團於其持有一般附帶不少 於20%表決權的長期股本權益,並具有 重大影響力的實體。重大影響力指有權參 與投資對象的財務及經營政策決定,惟並 非控制或共同控制該等政策。

本集團於一間聯營公司的投資乃按本集 團根據權益會計法應佔資產淨值減任何減 值虧損於綜合財務狀況表內列賬。本集團 應佔聯營公司收購後業績及其他全面收益 分別計入綜合損益表及綜合其他全面收益 表。此外,倘於聯營公司直接確認的權益 出現變動,則本集團將於綜合權益變動 ,則本集團於聯營公司的表變現收益 虧損將以本集團於聯營公司的投資為限對 銷,惟未變現虧損提供所轉讓資產減值的 憑險外。收購該聯營公司的投資一部分。

倘於聯營公司的投資成為於合營企業的 投資或出現相反情況,保留權益將不予重 新計量。反之,該投資繼續根據權益法入 賬。在所有其他情況下,於失去對聯營公 司的重大影響力或失去對合營企業的共同 控制權時,本集團按其公平值計量及確認 任何保留投資。於失去重大影響力或共同 控制權時,聯營公司或合營企業的賬面值 與保留投資及出售所得款項的公平值之間 的任何差額於損益中確認。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Business combinations and goodwill**

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred is measured at the acquisition date fair value which is the sum of the acquisition date fair values of assets transferred by the Group, liabilities assumed by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. For each business combination, the Group elects whether to measure the non-controlling interests in the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

The Group determines that it has acquired a business when the acquired set of activities and assets includes an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create outputs.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the financial assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts of the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the previously held equity interest is remeasured at its acquisition date fair value and any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

## 3. 重要會計政策(*續*)

#### 業務合併及商譽

業務合併使用收購法入賬。轉讓代價按 收購日期公平值計量,即本集團所轉讓資 產、本集團承擔的被收購方前擁有人負債 與本集團為換取被收購方控股權而發行的 股本權益於收購日期公平值的總和。就各 項業務合併而言,本集團選擇是否按公平 值或佔被收購方的可識別淨資產的比例計 量於被收購方的非控股權益。非控股權益 的所有其他部分按公平值計量。收購相關 成本於產生時支銷。

當本集團收購一組業務及資產,而當中包 括共同對創造產出的能力具有重大貢獻的 一項投入和實質性過程時,則確定其已收 購一項業務。

當本集團收購一項業務時,會根據合約條 款、於收購日期的經濟狀況及相關條件評 估所承擔的金融資產及負債,以作出適當 分類及指定,包括將被收購方所訂立的主 合約中的嵌入式衍生工具拆分。

倘業務合併分階段進行,則先前持有的股 權按其於收購日期的公平值重新計量,而 任何所導致的收益或虧損乃於損益確認。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Contingent consideration classified as an asset or a liability is measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured and subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount recognised for non-controlling interests and any fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. If the sum of this consideration and other items is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is, after reassessment, recognised in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired. The Group performs its annual impairment test of goodwill as at 31 December. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cashgenerating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the Group are assigned to those units or groups of units.

Impairment is determined by assessing the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (group of cash-generating units) is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

# **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

#### 業務合併及商譽(續)

將由收購方轉讓的任何或然代價按於收購 日期的公平值確認。分類為資產或負債的 或然代價按公平值計量且公平值變動於損 益確認。分類為權益的或然代價不會重新 計量,而其後續結算於權益內入賬。

商譽初步按成本計量,即已轉讓代價、已 確認非控股權益金額及本集團先前持有的 被收購方股權的任何公平值之總和超出所 收購可識別資產及所承擔負債的差額。倘 此代價及其他項目的總和低於所收購淨資 產的公平值,則其差額將於重新評估後於 損益確認為議價收購收益。

於初步確認後, 商譽按成本減任何累計減 值虧損計量。商譽每年會作減值測試, 或 倘有事件或情況變動顯示賬面值可能出現 減值,則會更頻密地進行測試。本集團於 12月31日對商譽進行年度減值測試。就 減值測試而言,於業務合併中收購的商譽 會自收購日期起分配至預期可從合併產生 的協同效應中獲益的本集團各現金產生單 位或現金產生單位組別, 而不論本集團其 他資產或負債是否分配至有關單位或單位 組別。

減值按與商譽有關的現金產生單位(現 金產生單位組別)的可收回金額的評估 釐定。倘現金產生單位(現金產生單位組 別)的可收回金額低於賬面值,則確認減 值虧損。已確認的商譽減值虧損不會於後 續期間撥回。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Business combinations and goodwill (Continued)

Where goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on the disposal. Goodwill disposed of in these circumstances is measured based on the relative value of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

# Fair value measurement

The Group measures its financial asset at fair value through profit or loss at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

## 業務合併及商譽(續)

倘商譽分配至現金產生單位(或現金產生 單位組別),而該單位當中部分業務被出 售,則於釐定出售損益時,與所出售業務 有關的商譽計入該業務的賬面值。於有關 情況下出售的商譽按所出售業務的相對價 值及現金產生單位的保留部分計量。

## 公平值計量

本集團於各報告期末按公平值計量其按公 平值計入損益的金融資產。公平值指於計 量日期市場參與者之間的有序交易中為出 售資產而收取或轉讓負債而支付的價格。 公平值計量乃基於出售資產或轉讓負債之 交易於該資產或負債之主要市場或(倘並 無主要市場)就該資產或負債而言最具優勢市 場須為本集團可進入的市場。資產或負債 的公平值乃使用市場參與者將資產或負債 定價時使用的假設計量(假設市場參與者 依照彼等的最佳經濟利益行事)。

非金融資產的公平值計量考慮市場參與者 於資產最高及最佳使用狀態時使用或將其 出售予另一個市場參與者所產生經濟利益 能力。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Fair value measurement (Continued)

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

**3.** 重要會計政策(續)

#### 公平值計量(續)

本集團使用適用於有關情況且具備充足可 供使用數據以計量公平值的估值技術,以 盡可能使用相關可觀察輸入值及盡可能減 少使用不可觀察輸入值。

於財務報表計量或披露公平值的所有資產 及負債均根據對公平值計量整體而言屬重 大的最低層輸入值按下述公平值層級進行 分類:

- 第一級 基於相同資產或負債於活躍 市場的報價(未經調整)
- 第二級 基於可直接或間接觀察就公 平值計量而言屬重大的最低 層輸入值的估值技術
- 第三級 基於無法觀察就公平值計量 而言屬重大的最低層輸入值 的估值技術

就經常於財務報表確認的資產及負債而 言,於各報告期末,本集團通過重新評估 分類釐定各層級之間是否發生轉移(基於 對公平值計量整體而言屬重大的最低層級 的輸入)。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets and financial assets), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cashgenerating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to profit or loss in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

#### **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

#### 非金融資產減值

倘有跡象顯示存在減值,或當需要對一項 資產(存貨、遞延税項資產及金融資產除 外)作年度減值測試,則估計資產之可收 回金額。資產之可收回金額為資產或現金 產生單位之使用價值以及其公平值減出售 成本之較高者計算,並就個別資產而釐 定,惟倘資產並未能產生大致獨立於其他 資產或資產組別的現金流入,則就資產所 屬之現金產生單位釐定可收回金額。

減值虧損僅於資產之賬面值超過其可收回 金額時確認。於評估使用價值時,估計未 來現金流量乃採用反映當時市場對貨幣時 間價值以及資產特定風險的除税前貼現率 貼現至其現值。減值虧損按與該減值資產 之功能相符的開支類別於產生期間自損益 扣除。

於各報告期末須評估是否有跡象顯示先前 確認之減值虧損可能不再存在或可能已減 少。倘存在有關跡象,則對可收回金額作 出估計。先前確認的資產(商譽除外)減 值虧損僅於用以釐定資產之可收回金額之 估計出現變動時方予撥回,惟有關金額不 得超過倘有關資產於過往年度並未有確認 減值虧損而將已釐定之賬面值(扣除任何 折舊/攤銷)。有關減值虧損的撥回計入 產生當期的損益。

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# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## **Related parties**

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

#### or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

關聯人士

倘出現以下情況,有關人士將被視為與本 集團有關聯:

- (a) 該人士為任何人士或其近親,而該人 士
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響; 或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的主要 管理人員;

# 或

- (b) 該人士為符合下列任何條件的實體:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團的成員;
  - (ii) 某實體為另一實體(或另一實體的 母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公 司)的聯營公司或合營企業;
  - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三方的合營企業;
  - (iv) 某實體為第三方實體的合營企業, 而另一實體為第三方實體的聯營 公司;
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團有關聯的實體就僱員利益設立的離職後福利計劃;
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)所識別人士控制或共 同控制;
  - (vii)於(a)(i)所識別人士對該實體有重 大影響或為該實體(或該實體的母 公司)的主要管理人員;及
  - (viii) 該實體或任何集團成員為本集團 或本集團的母公司提供主要管理 人員服務。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Building	3.33%
Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of
	the lease terms and 20%
Plant and machinery	10%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Motor vehicles	20%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

## 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備以及折舊

物業、廠房及設備(除在建工程外)乃以 成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物 業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括其購買價 及促使資產達至其擬定用途的營運狀況及 地點的任何直接應佔成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目開始運作後產生的 開支(例如維修及保養)一般於產生開支 期間自損益表中扣除。若符合確認條件, 大型檢查費用將於資產賬面值中撥充資本 列作替換。倘需要定期更換物業、廠房及 設備重大部分,則本集團確認該等部分為 有特定可使用年期的個別資產,並據此折 舊。

折舊乃按各項物業、廠房及設備項目的估 計可使用年期使用直線基準撇銷其成本至 其剩餘價值計算。就此所採用的主要年率 如下:

樓宇	3.33%
租賃物業裝修	於較短的
	租期內及20%
廠房及機器	10%
傢俬及裝置	20%
汽車	20%

倘一項物業、廠房及設備項目的有關部分存在不同可使用年期,則該項目的成本將 按合理基準於有關部分之間作出分配,而 每部分則作獨立折舊處理。剩餘價值、可 使用年期及折舊方法將至少在各財政年末 進行檢討及調整(如適用)。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

# **Property, plant and equipment and depreciation** *(Continued)*

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress is stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. It is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

#### Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cashgenerating unit level. Such intangible assets are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for on a prospective basis.

# **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

物業、廠房及設備以及折舊(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括任何已初步 確認的重大部分)在出售或在預計其使用 或出售不會帶來未來經濟利益時終止確 認。於資產終止確認的年度於損益中確認 的出售或棄用的任何收益或虧損為相關資 產的出售所得款項淨額與賬面值的差額。

在建工程以成本減任何減值虧損列賬,且 並無折舊。其乃於完成並可供使用時重新 分類至物業、廠房及設備的合適類別。

#### 無形資產(商譽除外)

單獨收購的無形資產於初步確認時按成本 計量。於業務合併收購的無形資產的成本 乃於收購日期的公平值。無形資產之可使 用年期可評定為有限或無限。年期有限之 無形資產其後按可使用經濟年期攤銷,並 於有跡象顯示無形資產可能出現減值時進 行減值評估。可使用年期有限之無形資產 攤銷期及攤銷方法至少於各財政年度末進 行一次審閱。

具無限可使用年期之無形資產於每年按個 別基準或於現金產生單位層面進行減值測 試。有關無形資產並不予攤銷。具無限年 期之無形資產之可使用年期每年作評估, 以釐定無限可使用年期之評估是否仍然具 有理據支持。否則,可使用年期之評估按 前瞻基準由無限年期改為有限年期列賬。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Software licences and trademark

Purchased software licences and trademark are stated at cost less any impairment losses and are amortised on the straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 10 years.

#### Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Where applicable, the cost of a right-of-use asset also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings	2 to 30 years
Plant and machinery	10 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 軟件許可及商標

已購入之軟件許可及商標按成本扣除任何 減值虧損列賬,並按直線基準在其估計可 使用年期10年內予以攤銷。

租賃

於合約成立時,本集團會評估合約是否 屬於或包含租賃。倘合約為換取代價而給 予在一段時間內控制可識別資產使用的權 利,則該合約屬於或包含租賃。

# 本集團為承租人

本集團就所有租賃應用單一確認及計量方 法,惟短期租賃除外。本集團確認租賃負 債以作出租賃付款,而使用權資產指使用 相關資產的權利。

#### (a) 使用權資產

樓宇	2至30年
廠房及機器	10年

倘於租期結束時租賃資產的擁有權轉 讓至本集團或成本反映行使購買權, 則折舊以資產的估計可使用年期計 算。

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# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Leases** (Continued)

#### Group as a lessee (Continued)

#### (b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### (c) Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of building, and machinery and equipment (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

租賃(續)

#### 本集團為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

租賃負債於租賃開始日期按須於租賃 期間作出的租賃付款之現值確認。租 賃付款包括固定付款(包括實質固 付款)減任何應收租賃優惠、按 付款)減任何應收租賃優惠、按 個指數或費率計算的浮動租賃付款以 費率計算的浮動租賃付款以 預 項使該購買權時支付的行使價及在 個指數或費率計算的浮動租賃之 況下個指數或費率計算的浮動租賃 款將於導致須支付該金額的事件或情 況發生的期間確認為開支。

於計算租賃付款之現值時,由於租賃 中隱含的利率不易確定,本集團採用 租賃開始日期的遞增借貸利率。於開 始日期後,租賃負債金額會增加以反 映利息的增長,並就所作出的租賃付 款作出扣減。此外,當出現修改、租 期變動、租賃付款變動(例如指數或) 減購買相關資產的選擇權評估變動, 則租賃負債的賬面值將予重新計量。

(c) 短期租賃

本集團對其建築物,以及機器及設備 的短期租賃(即該等於開始日期的租 期為12個月或以下且不包含購買權的 租賃)採用短期租賃確認豁免。短期 租賃的租賃付款在租期內按直線基準 確認為開支。

31 December 2024 2024年12月31日

## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments and other financial assets

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss.

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value, plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model. **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產

#### 初步確認及計量

金融資產於初步確認時分類為其後按攤銷 成本、按公平值計入其他全面收益及按公 平值計入損益計量。

金融資產於初步確認時的分類視乎金融資 產合約現金流量的特徵及本集團管理該等 資產的業務模式而定。除不包含重大融資 部分或本集團已應用可行權宜方法不就重 大融資部分的影響作出調整的貿易應收款 項外,本集團初步按其公平值加(倘並非 按公平值計入損益的金融資產)交易成本 計量金融資產。依據下文「收益確認」所 載政策,並無重大融資部分或本集團並未 就此應用可行權宜方法的貿易應收款項按 照香港財務報告準則第15號釐定的交易 價格計量。

為使金融資產按攤銷成本或按公平值計入 其他全面收益分類及計量,需產生僅為支 付本金及未償還本金利息(「僅為支付本 金及利息」)的現金流量。不論業務模式 為何,現金流量並非僅為支付本金及利息 的金融資產乃按公平值計入損益分類及計 量。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Investments and other financial assets** (Continued)

#### Initial recognition and measurement (Continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

#### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired. **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### 初步確認及計量(續)

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式指為產 生現金流量管理金融資產的方式。業務 模式釐定現金流量會否因收取合約現金 流量、出售金融資產(或以上兩者)而 產生。持有按攤銷成本分類及計量的金 融資產的業務模式旨在收取合約現金流 分類及計量的金融資產的業務模式旨在收取合約現金流量 人取合約現金流量及出售金融資產 收取合約現金流量及出售金融資產按公 平值計量計入損益入賬分類及計量。

購買或出售金融資產須於市場規例或慣 例規定的期間內交付資產,乃於交易日 (即本集團承諾購買或出售資產的日期) 確認。

# 後續計量

金融資產的後續計量視乎下文所述分類 而定:

#### 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務工具)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產其後使用實 際利率法計量,並可予減值。收益及虧 損於資產終止確認、修改或減值時於損 益表中確認。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

This category includes derivative instruments and equity investments which the Group had not irrevocably elected to classify at fair value through other comprehensive income. Dividends on the equity investments are also recognised as other income in the statement of profit or loss when the right of payment has been established.

#### **Derecognition of financial assets**

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

# 3. 重要會計政策(*續*)

投資及其他金融資產(續)

## 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

按公平值計入損益的金融資產按公平值於 財務狀況表入賬,其公平值變動淨額於損 益表中確認。

該類別包括本集團不可撤回地選擇按公平 值計入其他全面收益進行分類的衍生工具 及股本投資。就股本投資的股息而言,當 獲派股息的權利確立時,則有關股息亦於 損益表中確認為其他收入。

#### 終止確認金融資產

金融資產(或金融資產或類似金融資產組 別的一部分(倘適用))主要在下列情況終 止確認(即自本集團的綜合財務狀況表移 除):

- 從資產收取現金流量的權利已屆滿; 或
- 本集團已轉讓其從資產收取現金流量的權利,或已承擔根據「轉付」安排而並無重大延誤下悉數將已收取現金流量支付有關第三者的責任;且(a)本集團已將資產的絕大部分風險及回報轉讓,或(b)本集團並無轉讓或保留資產的絕大部分風險及回報,但已轉讓資產的控制權。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Derecognition of financial assets** (Continued)

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms. 3. 重要會計政策(*續*)

終止確認金融資產(續)

倘本集團已轉讓從資產收取現金流量的權 利或已訂立轉付安排,則評估是否已保留 與該資產擁有權的風險及回報以及有關程 度。倘其並無轉讓或保留資產的絕大部分 風險及回報亦無轉讓資產的控制權,本集 團會視乎持續參與的程度繼續確認已轉讓 資產。在該情況下,本集團亦確認相關負 債。轉讓的資產及相關負債按反映本集團 保留的權利及責任的基準計量。

以擔保形式持續參與已轉移的資產,乃按 資產原賬面值與本集團可能被要求償還的 最高代價金額的較低者計量。

#### 金融資產減值

本集團就所有並非按公平值計入損益持有 的債務工具確認預期信貸虧損(「預期信 貸虧損」)撥備。預期信貸虧損乃基於合 約項下應收合約現金流量與本集團預期將 收取的全部現金流量的差額釐定,並按與 原有實際利率相近的差額進行貼現。預期 現金流量包括來自出售所持有抵押品的現 金流量或為合約條款組成部分的其他信貸 增強措施。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information. The Group considers that there has been a significant increase in credit risk when contractual payments are more than 90 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

## 3. 重要會計政策(*續*)

金融資產減值(續)

## 一般方式

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段確認。就自首次 確認起未有顯著增加的信貸風險而言,預 期信貸虧損乃就於未來12個月內可能發 生違約事件而導致的信貸虧損計提撥備 (12個月預期信貸虧損)。就自初步確認 起經已顯著增加的信貸風險而言,不論何 時發生違約,於餘下風險年期內的預期信 貸虧損均須計提虧損撥備(全期預期信貸 虧損)。

於各報告日期,本集團於評估自初步確認 後金融工具的信貸風險是否顯著增加時, 本集團將於報告日期金融工具發生違約的 風險與於初步確認日期金融工具發生違約 的風險進行比較,並考慮合理且具有理據 支持的資料,包括無需付出不必要的成本 或努力而可得的過往及前瞻性資料。本集 團認為當合約付款逾期90天以上,信貸 風險會大幅增加。

本集團將合約付款逾期90天的金融資產 視作違約。然而,於若干情況下,當內部 或外部資料顯示本集團不可能在本集團採 取任何信貸增強措施前悉數收回未償還合 約金額時,本集團亦可能認為該金融資產 違約。當並無合理預期可收回合約現金流 量時,金融資產將予以撇銷。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

#### General approach (Continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade receivables and contract assets which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

- Stage 1 Financial instruments for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs
- Stage 2 Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs
- Stage 3 Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

#### Simplified approach

For trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For trade receivables that contain a significant financing component and lease receivables, the Group chooses as its accounting policy to adopt the simplified approach in calculating ECLs with policies as described above. **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

金融資產減值(續)

# 一般方式(續)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產在一般方法下 可能會出現減值,並就預期信貸虧損計量 分類為以下階段,惟貿易應收款項及合約 資產採用下文詳述的簡化方式。

- 第一階段- 金融工具自初步確認起信貸 風險未顯著增加,且其虧損 撥備乃按相當於12個月預期 信貸虧損的金額計量
- 第二階段- 金融工具自初步確認起信貸 風險顯著增加,惟並非信貸 減值金融資產且其虧損撥備 乃按相當於全期預期信貸虧 損的金額計量
- 第三階段- 於報告日期信貸減值的金融 資產(惟於購買或產生時並未 信貸減值),其虧損撥備乃按 相當於全期預期信貸虧損的 金額計量

# 簡化方式

就不包括重大融資部分的貿易應收款項而 言,或當本集團應用可行權宜方法不就重 大融資部分的影響作出調整時,本集團採 用簡化方式計算預期信貸虧損。根據簡化 方式,本集團不會追蹤信貸風險變動,惟 將根據全期預期信貸虧損確認各報告日期 的虧損撥備。本集團已根據其過往信貸虧 損經驗訂立撥備矩陣,並按債務人及經濟 環境具體的前瞻性因素作出調整。

就包括重大融資組成部分的貿易應收款項 及租賃應收款項而言,本集團採納簡化方 式為其會計政策,並按上述政策計算預期 信貸虧損。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Financial liabilities**

#### Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals, interest-bearing bank borrowings and lease liabilities.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

# Financial liabilities at amortised cost (trade and other payables, and borrowings)

After initial recognition, trade and other payables, and interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in the statement of profit or loss.

# 3. 重要會計政策(續)

金融負債

#### 初步確認及計量

金融負債於初步確認時分類為按公平值計 入損益的金融負債、貸款及借款、應付款 項或指定作有效對沖的對沖工具之衍生工 具(視情況而定)。

所有金融負債初步按公平值確認。倘為貸 款及借款以及應付款項,則須扣除直接應 佔交易成本。

本集團的金融負債包括貿易應付款項、計 入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負債、 計息銀行借款及租賃負債。

# 後續計量

金融負債的後續計量乃視乎下文所述分類 而定:

# 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債(貿易及其他 應付款項以及借款)

於初步確認後,貿易及其他應付款項以 及計息借款隨後以實際利率法按攤銷成本 計量,惟倘貼現影響屬不重大,則按成本 列賬。當負債終止確認及按實際利率進行 攤銷程序時,其收益及虧損於損益表內確 認。

攤銷成本乃經考慮收購的任何折讓或溢 價,以及屬實際利率組成部分的費用或成 本後計算。實際利率攤銷於損益表入賬列 作融資成本。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

#### **Offsetting of financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and, in the case of work in progress and finished goods, comprises direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash on hand and at banks, and shortterm highly liquid deposits with a maturity of generally within three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, and short-term deposits as defined above, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

# **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

終止確認金融負債

當金融負債項下的責任被解除或取消或到 期,則終止確認金融負債。

倘現有金融負債由同一貸款人授予條款顯 著不同的另一項負債取代,或現有負債的 條款經重大修訂,則有關交換或修訂視作 終止確認原有負債及確認新負債,其賬面 值的差額於損益表確認。

#### 抵銷金融工具

倘現時存在一項可合法強制執行權利可抵 銷已確認金額,且有意以淨額基準結算或 同時變現資產及償付債務,則金融資產及 金融負債可予抵銷,而淨額則於財務狀況 表中列報。

#### 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者的較低者入 賬。成本以加權平均基準計算,如屬在製 品及製成品,則包括直接物料成本、直接 勞工成本及適當比例的經常性開支。可變 現淨值按估計售價減完成及出售所產生的 任何估計成本釐定。

## 現金及現金等價物

財務狀況表中的現金及現金等價物包括手 頭現金及銀行存款以及可隨時轉換為已知 數額現金、價值變動風險極微且持作滿足 短期現金承擔的一般於三個月內到期的短 期高流動性存款。

就綜合現金流量表而言,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金及銀行存款以及上文界定的短期存款,減去須於要求時償還的銀行透支,為本集團現金管理不可分割的一部分。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Provisions**

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

#### Income tax

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

## 撥備

當因過往事件導致現有法律或推定責任, 而日後可能須動用資源履行有關責任,且 有關責任所涉數額能可靠估計,則須確認 撥備。

當貼現影響重大時,已確認的撥備金額為 預期解除責任所需的未來支出於報告期末 的現值。隨時間流逝而產生的貼現現值增 加於損益入賬列作融資成本。

#### 所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。有關損益以 外確認項目的所得税在損益外於其他全面 收益或直接於股本確認。

即期税項資產及負債按預期可自税務機構 收回或支付予税務機構的金額計量,税率 乃按於報告期末已實施或實際上已實施的 税率(及税法)計算,並會考慮本集團經 營所在國家的現行詮釋及慣例。

遞延税項乃就資產及負債的税基與其用作 財務報告用途的賬面值之間於報告期末的 所有暫時差額採用負債法作出撥備。

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# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Income tax** (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss and does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

# 3. 重要會計政策(*續*)

所得税(續)

所有應課税暫時差額均確認為遞延税項負 債,惟不包括下列情況:

- 有關遞延税項負債因初步確認商譽或 非業務合併中交易的資產或負債所產 生,而於交易當時並不影響會計溢利 或應課税溢利或虧損,且不會產生相 同的應課税及可扣減臨時差額;及
- 就涉及附屬公司投資的應課税臨時差額而言,臨時差額的撥回時間可予控制,而在可見將來將不會撥回。

遞延税項資產就所有可扣税暫時差額、未 動用税項抵免及任何未動用税項虧損的結 轉予以確認。遞延税項資產於可能有可扣 税暫時差額、未動用税項抵免及未動用税 項虧損的結轉可供用作抵銷應課税溢利時 予以確認,惟不包括下列情況:

- 可扣税暫時差額的相關遞延税項資產 乃自非業務合併交易中初步確認的資 產或負債產生,且在交易當時並不影
   響會計溢利或應課税溢利或虧損,且
   不會產生相同的應課税及可扣減臨時
   差額;及
- 就涉及附屬公司投資的可扣税暫時差額而言,遞延税項資產僅於暫時差額在可預見未來可予撥回,且暫時差額可供用作抵銷應課税溢利時確認。

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# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

**Income tax** (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

## **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the statement of profit or loss over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to the statement of profit or loss by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

## 3. 重要會計政策(續)

所得税(續)

遞延税項資產賬面值於各報告期末進行 審閱,當不再可能有足夠應課税溢利可供 動用全部或部份遞延税項資產時將其相應 扣減。未確認遞延税項資產於報告期末重 新評估,並於可能存有足夠應課税溢利可 供收回全部或部份遞延税項資產時予以確 認。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期變現資產或 清償負債期間適用的税率計量,並基於在 報告期末前已頒佈或實質上已頒佈的税率 (及税法)計量。

僅當本集團有可合法執行權利可將即期税 項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,且遞延税項 資產與遞延税項負債與同一税務機關對同 一應稅實體或於各未來期間預期有大額遞 延税項負債或資產結算或清償時,擬按淨 額基準結算即期税項負債及資產或同時變 現資產及結算負債的不同税務實體徵收的 所得税相關,則遞延税項資產與遞延税項 負債可予抵銷。

#### 政府補助

倘能合理保證將會收取補助並符合所有附 帶條件,則政府補助按公平值確認。倘補 助與開支項目相關,則於將該項補助擬補 貼成本支銷期間有系統地確認為收入。

倘補助與資產有關,則將其公平值計入遞 延收益賬,並於相關資產的預期可使用年 期內每年等額調撥至損益表,或從資產賬 面值中扣減並以經扣減折舊開支方式調撥 至損益表。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Revenue recognition**

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when control of goods or services is transferred to the customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

When the contract contains a financing component which provides the customer with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer for more than one year, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. When the contract contains a financing component which provides the Group with a significant financial benefit for more than one year, revenue recognised under the contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. For a contract where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised goods or services is one year or less, the transaction price is not adjusted for the effects of a significant financing component, using the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

# **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

收益確認

#### 客戶合約收益

客戶合約收益於貨物或服務的控制權轉移 予客戶時確認,而該金額反映本集團預期 就提供該等貨物或服務有權交換的代價。

當合約中的代價包含可變金額時,代價金 額為本集團向客戶轉讓貨品或服務而有權 交換的估計金額。可變代價於合約開始時 估計並受約束,直至與可變代價相關的不 確定因素其後得以解決時,確認的累計收 入金額極有可能不會出現重大收入撥回。

倘合約包含融資部分向客戶轉讓貨品或服 務超過一年而為客戶提供重大融資利益, 則收益按本集團與客戶於合約開始時進行 個別融資交易所反映貼現率貼現的應收款 項現值計量。倘合約包含融資部分,為本 集團提供重大財務利益超過一年,則根據 該合約確認的收益包括按實際利率法計算 合約負債累計的利息開支。就客戶付款及 轉讓承諾貨品或服務之間相隔一年或以下 的合約而言,交易價格不會就重大融資部 分的影響採用香港財務報告準則第15號 的可行權宜方法進行調整。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(a) Sale of printing products

Revenue from the sale of printing products is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the printing products.

Some contracts for the sale of printing products provide customers with rights of return and volume rebates, giving rise to variable consideration.

(i) Rights of return

For contracts which provide a customer with a right to return the goods within a specified period, the Group estimates the goods that will not be returned using the expected value method to predict the amount of variable consideration to which the Group will be entitled. The requirements in HKFRS 15 on constraining estimates of variable consideration are applied in order to determine the amount of variable consideration that can be included in the transaction price. For goods that are expected to be returned, instead of revenue, a refund liability is recognised. A right-of-return asset (and the corresponding adjustment to cost of sales) is also recognised for the right to recover products from a customer. 3. 重要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

# 客戶合約收益(續)

(a) 銷售印刷產品

來自銷售印刷產品的收益於資產控制 權轉移至客戶的時間點(一般為交付 印刷產品時)確認。

個別銷售印刷產品的合約訂明客戶有 權退貨及批量回扣,產生可變代價。

(i) 退貨權利

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

- (a) Sale of printing products (Continued)
  - (ii) Volume rebates

Retrospective volume rebates may be provided to certain customers once the quantity of products purchased during the period exceeds a threshold specified in the contract. Rebates are offset against amounts payable by the customer. To estimate the variable consideration for the expected future rebates, the most likely amount method is used for contracts with a single-volume threshold. The selected method that best predicts the amount of variable consideration is primarily driven by the number of volume thresholds contained in the contract. The requirements on constraining estimates of variable consideration are applied and a refund liability for the expected future rebates is recognised.

#### Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, when appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

Freight and transportation income is recognised when the services have been provided to customers.

3. 重要會計政策(續)

收益確認(續)

#### 客戶合約收益(續)

- (a) 銷售印刷產品(續)
  - (ii) 批量回扣

一旦期內所購買的產品數量超越 合約訂明的限額,則可能會向若 干客戶提供追溯性批量回扣乃 抵銷客戶應付金額。就 估計預期未來回扣的可變代價而 言,單一批量限額的合約乃使用 最可能金額方法。所選擇的方法 能最佳預計可變代價金額,並 能最佳預計可變代價金額,並 帶 動。已應用有關限制可變代價估 計之規定及已確認預期未來回扣 的退款負債。

## 其他收入

利息收入使用實際利率法以應計基準確 認,所用利率為於金融工具的預期年期或 較短期間(視情況而定)內將估計未來現 金收款準確貼現至金融資產賬面淨值的利 率。

貨運及運輸收入乃於向客戶提供服務時確 認。

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# 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods to the customer).

#### **Right-of-return assets**

A right-of-return asset is recognised for the right to recover the goods expected to be returned by customers. The asset is measured at the former carrying amount of the goods to be returned, less any expected costs to recover the goods and any potential decreases in the value of the returned goods. The Group updates the measurement of the asset for any revisions to the expected level of returns and any additional decreases in the value of the returned goods.

# **Refund liabilities**

A refund liability is recognised for the obligation to refund some or all of the consideration received (or receivable) from a customer and is measured at the amount the Group ultimately expects it will have to return to the customer. The Group updates its estimates of refund liabilities (and the corresponding change in the transaction price) at the end of each reporting period.

# **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

#### 合約負債

當客戶於本集團轉移有關貨品前已收取付 款或付款到期時(以較早者為準)確認合 約負債。當本集團履行合約項下責任(即 向客戶轉移有關貨品的控制權)時,合約 負債會確認為收益。

# 退貨權資產

退貨權資產乃確認為收回預期將由顧客退 回的貨品之權利。該資產按將予退回的貨 品之先前賬面值減收回貨品的任何預期成 本及所收回貨品的任何潛在減值計量。本 集團就預期退貨量及已退回貨品的任何額 外減值就任何修訂更新該資產的計量。

#### 退款負債

退款負債乃確認為退還部分或全數收取自 顧客的代價(或應收款項),並按本集團 最終預期將交還顧客的金額計量。本集團 於每個報告期末更新其就退款負債(及交 易價格的相應變動)的估計。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

## Share-based payments

The Company operates a share option scheme. Employees (including directors) of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share-based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for equity instruments ("Equity-Settled Transactions").

The cost of Equity-Settled Transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by an external valuer using a binomial model, further details of which are given in note 29 to the financial statements.

The cost of Equity-Settled Transactions is recognised in employee benefit expense, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognised for Equity-Settled Transactions at the end of each reporting period until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The charge or credit to the statement of profit or loss for a period represents the movement in the cumulative expense recognised as at the beginning and end of that period.

Service and non-market performance conditions are not taken into account when determining the grant date fair value of awards, but the likelihood of the conditions being met is assessed as part of the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. Market performance conditions are reflected within the grant date fair value. Any other conditions attached to an award, but without an associated service requirement, are considered to be non-vesting conditions. Non-vesting conditions are reflected in the fair value of an award and lead to an immediate expensing of an award unless there are also service and/or performance conditions.

# **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

## 以股份為基礎付款

本公司設立購股權計劃。本集團僱員(包括董事)會按以股份為基礎付款方式收取 酬金,而僱員會提供服務以換取股本工具 (「股本結算交易」)。

與僱員進行的股本結算交易的成本乃參照 授出當日的公平值計算。公平值乃由外部 估值師使用二項模型釐定,進一步詳情載 於財務報表附註29。

股本結算交易的成本連同權益的相應升幅 會於達到表現及/或服務條件的期間於僱 員福利開支確認。於歸屬日前各報告期末 就股本結算交易確認的累計開支反映歸屬 期已屆滿部份及本集團對最終將歸屬的股 本工具數目所作的最佳估計。損益表在某 一期間內所錄得扣減或進賬乃反映於期初 與期末所確認累計開支的變動。

釐定獎勵的授出日期公平值時不會計及服 務及非市場表現條件,惟會評估達成該等 條件的可能性,作為本集團對最終將歸屬 的股本工具數量的最佳估計。市場表現條 件於授出日期公平值內反映。獎勵所附帶 但並無相關服務要求的任何其他條件視為 非歸屬條件。非歸屬條件於獎勵的公平值 內反映,並將獎勵即時支銷,惟倘另有服 務及/或表現條件則作別論。

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## 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Share-based payments (Continued)

For awards that do not ultimately vest because non-market performance and/or service conditions have not been met, no expense is recognised. Where awards include a market or non-vesting condition, the transactions are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. In addition, an expense is recognised for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payments, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and is designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

## 3. 重要會計政策(續)

#### 以股份為基礎付款(續)

因未能達成非市場表現及/或服務條件 而最終並無歸屬的獎勵不會確認開支。 倘獎勵包括市場或非歸屬條件,則在所 有其他表現及/或服務條件均已達成的 前提下,有關交易視為已歸屬,而不論 市場或非歸屬條件是否達成。

當股本結算獎勵的條款修訂時,倘獎勵 的原有條款已達成,會至少確認一項開 支,猶如並無修訂條款。此外,倘任何 修訂導致以股份為基礎付款於修訂日期 計量的公平值總額增加或以其他方式對 僱員有利,則就該等修訂確認開支。

當股本結算獎勵註銷時,會視作獎勵已 於註銷當日歸屬,而就獎勵尚未確認的 任何開支會即時確認。此包括未能達成 本集團或僱員控制範圍內非歸屬條件的 任何獎勵,並於授出當日指定為替代獎 勵,則已註銷的獎勵及新獎勵將被視為 前段所述原有獎勵的修訂。

未行使購股權的攤薄影響已於計算每股 盈利時反映為額外股份攤薄。
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### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Employee benefits**

#### Pension schemes

The Group operates defined contribution retirement benefit schemes in Hong Kong and overseas for those employees who are eligible and have elected to participate in the schemes. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the schemes. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the schemes, except for the Group's employer voluntary contributions, which are refunded to the Group when the employee leaves employment prior to the contributions vesting fully, in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China and Vietnam are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to the statement of profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, i.e., assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are capitalised as part of the cost of those assets. The capitalisation of such borrowing costs ceases when the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

### **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

僱員福利

### 退休金計劃

本集團於香港及海外為合資格並選擇參與 計劃的僱員設立定額供款退休福利計劃。 供款乃按僱員基本薪金的某百分比計算, 並根據計劃的規則於應付時自損益扣除。 計劃資產與本集團資產分開存放,由獨立 管理的基金持有。本集團一經向計劃供 款,有關僱主供款即全數撥歸僱員所有, 惟本集團的僱主自願供款則除外。根據計 劃的規則,倘僱員於供款全數歸屬前離 職,有關僱主自願供款將會歸還本集團。

本集團於中國內地及越南經營的附屬公司 的僱員須參與地方市政府管理的中央退休 金計劃。附屬公司須按其薪酬成本的若干 百分比向中央退休金計劃供款。根據中央 退休金計劃的規則,供款在其成為應付時 於損益表扣除。

#### 借款成本

收購、建造或生產受限資產(即須花費較 長時間以達至擬定用途或出售的資產)的 直接應佔借款成本予以資本化作為該等資 產的成本部分。該借款成本於有關資產大 致可作擬定用途或出售時停止撥充資本。 所有其他借款成本均於產生期間支銷。借 款成本包括實體所產生與借款有關的利息 及其他成本。

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### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Dividends

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the memorandum and bye-laws of the relevant companies grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

#### **Foreign currencies**

These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

#### 3. 重要會計政策(續)

股息

末期股息在股東大會上獲股東批准時確認 為負債。建議末期股息於財務報表附註中 披露。

由於相關公司的大綱及公司細則授權董事 宣派中期股息,故中期股息同時獲建議及 宣派。因此,中期股息於建議及宣派後隨 即確認為負債。

#### 外幣

該等財務報表以港元列值,而港元亦為本 公司的功能貨幣。本集團旗下各實體自行 決定其功能貨幣,而各實體財務報表內的 項目均以該功能貨幣計量。本集團實體所 錄得的外幣交易初步按其各自於交易日期 的功能貨幣匯率入賬。以外幣計值的貨幣 資產及負債按報告期末的功能貨幣匯率換 算。結算或換算貨幣項目時產生的差額於 損益確認。

根據歷史成本計量的外幣非貨幣項目按初 步交易日期的匯率換算。按公平值計量的 外幣非貨幣項目按計量公平值當日的匯率 換算。換算按公平值計量的非貨幣項目所 產生的損益的處理方式與確認該項目公平 值變動產生的損益一致(即其公平值損益 於其他全面收益或損益確認的項目產生的 換算差額亦分別於其他全面收益或損益確 認)。

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### 3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Foreign currencies (Continued)

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than the Hong Kong dollar. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve, except to the extent that the differences are attributable to non-controlling interests. On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount in the reserve relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the weighted average exchange rate for the year.

### **3.** 重要會計政策(續)

外幣(續)

就終止確認預付代價相關的非貨幣資產或 非貨幣負債而言,在釐定初步確認相關資 產、開支或收入採用的匯率時,初步交易 日期為本集團初步確認預付代價所產生的 非貨幣資產或非貨幣負債日期。倘存在多 筆預付或預收款項,則本集團就每筆預付 代價的付款或收款釐定交易日期。

海外附屬公司的功能貨幣為港元以外貨幣。於報告期末,該等實體的資產及負債 均按報告期末的通行匯率換算為港元,而 該等資產及負債的損益表按與有關交易日 期當時的匯率相若的匯率換算為港元。

所產生的匯兑差額於其他全面收益中確認 及於外匯波動儲備累計,但倘差額屬於非 控股權益,則不在此列。於出售海外業務 時,與該特定海外業務相關儲備中累計的 金額將於損益確認。

收購海外業務所產生的任何商譽及收購對 資產及負債賬面值的公平值調整均視作海 外業務的資產及負債處理,並按年末匯率 換算。

就綜合現金流量表而言,海外附屬公司的 現金流量按有關現金流量日期的匯率換算 為港元。海外附屬公司於整個年度經常產 生的現金流量按年內加權平均匯率換算為 港元。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND **FSTIMATES**

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

#### Judgement

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgement, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

### Determining the method to estimate variable consideration and assessing the constraint for the sale of printing products

Certain contracts for the sale of printing products include a right of return that give rises to variable consideration. In estimating the variable consideration, the Group is required to use either the expected value method or the most likely amount method based on which method better predicts the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled.

The Group determined that the expected value method is the appropriate method to use in estimating the variable consideration for the sale of industrial products with rights of return, given the large number of customer contracts that have similar characteristics.

In estimating the variable consideration for the sale of industrial products with volume rebates, the Group determined that using the most likely amount method is appropriate. The selected method that better predicts the amount of variable consideration related to volume rebates is primarily driven by the number of volume thresholds contained in the contract. The most likely amount method is used for those contracts with a single volume threshold.

### 4. 重大會計判斷及估計

管理層編製本集團的財務報表時須作出 判斷、估計及假設,而該等判斷、估計及 假設會影響所申報的收益、開支、資產及 負債的金額以及相關披露及或然負債的披 露。有關此等假設及估計的不確定因素可 能產生的結果或會導致未來受影響的資產 或負債賬面金額須作出重大調整。

#### 判斷

於應用本集團會計政策的過程中,除涉及 估計的判斷外,管理層已作出以下對財務 報表確認的金額構成最重大影響的判斷:

### 釐定估計可變代價的方法及評估出售印刷 產品的限制

若干出售印刷產品的合約包括產生可變代 價的退貨權利。於估計可變代價時,本集 團須視乎何種方法可更能預測其有權收取 的代價金額,以決定使用預期價值法或最 可能金額法。

鑒於大量客戶合約之特性相似,本集團確 定預期價值法對用於估計附帶退貨權之工 業產品銷售之可變代價屬最適合的方法。

於估計銷售工業產品(隨帶批量回扣)的 可變代價時,本集團認定採用最可能的金 額方法屬適宜。選定更貼切預測批量回扣 相關可變代價金額的方法主要受合約設定 的批量限額數目帶動。最可能的金額方法 用於設有單一批量限額的合約。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

Determining the method to estimate variable consideration and assessing the constraint for the sale of printing products (Continued)

Before including any amount of variable consideration in the transaction price, the Group considers whether the amount of variable consideration is constrained. The Group determined that the estimates of variable consideration are not constrained based on its historical experience, business forecast and the current economic conditions. In addition, the uncertainty on the variable consideration will be resolved within a short time frame.

### **Estimation uncertainty**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

### Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e., gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the printing product sector, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

#### 4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

### 釐定估計可變代價的方法及評估出售印刷 產品的限制(續)

將任何可變代價金額計入交易價格前,本 集團會考慮可變代價金額是否受到限制。 本集團根據其過往經驗、業務預測及當前 經濟狀況釐定可變代價的估計並無受到限 制。此外,可變代價的不確定因素將於短 時間內解決。

#### 估計的不確定因素

下文闡述有關未來的主要假設及於報告期 末估計不明朗因素的其他主要來源,其具 有導致須對下個財政年度的資產與負債賬 面值作出重大調整的重大風險。

### 貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計量貿易應收款項的 預期信貸虧損。撥備率基於具有類似虧損 模式(即按地理位置)各客戶群分部的逾 期日數。

撥備矩陣初步以本集團的歷史可觀察違約 率為基準。本集團將調整矩陣,以就前瞻 性資料對過往信貸虧損經驗作出調整。例 如,若預測經濟狀況(即國內生產總值) 於未來一年惡化,從而導致印刷產品行業 的違約數量增加,歷史違約率將予調整。 於各報告日期,歷史觀察違約率將會予以 更新,並分析前瞻性估計的變化。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND **ESTIMATES** (Continued)

#### **Estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

### Provision for expected credit losses on trade receivables (Continued)

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade receivables is disclosed in note 21 to the financial statements.

#### Write-down of inventories

Management reviews the condition of inventories of the Group and makes provision against obsolete and slowmoving inventory items which are identified as no longer suitable for sale or use. Management estimates the net realisable value for such inventories based primarily on the latest invoice prices and current market conditions. The Group carries out an inventory review at the end of each reporting period and assesses whether any provision made against obsolete and slow-moving items. Management reassesses the estimation at the end of each reporting period.

The identification of obsolete and slow-moving inventory items requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact on the carrying values of inventories and the write-down of inventories recognised in the periods in which such estimates have been changed. The carrying amount of inventories as at 31 December 2024 was HK\$83,227,000 (2023: HK\$70,163,000).

### 4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續)

估計的不確定因素(續)

貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備(續)

對歷史觀察違約率、預測經濟狀況及預期 信貸虧損之間的相關性評估屬重大估計。 預期信貸虧損的金額對狀況的變動及預測 經濟狀況敏感。本集團的歷史信貸虧損經 驗及對經濟狀況的預測亦可能無法反映客 戶於未來的實際違約情況。有關本集團貿 易應收款項的預期信貸虧損資料於財務報 表附註21披露。

### 撇銷存貨

管理層審閱本集團之存貨狀況,並就被識 別為不再適合銷售或使用之過時及滯銷存 貨項目作出撥備。管理層主要根據最近期 發票價格及當時市況估計該等存貨之可變 現淨值。本集團於各報告期末進行存貨審 閱, 並就過時及滯銷項目評估應否作出任 何撥備。管理層於各報告期末重新評估有 關估計。

識別過時及滯銷存貨項目需要使用判斷及 估計。倘預期與原定估計有所差異,則有 關差異將影響相關估計出現變動期間的存 貨賬面值及確認的存貨撇銷。於2024年 12月31日,存貨的賬面值為83,227,000 港元(2023年:70,163,000港元)。

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### 4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND 4. 重大會計判斷及估計(續) **ESTIMATES** (Continued)

#### **Estimation uncertainty** (Continued)

#### Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets (including the property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets) at the end of each reporting period. Indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment annually and at other times when such an indicator exists. Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cashgenerating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value in use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

估計的不確定因素(續)

### 非金融資產(商譽除外)減值

本集團於各報告期末評估所有非金融資 產(包括物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資 產)有否任何減值跡象。無固定年期的無 形資產每年及於該跡象存在的其他時間作 減值測試。其他非金融資產在有跡象表明 可能無法收回賬面值時進行減值測試。當 資產或現金產生單位賬面值超過可收回金 額時,即存在減值,可收回金額按公平值 減出售費用或使用價值兩者的較高者計 算。公平值減出售費用按類似資產按公平 原則進行具約束力的銷售交易所得的數據 或可觀察市場價格減出售資產的增量成本 計算。計算使用價值時,管理層須估計資 產或現金產生單位的預期未來現金流量, 並選擇適合的貼現率計算該等現金流量的 現值。

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### 5. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

For management purposes, the Group has only one reportable operating segment, which is the manufacture and sale of printing products.

#### **Geographical information**

(a) Revenue from external customers

5. 經營分部資料

就管理目的而言,本集團僅有一個可呈報 經營分部,即生產及銷售印刷產品。

## 地域資料

#### (a) 外部客戶收益

(b) 非流動資產

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Mainland China Hong Kong	中國內地 香港	177,701 64,582	128,401 54,721
Bangladesh	孟加拉	99,024	50,696
India	印度	34,072	17,992
Vietnam	越南	47,484	30,010
Other countries/regions	其他國家/地區	128,186	90,490
Total revenue	總收益	551,049	372,310

The revenue information above is based on the locations of the customers.

上述收益資料乃根據客戶所在地呈 列。

### (b) Non-current assets

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Mainland China Bangladesh Vietnam Hong Kong Other countries/regions	中國內地 孟加拉 越南 香港 其他國家/地區	101,094 47,420 5,258 18,821 30,137	72,813 52,248 8,349 20,707 24,697
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	202,730	178,814

The non-current asset information above is based on the locations of the assets and excludes financial instruments and deferred tax assets. 上述非流動資產資料乃根據資產所在 地編製,並不包括金融工具及遞延税 項資產。

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### 6. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

### 6. 收益、其他收入及收益

Revenue represents the net invoiced value of goods sold, after allowances for returns, trade discounts and rebates.

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

### 收益指已扣除退貨、貿易折扣及回扣撥備 後已出售貨品的發票淨值。

本集團的收益分析如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益		
(i) Disaggregated revenue information	(i) 收益劃分的資料		
<b>Types of goods or services</b> Sale of printing products	<b>貨品或服務類型</b> 銷售印刷產品	551,049	372,310
Geographical markets	地域市場		
Mainland China	中國內地	177,701	128,401
Hong Kong	香港	64,582	54,721
Bangladesh	孟加拉	99,024	50,696
India	印度	34,072	17,992
Vietnam	越南	47,484	30,010
Other countries/regions	其他國家/地區	128,186	90,490
Total revenue from contracts with	客戶合約總收益		
customers		551,049	372,310
<b>Timing of revenue recognition</b> Goods transferred at a point in time	<b>確認收益的時間</b> 於某一時間點轉移的 貨品	551,049	372,310

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### 6. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (Continued)

**Revenue from contracts with customers** (Continued)

#### (i) Disaggregated revenue information (Continued)

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the year:

6. 收益、其他收入及收益(續)

客戶合約收益(續)

### (i) 收益劃分的資料(續)

下表列示於年初計入合約負債的已確 認收益金額:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Sale of printing products	銷售印刷產品	11,616	9,564

#### (ii) Performance obligations

#### Sale of printing products

The performance obligation is satisfied upon delivery of the printing products and payment is generally due within 30 to 90 days from delivery, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. Some contracts provide customers with a right of return which gives rise to variable consideration subject to constraint.

As the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially satisfied) as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are part of contracts that have an original expected duration of one year or less, the transaction price allocated to such is not disclosed, as permitted by the practical expedient in HKFRS 15.

### (ii) 履約責任

### 銷售印刷產品

履約責任於交付印刷產品後達成,而 付款一般於交付起計30至90天內到 期,惟新客戶一般需要預先付款。個 別合約訂明客戶有權退貨,產生須受 限制的可變代價。

由於2024年及2023年12月31日餘下 未達成或部分達成的履約責任為原定 預期年期為一年或以內的合約之一部 分,故根據香港財務報告準則第15號 的可行權宜方法所允許,並無披露分 配至有關合約的交易價格。

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### 6. REVENUE, OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (Continued)

### 6. 收益、其他收入及收益(續)

Other income and gains include the following:

其他收入及收益包括以下各項:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other income and gains Freight and transportation income Interest income Sale of scrap materials Government grants* Fair value gain on a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss Others	<b>其他收入及收益</b> 貨運及運輸收入 利息收入 銷售廢棄材料 政府補助* 按公平值計入損益的金融 資產公平值收益 其他	391 442 1,504 623 127 2,611	1,212 652 1,567 592 137 1,901
Total	總計	5,698	6,061

\* The government grants have been received from the local government. It mainly represented compensation of the unemployment insurance paid to the local government and the acquisition of the Group's new machines, whose compensation are transferred from deferred income to profit or loss over the useful lives of the relevant assets for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, there were no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attaching to the government grants that had been recognised by the Group. 政府補助乃自當地政府收取。其主要指向當地 政府支付的失業保險補償及收購本集團的新機 器,而有關補償於截至2024年及2023年12月31 日止年度於相關資產使用期限自遞延收益轉撥 至損益。於2024年及2023年12月31日,本集團 已確認的政府補助並無附帶未達成的條件或其 他或然事項。

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### 7. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX

### 7. 除税前溢利/(虧損)

The Group's profit/(loss) before tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

本集團的除税前溢利/(虧損)經扣 除/(計入)下列各項後達致:

		Notes 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Cost of sales <sup>#</sup>	銷售成本#		280,430	209,757
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	14	20,280	17,693
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	15	13,452	12,832
Amortisation of other intangible assets	其他無形資產攤銷	17	89	752
Short-term lease expenses	短期租賃開支	15	930	969
Employee benefit expense (excluding directors' remuneration (note 9)):	僱員福利開支(不包括 董事薪酬(附註9)):			
Wages and salaries Pension scheme contributions	工資及薪金 退休金計劃供款		152,700	138,986
(defined contribution scheme)**	(界定供款計劃)**		18,269	14,669
Total	總計		170,969	153,655
Auditor's remuneration Foreign exchange differences, net* Impairment/(reversal of impairment)	核數師薪酬 匯兑差異淨額* 貿易應收款項減值/		2,050 629	2,160 (4,109)
of trade receivables, net* Impairment of goodwill***	(減值撥回)淨額* 商譽減值***	21 16	1,981 –	(176) 361
Impairment of investment in an associate***	於一間聯營公司的投資 減值***	19	-	3,089
Impairment of other intangible assets***	其他無形資產減值***	17	_	4,615
(Gain)/loss on disposal of items of property, plant and equipment,	出售物業、廠房及 設備項目的(收益)/	.,		
net*	虧損淨額*		(177)	217

<sup>t</sup> These items are included in "Other operating income/(expenses), net" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023. 該等項目於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止 年度的綜合損益表中「其他經營收入/(開支)淨 額」列示。

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### 7. **PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAX** (Continued)

- \*\* There are no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group as the employer to reduce the existing level of contributions.
- \*\*\* These items are included in "Impairment of non-financial assets" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.
- Cost of inventories sold includes HK\$74,240,000 (2023: HK\$65,322,000) of employee benefit expense, and depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets which are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed above for each of these types of expenses. Included in cost of sales was also the provision for inventories of HK\$3,248,000 (2023: reversal of provision of HK\$1,135,000) for the year ended 31 December 2024.

### 8. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

#### 7. 除税前溢利/(虧損)(續)

- \*\* 概無由本集團作為僱主可能使用以減少現有供款 水平的供款被沒收。
- \*\*\* 該等項目於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年 度的綜合損益表中「非金融資產減值」列示。
- 它售存貨成本包括74,240,000港元(2023年: 65,322,000港元)的僱員福利開支及物業、廠房 及設備以及使用權資產折舊(亦計入上文就該等 各類開支披露的相關總額)。截至2024年12月31 日止年度,存貨撥備3,248,000港元(2023年: 撥備之撥回1,135,000港元)亦已計入銷售成本。

### **8.** 融資成本

融資成本分析如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Interest on bank loans and overdrafts Interest on lease liabilities	銀行貸款及透支利息 租賃負債利息	621 1,743	1,346 1,818
Total	總計	2,364	3,164

#### 9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION

Directors' and chief executive's remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

### 9. 董事及主要行政人員酬金

根據上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1) (a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條以及公司(披露董事利 益資料)規例第2部披露的本年度董事及 主要行政人員酬金如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Fees	袍金	540	540
Other emoluments: Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Performance related bonuses Pension scheme contributions	其他酬金: 薪金、津貼及實物福利 表現相關花紅 退休金計劃供款	4,257 948 45	3,470 1,316 54
Subtotal	∕」∖≒┼	5,250	4,840
Total fees and other emoluments	袍金及其他酬金總額	5,790	5,380

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# 9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION 9. 董事及主要行政人員酬金(續) (Continued)

### (a) Independent non-executive directors (a) 獨立非執行董事

The fees paid to independent non-executive directors during the year were as follows:

年內支付予獨立非執行董事的袍金如 下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Ms. Luk Mei Yan Mr. Lee Tak Cheong Mr. Lam Chor Ki, Dick	陸美恩女士 李德昌先生 林楚祺先生	180 180 180	180 180 180
Total	總計	540	540

There were no other emoluments payable to independent non-executive directors during the year (2023: Nil).

年內並無應付予獨立非執行董事的其 他酬金(2023年:無)。

(b) 執行董事

### (b) Executive directors

Salaries, allowances Performance Pension scheme and benefits related Fees in kind bonuses contributions Total 薪金、津貼及 表現 退休金 袍金 實物福利 相關花紅 計劃供款 總計 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 Year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度 Mr. Barry Chan 陳醒明先生 1,684 257 9 1,950 Ms. Candy Law 羅妙蘭女士 1,386 496 18 1,900 Mr. James Chan 陳梓峰先生 18 1,187 195 1,400 Total 4.257 948 45 5.250 總計 Year ended 31 December 2023 截至2023年12月31日止年度 Mr. Barry Chan 陳醒明先生 1,570 402 18 1,990 Ms. Candy Law 羅妙蘭女士 570 18 1,900 1,312 \_ Mr. James Chan 陳梓峰先生 588 344 18 950 \_ Total 總計 \_ 3.470 1.316 54 4.840

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### 9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S REMUNERATION 9. 董事及主要行政人員酬金(續) (Continued)

### (b) Executive directors (Continued)

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year (2023: Nil).

### **10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES**

The five highest paid employees during the year included one director (2023: two directors) of the Company, details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining four (2023: three) highest paid employees who are not directors of the Company are as follows:

(b) 執行董事(續)

年內,董事概無訂立安排放棄或同意 放棄任何薪酬(2023年:無)。

#### 10. 五名最高薪僱員

年內,五名最高薪僱員包括本公司一名 (2023年:兩名)董事,其薪酬詳情載於 上文附註9。本公司餘下四名(2023年: 三名)非董事最高薪僱員於本年度的薪酬 詳情列載如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Pension scheme contributions	薪金、津貼及實物福利 退休金計劃供款	10,158 344	7,269 233
Total	總計	10,502	7,502

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### 10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES (Continued)

The number of the non-director, highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

### 10. 五名最高薪僱員(續)

屬於以下薪酬組別的非董事最高薪僱員人 數如下:

		<b>2024</b> 2024年	2023 2023年
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	_	_
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000 洪二		
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	港元 1,500,001港元至2,000,000	_	_
	港元	-	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000	2,000,001港元至2,500,000 港元	2	1
HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,500,001港元至3,000,000		
HK\$3,000,001 to HK\$3,500,000	港元 3,000,001港元至3,500,000	1	_
	港元	1	1
Total	總計	4	3

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the non-director, highest paid employees as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2023: Nil).

### 年內,本集團概無向任何非董事最高薪僱 員支付薪酬,作為加入本集團或加入時的 獎勵或離職補償(2023年:無)。

### **11. INCOME TAX**

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and the BVI, the Group is not subject to any income tax in the Cayman Islands and the BVI. Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2023: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year, except for one subsidiary of the Group which is a qualifying entity under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime. The first HK\$2,000,000 (2023: HK\$2,000,000) of assessable profits of this subsidiary are taxed at 8.25% (2023: 8.25%) and the remaining assessable profits are taxed at 16.5% (2023: 16.5%). Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates. 11. 所得税

根據開曼群島及英屬處女群島規則及規 例,本集團毋須於開曼群島及英屬處女群 島繳納任何所得税。年內,香港利得税已 就於香港產生的估計應課税溢利按16.5% (2023年:16.5%)税率計提撥備,惟本 集團一間附屬公司除外,該附屬公司為 符合利得税兩級制的實體。該附屬公司 首筆2,000,000港元(2023年:2,000,000 港元)的應課税溢利按8.25%(2023年: 8.25%)的税率繳税,餘下應課税溢利 則按16.5%(2023年:16.5%)的税率繳 税。在其他地方就應課税溢利繳納的税項 已按本集團業務經營所在司法權區的當前 税率計算。

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### **11. INCOME TAX** (Continued)

**11.**所得税(*續*)

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current – Hong Kong Charge for the year Overprovision in prior years Current – Elsewhere Charge for the year	即期-香港 年內開支 過往年度超額撥備 即期-其他地區 年內開支	4,828 - 7.721	1,214 (31) 4,568
Deferred (note 27)	遞延(附註27)	339	275
Total tax charge for the year	年內税項開支總額	12,888	6,026

A reconciliation of the tax expense applicable to profit/(loss) before tax at the statutory rate to the tax charge at the effective tax rate is as follows:

根據法定税率適用於除税前溢利/(虧 損)的税項開支與根據實際税率的税項開 支對賬如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit/(loss) before tax	除税前溢利/(虧損)	74,747	(19,650)
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 16.5%	按法定税率16.5%計算的 税項	12,333	(2.242)
Lower tax rate enacted by local authority Effect of different tax rates for different	代項 地方當局頒佈的較低税率 不同司法權區不同税率的	(8,210)	(3,242) (1,861)
jurisdictions	影響	4,594	1,371
Adjustments in respect of current tax of previous periods	就過往期間即期税項 所作出的調整	-	(31)
Profits and losses attributable to an associate	一間聯營公司應佔的溢利 及虧損	(18)	87
Income not subject to tax	毋須課税收入	(999)	(274)
Expenses not deductible for tax	不可扣税開支	5,395	5,118
Tax losses utilised from previous periods	過往期間的已動用税項		
	虧損	(3,507)	(472)
Tax losses not recognised	未確認的税項虧損	2,214	4,341
Others	其他	1,086	989
Tax charge at the Group's effective tax rate of 17.2% (2023: -30.7%)	按本集團實際税率17.2% (2023年:-30.7%)		
	計算的税項開支	12,888	6,026

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### **12. DIVIDENDS**

12. 股息
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		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Proposed final dividend – HK0.75 cents (2023: Nil) per ordinary share	建議末期股息一每股 普通股0.75港仙 (2023年:零)	15,000	-

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

### 13. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

The calculation of the basic earnings/(loss) per share amounts is based on the profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$61,859,000 (2023: loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$25,676,000) and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 1,995,453,825 (2023: 2,000,000,000) outstanding during the year.

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings/ (loss) per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 in respect of a dilution as the impact of the share options outstanding had an antidilutive effect on the basic earnings/(loss) per share amounts presented. 本年度建議分派之末期股息須待本公司 股東在應屆股東週年大會上批准後方可作 實。

### 13.本公司普通權益持有人應佔每股盈 利/(虧損)

每股基本盈利/(虧損)金額乃基於本公 司擁有人應佔年內盈利61,859,000港元 (2023年:本公司擁有人應佔年內虧損 25,676,000港元)以及年內尚未行使普 通股加權平均數1,995,453,825股(2023 年:2,000,000,000股)計算。

由於尚未行使的購股權對已呈列的每股基本盈利/(虧損)金額具有反攤薄效應, 故並無就攤薄而對截至2024年及2023 年12月31日止年度所呈列的每股基本盈 利/(虧損)金額作出調整。

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### 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 14. 物業、廠房及設備

		Buildings 建築物 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元
31 December 2024	<b>2024</b> 年12月31日						
At 1 January 2024:	於2024年1月1日:						
Cost	成本	39,766	13,642	242,504	9,526	2,321	307,759
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,166)	(5,027)	(150,279)	(8,299)	(1,831)	(166,602)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	38,600	8,615	92,225	1,227	490	141,157
At 1 January 2024, net of accumulated	於2024年1月1日,						
depreciation	扣除累計折舊	38,600	8,615	92,225	1,227	490	141,157
Additions	添置	-	2,471	17,474	971	149	21,065
Disposal	出售	-	-	(593)	-	(35)	(628)
Depreciation provided during	年內折舊撥備						
the year (note 7)	(附註7)	(1,192)	(1,118)	(17,089)	(781)	(100)	(20,280)
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(3,322)	(228)	(6,445)	(67)	(12)	(10,074)
At 31 December 2024, net of	於2024年12月31日,						
accumulated depreciation	扣除累計折舊	34,086	9,740	85,572	1,350	<b>492</b>	131,240
At 31 December 2024:	於2024年12月31日:						
Cost	成本	36,289	16,035	241,207	10,456	2,372	306,359
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(2,203)	(6,295)	(155,635)	(9,106)	(1,880)	(175,119)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	34,086	9,740	85,572	1,350	492	131,240

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### **14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** (Continued)

### **14.**物業、廠房及設備(*續*)

		Buildings 建築物 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Construction in progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK <b>\$</b> '000 千港元
31 December 2023	<b>2023年12</b> 月 <b>31</b> 日							
At 1 January 2023:	於2023年1月1日:							
Cost	成本	-	20,065	231,440	9,243	1,843	29,956	292,547
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	-	(9,874)	(142,764)	(7,621)	(1,581)	-	(161,840)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	-	10,191	88,676	1,622	262	29,956	130,707
At 1 January 2023, net of	於2023年1月1日 <sup>,</sup>							
accumulated depreciation	扣除累計折舊	-	10,191	88,676	1,622	262	29,956	130,707
Additions	添置	11,686	3,124	21,540	589	494	-	37,433
Disposal	出售	-	(3,296)	(607)	(7)	-	-	(3,910)
Depreciation provided during	年內折舊撥備							
the year (note 7)	(附註7)	(1,189)	(1,056)	(14,391)	(794)	(263)	-	(17,693)
Transfers	轉移	28,902	-	-	-	-	(28,902)	-
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(799)	(339)	(3,002)	(183)	(3)	(1,054)	(5,380)
At 31 December 2023, net of	於2023年12月31日,							
accumulated depreciation	扣除累計折舊	38,600	8,624	92,216	1,227	490	-	141,157
At 31 December 2023:	於2023年12月31日:							
Cost	成本	39,766	13,642	242,504	9,526	2,321	-	307,759
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(1,166)	(5,027)	(150,279)	(8,299)	(1,831)	-	(166,602)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	38,600	8,615	92,225	1,227	490	-	141,157

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### 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

At 31 December 2024, certain of the Group's plant and machinery with a net book value of approximately HK\$6,822,000 (2023: HK\$7,675,000) were pledged to secure certain of the bank loans of the Group as detailed in note 26.

#### 15. LEASES

#### The Group as a lessee

The Group has lease contracts for various items of buildings, and plant and machinery used in its operations. Leases of plant and machinery generally have lease terms of ten years, while buildings generally have lease terms between two to thirty years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets outside the Group.

#### (a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

#### 14. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

於2024年12月31日,本集團賬面淨值約 為6,822,000港元(2023年:7,675,000 港元)的若干廠房及機器已抵押,以獲得 授予本集團之若干銀行貸款(詳情見附註 26)。

#### 15. 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團就多項建築物以及廠房及機器項目 訂有租賃合約,以供其營運所用。廠房及 機器的租賃一般租期為十年,而樓宇的租 賃一般租期為二至三十年。一般而言,本 集團不可向本集團以外人士轉讓及分租租 賃資產。

### (a) 使用權資產

本集團年內使用權資產的賬面值及變 動如下:

		<b>Buildings</b> 樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and machinery 廠房及機器 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2023 Additions Lease modification Depreciation charge (note 7) Exchange realignment	於2023年1月1日 添置 租賃修訂 折舊開支(附註7) 匯兑調整	27,756 7,940 736 (10,965) (752)	8,428 - (1,867) (238)	36,184 7,940 736 (12,832) (990)
As at 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Additions Depreciation charge (note 7) Termination Exchange realignment	於2023年12月31日 及2024年1月1日 添置 折舊開支(附註7) 終止 匯兑調整	24,715 49,991 (11,753) (2,003) (1,463)	6,323  (1,699)  (75)	31,038 49,991 (13,452) (2,003) (1,538)
As at 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	59,487	4,549	64,036

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15. LEASES (Continued)	<b>15.</b> 租賃 <i>(續)</i>
The Group as a lessee (Continued)	本集團作為承租人(續)
(b) Lease liabilities	(b) 租賃負債
The carrying amount of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:	租賃負債的賬面值與年內變動如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Carrying amount at 1 January	於1月1日的賬面值	25,065	30,188
New leases	新租賃	49,991	6,991
Accretion of interest recognised	年內確認的利息增加		
during the year		1,743	1,818
Lease modification	租賃修訂	-	736
Payments	付款	(14,182)	(13,844)
Termination	終止	(2,005)	_
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	814	(824)
Carrying amount at 31 December	於12月31日的賬面值	61,426	25,065
Analysed into:	分析為:		
Current portion	流動部分	9,580	10,401
Non-current portion	非流動部分	51,846	14,664

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 37 to the financial statements.

Certain of the Group's lease liabilities were guaranteed by unlimited corporate guarantees given by the Company as at 31 December 2024 and 2023. 租賃負債的到期分析於財務報表附註 37披露。

於2024年及2023年12月31日,本集 團若干租賃負債乃由本公司所給予的 無限公司擔保所擔保。

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### **15. LEASES** (Continued)

### 15. 租賃(續)

The Group as a lessee (Continued)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

(c) 於損益中確認與租賃有關的金額如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	1,743	1,818
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊開支	13,452	12,832
Expense relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關的開支		
(included in administrative expenses) Gain on early termination of a lease	(計入行政開支) 提早終止租賃的收益	930 (2)	969 -
Total amount recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認的總金額	16,123	15,619

(d) The total cash outflow for leases is disclosed in note 31(c) to the financial statements.

(d) 租賃的現金流出總額披露於財務報表 附註31(c)。

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### 16. GOODWILL

### 16. 商譽

		Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023: Cost Accumulated impairment	於2023年1月1日: 成本 累計減值	1,895 (1,534)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	361
Cost at 1 January 2023, net of accumulated impairment Impairment during the year	於2023年1月1日的成本(扣除累計減值) 年內減值	361 (361)
Cost and net carrying amount at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日的成本及賬面淨值	-
At 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024: Cost Accumulated impairment	於2023年12月31日、2024年1月1日及 2024年12月31日: 成本 累計減值	1,895 (1,895)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	-

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### **16. GOODWILL** (Continued)

### Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill acquired through business combinations is allocated to the Truecount cash-generating unit (the "Truecount CGU") and to the Print100 cash-generating unit (the "Print100 CGU"). The carrying amount of goodwill allocated to each of the cash-generating units is as follows:

### 16. 商譽(續)

### 商譽的減值測試

自業務合併獲得的商譽已分配至 Truecount現金產生單位(「Truecount現 金產生單位」)及印100現金產生單位(「印 100現金產生單位」)。分配至該兩個現金 產生單位的商譽的賬面值呈列如下:

		Truecount CGU Truecount 現金產生單位 HK\$'000 千港元	Print100 CGU 印100 現金產生單位 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount:	賬面值:			
At 1 January 2023 Impairment provided during the year	於2023年1月1日 年內減值撥備	-	361 (361)	361 (361)
A 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	於2023年12月31日、 2024年1月1日及 2024年12月31日	-	_	_

### Truecount CGU

The goodwill allocated to the Truecount CGU had been fully impaired in the year ended 31 December 2022.

#### Truecount現金產生單位

分配至Truecount現金產生單位的商譽 已於截至2022年12月31日止年度全面減 值。

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### **16. GOODWILL** (Continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill (Continued)

### Print100 CGU

As at 31 December 2023, the recoverable amount of the Print100 CGU was determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by senior management. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections was 15.7% for the year ended 31 December 2023. The long-term growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows of the cash-generating unit beyond the five-year period was 2.5% for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Key assumptions were used in the value in use calculation of the cash-generating units for the year ended 31 December 2023. The following describes each key assumption on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill:

Budgeted revenue and gross margins – The basis used to determine the value assigned to the budgeted revenue and gross margins is the average revenue and gross margins achieved in the year immediately before the budget year, increased for expected efficiency improvements, and expected market development.

Discount rates – The discount rates used are before tax.

The values assigned to the key assumptions on market development and discount rates are consistent with external information sources.

Based on management's estimates, an impairment loss of HK\$361,000 for the Print100 CGU was recognised to write down the carrying amount of goodwill to its recoverable amount as at 31 December 2023.

#### 16. 商譽(續)

商譽的減值測試(續)

### 印100現金產生單位

於2023年12月31日,印100現金產生單 位的可收回金額按使用價值計算方式釐 定,該計算方式採用根據高級管理層批 准的五年期財務預算進行的現金流量預 測。截至2023年12月31日止年度,現金 流量預測所採用的貼現率為15.7%。截至 2023年12月31日止年度,用於推算五年 期以後現金產生單位的現金流量的長遠增 長率為2.5%。

截至2023年12月31日止年度,利用使用 價值計算方式計算現金產生單位時已套用 主要假設。以下闡述管理層進行商譽的減 值測試時參考的現金流量預測所依據的各 主要假設:

*預算收入及毛利率*一所採用於釐定分配於 預算收入及毛利率價值的基準為緊接預算 年度前一年的達到的平均收入及毛利率、 預計效率提升的幅度以及預期市場發展。

*貼現率*一所用貼現率為除税前貼現率。

分配至市場發展的主要假設以及貼現率的 數值與外部資料的數值一致。

根據管理層的估計,已於2023年12月31 日就印100現金產生單位確認361,000港 元的減值虧損,以將商譽的賬面值撇減至 其可收回金額。

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### **17. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

### 17. 其他無形資產

31 December 2024	<b>2024年12月31</b> 日	Software licences and trademark 軟件許可及商標 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost at 1 January 2024, net of accumulated amortisation Amortisation provided during the year	於2024年1月1日的成本,扣除 累計攤銷 年內攤銷撥備(附註7)	675
(note 7) Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(89) (17)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	569
At 31 December 2024: Cost Accumulated amortisation and	於2024年12月31日: 成本 累計攤銷及減值	6,391
impairment		(5,822)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	569
31 December 2023	<b>2023</b> 年12月31日	
Cost at 1 January 2023, net of accumulated amortisation Amortisation provided during the year	於2023年1月1日的成本,扣除 累計攤銷 年內攤銷撥備(附註7)	6,055
(note 7)	年內減值	(752) (4,615)
Impairment during the year Exchange realignment	平內滅 <u></u> 匯兑調整	(4,615) (13)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	675
At 31 December 2023:	於2023年12月31日:	
Cost Accumulated amortisation and impairment	成本 累計攤銷及減值	6,417 (5,742)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	675

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### 17. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

The other intangible assets represent software licences and trademark acquired from independent third parties, which have finite useful lives of 10 years and are amortised on a straight-line basis.

## 18. FINANCIAL ASSET AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

#### 17. 其他無形資產(續)

其他無形資產指收購自獨立第三方的軟件許可及商標,其有限可使用年期為10 年,並以直線基準攤銷。

### 18. 按公平值計入損益的金融資產

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Key management insurance contract	主要管理人員保險合約	6,067	5,940
Analysed for reporting purpose as: Non-current assets	為報告目的分析為: 非流動資產	6,067	5,940

The key management insurance contract was mandatorily classified as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss as its contractual cash flows are not solely payments of principal and interest.

Note:

As at 31 December 2024, the key management insurance contract represented life insurance plans with investment elements relating to one member of key management personnel of the Group. The total sum insured is US\$2,000,000 (2023: US\$2,000,000) (approximately HK\$15,500,000) with an annual minimum guaranteed return of 2%.

As at 31 December 2024, if the Group withdrew from the insurance contract, the account value, net of surrender charges of US\$126,000 (approximately HK\$974,000) (2023: US\$129,000 (approximately HK\$1,009,000)), would be refunded to the Group. The amount of surrender charges decreased over time and was no longer required from the 19th year of contract conclusion onwards.

主要管理人員保險合約的合約現金流量並 非僅為支付本金及利息,故其被強制分類 為按公平值計入損益的金融資產。

#### 附註:

於2024年12月31日,主要管理人員保險合約指人 壽保險計劃,當中包含有關本集團一名主要管理人 員的投資成分。總保額為2,000,000美元(2023年: 2,000,000美元)(約15,500,000港元),年度最低保 證回報為2%。

於2024年12月31日,倘本集團放棄保險合約,則賬 戶價值(扣除退保費用126,000美元(約974,000港元) (2023年:129,000美元(約1,009,000港元)))將退還 予本集團。退保費用金額隨時間遞減,於合約終止後 第19年起無需繳付。

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### **19. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE**

### 19. 於一間聯營公司的投資

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值	2,918	2,810
Goodwill on acquisition	收購產生的商譽	5,960	5,960
Subtotal	小計	8,878	8,770
Impairment	減值	(3,089)	(3,089)
Total	總計	5,789	5,681

Based on management's estimate, no impairment loss (2023: impairment loss of HK\$3,089,000) was recognised for the investment in an associate in the consolidated statement of profit or loss based on the recoverable amount as at the end of the reporting periods.

As at 31 December 2023, the recoverable amount of the investment in an associate was determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering a five-year period approved by senior management. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections was 19.4% and the long-term growth rate used to extrapolate the cash flows of the cash-generating unit beyond the five-year period was 2.5%.

Particulars of the Group's associate are as follows:

根據管理層的估計,根據報告期末的可收 回金額,於綜合損益表內就於聯營公司的 投資並無確認減值虧損(2023年:減值虧 損3,089,000港元)。

於2023年12月31日,於聯營公司的投資 的可收回金額按高級管理層批准之涵蓋五 年期之財務預算採用現金流量預測按使用 價值計算而釐定。推測現金流量所用的貼 現率為19.4%,以及用於推算五年期以外 的現金產生單位的現金流量的長期增長率 為2.5%。

本集團的聯營公司詳情如下:

				Р	<b>ercentage of</b> 百分比		
Name	名稱	Particulars of issued shares held 所持 已發行 股份性質	Place of registration and business	Ownership interest 所有權	Voting power	Profit sharing	Principal activities 主要活動
Name	<b></b>	版切性貝	註冊及營業地	川行催	投票權 	利潤分成	土安沽勤
Primway S.A.R.L	Primway S.A.R.L	<b>EUR2,080</b> 2,080歐元	France 法國	25	25	25	Provision of customer services 提供客戶服務

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### **20. INVENTORIES**

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Raw materials Work in progress Finished goods	原材料 在製品 製成品	36,368 19,377 27,482	24,871 23,386 21,906
Total	總計	83,227	70,163

### **21. TRADE RECEIVABLES**

21. 貿易應收款項

20. 存貨

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Trade receivables Impairment	貿易應收款項 減值	60,134 (2,572)	45,566 (654)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	57,562	44,912

The Group's trading terms with its customers are mainly on credit, except for new customers, where payment in advance is normally required. The credit period is generally within 30 to 90 days from the date of monthly statements. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade receivable balances. Trade receivables are non-interest-bearing.

本集團主要以信貸方式與其客戶訂立貿易 條款,惟新客戶一般需要預先付款。信貸 期一般為月結單日期起計30至90天內。 每名客戶有最高信貸限額。逾期結餘由高 級管理層定期審閱。本集團並未就其貿易 應收款項結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信貸 增強措施。貿易應收款項不計息。

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### 21. TRADE RECEIVABLES (Continued)

An ageing analysis of the trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

#### **21.**貿易應收款項(續)

於報告期末,根據發票日期的貿易應收 款項(扣除虧損撥備)賬齡分析如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within 1 month 1 to 2 months 2 to 3 months Over 3 months	一個月內 一至兩個月 兩至三個月 超過三個月	32,204 14,381 6,629 4,348	24,438 12,751 3,911 3,812
Total	總計	57,562	44,912

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade receivables are as follows:

貿易應收款項減值的虧損撥備變動如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
At beginning of year Impairment/(reversal of impairment), net (note 7)	年初 減值/(減值撥回)淨額 (附註7)	654 1,981 (52)	854 (176)
Amount written off as uncollectible At end of year	撤銷不可收回的款項 年末	(63) 2,572	(24)

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e., by geographical region). The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade receivables using a provision matrix:

於各報告日期採用撥備矩陣進行減值分 析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率基於具 有類似虧損模式(即按地區)各客戶群分 部的逾期日數計算。該計算反映或然率加 權結果、貨幣時值及於報告日期可得的有 關過往事項、當前條件及未來經濟條件預 測的合理及可靠資料。

下表載列本集團採用撥備矩陣計量的貿易 應收款項之信貸風險資料:

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### **21. TRADE RECEIVABLES** (Continued)

### As at 31 December 2024

### **21.**貿易應收款項(續)

### 於**2024**年12月31日

			Past due 逾期					
		Current 即期	1 to 30 days 1至30日	31 to 60 days 31至60日	61 to 90 days 61至90日	91 to 365 days 91至365日	Over 1 year 超過1年	<b>Total</b> 總計
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount	預期信貸虧損率 賬面總值(千港元)	0.31%	0.64%	3.88%	13.66%	44.40%	100%	4.28%
(HK\$'000) Expected credit losses	預期信貸虧損(千港元)	36,930	12,985	4,442	2,287	2,881	609	60,134
(HK\$'000)		116	83	172	312	1,280	609	2,572

### As at 31 December 2023

### 於**2023**年12月31日

		Past due 逾期						
		Current 即期	1 to 30 days 1至30日	31 to 60 days 31至60日	61 to 90 days 61至90日	91 to 365 days 91至365日	Over 1 year 超過1年	Total 總計
Expected credit loss rate Gross carrying amount	預期信貸虧損率 賬面總值(千港元)	0.02%	0.09%	1.32%	8.58%	18.64%	100%	1.44%
(HK\$'000)		37,499	4,704	1,586	688	649	440	45,566
Expected credit losses (HK\$'000)	預期信貸虧損(千港元)	9	4	21	59	121	440	654

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### 22. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

### 22. 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

		Note 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments Deposits and other receivables	預付款項 按金及其他應收款項		12,916 17,653	5,643 14,905
Total	總計		30,569	20,548
Less: Non-current portion	減:非流動部分	(a)	(3,687)	(2,671)
Current portion	流動部分		26,882	17,877

Note:

#### 附註:

(a) The amounts mainly represent prepayments for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and the non-current portion of rental deposits.

The Group has applied the general approach to provide for expected credit losses for financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables. The Group considers the historical loss rate and adjusts for forwardlooking macroeconomic data in calculating the expected credit loss rate. The Group has classified financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables in stage 1 and continuously monitors their credit risk. The financial assets included in the above balances related to receivables for which there was no recent history of default and past due amounts. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the loss allowance was assessed to be minimal.

#### (a) 有關金額主要指收購物業、廠房及設備的預付 款項以及租賃按金的非流動部分。

本集團採用一般方式就計入預付款項、按 金及其他應收款項的金融資產作出預期信 貸虧損撥備。本集團計算預期信貸虧損率 時考慮過往虧損率並按前瞻性宏觀經濟數 據作出調整。本集團已將計入預付款項、 按金及其他應收款項的金融資產劃分為第 1級,並持續監察其信貸風險。計入上述 結餘的金融資產的相關應收款項並無近期 違約記錄及逾期金額。於2024年及2023 年12月31日,虧損撥備被評定為不重大。

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### 23. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED 23. 現金及現金等價物及已抵押存款 DEPOSITS

		Note 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and bank balances Time deposits	現金及銀行結餘 定期存款		59,952 12,873	34,158 14,575
Subtotal Less: Pledged time deposits: Pledged for bank loans and bank overdraft facilities	小計 減:已抵押定期存款: 已成為銀行貸款及銀 行透支額度的 抵押品	32	72,825 (4,306)	48,733 (14,575)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		68,519	34,158

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to HK\$7,771,000 (2023: HK\$2,655,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, and Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. Short term time deposits are made for varying periods of one to two months depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the respective short term time deposit rates. The bank balances and pledged deposits are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default. The carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents approximate to their fair values. 於報告期末,本集團以人民幣(「人民 幣」)計值的現金及銀行結餘為7,771,000 港元(2023年:2,655,000港元)。人民幣 不得自由兑換為其他貨幣,然而,根據中 國內地外匯管理條例以及結匯、售匯及付 匯管理規定,本集團可通過授權進行外匯 業務的銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

銀行現金按基於每日銀行存款利率的浮動 利率賺取利息。短期定期存款之期限為一 至兩個月,視乎本集團的即時現金需求按 相應短期定期存款率賺取利息。銀行結餘 及已抵押存款存放於信譽良好且並無近期 欠款記錄的銀行。現金及現金等價物的賬 面值與其公平值相若。

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### 24. TRADE PAYABLES

### 24. 貿易應付款項

An ageing analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

於報告期末,根據發票日期的貿易應付款 項賬齡分析如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Within 1 month 1 to 2 months 2 to 3 months Over 3 months	一個月內 一至兩個月 兩至三個月 超過三個月	26,093 17,992 10,317 9,831	16,593 12,272 10,389 18,069
Total	總計	64,233	57,323

The trade payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled on 30 to 150-day terms (2023: 30 to 150-day terms).

貿易應付款項不計息,並通常於30日至 150日內結付(2023年:30日至150日 內)。

### **25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS**

### 25. 其他應付款項及應計費用

		Notes 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Other payables	其他應付款項	(a)	25,647	21,751
Accruals	應計費用		22,963	20,786
Contract liabilities	合約負債	(b)	7,280	11,616
Deferred government grant	遞延政府補助	(C)	288	431
Total	總計		56,178	54,584
Less: Non-current portion	減:非流動部分	(d)	(160)	(3,417)
Current portion	流動部分		56,018	51,167

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### 25. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS (Continued)

#### Notes:

(a) Other payables are non-interest-bearing and have generally no cre terms

(b) Details of contract liabilities are as follows:

#### 25. 其他應付款項及應計費用(續)

	附註	附註:		
edit	(a)	其他應付款項不計息,一般並無信貸期。		
	(b)	合約負債詳情如下:		

	31 December	31 December	1 January
	2024	2023	2023
	2024年12月31日	2023年12月31日	2023年1月1日
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元
Short-term advances received from    自客戶收取的短期塾款			
customers	7,280	11,616	9,564

Contract liabilities include short-term advances received to deliver printing products to customers. The decrease in contract liabilities in 2024 was mainly due to the decrease in short-term advances received from customers in relation to the sales of printing products at the end of the year. The increase in contract liabilities in 2023 was mainly due to the increase in short-term advances received from customers in relation to the sale of printing products at the end of the year.

- (c) The amount represents a government grant received from the Provincial Finance Bureau, Huizhou Province. This government grant is asset-related and is amortised over the useful lives of the related assets, which is ten years since May 2018.
- (d) These amounts represent the non-current portion of a government grant and a consideration payable of an associate. 應付代價。

合約負債包括就向客戶交付印刷產品所收取的 短期墊款。2024年合約負債減少乃主要由於年 末自客戶收取有關銷售印刷產品的短期墊款減 少所致。合約負債於2023年有所增加乃主要由 於年末自客戶收取有關銷售印刷產品的短期墊 款有所增加。

- (c) 有關金額指自惠州省財政廳收取的政府補助。 該等政府補助乃資產相關及於有關資產可使用 年期(即自2018年5月起計10年內)攤銷。
- (d) 該等金額指政府補助的非流動部分及聯營公司
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# 26. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

# 26. 計息銀行借款

		Effective interest rate per annum 實際年利率	2024 2024年 Maturity 到期日	<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	Effective interest rate per annum 實際年利率	2023 2023年 Maturity 到期日	HK\$'000 千港元
Current	即期 组织活力 女抵掘				7.40/	On domand	4 001
Bank overdrafts – secured (note (b)(iv))	銀行透支-有抵押 (附註(b)(iv))	-	-	-	7.4%	On demand 按要求	4,091
Bank loan – unsecured (note (a)(i))	銀行貸款一無抵押 (附註(a)(i))	-	-	-	3.9%	On demand 按要求	1,816
Bank loan – unsecured	銀行貸款-無抵押	4.5%	2025	2,861	-	-	-
Bank loan - secured (note (b)(i))	銀行貸款-有抵押 (附註(b)(i))	-	-	-	2.5%	On demand 按要求	2,217
Bank loan – secured (note (b)(ii))	銀行貸款一有抵押 (附註(b)(ii))	-	-	-	7.2-7.3%	On demand 按要求	6,000
Bank loan - secured (note (b)(iii))	銀行貸款一有抵押 (附註(b)(iii))	-	-	-	5.8%	2024 2024年	1,680
Bank loan - secured (note (b)(iv))	銀行貸款一有抵押 (附註(b)(iv))	3.9%	<b>On demand</b> 按要求	3,385	3.6-3.9%	On demand 按要求	5,980
Total-current	總計一即期		-	6,246			21,784
Non-current Bank loan - secured (note (b)(iii))	<b>非即期</b> 銀行貸款一有抵押 (附註(b)(iii))	-	-	-	5.8%	2025 2025年	1,331
Total	總計		-	6,246			23,115
					20 2024 HK\$′0 千港	00	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year		— 年	≣銀行貸款♪ ₣內或按要≥		6,2	46	21,784
In the second y	ear	第二	二年	_		-	1,331
Total		總計			6,2	46	23,115

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### 26. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

#### Notes:

- (a) (i) The bank loan was guaranteed by unlimited corporate guarantees given by the Company as at 31 December 2023.
- (b) (i) The key management insurance contract with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$6,067,000 (2023: HK\$5,940,000) was pledged to secure the bank loans granted to the Group.
  - (ii) The bank loan was secured by the pledge of certain of the Group's time deposits amounting to HK\$4,154,000 and the corporate guarantee of the Company as at 31 December 2023.
  - (iii) The bank loan and bank overdrafts were secured by the pledge of certain of the Group's time deposits amounting to HK\$10,421,000 as at 31 December 2023.
  - (iv) The bank loans are secured by plant and machinery with a net book value of approximately HK\$6,822,000 (2023: HK\$7,675,000) at the end of the reporting period as detailed in note 14 to the financial statements.
- (c) The carrying amounts of borrowings are denominated in the following currencies:

### **26.** 計息銀行借款(續)

附註:

- (a) (i) 銀行貸款乃由本公司於2023年12月31日給 予的無限公司擔保所擔保。
- (b) (i) 賬面值約6,067,000港元(2023年: 5,940,000港元)的主要管理人員保險合約 已抵押,以獲得授予本集團之銀行貸款。
  - (ii) 該銀行貸款乃由本集團於2023年12月31日
     抵押之若干定期存款4,154,000港元以及本
     公司提供之公司擔保所擔保。
  - (iii) 該銀行貸款及銀行透支乃由本集團於
     2023年12月31日抵押之若干定期存款
     10,421,000港元所擔保。
  - (iv) 如財務報表附註14所詳述,於報告期末, 該銀行貸款以賬面淨值約6,822,000港元 (2023年:7,675,000港元)的廠房及機器所 擔保。
- (c) 借款的賬面值以下列貨幣計值:

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Hong Kong dollar	港元	3,385	20,898
RMB	人民幣	2,861	-
United States dollar	美元	-	2,217
Total	總計	6,246	23,115

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## 26. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

Ignoring the effect of any repayment on demand clause and based on the maturity terms of the bank loans and bank overdrafts, the amounts repayable in respect of the Group's interest-bearing bank borrowings were analysed as follows:

# **26.** 計息銀行借款(續)

撇除任何按要求償還條款的影響並根據銀 行貸款及銀行透支的到期條款,本集團的 計息銀行借款之應償還款項分析如下:

		31 December 2024 2024年12月31日 HK\$'000 千港元	31 December 2023 2023年12月31日 HK\$'000 千港元
Analysed into: Bank loans and bank overdrafts repayable: Within one year In the second year In the third to fifth years, inclusive	分析為: 應償還銀行貸款及銀行 透支: 一年內 第二年 第三至第五年 (包括首尾兩年)	5,558 688 –	16,881 4,727 1,507
Total	總計	6,246	23,115

## **27. DEFERRED TAX**

#### 27. 遞延税項

The movements in deferred tax liabilities and assets are as follows:

### **Deferred tax liabilities**

遞延税項負債及資產變動如下:

### 遞延税項負債

		Right-of- use assets 使用權資產 HK\$'000 干港元	Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023 Deferred tax charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss during the year	於2023年1月1日 年內自綜合損益表扣除的 遞延税項(附註11)	4,996	3,100	8,096
(note 11)		711	364	1,075
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(177)	(73)	(250)
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Deferred tax charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss during the year	於2023年12月31日及 2024年1月1日 年內自綜合損益表扣除的 遞延税項(附註11)	5,530	3,391	8,921
(note 11)		5,072	89	5,161
Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	(172)	(142)	(314)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	10,430	3,338	13,768

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<b>DEFERRED TAX</b> (Continued)		<b>27.</b> 遞延	E税項(續)		
Deferred tax assets		遞延	£税項資產		
		Losses available for offsetting against future taxable profits 可用以抵銷 未來應課税	Lease liabilities	Others	Tota
		溢利的虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	<mark>其他</mark> HK\$'000 千港元	總 HK\$'00 千港
At 1 January 2023 Deferred tax credited to the consolidated statement of profit or	於2023年1月1日 年內計入綜合損益表的遞延税項 (附註11)	1,482	5,398	102	6,98
loss during the year (note 11) Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	87	711 (177)	2 -	80 (17
At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 Deferred tax credited/(charged) to the consolidated statement of profit or	於2023年12月31日及 2024年1月1日 年內計入(扣除)綜合損益表的 遞延税項(附註11)	1,569	5,932	104	7,60
loss during the year (note 11) Exchange realignment	匯兑調整	( <b>220</b> ) –	5,072 (172)	(30) _	4,82 (17
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	1,349	10,832	74	12,25

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# 27. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

# Deferred tax assets (Continued)

For presentation purposes, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset in the statement of financial position. The following is an analysis of the deferred tax balances of the Group for financial reporting purposes:

## 27. 遞延税項(續)

遞延税項資產(續)

就呈列而言,若干遞延税項資產及負債已 於財務狀況表中抵銷。本集團作財務報告 用途的遞延税項結餘分析如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net deferred tax assets recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position	於綜合財務狀況表確認的 遞延税項資產淨額 於綜合財務狀況表確認的 遞延税項負債淨額	476 (1,990)	506 (1.822)
Net deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債淨額	(1,536)	(1,316)

The Group has estimated unrecognised tax losses of approximately HK\$81,574,000 (2023: HK\$89,080,000). Unrecognised tax losses arising in Hong Kong and certain foreign operations of approximately HK\$18,595,000 (2023: HK\$20,447,000) are available indefinitely for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose.

The Group also has estimated tax losses arising from certain foreign operations other than Hong Kong in an aggregate amount of HK\$62,979,000 (2023: HK\$68,633,000) that will expire in five years to twenty years for offsetting against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as, in the opinion of the directors, they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. 本 集 團 已 估 計 未 確 認 税 項 虧 損 約 81,574,000港元(2023年:89,080,000港 元)。於香港及若干海外業務產生的未確 認税項虧損約18,595,000港元(2023年: 20,447,000港元)可無限期用以抵銷產生 該等虧損的公司之未來應課税溢利。

本集團亦已估計產生自香港以外的若干海 外業務之税項虧損合共為62,979,000港 元(2023年:68,633,000港元),該等税 項虧損將於五年至二十年內到期,乃用於 抵銷產生該等虧損的公司之未來應課税溢 利。

董事認為,由於有關虧損乃產生自已持續 產生虧損一段時間的附屬公司,而有未來 應課税溢利可供用作抵銷税項虧損的可能 性不大,故並無就該等虧損確認遞延税項 資產。

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## 27. DEFERRED TAX (Continued)

At 31 December 2024, no deferred tax has been recognised for withholding taxes that would be payable on the unremitted earnings that are subject to withholding taxes of the Group's subsidiaries established in Mainland China (2023: Nil). In the opinion of the directors, it is not probable that these subsidiaries will distribute such earnings in the foreseeable future. The aggregate amount of temporary differences associated with the investments in subsidiaries in Mainland China for which deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised totalled approximately HK\$50,961,000 at 31 December 2024 (2023: HK\$41,700,000).

There are no income tax consequences attached to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

## **28. SHARE CAPITAL**

27. 遞延税項(續)

於2024年12月31日,概無就在中國內地 成立應繳納預扣税的本集團附屬公司的 未匯付盈餘之應繳預扣税而確認遞延税 項(2023年:無)。董事認為,在可見將 來,該等附屬公司不大可能分派該等盈 餘。於2024年12月31日,尚未確認遞延 税項負債於中國內地附屬公司投資的暫 時差額合共約50,961,000港元(2023年: 41,700,000港元)。

本公司向其股東派付股息概無所得税影 響。

#### 28. 股本

		Number of shares in issue 已發行 股份數目	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: As at 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	法定: 於2023年1月1日、 2023年12月31日、 2024年1月1日及 2024年12月31日	5,000,000,000	50,000
		<b>2024</b> 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
lssued and fully paid: 2,000,000,000 (2023: 2,000,000,000) ordinary shares	已發行及繳足: 2,000,000,000股普 通股(2023年: 2,000,000,000股)	20,000	20,000

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# 28. SHARE CAPITAL (Continued)

A summary of movements in the Company's share capital is as follows:

#### 附註:

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本公司於聯交所購入 10,410,000股(2023年:無)股份,總代價為416,000 港元。於2024年12月31日,本集團有10,410,000股 (2023年:無)購入股份分類為庫存股份。

購股權

有關本公司購股權計劃及根據計劃發行的 購股權詳情載於財務報表附註29。

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		股份數目	<mark>股本</mark> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023, 31 December 2023, 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024	於2023年1月1日、2023年 12月31日、2024年1月 及2024年12月31日		20,000
Treasury shares		庫存股份	
A summary of movements in the Company is as follows:	's treasury shares	本公司庫存股份變動的概要	更如下:
		Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	<b>Amount</b> 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023,	於2023年1月1日、2023年		

 At 1 January 2023,
 於2023年1月1日、2023年

 31 December 2023 and
 12月31日及2024年1月1日

 1 January 2024

 Purchased during the year (note)
 年內購入(附註)

 At 31 December 2024
 於2024年12月31日

#### Note:

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company purchased 10,410,000 (2023: Nil) of its shares on the Stock Exchange at a total consideration of HK\$416,000. As at 31 December 2024, the Group had 10,410,000 (2023: Nil) purchased shares classified as treasury shares.

### **Share options**

Details of the Company's share option scheme and the share options issued under the scheme are included in note 29 to the financial statements.

**28.** 股本*(續)* 

本公司股本變動的概要如下:

Number of shares in issue

已發行

**Share capital** 

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## **29. SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

A share option scheme (the "**Scheme**") was approved and adopted by the Company on 21 February 2020. The purpose of the Scheme is to enable the Company to grant options to selected participants as incentives or rewards for their contribution to the Group. Unless terminated by the Company by resolution in general meeting, the Scheme will remain in force for 10 years from that date.

The Directors may, at their absolute discretion, invite any person belonging to any of the following classes of participants, to take up options to subscribe for the shares of the Company ("Shares") under the Scheme: (a) any employee or proposed employee (whether full-time or part-time and including any executive Director), consultants or advisers of, or, to the Company, any of the subsidiaries or any entity (the "Invested Entity") in which the Company holds an equity interest (collectively, the Company, any of the subsidiaries or the Invested Entity are referred to as the "**Relevant Parties**"); (b) any non-executive Directors (including independent nonexecutive Directors) of, any supplier of goods or services to, any customer of and any person or entity that provides research, development or other technological support to, the Relevant Parties; and (c) any Shareholders or any shareholder of any of its subsidiaries or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by the Relevant Parties. For the purposes of the Scheme, the options may be granted to any company wholly-owned by one or more persons belonging to any of the above classes of participants.

### 29. 購股權計劃

本公司於2020年2月21日批准及採納購股 權計劃(「該計劃」)。該計劃的目的在於 容許本公司向獲挑選的參與者授出購股 權,作為其對本集團作出貢獻的獎勵或回 報。除非本公司於股東大會上以決議案方 式終止,該計劃將自該日期起計10年內 維持有效。

董事可全權酌情邀請屬於下列參與者類別 的任何人士接納購股權,以認購該計劃項 下的本公司股份(「**股份**」):(a)本公司、其 任何附屬公司或本公司於其中擁有股權的 仟何實體(「投資實體」)的仟何僱員或擬 定僱員(不論全職或兼職,包括任何執行 董事)、顧問或諮詢人(本公司、任何附 屬公司或投資實體統稱為「**有關人士**」); 及(b)有關人士的任何非執行董事(包括 獨立非執行董事)、任何貨品或服務供應 商、任何客户及任何向有關人士提供研 究、開發或其他技術支援的任何人士或實 體;及(c)任何股東或其任何附屬公司的 股東或任何投資實體或有關人士發行的任 何證券之任何持有人。就該計劃而言,購 股權可授予屬於上述任何參與者類別的一 名或多名人士全資擁有的任何公司。

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## 29. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The maximum number of Shares to be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. No options may be granted under any schemes of the Company or the subsidiary of the Company if such grant will result in the maximum number being exceeded. The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Scheme and any other schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the Shares in issue (excluding treasury shares) i.e., 200,000,000 as at the date of this annual report). Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Scheme or any other schemes will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the 10% limit.

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted under the Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Group (including both exercised and outstanding options) to each participant in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the Shares then in issue (excluding treasury shares). Any further grant of the Options in excess of this limit is subject to Shareholders' approval in a general meeting. Each grant of option under the Scheme to a Director, chief executive or substantial Shareholder, or to any of their associates, is subject to approval in advance by the independent nonexecutive Directors. In addition, any grant of option under the Scheme to a substantial Shareholder or an independent nonexecutive Director, or to any of their associates, in excess of 0.1% of the Shares in issue (excluding treasury shares) at any time or with an aggregate value (based on the price of the Company's shares at the date of grant) in excess of HK\$5 million, within any 12-month period, is subject to Shareholders' approval in advance in a general meeting.

#### 29. 購股權計劃(續)

根據該計劃及本集團任何其他購股權計劃 授出的所有尚未行使購股權而發行的股份 最高數目合共不得超過本公司不時已發行 股本之30%。倘有關授出將導致超出最 高數目,則不可根據本公司或本公司附屬 公司的任何計劃授出購股權。根據該計劃 及本公司任何其他計劃授出的所有購股權 獲行使而可能發行的股份總數不得超過已 發行股份(庫存股份除外)的10%(於本年 報日期即200,000,000股)。就計算10% 限額而言,根據該計劃或任何其他計劃的 條款而失效之購股權將不會計算在內。

根據該計劃及本集團任何其他購股權計劃 (包括已行使及尚未行使的購股權)授出 的所有購股權獲行使後於任何12個月期 間內向各參與者已發行及將發行的股份總 額不得超過當時已發行股份(庫存股份除 外)的1%。進一步授予任何超過此限額 之購股權須獲得股東於股東大會上批准。 根據該計劃向董事、主要行政人員或主 要股東或其任何聯繫人每次授出購股權均 須待獲得獨立非執行董事事先批准後方 可作實。此外,根據該計劃於任何12個 月期間向主要股東或獨立非執行董事或其 任何聯繫人授出超過於任何時候的已發行 股份(庫存股份除外)的0.1%或總價值(基 於本公司股份於授出日期的價格)超過 5,000,000港元之任何購股權均須獲得股 東於股東大會事先批准後方可作實。

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## 29. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

An option may be accepted by a participant within 28 days from the date of the grant of the option. The Directors may, at their absolute discretion, fix any minimum period for which an option must be held, any performance targets that must be achieved and any other conditions that must be fulfilled before the options can be exercised upon the grant of an option to a participant.

The subscription price of a Share in respect of any option granted under the Scheme, subject to any adjustments made in accordance with the Scheme, shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, provided that such price shall not be less than the highest of (i) the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five business days (as defined in the Listing Rules) immediately preceding the date of grant of the option (which must be a business day (as defined in the Listing Rules)); (ii) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the option (which must be a business day (as defined in the Listing Rules)); and (iii) the nominal value of the Shares. A consideration of HK\$1.00 is payable on acceptance of the offer of the grant of an option.

There are no cash settlement alternatives. The Group does not have a past practice of cash settlement for these share options. The Group accounts for the Scheme as an equitysettled plan.

Share options do not confer rights on the holders to dividends or to vote at shareholders' meetings.

#### 29. 購股權計劃(續)

參與者可自授出購股權當日起計28日內 接納購股權。董事向參與者授出購股權時 可全權酌情釐定必須持有購股權的最短期 間、任何必須達致的表現目標及於購股權 可予行使前必須達成的任何其他條件。

根據該計劃授出的任何購股權相關股份的 認購價須由董事會全權酌情釐定(可根據 該計劃作出任何調整),惟該價格不得低 於下列各項的最高者:(i)股份於緊接授出 購股權日期(必須為營業日(定義見上市 規則))前五個營業日在聯交所每日報價 表所示的平均收市價:(ii)股份於授出購 股權日期(必須為營業日(定義見上市規 則))在聯交所每日報價表所示收市價; 及(iii)股份的面值。接納授出購股權要約 時須支付代價1.00港元。

並無現金結算替代方案。本集團過往並無 就該等購股權進行現金結算的慣例。本集 團將該計劃視為一項股權結算計劃。

購股權不賦予持有人獲派股息或於股東大 會上投票的權利。

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# 29. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

The following share options were outstanding under the Scheme during the year:

## 29. 購股權計劃(續)

2024

2024年

以下為於該計劃項下年內尚未行使的購股 權:

0000

		2024		202	23
		<b>2024</b> 年		2023年	
		Weighted		Weighted	
		average	Number of	average	Number of
		exercise price	options	exercise price	options
		加權平均行使價	購股權數目	加權平均行使價	購股權數目
		HK\$ per share	' 000	HK\$ per share	000 (
		每股港元	千份	每股港元	千份
At 1 January	於1月1日	0.057	2,000	0.057	2,000
Granted during the year	於年內授出	-	-	-	-
At 31 December	於12月31日	0.057	2,000	0.057	2,000

No share options were exercised during the years of 2024 and 2023.

The exercise prices and exercise periods of the share options outstanding as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

2024年及2023年內概無購股權獲行使。

於報告期末尚未行使的購股權行使價及行 使期如下:

## 2024

Number of options 購股權數目 ′000 千份	Exercise price* 行使價* HK\$ per share 每股港元	<b>Exercise period</b> 行使期
1,000	0.057	31-12-21 to 14-9-25 31-12-21至14-9-25
1,000	0.057	31-12-23 to 14-9-25 31-12-23至14-9-25
2,000		

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2023		<b>2023</b> 年	
	Number of options 購股權數目 ′000 千份	Exercise price* 行使價* HK\$ per share 每股港元	Exercise period 行使期
	1,000	0.057	31-12-21 to 14-9-25
			31-12-21至14-9-25
	1,000	0.057	31-12-23 to 14-9-25
			31-12-23至14-9-25
	2,000		

## 29. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

# The exercise price of the share options is subject to adjustment in the case of rights or bonus issues, or other similar changes in the Company's share capital.

The fair value of the share options granted during the year of 2020 was HK\$50,000 (HK\$0.025 each) of which no share option expense was recognised by the Group (2023: HK\$8,000) during the year ended 31 December 2024.

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted during the year of 2020 was estimated as at the date of grant using a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used: 6 倘出現供股或紅股發行或本公司股本出現其他 類似變動,則購股權的行使價須予調整。

29. 購股權計劃(續)

於 2020 年 度 授 出 購 股 權 的 公 平 值 為 50,000港元(每份0.025港元),其中本集 團於截至2024年12月31日止年度並無確 認購股權開支(2023年:8,000港元)。

於2020年度已授出的股本結算購股權的 公平值乃於授出日期使用二項期權定價模 式,並經考慮授出購股權的條款及條件後 估算。下表載列該模式所使用的輸入值:

~~~~

|                                  |            | 2020<br>2020年 |
|----------------------------------|------------|---------------|
| Spot price (HK\$)                | 現貨價(港元)    | 0.055         |
| Exercise price (HK\$)            | 行使價(港元)    | 0.057         |
| Dividend yield (%)               | 股息回報(%)    | -             |
| Expected volatility (%)          | 預期波幅(%)    | 56.65         |
| Risk-free interest rate (%)      | 無風險利率(%)   | 0.18          |
| Exercise multiple                | 行使倍數       | 2.8           |
| Expected life of options (years) | 購股權預計年期(年) | 5             |

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# 29. SHARE OPTION SCHEME (Continued)

No other feature of the options granted was incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

At the end of the reporting period, the Company had 2,000,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme. The exercise in full of the outstanding share options would, under the present capital structure of the Company, result in the issue of 2,000,000 additional ordinary shares of the Company and additional share capital of HK\$20,000 (before issue expenses).

At the date of approval of these financial statements, the Company had 2,000,000 share options outstanding under the Scheme, which represented approximately 0.1% of the Company's shares (excluding treasury shares) in issue as at that date.

#### **30. RESERVES**

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on page 62 of the financial statements.

#### (a) Merger reserve

The merger reserve represents the aggregate of the paidup share capital of the subsidiaries now comprising the Group attributable to the Controlling Shareholders prior to the Reorganisation.

The balance of the merger reserve at 31 December 2024 and 2023 mainly represented the deemed distribution to the Controlling Shareholders by issuance of the Company's shares pursuant to the Reorganisation.

### (b) Exchange fluctuation reserve

The exchange fluctuation reserve comprises all relevant exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

#### (c) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares issued and the consideration paid for the Reorganisation.

#### 29. 購股權計劃(續)

計量公平值時並無計及已授出購股權的其 他特性。

於報告期末,本公司根據該計劃有 2,000,000份未行使購股權。根據本公司 現時資本架構,悉數行使尚未行使的購股 權將導致增發2,000,000股額外本公司普 通股及產生20,000港元的額外股本(扣除 發行開支前)。

於該等財務報表批准日期,本公司根據 該計劃共有2,000,000份未行使購股權, 佔該日期本公司已發行股份(庫存股份除 外)約0.1%。

#### 30. 儲備

本集團於本年度及過往年度的儲備及其變動金額於財務報表第62頁的綜合權益變動表呈列。

(a) 合併儲備

合併儲備指於重組前控股股東應佔現 時組成本集團的附屬公司之繳足股本 總額。

於2024年及2023年12月31日的合併 儲備結餘主要指根據重組透過發行本 公司股份視作向控股股東的分派。

(b) 外匯波動儲備

外匯波動儲備包括換算海外業務財務 報表而產生的所有相關匯兑差額。

(c) 股份溢價

股份溢價指就重組而言已發行股份的 面值與已付代價之間的差額。

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# 31. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH 31. 綜合現金流量表附註 FLOWS

(a) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

(a) 融資活動產生的負債變動

|                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                           | Interest-<br>bearing bank<br>borrowings<br>計息銀行借款<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Lease<br>liabilities<br>租賃負債<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|
| At 1 January 2023<br>Changes from financing cash flows<br>Bank overdrafts<br>New leases<br>Lease modification<br>Foreign exchange movement<br>Interest expense                                                      | 於2023年1月1日<br>融資現金流量變動<br>銀行透支<br>新租賃<br>租賃修訂<br>匯兑變動<br>利息開支                             | 20,882<br>(1,858)<br>4,091<br>–<br>–<br>–                            | 30,188<br>(12,026)<br>–<br>6,991<br>736<br>(824)<br>1,818          |
| Interest paid classified as<br>financing cash flows                                                                                                                                                                 | 分類為融資現金流量的<br>已付利息                                                                        | _                                                                    | (1,818)                                                            |
| At 31 December 2023 and<br>1 January 2024<br>Changes from financing cash flows<br>New leases<br>Termination<br>Foreign exchange movement<br>Interest expense<br>Interest paid classified as<br>financing cash flows | 於2023年12月31日及<br>2024年1月1日<br>融資現金流量變動<br>新租賃<br>終止<br>匯兑變動<br>利息開支<br>分類為融資現金流量的<br>已付利息 | 23,115<br>(16,802)<br>-<br>-<br>(67)<br>-                            | 25,065<br>(12,439)<br>49,991<br>(2,005)<br>814<br>1,743<br>(1,743) |
| At 31 December 2024                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 於2024年12月31日                                                                              | 6,246                                                                | 61,426                                                             |

#### (b) Major non-cash transactions

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group had non-cash additions to right of use assets and lease liabilities of HK\$49,991,000 (2023: HK\$7,940,000) and HK\$49,991,000 (2023: HK\$6,991,000), respectively, in respect of lease arrangements for property. (b) 主要非現金交易

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本集 團就物業租賃安排的使用權資產及租 賃負債分別有49,991,000港元(2023 年:7,940,000港元)及49,991,000港 元(2023年:6,991,000港元)的非現金 添置。

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# **31. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH** 31. 綜合現金流量表附註(續) FLOWS (Continued)

| (c) Total cash outflow for leases                 | (c) 租賃的現金流出總額    |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| The total cash outflow for leases included in the | 計入現金流量表的租賃現金流出總額 |
| statement of cash flows is as follows:            | 如下:              |

| 5 IS as 10110WS. |               |          |
|------------------|---------------|----------|
|                  | 2024          | 2023     |
|                  | <b>2024</b> 年 | 2023年    |
|                  | НК\$'000      | HK\$'000 |
|                  | 千港元           | 千港元      |

|                                                            |                  | 十港元           | 十港元           |
|------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Within operating activities<br>Within financing activities | 計入經營活動<br>計入融資活動 | 930<br>14,182 | 969<br>13,844 |
| Total                                                      | 總計               | 15,112        | 14,813        |

# **32. PLEDGE OF ASSETS**

Details of the Group's assets pledged for the Group's bank loans are included in note 26 to the financial statements.

# **33. COMMITMENTS**

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following contractual commitments:

# 32. 資產抵押

為取得本集團銀行貸款而抵押的本集團資 產詳情載於財務報表附註26。

# 33.承擔

於報告期末,本集團有以下合約承擔:

|                     |       | <b>2024</b><br>2024年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2023<br>2023年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---------------------|-------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Plant and machinery | 廠房及機器 | 13,164                                  | 1,947                            |
| Total               | 總計    | 13,164                                  | 1,947                            |

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## **34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

(a) The Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

#### **34.** 關聯方交易

(a) 本集團於年內有以下與關聯方交易:

|                                                       |                       | Note<br>附註  | 2024<br>2024年<br>HK\$′000<br>千港元 | 2023<br>2023年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Associate:<br>Sales of products<br>Commission expense | 聯營公司:<br>銷售產品<br>佣金開支 | (i)<br>(ii) | 2,811<br>5,100                   | 1,402<br>2,676                   |

Notes:

- The sales to the associate were made according to the published prices and conditions offered to the major customers of the Group, except that a longer credit period of up to six months is normally granted.
- (ii) The commission expense arose from the sale of products of a subsidiary arranged by the associate, which in return received a commission based on 3% to 5% of the transaction value.

# (b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group

Further details of directors' and the chief executive's emoluments are included in note 9 to the financial statements.

附註:

- (i) 向聯營公司的銷售乃根據向本集團主要客戶提供的公佈價格及條件進行,惟一般授予最多六個月的較長信貸期除外。
- (ii) 佣金開支產生自聯營公司安排的附屬公司
   產品銷售,作為回報,按交易額的3%至
   5%收取佣金。
- (b) 本集團主要管理人員酬金

董事及主要行政人員酬金的進一步詳 情載於財務報表附註9。

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# **35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY**

# 35. 按類別劃分的金融工具

|                                                                             | Financial                                                                           | Financial                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                             | asset at                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Tota                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                                                             | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                               | TOLA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 總言                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               | HK'00(                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                             | 千港元                                                                                 | 千港元                                                                                                                                                                                                           | 千港元                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 2024年                                                                       |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             | _                                                                                   | 57,562                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 57,56                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 資產                                                                          | _                                                                                   | 17,653                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 17,65                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 按公平值計入損益的                                                                   |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             | 6,067                                                                               | _                                                                                                                                                                                                             | 6,06                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 已抵押存款                                                                       | -                                                                                   | 4,306                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 4,30                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 現金及現金等價物                                                                    | -                                                                                   | 68,519                                                                                                                                                                                                        | 68,51                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 總計                                                                          | 6,067                                                                               | 148,040                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 154,10                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                                                                             | Financial                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             | asset at                                                                            | Eta a secola l                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             |                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             |                                                                                     | Financial                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             | fair value                                                                          | assets at                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             | fair value<br>through                                                               | assets at<br>amortised                                                                                                                                                                                        | Tota                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                                                             | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss                                             | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost                                                                                                                                                                                | Tota                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                                                             | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值                                     | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本                                                                                                                                                                       | Tota                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                                                             | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的                            | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                                                                             | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產                    | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產                                                                                                                                                        | 總言                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                                                                             | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的                            | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的                                                                                                                                                                | 總言<br>HK'00                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 2023年                                                                       | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000        | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000                                                                                                                                            | 總言<br>HK'00                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>2023</b> 年<br>金融資產                                                       | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000        | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000                                                                                                                                            | 總言<br>HK'00                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                                                                             | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000        | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000                                                                                                                                            | 總言<br>HK'00<br>千港 <i>ī</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 金融資產                                                                        | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000        | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元                                                                                                                                     | 總言<br>HK'00<br>千港 <i>ī</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| <b>金融資產</b><br>貿易應收款項                                                       | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000        | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元                                                                                                                                     | 總言<br>HK'00<br>千港テ                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| <b>金融資產</b><br>貿易應收款項<br>計入預付款項、按金及                                         | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000        | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元                                                                                                                                     | 總言<br>HK'00<br>千港疗<br>44,91                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>金融資產</b><br>貿易應收款項<br>計入預付款項、按金及<br>其他應收款項的金融                            | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000        | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元<br>44,912                                                                                                                           | 總言<br>HK'00<br>千港疗<br>44,91                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| <b>金融資產</b><br>貿易應收款項<br>計入預付款項、按金及<br>其他應收款項的金融<br>資產                      | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000        | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元<br>44,912                                                                                                                           | 總言<br>HK'00<br>千港疗<br>44,91<br>14,90                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| <b>金融資產</b><br>貿易應收款項<br>計入預付款項、按金及<br>其他應收款項的金融<br>資產<br>按公平值計入損益的         | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元<br>44,912                                                                                                                           | 總言<br>HK'00<br>千港疗<br>44,91<br>14,90<br>5,94                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <b>金融資產</b><br>貿易應收款項<br>計入預付款項、按金及<br>其他應收款項的金融<br>資產<br>按公平值計入損益的<br>金融資產 | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>干港元<br>44,912<br>14,905                                                                                                                 | Tota<br>總計<br>HK'000<br>千港元<br>44,911<br>14,901<br>5,944<br>14,571<br>34,155                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                                                             | 按公平值計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>已抵押存款<br>現金及現金等價物                                              | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>度公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>日K\$*000<br>干港元2024年<br>金融資產<br>貿易應收款項<br>計入預付款項、按金及<br>資產<br>方效平值計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>已抵押存款<br>現金及現金等價物-總計6,067<br>1總計6,067<br>1總計6,067<br>1 | fair value<br>through<br>profit or loss<br>按公平值<br>計入損益的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>干港元assets at<br>amortised<br>cost<br>按攤銷成本<br>計量的<br>金融資產<br>HK\$'000<br>干港元2024年<br>金融資產<br>貿易應收款項<br>計入預付款項、按金及<br>其他應收款項的金融<br>資產<br>在融資產<br>自我的<br>金融資產<br>見並押存款<br>現金及現金等價物-57,562總計6,067-總計6,067-總計6,067- |

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# **35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY** (Continued)

35. 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

|                                                           |                       | Financial liabilities<br>at amortised cost<br>按攤銷成本計量的金融負債 |                                  |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
|                                                           |                       | <b>2024</b><br>2024年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元                    | 2023<br>2023年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |  |
| Financial liabilities                                     | 金融負債                  |                                                            | 57.000                           |  |
| Trade payables<br>Financial liabilities included in other | 貿易應付款項<br>計入其他應付款項及應計 | 64,233                                                     | 57,323                           |  |
| payables and accruals                                     | 費用的金融負債               | 6,997                                                      | 6,358                            |  |
| Interest-bearing bank borrowings                          | 計息銀行借款                | 6,246                                                      | 23,115                           |  |
| Lease liabilities                                         | 租賃負債                  | 61,426                                                     | 25,065                           |  |
| Total                                                     | 總計                    | 138,902                                                    | 111,861                          |  |

# 36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF 36. 金融工具的公平值及公平值層級 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amount and fair value of the Group's financial instrument, other than those with carrying amounts that reasonably approximate to fair values, are as follows:

本集團金融工具的賬面值及公平值(賬面 值與公平值合理相若者除外)如下:

As at 31 December 2024

於2024年12月31日

|                                                                                   |                                  | Carrying<br>amount<br>賬面值<br>HK\$′000<br>千港元 | Fair value<br>公平值<br>HK\$′000<br>千港元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <b>Financial asset</b><br>Financial asset at fair value through profit or<br>loss | <b>金融資產</b><br>按公平值計入損益的金融<br>資產 | 6,067                                        | 6,067                                |
| As at 31 December 2023                                                            | 於 <b>202</b>                     | 2 <b>3年12月31</b> 日                           |                                      |
|                                                                                   |                                  | Carrying<br>amount<br>賬面值<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Fair value<br>公平值<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
| <b>Financial asset</b><br>Financial asset at fair value through profit or<br>loss | <b>金融資產</b><br>按公平值計入損益的金融<br>資產 | 5,940                                        | 5,940                                |

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# **36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF 36.** 金融工具的公平值及公平值層級(續) **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (Continued)

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, the pledged deposits, trade receivables, financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables, trade payables, financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals and current portion of lease liabilities approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department headed by the finance manager is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. The finance manager reports directly to the chief financial officer and the audit committee. At each reporting date, the finance department analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer. The valuation process and results are discussed with the audit committee twice a year for interim and annual financial reporting.

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

The fair values of non-current deposits and other payables, lease liabilities and interest-bearing bank borrowings have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities, and were assessed to approximate to their carrying amounts. The Group's own non-performance risk for interest-bearing bank borrowings as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 was assessed to be insignificant.

The fair value of a key management insurance contract classified as a financial asset at fair value through profit or loss is based on the account value less surrender charge, quoted by the vendor. The directors believe that the estimated fair value resulting from the valuation technique, which is recorded in the consolidated statement of financial position, and the related change in fair value, which is recorded in profit or loss, is reasonable, and that they were the most appropriate values at the end of the reporting period. 據管理層評估,現金及現金等價物、已抵 押存款、貿易應收款項、計入預付款項、 按金及其他應收款項的金融資產、貿易應 付款項、計入其他應付款項及應計費用的 金融負債及租賃負債的流動部份之公平值 與其賬面值相若,乃主要由於該等工具到 期日較短所致。

本集團以財務經理為首的財政部門負責釐 定金融工具之公平值計量的政策及程序。 財務經理直接向財務總監及審核委員會報 告。於各報告日期,財務部門分析金融工 具價值的變動並釐定估值所用的主要輸入 值。估值由財務總監審閱及批准,並與審 核委員會每年兩次就中期及年度財務報告 的估值過程及結果進行討論。

金融資產及負債的公平值按自願雙方(強 迫或清盤出售除外)在當前交易下的可交 換該工具的金額入賬。下列方法及假設用 於估計公平值:

非流動存款及其他應付款項、租賃負債及 計息銀行借款的公平值乃按使用有類似條 款、信貸風險及餘下到期日的工具目前可 得的利率折讓預期未來現金流量計算,並 評估為與其賬面值相若。本集團於2024 年及2023年12月31日的計息銀行借款不 履約風險被評定為不重大。

分類為按公平值計入損益之金融資產的主 要管理人員保險合約之公平值乃基於賬戶 價值減退保費用(由供應商報價)計量。 董事相信,以估值技術得出之估計公平值 (計入綜合財務狀況表)及公平值之相關 變動(計入損益)均為合理,並為於報告 期末之時最合適價值。

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# 36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF 36. 金融工具的公平值及公平值層級(續) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Set out below is a summary of significant unobservable inputs to the valuation of financial instruments together with a quantitative sensitivity analysis as at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

下表載列金融工具估值於2024年及2023 年12月31日之重大不可觀察輸入值連同 定量敏感度分析概要:

|                                                                                                                                                           | Valuation Significant<br>technique unobservable input Value |                          | Value                                                                               | Sensitivity of fair<br>value to the input<br>公平值對輸入值                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                                                                                           | 估值技術                                                        | 重大不可觀察輸入值                | 數值                                                                                  | 之敏感度                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| Key management<br>insurance contract<br>classified as a financial<br>asset at fair value<br>through profit or loss<br>分類為按公平值計入損益之<br>金融資產的主要管理人員<br>保險合約 | N/A<br>不適用                                                  | Account values<br>賬戶價值   | HK\$7,041,000<br>7,041,000港元<br>(2023:<br>HK\$6,949,000)<br>(2023年:<br>6,949,000港元) | 5% (2023: 5%)<br>increase<br>(decrease) in<br>account values<br>would result<br>in increase<br>(decrease) in<br>fair value by<br>HK\$352,000<br>(2023:<br>HK\$347,000)<br>賬戶價值上升(下降)<br>5%(2023年: 5%)<br>將導致公平值上<br>升(下降)352,000<br>港元(2023年:<br>347,000港元) |
|                                                                                                                                                           |                                                             | Surrender charge<br>退保費用 | HK\$974,000<br>974,000港元<br>(2023:<br>HK\$1,009,000)<br>(2023年:<br>1,009,000港元)     | 5% (2023: 5%)<br>increase<br>(decrease) in<br>surrender charge<br>would result<br>in increase<br>(decrease) in<br>fair value by<br>HK\$49,000<br>(2023:<br>HK\$50,000)<br>退保費用上升(下降)<br>5%(2023年:5%)<br>將導致公平值上升<br>(下降)49,000港元<br>(2023年:50,000<br>港元)    |

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# **36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF 36.** 金融工具的公平值及公平值層級(續) **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS** (*Continued*)

### Fair value hierarchy

The following tables illustrate the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's financial instruments:

#### Asset measured at fair value:

#### As at 31 December 2024

# 公平值層級

下表闡述本集團金融工具之公平值計量層 級:

# 按公平值計量之資產:

### 於2024年12月31日

|                                                      |                   | Fair value measurement using<br>計量公平值時使用                                                          |                                                                                              |                                                                                                 |                                |
|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|                                                      |                   | Quoted<br>prices in<br>active<br>markets<br>於活躍市場<br>之報價<br>(Level 1)<br>(第1級)<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Significant<br>observable<br>inputs<br>重大可觀察<br>輸入值<br>(Level 2)<br>(第2級)<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Significant<br>unobservable<br>inputs<br>重大不可觀察<br>輸入值<br>(Level 3)<br>(第3級)<br>HK\$'000<br>干港元 | Total<br>總計<br>HK\$′000<br>千港元 |
| Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss | 按公平值計入損益的<br>金融資產 | -                                                                                                 | -                                                                                            | 6,067                                                                                           | 6,067                          |

#### As at 31 December 2023

### 於2023年12月31日

|                                                                        |                                                                                | Fair value measurement using<br>計量公平值時使用                                  |                                                                              |                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
|                                                                        | Quoted<br>prices in<br>active<br>markets<br>於活躍市場<br>之報價<br>(Level 1)<br>(第1級) | Significant<br>observable<br>inputs<br>重大可觀察<br>輸入值<br>(Level 2)<br>(第2級) | Significant<br>unobservable<br>inputs<br>重大不可觀察<br>輸入值<br>(Level 3)<br>(第3級) | Total<br>總計     |
|                                                                        | HK\$'000<br>千港元                                                                | HK\$'000<br>千港元                                                           | HK\$'000<br>千港元                                                              | HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
| Financial asset at fair value 按公平值計入損益的<br>through profit or loss 金融資產 | -                                                                              | _                                                                         | 5,940                                                                        | 5,940           |

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#### 36. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF 36. 金融工具的公平值及公平值層級(續) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

公平值層級(續)

The movement in fair value measurement within Level 3 during the year are as follows:

|                                                             |                     | <b>2024</b><br>2024年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2023<br>2023年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| At 1 January<br>Total gains recognised in profit or<br>loss | 於1月1日<br>於損益確認的收益總額 | 5,940<br>127                            | 5,803<br>137                     |
| At 31 December                                              | 於12月31日             | 6,067                                   | 5,940                            |

The Group did not have any financial liabilities measured at fair value as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 for both financial assets and financial liabilities (2023: Nil).

## **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND** POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposits, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, trade payables, other payables and accruals, interest-bearing bank borrowings and lease liabilities.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

於2024年及2023年12月31日,本集團並 無仟何按公平值計量的金融負債。

年內,第3級內的公平值計量變動如下:

年內,金融資產及金融負債第1級與第2 級的公平值計量之間並無轉移,第3級亦 無轉入或轉出(2023年:無)。

## 37. 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團主要的金融工具包括現金及現金等 價物、已抵押存款、貿易應收款項、按金 及其他應收款項、貿易應付款項、其他應 付款項及應計費用、計息銀行借款及租賃 負債。

產生自本集團金融工具的主要風險為外幣 風險、利率風險、信貸風險及流動資金風 險。董事會審閱及協定有關管理各項風險 的政策,概述如下。

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# **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND 37.** 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) **POLICIES** (*Continued*)

#### Foreign currency risk

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from sales or purchases by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currencies.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity at the end of the reporting period to a reasonably possible change in the Hong Kong dollar exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit/(loss) before tax (arising from Renminbi denominated financial instruments) and the Group's equity. 外幣風險

本集團面臨交易貨幣風險。該等風險來自 營運單位使用單位功能貨幣以外的貨幣所 進行之銷售或採購。

下表説明於報告期末在所有其他可變因 素維持不變的情況下,本集團的除税前溢 利/(虧損)(衍生自以人民幣計值的金融 工具)及本集團的權益對港元匯率合理可 能變動的敏感度。

|                                                                                                                        | in exchange<br>rate  I<br>匯率上升/  [ | Increase/<br>(decrease) Increase/<br>in profit (decrease)<br>before tax in equity*<br>除税前溢利 權益增加/<br>加/(減少) (減少)*<br>HK\$'000 HK\$'000<br>干港元 千港元 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| As at 31 December 2024 於2024年12月<br>If Renminbi weakens against HK\$ 倘人民幣兑港<br>If Renminbi strengthens against<br>HK\$ | 元貶值 <b>5</b>                       | (2,052) –<br>2,052 –                                                                                                                              |
|                                                                                                                        | 匯率上升/                              | Decrease/<br>(increase) Increase/<br>in loss (decrease)<br>before tax in equity*<br>除税前虧損 權益增加/<br>少/(增加) (減少)*<br>HK\$'000 HK\$'000<br>干港元 千港元   |
| As at 31 December 2023 於2023年12月<br>If Renminbi weakens against HK\$ 倘人民幣兑港<br>If Renminbi strengthens against HK\$    | 元貶值 5                              | (1,961) –<br>1,961 _                                                                                                                              |

\* Excluding retained profits

不包括保留溢利

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# **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND 37.** 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) **POLICIES** (*Continued*)

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank borrowings with floating interest rates. The interest rates and terms of repayment of the Group's borrowings are disclosed in note 26 to the financial statements. The Group's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available for its borrowings. Management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposures should the need arise.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates at the end of the reporting period, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit/(loss) before tax (through the impact on floating rate borrowings).

## 利率風險

本集團面臨的市場利率變動風險主要與 本集團的浮息銀行借款有關。本集團借 款的利率及償還條款於財務報表附註26 披露。本集團的政策乃為其借款爭取最 優惠利率。管理層監控利率風險,並於 有需要時將考慮對沖重大的利率風險。

下表説明於報告期末在所有其他可變因 素維持不變的情況下,本集團的除税前 溢利/(虧損)(透過對浮息借款的影響) 對利率合理可能變動的敏感度。

Increase/

|                                            |                       | Increase/<br>(decrease) in<br>basis points<br>基點上升/<br>(下降) | Increase/<br>(decrease)<br>in profit<br>before tax<br>除税前溢利<br>增加/(減少)<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| As at 31 December 2024                     | 於 <b>2024年12月31</b> 日 |                                                             |                                                                                           |
| Hong Kong dollar                           | 港元                    | 100                                                         | (62)                                                                                      |
| Hong Kong dollar                           | 港元                    | (100)                                                       | 62                                                                                        |
|                                            |                       | Increase/<br>(decrease) in<br>basis points<br>基點上升/<br>(下降) | Decrease/<br>(increase)<br>in loss<br>before tax<br>除税前虧損<br>減少/(增加)<br>HK\$'000<br>干港元   |
|                                            | 於 <b>2023年12月31</b> 日 |                                                             |                                                                                           |
| As at 31 December 2023<br>Hong Kong dollar | 港元港元                  | 100                                                         | (231)                                                                                     |

The change in interest rates at the end of the reporting period, with all other variables held constant, had no impact on the Group's equity excluding retained profits for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

報告期末的利率變動(在所有其他可變因 素維持不變的情況下)對本集團截至2024 年及2023年12月31日止年度的權益(不 包括保留溢利)概無影響。

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# **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND 37.** 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) **POLICIES** (*Continued*)

### **Credit risk**

The Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties. It is the Group's policy that only well-established customers will be considered for open account terms and the approval of credit terms is subject to stringent credit check procedures. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis and the Group's exposure to bad debts is not significant.

#### Maximum exposure and year-end staging

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

# 信貸風險

本集團僅與受認可及信譽良好的第三方交 易。本集團的政策為僅對歷史悠久的客戶 考慮賒賬條款且信貸期的批准須遵守嚴格 信貸檢查程序。此外,本集團持續監控應 收結餘,而本集團的壞賬風險並不重大。

# 最大風險及年末階段

下表載列於12月31日基於本集團信貸政 策(主要根據逾期資料制定,除非其他資 料毋須付出不必要成本或努力即可獲得) 的信貸質素及最大信貸風險敞口以及年末 階段分類。所列金額為金融資產之賬面總 值。

|                                                                                  |                                  | <b>12-month</b><br>ECLs<br>12個月<br>預期信貸虧損 |                                           | .ifetime ECLs<br>期預期信貸虧損                  |                                                   |                                              |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
|                                                                                  |                                  | <b>Stage 1</b><br>第1階段<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | <b>Stage 2</b><br>第2階段<br>HK\$′000<br>千港元 | <b>Stage 3</b><br>第3階段<br>HK\$′000<br>千港元 | Simplified<br>approach<br>簡化方式<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | <b>Total</b><br>總計<br><b>HK\$′000</b><br>千港元 |
| As at 31 December 2024<br>Trade receivables*                                     | 於 <b>2024年12月31</b> 日<br>貿易應收款項* | -                                         | -                                         | -                                         | 60,134                                            | 60,134                                       |
| Financial assets included in<br>prepayments, deposits and<br>other receivables** | 計入預付款項、按金及<br>其他應收款項的<br>金融資產**  | 17,653                                    | _                                         | _                                         | _                                                 | 17,653                                       |
| Pledged deposits<br>– Not yet past due                                           | 已抵押存款<br>一未逾期                    | 4,306                                     | -                                         | -                                         | -                                                 | 4,306                                        |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>- Not yet past due                                  | 現金及現金等價物<br>一未逾期                 | 68,519                                    | -                                         | -                                         | -                                                 | 68,519                                       |
| Total                                                                            | 總計                               | 90,478                                    | -                                         | -                                         | 60,134                                            | 150,612                                      |

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# **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND 37.** 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) **POLICIES** (*Continued*)

### Credit risk (Continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging (Continued)

# ) 最大風險及年末階段(續) 12-month

信貸風險(續)

|                                                                                 |                                  | ECLs                               | l                                  | ifetime ECLs                       |                                                   |                                |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|                                                                                 |                                  | 12個月<br>預期信貸虧損                     | 全                                  | 期預期信貸虧損                            | Cimplified                                        |                                |
|                                                                                 |                                  | Stage 1<br>第1階段<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Stage 2<br>第2階段<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Stage 3<br>第3階段<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Simplified<br>approach<br>簡化方式<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Total<br>總計<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
| As at 31 December 2023                                                          | 於 <b>2023</b> 年12月31日            |                                    |                                    |                                    |                                                   |                                |
| Trade receivables*<br>Financial assets included in<br>prepayments, deposits and | 貿易應收款項*<br>計入預付款項、按金及<br>其他應收款項的 | -                                  | -                                  | -                                  | 45,566                                            | 45,566                         |
| other receivables**                                                             | 金融資產**                           | 14,905                             | -                                  | -                                  | -                                                 | 14,905                         |
| Pledged deposits<br>- Not yet past due                                          | 已抵押存款<br>一未逾期                    | 14,575                             | -                                  | -                                  | -                                                 | 14,575                         |
| Cash and cash equivalents<br>– Not yet past due                                 | 現金及現金等價物<br>一未逾期                 | 34,158                             | -                                  | -                                  | -                                                 | 34,158                         |
| Total                                                                           | 總計                               | 63,638                             | -                                  | -                                  | 45,566                                            | 109,204                        |

\* For trade receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 21 to the financial statements.

- \*\* The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, deposits and other receivables is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due or there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.
- \* 就本集團應用簡化方式進行減值的貿易應收款 項而言,基於撥備矩陣的資料於財務報表附註 21披露。
- \*\* 計入預付款項、按金及其他應收款項的金融資 產之信貸質素於未逾期或並無資料表明該等金 融資產自初步確認起信貸風險顯著增加時被視 為「正常」。

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# **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND 37.** 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) **POLICIES** (*Continued*)

### Credit risk concentration

Since the Group trades only with recognised and creditworthy third parties, there is no requirement for collateral. The Group had certain concentrations of credit risk as the trade receivables in terms of the following percentages were due from the Group's largest external customer and the Group's five largest external customers out of the Group's total trade receivables:

### 信貸風險集中

由於本集團僅與受認可及信譽良好的第三 方交易,故無需作抵押。本集團有若干信 貸集中風險,乃由於以下貿易應收款項佔 本集團貿易應收款項總額的百分比乃由本 集團最大外部客戶及本集團五大外部客戶 結欠:

|                                                                                                 |                                  | 2024<br>2024年<br>% | 2023<br>2023年<br>% |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Due from the Group's largest external<br>customer<br>Due from the Group's five largest external | 應收本集團最大外部客戶<br>款項<br>應收本集團五大外部客戶 | 8                  | 6                  |
| customers                                                                                       | 款項                               | 20                 | 19                 |

### Liquidity risk

The Group monitors its risk to a shortage of funds using a recurring liquidity planning tool. This tool considers the maturity of both its financial instruments and financial assets and projected cash flows from operations.

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of bank borrowings and funds generated from operations. 流動資金風險

本集團使用經常性流動資金規劃工具監控 其資金短缺風險。該工具計及其金融工具 及金融資產兩者的到期日以及預測經營所 得現金流量。

本集團的目標為透過使用銀行借款及營運 所得資金,在資金之可持續性及靈活度之 間取得平衡。

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# **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND 37.** 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) **POLICIES** (*Continued*)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

The maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period, based on the contractual and undiscounted payments, is as follows: 流動資金風險(續)

本集團於報告期末基於合約及未貼現付 款的金融負債到期狀況如下:

|                                                               |                        | <b>On demand</b><br>按要求<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 3 months |       | <b>1 to 5 years</b><br>1至5年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | <b>More than</b><br>5 years<br>5年以上<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | <b>Total</b><br>總計<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------|-------|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| As at 31 December 2024                                        | 於 <b>2024</b> 年12月31日  |                                            |          |       |                                                |                                                        |                                       |
| Trade payables                                                | 貿易應付款項                 | -                                          | 64,233   | -     | -                                              | -                                                      | 64,233                                |
| Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals | 計入其他應付款項及<br>應計費用的金融負債 | _                                          | 6,997    | _     | _                                              | _                                                      | 6,997                                 |
| Interest-bearing bank                                         | 計息銀行借款                 |                                            | 0,001    |       |                                                |                                                        | 0,001                                 |
| borrowings                                                    |                        | 3,459                                      | 2,864    | -     | -                                              | -                                                      | 6,323                                 |
| Lease liabilities                                             | 租賃負債                   | -                                          | 3,158    | 9,116 | 28,169                                         | 46,641                                                 | 87,084                                |
| Total                                                         | 總計                     | 3,459                                      | 77,252   | 9,116 | 28,169                                         | 46,641                                                 | 164,637                               |
| As at 31 December 2023                                        | 於 <b>2023年12月31</b> 日  |                                            |          |       |                                                |                                                        |                                       |
| Trade payables                                                | 貿易應付款項                 | -                                          | 57,323   | -     | -                                              | -                                                      | 57,323                                |
| Financial liabilities included in                             | 計入其他應付款項及              |                                            |          |       |                                                |                                                        |                                       |
| other payables and accruals                                   |                        | 16                                         | 6,342    | -     | -                                              | -                                                      | 6,358                                 |
| Interest-bearing bank<br>borrowings                           | 計息銀行借款                 | 20,876                                     | 454      | 1,363 | 1,363                                          | _                                                      | 24,056                                |
| Lease liabilities                                             | 租賃負債                   | -                                          | 4,050    |       | 15,674                                         | 10,496                                                 | 38,578                                |
| Total                                                         | 總計                     | 20,892                                     | 68,169   | 9,721 | 17,037                                         | 10,496                                                 | 126,315                               |

The Group's term loans and bank overdrafts with a repayment on demand clause in the amount of HK\$3,459,000 (2023: HK\$20,876,000) were repayable after one year in accordance with the terms of the loans. The loan agreements contained a repayment on demand clause giving the bank the unconditional right to call in the loans at any time and therefore, for the purpose of the above maturity profile, the amount is classified as "on demand".

本集團為數3,459,000港元(2023年: 20,876,000港元)附帶按要求償還條款的 定期貸款及銀行透支根據有關貸款的條款 須於一年後償還。貸款協議包含按要求償 還條款,該條款賦予銀行於任何時間無條 件催繳貸款的權利,因此,就上述到期狀 況而言,有關款項被分類為「按要求」。

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# **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND 37.** 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) **POLICIES** (*Continued*)

#### Liquidity risk (Continued)

Notwithstanding the above clause, the directors do not believe that the loans will be called in their entirety within 12 months, and they consider that the loans will be repaid in accordance with the maturity dates as set out in the loan agreements. This evaluation was made considering: the financial position of the Group at the date of this report; the Group's compliance with the loan covenants; the lack of events of default; and the fact that the Group has made all previously scheduled repayments on time.

As at 31 December 2024, in accordance with the terms of the loans, the contractual undiscounted payments were HK\$5,631,000 due within one year and HK\$692,000 due in the second year.

As at 31 December 2023, in accordance with the terms of the loans, the contractual undiscounted payments were HK\$17,398,000 due within one year, HK\$4,983,000 due in the second year, and HK\$1,675,000 due after two years.

#### Market price risk

Market price risk is the risk that the fair values of equity securities decrease as a result of changes in the levels of equity indices and the value of individual securities. The Group is exposed to market price risk arising from key management insurance contracts classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss (note 18) as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

#### 流動資金風險(續)

儘管有上述條款,董事並不認為有關貸款 將在12個月內悉數召回,並認為有關貸 款將根據貸款協議所載的到期日償還。有 關評估經考慮下列情況後作出:本集團於 本報告日期的財務狀況;本集團對貸款契 諾的合規情況;未有出現違約事件;及本 集團已按時償還先前所有預定還款。

於2024年12月31日,根據貸款條款, 於一年內到期的合約未貼現付款為 5,631,000港元,於第二年到期的為 692,000港元。

於2023年12月31日,根據貸款條款, 於一年內到期的合約未貼現付款為 17,398,000港元,於第二年到期的為 4,983,000港元,於兩年後到期的為 1,675,000港元。

#### 市場價格風險

市場價格風險乃由於股權指數水平及個別 證券價值變動而導致股本證券之公平值下 降導致之風險。於2024年及2023年12月 31日,本集團面臨分類為按公平值計入 損益的金融資產之主要管理人員保險合約 所產生之市場價格風險(附註18)。

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# **37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND 37.** 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) **POLICIES** (*Continued*)

#### Market price risk (Continued)

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to every 5% change in the fair values of the key management insurance contracts with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit/(loss) before tax and the Group's equity, based on their carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period.

#### 市場價格風險(續)

下表説明在所有其他可變因素維持不變的 情況下,根據報告期未之賬面值,本集團 除税前溢利/(虧損)及本集團權益對主 要管理人員保險合約的公平值每5%變動 的敏感度。

|                                                                                                                             |                                              | Carrying<br>amount<br>賬面值<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Increase/<br>(decrease) in<br>profit before<br>tax<br>除税前溢利<br>增加/(減少)<br>HK\$'000<br>干港元 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>2024</b><br>Key management insurance contract<br>classified as a financial asset at fair value<br>through profit or loss | 2024年<br>分類為按公平值計入<br>損益的金融資產之主要<br>管理人員保險合約 | 6,067                                        | 303                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                             |                                              | Carrying<br>amount<br>賬面值<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Decrease/<br>(increase) in<br>loss before<br>tax<br>除税前虧損<br>減少/(增加)<br>HK\$'000<br>干港元   |
| <b>2023</b><br>Key management insurance contract<br>classified as a financial asset at fair value<br>through profit or loss | 2023年<br>分類為按公平值計入<br>損益的金融資產之主要<br>管理人員保險合約 | 5,940                                        | 297                                                                                       |

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#### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND 37. 財務風險管理目標及政策(續) **POLICIES** (Continued)

#### **Capital management** 資本管理 The primary objectives of the Group's capital management 本集團進行資本管理主要旨在保障本集團 are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going 的持續經營能力,以為股東提供回報及維 concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to 持最佳的資本結構以減低資金成本。 maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders or return capital

to shareholders. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The Group monitors capital using a gearing ratio, which is net debt divided by the total capital. Net debt includes interest-bearing bank borrowings and lease liabilities. Capital represents the equity attributable to owners of the Company. The gearing ratios as at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

本集團管理其資本結構及因應經濟狀況變 動作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構,本 集團可能會調整派付予股東的股息款項或 向股東退還資本。截至2024年及2023年 12月31日止年度,管理資本的目標、政 策或程序並無出現變動。

本集團使用資產負債比率(即淨債務除以 資本總額)監察資本。淨債務包括計息銀 行借款及租賃負債。資本指本公司擁有人 應佔權益。於報告期末的資產負債比率如 下:

|                                                       |                   | <b>2024</b><br>2024年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | 2023<br>2023年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Interest-bearing bank borrowings<br>Lease liabilities | 計息銀行借款<br>租賃負債    | 6,246<br>61,426                         | 23,115<br>25,065                 |
| Net debt<br>Equity attributable to owners of the      | 淨債務<br>本公司擁有人應佔權益 | 67,672                                  | 48,180                           |
| Company                                               |                   | 245,934                                 | 195,032                          |
| Gearing ratio                                         | 資產負債比率            | 27.5%                                   | 24.7%                            |

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# 38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE 38. 本公司財務狀況表 COMPANY

|                                                                                     |                                             | Note<br>附註 | 2024<br>2024年<br>HK\$′000<br>千港元 | 2023<br>2023年<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| NON-CURRENT ASSET<br>Investments in subsidiaries                                    | <b>非流動資產</b><br>於附屬公司的投資                    |            | 181,314                          | 181,314                          |
| CURRENT ASSETS<br>Prepayments<br>Due from subsidiaries<br>Cash and cash equivalents | <b>流動資產</b><br>預付款項<br>應收附屬公司款項<br>現金及現金等價物 |            | 29<br>52,292<br>805              | 320<br>52,811<br>310             |
| Total current assets                                                                | 流動資產總值                                      |            | 53,126                           | 53,441                           |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES<br>Other payables and accruals<br>Due to subsidiaries           | <b>流動負債</b><br>其他應付款項及應計費<br>用<br>應付附屬公司款項  |            | 87<br>2,049                      | 16<br>2,049                      |
| Total current liabilities                                                           | 流動負債總額                                      |            | 2,136                            | 2,065                            |
| NET CURRENT ASSETS                                                                  | 流動資產淨值                                      |            | 50,990                           | 51,376                           |
| Net assets                                                                          | 資產淨值                                        |            | 232,304                          | 232,690                          |
| TOTAL EQUITY<br>Share capital<br>Reserves (note)                                    | <b>權益總額</b><br>股本<br>儲備(附註)                 | 28         | 20,000<br>212,304                | 20,000<br>212,690                |
| Total equity                                                                        | 權益總額                                        |            | 232,304                          | 232,690                          |

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# **38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE** 38. 本公司財務狀況表(*續*) COMPANY (Continued)

| Note: | 附註: |
|-------|-----|
|       |     |

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

## 本公司儲備概要如下:

|                                                                                     |                                         | Share<br>premium<br>股份溢價<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | <b>Treasury</b><br>shares<br>庫存股份<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Share option<br>reserve<br>購股權儲備<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | Accumulated<br>losses<br>累計虧損<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 | <b>Total</b><br>總計<br>HK\$'000<br>千港元 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| At 1 January 2023<br>Equity-settled share option                                    | 於2023年1月1日<br>股本結算購股權安排                 | 277,051                                     | -                                                    | 42                                                  | (24,129)                                         | 252,964                               |
| arrangement                                                                         |                                         | -                                           | -                                                    | 8                                                   | -                                                | 8                                     |
| Final dividend<br>Loss for the year and total<br>comprehensive<br>loss for the year | 末期股息<br>年內虧損及年內全面<br>虧損總額               | -                                           | -                                                    | -                                                   | (4,000)                                          | (4,000)                               |
| At 31 December 2023 and<br>1 January 2024<br>Profit for the year and total          | 於2023年12月31日及<br>2024年1月1日<br>年內溢利及年內全面 | 277,051                                     | _                                                    | 50                                                  | (64,411)                                         | 212,690                               |
| comprehensive 收益總額<br>income for the year<br>Shares repurchased 購回股份                | 收益總額                                    | -                                           | –<br>(416)                                           | -                                                   | <b>30</b><br>-                                   | 30<br>(416)                           |
| At 31 December 2024                                                                 | 於2024年12月31日                            | 277,051                                     | (416)                                                | 50                                                  | (64,381)                                         | 212,304                               |

# **39. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 31 March 2025.

#### 39. 批准財務報表

財務報表於2025年3月31日獲董事會批准 及授權刊發。

CIRTEK HOLDINGS LIMITED 常達控股有限公司