

### Second Quarter 2025 Earnings

#### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Certain statements in this presentation that are not historical in nature may be considered "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, as amended. Forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking or conditional words such as "expects," "anticipates," "estimates," "forecast," "intend," "look," "may," "will," "remain," "target," "attractive," "upside," "downside," "on track," "drive," "confident," "commit," "positioned" and "plan" or similar expressions. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and reflect management's current views and speak only as to the dates the statements are made and are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in these statements. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, are forwardlooking statements, including, but not limited to, statements regarding anticipated financial results, economic conditions, industry trends, future prospects, and the anticipated benefits, execution and consummation of corporate transactions or contemplated acquisitions, including our business combination with DS Smith Ltd., formerly DS Smith Plc ("DS Smith"). Factors which could cause actual results to differ include but are not limited to: (i) our ability to consummate and achieve the benefits expected from, and other risks associated with, acquisitions, joint ventures, divestitures, spinoffs, capital investments and other corporate transactions, including, but not limited to, our business combination with DS Smith; (ii) our ability to integrate and implement our plans, forecasts, the internal control framework of DS Smith, including assessment of its internal control overs financial reporting, and achieve the synergies, value creation, target run rates and other expectations with respect to the combined company, including in light of our increased scale and global presence; (iii) risks associated with strategic business decisions including facility closures, business exits, operational changes, and portfolio rationalizations intended to support the Company's 80/20 strategic approach for long-term growth; (iv) risks with respect to climate change and global, regional, and local weather conditions, as well as risks related to our targets and goals with respect to climate change and the emission of greenhouse gases and other environmental, social and governance matters, including our ability to meet such targets and goals; (v) loss contingencies and pending, threatened or future litigation, including with respect to environmental and antitrust related matters; (vi) the level of our indebtedness, including our obligations related to becoming the guarantor of the Euro Medium Term Notes (the "DSS EMTN Notes") as a result of our acquisition of DS Smith, risks associated with our variable rate debt, and changes in interest rates (including the impact of current elevated interest rate levels); (vii) the impact of global and domestic economic conditions and industry conditions, including with respect to current challenging macroeconomic conditions, inflationary pressures and changes in the cost or availability of raw materials, energy sources and transportation sources, supply chain shortages and disruptions, competition we face, cyclicality and changes in consumer preferences, demand and pricing for our products, and conditions impacting the credit, capital and financial markets; (viii) risks arising from conducting business internationally, domestic and global geopolitical conditions, military conflict (including the Russia/Ukraine conflict, the conflict in the Middle East, the further expansion of such conflicts, and the geopolitical and economic consequences associated therewith), changes in currency exchange rates, including in light of our increased proportion of assets, liabilities and earnings denominated in foreign currencies as a result of our business combination with DS Smith, trade policies (including but not limited to protectionist measures and the imposition of new or increased tariffs as well as the potential impact of retaliatory tariffs and other penalties including retaliatory policies against the United States) and global trade tensions, downgrades in our credit ratings, and/or the credit ratings of banks issuing certain letters of credit, issued by recognized credit rating organizations; (x) the amount of our future pension funding obligations, and pension and healthcare costs; (x) the costs of compliance, or the failure to comply with, existing, evolving or new environmental (including with respect to climate change and greenhouse gas emissions), tax, trade, labor and employment, privacy, anti-bribery and anti-corruption, and other U.S. and non-U.S. governmental laws, regulations and policies (including but not limited to those in the United Kingdom and European Union); (xi) a material disruption at any of our manufacturing facilities or other adverse impact on our operations due to severe weather, natural disasters, climate change or other causes; (xii) our ability to realize expected benefits and cost savings associated with restructuring initiatives; (xiii) cybersecurity and information technology risks, including as a result of security breaches and cybersecurity incidents; (ixv) our exposure to claims under our agreements with Sylvamo Corporation; (xv) the qualification of the Sylvamo Corporation spin-off as a tax-free transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes; (xvi) risks associated with our review of strategic options for our Global Cellulose Fibers business including the costs and expenses related to a potential transaction, the diversion of management's attention, our ability to identify and attract potential buyers and negotiate definitive transaction documentation, the completion of any such transaction and the possibility of asset impairment charges arising from or in connection with any such transaction; (xvii) our ability to attract and retain gualified personnel and maintain good employee or labor relations; (xviii) our ability to maintain effective internal control over financial reporting; and (ixx) our ability to adequately secure and protect our intellectual property rights. These and other factors that could cause or contribute to actual results differing materially from such forward-looking statements can be found in our press releases and reports filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. In addition, other risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Company or that we currently believe to be immaterial could affect the accuracy of any forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

#### **Statements Relating to Non-U.S. GAAP Measures**

While the Company reports its financial results in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP"), during the course of this presentation, certain non-GAAP financial measures are presented. Management believes these non-GAAP financial measures, when used in conjunction with information presented in accordance with GAAP, can facilitate a better understanding of the impact of various factors and trends on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. Management also uses these non-GAAP financial measures in making financial, operating and planning decisions and in evaluating the Company's performance. The non-GAAP financial measures in this presentation have limitations as analytical tools and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for an analysis of our results calculated in accordance with GAAP. In addition, because not all companies use identical calculations, our presentation of non-GAAP financial measures in this presentation may not be comparable to similarly titled measures disclosed by other companies, including companies in our industry. A reconciliation of all presented non-GAAP financial measures (and their components) to GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results

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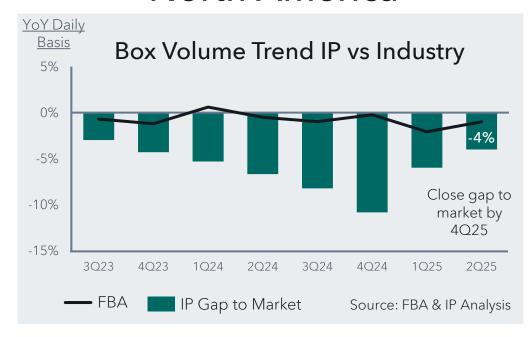
### Gaining Momentum Across Our Transformational Journey



Please see the footnotes at the end of this presentation as well as the Investors section of our website (www.internationalpaper.com) for more information on non-GAAP financial measures, definitions and reconciliations to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP measures.

### Closing Gap to Market in PS NA

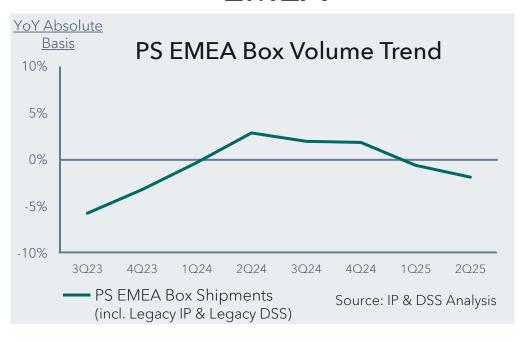
### North America



- IP's gap to industry last year resulted from our portfolio mix strategy
- Realizing commercial wins with 80/20 focus & DS Smith synergies
- Confirmed wins expected to close gap to market by 4Q25

### Early Signs of Recovery in PS EMEA

#### **EMEA**



- Macro economic uncertainty remains
- Box shipments slowed sequentially by ~1% (1Q to 2Q)
- After a slow start in 2Q, June and early 3Q volumes showed signs of modest recovery



### **Commercial Excellence Actions**

### **Exceeding Our Expectations**

#### 2Q'25 Actions Taken

#### **Packaging Solutions NA**

- ✓ Improved on-time-delivery to 80s from 95% to 97%
- ✓ Rio Grande Valley investment
- ✓ Waterloo, Iowa Groundbreaking
- ✓ Confirmed strategic customer wins~ \$60MM RR
- ✓ Rolled out "1 to Perfect" service model
- Dedicated service support for 80s customers
- ✓ Reduced NA gap to market an additional ~200 basis pts

#### **Packaging Solutions EMEA**

- Identified "most wanted" prospective customers and building plans to win
- Refocused commercial efforts on our 80s customers
- Leveraging cross geography customer opportunities
- ✓ Confirmed strategic customer wins~ \$30MM RR
- Building plans for mill and packaging 80/20 commercial optimization



Commercial Improvement Adj. EBITDA<sup>1</sup> Run Rate Benefit

\* See appendix slide 21 for 1Q actions taken and benefits



### **Cost Out Actions**

### On Track with Our Expectations

### 2Q'25 Actions Taken

#### **Packaging Solutions NA**

- Announced closure of 2 box plants, 1 sheet plant, & 1 recycling plant
   \$20MM RR
- Announced sale of Xalapa Mill & 2 recycling plants
- Exited Molded Fiber business
- ✓ Rolled out lighthouse 80/20 model to 40 box plants
- Identified procurement savings~\$40MM RR

#### **Packaging Solutions EMEA**

- ✓ Announced proposal to close 5 UK plants
   ~\$25 MM RR estimated, subject to
   consultation
- Announced proposal to streamline and reduce structural organizational layers
- ✓ Trained 1,200 employees on 80/20 approach
- ✓ Identified procurement savings ~\$25 MM RR



Cost Out
Adj. EBITDA<sup>1</sup> Run Rate Benefit

\* See appendix slide 21 for 1Q actions taken and benefits



### **Commercial & Cost Out Actions**

### More to Do in Packaging Solutions

#### **Commercial**

- Building a customer-centric culture in NA and leveraging
   DS Smith strengths in customer performance, innovation and sustainability
- Investing in scale & capabilities to drive profitable market share growth
- Expanding sales & customer support resources
- Rolling out Innovation Sprints
- Continuing to roll out "1 to Perfect" service models with 80s customers
- Exiting low margin segments / improve customer mix
- Growing at or above market by 4Q25 in NA
- Improving customer experience and price to value
- Continuing definition of 80s commercial plans across EMEA
- Ensuring commercial success for key tenders
- Exploring Salt Lake City box plant

#### **Cost Out**

- Achieving DS Smith synergies
- Continuing acceleration of 80/20 execution across NA & EMEA
- Optimizing Mill & Box footprint in NA & EMEA
- Continuing to roll out 80/20 lighthouse model in NA (75+ plants by YE)
- Streamlining overhead & organizational complexity
- Improving NA Mill performance
- Reducing sourcing & supply chain costs
- Redeploying capital to drive higher returns



## Performance & Outlook

### Packaging Solutions North America (PS NA)

Our combined packaging business in North America

#### **Packaging Solutions EMEA (PS EMEA)**

Our combined packaging business in EMEA
Going to market as DS Smith, an International Paper company

#### **Global Cellulose Fibers (GCF)**

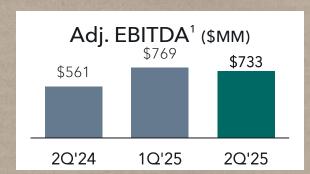
Our sustainable and innovative cellulose fibers solutions business

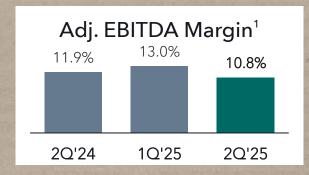


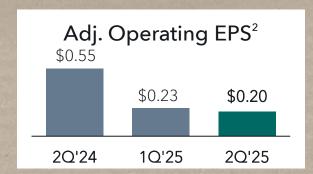
### Second Quarter 2025 Highlights

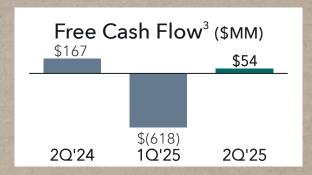










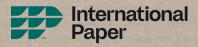


#### 2Q'25 Performance

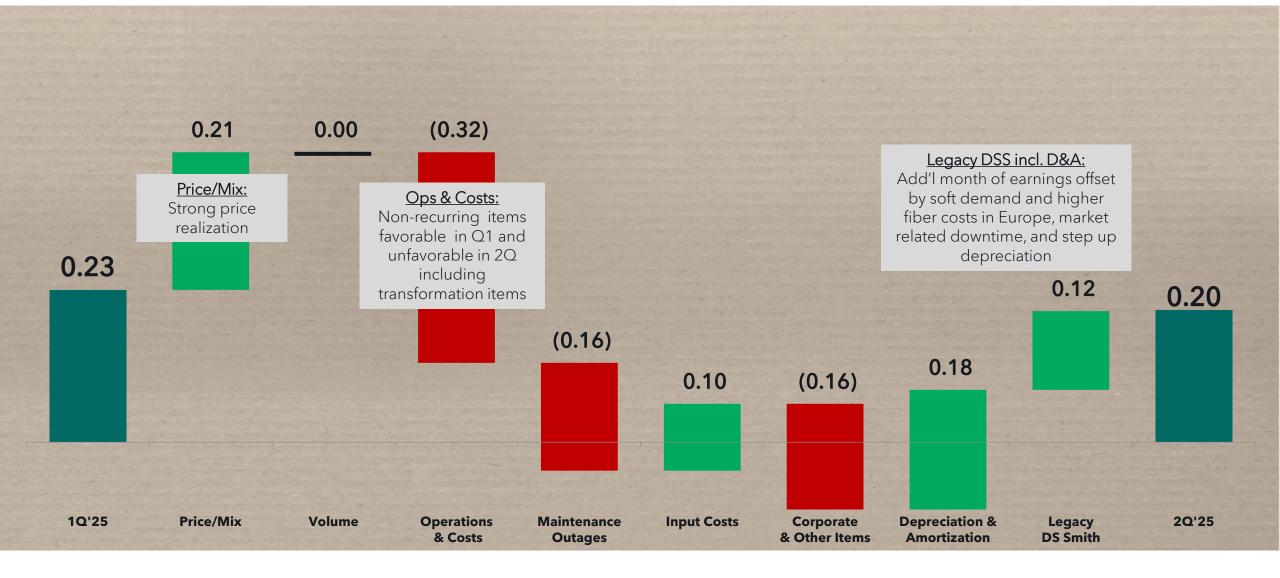
- Higher revenue driven by sales price increases and strong price realization, as well as a full quarter of DS Smith
- Seasonally higher volume and stable demand in PS NA; soft demand in PS EMEA
- Adjusted EBITDA margin impacted by non-recurring items, transformation actions and higher outages in North America

#### 3Q'25 Outlook

- Expect stronger earnings driven by higher volume and lower costs across all business segments
- Momentum continues with commercial & cost out initiatives



### 20'25 vs 10'25 Adjusted Operating EPS<sup>1</sup>



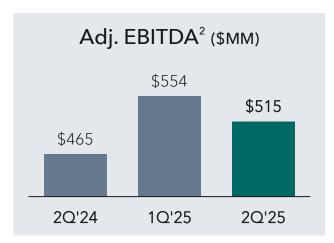


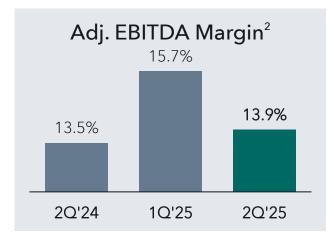
### Packaging Solutions North America

#### Second Quarter 2025











- Strong sales price realization
- Seasonally higher box volumes and stable demand environment
- IP U.S. Box shipments -5.0% YoY/day
- Adjusted EBITDA margin impacted by non-recurring items, transformation actions and higher planned maintenance outages



(\$Million)	1Q'25 to 2Q'25	2Q'25 to 3Q'25 Outlook	Packaging Solutions North America			
Beginning EBIT <sup>1</sup>	142	277	*Standalone reporting of "DS Smith Legacy EBITDA" ends 2Q'25			
Price & Mix	67	10	2Q: Prior price index movement (+); export price & mix (+) 3Q: Prior price index movement (+)			
Volume	12	12	2Q: Seasonally higher box volumes (+); Shipments (5.0)% YoY/day 3Q: Seasonality (+); onboarding strategic wins (+)			
Ops & Costs	(119)	68	2Q: Non-recurring items (-); mill reliability spending (-); strategic initiatives (+) 3Q: Non-repeat of 2Q unfavorable items and 80/20 initiatives (+)			
Maintenance Outages	(39)	34	Timing of planned outages			
Inputs	42	(7)	2Q: Lower energy and fiber costs 3Q: Higher energy costs			
Depreciation & Amortization	177	10	2Q: Non-repeat of 1Q accelerated depreciation expense for Red River (+); Update to DS Smith purchase price accounting estimates (-)			
DS Smith Legacy EBITDA*2	(5)	N/A	2Q: Higher unabsorbed fixed costs, timing of spend and non-recurring items *Standalone reporting of "DS Smith Legacy EBITDA" ends 2Q25			
Ending EBIT <sup>1</sup>	277	404				

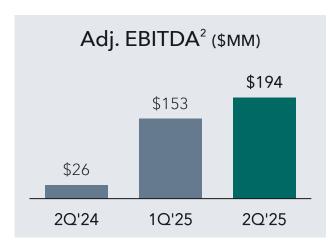


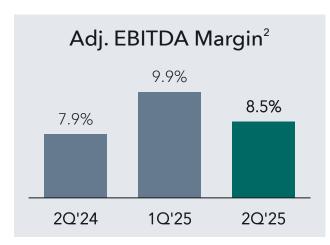
### Packaging Solutions EMEA

#### Second Quarter 2025







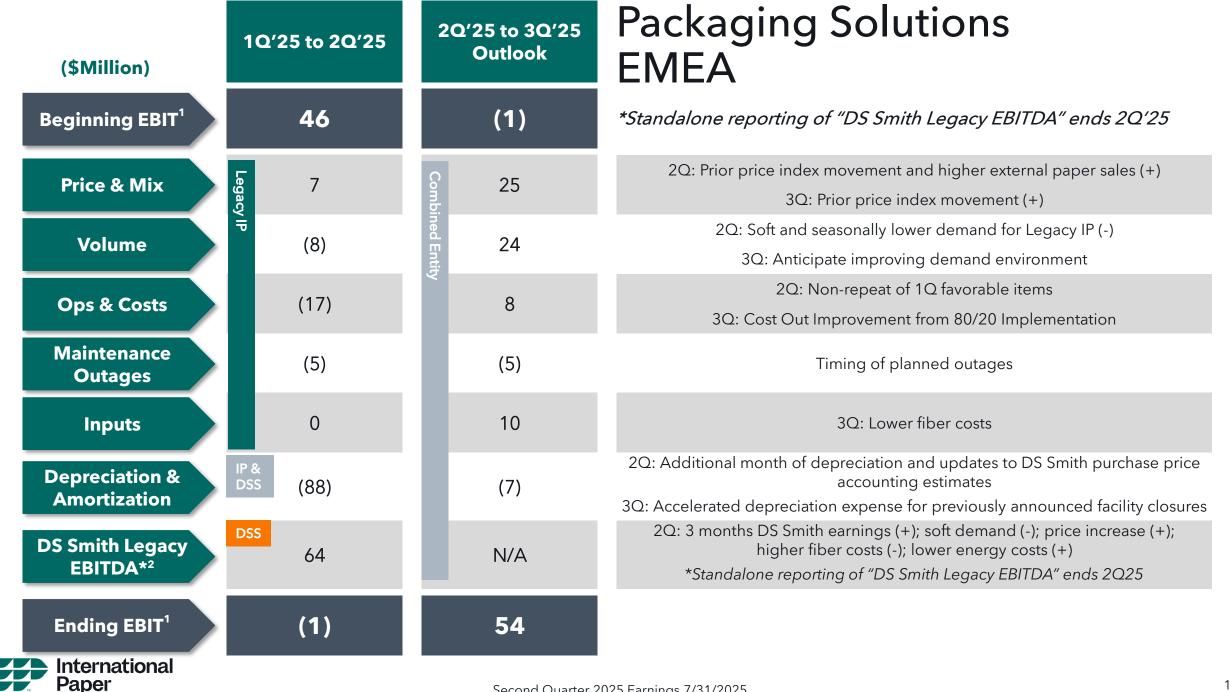


DS Smith results included beginning Feb 1, 2025



- Soft demand & fiber cost headwinds
- Updates to purchase price accounting estimates impacted Adj. EBIT



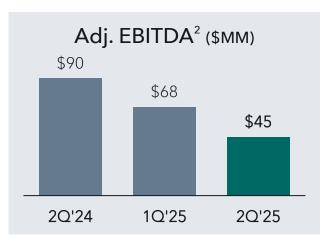


### Global Cellulose Fibers

#### Second Quarter 2025











- Increased outage costs partially offset by higher sales price realization
- Stable demand environment but lower volume due to heaviest outage quarter



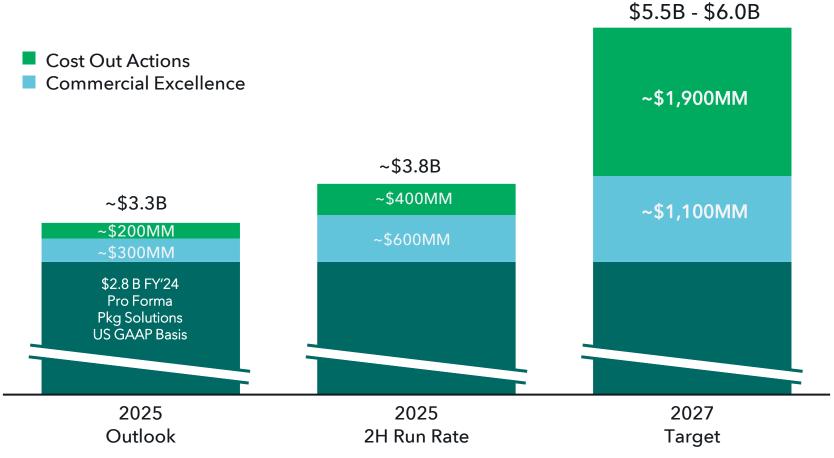
(\$Million)	1Q'25 to 2Q'25	2Q'25 to 3Q'25 Outlook	Global Cellulose Fibers		
Beginning EBIT <sup>1</sup>	17	(4)			
Price & Mix	30	(36)	2Q: Prior index movement (+) 3Q: Non-repeat of energy credit sales and prior price index movement (-)		
Volume	(6)	7	2Q: Lower volume related to heaviest outage quarter 3Q: Higher volume from fewer outages		
Ops & Costs	(18)	42	2Q: Timing of spend (-) and Mill reliability (+) 3Q: Improved mill reliability		
Maintenance Outages	(37)	76	Timing of planned outages		
Inputs	8	(6)	2Q: Lower energy costs 3Q: Higher energy costs		
Depreciation & Amortization	2	(5)			
Ending EBIT <sup>1</sup>	(4)	74			



### Focused on Strategic Actions to Drive Sustainable Earnings Improvement

Targeted Adj. EBITDA<sup>1</sup> Improvement for Packaging Solutions Businesses\*

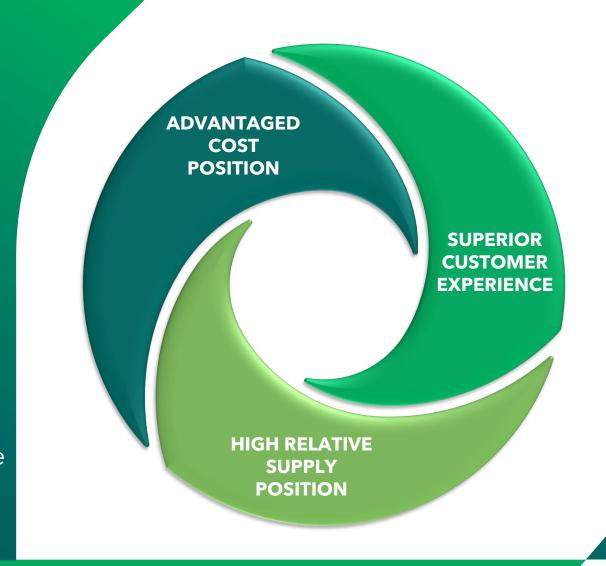
Excludes GCF '25 Target Adj. EBITDA





# Accelerating Momentum on our Transformation Journey

- 1 Building on strong foundation to achieve above-market growth potential
- 2 Prioritizing the right geographies, customers, and products
- 3 Applying 80/20 to drive strategy and focus resources
- 4 Winning in attractive markets through decisive initiatives across our virtuous cycle

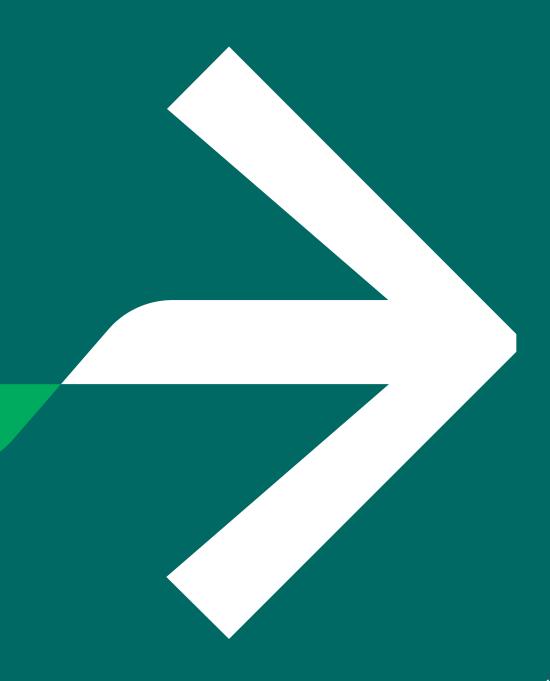


**Great Teams Deploying 80/20 at the Point of Impact** 



# Appendix & Footnotes







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### **Actions Taken - Appendix**

#### **Prior Actions Taken**

#### Commercial

- Reduced NA gap to market by ~500 bps in 1Q
- Gained NA market position with local 80s customers
- Increased NA sales force by 25%
- Implemented new sales incentive programs
- Improved sale prospecting tools and capabilities
- Acquired Bulk plant to accelerate profitable growth
- Increased on-time-delivery to 80s from 92% to 95% in 1Q
- Achieved best-in-class Net Promoter Score

#### **Cost Out**

- Enterprise overhead reduction ~\$120MM RR
- 7 box plants & 1 recycling plant closure ~\$70MM RR
- ☐ Georgetown Mill closure ~\$70MM RR
- Red River Mill closure ~\$170MM RR
- Box plant lighthouses (Chicago & Atlanta); ~20% productivity improvement
- Mill lighthouses (Maysville & Pensacola)
- Packaging Solutions EMEA 80/20 opportunity assessment & leadership training



### Select Financial Metrics<sup>1</sup>

	\$ Million	2023	2024	2025F
Maintenance Outage Expense		\$593	\$522	\$605
Maintenance & Regulator		\$815	\$761	_
Capex	Cost Reduction	\$85	\$48	Targeting \$1,800 - \$1,900
	Strategic	\$241	\$112	
<b>Depreciation &amp; Amortization</b> <sup>2</sup>		\$1,432	\$1,300	\$2,000
Net Interest Expense <sup>3</sup>		\$234	\$218	\$380
Corporate Expense		\$27	\$44	\$60
Effective Tax Rate		22%	13%	23% - 25% <sup>4</sup>

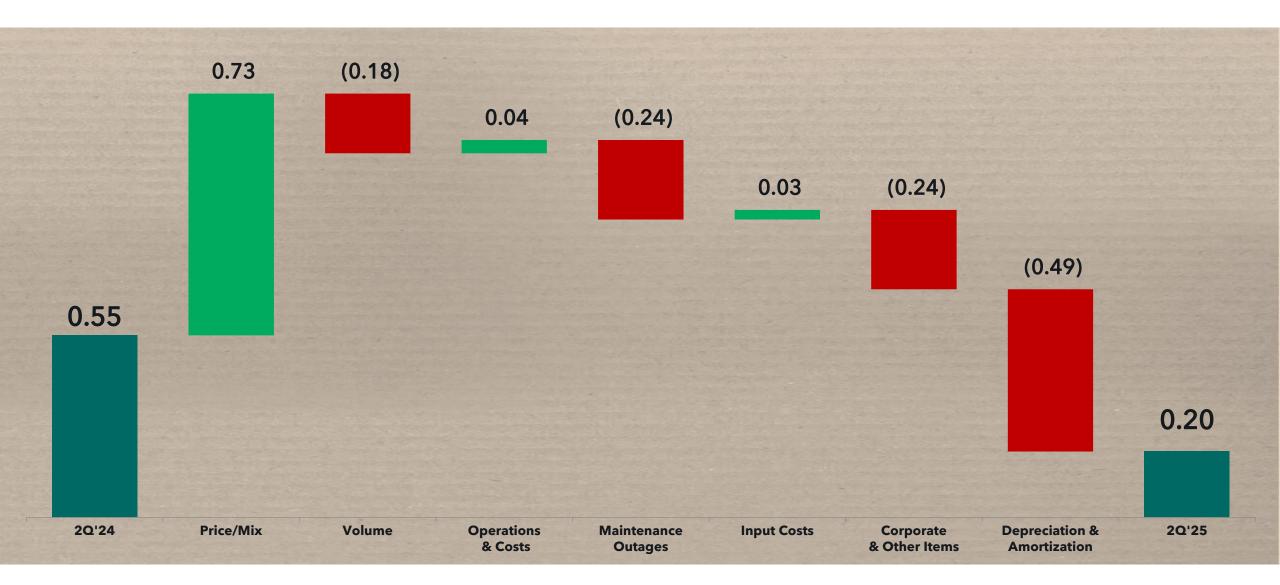


### Reconciliation 2Q'25 Adj. Operating Earnings<sup>1</sup> to Adj. EBITDA<sup>2</sup>

\$ Million	2Q′25
Adjusted Operating Earnings <sup>1</sup>	105
Depreciation & Amortization	480
Interest Expense, net	107
Income Tax Provision (Benefit)	40
Equity Method Investment - Loss	1
Income Taxes - non-operating pension and special items	-
Adj. EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	733



### 20'25 vs 20'24 Adjusted Operating EPS<sup>1</sup>





### 2Q'24 to 2Q'25 EBIT<sup>1</sup> Bridge

\$(MM)	Packaging Solutions North America	Packaging Solutions EMEA	Global Cellulose Fibers	
2Q'24	\$281	\$10	\$31	
Price & Mix	\$251	\$3	\$71	
Volume	\$(62)	\$(1)	\$(17)	
Ops & Costs	\$(109)	\$8	\$(52)	
Maintenance Outages	\$(55)	\$(6)	\$(45)	
Inputs & Freight	\$19	\$(4)	\$(2)	
Depreciation & Amortization	\$(50)	\$(179)	\$10	
DS Smith Legacy EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	\$2	\$168	N/A	
2Q'25	\$277	\$(1)	\$(4)	



### Maintenance Outages Expenses | 2025 Forecast

\$ Million	1Q'25A	2Q'25A	3Q'25F	4Q'25F	2025F
Packaging Solutions North America	\$93	\$132	\$98	\$87	\$410
Packaging Solutions EMEA	\$4	\$9	\$14	\$7	\$34
Global Cellulose Fibers	\$46	\$83	\$7	\$25	\$161
Total Impact	\$143	\$224	\$119	\$119	\$605

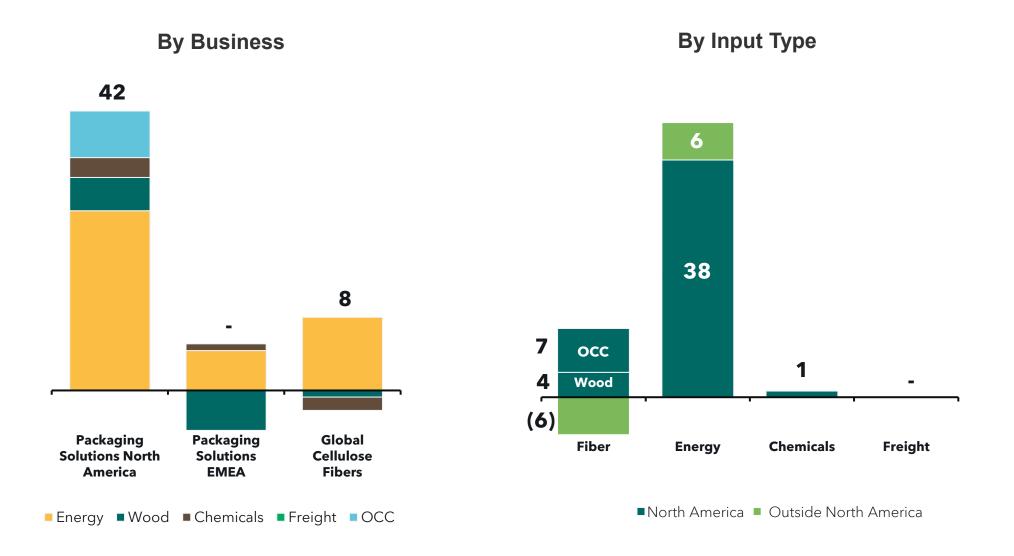


### 2025 Operating Earnings

	Pre-Tax \$MM	Tax \$MM	Non- controlling Interest \$MM	Equity Earnings \$MM	Net Income \$MM	Average Shares MM	Diluted EPS <sup>1</sup>
Net Earnings (Lo	ss)						
1Q'25	\$(135)	\$31	-	\$(1)	\$(105)	438	\$(0.24)
20′25	\$116	\$(40)	-	\$(1)	\$75	533	\$0.14
<b>Net Special Item</b>	ıs²						
1Q'25	\$249	\$(45)	-	-	\$204	438	\$0.46
20′25	\$35	\$(1)	-	-	\$34	533	\$0.06
Non-Operating	Pension Expense	9					
1Q'25	\$3	\$(1)	-	-	\$2	438	\$0.01
20′25	\$(5)	\$1	-	-	\$(4)	533	\$0.00
Adj. Operating E	Earnings <sup>3</sup>						
10′25	\$117	\$(15)	-	\$(1)	\$101	438	\$0.23
20′25	\$146	\$(40)	-	\$(1)	\$105	533	\$0.20



### Global Input Costs 20'25 vs 10'25 \$50MM Favorable, \$0.10 per share





### Footnotes

#### Slide 3

¹ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure presented as a supplemental measure of our performance and the most directly comparable GAAP measure for Adjusted EBITDA is earnings (loss) before income taxes and equity earnings. It is not presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The Company believes this measure provides additional meaningful information in evaluating the Company's performance over time, and that other companies use this measure and/or similar measures for similar purposes. However, Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. In addition, in evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we will incur expenses such as those used in calculating this measure. Our presentation of this measure should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or nonrecurring items. We use the non-GAAP financial measure Adjusted EBITDA at a segment level, along with other factors, to evaluate our segment performance against our peers. We believe that investors use this measure to evaluate our performance relative to our peers. A reconciliation of all presented non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/guarterly-results.

#### Slides 5,6 & 21

<sup>1</sup> The Company is unable to provide a reconciliation of this anticipated Adjusted EBITDA benefit, a forward-looking non-GAAP financial measure, on a fiscal year run rate basis associated with the actions described on this slide, as presented, without unreasonable efforts. This is due to the inherent difficulty in forecasting generally and quantifying certain types of expenses that would be required to be included in the GAAP measure. In addition, actual results may differ from this amount for a variety of reasons, including known and unknown risks and uncertainties.

#### Slide 9

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted EBIT, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are non-GAAP financial measures presented as supplemental measures of our performance and the most directly comparable GAAP measure for Adjusted EBIT is earnings (loss) before income taxes and equity earnings. These non-GAAP measures are not presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The Company believes these measures provide additional meaningful information in evaluating the Company's performance over time, and that other companies use these and/or similar measures for similar purposes. However, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation, or as substitutes for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. A reconciliation of all presented non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at <a href="https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results">https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results</a>. Adjusted EBIT no longer excludes accelerated depreciation expense related to strategic mill actions.

<sup>2</sup> Adjusted operating EPS, a non-GAAP financial measure based on Adjusted Operating Earnings (defined as Net Earnings (GAAP) before net special items and non-operating pension expense (income)). A reconciliation of all presented historical non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at <a href="https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results">https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results</a>. Adjusted Operating EPS no longer excludes accelerated depreciation expense related to strategic mill actions.

<sup>3</sup> Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure, which equals cash provided by (used for) operations less capital expenditures. A reconciliation of all presented historical non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at <a href="https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results">https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results</a>.

#### Slide 10

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted operating EPS, a non-GAAP financial measure based on Adjusted Operating Earnings (defined as Net Earnings (GAAP) before net special items and non-operating pension expense (income)). A reconciliation of all presented historical non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at <a href="https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results">https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results</a>. Adjusted Operating EPS no longer excludes accelerated depreciation expense related to strategic mill actions.



### Footnotes

#### Slides 11, 13 & 15

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted EBIT at a segment level is Business Segment Operating Profit for such segment defined as earnings (loss) before income taxes and equity earnings, but including the impact of less than wholly owned subsidiaries, and excluding interest expense, net, corporate expenses, net, net special items and non-operating pension expense. Business Segment Operating Profit at a segment level is a measure reported to our management for purposes of making decisions about allocating resources to our business segments and assessing the performance of our business segments and is presented in our financial statement footnotes in accordance with ASC 280.

<sup>2</sup> Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin are non-GAAP financial measures presented as supplemental measures of our performance and the most directly comparable GAAP measure for Adjusted EBITDA is earnings (loss) before income taxes and equity earnings. These non-GAAP measures are not presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The Company believes these measures provide additional meaningful information in evaluating the Company's performance over time, and that other companies use these and/or similar measures for similar purposes. However Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation, or as substitutes for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP.

#### Slides 12, 14 & 25

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted EBIT at a segment level is Business Segment Operating Profit for such segment defined as earnings (loss) before income taxes and equity earnings, but including the impact of less than wholly owned subsidiaries, and excluding interest expense, net, corporate expenses, net, net special items and non-operating pension expense. Business Segment Operating Profit at a segment level is a measure reported to our management for purposes of making decisions about allocating resources to our business segments and assessing the performance of our business segments and is presented in our financial statement footnotes in accordance with ASC 280.

<sup>2</sup> DS Smith legacy EBITDA includes results from the period February 1-June 30, 2025. Standalone reporting of DS Smith legacy EBITDA to end 2Q25. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure presented as a supplemental measure of our performance and the most directly comparable GAAP measure for Adjusted EBITDA is earnings (loss) before income taxes and equity earnings. It is not presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The Company believes this measure provides additional meaningful information in evaluating the Company's performance over time, and that other companies use this measure and/or similar measures for similar purposes. However, Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as s substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. In addition, in evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we will incur expenses such as those used in calculating this measure. Our presentation of this measure should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or nonrecurring items. We use the non-GAAP financial measure Adjusted EBITDA at a segment level, along with other factors, to evaluate our segment performance against our peers. We believe that investors use this measure to evaluate our performance relative to our peers. A reconciliation of all presented non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at <a href="https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results">https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results</a>.

#### Slide 16

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted EBIT at a segment level is Business Segment Operating Profit for such segment defined as earnings (loss) before income taxes and equity earnings, but including the impact of less than wholly owned subsidiaries, and excluding interest expense, net, corporate expenses, net, net special items and non-operating pension expense. Business Segment Operating Profit at a segment level is a measure reported to our management for purposes of making decisions about allocating resources to and assessing the performance of our business segments and is presented in our financial statement footnotes in accordance with ASC 280.

#### Slide 17

¹ Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure presented as a supplemental measure of our performance and the most directly comparable GAAP measure for Adjusted EBITDA is earnings (loss) before income taxes and equity earnings. It is not presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The Company believes this measure provides additional meaningful information in evaluating the Company's performance over time, and that other companies use this measure and/or similar measures for similar purposes. However, Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. In addition, in evaluating Adjusted EBITDA, you should be aware that in the future we will incur expenses such as those used in calculating this measures. Our presentation of this measures should not be construed as an inference that our future results will be unaffected by unusual or nonrecurring items. We use the non-GAAP financial measures Adjusted EBITDA at a segment level, along with other factors, to evaluate our segment performance against our peers. We believe that investors use this measures to evaluate our performance relative to our peers. A reconciliation of all presented non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/guarterly-results.



#### Footnotes

#### Slide 22

- <sup>1</sup> Before special items
- <sup>2</sup> Includes expense of \$422 million for 2023 associated with mill closures and machine shutdown costs, \$233 million for 2024 associated with mill closure and plant closures, and \$197 million for 2025 associated with mill closures and plant closures.
- <sup>3</sup> Excludes special items net interest income of \$3 million and interest income of \$10 million for 2023 and 2024, respectively.
- <sup>4</sup>No reconciliation of the anticipated operational effective income tax rate for 2025, a forward-looking non-GAAP financial measure, to the most comparable GAAP measure, is included in this presentation because we are unable to quantify certain amounts that would be required to be included in the GAAP measure without unreasonable efforts, including forecasting net income for 2025.

#### Slides 23

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted Operating Earnings, a non-GAAP financial measure, is net earnings under GAAP before net special items and non-operating pension expense (income). A reconciliation of all presented historical non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at <a href="https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results">https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results</a>.

<sup>2</sup> Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure presented as a supplemental measure of our performance and the most directly comparable GAAP measure for Adjusted EBITDA is earnings (loss) before income taxes and equity earnings. It is not presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP. The Company believes this measure provides additional meaningful information in evaluating the Company's performance over time, and that other companies use this measures for similar purposes. However, Adjusted EBITDA has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation, or as substitutes for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. A reconciliation of all presented non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at <a href="https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results">https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results</a>.

#### Slide 24

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted operating EPS, a non-GAAP financial measure based on Adjusted Operating Earnings (defined as Net Earnings (GAAP) before net special items and non-operating pension expense (income)). A reconciliation of all presented historical non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at <a href="https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results">https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results</a>.

#### Slide 27

- <sup>1</sup> A non-GAAP reconciliation to GAAP EPS is available at https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/guarterly-results.
- <sup>2</sup> Special items no longer include accelerated depreciation expense related to strategic mill actions.
- <sup>3</sup> Adjusted Operating Earnings, a non-GAAP financial measure, is net earnings under GAAP before net special items and non-operating pension expense (income). A reconciliation of all presented historical non-GAAP measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures is available on IP's website at <a href="https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results">https://www.internationalpaper.com/investors/financial-reports/quarterly-results</a>.

