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Cautionary Statements

The Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") permits oil and gas companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose only proved, probable and possible reserves that a company anticipates as of a given date to be economically and legally producible and deliverable by application of development projects to known accumulations. This presentation contains certain terms and estimates that are prohibited from being included in filings with the SEC pursuant to the SEC's rules. The SEC views such terms and estimates as inherently unreliable and these estimates may be misleading to investors unless the investor is an expert in the natural gas industry. Additionally, the SEC strictly prohibits companies from aggregating proved, probable and possible (3P) reserves in filings with the SEC due to the different levels of certainty associated with each reserve category.

This presentation contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Statements that do not relate strictly to historical or current facts are forward-looking. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, forward-looking statements contained in this presentation include, but are not limited to, the expectations of plans, strategies, objectives and growth and anticipated financial and operational performance of EQT Corporation ("EQT") and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company"), including guidance regarding the Company's strategy to develop its reserves; drilling plans and programs (including the number and type of drilling rigs and the number of frac crews to be utilized by the Company, the projected amount of wells to be drilled, completed and turned-in-line and the timing thereof); projected natural gas prices, basis and average differential: the impact of commodity prices on the Company's business; projected production and sales volumes, including liquified natural gas ("LNG") volumes and sales and projected demand; projected U.S. natural gas power load growth and demand, including projected data center growth and related power demand; projected well costs and per unit operating costs; the Company's ability to successfully implement and execute its operational, rechnological and environmental, social and governance ("ESG") initiatives, including its emissions reduction goals and carbon offset projects and the timing thereof; pending or potential acquisitions, asset sales and monetization transactions, or other strategic transactions, the timing thereof and the Company's ability to achieve the intended operational, financial and strategic benefits from any such transactions or from any recently completed strategic transactions, including statements and projections regarding the Company's pending acquisition of the Olympus Energy assets; the amount and timing of any redemptions, repayments or repurchases of EQT's common stock, the Company's outstanding debt securities or other debt instruments; the Company's ability to reduce its debt and the timing of such reductions, if any; projected dividends, if any; projected adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA attributable to EQT, adjusted operating cash flow, free cash flow attributable to EQT, unlevered free cash flow, and breakeven prices; liquidity and financing requirements, including funding sources and availability; the Company's ability to maintain or improve its credit ratings, leverage levels and financial profile, and the timing of achieving such improvements, if at all: the Company's hedging strategy and projected margin posting obligations: the Company's tax position and projected effective tax rate; and the expected impact of changes in laws.

The forward-looking statements included in this presentation involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from projected results. Accordingly, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements as a prediction of actual results. The Company has based these forward-looking statements on current expectations and assumptions about future events, taking into account all information currently known by the Company. While the Company considers these expectations and assumptions to be reasonable, they are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, regulatory and other risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and beyond the Company's control. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, volatility of commodity prices; the costs and results of drilling and operations; uncertainties about estimates of reserves, identification of drilling locations and the ability to add proved reserves in the future; the assumptions underlying production forecasts; the quality of technical data; the Company's ability to appropriately allocate capital and other resources among its strategic opportunities; access to and cost of capital; the Company's hedging and other financial contracts; inherent hazards and risks normally incidental to drilling for producing, transporting. storing and processing natural gas, natural gas liquids ("NGLs") and oil; operational risks and hazards incidental to the gathering, transmission and storage of natural gas as well as unforeseen interruptions; cyber security risks and acts of sabotage; availability and cost of drilling rigs, completion services, equipment, supplies, personnel, oilfield services and pipe, sand and water required to execute the Company's exploration and development plans, including as a result of inflationary pressures or tariffs; risks associated with operating primarily in the Appalachian Basin; the ability to obtain environmental and other permits and the timing thereof; construction, business, economic, competitive, regulatory, judicial, environmental, political and legal uncertainties related to the development and construction by the Company or its joint ventures of pipeline and storage facilities and transmission assets and the optimization of such assets; the Company's ability to renew or replace expiring gathering, transmission or storage contracts at favorable rates, on a long-term basis or at all; risks relating to the Company's joint venture arrangements; government regulation or action, including regulations pertaining to methane and other greenhouse gas emissions; negative public perception of the fossil fuels industry; increased consumer demand for alternatives to natural gas: environmental and weather risks, including the possible impacts of climate change; and disruptions to the Company's business due to recently completed or pending divestitures. acquisitions and other significant strategic transactions, including the Company's pending acquisition of the Olympus Energy assets. These and other risks and uncertainties are described under the "Risk Factors" section and elsewhere in EQT's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, and other documents EQT subsequently files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, the Company may be subject to currently unforeseen risks that may have a materially adverse impact on it. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which such statement is made, and except as required by law, the Company does not intend to correct or update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information. future events, or otherwise.

This presentation also refers to non-GAAP financial measures, including Production adjusted operating revenues, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA attributable to EQT, adjusted operating cash flow, adjusted operating cash flow attributable to EQT, free cash flow, free cash flow attributable to EQT, unlevered free cash flow, and net debt. These non-GAAP financial measures are not alternatives to GAAP measures and should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative for analysis of the Company's results as reported under GAAP. Certain items excluded from these non-GAAP measures are significant components in understanding and assessing a company's financial performance, such as a company's cost of capital, tax structure, and historic costs of depreciable assets. For additional disclosures regarding these non-GAAP measures, including definitions of these terms and reconciliations to the most directly comparable GAAP measurers, please refer to the appendix of this presentation.

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First Quarter 2025 and Recent Highlights

Strongest financial results in recent company history headlined by more than \$1 billion of free cash flow⁽¹⁾

| 1Q25 | |
|---------------------------|--|
| 571 Bcfe | |
| \$3.77 per Mcfe | |
| \$1.05 per Mcfe | |
| \$1,644 Million | |
| \$497 Million | |
| \$1,036 Million | |
| | \$3.77 per Mcfe \$1.05 per Mcfe \$1,644 Million \$497 Million |

1Q25 AND RECENT HIGHLIGHTS

STRONG EXECUTION: Production at the high-end of guidance driven by **strong well performance** and minimal winter downtime from **upstream and midstream coordination**

LOWER CAPEX: Capital **spending 19% below the low-end of guidance** due to lower-than-expected completions, land and midstream spend

BETTER PRICING: Differential 16c tighter than mid-point of guidance as **tactical production response from opening chokes into strong winter pricing** maximized value

LOWER COSTS: Per unit operating costs 8% below the low-end of guidance driven by **lower-than-expected LOE and gathering expense**

MATERIAL FCF: Generated free cash flow attributable to EQT⁽¹⁾ of \$1,036 MM in the first quarter with an average Henry Hub price of \$3.65/MMBtu

DE-LEVERAGING: Exited the quarter with ~\$8.1 B of net debt⁽¹⁾, down ~\$1 B from YE24 and nearly \$6 B below Q3'24 levels

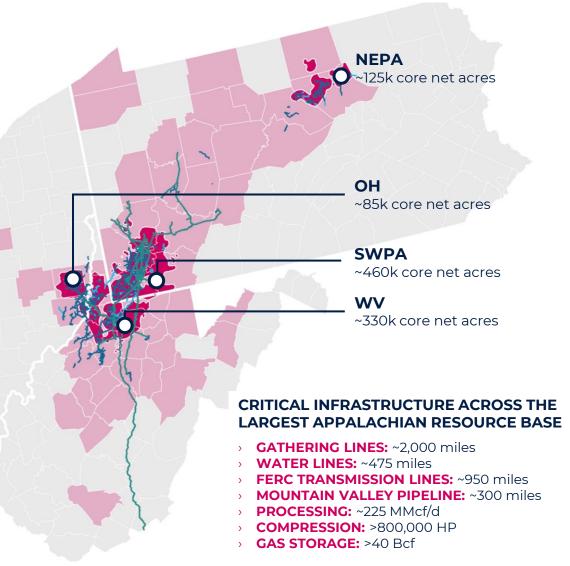
RAISING '25 OUTLOOK: Raising 2025 production guidance 25 Bcfe and lowering the midpoint of 2025 capital spending by \$25 MM due to continued efficiency gains, strong well performance and additional Equitrans synergy capture

ACCRETIVE BOLT-ON ACQUISITION: Announcing agreement to acquire Olympus Energy for \$1.8 B; purchase price equates to ~3.4x adjusted EBITDA multiple⁽²⁾ and ~15% unlevered free cash flow yield⁽³⁾



The Premier American Natural Gas Company

The lowest cost and only domestic, large-scale vertically integrated natural gas producer



EQT AT A GLANCE (NYSE: EQT)

| ~\$39 B | ~\$ | 30 B | | \$0.63/s | h | \$5 B | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|
| Enterprise Value | Equity Value ⁽¹⁾ | | Annualized Dividend | | Long-Ter Debt Targ | | |
| ~\$2/MMBti | ı_ | ~1.0 |) | ИМ | ~; | 30 Years | 5 |
| 2025E Unlevere FCF Breakeven ⁽ | | Unde Core N | | 1 | | De-Risked Inventory | |

Upstream Net Production

~2.2 Tcfe

Gathered Volume Throughput

>8.0 Bcfe/d

EQT Integrated Volumes

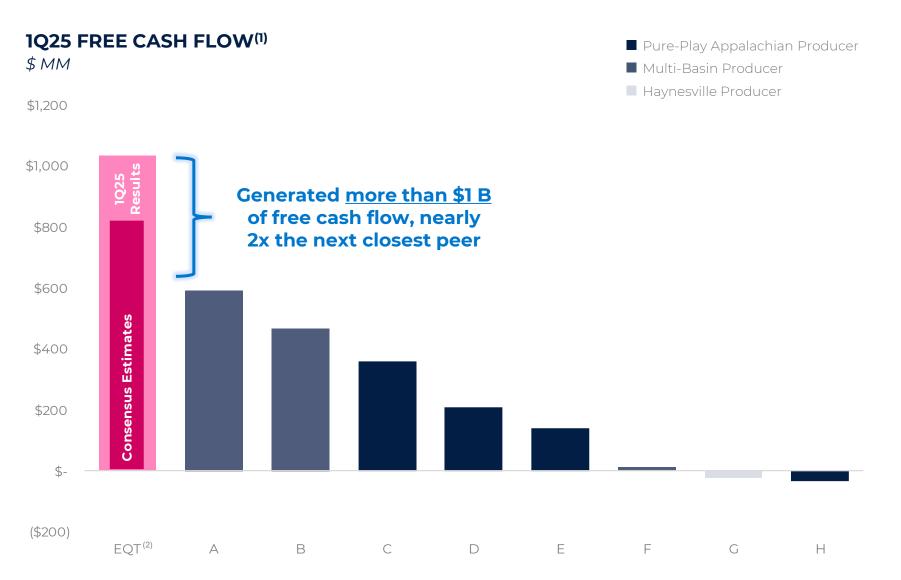
~90%

PROVIDING INVESTORS THE BEST RISK-ADJUSTED EXPOSURE TO NATURAL GAS



Record Setting Financial Results

Record free cash flow underscores differentiated earnings power of our integrated platform





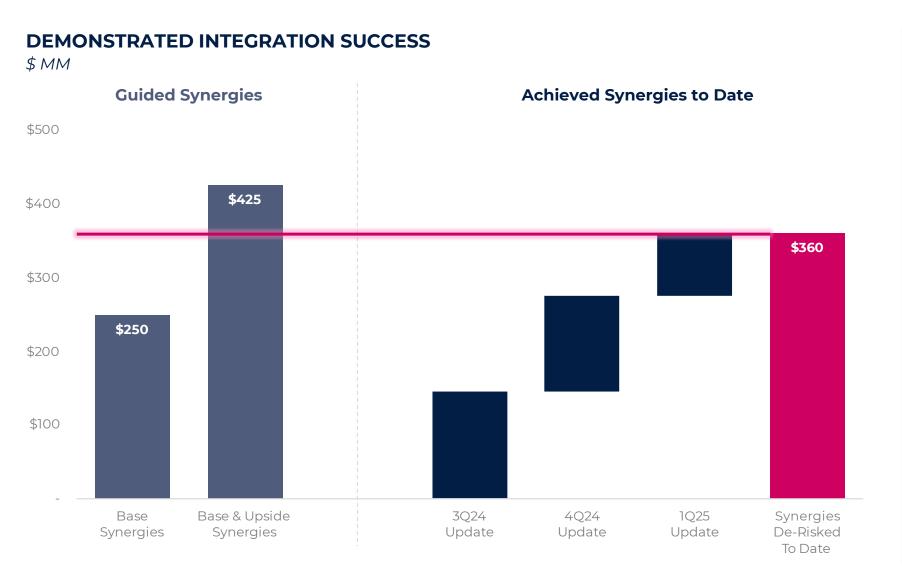
LEADING THE PACK IN FCF GENERATION

- Generated **more than \$1 B of FCF** at an average Henry Hub price of \$3.65/MMBtu during the quarter; nearly 2x the next closest peer
- Testament to EQT's low cost structure and significant scale, providing the best risk-adjusted exposure to natural gas



Additional Equitrans Synergy Capture

85% of base and upside synergies de-risked after nine months of efficient integration





CONTINUING INTEGRATION MOMEMTUM

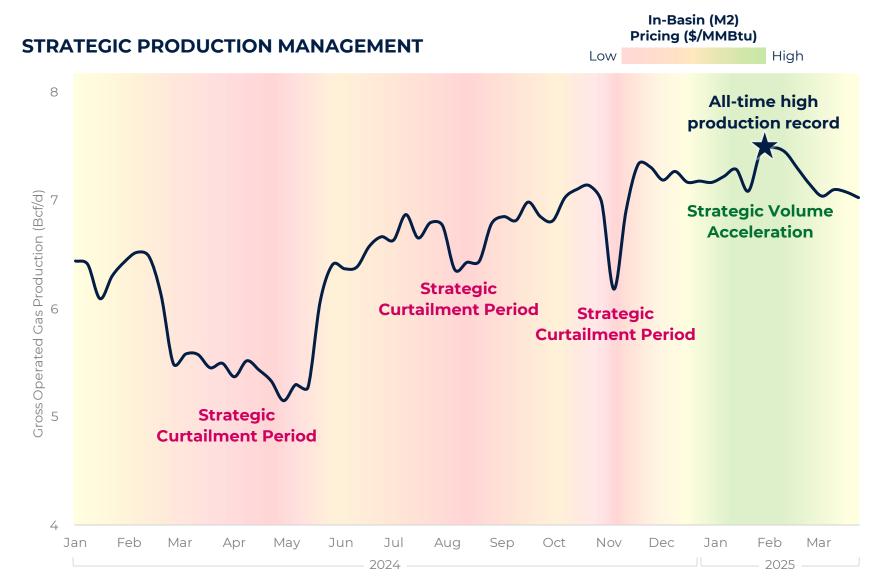
- \$360 MM or ~145% of base and ~85% of total guided synergies de-risked
- Progress since last update driven by additional capex savings and system / receipt point optimization
- Ongoing initiatives could drive

 additional upside potential beyond
 the high end of the initial synergy
 forecast



Differentiated Production Strategy Drives Value

Tactical production management drives capital efficient response to price volatility





ADAPTING TO MARKET CONDITIONS

- Tactical production management matches output to market conditions and maximizes value of production
- Requires no change in activity levels, allowing for sustained operational momentum
- Surged volumes by opening chokes in 1Q25 meeting strong winter demand and capturing robust Appalachia pricing
- Opening chokes drove \$40 MM of revenue uplift in Q1 and led to much tighter-than-expected differentials

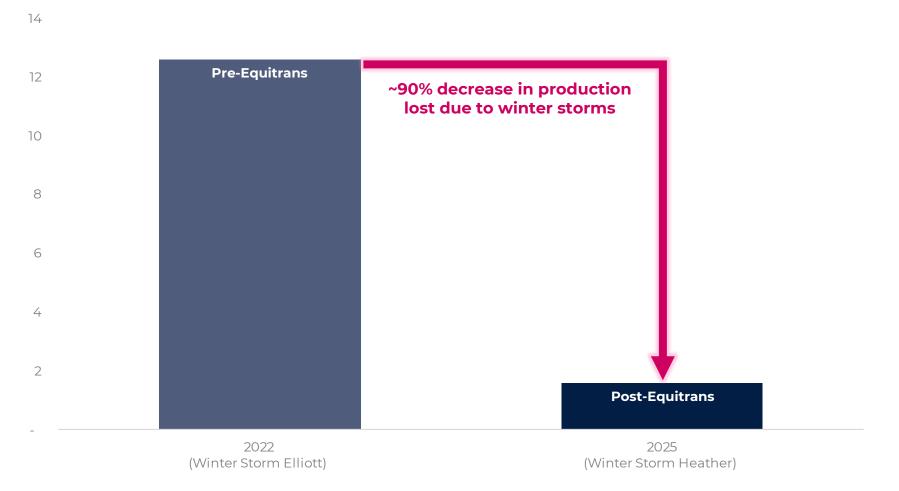


Seamless Midstream Coordination Increases Reliability

Integrated platform improves communication between operational teams and limits winter downtime

REDUCED IMPACT OF WINTER STORMS

Gross operated gas production impacted by winter storms (Bcf)





INCREASING WINTER PRODUCTION RESELIENCY

- Equitrans integration has enabled seamless communication between operating teams and enhanced resiliency of our asset base during winter weather
- Downtime due to weather amounted to less than 2 Bcf this winter, ~90% lower than the last acute winter storm event
- Ensures maximum production to meet demand during periods of higher gas prices

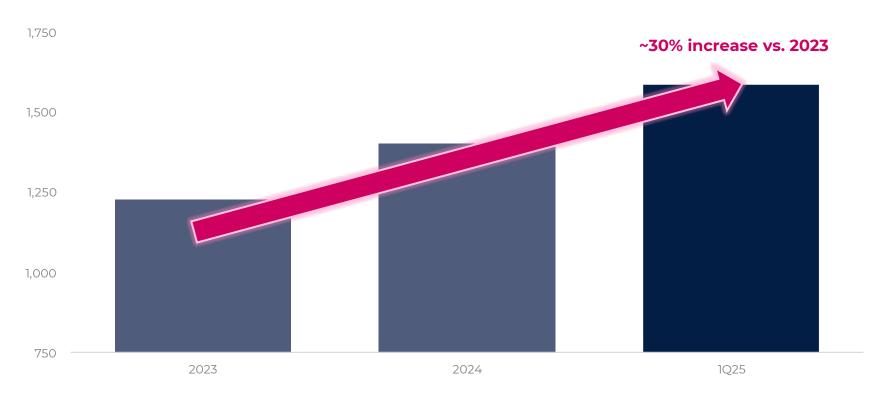


Efficiency Gains Still Accruing

Set yet another record for completed footage per day

ESTABLISHING MOMENTUM IN EFFICIENCY GAINS

Completed feet per day



EQT REACHED A NEW ALL-TIME HIGH COMPLETION EFFICIENCY IN 1Q25



BUILDING ON EFFICIENCY GAINS

- Continued operational efficiency gains led to all-time high completion efficiency in 1Q25
- Cumulative efficiency gains to date have resulted in material well cost savings and lower overall maintenance capital
- Dropped from 3 to 2 frac crews in April as efficiency gains allow business to maintain completion pace with fewer frac crews



Accretive Bolt-On Acquisition

Olympus Energy acquisition adds low-cost integrated assets at a compelling valuation

ACQUISITION OVERVIEW

Highly Accretive Bolt-On with Long-Term Upside

\$1.8 B

\$500 MM Cash & ~26 MM Shares

~90,000

Net Acres⁽³⁾

\$1.7 B

PDP + Wells in Process PV-10⁽¹⁾

~500 MMcf/d

Current Net Production ~\$2 / MMBtu

Long-Term Unlevered FCF Breakeven⁽²⁾

~165 / ~60

Gross Undeveloped
Locations
(Marcellus / Utica)

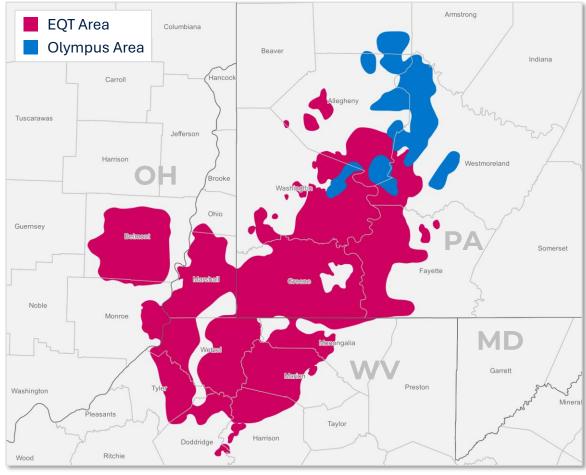
STRATEGIC HIGHLIGHTS

measure, 6, Non-GAAP measure. See appendix for definition

- ✓ Attractive valuation (~3.4x adj. EBITDA⁽⁴⁾ and ~15% unlevered FCF yield⁽⁵⁾)
- ✓ 10+ years of core Marcellus inventory with long-term Utica upside
- ✓ Integrated midstream reinforces leading free cash flow margins
- ✓ Commercial upside from proximity to new power demand centers
- ✓ Pro forma YE 2025 net debt⁽⁶⁾ forecasted to be below \$7.5 B target

OLYMPUS ENERGY ACREAGE MAP

High-Quality Integrated Assets Adjacent to EQT's Core Footprint





1. Represents the discounted estimated future net cash flows, excluding income taxes, at a 10% annual rate of proved developed producing reserves and wells in process, based on the Company's internal estimates, using NYMEX strip pricing as of April 10, 2025. PV-010 is derived from the standardized measure of proved developed producing network provided wells in process, based on the Company's internal estimates, using NYMEX strip pricing as of April 10, 2025. PV-010 is derived from the standardized measure of provided producing and support of the most directly comparable from Standardized Measure because it does not include the effects of income toxes on future net revenues. GAAP of Provided and the process using SEC Pricing. As a result, it is not practicable for us to reconcile the PV-10 of the Olympus Energy assets' proved developed producing and wells in process using SEC Pricing to Standardized Measure as determined in accordance with GAAP. 2. Unlevered FCF breakeven is defined as the everage Henry Hub price needed to generate positive unlevered free cash flow (a non-GAAP measure, see appendix for definition). 3. Excludes "22,000 net mineral cares." 4. EQT expects the assets to be acquired from Olympus Energy assets) to generate average annual adjusted EBITDA over the next three years of approximately \$270 million, based on strip pricing and important information regarding this non-GAAP financial measure. See Energy assets to generate average annual unlevered free cash flow viet the expert of the pricing and important information regarding this non-GAAP financial measure. See Energy assets to generate average annual unlevered free cash flow viet the next three years of approximately \$270 million, based on strip pricing a non-GAAP financial measure. See the appendix for the definition and important information and important infor

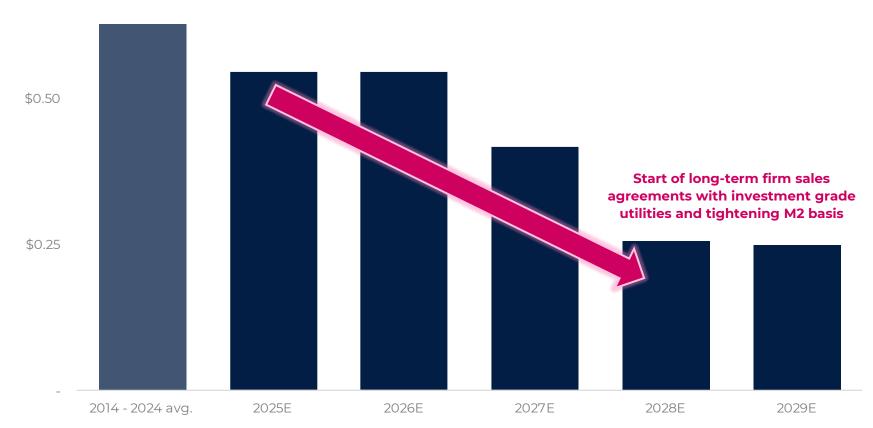
Structural Basis Improvement Ahead

Corporate basis projected to compress materially, providing material free cash flow tailwind

IMPROVING CORPORATE BASIS

\$/Mcf

\$0.75





STRONGER CORPORATE BASIS

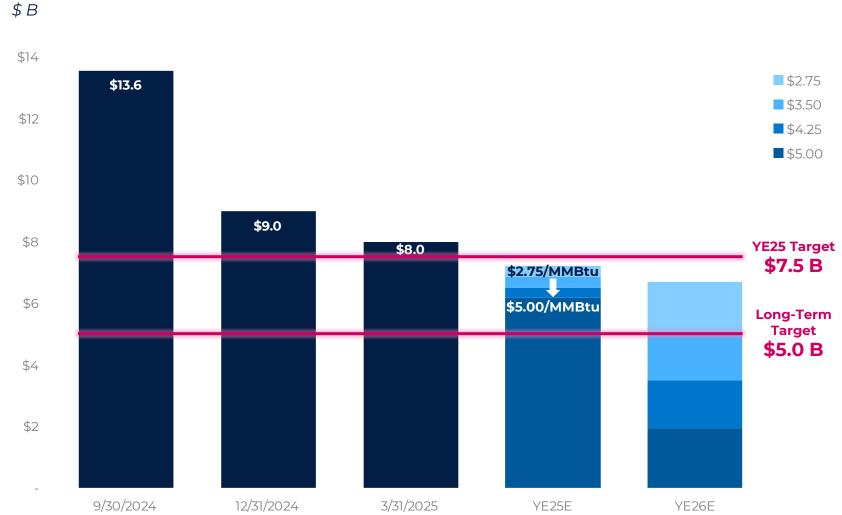
- Contractual MVP firm sales agreements and improving basis expected to compress corporate basis by ~30¢ in 2028+
- Translates to \$600+ MM of annual free cash flow⁽¹⁾ uplift, which structurally lowers NYMEX breakeven pricing
- Provides **free cash flow margin enhancement** at a time when peers
 are likely to experience degradation
 due to core inventory exhaustion



Material De-Leveraging Progress

Rapid asset sale execution and material FCF generation de-risks balance sheet

STRONG NET DEBT⁽¹⁾ OUTLOOK UNDER ALL SCENARIOS





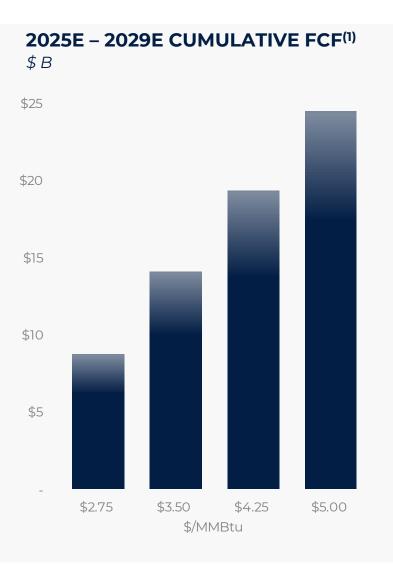
BUILDING A STRONGER BALANCE SHEET

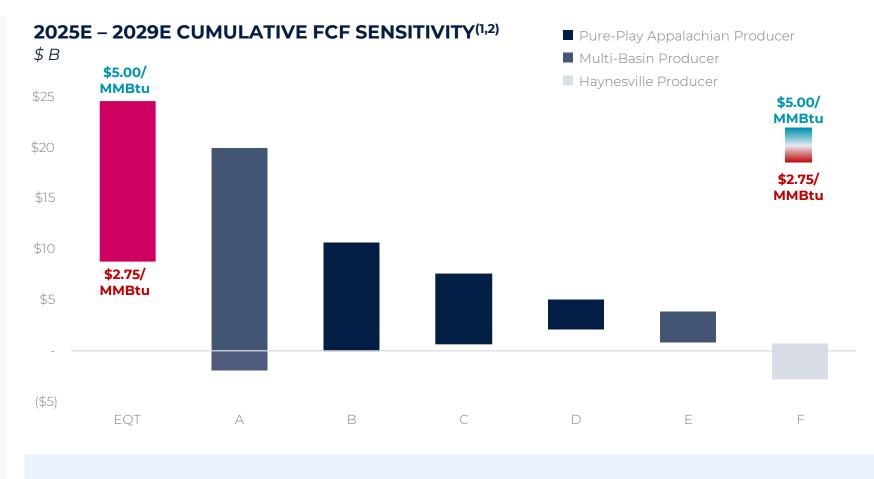
- On track to overachieve year-end
 2025 net debt⁽¹⁾ target
- Retired ~\$740 MM of senior notesvia tender offer in 1Q25
- Exchanged EQM Midstream senior notes for EQT senior notes,
 simplifying balance sheet



Peer-Leading Free Cash Flow Durability

Integrated business de-risks free cash flow generation, while unlocking unhedged upside





EQT OFFERS INVESTORS UNRIVALED FCF GENERATION AND RISK-ADJUSTED RETURN IN A VOLATILE WORLD



EQT is the Must-Own Energy Company

World class, vertically integrated natural gas company creates unparalleled investment opportunity



THE MUST-OWN ENERGY COMPANY

> Top U.S. natural gas producer with projected long-term **\$2.00/MMBtu unlevered FCF breakeven**(1) drives durable FCF > Low-cost profile **mitigates downside** pricing exposure while allowing **upside opportunity capture**



VERTICAL INTEGRATION UNLOCKS DIFFERENTIATED VALUE CREATION

- > Free cash flow breakeven drives unmatched free cash flow generation across commodity cycles
- > Unrivaled efficiencies from integrated operating model, all Equitrans acquisition base synergies de-risked



PREMIER PURE-PLAY APPALACHIAN PRODUCER

> ~1 MM EQT core undeveloped net acres with world-class operating capabilities and >3,700 miles of pipeline > 30+ years of inventory with repeatable performance



LOW COST OF CAPITAL, INVESTMENT GRADE BALANCE SHEET

- > Investment grade credit profile and clear path to reach YE25 net debt⁽²⁾ target
- > S&P 500 inclusion drives liquidity and low cost of capital



MODERN, DATA-DRIVEN OPERATING MODEL

- > Drives a culture of **organizational transparency** to maximize operating efficiencies
- > Super-charges the **speed and quality** of acquisition integrations with a proven track record



ESG LEADERSHIP, LOW EMISSIONS INTENSITY

- > Entrepreneurial management team with **proven track record and outperformance**
- The first traditional energy producer of scale to achieve **Scope 1 and Scope 2 net zero**(3) **greenhouse gas emissions**



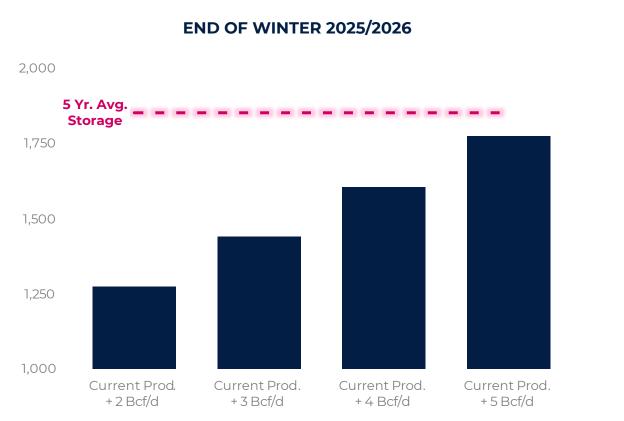
Macro & ESG Updates

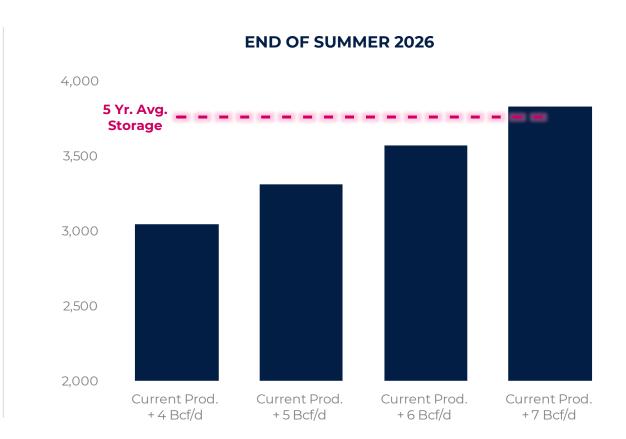
Strong Natural Gas Fundamentals

Robust price signal required to incentivize enough supply growth to adequately refill storage

LOWER 48 STORAGE UNDER VARIOUS PRODUCTION SCENARIOS

Bcf





CURRENT ACTIVITY LEVELS COULD LEAD TO HISTORICALLY LOW STORAGE, STRAINING SUPPLY AMID RISING DEMAND FROM LNG, POWER AND EXPORTS TO MEXICO

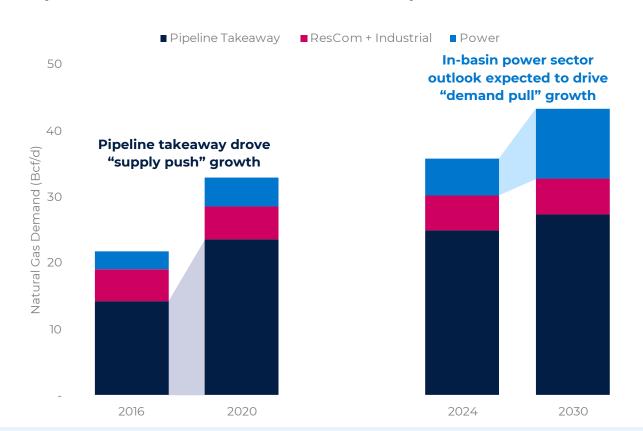


Appalachia Fundamentals Strengthening

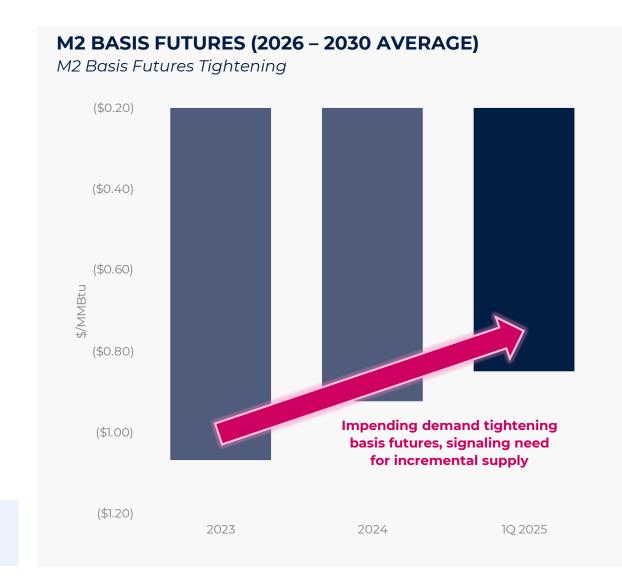
Materialization of in-basin demand growth transitioning local price exposure to future tailwind

APPALACHIA NATURAL GAS DEMAND

Project 6 – 7 Bcf/d of In-Basin Demand Growth by 2030



EQT IS WELL-POSITIONED TO DELIVER
SUSTAINABLE GROWTH TO MEET IN-BASIN DEMAND





EQT Most Exposed to Premium SE Region With MVP In-Service

Integrated business model provides "well-to-watt" solution to meet power demand from data center and AI growth



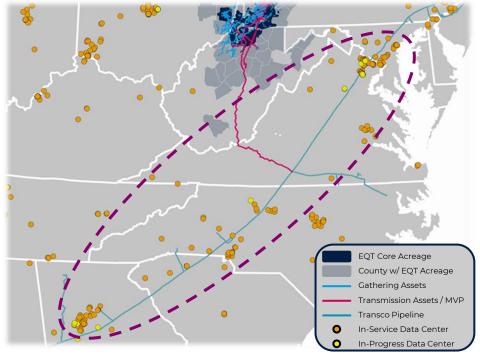
MVP PROVIDES UNIQUE ACCESS TO PREMIUM SOUTHEAST REGION WITH BURGEONING DATA CENTER DEMAND

- > **DIRECT DATA CENTER EXPOSURE:** MVP capacity and long-term sales to the region's largest utilities mean **EQT's natural gas can underpin power generation to support data center build-out**
- PREMIUM PRICING: After the completion of downstream expansions in 2027, MVP shifts EQT's pricing exposure to premium Transco Zones 4 and 5 South pricing
- > FCF GROWTH: Expected to improve corporate differentials \$0.15 \$0.20/Mcf beginning in late 2027, driving \$300+ MM FCF⁽¹⁾ uplift
- > INTEGRATED MODEL: EQT's inventory depth and pipeline systems create one stop shop to provide clean, reliable and affordable energy
- > MVP EXPANSION: Plan to expand MVP from 2 Bcf/d to 2.5 Bcf/d, increasing EQT's opportunity to support power demand growth in the Southeast

The gas moving through this critical infrastructure will ensure the energy needs of millions of Americans, bolster our national security and build on our nation's track record of lowering emissions.

- TOBY Z. RICE, PRESIDENT & CEO

MVP PROVIDES DIFFERENTIATED SE EXPOSURE



SOUTHEAST REGION EXPOSURE BY OPERATOR⁽²⁾ Bcf/d

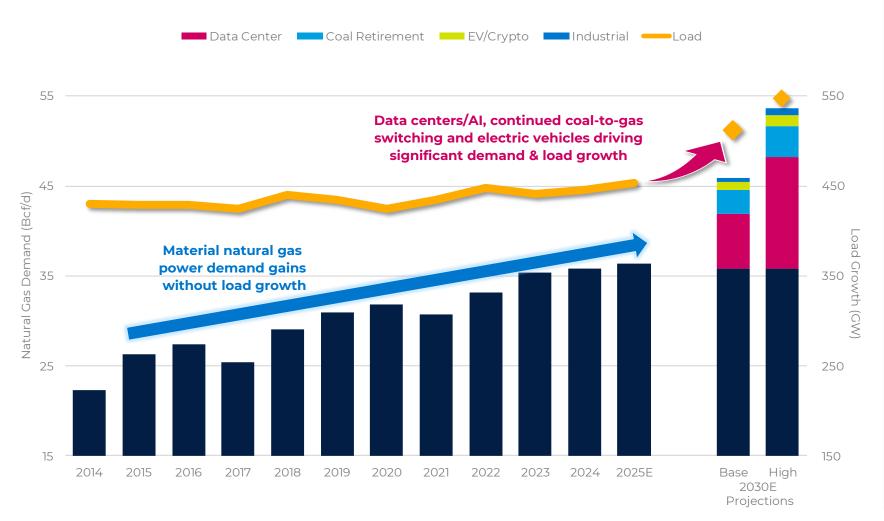




Data Center Demand Becoming the Cornerstone to Natural Gas Bull Case

Structural, baseload power demand growth occurring at the doorstep of EQT's assets

MATERIAL U.S. GAS-POWER DEMAND AND LOAD GROWTH(1)





PROLIFERATION OF DATA CENTER AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE PROJECTED TO DRIVE HUGE INFLECTION IN LOAD GROWTH

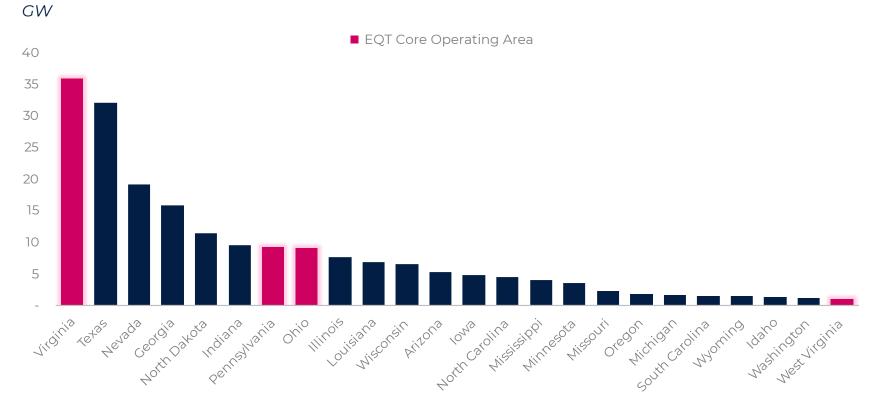
- U.S. gas-fired power demand grew by ~14 Bcf/d from 2014 - 2024 with minimal underlying load growth as natural gas took market share from coal
- Data center and artificial intelligence booms, along with additional coal retirements, expected to drive a further ~10 Bcf/d of incremental natural gas demand by 2030
- More aggressive data center build-out scenario drives plausible upside to ~18
 Bcf/d of incremental natural gas demand by 2030



Data Center Opportunity Booming

~55 gigawatts of data centers are under development in EQT's backyard

ANNOUNCED⁽¹⁾ U.S. DATA CENTERS SINCE Q1 2023



AS THE ONLY LARGE-SCALE, VERTICALLY INTEGRATED NATURAL GAS PRODUCER IN APPALACHIA, EQT STANDS READY TO SUPPORT AND BENEFIT FROM THE GROWING DATA CENTER MARKET

1 GW = 0.15 Bcf/d

Common Conversion Rate⁽²⁾

~200 GW

In Various Stages of Development across the U.S.

~55 GW

In EQT's Core Operating Area

~10 GW

Currently Under Construction

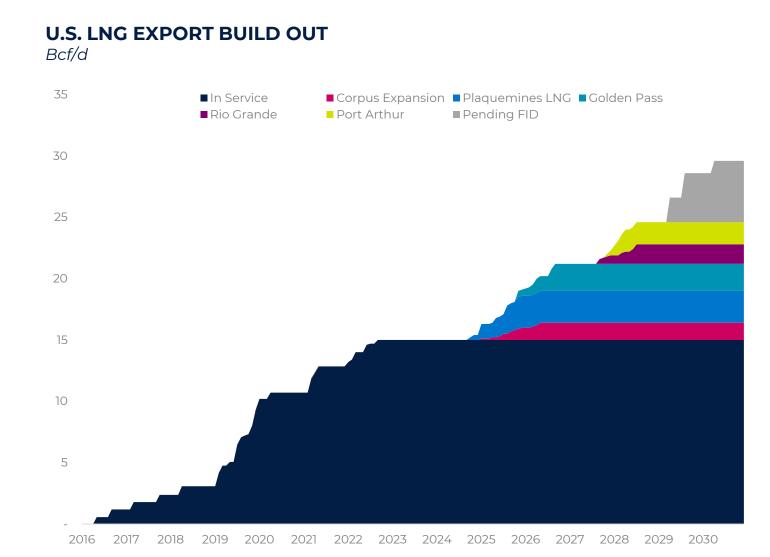


U.S. LNG Export Capacity Buildout Underway

U.S. LNG exports are expected to continue growing, further supporting U.S. demand



- In less than a decade, the U.S. has transformed itself into the largest exporter of LNG in the world with over
 16 Bcf/d of nameplate LNG in service
- > 13 Bcf/d of additional capacity is being constructed or pending FID; the next wave of LNG development expected to solidify the U.S. as a dominant player in global markets
- 10 Bcf/d of incremental capacity has DOE permit approval and could move forward regardless of permitting outlook



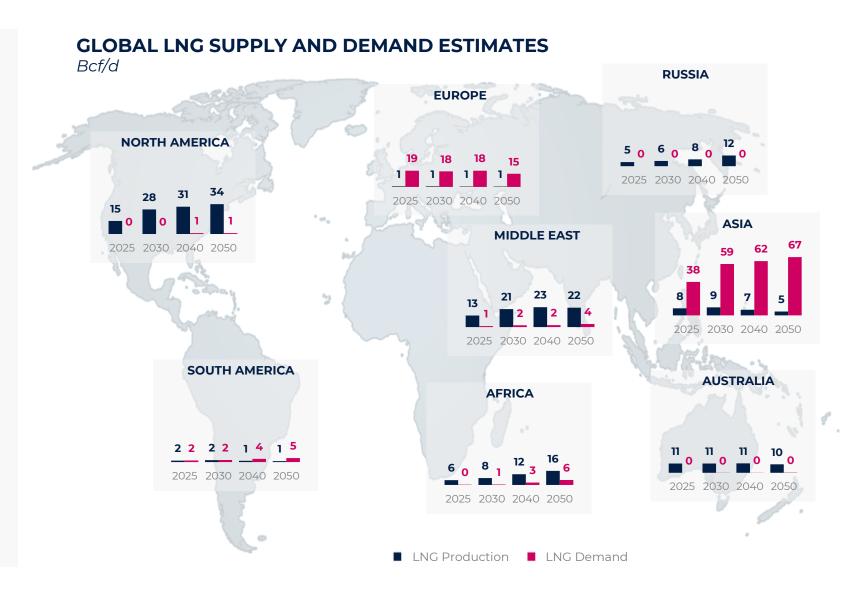


Global LNG Supply and Demand Forecast

The LNG market is expected to double by the late 2030s, with the U.S. expected to be one of the largest suppliers



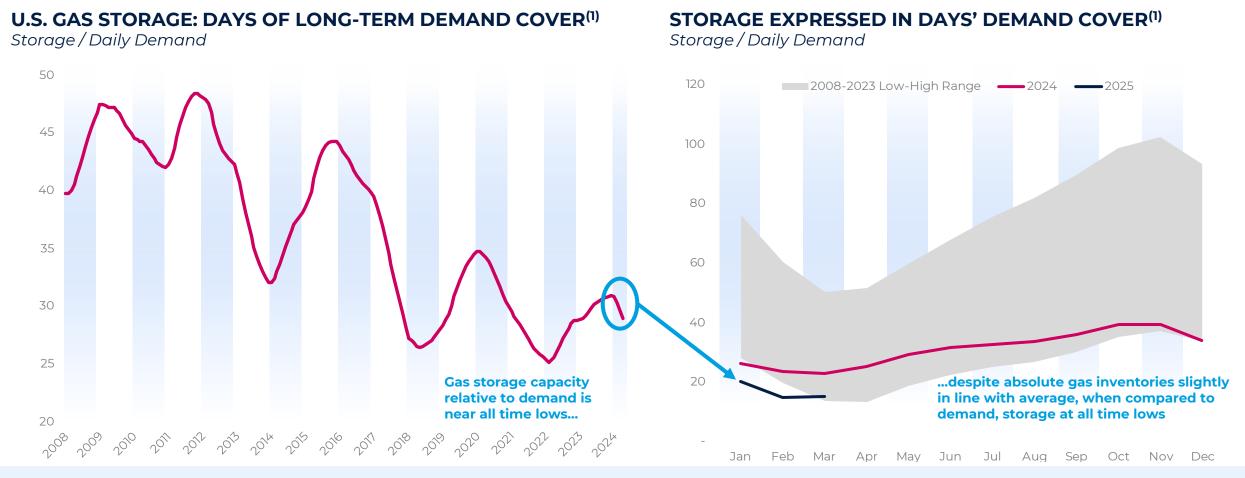
- North America leads the world on LNG supply growth with ~34 Bcf/d of nameplate capacity expected by 2050
- Europe and Asia are the primary sources of LNG demand, with Asia expected to nearly double LNG demand by 2050
- Power and Industrial sectors will be the primary sources of LNG demand growth, both baseload in nature





Inadequate Natural Gas Storage Will Amplify Price Volatility

Lack of storage relative to demand, limited coal switching ability and renewable intermittency will amplify price volatility



UNDER THIS DYNAMIC, PRICE IS INCREASINGLY BECOMING THE ONLY MECHANISM THAT BALANCES INVENTORIES, CREATING A MORE VOLATILE GAS PRICING MARKET



Natural Gas Market Characteristics Have Changed

Market increasingly characterized by fat tail distributions

2014 - 2019 ERA OF STABILITY

- Underpinned by plentiful capital, ability to build infrastructure with ease and rapid production growth
- Natural gas prices experienced little volatility;
 median and average price strongly aligned

2020+ ERA OF VOLATILITY

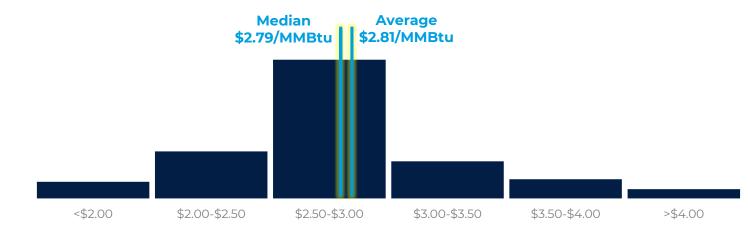
- Underpinned by lack of infrastructure and a globalized natural gas market
- Natural gas prices expected to continue to swing between extremes
- Programmatic hedging expected to result in median-like average pricing, while missing exposure to average settled pricing
- Material upside offered by being unhedged and exposed to asymmetric "fat tail" volatility

TO CAPTURE PEAK PRICING, COMPANIES MUST BE ABLE TO SURVIVE THE TROUGHS

 EQT's low, integrated cost structure uniquely positions us to capture upside volatility

DISTRIBUTION OF HENRY HUB DAILY SETTLES

2014 – 2019 ERA OF STABILITY



2020+ ERA OF VOLATILITY





First Traditional Energy Company of Scale to Reach Net Zero

EQT achieved net zero⁽¹⁾ target ahead of 2025 goal

2025 NET ZERO TARGET ACHIEVED EARLY AND WITH GREATER IMPACT

Scope 1 and 2 GHG Emissions - MT CO₂e



EQT'S FORESTRY PARTNERSHIP WITH THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA EXPECTED TO GENERATE 10 MM TONS OF OFFSETS FOR <\$3 PER TON OVER THE LIFE OF THE PROJECT



EMISSIONS ABATEMENT:

- Pneumatic Device Replacement: estimated annual reduction of ~300,000 MT CO₂e
- Electrification of Frac Fleets: estimated annual reduction of 35,000 – 50,000 MT CO₂e
- Alta Emissions Control Devices:
 eliminated ~35,000 MT CO₂e from Alta
 assets

EQT-GENERATED CARBON OFFSETS:

 Nature-based carbon sequestration projects in partnership with the state of West Virginia

NEW: NETZERO NOW+ INITIATIVE

- Reflects EQT's current net zero accomplishment and aspiration to achieve net zero across all EQT assets in future years
- Visit <u>EQTNetZeroPlus.com</u> for more information



EQT is Changing the World That We Touch

Our operational presence within local communities makes a tremendous impact

VALUES IN ACTION TRUST | TEAMWORK | HEART | EVOLUTION









1% Pledge

Employees encouraged to donate 1% of annual working hours towards volunteering in the community

Evolution Day

Annual day of companywide volunteering & celebration to mark the anniversary of EQT management change & evolution kick-off

Amplifying Impact

Match donations ≥\$100 to eligible 501(c)(3) organizations, up to \$75,000 per year, per employee

GIVE Campaign

Landowners encouraged to donate a portion of their royalty payments; eligible donations receive up to a \$10,000 match from EQT

\$3.4 B

Paid to royalty landowners from 2022 through 2024

>19,000 Hours

Volunteered by EQT employees in local communities in 2024

~\$280 MM

Philanthropic contributions, state impact fees & infrastructure investments from 2022 through 2024

\$1.7 MM+

Donated on Giving Tuesday 2024 by employees & EQT Foundation match

EQT IN THE COMMUNITY



Oil & Gas Drilling Reclamation Award

 Awarded first place for site reclamations in 2023 & 2024 from the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection

West Virginia Public Road Maintenance

- Maintained ~300 miles of roadway over winter 2024-2025 via snow plowing, tree removal, road sweeping and ditch clean up
- Repaired and upgraded 44 miles of roadway in 2024 via lane widening, asphalt overlays & drainage improvements



Community Recreation Improvements

Improving community parks and facilities through the installation of playgrounds and fountain lines and the cleaning of community recreation sites



Other Information for Investors

EQT Delivers Production to Diversified Sales Points

Access to diverse sales points provides flexibility and opportunity

Provides Operational and Cash Flow Flexibility

- Diversity of delivery sales points provides significant commercial optionality
- > Firm transportation portfolio acts as a long-term basis hedge

Improves Netback Pricing

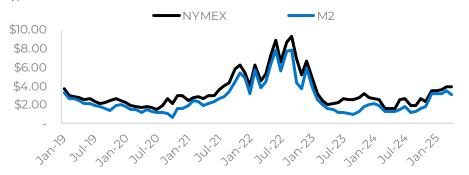
- > Optimizing our firm transportation portfolio to improve realizations
- Portfolio offers price stability by accessing highly liquid sales points

Bottoms-Up Macro View Leads to Optimized Planning

- > Assets directly access sales points with growing demand
- > Ability to quickly capture market opportunities
- > Leveraging network for RSG initiatives

NYMEX v M2 Pricing

\$/MMBtu



| Regional Mix - Price Points | 2025E ⁽³⁾ | 2026E |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Local | 38% | 37 % |
| Covered ⁽¹⁾ | 72% | |
| Exposed | 28% | |
| East ⁽²⁾ | 25% | 25% |
| Covered | 42% | |
| Exposed | 58% | |
| Midwest | 17% | 18% |
| Covered | 38% | |
| Exposed | 62% | |
| Gulf | 20% | 20% |
| Covered | 6% | |
| Exposed | 94% | |
| Total | 100% | 100% |



local pricing



Hedging Strategy Provides Compelling Risk-Adjusted Upside

NYMEX hedge position as of April 16, 2025

| | | 2025E | | 20265 |
|--|-------------------|---------|--------|-------|
| | 2Q ⁽¹⁾ | 3Q | 4Q | 2026E |
| Hedged Volume (MMDth) | 336 | 281 | 281 | - |
| Hedged Volume (MMDth/d) | 3.7 | 3.1 | 3.1 | - |
| Swaps - Short | | | | |
| Volume (MMDth) | 290 | 281 | 95 | - |
| Avg. Price (\$/Dth) | \$3.11 | \$3.26 | \$3.27 | - |
| Calls - Short | | | | |
| Volume (MMDth) | 46 | - | 137 | - |
| Avg. Strike (\$/Dth) | \$3.48 | - | \$5.49 | - |
| Puts - Long | | | | |
| Volume (MMDth) | 46 | - | 186 | - |
| Avg. Strike (\$/Dth) | \$2.83 | - | \$3.30 | - |
| Option Premiums | | | | |
| Cash Settlement of Deferred Premiums (\$MM) | - | - | (\$45) | - |
| Estimated Cash Settlement on Derivatives (\$MM) ⁽²⁾ | | | | |
| \$2.75 NYMEX | \$108 | \$142 | \$152 | _ |
| \$3.50 NYMEX | (\$114) | (\$69) | (\$22) | _ |
| \$4.25 NYMEX | (\$366) | (\$279) | (\$92) | - |

EQT NATURAL GAS PRICE UPSIDE

- Balance sheet improvements have allowed EQT to shift from defensively hedging to a more tactical and opportunistic approach to best balance risk and reward
- > We are tactically focused on hedging where we see more risk, while opportunistically remaining unhedged where we see asymmetric upside to futures prices

HEDGED ~54% FOR Q2 – Q4 2025 WITH ~\$3.20 FLOORS





2025 Guidance

As of April 22, 2025



| | | (itelative to replacify 20 opacie) |
|--|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Production | 2Q25E | 2025E |
| Total sales volumes (Bcfe) | 520 - 570 | 2,200 - 2,300 🛖 |
| Liquids sales volume, excluding ethane (MBbls) | 3,900 - 4,200 | 15,700 - 16,500 |
| Ethane sales volume (MBbls) | 1,550 - 1,700 | 6,600 - 7,000 |
| Total liquids sales volume (MBbls) | 5,450 - 5,900 | 22,300 - 23,500 |
| Btu uplift (MMBtu/Mcf) | 1.050 - 1.060 | 1.055 - 1.065 |
| Average differential (\$/Mcf) | (\$0.80) - (\$0.70) | (\$0.70) - (\$0.50) |
| Resource Counts | | |
| Top-hole Rigs | 1 - 2 | 1 - 2 |
| Horizontal Rigs | 2 - 3 | 2 - 3 |
| Frac Crews | 2 - 3 | 2 - 3 |
| Midstream Revenue (\$ Millions) | | |
| Third-party revenue | \$120 - \$145 | \$550 - \$650 |
| Per Unit Operating Costs (\$/Mcfe) | | |
| Gathering | \$0.08 - \$0.10 | \$0.08 - \$0.10 |
| Transmission | \$0.44 - \$0.46 | \$0.43 - \$0.45 |
| Processing | \$0.14 - \$0.16 | \$0.13 - \$0.15 |
| Upstream LOE | \$0.11 - \$0.13 | \$0.10 - \$0.12 |
| Production taxes | \$0.07 - \$0.09 | \$0.09 - \$0.11 |
| Midstream operating & maintenance (O&M) | \$0.09 - \$0.11 | \$0.09 - \$0.11 |
| SG&A | \$0.17 - \$0.19 | \$0.17 - \$0.19 |
| Total per unit operating costs | \$1.10 - \$1.24 | \$1.09 - \$1.23 |
| Equity Method Investments and Midstream JV Noncontrolling Interest (\$ Millions) | | |
| Distributions from Mountain Valley Pipeline, LLC (the MVP Joint Venture), and Laurel Mountain Midstream, LLC (LMM) | \$60 - \$70 | \$210 - \$235 |
| Distributions to PipeBox LLC (Midstream JV) Noncontrolling Interest (1) | \$95 - \$110 | \$290 - \$330 |
| Capital Expenditures and Capital Contributions (\$ Millions) | | |
| Upstream Maintenance | \$385 - \$435 | \$1,465 - \$1,545 |
| Midstream Maintenance | \$85 - \$100 | \$280 - \$300 |
| Corporate & Capitalized Costs | \$50 - \$60 | \$205 - \$225 |
| Total Maintenance | \$520 - \$595 | \$1,950 - \$2,070 👢 |
| Strategic Growth - CAPEX | \$80 - \$105 | \$350 - \$380 |
| Total Capital Expenditures | \$600 - \$700 | \$2,300 - \$2,450 👢 |
| Capital contributions to equity method investments ⁽²⁾ | \$20 - \$30 | \$50 - \$60 |
| Cash Taxes (\$ Millions) | | |
| \$3.50 NYMEX | | \$75 - \$175 |
| \$4.00 NYMEX | | \$250 - \$350 |
| \$4.50 NYMEX | | \$400 - \$500 |



Well Activity Details

1Q25 actuals, 2Q25 and 2025 estimates

| Wells Drilled (Spud) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|---------|-------|---------|-----------|
| | | SWPA | | | NEPA | | | WV | | | ОН | | | TOTAL | |
| | 1Q25A | 2Q25E | 2025E |
| Net wells | 8 | 13 - 20 | 34 - 41 | - | - | 14 - 18 | 1 | 12 - 18 | 34 - 41 | 3 | - | 3 - 5 | 12 | 25 - 38 | 85 - 105 |
| Net avg. lateral (1k ft.) | 14 | 13 - 14 | 13 - 14 | - | - | 10 - 12 | 16 | 14 - 15 | 13 - 14 | 8 | - | 11 - 13 | 13 | 13 - 15 | 12 - 14 |
| Wells Horizontally Drilled | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | SWPA | | | NEPA | | | WV | | | ОН | | | TOTAL | |
| | 1Q25A | 2Q25E | 2025E |
| Net wells | 6 | 10 - 15 | 48 - 60 | - | - | 9 - 14 | 13 | 8 - 13 | 40 - 50 | 0.0 | - | 3 - 6 | 19 | 18 - 28 | 100 - 130 |
| Net avg. lateral (1k ft.) | 15 | 14 - 16 | 13 - 15 | - | - | 12 - 13 | 13 | 15 - 17 | 14 - 15 | 14 | - | 11 - 13 | 14 | 15 - 16 | 13 - 15 |
| Wells Completed (Frac) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | SWPA | | | NEPA | | | WV | | | ОН | | | TOTAL | |
| | 1Q25A | 2Q25E | 2025E |
| Net wells | 9 | 5 - 10 | 32 - 40 | 9 | - | 7 - 10 | 10 | 20 - 28 | 54 - 66 | 0.1 | - | 2 - 4 | 28 | 25 - 38 | 95 - 120 |
| Net avg. lateral (1k ft.) | 17 | 11 - 12 | 14 - 16 | 14 | - | 13 - 14 | 17 | 10 - 11 | 12 - 14 | 14 | - | 8 - 9 | 16 | 10 - 11 | 13 - 14 |
| Wells Turned-in-Line (TIL) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | SWPA | | | NEPA | | | WV | | | ОН | | | TOTAL | |
| | 1Q25A | 2Q25E | 2025E |
| Net wells | 18 | 1 - 4 | 32 - 40 | 1 | 6 - 10 | 7 - 10 | 7 | 25 - 35 | 54 - 66 | 0.1 | 0 - 1 | 2 - 4 | 26 | 32 - 50 | 95 - 120 |
| Net avg. lateral (1k ft.) | 14 | 13 - 14 | 14 - 15 | 10 | 13 - 15 | 13 - 14 | 13 | 12 - 13 | 12 - 13 | 18 | 13 - 15 | 8 - 9 | 14 | 12 - 13 | 13 - 14 |



Appendix

Production Adjusted Operating Revenues

Production adjusted operating revenues (also referred to as total natural gas and liquids sales, including cash settled derivatives; and, prior to the Equitrans Midstream Merger, was referred to as adjusted operating revenues) is defined as total Production operating revenues, less the revenue impact of changes in the fair value of derivative instruments prior to settlement and Production net marketing services and other revenues. The Company's management believes that this measure provides useful information to investors regarding the Company's financial condition and results of operations because it helps facilitate comparisons of operating performance and earnings trends across periods. Production adjusted operating revenues reflects only the impact of settled derivative contracts; thus, the measure excludes the often-volatile revenue impact of changes in the fair value of derivative instruments prior to settlement. The measure also excludes Production net marketing services and other revenues because it is unrelated to the revenue from the Company's natural gas and liquids production.

The table below reconciles Production adjusted operating revenues with total Production operating revenues, the most comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP, as reported in the Statements of Condensed Consolidated Operations to be included in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2025.

Three Months Ended

| | March 31, | | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|--|
| | 2025 | | | 2024 | |
| | | (Thou | sands) | _ | |
| Total Production operating revenues | \$ | 1,569,283 | \$ | 1,408,801 | |
| Add (deduct): | | | | | |
| Production loss (gain) on derivatives | | 678,919 | | (106,511) | |
| Net cash settlements (paid) received on derivatives | | (91,986) | | 451,004 | |
| Premiums paid for derivatives that settled during the period | | - | | (34,669) | |
| Production net marketing services and other revenues | | (3,475) | | 1,615 | |
| Production adjusted operating revenues | \$ | 2,152,741 | \$ | 1,720,240 | |
| Total sales volumes (MMcfe) | | 570,751 | | 534,050 | |
| Average sales price (\$/Mcfe) | \$ | 3.93 | \$ | 2.44 | |
| Average realized price (\$/Mcfe) | \$ | 3.77 | \$ | 3.22 | |



Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Attributable to EQT

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net income excluding interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization, loss on sale/exchange of long-lived assets, impairments, the revenue impact of changes in the fair value of derivative instruments prior to settlement and certain other items that the Company's management believes do not reflect the Company's core operating performance. Adjusted EBITDA attributable to EQT is defined as adjusted EBITDA attributable to noncontrolling interests in the Non-Wholly-Owned Consolidated Subsidiaries (defined on next slide).

As a result of the Company's completion of the Equitrans Midstream Merger in July 2024, which meaningfully increased the Company's equity method investments, the Company adjusted its non-GAAP measure of adjusted EBITDA. Beginning in the third quarter of 2024, adjusted EBITDA was changed to include distributions received from equity method investments. In addition, as a result of the Class B Unitholder's noncontrolling equity interest ownership in the Midstream JV that commenced on December 30, 2024, beginning in the first quarter of 2025, the amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests meaningfully impacted the Company's consolidated results, and, therefore the Company began presenting adjusted EBITDA attributable to noncontrolling interests presented in this investor presentation for the prior comparative period has also been calculated based on the updated definition, and, certain prior period amounts have been recast for comparability.

The Company's management believes that these measures provide useful information to investors regarding the Company's financial condition and results of operations because they help facilitate comparisons of operating performance and earnings trends across periods by excluding the impact of items that, in their opinion, do not reflect the Company's core operating performance. For example, adjusted EBITDA reflects only the impact of settled derivative instruments and excludes the often-volatile revenue impact of changes in the fair value of derivative instruments prior to settlement. In addition, adjusted EBITDA includes the impact of distributions received from equity method investments, which excludes the impact of depreciation included within equity earnings from equity method investments and helps facilitate comparisons of the core operating performance of the Company's equity method investments.

The table below reconciles adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA attributable to EQT with net income, the most comparable financial measure as calculated in accordance with GAAP, as reported in the Statements of Condensed Consolidated Operations to be included in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2025.

Three Months Ended

| | Marc | ch 31, | ueu |
|--|-----------------|--------|-----------|
| | 2025 | | 2024 |
| | (Thou | sands) | |
| Net income | \$ 315,418 | \$ | 103,063 |
| Add (deduct): | | | |
| Interest expense, net | 117,569 | | 54,371 |
| Income tax expense | 78,668 | | 24,302 |
| Depreciation, depletion and amortization | 620,775 | | 486,750 |
| Loss on sale/exchange of long-lived assets | 231 | | 147 |
| Impairment and expiration of leases | 2,661 | | 9,209 |
| Loss (gain) on derivatives | 678,919 | | (106,511) |
| Net cash settlements (paid) received on derivatives | (91,986) | | 451,004 |
| Premiums paid for derivatives that settled during the period | - | | (34,669) |
| Other expenses (a) | 6,626 | | 22,852 |
| Income from investments | (26,462) | | (2,260) |
| Distributions from equity method investments | 66,562 | | 2,852 |
| Loss on debt extinguishment | 11,680 | | 3,449 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 1,780,661 | | 1,014,559 |
| (Deduct) add: Adjusted EBITDA attributable to noncontrolling interests (b) | (136,800) | | 296 |
| Adjusted EBITDA attributable to EQT | \$ 1,643,861 | \$ | 1,014,855 |

- a) Other expenses consist primarily of transaction costs associated with acquisitions, other strategic transactions and costs related to exploring new venture opportunities.
- b) A non-GAAP financial measure. See below for a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure to the most comparable financial measure as calculated in accordance with GAAP.

In this investor presentation, the Company has disclosed the average annual adjusted EBITDA (defined as net income excluding interest expense, income tax expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and the revenue impact of changes in the fair value of derivative instruments prior to settlement) expected to be generated by the Olympus Energy assets during 2025 – 2027. However, the Company has not provided average annual net income expected to be generated from the Olympus Energy assets during such years or a reconciliation of the Olympus Energy assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual adjusted EBITDA to the assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual net income, the most comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Net income includes the impact of income tax expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and the revenue impact of income tax expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and the revenue impact of income tax expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and the revenue impact of income tax expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and the revenue impact of income tax expense, depreciation, depletion and amortization expense and the revenue impact of changes in the fair value of derivative instruments prior to settlement, which may be significant and difficult to project with a reasonable degree of accuracy. Therefore, the Company is unable to projected 2025 – 2027 average annual net income from the Olympus Energy assets to projected 2025 – 2027 average annual net income therefore, without unreasonable effort.



Adjusted EBITDA Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests

Adjusted EBITDA attributable to noncontrolling interests is defined as the proportionate share of adjusted EBITDA attributable to the third-party ownership interests in the Non-Wholly-Owned Consolidated Subsidiaries. The Company consolidates its controlling equity interests in the Midstream JV, Eureka Midstream Holdings, LLC (Eureka Midstream Holdings) and Teralytic Holdings Inc. (Teralytic, and, together with the Midstream JV and Eureka Midstream Holdings, the Non-Wholly-Owned Consolidated Subsidiaries and adjusted EBITDA attributable to noncontrolling interests with net income of the Non-Wholly-Owned Consolidated Subsidiaries, the most comparable financial measure as calculated in accordance with GAAP. The Company's management believes adjusted EBITDA attributable to noncontrolling interests provides useful information to investors regarding the impact of the third-party ownership interest in the Non-Wholly-Owned Consolidated Subsidiaries on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

| | | Three Mor | nths End ch 31, | ed |
|--|----|-----------|--------------------|---------|
| | | 2025 | | 2024 |
| | | (Thou | sands) | |
| Non-Wholly-Owned Consolidated Subsidiaries: | | | | |
| Net income (loss) | \$ | 178,443 | \$ | (1,182) |
| Add (deduct): | | | | |
| Interest expense, net | | 3,891 | | - |
| Depreciation and amortization | | 31,002 | | 359 |
| Loss on sale/exchange of long-lived assets | | 47 | | - |
| Income from investments | | (42,863) | | - |
| Distributions from equity method investments | | 65,787 | | - |
| Adjusted EBITDA | - | 236,307 | - | (823) |
| (Deduct) add: Adjusted EBITDA of the Non Wholly-Owned Consolidated | | | | |
| Subsidiaries attributable to EQT (a) | | (99,507) | | 527 |
| Adjusted EBITDA attributable to noncontrolling interests | \$ | 136,800 | \$ | (296) |

The Company has not provided projected net (loss) income or a reconciliation of projected adjusted EBITDA attributable to noncontrolling interests to projected net (loss) income, the most comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. Net (loss) income includes the impact of depreciation and depletion expense, income tax expense (benefit), the revenue impact of changes in the projected fair value of derivative instruments prior to settlement and certain other items that impact comparability between periods and the tax effect of such items, which may be significant and difficult to project with a reasonable degree of accuracy. Therefore, projected net (loss) income, and a reconciliation of projected adjusted EBITDA attributable to noncontrolling interests to projected net (loss) income, are not available without unreasonable effort.



Adjusted EBITDA of the Non-Wholly-Owned Consolidated Subsidiaries attributable to EQT is calculated based on EQT's current 40% Class A Unitholder share of available cash flow distributions from the Midstream JV, 60% ownership interest in Eureka Midstream Holdings and 34.6% ownership interest in Teralytic. The Company believes that using its distribution share from the Midstream JV in the calculation of adjusted EBITDA of the Non-Wholly-Owned Consolidated Subsidiaries attributable to EQT best reflects the economic impact of the Company's investment in the Midstream JV on adjusted EBITDA and earnings trends.

Adjusted Operating Cash Flow (OCF), Adjusted Operating Cash Flow Attributable to EQT, Free Cash Flow (FCF), Free Cash Flow Attributable to EQT and Unlevered Free Cash Flow

Adjusted operating cash flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less changes in other assets and liabilities. Adjusted operating cash flow less adjusted operating cash flow less adjusted by operating cash flow attributable to noncontrolling interests. Free cash flow is defined as adjusted operating cash flow attributable to EQT less accrual-based capital expenditures and capital expenditures and capital expenditures and capital contributions to equity method investments excluding the proportionate share of accrual-based capital expenditures and capital contributions to equity method investments activities less changes in other assets and liabilities, accrual-based capital expenditures, capital contributions to equity method investments and interest expense.

The Company's management believes adjusted operating cash flow, adjusted operating cash flow attributable to EQT, free cash flow attributable to EQT provide useful information to investors regarding the Company's liquidity, including the Company's ability to generate cash flow in excess of its capital requirements and return cash to shareholders.

As a result of the Company's completion of the Equitrans Midstream Merger in July 2024, which meaningfully increased the Company's equity method investments, the Company adjusted its non-GAAP measure of free cash flow. Beginning in the third quarter of 2024, free cash flow was changed to exclude capital contributions to equity method investments. In addition, as a result of the Class B Unitholder's noncontrolling equity interest ownership in the Midstream JV that commenced on December 30, 2024, the amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests meaningfully impacted the Company's consolidated cash flows, and, therefore the Company began presenting free cash flow attributable to EQT. Free cash flow attributable to EQT presented in this investor presentation for the prior comparability.

The Company's management believes these measures provide useful information to investors regarding the Company's liquidity, including the Company's ability to generate cash flow in excess of its capital requirements and return cash to shareholders.

Three Months Ended

The tables below reconcile adjusted operating cash flow, adjusted operating cash flow attributable to EQT, free cash flow and free cash flow attributable to EQT with net cash provided by operating activities, the most comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP, as derived from the Statements of Condensed Consolidated Cash Flows to be included in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2025.

Three Months Ended

| | Three Mon | ILIIS EIIC | leu |
|---|-----------------|------------|-----------|
| | Marc | :h 31, | |
| | 2025 | | |
| | (Thou | sands) | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 1,741,167 | \$ | 1,155,663 |
| Increase in changes in other assets and liabilities | (74,399) | | (205,122) |
| Adjusted operating cash flow | 1,666,768 | | 950,541 |
| (Deduct) add: | | | |
| Capital expenditures | (497,444) | | (548,987) |
| Capital contributions to equity method investments | (17,946) | | (2,608) |
| Free cash flow | \$ 1,151,378 | \$ | 398,946 |

| | March 31, | | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|
| | | 2025 | | 2024 |
| | | (Thou | sands) | |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ | 1,741,167 | \$ | 1,155,663 |
| Increase in changes in other assets and liabilities | | (74,399) | | (205,122) |
| Adjusted operating cash flow | | 1,666,768 | | 950,541 |
| (Deduct) add: Adjusted EBITDA attributable to noncontrolling interests (a) | | (136,800) | | 296 |
| Net interest expense attributable to noncontrolling interests | | 1,252 | | - |
| Adjusted operating cash flow attributable to EQT (b) (Deduct) add: | | 1,531,220 | | 950,837 |
| Capital expenditures | | (497,444) | | (548,987) |
| Capital contributions to equity method investments | | (17,946) | | (2,608) |
| Capital expenditures attributable to noncontrolling interests | | 10,182 | | - |
| Capital contributions to equity method investments attributable to | | | | |
| noncontrolling interests | | 9,536 | | - |
| Free cash flow attributable to EQT (b) | \$ | 1,035,548 | \$ | 399,242 |
| | | | | |

- a) A non-GAAP financial measure. See above for a reconciliation of this non-GAAP financial measure to the most comparable financial measure as calculated in accordance with GAAP.
- b) Adjusted operating cash flow attributable to EQT and free cash flow attributable to EQT are calculated based on EQT's current 40% Class A Unitholder share of available cash flow distributions from the Midstream JV, 60% ownership interest in Eureka Midstream Holdings and 34.6% ownership interest in Teralytic. The Company believes that using its distribution share from the Midstream JV in the calculation of these measures best reflect the economic impact of the Company's investment in the Midstream JV on adjusted operating cash flow, free cash flow and earnings trends.

The Company has not provided projected net cash provided by operating activities or reconciliations of projected adjusted operating cash flow, adjusted operating cash flow, attributable to EQT, free cash flow attributable to EQT and unlevered free cash flow to projected net cash provided by operating activities, the most comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. The Company is unable to project net cash provided by operating activities for any future period because this metire includeds the impact of changes in operating assets and liabilities related to the timing of cash receipts and disbursements that may not relate to the period in which the operating activities occurred. The Company is unable to project these timing differences with any reasonable degree of accuracy to a specific day, months in advance. Furthermore, the Company does not provide guidance with respect to its average realized price, among other items, that impact reconciling items between net cash provided by operating activities and adjusted operating cash flow attributable to EQT, free cash flow, free cash flow, as applicable. Natural gas prices are volatile and out of the Company's control, and the timing of transactions and the income tax effects of future transactions and other items are difficult to accurately predict. Therefore, the Company is unable to provided by operating activities, or the related reconciliations of projected adjusted operating cash flow attributable to EQT, free cash flow attributable to EQT and unlevered free cash flow to projected net cash provided by operating activities, without unreasonable effort.

In this investor presentation, the Company has disclosed the average annual unlevered free cash flow expected to be generated by the Olympus Energy assets during 2025 – 2027. The Company has not provided the Olympus Energy assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to the Olympus Energy assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to the Olympus Energy assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to the Olympus Energy assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to the Olympus Energy assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to the Olympus Energy assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to the Olympus Energy assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to the Olympus Energy assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' projected 2025 – 2027 average annual unlevered free cash flow to such assets' p



Adjusted EBITDA to Free Cash Flow

The table below reconciles adjusted EBITDA to free cash flow.

Three Months Ended March 31,

| | 2025 | | 2024 |
|--|-----------------|--------|-----------|
| | (Thou | sands) | |
| Adjusted EBITDA | \$ 1,780,661 | \$ | 1,014,559 |
| (Deduct) add: | | | |
| Interest expense, net | (117,569) | | (54,371) |
| Non-cash interest expense (amortization) | 2,337 | | 3,030 |
| Other expenses (a) | (6,626) | | (22,852) |
| Non-cash share-based compensation expense | 14,768 | | 10,551 |
| Current income tax expense | (6,445) | | (908) |
| Amortization and other | (358) | | 532 |
| Adjusted operating cash flow | \$ 1,666,768 | \$ | 950,541 |
| Capital expenditures | (497,444) | | (548,987) |
| Capital contributions to equity method investments | (17,946) | | (2,608) |
| Free cash flow | \$ 1,151,378 | \$ | 398,946 |



a) Other expenses consist primarily of transaction costs associated with acquisitions and other strategic transactions, costs related to exploring new venture opportunities and executive severance.

Net Debt

Net debt is defined as total debt less cash and cash equivalents. Total debt includes the Company's current portion of debt, revolving credit facility borrowings, term loan facility borrowings and senior notes. The Company's management believes net debt provides useful information to investors regarding the Company's financial condition and assists them in evaluating the Company could choose to use its cash and cash equivalents to retire debt.

The table below reconciles net debt with total debt, the most comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP, as derived from the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets to be included in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2025 and included in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2024.

| | March 31, 2025 | | December 31, 2024 | | September 30, 2024 | |
|--|----------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|--------------------|------------|
| | (Thousands) | | | | | |
| Current portion of debt (a) | \$ | 285,000 | \$ | 320,800 | \$ | 400,150 |
| Revolving credit facility borrowings (b) | | - | | 150,000 | | 2,297,000 |
| Term loan facility borrowings | | - | | - | | 497,970 |
| Senior notes | | 8,107,783 | | 8,853,377 | | 10,598,428 |
| Total debt | | 8,392,783 | | 9,324,177 | | 13,793,548 |
| Less: Cash and cash equivalents | | 281,764 | | 202,093 | | 88,890 |
| Net debt | \$ | 8,111,019 | \$ | 9,122,084 | \$ | 13,704,658 |

The Company has not provided a reconciliation of projected net debt to projected total debt, the most comparable financial measure calculated in accordance with GAAP. The Company is unable to project total debt for any future period because total debt is dependent on the timing of cash receipts and disbursements that may not relate to the periods in which the operating activities occurred. The Company is unable to project these timing differences with any reasonable degree of accuracy and therefore cannot reasonably determine the timing and payment of revolving credit facility borrowings or other components of total debt without unreasonable effort. Furthermore, the Company does not provide guidance with respect to its average realized price, among other items that impact reconciling items between certain of the projected total debt and projected net debt, as applicable. Natural gas prices are volatile and out of the Company's control, and the timing of transactions and the distinction between cash on hand as compared to revolving credit facility borrowings are too difficult to accurately predict. Therefore, the Company is unable to projected net debt to projected total debt, without unreasonable effort.



a) As of both March 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the current portion of debt included Eureka Midstream, LLC's (Eureka Midstream) revolving credit facility. Eureka Midstream is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Eureka Midstream Holdings. As of September 30, 2024, the current portion of debt included EQM Midstream Partners, LP's 6.000% senior notes due 2025. See the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2025 and September 30, 2024 for further discussion.

b) As of September 30, 2024, revolving credit facility borrowings included \$330 million of borrowings under Eureka Midstream's revolving credit facility.