Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development Co., Ltd.

The Semi-Annual Report 2025

August 2025

I. Important Notice, Table of Contents and Definitions

The Board of Directors, the Supervisory Committee as well as all directors, supervisors and senior management staff of the Company warrant that this Report is factual, accurate and complete without any false record, misleading statement or material omission. And they shall be jointly and severally liable for that.

Mr. Miao Deshan, Company principal, Mr. Lu Ming, Chief of the accounting work, Ms. Yan Xiaohong, Chief of the accounting organ (chief of accounting) hereby confirm the authenticity and completeness of the financial report enclosed in this Semi-annual report.

All the directors have attended the meeting of the board meeting at which this report was examined.

The toll revenues of Expressway is main source of the major business income of the company, The charge standard of vehicle toll must be submitted to the same level people's government for review and approval after the transport regulatory department of province, autonomous region or municipality directly under the central government in conjunction with the price regulatory department at the same level consented upon examination. Therefore, the adjustment trend of the charge price and the charge price if has the corresponding adjustment in the future price level when the cost of the company rises still depend on the approval of relevant national policies and government departments, and the company isn't able to make timely adjustment to the charge standard in accordance with the its own operation cost or the change of market supply demand. So, the change of charge policy and the adjustment of charge standard also have influence on the expressways operated by the company to some extent. So, the charging policy changes and charges adjustment will affect the highways operation of the company.

The Company has no plan of cash dividends carried out, bonus issued and capitalizing of common reserves either.

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Documents available for inspection

- 1. Accounting statements carried with personal signatures and seals of legal representative, Chief Financial officer and Financial Principal.
- 2.. The texts of all the Company's documents publicly disclosed on the newspapers and periodicals designated by China Securities Regulatory Commission in the report period.

Definition

Terms to be defined	Refers to	Definition
Reporting period, This year	Refers to	January 1, 2025 to June 30,2025
Reporting date	Refers to	The semi-annual report of the company was approved by the board of directors of 2025, that is, August 28, 2025
YOY	Refers to	Compared with January-June 2024
The Company, This Company, The Group, Guangdong Expressway	Refers to	Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development Co.,Ltd.
Guangfo Company	Refers to	Guangdong Guangfo Expressway Co., Ltd.
Guanghui Company	Refers to	Guangdong Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd.
Guangzhu East Company	Refers to	Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section Co., Ltd.
Guangle Company	Refers to	Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd.
Hunan Lianzhi	Refers to	Hunan Lianzhi Technology Co.,

II. Company Profile & Financial Highlights.

1. Company Profile

Stock abbreviation:	Expressway A, Expressway B	Stock code	000429, 200429				
Stock exchange for listing	Shenzhen Stock Exchange						
Name in Chinese	广东省高速公路发展股份有	广东省高速公路发展股份有限公司					
Abbreviation of Registered Company (if any)	粤高速						
English name (If any)	Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development Co.Ltd.						
English abbreviation (If any)	GPED						
Legal Representative	Miao Deshan						

2. Contact person and contact manner

	Board secretary	Securities affairs Representative
Name	Yang Hanming	Liang Jirong
	46/F, Litong Plaza, No.32, Zhujiang East	45/F, Litong Plaza, No.32, Zhujiang East
Contact address	Road, Zhujiang New City, Tianhe	Road, Zhujiang New City, Tianhe
	District, Guangzhou	District, Guangzhou
Tel	020-29004619	020-29004523
Fax	020-38787002	020-38787002
E-mail	Hmy69@126.com	139221590@qq.com

3. Other

1). Way of contact

Whether registrations address, offices address and codes as well as website and email of the Company changed in reporting period or not

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

Registrations address, offices address and codes as well as website and email of the Company has no change in reporting period, found more details in annual report 2024.

2). Information inquiry

Whether information disclosure and preparation place changed in reporting period or not

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

None of the official presses, website, and place of enquiry has been changed in the semi report period. For details please find the Annual Report 2024.

3). Other relevant information

Did any change occur to other relevant information during the reporting period?

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

4. Summary of Accounting Data and Financial Indicators

	Reporting period	Same period of last year	YoY+/- (%)
Operating income (yuan)	2,117,962,773.25	2,230,865,662.20	-5.06%
Net profit attributable to the shareholders of	1,057,152,854.14	855,465,441.00	23.58%

the listed company (yuan)			
Net profit after deducting of non-recurring gain/loss attributable to the shareholders of listed company (yuan)	799,059,384.63	883,859,403.20	-9.59%
Cash flow generated by business operation, net (yuan)	1,897,666,782.55	1,603,256,009.68	18.36%
Basic earning per share(yuan/Share)	0.51	0.41	24.39%
Diluted gains per share(yuan/Share)	0.51	0.41	24.39%
Weighted average income/asset ratio (%)	9.75%	8.45%	1.30%
	As at the end of the reporting period	As at the end of last year	YoY+/- (%)
Gross assets (yuan)	24,453,892,891.79	22,441,664,114.93	8.97%
Shareholders' equity attributable to shareholders of the listed company (yuan)	10,512,941,388.44	10,468,100,319.53	0.43%

5. Differences between accounting data under domestic and overseas accounting standards

1).Simultaneously	pursuant	to	both	Chinese	accounting	standards	and	international	accounting
standards disclosed	l in the fina	anci	al repo	orts of diff	ferences in n	et income ar	ıd net	assets.	

□ Applicable □ √ Not applicable

None

2). Differences of net profit and net assets disclosed in financial reports prepared under overseas and Chinese accounting standards.

☐ Applicable √Not applicable

None

6.Items and amount of non-current gains and losses

√Applicable □Not applicable

In RMB

Item	Amount	Note
Non-current asset disposal gain/loss(including the write-off part for which assets impairment provision is made)	-117,947.42	
Government subsidies recognized in current gain and loss(excluding those closely related to the Company's business and granted under the state's policies)	1,451,369.85	
The impairment provision for the advance expenses that have occurred but need to be defined from the source of funds	342,942,142.53	According to the relevant government documents, the source of funds for the pipe maintenance expenses advanced by the Guangfo Company has been clarified, and the previously provisioned bad-debt reserve shall be reversed.
Net amount of non-operating income and expense except the aforesaid items	-361,864.33	
Other non-recurring Gains/loss items	411,538.51	
Less :Influenced amount of income tax	366,563.21	
Influenced amount of minor shareholders' equity (after tax)	85,865,206.42	
Total	258,093,469.51	

Details of other profit and loss items that meet the non-recurring profit and loss definition

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

There are no other gains/losses items that meet the definition of non-recurring gains/losses in the Company.

Explain the items defined as recurring profit (gain)/loss according to the lists of extraordinary profit (gain)/loss in Q&A Announcement No.1 on Information Disclosure for Companies Offering Their Securities to the Public -

- -- Extraordinary Profit/loss
- \Box Applicable $\sqrt{\text{Not applicable}}$

There are no items defined as recurring profit (gain)/loss according to the lists of extraordinary profit (gain)/loss in Q&A Announcement No.1 on Information Disclosure for Companies Offering Their Securities to the Public -

-- Extraordinary Profit/loss.

III. Management Discussion & Analysis

I.Main Business the Company is Engaged in During the Report Period

The Company is mainly engaged in tolling and maintenance of Guangfo Expressway, Fokai Expressway ,Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section and Guanghui Expressway investment in technological industries and provision of relevant consultation while investing in Shenzhen Huiyan Expressway Co., Ltd., Guangdong Jiangzhong Expressway Co., Ltd., Zhaoqing Yuezhao Expressway Co., Ltd.,Ganzhou Kangda Expressway , Ganzhou Gankang Expressway Co., Ltd.,Guangdong Yuepu Technology Petty Loan Co., Ltd.,Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd.,Guoyuan Securities Co., Ltd., Garage electric pile Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.andSPIC Yuetong Qiyuan Chip Power Technology Co., Ltd..

As of the end of the reporting period, the company's share-controlled expressway is 306.78 km, and the share-participation expressway is 295.88 km.

II. Analysis On core Competitiveness

The toll revenue of the expressway industry mainly depends on the development of the regional economy, which is an important factor affecting the traffic flow of the expressway. On the one hand, Guangdong's economic growth performance is better than that of the whole country, the momentum of industrial upgrading is good, the performance of enterprises is improving, and private investment is relatively active; On the other hand, the Company's holding or participating expressways are all located in superior geographical locations: the wholly-owned Fokai Expressway is an expressway component in the "five vertical and seven horizontal" national highway trunk line system; The holding Guangzhou-Zhuhai section of Beijing-Zhuhai Expressway is located in the western part of the Pearl River Delta and is a high-speed passage connecting the east and west of the Pearl River Delta. The holding Guanghui Expressway connects Guangzhou and eastern Guangdong and is an important channel for the export of Guangzhou East; A number of share participating expressways are also part of the main skeleton of the "ten vertical and five horizontal" planning of the expressway network in Guangdong Province. The vigorous development of the regional economy drives the strong demand for transportation, as well as the superior geographical locations provide a strong guarantee for the steady growth of the traffic flow of the Company's holding or participating expressways.

III. Main business analysis

General

During the reporting period, the traffic volume and toll income of the expressway project in which the Company participated in the share-holding:

	Volume of vehicle traffic in the first half year of 2025 (Ten thousand vehicles)	Increase /Decrease(%)	Toll income in the first half year of 2025 (Ten thousand yuan)	Increase /Decrease(%)
Guangfo Expressway	5,070.06	5.76%	0.00	0.00%
Fokai Expressway	4,283.50	-6.48%	68,489.22	-7.88%
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu East Section	3,650.03	-2.01%	46,212.01	-18.81%

Guanghui Expressway	4,311.18	3.75%	94,080.24	5.52%
Huiyan Expressway	2,766.30	23.48%	11,578.90	19.96%
Guangzhao Expressway	1,992.49	-4.43%	23,750.76	-10.14%
Jiangzhong Expressway	3,012.32	2.78%	16,462.53	-9.06%
Kangda Expressway	73.11	-1.39%	14,905.50	1.02%
Gankang Expressway	163.34	-31.99%	9,543.49	-10.16%
Guangle Expressway	1,906.23	-1.93%	129,829.24	-13.06%

- 1. Fokai Expressway was affected by the radiation diversion of traffic between the east and west of Guangdong with the opening of the Shenzhen-Zhongshan Corridor and the Zhongkai Expressway, as well as the implementation of fully enclosed construction of the main line from the Sicun Interchange to the Lianhuashan Interchange section of the Jiangmen section of the Shencen Expressway, and the construction of the Fenjiang Bridge, therefore the traffic flow and the toll revenue decreased YOY;
- 2. The Guangzhou-Zhuhai section of the Beijing-Zhuhai Expressway was affected by the diversion of the Shenzhen-Zhongshan Corridor and the opening of the Nanzhong Expressway, as well as its own reconstruction and expansion projects, and the traffic flow and the toll revenue decreased YOY;
- 3. For Huiyan Expressway, due to its own reconstruction and expansion project has been completed and opened to traffic, the traffic flow and the toll revenue have increased YOY;
- 4. For Guangzhao Expressway, affected by the construction of its own reconstruction and expansion projects, the traffic flow and the toll revenue decreased YOY:
- 5. For Jiangzhong Expressway, the overall traffic flow increased, but due to the fully closed construction of the main line from the Sicun Interchange to the Lianhuashan Interchange section of the Jiangmen section of the Shencen Expressway, the toll revenue decreased YOY;
- 6. For Gankang Expressway, affected by the early completion of the reconstruction and expansion of the Daguang Expressway (Jikang Section), the opening of the Gannan Avenue Expressway, and the opening of the Longxun Expressway, the traffic flow and the toll revenue decreased YOY;
- 7. For Guangle Expressway, affected by the fully closed construction in the southbound direction of Leiyi Expressway, the traffic flow and the toll revenue decreased YOY.

Year-on-year change of main financial data

In RMB

	This report period	Same period last year	YOY change (%)	Cause change
Operating income	2,117,962,773.25	2,230,865,662.20	-5.06%	
Operating cost	673,509,814.34	713,009,009.42	-5.54%	
Administrative expenses	84,133,577.69	82,947,690.68	1.43%	
Financial expenses	43,684,239.25	53,811,381.24	-18.82%	
Income tax expenses	342,247,329.69	349,883,636.23	-2.18%	
R & D Investment	2,040,672.41	0.00	-	
Cash flow generated by business operation, net	1,897,666,782.55	1,603,256,009.68	18.36%	Mainly due to the increase in cash flow related to government subsidies received in the current period
Net cash flow generated by investment	-567,167,478.46	-1,020,320,728.55	44.41%	Mainly due to the receipt of the transfer amount of Hunan Lianzhi and Guangle Company's dividends, as well as the reduction in expenditure on reconstruction and expansion projects
Net cash flow	168,590,499.29	-329,221,334.87	151.21%	Mainly due to the impact of new borrowings and

generated by financing				the repayment of principal and interest on bonds at maturity in the current period
Net increasing of cash and cash equivalents	1,499,089,803.38	253,713,946.26	490.86%	The summarized impact of the above changes

Major changes to the profit structure or sources of the Company in the reporting period

□ Applicable √Not applicable

None.

Component of Business Income

In RMB

	This report period		Same period l	ast year	Increase /decrease
	Amount	Proportion	Amount	Proportion	increase / decrease
Total operating revenue	2,117,962,773.25	100%	2,230,865,662.20	100%	-5.06%
On Industry					
Highway transportations	2,087,814,658.07	98.58%	2,204,260,409.98	98.81%	-5.28%
Other	30,148,115.18	1.42%	26,605,252.22	1.19%	13.32%
On Product					
Highway transportations	2,087,814,658.07	98.58%	2,204,260,409.98	98.81%	-5.28%
Other	30,148,115.18	1.42%	26,605,252.22	1.19%	13.32%
On Area					
Fokai Expressway	684,892,134.29	32.34%	743,464,662.48	33.33%	-7.88%
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section	462,120,122.84	21.82%	569,193,427.20	25.51%	-18.81%
Guanghui Expressway	940,802,400.94	44.42%	891,605,070.85	39.97%	5.52%
Other	30,148,115.18	1.42%	26,602,501.67	1.19%	13.33%

Situation of Industry, Product and District Occupying the Company's Business Income and Operating Profit with Profit over 10%

$\sqrt{\text{Applicable}}$ $\square \text{Not applicable}$

In RMB

	Turnover	Operation cost	Gross profit rate(%)	Increase/decrease of revenue in the same period of the previous year(%)	Increase/decrease of business cost over the same period of previous year (%)	Increase/decrease of gross profit rate over the same period of the previous year (%)
On Industry						
Highway transportations	2,087,814,658.07	657,514,997.63	68.51%	-5.28%	-6.05%	0.26%
On Product						
Highway transportations	2,087,814,658.07	657,514,997.63	68.51%	-5.28%	-6.05%	0.26%
On Area						
Fokai Expressway	684,892,134.29	249,047,038.18	63.64%	-7.88%	-0.54%	-2.68%
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section	462,120,122.84	143,948,525.26	68.85%	-18.81%	-11.00%	-2.73%
Guanghui Expressway	940,802,400.94	264,519,434.19	71.88%	5.52%	-8.08%	4.15%

Under circumstances of adjustment in reporting period for statistic scope of main business data, adjusted main business based on latest on year's scope of period-end.

 \Box Applicable $\sqrt{\text{Not applicable}}$

IV. Non-core business analysis

√ Applicable □Not applicable

In RMB

	Amount	Ratio in total profit	Note	Whether be sustainable
Investment Income	143,234,005.69	8.04%	It is due to the operation accumulation of participant companies	Yes
Impairment of asset	331,211,870.16	18.59%	According to the relevant government documents, the source of funds for the pipe maintenance expenses advanced by the Guangfo Company has been clarified, and the previously provisioned bad-debt reserve shall be reversed.	No
Non-operating income	2,076,556.79	0.12%	Mainly insurance claims and road property claims	No
Non-operating expenses	2,556,368.54	0.14%	It's mainly the expenditure on road repair	No

V. Condition of Asset and Liabilities

1. Condition of Asset Causing Significant Change

In RMB

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	End of Repo	rting period	End of same per	riod of last year		Reason for
	Amount	As a percentage of total assets(%)	Amount	As a percentage of total assets(%)	Change in percentage(%)	significant change
Monetary fund	5,797,033,176.02	23.71%	4,289,826,663.22	19.12%	4.59%	
Accounts receivable	96,247,498.30	0.39%	82,361,054.69	0.37%	0.02%	
Contract assets		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	
Inventory		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	
Investment real estate	2,115,352.22	0.01%	2,225,911.46	0.01%	0.00%	
Long-term equity investment	4,218,884,448.22	17.25%	3,332,350,008.84	14.85%	2.40%	
Fixed assets	8,397,346,811.28	34.34%	8,872,808,692.97	39.54%	-5.20%	
Construction in process	3,366,947,277.98	13.77%	2,665,392,094.81	11.88%	1.89%	
Use right assets	9,022,508.88	0.04%	14,217,517.99	0.06%	-0.02%	
Shore-term loans	150,085,138.89	0.61%	0.00	0.00%	0.61%	
Contract liabilities		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	
Long-term borrowing	7,723,597,947.28	31.58%	6,728,264,750.00	29.98%	1.60%	
Lease liabilities	0.00	0.00%	2,730,189.11	0.01%	-0.01%	

2.Main assets overseas

☐ Applicable √Not applicable

3. Asset and Liabilities Measured by Fair Value

 $\sqrt{\text{Applicable } \square \text{Not applicable}}$

In RMB

Items	Opening amount	Gain/Loss on fair value change in the reporting period	Cumulative fair value change recorded into equity	Impairment provisions in the reporting period	Purchased amount in the reporting period	Sold amount in the reporting period	Other change	Closing amount
Financial assets								
4.Other equity instrument investment	1,768,953,885.85		538,749,533.85				-820,353,801.94	1,034,304,910.44
5.Other non-current financial assets.	186,494,177.20							186,494,177.20
Subtotal	1,955,448,063.05	0.00	538,749,533.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	-820,353,801.94	1,220,799,087.64
Total of the above	1,955,448,063.05	0.00	538,749,533.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	-820,353,801.94	1,220,799,087.64
Financial liabilities	0.00							0.00

Other note

The company originally designated its investment in Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd. as a financial asset measured at fair value with changes recognized in other comprehensive income (other equity instrument investment). During the current period, the management model for this investment was changed, and it has been reclassified as a long-term equity investment accounted for under the equity method.

Did any significant change occur to the attribute of the Company's main asset measurement during the reporting period?

□ Yes √No

4. Assets right restriction till end of reporting period

The balance of restricted bank deposits at the end of the period was RMB 1,221,200.00, which was the land reclamation fund deposited into the fund custody account for the reconstruction and expansion project of sanbao to shuikou section of Fokai Expressway.

VI. Investment situation

1. General

 $\sqrt{\text{Applicable}}$ \square Not applicable

Current Investment Amount(Yuan)	Same period of last year (Yuan)	Change rate
809,984,157.89	740,451,816.75	9.39%

2. Condition of Acquiring Significant Share Right Investment during the Report Period

☑Applicable □Not applicable

In RMB

Name of the Company Invested	Main Business	Investment Way	Investment Amount	Share Proportion %	Capital Source	Partner	Investment Horizon	Product Type	Progress up to Balance Sheet Date	Anticipated Income	Gain or Less or the Current Investment	Whether to Involve in Lawsuit	Date of Disclosure	Disclosure Index
Shenzhen Huiyan Expressway Co., Ltd.	Expressway	Other	65,882,606.33	33.33%	Self funds	Shenzhen Yantian Port Co., Ltd.	On the basis of the term of operation approved by the government	Limited company	Completed			No	October 25,2024	Announcement of outbound investment
Zhaoqing YuezhaoHigyway Co., Ltd.	Expressway	Increase capital	54,150,000.00	25.00%	Self funds	Guangdong Road & Bridge Construction Development Co., Ltd., Zhaoqing Highway Development Co., Ltd., Xunhao International Co., Ltd.	On the basis of the term of operation approved by the government	Limited company	Completed			No	October 21,2023	Announcement of Related part transaction
Garage electric pile Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd	New Energy	Newly established	2,088,000.00	17.40%	Self funds	Hainan Alpha Fish Technology Co., Ltd., Zhuhai Speed Enterprise Management Partnership (limited partnership)	Long-term	Limited company	Completed			No	September 27,2023	Resolutions of the 12 th (Provisional) Meeting of the Tenth Board of Directors
Total			122,120,606.33							0.00	0.00			

3. Situation of the Significant Non-equity Investment Undergoing in the Report Period

☑Applicable □Not applicable

In RMB

Project name	Investment method	Fixed investments or not	Industry involved in investment projects	Investment amount in this reporting period	Accrued Actual Investment Amount up to the End of Reporting Period	Capital Source	Project schedule	Anticipated income	Accrued Realized Income up to the End of Reporting Period	Reasons for not Reaching the Planned Schedule and Anticipated Income	Disclosure date	Disclosure Index
Nansha-Zhuhai Section of Guangzhou- Macao Expressway Was rebuilt and Expanded	Self-built	Yes	Expressway	687,863,551.56	3,604,027,522.38	Self and Loan	26.24%			N/A	October 22,2022	Announcement of Resolution of the Second (Provisional) Meeting the Tenth Board of Directors; Announcement of External Investment
Total				687,863,551.56	3,604,027,522.38			0.00	0.00			

4.Investment of Financial Asset

(1) Securities investment

 $\sqrt{\text{Applicable}}$ \square Not applicable

In RMB

Security category	Security code	Stock Abbreviation:	Initial investment cost	Mode of accounting measurement	Book value balance at the beginning of the reporting period	Changes in fair value of the this period	Cumulative fair value changes in equity	Purchase amount in the this period	Sale amount in the this period	Gain/loss of the reporting period	Book value balance at the end of the reporting period	Accounting items	Sources of funds
Domestic and foreign stocks	601818	Everbright Bank	517,560,876.80	FVM	910,436,633.28		458,747,140.80			44,463,184.42	976,308,017.60	Other equity instrument investments	Self
Total			517,560,876.80		910,436,633.28	0.00	458,747,140.80	0.00	0.00	44,463,184.42	976,308,017.60		
Disclosure Da Securities Inv Board of Dire	estment App		July 22,2009										

Disclosure Date of Announcement on
Securities Investment Approved by the
Shareholders Meeting(If any)

August 7,2009

(2) Investment in Derivatives

□ Applicable √ Not applicable

The Company had no investment in derivatives in the reporting period.

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 \Box Applicable $\sqrt{\text{Not applicable}}$

The Company had no application of the raised capital in the reporting period.

VII. Sales of major assets and equity

1. Sales of major assets

□ Applicable √ Not applicable

The Company had no sales of major assets in the reporting period.

2. Sales of major equity

 \Box Applicable $\sqrt{\text{Not applicable}}$

VIII. Analysis of the Main Share Holding Companies and Share Participating Companies

√ Applicable □ Not applicable

Situation of Main Subsidiaries and the Joint-stock Company with over 10% net profit influencing to the Company

In RMB

Company Name	Company type	Leading products and services	Registered capital	Total assets	Net assets	Operating Income	Operating profit	Net Profit
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	The operation and management of Guangzhu Expressway	4.221 billion yuan	6,975,309,838.75	2,692,909,740.76	481,762,162.74	298,212,419.78	223,375,897.84
Guangdong Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investment in and construction of Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd. and supporting facilities, the toll collection and maintenance management of Guanghui Expressway, The Guanghui Expressway's supporting gas station, salvation, vehicle maintenance, vehicle transport, catering, warehousing investment and development	2.351678 billion yuan	4,837,391,860.49	4,566,378,455.63	946,708,730.22	668,464,938.53	497,332,898.85

Subsidiaries obtained or disposed in the reporting period

□ Applicable √ Not applicable

Particulars about the Mutual holding companies

None

IX. Structured vehicle controlled by the Company

□ Applicable √ Not applicable

X. Risks facing the Company and countermeasures

The company's profits mainly come from the expressway tolls revenue and the toll charging standards shall be examined by the traffic authority of the provincial, autonomous region and the direct-controlled municipality people's governments together with the same-level pricing authority and then submitted to the same-level people's government for approval. Therefore, the charging price adjustment trend and the possibility of the charging price adjustment upon rising of the commodity price and the company cost in the future are still subject to relevant national policies and the approval of the governmental department. And the company can't adjust the charging standards promptly based on its own operation cost or the market supply-demand changes. In conclusion, the charging policies change and the charging standards adjustment have the influence on the expressway business of the company to some extent.

XI. Formulation and implementation of market value management system and valuation boost plan

Whether the Company has established a market value management system

□Yes☑No

Whether the Company has disclosed plans for valuation boost.

□Yes☑No

XII. The implementation of the action plan of "Double improvement of quality and return".

Whether the Company has disclosed the action plan of "Double improvement of quality and return".

☑Yes □No

In order to respond to and practice the guiding ideology of "activating the capital market and boosting investors' confidence" put forward at the Meeting of the Political Bureau of the CPC Central Committee and "vigorously improving the quality and investment value of listed companies, taking more powerful and effective measures to stabilize the market and confidence" put forward at the executive meeting of the State Council, safeguard the interests of all shareholders and promote the long-term healthy and sustainable development of the Company, Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development Co., Ltd. (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") has formulated the action plan of "double improvement of both quality and returns". The measures are as follows: (I) Adhere to high-quality development, focus on connotative growth, and optimize resource allocation. (II) Effectively return to shareholders and share the fruits of development. (III) Deepen market communication and strengthen investor relation management.

Since the disclosure of the action plan, the Company has taken multiple measures to implement its plan: (I)Aim at the steady development of its main business, continuously promote the reconstruction and expansion projects of the Beijing-Zhuhai Expressway Guangzhou-Zhuhai Section, Yuezhao Expressway, Huizhou-Yantian Expressway, and Jiangmen-Zhongshan Expressway, to further expand and optimize the Company's transportation network, and lay a solid foundation for the sustained growth and long-term development of the Company. Promote the quality improvement and upgrading of expressway service areas, and make every effort to transform the Yayao service area of the Foshan–Kaiping Expressway into a benchmark service area for" supporting agriculture and industrial development", and create the Zhishan Service Area (North Area) as the first new energy service area in the province. (II) Persist in implementing cash dividends. In the 2024profit

distribution plan, the cash dividend ratio shall be maintained at 70% of the net profit attributable to the owners of the company. (III) Fully utilize various communication channels such as general meeting of shareholders, websites, analyst briefings, performance presentations, road shows, one-to-many communication, field research, telephone consultations, and the Shenzhen Stock Exchange's "Interactive Easy" to maintain close interaction with investors, and organize a total of 14 institutional investor research and exchange meetings.

IV Corporate Governance, Enviornmental and Social Responsibility

I. Changes of directors, supervisors and senior executives

√ Applicable □Not applicable

Name	Positions	Types	Date	Reason
Zeng Xiaoqing	Independent director	Leave office upon the expiration of the term	June 6,2025	Leave office upon the expiration of the term
		of office		of office
Lu Zhenbo	Independent director	Elected	June 6,2025	Elected

II. Profit distribution plan and capitalizing of common reserves plan for the Period

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

The Company has no plans of cash dividend distributed, no bonus shares and has no share converted from capital reserve either for the semi-annual.

III. Implementation of the company's stock incentive plan, employee stock ownership plan or other employee incentives

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

The Company had no implementation of the company's stock incentive plan, employee stock ownership plan or other employee incentives in the reporting period.

IV.Environmental information disclosure situation

Whether the listed companies and their main subsidiaries are included in the list of enterprises that disclose environmental information according to law

□Yes ☑No

V. Social responsibility

In the first half of 2025, the Company actively responded to government policies and provided preferential reductions and exemptions in accordance with regulations to reduce corporate transportation costs and public travel costs. Meanwhile, as the first "near-zero carbon" new energy characteristic service area in Guangdong Province, Fokai Expressway Zishan Service Area gives priority to the use of photovoltaics to generate green electricity by integrating the advanced technology of "distributed photovoltaic, household energy storage, DC equipment, and flexible charging piles", so as to enhance the power supply capacity of the high-speed itself, realize the regional-level energy substitution, effectively reduce carbon emissions and energy costs, and make positive contributions to achieving the goal of "carbon peak and carbon neutrality". As a demonstration window for rural revitalization in Guangdong Province, the Yayao Service Area of Fokai Expressway has effectively promoted the consumption growth of agricultural products by establishing exhibition and sales platforms such as "Yipinhui" and "Rural Market", as well as holding various themed exhibitions and sales activities and online live broadcasts.

V Important Events

I. Commitments that the actual controller, shareholders, related party, the buyer and the company have fulfilled during the reporting period and have not yet fulfilled by the end of reporting period
\Box Applicable $\sqrt{\text{Not applicable}}$
The Company has no commitments that the actual controller, shareholders, related party, the buyer and the company have fulfilled during the reporting period and have not yet fulfilled by the end of reporting period
II. Non-operational fund occupation from controlling shareholders and its related party
\Box Applicable $$ Not applicable
No non-operational fund occupation from controlling shareholders and its related party in period.
III. External guarantee out of the regulations
\Box Applicable $\sqrt{\text{Not applicable}}$
No external guarantee out of the regulations occurred in the period.
IV. Appointment and non-reappointment (dismissal) of CPA
Whether the semi-annual financial report had been audited
□Yes √No
The semi-annual report was not audited
V. Explanation on "non Qualified Opinion" from CPA by the Board and Supervisory Committee
\Box Applicable $\sqrt{\text{Not applicable}}$
VI. Explanation from the Board for "non Qualified Opinion" of last year's
\Box Applicable $\sqrt{\text{Not applicable}}$
VII. Bankruptcy reorganization
\Box Applicable $$ Not applicable
No bankruptcy reorganization for the Company in reporting period
VIII. Lawsuit
Significant litigations and arbitrations
\Box Applicable $$ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

O 1	
()ther	lawsuits

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

IX. Penalty and rectification

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

During the reporting period, the Company had no Penalty and rectification.

X. Integrity of the company and its controlling shareholders and actual controllers

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

XI. Material related transactions

1. Related transactions in connection with daily operation

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

2. Related-party transactions arising from asset acquisition or sold

□Applicable √ Not applicable

3. Related-party transitions with joint investments

□Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

4. Connect of related liability and debt

 $\sqrt{\text{Applicable}}$ \square Not applicable

Whether has non-operational contact of related liability and debts or not

□Yes √No

No non-operational contact of related liability or debts in Period

5. Transactions with related finance company, especially one that is controlled by the Company

 $\sqrt{\text{Applicable}}$ \Box Not applicable

Deposit business

Related party	Relationship	Maximum daily deposit	Deposit interest	Beginning balance	The amount incurred		
		limited (Ten thousand yuan)	rate range	(Ten thousand yuan)	Total deposit amount of the current period	Total amount withdrawn in the current period (Ten	Ending balance (Ten thousand
		y www.			thousand yuan)	thousand yuan)	yuan)
Guangdong Communications Group Finance Co., Ltd	Controlled by the same parent company	350,000	0.20%- 2.40%	279,078.10	390,417.83	351,678.86	317,817.08

Loan business

Related party	Relationship				The amou		
		Loan limit (Ten thousand yuan)	Loant interest rate range	balance (Ten thousand yuan)	Total loan amount for the current period (Ten thousand yuan)	Total repayment amount of this period (Ten thousand yuan)	Ending balance (Ten thousand yuan)
Guangdong Communications Group Finance Co., Ltd	Controlled by the same parent company	400,000	2.10%- 2.60%	85,244.83	25,962.12	40,477.2	70,729.75

Credit extension or other financial services

Related party	Relationship	Business type	Total amount (Ten thousand yuan)	Actual amount incurred (Ten thousand yuan)
Guangdong Communications Group Finance Co., Ltd	Controlled by the same parent company	Credit extension	400,000	70,700

6. Transactions with related finance company controlled by the Company

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

7. Other significant related-party transactions

√ Applicable □Not applicable

- (1) The Proposal on Concerning the Company Daily Associated Transactions Predicted of 2025 was reviewd and approved in the 27th meeting of the Tenth board of directors of the Company, Agree on the predicted daily associated transactions for the company headquarters, wholly-owned and holding subsidiaries of 2025, The total transaction amount did not exceed 78.232 yuan.
- (2) On March 3, 2025, The 27th meeting of the 10th Board of Directors reviewed and approved the Proposal on Increasing Capital to Guangdong Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd. to Invest in the Reconstruction and Expansion Project of Huizhou Xiaojinkou to Guangzhou Luogang Section of Jiguang Expressway and Huizhou Xiaojinkou to Lingkeng Section of Guanghui Expressway: 1. Agreed that the Company will increase capital to Guangdong Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd. to invest in the construction of the reconstruction and expansion project of the Huizhou Xiaojinkou to Guangzhou Luogang section of the Jiguang Expressway and Huizhou Xiaojinkou to Lingkeng section of the Guanghui Expressway;2. Agreed that the Company will take the estimated total investment amount of 30.52 billion yuan of the project approved by the Guangdong Provincial Development and Reform Commission as the basis, and the project capital is 35% of the total investment, and the Company will bear the capital contribution according to the 51% share ratio of Guangdong Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd., and the final settlement price of the project shall prevail.

The website to disclose the interim announcements on significant related-party transactions

		•
Description of provisional announcement	Date of disclosing provisional	Description of the website for disclosing
Description of provisional announcement	announcement	provisional announcements
Estimates announcement of the Daily	Manual: 4.2025	
Related Party Transaction of 2025	March 4,2025	www.cninfo.com.cn
Announcement of Related party	N 1 4 2025	· c
transaction	March 4,2025	www.cninfo.com.cn

XII. Significant contracts and execution

1.Entrustments, contracting and leasing

(1) Entrustment

□Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

(2) Contracting

□Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

(3) Leasing

☑Applicable □Not applicable

Note

During the reporting period, the Company generated leasing income of 9,171,682.64 yuan, and the main leasing assets were houses and buildings.

Project which generates profit or loss reaching over 10% of total profits of the Company during the Reporting Period

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

There were no leases with a 10% or greater impact on the Company's gross profit in the Reporting Period.

2. Significant Guarantees

□Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

3. Finance management on commission

□Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

4. Other significant contract

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

XIII. Explanation of other important events

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

XIV. Significant event of subsidiary of the Company

☑Applicable □Not applicable

During the reporting period, the Company received relevant government documents, clarifying that the Guangfo Expressway was recovered and managed by the government, and the operation and management expenses of Guangfo Expressway Co., Ltd. were paid in advance on behalf shall be paid by relevant units after audit and

liquidation in accordance with the procedures. Accordingly, Guangfo Company has offset the bad debt provision of 342,942,142.53 yuan that had been accrued to cover the management and maintenance expenses of Guangzhou-Foshan Expressway.

VI. Change of share capital and shareholding of Principal Shareholders

I. Changes in share capital

1. Changes in share capital

In shares

	Before the c	hange	Increase/decrease (+, -))		After the Change	
	Amount	Proportio n	Share allotment	Bonus shares	Capitalization of common reserve fund	Other	Subtota 1	Quantity	Proportion
1.Shares with conditional subscription	438,727,120	20.98%				-900	-900	438,726,220	20.98%
1.State-owned shares	410,105,738	19.61%						410,105,738	19.61%
2.State-owned legal person shares	21,712,738	1.04%						21,712,738	1.04%
3.Other domestic shares	6,908,644	0.33%				-900	-900	6,907,744	0.33%
Including: Domestic Legal person shares	6,402,633	0.31%				-40,781	-40,781	6,361,852	0.30%
Domestic natural person shares	506,011	0.02%				39,881	39,881	545,892	0.03%
4.Foreign shares	0	0.00%						0	0.00%
Including: Foreign legal person shares	0	0.00%						0	0.00%
Foreign natural person shares	0	0.00%						0	0.00%
II.Shares with unconditional subscription	1,652,079,006	79.02%				900	900	1,652,079,906	79.02%
1.Common shares in RMB	1,303,329,006	62.34%				900	900	1,303,329,906	62.34%
2.Foreign shares in domestic market	348,750,000	16.68%						348,750,000	16.68%
3.Foreign shares in foreign market	0	0.00%						0	0.00%
4.Other	0	0.00%						0	0.00%
III. Total of capital shares	2,090,806,126	100.00%			·	0	0	2,090,806,126	100.00%

Reasons for share changed

√ Applicable □Not applicable

- 1.During the Reporting Period, 40,781 shares of "domestic legal person holding of restricted conditional shares" were converted into "domestic natural person holding of restricted conditional shares"
- 2. During the reporting period, the 900 shares of "shares with no restricted sale condition" held by Ms Ke Lin, the resigned supervisor, were converted into "shares with restricted sale condition held by domestic natural persons"

Approval of Change of Shares

□Applicable √Not applicable

Ownership transfer of share changes

□Applicable √Not applicable

Implementation progress of shares buy-back

 \Box Applicable \sqrt{Not} applicable

Implementation progress of reducing holdings of shares buy-back by centralized bidding

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

Influence on the basic EPS and diluted EPS as well as other financial indexes of net assets per share attributable to common shareholders of Company in latest year and period

□Applicable √Not applicable

Other information necessary to disclose for the company or need to disclosed under requirement from security regulators

□Applicable √Not applicable

2. Change of shares with limited sales condition

√ Applicable □Not applicable

In Shares

Shareholder Name	Initial Restricted Shares	Number of Unrestricted Shares This Term	Number of Increased Restricted Shares This Term	Restricted Shares in the End of the Term	Reason for Restricted Shares	Date of Restriction Removal
Ke Lin	900	900	0	0	Outgoing executives locked up shares	January 2025
Total	900	900	0	0		

II. Securities issue and listing

□ Applicable √Not applicable

III. Shareholders and actual controlling shareholder

In Shares

Total number of common shareholders at the end of the reporting period			56,531		of preferred sharehod ting right at the end (note 8)			0
Particulars about shares he	ld above 5% by	shareholders of	or top ten sharehol	ders(Excludes sha	ares lent through ref	inancing)		
Shareholders	Nature of	Proportion of shares	Number of shares held at	Changes in reporting	Amount of restricted shares	Amount of un- restricted shares	Number of pledged/fr	
Shareholders	shareholder	held (%)	period -end	period	held	held	State of share	Amount
Guangdong Communication Group Co.,Ltd	State-owned legal person	24.56%	513,485,480	0	410,105,738	103,379,742	Not applicable	0
Guangdong Highway Construction Co., Ltd,	State-owned legal person	22.30%	466,325,020	0	0	0	Not applicable	0
Shangdong Expressway Investment Development Co., Ltd.	State-owned legal person	9.68%	202,429,927	0	0	0	Not applicable	0
Guangdong Provincial Freeway Co.,Ltd.	State-owned legal person	2.53%	52,937,491	0	19,582,228	33,355,263	Not applicable	0
China Life Insurance Co., Ltd—Traditional—General insurance products-005L—CT001 Shanghai	Other	2.45%	51,231,687	41,712,218	0	0	Not applicable	0
China Pacific Life Insurance Co., LtdChina Pacific Life Equity Dividend Product (Life Proprietary Trading) Entrusted Investment (Changjiang Pension))	Other	1.81%	37,812,274	0	0	0	Not applicable	0
HKSCC	Overseas legal person	0.78%	16,394,397	761,548	0	0	Not applicable	0
Orient Securities Co., Ltd	State-owned legal person	0.66%	13,758,802	1,062,689	0	0	Not applicable	0
Xinyue Company	Overseas legal person	0.63%	13,201,086	0	0	0	Not applicable	0
Agricultural Bank of China Co.,Ltd-China Post Core Growth Mixed Securities	Other	0.48%	10,000,000	-2,000,000	0	0	Not applicable	0
Strategic investor or general legal person becoming top-10 ordina due to rights issue (if any) (see note 3)	ry shareholder	r None						
Related or acting-in-concert parties among shareholders above			Guangdong Communication Group Co., Ltd. is the parent company of Guangdong Highway Construction Co., Ltd., Guangdong Provincial Freeway Co., Ltd. and Xinyue Co., Ltd., It is unknown whether there is relationship between other shareholders and whether they are persons taking concerted action specified in the Regulations on Disclosure of Information about Change in Shareholding of Shareholders of Listed Companies.					
Above shareholders entrusting or entrusted with voting rights, or waiving voting rights								
Top 10 shareholders including the special account for repurchase note 11)	(if any) (see	None						
Shareholding of top 10 shareholde	rs of unrestricted	d shares(Exclu	ding shares lent th	rough refinancing	g and Top managem	ent lock-in stock)		

The Semi-Annual Report 2025

Name of the shareholder	Quantity of unrestricted shares held at the	Share type				
Name of the shareholder	end of the reporting period	Share type	Quantity			
Guangdong Highway Construction Co., Ltd,	466,325,020	RMB Common shares	466,325,020			
Shangdong Expressway Investment Development Co., Ltd.	202,429,927	RMB Common shares	202,429,927			
Guangdong Communication Group Co.,Ltd	103,379,742	RMB Common shares	103,379,742			
China Life Insurance Co., Ltd — Traditional — General insurance products-005L—CT001 Shanghai	51,231,687	RMB Common shares	51,231,687			
China Pacific Life Insurance Co., LtdChina Pacific Life Equity	27.012.274	DVD G	51 221 605			
Dividend Product (Life Proprietary Trading) Entrusted Investment (Changjiang Pension))	37,812,274	RMB Common shares	51,231,687			
Guangdong Provincial Freeway Co.,Ltd.	33,355,263	RMB Common shares	33,355,263			
HKSCC	16,394,397	RMB Common shares	33,355,263			
Orient Securities Co., Ltd	13,758,802	RMB Common shares	13,758,802			
Xinyue Company	13,201,086	Foreign shares placed in domestic exchange	13,201,086			
Agricultural Bank of China Co.,Ltd-China Post Core Growth Mixed Securities	10,000,000	RMB Common shares	10,000,000			
Explanation on associated relationship or consistent action among the top 10 shareholders of non-restricted negotiable shares and that between the top 10 shareholders of non-restricted negotiable shares and top 10 shareholders Top 10 ordinary shareholders conducting securities margin trading (if any) (see note 4)	Guangdong Communication Group Co., Ltd. is the parent company of Guangdong Highway Construction Co., Ltd., Guangdong Provincial Freeway Co., Ltd. and Xinyue Co., Ltd., It is unknown whether there is relationship between other shareholders and whether they are persons taking concerted action specified in the Regulations on Disclosure of Information about Change in Shareholding of Shareholders of Listed Companies. None					

Information of shareholders holding more than 5% of the shares, the top 10 shareholders and the top 10 shareholders of unrestricted tradable shares participating in the lending of shares in securities lending and borrowing business

□ Applicable √ Not applicable

The top 10 shareholders and the top 10 shareholders of unrestricted tradable shares have changed compared with the previous period due to the securities lending/returning,

□ Applicable √ Not applicable

Whether top ten common shareholders or top ten common shareholders with un-restrict shares held have a buy-back agreement dealing in reporting period.

□ Yes √ No

The top ten common shareholders or top ten common shareholders with un-restrict shares held of the Company have no buy -back agreement dealing in reporting period.

IV. Changes of shares held by directors, supervisors and senior executives

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

Shares held by directors, supervisors and senior executives have no changes in reporting period, found more details in Annual Report 2024.

V. Changes in controlling shareholders or actual controllers

Change of controlling shareholder during the reporting period

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

The Company had no change of controlling shareholder during the reporting period

Change of actual controller during the reporting period

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

The Company had no change of actual controller during the reporting period

VI. Preferred stock

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

The Company had no preferred stock in the Period.

VII. Corporate Bond

 $\sqrt{\text{Applicable}}$ \square Not applicable

I. Enterprise bond

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period.

II. Corporate bond

√ Applicable □ Not applicable
No such cases in the reporting period.

III. Debt financing instruments of non-financial enterprises

√Applicable □ Not applicable

1.Basic information

In RMB 10,000

Bond name	Bond short name	Bond code	Issue day	Value date	Due day	Bond balance	Interest rate	Servicing way	Trading
Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development Co., Ltd. 2020 first phase medium-term notes	20 Guangdong Expressway MTN001	102000367	March 13,2020	March 17,2020	March 17,2025	0	3%	Due payments once a year, The principal and the last instalment interest are paid in one lump sum on the redemption date.	Interbank market

Overdue and unpaid bonds

- ☐ Applicable √ Not applicable
- 2. Trigger and implementation of option clauses and investor protection clauses of the issuer or investor
- ☐ Applicable √ Not applicable
- 3. Adjustment of credit rating results during the reporting period
- ☐ Applicable √ Not applicable
- 4 The implementation and changes of guarantee, debt repayment plan and other debt repayment guarantee measures during the reporting period and their impact on the rights and interests of bond investors
- ☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

IV. Convertible bond

□ Applicable √ Not applicable

No such cases in the reporting period

V. The loss within the scope of consolidated statements in the reporting period exceeded 10% of the net assets at the end of the previous year

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

VI. Main accounting data and financial indicators of the Company in recent two years by the end of the reporting period

In RMB10,000

Item	At the end of the reporting period	At the end of last year	At the same time rate of change
Current ratio	2.99	2.71	10.33%
Debt ratio	44.75%	41.20%	3.55%
Quick ratio	2.99	2.71	10.33%
	Amount of this period	Amount of last period	At the same time rate of change
Net profit after deducting non-recurring profit and loss	79,905.94	88,385.94	-9.59%
EBITDA total debt ratio	29.41%	27.39%	2.02%
Time interest earned ratio	18.68	13.44	38.99%
Cash interest guarantee times	19.35	13.69	41.34%
EBITDA Time interest earned ratio	24.12	17.97	34.22%
Repayment of debt (%)	100.00%	100.00%	0.00%
Payment of interest (%)	100.00%	100.00%	0.00%

VIII. Financial Report

I. Audit report

Has this semi-annual report been audited? $\Box Yes \ \sqrt{No}$

The semi-annual report was not audited.

II. Financial statements

Currency unit for the statements in the notes to these financial statements: RMB

1. Consolidated balance sheet

Prepared by: Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development Co.,Ltd.

June 30,2025

In RMB

Item	June 30,2025	January 1,2025
Current asset:		
Monetary fund	5,797,033,176.02	4,289,826,663.22
Settlement provision		
Outgoing call loan		
Transactional financial assets		
Derivative financial assets		
Notes receivable		
Account receivable	96,247,498.30	82,361,054.69
Financing of receivables		
Prepayments	5,944,423.66	3,732,159.00
Insurance receivable		
Reinsurance receivable		
Provisions of Reinsurance contracts receivable		
Other account receivable	262,587,885.66	148,857,119.34
Including: Interest receivable		
Dividend receivable	31,996,670.24	28,621,800.58
Repurchasing of financial assets		
Inventories		
Including: Data resources		
Contract assets		
Assets held for sales		
Non-current asset due within 1 year		
Other current asset	7,599,526.71	6,167,340.16
Total of current assets	6,169,412,510.35	4,530,944,336.41
Non-current assets:		, , ,
Loans and payment on other's behalf disbursed		
Creditor's right investment		
Other creditor's right investment		
Long-term receivable		
Long term share equity investment	4,218,884,448.22	3,332,350,008.84

Item	June 30,2025	January 1,2025
Other equity instruments investment	1,034,304,910.44	1,768,953,885.85
Other non-current financial assets	186,494,177.20	186,494,177.20
Property investment	2,115,352.22	2,225,911.46
Fixed assets	8,397,346,811.28	8,872,808,692.97
Construction in progress	3,366,947,277.98	2,665,392,094.81
Production physical assets		
Oil & gas assets		
Use right assets	9,022,508.88	14,217,517.99
Intangible assets	186,125,215.58	197,694,153.19
Including: Data resources		
Development expenses		
Including: Data resources		
Goodwill		
Long-germ expenses to be amortized		
Deferred income tax asset	29,824,967.45	32,679,298.44
Other non-current asset	853,414,712.19	837,904,037.77
Total of non-current assets	18,284,480,381.44	17,910,719,778.52
Total of assets	24,453,892,891.79	22,441,664,114.93
Current liabilities	24,433,692,691.79	22,441,004,114.93
Short-term loans	150,085,138.89	
Loan from Central Bank	130,083,138.89	
Borrowing funds		
Transactional financial liabilities		
Derivative financial liabilities		
Notes payable		
Account payable	150,004,863.42	226,104,482.05
Advance receipts	1,179,999.70	250,984.74
Contract liabilities	1,177,555.70	250,501.71
Selling of repurchased financial assets		
Deposit taking and interbank deposit		
Entrusted trading of securities		
Entrusted selling of securities		
Employees' wage payable	23,413,011.21	22,412,317.23
Tax payable	192,289,931.92	131,748,260.36
Other account payable	1,333,098,274.89	272,118,036.92
Including: Interest payable		
Dividend payable	1,169,375,280.23	32,714,825.12
Fees and commissions payable		
Reinsurance fee payable		
Liabilities held for sales		
Non-current liability due within 1 year	212,918,332.30	1,017,246,515.19
Other current liability	60,381.20	73,697.84
Total of current liability	2,063,049,933.53	1,669,954,294.33
Non-current liabilities:		
Reserve fund for insurance contracts		
Long-term loan	7,723,597,947.28	6,728,264,750.00
Bond payable		
Including: preferred stock		
Sustainable debt		
Lease liability	0.00	2,730,189.11
Long-term payable	2,022,210.11	2,022,210.11
Long-term remuneration payable to staff		
Expected liabilities		
Deferred income	820,845,988.93	511,971,907.34

Item	June 30,2025	January 1,2025
Deferred income tax liability	332,828,256.21	330,830,731.06
Other non-current liabilities		
Total non-current liabilities	8,879,294,402.53	7,575,819,787.62
Total of liability	10,942,344,336.06	9,245,774,081.95
Owners' equity		
Share capital	2,090,806,126.00	2,090,806,126.00
Other equity instruments		
Including: preferred stock		
Sustainable debt		
Capital reserves	782,910,377.14	782,661,218.56
Less: Shares in stock		
Other comprehensive income	375,075,030.96	366,149,871.08
Special reserve		
Surplus reserves	1,691,288,205.66	1,684,087,655.64
Common risk provision		
Retained profit	5,572,861,648.68	5,544,395,448.25
Total of owner's equity belong to the parent company	10,512,941,388.44	10,468,100,319.53
Minority shareholders' equity	2,998,607,167.29	2,727,789,713.45
Total of owners' equity	13,511,548,555.73	13,195,890,032.98
Total of liabilities and owners' equity	24,453,892,891.79	22,441,664,114.93

Legal Representative: Miao Deshan Person in charge of accounting: Lu Ming Accounting Dept Leader: Yan Xiaohong

2.Parent Company Balance Sheet

Item	June 30,2025	January 1,2025
Current asset:		
Monetary fund	1,888,701,389.02	1,827,026,427.48
Transactional financial assets		
Derivative financial assets		
Notes receivable		
Account receivable	17,746,839.12	19,832,233.51
Financing of receivables		
Prepayments	4,471,269.99	2,429,028.94
Other account receivable	184,330,954.29	436,815,407.73
Including: Interest receivable		
Dividend receivable	31,996,670.24	28,621,800.58
Inventories		
Including: Data resources		
Contract assets		
Assets held for sales		
Non-current asset due within 1 year		
Other current asset	7,560,700.24	6,128,385.43
Total of current assets	2,102,811,152.66	2,292,231,483.09
Non-current assets:		
Creditor's right investment		
Other creditor's right investment		
Long-term receivable		
Long term share equity investment	8,981,420,519.56	7,846,717,402.01
Other equity instruments investment	1,034,304,910.44	1,768,953,885.85
Other non-current financial assets		
Property investment	1,863,210.48	1,973,769.72

Item	June 30,2025	January 1,2025
Fixed assets	4,527,557,508.60	4,722,709,889.80
Construction in progress	307,586,315.99	308,615,083.86
Production physical assets		
Oil & gas assets		
Use right assets	8,460,629.15	13,566,418.32
Intangible assets	112,204,973.67	116,330,587.32
Including: Data resources		
Development expenses		
Including: Data resources		
Goodwill		
Long-germ expenses to be amortized		
Deferred income tax asset	25,456,592.90	28,274,192.91
Other non-current asset	2,060,000.00	2,060,000.00
Total of non-current assets	15,000,914,660.79	14,809,201,229.79
Total of assets	17,103,725,813.45	17,101,432,712.88
Current liabilities	17,103,723,013.13	17,101,132,712.00
Short-term loans	150,085,138.89	0.00
Transactional financial liabilities	130,063,136.69	0.00
Derivative financial liabilities		
Notes payable		
Account payable	90,031,024.70	116,590,086.29
Advance receipts		
Contract Liabilities	1,179,999.70	250,984.74
Employees' wage payable	7.542.696.44	7.715.710.20
Tax payable	7,543,686.44	7,715,710.30
1 1	55,399,706.18	23,752,944.73
Other account payable	1,526,081,030.89	306,323,712.32
Including: Interest payable		
Dividend payable		
Liabilities held for sales	02.0(1.(20.40	021 124 200 00
Non-current liability due within 1 year	92,961,620.49	931,134,209.98
Other current liability	5,589.60	18,906.24
Total of current liability	1,923,287,796.89	1,385,786,554.60
Non-current liabilities:	4.024.061.607.20	5 172 540 750 00
Long-term loan	4,824,061,697.28	5,172,549,750.00
Bond payable		
Including: preferred stock		
Sustainable debt		2 722 122 1
Lease liability	0.00	2,730,189.11
Long-term payable	2,022,210.11	2,022,210.11
Long-term remuneration payable to staff		
Expected liabilities		
Deferred income	0.00	273,537.20
Deferred income tax liability	119,885,377.49	117,617,593.90
Other non-current liabilities		
Total non-current liabilities	4,945,969,284.88	5,295,193,280.32
Total of liability	6,869,257,081.77	6,680,979,834.92
Owners' equity		
Share capital	2,090,806,126.00	2,090,806,126.00
Other equity instruments		
Including: preferred stock		
Sustainable debt		
Capital reserves	975,003,604.00	975,003,604.00
Less: Shares in stock		
Other comprehensive income	375,075,030.96	366,149,871.08

Item	June 30,2025	January 1,2025
Special reserve		
Surplus reserves	1,511,315,938.10	1,504,115,388.08
Retained profit	5,282,268,032.62	5,484,377,888.80
Total of owners' equity	10,234,468,731.68	10,420,452,877.96
Total of liabilities and owners' equity	17,103,725,813.45	17,101,432,712.88

3. Consolidated Income statement

T4	The first halfares - £2025	The first helfers
Item	The first half year of 2025	The first half year of 2024
I. Income from the key business	2,117,962,773.25	2,230,865,662.20
Incl: Business income	2,117,962,773.25	2,230,865,662.20
Interest income		
Insurance fee earned		
Fee and commission received	011 (52 520 05	050 125 202 65
II. Total business cost	811,653,738.85	859,137,382.65
Incl: Business cost	673,509,814.34	713,009,009.42
Interest expense		
Fee and commission paid		
Insurance discharge payment		
Net claim amount paid		
Net amount of withdrawal of insurance contract reserve		
Insurance policy dividend paid		
Reinsurance expenses		
Business tax and surcharge	9,618,612.69	9,369,301.31
Sales expense		
Administrative expense	84,133,577.69	82,947,690.68
R & D costs	707,494.88	
Financial expenses	43,684,239.25	53,811,381.24
Including: Interest expense	59,844,326.44	86,505,113.33
Interest income	16,237,101.63	32,771,177.29
Add: Other income	1,862,908.36	5,617,528.46
Investment gain ("-"for loss)	143,234,005.69	153,501,177.19
Incl: investment gains from affiliates	98,461,531.78	112,802,071.88
Financial assets measured at amortized cost cease to be recognized		
as income		
Gains from currency exchange		
Net exposure hedging income		
Changing income of fair value		
Credit impairment loss	331,211,870.16	-44,875,103.57
Impairment loss of assets		
Assets disposal income		
III. Operational profit ("-"for loss)	1,782,617,818.61	1,485,971,881.63
Add: Non-operational income	2,076,556.79	2,970,858.52
Less: Non-operating expense	2,556,368.54	1,775,168.96
IV. Total profit("-"for loss)	1,782,138,006.86	1,487,167,571.19
Less: Income tax expenses	342,247,329.69	349,883,636.23
V. Net profit	1,439,890,677.17	1,137,283,934.96
(I) Classification by business continuity		
1.Net continuing operating profit	1,439,890,677.17	1,137,283,934.96
2.Termination of operating net profit		
(II) Classification by ownership		
1.Net profit attributable to the owners of parent company	1,057,152,854.14	855,465,441.00
2.Minority shareholders' equity	382,737,823.03	281,818,493.96

Item	The first half year of 2025	The first half year of 2024
VI. Net after-tax of other comprehensive income	62,929,285.03	81,912,988.32
Net of profit of other comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent company.	62,929,285.03	81,912,988.32
(I) Other comprehensive income items that will not be reclassified into gains/losses in the subsequent accounting period	75,060,002.84	69,544,404.36
1.Re-measurement of defined benefit plans of changes in net debt or net assets		
2.Other comprehensive income under the equity method investee can not be reclassified into profit or loss.	10,781,382.95	4,754,735.83
3. Changes in the fair value of investments in other equity instruments	64,278,619.89	64,789,668.53
4. Changes in the fair value of the company's credit risks		
5.Other		
(II) Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified into profit or loss.	-12,130,717.81	12,368,583.96
1.Other comprehensive income under the equity method investee can be reclassified into profit or loss.	-12,130,717.81	12,368,583.96
2. Changes in the fair value of investments in other debt obligations		
3. Other comprehensive income arising from the reclassification of financial assets		
4. Allowance for credit impairments in investments in other debt obligations		
5. Reserve for cash flow hedges		
6.Translation differences in currency financial statements		
7.Other		
Net of profit of other comprehensive income attributable to Minority shareholders' equity		
VII. Total comprehensive income	1,502,819,962.20	1,219,196,923.28
Total comprehensive income attributable to the owner of the parent company	1,120,082,139.17	937,378,429.32
Total comprehensive income attributable minority shareholders	382,737,823.03	281,818,493.96
VIII. Earnings per share		
(I) Basic earnings per share	0.51	0.41
(II)Diluted earnings per share	0.51	0.41

The current business combination under common control, the net profits of the combined party before achieved net profit of RMB 0.00, last period the combined party realized RMB0.00.

Legal Representative: Miao Deshan

Person in charge of accounting: Lu Ming

Accounting Dept Leader: Yan Xiaohong

4. Income statement of the Parent Company

Item	The first half year of 2025	The first half year of 2024
I. Income from the key business	689,653,099.69	747,726,356.92
Incl: Business cost	249,849,908.94	251,427,697.00
Business tax and surcharge	4,301,394.18	3,919,611.75
Sales expense		
Administrative expense	50,747,951.64	51,192,311.12
R & D expense	116,154.10	0.00
Financial expenses	64,589,692.93	83,841,733.97
Including: Interest expenses	71,723,477.76	102,774,650.40
Interest income	7,152,457.34	18,957,385.88
Add: Other income	675,844.04	1,763,575.02
Investment gain ("-"for loss)	598,411,199.63	765,186,346.77
Including: investment gains from affiliates	99,592,368.53	115,094,457.16
Financial assets measured at amortized cost cease		

Item	The first half year of 2025	The first half year of 2024
to be recognized as income		-
Net exposure hedging income		
Changing income of fair value		
Credit impairment loss		
Impairment loss of assets		
Assets disposal income		
II. Operational profit ("-"for loss)	010 125 041 57	1 124 204 024 07
	919,135,041.57	1,124,294,924.87
Add: Non-operational income	401,845.65	768,133.90
Less: Non-operational expenses	437,008.94	351,002.85
III. Total profit("-"for loss)	919,099,878.28	1,124,712,055.92
Less: Income tax expenses	92,523,080.75	93,244,832.34
IV. Net profit	826,576,797.53	1,031,467,223.58
1.Net continuing operating profit	826,576,797.53	1,031,467,223.58
2.Termination of operating net profit		
V. Net after-tax of other comprehensive income	62,929,285.03	81,912,988.32
(I) Other comprehensive income items that will not be reclassified into gains/losses in the subsequent accounting period	75,060,002.84	69,544,404.36
1.Re-measurement of defined benefit plans of changes in net debt or net assets		
2.Other comprehensive income under the equity method investee can not be reclassified into profit or loss.	10,781,382.95	4,754,735.83
3. Changes in the fair value of investments in other equity instruments	64,278,619.89	64,789,668.53
4. Changes in the fair value of the company's credit risks		
5.Other		
(II)Other comprehensive income that will be reclassified into profit or loss	-12,130,717.81	12,368,583.96
1.Other comprehensive income under the equity method investee can be reclassified into profit or loss.	-12,130,717.81	12,368,583.96
2. Changes in the fair value of investments in other debt obligations		
3. Other comprehensive income arising from the reclassification of financial assets		
4.Allowance for credit impairments in investments in other debt obligations		
5. Reserve for cash flow hedges		
6.Translation differences in currency financial		
statements		
7.Other		
VI. Total comprehensive income	889,506,082.56	1,113,380,211.90
VII. Earnings per share		
(I) Basic earnings per share		
(II)Diluted earnings per share		

5. Consolidated Cash flow statement

Item	The first half year of 2025	The first half year of 2024
I.Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from sales of goods or rending of services	2,161,614,288.46	2,296,987,957.17
Net increase of customer deposits and capital kept for brother company		
Net increase of loans from central bank		
Net increase of inter-bank loans from other financial bodies		

Item	The first half year of 2025	The first half year of 2024
Cash received against original insurance	The first half year of 2020	The mot half year of 2021
contract		
Net cash received from reinsurance business		
Net increase of client deposit and		
investment		
Cash received from interest,		
commission charge and commission Net increase of inter-bank fund received		
Net increase of repurchasing business		
Net cash received by agent in		
securities trading		
Tax returned		
Other cash received from business	718,303,119.87	55,675,566.81
operation		
Sub-total of cash inflow	2,879,917,408.33	2,352,663,523.98
Cash paid for purchasing of merchandise and services	93,571,387.95	108,205,508.31
Net increase of client trade and advance		
Net increase of savings in central bank		
and brother company		
Cash paid for original contract claim		
Net increase in financial assets held for trading purposes		
Net increase for Outgoing call loan		
Cash paid for interest, processing fee		
and commission		
Cash paid to staffs or paid for staffs	220,702,576.63	209,856,266.59
Taxes paid	351,003,549.78	394,301,408.92
Other cash paid for business activities	316,973,111.42	37,044,330.48
Sub-total of cash outflow from business	982,250,625.78	749,407,514.30
activities	702,230,023.70	712,107,211.50
Net cash generated from /used in operating activities	1,897,666,782.55	1,603,256,009.68
II. Cash flow generated by investing		
Cash received from investment retrieving	107,111,100.00	
Cash received as investment gains	74,666,322.31	19,579,614.82
Net cash retrieved from disposal of fixed		
assets, intangible assets, and other long-	39,571.00	39,500.00
term assets		
Net cash received from disposal of subsidiaries or other operational units		
Other investment-related cash received	4,422.50	3,692,567.08
Sub-total of cash inflow due to		
investment activities	181,821,415.81	23,311,681.90
Cash paid for construction of fixed		
assets, intangible assets and other	746,742,625.37	952,618,810.45
long-term assets Cash paid as investment	2.088.000.00	80 212 000 00
Net increase of loan against pledge	2,088,000.00	89,312,000.00
Net cash received from subsidiaries and		
other operational units		
Other cash paid for investment activities	158,268.90	1,701,600.00
Sub-total of cash outflow due to	748,988,894.27	1,043,632,410.45
investment activities		
Net cash flow generated by investment	-567,167,478.46	-1,020,320,728.55
III.Cash flow generated by financing		22.22.2
Cash received as investment	83,125,000.00	87,937,500.00
Including: Cash received as investment from minor shareholders	83,125,000.00	87,937,500.00
Cash received as loans	2,870,000,000.00	780,000,000.00
10001. 00 ub 10 uiib	2,070,000,000.00	700,000,000.00

Item	The first half year of 2025	The first half year of 2024
Other financing -related cash received		
Sub-total of cash inflow from financing activities	2,953,125,000.00	867,937,500.00
Cash to repay debts	2,508,438,234.24	751,931,275.00
Cash paid as dividend, profit, or interests	270,359,441.49	441,738,661.71
Including: Dividend and profit paid by subsidiaries to minor shareholders	151,725,000.00	290,401,407.05
Other cash paid for financing activities	5,736,824.98	3,488,898.16
Sub-total of cash outflow due to financing activities	2,784,534,500.71	1,197,158,834.87
Net cash flow generated by financing	168,590,499.29	-329,221,334.87
IV. Influence of exchange rate alternation on cash and cash equivalents		
V.Net increase of cash and cash equivalents	1,499,089,803.38	253,713,946.26
Add: balance of cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of term	4,259,653,084.58	4,701,657,434.00
VIBalance of cash and cash equivalents at the end of term	5,758,742,887.96	4,955,371,380.26

6. Cash Flow Statement of the Parent Company

Item	The first half year of 2025	The first half year of 2024
I.Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from sales of goods or rending of services	713,782,072.76	774,070,900.69
Tax returned		
Other cash received from business operation	221,638,595.97	22,265,281.97
Sub-total of cash inflow	935,420,668.73	796,336,182.66
Cash paid for purchasing of merchandise and services	25,155,642.65	37,386,164.18
Cash paid to staffs or paid for staffs	70,202,656.75	65,847,099.39
Taxes paid	83,126,053.31	78,312,422.66
Other cash paid for business activities	74,238,187.44	89,938,813.82
Sub-total of cash outflow from business activities	252,722,540.15	271,484,500.05
Net cash generated from /used in operating activities	682,698,128.58	524,851,682.61
II. Cash flow generated by investing		
Cash received from investment retrieving		
Cash received as investment gains	529,146,554.89	630,032,615.15
Net cash retrieved from disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets, and other long-term assets	19,290.00	36,500.00
Net cash received from disposal of subsidiaries or other operational units		
Other investment-related cash received		
Sub-total of cash inflow due to investment activities	529,165,844.89	630,069,115.15
Cash paid for construction of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term assets	38,880,023.89	92,121,214.65
Cash paid as investment	0.00	74,000,000.00
Net cash received from subsidiaries and other operational units		
Other cash paid for investment activities	158,268.90	
Sub-total of cash outflow due to investment activities	39,038,292.79	166,121,214.65
Net cash flow generated by investment	490,127,552.10	463,947,900.50

Item	The first half year of 2025	The first half year of 2024
III. Cash flow generated by financing		
Cash received as investment		
Cash received as loans	1,065,000,000.00	0.00
Other financing –related ash received		
Sub-total of cash inflow from financing activities	1,065,000,000.00	0.00
Cash to repay debts	2,080,421,484.24	723,987,150.00
Cash paid as dividend, profit, or interests	89,992,409.92	137,221,490.45
Other cash paid for financing activities	5,736,824.98	3,488,898.16
Sub-total of cash outflow due to financing activities	2,176,150,719.14	864,697,538.61
Net cash flow generated by financing	-1,111,150,719.14	-864,697,538.61
IV. Influence of exchange rate alternation on cash and cash equivalents		
V.Net increase of cash and cash equivalents	61,674,961.54	124,102,044.50
Add: balance of cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of term	1,825,805,227.48	2,462,888,567.51
VIBalance of cash and cash equivalents at the end of term	1,887,480,189.02	2,586,990,612.01

7. Consolidated Statement on Change in Owners' Equity

Amount in this period

	The first half year of 2025														
						Owner'	s equity Attributable	to the Parent Co	mpany						
Items			Equity instrur	ment		Less:	Other	C:-1:1		Common				Minor shareholders'	Total of owners' equity
	Share Capital	Preferr ed stock	Sustainab le debt	Other	Capital reserves	Shares in stock	Comprehensive Income	Specialized reserve	Surplus reserves	risk provision	Retained profit	Other	Subtotal	equity	equity
I.Balance at the end of last year	2,090,806,126.00				782,661,218.56		366,149,871.08		1,684,087,655.64		5,544,395,448.25		10,468,100,319.53	2,727,789,713.45	13,195,890,032.98
Add: Change of															
accounting policy Correcting of previous															
errors															
Other															
II.Balance at the beginning of current year	2,090,806,126.00				782,661,218.56		366,149,871.08		1,684,087,655.64		5,544,395,448.25		10,468,100,319.53	2,727,789,713.45	13,195,890,032.98
III.Changed in the current year					249,158.58		8,925,159.88		7,200,550.02		28,466,200.43		44,841,068.91	270,817,453.84	315,658,522.75
(1) Total comprehensive income							62,929,285.03				1,057,152,854.14		1,120,082,139.17	382,737,823.03	1,502,819,962.20
(II) Investment or															
decreasing of capital by owners														83,125,000.00	83,125,000.00
1 . Ordinary Shares invested by shareholders														83,125,000.00	83,125,000.00
2 . Holders of other equity instruments invested capital															
Amount of shares paid and accounted as owners' equity															
4. Other															
(III) Profit allotment											-1,093,491,603.90		-1,093,491,603.90	-195,045,369.19	-1,288,536,973.09
1.Providing of surplus reserves															
2.Providing of common risk provisions															
3. Allotment to the owners (or shareholders)											-1,093,491,603.90		-1,093,491,603.90	-195,045,369.19	-1,288,536,973.09
4. Other															
(IV) Internal transferring of owners' equity							-54,004,125.15		5,400,412.52		48,603,712.63				

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Capitalizing of capital reserves (or to capital shares)									
2. Capitalizing of surplus reserves (or to capital shares)									
Making up losses by surplus reserves.									
4.Change amount of defined benefit plans that carry forward Retained earnings									
5. Other comprehensive income carry-over retained earnings				-54,004,125.15	5,400,412.52	48,603,712.63			
6. Other									
(V). Special reserves									
1. Provided this year									
2. Used this term									
(VI) Other			249,158.58		1,800,137.50	16,201,237.56	18,250,533.64		18,250,533.64
IV. Balance at the end of this term	2,090,806,126.00		782,910,377.14	375,075,030.96	1,691,288,205.66	5,572,861,648.68	10,512,941,388.44	2,998,607,167.29	13,511,548,555.73

Amount in last year

		III ICVID													
	The first half year of 2024														
Τ.						Owner'	s equity Attributable	to the Parent Co	mpany					Minan	
Items	a. a : 1		Equity instru	ment	0.11	Less:	Other	Specialized	0 1	Common	D 1 . C.	0.1	0.11	Minor shareholders'	Total of owners' equity
	Share Capital	Preferre d stock	Sustainab le debt	Other	Capital reserves	Shares in stock	Comprehensive Income	reserve	Surplus reserves	risk provision	Retained profit	Other	Subtotal	equity	
I.Balance at the end of last year	2,090,806,126.00				783,125,493.70		163,568,401.33		1,520,627,456.34		5,289,404,378.52		9,847,531,855.89	2,561,273,947.6 9	12,408,805,803.58
Add: Change of															
accounting policy															
Correcting of previous errors															
Other															
II.Balance at the beginning of current year	2,090,806,126.00				783,125,493.70		163,568,401.33		1,520,627,456.34		5,289,404,378.52		9,847,531,855.89	2,561,273,947.6 9	12,408,805,803.58
III.Changed in the current year					-297,509.58		81,912,988.32				-288,205,509.92		-206,590,031.18	38,181,197.62	-168,408,833.56
(1) Total comprehensive income							81,912,988.32				855,465,441.00		937,378,429.32	281,818,493.96	1,219,196,923.28
(II) Investment or decreasing of capital by owners														87,937,500.00	87,937,500.00
1 . Ordinary Shares invested by shareholders														87,937,500.00	87,937,500.00
2 . Holders of other equity instruments															
3. Amount of shares paid and accounted as															
owners' equity															
4. Other															
(III) Profit allotment											-1,143,670,950.92		1,143,670,950.92	-331,574,796.34	-1,475,245,747.26
1.Providing of surplus reserves															
2.Providing of common risk provisions															
3. Allotment to the owners (or shareholders)											-1,143,670,950.92		1,143,670,950.92	-331,574,796.34	-1,475,245,747.26
4. Other															
(IV) Internal transferring of owners' equity															
Capitalizing of capital reserves (or to capital shares)															
Capitalizing of surplus reserves (or to capital															

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								The first l	half year of 2024						
Items						Owner'	s equity Attributable	to the Parent Co	mpany					shareholders	Total of owners'
items		Other	Equity instru	nent		Less:	Other	Specialized		Common					
	Share Capital	Preferre d stock	Sustainab le debt	Other		Shares in stock	Comprehensive Income	reserve	Surplus reserves	risk provision	Retained profit	Other	Subtotal	equity	1 ,
shares)															
Making up losses by surplus reserves.															
4.Change amount of defined benefit plans that carry forward Retained earnings															
5. Other comprehensive income carry-over retained earnings															
6. Other															
(V). Special reserves															
1. Provided this year															
2. Used this term															
(VI) Other					-297,509.58								-297,509.58		-297,509.58
IV. Balance at the end of this term	2,090,806,126.00				782,827,984.12		245,481,389.65		1,520,627,456.34		5,001,198,868.60		9,640,941,824.71	2,599,455,145.3	12,240,396,970.02

8.Statement of change in owner's Equity of the Parent Company

Amount in this period

												III KIVID
		The first half year of 2025										
Items	Share capital	Other Preferred stock	Equity instrume Sustainable debt	Other	Capital reserves	Less: Shares in stock	Other Comprehensive Income	Specialized reserve	Surplus reserves	Retained profit	Other	Total of owners' equity
I.Balance at the end of last year	2,090,806,126.00				975,003,604.00		366,149,871.08		1,504,115,388.08	5,484,377,888.80		10,420,452,877.96
Add: Change of accounting policy Correcting of previous												
errors Other												
II.Balance at the beginning of current year	2,090,806,126.00				975,003,604.00		366,149,871.08		1,504,115,388.08	5,484,377,888.80		10,420,452,877.96
III.Changed in the current year							8,925,159.88		7,200,550.02	-202,109,856.18		-185,984,146.28
(I) Total comprehensive income							62,929,285.03			826,576,797.53		889,506,082.56
(II) Investment or decreasing of capital by owners												
1 . Ordinary Shares invested by shareholders												
2 . Holders of other equity instruments invested capital												
3. Amount of shares paid and accounted as owners' equity												
4. Other												
(III) Profit allotment										1,093,491,603.90		-1,093,491,603.90
1.Providing of surplus reserves												
2. Allotment to the owners (or shareholders)										1,093,491,603.90		-1,093,491,603.90
3. Other												

						The	e first half year of 202	5				
		Other	Equity instrume	nt			0.1					
Items	Share capital	Preferred stock	Sustainable debt	Other	Capital reserves	Less: Shares in stock	Other Comprehensive Income	Specialized reserve	Surplus reserves	Retained profit	Other	Total of owners' equity
(IV) Internal transferring of owners' equity							-54,004,125.15		5,400,412.52	48,603,712.63		
Capitalizing of capital reserves (or to capital shares)												
2. Capitalizing of surplus reserves (or to capital shares)												
3. Making up losses by surplus reserves.												
4.Change amount of defined benefit plans that carry forward Retained earnings												
5. Other comprehensive income carry-over retained earnings							-54,004,125.15		5,400,412.52	48,603,712.63		
6. Other												
(V) Special reserves												
1. Provided this year												
2. Used this term												
(VI) Other									1,800,137.50	16,201,237.56		18,001,375.06
IV. Balance at the end of this term	2,090,806,126.00				975,003,604.00		375,075,030.96		1,511,315,938.10	5,282,268,032.62		10,234,468,731.68

Amount in last year

		The first half year of 2024										
		Other	Equity instrume	nt		Less:	Other					
Items	Share Capital	Preferred stock	Sustainable debt	Other	Capital reserves	Shares in stock	Comprehensive Income	Specialized reserve	Surplus reserves	Retained profit	Other	Total of owners' equity
I.Balance at the end of last year	2,090,806,126.00				975,003,604.00		163,568,401.33		1,340,655,188.78	5,156,907,046.00		9,726,940,366.11
Add: Change of accounting policy												
Correcting of previous errors												
Other												
II.Balance at the beginning of current year	2,090,806,126.00				975,003,604.00		163,568,401.33		1,340,655,188.78	5,156,907,046.00		9,726,940,366.11
III.Changed in the current year							81,912,988.32			-112,203,727.34		-30,290,739.02
(I) Total comprehensive income (II) Investment or decreasing of capital by owners							81,912,988.32			1,031,467,223.58		1,113,380,211.90
1 . Ordinary Shares invested by shareholders												
equity instruments invested capital												
3.Amount of shares paid and accounted as owners' equity												
4. Other												
(III) Profit allotment										1,143,670,950.92		-1,143,670,950.92
1.Providing of surplus reserves												
2. Allotment to the owners (or shareholders)										1,143,670,950.92		-1,143,670,950.92
3. Other												

						The	e first half year of 2024	1				
		Other	Equity instrume	nt								
Items	Share Capital	Preferred stock	Sustainable debt	Other	Capital reserves	Less: Shares in stock	Other Comprehensive Income	Specialized reserve	Surplus reserves	Retained profit	Other	Total of owners' equity
(IV) Internal transferring of owners' equity												
Capitalizing of capital reserves (or to capital shares)												
2. Capitalizing of surplus reserves (or to capital shares)												
3. Making up losses by surplus reserves.												
4.Change amount of defined benefit plans that carry forward Retained earnings												
5. Other comprehensive income carry-over retained earnings												
6. Other												
(V) Special reserves												
1. Provided this year												
2. Used this term												
(VI) Other												
IV. Balance at the end of this term	2,090,806,126.00				975,003,604.00		245,481,389.65		1,340,655,188.78	5,044,703,318.66		9,696,649,627.09

III. Company Profile

1. Basic information of the IPO and share capital of the company

The Company was established in February 1993, which was originally named as Guangdong Fokai Expressway Co., Ltd. On June 30, 1993, it was renamed as Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development Co., Ltd. after reorganization pursuant to the approval of the Office of Joint Examination Group of Experimental Units of Share Holding System with YLSB (1993)No. 68 document. The share capital structure after reorganization is as follows:

Composition of state-owned shares: The appraised net value of state-owned assets of Guangdong Jiujiang Bridge Co. and Guangfo Expressway Co., Ltd. as of January 31, 1993 confirmed by Guangdong State-owned Asset Management Dept, i.e.,RMB 418.2136 million, was converted into 155.025 million shares. Guangdong Expressway Co. invested cash of RMB 115 million to subscribe for 35.9375 million shares. Other legal persons invested cash of RMB 286.992 million to subscribe for 89.685 million shares. Staff of the Company invested RMB 87.008 million to subscribe for 27.19 million shares. The total is RMB 307.8375 million shares.

Pursuant to the approval of Guangdong Economic System Reform Committee and Guangdong Securities Regulatory Commission with YTG (1996) No. 67 document, part of the shareholders of non-state-owned legal person shares transferred 20 million non-state-owned legal person shares to Malaysia Yibao Engineering Co., Ltd. in June 1996.

Pursuant to the approval of Securities Commission under the State Council with WF (1996) No. 24 approval document and that of Guangdong Economic System Reform Committee with YTG (1996) No. 68 document, the Company issued 135 million domestically listed foreign investment shares (B shares) to overseas investors at the price of HKD 3.54 (equivalent to RMB 3.8) with the par value of each share being RMB 1 during June to July 1996.

Pursuant to the reply of the Ministry of Foreign Trade and Economic Cooperation of the People's Republic of China with (1996) WJMZYHZ No. 606 document, the Company was approved to be a foreign-invested joint stock company limited.

The Company distributed dividends and capitalized capital common reserve for the year 1996 in the following manner: The Company paid 1.7 bonus shares f or each 10 shares and capitalized capital common reserve on 3.3-for-10 basis.

Pursuant to the approval of China Securities Regulatory Committee (CSRC) with ZJFZ (1997) No. 486 and No. 487 document, the Company issued 100 million public shares (A shares) at the price of RMB 5.41 in term of "payable in full on application, pro-rate placing and subject to refund" with the par value of each share being RMB 1 in January 1998.

In accordance with the Resolutions of the 1999 Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company and pursuant to the approval of Guangzhou Securities Regulatory Office under CSRC with GZZJH (2000) No. 99 and that of CSRC with ZJGSZ (2000) No. 98, the Company offered 3 Rights for every 10 shares of 764.256249 million shares at the price of RMB 11 per Right.73,822,250 ordinary shares were actually placed to all.

Pursuant to the reply of the General Office of the People's Government of Guangdong Province with YBH (2000) No. 574 document, the state-owned shares were transferred to Guangdong Communication Group Co.,

Ltd. (Group Co.) for holding and management without compensation.

.Pursuant to the approval of Shenzhen Stock Exchange, 53.0205 million staff shares of the Company (132,722 shares held by directors, supervisors and senior executives are temporarily frozen) were listed on February 5, 2001.

10.In accordance with the resolutions of 2000 annual shareholders' general meeting, the Company capitalized capital common reserve into 419,039,249 shares on 5-for-10 basis with the total share capital as of the end of 2000, i.e., 838,078,499 shares as base. The date of stock right registration was May 21, 2001. The ex-right date was May 22, 2001.

On March 8, 2004, As approved by China Securities Regulatory Commission by document Zheng-Jian-Gong-Si-Zi [2003]No.3, the 45,000,000 non-negotiable foreign shares were placed in Shenzhen Stock

On December 21, 2005, the Company's plan for share holding structure reform was voted through at the shareholders' meeting concerning A shares. On January 26 2006, The Ministry of Commerce of PRC issued "The approval on share converting of Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development Co., Ltd." to approve the share equity relocation and transformation. On October 9 2006, according to the "Circular about implementing of share equity relocation and relative trading" issued by Shenzhen Stock Exchange, the abbreviation ID of the Company's A shares was restored from "G-Expressway" "Expressway A".

.Upon the approval document of CSRC No.230-2016 Zheng Jian Xu ke-Approval of the Share-Issuing to Parties such as Guangdong Provincial Expressway Co., Ltd to Purchase Assets and Raise Matching Funds by Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development Co., Ltd, in June 2016 the company issued 33,355,263 shares and paid RMB 803.50 million to Guangdong Provincial Expressway Co., Ltd for purchasing the 25% stake of Guangdong Provincial Fokai Expressway Co., Ltd held by Guangdong Provincial Expressway Co., Ltd; and issued 466,325,020 shares to Guangdong Provincial Highway Construction Co., Ltd for purchasing the 100% stake of Guangzhou Guangzhu Traffic Investment Management Co., Ltd held by Guangdong Provincial Highway Construction Co., Ltd. On June 21, 2016, the company directionally issued 334,008,095 A-shares to Yadong FuxingYalian InvestmentCo.,Ltd, Tibet Yinyue Investment Management Co.,Ltd and Guangfa Securities Co.,Ltd. The issuance of shares have been registered on July 7, 2016, the new shares will be listed on July 8, 2016.

2. Company's registered place and headquarters address

Registration placeNo.85, Baiyun Road, Yuexiu District, Guangzhou.

Headquarters Office: 45-46/F, Litong Plaza, No.32, Zhujiang East Road, Zhujiang New City, TiheDisrtict, Guangzhou

3. Business nature and main business activities

Industry and main products of the company: highway management and maintenance.

General business items: investment, construction, charging, maintenance and service management of expressways, grade roads and bridges; Automobile rescue service, maintenance and cleaning; Parking lot charges; Design, production, release and agency of all kinds of advertisements at home and abroad; Land development along the highway; Warehousing business; Intelligent transportation technology research and development and service; Equity investment, management and consultation. (Projects that must be approved according to law can be operated only after being approved by relevant departments).

The financial statements have been authorized for issuance of the Board of Directors of the Company on August

28,2025.

IV. Basis for the preparation of financial statements

1.Preparation basis

The financial statements shall be prepared in accordance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises and relevant provisions promulgated by the Ministry of Finance, as well as the relevant provisions of the Compilation Rules for Information Disclosure of Companies publicly Issuing Securities No.15 ——Financial Report (2023 Revision) of the China Securities Regulatory Commission.

2. Continuation

The Company has evaluated the going concern ability for 12 months from June 30,2025, and has found no matters or circumstances causing significant doubt about the going concern ability. Therefore, this financial statement is prepared on the basis of the going concern assumptions.

V. Significant Accounting Policies and Accounting Estimates

Tips for specific accounting policy and estimate:

None

1. Statement of Compliance with the Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises

On June 30,2025, The financial statements of the Company are recognized and measured in accordance with the regulations in the Chinese Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises and they give a true and fair view of the financial position, business result and cash flow of the Company from January to June 2025.

2. Accounting period

The accounting period of the Company is the calendar year from January 1 to December 31.

3. Operating cycle

The normal operating cycle refers to the period from the time when the Group purchases assets for processing to the time when cash or cash equivalents are realized. The Company takes 12 months as a business cycle and uses it as a criterion for liquidity classification of assets and liabilities.

4. Standard currency for bookkeeping

RMB is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company and its domestic subsidiaries operate. Accordingly, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries use RMB as their functional currency. These financial statements are presented in RMB.

5, Importance criteria determination method and selection basis

☑Applicable □Not applicable

Item	Materiality atandard
Material receivables with bad debt provision accrued	Those whose single provision amount accounts for more than 5% of the
individually	ending balance of various receivables
Material recovery or reversal of bad debt provisions for	
receivables	than 5% of the ending balance of various receivables

Item	Materiality atandard
Material write-off of receivables	Those whose single write off amount accounts for more than 5% of the ending balance of various receivables
Material prepayments with an age of more than one year	Those whose amount with a single account age of more than one year accounts for more than 10% of the ending balance of prepayments, and an amount of more than RMB 5 million
Material projects under construction	Those with a single project investment budget of more than RMB 10 million
Material accounts payable and other payables with an age of over one year	Those whose amount with a single age of more than one year accounts for more than 5% of the balance of accounts payable or other payables
Material non-wholly-owned subsidiaries	The subsidiaries whose year-end net assets, total year-end assets, current operating income, and total current profit account for more than 10% of the Company's year-end net assets, total year-end assets, current operating income, and total current profit
Material joint venture or associated enterprises	Those whose ending book value of a long-term equity investment in a single investee accounts for more than 5% of the Company's ending net assets, or whose current investment income (loss calculated in absolute amount) under the equity method of long-term equity investment accounts for more than 5% of the Company's consolidated current net profits
Material commitments	Those with an amount for a single type of more than RMB 500 million
Material contingencies	Those with a single amount of more than RMB 10 million
Material investment activities	Those whose cash received from or paid for a single investment activity account for more than 5% of the total cash inflow or outflow

6. Accounting Treatment for Business Combinations under Common Control and Non-common Control

Business combinations under common control: The assets and liabilities acquired by the acquirer in a business combination (including goodwill arising from the ultimate controlling party's acquisition of the acquiree) are measured based on the carrying amounts of the acquiree's assets and liabilities in the ultimate controlling party's consolidated financial statements as of the merger date. For the difference between the carrying amounts of the net assets obtained in the merger and the carrying amounts of the merger consideration paid (or the total face value of the issued shares), adjust the share capital premium in the capital reserve. If the share capital premium in the capital reserve is insufficient to offset, adjust the retained earnings.

Business combinations under non-common control: The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at the fair value of the assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the acquirer at the acquisition date in exchange for control of the acquiree. If the consideration transferred exceeds the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets, the excess is recognized as goodwill; if the consideration transferred is less, the difference is recognized as profit or loss for the period. The identifiable assets, liabilities, and contingent liabilities of the acquiree that meet the recognition criteria are measured at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Directly attributable costs incurred for a business combination are recognized in profit or loss when incurred; transaction costs related to the issuance of equity or debt securities for the business combination are included in the initial measurement amount of the respective equity or debt securities.

7. Criteria for Control and Preparation Method of Consolidated Financial Statements

(1) Criteria for control

Control means that the Company has the power over the investee, enjoys variable returns by participating in the related activities of the investee, and has the ability to influence the amount of returns by using the power over

the investee. Once the changes in relevant facts and circumstances lead to changes in the relevant factors involved in the definition of control, the Company will re-evaluate.

(2) Method for preparing consolidated financial statements

The scope of consolidation of the consolidated financial statements is determined based on control.

The Company includes subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements from the date it obtains control and excludes them from the date control ceases.

For subsidiaries disposed of, their operating results and cash flows prior to the disposal date are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement; The opening balances of the consolidated balance sheet are not adjusted for subsidiaries disposed of during the period.

For subsidiaries acquired through business combinations not under common control, their operating results and cash flows have been appropriately included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement from the acquisition date onward. Subsidiaries or businesses acquired during the reporting period through business combinations not under common control are consolidated from the acquisition date based on the fair values of identifiable assets, liabilities, and contingent liabilities determined at that date.

For subsidiaries acquired through business combinations under common control, regardless of when the combination occurs during the reporting period, they are treated as if they had been part of the Company's consolidated financial statements since the date they came under the ultimate controlling party's control, and their operating results and cash flows are included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated cash flow statement from the beginning of the earliest reporting period presented.

Subsidiaries adopt the principal accounting policies and reporting periods in accordance with the uniform accounting policies and reporting periods prescribed by the Company.

All significant intercompany balances, transactions, and unrealized profits are eliminated in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The portion of a subsidiary's equity not attributable to the parent company is recognized as "non-controlling interests" within the equity section of the consolidated balance sheet. The portion of a subsidiary's net profit or loss attributable to non-controlling interests is presented as "non-controlling interests in profit or loss" under net profit in the consolidated income statement.

If the share of a subsidiary's losses attributable to non-controlling interests exceeds their interest in the subsidiary's opening equity balance, the excess shall continue to be allocated against non-controlling interests.

For transactions involving the acquisition of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary or partial disposal of equity investments without loss of control over the subsidiary, such transactions shall be accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of equity attributable to the parent company's owners and non-controlling interests shall be adjusted to reflect changes in their respective interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the adjustment to non-controlling interests and the fair value of consideration paid/received is adjusted to capital reserve. If capital reserve is insufficient, retained earnings are adjusted.

If control over a subsidiary is lost due to partial disposal of equity interests or other reasons, the remaining equity interest is remeasured at fair value at the date control is lost. The difference between (a) the sum of the consideration received from the disposal and the fair value of any remaining equity interest, and (b) the share of

the net assets of the former subsidiary attributable to the previous ownership percentage (calculated on a continuous basis from the acquisition date), shall be recognized as investment income in the period in which control is lost, with a corresponding reduction in goodwill. Other comprehensive income related to the former subsidiary is reclassified to current profits or losses when control is lost.

8. Criteria for Determining Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash refers to the Company's cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents refer to short-term (generally with a maturity of three months or less from the acquisition date), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

9. Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency at the spot exchange rate on the transaction date. However, for foreign exchange transactions or transactions involving currency exchange, the actual exchange rate applied is used for translation into the functional currency.

At the balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are translated using the spot exchange rate on that date. Exchange differences arising from the difference between the spot exchange rate on the balance sheet date and the spot exchange rate at the initial recognition date or the previous balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss, except for: ① exchange differences arising from specific borrowings that qualify for capitalization, which are capitalized as part of the cost of the related asset during the capitalization period; ② exchange differences on hedging instruments used to hedge foreign currency risks, which are accounted for under hedge accounting; and ③ exchange differences arising from changes in the carrying amount (other than amortized cost) of monetary items classified as at fair value through other comprehensive income, which are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items measured at historical cost in a foreign currency continue to be measured at the functional currency amount translated using the spot exchange rate on the transaction date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the spot exchange rate on the date the fair value is determined. The difference between the translated functional currency amount and the original functional currency amount is treated as a fair value change (including the effect of exchange rate changes) and recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

10. Financial Instruments

A financial asset, financial liability, or equity instrument is recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

(1) Classification of financial instruments

According to the business model of financial assets under management and the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets, the Company divides financial assets into three categories at the initial recognition: financial assets measured by amortized cost, financial assets measured by fair value with its changes included in other comprehensive income, and financial assets measured by fair value with its changes included in profit or loss.

The Company classifies financial assets that meet both of the following criteria and are not designated at fair value through profit or loss as financial assets measured at amortized cost:

- The business model's objective is to hold the assets to collect contractual cash flows;
- The contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

The Company classifies financial assets that meet both of the following criteria and are not designated at fair value through profit or loss as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments):

- The business model's objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets;
- The contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

For the investment in non-transactional equity instruments, the Company can irrevocably designate it as a financial asset measured at fair value with changes included in other comprehensive income at the initial recognition (equity instrument). The designation is made on the basis of a single investment, and the relevant investment conforms to the definition of equity instrument from the issuer's point of view.

Except for the above financial assets measured in amortized cost and those at fair value with changes included in other comprehensive income, the Company classifies all other financial assets as financial assets measured at fair value with changes included in profit or loss.

At initial recognition, financial liabilities are classified as either: (i) financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, or (ii) financial liabilities measured at amortized cost.

- (2) Recognition criteria and measurement methods for financial instruments
- 1) Financial assets measured in amortized cost

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, long-term receivables, debt investments, etc. These assets are initially measured at fair value, with related transaction costs included in the initial recognition amount. However, accounts receivable without significant financing components and those for which the Company elects not to consider financing components of one year or less are initially measured at the contractual transaction price.

During the holding period, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in profit or loss.

Upon derecognition or disposal, the difference between the consideration received and the carrying amount of the financial asset is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Financial assets measured at fair value with changes included in other comprehensive income (debt instruments)

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (debt instruments) include accounts receivable financing, other debt investments, etc. These assets are initially measured at fair value, with related transaction costs included in the initial recognition amount. These financial assets are subsequently

measured at fair value. Changes in fair value, except for interest calculated using the effective interest method, impairment gains or losses, and exchange differences, are recognized in other comprehensive income.

Upon derecognition, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified from other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

3) Financial assets measured at fair value with changes included in other comprehensive income (equity instrument)

Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (equity instruments) include investments in other equity instruments, etc. These assets are initially measured at fair value, with related transaction costs included in the initial recognition amount. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with changes in fair value included in comprehensive income. Dividends received are recognized in profit or loss.

Upon derecognition, the cumulative gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified from other comprehensive income to retained earnings.

4) Financial assets measured at fair value with changes included in the profit or loss

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss include trading financial assets, derivative financial assets, other non-current financial assets, etc. These assets are initially measured at fair value, with related transaction costs recognized in profit or loss. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with changes in fair value included in profit or loss.

5) Financial liabilities measured at fair value with changes included in the profit or loss

Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss include trading financial liabilities, derivative financial liabilities, etc. These liabilities are initially measured at fair value, with related transaction costs recognized in profit or loss. Such financial liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, with changes in fair value included in profit or loss.

Upon derecognition, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration paid is recognized in profit or loss.

6) Financial liabilities measured in amortized cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, long-term borrowings, bonds payable, and long-term payables. These liabilities are initially measured at fair value, with related transaction costs included in the initial recognition amount.

During the holding period, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in profit or loss.

Upon derecognition, the difference between the consideration paid and the carrying amount of the financial liability is recognized in profit or loss.

(3) Derecognition criteria and accounting treatment for financial asset transfers

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when either of the following conditions is met:

- The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire;

- The financial asset has been transferred, and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset have been transferred to the transferree:
- The financial asset has been transferred, and although the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, it has not retained control over the financial asset.

When the Company modifies or renegotiates the terms of a contract with the counterparty and such modification constitutes a substantial modification, the original financial asset is derecognized and a new financial asset is recognized based on the modified terms.

When a financial asset is transferred, if substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are retained, the financial asset is not derecognized.

In assessing whether the transfer of a financial asset meets the above derecognition criteria, the principle of substance over form is applied.

The Company divides the transfer of financial assets into the overall transfer and partial transfer of financial assets. When the transfer of a financial asset in its entirety meets the derecognition criteria, the difference between the following amounts shall be recognized in profit or loss:

- 1) The carrying amount of the transferred financial asset;
- 2) The sum of the consideration received from the transfer and the cumulative amount of fair value changes previously recognized directly in equity (where the transferred financial asset is a debt instrument measured at fair value through other comprehensive income).

When a partial transfer of a financial asset meets the derecognition criteria, the carrying amount of the entire financial asset shall be allocated between the derecognized portion and the retained portion based on their relative fair values, and the difference between the following amounts shall be recognized in profit or loss:

- 1) The carrying amount of the derecognized portion;
- 2) The sum of the consideration received for the derecognized portion plus the proportionate share of cumulative fair value changes previously recognized directly in equity (where applicable to debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income).

If the transfer of financial assets does not meet the conditions for derecognition, such financial assets shall be continuously recognized, and the received consideration shall be recognized as a financial liability.

(4) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability (or part thereof) shall be derecognized when the present obligation is discharged in whole or in part; If the Company enters into an agreement with creditors to replace an existing financial liability with a new financial liability, and the terms of the new liability are substantially different from those of the existing liability, the existing financial liability shall be derecognized and the new financial liability shall be recognized simultaneously.

If there is a substantial modification to the contractual terms of an existing financial liability (in whole or in part), the original financial liability (or the modified portion) shall be derecognized, and the modified financial liability shall be recognized as a new financial liability.

If all or part of the financial liabilities are derecognized, the difference between the carrying amounts of the derecognized financial liabilities and the consideration paid (including the transferred non-cash assets or the new financial liabilities undertaken) will be included in the profit or loss.

When the Company repurchases a portion of a financial liability, the carrying amount of the entire liability shall be allocated between the portion to be continued and the portion to be derecognized based on their relative fair values as of the repurchase date. The difference between the allocated carrying amount of the derecognized portion and the consideration paid (including transferred non-cash assets or newly assumed financial liabilities) shall be recognized in profit or loss.

(5) Fair value measurement methods for financial assets and liabilities

The fair value of financial instruments with an active market shall be determined by the quotation in the active market. The fair value of financial instruments without active market shall be determined by valuation technology. At the time of valuation, the Company adopts the valuation technology that is applicable in the current situation and supported by sufficient available data and other information, selects the input values that are consistent with the characteristics of assets or liabilities considered by market participants in the transaction of relevant assets or liabilities, and gives priority to the relevant observable input values. Unobservable input values can only be used if the relevant observable input values are unavailable or impracticable.

(6) Impairment testing and accounting treatment for financial instruments

The Company applies impairment accounting based on expected credit losses to financial assets measured at amortized cost, debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, and financial guarantee contracts.

The Company measures expected credit losses by incorporating reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions, calculating a probability-weighted amount of the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows and the expected cash flows, using the risk of default as the weighting factor.

For receivables and contract assets arising from transactions governed by Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 14 - Revenue, the Company consistently measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses, regardless of whether they contain significant financing components.

For lease receivables arising from transactions governed by Accounting Standards for Business Enterprises No. 21 - Leases, the Company has elected to consistently measure loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

For other financial instruments, the Company assesses changes in credit risk since initial recognition at each balance sheet date.

The Company evaluates whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition by comparing the risk of default at the balance sheet date with the risk of default at initial recognition to determine the relative change in default risk over the financial instrument's expected maturity period, thus assessing whether the credit risk of the financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. The Company presumes that the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly when it is more than 30 days past due, unless there is compelling evidence demonstrating that no significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition.

If a financial instrument has low credit risk at the balance sheet date, the Company considers that no significant increase in its credit risk has occurred since initial recognition.

For financial instruments whose credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses; for those without significant increase in credit risk, loss allowances are measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses. The resulting increases or decreases in loss allowances are recognized in profit or loss as impairment losses or gains. For debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income while impairment losses or gains are recognized in profit or loss, without reducing the carrying amount of the financial asset presented in the balance sheet.

When objective evidence indicates that a specific receivable has experienced credit impairment, the Company measures its impairment provision on an individual basis.

For receivables other than those subject to individual bad debt provision as mentioned above, the Company categorizes the remaining financial instruments into several portfolios based on their credit risk characteristics, and determines expected credit losses on a portfolio basis. The Company's portfolio groupings and determination basis for measuring expected credit losses on notes receivable, accounts receivable, financing receivables, other receivables, contract assets, and long-term receivables are as follows:

1) Basis for determining credit risk characteristic portfolios

Item	Portfolio category	Determination basis
Portfolio 1	Aging portfolio	For accounts receivable and other receivables not individually assessed for loss allowances or included in Portfolio 2, 3 or 4, the Company determines loss allowances based on expected credit losses of receivables portfolios with similar credit risk characteristics grouped by aging brackets in prior periods, incorporating forward-looking information. The aging period shall be calculated from the initial recognition date of receivables.
Portfolio 2	Deposit-type portfolio	Other receivables including various deposits, guarantees, advance payments, warranty funds, employee advances, and petty cash reserves arising from ordinary operating activities.
Portfolio 3	Financial asset portfolio with very low credit risk	Notes receivable and other receivables with minimal credit risk based on expected credit loss assessments.
Portfolio 4	Risk-free portfolio	Receivables from related parties within the consolidation scope.

2) When performing credit risk assessment using the portfolio approach, the Company measures expected credit losses and recognizes loss allowances for financial assets based on the portfolio structure and similar credit risk characteristics (debtors' repayment capacity under contractual terms), incorporating historical default loss experience, current economic conditions, and forward-looking information, using the expected maturity period as the measurement basis.

Methods for measuring loss allowances by different portfolios:

Item	Measurement method
Portfolio 1 (aging portfolio)	Expected maturity period
Portfolio 2 (deposit-type portfolio)	Expected maturity period
Portfolio 3 (financial asset portfolio with very low credit risk)	Expected maturity period
Portfolio 4 (risk-free portfolio)	Expected maturity period

3) Expected credit loss rates by portfolio:

Portfolio 1 (aging portfolio): Expected credit loss rate

Aging	Expected credit loss rate of	Expected credit loss rate of
Aging	accounts receivable (%)	other receivables (%)
Within 1 year	0.00	0.00
1-2 years (Including 2 years)	10.00	10.00
2-3 years (including 3 years)	30.00	30.00
3-4 years (Including 4 years)	50.00	50.00
4-5 years (Including 5 years)	90.00	90.00
Over 5 years	100.00	100.00

Portfolio 2 (deposit-type portfolio): Based on historical default loss experience, current economic conditions, and forward-looking information, the expected credit loss rate is 0%;

Portfolio 3 (financial asset portfolio with very low credit risk): Based on historical default loss experience, current economic conditions, and forward-looking information, the expected credit loss rate is 0%;

Portfolio 4 (risk-free portfolio): Based on historical default loss experience, current economic conditions, and forward-looking information, the expected credit loss rate is 0%.

If the Company no longer reasonably expects to recover all or part of the contractual cash flows of a financial asset, the carrying amount of the financial asset is directly written off.

11. Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities

(1) Contract assets

The Company recognizes contract assets in the balance sheet for rights to consideration that are conditional on factors other than the passage of time (i.e., not unconditional), where the Company has performed its obligations under the contract but the customer has not yet paid the contractual consideration. Contract assets and liabilities under the same contract are presented on a net basis; those under different contracts are not offset.

The measurement methods and accounting treatment for expected credit losses on contract assets follow "(6) Impairment testing and accounting treatment for financial instruments in Section 10".

(2) Contract liabilities

The Company presents either a contract asset or liability in the balance sheet based on the relationship between performance obligations and customer payments. Obligations to transfer goods or services to customers for which the Company has received or is entitled to receive consideration are classified as contract liabilities. Contract assets and liabilities under the same contract are presented on a net basis.

12. Long-term Equity Investments

(1) Criteria for determining joint control and significant influence

Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control over an arrangement, where decisions about relevant activities of such arrangement require unanimous consent of all parties sharing control. Investees over which the Company exercises joint control with other parties and has rights to their net assets are classified as joint ventures of the Company.

Significant influence is the power to participate in financial and operating policy decisions of an investee without control or joint control over those policies. Investees over which the Company has significant influence are classified as associates of the Company.

(2) Determination of initial investment cost

For long-term equity investments in subsidiaries acquired through business combinations under common control, the initial investment cost is measured at the carrying amount of the acquiree's equity interests in the consolidated financial statements of the ultimate controlling party on the merger date. The difference between the initial investment cost of the long-term equity investment and the carrying amount of consideration paid shall be adjusted against the share premium within capital reserves. If the share premium is insufficient to absorb the difference, the remaining amount shall be adjusted against retained earnings.

For long-term equity investments in subsidiaries acquired through business combinations not under common control, the initial investment cost is measured at the fair value of consideration transferred on the acquisition date.

(2) Long-term equity investments obtained other than through business combinations

For investments acquired by cash payment, the initial investment cost is the actual purchase price paid. For investments acquired by issuing equity instruments, the initial investment cost is the fair value of the equity instruments issued.

(3) Subsequent measurement and profit/loss recognition methods

1) Long-term equity investments measured at cost

The Company applies the cost method for long-term equity investments in subsidiaries, unless the investment meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale. The Company recognizes current-period investment income based on its share of cash dividends or profits declared by the investee, excluding any dividends or profits declared but not yet paid that were included in the actual payment or consideration for the investment.

2) Long-term equity investments accounted for under the equity method

For long-term equity investments in associates and joint ventures, the Company applies the equity method. Where the initial investment cost exceeds the investor's share of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets at the acquisition date, the excess is not adjusted against the initial investment cost; Where the initial investment cost is less than such share, the difference is recognized in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment.

The Company recognizes its share of the investee's net profit or loss and other comprehensive income as investment income and other comprehensive income respectively, with corresponding adjustments to the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment; reduces the carrying amount by its share of profits or cash dividends declared by the investee; and for other changes in the investee's equity other than those resulting from net profit or loss, other comprehensive income, or profit distributions (hereinafter referred to as "other equity changes"), adjusts the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment and recognizes the changes directly in equity.

When determining the Company's share of the investee's net profit or loss, other comprehensive income, and other equity changes, such share shall be recognized based on the fair value of the investee's identifiable net

assets at the acquisition date, after adjusting the investee's net profit and other comprehensive income in accordance with the Company's accounting policies and reporting periods.

Unrealized profits and losses arising from transactions between the Company and its associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Company's ownership interest when recognizing investment income, except when the transferred assets constitute a business. Unrealized losses arising from transactions with the investee that qualify as asset impairment losses are recognized in full.

The Company recognizes its share of net losses of a joint venture or associate until the carrying amount of the long-term equity investment plus any long-term interests that are essentially advances to the investee are reduced to zero, unless the Company has incurred additional loss obligations. For subsequent net profits earned by the joint venture or associate, the Company resumes recognition of its share of profits only after the profit share offsets previously unrecognized loss shares.

3) Disposal of long-term equity investments

The difference between the carrying amount of a disposed long-term equity investment and the actual proceeds received is recognized in profit or loss.

For partial disposals of equity-method investments where the remaining interest continues to be accounted for under the equity method, the other comprehensive income previously recognized under the equity method is reclassified proportionately on the same basis as if the investee had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities, while other equity changes are proportionately reclassified to profit or loss.

When joint control or significant influence over an investee is lost due to disposal of equity investments, the other comprehensive income previously recognized under the equity method is accounted for on the same basis as if the investee had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities upon cessation of equity method accounting, while all other equity changes are fully reclassified to profit or loss at the time of discontinuation.

When control over an investee is lost due to partial disposal of equity investments, the Company, in preparing its separate financial statements, if the remaining interest retains joint control or significant influence, transitions to equity method accounting with retrospective adjustment as if the equity method had always been applied, proportionately reclassifying pre-control other comprehensive income on the same basis as if the investee had directly disposed of the related assets/liabilities and proportionately reclassifying equity-method-related other equity changes to profit or loss; if no joint control or significant influence is retained, reclassifies the remaining interest as a financial asset with the difference between its fair value and carrying amount at the date of control loss recognized in profit or loss, while fully reclassifying all pre-control other comprehensive income and other equity changes.

For step-by-step disposals of equity investments in subsidiaries resulting in loss of control that qualify as a single integrated transaction, all individual transactions are accounted for as a single disposal event, with the difference between the consideration received and the carrying amount of the disposed equity interest for each pre-control-disposal transaction being initially recognized in other comprehensive income in the separate financial statements and subsequently reclassified in its entirety to profit or loss at the point when control is ultimately lost. For non-single arrangements, each transaction is accounted for separately.

13. Investment Properties

Investment properties refer to real estate properties held for earning rental income, capital appreciation, or both, including leased land use rights, land use rights held for capital appreciation with intent to transfer, and leased buildings.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost. Subsequent expenditures related to investment properties are included in the cost of investment real estate if the economic benefits related to the asset are likely to flow in and the cost can be measured reliably. Other subsequent expenditures are recognized in profit or loss when incurred.

14. Fixed Assets

(1) Recognition criteria

Fixed assets refer to tangible assets held for producing goods, providing services, leasing or management, with a service life of more than one fiscal year. Fixed assets are recognized only when the economic benefits related to them are likely to flow into the Company and their costs can be measured reliably. Fixed assets are initially measured at cost, taking into account the impact of estimated disposal costs. Subsequent expenditures related to fixed assets are capitalized when it is probable that associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs can be reliably measured; The carrying amount of any replaced parts is derecognized; All other subsequent expenditures are recognized as profit or loss when incurred.

(2) Depreciation methods

Depreciation is calculated from the month following the date when the assets become available for their intended use, applying either the straight-line method or units-of-production method over their useful lives. Depreciation rates are determined based on the category of assets, estimated useful lives, and estimated residual value rates. For fixed assets with recognized impairment losses, depreciation in subsequent periods is calculated based on the carrying amount after deducting impairment provisions and the remaining useful life. If components of the fix assets have different useful lives or provide economic benefits to the enterprise in different ways, different depreciation rates or methods are applied separately.

Useful lives, estimated residual values and annual depreciation rates by category of fixed assets:

Category	Depreciation method	Useful life	Residual rate	Annual depreciation rate
Highways & bridges				
Including: GuangfoExpresswy	Working flow basis	28		
Fokai Expressway-Xiebian to Sanbao Section	Working flow basis	40	0.00	
Fokai Expressway-Sanbao to Shuikou Section	Working flow basis	47.5	0.00	
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section	Working flow basis	30	0.00	
Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd.	Working flow basis	23	0.00	
House Building	The straight-line method	20-30	3.00-5.00	3.17-4.85
Machine Equipment	The straight-line method	3-10	3.00-5.00	9.50-32.33
Transportation Equipment	The straight-line method	5-8	3.00-5.00	11.88-19.40
Other	The straight-line method	5	3.00-5.00	19.00-19.40

Estimated residual value represents the net amount that the Company would currently obtain from the asset's disposal, after deducting estimated disposal costs, assuming the asset has reached the end of its expected useful life and is in the condition expected at that time.

(3) Disposal of fixed assets

When the fixed assets are disposed of or it is expected that no economic benefits can be generated through the use or disposal, the fixed assets is derecognized. The difference between the disposal proceeds from the sale, transfer, retirement or impairment of fixed assets and its carrying amount after deducting related taxes and expenses is recognized in profit or loss.

The Company reviews the useful lives, estimated residual values and depreciation methods of property, plant and equipment at least annually at year-end, with any changes accounted for as changes in accounting estimates.

15. Construction in Progress

The cost of construction in progress is determined based on actual project expenditures, including all construction-related expenses incurred during the construction period, borrowing costs capitalized before the project reaches its intended usable condition, and other relevant costs. No depreciation is allowed for construction in progress.

Construction in progress is carried forward to fixed assets after it reaches the intended usable state. The standards and timing for transferring various construction in progress to fixed assets are as follows:

Category	Standards for transferring to fixed assets	Timing for transferring to fixed assets	
Expressway construction project	Reaching the intended usable condition	(1) Physical construction, including the installation of related equipment and ancillary facilities, has been fully completed or substantially completed; (2) Subsequent construction expenditures are minimal or almost non-existent; (3) Related equipment has been debugged and can operate normally and stably for a certain period; (4) The constructed expressway has met or substantially met the design or contractual requirements; (5) If the construction project has reached the intended usable condition but the final account has not been settled, it shall be transferred to fixed assets at an estimated value based on the actual cost from the date it reaches the intended usable condition.	
Buildings and structures	Reaching the intended usable condition		
Machinery and equipment	Reaching the intended usable condition	(1) Related equipment and other supporting facilities have been installed; (2) After debugging, the equipment can maintain normal and stable operation for a period of time and be accepted by relevant personnel.	

16. Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs comprise interest expenses on borrowings, amortization of discounts or premiums, ancillary costs, and foreign exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings. Borrowing costs that are

directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset shall be capitalized when expenditures for the asset have been incurred, borrowing costs have been incurred, and activities necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale have begun, and capitalization shall cease when the qualifying asset being acquired, constructed or produced has reached its intended usable or salable condition. All other borrowing costs shall be recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

For specific borrowings, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization shall be the actual borrowing costs incurred during the period less any investment income from the temporary investment of those borrowings. For general borrowings, the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalization shall be determined by applying the capitalization rate to the weighted average of the expenditures on that asset that exceed the specific borrowings. The capitalization rate shall be determined based on the weighted average interest rate of the general borrowings.

17. Intangible Assets

(1) Useful life and its determination basis, estimation, amortization method or review procedure

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost, including purchase price, related taxes and duties, and other directly attributable expenditures necessary to bring the asset to its intended use. The Company assesses the useful life of intangible assets upon acquisition. For intangible assets with finite useful lives, amortization is recognized over their expected economic benefit periods; Intangible assets for which the expected useful life cannot be reliably estimated are considered to have indefinite useful lives and are not amortized.

The amortization methods, useful lives and residual values of intangible assets are as follows:

Item	Useful life	Amortization method
Land use right	Remaining useful life	Straight-line method
Software	33-5 years	Straight-line method
Toll road concession right	Residual concession period	Working flow basis

At each period-end, the useful lives and amortization methods of finite-lived intangible assets are reviewed, with any changes accounted for as changes in accounting estimates.

18. Long-term Prepaid Expenses

Long-term prepaid expenses refer to costs that have already been incurred but should be allocated over the current reporting period and subsequent periods with an amortization period exceeding one year. Such expenses are amortized using the straight-line method over their expected benefit periods.

19. Long-term Asset Impairment

For long-term equity investments, investment properties measured at cost, property, plant and equipment, construction in progress, right-of-use assets, and finite-lived intangible assets, the Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there are any impairment indicators. If any impairment indicators exist, the recoverable amount shall be estimated and impairment testing shall be performed.

If the impairment test indicates that the recoverable amount of an asset is lower than its carrying amount, the difference shall be recognized as an impairment provision and recorded as an impairment loss. The recoverable amount shall be the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the asset. Impairment provisions for assets shall be calculated and recognized on an individual asset basis, except when it is impracticable to reliably estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, in which case the recoverable amount shall be determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Asset group is the smallest asset portfolio that can generate cash inflow independently.

An impairment loss recognized for these assets shall not be reversed in subsequent periods, even if the recoverable amount subsequently increases.

20. Employee Benefits

(1) Accounting treatment for short-term employee benefits

The Company recognizes actual short-term employee benefits as liabilities during the accounting periods in which employees render services, with corresponding charges to profit or loss or relevant asset costs.

The Company's contributions to social insurance and housing provident funds for employees, as well as labor union funds and worker education funds accrued in accordance with applicable regulations, shall be determined based on the prescribed contribution bases and rates during the accounting periods in which employees render services to the Company.

Employee welfare expenses are recognized at actual amounts incurred and charged to profit or loss or relevant asset costs, with non-monetary benefits measured at fair value.

(2) Accounting treatment for post-employment benefits

The Company contributes to basic pension insurance and unemployment insurance for employees in accordance with local government regulations. The required contributions, calculated based on locally prescribed bases and rates during employee service periods, are recognized as liabilities and charged to profit or loss or relevant asset costs.

(3) Accounting treatment for termination benefits

When providing termination benefits, the Company recognizes corresponding liabilities at the earlier of: (a) when the Company can no longer unilaterally withdraw the termination offer under the redundancy plan or severance proposal; or (b) when the Company recognizes restructuring-related costs or expenses involving termination payments, with a corresponding charge to profit or loss.

21. Provisions

A provision shall be recognized when all of the following conditions are met in relation to a contingent obligation: (1) the obligation is a present obligation of the Company; (2) it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; and (3) the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably.

At the balance sheet date, provisions shall be measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation, taking into account risks and uncertainties associated with the contingent event as well as the time value of money where material. When the time value of money is material, the best estimate shall be determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows.

The Company reviews the carrying amount of provisions at each balance sheet date and adjusts them to reflect the current best estimate when there is objective evidence that the carrying amount no longer represents the appropriate measurement.

22. Revenue

(1) Accounting policies for revenue recognition and measurement

The Company recognizes revenue when it satisfies a performance obligation under the contract by transferring control of goods or services to the customer. Control of goods or services is obtained when the customer has the ability to direct the use of, and obtain substantially all the remaining benefits from, those goods or services.

For contracts containing two or more performance obligations, the Company allocates the transaction price to each distinct performance obligation at contract inception based on the relative stand-alone selling prices of the promised goods or services. Revenue is measured based on the transaction price allocated to each distinct performance obligation.

Transaction price is the amount of consideration that the Company is expected to receive for transferring the goods to customers, excluding the payment collected on behalf of third parties and the payment that the Company is expected to return to customers. The Company determines the transaction price based on the contract terms and its historical business practices, while considering the effects of variable consideration, significant financing components in the contract, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to customers. The Company estimates the transaction price including variable consideration at an amount that does not exceed the level for which it is highly probable that the cumulative recognized revenue will not be subject to significant reversal when the related uncertainty is resolved. For contracts with significant financing components, the Company determines the transaction price as the cash selling price at the date control transfers, with any difference between this amount and the contract consideration amortized using the effective interest method over the contract period. At contract inception, the Company does not consider the existence of a significant financing component when the period between the transfer of control of goods or services to the customer and the customer's payment is expected to be one year or less.

A performance obligation is satisfied over time if one or more of the following criteria are met; otherwise, it is satisfied at a point in time:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs;
- The customer controls the goods or services in process as they are constructed or provided by the Company;

The goods or services created by the Company's performance have no alternative use to the Company, and the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date throughout the contract period.

For the performance obligations performed in a certain period of time, the Company shall recognize the income according to the performance progress during that period, except that the performance progress cannot be

reasonably determined. The Company determines the progress of performance using either an output method or input method, based on the nature of the goods or services. When the progress cannot be reasonably measured, revenue is recognized to the extent of costs incurred that are expected to be recoverable, until such time as the progress can be reliably determined.

For performance obligations satisfied at a point in time, the Company recognizes revenue when the customer obtains control of the related goods or services. In assessing whether control of goods or services has transferred, the Company considers the following indicators:

- The Company has a present right to payment for the goods or services (i.e., the customer has a present obligation to pay for such goods or services).
- The Company has transferred legal title of the goods to the customer (i.e., the customer has legal ownership of such goods).
- The Company has physically transferred the goods to the customer (i.e., the customer has physical possession of such goods).
- The Company has transferred the principal risks and rewards of ownership of the goods to the customer (i.e., the customer has obtained the principal risks and rewards of such goods ownership).
- The customer has accepted the goods or services, etc.
- Other indicators demonstrating that the customer has obtained the control of goods.

The Company determines whether it is acting as a principal or an agent in transactions by assessing whether it obtains control of the goods or services before transferring them to the customer. When the Company obtains control of goods or services before transferring them to the customer, it acts as a principal and recognizes revenue at the gross amount of consideration received or receivable; otherwise, it acts as an agent and recognizes revenue at the net amount of commission or fee to which it expects to be entitled.

- (2) Revenue recognition methods and measurement approaches by business type
- 1) Toll revenue

Toll revenue refers to the toll revenue from operating toll roads, which is recognized according to the amount collected and receivable when vehicles pass.

2) Advertising and other revenue

Advertising and other revenues are recognized as operating income over the service period based on elapsed service time and contractual pricing.

23. Contract Costs

Contract costs comprise costs to obtain a contract and costs to fulfill a contract.

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract (i.e., costs that would not have been incurred if the contract had not been acquired) that are expected to be recovered are recognized as an asset and amortized on the same basis as the revenue recognition pattern of the related goods or services, with the amortization charged to profit or loss. Other costs incurred by the Company to obtain a contract shall be recognized as profit or loss when incurred, unless they are specifically recoverable from the customer.

Costs incurred to fulfill a contract that do not fall within the scope of other standards (such as inventories, property, plant and equipment, or intangible assets) are recognized as an asset when all of the following conditions are met: (1) The costs relate directly to a specific contract (including direct labor, direct materials, manufacturing overheads or similar costs, explicitly chargeable client costs, and other costs incurred only for that contract); (2) The costs enhance the Company's resources that will be used to satisfy performance obligations in the future; (3) The costs are expected to be recovered. Such assets are amortized on the same basis as the revenue recognition pattern of the goods related to such assets, with the amortization charged to profit or loss.

When determining impairment losses on assets related to contract costs, the Company shall first assess and recognize impairment losses on other contract-related assets that are accounted for under applicable accounting standards; subsequently, for assets arising from contract costs, when the carrying amount exceeds the difference between: (1) the remaining consideration expected to be received for transferring the related goods or services; and (2) the estimated costs required to complete such transfer, the excess amount shall be recognized as an impairment provision and recorded as an impairment loss.

An impairment provision recognized for an asset relating to contract costs shall be reversed if the reasons for the impairment have ceased to apply, such that the above difference exceeds the carrying amount. The reversal shall be recognized in profit or loss, provided that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortization or depreciation) had no impairment provision been recognized

24. Government Grants

(1) Classification

Government grants are monetary or non-monetary assets received by the Company from government authorities without compensation, classified into government grants related to assets and government grants related to income.

Government grants related to assets refer to government grants acquired by the Company for the purchase, construction or other forms of acquisition of long-term assets. Government grants related to income refer to government grants other than those related to assets.

Government documents clearly specify that government grants for purchase, construction or other forms of acquisition of long-term assets are recognized as government grants related to assets. If the object of grants is not clearly specified in government documents, and long-term assets can be formed, the part of government grants corresponding to the value of assets shall be regarded as the government grants related to assets, and the rest shall be regarded as the government grants related to distinguish them, the government grants as a whole will be regarded as a government grants related to income. Government grants related to assets are recognized as deferred income. The amount recognized as deferred income is systematically amortized to profit or loss over the useful lives of the related assets using a rational and systematic method.

Government grants other than those related to assets are recognized as government grants related to income.

Government grants related to income that compensate the enterprise for relevant expenses or losses to be incurred in future periods are recognized as deferred income and subsequently amortized to profit or loss when

the related expenses are recognized, whereas grants compensating already incurred expenses or losses are directly recognized in profit or loss.

When the Company receives subsidized preferential loan interest through fiscal authorities disbursing funds to lending banks which then provide loans at preferential policy rates, the loan is measured at the actual amount received with borrowing costs calculated based on the principal amount and preferential interest rate; when fiscal authorities directly disburse the interest subsidy to the Company, the corresponding subsidy amount reduces the related borrowing costs.

(2) Recognition timing

Government grants are recognized when the Company can comply with the attached conditions and can reasonably assure their receipt.

(3) Accounting treatment

Government grants related to assets are recognized as deferred income and systematically amortized to profit or loss over the useful lives of the related assets using a rational and systematic method. Government grants related to the Company's ordinary activities are recognized as other income, while those unrelated to ordinary activities are recognized as non-operating income.

25. Deferred Tax Assets / Deferred Tax Liabilities

The Company applies the balance sheet liability method for income tax accounting.

For the difference between the carrying amounts of some assets and liabilities and their tax basis, and the temporary difference between the carrying amounts of items that are not recognized as assets and liabilities but can be determined in tax basis according to the provisions of the tax law and tax basis, the balance sheet liability method is adopted to recognize deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. For deductible losses and tax deductions that can be carried forward to future years, the corresponding deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is likely to obtain future taxable income for deducting deductible losses and tax deductions.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except in certain specified circumstances.

Deferred tax assets or liabilities shall not be recognized for the following special circumstances:

- The initial recognition of goodwill;
- Transactions or events that (a) are not business combinations, (b) at the time of occurrence affect neither accounting profit nor taxable income (or deductible losses), and (c) upon initial recognition of the related assets or liabilities do not create offsetting taxable and deductible temporary differences of equal amounts.

A deferred tax liability shall be recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except when the Company can control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for deductible temporary differences associated with

investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only when it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and sufficient taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilized.

On the balance sheet date, deferred tax assets and liabilities shall be measured using the tax rates that are expected to apply to the periods when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on tax laws enacted or substantively enacted by that date.

On the balance sheet date, the carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to realize the associated benefit. Such reductions are reversed when it subsequently becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

26. Lease

A lease is a contract that conveys the right to use an asset for a period of time from the lessor to the lessee in exchange for consideration. On the commencement date of the contract, the Company evaluates whether the contract is a lease or contains a lease. If a contract conveys the right to control the use of one or more identified assets for a period of time in exchange for consideration, the contract is or contains a lease.

When a contract contains multiple separate lease components, the Company separates and accounts for each lease component individually. For contracts containing both lease and non-lease components, lessees and lessors separate the lease components from non-lease components.

(1) Accounting treatment as a lessee

1) right-of-use assets

At the commencement date of the lease term, the Company recognizes right-of-use assets for all leases except short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost. Such cost comprises:

- The initial measurement amount of the lease liability;
- Lease payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease term, less any lease incentives received;
- Initial direct costs incurred by the Company;
- The estimated costs to dismantle, remove, restore the underlying asset or reinstate the site or such underlying asset to its contractual condition, excluding costs attributable to inventory production.

Subsequently, the Company depreciates right-of-use assets using the straight-line method. When the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying asset by the end of the lease term, depreciation is calculated over the remaining useful life of the underlying asset; otherwise, depreciation is calculated over the shorter of the lease term and the underlying asset's remaining useful life.

The Company assesses right-of-use assets for impairment following the principles described in "XIX. Long-lived Asset Impairment" in this section and accounts for any identified impairment losses accordingly.

2) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease term, the Company recognizes lease liabilities for all leases except short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the unpaid lease payments. Lease payments include:

- Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives;
- Variable lease payments that depend on an index or rate;
- Amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees provided by the Company;
- The exercise price of purchase options if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise the option;
- Termination penalties if the lease term reflects the Company's expectation of exercising a termination option.

The Company uses the interest rate implicit in lease as the discount rate, or if such rate cannot be reasonably determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate shall be adopted as the discount rate.

The Company calculates interest expense on the lease liability for each period during the lease term using a fixed periodic interest rate, which is charged to profit or loss or capitalized into the cost of related assets.

Variable lease payments not included in the lease liability measurement are recognized in profit or loss or capitalized into the cost of related assets when incurred.

After the commencement date of the lease term, the Company remeasures the lease liability and adjusts the corresponding right-of-use asset in the following circumstances. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero but further reduction of the lease liability is required, the excess is recognized in profit or loss:

- When there is a change in the assessment of purchase, renewal or termination options, or when actual exercise of these options differs from the original assessment, the Company remeasures the lease liability using the revised lease payments and updated discount rate;
- When there are changes to in-substance fixed payments, expected payments under residual value guarantees, or indices/rates used to determine lease payments, the Company remeasures the lease liability using the revised lease payments and original discount rate; However, if the change in lease payments results from fluctuations in a variable interest rate, the present value shall be recalculated using the revised discount rate.

3) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

For short-term leases and leases of low-value assets where the Company elects not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, the related lease payments are recognized in profit or loss or capitalized into the cost of related assets on a straight-line basis over the lease term. A short-term lease is a lease that, at the commencement date of the lease term, has a lease term of 12 months or less and does not contain a purchase option. An a lease of low-value assets refers to a lease of an individual asset that has low value when new. The Company classifies leases of individual underlying assets with a new value not exceeding RMB 40,000 as leases of low-value assets. If the Company subleases or expects to sublease the underlying assets, the original lease does not qualify as a lease of low-value assets.

4) Lease modifications

• The modification increases the scope of the lease by adding one or more underlying assets;

• The additional consideration is commensurate with the standalone price for the increased lease scope, adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the contract.

If the modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, on the effective date of the modification, the Company will re-allocate the consideration of the modified contract, re-determine the lease term, and remeasure the lease liabilities according to the present value calculated by the changed lease payment and the revised discount rate.

If a modification reduces the lease scope or term, the Company proportionately reduces the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset and recognizes any gain/loss from partial/full termination in profit or loss. For other modifications requiring lease liability remeasurement, the Company adjusts the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset correspondingly.

(2) Accounting treatment as a lessor

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company classifies leases as either finance leases or operating leases. A finance lease is a lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset, regardless of whether legal title is eventually transferred. An operating lease is any lease that does not qualify as a finance lease. When acting as an intermediate lessor, the Company classifies subleases based on the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease.

1) Accounting treatment of operating lease

Lease income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred related to operating leases are capitalized and allocated to profit or loss over the lease term using the same basis as lease income recognition. Variable lease payments not included in lease income are recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Modifications to operating leases are accounted for as new leases by the Company from the effective modification date, with any prepaid/accrued lease income attributable to the original lease treated as part of the new lease payments.

2) Accounting treatment of finance lease

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognizes finance lease receivables and derecognizes the underlying assets for finance leases. The Company initially measures finance lease receivables at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. The net investment in the lease is the sum of the present value of the unguaranteed residual value and the lease payments receivable at the commencement date of the lease term, both discounted using the interest rate implicit in lease.

27. Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction

between market participants at the measurement date.

When measuring fair value, the Company assumes that the orderly transaction occurs in the principal market

for the asset or liability; in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market is assumed. The principal market (or most advantageous market) is the market accessible to the Company at the measurement

date. The Company uses assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability to maximize economic benefits.

The fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account either the ability of market participants to generate economic benefits through the asset's highest and best use or their ability to sell it to other market participants who would utilize it in its highest and best use to generate economic benefits.

The Company applies valuation techniques that are appropriate in current circumstances and sufficiently supported by available data and other information, prioritizing the use of relevant observable inputs and resorting to unobservable inputs only when observable inputs are unavailable or their collection is impracticable.

Assets and liabilities measured or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements are categorized into three fair value hierarchy levels based on the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement: Level 1 inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities accessible at the measurement date; Level 2 inputs are observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, whether directly or indirectly observable for the asset or liability; Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

On each balance sheet date, the Company reassesses assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis in the financial statements to determine whether transfers between fair value hierarchy levels have occurred.

28. Change of main accounting policies and estimations

(1)Change of main accounting policies

□Applicable √Not applicable

(2) Significant estimates changes

 $\sqrt{\text{Applicable}}$ $\square \text{Not applicable}$

In RMB

(3) The information of the adjusting items related to the financial statements at the beginning of the year of first implementation due to the first implementation of new accounting standards from 2025. Adjustment description

□Applicable √Not applicable

VI. Taxation

1. Major category of taxes and tax rates

Tax category	Tax basis	Tax rate
Value-added tax	The output tax is calculated based on the income from sales of goods and taxable services calculated according to the provisions of the tax law. After deducting the input tax allowed to be deducted in the current period, the difference is the VAT taxable	3%,5%,6%,9%,13%
Urban maintenance and construction tax	Actual paid turnover taxes	5%,7%
Corporate income tax	Taxable income	25%
Education surcharge	Actual paid turnover taxes	3%
Local education surcharge	Actual paid turnover taxes	2%

2.Preferential tax treatment

None

VII. Notes on major items in consolidated financial statements of the Company

1. Monetary funds

In RMB

Items	Amount in year-end	Balance Year-beginning
Cash on hand	10,258.18	10,267.08
Bank deposits	2,607,991,456.75	1,498,518,288.65
Deposits with finance companies	3,141,101,704.92	2,761,828,656.71
Other cash and cash equivalents	10,860,668.11	517,072.14
Accrued interest not yet due	37,069,088.06	28,952,378.64
Total	5,797,033,176.02	4,289,826,663.22

Other note

Accrued interest not yet due represents interest on 7-day notice deposits.

2. Account receivable

(1) Disclosure by aging

Aging	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning
Within 1 year(Including 1 year)	89,105,381.80	74,944,771.52
1-2 years	5,493,783.17	6,577,116.50
2-3 years	1,083,333.33	1,116,666.67
Over 3 year	4,260,330.67	3,143,664.00
3-4 years	1,116,666.67	0.00
4-5 years	0.00	2,077,392.00
Over 5 years	3,143,664.00	1,066,272.00
Subtotal	99,942,828.97	85,782,218.69
Bad debt provision	3,695,330.67	3,421,164.00
Total	96,247,498.30	82,361,054.69

(2) According to the bad debt provision method classification disclosure

	Amount in year-end			Balance Year-beginning						
Category	Book I	Balance	Bad debt	provision	Book value	Book Balance		Bad debt provision		Book value
	Amount	Proportion(%)	Amount	Proportion(%)		Amount	Proportion(%)	Amount	Proportion(%)	
Accrual of bad debt provision by single	3,143,664.00	3.15%	3,143,664.00	100.00%	0.00	3,143,664.00	3.66%	3,143,664.00	100.00%	0.00
Including:										
Accrual of bad debt provision by portfolio	96,799,164.97	96.85%	551,666.67	0.57%	96,247,498.30	82,638,554.69	96.34%	277,500.00	0.34%	82,361,054.69
Including:										
Aging portfolio	90,772,245.80	90.82%	551,666.67	0.61%	90,220,579.13	75,809,821.02	88.38%	277,500.00	0.37%	75,532,321.02
Portfolio of financial assets with very low credit risk	6,026,919.17	6.03%	0.00	0.00%	6,026,919.17	6,828,733.67	7.96%	0.00	0.00%	6,828,733.67
Total	99,942,828.97	100.00%	3,695,330.67	3.70%	96,247,498.30	85,782,218.69	100.00%	3,421,164.00	3.99%	82,361,054.69

Categories of individual bad debt provisions:

In RMB

	Opening	balance		Closing balance			
Name	Book balance	Bad debt provision	Book balance	Bad debt provision	Provision percentage	Provision reason	
Guangdong Taiheng Expressway Development Co., Ltd.	3,143,664.00	3,143,664.00	3,143,664.00	3,143,664.00	100.00%	Under bankruptcy liquidation; recovery unlikely	
Total	3,143,664.00	3,143,664.00	3,143,664.00	3,143,664.00			

Categories of portfolio-based bad debt provision: credit risk characteristics portfolio

In RMB

Name		Closing balance	
Name	Book balance	Bad debt provision	Provision percentage
Aging portfolio	90,772,245.80	551,666.67	0.61%
Financial asset portfolio with very low credit risk	6,026,919.17		0.00%
Total	96,799,164.97	551,666.67	

Relevant information of the provision for bad debts will be disclosed with reference to the disclosure method of other receivables if the provision for bad debts of bills receivable is accrued according to the general model of expected credit loss:

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

(3) Accounts receivable withdraw, reversed or collected during the reporting period

The withdrawal amount of the bad debt provision:

In RMB

	Opening Amount of change in the current period					Closing	
Category	balance	Accrual	Reversed or collected amount	Write- off	Other	balance	
Accrual of bad debt provision by single item	3,143,664.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,143,664.00	
Accrual of bad debt provision by credit risk	277,500.00	274,166.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	551,666.67	
Total	3,421,164.00	274,166.67	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,695,330.67	

(4) The actual write-off accounts receivable

None

(5) Top 5 of the closing balance of the accounts receivable collected according to the arrears party

Company Name	Amount of ending balance	Closing balance of the contract assets	Accounts receivable and contract assets ending balance	Proportion of total accounts receivable %	Amount of ending balance for bad debts
Guangdong Union Electronic Services Co., Ltd.	56,552,000.77	0.00	56,552,000.77	56.58%	0.00
Guangdong Humen Bridge Co., Ltd.	12,588,909.96	0.00	12,588,909.96	12.60%	0.00
Guangdong Jingzhu Expressway	12,324,600.00	0.00	12,324,600.00	12.33%	0.00

Company Name	Amount of ending balance	Closing balance of the contract assets	Accounts receivable and contract assets ending balance	Proportion of total accounts receivable %	Amount of ending balance for bad debts
Guangzhu North section Co., Ltd.					
Guangdong Expressway Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	6,470,388.19	0.00	6,470,388.19	6.47%	0.00
Guangdong Provincial Government Expressway Debt Repayment Management Center	4,596,700.00	0.00	4,596,700.00	4.61%	0.00
Total	92,532,598.92	0.00	92,532,598.92	92.59%	0.00

3.Other accounts receivable

In RMB

Item	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning
Dividend receivable	31,996,670.24	28,621,800.58
Other receivable	230,591,215.42	120,235,318.76
Total	262,587,885.66	148,857,119.34

(1) Interest receivable

None

(2) Dividend receivable

1) Dividend receivable

In RMB

Items	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning
Guangdong Radio and Television Networks	0.00	797,664.04
investment No.1 Limited partnership enterprise	0.00	/9/,004.04
Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd.	0.00	21,615,181.62
Guoyuan Securities	0.00	6,208,954.92
China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd.	19,996,670.24	0.00
Ganzhou Gankang Expressway Co., Ltd.	12,000,000.00	0.00
Total	31,996,670.24	28,621,800.58

2) Significant dividend receivable aged over 1 year

None

3) Disclosure by bad debt provision method

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

(3) Other accounts receivable

1) Other accounts receivable classified

Nature	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning
Petty cash	3,409,663.91	3,142,132.02
Reimbursements	234,872,551.47	342,942,142.53
Deposits and g	2,927,641.89	2,736,640.19
Receivables from equity transfers	0.00	107,111,100.00
Others	837,463.85	7,245,446.55
Less: bad debt provision	11,456,105.70	342,942,142.53

Total	230,591,215.42	120,235,318.76
10001	200,001,2102	120,200,010.70

2) Disclosure by aging

Aging	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning
Within 1 year(Including 1 year)	122,933,833.30	238,920,756.17
1-2 years	116,423,131.76	125,624,239.66
2-3 years	1,843,328.94	97,761,543.71
Over 3 years	847,027.12	870,921.75
3-4 years	11,307.68	31,680.00
4-5 years	27,180.00	2,095.07
Over 5 years	808,539.44	837,146.68
Subtotal	242,047,321.12	463,177,461.29
Less: bad debt provision	11,456,105.70	342,942,142.53
Total	230,591,215.42	120,235,318.76

3) Disclosure by bad debt provision method

☑Applicable □Not applicable

	Amount in year-end				Balance Year-beginning					
Category	Book B	alance	Bad debt	provision	provision		Book Balance Bad debt provision			D 1 1
	Amount	Proportion(%)	Amount	Proportion(%)	Book value	Amount	Proportion(%)	Amount	Proportion(%)	Book value
Accrual of bad debt provision by single						342,942,142.53	74.04%	342,942,142.53	100.00%	0.00
Including:										
Accrual of bad debt provision by portfolio	242,047,321.12	100.00%	11,456,105.70	4.73%	230,591,215.42	120,235,318.76	25.96%	0.00	0.00%	120,235,318.76
Including:										
Aging portfolio	234,872,551.47	97.04%	11,456,105.70	4.88%	223,416,445.77	0.00	0.00%	0.00	0.00%	0.00
CSF Portfolio	6,337,305.80	2.62%	0.00	0.00%	6,337,305.80	5,878,772.21	1.27%	0.00	0.00%	5,878,772.21
Very low credit risk financial asset portfolio	837,463.85	0.34%	0.00	0.00%	837,463.85	114,356,546.55	24.69%	0.00	0.00%	114,356,546.55
Total	242,047,321.12	100.00%	11,456,105.70	4.73%	230,591,215.42	463,177,461.29	100.00%	342,942,142.53	74.04%	120,235,318.76

Categories of portfolio-based bad debt provision: credit risk characteristics portfolio

In RMB

Nome	Balance in year-end					
Name	Book balance	Bad debt provision	Withdrawal proportion			
Aging portfolio	234,872,551.47	11,456,105.70	4.88%			
CSF Portfolio	6,337,305.80	0.00	0.00%			
Very low credit risk financial asset portfolio	837,463.85	0.00	0.00%			
Total	242,047,321.12	11,456,105.70				

Provision for bad debts is made according to the general model of expected credit losses

In RMB

	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	
Bad Debt Reserves	Expected credit losses over the next 12 months	Expected credit loss over life (no credit impairment)	Expected credit losses for the entire duration (credit impairment occurred)	Total
Balance as at January 1,2025		342,942,142.53		342,942,142.53
Balance as at January 1,2025 in current				
This period of provision	11,456,105.70	0.00	0.00	11,456,105.70
Reversal in Current Year	0.00	342,942,142.53	0.00	342,942,142.53
Balance on June 30, 2025	11,456,105.70	0.00	0.00	11,456,105.70

Explanation of the significant changes in the book balance of receivables financing with changes in loss provisions in the current period:

4) Bad debt provision accrual, collected or reversal in the period

Accrual of bad debt provision in the period:

In RMB

	Ononing	Opening			rrent changes		
Category	balance	Accrual	Collected or reversal	Write off	Other	Ending balance	
Accrual of bad debt provision by single	342,942,142.53	0.00	342,942,142.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Portfolio-based bad debt provisions	0.00	11,456,105.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	11,456,105.70	
Total	342,942,142.53	11,456,105.70	342,942,142.53	0.00	0.00	11,456,105.70	

Important amount of bad debt provision switch-back or collection in the period:

Entity name	Recovery/reversal amount	Reason for reversal	Recovery method	Basis and rationale for original bad debt provision rate
Guangdong Provincial Government Expressway Debt Repayment Management Center (Note)	342,942,142.53	The source of the maintenance expenses	Partial funds recovered.	As the original source of the funds could not be identified and in accordance with the prudence principle, a full

[□]Applicable ☑Not applicable

		advanced by	provision for bad debts was
		Guangfo	made.
		Company	
		has been	
		clarified.	
Total	342,942,142.53		

Subsidiary Guangfo Expressway Co., Ltd. ("Guangfo Company") had previously advanced maintenance costs for Guangzhou-Foshan Expressway, which were recorded under Guangdong Department of Transport. In March 2025, official government documents confirmed that Guangzhou-Foshan Expressway would be returned to government management. The advanced operational maintenance costs will be audited and settled through due procedures, with relevant authorities responsible for reimbursing Guangfo Company. During the current period, Guangfo Company received RMB 150 million for reimbursement of the advanced maintenance payments from Guangdong Provincial Government Expressway Debt Repayment Management Center, which fully reversed the previously recognized bad debt provisions of RMB 342,942,142.53.

5) Actual write-off of other receivables in the current period

None

6) Top five other receivables by debtor at the end of the period

In RMB

Entity name	Nature of amount	Closing balance	Aging	Percentage of total closing balance of other receivables	Closing balance of bad debt provision
Guangdong Provincial Government Expressway Debt Repayment Management Center	Maintena nce expenditu re	234,872,551.47	Within 1 year 1-2 years	97.04%	11,456,105.70
Guangdong Litong Development Investment Co., Ltd.	Deposit	1,846,377.94	2-3 years 4-5 years	0.76%	0.00
Guangdong Litong Property Development Co., Ltd.	Deposit	414,525.60	Within 1 year 2-3 years	0.18%	0.00
Sinopec Sales Co., Ltd. Guangdong Petroleum Branch	Deposit	254,641.63	Over 5 years	0.11%	0.00
Guangzhou Yangji Hotel Management Co., Ltd. Yueyang Foreign-Related Hotel Branch	Deposit	200,000.00	Within 1 year	0.08%	0.00
Total		237,588,096.64		98.16%	11,456,105.70

4. Accounts paid in advance

(1) Accounts paid in advance by ageing

A	Ending	balance	Opening balance		
Account age	Amount Ratio		Amount	Ratio	
Within 1 year	5,784,623.66	97.31%	3,572,359.00	95.72%	

1-2 years	0.00	0.00%	19,800.00	0.53%
2- 3 years	19,800.00	0.33%	0.00	0.00%
Over 3 years	140,000.00	2.36%	140,000.00	3.75%
Total	5,944,423.66		3,732,159.00	

Explanation on un-settlement in time for advance payment with over one year account age and major amounts:

None

(2) Top 5 advance payment at ending balance by prepayment object

Name	Ending balance	Ratio in total advance e payment(%)		
Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	1,396,650.00	23.50		
China Pacific Property Insurance Co., Ltd. Guangdong Branch	1,306,564.64	21.98		
Guangdong Traffic Testing Co., Ltd.	711,457.00	11.97		
Sinopec Sales Co., Ltd.	608,730.29	10.24		
China Mobile Group Guangdong Co., Ltd. Guangzhou Branch	419,640.00	7.06		
Total	4,443,041.93	74.75		

5.Other current assets

Items	Year-end balance	Year-beginning balance
Input tax to be credited	176,457.21	353.70
Input tax to be verified	7,382,607.13	6,064,511.82
Prepaid taxes	40,462.37	38,954.73
VAT carry-over credit	0.00	63,519.91
Total	7,599,526.71	6,167,340.16

6.Other Equity instrument investment

In RMB

Name	Closing balance	Opening balance	Gains included in other comprehensive income in the current period	Losses included in other comprehensive income in the current period	Gains accumulated in other comprehensive income at the end of the current period	Losses accumulated in other comprehensive income at the end of the current period	Dividend income recognized in the current period	Reason designated as being measured at fair value and change being included in other comprehensive income
Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd.	799,120,728.12	21,233,073.82		72,005,500.21				Non-transactional purpose for shareholding
Guangdong Radio and Television Networks investment No.1 Limited partnership enterprise	59,396,524.45		1,399,631.61	7,996,892.84		309,289.49	57,996,892.84	Non-transactional purpose for shareholding
China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd.	910,436,633.28	65,871,384.32		458,747,140.80		44,463,184.42	976,308,017.60	Non-transactional purpose for shareholding
Huaxia Securities Co., Ltd. (Notes1)								Non-transactional purpose for shareholding
Huazheng Asset Management Co., Ltd. (Notes2)								Non-transactional purpose for shareholding
Total	1,768,953,885.85	87,104,458.14	1,399,631.61	538,749,533.85		44,772,473.91	1,034,304,910.44	

Note 1: Huaxia Securities Co., Ltd. has been severely insolvent. In April 2008, the CSRC sent a letter agreeing to Huaxia Securities Co., Ltd. to apply for bankruptcy. In August 2008, the Beijing No.2 Intermediate People's Court officially accepted the bankruptcy liquidation application.

Note 2: Huazheng Asset Management Co., Ltd. has been severely insolvent.

Derecognition in the current period

Item name Cum	mulative gains transferred to	Cumulative losses transferred to	Reason for derecognition
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	retained earnings	retained earnings	
Guangdong Guangle	72,005,500.21		Change in business model, reclassified as long-term equity
Expressway Co., Ltd.	/2,003,300.21		investment under the equity method.

7. Long-term equity investment

												III KIVID
				Increase/decrease								
Invested Beginning balance		Impairment provision begin- year balance	Additional	Negative	Investment profit and loss recognized under the equity method	Adjustment of other comprehensive income	Changes of other equity	Cash bonus or profits announced to issue	Withdrawal of impairment provision	Other	Closing balance	Closing balance of impairment provision
I. Joint venture												
2. Affiliated Co	ompany											
SPIC Yuetong Qiyuan Chip Power Technology Co., Ltd.	1,236,874.66				174,203.48		249,158.58				1,660,236.72	
Shenzhen												
Garage Electric Pile Technology	14,226,195.60		2,088,000.00		-1,305,040.23						15,009,155.37	
Co., Ltd												
Guangdong Jiangzhong Expressway Co., Ltd.	599,185,872.46				-12,032,094.92			10,920,459.86			576,233,317.68	
Ganzhou Gankang Expressway Co., Ltd.	178,670,052.26				10,556,495.51			12,000,000.00			177,226,547.77	
Ganzhou Kangda Expressway Co., Ltd.	271,494,771.93				21,475,197.13						292,969,969.06	
Shenzhen												
Huiyan Expressway Co., Ltd.	401,802,859.16				16,417,817.46						418,220,676.62	
Zhaoqing Yuezhao Highway Co.,	554,108,739.37		54,150,000.00		24,681,575.72			54,150,000.00			578,790,315.09	

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				Increase/decrease								
Invested enterprise	Beginning balance	Impairment provision begin- year balance	Additional investment	Negative	Investment profit and loss recognized under the equity method	Adjustment of other comprehensive income	Changes of other equity	Cash bonus or profits announced to issue	Withdrawal of impairment provision	Other	Closing balance	Closing balance of impairment provision
Ltd.												
Guoyuan Securities Co., Ltd.	1,086,436,061.59				32,354,421.01	-1,349,334.86		10,348,258.20			1,107,092,889.54	
Guangdong Yuepu Small Refinancing Co., Ltd	225,188,581.81				6,138,956.62						231,327,538.43	
Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd.										820,353,801.94	820,353,801.94	
Subtotal	3,332,350,008.84		56,238,000.00	0.00	98,461,531.78	-1,349,334.86	249,158.58	87,418,718.06		820,353,801.94	4,218,884,448.22	
Total	3,332,350,008.84		56,238,000.00	0.00	98,461,531.78	-1,349,334.86	249,158.58	87,418,718.06		820,353,801.94	4,218,884,448.22	

The recoverable amount is determined on the basis of the net amount of fair value less disposal costs

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

The recoverable amount is determined by the present value of the projected future cash flows

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

The reason for the obvious discrepancy between the foregoing information and the information used in the impairment test of previous years or the external information

The reason for the obvious discrepancy between the information used in the Company's impairment test in previous years and the actual situation in the current year Other note

The Company's investment in Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd. was originally designated as a financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (other equity instrument investment). During the period, the Company changed its management model for this investment and reclassified it as a long-term equity investment accounted for under the equity method.

8.Other non-current financial assets

In RMB

Items	Closing balance	Opening balance
Classified as financial assets measured at fair value and whose changes are		
included in the current profit and loss		
Including: Equity investment of Beijing Institute of Architectural Design Co.,	83,510,134.11	83,510,134.11
Ltd.	65,510,154.11	65,510,154.11
Equity investment of CMST Nanjing Intelligent Logistics Technology Co., Ltd.	102,984,043.09	102,984,043.09
Total	186,494,177.20	186,494,177.20

9. Investment property

(1) Investment property adopted the cost measurement mode

 $\sqrt{\text{Applicable}}$ $\square \text{Not applicable}$

In RMB

Items	Houses and buildings	Land use right	Total
I. Original value			
1.Opening balance	12,664,698.25	2,971,831.10	15,636,529.35
2.Increased amount of the period			
(1) Outsourcing			
(2)Inventory, Fixed assets and Construction project			
into			
(3))Increased of Enterprise consolidation			
3.Decreased amount of the period			
(1) Disposal			
(2) Other Out			
4.Closing balance	12,664,698.25	2,971,831.10	15,636,529.35
II. Accumulated depreciation accumulated			
amortization			
1.Opening balance	11,284,833.89	2,125,784.00	13,410,617.89
2.Increased amount of the period	73,774.56	36,784.68	110,559.24
(1)Withdrawal or amortization	73,774.56	36,784.68	110,559.24
3.Decreased amount of the period			
(1) Disposal			
(2) Other Out			
4.Closing balance	11,358,608.45	2,162,568.68	13,521,177.13
III. Impairment provision			
1.Opening balance			
2.Increased amount of the period			
(1) Withdrawal			
3.Decreased amount of the period			
(1) Disposal			
(2) Other Out			
4.Closing balance			
IV. Book value			
1.Closing book value	1,306,089.80	809,262.42	2,115,352.22
2.Opening book	1,379,864.36	846,047.10	2,225,911.46

The recoverable amount is determined by the net amount of fair value minus disposal expenses

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

The recoverable amount is determined according to the present value of the expected future cash flow

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

(2) Converted to investment real estate and measured at fair value

(3) Investment real estate without property rights certificate

In RMB

Item	Book value	Reasons for failing to complete the property rights certificate		
Houses and Building	628,779.19	Transportation and other ancillary facilities, Not accreditation		

10. Fixed assets

Item	Year-end balance	Year-beginning balance		
Fixed assets	8,397,320,620.80	8,872,664,544.10		
liquidation of fixed assets	26,190.48	144,148.87		
Total	8,397,346,811.28	8,872,808,692.97		

(1) List of fixed assets

Item	Guangfo Expressway	Fokai Expressway	Guanghui Expressway	Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu section	House and buildings	Machinery equipment	Transportation equipment	Electricity equipment and other	Total
I. Original price									
1.Opening balance	1,460,270,190.66	11,038,279,201.71	6,825,195,881.48	5,703,414,303.99	768,926,071.93	1,818,659,626.05	51,382,804.53	149,139,892.20	27,815,267,972.55
2.Increased amount of the period	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,422,376.21	1,794,967.12	506,333.34	5,723,676.67
(1) Purchase	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,972,370.01	1,794,967.12	506,333.34	4,273,670.47
(2) Transfer of project under construction	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,450,006.20	0.00	0.00	1,450,006.20
(3)Increased of Enterprise consolidation									
(4) Other	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3.Decreased amount of	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	55,623.08	0.00	613,200.00	755,738.00	1,424,561.08
the period (1) Disposal or scrap	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	613,200.00	755,738.00	1,368,938.00
(2) Other out	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	55,623.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	55,623.08
4.Closing balance	1,460,270,190.66	11,038,279,201.71	6,825,195,881.48	5,703,414,303.99	768,870,448.85	1,822,082,002.26	52,564,571.65	148,890,487.54	27,819,567,088.14
II. Accumulated depreciation	1,100,270,170.00	11,030,217,201.71	0,023,173,001.10	3,703,111,303.57	700,070,110.05	1,022,002,002.20	32,501,371.03	110,000,107.01	21,017,307,000.11
1.Opening balance	1,460,270,190.66	6,562,818,550.85	5,105,719,582.43	3,701,546,510.96	527,919,871.76	1,425,208,920.05	38,510,186.33	107,277,205.29	18,929,271,018.33
2.Increased amount of the period	0.00	175,945,018.13	165,878,509.74	77,546,237.04	17,839,384.46	36,997,157.47	1,112,665.67	5,616,962.20	480,935,934.71
(1) Withdrawal	0.00	175,945,018.13	165,878,509.74	77,546,237.04	17,839,384.46	36,997,157.47	1,112,665.67	5,616,962.20	480,935,934.71
3.Decreased amount of the period	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	582,540.00	710,355.82	1,292,895.82
(1)Disposal or scrap	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	582,540.00	710,355.82	1,292,895.82
4.Closing balance	1,460,270,190.66	6,738,763,568.98	5,271,598,092.17	3,779,092,748.00	545,759,256.22	1,462,206,077.52	39,040,312.00	112,183,811.67	19,408,914,057.22
III. Impairment provision									
1.Opening balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,889,394.16	10,394,796.45	0.00	48,219.51	13,332,410.12
2.Increased amount of the									

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Item	Guangfo Expressway	Fokai Expressway	Guanghui Expressway	Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu section	House and buildings	Machinery equipment	Transportation equipment	Electricity equipment and other	Total
period									
(1)Withdrawal									
3.Decreased amount of the period									
(1)Disposal or scrap									
4.Closing balance	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,889,394.16	10,394,796.45	0.00	48,219.51	13,332,410.12
IV. Book value									
1.Closing book value	0.00	4,299,515,632.73	1,553,597,789.31	1,924,321,555.99	220,221,798.47	349,481,128.29	13,524,259.65	36,658,456.36	8,397,320,620.80
2.Opening book	0.00	4,475,460,650.86	1,719,476,299.05	2,001,867,793.03	238,116,806.01	383,055,909.55	12,872,618.20	41,814,467.40	8,872,664,544.10

(2)Fixed assets temporary idle

In RMB

Item	Original book value	Accumulated depreciation	Impairment provision	Book value	Note
House and Building	2,604,578.00	2,474,349.10		130,228.90	
Total	2,604,578.00	2,474,349.10		130,228.90	

((3) Fixed assets leasing-out by operational lease

In RMB

Item	Ending book value
House and Building	14,577,112.76
Total	14,577,112.76

(4) Fixed assets without property rights certificate

In RMB

Item	Book value	Reasons for failing to complete the property rights certificate
House and Building	197,313,138.22	Transportation and other ancillary facilities, Not accreditation

(5) Information of impairment test of fixed assets

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

(6) liquidation of fixed assets

In RMB

Item	Ending balance	Opening balance
House and buildings	0.00	22,187.94
Machinery equipment	0.00	63,915.86
Electricity equipment and other	26,190.48	58,045.07
Total	26,190.48	144,148.87

11. Project under construction

Item	Year-end balance	Year-beginning balance
Project under construction	3,366,947,277.98	2,665,392,094.81
Engineering materials	0.00	0.00
Total	3,366,947,277.98	2,665,392,094.81

(1) Project under construction

	Year-end balance			Year-beginning balance			
Items	Book balance	Provision for devaluation	Book value	Book balance	Provision for devaluation	Book value	
Reconstruction and Expansion of Nansha-Zhuhai section of Guangzhou- Macao Expressway	2,916,760,951.98	0.00	2,916,760,951.98	2,228,897,400.42	0.00	2,228,897,400.42	
Reconstruction and Expansion of Fokai Expressway Sanbao to Shuikou	236,657,652.13	0.00	236,657,652.13	235,837,836.81	0.00	235,837,836.81	
Reconstruction and expansion project of the Huizhou Xiaojinkou-Guangzhou Luogang Section of Jinan-Guangzhou Expressway and the Huizhou Xiaojinkou-Lingkeng Section of Guangzhou-Huizhou Expressway	101,398,307.84	0.00	101,398,307.84	86,685,695.45	0.00	86,685,695.45	
Jiujiang Bridge Navigation Span Anti-collision Reinforcement Project	30,758,087.65	0.00	30,758,087.65	30,758,087.65	0.00	30,758,087.65	
Guangzhou-Shanwei Railway Crossing Project	19,446,564.43	0.00	19,446,564.43	19,446,564.43	0.00	19,446,564.43	
Ganzhou-Shenzhen High-speed Railway Crossing Section Reconstruction and Expansion Project	15,664,172.98	0.00	15,664,172.98	15,664,172.98	0.00	15,664,172.98	
Jili River Bridge Anti-collision Reinforcement Project	12,126,194.00	0.00	12,126,194.00	12,126,194.00	0.00	12,126,194.00	
Foshan-Kaiping Expressway Intelligent Upgrade Project	8,770,999.00	0.00	8,770,999.00	8,770,999.00	0.00	8,770,999.00	
K13 Left Cutting Slope Emergency Treatment Project	6,076,917.00	0.00	6,076,917.00	6,076,917.00	0.00	6,076,917.00	
Other projects	19,287,430.97	0.00	19,287,430.97	21,128,227.07	0.00	21,128,227.07	
Total	3,366,947,277.98	0.00	3,366,947,277.98	2,665,392,094.81	0.00	2,665,392,094.81	

(2) Changes of significant construction in progress

Name of project	Budget	Opening balance	Increase	Transferred to fixed assets	Other decrease	End balance	Proportion %	Project process	Capitalization of interest	Including: capitalization of interest this period	Capitalization of interest rate (%)	Source of funding
Reconstruction and Expansion of Nansha- Zhuhai section of Guangzhou-Macao Expressway	13,735,989,200.00	2,228,897,400.42	687,863,551.56	0.00	0.00	2,916,760,951.98	26.24%	26.24%	149,799,274.67	37,024,905.86	2.45%	Other loans, loans from financial institutions.
Reconstruction and Expansion of Fokai Expressway Sanbao to Shuikou	3,426,210,000.00	235,837,836.81	2,867,380.35	0.00	2,047,565.03	236,657,652.13	86.77%	99.03%	83,779,155.18	1,748,648.60	2.50%	Other loans, loans from financial institutions.
Reconstruction and expansion project of the Huizhou Xiaojinkou-Guangzhou Luogang Section of Jinan-Guangzhou Expressway and the Huizhou Xiaojinkou-Lingkeng Section of Guangzhou-Huizhou Expressway	30,520,000,000.00	86,685,695.45	15,602,812.39	890,200.00	0.00	101,398,307.84	0.34%	0.34%				Other
Jiujiang Bridge Navigation Span Anti- collision Reinforcement Project	36,419,600.00	30,758,087.65	0.00	0.00	0.00	30,758,087.65	84.45%	84.45%				Other
Guangzhou-Shanwei Railway Crossing Project	21,460,000.00	19,446,564.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	19,446,564.43	90.62%	90.62%				Other
Ganzhou-Shenzhen High-speed Railway Crossing Section Reconstruction and Expansion Project Jili River Bridge Anti-	16,966,900.00	15,664,172.98	0.00	0.00	0.00	15,664,172.98	92.32%	92.32%				Other

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collision Reinforcement											
Project											
Foshan-Kaiping											
Expressway Intelligent	33,963,500.00	8,770,999.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8,770,999.00	84.57%	84.57%			Other
Upgrade Project											
K13 Left Cutting Slope											
Emergency Treatment	10,250,100.00	6,076,917.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,076,917.00	59.29%	59.29%			Other
Project											
Total	47,813,671,206.00	2,644,263,867.74	706,333,744.30	890,200.00	2,047,565.03	3,347,659,847.01			233,578,429.85	38,773,554.46	

Note: The budget for the expansion project of the Nansha–Zhuhai section of the Guangzhou–Macau Expressway includes construction costs for certain works borne by the government.

(3)Provision for impairment of construction projects in the current period

None

(4) Information of impairment test of construction in progress

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

(5)Engineering Materials

None

12.Use right assets

(1) Right-of-use assets

In RMB

Items	House and buildings	Machinery equipment	Transportation equipment	Other	Total
I. Original price		• •			
1.Opening balance	30,634,734.72	357,112.19	0.00	1,007,747.00	31,999,593.91
2.Increased amount of the period					
3.Decreased amount of the period					
4.Closing balance	30,634,734.72	357,112.19	0.00	1,007,747.00	31,999,593.91
II.Accumulated depreciation					
1.Opening balance	17,068,316.40	285,689.76	0.00	428,069.76	17,782,075.92
2.Increased amount of the period	5,105,789.17	35,711.22	0.00	53,508.72	5,195,009.11
(1) Withdrawal	5,105,789.17	35,711.22	0.00	53,508.72	5,195,009.11
3.Decreased amount of the period					
(1) Disposition					
4.Closing balance	22,174,105.57	321,400.98	0.00	481,578.48	22,977,085.03
III. Impairment provision					
1.Opening balance					
2.Increased amount of the period					
(1) Withdrawal					
3.Decreased amount of the period					
(1) Disposition					
4.Closing balance					
IV. Book value					
1.Closing book value	8,460,629.15	35,711.21	0.00	526,168.52	9,022,508.88
2.Opening book value	13,566,418.32	71,422.43	0.00	579,677.24	14,217,517.99

(2) Information of impairment test of right-of-use assets

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

13. Intangible assets

(1) List of intangible assets

Items	Land use right	Patent right	The Turnpike franchise	Total
I. Original price				
1.Opening balance	2,701,738.76	21,528,949.66	318,348,741.86	342,579,430.28
2.Increased amount of the period				
(1) Purchase				
(2)Internal Development				
(3)Increased of Enterprise Combination				
3.Decreased amount of the period	0.00	670,017.00	0.00	670,017.00
(1) Disposal	0.00	670,017.00	0.00	670,017.00
4.Closing balance	2,701,738.76	20,858,932.66	318,348,741.86	341,909,413.28
II.Accumulated amortization				
1.Opening balance	2,397,366.22	17,138,010.21	125,349,900.66	144,885,277.09
2.Increased amount of the period	7,705.62	825,830.26	10,735,401.73	11,568,937.61
(1) Withdrawal	7,705.62	825,830.26	10,735,401.73	11,568,937.61
3.Decreased amount of the period	0.00	670,017.00	0.00	670,017.00
(1) Disposal	0.00	670,017.00	0.00	670,017.00
4.Closing balance	2,405,071.84	17,293,823.47	136,085,302.39	155,784,197.70
III. Impairment provision				
1.Opening balance				
2.Increased amount of the period				
(1) Withdrawal				
3.Decreased amount of the period				
(1) Disposal				
4.Closing balance				
IV. Book value				
1.Closing book value	296,666.92	3,565,109.19	182,263,439.47	186,125,215.58
2.Opening book value	304,372.54	4,390,939.45	192,998,841.20	197,694,153.19

At the end of this period, there is no intangible assets formed through the company's internal research and At the end of this period, the intangible assets formed through the company's internal research and development accounted for 0.00% of the balance of intangible assets

(2)Details of Land use right failed to accomplish certification of property

In RMB

Items	Book value	Reason for not obtaining the title certificate
Gonghe Town Land	296,666.92	Reasons left over from history

(3)Land use right without certificate of title completed

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

14. Deferred income tax assets/deferred income tax liabilities

(1) Deferred income tax assets had not been off-set

	Balance in	n year-end	Balance Year-beginning		
Items	Deductible temporary	Deferred income tax	Deductible temporary	Deferred income tax	
	difference	assets	difference	assets	
Assets impairment provisions	13,332,410.12	3,333,102.53	13,332,410.12	3,333,102.53	
Credit impairment provision	3,695,330.67	923,832.67	3,421,164.00	855,291.00	
Asset appraisal, appreciation, depreciation and amortization	93,458,858.79	23,364,714.69	98,987,720.57	24,746,930.14	
Deferred income	69,097.17	17,274.29	914,020.10	228,504.89	

Lease liabilities	8,218,005.38	2,054,501.32	13,482,202.36	3,370,550.57
Advance lease	526,168.79	131,541.95	579,677.24	144,919.31
Total	119,299,870.92	29,824,967.45	130,717,194.39	32,679,298.44

(2) Deferred income tax liabilities had not been off-set

In RMB

	Balance in	year-end	Balance Yea	ar-beginning
Items	Deductible temporary difference	Deferred income tax liabilities	Deductible temporary difference	Deferred income tax liabilities
Changes in the fair value of other equity instruments	466,744,033.64	116,686,008.41	453,044,707.32	113,261,176.83
Deductible temporary differences in the formation of asset impairment	753,174,611.14	188,293,652.79	771,743,732.23	192,935,933.05
Difference of amortization method of franchise of toll road	16,521,049.90	4,130,262.48	14,267,696.94	3,566,924.23
Changes in the fair value of trading financial assets	15,494,177.20	3,873,544.30	15,494,177.20	3,873,544.30
Right to use assets	9,022,508.88	2,255,627.07	14,217,517.98	3,554,379.50
Tax accounting differences of projects under construction	66,143,471.36	16,535,867.84	50,341,919.28	12,585,479.82
Depreciation of on fixed asset	4,213,173.33	1,053,293.32	4,213,173.33	1,053,293.33
Total	1,331,313,025.45	332,828,256.21	1,323,322,924.28	330,830,731.06

(3) Deferred income tax assets or liabilities listed by net amount after off-set

None

(4)Details of income tax assets not recognized

In RMB

Items	Balance in year-end	Balance in year-begin
Deductible temporary difference	18,476,105.70	349,962,142.53
Deductible loss	858,159.49	0.00
Total	19,334,265.19	349,962,142.53

(5) Deductible losses of un-recognized deferred income tax assets expired on the followed year

In RMB

Year	Ending amount	Opening amount	Note
2030	858,159.49	0.00	
Total	858,159.49	0.00	

15 .Other non-current assets

	Balance in year-end			Balance Year-beginning		
Items	Book balance	Provision for	Book value	Book balance	Provision for	Book value
		devaluation			devaluation	
Prepaid engineering fees	668,245,027.87	0.00	668,245,027.87	652,374,568.29	0.00	652,374,568.29
Prepaid target payment						
for paddy filed of						
Guanghui Expressway	183,725,550.00	0.00	183,725,550.00	183,725,550.00	0.00	183,725,550.00
Reconstruction and						
extension project						

Prepaid tax	1,110,736.32	0.00	1,110,736.32	1,311,921.48	0.00	1,311,921.48
Prepaid equipment	333,398.00	0.00	333,398.00	491,998.00	0.00	491,998.00
Total	853,414,712.19	0.00	853,414,712.19	837,904,037.77	0.00	837,904,037.77

16. Assets with restricted right of ownership

		Balance in	year-end			Balance in y	ear-begin	
Item	Book	D 1 1	Restriction	Restriction	Book	D 1 1	Restriction	Restriction
	balance	Book value	type	information	balance	Book value	type	information
			Special	Special			Special	Special
Monetary	1,221,200.00	1,221,200.00	funds for	funds for	1,221,200.00	1,221,200.00	funds for	funds for
fund	1,221,200.00	1,221,200.00	land	land	1,221,200.00	1,221,200.00	land	land
			reclamation	reclamation			reclamation	reclamation
Total	1,221,200.00	1,221,200.00			1,221,200.00	1,221,200.00		

17. Short-term Borrowing

(1) Short-term Borrowing

In RMB

Item	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning
Credit Borrowing	150,000,000.00	0.00
Interest payable not due	85,138.89	0.00
Total	150,085,138.89	0.00

(2) Overdue short-term borrowings

None

18.Account payable

(1) List of account payable

In RMB

Item	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning
Within 1 year (Including 1 year)	41,078,523.25	126,545,685.15
1-2 years (including2 years)	18,401,100.94	5,678,510.59
2-3 years (including 3 years)	419,287.39	33,415,222.43
Over 3 years	90,105,951.84	60,465,063.88
Total	150,004,863.42	226,104,482.05

(2) Significant payable aging more than 1 year

In rRMB

Item	Balance in year-end	Reason
Foshan Land and resources Bureau.	29,510,958.21	Unsettled
Heshan Land and resources Bureau	9,186,893.60	Unsettled
Total	38,697,851.81	

19.Other accounts payable

Item	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning
Dividend payable	1,169,375,280.23	32,714,825.12
Other account payable	163,722,994.66	239,403,211.80

Total	1,333,098,274.89	272,118,036.92

(1) Interest payable

None

(2) Dividends payable

In RMB

Item	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning
Common stock dividends	1,169,375,280.23	32,714,825.12
Total	1,169,375,280.23	32,714,825.12

Other explanations, including significant dividends payable that have not been paid for more than 1 year, it shall disclose the reasons for non-payment:

(3) Other accounts payable

(1) Other accounts payable listed by nature of the account

In RMB

Item	Year-end balance	Year-Beginning balance
Provisional receipts payable	58,385,218.40	110,062,692.40
Estimated project cost	8,982,731.05	30,011,025.21
Deposit, warranty and security deposit	84,020,239.25	78,610,611.67
Other	12,334,805.96	20,718,882.52
Total	163,722,994.66	239,403,211.80

(2) Other significant accounts payable with aging over one year

In RMB

Item	Closing balance	Unpaid/un-carry over reason
Yayao to Xiebian extension	12,416,663.00	The settlement conditions are not met
Jiangmen Xinhui People's government	3,909,400.00	The settlement conditions are not met
Total	16,326,063.00	

20. Prepayment received

(1) List of Prepayment received

In RMB

Item	Closing balance	Unpaid/un-carry over reason
Within 1 year (Including 1 year)	1,179,999.70	250,984.74
Total	1,179,999.70	250,984.74

(2) Significant payable aging more than 1 year

None

21.Payable Employee wage

(1) Payable Employee wage

In RMB

Item	Year-beginning balance	Increase in the current period	Decrease in the current period	Year-end balance
I. Short-term compensation	22,412,317.23	199,483,291.91	200,165,273.93	21,730,335.21
II.Post-employment benefits - defined contribution plans	0.00	39,850,736.17	38,168,060.17	1,682,676.00
III. Dismissal benefits	0.00	210,000.00	210,000.00	0.00
IV. Other benefits due within one year	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	22,412,317.23	239,544,028.08	238,543,334.10	23,413,011.21

(2) Short-term Remuneration

In RMB

Item	Year-beginning balance	Increase in the current period	Decrease in the current period	Year-end balance
1. Wages, bonuses, allowances and subsidies	465,063.49	145,714,237.57	145,714,237.57	465,063.49
2.Employee welfare	352,838.67	9,733,831.70	10,086,670.37	0.00
3. Social insurance premiums	0.00	17,354,544.97	17,354,544.97	0.00
Including: Medical insurance	0.00	7,090,542.29	7,090,542.29	0.00
Work injury insurance	0.00	1,391,900.05	1,391,900.05	0.00
Maternity incurance	0.00	1,339,324.66	1,339,324.66	0.00
Other	0.00	7,532,777.97	7,532,777.97	0.00
4.Public reserves for housing	0.00	20,464,646.00	20,464,646.00	0.00
5.Union funds and staff education fee	19,274,379.72	4,692,505.95	5,021,649.30	18,945,236.37
8.Other	2,320,035.35	1,523,525.72	1,523,525.72	2,320,035.35
Total	22,412,317.23	199,483,291.91	200,165,273.93	21,730,335.21

(3) Defined contribution plans listed

In RMB

Item	Balance Year- beginning	Increase in this period	Payable in this period	Balance in year- end
Basic old-age insurance premiums	0.00	24,784,053.14	24,784,053.14	0.00
2.Unemployment insurance	0.00	1,499,689.30	1,499,689.30	0.00
3.Enterprise annuity payment	0.00	13,566,993.73	11,884,317.73	1,682,676.00
Total	0.00	39,850,736.17	38,168,060.17	1,682,676.00

22.Tax Payable

Item	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning	
VAT	11,926,438.27	11,949,894.06	
Enterprise Income tax	176,540,226.57	115,297,349.98	
Individual Income tax	549,771.46	3,105,569.26	
City Construction tax	739,722.19	746,433.27	
Education subjoin	358,725.36	360,283.46	
Locality Education subjoin	220,682.05	221,651.77	
Property tax	1,130,636.30	14,964.15	
Stamp tax	53,276.06	52,114.41	
Land use tax	770,453.66		
Total	192,289,931.92	131,748,260.36	

23. Non-current liabilities due within 1 year

In RMB

Item	Balance year-end	Year-beginning balance		
Long-term loans due within 1 year	204,700,326.92	238,719,839.52		
Payable Bonds due within 1 year		767,774,662.42		
Lease liabilities due within 1 year	8,218,005.38	10,752,013.25		
Total	212,918,332.30	1,017,246,515.19		

24.Other current liabilities

In RMB

Item	Balance year-end	Year-beginning balance	
Tax to be rewritten	60,381.20	73,697.84	
Total	60,381.20	73,697.84	

25. Long-term loan

In RMB

Item	Balance year-end	Year-beginning balance	
Credit loan	7,923,087,815.76	6,961,526,050.00	
Interest payable when not due	5,210,458.44	5,458,539.52	
Less: Long-term loans due within one year	204,700,326.92	238,719,839.52	
Total	7,723,597,947.28	6,728,264,750.00	

26.Bond payable

(1) Bond payable

Item	Balance year-end	Year-beginning balance		
Medium- term note	0.00	749,897,950.11		
Interest payable when not due	0.00	17,876,712.31		
Less: Long-term loans due within one year	0.00	767,774,662.42		
Total	0.00	0.00		

(2) Changes of bonds payable(Not including the other financial instrument of preferred stock and perpetual capital securities that classify as financial liability

Name of the bond	Book value	Interest rate	Issue date	Period	Issue amount	Opening balance	The current issue	Withdraw interest at par	Overflow discount amount	Pay in current period	Closing balance	Whether default
20 Guangdong Expressway MTN001	750,000,000.00	3.00%	2020.3.13-	2020.3.17- 2025.3.17	750,000,000.00	767,774,662.42		4,623,287.69	-102,049.89	772,500,000.00	0.00	No
Total					750,000,000.00	767,774,662.42		4,623,287.69	-102,049.89	772,500,000.00	0.00	

27.Lease liabilities

In RMB

Item	Balance year-end	Year-beginning balance
Long-term lease liabilities	8,353,669.51	13,819,230.25
Less: Financing costs are not recognized	135,664.13	337,027.89
Less:Long-term loans due within one year	8,218,005.38	10,752,013.25
Total	0.00	2,730,189.11

28. Long-term payable

In RMB

Item	Balance year-end	Year-beginning balance		
Long-term payable	2,022,210.11	2,022,210.11		
Total	2,022,210.11	2,022,210.11		

(1) Long-term payable listed by nature of the account

In RMB

Item	Balance year-end	Year-beginning balance		
Non-operating asset payable	2,022,210.11	2,022,210.11		

29. Deferred income

In RMB

Item	Opening balance	Increase	Decrease	Closing balance	Cause
Government subsidy	485,914,020.10	313,724,200.00	844,922.93	798,793,297.17	
Lease income	26,057,887.24	0.00	4,005,195.48	22,052,691.76	
Total	511,971,907.34	313,724,200.00	4,850,118.41	820,845,988.93	

30.Stock capital

In RMB

	Balance Year- beginning	Issuance of new share	Bonus shares	Capitalizatio n of public reserve	Other	Subtotal	Balance in year- end
Total of capital shares	2,090,806,126.00						2,090,806,126.00

31. Capital reserves

Item	Year- beginning balance	Increase in the current period	Decrease in the current period	Year-end balance
Share premium	548,804,033.11	0.00	0.00	548,804,033.11
(1) Capital invested by investors	2,508,408,342.99	0.00	0.00	2,508,408,342.99
(2) the impact of a business combination under the common control	-1,959,604,309.88	0.00	0.00	-1,959,604,309.88
Other capital reserves	233,857,185.45	250,875.02	1,716.44	234,106,344.03
(1) Changes in other equity of the invested under the equity method accounting (Note)	-3,598,455.25	250,875.02	1,716.44	-3,349,296.67
(2) Other	237,455,640.70	0.00	0.00	237,455,640.70
Total	782,661,218.56	250,875.02	1,716.44	782,910,377.14

- The situation of change in the current capital reserve is as follows:
- (1) During the period, the associate of the Company's subsidiary Yuegao Capital (Holdings) Guangzhou Co., Ltd., Guangdong Yuetong Qiyuan Core Power Technology Co., Ltd. received capital contributions from other shareholders. The subsidiary accounted for the change in long-term equity investment under the equity method, resulting in an increase of RMB 250,875.02 in capital reserve.
- (2) The capital reserve of Yuetong Qiyuan Core Power Technology Co., Ltd., an associate of the subsidiary Yuegao Capital (Holdings) Guangzhou Co., Ltd.-a subsidiary of the Company, was changed during the period, and the Company adjusted the book value of the long-term equity investment according to the proportion of its shareholding, resulting in an increase in capital reserve of RMB 1,716.44.

32. Other comprehensive income

			Amount of current period								
Item	Year-beginning balance	Amount incurred before income tax	Less: Amount transferred into profit and loss in the current period that recognied into other comprehensive income in prior period	Less: Prior period included in other composite income transfer to retained income in the current period	Less: Income tax expenses	After-tax attribute to the parent company	After-tax attribute to minority shareholder	Year-end balance			
1.Other comprehensive income will be reclassified into income or loss in the future	346,377,042.10	96,486,209.48	0.00	54,004,125.15	21,426,206.64	21,055,877.69	0.00	367,432,919.79			
Including: Re-measure the change amount of the set benefit plan	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
Other comprehensive income that cannot be converted to profit and loss under the equity method	6,593,511.61	10,781,382.95	0.00	0.00	0.00	10,781,382.95	0.00	17,374,894.56			
Changes in fair value of investments in other equity instruments	339,783,530.49	85,704,826.53	0.00	54,004,125.15	21,426,206.64	10,274,494.74	0.00	350,058,025.23			
The fair value of the enterprise's own credit risk changes	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00			
2.Other comprehensive income reclassifiable to profit or loss in subsequent periods	19,772,828.98	-12,130,717.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	-12,130,717.81	0.00	7,642,111.17			
Including: Share of other comprehensive income of the investee that cannot be transferred to profit or loss accounted for using the equity method	19,772,828.98	-12,130,717.81	0.00	0.00	0.00	-12,130,717.81	0.00	7,642,111.17			
Total of other comprehensive income	366,149,871.08	84,355,491.67	0.00	54,004,125.15	21,426,206.64	8,925,159.88	0.00	375,075,030.96			

Other explanations, including the adjustment of the effective part of cash flow hedging profit and loss to the initial recognition amount of the hedged item:

The Company's investment in Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd. was originally designated as a financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (other equity instrument investment). During the period, the Company changed its management model for this investment and reclassified it as a long-term equity investment accounted for under the equity method. The cumulative gains previously recognized in other comprehensive income were reclassified from other comprehensive income to retained earnings, and the recognized deferred tax liability was reversed. As a result, other comprehensive income decreased by RMB 54,004,125.15, surplus reserve increased by RMB 7,200,550.02, and undistributed profits increased by RMB 64,804,950.19.

33. Surplus reserve

In RMB

Item	Year-beginning	Increase in the current	Decrease in the current	Year-end balance
	balance	period	period	
Statutory surplus reserve	1,684,087,655.64	7,200,550.02	0.00	1,691,288,205.66
Total	1,684,087,655.64	7,200,550.02	0.00	1,691,288,205.66

Other explanations, including the increase or decrease in this period and the reasons for such change:

For details of the increase during the period, refer to the disclosure in "VII.32, Other Comprehensive Income" in this section.

34. Retained profits

In RMB

Item	Amount of this period	Amount of last period
Before adjustments: Retained profits in last period end	5,544,395,448.25	5,289,404,378.52
Adjust the total undistributed profits at the beginning of the period	5,544,395,448.25	5,289,404,378.52
Add: Net profit belonging to the owner of the parent company	1,057,152,854.14	1,562,122,219.95
Less: Statutory surplus reserve	0.00	163,460,199.30
Withdraw of arbitrary surplus reserves	0.00	0.00
Withdraw of general risk provision	0.00	0.00
Common stock dividend payable	1,093,491,603.90	1,143,670,950.92
Other (Note)	-64,804,950.19	0.00
Retained profit at the end of this term	5,572,861,648.68	5,544,395,448.25

As regards the details of adjusted the beginning undistributed profits

- (1)As the retroactive adjustment on Enterprise Accounting Standards and its related new regulations, the affected beginning undistributed profits are <u>RMB 0.00</u>.
- (2) As the change of the accounting policy, the affected beginning undistributed profits are RMB 0.00.
- (3) As the correction of significant accounting error, the affected beginning undistributed profits are <u>RMB 0.00</u>.
- (4) As the change of consolidation scope caused by the same control, the affected beginning undistributed profits are <u>RMB 0.00</u>.
- (5) Other adjustment of the total affected beginning undistributed profits are RMB 0.00.

Other note: For details of "Others", refer to the disclosure in "VII.32, Other Comprehensive Income" in this section.

35.Operation income and operation cost

τ.	Amount of	this period	Amount of last period	
Item	Income	Cost	Income	Cost
Main operation	2,087,814,658.07	657,514,997.63	2,204,260,409.98	699,856,213.37
Other operation	30,148,115.18	15,994,816.71	26,605,252.22	13,152,796.05
Total	2,117,962,773.25	673,509,814.34	2,230,865,662.20	713,009,009.42

Detail:

In RMB

Item	Amount of this period	Amount of last period
Toll income	2,087,814,658.07	2,204,260,409.98
Services and other income	20,976,432.54	15,478,999.23
Lease income	9,171,682.64	11,126,252.99
Total	2,117,962,773.25	2,230,865,662.20

Breakdown information of operating income and operating cost:

In RMB

Contract	Total		
classification	Income	Cost	
Business	2,117,962,773.25	673,509,814.34	
Including:			
Toll income	2,087,814,658.07	657,514,997.63	
Services and other income	20,976,432.54	14,067,031.53	
Lease income	9,171,682.64	1,927,785.18	
Area	2,117,962,773.25	673,509,814.34	
Including:			
Guangdong	2,117,962,773.25	673,509,814.34	
Total	2,117,962,773.25	673,509,814.34	

36. Business tax and subjoin

In RMB

Item	Amount of this period	Amount of last period
Urban construction tax	3,995,230.90	4,227,749.67
Education surcharge	1,919,794.06	2,034,042.57
Business tax	185,247.66	185,247.66
Locality Education surcharge	1,276,674.08	1,352,839.87
Property tax	1,305,280.22	878,639.76
Land use tax	770,453.66	631,353.05
Vehicle use tax	38,144.40	37,925.80
Stamp tax	127,787.71	21,502.93
Total	9,618,612.69	9,369,301.31

37. Administrative expenses

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Wage	62,278,475.01	58,569,461.03
Depreciation of fixed assets	4,464,459.08	4,552,422.70
Intangible assets amortization	478,340.35	674,206.77
Low consumables amortization	383,534.26	265,968.99
Rental fee and Management fee	6,485,453.52	6,693,110.28
Office expenses	2,937,559.59	3,258,077.16
Travel expenses	205,902.20	296,247.06
Consultation expenses	168,800.00	285,100.00

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
The fee for hiring agency	2,470,639.61	2,947,699.99
Listing fee	256,603.77	143,396.22
Information cost and maintenance fee	445,197.76	527,208.63
Other	3,558,612.54	4,734,791.85
Total	84,133,577.69	82,947,690.68

38.R& D expenses

In RMB

Item	Amount of this period	Amount of last period
Wage	742,896.28	0.00
Entrusted development fee	-35,401.40	0.00
Total	707,494.88	0.00

39. Financial expenses

In RMB

Item	Amount of this period	Amount of last period
Interest expenses	59,844,326.44	86,505,113.33
Interest income	-16,237,101.63	-32,771,177.29
Exchange Income and loss (Gain-)	0.00	0.00
Bank commission charge	74,067.44	75,260.20
Other	2,947.00	2,185.00
Total	43,684,239.25	53,811,381.24

40.Other gains

In RMB

Item	Amount of this period	Amount of last period
Government Subsidy	1,451,369.85	5,419,793.60
Veterans' VAT reduction and exemption	30,000.00	29,250.00
Withholding and remitting enterprise prepaid income tax fees	380,607.79	166,639.84
VAT additional deduction	0.00	1,845.02
VAT reduction	930.72	0.00
Total	1,862,908.36	5,617,528.46

41. Investment income

Item	Amount of this period	Amount of last period
Long-term equity investment income by equity method	98,461,531.78	112,802,071.88
Dividends earned during the holding period on investments in other equity instrument	44,772,473.91	40,699,105.31
Total	143,234,005.69	153,501,177.19

42. Credit impairment losses

In RMB

Item	Amount of this period	Amount of last period
Impairment losses on account receivable	-274,166.67	-1,421,666.67
Impairment losses on other receivable	331,486,036.83	-43,453,436.90
Total	331,211,870.16	-44,875,103.57

43. Non-Operation income

In RMB

Items	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period	The amount of non-operating gains & losses
Non-current assets are			
damaged and scrapped for	6,011.57	11,338.66	6,011.57
profit			
Insurance claim income	569,218.47	1,753,159.58	569,218.47
Road property claim income	1,457,110.69	1,178,677.32	1,457,110.69
Other	44,216.06	27,682.96	44,216.06
Total	2,076,556.79	2,970,858.52	2,076,556.79

44. Non-Operation expenses

In RMB

Items	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period	Recorded in the amount of the non-recurring gains and losses
Non-current assets are damaged and scrapped for profit	123,958.99	-20,648.15	123,958.99
Including: Fixed assets	123,958.99	-20,648.15	123,958.99
Road rehabilitation expenditure	2,312,300.45	1,751,559.00	2,312,300.45
Fine	83,156.20	0.00	83,156.20
Other	36,952.90	44,258.11	36,952.90
Total	2,556,368.54	1,775,168.96	2,556,368.54

45. Income tax expense

(1) Lists of income tax expense

In RMB

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Current income tax expense	340,820,305.13	350,892,709.36
Deferred income tax expense	1,427,024.56	-1,009,073.13
Total	342,247,329.69	349,883,636.23

(2) Adjustment process of accounting profit and income tax expense

Item	Amount of current period
Total of profit	1,782,138,006.86
Current income tax expense accounted by tax and relevant regulations	445,534,501.72
Influence of income tax before adjustment	11,011,379.52
Influence of non taxable income	-11,193,118.47
Impact of non-deductible costs, expenses and losses	4,166,919.19
Impact of deductible losses from previously unidentified deferred income tax assets	-85,735,535.63

Item	Amount of current period
The current period does not affect the deferred tax assets recognized deductible temporary differences or deductible loss	3,078,566.30
Profit and loss attributable to the affiliation company	-24,615,382.94
Income tax expense	342,247,329.69

46. Earnings Per Share

(1) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the consolidated net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company by the Company's weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period:

In RMB

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Consolidated net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company	1,057,152,854.14	855,465,441.00
The Company's weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	2,090,806,126.00	2,090,806,126.00
Basic earnings per share	0.51	0.41
Of which: Basic earnings per share from continuing operations	0.51	0.41
Basic earnings per share from discontinued operations	0.00	0.00

(2) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the consolidated net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. During the reporting period, the Company's ordinary shares did not have a dilutive effect; therefore, diluted earnings per share equals basic earnings per share.

47. Items of cash flow statement

(1) Cash related to business activities

Cash received from other activities relating to operation

In RMB

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Interest income	10,440,914.85	25,962,851.96
Unit current account	394,138,005.02	29,712,714.85
Special government subsidies	313,724,200.00	0.00
Total	718,303,119.87	55,675,566.81

Other cash paid related to operating activities

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Management expense	20,902,865.25	11,488,664.49
Unit current account	296,070,246.17	25,555,665.99
Total	316,973,111.42	37,044,330.48

(2) Cash related to Investment activities

Cash receivable related to other Investment activities

In RMB

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Bid security related to long-term assets, etc	4,422.50	3,692,567.08
Total	4,422.50	3,692,567.08

Cash paid related to other investment activities

In RMB

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Cash received from dividends and dividends of other equity investments	47,188,649.33	0.00
Cash received from dividends of associated	27,477,672.98	19,579,614.82
Total	74,666,322.31	19,579,614.82

Cash Payable related to other Investment activities

In RMB

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Bid security related to long-term assets, etc	33,268.90	1,700,000.00
Other	125,000.00	1,600.00
Total	158,268.90	1,701,600.00

Important cash paid in relation to the investment activities

In RMB

Items	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Cash paid for by investing in associates	2,088,000.00	89,312,000.00
Cash paid for the reconstruction and expansion of the		
Nansha-Zhuhai section of the Guangzhou-Macao	662,552,328.32	665,071,908.34
Expressway		
Cash paid for the reconstruction and expansion of the	24 527 270 70	102 255 007 00
Luogang-Lingkeng section of the Guanghui Expressway	24,537,270.70	192,355,097.00
Total	689,177,599.02	946,739,005.34

(3) Cash related to Financing activities

Other cash paid in relation to financing activities

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Cash paid for the lease liabilities	5,736,824.98	2,951,128.41
Other	0.00	537,769.75
Total	5,736,824.98	3,488,898.16

Changes in various liabilities arising from financing activities ☑ Applicable □Not applicable

Items	Year-beginning	Increase in the current period		Decrease in the	Year-end balance	
	balance	Cash changes	Non-cash changes	Cash changes	Non-cash changes	i ear-end barance
Other payable-Dividend payable	32,714,825.12	0.00	1,288,536,973.09	151,850,331.06	26,186.92	1,169,375,280.23
Short-loans	0.00	150,000,000.00	85,138.89	0.00	0.00	150,085,138.89
Long-term loans (Including part due within one year)	6,966,984,589.52	2,720,000,000.00	95,761,029.35	1,854,447,344.67	0.00	7,928,298,274.20
Bond payable (Including part due within one year)	767,774,662.42	0.00	4,725,337.58	772,500,000.00	0.00	0.00
Long-term payable (Including part due within one year)	2,022,210.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,022,210.11
Lease liabilities (Including part due within one year)	13,482,202.36	0.00	201,363.76	5,465,560.74	0.00	8,218,005.38
Total	7,782,978,489.53	2,870,000,000.00	1,389,309,842.67	2,784,263,236.47	26,186.92	9,257,998,908.81

48. Supplement Information for cash flow statement

(1) Supplement Information for cash flow statement

In RMB

		111 11112
Supplement Information	Amount of current	Amount of previous
	period	period
I. Adjusting net profit to cash flow from operating activities		·
Net profit	1,439,890,677.17	1,137,283,934.96
Add: Impairment loss provision of assets		
Credit impairment losses	-331,211,870.16	44,875,103.57
Depreciation of fixed assets, oil and gas assets and consumable biological assets	480,583,962.34	512,541,181.48
Depreciation of Use right assets	5,195,009.11	5,374,995.90
Amortization of intangible assets	11,605,722.29	12,101,858.87
Amortization of Long-term deferred expenses	175,312.50	0.00
Loss on disposal of fixed assets, intangible assets and other long-term deferred assets	0.00	0.00
Fixed assets scrap loss	117,947.42	-31,986.81
Loss on fair value changes	0.00	0.00
Financial cost	59,844,326.44	85,814,169.34
Loss on investment	-143,234,005.69	-153,501,177.19
Decrease of deferred income tax assets	2,854,330.99	4,543,405.40
Increased of deferred income tax liabilities	-1,427,306.43	-5,552,478.53
Decrease of inventories	0.00	0.00
Decease of operating receivables	96,213,978.68	-44,835,241.50
Increased of operating Payable	-34,135,906.34	4,642,244.19
Other	311,194,604.23	44,875,103.57
Net cash flows arising from operating activities	1,897,666,782.55	1,603,256,009.68
II. Significant investment and financing activities that without cash flows:		
Conversion of debt into capital		
Convertible corporate bonds maturing within one year		
Financing of fixed assets leased		
3.Movement of cash and cash equivalents:		
Ending balance of cash	5,758,742,887.96	4,955,371,380.26
Less: Beginning balance of cash equivalents	4,259,653,084.58	4,701,657,434.00
Add: End balance of cash equivalents		
Less: Beginning balance of cash equivalents		
Net increase of cash and cash equivalent	1,499,089,803.38	253,713,946.26

(2) Composition of cash and cash equivalents

Item	Balance in year-end	Balance in year-Beginning
Cash	5,758,742,887.96	4,259,653,084.58
Of which: Cash in stock	10,258.18	10,267.08
Bank savings could be used at any time	5,747,871,961.67	4,259,125,745.36
Other monetary capital could be used at any time	10,860,668.11	517,072.14
Balance of cash and cash equivalents at the period end	5,758,742,887.96	4,259,653,084.58

(3) Situations where the scope of use is limited but still classified as cash and cash equivalents

None

(4) Monetary funds that do not belong to cash and cash equivalents

In RMB

Item	Amount of the current period	Amount of the previous period	Reason for not belonging to cash and cash equivalents
Land reclamation funds	1,221,200.00	1,221,200.00	Land reclamation funds in fund custody account
Unexpired accrued interest	37,069,088.06	28,952,378.64	Not actually received
Total	38,290,288.06	30,173,578.64	

49. Lease

(1) The Company as lessee

☑Applicable □Not applicable

Variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities

 \Box Applicable \square Not applicable

Short-term lease or lease cost of low-value assets with simplified treatment

 \Box Applicable \square Not applicable

In RMB

Item	Amount of the current period	Amount of the previous period
Interest expense of lease liabilities	201,363.76	357,103.57
Short-term lease and lease expenses of low-value assets under simplified approach through related asset costs or profit or loss	484,439.62	131,314.30
Variable lease payments not included in lease liability measurement through related asset costs or profit or loss	0.00	0.00
Of which: Portion arising from sale-and-leaseback transactions	0.00	0.00
Income from subleasing right-of-use assets	0.00	0.00
Total cash outflow related to leases	5,736,824.98	3,089,008.41
Gains/losses arising from sale-and-leaseback transactions	0.00	0.00
Cash inflows from sale-and-leaseback transactions	0.00	0.00
Cash outflows from sale-and-leaseback transactions	0.00	0.00

(2) The Company as lessor

Operating lease as lessor

☑Applicable □Not applicable

Item	Lease income	In which: income related to variable lease payment not included in lease receipts		
Operating lease income	9,171,682.64	0.00		
Total	9,171,682.64	0.00		

Financial lease as lessor

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

Undiscounted lease receipts for each of the next five years

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

(3) Recognize the profits and losses of financial lease sales as a manufacturer or distributor

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

VIII.R & D expenses

In RMB

Item	Amount of the current period	Amount of the previous period
Remuneration	742,896.28	0.00
Entrusted development fee	-35,401.40	0.00
Total	707,494.88	0.00

IX.Changes to the merge scope

There were no changes in the Company's consolidation scope during the reporting period.

X. Equity in other entities

1. Equity in subsidiary

(1) The structure of the enterprise group

In RMB

Name of Subsidiary	Registered capital	Main Places of	Registratio	Nature of	Shareholdi	J	Obtaining Method
	Capital	Operation	n Place	Business	direct	indirect	
Guangfo Expressway Co., Ltd.	20,000,000.00	Guangzhou	Guangzhou	Expressway Management	75.00%		Under the same control business combination
Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd.	2,351,678,000.00	Guangzhou	Guangzhou	Expressway Management	51.00%		Under the same control business combination
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section Co.,Ltd.	4,221,000,000.00	Zhongshan	Guangzhou	Expressway Management	75.00%		Under the same control business combination
Yuegao Capital Investment(Guangzhou)Co., Ltd.	375,500,000.00	Guangzhou	Guangzhou	Investment management	100.00%		Establishment

(2) Important Non-wholly-owned Subsidiary

				III TUVID
Name of Subsidiary	Shareholdi ng Ratio of Minority Shareholde rs (%)	Profit or Loss Owned by the Minority Shareholders in the Current Period	Dividends Distributed to the Minority Shareholders in the Current Period	Equity Balance of the Minority Shareholders in the End of the Period
Guangfo Expressway Co., Ltd.	25.00%	83,200,728.13	0.00	87,854,288.84
Guangdong Guanghui Expressway	49.00%	243,693,120.44	68,600,000.00	2,237,525,443.26

Name of Subsidiary	Shareholdi ng Ratio of Minority Shareholde rs (%)	Profit or Loss Owned by the Minority Shareholders in the Current Period	Dividends Distributed to the Minority Shareholders in the Current Period	Equity Balance of the Minority Shareholders in the End of the Period
Co., Ltd.				
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section Co.,Ltd.	25.00%	55,843,974.46	126,445,369.19	673,227,435.19

(3) The main financial information of significant not wholly owned subsidiary

In RMB

Name		Year-end balance							
ivanic	Current assets	Non- current assets	Total assets	Current Liabilities	Non- current liabilities	Total liabilities			
Guangfo Expressway Co., Ltd.	360,847,463.82	14,283,865.16	375,131,328.98	23,714,173.64	0.00	23,714,173.64			
Guangdong Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd.	2,704,366,089.78	2,133,025,770.71	4,837,391,860.49	179,618,649.99	91,394,754.87	271,013,404.86			
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section Co.,Ltd.	1,324,781,886.58	5,650,527,952.17	6,975,309,838.75	460,879,147.35	3,821,520,950.64	4,282,400,097.99			

In RMB

N	Year-beginning balance								
Name	Current assets	Non- current assets	Total assets	Current Liabilities	Non- current liabilities	Total liabilities			
Guangfo Expressway Co., Ltd.	30,515,256.33	16,070,171.85	46,585,428.18	27,971,185.35	0.00	27,971,185.35			
Guangdong Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd.	2,202,032,502.09	2,311,186,053.66	4,513,218,555.75	200,417,595.58	103,755,403.39	304,172,998.97			
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section Co.,Ltd.	421,031,319.91	5,056,842,394.60	5,477,873,714.51	674,646,315.03	2,160,412,079.79	2,835,058,394.82			

		Amount	t of current period	Amount of previous period				
Name	Business income	Net profit	Total Comprehensive income	Cash flows from operating activities	Business income	Net profit	Total Comprehensive income	Cash flows from operating activities
Guangfo Expressway Co., Ltd.	1,101,358.56	332,802,912.51	332,802,912.51	-3,700,753.52	1,075,325.65	-42,120,046.43	-42,120,046.43	1,253,117.75
Guangdong Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd.	946,708,730.22	497,332,898.85	497,332,898.85	674,377,086.58	897,321,456.20	445,004,972.11	445,004,972.11	622,120,569.23
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section Co.,Ltd.	481,762,162.74	223,375,897.84	223,375,897.84	930,461,365.77	585,937,746.82	292,327,454.95	292,327,454.95	439,692,114.09

2. Equity in joint venture arrangement or associated enterprise

(1) Significant joint venture arrangement or associated enterprise

				Prop	ortion	Accounting
Name	Main operating place	Registratio n place	Business nature	Directly	Indirectly	treatment of the investment of joint venture or associated enterprise
Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co.,Ltd.	Guangdong	Guangzhou	Expressway Management	9.00%		Equity method
Zhaoqing Yuezhao Highway Co., Ltd.	Zhaoqing, Guangdong	Zhaoqing, Guangdong	Expressway Management	25.00%		Equity method
Shenzhen Huiyan Expressway Co., Ltd.	Shenzhen	Shenzhen	Expressway Management	33.33%		Equity method
Guangdong Jiangzhong Expressway Co., Ltd.	Zhongshan	Zhongshan,	Expressway Management	15.00%		Equity method
Ganzhou kangda Expressway Co., Ltd.	Gangzhou	Ganzhou	Expressway Management	30.00%		Equity method
Ganzhou Gankang Expressway Co., Ltd.	Gangzhou	Ganzhou	Expressway Management	30.00%		Equity method
Guangdong Yuepu Science and Technology Microfinance Co., Ltd.	Guangzhou	Guangzhou	Hand all kinds of small loans	15.48%		Equity method
Guangyuan Securities Co., Ltd.	Hefei	Hefei	Security business	2.37%		Equity method
SPIC Yuetong Qiyuan Chip Power Technology Co., Ltd	Guangzhou	Guangzhou	New Energy service		6.67%	Equity method
Shenzhen Garage Electric Pile Technology Co., Ltd	Shenzhen	Shenzhen	Software and Information technology		17.40%	Equity method

Basis of holding less than 20% of the voting rights but has a significant impact or holding 20% or more voting rights but does not have a significant impact: Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd., Guangdong Jiangzhong Expressway Co., Ltd., Guangyuan Securities Co., Ltd., Yuepu Small Refinancing Co., Ltd., SPIC Yuetong Qiyuan Chip Power Technology Co., Ltd.and Shenzhen Garage Electric Pile Technology Co., Ltd. holds 20% of the voting rights, but has the power to participate in making decisions on their financial and operating decisions, and therefore deemed to be able to exert significant influence over the investee.

(2) Main financial information of significant associated enterprise

In RMB

	Year-end balance/ Ar	nount of current period	Year-beginning balance/ Amount of previous period		
	Guoyuan Securities	Guangdong Guangle	Guoyuan Securities	Guangdong Guangle	
	Co., Ltd.	Expressway Co.,Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	Expressway Co.,Ltd.	
Current assets					
Non-current assets					
Total assets	177,203,619,873.40	21,822,920,795.03	172,526,443,220.18	21,648,452,816.33	
Current liabilities					
Non-current Liabilities					
Total liabilities					
Minority Shareholders' Equity					
Shareholders' equity attributable to shareholders of the parent	37,952,166,018.21	9,115,042,243.77	37,081,084,070.93	8,875,480,926.44	
Pro rata share of the net assets calculated	899,997,257.00	820,353,801.94	879,340,429.05	798,793,283.38	
Adjustment items					

	Year-end balance/ Ar	mount of current period	Year-beginning balance/ Amount of previous period		
	Guoyuan Securities	Guangdong Guangle	Guoyuan Securities	Guangdong Guangle	
	Co., Ltd.	Expressway Co.,Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	Expressway Co.,Ltd.	
Goodwill	207,095,632.54		207,095,632.54		
Internal transactions did not achieve profits					
Other					
The book value of equity investments in joint ventures	1,107,092,889.54	820,353,801.94	1,086,436,061.59		
Fair value of equity investment of associated enterprises with open quotation	816,477,571.98		865,114,385.52		
Buinsess incme	3,396,624,443.30	1,311,654,708.25	3,084,447,258.13	1,505,394,582.29	
Net profit	1,404,978,574.86	239,561,317.33	1,000,675,806.65	266,854,094.13	
Net profit from terminated operations					
Other comprehensive income	-58,687,085.10		722,087,847.89		
Total comprehensive income	1,346,291,489.76	239,561,317.33	1,722,763,654.54	266,854,094.13	
Dividends received from associates during the year	16,557,213.12	21,615,181.62	15,522,387.30		

(3) Summary financial information of insignificant joint venture or associated enterprise

In RMB

		midvib
	Year-end balance/ Amount of current	Year-beginning balance/ Amount of
	period	previous period
Associated enterprise:		
Total book value of the investment	2,291,437,756.74	2,245,913,947.25
Total amount of the pro rata calculation of the followingNet profitms		
Net profit	66,107,110.77	89,085,788.26
Total comprehensive income	66,107,110.77	89,085,788.26

XI. Government subsidies

1. At the end of the reporting period, government subsidies recognized according to the amount receivable

□Applicable ☑Not applicable
Reasons for not receiving the estimated amount of government subsidies at the expected time
□Applicable ☑Not applicable

2. Liabilities involving government subsidies

 \square Applicable \square Not applicable

_	Beginning balance	New subsidy amount in the current period	Amount included in non-operating income in the current period	Amount transferred to other income in the current period	Other changes in the current period	Closing balance	Related to assets/income
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Deferred income	485,914,020.10	313,724,200.00	0.00	844,922.93	0.00	798,793,297.17	Asset-related
Total	485,914,020.10	313,724,200.00	0.00	844,922.93	0.00	798,793,297.17	

3. Government subsidies included in current profits and losses

☑Applicable □Not applicable

Government grants related to assets

In RMB

Accounting subject	Amount incurred in the current period	Amount incurred in the previous period
Deferred income	844,922.93	5,031,151.95

Government grants related to income

In RMB

Accounting subject	Amount incurred in the current period	Amount incurred in the previous period
Other incoome	606,446.92	388,641.65

XII. Risks Related to Financial Instruments

1. Risks Related to Financial Instruments

The Company is exposed to various financial risks in its operations: credit risk, liquidity risk, and market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, and other price risks). These financial risks and the Company's risk management policies to mitigate them are described below:

The Company's risk management objective is to strike a balance between risk and return, minimize the adverse effects of risks on the Company's operating performance, and maximize the interests of its shareholders and other equity investors. Based on such risk management objective, the Company's fundamental risk management strategy is to identify and analyze various risks, establish appropriate risk tolerance thresholds and risk management measures, and reliably monitor all risks to keep them within defined limits.

The Board of Directors of the Company is fully responsible for determining risk management objectives and policies and bears ultimate responsibility for them. The management has reviewed and approved policies to manage these risks, summarized as follows:

(1) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss resulting from a counterparty's failure to fulfill contractual obligations.

The Company's credit risk primarily arises from accounts receivable, other receivables, and similar receivables. As of the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets represent their maximum credit risk exposure.

For receivables, the Company has established relevant policies to control credit risk exposure. The Company assesses the credit quality of accounts receivable and other receivables based on customers' financial conditions, the possibility of obtaining third-party guarantees, credit history, and other factors such as current market conditions, and sets corresponding credit terms accordingly. The Company regularly monitors customers' credit records to ensure that overall credit risk remains within controllable limits. Additionally, at each balance sheet

date, the Company reviews the recoverability of each individual receivable to ensure adequate bad debt provisions are made for irrecoverable amounts. Therefore, the Company's management believes that its credit risk exposure has been substantially mitigated.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents are primarily bank deposits held with highly-rated financial institutions, and the Company considers there to be no significant credit risk that would result in material losses from bank defaults.

(2) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets.

The Company's policy is to maintain sufficient cash and cash equivalents to meet its debt obligations as they fall due. Liquidity risk is centrally managed by the Company's Finance Department. The Finance Department monitors cash and cash equivalent balances and prepares rolling 12-month cash flow forecasts to ensure the Company maintains sufficient funding to meet its liabilities under all reasonably foreseeable circumstances. It also continuously monitors compliance of the Company with borrowing agreements and maintains commitments from major financial institutions to provide adequate standby funding to meet both short-term and long-term financing requirements.

The Company's financial liabilities are presented by maturity dates based on undiscounted contractual cash flows as follows:

In RMB

		alance		
Ittem	Within 1 year	Within 1 year Over 1 year		Book Value
Long –short term loans	354,785,465.81	7,723,597,947.28	8,078,383,413.09	8,078,383,413.09
Account payable	150,004,863.42	0.00	150,004,863.42	150,004,863.42
Other payable	1,300,534,967.75	32,563,307.14	1,333,098,274.89	1,333,098,274.89
Other current liabilities	60,381.20	0.00	60,381.20	60,381.20
Lease liabilities	8,353,669.51	0.00	8,353,669.51	8,218,005.38
Long-term payable	0.00	2,022,210.11	2,022,210.11	2,022,210.11
Total	1,813,739,347.69	7,758,183,464.53	9,571,922,812.22	9,571,787,148.09

In RMB

	Opening balance					
Item	Within 1 year	Over 1 year	Total undiscounted contractual amount	Book Value		
Long –short term loans	238,719,839.52	6,728,264,750.00	6,966,984,589.52	6,966,984,589.52		
Account payable	226,104,482.05	0.00	226,104,482.05	226,104,482.05		
Other payable	243,181,747.77	28,936,289.15	272,118,036.92	272,118,036.92		
Other current liabilities	767,774,662.42	0.00	767,774,662.42	767,774,662.42		
Lease liabilities	73,697.84	0.00	73,697.84	73,697.84		
Long-term payable	11,066,517.08	2,752,713.17	13,819,230.25	13,482,202.36		
Total	0.00	2,022,210.11	2,022,210.11	2,022,210.11		
Total	1,486,920,946.68	6,761,975,962.43	8,248,896,909.11	8,248,559,881.22		

(3) Market risk

Market risk of financial instruments refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, and other price risks.

1) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Company's risk of changes in cash flows of financial instruments due to interest rate fluctuations is primarily related to floating-rate bank borrowings. The Company's policy is to maintain floating interest rates on these borrowings.

2) Foreign exchange risk

Foreign exchange risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company's exposure to foreign exchange risk is primarily related to Hong Kong dollars. Except for annual dividend distributions to B-share shareholders, the Company's other major business activities are denominated and settled in RMB. During the reporting period, the impact of foreign exchange risk was limited

due to the short credit periods for the Company's foreign currency-denominated expenditures.

3) Other price risk

Other price risk refers to the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market prices other than foreign exchange rates and interest rates.

The Company's other price risk mainly arises from various equity instrument investments and is exposed to price fluctuations in these equity instruments. The Company mitigates price risk in equity securities investments by adopting a long-term holding strategy for equity securities.

XIII. The disclosure of the fair value

1. Closing fair value of assets and liabilities calculated by fair value

In RMB

	Closing fair value					
Item	Fir value measurement items at level 1	Fir value measurement items at level 2	Fir value measurement items at level 3	Total		
I. Consistent fair value measurement						
(2) Equity instrument investment		186,494,177.20		186,494,177.20		
(III) Other equity instrument investment	976,308,017.60		57,996,892.84	1,034,304,910.44		
II. Non –persistent measure						

2. Market price recognition basis for consistent and inconsistent fair value measurement items at level 1.

As at the end of the period, the company holds shares 235,254,944 shares of China Everbright Bank According to the closing price of June 30,2025 of 4.15 yuan, the final calculation of fair value was 976,308,017.60 yuan.

3. For Level 2 items measured at fair value continuously and non-continuously, the valuation techniques and qualitative and quantitative information of significant parameters are adopted

The fair value of the assets held by the Company and measured by Level 2 fair value is determined by the market method; Other non current financial assets held by the Company and measured at Level 2 fair value are non transactional equity instrument investments, and their fair value is determined based on the prices of similar assets in active or non-active markets.

4. For Level 3 items measured at fair value continuously and non-continuously, the valuation techniques and qualitative and quantitative information of significant parameters are adopted

The Level 3 fair value measurement held by the Company is designated for non transactional equity instrument investments measured at fair value with changes recognized in other comprehensive income, mainly for equity investment projects with no observable active market data verification and with financial forecasts made by using their own data.

5. Valuation technology changes that occurred during this period and reasons for changes

None

XIV. Related parties and related-party transactions

1. Parent company information of the enterprise

				The parent	The parent
	Registered		Redistricted	company of the	company of the
Name	address	Nature	capital	Company's	Company's vote
				shareholding ratio	ratio
Guangdong communication Group Co., Ltd	Guangzhou	Equity management, traffic infrastructure construction and railway project operation	26.8 billion yuan	24.56%	50.12%

Note:

Guangdong Communication Group Co., Ltd. is the largest shareholder of the Company. legal representative: Deng Xiaohua. Date of establishment: June 23, 2000. As of June 30,2025,Registered capital: 26.8 billion yuan. It is a solely state-owned limited company. Business scope: equity management, organization of asset reorganization and optimized allocation, raising funds by means including mortgage, transfer of property rights and joint stock system transformation, project investment, operation and management, traffic infrastructure construction, highway and railway project operation and relevant industries, technological development, application, consultation and services, highway and railway passenger and cargo transport, ship industry, relevant overseas businesses; The value-added communication business.

The finial control of the Company was State owned assets supervision and Administration Commission of Guangdong Provincial People's Government.

2. Subsidiaries of the Company

Subsidiaries of this enterprise, see X(1) the rights of other entity

3. Information on the joint ventures and associated enterprises of the Company

Details refer to the X-2, Interests in joint ventures or associates

Information on other joint venture and associated enterprise of occurring related party transactions with the Company in reporting period, or form balance due to related party transactions in previous period:

	1 1
Name	Relation with the Company
Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises of the Company
Zhaoqing Yuezhao Highway Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises of the Company
Shenzhen Huiyan Expressway Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises of the Company
Guangdong Jiangzhong Expressway Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises of the Company
Ganzhou Kangda Expressway Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises of the Company
Ganzhou Gankang Expressway Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises of the Company
Guangdong Yuepu Small Refinancing Co., Ltd(Note)	Associated enterprises of the Company
Guangyuan Securities Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises of the Company
Garage electric pile Holding (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd	Associated enterprises of the Company
SPIC Yuetong Qiyuan Chip Power Technology Co., Ltd	Associated enterprises of the Company

4. Other Related parties

Name	Relation with the Company
Guangdong East Thinking Management Technology Development Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Expressway Media Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Expressway Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Humen Bridge Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Hualu Traffic Technology Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Communications Testing Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Litong Development Investment Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Litong Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Litong Property Investment Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Union Electron Service Information technology Co., ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Lulutong Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Provincial Freeway Co.,Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Highway Construction Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Communication Group Finance Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Tongyi Expressway Service Area Co., Ltd	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Xinyue Traffic Investment Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Yueyun Traffic Rescue Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangzhou Xinyue Traffic Technology Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangzhou Xinyue Asphalt Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Traffic Development Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Yueyun Traffic Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
	1 tilly owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Communication Group Financial Shared Service Center Co., Ltd	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Motor Transportation Group Co., Ltd	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Highway Science and Education Center Co., Ltd	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Communications Technology Research and Development Co., Ltd	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Road Conservation Co., Ltd. Jiangluo Branch	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Zhongyuetong Oil Products Management Co., Ltd	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises controlled by the same parent company
Guangdong Communication Planning & Design Institute Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises controlled by the same parent company
Guangdong Changda Road Conservation Co., Ltd.	Fully owned subsidiary of the parent company
Guangdong Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu North Section Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises controlled by the same parent company
Guangdong Feida Traffic Engineering Co., Ltd.	Associated enterprises controlled by the same parent company
Guangdong Nanyue Traffic Guangzhou-Zhongjiang Expressway Management Office	Managed by the parent company
Guangdong Provincial Government Expressway Debt Repayment Management Center	Other units significantly affected by the parent company

5. List of related-party transactions

(1)Information on acquisition of goods and reception of labor service

Acquisition of goods and reception of labor service

					III KIVID
Related parties	Content of related transaction	Amount of current period	Amount of previous	Over the trading limit or not?	Amount of last period
Guangdong Union electronic services co., Ltd.	Service	12,600,894.67	period		12,275,722.05
Guangdong Yueyun Traffic Rescue Co., Ltd.	Rescue service fee	2,446,640.00			2,522,231.00
Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	Project fund, service	4,015,374.00			2,294,955.00
Guangdong Xinyue Traffic Investment Co., Ltd.	Project fund, service	2,572,588.30			1,704,368.33
Guangdong Feida Traffic Engineering Co., Ltd.	Maintenance	0.00			1,694,722.00
Guangdong Hualu Traffic Technology Co., Ltd.	Project	0.00			1,108,098.00
Guangdong Humen Bridge Co., Ltd.	Service	37,672.94			609,023.79
Guangdong Litong Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	Maintenance	175,729.10			148,273.60
Guangdong Highway Science and Education Center Co., Ltd.	Trairing expense	68,750.00			23,100.00
Guangdong East Thinking Management Technology Development Co., Ltd.	Service	10,000.00			10,000.00
Guangdong Expressway Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	Depreciation cost	0.00			-36,790.74
Guangdong Tongyi Expressway Service Area Co., Ltd	Service	114,378.00			0.00
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu North	Other	53,508.72			0.00
Subtotal		22,095,535.73			22,353,703.03
Guangdong Communication Group Finance Co., Ltd.	Borrowing Interest expresses	3,883,230.56			5,992,273.61
Guangdong Communication Group Finance Co., Ltd.	Deposit interest income	-12,291,186.59			-19,060,829.63
Guangdong Communication Group Finance Co., Ltd.	Commission charge	600.00			1,320.00
Subtotal		-8,407,356.03			-13,067,236.02
Guangdong Highway Science and Education Center Co., Ltd	Training expense	304,400.00			232,570.00
Guangdong East Thinking Management Technology Development Co., Ltd.	Maintenance, Service	49,750.00			140,490.57
Guangdong Tongyi Expressway Service Area Co., Ltd	Service	0.00			111,078.80
Guangdong Litong Property Development Co., Ltd.	Management Fee, water and electricity	493,898.82			84,476.00
Guangdong Highway Construction Co.,Ltd.	Training expense	0.00			29,310.00
Guangdong Litong Property Development Co., Ltd.	Management Fee, water and electricity	281,495.24			0.00
Guangdong Communication Planning & Design Institute Co., Ltd.	Agency fees	231,132.08			0.00
Guangdong Communication Group Financial Sharing Service Center Co., Ltd	Service	141,015.76			0.00
Subtotal		1,501,691.90			597,925.37
Guangdong Xinyue Traffic Investment Co., Ltd.	Monitoring service fee and installation fee	127,431.45			0.00
Subtotal		127,431.45			0.00

Related parties	Content of related transaction	Amount of current period	Amount of previous	Over the trading limit or not?	Amount of last period
Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	Purchase assets	122,803,002.00			228,857,141.00
Guangdong Communication Planning & Design Institute Co., Ltd.	Purchase assets	0.00			3,176,898.00
Guangdong East Thinking Management Technology Development Co., Ltd.	Purchase assets	52,548.00			1,255,000.00
Guangdong Hualu Traffic Technology Co., Ltd.	Purchase assets	2,265,234.00			303,342.00
Guangdong Communication Group Finance Co., Ltd.	Interest capitalized	3,333,229.84			236,805.56
Guangdong Xinyue Traffic Investment Co., Ltd.	Purchase assets	28,297,520.00			0.00
Guangdong Union electronic services co., Ltd.	Other amortized expenses	491,024.00			0.00
Guangdong Communication Group Financial Sharing Service Center Co., Ltd	Service	41,860.33			0.00
Subtotal		157,284,418.17			233,829,186.56

Related transactions on sale goods and receiving services

In RMB

Related party	Content	Amount of current	Amount of previous
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu North section Co., Ltd.	Commission management fee	11,626,981.14	10,983,491.20
Guangdong Traffic Development Co., Ltd.	Electricity	808,470.09	585,883.25
Zhaoqing Yuezhao Highway Co., Ltd.	Salaries of expatriate staff	695,856.79	642,558.25
Ganzhou Gankang Expressway Co., Ltd.	Salaries of expatriate staff	602,271.98	627,422.20
Shenzhen Huiyan Expressway Co., Ltd.	Salaries of expatriate staff	664,898.57	602,004.93
Guangdong Tongyi Expressway Service Area Co., Ltd	Water and electricity	630,668.26	565,006.00
Ganzhou Kangda Expressway Co., Ltd.	Salaries of expatriate staff	176,274.00	168,794.31
Guangdong Jiangzhong Expressway Co., Ltd.	Salaries of expatriate staff	89,506.92	85,317.61
Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	water and electricity bills	0.00	9,087.96
Guangdong Yueyun Traffic Rescue Co., Ltd.	Water and electricity	11,480.88	6,530.45
Guangdong Expressway Media Co., Ltd.	Water and electricity	2,357.65	1,387.31
Guangdong Provincial Government loan repayment highway Management Center	Entrust management fees	4,336,509.42	0.00
Guangdong Zhongyuetong Oil Products Management Co., Ltd	Water and electricity	51,748.08	0.00
Subtotal		19,697,023.78	14,277,483.47
Guangdong Feida Traffic Engineering Co., Ltd	Construction liquidated damages	0.00	4,000.00
Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	Construction liquidated damages	0.00	2,500.00
Guangdong Union electronic services co., Ltd.	Flat cost	88.50	0.00
Subtotal		88.50	6,500.00

(2) Information of related lease

The Company was lessor:

Name of lessee	Category of lease assets	The lease income confirmed in this year	The lease income confirmed in last year
Guangdong Expressway	Advertising lease	965,143.41	945,860.93
Technology Co., Ltd. Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	Land and Equipment lease	648,002.10	600,002.15
Guangdong Expressway Media Co., Ltd.	Advertising lease	775,817.80	498,654.95
Guangdong Traffic Development Co., Ltd.	Rental income of charging pile	338,734.23	315,372.65
Guangzhou Xinyue Traffic Technology Co., Ltd.	Property lease	18,514.29	17,142.86
Total		2,746,211.83	2,377,033.54

The company was lessee:

In RMB

Lessor	Category of		or short-term and	included in l	e payments not ease liabilities eent (if any)	Rent	paid	*	enses on lease s assumed	Increased us	e right assets
Lessoi	leased assets	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Guangdong LitongDecelopment Investment Co., Ltd	Office space	281,495.24	131,314.30			5,425,284.74	2,594,667.06	199,132.97	364,868.32		
Guangdong Litong Property Development Co., Ltd.	Office space					40,276.00	52,128.00	764.10	2,408.30		

(3) Rewards for the key management personnel

In RMB

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Rewards for the key management personnel	2,391,000.00	2,759,500.00

(4) Other related-party transactions

- 1) On June 15, 2016, The company's 29th meeting (Provisional) of the seventh board of directors was convened. The Proposal on Entrustment of Construction Management of the Renovation and Expansion Project of Sanbao-to-Shuikou Section of Shengyang-to-Haikou National Expressway was deliberated in the meeting, agreed that Guangdong Provincial Fokai Expressway Co., Ltd entrusts Guangdong Provincial Highway Construction Co., Ltd with the construction management of the renovation and expansion project of Sanbao-to-Shuikou Section of Shengyang-to-Haikou National Expressway, and handling the related matters of the entrustment of the construction management. The above transactions have been approved and implemented by the board of directors of Guangdong Fokai Expressway Co., Ltd.
- 2) On November 30, 2022, the fifth (interim) meeting of the 10th Board of Directors of the Company reviewed and approved the Proposal on Entrusted Construction Management of the Reconstruction and Expansion Project of Nansha-Zhuhai Section of Guangzhou-Macao Expressway, and agreed that the subsidiary Guangzhou-Zhuhai Section of Beijing-Zhuhai Expressway Co., Ltd. entrusted Guangdong Provincial Highway Construction Co., Ltd. to carry out the whole-process construction management of the reconstruction and expansion project of Nansha-Zhuhai Section of Guangzhou-Macao Expressway. The above transactions have been approved and implemented by the Board of Directors of Guangzhu Section of Beijing-Zhuhai Expressway Co., Ltd, The above transactions have been approved and implemented by the board of directors of Beijing-Zhuhai Expressway Guangzhou-Zhuhai Section Co., Ltd.

6. Receivables and payables of related parties

(1) Receivables

					III KWID
		Amount a	t year end	Amount at yea	r beginning
Name	Related party	Balance of Book	Bad debt Provision	Balance of Book	Bad debt Provision
Account receivable	Guangdong Union electron Service Co., Ltd.	56,552,000.77	0.00	56,215,234.69	0.00
Account receivable	Guangdong Humen Bridge Co., Ltd.	12,588,909.96	0.00	5,720,146.53	0.00
Account receivable	Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu North Section Co., Ltd.	12,324,600.00	0.00	9,311,649.31	0.00
Account receivable	Guangdong Expressway Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	6,470,388.19	0.00	6,828,733.67	0.00
Account receivable	Guangdong Provincial Government Expressway Debt Repayment Management Center	4,596,700.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Account receivable	Guangdong Expressway Media Co., Ltd.	459,031.73	0.00	1,219,406.25	0.00
Account receivable	Guangdong Traffic Development Co., Ltd.	420,295.29	0.00	0.00	0.00
Account receivable	Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	0.00	0.00	503,879.00	0.00
Total		93,411,925.94	0.00	79,799,049.45	0.00
Prepayment	Guangdong Communications Testing Co., Ltd	711,457.00	0.00	711,457.00	0.00
Prepayment	Guangdong Union electron Service Co., Ltd.	178,790.30	0.00	0.00	0.00
Prepayment	Guangdong Highway Science and Education Center Co., Ltd.	7,490.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total		897,737.30	0.00	711,457.00	0.00
Other Account receivable	Guangdong Provincial Government loan repayment highway Management Center	234,872,551.47	11,456,105.70	0.00	0.00
Other Account receivable	Ganzhou Gankang Expressway Co., Ltd.	12,000,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Other Account receivable	Guangdong Litong Development Investment Co., Ltd.	1,839,246.94	0.00	1,839,246.94	0.00
Other Account receivable	Guangdong Litong Property Development Co., Ltd.	433,718.60	0.00	19,193.00	0.00
Other Account receivable	Guangdong Union electron Service Co., Ltd.	50,000.00	0.00	50,000.00	0.00
Other Account receivable	Guangdong Humen Bridge Co., Ltd.	15,000.00	0.00	15,000.00	0.00
Other Account receivable	Guangdong Expressway Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	8,314.23	0.00	7,730.44	0.00
Other Account receivable	Guangdong Yueyun Traffic Rescue Co., Ltd.	5,868.26	0.00	2,725.82	0.00
Other Account receivable	Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd.	0.00	0.00	21,615,181.62	0.00
Other Account receivable	Guangdong Highway Construction Co., Ltd., Jiangluo Branch	0.00	0.00	6,707,300.48	0.00
Total		249,224,699.50	11,456,105.70	30,256,378.30	0.00
Other Non- Current Assets	Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	138,161,047.92	0.00	130,778,141.60	0.00
Other Non- Current Assets	Guangdong Xinyue Traffic Investment Co., Ltd.	17,423,070.00	0.00	17,423,070.00	0.00
Other Non-	Guangdong Hualu Traffic Technology	1,715,012.00	0.00	1,715,012.00	0.00

Current Assets	Co., Ltd.				
Other Non-	Guangdong Traffic Development Co.,	333,398.00	0.00	333,398.00	0.00
Current Assets	Ltd.	333,398.00	0.00	333,398.00	0.00
Other Non-	Guangdong East Thinking Management	251,000.00	0.00	251,000.00	0.00
Current Assets	Technology Development Co., Ltd.	231,000.00	0.00	231,000.00	0.00
Total		157,883,527.92	0.00	150,500,621.60	0.00

(2) Payables

			III KIVID
Name	Related party	Amount at year end	Amount at year beginning
Short-term loan	Guangdong Communication Group Finance Co., ltd.	150,085,138.89	0.00
Total		150,085,138.89	0.00
Account payable	Guangdong Feida Traffic Engineering Co., Ltd.	11,283,310.92	14,154,370.37
Account payable	Guangdong Xinyue Traffic Investment Co., Ltd.	8,139,793.52	7,251,728.23
Account payable	Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	6,570,042.30	21,105,254.30
Account payable	Guangdong Hualu Traffic Technology Co., Ltd.	2,331,025.33	3,692,531.87
Account payable	Guangdong Union Electron Service Co.,Ltd.	2,549,293.76	1,213,419.78
Account payable	Guangdong Yueyun Traffic Rescue Co., Ltd.	1,506,880.00	261,800.00
Account payable	Guangdong Communication Planning & Design Institute Co., Ltd.	842,076.00	1,019,151.90
Account payable	Guangdong Communication Test Co., Ltd.	830,124.00	830,124.00
Account payable	Guangdong Litong Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	658,769.34	713,769.34
Account payable	Guangdong East Thinking Management Technology Development Co., Ltd.	412,905.56	1,072,905.56
Account payable	Guangdong Nanyue Traffic Guangzhou-Zhongjiang Expressway Management Office	0.00	2,747,739.00
Account payable	Guangdong Lulutong Co., Ltd.	0.00	2,278,123.00
Account payable	Guangzhou Xinyue Asphalt Co., Ltd.	0.00	2,068,875.00
Account payable	Guangdong Communications Group Financial Sharing Service Center Co., Ltd	0.00	282,411.49
Account payable	Guangdong Yueyun Traffic Rescue Co., Ltd.	0.00	261,800.00
Account payable	Guangdong Expressway Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	0.00	48,004.00
Total	Ext.	35,124,220.73	58,740,207.84
Other Payable account	Poly Changda Engineering Co., Ltd.	22,956,338.31	28,546,224.97
Other Payable account	Guangdong Feida Traffic Engineering Co., Ltd.	2,278,399.17	2,267,431.65
Other Payable account	Guangdong Hualu Traffic Technology Co., Ltd.	1,686,764.06	2,422,446.06
Other Payable account	Guangdong Expressway Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	1,196,622.01	1,480,359.66
Other Payable account	Guangdong Xinyue Traffic Investment Co., Ltd.	1,185,372.23	962,439.99
Other Payable account	Guangdong Xinyue Traffic Investment Co., Ltd.	610,000.00	702,198.00
Other Payable account	Guangdong East Thinking Management Technology Development Co., Ltd.	498,886.62	588,886.62
Other Payable account	Guangdong Provincial Communications Planning & Design Institute Group Co., Ltd.	462,700.00	2,857,255.10
Other Payable account	Guangdong Lulutong Co., Ltd.	416,873.00	739,076.64
Other Payable account	Guangzhou Xinyue Transportation Technology Co., Ltd.	409,283.50	317,085.50
Other Payable account	Guangdong Road Construction Co., Ltd.	144,492.75	0.00
Other Payable account	Guangdong Tongyi Expressway Service Area Co., Ltd.	100,000.00	120,000.00
Other Payable account	Guangdong Jiaoke Testing Co., Ltd.	96,954.00	96,954.00
Other Payable account	Guangdong Expressway Media Co., Ltd.	50,000.00	50,000.00
Other Payable account	Guangdong Litong Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	39,880.53	50,836.53
Other Payable account	Guangdong Yueyun Traffic Rescue Co. Ltd.	2,000.00	2,000.00
Other Payable account	Guangdong Union electronic services co., Ltd.	0.00	1,238,234.09
Other Payable account	Guangdong Nanyue Traffic Guangzhou-Zhongjiang Expressway Management Office	0.00	200,000.00

		Amount at year	Amount at year
Name	Related party	end	beginning
Total		32,134,566.18	42,641,428.81
Non-current liabilities due 1 year	Guangdong Litong Development Investment Co., Ltd.	8,083,974.96	10,619,693.51
Non-current liabilities due 1 year	Guangdong Communication Group Finance Co., ltd.	0.00	4,608,361.15
Non-current liabilities due 1 year	Guangdong Litong Property Development Co., Ltd.	24,124.00	55,401.73
Total		8,108,098.96	15,283,456.39
Lease Liabilities	Guangdong Litong Development Investment Co., Ltd.	0.00	2,730,189.11
Total		0.00	2,730,189.11
Long-term loans	Guangdong Communication Group Finance Co., ltd.	557,212,333.41	848,000,000.00
Total		557,212,333.41	848,000,000.00

7. Fund centralized management

(1) Participation in and implementation of fund centralized management arrangements:

On December 25, 2017, the Company entered into a Cash Management Business Cooperation Agreement with Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Finance Co.,Ltd. and Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Guangdong Branch. On December 22, 2017, the Company signed a Cash Management Business Cooperation Agreement with Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Finance Co.,Ltd. and China Construction Bank Corporation Guangdong Branch to join the cash pool of Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Finance Co.,Ltd.

Subsidiary Guangdong Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd. entered into a Cash Management Business Cooperation Agreement with Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Finance Co.,Ltd. and Agricultural Bank of China Limited Guangdong Branch on May 19, 2020, joining the cash pool of Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Finance Co.,Ltd.

Subsidiary Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhou-Zhuhai Section Co., Ltd. signed a Cash Management Business Cooperation Agreement for Guangdong Provincial Expressway Development Co., Ltd. with Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Finance Co.,Ltd. and Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Guangdong Branch on December 26, 2016, joining the cash pool of Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Finance Co.,Ltd.

(2) Funds consolidated with the Finance Company

Funds deposited directly with the Finance Company rather than consolidated into the account of Guangdong Provincial Communication Group Co.,Ltd.

Related party	Relationship	Maximum daily	Deposit	Beginning	The amount of this period		
		deposit	interest	balance(RMB'00000)			Ending
		limit(RMB'00000)	rate		Total amount for this	Total amount is	8
			range		period(RMB'00000)	withdrawn for this	balance(RMB'00000)
						period(RMB'00000)	
Guangdong	Controlled						
Communications	by the same	250,000,00	0.20%-	279.078.10	200 417 92	351.678.86	317.817.08
Group Finance	parent	350,000.00	2.40%	2/9,0/8.10	390,417.83	331,0/8.80	317,817.08
Co., Ltd	company						

(3) Loan business

Related party	Relationship	Loan	Loant	Beginning balance(RMB'00000)	The amount	of this period	Ending
		Loan limit(RMB'00000)	rate		Total loan amount of the current		balance(RMB'0000
			range		period(RMB'00000)	period(RMB'00000)	

Guangdo)						
ng Commu nications Group Finance Co., Ltd	company	400,000.00	2.10%- 2.60%	85,244.83	25,962.12	40,477.20	70,729.75

The balance of the above-mentioned loan to Guangdong Communications Group Finance Co., Ltd. includes the "uncover due interest" part.

(3) Credit extension or other financial services

Related party	Relationship	Business type	Total	Actual amount
			amount(RMB'00000)	incurred(RMB'00000)
Guangdong Communications	Controlled by the same	Credit extension	400,000.00	70,700.00
Group Finance Co., Ltd	parent company		400,000.00	70,700.00

XV. Commitments

1. Significant commitments

Significant commitments at balance sheet date

Items	June 30,2025	January 1,2025
Contracted but not recognized in the financial statements		
Building long-term asset commitments - Expressway construction	5,697,164,827.08	6,254,265,422.40
Total	5,697,164,827.08	6,254,265,422.40

2. Contingency

(1) Significant contingency at balance sheet date

As of June 30,2025, the Company did not need to disclose important commitments.

(2) The Company have no significant contingency to disclose, also should be stated

The Company has no important contingency that need to disclosed

XVI. Events after balance sheet date

As of the report issuance date, the Company has no significant post-balance-sheet non-adjusting events requiring disclosure.

XVII. Other important events

1. Previous accounting errors collection

No prior period accounting error corrections requiring retrospective restatement occurred during the reporting period.

2. Segment information

(1) If the company has no reporting division, or fails to disclose the total assets and liabilities of each reporting division, the reasons shall be explained

The company's business for the Guangfo Expressway, the Fokai Expressway, Guanghui Expressway and Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section toll collection and maintenance work, the technology industry and provide investment advice, no other nature of the business, no reportable segment.

3.Other important transactions and events have an impact on investors decision-making

In 2022, the Company received the Notice of Department of Transport of Guangdong Province on Relevant Matters Concerning the Disposal of Guangzhou-Foshan Expressway at the Expiration of Toll Collection (GJYBH [2022] No.24), and the Guangzhou-Foshan Expressway operated by its holding subsidiary Guangfo Expressway Co., Ltd. stopped charging from 0: 00 on March 3, 2022, retaining the existing toll collection facilities to operate as usual at zero rate, exempting all vehicles passing through this section from tolls, and collecting tolls from vehicles in other sections on behalf. After the toll is stopped, Guangfo Company will continue to be responsible for the management and maintenance of Guangzhou-Foshan Expressway.

As of December 31, 2024, the funding source for maintenance expenditures of RMB 342,942,142.53 advanced by Guangfo Company remains unspecified.

Guangfo Company received relevant government documents in March 2025 confirming that the Guangzhou-Foshan Expressway would be taken over by the government for management. The operation and maintenance costs advanced by Guangfo Company will be reimbursed by relevant units following proper audit and liquidation procedures. During this period, Guangfo Company has received RMB 150 million in advanced operation and maintenance payments from the Guangdong Provincial Government Expressway Debt Repayment Management Center.

XVIII. Notes of main items in financial reports of parent company

1.Account receivable

(1) Disclosure by aging

Aging	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning	
Within 1 year (Including 1 year)	17,746,839.12	19,832,233.51	
Total	17,746,839.12	19,832,233.51	

(2) According to the bad debt provision method classification disclosure

In RMB

	Amount in year-end					Balance Year-beginning				
Category	Book Ba	lance	Bad de	ebt provision	Book value	Book B	alance	Bad de	ebt provision	Book value
	Amount	Proportion(%)	Amount	Proportion(%)	Book value	Amount	Proportion(%)	Amount	Proportion(%)	Book value
Accrual of bad debt provision by portfolio	17,746,839.12	100.00%	0.00	0.00%	17,746,839.12	19,832,233.51	100.00%	0.00	0.00%	19,832,233.51
Including:										
Aging portfolio	17,746,839.12	100.00%	0.00	0.00%	17,746,839.12	19,832,233.51	100.00%	0.00	0.00%	19,832,233.51
Total	17,746,839.12	100.00%	0.00	0.00%	17,746,839.12	19,832,233.51	100.00%	0.00	0.00%	19,832,233.51

Accrual of bad debt provision by portfolio: The aging

In RMB

Aging	Balance in year-end							
Aging	Account receivable	Bad debt provision	Expected credit loss rate (%					
Aging portfolio	17,746,839.12	0.00	0.00%					
Total	17,746,839.12	0.00						

Relevant information of the provision for bad debts will be disclosed with reference to the disclosure method of other receivables if the provision for bad debts of bills receivable is accrued according to the general model of expected credit loss:

☐ Applicable √ Not applicable

(3) Accounts receivable withdraw, reversed or collected during the reporting period

None

(4) The actual write-off accounts receivable

None

(5) Top 5 of the closing balance of the accounts receivable collected according to the arrears party

In RMB

Company Name	Amount of ending balance	Closing balance of the contract assets	Accounts receivable and contract assets ending balance	Proportion of total accounts receivable %	Amount of ending balance for bad debts
Guangdong Union Electronic Services Co., Ltd.	17,411,709.62	0.00	17,411,709.62	98.11%	0.00
Guangdong Traffic Development Co., Ltd.	200,348.09	0.00	200,348.09	1.13%	0.00
Guangdong Expressway Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	132,469.02	0.00	132,469.02	0.75%	0.00
iangmen Power Supply Bureau of Guangdong Power Grid Co., Ltd	2,312.39	0.00	2,312.39	0.01%	0.00
Total	17,746,839.12	0.00	17,746,839.12	100.00%	0.00

2.Other accounts receivable

In RMB

Items	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning		
Dividend receivable	31,996,670.24	28,621,800.58		
Other receivable	152,334,284.05	408,193,607.15		
Total	184,330,954.29	436,815,407.73		

(1) Interest receivable

None

(2) Dividend receivable

1)Dividend receivable

In RMB

Items	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning	
Guangdong Radio and Television Networks investment	0.00	797,664.04	
No.1 Limited partnership enterprise	0.00	777,001.01	
Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd.	0.00	21,615,181.62	
Guoyuan Securities Co., Ltd.	0.00	6,208,954.92	
China Everbright Bank Co., Ltd	19,996,670.24	0.00	
Ganzhou Gankang Expressway Co., Ltd.	12,000,000.00	0.00	
Total	31,996,670.24	28,621,800.58	

2) Significant dividend receivable aged over 1 year

None

3) Bad-debt provision

None

(3) Other accounts receivable

1) Other accounts receivable classified

In RMB

Item	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning		
Deposit	2,477,166.44	2,277,164.74		
Petty cash	1,114,800.00	950,000.00		
Compensation for performance commitments receivable	148,223,749.99	397,834,010.41		
Receivable temporary payment	0.00	6,707,300.48		
Other	518,567.62	425,131.52		
Total	152,334,284.05	408,193,607.15		

2) Disclosure by aging

Aging	Balance in year-end	Balance Year-beginning		
Within 1 year(Including 1 year)	1,001,724.83	8,003,997.50		
1-2 years	963,178.61	2,251,101.35		
2-3 years	149,953,328.94	397,512,062.00		
Over 3 years	416,051.67	426,446.30		
3-4 years	11,307.68	27,180.00		
4-5 years	27,180.00	2,095.07		
Over 5 years	377,563.99	397,171.23		
Total	152,334,284.05	408,193,607.15		

3) According to the bad debt provision method classification disclosure

		Amo	ount in year	-end		Balance Year-beginning				
Category	Book B	alance	Bad de	ebt provision	Book value	Book Balance		Bad de	ebt provision	Book value
	Amount	Proportion(%)	Amount	Proportion(%)		Amount	Proportion(%)	Proportion(%) Amount Proportion(%)		
Accrual of bad debt provision by portfolio	152,334,284.05	100.00%	0.00	0.00%	152,334,284.05	408,193,607.15	100.00%	0.00	0.00%	408,193,607.15
Including										
CSF Portfolio	3,591,966.44	2.36%	0.00	0.00%	3,591,966.44	3,227,164.74	0.79%	0.00	0.00%	3,227,164.74
Very low credit risk financial asset portfolio	518,567.62	0.34%	0.00	0.00%	518,567.62	7,132,432.00	1.75%	0.00	0.00%	7,132,432.00
Risk-free combination	148,223,749.99	97.30%	0.00	0.00%	148,223,749.99	397,834,010.41	97.46%	0.00	0.00%	397,834,010.41
Total	152,334,284.05	100.00%	0.00	0.00%	152,334,284.05	408,193,607.15	100.00%	0.00	0.00%	408,193,607.15

Accrual of bad debt provision by Portfolio:

In RMB

Name	Balance in year-end								
Name	Book Balance	Bad debt provision	Withdrawal proportion						
Cast deposit portfolio	3,591,966.44	0.00	0.00%						
Very low credit risk financial asset portfolio	518,567.62	0.00	0.00%						
Risk-free combination	148,223,749.99	0.00	0.00%						
Total	152,334,284.05	0.00							

Loss provision changes in current period, change in book balance with significant amount \Box Applicable $\sqrt{\text{Not applicable}}$

4) Accounts receivable withdraw, reversed or collected during the reporting period

None

5) The actual write-off other accounts receivable in the period:

None

6) Top 5 of the closing balance of the other accounts receivable collected according to the arrears party

In RMB

Name	Nature	Closing balance	Aging	Proportion of the total year end balance of the accounts receivable(%)	Closing balance of bad debt provision
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section Co., Ltd.	Funds and interest of the reconstruction and expansion project	148,223,749.99	Within 1 year 2-3 years	97.30%	0.00
Guangdong Litong Development Investment Co., Ltd.	Deposit	1,839,246.94	2-3 years 4-5 years	1.21%	0.00
Guangdong Litong Property Development Co., Ltd.	Deposit	414,525.60	Within 1 year 2-3years	0.28%	0.00
Guangzhou Yangji Hotel Management Co., Ltd., Yueyang Foreign Hotel Branch	Deposit	200,000.00	Within 1 year	0.13%	0.00
Huang Honggui	Petty	190,000.00	1-2 years	0.12%	0.00
Total		150,867,522.53		99.03%	

3. Long-term equity investment

	E	and of terr	n	Beginning of term			
Items	Book Balance	Impai rment provis ion	Book value	Book Balance	Impair ment provisi on	Book value	
Investment in subsidiaries	4,779,205,463.43		4,779,205,463.43	4,529,830,463.43		4,529,830,463.43	
Investment in joint ventures and associates	4,202,215,056.13		4,202,215,056.13	3,316,886,938.58		3,316,886,938.58	
Total	8,981,420,519.56		8,981,420,519.56	7,846,717,402.01		7,846,717,402.01	

(1) Investment to the subsidiary

In RMB

			Inc	erease /decrease in				
Name	Opening balance	Initial balance of the impairment provision	Add investment	Decreased investment	Withdrawn impairment provision	Other	Closing balance	Closing balance of impairment provision
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu Section Co., Ltd.	1,973,671,883.08		249,375,000.00				2,223,046,883.08	
Guangfo Expressway Co., ltd.	154,982,475.25						154,982,475.25	
Yuegao Capital Investment (Guangzhou) Co., Ltd.	375,500,000.00						375,500,000.00	
Guanghui Expressway Co., Ltd.	2,025,676,105.10						2,025,676,105.10	
Total	4,529,830,463.43		249,375,000.00				4,779,205,463.43	

(2) Investment to joint ventures and associated enterprises

		Initial			Ir	ncrease /decrease in	reporting pe	riod				
Name Opening balance	balance of the impairment provision	Increase in investment	Decrease in investment	Investment income under equity method	Other comprehensive income	Other changes in equity	Announced for distributing cash dividend or profit	Provision for impairment	Other	Closing balance	Closing balance of impairment provision	
I. Joint ventures												
II. Associated ent	erprises											
Guangdong Jiangzhong Expressway Co., Ltd.	599,185,872.46				-12,032,094.92			10,920,459.86			576,233,317.68	
Ganzhou Gankang Expressway Co., Ltd.	178,670,052.26				10,556,495.51			12,000,000.00			177,226,547.77	
Ganzhou Kangda Expressway Co., Ltd.	271,494,771.93				21,475,197.13						292,969,969.06	
Shenzhen Huiyan Expressway Co., Ltd.	401,802,859.16				16,417,817.46						418,220,676.62	
Zhaoqing Yuezhao Highway Co.,	554,108,739.37		54,150,000.00		24,681,575.72			54,150,000.00			578,790,315.09	

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		Initial Increase /decrease in reporting period										
Name Opening balance	the impairment provision	Increase in investment	Decrease in investment	Investment income under equity method	Other comprehensive income	Other changes in equity	Announced for distributing cash dividend or profit	Provision for impairment	Other	Closing balance	Closing balance of impairment provision	
Ltd.												
Guoyuan Securities Co.,Ltd.	1,086,436,061.59				32,354,421.01	-1,349,334.86		10,348,258.20			1,107,092,889.54	
Guangdong Yuepu Science and Technology Microfinance Co., Ltd.	225,188,581.81				6,138,956.62						231,327,538.43	
Guangdong												
Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd.										820,353,801.94	820,353,801.94	
	2 216 996 029 59		54 150 000 00	0.00	00 502 269 52	1 240 224 96	0.00	97 419 719 06		920 252 901 04	4 202 215 056 12	
Subtotal	3,316,886,938.58		54,150,000.00	0.00	99,592,368.53	-1,349,334.86	0.00	87,418,718.06		820,353,801.94	4,202,215,056.13	
Total	3,316,886,938.58		54,150,000.00	0.00	99,592,368.53	-1,349,334.86	0.00	87,418,718.06		820,353,801.94	4,202,215,056.13	

The recoverable amount is determined by the net amount of fair value minus disposal expenses

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

The recoverable amount is determined according to the present value of the expected future cash flow

 $\Box Applicable \ \overline{\boxtimes} \ Not \ applicable$

(3) Other note

The Company's investment in Guangdong Guangle Expressway Co., Ltd. was originally designated as a financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income (other equity instrument investment). During the period, the Company changed its management model for this investment and reclassified it as a long-term equity investment accounted for under the equity method.

4. Business income and Business cost

In RMB

	Amount of c	urrent period	Amount of pr	evious period
Item	Amount of current period Revenue Cost		Revenue	Cost
Main business	684,892,134.29	249,732,622.26	743,464,662.48	251,313,774.04
Other	4,760,965.40	117,286.68	4,261,694.44	113,922.96
Total	689,653,099.69	249,849,908.94	747,726,356.92	251,427,697.00

Detail:

In RMB

Item	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Toll income	684,892,134.29	743,464,662.48
Service and other	3,730,435.64	3,295,782.97
Lease income	1,030,529.76	965,911.47
Total	689,653,099.69	747,726,356.92

5.Investment income

In RMB

Items	Amount of current period	Amount of previous period
Long-term equity investment income accounted by cost method	450,736,107.58	598,060,407.87
Long-term equity investment income accounted by equity method	99,592,368.53	115,094,457.16
Dividend income from other equity instrument investments during the holding period	44,772,473.91	40,699,105.31
Other	3,310,249.61	11,332,376.43
Total	598,411,199.63	765,186,346.77

XVI. Supplementary Information

1.Current non-recurring gains/losses

 $\sqrt{\text{Applicable}}$ $\square \text{Not applicable}$

Item	Amount	Notes
Non-current asset disposal gain/loss(including the write-off part for which assets impairment provision is made)	-117,947.42	
Government subsidies recognized in current gain and loss(excluding those closely related to the Company's business and granted under the state's policies)	1,451,369.85	
Allowance for impairment reversal of receivables tested separately for impairment	0.00	
The impairment provision for the advance expenses that have occurred but need to be defined from the source of funds	342,942,142.53	According to the relevant government documents, the source of funds for the pipe maintenance expenses advanced by the Guangfo Company has been clarified, and the previously provisioned baddebt reserve shall be reversed.

Item	Amount	Notes
Net amount of non-operating income and expense except the aforesaid items	-361,864.33	
Other non-recurring Gains/loss items	411,538.51	
Less:Influenced amount of income tax	366,563.21	
Influenced amount of minor shareholders' equity (after tax)	85,865,206.42	
Total	258,093,469.51	

Details of other profit and loss items that meet the non-recurring profit and loss definition

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

There are no other gains/losses items that meet the definition of non-recurring gains/losses in the Company. Explain the items defined as recurring profit (gain)/loss according to the lists of extraordinary profit (gain)/loss in Q&A Announcement No.1 on Information Disclosure for Companies Offering Their Securities to the Public -

-- Extraordinary Profit/loss

□Applicable ☑Not applicable

2. Return on equity (ROE) and earnings per share (EPS)

	Weighted	EPS (Yuan/share)			
Profit as of reporting period	average ROE (%)	EPS-basic	EPS-diluted		
Net profit attributable to common shareholders of the Company	9.75%	0.51	0.51		
Net profit attributable to common shareholders of the Company after deduction of non-recurring profit and loss	7.37%	0.38	0.38		

3. Differences between accounting data under domestic and overseas accounting standards

- (1). Simultaneously pursuant to both Chinese accounting standards and international accounting standards disclosed in the financial reports of differences in net income and net assets.
- □ Applicable □ √ Not applicable
- (2) . Differences of net profit and net assets disclosed in financial reports prepared under overseas and Chinese accounting standards.
- □ Applicable □ √ Not applicable
- (3) .Explanation of the reasons for the differences in accounting data under domestic and foreign accounting standards. If the data that has been audited by an overseas audit institution is adjusted for differences, the name of the overseas institution should be indicated

IX.Other Submitted Data

1. Other major social security issues

Whether it was administratively punished during the reporting period □Yes □No ☑Not applicable

II. Reception of research, communication and interview during the reporting period

☑Applicable □Not applicable

Reception time	Place of reception	Way of reception	Types of visitors	Visitors received	Main contents discussed and information provided	Basic index
March 4,2025	/	By Phone	Organization	China Merchants Securities, etc	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025001)	www.cninfo.com.cn
March 4,2025	/	By Phone	Organization	Huatai Securities, etc	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025002)	www.cninfo.com.cn
March 4,2025	/	By Phone	Organization	Tianfeng Securities, etc	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025003)	www.cninfo.com.cn
March 5,2025	/	By Phone	Organization	E fund, China Merchants Securitie	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025004)	www.cninfo.com.cn
March 7,2025	/	By Phone	Organization	ICBC Credit Suisse , Huatai Securities	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025005)	www.cninfo.com.cn
March 10,2025	Meeting Room of the Company	Field research	Organization	China Life asset Management	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025006)	www.cninfo.com.cn
March 12,2025	/	By Phone	Organization	Guotai Funds	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025007)	www.cninfo.com.cn
March 13,2025	Meeting Room of the Company	Field research	Organization	China life pension, Xinda Securities	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive	www.cninfo.com.cn

					platform (2025008)	
April 14,2025	Meeting Room of the Company	Field research	Organization	Huaxi Securities	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025009)	www.cninfo.com.cn
May 6,2025	/	By Phone	Organization	Zhongtai Securities	Zhongtai Securities For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025010)	
May 6,2025	Meeting Room of the Company	Field research	Organization	E fnds	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025010)	www.cninfo.com.cn
May 9,2025	Meeting Room of the Company	Field research	Organization	HSBC Qianhai Securities	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025011)	www.cninfo.com.cn
May 16,2025	/	Online communication on online platforms	Organization, Individual	/	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025012)	www.cninfo.com.cn
May 21,2025	Meeting Room of the Company	Field research	Organization	Changiiang Securities	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025013)	www.cninfo.com.cn
May 26,2025	Meeting Room of the Company	Field research	Organization	Tianfeng Securities, etc	For details, please refer to the "Record Form of Investor Relations Activities "disclosed by the interactive platform (2025014)	www.eninfo.com.cn

III. Fund flows between the listed company and the controlling shareholder and other related parties

☑Applicable □Not applicable

In RMB 10,000

Name of the fund transaction counterparty	Nature of transaction	Opening balance	Amount incurred during the reporting period	Repayment for the reporting period	Ending balance	Interest income	Interest expenses
Guangdong Communication Group Finance Co., ltd.	Business transaction	279,078.1	390,263.27	351,678.86	317,817.08	154.57	
Guangdong Union Electron Service Co.,Ltd.	Business transaction	5,621.53	206,872.48	206,838.81	5,655.2		
Guangdong Humen Bridge Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	572.02	7,502.39	6,815.52	1,258.89		
Guangdong Expressway Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	682.87	99.17	135.00	647.04		
Guangdong Expressway Media Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	121.94	81.72	157.76	45.9		
Guangdong Traffic Development Co., Ltd.	Business transaction		122.31	80.28	42.03		
Guangdong Tongyi Expressway Service Area Co., Ltd	Business transaction		68.99	68.99			
Guangdong Yueyun Traffic Rescue Co., Ltd.	Business transaction		1.29	1.29			
Guangdong Zhongyuetong Oil Products Management Co., Ltd	Business transaction		5.85	5.85			
Guangzhou Xinyue Traffic Technology Co., Ltd.	Business transaction		1.94	1.94			
Guangdong Communication Test Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	71.14			71.14		
Guangdong Highway Science and Education Center Co., Ltd	Business transaction		19.77	19.02	0.75		
Guangdong Highway Construction Co., LtdJiangluo Branch	Business transaction	670.73		670.73			
Guangdong Litong Development Investment Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	183.92	18.38	18.38	183.92		
Guangdong Union electronic services co., Ltd.	Business transaction	5.00			5.00		
Guangdong Humen Bridge Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	1.5			1.5		
Guangdong Expressway Technology Investment Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	0.77	2.23	2.17	0.83		
Guangdong Yueyun Traffic Rescue Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	0.27	1.73	1.41	0.59		
Guangdong Litong Property Development Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	1.91	41.46		43.37		
Guangdong Xinyue Traffic Investment Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	1,742.31	1.06	1.06	1,742.31		
Guangdong Hualu Traffic Technology Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	171.5			171.5		
Guangdong Traffic Development Co., Ltd.	Business transaction	33.34			33.34		

Guangdong East Thinking Management	Business transaction	25.1			25.1				
Technology Development Co., Ltd.	Dusiness transaction 2.				23.1				
Linearhy Evenessys Cyanarhy section	Non-business	39,783.39		25,311.91	14,822.37	350.89			
Jingzhu Expressway Guangzhu section	transaction	39,783.39							
Total		328,767.34	605,104.04	591,808.98	342,567.86	505.46	0		
Delevent decision medico anno deno	The related-party fund transactions mentioned above have been reviewed and approved by the Company's shareholders' meeting and								
Relevant decision-making procedures	Board of Directors respectively.								
	These fund transactions occurred based on operational needs, with controllable security risks. The Company has established necessary						necessary		
F 1 '4	approval procedures in accordance with internal policies, requiring authorization by management with appropriate authority. Both the								
Funds security measures	Company's internal audit department and its appointed accounting firm will conduct audits on these fund transactions to ensure financial								
	security.								