

順泰控股集團有限公司 Sheen Tai Holdings Group Company Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability 於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號:1335





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Corporate Information 公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Guo Yumin *(Chairman)*Ms. Xia Yu
Mr. Bai Chaoshun (Appointed on 1 August 2024 and resigned on 11 March 2025)
Mr. Dai Jizhou (Appointed on 9 April 2025)

Independent Non-executive Directors

Ms. Fan Qing Mr. Dai Tin Yau Mr. Chan Yin Lam

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Pang Yuk Fong (HKICPA)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Dai Tin Yau *(Chairman)* Ms. Fan Qing Mr. Chan Yin Lam

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Fan Qing *(Chairman)* Mr. Guo Yumin Mr. Dai Tin Yau

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Guo Yumin *(Chairman)* Ms. Fan Qing Mr. Chan Yin Lam

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Guo Yumin Ms. Pang Yuk Fong

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.sheentai.com

REGISTERED OFFICE

Windward 3 Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

董事

執行董事

郭玉民先生(主席)
 夏煜女士
 白朝順先生

 (於2024年8月1日獲委任及2025年3月11日辭任)

 戴繼州先生(於2025年4月9日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

范晴女士 戴天佑先生 陳彥霖先生

公司秘書

彭玉芳女士(香港會計師公會會員)

審核委員會

戴天佑先生(*主席)* 范晴女士 陳彥霖先生

薪酬委員會

范晴女士(*主席)* 郭玉民先生 戴天佑先生

提名委員會

郭玉民先生(*主席)* 范晴女士 陳彥霖先生

授權代表

郭玉民先生 彭玉芳女士

公司網址

www.sheentai.com

註冊辦事處

Windward 3 Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

Corporate Information 公司資料

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1903, 19/F, Jubilee Centre 18 Fenwick Street, Wan Chai Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN THE CAYMAN ISLANDS

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3 Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

AUDITOR

RSM Hong Kong, Certified Public Accountants *Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance* 29th Floor, Lee Garden Two 28 Yun Ping Road Causeway Bay Hong Kong

HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISER

Loong & Yeung Room 1603,16/F China Building 29 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited China Construction Bank Shanghai Pudong Development Bank The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

香港主要營業地點

香港 灣仔分域街18號 捷利中心19樓1903室

開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3 Regatta Office Park PO Box 1350 Grand Cayman KY1-1108 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

核數師

羅申美會計師事務所(執業會計師) 根據《會計及財務匯報局條例》註冊的公眾利益 實體核數師 香港 銅鑼灣 恩平道28號 利園2期29樓

香港法律顧問

龍炳坤、楊永安律師行 香港 皇后大道中29號 華人行 16樓1603室

主要往來銀行

中國銀行股份有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 中國建設銀行 上海浦東發展銀行 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

Financial Highlights 財務摘要

		Year ended 3 截至12月3		
		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (已重列)	Change 變動
Revenue (from continuing operations)	收入(來自持續經營業務)	50,875	420,436	(88%)
Loss from operations (from continuing operations)	1 經營虧損 (來自持續經營業務)	(26,712)	(5,591)	378%
Loss before non-controlling interests	非控股權益前虧損	(33,712)	(13,399)	152%
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	-	(10)	(100%)
Loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司 權益股東應佔虧損	(33,712)	(13,389)	152%
Loss per share (from continuing and discontinued operations)	每股虧損 (來自持續及 已終止經營業務)			
Basic (HK\$) Diluted (HK\$)	基本(港元) 攤薄(港元)	(0.014) (0.014)	(0.006) (0.006)	133% 133%
Loss per share (from continuing operations)	每股虧損 (來自持續經營業務)			
Basic (HK\$) Diluted (HK\$)	基本(港元) 攤薄(港元)	(0.012) (0.012)	(0.004) (0.004)	200% 200%

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Dear Shareholders.

On behalf of the board (the "board") of directors (the "Directors") and the management of Sheen Tai Holdings Group Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I present the annual report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2024 (the "Year" or the "Reporting Period").

During the Year, due to the rapid changes in the operating environment, the Group actively disposed of loss-making businesses and simplifying existing businesses operation to increase the Group's cash flow and improve the liquidity, and to reallocate resources on existing businesses and develop other new businesses in the future.

In 2024, the total grid-connected capacity of the Group's three operating photovoltaic power stations was 52.3 megawatts ("MW"), and the revenue from the photovoltaic power generation business was approximately HK\$49.5 million. Revenue for the Year decreased by approximately 6.6% comparing to the year ended 31 December 2023. The decrease was mainly due to the fluctuation of the RMB exchange rate

Overall, despite facing various challenges in 2024, the Group will continue to actively seek opportunities to develop other businesses. By cooperating with different professionals to evaluate and study the feasibility of new businesses, we expect to develop new businesses to make more contributions to the Group.

Finally, on behalf of the Board, I would like to express my thankfulness and appreciation to my fellow Directors, management team and all the staff of the Group for their dedications and hard work, which contributed to the Group's development. I would also like to express our sincere gratitude to all the shareholders, customers, suppliers and business partners for their continuous supports and persistent trust to the Group.

Guo, Yumin	主席
Chairman	郭玉民
Hong Kong, 31 March 2025	香港·2025年3月31

致各位股東,

本人謹此代表順泰控股集團有限公(「本公司」, 連同 其附屬公司統稱(「本集團」))董事(「董事」)會(「董事 會」)及管理層,呈報本集團截至2024年12月31日止 年度(「本年度」)的年報。

於本年度,因為經營環境急劇轉變,本集團積極採取 出售虧損的業務及簡化現有業務的經營模式,以增加 集團的現金流及改善公司的資金流動狀況,把資源再 有效分配在現有的業務及發展未來其他新業務。

於2024年本集團三座營運中的光伏電站總併電容量 為52.3兆瓦,光伏發電業務產生的收入約49.5百萬港 元。本年度收入同比2023年12月31日減少約6.6%, 減少原因主要受人民幣匯率影響。

總體而言,儘管於2024年面臨各種挑戰,本集團會 繼續積極尋求機遇發展其他業務。透過與不同專業人 士合作進行評估及研究新業務的可行性,期望發展新 業務為本集團帶來更多貢獻。

最後,本人僅代表董事會向本集團其他董事、管理 團隊及全體員工對本集團發展付出的努力及貢獻表達 誠摯的謝意。本人亦對全體股東、客戶、供應商及 業務夥伴對本集團的不斷支持及一貫信賴表示由衷感 謝。

1日



(As at 31 December 2024) (於2024年12月31日)



Organisation Chart 組織架構

(As at 31 December 2024) (於2024年12月31日)



OVERVIEW

During the Year, the Group maintains its business classified into four segments, namely, (i) sales of sub-processing cigarette films; (ii) semiconductors business; (iii) properties development and related services; and (iv) generation of photovoltaic power.

The total revenue for the Year was approximately HK\$50.9 million, representing a decrease of approximately 87.9% compared to approximately HK\$420.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2023. The decrease in total revenue was mainly from the semi-conductors business segment.

The Group recorded a loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of approximately HK\$33.7 million for the Year as compared to a loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of approximately HK\$13.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2023. The increase of loss for the Year was mainly due to the Group recorded impairment losses on trade and other receivables approximately HK\$40.5 million for the Year.

DISCONTINUED OPERATION

Sales of sub-processing cigarette films

On 6 December 2024, the Group entered into a sale and purchases agreement in relation to disposal (the "Disposal") of 100% equity interest in a subsidiary, namely Jiangsu Sheen Colour Science Technology Co., Ltd. ("Sheen Colour"), the main business of which was sales of sub-processing cigarette films. It is expected that the Disposal will be completed in 2025. Accordingly, the Group's sales of sub-processing cigarette films has been classified as discontinued operation.

After considered the financial performance and reviewing the business and operation status of Sheen Colour, the Board is of the view that the Disposal would enhance the Group's cash flow, improve the Group's liquidity, and enable the Group to reallocate resources for future development.

Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 9 December 2024 for details.

概覽

於本年度,本集團的業務分為四個分部,即(i)銷售加 工香煙薄膜;(ii)半導體業務;(iii)物業發展及相關服務; 及(iv)光伏發電。

本年度的總收入約為50.9百萬港元,較截至2023年 12月31日止年度約420.4百萬港元減少約87.9%。總 收入減少主要源於半導體業務分部。

本集團於本年度錄得本公司權益股東應佔虧損約33.7 百萬港元,而截至2023年12月31日止年度錄得本公 司權益股東應佔虧損則約為13.4百萬港元。年內虧損 增加主要由於本集團於本年度錄得貿易應收款項及其 他應收款項減值虧損約40.5百萬港元。

已終止經營業務

銷售加工香煙薄膜

於2024年12月6日,本集團就出售一間附屬公司(即 江蘇金格潤科技有限公司(「金格潤」),其主要從事銷 售加工香煙薄膜業務)100%股本權益簽訂買賣協議 (「出售事項」)。預期該出售事項將於2025年完成。因 此,本集團的銷售加工香煙薄膜業務分類為已終止經 營業務。

經考慮財務表現,並審視金格潤的業務及營運狀況 後,董事會認為出售事項將加強本集團的現金流量, 改善本集團的流動資金及允許本集團調配資源作未來 發展。

詳情請參閱本公司日期為2024年12月9日的公告。

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

The Group has reclassified its operation into three classes of business namely, (i) semi-conductors business; (ii) properties development and related services; and (iii) generation of photovoltaic power, following the discontinuation of the operation of Sheen Colour during the Year.

Revenue

Semi-conductors business

The Group started the provision of agency service for sales of semiconductor during the Year. The revenue from provision of agency service for sales of semi-conductor was approximately HK\$1.2 million for the Year (for the year ended 31 December 2023: sales of semi-conductors approximately HK\$367.0 million).

Properties development

The properties development revenue were generated from sales of remaining inventories of previous property project, which contributed approximately HK\$0.1 million to the Group for the Year (for the year ended 31 December 2023: approximately HK\$0.4 million).

Generation of photovoltaic power

For the Year, the Group had three photovoltaic power stations in operation. The revenue generated from this segment reached approximately HK\$49.5 million for the Year (for the year ended 31 December 2023: approximately HK\$53.0 million). This business segment serves as the main source of income for the Group.

Gross Profit

The gross profit decreased by approximately HK\$6.6 million, or approximately 17.2%, from approximately HK\$38.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately HK\$31.6 million for the Year.

Selling and Distribution Costs

The selling and distribution expenses amounted to approximately HK\$0.1 million for the Year (for the year ended 31 December 2023: approximately HK\$0.1 million).

持續經營業務

於本年度終止金格潤業務營運後,本集團業務重新劃 分為三個業務類別,即(i)半導體業務;(ii)物業發展及 相關服務;及(iii)光伏發電。

收入

半導體業務

本集團於本年度開始提供銷售半導體代理服務。本年 度提供銷售半導體代理服務的收入約1.2百萬港元(截 至2023年12月31日止年度:銷售半導體約367.0百萬 港元)。

物業發展

物業發展收入乃來自銷售過往物業項目的剩餘存貨, 於本年度為本集團貢獻約0.1百萬港元(截至2023年12 月31日止年度:約0.4百萬港元)。

光伏發電

於本年度,本集團擁有三座運營中的光伏電站。本 分部產生的收入於本年度達到約49.5百萬港元(截至 2023年12月31日止年度:約53.0百萬港元)。此業務 分部為本集團主要收入來源。

毛利

毛利由截至2023年12月31日止年度約38.2百萬港元 減少約6.6百萬港元或約17.2%至本年度約31.6百萬港 元。

銷售及分銷成本

本年度銷售及分銷開支約0.1百萬港元(截至2023年12 月31日止年度:約0.1百萬港元)。

Administrative Expenses

The administrative expenses increased by approximately HK\$6.0 million, or approximately 23.0%, from approximately HK\$26.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2023 to approximately HK\$32.0 million for the Year.

Impairment Loss

The Group has engaged an independent valuer to perform impairment assessment and calculated the expected credit loss in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards.

During the Year, the Group recorded impairment losses of approximately HK\$40.5 million on trade and other receivables (for the year ended 31 December 2023: reversal of impairment losses on trade and other receivables approximately HK\$1.0 million).

The increase in impairment loss was mainly due to the loan and interest receivables approximately HK\$48.0 million (2023: approximately HK\$45.0 million) from Suining Chuyue Zhiye Company Limited* (睢寧楚岳置業 有限公司) ("Suining Chuyue") was default on 30 November 2024, the increase of allowance for doubtful debts of loan and interest receivables for Suining Chuyue was approximately HK\$38.2 million for the Year.

For details of the default of repayment of loan from Sunining Chuyue, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 12 June 2023, 28 March 2024, 29 April 2024 and 16 December 2024.

Other gains and losses, net

During the Year, other gains, net were approximately HK\$6.0 million, representing an increase of approximately HK\$28.9 million as compared with other losses, net approximately HK\$22.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2023.

The increase in other gains, net was mainly due to the fair value gain on an investment in convertible loan approximately HK\$13.6 million for the Year.

Finance Costs

The finance costs amounted to approximately HK\$0.8 million for the Year (for the year ended 31 December 2023: approximately HK\$0.8 million).

行政開支

行政開支由截至2023年12月31日止年度約26.0百萬 港元增加約6.0百萬港元或約23.0%至本年度約32.0百 萬港元。

減值虧損

本集團委聘了獨立估值師進行減值評估及根據香港財 務報告準則會計準則計算預期信貸虧損。

於本年度,本集團錄得貿易應收款項及其他應收款項 的減值虧損約40.5百萬港元(截至2023年12月31日止 年度:貿易應收款項及其他應收款項的減值虧損撥回 約1.0百萬港元)。

減值虧損增加主要由於睢寧楚岳置業有限公司(「睢寧 楚岳」)的應收貸款及利息約48.0百萬港元(2023年: 約45.0百萬港元)於2024年11月30日違約,導致本年 度睢寧楚岳的應收貸款及利息呆賬撥備增加約38.2百 萬港元。

有關睢寧楚岳拖欠償還貸款的詳情,請參閱本公司日 期為2023年6月12日、2024年3月28日、2024年4月 29日及2024年12月16日的公告。

其他收益及虧損淨額

於本年度,其他收益淨額約為6.0百萬港元,較截至 2023年12月31日止年度的其他虧損淨額約22.9百萬 港元增加約28.9百萬港元。

其他收益淨額增加主要由於本年度可轉換貸款投資的 公允價值收益約13.6百萬港元所致。

融資成本

本年度融資成本約0.8百萬港元(截至2023年12月31日 止年度:約0.8百萬港元)。

Income Tax

The income tax expense amounted to approximately HK million for the Year (for the year ended 31 December 2023: approximately HK 4.0 million).

Loss Attributable to the Shareholders of the Company

As a result of the foregoing factors, the Group recorded a loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of approximately HK\$33.7 million for the Year as compared to approximately HK\$13.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2023.

Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2024, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$241.5 million (which were denominated in HK\$, RMB and US\$) as compared with approximately HK\$237.3 million as at 31 December 2023, representing an increase of approximately HK\$4.2 million. Such increase was mainly due to the Group's net cash inflow of operating activities, net cash inflow of investing activities and net cash outflow of financing activities that amounted to approximately HK\$0.9 million, approximately HK\$15.4 million and approximately HK\$0.6 million respectively. As at 31 December 2024, the Group's current ratio being the rate of total current assets to total current liabilities was 16.7 (2023: 19.0).

Bank Loans and Other Borrowings

As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not have any material bank loans, debt securities, borrowings, indebtedness, guarantees, hire purchase commitments or mortgages (as at 31 December 2023: Nil).

Exposure to Fluctuation in Exchange Rate

Currently, the Group has no hedging policy with respect to the foreign exchange exposure. As the functional currency for all subsidiaries in the PRC are RMB, these subsidiaries were not exposed to any currency risks due to the exchange rate movement of RMB during the Year. For subsidiaries established outside the PRC, they had no material financial assets and liabilities denominated in RMB. Accordingly, the Group's exposure to RMB risk is insignificant.

Capital Expenditure

During the Year, the Group's total capital expenditure amounted to approximately HK\$0.4 million.

所得税

本年度所得税支出約2.5百萬港元(截至2023年12月31 日止年度:約4.0百萬港元)。

本公司股東應佔虧損

由於上述因素,本集團於本年度錄得本公司權益股 東應佔虧損約33.7百萬港元,而截至2023年12月31 日止年度錄得本公司權益股東應佔虧損約13.4百萬港 元。

流動資金及財務資源

於2024年12月31日,本集團的現金及現金等值項目 約241.5百萬港元(以港元、人民幣及美元計值),較 於2023年12月31日約237.3百萬港元增加約4.2百萬 港元。該增加主要是由於本集團經營活動的現金流入 淨額、投資活動的現金流入淨額及融資活動的現金流 出淨額分別約0.9百萬港元、約15.4百萬港元及約0.6 百萬港元所致。於2024年12月31日,本集團的流動 比率(即流動資產總值與流動負債總額的比率)為16.7 (2023年:19.0)。

銀行貸款及其他借款

於2024年12月31日,本集團並無任何重大銀行貸款、債務證券、借款、債務、擔保、租購承擔或按揭(於2023年12月31日:無)。

匯率波動風險

本集團目前並無就外匯風險訂立對沖政策。由於所有 中國附屬公司的功能貨幣均為人民幣,故該等附屬公 司並不會因本年度人民幣匯率變動而面臨任何外匯風 險。於中國境外成立的附屬公司並無以人民幣計值的 重大金融資產及負債。因此,本集團的人民幣風險並 不重大。

資本開支

於本年度,本集團的資本開支總額約0.4百萬港元。

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

There is no significant event after the Year and up to the date of this report.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

Save as disclosed in this report, there was no significant investment, material acquisitions and disposals by the Group during the Year.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities.

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2024, the Group employed 41 employees (as compared with 57 employees as at 31 December 2023) with total staff cost of approximately HK\$14.2 million from continuing operations for the Year. The Group's remuneration packages are generally structured with reference to market terms and individual merits. The Company has also adopted a pre-IPO share option scheme and a share option scheme to provide incentive or reward to high-calibre employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend payment of any final dividend for the Year (for the year ended 31 December 2023: Nil).

PROSPECTS

During the Year, the Group actively sought different opportunities to develop other businesses and established expert team to develop new businesses. In the future, we will also strengthen our efforts to evaluate the possibility of developing new businesses through different feasibility studies, expecting to bring greater profits to the Group.

期後事項

於本年度後及直至本報告日期,概無發生重大事項。

重大投資、重大收購及出售

除本報告披露者外,本集團於本年度概無進行重大投 資、重大收購及出售。

或然負債

於2024年12月31日,本集團並無任何重大或然負債。

人力資源

於2024年12月31日,本集團僱用41名僱員(於2023 年12月31日:57名僱員),而本年度持續經營業務的 員工總成本約14.2百萬港元。本集團的薪酬待遇一般 參考市場條款及個人表現而制訂。本公司亦已採納首 次公開發售前購股權計劃及購股權計劃,以鼓勵或獎 賞優秀僱員及吸納對本集團具價值的人力資源。

末期股息

董事會並不建議就本年度派付任何末期股息(截至 2023年12月31日止年度:無)。

前景

於本年度內,本集團積極物色不同機會以發展其他業務,並成立專家團隊以拓展新業務。展望將來,我 們亦將加強力度進行不同可行性研究,從而評估發展 新業務的可能性,冀可為本集團提高溢利。

TREASURY POLICY

The Group has adopted a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policies and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the Year. The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by performing ongoing credit assessments and evaluations of the financial status of its customers. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and other commitments can meet its funding requirements from time to time.

CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not have any capital commitments (as at 31 December 2023: Nil).

CHANGE OF DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S INFORMATION

Reference is made to the announcements of the Company dated 26 July 2024, and 11 and 13 March 2025.

Mr. Bai Chaoshun (白朝順) was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 1 August 2024, and he resigned as an executive Director on 11 March 2025 as he wished to devote more time to his other business commitments. Mr. Bai has obtained the legal advice referred to the rule 3.09D of the Listing Rule on 1 August 2024 and confirmed that he understood his obligations as a director of the Company.

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 9 April 2025.

Mr. Dai Jizhou (戴繼州) appointed as an executive Director on 9 April 2025. Mr. Dai has obtained the legal advice referred to the rule 3.09D of the Listing Rule on 9 April 2025 and confirmed that he understood his obligations as a director of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, the Directors confirmed that no other information is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

財政政策

本集團對財政政策一向採取審慎的財務管理方針,故 於整個本年度維持穩健的流動資金狀況。本集團致力 通過持續對其客戶進行信貸評估及財務狀況評估降低 信貸風險。為管控流動性風險,董事會密切監察本集 團的流動資金狀況,以確保本集團資產、負債及其他 承擔的流動性結構可不時滿足其資金需求。

資本承擔

於2024年12月31日,本集團並無任何資本承擔(於 2023年12月31日:無)。

董事及高級管理層資料變動

兹提述本公司日期為2024年7月26日、2025年3月11 日及2025年3月13日之公告。

白朝順先生獲委任為執行董事,自2024年8月1日起 生效,而彼因希望投入更多時間於其他業務承擔,於 2025年3月11日辭任執行董事。白先生已於2024年8 月1日取得上市規則第3.09D條所提述的法律意見,並 確定彼了解其作為本公司董事的責任。

茲提述本公司日期為2025年4月9日之公告。

戴繼州先生於2025年4月9日獲委任為執行董事。戴 先生已於2025年4月9日取得上市規則第3.09D條所提 述的法律意見,並確定彼了解其作為本公司董事的責 任。

除上文所披露者外,董事確認概無其他資料須根據上 市規則第13.51B(1)條予以披露。

I. ABOUT THIS REPORT

Sheen Tai Holdings Group Company Limited (referred to as the "Group" or "we") focuses on semi-conductor business, property development and related services and generation of photovoltaic power. The principal facilities are located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

This report summarises several subjects of the Group's business practices for the Environmental, Social and Governance (referred to as the "ESG") report (referred to as the "Report") and its relevant implemented policies and strategies in relation to the Group's operational practices and environmental protection. For information regarding corporate governance, please refer to the "Corporate Governance Report" in this annual report.

The Report covers the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024 (the "Year" or "2024").

Reporting Framework

The Report has been prepared with reference to the ESG Reporting Guide set out in Appendix C2 to the Main Board Listing Rules of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "SEHK").

In preparation of the ESG Report, due diligence has been taken to adhere to the reporting principles of "Materiality", "Quantitative" and "Consistency".

Materiality: The ESG Report is structured based on the materiality of respective issues and we identified the most material ESG issues pertaining to our businesses through the materiality assessment, as disclosed in pages 18 to 21 of this Report. The materiality of issues was reviewed and confirmed by the Board.

Quantitative: The ESG Report prepared in accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide and discloses key performance indicators ("KPIs") in environmental and social aspects in a quantitative way wherever possible and gives comparative data where appropriate. The KPIs were calculated and presented with reference to the ESG Reporting Guide. The Report details any standards, methodologies, assumptions and/or calculation tools used, or source of conversion factors used.

I. 關於本報告

順泰控股集團有限公司(下稱「本集團」或「我 們」)專注於半導體業務、物業發展及相關服 務,以及光伏發電。其主要設施位於中華人民 共和國(「中國」)。

本報告概述本集團環境、社會及管治(下稱「環 境、社會及管治」)報告(下稱「本報告」)業務常 規的若干主題,以及本集團就其營運常規和環 境保護實施的相關政策及策略。有關企業管治 的資料,請參閱本年報的「企業管治報告」。

本報告涵蓋2024年1月1日至2024年12月31日 期間(「本年度」或「2024年」)。

報告框架

本報告乃根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港 聯交所」)主板上市規則附錄C2所載環境、社會 及管治報告指引編製。

於編製本環境、社會及管治報告時,我們展開 盡職審查以遵循「重要性」、「量化」及「一致性」 的報告原則。

重要性:本環境、社會及管治報告基於相關議題的重要性編製,我們透過重要性評估確定 與我們業務相關的最重要環境、社會及管治議題,誠如本報告第18頁至第21頁所披露。議題 的重要性已由董事會審閱及確認。

量化:本環境、社會及管治報告乃根據環境、 社會及管治報告指引編製及盡可能以量化形式 披露環境及社會層面的關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績 效指標」)並於適當情況下提供比較數據。關鍵 績效指標乃參考環境、社會及管治報告指引計 算及呈列。本報告詳細説明所使用的任何標 準、方法、假設及/或計算工具,或所使用的 轉換系數的來源。 Consistency: Unless otherwise stated, this Report applies the data statistics and calculation methods that are consistent with those in last year ESG report to provide a meaningful comparison with data over previous years. If there is any change that may affect comparison with previous reports, the Group will add explanatory notes to the corresponding sections.

This ESG Report has undergone the internal review process of the Group and was approved by the Board.

Reporting Scope

The Report content covers the Group's ESG policies and measures, and compliance of the major subsidiaries including Xuzhou Shuntai New Energy Power Generation Co., Ltd. located in the PRC. The contents disclosed in the environmental aspect of this Report mainly covered major business segment of the Group: generation of photovoltaic power. The business segment of properties development is not included in the environmental aspect of this Report owing to their non-materiality to the Group. The social aspect of this Report covers the Group-wide data. During the year, the Group disposed Jiangsu Sheen Color Science Technology Co., Ltd. As a result, the Group did not include both the environmental data and social data of Jiangsu Sheen Color Science Technology Co., Ltd. in this Report. Furthermore, the Group has changed the operation model of the sales of semi-conductor business segment to the provision of agency service for the sales of semi-conductor. The changed operation model incurred very minimal amount of environment emission. As a result, this business segment is not included in the environmental aspect of this Report.

Comments and Feedback

We make every effort to ensure consistency between the Chinese and English versions of this Report. However, in the event of any inconsistency, the English version shall prevail.

The progress of the Group depends in part on valuable comments from stakeholders. For any clarifications or advice regarding the content of this Report, please forward your comments and suggestions to investorrelations@sheentai.com. 一致性:除另有説明外,本報告採用與上一年 度環境、社會及管治報告一致的數據統計及計 算方法,以便就往年數據提供有意義的比較。 倘發生任何變動可能會影響與過往報告的比 較,本集團將在相應章節添加説明性附註。

本環境、社會及管治報告已通過本集團內部審 查程序,並獲得董事會批准。

報告範圍

本報告內容涵蓋本集團的環境、社會及管治政 策及措施,以及主要附屬公司的遵守情況,包 括徐州順泰新能源發電有限公司(位於中國)。 本報告的環境層面披露內容主要涵蓋本集團主 要業務分部:光伏發電。物業發展業務分部對 本集團的重要性不大,故未有納入本報告的戰 境層面。本報告的社會層面涵蓋本集團整體的 數據。本集團在年內出售江蘇金格潤科技有限 公司。因此,本集團並無於本報告列入江蘇金 格潤科技有限公司的環境數據及社會數據。此 外,本集團的銷售半導體代理服務。變更後的營 運模式所產生的環境排放量微乎其微。因此, 該業務分部並未納入本報告的環境層面。

意見及反饋

我們盡力確保本報告中英文版本內容一致。然 而,兩者如有歧異,概以英文版本為準。

本集團的發展某程度上依賴持份者的寶 貴意見。如對本報告的內容有任何澄清 或建議,請將閣下的意見及建議轉交 investorrelations@sheentai.com。

APPROACH TO SUSTAINABILITY

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Group adjusts and facilities the sustainability performance approaches via regular meetings with major organisational functions such as compliance affairs, workplace health and safety, and human resources. The management conducts regular reviews of ESG-related metric materials to respective subsidiaries. Furthermore, the Group identifies and evaluates the materiality of the diverse range of ESG topics that are interrelated with our business operations (See next section: Materiality Assessment). The most material ESG topics which guide the Group's corporate strategy are validated by the Board. As we advance our sustainability journey, the Group endeavours to raise the Board's knowledge and awareness of the ESG landscape.

Board Statement

The Board has the overall responsibility for the Group's ESG strategy and reporting, which include determination and evaluation of the ESG related risks and opportunity, as well as supervision to ensure the suitable and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems are in place.

The Group conducts a top-down approach to cooperate with the Audit Committee, Management and Internal Audit Function to conduct ESG-related risk management and opportunities assessment in an ongoing basis. The Board is responsible for overseeing the risk management and internal control mechanism to ensure every strategic plan and vision, as well as operational guidelines for ESG matters are operating smoothly.

可持續發展方針

本集團董事會(「董事會」)透過與主要組織職能 部門(如合規事務、工作場所健康及安全以及人 力資源)定期召開會議,來調整和推動我們的 可持續發展表現方針。管理層定期對各附屬公 司的環境、社會及管治相關指標進行檢討。此 外,本集團識別及評估與旗下業務營運相關的 各種環境、社會及管治議題的重要性(請參閱下 一節:重要性評估)。作為本集團企業策略指引 的最重要環境、社會及管治議題已獲得董事會 驗證。在我們推進可持續發展的過程中,本集 團致力加強董事會對環境、社會及管治形勢的 認識及關注。

董事會聲明

董事會全面負責本集團的環境、社會及管治策 略及報告,包括釐定及評估環境、社會及管治 相關風險及機會,以及監督確保實行適當及有 效的環境、社會及管治風險管理及內部監控系 統。

本集團採用自上而下的方式與審核委員會、管 理層及內部審核職能部門合作,持續開展與環 境、社會及管治相關的風險管理及機會評估。 董事會負責監督風險管理及內部監控機制,以 確保每項策略計劃與願景以及環境、社會及管 治事宜的工作指引順利執行。

The Board has formed an ESG working team to assist and advise the Board on the development and implementation of ESG strategies, policies and practices and priorities of the Group, assist the Board in reviewing ESG performance and targets and exploring ESG related opportunities. It has the responsibility for collecting data from different departments and business operations and analysing (including but not limited to comparing with historical data) and verifying ESG data after collected, ensuring compliance with ESG-related laws and regulations, and preparing ESG reports. The ESG working team comprises of the representatives of different departments, including human resource department, finance department, and the other main business segments to ensure the diverse backgrounds and expertise in ESG management. The Group will review the composition of the working group on a regular basis. The Board will have meeting with the ESG working group at least once per year and receive briefings on any updated ESG issues on a regular basis. By reviewing and evaluating the implementation of policies, the Board is up-to-date regarding the performance and the risk and opportunities of ESG of the Group.

The audit committee, assisted by the internal control team, supports the Board to assess and manage risks includes, but not limited to environment, human resources, health and safety and compliance. These risks have been embedded into the risk management processes including risk identification, risk assessment, risk treatment, monitoring and review processes. The result of the overall ESG performance and ESG-related risk assessment will be reported to the Board on an annual basis for review in order to ensure that the Group's ESG strategy and goals are achieved.

The Board tracks, reviews and follow up on the achievement of objective of the main ESG issues (including ESG related goals and targets) at least once a year in order to bridge the gap between current progress and the expectations. The Board will also ensure the Group's policies are continuously implemented.

董事會已成立環境、社會及管治工作團隊, 以就制定及實施本集團的環境、社會及管治策 略、政策及常規及優先事項向董事會提供協助 及建議,以及協助董事會審閱環境、社會及 管治表現及目標以及物色環境、社會及管治相 關機會。其負責收集不同部門及業務運營的數 據,並於收集後分析(包括但不限於比較歷史數) 據)及核實環境、社會及管治數據,確保遵守 與環境、社會及管治相關的法律法規並編製環 境、社會及管治報告。環境、社會及管治工作 團隊由人力資源部、財務部等不同部門及其他 主要業務分部的代表組成,以確保環境、社會 及管治管理層的多元化背景及專業知識。本集 團將定期檢討工作團隊的組成。董事會將每年 至少與環境、社會及管治工作團隊舉行一次會 議,並定期聽取任何有關環境、社會及管治最 新議題的簡報。透過檢討及評估政策的實施情 況,董事會可掌握有關本集團環境、社會及管 治的表現、風險及機會的最新情況。

審核委員會在內部監控團隊的協助下,支持董 事會評估及管理各項風險,包括但不限於環 境、人力資源、健康與安全及合規。該等風險 已納入風險管理流程,包括風險識別、風險評 估、風險處理、監控及審查流程。整體環境、 社會及管治表現及環境、社會及管治相關風險 評估的結果將按年報告董事會以作檢討,從而 確保本集團的環境、社會及管治策略及目標得 以實現。

董事會至少每年一次追蹤、檢討及跟進主要環 境、社會及管治問題(包括環境、社會及管治 相關目標及指標)實現情況,以縮小當前進展與 預期之間的差距。董事會亦將確保本集團的政 策得到持續實施。

Materiality Assessment

Sustainable development encompasses a holistic spectrum of environmental and social aspects. It is crucial for the Group to determine the most material aspects in order to harness the related risks and opportunities. The Group adopts a three-step process of identification, prioritisation and validation to ensure sustainability topics are being managed and reported in accordance with their materiality.

(1) Identification

In accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide, all fundamental sustainability topics were identified. In the context of the latest sustainability landscape, the Group has determined the following 23 topics that are deemed to have an impact on the environment and society through the operations.

重要性評估

可持續發展涵蓋環境和社會層面的整體範圍。 對於本集團而言,確定最重要層面以管理相關 風險和機遇至關重要。本集團採用識別、編排 優次及核證的三個步驟,以確保根據其重要性 對可持續發展議題進行管理及報告。

(1) 識別

根據環境、社會及管治報告指引,識別 所有基本的可持續發展議題。基於最新 的可持續發展形勢,本集團確定以下二 十三項被視為透過營運對環境和社會產生 影響的議題。

	i Aspects ¹ 、社會及管治層面		erial ESG issues for the Group 集團屬重大的環境 [、] 社會及管治議題
Α.	Environmental 環境		
A1	Emissions 排放物	1.	Air emissions 廢氣排放
		2.	Greenhouse gas emissions 溫室氣體排放
		3.	Hazardous waste management 有害廢棄物管理
		4.	Non-hazardous waste management 無害廢棄物管理
		5.	Effluent discharges 污水排放
		6.	Noise emissions 噪音排放
A2	Use of Resources 資源使用	7.	Energy consumption 能源消耗
		8.	Water consumption 水資源消耗
		9.	Packaging material consumption 包裝材料消耗
A3	The Environment and Natural Resources 環境及天然資源	10.	Environmental risk management 環境風險管理
		11.	Ecological impacts 生態影響
A4	Climate Change 氣候變化	12.	Climate-change strategy 氣候變化策略

	5 Aspects 竟、社會及管治層面		erial ESG issues for the Group 集團屬重大的環境 [、] 社會及管治議題
В.	Social 社會		
B1	Employment 僱傭	13.	Employment and remuneration policies 僱傭及薪酬政策
B2	Health and Safety 健康及安全	14.	Occupational health and workplace safety 職業健康及工作場所安全
B3	Development and Training 發展及培訓	15.	Employee development and training 僱員發展及培訓
B4	Labour Standards 勞工準則	16.	Anti-child and forced labour 防止童工及強制勞工
B5	Supply Chain Management 供應鏈管理	17.	Supply chain management 供應鏈管理
B6	Product and Service Responsibility 產品及服務責任	18.	Quality and safety of the goods/services 產品/服務質量及安全
		19.	Customer satisfaction 客戶滿意度
		20.	Personal data privacy protection 個人資料保障
		21.	Protection of intellectual property rights, ethical marketing communication and product labeling 保護知識產權、符合道德的營銷溝通及產品標籤
Β7	Anti-corruption 反貪污	22.	Anti-corruption and anti-competitive practices 反貪污及反競爭行為
B8	Community Investment 社區投資	23.	Community investment 社區投資

(2) Prioritisation

The Group sought the views of senior management of respective operational regions to determine the materiality of the selected ESG topics. The senior management, who possesses a high-level view of all the topics and has access to stakeholders' feedback, was asked to score the significance of each ESG topic to stakeholder groups and the Group in each of his/her perspective. The topmost-right quadrant determines the high materiality topics.

(2) 編排優次

為釐定所選環境、社會及管治議題的重要性, 本集團徵詢各營運地區高級管理層的意見。由 於高級管理層擁有對所有議題的高層次意見, 兼能掌握持份者的反饋,因此被要求從自身觀 點就各個環境、社會及管治議題對持份者相關 組別及本集團的重要性進行評分。最右上象限 釐定高度重要性的議題。



	Highly material topics 高度重要的議題					
Ranking 排名	Number 編號	同及里安的磁速 Topics 議題				
Highest 最高	14.	Occupational health and safety 職業健康及安全				
	18.	Quality and safety of the goods/services 產品/服務質量及安全				
	19.	Customer satisfaction 客戶滿意度				
	16.	Anti-child and forced labour 防止童工及強制勞工				
	20.	Personal data privacy protection 個人資料保障				
	21.	Protection of intellectual property rights, ethical marketing communication and product labeling 保護知識產權、符合道德的營銷溝通及產品標籤				
	22.	Anti-corruption and anti-competitive practices 反貪污及反競爭行為				
	15.	Employee development and training 僱員發展及培訓				
	13.	Employment and remuneration policies 僱傭及薪酬政策				
	12.	Climate change strategy 氣候變化策略				
	17.	Supply chain management 供應鏈管理				
	7.	Energy consumption 能源消耗				
	8.	Water consumption 水資源消耗				
	1.	Air emission 廢氣排放				
	4.	Non-hazardous waste management 無害廢棄物管理				
	3.	Hazardous waste management 有害廢棄物管理				
	9.	Packaging material consumption 包裝材料消耗				
	10.	Environmental risk management 環境風險管理				
Lowest 最低	11.	Ecological impacts 生態影響				

(3) Validation

The Board has reviewed and validated the materiality process, and hence the Report discloses the Group's performance on all high and low materiality topics. To address matters most material to the Group's stakeholders, topics of high materiality are discussed in more depth throughout the Report. The materiality assessment of all the issues was approved by the Board.

Stakeholder Engagement

The Group believes that identifying and addressing stakeholder views lay a solid foundation to the long-term growth and success of the Group. The Group engages with a wide network of stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, shareholders, government and community.

(3) 核證

董事會已審閱並核證重要性程序,因 此,本報告披露本集團對於所有高重要 性及低重要性的主題的表現。為回應對 本集團持份者最重要議題,本報告將就 較重要的議題進行更詳細的描述。董事 會已批准所有議題的重要性評估。

持份者參與

本集團相信,識別及回應持份者意見可為本集 團的長期發展和成功奠定堅實基礎。本集團與 廣泛的持份者聯繫,包括僱員、客戶、供應 商、股東、政府及社區。



The Group develops multiple engagement channels that provide opportunities for stakeholders to express their views on the Group's general business conduct and sustainability management. The engagement channels are summarised in the following table. To reinforce mutual trust and respect, the Group is committed to maintaining effective communication channels with stakeholders in both formal and informal ways. This can enable the Group to better shape its business strategies in order to respond to their needs and expectations, anticipate risks and strengthen key relationships. 本集團開發多種參與渠道,讓持份者有機會對 本集團一般業務經營和可持續發展管理表達意 見。參與渠道於下表概述。為加強互信和尊 重,本集團致力維持與持份者的正式及非正式 有效溝通渠道。此舉可讓本集團更有效制定業 務策略,以回應其需要及期望、預測風險及加 強重要關係。

Stakeholders 持份者	Engagement channels 參與渠道	Topics of interest/concern 關注/關切主題
Shareholders 股東	 General meetings 股東大會 Regular corporate publications including financial reports and ESG report 定期企業出版物,包括財務報告及環境、 社會及管治報告 Circulars and announcements 通函及公告 Direct enquiries 直接查詢 Corporate website 公司網站 	 Business strategies and sustainability 業務策略及可持續發展 Financial performance 財務業績 Corporate governance 企業管治
Employees 僱員	 Performance appraisals 表現評估 Training sessions 培訓課程 Social media 社交媒體 	 Training and development 培訓及發展 Employee remuneration and welfare 僱員薪酬及福利 Occupational health and safety 職業健康及安全 Equal opportunities 平等機會
Customers 客戶	 Business meetings 業務會議 Complaint and feedback channels 投訴及反饋渠道 Social media 社交媒體 Corporate website 公司網站 	 Service quality and reliability 服務質量及可靠性 Client data security 客戶數據安全 Business ethics 商業道德
Suppliers 供應商	 Business meetings 業務會議 Supplier assessment 供應商評估 Continuous direct communication 持續直接溝通 	 Fair competition 公平競爭 Business ethics 商業道德
Government 政府 日田田	 Statutory filings and notification 法定備案及通知 Regulatory or voluntary disclosures 監管或自願披露 	 Compliance with law and regulations 遵紀守法 Business strategies and sustainability 業務策略及可持續發展 Environmental protection 環境保護
Community 社區	 Community activities 社區活動 Corporate donations 企業捐贈 Corporate website 公司網站 Social media 社交媒體 	 Fair employment opportunities 公平就業機會 Environmental protection 環境保護

II. ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSIBILITY

Environmental sustainability is a key part of the Group's social responsibility effort. Guided by our Corporate Social Responsibility Policy, we work to manage our direct and indirect impacts to the environment through mitigating our own footprint and advocating green finance.

The Group is committed to providing quality products to clients in a clean and sustainable manner. Our activities typically engage in generating photovoltaic power and sales of semiconductors. Environmental impacts of facilities are managed by the management systems of each respective subsidiary. The system ensures strict environmental compliances of various subsidiaries, as well as continual improvement towards cleaner practices. Periodic system reviews are conducted to ensure its effectiveness.

Aspect A1: Emissions and waste generated

The Group implements robust systems to ensure all discharges to air, water and land are compliant with regulatory standards. The Group has mainly focused on environmental protection and pollutant emission during production and operation. By establishing a management system in accordance with the national laws and regulations, the Group constantly monitors and reviews the emission performance during production. The Group will continue to make every effort on energy-saving, consumption reduction, pollution reduction and efficiency improvement, so as to minimise the impact and safeguard of the ecosystem.

During the Year, the Group did not encounter any incident of non-compliance with all applicable laws and regulations related to air emissions, effluent discharges, noise emissions, greenhouse gases, waste at all operating regions. Major laws and regulations applicable are detailed in respective sections.

Air emissions

The Group's air emissions are mainly released from the vehicle usage and production processes, which include the emission of sulphur oxides (SO_x) , nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and particulate Matter (PM). Company fleet and machinery undergoes regular maintenance to ensure fuel efficiency, thereby reducing emissions.

Ⅱ. 環境責任

環境可持續性是本集團社會責任工作的重要組 成部分。在我們的企業社會責任政策指導下, 我們致力於透過減少自身的碳足跡和倡導綠色 金融,管控我們對環境的直接和間接影響。

本集團致力於以潔淨及可持續的方式為客戶提 供優質產品。我們的業務一般涉及光伏發電和 半導體銷售。設施的環境影響由各附屬公司的 管理制度管理。有關制度可確保各附屬公司嚴 格遵守環境法規,以及持續改進以實現更潔淨 的做法,並且會定期檢討以確保其成效。

層面A1:排放物及所產生廢棄物

本集團實施周全制度,確保所有空氣、水及土 地排放物均符合監管標準。本集團主要關注在 生產及營運上的環境保護及污染物排放。我們 根據國家法律及法規,制定了一套管理系統, 不斷監測及檢討生產過程中的排放表現。本集 團將持續在節省能源、減少消耗、減少污染及 提高效能等各方面繼續努力,務求將生態系統 影響降至最低及保障生態系統免受污染。

於本年度,本集團各營運地區均無出現任何違 反關於廢氣排放、污水排放、噪音排放、溫室 氣體及廢棄物的適用所有法律法規的事件。主 要適用法律法規於各相關章節詳述。

廢氣排放

本集團的廢氣排放主要來自車輛使用及生產過程,包括硫氧化物(SO_x)、氮氧化物(NO_x)及顆粒物(PM)的排放。公司車隊及機器會定期進行保養,以確保燃料使用效率從而減少排放物。

The major applicable laws and regulations related to the control of air emissions include, but are not limited to, the PRC Law on Air Pollution Control. In addition to keeping air emission levels meeting statutory requirements, the Group devoted resources to further curb the release of air pollutants during the Year.

The Group released 18.4 kg, 0.04 kg and 1.8 kg of Nitrogen Oxides, Sulphur Oxides, and Particulate Matter respectively in 2024, decreased compared to year 2023 owing to exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment that was disposed in year 2024.

有關廢氣排放控制的主要適用法律及法規包括 但不限於《中國大氣污染防治法》。除了確保廢 氣排放水平符合法定要求外,本集團於本年度 投入資源進一步減少空氣污染物排放。

在2024年,本集團分別排放18.4公斤、0.04公 斤及1.8公斤氮氧化物、硫氧化物及顆粒物,排 放量較2023年為少,乃由於剔除於2024年出售 的銷售加工香煙薄膜分部所致。

Air emissions ¹ 廢氣排放 ¹	Unit 單位	2024² 2024年²	2023 2023年
Nitrogen Oxides (NO _x)	kg	18.4	40.3
氮氧化物(NO _x)	公斤		
Sulphur Oxides (SO _x)	kg	0.04	0.1
硫氧化物(SO,)	公斤		
Particulate Matter (PM)	kg	1.8	3.9
顆粒物(PM)	公斤		
^{1.} Air emissions included only the air pollutants in the exhaust gas from	^{1.} 廢氣排	放僅包括運輸車輛尾	氣中的空氣污染

^{1.} Air emissions included only the air pollutants in the exhaust gas from vehicles for transportation.

^{2.} Exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment that was disposed in year 2024.

Effluent discharges

The major applicable laws and regulations related to control of effluent discharges include, but are not limited to, the PRC Law on the Prevention and Treatment of Water Pollution. The Group ensures its proper handling of any waste water, either by qualified subcontractors or on-site processing prior to discharge to municipal sewers. Processing records from subcontractors will then be retained by the Group. Our facilities also generate domestic wastewater that will be monitored prior to discharge. Periodic monitoring and testing of a comprehensive list of parameters ensures regulatory compliance and no adverse environmental impacts of effluent discharges. During the Year, the effluent discharges has been identified and confirmed as non-material to the Group's operations.

污水排放

物。

有關監控污水排放處理的主要適用法律法規包 括但不限於《中國水污染防治法》。本集團確保 污水由合資格分包商適當處理或經即場適當處 理後排入市政渠道。本集團隨後會向分包商索 取處理記錄。我們的設施產生的生活污水也會 經過監測後排放。定期監測和全面檢測不同參 數可確保污水排放符合法規,不會產生負面環 境影響。於本年度內,已識別及確定污水排放 對本集團的營運而言並不重要。

剔除於2024年出售的銷售加工香煙薄膜分部。

Noise emissions

The Group's activities are minor sources of noise emissions, which include mechanical noise from the use of machinery and equipment, as well as aerodynamic noise from transportation vehicles. Regular maintenance of machinery and pre-start up inspections ensure noise levels are kept within regulatory limits. Operational hours are always conducted within stipulated time frames as under regulations. Adherence to strict procedures ensures these hazards are managed effectively. Regular monitoring of noise emission levels ensures operations are compliant to regulatory levels. The Group ensures all equipment used provide stationary required protections for employees and other affected parties.

The major applicable laws and regulations related to control of noise emissions include, but are not limited to, the PRC Law on Prevention and Control of Environmental Noise Pollution. Noise assessments are conducted to determine the impact of noise emissions on the local community.

Greenhouse gas emissions and climate change mitigation

To implement an effective approach to climate change mitigation, it is important to have a comprehensive understanding of the carbon emission sources of the Group. The Group's carbon footprint is primarily due to electricity usage, accounted under Scope II emissions. During the Year under review, the Group generated a total of 290 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent (tCO_2e) of greenhouse gases (Scope I and II), resulting in a carbon intensity of 0.02 tCO_2e per square meter gross floor area. The total amount greenhouse gas emissions decreased in 2024 was due to exclusion of the segment from the sales of sub-processing cigarette films that was disposed in year 2024.

噪音排放

本集團的活動產生輕微的噪音,包括來自使用 機器及設備的機械噪音,以及運輸車輛的氣動 噪音。機器定期保養和啟動前檢查可確保噪音 水平保持在監管限度內。運作時段必須處於法 規訂明的時間內。堅持嚴格的程序可確保有效 管理該等危害。定期監測噪音排放水平可確保 營運符合監管水平。本集團確認使用的所有設 備均為僱員及其他受影響方提供法定要求的保 護。

有關噪音排放防治的主要適用法律法規包括但 不限於《中華人民共和國噪聲污染防治法》。我 們也會進行噪音評估以釐定噪音排放對本地社 區的影響。

溫室氣體排放及氣候變化減緩

為實施有效的氣候變化減緩方針,本集團必須 全面了解碳排放來源。本集團的碳足跡主要來 自用電(於範圍二排放類別)。於本回顧年度, 本集團共產生290噸二氧化碳當量(噸二氧化碳 當量)的溫室氣體(範圍一及二),碳密度為每平 方米建築面積0.02噸二氧化碳當量。2024年溫 室氣體總排放量減少,乃由於剔除於2024年出 售的銷售加工香煙薄膜分部所致。

Greenhouse gas emissions 廢氣排放	Unit 單位	2024 2024年	2023 2023年
Scope I (Direct Emissions) 範圍一(直接排放)	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	7.0	13.1
Mobile combustion 流動燃燒	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	7.0	13.1
Scope II (Indirect Emissions) 範圍二(間接排放)	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	283.0	438.0
Electricity purchased 購電量	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	283.0	438.0
Total (Scope I and II) 合計(範圍一及二)	tCO ₂ e 噸二氧化碳當量	290.0	451.1
Carbon intensity (Scope I and II)	tCO ₂ e per m ² gross floor area ¹	0.02	0.02
碳密度(範圍一及二)	每平方米建築面積 噸二氧化碳當量1		

- ^{1.} Intensities in 2024 and 2023 were calculated by dividing the amount of GHG emission by the gross floor area of the Group in 2024 and 2023, which both were 21,321.6 square meter gross floor area;
- ² GHG emissions data is presented in carbon dioxide equivalent and is based on "Notice on the Management of Enterprise Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reporting by Power Generation Industry for 2023-2025" 《關於做好2023-2025年發電行業企業溫室氣體排放報告管理有關 工作的通知》issued by the Ministry of Ecology and Environment of the People's Republic of China and "How to prepare an ESG Report – Appendix 2: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange; and
- ^{3.} Exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment that was disposed in year 2024.

The sales of self-generated photovoltaic power was one of the Group's major business and revenue source. The solar panels do not emit any greenhouse gases. In 2024, the Group produced and sold same amount of quantity. The sole customer of the Group's photovoltaic electricity was located in Jiangsu, China at which the replacement of high- environmental impact electricity from fossil fuel sources had avoided 29,842 tCO₂e of greenhouse gases (Scope II) released into the environment.

- 2024年及2023年的密度乃將溫室氣體排放量 除以本集團於2024年及2023年的建築面積計 算得出,本集團於該兩個年度的建築面積均為 21,321.6平方米;
- 2. 溫室氣體排放數據以二氧化碳當量列報,並基於中華人民共和國生態環境部發佈的《關於做好2023-2025年發電行業企業溫室氣體排放報告管理有關工作的通知》及聯交所發佈的《如何準備環境、社會及管治報告一附錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指引》;及

3. 剔除於2024年出售的銷售加工香煙薄膜分部。

銷售自主生產的光伏電力是本集團的主要業務 及收入來源之一。太陽能板概無排放任何溫室 氣體。於2024年,本集團光伏電站發電量與售 電量相等。本集團光伏電力的唯一客戶位於中 國江蘇省,取代對環境影響較大的化石燃料發 電,避免了29,842噸二氧化碳當量的溫室氣體 (範圍二)排放到環境中。

The Group is committed to reducing our carbon footprint. Scope I and II emissions are addressed through our energy reduction initiatives (See Section: A2.1 Energy Consumption). Scope III emissions incur throughout our value chain, and we employ the following measures to minimise such emissions:

- The Group encourages the use of video conferencing or emails for communication as far as possible to minimise the carbon footprint from overseas business trips; and
- We make every effort to reduce waste generation and raise recycling rates to lessen GHG releases from landfill decomposition.

本集團致力減少碳足跡。我們以節能措施應對 範圍一及二的排放(見章節:A2.1能源消耗)。 範圍三的排放會在我們的整個價值鏈中產生, 我們已採取以下措施盡量減少有關排放:

- 本集團鼓勵盡量使用視像會議或電郵溝
 通,以減少海外商務旅行的碳足跡;及
- 我們竭盡所能減少廢棄物產生及提高循環
 再用率,以減少堆填分解排放的溫室氣
 體。

趨勢分析及目標

Areas 領域	Targets 目標	Progress of the current year 本年度進展	Proposed Steps 建議措施
GHG emissions	In line with the global trend of decarbonisation and national carbon neutrality goal by 2060, the Group has been focusing on the control of its GHG emissions.	Target in progress	Other than the existing initiatives, we strive to reduce our greenhouse gas emissions through the lowering of our energy consumption from the major areas which include air conditioning and lighting systems.
溫室氣體排放	遵循減少碳排放的全球趨勢及於2060年前實現碳中 和的國家目標,本集團一直致力於控制其溫室氣體排 放。	實現目標中	除了現有措施外,我們亦努力透過降低主要範疇(包 括空調及照明系統)的能源消耗來減少溫室氣體排放。
	Taking 2022 as the baseline year, the Group targets to reduce its GHG emissions intensity (scope I + scope II) by 3% by the end of 2030.		The Group will continue feature upgrades of the building facilities and installations and monitor the electricity usage on a regular basis and follow-up with those exceeding the normal usage standards.
	將2022年作為基準年,本集團目標在2030年底前將其 溫室氣體排放密度(範圍一+範圍二)減少3%。		本集團將繼續對樓宇設施及裝置進行功能升級,並定 期監察用電量,跟進超出正常使用水平的情況。
	The GHG emission intensity (scope I + II) in 2024 remained the same as the baseline year, 2022. 2024年溫室氣體排放密度(範圍一 + 範圍二)與基準年		

Trend Analysis and Goals

2022年持平。

Hazardous waste management

All collected hazardous waste, if any, is transported and treated by authorized contractors who possess qualifications to handle hazardous waste. The amount of disposed waste is checked for consistency with contractor reports to ensure all matter is entirely disposed in the most appropriate manner. All hazardous waste is stored at designated storage points that are leak-proof and rainproof. At each stage, clear protocols have been established to ensure all hazardous matter is handled and stored in a safe and secure manner. Any incidents of spillage or leakage will be handled under proper procedures and be documented.

The major applicable laws and regulations related to the control of hazardous waste include, but are not limited to, the PRC Law on Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution from Solid Wastes. To embody sustainable development principles, we aim to explore opportunities to replace raw materials, equipment and production techniques that are highly hazardous to the environment with less hazardous alternatives. We sort our hazardous waste to ensure those recyclables are recycled, such as toner cartridges that are returned to suppliers for recycling. Furthermore, we prioritise waste recycling to minimise hazardous waste generation. For instance, we perform the measures of self-repair or send to the manufactures for recycling the damaged solar panels and electronic components before discarding.

During the Year under review, the Group's hazardous waste consists of waste printer cartridge which does not have a material impact to the operation.

Non-hazardous waste management

The typical non-hazardous waste generated by the Group's facilities includes office papers. The majority of waste is recycled by qualified contractors. We place a greater emphasis on waste reduction, as it creates the least amount if environmental impacts.

有害廢棄物管理

所有已收集的有害廢棄物(如有)均由具備有害 廢棄物處理資格的授權承包商運輸及處理。本 集團對處置後的廢棄物數量進行檢查,以確定 是否與承包商的報告一致,確保所有廢棄物均 以最適當的方式得到處置。而所有有害廢棄物均 均儲存在防漏防雨的指定存放點。本集團在每 個階段均制定明確的規程,確保所有有害物質 以安全穩妥的方式處理和儲存。任何溢出或洩 漏事故將根據適當規程處理並記錄在案。

有關有害廢棄物防治的主要適用的法律及法規 包括但不限於《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環 境防治法》。為落實可持續發展原則,我們努力 尋找機會使用危害較少的替代產品,取代對環 境危害較大的原材料、設備及生產技術。我們 將有害廢棄物分類,盡力提高回收率,例如把 可循環再用的墨粉盒交回供應商。此外,我們 優先考慮回收廢棄物,盡量減少產生有害廢棄 物。例如,在丢棄損壞的太陽能板及電子組件 前,我們會採取自行維修的措施,或送交製造 商進行回收。

於本回顧年度,本集團有害廢棄物涵蓋對營運 並無重大影響的廢棄打印機墨粉盒。

無害廢棄物管理

本集團設施產生的一般無害廢棄物包括辦公室 紙張。大部分廢棄物由合格承包商回收。相對 回收,我們更加注重減少廢棄物,因為減少廢 棄物對環境的影響往往更少。

The major applicable laws and regulations related to the control of non-hazardous waste include, but are not limited to, the PRC Law on Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution from Solid Wastes. Seeking to contribute to the closed-loop economy, we employ the following measures and initiatives to reduce the generation of non-hazardous waste, and raise recycling rates and will continue to review the effectiveness of the existing initiatives on a regular basis:

- We organize and maintain waste separation systems and recycling bins for collecting materials;
- We encourage smart printing modes in the workplace;
- We collects used paper and toner cartridges for recycling; and
- We monitor and evaluate the use of material to avoid overstock, as well as strengthen production inspection all through production processes to reduce and avoid rework.

During the Year under review, the Group disposed the sales of subprocessing cigarette films segment, the Group's non-hazardous waste consists of paper which does not have a material impact to the operation. 有關無害廢棄物防治的主要適用法律及法規包 括但不限於《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境 防治法》。為向閉環經濟做出貢獻,我們採取下 列措施及舉措減少產生無害廢棄物及提升循環 再用率,並將繼續定期檢討現有舉措的成效:

- 我們組織和維護廢棄物分離系統及用於收 集材料的回收箱;
- 我們鼓勵在工作場所使用智能打印模式;
- 我們收集用過的紙張和墨粉盒進行回收;
 及
- 我們監測及評估材料用量,以免庫存過
 多,同時加強整個生產流程的生產檢查
 以減少和避免重複製造。

於本回顧年度,本集團出售銷售加工香煙薄膜 分部後,本集團的無害廢棄物涵蓋對營運並無 重大影響的紙張。

Non-hazardous waste 無害廢棄物	Unit 單位	2024² 2024年²	2023 2023年
Incineration 焚化	kg 公斤	_	2,076
Total non-hazardous waste generated 所產生無害廢棄物總量	kg 公斤	_	2,076
Non-hazardous waste intensity	kg per m ² gross floor area ¹	_	0.10
無害廢棄物密度	每平方米建築 面積公斤1		
^{1.} Intensities in 2024 and 2023 were calculated by dividing the amount of GHG emission by the gross floor area of the Group in 2024 and 2023, which both were 21,321.6 square meter gross floor area; and	除以本 算得出	及2023年的密度乃將; 集團於2024年及2023: ·本集團於該兩個年度 5平方米;及	年的建築面積計
^{2.} Exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment that	2. 剔除於2	024年出售的銷售加工	香煙薄膜分部。

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was disposed in year 2024.

Trend Analysis and Goals		趨勢	趨勢分析及目標	
Areas 領域	Targets 目標	Progress of the current year 本年度進展	Proposed Steps 建議措施	
Waste	The Group targets to lower the waste generated from operations and business activities by 3% of waste intensity by the end of 2030 from 2022. During the Reporting Year, the Group achieved the target for generation of waste intensity. The Group will continue to reduce or maintain the waste generated	Target achieved	The Group commits to allocating additional resources towards the implementation of sustainable waste management practices, including but not limited to providing reusable containers for employees for meals, considering the products, like packing materials, made from recycled materials or that can be recycled after use.	
	from operations and business activities by 3% of waste			
廢棄物	intensity by the end of 2030 from 2022. 本集團旨在自2022年起至2030年底前將營運及業務活 動產生的廢棄物減少3%廢棄物密度。 於報告年度,本集團已達成廢棄物密度產生的目標。 本集團將繼續減少或維持自2022年起至2030年底前將 營運及業務活動產生的廢棄物減少3%廢棄物密度。	達標	本集團承諾分配額外資源以實施可持續廢棄物管理實 踐,包括但不限於為僱員提供可重覆使用的餐盒,當 中會考慮由回收材料製成或使用後可回收的包裝材料 等產品。	

Aspect A2: Use of resources

The Group is committed to continually monitoring and improving resource efficiency as an integral part of business strategy and operating methods, as well as complying with relevant government policies and environmental legislations. We will continue to review the effectiveness of the existing initiatives and set achievable targets in future years. During the Year, the Group did not encounter incident of non-compliance with all applicable laws and regulations related to the use of energy and water resources at all operating regions. Major applicable laws and regulations are detailed in respective sections.

層面A2:資源使用

作為業務策略及營運方式的重要一環,本集團 致力持續監測及改善能源效益,以及遵守相關 政府政策及環境法例。我們會繼續檢討現有舉 措的成效,並設定在未來幾年可實現的目標。 於本年度內,本集團各營運地區均無出現違反 關於能源及水資源使用的所有適用法律法規的 事件。主要適用法律及法規於各相關章節詳 述。

Energy

The Group's energy profile consists of the use of electricity and natural gas for facility operations. Fuel used for electricity is the major source of energy emission in our operations, accounted for 5% of total energy consumption in 2024, excluding electricity sold. During the Year under review, the Group consumed 25.4 mWh and (52,301) mWh of direct and indirect energy respectively, resulting a total energy intensity of (4.20) mWh per square meter gross floor area.

能源

本集團的能源狀況為使用電力及天然氣營運設施。用於電力的燃料為我們營運的主要能源排放來源,佔2024年總能源消耗5%(不包括售電量)。於本回顧年度,本集團分別消耗25.4兆瓦時及(52,301)兆瓦時直接及間接能源,總能源密度為每平方米建築面積(4.20)兆瓦時。

Energy consumption ² 能源消耗 ²	Unit 單位	2024 ³ 2024年 ³	2023 2023年
Direct	mWh	25.4	47.9
直接	兆瓦時		
Petrol (gasoline)	mWh	25.4	47.9
燃油(車用汽油)	兆瓦時		
Indirect	mWh	(52,301.2)	(53,938.0)
間接	兆瓦時		
Less: electricity sold	mWh	52,326.6	54,706.1
減:售電量	兆瓦時		
Electricity purchased	mWh	496.3	768.1
購電量	兆瓦時		
Total (Direct and Indirect)	mWh	(51,804.9)	(53,890.1)
合計(直接及間接)			
Energy intensity	mWh per m ²	(4.20)	(2.53)
	gross floor area ¹		
能源密度	每平方米建築面積		
	兆瓦時1		

- Intensities in 2024 and 2023 were calculated by dividing the amount of GHG emission by the gross floor area of the Group in 2024 and 2023, which both were 21,321.6 square meter gross floor area;
- ^{2.} The methodology adopted for energy conversion of the energy resources of the Group was based on "How to prepare an ESG Report-Appendix II: Reporting Guidance on Environmental KPIs" issued by the HKEx the IPCC Default Net Calorific Values Database; and
- ^{3.} Exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment that was disposed in year 2024.

The major applicable laws and regulations related to energy use include, but are not limited to, the PRC Law on Energy Conservation. The Group is committed to minimising fuel and electricity consumption through the following initiatives and will continue to review the effectiveness of the existing initiatives on a regular basis.

- We have installed energy-efficient LED lighting and cooling systems in production areas;
- We have replaced computer equipment, servers, and monitors with energy-efficient models;
- We have adopted minimise energy usage through the utilisation of power-saving modes of any devices for office use;
- We regularly clean the air filter of the air-conditioners regularly to improve the cool air flow efficiency; and
- We have taken necessary actions in compliance with the Building Energy Efficiency Ordinance enacted by the Government of HKSAR in planning, design and construction of property development.

- 2024年及2023年的密度乃將溫室氣體排放量 除以本集團於2024年及2023年的建築面積計 算得出,本集團於該兩個年度的建築面積均為 21,321.6平方米;
- ² 本集團就能源資源的能源轉換採納的方法乃基 於港交所及政府間氣候變化專門委員會默認淨 熱值數據庫發佈的《如何準備環境、社會及管 治報告一附錄二:環境關鍵績效指標匯報指 引》;及
- ^{3.} 剔除於2024年出售的銷售加工香煙薄膜分部。

有關能源使用的主要適用法律及法規包括但不限於《中華人民共和國節約能源法》。本集團致 力透過下列舉措減少燃料和電力消耗,並將繼 續定期檢討現有舉措的成效。

- 我們在生產區域安裝了節能LED照明及冷 卻系統;
- 我們將電腦設備、伺服器及螢幕替換為 節能型號;
- 我們利用辦公設備的節能模式盡量減少能
 源使用量;
- 我們定期清潔空調的空氣過濾器,以提高冷空氣流動效率;及
- 我們已根據香港特別行政區政府頒佈的 《建築物能源效益條例》,在物業發展的規 劃、設計及建造方面採取必要行動。

Trend Analysis and Goals		趨勢分析及目標	
Areas 領域	Targets 目標	Progress of the current year 本年度進展	Proposed Steps 建議措施
Energy	In line with the goals of GHG emissions reductions, the Group targets to lower the GHG emissions in the purchase of electricity for operations, which is the largest contributor to the Group's GHG profile, by 3% of energy intensity by 2030 from 2022.	Target in progress	On top of electricity conservation, the Group commits to focus its efforts on improving energy efficiency of its equipment through upgrades and procurement.
能源	根據減少溫室氣體排放的目標,本集團目標自2022年 起至2030年前將就營運採購電力的溫室氣體排放量(此 為本集團溫室氣體的最大來源)減少為能源密度的3%	實現目標中	除節約用電外 · 本集團透過升級及採購 · 致力提升設備能 效 。

Water resources

Production processes as well as general amenities make use of water. At the Group, our facilities withdraw water mainly from municipal supplies. We have not encountered any issues in sourcing water that is fit for purpose. However, water resources should not be taken for granted and conserved to ensure a sustainable future.

The major applicable laws and regulations related to water use include, but are not limited to, the Water Law of PRC. In order to reduce wastewater, the Group practices the following initiatives to curtail our water consumption currently and continue to review the effectiveness of existing initiatives and set achievable targets in future years.

- We regularly check piping and taps for leakages and damage, and ensure their prompt repair;
- We monitor water readings at regular intervals when no water is being used to ensure against hidden water leakages;
- We give priority to effective water-saving products, such as the adoption of low or dual flush toilets, and low-flow faucets or water outlets;
- We raise staff awareness in water saving in production and office operations through education and promotion;

生產流程及一般設施均須用水。本集團的設施 主要源自市政供水。我們在求取適用水源上並 無遇到任何問題。然而,我們不應將水資源視 為理所當然,而應節約用水以保障可持續發展 的未來。

水資源

有關用水的主要適用法律及法規包括但不限於 《中華人民共和國水法》。為減少廢水,本集團 現時採取以下措施減少用水量,並繼續檢討現 有措施的成效,以及設定未來幾年可實現的目 標。

- 我們定期檢查管道和水龍頭是否漏水和損壞,確保盡快得到維修;
- 我們在不用水時定期監測水錶讀數,確
 保不存在漏水隱患;
- 我們優先選用有效節水產品,例如低或
 雙重抽水馬桶以及低流量水龍頭或出水
 口;
- 我們透過教育及宣傳,提高員工在生產
 及辦公營運時的節水意識;

- We will take the Water Efficiency Labelling Scheme (WELS) • implemented by Water Supplies Department into account during selection of plumbing fixtures and water-consuming devices; and
- The Group selects the plumbing fixtures and waterconsuming devices with Water Efficiency Grade 1 or 2 as far as practicable.

During the Year under review, the Group consumed a total of 171 cubic metre of water, resulting in a water intensity of 0.01 cubic metre per square meter gross floor area.

- 在選擇水務裝置及用水器具時,我們 會參考水務署推行的用水效益標籤計劃 (WELS);及
- 本集團盡可能選用用水效益1級或2級的 . 水務裝置及用水器具。

於本回顧年度,本集團共消耗171立方米水, 耗水密度為每平方米建築面積0.01立方米。

Water consumption 水資源消耗	Unit 單位	2024² 2024年²	2023 2023年
Total water consumption 總耗水量	cubic metre 立方米		13,927.4
Water consumption intensity 耗水密度 Intensities in 2024 and 2023 were calculated by dividing the amo			0.6 7) 將溫室氣體排放量 2023年的建築面積計
of GHG emission by the gross floor area of the Group in 2024 a 2023, which both were 21,321.6 square meter gross floor area; an 2	d 算 21		固年度的建築面積均為
^{2.} Exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment t	hat ⁴ 例	I际於ZUZ4千百告的朝日	5加工省涅溥脵刀部。

was disposed in year 2024.

Trend Analysis and Goals		趨勢分析及目標		
Areas 領域	Targets 目標	Progress of the current year 本年度進展	Proposed Steps 建議措施	
Water	Taking 2022 as the baseline year, the Group targets to reduce the water consumption intensity by 3% in 2025, from 0.59 cubic metre per m ² gross floor area (excluding the lost water of 8,000 cubic metre caused by the burst	Target achieved	The Group plans to improve water recirculating system and employ advanced water recycling facilities to enhance water efficiency.	
	fire pipe).		More inspection, checking and maintain are to be made to prevent the accidence of burst fire pipe.	
	During the Reporting Year, the Group achieved the target for water consumption intensity. The Group will continue to reduce or maintain the water consumption intensity by 3% by the end of 2025 from 2022.			
水	將2022年作為基準年,本集團目標於2025年將耗水密 度由每平方米建築面積0.59立方米(不包括因消防管爆 裂而損失的8.000立方米水)降低3%。	達標	達標 本集團計劃改進水循環系統並採用先進的 提升用水效益。	本集團計劃改進水循環系統並採用先進的再生水設施 ,藉此 提升用水效益 。
	於報告年度,本集團已達成耗水密度的目標。本集團將 繼續減少或維持自2022年起至2025年前將耗水密度降 低3%。		加強視察、檢查及維護,防止消防管爆裂事故的發生。	
Packaging material

During the Year under review, the Group disposed the sales of subprocessing cigarette films segment, the Group did not consume any packaging material.

包裝材料

於本回顧年度,本集團出售銷售加工香煙薄膜 分部後,本集團並無消耗任何包裝材料。

Packaging material consumption 包裝材料消耗	Unit 單位	2024² 2024年²	2023 2023年
Total packaging consumption 包裝材料消耗總量	kg 公斤	-	6,567.0
Packaging consumption intensity	kg per m ² gross floor area ¹	_	0.3
包裝材料消耗密度	每平方米建築 面積公斤1		
1. Intensities in 2024 and 2022 were calculated by dividing th	2024	在及2022年的密度乃够	四云句碑作故景

- ^{1.} Intensities in 2024 and 2023 were calculated by dividing the amount of GHG emission by the gross floor area of the Group in 2024 and 2023, which both were 21,321.6 square meter gross floor area;
- ^{2.} Exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment that was disposed in year 2024.

Aspect A3: The environment and natural resources

The Group strives to build an eco-conscious culture that ingrains positive lifestyles and habits among employees. For corporate social activities and other events, low-carbon dietary choices and products from social enterprises are prioritised. Waste reduction plans are rolled out for large-scale events. 2024年及2023年的密度乃將溫室氣體排放量除以本集團於2024年及2023年的建築面積計算得出,本集團於該兩個年度的建築面積均為 21,321.6平方米;

^{2.} 剔除於**2024**年出售的銷售加工香煙薄膜分部。

層面A3:環境及天然資源

本集團致力建設生態友善文化,使僱員養成良 好的生活方式和習慣,並於企業社會活動及其 他活動優先選用來自社會企業的低碳食物及產 品,對大型活動推行減廢計劃。

Aspect A4: Climate change

The Group understands the importance of climate change which leads to extreme weather followed by many challenges to water resources, emission regulations and energy development. As a responsible corporate citizen, we consistently identify and analyse the environmental sustainability development strategies in respect of emission control (Aspect A1: Emissions and waste generated), energy use efficiency and water efficiency (Aspect A2: Use of resources) across our operations.

Recently, the development of renewable energy industry has been encouraged worldwide as the renewable energy could help reduce the adverse impacts of climate change. However, the changing climate also changes the cloud patterns and air temperature that impact the photovoltaic electricity generation of the Group, resulting in annual fluctuation of photovoltaic resources. In order to minimise the impact of climate change, the Group carries out comprehensive photovoltaic resource tests to obtain the photovoltaic installed capacity data in prior to the development and construction work. The maintenance and repair work of the photovoltaic facilities are also undertaken on a regular basis.

層面A4:氣候變化

本集團明白氣候變化的重要性,氣候變化會導 致極端天氣,隨之而來的是對水資源、排放規 定及能源開發的諸多挑戰。作為負責任的企業 公民,我們始終如一地識別及分析我們營運的 排放控制(層面A1:排放物及所產生廢棄物)、 能源使用效益及用水效益(層面A2:資源使用) 方面的環境可持續發展策略。

近年,世界各國紛紛鼓勵發展再生能源產業, 因為再生能源有助於減少氣候變化的不利影 響。然而,氣候變化亦改變了雲層形態及氣 溫,影響本集團光伏發電,導致光伏資源連年 波動。為盡量減少氣候變化的影響,本集團在 開發及建造工程前進行全面的光伏資源測試, 獲取光伏裝置容量數據,並且定期進行光伏設 施的維護及維修工作。

Risk 風險		Potential impacts 潛在影響	Steps taken 所採取的措施
Physical Risk 實質風險	The increased frequency and severity of extreme weather such as typhoons, storms, floods, heatwaves and heavy rains 颱風、風暴、洪水、熱浪和 暴雨等極端天氣漸趨頻密和 嚴重	This can disrupt the Group's operations by damaging the power grid, and communication infrastructures, and injuring the employees during their work, leading to reduced capacity and decreased in productivity, or expose the Group to risks associated with non-performance and delayed performance. 這可能會破壞電網和通訊基 礎設施,並使僱員遭受工 傷,從而擾亂本集團的營 運,導致產能和生產力下 降,或使本集團面臨與不履 約或延遲履約相關的風險。	To minimise the potential risks and hazards, the Group implements flexible working arrangements and precautionary measures during bad or extreme weather conditions. The Group has formulated emergency plans to deal with extreme weathers, which aims to reduce the disruption and loss due to suspension of operations. 為盡量減少潛在風險及危 害,本集團實施惡劣或極端 天氣情況下彈性工作安排和 預防措施。本集團已制定應 對極端天氣的應急計劃,旨 在減少因暫停營運所造成的 衝擊和損失。
Transition Risk 轉型風險	The Group anticipates that there will be more stringent climate and environmental legislations, rules and regulations 本集團預計氣候和環境立 法、法律和法規將趨於嚴厲	The stricter environmental laws and regulations and the increasing requirements of climate-related information disclosures will cause the Group's compliance cost to surge and may expose the Group to higher risks of claims and lawsuits. Corporate reputation may also decline due to failure to meet the compliance requirements for climate change. Extra capital investment and compliance costs may require to fulfill the more stringent requirements. 更嚴厲的環境法律和法規及 日益增加的氣候相關資訊披 露要求將導致本集團的合規 成本急增,並可能使本集團 的索賠及訴訟風險上升。 企業聲譽也可能因未能滿足 氣候變化的合規要求而下 降,需要額外投入資本投資 及合規成本才可滿足日漸嚴 格的要求。	In response to the policy and legal risks as well as the reputation risks, the Group monitors existing and emerging trends, policies and regulations relevant to environmental and climate change on a regular basis. The Group also be prepared to inform the top management where necessary to avoid cost increments, non-compliance fines and/or reputational risks due to delayed response. The Group strives to improve its ESG performance through the maintenance of good corporate governance standard, stakeholder communication and business diversification. 因應政策及法律風險以及聲 譽風險,本集團定期監察與 環境及氣候變化相關的現有 及新興趨勢、政策及法規。 本集團亦會作好準備,在必 要時知會最高管理層,以避 免因延遲應對而導致成本上 漲、招致不合規罰款及/ 或面臨聲譽風險。本集團致 力透過維持良好企業管治標 準、持份者溝通及業務多元 化,提升其環境、社會及管 治表現。

III. SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Group ingrains social responsibility into all aspects of its operations. Maintaining honest and authentic dialogue with staff, the Group seeks to address their needs and views that ensure our conduct is responsible at all times. We commit to offer a fair and safe workplace with staff development opportunities. Furthermore, the Group commits to deliver high quality products grounded on ethical business conduct and supply chain management, as well as to engage meaningfully in the community.

Aspect B1: Employment

The Group employed 41 employees, of which 28 and 13 are male and female staff respectively as at the end of the Year. The Group's employees are all full-time, with the majority of staff in the age range of 31-60. In terms of the workforce by region, around 21 and 4 of the Group's employees were located in Xuzhou and Shenzhen respectively, with the remaining staff located in Hong Kong. The detail of workforce by age group and region is presented at below table.

Ⅲ. 社會責任

本集團將社會責任融入其經營的各個方面。本 集團與員工保持真誠對話,務求回應彼等的需 求及意見,確保我們的行為始終負責任。我們 致力提供公平安全的工作環境,讓員工獲得發 展機會。此外,本集團承諾在符合商業道德及 供應鏈管理的基礎上提供優質產品,並推動社 區發展。

層面B1:僱傭

於本年度末,本集團僱有41名僱員,其中男性 及女性分別為28人及13人。本集團的僱員均為 全職僱員,大部分員工年齡為31至60歲。按照 地區劃分僱員總數,本集團約21名及4名僱員 分別駐於徐州及深圳,其餘則在香港。按年齡 組別及地區劃分的僱員總數詳情呈列如下表。

Employees ¹ 僱員 ¹	Unit 單位	2024² 2024年²	2023 2023年
Group 本集團	person 人	41	57
By Age 按年齡			
Under 30	person	2	2
30歲或以下	人		
31 – 40	person	15	24
31至40歲	人		
41 – 50	person	14	15
41至50歲	人		
51 – 60	person	7	10
51至60歲	人		
Above 60	person	3	6
60歲以上	人		
By Region			
按地區			
Xuzhou	person	21	25
徐州	人		
Huaian	person	-	14
淮安	人		
Shenzhen	person	4	4
深圳	人		
Hong Kong	person	16	14
香港	人		
^{1.} The employment data in headcount was obtained from the Group's Human Resources Department based on the employment contracts	的僱傭合	牧數據是根據本集團與 合約,從本集團的人力 5.根據當地右關注律開	資源部獲得。此

- Human Resources Department based on the employment contracts entered into between the Group and its employees. The data covered employees engaged in a direct employment relationship with the Group according to relevant local laws and workers whose work and/ or workplace was controlled by the Group. The methodology adopted for reporting on employment data set out above was based on "How to Prepare an ESG Report — Appendix 3: Reporting Guidance on Social KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange; and
- ^{2.} Exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment that was disposed in year 2024.
- 僱員入數數據定依據本朱圉與共僱員之间訂立 的僱傭合約,從本集團的人力資源部獲得。此 數據涵蓋根據當地有關法律與本集團有直接僱 傭關係的僱員以及其工作和/或工作場所受本 集團控制的員工。上述報告僱員數據所採用的 方法乃基於聯交所發佈的《如何準備環境、社 會及管治報告一附錄三:社會關鍵績效指標匯 報指引》;及
- ^{2.} 剔除於2024年出售的銷售加工香煙薄膜分部。

Based on the principles of fairness and equality, the Group's human resources policies adhere to relevant labour laws, regulations and industry practices, covering areas such as compensation, dismissal, promotion, working hours, recruitment, rest periods, diversity and other benefits and welfare. During the Year, the Group did not encounter any incidents of non-compliance with all major applicable laws and regulations related to employment at all operating regions. Major laws and regulations applicable include, but are not limited to the Labour Law of the PRC.

Remuneration and welfare

Employees of the Group are remunerated at a competitive level and are rewarded according to their performance and experience. The Group's human resources policies outline the terms and conditions of employment, expectations for employees' conduct and behaviours, and employees' rights and benefits. The remuneration package of employees may include incentive schemes, discretionary bonuses and/or over-time payments, in addition to salaries. Any applicable restrictions on wage deduction are stated transparently in the human resources policies. The promotion and remuneration of the Group's employees are subject to periodic review.

Recruitment and promotion

The human resources department of respective subsidiary conducts a comprehensive recruitment review process based on predetermined job function requirements. The Group's recruitment and promotion process are carried out in a fair and open manner for all employees; employees are recognized and rewarded by their contribution, work performance and skills, and outcomes will not be affected by any discrimination on the grounds of age, sex, marital status, family status, race, disability, nationality, religion, political affiliation and sexual orientation and other factors. In the case of dismissal, adherence to the Group's human resources policies ensures the entire procedure is compliant with statutory requirements. 本集團人力資源政策基於公平及平等原則,及 參考相關勞動法律、法規及行業慣例撰寫,涵 蓋薪酬、解僱、晉升、工時、招聘、假期、 多元化及其他福利和福祉等方面。於本年度, 本集團各營運地區均無出現違反關於僱傭的主 要適用法律及法規的事件。主要的適用法律法 規包括但不限於《中華人民共和國勞動法》。

薪酬及福利

本集團的僱員享有具競爭力的薪酬,並根據其 表現及經驗獲得相應的獎勵。本集團人力資源 政策載列僱傭條款及條件、對僱員操守及行為 的期望以及僱員的權利及福利。除薪金外,僱 員薪酬待遇包括激勵計劃、酌情花紅及/或加 班費。任何適用於工資扣減的限制均清晰載於 人力資源政策。本集團會定期檢討僱員的晉升 及薪酬。

招聘及晉升

各附屬公司的人力資源部門根據預先設定的崗 位職能要求進行全面的招聘檢討流程。本集團 以公平公開方式對全體僱員進行招聘及晉升流 程:僱員根據貢獻、工作表現及技能獲得認可 及獎勵,結果不會因年齡、性別、婚姻狀況、 家庭狀況、種族、傷殘、國籍、宗教、政治 背景、性取向及其他因素受到影響。如發生解 僱,本集團將根據人力資源政策處理以確保整 個程序符合法定要求。

Anti-discrimination and diversity

We embrace inclusive employment that builds a respectful workplace. The Group is an equal opportunity employer and does not discriminate on the basis of age, sex, marital status, family status, race, disability, nationality, religion, political affiliation and sexual orientation. Personnel staff, line manager and all other employees who may be involved in staff recruitment receive training in non-discriminatory practices. We promote a harmonious and respectful workplace for all. With the aim to ensure fair and equal protection for all employees, the Group has zero-tolerance for sexual harassment or other forms of abuse in the workplace in any form, which is a violation of the labour laws.

Employee communications

The Group's policies and procedures included in staff handbooks are reviewed and updated regularly. The Group discourages and disallows any behaviour that violates the regulations in staff handbooks. Offenders will receive a warning, and the Group has the right to terminate the employment contract with offenders for any serious violations. The Group's staff grievance mechanism provides confidential channels by which staff may report suspected cases of rights infringement, which are then handled according to formal procedures.

Work-life balance

We seek to cultivate a culture of healthy work-life balance. The working hours management policy ensures no excessive working hours. The Group, subject to the human resources policies of respective subsidiary, assists staff to balance commitments outside of work. Regular reviews are held to refine and improve work-life balance arrangements. To encourage social bonding in the workplace, the Group arranged recreational events during the Year, such as staff leisure activities that promote cohesive bonding among employees.

反對歧視以及多元化

我們擁護具包容性的就業環境,以建立互相尊 重的工作場所。本集團是平等機會的僱主,不 會因年齡、性別、婚姻狀況、家庭狀況、種 族、傷殘、國籍、宗教、政治背景及性取向而 有歧視。人事部職員、直屬經理及所有其他可 能參與員工招聘的僱員均需接受非歧視實踐的 培訓。我們致力為全體僱員營造和諧且互相尊 重的工作環境。為確保全體僱員獲得公正平等 的對待,本集團絕不容忍在工作場所內出現性 騷擾或其他形式的欺凌等違反勞動法的行為。

僱員溝通

本集團會定期檢討及更新員工手冊所載的各項 政策及程序。本集團不鼓勵及禁止任何違反員 工手冊規定的行為。違者將收到警告,本集 團亦有權終止嚴重違規員工的僱傭合約。本集 團的員工投訴機制提供保密渠道,供員工舉報 涉嫌侵權個案,而有關個案會根據正式程序處 理。

工作與生活平衡

我們尋求培養工作與生活平衡的健康文化。工 時管理政策確保不會出現過度工時。本集團在 遵循各附屬公司人力資源政策的前提下,協助 員工平衡工作以外的責任,並定期檢討以優化 改善工作與生活平衡的安排。為鼓勵在工作場 所的社交聯繫,本集團於本年度安排各類休閒 活動,例如員工消閒活動,促進僱員之間的凝 聚力。 During the Year, the Group's employee turnover rate was 10%. The table below presents the turnover rate by gender, age and geographical region.

於本年度,本集團僱員流失率為10%。下表呈 列按性別、年齡及地區劃分的僱員流失率。

Turnover rate ¹	Unit	2024 ²	2023
流失率1	單位	2024年 ²	2023年
Group	0/	10	F
本集團 Pri Conden	%	10	5
By Gender 按性別			
Male			
男性	%	11	5
Female	70		5
女性	%	8	6
By Age			
按年齡			
Under 30			
30歲或以下	%	0	0
31 – 40			
31至40歲	%	0	0
41 – 50			
41至50歲	%	0	13
51 – 60			
51至60歲	%	40	10
By Region			
按地區			
Xuzhou			
徐州	%	19	0
Huaian	0/		
淮安	%	_	14
Hong Kong 香港	0/	0	7
省沧	%	0	7
^{1.} The turnover data in headcount was obtained from the Group's Human Resources Department based on the employment contracts entered into between the Group and its employees. Turnover rate was calculated by dividing the number of employees who resigned in 2024 by the number of employees in 2024. The methodology adopted for reporting on turnover data set out above was based on	的僱傭合 得。 流失 2024年的 員流失數	數據是根據本集團與 約,其乃從本集團自 案率是將2024年的離戰 約僱員人數而計算得よ 據所採用的方法乃基 構環境、社會及管治:	的人力資源部獲 職僱員人數除以 出。上述報告僱 於聯交所發佈的

^{2.} Exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment that was disposed in year 2024.

on Social KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange; and

"How to Prepare an ESG Report — Appendix 3: Reporting Guidance

剔除於2024年出售的銷售加工香煙薄膜分部。

社會關鍵績效指標匯報指引》;及

2.

Aspect B2: Workplace health and safety

The Group is committed to create and maintain a workplace that minimises safety risk and maximises the health and welfare of our employees. It is of paramount importance to ensure a safe and healthy workplace for our employees. The Group's "Guidelines on Occupational Safety and Health" was established to inform employees of potential health and safety hazards in the workplace, and the corresponding preventative measures. During the Year, the Group did not encounter any incident of non-compliance with all applicable laws and regulations related to occupational health and safety at all operating regions. Major applicable laws and regulations include, but are not limited to, the PRC Law on Work Safety.

The Group spares no effort to safeguard the safety of our employees and the workplace. We adopt the best practices through the following safety policies and procedures.

- All safety management system responsibilities and accountabilities are identified and allocated. We conduct safety risk assessments that identify and control work hazards within the prescribed hierarchy of control, and residual risk evaluation within the guidelines. We take a preventionorientation approach where on-site inspections are conducted frequently to rectify any non-conformances before further complications. We will also establish the rectification measures according to safety inspection results;
- We implement transparent mechanisms for reporting hazards, injuries, illnesses and close calls. It is ensured all accidents are investigated and reviewed. Working with line managers, corrective actions that address root causes are drawn up. Any non-compliance to safety rules and regulations, negligence of duties, irresponsibility is to be held responsible;
- We have systematic claims management mechanisms for personnel injured at work. In the unfortunate event of an incident, we place great importance on a healthy rehabilitation process. We assist a smooth rehabilitation process whereby the well-being and self-esteem of the individual is promoted; and

層面B2:工作場所健康與安全

本集團致力創造和維持可最大限度降低安全風 險及增進僱員健康及福祉的工作環境。確保僱 員有一個安全健康的工作環境至關重要。本集 團制定「職業安全與健康指南」,告知員工工作 場所潛在的健康和安全危害,以及相應的預防 措施。於本年度內,本集團各營運地區均無出 現違反關於職業健康及安全的所有適用法律法 規的事件。主要的適用法律法規包括但不限於 《中華人民共和國安全生產法》。

本集團不遺餘力地保障僱員安全,並提供安全 的工作場所。我們透過下列安全政策及程序採 納最佳常規。

- 所有安全管理制度責任及問責制均已確定 及分配至有關部門。我們會進行安全風 險評估,規定控制層級識別和控制工作 危害,並根據指引開展剩餘風險評估。 我們採取預防為主的方針,頻繁進行現 場視察,糾正任何違規情況以避免造成 進一步的複雜情況。我們亦將根據安全 檢查結果制定整改措施;
- 我們實施透明的事故報告機制,包括對 危害、受傷、患病及險失的報告,確保 所有事故得到調查及檢討。有關部門會 與直屬經理合作制定解決根本原因的糾 正措施。凡違反安全規章制度、疏忽職 守,不負責任的行為將被追究責任;
- 我們有系統化的工傷人員索賠管理機制。如不幸發生事故時,我們十分重視當事人的健康恢復過程。我們會協助其順利康復,促進個人的健康和自尊;及

We ensure that persons performing tasks are competent and training attendance records are well documented. All new employees undergo general safety orientations. Signin procedures are implemented for contractors and visitors to ensure their safety. All subcontracted work, such as construction work, is to be performed with equally stringent safety standards. Prior to work commencement, we request the safety risk assessment reports and monitor the situations at regular intervals.

The Group had consecutively attained a zero rate (i.e. 0%) of workrelated fatalities in the past three years. If any case occurred, the cases would be handled according to internal accident handling procedures and reported to the relevant authority in compliance with the law. The filed cases will be used as training materials to assist employees to prevent reoccurrence.

Aspect B3: Development and training

People are our greatest assets. We tailor the macro-level development of our human capital to the Group's corporate strategy. At respective subsidiaries, the Group develops yearly training plans that comply with relevant statutory requirements and cater to the needs of our staff. During annual appraisal sessions, in-depth consultations ensure micro-level training needs are identified. Internal training programmes provided by the Group include induction training, on-the-job training, mentoring schemes, and cross-departmental training. To further promote continuous development, staff is entitled to educational leaves to attend external programmes, such as external public trainings, lectures and seminars. The Group provides tuition reimbursement for eligible staff to engage in programmes that enrich job knowledge. During the Year, the Group did not encounter any incident of noncompliance with statutory requirements related to staff training and development at all operating regions.

 我們確保執行任務的人員能夠勝任,並 會妥善記錄培訓出席情況。所有新入職 僱員均須接受一般安全入職培訓。為確 保承包商和訪客的安全,我們實施了登 記程序。所有分包工程,例如建造工 程,須遵守同等嚴格的安全標準。在動 工前,我們會索取安全風險評估報告並 定期監察情況。

本集團在過去連續三年維持零工傷率(即0%)。 如有任何情況發生,會按照內部事故處理程序 處理,並依法向有關當局報告。已紀錄案例 將用作為培訓材料,防止僱員再次發生相同情 況。

層面B3:發展及培訓

員工是我們最大的資產。我們根據本集團企業 戰略訂製人力資本的宏觀發展計劃。在各附屬 公司層面而言,本集團制定年度培訓計劃,有 關計劃符合相關法定要求,並切合員工需要。 年度評估環節包括深度諮詢,確保識別微觀培 訓需求。本集團提供的內部培訓課程包括入職 培訓、在職培訓、輔導計劃及跨部門培訓。 為進一步促進持續發展,員工享有進修假,以 便參加外部公開培訓、講座和研討會等外部課 程。本集團為符合資格的員工提供學費報銷, 支持他們參加提升工作知識的課程。於本年 度,本集團各營運地區均無出現違反關於員工 培訓及發展的法定要求的事件。

During the Year, a total number of 12 employees have attended training, of which 67% (2023: 67%) and 33% (2023: 33%) were male and female respectively. In terms of employee category, out of the 12 (2023: 15) trained employees, 42% (2023: 7%), 25% (2023: 7%), 17% (2023: 33%), and 17% (2023: 53%) of employees from director, technician, administration management and general employee. In terms of total employees, 29% and 31% of total male and female employees respectively attended training course. In terms of employee category, 45%, 38%, 50% and 11% of employees trained were of director, technician, administration management and general employee respectively.

於本年度,共有12名僱員參加培訓,其中男 性及女性分別佔67%(2023年:67%)及33% (2023年:33%)。按僱員類別劃分,接受培 訓的12名(2023年:15名)僱員中,董事、技 術人員、行政管理人員及一般員工分別佔42% (2023年:7%)、25%(2023年:7%)、17% (2023年:33%)及17%(2023年:53%)。就 僱員總數而言,參加培訓課程的男性及女性僱 員分別佔總人數的29%及31%。按僱員類別劃 分,接受培訓的僱員中,董事、技術人員、 行政管理人員及一般員工分別佔45%、38%、 50%及11%。

Percentage of employees trained ¹ 受訓僱員佔比 ¹	Unit 單位	2024 ² 2024年 ²	2023 2023年
Group 本集團	%	29	26
By Gender			
按性別			
Male	%	29	26
男性			
Female	%	31	28
女性			
By Position			
按職位			
Director	%	45	14
董事			
Technician	%	38	11
技術人員			
Administration management	%	50	42
行政管理人員			
General employees	%	11	28
一般員工			
^{1.} The training information was obtained from the Group's Human Resources Department. Training refers to the vocational training that the Group's employees attended in 2024 and 2023. The methodology adopted for reporting on the number and percentage of employees trained set out above was based on "How to Prepare an ESG Report	本集團條 訓。上文 法乃基方	斗來自本集團人力資源 重員於2024年及2023 て所載的受訓僱員人數 《聯交所發佈的《如何 發告一附錄三:社會關	年參加的職業培 和比例的列報方 準備環境、社會

² Exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment that was disposed in year 2024.

- Appendix 3: Reporting Guidance on Social KPIs" issued by the

剔除於2024年出售的銷售加工香煙薄膜分部。

指引》。

Stock Exchange.

During the Year, the Group has provided a total of 57 training hours for staff, which averages to 0.8 and 0.3 hours per male and female staff. In term of employment category, an average of 0.5, 6, 0.5 and 0.1 training hours per staff were received by director, technician, administration management and general staff respectively. 於本年度,本集團為員工提供合共57個小時的 培訓,每名男性及女性員工平均分別為0.8及 0.3個小時。按僱傭類別劃分,董事、技術人 員、行政管理人員及一般員工分別平均每人接 受0.5、6、0.5及0.1個小時的培訓。

Average training hours ¹ 平均培訓時數 ¹	Unit 單位	2024 ² 2024年 ²	2023 2023年
Group	hour	0.6	4.2
本集團	小時		
By Gender			
按性別			
Male	hour	0.8	4.1
男性	小時		
Female	hour	0.3	4.4
女性	小時		
By Position			
按職位			
Director	hour	0.5	2.3
董事	小時		
Technician	hour	6	1.8
技術人員	小時		
Administration management	hour	0.5	6.7
行政管理人員	小時		
General staff	hour	0.1	4.4
一般員工	小時		
^{1.} The training information was obtained from the Group's Human Resources Department. Training refers to the vocational training that	本集團僱	科來自本集團人力資源 経員於2024年及2023 「所載的受訓僱員人數	年參加的職業培

Resources Department. Training refers to the vocational training that the Group's employees attended in 2024 and 2023. The methodology adopted for reporting on the number and percentage of employees trained set out above was based on "How to Prepare an ESG Report — Appendix 3: Reporting Guidance on Social KPIs" issued by the Stock Exchange.

² Exclusion of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment that was disposed in year 2024. 剔除於2024年出售的銷售加工香煙薄膜分部。

2.

訓。上文所載的受訓僱員人數和比例的列報方 法乃基於聯交所發佈的《如何準備環境、社會 及管治報告-附錄三:社會關鍵績效指標匯報 指引》。

Aspect B4: Labour Standards

The Group has established and implemented anti-child and forced labour policies that meet the highest legal and ethical standards. We do not engage in or condone the unlawful employment or exploitation of children in the workplace or the use of forced labour. Staff handbooks contain clear policies relating to relevant labour laws, regulations and industry practices, covering areas such as compensation, dismissal, promotion, working hours, recruitment, rest periods, diversity and other benefits and welfare. Employment contracts stipulate terms and conditions in adherence to statutory regulations, and are available in multiple languages as necessary. The rights and freedoms of every individual are protected as no worker is asked for surrender identification documents nor lodge fees or deposits as a condition of employment. Cases of child labour in our businesses are averted by conducting age verification of all job applicants. Any employee that suspects a breach of the policy should submit reports through grievance mechanisms of respective subsidiaries.

During the Year under review, the Group did not encounter any incident of non-compliance with all applicable laws and regulations related to anti-child and anti-forced labour practices at all operating regions. Major applicable laws and regulations include, but are not limited to, the Labour Law of the PRC.

Aspect B5: Supply chain management

Leveraging on our status as a major industry player, we recognise the multiplied impact through engaging our suppliers. The Group is committed to develop and maintain effective and mutually beneficial working relationships with our business partners. During the Year, we have partnered with a total of 22 suppliers and subcontractors, mainly from Mainland China. Sub-contracted work includes binding and types of hand-work at some operating regions.

層面B4:勞工標準

本集團制定並實施符合最高法律和道德標準的 禁止童工及強制勞工政策。我們不會參與或 縱容在工作場所非法僱用和剝削兒童或強制勞 工。員工手冊載有有關勞工法律、法規及行業 慣例的明確政策,涵蓋薪酬、解僱、晉升、工 時、招聘、假期、多元化及其他福利和福祉等 方面的政策。僱傭合約的條款及條件符合法定 規例,在有需要時可提供多種語言版本。每個 人的權利及自由均受保障,工人不會被要求提 交身份證明文件或繳納任何費用或押金作為僱 傭條件。本集團對所有應聘者進行年齡核實, 避免業務營運出現童工。任何員工若懷疑政策 遭到違反,應透過各附屬公司相關的申訴機制 作出舉報。

於本回顧年度,本集團各營運地區均無出現違 反關於禁止童工及強制勞工的所有適用法律法 規的事件。主要的適用法律法規包括但不限於 《中華人民共和國勞動法》。

層面B5:供應鏈管理

憑藉我們作為主要行業領導者的地位,我們 知悉到透過與供應商合作可以產生更深遠的影 響。本集團致力與業務夥伴建立和維持有效互 惠的合作關係。於本年度,我們共與22家供應 商及分包商建立合作夥伴關係,主要來自中國 內地。分包工作包括於部分營運地區的裝訂及 各類手工。 The supplier code of conduct of respective subsidiaries requires full compliance with all applicable local and national laws. They must ensure all operations are environmentally-responsible, uphold human rights and business ethics. All engaged suppliers and subcontractors are required to submit statements declaring conformity to the respective code of conduct. Self-assessment questionnaires and/or internal audits are used to evaluate supply chains. To promote accountability, some supplier premises are provided with confidential communication channels to report actual or suspected breaches of the code of conduct. In order to reduce the risk associated with the supply chain from service and products quality provided by suppliers, we evaluate existing suppliers on a regular basis and terminate the supply relationship with those found to be in serious non-compliance or whose quality fails to meet the requirements.

In addition to engaging suppliers, sustainable procurement is another avenue to mitigate the impact of supply chain activities. We collaborate with key suppliers in support of environmentallyresponsible procurement. New supplier is selected according to our selection criteria to maintain the Group's sustainable development. During the Year, we prioritise the procurement of office equipment with energy-saving features, replaceable parts that are supported by supplier-provided recycling schemes. Also, we will continue to convey our expectation to our suppliers and assess their performance in term of our sustainability vision as well as encourage them to prioritise the adoption of environmentally friendly products.

Aspect B6: Product responsibility

The Group offers quality products and services grounded on responsible operating practices. We commit to meet customer needs through innovation and sound business ethics.

Product quality and safety

Displaying ability, professionalism and reliability in everything we do, we offer products and services with added value. During the Year, the Group did not encountered any incident of non-compliance with all applicable laws and regulations related to product/service quality and safety at all operating regions. Major applicable laws and regulations include, but are not limited to, the Product Quality Act of PRC. 各附屬公司的供應商行為守則要求必須完全遵 守所有適用的本地及國家法律。彼等必須確保 所有業務營運均對環境負責、維護人權及商業 道德。所有合作的供應商及分包商必須提交遵 守相關行為守則的聲明。我們使用自我評估問 卷及/或內部審核對供應鏈進行評估。為促進 問責,部分供應商的處所設立保密溝通渠道, 以舉報實際或涉嫌違反行為守則的行為。為了 降低供應商所提供服務及產品質量的供應鏈相 關風險,我們定期對現有供應商進行評估,如 發現嚴重不合規或質量不符合要求的供應商, 則終止合作關係。

除與供應商溝通外,可持續採購是減輕供應鏈 影響的另一途徑。我們與主要供應商合作,支 持以對環境負責任的方式進行採購。我們根據 我們的甄選標準挑選新供應商,以維持本集團 的可持續發展。於本年度,我們優先採購具有 節能功能的辦公室設備,以及零件可更換並符 合供應商提供的回收計劃的產品。此外,我們 將繼續向供應商傳達我們的期望,並根據我們 的可持續發展願景評估其表現,以及鼓勵供應 商優先採用環保產品。

層面B6:產品責任

本集團在負責任經營的基礎上提供優質產品及 服務。我們致力透過創新和恪守商業道德滿足 客戶需求。

產品質量及安全

在我們的每項工作中展現實力、專業精神和可 靠性,並提供具附加值的產品及服務。於本 年度,本集團各營運地區均無出現違反關於產 品/服務質量及安全的所有適用法律法規的事 件。主要的適用法律法規包括但不限於《中華人 民共和國產品質量法》。

With a customer-focused and evidence-based approach, the Group strives for continual improvement to product quality. The Group's management system is implemented through performing quality assurance to examine the product's quality against required parameters at every stage of the production process.

Input raw materials are tested against customers' technical specifications. Finished products undergo inspections prior to packaging and delivery to clients. Each department is tasked with achieving their own quality based targets in consideration of both the industry and market standards.

The Group also implements a source-to-end inspection framework from material procurement and sourcing process to finished product and storage. Any quality defect material or product will be suspended from production line in order to prevent potential risks and protect interests of clients and the Group.

We are responsible to ensure the quality of power stations throughout their life cycle. We have established internal quality control policies to strengthen the maintenance and management of the power grid. For example, we have implemented measures to detect, track and handle equipment defects on time, which can also accelerate the repair and maintenance process. The measures can further prevent the significant impacts on the quality of power generation and ensure a stable operation of the power plants. We have also increased the frequency of conducting the inspection to minimise the potential risk of equipment, ensure the safe operation of equipment and enhance the reliability of power operation. 本集團秉持以客戶為先、以證據為本的原則, 致力不斷提升產品質量。本集團透過實施質量 保證,在生產流程各個階段根據規定參數檢驗 產品質量,從而推行管理制度。

輸入原材料會按照客戶技術規格進行測試。成 品在包裝和運送給客戶前須通過檢驗。各部門 負責達成各自參照行業及市場標準設定的質量 目標。

本集團同時實施一套從物料採購和採集過程到 成品儲存的全程檢測框架。任何質量有缺陷的 材料或產品將被立刻抽起及暫停使用,以防潛 在風險,確保客戶和本集團的利益得到保障。

我們負責確保發電站在整個生命週期內的質 量。我們制定了內部質量控制政策,加強電網 的維護及管理。例如,我們已實施措施,以 及時發現、追蹤及處理設備缺陷,同時加快維 修及維護工序。該等措施可進一步防止對發電 質量的重大影響,並確保發電站穩定運作。我 們亦增加了巡查次數,將設備潛在風險降至最 低,確保設備安全運作,提高電力營運的可靠 性。

Ethical operating practices

The Group places great value in conducting all aspects of our businesses with integrity and honest values. From the protection of data privacy and intellectual property to ethical marketing communication, our robust management approaches ensure even the most trivial aspects are not overlooked. During the Year, the Group did not encountered any incident of non-compliance with all applicable laws and regulations related to the protection of data privacy and intellectual property to the ethical marketing communication at all operating regions. Major applicable laws and regulations include, but are not limited to, the Criminal and Civil law of PRC.

Information security safeguarding

The Group is committed to protect the privacy and confidentiality of personal data collected. The Group has established clear protocols on handling personal data recorded from our customers and employees. We collect data only in a lawful and fair way, for directly related purposes of which the data subject is clearly notified. Adhering to protocol requirements, we ensure the data is accurate and not kept longer than necessary. Personal data inventories are secured to prevent any unauthorised or accidental access, such as firewalls and physical protection.

The Group has established the privacy policy on handling personal data recorded from our customers, staff, as well as end-users of our online services. The Group secures the personal information from unauthorised access, use or disclosure. Recognising the materiality of security risks, the Group evaluates security risks related to the use of information technology.

Advertising and product labelling

Responsible marketing practices are crucial to gaining customer trust and confidence. All sales promotions should be dealt with a fair and honourable manner. The sales manager or equivalent of respective subsidiaries ensures all public sales and marketing information are reviewed and approved of its trueness and completeness. Any forms of promotions must not contain any misleading information and need to be designed to meet reasonable consumer expectations. All product labelling is an accurate representation of the sourcing and content of products.

符合道德的營運手法

本集團重視在業務營運的所有方面秉持誠信與 正直的核心價值。從保護資料私隱及知識財產 到道德營銷通訊,我們均採取周全的管理方 式,確保連最細微的方面都不會忽視。於本年 度,本集團各營運地區均無出現違反關於保護 資料私隱及知識財產以及道德營銷通訊的所有 適用法律法規的事件。主要的適用法律法規包 括但不限於《中國刑法和民法》。

保護資訊安全

本集團致力於保護所收集個人資料的私隱及機 密。本集團為處理來自客戶及僱員的個人資料 記錄制訂了清晰的規程。我們僅以合法和公 平的方式收集數據,並且僅用於直接相關的用 途,數據主體會被明確通知。透過遵循規程要 求,我們可確保資料準確,保存時間不超出所 需範圍。個人資料存儲受到保護,透過使用防 火牆及實物保護等措施,以防未經授權或意外 存取。

本集團已制定私隱政策,處理從客戶、員工及 線上服務終端用戶收集的個人資料。本集團保 護個人資料免受未經授權存取、使用或披露。 本集團深知安全風險的重要性,會評估有關使 用資訊科技的安全風險。

廣吿及產品標籤

負責任的營銷手法對獲取客戶信賴和信任至關 重要。所有促銷宣傳活動均應以公平正直的方 式處理。各附屬公司的銷售經理或對等職員要 確保審批所有公開銷售及營銷資料的真實性及 完整性。任何形式的宣傳活動不得包含誤導性 資訊,並且需要符合消費者的合理預期。所有 產品標籤應準確反映產品來源及內容。

Aspect B7: Anti-corruption

The Group is committed to achieve and maintain the highest standards of openness, probity and accountability. We adopt the lowest level of acceptance for corruption risks and we build a culture of zero tolerance to any related practices. Anticorruption code of conducts at respective subsidiaries stipulates our management approach towards anti-corruption compliance. During the Year, the Group did not encounter any incident of noncompliance with all applicable laws and regulations at all operating regions. Major laws and regulations applicable include, but are not limited to, the Criminal Law of the PRC.

The code of conducts applies to all employees of the Group, and must be complied at all times. The Group prohibits the provision or receipt of gifts and/or entertainment that could be considered of material value. Senior management is also clearly provided guidance on what constitutes abuse of office, such as regarding the misuse of company's assets for personal interest. With regard to conflict of interests, the fundamental rule is to avoid any conflict of interest as far as practicable. In the event of an inevitable case, the conflict of interest is required to be declared so that appropriate resolution actions can be taken. During the year, the Group provide employees of all levels with anti-corruption trainings in order to enhance the awareness of anti-corruption.

The development of robust internal controls is the key to our management approach. Any offering and acceptance of gifts or advantages are recorded and handled via a transparent mechanism. Each subsidiary has a form of whistle-blowing channel where any suspected cases of misconduct or failure to act are reported and handled.

The Group promotes fair and open competition through code of conducts on combating anti-competitive practices. We prohibit cartels, and any activities of trade associations and industry bodies which prevent, restrict or distort competition. No discussion or agreement is carried out on matters related to pricing, production volume and tenders with competitors. The Group recognises that adherence to the principles of competition is essential to the development of long-term relationships with our stakeholders on mutual trust.

層面B7:反貪污

本集團致力在公開、廉潔及問責方面達致及維 持最高標準。我們盡力減低貪污風險,構建對 任何相關行為零容忍的文化。各附屬公司的反 貪污行為守則訂明我們對反貪污合規的管理方 針。於本年度,本集團各營運地區均無出現違 反所有適用法律法規的事件。主要的適用法律 法規包括但不限於《中華人民共和國刑法》。

行為守則適用於本集團全體僱員,並必須始終 遵守。本集團禁止提供或接受可被視為具有重 大價值的禮品及/或款待。高級管理層亦獲得 明確指引,説明何種行為構成濫用職權,例如 挪用公司財產牟取私利。對於利益衝突,基本 原則是在可行範圍內盡量避免。在無法避免的 情況下,需要申明利益衝突,以便採取適當的 處理措施。於本年度,本集團為各級員工提供 反貪污培訓,以增強反貪污意識。

制定穩健的內部監控是我們管理方針的關鍵。 提供或接受禮品或利益均透過透明度高的機制 記錄及處理。各附屬公司均設有舉報渠道,以 供舉報及處理任何懷疑行為不當或失職個案。

本集團透過反競爭的行為守則促進公平公開競 爭。我們禁止壟斷行為,以及任何妨礙、限制 或扭曲競爭的行業協會及行業組織活動。本集 團亦不得與競爭對手進行有關定價、產量或投 標事宜的討論或達成協議。本集團深明遵循競 爭原則對與持份者建立長遠互信關係至關重要。

Aspect B8: Community investment

The Group is committed to operate as a responsible corporate and continually supporting the economic and social vitality of local communities through corporate sponsorships and charitable donations. Furthermore, the Group sees high literacy as a foundation for the advancement of society. The Group believes public welfare is important and necessary for the development of the Group. We always seek to be a positive force in the communities in which it operates.

We believe that the development of a better future for our community relies on joint participation of people, corporations and the government. In addition, the Group also encourages all employees to actively participate in volunteer activities and environmental protection activities. We hope it can raise their concern for environment and society, and thus inspiring more people to participate in community services and develop a better future for our community.

層面B8:社區投資

本集團致力以負責任企業的身份營運,並持續 透過企業贊助及慈善捐贈支持本地社區的經濟 和社會活力。此外,本集團認為高識字率是社 會進步的根基。本集團相信公眾福祉對其發展 至關重要且必不可少。我們始終銳意成為推動 所屬社區發展的正能量。

我們相信為社區塑造更美好的未來有賴個人、 企業及政府共同參與。同時我們亦鼓勵全體員 工積極參與義工及環保活動。我們期望能透過 提高員工對環境及社會的關注,激發更多人參 與社區服務,為社區創造更美好的未來。

Biographies of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歴

Mr. Guo Yumin, aged 63, is the founder and chairman of the Company. Mr. Guo was appointed as an executive Director on 22 June 2012. Mr. Guo is responsible for the overall management and formulation of business strategy of the Group. Mr. Guo graduated from the distant learning college of the School of the Central Committee of Communist Party of China in 1988, majoring in economic management. Since 1998, Mr. Guo has been engaging in cigarette packaging business and established a strong business tie with the senior members of some cigarette manufacturers. He brings extensive business and management experience in commercial business to our management team. In 2005, Mr. Guo established Guangdong Province Jiangsu Chamber of Commerce and he had been the chairperson for six consecutive years. In 2010, Mr. Guo established Shenzhen Xuzhou Chamber of Commerce and has been its legal representative since then. Mr. Guo is the spouse of Ms. Xia Yu, an executive Director.

Ms. Xia Yu, aged 54, was appointed as an executive Director on 22 June 2012. She is responsible for general management of the Group. Ms. Xia studied financial accounting (distant-learning) in Jiangsu Commerce College (which was combined with other colleges to form Yangzhou University) and graduated in June 1992. Ms. Xia has more than 27 years of experience in the cigarette-related business, as well as business management and financial management in cigarette packaging business. Ms. Xia is the spouse of Mr. Guo Yumin, an executive Director and a controlling shareholder of the Company.

Mr. Dai Jizhou, aged 53, was appointed as an executive Director on 9 April 2025. He was graduated from the City University of Macau with a Master's degree in Business Administration in 2012. He has over 29 years of experience in project and investment management in projects related to real estate, semiconductors, rare-earth mining, energy and big data. Prior to joining the Company, Mr. Dai held the position of general manager at Jiangyin City Hongcheng Real Estate Development Company Limited* (江陰市宏澄房地產開發有限公司) for fifteen years and served as an executive director of Guangdong Xinlei Investment Company Limited* (廣東鑫磊投資有限公司) for nine years. Since October 2023, Mr. Dai has been serving as the general manager of Zhongxin Center (Shenzhen) International Commerce and Trading Holdings Company Limited* (中新中 心(深圳)國際商貿實業有限公司). **郭玉民先生**,63歲,為本公司的創建人兼主席。郭 先生於2012年6月22日獲委任為執行董事。郭先生負 責本集團的整體管理及制定業務策略。郭先生於1988 年畢業於中共中央黨校附設函授學院,主修經濟管理 學。郭先生由1998年起從事香煙包裝業務,與若干 香煙製造商的高級成員建立牢固的業務關係。郭先生 為我們的管理團隊帶來豐富的商務營運和管理經驗。 於2005年,郭先生成立廣東省江蘇商會,並連續六 年擔任主席。於2010年,郭先生成立深圳市徐州商 會,自此擔任其法人代表。郭先生是執行董事夏煜女 士的配偶。

夏煜女士,54歲,於2012年6月22日獲委任為執行 董事。她負責本集團的一般管理。夏女士於江蘇商業 專科學校(與其他學院組成揚州大學)就讀金融會計學 (遙距課程),於1992年6月畢業。夏女士在香煙相關 業務及香煙包裝業務管理和財務管理方面具有超過27 年經驗。夏女士是執行董事及本公司控股股東郭玉民 先生的配偶。

戴繼州先生,53歲,於2025年4月9日獲委任為執行 董事。彼於2012年畢業於澳門城市大學,取得工商 管理碩士學位。彼於房地產、半導體、稀土開採、 能源及大數據等項目的專案及投資管理方面擁有逾29 年的經驗。加入本公司前,戴先生曾擔任江陰市宏澄 房地產開發有限公司總經理十五年,並擔任廣東鑫磊 投資有限公司執行董事九年。自2023年10月起,戴 先生擔任中新中心(深圳)國際商貿實業有限公司總經 理。

Ms. Fan Qing, aged 70, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 22 June 2012. Ms. Fan has extensive experience in business management and in-depth knowledge in the financial investment in both the PRC and Hong Kong. Ms. Fan received a master's degree in business administration from the Graduate School of Renmin University of China in 2000. She obtained a certificate issued by the Shenzhen Stock Exchange after completing a training course for the senior management member of a listed company in the PRC. She had been serving as the vice-president of Shenzhen Capital Group Co. Ltd. for nine years. Ms. Fan is currently the chairman of the board of directors of an investment management company in Shenzhen and the independent director of Shenzhen Terca Technology Co., Ltd. (stock code: SZ002213), a company whose shares are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

Mr. Dai Tin Yau, aged 41, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director on 29 May 2020. Mr. Dai graduated from University of South Australia with a bachelor's degree in accountancy in May 2009 and graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a master's degree in professional accounting in March 2016. He is currently a certified public accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Dai worked in P. K. Wong & Co. from May 2004 to March 2008 and his last position was audit semi-senior. Mr. Dai then worked in Y. F. Pang & Co. from December 2008 to July 2011 where he last served as an assistant manager in the assurance department, and in RSM Nelson Wheeler from November 2011 to April 2013 as a senior in the audit and assurance services department. Since May 2014, Mr. Dai has taken the position as an audit senior in Arken Consulting Limited. After leaving Arken Consulting Limited in June 2015, Mr. Dai co-founded Prism CPA Limited in December 2015 and served as a director since then. 范晴女士,70歲,於2012年6月22日獲委任為獨立 非執行董事。范女士擁有豐富的業務管理經驗,並 擁有中國及香港兩地金融投資的深入知識。范女士於 2000年獲中國人民大學研究生院頒授工商管理學碩 士學位。她在完成中國上市公司高級管理人員的培訓 課程後,取得深圳證券交易所頒發的證書。九年來 她一直擔任深圳市創新投資集團有限公司的副總裁職 務。范女士現時亦為深圳一家投資管理公司的董事 會主席及深圳特爾佳科技股份有限公司(股份代號: SZ002213,其股份於深圳證券交易所上市)的獨立董 事。

戴天佑先生,41歲,於2020年5月29日獲委任為獨立 非執行董事。戴先生於2009年5月畢業於南澳大利亞 大學,獲得會計學學士學位;並於2016年3月畢業於 香港理工大學,獲得專業會計學碩士學位。彼當前為 香港會計師公會的執業會計師。戴先生於2004年5月 至2008年3月就職於黃邦國會計師行,其最後一個職 位是中級核數師。戴先生隨後於2008年12月至2011 年7月就職於彭玉芳會計師事務所,其最後一個職位 是審計部門的助理經理,並於2011年11月至2013 年4月在中瑞岳華(香港)會計師事務所擔任審計部門 的高級核數師。自2014年5月起,戴先生擔任Arken Consulting Limited的高級核數師。戴先生於2015年6 月離開Arken Consulting Limited後,於2015年12月與 他人共同創立柏淳會計師事務所有限公司,並一直擔 任董事。

Biographies of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歴

Mr. Chan Yin Lam, aged 44, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 29 May 2020. Mr. Chan graduated from City University of Hong Kong with a bachelor's degree in business administration (majoring in accountancy and management information systems) in July 2002 and graduated from the Hong Kong University of Science and Technology with a master's degree in business administration in November 2010. He is currently a Chartered Financial analyst charter holder. Mr. Chan was an associate and subsequently promoted to the senior associate position during his employment in PricewaterhouseCoopers Ltd. from September 2002 to May 2006. Mr. Chan worked in Somerley Limited from June 2006 to December 2009, and he last served as a senior manager responsible for equity capital market issues and financial advisory assignments. He then worked in Haitong International Securities Group of Companies from May 2010 to June 2013, and his last position was senior vice president in the corporate finance department. Mr. Chan joined China Merchants Securities (HK) Co., Limited from July 2013 and his last position prior to his departure in February 2018 was executive director in financial institutions team of corporate finance and capital markets division. Since March 2018, Mr. Chan has been working at Fosun Wealth International Holdings Limited ("Fosun Wealth Holdings") and is currently the head of the investment banking department and a licensed responsible officer of Fosun Wealth Holdings, which is licensed to carry out regulated activities under Type 1 (dealing in securities), Type 4 (advising on securities) and Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Dong Zhenghua, aged 69, graduated from a self-taught course in Chinese literature from Nanjing Normal University in 1986, and obtained the qualification certification as an economist in 1993. Mr. Dong passed the uniform examination organised by the Chinese government authorities and obtained the qualifications for enterprise legal adviser in 2003. Mr. Dong possesses extensive experience in advising and handling corporate related legal matters. Before joining the Group, Mr. Dong graduated from a 2-year course in laws jointly organised by the China University of Political Science and Law and the Open University of China and obtained the qualification of intermediate professional manager as approved by the Jiangsu Province Enterprise Professional Manager Training & Certification Committee. Mr. Dong is currently the in-house legal advisor of the Company and is responsible for advising on legal matters of the Group.

Besides the senior management mentioned above, various business of the Group are respectively under the direct responsibility of the executive Directors as named previously, who are also regarded as senior management of the Group. **陳彥霖先生**,44歲,於2020年5月29日獲委任為獨立 非執行董事。陳先生於2002年7月畢業於香港城市大 學,獲得工商管理學士學位(主修會計和管理資訊系 統),並於2010年11月畢業於香港科技大學,獲得工 商管理碩士學位。他目前是英國特許金融分析師特許 持有人。陳先生於2002年9月至2006年5月期間在普 華永道會計師事務所工作,期間晉升為高級核數師。 陳先生於2006年6月至2009年12月就職於新百利有限 公司,最後擔任高級經理,負責權益資本市場事務及 財務諮詢工作。之後,他於2010年5月至2013年6月 在海通國際證券集團有限公司工作,最後擔任企業融 資部高級副總裁。陳先生於2013年7月加入招商證券 (香港)有限公司,他於2018年2月離任,最後職位是 企業融資及資本市場分部金融機構團隊的執行董事。 自2018年3月起,陳先生在復星財富國際控股有限公 司(「復星財富控股」))工作,目前擔任復星財富控股 的投資銀行部主管及持牌負責人員,可開展證券及期 貨條例第1類(證券交易)、4類(就證券提供意見)及6類 (就企業融資提供意見)受規管活動。

高級管理層

董政華先生,69歲,1986年畢業於南京師範大學中 國文學自學課程,並於1993年取得經濟師資格證書。 董先生通過中國政府部門組織的統一考試,並於2003 年取得企業法律顧問資格。董先生於企業相關法律事 務的諮詢與處理擁有豐富經驗。於加入本集團前,董 先生畢業於中國政法大學與中央廣播電視大學聯合舉 辦的兩年制法律課程,並取得江蘇省企業職業經理人 任職資格培訓與認證委員會授予的中級專業經理人資 格。董先生現任本公司內部法律顧問,負責本集團法 律事務諮詢事宜。

除上述高級管理層外,本集團各項業務分別由名列於 上文的執行董事直接負責,彼等被視為本集團的高級 管理人才。

The Directors recognise the importance of incorporating elements of good corporate governance in the management structures and internal control procedures of the Group so as to achieve effective accountability. The Directors continuously abide by the principles of good corporate governance in the interests of shareholders and devote considerable effort to identifying and formalizing best practice.

The Group's corporate governance practices for the Year are based on the principles and the code provisions in the Corporate Governance Code (the "Code") version up to 31 December 2024 as set out in Part 2 of Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules.

The Board considered that the Company had complied with the code provisions of the Code during the Year except for the deviations from code provision C.2.1 of the Code as stated below.

Under code provision C.2.1 of the Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. During the Year, there was no chief executive in the Company, details of the deviation are set out in the section headed "Chairman and Chief Executive Officer".

The key corporate governance practices of the Group are summarised as follows:

RE-ELECTION AND CHANGE OF THE DIRECTORS

Pursuant to article 108(a) of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation.

Pursuant to article 108(a) of the Articles, Ms. Xia Yu ("Ms. Xia"), Mr. Dai Jizhou ("Mr. Dai") and Ms. Fan Qing ("Ms. Fan") will retire as Directors at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "AGM"). Ms. Xia, Mr. Dai and Ms. Fan, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election as Directors at the AGM.

Ms. Xia, being an executive Director, has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 13th July 2024 and may be terminated by either party by giving not less than three months' prior written notice.

董事深明為達致有效問責,在本集團管理架構及內部 監控程序上引進良好企業管治元素的重要性。董事一 直遵守維護股東利益的良好企業管治準則,致力制訂 並落實最佳常規。

年內本集團的企業管治常規根據上市規則附錄C1第2 部分所載截至2024年12月31日的版本的企業管治守 則(「守則」)的準則及守則條文編製。

董事會認為,本公司於本年度已符合守則的守則條 文,惟偏離守則的守則條文第C.2.1(見下述)除外。

根據守則之守則條文第C.2.1條,主席及行政總裁應 分開及不得由同一人士擔任。於本年度內,本公司並 無行政總裁,有關偏離詳情乃載於「主席及行政總裁」 一節。

本集團主要企業管治常規的概要如下:

董事重選及更替

根據本公司組織章程細則(「章程細則」)第108(a)條, 於每屆股東週年大會上,當時三分一董事須輪值退 任。

根據章程細則第108(a)條,夏煜女士(「夏女士」)、戴 繼州先生(「戴先生」)及范晴女士(「范女士」)將於應屆 股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上退任董事。夏女 士、戴先生及范女士均符合資格並願意於股東週年大 會上膺選連任董事。

夏女士(為執行董事)與本公司已訂立服務合約,自 2024年7月13日起為期三年,任何一方可發出至少三 個月事先書面通知予以終止。

Mr. Dai, being an executive Director, has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 9 April 2025 and may be terminated by either party by giving not less than three months' prior written notice.

Ms. Fan, being an independent non-executive Director, has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of one year commencing from 1 June 2024 and may be terminated by either party by giving at least three months' written notice.

Pursuant to code provision B.2.3 of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in part 2 of Appendix C1 to the Listing Rules, if an independent nonexecutive Director serves more than nine years, any further appointment of such independent non-executive Director should be subject to a separate resolution to be approved by the Shareholders. The papers to the Shareholders accompanying that resolution should state why the Board believes that the Director is still independent and should be re-elected, including the factors considered, the process and the discussion of the Board in arriving at such determination.

Ms. Fan Qing, being an independent non-executive Director, is eligible and will stand for re-election at the AGM. Having been appointed in 22 June 2012, Ms. Fan Qing has served the Board for more than 12 years. She has confirmed her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and has not engaged in any management of the Group. The Board has discussed and considered that Ms. Fan Qing continues to be independent as she has satisfied all the criteria for independence set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Ms. Fan Qing has also provided valuable contributions to the Company and demonstrated her ability to exercise independent judgement and provide balanced and objective views on the Group's affairs, and stay impartial and independent during her participation in the affairs of the Board and the various Board committees. Moreover, she is not in any relationships or circumstances which would interfere with the exercise of her independent judgment despite the fact that she has served the Company for more than 12 years. The Board and the Nomination Committee are also confident that Ms. Fan Qing, will continue to make valuable contribution to the Company by providing her independent advice to the Board.

No Director proposed for re-election at the AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation. 戴先生(為執行董事)與本公司已訂立服務合約,自 2025年4月9日起為期三年,任何一方可發出至少三 個月書面通知予以終止。

范女士(為獨立非執行董事)與本公司已訂立服務合 約,自2024年6月1日起為期一年,任何一方可發出 至少三個月書面通知予以終止。

根據上市規則附錄C1第2部分所載企業管治守則之守 則條文第B.2.3條,倘獨立非執行董事在任已超過九 年,該名獨立非執行董事之任何進一步委任須經股東 以獨立決議案批准。隨同該決議案一同交予股東的文 件中須説明董事會認為該名董事仍屬獨立及應獲重選 的原因,包括董事會於達致此決定時所考慮的因素、 程序及討論。

獨立非執行董事范晴女士符合資格並將於股東週年大 會上膺選連任。范晴女士於2012年6月22日獲委任, 至今已在董事會任職超過12年。彼已根據上市規則第 3.13條確認其獨立性,且並無參與本集團的任何管理 工作。董事會已討論並認為范晴女士已符合上市規則 第3.13條所載有關獨立性的所有標準,因此彼繼續具 有獨立性。范晴女士亦為本公司作出了寶貴的貢獻, 及展示出彼行使獨立判斷的能力,並就本集團事務提 供持平及客觀的觀點,且在參與董事會及多個董事委 員會事務時保持公正獨立。此外,儘管范晴女士已於 本公司任職超過12年,惟彼沒有任何關係或情況將干 擾彼行使獨立判斷力。董事會及提名委員會亦深信, 范晴女士將透過向董事會提供其獨立建議而繼續為本 公司作出寶貴貢獻。

於股東週年大會上膺選連任的任何董事,概無與本 公司簽訂不得由本公司於一年內終止而毋須支付賠償 (法定賠償除外)的服務協議。

MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as the required standard for securities transactions by Directors. The Company has made specific enquiries of all Directors and all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding Director's securities transactions for the Year and up to the date of this annual report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board comprises three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors as at the date of this report, details of which are set out below:

Executive Directors

Mr. Guo Yumin *(Chairman)* Ms. Xia Yu Mr. Bai Chaoshun (Appointed on 1 August 202

(Appointed on 1 August 2024 and resigned on 11 March 2025) Mr. Dai Jizhou (Appointed on 9 April 2025)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Ms. Fan Qing Mr. Dai Tin Yau Mr. Chan Yin Lam

The brief biographical details of and relationship among the existing Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

The composition of the Board is well balanced. Each of the Directors has relevant expertise and extensive corporate and strategic planning experiences that may contribute to the business of the Group. The Company has complied with the requirements under Rules 3.10(1) and (2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules for the Year. All independent non-executive Directors also meet the guidelines for assessment of their independence as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

Each of the Directors are confirmed that they can give sufficient time and attention to the Company's affairs and should not accept the appointment if they cannot do so.

Mr. Guo Yumin is the spouse of Ms. Xia Yu. Save as disclosed above, there are no other relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s)) among members of the Board.

董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄C3所載上市發行人董事進 行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」),作為董事進行 證券交易的所需標準。本公司已向全體董事作出具體 查詢,且全體董事已確認,彼等於本年度起至本年報 日期止期間一直遵守標準守則及其有關董事證券交易 的操守守則所規定的標準。

董事會

於本報告日期,董事會由三名執行董事及三名獨立非 執行董事組成,詳情列載如下:

執行董事

郭玉民先生(主席)
 夏煜女士
 白朝順先生

 (於2024年8月1日獲委任及於2025年3月11日辭任)
 戴繼州先生(於2025年4月9日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

范晴女士 戴天佑先生 陳彥霖先生

現有董事的簡歷詳情及關係載於本年報「董事及高級 管理層履歷」一節。

董事會的成員構成背景平衡。每名董事均擁 有相關 專業知識、資深企業及策劃經驗,可為本集 團業務 作出貢獻。於本年度,本公司已遵守上市規則 第 3.10(1)及(2)條以及3.10A條規定。全體獨立非執行 董 事亦遵守上市規則第3.13條所載其獨立性評估指引 的 規定。

各董事確認,其可以對本公司事務投入足夠的時間及 精力,如果不能,則不應接受委任。

郭玉民先生為夏煜女士的配偶。除上文所披露者外, 董事會成員之間並無任何其他關係(包括財務、業 務、家族或其他重大/相關關係)。

Functions of the Board

We are heading by an effective Board which should assume responsibility for its leadership and control, and be collectively responsible for promoting its success by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board has established the Company's purpose, values and strategy, and satisfy itself that these and the Company's culture are aligned. All Directors are acting with integrity and promoting the desired culture.

The Board supervises the management of the business and affairs of the Company. The Board's primary duty is to ensure the viability of the Company and to ensure that it is managed in the best interests of the shareholders as a whole while taking into account the interests of other stakeholders. The Group has adopted internal guidelines in setting forth matters that require the Board's approval. Apart from its statutory responsibilities, the Board approves the Group's strategic plan, key operational initiatives, major investments and funding decisions. It also reviews the Group's financial performance, identifies principal risks of the Group's business and ensures implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks. Daily business operations and administrative functions of the Group are delegated to the management and the Board reviewed the written delegation arrangements regularly.

The Board is also delegated with the corporate governance functions under code provision A.2.1 of the Code. The Board has reviewed and discussed the corporate governance policy of the Group and is satisfied with the effectiveness of the corporate governance policy.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Chairman promotes a culture of openness and actively encourages Directors to voice their opinion and be fully engaged in the Board's affairs so as to contribute to the Board's effective functioning. The Board, under the leadership of the Chairman, has adopted good corporate governance practices and procedures and taken appropriate steps to promote effective communication and ongoing engagement with Shareholders and other stakeholders, as outlined later in this report.

Pursuant to code provision C.2.1 of the Code, the roles of the chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Up to the date of this report, there have been no chief executive officer in the Company. Mr. Guo Yumin acted as the Chairman of the Board, and responsible for the overall management, including corporate governance practice and formulation of business strategy of the Group.

董事會的功能

我們以一個行之有效的董事會為首,董事會應負有領 導及監控本公司的責任,並應集體負責指示並監督本 公司事務以促使本公司成功。董事會已經確立本公司 的宗旨、價值觀和戰略,並確信該等宗旨、價值觀 和戰略與本公司的文化一致。全體董事都以正直的態 度行事,並促進所需的文化。

董事會監督本公司業務及事務的管理。董事會的主要 職務是確保本公司的持續運作,並確保其管理方式 既符合整體股東最佳利益,又顧及其他持份者的利 益。本集團已採納內部指引,訂定須經董事會批准的 事宜。除法定責任外,董事會審批本集團的策略計 劃、主要營運舉措、大型投資及撥資決定。董事會 亦檢視本集團的財務表現、識別本集團業務的主要風 險,並確保實施合適的機制管理該等風險。管理層獲 授權處理本集團日常業務運作及行政職能,並由董事 會定期審閱書面授權安排。

董事會亦根據守則內的守則條文第A.2.1條獲授權企業 管治的職能。董事會已審閱及討論本集團的企業管治 政策,並對企業管治政策的有效性感到滿意。

主席及行政總裁

主席倡導開放文化,並積極鼓勵董事發表意見及充分 參與董事會事務,為董事會的有效運作作出貢獻。誠 如本報告下文所述,在主席的領導下,董事會已採納 良好企業管治常規與程序,並採取適當措施促進與股 東及其他持份者的有效溝通及持續接觸。

根據守則的守則條文第C.2.1條,主席及行政總裁應 分開及不得由同一人士擔任。截至本報告日期,本公 司並無行政總裁。郭玉民先生擔任董事會主席,負責 本集團的整體管理(包括企業管治常規及制定業務策 略)。

The Board does not have the intention to fill the position of the chief executive officer of the Company at present and believes that the absence of the chief executive officer will not have adverse effect to the Company, as decisions of the Company will be made collectively by the executive Directors. The Board will keep reviewing the current structure of the Board and the need of appointment of a suitable candidate to perform the role of chief executive. Appointment will be made to fill the post to comply with code provision C.2.1 of the Code if necessary. During the Year, one meeting has been held by the Chairman of the Board with the independent non-executive Directors, without the presence of other executive Directors.

BOARD MEETINGS AND PROCEDURES

Board members were provided with complete, adequate and timely information to allow them to fulfill their duties properly. In compliance with code provision A.2.1 of the Code, at least 14 days' notice has been given for a regular Board meeting to give all Directors an opportunity to attend. Notice, agenda and board papers of regular Board meetings are sent to all Directors within reasonable time and at least 3 days prior to the meetings by the Chairman, who is responsible for ensuring that all Directors receive adequate information in a timely manner. Directors are free to contribute and share their views at meetings and major decisions will only be taken after deliberation at Board meetings. Directors who are considered having conflict of interests or material interests in the proposed transactions or issues to be discussed will not be counted in the guorum of meeting and will abstain from voting on the relevant resolutions further, a physical Board meeting with the attendance of all independent non-executive Directors will be held. Full minutes are prepared after the meetings and the draft minutes are sent to all Directors for their comments, the final version of which are endorsed in the subsequent Board meeting. Minutes of all Board meetings are kept by the secretary of the meeting and open for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice upon request by any of the Directors.

In the case of a transaction or matter submitted to the Board for approval, the Directors may, if they deem it necessary to seek independent views and inputs, request the management to submit professional asset valuations, legal opinion, accounting opinion, financial opinion, other professional opinion or quotations from Independent third parties at the Group's expense. All individual Directors have separate and independent access to the senior management. 董事會現時無意填補本公司行政總裁一職,並認為行 政總裁職位懸空不會對本公司構成不利影響,此乃由 於本公司決策程序皆由執行董事共同參與。董事會將 持續檢討其現行架構及委任適當人選履行行政總裁職 務之需要。如有必要,本公司將根據守則的守則條文 第C.2.1條作出委任,以填補該職位。本年度,董事 會主席與獨立非執行董事舉行了一次沒有其他執行董 事出席的會議。

董事會會議及程序

董事會成員獲提供完整、充足及適時的資料,讓彼等 能妥善履行其職務。根據守則內的守則條文第A.2.1 條,定期董事會會議須給予全體董事最少14天通 知,讓彼等有機會出席會議。主席負責確保全體董事 及時收到充足資訊,將定期董事會會議通告、議程及 開會文件於合理時間內及會議前最少三天給予全體董 事。董事可於會議上自由發表及分享其意見,而重大 決定僅於董事會會議上審議後方可作出。於建議交易 或討論事宜中被視為存在利益衝突或重大利益的董事 不得計入會議法定人數內,並須於相關決議案進一步 投棄權票,以及舉行由全體獨立非執行董事出席的實 體董事會會議。會議後須撰寫完整會議紀錄,初稿須 交全體董事給予意見,定稿須於下一次董事會會議通 過。所有董事會會議的會議記錄均由會議秘書保存, 任何董事可於任何合理時間內發出合理通知,要求查 閱會議記錄。

就提交董事會批准的交易或事項而言,如果董事會認 為有必要尋求獨立意見及建議,可以要求管理層提 交專業的資產評估、法律意見、會計意見、財務意 見、其他專業意見或獨立第三方的報價,費用由本集 團承擔。所有個別董事均可單獨、獨立地接觸高級管 理層。

Between scheduled meetings, senior management of the Group provides to the Directors, on a regular basis, monthly updates and other information with respect to the performance and business activities of the Group. It enables the Board to make informed assessment of financial and other decisions.

All independent non-executive Directors have been appointed for a fixed term. Every Director is subject to re-election on retirement by rotation in accordance with the Articles.

Details of the attendance of the Board meetings, Audit Committee meetings, Remuneration Committee meetings, Nomination Committee meetings and general meetings of the Company held during the year ended 31 December 2024 are summarised as follows:

在每次排期會議之間,本集團的高級管理層定期向董 事提供有關本集團業績及業務活動的每月更新及其他 資訊,使董事會能夠對財務及其他決策作出知情評 估。

全體獨立非執行董事以固定任期獲委任。根據本公司 的章程細則,每名董事須輪值退任並可獲重選連任。

截至2024年12月31日止年度舉行的本公司董事會會 議、審核委員會會議、薪酬委員會會議、提名委員 會會議及股東大會出席詳情概列如下:

		Board meeting 董事會 會議	Audit committee meeting 審核委員會 會議	Remuneration Committee meeting 薪酬委員會 會議	Nomination Committee meeting 提名委員會 會議	General meeting 股東大會
Executive Directors Mr. Guo Yumin <i>(Chairman)</i> Ms. Xia Yu Mr. Bai Chaoshun (Appointed on 1 August 2024 and resigned on 11 March 2025)	執行董事 郭玉民先生(<i>主席</i>) 夏煜女士 白朝順先生(於2024年8 月1日獲委任及 於2025年3月11日 辭任)	26/26 26/26 14/14	N/A不適用 N/A不適用 N/A不適用	3/3 N/A不適用 N/A不適用	3/3 N/A不適用 N/A不適用	1/1 1/1 N/A不適用
Independent Non-executive Directors Ms. Fan Qing Mr. Dai Tin Yau Mr. Chan Yin Lam	獨立非執行董事 范晴女士 戴天佑先生 陳彥霖先生	26/26 26/26 26/26	3/3 3/3 3/3	3/3 3/3 N/A不適用	3/3 N/A不適用 3/3	1/1 1/1 1/1

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established specific committees, namely the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"), with written terms of reference which are available for viewing on the website of the Company to assist them in the efficient implementation of their functions. Specific responsibilities have been delegated to the above committees.

董事委員會

董事會已成立特定委員會,即為審核委員會(「審核 委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及提名委員會 (「提名委員會」),有關委員會的書面職權範圍於本公 司網站可供閲覽,以助有效推行其職能。上述委員會 獲授權負上特定責任。

Audit Committee

The Company established the Audit Committee on 22 June 2012 with written terms of reference which are in compliance with the code provisions of the Code. The Audit Committee currently has three members comprising Mr. Dai Tin Yau (being the Chairman of the Audit Committee), Ms. Fan Qing and Mr. Chan Yin Lam, all being independent non-executive Directors.

During the Year, the Audit Committee had reviewed the final results of the Group for 2023 and the 2024 interim results and report of the Company. The Audit Committee had reviewed the Group's risk management and internal control systems and the effectiveness of the internal audit function for the Year. The Group's final results for the Year had been reviewed by the Audit Committee before submission to the Board for approval. The Audit Committee had also reviewed this annual report, and confirmed that this annual report complies with the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee held three meetings during the Year. Details of the attendance of the Audit Committee at the Audit Committee meetings are set out above.

The Company has provided sufficient resources to the Audit Committee to perform its duty.

Remuneration Committee

The Company established the Remuneration Committee on 22 June 2012 with written terms of reference which are in compliance with the code provisions of the Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include mainly: (i) reviewing the terms of the remuneration package of each Director and member of senior management, and making recommendations to the Board regarding any adjustment thereof; (ii) reviewing and evaluating the performance of individual executive Directors for determining the amount of bonus (if any) payable to them; and (iii) reviewing and/or approving the matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules. No Director shall participate in any discussion about his or her own remuneration. The Remuneration Committee currently consists of three members, namely, Ms. Fan Qing (Chairperson), Mr. Dai Tin Yau, both of which are independent nonexecutive Directors, and Mr. Guo Yumin, an executive Director. The majority of members of the Remuneration Committee are independent non-executive Directors. The remuneration of the Directors was determined with reference to their respective experience, responsibilities within the Group and general market conditions. The Company has adopted the Code to make recommendations to the Board on remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and the members of senior management.

The Remuneration Committee held three meetings during the Year. Details of the attendance of the Remuneration Committee meetings are set out above.

審核委員會

本公司於2012年6月22日根據守則的守則條文規定成 立審核委員會,並書面訂定其職權範圍。審核委員 會現有三名成員,分別是戴天佑先生(審核委員會主 席)、范晴女士及陳彥霖先生,全體均為獨立非執行 董事。

於本年度內,審核委員會已審閱本集團於2023年的末 期業績、本公司的2024年中期業績及報告。審核委 員會已檢討本集團於本年度的風險管理及內部監控系 統以及內部審核功能的有效性。本集團於本年度的末 期業績於呈交董事會審批前已經由審核委員會審閱。 審核委員會亦已審閱本年報,並確認本年報符合上市 規則的規定。

於本年度,審核委員會舉行了3次會議。審核委員會 於審核委員會會議的出席詳情已於上文列載。

本公司已向審核委員會提供足夠的資源以履行其職 責。

薪酬委員會

本公司於2012年6月22日根據守則的守則條文成立薪 酬委員會,並書面訂定其職權範圍。薪酬委員會的 主要職責包括:(i)審閱各董事及高層管理人員的薪酬 待遇的條款,並就任何調整向董事會作出推薦建議; (ii)審閱及評估個別執行董事的表現,以釐定應付予彼 等的花紅金額(如有);及(iii)根據上市規則第17章審查 及/或批准有關股份計劃的事宜。董事概不得參與有 關其本身薪酬的任何討論。薪酬委員會現有三名成 員,分別是范晴女士(主席)、戴天佑先生(彼等均為 獨立非執行董事)及郭玉民先生(執行董事),薪酬委 員會大多數成員為獨立非執行董事。董事薪酬乃參考 其各自經驗、於本集團的責任及整體市況而釐定。本 公司已採納守則,以就個別執行董事及高級管理層人 員的薪酬待遇向董事會作出推薦意見。

於本年度,薪酬委員會舉行了3次會議。薪酬委員會 會議的出席詳情已於上文列載。

At the meetings, the Remuneration Committee had reviewed the remuneration policies of the Directors and the senior executives and reviewed the remuneration packages and performance of the Directors for the Year.

The Company has provided sufficient resources to the Remuneration Committee to perform its duty. The Remuneration Committee could seek independent professional advice, at the Group's expense, to perform it responsibilities when it finds necessary.

Nomination Committee

The Company established the Nomination Committee on 22 June 2012 with written terms of reference which are in compliance with code provisions of the Code. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include mainly: (i) reviewing the structure, size, diversity and composition (including the age, gender, cultural and academic background, skills, knowledge and professional experience) of the Board on a regular basis and making recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed change; (ii) identifying individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; and (iii) assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors. The Nomination Committee consists of three members, namely, Mr. Guo Yumin (Chairman), an executive Director, and chairman of the Board Ms. Fan Qing and Mr. Chan Yin Lam, both of which are independent non-executive Directors. The majority of members of the Nomination Committee are independent non-executive Directors.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee adopted a diversity policy setting out the approach to diversify the members of the Board. During the Year and at the date of this report, the Board has five Directors, two of which are female. The Board determines that the gender diversity has been achieved in respect of the Board. The Nomination Committee works to ensure a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business and objectives. All Board appointments would continue to be made based on meritocracy. Selection of candidates would be based on a range of diversity perspectives, which would include but not be limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision would be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates would bring to the Board, our business model as well as the needs of the Company. The Nomination Committee will monitor the implementation of the diversity policy from time to time to ensure the effectiveness of the diversity policy.

會上,薪酬委員會已檢討董事及高級行政人員的薪酬 政策,以及檢討董事於本年度的薪酬待遇及表現。

本公司已向薪酬委員會提供足夠的資源以履行其職 責。薪酬委員會可以尋求獨立的專業建議,費用由本 集團承擔,以在必要時履行其職責。

提名委員會

本公司於2012年6月22日根據守則的守則條文成立提 名委員會,並書面訂定其職權範圍。提名委員會的 主要職責包括:(i)定期審閲董事會的架構、規模、多 元化及組成(包括年齡、性別、文化與學術背景、技 能、知識及專業經驗),並就有關任何建議更改向董 事會提供推薦建議;(ii)物識合適且合資格的個別人士 加入董事會及就篩選提名候任董事的個人向董事會提 供推薦建議;及(iii)評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。提 名委員會現有三名成員,分別是郭玉民先生(執行董 事兼董事會主席)、范晴女士及陳彥霖先生(彼等均為 獨立非執行董事),提名委員會大多數成員為獨立非 執行董事。

於本年度,提名委員會採納多元化政策,列明董事會 成員多元化的方針。於本年度及本報告日期,董事會 有五名董事,其中兩名為女性。董事會確定董事會已 經實現性別多元化。提名委員會致力於確保適合本公 司業務和目標要求的技能、經驗及觀點多元化。所 有董事會成員的委任將繼續以用人唯才為基礎。候選 人的篩選將基於一系列多元化指標,其中包括(但不 限於)性別、年齡、文化和教育背景、專業經驗、技 能、知識及服務年限。最終決定將基於所選候選人將 為董事會帶來的長處與貢獻、我們的商業模式及本公 司需求。提名委員會將不時監察多元化政策的實施情 況,以確保多元化政策的有效性。

The Company has provided sufficient resources to the Nomination Committee to perform its duty. The Nomination Committee could seek independent professional advice, at the Group's expense, to perform it responsibilities when it finds necessary.

The Nomination Committee held three meetings during the Year. Details of the attendance of the Nomination Committee meeting are set out above.

At the meeting, the Nomination Committee had reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board, assessed the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, reviewed the qualifications of the Directors, the progress on the implementation of the board diversity policy and other related matters of the Company.

NOMINATION POLICY

Apart from the aforesaid, the Board has adopted a "Nomination Policy" on 31 December 2018 in relation to the nomination, appointment, reappointment of new Directors and the nomination procedure of the Company, which provides that in evaluating and selecting any candidate for directorship, the Nomination Committee shall consider the candidates' character and integrity, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and experience, independence, diversity on the Board, willingness to devote adequate time to discharge duties as a Board member and such other criteria that are appropriate to the business of the Company.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee has recommended to the Board for the re-election of Director in accordance with the following process as set out in the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee:

- The Nomination Committee and/or the Board would review the overall contribution and service to the Company of the retiring Directors and his/her level of participation and performance on the Board.
- ii. The Nomination Committee and/or the Board would also review and determine whether the retiring Director continues to meet the criteria as set out above. If an independent non-executive Directors subject to the re-election, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board will also assess and consider whether the independent non-executive Director will continue to satisfy the independence requirements as set out in the Listing Rules.

本公司已向提名委員會提供足夠的資源以履行其職 責。提名委員會可以尋求獨立的專業建議,費用由本 集團承擔,以在必要時履行其職責。

於本年度,提名委員會舉行了3次會議。提名委員會 會議的出席詳情已於上文列載。

會上,提名委員會已檢討董事會的架構、規模及組 成,評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性,審閱董事的資 格、實行董事會多元化政策的程序及本公司其他相關 事宜。

提名政策

除上述者外,董事會已經於2018年12月31日採納有 關提名、委任、重新委任新董事及本公司提名程序 的「提名政策」,其訂明於評估及甄選任何董事候選人 時,提名委員會考慮候選人的性格和誠信、專業資 格、技能、知識及經驗、獨立性、董事會成員多元 化、貢獻充足時間履行其作為董事會成員職責的意願 以及適合本公司業務的有關其他標準。

於本年度,提名委員會已根據提名委員會職權範圍所 載以下程序向董事會推薦董事膺選連任:

- i. 提名委員會及/或董事會將檢討退任董事對本
 公司的整體貢獻及服務,以及其在董事會的參
 與程度及表現。
- ii. 提名委員會及/或董事會亦會檢討及決定退任 董事是否繼續符合上文所載標準。倘獨立非執 行董事膺選連任,提名委員會及/或董事會亦 會評估及考慮該名獨立非執行董事是否繼續符 合上市規則所載的獨立性規定。

iii. The Nomination Committee and/or the Board would then make recommendation to the Shareholders in respect of the proposed reelection of Director at the general meeting.

In addition, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the overall contribution and service to the Company of each of the retiring Directors for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Therefore, the Nomination Committee recommended to the Board that each of Ms. Xia Yu, Mr. Dai Jizhou and Ms. Fan Qing should be proposed to the Shareholders for re-election at the annual general meeting on 30 May 2025.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Board has adopted a "Dividend Policy" on 29 March 2019. A summary of this policy is disclosed as below.

Subject to the approval of the Shareholders and requirement of the relevant law, the Company shall pay annual dividends to the Shareholders if the Group is profitable, operations environment is stable and there is no significant investment or commitment made by the Group, after taking into account the factors as detailed below and determined by the Board from time to time. The remaining net profits will be used for Group's development and operations. The policy allows the Company to declare special dividends from time to time in addition to the annual dividends.

In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account, inter alia:

- (a) the Company's actual and expected financial performance;
- (b) retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the members of the Group;
- (c) the level of the Group's debts to equity ratio, return on equity and the relevant financial covenants;
- (d) any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders;
- (e) the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans;

iii. 提名委員會及/或董事會隨後將就建議於股東 大會上董事膺選連任向股東提出建議。

此外,提名委員會已審閱各退任董事於截至2024年 12月31日止年度對本公司的整體貢獻及服務。

因此,提名委員會向董事會提議夏煜女士、戴繼州先 生及范晴女士於2025年5月30日舉行的股東週年大會 建議膺選連任。

股息政策

董事會已經於2019年3月29日採納「股息政策」。此政 策概要於下文披露。

在取得股東及符合相關法律規定所規限下,倘本集團 錄得盈利,營運環境穩定及本集團並無作出重大投資 或承諾,則於計及下文詳述的因素及經董事會不時釐 定後,本公司須向股東宣派年度股息。餘下純利將用 作本集團發展及營運。此政策允許本公司在宣派年度 股息外,不時宣派特別股息。

董事會在建議任何股息派付時,亦計及(其中包括):

- (a) 本公司的實際及預期財務表現;
- (b) 本公司及本集團旗下各成員公司的保留盈利及 可供分派儲備;
- (c) 本集團的債務與股權比率、股權回報率及相關 財務契約;
- (d) 本集團借貸人可能施加的股息派付限制;
- (e) 本集團的預計營運資金需要及未來擴展計劃;

- (f) general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal and external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company; and
- (g) any other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

Any final dividends declared by the Company must be approved by an ordinary resolution of Shareholders at an annual general meeting and must not exceed the amount recommended by the Board. The Board may from time to time pay to the Shareholders such interim dividends as appear to the directors to be justified by the profits of the Group.

The policy shall be reviewed periodically and submitted to the Board for approval if amendments are required.

DIVERSITY POLICY

During the Year, the Company adopted a diversity policy setting out the approach to diversify the workforce of the Company. The Company works to ensure a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business and objectives. Selection of employees would be based on a range of diversity perspectives, which would include but not be limited to gender,age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills,knowledge and length of service.

Our Group employed a total 41 employees, of whom 28 were male and 13 were female. The Board believes that the proportion has reached the target of gender diversity in terms of overall workforce, and the Group will maintain a similar proportion in the foreseeable future.

ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICY AND WHISTLE-BLOWING CHANNEL

For the Group's Anti-corruption policy and Whistle-blowing channel, please refer to "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of this Annual Report.

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent of the Company as at the date of this report.

- (f) 一般經濟狀況、本集團業務的商業週期及可能 對本公司業務或財務表現及狀況造成影響的其 他內外因素;及
- (g) 董事會認為適合的任何其他因素。

本公司宣派的任何末期股息必須於股東週年大會上透 過股東普通決議案取得批准,且不得超出董事會推薦 的金額。倘董事認為本集團的可供分派溢利足以作出 有關分派,董事會可不時向股東派付中期股息。

倘若需要修訂,此政策將由董事會定期審閲及提交予 其供批准。

多元化政策

於本年度,本公司採納多元化政策,列明本公司員工 多元化的方針。本公司致力於確保適合本公司業務和 目標要求的技能、經驗及觀點多元化。員工的篩選將 基於一系列多元化指標,其中包括(但不限於)性別、 年齡、文化和教育背景、專業經驗、技能、知識及 服務年限。

本集團共僱用41名員工,其中28人為男性,13為女性。董事會認為,就全體員工而言,這一比例已達 到性別多元化的目標,在可預見的未來,本集團將保 持類似的比例。

反貪污政策及舉報渠道

有關本集團的反貪污政策與舉報渠道,請參閱本年報 「環境、社會和管治報告」。

獨立非執行董事

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13 條發出有關其獨立性的年度確認書。於本報告日期, 本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立於本公司的 人士。

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE DIRECTORS

In compliance with code provision C.1.4 of the Code, all Directors during the Year had participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Directors had provided the relevant record to the Company.

The Company is committed to arranging and funding suitable training to all Directors for their continuous professional development. Each Director is briefed and updated from time to time to ensure that he is fully aware of his responsibilities under the Listing Rules and applicable legal and regulatory requirements and the governance policies of the Group. All the Directors also understand the importance of continuous professional development and are committed to participating in any suitable trainings to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S REMUNERATION

The senior management's remuneration payment of the Group in the Year fell within the following bands:

董事的專業發展

為符合守則之守則條文第C.1.4條,全體董事於本年 度均已參加持續專業培訓發展,以發展和更新彼等之 知識及技能,以確保彼等繼續在全面知情及切合所需 的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。各董事已向本公司提供 相關記錄。

本公司致力就全體董事的持續專業發展安排合適的培 訓並提供有關經費。各董事不時獲簡報及提供最新資 料,確保其完全知悉其根據上市規則、適用法例及監 管規定與本集團管治政策須承擔之各項責任。全體董 事亦知悉持續專業發展的重要性,並致力參與任何適 合的培訓以發展並更新彼等的知識及技能。

高級管理層薪酬

本集團於本年度之高級管理層薪酬金額介乎於以下範 圍:

		Number of individuals 人數
HK\$1,000,000 or below	1,000,000港元或以下	5
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,000,001港元至2,000,000港元	1
HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$3,000,000	2,000,001港元至3,000,000港元	1

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. The statement by the auditor of the Company about their responsibilities for the financial statements is set out in the report of the independent auditor's report contained in this annual report. There are no material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

董事對財務報表的責任

董事有責任根據香港公認會計原則編製財務報表,提 供對本集團狀況的真實及公平意見。本公司核數師對 財務報表的責任陳述,載於本年報獨立核數師報告 內。並無事件或情況的重大不明朗因素對本公司持續 經營的能力造成重大疑問。

EXTERNAL AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Company engaged RSM Hong Kong as its external auditor for the Year. There was no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of the external auditor. During the year ended 31 December 2024, the fee payable to RSM Hong Kong in respect of its statutory audit services provided to the Company was approximately HK\$0.9 million. No fee payable for non-audit services for the Year.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board and the senior management are responsible for improving and monitoring the risk management and internal control of the Group. In this regard, the Audit Committee had performed a regular review of the risk management and internal control system of the Group within the Reporting Period in which the results were summarised and reported to the Board. The Board has also conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of the Group for each financial year. The Group also sets up an internal audit team comprise management of subsidiaries, which plays a major role in monitoring the corporate governance of the Group and providing objective assurance to the Board that a sound internal control system is maintained and operated by the management.

Main Features of the Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

The risk management framework of the Group and main responsibilities of the members in the framework are described as follows:

Board of Directors 董事會 Board level 董事會層面 Audit Committee 素核委員會 Board level 董事會層面 Litternal Audit team (Management level) 高級管理層層面 Data Management level (附屬公司管理層)

外聘核數師薪酬

本公司委聘羅申美會計師事務所為本年度的外聘核數 師。董事會及審核委員會在挑選、委聘、辭退或罷 免外聘核數師方面並無異議。於截至2024年12月31 日止年度,就羅申美會計師事務所向本公司提供的法 定核數服務所支付的費用約0.9百萬港元,而於本年 度並無非核數服務應付費用。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會及高級管理層負責完善及監督本集團的風險管 理及內部監控。就此而言,審核委員會已定期檢討本 集團於報告期內的風險管理及內部監控系統,其結果 已作出概述並呈報予董事會。董事會亦已檢討本集團 的各財政年度的風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性。 本集團亦設有由附屬公司的管理層組成的內部審核團 隊,其在監控本集團企業管治及向董事會客觀保證管 理層具備及運作完善的內部監控系統方面擔當重要角 色。

風險管理及內部監控系統的主要特徵

本集團的風險管理框架及框架中成員的主要責任描述 如下:

Member	Main Responsibilities	成員	主要責任
The Board	 Set up goals for risk management strategy, assess and determine the nature and extent of risk acceptable to achieve the strategy goals; Establish and maintain a proper and effective risk management and internal control systems; and Review the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems annually. 	董事會	 設立風險管理策略目標、評估及確定達成策略目標可承受的風險性質及程度; 建立並維持適當及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統;及 每年檢討風險管理及內部監控系統的成效。
Audit Committee	 Assist the Board in overseeing the risk level and the design and performance of the risk management and internal control systems; Discuss the risk management and internal control systems with the management; Ensure that the internal audit function has sufficient resources for operation and has a proper position, review and supervise its performance; Keep updated of various major risks confronted by the Group and the risk management status, make decisions for effective risk control; Report the risk status of the Group and issues to be concerned or improved to the Board on a regular basis; Facilitate risk management and assessment, regularly appoint relevant accountable persons to implement risk assessment; Organise and promote the establishment of the risk management system at the Group level; Review material risk assessment report and various risk management reports; and Engage relevant persons to organise and coordinate various departments and projects to carry out identification and assessment of significant risks at the Group level, summarise and analyse such information, submit risk assessment and various risk management reports. 	審核委員會	 協助董事會監督風險水平以及風險 管理及內部監控系統的設計及表現: 與管理層討論風險管理及內部監控 系統: 確保內部審核職能有充足營運資源 及適當職位、審閲及監督其表現: 更新本集團面對的各類主要風險及 風險管理狀況、作出有效風險控制 決策: 定期向董事會匯報本集團風險狀況 及有待關注或改善的問題: 協助風險管理及評估、定期委任相 關負責人執行風險評估、定期委任相 關負責人執行風險評估: 組織及促進成立集團層面的風險管 理系統: 審閲重大風險評估報告及不同的風 險管理報告:及 委聘相關人士組織及協調多個部門 及項目以進行本集團層面重大風險 的識別及評估、概括及分析有關資 料、呈交風險評估及多份風險管理 報告。

シ エ キ / エ

Member	Main Responsibilities	成員	主要責任	
Internal audit team	• Ensure that the subsidiaries carry out the risk team assessment in compliance with the risk assessment manual formulated by the Group;	內部審核團隊	 確保附屬公司根據本集團所制定的 風險評估手冊進行風險團隊評估; 	
	 Review and approve the risk assessment results of the subsidiaries in respect of the business; 		 審批附屬公司對業務的風險評估結果; 	
	• Ensure that the subsidiaries implement effective risk management;		• 確保附屬公司實施有效的風險管理:	
	• Monitor the principal business risks confronted by the subsidiaries and the effectiveness of relevant risk management measures; and		 監控附屬公司面對的主要業務風險 以及相關風險管理措施的效果;及 	
	• Allocate resources such as fund and workforce to the subsidiaries for implementation of the risk assessment projects.		 向附屬公司分配資金及勞動力等資源以落實風險管理項目。 	
The Process Used to Identify, Assess and Management of Principal Risks		識別、評估及管理主要風險所用流程		
The risk management process of the Group is described as follows:		本集團的風險管理流程闡述如下:		
Risk identification	 identify the current risks confronted. 	風險識別	- 識別目前所面對風險。	
Risk analysis	 conduct analysis on the risk including the impact extent and possibility of occurrence. 	風險分析	 一進行風險分析,包括影響程度及 發生的可能性。 	
Risk response	 choose a proper risk response method and develop a risk mitigation strategy. 	風險應對	 一選擇適當的風險應對方法及制定風 險緩減策略。 	
Control measures	 propose up-to-date internal control measures and policy and process. 	控制措施	 一提議最新內部監控措施及政策與流 程。 	
Risk control	 continuously monitor the risks identified and implement relevant internal control measures to ensure the effective operation of the risk response strategy. 	風險控制	 一不斷監控所識別風險及實施有關內 部監控措施,以確保風險應對策 略的有效運作。 	
Risk management report	 summarise results of risk assessment and analysis and internal audit, formulate and report an action plan. 	風險管理報告	 概括風險評估、分析及內部審核 結果、制定及報告行動計劃。 	
Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Process Used to Review the Effectiveness of the Risk Management and Internal Control Systems and to Resolve Material Internal Control Defects

The Group establishes a risk management information and communication channel that is functional within the whole basic risk control procedure, connects different levels in the reporting system and different departments and operation units, so as to ensure timely, accurate and complete communication of information, laying a solid foundation for the monitoring and improvement of risk management.

Different departments and business units of the Group regularly inspect and examine their own risk management process in order to locate the shortcomings and remedy the situation if possible. Their inspection and examination reports are delivered to the Group's risk management department in time.

The Board further considers that (i) there was no material issue relating to the Group's risk management and internal controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions of the Group; and (ii) that there were adequate staff with appropriate and adequate qualifications and experience, resources for accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions, and adequate training programmes had been provided during the Year.

The Board considers that its risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Pang Yuk Fong ("Ms. Pang") is an employee of the Company was appointed as the Company Secretary on 1 October 2017. Ms. Pang has adequate knowledge on the Company to discharge her duty as the Company Secretary. Ms. Pang confirmed that she had taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Year.

The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is subject to Board approval. Whilst the Company Secretary reports to the Chairman of the Board, all members of the Board have access to her advice and service.

檢討風險管理與內部監控系統有效性及解 決重大內部監控缺陷所用流程

本集團現建立風險管理信息及通訊渠道。該渠道在整 個基本風險控制程序中發揮作用、銜接報告系統各不 同層面以及不同部門及營運單位,以確保及時、準確 及完整的信息通訊,為風險管理的監控及改進奠定牢 固基礎。

本集團不同部門與業務單位定期視察及檢查其的內部 風險管理流程,以發現不足之處及在可能情況下挽救 情況。彼等的視察及檢查報告將及時交付予本集團的 風險管理部門。

董事會進一步認為,於本年度內,(i)本集團於財務、 營運及合規監控以及風險管理職能等方面概無出現任 何有關本集團風險管理及內部監控的重大事宜;及(ii) 本集團具合適及充足資歷及經驗的員工人數以及會 計、內部審核及財務報告職能部門的資源均屬充裕, 且已獲提供足夠的培訓課程。

董事會認為其風險管理及內部監控系統有效及充足。

公司秘書

彭玉芳女士(「彭女士」)為本公司僱員,於2017年10 月1日委任為公司秘書。彭女士對本公司的熟悉程 度足以履行公司秘書職能。彭女士確認,於本年度 內,彼已接受不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

委任及罷免公司秘書須待董事會批准方始作實。儘管 公司秘書向董事會主席匯報,惟所有董事會成員均可 向彼獲取意見及服務。

THE SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS TO CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY MEETING

Pursuant to article 64 of the Articles, extraordinary general meetings shall be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the company secretary of the Company for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner.

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS

A shareholders communication policy was adopted on 22 June 2012.

The objective of the shareholders communication policy ensures that the Shareholders are informed of balanced and understandable information about the Company (including the Group's strategies, businesses, major developments and financial performance) in a factual and timely manner and to enable them to exercise their rights as the Shareholders in an informed manner. The Company aims to be open and transparent with its Shareholders and encourages Shareholders' active participation at the Company's general meetings. Information would be communicated to the Shareholders mainly through the Company's corporate communications (such as interim and annual reports, announcements and circulars), annual general meetings and other general meetings, as well as disclosure on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. Interim reports, annual reports and circulars are sent to the Shareholders in a timely manner and are also available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The Company's and the Stock Exchange's websites provide the Shareholders with the corporate information. Shareholders are provided with contact details of the Company as set out in the above paragraph and under "contact us" information on the Company's website at www.sheentai.com in order to enable them to make any guery that they may have with respect to the Company. Shareholders, investors and interested parties can make enquiries directly to the Company through the following e-mail: investorrelation@sheentai.com. In addition, Shareholders can contact Tricor Investor Services Limited, the Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer office of the Company, if they have any enguiries about their shareholdings and entitlements to dividend.

股東召開股東特別大會的權力

根據章程細則第64條,股東特別大會須於一名或多名 於遞交要求當日持有不少於本公司有權於股東大會上 投票之實繳股本十分之一的股東要求時召開。該項要 求須以書面向董事會或本公司公司秘書提呈,以供董 事會就該要求下任何指定業務交易要求召開股東特別 大會。該大會須於該項要求遞交後兩個月內舉行。倘 董事會於遞交該項要求後21日內未能召開該大會,提 出要求者本人(彼等)可以相同方式召開大會。

與股東及投資者的溝通

本公司於2012年6月22日採納股東通訊政策。

股東通訊政策旨在確保股東可適時及如實獲知全面及 易於理解本公司之資料(包括本集團之策略、業務、 主要發展及財務表現),以便其能在知情情況下行使 其作為股東之權利。本公司致力與其股東保持公開及 透明之溝通,並鼓勵股東積極參與本公司之股東大 會。本公司主要透過公司通訊(如中期及年度報告、 公告以及通函)、股東週年大會及其他股東大會以及 在本公司及聯交所網站上之披露向股東傳達資料。中 期報告、年度報告及通函將適時寄發予股東,亦可 於本公司及聯交所網站查閱。本公司及聯交所網站為 股東提供公司資料。本公司向股東提供本公司之詳細 聯繫方式(載於上段及本公司網站www.sheentai.com 的「聯絡我們」),以便股東提出任何有關本公司之 查詢。股東、投資者及有興趣人士可透過電郵: investorrelation@sheentai.com 直接向本公司提出查 **詢。此外**,股東如有任何有關其持股量及獲派股息資 格之查詢,可聯絡本公司之香港股份過戶登記分處卓 佳證券登記有限公司。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Company's annual general meeting allows the Directors to meet and communicate with the Shareholders. The Company ensures that Shareholders' views are communicated to the Board. The chairman of the annual general meeting proposes separate resolutions for each issue to be considered. Annual general meeting proceedings are reviewed from time to time to ensure that the Company follows good corporate governance practices. The notice of the annual general meeting is distributed to all Shareholders at least 21 days prior to the annual general meeting and the accompanying circular also sets out details of each proposed resolution and other relevant information as required under the Listing Rules. Separate resolution is proposed for each issue to be considered at the meeting. The Directors and the members of various committees would attend and answer questions raised at the annual general meeting of the Company. The auditor of the Company will also attend the annual general meeting to answer guestions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence. The chairman of the annual general meeting exercises his power under the Articles to put each proposed resolution to the vote by way of a poll. The procedures for demanding and conducting a poll are explained at the meeting prior to the polls being taken. Voting results are posted on the Company's website on the day of the annual general meeting.

After taking into account that the Shareholders have multiple channels to communicate their views as mentioned above as well as the steps taken by the Board to solicit and understand the views of Shareholders and stakeholders during the year ended 31 December 2024 including but not limited to open discussion with the Shareholders during the annual general meeting, the Board's review of the implementation and effectiveness of the shareholders' communication policy was found to be sound and adequate.

Procedures for Directing Shareholders' Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing. Contact details are as follows:

HK Address:	Room 1903,19/F, Jubilee Centre, 18 Fenwick Street,
	Wan Chai, Hong Kong
Tel:	(852) 3998 4118/3998 4128
Fax:	(852) 3998 4100
E-mail:	investorrelations@sheentai.com

Shareholders' enquiries and concerns will be forwarded to the Board and/ or relevant Board Committees of the Company, where appropriate, to answer the Shareholders' questions. 本公司之股東週年大會讓董事可與股東會面及溝通。 本公司確保股東之意見可傳達至董事會。股東週年大 會主席就各項須於大會審議之事宜提呈單獨決議案。 本公司不時檢討股東週年大會程序,以確保本公司遵 守良好企業管治常規。股東週年大會通告於股東週年 大會前至少21日發送予全體股東,而附隨之通函亦載 列各項建議決議案詳情及上市規則所規定之其他相關 資料。於大會上,就各項予以考慮之議題提呈單獨決 議案。董事及各委員會成員將出席本公司股東週年大 會並回答於會上提出的問題。本公司核數師亦會出席 股東週年大會,回答有關進行審核、核數師報告的編 製及內容、會計政策及核數師獨立性等問題。股東週 年大會主席行使章程細則所賦予之權力,就各項提呈 之決議案以投票表決之方式進行表決。在作出投票表 決前,大會會解釋要求及進行投票表決之程序。投票 結果會於股東週年大會舉行當日登載於本公司網站。

考慮到股東有上述多種渠道傳達其意見,以及董事會 於截至2024年12月31日止年度內為徵求和了解股東 及持份者的意見而採取的行動(包括但不限於在股東 週年大會上與股東進行公開討論),董事會認為股東 通訊政策的實施及成效健全及充分。

向董事會轉達股東查詢的程序

股東可於任何時間以書面方式, 向董事會提出查詢及 表達意見。聯絡詳情如下:

香港地址:	香港灣仔分域街18號捷利中心
	19樓1903室
電話:	(852) 3998 4118/3998 4128
傳真:	(852) 3998 4100
電郵:	investorrelations@sheentai.com

在適當的情況下,股東之查詢及意見將轉交本公司董 事會及/或相關董事委員會,以解答股東之提問。

Procedures for Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings by Shareholders

Shareholders are requested to follow article 64 of the Articles for including a resolution at an extraordinary general meeting. The requirements and procedures are set out above in the paragraph headed "The Shareholders' Right to Convene an Extraordinary Meeting".

Pursuant to article 113 of the Articles, no person (other than a retiring Director) shall be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting unless a notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his/her willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the Head Office or at the Registration Office no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting and the minimum length of the period during which such notices to the Company may be given will be at least 7 days.

The procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director is posted on the website of the Company.

Constitutional Documents

There was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company during the Year.

股東於股東大會上提出動議的程序

股東必須根據章程細則第64條的規定於股東特別大會 提交決議案。有關要求及程序已載於上文「股東召開 股東特別大會的權力」一段。

根據章程細則第113條,任何人士(除退任董事外)概 無資格於任何股東大會上膺選董事職位,除非股東發 出一份書面通知表明有意提名該人士膺選董事職位, 而該名人士亦發出一份書面通知表明願意參選,該等 通知須不早於指定舉行該選舉之股東大會之通告寄發 後翌日起至不遲於該股東大會舉行日期前七日止期間 遞交至總辦事處或登記辦事處,而向本公司寄發該等 通知之最低期限為最少七日。

股東提名人士參選董事的程序載於本公司網站。

組織章程文件

本公司的組織章程文件於本年度內概無變動。

The Directors are hereby to present to the Shareholders this annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the Year.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal business activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities and other particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in the consolidated financial statements Note 22 in this annual report.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Further discussion and analysis of the activities of the Group during the Year, and an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance, Chapter 622, can be found in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report. Those discussions form part of this directors' report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

A number of factors may affect the results and business operations of the Group, some of which are inherent to the businesses in which the Group is engaged and some are from external sources. Major risks are summarised below:

(i) The Group relies on a sole customer in photovoltaic power business segment

The Group has relied on and expects to continue to rely on the government authority State Grid Jiangsu Electric Power Co., Ltd. Xuzhou Power Supply Branch* ("State Grid Jiangsu"), as it is the sole customer of the Group in photovoltaic power business segment since 2015. The Directors consider, with reference to "Several Opinions of the State Council on Promoting the Healthy Development of the Photovoltaic Industry"*《國務院關於促進光伏 產業健康發展的若干意見》, "Administrative Measures for the Full Guaranteed Acquisition of Renewable Energy Power Generation"* 《可再生能源發電全額保障性收購管理辦法》, "Regulations on the Supervision of the Full-scale Acquisition of Renewable Energy Power Generation by Grid Enterprises"*《電網企業全額收購可再生能源 電量監管辦法》and "Notice on standardizing the management of priority generation priority purchase plan"*《規範優先發電優先購 電計劃管理的通知》, the Company's photovoltaic power plants will continue to enjoy the guarantee of the local government's purchase of full on-grid electricity and subsidies for renewable energy by 2035.

董事謹此向股東提呈本年報,以及截至本年度的經審 核綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司的主要業務活動為投資控股。本公司附屬公司 的主要業務及其他詳情載於本年報綜合財務報表附註 22。

業務回顧

誠如香港法例第622章公司條例附表5所規定,本集團 於本年度活動的進一步討論及分析,以及對本集團業 務可能未來發展的説明,載於本年報「管理層討論及 分析」一節。該等討論構成本董事會報告的一部份。

主要風險和不確定性

若干因素可能影響本集團業績及業務營運,其中部份 為本集團從事業務的固有風險,而部份為來自外部的 風險。主要風險概述如下:

(i) 本集團依賴光伏發電業務分部的唯一 客戶

本集團依賴及預期將繼續依賴政府機關國網江 蘇省電力有限公司徐州供電分公司(「國網江 蘇」),原因為其為本集團自2015年以來在光伏 發電業務分部的唯一客戶。董事認為,參照 《國務院關於促進光伏產業健康發展的若干意 見》、《可再生能源發電全額保障性收購管理辦 法》、《電網企業全額收購可再生能源電量監管 辦法》及《規範優先發電優先購電計劃管理的通 知》,本公司的光伏電站於2035年前將繼續享 有地方政府購買全額併網電力及可再生能源補 貼的保障。

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^{*} For identification purposes only

However, if there is any change of the relationship with State Grid Jiangsu, it is not easy for the Company to sell its electricity to other customers as the electricity market in Xuzhou City has not been liberalized, which could in turn materially and adversely affect the business operations and financial performance of the Group.

(ii) The Group relies on certain major suppliers

The Group has relied on and expects to continue to rely on certain major suppliers for a significant portion of the purchases. If they fail to make timely delivery of their products and the Group fails to source from other suppliers in a timely and cost-effective manner, the operation of the Group could be delayed. The relationship between the Group and its customers could also be adversely affected as a result of any such delays, which could in turn materially and adversely affect the business operations and financial performance of the Group.

(iii) The fluctuation of exchange rate may have a material effect on the business and performance of the Group

The sales of the Group are denominated in RMB and the purchases are denominated in US\$ and RMB. The Group does not engage in any exchange rate hedging activities. Any fluctuation in the exchange rates of RMB and US\$ may have an adverse effect on the results of operations and financial condition of the Group. Appreciation of the value of US\$ may increase the costs of the Group and thus subject the Group to increased competition from domestic competitors, and depreciation in the value of RMB may adversely affect the earnings, as well as the value of the net assets and dividends from the PRC subsidiaries of the Group. 然而,倘與國網江蘇的關係出現任何變動,由 於徐州市的電力市場尚未開放,本公司向其他 客戶出售電力實屬不易,繼而可能對本集團的 業務營運及財務表現造成重大不利影響。

(ii) 本集團依賴若干主要供應商

本集團依賴及預期繼續依賴若干佔採購重大部 份之主要供應商。倘彼等不能及時交付其產品 及本集團未能及時及以具成本效益方式自其他 供應商採購,則本集團營運可能有所延誤。本 集團與其客戶之關係亦因任何有關延誤受到不 利影響,從而對本集團業務經營及財務表現有 重大不利影響。

(iii) 匯率波動可能對本集團之業務及表現 有重大影響

本集團之銷售乃以人民幣計值及採購以美元及 人民幣計值。本集團並無參與任何匯率對沖活 動。人民幣及美元匯率之任何波動可能對本集 團之經營業績及財務狀況有不利影響。美元升 值可能增加本集團之成本及因此令本集團面臨 國內競爭者之競爭增加,而人民幣貶值則可能 對盈利以及來自本集團中國附屬公司之資產淨 值及股息價值有不利影響。

(iv) PRC political, economic and social conditions and government policies could affect the business of the Group

All of the operating assets of the Group are located in the PRC and the Group expects that a majority of the revenue will continue to be derived from the operations in the PRC. The results of operations and prospects are subject, to a significant degree, to economic, political and legal developments in the PRC. The economy of the PRC differs from the economies of most developed countries in many respects, including the extent of government involvement, the level of development, the growth rate, and government control of foreign exchange. The Group cannot predict whether changes in the PRC's political, economic and social conditions, laws, regulations and policies will have any material adverse effect on the current or future business, results of operation or financial condition of the Group.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Details of environmental Policies and performance are set out in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" in this annual report.

The Group is committed to ensuring that the Group's operation is in compliance with applicable laws and regulations. As far as the Directors are aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Directors recognises that employees, customers and business partners are the keys to the sustainable development of the Group.

Employees are regarded as the most important and valuable assets of the Group. The Group attracts and retains key personnel and talents with appropriate skills, experience and competence which would complement and meet the corporate and business objectives of the Group. The Group ensures all employees are reasonably remunerated and the remuneration packages of employees are reviewed regularly and necessary adjustments are made to the remuneration packages to align with the market standards.

(iv) 中國政治、經濟及社會狀況及政府政 策可能影響本集團之業務

本集團之所有營運資產乃位於中國及本集團預 期多數收入將繼續自中國業務產生。經營業績 及前景很大程度視乎中國之經濟、政治及法律 發展。中國經濟在很多方面不同於多數發達國 家之經濟,包括政府干預、發展水平、增長率 及政府外匯控制之程度。本集團無法預測中國 政治、經濟及社會狀況、法律、法規及政策之 變動是否將對本集團之現時或未來業務、經營 業績或財務狀況有任何重大不利影響。

環境政策及遵守法律法規

環境政策及表現之詳情載列於本年報「環境、社會及 管治報告」。

本集團致力確保本集團營運符合適用法律法規。據董 事所知,本集團在重大方面遵守對本集團業務及營運 有顯著影響的相關法律法規。

與僱員、客戶及供應商的主要關係

董事認為,僱員、客戶及業務合作夥伴為本集團可持 續發展的關鍵。

僱員被視為本集團最重要及最有價值的資產。本集團 吸引及挽留關鍵人員及擁有適當技能、經驗及能力的 人才,可補充及達成本集團的企業及業務目標。本 集團確保所有僱員有合理報酬及定期審閱僱員薪酬待 遇,於必要時調整薪酬待遇以與市場標準保持一致。

The Group also stays connected with its customers and suppliers and has ongoing communication with the customers and suppliers through various channels such as telephone, electronic mails and physical meetings to obtain their feedback and suggestions.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of this annual report.

DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend payment of any final dividend for the Year (for the year ended 31 December 2023: Nil).

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For determining entitlement to attend the forthcoming annual general meeting ("AGM") to be held on 30 May 2025, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 27 May 2025 to 30 May 2025, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered. The record date will be on 30 May 2025. In order to qualify for attending the AGM, all transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on 26 May 2025.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in the consolidated financial statements Note 19 in this annual report. 本集團亦與客戶及供應商保持聯繫,並具有各種渠 道,如電話、電郵及實體會議與客戶及供應商持續溝 通,以取得其反饋及建議。

業績

本集團於本年度的業績載於本年報綜合損益表及綜合 損益及其他全面收益表。

股息

董事會並不建議就本年度派付任何末期股息(截至 2023年12月31日止年度:無)。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司將於2025年5月27日至2025年5月30日期間(包括首尾兩天)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續以釐定有權 出席2025年5月30日舉行的應屆股東週年大會(「股東 週年大會」)的股東,於該期間將不會辦理任何股份過 戶登記手續。記錄日期將為2025年5月30日。為符合 出席股東週年大會之資格,股東須於2025年5月26日 下午四時三十分前,將所有股份過戶文件連同有關股 票和過戶表格送達本公司之股份過戶登記香港分處-卓佳證券登記有限公司,其地址為香港夏慤道16號遠 東金融中心17樓。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度的物業、廠房及設備的變動詳情載於 本年報綜合財務報表附註19。

LEASE LIABILITIES

Details of lease liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2024 are set out in the consolidated financial statements Note 33 in this annual report.

SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets, liabilities and noncontrolling interests of the Group for the last five financial years is set out in five year financial summary. This summary does not form part of the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the Company's paid up capital for the Year are set out in the consolidated financial statements Note 27 in this annual report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles or the laws of Cayman Islands.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the Year.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

Loss attributable to equity shareholders of approximately HK\$33.7 million (for the year ended 31 December 2023: approximately HK\$13.4 million) have been transferred to reserves. Other movements in reserves are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity in this annual report.

MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS, DISPOSALS AND SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENT

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis – Significant Investment, Material Acquisition and Disposal" in this annual report, there were no significant investments held nor other material acquisitions and disposals of subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures during the Year.

租賃負債

本集團於2024年12月31日的租賃負債詳情分別載於 本年報綜合財務報表附註33。

財務資料概要

本集團過去五個財政年度已公佈之業績及資產、負債 與非控股權益之概要載於五年財務摘要。此概要並不 構成本年報綜合財務報表的一部份。

股本

本公司於本年度的繳足資本詳情載於本年報綜合財務 報表附註27。

優先購買權

章程細則或開曼群島法例並無任何有關優先購買權的 條文。

購買、出售或贖回股份

本公司或其任何附屬公司於本年度概無購買、出售或 贖回本公司的上市證券。

轉撥儲備

權益股東應佔虧損約33.7百萬港元(截至2023年12月 31日止年度:約13.4百萬港元)已轉撥作為儲備。儲 備的其他變動載於本年報綜合權益變動表。

重大收購、出售及重大投資

除本年報「管理層討論及分析-重大投資、重大收購 及出售」一節所披露者外,於本年度,概無持有重大 投資及其他重大收購及出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合 營企業。

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions undertaken by the Group are set out in Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements. During the Year, the Directors are not aware of any related party transactions which constituted a non-exempt connected transaction of the Company under the Listing Rules.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Mr. Dai Jizhou (戴繼州) was appointed as an executive Director on 9 April 2025. For details, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 9 April 2025.

Save as disclosed above, details of important event affecting the Group subsequent to the Year are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis – Subsequent Events" in this annual report.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Sales to the Group's five largest customers accounted for approximately 98.8% of the total sales for the Year and sales to the largest customer included therein amounted to approximately 94.7% of the total sales for the Year. Purchases from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 94.8% of the total purchases for the Year and purchase from the Group's largest supplier included therein amounted to approximately 50.0% of the total purchases for the Year.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) or any Shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any interest in the Group's five largest customers and suppliers.

關聯方交易及關連交易

本集團進行的關聯方交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 39。於本年度內,董事並不知悉任何關聯方交易構成 上市規則項下的本公司的非豁免關連交易。

期後事項

戴繼州先生於2025年4月9日獲委任為執行董事。詳 情請參閱本公司日期為2025年4月9日的公告。

除上文所披露者外,於本年度後影響本集團之重要事 件之詳情乃載於本年報「管理層討論及分析-期後事 項」一節。

主要客戶及供應商

本集團向五大主要客戶的銷售額佔本年度總銷售額約 98.8%,其中包括向最大客戶的銷售額佔本年度總銷 售額約94.7%。本集團向五大供應商的採購額約佔本 年度總採購額約94.8%,其中包括向本集團最大供應 商的採購額佔本年度總採購額約50.0%。

董事或其任何之緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)或任何 股東(就董事所深知,擁有本公司已發行股本5%以 上)概無於本集團五大客戶及供應商擁有任何權益。

DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the Year and as at the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Guo Yumin *(Chairman)* Ms. Xia Yu

Mr. Bai Chaoshun

(Appointed on 1 August 2024 and resigned on 11 March 2025) Mr. Dai Jizhou (Appointed on 9 April 2025)

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Ms. Fan Qing Mr. Dai Tin Yau Mr. Chan Yin Lam

BIOGRAPHIES OF DIRECTORS AND OTHER SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The biographical details of Directors and other senior management are disclosed in the section headed "Biographies of Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

DIRECTORS EMOLUMENTS

Details of the Directors' emoluments are set out in the consolidated financial statements Note 15(a) in this annual report. The Directors' remunerations are determined with reference to their duties and responsibilities within the Company.

MATERIAL INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in Note 15 and Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements and contracts amongst group companies, no other significant transactions, arrangements and contracts to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and other director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the Year.

INTERESTS OF CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contract of significance has been entered into during the Year between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling Shareholders or any of its subsidiaries.

董事

於本年度及於本報告日期任職的董事名單如下:

執行董事

郭玉民先生(主席)
 夏煜女士
 白朝順先生

 (於2024年8月1日獲委任及於2025年3月11日辭任)
 戴繼州先生(於2025年4月9日獲委任)

獨立非執行董事

范晴女士 戴天佑先生 陳彥霖先生

董事及其他高級管理層的履歷

董事及其他高級管理層的履歷詳情於本年報「董事及 高級管理層履歷」一節披露。

董事薪酬

董事薪酬詳情載於本年報綜合財務報表附註15(a)。董 事薪酬乃參照彼等於本公司之職務及職責而釐定。

董事於交易、安排及合約之重大權益

除綜合財務報表附註15及附註39披露者以及集團內公 司間合約外,於年末或本年度內任何時間並無存續任 何其他本公司訂立而本公司董事及其他董事的關聯方 直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大交易、安排及合約。

控股股東於重大合約的權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司及控股股東或其任何附屬公司於本年度並無訂立任何重大合約。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors or any of their respective close associates (as defined under the Listing Rules) had any interest in a business which competes or likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

The independent non-executive Directors had, in the Board meeting during the Year, reviewed the non-competition undertakings (the "Non-competition Undertakings") given by Sheen Tai Group Holding Limited ("Sheentai BVI") and Mr. Guo Yumin ("Mr. Guo") in a deed of non-competition entered into between Sheentai BVI and Mr. Guo in favour of the Company on 28 June 2012. The independent non-executive Directors were not aware of any non-compliance of the Non-competition Undertakings given by Sheentai BVI and Mr. Guo for the Year and up to the date of this annual report. Each of Sheentai BVI and Mr. Guo confirmed that he/it had complied with the Non-competition Undertakings given by him/it from the date of the Non-competition Undertakings and up to the date of this annual report.

RETIREMENT SCHEMES

The Group participates in a state-managed retirement scheme operated by the PRC government which covers the Group's eligible employees in the PRC and a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for the employees in Hong Kong. Particulars of these retirement plans are set out in the consolidated financial statements Note 4(r) in this annual report.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Pursuant to the relevant rules of the Cayman Islands, the Company's distributable reserves as at 31 December 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$633.6 million.

管理合約

本年度內並無訂立或存在任何涉及本公司全部或大部 分業務之管理及行政工作之合約。

董事於競爭業務的權益

董事或其各自的任何緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則)概 無於與本集團業務造成或可能造成直接或間接競爭的 業務中擁有任何權益。

於本年度的董事會會議上,獨立非執行董事已審閲順 泰集團控股有限公司(「Sheentai BVI」)及郭玉民先生 (「郭先生」)於2012年6月28日由Sheentai BVI及郭先生 訂立有利於本公司的不競爭契約中作出的不競爭承諾 (「不競爭承諾」)。於本年度及直至本年報日期止,獨 立非執行董事並不知悉Sheentai BVI及郭先生作出的不 競爭承諾有任何違規情況。Sheentai BVI及郭先生各 自己確認,自不競爭承諾日期起及截至本年報日期, 彼等已遵守彼等作出的不競爭承諾。

退休計劃

本集團參與中國政府營運的國家管理退休金計劃以保 障本集團於中國的合資格僱員及香港僱員的強制性公 積金計劃。此等退休計劃詳情載於本年報的綜合財務 報表附註4(r)。

可供分派儲備

根據開曼群島有關法例,本公司於2024年12月31日 的可供分派儲備約633.6百萬港元。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2024, the interests and short positions of (a) the Directors or chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of the associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including any interests or short positions which they are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies in Appendix C3 to the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

underlying Shares

董事於股份、相關股份及債券的權益或淡 倉

於2024年12月31日,本公司董事或最高行政人 (a) 員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期 貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)的股份、 相關股份及債券中,擁有須根據證券及期貨條 例第XV部第7及8分部知會本公司及聯交所的權 益及淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例該等條文被 當作或視為擁有之任何權益或淡倉),或須根據 證券及期貨條例第352條登記於該條所指登記冊 的權益及淡倉,或根據上市規則附錄C3之上市 公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則須知會本公 司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

(i) 於股份及相關股份之好倉

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity/Nature 身份/性質	Number of Shares and underlying Shares held/ interested 持有/擁有 權益的股份 及相關股份數目	Approximate percentage of interest 權益百分比約數
Mr. Guo Yumin ("Mr. Guo") 郭玉民(「郭先生」)	Interest of a controlled corporation (Note 1) 受控制法團權益(附註1)	1,206,086,000	49.55%
	Beneficial owner (Note 2) 實益擁有人(附註2)	272,356,164	11.19%
	Interest of spouse (Notes 3 and 4) 配偶權益(附註3及4)	33,094,000	1.36%
Ms. Xia Yu ("Ms. Xia") 夏煜(「夏女士」)	Interest of spouse (Note 5) 配偶權益(附註5)	1,478,442,164	60.74%
	Beneficial owner (Note 3) 實益擁有人(附註3)	33,094,000	1.36%
Ms. Fan Qing ("Ms. Fan") 范晴女士(「范女士」)	Beneficial owner (Note 6) 實益擁有人(附註6)	800,000	0.03%

(i) Long Position in the Shares and the

(ii) Long Position in the Ordinary Shares of (ii) 於相聯法團普通股之好倉 Associated Corporation

2025.

29日失效。

	Name of Director 董事姓名	Name of associated corporation 相聯法團名稱	Capacity/Nature 身份/性質		Number of Share held/ interested 所持/擁有 權益的股份數目	Percentage of interest 權益百分比
	Mr. Guo 郭先生	Sheentai BVI	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人		1	100%
	Ms. Xia (Note 5) 夏女士(附註5)	Sheentai BVI	Autor of spouse 配偶權益		1	100%
Notes	5:			附註	:	
1.	BVI. Therefore Mr. Guo is	the entire issued share capi deemed, or taken to be, ir held by Sheentai BVI for the ector of Sheentai BVI.	nterested in all	1.	郭先生實益擁有 Sheenta 股本。因此,根據證券 生被視為或當作於 Shee 1,206,086,000股股份中 Sheentai BVI的唯一董事。	及期貨條例,郭先 ntai BVI持有的所有 瘫有權益。郭先生為
2.	 These 272,356,164 Shares and underlying Shares represent the 272,356,164 Shares owned by Mr. Guo. 		2.	該272,356,164股股份及約 有的272,356,164股股份。		
3.	These 33,094,000 Shares and underlying Shares represent the 33,094,000 Shares owned by Ms. Xia.		3.	該33,094,000股股份及相 的33,094,000股股份。	關股份指夏女士擁有	
4.		Ms. Xia. Accordingly, Mr. G n all the Shares and underl		4.	郭先生為夏女士的配偶。 或當作於夏女士擁有權益 份中擁有權益。	
5.	5. Ms. Xia is the spouse of Mr. Guo. Accordingly, Ms. Xia is deemed, or taken to be interested in all the Shares and underlying Shares in which Mr. Guo is interested for the purpose of the SFO.		5.	夏女士為郭先生的配偶。 貨條例,夏女士被視為或 益的所有股份及相關股份。	當作於郭先生擁有權	
6.	may be allotted and issued	hares represent the 800,000 to Ms. Fan upon full exercis e share options were lapsed	se of the Share	6.	該800,000股相關股份推 士授出的購股權後可能 800,000股股份。該等購	向其配發及發行的

- (b) So far as is known to the Directors, as at 31 December 2024, the following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company as disclosed in paragraph (a) above) had interests or short positions in Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or, who are, directly or indirectly, interested in 10% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of any other member of the Group:
- (b) 據董事所知,於2024年12月31日,以下人士 (上文(a)段所披露之本公司董事或最高行政人員 除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須向本公司及 聯交所披露的權益或淡倉,或直接或間接擁有 附有權利可於任何情況下在本集團任何其他成 員公司的股東大會上投票的任何類別股本面值 10%或以上的權益:

The Company

本公司

Name 名稱	Capacity/Nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number of Shares held/ interested 所持/擁有 權益的股份數目	Approximate percentage of shareholding 股權百分比約數
Sheentai BVI (note 1) Sheentai BVI(附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	1,206,086,000	49.55%
Polly Power Group Limited (Note 1) 寶恒集團有限公司(附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	608,500,000	25.0%
Mr. Bai Chaoshun (note 2) 白朝順先生(附註2)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	608,500,000	25.0%
Mr. Dai Jizhou (note 2) 戴繼州先生(附註2)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控制法團權益	608,500,000	25.0%

Notes:

- 1. On 15 June 2024, Sheentai BVI has entered into a shares purchase agreement (the "SPA") relating to the disposal of 608,500,000 Shares to Polly Power, representing approximately 25% of the total issued Shares, upon satisfaction of a number of conditions precedent as set out in the SPA. As at 31 December 2024, no Shares has been transferred to Polly Power under the SPA.
- 2. Mr. Bai Chaoshun, who was as an executive Director between 1 August 2024 and 11 March 2025, wholly owns Feng Yi Capital Limited and Feng Yi Capital Limited in turn owns 60% issued shares of Polly Power. On 2 April 2025, Feng Yi Capital Limited disposed of its 60% shareholding interest in Polly Power to Mr. Dai Jizhou, who is appointed as an executive Director on 9 April 2025. Therefore, upon the completion of the share transfer of the SPA which is expected to be completed in 2025, Mr. Dai Jizhou will be deemed, or taken to be, interested in all the 608,500,000 Shares held by Polly Power for the purposes of the SFO and will become the sole legal and beneficial owner of Polly Power. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 17 June 2024 and 7 April 2025.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, the Company had not been notified by any persons (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provision of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Directors' interests and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures" above, at no time during the Year was the Company, its holding company, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or the chief executive of the Company or their associates to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

附註:

- 於2024年6月15日,Sheentai BVI訂立股份購 買協議(「股份購買協議」),內容有關在股份購 買協議所載的多項先決條件獲達成後向寶恒出 售608,500,000股股份,佔全部已發行股份約 25%。於2024年12月31日,概無股份根據股 份購買協議轉讓予寶恒。
- 2. 於2024年8月1日至2025年3月11日期間為執 行董事的白朝順先生全資擁有Feng Yi Capital Limited, Feng Yi Capital Limited繼而擁有寶 恒60%已發行股份。於2025年4月2日,Feng Yi Capital Limited出售其於寶恒的60%股權予 戴繼州先生(於2025年4月9日獲委任為執行董 事)。因此,就證券及期貨條例而言,於股份 購買協議的股份轉讓(預期將於2025年完成)完 成後,戴繼州先生將被視為或被當作於寶恒所 持有的全數608,500,000股股份中擁有權益, 並將成為寶恒的唯一合法及實益擁有人。詳情 請參閱本公司日期為2024年6月17日及2025年 4月7日的公告。

除上文所披露者外,於2024年12月31日,概無任何 人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)知會本公司其 於股份或相關股份中擁有須根據證券及期貨條例第XV 部第2及第3分部之條文向本公司披露,或記入本公司 根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定存置之登記冊的權 益或淡倉。

董事收購股份或債券的權利

除上文「董事於股份、相關股份及債券的權益及淡倉」 一段所披露者外,於本年度任何時候,本公司、其 控股公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司並無訂立任何安 排,使本公司董事或最高行政人員或其聯繫人可透 過收購本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債券而獲 益。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") and was expired on 21 June 2022, whilst the Share Option Scheme has expired the Share Options (as defined below) granted remain exercisable by the Grantees (as defined below). A summary of the principal terms and conditions of the Share Option Scheme is set out as follows:

1. Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to attract and retain the best available personnel, to provide additional incentive to employees (full-time and part-time), directors, consultants, advisers, distributors, contractors, suppliers, agents, customers, business partners or service providers of the Group and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

2. Participants

The Board may, at its absolute discretion and on such terms as it may think fit, grant any employee (full-time or part-time), director, consultant or adviser of the Group, or any substantial shareholder of the Group, or any distributor, contractor, supplier, agent, customer, business partner or service provider of the Group, options to subscribe for such number of Shares as it may determine in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme.

The basis of eligibility of any participant to the grant of any option shall be determined by the Board (or as the case may be, the independent non-executive Directors) from time to time on the basis of his contribution or potential contribution to the development and growth of the Group.

購股權計劃

本公司採納一項購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),購股權 計劃已於2022年6月21日屆滿,所授出的購股權(定 義見下文)仍可由承授人(定義見下文)行使。購股權 計劃主要條款及條件的概要載列如下:

1. 購股權計劃的目的

購股權計劃旨在吸納及挽留優才,並向本集團 僱員(全職及兼職)、董事、諮詢人士、顧問、 分銷商、承包商、供應商、代理、客戶、商業 夥伴或服務供應商提供額外獎勵以及推動本集 團業務創出佳績。

2. 參與者

董事會可全權酌情及按其可能認為合適的有關 條款向本集團任何僱員(全職或兼職)、董事、 諮詢人士或顧問或本集團任何主要股東或本集 團任何分銷商、承包商、供應商、代理、客 戶、商業夥伴或服務供應商授出購股權以認購 相關數目股份(可根據購股權計劃條款釐定)。

任何參與者可獲授任何購股權的基本資格乃根 據董事會(或視情況而定,獨立非執行董事)不 時根據其對本集團的發展或業務的貢獻或潛在 貢獻而決定。

3. Total of Shares available for issue under the 3. Share Option Scheme

The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other scheme of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of all the shares in issue as at the date of listing of the shares of the Company (or such numbers of shares as shall result from a sub-division or a consolidation of the shares of the Company from time to time), i.e. 40,000,000 shares representing 10% of the issued shares of the Company as at the date of listing. On 25 September 2015, each of the existing issued and unissued shares of the Company of HK\$0.01 each in the share capital of the Company was sub-divided into four sub-divided shares of HK\$0.0025 each (the "Shares Subdivision"). As such, the maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other scheme of the Company is adjusted from 40,000,000 to 160,000,000.

On 29 January 2015, a total of 14,600,000 share options (the "Share Options") to subscribe for a total of 14,600,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company (which were adjusted to 58,400,000 shares of HK\$0.0025 each after the Shares Subdivision) were granted to certain Directors and employees of the Company under the Share Option Scheme (the "Grantees").

Therefore, as at the date of this annual report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme and any other scheme of the Company was 49,550,000 representing approximately 2.03% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of this annual report.

4. Maximum entitlement of each participant

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options granted to any participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option schemes of the Company in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue.

根據購股權計劃可發行股份總數

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他計劃可能授 出購股權有關股份最高數目合計將不超過於本 公司股份上市日期已發行所有股份的10%(或本 公司股份不時拆細或合併將產生的有關股份數 目),即40,000,000股股份,佔上市日期本公 司已發行股份的10%。於2015年9月25日,本 公司股本中每股面值0.01港元的每股本公司現 有已發行及未發行股份乃分拆為四股每股面值 0.0025港元的拆細股份(「股份拆細」)。因此, 根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他計劃可能授 出購股權有關股份最高數目由40,000,000股調 整為160,000,000股。

於2015年1月29日,根據購股權計劃,已向 本公司若干董事及僱員(「承授人」)授出總計 14,600,000份購股權(「購股權」),以認購總計 14,600,000股本公司每股面值0.01港元的普通 股(其於股份拆細後已調整至58,400,000股每股 面值0.0025港元的股份)。

因此,於本年報日期,根據購股權計劃及 本公司任何其他計劃可供發行股份總數為 49,550,000股,佔本年報日期本公司已發行股 本約2.03%。

4. 各參與者的最高配額

於任何12個月期間直至授出日期根據購股權計 劃或本公司任何其他購股權計劃於行使向任何 參與者授出購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使購股 權)時已發行及將發行股份總數將不超過本公司 已發行股份的1%。

5. Time of exercise of options

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not exceed ten years from the date of grant subject to the provisions of early termination thereof.

6. Minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

Save as determined by the Board and provided in the offer of the grant of the relevant options, there is no performance target which must be achieved before any of the options can be exercised.

7. Time of acceptance and the amount payable on acceptance of the option

An offer for the grant of options must be accepted within seven days inclusive of the day on which such offer was made. The amount payable by the grantee of an option to the Company on acceptance of the offer for the grant of an option is HK\$1.

8. Basis of determining the exercise price

The exercise price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be a price solely determined by the Board and notified to a participant and shall be at least the higher of: (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant of the option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average of the closing prices of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of a share of the Company on the date of grant of the option.

9. Life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme will remain in force for a period of ten years commencing on the date on 22 June 2012 (the date on which the Share Option Scheme was conditionally adopted by the Company) and shall expire at the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the tenth anniversary thereof unless terminated earlier by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting.

5. 行使購股權的時間

購股權可根據購股權計劃的條款於董事會可能 釐定期間(自授出日期起計不超過十年)的任何 時間予以行使,惟須受相關提前終止條文的規 限。

6. 行使購股權前須持有購股權之最短期 限

除董事會另有釐定及有關購股權的授出要約指 明者外,任何購股權可獲行使前毋須達成任何 表現目標。

7. 接納時間及接納購股權時應付金額

授出購股權要約須於作出有關要約(包括當日) 七日內接納。於授出購股權要約接納時本公司 購股權承授人應付金額為1港元。

8. 釐定行使價的基準

就根據購股權計劃授出的任何特定購股權的股份行使價,將完全由董事會釐定並通知參與 者,但不得低於下列較高者:(i)本公司股份於 購股權授出日期(須為營業日)在聯交所每日報 價表所報的收市價:(ii)本公司股份於緊接購股 權授出日期前五個營業日在聯交所每日報價表 所報的平均收市價:及(iii)本公司股份於購股權 授出日期的面值。

9. 購股權計劃的有效期

購股權計劃將自2012年6月22日(本公司有條件 採納購股權計劃日期)起十年期間仍具效力,除 非在股東大會上遭本公司股東提早終止,否則 於緊接計劃滿十週年前一個營業日的營業時間 結束時屆滿。

On 29 January 2015, a total of 14,600,000 share options to subscribe for a total of 14,600,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company were granted to certain Directors and employees of the Company under the Share Option Scheme. Among the share options granted above, 2,100,000 share options were granted to the Directors to subscribe for a total of 2,100,000 shares of the Company. For details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 29 January 2015.

Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 24 September 2015 in relation to the adjustment to the options granted under the Share Option Scheme upon the share subdivision of the Company becoming effective on 25 September 2015.

Set out below are details of the outstanding options granted under the Share Option Scheme as at the date of this report:

於2015年1月29日,可認購合共14,600,000股本公司 每股面值0.01港元的普通股的14,600,000份購股權, 已根據購股權計劃授予若干本公司董事及僱員。於所 授出購股權中,2,100,000份購股權乃授予董事,以 認購合共2,100,000股本公司股份。詳情請參閱本公 司日期為2015年1月29日的公告。

請參閱本公司日期為2015年9月24日的公告,內容有 關本公司股份拆細於2015年9月25日生效後根據購股 權計劃授出之購股權調整。

於本報告日期,根據購股權計劃授出的未行使購股權 詳情載列如下:

		Number of options granted on 29 January 2015 於2015年 1月29日	Outstanding as at 1 January 2024 於2024年		During the repo 於報告!			Outstanding as at 31 December 2024 於2024年
Name of grantee 承授人姓名		獲授購股權 數目	1月1日 尚未行使	Granted 已發行	Exercised 已行使	Cancelled 已註銷	Lapsed 已失效	12 月31日 尚未行使
Director	董事	200,000	000.000					000.000
Ms. Fan Qing Employees and advis	范晴女士 ers 僱員及顧問	800,000 57,600,000	800,000 48,750,000	-	-	-	-	800,000 48,750,000
Total	合計	58,400,000	49,550,000	-	_	-	-	49,550,000

The number of share options which are available for grant under the scheme mandate of the Share Option Scheme as at 1 January 2024 and 31 December 2024 is nil. On 29 January 2025, all the outstanding share options were lapsed.

於2024年1月1日及2024年12月31日,購股權計劃的 計劃授權項下可予授出的購股權數目為零。於2025年 1月29日,所有未行使的購股權均已失效。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 December 2024, the Group employed approximately 41 full-time staff members. The Directors and senior management receive compensation in the form of fees, salaries, allowances, benefits in kind and/or discretionary bonuses relating to our performance. The Group also established the Share Option Scheme to incentivize the senior management and employees, further details of which are set out in the paragraph headed "Share Option Scheme" in this report. When reviewing and determining the specific remuneration packages for the executive Directors and senior management, the Company takes into consideration factors such as their individual performance, qualification, experience and seniority, salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, employment elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration. The Group determines the staff's remuneration based on factors such as qualifications and work experience.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining the highest standard of corporate governance practices. Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report of this annual report.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the Year, the Group did not make any charitable donation.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

Pursuant to Article 191 of the Articles, every Director is entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto.

The Company has taken out and maintained directors' and officers' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover the certain legal actions brought against its Directors and officers.

PUBLIC FLOAT

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Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained sufficient public float during the Year and up to the date of this annual report as required under the Listing Rules.

僱員及薪酬政策

於2024年12月31日,本集團聘用約41名全職員工。 董事及高級管理層以袍金、薪金、津貼、實物福利 及/或與本集團表現有關的酌情花紅形式收取報酬。 本集團亦設立購股權計劃,以激勵高級管理層及僱 員,進一步詳情載於本報告「購股權計劃」一段。於 檢討及釐定執行董事及高級管理層的具體薪酬組合 時,本公司會考慮多種因素,如彼等的個人表現、 資格、經驗及資歷、可比公司所支付的薪金、時間 投入及董事職責、於本集團其他部門的就業情況以及 與表現掛鈎薪酬的可取性。本集團根據資格及工作經 驗等因素釐定員工的薪酬。

企業管治

本公司致力維持高水平的企業管治常規。有關本公 司所採納的企業管治常規資料載於本年報企業管治報 告。

慈善捐贈

於本年度,本集團並無作出任何慈善捐贈。

獲准許彌償條文

根據章程細則第191條,每名董事就其執行職務或與 此有關所蒙受或招致之一切損失或責任,均有權從本 公司資產中獲得彌償。

本公司於整個年度內購買並維持董事及管理人員的責任保險,就針對董事及管理人員提出的若干法律訴訟 提供適當保障。

公眾持股量

根據本公司所得公眾資料及就董事所知,於本年報日 期,本公司於本年度直至本年報日期已遵照上市規則 維持足夠公眾持股量。

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 have been audited by RSM Hong Kong.

RSM Hong Kong will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting. A resolution for the reappointment of RSM Hong Kong as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

核數師

截至2024年12月31日止年度的綜合財務報表已由羅 申美會計師事務所審核。

羅申美會計師事務所將於應屆股東週年大會上退任, 惟符合資格並願意應選連任。再次委任羅申美會計師 事務所為本公司核數師的決議案將於應屆股東週年大 會提呈。

By Order of the Board of

承董事會命

Guo Yumin *Chairman*

Hong Kong, 31 March 2025

主席 **郭玉民**

香港,2025年3月31日

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



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致順泰控股集團有限公司

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

www.rsmhk.com

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SHEEN TAI HOLDINGS GROUP COMPANY LIMITED (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Sheen Tai Holdings Group Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 105 to 222, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance.

意見

股東

我們已審核載於第105頁至第222頁順泰控股集團有 限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜 合財務報表,此等綜合財務報表包括於2024年12月 31日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益 表、綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和 綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括重大 會計政策資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則會計準 則真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2024年12月31日 的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及 綜合現金流量,並已遵照公司條例的披露要求妥為擬 備。

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. The key audit matters we identified are:

- 1. Impairment of trade receivables;
- 2. Impairment of loan and interest receivables; and
- 3. Fair value of an investment in convertible loan.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進 行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告 「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作 進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計 師道德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集 團,並且根據守則我們已履行我們的其他道德責任。 我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為 我們的意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜 合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。該等事項是在我 們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。 我們不會對該等事項提供單獨的意見。我們識別的關 鍵審計事項為:

- 1. 貿易應收款項減值;
- 2. 應收貸款及利息減值;及
- 3. 可轉換貸款投資的公允價值。

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們於審計過程中如何處理關鍵審計事項			
Impairment of trade receivables	Our procedures included:			
Refer to Note 24 to the consolidated financial statements. As at 31 December 2024, the Group has trade receivables with net carrying amount of approximately HK\$125,573,000. Reversal of impairment losses recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year in respect of the Group's trade receivables amounted to approximately HK\$45,000.	• Understanding and evaluating key control over impairment assessment of trade receivables, and assessing the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes, susceptibility to management bias or fraud;			
Loss allowance for trade receivables are based on management's estimate of the lifetime expected credit losses ("ECL") to be incurred, which is estimated by taking into account the credit loss experience, ageing of overdue trade receivables, customers' repayment history and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions, all of which involve a significant degree of management judgement. The management engaged a	 Evaluating the outcomes of period assessment of impairment assessment of trade receivables to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process; Obtaining and examining the assessment report of ECL of trade receivables prepared by the external valuer engaged by the Group; Assessing the external valuer's gualifications, experience 			
qualified external valuer to assist in the assessment. We identified assessing the recoverability of trade receivables and recognition of loss allowance are inherently subjective and requires significant management judgement, which	 and expertise, and considering its objectivity; Assessing whether trade receivables was appropriately grouped by the management into categories with shared credit risk characteristics; 			
increases the risk of error or potential management bias. 貿易應收款項減值 請參閱綜合財務報表附註24。	 Testing, on a sample basis, the accuracy and completeness of the data used by the management to develop historical loss rates and assessing the sufficiency, relevance and reliability of that data; 			
於2024年12月31日, 貴集團的貿易應收款項的賬面淨值為 約125,573,000港元。於本年度的綜合損益表內確認有關 貴 集團貿易應收款項的減值虧損撥回約45,000港元。 貿易應收款項的虧損撥備乃基於將產生的存續期預期信貸虧損 (「預期信貸虧損」)的管理層估算,其藉考量信貸虧損經驗、 逾期貿易應收款項賬齡、客戶還款記錄及對目前和預測一般 經濟局勢的評估來估量,當中各項均涉及重大程度的管理層 判斷。管理層委聘合資格外部估值師協助評估。	 我們的程序包括: 瞭解及評估對貿易應收款項減值評估的關鍵控制,並透過考量估計不確定性的程度及其他固有風險因素水平(如複雜性、主觀性、變化、是否易受管理層偏見影響或欺詐),評估固有的重大錯誤陳述風險; 評估貿易應收款項減值評估的期間評估結果,以評估管理層估計過程的有效性; 			
我們已識別貿易應收款項的可回收性評估及虧損撥備的確認本 屬主觀性質並需要管理層作出重大判斷,從而增加出現錯誤 或管理層潛在偏見的風險。	 取得並審視 貴集團委聘外部估值師編製的貿易應收款 項預期信貸虧損的評估報告; 評估外部估值師的資格、經驗及專業知識,並考慮其客 			
	 觀性: 評估管理層是否按共同的信貸風險特徵將貿易應收款項 適當分組: 			
	 抽樣測試管理層制定歷史虧損率所用數據是否真實完整,並評估該數據的充分性、相關性及可靠性; 			

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們於審計過程中如何處理關鍵審計事項
	• Testing, on a sample basis, the accuracy of the ageing of trade receivables to supporting documents; and
	• Engaging an auditor's expert to assist our assessment by the following procedures:
	(i) assessing the appropriateness of the impairment model used by the Group;
	(ii) testing inputs to the model to market data;
	(iii) assessing the appropriateness of forward-looking adjustments to the model; and
	(iv) testing the calculation of the ECL provisions.
	 抽樣測試證明文件的貿易應收款項的賬齡的準確程度; 及
	 委聘核數師專家透過以下程序協助我們進行評估:
	(i) 評估 貴集團所使用減值模式的恰當性:
	(ii) 測試市場數據模式使用的輸入數據:
	(iii) 評估該模式前瞻性調整的恰當性;及
	(iv) 測試預期信貸虧損撥備的計算。

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們於審計過程中如何處理關鍵審計事項			
Impairment of loan and interest receivables	Our procedures included:			
Refer to Note 24(c) to the consolidated financial statements. As at 31 December 2024, the Group has loan and interest receivables at gross amount of approximately HK\$67,374,000. Impairment losses recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year in respect of the Group's loan and interest receivables amounted to approximately HK\$39,628,000 and the provision of impairment on loan and interest receivables was approximately HK\$49,016,000 as at 31 December 2024. Loss allowance for loan and interest receivables are based on management's estimation of ECL under a "three stage" model, which is estimated by taking into account the credit loss experience, ageing of overdue loan and interest receivables, borrowers' repayment history, borrowers' financial position, the collateral and other credit enhancement and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions, all of which involve a significant degree of management judgement. The management engaged a qualified external valuer to assist in the assessment.	 Understanding and evaluating the key control over impairment assessment of loan and interest receivables; Assessing the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes, susceptibility to management bias or fraud; Discussing with management for the identification of events that triggered the significant increase in credit risk of loan and interest receivables and events of default; Evaluating the outcomes of prior period assessment of impairment of loan and interest receivables to assess the effectiveness of management's estimation process; Obtaining and examining the assessment report of ECL of loan and interest receivables prepared by the external valuer engaged by the Group; Assessing the external valuer's qualifications, experience and expertise, and considering its objectivity; 			
We focused on this area due to the magnitude of the balance involved and the significant accounting judgements and estimates required in assessing the loss allowance for impairment of loan and interest receivables.	我們的程序包括: 了解及評估對應收貸款及利息減值評估的關鍵控制; 			
應收貸款及利息的減值 請參閱綜合財務報表附註24(c)。 於2024年12月31日, 貴集團的應收貸款及利息的總額約為	 透過考量估計不確定性的程度及其他固有風險因素水平 (如複雜性、主觀性、變化、是否易受管理層偏見影響 或欺詐),評估固有的重大錯誤陳述風險; 			
於2024年12月31日, 貢集團的應收貸款及利息的總額約為 67,374,000港元。於本年度的綜合損益表內確認有關 貴集 團應收貸款及利息的減值虧損約39,628,000港元,而於2024 年12月31日,應收貸款及利息減值撥備約為49,016,000港元。 應收貸款及利息的虧損撥備乃基於管理層根據「三階」模型估 算預期信貸虧損,有關估算計及信貸虧損經驗、逾期應收貸 款及利息賬齡、借款人還款記錄、借款人財政狀況、抵押品 及其他信貸增級措施,以及對目前和預測一般經濟局勢的評 估,當中各項均涉及重大程度的管理層判斷。管理層委聘合 資格外部估值師協助評估。	 與管理層討論導致應收貸款及利息信貸風險顯著增加的 事件及違約事件的識別; 評核過往期間應收貸款及利息減值評估的結果,以評估 管理層估計過程的有效性; 取得並審視 貴集團委聘外部估值師編製的應收貸款及 利息預期信貸虧損的評估報告; 評估外部估值師的資格、經驗及專業知識,並考慮其客 觀性; 			
由於所涉及的結餘金額龐大及評估應收貸款及利息的減值虧損 撥備須作出重大會計判斷及估計,故我們集中於此範疇。				

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們於審計過程中如何處理關鍵審計事項
	Evaluating management's assessment of whether there was a significant increase in credit risk on the loan and interest receivables since initial recognition and events or default; and
	• Engaging an auditor's expert to assist our assessment by the following procedures:
	(i) assessing the appropriateness of the impairmen model used by the Group;
	(ii) testing inputs to the model to market data;
	(iii) assessing the appropriateness of forward-lookin adjustments to the model;
	(iv) testing the calculation of the ECL provisions; and
	(v) considering the adequacy of impairment of loa and interest receivables with reference to th payment performance and financial condition of borrowers and collaterals held by the Group, if an and other relevant factors.
	 評核管理層對應收貸款及利息自初始確認以來信貸風隙 有否顯著增加及違約事件的評估;及
	 委聘核數師專家透過以下程序協助我們進行評估:
	(i) 評估 貴集團所使用減值模式的恰當性:
	(ii) 測試市場數據模式使用的輸入數據:
	(iii) 評估該模式前瞻性調整的恰當性;
	(iv) 測試預期信貸虧損撥備的計算:及
	(v) 參考借款人支付表現和財務狀況及 貴集團持有的 抵押品(如有),以及其他相關因素,從而審視應 收貸款及利息減值是否充分。

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們於審計過程中如何處理關鍵審計事項			
Fair value of an investment in convertible loan	Our procedures included:			
Refer to Note 25 to the consolidated financial statements. As at 31 December 2024, the Group has an investment in convertible loan amounted to approximately HK\$44,970,000 which is classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").	• Understanding and evaluating the design and implementation of key controls over the valuation of convertible loan and assessing the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes, susceptibility to management bias or fraud;			
The management engaged a qualified external valuer to assist in the determination of the fair value of the convertible	 Assessing the competence, capabilities and objectivity of management's valuation expert; 			
loan based on valuation model. We focus on this area due to the determination of the fair value involves significant management estimation,	• Obtaining and examining the valuation report prepared by the external valuer for the fair value determination of the convertible loan;			
in particularly, the selection of unobservable inputs. The inherent risk in relation to the valuation of the fair value of the convertible loan is considered significant due to	• Engaging an auditor's expert to assist our assessment by the following procedures:			
subjectivity of significant assumptions used.	 assessing whether the valuation methodologies adopted by management were appropriate; 			
可轉換貸款投資的公允價值 請參閱綜合財務報表附註25。	 testing the evidence supporting the unobservable inputs utilised in the Level 3 fair value measurement; and 			
於2024年12月31日, 貴集團的可轉換貸款投資為約 44,970,000港元,分類為以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期	(iii) testing the mathematical accuracy of the calculation.			
損益(「以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益」)的金融資產。 管理層委聘合資格外部估值師協助根據估值模型釐定可轉換貸 款的公允價值。	• Evaluating the adequacy of the Level 3 fair value measurement disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.			
	我們的程序包括:			
我們關注此範疇乃由於釐定公允價值涉及重大管理估計,尤 其是關於選取不可觀察輸入值。由於所用重要假設的主觀 性,故與可轉換貸款的公允價值估值相關的固有風險被視為 重大。	 瞭解及評估對可轉換貸款估值關鍵控制的設計及應用, 並透過考量估計不確定性的程度及其他固有風險因素水 平(如複雜性、主觀性、變化、易受管理層偏見影響程 度或欺詐),評估固有的重大錯誤陳述風險; 			
	 評估管理層估值專家的資歷、專長及客觀性; 			
	 取得並審視外部估值師就釐定可轉換貸款的公允價值編 製的估值報告; 			
	• 委聘核數師專家透過以下程序協助我們進行評估:			
	(i) 評估管理層所使用估值方法是否適當:			
	(ii) 測試於第三層級公允價值計量中使用不可觀察輸入值的支持證據:及			
	(iii) 測試計算的算數準確性。			
	 評核於綜合財務報表的第三層級公允價值計量披露的適 當性。 			

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括刊載於年報內 的全部信息,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們的核數師 報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們 亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀 其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料是否與綜合財 務報表或我們在審計過程中所瞭解的情況存在重大抵 觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執 行的工作,倘我們認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述, 我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報 告。

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告 準則會計準則及公司條例的披露要求擬備真實而中肯 的綜合財務報表,並對董事認為為使綜合財務報表的 擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所 需的內部監控負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續 經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的 事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代 方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程的責任。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於 欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並 出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向股東報告 我們的意見,除此以外,我們的報告不可用作其他用 途。我們概不就本報告的內容,對任何其他人士負責 或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照《香港審 計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總 能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理 預期錯誤陳述單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表 使用者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯 誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中,我們運用 專業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或淩駕於內部監控之上,因此,未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
 - 瞭解與審計相關的內部監控,以設計適當的審 計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部監控的有 效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出會計 估計和相關披露的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Group as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任 (續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結 論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與 事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導 致對 貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。 倘我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核 數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財務報表中的 相關披露。假若有關的披露不足,則我們應當 發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數師 報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項 或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 規劃和執行集團審計,以就 貴集團內實體或 業務單位的財務信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑 證,作為對綜合財務報表發表意見的基礎。 我們負責針對集團審計目的進行審計工作的指 導、監督和審核。我們為審計意見承擔全部責 任。

我們與審核委員會就(其中包括)審計的計劃範圍、時 間安排及重大審計結果進行溝通,包括我們在審計中 識別出內部監控的任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明, 説明我們已符合有關 獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與彼等溝通有可能 合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事 項,以及在適用的情況下, 為消除威脅而採取行動或 相關的防範措施。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Wong Wo Cheung.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任 (續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定對本期綜合 財務報表的審計最為重要的事項,因而構成關鍵審計 事項。我們在核數師報告中描述該等事項,除非法律 法規不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見的情況 下,倘合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面 後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝 通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是王和祥先 生。

RSM Hong Kong *Certified Public Accountants*

31 March 2025

羅申美會計師事務所 執業會計師

2025年3月31日

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (已重列)
Continuing operations Revenue	持續經營業務 收入	8	50,875	420,436
Cost of sales	銷售成本	-	(19,252)	(382,248)
Gross profit	毛利		31,623	38,188
Other income Other gains and losses, net Distribution costs (Impairment losses)/reversal of impairment losses	其他收入 其他收益及虧損淨額 分銷成本 貿易應收款項及其他應收款項	9 10	9,792 6,066 (66)	7,035 (22,867) (73)
on trade and other receivables Administrative expenses Other operating expenses	(減值虧損)/減值虧損撥回 行政開支 其他經營開支		(40,513) (32,005) (1,609)	1,072 (26,024) (2,922)
Loss from operations	經營虧損		(26,712)	(5,591)
Finance costs	融資成本	11	(771)	(828)
Loss before tax	税前虧損		(27,483)	(6,419)
Income tax expense	所得税支出	12	(2,498)	(4,059)
Loss for the year from continuing operations	持續經營業務年內虧損	13	(29,981)	(10,478)
Discontinued operations Loss for the year from discontinued operations	已終止經營業務 已終止經營業務年內虧損	16	(3,731)	(2,921)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(33,712)	(13,399)
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔: 本公司權益股東 非控股權益		(33,712) _	(13,389) (10)
			(33,712)	(13,399)
Loss per share	每股虧損	18		
From continuing and discontinued operations Basic (HK\$ per share)	來自持續及已終止經營業務 基本(每股港元)		(0.014)	(0.006)
Diluted (HK\$ per share)	攤薄(每股港元)		(0.014)	(0.006)
From continuing operations Basic (HK\$ per share)	來自持續經營業務 基本(每股港元)		(0.012)	(0.004)
Diluted (HK\$ per share)	攤薄(每股港元)		(0.012)	(0.004)

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
			(Re-presented) (已重列)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(33,712)	(13,399)
Other comprehensive loss:	其他全面虧損:		
Item that reclassified or may be reclassified to	重新分類或可能重新分類至		
profit or loss:	<i></i>		
Exchange differences on translating foreign	換算境外經營所產生的匯兑差額		
operations		(19,846)	(18,291)
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	年內其他全面虧損,扣除税項	(19,846)	(18,291)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年內全面虧損總額	(53,558)	(31,690)
	十四十四月二日	(55,556)	(31,030)
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to:	以下人士應佔年內全面虧損總額:		
Equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東	(53,558)	(31,682)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	_	(8)
		(53,558)	(31,690)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	本公司權益股東應佔年內全面		
attributable to equity shareholders of the Company arises from:	虧損總額來自:		
Continuing operations	持續經營業務	(48,356)	(29,057)
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務	(5,202)	(2,625)
		(53,558)	(31,682)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日

		Note 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	19	190,571	227,220
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	20	13,847	21,263
Intangible assets	無形資產	21	4	8
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產		-	1,393
Financial assets at fair value through profit	以公允價值計量且其變動			
or loss	計入當期損益的金融資產	25	44,970	32,749
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	30	-	
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		249,392	282,633
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	23	3,728	4,692
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收款項及其他應收款項	24	198,034	244,957
Current tax assets	即期税項資產		71	71
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	26	233,654	237,340
			435,487	487,060
Assets classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售的資產	35	27,596	
Total current assets	流動資產總額		463,083	487,060
	计乳石店			
Current liabilities	流動負債 网目陈仕封西卫其他陈仕封西	22	0.470	
Trade and other payables	貿易應付款項及其他應付款項 和年9年	32	8,172	12,554
Lease liabilities Deferred government grants	租賃負債	33	422	615
Current tax liabilities	遞延政府補助 即期税項負債	31	-	257 12,274
	刷别优块其具		11,345	12,274
			19,939	25,700
Liabilities directly associated with assets	直接與分類為持作出售的			-,
classified as held for sale	資產相關的負債	35	7,727	_
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		27,666	25,700
Net current assets	流動資產淨額		435,417	461,360
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		684,809	743,993
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日

		Note 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
	北次科在库			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	33	11 420	12 262
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		11,436	12,262
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	30	8,355	8,357
Deferred government grants	遞延政府補助	31	-	4,798
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		19,791	25,417
			,	
NET ASSETS	淨資產		665,018	718,576
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	27	6,085	6,085
Reserves	儲備	29	658,933	712,491
Total equity	權益總額		665,018	718,576

Approved by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

由董事會於2025年3月31日批准並由下列人士代表董 事會簽署:

Guo Yumin 郭玉民

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Xia Yu 夏煜

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

			Attributable to shareholders of the Company 本公司股東應佔										
			Share capital	Share premium	Capital redemption reserve 資本	Capital reserve	Statutory reserve	Share-based payments reserve 以股份為基礎	Exchange reserve	Retained profits	Sub-total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		附註	資本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK \$'000 千港元	篇回儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	法定儲備 HK \$ ′000 千港元	的支付儲備 HK \$ '000 千港元	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	保留溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	小計 HK \$ ′000 千港元	非控股權益 HK \$ '000 千港元	總權益 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日		6,085	601,211	53	68,665	38,315	15,228	(48,134)	93,451	774,874	(267)	774,607
Total comprehensive loss for the year Appropriation to statutory reserve Acquisition of non-controlling	年內全面虧損總額 分配至法定儲備 收購附屬公司的		-	-	-	-	- 1,843	-	(18,293) –	(13,389) (1,843)	(31,682) -	(8)	(31,690)
interests of subsidiaries Dividend paid	收開附圖公司时 非控股權益 已付股息	36(c) 17	-	- (24,341)	-	-	-	-	4	(279)	(275) (24,341)	275	- (24,341)
Changes in equity for the year	年內權益變動		-	(24,341)	-	-	1,843	-	(18,289)	(15,511)	(56,298)	267	(56,031)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日		6,085	576,870	53	68,665	40,158	15,228	(66,423)	77,940	718,576	-	718,576
At 1 January 2024	於2024年1月1日		6,085	576,870	53	68,665	40,158	15,228	(66,423)	77,940	718,576	-	718,576
Total comprehensive loss for the year Appropriation to statutory reserve	年內全面虧損總額 分配至法定儲備		-	-	-	-	- 1,533	- -	(19,846) -	(33,712) (1,533)	(53,558) -	-	(53,558) –
Changes in equity for the year	年內權益變動		-	-	-	-	1,533	-	(19,846)	(35,245)	(53,558)	-	(53,558)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日		6,085	576,870	53	68,665	41,691	15,228	(86,269)	42,695	665,018	-	665,018



Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動所得現金流量			
Loss before tax S Continuing operations Discontinued operations	税前虧損 持續經營業務 已終止經營業務		(27,483) (3,731)	(6,419) (2,921)
			(31,214)	(9,340)
Adjustments for: Write off of non-refundable deposit Write off of property, plant and equipment (Reversal of allowance)/allowance for inventories Impairment losses/(reversal of impairment losses)	調整項目: 不可退還按金撇銷 物業、廠房及設備撇銷 存貨(撥備撥回)/撥備 貿易應收款項及其他應	13 13	6,497 _ (33)	- 40 211
on trade and other receivables Amortisation of deferred government grants Amortisation of intangible assets Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Finance costs Interest income Fair value gain on investments in wealth management products	收款項減值虧損/ (減值虧損撥回) 遞延政府補助攤銷 無形資產攤銷 物業、廠房及設備折舊 使用權資產折舊 融資成本 利息收入 投資理財產品的公允價值 收益	31 21 19 20 11	40,468 (254) 4 16,876 1,186 771 (9,318) (135)	(1,006) (259) 5 17,115 1,526 828 (6,896) (135)
Fair value (gain)/loss on an investment in convertible loan Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	可轉換貸款投資的公允 價值(收益)/虧損 出售物業、廠房及設備收益	10	(13,584) (178)	22,244 (283)
Operating profit before working capital changes Decrease in inventories Increase in trade and other receivables	營運資金變動前的經營溢利 存貨減少 貿易應收款項及 其他應收款項增加		11,086 997 (6,153)	24,050 204 (34,462)
Decrease in contract assets Decrease/(increase) in other non-current assets Decrease in trade and other payables	合約資產減少 其他非流動資產減少/(增加) 貿易應付款項及其他 應付款項減少		97 (1,295)	31,155 (959) (1,204)
Cash generated from operations Income taxes paid Interest on lease liabilities	經營所得現金 已付所得税 租賃負債利息		4,732 (3,064) (771)	18,784 (3,170) (828)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額		897	14,786

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動所得現金流量			
Purchases of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備 出售物業、廠房及設備	19	(392)	(3,983)
equipment Payment for purchases of wealth management	所得款項 購買理財產品付款		389	880
products Proceeds from disposal of wealth management	出售理財產品所得款項		(29,236)	(23,211)
products Purchase of convertible loan Advance of loan receivables	購買可轉換貸款 應收貸款墊款	25	29,371 	28,912 (55,265)
Repayment of loan receivables Interest received	應收員款至款 應收貸款還款 已收利息		(15,159) 26,493 3,956	(156,241) 132,636 4,494
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities	投資活動所得/(所用) 現金淨額		15,422	(71,778)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得現金流量			
Dividend paid Principal elements of lease payments	已付股息 租賃付款的本金	17 36(b)	_ (609)	(24,341) (993)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(609)	(25,334)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等值項目 增加/(減少)淨額		15,710	(82,326)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	匯率變動影響		(11,591)	(11,228)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY	於1月1日的現金及現金 等值項目		237,340	330,894
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 DECEMBER	於 12 月31日的現金及 現金等值項目		241,459	237,340
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	5 現金及現金等值項目分析			
Bank and cash balances Bank and cash balances included in a disposal group classified as held for sale	銀行及現金結餘 計入分類為持作出售的 出售組別的銀行及		233,654	237,340
	現金結餘	35	7,805	_
			241,459	237,340

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For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Sheen Tai Holdings Group Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 24 February 2012 and registered as an exempted company with limited liability under Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands. The address of its principal place of business is Unit 1903, 19/F, Jubilee Centre, 18 Fenwick Street, Wan Chai, Hong Kong. The Company's shares were listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 13 July 2012.

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 22 to the consolidated financial statements. The Company and its subsidiaries hereinafter are collectively referred to as the "Group".

In the opinion of the directors of the Company, Sheen Tai Group Holding Limited, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands (the "BVI"), is the immediate and ultimate parent and Mr. Guo Yumin, a director of the Company, is the ultimate controlling party of the Company.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA"). HKFRS Accounting Standards comprise Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS"); Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKAS"); and Interpretations. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and with the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622).

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 3 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

1. 一般資料

順泰控股集團有限公司(「本公司」)於2012年2 月24日根據開曼群島法例第22章公司法(1961 年第3號法例,經綜合及修訂)在開曼群島註 冊成立為一家獲豁免有限公司。本公司的註 冊辦事處地址為Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, PO Box 1350, Grand Cayman KY1-1108, Cayman Islands。本公司的主要營業地點地址 為香港灣仔分域街18號捷利中心19樓1903室。 本公司股份自2012年7月13日起於香港聯合交 易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司的主 要業務載於綜合財務報表附註22。本公司及其 附屬公司統稱為「本集團」。

本公司董事認為,順泰集團控股有限公司(於英 屬維爾京群島(「英屬維爾京群島」)註冊成立的 公司)為直接及最終母公司,而本公司董事郭玉 民先生則為本公司的最終控制方。

2. 編製基準

該等綜合財務報表已按照香港會計師公會(「香 港會計師公會」)頒佈的所有適用香港財務報告 準則會計準則而編製。香港財務報告準則會計 準則包括香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」);香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」);及詮 釋。該等綜合財務報表亦遵守聯交所證券上市 規則(「上市規則」)的適用披露條文及公司條例 第622章的披露規定。

香港會計師公會頒佈若干於本集團當前會計期 間首次生效或可供提早採納的新訂及經修訂香 港財務報告準則會計準則。首次應用該等變動 所引致本集團當前及過往會計期間的任何會計 政策變動已於該等綜合財務報表內反映,有關 資料載於附註3。

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

(a) Application of new and revised HKFRS Accounting Standards

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards issued by the HKICPA for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1 January 2024 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

3. 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 會計準則

(a) 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務報告 準則會計準則

本集團首次應用下列香港會計師公會頒佈 的香港財務報告準則會計準則修訂本, 其於2024年1月1日或之後開始的年度期 間強制生效,以編製綜合財務報表:

Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	負債分類為流動或非流動
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	香港會計準則第1號 (修訂本)	附帶契諾的非流動負債
Amendments to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	香港財務報告準則 第16號(修訂本)	售後租回的租賃負債
Hong Kong Interpretation 5 ("HK Int 5") (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	香港詮釋第5號 (「香港詮釋第5號」) (經修訂)	財務報表的呈列一借款人 對包含按要求償還條款 的定期貸款的分類
Amendments to HKAS 7 and	Supplier Finance Arrangements	香港會計準則第7號及	供應商融資安排
HKFRS 7		香港財務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)	

The application of the amendments and interpretation listed above did not have any material impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

(b) Revised HKFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective

Up to the date of issue of these consolidated financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretation, which are not effective for the year ended 31 December 2024 and which have not been adopted in these consolidated financial statements. The Group has not early applied the following which may be relevant to the Group.

應用上文載列的修訂本及詮釋不會對過往 期間確認的金額產生任何重大影響,且 預期不會大幅影響當前或未來期間。

(b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的經修訂香港 財務報告準則會計準則

直至刊發該等財務報表的日期,香港會 計師公會已頒佈多項新訂準則以及準則的 修訂本及詮釋,其於截至2024年12月31 日止年度尚未生效,且於該等綜合財務 報表並未採用。本集團尚未應用以下可 能與本集團有關的準則。



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 會計準則(續)

- (b) Revised HKFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective (Continued)
- (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的經修訂香港 財務報告準則會計準則(續)

	Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後 開始之會計期間生效
Amendments to HKAS 21 and HKFRS 1 – Lack of Exchangeability 香港會計準則第21號及香港財務報告準則第1號(修訂本)-缺乏可兑換性	1 January 2025 2025年1月1日
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7 – Classification and Measurement of Instruments	2026年1月1日
香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)-金融工具分類	頁及計量
Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards – Volume 11 香港財務報告準則會計準則的年度改進-第11冊	1 January 2026 2026年1月1日
HKFRS 18 – Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements 香港財務報告準則第18號-財務報表的呈列及披露	1 January 2027 2027年1月1日
Amendments to HK Int 5 – Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause 香港詮釋第5號(修訂本)-財務報表的呈列-借款人對包含按要求償還條款 定期貸款的分類	2027年1月1日
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 – Sale or Contribution of Assets bet Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture 香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(修訂本)-投資者與其聯營 合營企業之間的資產出售或注資	НКІСРА
Except as describe below, the directors of the Company are in the process of making an assessment of what the impacts of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation are expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated	除下文所述者外,本公司董事正在評估 該等新訂準則、準則的修訂本及詮釋於 首次應用期間的預期影響。迄今為止, 其結論為採納該等新訂準則、準則的修 訂本及詮釋不太可能對綜合財務報表產生 重大影響。

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financial statements.

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3. ADOPTION OF NEW AND REVISED HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

(b) Revised HKFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

HKFRS 18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements"

HKFRS 18 will replace HKAS 1 "Presentation of financial statements", introducing new requirements that will help to achieve comparability of the financial performance of similar entities and provide more relevant information and transparency to users. Even though HKFRS 18 will not impact the recognition or measurement of items in the consolidated financial statements, HKFRS 18 introduces significant changes to the presentation of financial statements, with a focus on information about financial performance present in the statement of profit or loss, which will affect how the Group present and disclose financial performance in the financial statements. The key changes introduced in HKFRS 18 relate to (i) the structure of the statement of profit or loss, (ii) required disclosures for management-defined performance measures (which are referred to alternative or non-GAAP performance measures), and (iii) enhanced requirements for aggregation and disaggregation of information.

The directors of the Company are currently assessing the impact of applying HKFRS 18 on the presentation and the disclosures of the consolidated financial statements.

- 採納新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則 會計準則(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但尚未生效的經修訂香港 財務報告準則會計準則(續)

香港財務報告準則第**18**號「財務報表的呈 列及披露」

香港財務報告準則第18號將取代香港會 計準則第1號「財務報表的呈列」,並引 入新規定,從而有助於對比類似實體財 務表現,並向使用者提供更多相關資料 及透明度。儘管香港財務報告準則第18 號不會影響確認或計量綜合財務報表項 目,香港財務報告準則第18號對財務報 表的呈列作出重大變動,重點關注於項 益表的財務表現資料,其將影響本集團 呈列及披露財務報表內的財務表現的方 式。香港財務報告準則第18號的關鍵變 動與(i)損益表結構;(ii)管理層界定的表現 指標(乃指另類或非一般公認會計原則表 現指標)的所需披露;(iii)及完善匯總及分 列資訊的要求相關。

本公司董事現正評估應用香港財務報告準 則第18號對綜合財務報表呈列及披露的 影響。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, unless mentioned otherwise in the accounting policies below (e.g. certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

The material accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to 31 December. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Group has power over an entity when the Group has existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities, i.e. activities that significantly affect the entity's returns.

When assessing control, the Group considers its potential voting rights as well as potential voting rights held by other parties. A potential voting right is considered only if the holder has the practical ability to exercise that right.

4. 重大會計政策資料

該等綜合財務報表乃按照歷史成本法編製,下 文會計政策另有所述者除外(如若干按公允價值 計量的金融工具)。

編製符合香港財務報告準則會計準則的財務報 表須採用若干主要會計估計,亦需管理層在應 用本集團會計政策過程中作出判斷。涉及高度 判斷或高度複雜性的範疇,或對綜合財務報表 有重大影響的假設及估計的範疇於附註5內披 露。

編製該等綜合財務報表採用的重大會計政策載 於下文。除另有説明外,此等政策在所列報的 所有年度內貫徹應用。

(a) 綜合賬目

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司截 至12月31日止的財務報表。附屬公司指 本集團控制的實體。當本集團因參與實 體業務而承擔可變動回報的風險或因此享 有可變動回報,且有能力透過向實體施 加權力而影響該等回報時,則本集團控 制該實體。當本集團擁有令其目前能夠 指示相關活動(即對實體回報造成重大影 響的活動)的現有權利時,本集團即對實 體擁有權力。

在評估控制權時,本集團會考慮其潛在 投票權以及由其他各方持有的潛在投票 權。僅於持有人有實際能力行使潛在投 票權時方會考慮該等權利。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(a) Consolidation (Continued)

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date the control ceases.

The gain or loss on the disposal of a subsidiary that results in a loss of control represents the difference between (i) the fair value of the consideration of the sale plus the fair value of any investment retained in that subsidiary and (ii) the Company's share of the net assets of that subsidiary plus any remaining goodwill and any accumulated exchange reserve relating to that subsidiary.

Intragroup transactions, balances and unrealised profits are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the Company. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position and consolidated statement of changes in equity within equity. Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between the noncontrolling shareholders and equity shareholders of the Company.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the equity shareholders of the Company and to the non-controlling shareholders even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(a) 綜合賬目(續)

附屬公司自其控制權轉移予本集團當日起 綜合入賬,並於控制權終止當日停止綜 合入賬。

出售附屬公司導致失去控制權的損益指(i) 出售代價的公允價值加於該附屬公司保留 的任何投資的公允價值與(ii)本公司應佔該 附屬公司的淨資產加有關該附屬公司的任 何餘下商譽及任何累計匯兑儲備的差額。

集團內交易、結餘及未變現溢利均予以 對銷。除非交易證明所轉讓資產出現減 值,否則未變現虧損亦予以對銷。附屬 公司的會計政策已作出必要調整,以確 保與本集團所採用的政策貫徹一致。

非控股權益是指並非本公司直接或間接擁 有附屬公司的權益。非控股權益於綜合 財務狀況表及綜合權益變動表的權益內呈 列。非控股權益會按照本年度損益和全 面收益總額在非控股股東與本公司擁有人 之間作出分配的形式,在綜合損益表和 綜合損益及其他全面收益表中列示。

即使會導致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘, 損益及其他全面收益各部分仍歸屬於本公 司權益股東及非控股股東。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(a) Consolidation (Continued)

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners). The carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to the equity shareholders of the Company.

(b) Separate financial statements

In the Company's statement of financial position, investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less impairment loss, unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Cost includes direct attributable costs of investments. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received or receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(a) 綜合賬目(續)

本公司於附屬公司的擁有權權益如發生變 動但不會導致喪失控制權,則計入權益 交易(即以擁有人身份與擁有人進行的交 易)。控股權益及非控股權益的賬面值經 調整,以反映其各自於附屬公司權益的 變動。非控股權益的調整金額與已付或 已收代價的公允價值兩者間的任何差額直 接於權益確認,並歸屬於本公司權益股 東。

(b) 單獨財務報表

本公司財務狀況表中,於附屬公司的投 資乃按成本扣除減值虧損列賬,惟該投 資分類為持作出售(或計入分類為持作出 售的出售組別)則除外。成本包括直接應 佔的投資成本。附屬公司的業績由本公 司根據已收或應收股息入賬。

於收到來自於附屬公司的投資的股息 時,倘相關股息超過該附屬公司在宣派 股息期間的全面收益總額,或倘相關投 資在單獨財務報表中的賬面值超過被投資 方的淨資產(包括商譽)在綜合財務報表中 的賬面值,則須對相關投資進行減值測 試。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(c) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances in each entity's financial statements

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency on initial recognition using the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the end of each reporting period. Gains and losses resulting from this translation policy are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the entity initially recognises such nonmonetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the dates when the fair values are determined.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(c) 外幣換算

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的財務報表所載項 目,乃採用有關實體營運所在的主 要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計 量。綜合財務報表以港元(「港元」) 呈列,而港元乃本公司的功能及呈 列貨幣。

(ii) 各實體的財務報表的交易及結餘

外幣交易於初步確認時按交易日期 通行的匯率換算為功能貨幣。以外 幣計值的貨幣資產及負債按各報告 期末的匯率換算。此換算政策產生 的盈虧於損益確認。

按外幣歷史成本計量的非貨幣資產 及負債按於交易日期的匯率換算。 交易日期為實體首次確認有關非貨 幣資產或負債當日。按公允價值計 量及以外幣計值的非貨幣項目乃按 釐定公允價值當日的匯率換算。

當非貨幣項目的盈虧於其他全面收 益確認時,該盈虧的任何匯兑部分 於其他全面收益確認。當非貨幣項 目的盈虧於損益確認時,該盈虧的 任何匯兑部分於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(c) Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(iii) Translation on consolidation

The results and financial position of all foreign operations (none of which has the currency of hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the Company's presentation currency are translated into the Company's presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates for the period (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the transaction dates); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of monetary items that form part of the net investment in foreign entities are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange reserve. When a foreign operation is sold, such exchange differences are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(c) 外幣換算(續)

(iii) 綜合賬目的換算

- 所有海外業務(均無惡性通貨膨脹 經濟體的貨幣)的業績及財務狀況 的功能貨幣如有別於本公司的呈列 貨幣,均按以下方式換算為本公司 的呈列貨幣:
- 於各財務狀況表呈列的資產
 及負債乃按有關財務狀況表
 日期的收市匯率換算:
- 收支乃按期內平均匯率換算
 (除非該平均匯率並非在交易
 日期通行匯率累計影響的合
 理估計內,在此情況下,收
 支按交易日期的匯率換算);
 及
- 所有因此產生的匯兑差額均
 於其他全面收益內確認並於
 匯兑儲備內累計。

於綜合賬目時,因換算構成海外實 體淨投資的一部分的貨幣項目而產 生的匯兑差額於其他全面收益確認 及於匯兑儲備內累計。當海外業務 被出售時,該等匯兑差額重新分類 至綜合損益作為出售收益或虧損的 一部分。

因收購海外實體而產生的商譽及公 允價值調整,均作為有關海外實體 的資產及負債,並按收市匯率換 算。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(d) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property, plant and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost, less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is calculated at rates sufficient to write off their cost less their residual values over the estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Solar power plants	20 years
Buildings	20 years
Plant and machinery	5 – 20 years
Office equipment and others	3 – 5 years
Motor vehicles	4 – 5 years
Yacht	5 years

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset, and is recognised in profit or loss.

重大會計政策資料(續) 4.

(d) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃持作生產或供應貨 品或服務或視作行政用途。物業、廠房 及設備於綜合財務狀況表按成本減其後累 計折舊及其後累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。

其後成本乃納入資產賬面值或確認為個別 資產(視適用情況而定),但只有在該項目 有可能為本集團流入未來經濟利益,以 及可以可靠地計量該項目的成本情況下方 以此方式處理。所有其他維修及保養於 其所產生的期間在損益內確認。

物業、廠房及設備乃以直線法於估計可 使用年期內,按足以撇銷其成本減其殘 值計算折舊。估計可使用年期如下:

太陽能發電站	20年
建築物	20年
廠房及機器	5 - 20年
辦公設備及其他	3 - 5年
汽車	4 - 5年
遊艇	5年

殘值、可使用年期及折舊方法於各報告 期末予以檢討並作出調整(如適用),而任 何估計變動的影響按預期基準入賬。

出售物業、廠房及設備的收益或虧損指 出售相關資產所得款項淨額與賬面值兩者 間的差額,並於損益內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(e) Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

(i) The Group as a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a lowvalue asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the lease liability. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(e) 租賃

於合約成立時,本集團會評估合約是否 為租賃或包含租賃。倘合約賦予在一段 時間內控制已識別資產用途的權利以換取 代價,則合約為租賃或包含租賃。當客 戶有權主導該項已識別資產的使用及從使 用中獲取幾乎所有的經濟利益時,則控 制權是已讓渡。

(i) 本集團作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃部分及非租賃部 分,則本集團已選擇不區分非租賃 部分,並將各租賃部分及任何相關 非租賃部分入賬列為所有租賃的單 一租賃部分。

於租賃開始日期,本集團確認使用 權資產及租賃負債(租賃期為12個 月或更短的短期租賃以及低價值資 產租賃除外)。當本集團就低價值 資產訂立租賃時,本集團按每項租 賃情況決定是否將租賃資本化。而 與該等不作資本化租賃相關的租賃 付款於租賃期內按系統基準確認為 開支。

當租賃資本化時,租賃負債於租賃 期內按租賃付款現值初步確認,並 使用租賃所隱含利率貼現,或倘無 法輕易釐定利率,則使用相關增量 借貸利率。根據合理確定的延期選 擇權支付的租賃付款亦計入租賃負 債的計量。於初步確認後,租賃負 債按攤銷成本計量,而利息開支使 用實際利率法計算。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(e) Leases (Continued)

(i) The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a riskfree interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the individual lessee, which does not have recent third-party financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the Group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(e) 租賃(續)

(i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

並非基於指數或利率的可變租賃付 款並不計入租賃負債計量,因此於 產生的會計期間於損益扣除。

為確定增量借貸利率 , 本集團 :

- 在可能的情況下,採用個別 承租人近期所收取的第三方 融資為起點,並進行調整以 反映融資條件自收到第三方 融資後的變動;
- 對於近期未獲得第三方融資 的個別承租人持有的租賃, 採用以無風險利率為起點的 累加法,並按租賃的信貸風 險進行調整;及
- 針對租賃作出特定調整,如
 租賃期、國家、貨幣及抵
 押。

若個別承租人可獲得可隨時觀察到 的攤銷貸款利率(透過最近的融資 或市場數據),且其付款情況與租 賃相似,則本集團實體以該利率作 為釐定增量借貸利率的起點。



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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(e) Leases (Continued)

(i) The Group as a lessee (Continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, except for the right-of-use assets related to interests in leasehold land where the interest in the land is held as inventory are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value in accordance with Note 4(h).

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

- 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)
 - (e) 租賃(續)
 - (i) 本集團作為承租人(續)

於租賃資本化時確認的使用權資產 初步按成本計量,包括租賃負債的 初始金額加上開始日期或之前作出 的任何租賃付款,以及所產生的任 何初始直接成本。於適用情況下, 使用權資產的成本亦包括拆除及移 除相關資產或恢復相關資產或該資 產所在地而產生的估計成本,貼現 至現值並扣減任何已收租賃優惠。 隨後,使用權資產以成本減去累計 折舊和減值虧損列示,惟與租賃土 地權益相關的使用權資產除外, 其中持作存貨的土地權益根據附註 4(h)按成本與可變現淨值較低者計 量。

本集團合理確定在租賃期結束時獲 得相關租賃資產所有權的使用權資 產自開始日期起計折舊至使用年期 結束。否則,使用權資產按其估計 可使用年期與租賃期中較短者按直 線法折舊。

已支付可退還租賃按金根據香港財務報告準則第9號入賬,初步按公 允價值計量。初始確認時對公允價 值的調整被視為額外的租賃付款, 並計入使用權資產的成本。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(e) Leases (Continued)

(i) The Group as a lessee (Continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

(ii) The Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

- (e) 租賃(續)
 - (i) 本集團作為承租人(續)
 - 當指數或利率變動引致未來租賃付 款變動,或本集團根據剩餘價值擔 保預期應付款項的估計有變,或當 重新評估本集團是否將合理確定行 使購買、延期或終止選擇權而產生 變動,則會重新計量租賃負債。 當租賃負債以此方式重新計量時, 就使用權資產的賬面值作出相應調 整,倘使用權資產的賬面值減至 零,則於損益入賬。

當租賃範疇發生變化或租賃合約原 先並無規定的租賃代價發生變化 (「租賃修改」),且未作為單獨的租 賃入賬時,則亦會對租賃負債進行 重新計量。在該情況下,租賃負債 於修改生效日期根據經修訂租賃付 款及租賃期限使用經修訂貼現率進 行重新計量。

(ii) 本集團作為出租人

當本集團作為出租人時,其在租賃 開始時確定每項租賃是融資租賃還 是經營租賃。如果租賃將與相關資 產所有權有關的幾乎全部風險與回 報轉移給承租人,則分類為融資租 賃。如果不是此情況,則將租賃分 類為經營租賃。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(f) Intangible assets

Software is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years.

(g) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average basis. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of all production overhead expenditure, and where appropriate, subcontracting charges. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

(h) Properties under development and held for sale

Properties for sale under development and held for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs include the acquisition cost of interest in leasehold land, construction costs, borrowing costs capitalised and other direct costs attributable to such properties. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price, less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

On completion, the properties are reclassified to properties held for sale at the then carrying amount.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(f) 無形資產

軟件按成本減累計攤銷及減值虧損列 賬。攤銷按其估計可使用年期(3至5年) 以直線基準計算。

(g) 存貨

存貨是以成本和可變現淨值兩者中的較低 額列賬。成本使用加權平均基準釐定。 製成品及在製品的成本包括原材料、直 接勞工及按適當比例計算的所有生產日常 費用以及分包費用(如適用)。可變現淨值 是以日常業務過程中的估計售價減去完成 生產和銷售所需的估計成本後所得數額。

(h) 在建及持作出售的物業

在建待售及持作出售物業以成本及可變現 淨值間的較低者列賬。成本包括租賃土 地的權益的收購成本、建築成本、資本 化的借貸成本及其他歸屬於該物業的直接 成本。可變現淨值是以估計售價減去完 成生產和銷售所需的估計成本後所得數 額。

於完工時,物業以其當時的賬面值被重 新分類為持作出售的物業。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(i) Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(i) 確認及終止確認金融工具

當本集團成為工具合約條文的訂約方 時,金融資產及金融負債於綜合財務狀 況表內確認。

金融資產及金融負債初始按公允價值計 量。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債(以 公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益(「以 公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益」)的 金融資產及金融負債除外)直接應佔的交 易成本乃於初步確認時加入金融資產或金 融負債的公允價值或自金融資產或金融負 債的公允價值扣除(按適用者)。收購以公 允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融 資產或金融負債直接應佔的交易成本會即 時於損益內確認。

倘從資產收取現金流量的合約權利已到 期,或金融資產已轉讓且本集團已將其 於資產擁有權的絕大部分風險及回報轉 移至另一實體,則金融資產將被終止確 認。倘本集團並無轉讓或保留擁有權的 絕大部分風險及回報,並繼續控制已轉 讓資產,本集團確認其於資產的保留權 利及其可能須支付相關負債金額。倘本 集團保留已轉讓金融資產擁有權的絕大部 分風險及回報,則本集團會繼續確認該 金融資產,亦會確認已收所得款項的有 抵押借款。

當及僅當本集團的責任已被解除、註銷 或已屆滿時,本集團方會終止確認金融 負債。終止確認金融負債的賬面值與已 付及應付代價的差額(包括已轉讓的任何 非現金資產或所承擔負債)於損益確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(j) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace. All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt investments

Debt investments held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method.
- FVTPL, if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

Equity securities

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVTPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an election to designate the investment at FVTOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained profits. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVTPL or FVTOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(j) 金融資產

所有金融資產的正常買賣會按買賣日期為 基準予以確認及終止確認。正常買賣為 需要於法規或市場慣例制定的時限內交付 資產的金融資產買賣。所有已確認金融 資產隨後整份按攤銷成本或公允價值計 量,視乎金融資產的分類。

債務投資

本集團持有的債務投資分類為以下計量類 別之一:

- 攤銷成本,倘投資是為收取僅代表
 本金及利息支付的合約現金流量而
 持有。投資產生的利息收入採用實
 際利率法計算。
- 以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期 損益,倘投資不符合按攤銷成本計 量或以公允價值計入其他全面收益 (「以公允價值計入其他全面收益」) (可撥回)的金融資產的標準。投資 (包括利息)的公允價值變動於損益 中確認。

股本證券

股本證券投資均會被分類為以公允價值 計量且其變動計入當期損益,除非該股 本投資不是持作買賣,並在初步確認投 資時本集團選擇以公允價值計入其他全 面收益(非可撥回),以致後續公允價值 變動在其他全面收益中確認。這種選擇 是以逐項投資的基礎上進行,但只有當 投資符合發行人角度下的股本定義時方可 進行。若作出此選擇,在該投資被出售 前,其他全面收益中累計的金額仍保留 在公允價值儲備(非可撥回)中。在出售 時,於公允價值儲備(非可撥回)中累計 的金額會轉入保留溢利,且不會轉入損 益。來自股本證券投資的股息,不論是 否分類為以公允價值計量且其變動計入 當期損益或以公允價值計入其他全面收 益,均在損益中確認為其他收入。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(k) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.

(I) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL.

(m) Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets or disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset or disposal group is available for immediate sale in its present condition. The Group must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(k) 貿易應收款項及其他應收款項

應收款項於本集團獲得無條件收取代價的 權利時確認。倘支付該代價僅須經過時 間流逝方會到期,則獲得代價的權利為 無條件。

貿易應收款項按可無條件獲得的代價金額 進行初始確認,但當其包含重大融資成 分時,按公允價值進行初始確認。本集 團持有貿易應收款項的目的是收取合約現 金流量,因此後續採用實際利率法減去 信貸虧損撥備,按攤銷成本計量貿易應 收款項。

() 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目包括銀行及手頭現 金、存放於銀行及其他金融機構的活期 存款,以及可隨時兑換成可知數額的現 金,並承受極低價值變動風險及於購入 時三個月內到期的短期高流通性投資。 現金及現金等值項目按預期信貸虧損評 估。

(m) 持作出售的非流動資產及已終止 經營業務

倘非流動資產或出售組別的賬面值主要透 過出售交易而非透過持續使用收回,則 該非流動資產或出售組別會被分類為持作 出售。僅當資產或出售組別出售可能性 很大且在其現狀下可被立即出售時,才 視為滿足該條件。本集團必須承諾進行 出售,而出售預期應可於分類日期起計 一年內合資格確認為已完成出售。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(m) Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations (Continued)

Non-current assets or disposal groups classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of the asset's or disposal group's previous carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell, except for assets such as deferred tax assets, assets arising from employee benefits, financial assets and investment property that are carried at fair value and contractual rights under insurance contracts, which are specifically exempt from this requirement.

Non-current assets (including those that are part of a disposal group) are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale continue to be recognised.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale and the assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from the other assets in the balance sheet. The liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale are presented separately from other liabilities in the balance sheet.

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group (i.e. the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group) that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and which represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(m) 持作出售的非流動資產及已終止 經營業務(續)

> 分類為持作出售的非流動資產或出售組別 按資產或出售組別的先前賬面值與公允價 值減出售成本兩者間的較低者計量,惟 遞延税項資產、僱員福利產生的資產、 金融資產及投資物業等按公允價值列賬的 資產及保險合約項下的合約權利除外, 該等資產獲特別豁免遵守此規定。

> 非流動資產(包括屬於出售組別一部分者) 於分類為持作出售時不予折舊或攤銷。 分類為持作出售的出售組別負債應佔的利 息及其他開支繼續予以確認。

> 分類為持作出售的非流動資產及分類為持 作出售的出售組別資產於資產負債表中與 其他資產分開呈列。分類為持作出售的 出售組別負債於資產負債表中與其他負債 分開呈列。

> 已終止經營業務為已被處置或劃歸為持作 出售的本集團組成部分,即其經營業務 及現金流量可與本集團的其他部分清楚區 分,且其代表一項單獨主要業務線或經 營地區,或為單一協調計劃處置一項單 獨主要業務線或經營地區的部分,或為 收購專門帶有轉售目的之附屬公司。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(m) Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations (Continued)

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the component meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale in accordance with HKFRS 5, if earlier. It also occurs when the component is abandoned.

When an operation is classified as discontinued, a single amount is presented in the statement of profit or loss, which comprises:

- The post-tax profit or loss of the discontinued operation; and
- The post-tax gain or loss recognised on the measurement to fair value less costs to sell, or on the disposal, of the assets or disposal group constituting the discontinued operation.

(n) Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument under HKFRS Accounting Standards. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(m) 持作出售的非流動資產及已終止 經營業務(續)

> 於處置或根據香港財務報告準則第5號組 成部分符合分類為持作出售的標準時(以 較早者為準),則分類為已終止經營業務 的情況會發生。該情況亦於組成部分被 終止時發生。

> 當經營被分類為已終止時,則於損益表 呈列單一金額,其包括:

- 已終止經營業務的税後溢利或虧 損;及
- 計量構成已終止經營業務的資產或
 出售組合的公允價值減處置費用或
 處置該等資產或組合時確認的税後
 收益或虧損。

(n) 金融負債及股本工具

金融負債及股本工具按所訂立合約安排的 內容及香港財務報告準則會計準則項下金 融負債及股本工具的定義分類。股本工 具為證明於扣除所有負債後本集團資產有 剩餘權益的任何合約。下文載列就特定 金融負債及股本工具採納的會計政策。



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(o) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(p) Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidence a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducing all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(q) Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax ("VAT") or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

(i) Sales of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when control of the goods is transferred, being when the goods have been shipped to the customer's specific location (delivery) and accepted by the customer. Following delivery and acceptance, the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility when on selling the goods and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods. A receivable is recognised by the Group when the goods are delivered to and accepted by the customer as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due. 4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(o) 貿易應付款項及其他應付款項

貿易應付款項及其他應付款項初步按公 允價值確認,而其後採用實際利息法按 攤銷成本計量,除非貼現的影響並不重 大,於此情況下則按成本列賬。

(p) 股本工具

股本工具指能證明於實體扣除其所有負 債後的資產中擁有的剩餘權益的任何合 約。本公司發行的股本工具乃按已收所 得款項(扣除直接發行成本)列賬。

(q) 收入及其他收入

收入於產品或服務的控制權轉移至客戶 時確認,金額為本集團預期將有權收取 的承諾代價,且不包括代表第三方收取 的有關金額。收入不包括增值税(「增值 税」)或其他銷售税,且乃經扣減任何貿 易折扣。

(i) 銷售貨品

銷售貨品的收入於貨品控制權已轉 讓時(即貨品已付運至客戶特定地 點(交貨)及客戶驗收時)確認。交 貨驗收完成後,客戶可全權酌情決 定發貨方式及商品售價,並承擔轉 售商品的主要責任及商品報廢及損 失的風險。本集團於商品交付至客 戶及客戶驗收時確認應收款項,原 因是收取代價的權利於這時間點變 為無條件,僅須待時間過去便可收 取付款。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(q) Revenue and other income (Continued)

(ii) Sales of properties

Revenue from sale of completed properties is recognised when control of the properties is transferred, being when the construction of the relevant properties has been completed and the properties have been delivered, which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the property and obtain substantially all of the remain benefits of the property. Revenue from sale of properties excludes business tax and other sales related taxes and is after deduction of any discounts allowed.

(iii) Sales of electricity

Revenue from sale of electricity is recognised in the accounting period when electricity is generated and supplied to the provincial power grid. Revenue excludes VAT or other sales taxes.

(iv) Rental income

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(q) 收入及其他收入(續)

- (ii) 銷售物業
 - 當物業控制權被轉讓時(即有關物 業的建築已完成且有關物業已交 付時,客戶在此時點能夠指揮物 業用途及取得物業絕大部分剩餘 利益),確認銷售已完成物業的收 入。銷售物業的收入不包括營業税 及其他銷售相關税項且經扣除任何 允許的折扣。

(iii) 電力銷售

電力銷售收入於發電及向省級電網 供電的會計期間確認。電力收入不 包括增值税或其他銷售税。

(iv) 租金收入

經營租賃的應收租金收入在租賃期 所涵蓋期間內以均等的份額在損益 確認,但如有其他基準能更能代 表租賃資產所取得的收益模式則除 外。租賃的優惠措施均在損益確 認為應收租賃淨付款總額的組成部 分。非取決於指數或利率的可變租 賃付款在其產生的會計期間內確認 為收入。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(q) Revenue and other income (Continued)

(v) Provision of agency service

Income from provision of agency service is recognised when the Group fulfills its performance obligation, at a point in time when a customer obtains control of the service. For the performance obligations satisfied at a point in time, the Group recognises revenue when control is passed to the customer at a certain point in time.

(vi) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset.

(r) Employee benefits

(i) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

The Group operates various post-employments schemes, including defined contribution pension plans.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(q) 收入及其他收入(續)

- (v) 提供代理服務
 - 提供代理服務產生的收入於本集團 達成其履約責任,即客戶取得服務 控制權的時間點確認。就於某一時 間點達成的履約責任而言,本集團 於將控制權轉移予客戶的某一時間 點確認收入。

(vi) 利息收入

利息收入於產生時採用實際利息法 確認。就按攤銷成本計量且並無出 現信貸減值的金融資產而言,資產 的賬面總值採用實際利率計算。就 出現信貸減值的金融資產而言,資 產的攤銷成本(即扣除虧損撥備的 賬面總值)採用實際利率計算。

(r) 僱員福利

(i) 僱員應享假期

僱員的年假及長期服務假期於賦予 僱員時確認。截至報告期末已就僱 員因所提供服務享有的年假及長期 服務假期的估計負債作出撥備。

僱員可享有的病假及產假將於正式 休假時方可確認。

本集團運作若干離職後計劃,包括 定額供款退休金計劃。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(r) Employee benefits (Continued)

(ii) Pension obligations

The Group operates a mandatory provident fund scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The Group's contributions to the MPF Scheme are calculated at 5% of the salaries and wages subject to a monthly maximum amount of HK\$1,500 per employee and vest fully with employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") are members of central pension schemes operated by the local municipal governments (the "PRC Retirement Schemes"). The Group is required to contribute certain percentage of the employees' basic salaries and wages to the central pension schemes to fund the retirement benefits. The local municipal governments undertake to assume the retirement benefits obligations of all existing and future retired employees of the Group. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the central pension schemes is to meet the required contributions under the schemes.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of the dates when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits, and when the Group recognises restructuring costs and involves the payment of termination benefits.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(r) 僱員福利(續)

- (ii) 退休金承擔
 - 本集團根據香港《強制性公積金計 劃條例》為香港所有合資格僱員設 立強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。本集團向強積金計劃的供 款乃按照僱員薪金及工資的5% 計算,每名僱員每月供款上限為 1,500港元。當已向強積金計劃作 出供款後,即盡歸僱員所有。

位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)的本 集團僱員為地方市政府營運的中 央退休金計劃(「中國退休計劃」)成 員。本集團須就僱員基本薪金及工 資的若干百分比向中央退休金計劃 供款,作為退休福利的資金。地方 市政府承諾承擔本集團所有現有及 未來退休僱員的退休福利責任。本 集團就中央退休金計劃的唯一責任 是根據計劃作出所需供款。

(iii) 辭退福利

辭退福利會在本集團不再能夠撤回 所提供的辭退福利或本集團確認涉 及辭退福利付款的重組成本(以較 早者為準)當日確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(s) Share-based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain directors, employees and consultants.

Equity-settled share-based payments to directors and employees are measured at the fair value (excluding the effect of non-market based vesting conditions) of the equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest and adjusted for the effect of non-market based vesting conditions.

Equity-settled share-based payments to consultants are measured at the fair value of the services rendered or, if the fair value of the services rendered cannot be reliably measured, at the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value is measured at the date the Group receives the services and is recognised as an expense.

(t) Government grants

A government grant is recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to it and that the grant will be received.

Government grants relating to income are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants that become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Government grants relating to the purchase of assets are recorded as deferred income and recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(s) 以股份為基礎的支付

本集團發行以權益結算以股份為基礎的支 付款項予若干董事、僱員及顧問。

向董事及僱員作出的以權益結算以股份為 基礎的支付款項乃於授予日期的股本工具 按公允價值(不包括非市場形式歸屬條件 影響)計量。以權益結算以股份為基礎的 支付款項授出日期釐定的公允價值乃根據 本集團對最終將歸屬的股份估計及經調整 非市場形式歸屬條件影響,於歸屬期按 直線法分攤列作支出。

向顧問作出以權益結算以股份為基礎的支 付按提供服務的公允價值計量,或倘提 供服務的公允價值不可被可靠計量,則 按授予的股本工具的公允價值計量。公 允價值按本集團獲取服務日期計量並確認 為開支。

(t) 政府補助

當合理保證本集團將遵守政府補助的附帶 條件及將取得補助時,確認政府補助。

與收入相關的政府補助被遞延,並在當 期損益中確認,以使其與擬補償的成本 相匹配。

用作補償本集團已產生支出或虧損或旨在 為本集團提供即時財務資助而無未來相關 成本的應收政府補助於應收期間在損益中 確認。

與購買資產有關的政府補助作為遞延收益 入賬,並在相關資產的使用年期內按直 線法於損益內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(u) Taxation

Income tax represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit recognised in profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses or unused tax credits can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(u) 税項

所得税指即期税項與遞延税項的總和。

即期應付税項乃根據年內應課税溢利計 算。應課税溢利與於損益內確認的溢利 有所不同,原因涉及其他年度的應課税 或應扣税的收入或開支項目,以及免税 或不可扣税的項目。本集團有關即期税 項的負債乃採用於報告期末已頒佈或實際 上已頒佈的税率計算。

遞延税項按綜合財務報表所示資產及負 債的賬面值與計算應課税溢利所用相應 税基間的暫時差額確認。遞延税項負債 一般按所有應課税暫時差額確認。遞延 税項資產則一般按所有應扣税暫時差額確認。 加税暫時差額、未動用税項虧損或未 開税項抵免的情況為限。倘暫時差額因 商譽或初次確認既不影響應課税溢利亦不 影響會計溢利的交易(業務合併除外)中的 其他資產及負債而產生,且於交易時並 不產生同等應課税暫時差額及應扣税暫時 差額,則不會確認有關資產及負債。

遞延税項負債就源自於附屬公司投資的應 課税暫時差額予以確認,惟本集團能控 制暫時差額的撥回及暫時差額於可見未來 可能不會撥回的情況除外。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(u) Taxation (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-ofuse assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. The Group recognises a deferred tax asset related to lease liabilities to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised and a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(u) 税項(續)

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期末檢 討,並於不再可能有足夠應課税溢利以 收回全部或部分資產的情況下作出扣減。

遞延税項以預期適用於償還負債或變現資 產期間的税率,按於報告期末前已頒佈 或實際上已頒佈的税率計算。遞延税項 於損益確認,除非其與於其他全面收益 確認的項目相關或直接於權益確認,於 此情況下,遞延税項亦於其他全面收益 或直接於權益確認。

遞延税項資產及負債的計量反映按本集團 預期於報告期末收回或清償其資產及負債 賬面值的方式產生的税務後果。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租賃 負債的租賃交易的遞延税項而言,本集 團首先確定税項扣減是否歸屬於使用權資 產或租賃負債。

就歸屬於租賃負債的税項扣減的租賃交易 而言,本集團分別就使用權資產及租賃 負債應用香港會計準則第12號規定。本 集團確認與租賃負債相關的遞延税項資 產,以應課税溢利有可能用作抵銷可使 用的應扣税暫時差額以及所有應課税暫時 差額的遞延税項負債為限。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(u) Taxation (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends either to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(v) PRC land appreciation tax ("LAT")

LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation amount of land value, being the proceeds from sales of properties less deductible expenditures including land cost, borrowing costs and all property development expenditures. LAT is recognised as an income tax expense. LAT paid is a deductible expense for PRC enterprise income tax purposes.

(w) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down as an expense through the consolidated statement of profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. If this is the case, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit ("CGU") to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal of the individual asset or the CGU.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(u) 税項(續)

遞延税項資產及負債於具有可合法執行權 利將即期税項資產抵銷即期税項負債, 及與相同税務機關所徵收的所得税相 關,且本集團擬按淨額基準清償其即期 税項資產及負債或同時變現資產及清償負 債的情況下予以抵銷。

(v) 中國土地增值税(「土地增值税」)

土地增值税是就土地增值(即銷售物業所 得款項減可扣減開支(包括土地成本、 借款成本及一切物業開發開支))按介乎 30%至60%的累進税率徵收。土地增值 税確認為所得税開支。就中國企業所得 税而言,已付土地增值税為可扣減開支。

(w) 非金融資產減值

非金融資產的賬面值於各報告日期進行審 閱以確定資產是否出現減值跡象。倘資 產出現減值,則作為開支於綜合損益表 撇減至其估計可收回金額。可收回金額 乃按個別資產釐定,除非該資產並不產 生現金流入,且在頗大程度上獨立於其 他資產或資產組別,則會按資產所屬現 金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)釐定可收回 金額。可收回金額為個別資產或現金產 生單位的使用價值或公允價值減出售成本 (以較高者為準)。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(w) Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

Value in use is the present value of the estimated future cash flows of the asset/CGU. Present values are computed using pre-tax discount rates that reflect the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset/CGU whose impairment is being measured.

Impairment losses for CGUs are allocated first against the goodwill of the unit and then pro rata amongst the other assets of the CGU. Subsequent increases in the recoverable amount caused by changes in estimates are credited to profit or loss to the extent that they reverse the impairment.

(x) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for ECL on trade and other receivables and bank and cash balances. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The ECL on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(w) 非金融資產減值(續)

使用價值為資產/現金產生單位估計未來 現金流量的現值。現值利用税前貼現率 計算,其可反映貨幣時間價值及所進行 減值計量的資產/現金產生單位的特定風 險。

現金產生單位的減值虧損首先分配至該單 位的商譽,再按比例分配至現金產生單 位的其他資產。倘可收回金額因估計數 據變動而隨後增加,將按其所撥回的減 值在損益入賬。

(x) 金融資產減值

本集團就按貿易應收款項及其他應收款項 及銀行及現金結餘確認預期信貸虧損的虧 損撥備。預期信貸虧損金額於各報告日 期更新以反映自各金融工具初步確認以來 信貸風險的變動。

本集團一直確認貿易應收款項的存續期預 期信貸虧損。該等金融資產的預期信貸 虧損是使用基於本集團過往的信貸虧損經 驗作出的撥備矩陣估算,但須根據適用 於債務人的特定因素、一般經濟狀況及 於報告日對當前及預測條件方向(如適用 包括貨幣時間價值)的評估予以調整。

就所有其他金融工具而言,倘信貸風險 自初步確認以來顯著增加,則本集團確 認存續期預期信貸虧損。然而,倘金融 工具的信貸風險自初步確認後並無顯著增 加,則本集團按相等於12個月預期信貸 虧損的金額計量該金融工具的虧損撥備。



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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. Forward-looking information considered includes the future prospects of the industries in which the Group's debtors operate, obtained from economic expert reports, financial analysts, governmental bodies, relevant think-tanks and other similar organisations, as well as consideration of various external sources of actual and forecast economic information that relate to the Group's core operations.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

存續期預期信貸虧損指於金融工具預計存 續期內所有可能違約事件導致的預期信貸 虧損。相對而言,12個月的預期信貸虧 損指存續期預期信貸虧損中預期於報告日 期後12個月內金融工具可能發生的違約 事件預期導致的部分。

信貸風險顯著增加

於評估金融工具的信貸風險是否自初步確 認以來顯著上升時,本集團比較金融工 具於報告日期出現違約的風險與該金融工 具於初步確認日期出現違約的風險。作 此評估時,本集團均會考慮合理及有理 據的定量及定性資料,包括歷史經驗及 毋須花費不必要成本或精力即可獲得的前 瞻性資料。所考慮的前瞻性資料包括本 集團債務人所處行業的未來前景(來自經 濟專家報告、財經分析員、政府機構、 有關智囊及其他類似組織)以及與本集團 核心業務有關的實際及預測經濟資料(來 自多個外界資料來源)。



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk for a particular financial instrument;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

尤其是,評估信貸風險是否自初步確認 以來顯著上升時會考慮下列資料:

- 金融工具外部(倘適用)或內部信用
 評級的實際或預期嚴重惡化;
- 特定金融工具信貸風險的外部市場 指標的嚴重惡化;
- 預期引致債務人履行其債務責任能
 力大幅下降的業務、財務或經濟狀
 況的現有或預計不利變動;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期重大
 惡化;
- 相同債務人的其他金融工具信貸風
 險的顯著增加;
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環境的 實際或預期重大不利變動,導致債 務人履行其債務責任的能力大幅下 降。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- (i) The financial instrument has a low risk of default,
- (ii) The debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term, and
- (iii) Adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group considers a financial asset to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of "investment grade" in accordance with the globally understood definition or if an external rating is not available, the asset has an internal rating of "performing". Performing means that the counterparty has a strong financial position and there are no past due amounts.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

不論上述評估結果如何,本集團假定, 倘合約付款逾期超過30天,則金融資 產的信貸風險自初步確認以來已大幅增 加,惟本集團擁有合理並有理據支持的 資料顯示情況並非如此,則作別論。

儘管如此,倘本集團釐定某項金融工具 於報告日期具有低信貸風險,則假設 其信貸風險並無自初步確認以來顯著增 加。倘存在下列情況,則釐定金融工具 具有低信貸風險:

- (i) 金融工具具低違約風險,
- (ii) 債務人有足夠能力於近期履行其合約現金流責任,及
- (iii) 較長期經濟及業務狀況的不利變動 可能(但將非必要)降低借款人履行 其合約現金流責任的能力。

當資產的外部信貸評級為「投資級別」(按 照全球理解的釋義)或倘並無外部評級, 該資產具「正常履約」內部評級,本集團 會視該金融資產的信貸風險偏低。正常 履約指交易對手財務狀況良好,且不存 在逾期款項。

本集團定期監管用於確定信貸風險是否顯 著增加的標準的有效性,並在必要時進 行修訂,以確保該標準於金額逾期前能 確定信貸風險顯著增加。
For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable.

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the counterparty;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,由於過往經 驗顯示符合以下任何條件的應收款項普遍 無法收回,故本集團認為此等情況構成 違約事件。

- 對手方違反財務契諾;或
- 內部編製或來自外界資料來源的資料顯示債務人不大可能向債權人
 (包括本集團)清償所有款項(不計及本集團所持抵押品)。

不論上述分析如何,倘某項金融資產逾 期超過90天,則本集團認為已出現違約,惟本集團擁有合理並有理據支持的 資料顯示延遲違約標準更為恰當,則作 別論。

信貸減值的金融資產

倘發生對金融資產的估計未來現金流量有 不利影響的一項或多項事件,則該金融 資產出現信貸減值。金融資產出現信貸 減值的證據包括有關下列事件的可觀察數 據:

- 發行人或對手方出現重大財務困 難;
- 違反合約,如違約或逾期事件;

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Credit-impaired financial assets (Continued)

- the lender(s) of the counterparty, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the counterparty's financial difficulty, having granted to the counterparty a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, including when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

信貸減值的金融資產(續)

- 對手方的貸款人因有關對手方財務
 困難的經濟或合約原因向對手方授
 出貸款人不會另作考慮的特權;
- 對手方很可能將破產或進行其他財務重組;或
- 因財務困難而導致該金融資產失去
 活躍市場。

撇銷政策

於資料顯示債務人有嚴重財務困難及並 無實際收回希望時,包括債務人已處於 清盤或進入破產程序時,或就貿易應收 款項而言,款項逾期超過兩年(以較早者 為準),則本集團撇銷金融資產。於適 當時,在考慮法律意見後,本集團可能 仍會根據收款程序處理被撇銷的金融資 產。所收回的任何款項於損益中確認。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(x) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(x) 金融資產減值(續)

預期信貸虧損的計量及確認

預期信貸虧損的計量為違約概率、違約 損失率(即違約損失程度)及違約風險的函 數。違約概率及違約損失率乃基於根據 上述前瞻性資料調整的歷史數據評估。 就金融資產而言,違約風險為資產於報 告日期的總賬面值。

就金融資產而言,預期信貸虧損根據合約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量與本集 團預期將收取的所有現金流量之間的差額 估計,並按初始實際利率貼現。

倘本集團於上個報告期間以相等於存續期 預期信貸虧損的金額計量一項財務工具的 虧損撥備,但於本報告日期釐定該存續 期預期信貸虧損的條件不再符合,則本 集團於本報告日期按相等於12個月預期 信貸虧損的金額計量虧損撥備,惟採用 簡化方法的資產除外。

本集團於損益確認所有財務工具的減值收 益或虧損,對透過虧損撥備賬對其賬面 值作出相應調整。

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4. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(y) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditures expected to settle the obligation. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow is remote.

(z) Events after the reporting period

Events after the reporting period that provide additional information about the Group's position at the end of the reporting period are adjusting events and are reflected in the consolidated financial statements. Events after the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

4. 重大會計政策資料(續)

(y) 撥備和或有負債

如果本集團須就已發生的事件承擔法定或 推定義務,因而預期會導致含有經濟效 益的資源外流,來履行該義務並能作出 可靠的估計時,本集團便會就該時間或 數額不確定的負債計提撥備。如果貨幣 時間值重大,則按預計履行該義務所需 支出的現值計提準備。用於釐定現值的 貼現率為反映貨幣時間價值及負債特定風 險的當前市場評估的税前利率。隨時間 推移而增加的撥備被確認為利息開支。

當需要經濟利益流出的可能性較低或當金 額不能可靠估計時,責任會作為或然負 債披露,除非流出的可能性極低。可能 的責任(其存在將僅由一項或以上未來事 件的出現或不出現確認)亦作為或然負債 披露,除非流出的可能性極低者,則另 當別論。

(z) 報告期後事項

為本集團於報告期末的狀況提供額外資料 均屬於調整事項,並於綜合財務報表內 反映。並非調整事項的重大報告期後事 項則於綜合財務報表附註中披露。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES

In applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 4, the directors are required to make judgements (other than those involving estimations) that have a significant impact on the amounts recognised and to make estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

In the process of applying the accounting policies, the directors have made the following judgements that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with below).

(a) Revenue recognition on tariff adjustments on sales of electricity

Tariff adjustments represent subsidy received and receivable from the government authorities in respect of the Group's solar power generation business.

Pursuant to the New Tariff Notice announced by the PRC government in January 2020, the grid companies will regularly announce a Renewable Energy Tariff Subsidy List (the "List") for solar power plant projects which are entitled to the tariff adjustments. The state grid companies will regularly announce the List based on the project type, time of grid connection and technical level of the solar power plants that are enlisted in the List.

5. 關鍵判斷及關鍵估計

於應用附註4所述本集團的會計政策時,董事須 就未能輕易地從其他來源獲知的資產及負債的 賬面值作出對已確認金額有重大影響的判斷(涉 及估計者除外)以及作出估計及假設。估計及相 關假設乃基於過往經驗及被認為相關的其他因 素而作出。實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

持續對該等估計及相關假設進行檢討。倘對會 計估計的修訂僅影響作出修訂的期間,則於該 期間確認;或倘修訂會影響目前及未來期間, 則會於目前及未來期間確認。

應用會計政策時所作關鍵判斷

在應用會計政策過程中,董事已作出以下對綜 合財務報表內所確認數額具重大影響的判斷(涉 及估計外已於下文處理):

(a) 電力銷售電價調整的收入確認

電價調整指本集團就太陽能發電業務已收 或應收政府部門的補助。

根據中國政府於2020年1月頒佈的新電價 通知,電網企業將就享有電價調整的太 陽能發電站項目定期公佈《可再生能源電 價附加補貼清單》(「清單」)。國家電網公 司將根據太陽能項目的項目類型、並網 時間及技術水平定期公佈清單,並定期 公佈列入清單的並網太陽能發電站。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

(a) Revenue recognition on tariff adjustments on sales of electricity (Continued)

Tariff adjustments of approximately HK\$28,691,000 (2023: HK\$30,681,000) recognised for the year ended 31 December 2024 are included in the sales of electricity as disclosed in Note 8. The relevant tariff adjustments were recognised only to the extent that it is highly probable that the tariff adjustments would not result in a significant revenue reversal in the future on the basis that all of the Group's operating power plants had been gualified for, and had met, all the requirements and conditions as required based on the prevailing nationwide government policies on renewable energy for solar power plants, and taking into account the legal opinion as advised by the Group's legal advisor in the PRC, who considered that all of the Group's solar power plants currently in operation had met the requirements and conditions as stipulated in the New Tariff Notice for the entitlement of the tariff adjustments when the electricity was delivered on grid. As at 31 December 2024, all solar power plants are already enlisted on the List.

(b) Significant increase in credit risk

As explained in Note 4(x), ECL are measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. HKFRS 9 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased, the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

5. 關鍵判斷及關鍵估計(續)

應用會計政策時所作關鍵判斷(續)

(a) 電力銷售電價調整的收入確認(續)

就截至2024年12月31日止年度確認的 電價調整約28,691,000港元(2023年: 30,681,000港元)已納入附註8披露的電 力銷售額內。相關電價調整僅於計入電 價調整很可能於未來不會導致重大收入撥 回的情況下按本集團所有經營發電站根據 有關太陽能發電站可再生能源的現行國家 政府政策已合資格並已符合全部所需規定 及條件的基準確認,當中已考慮本集團 的中國法律顧問所告知的法律意見,認 為本集團於電力交付併網時全部當前運作 的太陽能發電站已符合新電價通知所訂明 的規定及條件。於2024年12月31日,所 有太陽能發電站已入選清單。

(b) 信貸風險顯著增加

如附註4(x)解釋,預期信貸虧損計量撥備 等於第一階段資產12個月的預期信貸虧 損,或第二階段或第三階段資產的存續 期預期信貸虧損。當資產的信貸風險自 初始確認以來顯著增加時,則該資產移 至第二階段。香港財務報告準則第9號並 未界定構成信貸風險顯著增加的因素。 在評估資產的信貸風險是否顯著增加 時,本集團考慮定性與定量的合理且可 支持的前瞻性資料。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (Continued)

(c) Principal vs agent consideration

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group engages in semi-conductors business. The Group concluded that the Group acts as the principal for such transactions as it controls the specified goods before it is transferred to the customer after taking into consideration indicators such as the Group is primarily responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the goods and the Group has the right to set the price for the specified goods. When the Group satisfies the performance obligation, the Group recognises trading revenue in the gross amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled as specified in the contracts.

On 1 January 2024, the Group entered into a business cooperation agreement with a customer to amend the terms and conditions in relation to the semi-conductors business. According to the business cooperation agreement, the Group is not responsible for fulfilling the promise to provide the specified goods to the customer, the Group has no inventory risk before the specified goods has been transferred to the customer, and the Group does not have the sole discretion in establishing the price for the specified goods. The management is of the opinion that the Group does not control the specified goods before it is transferred to the customer and concludes that the Group acts as an agent. Accordingly, the Group recognises revenue from the semiconductors business, on a net basis.

5. 關鍵判斷及關鍵估計(續)

應用會計政策時所作關鍵判斷(續)

(c) 委託人對代理人的考量

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團 從事半導體業務。經考慮本集團主要負 責履行承諾提供貨物等指標,本集團認 為,本集團乃有關交易的委託人,乃由 於其於指定商品轉交予客戶之前擁有其控 制權,本集團有權為指定商品定價。當 本集團達成履約責任後,本集團於代價 總額中確認買賣收入,本集團按合約訂 明預期有權收取代價總額確認買賣收入。

於2024年1月1日,本集團與一名客戶 訂立業務合作協議,以修訂有關半導體 業務的條款和條件。根據該業務合作協 議,本集團並無責任履行向該客戶提供 指定商品的承諾,故本集團於指定商品 轉交予客戶之前並無存貨風險,且本集 團並不能全權酌情為指定商品荤價。管 理層認為,本集團於指定商品轉交予客 戶前並無擁有控制權,故認為本集團為 代理人。因此,本集團以淨額基準確認 半導體業務的收入。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

(a) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in several jurisdictions. Significant estimates are required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. During the year, income tax of approximately HK\$2,498,000 (2023: HK\$4,059,000) was charged to profit or loss.

(b) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets

Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgement and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; (2) whether the carrying value of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of value in use, the net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset; and (3) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in estimating the recoverable amounts including cash flow projections and an appropriate discount rate. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset (including rightof-use assets), the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the discount rates or the growth rate in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the recoverable amounts.

5. 關鍵判斷及關鍵估計(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源

下文討論於報告期末存在重大風險可能導致須 對下一個財政年度資產及負債賬面值作出重大 調整的未來主要假設及其他估計不明朗因素的 主要來源。

(a) 所得税

本集團須繳納數個司法管轄權區的所得 税。在釐定所得税撥備時,須作出重 大估計。在日常業務中許多交易及計算 均難以明確釐定最終税項。倘該等事項 的最終税務結果與初步入賬金額不同, 該等差額將影響税務釐定期內所得税及 遞延税項撥備。於本年度,所得税約 2,498,000港元(2023年:4,059,000港元) 已計入損益。

(b) 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的減值

物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產按成本 减累計折舊及減值(如有)列賬。在釐定 資產是否減值時,本集團須作出判斷及 估計,尤其需要評估:(1)有否發生可影 響資產價值的事項或出現任何指標;(2) 資產的賬面值能否被可收回金額支持, 若為使用價值,則指基於資產持續使用 所估計的未來現金流量現值淨額;及(3) 估計可收回金額時所採用的合適重要假 設,包括現金流量預測及適當的貼現 率。倘無法估計單項資產(包括使用權資 產)的可收回金額時,本集團將估計資產 所屬賺取現金產牛單位的可收回金額。 改變假設及估計(包括現金流量預測中採 用的貼現率或增長率)或會對可收回金額 產生重大影響。

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5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(b) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (Continued)

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets as at 31 December 2024 were HK\$190,571,000 (2023: HK\$227,220,000) and HK\$13,847,000 (2023: HK\$21,263,000) respectively.

(c) Impairment of trade and other receivables

The Group uses practical expedient in estimating ECL on trade receivables using a provision matrix. The provision rates are based on ageing of debtors as groupings of various debtors taking into consideration the Group's historical default rates and forward-looking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered.

The Group estimates the amount of impairment loss for ECL on other receivables based on the duration of receivables, collection history of individual debtors and expected future change of credit risks, including the consideration of factors such as general economy measures etc.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of trade and other receivables is HK\$178,746,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$1,489,000) (2023: HK\$179,341,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$698,000)).

5. 關鍵判斷及關鍵估計(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

(b) 物業、廠房及設備及使用權資產的減值 (續)

> 於2024年12月31日的物業、廠房及 設備及使用權資產的賬面值分別為 190,571,000港元(2023年:227,220,000 港元)及13,847,000港元(2023年: 21,263,000港元)。

(c) 貿易應收款項及其他應收款項的減值

本集團使用可行權宜方法,透過撥備矩 陣估計貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損。 撥備率乃基於不同債務人組別的債務人賬 齡,並考慮本集團的歷史違約率以及無 需付出不必要的成本或努力即可獲得的合 理且有理據的前瞻性資料。於各報告日 期,會重新評估歷史已觀察的違約率並 考慮前瞻性資料的變動。

本集團根據應收款項的期限、個別債務 人的收款歷史及信貸風險的預期未來變 動,包括考慮一般經濟措施等因素,估 計其他應收款項預期信貸虧損的減值虧損 金額。

於2024年12月31日,貿易應收款項及其 他應收款項的賬面值為178,746,000港元 (扣除呆賬撥備1,489,000港元)(2023年: 179,341,000港元(扣除呆賬撥備698,000 港元))。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(d) Impairment of loan and interest receivables

While in estimating ECL on loan and interest receivables, the Group assesses credit quality on each borrower based on the borrower's background information, financial position, past settlement experience and other relevant factors to determine the stage of credit quality, probability of default and the loss given default assigned on each borrower together with forward-looking information which are reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are reassessed and changes in the forward-looking information are considered.

The borrowers are derived from the PRC. The provision of ECL on these borrowers is sensitive to changes in estimates as the outcome would be vary depending on the selection of input applied. The Group has taken into account the probability of default and loss given default with reference to the financial conditions of the borrowers and current economic environment and the forward-looking economic factors which could lead to increase credit default rates. The information about the ECL of the Group's loan and interest receivables are disclosed in Note 6(b) and Note 24(c).

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of loan and interest receivables was HK\$18,358,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$49,016,000) (2023: HK\$64,746,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$10,563,000)).

5. 關鍵判斷及關鍵估計(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

(d) 應收貸款及利息減值

於估計應收貸款及利息的預期信貸虧損 時,本集團根據借款人之背景資料、財 務狀況、過往還款經歷及其他相關因素 評估各名借款人的信貸質素,以釐定各 名借款人各自之信貸質素階段、違約概 率及違約損失率,連同毋須付出過多成 本或精力即可獲得之合理且可支持的前瞻 性資料。於各報告日期,歷史已觀察的 違約率及所考慮前瞻性資料的變動將予以 重新評估。

借款人均來自中國。該等借款人之預期 信貸虧損撥備易受估計變動的影響, 乃由於結果會因為輸入值不同而有所變 化。本集團已參考借款人的財務狀況、 當前經濟環境及可導致信貸違約率增加 的前瞻性經濟因素,計及違約概率及違 約損失率。有關本集團應收貸款及利息 的預期信貸虧損之資料於附註6(b)及附註 24(c)中披露。

於2024年12月31日,應收貸款及利息的 賬面值為18,358,000港元(扣除呆賬撥備 49,016,000港元)(2023年:64,746,000 港元(扣除呆賬撥備10,563,000港元))。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(e) Fair value of an investment in convertible loan

The investment in convertible loan stated at fair value is not based on quoted price in an active market, therefore there is significant measurement uncertainty involved in this measurement of fair value. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. Management judgement and estimates are required for the selection of appropriate valuation parameters, assumptions and modeling techniques.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of convertible loan is approximately HK\$44,970,000 (2023: HK\$32,749,000).

(f) Allowance for slow-moving inventories and net realisable value of inventories

Allowance for slow-moving inventories is made based on the ageing and estimated net realisable value of inventories. The assessment of the allowance amount involves judgement and estimates. Where the actual outcome in future is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and allowance charge/write-back in the period in which such estimate has been changed. Reversal of allowance for slow-moving inventories amounted to approximately HK\$33,000 (2023: Allowance for slow-moving inventories amounted to approximately HK\$211,000) was made to profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2024.

5. 關鍵判斷及關鍵估計(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

(e) 可轉換貸款投資的公允價值

可轉換貸款投資按公允價值而非按活躍市 場報價列賬,因此該項公允價值計量涉 及重大計量不確定性。市場從業者常用 的估值技術已予應用。選擇適當估值參 數、假設及建模技術時將需要管理層作 出判斷及估計。

於2024年12月31日,可轉換貸款的賬 面值為約44,970,000港元(2023年: 32,749,000港元)。

(f) 滞銷存貨撥備及存貨可變現淨值

滞銷存貨撥備乃根據存貨賬齡及估計存 貨可變現淨值作出。評估撥備金額涉及 判斷及估計。倘日後的實際結果不同於 原來估計,該等差額將影響上述估計出 現變動期間存貨及撥備開支/撥回的賬 面值。截至2024年12月31日止年度,滯 銷存貨撥備撥回金額約33,000港元(2023 年:滯銷存貨撥備約211,000港元)於損 益中列報。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

5. CRITICAL JUDGEMENTS AND KEY ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(f) Allowance for slow-moving inventories and net realisable value of inventories (Continued)

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and selling expenses. These estimates are based on current market conditions and the historical experience of manufacturing and selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer's demand and competitor's actions in response to severe industry cycles. The Group will reassess the estimates by the end of each reporting period.

As at 31 December 2024, the carrying amount of inventories is approximately HK\$3,728,000 (2023: HK\$4,692,000).

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group has minimal exposure to foreign currency risk as most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are principally denominated in the functional currencies of the Group entities. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy in respect of foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities. The Group monitors its foreign currency exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

5. 關鍵判斷及關鍵估計(續)

估計不明朗因素的主要來源(續)

(f) 滞銷存貨撥備及存貨可變現淨值(續)

存貨可變現淨值指於一般業務過程中估計 售價減估計完成成本及銷售開支後的金 額。該等估計乃根據當前市況以及製造 及銷售同類性質產品的過往經驗作出。 由於為應對嚴苛行業週期客戶需求以及競 爭者行動的變化,有關估計可能發生重 大變動。本集團將於各報告期結束前重 估有關估計。

於2024年12月31日,存貨的賬面值為約 3,728,000港元(2023年:4,692,000港元)。

6. 金融風險管理

本集團的業務承受各種金融風險:外幣風險、 信貸風險、流動資金風險及利率風險。本集團 的整體風險管理計劃針對金融市場的難以預測 性,並尋求對本集團的財務表現產生的潛在不 利影響減至最低。

(a) 外幣風險

本集團面對輕微外幣風險,原因為其大 部分業務交易、資產及負債主要以本集 團實體的功能貨幣計值。本集團目前並 無就外幣交易、資產及負債制訂外幣對 沖政策。本集團密切監察其外幣風險, 並考慮於需要時對沖重大外幣風險。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily trade and other receivables) and from its investing activities (primarily the loan and interest receivables). The Group's exposure to credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents is limited because the counterparties are banks and financial institutions with high credit-rating assigned by international credit-rating agencies, for which the Group considers to have low credit risk.

Trade receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due ranging from 30 to 180 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as 99.9% (2023: 77.0%) and 100.0% (2023: 99.9%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest customer and the five largest customers respectively. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits and credit approvals.

6. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險

信貸風險指對手方無法履行金融工具或 客戶合約項下責任而引致金融損失的風 險。本集團面臨其經營活動(主要為貿易 應收款項及其他應收款項)及其投資活動 (主要為應收貸款及利息)的信貸風險。 本集團面臨現金及現金等值項目產生的信 貸風險有限,因對手方為國際信貸評級 機構評定的高信用評級的銀行及金融機 構,本集團認為其具有低信貸風險。

貿易應收款項

由各業務單位管理的客戶信貸風險受本集 團制定的有關客戶信貸風險管理政策、 程序及控制。對信貸超過一定金額的所 有客戶進行個別信貸評估。該等評估專 注客戶過往到期付款的歷史及現時支付的 能力,並計及客戶的特定信息及與客戶 經營相關經濟環境。貿易應收款項自票 據日期起30至180日內到期。通常,本 集團不會從客戶獲得抵押品。

本集團的貿易應收款項總額的信貸風險集 中度分別為99.9%(2023年:77.0%)及 100.0%(2023年:99.9%),乃分別來自 本集團最大客戶及五大客戶。為降低信 貸風險,本集團管理層已授權一個團隊 負責釐定信貸限額及信貸審批。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

Based on the track record of regular repayment of receivables from sales of electricity and that settlement of tariff adjustment receivables is in accordance with the prevailing government policies, all trade receivables from sales of electricity, including tariff adjustment receivables, are expected to be recoverable and the ECL provision is considered to be insignificant.

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables, as at 31 December 2024:

6. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

本集團按相當於存續期預期信貸虧損的金 額(用撥備矩陣計算)來計量貿易應收款項 虧損撥備。由於本集團的過往信貸虧損 經驗並無表明不同客戶群的虧損模式有重 大差異,故本集團的不同客戶群之間並 無進一步區分基於逾期狀況的虧損撥備。

根據電力銷售應收款項的定期償付往績紀 錄,以及電價調整應收款項的結算符合 現行政府政策,預計來自電力銷售的所 有貿易應收款項(包括電價調整應收款項) 均可收回,而預期信貸虧損撥備被視為 不重大。

下表提供有關於2024年12月31日本集團 面臨信貸風險及貿易應收款項預期信貸虧 損的資料:

			2024 2024年 Gross	
		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 % %	carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$′000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
Current (not past due) More than 3 months	即期(並無逾期) 超過三個月	0% 100%	125,573 587	- 587
			126,160	587

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

6. 金融風險管理(續)

Trade receivables (Continued)

(b) 信貸風險(續)
貿易應收款項(續)

			2023 2023年 Gross	
		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 % %	carrying amount 總賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 HK \$ '000 千港元
Current (not past due) Less than 1 month	即期(並無逾期) 少於一個月	0.02% 97.54%	166,645 651	38 635

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 5 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. 預期虧損率按過往5年的實際虧損經驗計 算。此等比率為反映期內(歷史數據已在 期間收集)經濟狀況差異、目前狀況及本 集團對應收款項預期存續期的經濟狀況的 意見,而加以調整。

673

167,296

Movement in the loss allowance for trade receivables during the year is as follows:

年內有關貿易應收款項虧損撥備金額的變 動如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Impairment losses recognised for the year Reversals Reclassified as held for sale Exchange differences	於1月1日 年內確認減值虧損 撥回 重新分類為持作出售 匯兑差額	673 - (45) (20) (21)	1,233 678 (1,223) – (15)
At 31 December	於12月31日	587	673

It has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with an appropriate credit history.

本集團已設定政策確保向客戶所作的銷售 均具備適當的信貸歷史。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Loan and interest receivables

Credit risk exposure

The Group applies the general approach to provide for ECL prescribed by HKFRS 9 on its loan and interest receivables. The Group has taken into account the probability of default and loss given default with reference to the financial conditions of the borrowers and current economic environment and the forward-looking economic factors.

6. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

應收貸款及利息

信貸風險敞口

本集團按香港財務報告準則第9號所規定 應用一般法計提應收貸款及利息的預期信 貸虧損。本集團經參考借款人的財務狀 況及當前經濟環境以及前瞻性經濟因素已 考慮違約可能性及違約損失率。

		Stage 1 第一階段 12-month ECL 12個月的 預期信貸 虧損 HK\$′000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 Lifetime ECL 存續期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 Lifetime ECL 存續期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$′000 千港元
As at 31 December 2024	於 2024 年12月31日				
Loan and interest receivables Loss allowance	應收貸款及利息 虧損撥備	5,735 (296)	13,655 (736)	47,984 (47,984)	67,374 (49,016)
Loan and interest receivables – net of loss allowance	應收貸款及利息- 扣除虧損撥備	5,439	12,919	_	18,358
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
		第一階段 12-month	第二階段 Lifetime	第三階段 Lifetime	
		ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
		12個月的			TOtal
		預期信貸	存續期預期	存續期預期	
		虧損	信貸虧損	信貸虧損	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日				
Loan and interest receivables	應收貸款及利息	75,309	_	_	75,309
Loss allowance	虧損撥備	(10,563)	-	-	(10,563)
Loan and interest receivables – net of loss allowance	應收貸款及利息- 扣除虧損撥備	64,746	_	_	64,746

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Loan and interest receivables (Continued)

Credit risk exposure (Continued)

The movement in the ECL allowance of loan and interest receivables are as follow:

- 6. 金融風險管理(續)
 - (b) 信貸風險(續)

應收貸款及利息(續)

信貸風險敞口(續)

應收貸款及利息的預期信貸虧損撥備變動 如下:

		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
		第一階段	第二階段	第三階段	
		12-month	Lifetime	Lifetime	
		ECL	ECL	ECL	Total
		12個月	存續期	存續期	
		的預期	預期	預期	
		信貸虧損	信貸虧損	信貸虧損	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
					千港元
As at 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	11,297	-	_	11,297
Impairment losses recognised	年內確認減值虧損				
for the year		1,012	-	-	1,012
Reversals	撥回	(1,433)	-	-	(1,433)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(313)	-	-	(313)
As at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	10,563	-	_	10,563
Impairment losses recognised	年內確認減值虧損				
for the year		298	395	39,333	40,026
Reversals	撥回	(398)	-	-	(398)
Transfer	轉撥	(10,036)	357	9,679	-
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(131)	(16)	(1,028)	(1,175)
As at 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	296	736	47,984	49,016

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Loan and interest receivables (Continued)

Credit risk exposure (Continued)

In general, loan and interest receivables are considered as default if the loan and interest receivables are 90 days past due, or the borrowers were unable to repay the loan and interests by due date after the extension grant. As at 31 December 2024, loan and interest receivables of approximately HK\$47,984,000 were default under lifetime ECL and loss allowance of approximately HK\$47,984,000 was recognised. As at 31 December 2023, no loan and interest receivables were default.

For loans and interest receivables that are not creditimpaired without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition ("Stage 1"), ECL is measured limited to 12-month. If a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is identified ("Stage 2") but not yet deemed to be credit-impaired, ECL is measured based on lifetime ECL. If credit impaired is identified ("Stage 3"), ECL is measured based on lifetime ECL. In general, there is significant increase in credit risk when the Group granted the extension on loan and interest receivables.

6. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

應收貸款及利息(續)

信貸風險敞口(續)

一般而言,倘應收貸款及利息逾期90 日,或借款人未能於獲准延期後的到期 日償還貸款及利息,應收貸款及利息將 視為違約。於2024年12月31日,應收 貸款及利息約47,984,000港元根據存續 期預期信貸虧損列為違約,並已確認約 47,984,000港元的虧損撥備。於2023年 12月31日,概無應收貸款及利息違約。

對於並無出現信貸減值且自初始確認以來 信貸風險並無顯著增加的應收貸款及利息 (「第一階段」),預期信貸虧損以12個月 為限作出計量。倘識別出自初始確認以 來信貸風險顯著增加(「第二階段」),惟並 未視為信貸減值,則預期信貸虧損按存 續期預期信貸虧損作出計量。倘識別出 信貸減值(「第三階段」),預期信貸虧損按 存續期預期信貸虧損作出計量。一般而 言,當本集團批准延長償還應收貸款及 利息時,信貸風險會顯著增加。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

Other financial assets at amortised cost

Financial assets at amortised cost include deposits and other receivables.

Deposits and other receivables are generally considered to have low credit risk, and the loss allowance recognised during the period was therefore limited to 12-month expected losses. These instruments are considered to be low credit risk when they have a low risk of default and the borrowers have a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

Movement in the loss allowance for deposits and other receivables during the year is as follows:

6. 金融風險管理(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

其他按攤銷成本計量的金融資產

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產包括按金及其 他應收款項。

按金及其他應收款項一般被視為具有較低 的信貸風險。因此,於期內確認的虧損 撥備限於12個月的預期虧損。當該等工 具有較低的違約風險且借款人具有強大 的能力在短期內履行合約現金流量義務 時,則其被視為低信貸風險。

年內有關按金及其他應收款項虧損撥備的 變動如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January Impairment losses recognised for the year Reversals Exchange differences	於1月1日 年內確認減值虧損 撥回 匯兑差額	25 885 – (8)	66 - (40) (1)
At 31 December	於12月31日	902	25

The Group is also exposed to credit risk in relation to debt investment that is measured at FVTPL. The maximum exposure at the end of the reporting period is the carrying amount of this investment of HK\$44,970,000 (2023: HK\$32,749,000).

本集團亦面臨以公允價值計量且其變動 計入當期損益計量的債務投資有關信貸 風險。於報告期末面臨的最大風險為賬 面值44,970,000港元的本投資(2023年: 32,749,000港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

The maturity analysis based on contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities is as follows:

6. 金融風險管理(續)

(c) 流動資金風險

本集團的政策為定期監察目前及預期的流 動資金需求,從而確保本集團維持足夠 現金儲備以應付其短期及較長期的流動資 金需求。

根據本集團非衍生金融負債的合約未貼現 現金流作出到期分析如下:

		Less than 1 year or on demand 少於1年 或按要求 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 1 and 2 years 1年至2年 HK\$'000 千港元	Between 2 and 5 years 2年至5年 HK\$'000 千港元	Over 5 years 5年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 31 December 2024 Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	於2024年12月31日 貿易應付款項及其他應付款項 租賃負債	8,172 1,157	- 1,165	_ 3,546	- 13,810	8,172 19,678
At 31 December 2023 Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	於2023年12月31日 貿易應付款項及其他應付款項 租賃負債	12,554 1,395	- 1,260	- 3,650	- 15,502	12,554 21,807

(d) Interest rate risk

The Group's investment in convertible loan and loan receivables bear interest at fixed interest rate and therefore are subject to fair value interest rate risks.

The Group's bank deposits bear interest at variable rates that vary with the then prevailing market condition.

(d) 利率風險

本集團的可轉換貸款投資及應收貸款按固 定利率計息,因此,須受公允價值利率 風險規限。

本集團的銀行存款按隨當時現行市況變化 的浮動利率計息。



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

6. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

6. 金融風險管理(續)

(e) Categories of financial instruments at 31 December 2024

(e) 2024年12月31日的金融工具分類

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets: Financial assets at FVTPL Financial assets measured at amortised cost	金融資產: 以公允價值計量且其變動計入 當期損益的金融資產 以攤銷成本計量的金融資產	44,970 430,758	32,749 481,427
Financial liabilities: Financial liabilities at amortised cost Lease liabilities	金融負債: 以攤銷成本計量的金融負債 租賃負債	8,172 11,858	12,554 12,877

(f) Fair values

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities as reflected in the consolidated statement of financial position approximate their respective fair values.

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following disclosures of fair value measurements use a fair value hierarchy that categorises into three levels the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 inputs: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 inputs: unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

(f) 公允價值

於綜合財務狀況表所反映的本集團金融資 產及金融負債的賬面值與其各自的公允價 值相若。

7. 公允價值計量

公允價值指市場參與者之間於計量日期在有序 交易中出售資產將收取或轉讓負債將支付的價 格。下文披露使用公允價值層級計量的公允價 值,用作計量公允價值的估值方法輸入值據此 分為三個級別:

- 第一層級輸入值:本集團可於計量日獲得的 相同資產或負債於活躍市 場上的報價(未經調整)。
- 第二層級輸入值: 第一層級所包括的報價以 外,資產或負債直接或間 接可觀察的輸入值。
- 第三層級輸入值: 資產或負債的不可觀察輸 入值。



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7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of any of the three levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

7. 公允價值計量(續)

本集團的政策為確認截至事件或變化日期導致 轉讓的任何三個層級轉入及轉出情況。

(a) Disclosures of level in fair value hierarchy at 31 December 2024:

(a) 於2024年12月31日公允價值層級 的等級披露如下:

Description 描述			e measurements 價值計量方式使用 Level 2 第二層級 HK\$'000 千港元		Total 合計 2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元
Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公允價值計量:				
Financial assets: Financial assets at FVTPL	金融資產: 以公允價值計量且其變動計入 當期損益的金融資產				
– Convertible Ioan	- 可轉換貸款	-	-	44,970	44,970
		-	-	44,970	44,970

	Fair value measurements using: 公允價值計量方式使用:			Total 合計
Description	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	2023
描述	第一層級	第二層級	第三層級	2023年
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元

Recurring fair value measurements:	經常性公允價值計量:				
Financial assets:	金融資產:				
Financial assets at FVTPL	以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期 損益的金融資產				
– Convertible Ioan	- 可轉換貸款	-	-	32,749	32,749
		-	-	32,749	32,749

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, there were no transfers among Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3.

於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年 度,第一層級、第二層級及第三層級之 間並無轉撥。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

7. 公允價值計量(續)

- (b) Reconciliation of assets measured at fair value based on Level 3:
- (b) 根據第三層級按公允價值計量的 資產對賬:

		Financial asse 以公允價值計量 當期損益的	且其變動計入
		2024	2023
		2024年	2023年
Description	描述	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於1月1日	32,749	_
Addition	增置	-	55,265
Total unrealised fair value gain/(loss)	於損益確認的未變現公允		
recognised in profit or loss	價值總收益/(虧損)	13,584	(22,244)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	(1,363)	(272)
At 31 December	於12月31日	44,970	32,749

The total gains or losses recognised in profit or loss are presented in other gains and losses, net in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

(c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December 2024 and 2023:

The Group's financial manager is responsible for the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including Level 3 fair value measurements. The financial manager reports directly to the Board of Directors for these fair value measurements. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the financial manager and the Board of Directors at least twice a year. 於損益確認的溢利或虧損總額於綜合損益 表的其他收益及虧損淨額呈列。

(c) 本集團於2024年及2023年12月 31日進行公允價值計量所使用的 估值程序、估值技術及輸入數據 披露如下:

> 本集團的財務經理負責進行財務報告所要 求的資產及負債公允價值計量,包括第 三層級公允價值計量。財務經理直接向 董事會匯報該等公允價值計量。財務經 理與董事會每年至少進行兩次有關估值程 序及結果方面的討論。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Disclosure of valuation process used by the Group and valuation techniques and inputs used in fair value measurements at 31 December 2024 and 2023: (Continued)

For Level 3 fair value measurements, the Group will normally engage external valuation experts with the recognised professional qualifications and recent experience to perform the valuations.

7. 公允價值計量(續)

(c) 本集團於2024年及2023年12月 31日進行公允價值計量所使用的 估值程序、估值技術及輸入數據 披露如下:(續)

> 就第三層級公允價值計量而言,本集團 一般將委聘具備經認可專業資格及近期經 驗的外部估值師。

Level 3 fair value r 第三層級公允價值言	† 1	Significant	Sensitivity/relationship of	Fair val	
Description	Valuation technique	unobservable inputs	unobservable inputs to fair value 不可截察輸入值對公允價值	公允價 2024	值 2023
描述	估值技術	重大不可觀察輸入值	之敏感度/關係	2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 年 HK\$'000 千港元
Convertible loan	Binomial option pricing model	Discount rate at 15.37% (2023: 22.79%)	Increase in discount rate would result in decrease in fair value of the	44,970	32,749
可轉換貸款	二項式期權定價模式	貼現率15.37%(2023年: 22.79%)	convertible loan, and vice versa 貼現率增加將導致可轉換貸款的 公允價值減少,反之亦然		

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

8. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

8. 收入及分部報告

(a) 收入細分

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products or service line for the year is as follows:

按主要產品或服務劃分的本年度客戶合約 的收入細分如下:

		2024 2024年		2023 2023年	
		HK\$'000 千港元	%	HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (已重列)	%
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15	屬香港財務報告準則 第 15 號範圍內來自客戶 合約的收入				
Disaggregated by major products or service lines	按主要產品或服務細分				
Semi-conductors business	半導體業務				
- Sales of semi-conductors	- 銷售半導體	-	-	366,970	86%
 Provision of agency service Properties development and related 	- 提供代理服務 物業發展及相關服務	1,235	2%	-	-
services		125	1%	430	1%
Generation of photovoltaic power	光伏發電	49,515	97%	53,036	13%
Total	合計	50,875	100%	420,436	100%

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

8. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(a) Disaggregation of revenue (Continued)

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines and geographical regions:

8. 收入及分部報告(續)

(a) 收入細分(續)

本集團於下列主要產品及地區透過在某時 間段及時點轉讓產品及服務產生收入:

For the year ended				Properties dev	elopment and	Generation o	f photovoltaic		
31 December		Semi-conduc	tors business	related	services	ро	wer	То	tal
截至12月31日止年度		半導體	豊業務	物業發展及	爻相關服務	光伏	發電	合	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		2024年	2023年	2024年	2023年	2024年	2023年	2024年	2023年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
									(Re-presented)
									(已重列)
Primary geographical	主要地區市場								
markets									
Hong Kong	香港	1,155	357,588	_	_	_	_	1,155	357,588
Mainland China	中國內地	80	9,382	125	430	49,515	53,036	49,720	62,848
			- 1						
Total	合計	1,235	366,970	125	430	49,515	53,036	50,875	420,436
		1,233	500,570	125	-50	-5,515	55,050	50,075	420,430
Timing of revenue	收入確認時點								
recognition									
Products transferred at	產品於某一時間點轉移								
a point in time		1,235	366,970	125	430	-	-	1,360	367,400
Products and services	產品及服務隨時間轉移								
transferred over time		-	-	-	-	49,515	53,036	49,515	53,036
Total	合計	1,235	366,970	125	430	49,515	53,036	50,875	420,436

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

8. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting

The Group has three continuing operating segments as follows:

- Semi-conductors business: this segment engages in trading of semi-conductors and provision of agency service for trading of semi-conductors;
- Properties development and related services: this segment engages in development and sales of properties and providing property management services; and
- Generation of photovoltaic power: this segment engages in generating and sales of electricity.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the results of the sales of sub-processing cigarette films segment are presented as discontinued operations in accordance with HKFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations" as detailed in Note 16. As the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision maker, no longer regularly reviews the results of the segment, they have been excluded from the current year's segment reporting. The comparative segment information for prior year has been restated to conform with the current year's presentation.

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements. Segment profits or losses do not include unallocated head office and corporate expenses, fair value gain/(loss) on an investment in convertible loan and reversal of impairment losses/(impairment losses) on unallocated loan and interest receivables. Segment assets do not include convertible loan, unallocated head office and corporate assets. Segment liabilities do not include unallocated head office and corporate liabilities. 8. 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告

本集團的三個持續經營分部如下:

- 半導體業務:此分部從事買賣半導
 體及提供買賣半導體代理服務;
- 物業發展及相關服務:此分部從事 發展及銷售物業及提供物業管理服 務;及
- 光伏發電:此分部從事產銷電力。

截至2024年12月31日止年度,銷售加工 香煙薄膜分部的業績乃根據香港財務報告 準則第5號「持作出售的非流動資產及已 終止經營業務」呈列為已終止經營業務, 詳情載於附註16。由於本公司執行董事 (即主要經營決策者)不再定期審閱該分 部的業績,故其已不再納入本年度的分 部報告。過往年度的比較分部資料已重 列,以符合本年度的呈列。

本集團的可申報分部為提供不同產品及服 務的策略業務單位。由於各項業務所需 的技術及營銷策略有別,故會分開管理。

經營分部的會計政策與綜合財務報表附註 4所述者相同。分部溢利或虧損不包括未 分配總部和公司支出、可轉換貸款投資 的公允價值收益/(虧損)及未分配應收貸 款及利息的減值虧損撥回/(減值虧損)。 分部資產不包括可轉換貸款及未分配總部 和公司資產。分部負債不包括未分配總 部和公司負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

8. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

8. 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(i)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities

Information about operating segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities:

有關營運分部損益、資產及負債的 資料如下:

分部業績 · 資產及負債

		Semi-conduc 半導調		Properties dev related 物業發展】	services		otovoltaic power 發電		tal 計
		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK \$ '000 千港元	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元	2024 [~] 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (已重列)
Year ended 31 December	截至12月31日止年度								
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶收入	1,235	366,970	125	430	49,515	53,036	50,875	420,436
Reportable segment gross profit	可申報分部毛利	1,235	3,521	40	246	30,348	34,421	31,623	38,188
Reportable segment (loss)/profit	可申報分部(虧損)/溢利	(5,863)	(822)	(42,046)	2,748	21,917	26,781	(25,992)	28,707
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款利息收入	179	79	575	769	16	22	770	870
Interest expense Depreciation and amortisation	利息開支 折舊和攤銷	_ 392	- 393	- 4	- 4	769 16,354	802 16,466	769 16,750	802 16,863
Other material items of income and expense: Cost of inventories sold Staff costs	其他重大收入及開支 項目: 已售存貨成本 員工成本	_ 1,018	363,449 622	85 1,620	184 1,681	_ 1,968	_ 1,990	85 4,606	363,633 4,293
Other material non-cash items: Impairment losses/(reversal of impairment losses) on trade and other receivables	其他重大非現金項目: 貿易應收款項及其他應 收款項減值虧損/ (減值虧損撥回)	1,180	(767)	39,665	(181)	-	(456)	40,845	(1,404)
As at 31 December	於 12 月31日								
Reportable segment assets	可申報分部資產	64,034	76,176	135,507	217,108	349,517	378,279	549,058	671,563
Additions to non-current segment assets during the year	年內非流動分部資產 的增置	347	1,137	-	-	1,341	2,823	1,688	3,960
Reportable segment liabilities	可申報分部負債	2,005	2,219	5,659	5,089	18,159	19,354	25,823	26,662

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8. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

8. 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(ii) 持續經營業務的分部溢利或虧損對

(ii) Reconciliations of segment profit or loss from continuing operations:

continuing operations:		賬:		
		202 HK\$'		2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (已重列)
(Loss)/profit	(虧損)/溢利			
Reportable segment (loss)/profit	可申報分部(虧損)/溢利	(25,	992)	28,707
Fair value gain/(loss) on an investment in	可轉換貸款投資的公允價值			
convertible loan	收益/(虧損)	13,	584	(22,244)
Reversal of impairment losses/(impairment losses) on unallocated loan and interest	未分配應收貸款及利息的減 值虧損撥回/(減值虧損)			
receivables	且惟]]貝饭閂/ (/咣 且惟]]貝/		332	(332)
Unallocated head office and corporate	未分配總部和公司支出			(/
expenses		(15,4	407)	(12,550)
Loss before tax from continuing	持續經營業務的税前虧損	(27	402)	(6.410)
operations		(27,4	483)	(6,419)

(iii) Reconciliations of segment assets and liabilities:

(iii) 分部資產與負債對賬:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (已重列)
Assets Total assets of reportable segments Assets relating to discontinued operations Convertible loan Unallocated head office and corporate assets	資產 可申報分部資產總值 有關已終止經營業務的資產 可轉換貸款 未分配總部和公司資產	549,058 27,596 44,970 90,851	671,563 31,983 32,749 33,398
Consolidated total assets	綜合資產總額	712,475	769,693
Liabilities Total liabilities of reportable segments Liabilities relating to discontinued operations Unallocated head office and corporate liabilities	負債 可申報分部負債總額 有關已終止經營業務的負債 未分配總部和公司負債	25,823 7,727 13,907	26,662 7,590 16,865
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合負債總額	47,457	51,117

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8. REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (CONTINUED)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(iv) Geographic information

No geographic information is presented as the revenue, contribution to operating results, assets and liabilities of the Group are attributable to operating activities which are carried out or originated principally in the PRC including Hong Kong.

(v) Revenue from major customers

Revenue from major customers who have individually contributed to 10% or more of the total revenue of the Group are disclosed as follows:

8. 收入及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(iv) 地區資料

由於本集團的收入、對經營業績的 貢獻、資產及負債均歸屬於主要在 中國(包括香港)進行或發起的經營 活動,故並未呈報地區資料。

(v) 來自主要客戶的收入

個別對本集團總收入貢獻達10%或 以上的來自主要客戶的收入披露如 下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Segment of semi-conductors business Customer A	半導體業務分部 客戶甲	1,235	356,620
Segment of generation of photovoltaic power Customer B	光伏發電分部 客戶乙	49,515	53,036



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9. OTHER INCOME

9. 其他收入

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (已重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Government grants (Note)	政府補助(附註)	21	46
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款利息收入	3,330	1,522
Loan interest income	貸款利息收入	5,981	5,150
Rental income	租金收入	245	190
Sundry income	雜項收入	215	127
		9,792	7,035

Note: Government grants of approximately HK\$21,000 (2023: HK\$46,000) mainly related to the subsidy received from the PRC local government authority for the achievements of the Group. 附註:政府補助約21,000港元(2023年:46,000港元) 主要有關因本集團成就自中國地方政府當局收 取的補助。

10. 其他收益及虧損淨額

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

		2024	2.02
		2024	20.
		2024年	2023
		HK\$'000	HK\$'00
		千港元	千港
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備收益		
equipment		18	23
Write off of non-refundable deposit	不可退還按金撇銷	(6,497)	
Write off of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備撇銷	-	(4
Net foreign exchange losses	匯兑虧損淨額	(1,059)	(1,00
Fair value gain on investments in wealth	投資理財產品的公允價值收益		
management products		20	13
Fair value gain/(loss) on an investment in	可轉換貸款投資的公允價值		
convertible loan	收益/(虧損)	13,584	(22,24
		6,066	(22,80

10. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

11. FINANCE COSTS

11. 融資成本

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK \$ ′000 千港元
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Interest expense on lease liabilities (Note 20)	租賃負債的利息開支(附註20)	771	828



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12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

12. 所得税支出

Income tax has been recognised in profit or loss as following:

所得税於損益內確認如下:

度按優惠税率15% (2023年:15%)繳納

中國企業所得税。

					2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Pr	rent tax – PRC corporate income tax ovision for the year nderprovision in prior years	即期税項 – 中國企業 本年度撥備 於過往年度撥備不			2,040 460	3,070 880
				_	2,500	3,950
Defe	erred tax (Note 30)	遞延税項(附註30)		-	(2)	109
				_	2,498	4,059
	me tax expense attributable to continuing perations	持續經營業務應佔所	得税支出		2,498	4,059
(i)	Pursuant to the rules and regulations o and the BVI, the Group is not subject these jurisdictions.	-	(i)		集團毋須於該	京群島的規則和 等司法權區繳納
(ii)	No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax Group has no assessable profit derived the year (2023: Nil).		(ii)	毋須就香港利得税作出撥備,因為本 團本年度於香港並無應課税溢利(202 年:零)。		
(iii)	On 16 March 2007, the Fifth Plenary National People's Congress passed the C Law of the PRC ("New Tax Law") which 1 January 2008 and the PRC's statuto Tax rate is 25%.	Corporate Income Tax became effective on	Tax 表大會第五次全體會議通過了《中國 e on 共和國企業所得税法》(「新税法」)		通過了《中華人民 (「新税法」),於	
	Pursuant to the rules and regulations an technology enterprises established i Shuntai New Energy Power Generation C indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the	n the PRC, Xuzhou Co., Ltd. ("XZNE") (an		規例和法 公司(「徐:	規,徐州順泰; 州新能源」,本)高新技術企業的 新能源發電有限 集團的間接全資 年12月31日止年

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PRC corporate income tax at a preferential tax rate of 15%

(2023: 15%) for the year ended 31 December 2024.

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12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

(iii) (Continued)

Entities engaged in qualified power generating projects, are eligible for a corporate income tax exemption for the first year to the third year, and a 50% reduction for the fourth year to the sixth year starting from the year in which the entities first generate operating income (the "3+3 tax holiday"). XZNE was entitled to the 3+3 tax holiday.

- (iv) According to the New Tax Law and its implementation rules, dividends receivable by non-PRC-resident corporate investors from PRC-resident enterprises are subject to withholding tax at 10%, unless reduced by tax treaties or arrangements, for profits earned since 1 January 2008. Under the tax arrangement between the Mainland China and Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and the relevant regulations, a qualified Hong Kong tax resident which is the "beneficial owner" and holds a 25% equity interest or more of a PRC enterprise is entitled to a reduced withholding tax rate of 5%. The withholding tax rate applicable to the Group is 5%.
- (v) According to the State Administration of Taxation of the PRC, with effect from 2008 onwards, enterprises engaging in research and development activities were entitled to claim 150% of their research and development expenses so incurred as tax deductible expenses when determining their assessable profits for that year ("Super Deduction"). The State Administration of Taxation of the PRC announced in March 2023 that enterprises engaging in research and development activities would entitle to claim 200% of their research and development expenses as Super Deduction from 1 January 2023. The Group has made its best estimate for the Super Deduction to be claimed for the Group's entities in ascertaining their assessable profits during the year.

12. 所得税支出(續)

(iii) (續)

從事合資格能源產生項目的實體可自其首次產生經營收入的年度起計第一至第三年 度合資格免繳企業所得税,並於第四至 第六年度可減免50%的企業所得税(「3+3 税務寬免期」)。徐州新能源享有3+3税務 寬免期。

- (iv) 根據新税法及其實施細則,除非2008年1 月1日起賺取的溢利獲税務條例或安排寬 減,否則非中國居民企業投資者應就收 取中國居民企業的股息按10%的税率繳 納預扣税。根據中國內地與香港特別行 政區之間的税務安排及相關法規,身為 中國企業的「實益擁有人」並持有25%或 以上股權的合資格香港税務居民可享獲寬 減預扣税率5%。適用於本集團的預扣税 率為5%。
- (v) 根據中國國家税務總局,自2008年起, 從事研發活動的企業在釐定其該年度的應 課税溢利時有權按當時產生的可扣減税項 開支申請抵扣研發開支的150%(「超額扣 除」)。中國國家税務總局於2023年3月宣 佈,從事研發活動的企業可自2023年1月 1日起有權申請抵扣其研發開支的200% 為超額扣除。本集團已就本集團實體在 確定其年內應課税溢利時所申請的超額扣 除作出最佳估計。

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12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

12. 所得税支出(續)

The reconciliation between income tax expense and product of loss before tax multiplied by the applicable tax rates is as follows:

所得税支出與税前虧損乘以適用税率的結果對 賬如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Loss before tax: Continuing operations	税前虧損: 持續經營業務	(27,483)	(6,419)
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務	(3,731)	(2,921)
		(31,214)	(9,340)
Notional tax on loss before tax, calculated at the rates applicable in the jurisdictions concerned Tax effect of the preferential tax rates	按照在相關司法權區獲得的適用 税率計算税前虧損的名義税項 優惠税率的税項影響	(6,303) (1,488)	(1,424) (2,081)
Additional deductible allowance for research and development expenses	新增可扣減研發支出補貼	(534)	(600)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣減支出的税項影響	8,972	6,204
Tax effect of non-taxable income	非應課税收入的税收影響	(376)	(230)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Tax effect of utilisation of tax losses not	未確認的税項虧損的税項影響 利用先前未確認的税項虧損的	3,143	1,698
previously recognised	税項影響	-	(644)
Underprovision in prior years Tax effect of unrecognised temporary	於過往年度撥備不足 未確認暫時差額的税項影響	460	880
differences		(1,376)	256
Income tax expense	所得税支出	2,498	4,059
Income tax expense attributable to continuingoperations	持續經營業務應佔所得税支出	2,498	4,059

The weighted average applicable tax rate is 20.2% (2023: 15.2%). The increase is caused by the effect of change in the profitability of the Group's subsidiaries in respective jurisdictions.

加 權 平 均 適 用 税 率 為 20.2% (2023 年: 15.2%)。該增加乃由於本集團在各司法管轄區 的附屬公司盈利能力出現變動的影響所致。

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13. LOSS FOR THE YEAR FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

13. 持續經營業務年內虧損

The Group's loss for the year from continuing operations is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

經扣除/(計入)下列各項後,本集團持續經營 業務年內虧損列示如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (已重列)
Amortisation of intangible assets (included in	無形資產攤銷(計入銷售成本)		
cost of sales)		4	5
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	15,989	16,202
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	1,027	1,364
Gain on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備收益	(40)	(202)
equipment Auditor's remuneration		(18)	(283)
– Audit service	核數師酬金	880	960
 Audit service Non-audit services 	- 核數服務 - 非核數服務	080	960 18
Cost of inventories sold	- 非核數服務 已售存貨成本	- 85	363,633
Expenses relating to short-term lease	與短期租賃有關的費用	2,474	1,615
Impairment losses/(reversal of impairment losses)	貿易應收款項及其他應收款項	2,474	1,015
on trade and other receivables, net	減值虧損/(減值虧損撥回)淨額	40,513	(1,072)
Research and development expenditure	研發開支	2,105	2,373
Write off of non-refundable deposit	不可退還按金撇銷	6,497	2,575
Write off of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備撤銷	-	40
Staff costs	員工成本	14,206	10,956

Cost of sales includes the following which are included in the respective amounts disclosed separately above:

銷售成本包括以下各項(其已計入上文單獨披露 的相應金額內):

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元 (Re-presented) (已重列)
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	15,221	15,505
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	648	662
Expenses relating to short-term lease	與短期租賃有關的費用	132	134
Staff costs	員工成本	265	249
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		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元 (Re-presented) (已重列)
Continuing operations	持續經營業務		
Salaries, bonuses and allowances	薪金、獎金及津貼	13,309	10,115
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	退休福利計劃的供款	897	841
		14,206	10,956

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

(a) Pensions – defined contribution plans

The Group contributes to defined contribution retirement plans which are available for eligible employees in the PRC and Hong Kong.

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had no forfeited contributions under the PRC Retirement Scheme and MPF Scheme which may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions. There were also no forfeited contributions available as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 under the PRC Retirement Scheme and MPF Scheme which may be used by the Group to reduce the contribution payable in future years.

(a) 退休金-定額供款計劃

14. 僱員福利開支

本集團為中國及香港的合資格僱員向定額 供款退休計劃供款。

於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年 度,本集團於中國退休計劃及強積金計 劃並無任何被沒收的供款可供本集團用於 減少現有供款水平。於2024年及2023年 12月31日,於中國退休計劃及強積金計 劃亦無任何被沒收的供款可供本集團用於 減少未來年度的應付供款。

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14. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five highest paid individuals in the Group during the year included three (2023: two) directors, whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in Note 15(a). The emoluments of the remaining two (2023: three) individuals are set out below:

14. 僱員福利開支(續)

(b) 五位最高酬金人士

本集團年內五位最高酬金人士包括3位 (2023年:2位)董事,其酬金已於附註 15(a)所列分析內反映。餘下2位(2023 年:3位)最高酬金人士的酬金載列如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK \$ ′000 千港元
Basic salaries and allowances Discretionary bonus Retirement benefit scheme contributions	基本薪金及津貼 酌情花紅 退休福利計劃的供款	1,141 806 34	1,579 389 52
		1,981	2,020

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

酬金在以下金額範圍內:

		Number of i 人	
		2024 2024年	2023 2023年
HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	零港元至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	1	2
		2	3

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15. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

(a) Directors' emoluments

The remuneration of every director is set out below:

15. 董事福利及權益

(a) 董事酬金

各名董事酬金載列如下:

Total for 2024	2024年合計	360	3,360	800	44	4,564
Chan Yin Lam	陳彥霖	120	-	-	-	120
Dai Tin Yau	戴天佑	120	-	-	-	120
Fan Qing	范晴	120	-	-	-	120
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Bai Chaoshun (Note)	白朝順(附註)	-	600	-	8	608
Xia Yu	夏煜	-	960	300	18	1,278
Guo Yumin	郭玉民	-	1,800	500	18	2,318
Executive directors	執行董事					
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
		HK\$'000	₩ <u>₩</u> HK\$'000	HUHIDAL HK\$'000	■1 ■119 (八永) HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		袍金	薪金	酌情花紅	僱主就退休福利 計劃的供款	合計
		Fees	Salaries	Discretionary bonus	contribution to a retirement benefit scheme	Total
					Employer's	
		wheth	or receivable in respe er of the Company or)董事(不論為本公司或其	its subsidiary under	aking	



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15. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

15. 董事福利及權益(續)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

(a) 董事酬金(續)

Total for 2023	2023年合計	360	1,725	550	32	2,667
Chan Yin Lam	陳彥霖	120	-	-	-	120
Dai Tin Yau	戴天佑	120	-	-	-	12
an Qing	范晴	120	-	-	-	12
ndependent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Xia Yu	夏煜	-	300	250	15	56
Executive directors Guo Yumin	執行董事 郭玉民	-	1,425	300	17	1,74
		袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	薪金 HK \$ '000 千港元	酌情花紅 HK \$ '000 千港元	僱主就退休福利 計劃的供款 HK \$ '000 千港元	合言 HK \$ '00 千港疗
				Discretionary bonus	Employer's contribution to a retirement benefit scheme	
			Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking 就各名人士作為董事(不論為本公司或其附屬公司出任)的已支付或應收酬金			

Note: Appointed on 1 August 2024 and resigned on 11 March 2025.

(b) Directors' termination benefits

None of the directors of the Company received any termination benefits during the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil).

(c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company did not pay considerations to any third parties for making available directors' services (2023: Nil).

附註:於2024年8月1日獲委任,並於2025年3 月11日辭任。

(b) 董事離職福利

截至2024年12月31日止年度,本公司董 事概無收取任何離職福利(2023年:無)。

(c) 就提供董事服務而向第三方提供 的代價

> 截至2024年12月31日止年度,本公司並 無就提供董事服務向任何第三方支付代價 (2023年:無)。



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

15. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, bodies corporate controlled by and entities connected with such directors

The information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings entered into by the Company or subsidiary undertaking of the Company in favour of directors is as follows:

15. 董事福利及權益(續)

(d) 有關以董事、由有關董事控制的 法團及與其有關連的實體為受益 人的貸款、準貸款及其他交易的 資料(續)

> 有關本公司或本公司附屬公司以董事為受 益人而訂立的貸款、準貸款及其他交易 的資料如下:

Name of director 董事名稱		Total amount 總金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Outstanding amount at the beginning of the year 年初 未償還金額 HK\$*000 千港元	Outstanding amount at the end of the year 年末 未償還金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Maximum outstanding amount during the year 年內最高 未償還金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Amount due but not paid 到期 但未支付金額 HK\$'000 千港元	Provision for doubtful debts made 呆賬撥備 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31 December 2024 Mr. Guo Yumin	於2024年12月31日 郭玉民先生	91	973	91	1,073	-	-
As at 31 December 2023 Mr. Guo Yumin	於2023年12月31日 郭玉民先生	973	238	973	1,627	-	

(e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements and contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 39 to the consolidated financial statements, no other significant transactions, arrangements and contracts to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company and the director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2023: Nil).

(e) 董事於交易、安排及合約的重大 權益

除綜合財務報表附註39披露者外,於年 末或年內任何時間並無存續任何其他本公 司訂立而本公司董事及其關連人士直接或 間接擁有重大權益的重大交易、安排及 合約(2023年:無)。

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16. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 6 December 2024, Century Leader Science and Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. ("CLST"), an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a share transfer agreement to dispose of the entire issued share capital of Jiangsu Sheen Colour Science Technology Co., Ltd. ("JSSC") at a cash consideration of Renminbi ("RMB") 21,980,000 (equivalents to approximately HK\$23,301,000) to an independent third party, which carried out all of the Group's sales of sub-processing cigarette films operations and anticipates that the disposal will be completed in 2025. The detail of the associated assets and liabilities presented as held for sale is disclosed in Note 35.

16. 已終止經營業務

於2024年12月6日,本公司的間接全資附屬公 司領先飛宇科技(深圳)有限責任公司(「CLST」) 訂立股份轉讓協議,以現金代價人民幣(「人民 幣」)21,980,000元(相當於約23,301,000港元) 出售江蘇金格潤科技有限公司(「JSSC」)全部已 發行股本予一名獨立第三方,其進行本集團所 有銷售加工香煙薄膜業務,並預期出售事項將 於2025年完成。有關資產及負債呈列為持作出 售的詳情於附註35披露。

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss for the year from discontinued operations:	已終止經營業務年內虧損:		
Revenue – Contracts with customers Cost of sales	收入-客戶合約 銷售成本	1,388 (2,601)	3,272 (3,772)
Gross loss Other income Other gains and losses, net Distribution costs	毛損 其他收入 其他收益及虧損淨額 分銷成本	(1,213) 313 274 (159)	(500) 492 - (222)
Reversal of impairment losses/(impairment losses) on trade and other receivables Administrative expenses Other operating expenses	貿易應收款項及其他應收款項 減值虧損撥回/(減值虧損) 行政開支 其他經營開支	45 (2,955) (36)	(66) (2,621) (4)
Loss before tax Income tax expense	税前虧損 所得税支出	(3,731) -	(2,921) –
Loss for the year from discontinued operations	已終止經營業務年內虧損	(3,731)	(2,921)
Cash flows from discontinued operations:	來自已終止經營業務的現金流量:		
Net cash outflows from operating activities Net cash inflows from investing activities	經營活動所用現金流出淨額 投資活動所得現金流入淨額	(1,902) 515	(1,603) 224
Net cash outflows	現金流出淨額	(1,387)	(1,379)

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

17. DIVIDEND

No dividend was proposed by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: Nil), nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

A final dividend of HK1.0 cent per ordinary share, totalling approximately HK\$24,341,000, in respect of the year ended 31 December 2022 was approved at the Annual General Meeting held on 31 May 2023. The final dividend was distributed out of the Company's share premium and paid in cash during the year ended 31 December 2023.

18. LOSS PER SHARE

From continuing and discontinued operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share is based on the following:

17. 股息

於截至2024年12月31日止年度,本公司概無擬 派股息(2023年:無),或自報告期末起概無任 何擬派股息。

本公司於2023年5月31日舉行的股東週年大會 上批准截至2022年12月31日止年度末期股息每 股普通股1.0港仙, 合共約24,341,000港元。截 至2023年12月31日止年度, 末期股息已從本公 司股份溢價中以現金派付。

18. 每股虧損

來自持續及已終止經營業務

每股基本及攤薄虧損乃按下列各項計算:

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loss	虧損		
Loss for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted loss per share	用以計算每股基本及攤薄虧損的 虧損	(33,712)	(13,389)
		2024 2024年 ′000 千股	2023 2023年 ′000 千股
Number of shares	股份數目		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted loss per share	用以計算每股基本及攤薄虧損的 普通股加權平均數	2,434,136	2,434,136

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18. LOSS PER SHARE (CONTINUED)

From continuing operations

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share from continuing operations is based on the following:

18. 每股虧損(續)

來自持續經營業務

來自持續經營業務的每股基本及攤薄虧損乃按 下列各項計算:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Loss	虧損		
Loss for the purpose of calculating basic and diluted loss per share	用以計算每股基本及攤薄虧損的 虧損	(29,981)	(10,478)

The weighted average numbers of ordinary shares used as denominators in calculating the basic and diluted loss per share are the same.

From discontinued operations

Basic loss per share from the discontinued operations is HK\$0.002 per share (2023: HK\$0.001 per share) and diluted loss per share from the discontinued operations is HK\$0.002 per share (2023: HK\$0.001 per share), based on the loss for the year from discontinued operations attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company of approximately HK\$3,731,000 (2023: HK\$2,921,000) and the denominators used are the same as those detailed above for both basic and diluted loss per share.

The computation of diluted loss per share did not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options as the exercise price of those share options were higher than the average market price for shares for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023. The weighted average numbers of ordinary shares used as denominators in calculating the basic and diluted loss per share are the same.

於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損時用作分母的普通 股加權平均數為相同。

來自已終止經營業務

已終止經營業務的每股基本虧損為每股0.002港 元(2023年:每股0.001港元)及已終止經營業 務的每股攤薄虧損為每股0.002港元(2023年: 每股0.001港元),其乃基於本公司權益股東應 佔已終止經營業務年內虧損約3,731,000港元 (2023年:2,921,000港元)計算,而所用分母 與上文詳述用於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損的分 母相同。

由於本公司未行使購股權的行使價高於截至 2024年及2023年12月31日止年度的股份平均市 價,故每股攤薄虧損的計算並無假設該等購股 權獲行使。於計算每股基本及攤薄虧損時用作 分母的普通股加權平均數為相同。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

19. 物業、廠房及設備 **19. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT** Office Solar power Motor Plant and equipment Buildings and others 太陽能發電站 建築物 廠房及機器 Cost 成本 16,441 At 1 January 2023 於2023年1月1日 330.334 20.750 3.239 5.070 411.632 35.798 Additions 添置 1,565 66 2,352 3,983 出售 Disposals (967) (967) _ _ 撤銷 Write off (490) (1,277) _ (1,767) 匯兑差額 Exchange differences (9.354) (577) (672) (39) (108) (10,750) _ At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 於2023年12月31日及2024年1月1日 322.545 20,173 15.769 2.776 5,070 35.798 402,131 Additions 添置 63 329 392 _ Disposals 啙 (15.579) (204) (15,783) _ _ _ Reclassified as held for sale 重新分類為持作出售 (18,659) (610) (537) _ -(19,806) Exchange differences 匯兑差額 (10.622) (653) (190) (34) (132) (11,631) _ At 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日 311.923 861 1.991 4.730 355.303 35.798 _ Accumulated depreciation and impairment 累計折舊及減值 At 1 January 2023 於2023年1月1日 (3,989) (35,749) (99,492) (5,301) (16,111) (3,113) (163,755) Charge for the year 年內折舊 (15,488) (882) (24) (117) (563) (41) (17,115) Write off 撤銷 370 370 _ _ _ _ Disposal of subsidiaries 出售附屬公司 485 1.242 1.727 _ Exchange differences 2,941 148 662 43 68 3,862 匯兑差額 -(15,473) (2,872) (35,790) At 31 December 2023 and 1 January 2024 於2023年12月31日及2024年1月1日 (112,039) (6,035) (2,702) (174,911) Charge for the year 年內折舊 (15,183) (865) (20) (119) (681) (8) (16,876) Disposals 出售 15,311 261 15,572 _ _ Reclassified as held for sale 重新分類為持作出售 610 537 5,833 6,980 Exchange differences 182 匯兑差額 4.008 206 40 67 4.503 -At 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日 (123.214) (861) (1,910) (2,949) (35,798) (164,732) _ 賬面值 Carrying amount At 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日 188.709 81 1,781 190,571 _ At 31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日 210,506 14,138 296 74 2,198 8 227,220

20. 使用權資產

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

20. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Leasehold Leased lands properties Total 租賃土地 租賃物業 合計 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 At 1 January 2023 於2023年1月1日 22,630 791 23.421 Depreciation 折舊 (933) (593) (1, 526)匯兑差額 Exchange differences (632) (632) At 31 December 2023 於2023年12月31日 21,065 198 21,263 Additions 添置 1,296 1,296 Depreciation 折舊 (988) (198) (1, 186)Reclassified as held for sale 重新分類為持作出售 (6,826) (6,826) Exchange differences 匯兑差額 (700)(700)At 31 December 2024 於2024年12月31日 13,847 13,847

Lease liabilities of approximately HK\$11,858,000 (2023: HK\$12,877,000) are recognised with related right-of-use assets of HK\$10,129,000 (2023: HK\$11,328,000) as at 31 December 2024. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor.

於2024年12月31日,已確認約11,858,000港元(2023年:12,877,000港元)的租賃負債及 10,129,000港元(2023年:11,328,000港元) 的相關使用權資產。除出租人所持有租賃資產 中的擔保權益外,租賃協議不施加任何其他契 約。

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation expenses on right-of-use assets Interest expense on lease liabilities (included in	使用權資產的折舊費用 租賃負債的利息支出(計入融資	1,186	1,526
finance costs) Expenses relating to short-term lease (included	成本) 與短期租賃有關的費用	771	828
in cost of sales and administrative expenses)	(計入銷售成本及行政開支)	2,474	1,615

Details of total cash outflow for leases is set out in Note 36(b).

租賃現金流出總額的詳情載於附註36(b)。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

20. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

For both years, the Group leases various lands and offices for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed terms of 2 years to 50 years (2023: 2 years to 50 years). Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

20. 使用權資產(續)

兩年期間,本集團租賃各種土地及辦公室以進 行經營。租賃合約的固定租期為2至50年(2023 年:2至50年)。租賃條款乃根據個別情況協商 釐定,其中包含各種不同的條款及條件。在釐 定租期及評估不可撤銷的期限時,本集團應用 合約的定義並釐定合約可強制執行的期限。

21. 無形資產

	Software 軟件 HK\$'000 千港元
5.4	
	1,502
進兑差額	(42)
於2023年12月31日及2024年1月1日	1,460
	(51
	(48)
▶ <u>▶</u> ● し <i>⊂</i> 中	(-0)
於2024年12月31日	1,361
累計攤銷及減值虧損	
於2023年1月1日	(1,489
	(5
匯兑差額	42
	(1.452
	(1,452
	(4
	51
進兑差額	48
於2024年12月31日	(1,357
賬面值	
於2024年12月31日	4
於2023年12月31日	8
	累計攤銷及減值虧損 於2023年1月1日 年內攤銷 匯兑差額 於2023年12月31日及2024年1月1日 年內攤銷 重新分類為持作出售 匯兑差額 於2024年12月31日 賬面值

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

The average remaining amortisation period of the software is 0.9 years (2023: 1.9 years).

22. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

21. 無形資產(續)

軟件的平均剩餘攤銷期為0.9年(2023年:1.9年)。

22. 於附屬公司的投資

於2024年及2023年12月31日的附屬公司詳情如下:

Name of company		Principal country of operation/ Country of incorporation/Kind of legal entity 主要營獲國家/註冊成立國家/法律			ctive interest	Principal activities
公司名稱		實體差類	已發行股本詳備	卒東團的 2024 2024年	實際利益 2023 2023年	主要業務
Directly held Sheen Tai Energy Investment Ltd.	直接持有 顺泰能源投資有限公司	Hong Kong/BW/Limited liability company 香港/英麗維爾京群島/有限公司	100 ordinary shares of United States dollar ("US\$") 1 each 100股每股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Sheen Tai International Investment Ltd.	順泰國際投資有限公司	Hong Kong/BWLimited liability company 香港/英屬維爾京群島/有限公司	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each and 1 ordinary share of US\$20,000,000 each 100股每股面值1美元的普通股及1股 每股面值20,000,000美元的 普通股	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Sheen China Group Holdings Inc.	順華集團控股有限公司	Hong Kong/BW/Limited liability company 香港/英屬維爾京群島/有限公司	10 ordinary shares of US\$1 each 10股每股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Sheen Tai Cloud Network Limited ("STCNL")	順泰雲網絡有限公司(「STCNL」)	Hong Kong/BW/Limited liability company 香港/英屬維爾京群島/有限公司	100 ordinary shares of US\$1 each 100股每股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100% (Note 36(c)) (附註36(c))	Investment holding 投資控股
City Cloud Network (China) Sci. & Tech. Limited	城市雲網絡(中國)科技有限公司	Hong Kong/BWLimited liability company 香港/英屬維爾京群島/有限公司	46 ordinary shares of US\$1 46股每股面值1美元的普通股	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

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22. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

22. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Name of company			Principal country of operation/ Country of incorporation/Kind of legal entity	Particular of issued share capital	Group's effec	tive interest	Principal activities
	公司名稱		主要營運國家/註冊成立國家/法律 實體種類	已發行股本詳情	本集團的 2024	實際利益 2023	主要業務
					2024年	2023年	
	Indirectly held CLST	間接持有 CLST	The PRC/The PRC/Wholly foreign- owned entity 中國/中國/外商獨資企業	Registered capital of HK\$23,180,000 註冊資本23,180,000港元	100%	100%	Investment holding and provision of agency service for trading of semi-conductors (2023: Investment holding and trading of semi-conductors)
							投資控股及就半導體 貿易提供代理服務 (2023年:投資控 股及半導體貿易)
	JSSC (Note 1)	JSSC(附註1)	The PRC/The PRC/Sino-foreign joint venture limited liability company 中國/中國/中外合資有限責任公司	Registered capital of RMB35,000,000 註冊資本人民幣35,000,000元	100%	100%	Sales of sub-processing cigarette films 銷售加工香煙薄膜
	Xuzhou New Advantage Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	徐州新優勢房地產開發有限公司 (附註1)	The PRC/The PRC/Wholly foreign- owned entity 中國/中國/外商獨資企業	Registered capital of US\$10,000,000 (2023: US\$30,000,000) 註冊資本10,000,000美元(2023年: 30,000,000美元)	100%	100%	Property development 物業發展
	Hong Kong Sheen Tai Investment Limited	香港順泰投資有限公司	Hong Kong/Hong Kong/Limited liability company 香港/香港/有限公司	25,000,000 ordinary shares 25,000,000股普通股	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
	Sheen Tai (HK) New Energy Investment Limited	順泰(香港)新能源投資有限公司	Hong Kong/Hong Kong/Limited liability company 香港/香港/有限公司	100 ordinary shares 100股普通股	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
	Century Leader Asia Limited	領先亞洲有限公司	Hong Kong/Hong Kong/Limited liability company 香港/香港/有限公司	10,000 ordinary shares 10,000股普通股	100%	100%	Investment holding and provision of agency service for trading of semi-conductors (2023: Investment holding and trading of semi-conductors) 投資控股及就半導體 貿易提供代理服務 (2023年:投資控 股及半導體貿易)

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22. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

22. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

Name of company		Principal country of operation/ Country of incorporation/Kind of legal entity 主要營運國家/註冊成立國家/法律	Particular of issued share capital	Group's effec	tive interest	Principal activities	
		土安宮建邑為/ 竝而风以國為/ 汝侍 實體種類	已發行股本詳情	本集團的 2024 2024年	實際利益 2023 2023年	主要業務	
Sheen China Group Holdings Limited	顺華集團控設有限公司	Hong Kong/Hong Kong/Limited liability company 香港/香港/有限公司	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	100%	Inactive 無業務	
Shenzhen Shuntai New Energy Science Technology Co., Ltd. ("SZNE") (Note 1)	深圳順泰新能源科技有限公司 (「SZNE」)(附註1)	The PRC/The PRC/Wholly foreign- owned entity 中國/中國/外商獨資企業	Registered capital of US\$8,300,000 (2023: US\$49,000,000) 註冊資本8,300,000美元(2023年: 49,000,000美元)	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股	
XZINE (Note 1)	XZNE(附註1)	The PRC/The PRC/Limited liability company 中國/中國/有限公司	Registered capital of RMB39,000,000 註冊資本人民幣39,000,000元	100%	100%	Generation of photovoltaic power 光伏發電	
Hong Kong Taiwo Holding Limited	香港泰和控股有限公司	Hong Kong/Hong Kong/Limited liability company 香港/香港/有限公司	100 ordinary shares 100股普通股	100%	100%	Inactive 無業務	
China City Cloud Network Sci. & Tech. Limited ("CCCN")	中國城市雲網絡科技有限公司 (「CCCN」)	Hong Kong/Hong Kong/Limited liability company 香港/香港/有限公司	100 ordinary shares 100股普通股	100%	100% (Note 36(c)) (附註36(c))	Investment holding 投資控股	
Mega Smooth Limited	Mega Smooth Limited	Hong Kong/Hong Kong/Limited liability company 香港/香港/有限公司	1 ordinary share 1股普通股	100%	-	Inactive 無業務	
Xuzhou Shuntai Agricultural Technology Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	徐州順泰農業科技有限公司 (附註1)	The PRC/The PRC/Limited liability company 中國/中國/有限公司	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000 註冊資本人民幣10,000,000元	100%	100%	Agriculture technology 農業技術	
Shenzhen Qianhai Taizhiyun Network Sci. & Tech. Limited ("SZQH") (Note 1)	深圳前海泰之雲網絡科技有限公司 (「SZQH」)(附註1)	The PRC/The PRC/Wholly foreign- owned entity 中國/中國/外商獨資企業	Registered capital of US\$8,000,000 註冊資本8,000,000美元	100%		Investment holding 投資控股	
Xuzhou New Advantage New Energy Science Technology Co., Ltd. (Note 1)	徐州新優勢新能源科技有限公司 (附註1)	The PRC/The PRC/Limited liability company 中國/中國/有限公司	Registered capital of RMB12,800,000 註冊資本人民幣12,800,000元	100%	100%	Property related services 物業相關服務	

Note 1: The English translation of the names is for reference only. The official names of these entities are in Chinese.

附註:英文本的英譯名稱僅供參考。該等實體的官方 名稱以中文為準。

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22. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2024, the bank and cash balances of the Group's subsidiaries in the PRC denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$154,454,000 (2023: HK\$211,315,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations.

22. 於附屬公司的投資(續)

於2024年12月31日,本集團中國附屬公司 的銀行及現金結餘以人民幣計值,金額為 154,454,000港元(2023年:211,315,000港元)。 將人民幣兑換為外幣須遵守中國外匯管理條例 及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定。

23. INVENTORIES

23. 存貨

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Packaging materials manufacturing and trading	產銷包裝材料		
Raw materials	原材料	_	484
Work-in-process	在製品	_	10
Finished goods	製成品	-	89
		_	583
Property development	物業發展		
Completed properties held for sale	持作出售的已落成物業	3,728	4,109
		3,728	4,692

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24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

24. 貿易應收款項及其他應收款項

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Trade receivables (Note (a)) Allowance for doubtful debts (Note 6(b))	貿易應收款項(附註(a)) 呆賬撥備(附註6(b))	126,160 (587)	167,296 (673)
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	125,573	166,623
– third parties Prepayments	- 第三方 預付款	53,082	11,745
 – third parties Due from a director and the ultimate controlling party (Note (b)) 	 - 第三方 應收董事及最終控制方款項 (附註(b)) 	930	870
– Mr. Guo Yumin	- 郭玉民先生	91	973
Loan and interest receivables (Note (c))	應收貸款及利息(附註(c))	18,358	64,746
		198,034	244,957

Notes:

附註:

(a)

(a) The Group's trading terms with customers are mainly on credit. The credit terms generally range from 30 to 180 days from the invoice date. Each customer has a maximum credit limit. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by the directors.

The ageing analysis of trade receivables, based on the invoice date, and net of allowance, is as follows:

本集團與客戶的貿易條款以信貸方式為主。信 用期限一般介於發票日期起計30日至180日之 間。各客戶均有最大信貸限額。本集團力求保 持對未結清應收款項的嚴格控制。董事對逾期 餘額進行定期審閱。

貿易應收款項(按發票日期及經扣除撥備)的賬 齡分析如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Unbilled (Note (i)) Less than 30 days 31 – 90 days 91 – 180 days Over 365 days	未開票據(附註(i)) 少於30日 31至90日 91至180日 365日以上	123,731 1,842 – – –	126,655 22,235 17,717 6 10
		125,573	166,623

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24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

24. 貿易應收款項及其他應收款項(續)

Notes	s: (Cont	inued)	附註	:(續)
(a)	(Cont	inued)	(a)	(續)
	Note:			附註:
	(i)	As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the amount represents unbilled tariff adjustment receivables of solar power plants registered in the List.		(i)

[1]+++ . (4高)

於2024年及2023年12月31日,該金額 指列入可再生能源發電補助項目清單的 太陽能發電站的未開票據電價調整應收 款項。

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

本	集團	貿	易	應	收	款」	頁	的	賬	面	值	以	以	\overline{r}	貨	幣	計
值	:																

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
US\$	美元	-	38,012
RMB	人民幣	125,573	128,611
		125,573	166,623

(b) 應收董事及最終控制方的款項詳情如下: (b) Details of amount due from a director and the ultimate controlling party are as follows:

Name	姓名	Balance at 31 December 2024 於2024年 12月31日的 結餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Balance at 31 December 2023 於2023年 12月31日的 結餘 HK\$'000 千港元	Maximum amount outstanding during the year 年內最高 未償還金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Mr. Guo Yumin	郭玉民先生	91	973	1,073

The amount due is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

As at 31 December 2024, no allowance is made for estimated irrecoverable amount due from a director and the ultimate controlling party (2023: Nil).

該等款項為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。

於2024年12月31日,概無就應收董事及最終 控制方的估計不可收回金額作出撥備(2023 年:無)。

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24. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Notes: (Continued)

- (c) (i) The loan and interest receivables with aggregate carrying amount of approximately HK\$18,358,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of approximately HK\$1,032,000) (2023: HK\$29,588,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of HK\$764,000)) are unsecured, carry interest at rates ranging from 3% to 6% per annum and repayable within one year.
 - (ii) As at 31 December 2023, the loan and interest receivables with carrying amount of approximately HK\$35,158,000 (net of allowance for doubtful debts of approximately HK\$9,799,000) related to a loan agreement entered into by an indirect whollyowned subsidiary of the Company on 12 June 2023 with Suining Chuyue Zhiye Company Limited (睢寧楚岳置業有限 公司) ("Suining Chuyue"), a company established in the PRC with limited liability, and Mr. Sun Yong, 99% equity interest owner of Suining Chuyue. Pursuant to the loan agreement, the Group agreed to provide to Suining Chuyue a loan amount of RMB40,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$42,404,000)) for a term of approximately nine months and repayable by 20 March 2024, which carries interest at 0.42% per month and is secured by (1) 60% equity interest in Suining Chuyue which is held by Mr. Sun Yong as the share charge in favour of the subsidiary and (2) personal guarantee given by Mr. Sun Yong in favour of the subsidiary.

On 21 March 2024, the Group entered into the supplemental agreement with Suining Chuyue and Mr. Sun Yong, to extend the loan originally due on 20 March 2024 to 30 November 2024, and change the interest rate at 0.42% per month to 1% per month and additionally secured by 70 carpark spaces located in PRC owned by Mr. Sun Yong.

The borrower was unable to repay the full principal and interest of the loan by the original due date of 30 November 2024. Consequently, the management considered the borrower to be in default, and full allowance for doubtful debts of approximately HK\$47,984,000 was made for loan and interest receivables as at 31 December 2024.

24. 貿易應收款項及其他應收款項(續)

附註 :(續)

- (c) (i) 總賬面值約18,358,000港元(扣除呆 賬撥備約1,032,000港元)(2023年: 29,588,000港元(扣除呆賬撥備764,000 港元))的應收貸款及利息為無抵押、 按年利率3%至6%計息以及於一年內償 還。
 - 於 2023 年 12 月 31 日, 賬 面 值 約 (ii) 35.158.000港元(扣除呆賬撥備約 9.799.000港元)的應收貸款及利息與本 公司的一間間接全資附屬公司於2023 年6月12日與睢寧楚岳置業有限公司 (「睢寧楚岳」,一家在中國成立的有限 責任公司)及孫勇先生(睢寧楚岳的99% 股權所有者)訂立的貸款協議有關。 根據貸款協議,本集團同意向睢寧楚 岳提供人民幣40,000,000元(相等於約 42,404,000港元)的貸款,為期約九個 月,於2024年3月20日前償還,按每月 0.42%計息,並以(1)孫勇先生持有的睢 寧楚岳60%股權,作為以附屬公司為受 益人的股份抵押,及(2)孫勇先生以附屬 公司為受益人的個人擔保作為抵押。

於2024年3月21日,本集團與睢寧楚岳 及孫勇先生訂立補充協議,以將原本於 2024年3月20日到期的貸款延長至2024 年11月30日,並將利率由每月0.42%更 改為每月1%,且以孫勇先生所擁有位 於中國的70個停車位作額外抵押。

借款人無法於原定還款日期前償還於 2024年11月30日到期的貸款全數本金 額及利息。因此,管理層認為借款人違約,且於2024年12月31日就應收貸款 及利息作出全數呆賬撥備約47,984,000 港元。

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25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

25. 以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融資產

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Convertible loan (Note)	可轉換貸款(附註)	44,970	32,749
Analysed as: Non-current assets	分析: 非流動資產	44,970	32,749

Note:

On 4 August 2023, SZNE, an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a financing loan agreement with Shenzhen Global Greenland New Material Co., Ltd. (深圳市環球線地新材料有限公司) ("Global Greenland"), an unlisted company established in the PRC with limited liability. Pursuant to the agreement, SZNE agreed to advance a loan ("convertible loan") of RMB50,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$53,005,000) to Global Greenland. The convertible loan carries interest rate at 4.75% per annum with maturity in 48 months after the date of drawdown (the "Maturity Date").

The convertible loan entitles Global Greenland, the borrower, to repay the principal amount at the Maturity Date with interest. The convertible loan also entitles SZNE, the lender, at its option to convert the principal amount by proportion to percentage of the principal over the total amounts of paidup share capital at the Maturity Date. The loan was drawdown on 4 August 2023. The Group regularly monitors the business and financial performance of Global Greenland and expects to continue receiving interest from the convertible loan. The convertible loan was classified as financial asset at FVTPL upon the initial recognition.

附註:

於2023年8月4日,本公司的間接全資附屬公司SZNE 與深圳市環球綠地新材料有限公司(「環球綠地」, 於中國成立的非上市有限責任公司)訂立融資貸款 協議。根據該協議,SZNE向環球綠地提供人民幣 50,000,000元(相當於約53,005,000港元)的貸款(「可 轉換貸款」)。可轉換貸款按年利率為4.75%計息,自 提取日期起計48個月內到期(「到期日」)。

借款人環球綠地應有權就可轉換貸款於到期日償還本 金金額連同利息。可轉換貸款亦賦予貸款人SZNE權利 可於到期日根據本金金額佔實繳股本總額百分比按比 例轉換本金金額。該貸款已於2023年8月4日提取。 本集團定期監察環球綠地的業務及財務表現,並預期 繼續就可轉換貸款收取利息。可轉換貸款於初步確認 時分類為以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金 融資產。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

25. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL (CONTINUED)

Notes: (Continued)

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the fair value of the convertible loan has been assessed with reference to a valuation carried out by an independent professional valuer.

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, a gain (2023: loss) from change in fair value of the convertible loan of approximately HK\$13,584,000 (2023: HK\$22,244,000) was included in "other gains and losses, net".

26. BANK AND CASH BALANCES

As at 31 December 2024, the bank and cash balances of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to HK\$146,692,000 (2023: HK\$211,359,000). Conversion of RMB into foreign currencies is subject to the PRC's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations.

25. 以公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損 益的金融資產(續)

附註:(續)

於2024年及2023年12月31日,可轉換貸款的公允價 值經參考獨立專業估值師進行的估值予以評估。

截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度,可轉換貸款 的公允價值變動收益(2023年:虧損)約13,584,000港 元(2023年:22,244,000港元)已計入「其他收益及虧 損淨額|。

26. 銀行及現金結餘

於2024年12月31日,本集團的銀行及現金結餘 以人民幣計值, 金額為146.692.000港元(2023 年:211.359.000港元)。將人民幣兑換為外幣 須遵守中國外匯管理條例及結匯、售匯及付匯 管理規定。

27. 股本 2024 2024年 Number of shares Amount 股份數目 金額 HK\$'000 **'000** 千股 千港元 Authorised: 法定: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.0025 每股面值0.0025港元 的普通股 8,000,000 20,000 8.000.000 20,000 each Issued and fully paid: 已發行及繳足: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.0025 每股面值0.0025港元 each 的普通股 At 1 January and 31 December 於1月1日及12月31日 2,434,136 6,085 2,434,136 6,085

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maximise the return to the shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

本集團管理資本的目的旨在保障本集團能持續 經營及透過優化負債及權益的平衡最大化股東 回報。

27. SHARE CAPITAL

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27. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

The Group sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the payment of dividends, issue new shares, buy-back shares, raise new debts, redeem existing debts or sell assets to reduce debts.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by adjusted capital. Total debt comprises borrowings. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity (i.e. share capital, retained profits and other reserves).

The Group was in a net cash position as of 31 December 2024 and 2023 and hence no gearing ratio was presented.

The Group regards total equity as capital, for management purpose. The amount of capital as at 31 December 2024 amounted to approximately HK\$665,018,000 (2023: HK\$718,576,000), in which the Group considers as optimal having considered the projected capital expenditures and the projected investment opportunities.

The externally imposed capital requirement for the Group is in order to maintain its listing on the Stock Exchange it has to have a public float of at least 25% of the shares.

The Group receives a report from the share registrars monthly on substantial share interests showing the non-public float and it demonstrates continuing compliance with the 25% limit throughout the year.

27. 股本(續)

本集團按風險比例釐定資本金額。本集團管理 資本結構,並根據經濟狀況變化及有關資產的 風險特徵作出調整。為維持或調整資本結構, 本集團可能調整支付的股息、發行新股份、股 份回購、募集新債務、贖回現有的債務或出售 資產以減少債務。

本集團基於資產負債比率監察資本。該比率以 債務淨額除以經調整後資本計算。債務總額包 括借貸。經調整後資本包括權益的全部組成部 分(即股本、保留溢利及其他儲備)。

於2024年及2023年12月31日,本集團處於淨 現金狀況,因此並無呈列資產負債比率。

就管理目的而言,本集團將權益總額視 為資本。於2024年12月31日,資本額約 665,018,000港元(2023年:718,576,000港 元),而本集團於考慮到預測資本開支及預測投 資機會後認為有關水平實屬理想。

本集團受限於以下外來資本規定:為了維持於 聯交所的上市地位,其至少25%的股份須由公 眾持有。

本集團每月接獲股份過戶登記處發出列示非公 眾持股量的重大股份權益的報告,該報告顯示 本集團於整個年度內一直符合最低25%的公眾 持股量規定。



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28. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

28. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

(a) 本公司財務狀況表

(a) Statement of financial position of the Company

As at 31 December 於12月31日 2024 2024年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 Non-current assets 非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資 445,040 449,650 Investments in subsidiaries 22 Current assets 流動資產 Other receivables 其他應收款項 827 6,538 Due from a director 應收董事款項 849 應收附屬公司款項 Due from subsidiaries 222,691 231,011 Bank and cash balances 銀行及現金結餘 7,625 12,328 **Total current assets** 流動資產總額 231,143 250,726 **Current liabilities** 流動負債 33 Other payables 其他應付款項 2.071 Due to subsidiaries 應付附屬公司款項 22,590 30,239 **Total current liabilities** 流動負債總額 22,623 32,310 Net current assets 流動資產淨額 208,520 218,416 NET ASSETS 淨資產 653,560 668,066 **CAPITAL AND RESERVES** 資本及儲備 Share capital 股本 27 6,085 6,085 Reserves 661,981 儲備 28(b) 647,475 Equity 權益 653,560 668.066

Approved by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2025 and is signed on its behalf by:

由董事會於2025年3月31日批准並由下列 人士代表董事會簽署:

Guo Yumin	Xia Yu
郭玉民	夏煜



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

28. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND **RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY** (CONTINUED)

(b) Res 6 41. .

28. 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

Reserve move	ement of the Comp	any		(b) 本公	司儲備變	動	
		Share premium	Capital redemption reserve	Capital reserve	Share-based payments reserve 以股份為 基礎的	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價 HK \$ ′000 千港元	資本贖回儲備 HK \$ ′000 千港元	資本儲備 HK\$′000 千港元	支付儲備 HK\$′000 千港元	累計虧損 HK \$ ′000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2023 Loss for the year Dividend paid (Note 17)	於2023年1月1日 年內虧損 已付股息(附註17)	601,585 - (24,341)	53 - -	81,955 _ _	13,866 - -	(5,054) (6,083) –	692,405 (6,083) (24,341)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	577,244	53	81,955	13,866	(11,137)	661,981
At 1 January 2024 Loss for the year	於2024年1月1日 年內虧損	577,244	53	81,955 -	13,866 -	(11,137) (14,506)	661,981 (14,506)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	577,244	53	81,955	13,866	(25,643)	647,475

29. RESERVES

(a) Group

The amounts of the Group's reserves and movements therein are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity.

29. 儲備

(a) 本集團

本集團的儲備金額及其變動於綜合損益與 其他全面收益表以及綜合權益變動表呈 列。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

29. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(b) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares of the Company and proceeds received from the issuance of the shares of the Company.

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company would be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Capital redemption reserve

Capital redemption reserve arises from the reduction of the nominal value of the issued capital of the Company upon the cancellation of the repurchased shares.

(iii) Capital reserve

The capital reserve mainly represents the contribution from the ultimate controlling party and the difference between the nominal value of shares of the subsidiaries acquired over the nominal value of shares issued by the Company in exchange under the reorganisation of the Group on 21 June 2012.

(iv) Statutory reserve

Pursuant to the applicable PRC regulations, all PRC subsidiaries of the Group are required to appropriate 10% of their after-tax profit (after offsetting prior year/period losses) to the statutory reserve until such reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital of each relevant PRC subsidiary. The transfer to the statutory reserve must be made before distribution of dividends to equity shareholders. The statutory reserve fund can be utilised, upon approval by the relevant authorities, to offset accumulated losses or to increase registered capital of the subsidiary.

29. 儲備(續)

(b) 儲備的性質和用途

(i) 股份溢價

股份溢價指本公司的股份面值與發 行本公司股份所收取所得款項之間 的差額。

根據開曼群島公司法,本公司的股 份溢價賬中的資金可供分派予本公 司股東,惟緊隨建議分派股息日期 後,本公司須能夠償付一般業務過 程中到期應付的債務。

(ii) 資本贖回儲備

資本贖回儲備產生自註銷回購股份 後本公司已發行資本面值的減少。

(iii) 資本儲備

資本儲備主要指最終控制方注資及 所收購附屬公司股份的面值與本公 司於2012年6月21日在本集團重組 下用作交換而發行股份的面值的差 額。

(iv) 法定儲備

根據適用的中國法規,本集團的所 有中國附屬公司須將彼等的税後溢 利(經抵銷上一個年度/期間的虧 損)的10%轉撥至法定儲備,直至 該等儲備達至各相關中國附屬公司 註冊資本的50%。必須於分派股息 予權益股東前轉撥至法定儲備。法 定儲備金可於獲得有關當局的批准 後動用,以抵銷附屬公司的累計虧 損或增加其註冊資本。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

29. RESERVES (CONTINUED)

(b) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(v) Share-based payments reserve

The share-based payment reserve represents the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for equity-settled share-based payments in Note 4(s) to the consolidated financial statements.

(vi) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 4(c) to the consolidated financial statements.

30. DEFERRED TAX

The following are the deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group:

Deferred tax liabilities

- 29. 儲備(續)
 - (b) 儲備的性質和用途(續)
 - (v) 以股份為基礎的支付儲備

以股份為基礎的支付儲備指根據綜 合財務報表附註4(s)中以權益結算 以股份為基礎的支付的會計政策授 予本集團僱員的未行使購股權的實 際或估計數目的公允價值。

(vi) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括換算海外業務的財務 報表所產生的所有匯兑差額。該儲 備根據綜合財務報表附註4(c)載列 的會計政策處理。

30. 遞延税項

遞延税項負債

以下為本集團確認的遞延税項負債及資產:

Deferred tax arising from: 遞延税項產生自:		Undistributed profits of subsidiaries 附屬公司的 未分配溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	Fair value adjustment of assets 資產的公允 價值調整 HK\$'000 千港元	Right-of-use assets 使用權資產 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	8,294	69	1,117	9,480
Credit to profit or loss	計入損益	_	(6)	(47)	(53)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	_	-	(31)	(31)
At 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日	8,294	63	1,039	9,396
Credit to profit or loss	計入損益	_	(2)	(47)	(49)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	_	-	(33)	(33)
At 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日	8,294	61	959	9,314



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30. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

30. 遞延税項(續)

(2)

Deferred tax ass

Exchange differences

At 31 December 2023

Charge to profit or loss

Exchange differences

At 31 December 2024

Deferred tax assets		遞延稅項資產			
			Provision for trade and other	Lease	
Deferred tax arising from:		Unrealised profit	receivables 貿易應 收款項及其他	liabilities	Total
遞延税項產生自:		未分配溢利 HK\$'000 千港元	應收款項撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	租賃負債 HK \$ ′000 千港元	合計 HK\$′000 千港元
At 1 January 2023 Charge to profit or loss	於2023年1月1日 扣除自損益	2 (2)	115 (113)	1,117 (47)	1,234 (162)

_

The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances (after offset) for consolidated statement of financial position purposes:

匯兑差額

扣除自損益

匯兑差額

於2023年12月31日

於2024年12月31日

下列乃就綜合財務狀況表用途的遞延税項結餘 (經抵銷)分析:

(31)

1,039

(47)

(33)

959

(33)

1,039

(47)

(33)

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	_	-
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(8,355)	(8,357)
		(8,355)	(8,357)



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30. DEFERRED TAX (CONTINUED)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately HK19,705,000 (2023: HK\$31,613,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of approximately HK\$4,808,000 (2023: HK\$19,688,000) that will expire on various dates up to 2029 (2023: 2028). Other tax losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

31. DEFERRED GOVERNMENT GRANTS

The deferred government grants represented the subsidies granted by the PRC government to the Group in respect of acquisition of certain property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets.

30. 遞延税項(續)

於報告期末,本集團擁有未動用税項虧損約 19,705,000港元(2023年:31,613,000港元)可 用於抵銷未來溢利。由於未來溢利來源的不可 預測性,並無確認遞延税項資產。計入未確 認税項虧損的虧損約4,808,000港元(2023年: 19,688,000港元)將於2029年(2023年:2028年) 之前的不同日期到期。其他税項虧損可無限期 結轉。

31. 遞延政府補助

遞延政府補助代表中國政府就購置若干物業、 廠房及設備以及使用權資產給予本集團的補貼。

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January Credit to profit or loss for the year Reclassified as held for sale Exchange differences	於1月1日 年內計入損益 重新分類為持作出售 匯兑差額	5,055 (254) (4,640) (161)	5,466 (259) – (152)
At 31 December	於12月31日	-	5,055
Analysed as: Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	分析: 流動負債 非流動負債	-	257 4,798
		-	5,055

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32. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

32. 貿易應付款項及其他應付款項

		2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade payables Other payables and accruals Amount due to a related company (Note)	貿易應付款項 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付關聯公司款項(附註)	1,449 6,408 315	2,955 9,599 –
		8,172	12,554

Note: The amount due is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

附註:該等款項為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。

貿易應付款項(按發票日期)的賬齡分析如下:

The ageing analysis of trade payables, based on invoice date, is as follows:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Due within 1 month or on demand Due more than 6 months	1個月內到期或應要求 6個月後到期	23 1,426	1,402 1,553
		1,449	2,955

 The carrying amounts of the Group's trade payables are
 本集團貿易應付款項的賬面值以以下貨幣計值:

 denominated in the following currencies:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
LIC¢	*		1 170
US\$ RMB	美元 人民幣	- 1,449	1,170 1,785
		1,113	1,705
		1,449	2,955

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

33. LEASE LIABILITIES

33. 租賃負債

				Present value	
		Minimum leas			yments +盐的理 <i>体</i>
		最低租賃 2024	[1] 秋 2023	最低租賃作 2024	
		2024 2024年	2023 2023年	2024 2024年	2023 2023年
		2024+ HK\$′000	2023年 HK\$'000	2024 <i>+</i> HK\$'000	2023年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	□K3 000 千港元
		I AB 70		I AS 70	17876
Within one year	一年內	1,157	1,395	422	615
More than one year, but not	一年以上但不超過				
exceeding two years	兩年	1,165	1,260	449	436
More than two years, but not more	兩年以上但不超過		2.650	4 5 4 6	4 400
than five years	五年	3,546	3,650	1,540	1,499
More than five years	超過五年	13,810	15,502	9,447	10,327
		19,678	21,807	11,858	12,877
Less: Future finance charges	減:未來融資費用	(7,820)	(8,930)	N/A	N/A
Present value of lease obligations	租賃承擔的現值	11,858	12,877	11,858	12,877
Less: Amount due for settlement	減:12個月內到期				
within 12 months (shown	應付金額				
under current liabilities)	(於流動負債				
	下顯示)			(422)	(615)
Amount due for settlement after	12個月後到期應付				
12 months	金額			11,436	12,262
				,	,

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities range from 2.55% to 11.18% (2023: from 2.55% to 11.18%).

適用於租賃負債的加權平均增量借貸利率介乎 2.55%至11.18%(2023年:2.55%至11.18%)。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

33. LEASE LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

33. 租賃負債(續)

The carrying amounts of the Group's lease liabilities are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團租賃負債的賬面值以下列貨幣計值:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
HK\$ RMB	港元 人民幣	- 11,858	206 12,671
		11,858	12,877

34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution of the then sole shareholder passed on 22 June 2012, a pre-IPO share option scheme (the "share option scheme") was approved and adopted to provide grantees with the opportunity to acquire equity interest in the Company.

The purpose of the share option scheme is to attract and retain the best available personnel, to provide additional incentive to employees (full-time), directors and advisers of the Group and to promote the success of the business of the Group.

Each option gives the holder the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Company and is settled gross in shares.

34. 以股份為基礎的支付

根據當時唯一股東於2012年6月22日通過的普 通決議案,首次公開發售前購股權計劃(「購股 權計劃」)獲批准及採納,為承授人提供機會獲 得本公司的股本權益。

購股權計劃旨在吸納及挽留優才,向本集團僱 員(全職)、董事及顧問提供額外獎勵以及促進 本集團業務的成功。

每份購股權賦予持有人權利認購本公司一股普 通股,並以股份全數結算。



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34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) The terms and conditions of the grants at the date of the grants are as follows:

34. 以股份為基礎的支付(續)

(a) 於授出日期所授購股權的條款及條件載列 如下:

	Options granted to 授予以下人士的購股權				
Date granted 授出日期	Vesting date 歸屬日期	Expiry date 到期日	Directors 董事	Employees 僱員	Total 合計
29 January 2015 2015年1月29日	29 January 2016 2016年1月29日	28 January 2025 2025年1月28日	420,000	2,500,000	2,920,000
29 January 2015 2015年1月29日	29 January 2017 2017年1月29日	28 January 2025 2025年1月28日	420,000	2,500,000	2,920,000
29 January 2015 2015年1月29日	29 January 2018 2018年1月29日	28 January 2025 2025年1月28日	420,000	2,500,000	2,920,000
29 January 2015 2015年1月29日	29 January 2019 2019年1月29日	28 January 2025 2025年1月28日	420,000	2,500,000	2,920,000
29 January 2015 2015年1月29日	29 January 2020 2020年1月29日	28 January 2025 2025年1月28日	420,000	2,500,000	2,920,000
			2,100,000	12,500,000	14,600,000

34. 以股份為基礎的支付(續)

(b)

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34. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

Share options granted on 29 January 2015 於2015年1月29日授出購股權 Weighted average No. of exercise price options 加權平均行使價 購股權數目 (Note (ii)) (Note (ii)) (附註(ii))

Outstanding at 1 January 2024 and	於2024年1月1日及2024年		
31 December 2024	12月31日尚未行使	HK\$0.8250	49,550
Exercisable at 31 December 2024	於2024年12月31日可行使	HK\$0.8250	49,550
Outstanding at 1 January 2023 and	於2023年1月1日及2023年		
31 December 2023	12月31日尚未行使	HK\$0.8250	49,550
Exercisable at 31 December 2023	於2023年12月31日可行使	HK\$0.8250	49,550
Notes:		附註:	
(i) The share options granted on 29 Januar	y 2015 outstanding	(i) 於2015年1月29日批授	而於2024年12月

- aing at 31 December 2024 had weighted average remaining contractual life of 0.08 year (2023: 1.08 years).
- Following the share subdivision which took effect on 24 (ii) September 2015, each grantee shall receive 4 ordinary shares for each outstanding share option granted under the share option scheme. The numbers of options and weighted average exercise price presented above have taken into account the effect of the share subdivision.

31日尚未行使的購股權,餘下加權平均 合約期限為0.08年(2023年:1.08年)。

在股份拆細於2015年9月24日起生效 (ii) 後,各承授人可就根據購股權計劃授出 的每項未行使購股權獲得4股普通股。 上述購股權數目及加權平均行使價已計 及股份拆細的影響。

購股權數目及加權平均行使價如下:



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35. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

35. 分類為持作出售的資產

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Assets classified as held for sales – Sales of sub-processing cigarette films operations (Note)	分類為持作出售的資產 – 銷售加工香煙薄膜業務(附註)	27,596	-
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale – Sales of sub-processing cigarette films operations (Note)	直接與分類為持作出售的資產 相關的負債 - 銷售加工香煙薄膜業務(附註)	7,727	_

Note:

附註:

As described in Note 16, the Group entered into a share transfer agreement to dispose of its entire issued share capital of JSSC, a company engaged in the sales of sub-processing cigarette films. The disposal is anticipated to complete in 2025. Consequently, the associated assets and liabilities of JSSC were presented as held for sale in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2024. Deposits of RMB1,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,060,000) and RMB7,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$8,269,000) were received by the Group in December 2024 and January 2025 respectively. 誠如附註16所載,本集團訂立股份轉讓協議,出售 其於JSSC (一間從事銷售加工香煙薄膜的公司)全部已 發行股本。預期出售事項將於2025年完成。因此, JSSC之有關資產及負債已於2024年12月31日之綜合 財務報表中呈列為持作出售。本集團分別於2024年 12月及2025年1月收取按金人民幣1,000,000元(相當 於約1,060,000港元)及人民幣7,800,000元(相當於約 8,269,000港元)。

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35. ASSETS CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

Note: (Continued)

The directors of the Company considered the fair value less costs to sell of the disposal group was higher than the aggregate carrying amount. Therefore, no impairment loss was recognised neither on the reclassification of the disposal group as held for sale nor as at 31 December 2024. The major classes of assets and liabilities of JSSC at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

35. 分類為持作出售的資產(續)

附註:(續)

本公司董事認為,出售組別之公允價值減出售成本高 於賬面總值。因此,於出售組別重新分類為持作出售 時或於2024年12月31日,概無確認減值虧損。JSSC 於報告期末的資產及負債主要類別如下:

		HK\$′000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	12,826
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	6,826
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收款項及其他應收款項	139
Bank and cash balances	銀行及現金結餘	7,805
Assets of the disposal group classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售的出售組別資產	27,596
Trade and other payables	貿易應付款項及其他應付款項	3,087
Deferred government grants	遞延政府補助	4,640
Liabilities of the disposal group associated with assets classified	與分類為持作出售資產相關的出售組別負債	
as held for sale		7,727
Net assets of the disposal group classified as held for sale	分類為持作出售的出售組別資產淨值	19,869



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and noncash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

36. 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) 融資活動所產生的負債對賬

下表詳述本集團融資活動所產生的負債變 動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動 所產生的負債指本集團綜合現金流量表中 現金流量過往分類為或未來現金流將分類 為融資活動所產生的現金流的負債。

		At			At
		1 January	Financing	Exchange	31 December
		2024	cash flows	differences	2024
		於 2024 年			於 2024 年
		1月1日	融資現金流量	匯兑差額	12月31日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Lease liabilities (Note 33)	租賃負債(附註33)	12,877	(609)	(410)	11,858

		At I January 2023 於2023年	Financing cash flows	Exchange differences	At 31 December 2023 於2023年
		1 月1日	融資現金流量	匯兑差額	12月31日
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
Lease liabilities (Note 33)	租賃負債(附註33)	14,247	(993)	(377)	12,877

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(b) Total cash outflow for leases

36. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) 租賃現金流出總額

Amounts included in the consolidated statement of cash flows for leases comprise the following:

計入綜合現金派	充量表中的租賃包括以下金
額:	

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Within operating cash flows Within financing cash flows	在經營現金流量中 在融資現金流量中	3,245 609	2,443 993
		3,854	3,436

These amounts relate to the following:

該等金額與以下項目有關:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Lease rental paid	已付租金	3,854	3,436



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

36. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(c) Acquisition of non-controlling interest of a subsidiary

During the year ended 31 December 2023, the Group acquired 40% shareholdings of STCNL from non-controlling interests of STCNL at a consideration of US\$40 (equivalent to HK\$310). STCNL and CCCN and SZQH, subsidiaries of STCNL, became wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company since then. The effect of the acquisition on the equity attributable to the owners of the Company is as follows:

36. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(c) 收購一間附屬公司的非控股權益

截至2023年12月31日止年度,本集團 以40美元(相當於310港元)代價向STCNL 非控股權益收購其40%股權。STCNL及 CCCN及SZQH(STCNL的附屬公司)自此已 成為本公司的全資附屬公司。該收購事 項對本公司擁有人應佔權益的影響如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Share of net liabilities in the subsidiaries acquired Share of exchange reserve Consideration	應佔所收購附屬公司的負債淨額 應佔匯兑儲備 代價	(275) (4) –
Loss on acquisition recognised directly in equity	直接於權益中確認的收購虧損	(279)

37. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not have any significant contingent liabilities (2023: Nil).

37. 或然負債

於2024年12月31日,本集團並無任何重大或然 負債(2023年:無)。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

38. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

The Group as lessee

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for offices. As at 31 December 2024, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed in Note 20.

As at 31 December 2024, the outstanding lease commitments relating to these offices are approximately HK\$208,000 (2023: HK\$99,000).

The Group as lessor

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, operating leases relate to properties owned by the Group with lease terms of 1 year. The lessee does not have an option to purchase the property at the expiry of the lease period.

The following table presents the amounts reported in profit or loss:

38. 經營租賃安排

本集團作為承租人

本集團定期訂立辦公室短期租賃。於2024年12 月31日,短期租賃組合與附註20中披露的短期 租賃支出的短期租賃組合相似。

於2024年12月31日,該等辦公室相關的未償 還租賃承擔約208,000港元(2023年:99,000港 元)。

本集團作為出租人

於2024年及2023年12月31日,本集團所擁有 物業相關的經營租賃的租期為1年。承租人無權 在租期屆滿時購買物業。

下表呈列在損益中報告的金額:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Lease income on operating leases	經營租賃的租金收入	245	190



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

For the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, transactions with the following parties are considered to be related party transactions:

Mr. Guo Yumin Director and the ultimate controlling party of the Company 郭玉民先生 本公司董事及最終控制方 Xuzhou Ruilong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. (Note) Owned by Mr. Guo Yumin 徐州瑞龍房地產開發有限公司(附註) Cheng Jun Group Limited Owned by Mr. Guo Yumin 誠俊集團有限公司 Union Winful Limited Owned by Mr. Guo Yumin 聯合永豐有限公司 Sheen Dragon Properties Limited 瑞龍置業有限公司 Hong Kong Rising Star Group Holdings Limited Owned by Mr. Guo Yumin 香港星辰集團控股有限公司

Hong Kong Sheen Dragon Investment Company Limited 香港瑞龍投資有限公司

Note: The English translation of the names is for reference only. The official names of these entities are in Chinese.

39. 重大關聯方交易

於截至2024年及2023年12月31日止年度內, 與下列各方進行的交易被視為關聯方交易:

由郭玉民先生擁有

由郭玉民先生擁有

由郭玉民先生擁有

Owned by Mr. Guo Yumin 由郭玉民先生擁有

由郭玉民先生擁有

Owned by Mr. Guo Yumin 由郭玉民先生擁有

附註:英文本的英譯名稱僅供參考。該等實體的官方 名稱以中文為準。

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

39. 重大關聯方交易(續)

(a) 主要管理人員薪酬

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in Note 15 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in Note 14(b), is as follows:

本集團主要管理人員薪酬(包括於附註15 所披露支付予本公司董事及於附註14(b) 所披露支付予若干最高薪酬僱員的款項) 載列如下:

		2024 2024年 HK\$′000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	短期僱員福利 離職後福利	7,165 121	4,462 118
		7,286	4,580

Total remuneration is disclosed in "staff costs" in Note 14.

薪酬總額於附註14「員工成本」中披露。



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Other related party transactions

In addition to those related party transactions disclosed in Note 39(a) to the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with its related parties during the year:

39. 重大關聯方交易(續)

(b) 其他關聯方交易

除綜合財務報表附註39(a)所披露該等關 聯方交易外,本集團於年內與其關聯方 訂立以下交易:

			2024 2024年	
		Rental expenses 租金開支 HK\$'000 千港元	Repayment to related parties 向關聯方還款 HKS'000 千港元	Repayment received from related parties 從關聯方收取的 還款 HK\$'000 千港元
Xuzhou Ruilong Real Estate Development	徐州瑞龍房地產開發			
Co., Ltd.	有限公司	322	-	322
Cheng Jun Group Limited	誠俊集團有限公司	-	(21)	21
Union Winful Limited	聯合永豐有限公司	-	(10)	10
Sheen Dragon Properties Limited	瑞龍置業有限公司	300	(322)	322
Hong Kong Rising Star Group Holdings Limited	香港星辰集團控股			
	有限公司	-	(11)	11
Hong Kong Sheen Dragon Investment Company	香港瑞龍投資			
Limited	有限公司	-	(63)	63
Mr. Guo Yumin	郭玉民先生	1,154	(1,951)	2,833
		1,776	(2,378)	3,582

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

39. 重大關聯方交易(續)

(b) Other related party transactions (Continued)

(b) 其他關聯方交易(續)

			2023 2023年	
				Repayment
			Repayment	received
			to related	from related
		Rental expenses	parties	parties
				從關聯方收取的
		租金開支	向關聯方還款	還款
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
Xuzhou Ruilong Real Estate Development	徐州瑞龍房地產開發	200	(22.2)	
Co., Ltd.	有限公司	328	(328)	328
Cheng Jun Group Limited	誠俊集團有限公司	-	(15)	15
Union Winful Limited	聯合永豐有限公司	-	(51)	51
Sheen Dragon Properties Limited	瑞龍置業有限公司	100	(121)	121
Hong Kong Rising Star Group Holdings Limited	香港星辰集團控股			
	有限公司	-	(11)	11
Hong Kong Sheen Dragon Investment Company Limited	香港瑞龍投資有限公司		(4)	4
	却一口止止	-	()	
Mr. Guo Yumin	郭玉民先生	922	(1,705)	970
		1,350	(2,235)	1,500



For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至2024年12月31日止年度

39. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

39. 重大關聯方交易(續)

(c) Balances with related parties

(c) 與關聯方的結餘

At 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had the following balances with related parties:

於2024年及2023年12月31日	,本集團有
以下關聯方結餘:	

		Note 附註	2024 2024年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 2023年 HK\$′000 千港元
Due from director and ultimate controlling party – Mr Guo Yumin	應收董事及最終控制 方款項 - 郭玉民先生 確付關聯公司款項	(i)	91	973
Due to a related company – Xuzhou Ruilong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	應付關聯公司款項 - 徐州瑞龍房地產 開發有限公司	(ii)	(315)	

 The amounts due from/(to) a related company and a director are interest-free and expected to be recovered within one year.

40. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 31 March 2025.

(i) 應收/應付關聯公司及董事款項屬免息,且預期將於一年內收回。

40. 批准財務報表

財務報表於2025年3月31日經董事會批准並授 權刊發。

Summary Financial Information 財務資料概要

The following is a summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years:

下文為過往五個財政年度本集團已刊發業績以及資產 及負債的概要:

				nded 31 Decembe 图12月31日止年度	er	
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		2024年	2023年	2022年	2021年	2020年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
			(Re-presented)	(Restated)	(Restated)	(Restated)
			(已重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)	(經重列)
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收入					
Continuing operations	持續經營業務	50,875	420,436	311,973	57,998	74,398
Discontinued operations	已終止經營業務	1,388	3,272	3,728	8,115	275,232
		52,263	423,708	315,701	66,113	349,630
(Loss)/profit before tax	税前(虧損)/溢利	(27,483)	(6,419)	14,421	(2,999)	18,615
Income tax expense	所得税支出	(2,498)	(4,059)	(4,785)	(219)	(5,505)
(Loss)/profit for the year from continuing	持續經營業務年內					
operations	(虧損)/溢利	(29,981)	(10,478)	9,636	(3,218)	13,110
(Loss)/profit for the year from discontinued operations	已終止經營業務年 內(虧損)/溢利	(3,731)	(2,921)	(2,332)	(3,686)	3,432
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(33,712)	(13,399)	7,304	(6,904)	16,542
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:					
Equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東	(33,712)	(13,389)	7,313	(6,794)	15,053
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	-	(13,505)	(9)	(110)	1,489
(Loss)/profit for the year	年內(虧損)/溢利	(33,712)	(13,399)	7,304	(6,904)	16,542



Summary Financial Information 財務資料概要

		As at 31 December 於12月31日				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		2024 年	2023年	2022年	2021年	2020年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	資產及負債					
Non-current assets	非流動資產	249,392	282,633	303,017	341,788	343,688
Current assets	流動資產	463,083	487,060	525,235	540,055	529,326
Current liabilities	流動負債	(27,666)	(25,700)	(26,835)	(28,518)	(32,721)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(19,791)	(25,417)	(26,810)	(27,996)	(27,451)
Net assets	淨資產	665,018	718,576	774,607	825,329	812,842
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:					
Equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益股東	665,018	718,576	774,874	825,329	812,842
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	-	-	(267)	-	-
Total equity	權益總額	665,018	718,576	774,607	825,329	812,842



順泰控股集團有限公司 Sheen Tai Holdings Group Company Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability 於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 1335

