

SING LEE SOFTWARE (GROUP) LIMITED

新利軟件(集團)股份有限公司*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability 於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 8076)



Annual Report 年報



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本報告乃遵照香港聯合交易所有限公司的GEM證券上市規則之規定而提供有關新利軟件(集團)股份有限公司(「本公司」)之資料。本公司各董事(「董事」)願就本報告所載內容共同及個別承擔全部責任。董事在作出一切合理查詢後,確認就彼等所知及所信:本報告所載資料在各重大方面均屬準確及完整,且無誤導或欺詐成份;本報告並無遺漏任何其他事項,致使本報告或其所載任何陳述產生誤導。

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公司資料



EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Lin Xue Xin (Chairman)
Hung Ying (Vice Chairman)
Zang Jingjing
Li Dong
Cai Jin

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Pao Ping Wing
Chan Tsang Mo
Chen Xinai (appointed on 28 March 2024)

COMPANY SECRETARY

Wong Ka Wai (appointed on 15 April 2024)
Tong Tsz Kwan (resigned on 15 April 2024)
CPA, FCCA, FCG (CS, CGP), HKFCG (CS, CGP)

COMPLIANCE OFFICER

Lin Xue Xin

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Lin Xue Xin

Wong Ka Wai (appointed on 15 April 2024)
Tong Tsz Kwan (resigned on 15 April 2024)
CPA, FCCA, FCG (CS, CGP), HKFCG (CS, CGP)

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Chan Tsang Mo (Chairman)
Pao Ping Wing

Chen Xinai (appointed on 28 March 2024)

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Chan Tsang Mo (Chairman)
Pao Ping Wing
Lin Xue Xin

Chen Xinai (appointed on 28 March 2024)

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Lin Xue Xin (Chairman)
Pao Ping Wing
Chan Tsang Mo

Chen Xinai (appointed on 28 March 2024)

執行董事

林學新(主席) 熊纓(副主席) 臧晶晶 李冬 蔡瑾

獨立非執行董事

浦炳榮 陳增武

陳新愛(於二零二四年三月二十八日獲委任)

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司秘書

王加威(於二零二四年四月十五日獲委任) 唐旨均(於二零二四年四月十五日辭任) CPA, FCCA, FCG (CS, CGP), HKFCG (CS, CGP)

監督主任

林學新

法定代表

林學新

王加威(於二零二四年四月十五日獲委任) 唐旨均(於二零二四年四月十五日辭任) CPA, FCCA, FCG (CS, CGP), HKFCG (CS, CGP)

審核及風險管理委員會

陳增武 (主席) 浦炳榮

陳新愛(於二零二四年三月二十八日獲委任)

薪酬委員會

陳增武*(主席)* 浦炳榮 林學新

陳新愛(於二零二四年三月二十八日獲委任)

提名委員會

林學新 (主席) 浦炳榮

油州宋 陳增武

陳新愛(於二零二四年三月二十八日獲委任)



公司資料

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors 35/F One Pacific Place 88 Queensway Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited Bank of China, Hangzhou Branch Industrial and Commercial Bank of China, Zhejiang Branch

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1610, 16/F, Tower II, Silvercord, 30 Canton Road, Tsim Sha Tsui Hong Kong

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN THE PRC

16th Floor, Building 9, West City Best Space, No. 158, Zixuan Road, Sandun, Xihu District, Hangzhou, China

REGISTERED OFFICE

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton, HM11 Bermuda

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Ocorian Management (Bermuda) Limited Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

核數師

德勤●關黃陳方會計師行註冊公眾利益實體核數師香港 金鐘道88號 太古廣場一座35樓

主要往來銀行

中國工商銀行(亞洲)有限公司 中國銀行(香港)有限公司 中國銀行杭州分行 中國工商銀行浙江省分行

香港總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 尖沙咀 廣東道30號 新港中心第二座16樓1610室

中國總辦事處及主要營業地點

中國杭州市 西湖區三墩 紫宣路158號 西城博司銘座 9幢16層

註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton, HM11 Bermuda

主要股份過戶登記處

Ocorian Management (Bermuda) Limited Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 10, Bermuda

CORPORATE INFORMATION

公司資料

HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

GEM STOCK CODE

8076

WEBSITE ADDRESS

www.singlee.com.cn

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

GEM股份代號

8076

網址

www.singlee.com.cn

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

On behalf of the board of Directors (the "Board") of Sing Lee Software (Group) Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the audited financial results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2024.

本人謹代表新利軟件(集團)股份有限公司(「本公司」)之董事會(「董事會」),欣然提呈本公司及附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核財務業績。

BUSINESS REVIEW

Overall Business of the Group in 2024

The year of 2024 was one filled with challenges and opportunities. Against a backdrop of persistent global economic uncertainties, rapid technological transformations, and diversified market demands, the Group faced unprecedented pressures while simultaneously gaining momentum. Through in-depth market research and comprehensive analysis, the Group keenly discerned changes in the external environment, leveraging these as opportunities to refine and enhance its overall capabilities. Building on the achievements of the optimized management structure in 2023, we continued to deepen strategic adjustments in 2024, aiming to effectively address the current weakness in market demand and strive for a dual leap in both quality and efficiency.

Looking back at 2024, the global technology industry underwent multifaceted transformations. The further maturation of technologies such as artificial intelligence, big data, and cloud computing drove digital transformation across industries. Particularly in the fintech sector, the gradual adoption of blockchain technology, along with the rise of smart contracts and decentralized finance, brought new challenges and opportunities to traditional financial systems. Against this backdrop, the Group consistently adhered to innovation-driven strategies, actively responding to market changes and achieving significant progress.

In terms of business expansion, we continuously deepened collaborations with existing clients while exploring opportunities to engage new partners, thereby solidifying the Group's revenue foundation. Despite numerous uncertainties in the market environment, our sales team persistently expanded the client base through exceptional market development capabilities and unwavering determination, providing robust support for the Group's revenue. This strategy began to yield results in 2024, with significant sales performance growth anticipated to materialize in 2025.

業績回顧

本集團二零二四年整體業務情況

二零二四年是充滿挑戰與機遇的一年,全球經濟環境依然充滿不確定性,科技行業的快速變革與市場需求的多元化,為本集團帶來了前所未全的壓力與動力。本集團憑藉深入的市場調研與全面分析,敏鋭地洞察到外部大環境的變化,以上年質契機磨礪與提升集團整體實力。在二零二三年管理架構優化成果的基礎上,我們於二零二四年繼續深化調整策略,旨在有效應對市場需求疲軟的現狀,力求實現品質與效率的雙重飛躍。

回顧2024年,全球科技行業經歷了多方面的變革。人工智慧、大資料、雲計算等技術的進一步成熟,推動了各行各業的數位化轉型。尤其是在金融科技領域,區塊鏈技術的應用逐漸普及,智慧合約和去中心化金融的興起,為傳統金融體系帶來了新的挑戰與機遇。在這樣的背景下,本集團始終堅持創新驅動,積極應對市場變化,並取得了顯著的進展。

在業務拓展方面,我們不斷深化與現有客戶的合作關係,同時探索擴展新客戶的合作機遇,穩固集團的營收根基。儘管市場環境存在諸多不確定性,但我們的銷售團隊憑藉卓越的市場開拓能力和堅韌不拔的精神持續擴大客戶規模,為集團的營收提供了有力支撐。這一策略在二零二四年已初顯成效,預計將在二零二五年在銷售業績上顯現,迎來顯著增長。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

主席報告

Secondly, we remained steadfast in increasing research and development investments, committing to technological innovation and product upgrades. Our research and development team continuously explored new technologies and applications, successfully launching a series of market-competitive products. These new offerings not only enriched our product portfolio but also elevated our competitiveness in the market. Concurrently, we iterated and upgraded existing products to further optimize performance and user experience. Leveraging the strong reputation built through client collaborations, we continuously enhanced product competitiveness, delivering higher-quality products and services to customers.

其次,我們堅定不移地加大研發投入,致力於技術創新和產品升級。我們的研發團隊斷探索新技術、新應用,成功推出了一系列具有市場競爭力的新產品。這些新產品不僅豐富了我們的產品線,也提升了我們在市場中的競爭力。同時,我們還對現有產品進行了反覆運算升級,進一步優化了產品的性能和使用者體驗。憑藉與客戶合作中累積的良好信譽,我們不斷提升產品競爭力,為客戶提供更加優質的產品和服務。

Furthermore, we boldly explored business model innovation, transitioning from a singular product sales model to an integrated "product + operations" service model. Through this approach, we moved closer to end-users, gaining a deeper understanding of their needs and pain points, thereby enabling more precise and efficient service delivery. This innovative business model not only improved profitability but also injected new vitality into the Group's long-term development. In 2024, we successfully completed a pilot project in one province and plan to gradually expand collaboration scope in the future to achieve steady revenue growth.

再者,我們勇於探索商業模式創新,由單一的產品銷售模式向產品加運營的綜合性服務模式轉。通過這一模式,我們得以更貼近終端客戶,更好地理解客戶的需求和痛點,從而提供更加精準、高效的服務。這一創新的商業模式不僅提升了我們的盈利能力,也為集團的長期發展注入了新的活力。在二零二四年,我們成功在一個省份完成了試點項目,並計畫在未來逐步擴大合作範圍,以實現收入的平穩增長。

However, we are acutely aware that challenges and difficulties persisted during the Group's development in 2024. Despite notable research and development progress in product and market expansion, operational losses remained substantial due to lagging performance impacts. As of December 31, 2024, the Group recorded a loss of approximately RMB11,617,000 (2023: approximately RMB8,264,000), representing a year-on-year increase of 40.6%.

然而,我們也清楚地認識到,在2024年的發展過程中,我們仍然面臨著一些挑戰和困難。儘管我們在產品研發與市場開拓上取得顯著進展,但受業績滯後性的影響,集團運營仍然面臨著較大的虧損壓力。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日,集團錄得虧損約為人民幣11,617,000元(二零二三年:約人民幣8,264,000元),較去年同期增加了40.6%



主席報告

FUTURE OUTLOOK

Looking forward 2025, we are filled with confidence and anticipation. With the gradual recovery of the global economy and the rapid development of the fintech industry, we foresee increased opportunities and possibilities. The innovative application of cutting-edge technologies such as big data and large-scale Al models holds immense market potential for the Group's products and services. The Group will steadfastly uphold prudent and sustainable operations, building a solid foundation to capture market trends with precision. Simultaneously, emerging business models will act as catalysts, infusing fresh energy and momentum into the Group's expansion. As external conditions continue to improve, we firmly believe that, through the collective efforts and relentless dedication of all colleagues, the achievements and advancements of 2025 will be within reach, inspiring boundless optimism.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to all shareholders for their support and to all employees for their loyalty and dedication. In addition, I would also like to extend my heartfelt appreciation to our customers, partners, suppliers and bankers for their trust and support.

Lin Xue Xin

Chairman

27 March 2025

未來展望

展望2025年,我們充滿信心和期待。隨著全球經濟的逐步復蘇和金融科技行業的快速發展,我們看到了更多的機遇和可能性。大資料與大模型等前沿技術的創新應用,給公司的產品與服務帶極大的市場潛力。集團將始終秉持著良性且壓勢,為精準捕捉市場脈搏構築了壓倒的運營之道,為精準捕捉市場脈搏構築了配戶。與此同時,新興的商業模式如同催化動力,為集團的業務拓展注入了勃勃生機與全新動好會大學,在全體同仁的攜手並進與不懈奮鬥下,二零二五年的輝煌成就與顯著進步必將指日可待,令人滿懷憧憬。

致謝

本人謹代表董事會向一直支持本集團之所有股東及忠誠勤奮之員工緻謝,此外,本人亦謹此就本集團客戶、合作夥伴、供應商及往來銀行對本集團之信心與信任,致以誠摯感謝!

主席 林學新

二零二五年三月二十七日

管理層討論及分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group is principally engaged in the development and sales of information and network technologies and services to the financial industry in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

Revenue of the Group comprises of:

For the year ended 31 December 2024 ("the financial year"), the Group recorded a total revenue of approximately RMB58,814,000, a decrease of 16.4% as compared to the same period of last year (2023: approximately RMB70,377,000).

財務回顧

本集團主要在中華人民共和國(「中國」)從事開發及銷售有關金融業的信息、網絡科技及服務。

本集團的營業額包括:

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度(「呈報年度」),本集團錄得銷售收入約為人民幣58,814,000元,較去年同期下跌16.4%(二零二三年:約人民幣70,377,000元)。

Revenue 營業額

		呂	未供
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Sales of software products	銷售軟件產品	1,261	2,866
Sales of hardware products	銷售硬件產品	1,040	422
Provision of technical support services	提供技術支援服務	56,513	67,089
		58,814	70,377

The decrease in the turnover of the Group was mainly attributable to customers reduced its capital expenditures. As a results, the revenue of the Group's provision of technical support services decreased by approximately 15.8% when compared to the same period of last year. The total revenue for the year 2024 mainly came from the provision of technical support services. The source of total revenue for the year 2024 was the same as that for the year of 2023.

Cost of sales for the year ended 31 December 2024 is decreased by 8.3% to approximately RMB51,146,000 (2023: approximately RMB55,803,000). In addition to decrease in staff costs due to streamlining the workforce, cost of sales decreased in line with business activities. The Group's overall gross profit margin decreased by approximately 7.7% to approximately 13.0% (2023: approximately 20.7%).

本集團營業額下跌主要由於客戶減少其支本性開支。因此,提供技術支援服務的營業額與去年同期比較下跌約15.8%所致。本集團二零二四年度的收入主要來自於提供技術支援服務。二零二三年度的收入來源與本年度一致。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團銷售成本下跌至約人民幣51,146,000元(二零二三年:約人民幣55,803,000元),下跌8.3%。除了減員增效導致員工成本減少外,銷售成本隨著業務活動減少而下跌。本集團的整體毛利率約減少7.7%到13.0%(二零二三年:約20.7%)。

管理層討論及分析

Administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2024 is decreased by 20.8% to approximately RMB12,336,000 (2023: approximately RMB15,568,000). The decrease in administrative expenses was mainly due to decrease in staff costs and rental expenses as the Company closed its Hong Kong office. Distribution and selling expenses for the year ended 31 December 2024 is increased by 16.2% to approximately RMB5.125.000 (2023; approximately RMB4,412,000). The increase in distribution and selling expenses was mainly due to an increase in staff costs. Other income mainly included refund of value added tax, grants and interest income, which decreased by 69.9% to approximately RMB463,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: RMB1,537,000). The decrease in other income was mainly due to a decrease in government grants; and other gains and losses mainly included exchange differences and fair value changes in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal on trade receivables and contract assets for the year ended 31 December 2024 is decreased by 85.8% to approximately RMB324,000 (2023: RMB2,280,000). The decrease in impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal on trade receivables and contract assets was mainly due to the Group's effective control over the settlement of trade receivables.

Research and development expenses for the year ended 31 December 2024 is increased by 19.0% to approximately RMB7.893.000 (2023; approximately RMB6.631.000).

Loss amounted to approximately RMB11,617,000 for the year ended 31 December 2024 (2023: approximately RMB8,264,000), increase of 40.6% as compared to the same period of last year. The increase in loss was mainly attributable to the decrease in revenue and gross profits.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,管理費用約為人民幣12,336,000元(二零二三年:約人民幣15,568,000元),下跌20.8%。管理費用的主要原因是公司關閉了香港辦事處,員工成本和租金支出減少。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,分銷及銷售費用約為人民幣4,412,000元),上升16.2%。分銷及銷售費用上升的直接。 原因是員工成本上升。其他收入主要包括增定,其他收入減少69.9%至約返還、補貼及利息收入,截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,其他收入減少69.9%至約537,000元)。其他收入減少主要由於政府補助減少。另外,其他收益及虧損主要包括匯兑變動。

根據預期信用損失模型計算的減損損失,扣除截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的應收貿易款項及合約資產撥回後減少85.8%至約人民幣324,000元(二零二三年:人民幣2,280,000元)。依預期信用損失模型計算的減損損失減少,扣除應收貿易款及合約資產的轉回,主要由於本集團對應收貿易款的結算具有有效控制。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,研發費用約人民幣7,893,000元(二零二三年:約人民幣6.631,000元),上升19.0%。

本集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度錄得 虧損約為人民幣11,617,000元(二零二三年:約 人民幣8,264,000元),較去年同期增加40.6%。 有關虧損增加乃主要由於收入和毛利減少。

管理層討論及分析

Hangzhou Singlee Technology Company Limited ("Singlee Technology"), a subsidiary of the Company, was established in Hangzhou, PRC, is regarded as a High and New Technology Enterprise and is therefore entitled to 15% preferential tax rate for PRC enterprise income tax. According to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law, the applicable tax rate of Hangzhou Singlee Software Company Limited ("Singlee Software"), and Xin Yintong Technology Co., Ltd. ("Xin YinTong") is 25% for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

杭州新利科技有限公司(「新利科技」)為本公司於中國杭州成立之附屬公司,獲認定為高新技術企業,獲得中國企業所得税15%優惠税率。根據中國企業所得税法,截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,杭州新利軟件有限公司(「新利軟件」)及新銀通科技有限公司(「新銀通」)之適用税率為25%。

Property, plant and equipment comprise mainly the Group's owned properties, leasehold improvements, computer and related equipment and motor vehicles. Decrease of approximately 6.7% is mainly attributable to usual depreciation.

物業、廠房及設備主要包括本集團的自置物業、 租賃物業裝修、電腦及相關設備及車輛。下跌約 6.7%是由於正常折舊所致。

Trade receivables and contract assets decreased in line with business activities during the year. During the year under review, the trade receivables and contract assets turnover (the average of the trade receivables balance and contract assets at the beginning and the end of the year divided by the total revenue of the year times 365 days) decreased by 9 days to 103 days (2023: 112 days). The Group's customers are generally granted with credit period ranging from 90-180 days. The Group will continue to exercise due care in managing the credit exposure.

應收貿易賬款及合約資產隨著年內的業務活動減少而下降。於回顧年內,應收貿易賬款及合約資產周轉天數(年初及年末的應收貿易賬款及合約資產平均結餘除以全年總收益乘以365天)減少9天至103天(二零二三年:112天)。本集團給予客戶之信貸期一般介乎90至180天不等。本集團將持續地審慎管理信貸風險。

Advance to staff is petty cash granted to certain employees of the Group for payment of business related disbursement, such as expenses incurred on business trip or meeting with clients. Such advances are interest free, security free with no fixed term of settlement. As at 31 December 2024, advance to staff is stable at approximately RMB2,252,000 (2023: approximately RMB2,207,000).

員工預付款是本集團向若干員工發放的零用現金,用以支付與業務相關的支出,例如出差或與客戶會面所產生的費用。該預付款無利息、無擔保,且無固定的結算期限。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,預付員工款項穩定在約人民幣2,252,000元(二零二三年:人約民幣2,207,000元)。

Borrowings amounted to approximately RMB29,291,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: approximately RMB26,919,000), representing an increase of 8.8%, which is mainly attributable to the increase of bank borrowings. The borrowings and unsecured loan from a related parties would be used for general corporate purposes including working capital.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日的借貸約為人民幣29,291,000元(二零二三年:約人民幣26,919,000元),增加8.8%。主要是由於年內增加銀行貸款及來自關聯方的無抵押貸款。所得借貸將用作一般企業用途,包括作為營運資金。



管理層討論及分析

We will continue striving our best to increase sales and strengthen our cost control measures. With the products of our Group becoming more mature in the market and the effective cost control, we expect that financial results of the Group would be further improved in the coming year.

本集團將繼續努力,於加大營銷力度的同時,將 繼續各項節流方案的實施。隨著本集團產品於市 場漸趨成熟,以及各項成本費用的控制,未來一 年的業績將會進一步改善。

LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND GEARING RATIO

The operating expenditures of the Group are funded by cash flow from operations and borrowings. The Group has adequate sources of funds to meet its future working capital requirements.

As at 31 December 2024, the Group held cash and cash equivalents denominated in RMB, US dollars and HK dollars, amounted to approximately RMB28,528,000 (2023: approximately RMB35,107,000), representing a decrease of approximately 18.7% as compared with the end of previous year. The decrease in bank balances and cash was mainly due to net cash used in operating activities. The Group's current ratio, based on total current assets over total current liabilities, as at 31 December 2024 was approximately 4.2 times (2023: approximately 4.8 times).

The Group's net cash outflow for the year ended 31 December 2024 approximately amounted to RMB6,579,000 (2023: net cash inflow approximately RMB19,789,000).

流動資金、財務資源及資產負債比率

本集團營運之資金來源為業務營運之現金收入及 借貸。本集團擁有足夠之資金來源以滿足營運資 金之需求。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團持有人民幣、美元及港元的現金及現金等價物約為人民幣28,528,000元(二零二三年:約人民幣35,107,000元),比上年末下跌約18.7%。銀行結餘及現金下跌主要由於經營活動所用的淨現金。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動比率(界定為流動資產總額除以流動負債總額計算)約為4.2倍(二零二三年:約4.8倍)。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 現金流出淨額約為人民幣6,579,000元(二零二三年:現金流入淨額約人民幣19,789,000元)。

管理層討論及分析

At 31 December 2024, the Group had the following outstanding borrowings:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團的未償還 借款如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fixed-rate borrowings: Unsecured loans from a related party Unsecured bank borrowings Secured bank borrowings	定息借貸: 無抵押關聯方借貸 無抵押銀行借貸 具抵押銀行借貸	28,291 - 1,000	26,419 500 -
		29,291	26,919

The borrowings' contractual maturity dates are as follows:

借貸合約到期日如下:

		20 二零二匹 RMB'0 人民幣千	年 二零二三年 00 RMB'000
Within one year Between two to five years More than five years	1年內 2至5年 5年後	1,0 1,1 27,0	97 1,148
		29,2	91 26,919

The Group's loans from a related party are all owing to Mr. Hung Yung Lai. The Group's loans from Mr. Hung Yung Lai of approximately RMB27,094,000 (2023: RMB25,271,000) are denominated in HK dollars, other borrowings are denominated in the functional currency of the respective group entity.

During the year 2020, the Group entered into two revolving loan facility agreements with a bank with a total credit amounts of RMB15,000,000. The maturity date of the revolving loan facilities is on 6 July 2025 and 22 July 2025 respectively. These two revolving loan facilities were utilised amounted to RMB1,000,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2024: Nil). The unutilised facility would be utilised as the working capital.

No interest was capitalised by the Group during the year (2023: Nil).

向本集團提供貸款的關聯方均為熊融禮先生。熊融禮先生向本集團提供的借貸約人民幣27,094,000元(二零二三年:約人民幣25,271,000元)以港元計值,其他借貸乃以相關集團實體之功能貨幣計值。

於二零二零年期間,本集團與一間銀行訂立兩項 合共信貸額度為人民幣15,000,000元的循環信 貸協議。該等協議的到期日分別為二零二五年七 月六日及二零二五年七月二十二日。於二零二四 年十二月三十一日,該等協議已獲動用人民幣 1,000,000元(二零二三年:無)。該等協議未獲 動用的將用作本集團之營運資金。

於本年度,本集團並無資本化利息(二零二三年:零)。



管理層討論及分析

The gearing ratio of the Group, based on total liabilities over total assets, as at 31 December 2024 was approximately 67.5% (2023: approximately 55.7%). The Group has confident that gearing ratio can improve in the coming year.

年資產負債比率將會改善。

資本結構

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

During the year ended 31 December 2024, 4,354,000 share options were lapsed. During the year ended 31 December 2023, 6,507,000 share options were lapsed.

Save as disclosed above, the Company had no other changes in capital structure during the year ended 31 December 2024.

十二月三十一日止年度,6,507,000份購股權已 失效。

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,

4.354.000份購股權已失效。截至二零二三年

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團資產負債

比率(界定為負債總額除以資產總額)約為67.5% (二零二三年:約55.7%)。本集團有信心未來一

除上文所披露者外,截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司並無其他資本結構變 動。

ACQUISITION AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

The Group did not have any material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the year.

附屬及關聯公司收購及出售

本集團於本年度,並無重大收購或出售附屬及關 聯公司。

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group has established and maintained sufficient risk management procedures to identify and control various types of risk within the organisation and the external environment with active management participation and effective internal control procedures in the best interest of the Group and its shareholders.

風險管理

本集團已建立及保持足夠風險管理程序,輔以管理層之積極參與及有效之內部監控程序,以找出及控制公司內部及外圍環境現存之多種風險,符合本集團及其股東之最佳利益。

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The Group's revenue segmented on types of goods or services delivered or provided:

- a) Sales of software products
- b) Sales of hardware products
- c) Provision of technical support services

For the year ended 31 December 2024, provision of technical support services remained the principal source of revenue of the Group. This services revenue accounted for 96.1% (2023: 95.3%) of Group revenue.

分部資料

本集團按各類已交付貨品或所提供服務劃分銷售 收入:

- a) 銷售軟件產品
- b) 銷售硬件產品
- c) 提供技術支援服務

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,提供技術支援服務仍為本集團主要收入來源。此服務收入來源佔本集團營業額的96.1%(二零二三年:95.3%)。

管理層討論及分析

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group recorded revenue from sales of software products, sales of hardware products and provision of technical support services decrease of approximately 56.0%, increase of approximately 1.5 times and decrease of approximately 15.8% respectively as compared to the same period of last year. Such decrease was primarily attributing to the customers reduced its capital expenditures.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 錄得銷售軟件產品、銷售硬件產品及提供技術支 援服務收入分別較去年同期下跌約56.0%、上升 約1.5倍和下跌約15.8%。此減少主要是由於客戶 減少其支本性開支。

Segment loss is approximately RMB7,147,000 (2023: approximately RMB4,819,000).

分部虧損約人民幣7,147,000元(二零二三年:約 人民幣4,819,000元)。

Details of segment information are presented for the Group as disclosed in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

本集團的分部資料詳情載於綜合財務報表附許6。

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

As at 31 December 2024, the Group had 418 employees (2023: 622 employees), including both the PRC and Hong Kong employees. Remuneration and bonus policy are basically determined by the performance of the individual employees and financial results of the Group. Total staff costs for the year amounted to approximately RMB55,954,000 (2023: approximately RMB61,375,000).

The Group adopted a share option scheme, details of which were set out in the "Report of the Directors".

僱員資料

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團僱有 418名員工(二零二三年:622名員工),分佈 於中國內地及香港。本集團酬金及花紅政策乃 按個別員工及集團盈利表現而釐定。截至二零 二四年十二月三十一日止年度,員工成本約為 人民幣55,954,000元(二零二三年:約人民幣 61,375,000元)。

本集團已採納一項購股權計劃,詳情請參閱「董 事報告書」。

CHARGE ON GROUP ASSETS

As at 31 December 2024, certain properties of the Group

located in Hangzhou with an aggregate net carrying amount of approximately RMB7,260,000 (2023: approximately RMB7,808,000) were used to secure the banking facilities.

資產抵押

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團位於杭州 賬面淨值合共約人民幣7,260,000元(二零二三 年:約人民幣7,808,000元)的若干物業已用作銀 行融資的抵押。

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND EXPECTED SOURCE OF FUNDING

Save as disclosed in this report, the Group did not have plans for material investments and capital assets as at the date of this report.

未來重大投資或購入資本資產計劃詳情

除本報告所披露者外,於本報告日期,本集團並 無重大投資及資本資產計劃。



管理層討論及分析

EXPOSURE TO EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATION

The Group's revenue generating operations are mainly transacted in RMB. The Directors consider the impact of foreign exchange exposure to the Group is minimal.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2024, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities (2023: Nil).

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

Our commitment to protect the environment is well reflected by our continuous efforts in promoting green measures and awareness in our daily business operations. The Group encourages environmental protection and promotes awareness towards environmental protection to the employees. The Group adheres to the principle of Recycling and Reducing. It implements green office practices such as make use of water efficiently, double-sided printing and copying, setting up recycling bins, promoting using recycled paper and reducing energy consumption by switching off idle lightings and electrical appliance. The Group is also using office equipment carrying Energy Label issued by the Electrical and Mechanical Services Department which save energy in the offices.

The Group will review its environmental practices from time to time and will consider implementing further eco-friendly measures and practices in the operation of the Group's businesses to move towards adhering the 3Rs – Reduce, Recycle and Reuse and enhance environmental sustainability.

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2024, there was no incidence of non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations of the places in which the Group operates that which has significant impact on the business operations of the Group.

雁率風險

本集團絕大部份創造收入的業務都是以人民幣進 行交易。董事認為本集團之外匯風險甚低。

或有負債

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團並無任何 重大或有負債(二零二三年:無)。

環境政策及表現

本集團在日常業務營運中不斷推廣綠色措施和意識,以達到其保護環境的承諾。本集團鼓勵環保,並推動僱員提升環保意識。本集團堅守循環再用及減廢的原則,實施各項綠色辦公室措施,例如精明用水、雙面打印及複印、設置回收箱、提倡使用環保紙及透過關掉閒置的電燈及電器以減少耗能。本集團亦使用貼有機電工程署發出能源標籤的辦公室設備,以在辦公室內節省能源。

本集團將不時檢討其環保工作,並將考慮在本集團的業務營運中實施更多環保措施及慣例,以堅守3R原則(即減廢(Reduce)、再造(Recycle)及再用(Reuse))為目標,加強環境的可持續性。

遵守相關法律及法規

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度內,本集 團於其經營所在地概無發生不遵守相關法律及法 規而對本集團經營業務造成重大影響。

管理層討論及分析

RELATIONSHIPS WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Company recognises that employees are our valuable assets. Thus the Group provides competitive remuneration package to attract and motivate the employees. The Group regularly reviews the remuneration package of employees and makes necessary adjustments to conform to the market standard.

The Group also understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with business partners and bank enterprises to achieve its long-term goals. Accordingly, our senior management have kept good communication, promptly exchanged ideas and shared business update with them when appropriate. During the year, there was no material and significant dispute between the Group and its business partners or bank enterprises.

The Group collaborates with responsible suppliers to provide quality goods with competitive pricing. To this end, the Group implements policies on supply chain management to ensure fair suppliers selection procedures. The suppliers should fulfill the requirements in the supplier screening procedures and the Group's experienced employees ensure those goods received from the suppliers meet the Group's expectation.

KEY RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, and business prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties directly or indirectly pertaining to the Group's businesses. The followings are the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group. There may be other risks and uncertainties in addition to those shown below which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could turn out to be material in the future.

Market Risks

Market risk is the risk that deteriorates profitability or affects ability to meet business objectives arising from the movement in market prices, like foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

與持份者之間的關係

本公司認同,僱員是我們的寶貴資產。故此,本 集團提供具競爭力的薪酬待遇,以吸引並激勵僱 員。本集團定期檢討僱員的薪酬待遇,並會因應 市場標準而作出必要的調整。

本集團亦明白,與商業夥伴及銀行企業保持良好商業關係,是我們達成長遠目標的要素。故此,高級管理層會在適當情況下與彼等進行良好溝通、適時交流想法及共享最新業務資料。年內,本集團與商業夥伴或銀行企業之間並沒有重大而明顯的糾紛。

本集團與負責任的供應商合作以具競爭力的價格 提供優質的貨品。就此,本集團於供應鏈管理方 面實施確保公平挑選供應商程序的政策。供應商 應符合供應商篩選程序的要求,而本集團具經驗 的僱員則確保供應商提供的貨品符合本集團的預 期要求。

主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團的財務狀況、營運業績及業務前景可能受到與本集團業務直接或間接相關的許多風險及不明朗因素的影響。以下為本集團知悉的主要風險及不明朗因素。除下文所列者外,或會存在本集團並未知悉或目前可能不重要但日後可能變得重要的其他風險及不明朗因素。

市場風險

市場風險乃因市場價格(即匯率、利率及股價) 變動而使盈利能力受損或影響達成業務目標的能力的風險。本集團管理層對該等風險進行管理及 監控,以確保能及時有效採取適當措施。

管理層討論及分析

Foreign Exchange Rates Risk

The Group's assets and liabilities were denominated in Renminbi, Hong Kong dollars ("HKD") and United States dollars ("USD"), in view of the potential HKD and USD exchange rate fluctuation the Group undertake foreign exchange rate risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure when the need arises.

Interest Rate Risk

For interest-sensitive products and investments, the Group analyses its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis and considers managing this risk in a cost-effective manner when appropriate, through variety of means.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the potential that the Group will be unable to meet its obligations when they fall due because of an inability to obtain adequate funding or liquidate assets. In managing liquidity risk, the Group monitors cash flows and maintains an adequate level of cash and cash equivalent to ensure the ability to finance the Group's operations and reduce the effects of fluctuation in cash flows. The management of the Group monitors the utilisation of borrowings and ensures compliance with all the loan limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events. Responsibility for managing operational risks basically rests with every function at divisional and departmental levels. Key functions in the Group are guided by their standard operating procedures, limits of authority and reporting framework. Our management will identify and assess key operational exposures regularly so that appropriate risk response can be taken.

外匯風險

由於本集團的資產及負債以人民幣、港元及美元 計值,考慮到港元及美元匯率波動使本集團須承 擔外幣風險。本集團目前並無任何外幣對沖政 策。然而,管理層會監察外匯風險,必要時考慮 對沖重大的外幣風險。

利率風險

對於利息敏感型產品及投資,本集團以動態基準 分析其利率風險,並考慮適當時透過各種手段以 成本效益方式管理該風險。

流動資金風險

流動資金風險即是本集團由於未能取得充足資金 或變現資產,在責任到期時未能履約的可能性。 管理流動資金風險時,本集團監察現金流量, 並維持充足之現金及現金等價物水平,以確保能 為本集團營運提供資金及降低現金流量波動之影 響。本集團管理層監察借款之使用,務求確保 符合所有銀行信貸的借貸上限或協定條款(如適 用)。

營運風險

營運風險指因內部程序、人員或制度不足或缺失,或因外部事件導致之損失風險。管理營運風險之責任基本上由各個功能之分部及部門肩負。本集團之主要功能經由本身之標準營運程序、權限及匯報框架作出指引。管理層將會定期識別及評估主要之營運風險,以便採取適當風險應對。

管理層討論及分析

Investment Risk

Investment risk can be defined as the likelihood of occurrence of losses relative to the expected return on any particular investment. Key concern of investment framework will be balancing risk and return across different investments, and thus risk assessment is a core aspect of the investment decision process. Proper authorisation system has been set up and detailed analysis will be made before approving investments. Regular updates on the progress of the investments of the Group would be submitted to the Board.

Manpower and Retention Risk

The Group may face the risk of not being able to attract and retain key personnel and talents with appropriate and required skills, experience and competence which would meet the business objectives of the Group. The Group will provide attractive remuneration package to suitable candidates and personnel.

Business Risk

Performance of the Group's core business will be affected by various factors, including but not limited to economic conditions, performance of property markets in regions where our investments locate, the performance of the fund managers for our invested funds, which would not be mitigated even with careful and prudent investment strategy and strict procedure.

Cyber Attack and Security Risk

The Group could be impacted negatively if it sustains cyberattacks and other data security breaches that disrupt its operations or damage its reputation. For example, various information and sensitive or confidential data relating to its operations may be subject to attack from hackers and other malicious software programs that attempt to exploit any security vulnerability in its system; Sophisticated software and applications that it produces may contain "bugs" that could unexpectedly interfere with the operation of the system or may present unidentified security risk; Misappropriation of sensitive or confidential data about its customers could lead the Group to loss of reputation, and exposure to potential litigation and liability. The Group will continue to enhance IT security and security information awareness and comply with mandatory privacy and security standards and protocols imposed by law, regulation, industry standards, or contractual obligations.

投資風險

投資風險乃界定為任何某項投資相對其預期回報 發生虧損的可能性。投資框架的主要考慮因素為 平衡各類投資之風險及回報,因而風險評估乃投 資決策過程中的重要一環。本集團已設立適當的 授權制度,並會於批准投資前進行詳細分析。本 集團之投資項目進度會定期更新,並向董事會匯 報。

人力供應及留聘人才之風險

本集團可能面臨無法吸引及留聘具備適當及所需 技能、經驗及才能之主要人員及人才的風險,這 些主要人員及人才均是達致本集團業務目標所需 之因素。本集團將為合適人選及人員提供具吸引 力的薪酬方案。

業務風險

本集團核心業務的表現將受到多種因素的影響,包括但不限於經濟狀況、本集團投資所在地區物業市場的表現、我們所投資基金的基金經理的表現等,即使實施周詳審慎的投資策略及嚴格的程序,亦未必能減輕該等影響。

網絡攻擊及安全風險

倘若本集團遭受網絡攻擊及其他數據安全方面的 侵犯,導致其業務運營中斷或聲譽受到損害務運營中斷或聲譽受到損異業務運營中斷或聲譽受到損異業務運營可能會受到不利影響。例如各種與與大人 其也有害軟件程式的攻擊,可能會受到駭的程式,等全性漏洞;自行研發的作業系統及應用程行研發的作業系統及應用程行訊。 安全性漏洞;自行研發的作業系統逐應用程行,等會發達存在「設計缺陷」,可能會擾亂系統運行訊、可能發安全風險;洩露內戶較感濟運行訊、等團營響本集團聲響,面臨法律訴訟。本及與制守法律、法規、行業準則或合約責任施加的強制性隱私和安全標準及協議。



管理層討論及分析

Intellectual Property Risk

The Group could suffer if it does not develop and protect its 倘若本集團不能開發及保護自有知識產權,則本 own intellectual property. The Group will take full advantage 集團的運營將會受到影響。本集團將通過申請軟 of legal protections by applying for software copyright. For 件著作權來充分利用法律保護。對於已獲授權的 licensed Intellectual Property, take appropriate steps to assure its continued validity.

PROSPECTS OF NEW PRODUCTS

Please refer to the "Chairman's Statement" for a discussion on this.

知識產權風險

知識產權,採取適當措施確保其持續有效性。

新產品的前景

有關討論請參閱「主席報告」中的討論。

FIVE YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY OF THE GROUP 五個年度的財務概要

		Year ended				
		31 December				
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
		截至二零二四年	截至二零二三年	截至二零二二年	截至二零二一年	截至二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue	銷售收入	58,814	70,377	84,949	94,408	85,535
Loss attributable to shareholders	股東應佔虧損	(11,617)	(8,264)	(18,381)	(13,768)	(31,204)
				1		
Total assets	資產總值	60,202	70,360	95,810	100,082	151,196
Total liabilities	負債總值	40,629	(39,170)	(56,356)	(48,102)	(85,448)
Net assets	資產淨值	19,573	31,190	39,454	51,980	65,748

董事及高級管理層履歷

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Lin, Xue Xin, aged 49, a Director and Chief Executive Officer of our Group. Mr. Lin was resigned as Chief Executive Officer and appointed as the chairman on 1 November 2022. Mr. Lin has over 21 years of experience in the field of computer technology. He obtained his bachelor degree of Computer Science and Technology from People 's Liberation Army Polytechnic University in 2009. Mr. Lin joined the Group since 2000 and was appointed as the general manager of Hangzhou Singlee Technology Co., Ltd, a subsidiary of the Company, in May 2011. Between 2010 and 2012, Mr. Lin was also employed as a technology expert in UnionPay. In June 2022, Mr. Lin was admitted to Zhejiang University as an MBA student of the School of Management.

Mr. Hung, Ying, aged 55, a Director and Vice Chairman of our Group. He had been the deputy general manager of Hangzhou Singlee Technology Co., Ltd. and Hangzhou Singlee Software Co., Ltd of the Group from April 2007 to April 2011. Prior to joining the Group, he had worked as the marketing director and general manager in Beijing San Ding Ti Lian Network Technology Company Limited from May 2001 to December 2005. Mr. Hung graduated in information, social and management sciences (majoring in business administration) from University of Paisley and obtained an EMBA from Peking University. Mr. Hung has several years of experiences in management, and is specialised in market planning and sales.

Mr. Zang Jingjing, aged 50, a Director and deputy general manager of our Group. He has 23 years of experience in the field of computer technology. He obtained his bachelor degree of Mechanical Engineering specializing in Thermal Processing from the Jiangsu University of Science and Technology (which later merged to form Jiangsu University) in 1997. Mr. Zang joined the Group since 2000 and served in a number of positions including chief of the Xi'an office and manager of the Northwest region of Hangzhou Singlee Technology Co., Ltd* (杭州新利科技有限公司) ("Hangzhou Singlee"), a subsidiary of the Company, sales director of Hangzhou Singlee Software (Zhuhai) Co., Ltd* (杭州新利軟件 (珠海)有限公司), deputy sales director of Hangzhou Singlee and promoted as deputy general manager of Hangzhou Singlee in May 2011.

執行董事

林學新先生,49歲,本集團執行董事及行政總裁。彼於二零二二年十一月一日辭任行政總裁及獲委任為主席。林先生在計算機技術領域擁有超過21年經驗。彼於二零零九年獲得中國人民解放軍理工大學計算機科學與技術學士學位。林先生自二零零年加入本集團,並於二零一一年五月被本公司的附屬公司杭州新利科技有限公司任建被聘為銀聯技術專家。於二零二二年六月,林先生被浙江大學取錄為管理學院工商管理專業碩士研究生。

熊纓先生,55歲,本集團董事及副主席。彼於二零零七年四月至二零一一年四月期間為本集團杭州新利科技有限公司及杭州新利軟件有限公司副總經理,於加入本集團之前,熊先生於二零零一年五月至二零零五年十二月期間於北京三鼎體聯網路科技有限公司擔任市場總監及總經理職務。熊先生於University of Paisley資訊、社會及管理科學系(主修工商管理)畢業,及後獲取北京大學EMBA學位,熊先生具有數年的公司管理經驗,尤其擅長於市場策劃及銷售。

臧晶晶先生,50歲,本集團董事及副總經理。 臧先生在計算機技術領域擁有23年經驗。於 一九九七年獲得江蘇理工大學(後合併為江蘇大 學)熱加工專業機械工程學士學位。臧先生自二 零零零年加入本集團,歷任多個職位,包括:本 公司附屬公司杭州新利科技有限公司(以下簡稱 「杭州新利」)西安辦事處主任及西北大區經理, 杭州新利軟件(珠海)有限公司銷售總監,杭州 新利銷售副總監及於二零一一年五月晉升為杭州 新利副總經理。



董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Li Dong, aged 50, a Director and deputy general manager of our Group. He has 24 years of experience in the field of computer technology. He obtained his bachelor degree of Electric System and Automation from the Hefei University of Technology in 1997. Mr. Li joined the Group since 2001 and served in a number of positions including project manager, technology deputy director, customer service director and subsequently promoted as deputy general manager of Hangzhou Singlee in May 2011.

李冬先生,50歲,本集團董事及副總經理。李先生於計算機技術領域擁有24年經驗。於一九九七年獲得合肥工業大學電力系統及其自動化專業學士學位。李先生自二零零一年加入本集團,歷任多個職位,包括:項目經理、技術副總監、客服部總監,及後於二零一一年五月晉升為杭州新利副總經理。

Ms. Cai Jin, aged 42, a Director of our Group. She has 16 years of experience in business management, marketing and sales. She obtained her bachelor degree of Bio-technology from the Zhejiang University of Science and Technology in 2003 and her Dipl.- Ing. of Food Process Engineering from the University of Applied Science and Art Hannover, Germany in 2007. Ms. Cai served as a planning supervisor in Doehler Food & Beverage from 2007 to 2011. She then served as an assistant to the head of human resources in Bayer China from 2012 to 2013. She later served as a marketing and sales manager in DMK (Deutsches Milchkontor) Shanghai from 2013 to 2018. She served as a business partner in Rurui Health Management from 2018 to 2022. Since 2022, she acted as a director of Shanghai Biyun Culture and Art Center.

董事及高級管理層履歷

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Pao, Ping Wing, JP, aged 77, was appointed as an independent non-executive director of the company in December 2003. In the past years, he had been actively serving on government policy committees and authorities, including those relating to town planning, urban renewal, public housing and environment matters. He has been appointed as a Justice of the Peace of Hong Kong since 1987. He was an ex-urban councilor. He obtained a Master of Science Degree in Human Settlements Planning and Development from the Asian Institute of Technology in Thailand in 1980. He was elected as one of the Ten Outstanding Young Persons of Hong Kong in 1982 and one of the Ten Outstanding Young Persons of the World in 1983. Mr. Pao is a Hon. Fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Housing. He is an independent non-executive director of Capital Environmental Holdings Limited, Soundwill Holdings Limited, Maoye International Holdings Limited and International Credit Group Limited all of which are listed on the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Chan Tsang Mo, aged 40, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in January 2019. He is the chairman of the audit committee of the Board ("Audit Committee") and a member of the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Chan has over 10 years of finance, accounting and treasury experience. Mr. Chan assumed various positions in professional accounting and financial firms including as a senior auditor (mainly responsible for accounting, auditing and taxation assignments) of RSM Nelson Wheeler (principally engaged in the provision of accounting services) from December 2009 to January 2011, as a supervisor in the corporate services division (mainly responsible for accounting, payroll, treasury and audit assignments) of Intertrust Resources Management Limited (principally engaged in the provision of legal and financial administrative services) from June 2011 to June 2013, and as an accounting manager (mainly responsible for the management and supervision of tax and financial matters) of Reignwood International Investment (Group) Co., Ltd. (principally engaged in investment services) from October 2013 to April 2016.

獨立非執行董事

BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

浦炳榮先生,太平紳士,77歲,於二零零三年十二月獲委任為本公司的獨立非執行董事。這一去,浦先生曾積極參與政府政策委員會及法屋構,所涉範圍包括城市規劃、市區重建、公香港、浦先生於一九八七年獲委任人九八七年獲委任人九八七年獲得泰國亞洲理工學校人類居住環境規劃大生為前市政局議自環境共學位。在一九八二年獲選為香港十大學資明士學位。在一九八三年獲選為香港十大學資明大學項大生現為香港房屋經理學會之公司(司司)的領域控股有限公司及環球信貸集團有公司)的獨立非執行董事。

陳增武先生,40歲,於二零二三年四月獲委任為 獨立非執行董事。彼為董事會審核委員會(「審核 委員會」) 主席以及薪酬委員會及提名委員會成 員。陳先生於財務、會計及庫務方面擁有逾十年 經驗。陳先生曾在多間專業會計及財務公司擔任 不同職位,包括於二零零九年十二月至二零一-年一月在羅申美會計師事務所(主要從事提供會 計服務) 擔任高級核數師(主要負責會計、審計 及税務工作),於二零一一年六月至二零一三年 六月,擔任Intertrust Resources Management Limited (主要從事提供法律及財務行政服務) 企 業服務部的主管(主要負責會計、發薪、庫務及 審計工作),以及於二零一三年十月至二零一六 年四月,擔任華彬國際投資(集團)有限公司(主 要從事投資服務)的會計經理(主要負責税務及 財務事宜的管理及監督)。

董事及高級管理層履歷

Mr. Chan was an executive director of Ares Asia Limited (stock code: 645), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, from June 2014 to March 2016. From May 2016 to October 2017, he worked as a financial controller in Wan Cheng Metal Packaging Company Limited (stock code: 8291), the shares of which are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange and was responsible for overseeing the consolidated accounts and preparing financial information, forecast memorandum, notes to the consolidated financial statements and checklists for the listing application of the company. Mr. Chan served as the company secretary of Century Energy International Holdings Limited (formerly known as China Oil Gangran Energy Group Holdings Limited) (stock code: 8132), the shares of which are listed on GEM of the Stock Exchange, from April 2020 to August 2021. From September 2022 to July 2023, Mr. Chan served as an independent non-executive director of Hong Wei (Asia) Holdings Company Limited (stock code: 8191), the shares of which are listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange. Since August 2017, he has been a director of Morton Professional Services Limited and is responsible for advising on company formation, business establishments and legal compliance related matters. Since February 2018, Mr. Chan was appointed as the company secretary of China International Development Corporation Limited (formerly known as Ascent International Holdings Limited) (stock code: 264), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chan was appointed as the company secretary of Yues International Holdings Group Limited (stock code: 1529), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange, with effect from June 2022. Since 15 January 2019, Mr. Chan served as an independent non-executive director of Geotech Holdings Limited (stock code: 1707), the shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Since 31 August 2023, Mr. Chan served as an independent non-executive director of Speedy Global Holdings Limited (stock code: 540), the shares of which are listed on Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Chan has been admitted as a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in January 2010 and is currently a practicing member of the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council. Mr. Chan graduated from the City University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor of Business Administration degree in Accountancy in November 2006.

於二零一四年六月至二零一六年三月,陳先生為 安域亞洲有限公司(股份代號:645,其股份於聯 交所主板上市)的執行董事。於二零一六年五月 至二零一七年十月,彼於萬成金屬包裝有限公司 (股份代號:8291,其股份於聯交所創業板上市) 任職財務總監,負責監督綜合賬目及為該公司上 市申請編製財務資料、預測備忘錄、綜合財務報 表附註及清單。於二零二零年四月至二零二一年 八月,陳先生擔任百能國際能源控股有限公司 (前稱中油港燃能源集團控股有限公司)(股 代號:8132,其股份於聯交所創業板上市)的公 司秘書。於二零二二年九月至二零二三年七月, 陳先生擔任鴻偉(亞洲)控股有限公司(股份代 號:8191,其股份於聯交所創業板上市)之獨立 非執行董事。自二零一七年八月起,彼為萬騰專 業服務有限公司董事,負責就成立公司、創立業 務及就法律合規相關事宜提供意見。自二零一八 年二月起,陳先生獲委任中聯發展控股集團有限 公司(前稱中璽國際控股有限公司)(股份代號: 264)(其股份於聯交所主板上市)的公司秘書。 陳先生自二零二二年六月獲委任為股份於聯交所 主板上市之樂氏國際控股集團有限公司(股份編 號:1529)的公司秘書。自二零一九年一月十五 日起, 陳先生擔任致浩達控股有限公司(股份代 號:1707,其股份於聯交所主板上市)之獨立非 執行董事。自二零二三年八月三十一日起,陳先 生擔任迅捷環球控股有限公司(股份代號:540, 其股份於聯交所主板上市)之獨立非執行董事。

陳先生於二零一零年一月成為香港會計師公會會員,現為會計及財務匯報局執業會員。陳先生於二零零六年十一月於香港城市大學畢業,取得會計學工商管理學士學位。

Ms. Chen Xinai, aged 51, an associate researcher and a master's supervisor, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive Director in March 2024. She has more than 10 years of experience in the mining and functional research of functional genes in plants and microorganisms (fungi), the development of bioactive secondary metabolites and molecular biology research of biosynthetic regulation. She obtained a professional degree in tea science from Zheijang Agricultural University in 1996 and a master's degree in food science from the Zhejiang University in 1999. Ms. Chen obtained a doctorate degree in biochemical engineering from Zhejiang University in 2003. From 2002 to 2006, she worked as an assistant researcher in the School of Life Sciences, Zhejiang University, and then served as a postdoctoral fellow at the University of Tokyo in Japan from 2006 to 2008. She then worked as an assistant researcher in the College of Life Sciences, Zhejiang University from 2008 to 2010, and then as an associate researcher in the College of Life Sciences, Zheijang University from 2011 to 2017. In 2017, she was an associate researcher at Zhejiang University School of Medicine.

陳新愛女士,51歲,副研究員,碩士導師,於二零二四年四月獲委任。主要從事植物和微生物(真菌)中功能基因的挖掘及其功能研究,具生物活性次級代謝產物的開發和生物合成調控的分生物學研究方面擁有超過10年經驗。彼於1996年獲得浙江大學食品科學專業工學碩士學位。陳女士於2003年獲得浙江大學生物化工專業工學博士學位。2002-2006年在浙江大學生命科學學院擔任助理研究員,之後,彼於2006年至2008年擔任日本東京大學博士後。彼之後於2008-2010年在浙江大學生命科學學院擔任助理研究員,之後,於2011-2017年在浙江大學生命科學學院擔任副研究員。於2017浙江大學醫學院副研究員。於2017浙江大學醫學院副研究員。於2017浙江大學醫學院副研究員。於2017浙江大學醫學院副研究員。

董事及高級管理層履歷

Ms. Chen graduated from Zhejiang University with a doctorate degree in engineering in biochemical engineering in March 2003.

陳女士於二零零三年三月於浙江大學生物化工學 科畢業,取得工學博士學位。

董事及高級管理層履歷

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Wong Ka Wai, who is aged 45 and currently not an employee of the Company, appointed as a Company Secretary with effect from 15 April 2024. Mr. Wong has been serving as an independent non-executive director of China Vered Financial Holding Corporation Limited (stock code: 245) since March 2024, Wenling Zhejiang Measuring and Cutting Tools Trading Centre Co., Ltd. (stock code: 1379) since May 2022 and Jujiang Construction Group Co., Ltd. (stock code: 1459) from August 2015 to June 2024, which are companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Wong served as the chief financial officer and company secretary of Ruifeng Power Group Company Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2025), from May 2017 to June 2023. From February 2017 to June 2017, he served as an independent non-executive director of Green International Holdings Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2700). From January 2013 to March 2017, he served as the Chairman of Jai Dam Distribution (Hong Kong) Co. Ltd., and was responsible for the business development and management of the French Brand "Jai Dam" in the region of Greater China and managing the sub-distributors of Jai Dam Distribution (Hong Kong) Co. Ltd. in Beijing and Shanghai. From November 2011 to December 2012, he worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers Singapore branch, with his last position held as a manager of the individual tax business unit. From November 2010 to September 2011, he worked at BASF East Asia Regional Headquarters Limited, with his last position held as a manager. From January 2008 to May 2010, he worked at the Shanghai office of Ernst & Young, with his last position held as manager in the tax human capital-PRC department. From July 2006 to January 2008, he worked at Ernst and Young, with his last position held as a senior accountant in the tax department. From September 2001 to May 2004, he worked at KPMG, with his last position held as a tax consultant. Mr. Wong obtained his bachelor's degree in accountancy in November 2001 from the City University of Hong Kong. He obtained his bachelor's degree in laws from the University of London in the United Kingdom in August 2007. He was also admitted as a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (ACCA) in October 2009.

公司秘書

王加威生生現年45歲,目前並非公司員工,本 2024年4月15日起被任命為公司秘書。自2024年 3月起,王生生一直擔任中薇金融控股有限公司 (股份代號:245)的獨立非執行董事,自2022年 5月起擔任聯交所上市公司温嶺浙江工量刃具交 易中心股份有限公司(股份代號:1379)的獨立 非執行董事及自2015年8月至2024年6月擔任聯 交所上市公司巨匠建設集團股份有限公司(股份 代號:1459)的獨立非執行董事。王生生本2017 年5月至2023年6月擔任聯交所上市公司瑞豐動 力集團有限公司(股份代號:2025)的首席財務 官兼公司秘書。本2017年2月至2017年6月,與 擔任聯交所上市公司格林國際控股有限公司(股 份代號:2700)的獨立非執行董事。本2013年 1月至2017年3月,與擔任Jai Dam Distribution (Hong Kong) Co. Ltd.的主席,負責法國品牌Jai Dam」在大中華地區的業務發展及管理,並管理 Jai Dam Distribution (Hong Kong) Co. Ltd.在北 京及上海的分經銷商。本2011年11月至2012年 12月,與任職本普華永道新加坡分公司,最後 職位為個人税務業務單元經理。本2010年11月 至2011年9月,與任職本巴斯夫東亞地區總部有 限公司,最後職位為經理。本2008年1月至2010 年5月,與任職本安永會計師事務所上海辦事 處,最後職位為稅務人力資本一中國部經理。本 2006年7月至2008年1月,與任職本安永會計師 事務所,最後職位為稅務部高級會計師。本2001 年9月至2004年5月,與任職本畢馬威會計師事務 所,最後職位為税務顧問。王生生本2001年11 月取得香港城市大學會計學學士學位。與本2007 年8月獲得英國倫敦大學法學學士學位。與亦本 2009年10月獲認可為英國特許公認會計師公會 (ACCA)會員。

董事報告書

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024. 本公司董事欣然呈交截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之報告及經審核綜合財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Group are the development and sale of information and network technologies and services to the financial industry in the PRC. There were no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's revenue and results from operation by principal activities and geographical area of operations for the year ended 31 December 2024 is set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS

The results for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 85.

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of dividend.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A discussion and analysis of the activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) (the "Company Ordinance"), including a fair review of the business, a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, particulars of important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year 2024, an indication of likely future development in the Group's business, disclosures relating to the Group's environmental policies and performance, and relationships with major stakeholders can be found in the "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" sections of this annual report. These discussions form part of this directors' report.

Throughout 2024, there was no incidence of non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group's business.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。本集團之主要業務是於中國從事金融業信息、網絡科技及服務的 開發及銷售。本集團之主要業務性質於本年度並 無重大變動。

附屬公司之主要業務載列於綜合財務報表附註 29。

分部資料

本集團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度按 主要業務及營業地區劃分之收益及經營業績分析 載於綜合財務報表附註6。

業績

年內業績載於第85頁之綜合損益及其他全面收益 表。

本公司董事會不建議派發股息。

業務審視

就公司條例(香港法例第622章)(「公司條例」)附表5所要求而進行之討論和分析,包括對本集團的中肯審視、對本集團面對的主要風險及不明朗因素的討論、在二零二四財政年度終結後發生對本集團有影響的重大事件的詳情、本集團、對本集團有影響的重大事件的詩情、本集團、當可能進行的未來發展的揭示、有關本集團、資政策及表現以及與主要持份者之間的關係的討論。以上討論屬本董事會報告的一部分。

二零二四年內,本集團沒有不遵守對其業務有重 大影響的有關法律及規例的事件發生。



董事報告書

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the annual general meeting ("AGM"), the details of closure of register of members will be announced in due course, please refer to the forthcoming notice of AGM for further information.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the published results and assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements, is set out on page 20 of the annual report.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out on page 88 and page 176 respectively.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of the Company's share capital and share options scheme are set out in notes 25 and 26 to the consolidated financial statements respectively

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws or the law of Bermuda which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為確定出席股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)及 於會上投票的權利,本公司將後續公佈暫停辦理 股份過戶登記手續,請參閱后續股東週年大會通 告。

財務資料概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之已公佈業績與資產和負債概要(摘錄自經審核綜合財務報表)載於年度報告第20頁。

儲備

年內本集團及本公司之儲備變動詳情分別載於第 88頁及第176頁。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團的物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情,載於綜合財務報表附註16。

股本及購股權

本公司的股本及購股權計劃詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註25及26。

優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達法例並無規定本公司 須按現有股東之持股比例發售新股之優先購買權 之規定。

董事報告書

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Pursuant to the Company Act 1981 of Bermuda, share premium of the Company is distributable to the shareholders. At 31 December 2024, the company had no reserve available for distribution to equity of the company (2023: Nil).

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The percentage of purchases and sales for the year ended 31 December 2024 attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

Purchases

 the largest supplier 	13%	(2023: 12%)
 five largest suppliers combined 	36%	(2023: 42%)

Sales

- the largest customer	64%	(2023: 71%)
- five largest customers combined	95%	(2023: 94%)

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers stated above.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITION IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

So far as is known to any directors or chief executives of the Company, as at 31 December 2024, shareholders (other than directors or chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote on all circumstances at general meeting of any other members of the Group or substantial shareholders as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

可供派發儲備

根據百慕達公司法(一九八一年),本公司股份溢價可供派發予股東。於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司沒有可供派發予股東之儲備(二零二三年:無)。

主要供應商及客戶

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團 的主要供應商及客戶應佔的購貨額及銷售額百分 比如下:

購貨額

- 最大供應商 13%(二零二三年:12%) - 五大供應商合共 36%(二零二三年:42%)

銷售額

 - 最大客戶
 64% (二零二三年:71%)

 - 五大客戶合共
 95% (二零二三年:94%)

董事、彼等的聯繫人、或就董事所知擁有本公司 股本5%以上的任何股東,概無於上述主要供應商 或客戶擁有權益。

主要股東及其他人士於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉

就本公司任何董事或行政總裁所知,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,以下為根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須向本公司披露於本公司股份或相關股份的權益的股東(本公司董事或行政總裁除外)或直接或間接持有附帶於所有情況下於本集團任何其他成員公司股東大會上投票之任何類別股本面值之5%或以上,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置的登記冊所記錄:

董事報告書

(a) Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each of the Company (一) 本公司每股面值0.01港元之普通股

Number of shares held 持有股份數目

		持有股份數	目	
	Capacity/	Long	Short	Percentage of
Name of shareholder	Nature of interest	position	position	shareholding
股東名稱	身份 / 權益類別	好倉	淡倉	持有股本百分比
ж и и	2) N / F III / X / 1	77 /4	八月	3 C D 1 XI E E
Goldcorp Industrial Limited	Beneficial owner	136,307,500	_	10.35%
delacerp madernal Emiliea	實益擁有人	(note 1)		10.0070
	貝盆傩有八			
		(附註1)		
Great Song Enterprises	Interest of controlled	136,307,500	_	10.35%
Limited				10.0070
Limitea	corporation	(notes 1 and 2)		
	受控制法團權益	(附註1及2)		
Mr. Hung Yung Lai	Interest of controlled	136,307,500	_	10.35%
熊融禮先生	corporation	(notes 2 and 4)		10.0070
熊體包儿生	·	,		
	受控制法團權益	(附註2及4)		
	Beneficial owner	38,532,500	_	2.92%
	實益擁有人	00,002,000		2.0270
	- 1 — m 137 1			
Ms. Li Kei Ling	Interest of controlled	136,307,500	_	10.35%
李其玲女士	corporation	(notes 2 and 3)		
1 //4 // 工	受控制法團權益	(附註2及3)		
	文控制広邑惟盆	(門) 社2次3 /		
Mdm Iu Pun	Interest of spouse	174,840,000	_	13.27%
姚彬女士	配偶權益	(note 5)		
7010/2	日の一時一年	(附註5)		
		(四月直生3)		
Mr. Lin Xue Xin	Beneficial owner	118,560,000	_	9.00%
林學新先生	實益擁有人			
Ms. Zhou Cuilian	Interest of spouse	123,552,682	_	9.38%
周翠蓮女士	配偶權益	(note 6)		
		(附註6)		
		(FIJ ILLO)		
Mr. Li Dong	Beneficial owner	65,860,000	_	5.00%
李冬先生	實益擁有人			
		_, ,		
Ms. Lei Ying	Interest of spouse	71,183,950	_	5.40%
雷瑩女士	配偶權益	(note 7)		
		(附註7)		
		(113 8		

董事報告書

Share options (b)

(二) 購股權

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Capacity/Nature of i 身份/權益類別	interes	t Number of Share options held 持有之購股權數目
Mr. Lin Xue Xin 林學新先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人		4,992,682
Mr. Li Dong 李冬先生	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人		5,323,950
Notes:		附註:	
Goldcorp Industrial Limited is a lim in the British Virgin Islands equally		1.	Goldcorp Industrial Limited為一間於英屬處女群島註冊成立之有限責任公司,由熊融禮先生及Great Song

- Great Song Enterprises Limited which in turn is wholly owned by Ms. Li Kei Ling.
- 2 The Shares were held by Goldcorp Industrial Limited.
- 3. Ms. Li Kei Ling controls more than one third of the voting power of Great Song Enterprises Limited which in turn holds more than one third of the voting power of Goldcorp Industrial Limited. Ms Li Kei Ling is deemed, by virtue of the SFO, to be interested in the same 136,307,500 shares held by Goldcorp Industrial Limited.
- 4 Mr. Hung Yung Lai controls more than one third of the voting power of Goldcorp Industrial Limited. Mr. Hung Yung Lai is deemed, by virtue of the SFO, to be interested in the same 136,307,500 shares held by Goldcorp Industrial Limited.
- These shares are beneficially owned by Goldcorp Industrial Limited as mentioned in Note 4 of above. Mr. Hung Yung Lai is deemed to be interested in the same 136,307,500 shares held by Goldcorp Industrial Limited. Mdm lu Pun is the wife of Mr. Hung Yung Lai and is deemed to be interested in these shares in which Mr. Hung Yung Lai is deemed or taken to be interested for the purpose of the SFO. She is also deemed to be interested in the 38,532,500 shares beneficially owned by Mr. Hung Yung Lai as mentioned in Note 4 above for the purpose of SFO.
- 6 Ms. Zhou Cuilian is the spouse of Mr. Lin Xue Xin. Accordingly, Ms. Zhou Cuilian is deemed or taken to be interested in the 4,992,682 share options and the 118,560,000 shares in which Mr. Lin Xue Xin is interested in under the SFO.
- Ms. Lei Ying is the spouse of Mr. Li Dong. Accordingly, Ms. Lei Ying is deemed or taken to be interested in the 5,323,950 share options and the 65,860,000 shares in which Mr. Li Dong is interested in under the

- 冊成立之有限責任公司,由熊融禮先生及Great Song Enterprises Limited以相同股權共同持有,而Great Song Enterprises Limited則由李其玲女士全資擁有。
- 該批股份由Goldcorp Industrial Limited持有。
- 李其玲女士控制Great Song Enterprises Limited的投 票權超過三分之一,而後者持有Goldcorp Industrial Limited的投票權超過三分之一。鑑於證券及期貨 條例,李其玲女士被視作擁有Goldcorp Industrial Limited所持有的136,307,500股股份的相同權益。
- 熊融禮先生持有Goldcorp Industrial Limited的投票 權超過三分之一。鑑於證券及期貨條例,熊融禮先 生被視作擁有Goldcorp Industrial Limited所持有的 136.307.500股股份的相同權益。
- 該等股份由Goldcorp Industrial Limited實益擁有, 按上文附註4所述, 熊融禮先生被視作擁有Goldcorp Industrial Limited所持有的136,307,500股股份的相同 權益。姚彬女士為熊融禮先生的妻子,根據證券及期 貨條例,彼被當作於熊融禮先生被當作或視為擁有該 等股份的權益中擁有權益。按上文附註4所述,根據證 券及期貨條例,彼亦被當作於熊融禮先生被當作或視 為擁有38,532,500股股份的權益中擁有權益。
- 周翠蓮女士為林學新先生的配偶。因此,根據證券及 期貨條例,周翠蓮女士被視為或當作於林學新先生所 擁有4,992,682股購股權及118,560,000股股份的權益 中擁有權益。
- 雷瑩女士為李冬先生的配偶。因此,根據證券及期 貨條例,雷瑩女士被視為或當作於李冬先生所擁有 5,323,950股購股權及65,860,000股股份的權益中擁 有權益。

董事報告書

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, the directors or chief executives of the Company were not aware of any other person (other than directors or chief executives of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provision of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or who was interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meeting of any other member of the Group or any other substantial shareholders as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司的董事或行政總裁並不知悉任何其他人士(本公司董事或行政總裁除外)擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部的條文須向本公司披露的本公司股份或相關股份的權益,或擁有附有權利在所有情況下可於本集團任何其他成員公司的股東大會上投票的任何類別股本面值的5%或以上,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須存置的登記冊所記錄。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITION IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2024, the interests or short positions of the directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of Laws of Hong Kong (the "SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which he/she is taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or which were required to be entered into the register required to be kept by the Company, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債 權證之權益及淡倉

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本公司董事及行政總裁於本公司或其他任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部(香港法例第571章))之任何股份、相關股份及債權證中有任何根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券公期貨條例的該等條文被視作或當作擁有的權益或淡倉),或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須登記於本公司置存的登記冊或須根據GEM上市規則第5.48至5.67條須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

董事報告書

Directors' interests in securities of the Company:

董事於本公司證券的權益:

Name of Directors	Long/ Short Position	Capacity/ Nature of interests	Interests in ordinary shares 於普通股中	Interest in underlying shares of share options 於購股權 所涉相關		Percentage of aggregate interests to total issued share capital of the Company
董事姓名	好/淡倉	身份/權益類別	的權益	股份中的權益	總權益	的總權益百分比
Mr. Hung Ying 熊纓先生	Long Position 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	14,547,500	3,815,498	18,362,998	1.39%
Mr. Lin Xue Xin 林學新先生	Long Position 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	118,560,000	4,992,682	123,552,682	9.38%
Mr. Li Dong 李冬先生	Long Position 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	65,860,000	5,323,950	71,183,950	5.40%
Mr. Zang Jingjing 臧晶晶先生	Long Position 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	65,860,000	-	65,860,000	5.00%
Mr. Pao Ping Wing 浦炳榮先生	Long Position 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	-	307,606	307,606	0.02%

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2024, none of the Directors and chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debenture of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required, pursuant to Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年十二月三十一日,概無董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份及債權證中有任何根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例有關條文彼當被當作或視為擁有之權益或淡倉),或記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條須存置之登記冊之權益或淡倉,或根據GEM上市規則第5.48至第5.67條須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡倉。

董事報告書

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted on 27 August 2001 for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors and eligible employees, and has been expired on 27 August 2011. Under the Scheme, the board of Directors of the Company may grant options to eligible employees, including directors of the Company and its subsidiaries, to subscribe for shares in the Company. The Scheme would be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on the adoption date and have come to its expiration. All other respects of the provisions of the Scheme shall remain in full force and holders of all options granted under the Scheme prior to such expiry shall be entitled to exercise the outstanding options pursuant to the terms of the Scheme until expiry of the said options. As a result, a new share option scheme which was approved on 28 February 2011 (the "New Scheme"), take effect immediately after the expiry of the Scheme. The principal terms of the New Scheme are same with the Scheme.

Pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company held on 28 February 2011 (the "SGM"), the Scheme mandate limit was refreshed so that the Company was authorised to grant share options under the existing Scheme for subscription of up to a total of 81,184,000 shares, representing approximately 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the SGM.

Pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 11 May 2016 (the "AGM"), the scheme mandate limit under the share option scheme of the Company was refreshed again so that the Company was authorised to grant additional share options for subscription for a total of 86,443,000 shares under the refreshed mandate limit, representing approximately 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the AGM.

Pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 11 May 2018 (the "AGM"), the scheme mandate limit under the share option scheme of the Company was refreshed again so that the Company was authorised to grant additional share options for subscription for a total of 61,032,000 shares under the refreshed mandate limit, representing approximately 6.95% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the AGM.

購股權計劃

本公司之購股權計劃(「該計劃」)於二零零一年 八月二十七日所採納,主要目的為獎勵董事中 資格僱員,並已於二零一年八月二十七日所採納。 「包括本公司及其附屬公司之董事」授出購來 (包括本公司及其附屬公司之董事)授出購來 以認購本公司股份。該計劃由採納當日起其機權效, 為期十年且已經屆滿。該計劃條文之所有有條之 權之持有人於是次到期前,根據該計劃授出之所有條 權之持有權行使未獲行使之購股權,直至前 股權到期。因此,於二零一一年二月二十八後 股權到期。因此,於二零一一年二月二十八後 發批准的新計劃(「新計劃」),於該計劃屆 即生效。新計劃之主要條款與該計劃相同。

根據股東於二零一一年二月二十八日舉行之本公司股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)上通過之普通決議案,計劃授權上限已獲更新,以使本公司獲授權根據現行之該計劃授出可認購合共最多81,184,000股股份之購股權,佔股東特別大會日期本公司已發行股本約10%。

根據股東於二零一六年五月十一日舉行的本公司 股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上通過的普通 決議案,本公司購股權項下的計劃授權上限再獲 更新,本公司因此獲授權授出額外購股權,可 根據經更新授權上限認購合共86,443,000股股份,佔於股東週年大會日期本公司已發行股本約 10%。

根據股東於二零一八年五月十一日舉行的本公司 股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)上通過的普通 決議案,本公司購股權項下的計劃授權上限再獲 更新,本公司因此獲授權授出額外購股權,可 根據經更新授權上限認購合共61,032,000股股份,佔於股東週年大會日期本公司已發行股本約 6.95%。

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The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon the exercise of options granted and to be granted to each Participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12 months period up to the date of grant must not exceed 1% of the shares in issue at the date of grant.

The subscription shall be a price determined by the board of directors at its absolute discretion and shall not be less than the higher of the closing price of the share on the date of grant of the option and the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option.

Options granted shall be deemed to be accepted upon receipt of the acceptance of offer letter from the grantee within 28 days from the offer date, together with a remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1 by way of consideration for the grant.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Scheme at any time during a period notified by the board to each grantee but may not be exercised after the expiry of 10 years from the date of grant.

On 9 October 2007 the Company granted 47,550,000 options to subscribe for shares in the Company under the Scheme at an exercise price of HK\$0.368 per share to its employees of the Group. Shares of the Company were at closing price of HK\$0.36 immediately before the day on which options were granted. Options granted on 9 October 2007 were expired during year 2017.

On 19 January 2010 the Company granted 20,900,000 options to subscribe for shares in the Company under the Scheme at an exercise price of HK\$0.20 per share to its directors and employees of the Group. Shares of the Company were at closing price of HK\$0.20 immediately before the day on which options were granted. Options granted on 19 January 2010 were expired during year 2020.

On 16 August 2010 the Company granted 8,990,000 options to subscribe for shares in the Company under the Scheme at an exercise price of HK\$0.84 per share to its employees of the Group. Shares of the Company were at closing price of HK\$0.84 immediately before the day on which options were granted. Options granted on 16 August 2010 were expired during year 2020.

直至授出日期任何十二個月期間各參與者根據行使獲授及將獲授的購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使的購股權),從而獲得已發行及將予發行的股份總數不得超過於授出日期已發行股份的1%。

認購價須由董事會全權決定,惟該價格將不少於 授出購股權當日的股份收市價及授出購股權日期 前五個營業日的平均收市價這兩者中的較高者。

當員工收到公司發出有關授予購股權的法律文書後的28天內,簽署有關接納購股權的法律文書並送回本公司,並同時支付象徵性的港幣1元購股權接納款時,已表示員工與公司之間已就購股權事項達成協定。

購股權可於董事會通知各承授人的期間內隨時根 據購股權計劃的條款行使,但不可於授出日期後 十年屆滿期後行使。

本公司按該計劃於二零零七年十月九日向其僱員 授予47,550,000股股份之購股權,該批股權之行使價為每股港幣0.368元。在購股權授於前一個交易日,本公司的股票收市價為每股港幣0.36元。於二零零七年十月九日授出的購股權已於二零一七年度期間到期。

本公司按該計劃於二零一零年一月十九日向其董事及僱員授予20,900,000股股份之購股權,該批股權之行使價為每股港幣0.20元。在購股權授於前一個交易日,本公司的股票收市價為每股港幣0.20元。於二零一零年一月十九日授出的購股權已於二零二零年度期間到期。

本公司按該計劃於二零一零年八月十六日向其僱員授予8,990,000股股份之購股權,該批股權之行使價為每股港幣0.84元。在購股權授於前一個交易日,本公司的股票收市價為每股港幣0.84元。於二零一零年八月十六日授出的購股權已於二零二零年度期間到期。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事報告書

On 10 January 2011, the Company granted 65,000,000 share options to subscribe for shares in the company under the Share Option Scheme at an exercise price of HK\$0.730 per share to Mr. Hung Yung Lai, Chairman of the Group. Shares of the Company were at closing price of HK\$0.730 immediately before the day on which options were granted. The grant of share options to Mr. Hung Yung Lai and the specific mandate to allot, issue and deal with the shares of the Company upon conversion of the foregoing share options were approved by the SGM held on 28 February 2011. Options granted on 10 January 2011 were expired during year 2021.

本公司按購股權計劃於二零一一年一月十日向其主席熊融禮先生授予65,000,000股股份之購股權,該批股權之行使價為每股港幣0.730元。在購股權授於前一個交易日,本公司的股票收市價為每股港幣0.730元。向熊融禮先生授出購股權及於上述購股權獲轉換時以配發、發行及處理本公司股份之特別授權已於二零一一年二月二十八日舉行之股東特別大會上通過。於二零一一年一月十日授出的購股權已於二零二一年度期間到期。

On 13 January 2011, the Company granted 19,260,000 share options to subscribe for shares in the Company under the Share Option Scheme at an exercise price of HK\$0.714 per share to its employees of the Group. Shares of the Company were at closing price of HK\$0.690 immediately before the day on which options were granted. The grant of share options to its employees of the Company and the specific mandate to allot, issue and deal with the shares of the Company upon conversion of the foregoing share options were approved by the SGM held on 28 February 2011. Options granted on 13 January 2011 were expired during year 2021.

本公司按購股權計劃於二零一一年一月十三日向其僱員授予19,260,000股股份之購股權,該批股權之行使價為每股港幣0.714元。在購股權授於前一個交易日,本公司的股票收市價為每股港幣0.690元。向僱員授出購股權及於上述購股權獲轉換時以配發、發行及處理本公司股份之特別授權已於二零一一年二月二十八日舉行之股東特別大會上通過。於二零一一年一月十三日授出的購股權已於二零二一年度期間到期。

On 24 June 2013, the Company granted 59,780,000 share options to subscribe for shares in the Company under the Share Option Scheme at an exercise price of HK\$0.1122 per share to a Director and its employees of the Group. Shares of the Company were at closing price of HK\$0.101 immediately before the day on which options were granted. Options granted on 24 June 2013 were expired during current year.

本公司按購股權計劃於二零一三年六月二十四日 向其董事及僱員授予59,780,000股股份之購股 權,該批股權之行使價為每股港幣0.1122元。在 購股權授於前一個交易日,本公司的股票收市價 為每股港幣0.101元。於二零一三年六月二十四 日授出的購股權已於本年到期。

On 15 May 2015, the Company granted 21,400,000 share options to subscribe for shares in the Company under the Share Option Scheme at an exercise price of HK\$0.43 per share to a Director and its employees of the Group. Shares of the Company were at closing price of HK\$0.43 immediately before the day on which options were granted.

本公司按購股權計劃於二零一五年五月十五日向 其董事及僱員授予21,400,000股股份之購股權, 該批股權之行使價為每股港幣0.43元。在購股權 授於前一個交易日,本公司的股票收市價為每股 港幣0.43元。

On 7 April 2017, the Company granted 86,440,000 share options to subscribe for shares in the Company under the Share Option Scheme at an exercise price of HK\$0.182 per share to its directors, employees and consultants of the Group. Shares of the Company were at closing price of HK\$0.182 immediately before the day on which options were granted.

本公司按購股權計劃於二零一七年四月七日向其董事、僱員及顧問授予86,440,000股股份之購股權,該批股權之行使價為每股港幣0.182元。在購股權授於前一個交易日,本公司的股票收市價為每股港幣0.182元。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事報告書

The summary details of options granted are as follows:

購股權之簡要詳情如下:

Name of directors, continuous contract employees and consultants	Exercise period	Adjusted exercise price 經調整	Number of share options outstanding as at 1 January 2024 於二零二四年 一月一日 未行使	Number of share options granted during the year 年內已授出	Number of share options exercised during the year 年內已行使	Number of share options lapsed during the year 年內已失效	Number of share options outstanding as at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日 未行使
持續合約僱員及顧問	行使期	行使價 HK\$ 港元	購股權數目	購股權數目	購股權數目	購股權數目	購股權數目
Hung Ying 熊纓	15 May 2015 to 14 May 2025 二零一五年五月十五日至 二零二五年五月十四日	0.3635	2,247,890	-	-	-	2,247,890
Lin Xue Xin 林學新	15 May 2015 to 14 May 2025 二零一五年五月十五日至 二零二五年五月十四日	0.3635	3,549,300	-	-	-	3,549,300
Li Dong 李冬	15 May 2015 to 14 May 2025 二零一五年五月十五日至 二零二五年五月十四日	0.3635	1,774,650	-	-	-	1,774,650
Continuous contract employees (other than directors) 持續合約僱員 (董事除外)	15 May 2015 to 14 May 2025 二零一五年五月十五日至 二零二五年五月十四日	0.3635	6,861,980	-	-	(2,366,200)	4,495,780
Hung Ying 熊纓	7 April 2017 to 6 April 2027 二零一七年四月七日至 二零二七年四月六日	0.1538	1,567,608	-	-	-	1,567,608
Lin Xue Xin 林學新	7 April 2017 to 6 April 2027 二零一七年四月七日至 二零二七年四月六日	0.1538	1,443,382	-	-	-	1,443,382
Pao Ping Wing 浦炳榮	7 April 2017 to 6 April 2027 二零一七年四月七日至 二零二七年四月六日	0.1538	307,606	-	-	-	307,606
Lo King Man 盧景文	7 April 2017 to 6 April 2027 二零一七年四月七日至 二零二七年四月六日	0.1538	307,606	-	-	(307,606)	-



董事報告書

Name of directors, continuous contract employees and consultants	Exercise period	Adjusted exercise price	Number of share options outstanding as at 1 January 2024 於二零二四年	Number of share options granted during the year	Number of share options exercised during the year	Number of share options lapsed during the year	Number of share options outstanding as at 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日
董事姓名、 持續合約僱員及顧問	行使期	經調整 行使價 HK\$ 港元	未行使 購股權數目	年內已授出 購股權數目	年內已行使 購股權數目	年內已失效 購股權數目	未行使 購股權數目
Li Dong 李冬	7 April 2017 to 6 April 2027 二零一七年四月七日至 二零二七年四月六日	0.1538	3,549,300	-	-	-	3,549,300
Continuous contract employees (other than directors) 持續合約僱員 (董事除外)	7 April 2017 to 6 April 2027 二零一七年四月七日至 二零二七年四月六日	0.1538	10,789,872	-	-	(1,680,002)	9,109,870
Consultants 顧問	7 April 2017 to 6 April 2027 二零一七年四月七日至 二零二七年四月六日	0.1538	32,422,855	-	-	-	32,422,855
			64,822,049	-	-	4,353,808	60,468,241

The exercise price for the options granted and number of 已授出購股權之行使價及已授出購股權之股份數 shares in respect of options granted were adjusted to reflect 目已作出調整,以反映截至二零一九年十二月 the impact of the rights issue during the year ended 31 三十一日止年度供股之影響。 December 2019.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事報告書

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES

Apart from as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Directors' and chief executives' interest and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures" below and the share option scheme disclosures in note 26 to the consolidated financial statements, at no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in the company granted to any director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, or the Company's subsidiary or holding company or a subsidiary of the Company's holding company or a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

MANAGEMENT SHAREHOLDERS

Save for the directors, management shareholders and substantial shareholders as herein disclosed, the Directors are not aware of any persons who as at 31 December 2024 were entitled to exercise or control the exercise of 5% or more of the voting power at general meetings of the Company and who were able, as a practical matter, to direct or influence the management of the Company.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

COMPETITION AND CONFLICT OF INTERESTS

None of the directors, management shareholders or substantial shareholders of the Company or any of their respective associates, as defined in the GEM Listing Rules, has engaged in any business that competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group or has any other conflict of interests with the Group during year ended 31 December 2024.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the "Corporate Governance Report" on page 42 to page 78 of this annual report.

董事購買股份之權利

除上文「董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證之權益及淡倉」一段所彼露者及綜合財務報表附註26所披露之購股權計劃外,於年內任何時間,概無董事或彼等各自之配偶或未滿十八歲之子女獲授任何可藉收購本公司股份而獲利之權利或行使任何該等權利,而本公司或本公司之附屬公司或控股公司或本公司之控股公司之附屬公司亦無作出任何安排致使董事可於任何其他法人團體獲取有關權利。

管理層股東

除本文所披露之董事、管理層股東及主要股東外,董事並不知悉於二零二四年十二月三十一日,任何人士有權於本公司股東大會上行使或控制5%或以上投票權,及其可實際上指揮或影響本公司之管理層。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

於本呈報年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券。

競爭及利益衝突

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司之董事、管理層股東或主要股東或任何彼等各自之聯繫人士(定義見GEM上市規則)概無進行與本集團業務(不論直接或間接)競爭或可能競爭之任何業務或與本集團產生任何其他利益衝突。

企業管治

本公司之企業管治常規詳情載於本年度報告第42 至78頁之「企業管治報告」內。



董事報告書

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

In addition to the discussions on the Group's environmental policies and performance in the Business Review of this annual report, the electronic version of the ESG report are available on the website of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the website of the Company (www.singlee.com.cn).

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

As at the date of this report, based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Directors confirm that the Company maintained the amount of public float as required under the GEM Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Lin Xue Xin (Chairman) Hung Ying (Vice Chairman) Zang Jingjing Li Dona Cai Jin

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Pao Ping Wing Chan Tsang Mo Chen Xinai (appointed on 28 March 2024)

Pursuant to Claus 87 of the Bye-Laws, Mr. Lin Xue Xin, Mr. Zang Jinging and Mr. Pao Ping Wing shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. All of the above retiring Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from Mr. Pao Ping Wing, Mr. Chan Tsang Mo and Ms. Chen Xinai and as at the date of this report still considers them to be independent.

環境、社會及管治報告

除於本年報業務審視中有關本集團之環境政策及 表現之討論外,電子版環境、社會及管治報告可 於聯交所網站(www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司網 站(www.singlee.com.cn)上查閱。

足夠公眾持股量

根據本公司從公開途徑取得的資料及就董事所 知,董事確認於本報告日期本公司維持GEM上市 規則規定之公眾持股量。

董事

於年內及截至本報告日期為止,本公司的董事如

執行董事

林學新(主席) 熊纓(副主席) 臧晶晶 李冬 蔡瑾

獨立非執行董事

浦炳榮 陳增武 陳新愛(於二零二四年三月二十八日獲委任)

根據公司細則第87條,林學生先生、臧晶晶生和 浦炳榮先生須於本公司應屆股東週年大會上輪值 退任。上述所有退任董事均符合資格並願意於本 公司應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

本公司已接獲浦炳榮先生、陳增武先生及陳新愛 女士發出確認其獨立性之年度聲明,並認為彼等 於本報告日期仍屬獨立。

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

董事報告書



None of the directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company which is not terminable within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the directors of the Company and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 21 to 25 of the annual report.

DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emoluments of the directors and chief executive of the Company and the five highest paid employees of the Group are set out in notes 12 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements, respectively.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS AND CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements, no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company or a controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries, had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

Details of the connected transactions are set out in note 33 to the consolidated financial statements. During the year ended 31 December 2024, there were no connected transactions or continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules which are required to comply with any of the reporting, announcement or independent shareholders' approval requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

董事服務合約

擬於即將召開之股東週年大會上連任之董事並無 與本公司訂立不可於一年內免賠償(除法定賠償 外)予以終止之服務合約。

董事及高級管理層履歷

本公司董事及本集團高級管理層之履歷詳情載於 年度報告第21至25頁。

董事、最高行政人員及五名最高薪酬僱員之 薪酬

本公司董事及最高行政人員及本集團五名最高薪酬僱員之酬金詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註12及13。

董事合約權益及控股股東合約權益

除載於綜合財務報表附註33外,於呈報年度,概無有關本集團業務(其中本公司為其中一方),而本公司董事或控股股東或其任何附屬公司,無論直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大合約存在。

關連交易

關連交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註33。截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,根據GEM上市規則第20章,本公司並無進行任何關連交易或持續關連交易,而須遵守GEM上市規則的申報、公告或獨立股東批准規定。



董事報告書

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Articles provides that every Director is entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities (to the fullest extent permitted by the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong)) which he may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto.

The Group has taken out and maintained directors' liability insurance throughout the year, which provides appropriate cover for legal actions brought against the Directors and directors of the subsidiaries of the Group. The level of the coverage is reviewed annually.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Save for the share option scheme of the Company as disclosed in the section headed "Share Option Scheme", no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 were audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu who retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment.

On behalf of the Board

Lin Xue Xin

Chairman

Hangzhou, the PRC, 27 March 2025

獲准許之彌償條文

細則規定,各董事有權就履行其職務或在履行其職務方面或在其他有關方面可能蒙受或招致之所有損失或責任(在公司條例(香港法例第622章)最大程度准許的情況下)從本公司之資產中獲取彌償。

本公司於年內已購買及維持董事責任保險,就針 對董事及本集團附屬公司之董事的任何法律訴訟 提供適當保障。保障範圍每年檢討一次。

股票掛鈎協議

除「購股權計劃」一節所披露之本公司購股權計 劃外,於本年度內,本集團概無訂立或存在股票 掛鈎協議。

管理層合約

於呈報年內,概無簽訂或存在任何本公司業務之整體或任何重要部份之有關管理及行政之合約。

核數師

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表經德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行審核,其將任滿告退並符合資格膺選連任。

代表董事會

主席 林學新

中國,杭州,二零二五年三月二十七日

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company recognises the value and importance of achieving high corporate governance standards to enhance corporate performance, transparency and accountability, earning the confidence of shareholders and the public. The Board strives to adhere to the principles of corporate governance and adopt sound corporate governance practices to meet the legal and commercial standards by focusing on areas such as internal control, fair disclosure and accountability to all shareholders.

The Company has complied with all applicable code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") set out in Appendix C1 of the GEM Listing Rules in the year ended 31 December 2024 except for the deviation from the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code and the minimum on number requirements independent non-executive directors as set out in Rule 5.05(1), 5.05A and 5.28 of the Gem Listing Rules for the period from 1 January 2024 to 28 March 2024, which is explained in the relevant paragraph of this Corporate Governance Report.

DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions during the twelve months ended 31 December 2024 as set out in GEM Listing Rules 5.48 to 5.67. The Company has made specific enquiry of all the Directors and the Company was not aware of any noncompliance with the required standard of dealings regarding the securities transactions by Directors.

Specific employees who are likely to be possession of unpublished price-sensitive information of the Group are also subject to compliance with the same Code of Conduct. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024.

企業管治常規

本公司認同達致較高的企業管治標準的價值和重要性是有助加強企業的業績、透明度和責任心,從而取得股東和社會大眾的信心。董事會盡力遵守企業管治原則及採納有效的企業管治守則以滿足法律上及商業上的標準,專注例如內部監控、公平披露及向所有股東的負責等範疇。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,除由二零二四年一月一日至二零二四年三月二十八日偏離企業管治守則的守則條文C.2.1及根據GEM上市規則5.05(1),5.05A及5.28要求最少三名獨立非執行董事(於本企業管治報告中相關段落解釋)外,本公司已遵守GEM上市規則附錄C1所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)之所有適用守則條文。

董事進行之證券交易

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止十二個月期間,本公司已遵守GEM上市規則第5.48至5.67條有關董事進行證券交易之守則操守。本公司已向全體董事作出特定查詢,本公司並不知悉有任何不遵守有關董事進行證券交易所需之處理規定。

個別可能獲得本集團未刊發股價敏感資料之僱員 亦須遵守同一行為守則。截至二零二四年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司並不知悉任何違反行為 守則之事件。



企業管治報告

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The board of directors of the Company comprises:

Executive Directors : Lin Xue Xin (Chairman)

: Hung Ying (Vice Chairman)

: Zang Jingjing : Li Dong

Independent : Pao Ping Wing Non-executive

Directors : Chen Xinai (appointed on 28

: Cai Jin

: Chan Tsang Mo

March 2024)

The Board formulates overall strategy of the Group, monitors its financial performance and maintains effective oversight over the management. The board members are fully committed to their roles and have acted in good faith to maximise the shareholders' value in the long run, and have aligned the Group's goals and directions with the prevailing economic and market conditions. Daily operations and administration are delegated to the management.

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group at each period end and of the results and cash flows for that period. In preparing these financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; made judgments and estimates that are prudent, fair and reasonable and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

董事會

本公司董事會成員包括:

執行董事 : 林學新(主席)

> : 熊纓(副主席) : 臧晶晶

: 李冬 : 蔡瑾

獨立非執行董事 : 浦炳榮

: 陳增武

: 陳新愛(於二零二四年 三月二十八日獲委任)

董事會制定集團整體發展策略、監控其財務表現 及保持對管理層的有效監督,董事會成員均盡忠 職守,並善意地以增加股東長遠最大價值行事, 以及把集團的目的及發展方向與目前經濟及市場 環境配合。日常運作及管理則交託管理層負責。

董事須於各財政期間,負責編製真實公平反映集 團於有關期間終結時的財務狀況,以及於有關期 間業績和現金流量的財務報表。在編製截至二 零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的財務報表時, 董事選擇並貫徹應用了適當的會計政策、作出審 慎、公平和合理的判斷與估計,以及按持續營運 的基準編製財務報表。

企業管治報告

The Company Secretary is responsible to the Board for providing with Board papers and related materials, for ensuring that all Board procedures and all applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed, and for reporting to the Chairman on governance matters. All directors have unrestricted access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company secretary keeps minutes of all meetings which are available for inspection at any reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Directors. The Company Secretary also plays an essential role in the relationship between the Company and its shareholders, including assisting the Board in discharging its obligations to shareholders pursuant to the Listing Rules.

公司秘書之職責包括向董事會提供董事會文件及相關資料,以及確保遵照所有董事會程序及一切適用之法例、規則及規例,並就管治事宜向主席滙報。所有董事均可不受限制地獲公司秘書提供意見及服務。公司秘書就各會議作出會議記錄時代出合理通知主的閱該等會議記錄。公司秘書在維繫公司與股東的關係方面亦肩負重任,包括協助董事會按照上市規則履行對股東的責任。

The Company has arranged for Directors' Liability Insurance to indemnify its Directors against potential liabilities incurred by them in discharging their duties. The increase coverage for the Directors is reviewed on an annual basis. Throughout the year, no claim had been made against the Directors of the Company.

本公司已為董事安排董事責任保險,以賠償彼等 因履行各之職責而引起之潛在責任。董事之承保 範圍會於每年進行檢討。於整個本年度,本公司 董事並無遭遇任何索償。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS ("INEDS")

獨立非執行董事

Independent non-executive directors were appointed for a period of two years commencing from their employment dates. 各獨立非執行董事的任期由委任日期起計為期兩 年。

In accordance with rule 5.05A, 5.05 (1) and (2) of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company is required to appointed three independent non-executive directors representing more than one-third of the Board and at least one of whom has appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. However, the Company do not fulfill the requirements to appoint 3 Independent Non-executive directors which is explained in the relevant paragraph of this Corporate Governance Report. The Company has received from each independent non-executive director an annual confirmation of his independence, and the Company considers such directors to be independent in accordance with each and the various guidelines set out in rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

根據GEM上市規則第5.05A、5.05(1)及(2)條,本公司要求委任三名獨立非執行董事(佔董事會三分之一以上),且其中至少一名具備適當之專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長。但本公司並未符合委任三名獨立董事規定(於本企業管治報告相關段落解釋)。本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事確認其獨立性之年度聲明,而本公司認為,根據GEM上市規則第5.09條所載之各項不同指引,該等董事均屬獨立。

With the various experience of both the executive directors and the non-executive directors and the nature of the Group's business, the Board considered that the directors have a balance of skills and experience for the business of the Group.

有鑑於各執行董事及非執行董事擁有之不同經驗 及本集團之業務性質,董事會認為各董事於本集 團之經營技巧及經驗方面取得適當之平衡。

企業管治報告

APPOINTMENTS, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Each of the Executive Directors and Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of 2-3 years. Such term is subject to his re-appointment by the Company at an AGM upon retirement.

In accordance with the Company's Bye-laws, any Director appointed by the Board, (i) to fill a casual vacancy in the Board, shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall be subject to re-election at such meeting and (ii) as an addition to the Board shall hold office until the next AGM of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. In additions, in accordance with the Company's Bye-laws, one third of the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election by shareholders at each annual general meeting of the Company.

TRAINING AND SUPPORT FOR DIRECTORS

Directors must keep abreast of their collective responsibilities. Each newly appointed Director would receive an induction package covering the Group's businesses and the statutory and regulatory obligations of a director of a listed company. The Group also provides briefings and other training to develop and refresh the Directors' knowledge and skills. The Group continuously updates Directors on the latest developments regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements, to ensure compliance and enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices. Circulars or guidance notes are issued to Directors and senior management where appropriate, to ensure awareness of best corporate governance practices.

委任、重選及罷免董事

本公司各執行董事及獨立非執行董事與本公司訂 立二至三年的服務合約。該服務年期於董事退任 時可於股東週年大會上由本公司再度委任。

本公司之公司細則指出本公司委任的任何董事, (i)填補董事會空缺的成員任期僅至本公司下一次 股東大會,並可於該會重選,及(ii)新增之董事會 成員可任職至下屆股東週年大會為止,屆時彼可 重選。同時,根據本公司之公司細則,本公司每 屆股東週年大會上須有三分之一董事輪值退任及 經股東重選。

董事培訓及支援

董事均須瞭解其集體職責。每名新委任董事將獲得整套包括介紹本集團業務及上市公司董事在當事在內會及其他培訓,以發展及重溫董事之相關則及技能。本集團持續向董事提供有關上市規則與其他適用監管規定之最新發展概況,以確保是之最新發展概況,以確保是之最新發展也業管治常規。

企業管治報告

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Directors participated in the following trainings:

於二零二四年十二月三十一日年度,董事參與以 下培訓:

Type of Trainings 培訓類別

Executive Directors	執行董事 林學新先生	A D
Mr. Lin Xue Xin	你字材 兀生	A,B 甲・フ,
Mr. Hung Ying	熊纓先生	イン A,B 甲・乙
Mr. Zang Jingjing	臧晶晶先生	A,B
	774 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	甲,乙
Mr. Li Dong	李冬先生	A,B
· ·		甲,乙
Ms. Cai Jin	蔡謹女士	A,B
		甲,乙
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Pao Ping Wing	浦炳榮先生	A,B
		甲,乙
Mr. Chan Tsang Mo	陳增武	A,B
		甲,乙
Chen Xinai	陳新愛	
(appointed on 28 March 2024)	(於二零二四年三月二十八日獲委任)	A,B
		甲,乙

A: Study corporate governance issue relating to directors' duties 甲: 研究關於董事職責之企業管治事項

B: Reading newspaper, journals and updates relating to the economy, Z: 閱讀有關經濟、一般商務或董事職責等之報章、刊物 general business or directors' duties etc. 及更新資料

企業管治報告

BOARD INDEPENDENCE

The Company recognises that Board independence is pivotal in good corporate governance and Board effectiveness. The Board has established mechanisms to ensure independent views and input from any director of the Company are conveyed to the Board for enhancing an objective and effective decision making.

The governance framework and the following mechanisms are reviewed annually by the Board to ensure their effectiveness:

 Two out of the seven directors are independent nonexecutive directors, which less than the requirement of the Listing Rules that at least one-third of the Board and minimum 3 Directors are independent nonexecutive Directors.

> Following the resignation of Mr. Lo with effect from 31 December 2023, (i) the Board would thereafter comprise only two independent non-executive Directors; (ii) the Board would thereafter comprise less than one-third of the members are independent non-executive directors; and (iii) the Audit and Risk Management Committee would thereafter comprise only two members, no independent non-executive Director has been newly appointed to fill up the aforesaid vacancies from 1 January 2024 to 28 March 2024. Under such circumstances, the then number of the independent non-executive Directors in the Board and the number of the members in the audit and risk management committee would fall below the minimum number requirements as respectively set out in Rules 5.05 (1), 5.05A and 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules.

> Pursuant to Rule 5.06 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company shall appoint a sufficient number of independent non-executive Directors to meet the minimum number requirement as set out in Rule 5.05 (1) and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules within three months after failing to meet such requirement, while pursuant to Rule 5.33 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company shall appoint appropriate members to the audit and risk management committee to meet the minimum number requirement as set out in Rule 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules within three months after failing to meet such requirement.

董事會獨立性

本公司深知董事會獨立性對良好企業管治及董事 會效能至關重要。董事會已設立機制,確保本公司任何董事的獨立觀點及意見能夠傳達予董事 會,以提升決策的客觀性及成效。

董事會每年檢討管治架構及以下機制,以確保其 成效:

1. 七名董事中的其中兩名為獨立非執行董事,少於GEM上市規則有關獨立非執行董事最少佔董事會三分之一及最少之規定。

在盧先生自二零二三年十二月三十一日起 辭任後,由二零二四年一月一日至二零 二四年三月二十八日概無新獲委任之之 立非執行董事填補上述空缺,(i)董事宣此 後將僅包括兩名獨立非執行董事;(ii) 會成員人數少於三分之一為獨立非執行董事;及(iii) 審核及風險管理委員會此後會會 包括兩名成員。在該等情況下,董事 時的獨立非執行董事人數及審核及風險管理委員會當時的成員人數將低於GEM上市 規則第5.05(1),5.05A及5.28條分別載列 之最低人數規定。

根據GEM上市規則第5.06條,本公司須於未能符合GEM上市規則第5.05(1),5.05A條所載的最低人數規定後的三個月內,委任足夠人數的獨立非執行董事,以符合有關規定,而根據GEM上市規則第5.33條,本公司須於未能符合GEM上市規則第5.28條所載的最低人數規定後的三個月內,委任適當人選作為審核及風險管理委員會成員,以符合有關規定。

企業管治報告

As at 28 March 2024, the Company have appointed Ms. Chen Xinai as a suitable candidate to fill up the vacancies so as to fulfill the requirements under the GEM Listing Rules.

於二零二四年三月二十八日,本公司已委 任陳新愛女士為合適人選以填補該等空 缺,並符合GEM上市規則規定。

- Apart from complying with the requirements prescribed by the GEM Listing Rules as to the composition of certain Board committees, independent non-executive directors will be appointed to all Board committees as far as possible to ensure independent views are available.
- 2. 除遵守GEM上市規則對若干董事委員會組成的規定外,獨立非執行董事將盡可能獲委任至所有董事委員會,以確保可取得獨立觀點。
- 3. The Nomination Committee will assess the independence of a candidate who is nominated to be a new independent non-executive director before appointment and the continued independence of the current long-serving independent non-executive directors on an annual basis.
- 3. 提名委員會將於每年評估獲提名為新獨立 非執行董事之候選人於獲委任前之獨立性 以及現時長期服務之獨立非執行董事之持 續獨立性。

Each independent non-executive director is also required to inform the Company as soon as practicable if there is any change in his/her own personal particulars that may materially affect his/her independence.

每名獨立非執行董事亦必須於其個人情況 有變且可能對其獨立性構成重大影響時, 盡快通知本公司。

All independent non-executive directors are required to submit a written confirmation to the Company annually to confirm the independence of each of them and their immediate family members, and their compliance with the requirements as set out in the rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

所有獨立非執行董事均須每年向本公司提交書面確認,以確認彼等各自及其直系家屬成員之獨立性,以及彼等是否符合GEM上市規則第5.09條所載之規定。

- 4. All directors are entitled to seek further information and documentation from the management on the matters to be discussed at board meetings. They can also seek assistance from the Company's company secretary (the "Company Secretary") and, where necessary, independent advice from external professional advisers at the Company's expense.
- 4. 所有董事均有權就董事會會議上討論的事項向管理層尋求進一步資料及文件。彼等亦可尋求本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘書」)協助及(於必要時)外部專業顧問的獨立意見,費用由本公司承擔。



企業管治報告

- 5. All directors are encouraged to express their views in an open and candid manner during the Board/Board Committees meetings.
- A director (including independent non-executive director) who has material interest in any contract, transaction or arrangement shall abstain from voting and not be counted in the quorum on any Board resolution approving the same.
- 7. No equity-based remuneration with performancerelated elements will be granted to independent nonexecutive directors.

CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Under the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code, the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing. Subsequent to the resignation of Mr. Lin Xue Xin on 1 November 2022, no replacement of the post of the chief executive officer has been fixed up to the date of this report. The Board will keep reviewing the current structure from time to time. If candidate with suitable knowledge, skills and experience is identified, the Company will make appointment to fill the post of chief executive officer as appropriate.

BOARD COMMITTEES & CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTIONS

The Board has established three Board committees, namely, the remuneration committee, the nomination committee and the audit and risk management committees, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees have been established with defined written terms of reference, which are posted on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong (the "Stock Exchange") website at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company's website at www.singlee.com.cn. All the Board committees should report to the Board on their decisions or recommendations made.

The practices, procedures and arrangements in conducting meetings of Board committees follow in line with, so far as practicable, those of the Board meetings.

- 5. 鼓勵所有董事在董事會/董事委員會會議 上開誠佈公地表達意見。
- 6. 於任何合約、交易或安排中擁有重大權益 之董事(包括獨立非執行董事)須放棄投 票且不得批准該等合約、交易或安排之任 何董事會決議案計入法定人數。
- 7. 將不會向獨立非執行董事授予具有績效相關要素之以股權為基礎之薪酬。

主席及行政總裁

根據企業管治守則第C.2.1條之守則條文,主席 與行政總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由一人人同時 兼任。主席與行政總裁之間職責應清楚界定並以 書面列載。自林學新先生於二零二二年十一月一 日辭任之後,截至本報告日期止,行政總裁適位 一直懸空。董事會將努力於集團內外發掘合適人 選。董事繼續不時檢討目前的架構,若發現具備 適當知識、技能及經驗的人選,本公司將於適當 時間作出委任以填補以上職位之空缺。

董事委員會及企業管治職能

董事會已成立薪酬委員會、提名委員會及審核及 風險管理委員會三個董事委員會,以監督本公司 事務各特定範疇。所有董事委員會均具有明確之 書面職權範圍,該等範圍刊載於香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)網站www.hkexnews.hk及 本公司網站www.singlee.com.cn。各董事委員會 須向董事會匯報其所作出之決定或推薦建議。

董事委員會舉行會議之常規、程序及安排在實際 可行情況下均與董事會會議之常規、程序及安排 貫徹一致。

企業管治報告

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in the Code which included developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of Directors, and reviewing the Company's compliance with the code provision in the Code and disclosures in this report.

董事會之職責為履行守則所載之企業管治職務,當中包括制定及檢討本公司之企業管治政策及常規、董事之培訓及持續專業發展,以及檢討本公司有否遵守守則之守則條文及本報告所作之披露。

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The remuneration committee was established in November 2005. The chairman of the committee is Mr. Chan Tsang Mo, and other members include Mr. Lin Xue Xin, Mr. Pao Ping Wing and Ms. Chen Xinai. Ms. Chen Xinai was appointed as a member of the remuneration committee on 28 March 2024. Details of the terms of reference of the remuneration committee are set out on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange.

The remuneration committee has been charged with the responsibility of making recommendations to the Board on appropriated policy and structures for all aspects of all Directors and senior management remuneration. The remuneration committee considers factors such as salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities of the Directors, employment conditions elsewhere in the Group and desirability of performance-based remuneration.

During the Year, the remuneration committee has considered and reviewed the remuneration packages and emoluments of Directors and senior management and consider that are fair and reasonable.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The nomination committee was established in March 2012. The Company has established a nomination committee chaired by the chairman of the board and other members are independent non-executive directors. The chairman of the committee is Mr. Lin Xue Xin and other members include Mr. Pao Ping Wing, Mr. Chan Tsang Mo and Ms. Chen Xinai. Ms. Chen Xinai was appointed as the member of nomination committee of the Company on 28 March 2024. Details of the terms of reference of the nomination committee are set out on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零零五年十一月成立。委員會主席為陳增武先生,而其他成員包括林學新先生、浦國榮先生及陳新愛女士。陳新愛女士於二零二四年三月二十八日獲委任為薪酬委員會成員。有關薪酬委員會之職權範圍詳情載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

薪酬委員會之職責為就全體董事及高級管理人員 所有薪酬方面之適當政策及架構向董事會提出推 薦建議。薪酬委員會考慮之因素包括可比較公司 所支付之薪金、董事所投放之時間及職責、本集 團內其他範疇之僱傭條件及按表現發放薪酬之可 行性。

於本年度內,薪酬委員會已考慮及審閱董事及高級管理人員之薪酬待遇及酬金,並認為屬公平合理。

提名委員會

本公司設立提名委員會,由董事會主席擔任主席,其他成員均為獨立非執行董事。提名委員會於二零一二年三月成立。委員會主席為林學新先生,而其他成員包括浦炳榮先生、陳增武先生及陳新愛女士。陳新愛女士於二零二四年三月二十八日獲獲委任為提名委員會成員。有關提名委員會之職權範圍詳情載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。



企業管治報告

The duties of the nomination committee are mainly to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy; identify suitable candidates for appointment as directors; make recommendations to the Board on appointment or reappointment of an succession planning for directors; assess the independence of independent non-executive directors; formulate and review the Board Diversity Policy and the progress on achieving the objectives set for implementing the policy.

提名委員會之主要職務為審閱董事會之架構、規模及成員組合,並就有關董事會之任何建議變動提出推薦建議,以配合本公司之企業策略;物色合適人士以委任為董事;就董事之委任、重新委任以及接任計劃向董事會提出推薦建議;評核獨立非執行董事之獨立性;及制訂及審閱《董事會多元化政策》及落實政策的達標進度。

During the Year, the nomination committee considered the past performance, qualification, general market conditions and the Company's articles of association in selecting and recommending candidates of directorship. The nomination committee discussed and reviewed the retirement and reelection of Directors. The nomination committee reviewed the Board Diversity Policy.

於本年度內,提名委員會挑選及推薦董事候選人時,會考慮彼等之往績、資歷、整體市場狀況及本公司之組織章程細則。提名委員會已討論及審閱董事之退任及重選。提名委員會已審閱了董事會多元化政策。

AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The audit and risk management committee was established in August 2001. The chairman of the audit and risk management committee is Mr. Chan Tsang Mo and other members include Mr. Pao Ping Wing and Ms. Chan Xinai. Ms. Chan Xinai was appointed as the member of audit and risk management committee of the Company on 28 March 2024. Details of the terms of reference of the audit and risk management committee are set out on the Company's website and the website of the Stock Exchange.

The primary duties of the audit and risk management committee are mainly to review the financial information, oversight of financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems, audit plan and arrangements to enable employees of the Company to raise, in confidence, concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters of the Company.

審核及風險管理委員會

審核及風險管理委員會於二零零一年八月成立。 審核及風險管理委員會主席為陳增武先生,而其 他成員包括浦炳榮先生及陳新愛女士。陳新愛 女士於二零二四年三月二十八日獲獲委任為審核 及風險管理委員會成員。有關審核及風險管理委 員會之職權範圍詳情載於本公司網站及聯交所網 站。

審核及風險管理委員會之基本職務主要為審閱財務資料、監管財務申報制度、風險管理及內部監控系統、審核計劃以及檢討相關安排,以讓本公司僱員可在保密情況下就本公司財務匯報、內部監控或其他方面可能發生之不當行為提出關注。

企業管治報告

Saved as disclosed in this report, the Company has complied with Rules 5.28 of the GEM Listing Rules in that at least one of the members of the audit and risk management committee (must be chaired by an Independent non-executive director) is an independent non-executive director who possesses appropriate professional qualifications or accounting related financial management expertise.

除了本報告已披露外,本公司已遵守GEM上市規則第5.28條,即審核及風險管理委員會(主席須為獨立非執行董事)至少須包括一名具備適當之專業資格或會計相關財務管理專長之獨立非執行董事。

Review of financial results

During the Year, the audit and risk management committee reviewed the 2024 Consolidated Financial Statements. Based on this review and discussions with management, the audit and risk management committee was satisfied that the Consolidated Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and fairly present the Group's financial position and results for the year ended 31 December 2024. The audit and risk management committee therefore recommended the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 be approved by the Board.

Review of risk management and internal control systems

During the Year, the audit and risk management committee reviewed the effectiveness of the Group's policies and procedures regarding internal control systems (including financial, operational, IT, risk management, information security, legal, compliance and those controls designed to detect material fraud) by reviewing the work of the Internal audit department and regular reports from management including those on risk management, regulatory compliance and legal matters.

The audit and risk management committee reviewed and concurred with the management's confirmation that for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group's risk management and internal control systems were effective with reference to the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) principles. The management's confirmation was endorsed by the audit and risk management committee and submitted to the Board.

審閲財務業績

於本年度內,審核及風險管理委員會已審閱二零 二四年的綜合財務報表。根據有關審閱以及與管 理層的討論,審核及風險管理委員會確信綜合財 務報表是按適用的會計準則編製,並公平呈列集 團截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度的財政 狀況及業績。因此,審核及風險管理委員會建議 董事會批准截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年 度的綜合財務報表。

檢討風險管理及內部監控系統

於本年度內,審核及風險管理委員會透過檢討內 部稽核部的工作、以及審閱管理層就風險管理、 監管合規及法律事宜等定期編備的報告,檢討 集團就內部監控系統(包括財務、營運、資訊技 術、風險管理、資訊保安、法律、合規監控及為 偵測重大欺詐行為而設的監控措施)所採納的政 策及程序的成效。

審核及風險管理委員會審閱並同意管理層所作的確認:於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,參照Committee of SponsoringOrganizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO)的Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)(《內部監控一綜合框架(二零一三年)》)的原則,集團的風險管理及內部監控系統有效運作。有關管理層確認書獲審核及風險管理委員贊同並提交予董事會。

企業管治報告

Review of accounting, financial reporting and internal audit functions

During the Year, the audit and risk management committee reviewed and was satisfied with the adequacy of the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, financial reporting and internal audit functions.

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted a Board Diversity Policy which sets out the approach to achieve a sustainable and balanced development of the Company and to enhance the quality of performance of the Company.

In designing the Board's composition, a number of perspectives which include professional experiences, business perspectives, skills, knowledge, gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity and length of service of the proposed candidates will be taken into consideration. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

The Nomination Committee will review the implementation and effectiveness of the Board Diversity Policy and report to the Board annually. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

檢討會計、財務匯報及內部審核功能

於本年度內,審核及風險管理委員會檢討集團就 會計、財務匯報及內部稽核方面所需的資源、員 工資歷和經驗、培訓課程及預算開支,並對有關 方面的充足程度表示滿意。

董事會多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會多元化政策,當中載列達致 本公司可持續及平衡發展以及提高本公司業績質 量的方針。

在設計董事會的組成時,將從不同角度作出考慮,包括建議候選人的專業經驗、營商視野、技能、知識、性別、年齡、文化和教育背景、族裔,以及服務年期等。全體董事會成員委任乃基於用人唯才之準則,而為有效達致董事會多元化,各候選人將按客觀條件加以考慮。

提名委員會獲授權檢討董事會多元化政策的實施 情及成效,並每年向董事會報告。提名委員會將 會討論任何需對多元化政策作出的修訂,並向董 事會提出修訂建議,供董事會考慮及批准。

企業管治報告

As at the date of this annual report, the Board's composition under diversified perspectives is summarised as follows:

於本年度報告日期,董事會就多元化方面而言的 構成概述如下:

A Role of directors

Executive Directors Independent Non-Executive Directors

A 董事角色

5	執行董事	5
3	獨立非執行董事	3

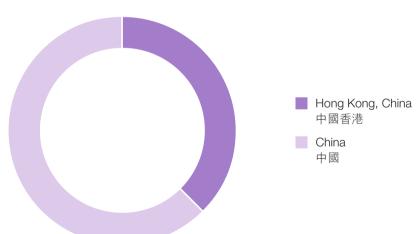


B Nationality



B 國籍

3	中國香港	3
5	中 國	5





企業管治報告

С С **Professional background** 專業背景 工商 Business 1 1 工程 Engineering 3 3 人類居住環境規劃發展 Human settlements planning and development 1 1 Accounting and auditing 1 會計及審計 1 Computer science and technology 計算機科學與技術 1 Business 工商 Engineering 工程 Human settlements planning and development 人類居住環境規劃發展 Accounting and auditing 會計及審計 Computer science and technology 計算機科學與技術 D 年齡 D Age 21-39 21-39 1 41-59 6 41-59 6 60或以上 1 60 or above 21-39 41–59

■ 60 or above 60或以上

企業管治報告

GENDER DIVERSITY

The Company believes the balance of gender in the Board would bring more inspiration to the Board and enhance the business development of the Group, thus gender diversity is the essential factor for the Company to select suitable candidate as a Director. The Board will take opportunity to increase the proportion of female members over time when selecting and making recommendation on suitable candidates for Board appointments. The Board would ensure that appropriate balance of gender diversity is achieved with reference to stakeholders' expectation and international and local recommended best practices.

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises eight directors, including 6 male and 2 female.

To achieve diversity at workforce level, the Group has put in place appropriate recruitment and selection practices such that a diverse range of candidates are considered. During the year under review, the Board was not aware of any mitigating factors or circumstances which make achieving gender diversity across the workforce (including senior management) more challenging or less relevant.

As at 31 December 2024, as set out in the section headed "B1. Employment" in the "2024 Environmental, Social and Government Report", among the 418 employees (including senior management) of the Group, the percentages of male employees and female employees are 62.7% and 37.3%, respectively. The Board considers that the Group's workforce (including senior management) are diverse in terms of gender.

性別多元化

本公司相信董事會的性別平衡將為董事會帶來更多靈感,並促進本集團的業務發展,因此性別多元化是本公司選擇合適董事人選的重要因素。董事會將藉此機會於甄選及推薦就任董事會的合適候選人時逐漸增加女性成員的比例。董事會將參考持份者期望及國際與本地的建議最佳慣例,確保達致性別多元化的適當平衡。

於本報告日期,董事會由八名董事組成,包括6 名男性及2名女性。

為實現員工層面的多元化,本集團已採取適當的 招聘及甄選措施,以便考慮多元化的候選人。於 回顧年內,董事會並不知悉有任何減輕因素或情 況,使實現全體員工(包括高級管理層)的性別 多元化更具挑戰性或相關性降低。

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,按「2024年環境、社會及管治報告」內的「B1.僱傭」一節所述,在本集團418名僱員(包括高級管理層)當中,男性僱員及女性僱員的比例分別為62.7%及37.3%。董事會認為,本集團的工作團隊(包括高級管理層)在性別上已屬多元化。

企業管治報告

BOARD AND BOARD COMMITTEES MEETINGS

The individual attendance records of each director at the meetings of the Board, Audit and Risk Management Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Annual General Meeting during the year ended 31 December 2024 is set out in the following table:

董事會及董事委員會會議

各董事於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 出席董事會、審核及風險管理委員會、薪酬委員 會、提名委員會及股東週年大會會議之記錄載於 下表:

			Audit			
			and Risk			Annual
			•	Remuneration	Nomination	General
		Board	Committee 審核及風險	Committee	Committee	Meeting
Directors	董事	董事會	管理委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	股東週年大會
Number of meetings held	會議舉行次數	4	2	3	3	1
Number of meetings attended/ Number of meetings held	會議出席次數/會議 舉行次數					
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. Hung Ying	熊纓先生	4/4	-	_	-	1/1
Mr. Lin Xue Xin (chairman of the Board, the chairman of	林學新先生 <i>(董事會</i> <i>主席、董事會提名</i>					
nomination committee of the	委員會主席、審核					
Board, a member of audit and	及風險管理委員會					
risk management committee	成員及董事會薪酬					
of the Board and a member of remuneration committee of	委員會成員					
the Board		4/4	_	3/3	3/3	1/1
Zang Jingjing	臧晶晶	4/4	_	-	-	1/1
Li Dong	李冬	4/4	_	_	_	1/1
Cai Jin	蔡瑾	4/4	-	-	-	1/1
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
directors						
Mr. Pao Ping Wing	浦炳榮先生	4/4	2/2	3/3	3/3	1/1
Mr. Chan Tsang Mo	陳增武	4/4	2/2	_	-	1/1
Chen Xinai (appointed on 28	陳新愛(於					
March 2024)	二零二四年三月					
	二十八日獲委任)	3/3	1/1	1/1	1/1	_

企業管治報告

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration for the audit services provided by the independent auditor to the Group during the year ended 31 December 2024 was approximately as follows:

獨立核數師酬金

就獨立核數師於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日 止年度期間向本公司提供的核數服務之概約酬金 載列如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000
Type of services	服務類別	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Audit services	核數服務	900	1,033

DIRECTORS' AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company and its subsidiaries, in accordance with accounting principle generally accepted in Hong Kong. The Directors' responsibilities in the preparation of the financial statements and the auditor's responsibilities are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report in this annual report.

董事及獨立核數師就財務報表須承擔之責任

董事須負責按照香港普遍採納之會計原則編製真 實而公平地反映本公司及其附屬公司之財務狀況 之財務報表。董事編製財務報表之責任及核數師 責任均載於本年度報告之獨立核數師報告。

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks (including ESG-related risks) it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives, maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control systems (including those for ESG-related risks) and reviewing their effectiveness to safeguard Shareholders' investment and the Group's assets. To this end, management continues to allocate resources for internal control and risk management systems compatible with the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control – Integrated Framework 2013 principles to provide reasonable, though not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會全面負責評估及釐定為達成集團戰略目標所願承擔的風險(包括環境、社會及管治相關的風險)性質及程度、維持穩健及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統(包括適用於環境、社會及管治相關的風險)並檢討其成效,以保障股東的投資及集團資產。為此,管理層持續投放資源予一個符合Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO)的Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)(《內部監控一綜合框架(二零一三年)》)原則的內部監控及風險管理系統,為不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作出合理(而非絕對)的保證,並管理(而非消除)未能達到業務目標的風險。

企業管治報告

Risk Management

At the Group, risk is defined as a potential action, event or circumstance that could impact the Company's ability, favorably or unfavorably, to meet its strategic goals.

Risk is inherent in the Group's business and the markets in which it operates. The aim is to identify risks and then manage them so that they can be understood, reduced, mitigated, transferred or avoided. This demands a proactive approach to risk management and an effective group-wide risk management framework.

Risk governance structure

The Group's risk governance structure is based on a "Three Lines of Defence" model, with oversight and directions from the Board and Audit and Risk Management Committee.

風險管理

本集團將風險定義為可對本公司達成戰略目標產 生有利或者不利影響的潛在的行為,事件或者環 境。

本集團的業務和市場皆存在風險。我們的目標是 要識別和管理這些風險,從而可以掌握、降低、 紓緩、轉移或規避這些風險。為此,我們需要採 取積極的風險管理方針,並貫徹落實有效的本集 團風險管理架構。

風險管治架構

本集團的風險管治架構建基於「三道防線」模式,由董事會和審核及風險管理委員會負責監察 及制定方向。



企業管治報告

Roles	Functions
The Board	Has overall responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems.
	Oversees the actions of the Management and monitors the overall effectiveness of the risk management system and internal control function.
	Oversees and reviews processes and controls for strategic and operational risk and monitors the effectiveness of the established controls through the Audit and Risk Management Committee.
Audit and Risk Management Committee	Supports the Board in monitoring the performance of the risk management system and key risks and internal control systems.
	Reviews the effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function.
	Reviews risks raised during annual risk registration exercise, and other risks and concerns.
	Approves Company's risk tolerance.
	Evaluate and determine the nature and extent of the risks the Board is ready to endorse for the Group to take in pursuing the delivery of the Group's strategic objectives.
	Ensure that an appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems is established and maintained by the Group.
	Oversee the Management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.
	Oversee the Management in their risk mitigation efforts.

角色	職能
董事會	• 對風險管理及內部監控系統負 整體責任。
	監督管理層行為及監察風險管 理與內部監控職能的整體有效 性。
	監督及審查戰略及營運風險程 序及控制措施,以及通過審核 及風險管理委員會來監察既有 控制措施的有效性。
審核及風險管理委員會	• 協助董事會監察風險管理系統 的表現及主要風險及內部監控 系統。
	• 審查本集團內部審核職能的有 效性。
	• 審查在年度風險登記報告中提出的各項風險以及其他的風險 及關注問題。
	• 批准本公司的可忍受風險水平。
	• 就董事會準備批准本集團為實 踐策略目標而承擔的風險,進 行評估及確定有關風險的性質 和程度。
	• 確保本集團已設立及維持一個 合適和有效的風險管理及內部 監控系統。
	 監督管理層對風險管理及內部 監控系統的設計、實施及監察 方面的工作。
	監督管理層在風險紓緩方面的 工作。

企業管治報告

Roles	Functions
Internal Audit	Independent investigations regarding certain allegations of fraud and violations of the Group's Code of Conduct and other company policies.
	 Carries out the analysis and independent appraisal of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems.
The Management	Provide leadership and guidance for the balance of risk and return.
	Designs, implements and reviews the Group's risk management and internal control systems.
	Communicate and assess the Group's risk profile and material risks at the Group level.
	Track progress of mitigation plans of material risks and report on detailed examinations of specific risks as required.
	Oversee business units as well as group risk and the control activities relevant to respective functions.
	Ensure that a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems has been conducted at least annually and provide such confirmation to the Board through the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

角色	職能
內部審核	• 就若干欺詐行為及違反本集團 行為準則以及其他公司政策進 行獨立調查。
	• 對本集團的風險管理及內部監 控系統是否足夠和有效作出分 析及獨立評估。
管理層	• 就風險與回報之間取得平衡提 供領導及引導。
	• 設計、實施及審核本集團的風 險管理及內部監控系統。
	• 就本集團的風險狀況和重大風 險進行溝通及評估。
	• 跟蹤推行重大風險紓緩計劃的 進度,並按需要匯報特定風險 的詳細檢查結果。
	• 監督業務單位、集團風險,以 及與各職能部門相關之監控活動。
	 確保至少每年檢討一次風險管理及內部監控系統的成效,並透過審核及風險管理委員會向董事會作出有關確認。

The Management, which co-ordinates enterprise risk management activities and reviews significant aspects of risk management for the Group, reports to the Audit and Risk Management Committee at each regularly scheduled meeting, including amongst other things, significant risks of the Group and the appropriate mitigation and/or transfer of identified risks. The operating units of the Group, as risk owners, identify, evaluate, mitigate and monitor their own risks, and report such risk management activities to the Management on a regularly basis. The Management assesses and presents regular reports to Audit and Risk Management Committee at each regularly scheduled meeting.

管理層負責協調企業風險管理工作及就本集團的重大風險管理範疇進行檢討,並就此於每個定期安排的會議上向審核及風險管理委員會匯報,包括但不限於本集團的重大風險以及適當減低及/或轉移已識別的風險。本集團的各個營運單位(作為承擔風險單位)識別、評核、減低及監察其各自的風險,以及定期向管理層匯報該等風險管理工作。管理層於每個定期安排的會議上評估及提交定期報告予審核及風險管理委員會。

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The Management and employees have evaluated control environment and conducted risk assessments of businesses and processes, both at the entity level and the various processes/transactions levels. We have documented those processes which are critical to the Group's performance. Within this exercise, key risks have been identified, along with the controls required to mitigate those risks, after which, such kev risks and controls are continually reviewed and updated on an annual basis. High-risk key controls are tested annually by our management and internal audit. Based on the results of those tests, process owners are able to represent to Senior Management that their internal controls are working as intended or that necessary corrections have been made where control weaknesses have been found. Internal auditors report to Audit and Risk Management Committee that controls have been working properly or have been modified as required.

In addition to the review of risk management and internal controls undertaken within the Group, the external auditor also assessed the adequacy and effectiveness of certain key risk management and internal controls as part of their statutory audits. Where appropriate, the external auditor's recommendations are adopted and enhancements to the risk management and internal controls will be made.

除檢討本集團內實施的風險管理及內部監控外,外聘核數師亦評核若干主要的風險管理及內部監控是否充足及有效作為其法定審核的一部分。於適當情況下,外聘核數師的有關建議會獲採納,以加強風險管理及內部監控。

The Group's risk management objectives:

The Group of the management objectives.

- At a strategic level, the Group focuses on the identification and management of material risks at the Group, business and functional levels, in order to better equip itself to pursue the Group's strategic and business objectives.
- At an operational level, the Group aims to identify, assess, evaluate and mitigate operational hazards and risks in order to create a safe, healthy, efficient and environmentally-friendly workplace for its employees whilst ensuring products and services provided safety and health, minimising environmental impact, and securing asset integrity.

本集團的風險管理目標:

- 在策略層面上,本集團專注於識別和管理會 影響集團、業務和各項職能的重大風險,從 而作更好裝備,實踐集團的策略和業務目 標。
- 在營運層面上,我們著眼於識別、分析、評估和舒緩營運上的危害和風險,為僱員營造安全、健康、有效和環保的工作環境,同時確保產品及服務安全和健康,減少環境影響,並確保資產完整性。



企業管治報告

The Group's risk appetite and risk profiling criteria

The Group's risk appetite represents the amount of risk the Group is willing to undertake in pursuit of its strategic and business objectives. In line with expectations of its stakeholders, the Group will only take reasonable risks that (a) fit its strategy and capability, (b) can be understood and managed, and (c) do not expose the Group to:

- material financial loss:
- incidents affecting safety and health of employees;
- material breach of regulations;
- damage of the Group's reputation and brand name;
- business/supply interruption; and
- severe environmental incidents.

Based on the above, the Group has established its risk monitoring in the form of a risk assessment matrix to help rank risks and prioritise risk management efforts at the Group level. Business units are required to adopt the same risk matrix structure in order to establish their own risk profiling, determine consequence and likelihood of identified risks with reference to their own materiality and circumstances as well as establishing risk mitigation strategies.

本集團的風險承受能力與風險評估準則

本集團的風險承受能力是指集團為實現本身策略和業務目標願意承擔的風險程度。建基於業務有關人士的期望,本集團可以接納的合理風險必須(a)符合集團策略和能力、(b)能被充分認識和管控,以及(c)不會令集團陷入下列狀況:

- 重大財務損失;
- 影響員工安全及健康的事件;
- 嚴重違反法規;
- 損害集團的聲譽和品牌;
- 營運/供應中斷;及
- 嚴重環境事故。

根據上述準則,本集團制定風險評估矩陣以進行 風險監察和評級,並於集團層面對風險管理工作 進行優次排序,同時要求各業務單位採用相同的 風險矩陣架構來評估單位本身的風險狀況,並根 據已識別風險的重要性及情況確定其後果及可能 性,從而制訂風險紓緩策略。

企業管治報告

Inherent risk assessment matrix

固有風險評估矩陣

Likelihood Rating 發生可能性等級

Impact Rating		1. Highly unlikely	2. Not expected	3. Sometimes	4. Strong possibility	5. Very likely
後果等	等級	罕有	不太可能	可能	極有可能	幾可肯定
5.	Critical	Moderate	High	High	Very high	Very high
	嚴峻	中風險	高風險	高風險	極高風險	極高風險
4.	Major	Moderate	Moderate	High	High	Very high
	重大	中風險	中風險	高風險	高風險	極高風險
3.	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Moderate	High	High
	中等	低風險	中風險	中風險	高風險	高風險
2.	Minor	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	Moderate
	輕微	低風險	低風險	低風險	中風險	中風險
1.	Insignificant	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
	極輕微	低風險	低風險	低風險	低風險	低風險

Risk management process

The following diagram illustrates the key processes used by the Group to identify, evaluate and manage the Group's significant risks:

風險管理程序

下圖説明本集團用作識別、評核及管理本集團重大風險的主要過程:



- 1 The management establishes common risk language and risk assessment criteria for the Group.
- 2 Business units identify the risks which may potentially impact the achievement of their business objectives, and analyze and evaluate the significance of such risk.
- 3 Business units assess the adequacy of existing controls, determine and implement treatment plans where risk mitigants are actionable.
- 4,5 Business units monitor risk mitigating activities.
 - The management tracks the progress of risk mitigating activities; reports the consolidated view of risks regularly to audit and risk management committee; and shares risk knowledge across business units to enhance the risk management standard of the Group. Group internal audit reports regularly to the Board and/or audit and risk management committee to provide independent assurance on the effectiveness of risk management function.
- 1 管理層制定本集團共用風險術語及風險評估準則。
- 2 業務單位識別可能有機會影響達致業務目標的風險,以及分析及評核該等風險的重要性。
- 3 業務單位評估現行監控是否充足,決定及實施可減低風險的處理計劃。
- 4,5 業務單位監察減低風險的工作。管理層查察減低風險工作的進度;定期向審核及風險管理委員會匯報關於風險的綜合意見;及透過 向業務單位分享風險知識以提升本集團風險管理水平。集團內部審計處定期向董事會及/或審核及風險管理委員會匯報,就有關風險管理能是否有效提供獨立保證。



企業管治報告

- Is integrated into business and decision-making processes including strategy formulation, business planning, capital allocation, investment decisions, internal control and day-to-day operations management.
- Involves establishing the context, identifying risks, assessing their consequences and likelihood, evaluating risk level, control gaps and priorities, and developing control and mitigation plans. This is a continuous process with periodic monitoring and review in place. It is also an interactive process with stakeholder communication and consultation.
- The Group adopts an integrated bottom-up and topdown risk review process to enable (a) comprehensive identification and prioritisation of all material risks throughout the Group, (b) escalation of material risks at the right managerial level, (c) effective risk dialogue among the management team, and (d) proper oversight of risk mitigation efforts.

Bottom-up process:

- Business units and group functions are required to submit their material risks identified through their risk management process to the management.
- The management, through aggregation, filtering and prioritising processes as well as consultation process, compile a Group Risk Management Report. The senior management reviews and scrutinises the material risks and ensures the appropriate controls and mitigation measures are in place or in progress.
- Following review by the senior management, Group Risk Management Report is submitted to the audit and risk management committee with a summary of the material risks circulated to the Board.

- 納入各項業務及決策流程中,包括策略制定、業務規劃、資金分配、投資決定、內部監控及日常營運。
- 包括確立範圍、識別風險、透過分析相關後果及其出現的可能性作出風險水平評估、考量現有監控措施的不足,並進行優次排序,以及制訂監控和紓緩計劃。這個持續的過程包括定期監察及檢討,同時也是與業務有關人士溝通和諮詢的互動過程。
- 本集團採用由下而上及由上而下的綜合風險檢討程序,以便(a)全面識別集團內所有重大風險,並進行優次排序,(b)將重大風險上報至適當的管理層級別,(c)讓管理層就風險進行有效溝通,並(d)適當監督風險紓緩工作。

由下而上的程序:

- 業務單位和集團職能部門須向管理層匯報在 風險管理過程中識別的重大風險。
- 管理層透過匯集、篩選及排序的步驟以及諮詢程序,編寫集團風險管理報告。高級管理層審視重大風險,並確保已備有或採取合適的監控及紓緩措施。
- 經高級管理層審閱後,報告將提呈審核及風險管理委員會,並把重大風險總結交董事會 傳閱。

企業管治報告

Top-down process:

- Emerging risks and/or overarching strategic risks, which might have a material impact on the Group over a longer timeframe, are monitored and discussed on a regular basis by the management.
- The management facilitates ongoing emerging risk review and management discussion by compiling relevant information from both internal and external sources. Overarching strategic risks are reviewed and discussed during the annual business planning process.
 Emerging risks that are identified and considered material are further assessed and monitored by relevant business units or group functions.
- Internal control is an integral part of enterprise risk management. The Group's enterprise risk management framework encompasses internal control, forming a more robust conceptualization and tool for management. Risk management is closely linked to the Group's Integrated Framework of Internal Control, key controls are subject to testing in order to assess their effectiveness.
- In the annual business planning process, business units are required to identify all material risks that may impact their achievement of business objectives. Identified risks are evaluated based on the same set of risk profiling criteria as the risk review process. Plans to mitigate the identified risks are developed for implementation and budget purposes.

由上而下的程序:

- 管理層定期監察及討論可能對集團長遠構成 重大影響的新生風險及/或重大的策略風 險。
- 管理層利用公司內外的相關資料,推動管理層持續檢討和討論新生風險。重大的策略風險在年度業務規劃過程中進行檢討及討論,被識別及視為重大的新生風險則由相關業務單位或集團職能部門進一步評估及監察。
- 內部監控是企業風險管理中不可或缺的部份。本集團風險管理架構涵蓋了內部監控,從而構建了一個更強有力的概念和管理工具。本集團的風險管理和綜合內部監控架構互相緊扣,主要的監控措施均經過測試以評估成效。
- 在每年的業務規劃過程中,業務單位必須識別所有對其實現業務目標可能會構成影響的重大風險,然後根據與風險檢討程序相同的風險評估準則進行評估,接著制訂紓緩有關風險的計劃,以便制定預算及付諸實行。

企業管治報告

Internal Controls

The Board acknowledges its responsibility to oversee the effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems. This is achieved through a defined management structure with specified limits of authority and defined control responsibility designed to:

- Achieve business objectives and safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition;
- Ensure maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication; and
- Ensure compliance with the relevant legislation and regulations.

Internal control framework

The Company has in place an integrated framework of internal controls which continues to be consistent with Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) which comprises 17 principles on effective internal controls as illustrated below:

5 Components	17 Principles
Control environment:	Demonstrates a commitment to integrity and ethical values
The internal	
organizational Environment driven by the Management operating philosophy, risk	The Board demonstrates independence from management and exercises oversight of the development and performance of internal control
appetite, integrity, and ethical values.	The management establishes, with board oversight, structures, reporting lines, and appropriate authorities and responsibilities in the pursuit of objectives
	Demonstrates a commitment to attract, develop, and retain competent individuals in alignment with objectives
	Holds individuals accountable for their internal control responsibilities in the pursuit of objectives

內部監控

董事會確認其責任為監督本集團內部監控系統的 有效性,而穩健及有效的內部監控是通過具有明 確授權及內部監控責任的管理架構達成的,旨 在:

- 實現業務目標及防止資產被未經授權使用或 處置:
- 確保妥當地保存會計記錄,為內部用途或對外公佈提供可靠的財務資料;及
- 確保遵守有關法例及法規。

內部監控框架

本集團推行以Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO)的Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013)(《內部監控一綜合框架(二零一三年)》)為藍本的綜合內部監控架構。有關框架包涵以下17項可達致有效內部監控的原則:

5大要素	17項原則
控制環境:	• 體現對誠信和道德觀的承諾
以管理運作理念、 風險偏好、誠 信及道德價值 驅動的內部組 織環境。	 董事會獨立於管理層,並監督 內部監控系統的發展與成效
	• 在董事會監督下,管理層建立 組織架構、匯報關係及適當的 授權與職責,以達到集團的企 業目的
	• 體現對吸引、培養和挽留人才 的承諾,以配合集團的企業目 的
	• 要求每位員工均需在追求達到 集團的企業目的過程中,肩負 自己在內部監控方面的責任

企業管治報告

5 Components	17 Principles
Risk assessment: Risks are identified and the likely	Specifies objectives with sufficient clarity to enable the identification and assessment of risks relating to objectives
impact on the organization is assessed.	Identifies risks to the achievement of its objectives across the entity and analyses risks as a basis for determining how the risks should be managed
	Considers the potential for fraud in assessing risks to the achievement of objectives
	Identifies and assesses changes that could significantly impact the system of internal control
Control activities: Policies and procedures are Implemented	Selects and develops control activities that contribute to the mitigation of risks to the achievement of objectives to acceptable levels
to ensure organizational objectives and risk- mitigation activities	Selects and develops general control activities over technology to support the achievement of objectives
are effectively executed.	Deploys control activities through policies that establish what is expected and procedures that put policies into action
Information and Communication:	Obtains or generates and uses relevant, quality information to support the functioning of internal control
Relevant information is communicated in an acceptable format and timely fashion to enable the organization to	Internally communicates information, including objectives and responsibilities for internal control, necessary to support the functioning of internal control
meet its objectives.	Communicates with external parties regarding matters affecting the functioning of internal control

5大要素	17項原則
風險評估: 辨識風險及評估其	• 確定清晰的目的,以助分辨及 評估達致目的的風險
對組織的影響。	 識別及分析實體為達致目的所需承受的風險,並以此作為釐定應如何管理這些風險的基礎
	• 在評估達致目的相關的風險 時,考慮潛在的舞弊行為
	• 識別和評估對內部監控系統可 能造成重大影響的改變
控制活動:	選擇及制訂監控措施,將達致 目的之相關風險降至可接受水
實施政策及程序, 確保有效執行 組織目標及減	平
低風險活動。	• 在科技層面選擇及制訂一般的 監控措施,支援集團的企業目 的
	• 透過制訂要求明確的政策,並 訂立程序,確保政策得以切實 執行,為監控措施作好部署
信息及溝通:	收取或編製,並使用相關及優質的資訊,支持內部監控的功能
以認可方式及時傳 達相關信息,	於集團內部傳達支持內部監控
令組織達成目 標。	運作所需的資訊,包括內部監 控的目的和責任
	• 與外方就影響內部監控運作的 事宜進行溝通

企業管治報告

5 Components	17 Principles
Monitoring:	Selects, develops, and performs ongoing and/or separate evaluations to ascertain
The internal	whether the components of internal control
control process	are present and functioning
is continually	
monitored.	Evaluates and communicates internal
Modifications are	control deficiencies in a timely manner
made to improve	to those parties responsible for taking
internal control	corrective action, including senior
activities as a result	management and the board of directors, as
of the monitoring	appropriate
process.	

process.	
Within this compre	ehensive internal control framework,
management is resp	onsible for setting the appropriate tone
from the top, perform	ming risk assessments, and owning the
design, implementati	on and maintenance of internal controls.
Other teams such as	s Finance, Legal, and Human Resources
provide assistance a	and expertise to management to assist
it in undertaking its	responsibilities. The Board and its audit
and risk manageme	ent committee oversee the actions of
management and mo	onitor the effectiveness of the established
controls, assisted b	by assurance provided by the internal

Control standards, checks and balances

auditors.

Built into the Group's system are checks and balances. In addition, as an integral part of our internal control systems, well defined policies and procedures are properly documented and communicated. The corporate policies form the basis of all the Group's major guidelines and procedures and set forth the control standards required for the functioning of the Group's business entities. The policies address legal, regulatory, and operational topics, including, for example, intellectual property, data privacy, employee health and safety, delegation of authority, information security, and business continuity.

Our internal control systems are based on clear stewardship responsibilities, authorities and accountability and the systems cover every activity and transaction of our Group. We emphasise to our employees that everyone, no matter where he or she stands in the corporate hierarchy, is an important part of our internal control systems and we expect them to contribute to that system.

5大要素	17項原則
監控活動:	• 選擇、推動並實施持續及/或 獨立的評估,確定內部監控的
持續監控內部控制 流程。因應監 控過程的結果	要素是否存在並運作正常
作出修正,以 改善內部監控 活動。	 適時評估內部監控的缺失,並 適當地與負責採取糾正措施的 相關人士,包括高層管理人員 和董事會(如適合)作出溝通

在該全面內部監控框架內,管理層負責從頂層為 監控定調、進行風險評估及設計、執行及維護內 部控制。財務、法律及人力資源等其他團隊為管 理層履行其責任提供協助及專業知識。在內部核 數師的協助下,董事會及其審核及風險管理委員 會負責監督管理層的行動及監控已建立的控制的 成效。

監控標準及制衡機制

本集團的監控系統包含制衡機制。此外,內部監控系統不可或缺的一環是妥善訂立清晰的書面政策和程序,並予以公布,保持溝通。集團政策構成本集團所有主要方針和程序的基礎,並規定了本集團的業務實體營運所需的控制標準。這些政策涵蓋法律、法規及營運問題,包括如知識產權、數據隱私、員工健康和安全、授權、信息安全和業務連續性。

本集團的內部監控系統建基於清晰的管理職責、 授權和問責性,涵蓋本集團所有業務和交易。我 們向員工強調,不論職位高低,每位員工都是內 部監控系統的重要一環,必須作出貢獻。

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Additionally, the Group has a strong corporate culture based on good business ethics and accountability. The Code of Conduct, which applies to all employees, forms the basis of the Group's commitment to conducting all business with uncompromising integrity and ethical behavior. The Code also helps employees determine when to ask for advice, and how to obtain it. All employees are required to comply with the Code. The Group regards any violation of the Code as a serious matter and is committed to investigating all reported concerns. Furthermore, in keeping with best practices, the Group has developed and implemented an Anti-Corruption Policy which reinforces the Code and provides additional specific guidance regarding compliance with rules and laws related to corruption. In addition to setting out guidelines, principles and values, we recognise that an environment where employees feel free to bring problems to management is also necessary to make our internal control systems effective. Our Whistleblowing Policy makes it clear that all reports to management will be handled confidentially to the fullest extent possible under the circumstances. For further details of the Group's (i) policy and measures that promote and support anti-corruption laws and regulations; and (ii) anticorruption and whistleblowing policy and/or measures, please refer to the section headed "B7. Anti-corruption" of the "2024 Environmental, Social and Government Report".

此外,本集團擁有以良好的商業道德及問責性為 基礎的健康企業文化。行為準則適用於所有員 工,構成本集團致力以廉潔公正及具有道德規範 的方法進行所有業務的基礎,並幫助僱員確定何 時及如何尋求建議。所有員工均須遵守行為準 則。本集團視違反該行為準則的行為為嚴重事 件,一經發現會認真追究及調查。此外,為秉持 最佳實踐,本集團制定及實行了反貪污政策,以 強化行為準則的訊息,並就與貪污有關的規定及 法律提供額外特定的指引。為了發揮內部監控系 統的成效,我們訂立所需的指引、原則和價值 觀,並認為必須創造讓下情得以自由上達的環 境。本集團有關舉報非法或不當行為的集團政策 清楚列明,所有舉報均會保持匿名及盡可能保 密。有關本集團(i)提倡及支持反貪污法例及規例 的政策及措施;及(ii)反貪污及舉報政策及/或措 施的進一步詳情,請參閱「2024年環境、社會及 管治報告」內的「B7.反貪污」一節。

This comprehensive internal controls framework established by the Group covers all activities and transactions. Management performs periodic enterprise wide risk assessments and continuously monitors and reports progress of action plans to address these key risks. Management also assesses business risks when formulating corporate strategies, and tracks and reports on the implementation of strategic initiatives, business plans, budgets and financial results regularly to the Board.

To assist the audit and risk management committee in its oversight and monitoring activities, the Group maintains an independent internal audit function. Internal audit department, with its function independent of the Group's business operations, plays an important role in monitoring the Group's internal governance. Internal audit provides objective assurance to the audit and risk management committee that the system of internal controls is effective and operating as

intended.

本集團的內部監控系統涵蓋各項活動及交易。在 此框架內,管理層定期進行整個企業的風險評估 及持續監控及呈報針對重大風險而採取的行動的 進展情況。管理層亦在制定集團策略時評估業務 風險,並跟進及定期向董事會呈報戰略規劃、業 務計劃及預算的執行及財務業績。

為協助審核及風險管理委員會之監督及監察活動,本集團設立獨立內部審核系統。內部審核部的職能獨立於本集團的業務營運,在監察本集團內部管治的工作上擔當重要角色。內部審核系統為審核及風險管理委員會提供客觀保證,以保證內部監控系統如期有效運行。

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Key control procedures

- (i) Establishing a structure with defined authority and proper segregation of duties
 - A clear organisational structure with defined lines of responsibility to facilitate systematic delegation of authority.
 - Written policies, procedures and guidelines with defined limits of delegated authority to facilitate effective segregation of duties and controls.
- (ii) Monitoring the strategic plan and performance
 - Business units carry out their respective business operating plans as laid down in the strategic plan in accordance with the adopted policies and procedures.
 - An annual budget with financial targets provides the foundation for the allocation of resources in accordance with prioritised business opportunities.
 - Variance analyses help identify deficiencies and enables timely remedial actions to be taken.
- (iii) Designing an effective accounting and information system
 - A comprehensive accounting system for providing financial and operational performance indicators to facilitate problem identification, and to ensure complete, relevant and accurate financial information for timely reporting and disclosure purpose.
 - An information system for identifying, capturing and communicating pertinent information to enable employees to carry out their responsibilities.
 - Regular reviews for ensuring proper and legitimate dissemination of financial information.

主要監控程序

- (i) 建立權責分明、職責恰當劃分的架構
 - 集團的組織架構清晰,權責分明, 利便有系統地授託職權。
 - 提供書面的政策、程序及指引,清 楚界定權責範圍,利便有效地劃分 職責和監控。
- (ii) 監察戰略規劃及表現
 - 一 業務單位按集團採納的政策及程序 執行戰略規劃的相關業務營運計 劃。
 - 具財政目標的年度預算定下按商機 優先次序分配資源的基礎。
 - 運用差異分析去辨析不足之處,以便及時作出補救行動。
- (iii) 設計有效的會計及資訊系統
 - 全面的會計系統提供財務及營運表現的指標,以利便找出問題所在, 也確保能夠有完整、相關及準確的財務資料供適時匯報及披露之用。
 - 設立識別、獲取及傳遞相關資訊的 資訊系統,便利員工履行職責。
 - 定期檢討以確保恰當及合規地發佈 財務資訊。

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- (iv) Handling and dissemination of inside information
 - The Group regularly review inside information's policy and procedures and make recommendations on a amendments there to, if necessary, in order to ensure their effectiveness in making accurate, balanced and timely disclosure of information in accordance with disclosure obligations in the changing regulatory environment.
- (v) Encouraging reporting on serious concern about malpractice
 - The Group operates a Whistleblowing Policy which enables employees to raise concerns about any malpractice, impropriety or fraud relating to internal controls and other matters confidentially, without fear of reprisal or victimization.
 - Under the Group Whistleblowing Policy, audit and risk management committee are responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of the actions taken in response to disclosures made under the policy by employees.
 - Other stakeholders, such as customers and suppliers, can also raise concerns about any improprieties or potential improprieties of the Group.
- (vi) Ensuring controls and reviews of IT application systems as well as principal operations
 - Various controls and independent reviews are in place to uphold the integrity, reliability, availability, security and stability of the Group's IT application systems.

(iv) 處理及發放內幕消息

本集團會定期檢討內幕消息政策及 指引及在有需要時提出修改建議, 令該政策及指引在不斷轉變的規管 環境中能有效地確保本集團遵守其 披露責任,發放準確、平衡及適時 的資訊。

- (v) 鼓勵舉報嚴重失當行為
 - 集團設有的舉報政策可使僱員毋須 畏懼報復或迫害而敢於舉報任何涉 及內部監控及其他事宜的不當/失 當/詐騙行為。
 - 根據該舉報政策,審核及風險管理 委員會負責審查就僱員根據該政策 披露的事宜所採取的行動是否有 效。
 - 其他權益人(如顧客及供應商)也可就集團的任何失當或潛在失當問題向我們舉報。
- (vi) 對資訊技術系統應用和主要業務的監控及 檢討
 - 設有各種不同的監控及獨立檢討,以確保集團資訊技術應用系統完善可靠、正常運作、安全及穩定。

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Handling and Dissemination of Inside Information

Regarding the disclosure of inside information and internal control measures, the Company understands its duties under the Listing Rules and SFO, and adheres to the important principle of timely publication of the inside information. The Company abides by the "Guide on disclosure of inside information" published by the Securities and Futures Commission, and has developed a complete system of internal procedures and internal control measures for processing and publication of information in order to ensure the timely, accurate and appropriate disclosure of relevant information to the shareholders and regulatory authorities.

The Group takes all reasonable measures from time to time to ensure that proper safeguards exist to prevent a breach of a disclosure requirement. In this respect, the Management ensures that appropriate systems and procedures are put in place and reviewed periodically to enable the Group to comply with the disclosure requirements. The management also regularly oversees the proper implementation and functioning of the mechanisms and ensures that any material deficiencies are detected and resolved in a timely manner.

Measures include but are not limited to the following:

- (a) Establish controls for monitoring business and corporate developments and events so that any potential inside information is promptly identified and escalated.
- (b) Restrict access to inside information to a limited number of employees on a need-to-know basis. Ensure employees who are in possession of inside information are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentiality.
- (c) Ensure appropriate confidentiality agreements are in place when the Group enters into significant negotiations.
- (d) Develop procedures for responding to market rumours, leaks and inadvertent disclosures.

處理及發放內幕消息

有關處理及發出內幕消息的流程和內部監控措施,本公司明白其根據《上市規則》及《證券及期貨條例》所應履行的責任,以及凡內幕消息均須即時公佈的重大原則。本公司恪守證監會的「內幕消息披露指引」,已形成一套完善的內部處理及公佈資訊的流程與內部監控措施,以確保即時、準確、適當地向股東和監管機構披露相關資訊。

本集團不時採取一切合理措施,以確保有妥善的 預防措施防止違反披露規定。就此而言,管理層 確保本集團設有適當的系統及程序,並定期加以 檢討,從而使本集團能遵守披露規定。管理層亦 定期監督有關機制能妥善實施及運作,以及確保 能適時發現和解決任何重大缺失。

措施包括但不限於以下:

- (a) 設立監控措施來監察業務及企業發展及事件,以便能迅速識別及上報任何可能構成內幕消息的資料。
- (b) 設立限制,只讓少數有需要知道的僱員取 得內幕消息。確保管有內幕消息的僱員充 分熟知其保密責任。
- (c) 當本集團進行重大商議時,確保訂有適當 的保密協議。
- (d) 制訂就市場謠傳、資料外泄及不慎披露消息作出回應的程序。

企業管治報告

- (e) Provide regular training to relevant employees to help them understand the Company' policies and procedures as well as their relevant disclosure duties and obligations.
- (f) Disseminate inside information via the electronic publication system operated by the Stock Exchange before the information is released via other channels, such as the press, wire services or posting on the Company's website.

Effectiveness of Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

In respect of the year ended 31 December 2024, the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems have been reviewed annually.

During 2024, the effectiveness of the systems of risk management and internal controls of the Group over financial, operational and compliance controls with emphasis on business continuity management and procurement has been reviewed. Additionally, the heads of major business and corporate functions were required to undertake control self-assessments of their key controls. These results were assessed by the senior management and reported to the audit and risk management committee, which then reviewed and reported the same to the Board.

The audit and risk management committee and the Board were not aware of any areas of concern that would have a material impact on the Group's financial position or results of operations and considered the risk management and internal control systems to be generally effective and adequate including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions.

- (e) 向有關僱員提供定期培訓,協助他們了解 公司的政策及程序,以及他們的相關披露 責任和義務。
- (f) 在其他渠道(如新聞、電訊服務)發佈信息之前,透過聯交所營運的電子登載系統 散發內幕消息或在公司網站刊登公告發放 該消息。

風險管理及內部監控成效

就截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度而言, 本集團按年進行了風險管理及內部監控系統的充 足程度及成效的檢討。

於二零二四年,本集團已就風險管理及內部監控系統在財務、營運及合規監控方面的成效作出甄選檢討,著重業務持續性管理及採購方面的監控。此外,主要業務及企業職能部門主管均需要就其主要的監控事務自行作出評估。有關結果交高級管理層評審,並向審核及風險管理委員會匯報。審核及風險管理委員會其後審閱有關資料並向董事會匯報。

審核及風險管理委員會及董事會均無發現任何將對本集團的財務狀況或經營業績造成重大影響而需多加關注的事項,亦認為風險管理及內部監控系統整體而言充足並具成效,包括在會計、內部審計及財務匯報職能方面有足夠的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及有足夠的員工培訓課程及預算。

企業管治報告

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company has adopted Shareholders Communication Policy, which enables the Company to carry out effective two-way communication with its investors and shareholders, with objective of ensuing that the Shareholders and investors are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company.

The Company has established a number of channels to communicate with the Shareholders as follows:

- corporate communications such as annual reports, quarterly reports, interim reports, ESG report and circulars are issued in printed form or in electronic means and are available on Stock Exchange of Hong Kong (the "Stock Exchange") website at www.hkexnews.hk and the Company's website at www.singlee.com.cn;
- (ii) periodic announcements are made through the Stock Exchange and published on the respective websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company;
- (iii) corporate information is made available on the Company's website;
- (iv) annual and special general meetings provide a forum for the shareholders to make comments and exchange views with the Directors and senior management;
- (v) the Hong Kong share registrar of the Company serves the Shareholders in respect of share registration, dividend payment and related matters; and
- (vi) whistleblowing mechanism enable shareholders to raise concerns, in confidence and anonymity, about possible improprieties in any matter related to the Group.

The Company keeps on promoting investor relations and enhancing communication with the existing shareholders and potential investors. It welcomes suggestions from investors, stakeholders and the public enquiries to the Board or the Company may be sent by post to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

與股東之溝通及投資者關係

本公司已採納股東通訊政策,使公司能夠與投資者和股東進行有效的雙向溝通,目標是確保股東及投資者可方便、平等和及時地獲得本公司無任何偏見及可理解的資料。

本公司已設立以下若干途徑與股東溝通:

- (i) 企業通訊如年度報告、季度報告、中期報告、環境、社會及管治報告及通函均以印刷形式或以電子方式刊發,同時於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)網站www.hkexnews.hk及本公司網站www.singlee.com.cn可供瀏覽;
- (ii) 定期透過聯交所作出公佈,並將公佈分別 刊載於聯交所及本公司之網站:
- (iii) 於本公司網站提供企業資料;
- (iv) 股東週年大會及股東特別大會為股東提供 平台,向董事及高級管理層反映意見及交 流觀點;
- (v) 本公司之香港股份過戶登記處可為股東提供股份過戶登記、股息派付及相關事宜之服務;及
- (vi) 舉報機制使股東能夠以保密和匿名的方式 就與本集團有關的任何事項中可能存在的 不當行為提出疑慮。

本公司不斷促進與投資者之關係,並加強與現有 股東及有意投資者之溝通。本公司歡迎投資者、 權益持有人及公眾人士提供意見。向董事會或本 公司作出之查詢可郵寄至本公司於香港之主要營 業地點。

企業管治報告

The Board has reviewed the implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy including steps taken at the general meetings, the handling of queries received (if any) and the multiple channels of communication and engagement in place, and considered that the Shareholders' Communication Policy has been properly implemented during the year under review and is effective.

董事會已檢討《股東通訊政策》的實施情況及成效,包括在股東大會上採取的措施、收到查詢(如有)的處理以及已有的多種溝通及聯繫渠道,並認為《股東通訊政策》於回顧年內已獲妥為實施並屬有效。

During the year ended 31 December 2024, there is no significant change in the Company's memorandum and articles of association.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司 之組織章程大綱及章程細則概無任何重大變動。

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

As one of the measures to safeguard shareholder's interest and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors, for shareholders' consideration voting. All resolutions put forward at shareholders' meeting will be voted by poll pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and the poll voting results will be posted on the Stock Exchange website and the Company's website after the relevant shareholders' meeting.

股東權利

其中一項保障股東利益及權利之措施,乃於股東大會上就各項重大議題(包括推選個別董事)提呈個別決議案以供股東考慮及表決。根據GEM上市規則,於股東大會上提呈之所有決議案將以按股數投票方式進行表決,而投票表決結果將於相關股東大會結束後刊載於聯交所網站及本公司網站。

Extraordinary general meeting may be convened by the Board on requisition of shareholders holding not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company or by such shareholders who made the requisition (the "Requisitionists") (as the case may be) pursuant to Article 58 of the Byelaws. Such requisition must state the object of business to be transacted at the meeting and must be signed by the Requisitionists and deposited at the registered office of the Company or the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong. Shareholders should follow the requirements and procedures as set out in such Article for convening an extraordinary general meeting. Shareholders may put forward proposals at general meeting of the Company by sending the same to the Company at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong.

股東特別大會可由董事會按持有不少於本公司繳 足股本十分之一之股東,或根據組織章程細則第 58條提出呈請之股東([呈請人])(視情況而定) 之呈請予以召開。有關呈請須列明大會上須予處 理之事務,由呈請人簽署,並交回本公司註冊辦 事處或本公司於香港之主要營業地點。股東須按 照有關章程細則所載召開股東特別大會之規定及 程序。股東可於本公司股東大會上提呈動議,有 關動議須送交本公司於香港之主要辦事處。

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests in respect of their rights to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong.

股東可將彼等向董事會提出之任何查詢以書面形 式郵寄至本公司。股東可將有關其權利之查詢或 要求郵寄至本公司於香港之主要營業地點。

企業管治報告

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted the dividend policy which has set out the standard rules and guidelines to be followed by the Board in considering whether to recommend dividend. The policy sets out the consideration factors for recommendation and declaration of dividend payment, such as the Group's business and financial performance, working capital requirements, capital expenditure and future development plans, retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Group and other factors that the Board deems relevant. The payment of the dividend is also subject to shareholders' approval and compliance with applicable laws and regulations including the laws of Bermuda and the Bye-Laws of the Company.

The dividend policy does not constitute a binding commitment by the Company on its future dividend and shall not obligate the Company to declare dividend at any time or from time to time, but only represents a general rules and reference purpose regarding the dividend policy. The Board will review the policy and reserve the right to amend the said policy from time to time.

股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策,當中列明董事會於考慮是否建議派發股息時將予遵從之標準規則及指引。政策列明建議及宣佈派付股息所考慮之因素,如本集團之業務及財務表現、營運資金需求、資本開支及未來發展計劃、本集團之保留盈利及可供分派儲備以及董事會認為相關之其他因素。派付股息亦須獲股東批准及遵守適用法律及法規,包括百慕達法例及本公司細則。

股息政策並不構成本公司對其未來股息之具約束 力承諾,本公司亦無義務於任何時間或不時宣派 股息,其僅為有關股息政策之一般規則及僅供參 考用途。董事會將不時檢討政策並保留權利修訂 上述政策。

獨立核數師報告

Deloitte

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SING LEE SOFTWARE (GROUP) LIMITED

(incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Sing Lee Software (Group) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 85 to 176, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December as at 31 December 2024, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards are issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

致新利軟件(集團)股份有限公司股東

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核載列於第85至176頁新利軟件(集團)股份有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,其包括於二零二四年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表、以及綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策資料及其他附注資料。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)真實而公平地反映貴集團於二零二四年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況以及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

意見基礎

我們已根據國際審計及鑒證準則理事會頒佈的國際審計準則(「國際審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下的責任已於本報告「核數師就審計為合財務報表須承擔的責任」一節中作進一步會並。根據香港會計師公會職業道德準則理事會頒佈的專業會計師道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立於貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他道德責任。我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。該等事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對該等事項提供單獨意見。

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (Continued)

Key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 關鍵審計事項(續)

How our audit addressed the key audit matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Estimated provision of expected credit losses ("ECL") for trade receivables 應收貿易賬款之估計預期信貸損失撥備

We identified estimated provision of expected credit losses for trade receivables as a key audit matter due to the exercise of significant management judgement and estimation for the determination of allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables.

我們將應收貿易賬款之估計預期信貸損失撥備識別為關 鍵審計事項,此乃由於管理層釐定應收貿易賬款之預期 信貸損失撥備時行使重大判斷及估計所致。

As disclosed in Notes 4 and 31 to the consolidated financial statements, as at 31 December 2024, the carrying value of the Group's trade receivables was RMB14,925,000, net of allowance for credit losses of RMB460,000.

根據合併財務報表附註4及31所披露,截至2024年12月 31日,本集團應收賬款的賬面價值為人民幣14,925,000 元,已扣除人民幣460,000元的信用損失準備。

Trade receivables with external credit rating and credit-impaired balances are assessed for ECL individually. In addition, the management of the Group estimates the amount of lifetime ECL of trade receivables based on provision matrix through grouping of various debtors that have similar loss patterns. Estimated loss rates are based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information.

對於具有外部信用評級及已發生信用減值的貿易應收賬項,本集團單獨評估其預期信用損失準備。此外,管理層通過將具有相近損失模式的債務人進行分組,基於減值矩陣對貿易應收賬項之存續期預期信用損失進行估算。估計損失率系根據債務人預期存續期內觀察所得的歷史違約率釐定,並依據前瞻性信息作出調整。

Our procedures in relation to estimated provision of expected credit losses for trade receivables included: 我們有關應收貿易賬款估計預期信貸損失撥備的程序包括:

- Obtaining an understanding of the key controls over the processes that the management performed for assessing the allowance for ECL of trade receivables including the use of provision matrix;
 - 了解管理層就評估應收貿易賬款減值所進行程序之主要監控,包括使用組合評估法;
- Obtaining an understanding and evaluating the appropriateness of the basis of management's judgement about the determination of groupings of various debtors that share similar credit risk characteristics;
 - 了解及評估管理層就釐定具類似損失模式之各項應收 賬款分類之判斷基準之適當性:
- Evaluating the reasonableness of management's determination of the expected credit loss rates based on historical default rates and taking into consideration of the forward-looking information; 評估管理層根據過往拖欠率及考慮前瞻性資料後釐定預期信貸損失之合理性;
- Assessing the estimates used to determine historical default rates by considering historical cash collection performance of different groupings of trade receivables;
 - 評估釐定過往拖欠率所用之估計,方法包括考慮各個 應收貿易賬款組別之過往現金收款表現;
- Discussing with the management for forward-looking information used and assessing the information based on publicly available information; and 與管理層討論所用之前瞻性資料及根據公開資料評估有關資料;及
- Testing the accuracy of management's calculation of the expected credit losses for trade receivables.
 測試管理層計算應收貿易賬款預期信貸損失的準確性。

獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards as issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報內所載的資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們載於其中的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料, 我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的鑒證結 論。

就我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責任乃細 閱其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料與綜合 財務報表或我們在審計過程中所知悉的情況是否 存在重大抵觸或看似存在重大錯誤陳述。基於我 們已執行的工作,倘我們認為其他資料存在重大 錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。於此方面,我 們並無任何報告。

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際會計準則委員會頒佈 的國際財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定 編製真實而公平的綜合財務報表,及落實其認為 編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部控制,以使綜合 財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯 誤陳述。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營 有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除 非董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其 他實際的替代方案。

治理層須負責監督貴集團的財務報告過程。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

作為根據國際審計準則進行審計其中一環,我們 運用專業判斷,保持專業懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取充足及適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致出現重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計在有關情況下屬適當的審計程序,但目的並非對貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評估董事所採用會計政策的適當性以及作 出會計估計及相關披露的合理性。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

(Continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的適當性作出結論,並根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對貴集團的持續經營的力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在重大變慮,倘我們認為有關的按要在核數師報告中提露。是有關的按方之一,則修訂我們的結論乃基於直至核數師報告可能導致責集團不能持續經營業務。
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 及內容(包括披露)事項以及綜合財務報 表是否公平反映相關交易及事項。
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the group as a basis for forming an opinion on the group financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足適當的審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責貴集團審計的方向、監督及執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通審計的計劃範 圍及時間以及重大審計發現等,其中包括我們在 審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大不足之處。

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

我們亦向治理層提交聲明,表明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與彼等溝通可能合理被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係及其他事項以及在適用的情況下為消除威脅而採取的行動或採納的防範措施。

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任(續)

(Continued)

From the matter communicated with those charged with governance, we determine this matter that was of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and is therefore the key audit matter. We describe this matter in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Yuen Wing Hang.

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定該等對本期間綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中闡釋該等事項,除非法律或規例不允許公開披露該等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,合理預期倘於我們之報告中註明某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,則我們決定不應在報告中註明該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人為施安 油。

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong

27 March 2025

德勤 ● 關黃陳方會計師行 *執業會計師* 香港

二零二五年三月二十七日



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		NOTES 附註	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收入	5	58,814	70,377
Cost of sales	銷售和服務成本		(51,146)	(55,803)
Gross profit Other income Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal on trade receivables	毛利 其他收入 預期信貸虧損模式下之減值 虧損,扣除應收貿易賬款 及合約資產撥回	7	7,668 463	14,574 1,537
and contract assets Other losses Distribution and selling expenses Administrative expenses Finance costs	其他收益及虧損 分銷及銷售費用 管理費用 融資費用	8	(324) (915) (5,125) (12,336) (1,048)	(2,280) (991) (4,412) (15,568) (1,124)
Loss before tax Income tax expense	税前虧損 所得税開支	10	(11,617)	(8,264)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	本年度虧損及全面開支總額	11	(11,617)	(8,264)
Loss per share Basic and diluted (RMB cents)	每股虧損 - 基本(人民幣分)	15	(0.88)	(0.63)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		NOTES 附註	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current Assets Property and equipment Right-of-use assets	非流動資產 物業及設備 使用權資產	16 17	7,934 193	8,503 308
			8,127	8,811
Current Assets Inventories – finished goods Trade and other receivables Contract assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") Bank balances and cash Restricted bank deposits	流動資產 存貨一成品 應收貿易及其他賬款 合約資產 按公允值計入損益之 金融資產 銀行結餘及現金 受限制銀行存款	19 20 18 21 21	933 21,311 488 189 28,528 626	806 24,204 544 183 35,107 705
Current Liabilities Trade and other payables Amounts due to related parties Borrowings Lease liabilities	流動負債 應付貿易及其他賬款 應付關聯方款項 借貸 租賃負債	22 23 24 27	9,387 1,878 1,000 73	10,109 2,039 500 103
Net Current Assets	流動資產淨額		39,737	48,798
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	總資產減流動負債		47,864	57,609

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2024 於二零二四年十二月三十一日

		NOTES 附註	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Capital and Reserves Share capital Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 儲備	25	12,538 7,035	12,538 18,652
Total Equity	權益總額		19,573	31,190
Non-current Liability Borrowings	非流動負債 借貸	24	28,291	26,419
			47,864	57,609

The consolidated financial statements on pages 85 to 176 第85至176頁所載的綜合財務報表乃經董事會於 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of 二零二五年三月二十七日批准及授權刊發,並由 Directors on 27 March 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

下列人士代表簽署:

LIN XUE XIN DIRECTOR 林學新 董事

ZANG JING JING DIRECTOR 臧晶晶 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		Share capital	Share premium	Statutory reserves	Shareholder's contribution	Translation reserve	Share-based payments reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元	股份溢值 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note a) (附註a)	法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note b) (附註b)	股東供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note c) (附註c)	匯兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	以股份為基礎 的付款儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023 Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	於二零二三年一月一日 本年度虧損及全面開支總額	12,538	179,132	3,613	6,641	5,217	6,311	(173,998) (8,264)	39,454 (8,264)
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	-	-	-	-	-	(282)	282	-
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	12,538	179,132	3,613	6,641	5,217	6,029	(181,980)	31,190
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year Transfer Lapse of share options	本年度虧損及全面開支總額 轉移 購股權失效	:	- - -	- 304 -	- - -	- - -	- - (568)	(11,617) (304) 568	(11,617) - -
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	12,538	179,132	3,917	6,641	5,217	5,461	(193,333)	19,573

Notes:

附註:

- (a) Under the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda ("Companies Act"), share premium is distributable to shareholders, subject to the condition that the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of share premium and other reserves if (i) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due, or (ii) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital account.
- (b) As stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations for foreign investment enterprises in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), the Company's PRC subsidiaries are required to maintain two statutory reserves, being an enterprise expansion fund and a statutory surplus reserve fund which are non-distributable. Appropriations to statutory surplus reserve are made out of net profit after taxation reported in the statutory financial statements of the PRC subsidiaries while the amounts and allocation basis are required to be 10% of the annual profit after tax, based on the subsidiary's PRC statutory accounts, as a statutory reserve and decided by their respective boards of directors annually for other reserves. The statutory surplus reserve fund can be used to make up their prior year losses, if any, and can be applied in conversion into capital by means of capitalisation issue. The enterprise expansion fund can be used for expanding the capital base of the PRC subsidiaries by means of capitalisation issue.
- (c) On 30 September 2017, Mr. Hung Yung Lai, being the chairman, executive director and controlling shareholder of the Company at that time, waived the balance due to him of approximately RMB786,000. The amount has been capitalised as shareholder's contribution. On 6 July 2022, Goldcorp Industrial Limited, an immediate holding company, transferred certain Company's shares to employees of the Group and such transfer was accounted for as a share-based payment transaction under IFRS 2 Share-based Payment. For details of the transaction, please refer to note 27 of the consolidated financial statements.

- a) 根據百慕達一九八一年公司法(「公司法」),股份溢價 可分派予股東,惟受限於以下情況:倘(i)於作出分派 後,本公司不能如期償付其負債,或(ii)其資產之可變 現值將少於其負債與其已發行股本賬之總計,則本公 司不得宣派或派付股息或以股份溢價及其他儲備作出 分派。
- (b) 根據中華人民共和國(「中國」)外商投資企業之有關法律及法規所規定,本公司之中國附屬公司須設立兩項不可分派之法定儲備,即企業發展基金及法定盈餘儲備。分配至該等儲備之撥款乃從中國附屬公司法定財務報表之除稅後純利中撥付,需轉入法定盈餘儲備金額比例為除稅後純利的10%,而其他儲備之金額及分配基準則由其各自的董事會每年決定。法定盈餘儲備可用作彌補上一年度之整發展基金乃藉著資本化發行轉換為資本。企業發展基金乃藉著資本化發行擴充中國附屬公司之資本基礎。
- (c) 於二零一七年九月三十日,熊融禮先生,當時擔任本公司主席、執行董事兼控股股東,豁免應付彼之結餘約人民幣 786,000元。該豁免金額已作為股東供款予以資本化。二零二二年七月六日,直接控股公司Goldcorp Industrial Limited將若干本公司的股份轉讓給本集團的員工,根據國際財務報告準則第2號以股份為基礎的付款,此類轉讓被視為以股份為基礎的付款交易。交易詳情請參閱綜合財務報表附註27。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動		
Loss before tax	除稅前虧損	(11,617)	(8,264)
Adjustments for:	調整:	(11,017)	(0,204)
Finance costs	融資費用	1,048	1,124
Interest income	利息收入	(113)	(243)
Exchange loss	正兑虧損 正兑虧損	914	690
Depreciation of property and	物業及設備折舊	317	090
equipment	彻未及政門別首	609	830
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊	703	905
Loss on disposal of property and	出售物業及設備虧損	703	900
equipment	山台彻未及政制創預	_	261
Impairment loss under expected credit	預期信貸損失模式下之	_	201
loss model, net of reversal on trade	減值虧損,扣除應收		
receivables and contract assets	貿易賬款及合約資產		
receivables and contract assets		324	0.000
	撥回 坎公女佐註 2 提送之会融	324	2,280
Loss on fair value changes of financial	按公允值計入損益之金融		4
assets at FVTPL	資產公允值變動的虧損	_	1
Operating cash flows before	營運資金變動前之經營現金流		
movements in working capital	音	(8,132)	(2,416)
Decrease (increase) in restricted bank	銀行保證金增加(減少)	(0,102)	(2,410)
deposits	或口 M 位 並 石 M (M ク)	79	(705)
Increase in inventories	存貨(增加)	(127)	(579)
Decrease in trade and other	應收貿易及其他賬款	(127)	(010)
receivables	減少	2,569	3.678
Decrease in contract assets		56	39
Decrease in trade and other payables	應付貿易及其他賬款	30	39
Decrease in trade and other payables	減少	(1,130)	(2,516)
	1179 /	(.,,100)	(2,010)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING	經營活動所用之		
ACTIVITIES	現金淨額	(6,685)	(2,499)
	—	(-,,	(=, .00)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from disposal of property	投資活動 出售物業及設備所得款項		
and equipment Purchase of property and equipment Interest received Prepayments for right-for-use assets	購買物業及設備 已收利息 使用權資產之預付款	- (45) 113 -	14 (83) 243 (569)
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動(所用)所得之現金淨 額	68	(395)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from bank borrowings Repayment of bank borrowings (Repayment to) advances from related	融資活動 銀行借貸所得款項 關聯方墊款 償還銀行借貸	1,000 (500)	500 (18,000)
parties Repayment of lease liabilities Interest paid	償還租賃負債 已付利息	(161) (243) (58)	1,140 (350) (185)
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動所得(所用)之 現金淨額	38	(16,895)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	現金及現金等價物之 減少淨額	(6,579)	(19,789)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 1 JANUARY	於一月一日之現金及 現金等價物	35,107	54,896
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 DECEMBER,	金等價物,		
represented by bank balances and cash	即銀行結餘及現金	28,528	35,107

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL

Sing Lee Software (Group) Limited (the "Company") is incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on Growth Enterprise Market("GEM") of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the section headed "Corporate Information" in the annual report. Its immediate holding company was Goldcorp Industrial, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. For the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Company do not have ultimate controlling party.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") are development and sales of software products, sales of hardware products and provision of technical support services. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in Note 29.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the same as the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

1. 一般事項

新利軟件(集團)股份有限公司(「本公司」)在百慕達註冊成立為一間獲豁免有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司 GEM上市。本公司註冊辦事處及主要業務地址於年報「公司資料」一節披露。其直接控股公司為Goldcorp Industrial Limited (「Goldcorp Industrial」),該公司於英屬處女群島註冊成立,截至二零二三年和二零二四年十二月三十一日止,本公司沒有控制方。

本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事軟件產品開發及銷售、銷售硬件產品及提供技術支援服務等業務。本公司附屬公司之主要業務載於附註29。

綜合財務報表以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列,而人民幣乃本公司及其附屬公司之功能貨幣。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO IFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARD

Amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group's annual period beginning on 1 January 2024 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to IFRS 16 Amendments to IAS 1

Amendments to IAS 1

Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7

Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current

Non-current Liabilities with

Covenants

Supplier Finance Arrangements

Except as described below, the application of the amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

應用新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則 2.

於本年度強制生效之新訂及經修訂國際財 務報告準則

於本年度,本集團於編製本集團的綜合財 務報表時已首次應用國際會計準則理事會 (「國際會計準則理事會」) 頒佈的以下新訂 及經修訂國際財務報告準則,有關修訂本 於二零二四年一月一日開始的年度期間強 制生效:

國際財務報告準

銷售與售後回租中的

則第16號修訂 租賃負債

國際會計準則

流動與非流動負債的分

第1號修訂本

類

國際會計準則

附有契約條款的非流動

供應商融資安排

第1號修訂本 國際會計準則

負債

第7號修訂本及

國際財務報告準

則第7號

除下文所述外,於本年度應用新訂及其他 經修訂國際財務報告準則沒有對本集團本 年度及過往年度的財務狀況及表現,以 及/或於綜合財務報表載列的披露事項產 生重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO IFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARD (Continued)

New and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not vet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective:

and IFRS 7 and IFRS 7

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28

Amendments to IFRS 9 Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments Amendments to IFRS 9 Contracts Referencing Nature-Dependent

> Electricity Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint

Venture

Amendments to IFRS Accounting Standards

Annual Improvements to IFRS Accounting

Standards - Volume 11

Amendments to IAS 21 Lack of Exchangeability

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027.

應用新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則 2. (續)

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂國際財 務報告準則

本集團並無提早應用以下已頒佈但尚未生 效之經修訂國際財務報告準則:

國際財務報告準則 第9號及第7號修訂

金融工具的分類和計量

國際財務報告準則

涉及依賴自然條件的電力合 第9號及第7號修訂

國際財務報告準則 第10號修訂及國際 會計準則第28號修 訂本

投資者與其關聯方或合資企 業之間的資產出售或貢獻

國際財務報告準則 國際財務報告準則年度改

進一第11卷

國際會計準則第21號 缺乏可交換性

修訂本

國際財務報告準則 財務報表的列報與披露

第18號

- 適用於自待定日期起開始的年度期間。
- 適用於自2025年1月1日起開始的年度期間。
- 適用於自2026年1月1日起開始的年度期間。
- 適用於自2027年1月1日起開始的年度期間。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO IFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARD (Continued)

New and amendments to IFRS Accounting
Standards in issue but not yet effective (Continued)

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements, which sets out requirements on presentation and disclosures in financial statements, will replace IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. This new IFRS Accounting Standard, while carrying forward many of the requirements in IAS 1, introduces new requirements to present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss; provide disclosures on managementdefined performance measures in the notes to the financial statements and improve aggregation and disaggregation of information to be disclosed in the financial statements. In addition, some IAS 1 paragraphs have been moved to IAS 8 and IFRS 7. Minor amendments to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows and IAS 33 Earnings per Share are also made.

IFRS 18, and amendments to other standards, will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, with early application permitted. The application of the new standard is expected to affect the presentation of the statement of profit or loss and disclosures in the future financial statements. The Group is in the process of assessing the detailed impact of IFRS 18 on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Except for IFRS 18, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of other new and amendments to IFRS Accounting Standard will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

2. 應用新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則

已頒佈但尚未生效之新訂及經修訂國際財務報告準則(續)

國際財務報告準則第18號(IFRS 18)規定 了財務報表列報和披露的要求

國際財務報告準則第18號(IFRS 18)規定了財務報表列報和披露的要求,將取代國際會計準則第1號(IAS 1)。這項新的國際財務報告準則在延續IAS 1多項要求的同時,引入了以下新規:要求在利潤表中到報特定分類和定義的小計項目;在財務報表附註中披露管理層定義的業績指標,並改進財務報表中信息的匯總與分解披露際或進財務報表中信息的匯總與分解披露際會計準則第8號(IAS 8)和國際財務報告準則第7號(IFRS 7)。國際會計準則第7號(IAS 7)和國際會計準則第33號(IAS 33)也進行了小幅修訂。

國際財務報告準則第18號以及其他相關準則的修訂將適用於自2027年1月1日或之後開始的年度報告期間,允許提前採用。應用新準則預計將影響未來財務報表中利潤表的列報和附註披露。本集團正在評估國際財務報告準則第18號對本集團合併財務報表的詳細影響。

除國際財務報告準則第18號外,本公司董事預計其他新發佈的國際財務報告準則及 其修訂的應用在可預見的未來不會對合併 財務報表產生重大影響。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards issued by the IASB. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("CO").

The directors of the Company have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料

3.1 综合財務報表的編製基準

在審批綜合財務報表時,公司董事 預計集團在可預見的未來期間具備 持續經營的能力,因此使用持續經 營為會計基礎編制綜合財務報表。

綜合財務報表已經按歷史成本法編製,惟於各報告期末按公允值計量的若干金融工具除外,其闡釋於下文所載的會計政策。

歷史成本一般乃按交換貨品及服務 所給予的代價的公允值為基準得 出。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued

3.2 Material accounting policy information

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Group. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Company obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Company loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Company gains control until the date when the Company ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料

合併基準

綜合財務報表納入本公司及由本公司及其附屬公司所控制的實體的財務報表。當本公司符合下列各項時,則取得控制權:

- 對被投資方具有權力;
- 就其參與被投資方的可變回 報面臨風險或具有權利;及
- 有能力運用其權力影響其回報。

倘事實及情況顯示上列三項控制權 的其中一項或以上元素出現變動, 則本集團會重新評估其是否控制被 投資方。

附屬公司在本集團取得對該附屬公司在本集團取得對該附屬公司的控制權時開始合併入賬,並有集團失去對該附屬公司的控制權或時終止。具體而言,年內所收購或出售的附屬公司的收入及開支均自本集團取得控制權當日起直至本集團不再控制該附屬公司當日為上計入綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

損益及其他全面收益各項目歸屬於 本公司擁有人。附屬公司之全面收 益總額仍歸屬於本公司擁有人。

所有涉及本集團內各成員公司間與 資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及 現金流量有關之交易均於綜合賬目 時悉數對銷。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers

Information about the Group's accounting policies relating to contracts with customers is provided in Note 5.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (i.e. USD and HKD) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. When a fair value gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised in profit or loss. Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs not qualified for capitalisation are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

客戶合約收益

集團客戶合約收益會計政策資料於 附註5提供。

外幣

由結算貨幣項目及重新換算貨幣項 目產生之匯兑差額於其產生之期間 於損益中確認。

借貸成本

所有未符合資本化條件的借貸成本 在其發生期間在損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

Retirement benefit costs and termination benefits

Payments to the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes and state-managed retirement benefit schemes are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another IFRS Accounting Standard requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries) after deducting any amount already paid.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

政府補貼

僅當有合理理由本集團將遵守政府 補貼的附加條件並將收取補貼後, 方會確認政府補貼。

應收政府補貼相關的收入,作為已 經發生的費用或損失的補償,或為 不帶任何未來相關費用而直接向本 集團提供財務支持的目的,在應收 款項期間於損益中確認。該政府補 貼在「其他收入」項下呈列。

退休福利成本及終止福利

對強制性公積金計劃及國家管理之 退休福利計劃所作之供款在僱員已 提供服務使其有權享有供款時,入 賬列為開支。

短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利於僱員提供服務時就預計將支付福利的未貼現金額予以確認。所有短期僱員福利確認為開支,除非另一項國際財務報告準則要求或允許將有關福利納入資產成本,則作別論。

在扣除已支付的任何金額後,對僱 員應得的福利(例如工資及薪金) 確認負債。

3.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Shares/Share options granted to employees

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value of the equity-settled sharebased payments determined at the grant date without taking into consideration all non-market vesting conditions is expensed on a straightline basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity under shareholder's contribution. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on assessment of all relevant non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payments reserve.

For the shares/share options that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the shares/share options granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share-based payments reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share-based payments reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

以股份為基礎的付款

以權益結算以股份為基礎的付款交 易

授予僱員之股份/購股權

向僱員及其他提供類似服務人士支付的以股份為基礎付款按授出日期 的股本工具公允值計量。

對於在授出日期即時歸屬的股份/ 購股權,授出的股份/購股權公允 價值即時於損益項列為開支。

當購股權獲行使時,先前於以股份 為基礎的付款儲備確認的款額將轉 撥至股份溢價。當購股權於歸屬日 期後被沒收或於到期日仍未行使, 先前於以股份為基礎的付款儲備確 認的款額將轉撥至累計虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the current and deferred income tax expense.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from loss before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料(續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

税項

所得税開支指當期税項及遞延税項 之總和。

當期應付税項乃根據年內應課税溢利計算。應課稅溢利有別於除稅前虧損,因其他年度應課稅或可扣稅之收入或開支及從未課稅或可扣稅之項目。本集團之流動稅項負債乃按報告期末經已制定或實質上經已制定之稅率計算。

當期和遞延所得稅於損益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Property and equipment are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of items of property and equipment less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料(續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

物業及設備

物業及設備為用於提供貨品或服務 或行政用途的有形資產。物業、廠 房及設備須於綜合財務狀況表列賬 為成本扣除期後累計折舊及累計減 值虧損(如有)。

折舊須被確認從而以直線法撇除物業、廠房及設備項目之成本扣除剩餘價值,再以估計可使用年期之數額攤分。估計可使用年期、剩餘價值及折舊方法須於各報告期末檢討,估計變動之影響按預先計提之基準入賬。

物業及設備項目於出售時或預期持續使用資產並不會產生日後經濟利益的情況下,終止確認。物業、廠房及設備項目之出售或停用產生之任何損益根據銷售所得收入與資產賬面價值之差異釐定並於損益內確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued

3.2 Material accounting policy information
(Continued)

Impairment on property and equipment, right-of-use assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property and equipment, right-of-use assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amount of property and equipment, right-of-use assets with finite useful lives are estimated individually, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

物業及使用權資產之減值

於報告期末,本集團會審閱其具有 有限可使用年期的物業及設備、使 用權資產之賬面值,以釐定是否有 任何跡象顯示該等資產已蒙受減值 虧損。倘存在任何有關跡象,則會 估計資產的可收回金額,以釐定減 值虧損(如有)的程度。

其具有有限可使用年期的物業、使用權資產的可收回金額按個別進行估計。當不可能估計個別資產的可收回金額時,本集團估計資產所屬 現金產生單位的可收回金額。

可收回金額為公允值減出售成本與在用價值之間的較高者。在評估在用價值時,估計未來現金流量乃使用反映現時市場對貨幣時間值的評估及資產(或現金產生單位)特定風險的稅前折現率折現至其現值,而當中並無對未來現金流量估計作出調整。

3.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued.

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Impairment on property and equipment, right-of-use assets (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the other assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料(續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

物業及使用權資產之減值(續)

倘其後撥回減值虧損,資產(或現金產生單位)的賬面值乃增加至其可收回金額的經修訂估計,惟致令經增加的賬面值不得超出在過往年度並無就該資產(或現金產生單位)確認減值虧損下原應釐定的賬面值。減值虧損撥回會即時於損益確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

3.

綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料(續)

3.2 Material accounting policy information

Cash and cash equivalents

Bank balances and cash presented on the consolidated statement of financial position and the consolidated statements of cash flow include:

- (a) cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits, excluding bank balances that are subject to regulatory restrictions that result in such balances no longer meeting the definition of cash; and
- (b) cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories are calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

現金及現金等價物

於綜合財務狀況報表及綜合現金流 量表呈列的銀行餘額及現金包括:

- 現金,包括手頭現金及活期 (a) 存款,不包括受規管限制所 限及不再符合現金定義的銀 行結餘;及
- 現金等價物,包括短期(原 (b) 到期日一般為三個月或以 下)、高流動性和可隨時轉 換為已知金額現金且價值變 動風險不大的投資。現金等 價物為滿足短期現金承諾 (而非為投資或其他目的)而 持有。

存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者較低 者列賬。存貨成本按加權平均法計 算。可變現淨值為存貨估計售價扣 除完成產品的所有估計成本及進行 銷售所需的成本。出售所需的成本 包括直接歸屬於出售的增量成本, 以及本集團為進行出售而必須產生 的非增量成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with IFRS 15 Revenue from contracts with customers. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料(續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具

金融資產及金融負債在集團實體成 為工具合約條文的訂約方時予以確 認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

實際利率法為計算金融資產或金融負債攤銷成本及於相關期間分配利息收入及利息開支所用的方法。於利率法為於初始確認時將金融負債預期年期內或(他方數項(包括組成實際利率一部,及款項(包括組成實際利率一部,於有已付或已收費用及點數。確所,可以與其他溢價或折讓)。

金融資產

金融資產的分類及其後計量

符合下列條件之金融資產其後按攤銷成本計量:

- 金融資產乃按目標為持有金融資產以收取合約現金流量的業務模式持有;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之 現金流量純粹為支付本金及 未償還本金之利息。

其他所有金融資產指定為按公允值計入損益計量。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the creditimpaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(續)

(i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

利息收入就其後按攤銷成本 計量之金融資產採用實際利 率法確認。利息收入诱過將 實際利率用於金融資產總賬 面值來計算,惟其後已變為 信貸減值的金融資產(見下 文)除外。就其後已變為信 貸減值的金融資產而言,利 息收入透過將實際利率用於 自下個報告期起計的金融資 產攤銷成本來確認。倘信貸 減值金融工具的信貸風險降 低令金融資產不再維持信貸 減值,則利息收入在斷定資 產不再維持信貸減值後,诱 過將實際利率用於自報告期 開始起計的金融資產總賬面 值來確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continuea

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item.

Impairment of financial assets and other item subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 Financial Instrument.

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade and other receivables, bank balances, restricted bank deposits and contract assets), which are subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產的分類及其後計量(續)

(ii) 按公允值計入損益之金融資 產

> 按公允值計入損益之金融資產按各報告期末的公允值計 量,任何公允值收益或虧損 於損益中確認。於損益確認 的收益或虧損淨額包括就金 融資產賺取的任何股息或利 息,計入「其他損益」一欄。

金融資產及國際財務報告準則第9 號須進行減值評估之其他項目之減 值

本集團根據預期信貸損失(「預期信貸損失」)模式對金融資產(包括應收貿易及其他賬款及銀行結餘及及限制銀行存款)及合約資產(根據國際財務報告準則第9號須予減值)進行減值評估。預期信貸損失的金額於各報告日期更新,以反映信貸風險自初始確認以來的變動。

3.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other item subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 Financial Instrument. (Continued)

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables and contract assets.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料(續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產及國際財務報告準則第9 號須進行減值評估之其他項目之減 值(續)

全期預期信貸損失指相關工具於其預計年期內所有可能違約事件產期內所有可能違約事件產月損失(「12個月預期信貸損失(「12個月預期信貸損失(「12個月預期後12個月期後12個月期後12個月期時貸損失部分。評估乃根據債別期信貸損失部分。評估乃根據債別期合資。其大經濟狀況及未來狀況發出時間,以與於報告日期之當時狀況及未來狀況預測的評估作調整。

本集團一直就應收貿易賬款及合約 資產確認至期預期信貸損失。

就所有其他工具而言,本集團計量 等於12個月預期信貸損失的虧損撥 備,除非當信貸風險自初始確認以 來顯著上升,則本集團確認全期預 期信貸損失。是否應以全期預期信 貸損失確認乃根據自初始確認以來 發生違約的可能性或風險顯著上升 而評估。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other item subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 Financial Instrument. (Continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料(續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產及國際財務報告準則第9 號須進行減值評估之其他項目之減 值(續)

(i) 信貸風險大幅增加

本集團定期監控用以識別信貸風險有否大幅增加的標準之有效性,且修訂標準(如適當)來確保標準能在金額逾期前識別信貸風險大幅增加。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other item subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 Financial Instrument. (Continued)

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the breach of contract, such as a default or past due event.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產及國際財務報告準則第9 號須進行減值評估之其他項目之減 值(續)

(ii) 違約定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言, 本集團認為,違約事件在內 部制訂或得自外界來源的資 料顯示債務人不大可能悉數 向債權人(包括本集團)還 款(未計及本集團所持任何 抵押品)時發生。

本集團認為,當金融資產逾期超過90天,則發生違約,除非本集團有合理且可支持的資料證明更滯後的違約標準屬更合適。

(iii) 信貸減值金融資產

金融資產在一項或以上違約 事件(對該金融資產估計未 來現金流量構成不利影響) 發生時出現信貸減值。金融 資產出現信貸減值的證據包 括可觀察到的違反合約(如 違約或逾期事件)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED 3. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL **ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION**

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other item subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 Financial Instrument. (Continued)

(iv) Write-off policy

> The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over three years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 3. 政策資料(續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產及國際財務報告準則第9 號須進行減值評估之其他項目之減 值(續)

(iv) 撇銷政策

> 當有資料顯示對手方處於嚴 重財務困難及無實際收回可 能(例如,對手方已處於清 盤狀態或已進行破產程序) 或應收貿易賬款逾期三年以 上,(以較早發生者為準), 則本集團撇銷金融資產。經 考慮法律意見後(倘合適), 遭撇銷的金融資產可能仍須 按本集團收回程序進行強制 執行活動。撇銷構成終止確 認事項。任何其後收回在損 益中確認。

3.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other item subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 Financial Instrument. (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL for certain trade receivables and contract assets are considered on a collective basis taking into consideration past due information and relevant credit information such as forward-looking macroeconomic information.

綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料*(續)*

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產及國際財務報告準則第9 號須進行減值評估之其他項目之減 值(續)

(v) 預期信貸損失的計量及確認 預期信貸損失的計量為違約 概率、違約損失率(即違約 損失程度)及違約風險的 數。違約概率及違約損失性 乃基於歷史數據及前瞻性的 對評估。預期信貸損失性 計反映公正及概率加權制 額,乃根據加權相應違約風 險而確定。

> 一般而言,預期信貸損失按 本集團根據合約應收的所有 合約現金流量與本集團預計 收取的所有現金流量之間的 差額估計,並按初始確認時 釐定的實際利率貼現。

> 若干應收貿易賬款及合約資產之預期信貸損失乃經考慮過往到期信息及相關信貸信息(如前瞻性宏觀經濟信息)按組合基準考慮。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Impairment of financial assets and other item subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 Financial Instrument. (Continued)

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL (Continued)

For collective assessment, the Group takes into consideration the following characteristics when formulating the grouping:

- Past-due status;
- Nature, size and industry of debtors; and
- External credit ratings where available.

The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure the constituents of each group continue to share similar credit risk characteristics.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade and other receivables and where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料(續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

金融資產及國際財務報告準則第9 號須進行減值評估之其他項目之減 值(續)

(v) 預期信貸損失的計量及確認 (續)

> 為進行組合評估,本集團於 制定分組時會考慮以下特 徵:

- 逾期狀況;
- 債務人的性質、規模 及行業;及
- 外部信貸評級(如可得)。

分組工作經管理層定期檢 討,以確保各組別成份繼續 具備類似信貸風險特性。

利息收入按金融資產的總賬面值計算,惟倘金融資產信貸減值,則利息收入按金融資產的攤銷成本計算。

本集團藉調整所有財務工具的賬面 值於損益確認減值收益或虧損,惟 應收賬款及其他應收賬款則透過損 失撥備賬確認相應調整除外。

3.

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued)

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue cost.

綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料(續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融工具(續)

金融資產(續)

資產終止確認

僅當自資產收取現金流量之合約權 利屆滿或其將金融資產及資產擁有 權之絕大部份的風險及回報轉移至 另一實體,本集團方會終止確認金 融資產。

於終止確認按攤銷成本計量的金融 資產時,該資產賬面值與已收及應 收代價總和之差額於損益內確認。

金融負債及股本工具

分類為債務或股本

債務及股本工具乃根據合約安排的 內容以及金融負債及股本工具的定 義分類為金融負債或股本工具。

股本工具

股本工具為證明實體的資產於扣除 其所有負債後的剩餘權益的任何合 約。本公司所發行的股本工具乃按 已收所得款項扣除直接發行成本予 以確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(Continued

3.2 Material accounting policy information (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

Equity instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities including borrowings, trade and other payables and amounts due to related parties are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

3. 綜合財務報表的編製基準及重要會計 政策資料 (續)

3.2 重要會計政策資料(續)

金融負債及股本工具(續)

股本工具(續)

按攤銷成本列賬之金融負債

金融負債(包括借貸、應付貿易及 其他賬款及應付關聯方款項)其後 按攤銷成本並使用實際利率法計 量。

終止確認金融負債

當且僅當本集團的義務被解除、取 消或到期時,本集團才終止確認金 融負債。終止確認之金融負債賬面 值與已付及應付代價之差額乃於損 益中確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Provision of ECL for trade receivables

Trade receivables with external credit rating and creditimpaired balances are assessed for ECL individually. In addition, the management of the Group estimates the amount of lifetime ECL of trade receivables based on provision matrix through grouping of various debtors that have similar loss patterns. Estimated loss rates are based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information.

The provision of ECL is sensitive to changes in estimates. The information about the ECL and the Group's trade receivables are disclosed in Notes 31 and 19 respectively.

4. 估計之不確定性之主要來源

應用本集團之會計政策(於附註3所述)時,本公司董事須對來自其他來源而並非顯而易見之資產及負債賬面值作出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假設乃按照過往經驗及其他認為有關之因素而作出。實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

估計及相關假設會持續檢討。倘會計估計 進行修訂只影響該期間,則有關修訂會在 修訂估計期間確認。倘有關修訂同時影響 現時及未來期間,則有關修訂會在修訂期 間及未來期間確認。

以下為於報告期末估計之不確定性之主要 來源,其重大風險將令資產及負債之賬面 值於下個財政年度內被重大調整。

(a) 應收貿易賬款及合約資產之預期信 貸損失撥備

本集團對具有外部信用評級及已發生信用減值的貿易應收款項單獨語估預期信用損失。此外,管理層層過減值準備矩陣對具有相似損貨等。 過減值準備矩陣對具有相似損貨等 徵的債務人進行分組,據此估算期 傷應收款項的整個存續期預期信所 易應收款項的整個存續期預期信所 持續期內歷史觀察違約率,並結合 前瞻性信息進行調整。

預期信貸損失撥備對估計變動尤為 敏感。有關預期信貸損失及本集團 應收貿易賬款及合約資產的資料分 別於附註31及19披露。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. REVENUE

(i) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

5. 銷售收入

(i) 分拆客戶合約銷售收入

	For th	e year ended	l 31 Decembe	r 2024
	截至	二零二四年十二	二月三十一日止	年度
			Provision	
	Sales of	Sales of	of technical	
	software	hardware	support	
	products	products	services	Total
	銷售	銷售	提供技術	
	軟件產品	硬件產品	支援服務	合計
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
AV A > D	1 001	4.040		0.004
朝告 崖品	1,261	1,040		2,301
坦世 昭 教·				
	_	_	48.090	48,090
			10,000	10,000
務	-	-	8,423	8,423
總計 —————————	1,261	1,040	56,513	58,814
地區市場				
	1 261	1 040	56 513	58,814
. I . kzd	1,201	1,040	00,010	30,014
鉛 售				
	829	1.040	56.513	58,382
	432	-,,,,,	-	432
NG- 1 IN	.52			
總計	1,261	1,040	56,513	58,814
	總計 地區市場 中國 銷售收入 時間間 隨時間	数目 Sales of software products 3が1 書	数至二零二四年十: 数名 3 3 4 3 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 4	Sales of software products Sales of software products Sales of support support support services support products services side

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. **REVENUE** (Continued)

5. 銷售收入(續)

(i) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

(i) 分拆客戶合約銷售收入(續)

			31 December		
	截至	二零二三年十二			
		截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度			
	Provision				
	Sales of	Sales of	of technical		
	software	hardware	support		
	products	products	services	Total	
	銷售	銷售	提供技術	A ÷1	
	軟件產品	硬件產品 PMP/000	支援服務	合計	
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	
	八氏市「九	八八市「儿	八八市「儿	人 人 市	
Sales of products 銷售產品	2,866	422	_	3,288	
Provision of services: 提供服務: - Outsourcing financial services for bank customers 外包金融服務 - Development, installation and 一開發、安裝及維持人物体別	务 —	-	54,769	54,769	
maintenance of payment 護支付軟件別 software system 務		_	12,320	12,320	
			,		
Total 總計	2,866	422	67,089	70,377	
Geographical markets 地區市場 The PRC 中國	2,866	422	67,089	70,377	
Timing of revenue recognition 銷售收入					
A point in time 時間點	2,462	422	67,089	69,973	
Over time	404	_	_	404	
Total 總計	2,866	422	67,089	70,377	

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. **REVENUE** (Continued)

(ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers

Provision of technical support services (revenue recognised at one point in time)

The Group provides technical support service, e.g. financial outsourcing services, software system upgrades and interface development services mainly to banks. Such services are recognised as a performance obligation satisfied at one point in time because the contract specifies the unit price and quantitative unit of each type of performance obligation, and the consideration is based on the number of units completed when the Group completes for each performance obligation, i.e., the point at which the customer obtains control of a quantitative unit of service and has a present obligation to pay. Revenue is recognised for these technical support services based on the point at which the service is confirmed.

Sales of hardware products (revenue recognised at one point in time)

The Group sells hardware products, e.g. POS machines mainly to banks and high-tech companies directly.

For sales of hardware products, revenue is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods have been delivered to customers' specific location. The normal credit term is 90 to 180 days upon delivery.

5. 銷售收入(續)

(ii) 履行與客戶的合約責任

提供技術支援服務(收益於某時間 點確認)

本集團向客戶提供技術支援服務, 如為銀行客戶提供金融外包服務。 軟件系統升級及交互開發服務。 管格及數量,服務費在完成服務的 質格及數量結算,此時客戶 單位服務的控制權,並具有支付 單位服務的控制權,並具有支付 務費的義務,因此該等服務履務 任於該時點達成。相關技術服務 入亦於服務達成時確認。

銷售硬件產品(收益於某時間點確認)

本集團主要直接向銀行及高科技公司銷售硬件產品,例如POS機器。

就硬件產品銷售而言,收益於貨品的控制權轉移,即當貨品交付至客戶的指定地點時確認。信貸期一般為交付起計90至180日。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. **REVENUE** (Continued)

(ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers (Continued)

Sales of software products with maintenance services (multiple performance obligations)

The Group sells software products, e.g. POS-MIS mainly to banks and high-tech companies directly, and revenue is recognised at a point in time when control of software products has transferred, being when the software products have been delivered to customers' specific location and installed for use. In addition, the Group provided subsequent maintenance service after the installation, which is considered to be a distinct service as it is both regularly supplied by the Group to other customers on a stand-alone basis and is available for customers from other providers in the market. Transaction price is allocated between sales of software products and the maintenance services on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Revenue relating to the maintenance services is recognised over time and would be recognised as a separate performance obligation for provision of services and included as development, installation and maintenance of payment software system. The transaction price allocated to these services is recognised on a straight line basis over the period of service.

5. 銷售收入(續)

(ii) 履行與客戶的合約責任(續)

銷售軟件產品連同維護服務(多項 履約責任)

本集團主要向銀行及高科技公司直 接銷售POS-MIS等軟件產品,收 益於軟件產品的控制權轉移的時間 點,即當軟件商品交付至客戶的指 定地點並安裝使用時確認。此外, 安裝完成後本集團提供後續維護服 務,其被視為一項獨立服務,因為 本集團通常按獨立基準供應予其他 客戶,且客戶可以從市場上其他供 應商取得有關服務。交易價按相對 獨立售價基準於銷售軟件產品及維 護服務之間分配。與維護服務有關 的收益隨著時間確認,將確認為提 供服務併計入開發、安裝及維護支 付軟件服務的單獨履約責任。分配 至該等服務的交易價格於服務期間 按直線基準確認。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

5. **REVENUE** (Continued)

(iii) Transaction price for sales of software products with maintenance services allocated to the remaining performance obligations for contracts with customers

The transaction price for sales of software products with maintenance services allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

5. 銷售收入(續)

(iii) 銷售軟件產品連同維護服務相關的 分配至與客戶合約之餘下履約責任 的交易價格

> 於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日,銷售軟件產品連同維護 服務相關的交易價格分配至其餘履 約責任(未達成或局部未達成),預 期確認收益的時間如下:

	2024	2023
	二零二四年	二零二三年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within one year 一年以內	242	395
More than one year but not more		
than two years	148	204
More than two years 兩年以上	159	222
	549	821

All the other revenue are for periods of one year or less. As permitted under IFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed.

所有其他收入的期限為一年或更短時間。根據國際財務報告第15號規定,未履行的合約的交易價格不予披露。

6. OPERATING SEGMENTS

Information reported to the Company's executive directors, being the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of goods or services delivered or provided.

Specifically, the Group's reportable and operating segments under IFRS 8 Operating Segments are as follows:

- 1. Sales of software products
- 2. Sales of hardware products
- 3. Provision of technical support services

No operating segments have been aggregated in arising at the reportable segments of the Group.

6. 營運分部

向本公司執行董事(即「總營運決策人」) 呈報以便進行資源分配及評估分部表現之 資料,亦側重於各類已交付貨品或所提供 服務。

具體而言,根據國際財務報告準則第8號 *營運分部*,本集團之可呈報及營運分部 為:

- 1. 銷售軟件產品
- 2. 銷售硬件產品
- 3. 提供技術支援服務

本集團並無將營運分部合計以構成可呈報 分部。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Continued)

Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating and reportable segment:

6. 營運分部 (續)

分部銷售收入及業績

本集團按營運及可呈報分部劃分銷售收入 及業績之分析如下:

, , ,					
		Sales of software products 銷售 軟件產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Sales of related hardware products 銷售 硬件產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Provision of technical support services 提供技術 支援服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2024 External sales and total revenue - segment revenue	截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 對外銷售及總銷售收入 一分部銷售收入	1,261	1,040	56,513	58,814
SEGMENT RESULTS	分部業績	(275)	(69)	(6,800)	(7,144)
Other income Other gains and losses Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs	其他收入 其他收益及虧損 未分配企業開支 融資費用				463 (915) (2,973) (1,048)
Group's loss before tax	本集團的除税前虧損				(11,617)
For the year ended 31 December 2023 External sales and total revenue - segment revenue	截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 對外銷售及總銷售收入 一分部銷售收入	2,866	422	67,089	70,377
SEGMENT RESULTS	分部業績	(625)	(28)	(4,166)	(4,819)
Other income Other gains and losses Unallocated corporate expenses Finance costs	其他收入 其他收益及虧損 未分配企業開支 融資費用				1,537 (991) (2,867) (1,124)
Group's loss before tax	本集團的除稅前虧損				(8,264)



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

6. OPERATING SEGMENTS (Continued)

Segment revenue and results (Continued)

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies as described in Note 3.2. Segment results represents the loss incurred by each segment without allocation of finance costs, unallocated corporate expenses, other income and other gains and losses. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

The CODM makes decisions according to operating results of each segment. No analysis of segment asset and segment liability is presented as the CODM does not regularly review such information for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment. Therefore, only segment revenue and segment results are presented.

6. 營運分部(續)

分部銷售收入及業績(續)

營運分部之會計政策與附註3.2所述之本 集團會計政策相同。分部業績指在並無分 配融資費用、未分配企業開支、其他收入 以及其他收益及虧損下各分部之虧損,用 作向總營運決策人呈報資料之基準,作分 配資源及評估表現用途。

總營運決策人根據各分部的經營業績作出 決策。概無呈列分部資產及分部負債分 析,因為總營運決策人並無就資源分配及 表現評估而定期審閱該資料。因此,只有 分部銷售收入及分部業績予以呈列。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

OPERATING SEGMENTS (Continued) 6.

6. 營運分部(續)

Other segment information 其他分部資料					
		Sales of software products 銷售 軟件產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Sales of related hardware products 銷售 硬件產品 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Provision of technical support services 提供技術 支援服務 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
For the year ended 31 December 2024 Amounts included in the measure of segment results:	截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 包括於計量分部業績之款項:				
Depreciation of property and equipment	物業及設備折舊	10	13	586	609
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Impairment losses on trade receivables	使用權資產折舊 應收貿易賬款及合約資產減值虧損	12	15	676	703
and contract assets		6	7	311	324
For the year ended 31 December 2023 Amounts included in the measure of segment results:	截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 包括於計量分部業績之款項:				
Depreciation of property and equipment	物業及設備折舊	33	5	792	830
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Impairment losses on trade receivables	使用權資產折舊 應收貿易賬款及合約資產減值虧損	37	5	863	905
and contract assets		131	19	2,130	2,280



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

6. **OPERATING SEGMENTS** (Continued)

Geographical information

The Group's revenue from external customers is all generated from customers located in the PRC.

All non-current assets of the Group are located in the PRC by location of assets.

Information about major customers

Revenue from customers from sales of software products, hardware products, provision of technical support services of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group are as follows:

營運分部(續) 6.

地區資料

本集團來自外來客戶之銷售收入來自中國 的客戶。

本集團所有非流動資產按資產所在地劃分 均位於中國境內。

主要客戶資產

本集團來自個別客戶之銷售軟件產品、硬 件產品及提供技術支援服務之收入貢獻超 過總銷售10%如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Customer A	客戶甲	33,833	50,158
Customer B	客戶乙	11,042	12,696

OTHER INCOME 7.

其他收入 7.

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Government grants (Note) Bank interest income Others	政府補貼 <i>(附註)</i> 利息收入 其他	254 113 96	1,289 243 5
		463	1,537

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group recognised unconditional grants of RMB254,000 (2023: RMB1,289,000) from local government to encourage the business operations in the PRC.

附註: 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團確認來自地方政府為鼓勵在香港和中國 內地開展業務而給予的無條件補貼人民幣 254,000元(二零二三年:人民幣1,289,000

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

8. OTHER LOSSES

8. 其他收益及虧損

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net exchange loss	淨匯兑虧損 出售物業及設備虧損	(914)	(729)
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	山告彻未及政開創俱	_	(261)
Fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL	按公允值計入損益之金融 資產公允值變動	-	(1)
Others	其他	(1)	
		(915)	(991)

9. FINANCE COSTS

9. 融資費用

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Interest on bank borrowings Interest on loans from a related party Interest on lease liabilities	銀行借貸之利息 關聯方借貸之利息 租賃負債之利息	49 990 9	174 939 11
		1,048	1,124

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

10. 所得税開支

2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Income tax expense

所得税開支

Hangzhou Singlee Technology Company Limited ("Singlee Technology"), a subsidiary of the Company, was established in Hangzhou, the PRC, with statutory enterprise income tax ("EIT") rate of 25%. Singlee Technology is regarded as a High and New Technology Enterprise defined by Zhejiang Finance Bureau, Administrator of Local Taxation of Zhejiang Municipality and Zhejiang Municipal office of the State Administration of Taxation (collectively referred as the "local tax authorities") and is therefore entitled to 15% preferential EIT rate for the PRC EIT for three years starting from 2013. During the year ended 31 December 2022, its High and New Technology Enterprise status was extended by the local tax authorities for three more years to 2025. Accordingly, the EIT rate for Singlee Technology is 15% for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

杭州新利科技有限公司(「新利科技」)為本公司於中國杭州成立之附屬公司,須按25%法定税率納税。新利科技獲浙江財政局、浙江市地方税局行政處及國家税務總局浙江省市政府辦公室(以下簡稱「地方稅務機構」)認定為高新技術企業,向二零一三年起計每三年有權獲得中政企業所得稅15%優惠税率。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,該優惠已獲地,截至二零二三年及二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度新利科技之税率為15%。

According to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax Law, the applicable EIT rate of Hangzhou Singlee Software Company Limited ("Singlee Software") and Xin Yintong Technology Co., Ltd. ("Xin YinTong") is 25% for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made as the Group had no estimated assessable profits arising from Hong Kong during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

根據中國企業所得税法,截至二零二四年 及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,杭 州新利軟件有限公司(「新利軟件」)及新 銀通科技有限公司(「新銀通」)之適用税 率為25%。

由於本集團於截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度並無於香港產生估計應課税溢利,故並無就香港利得税作出撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

According to a policy promulgated by the State Tax Bureau of the PRC, enterprises engage in research and development activities are entitled to claim 200% (2023: 200%) of the research and development expenses so incurred in a year as tax deductible expenses in determining its tax assessable profits for that year ("Super Deduction"). Singlee Technology has claimed such Super Deduction in ascertaining its tax assessable profits for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023.

The income tax expense for the year is reconciled to the loss before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

10. 所得税開支(續)

根據中國國家稅務總局所頒佈的一項政策,從事研發活動的企業有權在釐定其年度應課稅溢利時將該年度產生的研發開支的200%(二零二三年:200%)稱作為可扣稅開支(「超額抵扣」)。新利科技於確定其兩個年度的應課稅溢利時已認領超額抵扣。

本年度税項抵免與綜合損益及其他全面收益表之除稅前虧損之對賬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss before tax	除税前虧損	(11,617)	(8,264)
Tax at enterprise income tax rate at 15% (2023: 15%) (Note)	按企業所得税税率15% (二零二三年:15%)繳納		
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax	之税項 (<i>附註</i>) 不可課税收入之税務影響	(1,743)	(1,240)
purpose Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	不可扣税開支之税務影響	515	534
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised Effect of Super Deduction	未確認税項虧損之税務影響 超額抵扣的影響	2,117 (1,184)	1,435 (726)
Tax effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries	附屬公司不同税率之税務影響	295	270
Income tax expense for the year	本年度所得税開支	-	_

Note: Applicable income tax rate of 15% (2023: 15%) represents the relevant income tax rate of Singlee Technology, the subsidiary of the Company which generates majority of the Group's loss.

附註: 適用所得税税率15%(二零二三年:15%) 指本公司附屬公司新利科技之相關所得税税 率,該公司為本集團產生大部分應課税虧損。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

10. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of approximately RMB33,724,000 (2023: RMB21,002,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

The unused tax losses will expire in the following years:

10. 所得税開支 (續)

於報告期末,本集團有未動用税務虧損約 為人民幣33,724,000元(二零二三年:人 民幣21,002,000元)可抵銷未來溢利。由 於無法預測未來溢利來源,未就該等虧損 確認遞延税項資產。

未來幾年之未動用稅務虧損之到期日如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2024	二零二四年	-	1,388
2025	二零二五年	5,553	5,553
2027	二零二七年	7,486	7,486
2028	二零二八年	6,575	6,575
2029	二零二九年	14,110	_
Total unused tax losses	未動用税務虧損總額	33,724	21,002

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

11. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

11. 本年度虧損

Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging the following items:

本年度虧損已扣除下列各項:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries, wages and other staff benefits 薪 Retirement benefit schemes contributions 退	金、工資及其他員工福利 休福利計劃供款	46,610 9,344	52,042 9,333
Total staff costs (Note)	工成本總額 (附註)	55,954	61,375
Depreciation of right-of-use assets 使 Group auditor's remuneration 集	業及設備折舊 用權資產折舊 團核數師酬金 認為開支之存貨成本	609 703 900	830 905 1,033
expense		2,204	296

Note: Directors' emoluments are included in the above staff costs.

附註: 董事酬金已計入上述員工成本。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments for the year, disclosed pursuant to applicable Listing Rules and CO, is as follow:

12. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬

根據適用的上市規則及公司條例所披露, 本集團本年度之董事及最高行政人員薪酬 如下:

				2024		
				二零二四年		
				Retirement		
			Salaries,	benefit	Share-based	
			allowances	schemes	payment	
		Fees	and bonuses	contributions	expenses	Total
					以股權結算	
			薪金、	退休福利	以股份為基礎	
		袍金	津貼及花紅	計劃供款	的付款開支	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Lin Xue Xin	林學新先生	116	446	76	-	638
Mr. Hung Ying	熊纓先生	116	304	6	-	426
Mr. Zang Jingjing (Note a)	臧晶晶先生 (附註a)	89	629	64	-	782
Mr. Li Dong (Note a)	李冬先生 (附註a)	89	638	64	-	791
Ms. Cai Jin (Note a)	蔡瑾女士 (附註a)	89	-	-	-	89
Subtotal	/ \計	499	2,017	210	-	2,726
Cubicital	J HI	100	=,•			_,
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Pao Ping Wing (Note b)	浦炳榮先生 <i>(附註b)</i>	116	-	-	-	116
Mr. Chan Tsang Mo (Note e)	陳增武先生 <i>(附註e)</i>	89	-	-	-	89
Ms. Chen Xinai (Note g)	陳新愛女士 (<i>附註g</i>)	42	-	-	-	42
Subtotal	小計	247	-	-	-	247
	4431					0.000
Total	總計					2,973

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

12. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬(續)

2023 _零_=年 Retirement Salaries, benefit Share-based allowances schemes payment expenses and bonuses Total Fees contributions 以股權結算 薪金、 退休福利 以股份為基礎 袍金 津貼及花紅 計劃供款 的付款開支 合計 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 **Executive directors** 執行董事 林學新先生 Mr. Lin Xue Xin 114 457 68 639 Mr. Hung Ying 熊纓先生 415 6 421 Mr. Cui Jian (Note f) 崔堅先生(附註f) 27 1 28 Mr. Zang Jingjing (Note a) 臧晶晶先生(附註a) 65 511 48 624 李冬先生(附註a) Mr. Li Dong (Note a) 65 647 56 768 Ms. Cai Jin (Note a) 蔡瑾女士(附註a) 65 65 小計 309 2,057 179 Subtotal 2,545 Independent non-executive directors 獨立非執行董事 浦炳榮先生(附註b) Mr. Pao Ping Wing (Note b) 114 114 Mr. Thomas Tam (Note c) 談國慶先生(附註c) 29 29 盧景文先生 (附註d) Mr. Lo King Man (Note d) 114 114 Mr. Chan Tsang Mo (Note e) 陳增武先生(附註e) 65 65 Subtotal 小計 322 322 Total 總計 2,867



綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

12. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Notes:

- (a) Mr. Zang Jingjing, Mr. Li Dong and Ms. Cai Jin had been appointed as executive directors of the Company since 1 April 2023.
- (b) Mr. Pao Ping Wing was chairman of the audit and risk management committee but resigned from this role to take up the member of audit and risk management committee on 1 April 2023.
- (c) Mr. Thomas Tam was the independent non-executive director and the member of the audit and risk management committee but resigned from this role on 1 April 2023.
- (d) Mr. Lo King Man was a member of the audit and risk management committee but resigned from this role on 31 December 2023.
- (e) Mr. Chan Tsang Mo was appointed and acted as the chairman of the audit and risk management committee since 1 April 2023.
- (f) Mr. Cui Jian was an executive director of the Company but resigned from this role on 1 April 2023.
- (g) Ms. Chen Xinai was appointed as independent non-executive director of the Company on 28 March 2024 and thereafter acts as a member of audit and risk management committee, remuneration committee and nomination committee.

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group. The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

No remuneration was paid by the Group to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office for both years.

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during both years.

12. 董事及最高行政人員薪酬(續)

附註:

- (a) 臧晶晶先生、李冬先生及蔡瑾女士自二零 二三年四月一日起獲委任為本公司執行董事。
- (b) 浦炳榮先生曾擔任審計及風險管理委員會主席,惟於二零二三年四月一日辭去該職位並接受審計及風險管理委員會成員職務。
- (c) 談國慶先生曾任獨立非執行董事及審計及風 險管理委員會成員,已於二零二三年四月一 日辭任此職。
- (e) 陳增武先生自二零二三年四月一日起獲委任 並擔任審計及風險管理委員會主席。
- (f) 崔堅先生曾任本公司執行董事,惟已於二零 二三年四月一日辭任該職務。
- (g) 陳新愛女士於二零二四年三月二十八日獲委 任為本公司獨立非執行董事,並擔任審計及 風險管理委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會 成員。

以上所載執行董事之薪酬針對彼等對本公司及本集團管理事務提供之服務。以上所載非執行董事之薪酬針對彼等作為本公司董事提供之服務。

本集團並無向任何董事支付薪酬作為吸引 其加入本集團或加入本集團時之報酬或作 為其失去職務之補償。

於本年度,概無董事或最高行政人員放棄或同意放棄任何薪酬的安排。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

13. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees of the Group during the year included three directors (2023: three directors), details of whose remuneration are set out in Note 12 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining two (2023: two) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

13. 五名最高薪酬僱員

年內本集團五名最高薪酬僱員包括三名董事(二零二三年:三名董事),彼等薪酬詳情載於上文附註12。年內餘下兩名(二零二三年:二名)並非本公司董事或行政總裁的最高薪酬人士的詳情載列如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and other benefits Retirement benefit schemes contributions	薪金及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	893 47	771
Compensation for loss of office	失去職務之補償	-	906
		940	1,700

The number of highest paid employees who are not the directors of the Company whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows: 並非本公司董事的最高薪酬僱員數目,其 薪酬按以下組別載列如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度

			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		No. of	No. of
		employees	employees
		僱員人數	僱員人數
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	2	1
HK\$1,000,001 to HK\$1,500,000	1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	-	1
Total	總額	2	2

During the years ended 31 December 2024, no remuneration was paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals as compensation for loss of office (2023: HK\$906,000). During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, no remuneration was paid by the Group to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group.

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團概無向五名最高薪人士十水付任何薪酬作為失去職務之補償(二零二二年:零),於二零二三年及二零二二年,本集團概無向五名最高薪人士支付任何薪酬酬作為吸引其加入本集團或加入本集團時之報酬。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

14. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or proposed for ordinary shareholders of the Company during 2024 and 2023, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

15. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share attributable to owners of the Company is based on the following data:

Loss figures are calculated as follows:

14. 股息

於二零二四年及二零二三年,概無向本公司普通股股東支付或建議支付股息,且自報告期末起並無建議支付任何股息。

15. 每股虧損

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄虧損乃 按下列數據計算:

虧損數據計算如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purposes of basic and diluted loss per share	本公司擁有人用作計算每股基本及攤薄虧損應佔年內虧損	(11,617)	(8,264)
		2024 二零二四年 '000 千股	2023 二零二三年 '000 千股
Number of shares	股份數目		
Number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	用作計算每股基本/攤薄 虧損之普通股數量	1,317,240	1,317,240

The computation of diluted loss per share for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 does not assume the exercise of the Company's share options because the exercise price of those options was higher than the average market price for shares.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度每股攤薄虧損的計算並未 假設本公司的尚未行使購股權獲行使,因 為該等購股權的行權價格高於市場平均價 格。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

16. 物業及設備

		Owned properties 自置物業	Leasehold Improvements 租賃物業裝修	Computer and related equipment 電腦及相關設備	Motor vehicles 車輛	Total 合計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
COST	成本					
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	12,741	3,882	8,111	1,401	26,135
Additions	增加	-	-	83	_	83
Disposals	出售	_	_	(2,310)	(231)	(2,541)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	12,741	3,882	5,884	1,170	23,677
Additions	增加	_	_	45	_	45
Disposals	出售	_	_	(13)	(4)	(17)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	12,741	3,882	5,916	1,166	23,705
DEPRECIATION	折舊					
At 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	3,950	3,744	7,752	1,164	16,610
Provided for the year	本年撥備	571	43	184	32	830
Eliminated on disposals	出售時抵銷	_	_	(2,059)	(207)	(2,266)
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	4,521	3,787	5,877	989	15,174
Provided for the year	本年撥備	578	-	_	31	609
Eliminated on disposals	出售時抵銷	-	_	(10)	(2)	(12)
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	5,099	3,787	5,867	1,018	15,771
CARRYING VALUES At 31 December 2024	賬面值 於二零二四年十二月三十一日	7,642	95	49	148	7,934
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年十二月三十一日	8,220	95	7	181	8,503

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

16. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of items of property and equipment over their estimated useful lives and after taking into account their estimated residual value, using straight-line method, on the following bases:

Owned properties 20 years

Leasehold improvements 5 years

Computer and related

20% - 30% per annum

equipment

Motor vehicles 10% - 20% per annum

The owned properties are situated on leasehold land in the PRC and held under medium-term lease.

The Group has pledged owned properties with carrying amounts of approximated RMB7,260,000 (2023: RMB7,808,000) to secure general banking facilities granted to the Group (see Note 24).

物業及設備(續) 16.

折舊撥備指於物業及設備項目之估計可使 用年期內以直線法按下列年率撇銷其成 本,並已計及其估計剩餘價值:

20年 自置物業

租賃物業裝 5年

電腦及相關設備 20%-30%每年

車輛 10%-20%每年

該等自置物業位於中國內地的租賃十地 上,屬於中期租賃持有。

本集團已抵押賬面值約人民幣7,260,000 元(二零二三年十二月三十一日:人民幣 7,808,000元)的若干自置物業,作為授予 本集團借貸的抵押(見附註24)。

綜合財務報表附註

Leased properties

租賃物業

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

17. 使用權資產

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 31 December 2024 Carrying amount	於二零二四年十二月三十一日 賬面值	193
As at 31 December 2023 Carrying amount	於二零二三年十二月三十一日 賬面值	308
For the year ended 31 December 2024 Depreciation charge	截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度 折舊費	703
For the year ended 31 December 2023 Depreciation charge	截至二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度 折舊費	905

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Expense relating to short-term leases	與短期租賃有關的支出	466	382
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃現金流出總額	718	1,312
Additions to right-of-use assets	新增使用權資產	588	975

For both years, the Group leases various offices for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of one to two years without extension and termination options. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for offices premises. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed in this note.

於該兩個年度,本集團為其業務運營租賃若干辦公室。租賃合約的租期固定為一年至兩年,並無延長及終止選擇權。於釐定租期及評估不可撤回期間的長度時,本集團應用合約的定義並釐定合約可強制執行的期間。

本集團定期訂立辦公室短期租約。於二零 二四年十二月三十一日,短期租賃組合與 本附註內披露其短期租賃開支的租期租賃 組合類似。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

17. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (Continued)

Restrictions or covenants on leases

In addition, lease liabilities of RMB73,000 are recognised with related right-of-use assets of RMB193,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: lease liabilities of RMB103,000 and related right-of-use assets of RMB308,000). The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL:

17. 使用權資產 (續)

租賃限制或契約條款

截至2024年12月31日,本集團確認租賃 負債人民幣73,000元及相關使用權資產 人民幣193,000元(2023年:租賃負債人 民幣103,000元及相關使用權資產人民幣 308,000元)。除出租方對租賃資產持有的 擔保權益外,相關租賃協議未設定其他契 約條款。租賃資產不得作為借款抵押物使 用。

18. 按公允值計入損益之金融資產

按公允值計入損益之金融資產:

	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Investments in unlisted fund, 非上市基金投資,按公允at fair value	值 189	183

The investments in unlisted fund is denominated in United State dollar ("US\$") and the investment objective of the fund is to achieve capital appreciation through investing in securities, ownership interest and private equity investments offered publicly or privately and in relation to energy and environmental protection business.

非上市基金按美元計值,基金的投資目標 為透過投資於能源及環保領域業務的公募 或私募證券、所有權權益及私人股權投資 實現資本增值。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

19. 應收貿易及其他賬款

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade receivables - contracts with customers Less: allowance for ECL	應收貿易賬款 一客戶合約 減:信貸損失撥備	15,385 (460)	19,099 (557)
		14,925	18,542
Other receivables, prepayments and deposits Deposits paid to customers Advances to staff Other tax recoverable Prepayments Others	其他應收賬款、預付款項及 按金 已付客戶按金 向員工墊款 可收回其他税項 預付款 其他	3,367 2,252 - 423 344	2,881 2,207 24 459 91
		6,386	5,662
Total trade and other receivables	應收貿易及其他賬款總計	21,311	24,204

The normal credit term is 90 to 180 days.

As at 1 January 2023, trade receivables from contracts with customers amounted to approximately RMB21,934,000.

The following is an aged analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for ECL presented based on the invoice dates:

一般信貸期為90至180天。

於二零二三年一月一日,應收貿易賬款為 人民幣21,934,000元。

以下乃應收貿易賬款(扣除信貸損失撥備後)以發票日期劃分之賬齡分析:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
0 - 120 days 121 - 180 days 181 - 365 days Over 365 days	0至120天 121至180天 181至365天 365天以上	12,294 103 1,280 1,248	16,361 147 777 1,257
		14,925	18,542

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

19. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

As at 31 December 2024, included in the Group's trade receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of RMB2,226,000 (2023: RMB1,845,000) which are past due 90 days or more as the reporting date and are not considered as in default as most of the debtors are banks with strong financial position and high credit ratings and the amounts are still considered fully recoverable.

Details of impairment assessment of trade and other receivables are set out in Note 31.

應收貿易及其他賬款(續) 19.

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,本集團 的應收貿易賬款結餘包括賬面總值為人 民幣2,226,000元(二零二三年:人民幣 1,845,000元)的應收賬款,於報告日期已 逾期90天或以上。由於大多數債務人為財 務狀況良好且信貸評級高的銀行及該等款 項仍視作可悉數收回,故不視為違約。

應收貿易及其他賬款減值評估詳情載於附 註31。

20. **CONTRACT ASSETS**

20. 合同資產

2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
488	544

Retention receivable

應收保留金

As at 1 January 2023, contract assets amounted to approximately RMB598,000.

The Group typically agrees to a retention period ranging from one to two years for 5% to 10% of the contract value. This amount is included in contract assets until the end of the retention period as the Group's entitlement to this final payment is conditional during retention period. The Group typically transfer contract assets into trade receivables at the end of retention period. The Group classifies these contract assets as current because the Group expects to realise them in its normal operating cycle.

Details of impairment assessment of contract assets are set out in Note 31.

於2023年1月1日,合同資產約為人民幣 598,000元。

本集團通常約定按合同金額的5%至10% 設置一至兩年保留期。該等金額在保留期 內列示為合同資產,因在保留期內,本集 團對該最終款項的收取權附有條件。本集 團一般於保留期屆滿時將合同資產轉為貿 易應收款。由於預期在正常經營週期內實 現。

合同資產之減值評估詳情載於附註31。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

21. BANK BALANCES AND CASH AND RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

The Group's bank balances and cash comprise bank balances which carry interest at prevailing market saving rates ranging from 0.1% to 0.3% (2023: 0.01% to 1.70%) per annum as at 31 December 2024.

Certain of the Group's bank balances and cash of approximately RMB26,000 and RMB2,564,000 (2023: RMB25,000 and RMB216,000) were denominated in US\$ and HK\$, respectively.

Restricted bank deposits of RMB626,000 (2023: RMB705,000) that are required to be maintained as warranty. The contractual restriction on the use of restricted bank deposits ends when contract is completed.

For the year ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group performed impairment assessment on bank balances and concluded that the probability of defaults of the counterparty banks are insignificant and accordingly, no allowance for credit losses is provided.

21. 銀行結餘及現金

於二零二三年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行結餘及現金包括年內按現行市場存款年利率0.1厘至0.3厘(二零二三年:0.01厘至1.70厘)計息之銀行結餘。

本集團為數約人民幣26,000元及約人民幣2,564,000元(二零二三年:人民幣25,000元及約人民幣216,000元)之若干銀行結餘及現金乃分別按美元及港元計值。

限制性銀行存款人民幣626,000元(二零二三年:705,000),該部分存款作為保證金,只能用於解決未來的索賠。限制性銀行存款使用上的限制在合約完成時解除。

截至二零二四年和二零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團就銀行結餘進行減值評估,結論為對手方銀行違約的可能性不高,據此概無計提信貸損失撥備。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

22. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

22. 應付貿易及其他賬款

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Trade payables Payroll payables Other PRC tax payables Employee reimbursement payable Accruals Contract liabilities Professional fee payable Others	應付貿易賬款 應付職工薪酬 應付其他國內稅項 應付僱員報銷 應計費用 合同負債 應付專業服務費 其他	1,406 4,279 727 757 610 430 441	884 4,919 1,144 1,097 159 629 960 317
Total	總計	9,387	10,109

The following is an aged analysis based on invoice date of trade payables at the end of the reporting period:

以下乃報告期末應付貿易賬款以發票日期 劃分之賬齡分析:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		ー マー ロヤ RMB'000 人民幣千元	—◆——午 RMB'000 人民幣千元
With 90 days	90天以內	87 814	30 21
91 – 180 days 181 – 365 days	91至180天 181至365天	160	27
Over 365 days	365天以上	345	806
		1,406	884

The range of credit period on purchases of goods is around 120 to 180 days.

Trade and other payables of approximately RMB85,100 (2023: RMB172,000) were denominated in HK\$.

23. AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES

The amounts are denominated in HK\$, unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. The related parties are Mr. Hung, Goldcorp Industrial and executive directors of the Company.

購買貨品的信貸期介乎120至180天不等。

應付貿易及其他賬款約人民幣85,100元 (二零二三年:人民幣172,000元)乃按港 元計值。

23. 關聯方應付款項

該等款項以港元計價,屬無抵押、不計息且可隨時償還。相關方包括洪先生、 Goldcorp Industrial及本公司執行董事。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

24. BORROWINGS

24. 借貸

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
			, ,
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Unsecured loans from a related party	無抵押關聯方借貸 (附註i)		
(Note i)		28,291	26,419
Unsecured bank borrowings	無抵押銀行借貸 (附註ii)		500
		4 000	300
Secured bank borrowings (Note ii)	具抵押銀行借款 (附註ii)	1,000	
		29,291	26,919
		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Carrying amount of the above	上述借貸的賬面值應予償還:		
borrowings are repayable:			
Within one year	一年以內	1,000	500
Within a period of more than two	兩年以上但不超過五年		
years but not exceeding five years	13.13.12.13.22.2	1,197	1,148
Within a period of more than five	五年以上	.,	1,110
·	五十以上	07.004	05 071
years		27,094	25,271
		29,291	26,919
Less: Amounts due within one year	減:列入流動負債於一年內		
shown under current liabilities	到期之款項	(1,000)	(500)
			. ,
Amounts shown under non-current	列入非流動負債之款項		
liabilities	/'!/ \ クト //ll 刧 只 良 /_ 小/ 穴	00 004	06.410
liabilities		28,291	26,419

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

24. BORROWINGS

24. 借貸(續)

Notes:

附註:

(i) The Group's loans from a related party are all owing to Mr. Hung. The contractual maturity dates are as follows:

(i) 向本集團提供貸款的關聯方均為熊融禮先 生。貸款及合約到期日如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Between two to five years More than five years	兩至五年 五年後	1,197 27,094	1,148 25,271
		28,291	26,419

The ranges of effective interest rates on the Group's loans from Mr. Hung are as follows:

熊融禮先生向本集團提供貸款的實際利率範 圍如下:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Effective interest rate: Fixed-rate borrowings	實際利率: 定息借貸	3.69% - 4.14%	3.69% - 4.14%

The loans from Mr. Hung of approximately RMB27,094,000 (2023: RMB25,271,000) are denominated in HK\$.

來自熊融禮先生的貸款約人民幣27,095,000元(二零二三年:人民幣25,271,000元)以港元計值,其他借貸乃以相關集團實體之功能貨幣計值。

(ii) The contractual maturity dates of the Group's bank borrowings are as follows: (ii) 本集團銀行借貸到期日情況如下:

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Fixed-rate bank borrowings: Within one year	定息銀行借貸: 一年內	1,000	500

The effective interest rates (which are also equal to contracted interest rates) on the Group's borrowings are as follows:

本集團銀行借貸的實際利率(也相等於合約 利率)如下:

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Effective interest rate: Fixed-rate borrowings	實際利率: 定息借貸	3.95%	3.80%

As at 31 December 2024, the utilisation of the secured banking facilities with total amount of RMB15,000,000 (2023: RMB15,000,000) is RMB1,000,000 (2023: nil).

於二零二四年十二月三十一日,在抵押銀行授信額度人民幣15,000,000元(二零二三年:人民幣15,000,000元)中,已使用金額為人民幣1,000,000(二零二三:無)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

25. SHARE CAPITAL

25. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目		Amount 款額		Amount 款額	
		2024 二零二四年 '000 千股	2023 二零二三年 '000 千股	2024 二零二四年 HKD'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HKD'000 千港元	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each Authorised: At 1 January and 31 December	每股面值0.01港元 之普通股 法定: 於一月一日及 十二月三十一日	10,000,000	10,000,000	100,000	100,000	95,187	95,187
Issued and fully paid: At 1 January and 31 December	已發行及繳足: 於一月一日及 十二月三十一日	1,317,240	1,317,240	13,173	13,173	12,538	12,538



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For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS

(i) Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company

The Company's share option scheme (the "Scheme") was adopted on 27 August 2001 for the primary purpose of providing incentives to directors and eligible employees, and has been expired on 27 August 2011. Under the Scheme, the Board of Directors of the Company may grant options to eligible employees, including directors of the Company and its subsidiaries, to subscribe for shares in the Company. The Scheme would be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on the adoption date and have come to its expiration. All other respects of the provisions of the Scheme shall remain in full force and holders of all options granted under the Scheme prior to such expiry shall be entitled to exercise the outstanding options pursuant to the terms of the Scheme until expiry of the said options. As a result, a new share option scheme which was approved on 28 February 2011 (the "New Scheme") and had expired on 28 February 2021. The principal terms of the New Scheme are same with the Scheme.

Pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company held on 28 February 2011 (the "SGM"), the New Scheme mandate limit was refreshed so that the Company was authorised to grant share options under the New Scheme for subscription of up to a total of 81,184,000 shares, representing approximately 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the SGM.

26. 以股份為基礎的付款交易

(i) 本公司之以股權結算購股權計劃

本公司之購股權計劃(「該計劃」) 於二零零一年八月二十七日採納, 主要目的為獎勵董事及合資格僱 員,並已於二零一一年八月二十七 日屆滿。根據該計劃,本公司董事 會可向合資格僱員(包括本公司及 其附屬公司之董事) 授出購股權, 以認購本公司股份。該計劃由採納 當日起生效,為期十年且已經屆 滿。該計劃條文之所有其他方面將 繼續全面有效,根據該計劃授出之 所有購股權之持有人於是次到期 前,根據該計劃之條款,將繼續有 權行使未獲行使之購股權,直至前 述購股權到期。因此,於二零一 年二月二十八日已獲批准的新計劃 (「新計劃」),於計劃屆滿後立即生 效。新計劃之主要條款與該計劃相 同。

根據股東於二零一一年二月二十八日舉行之本公司股東特別大會(「股東特別大會」)上通過之普通決議案,新計劃之授權限額已更新,令本公司獲授權根據新計劃授出購股權,可認購最多合共81,184,000股股份,佔本公司於股東特別大會日期已發行股本約10%。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(i) Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company (Continued)

Pursuant to the ordinary resolution passed by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 11 May 2016 (the "AGM"), the scheme mandate limit under the share option scheme of the Company was refreshed again so that the Company was authorised to grant additional share options for subscription for a total of 86,443,000 shares under the refreshed mandate limit, representing approximately 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the AGM. The aggregate number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options that may be granted under the refreshed mandate limit and upon the exercise of the outstanding options previously granted is not permitted to exceed 30% of the shares in issue at any point of time.

At 31 December 2024, the number of ordinary shares remained outstanding in respect of which options had been granted on 15 May 2015 ("2015 May Option") and 7 April 2017 ("2017 April Option") is 60,469,000 (2023: 64,823,000), representing 4.6% of the total ordinary shares of the Company (2023: 4.9%) in issue at the end of the reporting period.

26. 以股份為基礎的付款交易(續)

(i) 本公司之以股權結算購股權計劃 (續)

> 根據股東於二零一六年五月十一日舉行的本公司股東週年大會(「除案」 週年大會」)上通過的普通決議連 到年大會」)上通過的普通決權權 可以上通過的計劃授權與 再獲更新,本公司因此獲輕權權 類別購合共86,443,000股股份 以東週年大會日期本公司更下級 於股東週年大會日期本公司更更 權上限可能授出的尚未行使購入 行使過往授出的尚未行使購入 可能發行的股份總數不得超 時間點已發行股份的30%。

> 於二零二四年十二月三十一日,就根據於二零一五年五月井五日(「二零一五年五月購股權」)及二零一七年四月七日(「二零一七年四月購股權」)授出但仍未行使之購股權,所涉及之普通股數目為60,469,000股(二零二三年:64,823,000股),佔本公司於報告期末已發行普通股總數之4,6%(二零二三年:4.9%)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

(i) Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company (Continued)

Options shall be exercised in the following manner:

Options granted to directors and employees on 24 June 2013 ("2013 June Option")

- 50% of the options shall become exercisable on the date of grant
- Additional 50% of the options shall become exercisable after 23 June 2014

Options granted to directors and employees on 15 May 2015 ("2015 May Option")

- 50% of the options shall become exercisable on the date of grant
- Additional 50% of the options shall become exercisable after 14 May 2016

Options granted to directors, employees and consultants on 7 April 2017 ("2017 April Option")

- 50% of the options shall become exercisable on the date of grant
- Additional 50% of the options shall become exercisable after 6 April 2018

26. 以股份為基礎的付款交易(續)

(i) 本公司之以股權結算購股權計劃 (續)

購股權須按以下方法行使:

於二零一三年六月二十四日授予董 事及僱員之購股權

- 50%之購股權須於授出日期 後可予行使
- 額外50%的購股權須於二零 一四年六月二十三日後可予 行使

於二零一五年五月十五日授予董事 及僱員之購股權

- 50%之購股權須於授出日期 後可予行使
- 額外50%的購股權須於二零 一六年五月十四日完結後可 予行使

於二零一七年四月七日授予董事、 僱員及顧問之購股權

- 50%之購股權須於授出日期 後可予行使
- 額外50%的購股權須於二零 一八年四月六日完結後可予 行使

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS

(Continued)

Equity-settled share option scheme of the (i) Company (Continued)

Under the Scheme and the New Scheme, the exercise price is determined by the directors of the Company, and will not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant, (ii) the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's share.

No consideration is payable on the grant of an option.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, share options of 4,354,000 (2023: 6,507,000) were either forfeited and expired.

Details of specific categories of options are as follows:

Option granted to directors and employees on 24 June 2013

Date of grant

24.06.2013

24.06.2013

Vesting period

Option type

Grant to employees

授予僱員

於授出日期之公允值 購股權類別 授出日期 歸屬期 行使期 行使價 2013 June Option 二零一三年六月購股權 Grant to directors 24.06.2013 N/A 24.06.2013 to 23.06.2023 HK\$0.1122 授予董事 24.06.2013 不適用 24.06.2013至23.06.2023 0.1122港元 Grant to directors 24.06.2013 24.06.2013 to 23.06.2014 24.06.2014 to 23.06.2023 HK\$0.1122 授予董事 24.06.2014至23.06.2023 24.06.2013 24.06.2013至23.06.2014 0.1122港元 Grant to employees 24.06.2013 24.06.2013 to 23.06.2023 HK\$0.1122 N/A 授予僱員 24.06.2013至23.06.2023 0.1122港元 24.06.2013 不適用 24.06.2014 to 23.06.2023 HK\$0.1122

Exercise period

24.06.2014至23.06.2023

以股份為基礎的付款交易(續) 26.

(i) 本公司之以股權結算購股權計劃

根據該計劃及新計劃,行使價由本 公司董事會釐定,但不低於(i)本公 司股份於授出日期之收市價,(ii)股 份於緊接授出日期前五個營業日之 平均收市價;及(iii)本公司股份之面 值中之較高者。

就授出之購股權而言並無應付之代

截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止 年度,4,354,000份(二零二三年: 6,507,000份) 購股權已失效及到 期。

購股權之具體類別之詳情如下:

於二零一三年六月二十四日授予董 事及僱員之購股權

Fair value at grant date

HK\$0.0506

0.0506港元

HK\$0.0522

0.0522港元

HK\$0.0506

0.0506港元

HK\$0.0522

0.0522港元

Exercise price

0.1122港元

24.06.2013 to 23.06.2014

24.06.2013至23.06.2014

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For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS

26. 以股份為基礎的付款交易(續)

(Continued)

(i) Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company (Continued)

(i) 本公司之以股權結算購股權計劃 (續)

Option granted to directors and employees on 15 May 2015

於二零一五年五月十五日授予董事 及僱員之購股權

Option type 購股權類別	Date of grant 授出日期	Vesting period 歸屬期	Exercise period 行使期	Exercise price 行使價	Fair value at grant date 於授出日期之公允值
2015 May Option 二零一五年五月購股權					
Grant to a director	15.05.2015	N/A	15.05.2015 to 14.05.2025	HK\$0.43	HK\$0.2648
授予董事	15.05.2015	不適用	15.05.2015至14.05.2025	0.43港元	0.2648港元
Grant to a director	15.05.2015	15.05.2015 to 14.05.2016	15.05.2016 to 14.05.2025	HK\$0.43	HK\$0.2694
授予董事	15.05.2015	15.05.2015至14.05.2016	15.05.2016至14.05.2025	0.43港元	0.2694港元
Grant to employees	15.05.2015	N/A	15.05.2015 to 14.05.2025	HK\$0.43	HK\$0.2243
授予僱員	15.05.2015	不適用	15.05.2015至14.05.2025	0.43港元	0.2243港元
Grant to employees	15.05.2015	15.05.2015 to 14.05.2016	15.05.2016 to 14.05.2025	HK\$0.43	HK\$0.2372
授予僱員	15.05.2015	15.05.2015至14.05.2016	15.05.2016至14.05.2025	0.43港元	0.2372港元

Option granted to directors, employees and consultants on 7 April 2017

於二零一七年四月七日授予董事、 僱員及顧問之購股權

Option type	Date of grant	Vesting period	Exercise period	Exercise price	Fair value at grant date
購股權類別	授出日期	歸屬期	行使期	行使價	於授出日期之公允值
2017 April Option					
二零一七年四月購股權					
Grant to a director	07.04.2017	N/A	07.04.2017 to 06.04.2027	HK\$0.1820	HK\$0.0865
授予董事	07.04.2017	不適用	07.04.2017至06.04.2027	0.1820港元	0.0865港元
Grant to a director	07.04.2017	07.04.2017 to 06.04.2018	07.04.2018 to 06.04.2027	HK\$0.1820	HK\$0.0949
授予董事	07.04.2017	07.04.2017至06.04.2018	07.04.2018至06.04.2027	0.1820港元	0.0949港元
Grant to employees and					
consultants	07.04.2017	N/A	07.04.2017 to 06.04.2027	HK\$0.1820	HK\$0.0846
授予僱員及顧問	07.04.2017	不適用	07.04.2017至06.04.2027	0.1820港元	0.0846港元
Grant to employees and					
consultants	07.04.2017	07.04.2017 to 06.04.2018	07.04.2018 to 06.04.2027	HK\$0.1820	HK\$0.0920
授予僱員及顧問	07.04.2017	07.04.2017至06.04.2018	07.04.2018至06.04.2027	0.1820港元	0.0920港元

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For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

26. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS

26. 以股份為基礎的付款交易(續)

(Continued)

(i) Equity-settled share option scheme of the Company (Continued)

The following tables disclose the movement of the share options during 2024.

(i) 本公司之以股權結算購股權計劃

下表披露於二零二四年之購股權變動。

Option type	購股權類別	Outstanding at 1.1.2024 於二零二四年 一月一日尚 未行使 '000	Exercised during the year 於年內行使 '000 千	Forfeited during the year 於年內失效 '000 千	Expired during the year 於年內到期 '000	Outstanding at 31.12.2024 於二零二四四年 十二月三十一日 尚未行使 '000 千
Granted to directors 2015 May Option 2017 April Option	授予董事 二零一五年五月購股權 二零一七年四月購股權	2,248 2,182	-	- (308)	- -	2,248 1,874
		4,430	-	(308)	-	4,122
Exercisable at the end of 2024	可於二零二四年底行使					4,122
Weighted average exercise price	加權平均行使價	0.2602	-	0.1538	-	0.2682
Granted to employees and non-employees 2015 May Option-Employees	授予僱員及非僱員 二零一五年五月購股權 — 僱員	12,186		(2,366)		9,820
2017 April Option-Employees 2017 April Option-Non-employees	二零一七年四月購股權一僱員 二零一七年四月購股權一僱員 二零一七年四月購股權一非僱員	15,784 32,423	-	(1,680)	-	14,104 32,423
		60,393	-	(4,046)	-	56,347
Exercisable at the end of 2024	可於二零二四年底行使					56,347
Weighted average exercise price	加權平均行使價	0.1961	-	0.2764	-	0.1903

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For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS TRANSACTIONS 26.

以股份為基礎的付款交易(續) 26.

(Continued)

(i) **Equity-settled share option scheme of the** Company (Continued)

> The following tables disclose the movement of the share options during 2023.

(i) 本公司之以股權結算購股權計劃

> 下表披露於二零二三年之購股權變 動。

		Outstanding at	Exercised during	Forfeited during	Expired during	Outstanding at
Option type	購股權類別	1.1.2023 於二零二三年	the year	the year	the year	31.12.2023 於二零二三年
		一月一日尚	A / 2 / 2 / 2	M /= 2 (L M)	A /= 1. 5/140	十二月三十一日
		未行使	於年內行使	於年內失效	於年內到期	尚未行使
		'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
		<u> </u>	Ŧ	Ŧ	<u> </u>	Ŧ
Granted to directors	授予董事					
2013 June Option	二零一三年六月購股權	47	-	_	(47)	-
2015 May Option	二零一五年五月購股權	2,248	-	-	-	2,248
2017 April Option	二零一七年四月購股權	2,490	-	(308)	-	2,182
		4 70E		(200)	(47)	4 400
		4,785	-	(308)	(47)	4,430
Exercisable at the end of 2023	可於二零二三年底行使					4,430
Weighted average exercise price	加權平均行使價	0.2517	-	0.1538	0.0948	0.2602
Granted to employees and	授予僱員及非僱員					
non-employees						
2013 June Option-Employees	二零一三年六月購股權-僱員	5,560	-	-	(5,560)	-
2015 May Option-Employees	二零一五年五月購股權-僱員	12,186	-	-	-	12,186
2017 April Option-Employees	二零一七年四月購股權-僱員	16,376	-	(592)	-	15,784
2017 April Option-Non-employees	二零一七年四月購股權一非僱員	32,423	-	-	-	32,423
		66,545	-	(592)	(5,560)	60,393
Exercisable at the end of 2023	可於二零二三年底行使					60,393
				0	0.001	0.100
Weighted average exercise price	加權平均行使價	0.1816	-	0.1538	0.0948	0.1961

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, no share-based payment recognised to share options granted to directors, employees or non-employees respectively.

截至二零二四年及二零二三年十二 月三十一日止年度,並無確認以股 份為基礎付款的支出以向董事、僱 員及及非僱員授予購股權。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

27. LEASE LIABILITIES

The lease liabilities are all within one year for both years.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities is 6% (2023: 6%).

28. RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLANS

The Group participates in a Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes (the "MPF Scheme") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributed 5% of relevant payroll costs to the MPF scheme, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$30,000, which contribution is matched by employees.

The employees of the Group in the PRC are members of state-managed retirement benefit schemes operated by the respective local governments in the PRC. The Group is required to contribute 24%-26% (2023: 24%-26%) of payroll costs to the schemes to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to these schemes is to make the specified contributions.

27. 租賃負債

兩個年度之租賃負債均在一年內。

租賃負債所用加權平均增量借款利率為6%(二零二三年:6%)。

28. 退休福利計劃

本集團為所有於香港的合資格僱員參與強制性公積金計劃。該計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持有,並由信託人以基金管理。本集團向強制性公積金計劃所作之供款為有關工資成本(上限為30,000港元)之5%,而僱員之供款比率亦相同。

本集團在中國之僱員皆為由中國各地方政府營運之國家管理退休福利計劃之成員。本集團須將薪酬成本之24%-26%(二零二三年:24%至26%)用於向計劃供款以作為退休金之資金。本集團對計劃之責任僅為作出特定之供款。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

29. PRINCIPAL OF SUBSIDIARIES OF THE COMPANY

29. 本公司之主要附屬公司

Details of the Group's subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are set out below.

本集團附屬公司於報告期末之詳情載列如下。

Name of companies 公司名稱	Country of incorporation/ establishment/ operations 註冊成立/成立/ 營運國家	Particulars of issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/註冊資本之詳情	Proportion of voting power held by the Company 本公司持有之 投票權比例		rer ownership interest mpany for 2024 and 2023 之 於二零二四年及二零二三年 ii 權益百分比 2023 Direct Indirect		Principal activities 主要業務
			二零二四年	二零二三年	直接	間接	
Sing Lee Electronics (B.V.I.) Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	715 shares of US\$1 each	100%	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
Sing Lee Electronics (B.V.I.) Co., Ltd.	英屬處女群島	715股每股面值 1美元之股份	100%	100%	100%	-	投資控股
Singlee Software ¹	PRC	Registered capital US\$4,325,500	100%	100%	-	100%	Development and sales of software products, sales of hardware products and provision of technical services
新利軟件1	中國	4,325,500美元 註冊資本	100%	100%	-	100%	•
Singlee Technology ²	PRC	Registered capital US\$6,714,000	100%	100%	-	100%	Development and sales of software products, sales of hardware products and provision of technical services
新利科技2	中國	6,714,000美元 註冊資本	100%	100%	-	100%	研究和銷售軟件產品,銷售 硬件產品,以及提供技術服務
Xin YinTong ²	PRC	Registered capital RMB50,000,000	100%	100%	-	100%	Development and sales of software products, sales of hardware products and provision of technical services
新銀通2	中國	人民幣50,000,000元 註冊資本	100%	100%	-	100%	

Singlee Software is wholly foreign owned enterprise.

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

概無任何附屬公司於本年度或本年度任何 時間發行任何債務證券。

Singlee Technology and Xin YinTong are sino-foreign equity joint ventures established in the PRC.

¹ 新利軟件為全外資企業。

新利科技及新銀通為在中國成立的中外合資 合營公司。

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For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

30. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of borrowings, amounts due to related parties and bank balances and cash, and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising share capital, share premium, accumulated losses and other reserves.

The directors of the Group review the capital structure on a semi-annual basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

31a. Categories of financial instruments

30. 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本從而確保本集團之實體 可以持續經營,並透過優化負債及股本結 餘為權益擁有人帶來最大回報。由去年年 度起,本集團之整體策略維持不變。

本集團之資本架構包括來自借貸、應付關聯方款項及銀行結餘及現金及本公司擁有人應佔股本(其中包括股本、股份溢價、累計虧損及其他儲備)。

本集團董事每半年一次檢討資本架構。作 為檢討之一部分,董事會考慮資本成本及 與各類別資本相關之風險。本集團將根據 董事之建議,透過支付股息、發行新股以 及發行新債券或贖回現有債券來平衡其整 體資本架構。

31. 金融工具

31a. 金融工具類別

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets Financial assets at amortised cost Financial assets at FVTPL	金融資產 按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產 按公允值計入損益之金融 資產	49,839 189	59,533 183
	Д Д	50,028	59,716
Financial liabilities Amortised cost	<i>金融負債</i> 攤銷成本	33,753	30,159

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include trade and other receivables, financial assets at FVTPL, bank balances and cash, restricted bank deposits, amounts due to related parties, trade and other payables and borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risk

(i) Currency risk

The Group has bank balances and cash, trade and other payables, amounts due to related parties and borrowings denominated in US\$ and HK\$, currencies other than the functional currency of the respective group entities, which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign exchange hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign exchange exposure should the need to arise.

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策

市場風險

(i) 貨幣風險

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

(i) Currency risk (Continued)

The carrying amount of the foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 貨幣風險(續)

於報告期末以外幣計值的貨 幣資產及貨幣負債的賬面值 如下:

		20 二零 <i>二</i>	24 二四年	2023 二零二三年		
		Assets Liabilities 資產 負債		Assets 資產	Liabilities 負債	
		大民幣千元	大民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	
US\$	美元	26	_	25		
HK\$	港元	2,564	29,058	216	27,431	

Sensitivity analysis

As the US\$ balance of the Group is not significant, the following table only details the sensitivity to a 5% (2023: 5%) increase and decrease in the RMB against HK\$. The 5% (2023: 5%) is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in the foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items, and adjusts their translation at the year end for a 5% (2023: 5%) change in foreign currency rates. A positive number indicates a decrease in the post-tax loss where RMB strengthens against HK\$. For a 5% (2023: 5%) weakening of RMB against HK\$, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the loss and the balances below would be negative.

敏感度分析

鑒於美元餘額不重大,下表 只詳列人民幣對港元升值及 貶值5%(二零二三年:5%) 的敏感度分析。向核心管理 人員作出外幣風險匯報時使 用5% (二零二三年:5%) 敏感度比率,代表管理層對 外幣匯率的合理可能變動的 評估。敏感度分析只包括未 折算的外幣計值貨幣項目, 並已於年末按匯率有5%(二 零二三年:5%)變動對換算 予以調整。正數意味著人民 幣對港元升值帶來的稅後虧 損減少。倘人民幣對港元貶 值5%(二零二三年:5%), 會對虧損產生相等且相反的 影響,而下列結餘會變為負 數。

指益

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risk (Continued)

Profit or loss

(i) Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

市場風險(續)

(i) 貨幣風險 (續) 敏感度分析 (續)

HK\$ Impact 港元影響

	. –
2024	2023
二零二四年	二零二三年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1,154	1.156

This is mainly attributable to the net exposure to outstanding foreign currency bank balances and cash, trade and other payables, amounts due to related parties and borrowings in HK\$ at end of the reporting period.

(ii) Interest rate risk management

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate loans from a bank, loans from a related party (see Note 24 for details) and lease liabilities. The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable rate bank balances (see Note 21 for details). The management will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need to arise.

The directors consider that the cash flow interest rate risk is insignificant, accordingly, no sensitivity analysis were presented for both years.

此乃主要由於在報告期末因 未償還港元的外幣銀行結餘 及現金、應付貿易及其他賬 款、應付關聯方款項及借貸 而面對之風險淨額。

(ii) 利率風險管理

本集團承受定息抵押銀行借貸、抵押關聯方借貸(有關 詳情請參閱附註24)及租賃 負債有關之公允值利率 險。本集團亦承受有關浮息 銀行結餘(詳情見附註21) 的現金流量利率風險。管理 層將於必要時考慮對沖重大 利率風險。

董事認為現金流量利率風險 並不重大,故兩年度均無呈 列敏感度分析。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties is arising from the carrying amount of respective financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets. There is no significant change in the collateral policies of the entity during both reporting periods.

Trade receivables and contract assets arising from contracts with customers

In order to minimise the credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits and credit approvals. Before accepting any new customer, the Group uses an internal credit scoring system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Limits and scoring attributed to customers are reviewed at the end of the reporting period. The Group also adopts legal and appropriate measures to collect overdue debts and reduce credit losses through, amongst others, phone calls, facsimile, letters, visits, interviews, as well as legal actions as the final resort.

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估

於二零二四年及二零二三年十二月 三十一日,本集團因交易對手未, 履行承諾造成本集團財務損失, 面對之最大信貸風險源自於綜內 務狀況表所示相關已確認金融何 之 表所示相關並無持有以為 之 提出或其他信貸風險提供保障 政 報告期內 ,該實體的抵押政策 並無發生重大變化。

客戶合約產生的應收貿易賬款及合 約資產

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

(Continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets arising from contracts with customers (Continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets with external credit rating and credit-impaired balances are assessed for ECL individually. In addition, the management of the Group estimates the amount of lifetime ECL of trade receivables and contract assets based on provision matrix through grouping of various debtors that have similar loss patterns. Estimated loss rates are based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forwardlooking information. During the year ended 31 December 2024, impairment loss on trade receivables and contract assets recognised (net of reversal) is RMB324,000 (2023: RMB2,280,000). Details of the quantitative disclosures are set out below in this note.

The Group has concentration of credit risk of 89% (2023: 73%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's top five largest customers in relation to the provision of technical support services business segment.

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

客戶合約產生的應收貿易賬款及合約資產(續)

本集團須承受信貸進一步信貸集中 風險,原因是89%(二零二三年: 73%)之應收貿易賬款總額由本集 團之五大客戶欠付,此等應收貿易 賬款乃涉及提供技術支援服務之業 務分部。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

(Continued)

Other receivables, restricted bank deposits and bank balances

The Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on other receivables, restricted bank deposits and bank balances based on 12m ECL.

The credit risk on other receivables is limited because the counterparties have no historical default record and the directors expect that the general economic conditions will not significantly changed for the 12 months after the reporting date.

The credit risks on restricted bank deposits and bank balances are limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Based on the Group's internal credit rating, no material ECL is recognised for other receivables, restricted bank deposits and bank balances.

The Group has concentration of credit risk on liquid funds which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings.

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

其他應收賬款受限制銀行存款及銀 行結餘

本集團就其他應收賬款受限制銀行 存款及銀行結餘根據預期信貸損失 模式按12個月預期信貸損失進行減 值評估。

由於交易對手並無歷史違約記錄及董事預期自報告日期後12個月整體經濟狀況將不會發生重大變化,故有關其他應收賬款的信貸風險屬有限。

由於交易對手均為由國際信貸評級 機構評定為高信貸評級的銀行或財 務機構,故有關銀行結餘及受限银 行存款的信貸風險屬有限。

根據本集團的內部信貸評級,並無 就其他應收賬款受限制銀行存款及 銀行結餘確認重大減值虧損撥備。

本集團擁有流動資金(存放於多間 高信貸評級的銀行)信貸集中風險。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

(Continued)

本集團的內部信貸風險等級評估包 括下列類別:

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

		Trade receivables	
Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	Description 描述	and contract assets 應收貿易賬款及合約資產	Other financial assets 其他金融資產/其他項目
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired	12m ECL
低風險	對手方具有低違約風險,且並無任何逾期款項	全期預期信貸損失 — 無信貸減值	12個月預期信貸損失
Watch list	Debtor frequently repays after due dates but usually settle in full	Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired	12m ECL
觀察名單	債務人經常於到期日後還款,惟通常於到期日後 還清	全期預期信貸損失 — 無信貸減值	12個月預期信貸損失
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
可疑	內部制定資料或外來資源顯示信貸風險自初始 確認起大幅增加	全期預期信貸損失 — 無信貸減值	全期預期信貸損失 — 無信貸減值
Loss	There is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
虧損	有證據顯示資產為信貸減值	全期預期信貸損失 — 已信貸減值	全期預期信貸損失 - 無信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
撤銷	有證據顯示債務人處於嚴重財務困難,而本集團 並不認為日後可收回款項	撇銷款項	撇銷款項

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

(Continued)

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's financial assets and other item which are subject to ECL assessment:

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表載列本集團須進行預期信貸損 失評估的金融資產及其他項目的信 貸風險詳情:

	Notes 附註	External credit rating 外部信貸評級	Internal credit rating 內部信貸評級	12-month or lifetime ECL 12個月或全期預期信貸虧損	2024 二零二四年 Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本列賬之金融資產						
Bank balances 銀行結餘	21 21	BA2 to A1 BA2至A1	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸損失	28,528	35,015
Restricted bank deposits 有限制定期存款	21 21	BA2 to A1 BA2至A1	N/A 不適用	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸損失	626	705
Other receivables 其他應收賬款	19 20	N/A 不適用	(Note 1) (附註1)	12-month ECL 12個月預期信貸損失	5,963	5,179
Trade receivables 應收貿易賬款						
- contracts with customers	19	N/A	(Note 2)	Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired (collective assessment)	1,899	3,428
- 客戶合約	19	不適用	(附註2)	· 全期預期信貸損失 (組合評估法)		
		BA2 to A1	N/A	Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired (individual assessment)	13,474	15,424
		BA2至A1	不適用	全期預期信貸損失 (未信貸減值) (組合評估法)		
		N/A 不適用	Loss 虧損	Lifetime ECL credit-impaired 全期預期信貸損失 (已信貸減值)	12	247
Other items						
其他項目 Contract assets	20	N/A	(Note 2)	Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired	38	66
合約資產	20	不適用	(附註2)	(collective assessment) 全期預期信貸損失(未信貸減值) (組合評估法)		
		BA2 to A1	N/A	Lifetime ECL not credit-impaired	464	492
		BA2至A1	不適用	(individual assessment) 全期預期信貸損失(未信貸減值) (個別評估法)		

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

(Continued)

Notes:

- For the purposes of internal credit risk management, the Group uses past due information to assess whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. The directors of the Company believe that there are no significant increase in credit risk of these amounts since initial recognition and accordingly no impairment loss is recognised for both years.
- 2. Trade receivables and contract assets with external credit rating and credit-impaired balances are assessed for ECL individually. In addition, the management of the Group estimates the amount of lifetime ECL of trade receivables and contract assets based on provision matrix through grouping of various debtors that have similar loss patterns. Estimated loss rates are based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information.

As part of the Group's credit risk management, the Group uses debtors' aging to assess the impairment for its customers in relation to its operation because these customers consist of a large number of small customers with common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' abilities to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms. The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk for trade receivables and contract assets which are assessed on a collective basis by using provision matrix within lifetime ECL (not credit-impaired). Debtors with external credit rating or credit-impaired with gross carrying amounts of RMB13,950,000 as at 31 December 2024 (2023: RMB16,163,000) were assessed individually.

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

附註:

- 就內部信貸風險管理而言,本集團使用逾期資料評估信貸風險是否已自初次確認後大幅增加。本公司董事認為,上述款項自初始確認以來未發生信用風險顯著增加之情形,據此在同一度均未就相關金額確認減值損失。
- 2. 本集團對具外部信用評級及已信用減值結餘之貿易應收款與合同合。 產進行個別預期信用損失評估。 此外,基於風險特徵相近之債務人 組合分類,管理層透過撥備矩陣 計量該等資產之存續期預期信用存 續期內之歷史觀察違約率,並按前 瞻性信息作出調整。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

(Continued)

		2024 二零二四年			2023 二零二三年	
		Gross	Gross		Gross	Gross
		amount	amount of		amount	amount of
	Average	of trade	contract	Average	of trade	contract
	loss rate	receivables	assets	loss rate	receivables	assets
		貿易應收	合同資產		貿易應收	合同資產
	平均損失率	款項總額	總額	平均損失率	款項總額	總額
	%	RMB'000	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	RMB'000
	千股	千股	千港元	千港元	千港元	人民幣千元
Within one year Over one year and	7.25	845	4	4.35	2,851	22
within two years	28.37	797	18	18.44	387	16
Over two years and within three years	45.34	257	16	38.76	190	28
		1,899	38		3,428	66

The estimated loss rates are estimated based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. The grouping is regularly reviewed by management to ensure relevant information about specific debtors is updated.

During the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group recognised approximately RMB416,000 (2023: RMB125,000) and reversed RMB284,000 (2023: RMB54,000) impairment allowance for trade receivables and contract assets based on the collective assessment, respectively. Impairment allowance of RMB46,000 and RMB434,000 (2023: RMB37,000 and RMB2474,000) were made and RMB41,000 and RMB247,000 (2023: RMB123,000 and RMB179,000) were reversed on debtors with external credit rating and credit-impaired receivables, respectively.

估計虧損率根據就債務人預期年期 內過往觀察所得違約率及前瞻性資 料(可在不耗費過多成本或工作的 情況下取得的資料)進行估計。該 分組由管理層定期檢討,確保有關 各特定債務人的相關資料已更新。

於截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團基於組合同資。 計提減值準備約人民幣416,000元(二零二三年:人民幣125,000元)及轉回人民幣284,000元(二。就具外部項係以下,本集團分別計提減值準備人民幣46,000元及434,000元(二零二三年:人民幣37,000元及2,474,000元),並轉回人民幣41,000元及247,000元(二零二三年:人民幣37,000元及2,474,000元),並轉回人民幣41,000元及247,000元(二零三年:人民幣123,000元及179,000元)。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

(Continued)

The following table shows the movement in lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade receivables and contract assets under the simplified approach.

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表列示根據簡化法就應收貿易賬 款及合約資產已確認的全期預期信 貸損失變動。

		Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	Lifetime ECL	
		(Individually assessment)	(Collective assessment)	(Individually assessment)	
		(external	(internal	(credit-	Tatal
		credit rating) 全期預期	credit rating) 全期預期	impaired)	Total
		信貸損失 (個別評估法) (外部信貸 評級)	信貸損失 (組合評估法) (內部信貸 評級)	全期預期 信貸損失 (個別評估法) (信貸減值)	總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 January 2023 - Impairment losses recognised - Impairment losses reversed - Transfer to credit-impaired - Write-offs	於二零二三年一月一日 一已確認減值虧損 一已撥回減值虧損 一轉撥至信貸減值 一撇銷	145 37 (123) (18)	313 125 (54) (100)	454 2,474 (179) 118 (2,620)	912 2,636 (356) – (2,620)
As at 31 December 2023 - Impairment losses recognised - Impairment losses reversed - Write-offs	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日 一已確認減值虧損 一已撥回減值虧損 一撤銷	41 46 (41)	284 416 (284) -	247 434 (247) (422)	572 896 (572) (422)
As at 31 December 2024	於二零二四年 十二月三十一日	46	416	12	474

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment

(Continued)

The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or when the trade receivables are over three years past due, whichever occurs earlier.

Liquidity risk

In the management of liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalent as well as undrawn banking facilities deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The management monitors the utilisation of borrowings.

The following tables detail the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from weighted average interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

當有資料表示債務人處於嚴重財務 困難中且並無實際收回款項可能 (例如債務人被迫清盤或進入破產 程序),或倘應收貿易賬款逾期超 過三年(以較早發生者準),則本集 團撇銷應收貿易賬款。

流動資金風險

在管理流動資金風險方面,本集團 監控及維持管理層認為足以為集團 業務提供資金及減輕現金流波動影 響的現金及現金等價物以及未提取 銀行融資水平。管理層監控借貸的 使用情況。

下表詳列本集團金融負債的餘下合約到期日。該表乃基於本集團須予 償付的最早日期的金融負債的未折 現現金流量而編製。該表包含利息 及本金現金流量。倘利息流量為浮 息,未貼現金額則以報告期末的加 權平均利率計算。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31. 金融工具(續)

31b. Financial risk management objectives and policies (Continued)

31b. 金融風險管理目的及政策(續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

流動資金風險(續)

- 1	:			table
- 1	1(1)	11(1111)/	risk	Ianie

Liquidity risk table					流動資金	金風險表		
		Weighted	On demand	Between	Between		Total	
		average	or less	one and	two and	More than	undiscounted	Carrying
		interest rate	than 1 year	two years	five years	five years	cash flows	amount
			按要求或				未貼現現金	
		加權平均利率	一年內償還	一至兩年	二至五年	五年以上	流量總額	賬面值
			RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2024	二零二四年							
Trade and other payables	應付貿易及其他賬款	_	2,584	_	_	_	2,584	2,584
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	_	1,878	_	_	_	1,878	1,878
Unsecured loans from a related party	無抵押關聯方借貸	3.71%	-	_	1,351	32,592	33,943	28,291
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	3.95%	1,040	_	-	-	1,040	1,000
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6.00%	77	-	-	-	77	73
			F F70		4.054	00 500	00.500	00.005
			5,579	-	1,351	32,592	39,522	33,385
2023	_零二三年							
Trade and other payables	應付貿易及其他賬款	_	1,201	-	_	-	1,201	1,201
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	_	2,039	_	_	_	2,039	2,039
Unsecured loans from a related party	無抵押關聯方借貸	3,71%	_	_	1,351	30,346	31,697	26,419
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	3.80%	519	_	_	-	519	500
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6.00%	109	-	-	-	109	103
			3,868	_	1,351	30,346	35,565	30,262

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31c. Fair value

(i) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used) as well as the level of the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurements are categorised (levels 1 to 3) based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements is observable.

31. 金融工具(續)

31c. 公允值

(i) 本集團金融資產及金融負債 之公允值乃根據經常性基準 按公允值計量

本集團部份金融資產乃按於 各報告期末的公允值計量資 不表提供有關該等金融其資 公允值的釐定方式(尤數 所用估值方法及輸入數數 可予觀察的程度而分類公允值計量輸入公允值 值計量的公允值層級(第1 至3層)的資料。

Fair value as at 於以下日期的公允值

	2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Fair value hierarchy 公允值層級	Valuation technique and key inputs 估值方法及關鍵輸入數據
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 18)	189	183	Level 3	Value provided by the investments fund with reference to the underlying
按公允值計入損益之金融資產 (附註18)	189	183	第3層	assets of the funds. 投資基金提供的基金相關基礎資 產的价值

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

31c. Fair value (Continued)

Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis (Continued)

> Reconciliation of level 3 fair value measurements:

金融工具(續) 31.

31c. 公允值(續)

本集團金融資產及金融負債 (i) 之公允值乃根據經常性基準 按公允值計量(續)

第3層公允值計量之對賬:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

按公允值計入損益之金融資產

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Opening balance Unrealised fair value loss in profit or loss	期初餘額 損益中未實現的公允值 收益(虧損)	183	179
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	6	5
Closing balance	期末結餘	189	183

There were no transfers in and out from level 3 in both years.

(ii) Fair value of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value on a recurring basis (but fair value disclosures are required)

> The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis.

> The directors consider that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

兩個年度內第3層均無轉入 及轉出。

本集團金融資產及金融負債 之公允值不以根據經常性基 準按公允值計量(但需要披 露其公允值)

> 金融資產及金融負債之公允 值乃根據公認定價模式按貼 現現金流分析釐定。

> 董事認為綜合財務報表按攤 銷成本確認之金融資產及金 融負債之賬面值與其公允值 相若。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

32. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

32. 融資活動產生的負債的對賬

下表詳述本集團來自融資活動的負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產生的負債為現金流量所致,或未來現金流量將在本集團綜合現金流量表中分類為融資活動的現金流量。

				Unsecured loans from	Amounts due to	
		Bank borrowings	Lease liabilities	a related party 無抵押	related parties 應付	Total
		銀行借貸	租賃負債	關聯方借貸	關聯方款項	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(Note 24)	(Note 27)	(Note 24)	(Note 23)	
		(附註24)	(附註27)	(附註24)	(附註23)	
As at 1 January 2023	於二零二三年一月一日	18,000	47	24,785	899	43,731
Financing cash flows	融資現金流量	(17,674)	(361)	24,700	1,140	(16,895)
New lease entered	新訂租賃	(17,074)	406		1,140	406
Foreign exchange	外匯兑換		400			400
translation	万匹元]失	_	_	695	_	695
Interest expense	利息支出	174	11	939	_	1,124
At 31 December 2023	於二零二三年 十二月三十一日	500	103	26,419	2,039	29,061
Einanaina aaah flawa	融資現金流量	451	(252)	20,419	(161)	29,001
Financing cash flows New lease entered		401	213	_	(101)	213
	新訂租賃 外匯兑換	_	213	_	_	213
Foreign exchange translation	<u> </u>	_	_	882	_	882
Interest expense	利息支出	49	9	990		1,048
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年					
At 01 December 2024	十二月三十一日	1,000	73	28,291	1,878	31,242

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Apart from details of the balances and transactions with related parties disclosed in notes 9, 23 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements, the Group also entered into the following related party transactions during the years:

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management during the year were as follows:

33. 關聯方交易

除了綜合財務報表附註中的9、23及24的 關聯方細節披露,本集團於年內進行以下 關連方交易:

主要管理層人員酬金

本年度董事及主要管理層之成員之酬金如 下:

			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
			RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Short-term employee benefits	短期僱員福利		3,575	4,750
Retirement benefit schemes	退休福利計劃供款			
contributions			299	260
			3,874	5,010
Short-term lease expenses		短期租:	金開支	
			2024	2022

	二零二四年 RMB'000	二零二三年 RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Short-term lease expenses paid to 支付新利醫藥進出口 Sing Lee Pharmaceutical Import & 有限公司的辦公室 Export Co., Limited (Note) for lease of g位短期租賃開支 office premises	-	287

Note: Sing Lee Pharmaceutical Import & Export Co., Limited, in which the shareholder, Mr. Hung, has 50% equity interest with joint control.

附註: 新利醫藥進出口有限公司之股東熊先生持有 50%權益並具共同控制權。

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

34. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

34. 本公司財務狀況表

		2024 二零二四年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2023 二零二三年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Non-current Assets Investment in subsidiaries Amounts due from subsidiaries	非流動資產 投資附屬公司 應收附屬公司款項	3,131 120	3,131 279
		3,251	3,410
Current Assets Prepayments and other receivables Financial assets at FVTPL	流動資產 預付款項及其他應收賬款 按公允值計入損益之金融 資產 銀行結餘及現金	239 189 2,502	231 183
Bank balances and cash	班1] 絔跡 汉 児 並	2,930	157
Current Liabilities Other payables Amounts due to related parties	流動負債 其他應付賬款 應付關聯方款項	8,146 1,877	4,302 2,038
		10,023	6,340
Net Current Assets (Liabilities)	流動負債淨值	(7,093)	(5,769)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	總資產減流動負債	(3,842)	(2,359)
Capital and Reserves Share capital (Note 25) Reserves	資本及儲備 股本 (附註25) 儲備 (附註)	12,538 (43,474)	12,538 (40,168)
Total Deficiency	權益總額	(30,936)	(27,630)
Non-current Liability Borrowings	非流動負債 借貸	27,094	25,271

綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2024 截至二零二四年十二月三十一日止年度

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF 34. 本公司財務狀況表(續) 34. THE COMPANY (Continued)

				Share-based		
		Share premium	Shareholder's contribution	payments reserve 以股份為基礎	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價	股東供款	的付款儲備	累計虧損	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2023 Loss and total comprehensive	於二零二三年一月一日 本年度虧損及全面開支總額	179,132	6,641	6,311	(227,171)	(35,087)
expense for the year		_	_	_	(5,081)	(5,081)
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	_	_	(282)	282	
At 31 December 2023 Loss and total comprehensive	於二零二三年十二月三十一日本年度虧損及全面開支總額	179,132	6,641	6,029	(231,970)	(40,168)
expense for the year		-	-	-	(3,306)	(3,306)
Lapse of share options	購股權失效	-	-	(568)	568	-
At 31 December 2024	於二零二四年十二月三十一日	179,132	6,641	5,461	(234,708)	(43,474)



SING LEE SOFTWARE (GROUP) LIMITED

新利軟件(集團)股份有限公司*

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability 於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號:8076)